

EAGLE 5 SAS Maintenance Manual

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Tekelec EAGLE[®] 5
Signaling Application System

Release 34.4

Maintenance Manual

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TEKELEC

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Overview

The *Maintenance Manual* contains procedural information required for maintaining the Eagle STP system, and the IP⁷ Secure Gateway (SG) system. The *Maintenance Manual* provides preventive and corrective maintenance procedures used in maintaining the different systems. Corrective procedures are listed by message reference number (MRN). The *Maintenance Manual* is being reissued to accurately reflect changes for the new features and procedures since the last release.



WARNING: Be sure to wear a wrist strap connected to the wrist strap grounding point of the EAGLE 5 Signaling Application System (SAS) before performing any maintenance procedures on the EAGLE 5 SAS.

The chapters are organized in such a way that information can be easily located. The manual is organized as follows:

- Chapter 1, "Introduction" provides general information about the organization of this manual, a description of the EAGLE 5 SAS maintenance strategy and list of acronyms and abbreviations.
- Chapter 2, "Preventive Maintenance" provides recommended scheduled routines for the EAGLE 5 SAS.
- Chapter 3, "Corrective Maintenance" provides the procedures to use in response to all system alarms, indicators and output messages displayed by the EAGLE 5 SAS.
- Chapter 4, "Measurements" describes traffic measurements used in the EAGLE 5 SAS.
- Chapter 5, "EOAP Maintenance" provides a brief description of the Embedded OAP (EOAP), procedures for general hardware troubleshooting, and replacement procedures for major hardware components required to maintain the EOAP.

In addition, these appendices provide useful reference material for maintenance, diagnostic, and troubleshooting activities.

- Appendix A, "Card Removal/Replacement Procedures"
- Appendix B, "X.25/SS7 Message Conversion"
- Appendix C, "Holdover Clock Troubleshooting Procedures"
- Appendix D, "Unsolicited Output Message Groups"
- Appendix E, "Auto-Inhibit HW Verification Codes"
- Appendix F, "UAM Balancing Matrix"

NOTE: EAGLE 5 SAS supporting ANSI networks make use of the LNP and SEAS features. EAGLE 5 SAS supporting ITU networks do not include these systems.

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NOTE: IP⁷ Secure Gateway information described in this manual is valid for the IP⁷ Front End. The IP⁷ Front End configuration is a stand-alone single-shelf IP⁷ Secure Gateway. When using this manual, consider IP⁷ Front End and IP⁷ Secure Gateway as functional equivalents, with the IP⁷ Front End limited to a single-shelf configuration.

Scope and Audience

This manual is intended for maintenance personnel who must maintain the EAGLE 5 SAS. The technician should be familiar with SS7 protocol. The manual provides preventive and corrective procedures that will aid maintenance personnel in maintaining the EAGLE 5 SAS.

Preventive maintenance procedures are routines to be carried out on a scheduled basis to help prevent system failures. These routines are industry-standard recommendations, and may be adopted to fit any company maintenance plan.

The corrective maintenance procedures are those used in response to a system alarm or output message. These procedures are EAGLE 5 SAS-specific, and aid in the detection, isolation and repair of faults.

Related Publications

The *Maintenance Manual* is part of the EAGLE 5 SAS documentation set and may refer to one or more of the following manuals:

- The *Commands Manual* contains procedures for logging into or out of the EAGLE 5 SAS, a general description of the terminals, printers, the disk drive used on the system, and a description of all the commands used in the system.
- The *Commands Pocket Guide* is an abridged version of the *Commands Manual*. It contains all commands and parameters, and it shows the command-parameter syntax.
- The *Commands Quick Reference Guide* contains an alphabetical listing of the commands and parameters. The guide is sized to fit a shirt-pocket.
- The *Commands Error Recovery Manual* contains the procedures to resolve error message conditions generated by the commands in the *Commands Manual*. These error messages are presented in numerical order.
- The *Database Administration Manual – Features* contains procedural information required to configure the EAGLE 5 SAS to implement these features:
 - X.25 Gateway
 - STP LAN
 - Database Transport Access
 - GSM MAP Screening
 - EAGLE 5 SAS Support for Integrated Sentinel
- The *Database Administration Manual - Gateway Screening* contains a description of the Gateway Screening (GWS) feature and the procedures necessary to configure the EAGLE 5 SAS to implement this feature.
- The *Database Administration Manual – Global Title Translation* contains procedural information required to configure an EAGLE 5 SAS to implement these features:
 - Global Title Translation
 - Enhanced Global Title Translation
 - Variable Length Global Title Translation
 - Interim Global Title Modification
 - Intermediate GTT Load Sharing
 - ANSI-ITU-China SCCP Conversion

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- The *Database Administration Manual - IP7 Secure Gateway* contains procedural information required to configure the EAGLE 5 SAS to implement the SS7-IP Gateway.
- The *Database Administration Manual - SEAS* contains the EAGLE 5 SAS configuration procedures that can be performed from the Signaling Engineering and Administration Center (SEAC) or a Signaling Network Control Center (SNCC). Each procedure includes a brief description of the procedure, a flowchart showing the steps required, a list of any EAGLE 5 SAS commands that may be required for the procedure but that are not supported by SEAS, and a reference to optional procedure-related information, which can be found in one of these manuals:
 - Database Administration Manual – Gateway Screening
 - Database Administration Manual – Global Title Translation
 - Database Administration Manual – SS7
- The *Database Administration Manual - SS7* contains procedural information required to configure an EAGLE 5 SAS to implement the SS7 protocol.
- The *Database Administration Manual - System Management* contains procedural information required to manage the EAGLE 5 SAS database and GPLs, and to configure basic system requirements such as user names and passwords, system-wide security requirements, and terminal configurations.
- The *Dimensioning Guide for EPAP Advanced DB Features* is used to provide EPAP planning and dimensioning information. This manual is used by Tekelec personnel and EAGLE 5 SAS customers to aid in the sale, planning, implementation, deployment, and upgrade of EAGLE 5 SAS systems equipped with one of the EAGLE 5 SAS EPAP Advanced Database (EADB) Features.
- The *ELAP Administration Manual* defines the user interface to the EAGLE 5 SAS LNP Application Processor on the MPS/ELAP platform. The manual defines the methods for accessing the user interface, menus, screens available to the user and describes their impact. It provides the syntax and semantics of user input, and defines the output the user receives, including information and error messages, alarms, and status.
- The *EPAP Administration Manual* describes how to administer the EAGLE 5 SAS Provisioning Application Processor on the MPS/EPAP platform. The manual defines the methods for accessing the user interface, menus, and screens available to the user and describes their impact. It provides the syntax and semantics of user input and defines the output the user receives, including messages, alarms, and status.

- The *Feature Manual - EIR* provides instructions and information on how to install, use, and maintain the EIR feature on the Multi-Purpose Server (MPS) platform of the EAGLE 5 SAS. The feature provides network operators with the capability to prevent stolen or disallowed GSM mobile handsets from accessing the network.
- The *Feature Manual - G-Flex C7 Relay* provides an overview of a feature supporting the efficient management of Home Location Registers in various networks. This manual gives the instructions and information on how to install, use, and maintain the G-Flex feature on the Multi-Purpose Server (MPS) platform of the EAGLE 5 SAS.
- The *Feature Manual - G-Port* provides an overview of a feature providing the capability for mobile subscribers to change the GSM subscription network within a portability cluster while retaining their original MSISDNs. This manual gives the instructions and information on how to install, use, and maintain the G-Port feature on the Multi-Purpose Server (MPS) platform of the EAGLE 5 SAS.
- The *Feature Manual - INP* provides the user with information and instructions on how to implement, utilize, and maintain the INAP-based Number Portability (INP) feature on the Multi-Purpose Server (MPS) platform of the EAGLE 5 SAS.
- The *FTP-Based Table Retrieve Application (FTRA) User Guide* describes how to set up and use a PC to serve as the offline application for the EAGLE 5 SAS FTP Retrieve and Replace feature.
- The *Hardware Manual - EAGLE 5 SAS* contains hardware descriptions and specifications of Tekelec's signaling products. These include the EAGLE 5 SAS, OEM-based products such as the ASi 4000 Service Control Point (SCP), the Netra-based Multi-Purpose Server (MPS), and the Integrated Sentinel with Extended Services Platform (ESP) subassembly.

The Hardware Manual provides an overview of each system and its subsystems, details of standard and optional hardware components in each system, and basic site engineering. Refer to this manual to obtain a basic understanding of each type of system and its related hardware, to locate detailed information about hardware components used in a particular release, and to help configure a site for use with the system hardware.

- The *Hardware Manual - Tekelec 1000 Application Server* provides general specifications and a description of the Tekelec 1000 Applications Server (T1000 AS). This manual also includes site preparation, environmental and other requirements, procedures to physically install the T1000 AS, and troubleshooting and repair of Field Replaceable Units (FRUs).

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- The *Hardware Manual - Tekelec 1100 Application Server* provides general specifications and a description of the Tekelec 1100 Applications Server (T1000 AS). This manual also includes site preparation, environmental and other requirements, procedures to physically install the T1100 AS, and troubleshooting and repair of Field Replaceable Units (FRUs).
- The *Installation Manual - EAGLE 5 SAS* contains cabling requirements, schematics, and procedures for installing the EAGLE 5 SAS along with LEDs, Connectors, Cables, and Power Cords to Peripherals. Refer to this manual to install components or the complete systems.
- The *Installation Manual - Integrated Applications* provides the installation information for integrated applications such as EPAP 4.0 or earlier (Netra-based Multi-Purpose Server (MPS) platform) and Sentinel. The manual includes information about frame floors and shelves, LEDs, connectors, cables, and power cords to peripherals. Refer to this manual to install components or the complete systems.
- The *LNP Database Synchronization Manual - LSMS with EAGLE 5 SAS* describes how to keep the LNP databases at the LSMS and at the network element (the EAGLE 5 SAS is a network element) synchronized through the use of resynchronization, audits and reconciles, and bulk loads. This manual is contained in both the LSMS documentation set and in the EAGLE 5 SAS documentation set.
- The *LNP Feature Activation Guide* contains procedural information required to configure the EAGLE 5 SAS for the LNP feature and to implement these parts of the LNP feature on the EAGLE 5 SAS:
 - LNP services
 - LNP options
 - LNP subsystem application
 - Automatic call gapping
 - Triggerless LNP feature
 - Increasing the LRN and NPANXX Quantities on the EAGLE 5 SAS
 - Activating and Deactivating the LNP Short Message Service (SMS) feature
- The *Maintenance Manual* contains procedural information required for maintaining the EAGLE 5 SAS and the card removal and replacement procedures. The *Maintenance Manual* provides preventive and corrective maintenance procedures used in maintaining the different systems.
- The *Maintenance Pocket Guide* is an abridged version of the Maintenance Manual and contains all the corrective maintenance procedures used in maintaining the EAGLE 5 SAS.

- The *Maintenance Emergency Recovery Pocket Guide* is an abridged version of the Maintenance Manual and contains the corrective maintenance procedures for critical and major alarms generated on the EAGLE 5 SAS.
- The *MPS Platform Software and Maintenance Manual - EAGLE 5 SAS with Tekelec 1000 Application Server* describes the platform software for the Multi-Purpose Server (MPS) based on the Tekelec 1000 Application Server (T1000 AS) and describes how to perform preventive and corrective maintenance for the T1000 AS-based MPS. This manual should be used with the EPAP-based applications (EIR, G-Port, G-Flex, and INP).
- The *MPS Platform Software and Maintenance Manual - EAGLE 5 SAS with Tekelec 1100 Application Server* describes the platform software for the Multi-Purpose Server (MPS) based on the Tekelec 1100 Application Server (T1100 AS) and describes how to perform preventive and corrective maintenance for the T1100 AS-based MPS. This manual should be used with the ELAP-based application (LNP).
- The *Provisioning Database Interface Manual* defines the programming interface that populates the Provisioning Database (PDB) for the EAGLE 5 SAS features supported on the MPS/EPAP platform. The manual defines the provisioning messages, usage rules, and informational and error messages of the interface. The customer uses the PDBI interface information to write his own client application to communicate with the MPS/EPAP platform.
- The *Previously Released Features Manual* summarizes the features of previous EAGLE, EAGLE 5 SAS, and IP⁷ Secure Gateway releases, and it identifies the release number of their introduction.
- The *Release Documentation* contains the following documents for a specific release of the system:
 - *Feature Notice* - Describes the features contained in the specified release. The Feature Notice also provides the hardware baseline for the specified release, describes the customer documentation set, provides information about customer training, and explains how to access the Customer Support website.
 - *Release Notice* - Describes the changes made to the system during the lifecycle of a release. The Release Notice includes Generic Program Loads (GPLs), a list of PRs resolved in a build, and all known PRs.
NOTE: The Release Notice is maintained solely on Tekelec's Customer Support site to provide you with instant access to the most up-to-date release information.
 - *System Overview* - Provides high-level information on SS7, the IP7 Secure Gateway, system architecture, LNP, and EOAP.
 - *Master Glossary* - Contains an alphabetical listing of terms, acronyms, and abbreviations relevant to the system.

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- *Master Index* - Lists all index entries used throughout the documentation set.
- The *System Manual – EOAP* describes the Embedded Operations Support System Application Processor (EOAP) and provides the user with procedures on how to implement the EOAP, replace EOAP-related hardware, device testing, and basic troubleshooting information.

Documentation Packaging, Delivery, and Updates

Customer documentation is provided with each system in accordance with the contract agreements. Customer documentation is upgraded whenever significant changes that affect system operation or configuration are made. Customer documentation updates may be issued in the form of an addendum or as a reissue of the affected documentation.

The document part number is shown on the title page along with the current revision of the document, the date of publication, and the software release that the document covers. The bottom of each page contains the document part number and the date of the publication.



Two types of releases are major software releases and maintenance releases. Maintenance releases are issued as addenda with a title page and change bars. On the changed pages, the date and document part number are changed. On any unchanged pages that accompany the changed pages, the date and the document part number are changed.

In the event a software release has minimum effect on documentation, an addendum is provided. The addendum provides an instruction page, a new title page, a change history page, and replacement chapters bearing the date of publication, the document part number, and change bars.

If a new release has a major impact on documentation, such as a new feature, the entire documentation set is reissued with a new part number and a new release number.

Documentation Admonishments

Admonishments are icons and text that may appear in this and other and LSMS manuals that alert the reader to assure personal safety, to minimize possible service interruptions, and to warn of the potential for equipment damage. Following are the admonishments, listed in descending order of priority.

	DANGER: (This icon and text indicate the possibility of <i>personal injury</i> .)
	WARNING: (This icon and text indicate the possibility of <i>equipment damage</i> .)

**CAUTION:**

(This icon and text indicate the possibility of *service interruption*.)

Customer Assistance

The Tekelec Customer Contact Center offers a point of contact through which customers can receive support for problems. The Tekelec Customer Contact Center is staffed with highly-trained engineers to provide solutions to technical questions and issues seven days a week, twenty-four hours a day. A variety of service programs are available through the Tekelec Customer Contact Center to maximize the performance of Tekelec products that meet and exceed customer needs.

Customer Care Center

To receive technical assistance, call the Customer Care Center at one of the following locations:

- Tekelec, Europe

Phone +44 1784 467 804

- Tekelec, UK

Phone +44 1784 467 804

Fax +44 1784 477 120

E-mail ecsc@tekelec.com

- Tekelec, USA

Phone (within the continental US) 888-367-8552 (888-FOR-TKLC)
(outside the continental US) +1 919-460-2150.

Fax 919-460-2126

Or you can request assistance by way of electronic mail at [**support@tekelec.com**](mailto:support@tekelec.com).

When your call is received, Technical Services issues a Customer Service Report (CSR). Each CSR includes an individual tracking number. When a CSR is issued, Technical Services determines the classification of the trouble. The CSR contains the serial number of the system, problem symptoms, and messages. Technical Services assigns the CSR to a primary engineer, who will work to solve the problem. Technical Services closes the CSR when the problem is resolved.

If a critical problem exists, Technical Services initiates emergency procedures (see the following topic, "Emergency Response").

Introduction

Emergency Response

In the event of a critical service situation, emergency response is offered by Tekelec Technical Services twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week. The emergency response provides immediate coverage, automatic escalation, and other features to ensure that the critical situation is resolved as rapidly as possible.

A critical situation is defined as a problem with an EAGLE 5 SAS that severely affects service, traffic, or maintenance capabilities, and requires immediate corrective action. Critical problems affect service and/or system operation resulting in:

- A total system failure that results in loss of all transaction processing capability
- Significant reduction in system capacity or traffic handling capability
- Loss of the system's ability to perform automatic system reconfiguration
- Inability to restart a processor or the system
- Corruption of system databases that requires service affecting corrective actions
- Loss of access for maintenance or recovery operations
- Loss of the system ability to provide any required critical or major trouble notification

Any other problem severely affecting service, capacity/traffic, billing, and maintenance capabilities may be defined as critical by prior discussion and agreement with Tekelec Technical Services.

Hardware Repair and Return

Any system components being returned for repair or replacement must be processed through the Tekelec Return Material Authorization (RMA) procedures. A hardware repair is defined as an item returned to Tekelec due to a failure, with the returned item being repaired and returned to the customer. It is essential that serial numbers are recorded correctly. RMA's cannot be created without a valid serial number. All repair and quality information is tracked by serial number. Table 1-1 lists the basic RMA types. Table 1-2

Table 1-1. Basic RMA Types

Replacement Type	Description	Turnaround
Priority Advance Replacement	Customer requests the URGENT replacement of a damaged product	Same Day Shipment
Advance Replacement	Customer request the replacement of a damaged product	Shipment Within 3 Business Days
Repair / Return	Customer will return a damaged product for repair	Shipment Within 5 Days After Receipt
Expendable	A damaged part, such as a cable, is replaced, but the Customer does not return the damaged product	Depends on Urgency - Shipment Within 3 Business Days

lists the RMA return reasons.

Table 1-2. RMA Reasons for Return

Reason for Return	Description
Damaged by Environment	Product damaged by environmental phenomena such as water damage or earthquake
Damaged in Shipment	Damaged between shipment from Tekelec and receipt at the Customer's installation site.
DOA – Dead on Arrival	Product is not functional when it is first installed at the Customer's location.
Lab Return	Products returned from lab sites.
Product Capture	Defect to be captured by Quality or Engineering (not Product Recall).
Product Deficiency	Anything wrong with the part that doesn't fall into another category.
Product Recall	Products recalled by divisions for the repair of a defect or replacement of defective products.
Return – No Product Deficiency	Anything returned without the product being defective.

Repair and Return Shipping Instructions

All returned equipment, assemblies, or subassemblies must be shipped to the Tekelec Repair and Return Facility specified by the Technical Services engineer. The item being returned must be shipped in the original carton or in an equivalent container assuring proper static handling procedures and with the freight charges prepaid.

The assigned RMA number must be clearly printed on the "RMA#:" line of the shipping label on the outside of the shipping package. If the RMA number is not placed on the label, the return could be delayed.

Procedure- RMA

1 Obtain and confirm the following information before contacting the Tekelec Customer Contact Center:

- Your name:
- Company name:
- Call-back number:
- Email address:
- Which product you are calling about?
- Site location:
- CLI number
- System serial number (NT, CE, LM, DS, etc...):
- Complete software release (e.g., 33.0.1-41.53.0):
- Upgrade forms
WI005153
WI005154
WI005218
WI005219
WI005220
- Tekelec card type: (e.g., ILA, MPL, DSM, etc):
- Tekelec card part number (870-####-##):
- Associated serial number (102#####):
- Reason for return or replacement (isolated from system):
- Full name of person the replacement card is being shipped to:
- Shipping address:

NOTE: If possible, include associated alarms (UAMs) and a copy of the associated output (capture file).

2 Contact the Contact Customer Contact Center and request a Return of Material Authorization (RMA).

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

- 3** If the item is a like-for-like advance replacement, the Technical Services engineer arranges for shipment of the replacement item to the customer.
 - a** Wait for the replacement component to arrive.
 - b** Package the defective component in the box of materials you received with your replacement. Use proper static handling procedures.
 - c** Label the outside and inside of the box with your RMA number clearly visible. Place the packing slip from the received replacements on the inside of your box.
 - d** Ship the defective component to the return address listed on the packing slip.

- 4** If the item is a repair/return, the Technical Services engineer arranges for shipment of the replacement item to the customer.
 - a** Package the defective component in a suitable package for shipping. Use proper static handling procedures.
 - b** Label the outside and inside of the box with your RMA number clearly visible. Include a packing slip with all the information from Step 1 along with the RMA number.
 - c** Ship the defective component to the following address:

TEKELEC
Attn: RMA Department
5200 Paramount Parkway
Morrisville, NC 27560
RMA#: <assigned by Tekelec>
 - d** Wait for the repaired component to arrive.

Maintenance Strategy

The EAGLE 5 SAS are equipped with an automated surveillance system, which allows many failures to be detected and repaired autonomously. When trouble is detected, and its cause determined, the system software attempts to isolate the trouble and recover itself through reinitialization. Because of the use of distributed processing throughout the system, the reinitialization can be localized with little or no impact on the rest of the system or network.

If the system software is unable to correct the problem, an output message is generated and maintenance personnel are provided with equipment location, nature of the trouble, and alarm severity.

There are three levels of recovery in the EAGLE 5 SAS:

- Application self recovery
- System maintenance software intervention
- Maintenance personnel intervention.

Application Self Recovery

This is the most desirable method of recovery, as it is nearly transparent to the network, and does not require any system resources. Examples of applications capable of self recovery:

- Link failure
- Link set failure
- Route failure
- Interprocessor message transport (IMT) bus failure.

Failure of a link relies on SS7 maintenance to correct the trouble. This usually entails placing the link out of service (OS), re-aligning the link, then placing the link back in service.

Route failures also rely on SS7 maintenance. Transfer restricted (TFR) and transfer prohibited (TFP) are commonly used to reroute messages around a node.

System Maintenance Software Intervention

The system maintenance software operates at two levels, maintenance and administration subsystem (MAS) and application subsystem (SS7, X.25, GLS, DTA, and STPLAN). All troubles detected at the application level are reported to the maintenance and administration subsystem (MAS), which is responsible for generating system alarms and output messages.

Refer to the *Release Documentation* for more detailed information on system software and maintenance.

Maintenance Personnel Intervention

Maintenance personnel intervention is required when hardware fails, or when software is unable to recover. There are few occurrences of maintenance that would require maintenance personnel intervention. Examples include:

- Blown fuses
- Loss of power (Note: Maintenance personnel intervention is required to restore the power. Once power is restored, the EAGLE 5 SAS recovers automatically.)
- Card failure

System Maintenance Log

On the following page is an example of a system maintenance log. Use this page to generate copies for your site. Tekelec recommends this log be completed after every preventive and corrective maintenance procedure.

The purpose of this log is to provide both maintenance personnel and the Tekelec Technical Services personnel with a complete trouble history for the specific site. This aids in spotting trouble trends, which if left unrecorded would be impossible to detect.

This is a troubleshooting aid, and should be filled out completely. Printouts or any other supportive material should be referenced whenever possible. The Tekelec Technical Services personnel may ask for some of this information at a later time, if a particular trend begins to develop.

The trouble code field in the log is for recording EAGLE 5 SAS trouble messages. All maintenance (regardless of nature) should be recorded on this log for reference when troubleshooting.

Introduction

<i>Date</i>	<i>Trouble Code</i>	<i>Action</i>	<i>Init</i>

List of Acronyms and Abbreviations

This manual uses the following acronyms and abbreviations:

AAL	ATM Adaptation Layer
AAL5	ATM Adaptation Layer Type 5
AAL5CP.....	ATM Adaptation Layer Type 5 Common Part
AATM	ATM Applique
ACG	Automatic Call Gapping
ACM.....	Application Communications Module
ACT.....	Activate
ADJ DPC	Adjacent Destination Point Code
AI	Address Indicator
AIN.....	Advanced Intelligent Network
ALM.....	Alarm
AMA	Automatic Message Accounting
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
AP	Application Processor
APC.....	Adjacent Point Code
APPL.....	Application
AS.....	Application Server; a logical entity serving a specific Routing Key
ASi	Application Specific Interface
ASM	Application Services Module
ASM-GLS	Application Services Module with the GLS application
ASM-SCCP.....	Application Services Module with the SCCP application
ASP	Application Server Process
AST	Associated State for Maintenance
ATH	Application Trouble Handler
ATI	Any Time Interrogation
ATM	Asynchronous Transfer Mode

Introduction

BIP	Board Identification PROM
BITS	Building Integrated Timing System
BLM	Bulk Load Module
BPDCM	The application software for flash memory management on the DCM card.
BPHCAP.....	The application software used by the application processor and the IMT processor of the LIMATM
BPS	Bits per Second or Bytes per Second
BSN	Backward Sequence Number
CCS7	Common Channel Signaling System #7
CDE	Common Desktop Environment
CDL	Command Driven Loopback
CDPA	Called Party Address
CF	Control Frame
CGPA	Calling Party Address
CIC	Circuit Identification Code
CLASS	Custom Local Area Signaling Service
CLLI	Common Language Location Identifier
CLU	Network Cluster
CNAM	Caller ID with Name
CNCF.....	Calling Name Conversion Facility
CPU	Central Processing Unit
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
CRP.....	Circular Route Prevention
CSU	Channel Service Unit
DB	Database
DCM	Data Communications Module
DDL.....	Dynamic Data Loading
DIMM.....	Dual Inline Memory Module

DIP	Dual Inline Position
DN	Directory Number
DPC	Destination Point Code
DPCA	ANSI Destination Point Code
DPCI	ITU International Destination Point Code
DPCN	ITU National Destination Point Code
DSM	Data Services Module
DSU	Data Service Unit
DS0	Digital Signal Level - 0
DS1	Digital Signal Level - 1
EBD&A	Enhanced Bulk Download and Audit
EBI	Extended Bus Interface
ECM	Error Correction Method
EF	Extension Frame
EGTT	Enhanced Global Title Translation
EIR	Equipment Identity Register
EMS	Element Management system
ENET	Ethernet
ELAP	EAGLE LNP Application Processor
EMAP	EAGLE Measurements Application Processor
EOAP	Embedded OAP
EPAP	EAGLE Provisioning Application Processor
EPROM	Erasable PROM
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
ESP	Extended Services Platform
FAK	Feature Access Key
FAP	Fuse and Alarm Panel
FE	Far End

Introduction

FPC	Full Point Code
FRU	Field Replaceable Unit
FSN	Forward Sequence Number
FTA	File Transfer Area
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
G-Flex.....	GSM Flexible Numbering
G-Port	GSM Mobile Number Portability
Gbyte	Gigabyte
GLS.....	Gateway Loading Services
GPL	Generic Program Load
GPSM II.....	General Purpose Service Module II (Hardware)
GSL	Generic Software Load
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications
GTA.....	Global Title Address
GTI.....	Global Title Indicator
GTT.....	Global Title Translation
GTWY	Gateway Administration measurements report
GUI.....	Graphical User Interface
GWS	Gateway Screening
HC MIM.....	High Capacity Multi-Channel Interface Module
HIPR	High-Speed IMT Packet Router
HMUX.....	High-Speed Multiplexer
HRN.....	Home Routing Number
HSL.....	High-Speed Links
HSU	High Speed Multiplexer Signaling Unit
ICMP	Internet Control Message Protocol
ID	Identity

ILA	Integrated LIM Applique
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
IMT	Interprocessor Message Transport
IN	Intelligent Network
INAP	Intelligent Network Application Protocol
INP	INAP-based Number Portability
INET.....	Internet
IP	Internet Protocol
IP ⁷	Internet Protocol based SS7 Interface
IP ⁷ SG	IP ⁷ Secure Gateway
IPLIM.....	The application software used by the DCM card for TCP/IP point-to-point connectivity for ANSI point codes.
IPLIMx.....	Point to point IP Transport GPL, referring to IPLIM (ANSI) and IPLIMI (ITU)
IPMX	IMT Power and Multiplexer
IS-41.....	International Standard 41 (same as and interchangeable with ANSI-41)
IS-ANR	In Service - Abnormal
ISCC.....	Integrated Serial Communications Controller
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
IS-NR	In Service - Normal
ISUP	ISDN User Part
ITU	International Telecommunications Union
LAN	Local Area Network
LATA.....	Local Access Transport Area
LBP	Loop Back Point
LC.....	Logical Channel
LED	Light Emitting Diode
LFS.....	Link Fault Sectionalization

Introduction

LIM	Link Interface Module
LIM-AINF	A LIM with the AINF interface
LIMATM	A LIM used with ATM (high-speed) signaling links
LIM-DSO	LIM with DSO appliqué
LIM-E1	LIM with E1 applique
LIM-OCU	LIM with Office Channel Unit appliqué
LIM-V35.....	LIM with V35 interface
LNP.....	Local Number Portability
LOC	Location
LPO.....	Local Processor Outage
LRN	Location Routing Number
LS	Link Set
LSL.....	Low-Speed Link
LSMS	Local Service Management System
LSN	Link Set Name
LSSU	Link Status Signaling Unit
LUDT	Long User Data
LUDTS	Long User Data Services
MAAL	Management ATM Adaptation Layer
MAP	Mobile Application Part
MAPSCRN.....	GSM MAP Screening measurements report
MAS	Maintenance and Administration Subsystem
MASP	MAS processor
MBUS.....	Maintenance Bus
Mbyte.....	Megabyte
MCAP.....	MAS Communication Application Processor Card
MCP.....	Measurement Collection Processor
MCPM.....	Measurement Collection and Polling Module
MDAL	Maintenance Disk and Alarm (card)

MF	Miscellaneous frame
MIB	Management Information Base
MIM	Multi-Channel Interface Module
MNP	Mobile Number Portability
MNP-SRF.....	Signaling Relay Function for support of Mobile Number Portability
MPL	Multi-port LIM
MPS.....	Multi-Purpose Server
MRN.....	Message Reference Number
MSC	Mobile Switching Center
MSU	Message Signaling Unit
MTCD	Maintenance Daily measurements report
MTCDTH.....	Maintenance Day-to-Hour measurements report
MTCH	Maintenance Hourly (marginal) measurements report
MTCS.....	Maintenance Status (link/link set) measurements report
MTP	Message Transfer Part
MTP2	Message Transfer Part, Level 2
NDC	Network Data Collection
NE	Network Element
NI	Network Indicator
NID.....	Network Identification
NM	Network Management
NMD	Network Management Data
NP.....	Number Plan
NPA	Numbering Plan Area
NSD.....	Network Signaling Division
NSP	Network Services Part
OAM	Operations, Administration, and Maintenance

Introduction

OAP	Operation System Support Application Processor
OOS-MA	Out of Service - Memory Administration
OOS-MT	Out of Service - Maintenance
OOS-DSBLD	Out of Service - Disabled
OPC	Originating Point Code
OSI	Open System Interconnect
OSS.....	Operation Support System
PC	Point Code
PCM.....	Power Cooling Module
PCR.....	Preventive Cyclic Retransmission
PDBA	Provisioning Database Application
PDBI.....	Provisioning Database Interface
PDN	Packet Data Network
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PDS.....	Persistent Device States
PMTC	Peripheral Maintenance
PROM	Programmable Read-only Memory
PST	Primary State for Maintenance
PVC	Permanent Virtual Circuit
Q.3	Q.3 protocol
RAM	Random Access Memory
RBASE	Record Base measurements report
RFC.....	Request For Comments
RLE.....	Remote Link Element
RN.....	Routing Number
RMA	Return Material Authorization
RMC	Remote Maintenance Center

RSM	Remote Switching Module
RTDB	Real Time Database
SAAL	Signaling ATM Adaptation Layer
SCCP	Signaling Connection Control Part
SCCS	Switching Control Center System
SCM	System Configuration Manager
SCMG	SCCP Management
SCP	Service Control Point
SCRSET	Screen Set
SCSI	Small Computer System Interface
SEAC	Signaling Engineering and Administration Center
SEAS	Signalling, Engineering, and Administration System
SIB	Status Indication Busy
SIE	Status Indication Emergency alignment
SIN	Status Indication Normal alignment
SIO	Service Information Octet
SIOS	Status Indication Out of Service
SLK	Signaling Link
SLTC	SS7 Signaling Link Test Controller
SLTM	Signaling Link Test Mode
SMS.....	Short Message Service
SMSC.....	Short Message Service Center
SS7	Signaling System #7
SSN	SS7 Subsystem Number
SSP	Service Switching Point
SST.....	Secondary State for Maintenance
SSU	Status Signaling Unit
STP	Signal Transfer Point
SVC.....	Switched Virtual Circuit

Introduction

TCAP	Transaction Capabilities Application Part
TCP.....	Transmission Control Protocol
TDM	Terminal Disk Module
TMN	Telecommunication Management Network
TRBL	Trouble
TSM.....	Translation Services Module
TT	Translation Type
TVG.....	Group Ticket Voucher
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver - Transmit
UAM.....	Unsolicited Alarm Message
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
UDT.....	Unit Data Transfer
UDTS	Unit Data Transfer Service
UI.....	User Interface
UID	User ID
UIM	Unsolicited Information Message
UPD	Update
VCC.....	Virtual Circuit Connection
VCI.....	Virtual Channel Identifier
VCL	Virtual Channel Link
VPC	Virtual Path Connection
VPI.....	Virtual Path Identifier
VSCCP	VxWorks Signaling Connection Control Part
WAN	Wide Area Network
X.25 DE.....	X.25 destination entity

XUDT..... Extended User Data
XUDTS Extended User Data Services

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Introduction

The procedures on the following pages are routine maintenance procedures to be performed on a scheduled basis. These procedures are recommendations that if followed will aid in maintaining system performance and data integrity.

These routines aid in detecting trouble trends and intermittent troubles. As with any maintenance activity, personnel should be encouraged to maintain a log of all routines performed. This aids the maintenance technician as well as the Tekelec Technical Services personnel in determining the source of system troubles and ways to prevent certain troubles from occurring again.

Instructions for performing required maintenance routines are provided. In the event another document may be required for a specific task, that document is referenced.

Maintaining the Fuse and Alarm Panel

The Fuse and Alarm Panel (FAP) serves as a central location for identifying a variety of potential problem conditions. However, you may have to occasionally perform corrective maintenance on the FAP, itself.

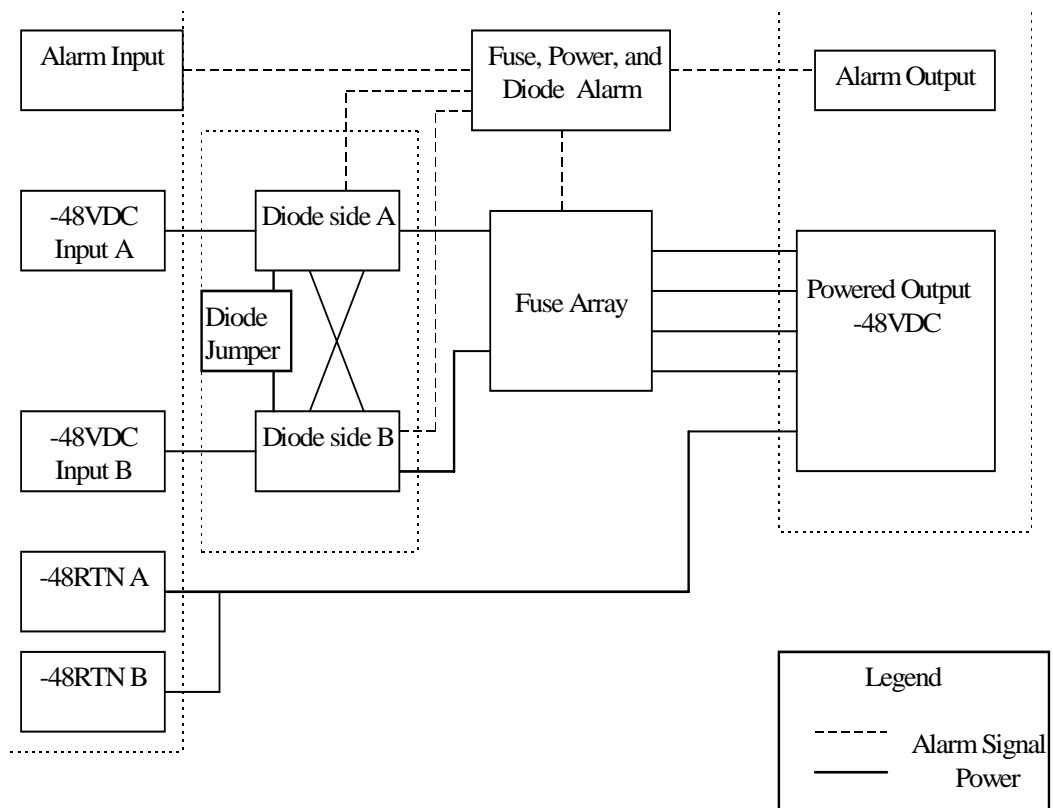
Preventive Maintenance

The FAP consist of five major functions:

- Input connections
- Diodes
- Fuse Arrays
- Alarm circuitry
- Output connections

Figure 2-1 illustrates the relationship between these functions.

Figure 2-1. FAP High-Level Block Diagram



To further assist your FAP maintenance efforts, this section provides further information about the FAP unit:

- The FAP components
- FAP alarms
- Diode testing and the diode jumper

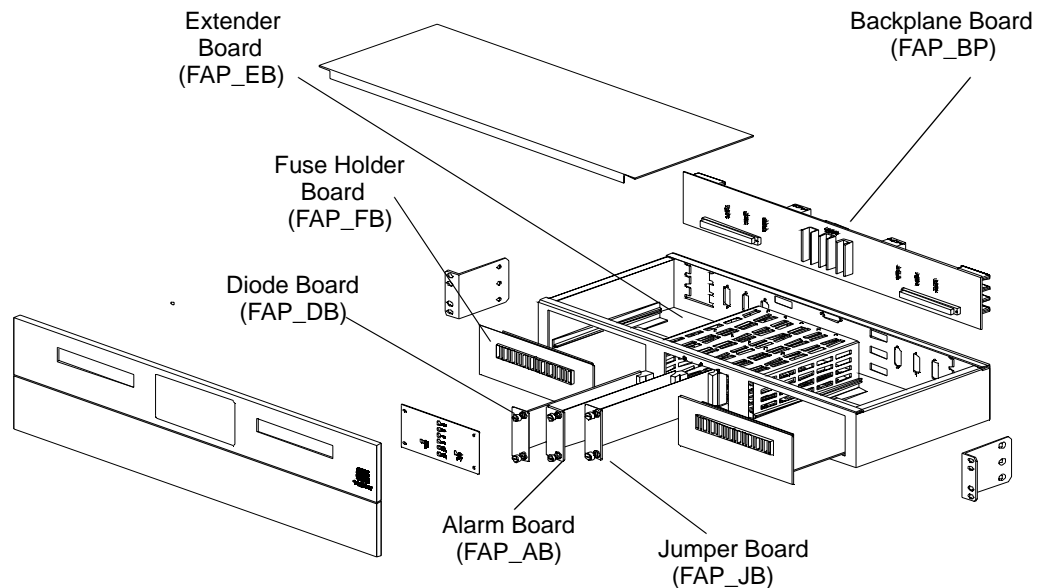
For more detailed information on the FAP and its components, refer to the *FAP Technical Reference (820-2888-01)*.

FAP Components

The FAP consists of nine printed circuit boards, each identified by an acronym on its label (see Figure 2-2):

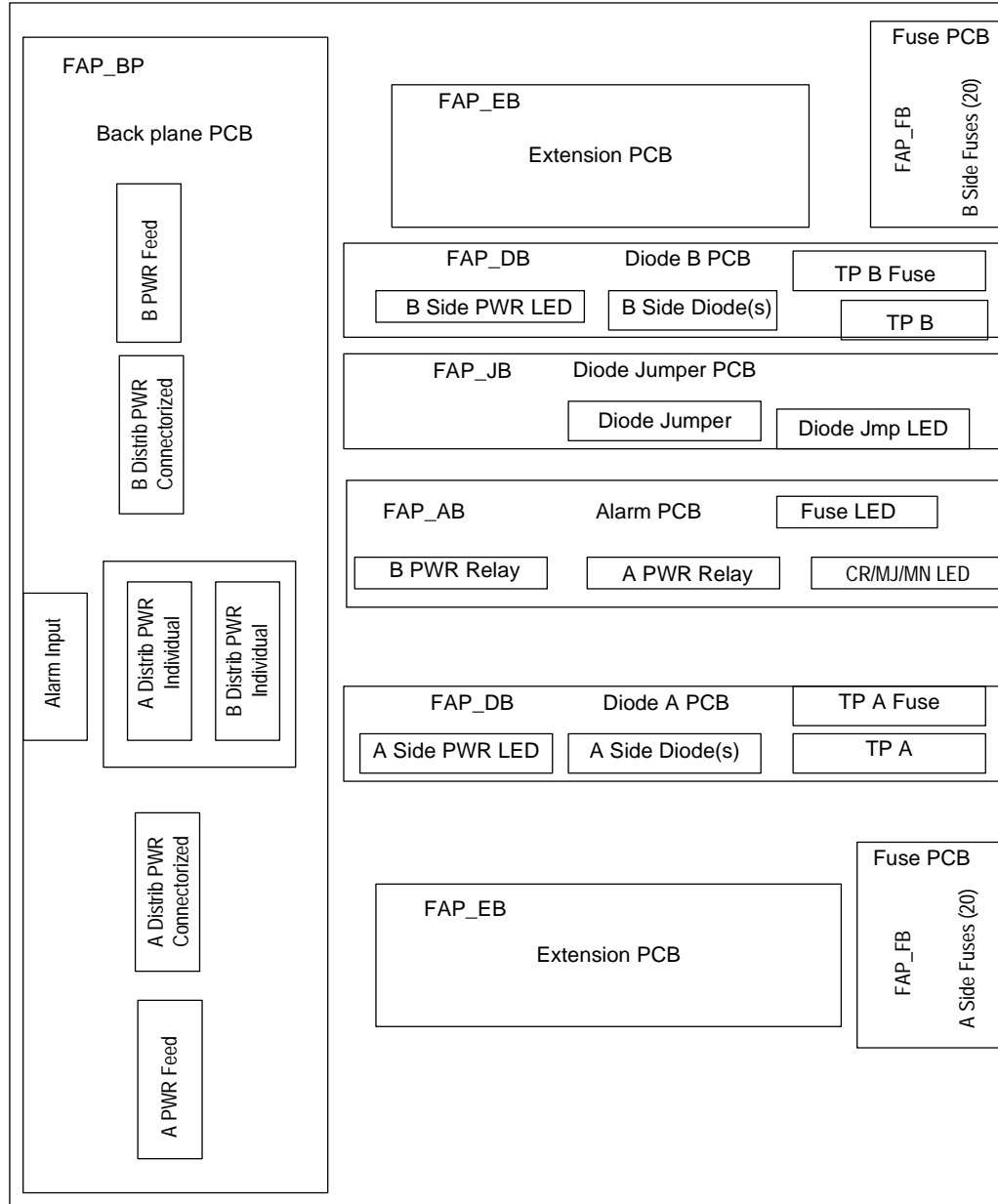
- Backplane (FAP_BP): Located inside the FAP unit, parallel to the back side of the FAP box.
- Alarm board (FAP_AB): Located on the center-right of the front panel, set vertically inside the FAP unit, perpendicular to the front panel.
- Diode boards (FAP_DB): Two boards located on the front panel, flanking the Alarm and Jumper boards on the left and right, and perpendicular to the front panel. Set vertically inside the FAP unit.
- Extender boards (FAB-EB): Two boards located inside the FAP unit, parallel to the bottom of the FAP box, on the far right and left of the unit.
- Fuse holder boards (FAP_FB): Two boards located inside and parallel to the front panel, on the far right and left of the FAP unit.
- Jumper board (FAP_JB): Located on the center-left of the front panel, set vertically in the unit, perpendicular to the front panel.

Figure 2-2. Location of FAP Components



Each of the FAP components has associated functions, as shown in Figure 2-3.

Figure 2-3. FAP Component Functions



The FAP is composed of nine circuit boards, as shown in Figure 2-1. Eight of these circuit boards are field replaceable, and can be hot-swapped.

Table 2-1. FAP Component Replacement

Component	Replacement Requirements	Part Number
FAP Backplane (FAP_BP)	Must be replaced through factory	850-0515-xx
FAP Alarm Board (FAP_AB)	Field replaceable	850-0518-xx (card) 870-1609-xx (assembly)
FAP Diode Boards (FAP_DB_A and FAP_DB_B)	Field replaceable (one at a time)	850-0517-xx (card) 870-1608-xx (assembly)
FAP Extender Boards (FAP_EB)	Field replaceable (one at a time with service interruption)	850-0519-xx
FAP Fuse Holder Boards (FAP_FB)	Field replaceable (one at a time with service interruption)	850-0516-xx
FAP Jumper Board (FAP_JB)	Field replaceable	850-0523-xx (card) 870-1641-xx (assembly)

The following sections describe each type of circuit board:

Backplane Board (FAP_BP)

The backplane circuit board provides all of the external connections for the FAP. It consists primarily of circuit routing and connectors, but also has one pull-down resistor, which provides a default alarm signal for the Fuse Alarm in the event the alarm board is removed from the FAP.

Alarm Board (FAP_AB)

The alarm circuit board provides indicators and relays for the EAGLE 5 SAS status and fuse alarms. This board includes a jumper (JMP50) for future use. This jumper is installed for all existing configurations.

Diode Boards (FAP_DB)

The diode circuit boards provide power diodes and power input test points. Four diode footprints are included: two for Assembly A and two for Assembly B. Only one of the four positions is intended to be populated.; the second footprint is provided for future part rating changes or additional heat-dissipation capabilities.

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Extender Boards (FAP_EB)

The extender board provides connection between the backpanel board and the fuse holder boards.

Fuse Holder Boards (FAP_FB)

The fuse holder boards provide 20 fuses with a common alarm.

Jumper Board (FAP_JB)

The jumper board provides the capability to by-pass the diode boards with a fuse. Use this board only for maintenance operations.

Alarms

The FAP provides visual alarms, by means of a lit LED, for a variety of status alarms (see Figure 2-2).

Table 2-2. FAP Alarm Conditions

Alarm	Alarm Condition	Remote Indications
Critical LED	<ul style="list-style-type: none">EAGLE 5 SAS command through TDMMDAL not present and MDAL_P jumper off	Dependent on EAGLE 5 SAS software
Major LED	EAGLE 5 SAS command through TDM	Dependent on EAGLE 5 SAS software
Minor LED	EAGLE 5 SAS command through TDM	Dependent on EAGLE 5 SAS software
Fuse LED	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Distribution fuse blownAlarm circuit board removed (no LED indication)Jumper on the jumper circuit board is onPower feed failure	Fuse alarm to EAGLE 5 SAS through TDM
PWR A LED	Power feed A is off, but power is available to B.	Fuse alarm to EAGLE 5 SAS through TDM
PWR B LED	Power feed B is off, but power is available to A.	Fuse alarm to EAGLE 5 SAS through TDM
OP/MAINT LED	Jumper on the jumper circuit board is on.	Fuse alarm to EAGLE 5 SAS through TDM

A fuse alarm identifies the following problems or conditions within the FAP:

- blown fuse(s)
- power loss for side A or B
- alarm card removed
- maintenance mode

Use the following indicators to determine the nature of the problem:

Table 2-3. Additional Alarm Indicators

Indicator	Alarm Condition
Fuse alarm and fuse flag down	Blown fuse
Fuse alarm and PWR A LED	Input power loss on A
Fuse alarm and PWR B LED	Input power loss on B
Fuse alarm and OP/MAINT LED is red	Diode jumper is installed (by-passing diodes)

Diode Testing and the Diode Jumper

The diode board must be tested periodically. To test a diode circuit board without powering down the entire EAGLE 5 SAS, perform the following procedure.

Procedure

1. Check to verify the OP/MAINT LED is green, indicating the FAP is not in maintenance mode.
2. Unscrew the two thumbscrews securing the FAP jumper board (P/N 870-1641-01) and remove the board.
3. On the jumper circuit board, move the jumper (the DB-26 male connector) from P71 to P72. Tighten the thumbscrews connecting the jumper to its mate, to ensure a good connection. This repositioning overrides the diodes, establishing a direct connection between input and fuse panels.



WARNING: If fuses are blown, DO NOT continue with this procedure. Instead, contact Technical Services at the appropriate number. Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.

4. Make sure the glass fuses are installed and verify they are “good” by using the multimeter to check for continuity across each of the glass fuses.

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5. Verify that two glass fuses are behind the P72 connector. If these fuses are not present, install them before continuing.
-

6. Slide the jumper board back into the FAP and verify both of the following alarms display:

- the OP/MAINT LED lights red on the FAP
- an EAGLE 5 SAS fuse alarm displays on the terminal

You may now remove either or both diode circuit boards without affecting EAGLE 5 SAS service.

NOTE: Using the jumper override negates the backpower protection usually provided by the diode board.

7. Locate diode board A (P/N 870-1608-01) and unscrew the two thumbscrews securing the board. Remove the board from the FAP.
-

8. Locate the diode to be tested. It has three pins and is attached to the large heat sink. The diode is labeled CR43.
-

9. Set your digital multimeter to measure resistance.
-

10. Measure the resistance between the center pin of the diode and either of the outside pins. Record this measurement.
-

11. Measure the resistance between these same pins again, but switch the multimeter leads, so the positive lead is now on the opposite pin. Record this measurement.
-

12. Compare the two measurements. If the diode is functioning properly, one reading should be less than 10K ohms and the other should be much greater.

If both readings are above or below 10K ohms, the diode may have failed. Replace the failed board with a spare diode board.

13. Repeat steps 9 through 11, measuring the resistance between the *other* outside pin and the center pin.

This completes the test for diode board A.

14. Repeat steps 6 through 12, using diode board B (P/N 870-1608-02). This completes the test for diode board B.
-

15. Reinsert the two functional diode boards. Tighten the thumbscrews on each board to secure it to the FAP.

16. Unscrew the two thumbscrews securing the FAP jumper board (P/N 870-1641-01) and remove the board.

17. On the jumper circuit board, move the jumper (the DB-26 male connector) back from P72 to its original position on P71. Tighten the thumbscrews connecting the jumper to its mate, to ensure a good connection. This repositioning returns the diodes to their original, non-maintenance position.

18. Slide the jumper board back into the FAP. Verify the OP/MAINT LED lights green. The fuse alarm LED returns to green.
The diode board testing procedure is completed.

MO Removable Cartridge Description

The removable cartridge drive is located on the Maintenance Disk and Alarm Card (MDAL) in card location 1117. A removable cartridge is used for two purposes:

- To hold an off-line, backup copy of the administered data and system GPLs
- To hold a copy of the measurement tables

To use a removable cartridge to hold the system data, it must be formatted for system data. To use a removable cartridge to hold measurements data, it must be formatted for measurements data. The EAGLE 5 SAS provides the user the ability to format a removable cartridge for either of these purposes. A removable cartridge can be formatted on the EAGLE 5 SAS by using the *format-disk* command. For more information on the *format-disk* command refer to the *Commands Manual*.

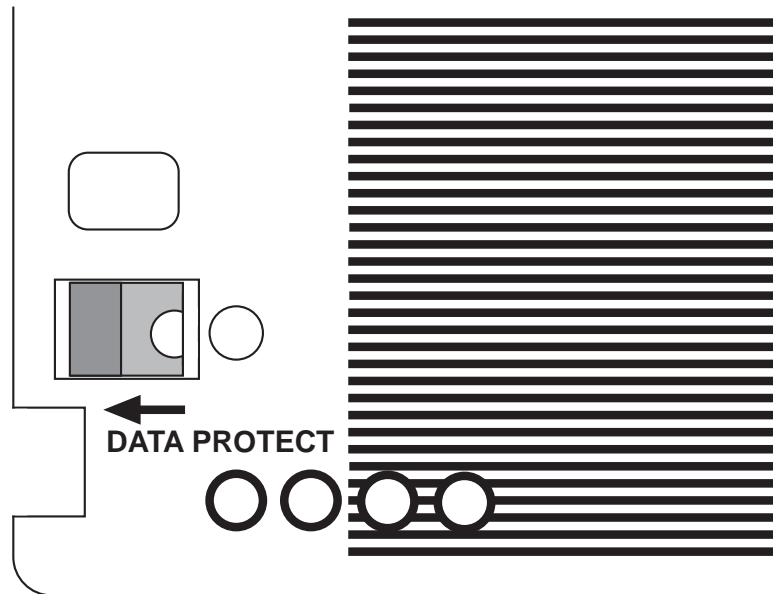
The EAGLE 5 SAS uses a 2.3, 4.1, or 5.2 Gbyte magneto-optical (MO) removable cartridge. When the cartridge is write protected, no data can be written to the cartridge, nor can the cartridge be erased or formatted. Data can only be read from the cartridge. When the cartridge is write enabled, data can be written to the cartridge, data can be read from the cartridge, and the cartridge can be erased and formatted.

The LEDs on the front faceplate indicate critical, major, and minor alarms and card activity.

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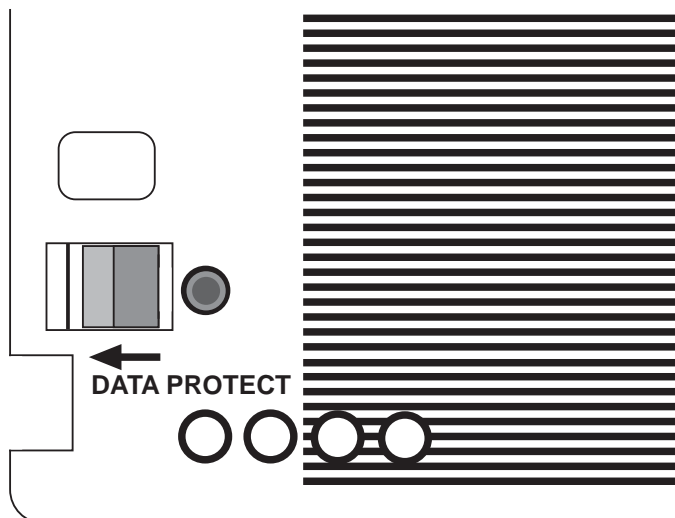
The write protecting mechanism of the MO removable cartridge is a red tab located in the lower left corner of the cartridge. Under the red tab is an arrow pointing toward the left edge of the cartridge; the words "DATA PROTECT" are under the arrow. To write-protect the MO removable cartridge, slide the red tab to the left (the direction of the arrow) until it snaps into place. The hole to the right of the tab should be clear and open. See Figure 2-4.

Figure 2-4. 2.3 Gbyte Write Protected Removable Cartridge



To write-enable the MO removable cartridge, slide the red tab to the right, the opposite direction of the arrow, until it snaps into place. The hole to the right of the tab should be filled with a red dot. See Figure 2-5.

Figure 2-5. 2.3 Gbyte Write Enabled Removable Cartridge

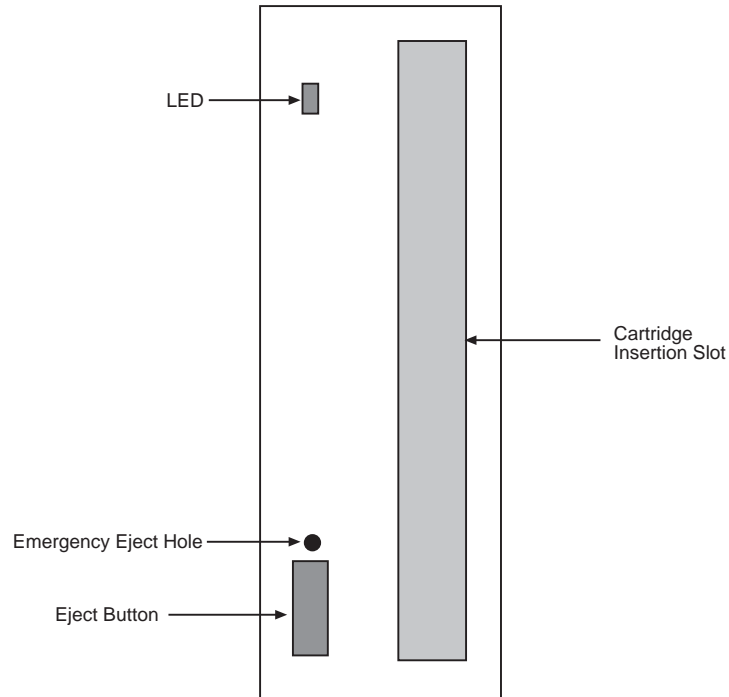


Preventive Maintenance

The MO removable cartridge is a two-sided cartridge, with sides designated as side A and side B. The MO removable cartridge drive can only access one side of the cartridge at a time; which side is accessed depends on how the cartridge is inserted into the removable cartridge drive. The side indicator is located on the shutter on each side of the removable cartridge.

Figure 2-6 shows the layout of the removable cartridge drive.

Figure 2-6. 2.3 Gbyte Removable Cartridge Drive Layout



Removable Cartridge Handling Procedures

Purpose

This section is referenced in this manual by many procedures requiring the use of the removable cartridge and the removable cartridge drive. The procedures found in this section are recommended procedures for handling the removable cartridges.

NOTE: Removable cartridges should never be left unattended in the MDAL.

Inserting the MO Removable Cartridge

Procedure

1. To insert the removable cartridge to access side A, insert the removable cartridge into the cartridge insertion slot of the drive with the indicator for side A on the shutter facing to the right side of the drive and away from the side with the LED and the eject button.

2. To insert the removable cartridge to access side B, insert the removable cartridge into the cartridge insertion slot of the drive with the indicator for side A on the shutter facing to the left side of the drive and toward the side with the LED and the eject button.

3. When the removable cartridge is inserted into the removable cartridge drive, the LED is yellow. When the cartridge is ready to use, the LED is green.

Removing the MO Removable Cartridge

Procedure

1. Verify that the LED on the removable cartridge drive is green. If the LED is yellow, the drive is being accessed by the EAGLE 5 SAS and the cartridge cannot be removed from the drive. Wait until the LED is green before attempting to remove the cartridge from the drive.

2. When the LED is green, push the eject button on the removable cartridge drive. While the cartridge is being ejected from the drive, the LED is yellow.

3. The LED is off when the cartridge is fully ejected from the drive. The cartridge can now be removed from the drive.

Daily Procedures

The procedures found in this section are recommended procedures for daily routine preventive maintenance. Some procedures may refer to other chapters within this document.

Backup the Database (Daily)

Purpose

This procedure is used to make a backup of the database on the fixed disk and provide a current copy of the system data to be stored on-site. This procedure can then be used in the event a fixed disk is damaged. This procedure should not be confused with the other database archival procedures. Should the backup removable cartridge created with this procedure become unreadable, the other procedures in this chapter will ensure that a good copy of the database is still available.

Requirements

The databases in the current partitions of both MASP's (FD CRNT) must be coherent. At least one removable cartridge formatted for system data is needed for this routine. Each removable cartridge should be labeled as "Daily Backup." Each day, select the removable cartridge with this label and perform the backup procedure.

Interval

Daily

Procedure

1. Enter the following command to check the operational status of the database:

rept-stat-db

If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

2. Enter the following command to create a backup of the database on the fixed disk:

chg-db:action=backup

This command should take no longer than 30 minutes to execute. It could take longer depending on other system activity that is in progress when this command is entered.

During command execution, these messages appear (the active MASP is displayed first):

```
BACKUP (FIXED) : MASP A - Backup starts on active MASP.  
BACKUP (FIXED) : MASP A - Backup on active MASP to fixed disk complete.  
BACKUP (FIXED) : MASP B - Backup starts on standby MASP.
```

```
BACKUP (FIXED) : MASP B - Backup on standby MASP to fixed disk complete.
```

3. Insert the removable cartridge labeled “Daily Backup” into the removable cartridge drive on the MDAL card.

Reference: Removable Cartridge Handling Procedures

4. Enter the following command to create a backup of the database on the removable cartridge:

```
chg-db:action=backup:dest=remove
```

During command execution, these messages should appear.

```
BACKUP (REMOVABLE) : MASP A - Backup starts on active MASP.  
BACKUP (REMOVABLE) : MASP A - Backup to removable cartridge complete.
```

5. Verify that the databases on the removable cartridge (RD BKUP) and the current partition of the active MASP (FD CRNT) are coherent by entering the following command:

```
rept-stat-db
```

If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

6. Remove the removable cartridge from the removable cartridge drive on the MDAL card.

Reference: Removable Cartridge Handling Procedures

7. Make an entry in the site maintenance log that a backup was performed. Place the removable cartridge in a safe place, easily accessible in the event of a catastrophic failure.
-

System Reports Analysis

Purpose

The purpose of this routine is to inspect the printer outputs for possible trouble messages and routinely check the status of the STP through traffic measurements. By inspecting printouts and measurements on a daily basis, system trends can be detected and resolved.

Requirements

Printer must be configured to receive traffic reports. Measurements collection must be activated before reports containing current data can be printed. Enter the following command to activate measurements collection, if necessary:

```
chg-meas:collect=on
```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* for more information. If measurements are already allowed, an error message indicates this.

Reports Description

A system terminal and printer output system related messages as well as network protocol messages. Any abnormal activity (this is network dependent) should be highlighted and saved for later retrieval. Refer to Chapter 3, "Corrective Maintenance" for a description of system related messages and procedures for recovery.

Interval

Daily

Variables

hh = The end half-hour interval (0 - 2330) for requested interval

Procedure

1. Enter the following command to print a measurements report for the STP entity type:

```
rept-meas:type=systot:enttype=stp
```

2. Enter the following command to print a measurements report for the link entity type (this command requires either the loc and port parameters or the lsn parameter):

```
rept-meas:type=comp:enttype=link
```

3. Review the STP report and compare with the link report. If excessive errors exist on any one particular link, enter the following command to print a report for the time period the errors occurred:

```
rept-meas:entype=link:period=specific:hh
```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* for more information on using the *rept-meas* command.

4. From this report, determine what events may have occurred during the 30 minute measurements collection period.
-

File Transfer for LNP and INP Measurements

NOTE: EAGLE 5 SAS systems supporting an ITU network are not configured with the LNP or SEAS features.

Purpose

The purpose of this procedure is to output LNP/INP measurements to the file transfer area (FTA) so the measurements can be collected.

Requirements

A computer with a VT320 or KSR connection to the EAGLE 5 SAS. A communication program that both emulates VT terminals and supports Kermit file transfer. Previous LNP/INP measurement files must have been successfully transferred and deleted (*dlt-fta*) before the start of this procedure. A spreadsheet program that can import Comma Separated Value (CSV) text files. A PC running ProComm© for Windows and Microsoft Excel© can also be used.

Interval

Daily and/or weekly.

Procedure

1. From the EAGLE 5 SAS VT320 or KSR terminal, enter the following command to display the contents of the FTA:

```
disp-fta-dir:loc=xxx
```

Where *xxx* = the active TDM (1114 or 1116).

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2. From the EAGLE 5 SAS VT320 or KSR terminal, enter the following command to delete any existing files from the FTA:

```
dlt-fta:loc=xxxx:all=yes
```

Where *xxxx* = the active TDM (1114 or 1116)

3. In this example, from the EAGLE 5 SAS VT320 or KSR terminal, enter the following command to send LNP daily measurements to the FTA:

```
rept-meas:enttype=lnp:type=mtcd
```

4. Enter the following command to activate the file transfer:

```
act-file-trns:loc=xxxx
```

Where *xxxx* = the active TDM (1114 or 1116).

5. Enter the following command to acquire a list of the files transferred to the FTA in step 4:

```
disp-fta-dir:loc=xxxx
```

Where *xxxx* = the active TDM (1114 or 1116).

6. Transfer the desired files (with .csv suffixes) to the PC by using the *get* command from within the communications program configured to run Kermit in ASCII mode. An example of the Kermit commands to extract the previous day's records are as follows:

```
> get mon_lnp.csv
```

```
> get tues_ssp.csv
```

```
> get thu_lrn.csv
```

```
> get sat_npa.csv
```

```
> finish
```

7. Run a spreadsheet program and open each of the files collected to view the LNP/INP measurement data.
-

8. Once all the files are successfully transferred and confirmed, enter the following command to remove the files from the FTA:

```
dlt-fta:loc=xxxx:all=yes
```

Where *xxxx* = the active TDM (1114 or 1116)

Weekly Procedures

The procedures found in this section are recommended for weekly routine preventive maintenance. Some procedures may refer to other chapters within this document.

Database Archive (Weekly)

Purpose

The purpose of this procedure is to create a copy of the database on a weekly basis over a period of four weeks to be stored in an archive. The copies can then be used in the event a removable cartridge is damaged, and a new copy is required. This routine will generate four copies of the database, all taken at weekly intervals.

Each tape in this cycle should be designated as Week 1, Week 2, Week 3, or Week 4. When all four removable cartridges have been used, repeat the process starting with the Week 1 cartridge.

Requirements

Four removable cartridges formatted for system data are required for this routine. The removable cartridge should be labeled "Week 1" through "Week 4." Once each week, select the removable cartridge with the appropriate label and perform the backup procedure. Each week, select the removable cartridge with the next sequential number and perform this procedure.

Interval

Weekly

Procedure

1. Enter the following command to check the operational status of the database:

rept-stat-db

If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

2. Insert the removable cartridge labeled "Week x" into the removable cartridge drive on the MDAL card.

Reference: Removable Cartridge Handling Procedures

3. Enter the following command to create a backup of the database on the removable cartridge:

chg-db:action=backup:dest=remove

During command execution, these messages should appear.

Preventive Maintenance

```
BACKUP (REMOVABLE) : MASP A - Backup starts on active MASP.  
BACKUP (REMOVABLE) : MASP A - Backup to removable cartridge complete.
```

4. Verify that the databases on the removable cartridge backup partition (RD BKUP) and the current partition of the active maintenance and administration subprocessor system (MASP) fixed disk current partition (FD CRNT) are coherent by entering the following command:

rept-stat-db

If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

5. Remove the removable cartridge from the removable cartridge drive on the MDAL card.

Reference: Removable Cartridge Handling Procedures

6. Make an entry in the site maintenance log that a backup was performed for the appropriate week (Week 1, Week 2, Week 3, or Week 4). Place the removable cartridge in a safe place, easily accessible in the event of a catastrophic failure.
-

Printer Inspection

Purpose

This procedure verifies the printer is operational and the ribbon does not need replacement. Should the printer cease operation, system reports and trouble reports would not be printed at the system printer. Use the following procedure to verify the operation of the printer.

Requirements

A printer connected through an RS232 to a serial port on the EAGLE 5 SAS control shelf backplane. Refer to the printer user manual (provided by the printer manufacturer) for detailed specifics on maintaining the printer.

Interval

Weekly

Variables

x = TDM serial port number (1-16)

Procedure

1. Verify the carriage assembly is free of any debris. Remove the top of the printer if necessary.

2. Check that the power indicator is illuminated (on). If not, verify the power cord is plugged in.

3. Check the online indicator. If off, press the select button. Verify the indicator is illuminated.

4. Verify the presence of on-line indicators using the printer *Users Manual*.

5. Enter the following command to send output to the printer:
act-echo:trm=x.

Preventive Maintenance

6. Type the following command at a terminal to verify the printer is operating:
rept-stat-trm
If the printer does not print any messages, check the printer cable and verify it is connected to a system terminal. If not, reconnect the printer cable (refer to the *Installation Manual* for cable pinouts).

7. Look at the printout. If the ink is faded and difficult to read, replace the ribbon. Refer to the *Users Manual* provided by the manufacturer for ribbon replacement procedures.

Remote Access Verification

Purpose

The purpose of this routine is to verify proper operation of the modem used for remote access of the EAGLE 5 SAS system.

Requirements

Remote terminal and modem.

Interval

Weekly

Procedure

1. From a remote PC or terminal, dial the telephone number of the modem connected to the EAGLE 5 SAS.

2. When connected, verify you are able to log in to the EAGLE 5 SAS and enter commands.

3. Once you have verified the operation of the modem, logoff from the EAGLE 5 SAS and terminate your connection.

Monthly Procedures

The procedures found in this section are recommended procedures for monthly routine preventive maintenance. Some procedures may refer to other chapters within this document.

Database Archive (Monthly)

Purpose

The purpose of this procedure is to create a copy of the database on a monthly basis over a period of four months to be stored in an archive. The copies can then be used in the event a removable cartridge is damaged, and a new copy is required. This routine will generate four copies of the database, all taken at monthly intervals.

Each tape in this cycle should be designated as Month 1, Month 2, Month 3, or Month 4. When all four removable cartridges have been used, repeat the process starting with the Month 1 cartridge.

Requirements

Four removable cartridges formatted for system data are required for this routine. The removable cartridge should be labeled “Month 1” through “Month 4.” Once each month, select the removable cartridge with the appropriate label and perform the backup procedure. Each month, select the removable cartridge with the next sequential number and perform this procedure.

Interval

Monthly

Procedure

1. Enter the following command to check the operational status of the database:
rept-stat-db
 If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

2. Insert the removable cartridge labeled “Month x” into the removable cartridge drive on the MDAL card.
 Reference: Removable Cartridge Handling Procedures

3. Enter the following command to create a backup of the database on the removable cartridge:
chg-db:action=backup:dest=remove
 BACKUP (REMOVABLE) : MASP A - Backup starts on active MASP.

Preventive Maintenance

BACKUP (REMOVABLE) : MASP A - Backup to removable cartridge complete.

4. Verify that the databases on the removable cartridge (RD BKUP) and the current partition of the active MASP (FD CRNT) are coherent by entering the following command:

rept-stat-db

If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

5. Remove the removable cartridge from the removable cartridge drive on the MDAL card.

Reference: Removable Cartridge Handling Procedures

6. Make an entry in the site maintenance log that a backup was performed for the appropriate month (Month 1, Month 2, Month 3, or Month 4). Place the removable cartridge in a safe place, easily accessible in the event of a catastrophic failure.
-

FAP Load Balance Verification (PN 870-0243-XX only)

Purpose

This procedure is issued to verify the Load Balance Factor (LBF) for the A and B power supplied to each Fuse and Alarm Panel (FAP) in the EAGLE 5 SAS. This procedure applies ONLY to installed FAPs with Tekelec P/N 870-0243-XX.

The LBF is an empirically derived number that provides an indication if a Tekelec STP System Frame has an open power distribution diode. The difference in amperage between the “A” versus “B” battery leads should be within a “typical” range. Values outside of this range should be an indication of a potential problem and requires further investigation.

Requirements

Tekelec recommends that the verification be performed using a Clamping Type Multimeter (Clamp Amp Meter). If the Clamp Meter has different settings or functions than the ones described in this procedure, consult the instruction manual for this meter and determine substitute settings or functions. Results of this verification should be recorded on the form provided with this procedure and filed with the STP System maintenance records.



CAUTION: This procedure must be performed with the utmost Caution. All safety precautions associated with in service equipment and power must be strictly followed. Any equipment that is below the shelf that is being worked on must be protected from falling tools or debris. All jewelry, rings, watches must be removed before this procedure is started. Read this procedure completely before proceeding.

Interval

Monthly

Procedure

1. Login to system via a dedicated terminal or connect a PC to an EAGLE 5 SAS terminal port. Open a capture log via ProComm Plus or other PC communications program.

2. Enter the following command to determine the status of all the cards in the system.
rept-stat-card
If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output. Save the results to compare with the outputs at the conclusion of this procedure.

3. Enter the following command to verify the status of the signaling links
rept-stat-slk
If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output. Save the results to compare with the outputs at the conclusion of this procedure.

4. Enter the following command to get a report of all the device trouble notifications that are currently logged in the OAM RAM storage area:
rept-stat-trbl
If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output. Save the results to compare with the outputs at the conclusion of this procedure.

5. Enter the following command to check the status of the IMT:
rept-stat-imt
If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output. Save the results to compare with the outputs at the conclusion of this procedure.

6. Enter the following command to check the status of the SCCP subsystem:
rept-stat-sccp
If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output. Save the results to compare with the outputs at the conclusion of this procedure.

7. Enter the following command to check the operational status of the database:
rept-stat-db
If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output. Save the results to compare with the outputs at the conclusion of this procedure. Verify that FD CRNT

and FD BKUP for TDM 1114 and TDM 1116 match. If they do not match, perform the following procedure before continuing:

Reference: Backup the Database (Daily) procedure on Page 2-15



WARNING: Do not proceed to the next step if the backup fails.

8. Set the Clamp Amp Meter to measure DC amps. Set the dial to the DC 400A setting and zero out/adjust the meter by turning the 0 ADJ control. The meter must read 00.0.
-

NOTE: On the inside of the Clamp Amp Meter there should be an arrow. The arrow must always be pointing towards the frame when clamped around the cable. If the meter cannot be directly observed, the DATA HOLD function can be utilized, if the meter is so equipped, and the reading will hold. The jaws of the meter must be around the cable for the DATA HOLD function to operate. Values of less than 1.0 Amp on BOTH the "A" and "B" sides are not applicable. Ignore plus (+) or minus (-) in the meter reading.

9. Measure the current on the **A** side of the EAGLE 5 SAS Frame FAP selected for verification. Clamp the meter around the **-48VDC A** battery cable on the FAP. Record the reading on the Test Record form on page 2-31.
-

10. Depress the DATA HOLD function again, if this option was utilized in Step 9. Verify the Clamp Amp Meter reading is 00.0. The meter must read 00.0 before proceeding with Step 11.
-

11. Measure the current on the **B** side of the EAGLE 5 SAS Frame FAP selected Step 9. Clamp the meter around the **-48VDC B** battery cable on the FAP. Record the reading on the Test Record form on page 2-31.
-

12. Calculate the Load Balance Factor (LBF) and record on the Test Record Form on page 2-31

- Compute the difference between **A** and **B** sides (**A-B**) or (**B-A**).
- The difference is divided by the lower of the two (2) measured values (**A** or **B**) and expressed as a percentage. This percentage is the LBF.
- Enter the LBF in the appropriate space on the Test Record form.

Refer to Figure 2-7 and Figure 2-8 for examples of this formula.

Data indicates that the acceptable range can be between 0% and 125%.

The 125% point is a **Flag** that indicates further investigation is warranted. It indicates the potential for at least one open diode.

Figure 2-7. Open Diode Example

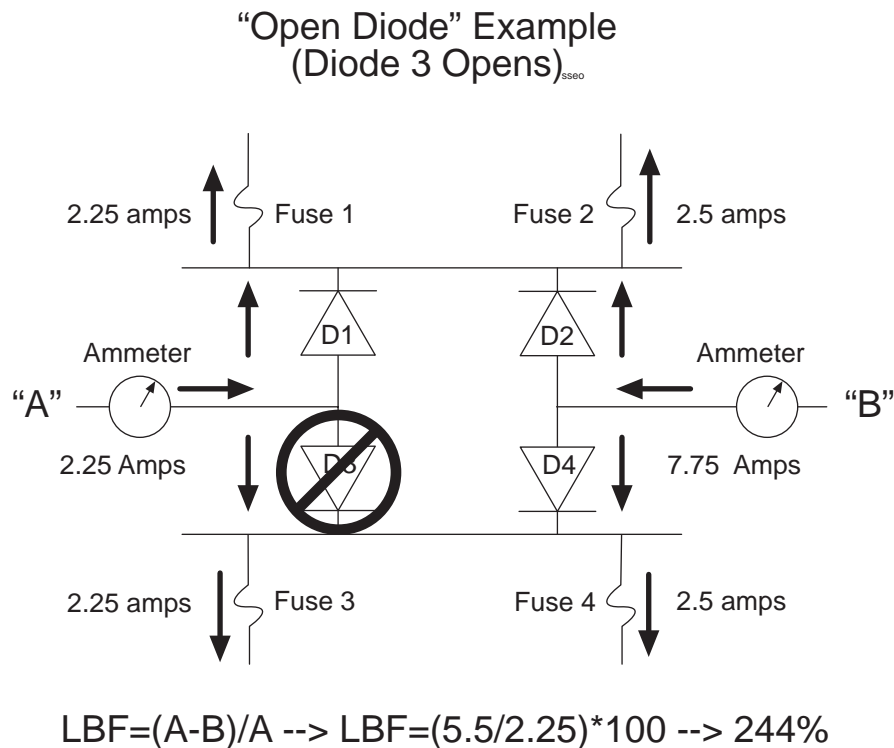
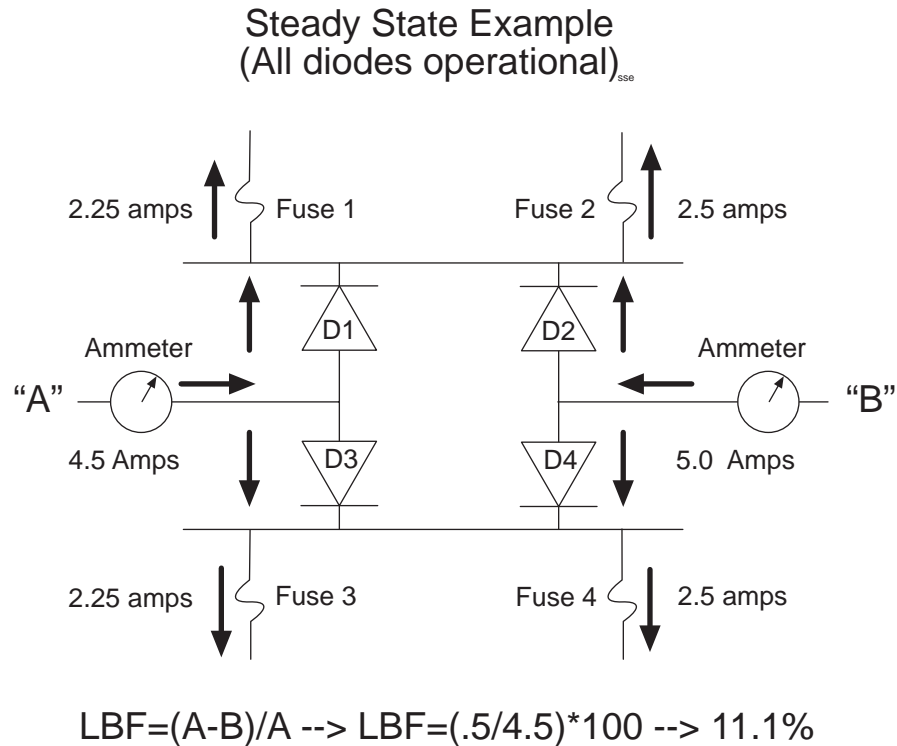


Figure 2-8. Steady State Example



-
- 13.** Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number for values above the 125% threshold.

Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.

-
- 14.** Depress the DATA HOLD function again, if this option was utilized in Step 9. Verify the Clamp Amp Meter reading is 00.0. The meter must read 00.0 before proceeding with Step 15.

-
- 15.** Repeat Steps 8 through 14 for all EAGLE 5 SAS FAPs.

-
- 16.** Enter the following command to determine the status of all the cards in the system.

rept-stat-card

Compare the output with the results from Step 2. The outputs should be the same as initially recorded.

- 17.** Enter the following command to verify the status of the signaling links

rept-stat-slk

Compare the output with the results from Step 3. The outputs should be the same as initially recorded.

- 18.** Enter the following command to get a report of all the device trouble notifications that are currently logged in the OAM RAM storage area:

rept-stat-trbl

Compare the output with the results from Step 4. The outputs should be the same as initially recorded.

- 19.** Enter the following command to check the status of the IMT:

rept-stat-imt

Compare the output with the results from Step 5. The outputs should be the same as initially recorded.

- 20.** Enter the following command to check the status of the SCCP subsystem:

rept-stat-sccp

Compare the output with the results from Step 6. The outputs should be the same as initially recorded.

- 21.** Enter the following command to check the operational status of the database:

rept-stat-db

Compare the output with the results from Step 7. The outputs should be the same as initially recorded.

Requirements

A replacement fan tray filter (part no. 551-0032-01).

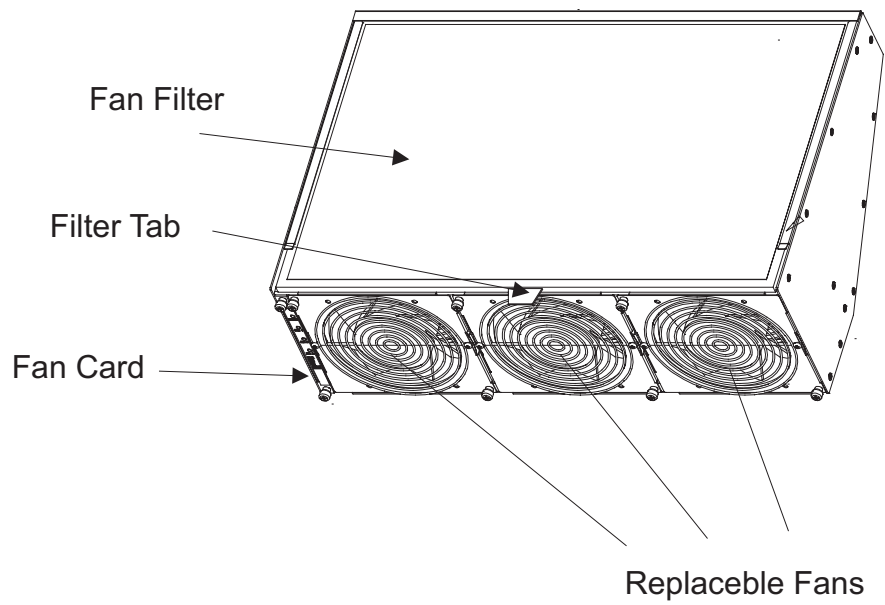
Interval

Monthly

Procedure

1. Locate the filter tab on the fan assembly.

Figure 2-9. Fan Assembly



-
2. Pull the filter tab to remove the fan tray filter.
-
3. Insert the replacement filter into the fan filter slot. Align the filter over the replaceable fans.
-

Preventive Maintenance

Change the Air Supply Filter

Purpose

The purpose of this routine is to prevent dirt and dust from building up around the fan units, hindering them from cooling the shelf effectively.

Requirements

A replacement air filter. Refer to Appendix A for correct part number.

Interval

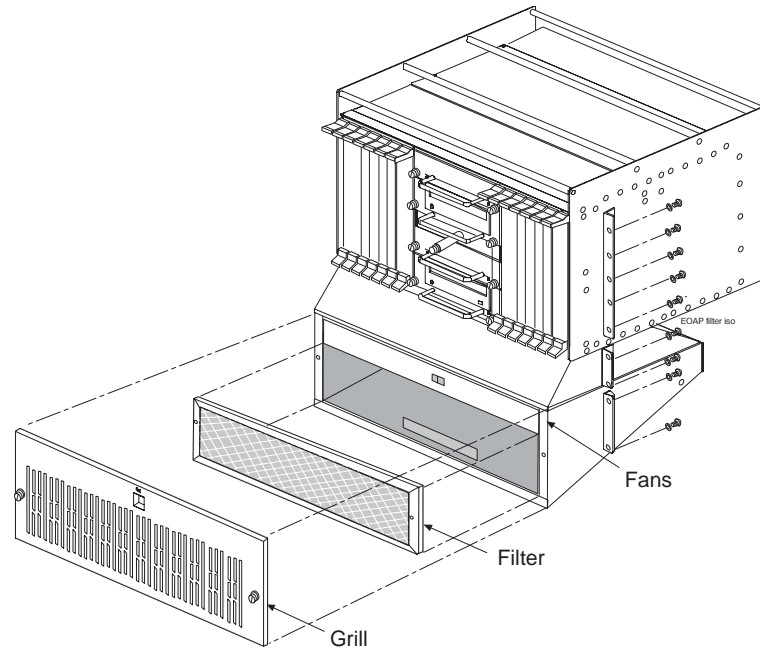
Every 45 days.

Procedure

1. Turn the fan power switch to the OFF position. The *Active* LED under the fans becomes unlit and the fan *Alarm* LED turns red. The EAGLE 5 SAS generates a UAM indicating a fan failure.
-

2. Unscrew the two thumbscrews securing the grill and remove it. The air filter is now accessible.

Figure 2-10. Fan Filter Replacement



-
3. Remove and discard the old air filter.
-
4. Position the new air filter so that it covers the opening to the fan assembly. Check the bottom edge of the filter to make sure the airflow indicator arrows are pointing away from you and towards the fan assembly.
-
5. To replace the grill, position it on the fan assembly and screw in the two thumbscrews to secure the grill in place.
-
6. Turn the fan power switch to the ON position. The two LEDs for the fan assembly turn green and the EAGLE 5 SAS generates a UIM to indicate the fan alarm is cleared.
-

Preventive Maintenance

Cleaning Printer

Purpose

The purpose of this routine is to prevent the system printer from building up dirt and dust around the print heads and carriage assemblies, preventing it from operating.

Requirements

Printer cleaning kit, or cleaning solvent. Cotton swabs and damp cloth.

Interval

Monthly

Procedure

Follow the manufacturer's procedures for cleaning the print head and carriage assembly.

Fuse Spares Inventory

Purpose

This routine verifies ample spare fuses are available. Fuses are used in the fuse and alarm panel (FAP).

Requirements

None

Interval

Monthly

Fuse Types

Two types of fuses are used in the EAGLE 5 SAS:

- Industry standard GMT fuse 1 amp
- Industry standard GMT fuse 3 amp

Fuse Storage

Spare fuses are stored in a fuse tray located on the side of each frame. Check that both types of GMT fuses are in this tray. Tekelec recommends no fewer than five of each fuse type be readily accessible.

If the EAGLE 5 SAS is not located at the end of a bay, check your facility's spare fuse storage.

GMT fuses are industry standard fuses and are provided by Tekelec during installation of the system. Additional inventory of these fuses should be purchased through Tekelec.

Wrist Strap Test

Purpose

The purpose of this routine is to verify the integrity of the anti-static wrist strap and ground cord used when handling cards from the EAGLE 5 SAS.

Requirements

Ohmmeter, wrist strap (equipped with the EAGLE 5 SAS).

Interval

Monthly

Procedure



DANGER: If the resistance measured is less than 800 Kohms, you may be electrocuted if the equipment short circuits while you are wearing the wrist strap. If the resistance measured is greater than 1200 Kohms, you may damage your equipment.

1. Detach the grounding cord from the wrist strap.

2. Using an ohmmeter, measure the resistance between the two ends of the ground cord.

3. If you measure a resistance between 800 Kohms and 1200 Kohms, the ground cord is safe to continue using.

4. If you measure a resistance that is not between 800 Kohms and 1200 Kohms, discard the ground cord and wrist strap. They are no longer safe to use.

Quarterly Procedures

The procedures found in this section are recommended procedures for quarterly routine preventive maintenance. Some procedures may refer to other chapters within this document.

Database Archive (Quarterly)

Purpose

The purpose of this routine is to create an archive copy of the EAGLE 5 SAS database. This archive copy should be stored off-site and saved for emergency recovery when all other procedures have failed. This routine will reuse the same removable cartridge each quarter.

Requirements

This procedure requires a removable cartridge formatted for system data.

Interval

Quarterly

Procedure

1. Enter the following command to check the operational status of the database:

```
rept-stat-db
```

If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

2. Insert the removable cartridge labeled "Archive" into the removable cartridge drive on the MDAL card.

Reference: Removable Cartridge Handling Procedures

3. Enter the following command to create a backup of the database on the removable cartridge:

```
chg-db:action=backup:dest=remove
```

```
BACKUP (REMOVABLE) : MASP A - Backup starts on active MASP.
```

```
BACKUP (REMOVABLE) : MASP A - Backup to removable cartridge complete.
```

Preventive Maintenance

4. Verify that the databases on the removable cartridge (RD BKUP) and the current partition of the active MASP (FD CRNT) are coherent by entering the following command:

rept-stat-db

If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

5. Remove the removable cartridge from the removable cartridge drive on the MDAL card.

Reference: Removable Cartridge Handling Procedures

6. Make an entry in the site maintenance log that a backup was performed on the “Archive” removable cartridge. Place the removable cartridge in a safe place off-premise. This copy is for emergency recovery in the event all other methods of database recovery failed.
-

Preventing Dust Buildups

Purpose

The purpose of this routine is to prevent dust build-up in and around the cabinet. Collection of dust within the EAGLE 5 SAS can allow electrostatic charges to build around circuit cards, possibly damaging cards installed in the system.

Requirements

Damp cloth

Interval

Quarterly

Procedure

NOTE: Do not use compressed air. Do not remove the plexiglass panels from the rear of the frame. This procedure is to be used for removing dust from the front of the system and from around the card cages only.

1. Open the cabinet doors on the front of the cabinet(s). Using a damp cloth, wipe the dust from the doors and from the front of the card cages.
 2. Using the same cloth, wipe the dust from the air intakes and around the exterior of the system frames.
-

Preventive Maintenance

Rectifier Voltage Inspection/Recording

Purpose

The purpose of this routine is to verify that the rectifier is providing adequate voltages and has not become a marginal supply. By identifying power supply problems early, the possibility of failure can be circumvented.

Requirements

Volt meter capable of measuring DC voltages in the range of -20VDC to -60VDC.

Interval

Quarterly

Procedure

1. Locate the power source for the EAGLE 5 SAS.

2. Using a VOM, measure the -48VDC supply.

3. Verify voltages are between -46VDC and -52VDC. (If voltages are higher or lower, refer to the manufacturers maintenance procedures for appropriate action).

Semi-Annual Procedures

The procedure found in this section is recommended for semi-annual (every 6 months) routine preventive maintenance. Some procedures may refer to other chapters within this document.

Spare Inventory Rotation

Purpose

The purpose of this routine is to verify the integrity of spare cards. By rotating spares on a regular basis, their operation can be verified before they are needed as replacements.

Requirements

None

Interval

Semi-annually (every 6 months)

Procedure



WARNING: This procedure may interrupt service. Verify the type of card and service it provides, and only use this routine during the maintenance window.

1. Identify the spare cards in your inventory.

2. Locate the card in service that matches the configuration of your spare card.

3. Verify the part numbers and revision numbers of the cards are compatible.

4. Refer to Appendix A, "Card Removal/Replacement Procedures," for the proper procedure for each card type.

Preventive Maintenance

5. Place the card from your spares inventory into the now empty slot. Perform any administrative commands described in Appendix A.

6. Make an entry in the site maintenance log and place the card removed from the system into your spares inventory.

3

Corrective Maintenance

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Introduction

The Eagle 5 SAS trouble detection is distributed throughout the system. Each processor continually monitors its internal subsystems and certain external subsystems. Whenever a trouble condition changes state, the processor analyzes the change and stores the analysis for reporting to the active MASP. The trouble detection software does not affect the service quality of the system.

Each MASP is made up of two cards, the GPSM-II card (General Purpose Service Module II) and the TDM (terminal disk module).

The GPSM-II card contains the communications processor and applications processor and provides connections to the IMT bus. The GPSM-II controls the maintenance and database administration activity.

The TDM contains the fixed disk drive, the terminal processor for 16 serial I/O ports and an interface to the MDAL (maintenance disk and alarm) card which contains the removable cartridge drive and alarm logic. There is only one MDAL card in the maintenance and administration subsystem and it is shared between the two MASPs.

The TDM is associated with a specific GPSM-II card. For example, the TDM in location 1114 is associated with the GPSM-II in location 1113 and the combination of these two cards is designated as MASP A. The TDM in location 1116 is associated with the GPSM-II in location 1115 and the combination of these two cards designated as MASP B. When MASP A is active, the GPSM-II in location 1113 and TDM in location 1114 are active. When MASP A is standby, the GPSM-II in location 1113 and TDM in location 1114 are standby. One MASP is always active and the other MASP is always standby.

Corrective Maintenance

To determine which MASP is active, enter the *rept-stat-db* command, the *rept-stat-card* command, or examine the LEDs on both TDM cards. If the LED on the TDM card is green, the associated MASP is active. (If the LED on the TDM card toggles between green and amber, the associated MASP is standby.)

The output of the *rept-stat-db* command shows which MASP is active with the indicator (*ACTV*) following the TDM card location. The indicator (*STDBY*) following the TDM card location shows which MASP is standby.

The output of the *rept-stat-card* command shows which MASP is active with the entry *ACTIVE* in the *SST* field for the GPSM-II card. The entry *STANDBY* in the *SST* field for the GPSM-II card shows which MASP is standby.

The database commands, such as *rept-stat-db*, refer to the TDM because the TDM contains the fixed disk drive for the MASP. The MDAL is only referred to when inserting or removing the removable cartridge because the removable cartridge drive resides on the MDAL.

System Alarm Levels

There are three levels of alarms in the Eagle 5 SAS system. They are:

- Critical
- Major
- Minor

Critical

A critical alarm is an indication of a severe service affecting problem that can be related to traffic, billing, and maintenance capabilities and requires immediate maintenance attention, regardless of time of day.

Major

A major alarm is an indication of a problem that seriously affects system operation, maintenance and administration, etc. and requires immediate attention. The urgency is less than in critical situations because of a lesser immediate or impending effect on system performance, customers, and operating company operations and revenue.

Minor

A minor alarm is an indication of a problem that does not have a serious impact on service, and does not require immediate maintenance attention.

Trouble Detection

The first step in analyzing a system trouble is to know when a trouble exists. The Eagle 5 SAS handles this task through:

- Audible alarms
- Visual alarms
- Event/error messages

Audible Alarms

The Eagle 5 SAS has three types of audible alarms: critical, major and minor. Audible alarms are generated by the maintenance disk and alarm card (MDAL), and can be heard through the electronic sonalert device installed on the card. Each alarm has its own distinct cadence as described in the following:

- Critical - Two tones 0.5 seconds apart, separated by 1.5 seconds of silence.
- Major - Single tone, separated by 1.5 seconds of silence.
- Minor - Single tone of 5 seconds or continuous tone for power plant alarm.

Visual Alarms

The Eagle 5 SAS has several types of visual alarms. They are:

- MDAL LEDs
- Alarm LEDs on the Fuse and Alarm Panel (FAP)
- Alarms displayed on the system terminal
- LEDs on application cards
- End cabinet alarm indicators

Maintenance personnel usually see the alarm LEDs on the fuse and alarm panel (FAP) and the alarms displayed on the system terminal screen to alert them that a system problem exists. The LEDs on a card help maintenance personnel diagnose where a problem exists.

MDAL LEDs

Following are the five alarm LEDs on the face of the MDAL card. See Figure 3-1:

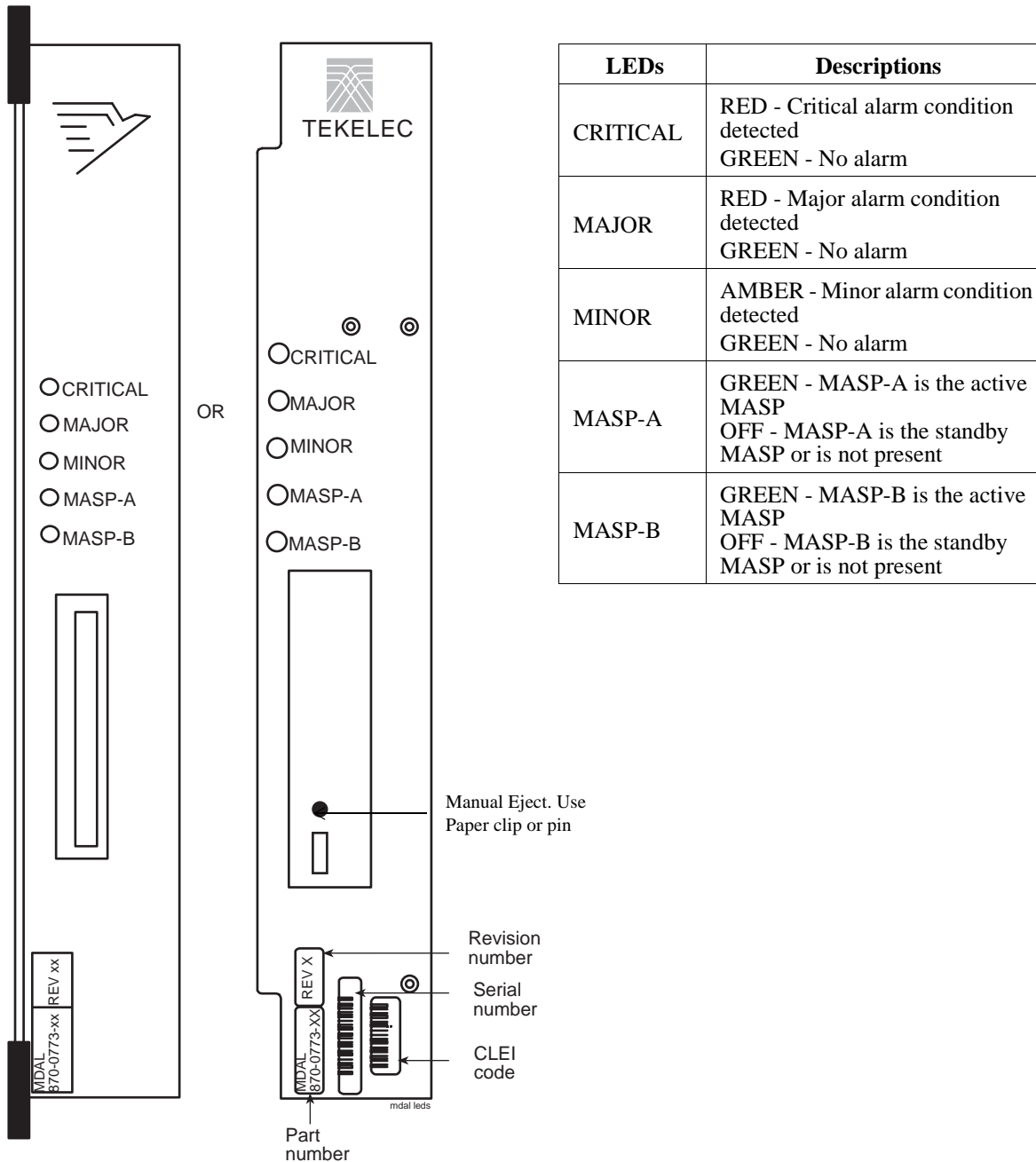
- Critical
- Major
- Minor
- MASP-A
- MASP-B

Corrective Maintenance

When the system detects an alarm, the appropriate alarm level and location (MASP-A or MASP-B) LEDs illuminate. See Figure 3-1.

NOTE: Verify the state of the MDAL card by observing the LEDs on the face of the MDAL card. The fuse and alarm panel do not reflect any alarms caused by the MDAL card.

Figure 3-1. MDAL Alarm LEDs



Alarm LEDs on the Fuse and Alarm Panel (FAP)

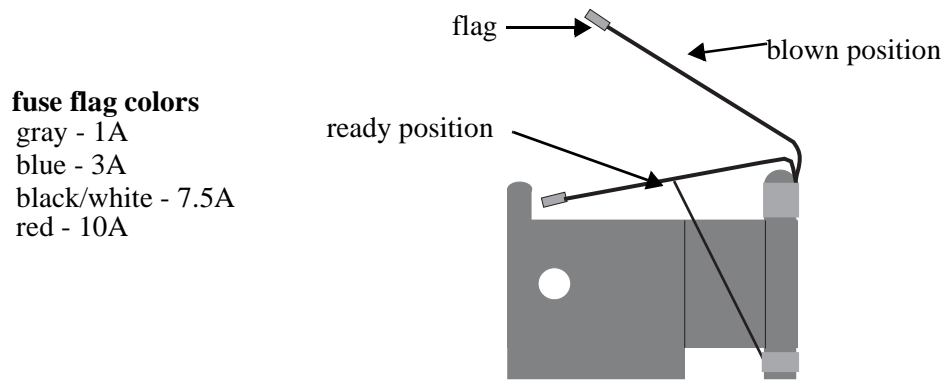
There are six alarm LEDs on the FAP (Table 3-1):

- Two power alarm LEDs (A and B)
- A critical alarm LED
- A major alarm LED
- A minor alarm LED
- A fuse alarm

The FAP provides protected distribution of power to the system. Protection is provided by the fuses placed in the GMT fuse holders used in the panel. The FAP contains a fuse fail alarm circuit that operates when one or more of the panel’s fuses fail. An LED changes from green to red when a fuse has failed. The LED remains red until the fuse has been replaced.

The fuse and alarm panel uses GMT fuses for individual circuit protection (see Figure 3-2). The Eagle 5 SAS uses 3A and 1A fuses, depending on the application. When a fuse fails due to an overload condition, a small colored flag on the fuse shows the position of the fuse that has failed. The flag is gray on 1A fuses, blue on 3A fuses, black/white on 7.5A fuses, and red on 10A fuses.

Figure 3-2. GMT Fuse



The panel contains two separate circuits, A and B. Current flows from the input terminals to the fuse bus. When a fuse is installed in a fuse holder, the circuit is completed to the output connector. The Fuse Fail Alarm LED on the front panel indicates the condition of the panel. Green is indicated if power is applied to the panel and there are no failed fuses. The green LED changes to red when a fuse fails. An unlit LED indicates a failed LED or no power to the fuse and alarm panel.

The fuse and alarm panel is also equipped with frame alarm LEDs that display the critical, major, and minor alarms generated by the Eagle 5 SAS system.

Corrective Maintenance

The Fuse and alarm panels have the A and B buses connected through diodes to allow one bus to pick up the entire load when the other bus loses power.

Table 3-1 describes the front panel configuration of the fuse and alarm panels.

Table 3-1. Fuse and Alarm Panel Front Items (P/N 804-0007-06)

Fuse Panel Item	Description
Fuse Positions	2 groups of 20 GMT fuses
Card Holder	slide-card holder with 2 designation cards for 20 fuse positions each
Fuse Alarm	LED indicator for fuse fail alarm
Critical Alarm	LED indicator for critical alarm
Major Alarm	LED indicator for major alarm
Minor Alarm	LED indicator for minor alarm
Power Alarm	LED indicator for lose of power on either A bus or B bus

Figure 3-3. Fuse and Alarm Panel Front Layout (870-0243-xx)

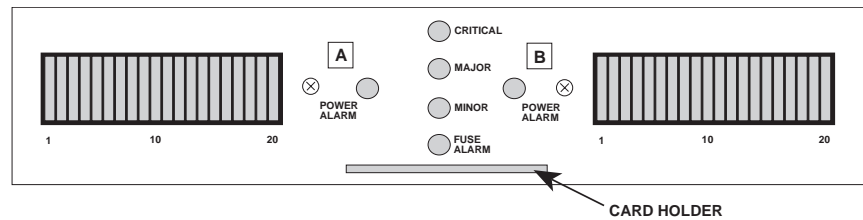
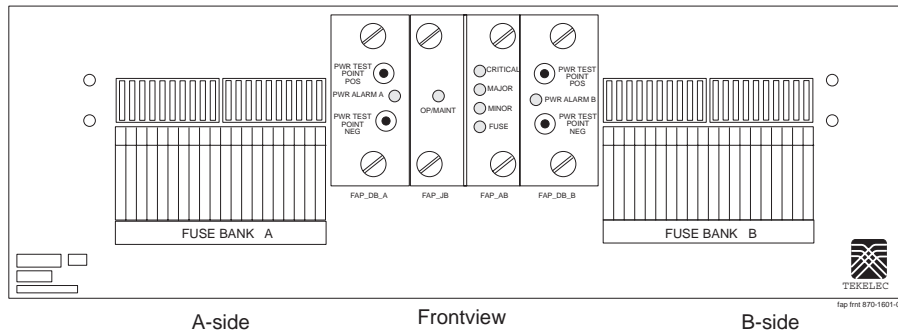


Figure 3-4. Fuse and Alarm Panel Front Layout (870-1606-xx/870-2320-xx)



Alarms appearing on a terminal screen

Three types of alarms may be displayed on a system terminal screen:

- CRIT - Indicates a critical alarm
- MAJR - Indicates a major alarm
- MINR - Indicates a minor alarm

These appear as three highlighted boxes in the top left corner of a terminal. If an alarm condition exists, it is displayed in one of the highlighted boxes. There is a fourth box next to the three alarm boxes that is not used. To obtain information about the alarm, use the *rept-stat-alm* command at the system terminal, followed by a carriage return. This command provides all current alarm status. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for more information about the *rept-stat-alm* command.

Alarms on Application Cards

Each application card has LEDs that indicate the condition of the card. Alarm conditions appear on the card if the card has a fault. Refer to the *Installation Manual* for the location and description of the card LEDs.

End Cabinet Alarm Indicators

There are three alarm LEDs on the end cabinet:

- A critical alarm LED
- A major alarm LED
- A minor alarm LED

When an alarm condition is present, one or more of these LEDs illuminate in the signifying the overall system alarm level. Refer to the *Installation Manual* for alarm indicators.

Event/Error Messages

Unsolicited messages are used in the EAGLE 5 SAS for trouble notification and to communicate the status of the system to Operations Services (OS). The EAGLE 5 SAS outputs two types of unsolicited messages.

Unsolicited Alarm Messages (UAMs) are used to denote a persistent problem with device or object that needs the attention of a craftsperson. Some examples are a link failure, a subsystem being out of service, or a card not receiving a system clock.

Unsolicited Informational Messages (UIMs) are indications of transient events that have occurred. UIM examples include messages that an MSU contains invalid data or failed a gateway screening function.

Corrective Maintenance

The location of a card with a fault is displayed with the event/error message. The location is displayed as a card number. Card numbers are used to locate the card in the Eagle 5 SAS system. Refer to the *Installation Manual* for card locations.

Following is an example of an event/error message displaying the card location:

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0008 ** CARD 1113 OAM Active MASP has become isolated
```

The card location always follows the word “CARD” in the message. In this example, the card number is **1113**.

IMT Bus States

The states of the IMT bus are combined from the primary state (PST) and secondary state (SST) for each IMT bus and are as follows:

PST	SST	Definition
IS-NR	Active	IMT bus is operating normally.
IS-ANR	Fault	IMT bus has had a failure on at least one but not all cards.
IS-ANR	Manual	IMT bus is inhibited, but some cards have been connected to it.
OOS-MT	Fault	IMT bus has a failure on all cards.
OOS-MT-DSBLD	Manual	IMT bus is inhibited and no cards are connected to it.

The *rept-stat-imt* command is used to report the status of the IMT bus. An example of the output follows:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-09-27 16:50:24 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
IMT  PST          SST          AST
A    IS-NR        Active      -----
ALARM STATUS      = No alarms
IMT  PST          SST          AST
B    IS-ANR       Fault      -----
ALARM STATUS      = ** 0108 Major IMT Failure Detected
Command Completed.
```

IMT System Alarm Level Determination

The state of the IMT subsystem is determined from the state of each IMT bus. If both buses are IS-NR active, the IMT subsystem is IS-NR active. If only one IMT bus is manually disabled (IS-ANR manual), the IMT subsystem is IS-ANR manual. Otherwise, the IMT subsystem state is IS-ANR fault.

The alarm level of an IMT bus in the IS-ANR fault state is determined by how many bad card connections it has. The number of bad connections required for a major alarm or a minor alarm are as follows:

- 0 failures = no alarm
- 1-2 failures = minor alarm

- 3 or more = major alarm

The alarm levels on the individual buses combine to give the overall alarm level for the IMT subsystem. Table 3-2 shows the rules that are used to determine the overall alarm level of the system of IMT buses.

Table 3-2. IMT Bus Alarm Levels

Bus A Alarm Level	Bus B Alarm Level	Overall Alarm Level
Normal	Normal	Normal
Normal	Minor	Normal
Minor	Normal	Normal
Normal	Major	Minor
Major	Normal	Minor
Minor	Minor	Major
Minor	Major	Major
Major	Minor	Major
Major	Major	Critical

Unsolicited Alarm Messages (UAM)

The system sends unsolicited alarm messages to the system terminal whenever there is a system fault, whenever a previous fault condition is corrected, when a subsystem, equipment, and/or service is placed in or taken out-of-service. Each message has a trouble code and text associated with the trouble condition. The message reference numbers and their trouble text are shown in Table 3-3, Table 3-4, Table 3-5, and Table 3-6.

Table 3-3. Critical Alarm Messages

Message Reference Number and Trouble Text
0041 -LSMS bulk load required
0058 - Critical customer trouble detected
0063 - Critical holdover clock trbl detected
0077 - Card temperature is critical lvl:T2
0092 - MDAL not responding
0112 - Major failures detected on both IMTs
0128 - All clocks have failed
0153 - STPLAN not available
0181 - NDC Subsystem is not available

Table 3-3. Critical Alarm Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Trouble Text
0197 - All high speed clocks have failed
0261 - MPS unavailable
0292 - GLS is not available
0308 - Node isolated due to SLK failures
0313 - DPC is prohibited
0319 - REPT-MTPLP-DET: Circ rte det(cong)
0320 - REPT-MTPLP-SUST: Sustained circ rt(cong)
0325 - DPC subsystem is blocked
0326 - DPC subsystem is prohibited
0331 - SCCP is not available
0332 - DPC Subsystem is prohibited and blocked
0334 - DPC Subsystem is Abnormal
0349 - SEAS unavailable
0350 - OAP terminals inhibited
0356 - LSMS is unavailable
0368 - Temp Key(s) have expired
0370 - Critical Platform Failure(s)
0371 - Critical Application Failure(s)
0395 - Local Subsystem is not available
0396 - Local Subsystem is disabled
0424 - LNP Subsystem is not available
0435 - LNP Subsystem is disabled
0437 - System SCCP TPS Capacity Exceeded
0438 - Degraded Mode, Invalid OAM HW config
0442 - RTDB database capacity is 95% full
0455 - EIR Subsystem is not available
0456 - EIR Subsystem is disabled
0468 - All STC Networks Unavailable
0469- All STC Cards Unavailable

Table 3-3. Critical Alarm Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Trouble Text
0518 - Measurements subsystem unavailable

The Major Alarm message reference numbers and associated trouble text are shown in Table 3-4.

Table 3-4. Major Alarm Messages

Message Reference Number and Trouble Text
0001 - Card has reset
0008 - Active MASP has become isolated
0013 - Card is isolated from the system
0018 - Exiting forced simplex mode
0043 - Incorrect feature configuration
0047 - Card type not valid for application
0051 - TSC sync is in simplex mode
0053 - Standby TDM failure
0059 - Major customer trouble detected
0064 - Major holdover clock trouble detected
0078 - Card temperature exceeds nominal lvl:T1
0082 - Alarm in Fuse panel
0084 - IP Connection Unavailable
0088 - Clocks A and B TSCs are out of sync
0099 - Incompatible HW for provisioned slot
0108 - Major IMT failure detected
0111 - Failure on both IMT A and IMT B
0114 - System IP TPS threshold exceeded
0115 - Linkset IP TPS threshold exceeded
0132 - Loading failed: table not found
0133 - Loading failed: data read Error
0134 - Loading failed: bad checksum returned
0135 - Loading failed: GPL load timeout
0136 - Loading failed: data load timeout

Table 3-4. Major Alarm Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Trouble Text
0137 - Loading failed: invalid GPL
0138 - Loading failed: GPL format error
0139 - Loading failed: disk read prep error
0140 - Loading failed: disk read response error
0141 - Loading failed: disk read failed
0152 - LIM(s) have been denied STPLAN service
0162 - 1116-P, 1116-S clocks failed
0164 - 1114-S, 1116-S clocks failed
0166 - 1114-S, 1116-P, 1116-S clocks failed
0169 - 1114-P, 1116-P clocks failed
0170 - 1114-P, 1116-P, 1116-S clocks failed
0171 - 1114-P, 1114-S clocks failed
0172 - 1114-P, 1114-S, 1116-S clocks failed
0173 - 1114-P, 1114-S, 1116-P clocks failed
0179 - NDC Q.3 association is unavailable
0185 - 1116-PHS, 1116-SHS clocks failed
0187 - 1114-SHS, 1116-SHS clocks failed
0189 - 1114-SHS, 1116-PHS, 1116-SHS clocks failed
0192 - 1114-PHS, 1116-PHS clocks failed
0193 - 1114-PHS, 1116-PHS, 1116-SHS clks failed
0194 - 1114-PHS, 1114-SHS clocks failed
0195 - 1114-PHS, 1114-SHS, 1116-SHS clks failed
0196 - 1114-PHS, 1114-SHS, 1116-PHS clks failed
0201 - REPT-LKF: remote NE loopback
0202 - REPT-LKF: HWP - too many link interrupts
0203 - REPT-LKF: lost data
0204 - REPT-LKF: XER - ERM threshold exceeded
0205 - REPT-LKF: APF - lvl-2 T1 expd (ready)
0206 - REPT-LKF: APF - lvl-2 T1 expd (not ready)

Table 3-4. Major Alarm Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Trouble Text
0207 - REPT-LKF: APF - lvl-2 T3 expired
0208 - REPT-LKF: APF - lvl-2 T2 expired
0209 - REPT-LKF: APF - failed proving period
0210 - REPT-LKF: OSA - received SIO
0211 - REPT-LKF: OSA - received SIN
0212 - REPT-LKF: OSA - received SIE
0213 - REPT-LKF: OSA - received SIOS
0214 - REPT-LKF: ABN - rcvd 2 of 3 invalid BSN
0215 - REPT-LKF: ABN - rcvd 2 of 3 invalid FIB
0216 - REPT-LKF: remote congestion timeout
0217 - REPT-LKF: XDA - excess acknowledge delay
0218 - REPT-LKF: COO - rcvd changeover order
0219 - REPT-LKF: false congestion restart
0220 - REPT-LKF: MTP link restart delayed
0221 - REPT-LKF: X25 link unavailable
0222 - REPT-LKF: remote FE loopback
0224 - REPT-LKF: link test failed
0230 - REPT-LKF: local blocked - thermal
0232 - REPT-LKF: remote blocked
0233 - REPT-LINK-MANUAV: local blocked
0234 - REPT-LKF: RMI remote inhibited
0235 - REPT-LINK-MGTINH: local inhibited
0236 - REPT-LKF: not aligned
0237 - REPT-LFK: LM Timer NO-CREDIT expired
0238 - REPT-LKF: XDA-Timer NO-RESPONSE expired
0239 - REPT-LKF: MBL-local processor outage
0240 - REPT-LKF: rcvd SSCOP END-proc outage
0241 - REPT-LKF: rcvd SSCOP END-out of service
0242 - REPT-LKF: rcvd SSCOP END-protocol error

Table 3-4. Major Alarm Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Trouble Text
0243 - REPT-LKF:rcvd SSCOP END-mgmt initiated
0244 - REPT-LKF: FAC - DS1 LOS failure
0245 - REPT-LKF: FAC - DS1 LOF failure
0246 - REPT-LKF: FAC - DS1 LCD failure
0247 - REPT-LKF: XER - ISERM threshold exceeded
0250 - MPS available
0276 - Insufficient HW for IP7 provisioning
0277 - AS Unavailable
0283 - LNP Ported LRNs approaching Feat. Capacity
0285 - LNP Ported NPAs approaching Feat Capacity
0291 - GLS is at minimum service limit
0297 - Incorrect port configuration
0300 -TVG Grant Failure
0318 - REPT-LKSTO: Link set prohibited
0330 - System SCCP TPS Threshold exceeded
0336 - LIM(s) have been denied SCCP service
0338 - X-LIST space full-entry(s) discarded
0341 - OAP Unavailable
0342 - SEAS UAL unavailable
0343 - SEAS X.25 Link unavailable
0345 - All SEAS UAL sessions unavailable
0348 - SEAS is at min service limit
0354 - One OAP terminal unavailable
0358 - LSMS Q.3 association unavailable
0360 - EMS Agent unavailable
0362 - LSMS is at min. service limit
0367 - Temp Key(s) expiring soon
0369 - REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 unavailable
0372 - Major Platform Failure(s)

Table 3-4. Major Alarm Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Trouble Text
0373 - Major Application Failure(s)
0376 - REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 LOS failure
0377 - REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 LOF failure
0378 - REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Remote Alarm
0379 - REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Alarm
0381- REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 LOS failure
0382- REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 LOF failure
0383- REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 AIS detected
0384- REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 Far End failure
0385- REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 10E-3 BER failed
0387 - REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 unavailable
0390 - Illegal Address Error
0391 - Card not responding Error
0392 - OA&M IP Security feature is OFF
0403 - 1114 E1/T1 clock requires TDM-GTI
0404 - 1116 E1/T1 clock requires TDM-GTI
0405 - 1114, 1116 E1/T1 clock requires TDM-GTI
0406 - 1114 Clock selection mismatch
0407 - 1116 Clock selection mismatch
0408 - 1114, 1116 Clock selection mismatch
0422 - Insufficient extended memory
0436 - LNP ACG node overload
0441 - Incorrect MBD - CPU
0443 - RTDB database corrupted
0446 - RTDB database capacity is 80% full
0449 - RTDB resynchronization in progress
0451 - RTDB reload required
0466- STC Network Unavailable
0473 - EROUTE System Capacity Exceeded

Table 3-4. Major Alarm Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Trouble Text
0482 - Card(s) have been denied EROUTE service
0514 - Standby MASP inhibited
0517 - Degraded Mode - multiple cards failed
0901 - Card DB load timeout, check GLS card
0903 - IP Link A is down
0905 - IP Link B is down
0908 - HW cannot support purchased TPS rate
0911 - Dynamic database is inconsistent

The Minor Alarm message reference numbers and associated trouble text are shown in Table 3-5.

Table 3-5. Minor Alarm Messages

Message Reference Number and Trouble Text
0002 - Card is not running approved GPL
0004 - Card is running non-activated GPL
0021 - Clock A for card failed, B normal
0022 - Clock B for card failed, A normal
0023 - Clocks A and B for card failed
0034 - Card database is inconsistent
0035 - Card database is corrupted
0037 - Card backup database is inconsistent
0038 - Card backup database is corrupted
0040 - GPL is corrupted
0044 - Real time clock battery low
0048 - Terminal failed
0055 - Persistent device state tbl corrupt
0056 - Persistent device state tbl diff version
0060 - Minor customer trouble detected
0065 - Minor holdover clock trouble detected
0086 - IP Connection Congested

Table 3-5. Minor Alarm Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Trouble Text
0102 - Motherboard BIP invalid
0107 - Minor IMT failure detected
0110 - Failure detected on one IMT bus
0116 - Link expected IP TPS threshold exceeded
0143 - System release GPL(s) not approved
0144 - System release version unknown
0145 - HS Clock A for card failed, B normal
0146 - HS Clock B for card failed, A normal
0147 - High Speed Clocks A and B for card failed
0155 - STPLAN connection unavailable
0158 - X25 no logical channels available
0160 - 1116-S clock failed
0161 - 1116-P clock failed
0163 - 1114-S clock failed
0165 - 1114-S, 1116-P clocks failed
0167 - 1114-P clock failed
0168 - 1114-P, 1116-S clocks failed
0174 - %full threshold reached -upload required
0175 - LOGBUFROVFL-SECULOG - upload required
0176 - Stdb security log - upload required
0183 - 1116-SHS clock failed
0184 - 1116-PHS clock failed
0186 - 1114-SHS clock failed
0188 - 1114-SHS, 1116-PHS clocks failed
0190 - 1114-PHS clock failed
0191 - 1114-PHS, 1116-SHS clocks failed
0279 - AS Restricted
0298 - Card not using config. SCTP csum method
0302 - Cooling fan failure

Table 3-5. Minor Alarm Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Trouble Text
0304 - REPT-NMTSK-DSCD: SNM Discard Onset
0306 - SNM Overload Onset
0312 - DPC is restricted
0321 - X-LIST occupancy threshold exceeded
0344 - SEAS PVC unavailable
0346 - SEAS UAL session unavailable
0363 - OAP filesystem full
0364 - Configuration data checksum mismatch
0374 - Minor Platform Failure(s)
0375 - Minor Application Failure(s)
0398 - Local Subsystem normal,card(s) abnormal
0427 - LNP database corrupted
0428 - Backup LNP database corrupted
0429 - LNP database is inconsistent
0430 - Backup LNP database is inconsistent
0444 - RTDB database is inconsistent
0448 - RTDB database incoherent
0457 - EIR Subsystem normal,card(s) abnormal
0472 - EROUTE System Threshold Exceeded
0475 - NTP Time Unavailable
0477 - Congestion: Copy Function De-activated
0480 - Timestamp Invalid
0516 - Degraded Mode - 1 card failed

The Informational Alarm message reference numbers and associated trouble text are shown in Table 3-6.

Table 3-6. Information Alarm Messages

Message Reference Number and Associated Text
0003 - Alarm cleared for GPL
0005 - Alarm cleared running non-activated GPL
0009 - MASP became active
0010 - MASP became standby
0014 - Card is present
0024 - Clock A for card normal
0025 - Clock B for card normal
0026 - Clocks A and B for card normal
0033 - Card database has been corrected
0036 - Card backup database has been corrected
0039 - GPL has been corrected
0042 - LSMS bulk load complete
0045 - Real time clock battery restored
0046 - Terminal enabled
0052 - TSC sync feature is available
0054 - Standby TDM failure cleared
0057 - Persistent device state tbl corrected
0061 - Customer trouble detected
0062 - Customer trouble cleared
0066 - Holdover clock trouble cleared
0079 - Card temperature again at nominal levels
0083 - Fuse Panel alarm has cleared
0085 - IP connection available
0087 - IP Connection manually removed
0089 - Clocks A and B TSCs are resynchronized
0093 - MDAL alarm cleared
0096 - Card has been reloaded
0097 - IMT allowed
0098 - IMT inhibited

Table 3-6. Information Alarm Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Associated Text
0103 - Motherboard BIP valid
0106 - IMT Bus alarm cleared
0109 - All IMT System level alarms cleared
0113 - Clock alarm(s) cleared
0117 - System IP TPS normal
0118 - Linkset IP TPS normal
0119 - Link IP TPS normal
0130 - Card successfully loaded with data
0142 - System release alarm cleared
0148 - High Speed Clock A for card normal
0149 - High Speed Clock B for card normal
0150 - STPLAN is available
0151 - STPLAN capacity normal,card(s) abnormal
0154 - STPLAN is removed
0156 - STPLAN connection available
0157 - X25 logical channels available
0159 - High Speed Clocks A and B for card normal
0177 - Security log exception cleared
0178 - Security log failed
0180 - NDC Q.3 association is available
0182 - NDC Subsystem is available
0198 - High speed clock alarm(s) cleared
0199 - OA&M IP Security feature disabled
0200 - RCVRY-LKF: link available
0223 - REPT-LKF: remote NE loopback cleared
0250 - MPS available
0264 - REPT-LINK-CGST: congestion level 0 to 1
0265 - REPT-LINK-CGST: congestion level 1 to 2
0266 - REPT-LINK-CGST: congestion level 2 to 3
0267 - RCVRY-LINK-CGST:congestion level 3 to 2
0268 - RCVRY-LINK-CGST:congestion level 2 to 1

Table 3-6. Information Alarm Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Associated Text
0269 - RCVRY-LINK-CGST: congestion has cleared
0270 - REPT-LINK-CGST: discard level 0 to 1
0271 - REPT-LINK-CGST: discard level 1 to 2
0272 - REPT-LINK-CGST: discard level 2 to 3
0273 - RCVRY-LINK-CGST: discard level 3 to 2
0274 - RCVRY-LINK-CGST: discard level 2 to 1
0275 - RCVRY-LINK-CGST: discard has cleared
0278- AS Available
0280 - AS Unrestricted
0284 - LNP Ported LRNs Capacity Normal
0286 - LNP Ported NPAs Capacity Normal
0290 - GLS is available
0293 - GLS have been removed from the system
0294 - REPT-ALMINH: alarm output PERM inhibited
0295 - REPT-ALMINH: alarm output enabled
0296 - REPT-ALMINH: alarm output TEMP inhibited
0299 - Config. SCTP csum method alarm cleared
0301 -TVG Grant Recovery
0303 - Cooling fan normal
0305 - RECVY-NMTSK-DSCD: SNM Discard Abated
0307 - SNM Overload Abated
0309 - Node is no longer isolated
0311 - DPC is allowed
0314 - Route is allowed
0315 - Route is restricted
0316 - Route is prohibited
0317 - RCVRY-LKSTO: Link set allowed
0322 - X-LIST occupancy below threshold
0324 - DPC subsystem is allowed
0327 - DPC subsystem has been deleted
0328 - SCCP is available

Table 3-6. Information Alarm Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Associated Text
0329 - SCCP capacity normal, card(s) abnormal
0333 - DPC Subsystem is Normal
0335 - SCCP is removed
0337 - DPC - SS status changed
0339 - X-LIST space full condition abated
0340 - RCVRY-MTPLP-RST: Circ rte status cleared
0347 - SEAS X.25 Link is available
0351 - SEAS is available
0352 - SEAS is removed
0353 - OAP is available
0355 - LSMS is available
0357 - All OAP terminals are removed
0359 - LSMS Q.3 association available
0361 - EMS Agent available
0365 - Configuration data checksum alarm cleared
0366 - Temp Key(s) expiration alarm cleared
0380 - RCVRY-T1F:FAC-T1 available
0386- RCVRY-E1F:FAC-E1 available
0388 - Illegal Address Error has Cleared
0389 - Card responding normally
0393 - OA&M IP Security feature is ON
0394 - Local Subsystem is available
0397 - Local Subsystem is removed
0399 - RCVRY-LKSTO:Alarm clr'd by deleting SLK
0400 - Alarm cleared by deleting card
0401 - Alarm cleared by deleting SLK
0402 - Alarm cleared by deleting route
0409 - Clock configuration corrected
0423 - Card reload attempted
0425 - LNP Subsystem normal, card(s) abnormal
0426 - LNP Subsystem is available

Table 3-6. Information Alarm Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Associated Text
0431 - LNP database has been corrected
0432 - Backup LNP database has been corrected
0434 - LNP Subsystem is removed
0439 - Exiting Degraded Mode
0445 - RTDB database has been corrected
0447 - RTDB database capacity alarm cleared
0455 - EIR Subsystem is not available
0458 - EIR Subsystem is available
0459 - EIR Subsystem is removed
0467- STC Network Available
0470 - EROUTE is Removed
0471- EROUTE System is Available
0474 - EROUTE capacity normal, card(s) abnormal
0476- NTP Time Available
0478 - Copy Function Activated
0479 - Link not Monitored
0481 - Timestamp Valid
0500 - Alarm being cleared for this device
0515 - Standby MASP allowed
0519 - Measurements subsystem available
0902 - Card DB is stable
0904 - IP Link A is up
0906 - IP Link B is up
0907 - HW limiting TPS rate alarm cleared
0912 - Dynamic database is now consistent

Unsolicited Information Messages (UIM)

The system sends unsolicited information messages to the system terminal whenever there is a non-service affecting condition. This includes MSUs with invalid information, conversion failures, and/or a failed gateway screenig function. Each message has a numbered code and informational text associated with the condition.

NOTE: UIMs will be discarded if received within 250 ms of the previous UIM. This is a design constraint to prevent the OAM from being flooded by UIMs.

The message reference numbers and associated text are shown in Table 3-7.

Table 3-7. Unsolicited Information Messages

Message Reference Number and Associated Text
1000 - MTP rcvd UPU - user part is not SCCP
1001 - MTP rcvd Transfer Controlled (TFC)
1002 - MTP rcvd invalid TFC - status 0
1003 - MTP rcvd invalid H0/H1 code
1004 - MTP rcvd unknown DPC
1005 - GWS rcvd OPC that is not allowed
1006 - GWS rcvd DPC that is not allowed
1007 - GWS rcvd OPC that is blocked
1008 - GWS rcvd DPC that is blocked
1009 - GWS rcvd SIO that is not allowed
1010 - GWS rcvd a priority that is not allowed
1011 - GWS rcvd TFC, AFTPC not in routing tbl
1012 - GWS rcvd Clg Party that is not allowed
1013 - GWS rcvd Cld Party that is not allowed
1014 - GWS rcvd Translation Type not allowed
1015 - GWS rcvd SCMG with not allowed AFTPC
1016 - MTP Adj PC not in routing table
1017 - MTP Message Received for Network 255
1018 - REPT-MTPERR: MTP rcvd invalid SIO
1019 - SCCP rcvd invalid UDTS/XUDTS msg
1020 - SCCP rcvd invalid XUDT msg
1021 - SCCP rcvd invalid XUDTS msg
1022 - System Meas. limit exceeded for LSONISMT

Table 3-7. Unsolicited Information Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Associated Text
1023 - SCCP rcvd unknown msg type
1024 - SCCP rcvd inv msg length
1025 - SCCP rcvd inv msg class
1026 - System Meas Limit exceeded for LSORIGNI
1027 - System Meas Limit exceeded for LSDESTNI
1028 - System Meas. Limit exceeded for ORIGNI/NINC
1029 - SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad GT ind
1030 - Inh EIR SS request already outstanding
1031 - Failure Inhibiting EIR SS
1032 - Set ETS Mismatch
1033 - SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad network
1034 - SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - no SSN
1035 - SCCP rsp did not route - invalid GTI
1036 - SCCP rsp did not route - invalid TT
1037 - SCCP rsp did not route - bad Xlation
1038 - SCCP rsp did not route -SSP not True PC
1039 - SCCP rsp did not route - bad Selectors
1040 - ITU <-> ANSI translation not supported
1041 - SCCP did not route -no SSN in msg or DB
1042 - SCCP rcvd inv GT - bad Translation Type
1043 - SCCP did not route - bad translation
1044 - SCCP did not route - DPC OOS
1045 - SCCP did not route - DPC congested
1046 - SCCP did not route - DPC not in MAP tbl
1047 - SCCP did not route - SS OOS
1048 - SCCP did not route - SS congested
1049 - SCCP did not route - SS not in MAP tbl
1050 - SCCP-CNV: Unable to convert ANSI CDPA GT
1051 - SCCP-CNV: Unable to convert ANSI CGPA GT
1052 - SCCP-CNV: Unable to convert ITU CDPA GT
1053 - SCCP-CNV: Unable to convert ITU CGPA GT

Table 3-7. Unsolicited Information Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Associated Text
1054 - SCCP rcvd inv LSS - bad SSN
1055 - SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - bad AFTPC
1056 - SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - bad subsystem
1057 - SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - bad length
1058 - SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - bad msg type
1059 - Telnet terminal connection disconnected
1060 - Map Screening cannot generate ATIER
1061 - Meas sync not allowed from old version
1062 - String Data Dump
1063 - SCCP screen set is too large
1064 - GWS rcvd TFP, AFTPC not in routing tbl
1065 - GWS rcvd TFR, AFTPC not in routing tbl
1066 - GWS rcvd TFA, AFTPC not in routing tbl
1067 - GWS rcvd UPU, AFTPC not in routing tbl
1068 - GWS rcvd RSP, AFTPC not in routing tbl
1069 - GWS rcvd RSR, AFTPC not in routing table
1070 - SLTC failure: invalid Point Code (OPC)
1071 - SLTC failure: invalid SLC
1072 - SLTC failure: no response
1073 - SLTC failure: bad data pattern
1074 - SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - invalid SOR
1075 - MTP: link bypassed SLT phase
1076 - SLTC failure: invalid Point Code (DPC)
1077 - SLTC failure: failed link
1078 - SLTC success: manual test passed
1079 - SLTC aborted: unable to perform test
1080 - disk measurement status unreadable
1081 - MTP: Changeback T5 timeout
1082 - Amem single bit error report
1083 - REPT COND: system alive
1084 - GWS MSU discarded by redirect function

Table 3-7. Unsolicited Information Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Associated Text
1085 - GWS MSU too large to be redirected
1086 - LFS test terminated with OAM switchover
1087 - MTP RSTRT rcvd unexpected user traffic
1088 - REPT-MTP-RSTRT MTP Restart started
1089 - RCVRY-MTP-RSTRT MTP Restart completed
1090 - ITU GWY:CPC conversion failure
1091 - ITU GWY:OPC conversion failure
1092 - ITU GWY:HOH1 conversion failure
1093 - ITU GWY:rcvd msg type cannot convert
1094 - ITU GWY:Invalid ISUP msg structure
1095 - ITU GWY:GRS buffer full
1096 - ITU GWY:RSC buffer full
1097 - ITU GWY:CGB buffer full
1098 - Unexpected disk access timeout
1099 - String Data Dump
1100 - GWS rcvd H0/H1 that is not allowed
1102 - Invalid Length for Map IMEI Parameter
1103 - LSS:No Map IMEI Parameter present
1104 - IP Connection Failed
1105 - REPT EVT:IMT GPL reloading
1106 - REPT COND:IMT GPL reloading
1107 - SCCP XUDT (S) msg: Hop Counter violation
1108 - SCCP XUDT (S) msg: inv opt portion len
1109 - SCCP XUDT(S) msg: inv segmentation parm
1110 - GWS rcvd AFTPC that is not allowed
1111 - GWS rcvd TCA, AFTPC not in routing tbl
1112 - GWS rcvd TCR, AFTPC not in routing tbl
1113 - GWS rcvd TCP, AFTPC not in routing tbl
1114 - Database BACKUP started
1115 - Database RESTORE started
1116 - Database action ended - OK

Table 3-7. Unsolicited Information Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Associated Text
1117 - Database action ended - FAIL
1118 - Audit of LNP backup database completed
1119 - LNP database audit - internal error
1120 - TRBL Queue is full:elements overwritten
1121 - LNP rcvd query from unknown CGPA PC
1122 - LNP rcvd query with undefined TT/SERV
1123 - LNP rcvd query with Message Relay TT
1124 - LNP Database IMPORT started
1125 - GWS rcvd CDPA that could not be RDCTd
1126 - GWS rcvd CGPA that could not be RDCTd
1127 - GWS rcvd AFTPC that could not be RDCTd
1128 - GWS rcvd TT that could not be RDCTd
1129 - Ported subs SMSC matches Home SMSC Addr
1130 - LOCREQ rcvd - IS412GSM not provisioned
1131 - Invalid digits in IS41 MAP Digits parm
1132 - SLAN DLK ping test completed
1133 - GX25 outbound data exceeds packet size
1134 - GX25 route not found
1135 - GX25 route not available
1136 - GX25 route already connected
1137 - GX25 incorrect X25 address
1138 - GX25 unsupported packet type received
1139 - GX25 unsupported MSU type received
1140 - GX25 DPC not defined
1141 - GX25 unrecognized X25 calling address
1142 - GX25 unrecognized X25 called address
1143 - GX25 cannot make connection
1144 - GX25 logical channel cleared
1145 - GX25 unexpected restart received
1146 - REPT-XLST-TIMO: X-LIST entry expired
1147 - MTP Invalid TFA received

Table 3-7. Unsolicited Information Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Associated Text
1148 - MTP Invalid TFR received
1149 - SLK Level-3 T19 timer expired
1150 - SLK Inhibit Denied
1151 - SLK Inhibit Response Timeout
1152 - SLK Uninhibit Denied
1153 - SLK Uninhibit Response Timeout
1154 - MSU reception threshold exceeded
1155 - GWS MSU discard threshold exceeded
1156 - ISCC loopback success
1157 - ISCC loopback failed
1158 - ISCC loopback aborted
1159 - ISCC loopback in progress
1160 - GWS rcvd ISUP that is not allowed
1161 - GWS rcvd nonSNM DESTFLD screening msg
1162 - GWS rcvd nonSCCP CGPA/CDPA screen msg
1163 - GWS rcvd invalid GTI in TT screening
1164 - Inh LNP SS request already outstanding
1165 - Failure Inhibiting LNP SS
1166 - ACG Node Overload Level Change
1167 - LNP database audit is disabled
1168 - Audit of LNP database completed
1169 - SCCP rcvd inv TCAP portion
1170 - Loopback prevented
1171 - Loopback invalid
1172 -REPT-OVSZMSG: MTP MSU too large to rte
1173 -REPT-OVSZMSG: SCCP MSU too large to rte
1174 - Inh Local SS request alrdy outstanding
1175 - Failure Inhibiting Local SS
1177 - Cnvrns Discard: SCCP MSU too large
1178 - Conversion Discard: Invalid SCCP msg type
1179 - Cnvrns Discard: CGPA PC alias undefined

Table 3-7. Unsolicited Information Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Associated Text
1180 - Conversion Discard: Aft. PC alias undefined
1181 - Conversion Discard: Invalid SCMG msg type
1182 - Cnvrns Discard - Invalid TCAP element
1183 - Cnvrns Discard - Invalid TCAP elem't len
1184 - Cnvrns Discard: Invalid SCCP elem't len
1185 - GTI input clock anomalies detected
1189 - SCCP did not route: DPC not in RTE table
1196 - IP Connection Congestion Timeout
1197 - IP Connection refused
1198 - IP Connection, Cannot resolve RHOST
1199 - LNP DTH Measurements Discarded for DPC
1200 - INW ALT card as first to be preloaded
1201 - INW MAIN card as last to be reset
1202 - INW Asserted DDL inhibition
1203 - INW Card reset command issued
1204 - INW Waiting for card loading validation
1205 - INW Detected card loaded
1206 - INW Detected card reset or removed
1207 - INW Allowed card to skip DDL inhibited
1208 - INW Removed DDL inhibition
1209 - INW Need to reset/remove/inhibit card
1210 - INW Card failed to reset
1211 - INW Failed to assert DDL inhibition
1212 - INW Failed to remove DDL inhibition
1213- INW Card failed to DDL crossload
1214 - INW Allowed card to DDL crossload
1215 - GWS rcvd CDPA that could not be CNCFd
1216 - GWS rcvd CGPA that could not be CNCFd
1217 - GWS rcvd AFTPC that could not be CNCFd
1218 - GWS rcvd TT that could not be CNCFd
1219 - SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad GT ind

Table 3-7. Unsolicited Information Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Associated Text
1220 - SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad network
1221 - SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - no SSN
1222 - SCCP rcvd inv GT - invalid selectors
1223 - SCCP did not route - bad translation
1224 - SCCP rcvd inv LSS - bad SSN
1225 - SCCP did not route - DPC OOS
1226 - SCCP did not route - DPC congested
1227 - SCCP did not route - DPC not in MAP tbl
1228 - SCCP did not route - SS OOS
1229 - SCCP did not route - SS congested
1230 - SCCP did not route - SS not in MAP tbl
1231 - SCCP Encode Failure
1232 - SCCP Encode Failure
1233 - MTP Invalid ITU TFR RCVD
1234 - LNP Day Meas. Discarded for NPANXX
1238 - Full LNP database reload initiated
1239 - LNP updates inhibited:loading mode stability
1240 - LNP updates allowed:loading mode stability
1241 - LNP Incremental Loading
1242 - Conv to intl num - Dflt CC not found
1243 - Conv to intl num - Dflt NC not found
1244 - Conv to intl num - Dflt MCC not found
1245 - Conv to intl num - Dflt MNC not found
1246 - Invalid length of conditioned digits
1247 - Conversion of MGT to IMSI not possible
1248 - GSM MAP Screening rcvd unknown originator
1249 - SCCP rcvd GSM MAP Opcode w/forbidden param
1250 - SCCP rcvd undefined MAP Op-Code
1251 - Measurements data copy failure
1252 - Report generation failure
1253 - Report transfer failure FTP Server

Table 3-7. Unsolicited Information Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Associated Text
1254 - Scheduled transfer failure
1256 - MNP Circular Route Detected
1257 - DB restore has cleared and Disabled PDS
1258 - Map Screening cannot Forward MSU
1259 - Map Screening cannot Duplicate MSU
1260 - LSS: Unsupported TCAP msg type
1261 - LSS: Invalid len in transaction portion
1262 - LSS: Invalid len in dialogue portion
1263 - LSS: Invalid len in component portion
1264 - LSS: No originating transaction ID
1265 - LSS: Invalid transaction ID len
1266 - LSS: Destination transaction ID in Begin
1267 - LSS: No External element
1268 - LSS: No External Object Identifier
1269 - LSS: Not Structured Dialogue
1270 - LSS: No External ASN1-Type
1271 - LSS: No Dialogue Request
1272 - LSS: No Application Context Name
1273 - LSS: No ACN Object Identifier
1274 - LSS: No component portion
1275 - LSS: No Invoke component
1276 - LSS: No Invoke ID
1277 - LSS: No operation code
1278 - LSS: No parameter (set/sequence)
1279 - LSS: Unsupported network type
1280 - LSS: Unsupported SCCP msg type
1281 - LSS: No SCCP CDPA SSN
1282 - LSS: Unsupported SCCP CDPA GTI
1283 - LSS: Unsupported SCCP CGPA RI
1284 - LSS: Unknown SSP PC
1285 - LSS: No SCCP CGPA SSN

Table 3-7. Unsolicited Information Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Associated Text
1286 - LSS: Invalid INAP CalledPartyNumber len
1287 - LSS: Unsupported ACN Object ID len
1288 - LSS: Unsupported operation code
1289 - LSS: No parameter sequence
1290 - LSS: No INAP ServiceKey parameter
1291 - LSS: No INAP CalledPartyNumber param
1292 - LSS: Parameters out of sequence
1293 - LSS: Invalid num of digits in INAP CdPN
1294 - Invalid digits in MAP MSISDN parameter
1295 - Translation PC is EAGLE 5 SAS's
1296 - Translation PC type is ANSI
1297 - Invalid length of prefix/suffix digits
1298 - Updates inhibited: loading stability
1299 - Updates allowed: loading stability
1300 - REPT EVT: Incremental Loading
1301 - SECMTPMATE - rcvd mate PC on non C-link
1302 - SECMTPSID - rcvd MSU with OPC = SID
1303 - SECMTPSNM - no rte to OPC/AFTPC
1304 - SECSCCPSCMG - no rte to AFTPC
1305 - MTP rcvd UPU - User SCCP, Cause invalid
1306 - GSMOPTS: EIR Global Response is ON
1307 - GSMOPTS: EIR Global Response is OFF
1308 - Updates inhibited: Target -Cell CRC Fail
1309 - Updates inhibited: Source-Cell CRC Fail
1310 - System Meas. Limit exceeded for LRN
1311 - System Meas. Limit exceeded for NPANXX
1321 - Eagle RTDB Birthdate Mismatch
1322 - Eagle RTDB Levels Invalid
1323 - Eagle/Elap TN Quantity Mismatch
1324 - Eagle/Elap NPANXX Quantity Mismatch
1325 - Eagle/Elap LRN Quantity Mismatch

Table 3-7. Unsolicited Information Messages (Continued)

Message Reference Number and Associated Text
1326 - Eagle RTDB Depth Alert
1327 - SCS (Redirect) PC Prohibited: Cannot Route
1328 - IDCA not provisioned for network type
1329 - IDCA not reachable for network type
1490 - Telnet terminal connection successful
1491 - Terminal enabled
1492 -Terminal failed
1493 -SSH Host Keys Regenerated
1494 -SSH Host Keys Loaded
1495 - Awaiting LSMS bulk download
1496 - LSMS bulk download in progress
1497 - LSMS bulk download complete
1498 - LSMS bulk download cancelled at LSMS

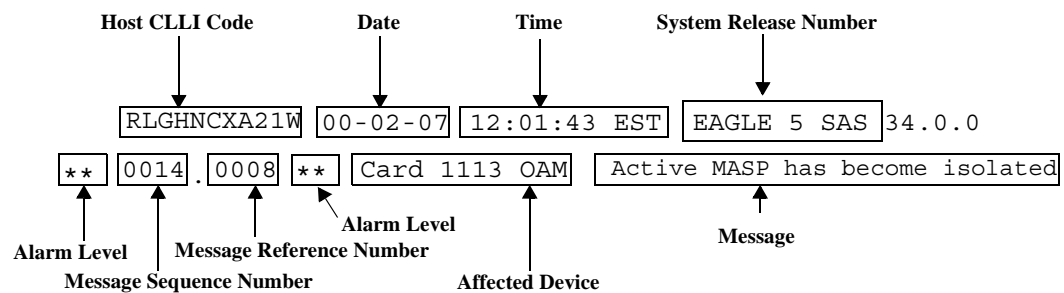
Output Messages

The Eagle 5 SAS generates output messages in response to command input or fault conditions in the Eagle 5 SAS or in the network. The format for these messages is generally uniform. Some messages include additional data.

Network messages provide the text description of the event, and on the lines below the text line, any additional information.

Output Message Format

The following example shows the general format of an output message.



The fields in an output message (shown in the figure above) are described next:

- **Host CLLI code** - a maximum of one alpha character and ten alphanumeric characters. The CLLI code uniquely identifies the system in terms of its physical location. The CLLI code must be unique among all elements in the system.

The **CLLI** code consists of the following:

City = 4 characters

State = 2 characters

Building = 2 characters

Equipment type = 3 characters

- **Date** - year-month-day
- **Time** - hour: minutes: second time zone
- **System Release Number** - contains a system identifier and the version ID number. The system identifier, can be `EAGLE` or `EAGLE5` depending on the product key enabled on the system. The version ID number has the software release specific GPL set that is expected to be installed on the system as approved loads. The format of the version ID number is in the form of *maj.min.maint*, defined as follows:
 - maj** - the major release ID
 - min** - the minor release ID
 - maint** - the maintenance release ID.
- **Alarm Level** - a one or two character indicator of the alarm level, defined as follows:
 - *C** = Critical Alarm
 - **** = Major Alarm
 - *** = Minor Alarm
 - blank** = No Alarm.
- **Message Sequence Number** - This number is an index for all output messages. The number increments sequentially for every message. The output messages originating from the card in location 1113 has a range from 0001 through 4999. The range for location 1115 is 5000 through 9999.
- **Message Reference Number** - Messages that are associated with a specific action are numbered for reference. These messages are defined in this chapter, along with a corrective action.
- **Affected Device** - The device that caused the message to be generated. This generally describes the card type.

Network messages with additional data display the additional lines below the text string and message reference number (MRN). See individual messages for examples of output.

Corrective Maintenance

All network messages are non-alarm and are used to notify the user of network events. There may or may not be a procedure associated with these messages.

UAM/UIM Changes

The following tables detail the changes made to the UAM and UIM messages in recent releases. The tables list by release the UAM/UIM message number and the old and new versions of the message text.

NOTE: All output banners allow 4-digits for the time zone.

EAGLE 5 SAS Release 33.0 UAM/UIM Changes

The following are UAM/UIM messages changed by EAGLE 5 SAS 33.0.

UAM	0043
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	Incorrect feature configuration
UAM	0044
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	Real time clock battery low
UAM	0045
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	Real time clock battery restored
UAM	0078
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	Card temperature above nominal level
UAM	0079
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	Card temperature within nominal levels
UAM	0104
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	Card temperature exceeds high threshold
UAM	0105
Action	Added for HC MIM.

Corrective Maintenance

Old data	Available for reuse
New data	Card temperature within high threshold
UAM	0369
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 unavailable
UAM	0376
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 LOS failure
UAM	0377
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 LOF failure
UAM	0378
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Remote Alarm
UAM	0379
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Alarm
UAM	0380
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	RCVRY-T1F:FAC-T1 available
UAM	0381
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 LOS failure
UAM	0382
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 LOF failure
UAM	0383

Corrective Maintenance

Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 AIS detected
UAM	0384
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 Far End failure
UAM	0385
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 10E-3 BER failed
UAM	0386
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	RCVRY-E1F:FAC-E1 available
UAM	0387
Action	Added for HC MIM.
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 unavailable
UAM	0067
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Port 1 LOS failure
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0068
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Port 1 LOF failure
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0069
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Port 1 Remote Alarm
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0070
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Port 1 Alarm
New data	Available for reuse

Corrective Maintenance

UAM	0071
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	RCVRY-T1F:FAC-T1 Port 1 available
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0072
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Port 2 LOS failure
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0073
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Port 2 LOF failure
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0074
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Port 2 Remote Alarm
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0075
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Port 2 Alarm
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0076
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	RCVRY-T1F:FAC-T1 Port 2 available
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0225
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 Port 1 Far End failure
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0226
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 Port 1 AIS detected
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0227
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 Port 1 LOF failure

Corrective Maintenance

New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0228
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 Port 1 LOS failure
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0229
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 Port 1 10E-3 BER failed
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0230
Action	Changed for HC MIM.
Old data	RCVRY-E1F:FAC-E1 Port 1 available
New data	REPT-LKF: local blocked - thermal
UAM	0460
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 Port 2 Far End failure
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0461
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 Port 2 AIS detected
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0462
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 Port 2 LOF failure
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0463
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 Port 2 LOS failure
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0464
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.
Old data	REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 Port 2 10E-3 BER failed
New data	Available for reuse
UAM	0465
Action	Deleted for HC MIM.

Corrective Maintenance

Old data	RCVRY-E1F:FAC-E1 Port 2 available
New data	Available for reuse

EAGLE 5 SAS Release 34.0/34.1 UAM/UIM Changes

The following are UAM/UIM messages changed by EAGLE 5 SAS 34.0

UAM	0443
Action	RTDB Database Corrupted Alarm Severity needs to be Major
Old data	RTDB database is corrupted
New data	RTDB database is corrupted
UIM	1189
Action	Added for Eagle Release 34.0
Old data	Available for reuse
UIM	1308
Action	Added for Eagle Release 34.0
Old data	Available for reuse
UIM	1309
Action	Added for Eagle Release 34.0
Old data	Available for reuse
UIM	1321
Action	Added for Eagle Release 34.0
Old data	Available for reuse
New Data	Eagle RTDB Birthdate Mismatch
UIM	1322
Action	Added for Eagle Release 34.0
Old data	Available for reuse
New Data	Eagle RTDB Levels Invalid
UIM	1323
Action	Added for Eagle Release 34.0
Old data	Available for reuse
New Data	Eagle/Elap TN Quantity Mismatch
UIM	1324

Action	Added for Eagle Release 34.0
Old data	Available for reuse
New Data	Eagle/Elap TN Quantity Mismatch
UIM	1325
Action	Added for Eagle Release 34.0
Old data	Available for reuse
New Data	Eagle/Elap LRN Quantity Mismatch
UIM	1326
Action	Added for Eagle Release 34.0
Old data	Available for reuse
New Data	Eagle RTDB Depth Alert
UAM	283
Action	Modified for LNP 192 Million
Old data	LNP Ported LRNs exceeds Feat. Capacity
New data	LNP Ported LRNs approaching Feat. Capacity
UAM	284
Action	Modified for LNP 192 Million
Old data	LNP Ported LRNs Capacity Normal
New data	LNP Ported LRNs Capacity Normal
UAM	285
Action	Modified for LNP 192 Million
Old data	LNP Ported NPAs exceeds Feat. Capacity
New data	LNP Ported NPAs approaching Feat. Capacity
UAM	286
Action	Modified for LNP 192 Million
Old data	LNP Ported NPAs Capacity Normal
New data	LNP Ported NPAs Capacity Normal
UAM	442
Action	Modified for LNP 192 Million
Old data	RTDB database capacity is 100% full

Corrective Maintenance

New data	RTDB database capacity is 95% full
UAM	443
Action	Modified for RTDB Database Corrupted Alarm Severity needs to be Major
Old data	RTDB database is corrupted
New data	RTDB database is corrupted
UAM	446
Action	Modified for LNP 192 Million
Old data	RTDB database capacity is 80% full
New data	RTDB database capacity is 80% full
UAM	77
Action	Added for PRs 60228/60229 for Thermal alarms
Old data	Available for reuse
New data	
UAM	78
Action	Added for PRs 60228/60229 for Thermal alarms
Old data	Card temperature above nominal level
New data	
UAM	79
Action	Added for PRs 60228/60229 for Thermal alarms
Old data	Card temperature within nominal levels
New data	

EAGLE 5 SAS Release 34.4 UAM/UIM Changes

The following are UAM/UIM messages changed by EAGLE 5 SAS 34.4

UIM	1327
Action	Added for Eagle Release 34.4
Old data	Available for reuse
New Data	SCS (Redirect) PC Prohibited: Cannot Route
UIM	1328
Action	Added for Eagle Release 34.4

Old data	Available for reuse
New Data	IDCA not provisioned for network type
UIM	1329
Action	Added for Eagle Release 34.4
Old data	Available for reuse
New Data	IDCA not reachable for network type

Alarm Clearing Procedures

After an audible has sounded, it can be silenced by entering the following command:

```
rls-alm:lvl=xxx
```

where **xxx** can be:

minr - Silences a minor alarm

majr - Silences a major alarm

crit - Silences a critical alarm.

All alarm types can be silenced with the following command:

```
rls-alm
```

The *rls-alm* command does not clear visual alarms on the terminals or alarm indicators on the fuse and alarm panel (FAP) or frame panels.

Once an audible alarm is silenced, any new alarm conditions cause the alarm to sound again.

Silencing a specific alarm when a lower level alarm is also present results in the next highest audible alarm level being activated. For example, the system has both critical and major alarms present. When the critical alarm is silenced, the audible major alarm begins to sound.

Retrieve Trouble Report

Application maintenance software is responsible for monitoring trouble on a card. There are three types of troubles or faults:

- Abnormal situation is being reported by software.
- An SS7 message has a problem (an invalid DPC, for example)
- A hardware fault is being reported.

Trouble reports are used by Tekelec Technical Services to help analyze problems with the Eagle 5 SAS system. To help Tekelec Technical Services, retain any printouts of the trouble report. The output of the *rtrv-trbl* command should be reviewed with a member of Tekelec Technical Services. To display the current trouble reports, enter the following command at the system terminal:

```
rtrv-trbl:loc=1115:num=1:mode=c
```

The *mode=c* parameter provides a continuous output of the trouble reports as they occur. The *loc=* parameter specifies the active GPSM-II. The *num* parameter indicates how many trouble reports you want to display.

A typical trouble report looks similar to this:

```
tekelecstp 00-05-15 19:04:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
  Card 1115 Module tc_utl.c Line 1617 Class 1103 Severity 1
    00 02 f6 00 01 23 06 22 05 00
  Report Date 00-05-15 Time19:04:05
```

The trouble reports include:

- Card number
- Module name
- Line number
- Class
- Severity

Hourly Status Message Reports

The system provides hourly reports that include a list of all alarms and any devices that are manually deactivated or inhibited. The report contains the alarms that exist at the time the report is generated. Any alarms that have occurred, and have been cleared in the last hour, are not reported. The hourly status message report is automatically generated at the beginning of each hour (08:00, 09:00, and so forth). The system sends the report to all system terminals that can receive unsolicited program update messages.

The information shown in the hourly status report can also be displayed by entering one or more of the following commands.

NOTE: Systems supporting an ITU network are not configured with the LNP or SEAS features.

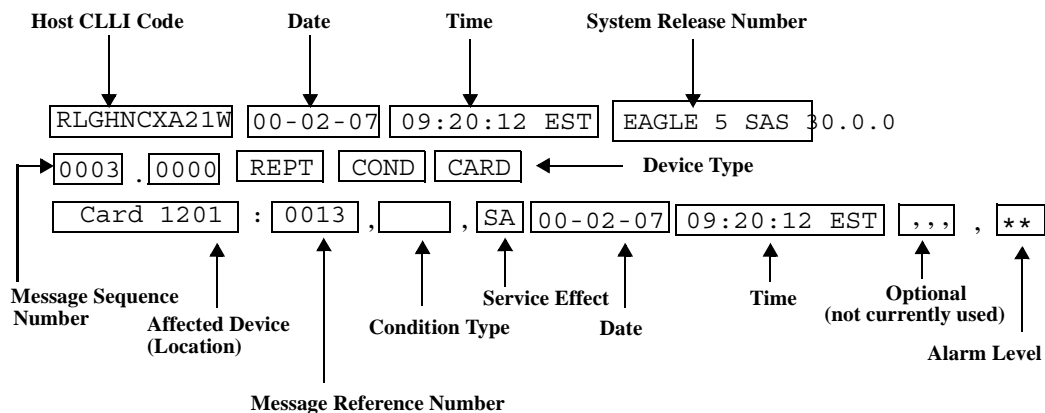
- *rept-stat-alm*: Displays the summary of all alarm counts.
- *rept-stat-card*: When used with the *stat* parameter, displays all cards with the state specified by the *stat* parameter. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for additional information on the use of parameters with this command.
- *rept-stat-cdt*: Displays the customer defined troubles.
- *rept-stat-clk*: Displays the status of the clocks.
- *rept-stat-cluster*: Displays the summary status and statistical information for all configured cluster point codes.
- *rept-stat-db*: When used with the *display=except* parameter, displays the status of the system database by displaying the database level of the cards whose database level does not match the active fixed disk current partition. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for additional information on the use of parameters with this command.
- *rept-stat-dlk*: When used with the *:stat* parameter, displays the status of the TCP/IP data links. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for additional information on the use of parameters with this command.
- *rept-stat-dstn*: When used with the *stat* parameter, displays the destination point codes with the state specified by the *stat* parameter. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for additional information on the use of parameters with this command.
- *rept-stat-dstn*: When used with the *mode=full* parameter, displays the subsystem status. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for additional information on the use of parameters with this command.
- *rept-stat-mps*: Displays in a single report, the overall status of the EPAP (EAGLE 5 SAS Provisioning Application Processor) subsystem.
- *rept-stat-gpl*: Displays the version of the GPL currently being used by an application and which versions of the GPL are the trial and approved versions of that GPL.
- *rept-stat-imt*: Displays the primary, secondary, and associated maintenance states of the IMT buses.
- *rept-stat-lnp*: Displays the status and statistics related to LNP.

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- *rept-stat-ls*: When used with the *stat* parameter, displays the linksets that have the state specified by the *stat* parameter. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for additional information on the use of parameters with this command.
- *rept-stat-sccp*: Displays the status of the TSMs running the SCCP application.
- *rept-stat-seas*: Displays the status of the SEAS subsystem.
- *rept-stat-slan*: Displays the status of the ACMs that make up the STPLAN subsystem.
- *rept-stat-slk*: When used with the *stat* parameter, displays the signaling links that have the state specified by the *stat* parameter. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for additional information on the use of parameters with this command.
- *rept-stat-sys*: Displays the status of these items: alarms, IMT buses, signaling links (both SS7 and X.25 signaling links), linksets, destination point codes (DPCs), the maintenance and administration subsystem (MAS), clocks, TSMs loaded with the SCCP or GLS application, security subsystem, and the SEAS subsystem.
- *rept-stat-trbl*: Displays a report of all the device trouble notifications that are currently logged in the OAM RAM storage area. The severity of each alarm is also identified in the report.
- *rept-stat-trm*: Displays the status of the terminal serial ports.
- *rept-stat-xlist*: Displays the statistics related to the storage of exception list (x-list) entries.

If the message reference number (MRN) field has a null value (no field entry), the device has been manually removed from service (through *inh-card*, *canc-slk*, and so forth). There is no alarm for the device and the condition type is SCMMA (state change due to manual action). The date and time in the report refer to the date and time of the alarm or when the device was removed from service. The format of the output is in Figure 3-5.

Figure 3-5. Format of Hourly Status Message Output



The following is a list of the device types and subsystems (with the ID of the affected device or subsystem) that the hourly status message report displays reports for. For example, if the device type being reported on is **CARD**, then card locations are displayed. Only those device types and subsystems that have disabled devices or alarm conditions are displayed in the hourly status message report. If there is more than one device type or subsystem to display, they are displayed in the following order.

1. **CARD** - the card location
2. **IMT** - the IMT bus A or IMT bus B
3. **BITS** - the BITS clock
4. **TRM** - the terminal port
5. **SLK** - the linkset name and the signaling link code (SLC)
6. **DLK** - the data links
7. **LS** - the linkset name
8. **DPC** - the destination point code
9. **CDT** - the customer defined trouble number
10. **FUSE PNL** - the frame ID of the system
11. **SYSTEM** - system
12. **ALM** - alarms
13. **SYS CLK** - system clock
14. **SYS IMT** - system IMT
15. **SCCP SS** - SCCP subsystem
16. **GLS SS** - GLS subsystem
17. **GPL_SS** - the name of the GPL
18. **SLAN SS** - STP/LAN subsystem
19. **XLIST SS** - XLIST subsystem
20. **SEAS OAP** - the OAP port
21. **SEAS X25** - the SEAS X.25 link port

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22. SEAS SS - SEAS subsystem
23. SECULOG - Security log
24. LNP SS - LNP subsystem
25. LSMS Q.3 Association - Local Services Management System Association
26. LSMS SS - Local Services Management System subsystem
27. HS System CLK - High-Speed system clock
28. EMDC Links - Element Measurement & Data Collection Application Links
29. NDC SS - Network Data Collection subsystem
30. NDC Q.3 Association - Network Data Collection Q.3 association
31. GSM SS - GSM subsystem
32. MPS (ELAP/EPAP) - Multi-Purpose Server
33. DSM Links - Database Services Module
34. INP SS - INP subsystem
35. SECURITY SS - Security subsystem

Within each device type or subsystem being reported, the subsets of the report are displayed in the following order.

1. Disabled Devices
2. Minor Alarms
3. Major Alarms
4. Critical Alarms

The *cond type* field supports five values for this release:

- SCMMA: The device has been disabled due to manual maintenance action. This condition applies regardless of a previous alarm state.
- MTCEINT-0: The reported device is off normal (ANR), but there is no alarm associated with this device. An alarmed condition for another device typically affects the state of this device. For example, out-of-service (OOS) links affect the condition of the linksets.

- **MAN:** The reported device is off-normal (OOS-MT), but there is no alarm associated with this device. The off-normal condition was caused by manual intervention (by entering the ent-dstn command, for example).
- **NULL:** No specific cond type is supported. There is sufficient information to ascertain the device condition from the report. You should use a rept-stat command for further information.
- **INAUDB:** The use has manually inhibited alarms for this device. The time when the device was inhibited is recorded and displayed during the hourly report.

Following is an example of the report:

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-07-16 12:20:12 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
1240.0000 REPT COND CARD
"CARD 1101:0013,,SA,00-07-16,10:03:29,,,,**"
"CARD 1107:,SCMMA,,00-07-16,10:03:29,,,,"
"CARD 1113:0143,,NSA,00-07-16,10:03:29,,,,**"
```

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-07-16 12:20:12 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
1241.0000 REPT COND SLK
"SLK ls1201-0,,NSA,00-07-16,10:03:29,,,,*"
"SLK ls1201-1,,NSA,00-07-16,10:03:30,,,,*"
"SLK ls1202-0,,NSA,00-07-16,10:03:31,,,,*"
"SLK ls1202-1,,NSA,00-07-16,10:03:32,,,,**"
```

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-07-16 12:20:12 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
1242.0000 REPT COND LS
"LS ls1201:,MTCEINT-0,,00-07-16,10:03:29,,,,"
"LS ls1202:0318,,NSA,00-07-16,10:03:29,,,,**"
"LS ls1203:0318,,00-07-16,10:03:29,,,,**"
"LS lxx23 :0318,,NSA,00-07-16,10:03:33,,,,**"
```

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-07-16 12:20:12 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
1243.0000 REPT COND DPC
"DPC 001-001-001:0313,,SA,00-07-16,10:03:29,,,,*C"
"DPC 002-002-002:0313,,SA,00-07-16,10:03:30,,,,*C"
"DPC 003-003-003:0313,,SA,00-07-16,10:03:31,,,,*C"
"DPC 001-005-* :0313,,SA,00-07-16,10:03:32,,,,*C"
"DPC 006-006-006:,MAN,,00-07-16,10:03:32,,,,**"
```

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-07-16 12:20:12 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
1244.0000 REPT COND TRM
"TRM 2: .SCMMA,00-07-16,10:03:29,,,,"
"TRM 3:0048,,NSA,00-07-16,10:03:29,,,,**"
```

Maintenance System Event Logs

The *rtrv-log* command is used to retrieve records from the active or standby event logs generated by the maintenance system. This command selects these records based on a span of time or a specific log file index. There are numerous ways to sort and filter the output. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for details on using the *rtrv-log* command. A sample output follows:

```
rtrv-log:sdate=960715:stime=220000:num=50:SNUM=106:ENUM=350

ncralstp00001 96-07-16 10:15:29 EST Rel XX.X.X
```

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Card 1113; SYS REL= XX.X.X; STP CLLI= ncralstp00001; Timezone= EST

```
****96-07-16 00:23:55****
3161.0200 SLK 1103,B RCVRY-LKF: link available
****96-07-16 01:42:18****
3162.0155 * DLK 2117,A STPLAN Exceeded n unavailable
****96-07-16 01:43:51****
3163.0317 LSET A123456789 RCVRY-LKSTO: linkset allowed
****96-07-16 03:00:23****
3165.0108 ** IMT BUS A Major IMT fault detected
****96-07-16 03:37:59****
3166.0292 *C GLS SYSTEM GLS is not available
****96-07-16 07:22:06****
3167.0313 *C DPC 021-005-000 DPC is prohibited
****96-07-16 09:33:17****
3168.0348 * SEAS SYSTEM SEAS is at minimum service
****96-07-16 09:34:01****
3169.0112 * IMT SYSTEM Major Failures detected on both
****96-07-16 09:35:07****
3170.0160 * CLOCK SYSTEM 1116-S clock failed
****96-07-16 09:36:34****
3171.0160 * CARD 1116 OAM 1116-S clock failed
****96-07-16 09:38:12****
3173.0308 *C SYSTEM Node isolated due to SLK failure
****96-07-16 09:39:56****
3174.0331 *C SCCP SYSTEM SCCP is not available
****96-07-16 09:41:34****
3176.0153 *C SLAN SYSTEM STPLAN not available
****96-07-16 09:43:52****
3178.0344 * SEAS X25 LINK A1 SEAS PVC unavailable
****96-07-16 09:44:18****
3179.0344 * SEAS OAP A SEAS UAL unavailable
****96-07-16 09:45:29****
3180.0321 * XLIST X-LIST occupancy threshold Exceeded
****96-07-16 09:48:48****
3181.0175 * SECURITY 1114 LOGBUFROVL-SECULOG - upload required
;

Report terminated - end of log reached.
END OF LOG REPORT.
;
```

The *rtrv-trbltx* command is used to retrieve alarm and UIM message information including MRN (message reference number), level (for Alarms), Output Group and text.

The default *rtrv-trbltx* report displays all Alarms (in numerical order), and then all UIMs. Using the optional parameters, the capability exists to display a range of Alarms or UIMs, search for Alarms, UIMs or both message types matching a specific Output Group or sort all entries by Output Group. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for details on using the *rtrv-log* command. A sample output follows:

```
rtrv-trbltx:OUTGRP=all

ncralstp00001 03-07-16 10:15:29 EST Rel XX.X.X

Card 1113; SYS REL= XX.X.X; STP CLLI= ncralstp00001; Timezone= EST

Alarm Report
```

```

MRN      LEVEL  OUTPUT GROUP  TEXT
-----
Output Group - SYS
0001    MAJR   SYS          Card has reset
0002    MINR   SYS          Card is not running approved GPL
          :
0912    NONE   SYS          Dynamic database is now consistent
:
Output Group - LINK
0155    MINR   LINK         STPLAN connection unavailable
0156    NONE   LINK         STPLAN connection available
          :
0479    NONE   LINK         Link not Monitored

UIM Report
MRN      OUTPUT GROUP  TEXT
-----
Output Group - SYS
1000          SYS          MTP rcvd UPU - user part is not SCCP
1001          SYS          MTP rcvd Transfer Controlled (TFC)
          :
1499          SYS          Invalid MRN detected
:
Output Group - LINK
13nn          LINK         Example text

END OF RTRV-TRBLTX REPORT.
;

```

Obituaries

An obituary is a set of data that describes the status of the system just before a processor restarted due to a fault in hardware or software. The data includes a register and stack dump of the processor, card location, reporting module number, software code location, and class of the fault detected. In most situations, obituary reports are generated automatically when a card is reset. Obituary reports can also be retrieved manually using the *rtrv-obit* command. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for information on using the *rtrv-obit* command. Obituaries should immediately be reported to Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

To help Tekelec Technical Services, retain any printouts of the obituary. Tekelec Technical Services can use the report to analyze the problem. A typical obituary looks like the following:

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rtrv-obit:loc=1115:num=2

rlghncxa03w 00-03-30 08:43:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0

STH: Received a BOOT 286-obituary reply for 1 restart(s)
Primary: Card 1203 Module 4608 Mod_loc 1 Class 0080

Register Dump :

FL=338e CS=4a9c IP=01c0
AX=0000 CX=0100 DX=21c1 BX=078a
SP=01a6 BP=01a6 SI=0fe4 DI=3ece
DS=dce8 ES=21c1 SS=336b

Stack Dump :

[SP+1E]=3ece [SP+16]=46cc [SP+0E]=0001 [SP+06]=0246
[SP+1C]=078a [SP+14]=dce8 [SP+0C]=4608 [SP+04]=338e
[SP+1A]=078a [SP+12]=078a [SP+0A]=0001 [SP+02]=4a9c
[SP+18]=0100 [SP+10]=336b [SP+08]=0080 [SP+00]=01c0

STH: Received a BOOT 486-obituary reply for 1 restart(s)

Primary: Card 1213 Module 0047 Mod_loc 5 Class 0241

Register Dump :

EFL=00000000 CS =0208 EIP=0003e75f SS =0060
EAX=0009a90b ECX=0009a915 EDX=00000000 EBX=00000000
ESP=000ddaf2 EBP=000ddb6c ESI=00090241 EDI=00141df8
DS =0060 ES =0060 FS =0060 GS =0060

Stack Dump :

[ESP+2E]=0009 [ESP+28]=1df8 [ESP+22]=0000 [ESP+1C]=a915
[ESP+2C]=a90b [ESP+26]=0009 [ESP+20]=0000 [ESP+1A]=0009
[ESP+2A]=0014 [ESP+24]=a8c0 [ESP+1E]=0009 [ESP+18]=a90b

User Data Dump :

0a 06 00 00 46 01 08 04 00 00 00

Report Date:00-03-04 Time:09:19:59

;

Terminal Not Responding

When a terminal is not responding, perform the following procedure:

Procedure

1. Verify the terminal is connected to the MMI port on the back of the control shelf.
 2. Verify the terminal is set up for 7-E-1.
-

- From a working terminal, enter the following command to determine the port connected to the faulty terminal:

```
rtrv-trm
```

Note the port number. From the output message, verify the settings are correct.

If no working terminal is available, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

- Enter the following command to inhibit the terminal failing to respond.

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the terminal that is not responding.

- Enter the following command to re-activate the terminal failing to respond.

```
alw-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the terminal that is not responding. If the terminal fails to respond, go to Step 6.

- Enter the following command to ensure that the other terminal devices are functioning:

```
rept-stat-trm
```

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 09:50:17 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TRM  PST          SST          AST
 1   IS-NR        Active        -----
 2   IS-NR        Active        -----
 3   IS-NR        Active        -----
 4   OOS-MT-DSBLD  MANUAL        -----
 5   IS-NR        Active        -----
 6   IS-NR        Active        -----
 7   IS-NR        Active        -----
 8   IS-NR        Active        -----
 9   IS-NR        Active        -----
10   IS-NR        Active        -----
11   IS-NR        Active        -----
12   IS-NR        Active        -----
13   OOS-MT-DSBLD  MANUAL        -----
14   OOS-MT-DSBLD  MANUAL        -----
15   OOS-MT-DSBLD  MANUAL        -----
16   OOS-MT-DSBLD  MANUAL        -----
Command Completed.
```

- Verify the problem is not with the terminal by swapping terminals with a known good terminal. Make sure the physical connections are firmly seated. If the terminal works, replace the original terminal.
-

Corrective Maintenance

8. If a single terminal is not functioning and you have verified that the terminal is good, the connections are good, and the settings are correct, then from another terminal inhibit the terminal port with the following command:

```
rmv-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the terminal port number (1 through 16).

9. Enable the terminal port with the following command:

```
rst-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the terminal port number (1 through 16).

If this action corrects the problem, you are done with this procedure.

10. If the terminal still does not respond, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

Printer Not Working

Perform the following procedure if the printer is not working.

Procedure

1. Enter the following command to determine the port connected to the faulty printer:

```
rtrv-trm
```

Note the port number. From the output message, verify the settings are correct.

2. Verify the printer is connected, and the power is on. Run a printer test to verify the printer is operational (refer to the printer manual for printer tests). If there is no problem with the printer, continue with Step 3.

If there is a problem with the printer, go to Step 4.

3. Enter the following command to ensure that the other terminal devices are functioning on the TDM in the active MASP:

```
rept-stat-trm
```

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 09:50:17 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TRM  PST          SST          AST
1    IS-NR        Active      -----
2    IS-NR        Active      -----
3    IS-NR        Active      -----
4    OOS-MT-DSBLD  MANUAL     -----
```

```

5      IS-NR          Active      -----
6      IS-NR          Active      -----
7      IS-NR          Active      -----
8      IS-NR          Active      -----
9      IS-NR          Active      -----
10     IS-NR          Active      -----
11     IS-NR          Active      -----
12     IS-NR          Active      -----
13     OOS-MT-DSBLD  MANUAL    -----
14     OOS-MT-DSBLD  MANUAL    -----
15     OOS-MT-DSBLD  MANUAL    -----
16     OOS-MT-DSBLD  MANUAL    -----
Command Completed.

```

4. Verify the problem is not with the printer by swapping printers with a known good printer. Make sure the physical connections are firmly seated. If the printer works, replace the original.
-

5. If a single port is not functioning and it has been verified the printer is good, the connections are good, and the settings are correct, inhibit the printer port with the following command:

```
rmv-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the printer port number (1 through 16).

6. Enable the printer port with the following command:

```
rst-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the terminal port number (1 through 16).

If this action corrects the problem, you are done with this procedure.

7. If none of the ports are active, trying resetting and then reseating the TDM card.
-

8. If the problem persists, replace the TDM card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.
-

9. If the terminal still does not respond, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

10. If only the printer port is inactive, inhibit the printer with the following command:

```
rmv-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the printer number (1 through 16).

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- 11.** Enable the printer with the following command:

```
rst-trm:trm=x
```

If this action corrects the problem, you are done with this procedure. If the problem persists, reseal the TDM card.

- 12.** If reseating the TDM card does not correct the problem, replace the TDM card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.
-

- 13.** If the printer still does not respond, contact Tekelec Technical Services contact at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

Modem Not Working

Using Procomm Plus and a modem connected to a serial port on the system, the system can be accessed the remotely. If there are problems connecting to the modem, perform the following procedure:

Procedure

1. Check the physical connection. The connector to the modem should be an RS-232 connection and firmly seated in both the serial port of the system and the modem.

2. Verify the flow control is set to hardware.

3. Start Procomm Plus and check the modem settings.

The following are possible modem settings for the recommended modem, the Motorola UDS. (Other types of modems may have different settings):

- AT&F0 - Load factory profile and defaults
 - AT&C1 - Make DCD true
 - ATE0 - Disable command echo. If you use this command, you do not see the commands that you enter. Be careful to enter the commands correctly.
 - ATQ1 - Stop the results codes to the terminal
 - AT&W0 - Store profile in memory location 0
 - AT&Y - Select stored profile 0 on power up
-

Remove Removable Cartridge Stuck in Drive on MDAL

Use this procedure to remove a removable cartridge if it becomes stuck in the drive. Verify the data on the disk is correct after performing this procedure.



WARNING: Before performing any maintenance procedures on the system, make sure you wear a wrist strap connected to the wrist strap grounding point of the system.

Procedure

1. The card is located in slot 1117. Push the inject/eject clamps outward from the card's faceplate (top clamp in the "UP" position, bottom clamp in the "DOWN" position). Pull the levers away from the shelf until they are parallel to the floor. Gently pull the card towards you until the card clears the shelf.

Figure 3-6. Push Inject/Eject Clamps Outward



-
2. Use a paper clip or pin to eject the cartridge. Refer to Figure 3-1.
-
3. Open the ejector levers on the replacement card. Carefully align the card's edges with the top and bottom card guides. Then push the card along the length of the card guides until the rear connectors on the card engage the mating connectors on the target shelf backplane.
-



WARNING: Do not impact the faceplate in order to mate the connectors. Any impact to the card's faceplate can damage the faceplate, the pins, or the connectors.

4. Press the left edge of the card's faceplate using constant pressure until you feel the card's progress cease.
-
5. Push in the top and bottom inject/eject clamps. This locks the card in place and ensures a strong connection with the pins on the target shelf backplane.

Figure 3-7. Push in Inject/Eject Clamps



Push in the inject/eject clamps to lock the card in place.

-
6. Record the activity in the site maintenance log.
-

Link Maintenance

Link maintenance covers the proper functionality of a signaling link, from an EAGLE 5 SAS MTP card to a remote NE.

Link Fault Sectionalization

The link fault sectionalization (LFS) feature allows maintenance personnel to perform DSOA link fault sectionalization tests, a series of far end loopback tests, from the system and identify faulty segments of an SS7 transmission path up to and including the remote network element.

The point on the signaling link at which each loopback test ends is the far end loopback point. A far end loopback point is achieved when the remote link element sends the received data back to the transmitter, allowing the transmitter to verify the received data. The remote link elements are shown in Table 3-8.

Table 3-8. Remote Link Element types

Element	Description	Valid for the Latching Link Fault Sectionalization Test?	Valid for the Non-latching Link Fault Sectionalization Test?
DSO	DSO Dataport	yes	no
OCU	OCU Dataport	yes*	yes
CSU	CSU Dataport	yes*	yes
DSU	DSU Dataport	yes*	yes
NEI	Network Element Interface	yes	no
* The OCU, CSU and DSU must be strapped or optioned to support latching link fault sectionalization loopback.			

The loopback point is moved along the signaling link path until the point is in the far end network element. Therefore, each loopback point along the link requires the initiation of one link fault sectionalization test on the SS7 LIM.

The link fault sectionalization test types for loopback tests are shown in Table 3-9.

Table 3-9. Link Fault Sectionalization Test Types

Link Fault Sectionalization Test Types	Description
Latching link fault sectionalization test (LLT-auto)	A loopback point is established using signaling commands and remains until it is removed by signaling commands.
Latching link fault sectionalization test (LLT-man)	A loopback point is established by manual means and remains until it is removed by manual means.

Table 3-9. Link Fault Sectionalization Test Types

Link Fault Sectionalization Test Types	Description
Non-latching link fault sectionalization test (NLT)	A loopback command is interleaved with the test data.

The SS7 LIM must be powered up and in service with the signaling link deactivated (OOS-MT-DSBLD) before starting the link fault sectionalization tests. No signaling traffic is on the signaling link by the SS7 LIM while the link is performing a link fault sectionalization test.

The system supports a maximum of 32 remote link elements for each SS7 link.

The system allows a maximum of 1024 SS7 simultaneous LFS tests.

Hardware Configuration

The link fault sectionalization feature requires LIM hardware configured as shown in Table 3-11. The test data is guaranteed to be a continuous data stream, and the commands provide the ability to put any element in the link into latched loopback.

The test data is provided is shown in Table 3-10. The data stream sent is verified against the data stream received and a bit error count is updated. If the bit error count is 255 or greater in one second period, the value of the bit error count remains at 255, does not overflow and the test is terminated.,

Table 3-10. Link Fault Sectionalization Test Patterns

Test Pattern	Data	Description
B2047	N/A	2047-bit Bert pattern sent until it is terminated by software.
B2047 Non Latching	N/A	2047-bit Bert pattern sent interleaved with loopback command until it is terminated by software.
B511	N/A	511-bit Bert pattern sent until it is terminated by software.
B511 Non latching	N/A	511-bit Bert pattern sent interleaved with loopback command until it is terminated by software.
OCTET	default =h'32	A continuous series of the specified octet data is sent until it is terminated by software. (Latching only)
ALTERNATE	default = h'FF	A count of 100 octets of the specified data followed by 100 octets of 0 is sent alternating until it is terminated by software. (Latching only)

Corrective Maintenance

LFS tests initiated by the EAGLE 5 SAS are used to test the functionality of a signaling link (SLK) from an EAGLE 5 SAS MTP card through multiple channel banks to a remote Network Element. The number of simultaneous tests that can be run on a specific card are shown in parenthesis () in Table 3-11. The maximum number of simultaneous tests for a card is determined by hardware type. Table 3-11 shows the relationship between hardware type and LFS support. A key for the values follows:

NV indicates APPL is not valid for the given hardware.

No indicates LFS testing is not supported for this combination of hardware, provisioned type, and provisioned application.

Yes indicates LFS testing is supported (max tests per card is shown in parenthesis)
Table 3-11. Hardware/Card/APPL LFS Support

Hardware	Provisioned Type	Provisioned Application	
		SS7ANSI	CCS7ITU
LIM-DS0	LIM-DS0	No	No
LIM-OCU	LIM-OCU	No	No
LIM-V35	LIM-V35	No	No
LIM-AINF	LIM-DS0	Yes (1)	Yes (1)
	LIM-OCU	No	No
	LIM-V35	No	No
LIM-ILA	LIM-DS0	Yes (1)	Yes (1)
	LIM-OCU	No	No
	LIM-V35	No	No
EILA	Yes (1)	Yes (1)	Yes (1)
	Yes (8)	No	No
	LIM-V35	No	No
MPL	LIM-DS0	Yes (1)	NV
MPL-T	LIM-DS0	Yes (8)	NV
LIM-E1	LIME1	No	No
E1/T1 MIM	LIME1	No	No
	LIMT1	Yes (8)	Yes (8)
	LIMCH*	Yes (8)	Yes (8)
HC MIM	LIME1	No	No
	LIMT1	Yes (64)	Yes (64)
*If associated parent card is LIMT1			

Test Indicators

Two indicators are used by the *rept-stat-slk* and *rept-stat-ls* commands to show whether the signaling link has a far end loopback condition and if a link fault sectionalization test is in progress.

When the signaling link is in a far end loopback condition:

- The primary state (PST) is *OOS-MT-DSBLD*.
- The secondary state (SST) is *LPBK*.
- The associate state (AST) is *FE*.

When a link fault sectionalization test is in progress:

- The primary state (PST) is *OOS-MT-DSBLD*.
- The secondary state (SST) is *LPBK*.
- The associate state (AST) is *LFS*.

When both the signaling link is in a far end loopback condition and a link fault sectionalization test is in progress:

- The primary state (PST) is *OOS-MT-DSBLD*.
- The secondary state (SST) is *LPBK*.
- The associate state (AST) is *FE-LFS*.

Test Report

Test results are displayed to the terminal when the link fault sectionalization tests have completed. The following is an example of a link fault sectionalization test report.

```

RLGHNCXA03W 96-04-16 16:02:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
LOC = 1205 Port = B LSN = ----- Start time = 11:10:34

PATTERN = ALTERNATE DATA= FF MAXERR = 10 TIME = 00:02:00

TEST STATUS = ERROR, bit error exceeded threshold.

LBP  CLLI          RLE  REP  LFST  BIT_ERROR  ERRORED_SEC  DURATION
2    rlghncxa05w  DSO  0    LLT   0           0           00:02:00
3    -----  OCU  0    NLT   8           2           00:02:00
5    -----  NEI  0    LLT  15           1           00:01:20
    
```

LFS Test Details

EAGLE 5 SAS Initiated LFS Loopback Test Details

Loopback Test Type: EAGLE 5 SAS initiated Level 1 DS0 LFS test

Link State: Link is down.

Equipment tested: Level 1 element(s) in a signaling path.

Corrective Maintenance

Purpose: Test the error rates of a signaling path.

Description: Sends loopback code to establish loopback and then performs BERT test for a specified period of time.

Typical use: To validate signaling path has acceptable error rate.

Testing Limits: 1024 concurrent link tests per system.

Remote Initiated LFS Loopback Test Details

Loopback Test Type: Remote Loopback FAR END initiated DS0 LFS test.

Link State: Link can be up or down.

Equipment tested: Near end H/W up to level 2 (LXVR) and far end H/W level 1 interface.

Purpose: Auto-loopback a BERT test to the far end.

Description: When receiving a loopback code, deactivate the link and go into loopback.

Typical use: Used to remotely test the far end with standard DS0 BERT tests.

Testing Limits: No limit on number of cards.

The link fault sectionalization feature uses the following commands:

- *ent-lbp* — add link fault sectionalization test data to the database.
- *chg-lbp* — change existing link fault sectionalization test data in the database.
- *dlt-lbp* — remove link fault sectionalization test data from the database.
- *rtrv-lbp* — display link fault sectionalization test data in the database.
- *act-lbp* — start a link fault sectionalization test.
- *dact-lbp* — stop a link fault sectionalization test.
- *rept-stat-lfs* — generates a report of all links that are under test.

The link fault sectionalization data is configured in the database using the parameters shown in Table 3-12.

Table 3-12. Link Fault Sectionalization Data Entry Parameters

Link Fault Sectionalization Data Entry Parameters	Description
Card Location	SS7 LIM card location
Port Number	Port a or b, and a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3 on the MPL
Loopback Point Number	Identifies the remote link element for setting the loopback point. Value is from 1 to 32.
CLLI	Description of the remote link element

Table 3-12. Link Fault Sectionalization Data Entry Parameters

Link Fault Sectionalization Data Entry Parameters	Description
Remote Link Element Type	The remote element type from Table 3-8.
Repetition Count	A repetition of the same element type in the link path. This is needed for configuring the link element as a latched loopback point. The value is from 0 to 31.
Link Fault Sectionalization Test Type	Link fault sectionalization test type from Table 3-9 (LFS-man not supported for the database)

Use the *act-lbp* command to start one or a sequence of link fault sectionalization tests. The data stream sent is verified against the data stream received and the bit error counts and block error counts are displayed when the test completes.

The link fault sectionalization test parameters are described in Table 3-13. If either the remote link element type, repetition count, or link fault sectionalization test type are specified with the *act-lbp* command, they must all be specified and the loopback point number parameter is ignored. Otherwise the values for remote link element type, repetition count, or link fault sectionalization test type are read from the data entered with the *ent-lbp* command using the loopback point number parameter value. The test data parameter is only valid for test patterns OCTET and ALTERNATE.

If all LBPs are selected for the loopback point number parameter, a sequential test of the LBPs, as entered in the database with the *ent-lbp* command for that signaling link, is performed until the entire signaling link has been tested. When performing a test with all LBPs, the test is aborted with the first failed test.

The test is stopped because the amount of time for the test has expired, if the bit error threshold has been exceeded, or if the number of bit errors in a one second period is 255 or greater. The time duration parameter specifies the maximum time duration for one link fault sectionalization loopback point test. The default value is one second (00:00:01) and the maximum value that can be entered is 24 hours (24:00:00). The bit error threshold parameter specifies the maximum number of bit errors allowed for one link fault sectionalization loopback point test. The default value is 56 errors and the maximum value that can be entered is 4,838,400 (24 hours x 56 errors per second).

Table 3-13. Link Fault Sectionalization Test Parameters

Parameters	Description
Card Location	SS7 LIM card location
Port /Link Number	Signaling link id a to a31 and b to b31
Loopback Point Number	The remote link element for setting the loopback point. Value is from 1 to 32, or if this parameter is not specified, all LBPs are selected.

Corrective Maintenance

Table 3-13. Link Fault Sectionalization Test Parameters

Parameters	Description
Remote Link Element Type	The remote element type from Table 3-8.
Repetition Count	A repetition of the same element type in the link path. The value is from 0 to 31.
Link Fault Sectionalization Test Type	Link fault sectionalization test type from Table 3-9.
Time duration	Time for one loopback point in hours, minutes, and seconds (hh:mm:ss). The value is from 00:00:01 to 24:00:00. The default value is 1 second (00:00:01).
Error threshold	Bit error threshold. The value is from 0 to 4838400. The default value is 56.
Test pattern	The test pattern from Table 3-10. The default value is B2047.
Test data	The octet to be used for test pattern OCTET or ALTERNATE only.

The *dact-lbp* command stops the link fault sectionalization test in progress and cancels any pending link fault sectionalization tests for the SS7 link. The pending tests are the next sequential LBPs for the SS7 signaling link when an entire link test was initiated.

Link Maintenance Enhancements

The Link Maintenance Enhancements feature covers the following areas:

- Allows the operator to force a card into loopback. Without this enhancement, a card will go in and out of loopback as determined by loopback codes sent by the far end.
- *tst-slk* enhancements for ATM customers. The loopback parameters for ATM cards in the *tst-slk* command act in a similar fashion as the *act-lbp* command for standard DS0 loopbacks. Other *tst-slk* enhancements not specifically related to ATM are also provided.

Command Driven Loopback

Command Driven Loopback (CDL) is the ability to locally drive a signaling link into a manual line loopback. The data received on the signaling link is echoed (transmitted) back. Commands are used to provide this capability on an individual signaling link basis. CDL allows loopback testing of a signaling link when either far-end initiated loopbacks are prevented or when a constant loopback state is desired. This command driven setting of loopback is similar in functionality to a remote initiated loopback. Table 3-14 shows a breakdown of support for Command Driven Loopback based on the MTP card type. Figure 3-8 shows a conceptual view of a signaling links network connections. Local transceiver (LXVR) is a *tst-slk* initiated test in which the line transmit is looped back to the line receive internal to the card. CDL is "LXVR in reverse", the line receive is looped back to the line transmit.

Table 3-14. Command Driven Loopback Support

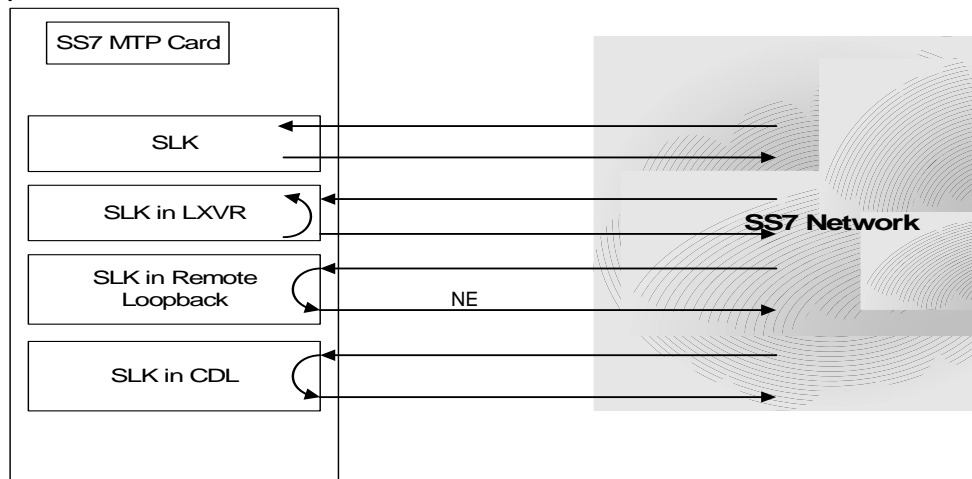
MTP Card Type	Supported	MTP Card Type	Supported
Pre-AINF	No	T1-ATM	Yes
AINF (DSO, V35, OCU)	Yes	T1 MIM (Channel)	Yes
MPL (DSO)	Yes	E1 MIM (Channel)	Yes
LIM-E1	NO	IPLIM	No
E1-ATM	Yes	IPGTWY	NO

Test Indicators

If an MTP card boots, then all links on this card, by default, are not in CDL. A link in CDL is persistent across an OAM switchover. Signaling links must be inhibited (OOS-MT-DSBLD) to perform command driven loopback. Signaling links in CDL have the following conditions:

- The primary state (PST) is *OOS-MT-DSBLD*.
- The secondary state (SST) is *LPBK*.
- The associate state (AST) is *CDL*.

Figure 3-8. Signaling Link Network Connections



Test Signaling Link

The *tst-slk* command is used to flush out intermittent link problems that are not captured with the one shot testing. The *tst-slk* command allows for duration tests up to 24 hours, stopping of an in-progress test, and forcing the execution of a test. The *tst-slk* command is grouped into two categories, message based tests and hardware-based tests.

The SLTC and OAM tests are message based. These tests involve sending a message to the far end and expecting an appropriate reply. The LXVR, LINE, and PAYLOAD tests are hardware-based. These tests involve setting hardware registers and after an appropriate duration resetting hardware registers. To prevent overloading of a signaling link, message based tests are delayed 1 to 10 seconds between receipt of an appropriate reply and sending of the next test message. Table 3-15 shows a breakdown of support for each *tst-slk* test based on MTP card.

Table 3-15. *tst-slk* Support

MTP Card Type	<i>tst-slk</i> Test				
	SLTC	LXVR	OAM	LINE	PAYLOAD
OCU	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
V.35	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
MPL (DSO)	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
LIM-E1	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
E1-ATM	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
T1-ATM	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
T1 MIM (Channel)	Yes	No	No	No	No

Table 3-15. *tst-slk* Support (Continued)

MTP Card Type	<i>tst-slk</i> Test				
	SLTC	LXVR	OAM	LINE	PAYLOAD
E1 MIM (Channel)	Yes	No	No	No	No
IPLIM	Yes	No	No	No	No
IPGTWY	No	No	No	No	No
E1 HC MIM	Yes	No	No	No	No
T1 HC MIM	Yes	No	No	No	No

Test Signaling Links Test (*tst-slk*) Indicators

Signaling links performing *tst-slk* commands have a secondary state of LPBK, and an associated state corresponding to the type of loopback (SLTC, OAM, LXVR, PAYLOAD, LINE). The link must be OOS-MT-DSBLD for LXVR, PAYLOAD, and LINE tests.

If an OAM switchover occurs, while the *tst-slk* command is running, the test is aborted. If an MTP card with an active test boots then the test is aborted.

Test E1 and T1 Ports

The *tst-e1* and *tst-t1* commands initiate loopback testing of the specified E1 and T1 ports on the HC MIM card. There are 8 physical ports on the HC MIM card. This *tst-e1/t1* command is not used for any other MTP card type. Table 3-16 shows a breakdown of support for each *tst-e1/t1* test based on MTP card.

Table 3-16. *tst-e1/tst-t1* Support

MTP Card Type	<i>tst-e1/t1</i> Test	
	LXVR	LINE
E1 HC MIM	Yes	Yes
T1 HC MIM	Yes	Yes

Test E1/T1 Port (*tst-e1/t1*) Indicators

Signaling links performing *tst-e1/t1* commands have a secondary state of LPBK, and an associated state corresponding to the type of loopback (LXVR, LINE).

If an OAM switchover occurs, while the *tst-e1/t1* command is running, the test is aborted. If an MTP card with an active test boots then the test is aborted.

tst-slk* and *tst-e1/t1* Loopback Test DetailsSLTC Loopback Test Details*

Loopback Test Type: SLTC (EAGLE 5 SAS initiated Level 3 SS7 SLT).

Corrective Maintenance

Link State: Link is up.

Equipment tested: Near and far end up to Level 3.

Purpose: Test the entire path to the far end at Level 3.

Description: This will send an SLTM out and expects an SLTA back.

Typical use: To validate connectivity of a signaling path.

Testing Limits: 1024 concurrent link tests per system.

OAM Loopback Test Details

Loopback Test Type: OAM (EAGLE 5 SAS initiated Level 1 ATM test).

Link State: Link is down.

Equipment tested: Near and far end level 1 S/W and H/W including all hardware on the cards.

Purpose: Test the entire near and far end level 1 H/W by exchanging ATM cells.

Description: Sends OAM cells out to far end for 60 seconds if no errors, 2 minutes when errors are received.

Typical use: Verifies ATM cells can be exchanged between 2 signaling points.

Testing Limits: 1024 concurrent link tests per system.

LINE Loopback Test Details

Loopback Test Type: LINE (EAGLE 5 SAS initiated Level 1-2 ATM test)

Link State: Link is down.

Equipment tested: Near end H/W up to level 2 (LXVR) and far end H/W level 1 interface.

Purpose: H/W continuity check between near and far end.

Description: The following steps occur:

- a. Device under test (DUT) sends T1 bit oriented code (BOC) to remote device.
- b. Remote device receives BOC and programs hardware.
- c. DUT attempts level 2 alignment.
- d. If link aligns (level 2), test passes, else test fails.
- e. DUT sends BOC to remote device to remove loopback.
- f. Remote device receives BOC and re-programs hardware.

NOTE: If the DUT boots in the middle of the sequence, the remote device needs to have the link activated/de-activated and it will return to the original programming.

Typical use: Used for a link in line timing to check continuity from the near end level 2 H/W to the level 1 interface at the far end.

Testing Limits: 1024 concurrent link tests per system.

PAYLOAD Loopback Test Details

Loopback Test Type: PAYLOAD (EAGLE 5 SAS initiated Level 1-2 ATM test)

Link State: Link is down.

Equipment tested: Near end H/W up to level 2 (LXVR) and far end H/W level 1 interface.

Purpose: H/W continuity check between near and far end.

Description: The following steps occur:

- a. Device under test (DUT) sends T1 bit oriented code (BOC) to remote device.
- b. Remote device receives BOC and programs hardware.
- c. DUT attempts level 2 alignment.
- d. If link aligns (level 2), test passes, else test fails.
- e. DUT sends BOC to remote device to remove loopback.
- f. remote device receives BOC and re-programs hardware.

NOTE: If the DUT boots in the middle of sequence, the remote device needs to have the link activated/de-activated and it will return to the original programming

Typical use: Used for a link in master timing to check continuity from the near end level 2 H/W to the level 1 interface at the far end.

Testing Limits: 1024 concurrent link tests per system.

LXVR Loopback Test Details

Loopback Test Type: LXVR (EAGLE 5 SAS initiated Level 1 Internal card loopback)

Link State: Link is down.

Equipment tested: Local card.

Purpose: Test the near end card only.

Description: This tests the near end card up through level 2.

Typical use: To validate the Card on the EAGLE 5 SAS as good.

Testing Limits: 1024 concurrent link tests per system.

Link Maintenance Enhancements Commands

Corrective Maintenance

The link maintenance enhancements feature utilizes the following commands:

- *act-cdl* — this command initiates a command driven loopback for testing a signaling link.
- *dact-cdl* — this command deactivates a previously initiated Command Driven Loopback if active. If not, it will attempt to clear both near-end and far-end latched loopback points.
- *rept-stat-cdl* — this command generates a report of the signaling links currently in command driven loopback (along with the amount of time the link has been in CDL).

```
tekelecstp 96-04-16 16:02:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.05
SLK      CDL      CDL-TIME
1102,A1  LINE      00:04:01
1201,A   PAYLOAD   01:04:11
1203,A   LINE      00:22:21
1203,B   LINE      20:04:01
1208,A   LINE      01:05:22
1211,A   PAYLOAD   00:14:01
```

- *tst-slk* — this command provides several methods for testing SLKs.
- *rept-stat-tstslk* — this command generates a report of the status of the MTP signaling links currently under test. The report includes the type of test and the elapsed time for the test. A sample output follows:

```
tekelecstp 96-04-16 16:02:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SLK      LOOPBACK  MAX-TIME  TEST-TIME
1102,A1  SLTC      01:00:00  00:04:01
1201,A   OAM       02:00:00  01:04:11
1203,A   LXVR      00:50:00  00:22:21
1203,B   LXVR      24:00:00  20:04:01
1208,A   PAYLOAD   01:10:00  01:05:22
1211,A   LINE      21:30:00  00:14:01
```

- *tst-e1* — this command initiates the testing of E1 Ports. The loopback parameter on this command is used to select local transceiver (lxvr) and line loopback tests. This command is rejected if a loopback test is not compatible with the port type. This command is only supported on HC MIM hardware.
- *tst-t1* — this command initiates the testing of T1 Ports. The loopback parameter on this command is used to select local transceiver (lxvr) and line loopback tests. This command is rejected if a loopback test is not compatible with the port type. This command is only supported on HC MIM hardware.

Power Down of In-Service System



WARNING: This procedure will isolate the system and put the network in a degraded mode. Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number before any part of this procedure is performed.
Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.

To minimize the impact on the rest of the network during power up, proper network planning must be performed. This requires having the MTP Restart Feature configured on the system. This power down procedure does not require any special configuration on the system. This procedure should be performed in emergency situations or with prior planning assistance from Tekelec Technical Services. Terminal access to the system is required to deactivate the links. If there is no terminal access to the system, proceed to Step 19.

Procedure

1. If this is an emergency power down, proceed with Step 11. Otherwise continue with Step 2.
-

2. Enter the following command to check the operational status of the database:

rept-stat-db

If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

3. Enter the following command to backup the database on the fixed disk:

chg-db:action=backup:dest=fixed

This command takes a minimum of 2 minutes to execute. It may take longer depending on other system activity that is in progress when this command is entered.

Corrective Maintenance

4. Verify that the databases of both MASPs are coherent by entering the following command:

rept-stat-db

The following is an example of the output from a coherent database.

```
> rept-stat-db
```

Command Accepted - Processing

```
oflnmoxallw 00-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
```

```
rept-stat-db
```

```
Command entered at terminal #4.
```

```
;
```

```
oflnmoxallw 00-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
```

```
DATABASE STATUS: >> OK <<
```

TDM 1114 (STDBY)				TDM 1116 (ACTV)			
	C	LEVEL	TIME LAST BACKUP		C	LEVEL	TIME LAST BACKUP
FD BKUP	Y	342256	00-10-07 00:40:29 CDT	FD BKUP	Y	342256	00-10-07 00:40:29 CDT
FD CRNT	N	342374		FD CRNT	Y	342375	
MDAL 1117				-----			

If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

-
5. Insert a pre-formatted (for system data) removable cartridge into the removable cartridge drive on the MDAL card.

Reference: Chapter 2, Preventive Maintenance

Continue with Step 6.

-
6. Enter the following command to create a backup of the database on the removable cartridge:

```
chg-db:action=backup:dest=remove
```

-
7. Verify that the databases on the removable cartridge (RD BKUP) and the current partition of the active MASP (FD CRNT) are coherent by entering the following command:

rept-stat-db

The following is an example of the output from a coherent database.

```
> rept-stat-db

Command Accepted - Processing

      oflnmoxallw 00-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
      rept-stat-db
      Command entered at terminal #4.
;

oflnmoxallw 00-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
DATABASE STATUS: >> OK <<
      TDM 1114 ( STDBY)                TDM 1116 ( ACTV )
      C  LEVEL    TIME LAST BACKUP    C  LEVEL    TIME LAST BACKUP
      - - - - -
      FD BKUP  Y  32256    00-10-07 00:40:29 CDT  Y  32256    00-10-07 00:40:29 CDT
      FD CRNT  N  32374
      MDAL 1117
      - - - - -
```

If necessary, refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

-
- 8. Remove the removable cartridge from the removable cartridge drive on the MDAL card

Reference: Chapter 2, Preventive Maintenance

- 9. Make an entry in the site maintenance log that a backup was performed.
-

- 10. Enter the following command to verify the status of the mate Eagle 5 SAS:

rept-stat-trbl

If there is any trouble or abnormal condition, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.

- 11. Enter the following command to retrieve the linksets.

rtrv-ls

- 12. Enter the following command to retrieve the links.

rtrv-slk

- 13. Enter the following command to deactivate all E-links. Use the outputs from Step 11 and Step 12.

dact-slk:loc=xxx:port=y

where xxx is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system and y is the port number on the card specified in the loc parameter.

Corrective Maintenance

- 14.** Enter the following command to deactivate all A-links. Use the outputs from Step 11 and Step 12.

```
dact-slk:loc=xxx:port=y
```

where *xxx* is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system and *y* is the port number on the card specified in the *loc* parameter.

- 15.** Enter the following command to deactivate all B-links. Use the outputs from Step 11 and Step 12.

```
dact-slk:loc=xxx:port=y
```

where *xxx* is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system and *y* is the port number on the card specified in the *loc* parameter.

- 16.** Enter the following command to deactivate all D-links. Use the outputs from Step 11 and Step 12.

```
dact-slk:loc=xxx:port=y
```

where *xxx* is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system and *y* is the port number on the card specified in the *loc* parameter.

- 17.** Enter the following command to deactivate all C-links. Use the outputs from Step 11 and Step 12.

```
dact-slk:loc=xxx:port=y
```

where *xxx* is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system and *y* is the port number on the card specified in the *loc* parameter.

- 18.** Enter the following command to verify all links on the system are **oos-mt**. Repeat Step 13 through Step 17 for any links not having the proper status.

```
rept-stat-slk
```

- 19.** Pull the fuses or open the breaker at the customer power distribution frame to turn off power to the system.
-

Power Up of the System



WARNING: If the reason for the EAGLE 5 SAS Power Off is unknown or if damage to the EAGLE 5 SAS is suspected, do not perform this procedure. Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number. Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.

Procedure

1. Verify that there is no cartridge in the MDAL card. If there is a cartridge in the MDAL, replace the MDAL card with a spare MDAL card without a cartridge. If the spare MDAL card has a cartridge installed, remove the MDAL card. This power up will take place without a MDAL card installed.

2. At the power distribution frame, insert fuses or close the breaker to restore power to the system. All frames with the Eagle 5 SAS shelves must be powered up. Links that were deactivated during the power down are automatically activated during the power up.

3. Enter the following commands to monitor the system during the power-up


```
rept-stat-card
rept-stat-slk
rept-stat-trbl
```

 Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number if there is any trouble or abnormal condition during system recovery
 Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.

4. Install MDAL card and remove removable cartridge, if necessary.

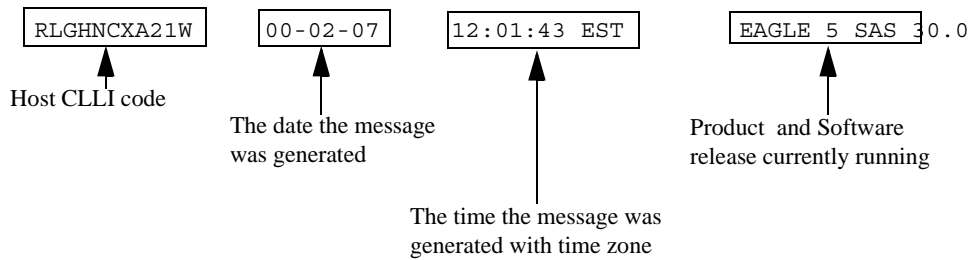
UAM and UIM Troubleshooting Procedures

The following procedures are listed by message reference number (MRN). Locate the message reference number in the output message on your screen, find the MRN in this chapter, and follow the procedure to troubleshoot the problem.

NOTE: The outputs in the following procedures are examples. Some outputs have several variations. In most cases only one variation is shown.

If a linkset is in *test mode*, any GWS failure UIMs are reported, but the failed traffic is still switched through. The UIM displays a line identifying the test mode state. A linkset in test mode performs the GWS action, but does not screen out MSUs which do not pass screening. The GWSM action is on and the GWSA or GWS Activated action is off.

The system header information in the example outputs include the following information:



0001 - Card has reset

Description

This could have been the result of a manual reset, or software reset. If the system software detects trouble with a card, the processors on the card (application or communication processors) are reset by software. The system software is responsible for this function.

Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 94-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0001 ** CARD 1113 OAM Card has reset
```

Alarm Level

Major

Procedure

1. The system recovers from this condition by reloading the card software. If the card continually resets, replace the affected card.

The recovery message sequence should be similar to:

```
** 0057.0001 ** CARD 1201 SS7ANSI Card has reset
0058.0096 CARD 1201 SS7ANSI Card has been reloaded
0059.0236 SLK 1201,A nc00027 REPT-LKF: not aligned
0060.0236 SLK 1201,B nc00027 REPT-LKF: not aligned
0061.0200 SLK 1201,A nc00027 RCVRY-LKF: link available
0062.0200 SLK 1201,B nc00027 RCVRY-LKF: link available
```

2. If the card resets without explanation or continues to reset, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

NOTE: See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.

0002 - Card is not running approved GPL

Description

This alarm indicates a card or cards are running a generic program load (GPL) other than the approved GPL. This is determined by a system audit, which compares the GPL running on each card with the approved version for each card type. If any card(s) are running a GPL other than its approved GPL, an alarm is created. Only one alarm for each card application is displayed.

Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 94-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0002 * GPL SYSTEM EOAM Card is not running approved GPL
```

NOTE: There are three procedures for this output. Choose the procedure based on the GPL System indicated in the alarm message. Refer to the following to help determine the correct procedure:

1. The Procedure for all cards without Flash Memory should be used if the following are indicated in the output as the GPL System.

SS7ANSI	VXWSLAN
CCS7ITU	EMDC
SCCP	IPLIM
VSCCP	SS7IPGW
GLS	IPGWI
EOAM	IPLIMI
SS7GX25	SS7ANSI
STPLAN	CCS7ITU
IMT	IPS
ATMANSI	MCP
EBDABLM	EROUTE
EBDADCM	ATMITU
SS7ML	SS7HC

2. The Procedure for cards with Flash Memory (Except HMUX and HIPR) should be used if the following are indicated in the output as the GPL System.

BLBIOS	BPMPPL
BLCPLD	BPMPPLT
BLDIAG	BPHCAPT
BLVXW	IMTPCI
BPHCAP	PLDE1T1
BPDCM	PLDPMC1

3. The Procedure for HMUX and HIPR cards should be used if the following are indicated in the output as the GPL System.

BPHMUX	HIPR
--------	------

Alarm Level

Minor

Procedure for all cards without Flash Memory



CAUTION: This procedure causes the identified card to reload, and should be used only during periods of low traffic or the maintenance window.

1. Enter the following command to verify the GPLs running for the card identified in the output.

```
rept-stat-gpl:gpl=xxxxxxx
```

where **xxxxxxx** is the GPL identified in the output.

Following is an example of the output

```
tekelecstp 03-07-03 16:53:23 EST EAGLE5 32.0.0-55.0.0
GPL Auditing ON

GPL      CARD      RUNNING      APPROVED      TRIAL
SS7HC    1203      025-015-001 ALM    025-015-000  -----
```

NOTE: Mismatched GPLs should occur only during upgrades or running a trial GPL.

2. Verify GPL Auditing is ON. If not, enter the following command:

```
chg-gpl:audit=on
```

3. Enter the following command to reload the card:

```
init-card:loc=xxxx
```

where **xxxx** is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the Eagle 5 SAS.

NOTE: Wait for the card to finish loading before continuing.

4. Enter the following command to verify the approved GPLs match the running GPLs:

```
rept-stat-gpl:gpl=xxxxxxx
```

where **xxxxxxx** is the GPL identified in the output.

5. If the GPLs match, you have completed this procedure.
If the GPLs do not match, continue with Step 6.
-

6. Enter the following command to determine which cards are in alarm condition (indicated by the acronym ALM in the *rept-stat-gpl* display):

```
rept-stat-gpl
```

7. Note which cards are in an alarm condition and call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

Procedure for cards with Flash Memory (Except HMUX and HIPR)



CAUTION: This procedure causes the identified card to reload, and should be used only during periods of low traffic or the maintenance window.

1. Enter the following command to verify the GPLs running for the card identified in the output.

```
rept-stat-gpl:gpl=xxxxxxx
```

where **xxxxxxx** is the GPL identified in the output.

Following is an example of the output

```
tekelecstp 03-07-03 16:53:23 EST EAGLE5 34.0.0-55.0.0
GPL Auditing ON

GPL          CARD          RUNNING          APPROVED          TRIAL
BLCPLD      1203          025-015-001 ALM  025-025-000  -----
```

NOTE: Mismatched GPLs should occur only during upgrades or running a trial GPL.

2. Verify GPL Auditing is **ON**. If not enter the following command:

```
chg-gpl:audit=on
```

3. Enter the following command to change the state of the appropriate card to the out of service - maintenance disabled state:

```
inh-card:loc=xxxx:force=yes
```

where **xxxx** is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the Eagle 5 SAS.

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
Card has been inhibited.
```

4. Enter the following command to load the approved GPL onto the inhibited card.

```
init-flash:code=appr:loc=xxxx
```

where **xxxx** is the card location used in Step 3.

Following is an example of the output using card location 1302:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
FLASH Memory Downloading for card 1114 Started.
;
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
BPDCM Downloading for card 1114 Complete.
;
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
Command Completed.
```

When the *init-flash* command has completed successfully, the card specified in the *init-flash* command is rebooted.

5. Enter the following command to put the card that was inhibited in Step 3. back into service:

```
alw-card:loc=xxxx
```

where **xxxx** is the card location used in Step 3.

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
Card has been allowed.
```

NOTE: Allow the card to run for 5 minutes before continuing.

6. Enter the following command to activate the GPL loaded onto the card in Step 4.

```
act-flash:loc=xxxx
```

where **xxxx** is the card location used in Step 4.

Following is an example of the output using card location 1114:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
FLASH Memory Activation for card 1114 Completed.
;
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
Command Completed.
```

7. Enter the following command to verify the approved GPLs match the running GPLs:

```
rept-stat-gpl:gpl=xxxxxxx
```

where **xxxxxxx** is the GPL identified in the output.

8. If the GPLs match, you have completed this procedure.
If the GPLs do not match, continue with Step 9.
-

9. Enter the following command to determine which cards are in alarm condition (indicated by the acronym ALM in the *rept-stat-gpl* display):

```
rept-stat-gpl
```

10. Note which cards are in an alarm condition and call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

Procedure for HMUX and HIPR cards



CAUTION: This procedure causes the identified card to reload, and should be used only during periods of low traffic or the maintenance window.

1. Enter the following command to verify the GPLs running for the card identified in the output.

```
rept-stat-gpl:gpl=xxxxxx
```

where **xxxxxx** is the GPL (HIPR or BPHMUX) identified in the output.

Following is an example of a BPHMUX output:

```
tekelecstp 03-07-03 16:53:23 EST EAGLE5 34.0.0-55.0.0
GPL Auditing ON
```

GPL	CARD	RUNNING	APPROVED	TRIAL
BPHMUX	1209	028-005-000	028-005-000	-----
BPHMUX	1210	028-005-000	028-005-000	-----
BPHMUX	1309	028-004-000	028-005-000	ALM -----
BPHMUX	1310	028-005-000	028-005-000	-----

NOTE: Mismatched GPLs should occur only during upgrades or running a trial GPL.

2. Verify GPL Auditing is **ON**. If not enter the following command:

```
chg-gpl:audit=on
```

3. Enter the following command to load the GPL onto the HMUX card:

```
init-flash:code=appr:loc=xxxx
```

where **xxxx** is the HMUX/HIPR card location with the alarm condition in Step 1.

Following is an example of the output using card location 1309:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
FLASH Memory Downloading for card 1309 Started.
;
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
BPHMUX Downloading for card 1309 Complete.
;
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
Command Completed.
```

4. Enter the following command to initialize the HMUX/HIPR card.



CAUTION: This command boots the HMUX/HIPR processor and brings down the respective IMT bus temporarily (approximately 10 seconds) until the HMUX/HIPR card comes back into service.

```
init-mux:loc=xxxx:bus=y
```

where **xxxx** is the card location used in
 y is the bus

NOTE: Allow the card to run for 5 minutes before continuing.

5. Enter the following command to activate the trial GPL loaded onto the card in Step 4.

```
act-flash:loc=xxxx
```

where **xxxx** is the card location used in Step 3.

Following is an example of the output using card location 1309:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
FLASH Memory Activation for card 1309 Completed.
;
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
Command Completed.
```

6. Enter the following command to verify the approved GPLs match the running GPLs:

```
rept-stat-gpl:gpl=xxxxxx
```

where **xxxxxx** is the GPL (HIPR or BPHMUX) identified in the output.

Following is an example of a BPHMUX output:

```
tekelecstp 03-07-03 16:53:23 EST EAGLE5 34.0.0-55.0.0
GPL Auditing ON
```

GPL	CARD	RUNNING	APPROVED	TRIAL
BPHMUX	1209	028-005-000	028-005-000	-----
BPHMUX	1210	028-005-000	028-005-000	-----
BPHMUX	1309	028-005-000	028-005-000	-----
BPHMUX	1310	028-005-000	028-005-000	-----

7. If the GPLs match, you have completed this procedure.
 If the GPLs do not match, continue with Step 8.
-

8. Enter the following command determine which cards are in alarm condition (indicated by the acronym ALM in the *rept-stat-gpl* display):

```
rept-stat-gpl
```

9. Note which cards are in an alarm condition and call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

0003 - Alarm cleared for GPL

Description

This message indicates that all the cards of a specific type are running the approved GPL and the alarm condition, specified by message "0002 - Card is not running approved GPL" has been cleared.

Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 94-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0  
0014.0003 GPL SYSTEM OAM Alarm cleared for GPL
```

Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

Procedure

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

0004 - Card is running non-activated GPL

Description

This alarm indicates a card or cards are running a non-activated *Trial* or *Approved* generic program load (GPL). This output is expected when changing a flash GPL. This alarm occurs after a successful download to the card, and the card boots. This is determined by a system audit, which compares the GPL running on each card with the activated version for each card type. If any card(s) are running a GPL other than its activated GPL, an alarm is created. Only one alarm for each card application is displayed. **UAM 0002** might also be produced.

Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 94-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0004 * GPL SYSTEM BPDCM Card is running non-activated GPL
```

Alarm Level

Minor

Procedure

1. Enter the following command to verify the release GPLs match the GPLs on the disk:

```
rtrv-gpl
```

NOTE: Mismatched GPLs should occur only during upgrades or running a trial GPL.

2. Enter the following command to determine which cards are in alarm condition (indicated by the acronym ALM in the *rept-stat-gpl* display):

```
rept-stat-gpl
```

3. If the GPLs do not match from Step 1, note which cards are in an alarm condition and call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

0005 - Alarm cleared running non-activated GPL

Description

This message indicates that all the cards of a specific type are running the non-activated GPL and the alarm condition, specified by message “0004 - Card is running non-activated GPL” has been cleared.

Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 94-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0  
0014.0005      GPL SYSTEM BPDCM  Alarm cleared running non-activated GPL
```

Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

Procedure

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

0008 - Active MASP has become isolated

Description

This messages indicates the active MASP has a fault and the system switched to the standby MASP. This could be caused by the MASP losing a connection to the IMT, a failure with the GPSM-II card, or a card reset.

Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0008 ** CARD 1113 OAM Active MASP has become isolated
```

Alarm Level

Major

Procedure

1. Enter the following command to check the status of the IMT:

rept-stat-imt

If the IMT is at fault, verify the IMT cables are connected to the shelf backplane (refer to the *Installation Manual* for cable locations).

2. If the state of the IMT appears good but the GPSM-II boots repeatedly, try reseating the GPSM-II card. If the problem persists, replace the GPSM-II card.

NOTE: See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.

3. If the trouble does not clear, obtain any obituary reports and notify Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

0009 - MASP became active

Description

This message indicates which MASP is active.

Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0  
0014.0009 CARD 1113 OAM MASP became active
```

Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

Procedure

1. This message indicates a previous fault or condition has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

0010 - MASP became standby

Description

This message indicates which MASP is standby.

Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0  
0012.0010 CARD 1113 OAM MASP became standby
```

Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

Procedure

1. This message indicates a previous fault or condition has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

0011 - Entering forced simplex mode

Description

This message indicates the active OAM card found itself in a forced simplex mode of operation while the active OAM LNP updating option was on (turned on with the `chg-lnpopts:frcsmplx=yes` command). A simplex mode of operation means the active OAM card cannot communicate with its standby OAM card.

In a forced simplex mode, after five minutes LNP updates are allowed to be provisioned on the active OAM only. The active OAM accepts updates, and the standby OAM is not able to receive LNP updates, leaving the standby database in the state of being incoherent, diff level, or unstable.

When the standby OAM eventually resumes communication, the active OAM remains in forced simplex mode until the standby OAM LNP database is repaired from the active OAM. The forced simplex mode is automatically removed following the repair of the standby database.

The forced simplex mode of operation can also be removed with the command `chg-lnpopts:frcsmplx=no`. However, active OAM LNP updates may be prohibited until the standby database is repaired.

Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-08-28 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0011 SYSTEM Entering forced simplex mode
```

Alarm Level

Major

Procedure

1. If you choose to exit forced simplex mode (that is, not allowing LNP updates on the active OAM only), enter the following command to remove the forced simplex status from the LNP options:

```
chg-lnpopts:frcsmplx=no
```

You may elect to stop here, or you may elect to continue with Step 3.

2. If you choose, you may remain in forced simplex mode (accepting LNP updates in the active OAM card without communicating with the standby card) until the standby OAM is replaced, its database is corrected, or communication is restored.

Continue with Step 3.

3. When you choose to resume the duplex mode of operation with the active and standby OAM cards, you must restore communications with the standby card and repair the standby LNP database, as required. Enter the following command to verify the databases:

```
rept-stat-db
```

Following is an example of the output:

```
> rept-stat-db

Command Accepted - Processing

      oflnmoxa11w 98-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
rept-stat-db
Command entered at terminal #4.
;

      oflnmoxa11w 98-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
DATABASE STATUS: >> OK <<
      TDM 1114 ( STDBY)                    TDM 1116 ( ACTV )
           C  LEVEL      TIME LAST BACKUP      C  LEVEL      TIME LAST BACKUP
           -  - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
FD BKUP  Y   342256  98-10-07 00:40:29 CDT  Y   342256  98-10-07 00:40:29 CDT
FD CRNT  N   342374                               Y   342375
      MDAL 1117
           -  - - - - -
```

(Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.)

-
4. Check the status of the standby database in the output of the previous step.
- If the report shows the standby OAM is present, go to Step 7.
 - If the report does not show the standby OAM card to be present, continue to Step 5.
-
5. Enter the following command to initialize the standby OAM card:
- ```
init-card:loc=xxxx
```
- where xxxx is the standby OAM (1113 or 1115) number.
- 
6. If the problem is still not corrected, reseal the GPSM-II card. If the OAM still does not respond, replace the GPSM-II card.
- NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures.*
- 
7. Once the card is known to be operational, if the standby OAM card needs to be repaired, resynchronize the standby card's LNP database with the active OAM card with this command:

```
chg-db:action=repair
```

8. If you choose to restore the status of the active OAM LNP updating options (especially if you turned it off in Step 1), issue the command:

*chg-lnpopts:frcsmplx=yes*

---

9. If the trouble does not clear, obtain any obituary reports and notify Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0013 - Card is isolated from the system

### Description

This indicates a card has become isolated and is unable to communicate to other cards in the system. This could be caused by a defective card, a power failure occurred on the card, or the system software has ordered a reset.

This also appears when the card has been manually reset by a command.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 94-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0013 ** CARD 1113 OAM Card is isolated from the system
ASSY SN: 102199815a1234

```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to check the status of the card.

```
rept-stat-card:loc=x:mode=full
```

where **x** is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system.

Following is an example of the possible output using card 1106:

```

integrat40 00-05-24 10:37:22 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD VERSION TYPE APPL PST SST AST
1106 021-101-000 TSM SCCP IS-NR Active -----
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
IMT VERSION = 021-001-000
PROM VERSION = 021-001-000
IMT BUS A = Conn
IMT BUS B = Conn
CLOCK A = Active
CLOCK B = Idle
CLOCK I = Idle
MBD BIP STATUS = valid
DB STATUS = valid
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 64M
SCCP SERVICE = 1201, , 1214, 1215, 1217, 1102
SCCP % OCCUP = 0%
SLK A PST = OOS-MT LS=ls11234567 CLLI=
SLK B PST = OOS-MT LS=ls11345678 CLLI=
SNM TVG RESULT = 24 hr: -----, 5 min: -----
SLAN TVG RESULT = 24 hr: -----, 5 min: -----
SCCP TVG RESULT = 24 hr: -----, 5 min: -----
Command Completed.

```

---

2. If only one card is isolated, wait to see if the card is recovering. If not, reset the card.
- 

3. If resetting the card does not clear the fault, reseat the card.
- 

4. If reseating the card does not clear the fault, replace the card.
- 

5. If the alarm still does not clear, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

**NOTE: See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.**

---

## 0014 - Card is present

### Description

The card indicated was isolated from the system, but is now communicating with the active MASP. The maintenance software has begun recovery action.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0014 CARD 1201 SS7ANSI Card is present
ASSY SN: 102199815a1234
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No immediate action is required. The maintenance software is attempting to recover the card by reinitialization of the card.
-

## 0018 - Exiting forced simplex mode

### Description

This UAM indicates that forced simplex mode is being exited. This message results from either the `chg-lnpopts` command turning off the forced simplex mode or the automatic ending of the forced simplex mode after the repair of the standby OAM database.

A forced simplex mode of operation occurs when the active OAM card cannot communicate with its standby OAM card while the active LNP option was on (turned on with the `chg-lnpopts:frcsmplx=yes` command). This mode allows provisioning of LNP updates in the active OAM database when communication is lost with its standby OAM card.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-08-28 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0018 SYSTEM Exiting forced simplex mode
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates either the `chg-lnpopts:frcsmplx=no` command was successfully executed or an automatic response resulted from a successful repair of the standby OAM database. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0021 - Clock A for card failed, B normal

### Description

This indicates that the A clock signal for the indicated card is not present.

### Example

```

 RLGHNCA21W 94-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0021 * CARD 1116 OAM Clock A for card failed, Clock B normal

```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the status of the clock.

*rept-stat-clk*

The output indicates how many cards are using the specified clock, and how many cards are reporting fault with the specified clock.

Following is an example of the possible output:

```

tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
 PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
 SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
 PST SST AST
 SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
 # Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
 # Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
 # Cards using CLK I = 000
 Command Completed.

```

---



**CAUTION:** Resetting, reseating, or replacing a LIM will cause both links on the card to fail. If the card is a LIM, place the links on the LIM out of service by entering the *dact-slk* command.

2. If only one card is reporting fault, reset the card.
- 

3. If the fault has not cleared, reseal the card.
- 

4. If the fault has not cleared, replace the card.
-



5. If the fault has not cleared, replace the TDM card in MASP A.

---
6. If more than one card is reporting fault with the designated clock, check the clock cable connection at the shelf backplane (refer to the *Installation Manual* for cable location). If the clock cable is at fault, replace the clock cable.

---
7. If the fault has cleared and any of these cards are LIMs, place the links assigned to these cards back into service using the *act-slk* command.

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.

---

## 0022 - Clock B for card failed, A normal

### Description

This indicates that the B clock signal for the indicated card is not present.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 94-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0022 * CARD 1116 OAM Clock B for card failed, Clock A normal

```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the status of the clock.

*rept-stat-clk*

The output indicates how many cards are using the specified clock, and how many cards are reporting fault with the specified clock.

Following is an example of the possible output:

```

tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000
Command Completed.

```



**CAUTION:** Resetting, reseating, or replacing a LIM will cause both links on the card to fail. If the card is a LIM, place the links on the LIM out of service by entering the *dact-slk* command.

2. If only one card is reporting fault, reset the card.
- 

3. If the fault has not cleared, reseal the card.
- 

4. If the fault has not cleared, replace the card.
-

5. If the fault has not cleared, replace the TDM card in MASP B.

---
6. If more than one card is reporting fault with a clock, check the clock cable connection at the shelf backplane (refer to the *Installation Manual* for cable location). If the clock cable is at fault, replace the clock cable.

---
7. If the fault has cleared and any of these cards are LIMs, place the links assigned to these cards back into service using the *act-slk* command.

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.

---

## 0023 - Clocks A and B for card failed

### Description

The A and B clock sources for the indicated card are not present.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0023 * CARD 1116 OAM Clocks A and B for card failed
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the status of the clocks.

*rept-stat-clk*

The output indicates how many cards are using the specified clocks, and how many cards are reporting fault with the specified clock.

Following is an example of the possible output:

```
tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000
Command Completed.
```



**CAUTION:** Resetting, reseating, or replacing a LIM will cause both links on the card to fail. If the card is a LIM, place the links on the LIM out of service by entering the *dact-slk* command.

2. If the *rept-stat-clk* command indicates both clocks are healthy, reset the affected card.
  3. If the fault has not cleared, reseal the affected card.
-

4. If the fault has not cleared, replace the affected card.
- 

5. If the BITS clock is not at fault, replace the TDM cards in both MASP A and B.
- 

6. If the fault has cleared and any of these cards are LIMs, place the links assigned to these cards back into service using the following command:

*act-slk:loc=x:port=y*

where **x** is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system  
and **y** is the port on the card designated in the loc parameter.

---

7. If the fault has not cleared, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

**NOTE: See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.**

---

## 0024 - Clock A for card normal

### Description

This message indicates that the clock A distribution for the specified card is now normal.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0024 CARD 1116 OAM Clock A for card normal
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault in the clock A distribution has been cleared. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0025 - Clock B for card normal

### Description

This message indicates that the clock B distribution for the specified card is now normal.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0025 CARD 1116 OAM Clock B for card normal
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault in the clock B distribution has been cleared. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0026 - Clocks A and B for card normal

### Description

This message indicates that clock A and B for the indicated card has returned to a normal state.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0026 CARD 1116 OAM Clocks A and B for card normal
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-



## 0033 - Card database has been corrected

### Description

This message indicates that the database has been reloaded to the indicated card by system software. This typically occurs when the system software finds the card database is not synchronized with the other cards in the system (incoherent database).

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0033 CARD 1113 OAM Card database has been corrected
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0034 - Card database is inconsistent

### Description

This message indicates that the database on the indicated card is not at the same level as the source database level. For more information about database management procedures, refer to the *Database Administration Manual*.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0034 * CARD 1201 LIMDS0 Card database is inconsistent
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure for a non-MASP card

---



**CAUTION:** Resetting, reseating, or replacing a LIM will cause both links on the card to fail. If the card is a LIM, place the links on the LIM out of service by entering the *dact-slk* command.

1. Wait five minutes to see if the card corrects itself.
- 

2. Enter the following command to check the database level on the card:

```
rept-stat-db:display=all
```

---

3. If the problem persists, enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

```
rtrv-trm
```

---

4. If the card is a LIM, enter the following command to deactivate the slk:

```
dact-slk:loc=xxx:port=y
```

where *xxx* = the card location

*y* = the port on the card specified in the location parameter.

---

5. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 3:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where x = the port number.

**NOTE: The force parameter is required for the last OAP terminal inhibited.**

---

6. Enter the following command to change the state of the card to OOS-MT-DSBLD:

```
init-card:loc=xxxx
```

where x is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system.

---

7. Enter the following command to change the state of the card to IS-NR:

```
alw-card:loc=xxxx
```

where x = the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system.

---

8. If the card is a LIM, enter the following command to activate the slk:

```
act-slk:loc=xxxx:port=y
```

where xxxx = the card location

y = the port on the card specified in the location parameter.

---

9. After the card has been reloaded (a message appears to confirm completion of the load), enter the following command to verify the database is consistent (same level as the other cards in the system).

```
rept-stat-card
```

---

10. Check the consistency of the card by entering the following command:

```
rept-stat-db:display=except
```

---

11. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

```
alw-trm:trm=x
```

where x = the port number.

---

12. If the problem persists, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

### Procedure for a MASP card

---

1. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

```
rtrv-trm
```

---

2. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 1:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where x = the port number.

**NOTE: The force parameter is required for the last OAP terminal inhibited.**

---

3. Enter the following command to check the database level on all cards:

```
rept-stat-db:display=all
```

Pay special attention to note the database levels on both the active and standby current partitions and the levels represented on all the network cards. It is important that the database level of the network cards matches the database level of the active MASP.

**NOTE: If the database on the OAM is repaired and ends up at a lower level than the network cards, the system must be initialized.**

---

4. If neither database is at the same level as the network cards, contact Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

5. If the message indicates the active fixed disk is inconsistent, continue with Step 6. If the message indicates the standby fixed disk is inconsistent, continue with Step 9. If the message indicates that both fixed disks are inconsistent, continue with Step 14.
- 

6. Enter the following command on the active GPSM-II card to force it to become standby:

```
init-card:loc=xxxx
```

where x = the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system.

---

7. Enter the following command to log back into the system:

```
login:uid=xxxx
```

where xxxx = User ID.

---

8. Enter the following command to check the database level on all cards:

```
rept-stat-db:display=all
```

Pay special attention to note the database levels on both the active and standby current partitions and the levels represented on all the network cards. It is important that the database level of the network cards matches the database level of the active MASP.

**NOTE: If the database on the OAM is repaired and ends up at a lower level than the network cards, the system must be initialized.**

---

9. Enter the following command to copy the current and backup database partitions on the active fixed disk, to the current and backup database partitions on the standby fixed disk

```
chg-db:action=repair
```

After the command is executed, the standby GPSM-II card reboots, the old database data is purged from memory, and the new database is loaded.

---

10. After the card has been reloaded (a message appears to confirm completion of the load), enter the following command to verify the database is consistent (same level as the other cards in the system):

```
rept-stat-db:display=all
```

If standby and current active databases are consistent, continue with Step 11 through Step 12. If the current active or standby database is inconsistent, continue with Step 13 and Step 14.

---

11. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

```
alw-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* = the port number of the terminals of type OAP from Step 1.

---

12. For more information on database management, refer to the *Database Administration Manual - System Management*.

**STOP! YOU HAVE COMPLETED THIS PROCEDURE.**

---

13. Enter the following command for the inconsistent fixed disk:

```
tst-disk:loc=xxxx
```

where *xxxx* = location of the inconsistent fixed disk.

When the command completes, continue with Step 14.

---

14. Call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0035 - Card database is corrupted

### Description

This message indicates that the card database has been modified by some unknown process and is not usable. For more information about database management procedures, refer to the *Database Administration Manual*.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0035 * CARD 1113 OAM Card database is corrupted
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure for a non-MASP card

---



**CAUTION:** Resetting, reseating, or replacing a LIM will cause both links on the card to fail. If the card is a LIM, place the links on the LIM out of service by entering the *dact-slk* command.

1. Wait five minutes to see if the card corrects itself.

- 
2. If the problem persists, enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

```
rtrv-trm
```

- 
3. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 2:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the port number.

**NOTE:** The force parameter is required for the last OAP terminal inhibited.

---

4. Enter the following command to reinitialize the indicated card and force the card to load the current level of database.

```
init-card:loc=x
```

where x is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system.

---

### Procedure for a MASP card

---

1. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

```
rtrv-trm
```

---

2. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 1:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the port number.

**NOTE: The force parameter is required for the last OAP terminal inhibited.**

---

3. Enter the following command for each OAP terminal inhibited in Step 2:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=none
```

where x is the port number.

---

4. If the message indicates the standby fixed disk is corrupted, continue with Step 6. If the message indicates the active fixed disk is corrupted, continue with Step 5.
- 

5. Enter the following command on the active GPSM-II card to force it to become standby:

```
init-card:loc=x
```

where x is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system.

Continue with Step 6.

---

6. Enter the following command to copy the current and backup database partitions on the active fixed disk, to the current and backup database partitions on the standby fixed disk

```
chg-db:action=repair
```

After the command is executed, the standby GPSM-II card reboots, the old database data is purged from memory, and the new database is loaded.

---

7. After the card has been reloaded (a message appears to confirm completion of the load), enter the following command to verify the database is consistent (same level as the other cards in the system).

```
rept-stat-card
```

---

8. Enter the following command for each OAP terminal inhibited in Step 2:

*chg-trm:trm=x:type=oap*

where x is the port number.

---

9. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

*alw-trm:trm=x*

where x is the port number.

---

10. If the problem persists, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---



## 0036 - Card backup database has been corrected

### Description

This message indicates that the backup database version level and content on the standby MASP is synchronized with the reference database.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0036 CARD 1113 OAM Card backup database has been corrected
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0037 - Card backup database is inconsistent

### Description

This message indicates that the backup database version level and/or content on the MASP is not synchronized with the database on the active MASP. This typically occurs if a different level counter, last update day/time-stamp, or contents is detected, or the database is incoherent.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0037 * CARD 1113 OAM Card backup database is inconsistent
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to confirm both active and standby current databases contain correct and identical information (coherent and consistent):

*rept-stat-db*

The following is an example of the output from a coherent database.

```
> rept-stat-db

Command Accepted - Processing

oflnmoxallw 00-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
rept-stat-db
Command entered at terminal #4.
;

oflnmoxallw 00-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
DATABASE STATUS: >> OK <<
 TDM 1114 (STDBY) TDM 1116 (ACTV)
 C LEVEL TIME LAST BACKUP C LEVEL TIME LAST BACKUP
 - - - - -
FD BKUP Y 342256 00-10-07 00:40:29 CDT Y 342256 00-10-07 00:40:29 CDT
FD CRNT N 342374 Y 342375
 MDAL 1117
 - - - - -
```

2. Enter the following command to perform a backup (to fixed disk) of both active and standby databases:

*chg-db:action=backup:dest=fixed*

---

## 0038 - Card backup database is corrupted

### Description

This message indicates that the backup database has been modified by some unknown process and is no longer usable.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0038 * CARD 1113 OAM Card backup database is corrupted
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to confirm that both active and standby current databases contain correct and identical information (coherent and consistent):

*rept-stat-db*

The following is an example of the output from a coherent database.

```
> rept-stat-db
```

```
Command Accepted - Processing
```

```
oflnmoxallw 00-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
```

```
rept-stat-db
```

```
Command entered at terminal #4.
```

```
;
```

```
oflnmoxallw 00-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
```

```
DATABASE STATUS: >> OK <<
```

| TDM 1114 ( STDBY) |       |                  |                       | TDM 1116 ( ACTV ) |        |                       |  |
|-------------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------|-----------------------|--|
| C                 | LEVEL | TIME LAST BACKUP |                       | C                 | LEVEL  | TIME LAST BACKUP      |  |
| FD BKUP           | Y     | 342256           | 00-10-07 00:40:29 CDT | Y                 | 342256 | 00-10-07 00:40:29 CDT |  |
| FD CRNT           | N     | 342374           |                       | Y                 | 342375 |                       |  |
| MDAL 1117         |       |                  |                       |                   |        |                       |  |

2. Enter the following command to perform a backup (to fixed disk) of both active and standby databases:

*chg-db:action=backup:dest=fixed*

---

## 0039 - GPL has been corrected

### Description

All copies of the generic program load are satisfactory.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0039 GPL SYSTEM OAM GPL has been corrected
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0040 - GPL is corrupted

### Description

This message indicates that a generic program load (GPL) has become corrupted. This typically occurs when the system software detects that a generic program load has been unexpectedly modified.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0040 * GPL SYSTEM OAM GPL is corrupted
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the status of the system generic program loads:

*rtvr-gpl*

This command indicates the generic program loads that have become corrupted.

---

2. Enter the *chg-gpl* command to reload the generic program load from a system removable cartridge. If the approved GPL is corrupted, insure that the trial GPL is the correct one using *rtvr-gpl* and activate it using the *act-gpl* command.
-

## 0041 -LSMS bulk load required

### Description

This message indicates that the entire system LNP database must be repopulated, either from the LSMS or a backup disk. This process must be started manually.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0009.0041 *C LSMS SYSTEM LSMS bulk load required
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Refer to the *LNP Database Synchronization Manual*, for the LSMS Bulk Load procedure.
-

## 0042 - LSMS bulk load complete

### Description

This message indicates that the alarm condition is removed, the association is reestablished, the LSMS is downloading transactions, and the automatic resynchronization is in progress.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0042 LSMS SYSTEM LSMS bulk load complete
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0043 - Incorrect feature configuration

### Description

The HC MIM card is inserted into a slot that is provisioned for configurations not supported. The HC MIM card is also auto-inhibited by the OAM.

### Example

```
station1234 00-11-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0012.0043 ** CARD 1201 LIMT1 Incorrect feature configuration
 HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Review hardware feature requirements and correct the configuration as necessary. The following configuration errors will cause the HC MIM card to auto-inhibit:
  - The HC MIM will not support CAS on any E1 ports. Thus, any ports that are provisioned in this configuration will need to be changed else.
  - Due to temperature requirements of the HC Blade, the HC MIM must operate within a shelf that contains a fan tray.

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures* for details about replacing cards.

---



## 0044 - Real time clock battery low

### Description

The battery power in the HC MIM card is low.

### Example

```
station1234 00-11-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0012.0044 * CARD 1201 LIMT1 Real time clock battery low
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Replace the HC MIM card with a spare and call Tekelec for a RMA to send the card back to Tekelec for replacement.

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures* for details about replacing cards.

---

## 0045 - Real time clock battery restored

### Description

The HC MIM card has been replaced and the battery power in the HC MIM card is normal.

### Example

```
station1234 00-11-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0012.0045 CARD 1201 LIMT1 Real time clock battery restored
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0046 - Terminal enabled

### Description

The indicated terminal has been returned to service and can handle normal user input and output.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0046 TERMINAL 15 Terminal enabled
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0047 - Card type not valid for application

### Description

This message indicates that a TSM card was replaced by an ASM card. The ASM card is automatically inhibited because it is no longer supported.

### Example

```
station1234 00-11-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0012.0047 ** CARD 1109 Card type not valid for application
 HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Replace the ASM card with the correct version of the TSM card.

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures* for details about replacing cards.

---

## 0048 - Terminal failed

### Description

The MASP has detected that the terminal is faulty. The maintenance software has removed the terminal from service.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE34.0.0
* 0014.0048 * TERMINAL 15 Terminal failed
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Verify that the power to the terminal is on and that the terminal is physically connected to the control shelf backplane. If the fault does not clear, disconnect the terminal from the control shelf backplane and connect another terminal (with the same communication attributes as the old terminal) to the same port on the control shelf backplane.
- 

2. Enter the following command to verify the communication attributes of the terminal port:

```
rtrv-trm
```

---

3. If the communication attributes need to be changed, refer to the *Commands Manual* and enter the following command with the appropriate parameters to make the required changes to the communication attributes:

```
chg-trm
```

---

4. Terminals are connected to ports on the TDM card. Enter the following command to determine which ports are idle:

```
rept-stat-user
```

---

5. Move the terminal to another port on the TDM card or on the backplane. If the fault does not clear, replace the TDM card.

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.

---

## 0051 - TSC sync is in simplex mode

### Description

Due to one or both GPSM-II cards being replaced with MCAPs after the feature bit has been set, the hardware configuration no longer supports the TSC Synchronization feature.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0051 ** CARD 1113 OAM TSC sync is in simplex mode
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Replace the MCAP(s) with GPSM-II card(s).

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures* for details about replacing cards.

---

## 0052 - TSC sync feature is available

### Description

This indicates that the GPSM-II card(s) is now seated in the appropriate slot and is functioning correctly.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0052 CARD 1113 OAM TSC sync feature is available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0053 - Standby TDM failure

### Description

This message indicates that the communication between the GPSM-II and TDM has failed.

### Example

```
station1234 94-03-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0012.0053 ** CARD 1113 OAM Standby TDM failure
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify card status:

```
rept-stat-card
```

---

2. Enter the following command to verify the database status:

```
rept-stat-db
```

---

3. Replace the failed TDM, that is in IS-ANR state with the backup TDM.

**NOTE: Replace the card during the maintenance window, if possible. See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.**

---



## 0054 - Standby TDM failure cleared

### Description

This message indicates that the communication between the GPSM-II and TDM has been reestablished.

### Example

```
station1234 94-03-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0012.0054 CARD 1113 OAM Standby TDM failure cleared
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0055 - Persistent device state tbl corrupt

### Description

This message indicates that after attempting an automatic recovery from a first checksum error, a Persistent Device States (PDS) checksum error still exists in the standby System Configuration Manager (SCM). PDS features are disabled.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0055 * CARD 1115 OAM Persistent device state tbl corrupt
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status of the database:

```
rept-stat-db
```

---

2. Enter the following command to update the PDS table. This command reinitializes the card and forces the card to load the current level of the database:

```
init-card:loc=xxxx
```

xxxx is the location of the card identified in output.

---

3. Enter the following command to verify the that the database is the same level as the active OAM:

```
rept-stat-db
```

---

4. If the problem persists, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number. Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

## 0056 - Persistent device state tbl diff version

### Description

This message indicates that the PDS table version in the standby SCM does not match the PDS table version in the active SCM. PDS features are disabled.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0056 * CARD 1115 OAM Persistent device state tbl diff version
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status of the database:

```
rept-stat-db
```

---

2. Enter the following command to update the PDS table. This command reinitializes the card and forces the card to load the current level of the database:

```
init-card:loc=xxxx
```

xxxx is the location of the card identified in output.

---

3. Enter the following command to verify that the database is the same level as the active OAM:

```
rept-stat-db
```

---

4. If the problem persists, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number. Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

## 0057 - Persistent device state tbl corrected

### Description

This indicates that the This message indicates that a problem PDS table has been corrected.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0057 CARD 1115 OAM Persistent device state tbl corrected
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0058 - Critical customer trouble detected

### Description

A critical customer trouble has been detected. There are connections on the control shelf backplane for customer detected troubles (CDTs). Each connection is assigned an identifier 1-16. CDT connections 2-4 are applicable to UAM 0058. CDT connections 6-8 are applicable to UAM 0059. CDT connections 10-16 are applicable to UAM 0060. The customer determines the connections on the backplane (these are dry contact closures). The system reports the alarm according to the connection location.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 96:07:02 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0100.0058 *C CDT 4 Critical customer trouble detected
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Follow local procedures for clearing the indicated trouble.
-

## 0059 - Major customer trouble detected

### Description

A major customer trouble has been detected. There are connections on the control shelf backplane for customer detected troubles (CDTs). Each connection is assigned an identifier 1-16. CDT connections 2-4 are applicable to UAM 0058. CDT connections 6-8 are applicable to UAM 0059. CDT connections 10-16 are applicable to UAM 0060. The customer determines the connections on the backplane (these are dry contact closures). The system reports the alarm according to the connection location.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 96:07:02 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0059 ** CDT 8 Major customer trouble detected
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Follow local procedures for clearing the indicated trouble.
-

## 0060 - Minor customer trouble detected

### Description

A minor customer trouble has been detected. There are connections on the control shelf backplane for customer detected troubles (CDTs). Each connection is assigned an identifier 1-16. CDT connections 2-4 are applicable to UAM 0058. CDT connections 6-8 are applicable to UAM 0059. CDT connections 10-16 are applicable to UAM 0060. The customer determines the connections on the backplane (these are dry contact closures). The system reports the alarm according to the connection location.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 96:07:02 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0060 * CDT 16 Minor customer trouble detected
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Follow local procedures for clearing the indicated trouble.
-

## 0061 - Customer trouble detected

### Description

A customer trouble has been detected.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 96:07:02 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0061 CDT 11 Customer trouble detected
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates that a customer-defined trouble is detected. Follow local procedures to clear the trouble.
-



## 0062 - Customer trouble cleared

### Description

A customer trouble has been cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 96:07:02 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0062 CDT 11 Customer trouble cleared
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates that a customer-defined trouble is cleared. No action is necessary.
-

## 0063 - Critical holdover clock trbl detected

### Description

A critical trouble has been detected with the holdover clock. This could include a problem with the reference input and stratum clock cards.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 96:07:02 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0100.0063 *C CLOCK Critical holdover clock trbl detected
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Check for any visual alarms. Note any visual alarms and refer to Appendix E to perform the corrective action procedures.
-

## 0064 - Major holdover clock trouble detected

### Description

A major trouble has been detected with the holdover clock. This could include a problem with the reference input and/or stratum clock cards.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 96:07:02 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0064 ** CLOCK Major holdover clock trouble detected
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Check for any visual alarms. Note any visual alarms and refer to Appendix E to perform the corrective action procedures.
-

## 0065 - Minor holdover clock trouble detected

### Description

A minor trouble has been detected with the holdover clock. This could include a problem with the reference input and/or stratum clock cards.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 96:07:02 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0065 * CLOCK Minor holdover clock trouble detected
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Check for any visual alarms. Note any visual alarms and refer to Appendix E to perform the corrective action procedures.
-

## 0066 - Holdover clock trouble cleared

### Description

A problem with the holdover clock has been corrected.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 96:07:02 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0066 CLOCK Holdover clock trouble cleared
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates that a problem with the holdover clock has been cleared.
-

## 0077 - Card temperature is critical lvl:T2

### Description

The HC MIM card has reached an operating temperature that is above the operational limit.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0100.0077 *C CARD 1102 LIMT1 Card temperature is critical lvl:T2
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---



**WARNING:** There is a very limited time to solve this problem. Once the card exceeds its operation limit, all the links on the HC MIM card will be blocked (ACT-LPO), causing the links to go into local processor outage. All traffic on the links blocked is re-directed elsewhere in the system (based on the current route provisioning).

1. Verify that the fan assembly located in that shelf is working properly.
  - Check the fan controller card and verify that all LEDs are green.
  - Replace any hardware in the fan assembly that is not functioning properly.

**NOTE:** See HC MIM Fan Procedures in Appendix A for replacement procedures.

---

2. If the fan unit is working properly, employ additional cooling methods to the card reporting a high-operating temperature.
 

---
3. This Critical Temperature Alarm will remain in the system until the operational temperature of the HC MIM card (HC Blade) goes below the critical temperature threshold.
 

---
4. If this does not clear the fault, call the Customer Care Center. See “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.
 

---

The hierarchy of maintenance activity is based on Table 3-18.

**Table 3-17.** Maintenance Activity Hierarchy

| Condition                         | Cntrl. LED | FAN 1 LED | FAN 2 LED | FAN 3 LED | Alarm Status | Actions                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Normal Operation                  | Green      | Green     | Green     | Green     | No Alarm**   | None                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A power feed fail                 | Blink      | RED       |           |           | Alarm*       | Check the fuse, the power source, and cables                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Interconnect card OR circuit fail | Blink      |           | RED       |           | Alarm*       | Check the fuse, the power source, and cables                                                                                                                                                                   |
| B power feed fail                 | Blink      |           |           | RED       | Alarm*       | Check the fuse, the power source, and cables                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Fan 1 fail                        | Green      | RED       |           |           | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that there is A power</li> <li>2. Make sure that there is B power and that Fan 2 and Fan 3 are operating properly.</li> <li>3. Replace the fan.</li> </ol> |
| Fan 2 fail                        | Green      |           | RED       |           | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that there is both A and B power</li> <li>2. Make sure that Fan 1 and Fan 3 are operating properly</li> <li>3. Replace the fan</li> </ol>                  |
| Fan 3 fail                        | Green      |           |           | RED       | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that there is B power</li> <li>2. Make sure that there is A power and that Fan 1 and Fan 2 are operating properly</li> <li>3. Replace the fan</li> </ol>   |

**Table 3-17.** Maintenance Activity Hierarchy (Continued)

| Condition                            | Cntrl. LED | FAN 1 LED | FAN 2 LED | FAN 3 LED | Alarm Status | Actions                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Fan 1 Removed                        | Green      | Blink     |           |           | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the fan is seated properly</li> <li>2. Replace the fan</li> </ol>                                                                                            |
| Fan 2 Removed                        | Green      |           | Blink     |           | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the fan is seated properly</li> <li>2. Replace the fan</li> </ol>                                                                                            |
| Fan 3 Removed                        | Green      |           |           | Blink     | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the fan is seated properly</li> <li>2. Replace the fan</li> </ol>                                                                                            |
| Controller card partial fail         | RED        |           |           |           | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure there is both A and B power.</li> <li>2. Make sure the fans are working properly</li> <li>3. Remove Fan 1</li> <li>4. Replace the Fan Tray Controller</li> </ol>  |
| Controller card fail                 | OFF        | OFF       | OFF       | OFF       | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure there is both A and B power.</li> <li>2. Make sure the fans are working properly</li> <li>3. Remove Fan 1.</li> <li>4. Replace the Fan Tray Controller</li> </ol> |
| Interconnect Failure - replace shelf |            |           |           |           |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

\*If there is no alarm for this condition, it is likely that the relay on the Interconnect card has failed (opened)

\*\*If there is an alarm when all 4 LEDs are green, it is likely that the relay on the Interconnect card has failed (closed)

[Try replacing the controller before replacing the fan tray]



## 0078 - Card temperature exceeds nominal lvl:T1

### Description

The HC MIM card has reached an operating temperature that is above the pre-defined limit.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0078 ** CARD 1102 LIMT1 Card temperature exceeds nominal lvl:T1
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the temperature threshold defaults are 75 degrees Celsius and 82 degrees Celsius:

```
rtrv-th-alm
```

If it is not, go to Step 2. If it is, go to Step 3.

---

2. The threshold can be reset by entering the following command:

```
chg-th-alm:thermallvlc=xxxx
```

where: xxxx=temperature

---

3. Verify that the fan assembly located in that shelf is working properly.
  - Check the fan controller card and verify that all LEDs are green.
  - Replace any hardware in the fan assembly that is not functioning properly.

**NOTE:** See **HC MIM Fan Replacement Procedures in Appendix A.**

---

4. If the fan unit is working properly, employ additional cooling methods to the card that is reporting a high-operating temperature.

---

5. If the running temperature of the HC MIM exceeds its operational limit, UAM # 0077 is generated, and the links go into Local Processor Outage (LPO).

- 
6. This Temperature Alarm will remain in the system until the operational temperature of the HC MIM (HC Blade) returns to normal levels.
- 



**WARNING:** There is a very limited time to solve this problem. If the card temperature continues to rise it will exceed its operational limit, at which point all the links on the HC MIM card will be blocked (ACT-LPO), causing the links to go into local processor outage. All traffic on the links blocked is re-directed elsewhere in the system (based on the current route provisioning).

7. If this procedure does not clear the fault, call the Customer Care Center at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

8. If the threshold was changed in Step 2, enter the following command to reset the threshold to the original setting:

```
chg-th-alm:thermallvlc=xxxx
```

where: xxxx=temperature

---

The hierarchy of maintenance activity is based on Table 3-18.

**Table 3-18.** Maintenance Activity Hierarchy

| Condition                         | Cntrl. LED | FAN 1 LED | FAN 2 LED | FAN 3 LED | Alarm Status | Actions                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Normal Operation                  | Green      | Green     | Green     | Green     | No Alarm**   | None                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A power feed fail                 | Blink      | RED       |           |           | Alarm*       | Check the fuse, the power source, and cables                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Interconnect card OR circuit fail | Blink      |           | RED       |           | Alarm*       | Check the fuse, the power source, and cables                                                                                                                                                                   |
| B power feed fail                 | Blink      |           |           | RED       | Alarm*       | Check the fuse, the power source, and cables                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Fan 1 fail                        | Green      | RED       |           |           | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that there is A power</li> <li>2. Make sure that there is B power and that Fan 2 and Fan 3 are operating properly.</li> <li>3. Replace the fan.</li> </ol> |

**Table 3-18.** Maintenance Activity Hierarchy (Continued)

| Condition                    | Cntrl. LED | FAN 1 LED | FAN 2 LED | FAN 3 LED | Alarm Status | Actions                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Fan 2 fail                   | Green      |           | RED       |           | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that there is both A and B power</li> <li>2. Make sure that Fan 1 and Fan 3 are operating properly</li> <li>3. Replace the fan</li> </ol>                        |
| Fan 3 fail                   | Green      |           |           | RED       | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that there is B power</li> <li>2. Make sure that there is A power and that Fan 1 and Fan 2 are operating properly</li> <li>3. Replace the fan</li> </ol>         |
| Fan 1 Removed                | Green      | Blink     |           |           | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the fan is seated properly</li> <li>2. Replace the fan</li> </ol>                                                                                           |
| Fan 2 Removed                | Green      |           | Blink     |           | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the fan is seated properly</li> <li>2. Replace the fan</li> </ol>                                                                                           |
| Fan 3 Removed                | Green      |           |           | Blink     | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the fan is seated properly</li> <li>2. Replace the fan</li> </ol>                                                                                           |
| Controller card partial fail | RED        |           |           |           | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure there is both A and B power.</li> <li>2. Make sure the fans are working properly</li> <li>3. Remove fan 1</li> <li>4. Replace the Fan Tray Controller</li> </ol> |

**Table 3-18.** Maintenance Activity Hierarchy (Continued)

| Condition                            | Cntrl. LED | FAN 1 LED | FAN 2 LED | FAN 3 LED | Alarm Status | Actions                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Controller card fail                 | OFF        | OFF       | OFF       | OFF       | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure there is both A and B power.</li> <li>2. Make sure the fans are working properly</li> <li>3. Remove fan 1.</li> <li>4. Replace the Fan Tray Controller</li> </ol> |
| Interconnect Failure - replace shelf |            |           |           |           |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

\*If there is no alarm for this condition it is likely that the relay on the Interconnect card has failed (open)

\*\*If there is an alarm when all 4 LEDs are green it is likely that the relay on the Interconnect card has failed (closed)

[Try replacing the controller before replacing the fan tray]

## 0079 - Card temperature again at nominal levels

### Description

The operational temperature of the HC MIM (HC Blade) has returned to normal levels.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0079 CARD 1102 LIMT1 Card temperature again at nominal levels
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0082 - Alarm in Fuse panel

### Description

A blown fuse has been detected in the fuse panel located on top of the designated frame.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0082 ** FUSE PANEL 11xx Alarm in Fuse panel
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Locate the fuse and alarm panel (FAP) indicated in the alarm message.

---

2. Look at the set of fuses and find the fuse with the “flag” standing out. This indicates the fuse is blown. Replace the fuse with a GMT 3 amp or 1 amp (depending on the type being replaced). See the *Installation Manual* for the correct fuse type.

---




**CAUTION:** Arbitrarily removing a good fuse will cause all cards serviced by the removed fuse to fail. Verify the fuse output before pulling a fuse that appears to be good.

3. If no fuses appear to be blown, use a VOM and measure the voltage outputs on the rear of the panel (refer to the *Installation Manual* for voltage test points).

---

4. If the fuse blows again, visually inspect the shelf backplanes for shorts or metallic debris.

---

5. If nothing can be found visually, put all cards serviced by the affected fuse out of service with the following command:
 

```
rmv-card:loc=x
```

 where **x** is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system.

---

6. Unplug the cards serviced by the affected fuse.

---

7. Replace the fuse.

---

8. Plug in each card one at a time. As each card is plugged in, verify the fuse does not blow. When the fuse does blow, replace the card just plugged in.

---

9. Replace the fuse again.

---

10. Continue plugging in the remaining cards, verifying the fuse does not blow with each card. Each time the fuse does blow, replace the card and continue.

There may be more than one card at fault. If you encounter a card which blows the fuse, do not stop the procedure. Continue until all cards have been plugged in.

---

11. If all the cards are plugged in and the fault has cleared, place the affected cards back into service by entering the following command:

*rst-card:loc=x*

where **x** is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system.

---

12. If this does not clear the fault, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

**NOTE: See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.**

---

## 0083 - Fuse Panel alarm has cleared

### Description

This indicates that the fuse alarm has been cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0083 FUSE PANEL 11xx Fuse Panel alarm has cleared
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-



## 0084 - IP Connection Unavailable

### Description

*IP<sup>7</sup> system:* This message indicates that an IP application socket is out of service due to a IP link down (Ethernet problem) or due to the DSM card.

*EAGLE 5 SAS:* This indicates that an IP link is down. The link may be either the external MCP (Measurements Collection and Polling) external customer link or a DSM (Database Services Module) to MPS link.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA03W 99-04-10 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0046.0084 ** DSM 1217,B IP Connection Unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure for IP<sup>7</sup>

---

**1.** Run System Health Check.

Reference: "System Health Check Procedure".

If you cannot login, continue with Step 4.

---

**2.** Check the remote device and network connection. In order to do this, the card location must be determined from the UAM message:

- Using the *rtrv-ip-host* command with the local host name (*host*), the IP address is displayed.
- Using the *rtrv-ip-lnk* command with no parameters provides output that can be searched.
- Search in the output for the IP address which then has an associated card location (*loc*) displayed. Use this card location in the steps below.

Using the remote hostname, use the *pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="ping hostname"* command to test the TCP/IP connection. *xxxx* is the card location of the DSM card indicated above. If the *ping* command fails, perform the following checks:

- Check the remote host hardware and software.
  - Use your company procedures to check the network.
  - Check cable connections at the DSM card and at the remote host.
-

3. If the DSM card is OOS-MT, do the following, using the *rept-stat-card* command to check card for IS-NR state after each action:
  - a. Reinitialize card using the *init-card* command
  - b. Reseat the MDAL card.
  - c. Replace the DSM card.

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.

---

4. If the alarm is not cleared, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number. Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

**Procedure for EAGLE 5 SAS**

---

For a failure with the external OAP link (as indicated in the alarm message by location *OAP A* or *OAP B*), use the following procedure:

1. Check the physical connection for the Ethernet cable connected to port E0. Reconnect as necessary.

---
2. Check the connection(s) for this Ethernet link at the external equipment. Reconnect as necessary.

---
3. If the site is LNP-equipped, verify that this Ethernet link is not providing connectivity to the LSMS.

---
4. Remove and check the Ethernet cable.

---
5. If the above steps do not clear the fault, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

For a DCM to OAP link failure (indicated in the alarm message by *DCM A* or *DCM B*), use the following procedure:

1. Check Ethernet connections for the indicated DCM at both the DCM and the OAP. Reconnect as necessary.

---
2. Check and/or replace the Ethernet cable between the indicated DCM and its OAP.

---
3. If a spare DCM is on hand, replace the DCM.

---
4. If the above steps do not clear the fault, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0085 - IP connection available

### Description

*IP<sup>7</sup> system:* This message indicates that for an IPLIM or SS7IPGW link, one or more sockets have been opened for SS7 traffic.

*EAGLE 5 SAS:* This indicates that a previously broken link with either the external OAP (external customer link) or between the DCM card and the OAP now exists and is functioning properly. This UAM is also used to indicate that a previously broken link between the EPAP and DSM card is now functioning properly.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
3582.0085 DSM 1217,B IP Connection Available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0086 - IP Connection Congested

### Description

This message indicates that an IP application socket is congested.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA03W 99-04-10 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0.0
0046.0086 * IP7 LONGSOCKETNAME1 IP Connection Congested
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use your company procedures to check the network.
-

2. Reports on status can be obtained for each DCM card with the following commands:

- `rept-stat-applsock` displays the status of the IP application sockets
- `rept-stat-ls` displays the status of the MTP linksets
- `rept-stat-slk` displays the status of the MTP signaling links
- `pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="sockrtd"` displays the application socket statistical data
- `pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="sockstate"` displays TALI state machine history for sockets
- `pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="netstat -i"` displays TCP/IP network statistical information for all interfaces
- `pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="netstat -p tcp"` displays TCP/IP network statistical information for the transmission control protocol
- `pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="netstat -p udp"` displays TCP/IP network statistical information for the user datagram protocol
- `pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="netstat -p ip"` displays TCP/IP network statistical information for the internet protocol
- `pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="netstat -p icmp"` displays TCP/IP network statistical information for the internet control message protocol
- `pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="netstat -m"` displays TCP/IP network statistical information for buffer pools

---

3. Call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0087 - IP Connection manually removed

### Description

This message indicates that an IP application socket has been manually removed from the system.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA03W 99-04-10 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0.0
0046.0087 IP7 LONGSOCKETNAME1 IP Connection manually removed
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 0088 - Clocks A and B TSCs are out of sync

### Description

It was detected by the OAM that clocks A and B have been out of sync for a excessive period of time. This alarm indicates a hardware failure in the GPSM-II.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0088 ** CARD 1113 EOAM Clocks A and B are out of sync
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Check the status of the GPSM-II card by entering the following command:

*rept-stat-card:loc=xxxx*

where **xxxx** is the card location in the output.

---

2. Reseat the GPSM-II card.

---

3. If the problem persists, replace the GPSM-II card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.

---



## 0089 - Clocks A and B TSCs are resynchronized

### Description

A previous GPSM-II card fault is cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0089 CARD 1113 EOAM Clocks A and B TSCs are resynchronized
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0092 - MDAL not responding

### Description

This message indicates a problem with the maintenance disk and alarm card (MDAL).

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0014.0092 *C CARD 1117 MDAL MDAL not responding
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Check the status of the MDAL card by entering the following command:

```
rept-stat-card:loc=x
```

where **x** is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system.

---

2. Following is an example of the output using card location 1117:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-09-27 16:43:42 EST
CARD VERSION TYPE APPL PST SST AST
1117 ----- MDAL ----- OOS-MT Isolated -----
Command Completed.
```

---

3. Reseat the MDAL card.

---

4. If the problem persists, replace the MDAL card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.

---

## 0093 - MDAL alarm cleared

### Description

A previous maintenance disk and alarm card (MDAL) card fault is cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0093 CARD 1117 MDAL MDAL alarm cleared
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0096 - Card has been reloaded

### Description

The indicated card has been reinitialized and reloaded with the appropriate data. This occurs as a result of a manual reset or software maintenance intervention.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0096 CARD 1218 SS7ANSI Card has been reloaded
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Look for other reports associated with the indicated card. If an obituary report exists, the card malfunctioned. If this happens continuously, replace the defective card. If this is only an occasional condition, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

**NOTE: See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.**

---

## 0097 - IMT allowed

### Description

The IMT bus has been returned to service.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0097 IMT SYSTEM IMT allowed
Card 1101, 1102, 1107, 1108
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0098 - IMT inhibited

### Description

The IMT bus has been removed from service by using the *rmv-int:bus=x* command. The bus is no longer available to carry traffic.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0098 IMT SYSTEM IMT inhibited
 Card 1101, 1102, 1107, 1108
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Verify the bus is not inhibited for maintenance purposes. If the bus has been inhibited for maintenance purposes, consult with the technician responsible before placing it back into service.
- 



**CAUTION:** The IMT bus should not be left inhibited, as this may affect system performance.

2. If the IMT bus has not been inhibited for maintenance, or the maintenance is complete, enter the following command to place the IMT back into service:

*rst-int:bus=x*

where **x** is the IMT bus to be returned to service.

---

## 0099 - Incompatible HW for provisioned slot

### Description

An MPL card is in a slot provisioned as a DCM card running either IPLIM, IPLIMI, or SS7IPGW GPLs. The card is automatically inhibited.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0099 ** CARD 1201 SS7ANSI Incompatible HW for provisioned slot
HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. If this message contains the optional line 'HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx':
  - Go Appendix E, Auto-Inhibit HW Verification Codes, and decode the xxx value in Table E-1. Correct the indicated problem.

**NOTE: A card with Verification Code 002, 003, 004, or 102 may possibly begin to boot continually before this alarm is displayed.**

- After correcting the problem, the card will be in *out-of-service maintenance disabled state* (OOS-MT-DSBLD). Restore the card back to *in-service normal state* (IS-NR) with the `alw-card` command.
- 

2. If this message does not contain the optional line 'HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx', perform either of the following:

- Replace the MPL card with an DCM card.

OR

- Re-provision the slot for a LIMDS0 card. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - SS7* for the correct procedures.

**NOTE: See Appendix A, Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for details about replacing cards.**

---

## 0102 - Motherboard BIP invalid

### Description

The motherboard in the location indicated has an invalid Board ID Prom (BIP).

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0102 * CARD 1201 SS7ANSI Motherboard BIP invalid
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. The indicated card must be reprogrammed. Notify Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number. You will need to know the part number, revision level, and serial number of the card.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

2. The card can be reprogrammed with instructions from Tekelec Technical Services, or Tekelec Technical Services can dial into the system and reprogram the card remotely.
-



## 0103 - Motherboard BIP valid

### Description

The Board ID Prom (BIP) for the specified motherboard is correctly programmed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0103 CARD 1201 SS7ANSI Motherboard BIP valid
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0106 - IMT Bus alarm cleared

### Description

The specified IMT bus has recovered from a fault.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0106 IMT BUS A IMT Bus alarm cleared
 Card 1101, 1102, 1107, 1108
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0107 - Minor IMT failure detected

### Description

A minor fault has been detected on one of the IMT buses. A minor fault consists of at least one card fault but no more than two card faults.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0107 * IMT BUS A Minor IMT failure detected
Card 1101, 1102
```

### Alarm Level

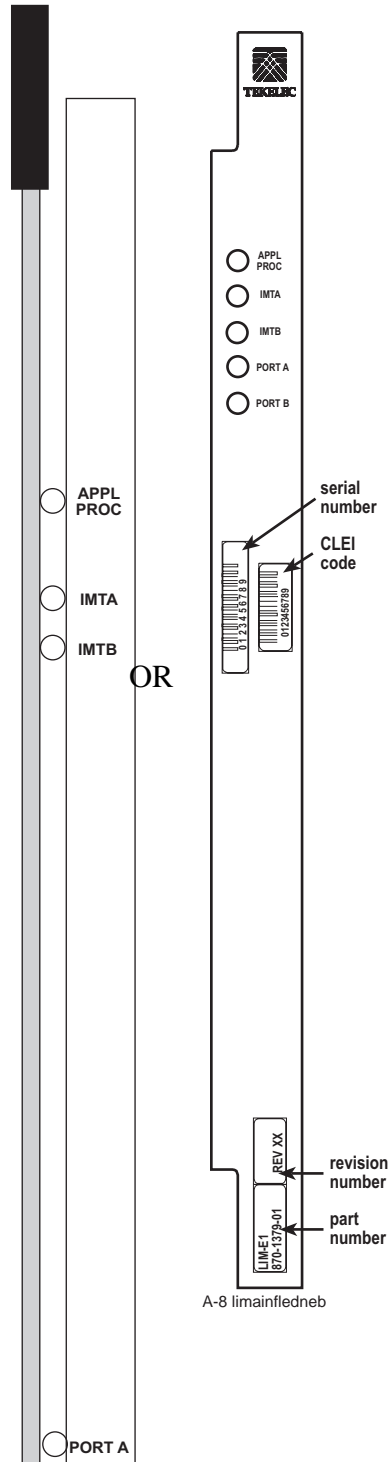
Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Visually check the IMT LEDs on the front of the cards. A red LED or LEDs denotes an IMT fault. If the top LED of the pair is red, there is a fault on IMT A. If the bottom LED is red, there is a fault on IMT B. See Figure 3-9.
-

Figure 3-9. Card LEDs



2. Note the card location or locations for cards with a red LED(s).

3. Using the card location(s) noted in step 2, enter the following command to connect the card back to the IMT:

```
conn-imt:loc=x:bus=y
```

where **x** is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system.  
**y** is the IMT bus to be returned to service.

The following message appears using card location 1106 and IMT bus A:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
Connect IMT Bus A command issued to card 1106
```

---



4. If the fault does not clear, reseal the affected card.

**WARNING:** Reseating or replacing a LIM will cause both links on the card to fail. If the card is a LIM, place the links on the LIM out of service by entering the *dact-slk* command.

---

5. If the fault does not clear, replace the affected card.
- 



6. If the fault does not clear, replace the IPMX card servicing the affected card.

**WARNING:** Replacing an IPMX card causes the IMT to go down. (IPMX in Slot 09 affects IMT A and IPMX in Slot 10 affects IMT B.) Do not perform this step if the other bus also has a fault. Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

7. If the fault has cleared and any of these cards are LIMs, place the links assigned to these cards back into service using the *act-slk* command.
- 

8. If these steps do not clear the fault, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.

---

## 0108 - Major IMT failure detected

### Description

A major fault has been detected on one of the IMT buses. A major fault consists of three or more faults on the IMT bus.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0108 ** IMT BUS A Major IMT failure detected
 Card 1101, 1102, 1107, 1108
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to check the status of the IMT:

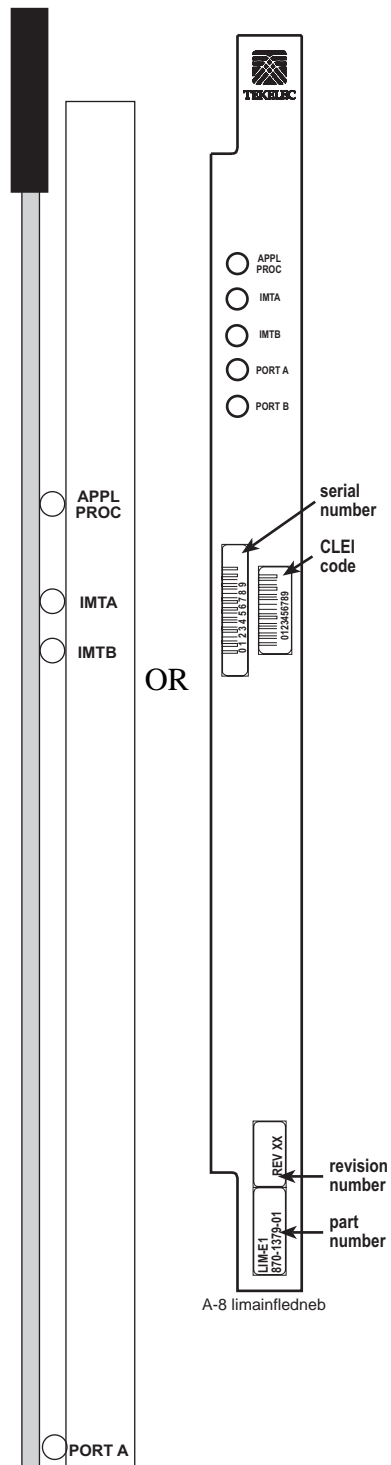
*rept-stat-imt*

If the entire IMT is down, continue with Step 6.

---

2. Visually check the IMT LEDs on the front of the cards. A red LED or LEDs denotes an IMT fault. If the top LED of the pair is red, there is a fault on IMT A. If the bottom LED is red, there is a fault on IMT B. See Figure 3-10.
-

Figure 3-10. Card LEDs



3. Note the card location or locations for cards with a red LED(s).

4. Using the card location(s) noted in step 3, enter the following command to connect the card(s) back to the IMT:

*conn-imt:loc=x:bus=y*

where **x** is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system.  
**y** is the IMT bus to be returned to service.

The following message appears using card location 1106 and IMT bus A:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
Connect IMT Bus A command issued to card 1106
```

---

5. If the connection command is successful, the following message appears:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0006 IMT BUS A Card connected to IMT
```

---

6. If the fault does not clear, enter the following command:

*inh-imt:bus=x*

where *x* = faulty IMT bus.



**WARNING:** This command removes the faulty IMT bus from service, causing all cards to disconnect from the designated bus. Step 8 must be completed once this step (6) is performed. If the technician has any questions about using this command, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number. Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.

---

7. Enter the following command to test the IMT bus:

*tst-imt:bus=x*

where *x* = the inhibited IMT bus.

An example of the output follows:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 97-09-27 12:47:07 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
IMT Fault Isolation Bus B
Fault Location Probable Cause Failure(s)
Card 1201 Card 1201
Pass-through Test Failed
Card 1301 Card 1301
Pass-through Test Failed
```

**NOTE:** When *tst-imt* completes, either through normal termination of the command or because the command is aborted, Step 8 MUST be completed.

---

8. Enter the following command to change the state of inhibited IMT to IS-ANR:

*alw-imt:bus=x*

where *x* = the inhibited IMT bus.

---

9. Reseat the affected card(s). Probable causes are listed in order of most probable to least probable. The listed components should be reseated in order listed by the output of the *tst-imt* command.





**WARNING:** Reseating or replacing a LIM will cause both links on the card to fail. If the card is a LIM, place the links on the LIM out of service by entering the *dact-slk* command.

---

10. If the fault does not clear, replace the affected card(s). Probable causes are listed in order of most probable to least probable. The listed components should be replaced in order listed by the output of the *tst-imt* command.
- 



11. If the fault does not clear, replace the IPMX card servicing the affected card(s).

**WARNING:** Replacing an IPMX card causes the IMT to go down. (IPMX in Slot 09 affects IMT A and IPMX in Slot 10 affects IMT B.)

---

12. If the fault has cleared and any of these cards are LIMs, place the links assigned to these cards back into service using the *act-slk* command.
- 

13. If these steps do not clear the fault, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.

---

## 0109 - All IMT System level alarms cleared

### Description

Both IMT busses are functioning.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0109 IMT SYSTEM All IMT System level alarms cleared
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0110 - Failure detected on one IMT bus

### Description

A fault has been detected on one IMT bus.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0110 * IMT SYSTEM Failure detected on one IMT bus
```

### Alarm Level

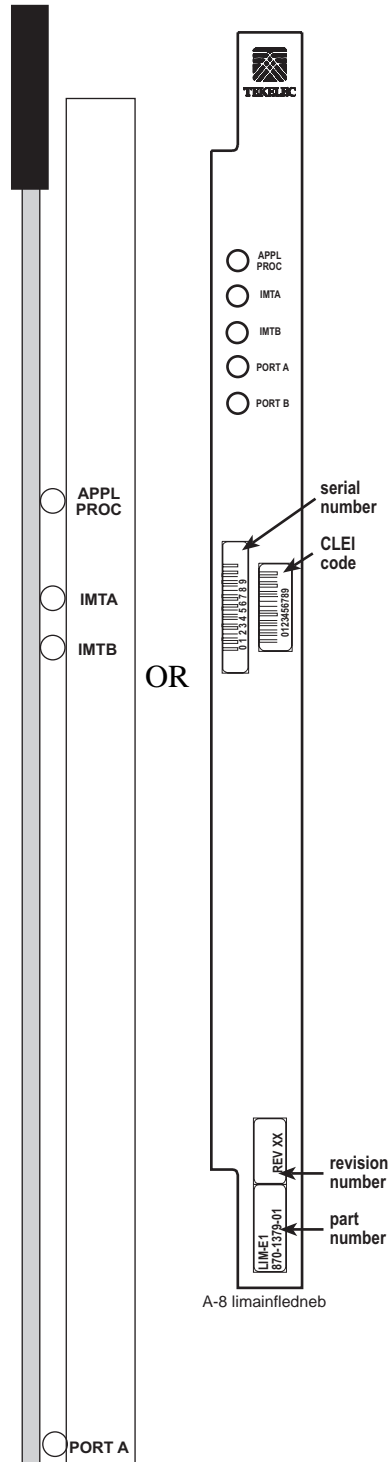
Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Visually check the IMT LEDs on the front of the cards. A red LED or LEDs denotes an IMT fault. If the top LED of the pair is red, there is a fault on IMT A. If the bottom LED is red, there is a fault on IMT B. See Figure 3-11.
-

Figure 3-11. Card LEDs



2. Note the card location or locations for cards with a red LED(s).

3. Using the card location(s) noted in step 2, connect the card back to the IMT with the command *conn-imt*. For example, enter:

```
conn-imt:loc=x:bus=y
```

where **x** is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system.  
**y** is the IMT bus to be returned to service.

The following message appears using card location 1106 and IMT bus A

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
Connect IMT Bus A command issued to card 1106
```

---

4. If the connection command is successful, the following message appears:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0006 IMT BUS A Card connected to IMT
```

---



5. If the connection command is not successful and the fault does not clear, reseal the card

**WARNING: Resetting, reseating, or replacing a LIM will cause both links on the card to fail. If the card is a LIM, place the links on the LIM out of service by entering the *dact-slk* command.**

---

6. If the fault does not clear, replace the affected card.
- 



7. If the fault does not clear, replace the IPMX card servicing the affected card.

**WARNING: Replacing an IPMX card causes the IMT to go down. (IPMX in Slot 09 affects IMT A and IPMX in Slot 10 affects IMT B.) Do not perform this step if the other bus also has a fault. Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.**  
**Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.**

---

8. If the fault has cleared and any of these cards are LIMs, place the links assigned to these cards back into service using the *act-slk* command.
- 

9. If these steps do not clear the fault, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10

**NOTE: See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.**

---

## 0111 - Failure on both IMT A and IMT B

### Description

A major fault occurred on one IMT bus and a minor fault has occurred on the other. Or, there is a minor fault on both IMT buses. A minor fault occurs when one or two cards are disconnected from the IMT bus. A major fault occurs when three or more cards are disconnected from the IMT bus.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0111 ** IMT SYSTEM Failure on both IMT A and IMT B
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Check the status of the IMTs by entering the *rept-stat-imt* command. Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0112 - Major failures detected on both IMTs

### Description

Major faults have been detected on both IMT buses.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0100.0112 *C IMT SYSTEM Major failures detected on both IMTs
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Check the status of the IMTs by entering the *rept-stat-imt* command. Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0113 - Clock alarm(s) cleared

### Description

All primary and secondary clock sources are functioning.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0113 CLOCK SYSTEM Clock alarm(s) cleared
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-



## 0114 - System IP TPS threshold exceeded

### Description

This message indicates that the actual system transaction rate is approaching the current System IPGWx capacity value.

### Example

```

 RLGHNCA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0114 ** IP TPS SYSTEM System IP TPS threshold exceeded

```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to display the current options for the IPGWx.

*rtrv-sg-opts*

Following is an example of the output:

```

RLGHNCX A03W 00-02-07 12:02:36 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SYNC: TALI
SRKQ: 250
DRKQ: 750
SNMPCONT: john doe 555-123-4567
GETCOMM: public
SETCOMM: private
TRAPCOMM: public
INHFEPALM: YES
SCTPCSUM: adler32
IPGWABATE: NO
IPLIMABATE: NO

```

Command Completed.

---

2. Examine the output.

If the \_\_\_\_\_ value is less than 100 (the limit), this percentage can be increased using the *chg-sg-opts* command. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for details on using this command.

If the \_\_\_\_\_ value is at 100 (the limit), a new feature key is required to increase the IPGWx system IP TPS. Contact your Tekelec account representative to purchase a new feature key.

---

## 0115 - Linkset IP TPS threshold exceeded

### Description

This message indicates that the actual linkset transaction rate exceeds the provisioned linkset IPGWx TPS.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0115 ** LSN lsgw1103 Linkset IP TPS threshold exceeded
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to display the current and peak IPGWx TPS utilization of the linkset specified in the output.

*rept-stat-iptps*

Following is an example of the output:

```
eagle10115 03-05-06 09:49:20 EST EAGLE 34.0.0

IP TPS USAGE REPORT

 THRESH CONFIG TPS PEAK PEAKTIMESTAMP

SYSTEM
CLLI1234567 100% 100000 TX: 4127 4550 03-05-05 09:49:19
 RCV: 3962 4450 03-05-05 09:49:19

LSN
LSGW1101 80% 4000 TX: 3700 4000 03-05-05 09:49:19
 RCV: 3650 4000 03-05-05 09:49:19
LSGW1103 80% 500 TX: 427 550 03-05-05 09:49:19
 RCV: 312 450 03-05-05 09:49:19

Command Completed.
```

---

2. Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.  
If the linkset has adequate bandwidth, then the IP TPS for the linkset can be increased (using the *chg-ls* command), provided the current IPGWx system IP TPS setting allows for this. The IP TPS LS alarm threshold percent (*lsusealm*) can also be adjusted if allowed by the current setting. If the linkset does not have adequate bandwidth, then more links or different routing strategies may be required to correct the problem.
-

## 0116 - Link expected IP TPS threshold exceeded

### Description

This message indicates that the actual link transaction rate is approaching the link's *fair share* of provisioned linkset capacity.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0116 * SLK 1104,A LSA01 Link expected IP TPS threshold exceeded
 SLC=01 FECLLI=A1234567890
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to display the current and peak IPGWx TPS utilization of the linkset specified in the output.

```
rept-stat-iptps:lsn=xxxxxx
```

where *xxxxxx* is the linkset name as defined in the output.

Following is an example of the output:

```
eagle10115 03-05-06 09:49:20 EST EAGLE 34.0.0

IP TPS USAGE REPORT

 THRESH CONFIG TPS PEAK PEAKTIMESTAMP

LSN
LSGW1101 100% 188000 TX: 800 800 03-05-05 09:49:19
 RCV: 800 800 03-05-05 09:49:19

LOC PORT
1101 A 80% ---- TX: 800 800 03-05-05 09:49:19
 RCV: 800 800 03-05-05 09:49:19
1103 A 80% ---- TX: 800 800 03-05-05 09:49:19
 RCV: 800 800 03-05-05 09:49:19

```

```
Command Completed.
```

```
;
```

---

2. Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.  
If the linkset has adequate bandwidth, then the IP TPS for the linkset can be increased (using the *chg-ls* command), provided the current IPGWx system IP TPS setting allows for this. The IP TPS SLK alarm threshold percent (*slkusealm*) can also be adjusted if allowed by the current setting. If the linkset does not have adequate bandwidth, then more links are required to correct the problem.
-

## 0117 - System IP TPS normal

### Description

This message indicates the total reported IP TPS for all links in IPGWx linksets has fallen below the configured system threshold.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0117 IP TPS SYSTEM System IP TPS normal
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0118 - Linkset IP TPS normal

### Description

This message indicates the total usage for the linkset TPS rate has fallen below the configured linkset TPS rate.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0118 LSN lsgw1103 Linkset IP TPS normal
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0119 - Link IP TPS normal

### Description

This message indicates the total usage for the linkset exceeds the linkset threshold for the linkset's IP TPS.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0119 SLK 1104,A LSA01 Link IP TPS normal
 SLC=01 FECLLI=A1234567890
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-



## 0128 - All clocks have failed

### Description

A fault has been detected on all system clocks.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0100.0128 *C CLOCK SYSTEM All clocks have failed
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Verify the status of the clock with the *rept-stat-clk* command. If both clocks are idle, check the source clock into the system. Follow local maintenance procedures to repair the source clock.

---
2. Verify the clock cables are connected to the shelf backplane (refer to the *Installation Manual* for cable location). If any cables are loose, reconnect the cable.

---
3. If the clock source is not at fault, try reseating the TDM cards.

---
4. If the message appears again, replace the TDM cards using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.

---
5. If the fault still does not clear, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.

## 0130 - Card successfully loaded with data

### Description

The indicated card has been reloaded by the system with the appropriate GPL and tables.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0130 CARD 1304 SCCP Card successfully loaded with data
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0132 - Loading failed: table not found

### Description

This indicates an error in an upgrade procedure. Either an incorrect file or table was entered. This message could also indicate the file or table being loaded is corrupted and is not recognized by the system.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0132 ** CARD 1304 SCCP Loading failed: table not found
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0133 - Loading failed: data read Error

### Description

An error occurred on the active MASP while data tables were loaded.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0133 ** CARD 1304 SCCP Loading failed: data read error
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. To verify that both databases are at the same level and are not corrupted, enter:

*rept-stat-db*

The following is an example of output for a corrupted database.

```
bothwagm03w 99-01-08 19:52:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
rept-stat-lsms
Command entered at terminal #1.
;

bothwagm03w 99-01-08 19:52:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 GPL PST SST AST

LSMS SYSTEM IS-NR Active -----
TDM TRM 8 IS-NR Active -----
TDM TRM 9 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A 023-065-000 IS-NR Active -----
OAP B 023-065-000 IS-NR Active -----
Q.3 Assoc A1 IS-NR Active -----
Q.3 Assoc B1 IS-NR Active -----

LSMS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Q.3 Assoc A1 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Q.3 Assoc B1 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.

Command Completed.
;
```

---

2. To verify the integrity of the database, enter:

*aud-data*

---

3. If there is a problem with the database, follow the procedures in the *Database Administration Manual* for resolving database inconsistencies.
- 

4. If the problem still exists, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10
-

## 0134 - Loading failed: bad checksum returned

### Description

The GPL checksum, which is used to verify the data, indicates an error during file transfer. The file (GPL) needs to be downloaded again.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0134 ** CARD 1304 SCCP Loading failed: bad checksum returned
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Reseat the indicated card. This may have caused the transmission error.

---
2. When the card has been reseated, it attempts to reload automatically.

---
3. If the download fails again, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0135 - Loading failed: GPL load timeout

### Description

There was a timeout caused by the loading process.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0135 ** CARD 1304 SCCP Loading failed: GPL load timeout
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Verify the card is properly seated. If not, reseal the indicated card.

---
2. If the card is properly seated, the problem corrects itself. No further action is necessary.

---

## 0136 - Loading failed: data load timeout

### Description

The download process timed out on the MASP. This could be caused by an improperly programmed BIP on the daughterboard of the card being loaded.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0136 ** CARD 1304 SCCP Loading failed: data load timeout
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rtrv-bip* command (debug command) to verify the BIP on the applique of the indicated card. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for details on how to use this command.
- 

2. If the BIP is invalid, it must be reprogrammed. Notify Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

You will need to know the part number, revision level, and serial number of the card.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

3. The card can be reprogrammed with instructions from Tekelec Technical Services, or Tekelec Technical Services can dial into the system and reprogram the card remotely.
- 

4. If the BIP is valid, reseal the card. This should correct the problem. If not, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---



## 0137 - Loading failed: invalid GPL

### Description

This message indicates that the GPL file is corrupt or there was a failure in the IMT bus.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE34.0.0
** 0014.0137 ** CARD 1304 SCCP Loading failed: invalid GPL
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. This problem should correct itself.

---
2. If the problem still exists, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0138 - Loading failed: GPL format error

### Description

This message indicates a corrupted GPL file.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0138 ** CARD 1304 SCCP Loading failed: GPL format error
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0139 - Loading failed: disk read prep error

### Description

This message indicates the GPL version is not current, and incompatible with the system load.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0139 ** CARD 1304 SCCP Loading failed: disk read prep error
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Refer to the upgrade procedure sent with the software. If this procedure was followed correctly, and the problem still exists, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0140 - Loading failed: disk read response error

### Description

This message indicates there was an error in reading the fixed disk.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0140 ** CARD 1304 SCCP Loading failed:disk read response error
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. If the disk was just installed in the system, try the load again.  

---
2. If the problem occurs again, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0141 - Loading failed: disk read failed

### Description

This message indicates there was a failure while reading the fixed disk on the active TDM.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0141 ** CARD 1304 SCCP Loading failed: disk read failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Try the load again.

---
2. If the problem persists, replace the TDM with the corrupted media, using the procedures in Appendix A.

---
3. If this message appears again, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0142 - System release alarm cleared

### Description

The SYSREL.SYS file has been installed on the active fixed disk and the alarm has been cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0142 GPL SYSTEM OAM System release alarm cleared
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0143 - System release GPL(s) not approved

### Description

This message indicates that one or more approved GPLs do not match the version specified in the SYSREL.SYS file.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0143 * GPL SYSTEM OAM System release GPL(s) not approved
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rtv-gpl* command to display the GPLs on the system. The output of the *rtv-gpl* command can be used to identify the GPLs that do not match the versions specified in the SYSREL.SYS file.

---
2. Use the *chg-gpl* command to upload the required version of the GPL.

---
3. Use the *act-gpl* command to make the uploaded GPL the approved GPL.

---

## 0144 - System release version unknown

### Description

This message indicates that a failure has occurred while accessing the SYSREL.SYS file. Either the SYSREL.SYS file could not be found on the active fixed disk or has become corrupted and is not accessible.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST
* 0014.0144 * GPL SYSTEM EOAM System release version unknown
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Insert the system removable cartridge containing the SYSREL.SYS file into the maintenance disk and alarm card (MDAL).
- 

2. Enter the following command to upload the SYSREL.SYS file from the system removable cartridge to the active fixed disk:

```
chg-gpl:gpl=utility
```

---

3. If this message appears again, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---



## 0145 - HS Clock A for card failed, B normal

### Description

This indicates that the High Speed clock A signal for the indicated card is not present.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0053.0145 * CARD 1115 OAM HS Clock A for card failed, B normal
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the status of the clock. The output indicates how many cards are using the specified clock, and how many cards are reporting fault with the specified clock.

Following is an example of the possible output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

HS SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

Command Completed.
;
```

---



**CAUTION:** Resetting, reseating, or replacing a card will cause both links on the card to fail. If the card is a LIM, place the links on the LIM out of service by entering the *dact-slk* command.

2. If only one card is reporting fault, reset the card.

---
3. If the fault has not cleared, reseal the card.

---
4. If the fault has not cleared, replace the card. (See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards).

---
5. If the fault still has not cleared, replace the TDM card in MASP A.

---
6. If more than one card is reporting fault with the designated clock, check the clock cable connection at the shelf backplane (refer to the *Installation Manual* for cable location). If the clock cable is at fault, replace the clock cable.

---
7. If the fault has cleared and any of these cards are LIMs, place the links assigned to these cards back into service using the *act-slk* command.

---

## 0146 - HS Clock B for card failed, A normal

### Description

This indicates that the High Speed clock B signal for the indicated card is not present.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0053.0146 * CARD 1115 OAM HS Clock B for card failed, A normal
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the status of the clock. The output indicates how many cards are using the specified clock, and how many cards are reporting fault with the specified clock.

Following is an example of the possible output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

HS SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

Command Completed.
;
```

---



**CAUTION:** Resetting, reseating, or replacing a card will cause both links on the card to fail. If the card is a LIM, place the links on the LIM out of service by entering the *dact-slk* command.

2. If only one card is reporting fault, reset the card.

---
3. If the fault has not cleared, reseal the card.

---
4. If the fault has not cleared, replace the card. (See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards).

---
5. If the fault still has not cleared, replace the TDM card in MASP B.

---
6. If more than one card is reporting fault with the designated clock, check the clock cable connection at the shelf backplane (refer to the *Installation Manual* for cable location). If the clock cable is at fault, replace the clock cable.

---
7. If the fault has cleared and any of these cards are LIMs, place the links assigned to these cards back into service using the *act-slk* command.

---

## 0147 - High Speed Clocks A and B for card failed

### Description

The High Speed A and B clock sources for the indicated card are not present.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0053.0147 * CARD 1115 OAM High Speed Clocks A and B for card failed
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the status of the clocks. The output indicates how many cards are using one of the specified clocks, and how many cards are reporting faults.

Following is an example of the possible output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

HS SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

Command Completed.
;
```

---



**CAUTION:** Resetting, reseating, or replacing a card will cause both links on the card to fail. If the card is a LIM, place the links on the LIM out of service by entering the *dact-slk* command.

2. If only one card is reporting fault, reset the card.

---
3. If the fault has not cleared, reseal the card.

---
4. If the fault has not cleared, replace the card. (See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards).

---
5. If the fault still has not cleared, replace the TDM card in MASP B.

---
6. If more than one card is reporting fault with the designated clock, check the clock cable connection at the shelf backplane (refer to the *Installation Manual* for cable location). If the clock cable is at fault, replace the clock cable.

---
7. If the fault has cleared and any of these cards are LIMs, place the links assigned to these cards back into service using the *act-slk* command.

---

## 0148 - High Speed Clock A for card normal

### Description

This indicates that the High Speed clock A signal for the indicated card has returned to a normal, functional state.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0053.0148 CARD 1115 OAM High Speed Clock A for card normal
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0149 - High Speed Clock B for card normal

### Description

This indicates that the High Speed clock B signal for the indicated card has returned to a normal, functional state.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0053.0149 CARD 1115 OAM High Speed Clock B for card normal
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-



## 0150 - STPLAN is available

### Description

This message indicates that the application communication modules (ACMs) are in service with no failure conditions.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0150 SLAN SYSTEM STPLAN is available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0151 - STPLAN capacity normal,card(s) abnormal

### Description

This message indicates that one or more application communication modules (ACMs) are out of service, but the STPLAN capacity of the system is within acceptable limits.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0151 SLAN SYSTEM STPLAN capacity normal,card(s) abnormal
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine which ACMs are out of service:

*rept-stat-slan*

Following is an example of the output:

```
tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:36:07 EST EAGLE 5 SAS 34.0.0
SLAN Subsystem Report IS-ANR Active -----
SLAN Cards Configured= 2 Cards IS-NR= 2
CARD VERSION PST SST AST HOST Cap. EAGLE Cap.

1206 021-010-000 IS-NR Active ---- 42% 16%
1104 021-010-000 IS-NR Active ALMINH 36% 12%

AVERAGE USAGE per HOST CAPACITY = 39%
AVERAGE USAGE per EAGLE CAPACITY = 14%
CARDS DENIED SLAN SERVICE:
1101, 1204

Command Completed
```

---

2. Use the *init-card* command to reinitialize any cards OOS-MT.

---

3. Use the *rept-stat-slan* command again to determine if the card(s) have returned to IS-NR. If not, reseat the card(s).

---

4. If any card(s) remain OOS-MT, replace the card(s).

---

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for procedure on replacing cards.

## 0152 - LIM(s) have been denied STPLAN service

### Description

This message indicates that a link interface module (LIM) has been denied STPLAN service and cannot send messages to an application communication module (ACM) due to underprovisioning. More ACMs are required. There should be approximately one ACM for 30-32 LIMs. However, this ratio depends upon the traffic load.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0152 ** SLAN SYSTEM LIM(s) have been denied STPLAN service
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-slan* command to determine which LIMs have been denied STPLAN service.

**NOTE: Make sure the problem persists. Adding new LIM cards can cause this condition temporarily.**

---

2. Add ACMs one at a time. Monitor the performance of the STPLAN subsystem with the *rept-stat-slan* command to determine if additional cards are needed.
-

## 0153 - STPLAN not available

### Description

This message indicates that no application communication modules (ACMs) are in service.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0100.0153 *C SLAN SYSTEM STPLAN not available
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. To determine the status of the ACMs, enter:

*rept-stat-slan*

Following is an example of the output:

```
tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:36:07 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SLAN Subsystem Report IS-ANR Active -----
SLAN Cards Configured= 2 Cards IS-NR= 2
CARD VERSION PST SST AST HOST Cap. EAGLE Cap.

1206 021-010-000 IS-NR Active ---- 42% 16%
1104 021-010-000 IS-NR Active ALMINH 36% 12%

AVERAGE USAGE per HOST CAPACITY = 39%
AVERAGE USAGE per EAGLE CAPACITY = 14%
CARDS DENIED SLAN SERVICE:
1101, 1204

Command Completed
```

---

2. Use the *init-card* command to reinitialize any cards OOS-MT.

---

3. Enter the following command to determine if the card(s) have returned to IS-NR. If not, reseal the card(s).
 

*rept-stat-slan*

---
4. If any card(s) remain OOS-MT, replace the card(s).

---

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for procedure on replacing cards.

## 0154 - STPLAN is removed

### Description

This message indicates that the last application communication module (ACM) has been deleted from the database by the user. The STPLAN service is no longer available.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0154 SLAN SYSTEM STPLAN is removed
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message is the result of database administration, and does not indicate an alarm condition.

---

**NOTE:** Confirm that the STPLAN removal was intentional.

## 0155 - STPLAN connection unavailable

### Description

This message indicates that the TCP/IP connection to the remote host is lost. The physical connection may be faulty or the remote host is not accepting a TCP/IP connection.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0155 * DLK 1104,A STPLAN STPLAN connection unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Determine if the reported card is out of service using the *rept-stat-card* command. If card is not OOS-MT, proceed to step 3.
- 

2. If card is OOS-MT, do the following, using the *rept-stat-card* command to check for card IS-NR state after each action:
  - a. Reinitialize card using the *init-card* command.
  - b. Reseat the card.
  - c. Replace the card.

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.

---

3. Use the *rtrv-ip-node* command to identify the address and node of the remote host.

---

4. Use the *tst-dlk* command to test the TCP/IP connection.

---

5. If the *tst-dlk* test passes, check that the proper port designation is set at the remote host.

---

6. If *tst-dlk* fails, perform the following checks:
  - a. Check the remote host hardware and software.
  - b. Use your company procedures to check the network.

- c. Check cable connections at the system and at the remote host.

- 
- 7. If the fault is not cleared, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0156 - STPLAN connection available

### Description

This message indicates that the TCP/IP connection to the host is established. All failures have been cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0156 DLK 1104,A STPLAN STPLAN connection available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates that a previous failure has been cleared. No further action is necessary.
-



## 0157 - X25 logical channels available

### Description

This message indicates that X.25 logical channels are available. An “X25 no logical channels available” condition (message number 0158) has been cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0157 SLK 1104,A LSA01 X25 logical channels available
 SLC=01 FECLLI=A1234567890
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates that an “X25 no logical channels available” condition has been cleared. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0158 - X25 no logical channels available

### Description

This message indicates that no X.25 logical channels are available to make an outgoing call. This condition occurs when the combination of incoming (end user- initiated) and outgoing (system-initiated) calls exceed the total number of SVCs configured for the link.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0158 * SLK 1104,A LSA01 X25 no logical channels available
 SLC=01 FECLLI=A1234567890
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Correct any under-provisioning of a link or correct condition of excessive calls from user end of the network. Link provisioning changes must take place at both ends of the X.25 link.

---
2. At the Eagle 5 SAS end of the X.25 link, use the *chg-x25-slk* command to change the number of SVCs configured.

---

## 0159 - High Speed Clocks A and B for card normal

### Description

The High Speed A and B clock sources for the indicated card are now functioning normally.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0053.0147 CARD 1115 OAM High Speed Clocks A and B for card normal
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0160 - 1116-S clock failed

### Description

This message indicates the secondary BITS clock failed on the TDM card in slot 1116.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0160 * CLOCK SYSTEM 1116-S clock failed

```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock status. Following is an example of the output:

```

tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
 PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
Cards using CLK A = 9 # Cards with bad CLK A = 0
Cards using CLK B = 0 # Cards with bad CLK B = 9
Cards using CLK I = 0
Command Completed

```

---

2. The primary BITS clock should be active. Reseat the TDM card in slot 1116.

---

3. If the problem persists, replace the TDM card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.

---

## 0161 - 1116-P clock failed

### Description

This message indicates that the primary clock on the TDM card in slot 1116 failed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0161 * CLOCK SYSTEM 1116-P clock failed
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Standby) CARD LOC= 1116 (Active)
PRIMARY BITS = Idle PRIMARY BITS = Fault
SECONDARY BITS = Active SECONDARY BITS = Active
 PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR Idle -----
Cards using CLK A = 0 # Cards with bad CLK A = 0
Cards using CLK B = 8 # Cards with bad CLK B = 0
Cards using CLK I = 0
Command Completed
```

2. The system automatically reverts from the primary to secondary BITS if the primary clock fails. Reseat the TDM card in slot 1116.
  3. If the problem persists, replace the TDM card in slot 1116 using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.
-

## 0162 - 1116-P, 1116-S clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates that both BITS clocks have failed on the TDM card located in slot 1116.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0162 ** CLOCK SYSTEM 1116-P, 1116-S clocks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Standby) CARD LOC= 1116 (Active)
PRIMARY BITS = ----- PRIMARY BITS = Fault
SECONDARY BITS = ----- SECONDARY BITS = Fault

PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR Idle -----
Cards using CLK A = 0 # Cards with bad CLK A = 8
Cards using CLK B = 0 # Cards with bad CLK B = 8
Cards using CLK I = 8
Command Completed
```

---

2. Reseat the TDM card in slot 1116.
- 
3. If the problem persists, replace the TDM card in slot 1116 using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.
-

## 0163 - 1114-S clock failed

### Description

This message indicates the secondary BITS clock for the TDM card in slot 1114 has failed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0163 * CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-S clock failed
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = Fault
SECONDARY BITS = Fault SECONDARY BITS = Fault
 PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
Cards using CLK A = 9 # Cards with bad CLK A = 0
Cards using CLK B = 0 # Cards with bad CLK B = 9
Cards using CLK I = 0
Command Completed
```

2. The primary BITS clock should be active. Reseat the TDM card in slot 1114.
  3. If the problem persists, replace the TDM card in slot 1114 using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.
-

## 0164 - 1114-S, 1116-S clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates the secondary BITS clock source has failed on both the active and standby TDM cards.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0164 ** CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-S, 1116-S clocks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock status. Following is an example of the output:

```
tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Isolated) CARD LOC= 1116 (Active)
PRIMARY BITS = Fault PRIMARY BITS = Active
SECONDARY BITS = Fault SECONDARY BITS = Fault
 PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
Cards using CLK A = 9 # Cards with bad CLK A = 0
Cards using CLK B = 0 # Cards with bad CLK B = 9
Cards using CLK I = 0
Command Completed
```

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the secondary BITS clock.
3. If this message appears again, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---



## 0165 - 1114-S, 1116-P clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates the secondary BITS clock on the TDM card in slot 1114, and the primary BITS clock on the TDM card in slot 1116 have failed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0165 * CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-S, 1116-P clocks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Isolated) CARD LOC= 1116 (Active)
PRIMARY BITS = Fault PRIMARY BITS = Fault
SECONDARY BITS = Fault SECONDARY BITS = Active
 PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
Cards using CLK A = 9 # Cards with bad CLK A = 0
Cards using CLK B = 0 # Cards with bad CLK B = 9
Cards using CLK I = 0
Command Completed
```

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the BITS clock.

---

3. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, replace the TDM card(s) using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.

---

4. If this message appears again, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0166 - 1114-S, 1116-P, 1116-S clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates the following clocks failed:

- The secondary clock on the TDM card in slot 1114
- The primary clock on the TDM card in slot 1116
- The secondary clock on the TDM card in slot 1116

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0166 ** CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-S, 1116-P, 1116-S clocks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = Fault
SECONDARY BITS = Fault SECONDARY BITS = Fault
PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
Cards using CLK A = 9 # Cards with bad CLK A = 0
Cards using CLK B = 0 # Cards with bad CLK B = 9
Cards using CLK I = 0
Command Completed
```

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the BITS clock.
  3. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, replace the TDM card(s) using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.
-

## 0167 - 1114-P clock failed

### Description

This message indicates the primary BITS clock on the TDM card in slot 1114 has failed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0167 * CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-P clock failed
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Isolated) CARD LOC= 1116 (Active)
PRIMARY BITS = Fault PRIMARY BITS = Active
SECONDARY BITS = Fault SECONDARY BITS = Fault
PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
Cards using CLK A = 9 # Cards with bad CLK A = 0
Cards using CLK B = 0 # Cards with bad CLK B = 9
Cards using CLK I = 0
Command Completed
```

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the BITS clock.
- 
3. If the reference clock is still not functioning, replace the TDM card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.
-

## 0168 - 1114-P, 1116-S clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates the primary BITS clock on the TDM card in slot 1114, and the secondary BITS clock on the TDM card in slot 1116 have failed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0168 * CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-P, 1116-S clocks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Isolated) CARD LOC= 1116 (Active)
PRIMARY BITS = Fault PRIMARY BITS = Active
SECONDARY BITS = Fault SECONDARY BITS = Fault
 PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
Cards using CLK A = 9 # Cards with bad CLK A = 0
Cards using CLK B = 0 # Cards with bad CLK B = 9
Cards using CLK I = 0
Command Completed
```

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the BITS clock.

---

3. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, reseal the associated TDM card. Make sure the system clock reference is active on the other TDM card.

---

4. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, replace the TDM card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.

---

## 0169 - 1114-P, 1116-P clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates the primary BITS clock on the TDM cards in slots 1114 and slot 1116 have failed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0169 ** CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-P, 1116-P clocks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Isolated) CARD LOC= 1116 (Active)
PRIMARY BITS = Fault PRIMARY BITS = Fault
SECONDARY BITS = Fault SECONDARY BITS = Active
 PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
Cards using CLK A = 9 # Cards with bad CLK A = 0
Cards using CLK B = 0 # Cards with bad CLK B = 9
Cards using CLK I = 0
Command Completed
```

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the BITS clock.
  3. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, reseal the associated TDM card. Make sure the system clock reference is active on the other TDM card.
  4. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, replace the TDM card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.
-

## 0170 - 1114-P, 1116-P, 1116-S clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates the following clocks failed:

- The primary clock on the TDM card in slot 1114
- The primary clock on the TDM card in slot 1116
- The secondary clock on the TDM card in slot 1116

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0170 ** CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-P, 1116-P, 1116-S clocks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Standby) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = ----- PRIMARY BITS = Fault
SECONDARY BITS = ----- SECONDARY BITS = Active
PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
Cards using CLK A = 9 # Cards with bad CLK A = 0
Cards using CLK B = 0 # Cards with bad CLK B = 9
Cards using CLK I = 0
Command Completed
```

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the BITS clock.

---

3. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, reseal the associated TDM card. Make sure the system clock reference is active on the other TDM card.

---

4. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, replace the TDM card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.

---

## 0171 - 1114-P, 1114-S clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates the primary and secondary BITS clocks on the TDM card in slot 1114 have failed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0171 ** CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-P, 1114-S clocks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Isolated) CARD LOC= 1116 (Active)
PRIMARY BITS = Fault PRIMARY BITS = Fault
SECONDARY BITS = Fault SECONDARY BITS = Active
 PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
Cards using CLK A = 9 # Cards with bad CLK A = 0
Cards using CLK B = 0 # Cards with bad CLK B = 9
Cards using CLK I = 0
Command Completed
```

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the BITS clock.

---

3. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, reseal the associated TDM card. Make sure the system clock reference is active on the other TDM card.

---

4. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, replace the TDM card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.

---

## 0172 - 1114-P, 1114-S, 1116-S clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates the following clocks failed:

- The primary clock on the TDM card in slot 1114
- The secondary clock on the TDM card in slot 1114
- The secondary clock on the TDM card in slot 1116

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0172 ** CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-P, 1114-S, 1116-S clocks failed

```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```

tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Isolated) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Fault PRIMARY BITS = Fault
SECONDARY BITS = Fault SECONDARY BITS = Active
 PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
Cards using CLK A = 9 # Cards with bad CLK A = 0
Cards using CLK B = 0 # Cards with bad CLK B = 9
Cards using CLK I = 0
Command Completed

```

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the secondary BITS clock.

---

3. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, reseal that TDM card.

---

4. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, replace the TDM card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.

---



## 0173 - 1114-P, 1114-S, 1116-P clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates the following clocks failed:

- The primary clock on the TDM card in slot 1114
- The secondary clock on the TDM card in slot 1114
- The primary clock on the TDM card in slot 1116

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0173 ** CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-P, 1114-S, 1116-P clocks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
tekelecstp 00-04-23 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Isolated) CARD LOC= 1116 (Active)
PRIMARY BITS = Fault PRIMARY BITS = Fault
SECONDARY BITS = Fault SECONDARY BITS = Active
 PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
Cards using CLK A = 9 # Cards with bad CLK A = 0
Cards using CLK B = 0 # Cards with bad CLK B = 9
Cards using CLK I = 0
Command Completed
```

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the primary BITS clock.

---

3. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, reseal the associated TDM card.

---

4. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, replace the associated TDM card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.

---

## 0174 - %full threshold reached -upload required

### Description

This alarm is part of the Security Logging feature. When the security log reaches a threshold (administered by the *chg-attr-seculog* command), this alarm is raised. If the system detects that the percent full condition of new entries has reached the threshold, this alarm is raised to alert the system administrator that the security log must be uploaded to avoid an overflow condition. If the log is not uploaded before the log is completely full, entries will be lost. When the security log is uploaded, the alarm is lowered.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0174 *SECULOG 1114 %full threshold reached - upload required
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

**NOTE:** This alarm appears only on the security administrator terminal.

1. To clear this alarm, you must copy the security log to the file transfer area (FTA) in the system. To do this, enter the *copy-seculog* command.

---

2. From the file transfer area, you can use the *act-file-trns* command to transfer the file to a remote PC. Follow local procedures for transferring and storing security logs.

---

## 0175 - LOGBUFROVFL-SECULOG - upload required

### Description

This alarm is part of the Security Logging feature. When the security log reaches a threshold (administered by the *chg-attr-seculog* command) UAM 174 is raised. When the log fills completely, new entries are lost and this alarm is raised. When the security log is uploaded, this alarm is lowered.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0175 *SECULOG 1114 LOGBUFROVFL-SECULOG - upload required
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

**NOTE:** This alarm appears only on the security administrator terminal.

1. To clear this alarm, you must copy the security log to the file transfer area (FTA) in the system. To do this, enter the *copy-seculog* command.
  2. From the file transfer area, you can use the *act-file-trns* command to transfer the file to a remote PC. Follow local procedures for transferring and storing security logs.
-

## 0176 - Stdby security log - upload required

### Description

This alarm is part of the Security Logging feature. All of the security log entries should be written to the active MASP and none to the standby MASP. However, should a problem occur and the standby MASP switches to active, the security logs are split between the two MASPs. If there are any new log entries on the standby MASP, the standby log should be uploaded.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0176 *SECULOG 1116 Stdby security log - upload required
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

**NOTE:** This alarm appears only on the security administrator terminal.

1. Enter the following command to clear this alarm and copy the security log to the file transfer area (FTA) in the system:

```
copy-seculog:slog=stb
```

---

## 0177 - Security log exception cleared

### Description

This alarm is part of the Security Logging feature and indicates that a previous alarm has been cleared by doing one of the following:

- uploading the security log to the file transfer area
- turning off the security logging feature
- raising the threshold for the number of log entries that will generate UAM 174

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0177 SECULOG 1114 Security log exception cleared
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

**NOTE: This alarm appears only on the security administrator terminal.**

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0178 - Security log failed

### Description

This alarm is part of the Security Logging feature and indicates that a command could not be recorded in the security log.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0178 SECULOG 1114 Security log failed
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

**NOTE:** This alarm appears only on the security administrator terminal.

1. This message indicates a logging failure has occurred. If the problem persists, check for other alarms, such as a disk failure, and troubleshoot that alarm.
-

## 0179 - NDC Q.3 association is unavailable

### Description

The NDC (network data collection) association is established and maintained by the NDC manager. Under some conditions, the NDC agent will drop the NDC association. Typically the conditions that cause this alarm are accompanied by their own additional alarms (such as UAM 0084, "IP connection unavailable").

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* * 0014.0179 EMAP NDC Q.3 association is unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. If association loss is accompanied by UAM 0084, "IP connection unavailable," consult corrective action for that UAM (see "0084 - IP Connection Unavailable" on page 3-161 for details).

---

2. If no other alarms are generated with this alarm, check the EMAP network event log for unusual network activity.

---

3. Check the NDC manager for normal operation or association status.

---

4. If the above steps do not clear the fault, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0180 - NDC Q.3 association is available

### Description

This indicates that a previous NDC association loss is reestablished and functioning properly.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
3535.0180 EMAP NDC Q.3 association is available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-



## 0181 - NDC Subsystem is not available

### Description

End-to-end connectivity between the system and the NDC Subsystem is down. The following conditions represent end-to-end loss of connectivity:

- Failure of both DCMs
- Failure of both DCM-to-EMAP links
- Failure of both EMAPs
- Failure of both IP links

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 3539.0181 *C NDC SYSTEM NDC Subsystem is not available
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

1. Check the physical connections between the EMAP and the NDC. Make sure the connectors are firmly seated.

---

2. Check the physical connections between the EMAP and the DCM cards on the system. Make sure the connectors are firmly seated.

---

3. Enter the following command to verify the status of the NDC:

*rept-stat-ndc*

A sample output follows:

```

;
RLGHNCXA3W 99-06-24 14:33:57 EST 34.0.0.0
NDC SUBSYSTEM REPORT OOS-MT Fault -----
NDC Cards Configured= 2 Cards IS-NR= 2
CARD VERSION TYPE APPL PST SST AST

1215 219-009-000 DCM EMDC IS-NR Active -----
DCM A IP CONNECTION IS-NR Avail -----
EMAP A IP CONNECTION -----
EMAP A NDC Agent -----
EMAP A GPL version = -----

```

```

1217 219-009-000 DCM EMDC IS-NR Idle -----
DCM B IP CONNECTION IS-NR Avail -----
EMAP B IP CONNECTION ----- ----- -----
EMAP B NDC Agent ----- ----- -----

EMAP B GPL version = -----

EMAP NDC Q3 Association ----- ----- -----
DCM-DCM IP CONNECTION IS-NR Avail -----
EMAP-EMAP Serial Connection ----- ----- -----

ALARM STATUS
3538.0179 * EMAP NDC Q.3 association is Unavailable
3537.0084 ** EMAP A IP Connection Unavailable
3536.0084 ** EMAP B IP Connection Unavailable
3539.0181 *C NDC SYSTEM NDC Subsystem is not available
Command Completed.

```

;

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

- 
4. Using the output from Step 3, resolve the UAMs listed under ALARM STATUS using their respective UAM procedures.

- 
5. If the problem is still not corrected, reseal the DCM card. If the EMAP still does not respond, replace the DCM card.

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures*.

- 
6. Enter the following command to verify the status of the NDC:

```
rept-stat-ndc
```

Refer to Step 3 for a sample output.

- 
7. If the NDC is still not available, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0182 - NDC Subsystem is available

### Description

This indicates that the previously severed connection between the system and the NDC OS is now functioning properly.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
3539.0182 NDC Subsystem NDC Subsystem is available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0183 - 1116-SHS clock failed

### Description

This message indicates that the secondary E1/T1 High Speed clock has failed for the TDM card located in slot 1116.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0052.0183 * HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1116-SHS clock failed
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

HS SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

Command Completed.
;
;
```

---

2. Reseat the TDM card in slot 1116.

- 
3. If the problem persists, replace the TDM card in slot 1116 using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.
-

## 0184 - 1116-PHS clock failed

### Description

This message indicates that the primary E1/T1 High Speed clock has failed for the TDM card located in slot 1116.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0052.0184 * HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1116-PHS clock failed
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

HS SYSTEM CLOCK PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

Command Completed.
;
```

---

2. Reseat the TDM card in slot 1116.

---

3. If the problem persists, replace the TDM card in slot 1116 using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.

---

## 0185 - 1116-PHS, 1116-SHS clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates that both E1/T1 High Speed clocks have failed for the TDM card located in slot 1116.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0052.0185 ** HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1116-PHS, 1116-SHS clocks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

HS SYSTEM CLOCK PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

Command Completed.
;
;
```

---



2. Reseat the TDM card in slot 1116.

- 
3. If the problem persists, replace the TDM card in slot 1116 using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.
-

## 0186 - 1114-SHS clock failed

### Description

This message indicates that the secondary E1/T1 High Speed clock has failed for the TDM card located in slot 1114.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0052.0186 * HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-SHS clock failed
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

HS SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

Command Completed.
;
```

---

2. Reseat the TDM card in slot 1114.

- 
3. If the problem persists, replace the TDM card in slot 1114 using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.
-

## 0187 - 1114-SHS, 1116-SHS clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates the secondary E1/T1 High Speed clock source has failed for both the active and standby TDM cards.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0052.0187 ** HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-SHS, 1116-SHS clocks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock status. Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

HS SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

Command Completed.
;
```

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the secondary E1/T1 High Speed clock.

- 
3. If this message appears again, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0188 - 1114-SHS, 1116-PHS clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates the following High Speed clocks failed:

- The secondary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1114
- The primary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1116

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0052.0188 * HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-SHS, 1116-PHS clocks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock status. Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK PST SST AST
ALARM STATUS IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
= No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

HS SYSTEM CLOCK PST SST AST
ALARM STATUS IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
= No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

Command Completed.
;
```

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the E1/T1 High Speed clocks.
- 

3. If this message appears again, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0189 - 1114-SHS, 1116-PHS,1116-SHS clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates the following High Speed clocks failed:

- The secondary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1114
- The primary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1116
- The secondary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1116

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0052.0189 ** HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-SHS, 1116-PHS,1116-SHS clocks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

HS SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

Command Completed.
```

---



2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the E1/T1 High Speed clocks.
- 

3. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, replace the TDM card(s) using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.
-

## 0190 - 1114-PHS clock failed

### Description

This message indicates the primary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1114 has failed.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0052.0190 ** HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-PHS clock failed
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

 PST SST AST
SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

 PST SST AST
HS SYSTEM CLOCK IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

Command Completed.
;
```

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the E1/T1 High Speed clock.
- 

3. If the clock is still not functioning properly, replace the TDM card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.
-

## 0191 - 1114-PHS, 1116-SHS clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates the following High Speed clocks failed:

- The primary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1114
- The secondary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1116

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0052.0191 * HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-PHS, 1116-SHS clocks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock status. Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK PST SST AST
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms. IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

HS SYSTEM CLOCK PST SST AST
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms. IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

Command Completed.
;
```

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the E1/T1 High Speed clocks.
- 

3. If this message appears again, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0192 - 1114-PHS, 1116-PHS clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates the primary E1/T1 High Speed clocks for the TDM cards in slots 1114 and 1116 have failed.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0052.0192 ** HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-PHS, 1116-PHS clocks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

HS SYSTEM CLOCK PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

Command Completed.
;
```

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the E1/T1 High Speed clocks.

---
3. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, reseal the associated TDM card. Make sure the system clock reference is active on the other TDM card.

---
4. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, replace the TDM card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.

---

## 0193 - 1114-PHS, 1116-PHS,1116-SHS clks failed

### Description

This message indicates the following clocks failed:

- The primary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1114
- The primary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1116
- The secondary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1116

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0052.0193 ** HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-PHS, 1116-PHS,1116-SHS clks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

HS SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

Command Completed.
```

---



2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the E1/T1 High Speed clocks.

---
3. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, reseal the associated TDM card. Make sure the system clock reference is active on the other TDM card.

---
4. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, replace the TDM card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.

---

## 0194 - 1114-PHS, 1114-SHS clocks failed

### Description

This message indicates the primary and secondary E1/T1 High Speed clocks for the TDM card in slot 1114 have failed.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0052.0194 ** HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-PHS, 1114-SHS clocks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

HS SYSTEM CLOCK PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

Command Completed.
;
```

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the E1/T1 High Speed clocks.

---
3. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, reseal the associated TDM card. Make sure the system clock reference is active on the other TDM card.

---
4. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, replace the TDM card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.

---

## 0195 - 1114-PHS, 1114-SHS,1116-SHS clks failed

### Description

This message indicates the following clocks failed:

- The primary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1114
- The secondary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1114
- The secondary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1116

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0052.0195 ** HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-PHS, 1114-SHS,1116-SHS clks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

HS SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

Command Completed.
```

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the secondary E1/T1 High Speed clock.  

---
3. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, reseal that TDM card.  

---
4. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, replace the TDM card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.  

---

## 0196 - 1114-PHS, 1114-SHS,1116-PHS clks failed

### Description

This message indicates the following clocks failed:

- The primary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1114
- The secondary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1114
- The primary High Speed clock for the TDM card in slot 1116

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0052.0196 ** HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1114-PHS, 1114-SHS,1116-PHS clks failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *rept-stat-clk* command to determine the current clock configuration. Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009 # Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards using CLK B = 000 # Cards with bad CLK B = 009
Cards using CLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

HS SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001 # Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards using HSCLK B = 000 # Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

Command Completed.
```

;

---

2. Follow local procedures to troubleshoot and repair the primary E1/T1 High Speed clock.

---

3. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, reseal the associated TDM card.

---

4. If one of the reference clocks is still not functioning, replace the associated TDM card using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.

---

## 0197 - All high speed clocks have failed

### Description

A fault has been detected on all high speed system clocks.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0100.0197 *C HS CLOCK SYSTEM All high speed clocks have failed
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Verify the status of the clock with the *rept-stat-clk* command. If both clocks are idle, check the source clock into the system. Follow local maintenance procedures to repair the source clock.

---
2. Verify the clock cables are connected to the shelf backplane (refer to the *Installation Manual* for cable location). If any cables are loose, reconnect the cable.

---
3. If the clock source is not at fault, try reseating the TDM cards.

---
4. If the message appears again, replace the TDM cards using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A.

---
5. If the fault still does not clear, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.



## 0198 - High speed clock alarm(s) cleared

### Description

All primary and secondary high speed clock sources are functioning.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0198 HS CLOCK SYSTEM High speed clock alarm(s) cleared
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0199 - OA&M IP Security feature disabled

### Description

The EAGLE 5 SAS OA&M IP Security Enhancements Feature is not operational. This UAM is issued because the temporary key for the QA&M IP Security feature has expired.

With this feature disabled, you do not have the tools to securely pass data across an otherwise non-secure network. Until the EAGLE 5 SAS OA&M IP Security Enhancements Feature is restored, the EAGLE 5 SAS cannot provide secure connections from approved clients, and does not protect sensitive passwords and information while in transit between the EAGLE 5 SAS and a host.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-03-03 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0047.0199 SECURITY SYSTEM OA&M IP Security feature disabled
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. First, to restore OA&M IP Security Enhancements feature, you must enable it permanently. To enable a control feature, you can purchase it from Tekelec. You will receive a feature access key to use with the `enable-ctrl-feat` command.
  2. Next, turn on the feature by using the `chg-ctrl-feat` command.
-

## 0200 - RCVRY-LKF: link available

### Description

The link has become available for SS7 signaling traffic. SS7 traffic has been restored to the link.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0200 SLK 1202,A nc00027 RCVRY-LKF: link available
 SLC=01 FECLLI=A1234567890 CLASS=MTP2
```

**NOTE: SS7IPGW and IPLIM links are considered high-speed links by the Eagle 5 SAS. They are reported as CLASS=SAAL.**

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0201 - REPT-LKF: remote NE loopback

### Description

This message indicates the link is in loopback. This alarm is repeated every 15 minutes until the loopback is deactivated.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0201 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:remote NE loopback
 SLC=01 FECLLI=A1234567890 CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. If the loopback was established in error, enter the following command, specifying the location and port from the output message:

*dact-lbp:loc=xxx:port=y*

where *xxx* = the card location from the output

*y* = the port *A* or *B* from the output.

---

## 0202 - REPT-LKF: HWP - too many link interrupts

### Description

This message indicates the link has had numerous interruptions.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.202 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:HWP - too many link interrupts
 SLC=01 FECLLI=A1234567890 CLASS=SAAL
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. The number of interruptions has exceeded the threshold. This situation can be caused by excessive noise from unshielded cables, loose or disconnected cables.

---
2. Check the physical connections to the specified card.

---
3. Follow local procedures to test the link facilities.

---

## 0203 - REPT-LKF: lost data

### Description

The signaling link has lost data.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0203 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:lost data
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Check the physical connections to the signaling link.

---
2. Using an analyzer, test for level 1 and level 2 functions. Follow local procedures to test and return links to service.

---

**0204 - REPT-LKF: XER - ERM threshold exceeded****Description**

The signal unit error rate monitor (ERM) has exceeded the threshold because there are too many errors on the link.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0204 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:XER-ERM threshold exceeded
 SLC=01 FECLLI=A1234567890 CLASS=SAAL
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. Follow local procedures to test the link facilities.
-

**0205 - REPT-LKF: APF - lvl-2 T1 expd (ready)****Description**

The signaling link did not receive a fill-in or message signal unit after the proving period.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0313.0205 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:APF-lvl-2 T1 expd (ready)
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=MTP2
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. If the problem persists, follow local procedures to determine why the far-end is not responding correctly.
-



**0206 - REPT-LKF: APF - lvl-2 T1 expd (not ready)****Description**

The signaling link did not receive a fill-in or message signal unit after the proving period.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0313.0206 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:APF - lvl-2 T1 expd (not ready)
 SLC=01 FECLLI=A1234567890 CLASS=SAAL
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. If the problem persists, follow local procedures to determine why the far-end is not responding correctly.
-

**0207 - REPT-LKF: APF - lvl-2 T3 expired****Description**

The link did not receive an SIN or an SIE before the T3 timer expired.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0207 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:APF - lvl-2 T3 expired
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=MTP2
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. If the problem persists, follow local procedures to determine why the far-end is not responding correctly.
-

**0208 - REPT-LKF: APF - lvl-2 T2 expired****Description**

The link did not receive an SIN, SIE, or SIOS.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0208 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:APF - lvl-2 T2 expired
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=SAAL
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. If the problem persists, follow local procedures to determine why the far-end is not responding correctly.
-

## 0209 - REPT-LKF: APF - failed proving period

### Description

The signaling link has failed the proving period.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0209 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF: APF - failed proving period
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. If the problem persists, follow local procedures to determine why the far-end is not responding correctly.
-

**0210 - REPT-LKF: OSA - received SIO****Description**

The signaling terminal has received the status indication Out of Alignment from the far end.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0210 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF: OSA - received SIO
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=SAAL
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. If the problem persists, follow local procedures to determine why the far-end is not responding correctly.
-

**0211 - REPT-LKF: OSA - received SIN****Description**

The signaling terminal has received the status indication normal proving from the far end.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0211 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF: OSA - received SIN
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=MTP2
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. If the problem persists, follow local procedures to determine why the far-end is not responding correctly.
-

**0212 - REPT-LKF: OSA - received SIE****Description**

The signaling terminal has received the status indication emergency alignment, from the far end.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0212 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF: OSA - received SIE
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=SAAL
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. If the problem persists, follow local procedures to determine why the far-end is not responding correctly.
-

## 0213 - REPT-LKF: OSA - received SIOS

### Description

The signaling link has received the status indication out of service from the far end.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0213 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF: OSA - received SIOS
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. If the problem persists, follow local procedures to determine why the far-end is not responding correctly.
-



**0214 - REPT-LKF: ABN - rcvd 2 of 3 invalid BSN****Description**

The link has received 2 out of 3 invalid backward sequence numbers (BSNs) from the far end.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0214 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF: ABN - rcvd 2 of 3 invalid BSN
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=SAAL
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. If the problem persists, follow local procedures to determine why the far-end is not responding correctly.
-

**0215 - REPT-LKF: ABN - rcvd 2 of 3 invalid FIB****Description**

The signaling link has received 2 out of 3 invalid forward indicator bits (FIB) from the far end.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0215 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF: ABN-rcvd 2 of 3 invalid FIB
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=MTP2
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. If the problem persists, follow local procedures to determine why the far-end is not responding correctly.
-

## 0216 - REPT-LKF: remote congestion timeout

### Description

The remote node has been in congestion too long. The T6 timer has timed out.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0216 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:remote congestion timeout
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=SAAL
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. If the problem persists, follow local procedures to determine why the far-end is not responding correctly.
-

**0217 - REPT-LKF: XDA - excess acknowledge delay****Description**

The far end node is taking too long to acknowledge the messages sent to it by the signaling terminal. The T7 timer has timed out.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0217 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF: XDA-excess acknowledge delay
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=MTP2
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. If the problem persists, follow local procedures to determine why the far-end is not responding correctly.
-

## 0218 - REPT-LKF: COO - rcvd changeover order

### Description

The signaling link has received a changeover order from the far end.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0218 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:COO-rcvd changeover order
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=SAAL
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. If the problem persists, follow local procedures to determine why the far-end is not responding correctly.
-

## 0219 -REPT-LKF: false congestion restart

### Description

This message indicates the signaling link has entered a congestion state even though the traffic on the linkset is not high enough to cause congestion. For example, if the link has a high number of retransmissions, the throughput on the link could drop enough to cause congestion on the link. A T31 timer has started. If the link stays in congestion for a specified period, the link is restarted.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0219 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:false congestion restart
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Activate measurements using the *chg-meas:collect=on* command. This starts measurements collection.

---

  2. If the link is placed OOS-MT, use the measurements collected over the appropriate time period to determine the cause, and determine which action is now necessary.
- 

**NOTE:** See Chapter 4, “Measurements,” for traffic measurements information.

## 0220 - REPT-LKF: MTP link restart delayed

### Description

This message indicates that a link has gone in and out-of-service. To avoid links going in and out-of-service repeatedly, the Eagle 5 SAS system delays restarting a link if the link has an unstable history.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0220 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:MTP link restart delayed
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=SAAL
```

**NOTE: SS7IPGW and IPLIM links are considered high-speed links by the Eagle 5 SAS system. They are reported as CLASS=SAAL.**

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

3. The link should become available. If the problem persists, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0221 - REPT-LKF: X25 link unavailable

### Description

This message indicates that the specified X.25 link is out-of-service.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0221 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:X25 link unavailable
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=MTP2

```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

1. To check the status of the X.25 signaling link, enter the *rept-stat-slk* command with the port and card location specified from the output message above. Following is an example of the command output:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-03-14 17:00:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SLK LSN CLLI PST SST AST
1205,A nc00027 testclli OOS-MT Unavail ----
ALARM STATUS = * REPT-LKF:X25 link unavailable
UNAVAIL REASON = X25FL LI NA

```

2. Note the UNAVAIL REASON field in the output message. Following are the reasons the link is unavailable:
  - a. LD – The signaling link has lost data
  - b. X25FL – X.25 link has failed.
  - c. NA – The signaling link is not aligned
3. If the UNAVAIL REASON indicates an alignment problem, use the *dact-slk* command followed by the *act-slk* command to place the link into service.
4. If the UNAVAIL REASON still indicates an alignment problem, check the status of the card by entering the *rept-stat-card* command for the specified card.



5. If the *rept-stat-card* command indicates a problem with the card, reset the card by entering the *init-card* command with the specified card location. If the card still does not align, try first reseating the card, then replacing the card (using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures*).

---
6. If the problem persists, verify the adjacent X.25 node has the link activated.

---
7. Determine if the link failure is due to bad carrier facilities. Using transmission test equipment test the X.25 link end-to-end. If a protocol analyzer is available, bad CRCs in the X.25 protocol indicates excessive noise on the link.

---
8. If the carrier facilities are good, but the problem persists, determine if the X.25 adjacent node has a bad X.25 card by swapping the existing card with a known good card.

---
9. If the X.25 link is still unavailable, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0222 - REPT-LKF: remote FE loopback

### Description

This message indicates that the specified link has been looped back from the far-end.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0222 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:remote FE loopback
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. If you wish to stop the loopback testing, notify the far-end to stop the testing.
-

## 0223 - REPT-LKF: remote NE loopback cleared

### Description

This message indicates the link was in loopback and now the loopback has been deactivated.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0223 SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:remote NE loopback cleared
 SLC=01 FECLLI=A1234567890 CLASS=SAAL
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0224 - REPT-LKF: link test failed

### Description

This message indicates that the specified link was automatically removed from service (OOS) because of a failed signaling link test.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0224 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:link test failed
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Check the physical connections to the signaling link.

---
2. Follow local procedures to check link data at both ends.

---
3. Using an analyzer, test for level 1 and level 2 functions. Follow local procedures to test and return links to service.

---

## 0230 - REPT-LKF: local blocked - thermal

### Description

All links to the HC MIM are blocked because the the temperature of the HC MIM is above operational limits.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0230 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF: local blocked - thermal
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Review the output. Correct the associated alarms to clear this alarm.
-

**0232 - REPT-LKF: remote blocked****Description**

The link is blocked due to an event at the far-end.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0232 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF: remote blocked
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=MTP2
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. Contact the far-end office to verify a processor outage and correct.
-

## 0233 - REPT-LINK-MANUAV: local blocked

### Description

A local technician has put the signaling link in processor outage.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0233 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LINK-MANUAV: local blocked
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=SAAL
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Verify the condition is not intentional. If it is not intentionally blocked, enter the following command to place the link in service:

```
ublk-slk:loc=xxx:port=y
```

where *xxx* is the card location

*y* is the port

---

2. This should place the processor back into service. The following message should appear.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 11:11:28 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
Local processor outage being cleared.
```

---

## 0234 - REPT-LKF: RMI remote inhibited

### Description

The link has been remotely inhibited by a technician at the far-end office.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0234 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF: RMI remote inhibited
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Contact the far-end office to verify the reason for inhibiting the link.
-



## 0235 - REPT-LINK-MGTINH: local inhibited

### Description

The link has been inhibited locally by a technician.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0235 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LINK-MGTINH: local inhibited
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=SAAL
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Ensure the link should not be inhibited. Enter the following command to place the link in service.

```
unhb-slk:loc=xxx:port=y
```

where *xxx* is the card location

*y* is the port

---

2. The link should begin transmitting and receiving MSUs. The following message should appear.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 11:11:28 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
Allow link message sent to card.
```

---

## 0236 - REPT-LKF: not aligned

### Description

The signaling link has lost alignment. It can no longer carry traffic.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0236 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF: not aligned
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=MTP2

```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Put the link into a local loopback state.  

---
2. If the link does not align, enter the following command to determine the status of the card.  
*rept-stat-card*  

---
3. If the card has reinitialized, the system software will restore the card. If both links on the card are out of service, but the card is IS-NR (In-Service-Normal), reseal the card.  

---
4. If the links restore after reseating the card, this procedure is complete.  

---
5. If the links do not restore after reseating the card, enter the following command:  
*rmv-card:loc=xxxx*  
where xxxx = the card location.  

---
6. After the command is complete, enter the following command:  
*rst-card:loc=xxxx*  
where xxxx = the card location.  

---
7. If the links restore after restoring the card, this procedure is complete.  

---
8. If the fault does not clear, replace the indicated card.  

---

9. If the link aligns when it is in a loopback state, enter the following command to determine the DPC of the far end office:

```
rtrv-slk:loc=xxxx
```

where xxxx = the card location.

Contact the far end office to determine if the trouble is at that end.

---

10. If the fault does not clear, determine if any other links on the same carrier are affected. If other links on the same carrier are affected, you may have trouble in your carrier.
- 

11. Using measurements, review the activity over the last day and determine if there were a number of retransmits, message losses and so forth. Use this data to isolate the problem to the appropriate level (MTP level 2, MTP level 3, and so forth). Use your company maintenance procedures for testing and clearing faults in carriers.
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures* for procedures on replacing cards.

**0237 - REPT-LFK: LM Timer NO-CREDIT expired****Description**

The remote node has held the local node in a no-credit state for too long.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0237 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF: LM Timer NO-CREDIT expired
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=SAAL
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. Contact the far-end office to test and correct the link congestion problem.
-

**0238 - REPT-LKF: XDA-Timer NO-RESPONSE expired****Description**

The far end is not responding to the outgoing POLL messages.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0238 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF: Timer NO-RESPONSE expired
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=MTP2
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. Contact the far-end office to determine why no STAT messages are being sent.
-

## 0239 - REPT-LKF: MBL-local processor outage

### Description

Indicates a manually (command) initiated local processor outage.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0239 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:MBL - local processor outage
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testelli CLASS=MTP2

```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Since this outage was manually initiated, verify the reason the command was issued before continuing to Step 2.
- 

2. Enter the following command to clear the manually initiated processor outage:

```
canc-lpo:loc=xxx:port=yy
```

Where *xxx* is the location of the card identified in the output and *yy* is the port value.

#### Example Output

```

rlghncxa03w 03-02-07 11:11:28 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
Local processor outage being cleared.

```

---

3. Analyze the output. If the processor outage was not cleared, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

**0240 - REPT-LKF: rcvd SSCOP END-proc outage****Description**

The far end sent an END processor outage protocol data unit (PDU).

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0240 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:rcvd SSCOP END-proc outage
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testc11i CLASS=MTP2
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. Contact the far-end office to verify a processor outage and the cause.
-

**0241 - REPT-LKF: rcvd SSCOP END-out of service****Description**

The far end sent an END out of service protocol data unit (PDU).

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0241 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:rcvd SSCOP END-out of service
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testelli CLASS=MTP2
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. Contact the far-end office to correct the problem.
-



**0242 - REPT-LKF: rcvd SSCOP END-protocol error****Description**

A protocol error has occurred on the far end.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0242 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:rcvd SSCOP END-protocol error
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=MTP2
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. Contact the far-end office to test and correct the problem.
-

## 0243 - REPT-LKF:rcvd SSCOP END-mgmnt initiated

### Description

The MAAL layer (not a user) on the far end released a link.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0243 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:rcvd SSCOP END-mgmnt initiated
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testelli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Contact the far-end office for the details about releasing the link.
-

## 0244 - REPT-LKF: FAC - DS1 LOS failure

### Description

A level 1 facility outage: loss of signal.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0244 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:FAC - DS1 LOS failure
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to display the service data:

```
rept-stat-slk:l2stats=both
```

---

2. Check the physical connections to the signaling link.

---
3. Using an analyzer, test for level 1 and level 2 functions. Follow local procedures to test and return links to service.

---

## 0245 - REPT-LKF: FAC - DS1 LOF failure

### Description

A level 1 facility outage: loss of frame.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0245 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:FAC - DS1 LOF failure
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testelli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to display the service data:

```
rept-stat-slk:l2stats=both
```

---

2. Check the physical connections to the signaling link.

---
3. Using an analyzer, test for level 1 and level 2 functions. Follow local procedures to test and return links to service.

---

## 0246 - REPT-LKF: FAC - DS1 LCD failure

### Description

A level 1 facility outage: loss of cell delineation.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0246 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:FAC - DS1 LCD failure
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to display the service data:

```
rept-stat-slk:l2stats=both
```

---

2. Check the physical connections to the signaling link.

---
3. Using an analyzer, test for level 1 and level 2 functions. Follow local procedures to test and return links to service.

---

**0247 - REPT-LKF: XER - ISERM threshold exceeded****Description**

The in-service error rate monitor (ISERM) maintains a counter to estimate the PDU error rate. The ISERM counter exceeded the estimated threshold.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0247 ** SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LKF:XER - ISERM threshold exceeded
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=MTP
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. Contact the far-end office to determine why the error rate is so high.
-

## 0250 - MPS available

### Description

This indicates that a previous MPS platform association loss has been reestablished and is currently functioning properly.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
3535.0250 MPS A MPS available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0261 - MPS unavailable

### Description

This message indicates that the Eagle 5 SAS system is unable to communicate with the MPS or the MPS has an internal failure.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 3535.0261 *C MPS A MPS unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

1. This message reports that communication with the MPS is not occurring. You should verify the MPS is operating and the IP link is functioning by performing the following steps.

---

2. Verify the IP connection from the MPS to EAGLE 5 SAS is operating. If not, restore the communication link between the them.

---

3. Once the communications link with the MPS is assured, verify the status of the MPS. The following example shows a possible system response when a specified DSM card is queried with the `rept-stat-mps` command.

#### **rept-stat-mps:loc=1205**

```
rlghncxa03w 00-03-07 10:23:93 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD VERSION TYPE PST SST AST
1205 ----- DSM OOS-MT-DSBLD Manual -----
 DSM PORT A OOS-MT Unavail -----
 ALARM STATUS = ** 0084 IP Connection Unavailable
 DSM PORT B OOS-MT Unavail -----
 ALARM STATUS = ** 0084 IP Connection Unavailable
 INP STAT = -----
 CARD ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
 DSM MEMORY USAGE = 0%
 Command Completed.
 ;
```

Determine from the output whether the MPS is active and available for service. If it is not, refer to the *ELAP Administration Manual* or *EPAP Administration Manual* about restoring an MPS server to the active state.



## 0264 - REPT-LINK-CGST: congestion level 0 to 1

### Description

The amount of MSU traffic on the link has reached a congestion level 1.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0264 SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LINK-CGST: congestion level 0 to 1
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=SAAL
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Since congestion usually peaks and subsides quickly, a measurements report should be printed to understand what SS7 events took place. Use the command *rept-meas* to obtain a report.

**NOTE:** The measurements collection must first be turned on so measurements can be collected. If measurements are not turned on, no report will be available. See Chapter 4, "Measurements," for traffic measurements information.

---

2. Ensure that there are enough links in the linkset based on the traffic load.
-

## 0265 - REPT-LINK-CGST: congestion level 1 to 2

### Description

The amount of MSU traffic on the link has reached a congestion level 2.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0265 SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LINK-CGST: congestion level 1 to 2
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Since congestion usually peaks and subsides quickly, a measurements report should be printed to understand what SS7 events took place. Use the command *rept-meas* to obtain a report.

**NOTE: The measurements collection must first be turned on so measurements can be collected. If measurements are not turned on, no report will be available. See Chapter 4, "Measurements," for traffic measurements information.**

---

2. Ensure that there are enough links in the linkset based on the traffic load.
-

## 0266 - REPT-LINK-CGST: congestion level 2 to 3

### Description

The congestion on a link has risen to level 3. That is, the amount of MSU traffic on the signaling link has reached the onset level defined for congestion level 3. This usually indicates the node is under provisioned.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0266 SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LINK-CGST: congestion level 2 to 3
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=SAAL
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Since congestion usually peaks and subsides quickly, a measurements report should be printed to understand what SS7 events took place. Use the command *rept-meas* to obtain a report.

**NOTE: The measurements collection must first be turned on so measurements can be collected. If measurements are not turned on, no report will be available. See Chapter 4, “Measurements,” for traffic measurements information.**

---

2. Ensure that there are enough links in the linkset based on the traffic load.
-

## 0267 - RCVRY-LINK-CGST:congestion level 3 to 2

### Description

The congestion on a link has fallen to level 2. That is, the amount of MSU traffic on the signaling link has reached the abatement level defined for congestion level 3. This indicates congestion is clearing.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0267 SLK 1205,A nc00027 RCVRY-LINK-CGST:congestion level 3 to 2
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Since congestion usually peaks and subsides quickly, a measurements report should be printed to understand what SS7 events took place. Use the command *rept-meas* to obtain a report.

---

**NOTE:** The measurements collection must first be turned on so measurements can be collected. If measurements are not turned on, no report will be available. See Chapter 4, "Measurements," for traffic measurements information.

---

## 0268 - RCVRY-LINK-CGST:congestion level 2 to 1

### Description

The congestion on a link has fallen to level 1. That is, the amount of MSU traffic on the signaling link has reached the abatement level defined for congestion level 2. This indicates congestion is clearing.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0268 SLK 1205,A nc00027 RCVRY-LINK-CGST:congestion level 2 to 1
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=SAAL
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Since congestion usually peaks and subsides quickly, a measurements report should be printed to understand what SS7 events took place. Use the command *rept-meas* to obtain a report.

---

**NOTE:** The measurements collection must first be turned on so measurements can be collected. If measurements are not turned on, no report will be available. See Chapter 4, “Measurements,” for traffic measurements information.

---

## 0269 - RCVRY-LINK-CGST: congestion has cleared

### Description

This message is generated when the congested state of a link has been removed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0269 SLK 1205,A nc00027 RCVRY-LINK-CGST: congestion has cleared
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0270 - REPT-LINK-CGST: discard level 0 to 1

### Description

The amount of MSU traffic on the link has reached an overflow level 1. Messages with an SIO priority of 0 are being discarded.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0270 SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LINK-CGST: discard level 0 to 1
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testccli CLASS=SAAL
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Since overflow conditions usually peak and subside quickly, a measurements report should be printed to understand what SS7 events took place. Use the command *rept-meas* to obtain a report.

**NOTE: The measurements collection must first be turned on so measurements can be collected. If measurements are not turned on, no report will be available. See Chapter 4, "Measurements," for traffic measurements information.**

---

2. Ensure that there are enough links in the linkset based on the traffic load.
-

## 0271 - REPT-LINK-CGST: discard level 1 to 2

### Description

The link has reached an overflow level 2. The percentage of MSU traffic on the signaling link has exceeded the discard/overflow level defined for level 2. Messages with SIO priority of 0 or 1 are being discarded.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0271 SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LINK-CGST: discard level 1 to 2
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testccli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Since overflow conditions usually peak and subside quickly, a measurements report should be printed to understand what SS7 events took place. Use the command *rept-meas* to obtain a report.

**NOTE: The measurements collection must first be turned on so measurements can be collected. If measurements are not turned on, no report will be available. See Chapter 4, "Measurements," for traffic measurements information.**

---

2. Ensure that there are enough links in the linkset based on the traffic load.
-



## 0272 - REPT-LINK-CGST: discard level 2 to 3

### Description

The amount of MSU traffic on the link has reached an overflow level 3. Messages with an SIO priority of 0, 1, or 2 are being discarded.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0272 SLK 1205,A nc00027 REPT-LINK-CGST: discard level 2 to 3
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=SAAL
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Since overflow conditions usually peak and subside quickly, a measurements report should be printed to understand what SS7 events took place. Use the command *rept-meas* to obtain a report.

**NOTE: The measurements collection must first be turned on so measurements can be collected. If measurements are not turned on, no report will be available. See Chapter 4, "Measurements," for traffic measurements information.**

---

2. Ensure that there are enough links in the linkset based on the traffic load.
-

## 0273 - RCVRY-LINK-CGST: discard level 3 to 2

### Description

The amount of MSU traffic on the link has reached an overflow level 2 and congestion is clearing. Messages with an SIO priority of 0 or 1 are being discarded.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0273 SLK 1205,A nc00027 RCVRY-LINK-CGST: discard level 3 to 2
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testcli CLASS=MTP2
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Since overflow conditions usually peak and subside quickly, a measurements report should be printed to understand what SS7 events took place. Use the command *rept-meas* to obtain a report.

---

**NOTE:** The measurements collection must first be turned on so measurements can be collected. If measurements are not turned on, no report will be available. See Chapter 4, “Measurements,” for traffic measurements information.

---

## 0274 - RCVRY-LINK-CGST: discard level 2 to 1

### Description

The amount of MSU traffic on the link has decreased to an overflow level 1 and congestion is clearing. Messages with an SIO priority of 0 are being discarded.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0274 SLK 1205,A nc00027 RCVRY-LINK-CGST: discard level 2 to 1
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=SAAL
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Since overflow conditions usually peak and subside quickly, a measurements report should be printed to understand what SS7 events took place. Use the command *rept-meas* to obtain a report.

---

**NOTE:** The measurements collection must first be turned on so measurements can be collected. If measurements are not turned on, no report will be available. See Chapter 4, "Measurements," for traffic measurements information.

---

**0275 - RCVRY-LINK-CGST: discard has cleared****Description**

The overflow level of the link has reached level 0. No messages are being discarded.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0275 SLK 1205,A nc00027 RCVRY-LINK-CGST: discard has cleared
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=MTP2
```

**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0276 - Insufficient HW for IP7 provisioning

### Description

The DCM or EDCM does not have enough memory to provision for sockets and associations.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0276 ** CARD 1115 DCM Insufficient HW for IP7 provisioning
HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. If this message contains the optional line 'HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx':
  - Go Appendix Appendix E, Auto-Inhibit HW Verification Codes, and decode the xxx value in Table E-1. Correct the indicated problem.
  - After correcting the problem, the card will be in *out-of-service maintenance disabled state* (OOS-MT-DSBLD). Restore the card back to *in-service normal state* (IS-NR) with the `alw-card` command.

If this message does not contain the optional line 'HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx', continue with the next step.

---

2. Verify the DCM/EDCM hardware. Verify the provisioning rules.

**Table 3-19.** Maximum Sockets/Associations per Card

| Card Type | Socket to Association Ratio | Maximum Sockets | Maximum Associations |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| DCM       | 8:1                         | 50              | 4                    |
| EDCM      | 1:1                         | 50              | 50                   |

---

3. If necessary, reduce the number of associations to four or less for DCMs or 50 or less for EDCMs. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - SS7* for detailed provisioning information.
-

## 0277 - AS Unavailable

### Description

This Application Server (AS) is not available to carry service traffic. All ASPs in this AS are not available to carry service traffic.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0277 ** IP7 as3 AS Unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to generate a report of the AS association status.

*rept-stat-assoc*

Following is an example of the output:

```
rlghncxa03w 00-03-04 12:57:21 EST EAGLE 31.3.0
ASSOCIATION PST SST
a1 IS-NR ASP-ACTIVE
a2 IS-ANR ASP-ACTIVE
a3 OOS-MT-DSBLD ---
a4 OOS-MT Connecting
a5 OOS-MT ASP-DOWN
a6 OOS-MT ASP-UP
Command Completed
```

---

2. Notify the PSTN associated with the disabled AS of the problem.
-

## 0278- AS Available

### Description

The Application Server (AS) is now available to carrying traffic.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0278 IP7 as2 AS Available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0279 - AS Restricted

### Description

The Application Server (AS) is carrying traffic, but one or more of the Application Server Processes (ASPs) is not functioning properly.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 31.3.0
* 0014.0279 * IP7 as2 AS Restricted

```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to generate a report of the AS association status.

*rept-stat-assoc*

Following is an example of the output:

```

rlghncxa03w 00-03-04 12:57:21 EST EAGLE 31.3.0
ASSOCIATION PST SST
a1 IS-NR ASP-ACTIVE
a2 IS-ANR ASP-ACTIVE
a3 OOS-MT-DSBLD ---
a4 OOS-MT Connecting
a5 OOS-MT ASP-DOWN
a6 OOS-MT ASP-UP
Command Completed

```

---

2. Notify the PSTN associated with the restricted AS of the problem.
-



## 0280 - AS Unrestricted

### Description

The Application Server (AS) is carrying traffic. A previous restriction has been cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0280 IP7 as2 AS Unrestricted
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0281 - LNP Ported TNs exceeds Feat. Capacity

### Description

The number of LNP ported TNs is greater than the capacity this feature supports.

This UAM appears when the DSM VSCCP cards are cold-restarted after the ELAP RTDBs were pre-populated offline with RTDB TN totals that exceed either the TN Quantity Feature keys capacities that are currently configured for the EAGLE 5 SAS.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0281 ** CARD 1115 DCM LNP Ported TNs exceeds Feat. Capacity
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Issue the `rtrv-ctrl-feat` command to verify the quantity of TNs specified for this system.

---
2. Either reduce the number of TNs to the level specified by the output of step 1, or respecify the capacity with the `enable-ctrl-feat` command.

---

## 0282 - LNP Ported TNs Capacity Normal

### Description

This UAM is a clearing message that appears when the operator enables the TN feature key quantities on the EAGLE 5 SAS that exceed the quantities currently populated in the ELAP RTDBs.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0282 CARD 1115 DCM LNP Ported TNs Capacity Normal
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0283 - LNP Ported LRNs approaching Feat. Capacity

### Description

The number of LNP-ported LRNs is greater than the capacity this feature supports.

This UAM appears when the DSM VSCCP cards are cold-restarted after the ELAP RTDBs were pre-populated offline with LRN totals that exceed the LRN Quantity Feature keys capacities that are currently configured for the EAGLE 5 SAS.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0283 ** LNP 1115 DCM LNP Ported LRNs approaching Feat Capacity
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the quantity of LRNs specified for this system:

```
rtrv-ctrl-feat
```

---

2. Either reduce the number of LRNs to the level specified by the output of step 1, or respecify the capacity with the `enable-ctrl-feat` command.
-

## 0284 - LNP Ported LRNs Capacity Normal

### Description

This UAM is a clearing message that appears when the operator enables the LRN feature key quantities that exceed the quantities currently populated in the ELAP RTDBs on the EAGLE 5 SAS.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0284 * LNP 1115 DCM LNP Ported LRNs Capacity Normal
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0285 - LNP Ported NPAs approaching Feat Capacity

### Description

The number of LNP-ported NPANXXs is greater than the capacity that this feature supports.

This UAM appears when the DSM VSCCP cards are cold-restarted after the ELAP RTDBs were pre-populated offline with NPANXX totals that exceed the NPANXX Quantity Feature keys capacities that are currently configured for the EAGLE 5 SAS.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0285 ** LNP 1115 DCM LNP Ported NPAs approaching Feat. Capacity
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the quantity of NPANXXs specified for this system:

```
rtrv-ctrl-feat
```

---

2. Either reduce the number of NPANXXs to the level specified by the output of step 1, or respecify the capacity with the `enable-ctrl-feat` command.
-

## 0286 - LNP Ported NPAs Capacity Normal

### Description

This UAM is a clearing message that appears when the operator enables the NPANXX feature key quantities that exceed the quantities currently populated in the ELAP RTDBs on the EAGLE 5 SAS.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0286 LNP 1115 DCM LNP Ported NPAsCapacity Normal
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates that a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0290 - GLS is available

### Description

The TSM cards configured as generic loader services (GLS) are functioning. These cards are used to download gateway screening (GWS) data to the LIMs.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0290 GLS SYSTEM GLS is available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous condition has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-



## 0291 - GLS is at minimum service limit

### Description

Only one TSM configured for generic loader services (GLS) is in service. When this module fails, GLS is unavailable.

Generic loader services (GLS) are used to download gateway screening data to the LIMs. GLS consists of TSM cards configured with GLS software. They are only needed when LIMs or TSMs must be reloaded.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0291 ** GLS SYSTEM GLS is at minimum service limit
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

1. Use the *rept-stat-card* command to verify status of the TSM cards providing GLS. This command identifies the cards still IS-NR (In-Service – Normal) and those cards which are out of service. For example, enter:

*rept-stat-card*

Following is an example of the output:

```
tekelecstp 04 11 01 07:01:36 EST EAGLE XX.XX.XX
CARD VERSION TYPE APPL PST SST AST
1109 125-020-000 HMUX BPHMUX IS-NR Active -----
1110 125-020-000 HMUX BPHMUX IS-NR Active -----
1113 125-020-000 GPSM EOAM IS-NR Active -----
1114 ----- TDM ----- IS-NR Active -----
1115 125-020-000 GPSM OAM IS-NR Active -----
1116 ----- TDM ----- IS-NR Active -----
1117 ----- MDAL ----- IS-NR Active -----
1201 125-020-000 LIM0CU CCS7ITU IS-NR Active -----
1202 125-020-000 LIMDS0 CCS7ITU IS-NR Active M BIP ERR
1203 125-020-000 LIMDS0 SS7ANSI IS-NR Active -----
1205 125-020-000 LIMDS0 CCS7ITU IS-NR Active M BIP ERR
1207 125-020-000 LIMATM ATMANSI IS-NR Active -----
1209 125-020-000 HIPR HIPR IS-NR Active -----
1210 125-020-000 HIPR HIPR IS-NR Active -----
1211 125-020-000 LIMATM ATMANSI IS-NR Active ALMINH
1212 125-020-000 DSM SCCP IS-NR Active ALMINH
1213 125-020-000 DCM IPLIM IS-NR Active -----
1216 125-020-000 TSM SCCP IS-ANR Standby -----
1218 022-000-000 TSM GLS OOS-MT Isolated -----
Command Completed.
```

2. Use *init-card* command to reinitialize the card and force gateway screening (GWS) data to be downloaded from the active MASP to the TSM.

---
3. After GWS data has been successfully downloaded, use *rept-stat-card* to verify the card(s) have returned to service.

---
4. If the card(s) do not return to IS-NR, then reseal the card(s).

---
5. If the card(s) still do not return to IS-NR, replace the card(s).

---

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.

## 0292 - GLS is not available

### Description

Generic loading services (GLS) is not able to function; the Eagle 5 SAS may not be performing gateway screening (GWS).

At least one card should be returned to IS-NR status. This makes GLS available and changes the alarm level to major (0291 - GLS is at minimum service limit). The alarm clears after two TSM cards have returned to IS-NR.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0100.0292 *C GLS SYSTEM GLS is not available
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

1. Use the *rept-stat-card* command to verify status of the TSM cards providing GLS. For example, enter:

*rept-stat-card*

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-09-27 16:43:42 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD VERSION TYPE APPL PST SST AST
1113 022-000-000 MCAP OAM IS-NR Active -----
1114 ----- TDM ----- ----- -----
1115 022-000-000 MCAP OAM IS-NR Standby -----
1116 ----- TDM ----- ----- -----
1117 ----- MDAL ----- IS-NR Standby -----
1204 022-000-000 LIMOCU SS7ANSI OOS-MT Isolated -----
1205 022-000-000 LIMOCU SS7ANSI IS-NR Active -----
1206 022-000-000 LIMOCU SS7ANSI OOS-MT Isolated -----
1207 022-000-000 LIMOCU SS7GX25 OOS-MT Isolated -----
1211 022-000-000 LIMV35 SS7GX25 IS-NR Active -----
1212 022-000-000 ACMENET STPLAN IS-NR Active -----
1216 022-000-000 TSM SCCP IS-ANR Standby -----
1218 022-000-000 TSM GLS OOS-MT Isolated -----
1312 022-000-000 LIMDS0 SS7ANSI IS-NR Active -----
1313 022-000-000 LIMOCU SS7ANSI OOS-MT Idle -----
Command Completed.
```

2. Use *init-card* command to reinitialize the card and force gateway screening (GWS) data to be downloaded from the active MASP to the TSM.

3. The following message should appear.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 11:11:28 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
Init Card command issued to card 1218
```

---

4. After GWS data has been successfully downloaded, use *rept-stat-card* to verify the card(s) have returned to service.  

---
5. If the card(s) do not return to IS-NR, then reseal the card(s).  

---
6. If the card(s) still do not return to IS-NR, replace the card(s).  

---

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.

## 0293 - GLS have been removed from the system

### Description

Generic loading services (GLS) has been removed from the system, because all TSMs configured for GLS have been deleted through database administration commands.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0293 GLS SYSTEM GLS have been removed from the system
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message alerts the user that all TSMs configured for GLS have been deleted from the system. No action is necessary unless gateway screening is required.
-

## 0294 - REPT-ALMINH: alarm output PERM inhibited

### Description

This message indicates that alarms for the indicated device are permanently inhibited at the indicated level.

### Example

```
tekelecstp 99-01-19 14:56:48 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0294 CARD 1117 MDAL REPT-ALMINH: alarm output PERM inhibited
ALARM INHIBIT LEVEL: CRIT
```

**NOTE:** The output can vary significantly. Alarm Inhibit alarms are generic and the output varies depending on which alarm/device is inhibited. This example utilizes the CARD format.

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0295 - REPT-ALMINH: alarm output enabled

### Description

This message indicates the restoration of the reporting of alarms for the indicated device at the indicated level.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0295 NDC SYSTEM REPT-ALMINH: alarm output enabled
 ALARM INHIBIT LEVEL: MAJR
```

**NOTE:** The output can vary significantly. Alarm Inhibit alarms are generic and the output varies depending on which alarm/device is inhibited. This example utilizes the NDC SYSTEM format.

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0296 - REPT-ALMINH: alarm output TEMP inhibited

### Description

This message indicates that alarms for the indicated device are temporarily inhibited at the indicated level.

### Example

```
tekelecstp 99-01-19 14:56:48 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0045.0296 DLK 1104,A1 REPT-ALMINH: alarm output TEMP Inhibit
ALARM INHIBIT LEVEL: MINR
```

**NOTE:** The output can vary significantly. Alarm Inhibit alarms are generic and the output varies depending on which alarm/device is inhibited. This example utilizes the DATA LINK format.

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-



## 0297 - Incorrect port configuration

### Description

This message indicates that a MPL card with more than ports A and B provisioned has been replaced with a 2 port DS0-A LIM card. This alarm is also generated if an MPL card is placed in a LIM slot which has either port A or port B provisioned as non-56K bps link speed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0297 ** CARD 1108 SS7ML Incorrect LIM port configuration
HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. If this message contains the optional line 'HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx':
  - Go to Appendix E, Auto-Inhibit HW Verification Codes, and decode the xxx value in Table E-1. Correct the indicated problem.
  - After correcting the problem, the card will be in *out-of-service maintenance disabled state* (OOS-MT-DSBLD). Restore the card back to *in-service normal state* (IS-NR) with the `alw-card` command.

---
2. If this message does not contain the optional line 'HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx', perform either of the following:
  - Replace the LIM DS0-A card with an MPL card.

OR

  - This card has only 2 ports. Re-provision this DS0-A card and provision only ports A and B. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - SS7* for the correct procedures.

---

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures* for details about replacing cards.

---

## 0298 - Card not using config. SCTP csum method

### Description

The IPLIMx/IPGWx card issues this UAM alarm when the card's active SCTP checksum algorithm does not match the configured SCTP checksum algorithm in the IP OPTIONS table.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0298 * CARD 1115 DCM Card not using config. SCTP csum method
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. The SCTP checksum algorithm option is configured via the `chg-sg-opts` command and is stored in the IP OPTIONS table. The update applies to the IP OPTIONS tables on disk and IPLIMx/IPGWx card memory.

Note that when the SCTP checksum algorithm is updated, IPLIMx/IPGWx cards may not immediately change to the updated checksum algorithm. Before IPLIMx/IPGWx cards can use the configured SCTP checksum algorithm, one of the following conditions must exist.

- No SCTP associations exist on the IPLIMx/IPGWx card.
  - All SCTP associations provisioned on the IPLIMx/IPGWx card are `open=no`.
  - The IPLIMx/IPGWx card is initialized.
- 

2. In an installed system, use either of two methods to condition the cards to accept the change in checksum algorithms:
  - Card initialization (use the `init-card` command) or
  - Change card association (`chg-assoc:aname=xxx:open=no`)

For details about these commands, refer to the *Commands Manual*.

---

3. Issue the `chg-sg-opts:sctp_csum=value` command to define the checksum algorithm to be used in all SCTP associations.
-

## 0299 - Config. SCTP csum method alarm cleared

### Description

The SCTP checksum UAM alarm is cleared when the card's active SCTP checksum algorithm matches the configured SCTP checksum algorithm.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0299 CARD 1115 DCM Config. SCTP csum method alarm cleared
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0300 -TVG Grant Failure

### Description

This message indicates that for some card in the system, the grant mechanism (as part of the Multicast Capacity Feature) failed for at least 60 seconds, or more than one time for a 15-second period. A TVG granter failure is defined as a TVG request that completes with a time-out (hardware or software) and/or a status value where the Granter Present bit is not set.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0300 ** CARD 1201 OAM TVG Grant Failure
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status of the TVG granter:

```
rept-stat-card:loc=xxxx:mode=full
```

where **xxxx** is the card location identified in the output.

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-04 15:10:19 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD VERSION TYPE APPL PST SST AST
1201 023-001-000 LIMATM ATMANSI IS-NR Active -----
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
IMT VERSION = 023-001-000
PROM VERSION = 023-001-000
IMT BUS A = Conn
IMT BUS B = Conn
CLOCK A = Idle
CLOCK B = Active
CLOCK I = Idle
MBD BIP STATUS = valid
DB STATUS = valid
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 0M
SLK A PST = OOS-MT LS=ls1201 CLLI=-----
SLK B PST = OOS-MT LS=ls1201 CLLI=-----
SCCP SERVICE CARD = ----
SLAN SERVICE CARD = ----
SCCP TVG RESULT = 24 hr: GDNHSI, 5 min: GDNHSI
SLAN TVG RESULT = 24 hr: -D-H-I, 5 min: -D-H-I
SNM TVG RESULT = 24 hr: GDNHSI, 5 min: -----
Command Completed.
```

---

2. The group ticket voucher status is displayed in these fields: **SCCP TVG RESULT** (for SCCP messages), **SLAN TVG RESULT** (for STPLAN messages), and **SNM TVG RESULT** (for SNM messages). Group ticket voucher status output is displayed as a series of these letters:

**G** – Service Granted. Indicates normal system behavior.

**D** – Service Denied. Indicates an overload, but the group ticket voucher hardware and software are working correctly.

**N** – No granter in the system. For GTT or STPLAN traffic, there may be no TSM-SCCP cards or ACMs in the system. If there are TSM-SCCP cards or ACMs in the system, then a serious failure is indicated (hardware or software bug or hardware failure).

**H** – Hardware time-out. Indicates the hardware timed out waiting for a group ticket voucher packet to return. Group ticket voucher packets can be lost when a card is plugged in or booted. This is a serious condition if cards have not been connecting or disconnecting from the IMT.

**S** – Software time-out. No result was ever returned from hardware, indicating a probable hardware failure.

**I** – Invalid result from hardware.

---

## 0301 -TVG Grant Recovery

### Description

This message indicates that the Multicast Capacity Feature for handling SNM, SCCP, or SLAN traffic is functioning, and a previous problem has cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0301 CARD 1201 OAM TVG Grant Recovery
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0302 - Cooling fan failure

### Description

The cooling fan hardware is not working.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0302 * SYSTEM Cooling fan failure
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. At the fan assembly, verify that the Fan Switch on the grill panel is in the ON position.
- 

2. At the FAP, verify the fuses for the fan assembly. The fuse card will be marked FAN A and FAN B, fuse positions 6, 12, and 18 (A and B).

- Fuse position 6 is for the fan unit directly below the control shelf.
- Fuse position 12 is for the fan directly below the 1200 shelf.
- Fuse position 18 is for the fan directly below the 1300 shelf.

All fans are to be fused at 2 amps (with orange flags) (3 amps for the HC MIM fan) per feed.

---

3. At the Eagle 5 SAS terminal, enter the following command to verify that the fan feature is turned on.

```
rtrv-feat
```

**NOTE:** Once you have turned on the feature, you cannot turn it off. The feature applies to any and all fans installed within the system. When replacing a fan assembly, the feature should already be turned on.

The output displays a list of optional features and their status on the system:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 99-01-28 11:34:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
EAGLE FEATURE LIST
GTT = off
GWS = on
CRMD = off
X25G = on
LAN = on
SEAS = on
LNP = off
LNP12MIL = off
FAN = on
DSTN4000 = on
WNP = on
CNCF = on
SCCPCNV = on
TCAPCNV = on
TLNP = on
x252000 = on

```

---

4. If **FAN = on** does not appear in the output, enable the fan feature by entering the following command:

```
chg-feat:fan=on
```

After the program updates, the system returns output similar to the following:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 97-03-11 11:34:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CHG-FEAT: MASP A - COMPLD

```

---

5. At the rear of the frame, verify the A power cable from the A fan assembly is securely attached.
- 

6. At the rear of the frame, verify the B power cable from the B fan assembly is securely attached.
- 

7. At the Eagle 5 SAS terminal, type in this command:

```
rept-stat-trbl
```

If the Eagle 5 SAS reports the following alarm, replace the cooling fan.

```
302 COOLING FAN FAILURE.
```

---

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for replacement procedure.



The hierarchy of maintenance activity is based on Table 3-20.

**Table 3-20.** Maintenance Activity Hierarchy

| Condition                         | Cntrl. LED | FAN 1 LED | FAN 2 LED | FAN 3 LED | Alarm Status | Actions                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Normal Operation                  | Green      | Green     | Green     | Green     | No Alarm**   | None                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A power feed fail                 | Blink      | RED       |           |           | Alarm*       | Check the fuse, the power source, and cables                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Interconnect card OR circuit fail | Blink      |           | RED       |           | Alarm*       | Check the fuse, the power source, and cables                                                                                                                                                                   |
| B power feed fail                 | Blink      |           |           | RED       | Alarm*       | Check the fuse, the power source, and cables                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Fan 1 fail                        | Green      | RED       |           |           | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that there is A power</li> <li>2. Make sure that there is B power and that Fan 2 and Fan 3 are operating properly.</li> <li>3. Replace the fan.</li> </ol> |
| Fan 2 fail                        | Green      |           | RED       |           | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that there is both A and B power</li> <li>2. Make sure that Fan 1 and Fan 3 are operating properly</li> <li>3. Replace the fan</li> </ol>                  |

**Table 3-20.** Maintenance Activity Hierarchy (Continued)

| Condition                    | Cntrl. LED | FAN 1 LED | FAN 2 LED | FAN 3 LED | Alarm Status | Actions                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Fan 3 fail                   | Green      |           |           | RED       | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that there is B power</li> <li>2. Make sure that there is A power and that Fan 1 and Fan 2 are operating properly</li> <li>3. Replace the fan</li> </ol>         |
| Fan 1 Removed                | Green      | Blink     |           |           | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the fan is seated properly</li> <li>2. Replace the fan</li> </ol>                                                                                           |
| Fan 2 Removed                | Green      |           | Blink     |           | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the fan is seated properly</li> <li>2. Replace the fan</li> </ol>                                                                                           |
| Fan 3 Removed                | Green      |           |           | Blink     | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure that the fan is seated properly</li> <li>2. Replace the fan</li> </ol>                                                                                           |
| Controller card partial fail | RED        |           |           |           | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure there is both A and B power.</li> <li>2. Make sure the fans are working properly</li> <li>3. Remove fan 1</li> <li>4. Replace the Fan Tray Controller</li> </ol> |

**Table 3-20.** Maintenance Activity Hierarchy (Continued)

| Condition                            | Cntrl. LED | FAN 1 LED | FAN 2 LED | FAN 3 LED | Alarm Status | Actions                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Controller card fail                 | OFF        | OFF       | OFF       | OFF       | Alarm*       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Make sure there is both A and B power.</li> <li>2. Make sure the fans are working properly</li> <li>3. Remove fan 1.</li> <li>4. Replace the Fan Tray Controller</li> </ol> |
| Interconnect Failure - replace shelf |            |           |           |           |              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

\*If there is no alarm when for this condition it is likely that the relay on the Interconnect card has failed (open)

\*\*If there is an alarm when all 4 LEDs are green it is likely that the relay on the Interconnect card has failed (closed)

[Try replacing the controller before replacing the fan tray]

## 0303 - Cooling fan normal

### Description

The cooling fan hardware has returned to service.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0303 SYSTEM Cooling fan normal
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0304 - REPT-NMTSK-DSCD: SNM Discard Onset

### Description

This message indicates that the number of system network messages has exceeded the threshold and messages are being discarded.

### Example

```
 RLGHNCA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0304 * CARD 1113 OAM REPT-NMTSK-DSCD: SNM Discard Onset
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Check for problems in the network that would cause excessive network management messages to be broadcast.
-

**0305 - RECVY-NMTSK-DSCD: SNM Discard Abated****Description**

This message indicates that network messages are no longer being discarded.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0305 CARD 1113 OAM REPT-NMTSK-DSCD: SNM Discard Abated
```

**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. This message indicates a previous condition has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0306 - SNM Overload Onset

### Description

This message indicates that network management messages are approaching the threshold where they will be discarded.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0306 * CARD 1113 EOAM SNM Overload Onset
```

### Alarm Level

Minor.

### Procedure

---

1. Check for problems in the network that would cause excessive network management messages to be broadcast.
-

## 0307 - SNM Overload Abated

### Description

This message indicates that the threat of network messages being discarded no longer exists.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0307 CARD 1113 OAM SNM Overload Abated
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous condition has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-



## 0308 - Node isolated due to SLK failures

### Description

The Eagle 5 SAS is isolated from other signaling points. All system links are down. Possible causes are as follows:

- Primary and secondary clock sources have failed
- Signaling links have been manually cancelled
- All cards have been manually inhibited
- Both IMT busses have failed

### Example

```

 RLGHNCA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0100.0308 *C SYSTEM Node isolated due to SLK failures

```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

2. Restore the signaling links to service by entering the following:

*act-slk:loc=xx:port=x*

The following message should appear:

```

RLGHNCA03W 00-02-07 11:11:28 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
Activate SLK message sent to card

```

---

3. Enter the following to restore the cards

*rst-card:loc=xxx*

**NOTE: The card locations (xxx) must be specified and the command repeated for each card.**

Automatic recovery of the SLKs should occur.

---

4. Activate measurements using the *chg-meas:collect=on* command. This starts measurements collection.

---

**NOTE:** See Chapter 4, “Measurements,” for traffic measurements information.

## 0309 - Node is no longer isolated

### Description

This message occurs when the node has been in node isolation due to signaling link failures. Enough links have recovered so that the node is no longer isolated and signaling can occur.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0309 SYSTEM Node is no longer isolated
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0311 - DPC is allowed

### Description

A previous fault is corrected and the Eagle 5 SAS system can send traffic to a specified point code.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0311 DPC 144-201-001 DPC is allowed
 LSN=nc00027
 Prohibited SS 1, 5, 18
 Allowed SS 3, 6
 Blocked SS 100, 103
 Unblocked SS 2, 102, 221

```

### Legend

|               |                                        |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|
| Allowed SS    | Allowed subsystem                      |
| Blocked SS    | Blocked subsystem                      |
| LSN           | Linkset name. The name must be unique. |
| Prohibited SS | Prohibited subsystem                   |
| Unblocked SS  | Unblocked subsystem                    |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0312 - DPC is restricted

### Description

A transfer-restricted message has been received concerning the DPC. Possible causes:

- One or more routes to this DPC are unavailable.
- A low priority route is carrying the traffic. The primary and combined routes are not available for traffic to the given DPC.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0312 * DPC 144-201-001 DPC is restricted
LSN=nc00027
Prohibited SS 1, 5, 18
Allowed SS 3, 6
Blocked SS 100, 103
Unblocked SS 2, 102, 221

```

### Legend

|               |                                        |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|
| Allowed SS    | Allowed subsystem                      |
| Blocked SS    | Blocked subsystem                      |
| LSN           | Linkset name. The name must be unique. |
| Prohibited SS | Prohibited subsystem                   |
| Unblocked SS  | Unblocked subsystem                    |

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

1. Enter the *rept-stat-rte* command using the DPC specified from the output message to determine which linkset has a problem.
2. Enter the *rept-stat-ls* using the linkset name specified from the output of step 1 to determine which link(s) could have a problem.
3. Use local procedures to test the link facilities.

## 0313 - DPC is prohibited

### Description

Traffic to the DPC is prohibited. Possible causes:

- All routes to this DPC are unavailable.
- Adjacent point code link failures or nonadjacent failure in the route.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0014.0313 *C DPC 144-201-001 DPC is prohibited
 LSN=nc00027
 Prohibited SS 1, 5, 18
 Allowed SS 3, 6
 Blocked SS 100, 103
 Unblocked SS 2, 102, 221

```

### Legend

|               |                                        |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|
| Allowed SS    | Allowed subsystem                      |
| Blocked SS    | Blocked subsystem                      |
| LSN           | Linkset name. The name must be unique. |
| Prohibited SS | Prohibited subsystem                   |
| Unblocked SS  | Unblocked subsystem                    |

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

1. Enter the *rept-stat-rte* command using the DPC specified from the output message to determine which linkset has a problem.  

---
2. Enter the *rept-stat-ls* using the linkset name specified from the output of step 1 to determine which link(s) could have a problem.  

---
3. Use local procedures to test the link facilities.  

---

## 0314 - Route is allowed

### Description

The primary route to the DPC can carry traffic.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0314 DPC 144-201-001 Route is allowed
 LSN=nc00027
 Prohibited SS 1, 5, 18
 Allowed SS 3, 6
 Blocked SS 100, 103
 Unblocked SS 2, 102, 221

```

### Legend

|               |                                        |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|
| Allowed SS    | Allowed subsystem                      |
| Blocked SS    | Blocked subsystem                      |
| LSN           | Linkset name. The name must be unique. |
| Prohibited SS | Prohibited subsystem                   |
| Unblocked SS  | Unblocked subsystem                    |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0315 - Route is restricted

### Description

Traffic in the primary route to the DPC is restricted. This could indicate signaling link failures for a nonadjacent DPC.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0315 DPC 144-201-001 Route is restricted
 LSN=nc00027
 Prohibited SS 1, 5, 18
 Allowed SS 3, 6
 Blocked SS 100, 103
 Unblocked SS 2, 102, 221

```

### Legend

|               |                                        |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|
| Allowed SS    | Allowed subsystem                      |
| Blocked SS    | Blocked subsystem                      |
| LSN           | Linkset name. The name must be unique. |
| Prohibited SS | Prohibited subsystem                   |
| Unblocked SS  | Unblocked subsystem                    |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Contact the far-end to test and correct the problem.
-



## 0316 - Route is prohibited

### Description

The primary route to the DPC cannot carry traffic to the DPC. Following are the possible causes:

- Local SLK failures
- Nonadjacent DPC SLK failures

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0316 DPC 144-201-001 Route is prohibited
 LSN=nc00027
 Prohibited SS 1, 5, 18
 Allowed SS 3, 6
 Blocked SS 100, 103
 Unblocked SS 2, 102, 221

```

### Legend

|               |                                        |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|
| Allowed SS    | Allowed subsystem                      |
| Blocked SS    | Blocked subsystem                      |
| LSN           | Linkset name. The name must be unique. |
| Prohibited SS | Prohibited subsystem                   |
| Unblocked SS  | Unblocked subsystem                    |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. Enter the *rept-stat-rte* command using the DPC specified from the output message to determine which linkset has a problem. If it specifies a nonadjacent linkset, contact the far-end to test and correct the problem.
- 
2. If it appears to be a local signaling link failure enter the *rept-stat-ls* using the linkset name specified from the output of step 1 to determine which link(s) could have a problem.
-

3. Verify the link status using the *rept-stat-slk* command. For example, enter:

```
rept-stat-slk:loc=:port=b
```

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-09-27 17:00:36 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SLK LSN CLLI PST SST AST
1203,B nsp1 ls02clli OOS-MT Unavail ----
 ALARM STATUS = No alarm
 UNAVAIL REASON = FL NA LI RI
Command Completed.
```

4. Check the *UNAVAIL REASON* field in the output of the *rept-stat-slk* command. Following is an explanation of the *UNAVAIL REASON* codes:

FL – The signaling link has a fault.

NA – The signaling link is not aligned.

LI – The signaling link has been inhibited locally

RI – The signaling link has been inhibited remotely.

LB – The signaling link has been blocked locally.

RB – The signaling link has been blocked remotely.

FC – The signaling link is unavailable because of false congestion.

RD(xx.xxx) - The signaling link is unavailable because of a restart delay to prevent signaling link oscillation. The number in parentheses indicates the amount of time, in seconds, remaining in the restart delay period. The link is restarted automatically after this amount of time has elapsed.

5. If the *UNAVAIL REASON* indicates an alignment problem or fault, activate a loopback using the *act-lpb* command, or use a physical loopback. (For a V.35, you must use an appropriate physical V.35 loopback.) If the signaling link aligns, contact the far-end to correct the problem.
6. If the *UNAVAIL REASON* still indicates an alignment problem or fault, check the status of the card by entering the *rept-stat-card* command for the specified card.
7. If the *rept-stat-card* command indicates a problem with the card, reset the card by entering the *init-card* command with the specified card location. If the card still does not align, try first reseating the card, then replacing the card (using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures*).

8. If the *UNAVAIL REASON* indicates a locally inhibited link, enter the *unhb-slk* command with the specified card location.

---
9. If the *UNAVAIL REASON* indicates a locally blocked link, enter the *ublk-slk* command with the specified card location.

---
10. If the signaling is blocked or inhibited remotely, contact the far-end to place the link in-service.

---

**0317 - RCVRY-LKSTO: Link set allowed****Description**

The linkset is returned to service.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0317 LSN a24546 RCVRY-LKSTO: Link set allowed
```

**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault is corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0318 - REPT-LKSTO: Link set prohibited

### Description

This message indicates a linkset is out of service.

### Example

```

 RLGHNCA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0318 ** LSN a54646 REPT-LKSTO: Link set prohibited

```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Verify the link status using the *rept-stat-slk* command. For example, enter:

```
rept-stat-slk:loc=1203:port=b
```

Following is an example of the output:

```

RLGHNCX A03W 00-02-07 12:02:36 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SLK LSN CLLI PST SST AST
1203,B nsp1 ls02c11i OOS-MT Unavail ----
 ALARM STATUS = No alarm
 UNAVAIL REASON = FL NA LI RI
Command Completed.

```

2. Check the *UNAVAIL REASON* field in the output of the *rept-stat-slk* command. Following is an explanation of the *UNAVAIL REASON* codes:

FL – The signaling link has a fault.

NA – The signaling link is not aligned.

LI – The signaling link has been inhibited locally

RI – The signaling link has been inhibited remotely.

LB – The signaling link has been blocked locally.

RB – The signaling link has been blocked remotely.

FC – The signaling link is unavailable because of false congestion.

RD(xx.xxx) – The signaling link is unavailable because of a restart delay to prevent signaling link oscillation. The number in parentheses indicates the amount of time, in seconds, remaining in the restart delay period. The link is restarted automatically after this amount of time has elapsed.

---

3. If the *UNAVAIL REASON* indicates an alignment problem or fault, activate a loopback using the *act-lpb* command, or use a physical loopback. (For a V.35, you must use an appropriate physical V.35 loopback.) If the signaling link aligns, contact the far-end to correct the problem.

---
4. If the *UNAVAIL REASON* still indicates an alignment problem or fault, check the status of the card by entering the *rept-stat-card* command for the specified card.

---
5. If the *rept-stat-card* command indicates a problem with the card, reset the card by entering the *init-card* command with the specified card location. If the card still does not align, try first reseating the card, then replacing the card (using the card replacement procedures in Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures*).

---
6. If the *UNAVAIL REASON* indicates a locally inhibited link, enter the *unhb-slk* command with the specified card location.

---
7. If the *UNAVAIL REASON* indicates a locally blocked link, enter the *ublk-slk* command with the specified card location.

---
8. If the signaling is blocked or inhibited remotely, contact the far-end to place the link in-service.

---

## 0319 - REPT-MTPLP-DET: Circ rte det(cong)

### Description

The system automatically tests for circular routing when congestion occurs on an ANSI signaling link. If the routing data was provisioned incorrectly, or was corrupted, MSUs could be routed in an endless circular route. The incorrect routing data could be on the system or at a remote STP. This message indicates that circular routing has been detected.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0014.0319 *C DPC 011-210-* REPT-MTPLP-DET: Circ rte det(cong)
 XMT LSN=ls01 RC=10
 RCV LSN=ls14
 MEMBER=011-210-007

```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to check the routing information for the specified DPC:

```
rtrv-rte
```

If the problem is in the routing table of an adjacent node, contact the node (identified in the *rtrv-rte* command output) to resolve the circular routing problem.

If the routing information is correct, continue with Step 4.

If there is an error in the routing information, continue with Step 2.

---

2. Enter the following command to delete the route in the error message from the database:

```
dlt-rte:aaaa=xxx-xxx-xxx:lsn=yyyy
```

where *aaa* = *dpc*, *dpca*, *dpci*, or *dpcn*

*xxx-xxx-xxx* = destination point code

and *yyyy* = the linkset name associated with the route.

---

3. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - SS7*, Chapter 5 - SS7 Configuration and the procedure titled Adding a Route for the procedure on entering the correct route information.
-

4. Enter the following command to reset the destination circular routing status:

*rst-dstn:dpc=x-x-x*

where *x-x-x* = the destination point code of the destination.

---



## 0320 - REPT-MTPLP-SUST: Sustained circ rt(cong)

### Description

The system automatically tests for circular routing when congestion occurs on an ANSI signaling link. If the routing data was provisioned incorrectly, or was corrupted, MSUs could be routed in an endless circular route. The incorrect routing data could be on the system or at a remote STP. This message indicates that circular routing has been detected.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0014.0320 *C DPC 011-210-* REPT-MTPLP-SUST: Sustained circ rt(cong)
 XMT LSN=ls01 RC=10
 RCV LSN=ls14
 MEMBER=011-210-007

```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to check the routing information for the specified DPC:

```
rtrv-rte
```

If the problem is in the routing table of an adjacent node, contact the node (identified in the *rtrv-rte* command output) to resolve the circular routing problem.

If the routing information is correct, continue with Step 4.

If there is an error in the routing information, continue with Step 2.

---

2. Enter the following command to delete the route in the error message from the database:

```
dlt-rte:aaaa=xxx-xxx-xxx:lsn=yyyy
```

where *aaa* = *dpc*, *dpca*, *dpci*, or *dpcn*

*xxx-xxx-xxx* = destination point code

and *yyyy* = the linkset name associated with the route.

---

3. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - SS7*, Chapter 5 - SS7 Configuration and the procedure titled Adding a Route for the procedure on entering the correct route information.
-

4. Enter the following command to reset the destination circular routing status:

*rst-dstn:dpc=x-x-x*

where *x-x-x* = the destination point code of the destination.

---

## 0321 - X-LIST occupancy threshold exceeded

### Description

This message indicates that the number of x-list entries has exceeded a specified threshold.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0321 * XLIST X-LIST occupancy threshold exceeded

```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. To display the system-wide parameters for cluster routing, enter the *rtvr-stpopts* command. Following is an example of the output:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-07-23 16:02:34 EST EAGLE. 34.0.0 STP OPTIONS

MTP31CTL 1
MTPLT1 yes
MTPLTCTDPCQ 3
MTPLTST 10000
MTPXLQ 500
MTPXLET 0100
MTPXLOT 90%
MTPDPCQ 2000
TFATFRPR 1000
MTPRSI yes
MTPRSIT 5000

```

The *mtpxlq* parameter is the total number of dynamic status exception list (x-list) entries the Eagle 5 SAS maintains. There are 2500 total table entries. The default values allow for 2000 entries for provisioned destinations and 500 for x-list entries. (If you increase the number of x-list entries, you must decrease the number of DPCs that can be provisioned by changing the *mtpdpcq* parameter.)

The *mtpxlet* parameter is the maximum amount of time the Eagle 5 SAS maintains an unreferenced x-list entry.

The *mtpxlot* parameter is the threshold that this message refers to.

2. Use the *chg-stpopts* to change the number of x-list entries, the x-list expiration timer, or to raise the threshold for notification of a full x-list.
-

3. If the problem persists, use the *dact-rstst* command to eliminate specific x-list entries.
-

## 0322 - X-LIST occupancy below threshold

### Description

This message indicates that the number of x-list entries has fallen below a specified threshold.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0322 XLIST X-LIST occupancy below threshold
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0324 - DPC subsystem is allowed

### Description

All subsystems at the indicated DPC are reachable.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0324 DPC 144-201-001 DPC subsystem is allowed
LSN=nc00027
Prohibited SS 1, 5, 18
Allowed SS 3, 6
Blocked SS 100, 103
Unblocked SS 2, 102, 221

```

### Legend

|               |                                        |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|
| Allowed SS    | Allowed subsystem                      |
| Blocked SS    | Blocked subsystem                      |
| LSN           | Linkset name. The name must be unique. |
| Prohibited SS | Prohibited subsystem                   |
| Unblocked SS  | Unblocked subsystem                    |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0325 - DPC subsystem is blocked

### Description

The DPC subsystem is blocked due to administrative action.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0014.0325 *C DPC 144-201-001 DPC subsystem is blocked
 LSN=nc00027
 Prohibited SS 1, 5, 18
 Allowed SS 3, 6
 Blocked SS 100, 103
 Unblocked SS 2, 102, 221

```

### Legend

|               |                                        |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|
| Allowed SS    | Allowed subsystem                      |
| Blocked SS    | Blocked subsystem                      |
| LSN           | Linkset name. The name must be unique. |
| Prohibited SS | Prohibited subsystem                   |
| Unblocked SS  | Unblocked subsystem                    |

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Contact the far-end to correct the problem.
-

## 0326 - DPC subsystem is prohibited

### Description

The indicated DPC Subsystem is prohibited.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0014.0326 *C DPC 144-201-001 DPC subsystem is prohibited
 LSN=nc00027
 Prohibited SS 1, 5, 18
 Allowed SS 3, 6
 Blocked SS 100, 103
 Unblocked SS 2, 102, 221

```

### Legend

|               |                                        |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|
| Allowed SS    | Allowed subsystem                      |
| Blocked SS    | Blocked subsystem                      |
| LSN           | Linkset name. The name must be unique. |
| Prohibited SS | Prohibited subsystem                   |
| Unblocked SS  | Unblocked subsystem                    |

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Contact the far-end to correct the problem.
-



## 0327 - DPC subsystem has been deleted

### Description

This indicates a DPC subsystem has been deleted from the system global title translation (GTT) tables.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0327 DPC 144-201-001 DPC subsystem has been deleted
 LSN=nc00027
 Prohibited SS 1, 5, 18
 Allowed SS 3, 6
 Blocked SS 100, 103
 Unblocked SS 2, 102, 221

```

### Legend

|               |                                        |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|
| Allowed SS    | Allowed subsystem                      |
| Blocked SS    | Blocked subsystem                      |
| LSN           | Linkset name. The name must be unique. |
| Prohibited SS | Prohibited subsystem                   |
| Unblocked SS  | Unblocked subsystem                    |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected by deletion of the entity. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0328 - SCCP is available

### Description

The SCCP subsystem has returned to service.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0328 SCCP SYSTEM SCCP is available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0329 - SCCP capacity normal, card(s) abnormal

### Description

The SCCP subsystem is operating normally, using the TVG (Group Ticket Voucher load balancing algorithm) message transport method. The TPS (Transactions Per Second) rate is below its capacity threshold, as defined by the *chg-th-sccp* command.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0329 SCCP SYSTEM SCCP capacity normal, card(s) abnormal
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. This alarm is used in conjunction with alarm #0330 "System SCCP TPS Threshold Exceeded." For every five minutes the EAGLE 5 SAS is above the threshold, the ATH (Application Trouble Handler) reports the minimum, maximum and average TPS value seen during the past five minute period. When the TPS level drops below the threshold level for 30 seconds, the alarm stops, and alarm #0329 confirms that normal operation has resumed. (Alternatively, the user can clear this alarm by raising the threshold limit to a value greater than the maximum value, in which case, the alarm stops immediately.
2. To obtain details, use the *rept-stat-sccp* command, which displays the status of the SCCP and VSCCP cards and other services and determines the capacity threshold of the SCCP TPS rate. This command also identifies which DSM cards are OOS-MT. For example, enter:

```
rept-stat-sccp
```

Following is an example of the output:

```
eaglestp 00-10-24 20:38:58 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SCCP SUBSYSTEM REPORT IS-NR Active -----
SCCP Cards Configured= 1 Cards IS-NR= 1 Capacity Threshold = 80%

CARD VERSION PST SST AST MSU USAGE CPU USAGE

1212 021-001-000 IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH 47% 32%

SCCP Service Average MSU Capacity = 47% Average CPU Capacity = 32%

Command Completed.
```

## 0330 - System SCCP TPS Threshold exceeded

### Description

This message indicates the EAGLE 5 SAS has exceeded its TPS (Transactions Per Second) message transport rate threshold. For every 30 seconds the EAGLE 5 SAS is above the threshold, an ATH (Application Trouble Handler) reports the minimum, maximum and average TPS value seen during the past 30-second period.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0330 ** SCCP SYSTEM System SCCP TPS Threshold exceeded
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use *rept-stat-sccp* to determine the status of the SCCP subsystem. This command also identifies which SCCP cards are OOS-MT. For example, enter:

```
rept-stat-sccp
```

Following is an example of the output:

```
eaglestp 00-10-24 20:38:58 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SCCP SUBSYSTEM REPORT IS-NR Ovflw-1 -----
SCCP Cards Configured= 4 Cards IS-NR= 4
System TCP Alarm Threshold = 80% Total capacity
System Peak SCCP Load = 3000 TPS
System Total SCCP Capacity = 5000 TPS

CARD VERSION PST SST AST MSU USAGE CPU USAGE

1212 021-001-000 IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH 47% 32%

SCCP Service Average MSU Capacity = 47% Average CPU Capacity = 32%

Command Completed.
```

Use the command *rept-stat-sccp:mode=perf* to retrieve the maximum and average values, if desired.

---

2. The user may clear this alarm by raising the threshold limit to a value greater than the maximum value. In this case, the alarm stops immediately.

You should use the *rtrv-th-sccp* command to list the threshold rate, and you may use the *chg-th-sccp* command to change the threshold value.

---

3. The user should evaluate this new traffic level and determine whether additional SCCP cards are required to maintain the TPS level the system is processing.
- 

4. Use the *rept-stat-card* command to display the card status and maintenance activity states. Examine the report for any cards that may be OOS-MT.
- 

5. Use the *init-card* command to initialize any cards(s) that are OOS-MT. This causes the card(s) to reload the MTP data as well as GTT data tables.
- 

6. Again using the *rept-stat-sccp* command, verify the card(s) have returned to service. If any card(s) have failed to return to IS-NR, reseal the card(s).
- 

7. If any card(s) remain OOS-MT, replace the card(s).

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures* for details about replacing cards.

---

## 0331 - SCCP is not available

### Description

The SCCP subsystem is not available to any LIM(s). All TSM/DSM-SCCP cards have failed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0100.0331 *C SCCP SYSTEM SCCP is not available
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Use *rept-stat-sccp* command to determine the status of the SCCP subsystem. This command also identifies which TSM/DSM cards are OOS-MT. For example, enter:

*rept-stat-sccp*

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 16:10:50 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SCCP SUBSYSTEM REPORT IS-NR Active -----
SCCP Cards Configured= 1 Cards IS-NR= 1 Capacity Threshold = 100%
CARD VERSION PST SST AST MSU USAGE CPU USAGE

1212 021-001-000 IS-NR Active ALMINH 47% 32%

SCCP Service Average MSU Capacity = 47% Average CPU Capacity = 32%
Command Completed
```

---

2. Reinitialize any card(s) not in an IS-NR state using the *init-card* command.

---

3. After the card(s) have been reloaded, use the *rept-stat-sccp* command to verify the SCCP subsystem has returned to full capacity.

---

4. If any card(s) fail to return to IS-NR, reseal the card(s).

---

5. If the card(s) still do not return to IS-NR, replace the card(s).

---

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.

## 0332 - DPC Subsystem is prohibited and blocked

### Description

A subsystem is both prohibited and blocked as reported by the network.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0014.0332 *C DPC 144-201-001 DPC Subsystem is prohibited and blocked
LSN=nc00027
Prohibited SS 1, 5, 18
Allowed SS 3, 6
Blocked SS 100, 103
Unblocked SS 2, 102, 221
```

### Legend

|               |                                        |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|
| Allowed SS    | Allowed subsystem                      |
| Blocked SS    | Blocked subsystem                      |
| LSN           | Linkset name. The name must be unique. |
| Prohibited SS | Prohibited subsystem                   |
| Unblocked SS  | Unblocked subsystem                    |

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Contact the far-end to test and correct the problem.
-

## 0333 - DPC Subsystem is Normal

### Description

The DPC subsystem indicated in the output message is now allowed.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0333 DPC 144-201-001 DPC Subsystem is Normal
 LSN=nc00027
 Prohibited SS 1, 5, 18
 Allowed SS 3, 6
 Blocked SS 100, 103
 Unblocked SS 2, 102, 221

```

### Legend

|               |                                        |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|
| Allowed SS    | Allowed subsystem                      |
| Blocked SS    | Blocked subsystem                      |
| LSN           | Linkset name. The name must be unique. |
| Prohibited SS | Prohibited subsystem                   |
| Unblocked SS  | Unblocked subsystem                    |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-



## 0334 - DPC Subsystem is Abnormal

### Description

The indicated DPC subsystem is not reachable through the normal route.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0014.0334 *C DPC 144-201-001 DPC Subsystem is Abnormal
 LSN=nc00027
 Prohibited SS 1, 5, 18
 Allowed SS 3, 6
 Blocked SS 100, 103
 Unblocked SS 2, 102, 221

```

### Legend

|               |                                        |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|
| Allowed SS    | Allowed subsystem                      |
| Blocked SS    | Blocked subsystem                      |
| LSN           | Linkset name. The name must be unique. |
| Prohibited SS | Prohibited subsystem                   |
| Unblocked SS  | Unblocked subsystem                    |

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the *rept-stat-rte* command using the DPC specified from the output message to determine which linkset has a problem.  

---
2. Enter the *rept-stat-ls* using the linkset name specified from the output of step 1 to determine which link(s) could have a problem.  

---
3. Use local procedures to test the link facilities.  

---

## 0335 - SCCP is removed

### Description

All SCCP cards have been deleted from the database; SCCP services are not available to the system. This message is the result of a deliberate action. Removing all TSM-SCCP cards from the database may have been an action from another maintenance procedure. If you wish to restore SCCP services to the system, perform the following procedure. For more information about adding a card to the system, refer to the *Database Administration Manual - SS7*.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0335 SCCP SYSTEM SCCP is removed
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Use the *ent-card* command to reenter the TSM-SCCP cards into the system database.

---
2. Use the *rst-card* command to return the card(s) to service. This causes the MASP to begin downloading global title translation (GTT) tables to the TSM-SCCP.

---
3. Use the *rept-stat-sccp* command to verify that the card(s) have been restored, after the MASP has completed loading.

---

## 0336 - LIM(s) have been denied SCCP service

### Description

Some LIM(s) are using the SCCP subsystem, but others have been denied service. This is due to underprovisioning, and will require more cards to be added.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0336 ** SCCP SYSTEM LIM(s) have been denied SCCP service
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Use *rept-stat-sccp* command to determine which LIMs have been denied SCCP service.

For example, enter:

*rept-stat-sccp*

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 16:10:50 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SCCP SUBSYSTEM REPORT IS-NR Active -----
SCCP Cards Configured= 1 Cards IS-NR= 1 Capacity Threshold = 100%
CARD VERSION PST SST AST MSU USAGE CPU USAGE

1212 021-001-000 IS-NR Active ALMINH 47% 32%

SCCP Service Average MSU Capacity = 47% Average CPU Capacity = 32%
Command Completed
```

2. Add TSM/DSM-SCCP cards one at a time. Monitor the performance of the SCCP subsystem with the *rept-stat-sccp* command to determine whether additional cards are needed.
-

## 0337 - DPC - SS status changed

### Description

This output is related to other DPC alarm messages. It indicates that one or more subsystems with an existing alarm condition has had a change in status. The message indicates the new status of the subsystem. A previous alarm condition has not cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0337 DPC 001-001-001 DPC-SS status changed
 LSN=A1234567
 Prohibited SS 5, 20
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Follow the troubleshooting procedure for the previous alarm.
-

## 0338 - X-LIST space full-entry(s) discarded

### Description

This message indicates that the total number of dynamic status exception list (x-list) entries for cluster routing has exceeded the maximum number configured. No more entries can be added to the list. This can occur because the maximum number of x-list entries is set too low, the timer that eliminates x-list entries after a specified period is set too long, or the x-list needs to be culled.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0338 ** XLIST X-LIST space full-entry(s) discarded
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. To display the system-wide parameters for cluster routing, enter the *rtrv-stpopts* command. Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-07-23 16:02:34 EST EAGLE. 34.0.0 STP OPTIONS

MTP31CTL 1
MTPLT1 yes
MTPLTCTDPCQ 3
MTPLTST 10000
MTPXLQ 500
MTPXLET 0100
MTPXLOT 90%
MTPDPCQ 2000
TFATFRPR 1000
MTPRSI yes
MTPRSIT 5000
```

The *mtpxlq* parameter is the total number of dynamic status exception list (x-list) entries the Eagle 5 SAS maintains. There are 2500 total table entries. The default values allow for 2000 entries for provisioned destinations and 500 for x-list entries. (If you increase the number of x-list entries, you must decrease the number of DPCs that can be provisioned by changing the *mtpdpcq* parameter.)

The *mtpxlet* parameter is the maximum amount of time the Eagle 5 SAS maintains an unreferenced x-list entry.

---

2. Use the *chg-stpopts* to change the number of x-list entries or the x-list expiration timer.  

---
3. If the problem persists, use the *dact-rstst* command to eliminate specific x-list entries.  

---

## 0339 - X-LIST space full condition abated

### Description

This message indicates the total number of dynamic status exception list (x-list) entries no longer exceeds the maximum allowed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0339 XLIST X-LIST space full condition abated
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0340 - RCVRY-MTPLP-RST: Circ rte status cleared

### Description

The system automatically tests for circular routing when congestion occurs on an ANSI signaling link. This message indicates that the circular routing has been cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0340 DPC 001-001-001 RCVRY-MTPLP-RST: Circ rte status cleared
 XMIT LSN=A1234567
 RCV LSN=ls14
 MEMBER=011-210-007
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-



## 0341 - OAP Unavailable

### Description

This message indicates that the Eagle 5 SAS system is unable to communicate with the OAP or the OAP has an internal failure.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0341 ** OAP B OAP Unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

1. Enter the following command to determine the status of the OAP(s):

*rept-stat-seas*

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-04-17 14:59:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 GPL PST SST AST

SEAS SYSTEM IS-ANR Restricted -----
TDM TRM 6 IS-NR Active -----
TDM TRM 9 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A 220-001-000 IS-NR Active -----
OAP B ----- OOS-MT Isolated -----
X25 Link A1 IS-NR Active -----
X25 Link B1 OS-MT Fault -----

SEAS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = ** 0362 LSMS is at min service limit
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = ** 0341 OAP unavailable
X25 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 ALARM STATUS = ** 0358 LSMS Q.3 association unavailable

X25 A1 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 A1 PVCs OOS-MT = ---

X25 B1 PVCs IS-NR = ---
X25 B1 PVCs OOS-MT = 1,2,3
Command Completed.
```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

**NOTE:** If the OAP has an internal failure, yet it can still communicate with the system, the state for the OAP appears in the output as OOS-MT/Fault instead of OOS-MT/Isolated. For instance, if the OAP has a hard disk failure the state would appear as OOS-MT/Fault. If the hard disk is full, it will not communicate.

2. If the OAP has a hard disk failure or the hard disk is full, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.

---

3. If the OAP(s) are out-of-service, check the physical connections. See the *Installation Manual* for more information about these system components.
- 

4. Check for any fuse alarms on the Fuse and Alarm Panel in the OAP frame. There are two 7.5 amp fuses for each OAP. The fuses for OAP1 are marked “Fuse 1A” and “Fuse 1B”. The fuses for OAP2 are marked “Fuse 2A” and “Fuse 2B”. If there is a fuse alarm, replace the fuses for the OAP that is unavailable. Also, make sure the two 10 amp breakers are not tripped.
- 

5. Enter the following command to verify that the SEAS ports are functioning:

*rept-stat-trm*

Following is an example of the output:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 09:50:17 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TRM PST SST AST
1 IS-NR Active -----
2 IS-NR Active -----
3 IS-NR Active -----
4 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
5 IS-NR Active -----
6 IS-NR Active -----
7 IS-NR Active -----
8 IS-NR Active -----
9 IS-NR Active -----
10 IS-NR Active -----
11 IS-NR Active -----
12 IS-NR Active -----
13 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
14 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
15 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
16 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
Command Completed.

```

Use the output from Step 1 (TRM) to identify the OAP ports. Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---

6. If a SEAS port is OOS-MT-DSBLD, enable the port with the following command:

*rst-trm:trm=x*

where *x* is the OAP port number.

If this action corrects the problem, you are done with this procedure.

---

7. If the problem persists, verify that the OAP cables are connected to the correct SEAS TDM port(s).
-

8. If the problem persists, verify that the OAP cables are connected to the correct OAP serial ports.
- 

9. Verify the RS-232 parameters are configured properly for the SEAS port by entering the *rtrv-trm* command for the specified port. The port should be configured to 19200 baud, even parity, one stop bit, and hardware flow control.
- 

10. If the problem still persists, reset the OAP by entering the *init-oap* command. The OAP comes back in-service within five minutes and the system clears the alarm.
- 

11. If the problem is still not corrected, reseal the TDM card. If the OAP still does not respond, replace the TDM card.

**NOTE:** See **Appendix A, Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures.**

---

12. If the OAP is still not available, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0342 - SEAS UAL unavailable

### Description

This message indicates the SEAS User Application Layer (UAL) process on the OAP is not running. Layer 4 (UPL) is not available for the specified OAP.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0342 ** SEAS OAP B SEAS UAL unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. The UAL should recover automatically by restarting.
- 

2. Enter the following command to verify the status of the OAP(s):

*rept-stat-seas*

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-04-17 14:59:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 GPL PST SST AST

SEAS SYSTEM IS-ANR Restricted -----
TDM TRM 6 IS-NR Active -----
TDM TRM 9 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A 220-001-000 IS-NR Active -----
OAP B ----- OOS-MT Isolated -----
X25 Link A1 IS-NR Active -----
X25 Link B1 OS-MT Fault -----

SEAS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = ** 0362 LSMS is at min service limit
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = ** 0342 SEAS UAL unavailable
X25 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 ALARM STATUS = ** 0358 LSMS Q.3 association unavailable

X25 A1 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 A1 PVCs OOS-MT = ---

X25 B1 PVCs IS-NR = ---
X25 B1 PVCs OOS-MT = 1,2,3
Command Completed.
```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---

3. If the UAL does not recover, contact the SEAC to test from their equipment to the local synchronous modem. Make sure the X.25 link is activated at their end and the link tests within specifications. If possible, have the SEAC or PDN swap X.25 cards at their end with a known good card.
- 

4. If the problem persists, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number. Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

## 0343 - SEAS X.25 Link unavailable

### Description

This message indicates the X.25 link to the specified OAP is down. Layer 2 is not available for the indicated SEAS X.25 link.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0343 ** SEAS X25 Link A1 SEAS X.25 Link unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the status of the SEAS subsystem:

*rept-stat-seas*

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-04-17 14:59:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 GPL PST SST AST

SEAS SYSTEM IS-ANR Restricted -----
TDM TRM 6 IS-NR Active -----
TDM TRM 9 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A 220-001-000 IS-NR Active -----
OAP B ----- OOS-MT Isolated -----
X25 Link A1 IS-NR Active -----
X25 Link B1 OS-MT Fault -----

SEAS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = ** 0362 LSMS is at min service limit
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = ** 0341 OAP unavailable
X25 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 ALARM STATUS = ** 0343 SEAS X.25 Link unavailable

X25 A1 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 A1 PVCs OOS-MT = ---

X25 B1 PVCs IS-NR = ---
X25 B1 PVCs OOS-MT = 1,2,3
Command Completed.
```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---

2. Check the connections from the synchronous modem (in the OAP frame) to the OAP. See the *Installation Manual* for more information about these system components. If the connections are firmly seated, test and if necessary, replace the modem.

- 
3. Determine the status of the X.25 link by entering the following command:

*rept-stat-seas*

where x is the appropriate TRM number from Step 1.

Following is an example of the output:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-01-04 15:59:06 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SEAS COMPONENT PST SST AST

SEAS Interface IS_ANR Restricted -----
TRM = 2 IS-NR Active -----
OAP = A IS-NR Active -----
X25 port = A1 IS-NR Active ALMINH

PVCs IS-NR = 1, 3
PVCs OOS-MT = 2
OAP GPL = 022-003-000
ALARM STATUS = * 0344 PVC unavailable.
Command Completed.

```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

- 
4. If the problem persists, contact the SEAC to test from their equipment to the local synchronous modem. Make sure the X.25 link is activated at their end and the link tests within specifications. If possible, have the SEAC or PDN swap X.25 cards at their end with a known good card.

- 
5. If the problem still persists, reset the OAP by entering the *init-oap* command. The OAP comes back in-service within three minutes and the system clears the alarm.

- 
6. Determine the status of the X.25 link by entering the following command:

*rept-stat-seas*

where x is the appropriate TRM number from Step 1.

- 
7. If the X.25 link is still unavailable, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0344 - SEAS PVC unavailable

### Description

This message indicates that the permanent virtual circuit (PVC) connected to the OAP is not available.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0344 * SEAS X25 Link A1 SEAS PVC unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the status of the SEAS subsystem:

*rept-stat-seas*

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-04-17 14:59:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 GPL PST SST AST

SEAS SYSTEM IS-ANR Restricted -----
TDM TRM 6 IS-NR Active -----
TDM TRM 9 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A 220-001-000 IS-NR Active -----
OAP B ----- OOS-MT Isolated -----
X25 Link A1 IS-NR Active -----
X25 Link B1 OS-MT Fault -----

SEAS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = ** 0362 LSMS is at min service limit
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = ** 0341 OAP unavailable
X25 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 ALARM STATUS = * 0344 SEAS PVC unavailable

X25 A1 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 A1 PVCs OOS-MT = ---

X25 B1 PVCs IS-NR = ---
X25 B1 PVCs OOS-MT = 1,2,3
Command Completed.
```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---



2. Determine the status of the OAP and PVC by entering the following command:

*rept-stat-seas*

Following is an example of the output:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-01-04 15:59:06 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SEAS COMPONENT PST SST AST

SEAS Interface IS_ANR Restricted -----
TRM = 2 IS-NR Active -----
OAP = A IS-NR Active -----
X25 port = A1 IS-NR Active ALMINH

PVCs IS-NR = 1, 3
PVCs OOS-MT = 2
OAP GPL = 022-003-000
ALARM STATUS = * 0344 PVC unavailable.
Command Completed.

```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---

3. If there are any PVCs, the X.25 link physical layer is good.

---

4. If the problem persists, contact the SEAC to test from their equipment to the local synchronous modem.

---

5. If the PVC is still not available, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0345 - All SEAS UAL sessions unavailable

### Description

This message indicates the X.25 User Application Layer (UAL) is not available. If all PVCs for the indicated X.25 link have failed, UAL is no longer available, or all UAL sessions are unavailable.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0345 ** SEAS X25 Link B1 All SEAS UAL sessions unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the status of the OAP(s):

*rept-stat-seas*

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-04-17 14:59:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 GPL PST SST AST

SEAS SYSTEM IS-ANR Restricted -----
TDM TRM 6 IS-NR Active -----
TDM TRM 9 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A 220-001-000 IS-NR Active -----
OAP B ----- OOS-MT Isolated -----
X25 Link A1 IS-NR Active -----
X25 Link B1 OS-MT Fault -----

SEAS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = ** 0362 LSMS is at min service limit
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = ** 0341 OAP unavailable
X25 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 ALARM STATUS = ** 0345 All SEAS UAL sessions unavailable

X25 A1 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 A1 PVCs OOS-MT = ---

X25 B1 PVCs IS-NR = ---
X25 B1 PVCs OOS-MT = 1,2,3
Command Completed.
```

2. Contact the SEAC to verify the X.25 PVCs are correctly configured and activated. The SEAC should also deactivate and activate the X.25 link.
-

3. If the problem persists, reset the OAP by entering the *init-oap* command. The OAP comes back in-service within three minutes and the system clears the alarm.
- 

4. If the problem persists, contact the SEAC to test from their equipment to the local synchronous modem.
- 

5. If the X.25 UAL is still not available, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0346 - SEAS UAL session unavailable

### Description

This message indicates that the SEAS X.25 link UAL session on one PVC is not available.

### Example

```

 RLGHNCA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0346 * SEAS X25 Link B1 SEAS UAL session unavailable

```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the status of the OAP(s):

*rept-stat-seas*

Following is an example of the output:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-04-17 14:59:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 GPL PST SST AST

SEAS SYSTEM IS-ANR Restricted -----
TDM TRM 6 IS-NR Active -----
TDM TRM 9 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A 220-001-000 IS-NR Active -----
OAP B ----- OOS-MT Isolated -----
X25 Link A1 IS-NR Active -----
X25 Link B1 OS-MT Fault -----

SEAS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = ** 0362 LSMS is at min service limit
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = ** 0341 OAP unavailable
X25 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 ALARM STATUS = * 0346 SEAS UAL session unavailable

X25 A1 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 A1 PVCs OOS-MT = ---

X25 B1 PVCs IS-NR = ---
X25 B1 PVCs OOS-MT = 1,2,3
Command Completed.

```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---

2. If the problem persists, contact the SEAC to test from their equipment to the local synchronous modem.
-

3. If the problem still persists, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0347 - SEAS X.25 Link is available

### Description

This message indicates that a previous problem with the X.25 link has been corrected.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0347 SEAS X.25 Link B1 SEAS X.25 Link is available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0348 - SEAS is at min service limit

### Description

This message indicates that some part of the SEAS subsystem has failed. When there are two OAPs, this could mean that one OAP has failed, or some part of the path to the SEAC for that OAP has failed. When there is only one OAP with two X.25 links to the SEAC and two connections to the TDM serial ports, either one of the X.25 links has failed, or one of the serial port connections to the TDM has failed. One more failure in either case will cause the SEAS subsystem to fail.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0348 ** SEAS SYSTEM SEAS is at min service limit

```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Determine the status of the OAP(s) by entering the following command:

*rept-stat-seas*

Following is an example of the output:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-04-17 14:59:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 GPL PST SST AST

SEAS SYSTEM IS-ANR Restricted -----
TDM TRM 6 IS-NR Active -----
TDM TRM 9 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A A 220-001-000 IS-NR Active -----
OAP B B ----- OOS-MT Isolated -----
X25 Link A1 IS-NR Active -----
X25 Link B1 OS-MT Fault -----

SEAS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = ** 0348 SEAS is at min service limit
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = ** 0341 OAP unavailable
X25 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 ALARM STATUS = ** 0358 LSMS Q.3 association unavailable

X25 A1 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 A1 PVCs OOS-MT = ---

X25 B1 PVCs IS-NR = ---
X25 B1 PVCs OOS-MT = 1,2,3

```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---

2. If 0341 OAP unavailable is output, follow the appropriate procedure.

Reference: 0341 - OAP Unavailable

---

3. If 0343 SEAS X. 25 Link unavailable is output, follow the appropriate procedure.

Reference: 0343 - SEAS X.25 Link unavailable

---

4. If 0354 OAP TDM Port unavailable is output, follow the appropriate procedure.

Reference: 0354 - One OAP terminal unavailable

---

5. If the OAP(s) are out-of-service check the physical connections. See the *Installation Manual* for more information about these system components. If the connections are firmly seated, test and if necessary, replace the modem.
- 

6. Check for any fuse alarms on the Fuse and Alarm Panel in the OAP frame. There are two 7.5 amp fuses for each OAP. The fuses for OAP1 are marked "Fuse 1A" and "Fuse 1B". The fuses for OAP2 are marked "Fuse 2A" and "Fuse 2B". If there is a fuse alarm, replace the fuses for the OAP that is unavailable. Also, make sure the two 10 amp breakers are not tripped.

7. Ensure that the other serial port devices are functioning by entering the following command:

*rept-stat-trm*

Following is an example of the output:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 09:50:17 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TRM PST SST AST
1 IS-NR Active -----
2 IS-NR Active -----
3 IS-NR Active -----
4 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
5 IS-NR Active -----
6 IS-NR Active -----
7 IS-NR Active -----
8 IS-NR Active -----
9 IS-NR Active -----
10 IS-NR Active -----
11 IS-NR Active -----
12 IS-NR Active -----
13 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
14 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
15 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
16 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
Command Completed.

```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---



8. Enable the terminal port with the following command:

```
rst-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the OAP port number.

If this action corrects the problem, you are done with this procedure.

---

9. Enter the following command to inhibit the unavailable OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 1:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the port number.

**NOTE: The force parameter is required for the last OAP terminal inhibited.**

---

10. If the problem persists, enter the following command to reset the OAP:

```
init-oap:oap=x
```

where *x* is the OAP to be initialized.

Verify that the OAP comes back in-service within five minutes and the system clears the alarm.

If this clears the alarm, continue with Step 14.

---

11. Enter the following command for the inhibited OAP terminal:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=none
```

where *x* is the port number.

---

12. If the problem is still not corrected, reseal the TDM card. If the OAP still does not respond, replace the TDM card.

**NOTE: See Appendix A, Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures.**

---

13. Enter the following command for each OAP terminal inhibited:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=oap
```

where *x* is the port number.

---

14. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

```
alw-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the port number.

---

15. If the problem persists, contact the SEAC to test from their equipment to the local synchronous modem.
-

16. If the problem is still not corrected, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0349 - SEAS unavailable

### Description

This message indicates that the Eagle 5 SAS system is unable to communicate with the SEAS subsystem.

### Example

```

 RLGHNCA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 *C 0100.0349 *C SEAS SYSTEM SEAS unavailable

```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the status of the OAP(s):

*rept-stat-seas*

Following is an example of the output:

```

RLGHNCA03W 00-04-17 14:59:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 GPL PST SST AST

SEAS SYSTEM
TDM TRM 6 IS-NR Restricted -----
TDM TRM 9 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A 220-001-000 IS-NR Active -----
OAP B ----- OOS-MT Isolated -----
X25 Link A1 IS-NR Active -----
X25 Link B1 OS-MT Fault -----

SEAS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = *C 0349 SEAS unavailable
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = ** 0341 OAP unavailable
X25 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 ALARM STATUS = ** 0358 LSMS Q.3 association unavailable

X25 A1 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 A1 PVCs OOS-MT = ---

X25 B1 PVCs IS-NR = ---
X25 B1 PVCs OOS-MT = 1,2,3
Command Completed.

```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---

2. If the OAP(s) are out-of-service, check the physical connections. See the *Installation Manual* for more information about these system components. If the connections are firmly seated, test and if necessary, replace the modem.

- 
3. If 0341 OAP unavailable is output, follow the appropriate procedure.

Reference: 0341 - OAP Unavailable

---

4. If 0342 SEAS UAL unavailable is output, follow the appropriate procedure.

Reference: 0342 - SEAS UAL unavailable

---

5. If 0343 SEAS X. 25 Link unavailable is output, follow the appropriate procedure.

Reference: 0343 - SEAS X.25 Link unavailable

---

6. If 0345 All SEAS UAL sessions unavailable is output, follow the appropriate procedure.

Reference: 0345 - All SEAS UAL sessions unavailable

---

7. If 0350 OAP terminals inhibited is output, follow the appropriate procedure.

Reference: 0350 - OAP terminals inhibited

---

8. Check for any fuse alarms on the Fuse and Alarm Panel in the OAP frame. There are two 7.5 amp fuses for each OAP. The fuses for OAP1 are marked "Fuse 1A" and "Fuse 1B". The fuses for OAP2 are marked "Fuse 2A" and "Fuse 2B". If there is a fuse alarm, replace the fuses for the OAP that is unavailable. Also, make sure the two 10 amp breakers are not tripped.
- 

9. Enter the following command to verify the status of the other serial port devices:

*rept-stat-trm*

Following is an example of the output:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 09:50:17 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TRM PST SST AST
1 IS-NR Active -----
2 IS-NR Active -----
3 IS-NR Active -----
4 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
5 IS-NR Active -----
6 IS-NR Active -----
7 IS-NR Active -----
8 IS-NR Active -----
9 IS-NR Active -----
10 IS-NR Active -----
11 IS-NR Active -----
12 IS-NR Active -----
13 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----

```

```
14 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
15 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
16 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
Command Completed.
```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---

- 10.** Enable the terminal port with the following command:

```
rst-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the serial port number.

If this action corrects the problem, you are done with this procedure.

---

- 11.** Enter the following command to inhibit the unavailable OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 1:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the port number.

**NOTE:** The force parameter is required for the last OAP terminal inhibited.

---

- 12.** If the problem persists, enter the following command to reset the OAP:

```
init-oap:oap=x
```

where *x* is the OAP to be initialized.

Verify that the OAP comes back in-service within five minutes and the system clears the alarm.

If this clears the alarm, continue with Step 14.

---

- 13.** Enter the following command for the inhibited OAP terminal:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=none
```

where *x* is the port number.

---

- 14.** If the problem is still not corrected, reseal the TDM card. If the OAP still does not respond, replace the TDM card.

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures*.

---

- 15.** Enter the following command for each OAP terminal inhibited:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=oap
```

where *x* is the port number.

---

- 16.** Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

*alw-trm:trm=x*

where x is the port number.

---

- 17.** If the problem persists, contact the SEAC to test from their equipment to the local X.25 equipment.
- 

- 18.** If the OAP is still not available, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0350 - OAP terminals inhibited

### Description

This message indicates that the OAP terminals are inhibited.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0100.0350 *C SEAS SYSTEM OAP terminals inhibited
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine which ports are inhibited:

*rept-stat-seas*

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-04-17 14:59:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 GPL PST SST AST

SEAS SYSTEM IS-ANR Restricted -----
TDM TRM 6 IS-NR Active -----
TDM TRM 9 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A 220-001-000 IS-NR Active -----
OAP B ----- OOS-MT Isolated -----
X25 Link A1 IS-NR Active -----
X25 Link B1 OS-MT Fault -----

SEAS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = *C 0350 OAP terminals inhibited
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = ** 0341 OAP unavailable
X25 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 ALARM STATUS = ** 0358 LSMS Q.3 association unavailable

X25 A1 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 A1 PVCs OOS-MT = ---

X25 B1 PVCs IS-NR = ---
X25 B1 PVCs OOS-MT = 1,2,3
Command Completed.
```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---

- Enter the following command to verify that the other serial port devices are functioning:

```
rept-stat-trm
```

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 09:50:17 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TRM PST SST AST
 1 IS-NR Active -----
 2 IS-NR Active -----
 3 IS-NR Active ALMINH
 4 IS-NR Active -----
 5 OOS-MT-DSBLD Manual -----
 6 IS-NR Active -----
 7 IS-NR Active -----
 8 IS-NR Active -----
 9 IS-NR Active -----
10 IS-NR Active -----
11 IS-NR Active ALMINH
12 IS-NR Active -----
13 IS-NR Active -----
14 IS-NR Active -----
15 IS-NR Active -----
16 IS-NR Active -----
Command Completed
```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---

- If only the SEAS port(s) are not functioning, enable the SEAS port(s) with the following command:

```
rst-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the OAP port number.

If this action corrects the problem, you are done with this procedure.

---

- Enter the following command to inhibit the unavailable OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 1:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the port number.

**NOTE:** The force parameter is required for the last OAP terminal inhibited.

---

- Enter the following command for the inhibited OAP terminal:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=none
```

where *x* is the port number.

---

- If the problem is still not corrected, reseal the TDM card. If the problem persists, replace the TDM card.

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures*.

---



7. Enter the following command for each OAP terminal inhibited:

*chg-trm:trm=x:type=oap*

where x is the port number.

---

8. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

*alw-trm:trm=x*

where x is the port number.

---

## 0351 - SEAS is available

### Description

This message indicates that a problem with SEAS system has been corrected.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0351 SEAS SYSTEM SEAS is available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0352 - SEAS is removed

### Description

This message indicates that the SEAS feature has been manually removed by removing both SEAS TDM ports.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0352 SEAS SYSTEM SEAS is removed
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0353 - OAP is available

### Description

This indicates a previous problem with the OAP has been corrected.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0353 OAP A OAP is available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0354 - One OAP terminal unavailable

### Description

This message indicates that the OAP terminal specified in the output message is not available.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0354 ** OAP B One OAP terminal unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

1. Enter the following command to determine which port is unavailable:

*rept-stat-seas*

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-04-17 14:59:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 GPL PST SST AST

SEAS SYSTEM IS-ANR Restricted -----
TDM TRM 6 IS-NR Active -----
TDM TRM 9 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A 220-001-000 IS-NR Active -----
OAP B ----- OOS-MT Isolated -----
X25 Link A1 IS-NR Active -----
X25 Link B1 OS-MT Fault -----

SEAS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = ** 0362 LSMS is at min service limit
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = ** 0354 One OAP terminal unavailable
X25 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 ALARM STATUS = ** 0358 LSMS Q.3 association unavailable

X25 A1 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 A1 PVCs OOS-MT = ---

X25 B1 PVCs IS-NR = ---
X25 B1 PVCs OOS-MT = 1,2,3
Command Completed.
```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

- Enter the following command to verify that the other ports are functioning:

```
rept-stat-trm
```

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 09:50:17 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TRM PST SST AST
1 IS-NR Active -----
2 IS-NR Active -----
3 IS-NR Active -----
4 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
5 IS-NR Active -----
6 IS-NR Active -----
7 IS-NR Active -----
8 IS-NR Active -----
9 IS-NR Active -----
10 IS-NR Active -----
11 IS-NR Active -----
12 IS-NR Active -----
13 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
14 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
15 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
16 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
Command Completed.
```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---

- Enable the terminal port with the following command:

```
rst-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the serial port number.

If this action corrects the problem, you are done with this procedure.

---

- Check the physical connections between the OAP and the system. Make sure the connectors are firmly seated.

If this action corrects the problem, you are done with this procedure.

---

- Enter the following command to inhibit the unavailable OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 1:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the port number.

**NOTE:** The force parameter is required for the last OAP terminal inhibited.

---

6. If the problem persists, enter the following command to reset the OAP:

```
init-oap:oap=x
```

where x is the OAP to be initialized.

Verify that the OAP comes back in-service within five minutes and the system clears the alarm.

If this clears the alarm, continue with Step 10.

---

7. Enter the following command for the inhibited OAP terminal:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=none
```

where x is the port number.

---

8. If the problem is still not corrected, reseal the TDM card. If the OAP still does not respond, replace the TDM card.

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures*.

---

9. Enter the following command for each OAP terminal inhibited:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=oap
```

where x is the port number.

---

10. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

```
alw-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the port number.

---

11. If the problem is still not corrected, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0355 - LSMS is available

### Description

All communication paths are complete to the LSMS.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0355 LSMS SYSTEM LSMS is available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault is corrected. No further action is necessary.
-



## 0356 - LSMS is unavailable

### Description

There are no communication paths available to the LSMS. This condition is reached when all OAP terminals are manually inhibited or all LSMS associations are down.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0014.0356 *C LSMS SYSTEM LSMS is unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status of the terminals:

*rept-stat-trm*

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-07 09:50:17 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TRM PST SST AST
1 IS-NR Active -----
2 IS-NR Active -----
3 IS-NR Active -----
4 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
5 IS-NR Active -----
6 IS-NR Active -----
7 IS-NR Active -----
8 IS-NR Active -----
9 IS-NR Active -----
10 IS-NR Active -----
11 IS-NR Active -----
12 IS-NR Active -----
13 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
14 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
15 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
16 OOS-MT-DSBLD MANUAL -----
Command Completed.
```

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---

2. Enable the terminal port with the following command:

*alw-trm:trm=x*

where *x* is the serial port number.

If this action corrects the problem, you are done with this procedure.

---

3. Check the physical connections between the OAP and the LSMS. Make sure the connectors are firmly seated.
- 

4. Check the physical connections between the OAP and the system. Make sure the connectors are firmly seated.
- 

5. Enter the following command to verify the status of the LSMS:

*rept-stat-lsms*

A sample output follows:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-04-17 14:59:11 EST Release 34.0.0
 GPL PST SST AST

LSMS SYSTEM IS-ANR Restricted -----
TDM TRM 6 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A 220-001-000 OOS-MT Isolated -----
OAP B ----- OOS-MT Isolated -----
Q.3 Assoc A1 A1 IS-NR Active -----
Q.3 Assoc B1 B1 OS-MT Fault -----

LSMS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = *C 0356 LSMS is unavailable
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = ** 0341 OAP unavailable
Q.3 Assoc A1 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Q.3 Assoc B1 ALARM STATUS = ** 0358 LSMS Q.3 association unavailable

```

Command Completed.

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---

6. If the problem still persists, reset the OAP by entering the following command.  
*init-oap:oap=x*  
where x is a,b, or both. See the Commands Manual for the correct usage.  
This procedure is complete if the OAP comes back in-service within five minutes and the system clears the alarm.
- 

7. Enter the following command to verify the status of the LSMS:

*rept-stat-lsms*

Refer to Step 5 for a sample output.

---

8. Enter the following command to inhibit the unavailable OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 1:

*inh-trm:trm=x*

where x is the port number.

**NOTE:** The force parameter is required for the last OAP terminal inhibited.

---

9. Enter the following command for the inhibited OAP terminal:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=none
```

where x is the port number.

---

10. If the problem is still not corrected, reseal the TDM card. If the OAP still does not respond, replace the TDM card.

**NOTE: See Appendix A, Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures.**

---

11. Enter the following command for each OAP terminal inhibited:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=oap
```

where x is the port number.

---

12. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

```
alw-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the port number.

---

13. Enter the following command to verify the status of the LSMS:

```
rept-stat-lsms
```

Refer to Step 5 for a sample output.

---

14. If the LSMS is still not available, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0357 - All OAP terminals are removed

### Description

The OAP terminals have been modified to another type using the *chg-trm* command.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0357 LSMS SYSTEM All OAP terminals are removed
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0358 - LSMS Q.3 association unavailable

### Description

An LSMS Q.3 association is not available.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0358 ** LSMS Q.3 Assoc. A1 LSMS Q.3 association unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Check the physical connections between the OAP and the LSMS. Make sure the connectors are firmly seated.
- 

2. Enter the following command to verify the status of the LSMS:

*rept-stat-lsms*

A sample output follows:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-04-17 14:59:11 EST Release 34.0.0
 GPL PST SST AST

LSMS SYSTEM IS-ANR Restricted -----
TDM TRM 6 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A 220-001-000 OOS-MT Isolated -----
OAP B ----- OOS-MT Isolated -----
Q.3 Assoc A1 IS-NR Active -----
Q.3 Assoc B1 OS-MT Fault -----

LSMS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = ** 0362 LSMS is at min service limit
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = ** 0341 OAP unavailable
Q.3 Assoc A1 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Q.3 Assoc B1 ALARM STATUS = ** 0358 LSMS Q.3 association unavailable
```

Command Completed.

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---

3. If the problem still persists, reset the OAP by entering the following command.  
*init-oap:oap=x*  
where x is *a,b* or *both*. See the *Commands Manual* for the correct usage.  
This procedure is complete if the OAP comes back in-service within three minutes and the system clears the alarm.

---
4. Enter the following command to verify the status of the LSMS:  
*rept-stat-lsms*  
Refer to Step 2 for a sample output.

---
5. Enter the following command to inhibit the unavailable OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 1:  
*inh-trm:trm=x*  
where x is the port number.  
**NOTE: The force parameter is required for the last OAP terminal inhibited.**

---
6. Enter the following command for the inhibited OAP terminal:  
*chg-trm:trm=x:type=none*  
where x is the port number.

---
7. If the problem is still not corrected, reseal the TDM card. If the OAP still does not respond, replace the TDM card.  
**NOTE: See Appendix A, Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures.**

---
8. Enter the following command for each OAP terminal inhibited:  
*chg-trm:trm=x:type=oap*  
where x is the port number.

---
9. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:  
*alw-trm:trm=x*  
where x is the port number.

---
10. Enter the following command to verify the status of the LSMS:  
*rept-stat-lsms*  
Refer to Step 2 for a sample output.

---

- 11.** If the LSMS Q.3 association is still not available, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0359 - LSMS Q.3 association available

### Description

A LSMS Q.3 association is available.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0359 LSMS Q.3 Assoc. A1 LSMS Q.3 association available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-



## 0360 - EMS Agent unavailable

### Description

An EMS agent is not available.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0360 ** OAP B EMS Agent unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Reset the OAP by entering the following command.

```
init-oap:oap=x
```

where x is *a*, *b*, or *both*. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for the correct usage.

This procedure is complete if the OAP comes back in-service within five minutes and the system clears the alarm.

---

2. Enter the following command to determine the reason for the failure:

```
rept-stat-lsms
```

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-04-17 14:59:11 EST Release 34.0.0
 GPL PST SST AST

LSMS SYSTEM IS-ANR Restricted -----
TDM TRM 6 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A 220-001-000 OOS-MT Isolated -----
OAP B ----- OOS-MT Isolated -----
Q.3 Assoc A1 A1 IS-NR Active -----
Q.3 Assoc B1 B1 OS-MT Fault -----

LSMS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = ** 0362 LSMS is at min service limit
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = ** 0360 EMS Agent unavailable
Q.3 Assoc A1 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Q.3 Assoc B1 ALARM STATUS = ** 0358 LSMS Q.3 association unavailable
```

Command Completed.

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---

3. Enter the following command to inhibit the unavailable OAP terminal displayed in the output from step 2:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the port number.

**NOTE: The force parameter is required for the last OAP terminal inhibited.**

---

4. Enter the following command for the inhibited OAP terminal:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=none
```

where x is the port number.

---

5. If the problem is still not corrected, reseal the TDM card. If the OAP still does not respond, replace the TDM card.

**NOTE: See Appendix A, Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures.**

---

6. Enter the following command for each OAP terminal inhibited:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=oap
```

where x is the port number.

---

7. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

```
alw-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the port number.

---

8. If the EMS agent is still not available, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0361 - EMS Agent available

### Description

An EMS agent is available.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0361 OAP A EMS Agent available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0362 - LSMS is at min. service limit

### Description

Only one communication path is available to the LSMS.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0362 ** LSMS SYSTEM LSMS is at min. service limit
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the reason for the failure:

*rept-stat-lsms*

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-04-17 14:59:11 EST Release 34.0.0
 GPL PST SST AST

LSMS SYSTEM IS-ANR Restricted -----
TDM TRM 6 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A A 220-001-000 OOS-MT Isolated -----
OAP B B ----- OOS-MT Isolated -----
Q.3 Assoc A1 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Q.3 Assoc B1 ALARM STATUS = ** 0358 LSMS Q.3 association unavailable

LSMS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = ** 0362 LSMS is at min service limit
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = ** 0341 OAP unavailable
Q.3 Assoc A1 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Q.3 Assoc B1 ALARM STATUS = ** 0358 LSMS Q.3 association unavailable
```

Command Completed.

Refer to the *Commands Manual* to interpret the output.

---

2. If 0341 OAP unavailable is output, follow the appropriate procedure.

Reference: 0341 - OAP Unavailable

---

3. If 0358 LSMS Q.3 association unavailable is output, follow the appropriate procedure.

Reference: 0358 - LSMS Q.3 association unavailable

---

4. If 0354 OAP TDM Port unavailable is output, follow the appropriate procedure.

Reference: 0354 - One OAP terminal unavailable

---

5. If the problem is not solved, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0363 - OAP filesystem full

### Description

One of the OAP file systems has exceeded a 95% threshold.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 94-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0363 * OAP A OAP filesystem full.
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0364 - Configuration data checksum mismatch

### Description

This indicates the OAP configuration data does not match the OAP configuration data stored in the system database. There is a mismatch between the system and OAP databases.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 94-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0364 * OAP A Configuration data checksum mismatch
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

1. Enter the following command to retrieve the OAP configuration data stored in the system:

```
rtrv-oap-config
```

The output of the *rtrv-oap-config* command displays different fields depending on whether the SEAS feature is on, the LNP feature is on, or both features are on. The following output example shows both the SEAS and LNP features on.

```
rtrv-oap-config

RLGHNCXA03W 99-01-07 00:57:31 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
OAP CONFIGURATION REPORT

DATA OAP A OAP B

Hostname tekelec-8 tekelec-9
IP Address 128.132.064.015 128.132.064.016
IP Netmask <Not Configured> <Not Configured>
Default Router <Not Configured> <Not Configured>
Config dual
SEAC CLLI SEASNJPYRRC SEASNJPYRRC
X25 Packet Size 7 7
X25 Mode DTE DTE
Active LSMS shadow
Main LSMS NSAP 198.089.039.022 198.089.039.022
Main LSMS SSEL emss
Main LSMS PSEL emsp
Shadow LSMS NSAP 198.089.039.023 198.089.039.023
Shadow LSMS SSEL emss
Shadow LSMS PSEL emsp

;
```

2. Review the retrieved information, looking for errors or unprovisioned parameters. Table 3-21 lists OAP configuration parameters from the above output that must be provisioned if a given feature is on.

**Table 3-21.** OAP Configuration Parameters

| Output           | Legend                                                                                                           | Feature      |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| Hostname         | Host name of OAP A or OAP B                                                                                      | LNP or SEAS  |
| IP Address       | IP address of OAP A or OAP B                                                                                     | LNP          |
| IP Netmask       | The netmask for OAP A or OAP B                                                                                   | Not required |
| Default Router   | The IP address of the default router assigned to OAP A or OAP B                                                  | Not required |
| Config           | The number of OAPs configured (single or dual)                                                                   | LNP or SEAS  |
| SEAC CLLI        | The common language location identifier (CLLI) of the SEAC to which the OAP connects.                            | SEAS         |
| X25 Packet Size  | The X.25 package size for the link to the SEAC (7 or 8)                                                          | SEAS         |
| X25 Mode         | The mode of the X.25 link to the SEAC (DTE or DTC)                                                               | SEAS         |
| Active LSMS      | The LSMS associated with the OAP (main or shadow)                                                                | LNP          |
| Main LSMS NSAP   | The network service access point of the main LSMS (If <b>lsms=shadow</b> , this parameter set is not mandatory.) | LNP          |
| Main LSMS SSEL   | The session selector of the main LSMS (If <b>lsms=shadow</b> , this parameter set is not mandatory.)             | LNP          |
| Main LSMS PSEL   | The presentation selector of the main LSMS (If <b>lsms=shadow</b> , this parameter set is not mandatory.)        | LNP          |
| Shadow LSMS NSAP | The network service access point of the shadow LSMS (If <b>lsms=main</b> , this parameter set is not mandatory.) | LNP          |
| Shadow LSMS SSEL | The session selector of the shadow LSMS (If <b>lsms=main</b> , this parameter set is not mandatory.)             | LNP          |
| Shadow LSMS PSEL | The presentation selector of the shadow LSMS (If <b>lsms=main</b> , this parameter set is not mandatory.)        | LNP          |

---

**NOTE:** If you find no errors or provision omissions, go to Step 4. If you find errors or provision omissions, contact your IS department to obtain the correct values and call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number. Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---



- 
3. Enter the following command to update the OAP database:

*act-oap-config*

---

4. If the fault does not clear, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10
-

## 0365 - Configuration data checksum alarm cleared

### Description

This indicates that the system databases once out of sync are now back in sync.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 94-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0365 OAP A Configuration data checksum alarm cleared
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0366 - Temp Key(s) expiration alarm cleared

### Description

This message indicates that there are no temporary keys currently in the expired state, and the alarm condition, specified by message “0368 - Temp Key(s) have expired,” has been cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 5.0.0-32.0.0
0100.0366 SYSTEM Temp Key(s) expiration alarm cleared
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.

**NOTE: Further access to this controlled feature requires the purchase of a permanent key.**

---

## 0367 - Temp Key(s) expiring soon

### Description

This alarm indicates that one or more temporary keys used to enable a controlled feature will expire within the next seven days.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 5.0.0-32.0.0
** 0100.0367 SYSTEM Temp Key(s) expiring soon

```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to retrieve information about controlled features:

```
rtvr-ctrl-feat:enable=temp
```

The output of the *rtvr-ctrl-feat:enable=temp* command displays information about the number of days left for temporarily enabled features.

Following is an example of the output:

```

The following features have been temporarily enabled:
RLGHNCXA03W 99-01-07 00:57:31 EST EAGLE 5.0.0-32.0.0
Feature Name Partnum Status Quantity Trial Period Left
TPS 893000140 on 4000 6 days 5 hrs 3 mins

```

---

2. If you do nothing within the remaining trial period, the critical alarm, "0368 - Temp Key(s) have expired" will display when the trial period expires.
- 
3. If you wish to acquire this feature permanently, you can purchase it from Tekelec. The alarm will be cleared when the purchased feature is enabled using the *enable-ctrl-feat* command.
-

## 0368 - Temp Key(s) have expired

### Description

This alarm indicates that one or more temporary keys used to enable a controlled feature have expired.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 5.0.0-32.0.0
*C 0100.0368 SYSTEM Temp Key(s) have expired
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to retrieve information about controlled features:

```
rtrv-ctrl-feat:expired=yes
```

The output of the *rtrv-ctrl-feat:expired=yes* command displays information about expired temporarily enabled features.

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 99-01-07 00:57:31 EST EAGLE 5.0.0-32.0.0
The following features have expired temporary keys:
Feature Name Part Num
TPS 8930000140
```

---

2. You can enter the *chg-ctrl-feat:partnum=893xxxxx:alarm=clear* command to clear this alarm.

---

3. If you wish to acquire this feature permanently, you can purchase it from Tekelec and enable it using the *enable-ctrl-feat* command. The alarm will clear when the purchased feature is installed with a permanent key.

---

**0369 - REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 unavailable****Description**

There is a problem at the far end and the far end is not communicating with the EAGLE 5 SAS.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0369 ** T1PORT 1201,2 REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 unavailable
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. Contact the far-end office to determine the cause and to correct the problem.
-

## 0370 - Critical Platform Failure(s)

### Description

This message indicates the application running in the MPS server has detected a critical platform failure. The Alarm Data in the message contains a 16-character hexadecimal string in the format of h'xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx'. This alarm will be reset when UAM #250, MPS Available is issued.

### Example

```
station1234 00-09-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0259.0370 *C MPS B Critical Platform Failure(s)
 ALARM DATA = h'10000000000000008'
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. To decode the ALARM DATA included in this alarm, write down the Alarm Data string.

---
2. To decode the alarm and for the correct procedure to solve the problem, refer to the *MPS Platform Software and Maintenance Manual*.

---
3. This alarm will be reset when the problem is resolved and you receive UIM #250 MPS Available.

---

## 0371 - Critical Application Failure(s)

### Description

This message indicates the application running in the MPS server has detected a critical application failure. The Alarm Data in the message contains a 16-character hexadecimal string in the format of h'2xxxxxxxxxxxxxx'. This alarm will be reset when UAM #250, MPS Available is issued.

### Example

```
station1234 00-09-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0259.0371 *C MPS B Critical Application Failure(s)
ALARM DATA = h'20000000000000001'
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. To decode the ALARM DATA included in this alarm, write down the Alarm Data string.

---
2. To decode the alarm and for the correct procedure to solve the problem, refer to the *MPS Platform Software and Maintenance Manual*.

---
3. This alarm will be reset when the problem is resolved and you receive UIM #250 MPS Available.

---



## 0372 - Major Platform Failure(s)

### Description

This message indicates the application running in the MPS server has detected a major platform failure. The Alarm Data in the message contains a 16-character hexadecimal string in the format of h'3xxxxxxxxxxxxxx'. This alarm will be reset when UAM #250, MPS Available is issued.

### Example

```
station1234 00-09-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0259.0372 ** MPS B Major Platform Failure(s)
ALARM DATA = h'3000000000000002'
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. To decode the ALARM DATA included in this alarm, write down the Alarm Data string.

---
2. To decode the alarm, refer to the MPS alarm decode discussion in the *MPS Platform Software and Maintenance Manual*.

---
3. For the correct procedure to solve the problem, refer to the *MPS Platform Software and Maintenance Manual*.

---
4. This alarm will be reset when the problem is resolved and you receive UIM #250 MPS Available.

---

## 0373 - Major Application Failure(s)

### Description

This message indicates the application running in the MPS server has detected a major application failure. The Alarm Data in the message contains a 16-character hexadecimal string in the format of h'4xxxxxxxxxxxxxx'. This alarm will be reset when UAM #250, MPS Available is issued.

### Example

```
station1234 00-09-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0259.0373 ** MPS B Major Application Failure(s)
ALARM DATA = h'4000000000000008'
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. To decode the ALARM DATA included in this alarm, write down the Alarm Data string.

---
2. To decode the alarm and for the correct procedure to solve the problem, refer to the *MPS Platform Software and Maintenance Manual*.

---
3. This alarm will be reset when the problem is resolved and you receive UIM #250 MPS Available.

---

## 0374 - Minor Platform Failure(s)

### Description

This message indicates the application running in the MPS server has detected a minor platform failure. The Alarm Data in the message contains a 16-character hexadecimal string in the format of h'5xxxxxxxxxxxxxx'. This alarm will be reset when UAM #250, MPS Available is issued.

### Example

```
station1234 00-09-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0259.0374 * MPS B Minor Platform Failure(s)
ALARM DATA = h'50000000000000004'
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. To decode the ALARM DATA included in this alarm, write down the Alarm Data string.

---
2. To decode the alarm and for the correct procedure to solve the problem, refer to the *MPS Platform Software and Maintenance Manual*.

---
3. This alarm will be reset when the problem is resolved and you receive UIM #250 MPS Available.

---

## 0375 - Minor Application Failure(s)

### Description

This message indicates the application running in the MPS server has detected a minor application failure. The Alarm Data in the message contains a 16-character hexadecimal string in the format of h'6xxxxxxxxxxxxxx'. This alarm will be reset when UAM #250, MPS Available is issued.

### Example

```
station1234 00-09-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0259.0375 * MPS B Minor Application Failure(s)
ALARM DATA = h'6000000000000001'
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. To decode the ALARM DATA included in this alarm, write down the Alarm Data string.

---
2. To decode the alarm and for the correct procedure to solve the problem, refer to the *MPS Platform Software and Maintenance Manual*.

---
3. This alarm will be reset when the problem is resolved and you receive UIM #250 MPS Available.

---

## 0376 - REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 LOS failure

### Description

No signal is being received on the T1 Port.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0376 ** T1PORT 1201,2 REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 LOS failure
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Check the physical connections.
-

**0377 - REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 LOF failure****Description**

The 7-bit frame alignment signal does not match the pattern the EAGLE 5 SAS is expecting.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0377 ** T1PORT 1201,2 REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 LOF failure
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. Contact the far-end office to correct their framing problem.
-

## 0378 - REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Remote Alarm

### Description

This indicates there is some type of failure on the far end.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0378 ** T1PORT 1201,2 REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Remote Alarm
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Contact the far-end office to determine the cause and to correct the problem.
-

## 0379 - REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Alarm

### Description

The far end is transmitting an alarm indication signal (AIS) due to an excessive bit error rate, loss of signal, or loss of frame.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0379 ** T1PORT 1201,2 REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Alarm
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Contact the far-end office to determine the cause of the AIS and to correct the problem.
-



**0380 - RCVRY-T1F:FAC-T1 available****Description**

The T1 port 1 is back in-service.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0380 T1PORT 1201,2 RCVRY-T1F:FAC-T1 available
```

**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0381- REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 LOS failure

### Description

No signal is being received on the signaling link.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0381 ** E1PORT 1201,2 REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 LOS failure
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Check the physical connections.
-

**0382- REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 LOF failure****Description**

The 7-bit frame alignment signal does not match the pattern the EAGLE 5 SAS is expecting.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0382 ** E1PORT 1201,2 REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 LOF failure
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. Contact the far-end office to correct their framing problem.
-

**0383- REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 AIS detected****Description**

The far end is transmitting an alarm indication signal (AIS) due to an excessive bit error rate, loss of signal, or loss of frame.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0383 ** E1PORT 1201,2 REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 AIS detected
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. Contact the far-end office to determine the cause of the AIS and to correct the problem.
-

## 0384- REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 Far End failure

### Description

This indicates there is some type of failure on the far end.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0384 ** E1PORT 1201,2 REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 Far End failure
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Contact the far-end office to determine the cause and to correct the problem.
-

**0385- REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 10E-3 BER failed****Description**

A framing bit error rate is maintained for in-service links because the error rate is high.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0385 ** E1PORT 1201,2 REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 10E-3 BER failed
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. Contact the far-end office to determine the cause of the high framing bit error rate.
-

**0386- RCVRY-E1F:FAC-E1 available****Description**

The E1 port 1 is back in-service.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0386 E1PORT 1201,2 RCVRY-E1F:FAC-E1 available
```

**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

**0387 - REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 unavailable****Description**

There is a problem at the far end and the far end is not communicating with the EAGLE 5 SAS.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0387 ** E1PORT 1201,2 REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 unavailable
```

**Alarm Level**

Major

**Procedure**

---

1. Contact the far-end office to determine the cause and to correct the problem.
-



## 0388 - Illegal Address Error has Cleared

### Description

This message indicates the clearing of a prior illegal address error. Previously, the HMUX-assigned shelf ID address received from OAM did not match the value read from the Assigned Shelf Address Register, resulting in major alarm UAM #0390. This message shows the previous alarm has cleared.

### Example

```
station1234 00-11-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0012.0388 CARD 1109 HMUX Illegal Address Error has Cleared
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault, which was indicated by UAM #0390, has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0389 - Card responding normally

### Description

This message indicates the clearing of a prior HMUX/HIPR not responding error. Previously, an HMUX/HIPR was not responding to polls from the OAM, resulting in major alarm UAM #0391. This message shows the previous alarm has cleared.

### Example

```
station1234 00-11-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0012.0389 CARD 1209 HIPR Card responding normally
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault, which was indicated by UAM #0391, has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0390 - Illegal Address Error

### Description

This message indicates an HMUX (High Speed Multiplexer) illegal address error. The ATH (Application Trouble Handler) displays this alarm when an HMUX-assigned shelf ID address, which was received from OAM and written to the Assigned Shelf Address Register, did not match the value read from the Assigned Shelf Address Register. Furthermore, the error was not corrected after an automatic attempt to correct the address discrepancy.

### Example

```
station1234 00-11-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0012.0390 ** CARD 1109 HMUX Illegal Address Error
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Reset the HMUX card in question by entering the command:

*init-mux:loc=xy09 (or loc=xy10)*

This command resets the card, but it does not take down the IMT bus on which the card resides; operation of the bus is unaffected by this command.

---

2. If the problem persists, then you should reseat the HMUX card in question. Remember that this action will take down the IMT bus of the HMUX card.

---

  3. If the problem remains, the card must be replaced. Contact Tekelec Technical Support. Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

## 0391 - Card not responding Error

### Description

This message indicates an HMUX (High Speed Multiplexer) /HIPR (High-Speed IMT Packet Router) is not responding. This alarm is displayed when an HMUX/HIPR in a provisioned shelf card does not respond.

### Example

```
station1234 00-11-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0012.0391 ** CARD 1109 HIPR Card not responding Error
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Reset the HMUX/HIPR card in question by entering the command:

*init-mux:loc=xy09 (or loc=xy10)*

This command resets the card, but it does not take down the IMT bus on which the card resides; operation of the bus is unaffected by this command.

---

2. If the problem persists, then you should reseat the HMUX/HIPR card in question. Remember that this action will take down the IMT bus of the HMUX/HIPR card.

---

  3. If the problem remains, the card must be replaced. Contact Tekelec Technical Support. Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

## 0392 - OA&M IP Security feature is OFF

### Description

The EAGLE 5 SAS OA&M IP Security Enhancements Feature is not turned on. One of the following occurred: and OAM init, or OAM role change, or the `chg-ctrl-feat` command turned the feature off.

With this feature not operating, you do not have the tools to securely pass data across an otherwise non-secure network. Until the EAGLE 5 SAS OA&M IP Security Enhancements Feature is restored, the EAGLE 5 SAS cannot provide secure connections from approved clients, and does not protect sensitive passwords and information while in transit between the EAGLE 5 SAS and a host.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-03-03 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0047.0392 ** SECURITY SYSTEM OA&M IP Security feature status is OFF
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. To restore the OA&M IP Security Enhancements feature, you turn it on permanently. To turn the feature on, use the `enable-ctrl-feat` command.
-

## 0393 - OA&M IP Security feature is ON

### Description

The EAGLE 5 SAS OA&M IP Security Enhancements Feature is turned on. This UAM is an informational message that confirms that the feature is restored to operational status.

With this feature operating, you have the tools to securely pass data across an otherwise non-secure network. With the EAGLE 5 SAS OA&M IP Security Enhancements Feature operational, the EAGLE 5 SAS can provide secure connections from approved clients, and protects sensitive passwords and information while in transit between the EAGLE 5 SAS and a host.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-03-03 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0047.0393 SECURITY SYSTEM OA&M IP Security feature status is ON
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates that the feature previously was OFF and now has been turned ON. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0394 - Local Subsystem is available

### Description

This message indicates that a problem with the INP subsystem has been corrected.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0056.0394 INP SYSTEM Local Subsystem is available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0395 - Local Subsystem is not available

### Description

The INP subsystem is not available. There are no IS-NR VSCCP cards associated with this INP subsystem. The INP subsystem was not taken off-line via command.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0056.0395 *C INP SYSTEM Local Subsystem is not available
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status and location of the subsystem cards.

*rept-stat-mps*

---

2. Enter the following command to move the VSCCP cards to an ACTIVE status if loading is successful:

*rst-card:loc=xxxx*

xxxx is the location of the OOS-MT-DSBLD VSCCP card(s) identified in step 1.

---

3. Enter the following command to verify the status and location of the subsystem cards.

*rept-stat-mps*

---

4. Verify the VSCCP card(s) reset in step 2 are IS-NR. If not, reseal the card(s).
- 

5. If any card(s) remain OOS-MT, replace the card(s).
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures.*



## 0396 - Local Subsystem is disabled

### Description

The INP subsystem has been manually disabled using the *inh-map-ss* command.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0056.0396 *C INP SYSTEM Local Subsystem is disabled
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status and location of the INP subsystem cards.

```
rept-stat-mps
```

---

2. Enter the following command to reserve the subsystem number and to change the state of the INP subsystem status to on-line:

```
ent-ss-appl:appl=inp:ssn=xx:stat=online
xx is primary subsystem number.
```

---

3. Enter the following command to change the state of the INP subsystem to on-line:

```
alw-map-ss:ssn=xx
xx is primary subsystem number.
```

---

4. Enter the following command to verify the status of the INP subsystem.

```
rept-stat-mps
```

---

## 0397 - Local Subsystem is removed

### Description

The INP subsystem is not fully equipped. There are no VSCCP cards configured with this INP subsystem.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0056.0397 INP SYSTEM Local Subsystem is removed
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Verify the VSCCP hardware. Configure the INP system with VSCCP cards.
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures.*

## 0398 - Local Subsystem normal,card(s) abnormal

### Description

One or more of the VSCCP cards do not have an ACTIVE status.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0056.0398 * INP SYSTEM Local Subsystem normal,card(s) abnormal
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status and location of the subsystem cards.

*rept-stat-mps*

---

2. Enter the following command to move the VSCCP card to an ACTIVE status if loading is successful:

*rst-card:loc=xxxx*

xxxx is the location of the OOS-MT-DSBLD VSCCP card(s) identified in step 1.

---

3. Enter the following command to verify the status and location of the subsystem cards.

*rept-stat-mps*

---

4. Verify the VSCCP card(s) reset in step 2 are IS-NR. If not, reseal the card(s).
- 

5. If any card(s) remain OOS-MT, replace the card(s).
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures.*

## 0399 - RCVRY-LKSTO:Alarm clr'd by deleting SLK

### Description

A signaling link (SLK) that was out of service and had an outstanding alarm has been deleted from the database. The alarm is cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0399 LSN a24546 RCVRY-LKSTO:Alarm clr'd by deleting SLK
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0400 - Alarm cleared by deleting card

### Description

A card that was out of service and had an outstanding alarm has been deleted from the system database. The alarm is cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0400 CARD 1202 SCCP Alarm cleared by deleting card
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous failure has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0401 - Alarm cleared by deleting SLK

### Description

A signaling link (SLK) that was out of service and had an outstanding alarm has been deleted from the database. The alarm is cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0401 SLK 1205,A SS7ANSI Alarm cleared by deleting SLK
 SLC=01 FECLLI=A1234567890
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0402 - Alarm cleared by deleting route

### Description

A route that was out of service and had an outstanding alarm has been deleted from the database. The alarm is cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0402 DPC 001-001-001 Alarm cleared by deleting route
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0403 - 1114 E1/T1 clock requires TDM-GTI

### Description

This message indicates that the high speed clock is provisioned as T1 framed, E1 framed, or E1 unframed. A non TDM-GTI card has been placed in this system where recovered clocks are provisioned. The TDM-GTI version of the TDM card is required.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0052.0403 ** HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1114 E1/T1 clock requires TDM-GTI
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Perform one of the following:  
Replace the card in location 1114 with a TDM-GTI card. Refer to “Terminal Disk Module (TDM)/TDM-GTI” on page A-47 for the replacement procedure.

OR

Use the *chg-stpopts* command to change the *hsclksrc* parameter to RS422. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for proper usage of the command.

---



## 0404 - 1116 E1/T1 clock requires TDM-GTI

### Description

This message indicates that the high speed clock is provisioned as T1 framed, E1 framed, or E1 unframed. A non TDM-GTI card has been placed in this system where recovered clocks are provisioned. The TDM-GTI version of the TDM card is required.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0052.0404 ** HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1116 E1/T1 clock requires TDM-GTI
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Perform one of the following:

Replace the card in location 1116 with a TDM-GTI card. Refer to “Terminal Disk Module (TDM)/TDM-GTI” on page A-47 for the replacement procedure.

OR

Use the *chg-stpopts* command to change the HSCLKSRC parameter to RS422. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for proper usage of the command.

---

## 0405 - 1114, 1116 E1/T1 clock requires TDM-GTI

### Description

This message indicates that the high speed clock is provisioned as T1 framed, E1 framed, or E1 unframed. A non TDM-GTI card has been placed in this system in slots 1114 and 1116 where recovered clocks are provisioned. The TDM-GTI version of the TDM card is required.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0052.0405 ** HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1114, 1116 E1/T1 clock requires TDM-GTI
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

**1.** Perform one of the following:

Replace the cards in locations 1114 and 1116 with a TDM-GTI card. Refer to “Terminal Disk Module (TDM)/TDM-GTI” on page A-47 for the replacement procedure.

OR

Use the *chg-stpopts* command to change the HSCLKSRC parameter to RS422. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for proper usage of the command.

---

## 0406 - 1114 Clock selection mismatch

### Description

This message indicates that the database has been restored and the provisioned clocks do not match what is running on the TDM.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0052.0406 ** HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1114 Clock selection mismatch
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the current clock settings on the TDM.

*rept-stat-clk*

Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009
Cards using CLK B = 000
Cards using CLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

HS SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001
Cards using HSCLK B = 000
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

Command Completed.
```

---

2. Use the *chg-stpopts* command to update the database to match output from the previous command. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for proper usage of the command.
-

## 0407 - 1116 Clock selection mismatch

### Description

This message indicates that the database has been restored and the provisioned clocks do not match what is running on the TDM.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0052.0407 ** HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1116 Clock selection mismatch
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the current clock settings on the TDM.

*rept-stat-clk*

Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009
Cards using CLK B = 000
Cards using CLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

Cards with bad CLK A = 000
Cards with bad CLK B = 009

HS SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001
Cards using HSCLK B = 000
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

Cards with bad HSCLK A = 000
Cards with bad HSCLK B = 002

Command Completed.
```

---

2. Use the *chg-stpopts* command to update the database to match output from the previous command. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for proper usage of the command.
-

## 0408 - 1114, 1116 Clock selection mismatch

### Description

This message indicates that the database has been restored and the provisioned clocks do not match what is running on the TDM.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0052.0408 ** HS CLOCK SYSTEM 1114, 1116 Clock selection mismatch
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the current clock settings on the TDM.

*rept-stat-clk*

Following is an example of the output:

```
rept-stat-clk
Command entered at terminal #3.
;

tekelecstp 99-03-05 13:34:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD LOC= 1114 (Active) CARD LOC= 1116 (Isolated)
PRIMARY BITS = Active PRIMARY BITS = -----
SECONDARY BITS = Idle SECONDARY BITS = -----
HS PRIMARY CLK = Active HS PRIMARY CLK = -----
HS SECONDARY CLK = Idle HS SECONDARY CLK = -----
HS CLK TYPE = E1 UNFRAMED HS CLK TYPE = -----
HS CLK LINELEN = SHORThAUL HS CLK LINELEN = -----

SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using CLK A = 009
Cards using CLK B = 000
Cards using CLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

HS SYSTEM CLOCK
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
Cards using HSCLK A = 001
Cards using HSCLK B = 000
Cards using HSCLK I = 000

PST SST AST
IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH

Command Completed.
```

---

2. Use the *chg-stpopts* command to update the database to match output from the previous command. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for proper usage of the command.
-



## 0409 - Clock configuration corrected

### Description

This message indicates that a problem with the high speed clock configuration database has been corrected.

### Example

```
station1234 99-03-05 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0052.0409 HS CLOCK SYSTEM Clock configuration corrected
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0422 - Insufficient extended memory

### Description

At least one SCCP card does not have enough memory for the LNP application. Loading of the SCCP card is automatically inhibited.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0422 ** CARD 1113 SCCP Insufficient extended memory
 HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. If this message contains the optional line 'HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx':
  - Go to Appendix E, Auto-Inhibit HW Verification Codes, and decode the xxx value in Table E-1. Correct the indicated problem.
  - After correcting the problem, the card will be in *out-of-service maintenance disabled state* (OOS-MT-DSBLD). Restore the card back to *in-service normal state* (IS-NR) with the `alw-card` command.

If this message does not contain the optional line 'HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx', continue with the next step.

---

2. Verify the SCCP hardware. Verify the SCCP cards have at least 256M of memory.

---

3. If necessary, replace the SCCP card with the correct combination of motherboard and daughterboard.

---

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures*.

---

## 0423 - Card reload attempted

### Description

Card loading is no longer inhibited. The once inhibited card is now attempting to load.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0423 CARD 1108 SCCP Card reload attempted
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0424 - LNP Subsystem is not available

### Description

The LNP subsystem is not available. There are no IS-NR SCCP cards associated with this LNP subsystem. The LNP subsystem was not taken off-line via command.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0056.0424 *C LNP SYSTEM LNP Subsystem is not available
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status and location of the subsystem cards.

*rept-stat-lnp*

---

2. Enter the following command to move the SCCP cards to an ACTIVE status if loading is successful:

*rst-card:loc=xxxx*

where *xxxx* is the location of the OOS-MT-DSBLD SCCP card(s) identified in Step 1.

---

3. Enter the following command to verify the status and location of the subsystem cards.

*rept-stat-lnp*

---

4. Verify the SCCP card(s) reset in Step 2 are IS-NR. If not, reseal the card(s).
- 

5. If any card(s) remain OOS-MT, replace the card(s).
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures.*

## 0425 - LNP Subsystem normal, card(s) abnormal

### Description

One or more of the SCCP cards do not have an ACTIVE status.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0056.0425 LNP SYSTEM LNP Subsystem normal, card(s) abnormal
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status and location of the subsystem cards.

*rept-stat-lnp*

---

2. Enter the following command to move the SCCP card to an ACTIVE status if loading is successful:

*rst-card:loc=xxxx*

where *xxxx* is the location of the OOS-MT-DSBLD SCCP card(s) identified in Step 1.

---

3. Enter the following command to verify the status and location of the subsystem cards.

*rept-stat-lnp*

---

4. Verify the SCCP card(s) reset in Step 2 are IS-NR. If not, reseat the card(s).
- 

5. If any card(s) remain OOS-MT, replace the card(s).
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures.*

## 0426 - LNP Subsystem is available

### Description

This message indicates that a problem with LNP system has been corrected.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0056.0426 LNP SYSTEM LNP Subsystem is available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0427 - LNP database corrupted

### Description

The LNP audit on an OAM card detects that the current LNP database on that card is corrupt.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0427 * CARD 1114 OAM LNP database corrupted
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status of the LNP database:

*rept-stat-db*

The following is an example of output for a corrupted database.

```
> rept-stat-db
```

```
Command Accepted - Processing
```

```
oflnmoxallw 00-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
rept-stat-db
Command entered at terminal #4.
;

oflnmoxallw 00-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
DATABASE STATUS: >> NOT OK <<
 TDM 1114 (STDBY) TDM 1116 (ACTV)
 C LEVEL TIME LAST BACKUP C LEVEL TIME LAST BACKUP
 - - - - -
FD BKUP Y 342256 00-10-07 00:40:29 CDT Y 342256 00-10-07 00:40:29 CDT
FD CRNT N 342374 CORRUPT Y 342375
 MDAL 1117
 - - - - -
```

2. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

*rtrv-trm*

---

3. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 2:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the port number.

**NOTE: The force parameter is required for the last OAP terminal inhibited.**

---

4. Enter the following command for the inhibited OAP terminal:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=none
```

where x is the port number.

---

5. If the message indicates the active fixed disk is corrupt, continue with Step 6.  
If the message indicates the standby fixed disk is corrupt, continue with Step 7.  
If the message indicates that both fixed disks are corrupt, continue with Step 8.
- 

6. Enter the following command only if the active OAM has the corruption problem.  
This command will force the active OAM card to standby:

```
init-card:loc=xxxx
```

where *xxxx* is the location of the card identified in output.

---

7. Enter the following command to copy the database partitions from the active disk to the standby disk:

```
chg-db:action=repair
```

Continue with Step 10.

**NOTE: Continue with Step 8 if repair is impossible or fails.**

---



**CAUTION: Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number before entering the *chg-db:action=restore* command. For additional information about this command, refer to the Commands Manual.**

**Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10**

8. Enter the following command to restore the database from the removable disk:

```
chg-db:action=restore
```

---

9. The database must match the level of the current database or network cards in the system. If it does not, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.

Continue with Step 12.

---





**CAUTION:** If a disk restore results in an OAM database level different from that on the network cards, (e.g. LIM, GLS, etc.) all out of sync cards are required to be rebooted.

10. After the card has been reloaded (a message appears to confirm completion of the load), enter the following command to verify the database is consistent (same level as the other cards in the system).

*rept-stat-card*

---

11. Enter the following command for each OAP terminal inhibited:

*chg-trm:trm=x:type=oap*

where x is the port number.

---

12. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

*alw-trm:trm=x*

where x is the port number.

---

13. If the problem persists, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0428 - Backup LNP database corrupted

### Description

The LNP audit on an OAM card detects that the backup LNP database on that card is corrupt.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0428 * CARD 1113 OAM Backup LNP database corrupted
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status of the LNP database:

*rept-stat-db*

The following is an example of output for a corrupted database.

```
> rept-stat-db

Command Accepted - Processing

oflnmoxallw 00-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
rept-stat-db
Command entered at terminal #4.
;

oflnmoxallw 00-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
DATABASE STATUS: >> NOT OK <<
 TDM 1114 (STDBY) TDM 1116 (ACTV)
 C LEVEL TIME LAST BACKUP C LEVEL TIME LAST BACKUP
 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
FD BKUP Y 342256 CORRUPT Y 342256 00-10-07 00:40:29 CDT
FD CRNT N 342374 Y 342375
 MDAL 1117
 - - - - - -
```

2. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

*rtrv-trm*

---

3. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 2:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the port number.

**NOTE: The force parameter is required for the last OAP terminal inhibited.**

---

4. Enter the following command if the problem is with the backup database. This command copies database partitions from the active current to the active backup and the standby current to the standby backup.

```
chg-db:action=backup
```

Continue with Step 6.

**NOTE: Continue with Step 5 if backup fails.**

---

5. Enter the following command to repair the database by copying current and backup databases from the active to the standby fixed disk:

```
chg-db:action=repair
```

---

6. The database must match the level of the current and backup databases in the system. If it does not, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

Continue with Step 7.

---

7. After the card has been reloaded (a message appears to confirm completion of the load), enter the following command to verify the database is consistent (same level as the other cards in the system).

```
rept-stat-db
```

---

8. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

```
rst-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the port number.

---

9. If the problem persists, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0429 - LNP database is inconsistent

### Description

The LNP audit on the standby OAM or one of the SCCP cards detects that the database on that card does not match the database on the active OAM card.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0429 * CARD 1113 OAM LNP database is inconsistent

```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure for a non-MASP card

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status of the LNP database:

```
rept-stat-db
```

---

2. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

```
rtrv-trm
```

---

3. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 2:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the port number.

**NOTE: The force parameter is required for the last OAP terminal inhibited.**

---

4. Enter the following command to correct the SCCP card, if necessary. This command reinitializes the card and forces the card to load the current level of the database:

```
init-card:loc=xxxx
```

where xxxx is the location of the card identified in output.

---

5. Enter the following command to verify that the database is the same level as the other cards in the system:

```
rept-stat-db:display=all
```

---

6. Check the consistency of the card by entering the following command:

*rept-stat-db:display=except*

---

7. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

*alw-trm:trm=x*

where x is the port number.

---

8. If the problem persists, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

### Procedure for a MASP card

---

1. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

```
rtrv-trm
```

---

2. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 1:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the port number.

**NOTE:** The force parameter is required for the last OAP terminal inhibited.

---

3. Enter the following command for each OAP terminal inhibited in Step 2:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=none
```

where x is the port number.

---

4. If the message indicates the active fixed disk is inconsistent, continue with Step 5.  
If the message indicates the standby fixed disk is inconsistent, continue with Step 6.  
If the message indicates that both fixed disks are inconsistent, continue with Step 7.
- 

5. Enter the following command on the active GPSM-II card to force it to become standby:

```
init-card:loc=xxx
```

where xxx is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the system.

Continue with Step 10.

---

6. Enter the following command to copy the current and backup database partitions on the active fixed disk, to the current and backup database partitions on the standby fixed disk

```
chg-db:action=repair
```

After the command is executed, the standby GPSM-II card reboots, the old database data is purged from memory, and the new database is loaded.

Continue with Step 9.

---



**CAUTION:** Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number before entering the *chg-db:action=restore* command. For additional information about this command, refer to the Commands Manual.

**Reference:** “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.

7. Enter the following command to restore the database from the removable disk:

```
chg-db:action=restore
```

---

8. The database must match the level of the current database or network cards in the system. If it does not, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

Continue with Step 12.

---



**CAUTION:** If a disk restore results in an OAM database level different from that on the network cards, (e.g. LIM, GLS, etc.) all out of sync cards are required to be rebooted.

9. After the card has been reloaded (a message appears to confirm completion of the load), enter the following command to verify the database is consistent (same level as the other cards in the system).

```
rept-stat-card
```

---

10. Enter the following command for each OAP terminal inhibited in Step 2:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=oap
```

where x is the port number.

---

11. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

```
alw-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the port number.

---

12. For more information on database management, refer to the *Database Administration Manual*.
- 

13. If the problem persists, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0430 - Backup LNP database is inconsistent

### Description

The LNP audit on the standby OAM or one of the SCCP cards detects that its backup database does not match the database on the active OAM card.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0430 * CARD 1113 OAM Backup LNP database is inconsistent
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status of the LNP database:

```
rept-stat-db
```

---

2. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

```
rtrv-trm
```

---

3. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 2:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the port number.

**NOTE: The force parameter is required for the last OAP terminal inhibited.**

---

4. Enter the following command if the problem is with the backup database. This command copies the database partitions from the active fixed disk to the backup partition on the standby disk.

```
chg-db:action=backup
```

---

5. Verify that measurement collection is on or off by entering this command.

```
rtrv-meas-sched
```

This is an example of the possible output. If measurement collection is on (*COLLECT = ON*), go to step 6. If measurement collection is off (*COLLECT = OFF*), go to step 7.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-09-27 07:19:51 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
```



```

COLLECT = on

SYSTOT-STP = on
SYSTOT-TT = off
SYSTOT-STPLAN = off
COMP-LNKSET = on
COMP-LINK = on
GTWY-STP = on
GTWY-LNKSET = on
MTCD-STP = on
MTCD-LINK = on
MTCD-STPLAN = on
MTCD-LNKSET = on

```

---

6. Enter the following command to turn measurement collection off:

```
chg-meas:collect=off
```

This message should appear when this command has successfully completed:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-03-18 17:02:57 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CHG-MEAS: MASP A - COMPLTD

```

---

7. Enter the following command if the problem is with the standby disk. This command copies a mirror image of the fixed disk to the standby disk.

```
copy-disk:dloc=xxxx
```

where *xxxx* is the destination location.

---

8. Enter the following command to verify that the database is the same level as the other cards in the system:

```
rept-stat-db:display=all
```

---

9. If measurement collection was turned off in Step 6, turn measurement collection back on with the *chg-meas* command and the *collect=on* parameter. Enter this command, then go to Step 9. If measurement collection was not turned off in Step 6, do not perform this step and go to Step 10.

```
chg-meas:collect=on
```

This message should appear when this command has successfully completed:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-03-18 17:02:57 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CHG-MEAS: MASP A - COMPLTD

```

---

10. Verify that measurement collection is turned on with the *rtrv-meas-sched* command.

This is an example of the possible output.

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-09-27 07:19:51 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
COLLECT = on

SYSTOT-STP = on
SYSTOT-TT = off
SYSTOT-STPLAN = off

```

```
COMP-LNKSET = on
COMP-LINK = on
GTWY-STP = on
GTWY-LNKSET = on
MTCD-STP = on
MTCD-LINK = on
MTCD-STPLAN = on
MTCD-LNKSET = on
```

---

- 11.** Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

*alw-trm:trm=x*

where x is the port number.

---

- 12.** If the problem persists, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10
-

## 0431 - LNP database has been corrected

### Description

This message indicates that a problem with the LNP database has been corrected.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0431 CARD 1113 OAM LNP database has been corrected
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0432 - Backup LNP database has been corrected

### Description

This message indicates that a problem with the backup LNP database has been corrected.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0432 CARD 1113 OAM Backup LNP database has been corrected
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0434 - LNP Subsystem is removed

### Description

The LNP subsystem is not fully equipped. There are no SCCP cards configured with this LNP subsystem.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0056.0434 LNP SYSTEM LNP Subsystem is removed
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Verify the SCCP hardware. Configure the LNP system with SCCP cards.
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures.*

## 0435 - LNP Subsystem is disabled

### Description

The LNP subsystem has been manually disabled using the *inh-map-ss* command.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0056.0435 *C LNP SYSTEM LNP Subsystem is disabled
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status and location of the LNP subsystem cards.

```
rept-stat-lnp
```

---

2. Enter the following command to change the state of the LNP subsystem status to on-line:

```
ent-ss-appl:appl=lnp:ssn=xx:stat=online
where xx is primary subsystem number.
```

---

3. Enter the following command to change the state of the LNP subsystem to on-line:

```
alw-map-ss:ssn=xx
where xx is primary subsystem number.
```

---

4. Enter the following command to verify the status of the LNP subsystem.

```
rept-stat-lnp
```

---

## 0436 - LNP ACG node overload

### Description

This message indicates that the number of LNP subsystem queries has exceeded the supported level.

### Example

```
station1234 94-03-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0056.0436 ** LNP SYSTEM LNP ACG node overload
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status, quantity, and capacity of the SCCP cards.

*rept-stat-lnp*

---

2. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - LNP* to verify that provisioning rules are being followed.
- 

3. If the problem persists, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10
-

## 0437 - System SCCP TPS Capacity Exceeded

### Description

This message indicates the EAGLE 5 SAS has exceeded its TPS (Transactions Per Second) message transport rate. The alarm will not stop until the TPS rate is below its rated TPS for the system for a period of 30 seconds. The alarm is cleared by the UIM #329 "SCCP capacity normal, card(s) abnormal".

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-11-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0100.0437 *C SYSTEM System SCCP TPS Capacity Exceeded
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Use *rept-stat-sccp* to determine the status of the SCCP subsystem. This command also identifies which SCCP cards are OOS-MT. For example, enter:

```
rept-stat-sccp
```

Following is an example of the output:

```
eaglestp 00-10-24 20:38:58 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SCCP SUBSYSTEM REPORT IS-NR Ovflw-1 -----
SCCP Cards Configured= 4 Cards IS-NR= 4
System TCP Alarm Threshold = 80% Total capacity
System Peak SCCP Load = 3000 TPS
System Total SCCP Capacity = 5000 TPS

CARD VERSION PST SST AST MSU USAGE CPU USAGE

1212 021-001-000 IS-NR ACTIVE ALMINH 47% 32%

SCCP Service Average MSU Capacity = 47% Average CPU Capacity = 32%

Command Completed.
```

2. The user should evaluate this new traffic level and determine whether additional SCCP cards are required to maintain the TPS level the system is processing.
-



## 0438 - Degraded Mode, Invalid OAM HW config

### Description

This UAM alarm occurs when the system does not have the required baseline hardware. Baseline hardware required includes TDM-10 or greater. The alarm recurs every minute. Also, the `act_upgrade` command is rejected if alarm is present.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 02-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0014.0438 *C SECULOG 1114 Degraded Mode, Invalid OAM HW config
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Ensure that the EAGLE 5 SAS has the required hardware baseline, that is, the TDM-10 or greater is installed.
-

## 0439 - Exiting Degraded Mode

### Description

The Degraded Mode due to a invalid OAM hardware configuration has been cleared, and the mode has been exited. The HMUX is restored to its full operating capacity.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 02-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0439 SECULOG 1114 Exiting Degraded Mode
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0441 - Incorrect MBD - CPU

### Description

A card (TSM/DSM) does not have the required hardware configuration for the application, or a TSM is attempting to load in a slot provisioned for SCCP GPLs.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0441 ** CARD 1108 VSCCP Incorrect MBD - CPU
HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. If this message contains the optional line 'HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx':
  - Go to Appendix E, Auto-Inhibit HW Verification Codes, and decode the xxx value in Table E-1. Correct the indicated problem.
  - After correcting the problem, the card will be in *out-of-service maintenance disabled state* (OOS-MT-DSBLD). Restore the card back to *in-service normal state* (IS-NR) with the `alw-card` command.

If this message does not contain the optional line 'HW VERIFICATION CODE: xxx', continue with the next step.

---

2. Verify the hardware. Verify the card(s) (TSM/DSM) have the correct motherboard/daughterboard combination.

---

  3. If necessary, replace the card(s) (TSM/DSM) with the correct combination of motherboard and daughterboard.
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures*.

---

## 0442 - RTDB database capacity is 95% full

### Description

This message is displayed for EPAP when a DSM card detects that its daughterboard memory is 95% full.

- OR -

This message is displayed for ELAP when the RTDB is 95% full for the specified number of TNs, LRNs, or NPAs.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0.0
*C 0100.0442 *C CARD 1108 VSCCP RTDB database capacity is 95% full
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. For ELAP, perform the following:

- Issue the `rtrv-ctrl-feat` command to verify the quantity of TNs, LRNs, or NPAs specified for this system.
  - Either reduce the number of TNs, LRNs, or NPAs to the level specified by the output of step 1, or respecify the capacity with the `enable-ctrl-feat` command.
- 

2. For EPAP, perform the following:

- Either reduce the size of the database to match the installed hardware capacities, or obtain and install a larger capacity DSM card.
  - Contact the Customer Care Center for assistance in determining the size and capacity of your DSM card.
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures* for card replacement procedures.

## 0443 - RTDB database corrupted

### Description

A RTDB database is corrupt. The calculated checksum did not match the checksum value stored for one or more records.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0443 ** CARD 1108 VSCCP RTDB database corrupted
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status of the RTDB database:

```
rept-stat-db:display=all:db=mps
```

---



**CAUTION:** If more than one card is corrupt, perform Steps 2 through 5 for one card at a time to complete this procedure.

2. Enter the following command to verify the status of the corrupt card.

```
rept-stat-card:loc=xxxx
```

Where *xxxx* is the location of the card identified in the output of UAM 0443.

---

3. Examine the output from Step 2. Verify that the SST (secondary state of the card) is not `Restrict`.

If the SST is `Restrict`, do not continue with this procedure. Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.

---

4. Enter the following command to correct the VSCCP card. This command reinitializes the card and forces the card to load the current level of the database. Wait for the reload to complete before continuing.

```
init-card:loc=xxxx
```

Where *xxxx* is the location of the card identified in output of UAM 0443.

---

5. Enter the following command to verify the that the database is the same level as the other cards in the system:

*rept-stat-db:display=all:db=mps*

---

6. If the problem persists, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

## 0444 - RTDB database is inconsistent

### Description

One or more DSM card's real time database is not identical to the current real time database on the active EPAP fixed disks.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0444 * CARD 1108 VSCCP RTDB database is inconsistent
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status of the RTDB database:

```
rept-stat-db:display=all:db=mps
```

---



**CAUTION:** If more than one card is inconsistent, perform Steps 2 through 5 to completion for one card at a time.

2. Enter the following command to verify the status of the inconsistent card.

```
rept-stat-card:loc=xxxx
```

Where *xxxx* is the location of the card identified in the output of UAM 0444.

---

3. Examine the output from Step 2. Verify that the SST (secondary state of the card) is not `Restrict`.

If the SST is `Restrict`, do not continue with this procedure. Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

4. Enter the following command to correct the VSCCP card. This command reinitializes the card and forces the card to load the current level of the database. Wait for the reload to complete before continuing.

```
init-card:loc=xxxx
```

Where *xxxx* is the location of the card identified in the output of UAM 0444.

---

5. Enter the following command to verify the that the database is the same level as the other cards in the system:

*rept-stat-db:display=all:db=mps*

---

6. If the problem persists, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-



## 0445 - RTDB database has been corrected

### Description

This message indicates that a problem with the RTDB has been corrected.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0445 CARD 1108 VSCCP RTDB database has been corrected
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0446 - RTDB database capacity is 80% full

### Description

This message is displayed for EPAP when a DSM card detects that its daughterboard memory is at least 80% full.

- OR -

This message is displayed for ELAP when the RTDB reaches 80% full for the specified number of TNs, LRNs, or NPAs.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0.0
** 0100.0446 ** CARD 1108 VSCCP RTDB database capacity is 80% full
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. For ELAP, perform the following:

- Issue the `rtrv-ctrl-feat` command to verify the quantity of TNs, LRNs, or NPAs specified for this system.
  - Either reduce the number of TNs, LRNs, or NPAs to the level specified by the output of step 1, or respecify the capacity with the `enable-ctrl-feat` command.
- 

2. For EPAP, perform the following:

- Either reduce the size of the database to match the installed hardware capacities, or obtain and install a larger capacity DSM card.
  - Contact the Customer Care Center for assistance in determining the size and capacity of your DSM card.
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures* for card replacement procedures.

## 0447 - RTDB database capacity alarm cleared

### Description

This message indicates that a problem with the RTDB memory has been corrected.

When the TN, LRN or NPA control features are involved, this UAM message indicates either the feature key quantity has been increased or the RTDB database size has been reduced to clear the condition.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0447 CARD 1108 VS CCP RTDB database capacity alarm cleared
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0448 - RTDB database incoherent

### Description

This message indicates that the RTDB database download is in-process or that the update failed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0448 * CARD 1108 VSCCP RTDB database incoherent
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. If the following is output when the download is complete, no further action is necessary.

Only continue with the remainder of this if the following is not output.

0445 - RTDB database has been corrected

---



**CAUTION:** Continue with the remainder of this procedure only if Step 1 did not complete successfully. If more than one card is incoherent, perform steps 2 through 6 to completion for one card at a time.

2. Enter the following command to verify the status of the RTDB database:

*rept-stat-db:display=all:db=mps*

---

3. Enter the following command to verify the status of the incoherent card.

*rept-stat-card:loc=xxxx*

Where *xxxx* is the location of the card identified in the output of UAM 0448.

---

4. Examine the output from Step 3. Verify that the SST (secondary state of the card) is not Restrict.

If the SST is Restrict, do not continue with this procedure. Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

5. Enter the following command to correct the VSCCP card. This command reinitializes the card and forces the card to load the current level of the database. Wait for the reload to complete before continuing.

*init-card:loc=xxx*

Where *xxx* is the location of the card identified in the output of UAM 0448.

---

6. Enter the following command to verify the that the database is the same level as the other cards in the system:

*rept-stat-db:display=all:db=mps*

---

7. If the problem persists, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number. Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

## 0449 - RTDB resynchronization in progress

### Description

This message indicates that the MPS database resynchronization is in-process.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0449 ** CARD 1108 VSCCP RTDB resynchronization in progress
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. When the resynchronization is complete, the following message will appear  
0445 - RTDB database has been corrected  
No further action is necessary.
-

## 0451 - RTDB reload required

### Description

The RTDB database on the DSM card needs to be reloaded because the resynch log does not contain all of the required updates.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0451 ** CARD 1108 VSCCP RTDB reload required
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status of the RTDB:

```
rept-stat-db:display=all:db=mps
```

---

2. Enter the following command to correct the VSCCP card. This command reinitializes the card and forces the card to load the current level of the database:

```
init-card:loc=xxxx
```

xxxx is the location of the card identified in the output of UAM 0451.

---

3. When the reload is complete, the following message will appear

```
0445 - RTDB database has been corrected
```

No further action is necessary.

---

4. If the problem persists, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0455 - EIR Subsystem is not available

### Description

The EIR subsystem is not available. No IS-NR VSCCP cards are associated with this EIR subsystem. No VSCCP cards have an Active EIR status; all are either out-of service (OOS) or loading. The EIR subsystem was not taken off-line via command.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-08-18 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0056.0455 *C EIR SYSTEM EIR Subsystem is not available
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status and location of the subsystem cards.

*rept-stat-mps*

---

2. Enter the following command to move the VSCCP cards to an ACTIVE status if loading is successful:

*rst-card:loc=xxxx*

xxxx is the location of the OOS-MT-DSBLD VSCCP card(s) identified in step 1.

---

3. Enter the following command to verify the status and location of the subsystem cards.

*rept-stat-mps*

---

4. Verify the VSCCP card(s) reset in step 2 are IS-NR. If not, reseal the card(s).
- 

5. If any card(s) remain OOS-MT, replace the card(s).
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures* for card replacement procedures.



## 0456 - EIR Subsystem is disabled

### Description

The EIR subsystem has been manually disabled with the *inh-map-ss* command. All IS-NR (in service normal) cards have EIR status of Offline, with at least one card IS-NR.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-08-18 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0056.0456 *C EIR SYSTEM EIR Subsystem is disabled
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status and location of the EIR subsystem cards.

```
rept-stat-mps
```

---

2. Enter the following command to reserve the subsystem number and to change the state of the EIR subsystem status to on-line:

```
ent-ss-appl:appl=eir:ssn=xx:stat=online
xx is primary subsystem number.
```

---

3. Enter the following command to change the state of the EIR subsystem to on-line:

```
alw-map-ss:ssn=xx
xx is primary subsystem number.
```

---

4. Enter the following command to verify the status of the EIR subsystem.

```
rept-stat-mps
```

---

## 0457 - EIR Subsystem normal,card(s) abnormal

### Description

One or more of the VSCCP cards do not have an Active status.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0056.0457 EIR SYSTEM EIR Subsystem normal,card(s) abnormal
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to verify the status and location of the subsystem cards.

*rept-stat-mps*

---

2. Enter the following command to move the VSCCP card to an ACTIVE status if loading is successful:

*rst-card:loc=xxxx*

xxxx is the location of the OOS-MT-DSBLD VSCCP card(s) identified in step 1.

---

3. Enter the following command to verify the status and location of the subsystem cards.

*rept-stat-mps*

---

4. Verify the VSCCP card(s) reset in step 2 are IS-NR. If not, reseal the card(s).
- 

5. If any card(s) remain OOS-MT, replace the card(s).
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures* for card replacement procedures.

## 0458 - EIR Subsystem is available

### Description

This message indicates that a problem with the EIR subsystem has been corrected. All VSCCP cards are IS-NR and have an EIR status of Active.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0056.0458 EIR SYSTEM EIR Subsystem is available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0459 - EIR Subsystem is removed

### Description

The EIR subsystem is not equipped. No VSCCP cards are configured with the EIR subsystem.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0056.0459 EIR SYSTEM EIR Subsystem is removed
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Verify the VSCCP hardware. Configure the EIR system with VSCCP cards.
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures.*

## 0466- STC Network Unavailable

### Description

This indicates the network connected to the STC (port A/B) is inaccessible.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0466 ** CARD 1201 STC STC Network Unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Re-association should take place automatically. If it does not, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0467- STC Network Available

### Description

This indicates the network connected to the STC (port A/B) is now accessible.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0467 CARD 1201 STC STC Network Available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0468 - All STC Networks Unavailable

### Description

All connections off all the STC cards (port A/B) are inaccessible.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0014.0468 *C EROUTE System All STC Networks Unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Re-association should take place automatically. If it does not, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0469- All STC Cards Unavailable

### Description

All the STC cards are not accessible.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0014.0469 *C EROUTE System All STC Cards unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Determine if all STC cards are out of service by entering the following command.

*rept-stat-card*

---

2. Reinitialize the STC cards by entering the following command.

*init-card:appl=eroute*

---

3. If the fault has not cleared, reseal each faulty STC card.
- 

4. If the alarm is not cleared, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.



## 0470 - EROUTE is Removed

### Description

All the STC cards have been deleted.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0470 EROUTE System EROUTE is Removed
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action is necessary.
-

## 0471- EROUTE System is Available

### Description

This message indicates that the EROUTE system is available and fully functional.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0471 EROUTE System EROUTE System is Available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0472 - EROUTE System Threshold Exceeded

### Description

The EROUTE system has reached a rate higher than its threshold of 80% capacity.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0472 * EROUTE System EROUTE System Threshold Exceeded
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Decrease the number of links being monitored until more STC cards are added to the System.

---
2. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Features* for the correct procedure on adding STC cards.

---

## 0473 - EROUTE System Capacity Exceeded

### Description

The EROUTE system has reached a rate higher than its capacity. There is the possibility of a loss of traffic monitoring.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0473 ** EROUTE System EROUTE System Capacity Exceeded
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Decrease the number of links being monitored until more STC cards are added to the System.  

---
2. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Features* for the correct procedure on adding STC cards.  

---

## 0474 - EROUTE capacity normal, card(s) abnormal

### Description

The EROUTE system is operating normally even though one or more card(s) is OOS-MT.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0474 EROUTE System EROUTE capacity normal, card(s) abnormal
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine which STC cards are out of service.

*rept-stat-eroute*

---

2. Reinitialize each faulty STC card using the following command.

*init-card:loc=xxxx*

Where *xxxx* is the location of each faulty card identified in Step 1.

---

3. If the fault has not cleared, reseal each faulty card.
-

## 0475 - NTP Time Unavailable

### Description

The STC cards are not able to get NTP time from the ESP.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0475 * EROUTE System NTP Time Unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Have the far-end (Sentinel) to verify the status of the time process.
-

## 0476- NTP Time Available

### Description

The STC cards are now able to get NTP time from the ESP.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0476 EROUTE System NTP Time Available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0477 - Congestion: Copy Function De-activated

### Description

The Copy Function on the SS7 cards have been de-activated.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0477 * SLK 1205,A nc00027 Congestion: Copy Function De-activated
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testccli CLASS=SAAL
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Since congestion usually peaks and subsides quickly, a measurements report should be printed to understand what SS7 events took place. Use the command *rept-meas* to obtain a report.

**NOTE: The measurements collection must first be turned on so measurements can be collected. If measurements are not turned on, no report will be available. See Chapter 4, "Measurements," for traffic measurements information.**

---

2. Ensure that there are enough links in the linkset based on the traffic load.
-



## 0478 - Copy Function Activated

### Description

The congestion has cleared and the copy function on the SS7 cards have been re-activated.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0478 SLK 1205,A nc00027 Copy Function Activated
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=SAAL
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0479 - Link not Monitored

### Description

This is a possible clearing condition for UAM 477, **Congestion: Copy Function Deactivated**. This implies that the Sentinel is not monitoring this link any longer so any monitoring alarms should be cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0479 SLK 1205,A nc00027 Link not Monitored
 SLC=03 FECLLI=testclli CLASS=SAAL
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0480 - Timestamp Invalid

### Description

This indicates that the LIM card timestamp is invalid.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0014.0480 * CARD 1201 STC Timestamp Invalid
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. This alarm should clear automatically. If it does not, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0481 - Timestamp Valid

### Description

This indicates that the LIM card timestamp is valid.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.0467 CARD 1201 STC STC Network Available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0482 - Card(s) have been denied EROUTE service

### Description

EROUTE service is being denied service because there is a shortage of STC cards.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-12-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0014.0482 ** EROUTE System Card(s) have been denied EROUTE service
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the cards that are denied EROUTE service.

*rept-stat-eroute*

---

2. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Features* for the correct procedure on adding STC cards.
-

## 0500 - Alarm being cleared for this device

### Description

This is a generic alarm clearing output. The alarm for the indicated device is being cleared.

### Example

```
tekelecstp 99-01-19 14:56:48 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0045.0500 DLK 1104,A1 Alarm being cleared for this device
```

**NOTE: The output can vary significantly. The output varies depending on which device the alarm is being cleared. In this example the alarm is being cleared for a Data Link.**

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0514 - Standby MASP inhibited

### Description

This message indicates that the standby OAM is inhibited. Database updates will be rejected until the standby OAM is allowed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA3W 00-11-06 10:55:49 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0076.0514 ** CARD 1115 OAM Standby MASP inhibited
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Verify the status of the OAM entering a *rept-stat-card* command.

---
2. Enter the following command to allow the card:  
*alw-card:loc=xxxx*  
where *xxxx* = card location (1115 or 1113)

---
3. If the card is restored, you have completed this procedure. If the card is not restored, check and follow the output to correct the problem, then enter the *alw-card* command.

---
4. If the problem persists, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0515 - Standby MASP allowed

### Description

This message indicates that the inhibited standby OAM has been restored.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA3W 00-11-06 10:55:49 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0076.0515 CARD 1115 OAM Standby MASP allowed
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-



## 0516 - Degraded Mode - 1 card failed

### Description

The Measurements Platform subsystem is degraded because one MCPM card is out of service. The Measurements Platform subsystem can successfully complete all of its work, but it has no spare MCPM.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
* 0100.0516 * MEAS SYSTEM Degraded Mode - 1 card failed
```

### Alarm Level

Minor

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the status of the MCPM cards.

*rept-stat-meas*

---

2. Reinitialize the faulty card using the *init-card* command.
- 

3. If the fault has not cleared, reseal the faulty card.
- 

4. If the fault has not cleared, replace the faulty MCPM card.
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures.*

## 0517 - Degraded Mode - multiple cards failed

### Description

The Measurements Platform subsystem is degraded because more than one MCPM card is out of service. The Measurements Platform subsystem can successfully complete all of its work, but may have no spare MCPM.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0517 ** MEAS SYSTEM Degraded Mode - multiple cards failed
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the status of the MCPM cards.

*rept-stat-meas*

---

2. Reinitialize the faulty card using the *init-card* command.
- 

3. If the fault has not cleared, reseal the faulty card.
- 

4. If the fault has not cleared, replace the faulty MCPM card.
- 

5. Repeat Step 2 through Step 4 for each faulty MCPM card.
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures.*

## 0518 - Measurements subsystem unavailable

### Description

The Measurements Platform subsystem is not available. All MCPM cards are out of service.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
*C 0100.0518 *C MEAS SYSTEM Measurements subsystem unavailable
```

### Alarm Level

Critical

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the status of the MCPM cards.

*rept-stat-meas*

---

2. Reinitialize the faulty MCPM card using the *init-card* command.
- 

3. If the fault has not cleared, reseal the faulty card.
- 

4. If the fault has not cleared, replace the faulty MCPM card.
- 

5. Repeat Step 2 through Step 4 for each faulty MCPM card.
- 

**NOTE:** See Appendix A, *Card Removal/Replacement Procedures for card replacement procedures.*

## 0519 - Measurements subsystem available

### Description

This message indicates that the Measurements subsystem has been restored to service.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA3W 00-11-06 10:55:49 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0076.0519 MEAS SYSTEM Measurements subsystem available
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0901 - Card DB load timeout, check GLS card

### Description

This message indicates that the database of a card has been in a transition for 9 minutes. The database gets put into transition when it waits for updates. In this case the updates are from the GLS card.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA3W 99-12-06 10:55:49 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0076.0901 ** CARD 1201 SS7ANSI Card DB load timeout, check GLS card
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. The GLS card should not take this long. Make sure that the GLS card is IS-NR by doing a *rept-stat-card* command.
- 

2. Enter the following command to boot the GLS card:

```
init-card:appl=gl
```

---

3. If the problem persists, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 0902 - Card DB is stable

### Description

This message indicates that the database of a card was in transition but has recovered.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA3W 99-12-06 10:56:18 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0104.0902 CARD 1201 SS7ANSI Card DB is stable
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action is needed.
-

## 0903 - IP Link A is down

### Description

This message indicates that an IP application socket is out of service due to a IP link down (ethernet problem) or due to the signaling link being deactivated.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA03W 01-01-10 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0046.0903 ** CARD 1111 EBDADCM IP Link A is down
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the IP address of the link:

```
rtrv-ip-lnk:loc=xxxx:port=a
```

Where xxxx is the card identified in the alarm output.

---

2. Enter the following command to retrieve the name of the local host:

```
rtrv-ip-host:ipadr=xxxx.xxxx.xxxx.xxxx
```

Where xxxx.xxxx.xxxx.xxxx = the link IP address from Step 1.

---

3. Enter the following command to get the name of the remote host:

```
rtrv-appl-sock:lhost=xxxxxxxx
```

Where xxxxxxxx = local host name from Step 2.

---

4. Enter the following command to test the TCP/IP connection:

```
pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="ping yyyyyyyyyy"
```

Where: xxxx = Card location from the alarm output.

yyyyyyyyyy = logical name of the remote host from Step 3.

---

5. If the *ping* command fails, perform the following checks:
  - Check the remote host hardware and software.
  - Use your company procedures to check the network.
  - Check cable connections at the IP<sup>7</sup> Secure Gateway and at the remote host.

---
6. If the UNAVAIL REASON still indicates an alignment problem, enter the following command:  
*rept-stat-slk:loc=xxxx:port=a*  
Where xxxx is the card identified in the alarm output.  
If the DCM card is not OOS-MT, proceed to Step 8.

---
7. If the DCM card is OOS-MT, do the following, using the *rept-stat-card* command to check for card IS-NR state after each action:
  - a. Reinitialize card using the *init-card* command
  - b. Reseat the card
  - c. Replace the card

**NOTE: See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.**

---
8. If the fault is not cleared, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.

---



## 0904 - IP Link A is up

### Description

This indicates that a previously broken link between the DCM card and the OAP now exists and is functioning properly.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA03W 01-01-10 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0046.0904 CARD 1111 EBDADCM IP Link A is up
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0905 - IP Link B is down

### Description

This message indicates that an IP application socket is out of service due to a IP link down (ethernet problem) or due to the signaling link being deactivated.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA03W 01-01-10 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0046.0905 ** CARD 1111 EBDADCM IP Link B is down
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the IP address of the link:

```
rtrv-ip-lnk:loc=xxxx:port=b
```

Where xxxx is the card identified in the alarm output.

---

2. Enter the following command to retrieve the name of the local host:

```
rtrv-ip-host:ipadr=xxxx.xxxx.xxxx.xxxx
```

Where xxxx.xxxx.xxxx.xxxx = the link IP address from Step 1.

---

3. Enter the following command to get the name of the remote host:

```
rtrv-appl-sock:lhost=xxxxxxxx
```

Where xxxxxxxx = local host name from Step 2.

---

4. Enter the following command to test the TCP/IP connection:

```
pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="ping yyyyyyyyyy"
```

Where: xxxx = Card location from the alarm output.

yyyyyyyyyy = logical name of the remote host from Step 3.

---

5. If the *ping* command fails, perform the following checks:
  - Check the remote host hardware and software.
  - Use your company procedures to check the network.
  - Check cable connections at the IP<sup>7</sup> Secure Gateway and at the remote host.

---
6. If the UNAVAIL REASON still indicates an alignment problem, enter the following command:  
*rept-stat-slk:loc=xxxx:port=b*  
Where xxxx is the card identified in the alarm output.  
If the DCM card is not OOS-MT, proceed to Step 8.

---
7. If the DCM card is OOS-MT, do the following, using the *rept-stat-card* command to check for card IS-NR state after each action:
  - a. Reinitialize card using the *init-card* command
  - b. Reseat the card
  - c. Replace the card

**NOTE:** See Appendix A for procedures on replacing cards.

---
8. If the fault is not cleared, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.

---

## 0906 - IP Link B is up

### Description

This indicates that a previously broken link between the DCM card and the OAP now exists and is functioning properly.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA03W 01-01-10 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0046.0906 CARD 1111 EBDADCM IP Link B is up
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0907 - HW limiting TPS rate alarm cleared

### Description

This message indicates that the alarm condition, specified by message “0908 - HW cannot support purchased TPS rate,” has been cleared.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 5.0.0-32.0.0
0100.0907 CARD 1101 SS7IPGW HW limiting TPS rate alarm cleared
ASSY SN: 102199815a1234
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-

## 0908 - HW cannot support purchased TPS rate

### Description

This message indicates that the purchased transactions per second (TPS) rate running on the DCM(s) is higher than can be supported by you current hardware.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 5.0.0-32.0.0
** 0100.0908 ** CARD 1101 SS7IPGW HW cannot support purchased TPS rate
 ASSY SN: 102199815a1234
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. Upgrade your DCM hardware. This alarm can be cleared only when the concerned DCM hardware is unplugged.
2. Contact contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number for information about upgrading your DCM hardware.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0911 - Dynamic database is inconsistent

### Description

The dynamic database audit has detected that checksums are inconsistent. This means that one or more cards do not concur with the current network configuration.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
** 0100.0911 ** SYSTEM Dynamic database is inconsistent
```

### Alarm Level

Major

### Procedure

---

1. The EAGLE 5 SAS cannot automatically determine which cards are inconsistent. Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 0912 - Dynamic database is now consistent

### Description

The dynamic database audit has run and determined that the checksums are consistent.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.0912 SYSTEM Dynamic database is now consistent
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates a previous fault has been corrected. No further action is necessary.
-



## 1000 - MTP rcvd UPU - user part is not SCCP

### Description

The system forwarded a unit data (UDT) message to a distant node that does not support SCCP. In response, the distant node sent back a user part unavailable (UPU) message.

The message provides the affected point code (which sent the UPU), as well as the service information octet (SIO) field of the message and the cause code.

All fields are in decimal values. The SIO field values applicable to this message are:

- 03 – SCCP
- 04 – Telephone User Part (TUP)
- 05 – ISDN User Part (ISUP)
- 06 – Data User Part (call and circuit related messages)
- 07 – Data User Part (facility registration and cancellation)
- 08 – MTP Testing User Part

The message also provides the value for the User Part that was unavailable (UPU=). The values shown above apply to this field as well.

The Cause Codes (Unavail Cause =) applicable to this message are:

- 000 – Unknown
- 001 – Unequipped Remote User
- 002 – Inaccessible User Part

Unequipped remote user indicates the distant node is not equipped for SCCP. Inaccessible user part indicates that the distant node is equipped with SCCP capability, but there has been a failure in SCCP making it impossible to handle messages sent to it by MTP.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1000 CARD 1201,A INFO MTP rcvd UPU - user part is not SCCP
SIO=03 OPC=003-232-000 DPC=001-004-000
AFTPC=004-000-001 UPU=03 UNAVAIL CAUSE=001
LSN=A1234567

```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1001 - MTP rcvd Transfer Controlled (TFC)

### Description

The system is generating traffic for a remote node that is congested. The distant node sent a transfer controlled (TFC) message in response.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1001 CARD 1201,A INFO MTP rcvd Transfer Controlled (TFC)
 SIO=0a OPC=003-232-000 DPC=000-000-000
 AFTPC=004-000-000 CONG STATUS=000
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|             |                           |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| AFTPC       | Affected point code       |
| CONG STATUS | Congestion status         |
| DPC         | Destination point code    |
| LSN         | Linkset name              |
| OPC         | Origination point code    |
| SIO         | Service information octet |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. The affected point code field of the output message identifies the node that is congested. The system discards MSUs with a priority lower than the congestion status value sent with the TFC.

---

2. The system sends only messages with a priority higher or equal to the congestion status value of the TFC. Refer to TR-NPT-000246, Issue 2, June 1987, Chapter 1.111.5, Annex A for priority assignments.

---

3. Contact the far-end to determine the reason for congestion.

---

## 1002 - MTP rcvd invalid TFC - status 0

### Description

The Eagle 5 SAS system received a transfer controlled (TFC) message with a status of 0 (protocol violation). No action on the part of the Eagle 5 SAS system has been taken.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1002 CARD 1205,B INFO MTP rcvd invalid TFC - status 0
SIO=0a OPC=003-234-000 DPC=000-024-000
AFTPC=055-000-046 CONG STATUS=000
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|             |                           |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| AFTPC       | Affected point code       |
| CONG STATUS | Congestion status         |
| DPC         | Destination point code    |
| LSN         | Linkset name              |
| OPC         | Origination point code    |
| SIO         | Service information octet |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. The Eagle 5 SAS system does not take any action based on this TFC message. The output above is provided only to indicate the event took place, but does not require any action by maintenance personnel.
- 
2. Contact the far-end to determine the reason for congestion.
-

## 1003 - MTP rcvd invalid H0/H1 code

### Description

SS7 received a level 3 message with an unrecognized H0H1 code.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1003 CARD 1205,B INFO MTP rcvd invalid H0/H1 code
SIO=0a OPC=003-235-000 DPC=000-024-000
H0H1=43
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |
|------|---------------------------|
| DPC  | Destination point code    |
| H0H1 | H0/H1 heading code        |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |
| OPC  | Origination point code    |
| SIO  | Service information octet |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message could indicate that the MTP restart feature is not enabled. If the MTP restart feature should be enabled, use the *chg-feat* to turn on the MTP restart feature.

**NOTE: Once the feature is enabled using the *chg-feat* command, it can not be turned off. Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number before executing the *chg-feat* command.**

**Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.**

---

2. This output is informational only. The SS7 traffic is not interrupted and service is not affected.
- 

3. Contact the far-end to determine the reason for congestion.
-

## 1004 - MTP rcvd unknown DPC

### Description

The Eagle 5 SAS system received an MSU with a DPC that is not in the routing table.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1004 CARD 1205,B INFO MTP rcvd unknown DPC
SIO=0a OPC=003-236-000 DPC=000-071-000
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|     |                           |
|-----|---------------------------|
| DPC | Destination point code    |
| LSN | Linkset name              |
| OPC | Origination point code    |
| SIO | Service information octet |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. If the Eagle 5 SAS system should be able to route to the DPC (indicated in the message output), add the DPC to the Eagle 5 SAS system routing table using the *ent-rte* and *ent-dstn* commands.

---
2. If the DPC is not one that the Eagle 5 SAS system should be able to route to, no action is necessary.

---

## 1005 - GWS rcvd OPC that is not allowed

### Description

This message indicates the Eagle 5 SAS received an MSU with an origination point code (OPC) that is not allowed in gateway screening (GWS).

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1005 CARD 1205,A INFO GWS rcvd OPC that is not allowed
SIO=b2 OPC=003-237-000 DPC=003-003-003
H0H1=32 AFTPC=03-03-03
SR=osp3 LSN=A1234567

```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. If this origination point code (OPC) is one that should be allowed to pass through the network, add the OPC to the gateway screening (GWS) tables assigned to the link reporting this message. Use the *ent-scr-opc* command to add the OPC to the list of allowed OPC codes. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Gateway Screening* for instructions on how to add an OPC to gateway screening (GWS).

---
2. If the OPC should not be allowed to pass through the network, no action is necessary.

---



## 1006 - GWS rcvd DPC that is not allowed

### Description

This message indicates the Eagle 5 SAS received an MSU with a destination point code (DPC) that is not allowed in gateway screening (GWS).

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1006 CARD 1205,A INFO GWS rcvd DPC that is not allowed
SIO=b2 OPC=003-237-000 DPC=003-003-003
H0H1=23 AFTPC=03-03-03
SR=osp3 LSN=A1234567
```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. If this destination point code (DPC) is one that should be allowed to pass through the network, add the DPC to the gateway screening (GWS) tables assigned to the link reporting this message. Use the *ent-scr-dpc* command to add the DPC to the list of allowed DPC codes. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual- Gateway Screening* for instructions on adding a DPC to gateway screening (GWS).

---
2. If the DPC should not be allowed to pass through the network, no action is necessary.

---

## 1007 - GWS rcvd OPC that is blocked

### Description

This message indicates the Eagle 5 SAS received an MSU from an origination point code (OPC) that is blocked from this network by gateway screening (GWS).

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1007 CARD 1205,A INFO GWS rcvd OPC that is blocked
SIO=93 OPC=001-001-004 DPC=003-003-003
H0H1=31 AFTPC=03-03-03
SR=osp3 LSN=A1234567

```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. If this origination point code (OPC) should be allowed to send messages through the network, use the command *dlt-scr-blkopc* to delete the OPC from the blocked OPC screen set assigned to this link.

---
2. If this OPC should be blocked from entering this network, no further action is necessary.

---

## 1008 - GWS rcvd DPC that is blocked

### Description

This message indicates the Eagle 5 SAS received an MSU from a destination point code (DPC) that is blocked from this network by gateway screening (GWS).

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1008 CARD 1205,A INFO GWS rcvd DPC that is blocked
SIO=b2 OPC=007-008-000 DPC=003-003-003
H0H1=32 AFTPC=03-03-03
SR=osp3 LSN=A1234567

```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. If this destination point code (DPC) should be allowed to send messages through the network, use the command *dlt-scr-blkdpc* to delete the DPC from the blocked DPC screen set assigned to this link.

---
2. If this DPC should be blocked from entering this network, no further action is necessary.

---

## 1009 - GWS rcvd SIO that is not allowed

### Description

This message indicates that gateway screening (GWS) has discarded an MSU that is not allowed in the network.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1009 CARD 1205,B INFO GWS rcvd SIO that is not allowed
SIO=b2 OPC=003-237-000 DPC=003-003-003
H0H1=33 AFTPC=03-03-03
SR=osp3 LSN=A1234567

```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This indicates that a MSU was discarded because it failed screening. No action is necessary, unless the MSU should have passed. If the MSU should have passed (verified by the fields displayed in the above message), go to Step 2.

---
2. Using the *rtrv-scr-sio* command, verify that the screening reference specified in the above message does not allow MSUs with the *SI/HO/HI* values indicated.

---
3. If the MSU should have passed screening, use the *ent-scr-sio* command to add the *si* data to the screening reference assigned to this link.

---



## 1010 - GWS rcvd a priority that is not allowed

### Description

This message indicates gateway screening (GWS) has discarded an MSU because the priority is listed as one that is not allowed in this network.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1010 CARD 1205,A INFO GWS rcvd a priority that is not allowed
SIO=0a OPC=003-242-000 DPC=000-071-000
H0H1=54 AFTPC=03-03-03
SR=osp3 LSN=A1234567

```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. This indicates that a MSU was discarded because it failed screening. No action is necessary, unless the MSU should have passed. If the MSU should have passed (verified by the fields displayed in the above message), go to Step 2.

---
2. Using the *rtrv-scr-sio* command, verify that the screening reference specified in the above message does not allow MSUs with the priority value indicated.

---
3. If the MSU should have passed screening, use the *chg-scr-sio* command to add the *pri* data to the screening reference.

---

## 1011 - GWS rcvd TFC, AFTPC not in routing tbl

### Description

This indicates that a transfer controlled message was received by a gateway link and failed screening because of an affected point code value in the message.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1011 CARD 1105,B INFO GWS rcvd TFC, AFTPC not in routing tbl
SIO=0a OPC=003-243-000 DPC=000-024-000
H0H1=35 AFTPC=099-099-003
SR=osp3 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|       |                                         |
|-------|-----------------------------------------|
| AFTPC | Affected point code (for SCCP messages) |
| DPC   | Destination point code                  |
| H0H1  | H0/H1 heading code                      |
| LSN   | Linkset name                            |
| OPC   | Origination point code                  |
| SIO   | Service information octet               |
| SR    | Screening reference name                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Verify the affected point code in the message, and verify whether the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
2. If the affected point code is not required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables, no further action is necessary.
3. If the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing table, use the *ent-dstm* command to add the affected point code to the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.

## 1012 - GWS rcvd Clg Party that is not allowed

### Description

This indicates an MSU was received on a gateway link but failed screening because of the SCCP calling party address.

### Example 1 (non-SCMG)

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1012 CARD 1205,B1 INFO GWS rcvd Clg Party that is not allowed
SIO=0a OPC=003-244-000 DPC=000-071-000
SCCP MT= 18
CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=10 PC=004-004-004 SSN=005 TT=251
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

### Example 2 (SCMG)

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0102.1012 CARD 1205,B1 INFO GWS rcvd Clg Party that is not allowed
SIO=03 OPC=003-245-000 DPC=001-004-000
SCMG: TYPE=000 AFTPC=003-003-003
 MULT=000 AFTSS=005
SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. This output indicates that a SCCP message was discarded because it failed screening. No action is necessary, unless the message should have passed. If the message should have passed (verified by the fields displayed in the above message), continue with Step 2.

---
2. Using the *rtrv-scr-cgpa* command, verify that the screen name specified in the output does not allow SCCP messages. Check the following fields in the output:
  - For non-SCMG messages, check the SCCP MT, SSN, and OPC
  - For SCMG messages, check the TYPE, AFTSS, and AFTPC (or OPC if the AFTPC is not present)

---
3. If the SCCP message should have passed screening, use the *ent-scr-cgpa* or *chg-scr-cgpa* command to add the appropriate information to the screening reference.

---

## 1013 - GWS rcvd Cld Party that is not allowed

### Description

This indicates an MSU was received on a gateway link but failed screening because of the called party value in the SCCP called party address field.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0102.1013 CARD 1205,B INFO GWS rcvd Cld Party that is not allowed
SIO=03 OPC=003-245-000 DPC=001-004-000
SCMG: TYPE=000 AFTPC=003-003-003
MULT=000 AFTSS=005
SR=scrbr LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|       |                                                           |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| AFTPC | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| DPC   | Destination point code                                    |
| LSN   | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT  | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC   | Origination point code                                    |
| SCMG  | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO   | Service information octet                                 |
| SR    | Screening reference name                                  |
| TYPE  | SCCP management message type                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. This output indicates that a SCCP message was discarded because it failed screening. No action is necessary, unless the message should have passed. If the message should have passed (verified by the fields displayed in the above message), go to Step 2.
2. Using the *rtrv-scr-cdpa* command, verify that the screening reference specified in the above message does not allow SCCP messages with the called party address indicated.

3. If the SCCP message should have passed screening, use the *ent-scr-cdpa* command to add the called party address to the screening reference.
-

## 1014 - GWS rcvd Translation Type not allowed

### Description

This indicates an MSU requiring global title was received on a gateway link but failed screening because of the translation type indicated in the message.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1014 CARD 1205,B INFO GWS rcvd Translation Type not allowed
SIO=0a OPC=003-244-000 DPC=000-071-000
SCCP MT= 18
CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=10 PC=004-004-004 SSN=005 TT=251
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|         |                          |      |                           |
|---------|--------------------------|------|---------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                  | AI   | Address Indicator         |
| CDPA    | Called party address     | CGPA | Calling party address     |
| DPC     | Destination point code   | LSN  | Linkset name              |
| OPC     | Origination point code   | PC   | Point code                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type        | SIO  | Service information octet |
| SR      | Screening reference name | SSN  | Subsystem number          |
| TT      | Translation type         |      |                           |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. This output indicates that an MSU requiring global title translation was discarded because it failed screening. No action is necessary, unless the message should have passed. If the message should have passed (verified by the fields displayed in the above message), go to Step 2.
2. Using the *rtrv-scr-tt* command, verify that the screen name specified in the above message does not allow MSUs with the translation type indicated.



3. If the MSU should have passed screening, use the *ent-scr-tt* command to add the translation type to the screening reference.
-

## 1015 - GWS rcvd SCMG with not allowed AFTPC

### Description

This message indicates that an SCCP management message (SCMG) was received on a gateway link and failed gateway screening because of the affected point code.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0102.1015 CARD 1205,B INFO GWS rcvd Cld Party that is not allowed
 SIO=03 OPC=003-245-000 DPC=001-004-000
 SCMG: TYPE=000 AFTPC=003-003-003
 MULT=000 AFTSS=005
 SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|       |                                                           |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| AFTPC | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| DPC   | Destination point code                                    |
| LSN   | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT  | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC   | Origination point code                                    |
| SCMG  | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO   | Service information octet                                 |
| SR    | Screening reference name                                  |
| TYPE  | SCCP management message type                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. This output indicates that an SCCP management message was discarded because it failed screening. No action is necessary, unless the message should have passed. If the message should have passed (verified by the fields displayed in the above message), go to Step 2.
2. Using the *rtrv-scr-aftpc* command, verify that the screening reference specified in the above message does not allow SCCP management messages with the affected point code indicated.

3. If the message should have passed screening, use the *ent-scr-aftp* command to add the affected point code to the screening reference.
-

## 1016 - MTP Adj PC not in routing table

### Description

This message indicates that an MSU was received with an adjacent point code not found in the Eagle 5 SAS routing table.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-11-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1016 CARD 1201,A INFO MTP Adj PC not in routing table
OPC=001-001-001 CPC=002-002-002
LSN=lsn01a
```

### Legend

|     |                        |
|-----|------------------------|
| CPC | Concerned point code   |
| LSN | Linkset name           |
| OPC | Origination point code |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This output indicates that an MSU was discarded because the DPC did not appear in the system linkset table. Network messages are valid only from adjacent point codes.
- 
2. If the MSU should have passed screening, use the *chg-scr-sio* command to add the pri data to the screening reference.
-

## 1017 - MTP Message Received for Network 255

### Description

This message indicates that the network routing feature is on and the Eagle 5 SAS has detected network management messages concerning network 255. The network routing feature cannot be used when the Eagle 5 SAS is used with network 255.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:58 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0105.1017 CARD 1201,A INFO MTP Message Received for Network 255
SIO=08 OPC=003-247-000 DPC=002-000-000
DATA=12 34 56 78 90 12 34 56 78 90 12 34
 56 78 90 12 34 56 78 90 12 34 56 78
SR=osp3 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                                                      |
|------|------------------------------------------------------|
| DATA | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management |
| DPC  | Destination point code                               |
| LSN  | Linkset name                                         |
| OPC  | Origination point code                               |
| SIO  | Service information octet                            |
| SR   | Screening reference name                             |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message is an indication serious network management problems. Call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 1018 - REPT-MTPERR: MTP rcvd invalid SIO

### Description

A MSU is discarded when the Eagle 5 SAS is unable to perform MTP-level routing.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0140.1018 CARD 1201,A INFO REPT-MTPERR: MTP rcvd invalid SIO
 SIO=07 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|     |                           |
|-----|---------------------------|
| DPC | Destination point code    |
| LSN | Linkset name              |
| OPC | Origination point code    |
| SIO | Service information octet |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. This indicates that a MSU was discarded because of an undefined point code or an invalid SIO. This message is displayed only when the total number of discarded SIOs is less than a specified limit over a specified period time. No action is necessary, unless the MSU should have passed. If the MSU should have passed (verified by the fields displayed in the above message), go to Step 2.
- 
2. Using the *rtrv-scr-sio* command, verify that the screening reference specified in the above message does not allow MSUs with the value indicated.
- 
3. If the MSU should have passed screening, use the *chg-scr-sio* command to add the appropriate data to the screening reference.
- 
4. If the SIO is not one that the Eagle 5 SAS should be able to route to, no action is necessary.
-

## 1019 - SCCP rcvd invalid UDTS/XUDTS msg

### Description

SCCP received a user data service (UDTS)/extended user data service (XUDTS) message from the network that was discarded because of an invalid message type indicator.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:00:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0106.1019 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rcvd invalid UDTS/XUDTS msg
SIO=03 OPC=003-251-000 DPC=001-004-000
CDPA: SSN=005 TT=250
CGPA: SSN=000 TT=000
RETURN CAUSE=001
DATA=26 80 03 09 0e 06 09 00 fe 08 50 55 05
 43 00 00 00 00 00
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|              |                                                                                  |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CDPA         | Called party address                                                             |
| CGPA         | Calling party address                                                            |
| DATA         | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management                             |
| DPC          | Destination point code                                                           |
| LSN          | Linkset name                                                                     |
| OPC          | Origination point code                                                           |
| RETURN CAUSE | Identifies the reason for the returned message<br>(for connectionless protocols) |
| SIO          | Service information octet                                                        |
| SSN          | Subsystem number                                                                 |
| TT           | Translation type                                                                 |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

## Procedure

---

1. This indicates that SCCP received a UDTS/XUDTS message that was discarded because the message type field contained a value invalid in the system. No action is necessary.

---

**NOTE:** The UDTS/XUDTS message is used in the SCCP protocol to indicate an error in a UDT message. The UDT was sent to another node, an error was found, and the UDTS/XUDTS message was returned with the following fields:

- Message type
- Return cause
- Called party address
- Calling party address
- Data



## 1020 - SCCP rcvd invalid XUDT msg

### Description

SCCP received an extended unit data message (XUDT) from the network that was discarded because of an invalid message type indicator.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:00:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0107.1020 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rcvd invalid XUDT msg
 SIO=0a OPC=003-252-000 DPC=000-071-000
 CDPA: SSN=005 TT=250
 CGPA: SSN=000 TT=000
 RETURN CAUSE=001
 DATA=26 80 03 09 0e 06 09 00 fe 08 50 55 05
 43 00 00 00 00 00
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|              |                                                                                  |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CDPA         | Called party address                                                             |
| CGPA         | Calling party address                                                            |
| DATA         | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management                             |
| DPC          | Destination point code                                                           |
| LSN          | Linkset name                                                                     |
| OPC          | Origination point code                                                           |
| RETURN CAUSE | Identifies the reason for the returned message<br>(for connectionless protocols) |
| SIO          | Service information octet                                                        |
| SSN          | Subsystem number                                                                 |
| TT           | Translation type                                                                 |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. This indicates that SCCP received a XUDT/LUDT message that was discarded because the message type field contained a value invalid in the system. No action is necessary.

**NOTE: The XUDT message is the same as an UDT. The XUDT provides additional information, such as the hop counter.**

## 1021 - SCCP rcvd invalid XUDTS msg

### Description

SCCP received an extended unit data service (XUDTS) message from the network that was discarded because of an invalid message type.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:01:03 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0108.1021 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rcvd invalid XUDTS msg
SIO=0a OPC=003-253-000 DPC=000-001-000
CDPA: SSN=005 TT=250
CGPA: SSN=000 TT=000
RETURN CAUSE=001
DATA=26 80 03 09 0e 06 09 00 fe 08 50 55 05
 43 00 00 00 00 00
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|              |                                                                                  |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CDPA         | Called party address                                                             |
| CGPA         | Calling party address                                                            |
| DATA         | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management                             |
| DPC          | Destination point code                                                           |
| LSN          | Linkset name                                                                     |
| OPC          | Origination point code                                                           |
| RETURN CAUSE | Identifies the reason for the returned message<br>(for connectionless protocols) |
| SIO          | Service information octet                                                        |
| SSN          | Subsystem number                                                                 |
| TT           | Translation type                                                                 |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

## Procedure

---

1. This indicates that SCCP received a XUDTS message that was discarded because the message type field contained a value invalid in the system. No action is necessary.

**NOTE: The XUDTS message is used in the SCCP protocol to indicate an error in a XUDT message. The XUDT was sent to another node, an error was found, and the XUDTS message was returned with the following fields:**

- Message type
  - Return cause
  - SCCP hop counter
  - Called party address
  - Calling party address
  - Data
  - ISNI
  - Segmentation
-

## 1022 - System Meas. limit exceeded for LSONISMT

### Description

This UIM alarm is issued when the either of these limits is exceeded:

- Maximum of 3000 LSONISMT measurements, or
- Maximum of 100 ISUP message type measurements per linkset.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0140.1022 SYSTEM INFO System Meas. limit exceeded for LSONISMT
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Each link in a linkset collects measurements for 100 ISUP message type measurements. Only the first 100 types collected per linkset are reported. Those links that are not reported in the LSONISMT Report have their counts added to the totals in the LSORIGNI Gateway Report and the STP Report (MSUDSCRD field).
  2. If the system total exceeds 3000, only the first 3000 collected are reported in the LSONISMT Gateway Report. Any counts not included in this report are added to the totals in the LSORIGNI Gateway Report and the STP Report (MSUDSCRD field).
-

## 1023 - SCCP rcvd unknown msg type

### Description

SCCP received a message from the network that was discarded because of an unknown message type indicator.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:01:09 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0109.1023 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rcvd unknown msg type
 SIO=0a OPC=003-255-000 DPC=000-024-000
 DATA=26 80 03 09 0e 06 09 00 fe 08 50 55 05
 43 00 00 00 00 00
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                                                      |
|------|------------------------------------------------------|
| DATA | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management |
| DPC  | Destination point code                               |
| LSN  | Linkset name                                         |
| OPC  | Origination point code                               |
| SIO  | Service information octet                            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This indicates that SCCP received a message that was discarded because the message type field contained an invalid field for the system. No action is necessary.
-

## 1024 - SCCP rcvd inv msg length

### Description

SCCP received a message from the network that was discarded because of an invalid message length.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:01:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0110.1024 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rcvd inv msg length
 SIO=0a OPC=004-000-000 DPC=000-071-000
 DATA=26 80 03 09 0e 06 09 00 fe 08 50 55 05
 43 00 00 00 00 00
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                                                      |
|------|------------------------------------------------------|
| DATA | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management |
| DPC  | Destination point code                               |
| LSN  | Linkset name                                         |
| OPC  | Origination point code                               |
| SIO  | Service information octet                            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This indicates that SCCP received a message that was discarded because the message length field contained an invalid field for the system. No action is necessary.
-

## 1025 - SCCP rcvd inv msg class

### Description

SCCP received a message from the network that was discarded because of an invalid message class.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:01:40 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0111.1025 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rcvd inv msg class
 SIO=0a OPC=004-001-000 DPC=000-071-000
 CDPA SS=000 CDPA TT=000
 CGPA SS=000 CGPA TT=000
 CLASS=000 MSG TYPE=00
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                           |
|----------|---------------------------|
| CDPA     | Called party address      |
| CGPA     | Calling party address     |
| CLASS    | Message class             |
| DPC      | Destination point code    |
| LSN      | Linkset name              |
| MSG TYPE | Message type              |
| OPC      | Origination point code    |
| SIO      | Service information octet |
| SS       | Subsystem                 |
| TT       | Translation type          |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This indicates that SCCP received a message that was discarded because the message class field contained an invalid value for the system. No action is necessary.
-

## 1026 - System Meas Limit exceeded for LSORIGNI

### Description

This gateway related data has exceeded its threshold for the accumulation interval.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:05:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0128.1026 CARD 1105 INFO System Meas Limit exceeded for LSORIGNI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-



## 1027 - System Meas Limit exceeded for LSDESTNI

### Description

This gateway related data has exceeded its threshold for the accumulation interval.

### Examples

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:05:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0128.1027 CARD 1105 INFO System Meas Limit exceeded for LSDESTNI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1028 - System Meas. Limit exceeded for ORIGNI/NINC

### Description

This gateway related data has exceeded its threshold for the accumulation interval.

### Examples

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:05:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0128.1028 CARD 1105 INFO System Meas. Limit exceeded for ORIGNI/NINC
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1029 - SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad GT ind

### Description

SCCP received a message from the network that was discarded because of a bad global title indicator in the called party address.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0112.1029 CARD 1103,A1 INFO SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad GT ind
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA LENGTH=000 MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=12345678901234567890
DATA=3a e2 38 c7 04 56 04 72 e0 e8 30 e9
 2e cf 01 00 d0 02 83 01 f2 25 aa 0b
 84 09 01 00 11 0a 19 49
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                              |             |                             |
|------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet    | OPC         | Origination point code      |
| DPC  | Destination point code       | CDPA Length | Called party address length |
| AI   | Address Indicator            | SSN         | Subsystem number            |
| TT   | Translation type             | ADDR        | Address                     |
| CGPA | Calling party address        | PC          | Point code                  |
| DATA | Hex dump of TCAP part of MSU | MSG TYPE    | Message type                |
| LSN  | Linkset name                 |             |                             |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This indicates that SCCP received a message that was discarded because the global title field in the called party address was invalid in the Eagle 5 SAS. No action is necessary.
-

## 1030 - Inh EIR SS request already outstanding

### Description

An *inh-map-ss* command is already entered and queued.

For more information about the **inh-map-ss** command, refer to the *Commands Manual*.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-08-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0140.1030 CARD 1201 INFO Inh EIR SS request already outstanding
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1031 - Failure Inhibiting EIR SS

### Description

The *inh-map-ss* command was unsuccessful in taking the EIR subsystem off-line. For more information about the `inh-map-ss` command, refer to the *Commands Manual*.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-08-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0140.1031 CARD 1201 INFO Failure Inhibiting EIR SS
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the `inh-map-ss` command with the `force` parameter.
-

## 1032 - Set ETS Mismatch

### Description

There is a discontinuity between the ETS broadcast and what the card expects. A discontinuity can occur when both OAM cards are booted at the same time and ETS gets reset to zero.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-08-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0140.1032 CARD 1201 INFO Set ETS Mismatch
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. The affected LIM/ATM/STC card recalibrates to the new ETS value and should continue to operate correctly. If not, this is a reference point for possible invalid timestamps to Sentinel.
-

## 1033 - SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad network

### Description

SCCP received a message from the network that it could not route and was discarded because of an invalid network indicator in the called party address.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:12 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0113.1033 CARD 1103,A1 INFO SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad network
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA LENGTH=000 MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=12345678901234567890
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |             |                             |
|------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC         | Origination point code      |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA Length | Called party address length |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN         | Subsystem number            |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR        | Address                     |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC          | Point code                  |
| LSN  | Linkset name              | MSG TYPE    | Message type                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This indicates that SCCP discarded a message because the network indicator (national or international) provided in the called party address is invalid in the Eagle 5 SAS. No action is necessary.
-

## 1034 - SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - no SSN

### Description

SCCP received a message from the network that it could not route and was discarded because no subsystem number was present in the called party address.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:41 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0114.1034 CARD 1201,A INFO SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - no SSN
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA LENGTH=000 MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=12345678901234567890
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |             |                             |
|------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC         | Origination point code      |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA Length | Called party address length |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN         | Subsystem number            |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR        | Address                     |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC          | Point code                  |
| LSN  | Linkset name              | MSG TYPE    | Message type                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. The sender of the discarded message is using an invalid message format. If there is only one occurrence, no action is necessary. However, if the condition continues, there may be a problem at the node that is sending the invalid message. Contact that node and inform them of the problem.
-



## 1035 - SCCP rsp did not route - invalid GTI

### Description

This message indicates the SCCP response did not route because of an invalid GTI in the calling party of the query.

### Example

```
station1234 00-10-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1035 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rsp did not route - invalid GTI
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|      |                             |          |                              |
|------|-----------------------------|----------|------------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                     | CDPA     | Called party address         |
| CGPA | Calling party address       | GTI      | Global title indicator       |
| LSN  | Linkset name                | MSG TYPE | Message type                 |
| NAI  | Nature of address indicator | NI       | Network indicator value      |
| NP   | Numbering plan              | OPC      | Origination point code       |
| PC   | Point code                  | PCI      | Protocol control information |
| RI   | Routing indicator           | SIO      | Service information octet    |
| SSN  | Subsystem number            | SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   |
| TT   | Translation type            |          |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Change the message to include a valid GTI in the CGPA part of the query. Specify GTI=2 for ANSI, and specify GTI=2 or GTI=4, as appropriate for ITU.

## 1036 - SCCP rsp did not route - invalid TT

### Description

This message indicates the SCCP response did not route because of an invalid TT in the calling party of the query.

### Example

```
station1234 00-10-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1036 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rsp did not route - invalid TT
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|      |                             |          |                              |
|------|-----------------------------|----------|------------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                     | CDPA     | Called party address         |
| CGPA | Calling party address       | GTI      | Global title indicator       |
| LSN  | Linkset name                | MSG TYPE | Message type                 |
| NAI  | Nature of address indicator | NI       | Network indicator value      |
| NP   | Numbering plan              | OPC      | Origination point code       |
| PC   | Point code                  | PCI      | Protocol control information |
| RI   | Routing indicator           | SIO      | Service information octet    |
| SSN  | Subsystem number            | SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   |
| TT   | Translation type            |          |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Provision the CGPA TT in the GTT TT table using the *ent-tt* command.

## 1037 - SCCP rsp did not route - bad Xlation

### Description

This message indicates the SCCP response did not route because of an invalid translation in the calling party of the query.

### Example

```
station1234 00-10-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1037 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rsp did not route - bad Xlation
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|      |                             |          |                              |
|------|-----------------------------|----------|------------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                     | CDPA     | Called party address         |
| CGPA | Calling party address       | GTI      | Global title indicator       |
| LSN  | Linkset name                | MSG TYPE | Message type                 |
| NAI  | Nature of address indicator | NI       | Network indicator value      |
| NP   | Numbering plan              | OPC      | Origination point code       |
| PC   | Point code                  | PCI      | Protocol control information |
| RI   | Routing indicator           | SIO      | Service information octet    |
| SSN  | Subsystem number            | SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   |
| TT   | Translation type            |          |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Provision the CGPA GTA address in the GTT database using the *ent-gtt* command.

## 1038 - SCCP rsp did not route -SSP not True PC

### Description

This message indicates the SCCP response did not route because the SSP (OPC or CGPA Point Code) is not the True Point Code.

### Example

```
station1234 00-10-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1038 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rsp did not route -SSP not True PC
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|      |                             |          |                              |
|------|-----------------------------|----------|------------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                     | CDPA     | Called party address         |
| CGPA | Calling party address       | GTI      | Global title indicator       |
| LSN  | Linkset name                | MSG TYPE | Message type                 |
| NAI  | Nature of address indicator | NI       | Network indicator value      |
| NP   | Numbering plan              | OPC      | Origination point code       |
| PC   | Point code                  | PCI      | Protocol control information |
| RI   | Routing indicator           | SIO      | Service information octet    |
| SSN  | Subsystem number            | SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   |
| TT   | Translation type            |          |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Change the message to use the True Point Code in the CGPA point code or OPC of the query.

## 1039 - SCCP rsp did not route - bad Selectors

### Description

This message indicates the SCCP response did not route because of invalid selectors (e.g., GTI, TT, NP, NAI) in the calling party of the query.

### Example

```
station1234 00-10-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1039 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rsp did not route - bad Selectors
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|      |                             |          |                              |
|------|-----------------------------|----------|------------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                     | CDPA     | Called party address         |
| CGPA | Calling party address       | GTI      | Global title indicator       |
| LSN  | Linkset name                | MSG TYPE | Message type                 |
| NAI  | Nature of address indicator | NI       | Network indicator value      |
| NP   | Numbering plan              | OPC      | Origination point code       |
| PC   | Point code                  | PCI      | Protocol control information |
| RI   | Routing indicator           | SIO      | Service information octet    |
| SSN  | Subsystem number            | SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   |
| TT   | Translation type            |          |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Provision the CGPA GTI, TT, NP, and NAI in the EGTT selector table using the commands *ent-gttset* (to assign global title selectors to a GTT set for EGTT) and *ent-gttset* (to specify the attributes for a new GTT set).

## 1040 - ITU <-> ANSI translation not supported

### Description

This message indicates an invalid translation PC type in attempting to cross the ANSI to ITU domain.

### Example

```
station1234 02-07-21 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0-46.12.0
0019.1040 CARD 1104,A INFO ITU <-> ANSI translation not supported
TRANSLATED PC=003-003-003 TRANSLATED SS=005
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=0 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=0 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=ABCD123
```

### Legend

|               |                            |      |                              |
|---------------|----------------------------|------|------------------------------|
| ADDR          | Address                    | CDPA | Called party address         |
| CGPA          | Calling party address      | GTI  | Global title indicator       |
| LSN           | Linkset name               | NAI  | Nature of address indicator  |
| NI            | Network indicator value    | NP   | Numbering plan               |
| PC            | Point code                 | PCI  | Protocol control information |
| RI            | Routing indicator          | SSN  | Subsystem number             |
| SSNI          | Subsystem number indicator | TT   | Translation type             |
| TRANSLATED PC | Translated point code      |      |                              |
| TRANSLATED SS | Translated subsystem       |      |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Change the translation PC type to not cross the domain (ANSI <-> ITU), by using the appropriate EPAP commands. Refer to the *EPAP Administration Manual*.

## 1041 - SCCP did not route -no SSN in msg or DB

### Description

This message indicates the SCCP message did not route because the SSN was not found in the message or translation data.

### Example

```
station1234 00-10-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0143.1041 CARD 1104,A SCCP did not route -no SSN in msg or DB
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|      |                             |          |                              |
|------|-----------------------------|----------|------------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                     | CDPA     | Called party address         |
| CGPA | Calling party address       | GTI      | Global title indicator       |
| LSN  | Linkset name                | MSG TYPE | Message type                 |
| NAI  | Nature of address indicator | NI       | Network indicator value      |
| NP   | Numbering plan              | OPC      | Origination point code       |
| PC   | Point code                  | PCI      | Protocol control information |
| RI   | Routing indicator           | SIO      | Service information octet    |
| SSN  | Subsystem number            | SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   |
| TT   | Translation type            |          |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Change the message to include the CDPA SSN in the message or provision the SSN in the translation table. You can change the translation table by using the appropriate GTT (`ent-gtt` or `ent-gta`) or the EPAP commands. Refer to the *Commands Manual* or the *EPAP Administration Manual*, respectively for details.

## 1042 - SCCP rcvd inv GT - bad Translation Type

### Description

SCCP received a message from the network requiring global title translation but the message was discarded because the system did not recognize the translation type.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:47 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0115.1042 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rcvd inv GT - bad Translation Type
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA LENGTH=000 MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=12345678901234567890
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |             |                             |
|------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC         | Origination point code      |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA Length | Called party address length |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN         | Subsystem number            |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR        | Address                     |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC          | Point code                  |
| LSN  | Linkset name              | MSG TYPE    | Message type                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. This indicates a SCCP message was received with an invalid global title. The translation type indicator was invalid in the Eagle 5 SAS. If this message should have been routed (verified by the output shown above), continue to Step 2.
2. Use the command *rtrv-tt*, and verify that the indicated translation type does not appear in the translation types table.
3. If there is no entry for the translation type indicated in the message, and there should be, use the *ent-tt* command to add the translation type to the Eagle 5 SAS translation type table. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* for more information about entering translation types.



## 1043 - SCCP did not route - bad translation

### Description

SCCP did not route a message because it could not translate the global title. The message was discarded.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:54 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0116.1043 CARD 1104,A INFO SCCP did not route - bad translation
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA LENGTH=000 MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=12345678901234567890
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |             |                             |
|------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC         | Origination point code      |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA Length | Called party address length |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN         | Subsystem number            |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR        | Address                     |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC          | Point code                  |
| LSN  | Linkset name              | MSG TYPE    | Message type                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This indicates that SCCP received a message with a global title translation it could not interpret. The message was discarded. No action is necessary.
-

## 1044 - SCCP did not route - DPC OOS

### Description

SCCP did not route a message because the destination point code (DPC) was out-of-service (OOS). The message was discarded. This output is generated for ANSI applications.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:03:01 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0117.1044 CARD 1104,A1 INFO SCCP did not route - DPC OOS
OPC=001-001-001
TRANSLATED PC=004-019-000 TRANSLATED SS=004
CDPA LENGHT=006 MSG TYPE=83
CDPA: AI=10 PC=004-004-004 SSN=006 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                      |     |                        |
|----------|----------------------|-----|------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address              | AI  | Address indicator      |
| CDPA     | Called party address | LSN | Linkset name           |
| MSG TYPE | Message type         | OPC | Origination point code |
| PC       | Point code           | SS  | Subsystem              |
| SSN      | Subsystem number     | TT  | Translation type       |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Check the route and linksets by entering the *rept-stat-dstn* and *rept-stat-ls* commands.

2. Verify the link status using the *rept-stat-slk* command. For example, enter:

```
rept-stat-slk:loc=:port=b
```

Following is an example of the output:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-09-27 17:00:36 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SLK LSN CLLI PST SST AST
1203,B nsp1 ls02clli OOS-MT Unavail ----
 ALARM STATUS = No alarm
 UNAVAIL REASON = FL NA LI RI
Command Completed.

```

3. Check the UNAVAIL REASON field in the output of the *rept-stat-slkl* command. Following is an explanation of the UNAVAIL REASON codes:
  - FL – The signaling link has a fault.
  - NA – The signaling link is not aligned.
  - LI – The signaling link has been inhibited locally
  - RI – The signaling link has been inhibited remotely.
  - LB – The signaling link has been blocked locally.
  - RB – The signaling link has been blocked remotely.
  - FC – The signaling link is unavailable because of false congestion.
  - RD(xx.xxx) – The signaling link is unavailable because of a restart delay to prevent signaling link oscillation. The number in parentheses indicates the amount of time, in seconds, remaining in the restart delay period. The link is restarted automatically after this amount of time has elapsed.

---
4. If the UNAVAIL REASON indicates an alignment problem or fault, activate a loopback using the *act-lpb* command, or use a physical loopback. (For a V.35, you must use an appropriate physical V.35 loopback.) If the signaling link aligns, contact the far-end to correct the problem.

---
5. If the UNAVAIL REASON still indicates an alignment problem or fault, check the status of the card by entering the *rept-stat-card* command for the specified card.

---
6. If the *rept-stat-card* command indicates a problem with the card, reset the card by entering the *init-card* command with the specified card location. If the card still does not align, try first reseating the card, then replacing the card (using the card replacement procedures in **Appendix A, Card Removal/Replacement Procedures**).

---
7. If the UNAVAIL REASON indicates a locally inhibited link, enter the *unhb-slkl* command with the specified card location.

---
8. If the UNAVAIL REASON indicates a locally blocked link, enter the *ublk-slkl* command with the specified card location.

---
9. Otherwise, this indicates a failure at the distant node. Routing to this node has been halted as a result of network management. Maintenance personnel should be aware of the OOS condition, but no action is necessary. Monitor the links to the DPC and verify the DPC status changes to IS-NR (In-Service - Normal).

---

## 1045 - SCCP did not route - DPC congested

### Description

SCCP did not route a message because the destination point code (DPC) was congested. The message was discarded. This output is generated for ANSI applications.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:03:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0118.1045 CARD 1104,A1 INFO SCCP did not route - DPC congested
OPC=001-001-001
TRANSLATED PC=004-019-000 TRANSLATED SS=004
CDPA LENGHT=006 MSG TYPE=83
CDPA: AI=10 PC=004-004-004 SSN=006 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                      |     |                        |
|----------|----------------------|-----|------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address              | AI  | Address indicator      |
| CDPA     | Called party address | LSN | Linkset name           |
| MSG TYPE | Message type         | OPC | Origination point code |
| PC       | Point code           | SS  | Subsystem              |
| SSN      | Subsystem number     | TT  | Translation type       |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This alarm indicates an SCCP message was discarded due to congestion at a distant node. Maintenance personnel should monitor the network and verify the nodes congestion status changes to zero (no congestion).

**NOTE: A transfer controlled (TFC) SCCP message should have been received on the link to indicate congestion to this node. When the congestion status changes, the congestion status indicator in the flow control messages indicates what message type priorities can be transmitted to the distant node. If the condition persists, follow normal company procedures in dealing with congestion at distant nodes.**

---

## 1046 - SCCP did not route - DPC not in MAP tbl

### Description

SCCP did not route a message because the destination point code was not in the mated application (MAP) table. The message was discarded. This output is generated for ANSI applications.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:03:13 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0119.1046 CARD 1104,A1 INFO SCCP did not route - DPC not in MAP tbl
OPC=001-001-001
TRANSLATED PC=004-019-000 TRANSLATED SS=004
CDPA LENGHT=006 MSG TYPE=83
CDPA: AI=10 PC=004-004-004 SSN=006 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                      |     |                        |
|----------|----------------------|-----|------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address              | AI  | Address indicator      |
| CDPA     | Called party address | LSN | Linkset name           |
| MSG TYPE | Message type         | OPC | Origination point code |
| PC       | Point code           | SS  | Subsystem              |
| SSN      | Subsystem number     | TT  | Translation type       |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. If the DPC indicated in the message should not be routed to, no further action is necessary.
2. If the DPC should be routed to from the Eagle 5 SAS, use the *ent-map* command to enter the DPC into the mated application (MAP) table.

## 1047 - SCCP did not route - SS OOS

### Description

SCCP did not route a message because the destination subsystem (SSN) was out-of-service (OOS). The message was discarded. This output is generated for ANSI applications.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:03:21 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0120.1047 CARD 1104,A1 INFO SCCP did not route - SS OOS
OPC=001-001-001
TRANSLATED PC=004-019-000 TRANSLATED SS=004
CDPA LENGHT=006 MSG TYPE=83
CDPA: AI=10 PC=004-004-004 SSN=006 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                      |     |                        |
|----------|----------------------|-----|------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address              | AI  | Address indicator      |
| CDPA     | Called party address | LSN | Linkset name           |
| MSG TYPE | Message type         | OPC | Origination point code |
| PC       | Point code           | SS  | Subsystem              |
| SSN      | Subsystem number     | TT  | Translation type       |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This indicates that an SCCP was discarded because the DPC SSN that it was addressed to is out-of-service (OOS). Contact the distant end node that this message refers to and verify that action is being taken to bring the SCCP back into service.
-

## 1048 - SCCP did not route - SS congested

### Description

SCCP did not route a message because the subsystem was congested. The message was discarded. This output is generated for ANSI applications.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:03:27 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0121.1048 CARD 1104,A1 INFO SCCP did not route - SS congested
OPC=001-001-001
TRANSLATED PC=004-019-000 TRANSLATED SS=004
CDPA LENGHT=006 MSG TYPE=83
CDPA: AI=10 PC=004-004-004 SSN=006 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                      |     |                        |
|----------|----------------------|-----|------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address              | AI  | Address indicator      |
| CDPA     | Called party address | LSN | Linkset name           |
| MSG TYPE | Message type         | OPC | Origination point code |
| PC       | Point code           | SS  | Subsystem              |
| SSN      | Subsystem number     | TT  | Translation type       |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates an SCCP message was discarded due to congestion at a subsystem. Maintenance personnel should monitor the network and verify that the subsystem's congestion status changes to zero (no congestion).
-

## 1049 - SCCP did not route - SS not in MAP tbl

### Description

SCCP did not route a message because the destination subsystem was not in the Mated Application (MAP) table. The message was discarded. This output is generated for ANSI applications.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:04:01 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0124.1049 CARD 1104,A1 INFO SCCP did not route - SS not in MAP tbl
OPC=001-001-00
TRANSLATED PC=004-019-000 TRANSLATED SS=00
CDPA LENGHT=006 MSG TYPE=83
CDPA: AI=10 PC=004-004-004 SSN=006 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                      |     |                        |
|----------|----------------------|-----|------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address              | AI  | Address indicator      |
| CDPA     | Called party address | LSN | Linkset name           |
| MSG TYPE | Message type         | OPC | Origination point code |
| PC       | Point code           | SS  | Subsystem              |
| SSN      | Subsystem number     | TT  | Translation type       |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. If the subsystem indicated in the message is not a mated application to the Eagle 5 SAS, no further action is necessary.
2. If the SCCP message should have been routed, use the *ent-map* command to add the subsystem number to the mated application (MAP) table.



## 1050 - SCCP-CNV: Unable to convert ANSI CDPA GT

### Description

This message indicates that a SCCP MSU contained an undefined CDPA PC. The GTCNVDFLT STP Option is not enabled.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0112.1050 CARD 1103,A1 INFO SCCP-CNV: Unable to convert ANSI CDPA GT
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

## Procedure

---

1. Perform one of the following actions:
    - Enable the GTCNVDFLT STP Option, which would cause a default GT conversion to occur. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* for details.  
  
OR
    - Add the proper ANSI to ITU entry (matching TT) into the Default GT Conversion Table. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* for details.  
  
OR
    - Add a wildcard ANSI to ITU entry into the Default GT Conversion Table. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* for details.
-

## 1051 - SCCP-CNV: Unable to convert ANSI CGPA GT

### Description

This message indicates that a SCCP MSU contained an undefined CGPA PC. The GTCNVDFLT STP Option is not enabled.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0112.1051 CARD 1103,A1 INFO SCCP-CNV: Unable to convert ANSI CGPA GT
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

## Procedure

---

1. Perform one of the following actions:
    - Enable the GTCNVDFLT STP Option, which would cause a default GT conversion to occur. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* for details.  
  
OR
    - Add the proper ANSI to ITU entry (matching TT) into the Default GT Conversion Table. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* for details.  
  
OR
    - Add a wildcard ANSI to ITU entry into the Default GT Conversion Table. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* for details.
-

## 1052 - SCCP-CNV: Unable to convert ITU CDPA GT

### Description

This message indicates that a SCCP MSU contained an undefined CDPA PC. The GTCNVDFLT STP Option is not enabled.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0112.1052 CARD 1103,A1 INFO SCCP-CNV: Unable to convert ITU CDPA GT
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

## Procedure

---

1. Perform one of the following actions:

- Enable the GTCNVDFLT STP Option, which would cause a default GT conversion to occur. Refer to the *DDatabase Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* for details.

OR

- Add the proper ANSI to ITU entry (matching NP/NAI/TT) into the Default GT Conversion Table. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* for details.

OR

- Add a wildcard ITU to ANSI entry into the Default GT Conversion Table. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* for details.
-

## 1053 - SCCP-CNV: Unable to convert ITU CGPA GT

### Description

This message indicates that a SCCP MSU contained an undefined CGPA PC. The GTCNVDFLT STP Option is not enabled.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0112.1053 CARD 1103,A1 INFO SCCP-CNV: Unable to convert ITU CGPA GT
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

## Procedure

---

1. Perform one of the following actions:
    - Enable the GTCNVDFLT STP Option, which would cause a default GT conversion to occur. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* for details.  
  
OR
    - Add the proper ANSI to ITU entry (matching NP/NAI/TT) into the Default GT Conversion Table. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* for details.  
  
OR
    - Add a wildcard ITU to ANSI entry into the Default GT Conversion Table. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* for details.
-



## 1054 - SCCP rcvd inv LSS - bad SSN

### Description

SCCP received a message destined to a local subsystem that was discarded because of a bad subsystem number (SSN).

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:47 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0115.1054 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rcvd inv LSS - bad SSN
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA LENGTH=000 MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=12345678901234567890
LSN=A1234567
```

**NOTE: Two outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in both variations.**

### Legend

|      |                             |             |                              |
|------|-----------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                     | CDPA        | Called party address         |
| CGPA | Calling party address       | GTI         | Global title indicator       |
| DPC  | Destination point code      | CDPA Length | Called party address length  |
| AI   | Address Indicator           | SSN         | Subsystem number             |
| LSN  | Linkset name                | MSG TYPE    | Message type                 |
| NAI  | Nature of address indicator | NI          | Network indicator value      |
| NP   | Numbering plan              | OPC         | Origination point code       |
| PC   | Point code                  | PCI         | Protocol control information |
| RI   | Routing indicator           | SIO         | Service information octet    |
| TT   | Translation type            | SSNI        | Subsystem number indicator   |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. The Eagle 5 SAS supports only one subsystem. All other local subsystem numbers are invalid. No further action is necessary.
-

## 1055 - SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - bad AFTPC

### Description

SCCP received an SCCP management message (SCMG) that was discarded because of a bad affected point code (AFTPC). The point code does not appear in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:04:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0124.1055 CARD 1106 INFO SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - bad AFTPC
 SIO=0a OPC=004-031-000 DPC=000-071-000
 SCMG: MSG TYPE=000 MSG LEN=003
 AFTPC=004-219-000 AFTSS=000 MULT=000
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                                                           |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| AFTPC    | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS    | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| DPC      | Destination point code                                    |
| LSN      | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT     | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC      | Origination point code                                    |
| SCMG     | SCCP management message                                   |
| MSG LEN  | Message length                                            |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                                              |
| SIO      | Service information octet                                 |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. Verify the point code in the message, and verify whether the point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
- 
2. If the point code is not required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables, no further action is necessary.
-

3. If the point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing table, use the *ent-dstn* command to add the point code to the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - SS7* for more information about the procedure used to enter point codes to the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
-

## 1056 - SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - bad subsystem

### Description

SCCP received an SCCP management message (SCMG) that was discarded because of an invalid subsystem.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:04:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0124.1056 CARD 1106 INFO SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - bad subsystem
 SIO=0a OPC=004-031-000 DPC=000-071-000
 SCMG: MSG TYPE=000 MSG LEN=003
 AFTPC=004-219-000 AFTSS=000 MULT=000
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                                                           |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| AFTPC    | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS    | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| DPC      | Destination point code                                    |
| LSN      | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT     | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC      | Origination point code                                    |
| SCMG     | SCCP management message                                   |
| MSG LEN  | Message length                                            |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                                              |
| SIO      | Service information octet                                 |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. Verify the point code in the message, and verify the subsystem number as a valid SSN for the network.
- 
2. Add the subsystem number to the Eagle 5 SAS map tables using the *ent-map* command.
-

## 1057 - SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - bad length

### Description

SCCP received an SCCP management message (SCMG) that was discarded because of an invalid length indicator.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:04:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0124.1057 CARD 1106 INFO SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - bad length
 SIO=0a OPC=004-031-000 DPC=000-071-000
 SCMG: MSG TYPE=000 MSG LEN=003
 AFTPC=004-219-000 AFTSS=000 MULT=000
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                                                           |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| AFTPC    | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS    | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| DPC      | Destination point code                                    |
| LSN      | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT     | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC      | Origination point code                                    |
| SCMG     | SCCP management message                                   |
| MSG LEN  | Message length                                            |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                                              |
| SIO      | Service information octet                                 |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates an SCCP message was discarded due to an invalid length indicator. No further action is necessary.
-

## 1058 - SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - bad msg type

### Description

SCCP received an SCCP management message (SCMG) that was discarded because of an invalid message type.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:05:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0128.1058 CARD 1106 INFO SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - bad msg type
 SIO=0a OPC=004-034-000 DPC=000-000-000
 SCMG: MSG TYPE=000 MSG LEN=003
 AFTPC=004-219-000 AFTSS=000 MULT=000
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                                                           |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| AFTPC    | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS    | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| DPC      | Destination point code                                    |
| LSN      | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT     | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC      | Origination point code                                    |
| SCMG     | SCCP management message                                   |
| MSG LEN  | Message length                                            |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                                              |
| SIO      | Service information octet                                 |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This indicates an SCCP message was discarded due to an invalid message type. No further action is necessary.
-

## 1059 - Telnet terminal connection disconnected

### Description

Indicates that an established telnet connection on the EAGLE 5 SAS has disconnected.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0102.1059 CARD 1105,B INFO Telnet terminal connection disconnected
RIPADDR=192.168.57.52
RIPORT=2336
LIPADDR=192.168.53.46
LIPORT=23
```

### Legend

|         |                        |
|---------|------------------------|
| LIPADDR | Local IP Address       |
| LIPORT  | Local TCP Port Number  |
| RIPADDR | Remote IP Address      |
| RIPORT  | Remote TCP Port Number |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1060 - Map Screening cannot generate ATIER

### Description

This message is generated because the MSU passed the SCCP conversion before the MAP screening and is of a different domain than the OPC of the inbound MSU. Therefore, the MSU is discarded and the Any Time Interrogation error (ATIER) is not generated.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-11-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1060 CARD 1103 INFO Map Screening cannot generate ATIER
 OPC=001-001-003 DPC= 2-012-1
 CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=0 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
 CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=0 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
 Op-Code=61 Forbidden Param=N/A Action=Discard

```

### Legend

|      |                             |         |                              |
|------|-----------------------------|---------|------------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                     | CDPA    | Called party address         |
| CGPA | Calling party address       | GTI     | Global title indicator       |
| NAI  | Nature of address indicator | NI      | Network indicator value      |
| NP   | Numbering plan              | OPC     | Origination point code       |
| PC   | Point code                  | PCI     | Protocol control information |
| RI   | Routing indicator           | Op-Code | Operation Code               |
| SSN  | Subsystem number            | SSNI    | Subsystem number indicator   |
| TT   | Translation type            | Param   | Parameter                    |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. The MSU indicated in the message was discarded. No further action is necessary.



## 1061 - Meas sync not allowed from old version

### Description

This UIM is generated when the secondary MCP receives measurements data from a primary MCP that is running an older version of the software. This message indicates that measurements data was discarded by the secondary MCP due to the version mismatch. This problem occurs during a system upgrade to a new release.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0140.1061 CARD 1201 INFO Meas sync not allowed from old version
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This UIM should only occur during an upgrade. Complete the upgrade per approved procedure.
-

## 1062 - String Data Dump

### Description

A screen set was created with too many rows.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:05:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0128.1062 CARD 1101 INFO String Data Dump
LSN=A1234567
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates that the screen set is too large to be loaded. Remove some of the entries (one entry at a time).

---
2. If the screen set is still too large, use the *rtrv-scrset* command to see if there are any unnecessary entries already in the screen set that can be deleted.

---
3. Retry adding to the screen set with the *chg-scrset* command. If the message appears again, your screen set is too large. Try a different screen set or change the existing screen set.

---

## 1063 - SCCP screen set is too large

### Description

The screen set is too large to fit on a LIM or SCCP card and has failed loading.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:05:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0128.1063 CARD 1105 INFO SCCP screen set is too large
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates that the screen set is too large to be loaded to a LIM or SCCP. Remove some of the entries (one entry at a time).

---
2. If the screen set is still too large, use the *rtv-scrset* command to see if there are any unnecessary entries already in the screen set that can be deleted.

---
3. Retry adding to the screen set with the *chg-scrset* command. If the message appears again, your screen set is too large. Try a different screen set or change the existing screen set.

---

## 1064 - GWS rcvd TFP, AFTPC not in routing tbl

### Description

The Eagle 5 SAS has received a transfer controlled (TCP) for an affected point code (AFTPC) which does not appear in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables. The message was discarded by Gateway Screening (GWS).

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:05:52 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0129.1064 CARD 1105,A INFO GWS rcvd TFP, AFTPC not in routing tbl
 SIO=b0 OPC=004-040-000 DPC=000-001-000
 H0H1=41 AFTPC=099-099-003
 SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|       |                                         |
|-------|-----------------------------------------|
| AFTPC | Affected point code (for SCCP messages) |
| DPC   | Destination point code                  |
| H0H1  | H0/H1 heading code                      |
| LSN   | Linkset name                            |
| OPC   | Origination point code                  |
| SIO   | Service information octet               |
| SR    | Screening reference name                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. Verify the affected point code in the message, and verify whether the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
- 
2. If the affected point code is not required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables, no further action is necessary.
- 
3. If the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing table, use the *ent-dstn* command to add the affected point code to the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
-

## 1065 - GWS rcvd TFR, AFTPC not in routing tbl

### Description

The Eagle 5 SAS has received a transfer restricted (TFR) for an affected point code (AFTPC) which does not appear in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables. The message was discarded by gateway screening (GWS).

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:05:57 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0130.1065 CARD 1201,A INFO GWS rcvd TFR, AFTPC not in routing tbl
SIO=b0 OPC=004-041-000 DPC=001-000-000
H0H1=43 AFTPC=099-099-003
SR=scrib LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|       |                                         |
|-------|-----------------------------------------|
| AFTPC | Affected point code (for SCCP messages) |
| DPC   | Destination point code                  |
| H0H1  | H0/H1 heading code                      |
| LSN   | Linkset name                            |
| OPC   | Origination point code                  |
| SIO   | Service information octet               |
| SR    | Screening reference name                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. Verify the affected point code in the message, and verify whether the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
- 
2. If the affected point code is not required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables, no further action is necessary.
- 
3. If the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing table, use the *ent-dstn* command to add the affected point code to the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
-

## 1066 - GWS rcvd TFA, AFTPC not in routing tbl

### Description

The Eagle 5 SAS has received a transfer allowed (TFA) for an affected point code (AFTPC) that does not appear in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables. The message was discarded by the gateway screening (GWS) feature.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:06:35 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0131.1066 CARD 1201,A INFO GWS rcvd TFA, AFTPC not in routing tbl
SIO=b0 OPC=004-042-000 DPC=002-000-000
H0H1=45 AFTPC=099-099-003
SR=scrbl LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|       |                                         |
|-------|-----------------------------------------|
| AFTPC | Affected point code (for SCCP messages) |
| DPC   | Destination point code                  |
| H0H1  | H0/H1 heading code                      |
| LSN   | Linkset name                            |
| OPC   | Origination point code                  |
| SIO   | Service information octet               |
| SR    | Screening reference name                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. Verify the affected point code in the message, and verify whether the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
- 
2. If the affected point code is not required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables, no further action is necessary.
- 
3. If the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing table, use the *ent-dstn* command to add the affected point code to the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
-

## 1067 - GWS rcvd UPU, AFTPC not in routing tbl

### Description

The Eagle 5 SAS has received a user part unavailable (UPU) for an affected point code (AFTPC) which does not appear in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables. The message was discarded by gateway screening (GWS).

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:06:42 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0132.1067 CARD 1201,A INFO GWS rcvd UPU, AFTPC not in routing tbl
SIO=90 OPC=004-043-000 DPC=002-000-000
H0H1=A1 AFTPC=099-099-003
SR=scrbl LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|       |                                         |
|-------|-----------------------------------------|
| AFTPC | Affected point code (for SCCP messages) |
| DPC   | Destination point code                  |
| H0H1  | H0/H1 heading code                      |
| LSN   | Linkset name                            |
| OPC   | Origination point code                  |
| SIO   | Service information octet               |
| SR    | Screening reference name                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. Verify the affected point code in the message, and verify whether the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
- 
2. If the affected point code is not required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables, no further action is necessary.
- 
3. If the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing table, use the *ent-dstn* command to add the affected point code to the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
-

## 1068 - GWS rcvd RSP, AFTPC not in routing tbl

### Description

The Eagle 5 SAS has received a signaling route set test prohibited message (RSP) for an affected point code (AFTPC) which does not appear in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables. The message was discarded by gateway screening (GWS).

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:06:48 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0133.1068 CARD 1201,A INFO GWS rcvd RSP, AFTPC not in routing tbl
 SIO=b0 OPC=004-044-000 DPC=008-010-000
 HOH1=51 AFTPC=099-099-003
 SR=scrB LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|       |                                         |
|-------|-----------------------------------------|
| AFTPC | Affected point code (for SCCP messages) |
| DPC   | Destination point code                  |
| HOH1  | H0/H1 heading code                      |
| LSN   | Linkset name                            |
| OPC   | Origination point code                  |
| SIO   | Service information octet               |
| SR    | Screening reference name                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. Verify the affected point code in the message, and verify whether the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
- 
2. If the affected point code is not required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables, no further action is necessary.
- 
3. If the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing table, use the *ent-dstn* command to add the affected point code to the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
-



## 1069 - GWS rcvd RSR, AFTPC not in routing table

### Description

The Eagle 5 SAS has received a signaling route test set restricted (RSR) for an affected point code (AFTPC) which does not appear in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables. The message was discarded by gateway screening (GWS).

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:07:27 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0134.1069 CARD 1201,A INFO GWS rcvd RSR with AFTPC not in routing tbl
SIO=b0 OPC=004-045-004 DPC=002-072-002
H0H1=52 AFTPC=099-099-003
SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|       |                                         |
|-------|-----------------------------------------|
| AFTPC | Affected point code (for SCCP messages) |
| DPC   | Destination point code                  |
| H0H1  | H0/H1 heading code                      |
| LSN   | Linkset name                            |
| OPC   | Origination point code                  |
| SIO   | Service information octet               |
| SR    | Screening reference name                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. Verify the affected point code in the message, and verify whether the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
- 
2. If the affected point code is not required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables, no further action is necessary.
- 
3. If the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing table, use the *ent-dstn* command to add the affected point code to the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
-

## 1070 - SLTC failure: invalid Point Code (OPC)

### Description

The signaling link test control has reported an invalid point code in the signaling link test message (SLTM) received from the far end. The point code for the adjacent signaling point does not match the point code in the adjacent point code field in the linkset table.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:08:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0135.1070 CARD 1201,A INFO SLTC failure: invalid Point Code (OPC)
SIO=0a OPC=003-236-000 DPC=000-071-000
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|     |                           |
|-----|---------------------------|
| DPC | Destination point code    |
| LSN | Linkset name              |
| OPC | Origination point code    |
| SIO | Service information octet |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Enter the following command to display the linkset names and the adjacent point codes:

```
rtrv-ls
```

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-10 11:43:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0

LSN APCA (SS7) SCRN L3T SLT GWS GWS GWS
lsa1 240-020-000 none 1 1 no A 1 off off off no off
lsa2 240-030-000 none 1 1 no A 3 on on on yes off

Link set table is (114 of 255) 45 % FULL
```

2. The adjacent point code should match the adjacent point code in the message (004-046-000, for example). If it does not match, the link is not physically connected to the adjacent node. Determine the correct linkset name and adjacent point code. Use the *ent-ls* command to enter the correct information in the linkset table.

## 1071 - SLTC failure: invalid SLC

### Description

The signaling link test control has reported an invalid signaling link code (SLC) in the signaling link test message (SLTM) received from the far end.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:08:13 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0136.1071 CARD 1201,A INFO SLTC failure: invalid SLC
 ADJ PC=004-046-000 SLC=02 LEN=0f
 DATA= 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 11 12 13 14 15
```

### Legend

|        |                                                      |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------|
| ADJ PC | Adjacent point code                                  |
| DATA   | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management |
| LEN    | Data length                                          |
| SLC    | Signaling link code                                  |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Contact the far-end to make sure both ends have provisioned the same SLC for the signaling link.
-

## 1072 - SLTC failure: no response

### Description

The signaling link test control has reported “No Response” received for a signaling link test message (SLTM) sent to the far end.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:08:21 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0137.1072 CARD 1201,A INFO SLTC failure:no response
 ADJ PC=004-046-000 SLC=02 LEN=0f
 DATA= 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 11 12 13 14 15

```

### Legend

|        |                                                      |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------|
| ADJ PC | Adjacent point code                                  |
| DATA   | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management |
| LEN    | Data length                                          |
| SLC    | Signaling link code                                  |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Contact the far-end to find out why there is no response to the SLTM.
-

## 1073 - SLTC failure: bad data pattern

### Description

The signaling link test control has detected an invalid data pattern in the signaling link test message (SLTM) received from the far end.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:08:28 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0138.1073 CARD 1201,A INFO SLTC failure:bad data pattern
 ADJ PC=004-046-000 SLC=02 LEN=0f
 DATA= 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 11 12 13 14 15
```

### Legend

|        |                                                      |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------|
| ADJ PC | Adjacent point code                                  |
| DATA   | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management |
| LEN    | Data length                                          |
| SLC    | Signaling link code                                  |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Contact the far-end and use your company procedures to test the facilities for the signaling link.
-

## 1074 - SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - invalid SOR

### Description

SCCP received an SCCP management message (SCMG) that was discarded because of an invalid subsystem out of service request (SOR).

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:04:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0124.1074 CARD 1106 INFO SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - invalid SOR
SIO=0a OPC=004-031-000 DPC=000-071-000
SCMG: MSG TYPE=000 MSG LEN=003
AFTPC=004-219-000 AFTSS=000 MULT=000
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                                                           |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| AFTPC    | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS    | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| DPC      | Destination point code                                    |
| LSN      | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT     | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC      | Origination point code                                    |
| SCMG     | SCCP management message                                   |
| MSG LEN  | Message length                                            |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                                              |
| SIO      | Service information octet                                 |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Verify the point code in the message, and verify the subsystem number as a valid SSN for the network.
- 
2. Add the subsystem number to the Eagle 5 SAS map tables using the *ent-map* command.
-

## 1075 - MTP: link bypassed SLT phase

### Description

The link has aligned and may be brought into service without a successful signaling link test (SLT).

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0140.1075 CARD 1201,A INFO MTP: link bypassed SLT phase
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Enter the *rtrv-sl*k command with the card location and port shown in this message (for example, card location 1201, port A). Following is an example of the output:

```
tekelecstp 00-02-19 21:17:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
rtrv-sl:loc = 1202:port = a
Command entered at terminal #3.

tekelecstp 94-02-19 21:17:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
```

| LOC  | PORT | LSN  | SLC | TYPE   | SET | BPS   | L2T | MODE | TSET | ECM | N1  | N2   | PCR | PCR |
|------|------|------|-----|--------|-----|-------|-----|------|------|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|
| 1201 | A    | lsa1 | 0   | LIMV35 | 2   | 64000 | DTE | ---  | ---  | PCR | --- | 3800 |     |     |

2. Use the *rtrv-ls* command using the linkset name (lsn) displayed in the output of Step 1. Following is an example of the output:

```
> rtrv-ls:lsn = lsa1
tekelecstp 00-06-10 11:43:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
```

| LSN  | APCA (SS7)  | SCR  | L3T | SLT | SET | BEI | LST | LNKS | GWSA | GWSM | GWSD | DOMAIN |
|------|-------------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|--------|
| lsa1 | 240-020-000 | scr1 | 1   | 1   | yes | A   | 4   | off  | off  | off  | SS7  |        |

```
TFATCABMLQ
2
```

| LOC  | PORT | SLC | TYPE   | SET | BPS   | L2T | MODE | TSET | ECM   | N1  | N2    | PCR | PCR |
|------|------|-----|--------|-----|-------|-----|------|------|-------|-----|-------|-----|-----|
| 1201 | a    | 3   | LIMV35 | 2   | 64000 | DTE | ---  | ---  | BASIC | --- | ----- |     |     |
| 1205 | b    | 0   | LIMDS0 | 1   | 56000 | --- | ---  | ---  | BASIC | --- | ----- |     |     |
|      | b    | 1   | LIMOCU | 1   | 56000 | --- | ---  | ---  | BASIC | --- | ----- |     |     |
| 1211 | a    | 2   | LIMDS0 | 1   | 56000 | --- | ---  | ---  | BASIC | --- | ----- |     |     |

Link set table is (114 of 255) 45% full.

3. Enter the *rtrv-slt* command with the *sltset* parameter and the value shown in the SLTSET column from the output of Step 2 to determine whether the signaling link test message is on or off.

---
4. If the signaling link test message is off, enter the *chg-slt* command with the *sltset* parameter and the value used in Step 3, and the *enabled=on* parameter.

---
5. If the signaling link test message is on, enter the *rept-stat-card* command to verify the status of the card that contains the specified signaling link. The status of the card should be IS-NR (In-Service - Normal). If the card is out of service, put it back into service by entering the *rst-card* command.

---
6. If the fault is not cleared, enter the *rept-stat-slk* command to verify the status of the signaling link. The status of the signaling should be IS-NR (In-Service - Normal). If the signaling link is out of service, enter the *act-slk* command to put the signaling link back into service.

---
7. If the fault is not cleared, enter the *tst-slk* command specifying the signaling link that generated this message.

---
8. If the fault is not cleared, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---



## 1076 - SLTC failure: invalid Point Code (DPC)

### Description

The signaling link test control (SLTC) has detected an invalid data pattern in the signaling link test message (SLTM) received from the adjacent point code.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:09:22 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0141.1076 CARD 1201,A INFO SLTC failure:invalid Point Code (DPC)
ADJ PC=004-046-000 SLC=02 LEN=0f
DATA= 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 11 12 13 14 15
```

### Legend

|        |                                                      |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------|
| ADJ PC | Adjacent point code                                  |
| DATA   | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management |
| LEN    | Data length                                          |
| SLC    | Signaling link code                                  |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Contact the far-end and use local procedures to test the facilities for the signaling link.
-

## 1077 - SLTC failure: failed link

### Description

The signaling link test control failed because the link that requires testing has failed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:10:01 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0142.1077 CARD 1201,A INFO SLTC failure:failed link
ADJ PC=004-046-000 SLC=02 LEN=0f
DATA= 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 11 12 13 14 15
```

### Legend

|        |                                                      |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------|
| ADJ PC | Adjacent point code                                  |
| DATA   | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management |
| LEN    | Data length                                          |
| SLC    | Signaling link code                                  |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. The link failed before testing could complete. Check for other messages relating to the link failure.
- 

2. If the fault is not cleared, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 1078 - SLTC success: manual test passed

### Description

This message is the result of the successful completion of the *tst-slk* command.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:10:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0143.1078 CARD 1201,A INFO SLTC success:manual test passed
 ADJ PC=004-046-000 SLC=02 LEN=0f
 DATA= 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 11 12 13 14 15
```

### Legend

|        |                                                      |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------|
| ADJ PC | Adjacent point code                                  |
| DATA   | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management |
| LEN    | Data length                                          |
| SLC    | Signaling link code                                  |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This message indicates successful completion of a signaling link test message. No further action is necessary.
-

## 1079 - SLTC aborted: unable to perform test

### Description

The *tst-slk* command was entered and the specified signaling link was not in the IS-NR (In-Service - Normal) state. For the *tst-slk* command to be used, the specified signaling link must be in the IS-NR state.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:10:16 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0144.1079 CARD 1201,A INFO SLTC aborted:unable to perform test
 ADJ PC=004-046-000 SLC=02 LEN=0f
 DATA= 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 11 12 13 14 15
```

### Legend

|        |                                                      |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------|
| ADJ PC | Adjacent point code                                  |
| DATA   | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management |
| LEN    | Data length                                          |
| SLC    | Signaling link code                                  |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the *rept-stat-slk* command to verify the status of the signaling links.

---
2. Re-enter the *tst-slk* command specifying a signaling link that is in the IS-NR state.

---

## 1080 - disk measurement status unreadable

### Description

The active MASP could not determine the measurement collection status so that the measurements task could perform routine polling and measurement collection. If the measurement collection status cannot be determined, the routine polling and measurement collection tasks cannot be performed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:10:54 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0145.1080 CARD 1116 INFO disk measurement status unreadable
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Enter the *rept-meas* command. If the *rept-meas* command fails, a system problem is the likely cause. If any messages are generated with the *rept-meas* command failure, take the appropriate action for that message. If no messages are generated, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

2. If the *rept-meas* command is rejected with a system busy message, the disk is reserved by another command (for example, *copy-disk*). Check to see if another command is running (*copy-disk* or a *chg-db* command).
3. If the fault is not cleared, enter the *rept-stat-db* command to determine whether the active database is incoherent.

The following is an example of the output from an incoherent database.

```
oflnmoxallw 00-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
rept-stat-db
Command entered at terminal #4.
;

oflnmoxallw 00-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
DATABASE STATUS: >> NOT OK <<
 TDM 1114 (STDBY) TDM 1116 (ACTV)
 C LEVEL TIME LAST BACKUP C LEVEL TIME LAST BACKUP
 - - - - -
FD BKUP Y 342256 00-10-07 00:40:29 CDT Y 342256 00-10-07 00:40:29 CDT
FD CRNT N 342374 INCOHERENT Y 342375
MDAL 1117
 - - - - -
```

4. Enter the appropriate *chg-db* command to restore the coherency of the active database. See the *Database Administration* manual for information about restoring the database.
- 

5. If the fault is not cleared, the measurement control table may have been corrupted. Call Tekelec Technical Services at at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 1081 - MTP: Changeback T5 timeout

### Description

When a link changes back, the Eagle 5 SAS sends up to six changeback declaration messages and starts the T4 timer. The Eagle 5 SAS waits for a changeback acknowledgment message for each of these declarations. If the T4 timer expires before the Eagle 5 SAS receives an acknowledgment message, the Eagle 5 SAS sends the changeback declaration message again and starts the T5 timer. If the T5 timer expires before the Eagle 5 SAS receives an acknowledgment message, this message is generated and the Eagle 5 SAS restarts traffic on the link.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:11:03 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0146.1081 CARD 1105, A INFO MTP: Changeback T5 timeout
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. The system restarts traffic and no further action is necessary.
-

## 1082 - Amem single bit error report

### Description

This message indicates that a GPSM-II or TSM card encountered a single bit dynamic ram error. This message gives the user a record of single bit errors for the last 24 hours.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1082 CARD 1101 INFO Amem single bit error report
 Any Errors : YES current hour-----v
 24 Hour History: NNNYNN NNNNNN NNNNYN NYNNNY

```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. There is no immediate action needed, but the message indicates that the error was encountered and corrected. If many errors are reported then the card may be beginning to fail and should be targeted for replacement in the future.
-



## 1083 - REPT COND: system alive

### Description

This message is a periodic system message indicating that the system is alive.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1083 SYSTEM INFO REPT COND: system alive
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action is necessary.
-

## 1084 - GWS MSU discarded by redirect function

### Description

This message indicates that an MSU has been discarded rather than redirected to the SCP as part of the Database Transport Access (DTA) feature.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLEeagle 34.0.0
0003.1084 CARD 1205,A INFO GWS MSU discarded by redirect function
SIO=01 OPC=003-237-002 DPC=006-006-000
SR=scrib
LSN=A1234567

```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

## Procedure

---

1. Check to see if the redirect function is disabled by entering the following:

*rtrv-gws-redirect*

---

2. If the enabled parameter is set to OFF as in the following output, the redirect function needs to be enabled.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-02-10 11:43:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
ENABLED DPC RI SSN TT GTA
off 001-030-001 GT 10 25 1800833
```

---

3. Enter the following command to enable the redirect function:

*chg-gws-redirect:enabled=on*

---

## 1085 - GWS MSU too large to be redirected

### Description

This message indicates that the system tried to encapsulate an MSU for redirection to an SCP (as part of the Database Transport Access feature).

The DTA feature encapsulates the entire data packet including level 2 MTP. Because the DTA feature requires approximately 24 octets, the original packet can contain a maximum of about 248 octets of “user data.” If the size of the data is larger, the MSU cannot be redirected and is routed to its original destination.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0003.1085 CARD 1205,A INFO GWS MSU too large to be redirected
SIO=01 OPC=003-237-002 DPC=006-006-000
SR=scrub
LSN=A1234567

```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. If MSUs are frequently discarded, there may be a problem on the origination end. To determine the number of MSUs that are discarded because the MSU is too large to be encapsulated, enter the following command:

```
rept-meas:type=systot:enttype=stp:period=last
```

---

2. Check the DTAMSULOST report in the output message. If the number of discarded MSUs is low, no further action is necessary. If large quantities are MSUs are lost, the originating node may need to be reconfigured.
-

## 1086 - LFS test terminated with OAM switchover

### Description

The link fault sectionalization (LFS) test terminated when the OAM switched over.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:11:03 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0146.1086 CARD 1115 INFO LFS test terminated with OAM switchover
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action is necessary.
-

## 1087 - MTP RSTRT rcvd unexpected user traffic

### Description

This message indicates the system encountered traffic during the MTP Restart process.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1087 CARD 1101 INFO MTP RSTRT rcvd unexpected user traffic
Report Date:00-03-30 Time: 16:27:19 :
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. There is no immediate action needed, but the message indicates that the error was encountered.
-

## 1088 - REPT-MTP-RSTRT MTP Restart started

### Description

This message indicates that a full MTP Restart has begun.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1088 CARD 1101 INFO REPT-MTP-RSTRT MTP Restart started
Report Date:00-03-30 Time: 16:27:19 :
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. There is no immediate action needed, but the message indicates that MTP Restart has begun.
-



## 1089 - RCVRY-MTP-RSTRT MTP Restart completed

### Description

This message indicates a full MTP Restart is complete.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1089 CARD 1101 INFO RCVRY-MTP-RSTRT MTP Restart completed
Report Date:00-03-30 Time: 16:27:19 :
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. There is no immediate action needed, but the message indicates that MTP Restart is complete.
-

## 1090 - ITU GWY:CPC conversion failure

### Description

This message indicates a protocol conversion failure. There are three possible reasons for the conversion failure.

- The point code was not in the database.
- The appropriate point code type was unavailable. There is no true point code or alias point code that matches the CPC.
- The database is corrupted. The master database and the card database must be synchronized.

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0010.1090 CARD 1205,B INFO ITU GWY: CPC conversion failure
SIO=0a OPC=3-236-1 DPC=1-014-2
CPC=3-095-6
LSN=A1234567890
```

### Legend

|     |                           |
|-----|---------------------------|
| CPC | Capability point code     |
| DPC | Destination point code    |
| LSN | Linkset name              |
| OPC | Origination point code    |
| SIO | Service information octet |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. Check the database to make sure the card database is synchronized with the master database. Enter the *rept-stat-db:display=except* command. If the databases are not synchronized, reload the card data by initializing the card. If the databases are synchronized, go to Step 2.
- 
2. Enter the *rtrv-dstn:dpc* command. If the *rtrv-dstn* command fails, the point code is undefined or the destination point code is an alias and not a true point code.
-

3. To verify that the point code is an alias, enter the *rtrv-dstn:alias* command. If the command succeeds, you must provision the database with the true point code using the *chg-dstn:dpc=xxx:alias=yyy* command.

---
4. If the point code is not an alias, you must define the point code using the *ent-dstn:dpci=xxx:aliasi=yyy* command.

---

## 1091 - ITU GWY:OPC conversion failure

### Description

This message indicates a protocol conversion failure. There are three possible reasons for the conversion failure.

- The point code is not in the database.
- The appropriate point code type was unavailable. There is no true point code or alias point code that matches the OPC.
- The database is corrupted.

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0010.1091 CARD 1205,B INFO ITU GWY: OPC conversion failure
SIO=0a OPC=3-236-1 DPC=1-014-2
LSN=A1234567890
```

### Legend

|     |                           |
|-----|---------------------------|
| DPC | Destination point code    |
| LSN | Linkset name              |
| OPC | Origination point code    |
| SIO | Service information octet |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. Check the database to make sure the card database is synchronized with the master database. Enter the *rept-stat-db:display=except* command. If the databases are not synchronized, reload the card data by initializing the card. If the databases are synchronized, go to Step 2.
- 
2. Enter the *rtrv-dstn:dpc* command. If the *rtrv-dstn* command fails, the point code is undefined or the destination point code is an alias and not a true point code.
-

3. To verify that the point code is an alias, enter the *rtrv-dstn:alias* command. If the command succeeds, you must provision the database with the true point code using the *chg-dstn:dpc=xxx:alias=yyy* command.

---
4. If the point code is not an alias, you must define the point code using the *ent-dstn:dpci=xxx:aliasi=yyy* command.

---

## 1092 - ITU GWY:HOH1 conversion failure

### Description

This message occurs when there is an ANSI message with no ITU equivalent. The ANSI messages with no ITU equivalent are as follows:

| Message                                                             | H0/H1 Code (Hex) |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Transfer Restricted (TFR) when generated by an ITU National network | 43               |
| Transfer-Cluster Restricted (TCR)                                   | 44               |
| Transfer-Cluster Allowed (TCA)                                      | 46               |
| Transfer-Cluster Prohibit Signal (TCP)                              | 42               |
| Signaling-Route-Set-Test-Cluster-Prohibit (RCP)                     | 53               |
| Signaling-Route-Set-Test Cluster-Restrict (RCR)                     | 54               |
| Traffic-Restart-Waiting (TRW)                                       | 72               |

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0010.1092 CARD 1205,B INFO ITU GWY: HOH1 conversion failure
SIO=08 OPC=003-235-001 DPC=006-006-000
HOH1=42
LSN=A1234567890
```

### Legend

|      |                           |
|------|---------------------------|
| DPC  | Destination point code    |
| HOH1 | H0/H1 heading code        |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |
| OPC  | Origination point code    |
| SIO  | Service information octet |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. There is no immediate action needed, but the message indicates that the error was encountered.
-

## 1093 - ITU GWY:rcvd msg type cannot convert

### Description

This message indicates the STP received a message type that has no equivalent in the opposite protocol. The following is the list of message types that have no equivalents and are discarded.

| Message Type                           | Code |
|----------------------------------------|------|
| Confusion Message (CNF)                | 2F   |
| Connect Message (CONN)                 | 07   |
| Continuity Test Message (COT)          | 05   |
| Continuity Check Request Message (CCR) | 11   |
| Information Message (INF)              | 04   |
| Information Request Message (INR)      | 03   |
| Loop Back Acknowledge Message (LPA)    | 24   |
| Overload Message (OLM)                 | 30   |

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0110.1093 CARD 1205,B INFO ITU GWY:rcvd msg type cannot convert
SIO=0e OPC=4-013-1 DPC=1-003-0
MSG TYPE=07
LSN=A1234567890
```

### Legend

DPC Destination point code  
 LSN Linkset name  
 OPC Origination point code  
 MSG TYPE Message type (for example, connection request,  
 connection confirm, connection refused)  
 SIO Service information octet

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. There is no immediate action needed, but the message indicates that the error was encountered.
-



## 1094 - ITU GWY:Invalid ISUP msg structure

### Description

This message indicates that an ISUP parameter or pointer to a parameter was invalid.

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0110.1094 CARD 1205,B INFO ITU GWY:Invalid ISUP msg structure
SIO=0e OPC=4-013-1 DPC=1-003-0
MSG TYPE=07
LSN=A1234567890
```

### Legend

|          |                                                                                           |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DPC      | Destination point code                                                                    |
| LSN      | Linkset name                                                                              |
| OPC      | Origination point code                                                                    |
| MSG TYPE | Message type (for example, connection request,<br>connection confirm, connection refused) |
| SIO      | Service information octet                                                                 |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. There is no immediate action needed, but the message indicates that the error was encountered.
-

## 1095 - ITU GWY:GRS buffer full

### Description

This message indicates the circuit group reset (GRS) buffer is full.

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0110.1095 CARD 1205,B INFO ITU GWY:GRS buffer full
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. There is no immediate action needed, but the message indicates that the error was encountered.
-

## 1096 - ITU GWY:RSC buffer full

### Description

This message indicates the reset circuit (RSC) buffer is full.

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0110.1096 CARD 1205,B INFO ITU GWY: RSC buffer full
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. There is no immediate action needed, but the message indicates that the error was encountered.
-

## 1097 - ITU GWY:CGB buffer full

### Description

This message indicates the circuit group blocking (CGB) buffer is full.

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0110.1097 CARD 1205,B INFO ITU GWY: CGB buffer full
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. There is no immediate action needed, but the message indicates that the error was encountered.
-

## 1098 - Unexpected disk access timeout

### Description

This message is used to determine whether there are problems with the disk access system.

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0110.1098 CARD 1113 INFO Unexpected disk access timeout
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. If the target disk is the same CARD that corresponds to the GPSM-II, there is a software timing issue that needs to be addressed. If the target disk is the mate GPSM-II/TDM or the removable and access is physically impossible, no action is necessary.
-

## 1099 - String Data Dump

### Description

This is a generic string UIM. This OAP related string falls under two categories.

### Example

The strings that are generated in response to OAP conditions are as follows:

```
CAUTION: OAP Configuration changed
CAUTION: Invalid SEAS X25 Link 2 status
CAUTION: Invalid SEAS X25 Link 1 status
Change in PVC number is detected
```

The OAP generated strings are as follows:

```
ILLEGAL - EMS Agent status value
ILLEGAL _ Q3 Association value
LSMS Resynchronization in progress
Q3 association is Down
Q3 association is Up
Q3 association is Not Configured
EMS Agent is not running
MS Agent is running
Filesystem threshold %s %d
x25 link %d Down
x25 ln %d pvc %02d pvc st %01d ual st %01d
Out of seq code old %c new %c in msg id %d
Out of seq code old new %c in msg id %d
Unexpected seq code %c for MNT msgs
Unexpected length %d
Unexpected version number %s
Unexpected id %d
Unexpected seq code %c
Unexpected Priority %d
Incomplete message
Missing ETX
Extraneous %d bytes received
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1100 - GWS rcvd H0/H1 that is not allowed

### Description

This message indicates the STP has received an H0/H1 that is not allowed.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:58 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0105.1100 CARD 1201,A INFO GWS rcvd H0H1 that is not allowed
SIO=02 OPC=009-009-009 DPC=006-006-006
H0H1=01 AFTPC=255-009-009
SR=osp3 LSN=A1234567

```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. There is no immediate action needed, but the message indicates that the error was encountered and corrected.
-



## 1102 - Invalid Length for Map IMEI Parameter

### Description

This message indicates that the EIR subsystem received a Check-IMEI message in which the Map IMEI parameter had an invalid length.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:00:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0107.1102 CARD 1103,A1 INFO Invalid Length for Map IMEI Parameter
SIO=03 OPC=003-252-000 DPC=000-071-000
CDPA: AI=10 SSN=05 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=12 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
DATA=3a e2 38 c7 04 56 04 72 e0 e8 30 e9
 2e cf 01 00 d0 02 83 01 f2 25 aa 0b
 84 09 01 00 11 0a 19 49
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                              |      |                        |
|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet    | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code       | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator            | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type             | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address        | PC   | Point code             |
| DATA | Hex dump of TCAP part of MSU | LSN  | Linkset name           |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1103 - LSS:No Map IMEI Parameter present

### Description

This message indicates that the EIR subsystem received a Check-IMEI message in which the Map IMEI parameter is not present.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:00:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0107.1103 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS:No Map IMEI Parameter present
SIO=03 OPC=003-252-000 DPC=000-071-000
CDPA: AI=10 SSN=05 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=12 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
DATA=3a e2 38 c7 04 56 04 72 e0 e8 30 e9
 2e cf 01 00 d0 02 83 01 f2 25 aa 0b
 84 09 01 00 11 0a 19 49
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                              |      |                        |
|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet    | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code       | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator            | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type             | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address        | PC   | Point code             |
| DATA | Hex dump of TCAP part of MSU | LSN  | Linkset name           |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.

## 1104 - IP Connection Failed

### Description

Reports that either an attempt to connect to an IP server failed, or that a client socket failed to establish a connection with the system (IP<sup>7</sup> Secure Gateway).

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA03W 99-04-10 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0003.1104 DCM 1213,A IP Connection Failed
 RIPADDR = 123.123.123.123
 RPORT = 1314
 LIPADDR = 123.123.123.124
 LPORT = 1315
 SNAME=LONGSOCKETNAME1
 Report Date: 02-04-10 Time: 16:27:19
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.

Reports on connection status can be obtained for each DCM card with the following commands:

*pass:loc=xxx:cmd="connmgr -l"* displays the connection manager event log.

*pass:loc=xxx:cmd="connmgr -c"* displays socket client data.

*pass:loc=xxx:cmd="connmgr -s"* displays socket server data.

---

## 1105 - REPT EVT:IMT GPL reloading

### Description

This message indicates the IMT software download procedure is initiated. This is the first message that the system displays.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:58 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0105.1105 SYSTEM INFO REPT EVT:IMT GPL reloading
 cards loaded : 1 of 25
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action is necessary.
-

## 1106 - REPT COND:IMT GPL reloading

### Description

This message displays the progress of the IMT software downloading procedure.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:58 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0105.1106 SYSTEM INFO REPT COND:IMT GPL reloading
 cards loaded : 10 of 25
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action is necessary.
-

## 1107 - SCCP XUDT (S) msg: Hop Counter violation

### Description

This message indicates that the incoming MSU has a Hop counter value of zero or greater than 15 and the *F* bit in the segmentation parameter is not set. A XUDTS error response is generated and sent to the originating node. The message is discarded.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0112.1107 CARD 1103,A1 INFO SCCP XUDT (S) msg: Hop Counter violation
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. The sender of the discarded message is using an invalid message format. If there is only one occurrence, no action is necessary. However, if the condition continues, there may be a problem at the node that is sending the invalid message. Contact that node and inform them of the problem.

## 1108 - SCCP XUDT (S) msg: inv opt portion len

### Description

This message indicates that the incoming MSU has an invalid length in the optional portion (optional parameter length exceeding the MSU length or no end of optional parameters octet).The message is discarded.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0112.1108 CARD 1103,A1 INFO SCCP XUDT (S) msg: inv opt portion len
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. This message indicates an SCCP message was discarded due to an invalid length. No further action is necessary.

## 1109 - SCCP XUDT(S) msg: inv segmentation parm

### Description

This message indicates that the length of the optional segmentation parameter is not equal to 6. The length of the segmentation parameter must be equal to 6. The message is discarded.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0112.1109 CARD 1103,A1 INFO SCCP XUDT(S) msg: inv segmentation parm
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. This message indicates an SCCP message was discarded due to an invalid segmentation parameter. No further action is necessary.



## 1110 - GWS rcvd AFTPC that is not allowed

### Description

This indicates that a message was received by a gateway link and failed DESTFLD screening because of an affected point code value in the message.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1110 CARD 1105,B INFO GWS rcvd AFTPC that is not allowed
SIO=0a OPC=003-243-000 DPC=000-024-000
H0H1=41 AFTPC=099-099-003
SR=osp3 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|       |                                         |
|-------|-----------------------------------------|
| AFTPC | Affected point code (for SCCP messages) |
| DPC   | Destination point code                  |
| H0H1  | H0/H1 heading code                      |
| LSN   | Linkset name                            |
| OPC   | Origination point code                  |
| SIO   | Service information octet               |
| SR    | Screening reference name                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Verify the affected point code in the message, and verify whether the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
2. If the affected point code is not required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables, no further action is necessary.
3. If the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing table, use the *ent-dstm* command to add the affected point code to the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.

## 1111 - GWS rcvd TCA, AFTPC not in routing tbl

### Description

This indicates that a TCA message was received by a gateway link and failed DESTFLD screening because of an affected point code value in the message.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1111 CARD 1105,B INFO GWS rcvd TCA, AFTPC not in routing tbl
SIO=0a OPC=003-243-000 DPC=000-024-000
H0H1=46 AFTPC=099-099-003
SR=osp3 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|       |                                         |
|-------|-----------------------------------------|
| AFTPC | Affected point code (for SCCP messages) |
| DPC   | Destination point code                  |
| H0H1  | H0/H1 heading code                      |
| LSN   | Linkset name                            |
| OPC   | Origination point code                  |
| SIO   | Service information octet               |
| SR    | Screening reference name                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. Verify the affected point code in the message, and verify whether the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
- 
2. If the affected point code is not required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables, no further action is necessary.
- 
3. If the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing table, use the *ent-dstm* command to add the affected point code to the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
-

## 1112 - GWS rcvd TCR, AFTPC not in routing tbl

### Description

This indicates that a TCR message was received by a gateway link and failed DESTFLD screening because of an affected point code value in the message.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1112 CARD 1105,B INFO GWS rcvd TCR, AFTPC not in routing tbl
SIO=0a OPC=003-243-000 DPC=000-024-000
H0H1=44 AFTPC=099-099-003
SR=osp3 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|       |                                         |
|-------|-----------------------------------------|
| AFTPC | Affected point code (for SCCP messages) |
| DPC   | Destination point code                  |
| H0H1  | H0/H1 heading code                      |
| LSN   | Linkset name                            |
| OPC   | Origination point code                  |
| SIO   | Service information octet               |
| SR    | Screening reference name                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. Verify the affected point code in the message, and verify whether the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
- 
2. If the affected point code is not required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables, no further action is necessary.
- 
3. If the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing table, use the *ent-dstm* command to add the affected point code to the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
-

## 1113 - GWS rcvd TCP, AFTPC not in routing tbl

### Description

This indicates that a TCP message was received by a gateway link and failed DESTFLD screening because of an affected point code value in the message.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1113 CARD 1105,B INFO GWS rcvd TCP, AFTPC not in routing tbl
 SIO=0a OPC=003-243-000 DPC=000-024-000
 HOH1=42 AFTPC=099-099-003
 SR=osp3 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|       |                                         |
|-------|-----------------------------------------|
| AFTPC | Affected point code (for SCCP messages) |
| DPC   | Destination point code                  |
| HOH1  | H0/H1 heading code                      |
| LSN   | Linkset name                            |
| OPC   | Origination point code                  |
| SIO   | Service information octet               |
| SR    | Screening reference name                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. Verify the affected point code in the message, and verify whether the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
- 
2. If the affected point code is not required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables, no further action is necessary.
- 
3. If the affected point code is required to be in the Eagle 5 SAS routing table, use the *ent-dstm* command to add the affected point code to the Eagle 5 SAS routing tables.
-

## 1114 - Database BACKUP started

### Description

A local database backup is beginning. This UIM follows the issue of the *chg-db:action=backup* command.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1114 CARD 1201,A INFO Database BACKUP started
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action is necessary.
-

## 1115 - Database RESTORE started

### Description

A local database restore is beginning. This UIM follows the issue of the *chg-db:action=restore* command.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1115 CARD 1201,A INFO Database RESTORE started
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action is necessary.
-

## 1116 - Database action ended - OK

### Description

A local database backup or restore has successfully completed. This UIM follows the issue of the *chg-db* command.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1116 CARD 1201,A INFO Database action ended - OK
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action is necessary.
-

## 1117 - Database action ended - FAIL

### Description

A local database backup or restore has unsuccessfully completed. This UIM follows the issue of the *chg-db* command.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1117 CARD 1201,A INFO Database action ended - FAILED
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action is necessary.
-



## 1118 - Audit of LNP backup database completed

### Description

The LNP backup database audit cycle has been completed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1118 SYSTEM Audit of LNP backup database completed
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1119 - LNP database audit - internal error

### Description

The LNPA task on either OAM is in an error state.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1119 CARD 1114 LNP - database audit - internal error
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Reboot the OAM.

---
2. If the problem persists, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 1120 - TRBL Queue is full:elements overwritten

### Description

This message indicates that more than 7 UIMs per second are being output. One or more might be lost.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1120 CARD 1113 INFO RBL Queue is full;elements overwritten
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action is necessary.
-

## 1121 - LNP rcvd query from unknown CGPA PC

### Description

The LNP query receives a calling party point code that is not in the routing table. The system LNP subsystem normally sends a response back to the calling party PC in the query. The system did not respond to this query.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:00:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0107.1121 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LNP rcvd query from unknown CGPA PC
SIO=03 OPC=003-252-000 DPC=000-071-000
CDPA: AI=10 SSN=05 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=12 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
DATA=3a e2 38 c7 04 56 04 72 e0 e8 30 e9
 2e cf 01 00 d0 02 83 01 f2 25 aa 0b
 84 09 01 00 11 0a 19 49
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                              |      |                        |
|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet    | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code       | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator            | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type             | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address        | PC   | Point code             |
| DATA | Hex dump of TCAP part of MSU | LSN  | Linkset name           |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Provision a route to the Calling Party Point Code using the *ent-dstn* and *ent-rte* commands.
-

## 1122 - LNP rcvd query with undefined TT/SERV

### Description

The LNP Query Subsystem received a message with an undefined Service. The Called Party Translation type in the incoming message determines the format of the MSU. This UIM can be issued when there is no LNP Service associated with the Translation Type of this MSU.

If the Translation Type of the MSU is provisioned as a Translation Type for LNPQS Service, the EAGLE 5 SAS attempts to determine the actual LNP Service for this message by examining the OP CODE value. If the OP CODE does not match any supported by the EAGLE 5 SAS Service (IN, AIN, IS-41), this UIM is issued.

This UIM can also be issued as a result of an error response from an end office because the EAGLE 5 SAS LNP database response returned an LRN that was not provisioned in the end office.

Trace tools and/or the hex dump in the UIM can be used to determine the TCAP information. Note that the GTT data is not contained in the SCCP layer because the EAGLE 5 SAS does not return this information in the LNP response to the end office.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:00:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0107.1122 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LNP rcvd query with undefined TT/SERV
SIO=03 OPC=003-252-000 DPC=000-071-000
CDPA: AI=10 SSN=05 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=12 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
DATA=3a e2 38 c7 04 56 04 72 e0 e8 30 e9
 2e cf 01 00 d0 02 83 01 f2 25 aa 0b
 84 09 01 00 11 0a 19 49
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                              |      |                        |
|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet    | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code       | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator            | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type             | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address        | PC   | Point code             |
| DATA | Hex dump of TCAP part of MSU | LSN  | Linkset name           |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. If the IN, AIN, IS-41, PCS 1900, or LNPQS LNP Query translation type has not been provisioned, it needs to be provisioned using the `ent-lnp-serv` command.

If any of the above LNP Query Translation Types has not been provisioned, it can be changed using the `chg-lnp-serv` command.

---

2. If the Translation Type has been provisioned correctly, an SSP node in the network is using the wrong Translation Type or an invalid query.
-

## 1123 - LNP rcvd query with Message Relay TT

### Description

The LNP Query Subsystem received a message with a Translation Type reserved for Message Relay. This happens if another node sent a message to the system for Message Relay with the routing indicator set to rt-on-ssn and ssn set to system's LNP subsystem.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:00:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0107.1123 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LNP rcvd query with Message Relay TT
 SIO=03 OPC=003-252-000 DPC=000-071-000
 CDPA: AI=10 SSN=05 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
 CGPA: AI=12 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
 DATA=3a e2 38 c7 04 56 04 72 e0 e8 30 e9
 2e cf 01 00 d0 02 83 01 f2 25 aa 0b
 84 09 01 00 11 0a 19 49
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                              |      |                        |
|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet    | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code       | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator            | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type             | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address        | PC   | Point code             |
| DATA | Hex dump of TCAP part of MSU | LSN  | Linkset name           |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 1124 - LNP Database IMPORT started

### Description

The database import operation has started on the active or standby OAM.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1124 CARD 1113 LNP Database IMPORT started
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-



## 1125 - GWS rcvd CDPA that could not be RDCTd

### Description

This message indicates the Eagle 5 SAS received an MSU, with a called party address (CDPA) that is not allowed in gateway screening (GWS) and cannot be redirected.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1125 CARD 1205,B INFO GWS rcvd CDPA that could not be RDCTd
SIO=0a OPC=003-244-000 DPC=000-071-000
SCCP MT= 18
CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=123456789012345678909
CGPA: AI=10 PC=004-004-004 SSN=005 TT=251
ADDR=123456789012345678909
SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. If this called party address (CDPA) is one that should be redirected through the network, add the CDPA to the gateway screening (GWS) tables assigned to the link reporting this message. Use the *chg-scr-cdpa* command to add the CDPA to the list of allowed CDPA codes. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Gateway Screening* for instructions on adding a CDPA to GWS.

---
2. If the CDPA should not be redirected through the network, no action is necessary.

---

## 1126 - GWS rcvd CGPA that could not be RDCTd

### Description

This message indicates the Eagle 5 SAS received an MSU, with a calling party address (CGPA) that is not allowed in gateway screening (GWS) and cannot be redirected.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1126 CARD 1205,B INFO GWS rcvd CGPA that could not be RDCTd
SIO=0a OPC=003-244-000 DPC=000-071-000
SCCP MT= 18
CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=123456789012345678909
CGPA: AI=10 PC=004-004-004 SSN=005 TT=251
ADDR=123456789012345678909
SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. If this calling party address (CGPA) is one that should be redirected through the network, add the CGPA to the gateway screening (GWS) tables assigned to the link reporting this message. Use the *chg-scr-cgpa* command to add the CGPA to the list of allowed CGPA codes. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Gateway Screening* for instructions on adding a CGPA to GWS.

---
2. If the CGPA should not be redirected through the network, no action is necessary.

---

## 1127 - GWS rcvd AFTPC that could not be RDCTd

### Description

This message indicates the Eagle 5 SAS received an MSU, with an allowed affected point code (AFTPC) that is not allowed in gateway screening (GWS) and cannot be redirected.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1127 CARD 1205,B INFO GWS rcvd AFTPC that could not be RDCTd
 SIO=0a OPC=003-244-000 DPC=000-071-000
 SCCP MT= 18
 CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=123456789012345678909
 CGPA: AI=10 PC=004-004-004 SSN=005 TT=251
 ADDR=123456789012345678909
 SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. If this calling allowed affected point code (AFTPC) is one that should be redirected through the network, add the AFTPC to the gateway screening (GWS) tables assigned to the link reporting this message. Use the *chg-scr-afpc* command to add the AFTPC to the list of allowed AFTPC codes. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Gateway Screening* for instructions on adding a AFTPC to GWS.

---
2. If the AFTPC should not be redirected through the network, no action is necessary.

---

## 1128 - GWS rcvd TT that could not be RDCTd

### Description

This message indicates the Eagle 5 SAS received an MSU, with a translation type (TT) that is not allowed in gateway screening (GWS) and cannot be redirected.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1128 CARD 1205,B INFO GWS rcvd TT that could not be RDCTd
SIO=0a OPC=003-244-000 DPC=000-071-000
SCCP MT= 18
CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=123456789012345678909
CGPA: AI=10 PC=004-004-004 SSN=005 TT=251
ADDR=123456789012345678909
SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. If this TT is one that should be redirected through the network, add the TT to the gateway screening (GWS) tables assigned to the link reporting this message. Use the *chg-scr-tt* command to add the TT to the list of allowed TT codes. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Gateway Screening* for instructions on adding a TT to GWS.

---
2. If this TT should not be redirected through the network, no action is necessary.

---



## 1129 - Ported subs SMSC matches Home SMSC Addr

### Description

This message indicates that a ported out subscriber is fraudulently attempted to send SMS using the old networks SMSC. An error message was generated and returned to the originating MSC.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0112.1129 CARD 1103,A1 INFO Ported subs SMSC matches Home SMSC Addr
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1130 - LOCREQ rcvd - IS412GSM not provisioned

### Description

The system received an IS-41 LOC Request message for which it attempted to issue a LOC Request response. However, G-Port found the IS-41 to GSM Migration prefix (specified by the IS412GSM parameter) is not provisioned on this system. With this UIM, G-Port is notifying the operator it cannot process the LOCREQ messages and is allowing it to fall through to the GTT for handling.

To be able to perform the IS-41 to GSM Migration feature and to accept LOC Request messages, you must first specify the IS412GSM prefix in GSMOPTS.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0112.1130 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LOCREQ rcvd - IS412GSM not provisioned
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Enter the *rtrv-gsmopts* command to display the IS412GSM setting in the GSM System Options. Following is an example of the output:

```
rlghncxa03w 03-05-20 09:04:14 EST EAGLE 30.1.0
GSM OPTIONS
```

```

DEFMCC = NONE
DEFMNC = NONE
SRFADDR = 123456789abcdef
MSRNDIG = RN
DEFMAPVR = 1
SRIDN = TCAP
IS412GSM = 0123456789abcde
```

```
rlghncxa03w 03-03-20 09:04:14 EST EAGLE 30.1.0
SRFADDR=123456789abcdef SRFNAI=7 SRFNP=15
MSRNDIG=CCRNDN
MSRNNAI=7 MSRNNP=15 DEFMAPVR=2
```

i

This example shows a setting supporting the IS-41 LOC Request message. If the IS412GSM parameter is not specified, proceed to step 2. However, if it is set with a valid value, proceed to the step 3.

- 
2. Use the *chg-gsmopts* command to specify the IS-41 to GSM migration prefix. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for details. Then re-issue the command that caused this UIM.
- 
3. If the problem persists with the IS412GSM parameter specified, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 1131 - Invalid digits in IS41 MAP Digits parm

### Description

A LOC Request message contained invalid data and will be passed to the GTT. G-Port determined a received Location Request message had invalid data in the called party number parameter fields. The verified fields must contain:

- Digits: from 5 to 21 digits
- Encoding scheme: BCD
- Numbering plan: Telephony

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0112.1131 CARD 1103,A1 INFO Invalid digits in IS41 MAP Digits parm
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1132 - SLAN DLK ping test completed

### Description

This message indicates that the manual TCP/IP ping test has completed. The ping test is initiated by the *tst-dlk* command.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1132 CARD 1201 INFO SLAN DLK ping test completed.
TESTS REQUESTED= 0 PASSED COUNT=0 FAILED COUNT =00
AVR RND TRIP=0 MAX RND TRIP=06 MIN RND TRIP=0
HOST IPADDR =194.4.201.50
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. If the test passes with FAILED COUNT = 00, no further action is necessary.

---
2. If the test fails:
  - a. confirm that IP addresses are correct
  - b. confirm with the end user that their equipment and software is up and functioning properly
  - c. have the end user check their network and their cable connections
  - d. check the cable connections at the Eagle 5 SAS
  - e. call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 1133 - GX25 outbound data exceeds packet size

### Description

This message indicates that the packet being converted by the X.25 gateway is too long to be handled by the X.25 network (when a network is used) or the link when there is a direct connection to the X.25 end user.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1133 CARD 1201,A INFO GX25 outbound data exceeds packet size
 CHANNEL=00 X_ADDR=841029159765432
 CODE=A2 00 PC=116-006-001

```

### Legend

CHANNEL Logical channel

X\_ADDR The X.25 address for the X.25 end user (destination). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the point code that corresponds to this X.25 address

CODE left byte - length of TCAP packet in hexadecimal format  
right byte - always 00

PC Point code for the SS7 end user (OPC). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the X.25 address that corresponds to this point code.

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. If this condition occurs often, change the packet size to 256. This packet size change must take place at both the end user and the Eagle 5 SAS.

At the Eagle 5 SAS end of the X.25 link, use the *chg-x25-slk* command to change the packet size.

---

2. If the fault is not cleared call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 1134 - GX25 route not found

### Description

This message indicates that the X.25 gateway was unable to find an X.25 route for an outgoing MSU or an incoming X.25 call request.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1134 CARD 1201,A INFO GX25 route not found
 CHANNEL=00 X_ADDR=841029159765432
 CODE=00 00 PC=116-006-001

```

### Legend

CHANNEL Logical channel  
X\_ADDR The X.25 address for the X.25 end user (destination). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the point code that corresponds to this X.25 address  
CODE left byte - 00 = idle, 01 or 02 = waiting for call  
right byte - always 00  
PC Point code for the SS7 end user (OPC). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the X.25 address that corresponds to this point code.

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. Determine if both ends, as defined by their point codes and addresses, are permitted a connection. If so, a route needs to be defined. Use the *ent-x25-rte* command to define and configure the route. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual* for information about this procedure.
- 
2. If the end points are not permitted a connection: 1) require that the X.25 end user (as defined by the PC= value) place the call with the correct X.25 address for the configured route, or 2) require that the SS7 end user (as defined by the X\_ADDR= value) use the correct point code for the configured route.
- 
3. If the fault is not cleared call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10
-

## 1135 - GX25 route not available

### Description

This message indicates that an X.25 route is not available for routing an MSU received from the SS7 end user. This should be a temporary condition following a failure at the X.25 end user. See messages 1143, 1144, and 1145.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1135 CARD 1201,A INFO GX25 route not available
 CHANNEL=03 X_ADDR=0000000000000000
 CODE=02 00 PC=116-006-001

```

### Legend

CHANNEL Logical channel

X\_ADDR The X.25 address for the X.25 end user (destination). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the point code that corresponds to this X.25 address

CODE left byte - 00 = idle, 01 or 02 = waiting for call  
right byte - always 00

PC Point code for the SS7 end user (OPC). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the X.25 address that corresponds to this point code.

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Determine why the X.25 end user, as defined by the PC value, is out of service and attempt to re-establish the service.
- 

2. If the fault is not cleared, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10
-



## 1136 - GX25 route already connected

### Description

This message indicates that a call request was received from an X.25 end user and the X.25 route was already in the call established phase. Both connections are cleared to assure that only one connection is established at a time.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1136 CARD 1201,A INFO GX25 route already connected
 CHANNEL=00 X_ADDR=84102915841029159765432
 CODE=00 00 PC=116-006-001

```

### Legend

CHANNEL Logical channel

X\_ADDR The X.25 address for the X.25 end user (destination). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the point code that corresponds to this X.25 address

CODE left byte - 00 = idle, 01 or 02 = waiting for call  
right byte - always 00

PC Point code for the SS7 end user (OPC). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the X.25 address that corresponds to this point code.

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

If this fault reoccurs for this route:

1. Inform the X.25 end user, as defined by the X\_ADDR value, to not permit this condition.

---

2. Use the *rtrv-x25-rte* command to verify that the *type* of route is correct.

---

3. If the fault is not cleared, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 1137 - GX25 incorrect X25 address

### Description

This message indicates that an X.25 end user attempted to make a connection and either the called or calling X.25 address was not in the correct domain for conversion.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1137 CARD 1201,A INFO GX25 incorrect X.25 address
 CHANNEL=00 X_ADDR=84102915841029159765432
 CODE=01 00 PC=000-000-000

```

### Legend

CHANNEL Logical channel

X\_ADDR The X.25 address for the X.25 end user (destination). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the point code that corresponds to this X.25 address

CODE X.25 packet type  
left byte - 00 = incorrect calling address  
left byte - 01 = incorrect called address  
right byte - always 00

PC Point code for the SS7 end user (OPC). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the X.25 address that corresponds to this point code.

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Verify that the X.25 address (the X\_ADDR= value) is correct.  

---
2. If the X.25 address is not correct, advise the X.25 end user to use the correct address.  

---
3. If the X.25 address is correct, the domain of the point code needs to be changed and the X.25 route redefined. The calling address must be in the X.25 network domain and the called address must be in the SS7 domain.  

---
4. If the fault is not cleared, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10  

---

## 1138 - GX25 unsupported packet type received

### Description

This message indicates that an unsupported packet type was received.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1138 CARD 1201,A INFO GX25 unsupported packet type received
 CHANNEL=00 X_ADDR=0000000000000000
 CODE=10 00 PC=-----

```

### Legend

CHANNEL: Logical channel

X\_ADDR: X.25 address

CODE: X.25 packet type

left byte - code bitmap:

- bit 0 = unused (LSB)
- bit 1 = unused
- bit 2 = registration packet
- bit 3 = interrupt packet
- bit 4 = diagnostic packet
- bit 5 = M-bit present
- bit 6 = Q-bit present
- bit 7 = D-bit present

right byte - always 00.

PC: With an invalid X.25 packet, the point code will always be invalid (-----).

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. If problem persists, the X.25 end user may need to change the X.25 parameters to prevent transmission of the unsupported packet types. If the X.25 communications go through a network, the parameters may need to be changed on the network.

2. If the fault is not cleared, use the *rept-x25-meas* command and then call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 1139 - GX25 unsupported MSU type received

### Description

This message indicates that an unsupported MSU type was received and the MSU was discarded. Only MSUs with an SIO of x0, x1, x2, or x3 are supported.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1139 CARD 1201,A INFO GX25 unsupported MSU type received
 CHANNEL=00 X_ADDR=011900040078
 CODE=85 01 PC=116-006-001

```

### Legend

CHANNEL: Logical Channel

X\_ADDR: X.25 Address

CODE:

left byte - SIO field value

right byte - SCCP message type when:

SIO = 03 (SCCP - data) or

SIO = 83 (SCCP - data)

- H0H1 when SIO = x0, x1, x2

PC: OPC (use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the X.25 address that corresponds to this point code).

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Determine if the point code, as defined by the PC value, should be an X.25 end user.  

---
2. If yes, advise the SS7 end user, as defined by the X\_ADDR= value, that they are transmitting unsupported MSU types.  

---
3. If not, correct the MTP routing to prevent routing to this link.  

---

4. If the fault is not cleared, use the *rept-x25-meas* command and then call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 1140 - GX25 DPC not defined

### Description

This message indicates that an MSU was received for which the destination point code (DPC) is not defined for X.25 conversion.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1140 CARD 1201,A INFO GX25 DPC not defined
 CHANNEL=00 X_ADDR=0000000000000000
 CODE=00 00 PC=116-006-001

```

### Legend

CHANNEL Logical channel  
X\_ADDR The X.25 address for the X.25 end user (destination). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the point code that corresponds to this X.25 address  
CODE X.25 packet type  
PC Point code for the SS7 end user (OPC). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the X.25 address that corresponds to this point code.

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Determine if the point code, as defined by the PC= value, should be an X.25 end user.  

---
2. If yes, correct the configuration using the *ent-x25-dstn* command (to define the X.25 end user) and the *ent-x25-rte* command (to define an X.25 route).  

---
3. If not, correct the MTP routing to prevent routing to the X.25 link set.  

---

## 1141 - GX25 unrecognized X25 calling address

### Description

This message indicates that the gateway has detected an unrecognized X.25 calling address in a call request packet.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1141 CARD 1201,A INFO GX25 unrecognized X25 calling address
 CHANNEL=03 X_ADDR=84102915
 CODE=00 00 PC=000-000-000

```

### Legend

CHANNEL Logical channel  
X\_ADDR The X.25 address for the X.25 end user (destination). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the point code that corresponds to this X.25 address  
CODE X.25 packet type  
PC Point code for the SS7 end user (OPC). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the X.25 address that corresponds to this point code.

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. If the caller, as defined by the X\_ADDR= value, is a valid X.25 end user, define the destination using the *ent-x25-dstn* command and define any needed routes using the *ent-x25-rte* command.

---

2. If the caller is not a valid X.25 end user, contact sender and determine why a connection was attempted.

---

3. If the fault is not cleared, use the *rept-x25-meas* command and then call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---



## 1142 - GX25 unrecognized X25 called address

### Description

This message indicates that the Gateway has detected an unrecognized X.25 called address in a call request packet.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1142 CARD 1201,A INFO GX25 unrecognized X25 called address
 CHANNEL=03 X_ADDR=84102915
 CODE=00 00 PC=116-006-001

```

### Legend

CHANNEL Logical channel  
X\_ADDR The X.25 address for the X.25 end user (destination). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the point code that corresponds to this X.25 address  
CODE X.25 packet type  
PC Point code for the SS7 end user (OPC). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the X.25 address that corresponds to this point code.

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Determine if the called address, as defined by the X\_ADDR value, is a valid address for an SS7 end user.  

---
2. If yes, define the destination and route using the *ent-x25-dstn* and *ent-x25-rte* commands. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Features* for more information about this procedure.  

---
3. If not, advise the X.25 end user, as defined by the PC value, to specify the correct address.  

---
4. If the fault is not cleared, use the *rept-x25-meas* command and then call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 1143 - GX25 cannot make connection

### Description

This message indicates that the X.25 gateway cannot make the desired connection. See also messages 1135 and 1144.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1143 CARD 1201,A INFO GX25 cannot make connection
CHANNEL=03 X_ADDR=84102915
CODE=09 00 PC=116-006-001
```

### Legend

|         |                                                                                                                                                              |                                 |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| CHANNEL | Logical channel                                                                                                                                              |                                 |
| X_ADDR  | The X.25 address for the X.25 end user (destination). Use the <i>rtrv-x25-dstn</i> command to determine the point code that corresponds to this X.25 address |                                 |
| PC      | Point code for the SS7 end user (OPC). Use the <i>rtrv-x25-dstn</i> command to determine the X.25 address that corresponds to this point code.               |                                 |
| CODE    | <b>X.25 packet type (left byte)</b>                                                                                                                          |                                 |
|         | 00 = DTE clear                                                                                                                                               | 11 = incorrect called address   |
|         | 01 = number busy                                                                                                                                             | 13 = local procedure error      |
|         | 03 = invalid facility request                                                                                                                                | 19 = collect call refused       |
|         | 05 = network congestion                                                                                                                                      | 21 = incompatible destination   |
|         | 09 = out of order                                                                                                                                            | 29 = fast select not subscribed |
|         | 0B = access barred                                                                                                                                           | F0 = call rejected              |
|         | 0D = not in service                                                                                                                                          |                                 |
|         | <b>X.25 reject reason (right byte) when left byte = F0</b>                                                                                                   |                                 |
|         | 01 = timeout                                                                                                                                                 | 04 = rejected                   |
|         | 02 = internal                                                                                                                                                | 07 = no LCN                     |
|         | 03 = collision                                                                                                                                               |                                 |
|         | <b>(when left byte ≠ F0, right byte = X.25 call clear diagnostic code.</b>                                                                                   |                                 |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Examine the CODE data field in the message (see description below) for a possible fault explanation.

2. Verify that the X.25 end user is in service and attempt to re-establish service.

---
3. Verify that the X.25 addresses of the two nodes (given by X\_ADDR and PC values in the message) are in agreement at both the X.25 end user and at the SS7 end user. Use the *rtvr-x25-dstn* command to determine an X.25 address that corresponds to a SS7 point code and vice versa.

---
4. Use the *rept-x25-meas* command to obtain more information about the X.25 links. If this information does not point to a resolution of the problem, go to the next action item.

---
5. Call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10

---

## 1144 - GX25 logical channel cleared

### Description

This message indicates that the X.25 gateway had a route connection cleared. Also see message 1135.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1144 CARD 1201,A INFO GX25 logical channel cleared
 CHANNEL=00 X_ADDR=84102915
 CODE=09 00 PC=116-006-001

```

### Legend

|         |                                                                                                                                                              |                                 |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| CHANNEL | Logical channel                                                                                                                                              |                                 |
| X_ADDR  | The X.25 address for the X.25 end user (destination). Use the <i>rtrv-x25-dstn</i> command to determine the point code that corresponds to this X.25 address |                                 |
| PC      | Point code for the SS7 end user (OPC). Use the <i>rtrv-x25-dstn</i> command to determine the X.25 address that corresponds to this point code.               |                                 |
| CODE    | <b>X.25 packet type (left byte)</b>                                                                                                                          |                                 |
|         | 00 = DTE clear                                                                                                                                               | 0D = not in service             |
|         | 01 = number busy                                                                                                                                             | 11 = incorrect called address   |
|         | 03 = invalid facility request                                                                                                                                | 13 = local procedure error      |
|         | 05 = network congestion                                                                                                                                      | 19 = collect call refused       |
|         | 09 = out of order                                                                                                                                            | 21 = incompatible destination   |
|         | 0B = access barred                                                                                                                                           | 29 = fast select not subscribed |
|         | <b>right byte = diagnostic code.</b>                                                                                                                         |                                 |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

- 
1. Verify from the adjacent X.25 node if this indicates a problem or if it is a normal state of routinely clearing the call.
- 
2. If is a problem, and the problem continues, use the *rept-x25-meas* command and contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## 1145 - GX25 unexpected restart received

### Description

This message indicates that the X.25 gateway has received an unexpected restart packet. A restart packet causes all active connections to be cleared and indicates that the X.25 network or, in the case of a direct X.25 connection, the X.25 end user has restarted and reset X.25 level 3.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1145 CARD 1201,A INFO GX25 unexpected restart received
 CHANNEL=00 X_ADDR=0000000000000000
 CODE=03 00 PC=000-000-000

```

### Legend

CHANNEL Logical channel  
X\_ADDR The X.25 address for the X.25 end user (destination). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the point code that corresponds to this X.25 address  
CODE X.25 packet type  
PC Point code for the SS7 end user (OPC). Use the *rtrv-x25-dstn* command to determine the X.25 address that corresponds to this point code.

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Contact the X.25 end user or X.25 network provider, as appropriate.
2. If restarts continue, use the *rept-x25-meas* command and then call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

**1146 - REPT-XLST-TIMO: X-LIST entry expired****Description**

This message indicates that the timer has expired for an x-list entry and that entry has been removed.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1146 CARD 1201 INFO REPT-XLST-TIMO:X-LIST entry expired
 DPC=001-001-001
```

**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 1147 - MTP Invalid TFA received

### Description

This message indicates the network elements of an adjacent node have not been configured properly.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1147 CARD 1201,A INFO MTP Invalid TFA received
OPC=001-001-001 CPC=002-002-002
LSN=lsn01a
```

### Legend

|     |                        |
|-----|------------------------|
| CPC | Concerned point code   |
| LSN | Linkset name           |
| OPC | Origination point code |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Notify the craftsperson at the adjacent node of this error.
-

## 1148 - MTP Invalid TFR received

### Description

This message indicates the network elements of an adjacent node have not been configured properly.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1148 CARD 1201,A INFO MTP Invalid TFR received
OPC=001-001-001 CPC=002-002-002
LSN=lsn01a
```

### Legend

|     |                        |
|-----|------------------------|
| CPC | Concerned point code   |
| LSN | Linkset name           |
| OPC | Origination point code |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Notify the craftsperson at the adjacent node of this error.
-



## 1149 - SLK Level-3 T19 timer expired

### Description

The link has been down for 5 minutes or the timer T19 has timed out.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1149 CARD 1201,A INFO SLK Level-3 T19 timer expired
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Activate measurements using the *chg-meas:collect=on* command. This starts measurements collection.

---

  2. If the link is placed OOS-MT, use the measurements collected over the appropriate time period to determine the cause, and determine which action is now necessary.
- 

**NOTE:** See Chapter 4, “Measurements,” for traffic measurements information.

---

## 1150 - SLK Inhibit Denied

### Description

The request to inhibit the link has been denied by the far end.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-06-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1150 CARD 1201,A INFO SLK Inhibit Denied
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Inhibiting the link would cause the far end to prohibit the point code.
-

## 1151 - SLK Inhibit Response Timeout

### Description

The system has sent a link inhibit request, but no inhibit acknowledge was received.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1151 CARD 1205,A nc00027 SLK Inhibit Response Timeout
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Try the inhibit command again. If still unsuccessful, contact the far-end office and verify the status.
-

## 1152 - SLK Uninhibit Denied

### Description

The far end has denied the craftsperson's request to uninhibit the link.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1152 CARD 1205,A nc00027 SLK Uninhibit Denied
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Contact the far end office to determine why this was denied.
-

## 1153 - SLK Uninhibit Response Timeout

### Description

An uninhibit request was sent, but an uninhibit acknowledge was not received.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1153 CARD 1205,A nc00027 SLK Uninhibit Response Timeout
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Try the uninhibit request again. If still unsuccessful, contact the far-end.
-

## 1154 - MSU reception threshold exceeded

### Description

This UIM is produced by the OAM. It is produced whenever the cumulative count of MSUs received on a given linkset exceeds the specified MSU\_recvd\_threshold within a specified time period.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1154 SYSTEM INFO MSU reception threshold exceeded
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 1155 - GWS MSU discard threshold exceeded

### Description

This UIM is produced by the OAM. It is produced whenever the cumulative count of MSUs discarded due to gateway screening on a given linkset exceeds the specified MSU\_reject\_threshold within a specified time period.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1155 SYSTEM INFO GWS MSU discard threshold exceeded
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 1156 - ISCC loopback success

### Description

The loop to transmit and receive data on the ISCC chip was successful.

### Example e

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1156 SLK 1205,A nc00027 ISCC loopback success
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-



## 1157 - ISCC loopback failed

### Description

The loop to transmit and receive data on the ISCC chip was no successful.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1157 SLK 1205,A nc00027 ISCC loopback failed
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1158 - ISCC loopback aborted

### Description

The loop test to transmit and receive data on the ISCC chip was aborted because the request to activate link was received while running a loopback test.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1158 SLK 1205,A nc00027 ISCC loopback aborted
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1159 - ISCC loopback in progress

### Description

A loopback test request was received while the same loopback test is already in progress.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1159 SLK 1205,A nc00027 ISCC loopback in progress
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1160 - GWS rcvd ISUP that is not allowed

### Description

This message indicates gateway screening (GWS) has discarded an MSU because the ISUP is listed as one that is not allowed in this network.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:58 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0105.1160 CARD 1205,A INFO GWS rcvd ISUP that is not allowed
 SIO=0a OPC=003-247-000 DPC=002-000-000
 DATA=12 34 56 78 90 12 34 56 78 90 12 34
 56 78 90 12 34 56 78 90 12 34 56 78
 SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                                                      |
|------|------------------------------------------------------|
| DATA | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management |
| DPC  | Destination point code                               |
| LSN  | Linkset name                                         |
| OPC  | Origination point code                               |
| SIO  | Service information octet                            |
| SR   | Screening reference name                             |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. This indicates that a MSU was discarded because it failed screening. No action is necessary, unless the MSU should have passed. If the MSU should have passed (verified by the fields displayed in the above message), go to step 2.
2. Using the *rtrv-scr-sio* command, verify that the screening reference specified in the above message does not allow MSUs with the priority value indicated.
3. If the MSU should have passed screening, use the *chg-scr-sio* command to add the pri data to the screening reference.

## 1161 - GWS rcvd nonSNM DESTFLD screening msg

### Description

This message indicates gateway screening (GWS) received a message that is not a MTP network management message. Affected Destination (DESTFLD) screening makes sense only for MTP Network Management (SNM) messages. When a non-SNM message is screened for Affected Destination, it is forced to pass screening and this message is generated.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:58 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0105.1161 CARD 1103,A INFO GWS rcvd ISUP nonSNM DESTFLD screening msg
SIO=0a OPC=003-247-000 DPC=002-000-000
DATA=12 34 56 78 90 12 34 56 78 90 12 34
 56 78 90 12 34 56 78 90 12 34 56 78
SR=scrbr LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|      |                                                      |
|------|------------------------------------------------------|
| DATA | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management |
| DPC  | Destination point code                               |
| LSN  | Linkset name                                         |
| OPC  | Origination point code                               |
| SIO  | Service information octet                            |
| SR   | Screening reference name                             |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 1162 - GWS rcvd nonSCCP CGPA/CDPA screen msg

### Description

This message indicates that a message that was not a SCCP message passed CGPA/CDPA screening. CDPA or CGPA screening makes sense only for SCCP messages. When a non-SCCP message is screened for CDPA or CGPA, it is forced to pass screening and this message is generated

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:58 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0105.1162 CARD 1103,A INFO GWS rcvd nonSCCP CGPA/CDPA screen msg
SIO=0a OPC=003-247-000 DPC=002-000-000
DATA=12 34 56 78 90 12 34 56 78 90 12 34
 56 78 90 12 34 56 78 90 12 34 56 78
SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                                                      |
|------|------------------------------------------------------|
| DATA | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management |
| DPC  | Destination point code                               |
| LSN  | Linkset name                                         |
| OPC  | Origination point code                               |
| SIO  | Service information octet                            |
| SR   | Screening reference name                             |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 1163 - GWS rcvd invalid GTI in TT screening

### Description

This message indicates that a message that was not a SCCP message or an SCCP message that does not contain a TT passed the Allowed TT screening. Allowed TT screening makes sense only for SCCP messages that contain TT. When a non-SCCP message or a SCCP message that does not contain a TT is screened for Allowed TT, it is forced to pass screening and this message is generated.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:58 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0105.1163 CARD 1103,A INFO GWS rcvd invalid GTI in TT screening
 SIO=0a OPC=003-247-000 DPC=002-000-000
 DATA=12 34 56 78 90 12 34 56 78 90 12 34
 56 78 90 12 34 56 78 90 12 34 56 78
 SR=scrib LSN=A1234567
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Legend

SIO: Service information octet

OPC: Origination point code

DPC: Destination point code

DATA: Information from the upper layers of SCCP management

SR: Screen name

LSN: Linkset name

### Procedure

---

1. No further action is necessary.
-

## 1164 - Inh LNP SS request already outstanding

### Description

An *inh-map-ss* command is already entered and queued.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1164 SYSTEM INFO Inh LNP SS request already outstanding
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-



## 1165 - Failure Inhibiting LNP SS

### Description

The *inh-map-ss* command did not take the LNP subsystem off-line.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1165 SYSTEM INFO Failure Inhibiting LNP SS
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the *inh-map-ss* command with the force parameter.
-

## 1166 - ACG Node Overload Level Change

### Description

The *SCM* has detected that the node overload level for the system has changed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1166 SYSTEM INFO ACG Node Overload Level Change
 OLD ACG LEVEL= 0 NEW ACG LEVEL= 10
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1167 - LNP database audit is disabled

### Description

The LNP database audit has been disabled. The following example will be output every 60 minutes to all LNP terminals.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1167 SYSTEM INFO LNP database audit is disabled
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to restore the LNP audit

```
chg-lnpopts:aud=on
```

---

## 1168 - Audit of LNP database completed

### Description

The LNP database audit cycle has been completed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1168 SYSTEM Audit of LNP databases completed
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1169 - SCCP rcvd inv TCAP portion

### Description

SCCP received a message from the network that it could not route and was discarded because of an invalid transaction capabilities application part(TCAP).

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:12 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0113.1169 CARD 1103,A1 INFO SCCP rcvd inv TCAP portion
SIO=0a OPC=004-009-000 DPC=002-000-000
CDPA: AI=10 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=12 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
DATA=3a e2 38 c7 04 56 04 72 e0 e8 30 e9
 2e cf 01 00 d0 02 83 01 f2 25 aa 0b
 84 09 01 00 11 0a 19 49
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                              |      |                        |
|------|------------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet    | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code       | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator            | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type             | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address        | PC   | Point code             |
| DATA | Hex dump of TCAP part of MSU | LSN  | Linkset name           |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. This indicates that SCCP discarded a message because the TCAP provided in the called party address is invalid in the Eagle 5 SAS. No action is necessary.

## 1170 - Loopback prevented

### Description

This loopback requires the transmission of a byte oriented code. No byte oriented code was transmitted.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1170 CARD 1201 INFO Loopback prevented
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter valid parameters when setting up loopback.
-

## 1171 - Loopback invalid

### Description

The loopback setup was not performed because invalid parameters were provided.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1171 CARD 1201 INFO Loopback invalid
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter valid parameters when setting up loopback.
-

**1172 -REPT-OVSZMSG: MTP MSU too large to rte****Description**

An oversized MTP MSU was received and discarded.

**Example**

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1172 CARD 1103 INFO REPT-OVSZMSG: MTP MSU too large to rte
LEN=279 SIO=03 DPC=001-001-001 OPC=002-002-002
LSN=A1234657
```

**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. No action necessary.
-



**1173 -REPT-OVSZMSG: SCCP MSU too large to rte****Description**

An oversized SCCP MSU was received and discarded.

**Example**

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1173 CARD 1103,A2 INFO REPT-OVSZMSG: SCCP MSU too large to rte
 LEN=279
 SIO=03 OPC=002-002-002 DPC=001-001-001
 SCCP MT=004
 CDPA: AI=8B PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF0123456789ABCDE
 CGPA: AI=8B PC=004-004-004 SSN=006 TT=251
 ADDR=919460365512345678912
 LSN=A1234657

```

**Legend**

|      |                           |         |                        |
|------|---------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                   | AI      | Address Indicator      |
| CDPA | Called party address      | CGPA    | Calling party address  |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | LEN     | Data length            |
| LSN  | Linkset name              | OPC     | Origination point code |
| PC   | Point code                | SCCP MT | SCCP message type      |
| SIO  | Service information octet | SSN     | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          |         |                        |

**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

- 
1. No action necessary.
-

## 1174 - Inh Local SS request alrdy outstanding

### Description

An *inh-map-ss* command is already entered and queued.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1174 SYSTEM INFO Inh Local SS request alrdy outstanding
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1175 - Failure Inhibiting Local SS

### Description

The *inh-map-ss* command did not take the local subsystem off-line.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1175 SYSTEM INFO Failure Inhibiting Local SS
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the *inh-map-ss* command with the force parameter.
-

## 1177 - Cnvrns Discard: SCCP MSU too large

### Description

An SCCP MSU received was too large and discarded.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1177 CARD 1103,A2 INFO Cnvrns Discard: SCCP MSU too large
 LEN=279
 SIO=03 OPC=002-002-002 DPC=001-001-001
 SCCP MT=004
 CDPA: AI=8B PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF0123456789ABCDE
 CGPA: AI=8B PC=004-004-004 SSN=006 TT=251
 ADDR=919460365512345678912
 LSN=A1234657

```

### Legend

|      |                           |         |                        |
|------|---------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                   | AI      | Address Indicator      |
| CDPA | Called party address      | CGPA    | Calling party address  |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | LEN     | Data length            |
| LSN  | Linkset name              | OPC     | Origination point code |
| PC   | Point code                | SCCP MT | SCCP message type      |
| SIO  | Service information octet | SSN     | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          |         |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1178 - Conversion Discard: Invalid SCCP msg type

### Description

This message indicates the STP received a message type that has no equivalent in the opposite protocol.

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0110.1178 CARD 1205,B INFO Conversion Discard: Invalid SCCP msg type
SIO=0e OPC=4-013-1 DPC=1-003-0
MSG TYPE=004
LSN=A1234657
```

### Legend

|          |                                                                                           |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DPC      | Destination point code                                                                    |
| LSN      | Linkset name                                                                              |
| OPC      | Origination point code                                                                    |
| MSG TYPE | Message type (for example, connection request,<br>connection confirm, connection refused) |
| SIO      | Service information octet                                                                 |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. There is no immediate action needed, but the message indicates that the error was encountered.
-

## 1179 - Cnvrns Discard: CGPA PC alias undefined

### Description

An SCCP MSU contained an undefined CGPA PC and was discarded.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1179 CARD 1103,A2 INFO Cnvrns Discard: CGPA PC alias undefined
 LEN=279
 SIO=03 OPC=002-002-002 DPC=001-001-001
 SCCP MT=004
 CDPA: AI=8B PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF0123456789ABCDE
 CGPA: AI=8B PC=004-004-004 SSN=006 TT=251
 ADDR=919460365512345678912
 LSN=A1234657

```

### Legend

|      |                           |         |                        |
|------|---------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                   | AI      | Address Indicator      |
| CDPA | Called party address      | CGPA    | Calling party address  |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | LEN     | Data length            |
| LSN  | Linkset name              | OPC     | Origination point code |
| PC   | Point code                | SCCP MT | SCCP message type      |
| SIO  | Service information octet | SSN     | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          |         |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

#### 1. Perform one of the following actions:

- Enable the proper Discard CGPA PC STP Option, based on the network type of the incoming message. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* for details.

OR

- Add the proper alias for the Calling Party Point Code corresponding to the destination network. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* for details.
-

## 1180 - Conversion Discard: Aft. PC alias undefined

### Description

An SCCP MSU contained an undefined affected point code alias. The message was discarded.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:04:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0124.1180 CARD 1106 INFO Conversion Discard: Aft. PC alias undefined
 SIO=0a OPC=004-031-000 DPC=000-071-000
 SCMG: MSG TYPE=000 MSG LEN=003
 AFTPC=004-219-000 AFTSS=000 MULT=000
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                                                           |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| AFTPC    | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS    | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| DPC      | Destination point code                                    |
| LSN      | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT     | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC      | Origination point code                                    |
| SCMG     | SCCP management message                                   |
| MSG LEN  | Message length                                            |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                                              |
| SIO      | Service information octet                                 |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Add the proper alias for the Affected point code corresponding to the destination network. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* for details.
-

## 1181 - Conversion Discard: Invalid SCMG msg type

### Description

An SCCP MSU contained an invalid SCCP management message (SCMG) and was discarded

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:04:15 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0124.1181 CARD 1106 INFO Conversion Discard: Invalid SCMG msg type
SIO=0a OPC=004-031-000 DPC=000-071-000
SCMG: MSG TYPE=000 MSG LEN=003
AFTPC=004-219-000 AFTSS=000 MULT=000
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|          |                                                           |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| AFTPC    | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS    | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| DPC      | Destination point code                                    |
| LSN      | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT     | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC      | Origination point code                                    |
| SCMG     | SCCP management message                                   |
| MSG LEN  | Message length                                            |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                                              |
| SIO      | Service information octet                                 |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-



## 1182 - Cnvrns Discard - Invalid TCAP element

### Description

An invalid element has been detected.

### Example

```
Station 1234 00-03-30 16:20:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1182 - CARD 1103,A INFO Cnvrns Discard:Invalid TCAP element
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
LEN=037 SCCP MT=009
CGPA: AI=C3 PC=004-004-004 SSN=005 TT=053
 ADDR=ABCDEF0123456789ABCDE
PKG=E2 CMPNT=EA OFFSET=030 EXPECTED=OA ACTUAL=AO
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|      |                           |         |                        |
|------|---------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                   | AI      | Address Indicator      |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | CMPNT   | Component              |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | LEN     | Data length            |
| LSN  | Linkset name              | OPC     | Origination point code |
| PC   | Point code                | PKG     | Package                |
| SIO  | Service information octet | SCCP MT | SCCP message type      |
| TT   | Translation type          | SSN     | Subsystem number       |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1183 - Cnvrsn Discard - Invalid TCAP elem't len

### Description

An element's length of contents field has received an element that extends beyond the end of its container element.

### Example

```
Station 1234 00-03-30 16:20:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1183 CARD 1103,A INFO Cnvrsn Discard: Invalid TCAP elem't len
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
LEN=037 SCCP MT=009
CGPA: AI=C3 PC=004-004-004 SSN=005 TT=053
ADDR=ABCDEF0123456789ABCDE
PKG=E2 CMPNT=EA OFFSET=030 EXPECTED=OA ACTUAL=AO
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|      |                           |         |                        |
|------|---------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                   | AI      | Address Indicator      |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | CMPNT   | Component              |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | LEN     | Data length            |
| LSN  | Linkset name              | OPC     | Origination point code |
| PC   | Point code                | PKG     | Package                |
| SIO  | Service information octet | SCCP MT | SCCP message type      |
| TT   | Translation type          | SSN     | Subsystem number       |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1184 - Cnvrns Discard: Invalid SCCP elem't len

### Description

An element's length of contents field has received an element that extends beyond the end of its container element.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 5 SAS 34.0.0
0014.1184 CARD 1103,A2 INFO Cnvrns Discard: Invalid SCCP elem't len
 LEN=279
 SIO=03 OPC=002-002-002 DPC=001-001-001
 SCCP MT=004
 CDPA: AI=8B PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF0123456789ABCDE
 CGPA: AI=8B PC=004-004-004 SSN=006 TT=251
 ADDR=919460365512345678912
 LSN=A1234657

```

### Legend

|      |                           |         |                        |
|------|---------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                   | AI      | Address Indicator      |
| CDPA | Called party address      | CGPA    | Calling party address  |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | LEN     | Data length            |
| LSN  | Linkset name              | OPC     | Origination point code |
| PC   | Point code                | SCCP MT | SCCP message type      |
| SIO  | Service information octet | SSN     | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          |         |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1185 - GTI input clock anomalies detected

### Description

This message indicates additional high speed clock diagnostic data is available although the high speed clocks are valid.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0024.1185 HS CLOCK INFO GTI input clock anomalies detected
Reporting TDM Location : 1114
GTI Status Register : 0xA3
Primary LIU Violation Count : 200
Secondary LIU Violation Count : 125
Report Date:02-07-21 Time:16:20:19
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.

## 1189 - SCCP did not Route - DPC not in RTE Table

### Description

SCCP did not route a message because the destination point code (DPC) is not in the route (RTE) table. The message was discarded.

### Example

```
tekelecstp 05-06-03 14:40:24 EST UNKNOWN ???.?-55.34.0
0114.1189 CARD 1103,A1 SCCP did not Route - DPC not in RTE Table
TRANSLATED PC=1-012-1 TRANSLATED SS=006
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=0 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=0
 TT=007 NP=01 NAI=004 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=----- SSN=006
CGPA: NI=0 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=0
 TT=007 NP=01 NAI=004 ADDR=987654321098765432109
 PC=----- SSN=006
LSN=lsil201a
```

### Legend

|               |                            |      |                              |
|---------------|----------------------------|------|------------------------------|
| ADDR          | Address                    | CDPA | Called party address         |
| CGPA          | Calling party address      | GTI  | Global title indicator       |
| LSN           | Linkset name               | NAI  | Nature of address indicator  |
| NI            | Network indicator value    | NP   | Numbering plan               |
| PC            | Point code                 | PCI  | Protocol control information |
| RI            | Routing indicator          | SSN  | Subsystem number             |
| SSNI          | Subsystem number indicator | TT   | Translation type             |
| TRANSLATED PC | Translated point code      |      |                              |
| TRANSLATED SS | Translated subsystem       |      |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Check the absence of the DPC in the Routing table by entering `rtrv-rte:dpci=2-12-1` ( for `dpc`, or `dpcn`, or `dpcn24`, whichever is applicable).

2. If routing to this destination is required, provision the Routing table. See *Chapter 2 - Configuring Destination Tables - Adding a Destination Point Code* in the *Database Administration Manual - SS7*.

---
3. If routing to this destination is not required, remove the destination point code from the Routing table. See *Chapter 2 - Configuring Destination Tables - Removing a Destination Point Code* in the *Database Administration Manual - SS7*.

---

## 1196 - IP Connection Congestion Timeout

### Description

This UIM indicates an M3UA or SUA association on the IPGWx GPL has been congested for 30 seconds. At the end of the 30 second period, the congested association is moved to the out-of-service state. All traffic buffered for the association is discarded, at which time this UIM message is displayed.

To prevent a M3UA or a SUA association from remaining congested forever, a 30 second timer is started when an association becomes congested. A separate timer is started for each association that becomes congested.

Approximately one second after the traffic has been discarded, the association is automatically allowed to accept incoming requests to reestablish the association. The timer is not configurable and is not displayed.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0003.1196 CARD 1213,A INFO IP Connection Congestion Timeout
 ANAME = LONGASSOCNAME1

```

### Legend

ANAME        Long Association Name

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This is an informational message. No further action is necessary.
-

## 1197 - IP Connection refused

### Description

Reports that an attempt to connect to an IP client was rejected by the client.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA03W 99-04-10 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0003.1197 DCM 1213,A IP Connection refused
 RIPADDR = 123.123.123.123
 RPORT = 1314
 LIPADDR = 123.123.123.124
 LPORT = 1315
 SNAME=Unknown
 Report Date: 02-04-10 Time: 16:27:19
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

**1.** No action necessary.

Reports on connection status can be obtained for each DCM card with the following commands:

`pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="connmgr -l"` displays the connection manager event log.

`pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="connmgr -c"` displays socket client data.

`pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="connmgr -s"` displays socket server data.

---



## 1198 - IP Connection, Cannot resolve RHOST

### Description

Reports that an attempt to connect to an IP client failed because the hostname could not be found on the IP network.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA03W 99-04-10 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0003.1198 DCM 1213,A IP connection, Cannot resolve RHOST
 RIPADDR = Unknown
 RPORT = 1314
 LIPADDR = 123.123.123.124
 LPORT = 1315
 SNAME=LONGSOCKETNAME1
 Report Date: 02-04-10 Time: 16:27:19
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

**1.** No action necessary.

Reports on connection status can be obtained for each DCM card with the following commands:

`pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="connmgr -l"` displays the connection manager event log.

`pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="connmgr -c"` displays socket client data.

`pass:loc=xxxx:cmd="connmgr -s"` displays socket server data.

---

## 1199 - LNP DTH Measurements Discarded for DPC

### Description

Reports that LNP DTH measurements are being discarded because the capacity of the SSP DTH table has been exceeded.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-04-10 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
1234.1199 SYSTEM INFO LNP DTH Measurements Discarded for DPC
 DPC=001-001-001
 Non-Zero Measurements Discarded: Yes

```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. If the Non-Zero Measurements Discarded flag is set **No**, the discarded measurements are all zero, no action is necessary.

**NOTE:** If the Non-Zero Measurements Discarded flag is set **Yes**, Daily LNP Measurements will be lost for the specified DPC from the time of the LIM 1199 occurrence until the end of the day.

---

2. To retrieve the prior hour LNP SSP measurement pegs follow the procedure in “Hourly Maintenance Measurements” on page 4-92 of this manual. To retrieve the prior hour LNP measurements or other specific periods set the Accessible Collection Period: **Last or Specific**.

*Example: rept-meas:type=mtch:enttye=lnp:period=last*

---

## 1200 - INW ALT card as first to be preloaded

### Description

Reports the alternate card the system selected to be loaded with GPLs and data.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1200 SYSTEM INFO INW ALT card as first to be preloaded
CARD=1203 GPL=SS7ANSI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1201 - INW MAIN card as last to be reset

### Description

Reports the main card the system selected to be loaded with GPLs and data.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1201 SYSTEM INFO INW MAIN card as last to be reset
 CARD=1203 GPL=SS7ANSI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1202 - INW Asserted DDL inhibition

### Description

Reports that card cross loading is inhibited.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1202 SYSTEM INFO INW Asserted DDL inhibition
 CARD=1203 GPL=SS7ANSI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1203 - INW Card reset command issued

### Description

Reports that a card reset command has been issued.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1203 SYSTEM INFO INW Card reset command issued
 CARD=1203 GPL=SS7ANSI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1204 - INW Waiting for card loading validation

### Description

Reports that INW is waiting for validation of card loading.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1204 SYSTEM INFO INW Waiting for card loading validation
CARD=1203 GPL=SS7ANSI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1205 - INW Detected card loaded

### Description

Reports that INW has detected a successful completion of a card loading.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1205 SYSTEM INFO INW Detected card loaded
CARD=1203 GPL=SS7ANSI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-



## 1206 - INW Detected card reset or removed

### Description

Reports that INW has detected the reset or removal of a card.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1206 SYSTEM INFO INW Detected card reset or removed
CARD=1203 GPL=SS7ANSI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1207 - INW Allowed card to skip DDL inhibited

### Description

Reports that a card is being allowed to crossload.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1207 SYSTEM INFO INW Allowed card to skip DDL inhibited
CARD=1203 GPL=SS7ANSI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary
-

## 1208 - INW Removed DDL inhibition

### Description

Reports that INW has removed the Dynamic Data Loading (DDL) inhibition on a card.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1208 SYSTEM INFO INW Removed DDL inhibition
CARD=1203 GPL=SS7ANSI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1209 - INW Need to reset/remove/inhibit card

### Description

Reports that card must be manually reset, removed, or inhibited.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1209 SYSTEM INFO INW Need to reset/remove/inhibit card
 CARD=1203 GPL=SS7ANSI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1210 - INW Card failed to reset

### Description

Reports that card has failed to reset.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1210 SYSTEM INFO INW Card failed to reset
CARD=1203 GPL=SS7ANSI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1211 - INW Failed to assert DDL inhibition

### Description

Reports that a DDL inhibition has failed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1211 SYSTEM INFO INW Failed to assert DDL inhibition
CARD=1203 GPL=SS7ANSI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1212 - INW Failed to remove DDL inhibition

### Description

Reports that an attempt to remove DDL inhibition has failed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1212 SYSTEM INFO INW Failed to remove DDL inhibition
 CARD=1203 GPL=SS7ANSI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1213- INW Card failed to DDL crossload

### Description

Reports that a card failed to DDL crossload.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014. SYSTEM INFO INW Card failed to DDL crossload
 CARD=1203 GPL=SS7ANSI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-



## 1214 - INW Allowed card to DDL crossload

### Description

Reports that a card was allowed to crossload.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1214 SYSTEM INFO INW Allowed card to DDL crossload
CARD=1203 GPL=SS7ANSI
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1215 - GWS rcvd CDPA that could not be CNCFd

### Description

This message indicates the Eagle 5 SAS received an MSU, with a called party address (CDPA) that is not allowed in gateway screening (GWS) and cannot be converted.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1215 CARD 1205,B INFO GWS rcvd CDPA that could not be CNCFd
SIO=0a OPC=003-244-000 DPC=000-071-000
SCCP MT= 18
CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=10 PC=004-004-004 SSN=005 TT=251
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
SR=scrub LSN=A1234567

```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. If this called party address (CDPA) is one that should be converted, add the CDPA to the gateway screening (GWS) tables assigned to the link reporting this message. Use the *chg-scr-cdpa* command to add the CDPA to the list of allowed CDPA codes. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Gateway Screening* for instructions on adding a CDPA to GWS.

---

2. If the CDPA should not be converted, no action is necessary.

---

## 1216 - GWS rcvd CGPA that could not be CNCFd

### Description

This message indicates the Eagle 5 SAS received an MSU, with a calling party address (CGPA) that is not allowed in gateway screening (GWS) and cannot be converted.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1216 CARD 1205,B INFO GWS rcvd CGPA that could not be CNCFd
SIO=0a OPC=003-244-000 DPC=000-071-000
SCCP MT= 18
CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=10 PC=004-004-004 SSN=005 TT=251
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. If this calling party address (CGPA) is one that should be converted, add the CGPA to the gateway screening (GWS) tables assigned to the link reporting this message. Use the *chg-scr-cgpa* command to add the CGPA to the list of allowed CGPA codes. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Gateway Screening* for instructions on adding a CGPA to GWS.

---

2. If the CGPA should not be converted, no action is necessary.

---

## 1217 - GWS rcvd AFTPC that could not be CNCFd

### Description

This message indicates the Eagle 5 SAS received an MSU, with an allowed affected point code (AFTPC) that is not allowed in gateway screening (GWS) and cannot be converted.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1217 CARD 1205,B INFO GWS rcvd AFTPC that could not be CNCFd
SIO=0a OPC=003-244-000 DPC=000-071-000
SCCP MT= 18
CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=10 PC=004-004-004 SSN=005 TT=251
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |

**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. If this calling allowed affected point code (AFTPC) is one that should be converted, add the AFTPC to the gateway screening (GWS) tables assigned to the link reporting this message. Use the *chg-scr-aftpc* command to add the AFTPC to the list of allowed AFTPC codes. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Gateway Screening* for instructions on adding a AFTPC to GWS.
- 

2. If the AFTPC should not be converted, no action is necessary.
-

## 1218 - GWS rcvd TT that could not be CNCFd

### Description

This message indicates the Eagle 5 SAS received an MSU, with a translation type (TT) that is not allowed in gateway screening (GWS) and cannot be converted.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1218 CARD 1205,B INFO GWS rcvd TT that could not be CNCFd
SIO=0a OPC=003-244-000 DPC=000-071-000
SCCP MT= 18
CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=10 PC=004-004-004 SSN=005 TT=251
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

**NOTE: Four outputs are possible. The Legend includes abbreviations found in all variations.**

### Legend

|         |                                                           |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ADDR    | Address                                                   |
| AFTPC   | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS   | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| AI      | Address Indicator                                         |
| CDPA    | Called party address                                      |
| CGPA    | Calling party address                                     |
| DATA    | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management      |
| DPC     | Destination point code                                    |
| H0H1    | H0/H1 heading code                                        |
| LSN     | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT    | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC     | Origination point code                                    |
| PC      | Point code                                                |
| SCCP MT | SCCP message type                                         |
| SCMG    | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO     | Service information octet                                 |
| SR      | Screening reference name                                  |
| SSN     | Subsystem number                                          |
| TT      | Translation type                                          |
| TYPE    | SCCP management message type                              |



**Alarm Level**

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

**Procedure**

---

1. If this TT is one that should be converted, add the TT to the gateway screening (GWS) tables assigned to the link reporting this message. Use the *chg-scr-tt* command to add the TT to the list of allowed TT codes. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Gateway Screening* for instructions on adding a TT to GWS.

---
2. If this TT should not be converted, no action is necessary.

---

## 1219 - SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad GT ind

### Description

This message indicates that SCCP received a message from the network that was discarded because of a bad global title indicator in the called party address.

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1219 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad GT ind
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. This indicates that SCCP received a message that was discarded because the global title field in the called party address was invalid in the Eagle 5 SAS. No action is necessary.

## 1220 - SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad network

### Description

This message indicates that SCCP received a message from the network that it could not route and was discarded because of an invalid network indicator in the called party address.

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1220 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad network
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. This indicates that SCCP discarded a message because the network indicator (national or international) provided in the called party address is invalid in the Eagle 5 SAS. Contact that node and inform them of the problem.

## 1221 - SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - no SSN

### Description

This message indicates that SCCP received a message from the network that it could not route and was discarded because no subsystem number was present in the called party address.

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1221 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - no SSN
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=---
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. The sender of the discarded message is using an invalid message format. If there is only one occurrence, no action is necessary. However, if the condition continues, there may be problem at the node that is sending the invalid message. Contact that node and inform them of the problem.

## 1222 - SCCP rcvd inv GT - invalid selectors

### Description

This message indicates that SCCP receives a message from the network requiring global title translation but the message is discarded because the system does not recognize the translation type.

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1222 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rcvd inv GT - invalid selectors
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. This indicates a SCCP message was received with an invalid global title. The translation type indicator was invalid in the Eagle 5 SAS. If this message should have been routed (verified by the output shown above), continue to step 2.

2. Use the command *rtrv-tt*, and verify that the indicated translation type does not appear in the translation types table.

---
3. If there is no entry for the translation type indicated in the message, and there should be, use the *ent-tt* command to add the translation type to the Eagle 5 SAS translation type table. For more information about procedures for entering translation types, refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation*.

---

## 1223 - SCCP did not route - bad translation

### Description

This message indicates that SCCP did not route a message because it could not translate the global title. The message was discarded.

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1223 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP did not route - bad translation
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Enter the following command to verify the global title:

```
rttv-gtt:type=x:gta=yyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyy
```

where: *x* = SCCP message type

```
yyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyyy = cdpa address
```

2. If the global title is valid, refer to the *Database Administration Manual - Global Title Translation* to update the database.

If the message was correctly discarded, no action is necessary.

---



## 1224 - SCCP rcvd inv LSS - bad SSN

### Description

This message indicates that SCCP received a message destined to a local subsystem that was discarded because of a bad subsystem number (SSN).

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1224 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP rcvd inv LSS - bad SSN
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. The Eagle 5 SAS only supports subsystem 1. All other local subsystem numbers are invalid. Contact that node and inform them of the problem. No further action is necessary.

## 1225 - SCCP did not route - DPC OOS

### Description

This message indicates that SCCP did not route a message because the destination point code (DPC) was out-of-service (OOS). The message was discarded. This output is generated for ITU applications (EIR, INP, G-Port, or G-Flex).

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0019.1225 CARD 1104,A SCCP did not route - DPC OOS
TRANSLATED PC=003-003-003 TRANSLATED SS=005
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=004-004-004 SSN=003
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|               |                            |      |                              |
|---------------|----------------------------|------|------------------------------|
| ADDR          | Address                    | CDPA | Called party address         |
| CGPA          | Calling party address      | GTI  | Global title indicator       |
| LSN           | Linkset name               | NAI  | Nature of address indicator  |
| NI            | Network indicator value    | NP   | Numbering plan               |
| PC            | Point code                 | PCI  | Protocol control information |
| RI            | Routing indicator          | SSN  | Subsystem number             |
| SSNI          | Subsystem number indicator | TT   | Translation type             |
| TRANSLATED PC | Translated point code      |      |                              |
| TRANSLATED SS | Translated subsystem       |      |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Check the route and linksets by entering the *rept-stat-dstn* and *rept-stat-ls* commands.

2. Verify the link status using the *rept-stat-slk* command. For example, enter:

```
rept-stat-slk:loc=xxxx:port=b
```

where **xxxx** is the card location.

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-09-27 17:00:36 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SLK LSN CLLI PST SST AST
1201,B nsp1 ls02c11i OOS-MT Unavail ----
 ALARM STATUS = No alarm
 UNAVAIL REASON = FL NA LI RI
Command Completed.
```

3. Check the UNAVAIL REASON field in the output of the *rept-stat-slk* command. Following is an explanation of the UNAVAIL REASON codes:

FL - The signaling link has a fault.

NA - The signaling link is not aligned.

LI - The signaling link has been inhibited locally.

RI - The signaling link has been inhibited remotely.

LB - The signaling link has been blocked locally.

RB - The signaling link has been blocked remotely.

FC - The signaling link is unavailable because of false congestion.

RD(xx.xxx) - The signaling link is unavailable because of a restart delay to prevent signaling link oscillation. The number in parentheses indicates the amount of time, in seconds, remaining in the restart delay period. The link is restarted automatically after this amount of time has elapsed.

4. If the UNAVAIL REASON indicates an alignment problem or fault, activate a loopback using the *act-lpb* command, or use a physical loopback. (For a V.35, you must use an appropriate physical V.35 loopback.) If the signaling link aligns, contact the far-end to correct the problem.
5. If the UNAVAIL REASON still indicates an alignment problem or fault, check the status of the card by entering the *rept-stat-card* command for the specified card.
6. If the *rept-stat-card* command indicates a problem with the card, reset the card by entering the *init-card* command with the specified card location. If the card does not come up and links align, try first reseating the card, then replacing the card (using the card replacement procedures in **Appendix A, Card Removal/Replacement Procedures**).

7. If the UNAVAIL REASON indicates a locally inhibited link, enter the *unhb-slz* command with the specified card location.

---
8. If the UNAVAIL REASON indicates a locally blocked link, enter the *ublk-slz* command with the specified card location.

---
9. Otherwise, this indicates a failure at the distant node. Routing to this node has been halted as a result of network management. Maintenance personnel should be aware of the OOS condition, but no action is necessary. Monitor the links to the DPC and verify the DPC status changes to IS-NR (In-Service - Normal).

---

## 1226 - SCCP did not route - DPC congested

### Description

This message indicates that SCCP did not route a message because the destination point code (DPC) was congested. The message was discarded. This output is generated for ITU applications (EIR, INP, G-Port, or G-Flex).

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0019.1226 CARD 1104,A SCCP did not route - DPC congested
TRANSLATED PC=003-003-003 TRANSLATED SS=005
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=004-004-004 SSN=003
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|               |                            |      |                              |
|---------------|----------------------------|------|------------------------------|
| ADDR          | Address                    | CDPA | Called party address         |
| CGPA          | Calling party address      | GTI  | Global title indicator       |
| LSN           | Linkset name               | NAI  | Nature of address indicator  |
| NI            | Network indicator value    | NP   | Numbering plan               |
| PC            | Point code                 | PCI  | Protocol control information |
| RI            | Routing indicator          | SSN  | Subsystem number             |
| SSNI          | Subsystem number indicator | TT   | Translation type             |
| TRANSLATED PC | Translated point code      |      |                              |
| TRANSLATED SS | Translated subsystem       |      |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This indicates an SCCP message was discarded due to congestion at a distant node. Maintenance personnel should monitor the network and verify the nodes congestion status changes to zero (no congestion).

---

**NOTE:** A transfer controlled (TFC) should have been received on the link to indicate congestion to this node. When the congestion status changes, the congestion status indicator in the flow control messages will indicate what message type priorities can be transmitted to the distant node. If the condition persists, follow normal company procedures in dealing with congestion at distant nodes.

---

## 1227 - SCCP did not route - DPC not in MAP tbl

### Description

This message indicates that SCCP did not route a message because the destination point code was not in the mated application (MAP) table. The message was discarded. This output is generated for ITU applications (EIR, INP, G-Port, or G-Flex).

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0019.1227 CARD 1104,A SCCP did not route - DPC not in MAP tbl
TRANSLATED PC=003-003-003 TRANSLATED SS=005
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=004-004-004 SSN=003
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|               |                            |      |                              |
|---------------|----------------------------|------|------------------------------|
| ADDR          | Address                    | CDPA | Called party address         |
| CGPA          | Calling party address      | GTI  | Global title indicator       |
| LSN           | Linkset name               | NAI  | Nature of address indicator  |
| NI            | Network indicator value    | NP   | Numbering plan               |
| PC            | Point code                 | PCI  | Protocol control information |
| RI            | Routing indicator          | SSN  | Subsystem number             |
| SSNI          | Subsystem number indicator | TT   | Translation type             |
| TRANSLATED PC | Translated point code      |      |                              |
| TRANSLATED SS | Translated subsystem       |      |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. If the DPC that is indicated in the message should not be routed to, no further action is necessary.

2. If the DPC should be routed to from the Eagle 5 SAS, refer to the *Commands Manual* and use the *ent-map* command to enter the DPC into the mated application (MAP) table.
-



## 1228 - SCCP did not route - SS OOS

### Description

This message indicates that SCCP did not route a message because the destination subsystem (SSN) was Out-of-Service. The message was discarded. This output is generated for ITU applications (EIR, INP, G-Port, or G-Flex).

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0019.1228 CARD 1104,A SCCP did not route - SS OOS
TRANSLATED PC=003-003-003 TRANSLATED SS=005
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=004-004-004 SSN=003
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|               |                            |      |                              |
|---------------|----------------------------|------|------------------------------|
| ADDR          | Address                    | CDPA | Called party address         |
| CGPA          | Calling party address      | GTI  | Global title indicator       |
| LSN           | Linkset name               | NAI  | Nature of address indicator  |
| NI            | Network indicator value    | NP   | Numbering plan               |
| PC            | Point code                 | PCI  | Protocol control information |
| RI            | Routing indicator          | SSN  | Subsystem number             |
| SSNI          | Subsystem number indicator | TT   | Translation type             |
| TRANSLATED PC | Translated point code      |      |                              |
| TRANSLATED SS | Translated subsystem       |      |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. This message indicates that an MSU was discarded because the DPC SSN that it was addressed to is out-of-service (OOS). Contact the distant end node that this message refers to and verify that action is being taken to bring the SCCP back into service.

## 1229 - SCCP did not route - SS congested

### Description

This message indicates that SCCP did not route a message because the subsystem was congested. The message was discarded. This output is generated for ITU applications (EIR, INP, G-Port, or G-Flex).

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 0019.1229 CARD 1104,A SCCP did not route - SS congested
 TRANSLATED PC=003-003-003 TRANSLATED SS=005
 CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
 CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=004-004-004 SSN=003
 LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|               |                            |      |                              |
|---------------|----------------------------|------|------------------------------|
| ADDR          | Address                    | CDPA | Called party address         |
| CGPA          | Calling party address      | GTI  | Global title indicator       |
| LSN           | Linkset name               | NAI  | Nature of address indicator  |
| NI            | Network indicator value    | NP   | Numbering plan               |
| PC            | Point code                 | PCI  | Protocol control information |
| RI            | Routing indicator          | SSN  | Subsystem number             |
| SSNI          | Subsystem number indicator | TT   | Translation type             |
| TRANSLATED PC | Translated point code      |      |                              |
| TRANSLATED SS | Translated subsystem       |      |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

## Procedure

---

1. This indicates an SCCP message was discarded due to congestion at a subsystem. Maintenance personnel should monitor the network and verify the subsystems congestion status changes to zero (no congestion).

---

**NOTE:** A transfer controlled (TFC) should have been received on the link to indicate congestion to this node. When the congestion status changes, the congestion status indicator in the flow control messages will indicate what message type priorities can be transmitted to the distant node. If the condition persists, follow normal company procedures in dealing with congestion at distant nodes.

---

## 1230 - SCCP did not route - SS not in MAP tbl

### Description

This message indicates that SCCP did not route a message because the destination subsystem was not in the Mated Application (MAP) table. The message was discarded. This output is generated for ITU applications (EIR, INP, G-Port, or G-Flex).

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 0019.1230 CARD 1104,A SCCP did not route - SS not in MAP tbl
 TRANSLATED PC=003-003-003 TRANSLATED SS=005
 CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
 CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=004-004-004 SSN=003
 LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|               |                            |      |                              |
|---------------|----------------------------|------|------------------------------|
| ADDR          | Address                    | CDPA | Called party address         |
| CGPA          | Calling party address      | GTI  | Global title indicator       |
| LSN           | Linkset name               | NAI  | Nature of address indicator  |
| NI            | Network indicator value    | NP   | Numbering plan               |
| PC            | Point code                 | PCI  | Protocol control information |
| RI            | Routing indicator          | SSN  | Subsystem number             |
| SSNI          | Subsystem number indicator | TT   | Translation type             |
| TRANSLATED PC | Translated point code      |      |                              |
| TRANSLATED SS | Translated subsystem       |      |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. If the subsystem indicated in the message is not a mated application to the Eagle 5 SAS, no further action is necessary.

2. If the SCCP message should have been routed, refer to the *Commands Manual* and use the *ent-map* command to add the subsystem number to the mated application (MAP) table.
-

## 1231 - SCCP Encode Failure

### Description

This message indicates that there is an SCCP encode failure.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:02:47 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0115.1231 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP Encode Failure
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA LENGTH=000 MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: AI=10 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=12345678901234567890
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |             |                             |
|------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC         | Origination point code      |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA Length | Called party address length |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN         | Subsystem number            |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR        | Address                     |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC          | Point code                  |
| LSN  | Linkset name              | MSG TYPE    | Message type                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Contact the distant end node this message refers to and verify action is being taken to correct the SCCP encode failure problem.
-

## 1232 - SCCP Encode Failure

### Description

This message indicates that there is an SCCP encode failure.

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1232 CARD 1103,A INFO SCCP Encode Failure
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Contact the distant end node this message refers to and verify action is being taken to correct the SCCP encode failure problem.

## 1233 - MTP Invalid ITU TFR RCVD

### Description

This message indicates an ITU TFR (Transfer Restricted) procedure was received on a linkset that is not configured to receive these procedures.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-11-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0147.1233 CARD 1201,A INFO MTP Invalid ITU TFR RCVD
OPC=001-001-001 CPC=002-002-002
LSN=lsn01a
```

### Legend

|     |                        |
|-----|------------------------|
| CPC | Concerned point code   |
| LSN | Linkset name           |
| OPC | Origination point code |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Verify whether the MTP (Message Transfer Part) is supposed to support an ITU TFR on the linkset on which it was received. The ITU TFR procedure is valid for ITU national linksets only. As currently configured, the linkset does not accept TFRs.
- 
2. If ITU TFRs are to be accepted on the linkset, you must reconfigure the linkset to accept them. Use the *itutfr=on* parameter in the *chg-ls* command to enable the transfer restricted procedure. You must specify this parameter on each ITU national linkset you want to receive ITU TFRs.
-



## 1234 - LNP Day Meas. Discarded for NPANXX

### Description

This message indicates that the Daily LNP NPANXX measurement counts are incorrect because of discards due to provisioning.

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0002.1234 CARD 1201 INFO LNP Day Meas. Discarded for NPANXX
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Correct counts can be derived via calculation from LNP queries - discards - LRN pgs.
-

## 1237 - Dynamic database audit not current

### Description

The dynamic database audit has detected that checksums are inconsistent. This means that one or more cards do not concur with the current network configuration.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1237 SYSTEM INFO Dynamic database audit not current
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1238 - Full LNP database reload initiated

### Description

This message indicates that a cold restart is required for a TSM/BLM card. In this case, the entire LNP database is reloaded to the card.

### Example

```
station1234 96-08-01 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
1234.1238 SYSTEM INFO Full LNP database reload initiated:
 CARD=1101 GPL=SCCP CAUSE=<xxxxxxxx>
```

where <xxxxxxxx> is one of the following parameters:

| Parameter | Description                                                                                |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| XILINX    | M256 Xilinx version has changed.                                                           |
| POWER ON  | Power on reset.                                                                            |
| DB VER    | LNP database version has changed.                                                          |
| DB LVL    | Database level is not supported or difference exceeds incremental loading capability.      |
| HW ERR    | Hardware error bit checks on the card fail.                                                |
| CHECKSUM  | Checksum comparisons of the LNP database fail.                                             |
| NO AUDIT  | Unable to perform LNP DB audit. LNP audit not on or excessive number of unknown checksums. |
| USER REQ  | User initiated init-card or init-sys command reload type cold.                             |
| OTHER     | Other or unknown.                                                                          |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. If this UIM indicates that there is a hardware error or the database checksum test failed, there may be a hardware problem. When this condition repeats (the board resets and displays the same conditions again), do the following:
  - a. Reseat the card.
  - b. Replace the card to determine if it is defective.

2. For additional support, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

## 1239 - LNP updates inhibited:loading mode stability

### Description

This message indicates that LNP updates are being inhibited until the download sequence for a card or group of cards completes.

### Example

```
station1234 96-08-01 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
1234.1239 SYSTEM INFO DB updates inhibited:loading stability
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This is an automatic process and no action is necessary.
-

## 1240 - LNP updates allowed:loading mode stability

### Description

This message indicates that the download sequence for a card or group of cards is completed and the LNP updates are allowed.

### Example

```
station1234 96-08-01 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
1234.1240 SYSTEM INFO DB updates allowed:loading stability
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This is an automatic process and no action is necessary.
-

## 1241 - LNP Incremental Loading

### Description

This message indicates the progress in downloading the LNP database information to the applicable card or cards.

### Example

```
tekelecstp 00-04-24 06:54:41 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
5402.1241 SYSTEM INFO REPT EVT: LNP Incremental Loading.
 Database levels loaded : 0 of 1143
 Card List: 1101
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No corrective action is required.
-

## 1242 - Conv to intl num - Dflt CC not found

### Description

This message indicates that the default country code is not defined.

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1242 CARD 1103,A INFO Conv to intl num - Dflt CC not found
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Define the default CC using the *chg-stpopts:defcc* command. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for the proper usage.



## 1243 - Conv to intl num - Dflt NC not found

### Description

This message indicates that the default network destination code is not defined.

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1243 CARD 1103,A INFO Conv to intl num - Dflt NC not found
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Define the default CC using the *chg-stpopts:defndc* command. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for the proper usage.

## 1244 - Conv to intl num - Dflt MCC not found

### Description

This message indicates that the default E212 mobile country code is not defined.

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1244 CARD 1103,A INFO Conv to intl num - Dflt MCC not found
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Define the default CC using the *chg-gsmopts:defmcc* command. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for the proper usage.

## 1245 - Conv to intl num - Dflt MNC not found

### Description

This message indicates that the default E212 mobile network code is not defined.

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1245 CARD 1103,A INFO Conv to intl num - Dflt MNC not found
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Define the default CC using the *chg-gsmopts:defmnc* command. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for the proper usage.

## 1246 - Invalid length of conditioned digits

### Description

This message indicates that the the length of the conditioned international number is less than 5 or greater than 15 digits.

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1246 CARD 1103,A INFO Invalid length of conditioned digits
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Use an international number that is within the proper range - 5 or greater and 15 or less.

## 1247 - Conversion of MGT to IMSI not possible

### Description

This message indicates that the E212 mobile country code for the E214 mobile network code is not defined.

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1247 CARD 1103,A INFO Conversion of MGT to IMSI not possible
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Enter the E214 part for the E214 code in the database using the *chg-gsmopts:ccnc=xxxxxxxx:mccmnc=xxxxxxx* command. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for the proper usage.

## 1248 - GSM MAP Screening rcvd unknown originator

### Description

This message occurs when an MSU arrives with an SSN and MAP Op-Code that exist in the GSM SSN and MAP Op-Code tables, but the CGPA address does not exist in the GSM MAP Screening table or the CgPA address exists in the table but with an incorrect NPV/NAIV value. In this case, the default action for the Op-Code applies.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-11-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1248 CARD 1103 INFO GSM MAP Screening rcvd unknown originator
 OPC=001-001-003 DPC= 2-012-1
 CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=0 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
 CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=0 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
 DATA=3a e2 38 c7 04 56 04 72 e0 e8 30 e9
 2e cf 01 00 d0 02 83 01 f2 25 aa 0b
 84 09 01 00 11 0a 19 49
 Op-Code=61 Forbidden Param=N/A Action=Discard

```

### Legend

|      |                              |         |                              |
|------|------------------------------|---------|------------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                      | CDPA    | Called party address         |
| CGPA | Calling party address        | GTI     | Global title indicator       |
| NAI  | Nature of address indicator  | NI      | Network indicator value      |
| NP   | Numbering plan               | OPC     | Origination point code       |
| PC   | Point code                   | PCI     | Protocol control information |
| RI   | Routing indicator            | Op-Code | Operation Code               |
| SSN  | Subsystem number             | SSNI    | Subsystem number indicator   |
| TT   | Translation type             | Param   | Parameter                    |
| DATA | Hex dump of TCAP part of MSU |         |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. To prevent the GSM screening from disallowing this MSU, add the CgPA address to the GSM MAP or correct the CgPA address NPV or NAIV.

2. Alternatively, you may choose to disable MPS Screening on the specific linkset entirely. In an emergency situation for example, you can prevent MAP Screening from occurring on any suspected linkset with the *chg-ls:gsmscrn=off* command. Using this command means no MAP Screening will be performed on any MSU arriving through the linkset, which results in UIM #1248 no longer appearing.

---
3. Another choice is to change the default action shown in the example. It shows the `Action=Discard` for any MSU with `Op-Code=61`. This choice lets you set the default action to `Pass`; specify the command *chg-gsms-opcode:opname=* <insert the *opname* corresponding to the Op-Code> *:ndftact=pass*. This action does not prevent UIMs from being reported, but it does prevent the specified Op-Code from being discarded.

---
4. If the frequency of UIM #1248 messages is distracting, you can limit the number of UIMs displayed per time interval for a specific UIM. Use the command *set-uim-acthresh:limit=1:intrvl=5:uimn=1248* to limit the output of UIM #1248 to one output every 5 minutes.

**NOTE:** Use this suggestion sparingly, if at all. This action has value in temporarily suppressing a large volume of UIMs while diagnosing a MAP Screening situation.

---

## 1249 - SCCP rcvd GSM MAP Opcode w/forbidden param

### Description

This message occurs when an MSU is screened in the GSM MAP Screening table and the MSU was found to contain a forbidden parameter as provisioned in the GSM MAP Screening table. The action that applies is taken from the matching entry in the GSM MAP Screening table.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-11-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1249 CARD 1103 INFO SCCP rcvd GSM MAP Op-Code w/forbidden param
 OPC=001-001-003 DPC= 2-012-1
 CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=0 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
 CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=0 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
 DATA=3a e2 38 c7 04 56 04 72 e0 e8 30 e9
 2e cf 01 00 d0 02 83 01 f2 25 aa 0b
 84 09 01 00 11 0a 19 49
 Op-Code=### Forbidden Param=N/A Action=PASS

```

### Legend

|      |                              |         |                              |
|------|------------------------------|---------|------------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                      | CDPA    | Called party address         |
| CGPA | Calling party address        | GTI     | Global title indicator       |
| NAI  | Nature of address indicator  | NI      | Network indicator value      |
| NP   | Numbering plan               | OPC     | Origination point code       |
| PC   | Point code                   | PCI     | Protocol control information |
| RI   | Routing indicator            | Op-Code | Operation Code               |
| SSN  | Subsystem number             | SSNI    | Subsystem number indicator   |
| TT   | Translation type             | Param   | Parameter                    |
| DATA | Hex dump of TCAP part of MSU |         |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. The GSM MAP Screening table has successfully screened the forbidden parameter. The resulting action is performed from the matching entry.



2. To alter the screening being performed, redefine the GSM MAP Screening table using the *gsmap* commands.
-

## 1250 - SCCP rcvd undefined MAP Op-Code

### Description

This message occurs when an MSU passes the origination or destination SSN screening process and the MAP Op-Code table is searched, but the Op-Code of the MSU is not found in the MAP Op-Code table. In this case, the default action from the STPOPTS table applies.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-11-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1250 CARD 1103 INFO SCCP rcvd undefined MAP Op-Code
 OPC=001-001-003 DPC= 2-012-1
 CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=0 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
 CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=0 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
 DATA=3a e2 38 c7 04 56 04 72 e0 e8 30 e9
 2e cf 01 00 d0 02 83 01 f2 25 aa 0b
 84 09 01 00 11 0a 19 49
 Op-Code=### Forbidden Param=N/A Action=ATIERR

```

### Legend

|      |                              |         |                              |
|------|------------------------------|---------|------------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                      | CDPA    | Called party address         |
| CGPA | Calling party address        | GTI     | Global title indicator       |
| NAI  | Nature of address indicator  | NI      | Network indicator value      |
| NP   | Numbering plan               | OPC     | Origination point code       |
| PC   | Point code                   | PCI     | Protocol control information |
| RI   | Routing indicator            | Op-Code | Operation Code               |
| SSN  | Subsystem number             | SSNI    | Subsystem number indicator   |
| TT   | Translation type             | Param   | Parameter                    |
| DATA | Hex dump of TCAP part of MSU |         |                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. The GSM MAP Opcode table was searched, and the Op-Code of the MSU was not found.

2. The GSM MAP Op-Code table has successfully screened an Op-Code that was not included in the GSM MAP Opcode table.

---
3. However, if the Op-Code should not be screened, you can add it into the GSM MAP Op-Code table.

---
4. To alter the screening being performed, change the default action for GSM screening when the Op-Code is not defined with the STPOPTS commands.

---

## 1251 - Measurements data copy failure

### Description

Measurements data is copied to all MCPM cards after collection. Measurements data copy to a Secondary MCPM failed.

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0002.1251 CARD 1201 INFO Measurements data copy failure
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. There is no immediate action needed, but the message indicates that the error was encountered.
-

## 1252 - Report generation failure

### Description

This message is generated by the Primary MCPM. The measurement report identified in the output message did not generate.

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0002.1252 CARD 1201 INFO Report generation failure
IP:111.111.111.111 FTP Error: XXXX
File Name: tues_serv.csv
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the *rept-ftp-meas* command to manually initiate the generation and FTP transfer of the indicated measurement report. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for the correct usage of this command.
-

## 1253 - Report transfer failure FTP Server

### Description

This message is generated by the Primary MCPM. The FTP transfer of the indicated report failed.

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0002.1253 CARD 1201,A INFO Report transfer failure FTP Server
IP:111.111.111.111 FTP Error: XXXX
File Name: tues_serv.csv
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the *rept-ftp-meas* command to manually initiate the generation and FTP transfer of the indicated measurement report. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for the correct usage of this command.
-

## 1254 - Scheduled transfer failure

### Description

This message is generated by the Primary MCPM. Some of the reports scheduled to be generated and transferred were not transferred.

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0002.1254 CARD 1201 INFO Scheduled transfer failure
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the *rept-ftp-meas* command to manually initiate the generation and FTP transfer of the affected measurement report. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for the correct usage of this command.
-

## 1255 - IS-41 LNP Qry rejected: WNP is OFF

### Description

The EAGLE 5 SAS has rejected an LNPQS query that is decoded as an IS-41 Query because the appropriate WNP (Wireless Number Portability) feature is not on.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 03-04-18 19:02:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0112.1255 CARD 1103,A1 INFO IS-41 LNP Qry rejected: WNP is OFF
SIO=83 OPC=001-101-001 DPC=001-001-001
CDPA: AI=cb SSN=016 TT=012
 ADDR=919380
CGPA: AI=c3 PC=001-101-001 SSN=016
DATA=3a e2 38 c7 04 56 04 72 e0 e8 30 e9
 2e cf 01 00 d0 02 83 01 f2 25 aa 0b
 84 09 01 00 11 0a 19 49
LSN=e1m1s1

```

### Legend

|      |                              |             |                             |
|------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet    | OPC         | Origination point code      |
| DPC  | Destination point code       | CDPA Length | Called party address length |
| AI   | Address Indicator            | SSN         | Subsystem number            |
| TT   | Translation type             | ADDR        | Address                     |
| CGPA | Calling party address        | PC          | Point code                  |
| DATA | Hex dump of TCAP part of MSU | MSG TYPE    | Message type                |
| LSN  | Linkset name                 |             |                             |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. If you want to support the WNP feature, issue the `chg-feat :wnp=on` command to process IS-41 LNP queries.
2. If you do not want to support the WNP feature, ignore this informational message.
3. For additional information or assistance about the WNP or any feature to purchase, call Tekelec Technical Services.



## 1256 - MNP Circular Route Detected

### Description

This message indicates the network has incorrect number portability data for a subscriber.

### Example

```
station1234 99-08-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1256 CARD 1103,A INFO MNP Circular Route Detected
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Verify and update number portability data.
-

## 1257 - DB restore has cleared and Disabled PDS

### Description

A DB restore has rendered the data on PDS table obsolete. The PDS table will be updated when the OAM is rebooted.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1257 SYSTEM INFO DB restore has cleared and Disabled PDS
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1258 - Map Screening cannot Forward MSU

### Description

This message occurs when an MSU selected by MAP Screening for the Forward screening action cannot be forwarded.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-11-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1258 CARD 1103 INFO Map Screening cannot Forward MSU
 OPC=001-001-003 DPC= 2-012-1
 CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=0 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
 CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=0 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
 Op-Code=61 Forbidden Param=N/A Action=Discard

```

### Legend

|      |                             |         |                              |
|------|-----------------------------|---------|------------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                     | CDPA    | Called party address         |
| CGPA | Calling party address       | GTI     | Global title indicator       |
| NAI  | Nature of address indicator | NI      | Network indicator value      |
| NP   | Numbering plan              | OPC     | Origination point code       |
| PC   | Point code                  | PCI     | Protocol control information |
| RI   | Routing indicator           | Op-Code | Operation Code               |
| SSN  | Subsystem number            | SSNI    | Subsystem number indicator   |
| TT   | Translation type            | Param   | Parameter                    |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. If the DPC indicated in the message should not be routed to, no further action is necessary.
2. If the DPC should be routed to from the Eagle 5 SAS, use the *ent-map* command to enter the DPC into the mated application (MAP) table.

3. If the subsystem indicated in the message is not a mated application to the Eagle 5 SAS, no further action is necessary.

---
4. If the SCCP message should have been routed, use the *ent-map* command to add the subsystem number to the mated application (MAP) table.

---

## 1259 - Map Screening cannot Duplicate MSU

### Description

This message occurs when an MSU selected by MAP Screening for the Duplicate screening action cannot be duplicated or routed to the duplicate node.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-11-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1259 CARD 1103 INFO Map Screening cannot Duplicate MSU
 OPC=001-001-003 DPC= 2-012-1
 CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=0 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
 CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=0 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
 Op-Code=61 Forbidden Param=N/A Action=Discard

```

### Legend

|      |                             |         |                              |
|------|-----------------------------|---------|------------------------------|
| ADDR | Address                     | CDPA    | Called party address         |
| CGPA | Calling party address       | GTI     | Global title indicator       |
| NAI  | Nature of address indicator | NI      | Network indicator value      |
| NP   | Numbering plan              | OPC     | Origination point code       |
| PC   | Point code                  | PCI     | Protocol control information |
| RI   | Routing indicator           | Op-Code | Operation Code               |
| SSN  | Subsystem number            | SSNI    | Subsystem number indicator   |
| TT   | Translation type            | Param   | Parameter                    |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. If the DPC indicated in the message should not be routed to, no further action is necessary.
2. If the DPC should be routed to from the Eagle 5 SAS, use the *ent-map* command to enter the DPC into the mated application (MAP) table.

3. If the subsystem indicated in the message is not a mated application to the Eagle 5 SAS, no further action is necessary.

---
4. If the SCCP message should have been routed, use the *ent-map* command to add the subsystem number to the mated application (MAP) table.

---

## 1260 - LSS: Unsupported TCAP msg type

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received an SCCP message containing an unsupported TCAP (transaction capabilities application portion) message type.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1260 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: Unsupported TCAP msg type
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1261 - LSS: Invalid len in transaction portion

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message containing an invalid length in the transaction portion of the message.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1261 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: Invalid len in transaction portion
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-



## 1262 - LSS: Invalid len in dialogue portion

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message with an invalid length in the dialogue portion of the message.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1262 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: Invalid len in dialogue portion
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1263 - LSS: Invalid len in component portion

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message with an invalid length in the component portion of the message.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1263 CARD 1103,A INFO LSS: Invalid len in component portion
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1264 - LSS: No originating transaction ID

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message that does not have an originating transaction ID.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1264 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: No originating transaction ID
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1265 - LSS: Invalid transaction ID len

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message containing an invalid transaction ID length.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1265 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: Invalid transaction ID len
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1266 - LSS: Destination transaction ID in Begin

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a Begin TCAP message containing a destination transaction ID. (The Begin message should have an originating transaction ID only. A destination transaction ID is valid only in Abort, Continue, and End TCAP messages.)

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1266 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: Destination transaction ID in Begin
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1267 - LSS: No External element

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message that does not contain an External element in the dialogue portion of the message.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1267 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: No External element
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1268 - LSS: No External Object Identifier

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message that does not contain an Object Identifier element in the External element in the dialogue portion of the message.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1268 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: No External Object Identifier
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1269 - LSS: Not Structured Dialogue

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message with an Object Identifier value in the External element in the dialogue portion that does not indicate a structured dialogue as specified in ITU Q.773.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1269 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: Not Structured Dialogue
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-



## 1270 - LSS: No External ASN1-Type

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message that does not have an ASN1-Type element in the External element in the dialogue portion of the message.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1270 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: No External ANS1-Type
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1271 - LSS: No Dialogue Request

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message that does not have a Dialogue Request element in the ASN1-Type element in the dialogue portion of the message.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1271 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: No Dialogue Request
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1272 - LSS: No Application Context Name

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message that does not have an Application Context Name element in the Dialogue Request element in the dialogue portion of the message.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1272 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: No Application Context Name
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1273 - LSS: No ACN Object Identifier

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message that does not have an Object Identifier element in the Application Context Name element in the dialogue portion of the message.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1273 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: No ACN Object Identifier
 SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
 CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
 CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1274 - LSS: No component portion

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message that does not contain a component portion tag.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1274 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: No component portion
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1275 - LSS: No Invoke component

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message that does not contain an Invoke component.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1275 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: No Invoke component
 SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
 CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
 CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1276 - LSS: No Invoke ID

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message that does not contain an Invoke ID within the component.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1276 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: No Invoke ID
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1277 - LSS: No operation code

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message that does not contain an operation code tag within the component.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1277 CARD 1103,A2 INFO LSS: No operation code
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-



## 1278 - LSS: No parameter (set/sequence)

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message that does not contain a parameter, parameter set, or a parameter sequence within the component.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1278 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: No parameter (set/sequence)
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1279 - LSS: Unsupported network type

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received an SCCP message of an unsupported network type.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1279 CARD 1103,A INFO LSS: Unsupported network type
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1280 - LSS: Unsupported SCCP msg type

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received an SCCP message of an unsupported SCCP message type.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1280 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: Unsupported SCCP msg type
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1281 - LSS: No SCCP CDPA SSN

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received an SCCP message for which the subsystem number (SSN) for the called party (CDPA) is missing.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1281 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: No SCCP CDPA SSN
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=50 SSN=000 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1282 - LSS: Unsupported SCCP CDPA GTI

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received an SCCP message for which the GTI (Global Title Indicator) value for the called party (CDPA) is unsupported.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1282 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: Unsupported SCCP CDPA GTI
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=4E SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1283 - LSS: Unsupported SCCP CGPA RI

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received an SCCP message for which the RI (Routing Indicator) value for the calling party (CGPA) is unsupported.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1283 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: Unsupported SCCP CGPA RI
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=12 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1284 - LSS: Unknown SSP PC

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received an SCCP message that contained an SSP (Service Switching Point) point code (PC) that is not in the EAGLE 5 SAS routing table. The SSP PC is the CGPA PC (if it exists) or the OPC, otherwise. In the example below, the SSP PC is 001-001-002.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1284 CARD 1103,A2 INFO LSS: Unknown SSP PC
 SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
 CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
 CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-002 SSN=002
 LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. The LSS received a message that does not have a corresponding SSP point code entry in the EAGLE 5 SAS routing table.
-

2. You must decide whether you want to accept queries from that SSP.
  - a. If you choose to not respond to queries from that SSP, use the gateway screening feature to stop this information message from re-appearing by having the EAGLE 5 SAS reject queries from that specific SSP. No further action is necessary.
  - b. If you want to respond to queries from that SSP, continue with the next step.

---
3. List the routing table entry for the SSP in question with the *rtrv-rte* command.
  - a. If the retrieve route command shows the SSP point code has an EAGLE 5 SAS routing table entry, which is not expected since this message says no entry exists, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number about this situation. Do not continue to other steps of this procedure.  
  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
  - b. If the retrieve route command shows no entry in the routing table, which is expected here, continue with the next step.

---
4. List the destination table entry for the SSP in question with the *rtrv-dstn* command.
  - a. If the SSP point code is not in the EAGLE 5 SAS destination table, add that entry with the *ent-dstn* command. (For detailed information about using the *ent-dstn* command, refer to "Adding a Destination Point Code" in Chapter 2, "Configuring Destination Tables" in the *EAGLE Database Administration -- SS7* manual.) Proceed to Step 5.
  - b. If the SSP point code is in the EAGLE 5 SAS destination table, continue with the next step.

---
5. Enter the route set for the SSP point code by issuing one of more *ent-rte* commands. (For detailed information about using the *ent-rte* command, refer to "Adding a Route" in the chapter "SS7 Configuration" in the *EAGLE Database Administration - SS7* manual.)

---



## 1285 - LSS: No SCCP CGPA SSN

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received an SCCP message in which the subsystem number (SSN) for the calling party (CGPA) is missing.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1285 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: No SCCP CGPA SSN
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=41 PC=001-001-001 SSN=000
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1286 - LSS: Invalid INAP CalledPartyNumber len

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received an INAP message in which the Called Party Number parameter length is invalid.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1286 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: Invalid INAP CalledPartyNumber len
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1287 - LSS: Unsupported ACN Object ID len

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message in which the length of the Application Context Name's Object Identifier is unsupported.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1287 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: Unsupported ACN Object ID len
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1288 - LSS: Unsupported operation code

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message in which the operation code is unsupported.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1288 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: Unsupported operation code
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1289 - LSS: No parameter sequence

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message that has a single parameter or a parameter set instead of the expected parameter sequence.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1289 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: No parameter sequence
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1290 - LSS: No INAP ServiceKey parameter

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received an INAP message that does not contain the Service Key parameter.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1290 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: No INAP ServiceKey parameter
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1291 - LSS: No INAP CalledPartyNumber param

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received an INAP message that does not contain an Called Party Number parameter.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1291 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: No INAP CalledPartyNumber param
 SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
 CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
 CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1292 - LSS: Parameters out of sequence

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received a TCAP message in which the mandatory and conditional parameters are not in the correct sequence.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1292 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: Parameters out of sequence
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-



## 1293 - LSS: Invalid num of digits in INAP CdPN

### Description

This message indicates that the LSS (local subsystem) received an INAP message containing an invalid number of digits in the Called Party Number (CdPN) parameter.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 99-12-18 18:59:23 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0101.1293 CARD 1103,A1 INFO LSS: Invalid num of digits in INAP CdPN
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
CDPA: AI=52 SSN=005 TT=250
 ADDR=ABCDEF1234567890ABCDE
CGPA: AI=43 PC=001-001-001 SSN=002
LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                           |      |                        |
|------|---------------------------|------|------------------------|
| SIO  | Service information octet | OPC  | Origination point code |
| DPC  | Destination point code    | CDPA | Called party address   |
| AI   | Address Indicator         | SSN  | Subsystem number       |
| TT   | Translation type          | ADDR | Address                |
| CGPA | Calling party address     | PC   | Point code             |
| LSN  | Linkset name              |      |                        |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action at the EAGLE 5 SAS is necessary.
-

## 1294 - Invalid digits in MAP MSISDN parameter

### Description

This message indicates that no valid digits were found in the MAP MSISDN parameter.

### Example

```
station1234 00-10-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1294 CARD 1103,A INFO Invalid digits in MAP MSISDN parameter
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Change the message to have valid digits (digits length greater than 0) in the MSISDN parameter.

## 1295 - Translation PC is EAGLE 5 SAS's

### Description

This message indicates that the point code translation is invalid because it is one the EAGLE 5 SAS's own point codes.

### Example

```
station1234 00-10-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1295 CARD 1103,A INFO Translation PC is EAGLE's
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Change the translation point code for the entry to a non-EAGLE 5 SAS's point code. Provision the entity data from the EPAP/ELAP. Refer to the *EPAP Administration Manual* or the *ELAP Administration Manual*, and see the topic "Manage Network Entities" for details about changing this entity data.

## 1296 - Translation PC type is ANSI

### Description

This message indicates that the point code translation is invalid because it is an ANSI point code.

### Example

```
station1234 11-10-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1296 CARD 1103,A INFO Translation PC type is ANSI
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Change the translation point code type to a non-ANSI type. Provision the point code type from the EPAP. Refer to the *EPAP Administration Manual* and see the topic “Manage Network Entities” for details about changing this entity data.

## 1297 - Invalid length of prefix/suffix digits

### Description

This message indicates that the attempted digit action of prefixing or suffixing the entity ID is invalid because the combined length of the entity ID and GT digits is greater than 21 digits.

### Example

```
station1234 11-10-30 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0018.1297 CARD 1103,A INFO Invalid length of prefix/suffix digits
SIO=03 OPC=001-001-001 DPC=002-002-002
SCCP MSG TYPE=04
CDPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=250 NP=04 NAI=010 ADDR=123456789012345678901
 PC=003-003-003 SSN=005
CGPA: NI=1 RI=0 GTI=04 SSNI=1 PCI=1
 TT=100 NP=07 NAI=012 ADDR=012345678901234567890
 PC=001-001-001 SSN=004
LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|          |                              |      |                             |
|----------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| ADDR     | Address                      | CDPA | Called party address        |
| CGPA     | Calling party address        | DPC  | Destination point code      |
| GTI      | Global title indicator       | LSN  | Linkset name                |
| MSG TYPE | Message type                 | NAI  | Nature of address indicator |
| NI       | Network indicator value      | NP   | Numbering plan              |
| OPC      | Origination point code       | PC   | Point code                  |
| PCI      | Protocol control information | RI   | Routing indicator           |
| SIO      | Service information octet    | SSN  | Subsystem number            |
| SSNI     | Subsystem number indicator   | TT   | Translation type            |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

1. Change the attempted digit action or decrease the length of the entity ID or the GT digits to a length of 21 digits or less. Provision the digit action or the entity ID length from the EPAP. Refer to the *EPAP Administration Manual* for details.

## 1298 - Updates inhibited: loading stability

### Description

The SCCP card was auto inhibited because GTT and LNP are on at the same time. This is an invalid configuration.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1298 SYSTEM INFO Updates inhibited: loading stability
CARD=1203 GPL=VSCCP
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1299 - Updates allowed: loading stability

### Description

The auto-inhibited SCCP card problem has been corrected. Updates are now allowed.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0014.1299 SYSTEM INFO Updates allowed: loading stability
CARD=1203 GPL=VSCCP
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1300 - REPT EVT: Incremental Loading

### Description

This message indicates the progress in downloading the SCCP database information to the applicable card or cards.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:58 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0105.1300 SYSTEM INFO REPT EVT: Incremental Loading
 Database levels loaded : 1 of 25
 Card list: 1101, 1103
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No corrective action is required.
-



## 1301 - SECMTPMATE - rcvd mate PC on non C-link

### Description

This message indicates the EAGLE 5 SAS received a MTP message that failed the mate SID verification. The message was discarded.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:58 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0105.1301 CARD 1205,A INFO SECMTPMATE - rcvd mate PC on non C-link
 SIO=0a OPC=003-247-000 DPC=002-000-000
 DATA=12 34 56 78 90 12 34 56 78 90 12 34
 56 78 90 12 34 56 78 90 12 34 56 78
 SR=scrib LSN=A1234567
```

### Legend

|      |                                                      |
|------|------------------------------------------------------|
| DATA | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management |
| DPC  | Destination point code                               |
| LSN  | Linkset name                                         |
| OPC  | Origination point code                               |
| SIO  | Service information octet                            |
| SR   | Screening reference name                             |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1302 - SECMTPSID - rcvd MSU with OPC = SID

### Description

This message indicates the EAGLE 5 SAS received a MTP message that failed the self SID verification. The message was discarded.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:58 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0105.1302 CARD 1205,A INFO SECMTPSID - rcvd MSU with OPC = SID
 SIO=0a OPC=003-247-000 DPC=002-000-000
 DATA=12 34 56 78 90 12 34 56 78 90 12 34
 56 78 90 12 34 56 78 90 12 34 56 78
 SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|      |                                                      |
|------|------------------------------------------------------|
| DATA | Information from the upper layers of SCCP management |
| DPC  | Destination point code                               |
| LSN  | Linkset name                                         |
| OPC  | Origination point code                               |
| SIO  | Service information octet                            |
| SR   | Screening reference name                             |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1303 - SECMTPSNM - no rte to OPC/AFTPC

### Description

This message indicates the EAGLE 5 SAS received a MTP network management message that failed the MTP Network Management Message OPC Verification. The message was discarded.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1303 CARD 1105,B INFO SECMTPSNM - no rte to OPC/AFTPC
 SIO=0a OPC=003-243-000 DPC=000-024-000
 H0H1=41 AFTPC=099-099-003
 SR=osp3 LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|       |                                         |
|-------|-----------------------------------------|
| AFTPC | Affected point code (for SCCP messages) |
| DPC   | Destination point code                  |
| H0H1  | H0/H1 heading code                      |
| LSN   | Linkset name                            |
| OPC   | Origination point code                  |
| SIO   | Service information octet               |
| SR    | Screening reference name                |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1304 - SECSCCPSCMG - no rte to AFTPC

### Description

This message indicates the EAGLE 5 SAS received a MTP network management message that failed the SCMG AFTPC Verification. The message was discarded.

### Example

```

RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0102.1304 CARD 1205,B INFO SECSCCPSCMG - no rte to AFTPC
 SIO=03 OPC=003-245-000 DPC=001-004-000
 SCMG: TYPE=000 AFTPC=003-003-003
 MULT=000 AFTSS=005
 SR=scrib LSN=A1234567

```

### Legend

|       |                                                           |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| AFTPC | Affected point code (for SCCP messages)                   |
| AFTSS | Affected subsystem (identifies the subsystem that failed) |
| DPC   | Destination point code                                    |
| LSN   | Linkset name                                              |
| MULT  | SCCP management message multiplicity indicator            |
| OPC   | Origination point code                                    |
| SCMG  | SCCP management message                                   |
| SIO   | Service information octet                                 |
| SR    | Screening reference name                                  |
| TYPE  | SCCP management message type                              |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1305 - MTP rcvd UPU - User SCCP, Cause invalid

### Description

This message is generated for a UPU message for a SCCP user when the unavailability cause indicates a SCCP translation exists for a node that does not have a SCCP user part.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-02-07 11:02:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0100.1305 CARD 1201,A INFO MTP rcvd UPU - user SCCP, Cause invalid
SIO=03 OPC=003-232-000 DPC=001-004-000
AFTPC=004-000-001 UPU=03 UNAVAIL CAUSE=001
LSN=A1234567
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1306 - GSMOPTS: EIR Global Response is ON

### Description

The EIR Global Response Type is on. The EIR Global Response Type is set by the `chg-gsmopts` command and the `eirgrsp` parameter.

The Global Response Type is used to override the response that is returned to the MSC (Mobile Switching Center). The default value is OFF. When this parameter is set to OFF, the normal list logic is applied to the IMEI. If the Global Response Type is set to a value other than OFF, there is no list logic processing, and the response corresponding to the `eirgrsp` value is sent to the MSC.

For more information about `eirgrsp`, refer to the `chg-gsmopts` command in the *Commands Manual*.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-08-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0140.1306 CARD 1201 INFO GSMOPTS: EIR Global Response is ON
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No corrective action is required.
-

## 1307 - GSMOPTS: EIR Global Response is OFF

### Description

The EIR Global Response Type is off. The EIR Global Response Type is set by the `chg-gsmopts` command and the `eirgrsp` parameter.

The Global Response Type is used to override the response that is returned to the MSC (Mobile Switching Center). The default value is OFF. When this parameter is set to OFF, the normal list logic is applied to the IMEI. If the Global Response Type is set to a value other than OFF, there is no list logic processing, and the response corresponding to the `eirgrsp` value is sent to the MSC.

For more information about `eirgrsp`, refer to the `chg-gsmopts` command in the *Commands Manual*.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-08-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0140.1306 CARD 1201 INFO GSMOPTS: EIR Global Response is OFF
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No corrective action is required.
-

## 1308 - Updates inhibited: Target -Cell CRC Fail

This message appears if the target-cell checksums do not match. This message, similar to UIM 1239, but including the table id, shall be issued by the Eagle User Interface (UI) for each event.

### Example

```
station1234 96-08-01 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
1234.1308 SYSTEM INFO Updates inhibited:Target-Cell CRC Fail
 CARD=1107 TABLE=50 OFFSET=XXXX TRGT CRC=1423697
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This is an automatic process and no action is necessary.
-



## 1309 - Updates inhibited: Source-Cell CRC Fail

If the source cell fails validation this message, similar to UIM 1239, but including the table id, shall be issued by the Eagle User Interface (UI) for each event.

### Example

```
station1234 96-08-01 16:28:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
1234.1309 SYSTEM INFO Updates inhibited:Source-Cell CRC Fail
CARD=1107 TABLE=50 OFFSET=XXXX
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. This is an automatic process and no action is necessary.
-

## 1310 - System Meas. Limit exceeded for LRN

### Description

This UIM is issued if the Measurements Platform is not enabled and if the number of provisioned LRNs exceeds 100,000. When the limit of 100,00 is exceeded, this UIM is notification that the LNP LRN measurements report will be truncated, and additional LRN measurements will not be collected or reported.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0140.1310 CARD 1201 INFO System Meas. Limit exceeded for LRN
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. You have two options if this UIM appears:
    - Install the Measurements Platform to increase the reporting limits, or
    - If you have any unused LRN entries, you can remove them such that the number of provisioned LRNs does not exceed the limit of 100,000.
-

## 1311 - System Meas. Limit exceeded for NPANXX

### Description

This UIM is issued if the Measurements Platform is not enabled and if the number of provisioned NPANXXs exceeds 150,000. When the limit of 150,000 is exceeded, this UIM is notification that the LNP NPANXX measurements report will be truncated, and additional NPANXX measurements will not be collected or reported.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0140.1311 CARD 1201 INFO System Meas. limit exceeded for NPANXX
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. You have two options if this UIM appears:
    - Install the Measurements Platform to increase the reporting limits, or
    - If you have any unused NPANXX entries, you can remove them such that the number of provisioned NPANXXs does not exceed the limit of 150,000.
-

## 1321 - Eagle RTDB Birthdate Mismatch

### Description

This message appears if the EAGLE 5 SAS connects to an ELAP and the birthdates do not match between the RTDB on the ELAP and the RTDB on the EAGLE 5 SAS.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0008.1321 SYSTEM INFO Eagle RTDB Birthdate Mismatch
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Call the "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

## 1322 - Eagle RTDB Levels Invalid

This message will appear if the EAGLE 5 SAS connects to an ELAP and the ELAP's RTDB db-level is less-than the EAGLE's RTDB db-level.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0008.1322 SYSTEM INFO Eagle RTDB Levels Invalid
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Call the "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

## 1323 - Eagle/Elap TN Quantity Mismatch

This message appears if the EAGLE 5 SAS connects to an ELAP that has a greater number of TNs provisioned than the EAGLE's quantity keys allow.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0008.1323 SYSTEM INFO Eagle/Elap TN Quantity Mismatch
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Call the "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

## 1324 - Eagle/Elap NPANXX Quantity Mismatch

This message appears if the EAGLE 5 SAS connects to an ELAP that has a greater number of NPANXXs provisioned than the EAGLE's quantity keys allow.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0008.1324 SYSTEM INFO Eagle/Elap NPANXX Quantity Mismatch
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Call the "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

## 1325 - Eagle/Elap LRN Quantity Mismatch

This message appears if the EAGLE 5 SAS connects to an ELAP that has a greater number of LRNs provisioned than the EAGLE's quantity keys allow.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0008.1325 SYSTEM INFO Eagle/Elap LRN Quantity Mismatch
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Call the "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-



## 1326 - Eagle RTDB Depth Alert

RTDB data is stored as inverse tree structures the trees have a maximum depth allowed. This alarm indicates that the maximum depth has been reached for a tree. If the alarm was initiated during a data update, the update will continually fail until there is manual intervention.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 19:09:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0008.1326 SYSTEM INFO Eagle RTDB Depth Alert
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Call the "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

## 1327 - SCS (Redirect) PC Prohibited: Cannot Route

The SCS is prohibited, so messages that would be redirected to it are sent to their original destination.

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0010.1327 LINK 1205,B INFO SCS (Redirect) PC Prohibited: Cannot Route
 SIO=0a OPC=3-236-1 DPC=1-014-2
 LSN=A1234567890
```

### Legend

|     |                           |
|-----|---------------------------|
| DPC | Destination point code    |
| LSN | Linkset name              |
| OPC | Origination point code    |
| SIO | Service information octet |

### Procedure

---

1. Call the "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

## 1328 - IDCA not provisioned for network type

The IDCA must be provisioned in the remote appl table for the network type (ANSI, ITU-I, ITU-N, ITU-N24)

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0010.1328 LINK 1205,B INFO IDCA not provisioned for network type
SIO=0a OPC=3-236-1 DPC=1-014-2
LSN=A1234567890
```

### Legend

|     |                           |
|-----|---------------------------|
| DPC | Destination point code    |
| LSN | Linkset name              |
| OPC | Origination point code    |
| SIO | Service information octet |

### Procedure

---

1. Call the "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

## 1329 - IDCA not reachable for network type

The IDCA is prohibited, so MSUs that would have been routed there are sent to their original destination.

### Example

```
station5 00-04-18 19:12:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0010.1329 LINK 1205,B INFO IDCA not reachable for network type
SIO=0a OPC=3-236-1 DPC=1-014-2
LSN=A1234567890
```

### Legend

|     |                           |
|-----|---------------------------|
| DPC | Destination point code    |
| LSN | Linkset name              |
| OPC | Origination point code    |
| SIO | Service information octet |

### Procedure

---

1. Call the "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
-

## 1490 - Telnet terminal connection successful

### Description

Indicates that a telnet connection has been established with the EAGLE 5 SAS from the specified location, but no terminal has yet been selected.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0102.1490 CARD 1105,B INFO Telnet terminal connection successful
RIPADDR=192.168.57.52
RIPORT=2336
LIPADDR=192.168.53.46
LIPORT=23
```

### Legend

|         |                        |
|---------|------------------------|
| LIPADDR | Local IP Address       |
| LIPORT  | Local TCP Port Number  |
| RIPADDR | Remote IP Address      |
| RIPORT  | Remote TCP Port Number |

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1491 - Terminal enabled

### Description

This message indicates that the specified telnet terminal has been successfully selected by a user via telnet.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0105.1491 SYSTEM INFO Terminal enabled.
 TERMINAL 20
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1492 -Terminal failed

### Description

This message indicates that the specified telnet terminal has been disconnected.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 00-04-18 18:59:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
0105.1492 SYSTEM INFO Terminal failed.
 TERMINAL 20
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1493 -SSH Host Keys Regenerated

### Description

This message indicates that the OA&M IP Security Enhancements feature has successfully generated new host public/private key pairs. This occurs during cold restarts of an IPSM card. During initialization, this UIM displays the new key.

**NOTE:** This UIM indicates a new public/private key is in effect. The old key is now invalid. The new key must be installed on SSH clients (on the FTRA) before any connections are permitted.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-08-18 18:59:30 EST EAGLE 30.2.0
0105.1493 SYSTEM INFO SSH Host Keys Regenerated
 DSA Server Host Key FTRA-formatted Fingerprint=
 xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. Record the DSA Server Host Key FTRA-formatted fingerprint that is in the last line of the UIM.
2. Save the fingerprint.

The fingerprint will be installed on the FTRA if the FTP Retrieve and Replace feature is used.

**NOTE:** Refer to the *FTP-Based Table Retrieve Application (FTRA) User Guide* for the fingerprint installation procedure.

---



## 1494 -SSH Host Keys Loaded

### Description

This message indicates that the OA&M IP Security Enhancements feature has successfully preserved existing host public/private key pairs. This occurs during reloads, init-card, and alw-card operations. During initialization, this UIM shows the state of the existing host key.

### Example

```
RLGHNCXA21W 03-08-18 18:59:30 EST EAGLE 30.2.0
0105.1494 SYSTEM INFO SSH Host Keys Loaded
 DSA Server Host Key FTRA-formatted Fingerprint=
 xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx xx
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1495 - Awaiting LSMS bulk download

### Description

This UIM is issued after the CHG-DB:ACTION=BEGINEDL command is successfully processed. It repeats at 5 minute intervals thereafter until the database download stream from the LSMS begins. As soon as the LSMS starts sending data, UIM 1496: "LSMS bulk download in progress" is issued instead.

### Example

```
tekelecstp 99-03-09 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
5061.1495 SYSTEM INFO Awaiting LSMS Bulk Download
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1496 - LSMS bulk download in progress

### Description

This UIM is issued as soon as the first bulk download record is received from the LSMS, and then at 5 minute intervals thereafter, until the LSMS signals to the system that the entire download stream has been sent. This UIM lets the operator know that the LSMS has actually started sending the DB download stream to the system, and that the transmission of the download stream is still underway.

### Example

```
tekelecstp 99-03-09 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
5061.1496 SYSTEM INFO LSMS bulk download in progress
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1497 - LSMS bulk download complete

### Description

This UIM is issued as LSMS signals to the system that the entire download stream has been transmitted. The system operator may now complete the bulk download progress by issuing one of the following:

- CHG-DB:ACTION=FINISHEDL command to copy the LNP DB from the BLM card to the OAM fixed disks,  
or
- CHG-DB:ACTION=CANCELEDL command to prevent the copy to the OAM fixed disks

### Example

```
tekelecstp 99-03-09 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
5061.1497 SYSTEM INFO LSMS bulk download complete
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-

## 1498 - LSMS bulk download cancelled at LSMS

### Description

This UIM is issued when LSMS signals to the system that the bulk download has been cancelled at the LSMS GUI. The UIM informs the system operator that the bulk download is no longer in progress. The operator can cancel the bulk download (from the system) by issuing CHG-DB:ACTION=CANCELEDL, which will once again allow the system to accept LNP DB update requests.

### Example

```
tekelecstp 99-03-09 12:01:43 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
5061.1498 SYSTEM INFO LSMS bulk download cancelled at LSMS
```

### Alarm Level

No alarm condition. The message is informational only.

### Procedure

---

1. No action necessary.
-



# 4

## Measurements

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## Introduction

This section describes EAGLE 5 SAS measurements. Measurements provide support for:

- STP performance management
- SS7 traffic monitoring and engineering
- Specific feature performance analysis (STPLAN)

Measurements provide operations and maintenance personnel with network performance and STP performance data in accordance with:

- Telcordia GR-82-CORE, Issue 5, December 2001
- Telcordia GR-310-CORE, Issue 1, November 1994
- Telcordia GR-478-CORE, Issue 4, February 2000
- Telcordia GR-778-CORE, Issue 1, November 1994
- Telcordia GR-2878-CORE, Issue 4, December 1999

The primary functions of Measurements are as follows:

- Collection: Measurements are collected at 5, 30, and 60-minute intervals.
- Storage: Measurements are stored in dedicated RAM tables and/or disks after collection. Most are retained for 24 hours. LNP, INP, G-Port, MAP Screening, and Daily EIR measurements are retained for 7 days.
- Retrieval: Measurements data is retrieved from the RAM storage area and/or disk. ACTIVE measurement data is retrieved and reported from the application cards.
- Reporting: Measurement reports are available on-demand/scheduled as follows:

30-minute intervals (scheduled and on-demand)  
cumulative day-to-hour (on-demand)  
daily (scheduled and on-demand)  
hourly LNP and INP (scheduled and on-demand)  
active 5 minute data (on-demand)  
optional 15-minute interval (refer to “Optional 15-Minute Measurements” on page 4-10)

There are twelve types of measurement reports on the EAGLE 5 SAS. The measurement reports fall into four categories. The categories and types of measurement reports are as follows:

### *Traffic Engineering Reports*

- STP system totals (SYSTOT)
- Component measurements (COMP)
- Network management (NM)

### *Error Tracking/Troubleshooting Reports*

- Daily availability (AVLD)
- Day-to-hour availability (AVLDTH)
- Availability (AVL)

### *Daily Maintenance Reports*

- Daily maintenance measurements (MTCD)
- Day-to-hour maintenance measurements (MTCPTH)
- Hourly maintenance measurements (MTCH)

### *Network Usage Reports*

- Gateway (GTWY)
- Record Base (RBASE)

### *Maintenance Status Reports*

- Maintenance Status Indicators (MTCS)

## Measurements

### OAM Based Measurements

The collection of measurements is a separate task from reporting. Measurements collection is activated automatically upon system power-up, or through administrative commands. Collection is organized by ENTTYPE and reporting period. Collection occurs per link every 5 minutes, and separately every 30 minutes. Measurements are generated on the application cards and periodically collected by the OAM and stored for later retrieval on the TDMs. The command related to measurements collection is *chg-meas*.

Reports can be scheduled or printed on-demand. Scheduled measurements are directed to the Traffic Unsolicited Output Message group. No other unsolicited output is sent to this output group. Scheduled and on-demand reports are accessible by the following administrative commands:

- *chg-meas* - Turns collection on/off and schedules automatic report generation.
- *rtrv-meas-sched* - Verifies collection state and automatic report schedules.
- *rept-meas* - Generates individual measurement reports for schedule-enttype-entid combinations.
- *chg-trm* - Used to configure terminals to collect measurement reports on a system that contains less than 700 links.

Refer to the *System Administration Manual - System Management* for information on configuring the measurements terminal.

Before a report is printed, measurement collection must be activated. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for more information on how to use measurement commands.

### Measurements Platform

The Measurements Platform is required for an EAGLE 5 SAS with more than 700 links. It provides a dedicated processor for collecting and reporting STP, LNP, INP, G-FLEX, G-PORT, and EIR measurements data. The platform consists of multiple Measurement Collection and Polling Module (MCPM) cards in a primary/secondaries configuration, in which a single primary MCPM performs all collection and reporting functions. The secondary MCPM cards serve as backup for the primary. The EAGLE 5 SAS interface is via the standard IMT bus and allows communications with the network elements and the OAM. The interface to the customer's network supports the FTP transfer of Measurements reports to an FTP server.

The Primary MCPM maintains constant communication with all Secondary cards as a way of each monitoring the health status of the other. If the primary MCPM fails before or during collection, a secondary MCPM card assumes the Primary role and begins/continues collection.

Enabling the Measurements Platform feature (feature bit is turned on), allows the Measurements Platform to be provisioned and tested without transferring measurement functionality from the OAM to the Platform. Once the Platform hardware, software, and ethernet connections have been provisioned and verified, the transfer of measurements functionality from the OAM to the Measurement Platform is initiated by setting the *Measurements Platform Installed* bit, which is set by the system only once. From the point that the *Measurements Platform Installed* bit is set and initial data transfer has occurred, the measurements functionality of the OAM is limited to operator interface for measurement configuration and on-demand report requests. The Measurements Platform assumes the collection duties and stores the collected data in MCPM RAM. Following collection, scheduled reports are automatically generated and transferred to the customer's FTP server via the FTP interface.

**NOTE: Existing FTP file server reports are overwritten by subsequent requests that produce the identical file name.**

Reports can be scheduled or printed on-demand. Scheduled and on-demand reports are accessible by the following administrative commands:

- *chg-measopts* - Used to enable or disable the automatic generation and FTP transfer of scheduled measurement reports to the FTP server.
- *rept-stat-meas* - Reports the status of the measurements subsystem including card location and state, Alarm level, and Subsystem State.
- *rept-ftp-meas* - Manually initiates generation and FTP transfer of a measurements report from the MCPM to the FTP server.
- *rtrv-measopts* - Generates a user interface display showing the enabled/disabled status of all FTP scheduled reports.

Refer to the *Commands Manual* for more information on how to use measurement commands.

Report files are divided into three sections:

1. System header
2. Individual report header
3. Report data

## Measurements

The system header size varies depending on embedded data. A typical size of 250 bytes is used in all calculations in the examples in this manual. The report header size varies depending on the report type, but is always the same size for an individual report type. The size of the report data section varies depending on the number of entities being reported, and the particular data items being reported for each entity (i.e. a count of 0 versus a large count). For the estimates given in this manual, 6 characters are assumed for each data item, including the comma delimiter. Other variable quantities, such as the number of entities in the report, are stated with each example. The output file sizes calculated in this manual are rough estimates only. They are not intended to be an exact representation of output file size, which could vary significantly depending on the configuration of a particular system.

**Table 4-1.** Measurements Platform System Header

| Field Name | Description                                                | Unit       |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| CLLI       | The Common Language Location Identifier for the STP        | ASCII Text |
| SWREL      | The software release currently running on the STP          | ASCII Text |
| RPTDATE    | The date on which the report was generated                 | YYYY-MM-DD |
| RPTIME     | The time at which the report was generated (24 hour clock) | HH:MM:SS   |
| TZ         | An abbreviation for the time zone                          | ASCII Text |
| RPTTYPE    | The type of report being generated                         | ASCII Text |
| RPTPD      | The period of the report                                   | ASCII Text |
| IVALIDDATE | The date for the report interval                           | YYYY-MM-DD |
| IIVALSTART | The starting time of the report interval                   | HH:MM:SS   |
| IIVALEND   | The ending time of the report interval                     | HH:MM:SS   |
| NUMENTIDS  | The number of entities contained in the report             | Integer    |

Example header format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", " IVALIDDATE",
" IIVALSTART", " IIVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"STP SYSTEM TOTAL MEASUREMENTS ON
STP", "LAST", "1999-01-17", "15:00:00", "15:30:00", 1<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
```

## File Naming Conventions

### *CLLI-based Names Disabled*

File names consist of three fields, separated by underscores, followed by the .csv extension so that the files can be readily identified as comma separated variable format. Due to the overall length of the file names, long file names (beyond 8.3 format) are be utilized The three fields in the name are:

1. Up to 13 characters for the report type (sched-entity, i.e. systot-stp, mtcnth-lnkset)

2. 8 characters for the report date (yyyymmdd). This reflects the date the data is generated.
3. 4 characters for the ending report time (hhmm). This is defined as the common boundary between the end of the last period and the beginning of the next period. For example, the half hour from 2:00PM to 2:30PM would end at 1430. A day-to-hour period ends on the hour. A daily period or specific request for the final hour or half-hour of a day ends at 2400, midnight.

Output file name examples:

Half hourly STP system totals generated 1999-02-24 at 15:22:00 for the last period would be (the period from 1430 to 1500 on 02/24/99):

**systot-stp\_19990224\_1500.csv**

Maintenance daily linkset report generated 2001-07-17 at any time would be (the period from 0000 to 2400 on 07/16/01):

**mtcd-lnkset\_20010716\_2400.csv**

Maintenance day-to-hour link report generated 2003-04-29 at 08:32:00 would be (the period from 0000 to 0800 on 04/29/03):

**mtcdth-link\_20030429\_0800.csv**

Half hourly STP system totals generated 1999-02-23 at 00:15:20 for the specific end time 0030 would be (the period from 0000 to 0030 on 02/23/99):

**systot-stp\_19990223\_0030.csv**

Half hourly STP system totals generated 1999-02-24 at 00:15:30 for the specific end time 2330 would be (the period from 2300 to 2330 on 02/23/99):

**systot-stp\_19990223\_2330.csv**

Half hourly STP system totals generated 1999-02-24 at any time for the specific end time 2400 or 0000 would be (the period from 2330 to 2400 on 02/23/99):

**systot-stp\_19990223\_2400.csv**

Some applications will reformat fields when opening the .csv file. Use a text editor when opening .csv files to examine file content as presented in output file examples in this document.

***CLLI-based Names Enabled***

File names consist of 4 fields, separated by underscores, followed by the .csv extension so that the files can be readily identified as comma separated variable format. The four fields in the name are:

1. Up to 11 characters for the CLLI of the EAGLE 5 SAS.
2. Up to 13 characters for the report type (sched-entity, i.e. systot-stp, mtcldth-lnkset)

## Measurements

3. 4 characters for the report date (mmdd) This reflects the date the data is generated.
4. 4 characters for the ending report time (hhmm). This is defined as the common boundary between the end of the last period and the beginning of the next period. For example, the half hour from 2:00PM to 2:30PM would end at 1430. A day-to-hour period ends on the hour. A daily period or specific request for the final hour or half-hour of a day ends at 2400, midnight.

Output file name examples:

Half hourly STP system totals generated 02-24 at 15:22:00 for the last period would be (the period from 1430 to 1500 on 02/24):

```
wnrtpaah01w_systot-stp_0224_1500.csv
```

Maintenance daily linkset report generated 07-17 at any time would be (the period from 0000 to 2400 on 07/16):

```
wnrtpaah01w_mtc-d-lnkset_0716_2400.csv
```

Maintenance day-to-hour link report generated 04-29 at 08:32:00 would be (the period from 0000 to 0800 on 04/29):

```
wnrtpaah01w_mtc-dth-link_0429_0800.csv
```

Half hourly STP system totals generated 02-23 at 00:15:20 for the specific end time 0030 would be (the period from 0000 to 0030 on 02/23):

```
wnrtpaah01w_systot-stp_0223_0030.csv
```

Half hourly STP system totals generated 02-24 at 00:15:30 for the specific end time 2330 would be (the period from 2300 to 2330 on 02/23):

```
wnrtpaah01w_systot-stp_0223_2330.csv
```

Half hourly STP system totals generated 1999-02-24 at any time for the specific end time 2400 or 0000 would be (the period from 2330 to 2400 on 02/23/99):

```
wnrtpaah01w_systot-stp_0223_2400.csv
```

Some applications will reformat fields when opening the .csv file. Use a text editor when opening .csv files to examine file content as presented in output file examples in this document.

### Optional 15-Minute Measurements

The Measurements Platform has the capability to collect and report STP, link, and linkset measurements on a 15-minute basis. All of the measurements available for 30-minute collection are available every 15 minutes when the feature option is operational.

The feature is controlled by a feature access key and a measurement option. Turning on the feature requires a part number. The feature cannot be turned off once turned on. It is a Permanently ON feature. Upon turn on, the collection period defaults to the 30-minute option. Refer to the *Database Administration Manual - System Management* for details on implementing the 15-minute measurements feature.

The feature becomes operational when the collection period has been changed to 15 minutes. The collection period is changed from 30 minutes to 15 minutes (and vice versa) by using the *chg-measopts:collect15min* command. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for detailed usage information. When the 30-minute option is selected, measurements data is collected and reported each half-hour at hh:00 and hh:30. When the 15-minute option is selected, measurements data is collected and reported four times each hour at hh:00, hh:15, hh:30, and hh:45. The current state of the option is displayed with the Measurements Platform options. Report types supported by 15 minute measurements are:

- systot
- comp
- gtwy
- avl

After 15-minute measurements collection and reporting is operational, 15-minute reports are retrieved using *rept-meas* or *rept-ftp-meas* commands. Refer to the *Commands Manual* for detailed usage information.

#### Data Collection Details

The various scenarios for making 15-minute collection operational, and the impact on data collection are shown in Table 4-2. The first column specifies the four quarter-hour intervals during which 15-minute collection could be made operational. The second column identifies the impact of making 15-minute collection operational during the specified time window. If 15-minute collection is made operational during the first or third quarter hour, there is no impact on the collected data. If 15-minute collection is made operational during the second or fourth quarter hour, the data that is collected and stored for that quarter-hour actually represents 30 minutes of data. This is not an error and no measurements data is lost. Rather it is a side effect of making 15-minute collection operational after the previous quarter-hour boundary has already passed.



**Table 4-2.** Enabling 15-Minute Measurements - Impacts

| <b>Time Window for Making 15-Minute Measurements Operational</b> | <b>Impact on Data Collection</b>                                                                        | <b>Data Loss</b> |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| <i>xx00 to xx15</i>                                              | 15 minutes of data will be collected for the quarter-hour <i>xx15</i>                                   | None             |
| <i>xx15 to xx30</i>                                              | The <i>xx15</i> interval will contain no data. The <i>xx30</i> interval will contain 30 minutes of data | None             |
| <i>xx30 to xx45</i>                                              | 15 minutes of data will be collected for the quarter-hour <i>xx45</i>                                   | None             |
| <i>xx45 to xx00</i>                                              | The <i>xx45</i> interval will contain no data. The <i>xx00</i> interval will contain 30 minutes of data | None             |

Some quarter-hour measurements data may not be available for 24 hours after making 15-minute collection operational. This condition exists for quarter-hour intervals for which 15-minute collection has not yet occurred. Data that was collected on a 30-minute basis is available for reporting for up to 24 hours after it is collected. Once the 15-minute collection option is enabled, this data remains available on a half-hour basis (*xx00* and *xx30*) but is not available on a quarter-hour basis (*xx15* and *xx45*). After the 15-minute collection option has been enabled for 24 hours, all 15-minute measurements data is available on a quarter-hour basis (*xx00*, *xx15*, *xx30*, and *xx45*).

In addition, full 30-minute data coverage will not be available until 24 hours after making 15-minute collection not operational. Reports for specific periods will always contain the amount of data collected for that period. If SEAS reporting is enabled, for 24 hours after 15-min measurements are made not operational, 30-minute demand SEAS reports for time periods prior to feature status change will only contain 15 minutes of data, and SEAS will not support reporting at the *xx15* and *xx45* times.

Also note that in the exception case of making 15-minute collection not operational, if the feature is made not operational in the first 15 minutes of a half-hour (*xx00-xx15* or *xx30-xx45*) and a demand report is requested in the second 15 minutes of a half-hour (*xx15-xx30* or *xx45-xx60*) for *period=last* (or *period* unspecified), the report given will be the last 15-minute interval (*xx00-xx15* or *xx30-xx45*), not the last collected 15-minute interval (*xx45-xx00* or *xx15-xx30*). Note that collection did not occur during this 15-minute period, and *Measurements data not current* will be issued. To get a report for the last collected 15-minute interval, *period=specific* has to be issued with the command with the correct QH/HH value.

If the feature control status of 15-minute measurements is turned on and a report is requested for the active interval (*period=active*) prior to the next scheduled measurements collection (based on the current 15-minute measurements status), then the data will be correct but the starting time for the period shown in the report will be incorrect. As soon as the next scheduled collection occurs, then active reports will show the correct data and the correct starting time.

A similar limitation also exists for *period=last*. If the feature control status of 15-minute measurements is turned on and a report is requested for the last interval prior to the next scheduled measurements collection (based on the current 15-minute measurements status), then the start and end times for the period shown in the report will be incorrect. The data presented in the report will correspond to the start and end times. As soon as the next scheduled collection occurs, then *period=last* reports will show the correct start and end times and the corresponding data for that interval.

If collection has not occurred since changing the operation status, then *period=specific* needs to be issued to get the last period collected.

## Report Parameters

Reports are available for the following entities:

- EIR - Equipment Identity Register
- LINK - Signaling link
- LNKSET - Linkset
- LNP - Local number portability
- LSDESTNI - Linkset destination network identifier
- LSORIGNI - Linkset originating network identifier
- MAPSCRN - Global Systems for Mobile Communications Mobile Application Part Screening Measurements
- NP - Intelligent network application part based number portability
- ORIGNI - Originating network identifier
- ORIGNINC - Originating network identifier for network cluster
- STP - All nodes
- TT - Translation type
- STPLAN - TCP-IP links

There are four accessible periods for which measurements may be reported:

- *Last* is used to access the previous collection interval.
- *Specific* is used to access a specific interval (one of the previous 48 half hour intervals).
- *Active* is used to access measurements for the current collection interval.
- *All* is used to access measurements for all collection intervals retained.

## Reports

The tables that follow in this chapter define the parameters used in the measurement reports. Included in the tables are the event name, description and unit of measurement as described in Telcordia GR-82-CORE.

The Example Commands and the Example Outputs are separated according to the collection method used to collect and report measurements.

- OAM Indicates measurements are collected by the OAM and stored for retrieval on the TDMs.
- MP Indicates measurements are collected and stored by the Measurements Platform. Scheduled reports are automatically generated and transferred to the customer's FTP server via the FTP interface.

**NOTE: The Status Event Name appearing in the Measurement Tables only appears when using the Measurements Platform. The Example Outputs and the Example Inputs are examples. Variations exist and are likely. Refer to the Commands Manual for complete (options, variables) information on command usage.**

**The Measurements Platform is required for systems with more than 700 links. In this case, the *chg-meas:collect=off* can be used to disable the output without affecting the actual collection. If OAM based scheduled reported are disabled via this mechanism, then the TRAF output group may be turned-off since there is no output directed to it.**

### STP System Totals (SYSTOT) Measurements

These measurements are used to monitor the overall performance of the STP.

**Entity types:** STP, Translation Type (TT), STPLAN

**Accumulation interval:** Every 30 minutes

**Optional MP Accumulation Interval:** Every 15 minutes

**STP retention period:** 24 hours

**Reporting modes:** Scheduled, On-Demand

**Accessible collection periods:** Last, Specific (MP)

**enttype=stp**

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=systot:enttype=stp*

MP *rept-ftp-meas:type=systot:enttype=stp*

**Table 4-3.** STP System Total STP Measurements

| <b>Event Name</b> | <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | <b>Unit</b>   |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| CRSYSAL           | <b>Number of Critical System Alarms</b> - The total number of critical system alarms.                                                                                                                                                                           | peg count     |
| DTAMSULOST        | <b>DTA MSUs Lost</b> - The total number of MSUs that were discarded because the original MSU was too large to be encapsulated.                                                                                                                                  | peg count     |
| DURINTFL          | <b>Duration of Internal Node Failure</b> - Total time that messages could not be switched to outgoing link (apart from any link interface failure).                                                                                                             | milli-seconds |
| GFGTMATCH         | <b>G-Flex GTTs with Match</b> - The total number of G-Flex Global Title Translations successfully completed.                                                                                                                                                    | peg count     |
| GFGTNOMCH         | <b>G-Flex GTTs No Match</b> - The total number of G-Flex Global Title Translations completed that did not match an entry in the GSM database.                                                                                                                   | peg count     |
| GFGTNOLKUP        | <b>G-Flex GTTs No Look-up</b> - The total number of G-Flex Global Title Translations that could not be looked up in the GSM database because of some error.                                                                                                     | peg count     |
| GTTPERFD          | <b>GTTs Performed</b> - The total number of MSUs that successfully completed global title translation (GTT).                                                                                                                                                    | peg count     |
| GTTUNONS          | <b>GTTs Unable to Perform - Diagnostic 0: No Translation for Address of Such Nature</b> – Total number of times that the specified translation type in an MSU was not supported by the STP or the form of the GTT was incorrect for the given translation type. | peg count     |
| GTTUN1NT          | <b>GTTs Unable to Perform - Diagnostic 1: No Translation for This Address</b> – Number of times that a match for the global title could not be found in the translation table.                                                                                  | peg count     |
| IDPRMSERR         | The total number of MSU's selected for IDPR service which could not be processed due to errors in encoding, decoding, or formatting.                                                                                                                            | peg count     |
| IDPRMSFAIL        | Total number of MSU's selected for IDPR service which fell through to GTT due to (1) no match on MSISDN in MNPDB, or (2) match on MSISDN but no association to RN or SP.                                                                                        | peg count     |
| IDPRMSRCV         | Total number of MSU's received and selected for IDPR service. This register includes counts for MSU's that resulted in both successful and unsuccessful MNPDB lookups.                                                                                          | peg count     |

Measurements

**Table 4-3.** STP System Total STP Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                       | Unit            |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| IDPRMSSUCC | Number of MSU's selected for IDPR service for which the MNPDB lookup resulted in a match on MSISDN with association to an RN or SP.                                                               | peg count       |
| MASYSAL    | <b>Number of Major System Alarms</b> - The total number of major system alarms.                                                                                                                   | peg count       |
| MISYSAL    | <b>Number of Minor System Alarms</b> - The total of minor system alarms.                                                                                                                          | peg count       |
| NMSCCPMH   | The current daily system-wide peak SCCP message handling load in transactions per second.                                                                                                         | xact per second |
| MSINVDPC   | <b>MSUs Rcvd – Invalid DPC</b> - Number of MSUs received and discarded because the DPC could not be found in the STP routing table.                                                               | peg count       |
| MSINVLNK   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Invalid Link</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because of an incorrect SLC. (The SLC refers to a nonexistent link or the same link.)                                             | peg count       |
| MSINVSIF   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Invalid SIF</b> - Number of MSUs that have been received and discarded because of an invalid SIF.                                                                             | peg count       |
| MSINVSIO   | <b>MSUs Rcvd – Invalid service indicator octet (SIO)</b> - Number of MSUs received and discarded because the service requested in the service indicator octet (SIO) was not supported by the STP. | peg count       |
| MSINVSLC   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Invalid SLC</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because of an invalid SLC code in the ECO/COO.                                                                                     | peg count       |
| MSNACDPC   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Inaccessible DPC</b> - The total number of MSUs discarded because of an inaccessible DPC.                                                                                     | peg count       |
| MSSCCPFL   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Routing Failure</b> - Number of MSUs discarded due to an SCCP routing failure.                                                                                                | peg count       |
| MSUDSCRD   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Gateway Screening</b> - The total number of MSUs that failed gateway screening and were discarded. See linkset report for individual peg counts.                              | peg count       |
| MSULOST1   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Level 2/Level 3 Queue Full</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because the level 2 to level 3 queue was full.                                                                      | peg count       |
| MSULOST2   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Route On Hold Buffer Overflow</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because the routing buffer was in overflow.                                                                      | peg count       |
| MSULOST3   | <b>MSUs Discarded – LS On Hold Buffer Overflow</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because the linkset-on-hold buffer was in overflow.                                                                 | peg count       |

**Table 4-3.** STP System Total STP Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Unit            |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| MSULOST4   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Rcvd Queue Full</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because the receive queue was full.                                                                                                           | peg count       |
| MSULOST5   | <b>MSUs Discarded – LIM Init</b> - Number of MSUs discarded while the LIM card was initializing.                                                                                                                 | peg count       |
| OMSINVDPC  | <b>MSUs Originated – Invalid DPC</b> - Number of MSUs with an invalid DPC.                                                                                                                                       | peg count       |
| ORIGMSUS   | <b>Originated MSUs</b> - The total number of outgoing MSUs successfully passed to MTP level 2 for transmission, while carrying the STP point code in the OPC field.                                              | peg count       |
| ORMSUOCT   | <b>Originate MSU Octets</b> - The total number of outgoing octets associated with MSUs carrying the STP point code in the OPC field. This includes octets added in MTP level 2 processing.                       | octets          |
| OVSZMSG    | <b>Oversized MTP 3 Messages</b> - Number of messages received by an HSL that exceeds 272 octets (level 3) and is discarded.                                                                                      | peg count       |
| PKSCCPMH   | The overall system-wide peak SCCP message handling load in transactions per second. Value is the highest recorded since it was last reset using the rept-stat-sccp:mode=peakreset command.                       | xact per second |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.                                                                  | status          |
| THRSWMSU   | <b>Through-Switched MSUs</b> - The total number of MSUs that did not carry the STP point code in the OPC or the DPC, and were successfully passed to MTP level 2 for transmission.                               | peg count       |
| TRMDMSUS   | <b>Terminated MSUs</b> - The total number of incoming MSUs carrying the STP point code in the DPC.                                                                                                               | peg count       |
| TRMSUOCT   | <b>Terminated MSU Octets</b> - The total number of octets associated with incoming MSUs carrying the STP point code in the DPC. Includes octets removed in MTP level 2 processing.                               | octets          |
| TSMSUOCT   | <b>Through-Switched MSU Octets</b> - The total number of octets associated with MSUs that did not carry the STPs point code in the OPC or the DPC, and were successfully passed to MTP level 2 for transmission. | octets          |
| XLXTELEI   | <b>X-List Entry Not Created</b> - The total number of times that an x-list was not created because the Exception List Exclusion Indicator (ELEI) for the cluster is set to <i>yes</i> .                          | peg count       |
| XLXTSPACE  | <b>X-List Entry Not Created</b> - The total number of times an x-list entry was not created because there is no more space in the route/destination table.                                                       | peg count       |
| MSUSCCPFLR | <b>MSU SCCP Failure</b> - Total MSUs Discarded Due to SCCP Conversion Failure.                                                                                                                                   | peg count       |



MP *rept-ftp-meas:type=systot:enttype=tt*

**Table 4-4.** STP System Total Translation Type Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Unit      |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| GTTPERFD   | <b>GTTs Performed</b> - The total number of MSUs that successfully completed global title translation (GTT). Also includes G-Port and INP MSUs that got a match in either the G-Port, INP or GTT DB.                                                                                                                                                                                              | peg count |
| GTTUNONS   | <b>GTTs Unable to Perform - Diagnostic 0: No Translation for Address of Such Nature</b> - Total number of times that the specified translation type in an MSU was not supported by the STP or the form of the GTT was incorrect for the given translation type. Also includes G-Port, INP and GTT MSUs that did not match on new selectors (GTI, NP, NAI) in addition to ones not matching on TT. | peg count |
| GTTUN1NT   | <b>GTTs Unable to Perform - Diagnostic 1: No Translation for This Address</b> - Number of times that a match for the global title could not be found in the translation table. Also includes G-Port, INP MSUs that fell through to GTT, got a selector match, but still did not get a match on the GTA.                                                                                           | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | status    |

OAM Example Output:

```
tekelecstp 01-08-23 11:00:09 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: STP SYSTEM TOTAL MEASUREMENTS ON TT
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 01-08-23 10:30:00 THRU 10:59:59
TT-SYSTOT MEASUREMENTS

Measurement data represents an incomplete interval.
GTTPERFD = 0, GTTUNONS = 0, GTTUN1NT = 0
```

;

```
tekelecstp 01-08-23 11:00:10 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF HALF-HOURLY TT-SYSTOT MEASUREMENT REPORT
```

MP Example Output File Name: **systot-tt\_19990117\_1530.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"STP SYSTEM TOTAL MEASUREMENTS ON
TT", "LAST", "1999-01-17", "15:00:00", "15:30:00", 256<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "TT", "GTTPERFD", "GTTUNONS", "GTTUN1NT"<cr><lf>
"K", xxx, 0, 0, 0<cr><lf>

.

"K", yyy, 0, 0, 0<cr><lf>
```



## Measurements

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 4 char TT + 3\*(6 char data) + 2 = 28 chars

For a report of 256 TTs, example typical file size:

System header + Report header + Report data

250 + 28 + 7168 = 7446 bytes

### enttype=stplan

**NOTE: The peg counts for STPLAN measurements have the possibility of rolling over during periods of high STPLAN message transmit and receive. On the measurement reports these measurements show up as negative numbers. This indicates STPLAN transmit and receive measurements have values greater than four gigabytes of data.**

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=systot:enttype=stplan*

MP *rept-ftp-meas:type=systot:enttype=stplan*

**Table 4-5.** STP System Total STPLAN Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                               | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| ENETALNERR | <b>Ethernet Alignment Error</b> - Number of packets not received over the STPLAN interface because of ethernet alignment errors.          | peg count |
| ENETBUSBSY | <b>Ethernet Bus Busy</b> - Number of transmissions attempted when the STPLAN ethernet bus was busy.                                       | peg count |
| ENETCOLERR | <b>Ethernet Collision Error</b> - Number of packets not transmitted by STPLAN because of excessive collisions on the STPLAN ethernet bus. | peg count |
| ENETCRCERR | <b>Ethernet CRC Error</b> - Number of packets not received on the STPLAN ethernet due to CRC errors.                                      | peg count |
| ENETOCTRCV | <b>Ethernet Octets Received</b> - The total number of octets received on the STPLAN ethernet interface.                                   | peg count |
| ENETOCTXMT | <b>Ethernet Octets Transmitted</b> - The total number of octets transmitted on the STPLAN ethernet interface.                             | peg count |
| ENETOVRERR | <b>Ethernet Receive Buffer Overflow Errors</b> - Number of packets not received by STPLAN because of a receive buffer overflow.           | peg count |
| IPADDRERR  | <b>IP Address Error</b> - The total number of inbound IP datagrams discarded on the STPLAN interface due to a bad destination address.    | peg count |
| IPHDRERR   | <b>IP Header Errors</b> - The total number of inbound IP datagrams discarded on the STPLAN interface due to header errors.                | peg count |

**Table 4-5.** STP System Total STPLAN Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| IPPROTERR  | <b>IP Protocol Error</b> - Number of inbound IP datagrams discarded by STPLAN due to an error in the packet (invalid protocol).                 | peg count |
| SLANDISC1  | <b>STPLAN Discarded 1</b> - Number of indicated messages not copied to the host due to the STPLAN feature being disabled.                       | peg count |
| SLANDISC2  | <b>STPLAN Discarded 2</b> - Number of MSUs discarded due to the host being unreachable.                                                         | peg count |
| SLANDSBLD  | <b>STPLAN Disabled</b> - The duration that the STPLAN screening/copy feature was disabled.                                                      | msecs     |
| SLANSCRND  | <b>STPLAN Screened</b> - Number of MSUs that were copied to the STPLAN interface after passing gateway screening.                               | peg count |
| SLANXMIT   | <b>STPLAN Transmit</b> - Number of MSUs sent to the host destination.                                                                           | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |
| TCPCONNFLD | <b>TCP Connections Failed</b> - The total number of TCP connections that have failed on the STPLAN interface.                                   | peg count |
| TCPRCVERR  | <b>TCP Receive Error</b> - The total number of TCP segments received on the STPLAN interface in error.                                          | peg count |
| TCPRSTSENT | <b>TCP Reset Sent</b> - The total number of TCP segments sent containing the reset (RST) flag on the STPLAN interface.                          | peg count |
| TCPSEGRCVD | <b>TCP Segment Received</b> - The total number of TCP segments received on the STPLAN interface.                                                | peg count |
| TCPSEGSNT  | <b>TCP Segment Sent</b> - The total number of TCP segments sent on the STPLAN interface.                                                        | peg count |
| TCPSEGXMT2 | <b>TCP Segment Retransmitted</b> - The total number of TCP segments retransmitted on the STPLAN interface.                                      | peg count |

## OAM Example Output:

```
tekelecstp 01-08-23 11:00:11 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: STP SYSTEM TOTAL MEASUREMENTS ON STPLAN
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 01-08-23 10:30:00 THRU 10:59:59
STPLAN-SYSTOT MEASUREMENTS
```

Measurement data represents an incomplete interval.

```
SLANDSBLD = 0, SLANDISC1 = 0, SLANDISC2 = 0,
SLANSCRND = 0, SLANXMIT = 0, ENETALNERR = 0,
ENETCRCERR = 0, ENETCOLERR = 0, ENETBUSBSY = 0,
ENETOVRERR = 0, ENETOCTXMT = 0, ENETOCTRCV = 0,
TCPCONNFLD = 0, TCPSEGRCVD = 0, TCPSEGSNT = 0,
TCPSEGXMT2 = 0, TCPRCVERR = 0, TCPRSTSENT = 0,
IPHDRERR = 0, IPADDRERR = 0, IPPROTERR = 0
```

## Measurements

```
;
tekelecstp 01-08-23 11:00:12 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF HALF-HOURLY STPLAN-SYSTOT MEASUREMENT REPORT
;
```

MP Example Output File Name: **systot-stplan\_19990117\_1530.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS" <cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"STP SYSTEM TOTAL MEASUREMENTS ON
STPLAN", "LAST", "1999-01-17", "15:00:00", "15:30:00", 1 <cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "SLANDBLD", "SLANDISC1", "SLANDISC2", "SLANSCRND", "SLANXMIT", "ENETALNER
R", "ENETCRCERR",
"ENETCOLERR", "ENETBUSBSY", "ENETOVRERR", "ENETOCTXMT", "ENETOCTRCV", "TCPCONNFLD",
"TCPSEGRCD",
"TCPSEGSNT", "TCPSEGXMT2", "TCPRCVRERR", "TCPRSTSENT", "IPHDRERR", "IPADDRERR", "IPP
ROTERR" <cr><lf>
"K", 0 <cr><lf>
```

Example typical file size:

|               |   |               |   |             |   |     |       |  |  |
|---------------|---|---------------|---|-------------|---|-----|-------|--|--|
| System header | + | Report header | + | Report data |   |     |       |  |  |
| 250           | + | 275           | + | 132         | = | 657 | bytes |  |  |

## Component Measurements

Component Measurements provides performance data related to links and linksets.

**Entity Types:** Link, Lnkset

**Accumulation Interval:** 30 minutes

**Optional MP Accumulation Interval:** Every 15 minutes

**STP Retention Period:** 24 hours

**Reporting Modes:** Scheduled, On-Demand

**Accessible Collection Periods:** Last, Specific, Active (OAM)

**enttype=lnkset**

Certain registers are reported for HSLs or LSLs only. Other registers have different interpretations for HSLs than for LSLs. These registers are summarized in Table 4-6.

**Table 4-6.** HSL LSL Differences for Component Linksets

| Event Name | LSL Usage    | HSL Usage                       |
|------------|--------------|---------------------------------|
| MSURECVD   | As described | Applies to MTP level 3 messages |
| MSUSRGTT   | As described | Applies to MTP level 3 messages |

**Table 4-6.** HSL LSL Differences for Component Linksets

| Event Name | LSL Usage                                                           | HSL Usage                                                                                    |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MSUTRAN    | MSUs transmitted and acknowledged by level 2                        | MTP level 3 messages offered to SAAL level for transmission                                  |
| OCTRCGTT   | As described                                                        | Applies to MTP level 3 message bytes                                                         |
| OCTRECVD   | As described                                                        | Applies to MTP level 3 message bytes                                                         |
| OCTTRAN    | Octets associated with MSUs transmitted and acknowledged by level 2 | Bytes/octets associated with MTP level 3 messages offered to the SAAL level for transmission |
| SDURECVD   | Not reported                                                        | As described                                                                                 |
| SDUSTRAN   | Not reported                                                        | As described                                                                                 |
| SDURETRN   | Not reported                                                        | As described                                                                                 |
| ATMNDCRCV  | Not reported                                                        | As described                                                                                 |
| ATMNDCTRN  | Not reported                                                        | As described                                                                                 |

Example Commands:

OAM: `rept-meas:type=comp:enttype=lnkset:lsn=xy212`

MP: `rept-ftp-meas:type=comp:enttype=lnkset`

**Table 4-7.** Component Linkset Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Unit      |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| ATMNDCRCV  | <b>Total incoming NDC</b> - Valid ATM cells on the HSL's VCL, including UI and OAM cells but excluding idle/unassigned cells.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | peg count |
| ATMNDCTRN  | <b>Total outgoing NDC</b> - Valid ATM cells on the HSL's VCL, including UI and OAM cells but excluding idle/unassigned cells.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | peg count |
| MSGWSDSLIM | <b>MSUs lost due to Gateway Screening being Disabled on a LIM</b> - These MSUs were discarded because the gateway screening function was disabled. Gateway screening may have been disabled due to "load shedding" indicating high traffic volume in the system, or because the screenset was unavailable. This condition can also occur if the screenset data is invalid or <i>gateway screening disabled</i> is on. | peg count |
| MSURECVD   | <b>MSUs Received</b> - Total number of MSUs received, including those for which retransmission has been requested.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | peg count |
| MSUSRGTT   | <b>MSUs Received Requiring GTT</b> - Total number of incoming MSUs requiring global title translation (GTT).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | peg count |
| MSUTRAN    | <b>MSUs Transmitted</b> - Total number of MSUs transmitted to the far-end, including retransmissions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | peg count |

Measurements

**Table 4-7.** Component Linkset Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Unit      |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| OCTRCGTT   | <b>MSU Octets Received for MSUs Requiring GTT</b> - Total number of octets received associated with incoming MSUs requiring global title translation (GTT), including octets removed in MTP level 2 processing.                                | octets    |
| OCTRECVD   | <b>MSU Octets Received</b> - Total number of octets associated with MSUs received, including those removed for MTP level 2 processing and those for which retransmission has been requested.                                                   | octets    |
| OCTTRAN    | <b>MSU Octets Transmitted</b> - Total number of octets associated with MSUs transmitted to the far-end, including those added in MTP level 2 processing and retransmissions.                                                                   | octets    |
| SDURECVD   | <b>SSCOP SD PDUs Received</b> - The number of SSCOP sequenced data (SD) PDUs that were received during the indicated interval.                                                                                                                 | peg count |
| SDURETRN   | <b>SSCOP SD PDUs Retransmitted</b> - The number of SSCOP SD PDUs that were retransmitted, based on an accumulated count of such retransmissions conveyed to layer management.                                                                  | peg count |
| SDUSTRAN   | <b>SSCOP SD PDUs Transmitted</b> - The number of SSCOP SD PDUs that were transmitted, including retransmissions.                                                                                                                               | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.                                                                                                | status    |
| TDLSINAC   | <b>Total Duration of Link Set Inactivity</b> - The total time that all links in the linkset were unavailable to MTP level 3, regardless if they were made unavailable manually or automatically.                                               | seconds   |
| ZTTMAPI    | <b>Translation Type Mapping Translation Performed</b> - MSUs Received on the Gateway Linkset - The total number of Translation Type Mapping translations performed for incoming Message Signal Units (MSUs) received on the specified linkset. | peg count |
| ZTTMAPO    | <b>Translation Type Mapping Translation Performed</b> - MSUs Transmitted on the Gateway Linkset - The total number of translations performed on outgoing Message Signal Units (MSUs) for the specified linkset.                                | peg count |
| MTPMSCNVTD | Total MTP Routed SCCP MSUs Converted.                                                                                                                                                                                                          | peg count |
| GTTMSCNVTD | Total GT Routed SCCP MSUs Converted                                                                                                                                                                                                            | peg count |

OAM Example Output:

```
eagle10706 03-08-16 10:30:11 EST EAGLE5 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: COMPONENT MEASUREMENTS ON LNKSET
```

## Measurements

REPORT PERIOD: LAST  
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-08-16 10:00:00 THRU 10:29:59

LNKSET-COMP MEASUREMENTS: lsn1 (SAAL)

|            |   |          |            |   |         |           |   |          |
|------------|---|----------|------------|---|---------|-----------|---|----------|
| MSUTRAN    | = | 120755,  | MSURECVD   | = | 147190, | OCTTRAN   | = | 2415100, |
| OCTRECVD   | = | 2943800, | MSUSRGTT   | = | 0,      | OCTRCGTT  | = | 0,       |
| TDLSINAC   | = | 0,       | MSGWSDSLIM | = | 0,      | ZTTMAPO   | = | 0,       |
| ZTTMAPI    | = | 0,       | ATMNDCTRN  | = | 0,      | ATMNDCRCV | = | 0,       |
| SDUSTRAN   | = | 0,       | SDURECVD   | = | 0,      | SDURETRN  | = | 0,       |
| MTPMSCNVTD | = | 0,       | GTTMSCNVTD | = | 0       |           |   |          |

;

eagle10706 03-08-16 10:30:12 EST EAGLE5 34.0.0  
LNKSET-COMP MEASUREMENTS: lsn2

|          |   |          |            |   |         |            |   |          |
|----------|---|----------|------------|---|---------|------------|---|----------|
| MSUTRAN  | = | 120740,  | MSURECVD   | = | 147196, | OCTTRAN    | = | 2414790, |
| OCTRECVD | = | 2943920, | MSUSRGTT   | = | 0,      | OCTRCGTT   | = | 0,       |
| TDLSINAC | = | 0,       | MSGWSDSLIM | = | 0,      | ZTTMAPO    | = | 0,       |
| ZTTMAPI  | = | 0,       | MTPMSCNVTD | = | 0,      | GTTMSCNVTD | = | 0        |

;

eagle10706 03-08-16 10:30:13 EST EAGLE5 34.0.0  
LNKSET-COMP MEASUREMENTS: lsn3

|          |   |          |            |   |         |            |   |          |
|----------|---|----------|------------|---|---------|------------|---|----------|
| MSUTRAN  | = | 144895,  | MSURECVD   | = | 147190, | OCTTRAN    | = | 2897900, |
| OCTRECVD | = | 2943800, | MSUSRGTT   | = | 0,      | OCTRCGTT   | = | 0,       |
| TDLSINAC | = | 0,       | MSGWSDSLIM | = | 0,      | ZTTMAPO    | = | 0,       |
| ZTTMAPI  | = | 0,       | MTPMSCNVTD | = | 0,      | GTTMSCNVTD | = | 0        |

;

eagle10706 03-08-16 10:30:14 EST EAGLE5 34.0.0  
LNKSET-COMP MEASUREMENTS: lsn4 (SAAL)

|            |   |    |            |   |    |           |   |    |
|------------|---|----|------------|---|----|-----------|---|----|
| MSUTRAN    | = | 0, | MSURECVD   | = | 0, | OCTTRAN   | = | 0, |
| OCTRECVD   | = | 0, | MSUSRGTT   | = | 0, | OCTRCGTT  | = | 0, |
| TDLSINAC   | = | 0, | MSGWSDSLIM | = | 0, | ZTTMAPO   | = | 0, |
| ZTTMAPI    | = | 0, | ATMNDCTRN  | = | 0, | ATMNDCRCV | = | 0, |
| SDUSTRAN   | = | 0, | SDURECVD   | = | 0, | SDURETRN  | = | 0, |
| MTPMSCNVTD | = | 0, | GTTMSCNVTD | = | 0  |           |   |    |

;

eagle10706 03-08-16 10:30:14 EST EAGLE 34.0.0  
END OF HALF-HOURLY LNKSET-COMP MEASUREMENT REPORT

;

MP Example Output File Name: **comp-lnkset\_19990117\_1530.csv**

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-51.0.0", "2003-08-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"COMPONENT MEASUREMENTS ON
LNKSET", "LAST", "2003-08-17", "15:00:00", "15:30:00", 100<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LSN", "LNKTYPE", "MSUTRAN", "MSURECVD", "OCTTRAN", "OCTRECVD", "MSUSRGTT",
"OCTRCGTT", "TDLSINAC", "MSGWSDSLIM", "ZTTMAPO", "ZTTMAPI", "ATMNDCTRN", "ATMNDCRCV",
",
"SDUSTRAN", "SDURECVD", "SDURETRN", "MTPMSCNVTD", "GTTMSCNVTD"<cr><lf>
```



**Table 4-8.** HSL LSL Differences for Component Links

| Event Name | LSL Usage    | HSL Usage    |
|------------|--------------|--------------|
| ATMNDCTRN  | Not reported | As described |

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=comp:enttype=link:loc=xxx:link=x*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=comp:enttype=link*

**Table 4-9.** Component Link Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                       | Unit      |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| ATMNDCRCV  | <b>Total incoming NDC</b> - Valid ATM cells on the HSL's VCL, including UI and OAM cells but excluding idle/unassigned cells.     | peg count |
| ATMNDCTRN  | <b>Total outgoing NDC</b> - Valid ATM cells on the HSL's VCL, including UI and OAM cells but excluding idle/unassigned cells.     | peg count |
| DURLKOTG   | <b>Duration of Link Outage</b> - The total time a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 for any reason.                             | seconds   |
| ECCNGLV1   | <b>Event Count for Entering Level 1 Link Congestion</b> - The total number of times that link congestion level 1 was entered.     | peg count |
| ECCNGLV2   | <b>Event Count for Entering Level 2 Link Congestion</b> - The total number of times that link congestion level 2 was entered.     | peg count |
| ECCNGLV3   | <b>Event Count for Entering Level 3 Link Congestion</b> - The total number of times that link congestion level 3 was entered.     | peg count |
| LNKAVALT   | <b>Link Available Time</b> - The total time the link was available to MTP level 3.                                                | seconds   |
| MSUDISC0   | <b>Priority 0 MSUs Discarded Due to Congestion</b> - The total number of priority 0 MSUs discarded due to congestion (any level). | peg count |
| MSUDISC1   | <b>Priority 1 MSUs Discarded Due to Congestion</b> - The total number of priority 1 MSUs discarded due to congestion (any level). | peg count |
| MSUDISC2   | <b>Priority 2 MSUs Discarded Due to Congestion</b> - The total number of priority 2 MSUs discarded due to congestion (any level). | peg count |
| MSUDISC3   | <b>Priority 3 MSUs Discarded Due to Congestion</b> - The total number of priority 3 MSUs discarded due to congestion (any level). | peg count |
| MSURECVD   | <b>MSUs Received</b> - Total number of MSUs received, including those for which retransmission has been requested.                | peg count |
| MSURETRN   | <b>MSUs Retransmitted</b> - Number of MSUs retransmitted from the STP on this link.                                               | peg count |



Measurements

**Table 4-9.** Component Link Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| MSUSRGTT   | <b>MSUs Received Requiring GTT</b> - Total number of incoming MSUs requiring global title translation (GTT).                                                                                                    | peg count |
| MSUTRAN    | <b>MSUs Transmitted</b> - Total number of MSUs transmitted to the far-end, including retransmissions.                                                                                                           | peg count |
| MTCEUSG    | <b>Link Maintenance Usage</b> - The total time the link was manually made unavailable to MTP level 3.                                                                                                           | seconds   |
| NMGWSDSABL | <b>Number of Times GWS Disabled</b> - Number of times that gateway screening was disabled because of a processor overload.                                                                                      | peg count |
| OCTRCGTT   | <b>MSU Octets Received for MSUs Requiring GTT</b> - Total number of octets received associated with incoming MSUs requiring global title translation (GTT), including octets removed in MTP level 2 processing. | octets    |
| OCTRECVD   | <b>MSU Octets Received</b> - Total number of octets associated with MSUs received, including those removed for MTP level 2 processing and those for which retransmission has been requested.                    | octets    |
| OCTRETRN   | <b>MSU Octets Retransmitted</b> - The total number of MSU octets retransmitted. This register is NOT reported for HSLs.                                                                                         | octets    |
| OCTTRAN    | <b>MSU Octets Transmitted</b> - Total number of octets associated with MSUs transmitted to the far-end, including those added in MTP level 2 processing and retransmissions.                                    | octets    |
| SDURECVD   | <b>SSCOP SD PDUs Received</b> - The number of SSCOP sequenced data (SD) PDUs that were received during the indicated interval.                                                                                  | peg count |
| SDURETRN   | <b>SSCOP SD PDUs Retransmitted</b> - The number of SSCOP SD PDUs that were retransmitted, based on an accumulated count of such retransmissions conveyed to layer management.                                   | peg count |
| SDUSTRAN   | <b>SSCOP SD PDUs Transmitted</b> - The number of SSCOP SD PDUs that were transmitted, including retransmissions.                                                                                                | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.                                                                 | status    |
| TDCNGLV1   | <b>Total Duration of Level 1 Link Congestion</b> - The total time the link was in level 1 congestion.                                                                                                           | seconds   |
| TDCNGLV2   | <b>Total Duration of Level 2 Link Congestion</b> - The total time the link was in level 2 congestion.                                                                                                           | seconds   |
| TDCNGLV3   | <b>Total Duration of Level 3 Link Congestion</b> - The total time the link was in level 3 congestion.                                                                                                           | seconds   |

OAM Example Output:

## Measurements

stdcfg2b 04-03-28 01:00:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0-53.26.0  
TYPE OF REPORT: COMPONENT MEASUREMENTS ON LINK  
REPORT PERIOD: LAST  
REPORT INTERVAL: 04-03-28 00:30:00 THRU 00:59:59

LINK-COMP MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1201, PORT: A , LSN: e2m1s1

These measurements are from 04-03-28, 00:30:00 through 00:59:59.

|            |   |     |          |   |      |          |   |      |
|------------|---|-----|----------|---|------|----------|---|------|
| MSUTRAN    | = | 20, | MSURECVD | = | 20,  | MSURETRN | = | 0,   |
| OCTRETRN   | = | 0,  | OCTTRAN  | = | 400, | OCTRECVD | = | 400, |
| MTCEUSG    | = | 0,  | DURLKOTG | = | 0,   | MSUSRGTT | = | 0,   |
| OCTRCGTT   | = | 0,  | TDCNGLV1 | = | 0,   | TDCNGLV2 | = | 0,   |
| TDCNGLV3   | = | 0,  | ECCNGLV1 | = | 0,   | ECCNGLV2 | = | 0,   |
| ECCNGLV3   | = | 0,  | MSUDISC0 | = | 0,   | MSUDISC1 | = | 0,   |
| MSUDISC2   | = | 0,  | MSUDISC3 | = | 0,   | LNKAVAIL | = | 183, |
| NMGWSDSABL | = | 0   |          |   |      |          |   |      |

;

stdcfg2b 04-03-28 01:00:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0-53.26.0  
LINK-COMP MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1201, PORT: B , LSN: e2m1s2

These measurements are from 04-03-28, 00:30:00 through 00:59:59.

|            |   |     |          |   |      |          |   |      |
|------------|---|-----|----------|---|------|----------|---|------|
| MSUTRAN    | = | 20, | MSURECVD | = | 20,  | MSURETRN | = | 0,   |
| OCTRETRN   | = | 0,  | OCTTRAN  | = | 400, | OCTRECVD | = | 400, |
| MTCEUSG    | = | 0,  | DURLKOTG | = | 0,   | MSUSRGTT | = | 0,   |
| OCTRCGTT   | = | 0,  | TDCNGLV1 | = | 0,   | TDCNGLV2 | = | 0,   |
| TDCNGLV3   | = | 0,  | ECCNGLV1 | = | 0,   | ECCNGLV2 | = | 0,   |
| ECCNGLV3   | = | 0,  | MSUDISC0 | = | 0,   | MSUDISC1 | = | 0,   |
| MSUDISC2   | = | 0,  | MSUDISC3 | = | 0,   | LNKAVAIL | = | 183, |
| NMGWSDSABL | = | 0   |          |   |      |          |   |      |

;

stdcfg2b 04-03-28 01:00:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0-53.26.0  
LINK-COMP MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1202, PORT: B , LSN: e2m1s3 (SAAL)

These measurements are from 04-03-28, 00:30:00 through 00:59:59.

|           |   |        |            |   |        |           |   |        |
|-----------|---|--------|------------|---|--------|-----------|---|--------|
| MSUTRAN   | = | 5,     | MSURECVD   | = | 1,     | OCTTRAN   | = | 89,    |
| OCTRECVD  | = | 17,    | MTCEUSG    | = | 0,     | DURLKOTG  | = | 117,   |
| MSUSRGTT  | = | 0,     | OCTRCGTT   | = | 0,     | TDCNGLV1  | = | 0,     |
| TDCNGLV2  | = | 0,     | TDCNGLV3   | = | 0,     | ECCNGLV1  | = | 0,     |
| ECCNGLV2  | = | 0,     | ECCNGLV3   | = | 0,     | MSUDISC0  | = | 0,     |
| MSUDISC1  | = | 0,     | MSUDISC2   | = | 0,     | MSUDISC3  | = | 0,     |
| LNKAVAIL  | = | 1684,  | NMGWSDSABL | = | 0,     | ATMNDCTRN | = | 16845, |
| ATMNDRCRV | = | 16841, | SDUSTRAN   | = | 16845, | SDURECVD  | = | 16841, |
| SDURETRN  | = | 0      |            |   |        |           |   |        |

;

stdcfg2b 04-03-28 01:00:06 EST EAGLE 34.0.0-53.26.0  
END OF HALF-HOURLY LINK-COMP MEASUREMENT REPORT

;

## Measurements

MP Example Output File Name: **comp-link\_20040117\_1530.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-53.26.0", "2004-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"COMPONENT MEASUREMENTS ON
LINK", "LAST", "2004-01-17", "15:00:00", "15:15:00", 500<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LSN", "LOC", "LINK", "LNKTYPE", "MSUTRAN", "MSURECVD", "MSURETRN", "OCTRETR
N", "OCTTRAN", "OCTRECVD",
"MTCEUSG", "DURLKOTG", "MSUSRGTT", "OCTRCGTT", "TDCNGLV1", "TDCNGLV2", "TDCNGLV3", "E
CCNGLV1",
"ECCNGLV2", "ECCNGLV3", "MSUDISC0", "MSUDISC1", "MSUDISC2", "MSUDISC3", "LNKAVAIL",
"NMGWSDSABL", "ATMNDCTRN", "ATMNDCRCV", "SDUSTRAN", "SDURECVD", "SDURETRN"<cr><lf>
"K", "lsn004", "1201", "B", "MTP2", 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1800, 0,
,,, <cr><lf>
"K", "lsn030", "1202", "B", "MTP2", 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1800, 0,
,,, <cr><lf>
"K", "lsn122", "1203", "A", "SAAL", 5, 1, , 89, , 17, 0, 117, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1684,
0, 16845, 16841,
16845, 16841, 0<cr><lf>
.

"K", "lsnxxx", "5314", "B1", "MTP2", 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1800, 0,
,,, <cr><lf
```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 9 char LSN + 6 char LOC + 4 char LINK +  
7 char LKNTYPE + 27\*(6 char data) + 2 = 194 chars

For a report of 500 linksets, the typical file size is:

|               |   |               |   |             |   |             |
|---------------|---|---------------|---|-------------|---|-------------|
| System header | + | Report header | + | Report data |   |             |
| 250           | + | 339           | + | 97000       | = | 97589 bytes |

## Network Management Measurements

Network Management Reports provide measurement data on STP traffic, Global Title Translations, and MTP Network Management.

**Entity Types:** STP, Lnkset, and Link

**Accumulation Interval:** 5 minutes

**STP Retention Period:** 5 minutes

**Reporting Mode:** Scheduled, On-demand, SEAS autonomous

**Accessible Collection Period:** Last (STP, Lnkset, and Link), Active [OAM (Lnkset and Link)]

**enttype=stp**

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=nm:enttype=stp*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=nm:enttype=stp*

**Table 4-10.** Network Management STP Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| GTTPERFD   | <b>GTTs Performed</b> - The total number of MSUs that successfully completed global title translation (GTT).                                                                                                                                                    | peg count |
| GTTUN0NS   | <b>GTTs Unable to Perform - Diagnostic 0: No Translation for Address of Such Nature</b> - Total number of times that the specified translation type in an MSU was not supported by the STP or the form of the GTT was incorrect for the given translation type. | peg count |
| GTTUN1NT   | <b>GTTs Unable to Perform - Diagnostic 1: No Translation for This Address</b> - Number of times that a match for the global title could not be found in the translation table.                                                                                  | peg count |
| MSINVSIF   | <b>MSUs Discarded - Invalid SIF</b> - Number of MSUs that have been received and discarded because of an invalid SIF.                                                                                                                                           | peg count |
| MSINVDPC   | <b>MSUs Rcvd - Invalid DPC</b> - Number of MSUs received and discarded because the DPC could not be found in the STP routing table.                                                                                                                             | peg count |
| MSINVLNK   | <b>MSUs Discarded - Invalid Link</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because of an incorrect SLC. (The SLC refers to a nonexistent link or the same link.)                                                                                                           | peg count |
| MSINVSIO   | <b>MSUs Rcvd - Invalid Service Indicator Octet (SIO)</b> - Number of MSUs received and discarded because the service requested in the service indicator octet (SIO) was not supported by the STP.                                                               | peg count |
| MSINVSLC   | <b>MSUs Discarded - Invalid SLC</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because of an invalid SLC code in the ECO/COO.                                                                                                                                                   | peg count |
| MSNACDPC   | <b>MSUs Discarded - Inaccessible DPC</b> - The total number of MSUs discarded because of an inaccessible DPC.                                                                                                                                                   | peg count |
| MSSCCPFL   | <b>MSUs Discarded - Routing Failure</b> - Number of MSUs discarded due to a routing failure.                                                                                                                                                                    | peg count |
| MSUDSCRD   | <b>MSUs Discarded - Gateway Screening</b> - The total number of MSUs that failed gateway screening and have been discarded.                                                                                                                                     | peg count |
| MSULOST1   | <b>MSUs Discarded - Level 2/Level 3 Queue Full</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because the level 2 to level 3 queue was full.                                                                                                                                    | peg count |
| MSULOST2   | <b>MSUs Discarded - Route On Hold Buffer Overflow</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because the routing buffer was in overflow.                                                                                                                                    | peg count |

## Measurements

**Table 4-10.** Network Management STP Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                | Unit      |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| MSULOST3   | <b>MSUs Discarded – LS On Hold Buffer Overflow</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because the linkset-on-hold buffer was in overflow.                                                          | peg count |
| MSULOST4   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Rcv Queue Full</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because the receive queue was full.                                                                                      | peg count |
| NMTSKDSC0  | <b>Network Management Task Discard from Processor Overload</b> - The total number of network management tasks (messages) discarded because of a processor overload (task priority = 0).    | peg count |
| NMTSKDSC1  | <b>Network Management Task Discard from Processor Overload</b> - The total number of network management tasks (messages) discarded because of a processor overload (task priority = 1).    | peg count |
| NMTSKDSC2  | <b>Network Management Task Discard from Processor Overload</b> - The total number of network management tasks (messages) discarded because of a processor overload (task priority = 2).    | peg count |
| NMTSKDSC3  | <b>Network Management Task Discard from Processor Overload</b> - The total number of network management tasks (messages) discarded because of a processor overload (task priority = 3).    | peg count |
| OMSINVDPC  | <b>MSUs Originated – Invalid DPC</b> - Number of MSUs originated with an invalid DPC.                                                                                                      | peg count |
| ORIGMSUS   | <b>Originated MSUs</b> - The total number of outgoing MSUs successfully passed to MTP level 2 for transmission, while carrying the STP point code in the OPC field.                        | peg count |
| ORMSUOCT   | <b>Originate MSU Octets</b> - The total number of outgoing octets associated with MSUs carrying the STP point code in the OPC field. This includes octets added in MTP level 2 processing. | octets    |
| OVSZMSG    | <b>Oversized MTP 3 Messages</b> - Oversized MTP 3 messages exceeding 272 octets (level 3) that are received by an HSL and are discarded.                                                   | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.                                            | status    |
| THRSWMSU   | <b>Through-Switched MSUs</b> - The total number of MSUs that did not carry the STP point code in the OPC or the DPC, and were successfully passed to MTP level 2 for transmission.         | peg count |
| TRMDMSUS   | <b>Terminated MSUs</b> - The total number of incoming MSUs carrying the STP point code in the DPC.                                                                                         | peg count |
| TRMSUOCT   | <b>Terminated MSU Octets</b> - The total number of octets associated with incoming MSUs carrying the STP point code in the DPC. Includes octets removed in MTP level 2 processing.         | octets    |



## Measurements

Certain registers are reported for HSLs or LSLs only. Other registers have different interpretations for HSLs than for LSLs. These registers are summarized in Table 4-11.

**Table 4-11.** HSL LSL Differences for Network Management Links

| Event Name | LSL Usage    | HSL Usage                                            |
|------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| DRFEPRO    | As described | N/A - Not reported                                   |
| DRBSYLNK   | As described | N/A - Not reported                                   |
| DRLCLPRO   | As described | Initiated by MAAL -<br>REPORT_LOCAL_PROCESSOR_OUTAGE |

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=nm:enttype=link:loc=xxxx:link=x*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=nm:enttype=link*

**Table 4-12.** Network Management Link Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| DRFEPRO    | <b>Duration of Far-End Processor Outage</b> - The cumulative duration that a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because of a processor outage at the far-end network element (SIPO received).                                                  | seconds   |
| DRBSYLNK   | <b>Cumulative Duration of Busy Link Status</b> - The total elapsed time between the receipt of a busy LSSU, and when the next message was acknowledged. This is the sum of all occurrences of busy link status.                                 | seconds   |
| DRLCLPRO   | <b>Duration of Local Processor Outage</b> - The cumulative duration that a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because of a processor outage at the near-end network element. For HSLs, this is initiated by MAAL-REPORT_LOCAL_PROCESSOR_OUTAGE | seconds   |
| DRLNKUNV   | <b>Duration of Links Unavailable</b> - The total time a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 for any reason.                                                                                                                                     | seconds   |
| ECCNGLV1   | <b>Event Count for Entering Level 1 Link Congestion</b> - The total number of times that link congestion level 1 was entered.                                                                                                                   | peg count |
| ECCNGLV2   | <b>Event Count for Entering Level 2 Link Congestion</b> - The total number of times that link congestion level 2 was entered.                                                                                                                   | peg count |
| ECCNGLV3   | <b>Event Count for Entering Level 3 Link Congestion</b> - The total number of times that link congestion level 3 was entered.                                                                                                                   | peg count |
| MSUDISC0   | <b>Priority 0 MSUs Discarded Due to Congestion</b> - The total number of priority 0 MSUs discarded due to congestion (any level).                                                                                                               | peg count |
| MSUDISC1   | <b>Priority 1 MSUs Discarded Due to Congestion</b> - The total number of priority 1 MSUs discarded due to congestion (any level).                                                                                                               | peg count |

**Table 4-12.** Network Management Link Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| MSUDISC2   | <b>Priority 2 MSUs Discarded Due to Congestion</b> - The total number of priority 2 MSUs discarded due to congestion (any level).               | peg count |
| MSUDISC3   | <b>Priority 3 MSUs Discarded Due to Congestion</b> - The total number of priority 3 MSUs discarded due to congestion (any level).               | peg count |
| NMGWSDSABL | <b>Number of Times GWS Disabled</b> - Number of times that gateway screening was disabled because of a processor overload.                      | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |
| TDCNGLV1   | <b>Total Duration of Level 1 Link Congestion</b> - The total time the link was in level 1 congestion.                                           | seconds   |
| TDCNGLV2   | <b>Total Duration of Level 2 Link Congestion</b> - The total time the link was in level 2 congestion.                                           | seconds   |
| TDCNGLV3   | <b>Total Duration of Level 3 Link Congestion</b> - The total time the link was in level 3 congestion.                                           | seconds   |

OAM Example Output:

```

eagle10506 03-04-15 14:15:17 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: NETWORK MANAGEMENT MEASUREMENTS ON LINK
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-04-15, 14:10:00 THROUGH 14:14:59

LINK-NM MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1201, LINK: A , LSN: lsn123

These measurements are from 03-04-15, 14:10:00 through 14:14:59.
DRLNKUNV = 0, TDCNGLV1 = 0, TDCNGLV2 = 0,
TDCNGLV3 = 0, ECCNGLV1 = 0, ECCNGLV2 = 0,
ECCNGLV3 = 0, MSUDISC0 = 0, MSUDISC1 = 0,
MSUDISC2 = 0, MSUDISC3 = 0, DRFEPRO = 0,
DRBSYLNK = 0, NMGWSDSABL = 0, DRLCLPRO = 0

;
eagle10506 03-04-15 14:15:18 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND LINK-NM MEASUREMENT REPORT

;

eagle10506 03-04-15 14:15:26 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: NETWORK MANAGEMENT MEASUREMENTS ON LINK
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-04-15, 14:10:00 THROUGH 14:14:59

LINK-NM MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1204, LINK: A , LSN: lsn123 (SAAL)

These measurements are from 03-04-15, 14:10:00 through 14:14:59.
DRLNKUNV = 0, TDCNGLV1 = 0, TDCNGLV2 = 0,
TDCNGLV3 = 0, ECCNGLV1 = 0, ECCNGLV2 = 0,
ECCNGLV3 = 0, MSUDISC0 = 0, MSUDISC1 = 0,
MSUDISC2 = 0, MSUDISC3 = 0, NMGWSDSABL = 0,
DRLCLPRO = 0

```



**Measurements**

```

;
 eagle10506 03-04-15 14:15:27 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 END OF ON-DEMAND LINK-NM MEASUREMENT REPORT
;

```

MP Example Output File Name: **nm-link\_19990117\_1550.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```

"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"NETWORK MANAGEMENT MEASUREMENTS ON
LINK", "LAST", "1999-01-17", "15:45:00", "15:50:00", 200<cr><lf>
"NUMBER OF ENTIDS: 200"<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LSN", "LOC", "LINK", "LNKTYPE", "DRLNKUNV", "TDCNGLV1", "TDCNGLV2", "TDCNGL
V3",
"ECCNGLV1", "ECCNGLV2", "ECCNGLV3", "MSUDISC0", "MSUDISC1", "MSUDISC2", "MSUDISC3",
"DRFEPRO", "DRBSYLNK", "NMGWSDSABL", "DRLCLPRO"<cr><lf>
"K", "LSN27A", "1201", "A3", "MTP2", 0<cr><lf>
.
"K", "LSN27B", "1304", "A", "SAAL", 0<cr><lf>

```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 8 char LSN + 7 char LOC + 5 char LINK +  
7 char LNKTYPE + 15\*(6 char data) + 2 = 123 chars

For a report of 200 links, the typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data  
250 + 208 + 24600 = 25058 bytes

**enttype=lnkset**

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=nm:enttype=lnkset:lsn=lsnxxx*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=nm:enttype=lnkset*

**Table 4-13.** Network Management Linkset Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                      | Unit   |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| OCTTRAN    | <b>MSU Octets Transmitted</b> - The total number of octets associated with MSUs transmitted to the far-end, including those added in MTP{ level 2 processing and retransmissions.                | octets |
| OCTRECVD   | <b>MSU Octets Received</b> - The total number of octets associated with MSUs received, including those removed for MTP level 2 processing and those for which retransmission has been requested. | octets |

**Table 4-13.** Network Management Linkset Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| MSUTRAN    | <b>MSUs Transmitted</b> - Total number of MSUs transmitted to the far-end, including retransmissions.                                           | peg count |
| MSURECVD   | <b>MSUs Received</b> - The total number of MSUs received, including those for which retransmission has been requested.                          | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |

## OAM Example Output:

```

tekelecstp 99-02-15 14:15:17 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: NETWORK MANAGEMENT MEASUREMENTS ON LNKSET
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 99-02-15, 14:10:00 THROUGH 14:14:59

LNKSET-NM MEASUREMENTS: lsnxxx

These measurements are from 99-02-15, 14:10:00 through 14:14:59.
OCTTRAN = 0, OCTRECVD = 0, MSUTRAN = 0,
MSURECVD = 0
;
tekelecstp 99-02-15 14:15:18 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND LNKSET-NM MEASUREMENT REPORT
;

```

## Measurements

MP Example Output File Name: **nm-lnkset\_19990117\_1550.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"NETWORK MANAGEMENT MEASUREMENTS ON
LINKSET", "LAST", "1999-01-17", "15:45:00", "15:50:00", 200<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LSN", "LNKTYPE", "OCTTRAN", "OCTRECVD", "MSUTRAN", "MSURECVD"<cr><lf>
"K", "lsnxxx", "SAAL", 0, 0, 0, 0<cr><lf>

.

"K", "lsnxxx", "MTP2", 0, 0, 0, 0<cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 8 char LSN + 7 char LNKTYPE + 4\*(6 char data) + 2 = 45 chars

For a report of 200 linksets, the typical file size is:

|               |   |               |   |             |   |      |       |  |  |
|---------------|---|---------------|---|-------------|---|------|-------|--|--|
| System header | + | Report header | + | Report data |   |      |       |  |  |
| 250           | + | 69            | + | 9000        | = | 9319 | bytes |  |  |

## Daily Availability Measurements

Daily Availability (AVLD) Reports provide measurements pertaining to link management.

**Entity Types:** Link

**Accumulation Interval:** 24 hours

**STP Retention Period:** 24 hours

**Reporting Mode:** On-demand, scheduled (MP only)

**Accessible Collection Period:** Last

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=avld:enttype=link:loc=xxx:link=x:nzo=no*

MP *rept-ftp-meas:type=avld:enttype=link*

**Table 4-14.** Daily Availability Link Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| DRDCLFLR   | <b>Cumulative Duration of Signaling Link Declared Failures All Types</b> - The cumulative duration of all link failures.                                                                                                        | seconds   |
| DRFEPRO    | <b>Duration of Far-End Processor Outage</b> - The cumulative duration that a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because of a processor outage at the far-end network element (SIPO received).                                  | seconds   |
| DRLCLPRO   | <b>Duration of Local Processor Outage</b> - The cumulative duration that a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because of a processor outage at the near-end network element.                                                   | seconds   |
| DRLKINHB   | <b>Duration of Signaling Link Mgmt Inhibit</b> - The duration that a signaling link was unavailable because a signaling link was inhibited.                                                                                     | seconds   |
| FARMGINH   | <b>Number of Far-End Management Inhibits</b> - Number of times that a link was successfully inhibited from the far-end.                                                                                                         | peg count |
| NEARMGIH   | <b>Number of Near-End Management Inhibits</b> - Number of times a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because it was locally inhibited.                                                                                         | peg count |
| NMDCLFLR   | <b>Number of Signaling Link Declared Failures All Types</b> - The cumulative total of all link failures.                                                                                                                        | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.                                                                                 | status    |
| SURCVERR   | <b>Number of Signal Units Received In Error</b> - The number of signal units received with checksum errors, indicating transmission errors. For HSLs, this register reflects the number of SSCOP PDUs received with any errors. | peg count |

## OAM Example Output:

```

eagle10506 03-04-15 13:10:34 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: DAILY AVAILABILITY MEASUREMENTS ON LINK
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-04-15, 00:00:00 THROUGH 12:59:59

LINK-AVLD MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1201, LINK: A , LSN: lsn123

These measurements are from 03-04-15, 00:00:00 through 12:59:59.
NEARMGIH = 0, FARMGINH = 0, NMDCLFLR = 0,
DRDCLFLR = 0, SURCVERR = 0, DRLKINHB = 0,
DRFEPRO = 0, DRLCLPRO = 0

```

;

```

eagle10506 03-04-15 13:10:35 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND LINK-AVLD MEASUREMENT REPORT

```

;

## Measurements

```
eagle10506 03-04-15 13:10:44 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: DAILY AVAILABILITY MEASUREMENTS ON LINK
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-04-15, 00:00:00 THROUGH 12:59:59

LINK-AVLD MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1204, LINK: A , LSN: lsn123 (SAAL)

These measurements are from 03-04-15, 00:00:00 through 12:59:59.
NEARMGIH = 0, FARMGINH = 0, NMDCLFLR = 0,
DRDCLFLR = 0, SURCVERR = 0, DRLKINHB = 0,
DRLCLPRO = 0

;

eagle10506 03-04-15 13:10:45 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND LINK-AVLD MEASUREMENT REPORT

;
```

MP Example Output File Name: **avld-link\_19990116\_2400.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"DAILY AVAILABILITY MEASUREMENTS ON
LINK", "LAST", "1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 600<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LOC", "LINK", "LNKTYPE", "NEARMGIH", "FARMGINH", "NMDCLFLR", "DRDCLFLR",
"SURCVERR", "DRLKINHB", "DRFEPRO", "DRLCLPRO"<cr><lf>
"K", "1204", "A", "SAAL", 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0<cr><lf>

.

"K", "5204", "B3", "MTP2", 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0<cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 8 char LSN + 7 char LOC + 5 char LINK +  
7 char LNKTYPE + 8\*(6 char data) + 2 = 81 chars

For a report of 600 links, the typical file size is:

|               |   |               |   |             |   |             |
|---------------|---|---------------|---|-------------|---|-------------|
| System header | + | Report header | + | Report data |   |             |
| 250           | + | 128           | + | 48600       | = | 48978 bytes |

### Day-To-Hour Availability Measurements

Day-To-Hour Availability (AVLDTH) Reports provide measurements pertaining to link management accumulating through the day.

**Entity Types:** Link

**Accumulation Interval:** Daily total to the last full hour

**STP Retention Period:** 1 hour

**Reporting Mode:** On-demand

**Accessible Collection Period:** Last

Example Commands:

OAM: `rept-meas:type=avldth:enttype=link:loc=xxx:link=x:nzo=no`

MP: `rept-ftp-meas:type=avldth:enttype=link`

**Table 4-15.** Day-To-Hour Availability Link Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| DRDCLFLR   | <b>Cumulative Duration of Signaling Link Declared Failures All Types</b> - The cumulative duration of all link failures.                                                                                                        | seconds   |
| DRFEPRO    | <b>Duration of Far-End Processor Outage</b> - The cumulative duration that a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because of a processor outage at the far-end network element (SIPO received).                                  | seconds   |
| DRLCLPRO   | <b>Duration of Local Processor Outage</b> - The cumulative duration that a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because of a processor outage at the near-end network element.                                                   | seconds   |
| DRLKINHB   | <b>Duration of Signaling Link Mgmt Inhibit</b> - The duration that a signaling link was unavailable because a signaling link was inhibited.                                                                                     | seconds   |
| FARMGINH   | <b>Number of Far-End Management Inhibits</b> - Number of times that a link was successfully inhibited from the far-end.                                                                                                         | peg count |
| NEARMGIH   | <b>Number of Near-End Management Inhibits</b> - Number of times a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because it was locally inhibited.                                                                                         | peg count |
| NMDCLFLR   | <b>Number of Signaling Link Declared Failures All Types</b> - The cumulative total of all link failures.                                                                                                                        | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.                                                                                 | status    |
| SURCVERR   | <b>Number of Signal Units Received In Error</b> - The number of signal units received with checksum errors, indicating transmission errors. For HSLs, this register reflects the number of SSCOP PDUs received with any errors. | peg count |

## Measurements

### OAM Example Output:

```
eagle10506 03-04-15 13:10:34 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: DAY-TO-HOUR AVAILABILITY MEASUREMENTS ON LINK
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-04-15, 00:00:00 THROUGH 12:59:59

LINK-AVLDTM MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1201, LINK: A , LSN: lsn123

These measurements are from 03-04-15, 00:00:00 through 12:59:59.
NEARMGIH = 0, FARMGINH = 0, NMDCLFLR = 0,
DRDCLFLR = 0, SURCVERR = 0, DRLKINHB = 0,
DRFCLPRO = 0, DRLCLPRO = 0

;

eagle10506 03-04-15 13:10:35 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND LINK-AVLDTM MEASUREMENT REPORT

;

eagle10506 03-04-15 13:10:44 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: DAY-TO-HOUR AVAILABILITY MEASUREMENTS ON LINK
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-04-15, 00:00:00 THROUGH 12:59:59

LINK-AVLDTM MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1204, LINK: A , LSN: lsn123 (SAAL)

These measurements are from 03-04-15, 00:00:00 through 12:59:59.
NEARMGIH = 0, FARMGINH = 0, NMDCLFLR = 0,
DRDCLFLR = 0, SURCVERR = 0, DRLKINHB = 0,
DRLCLPRO = 0

;

eagle10506 03-04-15 13:10:45 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND LINK-AVLDTM MEASUREMENT REPORT

;
```

MP Example Output File Name: **avldth-link\_19990117\_1500.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"DAY-TO-HOUR AVAILABILITY MEASUREMENTS ON LINK", "LAST",
"1999-01-17", "00:00:00", "15:00:00", 600<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LSN", "LOC", "LINK", "LNKTYPE", "NEARMGIH", "FARMGINH", "NMDCLFLR", "DRDCLF
LR",
"SURCVERR", "DRLKINHB", "DRFEPRO", "DRLCLPRO"<cr><lf>
"K", "lsn234", "1201", "A", "SAAL", 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0<cr><lf>
.
"K", "lsn789", "5201", "B3", "MTP2", 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0<cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 8 char LSN + 7 char LOC + 5 char LINK +  
7 char LNKTYPE + 8\*(6 char data) + 2 = 81 chars

For a report of 600 links, the typical file size is:

|               |   |               |   |             |   |             |
|---------------|---|---------------|---|-------------|---|-------------|
| System header | + | Report header | + | Report data |   |             |
| 250           | + | 128           | + | 48600       | = | 48978 bytes |

**Availability Measurements**

Availability Measurements (AVL) provide measurements relating to the availability of signaling links.

- Entity Types:** Link, STPLAN
- Accumulation Interval:** 30 minutes
- Optional MP Accumulation Interval:** Every 15 minutes
- STP Retention Period:** 24 hours
- Reporting Mode:** On-demand, scheduled (MP)
- Accessible Collection Period:** Last, active (OAM), or specific

**enttype=link**

Certain registers are reported for HSLs or LSLs only. Other registers have different interpretations for HSLs than for LSLs. These registers are summarized in Table 4-16.



## Measurements

**Table 4-16.** HSL LSL Differences for Availability Links

| Event Name | LSL Usage                                                | HSL Usage                                        |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| SUSRECDV   | Level 2 signaling units (all types) received             | SSCOP PDUs (all types) received                  |
| SUSTRAN    | Level 2 signaling units (all types) transmitted          | SSCOP PDUs (all types) transmitted               |
| SURCVERR   | Level 2 signaling units (all types) received with errors | SSCOP PDUs (all types) received with errors      |
| NDCFLABN   | As described                                             | N/A - not reported                               |
| NDCLFALP   | As described                                             | N/A - not reported                               |
| NDCLFSYNC  | No data received on the line                             | DS1: LOS, LOF, or LCD indications                |
| NDCFLXDA   | Level 2 timer t7 expired                                 | Timer NO_RESPONSE expired for POLL/STAT response |
| NDCFLXDC   | Level 2 timer t6 expired                                 | Timer NO_CREDIT expired                          |
| PCRN1N2EXC | As described                                             | N/A - not reported                               |

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=avl:enttype=link:loc=xxx:link=x*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=avl:enttype=link*

**Table 4-17.** Availability Link Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                    | Unit      |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| DRDCLFLR   | <b>Cumulative Duration of Signaling Link Declared Failures All Types</b> - The cumulative duration of all link failures.                                                                       | seconds   |
| DRFEPRO    | <b>Duration of Far-End Processor Outage</b> - The cumulative duration that a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because of a processor outage at the far-end network element (SIPO received). | seconds   |
| DRLCLPRO   | <b>Duration of Local Processor Outage</b> - The cumulative duration that a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because of a processor outage at the near-end network element.                  | seconds   |
| DRLKINHB   | <b>Duration of Signaling Link Mgmt Inhibit</b> - The duration that a signaling link was unavailable because a signaling link was inhibited.                                                    | seconds   |
| FARMGINH   | <b>Number of Far-End Management Inhibits</b> - The total number of times that a link was inhibited by far-end management.                                                                      | peg count |

Table 4-17. Availability Link Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Unit      |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| NDCLFLABN  | <b>Number of Signaling Link Failures – Abnormal FIB/BSN</b> - Number of times the signaling link was taken out-of-service because of abnormal FIB/BSN received. A count was accumulated if two backward sequence number values in three consecutively received MSUs or FISUs are not the same as the previous one or any of the forward sequence numbers of the signal units in the retransmission buffer at the time they are retransmitted. | peg count |
| NDCLFALP   | <b>Link Failure – Alignment or Proving Failure</b> - Number of times a signaling link was returned to out-of-service because of the excessive error rate detected by the alignment error rate monitor (AERM).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | peg count |
| NDCLFINTR  | <b>Link Failure – Too Many Interrupts</b> - Number of times the threshold for interrupts was exceeded. For instance, if there is excess noise on the line causing spurious interrupts, the STP recognizes that the threshold has been exceeded, and disables the link. This prevents the card from rebooting.                                                                                                                                 | peg count |
| NDCLFSYNC  | <b>Link Failure - Loss of Synchronization</b> - Number of times that the link was taken out-of-service because of a loss of synchronization.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | peg count |
| NDCFLXDA   | <b>Number of Signaling Link Failures – Excessive Delay of Acknowledgment</b> - Number of times a signaling link was out-of-service due to an excessive delay in acknowledgments.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | peg count |
| NDCFLXDC   | <b>Number of Signaling Link Failures – Excessive Duration of Congestion</b> - Number of times a signaling link was out-of-service because the timer T6 (remote congestion) expired.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | peg count |
| NDCFLXER   | <b>Number of Signaling Link Failures – Excessive Error Rate</b> - Number of times a signaling link was out-of-service because it reached the signal unit error rate monitor (SUERM) threshold.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | peg count |
| NEARMGIH   | <b>Number of Near-End Management Inhibits</b> - Number of times a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because it was locally inhibited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | peg count |
| NMDCLFLR   | <b>Number of Signaling Link Declared Failures All Types</b> - The cumulative total of all link failures.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | peg count |
| NMFEPRO    | <b>Number of Far-End Processor Outages</b> - The total number of far-end processor outages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | peg count |
| NMLCLPRO   | <b>Number of Local Processor Outages</b> - The total number of local processor outages.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | peg count |
| PCRN1N2EXC | <b>PCR N1 or N2 Count Exceeded</b> - The total number of forced retransmissions when preventive cyclic retransmission (PCR) is used as the error correction method on a link.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | status    |

Measurements

**Table 4-17.** Availability Link Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                              | Unit      |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| SURCVERR   | <b>Number of SUs Received in Error</b> - The total number of SUs received in which errors were detected. | peg count |
| SUSRECVD   | <b>Signaling Units Received</b> - The total number of signaling units received.                          | peg count |
| SUSTRAN    | <b>Signaling Units Transmitted</b> - The total number of signaling units transmitted.                    | peg count |

OAM Example Output:

```

eagle10506 03-04-15 12:33:05 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: AVAILABILITY MEASUREMENTS ON LINK
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-04-15, 12:00:00 THROUGH 12:29:59

LINK-AVL MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1201, LINK: A , LSN: lsn123

These measurements are from 03-04-15, 12:00:00 through 12:29:59.
NEARMGIH = 0, FARMGINH = 0, NMDCLFLR = 0,
DRDCLFLR = 0, SURCVERR = 0, DRLKINHB = 0,
NDCFLABN = 0, NDCLFSYNC = 0, NDCFLXDA = 0,
NDCFLXER = 0, NDCFLXDC = 0, NDCLFALP = 0,
NDCLFINTR = 0, NMFEPRO = 0, NMLCLPRO = 0,
DRFEPRO = 0, DRLCLPRO = 0, SUSRECVD = 3300944,
SUSTRAN = 3299200, PCRN1N2EXC = 0

;

eagle10506 03-04-15 12:33:06 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND LINK-AVL MEASUREMENT REPORT

;

eagle10506 03-04-15 12:33:16 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: AVAILABILITY MEASUREMENTS ON LINK
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-04-15, 12:00:00 THROUGH 12:29:59

LINK-AVL MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1204, LINK: A , LSN: lsn123 (SAAL)

These measurements are from 03-04-15, 12:00:00 through 12:29:59.
Measurement data represents an incomplete interval.
NEARMGIH = 0, FARMGINH = 0, NMDCLFLR = 0,
DRDCLFLR = 0, SURCVERR = 0, DRLKINHB = 0,
NDCLFSYNC = 1, NDCFLXDA = 0, NDCFLXER = 0,
NDCFLXDC = 0, NDCLFINTR = 0, NMLCLPRO = 0,
DRLCLPRO = 0, SUSRECVD = 0, SUSTRAN = 110

;

eagle10506 03-04-15 12:33:17 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND LINK-AVL MEASUREMENT REPORT

;

```

MP Example Output File Name: **avl-link\_19990117\_1530.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:



## Measurements

### Link Interface Module (LIM) measurements

**Table 4-18.** Availability STPLAN LIM Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                               | Unit      |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| SLANDISC1  | <b>STPLAN Discarded 1</b> - Number of indicated messages not copied to the host due to the STPLAN feature being disabled. | peg count |
| SLANDSBLD  | <b>STPLAN Disabled</b> - The duration that the STPLAN screening/copy feature was disabled.                                | msecs     |
| SLANSCRND  | <b>STPLAN Screened</b> - Number of MSUs that were copied to the STPLAN interface after passing gateway screening.         | peg count |

#### OAM LIM Example Output:

```

tekelecstp 03-02-06 11:02:07 WET EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: AVAILABILITY MEASUREMENTS ON STPLAN
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-02-06, 10:30:00 THROUGH 10:59:59

STPLAN-AVL MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1201

These measurements are from 03-02-06, 10:30:00 through 10:59:59.
SLANDSBLD = 0, SLANDISC1 = 0, SLANSCRND = 0

;

tekelecstp 03-02-06 11:02:09 WET EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND STPLAN-AVL MEASUREMENT REPORT
;

```

### Transaction Service Module (TSM) measurements

**Table 4-19.** Availability STPLAN TSM Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                       | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| SLANDSBLD  | <b>STPLAN Disabled</b> - The duration that the STPLAN screening/copy feature was disabled.                        | msecs     |
| SLANSCRND  | <b>STPLAN Screened</b> - Number of MSUs that were copied to the STPLAN interface after passing gateway screening. | peg count |

OAM TSM Example Output:

```

tekelecstp 03-02-06 11:02:21 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: AVAILABILITY MEASUREMENTS ON STPLAN
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-02-06, 10:30:00 THROUGH 10:59:59

STPLAN-AVL MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1208

These measurements are from 03-02-06, 10:30:00 through 10:59:59.
SLANDBLD = 0, SLANSCRND = 0

;

tekelecstp 03-02-06 11:02:22 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND STPLAN-AVL MEASUREMENT REPORT
;

```

Application Communications Module (ACM) measurements

Table 4-20. Availability STPLAN ACM Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                               | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| ENETALNERR | <b>Ethernet Alignment Error</b> - Number of packets not received over the STPLAN interface because of ethernet alignment errors.          | peg count |
| ENETBUSBSY | <b>Ethernet Bus Busy</b> - Number of transmissions attempted when the STPLAN ethernet bus was busy.                                       | peg count |
| ENETCOLERR | <b>Ethernet Collision Error</b> - Number of packets not transmitted by STPLAN because of excessive collisions on the STPLAN ethernet bus. | peg count |
| ENETCRCERR | <b>Ethernet CRC Error</b> - Number of packets not received on the STPLAN ethernet due to CRC errors.                                      | peg count |
| ENETOCTRCV | <b>Ethernet Octets Received</b> - The total number of octets received on the STPLAN ethernet interface.                                   | peg count |
| ENETOCTXMT | <b>Ethernet Octets Transmitted</b> - The total number of octets transmitted on the STPLAN ethernet interface.                             | peg count |
| ENETOVRERR | <b>Ethernet Receive Buffer Overflow Errors</b> - Number of packets not received by STPLAN because of a receive buffer overflow.           | peg count |
| IPADDRERR  | <b>IP Address Error</b> - The total number of inbound IP datagrams discarded on the STPLAN interface due to a bad destination address.    | peg count |
| IPHDRERR   | <b>IP Header Errors</b> - The total number of inbound IP datagrams discarded on the STPLAN interface due to header errors.                | peg count |
| IPPROTERR  | <b>IP Protocol Error</b> - Number of inbound IP datagrams discarded by STPLAN due to an error in the packet (invalid protocol).           | peg count |
| SLANDISC2  | <b>STPLAN Discarded 2</b> - Number of MSUs discarded due to the host being unreachable.                                                   | peg count |

## Measurements

**Table 4-20.** Availability STPLAN ACM Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| SLANXMIT   | <b>STPLAN Transmit</b> - Number of MSUs sent to the host destination.                                                                           | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |
| TCPCONNFLD | <b>TCP Connections Failed</b> - The total number of TCP connections that have failed on the STPLAN interface.                                   | peg count |
| TCPSEGRCVD | <b>TCP Segment Received</b> - The total number of TCP segments received on the STPLAN interface.                                                | peg count |
| TCPSEGSENT | <b>TCP Segment Sent</b> - The total number of TCP segments sent on the STPLAN interface.                                                        | peg count |
| TCPSEGXMT2 | <b>TCP Segment Retransmitted</b> - The total number of TCP segments retransmitted on the STPLAN interface.                                      | peg count |
| TCPRCVERR  | <b>TCP Receive Error</b> - The total number of TCP segments received on the STPLAN interface in error.                                          | peg count |
| TCPRSTSENT | <b>TCP Reset Sent</b> - The total number of TCP segments sent containing the reset (RST) flag on the STPLAN interface.                          | peg count |

### OAM ACM Example Output:

```

tekelecstp 03-02-06 11:02:34 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: AVAILABILITY MEASUREMENTS ON STPLAN
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-02-06, 10:30:00 THROUGH 10:59:59

STPLAN-AVL MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1101

These measurements are from 03-02-06, 10:30:00 through 10:59:59.
SLANDISC2 = 0, SLANXMIT = 0, ENETALNERR = 0,
ENETCRCERR = 0, ENETCOLERR = 0, ENETBUSBSY = 0,
ENETOVRERR = 0, ENETOCTXMT = 0, ENETOCTRCV = 124804,
TCPCONNFLD = 0, TCPSEGRCVD = 0, TCPSEGSENT = 0,
TCPSEGXMT2 = 0, TCPRCVERR = 0, TCPRSTSENT = 0,
IPHDRERR = 0, IPADDRERR = 0, IPROTERR = 0

;

tekelecstp 03-02-06 11:02:36 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND STPLAN-AVL MEASUREMENT REPORT
;

```





Measurements

**Table 4-21.** Daily Maintenance STP Measurements (Continued)

| <b>Event Name</b> | <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <b>Unit</b> |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| DRDCLFLR          | <b>Cumulative Duration of Signaling Link Declared Failures All Types</b> - The cumulative duration of all link failures.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | seconds     |
| DURLKOTG          | <b>Duration of Link Outage</b> - The total time a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 for any reason.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | seconds     |
| DTAMSULOST        | <b>DTA MSUs Lost</b> - The total number of MSUs that were discarded because the redirect function was turned off or the original MSU was too large to be encapsulated.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | peg count   |
| GFGTMATCH         | <b>G-Flex GTTs with Match</b> - The total number of G-Flex Global Title Translation successfully completed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | peg count   |
| GFGTNOMCH         | <b>G-Flex GTTs No Match</b> - The total number of G-Flex Global Title Translations completed that did not match an entry in the GSM database.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | peg count   |
| GFGTNOLKUP        | <b>G-Flex GTTs No Look-up</b> - The total number of G-Flex Global Title Translations that could not be looked up in the GSM database because of some error.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | peg count   |
| GTTPERFD          | <b>GTTs Performed</b> - The total number of MSUs that successfully completed global title translation (GTT). Also includes G-Flex and INP MSUs that got a match in either the G-Flex, INP or GTT DB.                                                                                                                                                                                             | peg count   |
| GTTUN0NS          | <b>GTTs Unable to Perform - Diagnostic 0: No Translation for Address of Such Nature</b> – Total number of times that the specified translation type in an MSU was not supported by the STP or the form of the GTT was incorrect for the given translation type. Also includes G-Flex, INP and GTT MSUs that did not match on new selectors (GTI,INP,NAI) in addition to ones not matching on TT. | peg count   |
| GTTUN1NT          | <b>GTTs Unable to Perform - Diagnostic 1: No Translation for This Address</b> – Number of times that a match for the global title could not be found in the translation table. Also includes G-Flex, INP MSUs that fell through to GTT, got a selector match, but still did not get a match on the GTA.                                                                                          | peg count   |
| MSINVDPC          | <b>MSUs Rcvd – Invalid DPC</b> - Number of MSUs received and discarded because the DPC could not be found in the STP routing table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | peg count   |
| OMSINVDPC         | <b>MSUs Originated – Invalid DPC</b> - Number of MSUs originated with an invalid DPC.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | peg count   |
| MSINVSIF          | <b>MSUs Discarded – Invalid SIF</b> - Number of MSUs that have been received and discarded because of an invalid SIF.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | peg count   |
| MSINVSIO          | <b>MSUs Rcvd – Invalid Service Indicator Octet (SIO)</b> - Number of MSUs received and discarded because the service requested in the service indicator octet (SIO) was not supported by the STP.                                                                                                                                                                                                | peg count   |
| MASYSAL           | <b>Major system alarms</b> - The total number of major system alarms.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | peg count   |

**Table 4-21.** Daily Maintenance STP Measurements (Continued)

| <b>Event Name</b> | <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | <b>Unit</b> |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| MISYSAL           | <b>Minor system alarms</b> - The total number of minor system alarms.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | peg count   |
| MSINVLNK          | <b>MSUs Discarded – Invalid Link</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because of an incorrect SLC. (The SLC refers to a nonexistent link or the same link.)                                                                                                                                                   | peg count   |
| MSINVSLC          | <b>MSUs Discarded – Invalid SLC</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because of an invalid SLC code in the ECO/COO.                                                                                                                                                                                           | peg count   |
| MSNACDPC          | <b>MSUs Discarded – Inaccessible DPC</b> - The total number of MSUs discarded because of an inaccessible DPC.                                                                                                                                                                                           | peg count   |
| MSSCCPFL          | <b>MSUs Discarded – Routing Failure</b> - Number of MSUs discarded due to an SCCP routing failure. Also includes G-Flex, INP MSUs that got a match from either the G-Flex, INP or GTT DB but cannot be routed due to PC or SS congestion, PC or SS unavailable, SS unequipped, or an unqualified error. | peg count   |
| MSUDSCRD          | <b>MSUs Discarded – Gateway Screening</b> - The total number of MSUs that failed gateway screening and were discarded. See linkset report for individual peg counts.                                                                                                                                    | peg count   |
| MSULOST1          | <b>MSUs Discarded – Level 2/Level 3 Queue Full</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because the level 2 to level 3 queue was full.                                                                                                                                                                            | peg count   |
| MSULOST2          | <b>MSUs Discarded – Route On Hold Buffer Overflow</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because the routing buffer was in overflow.                                                                                                                                                                            | peg count   |
| MSULOST3          | <b>MSUs Discarded – LS On Hold Buffer Overflow</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because the linkset-on-hold buffer was in overflow.                                                                                                                                                                       | peg count   |
| MSULOST4          | <b>MSUs Discarded – Rcv Queue Full</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because the receive queue was full.                                                                                                                                                                                                   | peg count   |
| MSULOST5          | <b>MSUs Discarded – LIM Init</b> - Number of MSUs discarded while the LIM card was initializing.                                                                                                                                                                                                        | peg count   |
| MTPRESTS          | <b>MTP Restarts Initiated</b> - Number of times MTP restart was initiated by the STP. The count does not include the number of MTP restarts initiated as a result of messages from adjacent nodes.                                                                                                      | peg count   |
| ORIGMSUS          | <b>Originated MSUs</b> - The total number of outgoing MSUs successfully passed to MTP level 2 for transmission, while carrying the STP point code in the OPC field.                                                                                                                                     | peg count   |
| OVSZMSG           | <b>Oversized MTP 3 Messages</b> - Oversized MTP 3 messages exceeding 272 octets (level 3) that are received by an HSL and are discarded.                                                                                                                                                                | peg count   |

Measurements

**Table 4-21.** Daily Maintenance STP Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Unit      |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.                                                                                        | status    |
| THRSWMSU   | <b>Through-Switched MSUs</b> - The total number of MSUs that did not carry the STP point code in the OPC or the DPC, and were successfully passed to MTP level 2 for transmission.                                                     | peg count |
| TRMDMSUS   | <b>Terminated MSUs</b> - The total number of incoming MSUs carrying the STP point code in the DPC.                                                                                                                                     | peg count |
| TTMAPPF    | <b>Translation Type Mapping Translations Performed</b> - The total number of Translation Type Mapping translations performed (that is, a mapped SS7 message translation type was found for the existing SS7 message translation type). | peg count |
| XLXTELEI   | <b>X-List Entry Not Created</b> - The total number of times that an X-List entry was not created because the ELEI for the cluster was set to 'yes'.                                                                                    | peg count |
| XLXTSPACE  | <b>X-List Entry Not Created</b> - The total number of times an X-List entry was not created due to lack of space in the route/destination table.                                                                                       | peg count |
| MSUSCCPFLR | <b>MSU SCCP Failure</b> - Total MSUs Discarded Due to SCCP Conversion Failure.                                                                                                                                                         | peg count |

OAM Example Output:

```

tekelecstp 97-01-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON STP
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 97-01-01, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59

STP-MTCD MEASUREMENTS

These measurements are from 03-08-01, 00:00:00 through 23:59:59.
ORIGMSUS = 36102314, TRMDMSUS = 0, THRSWMSU = 6055635,
MTPRESTS = 0, DTAMSULOST = 0, MSINVDPC = 1,
MSINVSIO = 0, OMSINVDPC = 0, MSINVLNK = 0,
MSINVSIF = 0, MSNACDPC = 1, MSINVSLC = 0,
GTTPERFD = 0, GTTUNONS = 0, GTTUNINT = 0,
MSSCCPFL = 0, MSUDSCRD = 0, MSULOST1 = 0,
MSULOST2 = 0, MSULOST3 = 0, MSULOST4 = 0,
MSULOST5 = 0, DRDCLFLR = 86400, DURLKOTG = 86400,
CRSYSAL = 288, MASYSAL = 600, MISYSAL = 960,
XLXTSPACE = 0, XLXTELEI = 0, TTMAPPF = 0,
OVSZMSG = 0, GFGTMATCH = 0, GFGTNOMCH = 0,
GFGTNOLKUP = 0, MSUSCCPFLR = 0

;
tekelecstp 97-01-02 15:51:39 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND STP-MTCD MEASUREMENT REPORT
;

```

MP Example Output File Name: **mtcd-stp\_19990116\_2400.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-51.0.0", "3003-08-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON
STP", "LAST", "2003-08-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 1<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "ORIGMSUS", "TRMDMSUS", "THRSWMSU", "MTPRESTS", "DTAMSULOST", "MSINVDPC",
"MSINVSIO", "OMSINVDPC", "MSINVLNK", "MSINVSIF", "MSNACDPC", "MSINVSLC", "GTTPERFD",
"GTTUNONS", "GTTUN1NT", "MSSCCPFL", "MSULOST1", "MSULOST2", "MSULOST3", "MSULOST4",
"MSULOST5", "DRDCLFLR", "DURLKOTG", "CRSYSAL", "MASYSAL", "MISYSAL", "XLXTSPACE",
"XLXTELEI", "TTMAPPF", "MSUDSCRD", "OVSZMSG", "GFGTMATCH", "GFGTNOMCH", "GFGTNOLKUP"
,
"MSUSCCPFLR"<cr><lf>
"K", 36102314, 0, 6055635, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 86400, 86400
,
288,600,960,0,0,0,0<cr><lf>
```

Typical file size:

System header + Report header + Report data

250 + 405 + 220 = 885 bytes

**enttype=link**

Certain registers are reported for HSLs or LSLs only. Other registers have different interpretations for HSLs than for LSLs. These registers are summarized in Table 4-22.

**Table 4-22. HSL LSL Differences for Daily Maintenance Links**

| Event Name | LSL Usage                       | HSL Usage                                        |
|------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| DRBSYLNK   | As described                    | N/A - not reported                               |
| NEGACKS    | As described                    | N/A - not reported                               |
| SDURETRAN  | N/A - not reported              | As described                                     |
| SURCVERR   | Applies to FISU, LSSU, and MSUs | Applies to PDUs                                  |
| TLNKACTV   | As described                    | Time the link is active and giving MSUs to SAAL  |
| NDCFLABN   | As described                    | N/A - not reported                               |
| NDCFLXDA   | Level 2 timer t7 expired        | Timer NO_RESPONSE expired for POLL/STAT response |
| NDCFLXDC   | Level 2 timer t6 expired        | Timer NO_CREDIT expired                          |
| PCRN1N2EXC | As described                    | N/A - not reported                               |
| MSURETRN   | As described                    | N/A - not reported                               |
| MSURCERR   | As described                    | N/A - not reported                               |

**Table 4-22.** HSL LSL Differences for Daily Maintenance Links

| Event Name | LSL Usage    | HSL Usage          |
|------------|--------------|--------------------|
| OCTRETRN   | As described | N/A - not reported |

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=mtcd:enttype=link:loc=xxx:link=x*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=mtcd:enttype=link*

**Table 4-23.** Daily Maintenance Link Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| ACHGOVRS   | <b>Number of Automatic Changeovers -</b><br>Number of times that a changeover procedure was used to divert traffic from one link to alternative links.                                                            | peg count |
| DRBSYLNK   | <b>Cumulative Duration of Busy Link Status-</b><br>The total elapsed time between the receipt of a busy LSSU, and when the next message was acknowledged. This is the sum of all occurrences of busy link status. | seconds   |
| DRDCLFLR   | <b>Cumulative Duration of Signaling Link Declared Failures All Types -</b> The cumulative duration of all link failures.                                                                                          | seconds   |
| DRFEPRO    | <b>Duration of Far-End Processor Outage -</b><br>The cumulative duration that a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because of a processor outage at the far-end network element (SIPO received).                 | seconds   |
| DRLCLPRO   | <b>Duration of Local Processor Outage -</b><br>The cumulative duration that a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because of a processor outage at the near-end network element.                                  | seconds   |
| DRLKINHB   | <b>Duration Link Inhibited -</b> The cumulative duration that a link was inhibited at the local or far-end network element.                                                                                       | seconds   |
| ECCNGLV1   | <b>Event Count for Entering Level 1 Link Congestion -</b><br>The total number of times that link congestion level 1 was entered.                                                                                  | peg count |
| ECCNGLV2   | <b>Event Count for Entering Level 2 Link Congestion -</b><br>The total number of times that link congestion level 2 was entered.                                                                                  | peg count |
| ECCNGLV3   | <b>Event Count for Entering Level 3 Link Congestion -</b><br>The total number of times that link congestion level 3 was entered.                                                                                  | peg count |
| FARMGINH   | <b>Number of Far-End Management Inhibits -</b> Number of times a link was inhibited successfully from the far-end.                                                                                                | peg count |
| LNKAVAIL   | <b>Link Available Time -</b> The total time the link was available to MTP level 3.                                                                                                                                | seconds   |

**Table 4-23.** Daily Maintenance Link Measurements (Continued)

| <b>Event Name</b> | <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>Unit</b> |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| MSUDISC0          | <b>Priority 0 MSUs Discarded Due to Congestion</b> - The total number of priority 0 MSUs discarded due to congestion (any level).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | peg count   |
| MSUDISC1          | <b>Priority 1 MSUs Discarded Due to Congestion</b> - The total number of priority 1 MSUs discarded due to congestion (any level).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | peg count   |
| MSUDISC2          | <b>Priority 2 MSUs Discarded Due to Congestion</b> - The total number of priority 2 MSUs discarded due to congestion (any level).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | peg count   |
| MSUDISC3          | <b>Priority 3 MSUs Discarded Due to Congestion</b> - The total number of priority 3 MSUs discarded due to congestion (any level).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | peg count   |
| MSURCERR          | The number of MSUs received in error.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | peg count   |
| MSURECVD          | <b>MSUs Received</b> - Total number of MSUs received, including those for which retransmission has been requested.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | peg count   |
| MSURETRN          | <b>MSUs Retransmitted</b> - Number of MSUs retransmitted because of errors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | peg count   |
| MSUTRAN           | <b>MSUs Transmitted</b> - Total number of MSUs transmitted to the far-end, including retransmissions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | peg count   |
| NDCFLABN          | <b>Number of Signaling Unit Failures</b> - Abnormal FIB/BSN - Number of times the signaling link was taken out-of-service because the STP received abnormal FIBs/BSNs. A count accumulates if two backward sequence number values in three consecutively received MSUs, or FISUs are not the same as the previous one, or any of the forward sequence numbers of the signal units in the retransmission buffer at the time they are retransmitted. | peg count   |
| NDCFLXDA          | <b>Number of Signaling Link Failures</b> - Excessive Delay of Acknowledgment - Number of times a signaling link was out-of-service due to an excessive delay in acknowledgments.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | peg count   |
| NDCFLXDC          | <b>Number of Signaling Link Failures</b> - Excessive Duration of Congestion - Number of times a signaling link was out-of-service because the timer T6 (remote congestion) expired.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | peg count   |
| NDCFLXER          | <b>Number of Signaling Link Failures</b> - Excessive Error Rate - Number of times a signaling link was out-of-service because it reached the signal unit error rate monitor (SUERM) threshold.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | peg count   |
| NEARMGIH          | <b>Number of Near-End Management Inhibits</b> - Number of times a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because it was locally inhibited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | peg count   |
| NEGACKS           | <b>Number of Negative Acknowledgments Received</b> - Number of times the BSN in an MSU was inverted, indicating a retransmission request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | peg count   |

## Measurements

**Table 4-23.** Daily Maintenance Link Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Unit      |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| NMLCLPRO   | <b>Number of Local Processor Outages</b> - The total number of local processor outages in this STP.                                                                                                                                                 | peg count |
| NMDCLFLR   | <b>Number of Signaling Link Declared Failures All Types</b> - The cumulative total of all link failures.                                                                                                                                            | peg count |
| NMFEPRO    | <b>Number of Far-End Processor Outages</b> - Number of far-end processor outages that have occurred.                                                                                                                                                | peg count |
| OCTRECVD   | <b>MSU Octets Received</b> - Total number of octets associated with MSUs received, including those removed for MTP level 2 processing and those for which retransmission has been requested.                                                        | octets    |
| OCTRETRN   | The number MSU octets retransmitted                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | peg count |
| OCTTRAN    | <b>MSU Octets Transmitted</b> - Total number of octets associated with MSUs transmitted to the far-end, including those added in MTP level 2 processing and retransmissions.                                                                        | octets    |
| PCRN1N2EXC | <b>PCR N1 or N2 Count Exceeded</b> - The total number of forced retransmissions when preventive cyclic retransmission (PCR) is used as the error correction method on a link.                                                                       | peg count |
| SDURETRN   | <b>SSCOP SD PDUs Retransmitted</b> - The number of SSCOP SD PDUs that were retransmitted, based on an accumulated count of such retransmissions, conveyed to layer management. This measurement replaces the MTP level 2 negative acknowledgements. | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.                                                                                                     | status    |
| SURCVERR   | <b>Number of Signal Units Received In Error</b> - Number of signal units received with checksum errors, indicating transmission errors.                                                                                                             | peg count |
| TDCNGLV1   | <b>Total Duration of Level 1 Link Congestion</b> - The total time the link was in level 1 congestion.                                                                                                                                               | seconds   |
| TDCNGLV2   | <b>Total Duration of Level 2 Link Congestion</b> - The total time the link was in level 2 congestion.                                                                                                                                               | seconds   |
| TDCNGLV3   | <b>Total Duration of Level 3 Link Congestion</b> - The total time the link was in level 3 congestion.                                                                                                                                               | seconds   |
| TLNKACTV   | <b>Signaling link active time</b> - the total time that the signaling link is in service and actively transmitting MSUs                                                                                                                             | seconds   |

**OAM Example Output:**

```
eagle10506 03-04-15 13:11:01 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LINK
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-04-15, 00:00:00 THROUGH 12:59:59

LINK-MTCD MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1201, LINK: A , LSN: lsn123
```

## Measurements

These measurements are from 03-04-15, 00:00:00 through 12:59:59.

|            |   |     |          |   |       |          |   |       |
|------------|---|-----|----------|---|-------|----------|---|-------|
| MSUTRAN    | = | 95, | MSURECVD | = | 95,   | MSURETRN | = | 0,    |
| OCTRETRN   | = | 0,  | OCTTRAN  | = | 1900, | OCTRECVD | = | 1900, |
| TDCNGLV1   | = | 0,  | TDCNGLV2 | = | 0,    | TDCNGLV3 | = | 0,    |
| ECCNGLV1   | = | 0,  | ECCNGLV2 | = | 0,    | ECCNGLV3 | = | 0,    |
| MSUDISCO   | = | 0,  | MSUDISC1 | = | 0,    | MSUDISC2 | = | 0,    |
| MSUDISC3   | = | 0,  | TLNKACTV | = | 0,    | LNKAVAIL | = | 3159, |
| ACHGOVRS   | = | 0,  | NEARMGIH | = | 0,    | FARMGINH | = | 0,    |
| NMDCLFLR   | = | 0,  | DRDCLFLR | = | 0,    | SURCVERR | = | 0,    |
| NEGACKS    | = | 0,  | DRLKINHB | = | 0,    | NDCFLABN | = | 0,    |
| NDCFLXDA   | = | 0,  | NDCFLXER | = | 0,    | NDCFLXDC | = | 0,    |
| NMFEPRO    | = | 0,  | NMLCLPRO | = | 0,    | DRFEPRO  | = | 0,    |
| DRLCLPRO   | = | 0,  | MSURCERR | = | 0,    | DRBSYLNK | = | 0,    |
| PCRN1N2EXC | = | 0   |          |   |       |          |   |       |

;

eagle10506 03-04-15 13:11:02 EST EAGLE 34.0.0  
END OF ON-DEMAND LINK-MTCD MEASUREMENT REPORT

;

eagle10506 03-04-15 13:11:17 EST EAGLE 34.0.0  
TYPE OF REPORT: DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LINK  
REPORT PERIOD: LAST  
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-04-15, 00:00:00 THROUGH 12:59:59

LINK-MTCD MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1204, LINK: A , LSN: lsn123 (SAAL)

These measurements are from 03-04-15, 00:00:00 through 12:59:59.

|          |   |    |          |   |    |          |   |    |
|----------|---|----|----------|---|----|----------|---|----|
| MSUTRAN  | = | 0, | MSURECVD | = | 0, | OCTTRAN  | = | 0, |
| OCTRECVD | = | 0, | TDCNGLV1 | = | 0, | TDCNGLV2 | = | 0, |
| TDCNGLV3 | = | 0, | ECCNGLV1 | = | 0, | ECCNGLV2 | = | 0, |
| ECCNGLV3 | = | 0, | MSUDISCO | = | 0, | MSUDISC1 | = | 0, |
| MSUDISC2 | = | 0, | MSUDISC3 | = | 0, | TLNKACTV | = | 0, |
| LNKAVAIL | = | 0, | ACHGOVRS | = | 0, | NEARMGIH | = | 0, |
| FARMGINH | = | 0, | NMDCLFLR | = | 0, | DRDCLFLR | = | 0, |
| SURCVERR | = | 0, | DRLKINHB | = | 0, | NDCFLXDA | = | 0, |
| NDCFLXER | = | 0, | NDCFLXDC | = | 0, | NMLCLPRO | = | 0, |
| DRLCLPRO | = | 0, | SDURETRN | = | 0  |          |   |    |

;

eagle10506 03-04-15 13:11:19 EST EAGLE 34.0.0  
END OF ON-DEMAND LINK-MTCD MEASUREMENT REPORT

;





**Table 4-24.** Daily Maintenance Linkset Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| ZTTMAPO    | <b>Translation Type Mapping Translation Performed - MSUs Transmitted on the Gateway Linkset - The total number of translations performed on outgoing Message Signal Units (MSUs) for the specified linkset.</b> | peg count |

OAM Example Output:

```

tekelecstp 01-08-18 12:01:47 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LINKSET
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 01-08-18, 00:00:00 THROUGH 11:59:59

LNKSET-MTCD MEASUREMENTS: lsn1201a

These measurements are from 01-08-18, 00:00:00 through 11:59:59.
ZTTMAPO = 196611, ZTTMAPI = 3

;

tekelecstp 01-08-18 12:01:49 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND LNKSET-MTCD MEASUREMENT REPORT

;

```

MP Example Output File Name: **mtcd-lnkset\_19990116\_2400.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```

"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON
LINKSET", "LAST", "1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 500<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LSN", "LNKTYPE", "ZTTMAPO", "ZTTMAPI"<cr><lf>
"K", "lsn100", "SAAL", 196611, 3<cr><lf>

.

"K", "lsn600", "MTP2", 123456, 98374<cr><lf>

```

Assuming each data line will be:

$$4 \text{ char status} + 9 \text{ char LSN} + 7 \text{ char LNKTYPE} + 2 \times (6 \text{ char data}) + 2 = 34 \text{ chars}$$

For a report of 500 linksets, the typical file size is:

|               |   |               |   |             |   |             |
|---------------|---|---------------|---|-------------|---|-------------|
| System header | + | Report header | + | Report data | = |             |
| 250           | + | 46            | + | 17000       | = | 17296 bytes |

## Measurements

### enttype=lnp

The enttype=lnp entity generates four separate reports per period. These reports for OAM based measurements are generated to CSV files in the FTA. The command example will generate the following daily reports:

- Daily LNP System Wide Measurements
- Daily LNP Measurements Per SSP
- Daily LNP Measurements Per LRN
- Daily LNP Measurements Per NPA

All the OAM reports are listed together as are the MP reports.

Example Commands:

OAM: `rept-meas:type=mtcd:enttype=lnp[:day=xxx:period=yyyyyyyy]`

MP: `rept-ftp-meas:type=mtcd:enttype=lnp[:day=xxx:period=yyyyyyyy]`

**Table 4-25.** Daily Maintenance LNP System Wide Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                            | Unit           |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| LNPQRCV    | <i>Trigger Based</i><br>The total number of queries received by LNPQS.                                                                                                 | peg count      |
|            | <i>Triggerless</i><br>Number of encapsulated IAM messages received by LNPQS                                                                                            | peg count      |
| LNPQDSC    | <i>Trigger Based</i><br>The number of invalid queries that are discarded because no reply can be generated.                                                            | peg count      |
|            | <i>Triggerless</i><br>All invalid IAM messages are routed without LNP; LNPQTCPE is pegged.                                                                             | not applicable |
| LNPQTCPE   | <i>Trigger Based</i><br>The number of error replies with TCAP error codes.                                                                                             | peg count      |
|            | <i>Triggerless</i><br>The number of invalid encapsulated IAM messages received by LNPQS. Note that these messages are routed to their destinations with no LNP lookup. | peg count      |
| LNPSREP    | <i>Trigger Based</i><br>The number of successful replies.                                                                                                              | peg count      |
|            | <i>Triggerless</i><br>The number of successful IAM messages.                                                                                                           | peg count      |

**Table 4-25.** Daily Maintenance LNP System Wide Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| LNPQUNPA   | <i>Trigger Based</i><br>The number of correct queries received for non-ported DN when NPA-NXX is not provisioned.                               | peg count |
|            | <i>Triggerless</i><br>The number of correct encapsulated IAM messages received for a non-ported DN, when the NPA-NXX is not provisioned.        | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |

**Table 4-26.** Daily Maintenance LNP Per SSP Measurements

| Event Name  | Description                                                                                      | Unit      |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| SSPQRCV     | <i>Trigger Based</i><br>Number of correct queries received per originating SSP.                  | peg count |
|             | <i>Triggerless</i><br>The number of correct encapsulated IAM messages received by LNPQS per OPC. | peg count |
| CLASSGTRQ   | Number of valid CLASS GTT received per originating SSP.                                          | peg count |
| LIDBGTRQ    | Number of valid LIDB GTT received per originating SSP.                                           | peg count |
| SSPQRCVP    | Number of correct queries received for ported TNs, per originating SSP.                          | peg count |
| SSPQRCVNP   | Number of correct queries received for non-ported TNs, per originating SSP.                      | peg count |
| CLASSGTRQP  | Number of CLASS Global Title Translation received for ported TNs, per originating SSP.           | peg count |
| CLASSGTRQNP | Number of CLASS Global Title Translation received for non-ported TNs, per originating SSP.       | peg count |
| LIDBGTRQP   | Number of LIDB Global Title Translation received for ported TNs, per originating SSP.            | peg count |
| LIDBGTRQNP  | Number of LIDB Global Title Translation received for non-ported TNs, per originating SSP.        | peg count |
| CNAMGTRQP   | Number of CNAM Global Title Translation received for ported TNs, per originating SSP.            | peg count |
| CNAMGTRQNP  | Number of CNAM Global Title Translation received for non-ported TNs, per originating SSP.        | peg count |
| ISVMGTRQP   | Number of ISVM Global Title Translation received for ported TNs, per originating SSP.            | peg count |

Measurements

**Table 4-26.** Daily Maintenance LNP Per SSP Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name  | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| ISVMGTRQNP  | Number of ISVM Global Title Translation received for non-ported TNs, per originating SSP.                                                       | peg count |
| WSMSCGTRQP  | Number of WSMSC Global Title Translations received for ported TNs, per originating SSP                                                          | peg count |
| WSMSCGTRQNP | Number of WSMSC Global Title Translations received for non-ported TNs, per originating SSP                                                      | peg count |
| STATUS      | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |

$$SSPQRCV = SSPQRCVP + SSPQRCVNP$$

$$CLASSGTRQ = CLASSGTRQP + CLASSGTRQNP$$

$$LIDBGTRQ = LIDBGTRQP + LIDBGTRQNP$$

**Table 4-27.** Daily Maintenance LNP LRN Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| LRNQRCV    | <i>Trigger Based</i><br>The number of correct queries received per LRN.                                                                         | peg count |
|            | <i>Triggerless</i><br>The number of correct encapsulated IAM messages received per LRN.                                                         | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |

**Table 4-28.** Daily Maintenance LNP NPA Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| NPAQRCV    | The number of correct queries received per NPANXX for non-ported DN.                                                                            | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |

**Daily LNP System Wide Measurements**

OAM Example Output File Name: **M60\_LNP.csv**

OAM Example Output File Format:

```
"tekelecstp 01-08-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0 "<cr><lf>
"TYPE OF REPORT: DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LNP SYSTEM"<cr><lf>
"REPORT PERIOD: LAST"<cr><lf>
"REPORT INTERVAL: 01-08-02, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59 "<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"LNPQRCV", "LNPQDSC", "LNPQTCPE", "LNPSREP", "LNPQUNPA"<cr><lf>
4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295<cr><lf>
```

**Daily LNP Measurements Per SSP**

OAM Example output File Name: **M60\_SSP.csv**

OAM Example Output File Format:

```
"tekelecstp 99-01-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0 "<cr><lf>
"TYPE OF REPORT: DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LNP SSP"<cr><lf>
"REPORT PERIOD: LAST"<cr><lf>
"REPORT INTERVAL: 99-01-01, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59 "<cr><lf>
"NUMBER OF ENTIDS: 2"<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"SSP", "SSPQRCV", "CLASSGTRQ", "LIDBGTRQ" "SSPQRCVP", "SSPQRCVNP", "CLASSGTRQP",
"CLASSGTRQNP", "LIDBGTRQP", "LIDBGTRQNP", "CNAMGTRQP", "CNAMGTRQNP", "ISVMGTRQP", "
ISVMGTRQNP", "WSMSCGTRQP", "WSMSCGTRQNP" <cr><lf>
"002-002-100", 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999,
123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999<cr><lf>
"002-002-123", 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999,
123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999<cr><lf>
```

**Daily LNP Measurements Per LRN**

OAM Example Output File Name: **M60\_LRN.csv**

OAM Example Output File Format:

```
"tekelecstp 97-01-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0 "<cr><lf>
"TYPE OF REPORT: DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LNP LRN"<cr><lf>
"REPORT PERIOD: LAST"<cr><lf>
"REPORT INTERVAL: 97-01-01, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59 "<cr><lf>
"NUMBER OF ENTIDS: 6"<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"LRN", "LRNQRCV"<cr><lf>
9194560000, 123456789<cr><lf>
4087550001, 23456789<cr><lf>
5155550000, 456789<cr><lf>
3022330001, 345<cr><lf>
7032110002, 99999<cr><lf>
8123048059, 4294967295<cr><lf>
```

**Daily LNP Measurements Per NPA**

OAM Example Output File Name: **M60\_NPA.csv**

## Measurements

### OAM Example Output File Format:

```
"tekelecstp 97-01-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0 "<cr><lf>
"TYPE OF REPORT: DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LNP NPXNXX"<cr><lf>
"REPORT PERIOD: LAST"<cr><lf>
"REPORT INTERVAL: 97-01-01, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59 "<cr><lf>
"NUMBER OF ENTIDS: 6"<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"NPANXX", "NPAQRCV"<cr><lf>
919456,123456789<cr><lf>
408755,23456789<cr><lf>
515555,456789<cr><lf>
302233,345<cr><lf>
703211,99999<cr><lf>
812304,4294967295<cr><lf>
```

### Daily LNP System Wide Measurements

MP Example Output File Name: **mtcd-lnp\_19990116\_2400.csv**

### MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LNP SYSTEM", "LAST",
"1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 1<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LNPQRCV", "LNPQDSC", "LNPQTCPE", "LNPSREP", "LNPQUNPA"<cr><lf>
"K", 429496729, 429496729, 429496729, 429496729, 429496729<cr><lf>
```

Typical file size is:

|               |   |               |   |             |   |           |
|---------------|---|---------------|---|-------------|---|-----------|
| System header | + | Report header | + | Report data |   |           |
| 250           | + | 63            | + | 34          | = | 347 bytes |

### Daily LNP Measurements Per SSP

MP Example Output File Name: **mtcd-ssp\_19990116\_2400.csv**

### MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RTPD", "IVALDATE", "IVALSTART",
"IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LNP
SSP", "LAST", "1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 200<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "SSP", "SSPQRCV", "CLASSGTRQ", "LIDBGTRQ", "SSPQRCVP", "SSPQRCVNP", "CLASSG
TRQP", "CLASSGTRQNP", "LIDBGTRQP", "LIDBGTRQNP", "CNAMGTRQP", "CNAMGTRQNP", "ISVMGTR
QP",
"ISVMGTRQNP", "WSMSCGTRQP", "WSMSCGTRQNP"<cr><lf>
"K", "002-002-100", 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 4567
89,
99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999<cr><lf>
.
"K", "002-005-123", 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 4567
89,
```

99999,123456789,456789,99999,123456789,456789,99999<cr><lf>

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 14 char SSP + 15\*(6 char data) + 2 = 110 chars

For a report of 200 SSPs, the typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data  
 250 + 160 + 22000 = 22410 bytes

**Daily LNP Measurements Per LRN**

MP Example Output File Name: **mtcd-lrn\_19990116\_2400.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS" <cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LNP
LRN", "LAST", "1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 600<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LRN", "LRNQRCV" <cr><lf>
"K", 9194560000, 123456789<cr><lf>
"K", 4087550001, 23456789<cr><lf>
"K", 5155550000, 456789<cr><lf>
.
"K", 3022330001, 345<cr><lf>
"K", 7032110002, 99999<cr><lf>
"K", 8123048059, 4294967295<cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 11 char LRN + 6 char data + 2 = 23 chars

For a report of 600 LRNs, the typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data  
 250 + 27 + 13800 = 14077 bytes

**Daily LNP Measurements Per NPA**

MP Example Output File Name: **mtcd-npa\_19990116\_2400.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS" <cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LNP NPANXX", "LAST",
"1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 600<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "NPANXX", "NPAQRCV" <cr><lf>
"K", 919456, 123456789<cr><lf>
"K", 408755, 23456789<cr><lf>
"K", 515555, 456789<cr><lf>
```



## Measurements

. . . . .

```
"K",302233,345<cr><lf>
"K",703211,99999<cr><lf>
"K",812304,4294967295<cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 7 char NPANXX + 6 char data + 2 = 19 chars

For a report of 600 LRNs, the typical file size is:

|               |   |               |   |             |   |             |
|---------------|---|---------------|---|-------------|---|-------------|
| System header | + | Report header | + | Report data |   |             |
| 250           |   | 30            |   | 11400       | = | 11680 bytes |

### enttype=np

The enttype=np entity generates two separate reports per period. These reports for OAM based measurements are generated to CSV files in the FTA. The command example will generate the following daily reports:

- Daily INP and G-Port System Wide Measurements
- Daily INP and G-Port Measurements Per SSP

All the OAM reports are listed together as are the MP reports.

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=mtcd:enttype=np*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=mtcd:enttype=np*

**Table 4-29.** Daily Maintenance INP and G-Port System Wide Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                        | Unit      |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| INPQRCV    | Number of total queries received by INPQS.                                                                         | peg count |
| INPQDSC    | Number of invalid queries that are discarded as no reply can be generated.                                         | peg count |
| INPQTCPE   | Number of error replies with TCAP error code.                                                                      | peg count |
| INPSREP    | Number of successful replies to INP non-queried queries. These replies will be either INP Connect or INP Continue. | peg count |
| GPSRRCV    | Number of call related (SRI-Send Routing Information) messages received.                                           | peg count |
| GPSRGTT    | Number of call related (SRI-Send Routing Information) messages that fell through to GTT.                           | peg count |
| GPSRREP    | Number of call related (SRI-Send Routing Information) messages that received G-Port service.                       | peg count |

**Table 4-29.** Daily Maintenance INP and G-Port System Wide Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| GPSRERR    | Number of call related messages that cause an error response message (SRI-Send Routing Information NEGATIVE ACK).                               | peg count |
| GPNOCL     | Number of non-call related messages relayed by G-Port.                                                                                          | peg count |
| GPNOCLGT   | Number of non-call related messages that fell through to GTT.                                                                                   | peg count |
| IS41LRERR  | Number of IS-41 location request - error response messages sent.                                                                                | peg count |
| IS41LRMRCV | Number of IS-41 location request messages received.                                                                                             | peg count |
| IS41LRRTN  | Number of IS-41 location request - return result messages sent.                                                                                 | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |

The following equations apply:

$$\text{INPQRCV} = \text{INPQDSC} + \text{INPQTCPE} + \text{INPSREP}$$

$$\text{GPSRRCV} = \text{GPSRGTT} + \text{GPSRREP} + \text{GPSRERR}$$

**Table 4-30.** Daily Maintenance INP and G-Port Per SSP Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| INPQSCONN  | Number of non-errored QS messages with QS Connect responses, per originating SSP.                                                               | peg count |
| INPQSCONT  | Number of non-errored QS messages with QS Continue responses, per originating SSP.                                                              | peg count |
| INPMRTR    | Number of messages sent to MR service that receive MR translation, per originating SSP.                                                         | peg count |
| INPMRGTT   | Number of messages sent to MR service that fall through to GTT, per originating SSP.                                                            | peg count |
| GPSRACK    | Number of call related (SRI-Send Routing Information ACK) responses.                                                                            | peg count |
| GPSRRLY    | Number of call related (SRI-Send Routing Information) messages relayed.                                                                         | peg count |
| GPNOCL     | Number of non-call related messages relayed by G-Port.                                                                                          | peg count |
| GPNOCLGT   | Number of non-call related messages that fell through to GTT.                                                                                   | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |

## Measurements

The following equation applies:

$$\text{GPSRREP} = \sum \text{GPSRACK} + \sum \text{GPSRRLY}$$

**Daily INP and G-Port System Wide Measurements When INP=ON and GPORT=ON**

OAM Example Output File Name: **M60\_NP.csv**

OAM Example Output File Format:

```
"tekelecstp 97-01-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0 "<cr><lf>
"TYPE OF REPORT: DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON NP SYSTEM"<cr><lf>
"REPORT PERIOD: LAST"<cr><lf>
"REPORT INTERVAL: 97-01-01, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59 "<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
```

```
"INPQRCV", "INPQDSC", "INPQTCPE", "INPSREP", "GPSRRCV", "GPSRGTT", "GPSRREP",
"GPSRERR", "GPNACL", "GPNACLGT", "IS41LRERR", "IS41LRMRCV", "IS41LRTRN"<cr><lf>
4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,
4294967295,4294967295,4294967295<cr><lf>
```

**Daily INP and G-Port Measurements Per SSP When INP=ON and GPORT=ON**

OAM Example output File Name: **M60\_SSP.csv**

OAM Example Output File Format:

```
"tekelecstp 97-01-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0 "<cr><lf>
"TYPE OF REPORT: DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON NP SSP"<cr><lf>
"REPORT PERIOD: LAST"<cr><lf>
"REPORT INTERVAL: 97-01-01, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59 "<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
```

```
"INPQSCONN", "INPQSCONT", "INPMRTR", "INPMRGT", "GPSRACK", "GPSRRLY", "GPNACL",
"GPNACLGT"<cr><lf>
4294967295,429495,4294967295,429495,4294967295,429495,4294967295,429495<cr><lf>
>
```

**Daily INP and G-Port System Wide Measurements When INP=ON and GPORT=ON**

MP Example Output File Name: **mtcd-np\_19990116\_2400.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON NP
SYSTEM", "LAST", "1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 1<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "INPQRCV", "INPQDSC", "INPQTCPE", "INPSREP", "GPSRRCV", "GPSRGTT", "GPSRREP",
",
"GPSRERR", "GPNACL", "GPNACLGT", "IS41LRERR", "IS41LRMRCV", "IS41LRTRN"<cr><lf>
"K", 4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,
95,
4294967295,4294967295,4294967295<cr><lf>
```

Typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data

$$250 + 113 + 66 = 429 \text{ bytes}$$

**Daily INP and G-Port Measurements Per SSP When INP=ON and GPORT=ON**

MP Example Output File Name: **mtcd-ssp\_19990116\_2400.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON NP
SSP", "LAST", "1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 1<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS",
"INPQSCONN", "INPQSCONT", "INPMRTR", "INPMRGT", "GPSRACK", "GPSRRLY", "GPNACL",
"GPNACLGT"<cr><lf>
"K", 4294967295, 429495, 4294967295, 429495, 4294967295, 429495, 4294967295, 429495<cr>
<lf>
```

Typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data

$$250 + 98 + 54 = 402 \text{ bytes}$$

**enttype=stplan**

**NOTE: The peg counts for STPLAN measurements have the possibility of rolling over during periods of high STPLAN message transmit and receive. On the measurement reports these measurements show up as negative numbers. This indicates STPLAN transmit and receive measurements have values greater than four gigabytes of data.**

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=mtcd:enttype=stplan*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=mtcd:enttype=stplan*

**Table 4-31.** Daily Maintenance STPLAN Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                               | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| ENETALNERR | <b>Ethernet Alignment Error</b> - Number of packets not received over the STPLAN interface because of ethernet alignment errors.          | peg count |
| ENETBUSBSY | <b>Ethernet Bus Busy</b> - Number of transmissions attempted when the STPLAN ethernet bus was busy.                                       | peg count |
| ENETCRCERR | <b>Ethernet CRC Error</b> - Number of packets not received on the STPLAN ethernet due to CRC errors.                                      | peg count |
| ENETCOLERR | <b>Ethernet Collision Error</b> - Number of packets not transmitted by STPLAN because of excessive collisions on the STPLAN ethernet bus. | peg count |
| ENETOCTRCV | <b>Ethernet Octets Received</b> - The total number of octets received on the STPLAN ethernet interface.                                   | peg count |

## Measurements

**Table 4-31.** Daily Maintenance STPLAN Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| ENETOCTXMT | <b>Ethernet Octets Transmitted</b> - The total number of octets transmitted on the STPLAN ethernet interface.                                   | peg count |
| ENETOVRERR | <b>Ethernet Receive Buffer Overflow Errors</b> - Number of packets not received by STPLAN because of a receive buffer overflow.                 | peg count |
| IPADDRERR  | <b>IP Address Error</b> - The total number of inbound IP datagrams discarded on the STPLAN interface due to a bad destination address.          | peg count |
| IPHDRERR   | <b>IP Header Errors</b> - The total number of inbound IP datagrams discarded on the STPLAN interface due to header errors.                      | peg count |
| IPPROTERR  | <b>IP Protocol Error</b> - Number of inbound IP datagrams discarded by STPLAN due to an error in the packet (invalid protocol).                 | peg count |
| SLANDISC1  | <b>STPLAN Discarded 1</b> - Number of indicated messages not copied to the host due to the STPLAN feature being disabled.                       | peg count |
| SLANDISC2  | <b>STPLAN Discarded 2</b> - Number of MSUs discarded due to the host being unreachable.                                                         | peg count |
| SLANDSBLD  | <b>STPLAN Disabled</b> - The duration that the STPLAN screening/copy feature was disabled.                                                      | msecs     |
| SLANSCRND  | <b>STPLAN Screened</b> - Number of MSUs that were copied to the STPLAN interface after passing gateway screening.                               | peg count |
| SLANXMIT   | <b>STPLAN Transmit</b> - Number of MSUs sent to the host destination.                                                                           | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |
| TCPCONNFLD | <b>TCP Connections Failed</b> - The total number of TCP connections that have failed on the STPLAN interface.                                   | peg count |
| TCPRCVERR  | <b>TCP Receive Error</b> - The total number of TCP segments received on the STPLAN interface in error.                                          | peg count |
| TCPRSTSENT | <b>TCP Reset Sent</b> - The total number of TCP segments sent containing the reset (RST) flag on the STPLAN interface.                          | peg count |
| TCPSEGRCVD | <b>TCP Segment Received</b> - The total number of TCP segments received on the STPLAN interface.                                                | peg count |
| TCPSEGSNT  | <b>TCP Segment Sent</b> - The total number of TCP segments sent on the STPLAN interface.                                                        | peg count |
| TCPSEGXMT2 | <b>TCP Segment Retransmitted</b> - The total number of TCP segments retransmitted on the STPLAN interface.                                      | peg count |

OAM Example Output:

```
tekelecstp 01-08-18 00:00:21 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
```



Measurements

Table 4-32 lists the EIR events and their descriptions.

**Table 4-32.** Daily Maintenance EIR Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                       | Unit      |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| IMEIRCV    | Total number of MAP_CHECK_IMEI messages received                                                                                                  | peg count |
| WHITEIMEI  | Total number of searches that resulted in a match with a “white listed” IMEI                                                                      | peg count |
| GRAYIMEI   | Total number of searches that resulted in a match with a “gray listed” IMEI                                                                       | peg count |
| BLACKIMEI  | Total number of searches that resulted in a match with a “black listed” IMEI                                                                      | peg count |
| BLKALIMEI  | Total number of searches that resulted in a match with a “black listed” IMEI, but were allowed due to IMSI Check match                            | peg count |
| BLKNALIMEI | Total number of searches that resulted in a match with a “black listed” IMEI, and the IMSI in the database did not match the IMSI in the message  | peg count |
| UNKNIMEI   | Total number of searches that resulted in a match with an “unknown” IMEI                                                                          | peg count |
| NOMTCHIMEI | Total number of searches that resulted in no match in the database.<br><b>NOMTCHIMEI is pegged whenever an IMEI is not found in the database.</b> | peg count |

The following equation applies:

$$\text{IMEIRCV} = \text{WHITEIMEI} + \text{GRAYIMEI} + \text{UNKNIMEI}$$

MP Example Output File Name: **mtcd-eir\_20030816\_2400.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-51.1.0", "2003-08-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON EIR SYSTEM", "LAST", "2003-08-16",
"00:00:00", "24:00:00", 1<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"IMEIRCV", "WHITEIMEI", "GRAYIMEI", "BLACKIMEI", "BLKALIMEI", "BLKNALIMEI", "UNKNIMEI", "NOMTCHIMEI"<cr><lf>
4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295,
4294967295<cr><lf>
```

Typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data

$$256 + 95 + 89 = 440 \text{ bytes}$$

**enttype=mapscrn**

The enttype=mapscrn entity generates two separate reports per period.

The reports for OAM based measurements are generated to CSV files in the FTA. The command example generates the following daily OAM-based measurement reports when the GSM MAP Screening feature is activated:

- Daily MAP Screening System Wide Measurements
- Daily MAP Screening Measurements Per Server

The command example generates the following daily MP-based measurement reports when the GSM MAP/Enhanced GSM MAP Screening feature is activated:

- Daily MAP Screening System Wide Measurements
- Daily MAP Screening Measurements Per Path

All the OAM reports are listed together as are the MP reports.

**NOTE: When MTP MAP Screening is enabled and on, the registers in Table 4-33 and Table 4-36 include the sum total of MTP-routed and GTT-routed messages for the particular event.**

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=mtcd:enttype=mapscrn*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=mtcd:enttype=mapscrn*

**Table 4-33.** Daily Maintenance MAP Screening System Wide Measurements

| <b>Event Name</b> | <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>Unit</b> |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| MSCRNPASS         | Total number of messages that Passed MAP screening                                                                                                                                                                     | count       |
| MSCRNRJNE         | Total number of messages that got Rejected by MAP screening because an entry was not found in the MAP screening table (i.e. rejected as System wide MAP Opcode action is DISCARD)                                      | count       |
| MSCRNRJFP         | Total number of messages that got Rejected by MAP screening due to forbidden parameters in the message.                                                                                                                | count       |
| MSCRNPAFP         | Total number of messages that contained the forbidden parameter but were not rejected due to Screening action set as PASS.                                                                                             | count       |
| MSCRNPANE         | Total number of messages, where an entry was not found in the MAP screening table but the Message was not rejected as screening action was marked as PASS (i.e. not rejected as System wide MAP Opcode action is PASS) | count       |
| MSCRNRJOP         | Total number of message that got rejected as Message MAP Opcode was not found in the MAP Opcode table (system wide action - DISCARD for the non matching OPCODEs)                                                      | count       |



## Measurements

**Table 4-33.** Daily Maintenance MAP Screening System Wide Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit   |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| MSCRNDUP   | Total number of messages that were selected by MAP Screening for the Duplicate screening action.                                                | count  |
| MSCRNFOR   | Total number of messages that were selected by MAP Screening for the Forward screening action.                                                  | count  |
| MSCRNDAD   | Total number of messages that were selected by MAP Screening for the Duplicate and Discard screening action.                                    | count  |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status |

Server Entity Identification information in Table 4-34 is used to clarify the server the Maintenance MAP Screening Per Server Measurements are applicable.

**Table 4-34.** Server Entity Identification

| Entity Name                                                                         | Description                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SERVER                                                                              | The screened origination address of the calling party address (CGPA) assigned when the GSM MAP screen was entered.                                                                           |
| NP                                                                                  | The screened number plan value (NPV) assigned to the server address when the GSM MAP screen was entered. This field is filled with the default identifier * if no value was assigned.        |
| NAI                                                                                 | The screened nature of address value (NAIV) assigned to the server address when the GSM MAP screen was entered. This field is filled with the default identifier * if no value was assigned. |
| OPCODE                                                                              | The operation code number assigned when the GSM MAP opcode was entered.                                                                                                                      |
| <b>NOTE: Measurements does not report entries created for a range of addresses.</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                              |

Server Path Entity Identification information in Table 4-35 is used to clarify the path the Maintenance MAP Screening Per Path Measurements are applicable.

**Table 4-35.** Path Entity Identification

| Entity Name                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PATH                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>The screened origination address of the calling party address (CGPA-NP-NAI), or a combination of screened destination address of the called party address (CDPA-NP-NAI) and the screened origination addresses assigned when the GSM MAP screen was entered.</p> <p>The possible fields within the path are delimited as follows to allow for efficient sorting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When both the origination and destination addresses are present (as either single server entries or provisioned wildcard entries) the origination address is preceded by a caret (^) and the destination address is preceded by a "greater than" sign (&gt;):<br/> ^CGPA-NP-NAI&gt;CDPA-NP-NAI</li> <li>• When only the origination address is present (occurs when the CDPA is a default wildcard) it is preceded by a "less than" sign (&lt;):<br/> &lt;CGPA-NP-NAI</li> </ul> |
| CGPA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>The calling party global title address assigned when the GSM MAP screen was entered. Any or all of the three fields (GTA, NP, NAI) can be filled with the identifier (*) if a wildcard value is assigned for that field. There is no default wildcard value for the CGPA.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| CDPA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>The called party global title address assigned when the GSM MAP screen was entered. Any or all of the three fields (GTA, NP, NAI) can be filled with the identifier (*) if a wildcard value is assigned for that field. If the CDPA value is not assigned, the default wildcard value, which is not printed, is assumed.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| NP                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <p>The screened number plan value (NPV) assigned to the path address when the GSM MAP screen was entered. The identifier (*) is used to signify a wildcard NP.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| NAI                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <p>The screened nature of address value (NAIV) assigned to the path address when the GSM MAP screen was entered. The identifier (*) is used to signify a wildcard NAI.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| OPCODE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <p>The operation code number assigned when the GSM MAP opcode was entered. The identifier (*) is used to signify a wildcard opcode.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <p><b>NOTE: Measurements does not report entries created for a range of addresses. Measurements does not report default wildcard CDPA address in entries containing them.</b></p> <p><b>There can never be a default wildcard CGPA entry. All wildcard CGPA entries must be explicitly provisioned. There can never be an entry with only a CDPA path listed. The string formats were designed to allow efficient automated post processing of measurements reports. A brief note explaining the format is included in the report.</b></p> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

**Table 4-36. Daily Maintenance MAP Screening Per Server Measurements**

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit   |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| MSCRNPASS  | Total number of messages that Passed MAP screening                                                                                              | count  |
| MSCRNRJFP  | Total number of messages that got Rejected by MAP screening due to forbidden parameters in the message.                                         | count  |
| MSCRNDUP   | Total number of messages per server that were selected by MAP Screening for the Duplicate screening action.                                     | count  |
| MSCRNFOR   | Total number of messages per server that were selected by MAP Screening for the Forward screening action.                                       | count  |
| MSCRNDAD   | Total number of messages per server that were selected by MAP Screening for the Duplicate screening action.                                     | count  |
| MSCRNPAFP  | Total number of messages that contained the forbidden parameter but were not rejected due to Screening action set as PASS.                      | count  |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status |

**Daily MAP Screening System Wide Measurements**

OAM Example Output File Name: **M60\_MAP.csv**

OAM Example Output File Format:

```
"tekelecstp 97-01-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0 "<cr><lf>
"TYPE OF REPORT: DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON MAP Screening
SYSTEM"<cr><lf>
"REPORT PERIOD: LAST"<cr><lf>
"REPORT INTERVAL: 00-04-01, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59 "<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"MSCRNPASS", "MSCRNRJNE", "MSCRNRJFP", "MSCRNPAFP", "MSCRNPANE", "MSCRNRJOP", "MSCRN
DUP", "MSCRNFOR", "MSCRNDAD"<cr><lf>
4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,
4294967295,4294967295<cr><lf>
```

**Daily MAP Screening Measurements Per Server**

OAM Example output File Name: **M60\_SERV.csv**

OAM Example Output File Format:

```
"tekelecstp 00-04-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0-30.9.0 "<cr><lf>
"TYPE OF REPORT: DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON MAP Screening
Server"<cr><lf>
"REPORT PERIOD: LAST"<cr><lf>
"REPORT INTERVAL: 00-04-01, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59 "<cr><lf>
"NUMBER OF ENTIDS: 2"<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"SERVER-NP-NAI-OPCODE",
"MSCRNPASS", "MSCRNRJFP", "MSCRNDUP", "MSCRNFOR", "MSCRNDAD", "MSCRNPAFP"<cr><lf>
"123456789012345-0-0-0",
1234567890,1234567890,1234567890,1234567890,1234567890,1234567890<cr><lf>
```

```
"098765432154321-15-127-1",
5555555555,6666666666,1234567890,1234567890,1234567890,1234567890<cr><lf>
"919468-**-255",
1234567890,1234567890,1234567890,1234567890,1234567890,1234567890<cr><lf>
```

**Daily MAP Screening System Wide Measurements**

MP Example Output File Name: **mtcd-map\_19990116\_2400.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON MAP SCREENING SYSTEM", "LAST",
"1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 1<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "MSCRNPASS", "MSCRNRJOP", "MSCRNRJNE", "MSCRNRJFP", "MSCRNPAPF", "MSCRNPAN
E", "MSCRNFOR", "MSCRNDUP", "MSCRNDAD"<cr><lf>
"K", 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 42949672
95, 4294967295, 4294967295<cr><lf>
```

Typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data  
 250 + 116 + 60 = 426 bytes

**Daily MAP Screening Measurements Per Path**

MP Example Output File Name: **mtcd-path\_19990116\_2400.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-53.8.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"DAILY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON MAP SCREENING PATH", "LAST",
"1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 2<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
For a path containing CGPA only, PATH-OPCODE = <CGPA-NP-NAI-OPCODE><cr><lf>
For a path containing both CGPA and CDPA, PATH-OPCODE =
^CGPA-NP-NAI>CDPA-NP-NAI-OPCODE
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "PATH-OPCODE", "MSCRNPASS", "MSCRNRJFP", "MSCRNFOR", "MSCRNDUP",
"MSCRNDAD", "MSCRNPAPF"<cr><lf>
"K", "<123456789012345-0-0-0", 1234567890, 1234567890, 1234567890, 1234567890, 12345
67890, 1234567890<cr><lf>
"K", "<919468-**-120", 1234567890, 1234567890, 1234567890, 1234567890, 1234567890, 1
234567890<cr><lf>
"K", "^919468-5-63>919575-12-100-25", 1234567890, 1234567890, 1234567890, 123456789
0, 1234567890, 1234567890<cr><lf>
"K", "^540992-14-45-125>919468-**-**", 1234567890, 1234567890, 1234567890, 12345678
90, 1234567890, 1234567890<cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 40 char PATH-OPCODE + 6\*(6 char data) + 2 = 82 chars

For a report of 20 paths, the typical file size is:

## Measurements

System header + Report header + Report data  
 250 + 244 + 1640 = 2134 bytes

### Day-to-Hour Maintenance Measurements

The Maintenance Day-to-Hour (MTCPTH) report provides the current value of various maintenance measurements accumulating during the day.

**Entity Types:** STP, Link, Lnkset, STPLAN

**Accumulation Interval:** Cumulative Daily Total to the last full hour.

**STP Retention Period:** 1 hour

**Reporting Mode:** On-demand

**Accessible Collection Periods:** Last

**enttype=stp**

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=mtcdth:enttype=stp*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=mtcdth:enttype=stp*

**Table 4-37.** Maintenance Day-to-Hour STP Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                          | Unit      |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| CRSYSAL    | <b>Critical System Alarms</b> - The total number of critical system alarms.                                                                                                                          | peg count |
| DRDCLFLR   | <b>Cumulative Duration of Signaling Link Declared Failures All Types</b> - The cumulative duration of all link failures.                                                                             | seconds   |
| DURLKOTG   | <b>Duration of Link Outage</b> - The total time a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 for any reason.                                                                                                | seconds   |
| DTAMSULOST | <b>DTA MSUs Lost</b> - The total number of MSUs that were discarded because the redirect function was turned off or the original MSU was too large to be encapsulated.                               | peg count |
| GFGTMATCH  | <b>G-Flex GTTs with Match</b> - The total number of G-Flex Global Title Translation successfully completed.                                                                                          | peg count |
| GFGTNOMCH  | <b>G-Flex GTTs No Match</b> - The total number of G-Flex Global Title Translations completed that did not match an entry in the GSM database.                                                        | peg count |
| GFGTNOLKUP | <b>G-Flex GTTs No Look-up</b> - The total number of G-Flex Global Title Translations that could not be looked up in the GSM database because of some error.                                          | peg count |
| GTTPERFD   | <b>GTTs Performed</b> - The total number of MSUs that successfully completed global title translation (GTT). Also includes G-Flex and INP MSUs that got a match in either the G-Flex, INP or GTT DB. | peg count |

Table 4-37. Maintenance Day-to-Hour STP Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Unit      |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| GTTUN0NS   | <b>GTTs Unable to Perform - Diagnostic 0: No Translation for Address of Such Nature</b> – Total number of times that the specified translation type in an MSU was not supported by the STP or the form of the GTT was incorrect for the given translation type. Also includes G-Flex, INP and GTT MSUs that did not match on new selectors (GTI, NP, NAI) in addition to ones not matching on TT. | peg count |
| GTTUN1NT   | <b>GTTs Unable to Perform - Diagnostic 1: No Translation for This Address</b> – Number of times that a match for the global title could not be found in the translation table. Also includes G-Flex, INP MSUs that fell through to GTT, got a selector match, but still did not get a match on the GTA.                                                                                           | peg count |
| MSINVDPC   | <b>MSUs Rcvd – Invalid DPC</b> - Number of MSUs received and discarded because the DPC could not be found in the STP routing table.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | peg count |
| MSINVSIF   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Invalid SIF</b> - Number of MSUs that have been received and discarded because of an invalid SIF.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | peg count |
| MASYSAL    | <b>Major system alarms</b> - The total number of major system alarms.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | peg count |
| MISYSAL    | <b>Minor system alarms</b> - The total number of minor system alarms.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | peg count |
| MSINVSIO   | <b>MSUs Rcvd – Invalid Service Indicator Octet (SIO)</b> - Number of MSUs received and discarded because the service requested in the service indicator octet (SIO) was not supported by the STP.                                                                                                                                                                                                 | peg count |
| MSINVLNK   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Invalid Link</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because of an incorrect SLC. (The SLC refers to a nonexistent link or the same link.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | peg count |
| MSINVSLC   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Invalid SLC</b> - Number of MSUs discarded because of an invalid SLC code in the ECO/COO.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | peg count |
| MSNACDPC   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Inaccessible DPC</b> - The total number of MSUs discarded because of an inaccessible DPC.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | peg count |
| MSSCCPFL   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Routing Failure</b> - Number of MSUs discarded due to an SCCP routing failure. Also includes G-Flex, INP MSUs that got a match from either the G-Flex, INP or GTT DB but cannot be routed due to PC or SS congestion, PC or SS unavailable, SS unequipped, or an unqualified error.                                                                                           | peg count |
| MSUDSCRD   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Gateway Screening</b> - The total number of MSUs that failed gateway screening and were discarded. See linkset report for individual peg counts.                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | peg count |

**Table 4-37.** Maintenance Day-to-Hour STP Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Unit      |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| MSULOST1   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Level 2/Level 3 Queue Full -</b> Number of MSUs discarded because the level 2 to level 3 queue was full.                                                                                                           | peg count |
| MSULOST2   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Route On Hold Buffer Overflow -</b> Number of MSUs discarded because the routing buffer was in overflow.                                                                                                           | peg count |
| MSULOST3   | <b>MSUs Discarded – LS On Hold Buffer Overflow -</b> Number of MSUs discarded because the linkset-on-hold buffer was in overflow.                                                                                                      | peg count |
| MSULOST4   | <b>MSUs Discarded – Rcv Queue Full -</b> Number of MSUs discarded because the receive queue was full.                                                                                                                                  | peg count |
| MSULOST5   | <b>MSUs Discarded – LIM Init -</b> Number of MSUs discarded while the LIM card was initializing.                                                                                                                                       | peg count |
| MTPRESTS   | <b>MTP Restarts Initiated -</b> Number of time MTP restart was initiated by the STP. The count does not include the number of times MTP restart was initiated as a result of messages from adjacent nodes.                             | peg count |
| OMSINVDPC  | <b>MSUs Originated – Invalid DPC -</b> Number of MSUs originated with an invalid DPC.                                                                                                                                                  | peg count |
| ORIGMSUS   | <b>Originated MSUs -</b> The total number of outgoing MSUs successfully passed to MTP level 2 for transmission, while carrying the STP point code in the OPC field.                                                                    | peg count |
| OVSZMSG    | <b>Oversized MTP 3 Messages -</b> Oversized MTP 3 messages exceeding 272 octets (level 3) that are received by an HSL and are discarded.                                                                                               | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity -</b> <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.                                                                                        | status    |
| THRSWMSU   | <b>Through-Switched MSUs -</b> The total number of MSUs that did not carry the STP point code in the OPC or the DPC, and were successfully passed to MTP level 2 for transmission.                                                     | peg count |
| TRMDMSUS   | <b>Terminated MSUs -</b> The total number of incoming MSUs carrying the STP point code in the DPC.                                                                                                                                     | peg count |
| TTMAPPF    | <b>Translation Type Mapping Translations Performed -</b> The total number of Translation Type Mapping translations performed (that is, a mapped SS7 message translation type was found for the existing SS7 message translation type). | peg count |
| XLXTELEI   | <b>X-List Entry not Created -</b> The total number of times that an X-List entry was not created because the ELEI for the cluster was set to 'yes'.                                                                                    | peg count |
| XLXTSPACE  | <b>X-List Entry not Created -</b> The total number of times an X-List entry was not created due to lack of space in the route/destination table.                                                                                       | peg count |

**Table 4-37. Maintenance Day-to-Hour STP Measurements (Continued)**

| Event Name | Description                                                             | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| MSUSCCPFLR | MSU SCCP Failure - Total MSUs Discarded Due to SCCP Conversion Failure. | peg count |

OAM Example Output:

```

tekelecstp 03-08-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.3
TYPE OF REPORT: DAY-TO-HOUR MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON STP
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-08-01, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59

STP-MTCDTH MEASUREMENTS

These measurements are from 03-08-01, 00:00:00 through 23:59:59.
ORIGMSUS = 36102314, TRMDMSUS = 0, THRSWMSU = 6055635,
MTPRESTS = 0, DTAMSULOST = 0, MSINVDPC = 1,
MSINVSIO = 0, OMSINVDPC = 0, MSINVLNK = 0,
MSINVSIF = 0, MSNACDPC = 1, MSINVSIC = 0,
GTTPERFD = 0, GTTUNONS = 0, GTTUNLNT = 0,
MSSCCPFL = 0, MSUDSCRD = 0, MSULOST1 = 0,
MSULOST2 = 0, MSULOST3 = 0, MSULOST4 = 0,
MSULOST5 = 0, DRDCLFLR = 86400, DURLKOTG = 86400,
CRSYSAL = 288, MASYSAL = 600, MISYSAL = 960,
XLXTSPACE = 0, XLXTELEI = 0, TTMAPPF = 0,
OVSZMSG = 0, GFGTMATCH = 0, GFGTNOMCH = 0,
GFGTNOLKUP = 0, MSUSCCPFLR = 0
;

tekelecstp 03-08-02 15:51:39 EST EAGLE5 34.0.0

END OF ON-DEMAND STP-MTCDTH MEASUREMENT REPORT
;

MP Example Output File Name: mtc_dth-stp_19990117_1500.csv
MP Example Output File Format:

"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"DAY-TO-HOUR MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON
STP", "LAST", "1999-01-17", "00:00:00", "15:00:00", 1<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "ORIGMSUS", "TRMDMSUS", "THRSWMSU", "MTPRESTS", "DTAMSULOST", "MSINVDPC",
"MSINVSIO", "OMSINVDPC", "MSINVLNK", "MSINVSIF", "MSNACDPC", "MSINVSIC", "GTTPERFD",
"GTTUNONS", "GTTUNLNT", "MSSCCPFL", "MSULOST1", "MSULOST2", "MSULOST3", "MSULOST4",
"MSULOST5", "DRDCLFLR", "DURLKOTG", "CRSYSAL", "MASYSAL", "MISYSAL", "XLXTSPACE",
"XLXTELEI", "TTMAPPF", "MSUDSCRD", "OVSZMSG", "GFGTMATCH", "GFGTNOMCH", "GFGTNOLKUP"
,
"MSUSCCPFLR"<cr><lf>
"K", 36102314, 0, 6055635, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 86400, 86400
,
288, 600, 960, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0<cr><lf>

```

Typical file size:



## Measurements

System header + Report header + Report data

$$250 + 405 + 220 = 885 \text{ bytes}$$

### enttype=link

Certain registers are reported for HSLs or LSLs only. Other registers have different interpretations for HSLs than for LSLs. These registers are summarized in Table 4-38.

**Table 4-38.** HSL LSL Differences for Maintenance Day-to-Hour Link Measurements

| Event Name | LSL Usage                       | HSL Usage                                        |
|------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| DRBSYLNK   | As described                    | N/A - not reported                               |
| NEGACKS    | As described                    | N/A - not reported                               |
| SDURETRAN  | N/A - not reported              | As described                                     |
| SURCVERR   | Applies to FISU, LSSU, and MSUs | Applies to PDUs                                  |
| TLNKACTV   | As described                    | Time the link is active and giving MSUs to SAAL  |
| NDCFLABN   | As described                    | N/A - not reported                               |
| NDCFLXDA   | Level 2 timer t7 expired        | Timer NO_RESPONSE expired for POLL/STAT response |
| NDCFLXDC   | Level 2 timer t6 expired        | Timer NO_CREDIT expired                          |
| PCRN1N2EXC | As described                    | N/A - not reported                               |
| MSURETRN   | As described                    | N/A - not reported                               |
| MSURCERR   | As described                    | N/A - not reported                               |
| OCTRETRN   | As described                    | N/A - not reported                               |

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=mtcdth:enttype=link:loc=xxxx:link=x*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=mtcdth:enttype=link*

**Table 4-39.** Maintenance Day-to-Hour Link Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| ACHGOVRS   | <b>Number of Automatic Changeovers -</b><br>Number of times that a changeover procedure was used to divert traffic from one link to alternative links.                                                            | peg count |
| DRBSYLNK   | <b>Cumulative Duration of Busy Link Status-</b><br>The total elapsed time between the receipt of a busy LSSU, and when the next message was acknowledged. This is the sum of all occurrences of busy link status. | seconds   |

Table 4-39. Maintenance Day-to-Hour Link Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                    | Unit      |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| DRDCLFLR   | <b>Cumulative Duration of Signaling Link Declared Failures All Types</b> - The cumulative duration of all link failures.                                                                       | seconds   |
| DRFEPRO    | <b>Duration of Far-End Processor Outage</b> - The cumulative duration that a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because of a processor outage at the far-end network element (SIPO received). | seconds   |
| DRLCLPRO   | <b>Duration of Local Processor Outage</b> - The cumulative duration that a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because of a processor outage at the near-end network element.                  | seconds   |
| DRLKINHB   | <b>Duration Link Inhibited</b> - The cumulative duration that a link was inhibited at the local or far-end network element.                                                                    | seconds   |
| ECCNGLV1   | <b>Event Count for Entering Level 1 Link Congestion</b> - The total number of times that link congestion level 1 was entered.                                                                  | peg count |
| ECCNGLV2   | <b>Event Count for Entering Level 2 Link Congestion</b> - The total number of times that link congestion level 2 was entered.                                                                  | peg count |
| ECCNGLV3   | <b>Event Count for Entering Level 3 Link Congestion</b> - The total number of times that link congestion level 3 was entered.                                                                  | peg count |
| FARMGINH   | <b>Number of Far-End Management Inhibits</b> - Number of times a link was inhibited successfully from the far-end.                                                                             | peg count |
| LNKAVAIL   | <b>Link Available Time</b> - The total time the link was available to MTP level 3.                                                                                                             | seconds   |
| MSUDISC0   | <b>Priority 0 MSUs Discarded Due to Congestion</b> - The total number of priority 0 MSUs discarded due to congestion (any level).                                                              | peg count |
| MSUDISC1   | <b>Priority 1 MSUs Discarded Due to Congestion</b> - The total number of priority 1 MSUs discarded due to congestion (any level).                                                              | peg count |
| MSUDISC2   | <b>Priority 2 MSUs Discarded Due to Congestion</b> - The total number of priority 2 MSUs discarded due to congestion (any level).                                                              | peg count |
| MSUDISC3   | <b>Priority 3 MSUs Discarded Due to Congestion</b> - The total number of priority 3 MSUs discarded due to congestion (any level).                                                              | peg count |
| MSURCERR   | <b>Number of Signal Units Received In Error</b> - Number of signal units received with checksum errors, indicating transmission errors.                                                        | peg count |
| MSURECVD   | <b>MSUs Received</b> - Total number of MSUs received, including those for which retransmission has been requested.                                                                             | peg count |

**Table 4-39.** Maintenance Day-to-Hour Link Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Unit      |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| MSURETRN   | <b>MSUs Retransmitted</b> - Number of MSUs retransmitted because of errors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | peg count |
| MSUTRAN    | <b>MSUs Transmitted</b> - Total number of MSUs transmitted to the far-end, including retransmissions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | peg count |
| NDCFLABN   | <b>Number of Signaling Unit Failures</b> - Abnormal FIB/BSN - Number of times the signaling link was taken out-of-service because the STP received abnormal FIBs/BSNs. A count accumulates if two backward sequence number values in three consecutively received MSUs, or FISUs are not the same as the previous one, or any of the forward sequence numbers of the signal units in the retransmission buffer at the time they are retransmitted. | peg count |
| NDCFLXDA   | <b>Number of Signaling Link Failures</b> - Excessive Delay of Acknowledgment - Number of times a signaling link was out-of-service due to an excessive delay in acknowledgments.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | peg count |
| NDCFLXDC   | <b>Number of Signaling Link Failures</b> - Excessive Duration of Congestion - Number of times a signaling link was out-of-service because the timer T6 (remote congestion) expired.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | peg count |
| NDCFLXER   | <b>Number of Signaling Link Failures</b> - Excessive Error Rate - Number of times a signaling link was out-of-service because it reached the signal unit error rate monitor (SUERM) threshold.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | peg count |
| NEARMGIH   | <b>Number of Near-End Management Inhibits</b> - Number of times a link was unavailable to MTP level 3 because it was locally inhibited.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | peg count |
| NEGACKS    | <b>Number of Negative Acknowledgments Received</b> - Number of times the BSN in an MSU was inverted, indicating a retransmission request.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | peg count |
| NMLCLPRO   | <b>Number of Local Processor Outages</b> - The total number of local processor outages in this STP.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | peg count |
| NMDCLFLR   | <b>Number of Signaling Link Declared Failures All Types</b> - The cumulative total of all link failures.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | peg count |
| NMFEPRO    | <b>Number of Far-End Processor Outages</b> - Number of far-end processor outages that have occurred.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | peg count |
| OCTRECVD   | <b>MSU Octets Received</b> - Total number of octets associated with MSUs received, including those removed for MTP level 2 processing and those for which retransmission has been requested.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | octets    |
| OCTRETRN   | The number MSU octets retransmitted                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | peg count |
| OCTTRAN    | <b>MSU Octets Transmitted</b> - Total number of octets associated with MSUs transmitted to the far-end, including those added in MTP level 2 processing and retransmissions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | octets    |

**Table 4-39.** Maintenance Day-to-Hour Link Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Unit      |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| PCRN1N2EXC | <b>PCR N1 or N2 Count Exceeded</b> - The total number of forced retransmissions when preventive cyclic retransmission (PCR) is used a the error correction method on a link.                                                                       | peg count |
| SDURETRN   | <b>SSCOP SD PDUs Retransmitted</b> - The number of SSCOP SD PDUs that were retransmitted, based on an accumulated count of such retransmissions conveyed to layer management. This measurement replaces the MTP level 2 negative acknowledgements. | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.                                                                                                    | status    |
| SURCVERR   | <b>Number of Signal Units Received In Error</b> - Number of signal units received with checksum errors, indicating transmission errors.                                                                                                            | peg count |
| TDCNGLV1   | <b>Total Duration of Level 1 Link Congestion</b> - The total time the link was in level 1 congestion.                                                                                                                                              | seconds   |
| TDCNGLV2   | <b>Total Duration of Level 2 Link Congestion</b> - The total time the link was in level 2 congestion.                                                                                                                                              | seconds   |
| TDCNGLV3   | <b>Total Duration of Level 3 Link Congestion</b> - The total time the link was in level 3 congestion.                                                                                                                                              | seconds   |
| TLNKACTV   | <b>Signaling Link Active Time</b> - The total time that the signaling link is in service and actively transmitting MSUs                                                                                                                            | seconds   |

OAM Example Output:

```

eagle10506 03-04-15 13:11:01 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: DAY-TO-HOUR MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LINK
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-04-15, 00:00:00 THROUGH 12:59:59

LINK-MTCDTH MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1201, LINK: A , LSN: lsn123

These measurements are from 03-04-15, 00:00:00 through 12:59:59.
MSUTRAN = 95, MSURECVD = 95, MSURETRN = 0,
OCTRETRN = 0, OCTTRAN = 1900, OCTRECVD = 1900,
TDCNGLV1 = 0, TDCNGLV2 = 0, TDCNGLV3 = 0,
ECCNGLV1 = 0, ECCNGLV2 = 0, ECCNGLV3 = 0,
MSUDISC0 = 0, MSUDISC1 = 0, MSUDISC2 = 0,
MSUDISC3 = 0, TLNKACTV = 0, LNKAVAIL = 3159,
ACHGOVRS = 0, NEARMGIH = 0, FARMGINH = 0,
NMDCLFLR = 0, DRDCLFLR = 0, SURCVERR = 0,
NEGACKS = 0, DRLKINHB = 0, NDCFLABN = 0,
NDCFLXDA = 0, NDCFLXER = 0, NDCFLXDC = 0,
NMFEPRO = 0, NMLCLPRO = 0, DRFEPRO = 0,
DRLCLPRO = 0, MSURCERR = 0, DRBSYLNK = 0,
PCRN1N2EXC = 0
;
eagle10506 03-04-15 13:11:02 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND LINK-MTCDTH MEASUREMENT REPORT
;
eagle10506 03-04-15 13:11:17 EST EAGLE 34.0.0

```

## Measurements

TYPE OF REPORT: DAY-TO-HOUR MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LINK  
REPORT PERIOD: LAST  
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-04-15, 00:00:00 THROUGH 12:59:59

LINK-MTCDTH MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1204, LINK: A , LSN: lsn123 (SAAL)

These measurements are from 03-04-15, 00:00:00 through 12:59:59.

|          |   |    |          |   |    |          |   |    |
|----------|---|----|----------|---|----|----------|---|----|
| MSUTRAN  | = | 0, | MSURECVD | = | 0, | OCTTRAN  | = | 0, |
| OCTRECVD | = | 0, | TDCNGLV1 | = | 0, | TDCNGLV2 | = | 0, |
| TDCNGLV3 | = | 0, | ECCNGLV1 | = | 0, | ECCNGLV2 | = | 0, |
| ECCNGLV3 | = | 0, | MSUDISC0 | = | 0, | MSUDISC1 | = | 0, |
| MSUDISC2 | = | 0, | MSUDISC3 | = | 0, | TLNKACTV | = | 0, |
| LNKAVAIL | = | 0, | ACHGOVRS | = | 0, | NEARMGIH | = | 0, |
| FARMGINH | = | 0, | NMDCLFLR | = | 0, | DRDCLFLR | = | 0, |
| SURCVERR | = | 0, | DRLKINHB | = | 0, | NDCFLXDA | = | 0, |
| NDCFLXER | = | 0, | NDCFLXDC | = | 0, | NMLCLPRO | = | 0, |
| DRLCLPRO | = | 0, | SDURETRN | = | 0  |          |   |    |

;

eagle10506 03-04-15 13:11:19 EST EAGLE 34.0.0  
END OF ON-DEMAND LINK-MTCDTH MEASUREMENT REPORT

;

eagle10506 03-04-15 13:11:17 EST EAGLE 34.0.0  
TYPE OF REPORT: DAY-TO-HOUR MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LINK  
REPORT PERIOD: LAST  
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-04-15, 00:00:00 THROUGH 12:59:59

LINK-MTCDTH MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1206, LINK: A , LSN: lsn1234567 (SAAL)

These measurements are from 03-04-15, 00:00:00 through 12:59:59.

|          |   |    |          |   |    |          |   |    |
|----------|---|----|----------|---|----|----------|---|----|
| MSUTRAN  | = | 0, | MSURECVD | = | 0, | OCTTRAN  | = | 0, |
| OCTRECVD | = | 0, | TDCNGLV1 | = | 0, | TDCNGLV2 | = | 0, |
| TDCNGLV3 | = | 0, | ECCNGLV1 | = | 0, | ECCNGLV2 | = | 0, |
| ECCNGLV3 | = | 0, | MSUDISC0 | = | 0, | MSUDISC1 | = | 0, |
| MSUDISC2 | = | 0, | MSUDISC3 | = | 0, | TLNKACTV | = | 0, |
| LNKAVAIL | = | 0, | ACHGOVRS | = | 0, | NEARMGIH | = | 0, |
| FARMGINH | = | 0, | NMDCLFLR | = | 0, | DRDCLFLR | = | 0, |
| SURCVERR | = | 0, | DRLKINHB | = | 0, | NDCFLXDA | = | 0, |
| NDCFLXER | = | 0, | NDCFLXDC | = | 0, | NMLCLPRO | = | 0, |
| DRLCLPRO | = | 0, | SDURETRN | = | 0  |          |   |    |

;

eagle10506 03-04-15 13:11:19 EST EAGLE 34.0.0  
END OF ON-DEMAND LINK-MTCDTH MEASUREMENT REPORT

;

MP Example Output File Name: **mtcdth-link\_19990117\_1500.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"DAY-TO-HOUR MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LINK", "LAST",
"1999-01-17", "00:00:00", "15:00:00", 500<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LSN", "LOC", "LINK", "LNKTYPE", "MSUTRAN", "MSURECVD", "MSURETRN", "OCTRETRN",
"OCTTRAN", "OCTRECVD", "TDCNGLV1", "TDCNGLV2", "TDCNGLV3", "ECCNGLV1", "ECCNGLV2",
```



**Measurements**

```

;
 tekelecstp 01-08-18 12:01:49 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
 END OF ON-DEMAND LNKSET-MTCDTH MEASUREMENT REPORT
;

```

MP Example Output File Name: **mtcdth-lnkset\_19990117\_1500.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```

"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"DAY-TO-HOUR MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LINKSET", "LAST",
"1999-01-17", "00:00:00", "15:00:00", 500<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LSN", "LNKTYPE", "ZTTMAPO", "ZTTMAPI"<cr><lf>
"K", "1s100", "SAAL", 196611, 3<cr><lf>

.

"K", "1s600", "MTP2", 123456, 98374<cr><lf>

```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 9 char LSN + 7 char LKNTYPE + 2\*(6 char data) + 2 = 34 chars

For a report of 500 linksets, the typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data  
           250      +      47      +      17000      =      17297 bytes

**enttype=stplan**

**NOTE: The peg counts for STPLAN measurements have the possibility of rolling over during periods of high STPLAN message transmit and receive. On the measurement reports these measurements show up as negative numbers. This indicates STPLAN transmit and receive measurements have values greater than four gigabytes of data.**

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=mtcdth:enttype=stplan*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=mtcdth:enttype=stplan*

**Table 4-41.** Maintenance Day-to-Hour STPLAN Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                      | Unit      |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| ENETALNERR | <b>Ethernet Alignment Error</b> - Number of packets not received over the STPLAN interface because of ethernet alignment errors. | peg count |

**Table 4-41.** Maintenance Day-to-Hour STPLAN Measurements (Continued)

| <b>Event Name</b> | <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                              | <b>Unit</b> |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| ENETBUSBSY        | <b>Ethernet Bus Busy</b> - Number of transmissions attempted when the STPLAN ethernet bus was busy.                                             | peg count   |
| ENETCOLERR        | <b>Ethernet Collision Error</b> - Number of packets not transmitted by STPLAN because of excessive collisions on the STPLAN ethernet bus.       | peg count   |
| ENETCRCERR        | <b>Ethernet CRC Error</b> - Number of packets not received on the STPLAN ethernet due to CRC errors.                                            | peg count   |
| ENETOCTRCV        | <b>Ethernet Octets Received</b> - The total number of octets received on the STPLAN ethernet interface.                                         | peg count   |
| ENETOCTXMT        | <b>Ethernet Octets Transmitted</b> - The total number of octets transmitted on the STPLAN ethernet interface.                                   | peg count   |
| ENETOVRERR        | <b>Ethernet Receive Buffer Overflow Errors</b> - Number of packets not received by STPLAN because of a receive buffer overflow.                 | peg count   |
| IPADDRERR         | <b>IP Address Error</b> - The total number of inbound IP datagrams discarded on the STPLAN interface due to a bad destination address.          | peg count   |
| IPHDRERR          | <b>IP Header Errors</b> - The total number of inbound IP datagrams discarded on the STPLAN interface due to header errors.                      | peg count   |
| IPROTERR          | <b>IP Protocol Error</b> - Number of inbound IP datagrams discarded by STPLAN due to an error in the packet (invalid protocol).                 | peg count   |
| SLANDISC1         | <b>STPLAN Discarded 1</b> - Number of indicated messages not copied to the host due to the STPLAN feature being disabled.                       | peg count   |
| SLANDISC2         | <b>STPLAN Discarded 2</b> - Number of MSUs discarded due to the host being unreachable.                                                         | peg count   |
| SLANDSBLD         | <b>STPLAN Disabled</b> - The duration that the STPLAN screening/copy feature was disabled.                                                      | msecs       |
| SLANSCRND         | <b>STPLAN Screened</b> - Number of MSUs that were copied to the STPLAN interface after passing gateway screening.                               | peg count   |
| SLANXMIT          | <b>STPLAN Transmit</b> - Number of MSUs sent to the host destination.                                                                           | peg count   |
| STATUS            | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status      |
| TCPCONNFLD        | <b>TCP Connections Failed</b> - The total number of TCP connections that have failed on the STPLAN interface.                                   | peg count   |
| TCPRCVERR         | <b>TCP Receive Error</b> - The total number of TCP segments received on the STPLAN interface in error.                                          | peg count   |
| TCPRSTSENT        | <b>TCP Reset Sent</b> - The total number of TCP segments sent containing the reset (RST) flag on the STPLAN interface.                          | peg count   |





**Hourly Maintenance Measurements**

The Maintenance Hour (MTCH) report provides the value of various maintenance measurements accumulated during a specific hour.

**Entity Types:** LNP, NP, EIR, and MAPSCRN

**Accumulation Interval:** 60 minutes

**STP Retention Period:** 24 hours

**Reporting Modes:** On-demand, Scheduled (MP only)

**Accessible Collection Periods:** Last, Specific

**enttype=lnp**

The enttype=lnp entity generates four separate reports per period. These reports for OAM based measurements are generated to CSV files in the FTA. The command example will generate the following hourly reports:

- Hourly LNP System Wide Measurements
- Hourly LNP Measurements Per SSP
- Hourly LNP Measurements Per LRN
- Hourly LNP Measurements Per NPA

All the OAM reports are listed together as are the MP reports.

Example Commands:

OAM: `rept-meas:type=mtch:enttye=lnp:period=last`

MP: `rept-ftp-meas:type=mtch:enttype=lnp:period=last`

**Table 4-42.** Hourly Maintenance LNP System Wide Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                 | Unit           |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| LNPQRCV    | <i>Trigger Based</i><br>The total number of queries received by LNPQS.                                      | peg count      |
|            | <i>Triggerless</i><br>Number of encapsulated IAM messages received by LNPQS                                 | peg count      |
| LNPQDSC    | <i>Trigger Based</i><br>The number of invalid queries that are discarded because no reply can be generated. | peg count      |
|            | <i>Triggerless</i><br>All invalid IAM messages are routed without LNP; LNPQTCPE is pegged.                  | not applicable |

Measurements

**Table 4-42.** Hourly Maintenance LNP System Wide Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                            | Unit      |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| LNPQTCPE   | <i>Trigger Based</i><br>The number of error replies with TCAP error codes.                                                                                             | peg count |
|            | <i>Triggerless</i><br>The number of invalid encapsulated IAM messages received by LNPQS. Note that these messages are routed to their destinations with no LNP lookup. | peg count |
| LNPSREP    | <i>Trigger Based</i><br>The number of successful replies.                                                                                                              | peg count |
|            | <i>Triggerless</i><br>The number of successful IAM messages.                                                                                                           | peg count |
| LNPQUNPA   | <i>Trigger Based</i><br>The number of correct queries received for non-ported DN when NPA-NXX is not provisioned.                                                      | peg count |
|            | <i>Triggerless</i><br>The number of correct encapsulated IAM messages received for a non-ported DN, when the NPA-NXX is not provisioned.                               | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.                        | status    |

**Table 4-43.** Hourly Maintenance LNP Per SSP Measurements

| Event Name  | Description                                                                                      | Unit      |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| SSPQRCV     | <i>Trigger Based</i><br>Number of correct queries received per originating SSP.                  | peg count |
|             | <i>Triggerless</i><br>The number of correct encapsulated IAM messages received by LNPQS per OPC. | peg count |
| CLASSGTRQ   | Number of valid CLASS GTT received per originating SSP.                                          | peg count |
| LIDBGTRQ    | Number of valid LIDB GTT received per originating SSP.                                           | peg count |
| SSPQRCVP    | Number of correct queries received for ported TNs, per originating SSP.                          | peg count |
| SSPQRCVNP   | Number of correct queries received for non-ported TNs, per originating SSP.                      | peg count |
| CLASSGTRQP  | Number of CLASS Global Title Translation received for ported TNs, per originating SSP.           | peg count |
| CLASSGTRQNP | Number of CLASS Global Title Translation received for non-ported TNs, per originating SSP.       | peg count |

**Table 4-43.** Hourly Maintenance LNP Per SSP Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| LIDBGTRQP  | Number of LIDB Global Title Translation received for ported TNs, per originating SSP.                                                           | peg count |
| LIDBGTRQNP | Number of LIDB Global Title Translation received for non-ported TNs, per originating SSP.                                                       | peg count |
| CNAMGTRQP  | Number of CNAM Global Title Translation received for ported TNs, per originating SSP.                                                           | peg count |
| CNAMGTRQNP | Number of CNAM Global Title Translation received for non-ported TNs, per originating SSP.                                                       | peg count |
| ISVMGTRQP  | Number of ISVM Global Title Translation received for ported TNs, per originating SSP.                                                           | peg count |
| ISVMGTRQNP | Number of ISVM Global Title Translation received for non-ported TNs, per originating SSP.                                                       | peg count |
| WSMSCGTP   | Number of WSMSC Global Title Translations received for ported TNs, per originating SSP                                                          | peg count |
| WSMSCGTNP  | Number of WSMSC Global Title Translations received for non-ported TNs, per originating SSP                                                      | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |

The following equations apply:

$$SSPQRCV = SSPQRCVP + SSPQRCVNP$$

$$CLASSGTRQ = CLASSGTRQP + CLASSGTRQNP$$

$$LIDBGTRQ = LIDBGTRQP + LIDBGTRQNP$$

**Table 4-44.** Hourly Maintenance LNP LRN Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| LRNQRCV    | <i>Trigger Based</i><br>The number of correct queries received per LRN.                                                                         | peg count |
|            | <i>Triggerless</i><br>The number of correct encapsulated IAM messages received per LRN.                                                         | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |

**Table 4-45. Hourly Maintenance LNP NPA Measurements**

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| NPAQRCV    | The number of correct queries received per NPANXX for non-ported DN.                                                                            | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |

**Hourly LNP System Wide Measurements**

OAM Example Output File Name: **M60\_LNP.csv**

OAM Example Output File Format:

```
"tekelecstp 01-08-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0 "<cr><lf>
"TYPE OF REPORT: HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LNP SYSTEM"<cr><lf>
"REPORT PERIOD: LAST"<cr><lf>
"REPORT INTERVAL: 01-08-02, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59 "<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"LNPQRCV", "LNPQDSC", "LNPQTCPE", "LNPSREP", "LNPQUNPA"<cr><lf>
4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295<cr><lf>
```

**Hourly LNP Measurements Per SSP**

OAM Example output File Name: **M60\_SSP.csv**

OAM Example Output File Format:

```
"tekelecstp 99-01-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0 "<cr><lf>
"TYPE OF REPORT: HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LNP SSP"<cr><lf>
"REPORT PERIOD: LAST"<cr><lf>
"REPORT INTERVAL: 99-01-01, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59 "<cr><lf>
"NUMBER OF ENTIDS: 2"<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"SSP", "SSPQRCV", "CLASSGTRQ", "LIDBGTRQ" "SSPQRCVP", "SSPQRCVNP", "CLASSGTP",
"CLASSGTNP", "LIDBGTP", "LIDBGTNP", "CNAMGTP", "CNAMGTNP", "ISVMGTP", "ISVMGTNP",
"WSMSCGTP", "WSMSCGTNP" <cr><lf>
"002-002-100", 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999,
123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999<cr><lf>
"002-002-123", 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999,
123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999<cr><lf>
```

**Hourly LNP Measurements Per LRN**

OAM Example Output File Name: **M60\_LRN.csv**

OAM Example Output File Format:

```
"tekelecstp 97-01-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0 "<cr><lf>
"TYPE OF REPORT: HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LNP LRN"<cr><lf>
"REPORT PERIOD: LAST"<cr><lf>
"REPORT INTERVAL: 97-01-01, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59 "<cr><lf>
"NUMBER OF ENTIDS: 6"<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"LRN", "LRNQRCV"<cr><lf>
9194560000, 123456789<cr><lf>
4087550001, 23456789<cr><lf>
```

```
5155550000,456789<cr><lf>
3022330001,345<cr><lf>
7032110002,99999<cr><lf>
8123048059,4294967295<cr><lf>
```

**Hourly LNP Measurements Per NPA**

OAM Example Output File Name: **M60\_NPA.csv**

OAM Example Output File Format:

```
"tekelecstp 97-01-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0 "<cr><lf>
"TYPE OF REPORT: HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LNP NPXNXX"<cr><lf>
"REPORT PERIOD: LAST"<cr><lf>
"REPORT INTERVAL: 97-01-01, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59 "<cr><lf>
"NUMBER OF ENTIDS: 6"<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"NPANXX", "NPAQRCV"<cr><lf>
919456,123456789<cr><lf>
408755,23456789<cr><lf>
515555,456789<cr><lf>
302233,345<cr><lf>
703211,99999<cr><lf>
812304,4294967295<cr><lf>
```

**Hourly LNP System Wide Measurements**

MP Example Output File Name: **mtch-lnp\_19990116\_2400.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LNP SYSTEM", "LAST",
"1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 1<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LNPQRCV", "LNPQDSC", "LNPQTCPE", "LNPSREP", "LNPQUNPA"<cr><lf>
"K", 429496729, 429496729, 429496729, 429496729, 429496729<cr><lf>
```

Typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data  
 250 + 63 + 34 = 347 bytes

**Hourly LNP Measurements Per SSP**

MP Example Output File Name: **mtch-ssp\_19990116\_2400.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE", "IVALSTART",
"IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LNP
SSP", "LAST", "1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 200<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "SSP", "SSPQRCV", "CLASSGTRQ", "LIDBGTRQ", "SSPQRCVP", "SSPQRCVNP", "CLASSG
TRQP", "CLASSGTRQNP", "LIDBGTRQP", "LIDBGTRQNP", "CNAMGTRQP", "CNAMGTRQNP", "ISVMGTR
```

## Measurements

```
QP",
"ISVMGTRQNP", "WSMSCGTP", "WSMSCGTNP"<cr><lf>
"K", "002-002-100", 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 4567
89,
99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999<cr><lf>
```

. . . . .

```
"K", "002-005-123", 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 4567
89,
99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999, 123456789, 456789, 99999<cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 14 char SSP + 15\*(6 char data) + 2 = 110 chars

For a report of 200 SSPs, the typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data

250 + 160 + 22000 = 22410 bytes

### Hourly LNP Measurements Per LRN

MP Example Output File Name: **mtch-lrn\_19990116\_2400.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LNP
LRN", "LAST", "1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 600<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LRN", "LRNQRCV"<cr><lf>
"K", 9194560000, 123456789<cr><lf>
"K", 4087550001, 23456789<cr><lf>
"K", 5155550000, 456789<cr><lf>

.

"K", 3022330001, 345<cr><lf>
"K", 7032110002, 99999<cr><lf>
"K", 8123048059, 4294967295<cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 11 char LRN + 6 char data + 2 = 23 chars

For a report of 600 LRNs, the typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data

250 + 27 + 13800 = 14077 bytes

### Hourly LNP Measurements Per NPA

MP Example Output File Name: **mtch-mpa\_19990116\_2400.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON LNP NPANXX", "LAST",
"1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 600<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "NPANXX", "NPAQRCV"<cr><lf>
"K", 919456, 123456789<cr><lf>
"K", 408755, 23456789<cr><lf>
"K", 515555, 456789<cr><lf>
.
"K", 302233, 345<cr><lf>
"K", 703211, 99999<cr><lf>
"K", 812304, 4294967295<cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

$$4 \text{ char status} + 7 \text{ char NPANXX} + 6 \text{ char data} + 2 = 19 \text{ chars}$$

For a report of 600 LRNs, the typical file size is:

|               |   |               |   |             |   |             |
|---------------|---|---------------|---|-------------|---|-------------|
| System header | + | Report header | + | Report data | = | 11680 bytes |
| 250           | + | 30            | + | 11400       | = | 11680 bytes |

**enttype=np**

The enttype=np entity generates two separate reports per period. These reports for OAM based measurements are generated to CSV files in the FTA. The command example will generate the following daily reports:

- Hourly INP and G-Port System Wide Measurements
- Hourly INP and G-Port Measurements Per SSP

All the OAM reports are listed together as are the MP reports.

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=mtch:enttype=np*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=mtch:enttype=np*

**Table 4-46.** Hourly Maintenance INP and G-Port System Wide Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                        | Unit      |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| INPQRCV    | Number of total queries received by INPQS.                                                                         | peg count |
| INPQDSC    | Number of invalid queries that are discarded as no reply can be generated.                                         | peg count |
| INPQTCPE   | Number of error replies with TCAP error code.                                                                      | peg count |
| INPSREP    | Number of successful replies to INP non-queried queries. These replies will be either INP Connect or INP Continue. | peg count |



Measurements

**Table 4-46.** Hourly Maintenance INP and G-Port System Wide Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| GPSRRCV    | Number of call related (SRI-Send Routing Information) messages received.                                                                        | peg count |
| GPSRGTT    | Number of call related (SRI-Send Routing Information) messages that fell through to GTT.                                                        | peg count |
| GPSRREP    | Number of call related (SRI-Send Routing Information) messages that received G-Port service.                                                    | peg count |
| GPSRERR    | Number of call related messages that cause an error response message(SRI-Send Routing Information NEGATIVE ACK).                                | peg count |
| GPNOCL     | Number of non-call related messages relayed by G-Port.                                                                                          | peg count |
| GPNOCLGT   | Number of non-call related messages that fell through to GTT.                                                                                   | peg count |
| IS41LRERR  | Number of IS-41 location request - error response messages sent.                                                                                | peg count |
| IS41LRMRCV | Number of IS-41 location request messages received.                                                                                             | peg count |
| IS41LRRTN  | Number of IS-41 location request - return result messages sent.                                                                                 | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |

The following equations apply:

$$INPQRCV = INPQDSC + INPQTCPE + INPSREP$$

$$GPSRRCV = GPSRGTT + GPSRREP + GPSRERR$$

**Table 4-47. Hourly Maintenance INP and G-Port Per SSP Measurements**

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| INPQSCONN  | Number of non-errored QS messages with QS Connect responses, per originating SSP.                                                               | peg count |
| INPQSCONT  | Number of non-errored QS messages with QS Continue responses, per originating SSP.                                                              | peg count |
| INPMRTR    | Number of messages sent to MR service that receive MR translation, per originating SSP.                                                         | peg count |
| INPMRGTT   | Number of messages sent to MR service that fall through to GTT, per originating SSP.                                                            | peg count |
| GPSRACK    | Number of call related (SRI-Send Routing Information ACK) responses.                                                                            | peg count |
| GPSRRLY    | Number of call related (SRI-Send Routing Information) messages relayed.                                                                         | peg count |
| GPNOCL     | Number of non-call related messages relayed by G-Port.                                                                                          | peg count |
| GPNOCLGT   | Number of non-call related messages that fell through to GTT.                                                                                   | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |

The following equation applies:

$$GPSRREP = \sum GPSRACK + \sum GPSRRLY$$

**Hourly INP and G-Port System Wide Measurements When INP=ON and GPORT=ON**

OAM Example Output File Name: **M60\_NP.csv**

OAM Example Output File Format:

```
"tekelecstp 97-01-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0 "<cr><lf>
"TYPE OF REPORT: HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON NP SYSTEM"<cr><lf>
"REPORT PERIOD: LAST"<cr><lf>
"REPORT INTERVAL: 97-01-01, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59 "<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>

"INPQRCV", "INPQDSC", "INPQTCPE", "INPSREP", "GPSRRCV", "GPSRGTT", "GPSRREP",
"GPSRERR", "GPNOCL", "GPNOCLGT", "IS41LRERR", "IS41LRMRCV", "IS41LRRTN"<cr><lf>
4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,
4294967295,4294967295,4294967295<cr><lf>
```

**Hourly INP and G-Port Measurements Per SSP When INP=ON and GPORT=ON**

OAM Example output File Name: **M60\_SSP.csv**

## Measurements

### OAM Example Output File Format:

```
"tekelecstp 97-01-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0 "<cr><lf>
"TYPE OF REPORT: HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON NP SSP"<cr><lf>
"REPORT PERIOD: LAST"<cr><lf>
"REPORT INTERVAL: 97-01-01, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59 "<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>

"INPQSCONN", "INPQSCONT", "INPMRTR", "INPMRGTT", "GPSRACK", "GPSRRLY", "GPNACL",
"GPNACLGT"<cr><lf>
4294967295,429495,4294967295,429495,4294967295,429495,4294967295,429495<cr><lf>
>
```

### Hourly INP and G-Port System Wide Measurements When INP=ON and GPORT=ON

MP Example Output File Name: **mtch-np\_19990116\_2400.csv**

### MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON NP
SYSTEM", "LAST", "1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 1<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "INPQRCV", "INPQDSC", "INPQTCPE", "INPSREP", "GPSRRCV", "GPSRGTT", "GPSRREP",
",
"GPSRERR", "GPNACL", "GPNACLGT", "IS41LRERR", "IS41LRMRCV", "IS41LRTRN"<cr><lf>
"K", 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 42949672
95,
4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295<cr><lf>
```

Typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data

250 + 113 + 66 = 429 bytes

### Hourly INP and G-Port Measurements Per SSP When INP=ON and GPORT=ON

MP Example Output File Name: **mtch-ssp\_19990116\_2400.csv**

### MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON NP
SSP", "LAST", "1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 1<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS",
"INPQSCONN", "INPQSCONT", "INPMRTR", "INPMRGTT", "GPSRACK", "GPSRRLY", "GPNACL",
"GPNACLGT"<cr><lf>
"K", 4294967295, 429495, 4294967295, 429495, 4294967295, 429495, 4294967295, 429495<cr>
<lf>
```

Typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data

250 + 98 + 54 = 402 bytes

**enttype=eir**

The EIR measurements specify the entity type EIR, and generate one report per period. The commands are specified with yy as a two-number abbreviation for any hour of a 24-hour day (00 through 23 for the hours 0000 through 2300). The retention period for hourly measurement records is 24 hours.

Example Commands:

```
MP:rept-ftp-meas:type=mtch:enttype=eir[:hh=yy:period=specific]
```

Table 4-48 lists the EIR events and their descriptions.

**Table 4-48.** Hourly Maintenance EIR Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                       | Unit      |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| IMEIRCV    | Total number of MAP_CHECK_IMEI messages received                                                                                                  | peg count |
| WHITEIMEI  | Total number of searches that resulted in a match with a "white listed" IMEI                                                                      | peg count |
| GRAYIMEI   | Total number of searches that resulted in a match with a "gray listed" IMEI                                                                       | peg count |
| BLACKIMEI  | Total number of searches that resulted in a match with a "black listed" IMEI                                                                      | peg count |
| BLKALIMEI  | Total number of searches that resulted in a match with a "black listed" IMEI, but were allowed due to IMSI Check match                            | peg count |
| BLKNALIMEI | Total number of searches that resulted in a match with a "black listed" IMEI, and the IMSI in the database did not match the IMSI in the message  | peg count |
| UNKNIMEI   | Total number of searches that resulted in a match with an "unknown" IMEI                                                                          | peg count |
| NOMTCHIMEI | Total number of searches that resulted in no match in the database.<br><b>NOMTCHIMEI is pegged whenever an IMEI is not found in the database.</b> | peg count |

The following equation applies:

$$\text{IMEIRCV} = \text{WHITEIMEI} + \text{GRAYIMEI} + \text{UNKNIMEI}$$

MP Example Output File Name: **mtch-eir\_20030818\_2300.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-51.1.0", "2003-08-19", "15:51:37", "EST",
"HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON EIR SYSTEM", "LAST", "2003-08-18",
"23:00:00", "24:00:00", 1<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"IMEIRCV", "WHITEIMEI", "GRAYIMEI", "BLACKIMEI", "BLKALIMEI", "BLKNALIMEI", "UNKNIMEI", "NOMTCHIMEI"<cr><lf>
```

## Measurements

4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295<cr><lf>

Typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data  
 256 + 95 + 89 = 440 bytes

### enttype=mapscrn

The enttype=mapscrn entity generates two separate reports per period.

The reports for OAM based measurements are generated to CSV files in the FTA. The command example generates the following hourly OAM-based measurement reports when the GSM MAP Screening feature is activated:

- Hourly MAP Screening System Wide Measurements
- Hourly MAP Screening Measurements Per Server

The command example will generate the following hourly MP-based measurement reports when the GSM MAP/Enhanced GSM MAP Screening feature is activated:

- Hourly MAP Screening System Wide Measurements
- Hourly MAP Screening Measurements Per Path

All the OAM reports are listed together as are the MP reports.

**NOTE: When MTP MAP Screening is enabled and on, the registers in Table 4-49 and Table 4-52 include the sum total of MTP-routed and GTT-routed messages for the particular event.**

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=mtch:enttype=mapscrn*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=mtch:enttype=mapscrn*

**Table 4-49.** Hourly Maintenance MAP Screening System Wide Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                       | Unit  |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| MSCRNPASS  | Total number of messages that Passed MAP screening                                                                                                                                | count |
| MSCRNRJNE  | Total number of messages that got Rejected by MAP screening because an entry was not found in the MAP screening table (i.e. rejected as System wide MAP Opcode action is DISCARD) | count |
| MSCRNRJFP  | Total number of messages that got Rejected by MAP screening due to forbidden parameters in the message.                                                                           | count |
| MSCRNPAFP  | Total number of messages that contained the forbidden parameter but were not rejected due to Screening action set as PASS.                                                        | count |

**Table 4-49.** Hourly Maintenance MAP Screening System Wide Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Unit   |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| MSCRNPANE  | Total number of messages, where an entry was not found in the MAP screening table but the Message was not rejected as screening action was marked as PASS (i.e. not rejected as System wide MAP Opcode action is PASS) | count  |
| MSCRNRJOP  | Total number of message that got rejected as Message MAP Opcode was not found in the MAP Opcode table (system wide action - DISCARD for the non matching OPCODEs)                                                      | count  |
| MSCRNDUP   | Total number of messages that were selected by MAP Screening for the Duplicate screening action.                                                                                                                       | count  |
| MSCRNFOR   | Total number of messages that were selected by MAP Screening for the Forward screening action.                                                                                                                         | count  |
| MSCRNDAD   | Total number of messages that were selected by MAP Screening for the Duplicate and Discard screening action.                                                                                                           | count  |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.                                                                        | status |

Server Entity Identification information in Table 4-50 is used to identify which server the Maintenance MAP Screening Per Server Measurements are applicable.

**Table 4-50.** Server Entity Identification

| Entity Name                                                                         | Description                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SERVER                                                                              | The screened origination address of the calling party address (CGPA) assigned when the GSM MAP screen was entered.                                                                           |
| NP                                                                                  | The screened number plan value (NPV) assigned to the server address when the GSM MAP screen was entered. This field is filled with the default identifier * if no value was assigned.        |
| NAI                                                                                 | The screened nature of address value (NAIV) assigned to the server address when the GSM MAP screen was entered. This field is filled with the default identifier * if no value was assigned. |
| OPCODE                                                                              | The operation code number assigned when the GSM MAP opcode was entered.                                                                                                                      |
| <b>NOTE: Measurements does not report entries created for a range of addresses.</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## Measurements

Server Path Entity Identification information in Table 4-51 is used to clarify the path the Maintenance MAP Screening Per Path Measurements are applicable.

**Table 4-51.** Path Entity Identification

| Entity Name                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PATH                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <p>The screened origination address of the calling party address (CGPA-NP-NAI), or a combination of screened destination address of the called party address (CDPA-NP-NAI) and the screened origination addresses assigned when the GSM MAP screen was entered.</p> <p>The possible fields within the path are delimited as follows to allow for efficient sorting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When both the origination and destination addresses are present (as either single server entries or provisioned wildcard entries) the origination address is preceded by a carat (^) and the destination address is preceded by a "greater than" sign (&gt;):<br/>^CGPA-NP-NAI&gt;CDPA-NP-NAI</li> <li>When only the origination address is present (occurs when the CDPA is a default wildcard) it is preceded by a "less than" sign (&lt;):<br/>&lt;CGPA-NP-NAI</li> </ul> |
| CGPA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <p>The calling party global title address assigned when the GSM MAP screen was entered. Any or all of the three fields (GTA, NP, NAI) can be filled with the identifier (*) if a wildcard value is assigned for that field. There is no default wildcard value for the CGPA.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| CDPA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | <p>The called party global title address assigned when the GSM MAP screen was entered. Any or all of the three fields (GTA, NP, NAI) can be filled with the identifier (*) if a wildcard value is assigned for that field. If the CDPA value is not assigned, the default wildcard value, which is not printed, is assumed.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| NP                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | <p>The screened number plan value (NPV) assigned to the path address when the GSM MAP screen was entered. The identifier (*) is used to signify a wildcard NP.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| NAI                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <p>The screened nature of address value (NAIV) assigned to the path address when the GSM MAP screen was entered. The identifier (*) is used to signify a wildcard NAI.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| OPCODE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>The operation code number assigned when the GSM MAP opcode was entered. The identifier (*) is used to signify a wildcard opcode.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <p><b>NOTE: Measurements does not report entries created for a range of addresses. Measurements does not report default wildcard CDPA address in entries containing them. There can never be a default wildcard CGPA entry. All wildcard CGPA entries must be explicitly provisioned. There can never be an entry with only a CDPA path listed. The string formats were designed to allow efficient automated post processing of measurements reports. A brief note explaining the format is included in the report.</b></p> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

**Table 4-52.** Hourly Maintenance MAP Screening Per Server Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit   |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| MSCRNPASS  | Total number of messages that Passed MAP screening                                                                                              | count  |
| MSCRNRJFP  | Total number of messages that got Rejected by MAP screening due to forbidden parameters in the message.                                         | count  |
| MSCRNDUP   | Total number of messages per server that were selected by MAP Screening for the Duplicate screening action.                                     | count  |
| MSCRNFOR   | Total number of messages per server that were selected by MAP Screening for the Forward screening action.                                       | count  |
| MSCRNDAD   | Total number of messages per server that were selected by MAP Screening for the Duplicate screening action.                                     | count  |
| MSCRNPAFP  | Total number of messages that contained the forbidden parameter but were not rejected due to Screening action set as PASS.                      | count  |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status |

**Hourly MAP Screening System Wide Measurements**OAM Example Output File Name: **M60\_MAP.csv**

OAM Example Output File Format:

```
"tekelecstp 97-01-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0 "<cr><lf>
"TYPE OF REPORT: HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON MAP Screening
SYSTEM"<cr><lf>
"REPORT PERIOD: LAST"<cr><lf>
"REPORT INTERVAL: 00-04-01, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59 "<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"MSCRNPASS", "MSCRNRJNE", "MSCRNRJFP", "MSCRNPAFP", "MSCRNPANE", "MSCRNRJOP", "MSCRN
DUP", "MSCRNFOR", "MSCRNDAD"<cr><lf>
4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,4294967295,
4294967295,4294967295<cr><lf>
```

**Hourly MAP Screening Measurements Per Server**OAM Example output File Name: **M60\_SERV.csv**

OAM Example Output File Format:

```
"tekelecstp 00-04-02 15:51:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0-30.9.0 "<cr><lf>
"TYPE OF REPORT: HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON MAP Screening
Server"<cr><lf>
"REPORT PERIOD: LAST"<cr><lf>
"REPORT INTERVAL: 00-04-01, 00:00:00 THROUGH 23:59:59 "<cr><lf>
"NUMBER OF ENTIDS: 2"<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"SERVER-NP-NAI-OPCODE",
"MSCRNPASS", "MSCRNRJFP", "MSCRNDUP", "MSCRNFOR", "MSCRNDAD", "MSCRNPAFP"<cr><lf>
"123456789012345-0-0-0",
1234567890,1234567890,1234567890,1234567890,1234567890,1234567890<cr><lf>
```



## Measurements

```
"098765432154321-15-127-1",
5555555555,6666666666,1234567890,1234567890,1234567890,1234567890<cr><lf>
"919468-**-255",
1234567890,1234567890,1234567890,1234567890,1234567890,1234567890<cr><lf>
```

### Hourly MAP Screening System Wide Measurements

MP Example Output File Name: **mtch-map\_19990116\_2400.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON MAP SCREENING SYSTEM", "LAST",
"1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 1<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "MSCRNPASS", "MSCRNRJOP", "MSCRNRJNE", "MSCRNRJFP", "MSCRNPAPF", "MSCRNPAN
E", "MSCRNFOR", "MSCRNDUP", "MSCRNDAD"<cr><lf>
"K", 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295,
4294967295, 4294967295, 4294967295<cr><lf>
```

Typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data

250 + 116 + 60 = 426 bytes

### Hourly MAP Screening Measurements Per Path

MP Example Output File Name: **mtch-path\_19990116\_2400.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-53.8.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"HOURLY MAINTENANCE MEASUREMENTS ON MAP SCREENING PATH", "LAST",
"1999-01-16", "00:00:00", "24:00:00", 2<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
For a path containing CGPA only, PATH-OPCODE = <CGPA-NP-NAI-OPCODE><cr><lf>
For a path containing both CGPA and CDPA, PATH-OPCODE =
<CGPA-NP-NAI><CDPA-NP-NAI-OPCODE>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "PATH-OPCODE", "MSCRNPASS", "MSCRNRJFP", "MSCRNFOR", "MSCRNDUP",
"MSCRNDAD", "MSCRNPAPF"<cr><lf>
"K", "<123456789012345-0-0-0", 1234567890, 1234567890, 1234567890, 1234567890, 12345
67890, 1234567890<cr><lf>
"K", "<919468-**-120", 1234567890, 1234567890, 1234567890, 1234567890, 1234567890, 1
234567890<cr><lf>
"K", "^919468-5-63>919575-12-100-25", 1234567890, 1234567890, 1234567890, 123456789
0, 1234567890, 1234567890<cr><lf>
"K", "^540992-14-45-125>919468-**-**", 1234567890, 1234567890, 1234567890, 12345678
90, 1234567890, 1234567890<cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 40 char PATH-OPCODE + 5\*(6 char data) + 2 = 76 chars

For a report of 20 paths, the typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data  
 250 + 244 + 1640 = 2134 bytes

### Gateway Measurements

The GTWY measurement report collects and reports gateway-related data from the STP. The gateway related data collected for this report is the network management and global title translation load on the EAGLE 5 SAS, and the source of this load. The level and source of pass through TCAP traffic is also collected. The MTP cards measure this data which is reported when requested.

**Entity Types:** STP, ORIGNI, ORIGNINC, LNKSET, LSDESTNI, LSORIGINI, and LSONISMT

**Accumulation Interval:** 30 minutes

**Optional MP Accumulation Interval:** Every 15 minutes

**STP Retention Period:** 24 hours

**Reporting Mode:** Scheduled, On-demand

**Accessible Collection Period:** Last, Specific

**enttype=stp**

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=gtwy:enttype=stp*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=gtwy:enttype=stp*

**Table 4-53.** Gateway STP Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                    | Unit      |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| GTTPFDIC   | Number of Global Title Translations (GTTs) performed on messages received from an interconnecting network.                     | peg count |
| MSUDSCRD   | Number of MSUs discarded due to screening failure.                                                                             | peg count |
| MSURJOPC   | Number of MSUs rejected due to screening - disallowed OPC.                                                                     | peg count |
| MSURJDPC   | Number of MSUs rejected due to screening - disallowed DPC.                                                                     | peg count |
| MSURJSIO   | Number of MSUs rejected due to screening - invalid service information octet (SIO).                                            | peg count |
| MSURJCPA   | Number of MSUs rejected due to screening - invalid calling party address.                                                      | peg count |
| MSURJAPC   | Number of subsystem prohibited (SSP) and subsystem allowed (SSA) MSUs rejected due to screening - invalid affected point code. | peg count |

Measurements

**Table 4-53.** Gateway STP Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                            | Unit      |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| MSURJPCS   | Number of subsystem status test (SST) MSUs rejected due to screening - invalid affected point code and SSN.                                                            | peg count |
| MSURJDST   | Number of MTP-NM MSUs rejected due to screening - invalid affected destination field.                                                                                  | peg count |
| MSURJTT    | Number of SCCP MSUs rejected due to screening - invalid translation type.                                                                                              | peg count |
| MSURJDSN   | Number of SCCP MSUs rejected due to screening - disallowed DPC/SSN in called party address.                                                                            | peg count |
| MSURJTFC   | Number of transfer controlled (TFC) MSUs rejected due to screening - invalid affected destination field.                                                               | peg count |
| MSURJSRT   | Number of signaling routeset test (SRST) MSUs rejected due to screening - invalid affected destination field.                                                          | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.                        | status    |
| TTMAPPF    | Number of translation type mapping translations performed. For example, a mapped SS7 message translation type was found for the existing SS7 message translation type. | peg count |

OAM Example Output:

```

tekelecstp 03-12-19 12:51:24 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: GATEWAY MEASUREMENTS ON STP
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-12-19, 12:00:00 THROUGH 12:29:59

STP-GTWY MEASUREMENTS

These measurements are from 03-12-19, 12:00:00 through 12:29:59.
TTMAPPF = 0, GTTPFDIC = 0, MSUDSCRD = 0,
MSURJOPC = 0, MSURJDPC = 0, MSURJSIO = 0,
MSURJCPA = 0, MSURJAPC = 0, MSURJPCS = 0,
MSURJDST = 0, MSURJTT = 0, MSURJDSN = 0,
MSURJTFC = 0, MSURJSRT = 0

;

tekelecstp 03-12-19 12:51:26 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND STP-GTWY MEASUREMENT REPORT
;

```

MP Example Output File Name: **gtwy-stp\_19990117\_1530.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```

"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"GATEWAY MEASUREMENTS ON
STP", "LAST", "1999-01-17", "15:00:00", "15:30:00", 1<cr><lf>

```



**Measurements**

END OF ON-DEMAND ORIGNI-GTWY MEASUREMENT REPORT

;

MP Example Output File Name: **gtwy-origni\_19990117\_1530.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS" <cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"GATEWAY MEASUREMENTS ON
ORIGNI", "LAST", "1999-01-17", "15:00:00", "15:30:00", 100 <cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "NI", "GTPFDPC", "GTTUNT", "GTPFDIC", "GTTUNADR" <cr><lf>
"K", 100, 0, 0, 834033, 834034 <cr><lf>
.
"K", 200, 0, 0, 834033, 834034 <cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 4 char NI + 4\*(6 char data) + 2 = 34 chars

For a report of 100 NIs, typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data  
 250 + 59 + 3400 = 3709 bytes

**enttype=origninc**

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=gtwy:enttype=origninc:ni=4:nc=200*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=gtwy:enttype=origninc*

**Table 4-55.** Gateway ORIGNINC Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| GTPFDPC    | Number of global title translations (GTTs) performed - result is a DPC of an interconnecting network.                                           | peg count |
| GTTUNT     | Number of GTTs unable to perform on messages received from an interconnecting network - no translation table for the translation type.          | peg count |
| GTPFDIC    | Number of GTTs performed on messages received from an interconnecting network.                                                                  | peg count |
| GTTUNADR   | Number of GTTs unable to perform on messages received from an interconnecting network - no translation for this address.                        | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |

OAM Example Output:

```

tekelecstp 03-12-19 12:31:37 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: GATEWAY MEASUREMENTS ON ORIGNINC
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-12-19, 12:00:00 THROUGH 12:29:59

ORIGNINC-GTWY MEASUREMENTS: NI: 5, NC: 5

These measurements are from 03-12-19, 12:00:00 through 12:29:59.
GTTPFDPDPC = 0, GTTUNTT = 0, GTTPFDIC = 834033,
GTTUNADR = 834034

;

tekelecstp 03-12-19 12:31:38 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND ORIGNINC-GTWY MEASUREMENT REPORT
;

```

MP Example Output File Name: **gtwy-origninc\_19990117\_1530.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```

"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"GATEWAY MEASUREMENTS ON
ORIGNINC", "LAST", "1999-01-17", "15:00:00", "15:30:00", 100<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "NI", "NC", "GTTPFDPDPC", "GTTUNTT", "GTTPFDIC", "GTTUNADR"<cr><lf>
"K", 4, 200, 0, 0, 834033, 834034<cr><lf>

.

"K", 25, 200, 0, 0, 834033, 834034<cr><lf>

```

Assuming each data line will be:

$$4 \text{ char status} + 4 \text{ char NI} + 4 \text{ char NC} + 4*(6 \text{ char data}) + 2 = 38 \text{ chars}$$

For a report of 100 NI/NCs, the typical file size is:

|               |   |               |   |             |   |            |
|---------------|---|---------------|---|-------------|---|------------|
| System header | + | Report header | + | Report data | = |            |
| 250           | + | 64            | + | 3800        | = | 4114 bytes |

**enttype=lnkset**

**NOTE:** The determination of which linksets are included in this report is controlled by the state of the `gtwylsfltr` field in the measurement control table. By default, only gateway linksets are included. This can be changed with the `chg-meas:gtwylsfltr={ both | stp | seas | none }` command. See the *Commands Manual* for details on using this command.

## Measurements

Example Commands:

OAM: `rept-meas:type=gtwy:enttype=lnkset:lsn=ls1201a`

MP: `rept-ftp-meas:type=gtwy:enttype=lnkset`

**Table 4-56.** Gateway Linkset Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| TFPTRAN    | The number of transfer prohibited (TFP) and transfer cluster prohibited (TCP) MSUs transmitted.                                                 | peg count |
| TFPRECD    | The number of TFP and TCP MSUs received.                                                                                                        | peg count |
| TFRTRAN    | The number of transfer restricted (TFR) and transfer cluster restricted (TCR) MSUs transmitted.                                                 | peg count |
| TFRRECD    | The number of TFR and TCR MSUs received.                                                                                                        | peg count |
| TFATRAN    | The number of transfer allowed (TFA) and transfer cluster allowed (TCA) MSUs transmitted.                                                       | peg count |
| TFARECD    | The number of TFA and TCA MSUs received.                                                                                                        | peg count |
| SRSTTRAN   | The number of signaling routeset test (SRST) and cluster signaling routeset test (CSRST) MSUs transmitted.                                      | peg count |
| SRSTRECD   | The number of SRST and CSRST MSUs received.                                                                                                     | peg count |
| SRSCTRAN   | The number of signaling routeset congestion test (SRST) MSUs transmitted.                                                                       | peg count |
| SRSCTRCD   | The number of SRST MSUs received.                                                                                                               | peg count |
| TSTMTRCD   | The number of testing and maintenance (T&M) MSUs received.                                                                                      | peg count |
| SSPTRAN    | The number of subsystem prohibited (SSP) MSUs transmitted.                                                                                      | peg count |
| SSPRECD    | The number of SSP MSUs received.                                                                                                                | peg count |
| SSATRAN    | The number of subsystem allowed (SSA) MSUs transmitted.                                                                                         | peg count |
| SSARECD    | The number of SSA MSUs received.                                                                                                                | peg count |
| SSTTRAN    | The number of subsystem status test (SST) MSUs transmitted.                                                                                     | peg count |
| SSTRECD    | The number of SST MSUs received.                                                                                                                | peg count |
| SLTRECD    | The number of signaling link tests received.                                                                                                    | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |

OAM Example Output:

```
tekelecstp 03-12-19 13:35:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: GATEWAY MEASUREMENTS ON LINKSET
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-12-19, 13:00:00 THROUGH 13:29:59
```

LINKSET-GTWY MEASUREMENTS: ls1201

These measurements are from 03-12-19, 13:00:00 through 13:29:59.

```
TFPTRAN = 0, TFPRECD = 0, TFRTRAN = 0,
TFRRECD = 0, TFATRAN = 0, TFARECD = 0,
SRSTTRAN = 0, SRSTRECD = 0, SLTRECD = 0,
SRSCTRAN = 0, SRSCRECD = 0, TSTMTRCD = 0,
SSPTRAN = 0, SSPRECD = 0, SSATRAN = 0,
SSARECD = 0, SSTTRAN = 0, SSTRECD = 0
```

;

```
tekelecstp 03-12-19 13:35:10 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND LINKSET-GTWY MEASUREMENT REPORT
```

;

MP Example Output File Name: **gtwy-lnkset\_19990117\_1530.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"GATEWAY MEASUREMENTS ON
LINKSET", "LAST", "1999-01-17", "15:00:00", "15:30:00", 600<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LSN", "LNKTYPE", "TFPTRAN", "TFPRECD", "TFRTRAN", "TFRRECD", "TFATRAN", "TFARECD",
"SRSTTRAN", "SRSTRECD", "SLTRECD", "SRSCTRAN", "SRSCRECD", "TSTMTRCD", "SSPTRAN",
"SSPRECD", "SSATRAN", "SSARECD", "SSTTRAN", "SSTRECD"<cr><lf>
"K", "ls1201", "SAAL", 0<cr><lf>
.
"K", "ls5307", "MTP2", 0<cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 8 char LSN + 7 char LNKTYPE + 18\*(6 char data) + 2 = 129 chars

For a report of 600 linksets, typical file size is:

```
System header + Report header + Report data
 250 + 214 + 77400 = 77864 bytes
```

enttype=lsdestni

**NOTE:** The determination of which linksets are included in this report is controlled by the state of the `gtwylsfltr` field in the measurement control table. By default, only gateway linksets are included. This can be changed with the `chg-meas:gtwylsfltr={ both | stp | seas | none }` command. See the *Commands Manual* for details on using this command.

The NI parameter is not part of the output for ITU GTWY linksets.



## Measurements

Example Commands:

OAM: `rept-meas:type=gtwy:enttype=lsdestni:lsn=ls1201:ni=5`

MP: `rept-ftp-meas:type=gtwy:enttype=lsdestni`

**Table 4-57.** Gateway LSDESTNI Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| MSURCVNA   | The number of MSUs received from another network - not addressed to the BCC network.                                                            | peg count |
| OCTRCVNA   | The number of MSU octets received from another network - not addressed to the BCC network.                                                      | octets    |
| MSUTRNNA   | The number of MSUs transmitted - addressed to a network other than the adjacent receiving network.                                              | peg count |
| OCTTRNNA   | The number of MSU octets transmitted - addressed to a network other than the adjacent receiving network.                                        | octets    |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status    |
| TFCGTRAN   | The number transfer controlled (TFC) MSUs transmitted - originated by the gateway STP.                                                          | peg count |

OAM Example Output:

```
tekelecstp 03-12-19 12:30:16 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: GATEWAY MEASUREMENTS ON LSDESTNI
REPORT PERIOD: LAST
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-12-19, 12:00:00 THROUGH 12:29:59

LSDESTNI-GTWY MEASUREMENTS: LSN: ls1201, NI: 5

These measurements are from 03-12-19, 12:00:00 through 12:29:59.
MSURCVNA = 5040000, OCTRCVNA = 201600K, MSUTRNNA = 834033,
OCTTRNNA = 14757021, TFCGTRAN = 0

;

tekelecstp 03-12-19 12:30:18 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND LSDESTNI-GTWY MEASUREMENT REPORT

;
```

MP Example Output File Name: **gtwy-lsdestni\_19990117\_1530.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"GATEWAY MEASUREMENTS ON
LSDESTNI", "LAST", "1999-01-17", "15:00:00", "15:30:00", 400<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LSN", "LSTYPE", "NI", "MSURCVNA", "OCTRCVNA", "MSUTRNNA", "OCTTRNNA", "TFCG
TRAN"<cr><lf>
"K", "ls1201", "ANSI", 5, 5040000, 201600K, 834033, 14757021, 0<cr><lf>
```

. . . . .

"K", "lsitu", "ITU", ,5040000,201600K,834033,14757021,0<cr><lf>

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 8 char LSN + 6 char LSTYPE + 4 char NI + 5\*(6 char data) + 2 = 54 chars

For a report of 400 LSDESTNIs, the typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data  
 250 + 86 + 21600 = 21936 bytes

**enttype=lsorigni**

**NOTE: The determination of which linksets are included in this report is not controlled by the state of the gtwylsfltr field in the measurement control table.**

**LSONISMT register MSUISPMT counts are rolled into the MSUDSCRD register. . It is possible to have counts for MSUDSCRD, but no counts for any other registers in this report due to the MSUISPMT register count in the LSONISMT report.**

**The NI parameter is not part of the output for ITU GTWY linksets.**

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=gtwy:enttype=lsorigni:lsn=ls1201a:ni=12*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=gtwy:enttype=lsorigni*

**Table 4-58.** Gateway LSORGINI Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                        | Unit      |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| TFCGRECD   | The number of transfer controlled (TFC) MSUs received                                                                              | peg count |
| MSURJOPC   | The number of MSUs rejected due to screening - disallowed OPC.                                                                     | peg count |
| MSURJDPC   | The number of MSUs rejected due to screening - disallowed DPC.                                                                     | peg count |
| MSURJCPA   | The number of MSUs rejected due to screening - invalid calling party address.                                                      | peg count |
| MSURJAPC   | The number of subsystem prohibited (SSP) and subsystem allowed (SSA) MSUs rejected due to screening - invalid affected point code. | peg count |
| MSURJPCS   | The number of subsystem status test (SST) MSUs rejected due to screening - invalid affected point code and SSN.                    | peg count |
| MSURJHC    | Number of MSUs discarded due to screening H0H1                                                                                     | peg count |





## Measurements

```
tekelecstp 02-12-19 12:41:21 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND LSONISMT-GTWY MEASUREMENT REPORT
;
```

MP Example Output File Name: **gtwy-lsonismt\_20021217\_1530.csv**

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "30.0.0-48.1.0", "2002-12-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"GATEWAY MEASUREMENTS ON
LSONISMT", "LAST", "2002-12-17", "15:00:00", "15:30:00", 400<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LSN", "LSTYPE", "NI", "ISMT", "MSUISPMT"<cr><lf>
"K", "ls1201", "ANSI", 5, 6, 34033<cr><lf>

.

"K", "lsitu", "ITU", , 7, 57021<cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 8 char LSN + 6 char LSTYPE + 4 char NI + 4 char ISMT + 1\*(6 char data) + 2 = 34 chars

For a report of 400 LSONISMT, typical file size is:

|               |   |               |   |             |   |             |
|---------------|---|---------------|---|-------------|---|-------------|
| System header | + | Report header | + | Report data |   |             |
| 250           | + | 49            | + | 13600       | = | 13899 bytes |

## Record Base Measurements

The RBASE measurements report various data related to the configuration or status of the EAGLE 5 SAS's major configurable components. The data in this measurement report is obtained from either the database or from maintenance tasks performed on the EAGLE 5 SAS. The data is not periodically collected and stored in the manner of other measurements data, but it is collected on demand when a RBASE measurement report is requested.

**Entity Types:** STP, Lnkset, and Link

**Accumulation Interval:** Snapshot

**STP Retention Period:** None

**Reporting Mode:** Scheduled-Polled (SEAS only), On-demand

**Accessible Collection Period:** Active

**enttype=stp**

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=rbase:enttype=stp*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=rbase:enttype=stp*

**Table 4-60.** Record Base STP Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                             | Unit      |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| BUSS       | The number of IS-NR or IS-ANR IMT buses                                                                                                                                 | peg count |
| CTSDLSST   | The value of the SCCP Management: subsystem status test (SS7) delay timer (level 3 T32 timer). This value of this timer is fixed at 30 seconds and is not configurable. | seconds   |
| LINKS      | The number of configured signaling links.                                                                                                                               | peg count |
| LNKSETS    | The number of configured linksets.                                                                                                                                      | peg count |
| NT1TDCHO   | The value of the delay to avoid mis-sequencing on changeover timer (level 3 T1 timer).                                                                                  | seconds   |
| NT2CHOAK   | The value of the waiting for changeover acknowledgment timer (level 3 T2 timer).                                                                                        | seconds   |
| NT3TDCHB   | The value of the delay to avoid mis-sequencing on changeback timer (level 3 T3 timer).                                                                                  | seconds   |
| NT4CHBK1   | The value of the waiting for changeover acknowledgment (first attempt) timer (level 3 T4 timer).                                                                        | seconds   |
| NT5CHBK2   | The value of the waiting for changeover acknowledgment (second attempt) timer (level 3 T5 timer).                                                                       | seconds   |
| NT6TDCRR   | The value of the delay to avoid mis-sequencing on controlled rerouting timer (level 3 T6 timer).                                                                        | seconds   |
| NT7SLKCN   | The value of the waiting for signaling link connection acknowledgment timer (level 3 T7 timer).                                                                         | seconds   |
| NT8TRPRH   | The value of the transfer prohibited inhibited timer (level 3 T8 timer).                                                                                                | seconds   |
| NT10SRST   | The value of the waiting to repeat signaling routeset test timer (level 3 T10 timer).                                                                                   | seconds   |
| NT11TFRS   | The value of the transfer restricted timer (level 3 T11 timer).                                                                                                         | seconds   |
| NT12UNAK   | The value of the waiting for uninhibit timer (level 3 T12 timer).                                                                                                       | seconds   |
| NT13FUNH   | The value of the waiting for force uninhibit timer (level 3 T13 timer).                                                                                                 | seconds   |
| NT14INAK   | The value of the waiting for inhibition acknowledgment timer (level 3 T14 timer).                                                                                       | seconds   |
| NT15RSCT   | The value of the waiting for repeat signaling routeset congestion test timer (level 3 T15 timer).                                                                       | seconds   |
| NT16RSCS   | The value of the waiting for routeset status update timer (level 3 T16 timer).                                                                                          | seconds   |
| NT17REAL   | The value of the delay to avoid oscillation of initial alignment failure and restart timer (level 3 T17 timer).                                                         | seconds   |

## Measurements

**Table 4-60.** Record Base STP Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                        | Unit      |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| NT18TCLR   | The value of the transfer cluster restricted interval timer (level 3 T18 timer).                                                                   | seconds   |
| NT19FLKR   | The value of the failed link craft referral timer (level 3 T19 timer).                                                                             | seconds   |
| NT20RLIH   | The value of the waiting to repeat local inhibit test timer (level 3 T20 timer).                                                                   | seconds   |
| NT21RRIH   | The value of the waiting to repeat remote inhibit test timer (level 3 T21 timer).                                                                  | seconds   |
| NT22RSTL   | The value of the restarting SP waiting for links to become available timer (level 3 T22 timer).                                                    | seconds   |
| NT23WTRA   | The value of the waiting after T22 to receive all TRAs timer (level 3 T23 timer).                                                                  | seconds   |
| NT24BTRA   | The value of the restarting: waiting to broadcast all TRAs timer (level 3 T24 timer).                                                              | seconds   |
| NT25WTRA   | The value of the adjacent and restarting: waiting for TRA timer (level 3 T25 timer).                                                               | seconds   |
| NT26RTRW   | The value of the restarting: waiting to repeat TRW timer (level 3 T26 timer).                                                                      | seconds   |
| NT28WTRW   | The value of the adjacent: waiting for TRW timer (level 3 T28 timer).                                                                              | seconds   |
| NT29RSUX   | The value of the TRA sent, unexpected TRA, TRW, resumption timer (level 3 T29 timer).                                                              | seconds   |
| NT30LMTF   | The value of the limit TFPs/TFRs for unexpected TRAs/TRWs timer (level 3 T30 timer).                                                               | seconds   |
| NT31FLCD   | The value of the false link congestion detection timer (level 3 T31 timer).                                                                        | seconds   |
| NT32OSCA   | The value of the link oscillation filter - procedure A timer (level 3 T32 timer).                                                                  | seconds   |
| PROCS      | The number of configured cards that are in service normal (IS-NR) or in-service abnormal (IS-ANR).                                                 | peg count |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.    | status    |
| STLOOP     | The value of the supervision timer for circular route detection test timer (the value of the mtpltst parameter of the <i>chg-stpopts</i> command). | seconds   |





## Measurements

### enttype=lnkset

Example Commands:

OAM: `rept-meas:type=rbase:enttype=lnkset:lsn=ls1201a`

MP: `rept-ftp-meas:type=rbase:enttype=lnkset`

**Table 4-61.** Record Base Linkset Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                                           | Unit      |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| LINKS      | The number of configured signaling links.                                                                                                                             | peg count |
| RCLKBFRS   | The number of receiving link buffers. The number of receiving link buffers is always 1 for each signaling link, so a value of 1 is always reported for this register. | peg count |
| ST01SLTA   | Supervision timer for SLTA.                                                                                                                                           | seconds   |
| ST02SLTI   | SLT interval timer.                                                                                                                                                   | seconds   |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current.                       | status    |

OAM Example Output:

```
tekelecstp 03-12-11 10:19:30 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: RECORD BASE MEASUREMENTS ON LINKSET
REPORT PERIOD: ACTIVE
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-12-11, 10:19:30 THROUGH CURRENT

LNKSET-RBASE MEASUREMENTS: ls1201

LINKS = 0, RCLKBFRS = 0, ST01SLTA = 0,
ST02SLTI = 0

;
```

MP Example Output File Name: `rbase-lnkset_19990117_1551.csv`

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"RECORD BASE MEASUREMENTS ON
LINKSET", "ACTIVE", "1999-01-17", "15:51:32", "15:51:32", 120<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LSN", "LNKTYPE", "LINKS", "RCLKBFRS", "ST01SLTA", "ST02SLTI"<cr><lf>
"K", "ls1201", "SAAL", 4, 3, 0, 0<cr><lf>

.

"K", "ls5204", "MTP2", 6, 2, 0, 0<cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 8 char LSN + 7 char LNKTYPE + 4\*(6 char data) + 2 = 45 chars

For a report of 600 linksets, the typical file size is:

$$\begin{array}{rcccccc} \text{System header} & + & \text{Report header} & + & \text{Report data} & \\ 250 & + & 67 & + & 27000 & = & 27317 \text{ bytes} \end{array}$$

**enttype=link**

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=rbase:enttype=link:loc=1201:link=a*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=rbase:enttype=link*

**Table 4-62.** Record Base Link Measurements

| Event Name                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit    |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| CNGONTH1                                                                                                                                                                                                               | The level 1 congestion onset threshold for link transmit buffers                                                                                | octets  |
| CNGDITH1                                                                                                                                                                                                               | The level 1 congestion discard threshold for link transmit buffers                                                                              | octets  |
| CNGABTH1                                                                                                                                                                                                               | The level 1 congestion abatement threshold for link transmit buffers                                                                            | octets  |
| CNGONTH2                                                                                                                                                                                                               | The level 2 congestion onset threshold for link transmit buffers                                                                                | octets  |
| CNGDITH2                                                                                                                                                                                                               | The level 2 congestion discard threshold for link transmit buffers                                                                              | octets  |
| CNGABTH2                                                                                                                                                                                                               | The level 2 congestion abatement threshold for link transmit buffers                                                                            | octets  |
| CNGONTH3                                                                                                                                                                                                               | The level 3 congestion onset threshold for link transmit buffers                                                                                | octets  |
| CNGDITH3                                                                                                                                                                                                               | The level 3 congestion discard threshold for link transmit buffers                                                                              | octets  |
| CNGABTH3                                                                                                                                                                                                               | The level 3 congestion abatement threshold for link transmit buffers                                                                            | octets  |
| STATUS                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status  |
| The following registers are applicable to MTP level 2 links ONLY. These registers are omitted from reports for ATM based links on EAGLE 5 SAS HMI output. On SEAS reports these registers are reported as ZERO-valued. |                                                                                                                                                 |         |
| LT1ALNRD                                                                                                                                                                                                               | The value of the aligned/ready timer (level 2 T1 timer).                                                                                        | seconds |
| LT2NOALN                                                                                                                                                                                                               | The value of the not aligned timer (level 2 T2 timer).                                                                                          | seconds |
| LT3ALIND                                                                                                                                                                                                               | The value of the aligned timer (level 2 T3 timer).                                                                                              | seconds |
| LT4NMLPV                                                                                                                                                                                                               | The value of the proving period (normal) timer (level 2 T4npp timer).                                                                           | seconds |

Measurements

**Table 4-62.** Record Base Link Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                                  | Unit    |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| LT4EMGPV   | The value of the proving period (emergency) timer (level 2 T4epp timer).     | seconds |
| LT5SDSIB   | The value of the sending SIB timer (level 2 T5 timer).                       | seconds |
| LT6RMCNG   | The value of the remote congestion timer (level 2 T6 timer).                 | seconds |
| LT7XDLAK   | The value of the excessive delay of acknowledgment timer (level 2 T7 timer). | seconds |

OAM Example Output:

```

eagle10706 03-06-16 02:44:58 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: RECORD BASE MEASUREMENTS ON LINK
REPORT PERIOD: ACTIVE
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-06-16, 02:44:58 THROUGH CURRENT

LINK-RBASE MEASUREMENTS FOR LINKSET lsn4:

eagle10706 03-06-16 02:45:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
LINK-RBASE MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1202, LINK: B , LSN: lsn4

CNGONTH1 = 80, CNGDITH1 = 99, CNGABTH1 = 60,
CNGONTH2 = 101, CNGDITH2 = 109, CNGABTH2 = 81,
CNGONTH3 = 111, CNGDITH3 = 120, CNGABTH3 = 101,
LT1ALNRD = 5, LT2NOALN = 30, LT3ALIND = 5,
LT4NMLPV = 2.3, LT4EMGPV = 0.6, LT5SDSIB = 0.5,
LT6RMCNG = 4, LT7XDLAK = 1.5

;

eagle10706 03-06-16 02:45:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
LINK-RBASE MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1204, LINK: A , LSN: lsn4 (SAAL)

CNGONTH1 = 930, CNGDITH1 = 2490, CNGABTH1 = 780,
CNGONTH2 = 2790, CNGDITH2 = 4350, CNGABTH2 = 2640,
CNGONTH3 = 4560, CNGDITH3 = 5250, CNGABTH3 = 4500

;

eagle10706 03-06-16 02:45:01 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND LINK-RBASE MEASUREMENT REPORT
;

```

MP Example Output File Name: **rbase-link\_19990117\_1551.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"RECORD BASE MEASUREMENTS ON
LINK", "ACTIVE", "1999-01-17", "15:51:32", "15:51:32", 120<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LSN", "LOC", "LINK", "LNKTYPE", "CNGONTH1", "CNGDITH1", "CNGABTH1", "CNGONT
H2", "CNGDITH2", "CNGABTH2", "CNGONTH3", "CNGDITH3", "CNGABTH3", "LT1ALNRD", "LT2NOAL
N",
"LT3ALIND", "LT4NMLPV", "LT4EMGPV", "LT5SDSIB", "LT6RMCNG", "LT7XDLAK"<cr><lf>
"K", "lsn4", "1202", "B2", "MTP2", 80, 99, 60, 101, 109, 81, 111, 120, 101, 5, 30, 5, 2.3, 0.6, 0
.5, 4, 1.5<cr><lf>

.

"K", "lsn4403", "1204", "A", "SAAL", 930, 2490, 780, 2790, 4350, 2640, 4560, 5250, 4500,
0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0<cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

$$4 \text{ char status} + 8 \text{ char LSN} + 7 \text{ char LOC} + 5 \text{ char LINK} + 7 \text{ char LNKTYPE} + 17 * (6 \text{ char data}) + 2 = 135 \text{ chars}$$

For a report of 600 linksets, the typical file size is:

|               |   |               |   |             |   |             |
|---------------|---|---------------|---|-------------|---|-------------|
| System header | + | Report header | + | Report data | = |             |
| 250           |   | 226           |   | 81000       |   | 81476 bytes |

**Maintenance Status Reports**

The Maintenance Status (MTCS) report is a snapshot of the maintenance status indicators. It supports entity types LINK and LNKSET. The report is available through the EAGLE 5 SAS terminal interface and through the SEAS interface via the OAP.

- Entity Types:** Lnkset and Link
- Accumulation Interval:** Snapshot
- STP Retention Period:** None
- Reporting Mode:** On-demand (EAGLE 5 SAS/SEAS)
- Accessible Collection Period:** Active (snapshot)

## Measurements

### enttype=link

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=mtcs:enttype=link:loc=1201:link=a*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=mtcs:enttype=link*

**Table 4-63.** Maintenance Status Link Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LKMT CST   | Maintenance State                                                                                                                               | <b>ACT</b> – link primary state is IS-NR and is or can be used to carry traffic.<br><b>UNAV</b> - link has been made unavailable by local or centralized maintenance personnel (inhibited or canceled link or active local processor outage).<br><b>OOS</b> – link out-of-service but can be made available by the STP.                                                 |
| PROSTAT    | Indication of processor outage status units being received.                                                                                     | <b>Y</b> – link failure reason of remote processor outage exists.<br><b>N</b> - link failure reason of remote processor outage does not exist.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| PROTRAN    | Indication of processor outage status units being transmitted.                                                                                  | <b>Y</b> – link failure reason of local processor outage exists.<br><b>N</b> - link failure reason of local processor outage does not exist.                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| MGMTINHB   | Indication of link management inhibit status                                                                                                    | <b>L</b> (Local) - link is deactivated or inhibited or link failure reason of local processor outage exists.<br><b>R</b> (remote) - link failure reason of remote processor outage exists or remote management initiated exists.<br><b>B</b> (Both) – both local and remote failure reasons exist.<br><b>N</b> (Not/Neither) no local or remote failure reasons exists. |
| CGSTLEVL   | Current link transmit congestion level                                                                                                          | Congestion level:<br><b>0</b> – no link congestion<br><b>1, 2, or 3</b> - link congestion level exists.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| CGSTSTAT   | Current link transmit congestion state                                                                                                          | <b>N</b> – none (congestion level 0)<br><b>O</b> – onset (congestion level 1, 2, or 3)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <b>K</b> indicates good data; <b>I</b> indicates incomplete interval; <b>N</b> indicates data not current. | status                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

**Table 4-63.** Maintenance Status Link Measurements (Continued)

| Event Name | Description                                                  | Unit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DCLRFAIL   | Indication of link declared failure state (last known cause) | <p><i>N</i> – not failed.<br/>                     LSL: Link is available to send and receive MSUs (in-service normal state).<br/>                     HSL: Same</p> <p><i>ABN</i> – link failed due to receiving too many abnormal FIBR/BNSR.<br/>                     LSL: Link received 2 out of 3 invalid BSNs.<br/>                     Link received 2 out of 3 invalid FIBs.<br/>                     HSL: N/A</p> <p><i>XDA</i> – Excessive delay of acknowledgment<br/>                     LSL: MSU not acknowledged within level 2 -T7 timer expiration. T7 configurable between .5 and 2.0 seconds.<br/>                     HSL: Timer no response or timer no credit expired.</p> <p><i>XER</i> – Excessive error rate.<br/>                     Received 64 out of 256 signaling units in error.<br/>                     LSL: Signaling Unit Error Rate Monitor<br/>                     HSL: Signaling Unit-Error-Rate-Monitor threshold exceeded.</p> <p><i>XDC</i> – Excessive duration of congestion<br/>                     LSL: Level-2 T6 timed-out<br/>                     HSL: N/A.</p> <p><i>APF</i> – alignment/proving failure<br/>                     LSL: Link not aligned. Link state control aligned not ready or aligned ready timeout (T1), initial alignment control timeout (T2,T3), initial alignment control abort proving – maximum proving period, or initial alignment control received SIOS.<br/>                     HSL: N/A.</p> |

**OAM Example Output:**

```

eagle10706 99-06-16 02:44:58 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: MTCS MEASUREMENTS ON LINK
REPORT PERIOD: ACTIVE
REPORT INTERVAL: 99-06-16, 02:44:58 THROUGH CURRENT

LINK-MTCS MEASUREMENTS FOR LINKSET lsn4:

eagle10706 99-06-16 02:45:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
LINK-MTCS MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1202, LINK: B , LSN: lsn4

LKMCST = ACT, PROSTAT = N, PROTRAN = N,
DCLRFAIL = N, MGMTINHB = N, CGSTLEVL = O,
CGSTSTAT = N

;
eagle10706 99-06-16 02:45:00 EST EAGLE 34.0.0

```

## Measurements

```
LINK-MTCS MEASUREMENTS: LOC: 1204, LINK: A , LSN: lsn4 (SAAL)

LKMT CST = UNAV, PROSTAT = N, PROTRAN = Y,
DCLRFAIL = MMR, MGMTINHB = L, CGSTLEVL = 0,
CGSTSTAT = N
;

eagle10706 99-06-16 02:45:01 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND LINK-MTCS MEASUREMENT REPORT
;
```

### MP Example Output File Name: **mtcs-link\_19990117\_1551.csv**

```
CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS" <cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"MAINTENANCE STATUS INDICATORS ON LINK", "ACTIVE", "1999-01-17", "15:51:32",
"15:51:32", 120 <cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LSN", "LOC", "LINK", "LNKTYPE", "LKMT CST", "PROSTAT", "PROTRAN", "DCLRFAIL"
,
"MGMTINHB", "CGSTLEVL", "CGSTSTAT" <cr><lf>
"K", "lsn4", "1204", "A", "SAAL", "'UNAV'", "'N'", "'Y'", "'MMR'", "'L'", "'0'", "'N'" <cr><
lf>

.

"K", "lsn4403", "1204", "A", "SAAL", "'UNAV'", "'N'", "'Y'", "'MMR'", "'L'", "'0'", "'N'"
<cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 8 char LSN + 7 char LOC + 5 char LINK + 7 char LNKTYPE +  
7\*(6 char data) + 2 = 75 chars

For a report of 600 linksets, the typical file size is:

|               |   |               |   |             |   |             |
|---------------|---|---------------|---|-------------|---|-------------|
| System header | + | Report header | + | Report data |   |             |
| 250           | + | 113           | + | 45000       | = | 45363 bytes |

**enttype=lnkset**

Example Commands:

OAM: *rept-meas:type=mtcs:enttype=lnkset:lsn=ls1201*

MP: *rept-ftp-meas:type=mtcs:enttype=lnkset*

**Table 4-64.** Maintenance Status Linkset Measurements

| Event Name | Description                                                                                                                                     | Unit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LKMTCS     | Maintenance State                                                                                                                               | <b>ACT</b> – link primary state is IS-NR and is or can be used to carry traffic.<br><b>UNAV</b> - link has been made unavailable by local or centralized maintenance personnel (inhibited or canceled link or active local processor outage).<br><b>OOS</b> – link out-of-service but can be made available by the STP. |
| ACTLINKS   | Number of currently active links.                                                                                                               | Number of links in the IS-NR (ACT) state.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| UAVLINKS   | Number of links in the unavailable maintenance state.                                                                                           | Number of links in the OOS-MT-DSBLD (UNAV) state.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| OOSLINKS   | Number of out-of-service links                                                                                                                  | Number of links in a maintenance state other than IS-NR and OOS-MT-DSBLD.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| STATUS     | <b>Indication of Data Validity</b> - <i>K</i> indicates good data; <i>I</i> indicates incomplete interval; <i>N</i> indicates data not current. | status                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

OAM Example output:

```
tekelecstp 03-12-19 13:35:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TYPE OF REPORT: MTCS MEASUREMENTS ON LINKSET
REPORT PERIOD: ACTIVE
REPORT INTERVAL: 03-12-19, 13:00:00 THROUGH CURRENT

LINKSET-MTCS MEASUREMENTS: ls1201

These measurements are from 03-12-19, 13:00:00 through 13:29:59.
LSMTCST = ACT, ACTLINKS = 1, UAVLINKS = 1,
OOSLINKS = 0,
;

tekelecstp 03-12-19 13:35:10 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
END OF ON-DEMAND LINKSET-MTCS MEASUREMENT REPORT
;
```



## Measurements

MP Example Output File Name: **mtcs-lnkset\_19990117\_1551.csv**

MP Example Output File Format:

```
"CLLI", "SWREL", "RPTDATE", "RPTIME", "TZ", "RPTTYPE", "RPTPD", "IVALDATE",
"IVALSTART", "IVALEND", "NUMENTIDS"<cr><lf>
"tekelecstp", "34.0.0-39.1.0", "1999-01-17", "15:51:37", "EST",
"MAINTENANCE STATUS INDICATORS ON LINKSET", "ACTIVE", "1999-01-17", "15:51:32",
"15:51:32", 120<cr><lf>
<cr><lf>
"STATUS", "LSN", "LNKTYPE", "LSMTCST", "ACTLINKS", "UAVLINKS", "OOSLINKS"<cr><lf>
"K", "l5n4", "SAAL", "'ACT'", 1, 1, 0<cr><lf>

.

"K", "l5n120", "MTP2", "'ACT'", 4, 1, 1<cr><lf>
```

Assuming each data line will be:

4 char status + 8 char LSN + 7 char LNKTYPE + 4\*(6 char data) + 2 = 45 chars

For a report of 600 linksets, the typical file size is:

System header + Report header + Report data

250 + 69 + 27000 = 27319 bytes



# 5

## EOAP Maintenance

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## Introduction

This section includes a brief description of the Embedded OAP (EOAP), procedures for general hardware troubleshooting, and replacement procedures for major hardware components required to maintain the EOAP. For more descriptive information on the EOAP, refer to the *Release Documentation*.

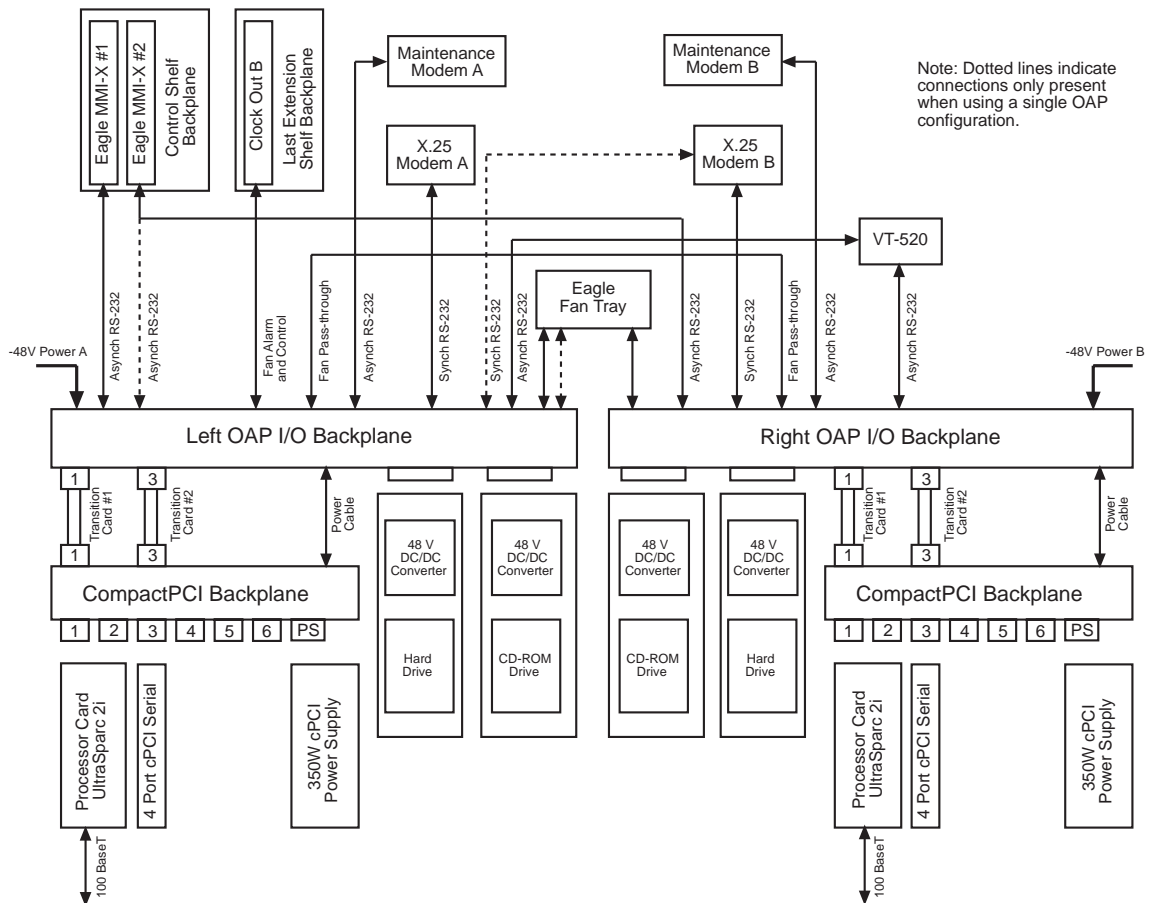
The OAP is a stand-alone processor that acts as an interface between the EAGLE and operation support system (OSS) devices. The OAP uses standard interfaces and converts the communications to the EAGLE proprietary serial interface. The OAP can be used as an interface between the EAGLE and the SEAC (Signaling Engineering and Administration Center), for the SEAS feature, and as an interface EAGLE and the SMS (Service Management System), for the LNP feature. The OAP is installed in the OAP frame of the EAGLE.

When used as an interface between the SEAC and the EAGLE, the OAP processes SEAS commands into EAGLE commands and EAGLE commands into SEAS commands. When used as an interface between the SMS and the EAGLE, the OAP receives LNP data and commands from the SMS and converts the SMS commands into EAGLE commands and the LNP data is loaded onto the EAGLE.

## EOAP Maintenance

The Embedded OAP (EOAP) replaces the existing Texas Micro OAP with a modular unit having field replaceable components which meet or exceed all of the OAP's current capabilities. In addition, the EOAP provides for the future enhancement of the OAP's responsibilities. There are two EOAPs in the system, EOAP-A and EOAP-B. The EOAP is in the EOAP shelf, located in the OAP frame. Each EOAP in the dual configuration consists of a processor card, an interface card, a power supply card, and a center bay containing a removable hard drive and a CD-ROM drive for each EOAP. Figure 5-1 shows a functional block diagram of the EOAP.

**Figure 5-1.** EOAP Functional Diagram



### EOAP Hardware Troubleshooting

This section provides general hardware troubleshooting procedures for the Embedded OAP.

## Power

The following troubleshooting procedures relate to power source problems that prevent certain components in the EOAP or the DCM cards from functioning properly.

### No System Power

Use the following procedure when none of the EOAP boards have power (that is, no LEDs are lit and no power is getting to the fans).

#### Procedure

---

1. Verify that the fuse panel is powered (fuse panel LEDs should be “ON”).

---
2. Verify that both power cables are correctly connected to the fuse panel and are connected to “PWR IN A” and “PWR IN B” on the EOAP.

---
3. Verify that the correct fuse has been installed in the correct fuse block and is at least a 10 amp fuse.

For example, FAP 870-0243-09 uses fuse positions 1A for EOAP-A and 1B for EOAP-B. FAP 870-1606-01 offers four fuse positions on each side: 17A through 20A and 17B through 20B. Select the same-numbered fuse location on each side.

---

4. If the system is still without power, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10

---



## EOAP Maintenance

### No Fan Power

Use the following procedure when the EOAP has power, but the fans are not running.

#### Procedure

---

1. Verify that the two fan cables are properly connected to the EOAP from the fan assembly.

---
2. Verify that the fan control card switch (located on the front of the fan assembly) is in the "ON" position.

---
3. If already connected to the Eagle STP, verify that the fan feature bit has been turned on using the `chg-feat:fan=on` command.

---
4. If the fan is still without power, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

### No cPCI Card Power

Use the following procedure when the drive cards show power (LEDs are green) but the cPCI cards (processor or power supply) are not receiving power.

#### Procedure

---

1. Reseat the power supply card:
    - a. Remove the power supply card.
    - b. Check the pins on the back of the card and the connector in the shelf backplane.  
  
If the card shows any sign of damage, replace the card or call Tekelec Technical Services for a replacement card.  
If the backplane is damaged, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
    - c. If the card is not damaged, reinstall the card and wait for the reset to finish.
    - d. If the card is still not receiving power, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10
-

### No CD-ROM Drive Power

Use the following procedure when the CD-ROM drive (P/N 870-1515-01) power LED is lit but the drive is not responding.

**NOTE: The CD-ROM drive power LED only indicates that 5V power is reaching the card; it does not necessarily mean that the drive itself is receiving 5V.**

#### Procedure

---

1. Verify that the power cable is correctly installed on the CD-ROM drive card.

---
2. Inspect the power connectors on the drive card and in the backplane for damage. If any one of the connectors is damaged, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

### No Hard Drive Power

Use the following procedure, when the hard drive (P/N 870-1514-03) power LED is lit, but the drive is not responding.

**NOTE: The hard drive power LED only indicates that 5V power is reaching the card; it does not necessarily mean that the drive itself is receiving 5V.**

#### Procedure

---

1. Verify that the power cable is correctly installed on the drive card (3-conductor cable from the hard drive card to the back of the hard drive.)

---
2. Inspect the power connectors on the drive card and in the backplane for damage. If any one of the connectors is damaged, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## SCSI/Drives

The following troubleshooting procedures relate to the SCSI components on the EOAP, in particular the hard drive and the CD-ROM drive.



**CAUTION:** The EOAP's open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.

### System Has Power But Will Not Boot

Use the following procedure when the system is receiving power but will not boot.



**WARNING:** EOAP hardware components, including disk drives, may be removed and (re)inserted with the power on, but they are **NOT HOT SWAPPABLE** at the operating system level.

Before any hardware component is removed from the EOAP, the operating system **MUST BE HALTED**. To halt the system, log in as `root`, then at the command line, type: `/usr/sbin/init 0`. When the `ok` prompt appears, it is safe to remove the component.

After a component is (re)inserted, the system must be reset for Solaris to successfully detect the component. To reset the system, at the `ok` prompt type: `reset-all`. The system should boot up. If the system returns to the `ok` prompt after the `reset-all` command has executed, type: `setenv auto-boot? true`. Then type: `reset-all`.



**WARNING:** If the system still does not boot, as a **LAST RESORT**, perform a hardware reset by using a paperclip to press the **ABORT** and then **RESET** buttons on the faceplate, or by removing and reinserting the cPCI power supply from slot 7. Performing a hardware reset runs a **HIGH RISK** of corrupting the operating system to the point of rendering it unusable. If this occurs, the operating system and system software must be reloaded. A hardware reset also runs the **RISK** of causing the hard drive to fail. If this occurs, the hard drive must be replaced.

### Procedure

---

1. Verify that the operating system is detecting the SCSI devices correctly.

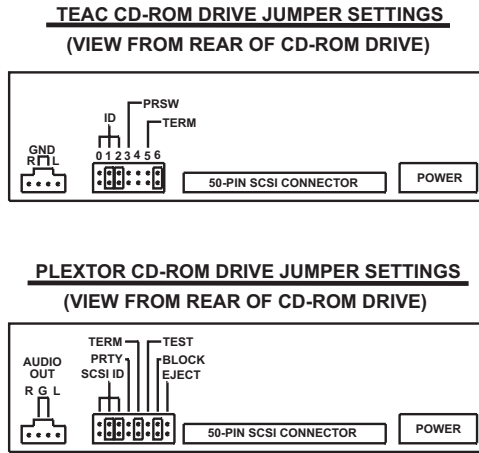
```
ok setenv auto-boot? false
ok reset-all
ok probe-scsi
```

The `probe-scsi` command should detect the hard drive at Target 0 and the CD-ROM drive at Target 6.

---

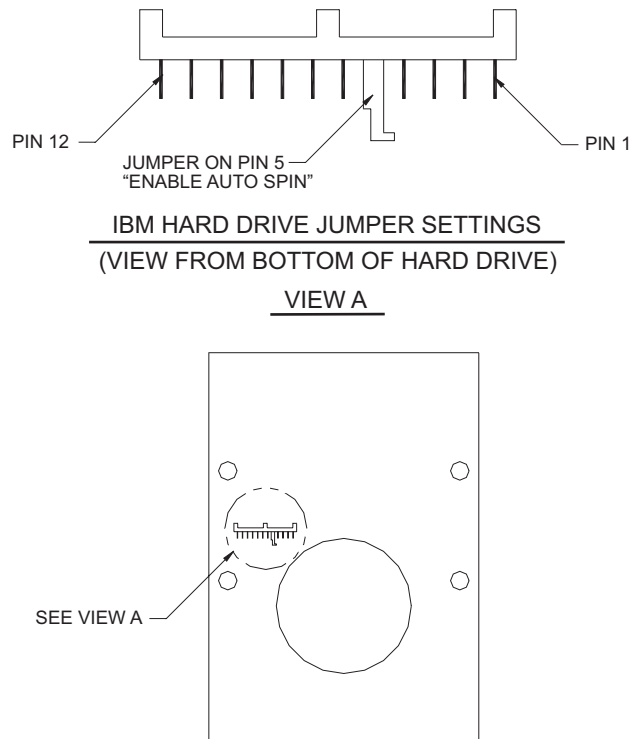
- If the `probe-scsi` command fails to detect the drives or if a SCSI transport error occurs, verify that the jumpers are set correctly on the CD-ROM drive.

**Figure 5-2.** CD-ROM SCSI Jumper Settings



- Next, check that the jumpers are set correctly on the hard drive.

**Figure 5-3.** Hard Drive SCSI Jumper Settings



## EOAP Maintenance

4. If the CD-ROM and hard drive jumpers are OK, check that cables are correctly installed on both drive cards.

- 
5. If the cables are installed correctly and the system still won't boot, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

6. Once the `probe-scsi` command detects both the hard drive and the CD-ROM drive, reset the system to boot automatically; then boot the system:

```
ok setenv auto-boot? true
ok boot
```

---

## CD-ROM Not Responding

Use this procedure if you have power, the system has booted, but you cannot use the CD-ROM drive. For example, you inserted a CD into the drive but cannot see the content of the CD.

### Procedure

---

1. At the terminal connected to the EOAP that needs the card replaced, halt the operating system:

- a. Log into the EOAP as root:

```
Console login: root
Password: EAGLE
```

- b. Shut down all processes and exit back to root by entering these commands:

```
su - ccsproj
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.down
% exit
```

- c. Halt the EOAP by entering this command:

```
/usr/sbin/init 0
```

The screen will display output similar to the following. Wait until the `ok` prompt appears before continuing with the next step:

```
Date: time apg 2 halt: halted by root
Date: time apg 2 syslogd: going down on signal 15
Syncing file systems ... [1] done
Program terminated
Type help for more information
```

ok

---

2. Determine whether the system detects the CD-ROM drive.
    - a. Verify that the `probe-scsi` command can detect the CD-ROM drive at Target 6; enter these commands:
 

```
ok setenv auto-boot? false
ok reset-all
ok probe-scsi
```
    - b. If the `probe-scsi` command does not detect a Target 6 device, reboot the system using the device reconfiguration option:
 

```
ok boot -r
```
    - c. When the system returns to the console login prompt, repeat step 1. Then verify that the `probe-scsi` command can now detect the CD-ROM drive at Target 6 by repeating steps 2a and 2b.
    - d. If the CD-ROM drive still cannot be detected, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.
    - e. When the CD-ROM Drive is detected, reset the system to boot automatically; then boot the system:
 

```
ok setenv auto-boot? true
ok boot
```
- 

### Drives Detected But System Will Not Boot

Use the following procedure when the `probe-scsi` command detects the hard drive and CD-ROM drive, but the system will not boot.

#### Procedure

---

1. At the OK prompt, type the following command to attempt to boot off of the hard drive:
 

```
boot disk
```
  2. If the system does not boot up, the disk may not have been built yet or is corrupted. Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.
-

## Connect/Disconnect SCSI Devices

### Procedure

---

1. At the terminal connected to the EOAP, halt the operating system.

- a. Log in as root by entering these commands:

```
Console login: root
```

```
Password: EAGLE
```

- b. Shut down all processes and exit back to root by entering these commands:

```
su - ccspj
```

```
% cd /ccsomsr/{instance}/bin
```

```
% ccsmr all.down
```

```
% exit
```

- c. Halt the EOAP by entering this command:

```
/usr/sbin/init 0
```

The screen will display output similar to the following. Wait until the `ok` prompt appears before continuing with the next step:

```
Date: time apg 2 halt: halted by root
Date: time apg 2 syslogd: going down on signal 15
Syncing file systems ... [1] done
Program terminated
Type help for more information
ok
```

---

2. To disconnect the SCSI device:

- a. Power off the SCSI device

- b. Disconnect the SCSI device

Continue with 4..

---

3. To connect the SCSI device:

- c. Connect the SCSI device

- a. Power on the SCSI device

Continue with 4..

---

4. Boot the system by entering this command:

```
ok boot
```

**NOTE:** External SCSI devices **MUST** be terminated using an external SCSI terminator. If more than one external SCSI device is connected simultaneously, the last device in the chain **MUST** be terminated using the external SCSI terminator.

---

## Console Devices



**CAUTION:** The EOAP's open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.

### Connect/Disconnect Console Devices



**WARNING:** Solaris Console Port Break Issue

A terminal or modem connected to the EOAP serial port and acting as the system console can halt the operating system (bring it to the `ok` prompt) if you turn off or unplug the terminal, or unplug the modem or drop the connection. When the system is halted in this manner, it must be manually booted from the `ok` prompt to resume operation.

This problem affects all TMOAPs and EOAPs running Solaris 2.5.1. The problem is most often encountered when Tekelec support personnel use a modem to dial into the customer's system.

#### Solution

After the modem connection has been dropped or the terminal has been disconnected from the TMOAP/EOAP, use the Eagle STP console to issue a reboot command to the TMOAP/EOAP.

### Procedure

---

1. At the terminal connected to the EOAP, halt the operating system.
  - a. Log in as root by entering these commands:

```
Console login: root
```

```
Password: EAGLE
```



## EOAP Maintenance

- b. Shut down all processes and exit back to root by entering these commands:

```
su - ccsproj
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.down
% exit
```

- c. Halt the EOAP by entering this command:

```
/usr/sbin/init 0
```

The screen will display output similar to the following. Wait until the `ok` prompt appears before continuing with the next step:

```
Date: time apg 2 halt: halted by root
Date: time apg 2 syslogd: going down on signal 15
Syncing file systems ... [1] done
Program terminated
Type help for more information
ok
```

---

2. To disconnect the console device (terminal or modem):

- a. Power off the console device
- b. Disconnect the console device

Continue with 4..

---

3. To connect the console device (terminal or modem):

- a. Connect the console device
- b. Power on the console device

Continue with 4..

---

4. Boot the system by entering this command:

```
ok boot
```

---

## Maintenance Modem



**CAUTION:** The EOAP's open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.

Use the following procedure if the maintenance modem is not functioning properly.



**WARNING: Solaris Console Port Break Issue**

A terminal or modem connected to the EOAP serial port and acting as the system console can halt the operating system (bring it to the `ok` prompt) if you turn off or unplug the terminal, or unplug the modem or drop the connection. When the system is halted in this manner, it must be manually booted from the `ok` prompt to resume operation.

This problem affects all TMOAPs and EOAPs running Solaris 2.5.1. The problem is most often encountered when Tekelec support personnel use a modem to dial into the customer's system.

**Solution**

After the modem connection has been dropped or the terminal has been disconnected from the TMOAP/EOAP, use the Eagle STP console to issue a reboot command to the TMOAP/EOAP.

**Procedure**

---

1. Verify that both the calling and receiving modems are turned on and plugged into a working telephone jack.  

---
2. Verify that the calling modem and communication software is configured for 9600 baud, 7 data bits, even parity, and 1 stop bit (7-E-1)  

---
3. Verify that the maintenance modem is capable of supporting the communication parameters shown in 2..  

---
4. Verify that the maintenance modem answers the call and the modems attempt to establish communication.  

---
5. Verify that the maintenance modem is plugged into serial port 3.  

---
6. Verify that the maintenance modem is set to "Auto Answer"  

---
7. Verify that the modem port is configured correctly:

```
Console login: root
Password: EAGLE
pmadm -l
```

The system returns output similar to the following; the last line (**bold**) indicates the port to be used with the maintenance modem:

## EOAP Maintenance

```
ttymon0 ttymon 0 ux root /dev/term/0 - - /usr/bin/login
- 9600 - login: - - - #/dev/term/0
ttymon0 ttymon 1 ux root /dev/term/1 - - /usr/bin/login
- 9600 - login: - - - #/dev/term/1
ttymon0 ttymon 2 ux root /dev/term/2 - - /usr/bin/login
- 9600 - login: - - - #/dev/term/2
ttymon0 ttymon 4 ux root /dev/term/4 - - /usr/bin/login
- 9600 - login: - - - #/dev/term/4
zsmon ttymon ttya u root /dev/term/a I - /usr/bin/login
- 9600 ldterm,ttcompat ttya login: - tvi925 y #
zsmon ttymon ttyb u root /dev/term/b I - /usr/bin/login
- 9600 ldterm,ttcompat ttyb login: - tvi925 y #
zsmon ttymon 3 u root /dev/term/3 - - /usr/bin/login
- 9600E ldterm,ttcompat login: - 3 n #
```

**NOTE:** The command output shows this format if the line wrap option is set. You can set the line wrap option through the Setup menu.

- 
8. If no login prompt appears, try each of the following:
    - a. Press return several times.
    - b. Switch the maintenance modem from Artecon port 3 to 2 or vice-versa.
    - c. Cycle power on the maintenance modem.
- 
9. If the login prompt appears in all CAPITAL letters, press <CTRL-D> at the prompt.
- 
10. If all previous steps failed, replace the maintenance modem and/or the null modem cable.
- 

## LEDs

The light-emitting diodes (LEDs) on the power supply and processor cards of the EOAP allow you to perform limited troubleshooting of the cards. If an LED cannot be resolved after performing the procedures for the respective LED, call Tekelec Technical Services for assistance.

Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.



**CAUTION:** The EOAP’s open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.

## Power Supply Card

The EOAP power supply card has two LEDs, the Power Good LED and the Fault LED. The Power Good LED lights (green) when the input voltage is between 36VDC and 72VDC.

**Table 5-1.** Power Supply Card LEDs

| Conditions                             | Power Supply Status | Power Good LED | Fault LED |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------|
| All inputs and outputs are functioning | On                  | On             | Off       |
| Low AC or DC input                     | Off                 | Off            | On*       |

\* If the input is below approx. 20V, the Fault LED will be off.

## Fault LED

The Fault LED lights (red) when the input voltage is less than 36 VDC. The Power Good LED is unlit at this time.

## Procedure

---

1. At the terminal connected to the EOAP, halt the operating system.

- a. Log in as root:

```
Console login: root
```

```
Password: EAGLE
```

- b. Shut down all processes and exit back to root by entering these commands:

```
su - ccsproj
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.down
% exit
```

- c. Halt the EOAP by entering this command:

```
/usr/sbin/init 0
```

The screen will display output similar to the following. Wait until the `ok` prompt appears before continuing with the next step:

```
Date: time apg 2 halt: halted by root
Date: time apg 2 syslogd: going down on signal 15
Syncing file systems ... [1] done
Program terminated
Type help for more information
ok
```

---

## EOAP Maintenance

2. Reseat the power supply card. If the fault LED is still lit, go to the next step.

---
3. If you have a spare power supply card, install the spare power supply. If the fault LED is still lit, go to the next step.

---
4. Shutdown caused by overheating. Ensure proper airflow and air temperature. Let the unit cool down and cycle the input power to restart.

**NOTE: Repeated shut down due to overheating may lead to premature failure.**

If the Fault LED is still lit, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

5. Boot the EOAP by entering this command:

```
ok boot
```

---

## Processor Card

### Run LED Is Continuously Red

The EOAP processor card has a Run LED that is green to indicate normal operation.

The Run LED is continuously red when the processor card is getting power but is halted or in Reset state. The LED starts blinking to indicate that the processor did not access the PCI bus for more than one second.



**WARNING:** The following procedure has a **HIGH RISK** of corrupting the operating system and/or causing hard drive failure. Remove the hard drive card before continuing with this procedure.

### Procedure

---

1. At the terminal connected to the EOAP, halt the operating system.

- a. Log in as root:

```
Console login: root
```

```
Password: EAGLE
```

- b. Shut down all processes and exit back to root by entering these commands:

```
su - ccsproj
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.down
% exit
```

- c. Halt the EOAP by entering this command:

```
/usr/sbin/init 0
```

The screen will display output similar to the following. Wait until the `ok` prompt appears before continuing with the next step:

```
Date: time apg 2 halt: halted by root
Date: time apg 2 syslogd: going down on signal 15
Syncing file systems ... [1] done
Program terminated
Type help for more information
ok
```

---

2. Reseat the processor card in the slot. If the Run LED is still red, go to the next step.
-

3. Cycle the power on the system by reseating the power supply card. If the Run LED is still red, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

4. Boot the system by entering this command:

```
ok boot
```

---

### **RUN LED Is Green But Ports Are Not Functioning**

Use this troubleshooting procedure when the system boots properly but the ports are not functioning.

#### **Procedure**

---

1. Examine the BM (Backplane Monitor) LED on the front of the processor card:
    - If the BM LED is flashing, communication with the serial I/O card is occurring. No further testing is necessary.
    - If the BM LED is not lit, this indicates no cPCI bus activity.
- 

2. At the terminal connected to the EOAP, halt the operating system:

- a. Log in as root:

```
Console login: root
```

```
Password: EAGLE
```

- b. Shut down all processes and exit back to root by entering these commands:

```
su - ccsproj
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.down
% exit
```

- c. Halt the EOAP by entering this command:

```
/usr/sbin/init 0
```

The screen will display output similar to the following. Wait until the `ok` prompt appears before continuing with the next step:

```
Date: time apg 2 halt: halted by root
Date: time apg 2 syslogd: going down on signal 15
Syncing file systems ... [1] done
Program terminated
Type help for more information
```

---

ok

---

3. Reseat the serial card and processor card.
- 
4. If the BM LED is still not lit, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.  
Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.
- 

### LEDs Normal But No Ethernet Access

Use the following procedure when the LEDs are normal but there is no Ethernet access.

#### Procedure

---

1. Determine whether the Ethernet port is communicating with the local network. Remove and replace the Ethernet cable from the upper right front of the processor card while watching the output on the VT-520 terminal display. When the cable is removed, the system should display the following:

```
SUNW, hme0: Link Down -- cable problem?
```

When the cable is replaced, the hme0 error message should stop being displayed.

This verifies the hardware sees the external network.

---

2. If, after replacing the cable, the hardware is still unable to see the network, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

## Serial Card

Use these procedures for problems with the Serial card.



**CAUTION:** The EOAP's open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.



### Ports 3, 4, 5, or 6 Not Working

Use the following procedure when ports 3, 4, 5, or 6 on both EOAP-A and EOAP-B are not working.

**NOTE:** These ports are all connected to the Aurora Serial I/O board located in slot 3.

### Procedure

---

1. Check that the Aurora driver has been installed and enabled. Log in as root and reboot the operating system with device configuration display:

```
reboot -- -r
```

The boot screen output should include a reference to the Aurora board similar to the following example:

```
Rebooting with command: boot -r
Boot device: /pci@1f,0/pci@1,1/scsi@4/disk@0,0 File and args: -r
SunOS Release 5.5.1 Version Generic_103640-12 [UNIX(R) System V
Release 4.0]
Copyright (c) 1983-1996, Sun Microsystems, Inc.
Yconfiguring network interfaces: hme0.
Hostname: eoap1100402a
Aurora 4520CP board:0 ESCC2-10-V3.2 29.4912 MHz, rev AA, PIL 0xb-H,
2.01tk1
Configuring the /devices directory
```

---

2. If the Aurora driver has not been installed, go to the terminal connected to the EOAP and halt the operating system:

- a. Log in as root:

```
Console login: root
Password: EAGLE
```

- b. Shut down all processes and exit back to root by entering these commands:

```
su - ccsproj
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.down
% exit
```

- c. Halt the EOAP by entering this command:

```
/usr/sbin/init 0
```

The screen will display output similar to the following. Wait until the `ok` prompt appears before continuing with the next step:

```
Date: time apg 2 halt: halted by root
Date: time apg 2 syslogd: going down on signal 15
Syncing file systems ... [1] done
Program terminated
Type help for more information
ok
```

---

3. Reseat the Aurora card in slot 3 to make sure that it is properly connected to the backplane.

---

4. Inspect the pins on the backplane in slot 3 to verify that no pins are bent or shoring of other pins has occurred.

---

5. If the card is properly seated in the slot and the system is receiving power, but the driver still does not detect the card, verify the correct Transition Card was installed in Slot 3.

---

6. Use a multimeter and the relevant schematics to verify the correct pins are hooked up to the correct serial ports. The Force Transition Card and Serial I/O Transition card might have been mistakenly switched during manufacturing.

---

7. Boot the system by entering this command:

```
ok boot
```

---

### Ports 7, 8, 9, or 10 Not Working

These ports are reserved for future use and SHOULD NOT be working. No troubleshooting is necessary.

### Ports 1 or 2 Not Working

Use the following procedure when ports 1 or 2 on both EOAP-A and EOAP-B are not working.

### Procedure

---

1. Check that port 1, as the default COM port, displays a prompt when correctly connected to a VT-Terminal.

---
2. If this port is not working, verify that nothing is connected to the front of the Processor card.

---
3. Verify that the dial-switch on the processor card is correctly set to its Default position (arrow pointing to the letter “F”).

---

### Hard Disk



**CAUTION:** The EOAP’s open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.

### File System Errors

UNIX, like any multitasking operating system, is susceptible to disk errors resulting from failed latent writes. Problems of this nature usually result from halting the operating system improperly. When the EOAP is started again, the file systems are audited and the error will be discovered. The EOAP will not function until the errant file system is repaired. Use the following procedure to correct the problem.

### Procedure

---

1. At the EOAP console terminal, a message displays that indicates which file system is corrupted and that the *fsck* utility must be run.

---
2. Follow the instructions on the screen to become the root user in single user mode.

---
3. Follow the instructions on the screen to run the *fsck* utility and answer “Y” to all questions.

---
4. Reboot the EOAP.

```
ok boot
```

---

5. If the *fsck* utility indicates that a problem could not be fixed, replace the hard drive.
- 

### Full Partition Check

Use this procedure to verify that all the file system partitions are present and that none are over 90% full (with the exception of the /opt partition, which may be more than 90% full if the AnswerBook files are installed. This does not affect the operation of the EOAP and can be ignored).

### Procedure

---

1. Log in as `ccsproj`:

```
Console login: ccsproj
```

```
Password: EAGLE1
```

```
% df -k
```

| Filesystem        | kbytes | used   | avail  | capacity | Mounted on |
|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|----------|------------|
| /dev/dsk/c0t3d0s0 | 86327  | 12910  | 64787  | 17%      | /          |
| /dev/dsk/c0t3d0s6 | 220499 | 177220 | 21239  | 89%      | /usr       |
| /proc             | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0%       | /proc      |
| fd                | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0%       | /dev/fd    |
| /dev/dsk/c0t3d0s4 | 95891  | 23740  | 62571  | 28%      | /var       |
| swap              | 117992 | 24     | 117968 | 0%       | /tmp       |
| /dev/dsk/c0t3d0s7 | 106463 | 80177  | 15646  | 84%      | /ccsdata   |
| /dev/dsk/c0t3d0s3 | 239631 | 156380 | 59291  | 73%      | /ccsosmr   |
| /dev/dsk/c0t3d0s5 | 95891  | 73621  | 12690  | 85%      | /opt       |

**NOTE:** A full partition often indicates a serious problem. Simply making more room on the disk is not sufficient. The underlying problem should be fully diagnosed.

---

## IP



**CAUTION:** The EOAP's open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.

### Error: syslog: s match\_netconf: setnetconfig failed

Use this procedure if you get the following error message: Error: syslog: s match\_netconf: setnetconfig failed.

**NOTE:** This error most often occurs when a bug in the Solaris operating system erases the contents of the `/etc/netconfig` file.

### Procedure

---

1. Log in as root:

```
Console login: root
Password: EAGLE
```

---

2. Verify that the netconfig file is present and that the file size is greater than zero:

```
ls -l /etc/netconfig
```

The system returns output similar to the following:

```
-rw-r--r-- 1 root sys 1211 Jun 7 07:33 /etc/netconfig
```

If the netconfig file is missing, or if the file size is zero (or smaller than the file size shown in the example output above), replace the file from another EOAP running the same release. If the EOAP is in a dual configuration, the mate is an ideal source of the `/etc/netconfig` file.

---

## EOAP Internal Software



**CAUTION:** The EOAP's open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.

### msDI Controlled Software

Table 5-2 lists the processes that are controlled by msDI software.

**Table 5-2.** msDI Processes

| msDI0 | IPC directory daemon              |
|-------|-----------------------------------|
| ysA20 | UAL Timeout/PVC state cntl daemon |
| ysAD0 | Daemon                            |
| ysT20 | UIM generator                     |
| ysTT0 | EAGLE TTY interface               |
| emsAg | EMS Agent                         |
| msSU0 | Daemon                            |
| ysA30 | UAL Multi-Seg. Re-assembly daemon |
| ysAO0 | OS Contract OS to NE daemon       |
| ysT30 | OAP Status                        |
| ysA10 | UAL/X.25 PVC daemon               |
| ysA40 | UAL conf. fail/clear daemon       |
| ysT10 | Maintenance Process               |
| ysTD0 | UAL test msg echo daemon          |

Since msDI provides basic communication services to these processes, they share many of the same debugging tools and methods.

The debug techniques for all msDI processes (*except emsAgent*) are:

1. If a process is not running, check for a core file in the `/ccsosmr/{instance}/bin` directory. (See procedure "Check for a Core File" on page 5-30.)
2. If the `emsAgent` is not running, ensure that the Dset license file is correct. (See procedure "Verify the emsAgent Dset License (emsAgent only)" on page 5-30.)
3. Check the debug log file(s) for that process
4. Interprocess message tracing
5. `emsAgent` message tracing

6. Truss command
7. Top command

### Verify msDI Processes

#### Procedure

---

1. Log in as ccsproj:

```
Console login: ccsproj
Password: EAGLE1
```

---

2. Verify that all the required processes are running by entering the following commands:

```
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.status
```

The system displays output similar to the following:

```
***** System (msDI) registration report starts *****
***** date/time==> Wed May 29 14:29:35 2000
* Process=(msDI00), Host (apg3)/PID=(870): IPC directory daemon
* Process=(ysT300), Host (apg3)/PID=(915):
* Process=(ysA201), Host (apg3)/PID=(920): UAL Timeout/PVC state cntl daemon
* Process=(ysA301), Host (apg3)/PID=(938): UAL Multi-Seg. Re-assembly daemon
* Process=(ysA401), Host (apg3)/PID=(954): UAL conf. fail/clear daemon
* Process=(ysA001), Host (apg3)/PID=(970): OS Contract OS to NE daemon
* Process=(ysT100), Host (apg3)/PID=(989):
* Process=(ysAD01), Host (apg3)/PID=(1012): UAL test msg echo daemon
* Process=(ysT200), Host (apg3)/PID=(1001):
! Process=(ysA101), Host (apg3)/PID=(1037): UAL/X.25 PVC daemon
! Process=(ysA102), Host (apg3)/PID=(1053): UAL/X.25 PVC daemon
! Process=(ysA103), Host (apg3)/PID=(1069): UAL/X.25 PVC daemon
* Process=(ysTT00), Host (apg3)/PID=(1130):
* Process=(emsAgent), Host (apg3)/PID=(611): EmsAgent
* Process=(emsStatusUpdate), Host (ralph)/PID=(12144): EMS Agent Status
```

**NOTE: Only applicable processes are listed. The host and PID output will vary. The processes marked with “!” will vary depending on the X.25 configuration in the DEFAULTS file. In a single EOAP configuration, six X.25 processes are listed. In a dual EOAP configuration, only three X.25 processes are listed.**

---

## Check for a Core File

### Procedure

---

1. Log in as ccsproj; enter the following commands:

```
Console login: ccsproj
Password: EAGLE1
```

---

2. Change to the instance binary directory; enter the following command:

```
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/bin
```

---

3. See if a core file exists; enter the following command:

```
% ls -l |grep core
```

If a core file exists, note the file creation date and time. Do not remove the file or change it in any way.

---

## Verify the emsAgent Dset License (emsAgent only)

### Procedure

---

1. Log in as ccsproj; enter the following commands:

```
Console login: ccsproj
Password: EAGLE1
```

---

2. Change to the Dset directory; enter the following command:

```
% cd /usr/local/Dset
```

---

3. Display the contents of the Dset license file; enter the following commands:

```
cat /usr/local/Dset/license
N ffffffff wyfszmtgnlwfqzha DSGRunTime 4.1
N ffffffff oqkxrelyfdqxirza APLI 4.1
```

Note the correct spelling, capitalization, and spacing of the file contents. If the license file for this software package is incorrect, the emsAgent will not run.

---



### msDI Process Debug Log Files (Except `emsAgent`)

The msDI process has two debug log files. The log files are stored in:

```
/ccsdata/log/{processname}/{processname}{instancenumber}.cur
```

```
/ccsdata/log/{processname}/{processname}{instancenumber}.prev
```

The debug log files are flat text files. Each line of a log file contains a line of debug output produced by the process. Each line is prepended with the time, date, and name of the process.

For example, in a dual EOAP configuration, 3 UAL daemons (`ysA10` processes) are running. The log files for all three daemons are stored in `/ccsdata/log/ysA10`. The following files should be in that directory:

```
ysA101.cur ysA101.prev ysA102.cur ysA102.prev ysA103.cur ysA103.prev
```

The last digit in the filename indicates with which instance of the `ysA10` process the log is associated.

The `.cur` and `.prev` extensions to the log files denote “current” and “previous” log files. The current log file is the one currently being written to. When a predetermined file length for that log file has been reached, the “current” log is copied to the “previous” log. The maximum log length for most processes is 100 Kb.

`ysTT0` is the interface to the serial connection to the Eagle STP. The log contains messages sent from the EOAP to the Eagle STP.

`ysTT0` inserts a Maintenance Poll response into the output queue. This is an example of the possible output:

```
Fri Feb 26 15:17:00 2000: ysTT00-0 (ysTT00): InsertOAPMsgs insert ^14023213RSP
-MNT:4::000000:80,mnt::221-001-000:1:97FCA5F8:0,0,001-0-0,002-0-0,003-0-0,,,,
,,:1,2,,,,,,,,,1:000000:00:198.089.039.115,0,1;_ in MNT FD queue 6 to Port 0
```

The message is read from the queue and written to one of the serial port file descriptors. This is an example of the possible output:

```
Fri Feb 26 15:17:00 2000: ysTT00-0 (ysTT00): MNT Msg to be written to FD 6 on
Port 0: ^14023213RSP-MNT:4::000000:80,mnt::221-001-000:1:97FCA5F8:0,0,001-0-0,
002-0-0,003-0-0,,,,,1,2,,,,,,,,,1:000000:00:198.089.039.115,0,1;~
```

**emsAgent Process Debug Log Files (emsAgent only)**

The emsAgent process has two debug log files. The log files are stored in:

```
/ccsosmr/{instance}/log/emsAG/emsAgent.log
```

```
/ccsosmr/{instance}/log/emsAG/emsAgent.stdout.x
```

The emsAgent process (emsAg) is an exception to the msDI debug logging style. Debug information generated by emsAgent is directed to standard error. In order to view this information, the process must be terminated and restarted manually. A safer alternative is to use the **truss** command.

Terminating the emsAgent will cause a switchover to the emsAgent on the mate EOAP in a dual EOAP configuration. If the purpose of running the emsAgent in the foreground is to observe traffic to and from the LSMS, disable the mate EOAP or emsAgent first to prevent switchover.



**CAUTION: Terminating the emsAgent will break the LSMS association! Use caution to avoid problems!**

**Procedure**

1. Log in as ccspj; enter the following commands:

```
Console login: ccspj
```

```
Password: EAGLE1
```

2. Display the PID of the emsAgent process; enter the following commands:

```
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/bin
```

```
% ps -ae | grep emsAgent
```

The system returns output similar to the following:

```
759 ? 0:02 emsAgent
```

3. Terminate the running emsAgent; enter the following command:

```
% kill -9 {emsAgent PID}
```

```
%kill -9 759
```

4. Restart the emsAgent in the foreground; enter the following command:

```
% ccsmr emsAgent {instancename}
```

## EOAP Maintenance

5. Once these steps are completed, debug information will be displayed on the console and will also be captured in the following log file:

```
/ccsosmr/{instance}/log/emsAG/emsAgent.stdout
```

---

6. To turn off the debug information and return the `emsAgent` to its normal run state:

- a. Substitute user to root:

```
% su - root
Password: EAGLE
```

- b. Reboot the system

```
/usr/sbin/init 6
```

---

7. The `emsAgent` has a further debug feature that allows more detailed tracing. The `SIGUSR1` and `SIGUSR2` signals toggle debug and trace modes respectively. By default, debug mode is on and trace mode is off.

To toggle the debug mode for the `emsAgent`, enter this command:

```
% kill -16 <emsAgent PID>
```

To toggle the trace mode for the `emsAgent`, enter this command:

```
% kill -17 <emsAgent PID>
```

---

### Trace Inter-Process Messages (Except `emsAgent`)

You can trace inter-process messages by activating the Inter-Process Message Tracing function, reading the trace logs, and de-activating the Inter-Process Message Tracing function.

#### Procedure

---

1. Activate the Inter-Process Message Tracing function:

- a. Log in as `ccsproj`; enter the following commands:

```
Console login: ccsproj
Password: EAGLE1
```

- b. Open the system parameters file for editing; enter the following commands:

```
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/config
% vi sys_param
```

- c. Change the line `TRACE_DEBUG=OFF` to `TRACE_DEBUG=ON`

- d. Save the change and close the file, enter:

```
<ESC> :wq
```

- e. Restart the instance; enter the following commands:

```
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.down
% ccsmr all.up
```

---

2. Read the trace logs. These logs are stored in:

```
/ccsdata/trace/{date time}/{processname}/{processname}{instancenumber}
```

The trace log files are flat text files. Each line in the file contains a line of debug output produced by the process, prepended with the time, date, and name of the process.

Retrieve the trace logs with the `ccsmr proc.trace` command and specify the following arguments:

```
<process> bellcore name for the process, yaA103 for example
-t <hh:mm:ss> List messages from this time
-l # number of characters/message to display
```

The following sample output shows the basic format of a debug trace entry:

```
Incoming message from message router (SEASFTWPRD1) to OAP process ysA103
####
0323 150801 194 I X SEASFTWPRD1
2000E19076EQ7C010190TLWVLTXXA02WESEASFTWPRD1TSS TEST-SEAS-
UPL:::EPW5IF:90,TRM::"ABCDEFGHJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ0123456789
#$$%' '()*+,-./:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ0123456789 #$$%' '";
```

The 150801 is a time stamp, the I indicates Incoming (to the process), and the X indicates that the message is going to or coming from an external process, for example, EAGLE or MR.

---

3. De-activate the Inter-Process Message Tracing function:

- a. Log in as `ccsproj`; enter the following commands:

```
Console login: ccsproj
Password: EAGLE1
```

- b. Open the system parameters file for editing; enter the following commands:

```
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/config
% vi sys_param
```

- c. Change the line `TRACE_DEBUG=ON` to `TRACE_DEBUG=OFF`

- d. Save the change and close the file:

```
<ESC> :wq
```

- e. Restart the instance:

```
% cd /ccsomsr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.down
% ccsmr all.up
```

---

***Message Tracing Example.***

The following example shows a debugging session in which the TEST-SEAS-UPL message was not returned. The Eagle STP's security log shows that the message was successfully received and processed. By looking at the EOAP's inter-process messages, we can find out which process is failing to forward the message.

Incoming message from message router (SEASFTWPRD1) to EOAP process ysA103:

```
####
0323 150801 194 I X SEASFTWPRD1
2000E19076EQ7C010190TLWVLTXXA02WESEASFTWPRD1TSS
TEST-SEAS-UPL:::EPW5IF:90,TRM::"ABCDEFGHijklmnopqrstuvwxyz0123456789
#$$%' '()*+,-./:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNopqrstuvwxyz0123456789 #$$%' ";
```

Outgoing message from ysA103 to ysTTOO:

```
####
0323 150801 276 O T 10 1 50 0 MessageId. LWVLTXXA02WysA103
LWVLTXXA02WysTT00
2000E19076EQ7C010190TLWVLTXXA02WESEASFTWPRD1TSS
60TEST-SEAS-UPL:::EPW5IF:90,TRM::"ABCDEFGHijklmnopqrstuvwxyz0123456789
#$$%' '()*+,-./:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNopqrstuvwxyz0123456789 #$$%' ";134
```

Incoming message from ysA103 to ysTT00:

```
####
0323 150801 276 I T 10 1 50 0 MessageId. LWVLTXXA02WysA103
LWVLTXXA02WysTT00
2000E19076EQ7C010190TLWVLTXXA02WESEASFTWPRD1TSS
60TEST-SEAS-UPL:::EPW5IF:90,TRM::"ABCDEFGHijklmnopqrstuvwxyz0123456789
#$$%' '()*+,-./:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNopqrstuvwxyz0123456789 #$$%' ";134
```

Outgoing message from ysTT00 to the Eagle STP:

```
####
0323 150801 144 O X ysTT00
14423981TEST-SEAS-UPL:::EPW5IF:90,TRM::"ABCDEFGHijklmnopqrstuvwxyz0123
456789 #$$%' '()*+,-./:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNopqrstuvwxyz0123456789
#$$%' ";
```

Incoming message from the Eagle STP to ysTT00:

```
####
0323 150802 188 I X ysTT00
```

```
18826313BTRM90RSP:LWVLTXXA02W,98-03-23,15-05-51.0-CDT:TEST-SEAS-UPL:EP
W5IF:COMPLD: "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ0123456789
#$$%' '()*+,-./:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ0123456789 #$$%'";
```

Outgoing message from ysTT00 to ysAO01:

```
####
0323 150802 314 O T 10 1 50 0 MessageId. LWVLTXXA02WysTT00
LWVLTXXA02WysAO01
60RSP:LWVLTXXA02W,98-03-23,15-05-51.0-CDT:TEST-SEAS-UPL:EPW5IF:COMPLD:
: "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ0123456789
#$$%' '()*+,-./:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ0123456789 #$$%'";172
```

Incoming message from ysTT00 to ysAO01:

```
####
0323 150802 314 I T 10 1 50 0 MessageId. LWVLTXXA02WysTT00
LWVLTXXA02WysAO01
60RSP:LWVLTXXA02W,98-03-23,15-05-51.0-CDT:TEST-SEAS-UPL:EPW5IF:COMPLD:
: "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ0123456789
#$$%' '()*+,-./:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ0123456789 #$$%'";172
```

Nothing comes out of ysAO01, and if you look at the log for this process, you will find the following error message:

```
Mon Mar 23 15:08:02 1998: (LWVLTXXA02WysAO01)-0 (ysAO01): ERROR! Send
Message failed - (Msg can't send due to no active IPC found,
PVC_key=(ESEASFTWPRD1j)) () (SEASFTWPRD1)
```

### Trace **emsAgent** Inter-Process Messages (**emsAgent** only)

The **emsAgent** has a debug feature that allows more detailed tracing. The **SIGUSR1** and **SIGUSR2** signals toggle debug and trace modes respectively. By default, debug mode is on and trace mode is off.

To toggle the debug mode for the **emsAgent**, enter this command:

```
% kill -16 <emsAgent PID>
```

To toggle the trace mode for the **emsAgent**, enter this command:

```
% kill -17 <emsAgent PID>
```

### **truss** Command

The **truss** command can be executed on any running process in order to trace the system calls that process makes. This output can often be useful in debugging a process problem. The example below shows the output of the **truss** command on the **emsAgent** process. By using the **truss** command, some of the log output that is normally redirected to **/dev/null** can be viewed because of the use of the **write()** system call. For more information on using the **truss** command, read the **truss** man pages.

## Procedure

---

### 1. Log in as root:

```
Console login: root
Password: EAGLE
```

---

### 2. Get the PID of the process you want debug; enter the following command:

```
ps -ae | grep emsAgent
```

The system returns output similar to the following:

```
759 ? 0:02 emsAgent
```

---

### 3. Enter the `truss` command:

```
truss -p 759
```

The system returns output similar to the following:

```
tekelec-1:ccsproj%su
Password:
truss -p 657
 Received signal #14, SIGALRM, in poll() [caught]
poll(0xEFFFD790, 5, -1) Err#4 EINTR
setcontext(0xEFFFD568)
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x001EBBB4) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0xEFFFF830) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0xEFFFF830, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x001EBBB4, 0x00000000) = 0
write(1, " e m s _ p e r i o d i c"., 49) = 49
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x002502E8) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x002502E8, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x00250268) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x002501F8) = 0
setitimer(ITIMER_REAL, 0x00216F84, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x002501F8, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x00250268, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x001EBBB4) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x001EBBB4, 0x00000000) = 0
poll(0xEFFFD790, 5, -1) (sleeping...)
poll(0xEFFFD790, 5, -1) = 1
getmsg(8, 0xEFFF3E8, 0xEFFF3DC, 0xEFFF2D0) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0xEFFF5D0) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0xEFFF5D0, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x001EBBB4) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x001EBBB4, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x002500E8) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x002500E8, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x001EBBB4) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x001EBBB4, 0x00000000) = 0
write(1, " E M S : s u b c r e a"., 46) = 46
write(1, " M e s s a g e B l o c"., 31) = 31
putmsg(6, 0x0026CE34, 0x0026CD98, 0) = 0
write(1, " E M S : e m s _ s e n d"., 46) = 46
write(1, " > > U P D - L N P - 1 0"., 180) = 180
```

```

sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x0026D320) = 0
setitimer(ITIMER_REAL, 0x0026D2B0, 0x0026D2B0) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x0026D2B0) = 0
setitimer(ITIMER_REAL, 0x00216F84, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x0026D2B0, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x0026D320, 0x00000000) = 0
write(1, " E M S : E x i t i n g :"., 46) = 46
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x001EBBB4) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x001EBBB4, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x001EBBB4) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x001EBBB4, 0x00000000) = 0
poll(0xEFFFD790, 5, -1) = 1
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0xEFFFF650) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0xEFFFF650, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x001EBBB4) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x001EBBB4, 0x00000000) = 0
write(1, " E M S : g a t e w a y "., 46) = 46
fcntl(6, F_GETFL, 0x00000000) = 2
ioctl(6, I_FIND, "sockmod") = 1
poll(0x0024D628, 1, 0) = 1
read(6, "\0\0\003\0\0\0\0\0\0 C"., 1024) = 80
write(1, " > > R S P : J H C Y T N"., 72) = 72
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x0024F710) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x0024F710, 0x00000000) = 0
write(1, " M e s s a g e B l o c"., 29) = 29
putmsg(8, 0x0024FEF0, 0x0024FEE4, 0) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x001EBBB4) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x001EBBB4, 0x00000000) = 0
poll(0xEFFFD790, 5, -1) (sleeping...)
 Received signal #14, SIGALRM, in poll() [caught]
poll(0xEFFFD790, 5, -1) Err#4 EINTR
setcontext(0xEFFFD568)
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x001EBBB4) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0xEFFFF830) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0xEFFFF830, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x001EBBB4, 0x00000000) = 0
write(1, " e m s _ p e r i o d i c"., 49) = 49
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x002502E8) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x002502E8, 0x00000000) = 0
putmsg(8, 0x0024FEF8, 0x0024FEEC, 0) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x00250268) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x002501F8) = 0
setitimer(ITIMER_REAL, 0x00216F84, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x002501F8, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x00250268, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x001EBBB4) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x001EBBB4, 0x00000000) = 0
poll(0xEFFFD790, 5, -1) = 1
getmsg(8, 0xEFFF3E8, 0xEFFF3DC, 0xEFFF2D0) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0xEFFF5D8) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0xEFFF5D8, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x001EBBB4) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x001EBBB4, 0x00000000) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, 0x001EBBA4, 0x001EBBB4) = 0
sigprocmask(SIG_SETMASK, 0x001EBBB4, 0x00000000) = 0
poll(0xEFFFD790, 5, -1) (sleeping...)

```

---



4. Quit the *truss* output screen:

```
^C
#
```

---

### Top Command

The **top** command provides information on the performance impact of running processes. The following example was obtained by changing the terminal type to vt100 in order to allow screen re-drawing. By default, the screen is updated with new information every five seconds.

### Procedure

---

1. Log in as root:

```
Console login: root
Password: EAGLE
```

---

2. Change to the directory containing the command executable:

```
cd /ccsosmr/MR.os54/MISC/bin
```

---

3. Enter the **top** command:

```
./top
```

The system returns output similar to the following:

```
last pid: 5171; load averages: 2.16, 2.03, 1.96
18:52:55
73 processes: 70 sleeping, 2 running, 1 on cpu
Cpu states: 0.0% idle, 7.6% user, 24.5% kernel, 67.9% wait, 0.0% swap
Memory: 27496K real, 1500K free, 27516K swap, 119404K free swap

 PID USERNAME PRI NICE SIZE RES STATE TIME WCPU CPU COMMAND
 5099 root 27 0 1932K 1508K cpu 0:01 0.12% 1.37% top
 5170 ccsproj 3 0 828K 608K run 0:00 0.98% 0.98% sh
 1 root 33 0 412K 100K sleep 0:59 0.07% 0.78% init
 162 root 7 0 1636K 904K sleep 0:50 0.03% 0.39% nscd
 505 ccsproj 34 -10 2768K 1704K sleep 0:41 0.03% 0.39% ysTTY
 5171 ccsproj 13 0 832K 284K run 0:00 0.39% 0.39% sh
 261 ccsproj 33 0 2780K 1720K sleep 0:25 0.02% 0.20% ysTlmt
 622 ccsproj 33 0 1508K 840K sleep 0:05 0.00% 0.00%
emsStatusUpdat
 225 ccsproj 33 0 1964K 1476K sleep 0:02 0.00% 0.00% ysAOsNe
 267 root 3 0 1972K 784K sleep 0:01 0.00% 0.00% vold
 596 ccsproj 33 0 3836K 2380K sleep 0:01 0.00% 0.00% emsAgent
 143 root 34 0 1400K 856K sleep 0:01 0.00% 0.00% syslogd
 287 ccsproj -25 0 1860K 1268K sleep 0:00 0.00% 0.00% ysADriver
 215 root -25 0 1620K 344K sleep 0:00 0.00% 0.00% x25netd
```

```

209 ccsproj -23 0 1468K 636K sleep 0:00 0.00% 0.00% ksh
106 root -20 0 1712K 680K sleep 0:00 0.00% 0.00% kerbd
118 root -17 0 1648K 668K sleep 0:00 0.00% 0.00% statd
181 root -17 0 1400K 668K sleep 0:00 0.00% 0.00% lpNet

```

---

#### 4. Quit the *top* output screen:

```

^c
#

```

---

## Required Daemons

Table 5-3 lists the daemon processes that are required to be running for normal EOAP operation. This section describes how to verify the required daemons and methods for debugging.

**Table 5-3.** License, OSI, X.25 and Alarm Daemons

| Process Name                                   | Description    |
|------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| lic.SUNW                                       | License Daemon |
| osilogd                                        | OSI Daemon     |
| osinetd                                        | OSI Daemon     |
| x25netd                                        | X25 Daemon *   |
| Nebs                                           | Alarm Daemon   |
| * There must be two x25netd processes running. |                |

## Verify Required Daemons

### Procedure

---

#### 1. Log in as root:

```

Console login: root
Password: EAGLE

```

---

#### 2. For each daemon listed above, execute the following command:

```
ps -ef |grep <process_name> |grep -v grep
```

This command should return one line of output for each process, except for x25netd, which will output two lines (one line for each running process).

---

### One or More Daemon(s) Is Not Running

If any of the daemons is not running, you should reboot the system to restart the daemons before continuing debug activities:

#### Procedure

---

1. Log in as root:

```
Console login: root
```

```
Password: EAGLE
```

---

2. Reboot the system to restart the daemons

```
/usr/sbin/init 6
```

---

3. Verify the required daemons again:

```
ps -ef |grep <process_name> |grep -v grep
```

---

#### Examine License Key Files

If you have rebooted the system and the OSI and/or X.25 daemon is still not running, check the combined license key file and the individual license key for each product for which the daemon is not running.

**IMPORTANT:** The contents of your license files should exactly match the content of the files shown in the example output here. Note the correct spelling, capitalization, and spacing of the file contents. If the license file for the OSI and/or X25 software packages is incorrect, the daemon(s) for that package will not run.

**NOTE:** It is very unlikely that there is a license key problem. Beginning with Release 25.0, Tekelec implemented universal license keys, which are no longer host-specific and which are loaded onto the system automatically during system manufacturing process or during the upgrade from Release 24.x to Release 25.0. Because these license keys are no longer manually keyed in, the chance of an error in a license file is small.

*Examine the combined license key file:*

## Procedure

---

1. Log in as root:

```
Console login: root
Password: EAGLE
```

---

2. Examine the combined license key file; enter this command:

```
cd /etc/opt/licenses
cat LIC_CONFIG_FILE.combined

#cat LIC_CONFIG_FILE.combined
FEATURE_ID=solstice_x.25
VERSION_ID=9.1
FEATURE_NAME=Solstice X.25
FEATURE_VERSION=9.1 for sparc
DAEMON_NAME=lic.SUNW
LICENSE_FILE=x25_9.1
LICENSE_TYPE=0
DEMO_AVAIL=1
USE_INCREMENT=1
FEATURE_ID=solstice_x.25_x86
VERSION_ID=9.1
FEATURE_NAME=Solstice X.25
FEATURE_VERSION=9.1 for x86
DAEMON_NAME=lic.SUNW
LICENSE_FILE=x25_9.1
LICENSE_TYPE=0
DEMO_AVAIL=1
USE_INCREMENT=1
FEATURE_ID=STACK
VERSION_ID=8.0
FEATURE_NAME=SunLink OSI (Stack) 8.1.1 for Solaris 2 SPARC
FEATURE_VERSION=8.1.1
DAEMON_NAME=lic.SUNW
LICENSE_FILE=osistk8.0
LICENSE_TYPE=0
DEMO_AVAIL=1
USE_INCREMENT=1
```

---

*Examine the X.25 license key files:*

**Procedure**

---

1. Locate the license key file; enter this command:

```
% cat x25_9.x.loc
/opt/SUNWconn/x25
```

---

2. Examine the X.25 license key files

```
% cat /opt/SUNWconn/x25/x25_9.1.lic,1
INCREMENT solstice_x.25 lic.SUNW 9.100 01-jan-0 0 AB4A7001C6C0E7F3BA24
"Tekelec project lsms/oap" ANY
eoapl100402a:root#
```

---

*Examine the OSI license key file:*

**Procedure**

---

1. Examine the OSI license key file; enter this command:

```
% cat /etc/opt/licenses/osistk8.0.lic,1
INCREMENT STACK lic.SUNW 8.000 01-jan-0 0 BBFA00015B0268D6B85C
"Tekelec project lsms/oap" ANY
```

---

## External Connectivity



**CAUTION:** The EOAP's open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.

### No External EOAP Connectivity

This problem is characterized by the `ok` prompt appearing on the EOAP console. It is caused by the stop character (`zbreak`) being received by the EOAP on the serial port (TTYA). This signal can sometimes be generated erroneously by connecting or disconnecting terminals or modems to and from the serial port.



**WARNING:** Solaris Console Port Break Issue

A terminal or modem connected to the EOAP serial port and acting as the system console can halt the operating system (bring it to the `ok` prompt) if you turn off or unplug the terminal, or unplug the modem or drop the connection. When the system is halted in this manner, it must be manually booted from the `ok` prompt to resume operation.

This problem affects all TMOAPs and EOAPs running Solaris 2.5.1. The problem is most often encountered when Tekelec support personnel use a modem to dial into the customer's system.

#### Solution

After the modem connection has been dropped or the terminal has been disconnected from the TMOAP/EOAP, use the Eagle STP console to issue a reboot command to the TMOAP/EOAP.

### Procedure

---

1. Log in as root:

```
Console login: root
```

```
Password: EAGLE
```

---

2. Boot the system; enter the following command:

```
ok boot
```

---

## External Interfaces



**CAUTION:** The EOAP's open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.

## EOAP-to-Eagle STP Interface

### EOAP Eagle STP Security Log

The `rtrv-secu` command on the Eagle STP can provide information on commands arriving from the EOAP. The command allows the specification of a terminal port. It is often useful to inhibit one EOAP port and specify the other (active) terminal port to the `rtrv-secu` command. Maintenance responses are not logged.

### ysTT0 Debug Log

The ysTT0 debug log file will contain all data written to this interface, including maintenance responses. It will also indicate any problems encountered while attempting to read or write to the serial ports.

### Procedure

---

1. Log in as `ccsproj`:

```
Console login: ccsproj
```

```
Password: EAGLE1
```

---

2. Change to the process debug log directory:

```
% cd /ccsdata/log/ysTT0
```

---

3. Display the contents of the ysTT0) debug log file:

```
% cat ysTT0{instancenumber}.cur
```

---

### ysTT0 Trace Log

The ysTT0 process trace logs will contain messages arriving to and sent from the ysTT0 process. Data written to or read from the Eagle STP/EOAP interface by the EOAP can be checked here.

## Procedure

---

1. Log in as ccsproj:

```
Console login: ccsproj
```

```
Password: EAGLE1
```

---

2. Change to the process debug log directory:

```
% cd /ccsdata/trace/{date time}/ysTT0
```

---

3. Display the contents of the ysTT0) debug log file:

```
% cat ysTT0{instancenumber}
```

---

## Chameleon

A Chameleon can be placed on one of the serial connections between the Eagle STP and an EOAP. It is often useful to inhibit one EOAP port and place the Chameleon on the other (active) link. Data written to or read from the Eagle STP/EOAP interface by either the Eagle STP or the EOAP can be checked here.

The following equipment is required:

- Chameleon with an RS232 interface pod
- 25-pin serial Y cable connected to the Eagle STP, EOAP, and Chameleon

Configure the RS232 interface on the Chameleon as follows:

- Asynchronous serial
- 19200 baud
- 7 data bits
- Even parity
- 1 stop bit

## Data Checksum

The Eagle STP and the EOAP use a data checksum to verify that they have the same values for various system and feature parameters. The following procedure allows Tekelec personnel to gather a quick list of all of the possible parameters and their current values on an EOAP.

**NOTE: This procedure is for debugging purposes only. If a problem with a particular parameter/value pair is suspected, the official method for retrieval should be used.**



## Procedure

---

1. Log in as ccsproj:

```
Console login: ccsproj
Password: EAGLE1
```

---

2. Verify ksh is running:

```
% echo $SHELL
/bin/ksh
```

---

3. Set the SeasWork environment variable

```
% export SeasWork=/ccsosmr/{instance}/work
```

---

4. Run the checksum:

```
% /ccsosmr/MR.os54/testq.sh
```

The output should have the following format:

```
MGR_NSAP=0x 12121212
MGR_SSEL= abc
MGR_PSEL= xyz
CLASS_TT= 000
CNAM_TT= 000
LIDB_TT= 000
ISVM_TT= 000
SEAC = SEASNJPYRRC
x25 Packet Size = 8
x25 Mode = DCE
STP CLLI = STPA
Hostname = apg3
IP address = 192.168.051.115
Netmask = 000.000.000.000
Default Router = 192.168.061.250
x25 Configuration = 1
```

---

## Eagle STP-Initiated EOAP User Interface (ysT10)

This feature provides the Eagle STP with a database containing various EOAP parameters. The Eagle STP-to-EOAP process containing the EOAP configuration parameters is logged by ysT1mnt.

## Procedure

---

### 1. Log in as ccspj:

```
Console login: ccspj
Password: EAGLE1
```

---

### 2. Change to the log directory for this process:

```
% cd /ccsdata/log/ysT10
```

---

### 3. Check the process debug log for errors:

```
% cat ysT10{instance}.log
```

The following is a sample debug log entry for this process:

```
Mon Feb 9 16:59:35 1998: (ysT100)-0 (ysT100): processCfgMsg(): rec'd:
OAP-CONFIG:TEKELECST
P,98-11-9,17-55-07.0-EST:1:029678:AM::C6592894,PPPP,EMSS,001,004,003,0
35:SEASNJPYRRC,8,DCE:
TEKELECSTP,TEKELEC-23,198.089.039.056,000.000.000.000,DUAL;
```

---

### 4. Check the log of all actions performed as a result of this process for significant changes that could affect Eagle STP-to-EOAP communication.

#### a. Log in as ccspj:

```
Console login: ccspj
Password: EAGLE1
```

#### b. Change to the log directory for this process:

```
% cd /ccsdata/log
```

#### c. Check the process debug log for errors:

```
% cat ConfigChanges.log
```

The following is an example of an Eagle STP-initiated change of the EOAP hostname:

```
ConfigControl.sh (pid 1658) begins on Thu Jan 29 16:59:38 EST 2000
Hostname: changing "beavis" to "tekelec-23" on Thu Jan 29 16:59:38 EST 2000
commitChanges: bringing instance down on Thu Jan 29 16:59:53 EST 2000
commitChanges: removing instance on Thu Jan 29 17:00:38 EST 2000
commitChanges: rebuilding instance on Thu Jan 29 17:00:45 EST 2000
commitChanges: rebooting OAP on Thu Jan 29 17:01:42 EST 2000
```

---

## EOAP-to-SEAS Interface

The EOAP-to-SEAS interface is built on top of X.25. The x25trace program is available for monitoring x25 packets sent and received by the EOAP.

**NOTE:** The x25trace command takes the following parameters:

**x25trace [-a] [-u] [-x] [-i interface] [-c count] [-l link id] [-s length] expression**

### Procedure

---

1. Log in as root:

```
Console login: root
```

```
Password: EAGLE
```

---

2. Execute the X25trace command to verify link 0:

```
/opt/SUNWconn/x25/bin/x25trace -u -i /dev/lapb -l 0
```

---

3. Execute the x25trace command to verify link 1:

```
/opt/SUNWconn/x25/bin/x25trace -u -i /dev/lapb -l 1
```

This is an example of an X.25 tracing session:

```
Parsed:
```

```
Time Protocol
```

```
0.00 HDLC Sent 1 bytes, command DISC(P),
```

```
.
.
.
```

```
185.70 HDLC Sent 1 bytes, command DISC(P),
```

```
186.40 HDLC Sent 1 bytes, command DISC(P),
```

```
187.10 HDLC Sent 1 bytes, command DISC(P),
```

```
187.80 HDLC Sent 1 bytes, command DISC(P),
```

```
188.50 HDLC Sent 1 bytes, command DISC(P),
```

```
189.20 HDLC Sent 1 bytes, command DISC(P),
```

```
189.90 HDLC Sent 1 bytes, command DISC(P),
```

```
190.55 HDLC Rcvd 1 bytes, command DISC(P),
```

```
190.55 HDLC Sent 1 bytes, response DM(F),
```

```
190.60 HDLC Sent 1 bytes, command DISC(P),
```

```
190.66 HDLC Rcvd 1 bytes, command SABM(P),
```

```

190.70 HDLC Rcvd 1 bytes, response DM(F),

196.56 HDLC Rcvd 1 bytes, command SABM(P),

196.56 HDLC Sent 1 bytes, response UA(F),

196.69 HDLC Sent 6 bytes, command I(0, 0), 5 bytes user data:
196.69 X.25 Sent 5 bytes, lcn=000, RESTART REQUEST 0700,

196.69 HDLC Rcvd 6 bytes, command I(0, 0), 5 bytes user data:
196.69 X.25 Rcvd 5 bytes, lcn=000, RESTART REQUEST 0000,

196.80 HDLC Rcvd 1 bytes, response RR(1),

198.70 HDLC Sent 1 bytes, response RR(1),

201.89 HDLC Sent 64 bytes, command I(1, 1), 63 bytes user data:
201.89 X.25 Sent 63 bytes, lcn=002, DATA (0, 0) 60 bytes user data:
201.89 X.25 Last packet
32 30 30 31 54 4d 4d 4d 4d 4d 4d 4d 4d 30 31 *2001TMMMMMMMMM01*
30 31 39 39 45 53 45 41 53 50 41 42 41 54 4c 54 *0199ESEASPABATLT*
54 41 52 54 4e 56 41 41 52 37 37 57 23 47 4d 20 *TARTNVAAR77W#GM *
20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 * *

201.90 HDLC Sent 64 bytes, command I(1, 2), 63 bytes user data:
201.90 X.25 Sent 63 bytes, lcn=003, DATA (0, 0) 60 bytes user data:
201.90 X.25 Last packet
32 30 30 31 54 4d 4d 4d 4d 4d 4d 4d 4d 30 31 *2001TMMMMMMMMM01*
30 31 39 39 45 53 45 41 53 50 41 42 41 54 4c 54 *0199ESEASPABATLT*
54 41 52 54 4e 56 41 41 52 37 37 57 23 47 4d 20 *TARTNVAAR77W#GM *
20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 * *

201.92 HDLC Sent 64 bytes, command I(1, 3), 63 bytes user data:
201.92 X.25 Sent 63 bytes, lcn=001, DATA (0, 0) 60 bytes user data:
201.92 X.25 Last packet
32 30 30 31 54 4d 4d 4d 4d 4d 4d 4d 4d 30 31 *2001TMMMMMMMMM01*
30 31 39 39 45 53 45 41 53 50 41 42 41 54 4c 54 *0199ESEASPABATLT*
54 41 52 54 4e 56 41 41 52 37 37 57 23 47 4d 20 *TARTNVAAR77W#GM *
20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 * *

202.05 HDLC Rcvd 1 bytes, response RR(2),

202.06 HDLC Rcvd 4 bytes, command I(2, 1), 3 bytes user data:
202.06 X.25 Rcvd 3 bytes, lcn=002, RR(1),

202.10 HDLC Rcvd 1 bytes, response RR(3),

202.12 HDLC Rcvd 4 bytes, command I(3, 2), 3 bytes user data:
202.12 X.25 Rcvd 3 bytes, lcn=003, RR(1),

202.17 HDLC Rcvd 1 bytes, response RR(4),

202.21 HDLC Rcvd 4 bytes, command I(4, 3), 3 bytes user data:
202.21 X.25 Rcvd 3 bytes, lcn=001, RR(1),

202.21 HDLC Sent 1 bytes, response RR(4),

202.27 HDLC Rcvd 64 bytes, command I(4, 4), 63 bytes user data:
202.27 X.25 Rcvd 63 bytes, lcn=002, DATA (0, 1) 60 bytes user data:
202.27 X.25 Last packet
32 30 30 32 54 4d 4d 4d 4d 4d 4d 4d 4d 30 31 *2002TMMMMMMMMM01*
30 31 39 38 54 41 52 54 4e 56 41 41 52 37 37 57 *0198TARTNVAAR77W*
45 53 45 41 53 50 41 42 41 54 4c 54 23 47 4d 20 *ESEASPABATLT#GM *

```



```

30 31 35 30 45 53 45 41 53 50 41 42 41 54 4c 54 *0150ESEASPABATLT*
54 41 52 54 4e 56 41 41 52 37 37 57 2a 53 44 20 *TARTNVAAR77W*SD *
20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 52 45 50 54 * REPT*
2d 46 4c 4f 57 2d 54 48 52 55 3a 41 52 54 4e 56 *-FLOW-THRU:ARTNV*
41 41 52 37 37 57 2c 39 38 2d 30 37 2d 31 33 2c *AAR77W,98-07-13,*
31 34 2d 30 36 2d 33 39 2e 30 2d 45 44 54 3a 3a *14-06-39.0-EDT:.*
3a 3a 22 20 20 20 20 61 72 74 6e 76 61 61 72 37 *::" artnvaar7*
```

```

217.45 HDLC Sent 132 bytes, command I(2, 0), 131 bytes user data:
217.45 X.25 Sent 131 bytes, lcn=001, DATA (3, 1) M 128 bytes user data:
217.45 X.25 MORE DATA - first or middle packet
37 77 20 39 38 2d 30 37 2d 31 33 20 31 34 3a 30 *7w 98-07-13 14:0*
36 3a 33 39 20 45 44 54 20 52 65 6c 20 32 31 2e *6:39 EDT Rel 21.*
31 2e 58 30 34 20 0d 0a 20 20 20 20 4c 49 4e 4b *1.X04 LINK*
2d 43 4f 4d 50 20 4d 45 41 53 55 52 45 4d 45 4e *-COMP MEASUREMEN*
54 53 3a 20 4c 4f 43 3a 20 33 31 30 37 2c 20 50 *TS: LOC: 3107, P*
4f 52 54 3a 20 42 0a 0d 20 20 20 20 0a 0d 20 20 *ORT: B *
20 20 4d 53 55 54 52 41 4e 20 20 20 20 3d 20 20 * MSUTRAN = *
20 20 20 20 35 36 38 38 2c 20 4d 53 55 52 45 43 * 5688, MSUREC*
```

217.67 HDLC Rcvd 1 bytes, response RR(0),

217.68 HDLC Rcvd 4 bytes, command I(0, 2), 3 bytes user data:  
217.68 X.25 Rcvd 3 bytes, lcn=001, RR(3),

```

217.68 HDLC Sent 132 bytes, command I(3, 1), 131 bytes user data:
217.68 X.25 Sent 131 bytes, lcn=001, DATA (4, 1) M 128 bytes user data:
217.68 X.25 MORE DATA - first or middle packet
56 44 20 20 20 3d 20 20 20 20 20 31 30 39 33 33 *VD = 10933*
2c 20 4d 53 55 52 45 54 52 4e 20 20 20 3d 20 20 *, MSURETRN = *
20 20 20 20 20 20 20 30 2c 0a 0d 20 20 20 20 4f * 0, O*
43 54 54 52 41 4e 20 20 20 20 3d 20 20 20 20 36 *CTTRAN = 6*
34 39 39 31 38 2c 20 4f 43 54 52 45 43 56 44 20 *49918, OCTRECVD *
20 20 3d 20 20 20 20 36 32 30 32 30 36 2c 20 4d * = 620206, M*
54 43 45 55 53 47 20 20 20 20 3d 20 20 20 20 20 *TCEUSG = *
20 20 20 20 30 2c 0a 0d 20 20 20 20 44 52 4c 4b * 0, DRLK*
```

217.79 HDLC Rcvd 1 bytes, response RR(1),

217.90 HDLC Rcvd 1 bytes, response RR(2),

217.91 HDLC Rcvd 4 bytes, command I(2, 3), 3 bytes user data:  
217.91 X.25 Rcvd 3 bytes, lcn=001, RR(4),

```

217.91 HDLC Sent 132 bytes, command I(4, 2), 131 bytes user data:
217.91 X.25 Sent 131 bytes, lcn=001, DATA (5, 1) M 128 bytes user data:
217.91 X.25 MORE DATA - first or middle packet
4f 54 47 20 20 20 20 3d 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 *OTG = *
20 30 2c 20 4d 53 55 53 52 47 54 54 20 20 20 3d * 0, MSUSRGTT =*
20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 30 2c 20 4f 43 54 52 * 0, OCTR*
43 47 54 54 20 20 20 3d 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 *CGTT = *
20 30 2c 0a 0d 20 20 20 20 54 44 43 4e 47 4c 56 * 0, TDCNGLV*
31 20 20 20 3d 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 30 2c *1 = 0,*
20 54 44 43 4e 47 4c 56 32 20 20 20 3d 20 20 20 * TDCNGLV2 = *
20 20 20 20 20 20 30 2c 20 54 44 43 4e 47 4c 56 * 0, TDCNGLV*
```

218.13 HDLC Rcvd 1 bytes, response RR(3),

218.14 HDLC Rcvd 4 bytes, command I(3, 4), 3 bytes user data:  
218.14 X.25 Rcvd 3 bytes, lcn=001, RR(5),

218.14 HDLC Sent 132 bytes, command I(5, 3), 131 bytes user data:  
218.14 X.25 Sent 131 bytes, lcn=001, DATA (6, 1) M 128 bytes user data:

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```

218.14 X.25 MORE DATA - first or middle packet
33 20 20 20 3d 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 30 2c *3 = 0,*
0a 0d 20 20 20 20 45 43 43 4e 47 4c 56 31 20 20 * ECCNGLV1 *
20 3d 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 30 2c 20 45 43 * = 0, EC*
43 4e 47 4c 56 32 20 20 20 3d 20 20 20 20 20 20 *CNGLV2 = *
20 20 20 30 2c 20 45 43 43 4e 47 4c 56 33 20 20 * 0, ECCNGLV3 *
20 3d 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 30 2c 0a 0d 20 * = 0, *
20 20 20 4d 53 55 44 49 53 43 30 20 20 20 3d 20 * MSUDISCO = *
20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 30 2c 20 4d 53 55 44 49 * 0, MSUDI*

218.36 HDLC Rcvd 1 bytes, response RR(4),

218.36 HDLC Rcvd 4 bytes, command I(4, 5), 3 bytes user data:
218.36 X.25 Rcvd 3 bytes, lcn=001, RR(6),

218.36 HDLC Sent 132 bytes, command I(6, 4), 131 bytes user data:
218.36 X.25 Sent 131 bytes, lcn=001, DATA (7, 1) M 128 bytes user data:
218.36 X.25 MORE DATA - first or middle packet
53 43 31 20 20 20 3d 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 *SC1 = *
30 2c 20 4d 53 55 44 49 53 43 32 20 20 20 3d 20 *0, MSUDISC2 = *
20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 30 2c 0a 0d 20 20 20 20 * 0, *
4d 53 55 44 49 53 43 33 20 20 20 3d 20 20 20 20 *MSUDISC3 = *
20 20 20 20 20 30 2c 20 4c 4e 4b 41 56 41 49 4c * 0, LNKAVAIL*
20 20 20 3d 20 20 20 20 20 20 31 38 30 30 2c 20 * = 1800, *
4e 4d 47 57 53 44 53 41 42 4c 20 3d 20 20 20 20 *NMGWSDSABL = *
20 20 20 20 20 30 0a 0d 20 20 20 20 0a 0d 3b 0a * 0 ; *

218.58 HDLC Rcvd 1 bytes, response RR(5),

218.59 HDLC Rcvd 4 bytes, command I(5, 6), 3 bytes user data:
218.59 X.25 Rcvd 3 bytes, lcn=001, RR(7),

218.59 HDLC Sent 9 bytes, command I(7, 5), 8 bytes user data:
218.59 X.25 Sent 8 bytes, lcn=001, DATA (0, 1) 5 bytes user data:
218.59 X.25 Last packet
0d 0a 0d 22 3b * "; *

218.71 HDLC Rcvd 1 bytes, response RR(6),

218.73 HDLC Rcvd 4 bytes, command I(6, 7), 3 bytes user data:
218.73 X.25 Rcvd 3 bytes, lcn=001, RR(0),

218.73 HDLC Sent 132 bytes, command I(0, 6), 131 bytes user data:
218.73 X.25 Sent 131 bytes, lcn=001, DATA (1, 1) M 128 bytes user data:
218.73 X.25 MORE DATA - first or middle packet
32 31 30 30 54 30 30 34 34 38 37 4b 45 58 30 31 *2100T004487KEX01*
30 31 35 30 45 53 45 41 53 50 41 42 41 54 4c 54 *0150ESEASPBATLT*
54 41 52 54 4e 56 41 41 52 37 37 57 2a 53 44 20 *TARTNVAAR77W*SD *
20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 52 45 50 54 * REPT*
2d 46 4c 4f 57 2d 54 48 52 55 3a 41 52 54 4e 56 *-FLOW-THRU:ARTNV*
41 41 52 37 37 57 2c 39 38 2d 30 37 2d 31 33 2c *AAR77W,98-07-13,*
31 34 2d 30 36 2d 34 30 2e 30 2d 45 44 54 3a 3a *14-06-40.0-EDT:*
3a 3a 22 20 20 20 20 61 72 74 6e 76 61 61 72 37 *::" artnvaar7*

218.95 HDLC Rcvd 1 bytes, response RR(7),

218.96 HDLC Rcvd 4 bytes, command I(7, 0), 3 bytes user data:
218.96 X.25 Rcvd 3 bytes, lcn=001, RR(1),

218.96 HDLC Sent 132 bytes, command I(1, 7), 131 bytes user data:
218.96 X.25 Sent 131 bytes, lcn=001, DATA (2, 1) M 128 bytes user data:
218.96 X.25 MORE DATA - first or middle packet
37 77 20 39 38 2d 30 37 2d 31 33 20 31 34 3a 30 *7w 98-07-13 14:0*

```





## Replacement Procedures

This section includes the replacement procedures for major hardware components required to maintain the EOAP.

These components include:

- All cards
  - Air management card (P/N 870-1524-01)
  - CD-ROM drive card (P/N 870-1515-03)
  - Hard drive card (P/N 870-1514-03)
  - Power supply card (P/N 870-1521-01)
  - Processor card (P/N 870-1523-01)
  - Serial card (P/N 870-1522-01)
- EOAP shelf:
  - Card cage, empty (P/N 870-1498-01)
  - Single configuration (P/N 890-1050-01)
  - Dual configuration (P/N 890-1050-03)
- Fan assembly (P/N 890-1038-01)

Replacement procedures are listed in alphabetical order of the hardware component. When the replacement of a component requires reprovisioning or testing to return the component to full operation, the provisioning or testing procedure immediately follows the hardware installation procedure. Refer to the chapter table of contents for a listing and page numbers.

For initial installation procedures, for example, the mounting of a preassembled EOAP shelf or detailed cabling instructions, refer to the *NSD Installation Manual*. For initial provisioning procedures, for example, the provisioning of the EOAP hard drive to implement the EOAP, refer to the *Database Administration Manual - System Management* manual.

## Air Management Card

This procedure describes how to replace an air management card (P/N 870-1524-01) in the EOAP shelf. This card does not contain any circuit boards and functions mainly as filler card. For its replacement, no halting of the EOAP is required.



**WARNING:** Prior to working on or around live equipment, follow proper ESD grounding procedures to prevent damage to the equipment; reference *ESD Protection Procedure (907-0404-01)*.

### Tools and Equipment

- ESD-safe Phillips screwdriver
- Air management card (P/N 870-1524-01)

### Procedure

---

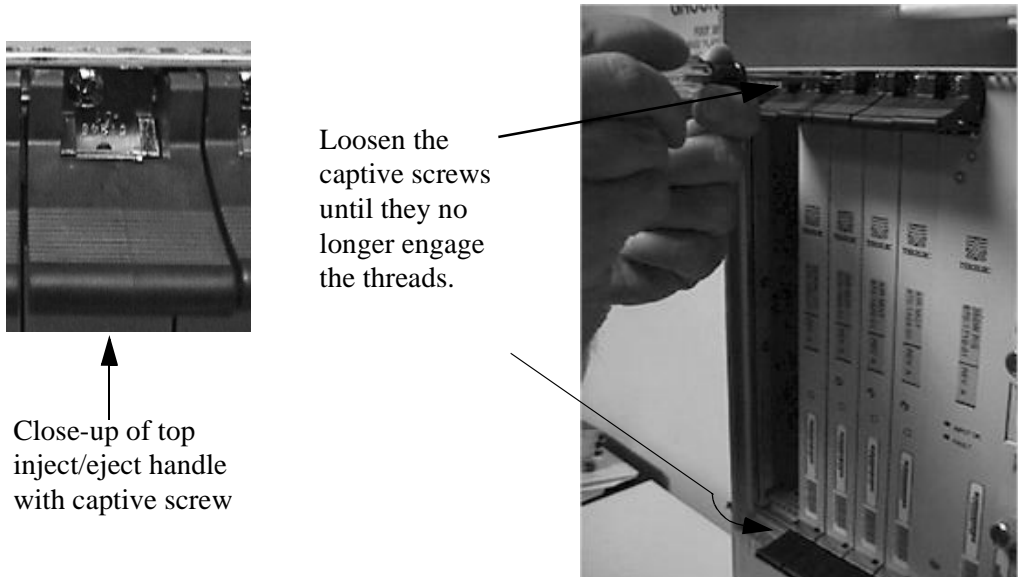
1. Identify the EOAP system (EOAP-A or EOAP-B) that contains the card to be replaced.

---
2. Locate the air management card to be replaced (slot 3, 4, 5, or 6).

---
3. While facing the card to be replaced, locate the two captive screws attached to the top and bottom inject/eject handle brackets on the faceplate. Figure 5-4 shows a close-up of the top handle with captive screw.

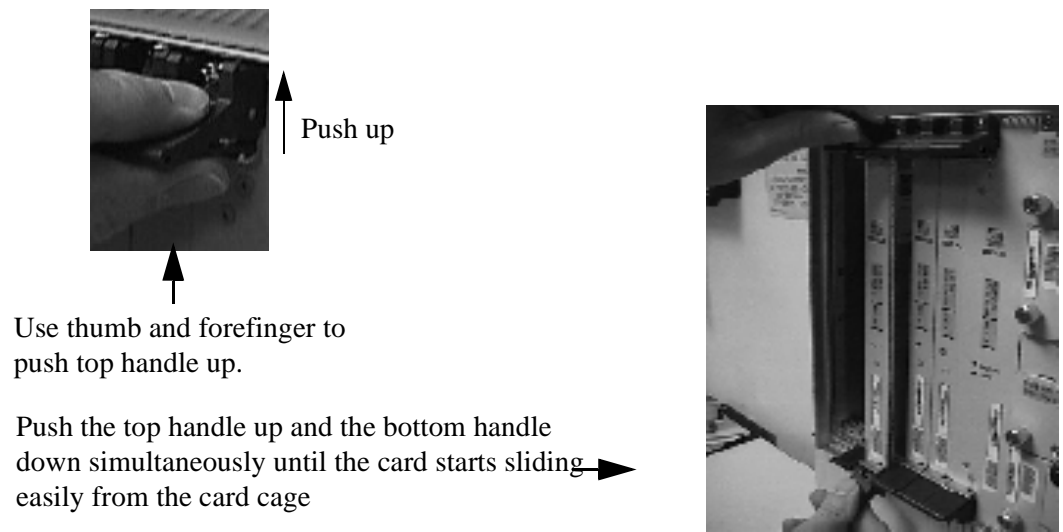
---
4. Using a small Phillips head screwdriver, loosen the captive screws until they no longer engage the threads. **Do not remove the screws** from the ejector handle brackets.

**Figure 5-4.** Top Handle and Captive Screw of Air Management Card

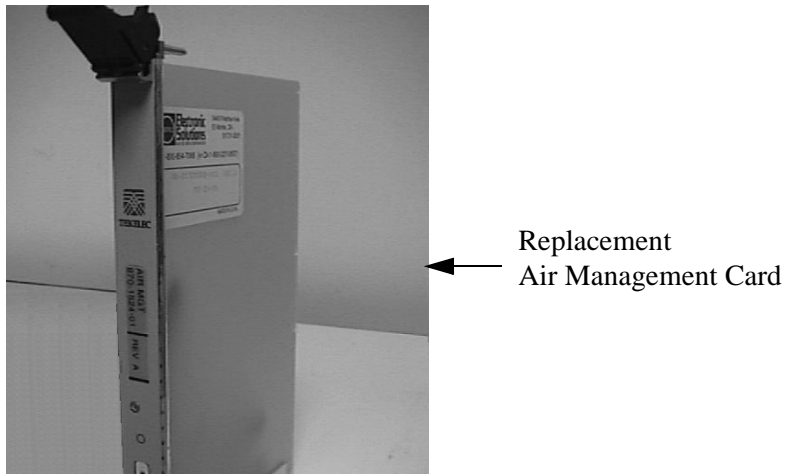


5. Using the thumb and forefinger, push the top handle up and the bottom handle down simultaneously until the card starts sliding easily from the card cage.

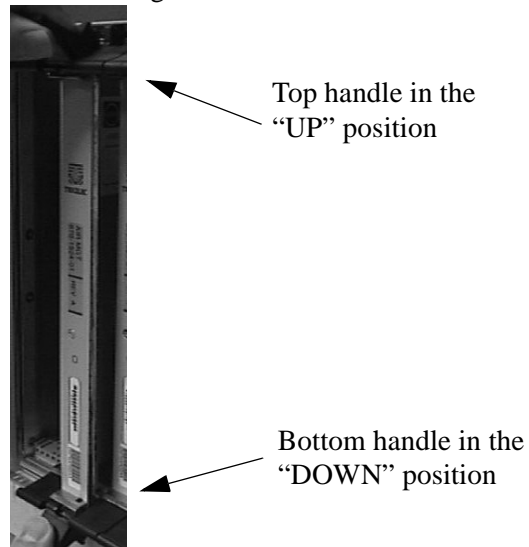
**Figure 5-5.** Freeing the Card from the EOAP Card Cage



6. Pull the card directly towards you until it clears the card guides and guide rails.
7. Remove the replacement air management card from the shipping container.

**Figure 5-6.** Air Management Card (P/N 870-1524-01)

- 
8. Make sure the two captive screws located in the inject/eject handle brackets are partially backed out so they do not interfere with insertion.
- 
9. Push all handles outward from the replacement card's faceplate (top handle in the "UP" position, bottom handle in the "DOWN" position.)

**Figure 5-7.** Air Management Card Handles

- 
10. Carefully align the replacement card's edges with the channels in the top and bottom card guides. Refer to Figure 5-8. Then push the card along the length of card guides until you feel the card's progress cease.

**Figure 5-8.** Inserting the Replacement Air Management Card



Push the card along the length of card guides until you feel the card's progress cease.

- 
11. Using the thumb and forefinger together, push the top inject/eject handle down and the bottom handle up until both handles are in the locked position. Figure 5-10 shows a close-up of a top inject/eject handle in the locked position.

**Figure 5-9.** Lock the Inject/Eject Handles



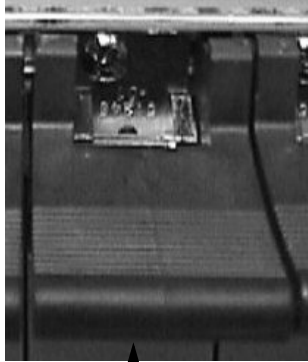
Handles in locked position

- 
12. Using a small Phillips head screwdriver, tighten all captive screws in the handle brackets until they seat against the handle bracket.



**WARNING:** Do not overtighten as the heads on the screws could snap off. Refer to the *Mechanical Assembly Torque Specification (906-0008-01)*.

**Figure 5-10.** Tighten Captive Screws



Close-up of top  
inject/eject handle  
with captive screw

Tighten the  
captive screws  
until they seat  
against the  
handle bracket.



## Card Cage/Shelf

This section describes how to replace an existing EOAP card cage or an EOAP shelf with cards preinstalled. Before replacing the card cage or shelf, make sure that either a substitute EOAP is set up to prevent any interruption between the STP and the Local Service Management System (LSMS), or that the replacement is performed during a maintenance window.



**DANGER:** Exercise extreme care and strict adherence to safety precautions when working on or near electrical equipment.



**WARNING:** Perform the EOAP card cage or shelf replacement procedure in a 4-hour maintenance window. This allows for the LSMS and Eagle STP to be able to resynchronize without requiring a time-consuming bulk download.



**WARNING:** Follow proper ESD grounding procedures at all times. Reference ESD Protection Procedure (907-0404-01).

**NOTE:** Some of the following procedures require more than one person.

### Replacement Order

Replace the card cage in the stages and order listed below:

1. Power down the EOAP
2. Disconnect the cables
3. Remove the cards
4. Remove the card cage
5. Install the replacement card cage **or shelf**
6. Reconnect the cables
7. Install the cards
8. Power up the EOAP

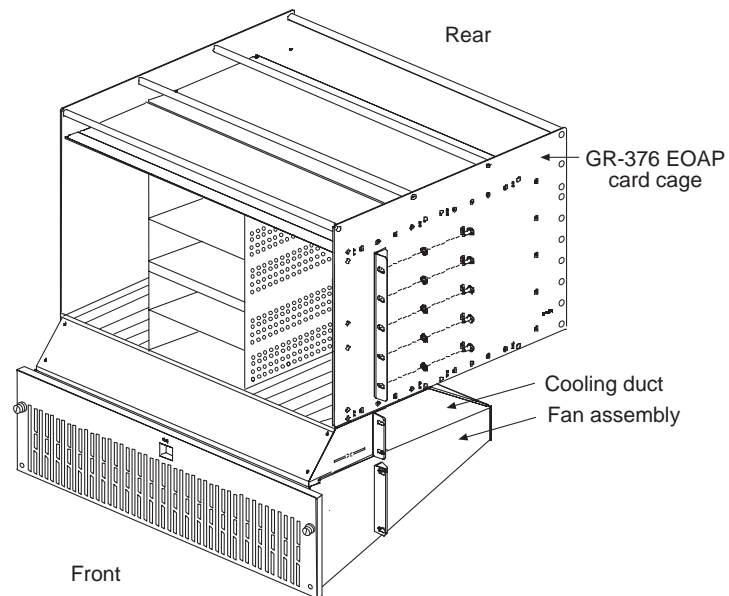
### Tools and Equipment

Use the following tools and equipment to replace the EOAP card cage or shelf:

- ESD-safe Phillips screw driver
- EOAP shelf:
  - Empty card cage (P/N 870-1498-01)
  - Single configuration (P/N 890-1050-03)
  - Dual configuration (P/N 890-1050-01)
- Screws for mounting brackets (P/N 600-0154)
- Screw/washer combinations for frame mounting (P/N 601-0010-01)

Figure 5-11 shows an empty EOAP card cage.

**Figure 5-11.** EOAP Card Cage



Use the following procedures to replace the EOAP card cage in the OAP frame.



**Power Down the EOAP/Fan Assembly**

This procedure describes how to power down the EOAP shelf and the fan assembly. Powering down an EOAP shelf also stops the fan assembly because both units use the same fuses.



**WARNING:** The EOAP can operate without failure or component damage for up to one hour without the fan tray providing cooling. After powering up the EOAP, complete fan testing within this time frame.



**CAUTION:** The EOAP's open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.

**Procedure**

---

1. Display the values of all terminals using the `rtrv-trm` command. This is an example of the possible output:

```
rlghncxa03w 00-06-07 11:34:04 EST Rel 26.0.0
TRM TYPE COMM FC TMOUT MXINV DURAL
1 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 30 5 99:59:59
2 KSR 9600-7-E-1 HW 30 5 INDEF
3 PRINTER 4800-7-E-1 HW 30 0 00:00:00
4 OAP 19200-7-E-1 SW 30 5 00:30:00
5 VT320 9600-7-O-1 NONE 30 5 00:00:30
6 VT320 9600-7-E-2 SW 30 9 INDEF
7 PRINTER 9600-7-N-2 HW 30 5 00:30:00
8 KSR 19200-7-E-2 BOTH 30 5 00:30:00
9 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 30 7 00:30:00
10 OAP 19200-7-E-1 SW 30 5 00:30:00
11 VT320 4800-7-E-1 HW 30 5 00:30:00
12 PRINTER 9600-7-E-1 HW 30 4 00:30:00
13 VT320 9600-7-O-1 NONE 30 5 00:30:00
14 VT320 9600-7-E-2 SW 30 8 00:30:00
15 VT320 9600-7-N-2 HW 30 5 00:30:00
16 VT320 9600-7-E-2 BOTH 30 3 00:30:00
```

```
TRM TRAF LINK SA SYS PU DB UIMRD
1 NO YES NO YES NO YES YES
2 NO NO NO NO NO NO NO
3 YES YES YES NO YES YES YES
4 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
5 NO YES NO NO NO NO YES
6 NO NO YES NO NO NO NO
7 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
8 NO NO NO NO YES NO YES
9 NO YES NO NO NO YES NO
10 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
11 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
12 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
13 NO YES NO NO NO NO YES
14 NO NO YES NO NO NO NO
15 YES YES YES NO YES YES YES
```

```
16 NO NO NO NO YES NO YES
```

The first part of the output displays the communication security attributes of the terminal port. The communication attributes of the terminal port, **BAUD**, **PRTY** (parity), **SB** (stop bits), and **DBTS** (data bits), are displayed in the **COMM** field of the **rtrv-trm** output and are displayed in this format: **BAUD-DBTS-PRTY-SB**. The second part of the **rtrv-trm** command output displays the types of unsolicited messages the terminal port may receive.

---

2. At the terminal connected to EOAP-A:

- a. Log into EOAP-A as root:

```
Console login: root
Password: EAGLE
```

- b. Shut down all processes and exit back to root by entering these commands:

```
su - ccsproj
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.down
% exit
```

- c. Halt the EOAP-A system by entering this command:

```
/usr/sbin/init 0
```

The screen will display output similar to the following. Wait until the **ok** prompt appears before continuing with the next step:

```
Date: time apg 2 halt: halted by root
Date: time apg 2 syslogd: going down on signal 15
Syncing file systems ... [1] done
Program terminated
Type help for more information
ok
```

---

3. At the terminal connected to EOAP-B:

- a. Log into EOAP-B as root:

```
Console login: root
Password: EAGLE
```

- b. Shut down all processes and exit back to root by entering these commands:

```
su - ccsproj
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.down
% exit
```

## EOAP Maintenance

- c. Halt the EOAP-B system by entering this command:

```
/usr/sbin/init 0
```

The screen will display output similar to the following. Wait until the `ok` prompt appears before continuing with the next step:

```
Date: time apg 2 halt: halted by root
Date: time apg 2 syslogd: going down on signal 15
Syncing file systems ... [1] done
Program terminated
Type help for more information
ok
```

---

4. At the Eagle STP terminal, inhibit the EOAP-A connection by entering this command:

```
inh-trm:trm=x:force=yes
```

where *x* is the terminal number of EOAP-A.

---

5. Change the terminal port to type `none` by entering this command:

```
chg-trm:type=none:trm=x
```

where *x* is the terminal number of EOAP-A.

---

6. Inhibit the EOAP-B connection by entering this command:

```
inh-trm:trm=x:force=yes
```

where *x* is the terminal number of EOAP-B.

---

7. Change the terminal port to type `none` by entering this command:

```
chg-trm:type=none:trm=x
```

where *x* is the terminal number of EOAP-B.

---

8. Confirm that both EOAP connections are inactive. If only the SEAS feature is on, enter the following command:

```
rept-stat-seas
```

---

9. Remove the 10 Amp fuses (P/N 517-0012-01) from the front of the FAP for both the A and the B feeds of the EOAP/fan assembly.



**WARNING:** Ensure that you know exactly which fuse to remove. On the OAP frame, reference the fuse card on the front of the FAP.

For example, FAP 870-0243-09 uses fuse positions 1A for EOAP-A and 1B for EOAP-B. FAP 870-1606-01 offers four fuse positions on each side: 17A through 20A and 17B through 20B. Remove the same-numbered fuse location on each side.

---

You have powered down the EOAP shelf. Remove the cables next.

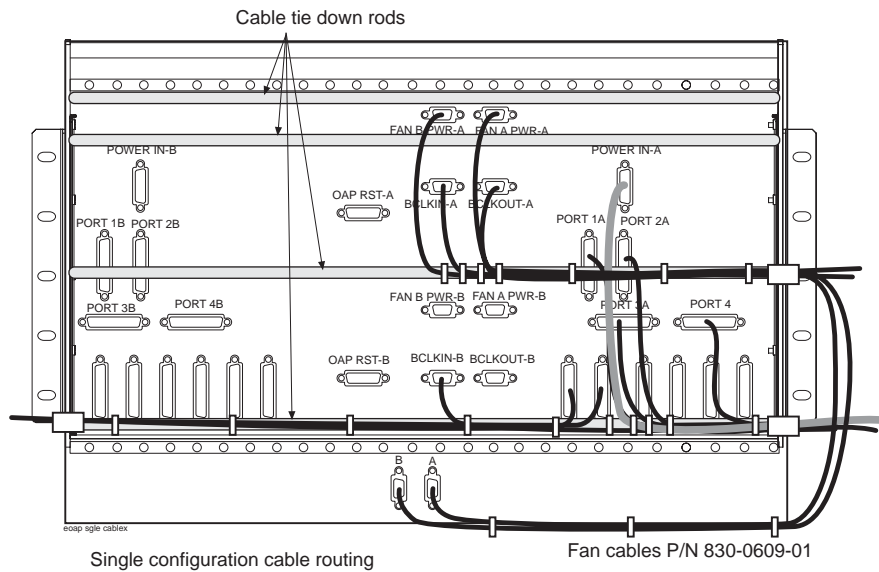
## Remove Cables

This procedure describes how to remove the cables from the front of the EOAP processor cards and the backplane of the EOAP shelf.

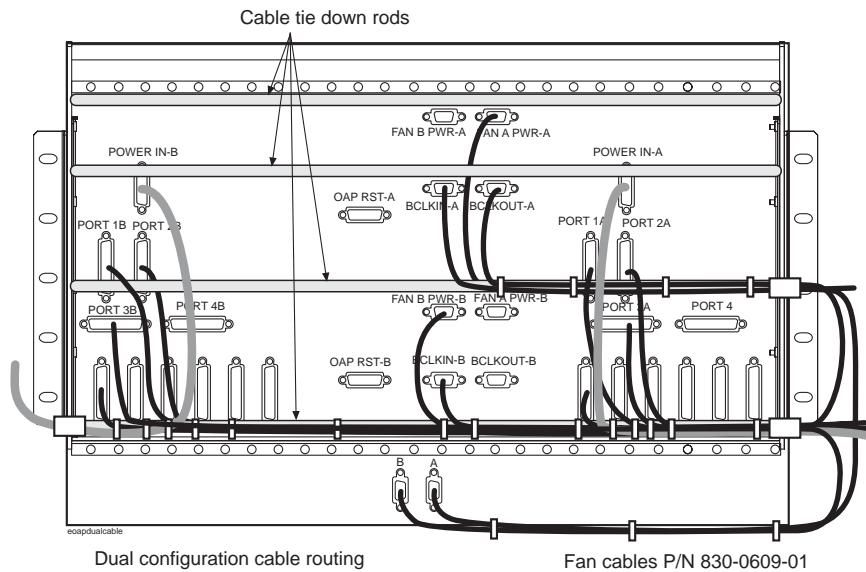
### Procedure

1. Face the front of the EOAP and locate the Ethernet cable connected to the Ethernet port of each processor card.
2. Disconnect the cables and cut all cable ties on the shelf that can be reached from the front.
3. Go to the back of the EOAP shelf. Cut all cable ties from the top of the shelf, the backplane, and the side of the shelf. Figure 5-12 shows the cables of a single-configuration EOAP secured to the backplane. Figure 5-13 shows the cables of a dual-configuration EOAP secured to the backplane.

**Figure 5-12.** Cables Secured on EOAP Shelf Backplane (Single Configuration)



**Figure 5-13.** Cables Secured on EOAP Shelf Backplane (Dual Configuration)



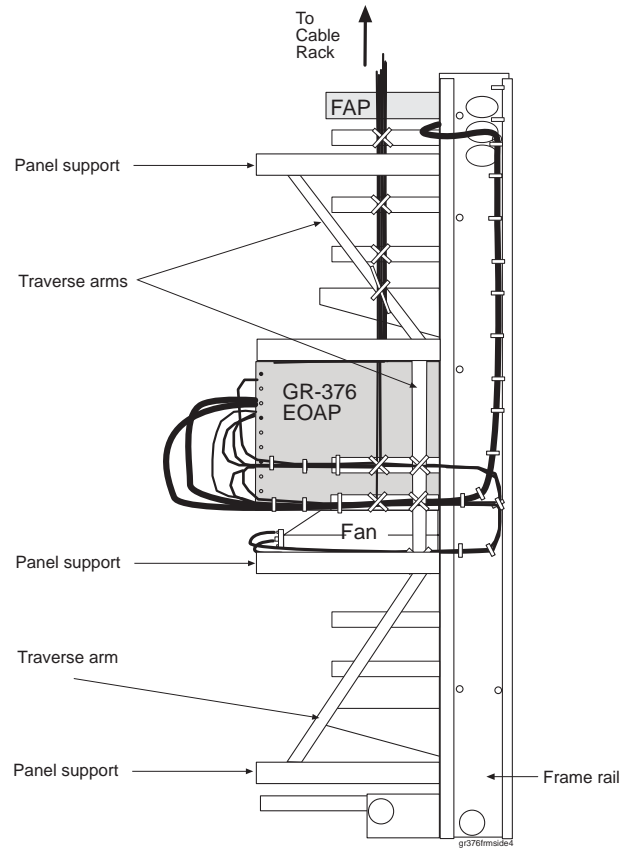
4. Pull the Ethernet cables through to the back. Temporarily tie them to the outside of the right panel support to keep them away from the shelf as it is removed and replaced.

For a single-configuration EOAP, continue with 7..

For a dual-configuration EOAP, continue with 5..

5. Disconnect the cables from the B side of the backplane and mark them with port number and as B cable if necessary. Refer to Figure 5-13 for connector locations.
6. Use a cable tie and temporarily secure them to the left panel support or traverse arm to keep them away from the shelf as it is removed and replaced.
7. Disconnect the cables from the center and A side of the backplane and mark them with port number and as A or B cable if necessary. Refer to Figure 5-13 for connector locations.
8. Use cable ties and temporarily secure them to the outside of the right traverse arm to keep them away from the shelf as it is removed and replaced. Figure 5-14 shows the location of side panel supports and traverse arms.

Figure 5-14. Location of Side Panel Supports and Traverse Arms



---

All cables are disconnected. Remove all cards from the shelf next.

## Remove Cards

This procedure describes the general steps to remove a card from the EOAP shelf. For an illustrated description of a particular card, refer to the replacement procedure of the respective card. For example, for an illustrated description of removing the power supply card, refer to “Power Supply Card” on page 5-115. Store all cards in a safe place.



**WARNING:** Store each card in an approved ESD-safe container to avoid any damage to the card.

### Procedure

---

1. Locate the two or four captive screws attached to the top and bottom inject/eject handle brackets on the faceplate.

---
2. Using a small Phillips head screwdriver, loosen the captive screws until they no longer engage the threads. **Do not remove the screws** from the ejector handle brackets.

---
3. Using the thumb and forefinger, push the top handle up and the bottom handle down simultaneously until the card is completely free from the backplane in the card cage.

---
4. Pull the card directly towards you until it clears the card guides and guide rails.

---
5. Immediately store the card properly to avoid any damage due to handling or ESD.

---
6. Repeat this procedure for each card until all cards are removed from the EOAP shelf. Remove the empty card cage from the frame next.

---



## Remove Card Cage

This procedure describes how to remove an EOAP card cage or shelf from the frame.

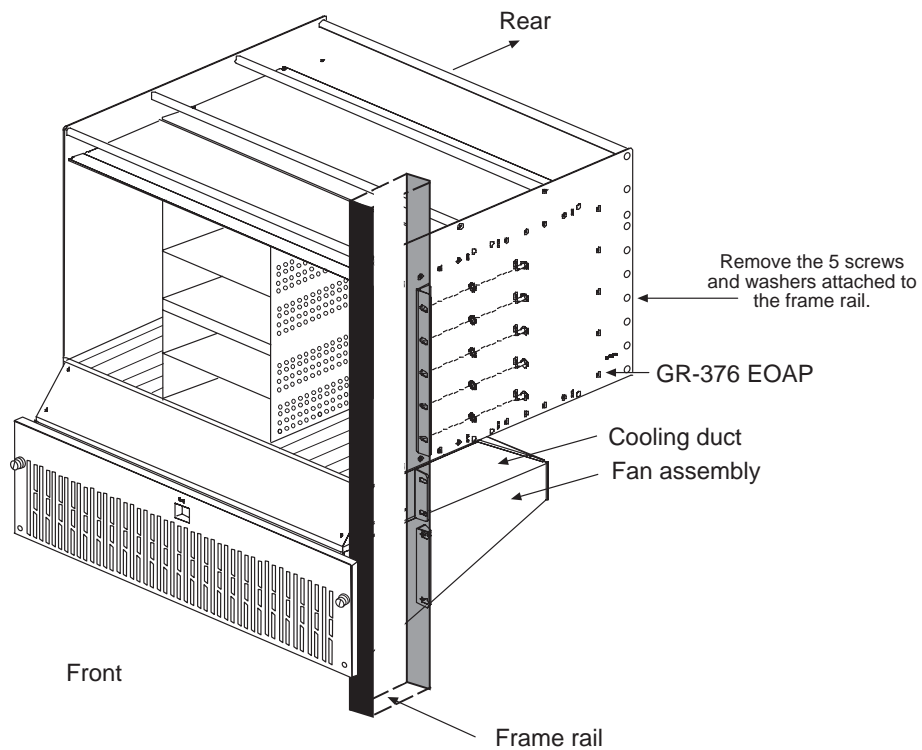
**NOTE:** This procedure requires more than one person.

### Procedure

---

1. On each side of the EOAP shelf, remove the five screws and washers that hold the mounting bracket to the frame rail. Store them for later use.

**Figure 5-15.** Remove Screws and Washers from Frame Rail



2. From the rear of the frame, pull out the card cage or shelf and store it in a secure place.
- 

You have now removed the empty card cage or the complete EOAP shelf. Install the replacement card cage or shelf in the same location next.

### Install Replacement Card Cage or Shelf

This procedure describes how to install a replacement EOAP card cage or shelf into the frame.



**WARNING:** Do not overtighten the screws as the heads could snap off. Reference Mechanical Assembly Torque Specification (906-0008-01).

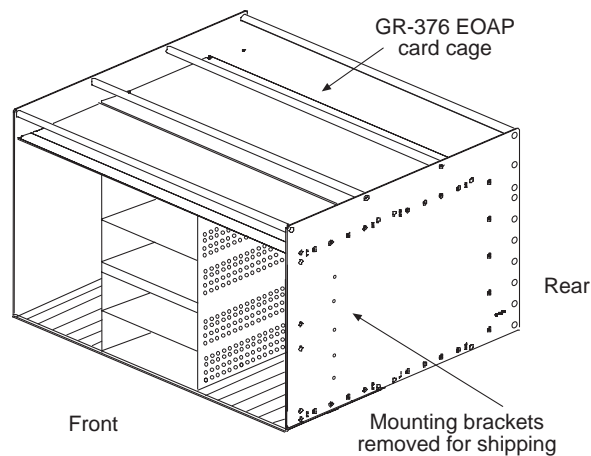
**NOTE:** This procedure requires more than one person.

#### Procedure

---

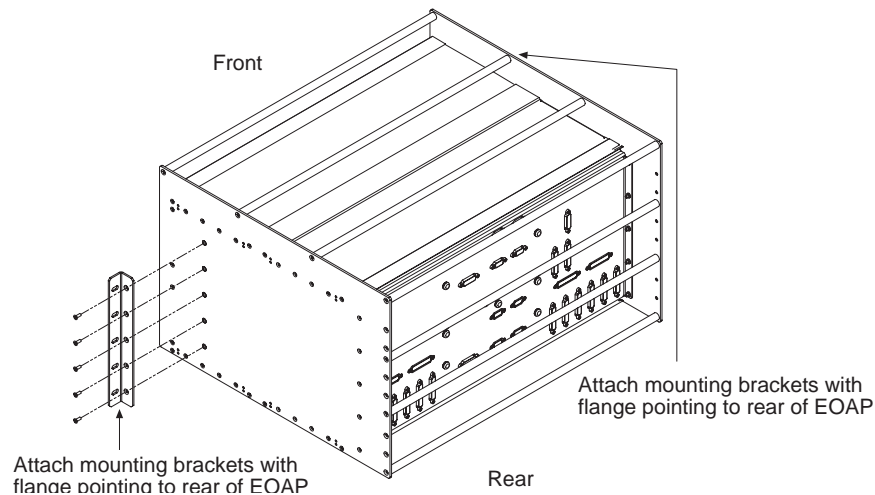
1. Remove the EOAP card cage or shelf from the shipping container and locate the mounting brackets.

**Figure 5-16.** Locate Mounting Brackets for EOAP Card Cage



2. Using five screws (P/N 600-0154), attach the mounting brackets on each side of the EOAP so that the flange points to the rear of the EOAP.

**Figure 5-17.** Attach Mounting Bracket to EOAP Card Cage



3. Place fiber paper on top of the cooling duct/fan assembly to ensure that nothing drops into the equipment below.

---

4. From the rear of the frame, position the mounting brackets of the card cage or shelf against the rear of the frame rail.

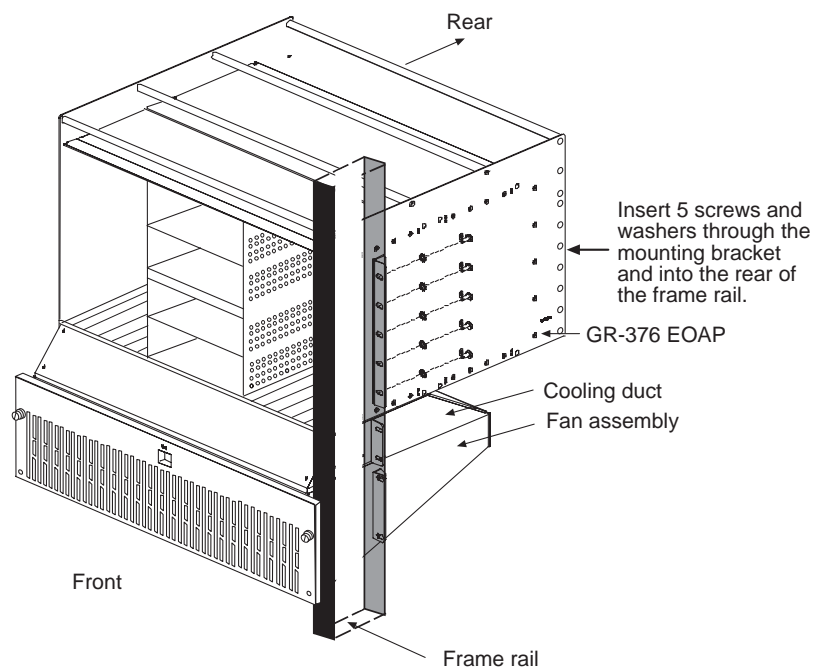
---

5. On each side of the card cage or shelf, insert five screws with external tooth washers (P/N 601-0010-01) through the mounting bracket and into the frame rail. Tighten the screws.



**WARNING:** When installing the EOAP card cage or shelf, avoid pinching the cables from the fan assembly and those secured from the removed shelf.

**NOTE:** Use either stored screws and washers or those provided with shipment.

**Figure 5-18.** Attach Card Cage to Rear of Frame Rail

- 
6. Remove the fiber paper from under the shelf.
- 

You have installed the replacement card cage or shelf. Install the cards (if applicable) next.

**Install Cards**

This procedure describes the general steps to install a card into the EOAP shelf. For an illustrated description of a particular card, refer to the replacement procedure of the respective card. For example, for an illustrated description of installing the power supply card, refer to “Power Supply Card” on page 5-115. Store all cards in a safe place.



**WARNING:** Store each card in an approved ESD-safe container to avoid any damage to the card.

**Procedure**

---

1. Locate the slot or bay for the card to be installed. The slot/bay assignments are shown in Table 5-4.

**Table 5-4.** Slot and Bay Assignment for EOAP Cards

| Slot    | Bay | Card Name                               |
|---------|-----|-----------------------------------------|
| 1 and 2 | --- | Processor card (EOAP-A or EOAP-B)       |
| 3       | --- | Serial Card (EOAP-A or EOAP-B)          |
| 4, 5, 6 | --- | Air management cards (EOAP-A or EOAP-B) |
| 7 and 8 | --- | Power supply card (EOAP-A or EOAP-B)    |
| ---     | 1   | Hard drive card (EOAP-A)                |
| ---     | 2   | CD-ROM drive card (EOAP-A)              |
| ---     | 3   | Hard drive card (EOAP-B)                |
| ---     | 4   | CD-ROM drive card (EOAP-B)              |

- 
2. Prior to inserting the card, examine the EOAP backplane connector pins in the EOAP shelf for any misalignment, evidence of shorts, or other signs of damage.
- 
3. Remove the card from the storage container.
- 
4. Make sure the two or four captive screws located in the inject/eject handle brackets are partially backed out so they do not interfere with insertion.
- 
5. Push all handles outward from the replacement card's faceplate (top handle in the “UP” position, bottom handle in the “DOWN” position.)
-

6. Carefully align the replacement card's edges with the channels in the top and bottom card guides. Then push the card along the length of the card guides until the rear connector on the card begins engaging the mating connector on the backplane.
- 

7. Press the faceplate of the card using constant pressure until you feel the card's progress cease.



**WARNING: Do not impact the faceplate in order to mate the two connectors. Any impact to the card's faceplate can damage the faceplate, the pins in the backplane, or the backplane itself.**

---

8. Using the thumb and forefinger together, push the top inject/eject handle down and the bottom handle up until both handles are in the locked position.
- 

9. Using a small Phillips head screwdriver, tighten all captive screws in the handle brackets until they seat against the handle bracket.



**WARNING: Do not overtighten the screws as the heads could snap off. Reference Mechanical Assembly Torque Specification (906-0008-01).**

---

Repeat this procedure for each card until all cards are installed in the EOAP card cage. Reconnect the cables next.

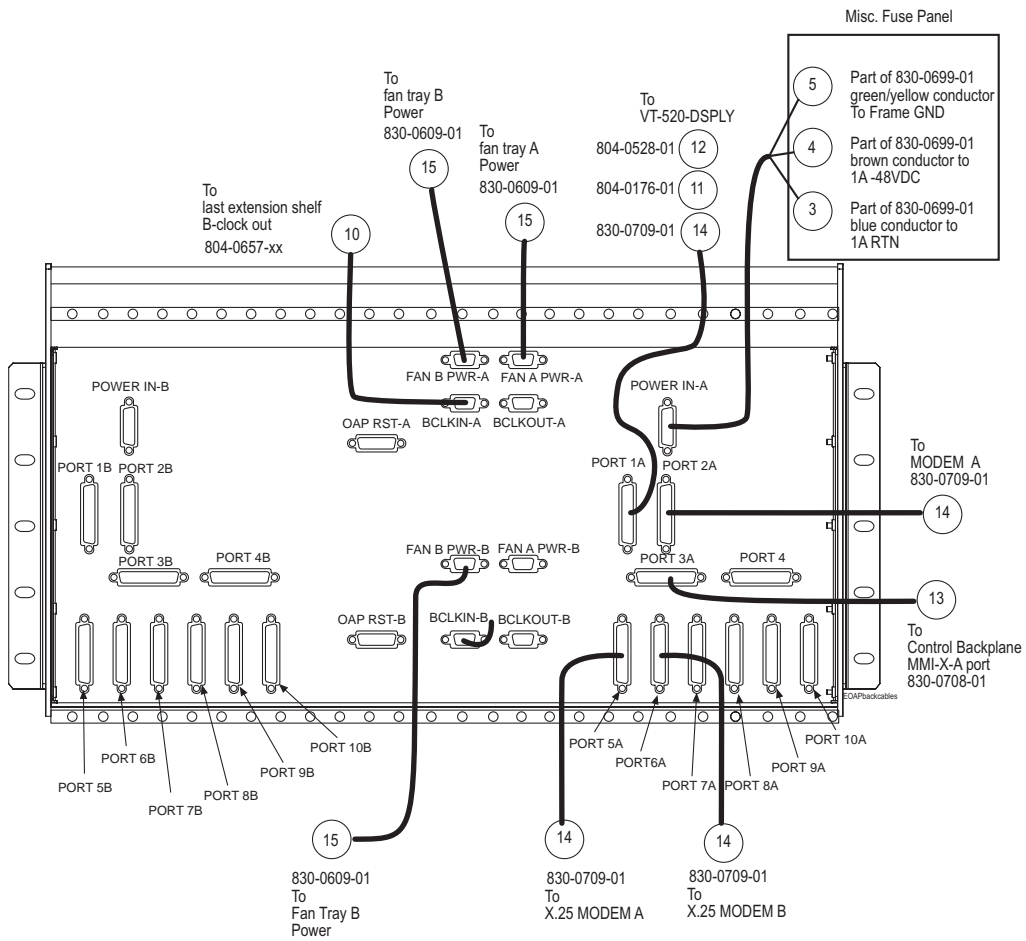
Reconnect Cables

This procedure describes how to reconnect the cables to the replacement card cage or shelf that were disconnected when the previous shelf was removed.

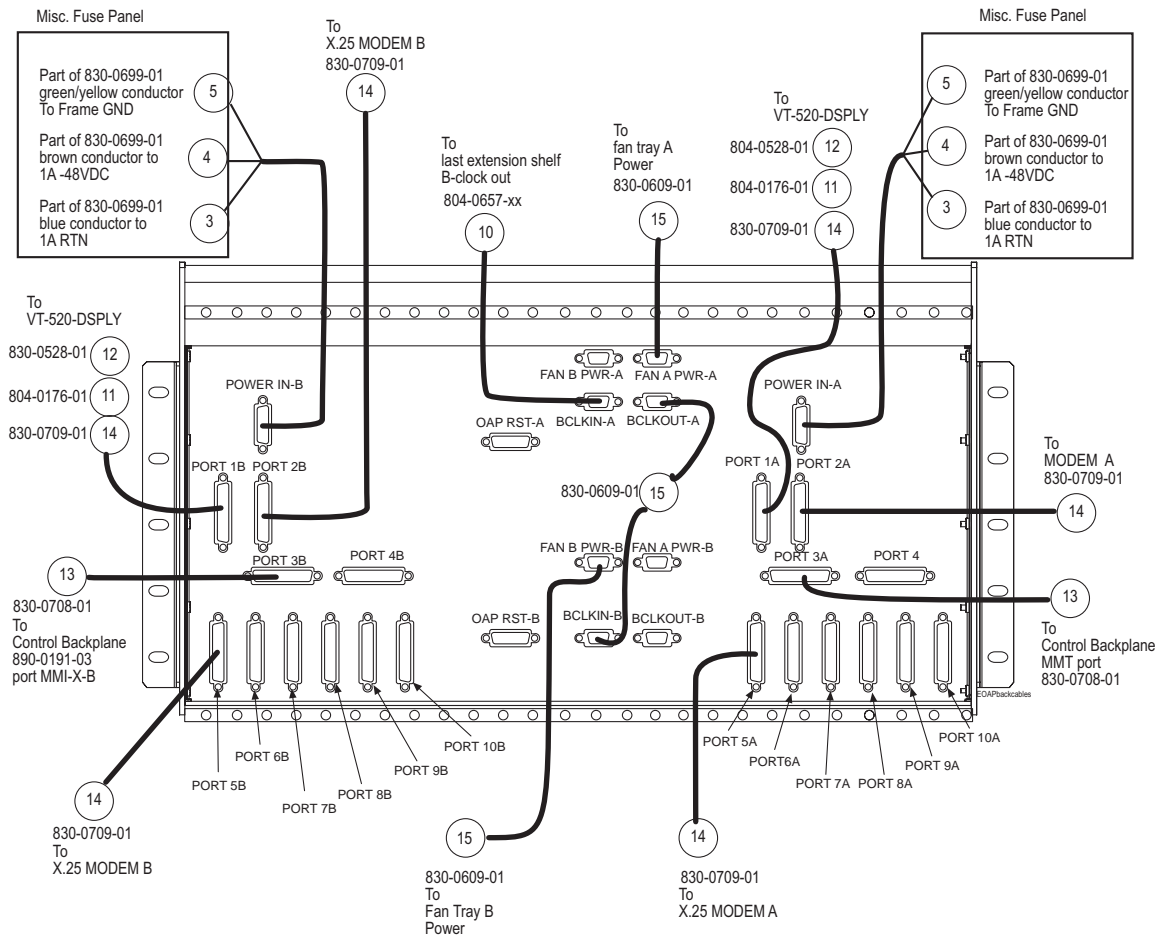
Procedure

1. Reconnect all cables to the EOAP backplane. Figure 5-19 shows the cables of a single-configuration EOAP secured to the backplane. Figure 5-20 shows the cables of a dual-configuration EOAP secured to the backplane.

**Figure 5-19.** Cable Connections on EOAP Backplane (Single Configuration)



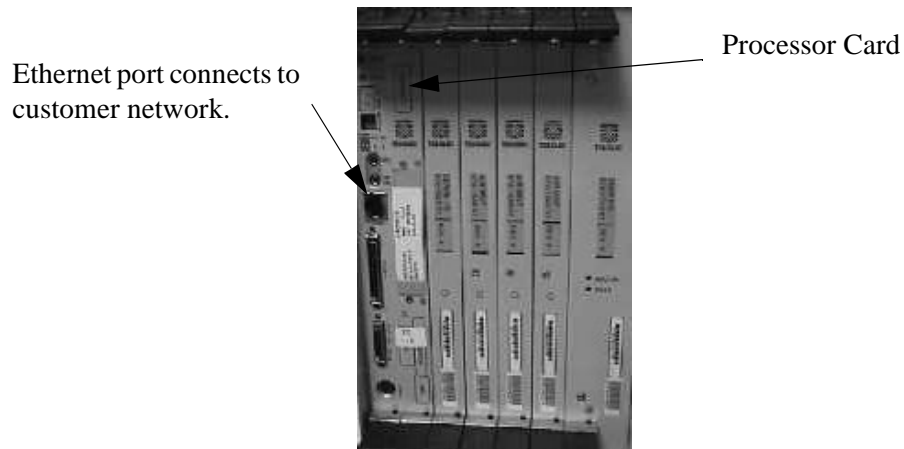
**Figure 5-20.** Cable Connections on EOAP Backplane (Dual Configuration)



2. Cut the cable tie that is holding the two Ethernet cables to the right panel support or traverse arm.
3. From the back of the EOAP shelf, route the cables through to the front of the EOAP.
4. Go to the front of the EOAP and locate the Ethernet port on the front panel of the EOAP-A processor card.



**Figure 5-21.** Locate Processor Card



- 
5. Take the Ethernet cable P/N 830-0710-xx labeled “EOAP-A” and insert it into the Ethernet port of EOAP-A.
- 

6. Locate the Ethernet port on the front panel of the EOAP-B processor card.
- 

7. Take the Ethernet cable P/N 830-0710-xx labeled EOAP-B and insert it into the Ethernet port of EOAP-B.

For a single-configuration EOAP, continue with 9.. For a dual-configuration EOAP, continue with 8..

---

8. Secure the Ethernet cable from EOAP-B to the first and third tie-down rods on the top of the EOAP shelf. The first tie keeps the cable in place when disconnected from the port.

**NOTE: The cable may not obstruct the removal of any card in the shelf and must have enough slack to be pushed aside.**

---

9. Secure the Ethernet cable from EOAP-A to the first and third tie-down rods on the top of the EOAP shelf. The first tie keeps the cable in place when disconnected from the port.

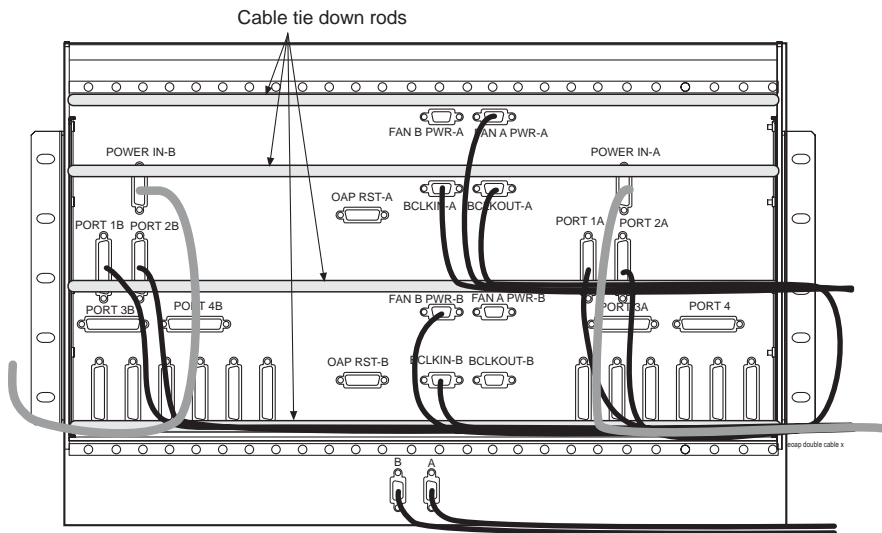
**NOTE: The cable may not obstruct the removal of any card in the shelf and must have enough slack to be pushed aside.**

---

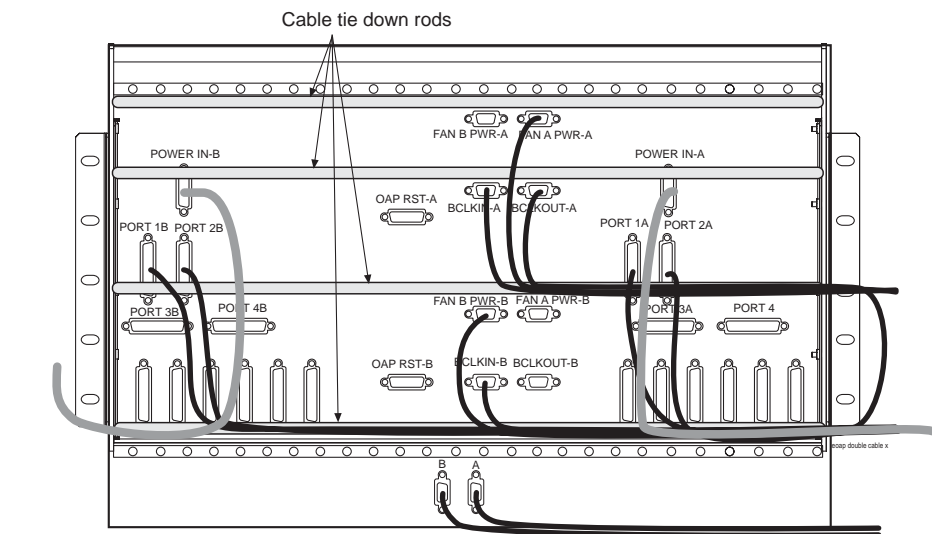
10. Go to the back of the EOAP shelf. On the third top tie-down rod, secure the EOAP-A cables along the rod every three or four inches, form EOAP-A cables with EOAP-B cables (if applicable), and continue securing all until you reach the frame rail.
-

11. On the backplane of the EOAP shelf, finish the cables from the EOAP top center backplane.
- 
12. Locate the Fan A power cable P/N 830-0609-xx (port FAN B PWR-A for single configuration, port FAN A PWR-A for dual configuration) and the clock connection cable P/N 830-0657-xx (port BCLKIN-A) on the top center of the EOAP shelf backplane. Refer to Figure 5-22 for a single-configuration EOAP and Figure 5-22 for a dual-configuration EOAP.

**Figure 5-22.** Locate Cables on EOAP Backplane (Single Configuration)



**Figure 5-23.** Locate Cables on EOAP Backplane (Dual Configuration)

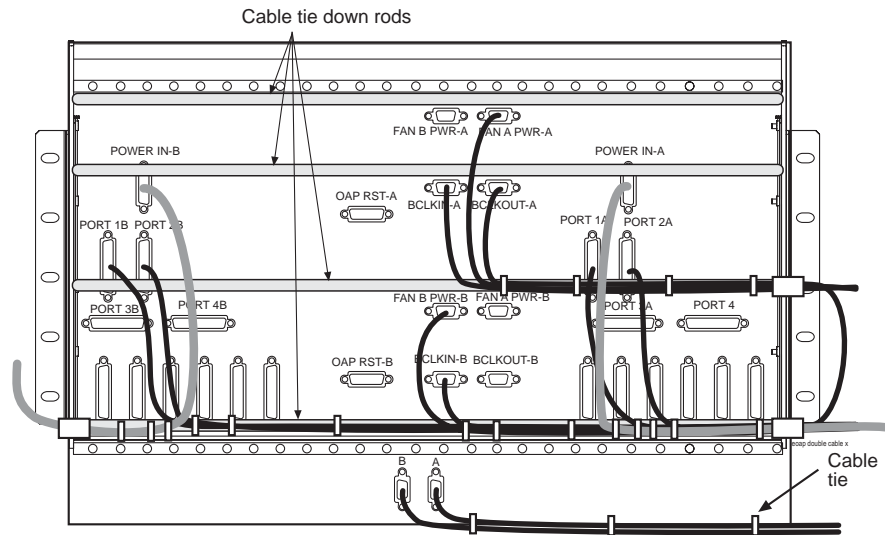


13. Use a cable tie and secure the cables to the third tie-down rod without obstructing any ports. Form these cables along the rod and secure them with cable ties every three or four inches until they reach the frame rail. Refer to Figure 5-25 for a single-configuration EOAP and to Figure 5-24 for a dual-configuration EOAP.

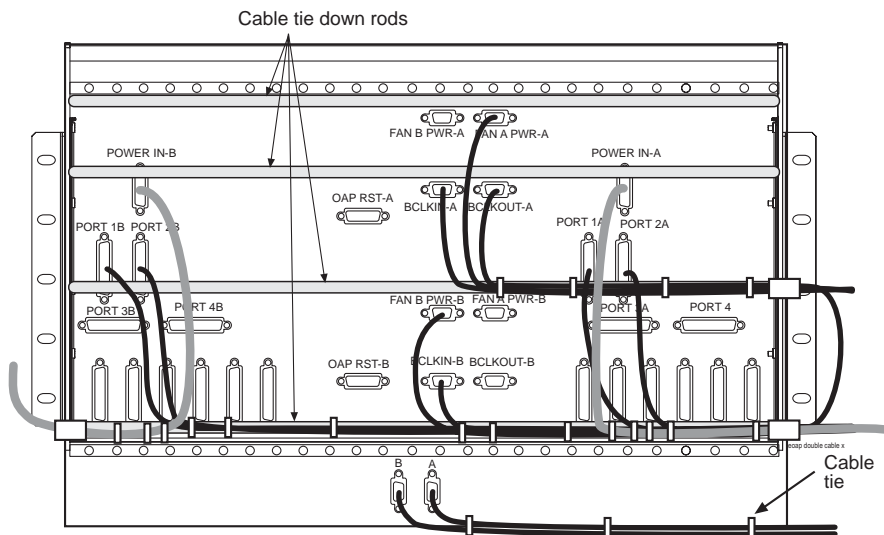
For a single-configuration EOAP, continue with 22..

For a dual-configuration EOAP, continue with 14..

**Figure 5-24.** Cables Secured on EOAP Shelf Backplane (Single Configuration)



**Figure 5-25.** Cables Secured on EOAP Shelf Backplane (Dual Configuration)



14. Locate terminal cable P/N 830-0709-xx (PORT 1B) on the B side of the EOAP. Refer to Figure 5-25.
- 

15. Secure the cable to the bottom tie-down rod without obstructing any ports. Refer to Figure 5-25.
- 

16. Form the cable and secure it along the rod every three or four inches stopping short of the OAP RST B port.

Continue now with the EOAP-B power cable.

---

17. Locate the power cable P/N 830-0699-xx (POWER-IN B) on the B side of the EOAP. Refer to Figure 5-23.
- 

18. Secure the B power cable with cable ties to the bottom tie-down rod of the backplane without obstructing any of the ports. Continue securing the cable every three or four inches until it reaches the frame rail. Refer to Figure 5-24.
- 

19. On the bottom center of the EOAP shelf backplane, locate the Fan B power cable P/N 830-0609-xx (FAN B PWR B) and the clock in/out cable P/N 830-0609-xx (BCLKIN-B). Refer to Figure 5-23.
- 

20. Secure the cables to the bottom tie-down rod without obstructing any ports.
- 

21. Form these cables along the rod with the cables coming from the B side of the EOAP. Secure the cables with cable ties every three or four inches stopping short of the A ports on the A side of the EOAP backplane. Refer to Figure 5-24.
- 

22. Locate the A power cable P/N 830-0699-xx (POWER IN-A) and the terminal cable P/N 830-0709-xx (PORT 1A) on the A side of the EOAP. Refer to Figure 5-23.
- 

23. Use a cable tie and secure all cables to the bottom tie-down rod without obstructing any ports.
- 

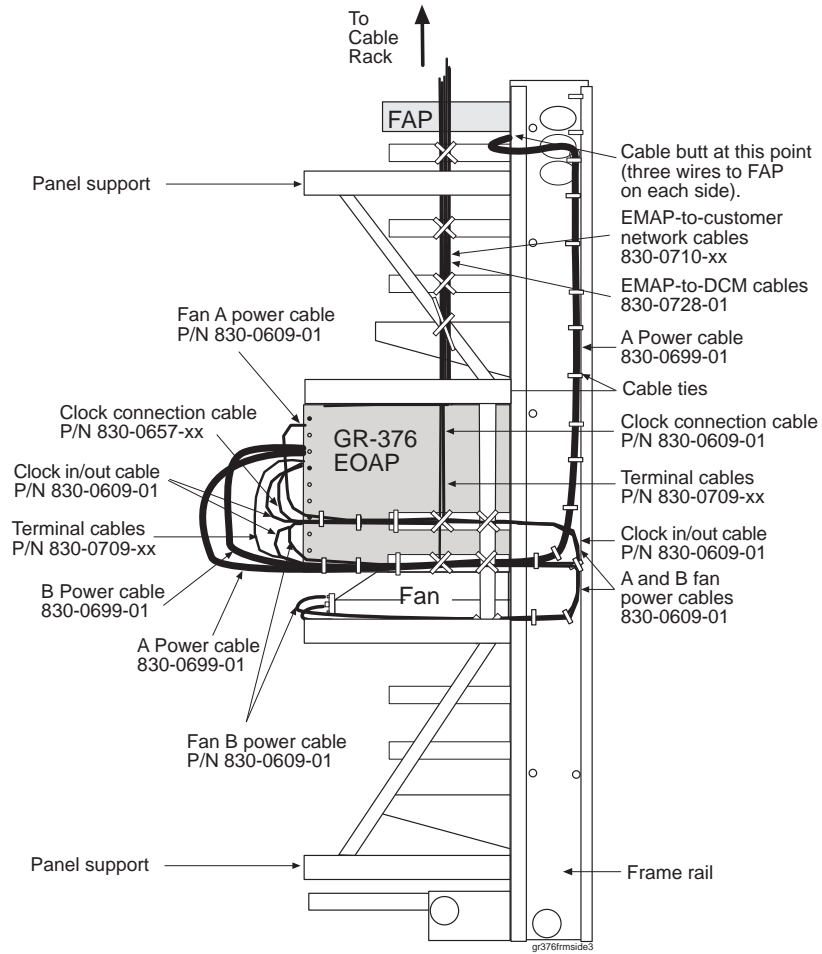
24. Form the cables along the rod. Secure the cables with cable ties every three or four inches until they reach the frame rail. Refer to Figure 5-24.

**NOTE:** Notice that the clock in/out cable (BCLKOUT-A to BCLKIN-B) is routed along the third tie-down rod and then looped back along the bottom tie-down rod to take away the slack from the cable.

---

25. At the frame rail, adjust all cables to fit them between the old and new cable ties.

**Figure 5-26.** Secure Cables from EOAP to Cable Rack



You have reconnected the cables to the EOAP card cage or shelf. Power up the EOAP/fan assembly next.

**Power Up EOAP/Fan Assembly**

This procedure describes how to power up the EOAP. Powering up the EOAP also starts the fan assembly because both units use the same fuses.



**WARNING:** The EOAPs and fan assembly use the same fuses. When the EOAP is powered up, the fan assembly also receives power. Take proper care to avoid injury or equipment damage near the fan blades.



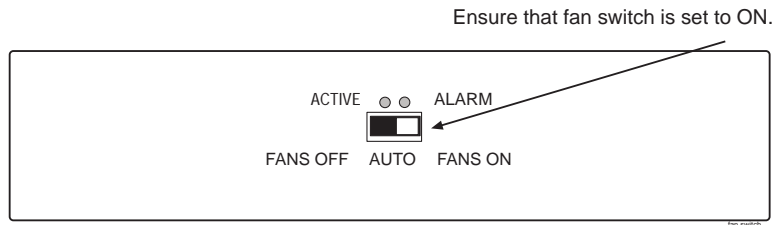
**WARNING:** The EOAP can operate without failure or component damage for up to one hour without the fan tray providing cooling. After powering up the EOAP, test the fans within this time frame to ensure proper operation.

**Procedure**

---

1. Make sure the switch on the front of the fan assembly is set to ON.

**Figure 5-27.** Fan Switch Set to ON



2. At the FAP, insert one EOAP/fan assembly fuse on each side.



**WARNING:** Make sure you know exactly which fuses to insert. Reference the fuse card on the front of the FAP.

For example, FAP 870-0243-09 uses fuse positions 1A for EOAP-A and 1B for EOAP-B. FAP 870-1606-01 offers four fuse positions on each side: 17A through 20A and 17B through 20B. Select the same-numbered fuse location on each side.

The EOAP requires 10 Amp fuses (P/N 517-0012-01) in the FAP for both A and B feeds of the EOAP.

3. The following message displays: `powered up` and the machine boots. The fans start running.
-

## EOAP Maintenance

4. At the Eagle STP terminal, change the terminal port of EOAP-A to type **oap** by entering this command:

```
chg-trm:type=oap:trm=x
```

where *x* is the terminal number of EOAP-A.

---

5. Allow the EOAP-A connection by entering this command:

```
alw-trm:trm=x:force=yes
```

where *x* is the terminal number of EOAP-A.

---

6. Change the terminal port of EOAP-B to type **oap** by entering this command:

```
chg-trm:type=oap:trm=x
```

where *x* is the terminal number of EOAP-B.

---

7. Allow the EOAP-B connection by entering this command:

```
alw-trm:trm=x:force=yes
```

where *x* is the terminal number of EOAP-B.

---

8. Confirm that both EOAP connections are active. If only the SEAS feature is on, enter the following command:

```
rept-stat-seas
```

---

## CD-ROM Drive Card

This procedure describes how to replace the CD-ROM drive card (P/N 870-1515-03) in the EOAP shelf. The CD-ROM drive card does not require any reprovisioning.



**WARNING:** Prior to working on or around live equipment, follow proper ESD grounding procedures to prevent damage to the equipment; reference *ESD Protection Procedure (907-0404-01)*.



**CAUTION:** The EOAP's open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.

### Tools and Equipment

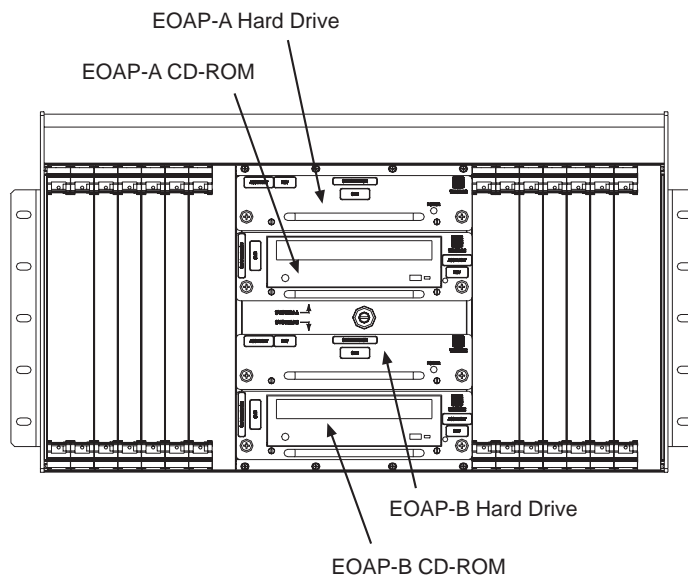
- ESD-safe Phillips screwdriver
- ESD-safe flashlight
- CD-ROM drive card (P/N 870-1515-03)

### Procedure

---

1. Identify the EOAP system (EOAP-A or EOAP-B) that contains the drive assembly that needs replacing.

**Figure 5-28.** EOAP-A and EOAP-B Drive Assemblies





## EOAP Maintenance

2. Display the EOAP terminal numbers to identify the terminal to be inhibited; enter **rtrv-trm** command. This is an example of the possible output:

```
rlghncxa03w 00-06-07 11:34:04 EST Rel 26.0.0
TRM TYPE COMM FC TMOUT MXINV DURAL
1 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 30 5 99:59:59
2 KSR 9600-7-E-1 HW 30 5 INDEF
3 PRINTER 4800-7-E-1 HW 30 0 00:00:00
4 OAP 19200-7-E-1 SW 30 5 00:30:00
5 VT320 9600-7-O-1 NONE 30 5 00:00:30
6 VT320 9600-7-E-2 SW 30 9 INDEF
7 PRINTER 9600-7-N-2 HW 30 5 00:30:00
8 KSR 19200-7-E-2 BOTH 30 5 00:30:00
9 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 30 7 00:30:00
10 OAP 19200-7-E-1 SW 30 5 00:30:00
11 VT320 4800-7-E-1 HW 30 5 00:30:00
12 PRINTER 9600-7-E-1 HW 30 4 00:30:00
13 VT320 9600-7-O-1 NONE 30 5 00:30:00
14 VT320 9600-7-E-2 SW 30 8 00:30:00
15 VT320 9600-7-N-2 HW 30 5 00:30:00
16 VT320 9600-7-E-2 BOTH 30 3 00:30:00
```

```
TRM TRAF LINK SA SYS PU DB UIMRD
1 NO YES NO YES NO YES YES
2 NO NO NO NO NO NO NO
3 YES YES YES NO YES YES YES
4 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
5 NO YES NO NO NO NO YES
6 NO NO YES NO NO NO NO
7 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
8 NO NO NO NO YES NO YES
9 NO YES NO NO NO YES NO
10 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
11 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
12 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
13 NO YES NO NO NO NO YES
14 NO NO YES NO NO NO NO
15 YES YES YES NO YES YES YES
16 NO NO NO NO YES NO YES
```

3. Inhibit the EOAP connection of the card to be replaced; enter this command:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the terminal number of the isolated EOAP.

The system returns this message:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-17 14:59:11 EST Release 26.0.0
Inhibit message sent to terminal
```

4. Change the terminal port to type **none** by entering this command:

```
chg-trm:type=none:trm=x
```

where *x* is the terminal number of the isolated EOAP.

The system returns this message:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-17 14:59:11 EST Release 26.0.0
CHG-TRM: MASP A - CMLTLD
```

5. Confirm that the isolated EOAP connection is inactive. If only the SEAS feature is on, enter the following command:

```
rept-stat-seas
```

- 
6. If the system is running, at the terminal connected to the EOAP that needs the card replaced:

- a. Log in as root:

```
Console login: root
```

```
Password: EAGLE
```

- b. Shut down all processes and exit back to root by entering these commands:

```
su - ccsproj
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.down
% exit
```

- c. Halt the isolated EOAP system by entering this command:

```
/usr/sbin/init 0
```

The screen will display output similar to the following. Wait until the `ok` prompt appears before continuing with the next step:

```
Date: time apg 2 halt: halted by root
Date: time apg 2 syslogd: going down on signal 15
Syncing file systems ... [1] done
Program terminated
Type help for more information
ok
```

---

7. While facing the drive card assembly to be replaced, locate the two captive screws attached to the left and right sides of the faceplate.
- 

8. Loosen the captive screws by hand until they no longer engage the threads in the floating fasteners on the drive bay faceplate.

**NOTE:** The heads on the captive fasteners should spring outward when freed.

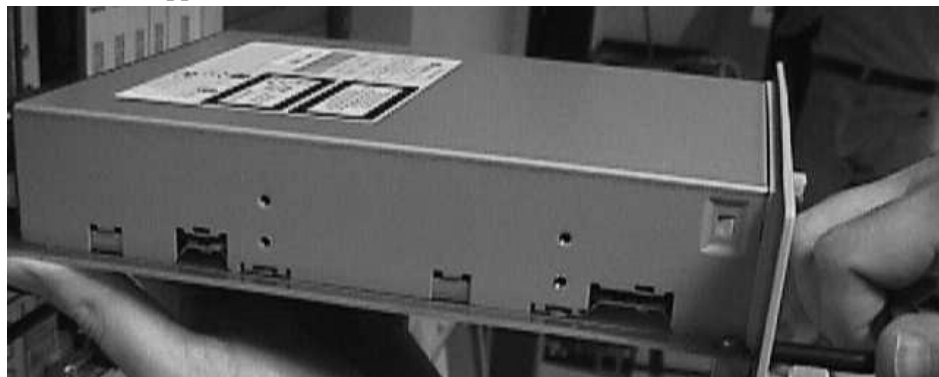
**Figure 5-29.** CD-ROM Drive Card Captive Screws



- 
- 9.** Grasp the drive assembly handle with one hand and carefully pull the assembly toward you. Pull until the rear connectors on the board are freed from the connectors on the backplane (see Figure 5-44 for instructions on removing a hard drive or CD-ROM drive assembly).

- 
- 10.** Continue pulling the card directly toward you until it clears the EOAP drive bay completely. Always support the drive assembly from underneath, when possible, using the other hand.

**Figure 5-30.** Support the CD-ROM Drive Card With Both Hands



- 
- 11.** Immediately store the card properly to avoid any damage due to handling or ESD.

- 
- 12.** Prior to inserting the replacement card, examine the pins in the EOAP backplane connector for any misalignment, evidence of shorts, or other signs of damage. The connectors look similar to those shown in Figure 5-46. If the pins show any damage, contact Tekelec Technical Services.

- 
- 13.** Remove the CD-ROM drive card assembly from the shipping container.

**Figure 5-31.** CD-ROM Drive Card (P/N 870-1515-03)


---

**14.** Use one hand to support the card assembly from underneath and the other hand to grasp the faceplate handle (see Figure 5-30).

---

**15.** While facing the front of the drive bay, carefully insert the card through the proper opening. Align the edges of the card with the channels in the card guides. Then push the assembly until the rear connectors on the drive card begin engaging the mated connectors on the backplane.

**Figure 5-32.** Install the CD-ROM Drive Card

Align the edges of  
the card with the  
card guides.

---




---

**16.** Press the faceplate of the assembly using constant pressure until connections are fully seated.

**Figure 5-33.** Press the Faceplate



Press the faceplate near the areas where the handle is in contact with the faceplate.

- 
- 17.** Push in each head of the left and right captive screws on the faceplate until the threads make contact with the floating fasteners in the drive bay faceplate. Use your fingers to firmly tighten each screw.



**WARNING:** Do not overtighten the screws as the heads could snap off. Reference Mechanical Assembly Torque Specification (906-0008-01).

- 
- 18.** Boot the EOAP from the `ok` prompt.

`ok boot`

If the card does not reboot, refer to troubleshooting procedure “CD-ROM Not Responding” on page 5-11.

- 
- 19.** After the processor card has reset the respective EOAP system, confirm that the CD-ROM drive is operational by checking the CD-ROM LED. A green LED indicates that power is supplied to the CD-ROM connector.

For troubleshooting drive cards or LEDs, refer to EOAP Hardware Troubleshooting.

---

You have replaced the CD-ROM drive card and confirmed that it is operational.

## Fan Assembly

This section describes how to replace an existing fan assembly. The fan assembly must be tested for proper operation after the installation. This procedure is part of the fan assembly replacement. Perform the replacement during a maintenance window and complete it within one hour.



**WARNING:** The EOAP unit can operate without failure or component damage for up to one hour without the fan tray providing cooling. Complete the replacement within this time frame to avoid having to shut down the entire EOAP unit.

### Replacement Order

Replace the fan assembly in the stages and order listed below:

1. Remove fan assembly
2. Install replacement fan assembly
3. Test fan operation

### Tools and Equipment

Use the following tools and equipment to replace a fan assembly:

- 1 fan assembly (P/N 890-1038-01), includes
  - mounting brackets (P/N 652-0954-01)
  - tooth washers (P/N 606-0062-01)
  - screws (P/N 600-0934-01)
  - air filters (P/N 551-0011-01)
- Safety glasses
- Tie wraps
- Wire cutter (to cut cable ties)
- Phillips screw driver

## Remove Fan Assembly

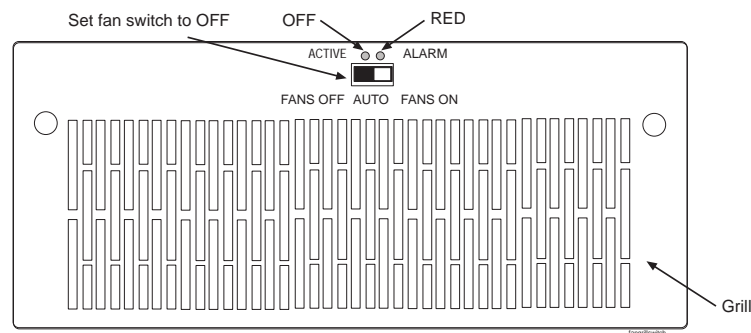
This procedure describes how to disconnect power from the fan assembly and remove the assembly from the frame.

**NOTE: Avoid removing mounting hardware from frame rail to allow for easier reinstallation of equipment.**

### Procedure

1. Locate the fan assembly to be replaced.
- 
2. At the fan assembly, toggle the fan switch on the grill panel to the OFF position. The fan assembly stops running. The Active LED is off and the Alarm LED is red. The Minor LED at the FAP is lit. Other fan assemblies (if installed) are not affected.

**Figure 5-34. Set Fan Switch to OFF**



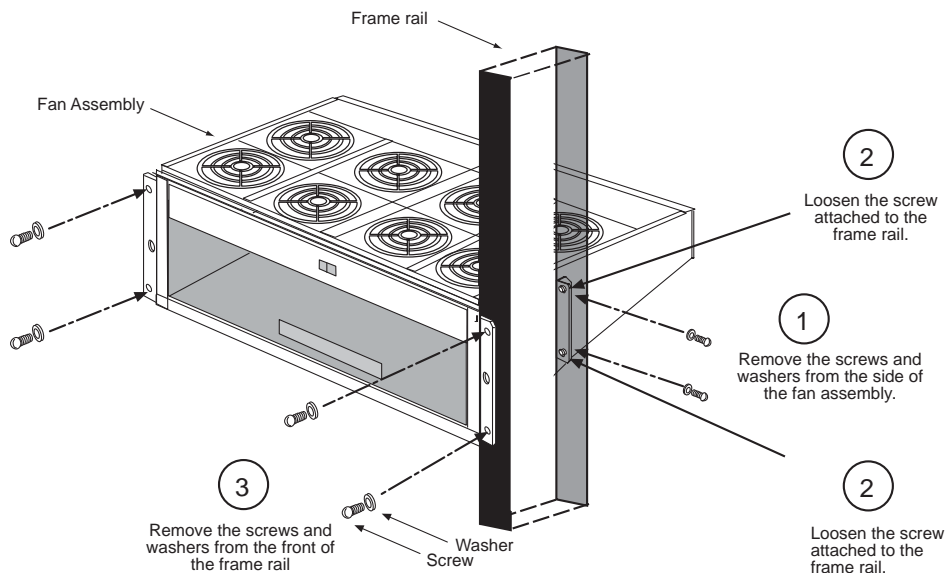
3. At the Eagle STP terminal, confirm the fan failure by typing in this command:  
`rept-stat-trbl`  
The Eagle STP reports the following alarm: 302 COOLING FAN FAILURE.

4. At the rear of the frame, remove the A and B power cables from fan assembly.

**DANGER: -48V are present at the cable. Use caution when reconnecting.**



5. At the fan assembly, place fiber paper on the shelf below where the fan is to be replaced. This ensures that nothing drops into the area or equipment below.
- 
6. From the rear of the frame and on each side of the fan assembly, locate the mounting bracket holding the fan assembly in place. Remove the two screws from the side of the fan assembly. Refer to Figure 5-35, Step 1. Temporarily store them in a safe place.

**Figure 5-35. Remove Fan Assembly**

7. On each side of the fan assembly, loosen the two screws that hold the mounting bracket to the frame rail to allow easier removal of the assembly. Refer to Figure 5-35, Step 2.
8. From the front of the frame, remove the grill and filter from the fan assembly by removing the two thumb screws from the grill faceplate. Temporarily store all in a safe place. Refer to Figure 5-36.
9. On each side of the fan assembly, remove the two screws that attach the fan assembly to the front of the frame rail. Refer to Figure 5-35, Step 3.
10. Open the doors on the lower shelf. Pull out the fan assembly from the front of the frame.

You have removed the fan assembly. Install the replacement fan assembly next.



## Install Replacement Fan Assembly

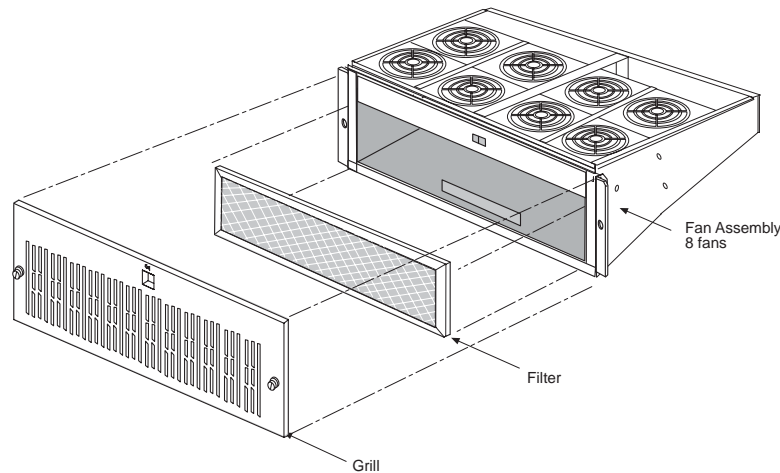
This procedure describes how to install the replacement fan assembly into the frame and reconnect the fan power cables.

### Procedure

---

1. Remove the replacement fan assembly from the shipping container.
- 
2. Remove the grill and filter from the fan assembly by removing the two thumb screws from the grill faceplate. Temporarily store all in a safe place.

**Figure 5-36.** Remove Grill and Filter from Fan Assembly



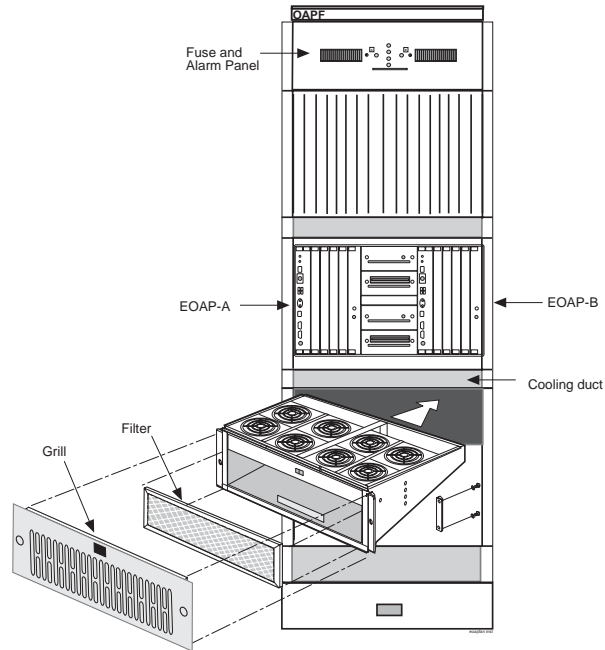
3. Open the doors on the lower shelf. From the front of the frame, slide the fan assembly into the shelf. Figure 5-37 shows a fan assembly inserted into an Eagle STP frame. Figure 5-37 shows a fan assembly inserted into an OAP frame.

On each side of the assembly, attach it with two screws and external tooth washers (P/N 601-0010-01) to the front frame rail. Tighten the screws. Refer to Figure 5-38, Step 1.

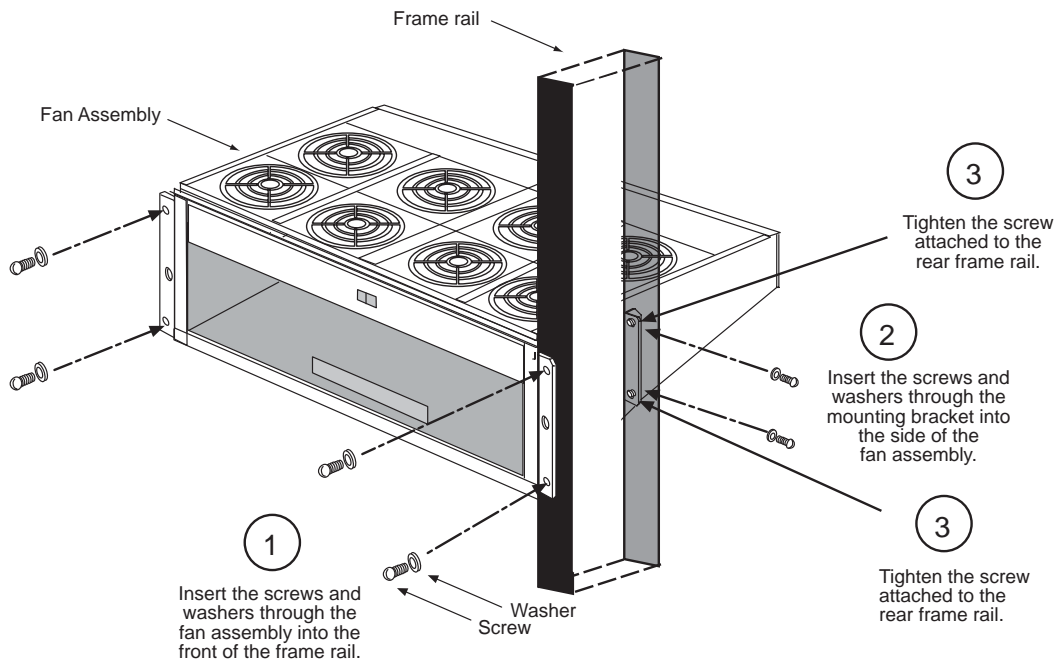


**WARNING:** Do not overtighten the screws as the heads could snap off. Reference Mechanical Assembly Torque Specification (906-0008-01).

**Figure 5-37.** Insert Fan Assembly Below EOAP Shelf



**Figure 5-38.** Attach Fan Assembly to Front of Frame Rail



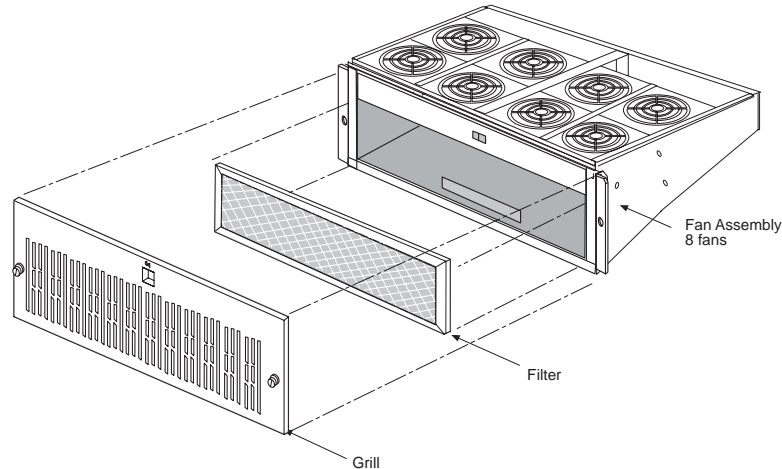
- 
4. From the rear of the frame and on each side of the fan assembly, insert two screws into the side of the fan assembly. Refer to Figure 5-39, Step 2.
-

5. Align the fan assembly with the sides of the shelf and tighten the two screws that were left on the mounting bracket. Refer to Figure 5-38, Step 3.

6. Replace the fan filter by setting it against the front of the fan assembly.

**NOTE: Point the air flow arrows stamped on top and bottom of filter towards the fan assembly.**

Figure 5-39. Replace Fan Filter and Grill



7. Replace the fan grill by placing it back over the filter on the front of the assembly. Hand-tighten the thumb screws. Refer to Figure 5-39.

8. At the rear of the frame, reconnect the fan power cables to the fan assembly.

**WARNING: -48V are present at the cable. Use caution when reconnecting.**

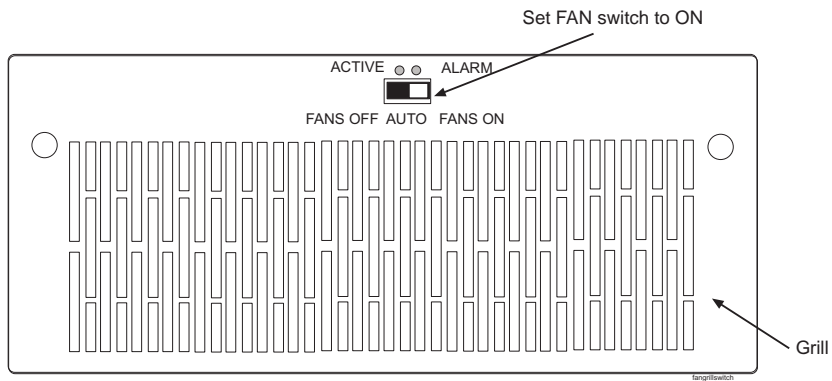


9. At the fan assembly, set the fan switch on the grill panel to the ON position. The fans start running.

**WARNING: Ensure that the switch is NOT set to AUTO. This setting is disabled.**



Figure 5-40. Fan Switch Set to ON



---

You have replaced the fan assembly. Test fan operation and fan alarm next.

## Test Fan Operation and Fan Alarm

Use this procedure to test the fan operation at the Eagle STP terminal and to ensure that the fan alarm is functioning.

**NOTE: For more information on the commands used in this procedure, refer to the Commands Manual.**

### Procedure

---

1. At the Eagle STP terminal, retrieve the feature options to ensure that the fan feature is turned on.

```
rtrv-feat
```

**NOTE: Once you have turned on the feature, you cannot turn it off. The feature applies to any and all fans installed within the system. When replacing a fan assembly, the feature should already be turned on.**

The output displays a list of optional features and their status on the system:

```
rlghncxa03w 00-06-07 00:57:31 EST Rel 26.0.0
EAGLE FEATURE LIST

GTT = on GWS = on NRT = off
X25G = on LAN = on CRMD = off
SEAS = on LFS = off MTPRS = off
LNP = on FAN = on DSTN4000 = off
WNP = off CNCF = on LNPL2MIL = off
TLNP = off SCCPCNV = off TCAPCNV = off
X252000 = off PLNP = off NCR = off
ITUMTPRS = off SLSOCB = on EGTT = off
```

2. Enable the feature if necessary by entering the following command:

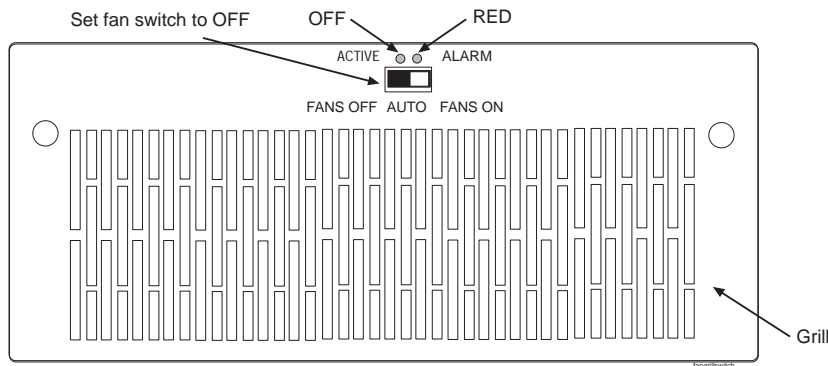
```
chg-feat:fan=on
```

where **:fan** is the parameter for turning on the fan feature.

After the program updates, the system returns output similar to the following:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-11 11:34:04 EST Rel 26.0.0
CHG-FEAT: MASP A - COMPLD
```

3. At the fan assembly, toggle the fan switch on the grill panel to the OFF position. The fan assembly stops running. The Active LED is off and the Alarm LED is red. The Minor LED at the FAP is lit. Other fan assemblies (if installed) are not affected.

**Figure 5-41.** Set Fan Switch to OFF

4. At the Eagle STP terminal, type in this command:

```
rept-stat-trbl
```

The Eagle STP reports the following alarm: 302 COOLING FAN FAILURE.

5. At the fan assembly, turn the switch back to the ON position (refer to Figure 5-41). The Active and Alarm LEDs are green. The Minor LED at the FAP goes out. The fan assembly starts running.

6. At the Eagle STP terminal, type in this command:

```
rept-stat-trbl
```

The Eagle STP reports the following alarm: 303 COOLING FAN NORMAL.

7. With a flashlight, check that all fans are running. Remove the grill and filter from the fan assembly by removing the two thumb screws from the grill faceplate (see Figure 5-41). Temporarily store all in a safe place. Visually check the movement of the fans.

8. Replace the fan filter by setting it against the front of the fan assembly. Refer to Figure 5-39.

**NOTE:** Point the air flow arrows stamped on top and bottom edge of the filter towards the fan assembly.

9. Replace the fan grill by placing it back over the filter on the front of the assembly. Hand-tighten the thumb screws. Refer to Figure 5-39.

10. At the rear of the frame, remove the A power cable from the A fan assembly. Both fan LEDs are off. The Minor LED at the FAP is lit. The fans for EOAP-A stop running. Other fan assemblies (if installed) are not affected.

- 11.** At the Eagle STP terminal, type in this command:

```
rept-stat-trbl
```

The Eagle STP reports the following alarm: 302 COOLING FAN FAILURE.

---

- 12.** Replace the A power cable on the rear of the fan assembly and secure the connector. The Active and Alarm LEDs are green. The Minor LED at the FAP goes out. The A fans start running.
- 

- 13.** At the Eagle STP terminal, type in this command:

```
rept-stat-trbl
```

The Eagle STP reports the following alarm: 303 COOLING FAN NORMAL.

For a single-configuration EOAP, this procedure is completed.

For a dual-configuration EOAP, continue with Step 14..

---

- 14.** At the rear of the frame, remove the B power cable from the B fan assembly. Both fan LEDs are off. The Minor LED at the FAP is lit. The fans for EOAP-B stop running. Other fan assemblies (if installed) are not affected.
- 

- 15.** At the Eagle STP terminal, type in this command:

```
rept-stat-trbl
```

The Eagle STP reports the following alarm: 302 COOLING FAN FAILURE.

---

- 16.** Replace the B power cable on the rear of the fan assembly and secure the connector. The Active and Alarm LEDs are green. The Minor LED at the FAP goes out. The B fans start running.
- 

- 17.** At the Eagle STP terminal, type in this command:

```
rept-stat-trbl
```

The Eagle STP reports the following alarm: 303 COOLING FAN NORMAL.

---

You have tested the operation of the fan assembly and the fan alarm.

## Hard Drive Card

This section describes how to replace a hard drive card (P/N 870-1514-03) in the EOAP shelf. The hard drive on the replacement card is preloaded with software but must be reprovisioned after the installation. Perform the replacement during a maintenance window.



**WARNING:** Prior to working on or around live equipment, follow proper ESD grounding procedures to prevent damage to the equipment; reference *ESD Protection Procedure (907-0404-01)*.



**CAUTION:** The EOAP's open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.

### Replacement Order

Replace the hard drive card in the stages and order listed below:

1. Remove hard drive card
2. Install replacement hard drive card
3. Reprovision hard drive

### Tools and Equipment

Use the following tools and equipment to replace a hard drive card:

- ESD-safe Phillips screwdriver
- ESD-safe flashlight
- Preloaded (software) hard drive card (P/N 870-1514-03)



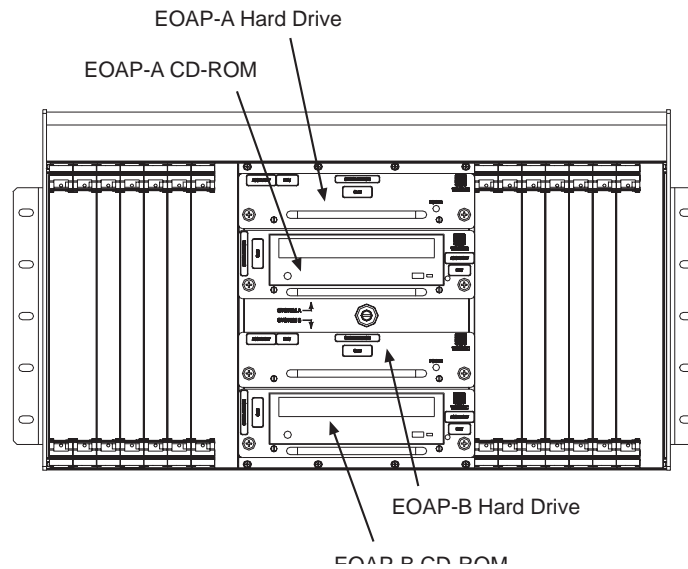
## Replace Hard Drive Card

This procedure describes how to remove a hard drive card P/N 870-1514-03 from the EOAP shelf.

### Procedure

1. Identify the EOAP side (EOAP-A or EOAP-B) that contains the drive assembly that needs replacing.

**Figure 5-42.** EOAP-A and EOAP-B Drive Assemblies



2. Display the EOAP terminal numbers to identify the terminal to be inhibited; enter the **rtrv-trm** command. This is an example of the possible output:

```
rlghncxa03w 00-06-07 11:34:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TRM TYPE COMM FC TMOUT MXINV DURAL
1 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 30 5 99:59:59
2 KSR 9600-7-E-1 HW 30 5 INDEF
3 PRINTER 4800-7-E-1 HW 30 0 00:00:00
4 OAP 19200-7-E-1 SW 30 5 00:30:00
5 VT320 9600-7-O-1 NONE 30 5 00:00:30
6 VT320 9600-7-E-2 SW 30 9 INDEF
7 PRINTER 9600-7-N-2 HW 30 5 00:30:00
8 KSR 19200-7-E-2 BOTH 30 5 00:30:00
9 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 30 7 00:30:00
10 OAP 19200-7-E-1 SW 30 5 00:30:00
11 VT320 4800-7-E-1 HW 30 5 00:30:00
12 PRINTER 9600-7-E-1 HW 30 4 00:30:00
13 VT320 9600-7-O-1 NONE 30 5 00:30:00
14 VT320 9600-7-E-2 SW 30 8 00:30:00
15 VT320 9600-7-N-2 HW 30 5 00:30:00
16 VT320 9600-7-E-2 BOTH 30 3 00:30:00
TRM TRAF LINK SA SYS PU DB UIMRD
1 NO YES NO YES NO YES YES
```

```

2 NO NO NO NO NO NO NO
3 YES YES YES NO YES YES YES
4 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
5 NO YES NO NO NO NO YES
6 NO NO YES NO NO NO NO
7 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
8 NO NO NO NO YES NO YES
9 NO YES NO NO NO YES NO
10 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
11 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
12 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
13 NO YES NO NO NO NO YES
14 NO NO YES NO NO NO NO
15 YES YES YES NO YES YES YES
16 NO NO NO NO YES NO YES

```

---

3. Inhibit the EOAP connection of the card to be replaced; enter this command:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where **x** is the terminal number of the isolated EOAP.

The system returns this message:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-17 14:59:11 EST Release 26.0.0
Inhibit message sent to terminal

```

---

4. Change the terminal port to type none by entering this command:

```
chg-trm:type=none:trm=x
```

where **x** is the terminal number of the isolated EOAP.

The system returns this message:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-17 14:59:11 EST Release 26.0.0
CHG-TRM: MASP A - CMLTD

```

---

Confirm that the isolated EOAP connection is inactive. If only the SEAS feature is on, enter the following command:

```
rept-stat-seas
```

---

5. If the system is running, at the terminal connected to the EOAP that needs the card replaced:

- a. Log in as root:

```
Console login: root
```

```
Password: EAGLE
```

## EOAP Maintenance

- b. Shut down all processes and exit back to root by entering these commands:

```
su - ccsproj
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.down
% exit
```

- c. Halt the isolated EOAP system by entering this command:

```
/usr/sbin/init 0
```

The screen will display output similar to the following. Wait until the `ok` prompt appears before continuing with the next step:

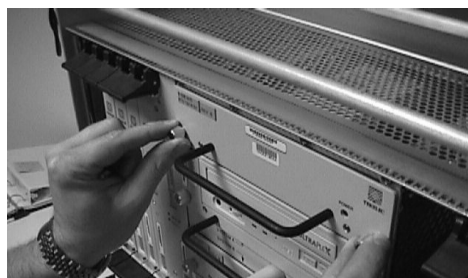
```
Date: time apg 2 halt: halted by root
Date: time apg 2 syslogd: going down on signal 15
Syncing file systems ... [1] done
Program terminated
Type help for more information
ok
```

- 
6. While facing the drive card assembly to be replaced, locate the two captive screws attached to the left and right sides of the faceplate.

- 
7. Loosen the captive screws by hand until they no longer engage the threads in the floating fasteners on the drive bay faceplate.

**NOTE:** The heads on the captive fasteners should spring outward when freed.

**Figure 5-43.** Loosen Hard Drive Card Captive Screws



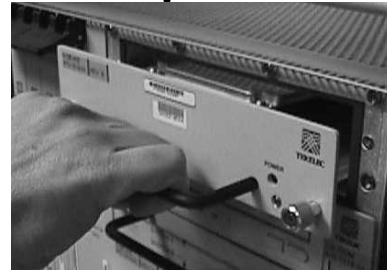
Loosen the captive screws by hand until they no longer engage the threads in the floating fasteners

- 
8. Grasp the drive assembly handle with one hand and carefully pull the assembly toward you. Pull until the rear connectors on the board are freed from the connectors on the backplane.

**Figure 5-44.** Free Hard Drive Card from the EOAP Card Cage

a. Grasp the handle with one hand.

b. Pull until connectors are freed from the backplane.



- 
- 9.** Continue pulling the card directly toward you until it clears the EOAP drive bay completely. Always support the drive assembly from underneath, when possible, using the other hand.

**Figure 5-45.** Support the Hard Drive Card With Both Hands

- 
- 10.** Immediately store the card properly to avoid any damage due to handling or ESD.

- 
- 11.** Prior to inserting the replacement card, examine the pins in the EOAP backplane connector for any misalignment, evidence of shorts, or other signs of damage.

**Figure 5-46.** Examine EOAP Backplane Connector Pins



- 
- 12.** Remove the new drive card assembly from the shipping container.

**Figure 5-47.** Hard Drive Card (P/N 870-1514-03)



- 
- 13.** Use one hand to support the card assembly from underneath and the other hand to grasp the faceplate handle (see Figure 5-45).

- 
- 14.** While facing the front of the drive bay, carefully insert the card through the proper opening. Align the edges of the card with the channels in the card guides. Then push the assembly until the rear connectors on the drive card begin engaging the mated connectors on the backplane.

**Figure 5-48.** Installing the Hard Drive Card

Align the edges of the card with the card guides.



- 
- 15.** Press the faceplate of the assembly using constant pressure until the connections are fully seated.

**Figure 5-49.** Pressing the Faceplate

Press the faceplate near the areas where the handle is in contact with the faceplate.

- 
- 16.** Push in each head of the left and right captive screws on the faceplate until the threads make contact with the floating fasteners in the drive bay faceplate. Use your fingers to firmly tighten each screw.



**WARNING:** Do not overtighten the screws as the heads could snap off. Reference Mechanical Assembly Torque Specification (906-0008-01).

- 
- 17.** The system will automatically reboot to recognize the card. If the system does not automatically reboot, boot it manually from the terminal:

```
ok boot
```

---

You have replaced the hard drive card. Re provision the hard drive next.

### Reprovision Hard Drive

These procedures assume that the installed hard drive was preloaded with EOAP platform and UAL software.



**CAUTION:** The EOAP's open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.

**NOTE 1:** Perform all procedures logged in as “root” unless specified otherwise.

**NOTE 2:** In the event of a failure, repeat the section in which the failure occurred. If the failure re-occurs, contact technical services for guidance.

**NOTE 3:** Some of the following steps require use of function keys. To press function keys on a VT-520 terminal, type <Esc> plus the number. For example, to press function key F2, type <Esc>-2. A quick reference guide to *vi* text editor commands is provided in Appendix A.

## Configuring System Parameters

### Procedure

---

1. After a manual or automatic first boot, verify the system is operational with the default configuration.

- a. Log in as root:

```
Console login: root
```

```
Password: EAGLE
```

- b. Verify that all the required processes are running by entering the following commands:

```
su - ccsproj
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.status
```

The system displays output similar to the following:

```
***** System (msDI) registration report starts *****
***** date/time==> Wed May 29 14:29:35 1996
* Process=(msDI00), Host(apg3)/PID=(870): IPC directory daemon
* Process=(ysT300), Host(apg3)/PID=(915):
* Process=(ysA201), Host(apg3)/PID=(920): UAL Timeout/PVC state cntl daemon
* Process=(ysA301), Host(apg3)/PID=(938): UAL Multi-Seg. Re-assembly daemon
* Process=(ysA401), Host(apg3)/PID=(954): UAL conf. fail/clear daemon
* Process=(ysA001), Host(apg3)/PID=(970): OS Contract OS to NE daemon
* Process=(ysT100), Host(apg3)/PID=(989):
* Process=(ysAD01), Host(apg3)/PID=(1012): UAL test msg echo daemon
* Process=(ysT200), Host(apg3)/PID=(1001):
! Process=(ysA101), Host(apg3)/PID=(1037): UAL/X.25 PVC daemon
! Process=(ysA102), Host(apg3)/PID=(1053): UAL/X.25 PVC daemon
! Process=(ysA103), Host(apg3)/PID=(1069): UAL/X.25 PVC daemon
* Process=(ysTT00), Host(apg3)/PID=(1130):
* Process=(emsAgent), Host(apg3)/PID=(611): EmsAgent
* Process=(emsStatusUpdate), Host(ralph)/PID=(12144): EMS Agent Status
```

NOTE: Only applicable processes are listed. The host and PID output will vary. The processes marked with “!” will vary depending on the X.25 configuration in the DEFAULTS file. In a single EOAP configuration, six X.25 processes are listed. In a dual EOAP configuration, only three X.25 processes are listed.

---

2. Reboot the EOAP:

```
/usr/sbin/init 6
```

---

3. Display the current EOAP configuration by entering the `rtrv-oap-config` command. This is an example of the possible output:

```
rlghncxa03w 00-06-07 11:34:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
OAP CONFIGURATION REPORT
```

```

DATA OAP A OAP B
rlghncxa03w 00-06-07 11:34:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
OAP CONFIGURATION REPORT
DATA OAP A OAP B
Hostname tekelec-12 tekelec-13
IP Address 192.106.175.025 192.106.175.026
IP Netmask 255.255.255.000 255.255.255.000
Default Router 128.132.064.001 128.132.064.001
Config dual dual
SEAC CLLI RLGHNXCXB14Y RLGHNXCXB14Y
X25 Packet Size 88
X25 Mode DTE DTE
Active LSMS main main
Main LSMS NSAP 198.102.115.125 198.102.115.125
Main LSMS SSEL emss emss
Main LSMS PSEL emsp emsp
Shadow LSMS NSAP <Not configured> <Not configured>
Shadow LSMS SSEL <Not configured> <Not configured>
Shadow LSMS PSEL <Not configured> <Not configured>

```

When both the SEAS and LNP features are on, all the fields of the **rtrv-oap-config** output are displayed, as in the example above. If only the SEAS or LNP feature is on, then only fields related to the particular feature are displayed.

Before the EOAP configuration can be sent to the specified EOAP with the **act-oap-config** command, certain fields of the **rtrv-oap-config** command output must be correctly configured depending on whether the SEAS or LNP features are on or not. If these fields do contain incorrect entries and the EOAP configuration is sent to the specified EOAP, the specified EOAP may go out of service.

- 
4. Make sure that there are no alarms for either EOAP. If only the SEAS feature is on, enter the following command:

```
rept-stat-seas
```

- 
5. Verify that all settings are correct using the **rtrv-oap-config** command before continuing to the next step. This is an example of the possible output:

```

rlghncxa03w 00-06-07 11:34:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
OAP CONFIGURATION REPORT
DATA OAP A OAP B
Hostname tekelec-22 tekelec-23
IP Address 192.106.175.005 192.106.175.006
IP Netmask 255.255.255.001 255.255.255.001
Default Router 128.132.064.005 128.132.064.005
Config dual dual
SEAC CLLI RLGHNXCXB18Y RLGHNXCXB18Y
X25 Packet Size 77
X25 Mode DCE DCE
Active LSMS main main
Main LSMS NSAP 198.102.115.125 198.102.115.125
Main LSMS SSEL emss emss
Main LSMS PSEL emsp emsp
Shadow LSMS NSAP 198.102.115.105 198.102.115.105
Shadow LSMS SSEL shws shws

```



```
Shadow LSMS PSEL shws shws
```

---

6. For the EOAP to be updated by the **act-oap-config** command, return the EOAP ports to service:

```
rst-trm:trm=4
rst-trm:trm=10
```

After successful completion of this command, the system returns the following output:

```
rlghncxa03w 00-06-17 15:08:45 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
Allow message sent to terminal
```

---

7. Verify that the EOAP port is returned to service by entering the **rept-stat-trm** command.

This is an example of the possible output:

```
rlghncxa03w 00-06-07 11:34:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TRM PST SST AST
1 IS-NR Active -----
2 IS-NR Active -----
3 IS-NR Active -----
4 IS-NR Active -----
5 IS-NR Active -----
6 IS-NR Active -----
7 IS-NR Active -----
8 IS-NR Active -----
9 IS-NR Active -----
10 IS-NR Active -----
11 IS-NR Active -----
12 IS-NR Active -----
13 IS-NR Active -----
14 IS-NR Active -----
15 IS-NR Active -----
16 IS-NR Active -----
Command Completed.
```

If the entry IS-NR is not shown in the PST field of the **rept-stat-trm** output, the EOAP port has not been returned to service. Contact the Tekelec Technical Services department (see “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10).

---

8. If the LNP feature is on, display the LNP services in the database with the **rtrv-lnp-serv** command. Before the EOAP configuration can be updated with the **act-oap-config** command, the LNP translation type services CLASS, LIDB, CNAM, and ISVM must be defined in the database. This is an example of the possible output; the required LNP services contained in the output example are shown in bold:

```
rlghncxa03w 00-06-07 11:34:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SERV TT TTN DV ALIAS
AIN 15 AINGTE TCAP 235
236
240
IN 30 INGTE TCAP 150
175
```

```

LIDB 20 LIDB SCCP 80
CLASS 25 CLASSGTE SCCP ---
UDF1 201 UDF1 SCCP ---
UFD3 100 UFD3 SCCP 40
45
WNP 50 WNP50 TCAP ---
TT-SERV TABLE IS (12 of 256) 5% FULL

```

If the LNP translation type services CLASS, LIDB, CNAM, and ISVM are not shown in the output of the `rtrv-lnp-serv` command, go to procedure *Adding an LNP Service* in the *EAGLEEAGLE STP Database Administration Manual - LNP* and add the required translation types to the database. In this output example, the ISVM and CNAM LNP translation type services are not in the database.

- 
9. Send the EOAP configuration data to the EOAP using the `act-oap-config` command. The `force=yes` parameter must be specified with the `act-oap-config` command. If the `cfg=dual` parameter was specified with the `chg-oap-config` command, both EOAPs must be updated. Update one EOAP at a time using the `force=yes` parameter. This allows SEAS and LNP traffic to continue being sent to the system while the EOAP configuration is being updated. It can take up to 15 minutes to update the configuration of the EOAP, during which time the EOAP being updated will be out of service.

Use the following commands for EOAP-A only:

- a. Update EOAP A by entering this command:

```
act-oap-config:oap=a:force=yes
```

After successful completion of this command, the system returns the following output:

```

rlghncxa03w 00-06-07 11:34:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
ACT-OAP-CONFIG: MASP A - COMPLTD

```

- b. Wait 15 minutes, then enter the `rept-stat-seas` command to make sure that there are no alarms for EOAP A.

This is an example of the possible output:

```
rept-stat-seas
```

```

rlghncxa03w 00-06-04 15:59:06 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SEAS Subsystem Report IS-NR Active -----SEAS
Interfaces Configured = 2 Interfaces IS-NR = 2
GPL PST SST AST

```

```

SEAS SYSTEM IS-NR Active -----
TDM Port 4 IS-NR Active -----
TDM Port 10 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A 250-001-000 IS-NR Active -----
OAP B 250-001-000 IS-NR Active -----
X.25 Link A1 IS-NR Active -----
X.25 Link B1 IS-NR Active -----
SEAS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.

```

## EOAP Maintenance

```
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 Link A1 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 Link A2 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 Link B1 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 Link B2 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 A1 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 A1 PVCs OOS-MT = ---X25
B1 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 B1 PVCs OOS-MT = ---X25
A2 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 A2 PVCs OOS-MT = ---X25
B2 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 B2 PVCs OOS-MT = ---Command
Completed.
```

Use the following pair of commands for EOAP-B only:

- a. Update EOAP B:

```
act-oap-config:oap=b:force=yes
```

After successful completion of this command, the system returns the following output:

```
rlghncxa03w 00-06-07 11:34:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
ACT-OAP-CONFIG: MASP A - COMPLTD
```

- b. Wait 15 minutes, then enter either the **rept-stat-seas** command to make sure that there are no alarms for EOAP B.

This is an example of the possible output:

```
rept-stat-seas
```

```
rlghncxa03w 00-06-04 15:59:06 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SEAS Subsystem Report IS-NR Active -----
SEAS Interfaces Configured = 2 Interfaces IS-NR = 2
GPL PST SST AST
```

```

SEAS SYSTEM IS-NR Active -----
TDM Port 4 IS-NR Active -----
TDM Port 10 IS-NR Active -----
OAP A 250-001-000 IS-NR Active -----
OAP B 250-001-000 IS-NR Active -----
X.25 Link A1 IS-NR Active -----
X.25 Link B1 IS-NR Active -----
SEAS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP A ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
OAP B ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 Link A1 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 Link A2 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 Link B1 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 Link B2 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
X25 A1 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 A1 PVCs OOS-MT = ---X25
B1 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 B1 PVCs OOS-MT = ---X25
A2 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 A2 PVCs OOS-MT = ---X25
B2 PVCs IS-NR = 1,2,3
X25 B2 PVCs OOS-MT = ---Command
```

Completed.

If alarms are shown for the EOAPs in the **rept-stat-seas** outputs, contact the Tekelec Technical Services department (see “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10).

---

## Power Supply Card

This procedure describes how to replace a power supply card (P/N 870-1521-01) and verify its operation after the replacement. The power supply card does not require any provisioning.



**WARNING:** Prior to working on or around live equipment, follow proper ESD grounding procedures to prevent damage to the equipment; reference *ESD Protection Procedure (907-0404-01)*.



**CAUTION:** The EOAP's open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.

### Tools and Equipment

- Insulated Phillips screwdriver
- Insulated flashlight
- Power supply card (P/N 870-1521-01)

### Procedure

---

1. Identify the EOAP system (EOAP-A or EOAP-B) that contains the card to be replaced.

---
2. At the terminal connected to the EOAP that needs the card replaced:
  - a. Log in as root:

```
Console login: root
Password: EAGLE
```
  - b. Shut down all processes and exit back to root by entering these commands:

```
su - ccspoj
% cd /ccsomsr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.down
% exit
```
  - c. Halt the isolated EOAP system by entering this command:

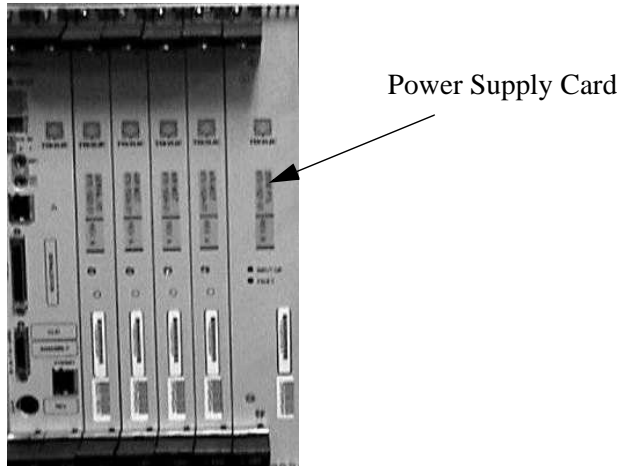
```
/usr/sbin/init 0
```

The screen will display output similar to the following. Wait until the `ok` prompt appears before continuing with the next step:

```
Date: time apg 2 halt: halted by root
Date: time apg 2 syslogd: going down on signal 15
Syncing file systems ... [1] done
Program terminated
Type help for more information
ok
```

3. Locate the power supply card (slots 7 and 8).

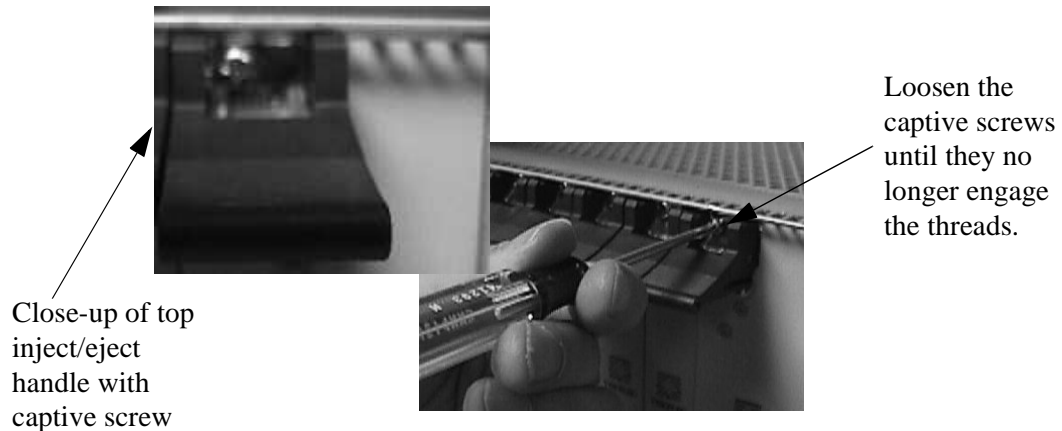
**Figure 5-50.** Locate Power Supply Card



4. While facing the card to be replaced, locate the two captive screws attached to the top and bottom inject/eject handle brackets on the faceplate. Figure 5-51 shows a close-up of the top handle with captive screw.

5. Using a small Phillips head screwdriver, loosen the captive screws until they no longer engage the threads. **Do not remove the screws** from the ejector handle brackets.

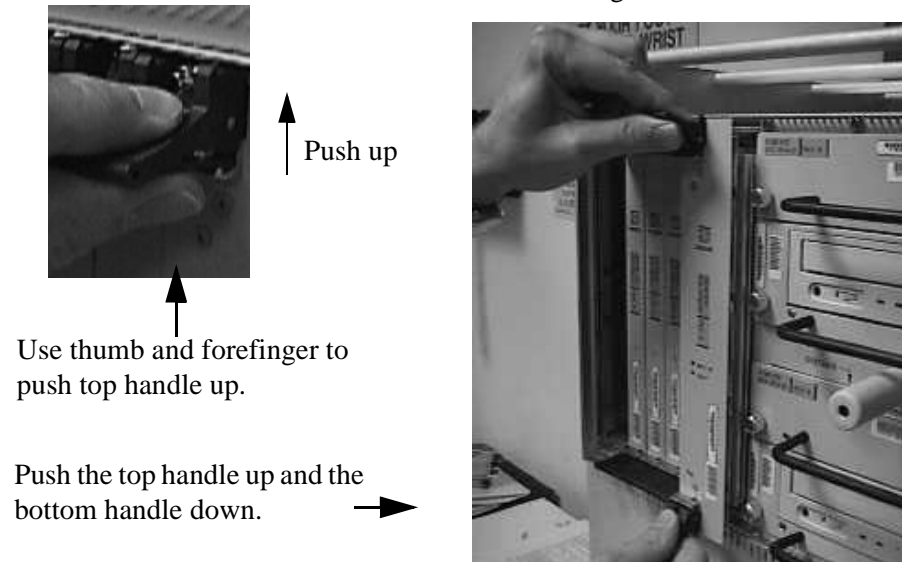
**Figure 5-51.** Loosening Captive Screws of Power Supply Card



## EOAP Maintenance

- Using the thumb and forefinger, push the top handle up and the bottom handle down simultaneously until the card is completely free from the backplane in the card cage.

**Figure 5-52.** Free the Card from the EOAP Card Cage

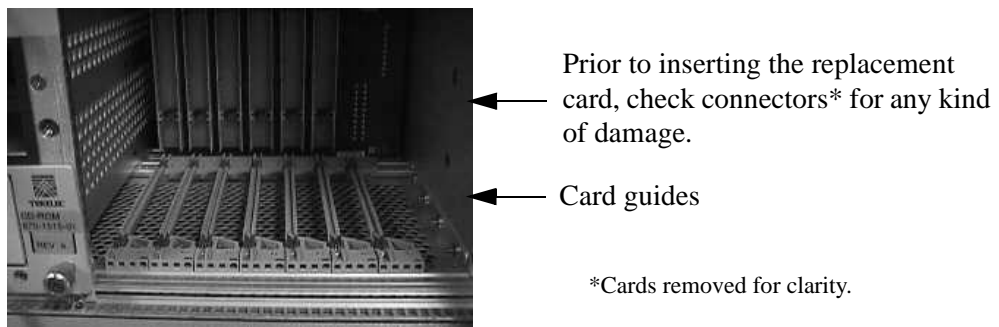


- Pull the card directly towards you until it clears the card guides and guide rails.

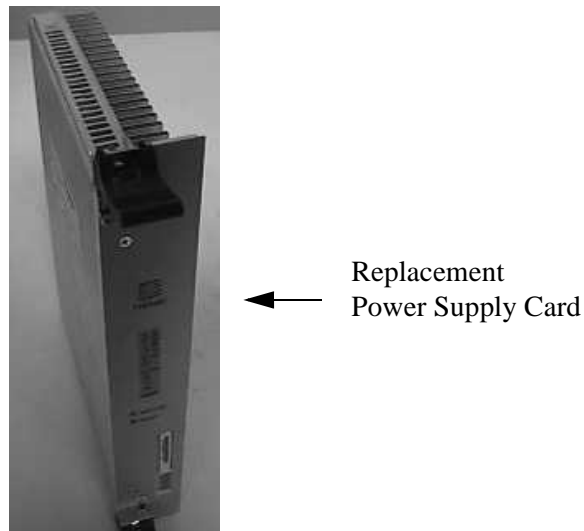
- Immediately store the card properly to avoid any damage due to handling or ESD.

- Prior to inserting the replacement card, examine the pins in the EOAP backplane connector for any misalignment, evidence of shorts, or other signs of damage.

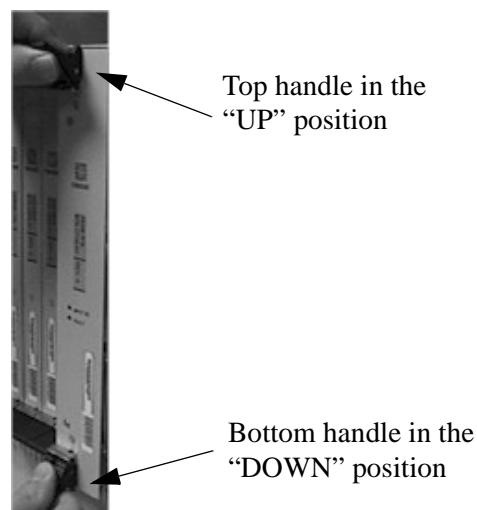
**Figure 5-53.** EOAP Backplane Connector Pins



- Remove the replacement power supply card from the shipping container.

**Figure 5-54.** Power Supply Card (P/N 870-1521-01)

- 
- 11.** Make sure the two captive screws located in the inject/eject handle brackets are partially backed out so they do not interfere with insertion.
- 
- 12.** Push all handles outward from the replacement card's faceplate (top handle in the "UP" position, bottom handle in the "DOWN" position.)

**Figure 5-55.** Power Supply Card Handles

- 
- 13.** Carefully align the replacement card's edges with the channels in the top and bottom card guides. Refer to Figure 5-56. Then push the card along the length of the card guides until the rear connector on the card begins engaging the mating connector on the backplane.



**Figure 5-56.** Inserting the Power Supply Card



Push the card along the length of the card guides until the rear connector on the card begins engaging the mating connector on the backplane.

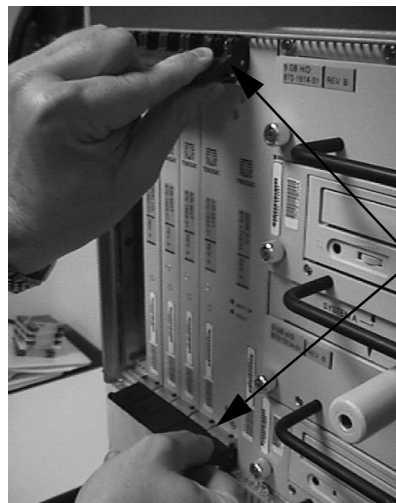
- 
14. Press the faceplate of the card using constant pressure until you feel the card's progress cease.



**WARNING:** Do not impact the faceplate in order to mate the two connectors. Any impact to the card's faceplate can damage the faceplate, the pins in the backplane, or the backplane itself.

- 
15. Using the thumb and forefinger together, push the top inject/eject handle down and the bottom handle up until both handles are in the locked position. Figure 5-58 shows a close-up of a top inject/eject handle in the locked position.

**Figure 5-57.** Handles in Locked Position



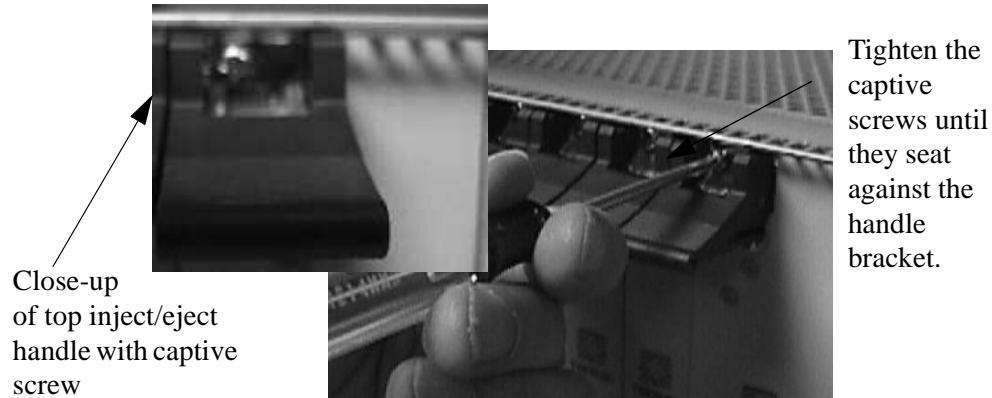
Handles in locked position

- 
16. Using a small Phillips head screwdriver, tighten all captive screws in the handle brackets until they seat against the handle bracket.



**WARNING:** Do not overtighten the screws as the heads could snap off.  
Reference Mechanical Assembly Torque Specification (906-0008-01).

**Figure 5-58.** Tighten Captive Screws



- 
- 17.** Once the card is replaced, the system will automatically reboot. If the card does not automatically reboot, go to the terminal and type the following at the `ok` prompt:

```
ok boot
```

---

- 18.** After the processor card has reset, confirm that the power supply card is operational by checking its LEDs. A green Power LED indicates that power is supplied to the power supply card.
- 

You have replaced the power supply card and confirmed that it is operational.

## Processor Card

This procedure describes how to replace the processor card (P/N 870-1523-01) in a EOAP shelf. The processor card requires reprovisioning.



**WARNING:** Prior to working on or around live equipment, follow proper ESD grounding procedures to prevent damage to the equipment; reference *ESD Protection Procedure (907-0404-01)*.



**CAUTION:** The EOAP's open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.

### Replacement Order

Replace the processor card in the stages and order listed below:

1. Replace processor card
2. Reprovision processor card

### Tools and Equipment

- Small Phillips head screwdriver
- Flashlight (to view back panel interior)
- EOAP processor card (P/N 870-1523-01)

### Procedure

1. At the Eagle STP, make sure that the redundant EOAP is active. If the SEAS feature is on, enter the `rept-stat-seas` command. For this example, enter the `rept-stat-seas` command. The system returns output similar to the following:

`rept-stat-seas`

```
tekelecstp 99-09-23 16:55:28 EST Rel 25.0.0-19.1.0
 GPL PST SST AST

SEAS SYSTEM OOS-MT Fault -----
TDM TRM 4 OOS-MT Fault -----
OAP A OOS-MT Isolated -----
X25 Link A1 OOS-MT Fault -----
X25 Link A2 OOS-MT Fault -----

SEAS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = *C 0349 SEAS unavailable
OAP A ALARM STATUS = ** 0341 OAP unavailable
X25 Link A1 ALARM STATUS = ** 0343 SEAS X.25 Link unavailable
X25 Link A2 ALARM STATUS = ** 0343 SEAS X.25 Link unavailable
```

```
X25 A1 PVCs IS-NR = ---
X25 A1 PVCs OOS-MT = ---

X25 A2 PVCs IS-NR = ---
X25 A2 PVCs OOS-MT = ---
Command Completed.
```

;

2. Display the EOAP terminal numbers to identify the terminal to be inhibited; enter **rtrv-trm** command. This is an example of the possible output:

```
rlghncxa03w 00-06-07 11:34:04 EST Rel 26.0.0
TRM TYPE COMM FC TMOUT MXINV DURAL
1 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 30 5 99:59:59
2 KSR 9600-7-E-1 HW 30 5 INDEF
3 PRINTER 4800-7-E-1 HW 30 0 00:00:00
4 OAP 19200-7-E-1 SW 30 5 00:30:00
5 VT320 9600-7-O-1 NONE 30 5 00:00:30
6 VT320 9600-7-E-2 SW 30 9 INDEF
7 PRINTER 9600-7-N-2 HW 30 5 00:30:00
8 KSR 19200-7-E-2 BOTH 30 5 00:30:00
9 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 30 7 00:30:00
10 OAP 19200-7-E-1 SW 30 5 00:30:00
11 VT320 4800-7-E-1 HW 30 5 00:30:00
12 PRINTER 9600-7-E-1 HW 30 4 00:30:00
13 VT320 9600-7-O-1 NONE 30 5 00:30:00
14 VT320 9600-7-E-2 SW 30 8 00:30:00
15 VT320 9600-7-N-2 HW 30 5 00:30:00
16 VT320 9600-7-E-2 BOTH 30 3 00:30:00

TRM TRAF LINK SA SYS PU DB UIMRD
1 NO YES NO YES NO YES YES
2 NO NO NO NO NO NO NO
3 YES YES YES NO YES YES YES
4 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
5 NO YES NO NO NO NO YES
6 NO NO YES NO NO NO NO
7 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
8 NO NO NO NO YES NO YES
9 NO YES NO NO NO YES NO
10 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
11 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
12 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
13 NO YES NO NO NO NO YES
14 NO NO YES NO NO NO NO
15 YES YES YES NO YES YES YES
16 NO NO NO NO YES NO YES
```

3. Inhibit the isolated EOAP connection by entering this command:

**inh-trm:trm=x**

where *x* is the terminal number of the isolated EOAP.

The system returns this message:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-17 14:59:11 EST Release 26.0.0
Inhibit message sent to terminal
```

## EOAP Maintenance

4. Change the terminal port to type **none** by entering this command:

```
chg-trm:type=none:trm=x
```

where *x* is the terminal number of the isolated EOAP.

The system returns this message:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-17 14:59:11 EST Release 26.0.0
CHG-TRM: MASP A - CMPLTD
```

---

5. Confirm that the isolated EOAP connection is inactive. If the SEAS feature is on, enter the **rept-stat-seas** command. The system returns output similar to the following:

```
tekelecstp 99-09-23 16:55:28 EST Rel 25.0.0-19.1.0
 GPL PST SST AST

SEAS SYSTEM OOS-MT Fault -----
TDM TRM 4 OOS-MT Fault -----
OAP A ----- OOS-MT Isolated -----
X25 Link A1 OOS-MT Fault -----
X25 Link A2 OOS-MT Fault -----

SEAS SYSTEM ALARM STATUS = *C 0349 SEAS unavailable
OAP A ALARM STATUS = ** 0341 OAP unavailable
X25 Link A1 ALARM STATUS = ** 0343 SEAS X.25 Link unavailable
X25 Link A2 ALARM STATUS = ** 0343 SEAS X.25 Link unavailable

X25 A1 PVCs IS-NR = ---
X25 A1 PVCs OOS-MT = ---

X25 A2 PVCs IS-NR = ---
X25 A2 PVCs OOS-MT = ---
Command Completed.
;
```

---

6. At the EOAP terminal connected to the isolated EOAP:
  - a. Log in as root:  
Console login: **root**  
Password: **EAGLE**
  - b. Shut down all processes and exit back to root by entering these commands:  

```
su - ccsproj
% cd /ccsomsr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.down
% exit
```
  - c. Halt the isolated EOAP system by entering this command:  

```
/usr/sbin/init 0
```

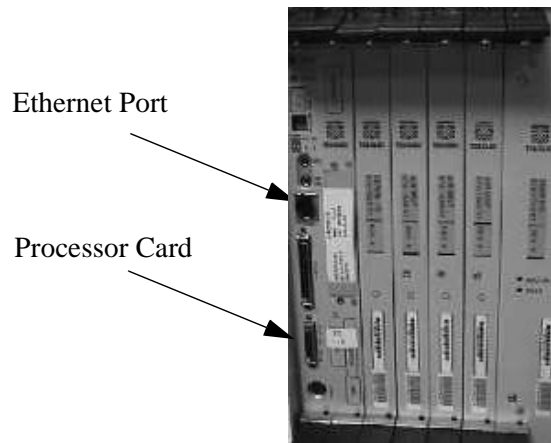
The screen will display output similar to the following. Wait until the `ok` prompt appears before continuing with the next step:

```
Date: time apg 2 halt: halted by root
Date: time apg 2 syslogd: going down on signal 15
Syncing file systems ... [1] done
Program terminated
Type help for more information
ok
```

---

7. Locate the processor card (slots 1 and 2).

**Figure 5-59.** Locate Processor Card



8. Locate the Ethernet port on the front of the processor card (refer to Figure 5-59). The port connects to the customer network equipment. Unplug this cable and tie it off to part of the card cage structure. You will need to plug this cable back into the replacement processor card's Ethernet port.

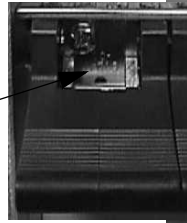
**NOTE:** Disconnecting the Ethernet cable will result in a series of network-related error messages on the EOAP console. Ignore these messages and continue.

---

9. Locate the four captive screws attached to the top and bottom inject/eject handle brackets on the faceplate. Figure 5-60 shows a close-up of the top handle with a captive screw.
10. Using a small Phillips head screwdriver, loosen the captive screws until they no longer engage the threads. **Do not remove the screws** from the ejector handle brackets.

**Figure 5-60.** Processor Card Captive Screws

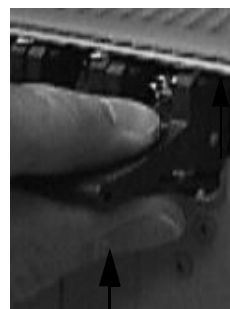
Top Handle  
and Captive  
Screw  
Enlarged



Loosen the  
screws until  
they no longer  
engage the  
threads in the  
guide rail.

- 
11. Using the thumb and forefinger, push the top handle up and the bottom handle down simultaneously until the card is completely free from the backplane in the card cage.

**Figure 5-61.** Freeing the Processor Card from the EOAP Card Cage



Push up

Use thumb and forefinger to

Push the top handle up and the  
bottom handle down.



- 
12. Pull the card directly towards you until it clears the card guides and guide rails.

- 
13. Immediately store the card properly to avoid any damage due to handling or ESD.

- 
14. Prior to inserting the replacement card, examine the pins in the EOAP backplane connector for any misalignment, evidence of shorts, or other signs of damage.

**Figure 5-62.** EOAP Backplane Connector Pins



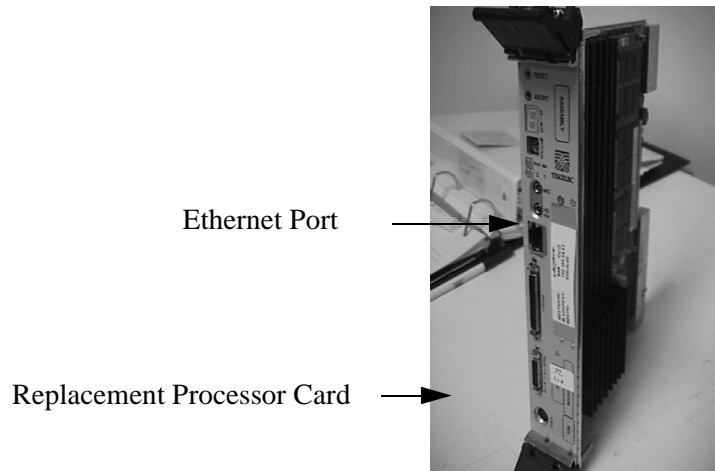
Prior to inserting the replacement card, check connectors\* for any kind of damage.

Card guides

\*Cards removed for clarity.

**15.** Remove the replacement processor card from the shipping container.

**Figure 5-63.** Processor Card (P/N 870-1523-01)



Ethernet Port

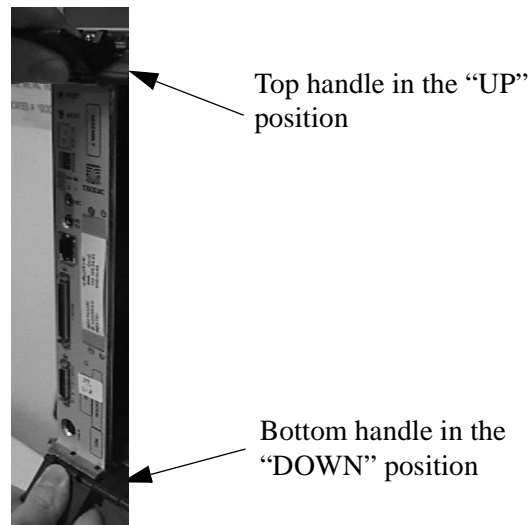
Replacement Processor Card

**16.** Make sure the four captive screws located in the inject/eject handle brackets are partially backed out so they do not interfere with insertion.

**17.** Push all handles outward from the replacement card's faceplate (top handle in the "UP" position, bottom handle in the "DOWN" position.)

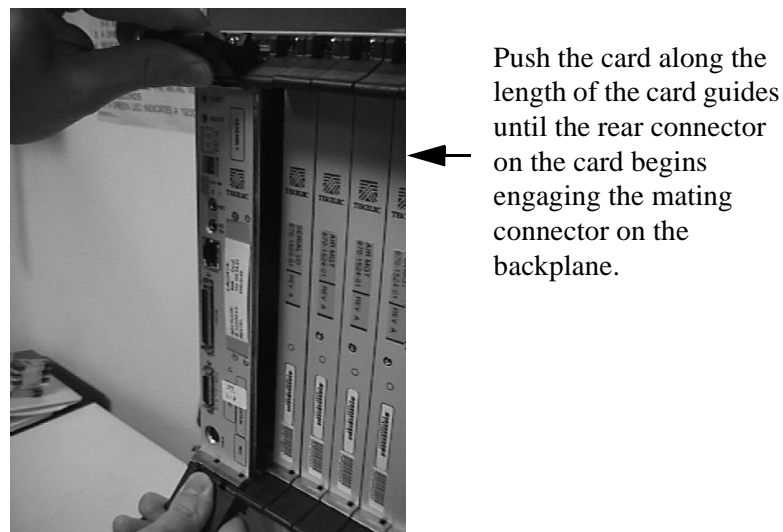


**Figure 5-64.** Processor Card Handles



- 
- 18.** Carefully align the replacement card's edges with the channels in the top and bottom card guides. Refer to Figure 5-65. Then push the card along the length of card guides until the rear connector on the card begins engaging the mating connector on the backplane.

**Figure 5-65.** Inserting the Replacement Processor Card



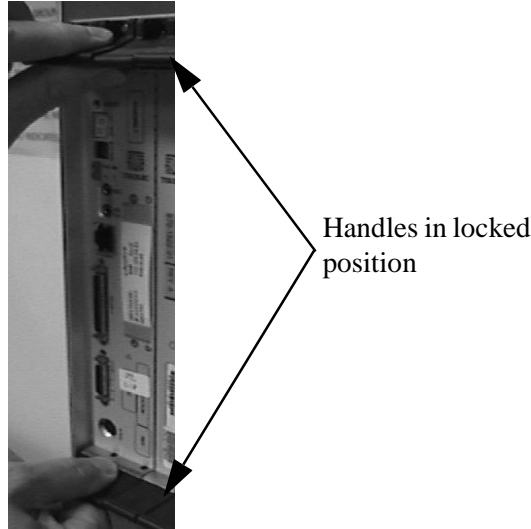
- 
- 19.** Press the faceplate of the card using constant pressure until you feel the card's progress cease.



**WARNING:** Do not impact the faceplate in order to mate the two connectors. Any impact to the card's faceplate can damage the faceplate, the pins in the backplane, or the backplane itself.

20. Using the thumb and forefinger together, push the top inject/eject handle down and the bottom handle up until both handles are in the locked position. Figure 5-67 shows a close-up of a top inject/eject handle in the locked position.

**Figure 5-66.** Locking the Inject/Eject Handles

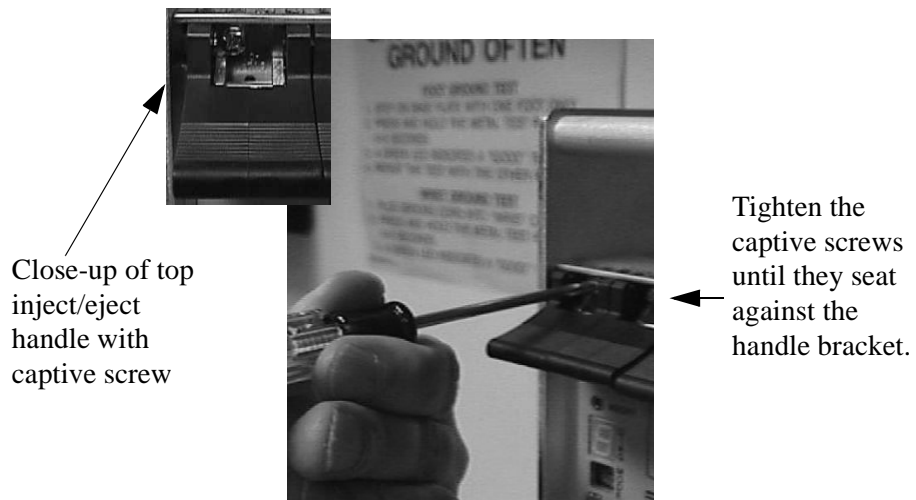


21. Using a small Phillips head screwdriver, tighten all captive screws in the handle brackets until they seat against the handle bracket.



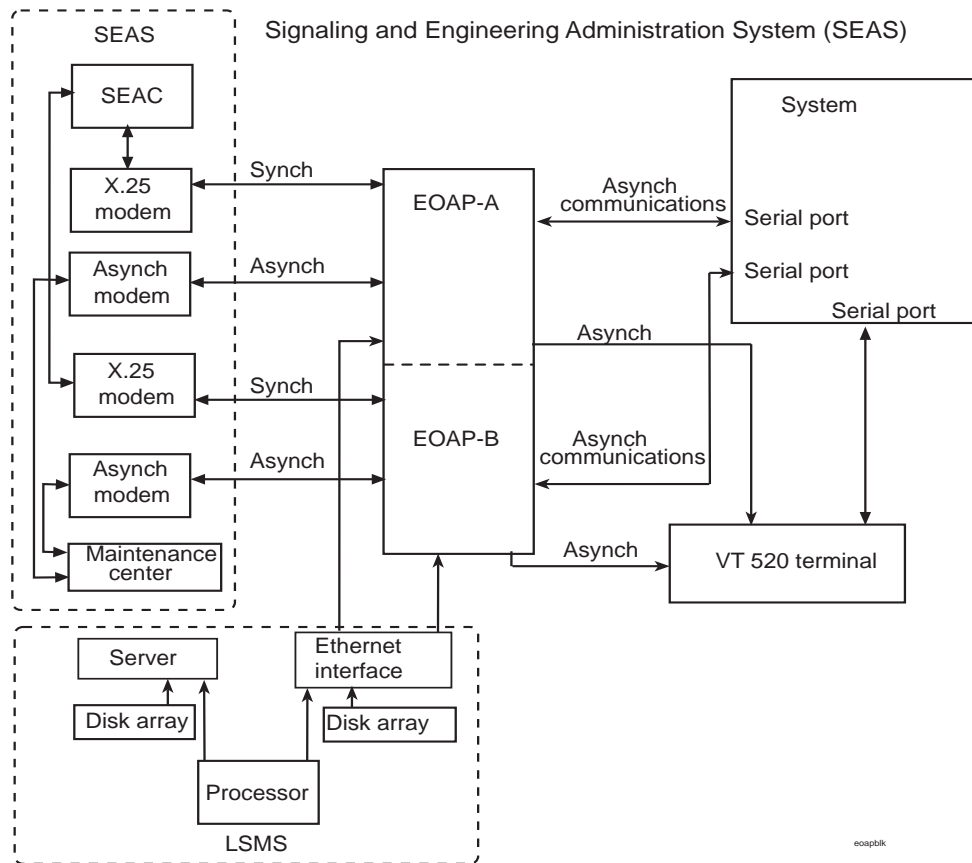
**WARNING:** Do not overtighten the screws as the heads could snap off. Reference Mechanical Assembly Torque Specification (906-0008-01).

**Figure 5-67.** Tightening Captive Screws



22. Prior to rebooting the EOAP, reconnect the Ethernet cable unplugged in 8.. The port connects to the customer network.

**Figure 5-68.** EOAP Serial and Ethernet Connections



- 23.** Boot the EOAP from the `ok` prompt.

```
ok boot
```

If the EOAP does not reboot, refer to the troubleshooting procedure “System Has Power But Will Not Boot” on page 5-9.

- 24.** Confirm the operation of the processor card by checking and resolving the LEDs. The Power LED turns green to indicate power to the processor card. If the LEDs do not resolve properly, refer to the troubleshooting procedure “Processor Card” on page 5-20.

You have replaced the processor card.

## Serial Card



**CAUTION:** The EOAP's open system architecture allows access to the operating system. Any undocumented changes to the files may cause the system to become corrupted and unusable. Making any undocumented changes on the EOAP, including changes to the hardware, operating system and/or the components found therein will void the warranty.

### Tools and Equipment

- Insulated Phillips screwdriver
- Insulated flashlight
- Serial card (870-1522-01)

### Replacing a cPCI Serial Card



**WARNING:** Prior to handling any card, follow proper ESD grounding procedures to prevent damage to the card.

### Procedure

---

1. Identify the EOAP system (EOAP-A or EOAP-B) that contains the card to be replaced.
 

---
2. If the system is running, at the terminal connected to the EOAP that needs the card replaced:
  - a. Log in as root:
 

```
Console login: root
Password: EAGLE
```
  - b. Shut down all processes and exit back to root by entering these commands:
 

```
su - ccsproj
% cd /ccsosmr/{instance}/bin
% ccsmr all.down
% exit
```

## EOAP Maintenance

- c. Halt the isolated EOAP system by entering this command:

```
/usr/sbin/init 0
```

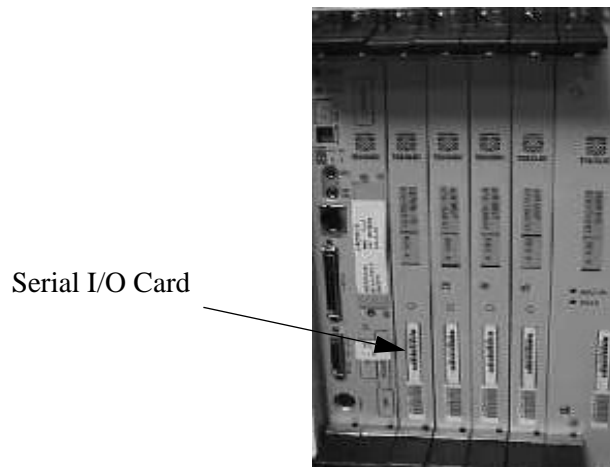
The screen will display output similar to the following. Wait until the `ok` prompt appears before continuing with the next step:

```
Date: time apg 2 halt: halted by root
Date: time apg 2 syslogd: going down on signal 15
Syncing file systems ... [1] done
Program terminated
Type help for more information
ok
```

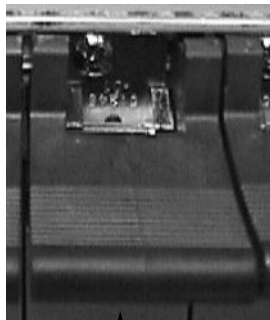
---

3. Locate the serial card (slot 3).

**Figure 5-69.** Location of Serial Card



4. While facing the card to be replaced, locate the two captive screws attached to the top and bottom inject/eject handle brackets on the faceplate. Figure 5-70 shows a close-up of the top handle with captive screw.
- 
5. Using a small Phillips head screwdriver, loosen the captive screws until they no longer engage the threads. **Do not remove the screws** from the ejector handle brackets.

**Figure 5-70.** Top Handle and Captive Screw of Serial Card

Close-up of top  
inject/eject  
handle with  
captive screw



Loosen the  
captive screws  
until they no  
longer engage  
the threads.

- 
6. Using the thumb and forefinger, push the top handle up and the bottom handle down simultaneously until the card is completely free from the backplane in the card cage.

**Figure 5-71.** Freeing the Card from the EOAP Card Cage

Push up

Use thumb and forefinger to  
push top handle up.

Push the top handle up and the  
bottom handle down.



- 
7. Pull the card directly towards you until it clears the card guides and guide rails.
- 
8. Immediately store the card properly to avoid any damage due to handling or ESD.
- 
9. Prior to inserting the replacement card, examine the pins in the EOAP backplane connector for any misalignment, evidence of shorts, or other signs of damage.

**Figure 5-72.** EOAP Backplane Connector Pins



← Prior to inserting the replacement card, check connectors\* for any kind of damage.

← Card guides

\*Cards removed for clarity.

---

**10.** Remove the replacement serial I/O card from the shipping container.

**Figure 5-73.** Serial Card (870-1522-01)



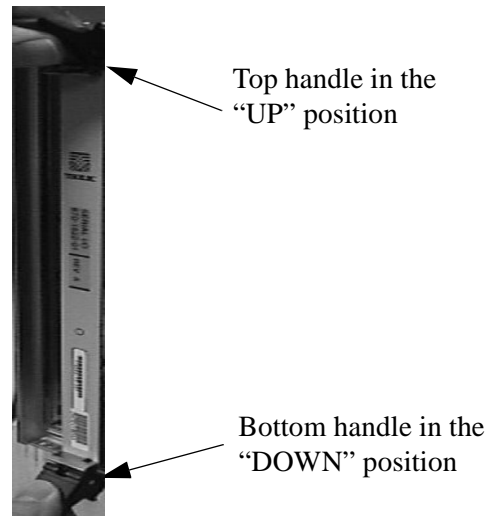
← Replacement Serial Card

---

**11.** Make sure the two captive screws located in the inject/eject handle brackets are partially backed out so they do not interfere with insertion.

---

**12.** Push all handles outward from the replacement card's faceplate (top handle in the “UP” position, bottom handle in the “DOWN” position.)

**Figure 5-74.** Serial I/O Card Handles

- 13.** Carefully align the replacement card's edges with the channels in the top and bottom card guides. Refer to Figure 5-72. Then push the card along the length of card guides until the rear connector on the card begins engaging the mating connector on the backplane.

**Figure 5-75.** Inserting the Replacement Serial Card

Push the card along the length of the card guides until the rear connector on the card begins engaging the mating connector on the backplane.

- 14.** Press the faceplate of the card using constant pressure until you feel the card's progress cease.

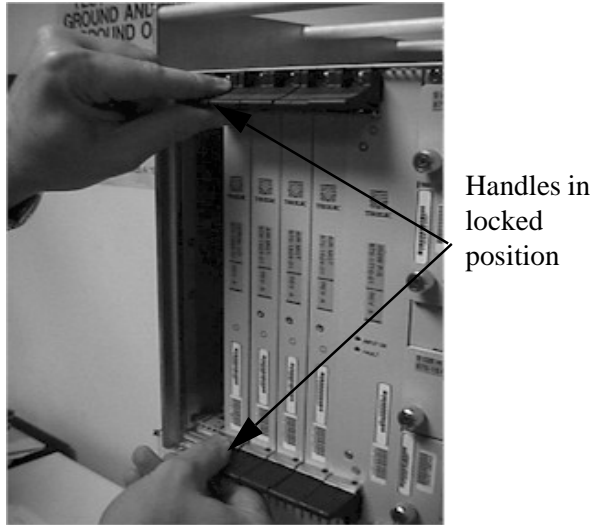


**WARNING:** Do not impact the faceplate in order to mate the two connectors. Any impact to the card's faceplate can damage the faceplate, the pins in the backplane, or the backplane itself.



- Using the thumb and forefinger together, push the top inject/eject handle down and the bottom handle up until both handles are in the locked position. Figure 5-77 shows a close-up of a top inject/eject handle in the locked position.

**Figure 5-76.** Locking the Inject/Eject Handles

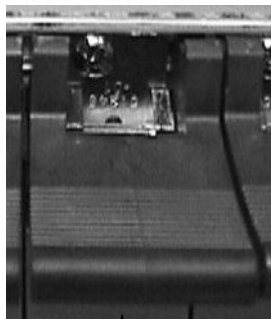


- Using a small Phillips head screwdriver, tighten all captive screws in the handle brackets until they seat against the handle bracket.



**WARNING:** Do not overtighten the screws as the heads could snap off. Reference Mechanical Assembly Torque Specification (906-0008-01).

**Figure 5-77.** Tighten Captive Screws



Close-up of top inject/eject handle with captive screw



Tighten the captive screws until they seat against the handle bracket.

**17.** At the EOAP terminal, boot the EOAP to recognize the new card.

ok **boot**

---



# Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

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## **Introduction**

This appendix explains how to remove a card from the EAGLE 5 SAS. There are two parts to this appendix. The first part describes the administrative commands required to take a card out of service and place it back into service. The second part explains how to physically remove a card from the card shelf.

Always wear a wrist strap or other electrostatic protection when handling EAGLE 5 SAS cards.

Always place removed cards into an electrostatic protection bag before sending to Tekelec, or storing in inventory (unless the card is being stored in the optional spare card storage shelf).

## **Administrative Procedures**

This section describes the administrative procedures that should be followed whenever replace an EAGLE 5 SAS card is replaced. The procedures are divided by card type.

In the event a numbered event message is encountered, refer to the appropriate procedure in Chapter 3, "Corrective Maintenance".

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

Additional information about each command can be found in the *Commands Manual*.

### Maintenance Disk and Alarm (MDAL) Card Replacement

#### Description

The MDAL (Figure A-1) provides a dry contact closure for external alarm indicators, such as bells, horns and lamp indicators. The MDAL also contains the removable cartridge drive.

#### Procedure

---

1. Verify the removable cartridge is not in the removable cartridge drive. Remove the cartridge if necessary.

Reference: Removable Cartridge Handling Procedures

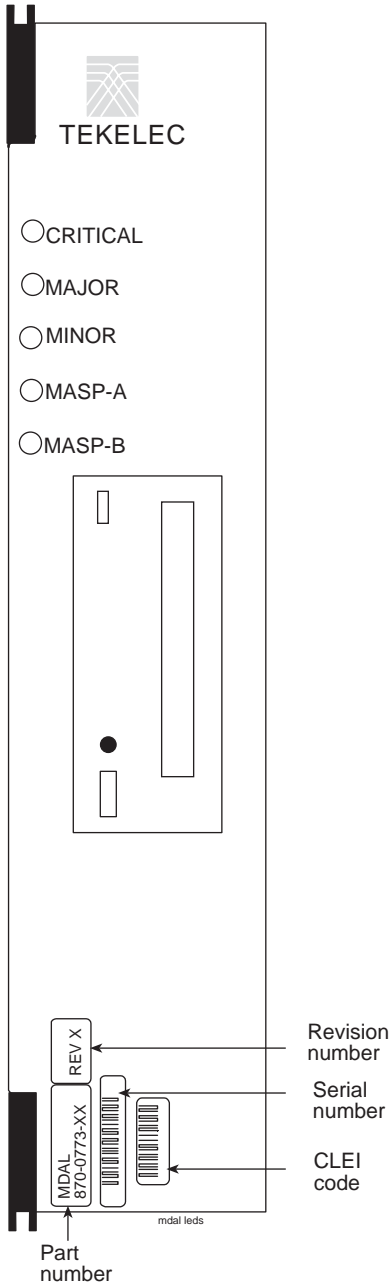
---

2. Remove the card from service as described in the section titled, "Replacing a Card," on Page A-57.
- 

**NOTE: Removing the MDAL creates a critical alarm at the Remote Maintenance Center (RMC) as well as the local office.**

MDAL P/N 870-0773-xx

Figure A-1. MDAL LEDs



| LEDs     | Descriptions                                                                            |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CRITICAL | RED - Critical alarm condition detected<br>GREEN - No alarm                             |
| MAJOR    | RED - Major alarm condition detected<br>GREEN - No alarm                                |
| MINOR    | AMBER - Minor alarm condition detected<br>GREEN - No alarm                              |
| MASP-A   | GREEN - MASP-A is the active MASP<br>OFF - MASP-A is the standby MASP or is not present |
| MASP-B   | GREEN - MASP-B is the active MASP<br>OFF - MASP-B is the standby MASP or is not present |

## General Purpose Service Module (GPSM-II) Card Replacement

### Description

The GPSM-II (Figure A-2) contains the communication processor and applications processor for the operations, administration, and maintenance (OAM) software and provides connections to the IMT bus

The GPSM-II is a member of the EDCM card family. The GPSM-II is based on the single-slot EDCM card with the addition of a one GByte expansion memory (UD1G) module.

### Procedure

1. If the active GPSM-II card fails, the EAGLE 5 SAS automatically switches activity to the standby MASP.

2. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

```
rtrv-trm
```

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 98-01-01 16:02:08 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
TRM TYPE COMM FC TMOUT MXINV DURAL
1 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 60 5 99:59:59
2 VT320 9600-7-E-1 BOTH 60 5 INDEF
3 KSR 9600-7-E-1 SW 60 0 00:00:00
4 NONE 9600-7-E-1 SW 60 5 00:30:00
5 NONE 9600-7-E-1 SW 60 5 00:00:30
6 SEAS 19200-7-E-1 SW 0 5 INDEF
7 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 60 5 99:59:59
8 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 60 5 INDEF
9 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 60 0 00:00:00
10 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 60 5 00:30:00
11 VT320 9600-7-E-1 NONE 60 5 00:00:30
12 NONE 19200-7-E-1 SW 0 5 INDEF
13 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 60 5 99:59:59
14 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 60 5 INDEF
15 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 60 0 00:00:00
16 VT320 9600-7-E-1 SW 60 5 00:30:00
```

```

LNP LNP
TRM TRAF LINK SA SYS PU DB DB SUB
1 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
2 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
3 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
4 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
5 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
6 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
7 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
8 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
9 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
10 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
11 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
```

```

12 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
13 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
14 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
15 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
16 YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES
Command Completed

```

---

3. If your system has the LNP feature, enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 2:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the terminal number.

---

4. Enter the following command to ensure no OAP updates are inadvertently sent to the database as you continue this procedure:

```
chg-term:trm=x:type=none
```

---

5. Remove the card from service as described in the section titled, “Replacing a Card,” on Page A-57.
- 

6. Enter the following command to change the state of the appropriate card to the out of service - maintenance disabled state:

```
inh-card:loc=xxxx:force=yes
```

where **xxxx** is the card location stenciled on the shelf of the Eagle STP .

Following is an example of the output:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
Card has been inhibited.

```

---

7. Enter the following command to load the approved GPL onto the card inhibited. Refer to the *Commands Manual* to verify additional optional parameter usage for the *init-flash* command.

```
init-flash:code=appr:loc=xxxx
```

where **xxxx** is the card location used in Step 6.

Following is an example of the output using card location 1115:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
FLASH Memory Downloading for card 1115 Started.
;
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
BPHCAP Downloading for card 1115 Complete.
;
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
Command Completed.

```

When the *init-flash* command has completed successfully, the card specified in the *init-flash* command is rebooted.

---



## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

8. Enter the following command to put the card that was inhibited in Step 6. back into service:

```
alw-card:loc=xxxx
```

where **xxxx** is the card location used in Step 6.

Following is an example of the output:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
Card has been allowed.
```

**NOTE: Allow the card to run for 5 minutes before continuing.**

---

9. Enter the following command to activate the approved GPL loaded onto the card in Step 7.

```
act-flash:loc=xxxx
```

where **xxxx** is the card location used in Step 7.

Following is an example of the output using card location 1115:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
FLASH Memory Activation for card 1115 Completed.
;
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
Command Completed.
```

---

10. After the card has been reloaded (a message appears to confirm completion of the load), enter the following command to verify the database is consistent (same level as the other cards in the system).

```
rept-stat-card
```

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 98-02-04 12:57:21 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD VERSION TYPE APPL PST SST AST
1113 023-102-000 MASP OAM IS-NR Active -----
1114 ----- TDM ----- IS-NR Active -----
1115 ----- MASP OAM IS-NR Active -----
1116 ----- TDM ----- IS-NR Active -----
1117 ----- MDAL ----- IS-NR Active -----
1201 023-102-000 LIM0CU CCS7ITU IS-NR Active -----
1202 023-001-000 LIMDS0 CCS7ITU IS-NR Active M BIP ERR
1203 023-001-000 LIMDS0 SS7ANSI IS-NR Active -----
1205 023-001-000 LIMDS0 CCS7ITU IS-NR Active M BIP ERR
1207 023-001-000 LIMATM ATMANSI IS-NR Active -----
1211 023-001-000 LIMATM ATMANSI IS-NR Active ALMINH
1212 023-001-000 TSM SCCP IS-NR Active ALMINH
Command Completed.
```

---

11. If you have performed Step 4, to safeguard against inadvertent OAP updates, enter the following command to remove the allow OAP update capability:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=OAP
```

---

12. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

```
alw-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the terminal number.

---

13. Enter the following command to verify the database:

```
rept-stat-db
```

The following is an example of the possible output for a good database.

```
> rept-stat-db

Command Accepted - Processing

 oflnmoxallw 98-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
 rept-stat-db
 Command entered at terminal #4.
;

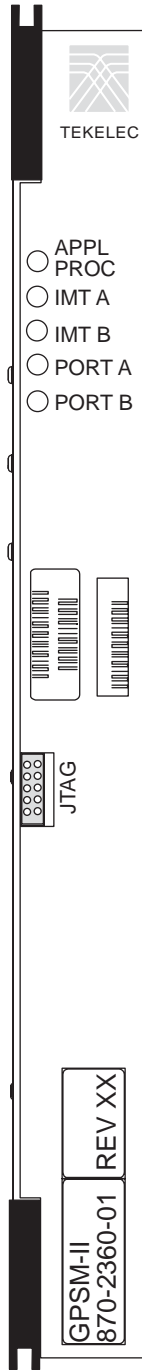
 oflnmoxallw 98-10-08 15:56:40 CDT EAGLE 34.0.0
DATABASE STATUS: >> OK <<
 TDM 1114 (STDBY) TDM 1116 (ACTV)
 C LEVEL TIME LAST BACKUP C LEVEL TIME LAST BACKUP
 - - - - -
FD BKUP Y 342256 98-10-07 00:40:29 CDT Y 342256 98-10-07 00:40:29 CDT
FD CRNT N 342374
 MDAL 1117
 - - - - -
```

---

**Card Removal/Replacement Procedures**

**GPSM-II P/N 870-2360-xx**

**Figure A-2.** GPSM-II LEDs



| LEDs      | Descriptions                                                    |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| APPL PROC | RED – Critical alarm condition detected.<br>GREEN – No alarm    |
| IMT A     | RED – Major alarm condition detected.<br>GREEN – No alarm       |
| IMT B     | AMBER – Minor alarm condition detected.<br>GREEN – No alarm     |
| PORT A    | GREEN – PORT A is the active PORT.<br>RED – PORT A is inactive  |
| PORT B    | GREEN – PORT B is the active PORT.<br>RED – PORT B is inactive. |

## HIPR/HMUX Card Replacement

### Description

The HIPR/HMUX card provides access to the IMT bus for all cards in the shelf.

The High-Speed Inter-processor Message Transport Packet Router (HIPR) (Figure A-3) provides connectivity to the IMT bus by using switched 125Mbps interfaces to each slot within a shelf. The HIPR card interoperates with HMUX card and provides connectivity to the 1Gbps inter-shelf bus. The HIPR transmits data between shelves only when it is necessary. Traffic between EAGLE 5 SAS cards on the same shelf are switched directly to the destination slot and do not transmit to any other cards in the shelf. Traffic between shelves are not required to pass onto an intra-shelf IMT channel if it is not necessary. The HIPR card is required in shelves equipped with high-performance LIMs, such as the High-Capacity MIM. The HIPR card requires all other shelves within the EAGLE 5 SAS to be equipped with the HMUX card or HIPR card.

The High-Speed Multiplexer (HMUX) (Figure A-4), is used in EAGLE 5 SAS systems only. HMUX interoperates with HIPR and provides connectivity to the 1Gbps inter-shelf bus. The intra-shelf low speed IMT bus/ring data rate is 125Mbps. HMUX acts as a gateway between the EAGLE 5 SAS 1 Gbps inter-shelf high speed bus and 125 Mbps intra-shelf IMT bus. HMUX transmits data between shelves only when it is necessary. Traffic between EAGLE 5 SAS intra-shelf cards stay on the shelf IMT bus and are not required to transmit intra-shelf. Traffic between shelves are not required to pass onto an intra-shelf IMT channel if it is not necessary.

Each shelf contains two HIPR or HMUX cards, one for each IMT bus, that provide continuity of the IMT bus signals even with failed or missing circuit modules. A mixture of HMUX and HIPR cards within one IMT ring is possible, provided HIPR is installed on both the IMT A & IMT B bus in a given shelf.

### Procedure

---



**WARNING:** Be sure to inhibit the correct IMT bus. If you inhibit the wrong IMT bus and then remove the HIPR/HMUX, total nodal isolation will occur. Wait until the IMT has returned to IS-NR before replacing the other HIPR/HMUX.

1. Enter the following command to verify the status of the IMT buses.

```
rept-stat-imt
```

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 98-09-27 16:50:24 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
IMT PST SST AST
A IS-NR Active -----
ALARM STATUS = No alarms
IMT PST SST AST
B IS-ANR Fault -----
ALARM STATUS = ** 0108 Major IMT Failure Detected
Command Completed.
```

---

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

2. Enter the following command to inhibit the IMT bus associated with the HIPR/HMUX being removed (top HIPR/HMUX accesses bus A, bottom HIPR/HMUX accesses bus B).

```
rmv-imt:bus=x
```

where x is the IMT bus to be inhibited.

---

3. Perform Step 3 and Step 4 only if the OAP is being utilized. Otherwise, continue with Step 5.

Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

```
rtrv-trm
```

---

4. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 3:

```
inh-trm:trm=x:force=yes
```

where x is the terminal number assigned as type OAP.

---

5. Remove the HIPR/HMUX, per the card replacement procedure described in the section titled "Replacing a Card" on Page A-57. Place the new HIPR/HMUX into its place. Be sure the revision numbers are compatible (if in doubt, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

6. Enter the following command to restore the IMT bus.

```
alw-imt:bus=x
```

where x is the IMT bus inhibited.

---

**NOTE: If UAM 0002 is output, the newly installed HIPR/HMUX card needs to be flashed**

7. Enter the following command to determine if the newly replaced cards memory needs to be flashed:

```
rept-stat-gpl:gpl=xxxxxx
```

where xxxxxx is *hipr* or *bphmux*.

Following is an example of a bphmux output:

```
tekelecstp 03-07-03 16:53:23 EST EAGLE5 34.0.0-55.0.0
GPL Auditing ON
```

| GPL    | CARD | RUNNING     | APPROVED    | TRIAL     |
|--------|------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| BPHMUX | 1209 | 028-005-000 | 028-005-000 | -----     |
| BPHMUX | 1210 | 028-005-000 | 028-005-000 | -----     |
| BPHMUX | 1309 | 028-004-000 | 028-005-000 | ALM ----- |
| BPHMUX | 1310 | 028-005-000 | 028-005-000 | -----     |

**NOTE: Mismatched GPLs should occur only during upgrades or running a trial GPL.**

---

8. Examine the output from Step 7.  
If the GPLs match, continue with Step 17.  
If there is a GPL mismatch, continue with Step 9.
- 

9. Enter the following command to verify GPL Auditing is **ON**.

```
chg-gpl:audit=on
```

---

10. Enter the following command to load the GPL onto the HIPR/HMUX card.

```
init-flash:code=appr:loc=xxxx
```

where **xxxx** is the card location newly replaced card.

Following is an example of a bphmux output using card location 1309:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
FLASH Memory Downloading for card 1309 Started.
;
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
BPHMUX Downloading for card 1309 Complete.
;
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
Command Completed.
```

---

11. Enter the following command to initialize the HIPR/HMUX.



**CAUTION: This command boots the HIPR/HMUX processor and brings down the respective IMT bus temporarily (approximately 10 seconds) until the HMUX card comes back into service.**

```
init-mux:loc=xxxx:bus=y
```

where **xxxx** is the card location used in Step 10.

**y** is the bus

**NOTE: Allow the card to run for 5 minutes before continuing.**

---

12. Enter the following command to activate the GPL loaded onto the HIPR/HMUX card in Step 10.

```
act-flash:loc=xxxx
```

where **xxxx** is the card location used in Step 9.

Following is an example of the output using card location 1309:

```

RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
FLASH Memory Activation for card 1309 Completed.
;
RLGHNCXA03W 00-06-05 11:11:28 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
```

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

Command Completed.

---

13. Enter the following command to verify the approved GPLs match the running GPLs:

```
rept-stat-gpl:gpl=xxxxxx
```

where **xxxxxx** is *hipr* or *bphmux* (the GPL SYSTEM identified in the output).

---

14. If the GPLs match, continue with Step 17.  
If the GPLs do not match, continue with Step 15.
- 

15. Enter the following command determine which cards are in alarm condition (indicated by the acronym ALM in the *rept-stat-gpl* display):

```
rept-stat-gpl
```

---

16. Note which cards are in an alarm condition and call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.  
Do not continue to Step 17.

---

17. Perform this step only if the the OAP was inhibited in Step 4. If Step 4 was not performed, continue with Step 18.

Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

```
alw-trm:trm=x
```

where *x* is the terminal number of the inhibited OAP terminal.

---

18. Enter the following command to verify that the HIPR/HMUX card is in service and the IMT bus has been restored.

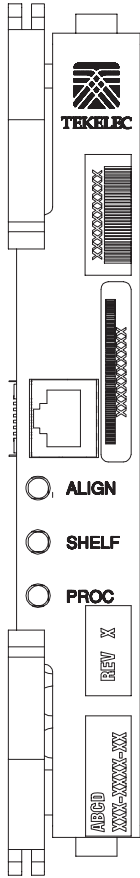
```
rept-stat-imt
```

```
RLGHNCXA03W 98-09-27 16:50:24 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
IMT PST SST AST
 A IS-NR Active -----
ALARM STATUS = No alarms
IMT PST SST AST
 B IS-NR Active -----
ALARM STATUS = No alarms
Command Completed.
```

---

HIPR, High-Speed Inter-processor Message Transport Packet Router

Figure A-3. HIPR LEDs



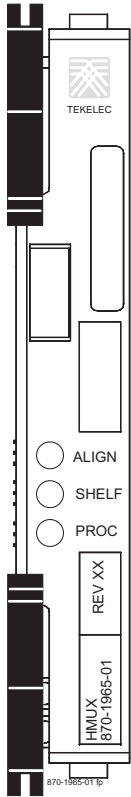
| LEDs        | Descriptions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ALIGN       | <p>AMBER – Programming XILINX complete</p> <p>GREEN – Complete code initialization (stays Amber until the first valid Shelf ID is received from MASP), Code running</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| SHELF ID    | <p>AMBER – Programming XILINX complete, Complete code initialization</p> <p>RED – While code running if ID address received from OAM <b>does not</b> match the on-board stored address read from the assigned shelf address register (see first note below)</p> <p>GREEN – While code running if ID address received from OAM matches the on-board stored address read from the assigned shelf address register (see second note below)</p> |
| PROC Health | <p>RED – Power on Reset</p> <p>AMBER – Programming XILINX</p> <p>GREEN – Programming XILINX complete, Complete code initialization, Code running</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |



**Card Removal/Replacement Procedures**

**HMUX, High-Speed Multiplexer (Eagle STP only)**

**Figure A-4.** HMUX LEDs



| LEDs        | Descriptions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ALIGN       | AMBER – Programming XILINX complete<br>GREEN – Complete code initialization (stays Amber until the first valid Shelf ID is received from MASP), Code running                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| SHELF ID    | AMBER – Programming XILINX complete, Complete code initialization<br>RED – While code running if ID address received from OAM <b>does not</b> match the on-board stored address read from the assigned shelf address register (see first note below)<br>GREEN – While code running if ID address received from OAM matches the on-board stored address read from the assigned shelf address register (see second note below) |
| PROC Health | RED – Power on Reset<br>AMBER – Programming XILINX<br>GREEN – Programming XILINX complete, Complete code initialization, Code running                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## Determine LIM, MIM, and MPL Changeout Time

### Description

This procedure assists the customer in deciding if the LIM should be changed immediately or during the Maintenance Window.

### Procedure

---

1. Replace the LIM immediately if *any* of the following conditions exist:

- If there is only one link on the card
  - If there is no other in-service link on this card
  - If deactivating the LIM will not prohibit a destination
  - If any destination is prohibited by the current failure.
- 

2. Wait until the maintenance window to replace the card if *all* of the following conditions exist:

- If the faulty link is not the only in-service link on the card
  - If deactivating the link will prohibit a destination
  - If no destination is prohibited by the current failure.
-

## SS7 and IP<sup>7</sup>, LIM, MIM, HC-MIM and MPL Card Replacement

### Description

This Link Interface Module (LIM) (Figure A-5) provides access to remote SS7, IP and other network elements, such as a Signaling Control Point (SCP). This card is equipped with an industry-standard ATM, DS0, OCU, or V.35 interface. The MIM card can also be equipped with an industry-standard DS1 interface.

The types of LIMs currently available are:

- LIM-DS0A
- LIM-OCU
- LIM-V.35
- LIM
- Integrated LIM Applique (LIM-ILA)
- Multi-Port LIM (MPL)
- Enhanced Integrated LIM Applique (EILA)
- The E1/T1 Multi-Channel Interface Module (MIM)
- High Capacity Multi-Channel Interface Module (HC-MIM)

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine which links are serviced by this card.  
*rept-stat-card:loc=xxxx*

Where xxxx is the card location.

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 98-09-27 16:43:42 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD VERSION TYPE APPL PST SST AST
1201 021-002-000 LIMDS0 CCS7ITU IS-NR Active ----
ALARM STATUS = * 0022 Clock B for card failed.
IMT VERSION = 021-001-000
PROM VERSION = 021-001-000
IMT BUS A = Conn
IMT BUS B = Fault
SLK A PST = IS-NR LS=lsnssp2 CLLI=-----
SLK B PST = IS-NR LS=lsnstpi CLLI=-----
SCCP SERVICE CARD = 1212
SLAN SERVICE CARD = ----
Command Completed.
```

---

- Refer to “Determine LIM, MIM, and MPL Changeout Time” procedure to determine when to change the card.

---

**NOTE:** The *inh-slk* command will be rejected if inhibiting the link would cause a DPC to become unavailable.

- Enter the following command to inhibit the links on both ports of this card (*a* and *b*).

*inh-slk:loc=xxxx:port=y*

Where *xxxx* location of the card from Step 1 and *y* is the port.

- Enter the following command to change the status of the link to out of service - maintenance disabled (*oos-mt-dsbl*). Enter the same location and ports from Step 3.

*dact-slk:loc=xxxx:port=y*

Where *xxxx* location used in Step 3 and *y* are the ports used in Step 3.

- Enter the following command to ensure the signaling link status is *oos-mt-dsbl* (out of service - maintenance disabled).

*rept-stat-slk*

The following is an example of the possible output.

```

RLGHNCXA03W 98-09-27 17:00:36 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
rept-stat-slk
SLK LSN CLLI PST SST AST
1201,A lsnssp2 ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1201,B lsnstpi ----- OOS-MT-DSBLD LPBK ----
1202,A lsnstpn ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1202,B lsnstpi ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1203,A lsnstpa ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1203,B lsnscpa ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1205,A lsnscpi ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1205,B lsnsspi1 ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1207,A lsnstpa ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1207,B lsnsspa1 ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1211,A lsnstpn ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1211,B lsnssp1 ----- IS-NR Avail ----
Command Completed.

```

- Enter the following command to inhibit the card and disconnect it from the IMT bus.

*rmv-card:loc=xxxx*

Where *xxxx* location used in Step 3 and Step 4.

- Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

*rtrv-trm*

---

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

8. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 7:

```
inh-trm:trm=x:force=yes
```

where x is the terminal number assigned as type OAP.

---

9. Remove the LIM/MIM/MPL, per the card replacement procedure described in the section titled "Replacing a Card in the EAGLE 5 SAS" on Page A-57. Place the new SS7 LIM into its place. Be sure the revision numbers are compatible (if in doubt, contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number before replacing the card.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

10. Enter the following command to download generic program loads and database information from the TDM card to the new LIM/MIM/MPL.

```
rst-card:loc=xxxx
```

Where xxxx location used in Step 6.

---

11. Enter the following command to determine which links are serviced by this card.

```
rept-stat-card:loc=xxxx
```

Where xxxx is the location of the replaced card.

---

**NOTE: The signaling link alarms will be present until the links are restored in Step 13.**

12. Examine the output from Step 11. Refer to Chapter 3, "Corrective Maintenance" to clear any GPL related alarms on the newly replaced card before continuing.
- 

13. Enter the following command to return the links to service. Make sure this is done on all links.

```
act-slk:loc=xxxx:port=y
```

Where xxxx location used in Step 3 and Step 4 and y are the ports used in Step 3 and Step 4.

---

14. Enter the following command to change the link status to IS-NR. Make sure this is done on both ports, a and b.

```
unhb-slk:loc=xxxx:port=y
```

Where xxxx location used in Step 3 and Step 4 and y are the ports used in Step 3 and Step 4.

---

15. Enter the following command to verify the status of the card and its associated links.

*rept-stat-card:loc=xxxx*

Where xxxx is the card location.

The following is an example of the possible output.

```

RLGHNCXA03W 98-09-27 16:43:42 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD VERSION TYPE APPL PST SST AST
1201 024-002-000 LIMDS0 SS7ANSI IS-NR Active -----
 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
 IMT VERSION = 024-001-000
 PROM VERSION = 024-001-000
 IMT BUS A = Conn
 IMT BUS B = Conn
 SLK A PST = IS-NR LS=lsnssp2 CLLI=-----
 SLK B PST = IS-NR LS=lsnstpi CLLI=-----
 SCCP SERVICE CARD = 1212
 SLAN SERVICE CARD = ----
Command Completed.

```

---

16. Enter the following command to verify the links are properly aligned and are returned to full service.

*rept-stat-slk*

The following is an example of the possible output.

```

RLGHNCXA03W 98-09-27 17:00:36 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
rept-stat-slk
SLK LSN CLLI PST SST AST
1201,A lsnssp2 ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1201,B lsnstpi ----- OOS-MT-DSBLD LPBK ----
1202,A lsnstpn ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1202,B lsnstpi ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1203,A lsnstpa ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1203,B lsnscpa ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1205,A lsnscpi ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1205,B lsnsspi1 ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1207,A lsnstpa ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1207,B lsnsspa1 ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1211,A lsnstpn ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1211,B lsnssp1 ----- IS-NR Avail ----
Command Completed.

```

---

17. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

*alw-trm:trm=x*

where x is the terminal number of the inhibited OAP terminal.

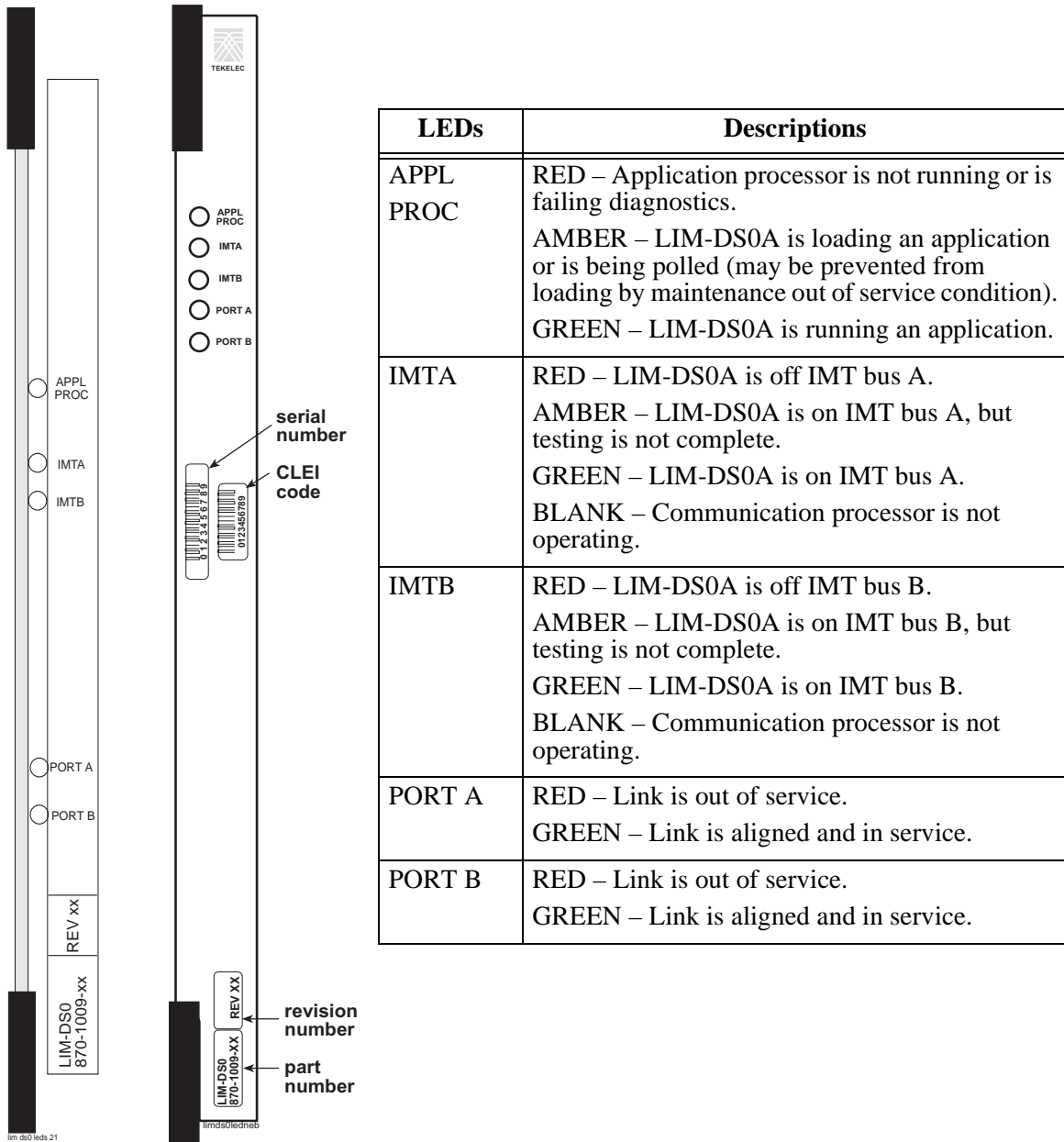
---

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

### DS0A-LIM, Digital Signal Level-0 Link Interface Module

DS0A-LIM (P/N 870-1009-xx and P/N 870-1014-xx)

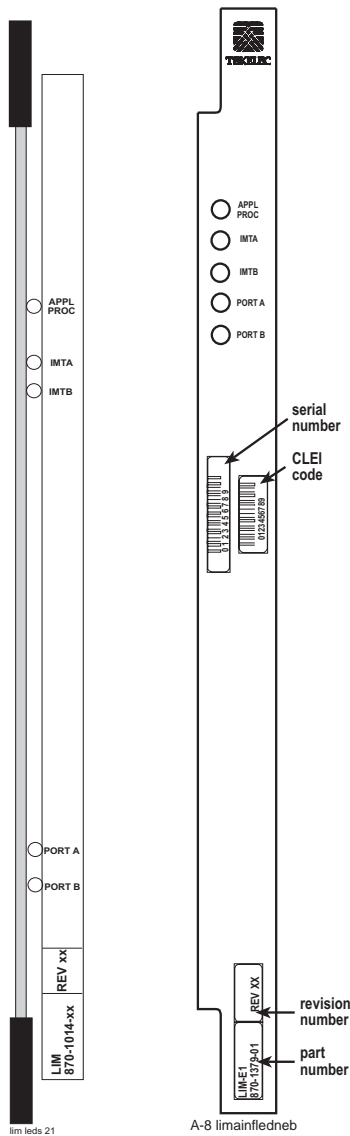
**Figure A-5.** DS0A-LIM LEDs



**ATM-LIM, AINF-LIM, E1-LIM, EILA-LIM, ILA-LIM**

- ATM-LIM (P/N 870-1293-xx)
- AINF-LIM (P/N 870-1488-xx, *(Replaced by the Integrated LIM Applique, ILA and EILA)*)
- E1-LIM (P/N 870-1379-xx)
- EILA-LIM (P/N 870-2049-01)
- ILA-LIM (P/N 870-1484-xx)
- LIM(P/N 870-1014-xx)

**Figure A-6.** LIM LEDs



| LEDs      | Descriptions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| APPL PROC | RED – Application processor is not running or is failing diagnostics.<br>AMBER – LIM is loading an application or is being polled (may be prevented from loading by maintenance out of service condition).<br>GREEN – LIM is running an application.<br>RED/GREEN – Operational, no communication with MASP |
| IMTA      | RED – LIM is off IMT bus A.<br>AMBER – LIM is on IMT bus A, but testing is not complete.<br>GREEN – LIM is on IMT bus A.<br>BLANK – Communication processor is not operating.                                                                                                                               |
| IMTB      | RED – LIM is off IMT bus B.<br>AMBER – LIM is on IMT bus B, but testing is not complete.<br>GREEN – LIM is on IMT bus B.<br>BLANK – Communication processor is not operating.                                                                                                                               |
| PORT A    | RED – Link is out of service.<br>AMBER – Link is attempting to align<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| PORT B    | RED – Link is out of service.<br>AMBER – Link is attempting to align<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                                             |

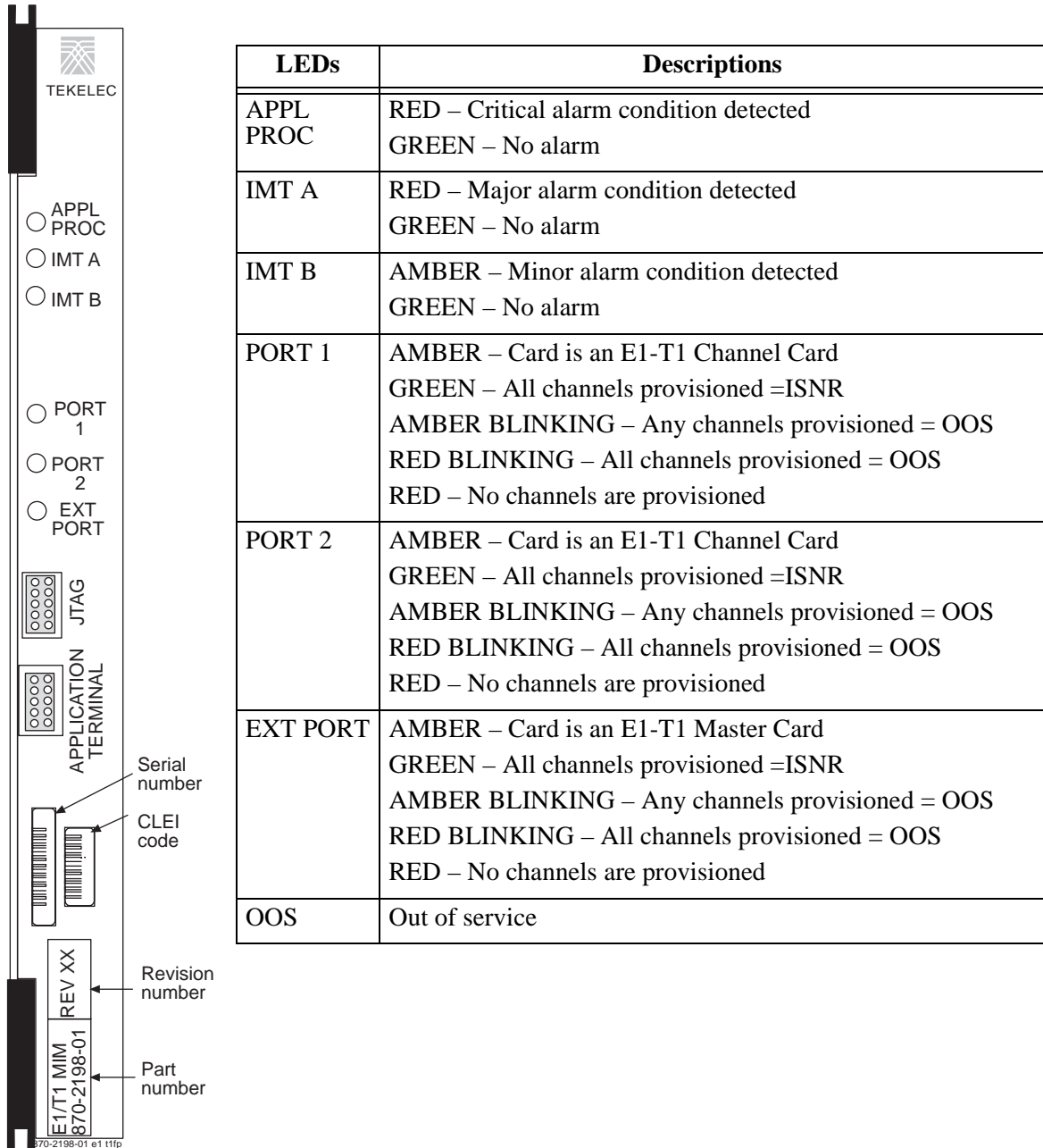


## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

### E1/T1 MIM

European and North American standard for signaling and channels  
MIM (Multi-channel Interface Module)

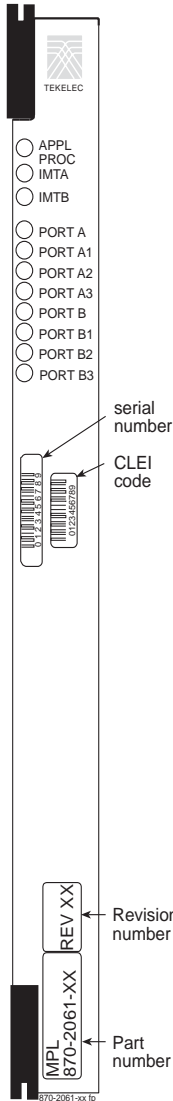
**Figure A-7.** E1/T1 MIM (P/N 870-2198-xx)



**MPL-LIM, Multi-Port Link Interface Module**

MPL (P/N 870-2061-xx)

**Figure A-8.** MPL LEDs



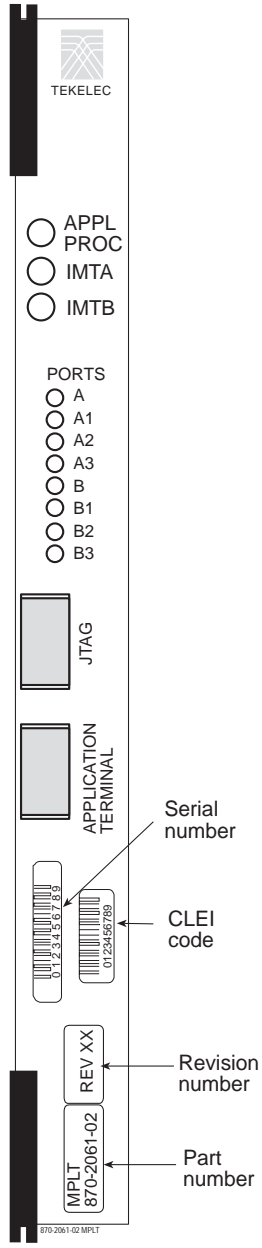
| LEDs      | Descriptions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| APPL PROC | RED – Application processor is not running or is failing diagnostics.<br>AMBER – MPL is loading an application or is being polled (may be prevented from loading by maintenance out of service condition).<br>GREEN – MPL is running an application. |
| IMTA      | RED – MPL is off IMT bus A.<br>AMBER – MPL is on IMT bus A, but testing is not complete.<br>GREEN – MPL is on IMT bus A.<br>BLANK – Communication processor is not operating.                                                                        |
| IMTB      | RED – MPL is off IMT bus B.<br>AMBER – MPL is on IMT bus B, but testing is not complete.<br>GREEN – MPL is on IMT bus B.<br>BLANK – Communication processor is not operating.                                                                        |
| PORT A    | RED – Link is out of service.<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| PORT A1   | RED – Link is out of service.<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| PORT A2   | RED – Link is out of service.<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| PORT A3   | RED – Link is out of service.<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| PORT B    | RED – Link is out of service.<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| PORT B1   | RED – Link is out of service.<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| PORT B2   | RED – Link is out of service.<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| PORT B3   | RED – Link is out of service.<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                             |

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

### MPLT, Multi-Port Link Interface Module with Taxi Component

MPLT (P/N 870-2062-02)

**Figure A-9.** MPLT LEDs

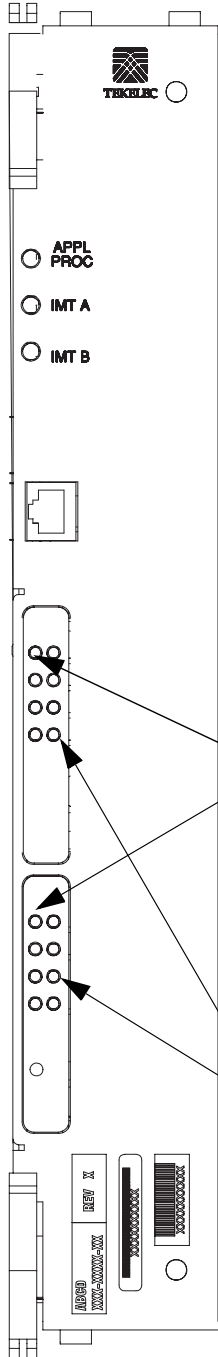


| LEDs      | Descriptions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| APPL PROC | RED – Application processor is not running or is failing diagnostics.<br>AMBER – MPL is loading an application or is being polled (may be prevented from loading by maintenance out of service condition).<br>GREEN – MPL is running an application. |
| IMTA      | RED – MPL is off IMT bus A.<br>AMBER – MPL is on IMT bus A, but testing is not complete.<br>GREEN – MPL is on IMT bus A.<br>BLANK – Communication processor is not operating.                                                                        |
| IMTB      | RED – MPL is off IMT bus B.<br>AMBER – MPL is on IMT bus B, but testing is not complete.<br>GREEN – MPL is on IMT bus B.<br>BLANK – Communication processor is not operating.                                                                        |
| PORT A    | RED – Link is out of service.<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| PORT A1   | RED – Link is out of service.<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| PORT A2   | RED – Link is out of service.<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| PORT A3   | RED – Link is out of service.<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| PORT B    | RED – Link is out of service.<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| PORT B1   | RED – Link is out of service.<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| PORT B2   | RED – Link is out of service.<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| PORT B3   | RED – Link is out of service.<br>GREEN – Link is aligned and in service.                                                                                                                                                                             |

HC MIM, High Capacity Multi-channel Interface Module

HC MIM(P/N 870-2671-01)

Figure A-10. HC MIM LEDs



| LEDs                      | Descriptions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| APPL PROC                 | RED – Application processor is not running or is failing diagnostics.<br>AMBER – MPL is loading an application or is being polled (may be prevented from loading by maintenance out of service condition).<br>GREEN – MPL is running an application.                                                                   |
| IMT A                     | RED – MPL is off IMT bus A.<br>AMBER – MPL is on IMT bus A, but testing is not complete.<br>GREEN – MPL is on IMT bus A.<br>BLANK – Communication processor is not operating.                                                                                                                                          |
| IMT B                     | RED – MPL is off IMT bus B.<br>AMBER – MPL is on IMT bus B, but testing is not complete.<br>GREEN – MPL is on IMT bus B.<br>BLANK – Communication processor is not operating.                                                                                                                                          |
| PORT Status               | RED – Port not provisioned.<br>RED BLINKING – Loss of signal and remaining errors.<br>AMBER – Remote alarm condition<br>AMBER BLINKING – Loss of Frame Synchronization.<br>GREEN – No alarms, port has acquired timing and framing synchronization                                                                     |
| AGGREGATED CHANNEL STATUS | RED – No channels are provisioned.<br>RED BLINKING – All channels provisioned = OOS.<br>AMBER – Indicates port is the “reflected” port in Channel Bridging mode of operation.<br>Applies only to “even” numbered ports<br>AMBER BLINKING – Any channels provisioned = OOS.<br>GREEN – All channels provisioned = ISNR. |

## X.25 Link Interface Module (LIM)

### Description

This Link Interface Module (LIM) provides access to other X.25 via digital links. This card is equipped with an industry standard DS0A, OCU, or V.35 interface.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine which links are serviced by this card.  
*rept-stat-card:loc=xxxx*

Where xxxx is the card location.

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 98-09-27 16:43:42 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD VERSION TYPE APPL PST SST AST
1201 024-002-000 LIMDS0 SS7ANSI IS-NR Active -----
ALARM STATUS = * 0022 Clock B for card failed.
IMT VERSION = 024-001-000
PROM VERSION = 024-001-000
IMT BUS A = Conn
IMT BUS B = Fault
SLK A PST = IS-NR LS=lsnssp2 CLI=-----
SLK B PST = IS-NR LS=lsnstpi CLI=-----
SCCP SERVICE CARD = 1212
SLAN SERVICE CARD = ----
Command Completed.
```

---

2. Refer to “Determine LIM Changeout Time” procedure to determine when to change the card.
- 
3. Enter the following command to change the status of the link to out of service - maintenance disabled (*oos-mt-dsbl*). Enter the same location and ports from the output in Step 1.

*dact-slk:loc=xxxx:port=y*

Where xxxx is the card location and  
y is the port.

---

4. Enter the following command to ensure the signaling link status is *oos-mt-dsbl* (out of service - maintenance disabled).

*rept-stat-slk*

The following is an example of the possible output.

```

RLGHNCXA03W 98-09-27 17:00:36 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
rept-stat-slk
SLK LSN CLLI PST SST AST
1201,A lsnssp2 ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1201,B lsnstpi ----- OOS-MT-DSBLD LPBK ----
1202,A lsnstpn ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1202,B lsnstpi ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1203,A lsnstpa ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1203,B lsnscpa ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1205,A lsnscpi ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1205,B lsnspil ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1207,A lsnstpa ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1207,B lsnspal ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1211,A lsnstpn ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1211,B lsnssp1 ----- IS-NR Avail ----
Command Completed.

```

---

5. Enter the following command to inhibit the card and disconnect it from the IMT bus.

*rmv-card:loc=xxxx*

Where xxxx is the location of the card.

---

6. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

*rtrv-trm*

---

7. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 6:

*inh-trm:trm=x:force=yes*

where x is the terminal number assigned as type OAP.

---

8. Remove the X.25 LIM, per the card replacement procedure described in the section titled "Replacing a Card" on Page A-57. Place the new X.25 LIM into place. Be sure the revision numbers are compatible (if in doubt, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number).

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

9. Enter the following command to download generic program loads and database information from the MASP and TSM cards to the new link interface module (LIM).

*rst-card:loc=xxxx*

Where xxxx is the location used in Step 5.

---

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

10. Enter the following command to return the links to service. Make sure this is done on both ports, *a* and *b*.

```
act-slk:loc=xxx:port=y
```

Where xxx location used in Step 3 and y are the ports used in Step 3.

---

11. Enter the following command to verify the status of the card and its associated links.

```
rept-stat-card:loc=xxx
```

Where xxx is the card location.

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 98-09-27 16:43:42 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD VERSION TYPE APPL PST SST AST
1201 024-002-000 LIMDS0 SS7ANSI IS-NR Active -----
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
IMT VERSION = 024-001-000
PROM VERSION = 024-001-000
IMT BUS A = Conn
IMT BUS B = Conn
SLK A PST = IS-NR LS=lsnsspn2 CLLI=-----
SLK B PST = IS-NR LS=lsnstpi CLLI=-----
SCCP SERVICE CARD = 1212
SLAN SERVICE CARD = ----
Command Completed.
```

---

12. Enter the following command to verify the links are properly aligned and are returned to full service.

```
rept-stat-slk
```

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 98-09-27 17:00:36 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
rept-stat-slk
SLK LSN CLLI PST SST AST
1201,A lsnsspn2 ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1201,B lsnstpi ----- OOS-MT-DSBLD LPBK ----
1202,A lsnstpn ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1202,B lsnstpi ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1203,A lsnstpa ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1203,B lsnscpa ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1205,A lsnscpi ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1205,B lsnsspi1 ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1207,A lsnstpa ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1207,B lsnsspa1 ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1211,A lsnstpn ----- IS-NR Avail ----
1211,B lsnsspn1 ----- IS-NR Avail ----
Command Completed.
```

---

13. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

```
alw-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the terminal number of the inhibited OAP terminal.

---

## Transaction Service Module (TSM) - SCCP

### Description

The Translation Service Module (TSM) provides translation capability and Global Title Translation (GTT) implementation for the Local Number Portability (LNP) function by means of one or more identically configured cards per STP node. If more than one TSM is provided in each shelf, they must be powered from different fuse positions and power feeds. The SCCP identifier signifies that this TSM card (Figure A-11) is being used to provide global title translation (GTT).

The TSM provides additional memory for storage of the GTT tables. These tables are downloaded by the terminal disk module (TDM) to the TSM upon power loss or hard reset.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine which cards are in service. This will indicate which link interface modules (LIMs) will be affected by removal of the TSM.

```
rept-stat-card:loc=xxxx
```

Where xxxx is the TSM-SCCP card location.

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 98-09-27 16:43:42 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD VERSION TYPE APPL PST SST AST
1212 024-001-000 TSM SCCP IS-NR Active -----
ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
IMT VERSION = 024-001-000
PROM VERSION = 024-001-000
IMT BUS A = Conn
IMT BUS B = Conn
SLK A PST = IS-NR LS=lsnssp2 CLLI=-----
SLK B PST = IS-NR LS=lsnstpi CLLI=-----
SCCP SERVICE CARD = 1212
SLAN SERVICE CARD = ----
Command Completed.
```

---



## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

2. Enter the following command to determine the number of TSM-SCCP cards in service providing GTT.

```
rept-stat-sccp:mode=perf
```

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 98-02-04 15:10:19 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SCCP SUBSYSTEM REPORT IS-NR Ovflw-1 -----
SCCP Cards Configured=4 Cards IS-NR=4 Capacity Threshold = 100%
CARD CPU TOTAL CLASS 0 CLASS 0 CLASS 1
 USAGE MSU RATE TVG RATE LB RATE LB RATE

1217 54% 850 770 50 30
1218 31% 490 400 40 50
4118 5% 80 0 40 40
4211 5% 80 0 80 0

AVERAGE USAGE: CLASS 0 ATM = 34% CLASS 0 LIM = 6% CLASS 1 LIM = 4%
AVERAGE MSU USAGE = 44%
AVERAGE CPU USAGE = 24%
TOTAL MSUS: 1500
TOTAL ERRORS: 5
Command Completed.
```

3. Enter the following command to remove the TSM-SCCP from service. If this is the last TSM-SCCP card in service, the *:force=yes* parameter must be specified.

```
rmv-card:loc=xxxx
```

Where xxxx is the TSM-SCCP card location.

4. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

```
rtrv-trm
```

5. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 4:

```
inh-trm:trm=x:force=yes
```

where x is the terminal number assigned as type OAP.

6. Remove the TSM-SCCP card, per the card replacement procedure described in the section titled “Replacing a Card” on Page A-57. Place the new TSM-SCCP card into its place. Be sure the revision numbers are compatible (if in doubt, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.

7. Enter the following command Use the *rst-card* command to return the TSM-SCCP card into service. This causes the MASP to begin downloading tables to the new TSM-SCCP card.

*rst-card:loc=xxxx*

Where *xxxx* is the TSM-SCCP card location.

When the card has been successfully loaded (there will be a response on the terminal that downloading is complete). This can take up to 30 minutes.

---

8. Enter the following command to verify the card is operational and providing SCCP services.

*rept-stat-sccp*

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 98-02-07 16:10:50 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SCCP SUBSYSTEM REPORT IS-NR Active -----
SCCP Cards Configured= 1 Cards IS-NR= 1 Capacity Threshold = 100%
CARD VERSION PST SST AST MSU USAGE CPU USAGE

1212 024-001-000 IS-NR Active ALMINH 47% 32%

SCCP Service Average MSU Capacity = 47% Average CPU Capacity = 32%
Command Completed.
```

---

9. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

*alw-trm:trm=x*

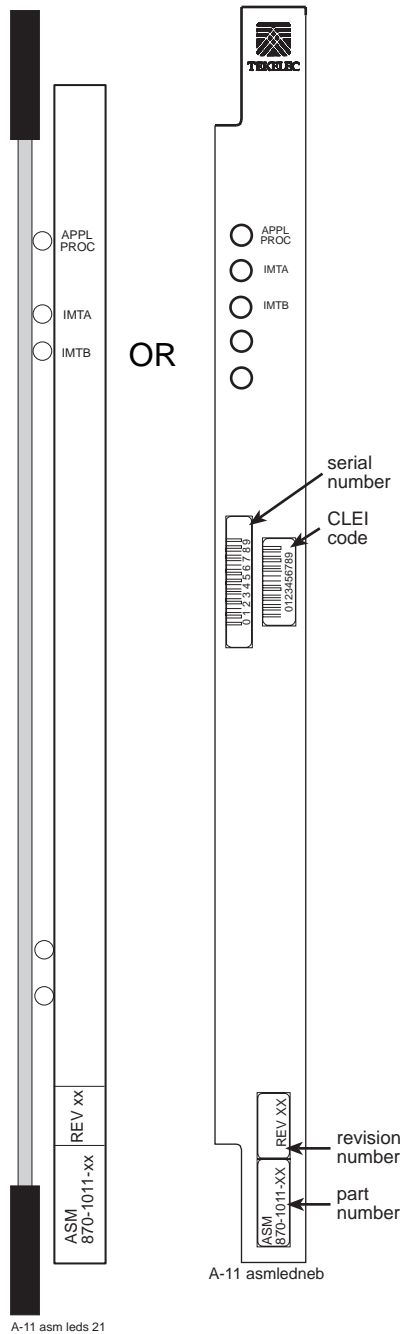
where *x* is the terminal number of the inhibited OAP terminal.

---

# Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

## ASM P/N 870-1011-xx

**Figure A-11.** ASM LEDs



| LEDs                                      | Descriptions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| APPL PROC - Applications Processor Status | <p>RED - Application processor is not running or is failing diagnostics.</p> <p>AMBER - ASM is loading an application or is being polled (may be prevented from loading by maintenance out of service condition).</p> <p>GREEN - ASM is running an application.</p> <p>RED/GREEN - Operational, no communication with the MASP.</p> |
| IMT A - IMT Bus A Status                  | <p>RED - ASM is off IMT bus A.</p> <p>AMBER - ASM is on IMT bus A, but testing is not complete.</p> <p>GREEN - ASM is on IMT bus A.</p> <p>BLANK - Communication processor is not operating.</p>                                                                                                                                    |
| IMT B - IMT Bus B Status                  | <p>RED - ASM is off IMT bus B</p> <p>AMBER - ASM is on IMT bus B, but testing is not complete.</p> <p>GREEN - ASM is on IMT bus B.</p> <p>BLANK - Communication processor is not operating.</p>                                                                                                                                     |

## Transaction Service Module (TSM) - GLS

### Description

The GLS identifier signifies that this TSM card (Figure A-11) is used for downloading gateway screening tables to link interface modules (LIMs). This is used to expedite the downloading process and bring links into service much quicker.

The absence of this card will not effect the gateway screening capability, as the screening takes place on the LIMs and TSM-SCCP cards. This only effects the ability to download screening data to the LIMs and TSM-SCCP cards.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to identify how many TSM-GLS cards are presently configured for this application:

*rept-stat-card*

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 98-02-04 12:57:21 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD VERSION TYPE APPL PST SST AST
1113 024-102-000 MASP OAM IS-NR Active -----
1114 ----- TDM ----- IS-NR Active -----
1115 ----- MASP OAM OOS-MT Isolated -----
1116 ----- TDM ----- OOT-MT Isolated -----
1117 ----- MDAL ----- IS-NR Active -----
1201 024-102-000 LIMOCU CCS7ITU IS-NR Active -----
1202 024-001-000 LIMDS0 CCS7ITU IS-NR Active M BIP ERR
1203 024-001-000 LIMDS0 SS7ANSI IS-NR Active -----
1205 024-001-000 LIMDS0 CCS7ITU IS-NR Active M BIP ERR
1207 024-001-000 LIMATM ATMANSI IS-NR Active -----
1211 024-001-000 LIMATM ATMANSI IS-NR Active ALMINH
1212 024-001-000 TSM SCCP IS-NR Active ALMINH
Command Completed.
```

This identifies if removing this card will prevent gateway screening from being loaded to LIMs.

---

2. Enter the following command to remove this card from service. If this is the last TSM-GLS card in service, the:*force=yes* parameter must be specified.

*rmv-card:loc=xxx*

Where xxx is the TSM-GLS card location.

---

3. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

*rtrv-trm*

---

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

4. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 3:

```
inh-trm:trm=x:force=yes
```

where x is the terminal number assigned as type OAP.

---

5. Remove the TSM-GLS card, per the card replacement procedure described in the section titled “Replacing a Card” on Page A-57. Place the new TSM-GLS card into its place. Be sure the revision numbers are compatible (if in doubt, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.

---

6. Enter the following command to begin downloading gateway screening (GWS) data to the new TSM-GLS card:

```
rst-card:loc=xxxx
```

Where *xxxx* is the card location.

---

7. Enter the following command to verify the successful download of GWS data and to verify that the new card has returned to service:

```
rept-stat-card
```

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 98-02-04 12:57:21 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD VERSION TYPE APPL PST SST AST
1113 024-102-000 MASP OAM IS-NR Active -----
1114 ----- TDM ----- IS-NR Active -----
1115 ----- MASP OAM OOS-MT Isolated -----
1116 ----- TDM ----- OOT-MT Isolated -----
1117 ----- MDAL ----- IS-NR Active -----
1201 024-102-000 LIM0CU CCS7ITU IS-NR Active -----
1202 024-001-000 LIMDS0 CCS7ITU IS-NR Active M BIP ERR
1203 024-001-000 LIMDS0 SS7ANSI IS-NR Active -----
1205 024-001-000 LIMDS0 CCS7ITU IS-NR Active M BIP ERR
1207 024-001-000 LIMATM ATMANSI IS-NR Active -----
1211 024-001-000 LIMATM ATMANSI IS-NR Active ALMINH
1212 024-001-000 TSM SCCP IS-NR Active ALMINH
Command Completed.
```

---

8. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

```
alw-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the terminal number of the inhibited OAP terminal.

---

## Database Services Module (DSM) - VSCCP

### Description

DSM (Figure A-13) cards are related to the TSM/DCM family, but differ by having an AMD K-6 processor and from 1 to 4 GB of memory on an applique board. The DSM card also differs from the TSM cards by having ethernet ports. The DSMs run a version of the SCCP application that has been ported to the VxWorks OS. To differentiate the DSM-VxWorks-SCCP from the SCCP that runs on the TSM cards, the DSM version has been named VSCCP. The extra memory is required to hold a copy of the RTDB. Ethernet ports are required to connect to the EPAP to download the RTDB. Multiple DSMs are used to provide a means of load balancing in high-traffic situations. Each DSM contains an identical database. Furthermore, the DSM RTDBs need to be identical to the one maintained by the EPAPs.

### Procedure

1. Enter the following command to determine which cards are in service. This will indicate which link interface modules (LIMs) will be affected by removal of the DSM card.

```
rept-stat-card:loc=xxxx
```

Where xxxx is the DSM-VSCCP card location.

2. Enter the following command to determine the number of DSM-VSCCP cards in service providing GTT.

```
rept-stat-sccp
```

The following is an example of the possible output.

```

RLGHNCXA03W 98-02-04 15:10:19 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SCCP SUBSYSTEM REPORT IS-NR Active -----
GSM SUBSYSTEM REPORT IS-NR Active -----
INP SUBSYSTEM REPORT IS-ANR Restricted -----
ASSUMING MATE'S LOAD
INPQS: SSN STATUS = Allowed MATE SSN STATUS = Prohibited

SCCP Cards Configured= 4 Cards IS-NR= 2 Capacity Threshold = 100%
CARD VERSION PST SST AST MSU USAGE CPU USAGE

1212 103-001-000 IS-NR Active ALMINH 45% 30%
1301 P 103-001-000 IS-NR Active ----- 35% 40%
1305 ----- OOS-MT Isolated ----- 0% 0%
2112 ----- OOS-MT-DSBLD Manual ----- 0% 0%

SCCP Service Average MSU Capacity = 40% Average CPU Capacity = 35%

AVERAGE CPU USAGE PER SERVICE:
GTT = 15% GFLEX = 5% GPORT = 10%
INPMR = 2% INPQS = 3%
```

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

### TOTAL SERVICE STATISTICS:

| SERVICE | SUCCESS | ERRORS | WARNINGS | FORWARD TO GTT | TOTAL |
|---------|---------|--------|----------|----------------|-------|
| GTT:    | 1995    | 5      | -        | -              | 2000  |
| GFLEX:  | 500     | 1      | 4        | 10             | 515   |
| GPORT:  | 800     | 0      | 2        | 3              | 805   |
| INPMR:  | 50      | 5      | 0        | 15             | 70    |
| INPQS:  | 499     | 1      | -        | -              | 500   |

Command Completed.

---

3. Enter the following command to remove the DSM-VSCCP card from service. If this is the last DSM-VSCCP card in service, the:*force=yes* parameter must be specified.

*rmv-card:loc=xxxx*

Where xxxx is the DSM-VSCCP card location.

---

4. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

*rtrv-trm*

---

5. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 4:

*inh-trm:trm=x:force=yes*

where x is the terminal number assigned as type OAP.

---

6. Remove the DSM-VSCCP card, per the card replacement procedure described in the section titled "Replacing a Card" on Page A-57. Place the new DSM-VSCCP card into its place. Be sure the revision numbers are compatible (if in doubt, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

7. Enter the following command Use the *rst-card* command to return the DSM-VSCCP card into service. This causes the MASP to begin downloading tables to the new DSM-VSCCP card.

*rst-card:loc=xxxx*

Where xxxx is the DSM-VSCCP card location.

When the card has been successfully loaded (there will be a response on the terminal that downloading is complete). This can take up to 4 hours.

---

8. Enter the following command to verify the card is operational and providing SCCP services.

*rept-stat-sccp*

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 98-02-04 15:10:19 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
SCCP SUBSYSTEM REPORT IS-NR Active -----
GSM SUBSYSTEM REPORT IS-NR Active -----
INP SUBSYSTEM REPORT IS-ANR Restricted -----
```

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

```
ASSUMING MATE'S LOAD
INPQS: SSN STATUS = Allowed MATE SSN STATUS = Prohibited

SCCP Cards Configured= 4 Cards IS-NR= 2 Capacity Threshold = 100%
CARD VERSION PST SST AST MSU USAGE CPU USAGE

1212 103-001-000 IS-NR Active ALMINH 45% 30%
1301 P 103-001-000 IS-NR Active ----- 35% 40%
1305 ----- OOS-MT Isolated ----- 0% 0%
2112 ----- OOS-MT-DSBLD Manual ----- 0% 0%

SCCP Service Average MSU Capacity = 40% Average CPU Capacity = 35%

AVERAGE CPU USAGE PER SERVICE:
GTT = 15% GFLEX = 5% GPORT = 10%
INPMR = 2% INPQS = 3%

TOTAL SERVICE STATISTICS:
SERVICE SUCCESS ERRORS WARNINGS FORWARD TO GTT TOTAL
GTT: 1995 5 - - 2000
GFLEX: 500 1 4 10 515
GPORT: 800 0 2 3 805
INPMR: 50 5 0 15 70
INPQS: 499 1 - - 500

Command Completed.
```

---

9. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

*alw-trm:trm=x*

where x is the terminal number of the inhibited OAP terminal.

---



## Application Communications Module (ACM)

### Description

The ACM (Figure A-12) provides access to a remote host for use by the STP LAN feature. The application communication module (ACM) consists of a 80486-based main assembly and an ethernet applique. Connection to a host is achieved through an ethernet LAN using the TCP/IP protocol.

If this card is removed, the TCP/IP data link supported by this card becomes out of service. Any data to be transmitted to the remote TCP/IP host connected by this TCP/IP data link is lost.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine what TCP/IP data links are configured:

```
rept-stat-card
```

---

2. Enter the following command to determine the status of the TCP/IP data link assigned to the card to be replaced:

```
rept-stat-dlk
```

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 98-09-27 17:00:36 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
DLK PST SST AST
1104 IS-NR Avail ----
1206 IS-NR Avail ALMINH
Command Completed.
```

---

3. If the status of the TCP/IP data link is not out of service - maintenance disabled (OOS-MT-DSBLD), use the *canc-dlk* command to change the status of the TCP/IP data link to OOS-MT-DSBLD.

```
canc-dlk:loc=xxxx
```

Where xxxx is the card location.

---

4. Enter the following command to inhibit the card and disconnect it from the IMT bus. If this is the last ACM in the system, the *force=yes* parameter must be used with this command.

```
rmv-card:loc=xxxx
```

Where xxxx is the card location.

---

5. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

```
rtrv-trm
```

---

6. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 5:

```
inh-trm:trm=x:force=yes
```

where x is the terminal number assigned as type OAP.

---

7. Remove the ACM, per the card replacement procedure described in the section titled “Replacing a Card” on Page A-57. Place the new ACM into its place. Be sure the revision numbers are compatible (if in doubt, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number).

Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10.

---

8. Enter the following command to put the new ACM card back into service and connect it to the IMT bus:

```
rst-card:loc=xxxx
```

where xxxx = card location.

---

9. Enter the following command to return the TCP/IP data link to service:

```
act-dlk:loc=xxxx
```

where xxxx = card location.

---

10. Enter the following command to verify the status of the card and its associated TCP/IP data link:

```
rept-stat-card
```

---

11. Enter the following command to verify that the TCP/IP data link has returned to full service:

```
rept-stat-dlk
```

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 98-09-27 17:00:36 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
DLK PST SST AST
1104 IS-NR Avail ----
1206 IS-NR Avail ALMINH
Command Completed.
```

---

12. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

```
alw-trm:trm=x
```

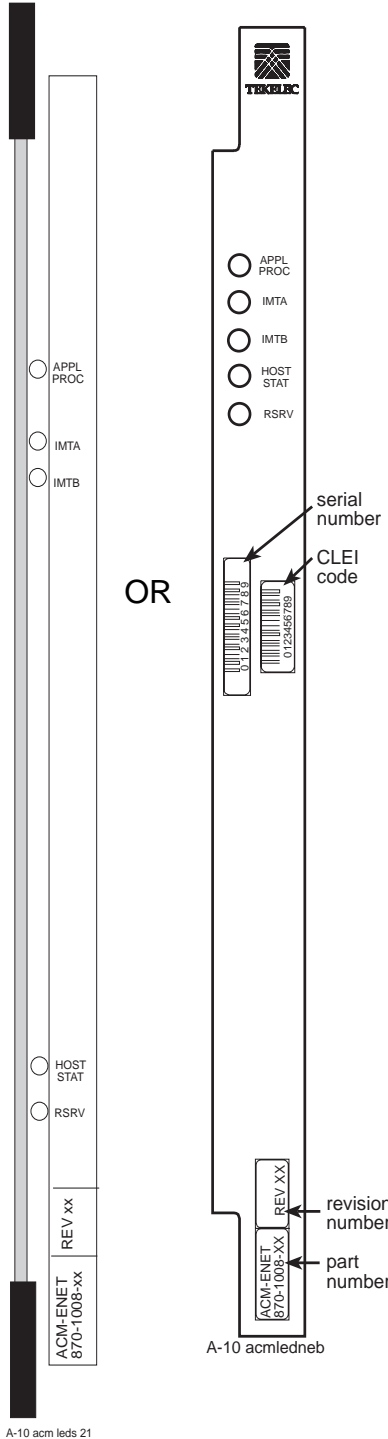
where x is the terminal number of the inhibited OAP terminal.

---

# Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

## ACM P/N 870-1008-xx

**Figure A-12.** ACM LEDs



| LEDs                                      | Descriptions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| APPL PROC - Applications Processor Status | <p>RED - Application processor is not running or is failing diagnostics.</p> <p>AMBER - ACM is loading an application or is being polled (may be prevented from loading by maintenance out of service condition).</p> <p>GREEN - ACM is running an application.</p> <p>RED/GREEN - Operational, no communication with the MASP.</p> |
| IMT A - IMT Bus A Status                  | <p>RED - ACM is off IMT bus A.</p> <p>AMBER - ACM is on IMT bus A, but testing is not complete.</p> <p>GREEN - ACM is on IMT bus A.</p> <p>BLANK - Communication processor is not operating.</p>                                                                                                                                    |
| IMT B - IMT Bus B Status                  | <p>RED - ACM is off IMT bus B.</p> <p>AMBER - ACM is on IMT bus B, but testing is not complete.</p> <p>GREEN - ACM is on IMT bus B.</p> <p>BLANK - Communication processor is not operating.</p>                                                                                                                                    |
| HOST STAT - Host Status                   | <p>RED - Host is not available.</p> <p>GREEN - Host is available.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| RSRV - Reserved                           | Not currently used.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## Database Communications Module (DCM) and EDCM

### Description

The DCM (Figure A-13) provides access to a remote host for use by the STP LAN feature. The database communication module (DCM) consists of a 80486-based main assembly and an ethernet applique. Connection to a host is achieved through an ethernet LAN using the TCP/IP protocol.

If this card is removed, the TCP/IP data link supported by this card becomes out of service. Any data to be transmitted to the remote TCP/IP host connected by this TCP/IP data link is lost.

The DCM can only be inserted in the odd numbered card slots of the shelf. Slot 09 of each shelf contains the IPMX card; thus the DCM cannot be inserted in slot 09. The DCM can be inserted in the control shelf, but only in slots 01, 03, 05, 07, and 11. Slots 13, 15, and 17 refer to the extension shelf only. The DCM occupies two card slots, so the even numbered card slot adjacent to the odd numbered slot where the DCM has been inserted must be empty as shown in Table A-1. The DCM is connected to the network through the odd numbered card slot connector.

**Table A-1.** DCM Card Locations

| Location of the DCM | Empty Card Location | Location of the DCM | Empty Card Location |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Slot 01             | Slot 02             | Slot 11             | Slot 12             |
| Slot 03             | Slot 04             | Slot 13             | Slot 14             |
| Slot 05             | Slot 06             | Slot 15             | Slot 16             |
| Slot 07             | Slot 08             | Slot 17             | Slot 18             |

The Double-Slot Enhanced Database Communications Module is a version of the DCM that includes more main memory and better processing performance. The double-slot EDCM can be placed in any slot odd or even that is provisioned. Physically the next higher slot can not be provisioned for a card because of the double-slot EDCM card width. The following list highlights the changes embodied by the Double-Slot EDCM:

The Single-Slot EDCM (Figure A-14) is a version of the EDCM which requires only a single frame slot. It can be placed in any slot, odd or even, which has been provisioned for DCM. Otherwise it duplicates the performance of the Double-Slot EDCM.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine what TCP/IP data links are configured:

*rept-stat-card*

---

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

2. Enter the following command to determine the status of the TCP/IP data link assigned to the card to be replaced:

*rept-stat-dlk*

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 97-09-27 17:00:36 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
DLK PST SST AST
1104 IS-NR Avail ----
1206 IS-NR Avail ALMINH
Command Completed.
```

---

3. If the status of the TCP/IP data link is not out of service - maintenance disabled (OOS-MT-DSBLD), use the *canc-dlk* command to change the status of the TCP/IP data link to OOS-MT-DSBLD.

*canc-dlk:loc=xxxx*

Where xxxx is the card location.

---

4. Enter the following command to inhibit the card and disconnect it from the IMT bus. If this is the last DCM in the system, the *force=yes* parameter must be used with this command.

*rmv-card:loc=xxxx*

Where xxxx is the card location.

---

5. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

*rtrv-trm*

---

6. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 5:

*inh-trm:trm=x:force=yes*

where x is the terminal number assigned as type OAP.

---

7. Remove the DCM, per the card replacement procedure described in the section titled "Replacing a Card" on Page A-57. Place the new DCM into its place. Be sure the revision numbers are compatible (if in doubt, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

8. Enter the following command to put the new DCM card back into service and connect it to the IMT bus:

*rst-card:loc=xxxx*

where xxxx = card location.

---

9. Enter the following command to return the TCP/IP data link to service:

```
act-dlk:loc=xxxx
where xxxx = card location.
```

---

10. Enter the following command to verify the status of the card and its associated TCP/IP data link:

```
rept-stat-card
```

---

11. Enter the following command to verify that the TCP/IP data link has returned to full service:

```
rept-stat-dlk
```

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 97-09-27 17:00:36 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
DLK PST SST AST
1104 IS-NR Avail ----
1206 IS-NR Avail ALMINH
Command Completed.
```

---

12. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

```
alw-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the terminal number of the inhibited OAP terminal.

---

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

### DCM Card and DSM Card

Database Communications Module (DCM) part numbers are:

870-1671-04 K6 DCM the original card

870-1945-02 K6-III DCM required for 200 TPS

870-1984-01 DCMX (K6-III equivalent)(primaryboard).

Primaryboard plus memory boards equal Database Service Modules (DSMs):

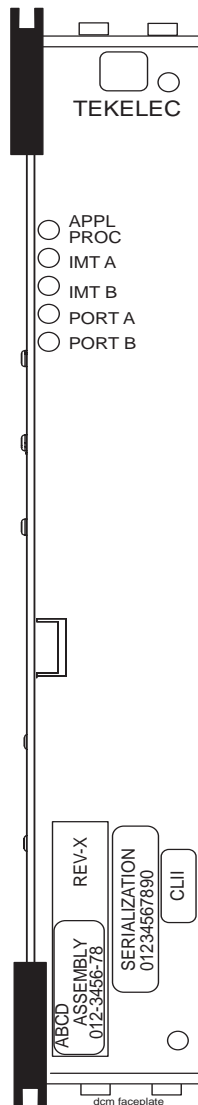
870-1984-02 DSM-1G

870-1984-03 DSM-2G

870-1984-04 DSM-3G

870-1984-05 DSM-4G

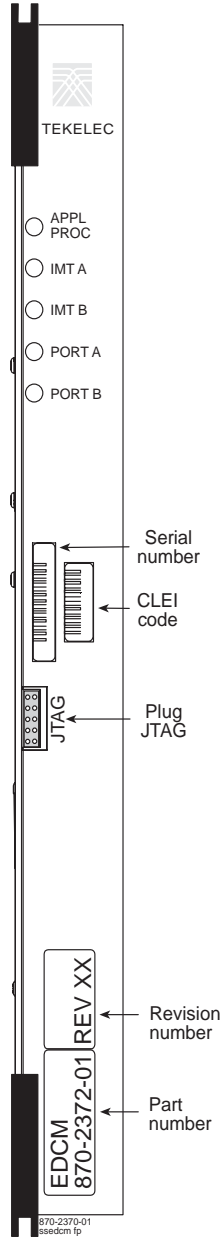
**Figure A-13.** DCM LEDs



| LEDs      | Descriptions                                                    |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| APPL PROC | RED – Critical alarm condition detected.<br>GREEN – No alarm    |
| IMT A     | RED – Major alarm condition detected.<br>GREEN – No alarm       |
| IMT B     | AMBER – Minor alarm condition detected.<br>GREEN – No alarm     |
| PORT A    | GREEN – PORT A is the active PORT.<br>RED – PORT A is inactive  |
| PORT B    | GREEN – PORT B is the active PORT.<br>RED – PORT B is inactive. |

EDCM (Single-Slot), Enhanced DCM Card (IP7 SG 4.0 and Later)

Figure A-14. EDCM Single-Slot LEDs



| LEDs      | Descriptions                                                    |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| APPL PROC | RED – Critical alarm condition detected.<br>GREEN – No alarm    |
| IMT A     | RED – Major alarm condition detected.<br>GREEN – No alarm       |
| IMT B     | AMBER – Minor alarm condition detected.<br>GREEN – No alarm     |
| PORT A    | GREEN – PORT A is the active PORT.<br>RED – PORT A is inactive  |
| PORT B    | GREEN – PORT B is the active PORT.<br>RED – PORT B is inactive. |



## Terminal Disk Module (TDM)/TDM-GTI

### Description

The TDM (Figure A-15) contains the fixed disk drive, the terminal processor for the 16 serial I/O ports, and an interface to the maintenance disk and alarm (MDAL) card. This procedure will replace the standby TDM.

### Procedure

---

1. Before beginning this procedure, make sure there is a copy of the current release GPLs on a removable cartridge on-hand.
- 

2. Enter the following command to display the card status:

*rept-stat-card*

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 03-08-18 12:57:21 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
rlghncxa03w 05-02-04 15:10:19 EST EAGLE5 33.0.0
CARD VERSION TYPE APPL PST SST AST
1109 125-016-000 HMUX BPHMUX IS-NR Active -----
1110 125-016-000 HMUX BPHMUX IS-NR Active -----
1113 125-020-000 GPSM EOAM IS-NR Standby -----
1114 ----- TDM IS-NR Active -----
1115 125-020-000 GPSM EOAM IS-NR Active -----
1116 ----- TDM IS-NR Active -----
1117 ----- MDAL IS-NR Active -----
1209 125-016-000 HMUX BPHMUX IS-NR Active -----
1210 125-016-000 HMUX BPHMUX IS-NR Active -----
1301 125-020-000 LIME1 SS7ANSI IS-NR Active -----
1303 125-020-000 LIME1 CCS7ITU IS-NR Active -----
1305 125-020-000 LIME1 SS7ANSI IS-NR Active -----
1307 125-020-000 LIME1 CCS7ITU IS-NR Active -----
1309 125-016-000 HIPR HIPR IS-NR Active -----
1310 023-018-006 HIPR HIPR IS-NR Active -----
```

;

.

---

**NOTE: Perform Step 3 only if the card to be replaced is not Standby.**

- Verify card to be replaced (failing or non-failing) is Standby before continuing. If the card is failing it should already be Standby. Enter the following commands to verify the database and force the active GPSM-II card to become Standby:

*rept-stat-db:display=all*

Verify all the cards in the system have the same database count. If the counts do not match, call "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10 at the appropriate number.

*init-card:loc=x*

where **x** is the card location (1113 or 1115) from Step 2.

---

- Repeat Step 2 if necessary ( if Step 3 was performed) to display card status.
- 

- From the output in Step 2, determine the MASP activity.

Record which GPSM is Active and Standby.

Record the card locations of both sets of GPSMs and TDMs.

- Active GPSM \_\_\_\_\_
- Active TDM \_\_\_\_\_
- Standby GPSM \_\_\_\_\_
- Standby TDM \_\_\_\_\_

In this sample output, 1113/1114 are active and 1115/1116 are standby.

---



**WARNING: Do not proceed to Step 8 if the backup fails. Contact "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10 at the appropriate number.**

- If a failing TDM card is to be replaced, perform a database backup before replacing the failed card. Insert the removable cartridge with the current release GPLs into the MDAL. Using the Backup the Database (Daily) procedure in Chapter 2, create a backup of the database on the removable cartridge. Then go to Step 8.
- 

- If a non-failing TDM card is to be replaced, insert the removable cartridge containing the copy of the current release GPLs into the MDAL.
- 

**NOTE: Step 8 through Step 10 are only necessary for OAP based EAGLE s.**

- Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and terminal numbers:

*rtrv-trm*

---

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

9. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 8:

```
inh-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the terminal number.

---

10. Enter the following command for each terminal inhibited in Step 9 to temporarily change the terminal type from OAP to *none*:

```
chg-trm:trm=x:type=none
```

where x is the terminal number.

---

11. Enter the following command to verify that the databases in the current (FD CRNT) and the backup (FD BKUP) partitions of the active MASP match:

```
rept-stat-db:display=version
```

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 03-08-27 03:46:39 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
DATABASE STATUS: >> OK <<
 TDM 1114 (ACTV) TDM 1116 (STDBY)
 C LEVEL TIME LAST BACKUP C LEVEL TIME LAST BACKUP

FD BKUP Y 43 03-08-14 03:02:18 EST Y 43 03-08-14 03:02:18 EST
FD CRNT Y 79
 MDAL 1117
 - - - - -
RD BKUP Y 1 - -
CARD/APPL LOC C T LEVEL TIME LAST UPDATE VERSION STATUS

TDM-CRNT 1114 Y N 79 03-08-27 00:56:30 121-000-000 NORMAL
TDM-BKUP 1114 Y - 43 03-08-14 01:10:46 121-000-000 NORMAL
TDM-CRNT 1116 Y N 79 03-08-27 00:56:30 121-000-000 NORMAL
TDM-BKUP 1116 Y - 43 03-08-14 01:10:46 121-000-000 NORMAL
MDAL 1117 Y - 79 03-08-27 00:56:30 121-000-000 NORMAL
```

---

12. Compare the *VERSION STATUS* of the TDM cards in the output of the previous step. If they are identical, continue to the next step. If they are not the same, go to Step 21.
- 

13. Enter the following command to show the version numbers of the GPLs stored on each fixed disk (TDM).

```
rtrv-gpl
```

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 03-08-27 03:46:48 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
GPL Auditing ON
APPL CARD RELEASE APPROVED TRIAL REMOVE TRIAL
EOAM 1114 121-002-000 121-002-000 121-002-000 121-002-000
EOAM 1116 121-002-000 121-002-000 121-002-000 -----
SS7ANSI 1114 121-002-000 121-002-000 121-002-000 121-002-000
```

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

```
SS7ANSI 1116 121-002-000 121-002-000 121-002-000 -----
SCCP 1114 121-002-000 074-002-005 ALM 121-002-000 121-002-000
SCCP 1116 121-002-000 121-002-000 121-002-000 -----
GLS 1114 121-002-000 121-002-000 121-002-000 121-002-000

GLS 1116 121-002-000 121-002-000 121-002-000 -----
MPLG 1114 121-002-000 121-002-000 121-002-000 151-002-000
MPLG 1116 121-002-000 121-002-000 121-002-000 -----

```

14. Examine the output of the previous step. If any card shows an alarm (ALM), go the Step 21. If no alarms are displayed, continue with Step 15.

15. Enter the following command to verify that the security log on the standby MASP contains no entries that must be copied to the FTA area of the fixed disk:

*rept-stat-seculog*

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 96-10-04 15:59:06 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
-- SINCE LAST UPLOAD -- OLDEST NEWEST LAST
LOC ROLE ENTRIES %FULL OFLO FAIL RECORD RECORD UPLOAD
1114 Active 8312 84 No No 95-08-12 96-01-04 96-12-16
 11:23:56 15:59:06 14:02:22

1116 Standby 693 7 No No 95-09-12 95-09-30 95-09-30
 11:24:12 14:00:06 14:02:13
```

If the number shown in the *ENTRIES* field for the standby MASP (shown with the entry *Standby* in the *ROLE* field) is 0, go to Step 17.

If the number shown in the *ENTRIES* field for the standby MASP is greater than 0, these entries must be copied to the FTA area of the fixed disk. To copy these entries, go to the next step.

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

16. Copy the security log entries on the standby MASP to the FTA area on the fixed disk with the *copy-seculog* command. For this example, enter the *copy-seculog:slog=stb* command. The following is an example of the message that should appear.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 96-10-04 15:59:06 EDT EAGLE 34.0.0
Security log on TDM 1116 copied to file 961004s.log on TDM 1114
```

---

17. Replace the Standby TDM, according to the card replacement procedure described in the section titled “Replacing a Card” on Page A-57.

- Unseat the standby GPSM card determined in Step 5.
- Remove the standby TDM card determined in Step 5.
- Insert the spare TDM card.
- Re-seat the standby GPSM card.

**NOTE: UAMs are generated during this step. An audible alarm is generated. Wait for the standby GPSM/spare TDM to come up to standby mode.**

---

18. Enter the following command to display the status of the standby GPSM:

```
rept-stat-card:loc=xxxx
```

where xxxx is the standby GPSM from the output recorded in Step 5.

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 03-08-18 13:10:21 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CARD VERSION TYPE APPL PST SST AST
xxxx xxx-xxx-xxx GPSM EAOM IS-NR Standby DB-DIFF
 ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
 IMT VERSION = 025-015-000
 PROM VERSION = 023-002-000
 IMT BUS A = Conn
 IMT BUS B = Conn
Command Completed.
```

**NOTE: Verify that backup goes to IS-NR status.**

---

19. Enter the following command to retrieve GPL versions:

```
rtrv-gpl
```

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 03-08-27 03:46:48 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
GPL Auditing ON
```

| APPL    | CARD | RELEASE     | APPROVED    | TRIAL       | REMOVE TRIAL |
|---------|------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| EOAM    | 1114 | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | -----        |
| EOAM    | 1116 | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx  |
| SS7ANSI | 1114 | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | -----        |
| SS7ANSI | 1116 | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx  |
| SCCP    | 1114 | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | -----        |
| SCCP    | 1116 | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx  |

|      |      |             |             |             |             |
|------|------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| GLS  | 1114 | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | -----       |
| GLS  | 1116 | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx |
| MPLG | 1114 | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | -----       |
| MPLG | 1116 | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx | xxx-xxx-xxx |

20. Enter the following command to repair the standby's TDM database.

*chg-db:action=repair*

**NOTE: The system requires approximately two minutes after Step 18 to acquire duplex mode. As a result the system will reject the *chg-db:action= repair* until duplex operation fully returns.**

The following is an example of the possible output.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 03-08-27 03:46:49 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
chg-db:action=repair
Command entered at terminal #10.
;
```

```
RLGHNCXA03W 03-08-27 03:46:50 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
REPAIR: MASP A - Repair starts on standby MASP.
;
```

**NOTE: Observe that the command execution time may require approximately 20 to 45 minutes.**

```
RLGHNCXA03W 03-08-27 04:15:22 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
REPAIR: MASP A - Repair from fixed disk complete.
;
```

Wait for the 'repair complete' message to display and for the to MASP return to in-service status.

When the 'repair complete' message has displayed, proceed to Step 26.

**NOTE: Perform this step only if you are coming from Step 12 or Step 14.**

21. Enter the following command to verify whether measurement collection is on or off:

*rtrv-meas-sched*

The following is an example of the possible output. The *COLLECT* field shows whether measurement collection is on or off. In this example, measurement collection is on.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 95-04-03 12:22:55 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
COLLECT = on

SYSTOT-STP = off
SYSTOT-TT = off
SYSTOT-STPLAN = on
COMP-LNKSET = off
COMP-LINK = on
MTCD-STP = on
MTCD-LINK = on
```

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

```
MTCD-STPLAN = on
```

If measurement collection is on, continue with Step 22. If measurement collection is off, proceed to Step 23.

---

22. Enter the following command to inhibit all measurements:

```
chg-meas:collect=off
```



**CAUTION:** Measurements must be inhibited or the *copy-disk* command cannot be executed. The *chg-meas:collect=on* command should not be executed while the *copy-disk* command is in progress.

**When measurements are inhibited, measurement collection is stopped.**

**For the entire period of time when measurements are inhibited, those measurements will be lost. Additionally, if possible do not inhibit measurements at midnight since doing so can result in the loss of measurements for an entire day.**

The following message should appear.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 94-02-07 16:12:50 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CHG-MEAS: MASP A - COMPLTD
```

---

23. Replace the Standby TDM, according to the card replacement procedure described in the section titled “Replacing a Card” on Page A-57.

- Unseat the standby GPSM card determined in Step 5.
- Remove the standby TDM card determined in Step 5.
- Insert the spare TDM card.
- Re-seat the standby GPSM card.

**NOTE:** UAMs are generated during this step. An audible alarm is generated. Wait for the standby GPSM/spare TDM to come up to standby mode.

---

24. Enter the following *copy-disk* command along with the card location of the standby TDM (shown by the indicator *STDBY* in the *rept-stat-db* command output in Step 11.) that the data is being copied to. This command can take from 33 minutes to 1 hour 46 minutes to execute. It can take even longer depending on other system activity in progress when this command is entered.

```
copy-disk:dloc=xxx:format=no
```

Where *xxx* is the card location of the standby TDM.

The following is an example of the message that should appear when the command has executed and completed. For this example, the *copy-disk:dloc=1116* command was entered.

```
Copy-disk (fixed): from active (1114) to standby (1116) started.
Extended processing required, please wait.
```

Copy-disk (fixed): from active (1114) to standby (1116) completed.  
Measurements collection may be turned on now if desired.

The standby MASP is rebooted to load the data when the command completes successfully.

**NOTE: While this command is executing, commands that affect the database configuration cannot be executed. Any attempt to execute such a command will be rejected.**

---

25. If measurement collection was turned off in Step 22, enter the following command to turn on the measurements:

*chg-meas:collect=on*

The following message should appear.

```
RLGHNCXA03W 94-02-07 16:12:50 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CHG-MEAS: MASP A - COMPLTD
```

---

26. Enter the following command to verify that the database counts of both MASPs.

*rept-stat-db:display=all*

---

27. After the card has been reloaded (a message appears to confirm completion of the load), enter the following command to verify the database is consistent (same level as the other cards in the system).

*rept-stat-card*

---

28. Enter the following command to restore the OAP terminals changed in Step 10:

*chg-trm:trm=x:type=oap*

where x is the terminal number.

---

29. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals inhibited in Step 9 to the in-service state:

*alw-trm:trm=x*

where x is the terminal number.

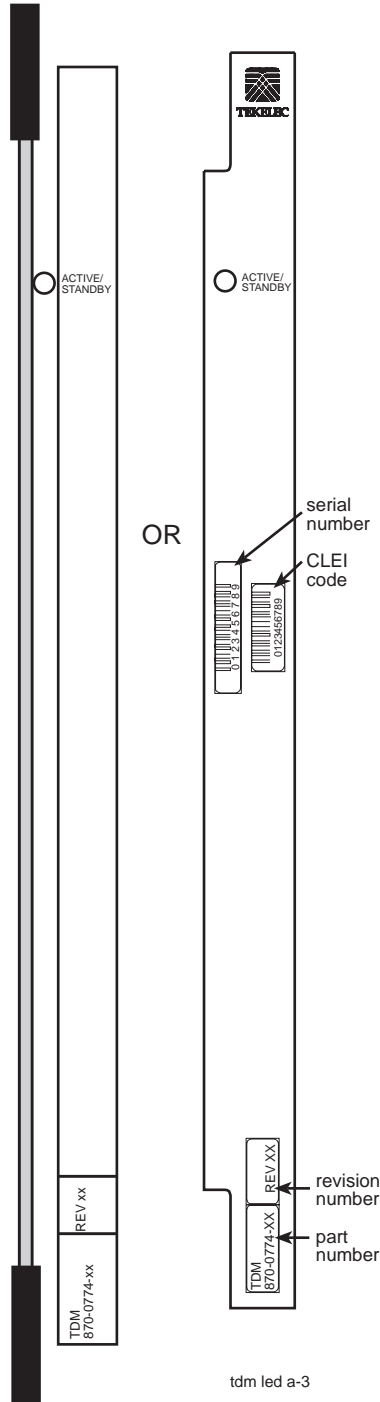
---



# Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

TDM P/N 870-0774-xx

Figure A-15. TDM LED



| LED    | Descriptions                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| STATUS | <p>RED - Card is resetting, hardware and software are not currently configured.</p> <p>GREEN - OAM application is running and this MASP is primary.</p> <p>GREEN/AMBER - OAM application is running and this MASP is in standby mode.</p> |

**NOTE:** LED state is not defined if the associated GPSM-II is resetting, is not installed, or has failed.

tdm led a-3

## Measurement Collection and Polling Module (MCPM)

### Description

The primary MCPM card performs all measurements collection and reporting functions and provides on-card RAM storage for collected data and scheduled reports. The Secondary MCPM provides a redundant backup for the Primary card, and assumes collection and reporting responsibilities on the loss of the Primary. TCP/IP connections are used to deliver measurement reports from the Primary MCPM card to the customer via an FTP client. The FTP configuration can be customized to support automatic transfer of scheduled reports from the client to the server.

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to determine the status of the MCPM cards.

```
rept-stat-meas
```

---

2. Enter the following command to remove the faulty MCPM card from service. If this is the last MCPM card in service, the *:force=yes* parameter must be specified.

```
rmv-card:loc=xxxx
```

Where *xxxx* is the MCPM card location.

---

3. Remove the MCPM card, per the card replacement procedure described in the section titled "Replacing a Card" on Page A-57. Place the new MCPM card into its place. Be sure the revision numbers are compatible (if in doubt, call Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

---

4. Enter the following command to return the MCPM card into service. This causes the MASP to begin downloading tables to the new MCPM card.

```
rst-card:loc=xxxx
```

Where *xxxx* is the MCPM card location.

When the card has been successfully loaded (there will be a response on the terminal that downloading is complete). Normally this should take up to 20 minutes.

**NOTE: If the card has not loaded in 30 minutes, enter the *init-card* command to re-boot the MCPM card.**

---

5. Enter the following command to verify the card is operational.

```
rept-stat-meas
```

---

## Replacing a Card in the EAGLE 5 SAS

Use this procedure anytime a card is removed from the EAGLE 5 SAS. Failure to use this procedure may result in equipment damage. Use the procedures at the beginning of this section before physically removing any cards.



**WARNING:** Before performing any maintenance procedures on the EAGLE 5 SAS, make sure you wear a wrist strap connected to the wrist strap grounding point of the EAGLE 5 SAS System.

Before removing, reseating, or initializing a card, inhibit any OAP terminal ports that are in-service normal (IS-NR) to assure the card loads properly. No database updates or single command line entries should be made while the card is loading.



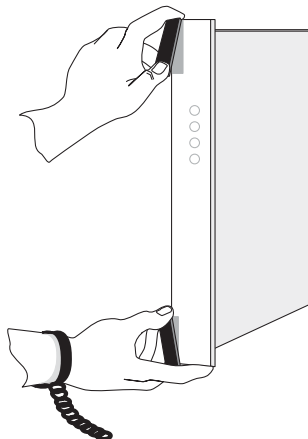
**WARNING:** This procedure may interrupt service. When possible, perform maintenance during low traffic and database provisioning periods, such as the maintenance window.

### Procedure

---

1. Locate the card to be removed.
- 
2. Use both hands to open injector/ejector module locking tabs out from the faceplate of the card. Push the inject/eject clamps outward from the card's faceplate (top clamp in the "UP" position, bottom clamp in the "DOWN" position). Pull the levers away from the shelf until they are parallel to the floor. Gently pull the card towards you until the card clears the shelf.

**Figure A-16.** Push Inject/Eject Clamps Outward



3. Place the card you have removed in an electrostatic discharge (ESD) protective container, or place the card in the spare card storage shelf.

---
4. Be sure that the replacement card has the same Tekelec part number and revision number as the card you have just removed (unless this is an upgrade).

---
5. Open the ejector levers on the replacement card. Carefully align the card's edges with the top and bottom card guides. Then push the card along the length of the card guides until the rear connectors on the card engage the mating connectors on the target shelf backplane.

---
6. Press the left edge of the card's faceplate using constant pressure until you feel the card's progress cease. To ensure proper seating, the tabs must be held in the release position until the locking tabs can engage with the upper and lower flange on the shelf.

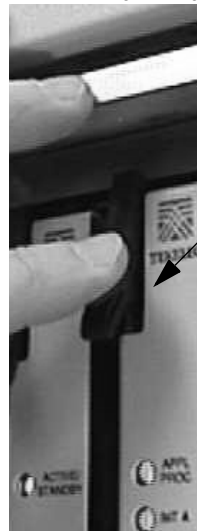


**WARNING:** Do not impact the faceplate in order to mate the connectors. Any impact to the card's faceplate can damage the faceplate, the pins, or the connectors.

---

7. Push in the top and bottom inject/eject clamps. This locks the card in place and ensures a strong connection with the pins on the target shelf backplane.

**Figure A-17.** Push in Inject/Eject Clamps



Push in the inject/eject clamps to lock the card in place.

8. Verify that both IMT bus LEDs are green.

---

## **Card Removal/Replacement Procedures**

9. Record the activity in the site maintenance log.
-

## Replacing Cards in the Holdover Clock

### Failed Clock Input (CI) Card Replacement

#### Description

Use this procedure to replace a failed clock input (CI) card in shelves equipped with ST3 clock cards. The input card FAIL lamp should be lit.

#### Procedure

---

1. If the shelf is equipped with ST3 cards and the input card FAIL lamp is not lit, check the status of the SRC ACT/SRC ACTIVE lamp. If lit, press the transfer (XFR) button on either input card. If the input card FAIL lamp is lit, go to Step 3. The SRC ACT/SRC ACTIVE lamp on the other input card lights and the lamp goes off. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

```
rtrv-trm
```

---

2. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 1:

```
inh-trm:trm=x:force=yes
```

where x is the terminal number assigned as type OAP.

---

3. Remove the failed card or the card to be removed from the shelf.
- 

4. Set the option switches on the replacement card to the correct settings. (See the *Installation Manual*.) Wait for the input card to acquire the input reference signal (about 40 seconds). Then, press the XFR button to make the new input card active.
- 

5. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

```
alw-trm:trm=x
```

where x is the terminal number of the inhibited OAP terminal.

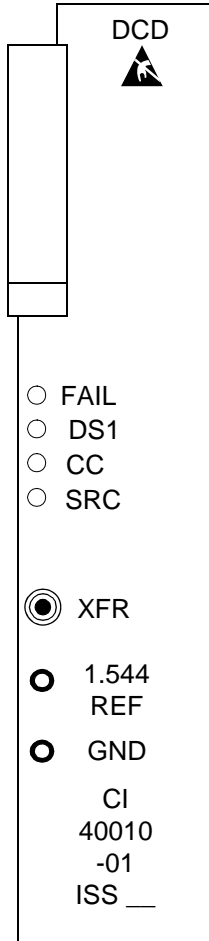
---

**Card Removal/Replacement Procedures**

**CI P/N 804-0165-01**

**Figure A-18.**

Holdover clock CI card LEDs



| LEDs       | Descriptions                                                                                                                                         |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FAIL       | RED - this card or its input has failed. The card's output is disabled and a minor alarm is generated.<br>BLANK - no card or input failure detected. |
| DS1        | GREEN - DS1 source is present.<br>BLANK - DS1 source is not present.                                                                                 |
| CC         | GREEN - CC (composite clock) source is present.<br>BLANK - CC source is not present.                                                                 |
| SRC ACTIVE | GREEN - the card is on-line providing a DCD reference to ST3 and output cards.<br>BLANK - card is in standby mode.                                   |

## Non-Failed Clock Input (CI) Card Replacement

### Description

Use this procedure to replace non-failed clock input (CI) cards which have valid input reference signals.

### Procedure

---



**CAUTION:** Removing a non-failed clock input card with a valid input reference signal from a shelf equipped with ST3 cards, causes the DCD system outputs to run and hit all the network elements timed from the DCD system. To properly remove a non-failed clock input card, the input reference must be removed first. This squelches the CI card output. This does not apply to failed input cards.

1. Remove the input reference signal to the shelf associated with the clock input card to be removed. Perform one of the following:
  - a. If the reference input has a miscellaneous SYNC jack at the DSX-1, insert an open plug or the end of a patch card in the SYNC jack to squelch the input reference signal.
  - b. If the input reference has an external bridging repeater, insert an open plug or the end of a patch cord in the OUT jack at the bridging repeater to squelch the input reference signal.
  - c. If the input reference signal is directly cabled from the source to the DCD shelf, either lift the leads of the TB12 or TB13 wire-wrap terminals on the backplane of the DCD shelf, or short the tip (T) and ring (R) together at TB12 or TB13 on the backplane.



**CAUTION:** Use a clip cord that is no longer than two inches. A longer clip cord may not appear as a short to the CI card and the input reference may continue to drive it.

The DS1 lamp should be off and the FAIL lamp lit on the CI card. If this is not true, do not proceed. This indicates the input reference has not been removed.

- 
2. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

```
rtrv-trm
```

---

3. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 2:

```
inh-trm:trm=x:force=yes
```

where x is the terminal number assigned as type OAP.

---



## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

4. Remove the CI card. This has no effect on the outputs.

---
5. Set the option switches on the replacement card to the correct settings. (See the *Installation Manual*.) The DS1 lamp should be off and the FAIL lamp lit on the CI card.

---
6. Restore the input reference by removing the open plug, clip cord, or reconnecting the leads to TB12 or TB13 wire-wrap terminals on the DCD shelf backplane.

---
7. Wait for the input card to acquire the input reference signal (about 40 seconds). If you want the new CI card to be active, press the XFR button.

---
8. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:  
*alw-trm:trm=x*  
where x is the terminal number of the inhibited OAP terminal.

---

## ST3 Card Replacement

### Description

Use this procedure to replace ST3 cards. The only time an ST3 card should be replaced is if the FAIL lamp is lit, or if it is in the ST A slot and the LOCK or LOCK and FAIL lamps are not lit and the network elements receiving timing from the shelf are reporting slips. (However, the second condition is more likely a timing loop rather than a bad ST3 card.)

**NOTE: The ST3 card in slot B (ST B) in shelves equipped with ST3 clock cards may be removed from the shelf without any negative effect to the output, regardless if the ST3 has failed. If an ST3 is installed and not failed in slot A (ST A), it is the preferred source for the output cards. If you remove the card from the shelf, it may cause a hit to the outputs.**

### Procedure

---

1. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:  
*rtrv-trm*

---

2. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 1:

*inh-trm:trm=x:force=yes*

where x is the terminal number assigned as type OAP.

---

3. Remove the ST3 card from the shelf. If it is in slot A and has not failed, the ST B clock card automatically become the preferred source for the outputs. The TO cards ST and INPUT lamps should remain green.

**NOTE: There may be a one-time phase hit to the outputs. If ST A has failed, the ST B clock card is already the preferred source for the outputs. If ST B is being replaced, it is in standby and may be removed without negative effect to the outputs.**

---

4. Insert the replacement card in the shelf. Lock it into place by rotating the locking lever downward. The FAIL lamp should remain lit until it has acquired the frequency and phase of the input reference signal and then go off (about one minute). If ST A is being replaced, it automatically becomes the preferred source for the output when the FAIL and LOCK lamps go off. The TO cards ST and INPUT lamps should remain lit.

**NOTE: If you are replacing both ST3 cards, allow five minutes for the first card to stabilize before replacing the other.**

---

5. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

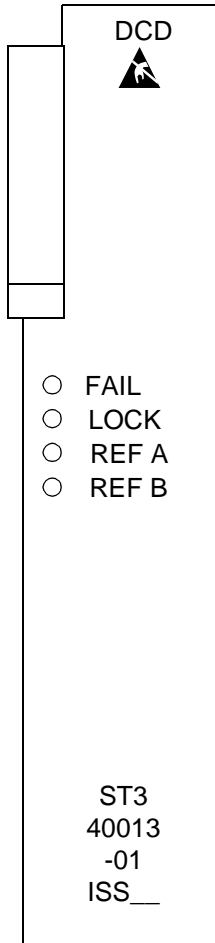
*alw-trm:trm=x*

where x is the terminal number of the inhibited OAP terminal.

**Card Removal/Replacement Procedures**

**ST3 P/N 804-0173-01**

**Figure A-19.** Holdover clock ST3 card LEDs



| <b>LEDs</b>                                                                                                           | <b>Descriptions</b>                                                                                              |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FAIL                                                                                                                  | RED - this card has failed.<br>BLANK - no card failure detected.                                                 |
| LOCK                                                                                                                  | RED - input has failed.<br>BLANK - no input failure detected.                                                    |
| REF A                                                                                                                 | GREEN - card is tracking the output of clock input card A.<br>BLANK - not tracking output of clock input card A. |
| REF B                                                                                                                 | GREEN - card is tracking the output of clock input card B.<br>BLANK - not tracking output of clock input card B. |
| <b>NOTE: If the FAIL and LOCK LEDs are both illuminated, the ST3 is in holdover mode and the card has not failed.</b> |                                                                                                                  |

## MIS Card Replacement

### Description

The MIS card may be removed or inserted into the shelf at any time without a negative effect to the operation of the shelf. The office alarms and shelf status (except for the battery alarm) do not function while the MIS card is removed from the shelf.

### Procedure

---

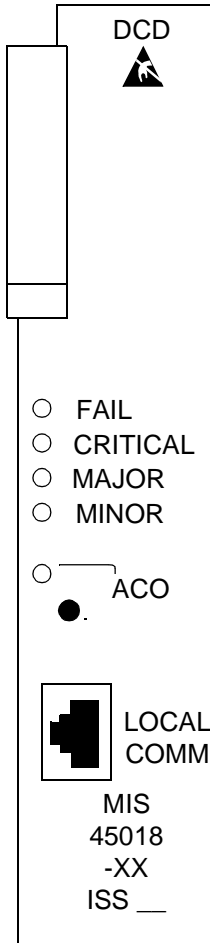
1. Remove the MIS card from the shelf.
- 

2. Insert the replacement card.
-

**Card Removal/Replacement Procedures**

**MIS P/N 804-0175-01**

**Figure A-20.** Holdover clock MIS card LEDs



| LEDs     | Descriptions                                                                                                     |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FAIL     | RED - this card or its power supply has failed.<br>BLANK - no card or power supply failure detected.             |
| CRITICAL | RED - holdover clock system has failed.<br>BLANK - no holdover clock system failure detected.                    |
| MAJOR    | RED - holdover clock system or any holdover clock card has a major alarm.<br>BLANK - no major alarm detected.    |
| MINOR    | YELLOW - holdover clock system or any holdover clock card has a minor alarm.<br>BLANK - no minor alarm detected. |
| ACO      | GREEN - the ACO push button has been pressed to silence the alarm during an alarm state.                         |

## TOCA Card Replacement

### Description

When an MCA-5 is installed in the MCA slot, an HS protection switch automatically activates when the TO FAIL or PORT ALM lamp is lit. If the TO PORT ALM lamp is lit, you must determine whether it is actually a card port failure, or a shorted or unterminated cable external to the shelf. If you determine that the PORT ALM is actually a port failure on the card, replace the TO card.

### Procedure

---

1. Verify that an HS protection switch has been activated. If an automatic protection switch has been activated, the output protection button lamps are lit over the failed card and HS TO card. The MCA-5 AUTO lamp flashes for 6 seconds during the automatic protection switch activation, and then lights steadily.
- 
2. If an HS protection is not activated, manually activate a switch by simultaneously pressing the output protection buttons over the TO card with FAIL or PORT ALM lamp lit and a like HS TO card. The output protection button lamps should light over the failed TO card and a like HS TO card, and the MCA-5 MAN lamp flashes until the switch is released.



**CAUTION:** The TO cards must not be removed without first activating an HS protection switch to minimize the loss of output signals. The possible output loss times are as follows:

- TO card removal: up to 6 seconds
  - Port or card failure: up to 3 seconds
  - Manual switch activation/deactivation: approximately one ms.
- 

3. Enter the following command to retrieve the terminal types and port numbers:

```
rtrv-trm
```

---

4. Enter the following command to inhibit each OAP terminal displayed in the output from Step 3:

```
inh-trm:trm=x:force=yes
```

where x is the terminal number assigned as type OAP.

---

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

5. Remove the TO card from the shelf. Set the option switches on the replacement card to the correct settings. Insert the replacement card. The FAIL lamp on the replacement card should remain off and the INPUT lamp should light. The ST lamp should also light if the system is equipped with clock cards.
- 

6. Wait 10 seconds after all the lamps normalize to allow the card to warm-up and generate outputs.
- 

7. Press the lit output protection button for the HS TO card slot until the lamp goes out. The lamp over the output protection button should go off. This releases the HS protection switch and puts the replacement card online.
- 

8. Enter the following command to return the OAP terminals to the in-service state:

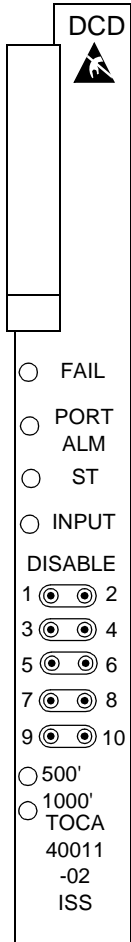
*alw-trm:trm=x*

where x is the terminal number of the inhibited OAP terminal.

---

TOCA P/N 804-0166-01

Figure A-21. Holdover clock TOCA card LEDs



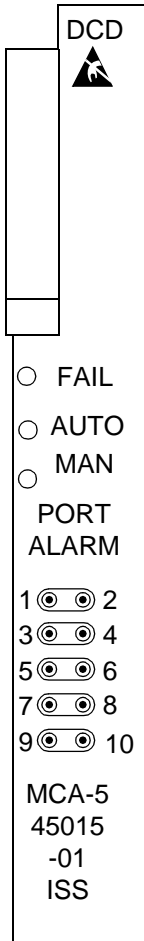
| LEDs     | Descriptions                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FAIL     | RED - this card has failed or there is a loss of all input references to this card.<br>BLANK - no card or input reference failure detected.                                                                                  |
| PORT ALM | RED - if one to five outputs have failed or have been externally shorted.<br>BLANK - no output failures detected.                                                                                                            |
| ST       | GREEN - an active clock is supplying the input reference for this card.<br>BLANK - no active clock detected.                                                                                                                 |
| INPUT    | GREEN - card is receiving a reference signal from one or more of the following: clock input A, clock input B, clock card A, clock card B.<br>BLANK - card is not receiving a reference signal from any of the above sources. |
| 500'     | not used                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 1000'    | not used                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |



**Card Removal/Replacement Procedures**

**MCA P/N**

**Figure A-22.** Holdover clock MCA card LEDs



| LEDs | Descriptions                                                                                                                                |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FAIL | RED - this card has failed or there is a loss of all input references to this card.<br>BLANK - no card or input reference failure detected. |
| AUTO | GREEN - indicates output failure was protected automatically.<br>BLANK - no failures detected.                                              |
| MAN  | GREEN - indicates output failure was protected manually.<br>BLANK - no failures detected.                                                   |

## Replace HC MIM Fan Unit

### Procedure

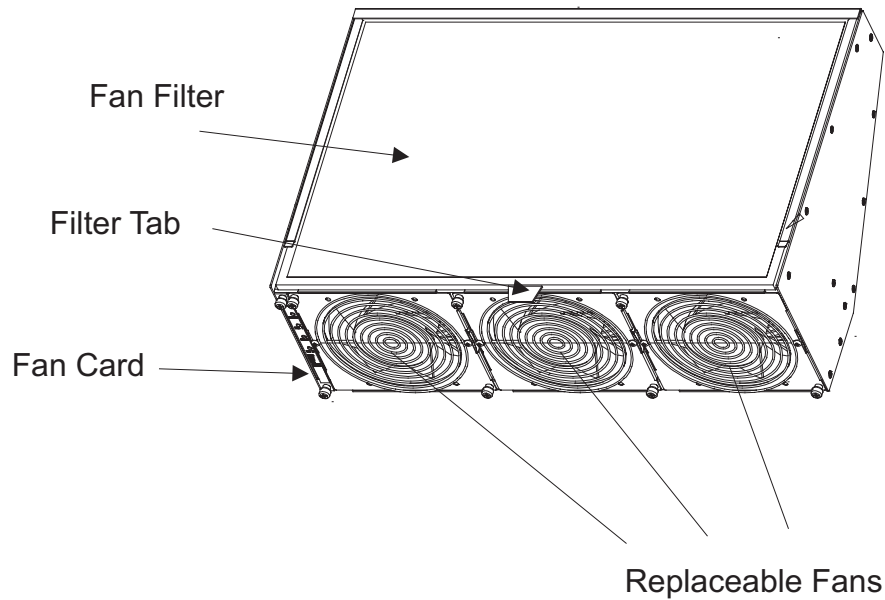
---



**CAUTION:** Be careful when removing fans. Fan blades are exposed along the sides and back of the units. The fan blade speeds of remaining fans will increase after any fan is removed.

1. Remove the two captive screws used to secure the fan to be replaced. Fan 1 is located next to the Fan card. Firmly grasp the fan and pull straight out. The corresponding LED on the fan controller card is now red. Refer to Figure A-23 and Figure A-24).

**Figure A-23.** Fan Assembly



- 
2. Remove the fan unit by removing the two captive screws used to secure the fan unit. Remove fan unit by pulling straight out.
- 
3. Insert the replacement fan into the appropriate slot and secure the two captive screws. The replaced fan should immediately come up to speed and the speeds of other fans should return to normal. The corresponding LED on the fan controller card is now green.
-

## Replace HC MIM Fan Controller Card

### Procedure

---



**CAUTION:** Be careful when removing fans. Fan blades are exposed along the sides and back of the units. The fan blade speeds of Fan 2 and Fan 3 will increase after Fan 1 is removed.

1. Remove Fan 1 by removing the two captive screws used to secure Fan 1 (Refer to Figure A-24). Fan 1 is located next to the Fan card. Firmly grasp Fan 1 and pull straight out.

---
2. Remove the fan controller card by removing the two captive screws used to secure the fan controller card. Remove Fan Controller Card by pulling straight out.

---
3. Insert the replacement fan controller card into the appropriate slot and secure the two captive screws.

---
4. Insert Fan 1 back into the space next to the fan controller card and secure (finger tighten) using the two captive screws. Fan 1 should immediately come up to speed and the speeds of Fans 2 and 3 should return to normal.

---

## Replace HC MIM Fan Assembly

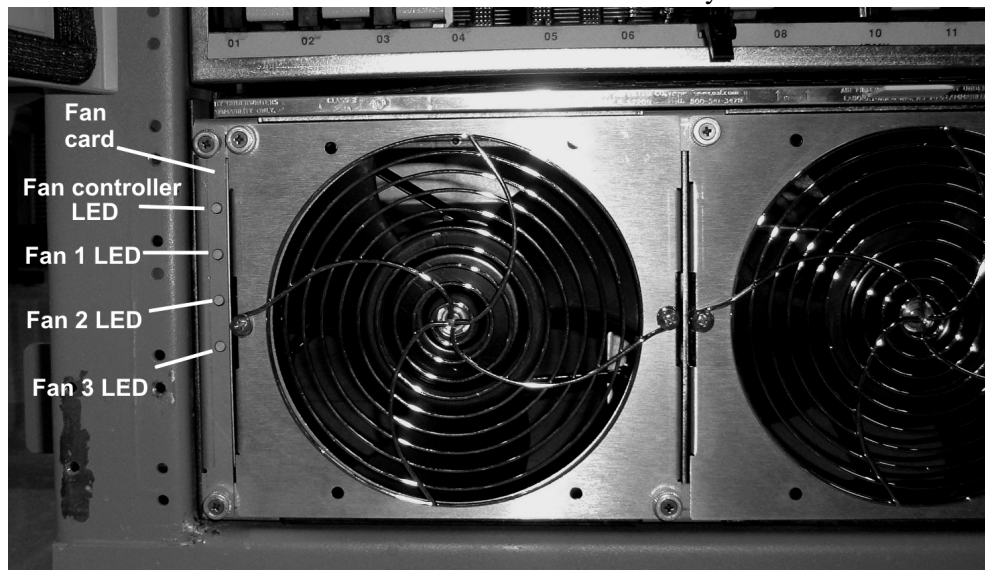
### Power Down Fan Assembly

#### Procedure

---

1. The fuse card located on the Fuse and Alarm Panel is marked FAN A and FAN B. Fuse positions 6, 12, and 18 are the correct locations on the FAP faceplate. The fans are fused at 3As, with blue flags, per feed. Remove the appropriate fuse for the fan assembly being replaced according to the following:
  - Fuse position 6 is for the fan unit directly below the x100 shelf.
  - Fuse position 12 is for the fan directly below the x200 shelf.
  - Fuse position 18 is for the fan directly below the x300 shelf.
2. When both the A side and B side power is removed from the fan unit, all of the LEDs on the fan controller card (located on the left side of the front of the fan unit) are no longer illuminated.

**Figure A-24.** Fan card with LEDs on front of fan assembly unit



## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

### Remove Fan Cables and Fan Assembly

#### Procedure

---

1. At the fan assembly, place fiber paper on the shelf below where the fan is to be replaced. This ensures that nothing drops into the area or equipment below.

---
2. From the rear of the fan unit, loosen the screws on the fan unit connector marked FAN A POWER. Remove the connector from the fan unit.

---
3. From the rear of the fan unit, loosen the screws on the fan unit connector marked FAN B POWER. Remove the connector from the fan unit.

---
4. Remove the screws from the the left and right sides of the rear of the fan tray bracket. There are two screws on each side. These screws must be removed from the rear of the frame.

---
5. Remove the fan unit from the the fan bracket. For easier removal, tilt the unit as it is removed.

---

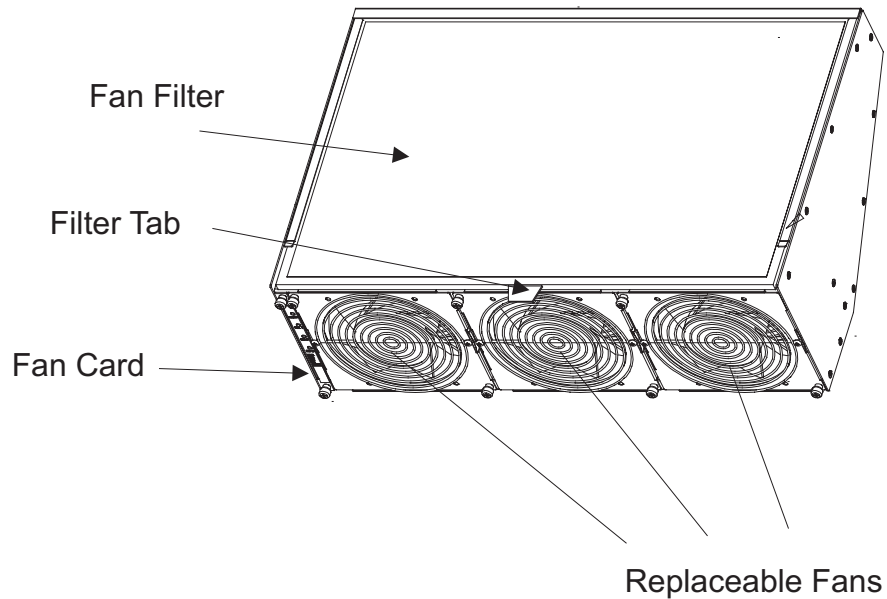
### Install Replacement Fan Assembly

#### Procedure

---

1. Remove the new fan unit from the container. The fan unit is shipped with the three fans already installed.

**Figure A-25.** Fan Assembly



- 
2. Insert the fan unit into the fan bracket. Tilt the unit up as it is pushed in and completely inserted into the bracket. After insertion, be sure the front of the fan unit is recessed about 1/2 inch from the front frame rails to allow the door to close.

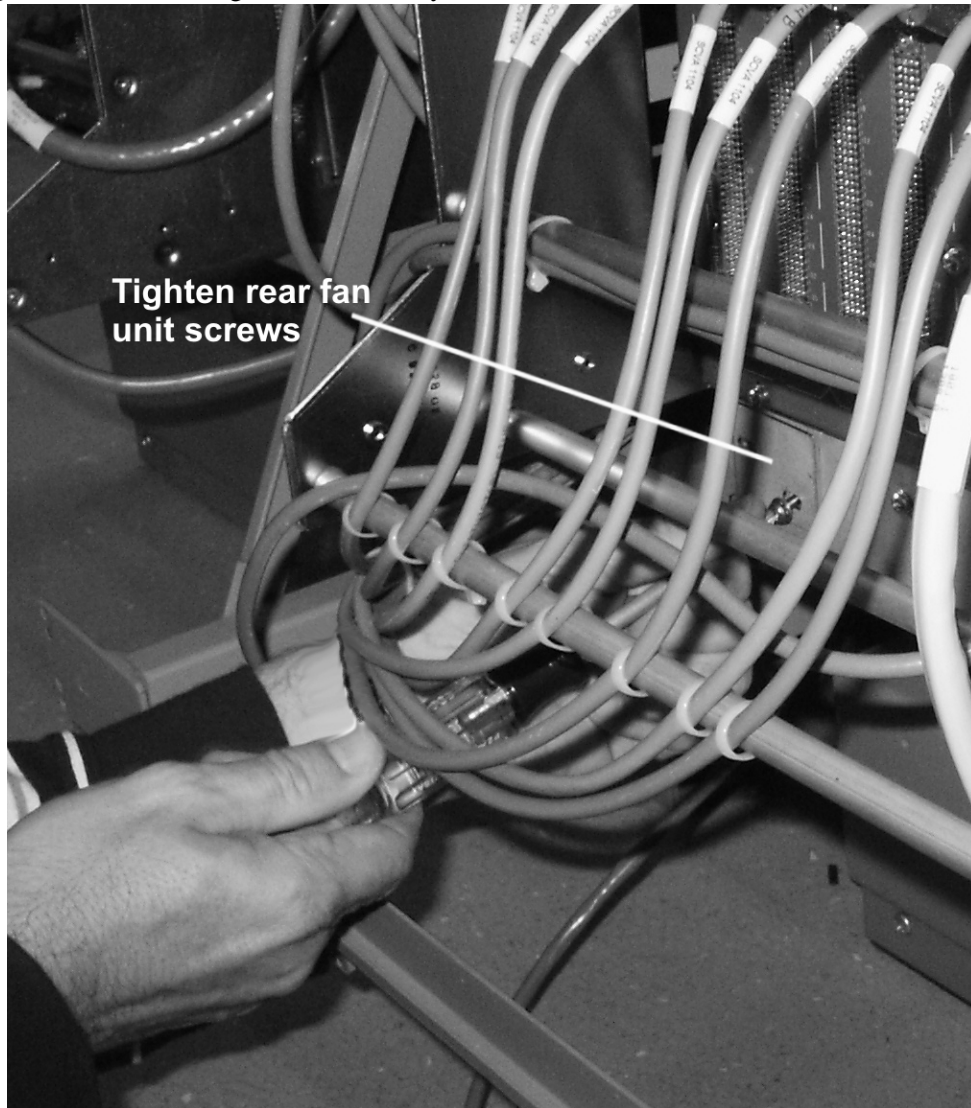
**Figure A-26.** Fan tray inserted into fan tray bracket in the frame- front view



- 
3. When the fan unit is aligned and in place, attach the fan unit to the fan tray bracket by tightening the screws on the left and right sides of the rear of the fan tray bracket. There are two screws on each side. These screws must be tightened from the rear of the frame.

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

**Figure A-27.** Tighten rear fan tray screws



4. At this time check and tighten all screws, including the screws holding the side brackets to the frame (if necessary). The side bracket screws should be tightened fully from the rear of the frame. Use a long hex driver or flat head screw driver.

**Figure A-28.** Tighten fan side bracket screws



- 
5. Connect the fan cable at the rear of the fan assembly on the J9 connector to the FAN A POWER.
- 
6. Connect the fan cable at the rear of the fan assembly on the J8 connector to the FAN B POWER.
- 
7. Remove the piece of fiber paper on the top of the shelf below where the fan assembly was installed. This procedure is complete.



**CAUTION:** Before powering up the fans, ensure that the shelf directly above the fan does not contain any empty slots. Install an air management card (P/N 870-1824-01) in any empty slots to ensure proper air flow. These filler cards have no electrical connection to the system. See “Replacing a Card in the EAGLE 5 SAS” on page A-57 for general card installation guidelines.

---

### Power Up the Fan Assembly

All fans are fused at 3A (blue) per feed.



**WARNING:** Before powering up the fans, ensure that the shelf above the fan does not contain any empty slots. Install the air management card in any empty slots. See “Replacing a Card in the EAGLE 5 SAS” on page A-57 for general card installation guidelines.

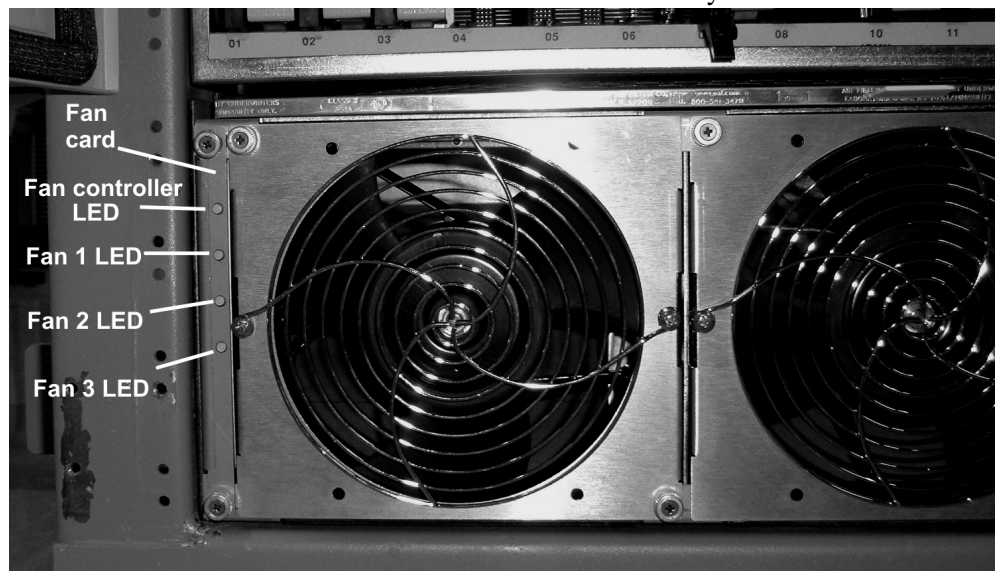


### Procedure — Power up Fan Assembly

---

1. After the fan is installed, the powering up process depends on the shelf location.
  - The fuse card located on the Fuse and Alarm Panel are marked FAN A and FAN B, fuse positions 6, 12, and 18 are marked correct locations on the FAP faceplate.
  - Fuse position 6 is for the fan unit directly below the x100 shelf.
  - Fuse position 12 is for the fan directly below the x200 shelf.
  - Fuse position 18 is for the fan directly below the x300 shelf.
  - All fans are to be fused at 3As, with blue flags, per feed.
  - Fill out the fuse card completely.
2. Fifteen seconds after both the A side and B side power is connected to the fan assembly all of the LEDs on the fan controller card (located on the left side of the front of the fan assembly) are green.

**Figure A-29.** Fan card with LEDs on front of fan assembly



3. When the fans are powered up and running, a test must be conducted to ensure proper service. Go to the system terminal.
-

4. Check to see if the fan feature is activated. At the terminal, enter the command:

*rtrv-feat*

**Example output**

rlghncxa03w 04-01-28 11:34:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0.

EAGLE FEATURE LIST

|         |       |          |       |         |       |
|---------|-------|----------|-------|---------|-------|
| GTT     | = on  | GWS      | = off | NRT     | = off |
| X25G    | = off | LAN      | = off | CRMD    | = off |
| SEAS    | = off | LFS      | = off | MTPRS   | = off |
| FAN     | = off | DSTN5000 | = off | WNP     | = off |
| CNCF    | = off | TLNP     | = off | SCCPCNV | = off |
| TCAPCNV | = off | IPISUP   | = off | DYNRTK  | = off |
| X252000 | = off | INP      | = off | PLNP    | = off |
| NCR     | = off | ITUMTPRS | = off | SLSOCB  | = off |
| EGTT    | = off | VGTT     | = off | MGTT    | = off |
| MPC     | = off | ITUDUPPC | = off | GFLEX   | = off |
| GPORT   | = off | MEASPLAT | = off | TSCSYNC | = off |
| E5IS    | = off |          |       |         |       |

;

If the fan feature is off (illustrated in the example), go to Step 5. Otherwise, go to Step 6.

5. At the terminal, enter the command:

*chg-feat:fan=on*

With this command the user will perform the tests beginning with Step 7.

6. At the terminal, enter the command:

*rept-stat-trbl*

Check to see that there are no fan errors. Specifically, check that there are no “#302 Cooling Fan Failure” errors. Next, perform the tests beginning with Step 7.

7. Fan Verification (perform Step 7 through Step 12 for each fan assembly). Move to the rear of the frame and remove the A POWER cable from the FAN unit.

Result: Fan 2 and Fan 3 LEDs will blink as the fans speed up to maximum speed. This may take up to 15 seconds. Once maximum speed has been reached Fan 2 and Fan 3 LEDs on the Fan Controller card will be solid green. Fan 1 LED should be red. The controller LED should be blinking green. Fan 1 should stop running and the MINOR LED is lit.

8. At the system terminal enter the command:

*rept-stat-trbl*

This step is repeated for each fan. Test each fan to ensure that the alarm and the units are working correctly.

Result: The terminal reports:

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

```
302 Cooling Fan Failure
```

---

9. Replace the A POWER cable on the back of the FAN unit and secure the connector.  
Result: All fans are running and the MINOR LED is not lit.

Terminal reports alarm:

```
303 Cooling Fans Normal
```

---

10. Remove the B POWER cable from the FAN unit.

Result: Fan 1 and Fan 2 LEDs will blink as the fans speed up to maximum speed. This may take up to 15 seconds. Once maximum speed has been reached Fan 1 and Fan 2 LEDs will be solid green. Fan 3 LED should be red. The fan controller LED should be blinking. Fan 3 should stop running and the MINOR LED is lit.

---

11. At the system terminal enter the command:

```
rept-stat-trbl
```

Test each fan to ensure that the alarms and the unit is working correctly.

Result: The terminal reports:

```
302 Cooling Fan Failure
```

---

12. Replace the B POWER cable on the back of the FAN unit and secure the connector.  
Result: The fans are running and the MINOR LED is not lit.

The terminal reports alarm:

```
303 Cooling Fans Normal
```

---

13. Repeat steps 7 through 12 for each fan unit installed. This procedure is complete.
-

## Fan Assembly (EAGLE 5 SAS/GR-376 EOAP) Replacement

This section describes how to replace an existing fan assembly. The fan assembly must be tested for proper operation after the installation. This procedure is part of the fan assembly replacement. Perform the replacement during a maintenance window and complete it within one hour.



**WARNING:** The EOAP unit can operate without failure or component damage for up to one hour without the fan tray providing cooling. Complete the replacement within this time frame to avoid having to shut down the entire EOAP unit.



**WARNING:** The DCM card can operate without failure or component damage for up to one hour without the fan tray providing cooling. Complete the replacement within this time frame.

### Replacement Order

Replace the fan assembly in the stages and order listed below:

1. Remove fan assembly
2. Install replacement fan assembly
3. Test fan operation

### Tools and Equipment

Use the following tools and equipment to replace a fan assembly:

- 1 fan assembly (P/N 890-1038-01), includes
  - mounting brackets (P/N 652-0954-01)
  - tooth washers (P/N 606-0062-01)
  - screws (P/N 600-0934-01)
  - air filters (P/N 551-0011-01)
- Safety glasses
- Tie wraps
- Wire cutter (to cut cable ties)
- Phillips screw driver

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

### Remove Fan Assembly

This procedure describes how to disconnect power from the fan assembly and remove the assembly from the frame.

**NOTE: Avoid removing mounting hardware from frame rail to allow for easier reinstallation of equipment.**

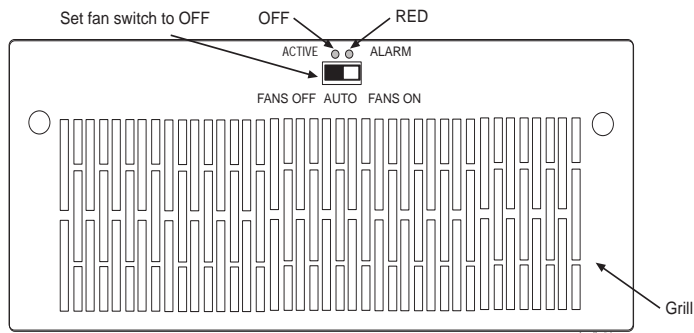
#### Procedure

---

1. Locate the fan assembly to be replaced.

2. At the fan assembly, toggle the fan switch on the grill panel to the OFF position. The fan assembly stops running. The Active LED is off and the Alarm LED is red. The Minor LED at the FAP is lit. Other fan assemblies (if installed) are not affected.

**Figure A-30.** Set Fan Switch to OFF



3. At the EAGLE 5 SAS terminal, confirm the fan failure by typing in this command:  
*rept-stat-trbl*

The EAGLE 5 SAS reports the following alarm: 302 COOLING FAN FAILURE.

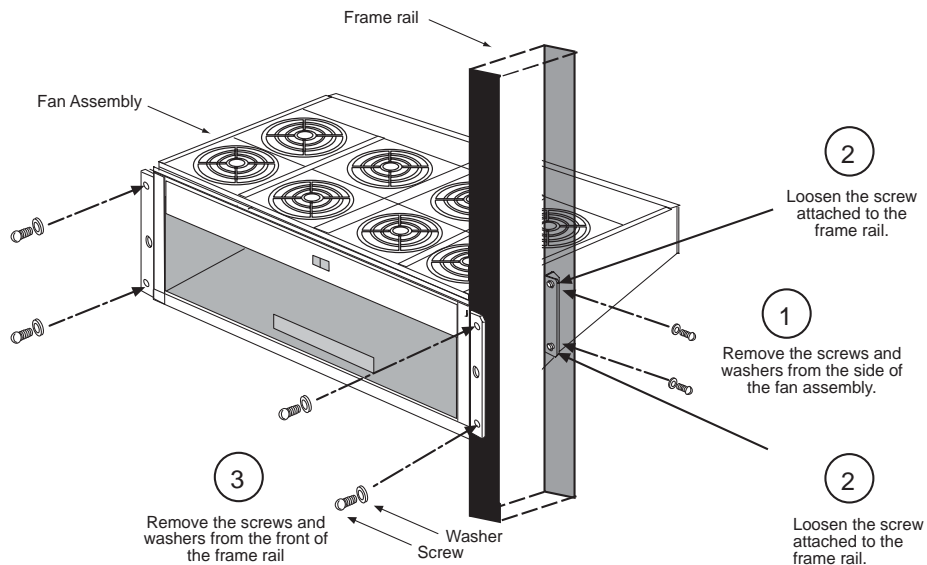
4. At the rear of the frame, remove the A and B power cables from fan assembly.

**DANGER: -48V are present at the cable. Use caution when reconnecting.**



5. At the fan assembly, place fiber paper on the shelf below where the fan is to be replaced. This ensures that nothing drops into the area or equipment below.
6. From the rear of the frame and on each side of the fan assembly, locate the mounting bracket holding the fan assembly in place. Remove the two screws from the side of the fan assembly. Refer to Figure A-31, Step 1. Temporarily store them in a safe place.

**Figure A-31.** Remove Fan Assembly



- 
7. On each side of the fan assembly, loosen the two screws that hold the mounting bracket to the frame rail to allow easier removal of the assembly. Refer to Figure A-31, Step 2.
- 
8. From the front of the frame, remove the grill and filter from the fan assembly by removing the two thumb screws from the grill faceplate. Temporarily store all in a safe place. Refer to Figure A-32.
- 
9. On each side of the fan assembly, remove the two screws that attach the fan assembly to the front of the frame rail. Refer to Figure A-31, Step 3.
- 
10. Open the doors on the lower shelf. Pull out the fan assembly from the front of the frame.
- 

You have removed the fan assembly. Install the replacement fan assembly next.

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

### Install Replacement Fan Assembly

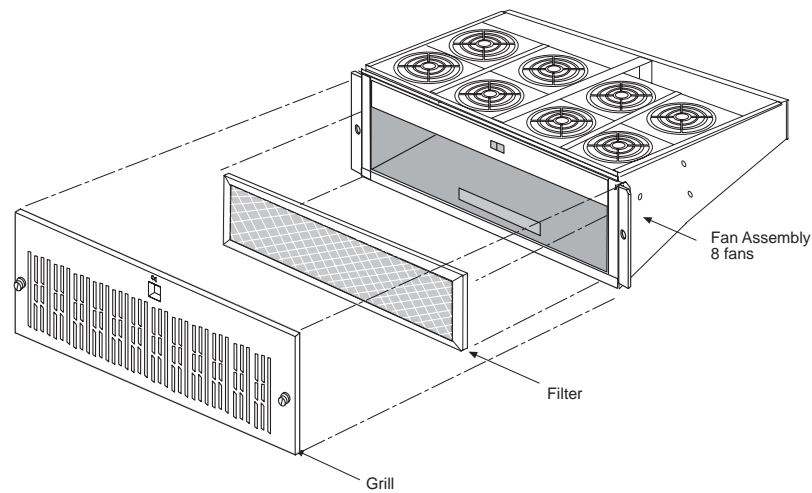
This procedure describes how to install the replacement fan assembly into the frame and reconnect the fan power cables.

#### Procedure

---

1. Remove the replacement fan assembly from the shipping container.
- 
2. Remove the grill and filter from the fan assembly by removing the two thumb screws from the grill faceplate. Temporarily store all in a safe place.

**Figure A-32.** Remove Grill and Filter from Fan Assembly



3. Open the doors on the lower shelf. From the front of the frame, slide the fan assembly into the shelf. Figure A-33 shows a fan assembly inserted into an EAGLE 5 SAS frame. Figure A-34 shows a fan assembly inserted into an OAP frame.

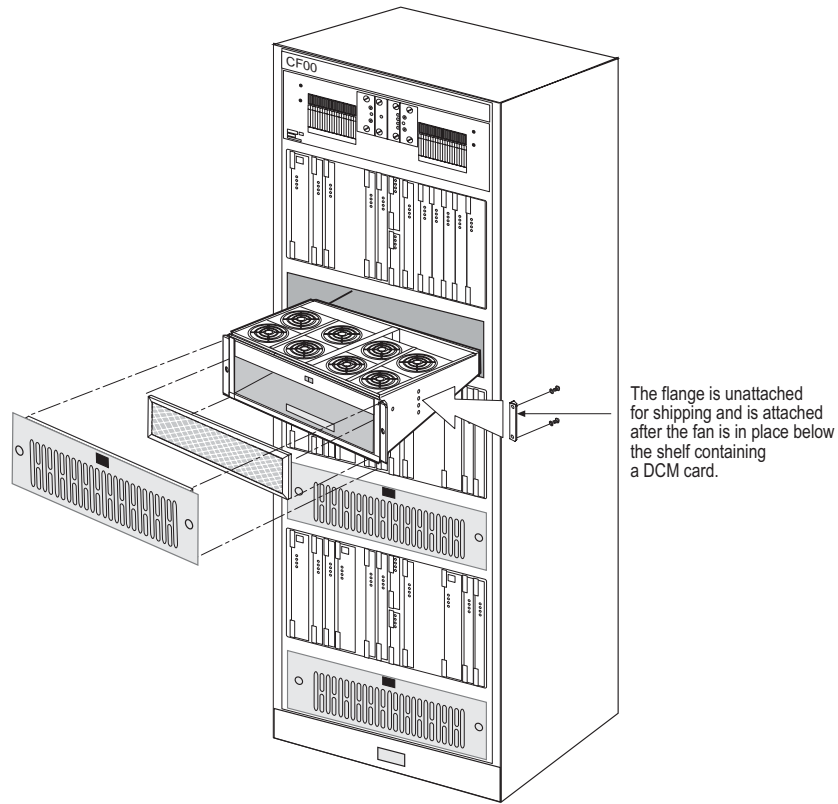
On each side of the assembly, attach it with two screws (P/N 600-0193-01) and external tooth washers (P/N 606-0062-01) to the front frame rail. Tighten the screws. Refer to Figure A-35, Step 1.



**WARNING:** When mounting a fan assembly for a DCM, avoid pinching cables between the bottom of the shelf and the fan assembly.

**Do not overtighten the screws as the heads could snap off. Reference Mechanical Assembly Torque Specification (906-0008-01).**

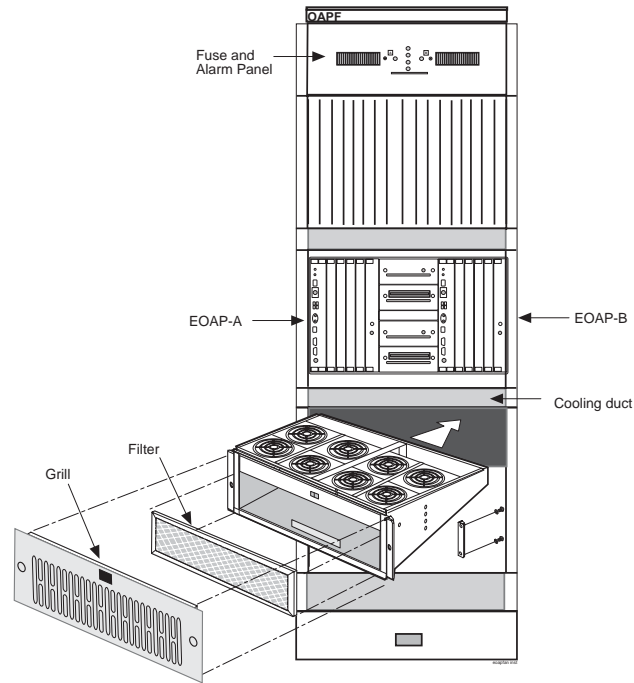
Figure A-33. Insert Fan Assembly Below DCM Card



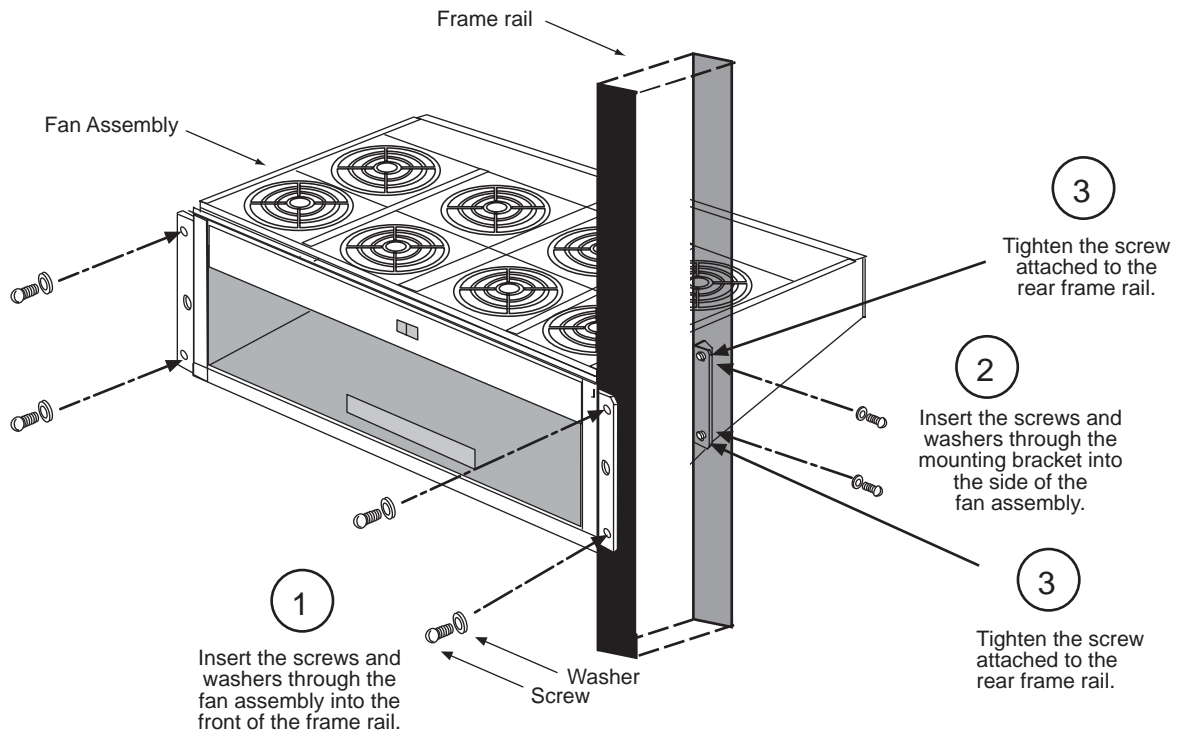


## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

**Figure A-34.** Insert Fan Assembly Below GR-376 EOAP Shelf



**Figure A-35.** Attach Fan Assembly to Front of Frame Rail



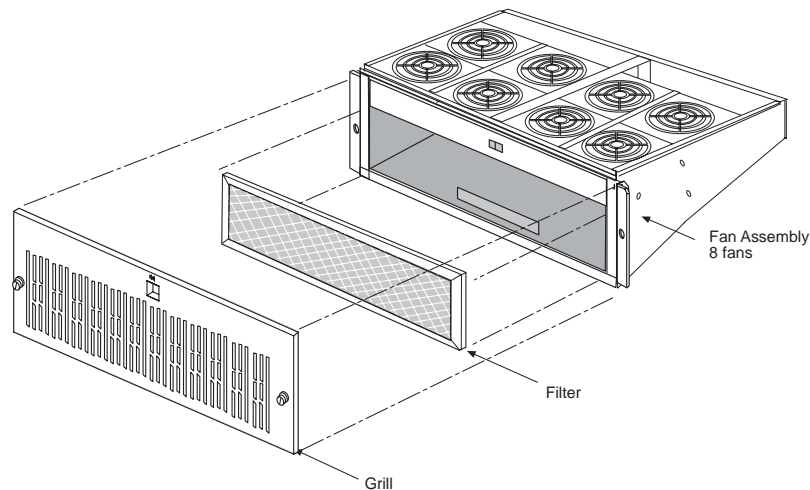
4. From the rear of the frame and on each side of the fan assembly, insert two screws into the side of the fan assembly. Refer to Figure A-36, Step 2.

- 
5. Align the fan assembly with the sides of the shelf and tighten the two screws that were left on the mounting bracket. Refer to Figure A-35, Step 3.

- 
6. Replace the fan filter by setting it against the front of the fan assembly.

**NOTE: Point the air flow arrows stamped on top and bottom of filter towards the fan assembly.**

**Figure A-36.** Replace Fan Filter and Grill



- 
7. Replace the fan grill by placing it back over the filter on the front of the assembly. Hand-tighten the thumb screws. Refer to Figure A-36.

- 
8. At the rear of the frame, reconnect the fan power cables to the fan assembly.

**WARNING: -48V are present at the cable. Use caution when reconnecting.**

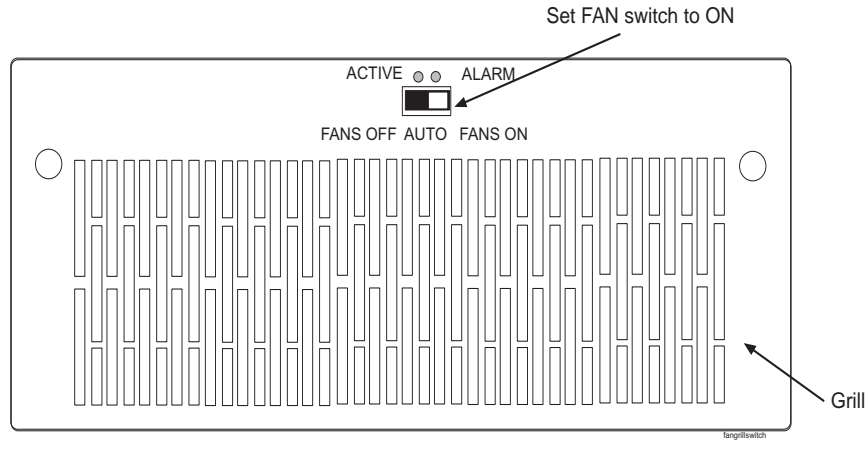


- 
9. At the fan assembly, set the fan switch on the grill panel to the ON position. The fans start running.

**WARNING: Ensure that the switch is NOT set to AUTO. This setting is disabled.**



Figure A-37. Fan Switch Set to ON



You have replaced the fan assembly. Test fan operation and fan alarm next.

### Test Fan Operation and Fan Alarm

Use this procedure to test the fan operation at the EAGLE 5 SAS terminal and to ensure that the fan alarm is functioning.

**NOTE:** For more information on the commands used in this procedure, refer to *Commands Manual*.

### Procedure

1. At the EAGLE 5 SAS terminal, retrieve the feature options to ensure that the fan feature is turned on.

*rtrv-feat*

**NOTE:** Once you have turned on the feature, you cannot turn it off. The feature applies to any and all fans installed within the system. When replacing a fan assembly, the feature should already be turned on.

The output displays a list of optional features and their status on the system:

```
RLGHNCXA03W 99-01-28 11:34:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
EAGLE FEATURE LIST
GTT = off
GWS = on
CRMD = off
X25G = on
LAN = on
SEAS = on
LNP = off
LNP12MIL = off
```

```

FAN = on
DSTN4000 = on
WNP = on
CNCF = on
SCCPCNV = on
TCAPCNV = on
TLNP = on
x252000 = on

```

2. Enable the features if necessary by entering the following command with the respective parameters:

```
chg-feat:fan=on
```

where *:fan* is the parameter for turning on the fan feature (optional).

After the program updates, the system returns output similar to the following:

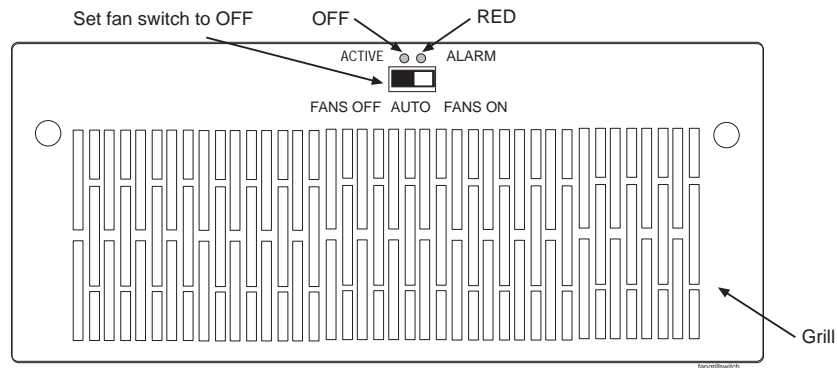
```

RLGHNCXA03W 97-03-11 11:34:04 EST EAGLE 34.0.0
CHG-FEAT: MASP A - COMPLD

```

3. At the fan assembly, toggle the fan switch on the grill panel to the OFF position. The fan assembly stops running. The Active LED is off and the Alarm LED is red. The Minor LED at the FAP is lit. Other fan assemblies (if installed) are not affected.

**Figure A-38.** Set Fan Switch to OFF



4. At the EAGLE 5 SAS terminal, type in this command:

```
rept-stat-trbl
```

The EAGLE 5 SAS reports the following alarm: 302 COOLING FAN FAILURE.

5. At the fan assembly, turn the switch back to the ON position (refer to Figure A-38). The Active and Alarm LEDs are green. The Minor LED at the FAP goes out. The fan assembly starts running.

6. At the EAGLE 5 SAS terminal, type in this command:

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

*rept-stat-trbl*

The EAGLE 5 SAS reports the following alarm: 303 COOLING FAN NORMAL.

---

7. With a flashlight, check that all fans are running. Remove the grill and filter from the fan assembly by removing the two thumb screws from the grill faceplate (see Figure A-38). Temporarily store all in a safe place. Visually check the movement of the fans.
- 

8. Replace the fan filter by setting it against the front of the fan assembly. Refer to Figure A-36.

**NOTE: Point the air flow arrows stamped on top and bottom edge of the filter towards the fan assembly.**

---

9. Replace the fan grill by placing it back over the filter on the front of the assembly. Hand-tighten the thumb screws. Refer to Figure A-36.
- 

10. At the rear of the frame, remove the A power cable from the A fan assembly. Both fan LEDs are off. The Minor LED at the FAP is lit. The fans for EOAP-A stop running. Other fan assemblies (if installed) are not affected.
- 

11. At the EAGLE 5 SAS terminal, type in this command:

*rept-stat-trbl*

The EAGLE 5 SAS reports the following alarm: 302 COOLING FAN FAILURE.

---

12. Replace the A power cable on the rear of the fan assembly and secure the connector. The Active and Alarm LEDs are green. The Minor LED at the FAP goes out. The A fans start running.
- 

13. At the EAGLE 5 SAS terminal, type in this command:

*rept-stat-trbl*

The EAGLE 5 SAS reports the following alarm: 303 COOLING FAN NORMAL.

---

14. At the rear of the frame, remove the B power cable from the B fan assembly. Both fan LEDs are off. The Minor LED at the FAP is lit. The fans for EOAP-B stop running. Other fan assemblies (if installed) are not affected.
-

15. At the EAGLE 5 SAS terminal, type in this command:

*rept-stat-trbl*

The EAGLE 5 SAS reports the following alarm: 302 COOLING FAN FAILURE.

---

16. Replace the B power cable on the rear of the fan assembly and secure the connector. The Active and Alarm LEDs are green. The Minor LED at the FAP goes out. The B fans start running.
- 

17. At the EAGLE 5 SAS terminal, type in this command:

*rept-stat-trbl*

The EAGLE 5 SAS reports the following alarm: 303 COOLING FAN NORMAL.

---

You have tested the operation of the fan assembly and the fan alarm.

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

### EAGLE 5 SAS Replacement Parts List

The following table provides part numbers for all field replaceable parts used in the EAGLE 5 SAS. All parts must be replaced through the Return Material Authorization (RMA) process. Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number before replacing any parts.

Reference: "Customer Care Center" on page 1-10.

| <i>Part Descriptions</i> | <i>Part Numbers</i>                                                                    |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ACM card                 | 870-1008-02<br>870-1008-03<br>870-1008-04<br>870-1008-05                               |
| MDAL card                | 870-0773-04<br>870-0773-05<br>870-0772-06<br>870-0772-08                               |
| DCMX                     | 870-1984-01                                                                            |
| DSM-1GB                  | 870-1984-02                                                                            |
| DSM-2GB                  | 870-1984-03                                                                            |
| DSM-3GB                  | 870-1984-04                                                                            |
| DSM-4GB                  | 870-1984-05                                                                            |
| LIM-ATM                  | 870-1293-02<br>870-1293-03<br>870-1293-06<br>870-1293-07<br>870-1293-08                |
| LIM-DS0 card             | 870-1009-02<br>870-1009-03<br>870-1009-04<br>870-1485-01<br>870-1485-02<br>870-1485-03 |
| LIM-OCU card             | 870-1010-03<br>870-1010-04<br>870-1010-05<br>870-1486-02<br>870-1486-03<br>870-1486-04 |

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

| <i>Part Descriptions</i> | <i>Part Numbers</i>                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LIM-V.35 card            | 870-1012-02<br>870-1012-03<br>870-1012-04<br>870-1487-01<br>870-1487-02<br>870-1487-03                                                                                           |
| LIM-E1                   | 870-1379-01                                                                                                                                                                      |
| LIM-ILA                  | 870-1484-01<br>870-1484-02                                                                                                                                                       |
| MPL                      | 870-2061-01                                                                                                                                                                      |
| MPL-T                    | 870-2061-02                                                                                                                                                                      |
| EILA                     | 870-2049-01<br>870-2049-02                                                                                                                                                       |
| LIM-AINF                 | 870-1014-01<br>870-1014-02<br>870-1014-03<br>870-1014-04<br>870-1014-05<br>870-1014-06<br>870-1488-01<br>870-1488-02<br>870-1488-03<br>870-1488-04<br>870-1488-05<br>870-1488-06 |
| TDM card                 | 870-0774-10<br>870-0774-11                                                                                                                                                       |
| TDM-GTI card             | 870-0774-15                                                                                                                                                                      |
| FAP                      | 870-1606-01<br>870-1606-02<br>870-2320-01                                                                                                                                        |
| FAP - CF/EF              | 870-0243-08                                                                                                                                                                      |
| FAP - Misc               | 870-0243-09                                                                                                                                                                      |
| FAP - 60 AMP             | 870-1823-01                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Air Management           | 870-1824-01                                                                                                                                                                      |
| HMUX                     | 870-1965-01                                                                                                                                                                      |



## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

| <i>Part Descriptions</i>                         | <i>Part Numbers</i>                                                     |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DCM card                                         | 870-1671-02<br>870-1671-04<br>870-1945-01<br>870-1945-02<br>870-1945-03 |
| EDCM                                             | 870-2372-01                                                             |
| TSM-256                                          | 870-1289-02<br>870-1289-03<br>870-1289-04                               |
| TSM-512                                          | 870-1290-02<br>870-1290-03<br>870-1290-03                               |
| TSM-768                                          | 870-1291-02<br>870-1291-03<br>870-1291-04                               |
| TSM-1024                                         | 870-1292-02<br>870-1292-03<br>870-1292-04                               |
| E1/T1 MIM                                        | 870-2198-01<br>870-2198-02                                              |
| E1-ATM                                           | 870-2455-01<br>870-2455-02                                              |
| GPSM-II                                          | 870-2360-01                                                             |
| HIPR                                             | 870-2574-01                                                             |
| HC-MIM                                           | 870-2671-01                                                             |
| DSM-1G (Expansion Memory)                        | 870-2371-02                                                             |
| DSM-2G (Expansion Memory)                        | 870-2371-03                                                             |
| EDSM-2G (Expansion Memory)                       | 870-2372-03                                                             |
| Fan Assembly                                     | 890-0001-01                                                             |
| CD ROM Drive - EOAP                              | 870-1515-03                                                             |
| 9 Gbyte Hard Drive                               | 870-1514-03                                                             |
| Air Impedance Card                               | 870-1524-01                                                             |
| Serial I/O card (4-port, sync/async) - EOAP      | 870-1522-01                                                             |
| Processor card (CPCI-522) - EOAP                 | 870-1523-01                                                             |
| Power Source (1st source: 350W 48V DC/DC) - EOAP | 870-1710-01                                                             |

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

| <i>Part Descriptions</i>                         | <i>Part Numbers</i>                       |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Power Source (2nd source: 350W 48V DC/DC) - EOAP | 870-1521-01                               |
| Fan Assembly                                     | 890-1038-01                               |
| 2.3 Gbyte MO Cartridge                           | 804-0188-01                               |
| 4.1 Gbyte MO Cartridge                           | 902-0757-01                               |
| Holdover Clock Assy                              | 890-1013-01                               |
| Clock input (CI) card - holdover clock           | 804-0165-01                               |
| ST3 card - holdover clock                        | 804-0173-01                               |
| TOCA card - holdover clock                       | 804-0166-01                               |
| MIS card - holdover clock                        | 804-0175-01                               |
| MCA card - holdover clock                        | 804-0251-01                               |
| EOAP                                             | 890-1050-01<br>890-1050-02<br>890-1050-03 |
| MPS in Heavy Duty Frame                          | 890-1801-01                               |
| TekServer                                        | 870-2640-01                               |

## **Replacement Cables List**

The following table lists all cables used in the EAGLE 5 SAS and their part numbers. Cables are listed in numerical order (based on part number). Note that lengths do not follow the same order. All cables must be replaced through the Return Material Authorization (RMA) process. Contact Tekelec Technical Services at the appropriate number before replacing any cables.

Reference: “Customer Care Center” on page 1-10

| <b>Cable Description</b>      | <b>Part Number</b> |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| IMT Cable; 5.7 ft             | 830-0221-01        |
| IMT Cable; 7.4 ft             | 830-0221-02        |
| IMT Cable; 10 ft              | 830-0221-03        |
| IMT Cable; .5 ft              | 830-0221-04        |
| IMT Cable; 14 ft              | 830-0221-05        |
| IMT Cable; 12 ft              | 830-0221-06        |
| IMT Cable; 13 ft              | 830-0221-07        |
| IMT Cable; 16 ft              | 830-0221-08        |
| IMT Cable; 19 ft              | 830-0221-09        |
| IMT Cable; 21 ft              | 830-0221-10        |
| IMT Cable; 23 ft              | 830-0221-11        |
| IMT Cable; 25 ft              | 830-0221-12        |
| IMT Cable; 8.5 ft             | 830-0221-13        |
| IMT Cable; 12.5 ft            | 830-0221-14        |
| IMT Cable; 11 ft              | 830-0221-15        |
| IMT Cable; 9 ft               | 830-0221-16        |
| Composite Clock Cable; 50 ft  | 830-0226-01        |
| Composite Clock Cable; 75 ft  | 830-0226-02        |
| Composite Clock Cable; 100 ft | 830-0226-03        |
| Composite Clock Cable; 125 ft | 830-0226-04        |
| Composite Clock Cable; 150 ft | 830-0226-05        |
| Composite Clock Cable; 175 ft | 830-0226-06        |
| Composite Clock Cable; 200 ft | 830-0226-07        |
| Composite Clock Cable; 250 ft | 830-0226-08        |
| Composite Clock Cable; 300 ft | 830-0226-09        |

**Card Removal/Replacement Procedures**

| <b>Cable Description</b>                      | <b>Part Number</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Composite Clock Cable; 500 ft                 | 830-0226-10        |
| Composite Clock Cable; 1000 ft                | 830-0226-11        |
| DS0A 15 Pin Interface Cable; 50 ft            | 830-0227-01        |
| DS0A 15 Pin Interface Cable; 75 ft            | 830-0227-02        |
| DS0A 15 Pin Interface Cable; 100 ft           | 830-0227-03        |
| DS0A 15 Pin Interface Cable; 125 ft           | 830-0227-04        |
| DS0A 15 Pin Interface Cable; 150 ft           | 830-0227-05        |
| DS0A 15 Pin Interface Cable; 175 ft           | 830-0227-06        |
| DS0A 15 Pin Interface Cable; 200 ft           | 830-0227-07        |
| DS0A 15 Pin Interface Cable; 250 ft           | 830-0227-08        |
| DS0A 15 Pin Interface Cable; 300 ft           | 830-0227-09        |
| DS0A 15 Pin Interface Cable; 500 ft           | 830-0227-10        |
| DS0A 15 Pin Interface Cable; 1000 ft          | 830-0227-11        |
| DS0A 15 Pin Interface Cable; 35 ft            | 830-0227-12        |
| DS0A 15 Pin Interface Cable; 25 ft            | 830-0227-13        |
| DS0A 15 Pin Interface Cable; 20 ft            | 830-0227-14        |
| DS0A 15 Pin Interface Cable; 15 ft            | 830-0227-15        |
| Local Maintenance Center (LMC) cable; 50 ft   | 830-0231-01        |
| Local Maintenance Center (LMC) cable; 75 ft   | 830-0231-02        |
| Local Maintenance Center (LMC) cable; 100 ft  | 830-0231-03        |
| Local Maintenance Center (LMC) cable; 125 ft  | 830-0231-04        |
| Local Maintenance Center (LMC) cable; 150 ft  | 830-0231-05        |
| Local Maintenance Center (LMC) cable; 175 ft  | 830-0231-06        |
| Local Maintenance Center (LMC) cable; 200 ft  | 830-0231-07        |
| Local Maintenance Center (LMC) cable; 250 ft  | 830-0231-08        |
| Local Maintenance Center (LMC) cable; 300 ft  | 830-0231-09        |
| Local Maintenance Center (LMC) cable; 500 ft  | 830-0231-10        |
| Local Maintenance Center (LMC) cable; 1000 ft | 830-0231-11        |
| Row Alarm Cable; 5 ft                         | 830-0232-01        |
| Row Alarm Cable; 8 ft                         | 830-0232-02        |
| Row Alarm Cable; 10 ft                        | 830-0232-03        |
| Row Alarm Cable; 12 ft                        | 830-0232-04        |

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

| Cable Description                              | Part Number |
|------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| Row Alarm Cable; 14 ft                         | 830-0232-05 |
| Row Alarm Cable; 20 ft                         | 830-0232-12 |
| Row Alarm Cable; 30 ft                         | 830-0232-13 |
| Row Alarm Cable; 40 ft                         | 830-0232-14 |
| Row Alarm Cable; 50 ft                         | 830-0232-15 |
| Remote Maintenance Center (RMC) cable; 50 ft   | 830-0233-01 |
| Remote Maintenance Center (RMC) cable; 75 ft   | 830-0233-02 |
| Remote Maintenance Center (RMC) cable; 100 ft  | 830-0233-03 |
| Remote Maintenance Center (RMC) cable; 125 ft  | 830-0233-04 |
| Remote Maintenance Center (RMC) cable; 150 ft  | 830-0233-05 |
| Remote Maintenance Center (RMC) cable; 175 ft  | 830-0233-06 |
| Remote Maintenance Center (RMC) cable; 200 ft  | 830-0233-07 |
| Remote Maintenance Center (RMC) cable; 250 ft  | 830-0233-08 |
| Remote Maintenance Center (RMC) cable; 300 ft  | 830-0233-09 |
| Remote Maintenance Center (RMC) cable; 500 ft  | 830-0233-10 |
| Remote Maintenance Center (RMC) cable; 1000 ft | 830-0233-11 |
| Row Alarm Panel Harness                        | 830-0242-01 |
| Hazard Ground Cable; 15 in                     | 830-0257-01 |
| Hazard Ground Cable; 24 in                     | 830-0257-02 |
| Connectorized Power Cable; 4 ft                | 830-0315-01 |
| Connectorized Power Cable; 6 ft                | 830-0315-02 |
| Connectorized Power Cable; 8 ft                | 830-0315-03 |
| Connectorized Power Cable; 4.5 ft              | 830-0315-04 |
| Connectorized Power Cable; 6.5 ft              | 830-0315-05 |
| Connectorized Power Cable; 8.5 ft              | 830-0315-06 |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with plug); 25 ft        | 830-0363-01 |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with plug); 35 ft        | 830-0363-02 |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with plug); 50 ft        | 830-0363-03 |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with plug); 75 ft        | 830-0363-04 |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with plug); 100 ft       | 830-0363-05 |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with plug); 125 ft       | 830-0363-06 |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with plug); 150 ft       | 830-0363-07 |

**Card Removal/Replacement Procedures**

| <b>Cable Description</b>                    | <b>Part Number</b> |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| V.35 Interface Cable (with plug); 175 ft    | 830-0363-08        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with plug); 200 ft    | 830-0363-09        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with plug); 250 ft    | 830-0363-10        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with plug); 300 ft    | 830-0363-11        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with plug); 500 ft    | 830-0363-12        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with plug); 1000 ft   | 830-0363-13        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with plug); 15 ft     | 830-0363-14        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with plug); 20 ft     | 830-0363-15        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with plug); 30 ft     | 830-0363-16        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with socket); 25 ft   | 830-0364-01        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with socket); 35 ft   | 830-0364-02        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with socket); 50 ft   | 830-0364-03        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with socket); 75 ft   | 830-0364-04        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with socket); 100 ft  | 830-0364-05        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with socket); 125 ft  | 830-0364-06        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with socket); 150 ft  | 830-0364-07        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with socket); 175 ft  | 830-0364-08        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with socket); 200 ft  | 830-0364-09        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with socket); 250 ft  | 830-0364-10        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with socket); 300 ft  | 830-0364-11        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with socket); 500 ft  | 830-0364-12        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with socket); 1000 ft | 830-0364-13        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with socket); 15 ft   | 830-0364-14        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with socket); 20 ft   | 830-0364-15        |
| V.35 Interface Cable (with socket); 30 ft   | 830-0364-16        |
| 26 Pin Interface Cable; 25 ft               | 830-0366-01        |
| 26 Pin Interface Cable; 35 ft               | 830-0366-02        |
| 26 Pin Interface Cable; 50 ft               | 830-0366-03        |
| 26 Pin Interface Cable; 75 ft               | 830-0366-04        |
| 26 Pin Interface Cable; 100 ft              | 830-0366-05        |
| 26 Pin Interface Cable; 125 ft              | 830-0366-06        |
| 26 Pin Interface Cable; 150 ft              | 830-0366-07        |

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

| Cable Description               | Part Number |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| 26 Pin Interface Cable; 175 ft  | 830-0366-08 |
| 26 Pin Interface Cable; 200 ft  | 830-0366-09 |
| 26 Pin Interface Cable; 250 ft  | 830-0366-10 |
| 26 Pin Interface Cable; 300 ft  | 830-0366-11 |
| 26 Pin Interface Cable; 500 ft  | 830-0366-12 |
| 26 Pin Interface Cable; 1000 ft | 830-0366-13 |
| 26 Pin Interface Cable; 15 ft   | 830-0366-14 |
| 26 Pin Interface Cable; 20 ft   | 830-0366-15 |
| 26 Pin Interface Cable; 30 ft   | 830-0366-16 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 8 ft         | 830-0398-01 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 12 ft        | 830-0398-02 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 16 ft        | 830-0398-03 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 20 ft        | 830-0398-04 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 24 ft        | 830-0398-05 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 30 ft        | 830-0398-06 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 1.5 ft       | 830-0398-07 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 4 ft         | 830-0398-08 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 7 ft         | 830-0398-09 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 9.6 ft       | 830-0398-10 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 11 ft        | 830-0398-11 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 13.6 ft      | 830-0398-12 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 14.6 ft      | 830-0398-13 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 17.3 ft      | 830-0398-14 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 18.6 ft      | 830-0398-15 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 19.3 ft      | 830-0398-16 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 21 ft        | 830-0398-17 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 22.6 ft      | 830-0398-18 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 23.6 ft      | 830-0398-19 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 4.5 ft       | 830-0398-20 |
| Frame Clock Cable; 6.5 ft       | 830-0398-21 |
| CD ROM Cable; 3.5 in            | 830-0421-01 |
| CD ROM Cable; 2.5 in            | 830-0421-02 |

**Card Removal/Replacement Procedures**

| <b>Cable Description</b>                   | <b>Part Number</b> |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| External Alarm cable - open ended; 50 ft   | 830-0435-01        |
| External Alarm cable - open ended; 75 ft   | 830-0435-02        |
| External Alarm cable - open ended; 100 ft  | 830-0435-03        |
| External Alarm cable - open ended; 125 ft  | 830-0435-04        |
| External Alarm cable - open ended; 150 ft  | 830-0435-05        |
| External Alarm cable - open ended; 175 ft  | 830-0435-06        |
| External Alarm cable - open ended; 200 ft  | 830-0435-07        |
| External Alarm cable - open ended; 250 ft  | 830-0435-08        |
| External Alarm cable - open ended; 300 ft  | 830-0435-09        |
| External Alarm cable - open ended; 500 ft  | 830-0435-10        |
| External Alarm cable - open ended; 1000 ft | 830-0435-11        |
| OAP Cable; 15 ft                           | 830-0527-01        |
| OAP Cable; 25 ft                           | 830-0527-02        |
| OAP Cable; 50 ft                           | 830-0527-03        |
| OAP Cable; 75 ft                           | 830-0527-04        |
| OAP Cable; 100 ft                          | 830-0527-05        |
| OAP Cable; 125 ft                          | 830-0527-06        |
| OAP Cable; 150 ft                          | 830-0527-07        |
| OAP Cable, Flat Unshielded 6-Conductor     | 830-0528-01        |
| Terminal and Printer Adapter Cable         | 830-0531-02        |
| Modem Cable (use with 830-0394-xx); 8 ft   | 830-0531-03        |
| Modem Cable (use with 830-0535-xx); 8 ft   | 830-0531-04        |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 15 ft           | 830-0535-01        |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 25 ft           | 830-0535-02        |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 50ft            | 830-0535-03        |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 75 ft           | 830-0535-04        |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 100 ft          | 830-0535-05        |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 125 ft          | 830-0535-06        |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 150 ft          | 830-0535-07        |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 175 ft          | 830-0535-08        |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 200 ft          | 830-0535-09        |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 250 ft          | 830-0535-10        |



## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

| Cable Description                  | Part Number |
|------------------------------------|-------------|
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 300 ft  | 830-0535-11 |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 500 ft  | 830-0535-12 |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 1000 ft | 830-0535-13 |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 350 ft  | 830-0535-14 |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 400 ft  | 830-0535-15 |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 450 ft  | 830-0535-16 |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 550 ft  | 830-0535-17 |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 600 ft  | 830-0535-18 |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 650 ft  | 830-0535-19 |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 700 ft  | 830-0535-20 |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 750 ft  | 830-0535-21 |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 800 ft  | 830-0535-22 |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 850 ft  | 830-0535-23 |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 900 ft  | 830-0535-24 |
| Serial Flow Control Cable; 950 ft  | 830-0535-25 |
| Alarm Holdover Clock Cable; 14 ft  | 830-0543-01 |
| External Alarm cable; 50 ft        | 830-0591-01 |
| External Alarm cable; 75 ft        | 830-0591-02 |
| External Alarm cable; 100 ft       | 830-0591-03 |
| External Alarm cable; 125 ft       | 830-0591-04 |
| External Alarm cable; 150 ft       | 830-0591-05 |
| External Alarm cable; 175 ft       | 830-0591-06 |
| External Alarm cable; 200 ft       | 830-0591-07 |
| External Alarm cable; 250 ft       | 830-0591-08 |
| External Alarm cable; 300 ft       | 830-0591-09 |
| External Alarm cable; 500 ft       | 830-0591-10 |
| External Alarm cable; 1000 ft      | 830-0591-11 |
| Fan Power/Alarm Cable              | 830-0609-01 |
| Filter Rack Alarm Cable; 5 ft      | 830-0638-01 |
| Filter Rack Alarm Cable; 8 ft      | 830-0638-02 |
| Filter Rack Alarm Cable; 11 ft     | 830-0638-03 |
| Filter Rack Alarm Cable; 14 ft     | 830-0638-04 |

**Card Removal/Replacement Procedures**

| <b>Cable Description</b>                  | <b>Part Number</b> |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Filter Rack Alarm Cable; 17 ft            | 830-0638-05        |
| Filter Rack Alarm Cable; 20 ft            | 830-0638-06        |
| Filter Rack Alarm Cable; 21.5 ft          | 830-0638-07        |
| Filter Rack Alarm Cable; 27.5 ft          | 830-0638-08        |
| -48V Power Cable; 10 in                   | 830-0651-01        |
| Fan/Alarm Control Cable; 15 ft            | 830-0657-01        |
| Fan/Alarm Control Cable; 20 ft            | 830-0657-02        |
| Fan/Alarm Control Cable; 30 ft            | 830-0657-03        |
| Fan/Alarm Control Cable; 40 ft            | 830-0657-04        |
| Fan/Alarm Control Cable; 50 ft            | 830-0657-05        |
| Fan/Alarm Control Cable; 60 ft            | 830-0657-06        |
| Three Wire from FAP; 10 ft                | 830-0699-01        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 25 ft   | 830-0708-01        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 15 ft   | 830-0708-02        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 50 ft   | 830-0708-03        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 75 ft   | 830-0708-04        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 100 ft  | 830-0708-05        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 125 ft  | 830-0708-06        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 150 ft  | 830-0708-07        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 175 ft  | 830-0708-08        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 200 ft  | 830-0708-09        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 250 ft  | 830-0708-10        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 300 ft  | 830-0708-11        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 500 ft  | 830-0708-12        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 1000 ft | 830-0708-13        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 350 ft  | 830-0708-14        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 400 ft  | 830-0708-15        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 450 ft  | 830-0708-16        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 550 ft  | 830-0708-17        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 600 ft  | 830-0708-18        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 650 ft  | 830-0708-19        |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 700 ft  | 830-0708-20        |

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

| Cable Description                        | Part Number |
|------------------------------------------|-------------|
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 750 ft | 830-0708-21 |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 800 ft | 830-0708-22 |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 850 ft | 830-0708-23 |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 900 ft | 830-0708-24 |
| Man-Machine Interface Port Cable; 950 ft | 830-0708-25 |
| Modem/Terminal Cable; 15 ft              | 830-0709-01 |
| Modem/Terminal Cable; 25 ft              | 830-0709-02 |
| Modem/Terminal Cable; 50 ft              | 830-0709-03 |
| Modem/Terminal Cable; 75 ft              | 830-0709-04 |
| Modem/Terminal Cable; 100 ft             | 830-0709-05 |
| Modem/Terminal Cable; 125 ft             | 830-0709-06 |
| Modem/Terminal Cable; 150 ft             | 830-0709-07 |
| Network Cable; 20 ft                     | 830-0710-01 |
| DCM, 100-BASE TX Interface; 15 ft        | 830-0711-01 |
| DCM, 100-BASE TX Interface; 25 ft        | 830-0711-02 |
| DCM, 100-BASE TX Interface; 35 ft        | 830-0711-03 |
| DCM, 100-BASE TX Interface; 50 ft        | 830-0711-04 |
| DCM, 100-BASE TX Interface; 75 ft        | 830-0711-05 |
| DCM, 100-BASE TX Interface; 100 ft       | 830-0711-06 |
| DCM, 100-BASE TX Interface; 150 ft       | 830-0711-07 |
| DCM, 100-BASE TX Interface; 200 ft       | 830-0711-08 |
| DCM, 100-BASE TX Interface; 250 ft       | 830-0711-09 |
| DCM, 100-BASE TX Interface; 328 ft       | 830-0711-10 |
| Null Modem Cable; 8 ft                   | 830-0759-01 |
| Multiport LIM DS0 Cable; 15 ft           | 830-0772-01 |
| Multiport LIM DS0 Cable; 20 ft           | 830-0772-02 |
| Multiport LIM DS0 Cable; 25 ft           | 830-0772-03 |
| Multiport LIM DS0 Cable; 30 ft           | 830-0772-04 |
| Multiport LIM DS0 Cable; 35 ft           | 830-0772-05 |
| Multiport LIM DS0 Cable; 50 ft           | 830-0772-06 |
| Multiport LIM DS0 Cable; 75 ft           | 830-0772-07 |
| Multiport LIM DS0 Cable; 100 ft          | 830-0772-08 |

**Card Removal/Replacement Procedures**

| <b>Cable Description</b>                            | <b>Part Number</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Multiport LIM DS0 Cable; 125 ft                     | 830-0772-09        |
| Multiport LIM DS0 Cable; 150 ft                     | 830-0772-10        |
| Multiport LIM DS0 Cable; 175 ft                     | 830-0772-11        |
| Multiport LIM DS0 Cable; 200 ft                     | 830-0772-12        |
| Multiport LIM DS0 Cable; 250 ft                     | 830-0772-13        |
| Multiport LIM DS0 Cable; 300 ft                     | 830-0772-14        |
| Multiport LIM DS0 Cable; 500 ft                     | 830-0772-15        |
| Straight Through Customer Patch Panel Cable; 15 ft  | 830-0788-01        |
| Straight Through Customer Patch Panel Cable; 25 ft  | 830-0788-02        |
| Straight Through Customer Patch Panel Cable; 35 ft  | 830-0788-03        |
| Straight Through Customer Patch Panel Cable; 50 ft  | 830-0788-04        |
| Straight Through Customer Patch Panel Cable; 75 ft  | 830-0788-05        |
| Straight Through Customer Patch Panel Cable; 100ft  | 830-0788-06        |
| Straight Through Customer Patch Panel Cable; 150 ft | 830-0788-07        |
| Straight Through Customer Patch Panel Cable; 200 ft | 830-0788-08        |
| Straight Through Customer Patch Panel Cable; 250 ft | 830-0788-09        |
| Straight Through Customer Patch Panel Cable; 328 ft | 830-0788-10        |
| Straight Through Customer Patch Panel Cable; 7 ft   | 830-0788-11        |
| DCM Patch Panel Crossover Cable; 15 ft              | 830-0789-01        |
| DCM Patch Panel Crossover Cable; 25 ft              | 830-0789-02        |
| DCM Patch Panel Crossover Cable; 35 ft              | 830-0789-03        |
| DCM Patch Panel Crossover Cable; 50 ft              | 830-0789-04        |
| DCM Patch Panel Crossover Cable; 75 ft              | 830-0789-05        |
| DCM Patch Panel Crossover Cable; 100 ft             | 830-0789-06        |
| DCM Patch Panel Crossover Cable; 150 ft             | 830-0789-07        |
| DCM Patch Panel Crossover Cable; 200 ft             | 830-0789-08        |
| DCM Patch Panel Crossover Cable; 250 ft             | 830-0789-09        |
| DCM Patch Panel Crossover Cable; 328 ft             | 830-0789-10        |
| DS1 Cable; 15 ft                                    | 830-0849-01        |
| DS1 Cable; 20 ft                                    | 830-0849-02        |
| DS1 Cable; 25 ft                                    | 830-0849-03        |
| DS1 Cable; 30 ft                                    | 830-0849-04        |

## Card Removal/Replacement Procedures

| <b>Cable Description</b> | <b>Part Number</b> |
|--------------------------|--------------------|
| DS1 Cable; 35 ft         | 830-0849-05        |
| DS1 Cable; 50 ft         | 830-0849-06        |
| DS1 Cable; 75 ft         | 830-0849-07        |
| DS1 Cable; 100 ft        | 830-0849-08        |
| DS1 Cable; 125 ft        | 830-0849-09        |
| DS1 Cable; 150 ft        | 830-0849-10        |
| DS1 Cable; 175 ft        | 830-0849-11        |
| DS1 Cable; 200 ft        | 830-0849-12        |
| DS1 Cable; 250 ft        | 830-0849-13        |
| DS1 Cable; 300 ft        | 830-0849-14        |
| DS1 Cable; 500 ft        | 830-0849-15        |
| DS1 Cable; 650 ft        | 830-0849-16        |

## **Card Removal/Replacement Procedures**

# B

## X.25/SS7 Message Conversion

|                                   |      |
|-----------------------------------|------|
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| Introduction .....                | B-1  |
| Conversion from X.25 to SS7 ..... | B-2  |

### Introduction

The X.25/SS7 gateway feature connects X.25 and SS7 networks. The EAGLE 5 SAS STP acts as a gateway between the two networks, with both X.25 and SS7 links terminating to specific cards within the EAGLE 5 SAS.

Message conversion involves removing and adding the protocol envelopes used by X.25 and SS7 networks. The MSU must have the following fields set to specific values:

| <i>Field</i>                        | <i>Value</i>                                       |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| MSU Service Indicator Octet (SIO)   | SCCP                                               |
| SCCP Message Type                   | UDT                                                |
| SCCP Called Party Address Indicator | - SSN included<br>- No GTT<br>- Route by PC or SSN |
| SCCP Called Party SSN               | Not equal to 1                                     |

If the SCCP message type is other than UDT (UDTS, for example) it is discarded and counted.

If the above format is present, but the SSN is equal to "1" (subsystem management messages), or the MSU SIO is equal to SNM (0000) or SNT (0001 and 0010), the MSUs are handled by network management. The EAGLE 5 SAS discards all other types of MSUs and issues an event message.

The following information is an overview of the conversion process. The subsequent section in this appendix, shows the details of the MSU and the X.25 packets that are built. The definitions for the message elements are as follows:

- Control - The portion of each message that is relevant only to the specific protocol.
- Routing Label - The SS7 portion that contains the OPC, DPC and SLS.
- SCCP - The envelope in SS7 that carries the TCAP.
- TCAP - The envelope that carries the IS.41 message.
- Logical Channel - The identification of the virtual circuit used by the X.25 network.

Conversion is closely tied to routing. The view of the origination and the destination is different on the X.25 side from the SS7 side. In format conversion, the origination and destination are known and the connection has been defined in the gateway routing table.

### **Conversion from X.25 to SS7**

Following is an overview of the message conversion from the X.25 to SS7 network:

| <i>Field</i>              | <i>Value</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Control                   | <p><b>1</b> Parameter is set to length indicator field (and internal DMA length) from received data packet length.</p> <p><b>2</b> SIO set as follows:<br/>                     Sub-service field equal to 1000.<br/>                     National network (10xx) and Priority of 0 (xx00).<br/>                     Service indicator equal to 0011 (SCCP).</p>         |
| X.25 Data Network Address | <p><b>1</b> OPC value is set from the X.25 point code field in the gateway routing table.</p> <p><b>2</b> DPC value is set from SS7 point code field in the gateway routing table.</p> <p><b>3</b> SLS value is set from the local variable that is incremented for each SS7-bound message. Traffic is generated evenly across all messages sent to the SS7 network.</p> |
| TCAP                      | No conversion                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |



## X.25/SS7 Message Conversion

If the packet type is designated as a data packet (containing an IS41 message) following is the information appended to the level 3 SCCP header that is generated by the EAGLE 5 SAS:

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| X.25 Data Packets | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>1</b> Message type set to UDT</li><li><b>2</b> Protocol class value set to 0.</li><li><b>3</b> Called party indicator is set equal to:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>SSN included</li><li>PC not included</li><li>GTT not included</li><li>Route on routing label and SSN</li><li>National address</li></ul></li><li><b>4</b> Called party SSN is set from the SS7 SSN field of gateway routing table.</li><li><b>5</b> Calling party indicator is set equal to the following:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>SSN included</li><li>PC not included</li><li>GTT not included</li><li>Route on routing label and SSN</li><li>National address</li></ul></li><li><b>6</b> Calling party SSN is set from X.25 SSN field in the gateway routing table</li></ul> |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

**Conversion from SS7 to X.25**

Following is the message conversion from the SS7 network to the X.25 network:

| <i>Field</i>    | <i>Value</i>                                                                   |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Control         | GFI is set equal to the following:<br>no Dbit<br>no Qbit<br>P(s)/P(r) modulo 8 |
| Logical Channel | Set from logical channel field of the gateway routing table.                   |
| TCAP            | No conversion.                                                                 |

**NOTE: If the total message is larger than the default packet size, the message is discarded and the STP generates an unsolicited information message (UIM).**

**Detailed Message Conversion**

This section shows the X.25 to SS7 message conversion in detail.

**Table B-1.** Detailed Message Conversion

| <i>Offset</i>      | <i>Binary</i> | <i>Hex</i> | <i>Field Description</i>  | <i>Value</i>                                                                                         |
|--------------------|---------------|------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>MTP Level 2</b> |               |            |                           |                                                                                                      |
| 00                 | 01111110      | 7E         |                           |                                                                                                      |
|                    | x1111111      |            | Backward Sequence Number  | 127 (dummy data)                                                                                     |
|                    | 0xxxxxxx      |            | Backward Indicator Bit    | 0 (dummy data)                                                                                       |
| 01                 | 10000000      | 80         |                           |                                                                                                      |
|                    | x0000000      |            | Forward Sequence Number 0 | (dummy data)                                                                                         |
|                    | 1xxxxxxx      |            | Forward Indicator Bit 1   | (dummy data)                                                                                         |
| 02                 | 1000 0000     | 80         |                           |                                                                                                      |
|                    | xxbbbbbb      |            | Length Indicator          | Equal to 24 plus TCAP message length (TCAP message is the user data portion of the X.25 data packet) |

## X.25/SS7 Message Conversion

| <i>Offset</i>                                       | <i>Binary</i> | <i>Hex</i> | <i>Field Description</i> | <i>Value</i>                                                                                          |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                     | 00xxxxxx      |            | Spare                    | 0                                                                                                     |
| <b>MTP Level 3</b>                                  |               |            |                          |                                                                                                       |
| 03                                                  | 10000011      | 83         | SIO                      |                                                                                                       |
|                                                     | xxxx0011      |            | Service Indicator        | 0011= SCCP                                                                                            |
|                                                     | xx00xxxx      |            | Network Priority         | Equal to 00                                                                                           |
|                                                     | 10xxxxxx      |            | Network Indicator        | 10 = National Network                                                                                 |
| 04                                                  | bbbbbbbb      | Pm         | Destination Point Code   | Connection determination finds this value in the gateway routing table SS7 point code field.          |
| 05                                                  | bbbbbbbb      | Pc         |                          |                                                                                                       |
| 06                                                  | bbbbbbbb      |            |                          |                                                                                                       |
| 07 (#5)                                             | bbbbbbbb      |            |                          | Connection determination locates this value in the gateway routing table (GWT) X.25 point code field. |
| 08                                                  | bbbbbbbb      |            | Origination Point Code   | Connection determination locates this value in the gateway routing table (GWT) X.25 point code field. |
| 09                                                  | bbbbbbbb      |            |                          | Connection determination locates this value in the gateway routing table (GWT) X.25 point code field. |
| 10                                                  | 000bbbbbb     |            |                          |                                                                                                       |
|                                                     | xxxbbbbbb     |            | Signaling Link Selection | SLS subsystem provides.                                                                               |
|                                                     | 000xxxxxx     |            | Spare                    |                                                                                                       |
| <b>SCCP (No Global Title Translation requested)</b> |               |            |                          |                                                                                                       |
| 11                                                  | 00001001      | 09         | Message Type             | 09 = Unitdata                                                                                         |
| 12                                                  | 00000000      | 00         |                          |                                                                                                       |
|                                                     | xxxx0000      |            | Protocol Class           | 0 = Class 0                                                                                           |

**X.25/SS7 Message Conversion**

| <i>Offset</i> | <i>Binary</i> | <i>Hex</i> | <i>Field Description</i>        | <i>Value</i>                        |
|---------------|---------------|------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|               | 0000xxxx      |            | Message Handling                | 0000 = discard message on error     |
| 13            | 00000011      | 03         | Called Party Address Pointer    | @ offset 13 + 3(03) = 16            |
| 14            | 00000101      | 05         | Calling Party Address Pointer   | @ offset 14 + 5(0b) = 19            |
| 15            | 00000111      | 07         | Data Portion Pointer            | @ offset 15 + 7(0d) = 22            |
| 16            | 00000011      | 03         | Called Party Address Length     | 3                                   |
| 17            | 11000001      | c1         | Called party Address Indicator  |                                     |
|               | xxxxxxx1      |            | Subsystem Number Indicator      | 1 = SSN included                    |
|               | xxxxxx0x      |            | Point Code Indicator            | 0 = PC not included                 |
|               | xx0000xx      |            | Global Title Indicator          | 0000=no global title                |
|               | x1xxxxxx      |            | Routing Indicator               | 1 = route by point code or SSN      |
|               | 1xxxxxxx      |            | National/International          | 1 = National address                |
| 18            | xxxxxxxx      | SS         | Subsystem Number                | SS7 SSN from Gateway Routing Table. |
| 19            | 00000011      | 03         | Calling Party Address Length    | 3                                   |
| 20            | 11000001      | c1         | Calling Party Address Indicator |                                     |
|               | xxxxxxx1      |            | Subsystem Number Indicator      | 1= SSN included                     |
|               | xxxxxx0x      |            | Point Code Indicator            | 0 = PC not included                 |

## X.25/SS7 Message Conversion

| <i>Offset</i> | <i>Binary</i> | <i>Hex</i> | <i>Field Description</i> | <i>Value</i>                        |
|---------------|---------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|               | xx0000xx      |            | Global Title indicator   | 0000 = No global title included     |
|               | x1xxxxxx      |            | Routing indicator        | 1 = Route by point code or SSN      |
|               | 1xxxxxxx      |            | National/International   | 1 = National address                |
| 21            | xxxxxxx       |            | Subsystem Number         | X.25 SSN from Gateway Routing Table |

### TCAP

|    |          |  |                     |                                                    |
|----|----------|--|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| 22 | bbbbbbbb |  | Data Portion Length | Length of TCAP message received from X.25 network. |
| 23 | Variable |  | TCAP Data           |                                                    |

### X.25 Level 2

|    |          |  |                               |                |
|----|----------|--|-------------------------------|----------------|
| 00 | 000000bb |  | Address Field                 | 03=DTE, 01=DCE |
| 01 | rrrpsss0 |  | Control Field                 |                |
|    | rrrxxxxx |  | Receive sequence number, n(r) |                |
|    | xxxpxxxx |  | Poll/Final bit                |                |
|    | xxxxsssx |  | Send sequence number, n(s)    |                |
|    | xxxxxxx0 |  | Frame type                    | 0 = I-frame    |

### X.25 Level 3 (Call Request Packet)

|    |          |  |                              |                              |
|----|----------|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 02 | 00010000 |  | General Format Indicator     |                              |
|    | 0xxxxxxx |  | Q-bit                        | 0 = not used                 |
|    | x0xxxxxx |  | D-bit                        | 0 = not used                 |
|    | xx01xxxx |  | Modulo bits                  | 01 = modulo 8 for P(r), P(s) |
|    | xxxx0000 |  | Logical Channel Group number |                              |

| <i>Offset</i> | <i>Binary</i> | <i>Hex</i> | <i>Field Description</i>     | <i>Value</i>                                                                                                     |
|---------------|---------------|------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 03            | xxxxxxx       |            | Logical channel number       | Connection determination locates this value in the GRT logical channel field.                                    |
| 04            | 00001011      | 0B         | Packet type                  | 0B= Call Request                                                                                                 |
| 05            | tttcccc       |            | Address lengths              |                                                                                                                  |
|               | tttxxxx       |            | Calling party address length | Connection determination calculates these values from the GRT X.25 called address and SS7 calling address fields |
|               | xxxxcccc      |            | Called party address length  | Connection determination calculates these values from the GRT X.25 called address and SS7 calling address fields |
| 06            | dddddddd      |            | Called party address         | Connection determination locates this value in the GRT X.25 address field                                        |
| n             | dddddddd      | ??         | Called party address         | Connection determination locates this value in the GRT X.25 address field                                        |
| n+1           | 00000000      | ??         | Calling party address        | Connection determination locates this value in the GRT SS7 address field.                                        |
| m             | 00000000      | ??         | Calling party address        | Connection determination locates this value in the GRT SS7 address field.                                        |

**X.25 Level 3 (Data Packet)**

|    |          |    |                              |                              |
|----|----------|----|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 02 | 00010000 | ?? | General Format Indicator     |                              |
|    | 0xxxxxxx |    | Q-bit                        | 0 = not used                 |
|    | x0xxxxxx |    | D-bit                        | 0 = not used                 |
|    | xx01xxxx |    | Modulo bits                  | 01 = modulo 8 for P(r), P(s) |
|    | xxxx0000 |    | Logical Channel Group number | 0 = Group 0                  |
| 03 | xxxxxxx  |    | Logical channel number       | PVC or SVC number            |

**X.25/SS7 Message Conversion**

| <i>Offset</i> | <i>Binary</i> | <i>Hex</i> | <i>Field Description</i>      | <i>Value</i>                   |
|---------------|---------------|------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 04            | rrrmsss0      |            | Packet type                   | xxxxxxx0 = Data                |
|               | rrrxxxxx      |            | Receive sequence number, P(r) |                                |
|               | xxx0xxxx      |            | More bit                      | 0 = single, stand-alone packet |
|               | xxxxsssx      |            | Send sequence number, P(s)    |                                |

**TCAP**

|    |          |  |           |  |
|----|----------|--|-----------|--|
| 29 | xxxxxxxx |  | TCAP Data |  |
|----|----------|--|-----------|--|





# C

## Holdover Clock Troubleshooting Procedures

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### Introduction

Most alarm conditions in the holdover clock are not out-of service or service-affecting conditions. The system is designed with redundant power, reference inputs, clock input cards, stratum clock cards and output card protection switching.

The only true out-of-service condition is when all power is lost to a shelf, or all reference inputs and both stratum clock cards fail. Before taking any action on the system, such as removing cards, first consider the following troubleshooting guidelines:

- Do not touch the shelf until you have analyzed the condition and know the possible result of any planned corrective actions.
- Do not touch the shelf until you have been properly grounded.
- Both major and minor alarms in the shelf require immediate attention. But, very few alarms in the holdover clock system are service affecting. Improper corrective actions could be service affecting.

## Holdover Clock Troubleshooting Procedures

- Do not remove an ST3 clock card from the shelf, unless you are certain it is the cause of the condition. This is especially true if the ST clock card(s) is (are) in the holdover mode (the HOLD OV/HOLDOVER lamp is lit, or the HOLD OV/HOLDOVER and INP TOL lamps are lit). Removing both ST clock cards in this condition causes total loss of all outputs from the shelf and/or system.
- Write down any alarm and normal lamp conditions in the shelf. These will help you to determine where to look for the cause of the condition.

## Interpreting System Alarms, Lamps And Trouble Isolation

Alarms generated by the holdover clock are reported through the EAGLE 5 SAS. All alarm conditions are defined in Chapter 3, Corrective Maintenance.

When troubleshooting, write down all abnormal and normal lamp conditions for the shelf with the alarm lamp lit on the SAI card. This will assist in analyzing and isolating the cause of the condition. Do not start removing or replacing cards to attempt to clear alarms, as it could lead to crashing EAGLE 5 SAS.

Tables to aid in troubleshooting are listed in the following sections. Once the basic trouble has been isolated and it has been determined that an individual card is defective, perform the appropriate card replacement procedure in Appendix A.

## Holdover Clock Troubleshooting Procedures

**Table C-1.** Input and ST3 Alarm Conditions

| SAI/MIS LAMPS                            | ABNORMAL CARD LAMPS                                                                                                                                                        | ACTIVATED OFFICE ALARMS AND SHELF STATUS                                                                                      | ACTIVATED CLOCK STATUS A AND B | CONDITION TYPE # (NOTE) |
|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| MAJOR and MINOR lit                      | ST3 A and B = FAIL, LOCK, and REF B lit                                                                                                                                    | Visual = MAJOR and MINOR Shelf Status = MAJSI, MINSI, and CLKL. (HOLDOVER ALARM switch SW3 on backplane is set to MAJ or MIN) | None                           | 1                       |
| MAJOR and MINOR lit                      | Input cards A and B = FAIL lit, frequency/bit rate lamp off, SR FL lit (ACI only) ST3 A and B = FAIL, LOCK, and REF B lit                                                  | Visual = MAJOR and MINOR Shelf Status = MAJSI, MINSI, and CLKL. (HOLDOVER ALARM switch SW3 on backplane is set to MAJ or MIN) | None                           | 2                       |
| MINOR lit                                | Input card A or B = FAIL lit, frequency/bit rate lamp off or lit, SR FL lit (ACI only) ST3 A and B = REF (A or B) lamp lit (associated with input card with FAIL lamp off) | Visual = MINOR Shelf Status = MINSI, and CLKL (HOLDOVER ALARM switch SW3 on backplane is set to MAJ or MIN)                   | None                           | 3                       |
| MINOR lit                                | ST3 A and B = LOCK lit                                                                                                                                                     | Visual = MINOR Shelf Status = MINSI (HOLDOVER ALARM switch SW3 on backplane is set to MAJ or MIN)                             | None                           | 4                       |
| MINOR periodically lights, then goes off | Input card A and/or B = FAIL periodically goes on and off. First occurrence only the SRC ACT/SRC ACTIVE on FAIL card goes off and lights on the other card.                | Visual = Periodic MINOR Shelf Status = Periodic MINSI and CLKL (HOLDOVER ALARM switch SW3 on backplane set to MAJ or MIN)     | None                           | 5                       |
| MAJOR lit                                | ST3 A or B = FAIL lit                                                                                                                                                      | Visual = MAJOR Shelf Status = MAJSI (HOLDOVER ALARM switch SW3 on backplane is set to MAJ or MIN)                             | None                           | 6                       |

## Holdover Clock Troubleshooting Procedures

| SAI/MIS LAMPS                                                                               | ABNORMAL CARD LAMPS | ACTIVATED OFFICE ALARMS AND SHELF STATUS | ACTIVATED CLOCK STATUS A AND B | CONDITION TYPE # (NOTE) |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>NOTE:</b> For the corrective action to take for each condition type, refer to Table C-2. |                     |                                          |                                |                         |

## Holdover Clock Troubleshooting Procedures

**Table C-2.** Input and ST3 Corrective Actions

| CONDITION TYPE #<br>(From Table E-1.) | CONDITION AND PROBABLE CAUSE                                                                                                                                                                 | CORRECTIVE ACTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1                                     | No input cards installed. Outputs are as accurate as freerunning clock cards. Timed network elements reporting high slip rate.                                                               | Install at least one input card.(See Appendix A).                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 2                                     | Input references A and B has failed (frequency/bit rate lamp off) or has exceeded BPV, OOF, or excessive zeros parameters (frequency/bit rate lamp lit).                                     | Check input reference connections at the shelf and source ends. Reconnect if required. Isolate and repair input reference facilities, if required.                                                                                                    |
|                                       | The input reference facility framing format rearranged from D4 to ESF, or vice versa, and the input card options were not changed to match it.                                               | Change the option switch settings to match the current framing format. See the <i>Installation Manual</i> .                                                                                                                                           |
|                                       | The input reference has been recently reasigned, and the signal amplitude is too high.                                                                                                       | Wire a 100 ohm, 1/4 watt resistor across T and R input terminals on the shelf backplane.                                                                                                                                                              |
|                                       | Both input cards have failed.                                                                                                                                                                | Replace both input cards (See Appendix A).                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 3                                     | Input reference A or B has failed (frequency/bit rate lamp off) or has exceeded BPV, OOF, or excessive zeros parameters (frequency/bit rate lamp lit).                                       | Check input reference connections at the shelf and source ends. Reconnect if required. Isolate and repair input reference A or B facility (if required).                                                                                              |
|                                       | Input card A or B has failed.                                                                                                                                                                | Replace the input card with the FAIL lamp lit (See Appendix A).                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                                       | The input reference facility framing format rearranged from D4 to ESF, or vice versa, and the input card options were not changed to match it.                                               | Change the option switch settings to match the current framing format.                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                                       | The input reference has been recently reasigned, and the signal amplitude is too high.                                                                                                       | Wire a 100 ohm, 1/4 watt resistor across T and R input terminals on the shelf backplane.                                                                                                                                                              |
| 4                                     | Active input reference has exceeded pull-in range of ST3 cards. Timed network elements reporting high slip rate.                                                                             | Press transfer (XFR) pushbutton on either input card to switch SRC (source) ACTIVE lamp to the other input card. ST3 A and B LOCK lamps go off in less than 40 seconds.<br>Isolate source of frequency offset on input reference facility and repair. |
| 5                                     | Input reference facility (A and/or B) line coding rearranged from AMI to B8ZS and input card(s) option switches were not set to match the change. Input card BPV spec periodically exceeded. | Change input card(s) option switch settings from AMI to B8ZS.                                                                                                                                                                                         |

## Holdover Clock Troubleshooting Procedures

| <b>CONDITION TYPE #<br/>(From Table E-1.)</b> | <b>CONDITION AND PROBABLE CAUSE</b>                                                                                                                        | <b>CORRECTIVE ACTION</b>                                           |
|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 6                                             | ST3 A or B card has failed and squelched its outputs. Outputs are receiving their reference from the ST3 with its FAIL lamp off. Outputs are not affected. | Replace the ST3 card (A or B) with the FAIL lamp lit (Appendix A). |

## Holdover Clock Troubleshooting Procedures

**Table C-3.** Shelf and Output Alarm Conditions -  
Not Related to Input and ST Conditions

| SAI/MIS LAMPS                 | ABNORMAL SHELF AND CARD LAMPS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | ACTIVATED OFFICE ALARMS AND SHELF STATUS                                                                     | ACTIVATED CLOCK STATUS A AND B                                                   | CONDITION TYPE # (NOTE) |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| None lit                      | All lamps on all cards are off                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Visual = CRITICAL (MIS ONLY), MAJOR, and MINOR<br>Shelf Status = CRTSI (MIS only), MAJSI, MINSI, and BATTALM | None                                                                             | 1                       |
| MINOR lit                     | MCA-5 = All 10 PORT ALM lamps lit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Visual = MINOR<br>Shelf Status = MINSI                                                                       | None                                                                             | 2                       |
| MINOR lit                     | Any TO card = PORT ALM lit<br>Output protection pushbutton lamps = Lamp over TO card with PORT ALM lit, and like HS TO card light for a short period of time (approx 3 seconds) then goes off<br>MCA-5 = AUTO lamp flashes for approx 6 seconds when HS protection switch is activated and released. | Visual = MINOR<br>Shelf Status = MINSI and PRTA (SW1 positions 3 and 5 on MCA-5 set to MAJ or MIN)           | None                                                                             | 3                       |
| MINOR lit                     | Shelf fuse A or B = Lamp lit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Visual = MINOR<br>Shelf Status = MINSI, and BATTALM. POWER ALARM switch SW2 on backplane is set to MIN)      | None                                                                             | 4                       |
| MAJOR lit                     | Any TO, ST, or MCA-5 = FAIL lit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Visual = MAJOR<br>Shelf Status = MAJSI (MCA-5 SW1, positions 3 and 5 set to MAJ)                             | Visual = MAJOR<br>Shelf Status = MAJSI (MCA-5 SW1, positions 3 and 5 set to MAJ) | 5                       |
| FAIL and MAJOR lit (MIS only) | MIS = FAIL lit                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Visual = MAJOR<br>Shelf Status = MAJSI                                                                       | None                                                                             | 5                       |

## Holdover Clock Troubleshooting Procedures

| SAI/MIS LAMPS                                                                                                                                                                     | ABNORMAL SHELF AND CARD LAMPS                                                                                                                                 | ACTIVATED OFFICE ALARMS AND SHELF STATUS                                                                                                                                                          | ACTIVATED CLOCK STATUS A AND B | CONDITION TYPE # (NOTE) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| MAJOR and MINOR lit                                                                                                                                                               | Shelf fuse A or B = Lamp lit                                                                                                                                  | Visual = MAJOR<br>Shelf Status = MAJSI, MINSI, and BATTALM. (POWER ALARM switch SW2 on backplane is set to MAJ)                                                                                   | None                           | 4                       |
| MAJOR and MINOR lit                                                                                                                                                               | Any TO card = FAIL lamp lit<br>Output protection pushbutton lamp = Lamps lit over TO with FAIL lamp lit and like HS TO card (HS protection switch activated). | Visual = MAJOR and MINOR<br>Shelf Status = MAJSI and MINSI (MCA-5 SW1, positions 3 and 5 set to MIN)                                                                                              | None                           | 5                       |
| MAJOR and MINOR lit or MINOR lit or None lit (MAJOR and MINOR lit if MCA-5 SW1, positions 3 and 5 set to MAJ; if SW1 set to MIN, then MIN lit; if set to NO ALARM, then None lit) | Output protection pushbutton lamps = Lamps over TO cards and HS cards alternately light and then go off.                                                      | Visual = MAJOR and MINOR or MINOR or None<br>Shelf Status = MAJSI and MINSI or MINSI or None (MAJOR and MINOR if MCA-5 card SW1 set to MAJ; MINOR if SW1 set to MIN; none if SW1 set to NO ALARM) | None                           | 6                       |
| MINOR lit or MAJOR and MINOR lit (MINOR if MCA-5 SW1, positions 3 and 5, are set to MIN or NO ALARM; MAJOR and MINOR lit if set to MAJ)                                           | Any TO card = PORT ALM lit<br>Output protection pushbutton lamps = Lamps lit over TO card with PORT ALM lit, and like HS TO card.                             | Visual = MINOR or MAJOR and MINOR<br>Shelf Status = MINSI and PRTA or MAJSI, MINSI, and PRTA (MINOR if SW1 positions 3 and 5 on MCA-5 set to MIN or NO ALARM; MAJOR and MINOR if set to MAJ)      | None                           | 7                       |



## Holdover Clock Troubleshooting Procedures

| SAI/MIS LAMPS                                                                                                                                                                     | ABNORMAL SHELF AND CARD LAMPS                                                                                      | ACTIVATED OFFICE ALARMS AND SHELF STATUS                                                                                                                                                                                            | ACTIVATED CLOCK STATUS A AND B | CONDITION TYPE # (NOTE) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| MINOR lit<br>or<br>MAJOR lit<br>or<br>None lit<br>(MINOR lit if MCA-5 SW1, positions 3 and 5 set to MIN; if SW1 set to MAJ, then MAJOR is lit; if set to NO ALARM, then None lit) | Output protection pushbutton lamps = Lamps lit over a TO card and like HS TO cards<br>MCA-5 = MAN lamp is flashing | Visual = MINOR<br>or<br>MAJOR<br>or<br>None<br>Shelf Status = MINSI<br>or<br>MAJSI<br>or<br>None<br>(MINOR lit if MCA-5 SW1, positions 3 and 5 set to MIN; if SW1 set to MAJ, then MAJOR is lit; if set to NO ALARM, then None lit) | None                           | 8                       |
| <b>Note: For the corrective action to take for each condition type, refer to Table C-4.</b>                                                                                       |                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                |                         |

**Table C-4.** Shelf and Output Corrective Actions -  
Not Related to Input and ST Conditions

| CONDITION TYPE #<br>(FROM Table E-3.) | CONDITION AND PROBABLE CAUSE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | CORRECTIVE ACTIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1                                     | Loss of Battery A and B to shelf. All outputs are squelched. Causes could be from operating error, office battery source failure, blown fuses, or a component failure, e.g., isolation diode which shorts battery to battery return.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1.Determine cause of loss of battery and repair.<br>2.Restore office battery source.<br>3.Replace blown fuses in battery distribution bays, miscellaneous fuse bays, and panels, and/or on DCD shelf.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 2                                     | Communication between MCA-5 and TO cards is not functioning. Microprocessor on the MCA-5 is failed or garbled. Does not affect outputs. Automatic TO protection switching function disabled. Manual TO protection switching function is still operational.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 1.No TO cards in shelf. Install at least one TO card.<br>2.No input references or input cards, <i>and</i> no clock cards installed. Install at least one clock (ST) card (See Appendix A.)<br>3.MCA-5 communications bus or microprocessor garbled. Remove and reinsert the MCA-5 card to clear bus and microprocessor.<br>4.MCA-5 microprocessor failed. Replace MCA-5 card (Appendix A).                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 3                                     | HS protection switch activated, then released because of:<br>•Unterminated cable on TOTA or TOTL output,<br>or,<br>•Shorted cable on TO output.<br>When the condition occurred, an HS protection switch was activated, PORT ALM on TO goes off, and lights on the HS TO card, output protection pushbutton lamps over the TO and HS light, MCA-5 AUTO lamp flashes, HS protection switch releases, PORT ALM on HS TO goes off and lights on TO, output protection pushbutton lamps go off, and MCA-5 AUTO lamp stops flashing (duration = 3 to 6 seconds). Non-failed ports on TO with PORT ALM lit lost output for one millisecond during HS protection switch activation and release. Failed TO port is out of service. | 1.Press and hold the output protection pushbutton over the TO card with PORT ALM lamp lit. MCA-5 lights PORT ALM lamp(s) of failed TO port. Release pushbutton.<br>2.Isolate and repair cable or NE connected to that TO port.<br>3.If port connection is new and not yet terminated at NE, then either insert disabling pin in that port's disabling jack on TO card faceplate, or remove cable from output wire-wrap panel, or place an appropriate resistor termination across tip (T) and ring (R) of cable at NE end, until ready to connect cable at NE end. |
| 4                                     | Loss of Battery A or B to shelf. Does not affect outputs. Causes could be from operating error, blown fuse, or a component failure, e.g., isolation diode which shorts battery to battery return.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 1.Determine cause of loss of battery and repair.<br>2.Replace blown fuses in battery distribution bays, miscellaneous fuse bays, and panels, and/or on DCD shelf.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

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| CONDITION TYPE #<br>(FROM Table E-3.) | CONDITION AND PROBABLE CAUSE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | CORRECTIVE ACTIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 5                                     | Card with FAIL lamp lit has failed, except for input card which causes a MINOR alarm when its FAIL lamp lights. Outputs are not affected if MCA-5 and HS slots are equipped.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Replace the card with the FAIL lamp lit (Appendix A). Release HS protection switch, if activated, by pressing lit HS pushbutton until switch releases.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 6                                     | A TO card's microprocessor has lost its ability to process data. The TO cards are alternately being switched to HS protection and then released. One millisecond loss of outputs each time a TO is switched to or released from HS protection.                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Manually switch each TO card to the HS, replace the TO card (Appendix A) and release the HS switch. Continue until the malfunctioning TO card is located and removed from the shelf.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 7                                     | Output port failed on TO card with PORT ALM lamp lit. HS protection switch activated. Loss of output on failed port. Other output on same TO lost for one millisecond when HS protection switch activated.<br>When condition occurred, an HS protection switch was activated, PORT ALM lamp on TO card remained lit, output protection pushbutton lamps over TO and HS slots lit, and MCA-5 card's AUTO lamp flashes for 6 seconds and then lights steady. | 1.Press and hold the output protection pushbutton over the TO card with the PORT ALM lamp lit. MCA-5 lights PORT ALM lamp(s) of failed TO port. Release pushbutton.<br>2.Remove TO card with PORT ALM lamp lit.<br>3.Set option switch settings on the replacement TO card identical to settings on removed TO card.<br>4.Insert replacement TO card in shelf slot and wait 10 seconds for TO to warm-up. Verify ST, INPUT and OPTION lamps are lit and PORT ALM and/or FAIL lamps are not lit.<br>5.Press output protection pushbutton over HS TO until pushbutton lamps go out (releases HS switch). MCA-5 card's AUTO lamp flashes for 6 seconds and then lights steady. |
| 8                                     | TO card manually switched to HS TO card                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Release the manual HS switch by pressing the lit pushbutton over the HS TO card for 3 seconds.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## Holdover Clock Troubleshooting Procedures

# D

## Unsolicited Output Message Groups

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### Introduction

This appendix provides a list of the unsolicited alarm messages (UAMs) and unsolicited information messages (UIMs) generated by the EAGLE 5 SAS and the output groups that these messages are assigned to.

These messages are broadcast to the EAGLE 5 SAS terminals. To control which terminals these messages are broadcast, the messages have been placed into these output message groups. The **chg-trm** command is used to control to which terminals these groups of output messages are broadcast. For details about using the **chg-trm** command, see the “Changing Terminal Characteristics” in the “Configuring the OAP Port” procedure in the *Database Administration Manual - SS7*, or the **chg-trm** command description in the *Commands Manual*.

Scheduled Measurements for systems up to 700 links are sent to the Traffic Unsolicited Output Message Group and are not included in this appendix. No other unsolicited output is sent to this output group. Refer to Chapter 4, *Measurements* for detailed traffic measurement information. Refer to the *System Administration Manual - System Management* for information on configuring the measurements terminal for systems up to 700 links.

The messages are shown in these tables.

Table D-1. System Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Groups

Table D-2. Link Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Group

Table D-3. Card Unsolicited Output Message Group

Table D-4. Application Subsystem Unsolicited Output Message Group

Table D-5. GTT Unsolicited Output Message Group

Table D-6. GWS Unsolicited Output Message Group

Table D-7. Clock Unsolicited Output Message Group

Table D-8. Measurements Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Group

Table D-9. LNP Database Unsolicited Output Message Group

Table D-10. Security Administration Unsolicited Output Message Group

Table D-11. Program Update Unsolicited Output Message Group

Table D-12. UIM Redirect Unsolicited Output Message Group

Table D-13. Database Unsolicited Output Message Group

Table D-14. MPS Unsolicited Output Message Group

Table D-15. Monitor Unsolicited Output Message Group

Table D-16. SLAN Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Group

Table D-17. SEAS Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Group

**NOTE: If the LNP feature is not on, the messages in the LNP Subscription and LNP Database Unsolicited Output Message groups are not displayed.**

Each table contains the number of the UAM or UIM, the alarm level assigned to the message, and the text of the message. More information on these messages can be found in Chapter 3, *Corrective Maintenance*.

**Table D-1.** System Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Groups

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                            |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 0002           | Minor       | Card is not running approved GPL        |
| 0003           | None        | Alarm cleared for GPL                   |
| 0004           | Minor       | Card is running non-activated GPL       |
| 0005           | None        | Alarm cleared running non-activated GPL |
| 0011           | Major       | Entering forced simplex mode            |
| 0018           | None        | Exiting forced simplex mode             |
| 0039           | None        | GPL has been corrected                  |
| 0040           | Minor       | GPL is corrupted                        |

## Unsolicited Output Message Groups

**Table D-1.** System Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Groups (Continued)

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                      |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------|
| 0043                  | Major              | Incorrect feature configuration          |
| 0044                  | Minor              | Real time clock battery low              |
| 0045                  | None               | Real time clock battery restored         |
| 0046                  | None               | Terminal enabled                         |
| 0047                  | Major              | Card type not valid for application      |
| 0048                  | Minor              | Terminal failed                          |
| 0058                  | Critical           | Critical customer trouble detected       |
| 0059                  | Major              | Major customer trouble detected          |
| 0060                  | Minor              | Minor customer trouble detected          |
| 0061                  | None               | Customer trouble detected                |
| 0062                  | None               | Customer trouble cleared                 |
| 0063                  | Critical           | Critical holdover clock trouble detected |
| 0064                  | Major              | Major holdover clock trouble detected    |
| 0065                  | Minor              | Minor holdover clock trouble detected    |
| 0066                  | None               | Holdover clock trouble cleared           |
| 0077                  | Critical           | Card temperature is critical lvl:T2      |
| 0078                  | Major              | Card temperature above nominal           |
| 0079                  | None               | Card temperature within nominal levels   |
| 0082                  | Major              | Alarm in Fuse Panel                      |
| 0083                  | None               | Fuse Panel alarm has cleared             |
| 0097                  | None               | IMT allowed                              |
| 0098                  | None               | IMT inhibited                            |
| 0106                  | None               | IMT Bus alarm cleared                    |
| 0107                  | Minor              | Minor IMT failure detected               |
| 0108                  | Major              | Major IMT failure detected               |
| 0109                  | None               | All IMT System level alarms cleared      |
| 0110                  | Minor              | Failure detected on one IMT bus          |
| 0111                  | Major              | Failure on both IMT A and IMT B          |
| 0112                  | Critical           | Major failures detected on both IMTs     |
| 0114                  | Major              | System IP TPS threshold exceeded         |

**Table D-1.** System Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Groups (Continued)

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                             |
|----------------|-------------|------------------------------------------|
| 0117           | None        | System IP TPS normal                     |
| 0142           | None        | System release alarm cleared             |
| 0143           | Minor       | System release GPL(s) not approved       |
| 0144           | Minor       | System release version unknown           |
| 0276           | Major       | Insufficient memory for IP7 provisioning |
| 0277           | Major       | AS Unavailable                           |
| 0278           | None        | AS Available                             |
| 0279           | Minor       | AS Restricted                            |
| 0280           | None        | AS Unrestricted                          |
| 0302           | Minor       | Cooling fan failure                      |
| 0303           | None        | Cooling fan normal                       |
| 0308           | Critical    | Node isolated due to SLK failures        |
| 0309           | None        | Node is no longer isolated               |
| 0366           | None        | Temp Key(s) expiration alarm cleared     |
| 0367           | Major       | Temp Keys(s) expiring soon               |
| 0368           | Critical    | Temp Keys(s) have expired                |
| 0388           | None        | Illegal Address Error Cleared            |
| 0389           | None        | Card responding normally                 |
| 0390           | Major       | Illegal Address Error                    |
| 0391           | Major       | Card not responding Error                |
| 0392           | Major       | OA&M IP Security feature is OFF          |
| 0393           | None        | OA&M IP Security feature is ON           |
| 0438           | Critical    | Degraded Mode, Invalid OAM HW config     |
| 0439           | None        | Exiting Degraded Mode                    |
| 0466           | Major       | STC Network Unavailable                  |
| 0467           | None        | STC Network Available                    |
| 0500           | None        | Alarm being cleared for this device      |
| 0514           | Major       | Standby MASP is inhibited                |
| 0515           | None        | Standby MASP is allowed                  |
| 0911           | Major       | Dynamic database is inconsistent         |



## Unsolicited Output Message Groups

**Table D-1.** System Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Groups (Continued)

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                      |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------|
| 0912                  | None               | Dynamic database is now consistent       |
| 1000                  | None               | MTP rcvd UPU - user part is not SCCP     |
| 1001                  | None               | MTP rcvd Transfer Controlled (TFC)       |
| 1002                  | None               | MTP rcvd invalid TFC - status 0          |
| 1003                  | None               | MTP rcvd invalid H0/H1 code              |
| 1004                  | None               | MTP rcvd unknown DPC                     |
| 1059                  | None               | Telnet terminal connection disconnected  |
| 1098                  | None               | Unexpected disk access timeout           |
| 1105                  | None               | REPT EVT:IMT GPL reloading               |
| 1106                  | None               | REPT COND:IMT GPL reloading              |
| 1120                  | None               | TRBL Queue is full: elements overwritten |
| 1129                  | None               | Ported subs SMSC matches Home SMSC Addr  |
| 1130                  | None               | LOCREQ rcvd - IS412GSM not provisioned   |
| 1131                  | None               | Invalid digits in IS41 MAP Digits parm   |
| 1196                  | None               | IP Connection Congestion Timeout         |
| 1197                  | None               | IP Connection refused                    |
| 1198                  | None               | IP Connection, Cannot resolve RHOST      |
| 1200                  | None               | INW ALT card as first to be preloaded    |
| 1201                  | None               | INW MAIN card as last to be reset        |
| 1202                  | None               | INW Asserted DDL inhibition              |
| 1203                  | None               | INW Card reset command issued            |
| 1204                  | None               | INW Waiting for card loading validation  |
| 1205                  | None               | INW Detected card loaded                 |
| 1206                  | None               | INW Detected card reset or removed       |
| 1207                  | None               | INW Allowed card to skip DDL inhibited   |
| 1208                  | None               | INW Removed DDL inhibition               |
| 1209                  | None               | INW Card must be reset/removed/inhibited |
| 1210                  | None               | INW Card failed to reset                 |
| 1211                  | None               | INW Failed to assert DDL inhibition      |
| 1212                  | None               | INW Failed to remove DDL inhibition      |

**Table D-1.** System Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Groups (Continued)

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                            |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 1213           | None        | INW Card failed to DDL crossload        |
| 1214           | None        | INW Allowed card to DDL crossload       |
| 1237           | None        | Dynamic database audit not current      |
| 1298           | None        | Updates inhibited: loading stability    |
| 1299           | None        | Updates allowed: loading stability      |
| 1300           | None        | REPT EVT: Incremental Loading           |
| 1308           | None        | Updates inhibited: Target-Cell CRC Fail |
| 1309           | None        | Updates inhibited: Source-Cell CRC Fail |
| 1321           | None        | Eagle RTDB Birthdate Mismatch           |
| 1322           | None        | Eagle RTDB Levels Invalid               |
| 1323           | None        | Eagle/Elap TN Quantity Mismatch         |
| 1324           | None        | Eagle/Elap NPANXX Quantity Mismatch     |
| 1325           | None        | Eagle/Elap LNRN Quantity Mismatch       |
| 1326           | None        | Eagle RTDB Depth Alert                  |
| 1490           | None        | Telnet terminal connection successful   |
| 1491           | None        | Terminal enabled.                       |
| 1492           | None        | Terminal disabled.                      |

**Table D-2.** Link Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Group

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                            |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 0084           | Major       | IP Connection Unavailable               |
| 0085           | None        | IP Connection Available                 |
| 0086           | Minor       | IP Connection Congested                 |
| 0087           | None        | IP Connection manually removed          |
| 0115           | Major       | Linkset IP TPS threshold exceeded       |
| 0116           | Minor       | Link expected IP TPS threshold exceeded |
| 0118           | None        | Linkset IP TPS normal                   |
| 0119           | None        | Link IP TPS normal                      |
| 0157           | None        | X25 logical channels available          |

## Unsolicited Output Message Groups

**Table D-2.** Link Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                             |
|----------------|-------------|------------------------------------------|
| 0158           | Minor       | X25 no logical channels available        |
| 0200           | None        | RCVRY-LKF: link available                |
| 0201           | Major       | REPT-LKF: remote NE loopback             |
| 0202           | Major       | REPT-LKF: HWP - too many link interrupts |
| 0203           | Major       | REPT-LKF: lost data                      |
| 0204           | Major       | REPT-LKF: XER - SUERM threshold exceeded |
| 0205           | Major       | REPT-LKF: APF - lvl-2 T1 expd (ready)    |
| 0206           | Major       | REPT-LKF: APF - lvl-2 T1 expd(not ready) |
| 0207           | Major       | REPT-LKF: APF - lvl-2 T3 expired         |
| 0208           | Major       | REPT-LKF: APF - lvl-2 T2 expired         |
| 0209           | Major       | REPT-LKF: APF - failed proving period    |
| 0210           | Major       | REPT-LKF: OSA - received SIO             |
| 0211           | Major       | REPT-LKF: OSA - received SIN             |
| 0212           | Major       | REPT-LKF: OSA - received SIE             |
| 0213           | Major       | REPT-LKF: OSA - received SIOS            |
| 0214           | Major       | REPT-LKF: ABN - rcvd 2 of 3 invalid BSN  |
| 0215           | Major       | REPT-LKF: ABN - rcvd 2 of 3 invalid FIB  |
| 0216           | Major       | REPT-LKF: remote congestion timeout      |
| 0217           | Major       | REPT-LKF: excess acknowledge delay       |
| 0218           | Major       | REPT-LKF: COO - rcvd changeover order    |
| 0219           | Major       | REPT-LKF: false congestion restart       |
| 0220           | Major       | REPT-LKF: MTP link restart delayed       |
| 0221           | Major       | REPT-LKF: X25 link unavailable           |
| 0222           | Major       | REPT-LKF: remote FE loopback             |
| 0223           | None        | REPT-LKF: remote NE loopback cleared     |
| 0224           | Major       | REPT-LKF: link test failed               |
| 0230           | Major       | REPT-LKF: local blocked - thermal        |
| 0232           | Major       | REPT-LKF: remote blocked                 |
| 0233           | Major       | REPT-LINK-MANUAV: local blocked          |
| 0234           | Major       | REPT-LKF: RMI remote inhibited           |

**Table D-2.** Link Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                             |
|----------------|-------------|------------------------------------------|
| 0235           | Major       | REPT-LINK-MGTINH: local inhibited        |
| 0236           | Major       | REPT-LKF: not aligned                    |
| 0237           | Major       | REPT-LKF: LM Timer NO-CREDIT expired     |
| 0238           | Major       | REPT-LKF: XDA-Timer NO-RESPONSE expired  |
| 0239           | Major       | REPT-LKF: MBL - local processor outage   |
| 0240           | Major       | REPT-LKF: rcvd SSCOP END-proc. outage    |
| 0241           | Major       | REPT-LKF: rcvd SSCOP END-out of service  |
| 0242           | Major       | REPT-LKF: rcvd SSCOP END-protocol error  |
| 0243           | Major       | REPT-LKF: rcvd SSCOP END-mgmt initiated  |
| 0244           | Major       | REPT-LKF: FAC - DS1/E1 LOS failure       |
| 0245           | Major       | REPT-LKF: FAC - DS1/E1 LOF failure       |
| 0246           | Major       | REPT-LKF: FAC - DS1/E1 LCD failure       |
| 0247           | Major       | REPT-LKF: XER - ISERM threshold exceeded |
| 0264           | None        | REPT-LINK-CGST: congestion level 0 to 1  |
| 0265           | None        | REPT-LINK-CGST: congestion level 1 to 2  |
| 0266           | None        | REPT-LINK-CGST: congestion level 2 to 3  |
| 0267           | None        | RCVRY-LINK-CGST: congestion level 3 to 2 |
| 0268           | None        | RCVRY-LINK-CGST: congestion level 2 to 1 |
| 0269           | None        | RCVRY-LINK-CGST: congestion has cleared  |
| 0270           | None        | REPT-LINK-CGST: discard level 0 to 1     |
| 0271           | None        | REPT-LINK-CGST: discard level 1 to 2     |
| 0272           | None        | REPT-LINK-CGST: discard level 2 to 3     |
| 0273           | None        | RCVRY-LINK-CGST: discard level 3 to 2    |
| 0274           | None        | RCVRY-LINK-CGST: discard level 2 to 1    |
| 0275           | None        | RCVRY-LINK-CGST: discard has cleared     |
| 0304           | Minor       | REPT-NMTSK-DSCD: SNM Discard Onset       |
| 0305           | None        | RECVY-NMTSK-DSCD: SNM Discard Abated     |
| 0306           | Minor       | SNM Overload Onset                       |
| 0307           | None        | SNM Overload Abated                      |
| 0311           | None        | DPC is allowed                           |

## Unsolicited Output Message Groups

**Table D-2.** Link Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                              |
|----------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------|
| 0312           | Minor       | DPC is restricted                         |
| 0313           | Critical    | DPC is prohibited                         |
| 0314           | None        | Route is allowed                          |
| 0315           | None        | Route is restricted                       |
| 0316           | None        | Route is prohibited                       |
| 0317           | None        | RCVRY-LKSTO: link set allowed             |
| 0318           | Major       | REPT-LKSTO: link set prohibited           |
| 0319           | Critical    | REPT-MTPLP-DET: Circ rte det(cong)        |
| 0320           | Critical    | REPT-MTPLP-SUST: Sustained circ rte(cong) |
| 0321           | Minor       | X-LIST occupancy threshold exceeded       |
| 0322           | None        | X-LIST occupancy below threshold          |
| 0324           | None        | DPC subsystem is allowed                  |
| 0325           | Critical    | DPC subsystem is blocked                  |
| 0326           | Critical    | DPC subsystem is prohibited               |
| 0327           | None        | DPC subsystem has been deleted            |
| 0332           | Critical    | DPC Subsystem is prohibited and blocked   |
| 0333           | None        | DPC Subsystem is Normal                   |
| 0334           | Critical    | DPC Subsystem is Abnormal                 |
| 0337           | None        | DPC-SS status changed                     |
| 0338           | Major       | X-LIST space full-entry(s) discarded      |
| 0339           | None        | X-LIST space full condition abated        |
| 0340           | None        | RCVRY-MTPLP-RST:Circ rte status cleared   |
| 0369           | Major       | REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 unavailable               |
| 0376           | Major       | REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 LOS failure               |
| 0377           | Major       | REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 LOF failure               |
| 0378           | Major       | REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Remote Alarm              |
| 0379           | Major       | REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Alarm                     |
| 0380           | None        | RCVRY-T1F:FAC-T1 available                |
| 0381           | Major       | REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 LOS failure               |
| 0382           | Major       | REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 LOF failure               |

**Table D-2.** Link Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                             |
|----------------|-------------|------------------------------------------|
| 0383           | Major       | REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 AIS detected             |
| 0384           | Major       | REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 Far End Failure          |
| 0385           | Major       | REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 10E-3 BER failed         |
| 0386           | None        | RCVRY-E1F:FAC-E1 available               |
| 0387           | Major       | REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 unavailable              |
| 0399           | None        | RCVRY-LKSTO: Alarm clr'd by deleting SLK |
| 0401           | None        | Alarm cleared by deleting SLK            |
| 0402           | None        | Alarm cleared by deleting route          |
| 0500           | None        | Alarm being cleared for this device      |
| 1016           | None        | MTP Adj PC not in routing table          |
| 1017           | None        | MTP Message Received for Network 255     |
| 1018           | None        | REPT-MTPERR: MTP received - invalid SIO  |
| 1070           | None        | SLTC failure: invalid Point Code (OPC)   |
| 1071           | None        | SLTC failure: invalid SLC                |
| 1072           | None        | SLTC failure: no response                |
| 1073           | None        | SLTC failure: bad data pattern           |
| 1075           | None        | MTP: link bypassed SLT phase             |
| 1076           | None        | SLTC failure: invalid Point Code (DPC)   |
| 1077           | None        | SLTC failure: failed link                |
| 1078           | None        | SLTC success: manual test passed         |
| 1079           | None        | SLTC aborted: unable to perform the test |
| 1081           | None        | MTP: Changeback T5 timeout               |
| 1084           | None        | GWS MSU discarded by redirect function   |
| 1085           | None        | GWS MSU too large to be redirected       |
| 1086           | None        | LFS test terminated with OAM switch over |
| 1087           | None        | MTP RSTRT rcvd unexpected user traffic   |
| 1088           | None        | REPT-MTP-RSTRT: MTP Restart started      |
| 1089           | None        | RCVRY-MTP-RSTRT: MTP Restart Completed   |
| 1090           | None        | ITU GWY:CPC conversion failure           |
| 1091           | None        | ITU GWY:OPC conversion failure           |

## Unsolicited Output Message Groups

**Table D-2.** Link Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                           |
|----------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| 1092           | None        | ITU GWY:H0H1 conversion failure        |
| 1093           | None        | ITU GWY:rcvd msg type cannot convert   |
| 1094           | None        | ITU GWY:Invalid ISUP msg structure     |
| 1095           | None        | ITU GWY:GRS buffer full                |
| 1096           | None        | ITU GWY:RSC buffer full                |
| 1097           | None        | ITU GWY:CGB buffer full                |
| 1100           | None        | GWS rcvd H0/H1 that is not allowed     |
| 1104           | None        | IP Connection Failed                   |
| 1133           | None        | GX25 outbound data exceeds packet size |
| 1134           | None        | GX25 route not found                   |
| 1135           | None        | GX25 route not available               |
| 1136           | None        | GX25 route already connected           |
| 1137           | None        | GX25 incorrect X25 address             |
| 1138           | None        | GX25 unsupported packet type received  |
| 1139           | None        | GX25 unsupported MSU type received     |
| 1140           | None        | GX25 DPC not defined                   |
| 1141           | None        | GX25 unrecognized X25 calling address  |
| 1142           | None        | GX25 unrecognized X25 called address   |
| 1143           | None        | GX25 cannot make connection            |
| 1144           | None        | GX25 logical channel cleared           |
| 1145           | None        | GX25 unexpected restart received       |
| 1146           | None        | REPT-XLST-TIMO: X-LIST entry expired   |
| 1147           | None        | MTP Invalid TFA received               |
| 1148           | None        | MTP Invalid TFR received               |
| 1149           | None        | SLK Level-3 T19 timer expired          |
| 1150           | None        | SLK Inhibit denied                     |
| 1151           | None        | SLK Inhibit response timeout           |
| 1152           | None        | SLK Uninhibit denied                   |
| 1153           | None        | SLK Uninhibit response timeout         |
| 1154           | None        | MSU-received threshold exceeded        |

**Table D-2.** Link Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                        |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| 1155                  | None               | MSU-rejected threshold exceeded            |
| 1156                  | None               | Loopback success                           |
| 1157                  | None               | Loopback failed                            |
| 1158                  | None               | Loopback aborted                           |
| 1159                  | None               | Loopback in progress                       |
| 1160                  | None               | GWS rcvd ISUP that is not allowed          |
| 1170                  | None               | Loopback prevented                         |
| 1171                  | None               | Loopback invalid                           |
| 1172                  | None               | REPT-OVSZMSG: SCCP MSU too large to route. |
| 1173                  | None               | REPT-OVSZMSG: MTP MSU too large to route.  |
| 1177                  | None               | Cnvrns Discard: SCCP MSU too large         |
| 1184                  | None               | Cnvrns Discard: Invalid SCCP element len   |
| 1233                  | None               | MTP Invalid ITU TFR RCVD                   |
| 1305                  | None               | MTP rcvd UPU-User SCCP, Cause invalid      |
| 1327                  | None               | SCS (Redirect) PC Prohibited: Cannot Route |
| 1328                  | None               | IDCA not provisioned for network type      |
| 1329                  | None               | IDCA not reachable for network type        |

**Table D-3.** Card Unsolicited Output Message Group

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                     |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 0001                  | Major              | Card has reset                          |
| 0008                  | Major              | Active MASP has become isolated         |
| 0009                  | None               | MASP became active                      |
| 0010                  | None               | MASP became standby                     |
| 0013                  | Major              | Card is isolated from the system        |
| 0014                  | None               | Card is present                         |
| 0021                  | Minor              | Clock A for card failed, Clock B normal |
| 0022                  | Minor              | Clock B for card failed, Clock A normal |
| 0023                  | Minor              | Clocks A and B for card failed          |
| 0024                  | None               | Clock A for card normal                 |



## Unsolicited Output Message Groups

**Table D-3.** Card Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                             |
|----------------|-------------|------------------------------------------|
| 0025           | None        | Clock B for card normal                  |
| 0026           | None        | Clocks A and B for card normal           |
| 0033           | None        | Card database has been corrected         |
| 0034           | Minor       | Card database is inconsistent            |
| 0035           | Minor       | Card database is corrupted               |
| 0036           | None        | Card backup database has been corrected  |
| 0037           | Minor       | Card backup database is inconsistent     |
| 0038           | Minor       | Card backup database is corrupted        |
| 0053           | Major       | Standby TDM failure                      |
| 0054           | None        | Standby TDM failure cleared              |
| 0055           | Minor       | Persistent device state tbl corrupt      |
| 0056           | Minor       | Persistent device state tbl diff version |
| 0057           | None        | Persistent device state tbl corrected    |
| 0077           | Critical    | Card temperature is critical lvl:T2      |
| 0078           | Major       | Card temperature above nominal           |
| 0079           | None        | Card temperature within nominal levels   |
| 0092           | Critical    | MDAL not responding                      |
| 0093           | None        | MDAL alarm cleared                       |
| 0096           | None        | Card has been reloaded                   |
| 0099           | Major       | Incompatible HW for provisioned slot     |
| 0102           | Minor       | Motherboard BIP invalid                  |
| 0103           | None        | Motherboard BIP valid                    |
| 0130           | None        | Card successfully loaded with data       |
| 0132           | Major       | Loading failed: table not found          |
| 0133           | Major       | Loading failed: data read Error          |
| 0134           | Major       | Loading failed: bad checksum returned    |
| 0135           | Major       | Loading failed: GPL load timeout         |
| 0136           | Major       | Loading failed: data load timeout        |
| 0137           | Major       | Loading failed: invalid GPL              |
| 0138           | Major       | Loading failed: GPL format error         |

**Table D-3.** Card Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                      |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------|
| 0139                  | Major              | Loading failed: disk read prep error     |
| 0140                  | Major              | Loading failed: disk read response error |
| 0141                  | Major              | Loading failed: disk read failed         |
| 0145                  | Minor              | HS Clock A for card failed, B normal     |
| 0146                  | Minor              | HS Clock B for card failed, A normal     |
| 0147                  | Minor              | High Speed Clocks A & B for card failed  |
| 0148                  | None               | High Speed Clock A for card normal       |
| 0149                  | None               | High Speed Clock B for card normal       |
| 0159                  | None               | High Speed Clocks A & B for card normal  |
| 0294                  | None               | REPT-ALMINH: alarm output PERM inhibited |
| 0295                  | None               | REPT-ALMINH: alarm output enabled        |
| 0296                  | None               | REPT-ALMINH: alarm output TEMP inhibited |
| 0297                  | Major              | Incorrect LIM port configuration         |
| 0298                  | Minor              | Card not using config. SCTP csum method  |
| 0299                  | None               | Config. SCTP csum method alarm cleared   |
| 0300                  | Major              | TVG Grant Failure                        |
| 0301                  | None               | TVG Grant Recovery                       |
| 0400                  | None               | Alarm cleared by deleting card           |
| 0422                  | Major              | Insufficient memory for LNP              |
| 0423                  | None               | Card reload attempted                    |
| 0441                  | Major              | Incorrect MDB - CPU                      |
| 0442                  | Critical           | RTDB database capacity is 95% full       |
| 0443                  | Major              | RTDB database is corrupted               |
| 0444                  | Minor              | RTDB database is inconsistent            |
| 0445                  | None               | RTDB database has been corrected         |
| 0446                  | Major              | RTDB database capacity is 80% full       |
| 0447                  | None               | RTDB database memory alarm cleared       |
| 0448                  | Minor              | RTDB database is incoherent              |
| 0449                  | Major              | RTDB resynchronization in progress       |
| 0451                  | Major              | RTDB reload is required                  |

## Unsolicited Output Message Groups

**Table D-3.** Card Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                             |
|----------------|-------------|------------------------------------------|
| 0452           | Major       | Exceeded Service Error Threshold Lvl1    |
| 0453           | Critical    | Exceeded Service Error Threshold Lvl 2   |
| 0454           | None        | Service Error Threshold Alarm Cleared    |
| 0492           | Minor       | RTDB database is 80% full                |
| 0493           | Major       | RTDB database is 100% full               |
| 0500           | None        | Alarm being cleared for this device      |
| 0901           | Major       | Card DB load timeout, check GLS card     |
| 0902           | None        | Card DB is stable                        |
| 0903           | Major       | IP Link A is down                        |
| 0904           | None        | IP Link A is up                          |
| 0905           | Major       | IP Link B is down                        |
| 0906           | None        | IP Link B is up                          |
| 0907           | None        | HW limiting TPS rate alarm cleared       |
| 0908           | Major       | HW cannot support purchased TPS rate     |
| 1082           | None        | Amem single bit error report             |
| 1238           | None        | Full database reload initiated:          |
| 1239           | None        | LNP updates inhibited: loading stability |
| 1240           | None        | LNP updates allowed: loading stability   |

**Table D-4.** Application Subsystem Unsolicited Output Message Group

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                               |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------|
| 0283           | Major       | LNP Ported LRNs approaching Feat. Capacity |
| 0284           | None        | LNP Ported LRNs Capacity Normal            |
| 0285           | Major       | LNP Ported NPAs approaching Feat. Capacity |
| 0286           | None        | LNP Ported NPAs Capacity Normal            |
| 0287           | Critical    | RTDB Table Level 2 FAK Cap Exceeded        |
| 0288           | Major       | RTDB Table Level 1 FAK Cap Exceeded        |
| 0289           | None        | RTDB Table FAK Capacity Normal             |
| 0394           | None        | Local Subsystem is available               |

**Table D-4.** Application Subsystem Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                      |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------|
| 0395                  | Critical           | Local Subsystem is not available         |
| 0396                  | Critical           | Local Subsystem is disabled              |
| 0397                  | None               | Local Subsystem is removed               |
| 0398                  | Minor              | Local Subsystem normal, card(s) abnormal |
| 0424                  | Critical           | LNP Subsystem is not available           |
| 0425                  | None               | LNP Subsystem normal, card(s) abnormal   |
| 0426                  | None               | LNP Subsystem is available               |
| 0434                  | None               | LNP Subsystem is removed                 |
| 0435                  | Critical           | LNP Subsystem is disabled                |
| 0436                  | Major              | LNP ACG node overload                    |
| 0452                  | Major              | Exceeded Service Error Threshold Lvl 1   |
| 0453                  | Critical           | Exceeded Service Error Threshold Lvl 2   |
| 0454                  | Normal             | Service Error Threshold Alarm Cleared    |
| 0455                  | Critical           | EIR Subsystem is not available           |
| 0456                  | Critical           | EIR Subsystem is disabled                |
| 0457                  | Minor              | EIR Subsystem normal,card(s) abnormal    |
| 0458                  | None               | EIR Subsystem is available               |
| 0459                  | None               | EIR Subsystem removed                    |
| 0500                  | None               | Alarm being cleared for this device      |
| 1030                  | None               | Inh EIR SS request already outstanding   |
| 1031                  | None               | Failure Inhibiting EIR SS                |
| 1102                  | None               | Invalid Length for Map IMEI Parameter    |
| 1103                  | None               | LSS:No Map IMEI Parameter present        |
| 1118                  | None               | Audit of LNP backup database completed   |
| 1119                  | None               | LNP database audit - internal error      |
| 1121                  | None               | LNP rcvd query from unknown CGPA PC      |
| 1122                  | None               | LNP rcvd query with undefined TT         |
| 1123                  | None               | LNP rcvd query with Message Relay TT     |
| 1124                  | None               | LNP Database IMPORT started              |
| 1164                  | None               | Inh LNP SS request already outstanding   |

## Unsolicited Output Message Groups

**Table D-4.** Application Subsystem Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                      |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------|
| 1165                  | None               | Failure Inhibiting LNP SS                |
| 1166                  | None               | ACG Node Overload Level Change           |
| 1169                  | None               | SCCP rcvd inv TCAP portion               |
| 1174                  | None               | Inh Local SS request already outstanding |
| 1175                  | None               | Failure Inhibiting Local SS              |
| 1241                  | None               | REPT EVT:LNP Incremental Loading         |
| 1242                  | None               | Conv to intl num - Dflt CC not found     |
| 1243                  | None               | Conv to intl num - Dflt NC not found     |
| 1244                  | None               | Conv to intl num - Dflt MCC not found    |
| 1245                  | None               | Conv to intl num - Dflt MNC not found    |
| 1246                  | None               | Invalid length of conditioned digits     |
| 1247                  | None               | Conversion of MGT to IMSI not possible   |
| 1255                  | None               | IS-41 LNP Qry rejected: WNP is OFF       |
| 1256                  | None               | MNP Circular Route detected              |
| 1260                  | None               | LSS: Unsupported TCAP msg type           |
| 1261                  | None               | LSS: Invalid len in transaction portion  |
| 1262                  | None               | LSS: Invalid len in dialogue portion     |
| 1263                  | None               | LSS: Invalid len in component portion    |
| 1264                  | None               | LSS: No originating transaction ID       |
| 1265                  | None               | LSS: Invalid transaction ID len          |
| 1266                  | None               | LSS: Destination transaction ID in Begin |
| 1267                  | None               | LSS: No External element                 |
| 1268                  | None               | LSS: No External Object Identifier       |
| 1269                  | None               | LSS: Not Structured Dialogue             |
| 1270                  | None               | LSS: No External ASN1-Type               |
| 1271                  | None               | LSS: No Dialogue Request                 |
| 1272                  | None               | LSS: No Application Context Name         |
| 1273                  | None               | LSS: No ACN Object Identifier            |
| 1274                  | None               | LSS: No component portion                |
| 1275                  | None               | LSS: First component not an Invoke       |

**Table D-4.** Application Subsystem Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                      |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------|
| 1276                  | None               | LSS: No Invoke ID                        |
| 1277                  | None               | LSS: No operation code                   |
| 1278                  | None               | LSS: No parameter (set/sequence)         |
| 1279                  | None               | LSS: Unsupported network type            |
| 1280                  | None               | LSS: Unsupported SCCP msg type           |
| 1281                  | None               | LSS: No SCCP CDPA SSN                    |
| 1282                  | None               | LSS: Unsupported SCCP CDPA GTI           |
| 1283                  | None               | LSS: Unsupported SCCP CGPA RI            |
| 1284                  | None               | LSS: Unknown SSP PC                      |
| 1285                  | None               | LSS: No SCCP CGPA SSN                    |
| 1286                  | None               | LSS: Invalid INAP CalledPartyNumber len  |
| 1287                  | None               | LSS: Unsupported ACN Object ID len       |
| 1288                  | None               | LSS: Unsupported operaton code           |
| 1289                  | None               | LSS: No parameter sequence               |
| 1290                  | None               | LSS: No INAP ServiceKey parameter        |
| 1291                  | None               | LSS: No INAP CalledPartyNumber parameter |
| 1292                  | None               | LSS: Parameters out of sequence          |
| 1293                  | None               | LSS: Linked ID in query                  |
| 1294                  | None               | Invalid digits in MAP MSISDN parameter   |
| 1295                  | None               | Translation PC is EAGLE's                |
| 1296                  | None               | Translation PC type is ANSI              |
| 1297                  | None               | Invalid length of prefix/suffix digits   |
| 1306                  | None               | GSMOPTS: EIR Global Response in ON       |
| 1307                  | None               | GSMOPTS: EIR Global Response in OFF      |

**Table D-5.** GTT Unsolicited Output Message Group

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                    |
|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------|
| 0328                  | None               | SCCP is available                      |
| 0329                  | None               | SCCP capacity normal, card(s) abnormal |
| 0330                  | Major              | System SCCP TPS Threshold exceeded     |

## Unsolicited Output Message Groups

**Table D-5.** GTT Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|----------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0331           | Critical    | SCCP is not available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 0335           | None        | SCCP is removed                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 0336           | Major       | LIM(s) have been denied SCCP service                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 0437           | Critical    | System SCCP TPS Capacity Exceeded                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 0500           | None        | Alarm being cleared for this device                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 1019           | None        | SCCP rcvd invalid UDTS/XUDTS msg                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 1020           | None        | SCCP rcvd invalid XUDT msg                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 1021           | None        | SCCP rcvd invalid XUDTS msg                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 1023           | None        | SCCP rcvd unknown msg type                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 1024           | None        | SCCP rcvd inv msg length                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 1025           | None        | SCCP rcvd inv msg class                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 1029           | None        | SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad GT ind                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1033           | None        | SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad network                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 1034           | None        | SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - no SSN                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 1035           | None        | SCCP rsp did not route - invalid GTI                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1036           | None        | SCCP rsp did not route - invalid TT                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 1037           | None        | SCCP rsp did not route - bad Xlation                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 1038           | None        | SCCP rsp did not route - SSP not True PC                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 1039           | None        | SCCP rsp did not route - bad Selectors                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 1040           | None        | ITU <-> ANSI translation not supported                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 1041           | None        | SCCP did not route - no SSN in msg or DB                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 1042           | None        | SCCP rcvd inv GT - invalid Trans. Type                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 1043           | None        | SCCP did not route - bad translation<br><b>NOTE: If the UIMRD field in rtrv-stpopts is set to yes, this message is output in the UIM Redirect output group (see Table D-12). Otherwise, this message is output in the System Maintenance output group.</b> |
| 1044           | None        | SCCP did not route - DPC OOS                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 1045           | None        | SCCP did not route - DPC congested                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 1046           | None        | SCCP did not route - DPC not in MAP tbl                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 1047           | None        | SCCP did not route - SS OOS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

**Table D-5.** GTT Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                      |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------|
| 1048                  | None               | SCCP did not route - SS congested        |
| 1049                  | None               | SCCP did not route - SS not in MAP tbl   |
| 1050                  | None               | SCCP-CNV: Unable to convert ANSI CDPA GT |
| 1051                  | None               | SCCP-CNV: Unable to convert ANSI CGPA GT |
| 1052                  | None               | SCCP-CNV: Unable to convert ITU CDPA GT  |
| 1053                  | None               | SCCP-CNV: Unable to convert ITU CGPA GT  |
| 1054                  | None               | SCCP rcvd inv LSS - bad SSN              |
| 1055                  | None               | SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - bad AFTPC           |
| 1056                  | None               | SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - bad subsystem       |
| 1057                  | None               | SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - bad length          |
| 1058                  | None               | SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - bad msg type        |
| 1063                  | None               | SCCP screen set is too large             |
| 1107                  | None               | SCCP XUDT (S) msg: Hop Counter violation |
| 1108                  | None               | SCCP XUDT (S) msg: inv opt portion len   |
| 1109                  | None               | XUDT(S) msg: inv segmentation parm       |
| 1178                  | None               | Cnvrns Discard: Invalid SCCP msg type    |
| 1179                  | None               | Cnvrns Discard: CGPA PC alias undefined  |
| 1180                  | None               | Cnvrns Discard: Aft. PC alias undefined  |
| 1181                  | None               | Cnvrns Discard: Invalid SCMG msg type    |
| 1182                  | None               | Cnvrns Discard: Invalid TCAP element     |
| 1183                  | None               | Cnvrns Discard: Invalid TCAP element len |
| 1189                  | None               | SCCP did not route: DPC not in RTE table |
| 1219                  | None               | SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad GT ind     |
| 1220                  | None               | SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad network    |
| 1221                  | None               | SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - no SSN         |
| 1222                  | None               | SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad Selectors  |
| 1223                  | None               | SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad Xlation    |
| 1224                  | None               | SCCP rcvd inv Cld Party - bad SSN        |
| 1225                  | None               | SCCP did not route - DPC OOS             |
| 1226                  | None               | SCCP did not route - DPC congested       |



## Unsolicited Output Message Groups

**Table D-5.** GTT Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                      |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------|
| 1227                  | None               | SCCP did not route - DPC not in MAP tbl  |
| 1228                  | None               | SCCP did not route - SS OOS              |
| 1229                  | None               | SCCP did not route - SS congested        |
| 1230                  | None               | SCCP did not route - SS not in MAP tbl   |
| 1231                  | None               | SCCP Encode Failure                      |
| 1232                  | None               | SCCP Encode Failure 2                    |
| 1248                  | None               | GSM Map Screening rcvd unknown orig      |
| 1249                  | None               | SCCP rcvd GSM Map Opcode w/ forbid param |
| 1250                  | None               | SCCP rcvd undefined Map Op-Code          |

**Table D-6.** GWS Unsolicited Output Message Group

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                     |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 0290                  | None               | GLS is available                        |
| 0291                  | Major              | GLS is at minimum service limit         |
| 0292                  | Critical           | GLS is not available                    |
| 0293                  | None               | GLS have been removed from the system   |
| 0500                  | None               | Alarm being cleared for this device     |
| 1005                  | None               | GWS rcvd OPC that is not allowed        |
| 1006                  | None               | GWS rcvd DPC that is not allowed        |
| 1007                  | None               | GWS rcvd OPC that is blocked            |
| 1008                  | None               | GWS rcvd DPC that is blocked            |
| 1009                  | None               | GWS rcvd SIO that is not allowed        |
| 1010                  | None               | GWS rcvd a priority that is not allowed |
| 1011                  | None               | GWS rcvd TFC, AFTPC not in routing tbl  |
| 1012                  | None               | GWS rcvd Clg Party that is not allowed  |
| 1013                  | None               | GWS rcvd Cld Party that is not allowed  |
| 1014                  | None               | GWS rcvd Translation Type not allowed   |
| 1015                  | None               | GWS rcvd SCMG with not allowed AFTPC    |
| 1060                  | None               | Map Screening cannot generate ATIERR    |

**Table D-6.** GWS Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                                                     |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1062                  | None               | Text string with screen set name & line #( <screen set name> too large) |
| 1064                  | None               | GWS rcvd TFP, AFTPC not in routing tbl                                  |
| 1065                  | None               | GWS rcvd TFR, AFTPC not in routing tbl                                  |
| 1066                  | None               | GWS rcvd TFA, AFTPC not in routing tbl                                  |
| 1067                  | None               | GWS rcvd UPU, AFTPC not in routing tbl                                  |
| 1068                  | None               | GWS rcvd RSP, AFTPC not in routing tbl                                  |
| 1069                  | None               | GWS rcvd RSR, AFTPC not in routing tbl                                  |
| 1110                  | None               | GWS rcvd AFTPC that is not allowed                                      |
| 1111                  | None               | GWS rcvd TCA, AFTPC not in routing tbl                                  |
| 1112                  | None               | GWS rcvd TCR, AFTPC not in routing tbl                                  |
| 1113                  | None               | GWS rcvd TCP, AFTPC not in routing tbl                                  |
| 1125                  | None               | GWS rcvd CDPA that could not be RDCTd                                   |
| 1126                  | None               | GWS rcvd CGPA that could not be RDCTd                                   |
| 1127                  | None               | GWS rcvd AFTPC that could not be RDCTd                                  |
| 1128                  | None               | GWS rcvd TT that could not be RDCTd                                     |
| 1161                  | None               | GWS rcvd nonSNM msg in DESTFLD screening                                |
| 1162                  | None               | GWS rcvd nonSCCP msg in CGPA/CDPA screen                                |
| 1163                  | None               | GWS rcvd invalid GTI in TT screening                                    |
| 1215                  | None               | GWS rcvd CDPA that could not be CNCFd                                   |
| 1216                  | None               | GWS rcvd CGPA that could not be CNCFd                                   |
| 1217                  | None               | GWS rcvd AFTPC that could not be CNCFd                                  |
| 1218                  | None               | GWS rcvd TT that could not be CNCFd                                     |
| 1258                  | None               | Map Screening cannot Forward MSU                                        |
| 1259                  | None               | Map Screening cannot Duplicate MSU                                      |
| 1301                  | None               | SECMTPMATE - rcvd mate PC on non C-link                                 |
| 1302                  | None               | SECMTPSID - rcvd MSU with OPC = SID                                     |
| 1303                  | None               | SECMTPSNM - no rte to OPC/AFTPC                                         |
| 1304                  | None               | SECSCCPSCMG - no rte to AFTPC                                           |

## Unsolicited Output Message Groups

**Table D-7.** Clock Unsolicited Output Message Group

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                      |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------|
| 0113                  | None               | Clock alarm(s) cleared                   |
| 0128                  | Critical           | All clocks have failed                   |
| 0160                  | Minor              | 1116-S clock failed                      |
| 0161                  | Minor              | 1116-P clock failed                      |
| 0162                  | Major              | 1116-P, 1116-S clocks failed             |
| 0163                  | Minor              | 1114-S clock failed                      |
| 0164                  | Major              | 1114-S, 1116-S clocks failed             |
| 0165                  | Minor              | 1114-S, 1116-P clocks failed             |
| 0166                  | Major              | 1114-S, 1116-P, 1116-S clocks failed     |
| 0167                  | Minor              | 1114-P clock failed                      |
| 0168                  | Minor              | 1114-P, 1116-S clocks failed             |
| 0169                  | Major              | 1114-P, 1116-P clocks failed             |
| 0170                  | Major              | 1114-P, 1116-P, 1116-S clocks failed     |
| 0171                  | Major              | 1114-P, 1114-S clocks failed             |
| 0172                  | Major              | 1114-P, 1114-S, 1116-S clocks failed     |
| 0173                  | Major              | 1114-P, 1114-S, 1116-P clocks failed     |
| 0183                  | Minor              | 1116-SHS clock failed                    |
| 0184                  | Minor              | 1116-PHS clock failed                    |
| 0185                  | Major              | 1116-PHS, 1116-SHS clocks failed         |
| 0186                  | Minor              | 1114-SHS clock failed                    |
| 0187                  | Major              | 1114-SHS, 1116-SHS clocks failed         |
| 0188                  | Minor              | 1114-SHS, 1116-PHS clocks failed         |
| 0189                  | Major              | 1114-SHS, 1116-PHS, 1116-SHS clks failed |
| 0190                  | Minor              | 1114-PHS clock failed                    |
| 0191                  | Minor              | 1114-PHS, 1116-SHS clocks failed         |
| 0192                  | Major              | 1114-PHS, 1116-PHS clocks failed         |
| 0193                  | Major              | 1114-PHS, 1116-PHS, 1116-SHS clks failed |
| 0194                  | Major              | 1114-PHS, 1114-SHS clocks failed         |
| 0195                  | Major              | 1114-PHS, 1114-SHS, 1116-SHS clks failed |

**Table D-7.** Clock Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                             |
|----------------|-------------|------------------------------------------|
| 0196           | Major       | 1114-PHS, 1114-SHS, 1116-PHS clks failed |
| 0197           | Critical    | All High Speed Clocks have failed        |
| 0198           | None        | High Speed Clock Alarm(s) Cleared        |
| 0403           | Major       | 1114 E1/T1 clock requires TDM-GTI        |
| 0404           | Major       | 1116 E1/T1 clock requires TDM-GTI        |
| 0405           | Major       | 1114, 1116 E1/T1 clock requires TDM-GTI  |
| 0406           | Major       | 1114 Clock selection mismatch            |
| 0407           | Major       | 1116 Clock selection mismatch            |
| 0408           | Major       | 1114, 1116 Clock selection mismatch      |
| 0409           | None        | Clock configuration corrected            |
| 0500           | None        | Alarm being cleared for this device      |
| 1185           | None        | GTI input clock anomalies detected       |

**Table D-8.** Measurements Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Group

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                             |
|----------------|-------------|------------------------------------------|
| 0179           | Minor       | NDC Q.3 association is Unavailable       |
| 0180           | None        | NDC Q.3 association is Available         |
| 0181           | Critical    | NDC system is Unavailable                |
| 0182           | None        | NDC system is Available                  |
| 0500           | None        | Alarm being cleared for this device      |
| 0516           | Minor       | Degraded Mode - 1 card failed            |
| 0517           | Major       | Degraded Mode - multiple cards failed    |
| 0518           | Critical    | Measurements subsystem unavailable       |
| 0519           | None        | Measurements subsystem available         |
| 1022           | None        | System Meas limit exceeded for LSONISMT  |
| 1026           | None        | System Meas. limit exceeded for LSORIGNI |
| 1027           | None        | System Meas. limit exceeded for LSDESTNI |
| 1028           | None        | System Meas. limit exceeded for ORIGNET  |
| 1061           | None        | Meas sync not allowed from old version   |

## Unsolicited Output Message Groups

**Table D-8.** Measurements Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                           |
|----------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| 1080           | None        | disk measurement status unreadable     |
| 1199           | None        | LNP DTH Measurements Discarded for DPC |
| 1234           | None        | LNP Day Meas. Discarded for NPANXX     |
| 1251           | None        | Measurements data copy failure         |
| 1252           | None        | Report generation failure              |
| 1253           | None        | Report transfer failure FTP Server     |
| 1254           | None        | Scheduled transfer failure             |
| 1310           | None        | System Meas. Limit exceeded for LRN    |
| 1311           | None        | System Meas. Limit exceeded for NPANXX |

**Table D-9.** LNP Database Unsolicited Output Message Group

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                           |
|----------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|
| 0427           | Minor       | LNP database is corrupted              |
| 0428           | Minor       | Backup LNP database is corrupted       |
| 0429           | Minor       | LNP database is inconsistent           |
| 0430           | Minor       | Backup LNP database is inconsistent    |
| 0431           | None        | LNP database has been corrected        |
| 0432           | None        | Backup LNP database has been corrected |
| 0500           | None        | Alarm being cleared for this device    |
| 1074           | None        | SCCP rcvd inv SCMG - invalid SOR       |
| 1167           | None        | LNP database audit is disabled         |
| 1168           | None        | Audit of LNP database completed        |
| 1495           | None        | Awaiting LSMS Bulk Download            |
| 1496           | None        | LSMS Bulk Download in progress         |
| 1497           | None        | LSMS Bulk Download complete            |
| 1498           | None        | LSMS Bulk Download cancelled at LSMS   |

**Table D-10.** Security Administration Unsolicited Output Message Group

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                              |
|----------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------|
| 0174           | Minor       | %full threshold reached - upload required |

**Table D-10.** Security Administration Unsolicited Output Message Group

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                          |
|----------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| 0175           | Minor       | LOGBUFROVFL-SECULOG -upload required  |
| 0176           | Minor       | Stdby security log -- upload required |
| 0177           | None        | Security log exception cleared        |
| 0178           | None        | Security log failed                   |
| 0199           | None        | OA&M IP Security feature disabled     |
| 0500           | None        | Alarm being cleared for this device   |
| 1493           | None        | SSH Host Keys Regenerated             |
| 1494           | None        | SSH Host Keys Loaded                  |

**Table D-11.** Program Update Unsolicited Output Message Group

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text            |
|----------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| 1083           | None        | REPT COND: system alive |

**Table D-12.** UIM Redirect Unsolicited Output Message Group

| UAM/UIM Number                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Alarm Level | Message Text                         |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1043                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | None        | SCCP did not route - bad translation |
| <p><b>NOTE:</b> The UIM Redirect output message group is used only if the UIMRD field in <code>rtrv-stpopts</code> is set to <code>yes</code>. Otherwise, this message is output in the System Maintenance output group (see Table D-1).</p> |             |                                      |

**Table D-13.** Database Unsolicited Output Message Group

| UAM/UIM Number | Alarm Level | Message Text                            |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 1114           | None        | Database BACKUP started                 |
| 1115           | None        | Database RESTORE started                |
| 1116           | None        | Database action ended - OK              |
| 1117           | None        | Database action ended - FAIL            |
| 1257           | None        | DB restore has cleared and Disabled PDS |

## Unsolicited Output Message Groups

**Table D-14.** MPS Unsolicited Output Message Group

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                 |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 0041                  | Critical           | LNP DB Maintenance required.        |
| 0042                  | None               | LSMS bulk load complete.            |
| 0250                  | None               | MPS available                       |
| 0261                  | Critical           | MPS unavailable                     |
| 0355                  | None               | LSMS is available                   |
| 0356                  | Critical           | LSMS unavailable                    |
| 0357                  | None               | All OAP terminals are removed       |
| 0358                  | Major              | LSMS connection unavailable         |
| 0359                  | None               | LSMS connection available           |
| 0362                  | Major              | LSMS is at min service limit        |
| 0370                  | Critical           | Critical Platform Failure(s)        |
| 0371                  | Critical           | Critical Application Failure(s)     |
| 0372                  | Major              | Major Platform Failure(s)           |
| 0373                  | Major              | Major Application Failure(s)        |
| 0374                  | Minor              | Minor Platform Failure(s)           |
| 0375                  | Minor              | Minor Application Failure(s)        |
| 0500                  | None               | Alarm being cleared for this device |

**Table D-15.** Monitor Unsolicited Output Message Group

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                    |
|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------|
| 0051                  | Major              | TSC sync is in simplex mode            |
| 0052                  | None               | TSC sync feature is available          |
| 0088                  | Major              | Clocks A and B TSCs are out of sync    |
| 0089                  | None               | Clocks A and B TSCs are resynchronized |
| 0468                  | Critical           | All STC Networks Unavailable           |
| 0469                  | Critical           | All STC Cards Unavailable              |
| 0470                  | None               | EROUTE is Removed                      |
| 0471                  | None               | EROUTE System is Available             |
| 0472                  | Minor              | EROUTE System Threshold Exceeded       |

**Table D-15.** Monitor Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| <b>UAM/UM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                     |
|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 0473                 | Major              | EROUTE System Capacity Exceeded         |
| 0474                 | None               | EROUTE capacity normal card(s) abnormal |
| 0475                 | Minor              | NTP Time Unavailable                    |
| 0476                 | None               | NTP Time Available                      |
| 0477                 | Minor              | Congestion: Copy Function De-activated  |
| 0478                 | None               | Copy Function Activated                 |
| 0479                 | None               | Link not Monitored                      |
| 0480                 | Minor              | Timestamp Invalid                       |
| 0481                 | None               | Timestamp Valid                         |
| 0482                 | Major              | Card(s) have been denied EROUTE service |
| 0500                 | None               | Alarm being cleared for this device     |

**Table D-16.** SLAN Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Group

| <b>UAM/UM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                      |
|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------|
| 0150                 | None               | STPLAN is available                      |
| 0151                 | None               | STPLAN capacity normal, card(s) abnormal |
| 0152                 | Major              | LIM(s) have been denied STPLAN service   |
| 0153                 | Critical           | STPLAN not available                     |
| 0154                 | None               | STPLAN is removed                        |
| 0155                 | Minor              | STPLAN connection unavailable            |
| 0156                 | None               | STPLAN connection available              |
| 0500                 | None               | Alarm being cleared for this device      |
| 1132                 | None               | STPLAN DLK ping test completed           |

**Table D-17.** SEAS Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Group

| <b>UAM/UM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>        |
|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| 0341                 | Major              | OAP unavailable            |
| 0342                 | Major              | SEAS UAL unavailable       |
| 0343                 | Major              | SEAS X.25 Link unavailable |



## Unsolicited Output Message Groups

**Table D-17.** SEAS Maintenance Unsolicited Output Message Group (Continued)

| <b>UAM/UIM Number</b> | <b>Alarm Level</b> | <b>Message Text</b>                        |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| 0344                  | Minor              | SEAS PVC unavailable                       |
| 0345                  | Major              | All SEAS UAL sessions unavailable          |
| 0346                  | Minor              | SEAS UAL session unavailable               |
| 0347                  | None               | SEAS X.25 Link is available                |
| 0348                  | Major              | SEAS is at min service limit               |
| 0349                  | Critical           | SEAS unavailable                           |
| 0350                  | Critical           | OAP terminals inhibited                    |
| 0351                  | None               | SEAS is available                          |
| 0352                  | None               | SEAS is removed                            |
| 0353                  | None               | OAP is available                           |
| 0354                  | Major              | One OAP terminal unavailable               |
| 0360                  | Major              | EMS Agent unavailable                      |
| 0361                  | None               | EMS Agent available                        |
| 0363                  | Minor              | OAP filesystem full                        |
| 0364                  | Minor              | Config. data checksum mismatch             |
| 0365                  | None               | Config. data checksum alarm cleared        |
| 0500                  | None               | Alarm being cleared for this device        |
| 1099                  | None               | Text string that was received from the OAP |

## Unsolicited Output Message Groups

# E

## Auto-Inhibit HW Verification Codes

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### Introduction

This appendix provides a list of the auto-inhibit hardware verification codes used in the card device format. Table E-1 contains a list of the hardware verification codes that appear in certain UAMs, and shows the card or application that it applies to, a description of the code, and the UAM code with which it is associated.

**Table E-1.** Hardware Verification Codes

| Verification Code | Card or Application | Description                                                     | Associated UAM Code |
|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 002               | VSCCP               | VSCCP card equipped w/non-DSM MPS feat on (see Note 1)          | 0099                |
| 003               | VSCCP               | VSCCP card equipped w/non-DSM LNP & VGTT feat on (see Note 1)   | 0099                |
| 004               | VSCCP               | VSCCP card equipped w/non-DSM XGTT1MIL feat on (see Note 1)     | 0099                |
| 005               | VSCCP               | VSCCP card equipped w/non-DSM when EGMS enabled                 | 0099                |
| 025               | SCCP                | SCCP card equipped w/ASM when EGTT on                           | 0441                |
| 050               | VSCCP               | VSCCP card equipped w/no daughterboards                         | 0099                |
| 051               | VSCCP               | VSCCP card equipped w/ < 4GB when $\geq$ LNP48MIL on            | 0422                |
| 052               | VSCCP               | VSCCP card equipped w/ < 3GB when $\geq$ LNP36MIL on            | 0422                |
| 053               | VSCCP               | VSCCP card equipped w/ < 2GB when 300+ NPA & 150+LRN feature ON | 0422                |

Table E-1. Hardware Verification Codes (Continued)

| Verification Code | Card or Application                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Associated UAM Code |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 054               | SCCP<br>EBDA                        | SCCP or EBDA card w/ < 2GB when LNP24MIL on                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 0422                |
| 055               | SCCP<br>EBDA                        | SCCP or EBDA card DB memory insufficient for LNP 4 MIL (Requires a minimum of 512 MB)                                                                                                                                                            | 0422                |
| 056               | SCCP<br>EBDA                        | SCCP or EBDA card DB memory insufficient for LNP 6 MIL (Requires a minimum of 768 MB)                                                                                                                                                            | 0422                |
| 057               | SCCP<br>EBDA                        | SCCP or EBDA card DB memory insufficient for LNP 8-12 MIL (Requires a minimum of 1024 MB)                                                                                                                                                        | 0422                |
| 058               | SCCP                                | SCCP card equipped w/ < 256K or > MAX of extended memory                                                                                                                                                                                         | 0422                |
| 059               | VSCCP                               | MPS database has been detected to exceed capacity of DSM extended memory (only for GPORT, GFLEX, INP, and EIR features). UAMs 281, 283, and 285 used for LNP, ELAP config.                                                                       | 0422                |
| 100               | SS7IPGW<br>IPGWI                    | DCM w/ IP connection on B port only when debug enabled                                                                                                                                                                                           | 0276                |
| 101               | SS7IPGW<br>IPGWI<br>IPLIM<br>IPLIMI | DCM only support SLK/IP on ports A or B                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 0276                |
| 102               | SS7IPGW<br>IPGWI                    | Non-DCM detected in slot (see Note 1)                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0099                |
| 103               | SS7IPGW<br>IPGWI<br>IPLIM<br>IPLIMI | DCM does not support >2 assoc per card (IPLIMx)<br>- OR -<br>DCM doesn't support more than 4 assoc (IPGWx)<br>- OR -<br>EDCM doesn't support more than 50 assoc (IPGWx)                                                                          | 0276                |
| 104               | SS7IPGW<br>IPGWI<br>IPLIM<br>IPLIMI | DCM does not support >2 sockets per card (IPLIMx)<br>- OR -<br>EDCM w/no assoc cannot support >8 sockets (IPLIMx)<br>- OR -<br>EDCM w/at least 1 assoc cannot support >2 sockets (IPLIMx)<br>- OR -<br>Card doesn't support > 50 sockets (IPGWx) | 0276                |
| 110               | SS7IPGW<br>IPGWI                    | (SRKQ + DRKQ > 1000) not supported on DCM                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 0276                |
| 119               | LIME1                               | 2 port E1 card provisioned w/ ports > 2 (slk prov on port A1-B3)                                                                                                                                                                                 | 0297                |
| 120               | LIMDS0                              | 2 port LIM card provisioned w/ ports > 2 (slk prov on port A1-B3)                                                                                                                                                                                | 0297                |
| 121               | LIME1                               | 2 port LIM card not support MIM w/E1 port AMI encoding provisioned.                                                                                                                                                                              | 0297                |
| 122               | MIM                                 | Card is not a MIM - provisioned as T1 or T1 chan associated with T1                                                                                                                                                                              | 0099                |
| 123               | MPL                                 | MPL can't run w/ port A or B provisioned for speeds <sup>1</sup> 56K                                                                                                                                                                             | 0297                |
| 124               | MIM<br>HC MIM                       | Card is not a MIM or HC MIM and is provisioned as a T1 card                                                                                                                                                                                      | 0099                |

## Auto-Inhibit HW Verification Codes

**Table E-1.** Hardware Verification Codes (Continued)

| Verification Code                                                                                                                                      | Card or Application           | Description                                                                   | Associated UAM Code |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 125                                                                                                                                                    | MIM<br>MPL                    | MIM/MPL card with SLK provisioned on link greater than B3.                    | 0297                |
| 126                                                                                                                                                    | LIME1                         | 2 Port E1 card with an SLK provisioned on E1 port 2-7                         | 0297                |
| 127                                                                                                                                                    | MIM                           | MIM card with an SLK provisioned on E1/T1 port 2-7                            | 0297                |
| 128                                                                                                                                                    | HC MIM                        | Fan feature bit must be ON for HC MIM                                         | 0043                |
| 129                                                                                                                                                    | HC MIM                        | HC MIM does not support CAS framing                                           | 0297                |
| 130                                                                                                                                                    | LIME1<br>MIM                  | Card is not a LIME1 or MIM and is provisioned as and E1 channel card.         | 0099                |
| 131                                                                                                                                                    | HC MIM                        | Card has channel bridging mode active but is not running HC MIM gpl.          | 0297                |
| 132                                                                                                                                                    | MPL                           | Card is not a LIME1 or MIM and is provisioned as and E1 card.                 | 0099                |
| 133                                                                                                                                                    | LIME1<br>LIMDS0<br>MIM<br>MPL | Card cannot support unchannelized mode.                                       | 0099                |
| 140                                                                                                                                                    | MCP                           | MCP card not running with D2G memory $\neq$                                   | 0422                |
| 141                                                                                                                                                    | IPS                           | IPS card not running with D1G memory                                          | 0422                |
| 150                                                                                                                                                    | ASM                           | Card is obsolete                                                              | 0047                |
| 160                                                                                                                                                    | MCP                           | MCP card has Incorrect Motherboard. The application must run on an EDSM card. | 0441                |
| <p><b>Note:</b> 1. A card with Verification Code 002, 003, 004, 005, or 102 may possibly begin to boot continually before this alarm is displayed.</p> |                               |                                                                               |                     |

## **Auto-Inhibit HW Verification Codes**

## UAM Balancing Matrix

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### Introduction

The tables in this appendix list Critical, Major, Minor, and Normal alarms that appear for device conditions, and indicate the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved in the system. (Some device conditions are categorized as Normal, and have an associated clearing alarm when the device changes to another Normal condition.)

### Alarms

This section lists the following alarm types in alphabetical order:

- Card Alarms
- CDT (Customer Defined Trouble) Alarms
- Clock (Holdover) Alarms
- Clock System Alarms
- DCM Alarms
- DLK Alarms
- DPC Alarms
- DPC System Alarms
- DSM Alarms
- E1 Port Alarms

- EIR Alarms
- EMAP Alarms
- EMAP (NDC) Alarms
- EROUTE Alarms
- Fuse Alarms
- GLS Alarms
- GPL Alarms
- HS Clock System Alarms
- IMT Bus Alarms
- IMT System Alarms
- INP System Alarms
- IP Connection Alarms
- IP TPS System Alarms
- Linkset Alarms
- LNP System Alarms
- LSMS Connection Alarms
- LSMS System Alarms
- MCPM Alarms
- MEAS System Alarms
- MPS (ELAP/EPAP) Alarms
- MPS Alarm Support
- NDC System Alarms
- SCCP Alarms
- SEAS OAP Alarms
- SEAS System Alarms
- SEAS X25 Alarms
- Security Log Alarms
- Security System Alarms
- SLK Alarms
- STPLAN Alarms



## UAM Balancing Matrix

- System Alarms
- System GPL Alarms
- T1 Port Alarms
- Terminal Alarms
- X-LIST Alarms

## Card Alarms

Table F-1 shows the critical and major card alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-1.** Card Alarms

| Critical |                                     | Normal |                                          |
|----------|-------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                                | UAM    | Text                                     |
| 0077     | Card temperature is critical lvl:T2 | 0079   | Card temperature again at nominal levels |
| 0092     | MDAL not responding                 | 0093   | MDAL alarm cleared                       |
| 0442     | RTDB database capacity is 95% full  | 0447   | RTDB database capacity alarm cleared     |

| Major |                                         | Normal |                                          |
|-------|-----------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                                    | UAM    | Text                                     |
| 0001  | Card has reset                          | 0014   | Card is present                          |
|       |                                         | 0096   | Card has been reloaded                   |
| 0008  | Active MASP has become isolated         | 0009   | MASP became active                       |
|       |                                         | 0010   | MASP became standby                      |
| 0013  | Card is isolated from the system        | 0014   | Card is present                          |
|       |                                         | 0096   | Card has been reloaded                   |
| 0053  | Standby TDM failure                     | 0054   | Standby TDM failure cleared              |
| 0078  | Card temperature exceeds nominal lvl:T1 | 0079   | Card temperature again at nominal levels |
| 0088  | Clocks A and B TSCs are out of sync     | 0089   | Clocks A and B TSCs are resynchronized   |

(Continued)

| Major |                                          | Normal |                                        |
|-------|------------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                                     | UAM    | Text                                   |
| 0132  | Loading failed: table not found          | 0096   | Card has been reloaded                 |
| 0133  | Loading failed: data read error          |        |                                        |
| 0134  | Loading failed: bad checksum returned    |        |                                        |
| 0135  | Loading failed: GPL load timeout         |        |                                        |
| 0136  | Loading failed: data load timeout        |        |                                        |
| 0137  | Loading failed: invalid GPL              |        |                                        |
| 0138  | Loading failed: GPL format error         |        |                                        |
| 0139  | Loading failed: disk read prep error     |        |                                        |
| 0140  | Loading failed: disk read response error |        |                                        |
| 0141  | Loading failed: disk read failed         |        |                                        |
| 0300  | TVG Grant Failure                        | 0301   | TVG Grant Recovery                     |
| 0306  | SNM Overload Onset                       | 0307   | SNM Overload Abated                    |
| 0043  | Incorrect feature configuration          | 0423   | Card reload attempted                  |
| 0099  | Incompatible HW for provisioned slot     |        |                                        |
| 0276  | Insufficient HW for IP7 provisioning     |        |                                        |
| 0297  | Incorrect port configuration             |        |                                        |
| 0422  | Insufficient extended memory             |        |                                        |
| 0441  | Incorrect MDB – CPU                      |        |                                        |
| 0446  | RTDB database capacity is 80% full       |        |                                        |
| 0449  | RTDB resynchronization in progress       | 0450   | RTDB resynchronization complete        |
| 0443  | RTDB database is corrupted               | 0445   | RTDB database has been corrected       |
| 0451  | RTDB reload is required                  |        |                                        |
| 0493  | RTDB database is 100% full               |        |                                        |
| 0514  | Standby MASP is inhibited                | 0515   | Standby MASP is allowed                |
| 0901  | Card DB load timeout, check GLS card     | 0902   | Card DB is stable                      |
| 0903  | IP Link A is down                        | 0904   | IP Link A is up                        |
| 0905  | IP Link B is down                        | 0906   | IP Link B is up                        |
| 0908  | HW cannot support purchased TPS rate     | 0907   | HW limiting TPS rate alarm cleared     |
| 0051  | TSC Sync is in simplex mode              | 0052   | TSC sync feature is available          |
| 0466  | STC Network Unavailable                  | 0467   | STC Network Available                  |
| 0088  | Clocks A and B TSCs are out of sync      | 0089   | Clocks A and B TSCs are resynchronized |
| 0390  | Illegal Address Error                    | 0388   | Illegal Address Error Cleared          |

## UAM Balancing Matrix

(Continued)

| Major |                           | Normal |                          |
|-------|---------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                      | UAM    | Text                     |
| 0391  | Card not responding Error | 0389   | Card responding normally |

| Minor |                                           | Normal |                                           |
|-------|-------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                                      | UAM    | Text                                      |
| 0022  | Clock B for card failed, Clock A normal   | 0025   | Clock B for card normal                   |
| 0023  | Clocks A and B for card failed            | 0026   | Clocks A and B for card normal            |
| 0034  | Card database is inconsistent             | 0033   | Card database has been corrected          |
| 0035  | Card database is corrupted                |        |                                           |
| 0037  | Card backup database is inconsistent      | 0036   | Card backup database has been corrected   |
| 0038  | Card backup database is corrupted         |        |                                           |
| 0044  | Real time clock battery low               | 0045   | Real time clock battery restored          |
| 0055  | Persistent device state tbl corrupt       | 0057   | Persistent device state tbl corrected     |
| 0056  | Persistent device state tbl diff ver      |        |                                           |
| 0102  | Motherboard BIP invalid                   | 0103   | Motherboard BIP valid                     |
| 0145  | HS Clock A for card failed, B normal      | 0148   | High Speed Clock A for card normal        |
| 0146  | HS Clock B for card failed, A normal      | 0149   | High Speed Clock B for card normal        |
| 0147  | High Speed Clocks A and B for card failed | 0159   | High Speed Clocks A and B for card normal |
| 0298  | Card not using config. SCTP csum method   | 0299   | Config. SCTP csum method alarm cleared    |
| 0304  | REPT-NMTSK-DSCD: SNM Discard Onset        | 0305   | RECVY-NMTSK-DSCD: SNM Discard Abated      |
| 0427  | LNP database is corrupted                 | 0431   | LNP database has been corrected           |
| 0429  | LNP database is inconsistent              |        |                                           |
| 0428  | Backup LNP database is corrupted          | 0432   | Backup LNP database has been corrected    |
| 0430  | Backup LNP database is inconsistent       |        |                                           |
| 0444  | RTDB database is inconsistent             | 0445   | RTDB database has been corrected          |
| 0448  | RTDB database incoherent                  |        |                                           |
| 0480  | Timestamp Invalid                         | 0481   | Timestamp Valid                           |
| 0498  | Sanity monitoring is disabled             | 0499   | Sanity monitoring is enabled              |
|       |                                           | 0130   | Card successfully loaded with data        |
|       |                                           | 0400   | Alarm cleared by deleting card            |
|       |                                           | 0294   | REPT-ALMINH: alarm output PERM inhibited  |
|       |                                           | 0295   | REPT-ALMINH: alarm output enabled         |

(Continued)

| Minor |  | Normal |                                          |
|-------|--|--------|------------------------------------------|
|       |  | 0296   | REPT-ALMINH: alarm output TEMP inhibited |

**CDT (Customer Defined Trouble) Alarms**

Table F-2 shows the critical, major, minor, and normal card alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-2.** CDT (Customer Defined Trouble) Alarms

| Critical |                                    | Normal |                          |
|----------|------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                               | UAM    | Text                     |
| 0058     | Critical customer trouble detected | 0062   | Customer trouble cleared |
| Major    |                                    | Normal |                          |
| 0059     | Major customer trouble detected    | 0062   | Customer trouble cleared |
| Minor    |                                    | Normal |                          |
| 0060     | Minor customer trouble detected    | 0062   | Customer trouble cleared |
| Normal   |                                    | Normal |                          |
| 0061     | Customer trouble detected          | 0062   | Customer trouble cleared |

**Clock (Holdover Clock) Alarms**

Table F-3 shows the critical, major, and minor Holdover Clock alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-3.** Clock (Holdover) Alarms

| Critical |                                       | Normal |                                |
|----------|---------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                                  | UAM    | Text                           |
| 0063     | Critical holdover clock trbl detected | 0066   | Holdover clock trouble cleared |
| Major    |                                       | Normal |                                |
| 0064     | Major holdover clock trouble detected | 0066   | Holdover clock trouble cleared |
| Minor    |                                       | Normal |                                |
| UAM      | Text                                  | UAM    | Text                           |
| 0065     | Minor holdover clock trouble detected | 0066   | Holdover clock trouble cleared |

**Clock System Alarms**

Table F-4 shows the critical, major, and minor clock alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

## UAM Balancing Matrix

**Table F-4.** Clock System Alarms

| Critical |                        | Normal |                        |
|----------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                   | UAM    | Text                   |
| 0128     | All clocks have failed | 0113   | Clock alarm(s) cleared |

| Major |                                      | Normal |                      |
|-------|--------------------------------------|--------|----------------------|
| UAM   | Text                                 | UAM    | Text                 |
| 0162  | 1116-P, 1116-S clocks failed         | 0113   | Clock alarms cleared |
| 0164  | 1114-S, 1116-S clocks failed         |        |                      |
| 0166  | 1114-S, 1116-P, 1116-S clocks failed |        |                      |
| 0169  | 1114-P, 1116-P clocks failed         |        |                      |
| 0170  | 1114-P, 1116-P, 1116-S clocks failed |        |                      |
| 0171  | 1114-P, 1114-S clocks failed         |        |                      |
| 0172  | 1114-P, 1114-S, 1116-S clocks failed |        |                      |
| 0173  | 1114-P, 1114-S, 1116-P clocks failed |        |                      |

| Minor |                              | Normal |                      |
|-------|------------------------------|--------|----------------------|
| UAM   | Text                         | UAM    | Text                 |
| 0160  | 1116-S clock failed          | 0113   | Clock alarms cleared |
| 0161  | 1116-P clock failed          |        |                      |
| 0163  | 1114-S clock failed          |        |                      |
| 0165  | 1114-S, 1116-P clocks failed |        |                      |
| 0167  | 1114-P clock failed          |        |                      |
| 0168  | 1114-P, 1116-S clocks failed |        |                      |

## DCM Alarms

Table F-5 shows the major DCM alarm and the clearing alarm that appears when the condition is resolved.

**Table F-5.** DCM Alarms

| Major |                           | Normal |                         |
|-------|---------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                      | UAM    | Text                    |
| 0084  | IP Connection Unavailable | 0085   | IP Connection Available |

**DLK Alarms**

Table F-6 shows the minor DLK alarm and the clearing alarm that appears when the condition is resolved.

**Table F-6.** DLK Alarms

| Minor |                               | Normal |                             |
|-------|-------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                          | UAM    | Text                        |
| 0155  | STPLAN connection unavailable | 0156   | STPLAN connection available |

**DPC Alarms**

Table F-7 shows the critical, minor, and normal DPC alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-7.** DPC Alarms

| Critical |                   | Other Alarm Conditions Which Clear Given Alarm |                                    | Normal |                                 |
|----------|-------------------|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|
| UAM      | Text              | UAM                                            | Text                               | UAM    | Text                            |
| 0313     | DPC is prohibited | 0312                                           | DPC is restricted                  | 0311   | DPC is allowed                  |
|          |                   | 0319                                           | REPT-MTPLP-DET: Circ rte det(cong) | 0402   | Alarm cleared by deleting route |
|          |                   | 0334                                           | DPC subsystem is Abnormal          |        |                                 |

| Minor |                   | Other Alarm Conditions Which Clear Given Alarm |                                    | Normal |                                 |
|-------|-------------------|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|
| UAM   | Text              | UAM                                            | Text                               | UAM    | Text                            |
| 0312  | DPC is restricted | 0313                                           | DPC is prohibited                  | 0311   | DPC is allowed                  |
|       |                   | 0319                                           | REPT-MTPLP-DET: Circ rte det(cong) | 0402   | Alarm cleared by deleting route |
|       |                   | 0334                                           | DPC subsystem is Abnormal          |        |                                 |

| Normal |                     | Other Alarm Conditions Which Clear Given Alarm |                                    | Normal |                                 |
|--------|---------------------|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|
| UAM    | Text                | UAM                                            | Text                               | UAM    | Text                            |
| 0315   | Route is restricted | 0316                                           | Route is prohibited                | 0314   | Route is allowed                |
|        |                     | 0319                                           | REPT-MTPLP-DET: Circ rte det(cong) | 0402   | Alarm cleared by deleting route |
| 0316   | Route is prohibited | 0315                                           | Route is restricted                | 0314   | Route is allowed                |
|        |                     | 0319                                           | REPT-MTPLP-DET: Circ rte det(cong) | 0402   | Alarm cleared by deleting route |

**UAM Balancing Matrix**

**DPC System Alarms**

Table F-8 shows the critical and normal DPC System alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-8.** DPC System Alarms

| Critical |                                         | Other Alarm Conditions Which Clear Given Alarm |                                         | Normal |                                    |      |                                |
|----------|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                                    | UAM                                            | Text                                    | UAM    | Text                               |      |                                |
| 0325     | DPC subsystem is blocked                | 0312                                           | DPC is restricted                       | 0324   | DPC subsystem is allowed           |      |                                |
|          |                                         | 0319                                           | REPT-MTPLP-DET: Circ rte det(cong)      |        |                                    | 0327 | DPC subsystem has been deleted |
|          |                                         | 0326                                           | DPC subsystem is prohibited             |        |                                    | 0333 | DPC subsystem is Normal        |
|          |                                         | 0332                                           | DPC subsystem is prohibited and blocked |        |                                    |      |                                |
|          |                                         | 0334                                           | DPC subsystem is Abnormal               |        |                                    |      |                                |
| 0326     | DPC subsystem is prohibited             | 0312                                           | DPC is restricted                       | 0324   | DPC subsystem is allowed           |      |                                |
|          |                                         | 0319                                           | REPT-MTPLP-DET: Circ rte det(cong)      |        |                                    | 0327 | DPC subsystem has been deleted |
|          |                                         | 0325                                           | DPC subsystem is blocked                |        |                                    | 0333 | DPC subsystem is Normal        |
|          |                                         | 0332                                           | DPC subsystem is prohibited and blocked |        |                                    |      |                                |
|          |                                         | 0334                                           | DPC subsystem is Abnormal               |        |                                    |      |                                |
| 0332     | DPC subsystem is prohibited and blocked | 0312                                           | DPC is restricted                       | 0324   | DPC subsystem is allowed           |      |                                |
|          |                                         | 0319                                           | REPT-MTPLP-DET: Circ rte det(cong)      |        |                                    | 0327 | DPC subsystem has been deleted |
|          |                                         | 0325                                           | DPC subsystem is blocked                |        |                                    | 0333 | DPC subsystem is Normal        |
|          |                                         | 0326                                           | DPC subsystem is prohibited             |        |                                    |      |                                |
|          |                                         | 0334                                           | DPC subsystem is Abnormal               |        |                                    |      |                                |
| 0334     | DPC subsystem is Abnormal               | 0319                                           | REPT-MTPLP-DET: Circ rte det(cong)      | 0324   | DPC subsystem is allowed           |      |                                |
|          |                                         |                                                |                                         | 0327   | DPC subsystem has been deleted     |      |                                |
|          |                                         |                                                |                                         | 0333   | DPC subsystem is Normal            |      |                                |
| 0319     | REPT-MTPLP-DET: Circ rte det(cong)      |                                                |                                         | 0340   | REPT-MTPLP-DET: Circ rte det(cong) |      |                                |
| 0320     | REPT-MTPLP-DET: Circ rte det(cong)      |                                                |                                         | 0340   | REPT-MTPLP-DET: Circ rte det(cong) |      |                                |

**Table F-8.** DPC System Alarms (Continued)

| Critical |      | Other Alarm Conditions Which Clear Given Alarm |      | Normal |                                    |
|----------|------|------------------------------------------------|------|--------|------------------------------------|
| UAM      | Text | UAM                                            | Text | UAM    | Text                               |
|          |      |                                                |      | 0337   | DPC-SS status changed <sup>a</sup> |

a. When DPC subsystem transitions between prohibited and block to either blocked or prohibited only, this UAM is raised.

**DSM Alarms**

Table F-9 shows the major DSM alarm and the clearing alarm that appears when the condition is resolved.

**Table F-9.** DSM Alarms

| Major |                           | Normal |                         |
|-------|---------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                      | UAM    | Text                    |
| 0084  | IP Connection Unavailable | 0085   | IP Connection Available |

**E1 Port Alarms**

Table F-10 shows the major E1 alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-10.** E1 Port Alarms

| Major |                                  | Normal |                            |
|-------|----------------------------------|--------|----------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                             | UAM    | Text                       |
| 0381  | REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 LOS failure      | 0386   | RCVRY-E1F:FAC-E1 available |
| 0382  | REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 LOF failure      |        |                            |
| 0383  | REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 AIS detected     |        |                            |
| 0384  | REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 Far End failure  |        |                            |
| 0385  | REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 10E-3 BER failed |        |                            |
| 0387  | REPT-E1F:FAC-E1 unavailable      |        |                            |

**EIR Alarms**

Table F-11 shows the critical and minor EIR alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.



## UAM Balancing Matrix

**Table F-11.** EIR Alarms

| Critical |                                       | Normal |                            |
|----------|---------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                                  | UAM    | Text                       |
| 0455     | EIR System is not available           | 0458   | EIR Subsystem is available |
|          |                                       | 0459   | EIR Subsystem is removed   |
| 0456     | EIR Subsystem is disabled             | 0458   | EIR Subsystem is available |
|          |                                       | 0459   | EIR Subsystem is removed   |
| Minor    |                                       | Normal |                            |
| 0457     | EIR Subsystem normal,card(s) abnormal | 0458   | EIR Subsystem is available |
|          |                                       | 0459   | EIR Subsystem is removed   |

## EMAP Alarms

Table F-12 shows the major and minor EAMP alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-12.** EMAP Alarms

| Major |                           | Normal |                         |
|-------|---------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                      | UAM    | Text                    |
| 0084  | IP Connection Unavailable | 0085   | IP Connection Available |

## EMAP (NDC) Alarms

Table F-13 shows the major and minor EAMP (NDC) alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-13.** EMAP (NDC) Alarms

| Major |                                    | Normal |                                  |
|-------|------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                               | UAM    | Text                             |
| 0084  | IP Connection Unavailable          | 0085   | IP Connection Available          |
| Minor |                                    | Normal |                                  |
| 0179  | NDC Q.3 Association is unavailable | 0180   | NDC Q.3 Association is available |

**EROUTE Alarms**

Table F-14 shows the critical, major, and minor EROUTE alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-14.** EROUTE Alarms

| <b>Critical</b> |                                         | <b>Normal</b> |                                          |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------------|
| <b>UAM</b>      | <b>Text</b>                             | <b>UAM</b>    | <b>Text</b>                              |
| 0468            | All STC Networks Unavailable            | 0470          | EROUTE is Removed                        |
| 0469            | All STC Cards Unavailable               | 0471          | EROUTE System is Available               |
|                 |                                         | 0474          | EROUTE capacity normal, card(s) abnormal |
| <b>Major</b>    |                                         | <b>Normal</b> |                                          |
| 0473            | EROUTE System Capacity Exceeded         | 0470          | EROUTE is Removed                        |
| 0482            | Card(s) have been denied EROUTE service | 0471          | EROUTE System is Available               |
|                 |                                         | 0474          | EROUTE capacity normal, card(s) abnormal |
| <b>Minor</b>    |                                         | <b>Normal</b> |                                          |
| 0472            | EROUTE System Threshold Exceeded        | 0470          | EROUTE is Removed                        |
|                 |                                         | 0471          | EROUTE System is Available               |
|                 |                                         | 0474          | EROUTE capacity normal, card(s) abnormal |
| 0475            | NTP Time Unavailable                    | 0476          | NTP Time Available                       |

**Fuse Alarms**

Table F-15 shows the major fuse alarm and the clearing alarm that appears when the condition is resolved.

**Table F-15.** Fuse Alarms

| <b>Major</b> |                     | <b>Normal</b> |                              |
|--------------|---------------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| <b>UAM</b>   | <b>Text</b>         | <b>UAM</b>    | <b>Text</b>                  |
| 0082         | Alarm in fuse panel | 0083          | Fuse panel alarm has cleared |

## UAM Balancing Matrix

### GLS Alarms

Table F-16 shows the critical and major GLS alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-16.** GLS Alarms

| Critical |                                 | Normal |                                       |
|----------|---------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                            | UAM    | Text                                  |
| 0292     | GLS is not available            | 0290   | GLS is available                      |
|          |                                 | 0293   | GLS have been removed from the system |
| Major    |                                 | Normal |                                       |
| 0291     | GLS is at minimum service limit | 0290   | GLS is available                      |
|          |                                 | 0293   | GLS have been removed from the system |

### GPL Alarms

Table F-17 shows the minorGPL alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-17.** GPL Alarms

| Critical |                                   | Normal |                                         |
|----------|-----------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                              | UAM    | Text                                    |
| 0002     | Card is not running approved GPL  | 0003   | Alarm cleared for GPL                   |
| 0004     | Card is running non-activated GPL | 0005   | Alarm cleared running non-activated GPL |
| 0040     | GPL is corrupted                  | 0039   | GPL has been corrected                  |

**HS Clock System Alarms**

Table F-18 shows the critical, major, and minor HS Clock System alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-18.** HS Clock System Alarms

| Critical |                                   | Normal |                                   |
|----------|-----------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                              | UAM    | Text                              |
| 0197     | All high speed clocks have failed | 0198   | High Speed clock alarm(s) cleared |

| Major |                                          | Normal |                                   |
|-------|------------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                                     | UAM    | Text                              |
| 0185  | 1116-PHS, 1116-SHS clocks failed         | 0198   | High Speed clock alarm(s) cleared |
| 0187  | 1114-SHS, 1116-SHS clocks failed         |        |                                   |
| 0189  | 1114-SHS, 1116-PHS,1116-SHS clks failed  |        |                                   |
| 0192  | 1114-PHS, 1116-PHS clocks failed         |        |                                   |
| 0193  | 1114-PHS, 1116-PHS,1116-SHS clks failed  |        |                                   |
| 0194  | 1114-PHS, 1114-SHS clocks failed         |        |                                   |
| 0195  | 1114-PHS, 1114-SHS, 1116-SHS clks failed |        |                                   |
| 0196  | 1114-PHS, 1114-SHS, 1116-PHS clks failed |        |                                   |
| 403   | 1114 E1/T1 clock requires TDM-GTI        | 409    | Clock configuration corrected     |
| 404   | 1116 E1/T1 clock requires TDM-GTI        |        |                                   |
| 405   | 1114, 116 E1/T1 clock requires TDM-GTI   |        |                                   |
| 406   | 1114 Clock selection mismatch            |        |                                   |
| 407   | 1116 Clock selection mismatch            |        |                                   |
| 408   | 1114, 1116 Clock selection mismatch      |        |                                   |

| Minor |                                  | Normal |                                   |
|-------|----------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                             | UAM    | Text                              |
| 0183  | 1116-SHS clock failed            | 0198   | High speed clock alarm(s) cleared |
| 0184  | 1116-PHS clock failed            |        |                                   |
| 0186  | 1114-SHS clock failed            |        |                                   |
| 0188  | 1114-SHS, 1116-PHS clocks failed |        |                                   |
| 0190  | 1114-PHS clock failed            |        |                                   |
| 0191  | 1114-PHS, 1116-SHS clocks failed |        |                                   |

## UAM Balancing Matrix

### IMT Bus Alarms

Table F-19 shows the major, minor, and normal IMT Bus alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-19.** IMT Bus Alarms

| Major  |                            | Normal |                       |
|--------|----------------------------|--------|-----------------------|
| UAM    | Text                       | UAM    | Text                  |
| 0108   | Major IMT failure detected | 0106   | IMT bus alarm cleared |
| Minor  |                            | Normal |                       |
| 0107   | Minor IMT failure detected | 0106   | IMT bus alarm cleared |
| Normal |                            | Normal |                       |
| 0098   | IMT inhibited              | 0097   | IMT allowed           |

### IMT System Alarms

Table F-20 shows the critical, major, and minor IMT System alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-20.** IMT System Alarms

| Critical |                                      | Normal |                                     |
|----------|--------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                                 | UAM    | Text                                |
| 0112     | Major failures detected on both IMTs | 0109   | All IMT system level alarms cleared |
| Major    |                                      | Normal |                                     |
| 0111     | Failure on both IMT A and IMT B      | 0109   | All IMT system level alarms cleared |
| Minor    |                                      | Normal |                                     |
| 0110     | Failure detected on one IMT bus      | 0109   | All IMT system level alarms cleared |

### INP System Alarms

Table F-21 shows the critical and minor NP System alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-21.** INP System Alarms

| Critical |                                         | Normal |                              |
|----------|-----------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                                    | UAM    | Text                         |
| 0395     | Local Subsystem is not available        | 0394   | Local Subsystem is available |
| 0396     | Local Subsystem is disabled             | 0397   | Local Subsystem is removed   |
| Minor    |                                         | Normal |                              |
| 0398     | Local Subsystem normal,card(s) abnormal | 0394   | Local Subsystem is available |
|          |                                         | 0397   | Local Subsystem is removed   |

**IP<sup>7</sup> Alarms**

Table F-22 shows the major and minor IP Connection alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-22.** IP Connection Alarms

| Major |                           | Normal |                                |
|-------|---------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                      | UAM    | Text                           |
| 0277  | AS Unavailable            | 0278   | AS Available                   |
| 0084  | IP Connection Unavailable | 0085   | IP Connection Available        |
|       |                           | 0087   | IP Connection manually removed |
| Minor |                           | Normal |                                |
| 0279  | AS Restricted             | 0280   | AS Unrestricted                |
| 0086  | IP Connection Congested   | 0085   | IP Connection Available        |
|       |                           | 0087   | IP Connection manually removed |
| 0466  | STC Network Unavailable   | 0467   | STC Network Available          |

**IP TPS System Alarms**

Table F-23 shows the major IP TPS System alarm and the clearing alarm that appears when the condition is resolved.

**Table F-23.** IP TPS System Alarms

| Major |                                  | Normal |                                |
|-------|----------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                             | UAM    | Text                           |
| 0114  | System IP TPS threshold exceeded | 0117   | System IP TPS threshold normal |

**Linkset Alarms**

Table F-24 shows the major Linkset alarm and the clearing alarms that appears when the condition is resolved.

**Table F-24.** Linkset Alarms

| Major |                                   | Normal |                                           |
|-------|-----------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                              | UAM    | Text                                      |
| 0115  | Linkset IP TPS threshold exceeded | 0118   | Linkset IP TPS threshold normal           |
| 0318  | REPT-LKSTO: link set prohibited   | 0317   | RVCVRY-LKSTO: link set allowed            |
|       |                                   | 0399   | RRCVRY-LKSTO: Alarm clr'd by deleting SLK |

## UAM Balancing Matrix

### LNP System Alarms

Table F-25 shows the critical and major LNP System alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-25.** LNP System Alarms

| Critical |                                            | Normal |                                        |
|----------|--------------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                                       | UAM    | Text                                   |
| 0424     | LNP Subsystem is not available             | 0426   | LNP Subsystem is available             |
|          |                                            | 0425   | LNP Subsystem normal, card(s) abnormal |
| 0435     | LNP Subsystem is disabled                  | 0434   | LNP Subsystem is removed               |
|          |                                            | 0425   | LNP Subsystem normal, card(s) abnormal |
| 0287     | RTDB Table Level 2 FAK Cap exceeded        | 0289   | RTDB Table FAK Capacity Normal         |
| Major    |                                            | Normal |                                        |
| 0283     | LNP Ported NPAs approaching Feat. Capacity | 0284   | LNP Ported NPAs Capacity Normal        |
| 0285     | LNP Ported LRNs approaching Feat. Capacity | 0286   | LNP Ported LRNs Capacity Normal        |
| 0288     | RTDB Table Level 1 FAK Cap exceeded        | 0289   | RTDB Table FAK Capacity Normal         |
| 0436     | LNP ACG node overload                      | 0426   | LNP Subsystem is available             |

### LSMS Connection Alarms

Table F-26 shows the critical and major LSMS Connection alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-26.** LSMS Connection Alarms

| Critical |                              | Normal |                           |
|----------|------------------------------|--------|---------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                         | UAM    | Text                      |
| 0041     | LNP DB Maintenance required. | 0042   | LSMS bulk load complete.  |
| Major    |                              | Normal |                           |
| 0358     | LSMS connection unavailable  | 0359   | LSMS connection available |

**LSMS System Alarms**

Table F-27 shows the critical and major LSMS System alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-27. LSMS System Alarms**

| Critical |                              | Normal |                               |
|----------|------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                         | UAM    | Text                          |
| 0356     | LSMS unavailable             | 0355   | LSMS is available             |
|          |                              | 0357   | All OAP terminals are removed |
| 0350     | OAP terminals inhibited      | 0355   | LSMS is available             |
|          |                              | 0357   | All OAP terminals are removed |
| Major    |                              | Normal |                               |
| 0341     | OAP unavailable              | 0353   | OAP is available              |
| 0354     | One OAP terminal unavailable | 0357   | All OAP terminals are removed |
| 0362     | LSMS is at min service limit | 0355   | LSMS is available             |
|          |                              | 0357   | All OAP terminals are removed |

**MCPM Alarms**

Table F-28 shows the major MCPM alarm and the clearing alarm that appears when the condition is resolved.

**Table F-28. MCPM Alarms**

| Major |                           | Normal |                         |
|-------|---------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                      | UAM    | Text                    |
| 0084  | IP Connection Unavailable | 0085   | IP Connection Available |

**MEAS System Alarms**

Table F-29 shows the critical, major, and minor MEAS System alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-29. MEAS System Alarms**

| Critical |                                     | Normal |                                  |
|----------|-------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                                | UAM    | Text                             |
| 0518     | Measurements subsystem unavailable  | 0519   | Measurements subsystem available |
| Major    |                                     | Normal |                                  |
| 0517     | Degraded Mo-- multiple cards failed | 0519   | Measurements subsystem available |
| Minor    |                                     | Normal |                                  |
| 0516     | Degraded Mo-- 1 card failed         | 0519   | Measurements subsystem available |



## UAM Balancing Matrix

### MPS (ELAP/EPAP) Alarms

Table F-30 shows the critical, major, and minor MPS (ELAP/EPAP) alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-30.** MPS (ELAP/EPAP) Alarms

| Critical |                                 | Normal |               |
|----------|---------------------------------|--------|---------------|
| UAM      | Text                            | UAM    | Text          |
| 0370     | Critical Platform Failure(s)    | 0250   | MPS available |
| 0371     | Critical Application Failure(s) |        |               |
| 0261     | MPS unavailable                 |        |               |
| Major    |                                 | Normal |               |
| 0372     | Major Platform Failure(s)       | 0250   | MPS available |
| 0373     | Major Application Failure(s)    |        |               |
| Minor    |                                 | Normal |               |
| 0374     | Minor Platform Failure(s)       | 0250   | MPS available |
| 0375     | Minor Application Failure(s)    |        |               |

**NOTE: Critical Platform/Application alarms cause the MPS to go OOS-MT and Major/Minor Platform/Applications alarms cause the MPS to go IS-ANR.**

### MPS Alarm Support

The MPS running software Release 2.0 (ELAP) or higher, Release 27.0 will support MPS alarms (370-375), as well as UAMs 442-451 against a card.

**Table F-31.** MPS Alarm Support

|                        | Release 27.0 and higher |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| UAM #                  | Format                  |
| 0442<br>0446<br>0447   | CARD                    |
| 0443-0445<br>0448-0451 | CARD                    |
| 0370-0375              | MPS1                    |
| 0250                   | MPS2                    |

**NDC System Alarms**

Table F-32 shows the major NDC System alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when the condition is resolved.

**Table F-32.** NDC System Alarms

| Major |                           | Normal |                         |
|-------|---------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                      | UAM    | Text                    |
| 0181  | NDC system is Unavailable | 0182   | NDC system is Available |

**SCCP System Alarms**

Table F-33 shows the critical, major, and minor SCCP alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-33.** SCCP Alarms

| Critical |                                        | Normal |                                        |
|----------|----------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                                   | UAM    | Text                                   |
| 0331     | SCCP is not available                  | 0328   | SCCP is available                      |
|          |                                        | 0335   | SCCP is removed                        |
| 0437     | System SCCP TPS Capacity Exceeded      | 0329   | SCCP capacity normal, card(s) abnormal |
| 0453     | Exceeded Service Error Threshold Lvl 2 | 0454   | Service Error Threshold Alarm Cleared  |
| Major    |                                        | Normal |                                        |
| 0336     | LIM(s) have been denied SCCP service   | 0328   | SCCP is available                      |
|          |                                        | 0335   | SCCP is removed                        |
| 0452     | Exceeded Service Error Threshold Lvl 1 | 0454   | Service Error Threshold Alarm Cleared  |
| Minor    |                                        | Normal |                                        |
| 0330     | System SCCP TPS Threshold exceeded     | 0329   | SCCP capacity normal, card(s) abnormal |
|          |                                        | 0335   | SCCP is removed                        |

**SEAS OAP Alarms**

Table F-34 shows the major and minor SEAS OAP alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-34.** SEAS OAP Alarms

| Major |                      | Normal |                  |
|-------|----------------------|--------|------------------|
| UAM   | Text                 | UAM    | Text             |
| 0341  | OAP unavailable      | 0353   | OAP is available |
| 0342  | SEAS UAL unavailable |        |                  |

## UAM Balancing Matrix

**Table F-34.** SEAS OAP Alarms (Continued)

| Major |                              | Normal |                     |
|-------|------------------------------|--------|---------------------|
| UAM   | Text                         | UAM    | Text                |
| 0354  | One OAP terminal unavailable |        |                     |
| 0360  | EMS Agent unavailable        | 0361   | EMS Agent available |

| Minor |                                      | Normal |                                           |
|-------|--------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                                 | UAM    | Text                                      |
| 0364  | Configuration data checksum mismatch | 0365   | Configuration data checksum alarm cleared |
| 0363  | OAP filesystem full                  | 0361   | EMS Agent available                       |

### SEAS System Alarms

Table F-35 shows the critical and major SEAS System alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-35.** SEAS System Alarms

| Critical |                              | Normal |                   |
|----------|------------------------------|--------|-------------------|
| UAM      | Text                         | UAM    | Text              |
| 0349     | SEAS unavailable             | 0351   | SEAS is available |
| 0350     | OAP terminals inhibited      | 0352   | SEAS is removed   |
| Major    |                              | Normal |                   |
| 0348     | SEAS is at min service limit | 0351   | SEAS is available |
|          |                              | 0352   | SEAS is removed   |

### SEAS X25 Alarms

Table F-36 shows the major and minor SEAS X25 alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-36.** SEAS X25 Alarms

| Major |                                   | Normal |                             |
|-------|-----------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                              | UAM    | Text                        |
| 0343  | SEAS X.25 Link unavailable        | 0347   | SEAS X.25 Link is available |
| 0345  | All SEAS UAL sessions unavailable |        |                             |
| Minor |                                   | Normal |                             |
| 0344  | SEAS PVC unavailable              | 0347   | SEAS X.25 Link is available |
| 0346  | SEAS UAL session unavailable      |        |                             |

**Security Log Alarm**

Table F-37 shows the minor and normal Security Log alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-37. Security Log Alarms**

| Minor  |                                         | Normal |                                |
|--------|-----------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|
| UAM    | Text                                    | UAM    | Text                           |
| 0174   | %full threshold reached-upload required | 0177   | Security log exception cleared |
| 0175   | LOGGUFROVFL-SECUL-G - upload required   |        |                                |
| 0176   | Stby security log – upload required     |        |                                |
| Normal |                                         | Normal |                                |
| 0178   | Security log failed                     | 0177   | Security log exception cleared |

**Security System Alarms**

Table F-38 shows the major Security System alarm and the clearing alarm that appears when the condition is resolved.

**Table F-38. Security System Alarms**

| Major |                                        | Normal |                                       |
|-------|----------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                                   | UAM    | Text                                  |
| 0392  | OA&M IP Security feature status is OFF | 0393   | OA&M IP Security feature status is ON |
|       |                                        | 0199   | OA&M IP Security feature disabled     |

**SLK Alarms**

Table F-39 shows the major, minor, and normal SLK alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-39. SLK Alarms**

| Major |                                         | Normal |                                      |
|-------|-----------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                                    | UAM    | Text                                 |
| 0201  | REPT-LFK: remote NE loopback            | 0223   | REPT-LKF: remote NE loopback cleared |
|       |                                         | 0401   | Alarm cleared by deleting SLK        |
| 0202  | REPT-LFK: H-P -too many interrupts      | 0200   | RCVRY-LFK: link available            |
| 0203  | REPT-LFK: lost data                     |        |                                      |
| 0204  | REPT-LFK: X-R -SUERM threshold exceeded |        |                                      |
| 0205  | REPT-LFK: A-F -lvl-2 T1 expd (ready)    |        |                                      |
| 0206  | REPT-LFK: A-F -lvl-2 T1 expd(not ready) | 0401   | Alarm cleared by deleting SLK        |
| 0207  | REPT-LFK: A-F - lvl-2 T3 expired        |        |                                      |

## UAM Balancing Matrix

**Table F-39.** SLK Alarms (Continued)

| Major |                                         | Normal |                               |
|-------|-----------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                                    | UAM    | Text                          |
| 0208  | REPT-LFK: A-F - lvl-2 T2 expired        |        |                               |
| 0209  | REPT-LFK: A-F - failed proving period   |        |                               |
| 0210  | REPT-LFK: O-A - received SIO            |        |                               |
| 0211  | REPT-LFK: O-A - received SIN            |        |                               |
| 0212  | REPT-LFK: O-A - received SIE            |        |                               |
| 0213  | REPT-LFK: O-A - received SIOS           | 0200   | RCVRY-LFK: link available     |
| 0214  | REPT-LFK: A-N - rcvd 2 of 3 invalid BSN | 0401   | Alarm cleared by deleting SLK |
| 0215  | REPT-LFK: A-N - rcvd 2 of 3 invalid FIB |        |                               |
| 0216  | REPT-LFK: remote congestion timeout     |        |                               |
| 0217  | REPT-LFK: -excess acknowledge delay     |        |                               |
| 0218  | REPT-LFK: C-O - rcvd changeover order   |        |                               |
| 0219  | REPT-LFK: false congestion restart      |        |                               |
| 0220  | REPT-LFK: MTP link restart delayed      |        |                               |
| 0221  | REPT-LFK: X25 link unavailable          |        |                               |
| 0222  | REPT-LFK: remote FE loopback            |        |                               |
| 0224  | REPT-LFK: link test failed              |        |                               |
| 0230  | REPT-LKF: local blocked - thermal       |        |                               |
| 0232  | REPT-LFK: remote blocked                |        |                               |
| 0233  | REPT-LINK-MANUAV: local blocked         |        |                               |
| 0234  | REPT-LFK: RMI remote inhibited          |        |                               |
| 0235  | REPT-LINK-MGTINH: local inhibited       |        |                               |
| 0236  | REPT-LFK: not aligned                   |        |                               |
| 0237  | REPT-LKF: LM Timer NO-CREDIT expired    |        |                               |
| 0238  | REPT-LKF: XDA-Timer NO-RESPONSE expired |        |                               |
| 0239  | REPT-LKF: M-L - local processor outage  |        |                               |
| 0240  | REPT-LKF: rcvd SSCOP END-proc. outage   |        |                               |
| 0241  | REPT-LKF: rcvd SSCOP END-out of service |        |                               |
| 0242  | REPT-LKF: rcvd SSCOP END-protocol error |        |                               |
| 0243  | REPT-LKF:rcvd SSCOP END-mgmt initiated  |        |                               |

Table F-39. SLK Alarms (Continued)

| Major  |                                         | Normal |                                         |
|--------|-----------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------|
| UAM    | Text                                    | UAM    | Text                                    |
| 0244   | REPT-LKF: F-C - DS1/E1 LOS failure      |        |                                         |
| 0245   | REPT-LKF: F-C - DS1/E1 LOF failure      |        |                                         |
| 0246   | REPT-LKF: F-C - DS1/E1 LCD failure      |        |                                         |
| 0247   | REPT-LKF: X-R -ISERM threshold exceeded |        |                                         |
| 0158   | X25 no logical channels available       | 0157   | X25 logical channels available          |
| Minor  |                                         | Normal |                                         |
| UAM    | Text                                    | UAM    | Text                                    |
| 0116   | Link expected IP TPS threshold exceeded | 0119   | Link IP TPS threshold normal            |
| 0477   | Congestion: Copy Function De-activated  | 0478   | Copy Function Activated                 |
|        |                                         | 0479   | Link not monitored                      |
| Normal |                                         | Normal |                                         |
| UAM    | Text                                    | UAM    | Text                                    |
| 0264   | REPT-LINK-CGST:congestion level 0 to 1  | 0269   | RCVRY-LINK-CGST:congestion has cleared  |
| 0265   | REPT-LINK-CGST:congestion level 1 to 2  | 0268   | RCVRY-LINK-CGST:congestion level 2 to 1 |
|        |                                         | 0269   | RCVRY-LINK-CGST:congestion has cleared  |
| 0266   | REPT-LINK-CGST:congestion level 2 to 3  | 0267   | RCVRY-LINK-CGST:congestion level 3 to 2 |
|        |                                         | 0269   | RCVRY-LINK-CGST:congestion has cleared  |
| 0270   | REPT-LINK-CGST:discard level 0 to 1     | 0275   | RVCRY-LINK-CGST:discard has cleared     |
| 0271   | REPT-LINK-CGST:discard level 1 to 2     | 0274   | RVCRY-LINK-CGST:discard level 2 to 1    |
|        |                                         | 0275   | RVCRY-LINK-CGST:discard has cleared     |
| 0272   | REPT-LINK-CGST:discard level 2 to 3     | 0273   | RVCRY-LINK-CGST:discard level 3 to 2    |
|        |                                         | 0275   | RVCRY-LINK-CGST:discard has cleared     |

## UAM Balancing Matrix

### STPLAN Alarms

Table F-40 shows the critical and major STPLAN alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-40.** STPLAN Alarms

| Critical |                                        | Normal |                                          |
|----------|----------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                                   | UAM    | Text                                     |
| 0153     | STPLAN not available                   | 0150   | STPLAN is available                      |
|          |                                        | 0151   | STPLAN capacity normal, card(s) abnormal |
|          |                                        | 0154   | STPLAN is removed                        |
| Major    |                                        | Normal |                                          |
| 0152     | LIM(s) have been denied STPLAN service | 0150   | STPLAN is available                      |
|          |                                        | 0151   | STPLAN capacity normal, card(s) abnormal |
|          |                                        | 0154   | STPLAN is removed                        |

### System Alarms

Table F-41 shows the critical, major, and minor System alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-41.** System Alarms

| Critical |                                      | Normal |                                      |
|----------|--------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------|
| UAM      | Text                                 | UAM    | Text                                 |
| 0308     | Node isolated due to SLK failures    | 0309   | Node is no longer isolated           |
| 0368     | Temp Keys(s) have expired.           | 0366   | Temp Key(s) expiration alarm cleared |
| 0438     | Degraded Mode, Invalid OAM HW config | 0439   | Exiting Degraded Mode                |
| Major    |                                      | Normal |                                      |
| 0367     | Temp Keys(s) expiring soon.          | 0366   | Temp Key(s) expiration alarm cleared |
| 0011     | Entering forced simplex mode         | 0018   | Exiting forced simplex mode          |
| 0911     | Dynamic database is inconsistent     | 0912   | Dynamic database is now consistent   |
| Minor    |                                      | Normal |                                      |
| 0302     | Cooling fan failure                  | 0303   | Cooling fans normal                  |

**System GPL Alarms**

Table F-42 shows the minor GPL alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-42.** System GPL Alarms

| Minor |                                    | Normal |                              |
|-------|------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                               | UAM    | Text                         |
| 0143  | System release GPL(s) not approved | 0142   | System release alarm cleared |
| 0144  | System release version unknown     |        |                              |

**T1 Port Alarms**

Table F-43 shows the major T1 alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-43.** T1 Port Alarms

| Major |                              | Normal |                            |
|-------|------------------------------|--------|----------------------------|
| UAM   | Text                         | UAM    | Text                       |
| 0369  | REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 unavailable  | 0380   | RCVRY-T1F:FAC-T1 available |
| 0376  | REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 LOS failure  |        |                            |
| 0377  | REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 LOF failure  |        |                            |
| 0378  | REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Remote Alarm |        |                            |
| 0379  | REPT-T1F:FAC-T1 Alarm        |        |                            |

**Terminal Alarms**

Table F-44 shows the minor Terminal alarm and the clearing alarm that appears when the condition is resolved.

**Table F-44.** Terminal Alarms

| Minor |                 | Normal |                  |
|-------|-----------------|--------|------------------|
| UAM   | Text            | UAM    | Text             |
| 0048  | Terminal failed | 0046   | Terminal enabled |



## UAM Balancing Matrix

### X-LIST Alarms

Table F-45 shows the major and minor X-LIST alarms and the clearing alarm that appears when each condition is resolved.

**Table F-45.** X-LIST Alarms

| <b>Major</b> |                                      | <b>Normal</b> |                                    |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>UAM</b>   | <b>Text</b>                          | <b>UAM</b>    | <b>Text</b>                        |
| 0338         | X-LIST space full-entry(s) discarded | 0339          | X-LIST space full condition abated |
| <b>Minor</b> |                                      | <b>Normal</b> |                                    |
| 0321         | X-LIST occupancy threshold exceeded  | 0322          | X-List occupancy below threshold   |



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