## Document Control

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version Number</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
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<tr>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>Created: December 2015</td>
<td>Captured steps to setup an OFSAA instance “Clone” for the 8.0.x.0.0 release.</td>
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<td>2.0</td>
<td>Modified: May 2016</td>
<td>Added notes as per Bug 23228276 and 22554485.</td>
</tr>
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<td>3.0</td>
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<td>Updated the document for Bug 27374642 and 27374657.</td>
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| 4.0            | Modified: Nov 2018 | • Added a prerequisite based on Bug 28715332.  
• Updated for Doc 28728073.  
• Updated for Doc 28929363. |
| 5.0            | Modified: Apr 2019 | Updated the document for Doc 29722514. |
| 6.0            | Updated: May 2019 | • Added OFSAA_LOG_HOME variable in section Copy and restore OFSAA file system (Doc 29641604 ).  
• Added note for table batch_parameter in section Run Port Changer utility (Doc 29448257).  
• Added note in section Run Port Changer utility for 8.0.2.2.0, 8.0.3.3.0, 8.0.4.2.0, and 8.0.5.2.0 for EncryptC.jar (Doc 29419498). |
| 7.0            | Updated: Aug 2019 | Updated notes in Run Port Changer utility and Run EncryptC.jar utility to change the key and encryption strings (Doc 29862507). |
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1 Preface

The purpose of this document is to serve as a reference material to OFSAA administrators with detailed steps to setup an OFSAA instance “Clone” for the 8.0.x.0.0 release.

1.1 Background

There is a consistent need for a faster and effective approach of replicating an existing OFSAA instance for further project developments, that is, setting up OFSAA instances that are exact copies of the current OFSAA instance.

1.2 Assumptions

This document assumes a working Source OFSAA 8.0 instance is in place. It also assumes an appropriate Target system exists for the new OFSAA setup that is being created.

1.3 Audience

This reference guide is intended for administrators and implementation consultants who are responsible for cloning OFSAA instance.

1.4 Conventions and Acronyms

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Description</th>
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<td>Source</td>
<td>A source OFSAA system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target</td>
<td>A target OFSAA system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>The OFSAA 8.0.0.0.0 release</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configuration Schema (Config Schema)</td>
<td>Database schema which contains setup related configurations and metadata.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atomic Schema</td>
<td>Database schema where the application data model is uploaded.</td>
</tr>
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</table>
Setting Up an OFSAA Instance “Clone” for 8.0.x Release

2.1 Prerequisites

The documented steps in the subsequent sections should be followed only after the following prerequisites are in place:

2.1.1 General

1. FTP/ SFTP service should be running on the OFSAA Target system. User credentials to be available prior to the subsequent activities.
2. If the OFSAAI (platform) version in use is 8.0.0.0.0, download and install patch 20422514 in Source.
3. If the OFSAAI (platform) version in use is 8.0.1.0.0, download and install patch 22329222 in Source.
4. If the OFSAAI (platform) version in use is 8.0.5.0.x or 8.0.5.1.x, upgrade the source to 8.0.5.2.0 by installing the OFSAAI 8.0.5.2.0 ML patch 27552096.

2.1.2 Source System

1. All OFSAA services are brought down.
2. Database connection details such as RAC/ NON-RAC URL, SID/ Service Name, and User credentials are available.

2.1.3 Target System

1. All basic software required for installation of OFSAA applications (including infrastructure) are installed and working on the machine identified as the Target OFSAA instance. You can use the “Environment Check” utility to verify the system readiness.

For details on software and hardware requirements, refer the respective OFSAA application pack installation and configuration guide available in OHC documentation library.

For details on usage of Environment Check Utility, see OFS Analytical Applications Environment Check Utility Guide.

2. Web Server and Web Application Server are configured. For details on how to configure, see Appendix A in the 8.0.0.0.0 and 8.0.2.0.0 OFS AAAI Application Pack Installation and Configuration Guide.

3. OFSAA installation folder is identified as $FIC_HOME with permissions 750. For example, /scratch/ofsaanew/OFSAA

4. OFSAA staging/ metadata repository folder is identified as “ftpshare” with permissions 775. For example, /scratch/ofsaanew/ftpsharenew.

5. Database connection details such as RAC/ NON-RAC URL, SID/ Service Name, and User credentials are available.
NOTE Ensure a new database instance is created that is different from the database instance used in the Source OFSAA instance.

6. Web Server/ Web Application Server identified for the deployment of OFSAA applications is installed and configured on the machine identified as the Web Server/ Web Application Server.

NOTE If you intend to use the same Web Application Server, ensure you create a separate profile (WebSphere) or domain (WebLogic).

7. Details of WebSphere profile/WebLogic Domain/Tomcat context to be available.

NOTE Ensure the RevLog4jConfig.xml is configured with default log paths before executing the utility.

2.2 Cloning Steps

Login to source config schema and execute the following query to get the config and atomic schemas names. You can use schema names in SCHEMAS attribute of expdp and impdp Database utility.

```
select dbuserid from db_master;
```

Perform the instructions given in the following sections:

2.2.1 Export the complete Configuration and Atomic Schema from Source Environment

For example:

```
expdp SYSTEM/oracle@OFSA12C2DB  DIRECTORY=data_pump_dir
DUMPPFILE=ofsaaconf_ofsaaatm_%U.dmp filesize=2G SCHEMAS=ofsaaconf,ofsaaatm
LOGFILE=ofsaaconf_ofsaaatm_exp.log
```

NOTE Using above command will create data dumps in files of 2GB each (multiples). Any other commands/tools as appropriate may be used to archive the schemas.

2.2.2 Restore the complete exported dumps into the Target Environment database

For example:

```
impdp SYSTEM/oracle@OFSA12nDB  DIRECTORY=data_pump_dir
DUMPPFILE=ofsaaconf_ofsaaatm_%U.dmp SCHEMAS=ofsaaconf,ofsaaatm
LOGFILE=ofsaaconf_ofsaaatm_imp.log
```
2.2.3 In case of restoring the complete exported dumps into the Target Environment database with different database user names (schemas)

For Example:
impdp SYSTEM/oracle@OFSA12nDB DIRECTORY=data_pump_dir
DUMPFILE=ofsaaconf_ofsaaatm_%U.dmp REMAP_SCHEMA=
ofsaaconf:newofsaaconf,ofsaaatm:newofsaaatm
LOGFILE=new_ofsaaconf_ofsaaatm_imp.log

**NOTE**
- Restoring the exported dumps creates Config and Atomic Schema(s) with the users mentioned under REMAP_SCHEMA attribute replaced as of the source, along with the existing grants as in the Source environment.
- Ignore the ORA-39082 object type create with compilation errors which will be rectified later in subsequent steps.

2.2.4 Provide select grants on sys.V_$parameter view to Config and Atomic Schemas of Target Environment database

For example:
Login as sys user:
SQL> GRANT SELECT ON SYS.V_$PARAMETER TO ofsaaconf;
Grant succeeded
SQL> GRANT SELECT ON SYS.V_$PARAMETER TO ofsaaatm;
Grant succeeded

**NOTE** In case you had imported into different schemas, you need to additionally set passwords for Config and Atomic schemas of target environment Database same as source.

For example:
Login as sys user
SQL> ALTER USER newofsaaconf IDENTIFIED BY welcome1;
2.2.5 Login to Config Schema of Target Environment database

Update the Config Schema Table values as mentioned in Table 1 of Appendix A.

NOTE This step is required only in case you have imported into different schemas.

2.2.6 Copy and restore OFSAA file system

1. Navigate to $FIC_HOME/utility/Clone/bin on Source environment and give 750 permissions to all files present in the folder.

2. Execute ./OFSAA_Archive.sh.

   This step will create zipped files for $FIC_HOME and FTPSHARE folders in their respective locations on Source. For example, <FIC_HOME>.zip and <FTPSHARE>.zip.

3. Copy the <FIC_HOME> and <FTPSHARE> archive files from Source to Target in respective locations, that is, as per the folders created for $FIC_HOME and FTPSHARE. (Refer points 2, 3 in the Target System section.)

   NOTE Ensure the archives are transferred in BINARY mode.

4. Copy the entries made by OFSAA installer in .profile of Source to the .profile of Target in respective location.

5. To unzip, navigate to the directory where the zipped folder is in Target and execute the following command:

   unzip -a <<Zipped_file>>

   For example,

   unzip -a ftpshare.zip

   Perform this step for both <FIC_HOME> and <FTPSHARE> zipped files. This will unzip both files in their respective locations in the Target environment.

6. Give 750 permissions recursively to $FIC_HOME and 775 to FTPSHARE folder that have been extracted in the Target environment.

   For example:

   chmod -R 750 $FIC_HOME

   chmod -R 775 FTPSHARE

7. Modify the variables FIC_HOME, JAVA_BIN, PATH, ORACLE_HOME, TNS_ADMIN, ORACLE_SID and OFSAA_LOG_HOME in the entries made by installer in .profile of the Target environment according to the appropriate values of the Target Environment.
For example: Change the path to Java runtime in JAVA_BIN variable according to the java runtime installation on Target environment.

8. Execute the .profile file in the Target environment.

9. Edit the tnsnames.ora file under $TNS_ADMIN directory to add/edit the connection details to OFSAA schemas of Target environment.

2.2.7 In case, you have imported into different schemas, additionally modify Files under $FIC_HOME

Navigate to $FIC_HOME of OFSAAI server, modify values in files as specified in step 2 of Appendix A and follow subsequent steps.

2.2.8 Run Port Changer utility

- Ensure RevLog4jConfig.xml is configured with default log paths before executing the utility.
- This utility will connect to config schema to collect all the configurations, hence mandatorily edit the file DynamicServices.xml of $FIC_HOME/conf directory for the attribute DEFAULT_CONNECTION_URL, The VALUE should be qualified jdbc url of Target Database.

| NOTE | See Run port changer utility for 8.0.2.2.0, 8.0.3.3.0, 8.0.4.2.0 to 8.0.4.5.0, and 8.0.5.2.0 to 8.0.5.4.0 for information on how to run the Port Changer Utility for the versions specified in the link. |

1. Navigate to $FIC_HOME folder on Target.

2. Run the PortC.jar utility using the command:

   `java -jar PortC.jar DMP`

   A file with the name DefaultPorts.properties will be created under $FIC_HOME directory which will contain the ports, IPs and paths currently being used.

   | NOTE | It is mandatory to run the Port Changer utility using the DMP parameter every time before executing the utility using UPD command. |

3. Make the necessary changes to those ports, IPs, and paths in the DefaultPorts.properties file as per the Target environment. Save the changes.

4. Run the PortC.jar utility using the command:

   `java -jar PortC.jar UPD`

   This will change the ports, IPs and paths in .profile (under home directory), all files under $FIC_HOME directory, and tables in the database according to the values mentioned in DefaultPorts.properties file.
1. The table batch_parameter is not updated with the new IP after you run portc.jar. This table holds the batch execution details of batches that were executed earlier. The table batch_parameter_master holds the new IP after you run portc.jar.

2. Refer to logs for more information, and contact Oracle support if you encounter any errors.

### Run Port Changer utility for 8.0.2.2.0, 8.0.3.3.0, 8.0.4.2.0 to 8.0.4.5.0, and 8.0.5.2.0 to 8.0.5.4.0

1. Navigate to $FIC_HOME/utility/PortC/bin folder on Target.
2. Run the PortC.sh utility using the command:
   ```bash
   ./PortC.sh DMP
   ```
   A file with the name DefaultPorts.properties will be created under $FIC_HOME directory which will contain the ports, IPs and paths currently being used.

3. Make the necessary changes to those ports, IPs, and paths in the DefaultPorts.properties file as per the Target environment. Save the changes.

4. Run the PortC.sh utility using the command:
   ```bash
   ./PortC.sh UPD
   ```
   This will change the ports, IPs and paths in .profile (under home directory), all files under $FIC_HOME directory, and tables in the database according to the values mentioned in DefaultPorts.properties file.

### Run EncryptC.jar utility to change the key and encryption strings

This section is applicable to OFSAAI 8.0.0.0.0 and later versions, except 8.0.2.2.0, 8.0.4.2.0 to 8.0.4.5.0, 8.0.5.2.0 to 8.0.5.4.0, 0, 8.0.6.0.0 and later releases.

For more information on versions to which this section is not applicable, see subsections Run EncryptC.sh utility to change the key and encryption strings for 8.0.2.2.0, 8.0.4.2.0 to 8.0.4.5.0, and 8.0.5.2.0 to 8.0.5.4.0 and Run EncryptC.sh utility to change the key and encryption strings for 8.0.6.0.0 versions and above.

1. Navigate to $FIC_HOME folder on Target.
2. Execute the following command:
   ```bash
   java -jar EncryptC.jar
   ```

3. See the Encrypt_utility.log file under $FIC_HOME/utility/EncryptC/bin folder for log information.

2.2.9.1 Run EncryptC.sh utility to change the key and encryption strings for 8.0.2.2.0, 8.0.4.2.0 to 8.0.4.5.0, and 8.0.5.2.0 to 8.0.5.4.0

   1. Navigate to $FIC_HOME/utility/EncryptC/bin folder on Target.
   2. Execute the following command:
      ```bash
      ./EncryptC.sh
      ```
   3. See the Encrypt_utility.log file under $FIC_HOME/utility/EncryptC/bin folder for log information.

   **NOTE**
   EncryptC.jar is mainly to maintain new encrypt keys for a new environment, so there will not be an impact if you skip this step.
   If you get the error message "Error: Could not find or load main class OFSAAI.AESCrypter" while you execute ./EncryptC.sh, it is because the required jar file is missing in the lib folder. If you want to execute EncryptC.jar in 8.0.4.2.0, update EncryptC.sh with the following entry and proceed with execution:
   Replace line
   "JAR_FILELIST=`find ../lib \( -name ".*\.jar" \)`
   `" with
   "JAR_FILELIST=`find $FIC_HOME \( -name ".*\.jar" \)`

2.2.9.2 Run EncryptC.sh utility to change the key and encryption strings for version 8.0.6.0.0 and above

   It is mandatory to change the key and encryption strings for version 8.0.6.0.0 and above. See Generating new AESCryptKey.ext and updating the keystore section under Key management section in OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure Administration Guide for more information.

2.2.10 Perform Post Cloning Configurations

   Perform the post cloning configurations as mentioned in the Post Installation Configurations section in the 8.0.0.0.0 and 8.0.2.0.0 OFS AAAI Application Pack Installation and Configuration Guide.

2.2.11 Create and deploy .ear/.war

   1. Navigate to $FIC_WEB_HOME on the Target.
   2. Delete OFSAA application *.war/*.ear file present in this folder.
   3. Execute the command:
./ant.sh

4. Copy the generated .ear/.war file on to the Web Application Server identified for this OFSAA instance.

5. Modify all the Database connection resources done on Web Application Server are mapped to new JDBC URL and Database User Credentials. Verify test connection to validate.

6. Deploy the .ear/.war file using the Web Application Server Admin Console.

2.2.12 Access the UI

Access the UI by using the new IP Address/ Host Name, new Port, and new Context Name.

For example:
http://<IP ADDRESS/ HOSTNAME>:<PORT>/<CONTEXT NAME>/login.jsp
3 Appendix A

Manually modify the occurrences of source database username with new target database username (see REMAP_SCHEMA attribute given in Restore the complete exported dumps into the Target Environment database of Cloning Steps).

1. Login to the newly imported Config Schema and update the Column values as mentioned in the following table (Ignore if there are no rows found):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl no</th>
<th>TABLE NAME</th>
<th>COLUMN NAME</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>DB_MASTER</td>
<td>DBUSERID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>AAI_DB_AUTH_ALIAS</td>
<td>V_AUTH_USERNAME</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>AAI_DB_DETAIL</td>
<td>V_SCHEMA_NAME</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>AAI_ETL_SOURCE</td>
<td>V_TABLE_OWNER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>ETLSOURCEDETAIL</td>
<td>V_SCHEMA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Manually modify the occurrences of source Config Database username with New Target Config Database username.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl no</th>
<th>Folder Path</th>
<th>File Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$FIC_HOME/conf/</td>
<td>Reveleus.SEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$FIC_HOME/utility/OFSAAGenerateRepository/conf/</td>
<td>Reveleus.SEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$FIC_HOME/conf/</td>
<td>DynamicServices.xml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$FIC_HOME/MigrationUtilities/Migration_LDAP/conf/</td>
<td>DynamicServices.xml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$FIC_HOME/utility/OFSAAGenerateRepository/conf/</td>
<td>DynamicServices.xml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>$FIC_HOME/ficweb/webroot/conf/</td>
<td>DynamicServices.xml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>$FIC_HOME/EXEWebService/Tomcat/ROOT/conf/</td>
<td>DynamicServices.xml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>$FIC_HOME/EXEWebService/WebSphere/ROOT/conf/</td>
<td>DynamicServices.xml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>$FIC_HOME/EXEWebService/weblogic/ROOT/conf/</td>
<td>DynamicServices.xml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>$FIC_HOME/commonscripts/</td>
<td>ofs_aai_create_atomic.ora</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. Execute scripts on Atomic Schemas to update new target config database user name as mentioned in the following:
   a. On the putty console, navigate to $FIC_HOME/commonscripts/ on OFSAAI Server.
   b. Create a copy of file ofs_aai_create_atomic.ora as ofs_aai_create_atomic_<INFODOM>.ora.
   c. Now replace $INFODOM place holder with actual infodom name in the file ofs_aai_create_atomic_<INFODOM>.ora.

   **NOTE** Enclose the actual infodom name within single quote.

   INFODOM is associated with each atomic schema, hence you have to create individual files for each atomic schema.

   You can fetch the INFODOM value associated with each atomic schema by executing the following query logging into the newly modified config schema.

   ```sql
   SQL> select h.dbuserid, g.dsnid from dsnmaster g, db_master h where g.dbname = h.dbname and h.dbname <> 'CONFIG';
   ```

   d. Connect to Atomic Schemas using sqlplus utility of $ORACLE_HOME/bin.

   e. Execute ofs_aai_create_atomic_<INFODOM>.ora file and ignore ORA-00001 and ORA-02292 errors in the log file. In case, there are other errors, contact Oracle Support Services.

   ```sql
   SQL> spool aai_create_<INFODOM>.log
   SQL> @ofs_aai_create_atomic_<INFODOM>.ora
   SQL> spool off
   SQL> exit;
   ```

   **NOTE** Repeat this for all the atomic schemas. Once execution is complete, delete all files created as ofs_aai_create_atomic_<INFODOM>.ora.

   f. Login into the newly imported Atomic Schemas. Perform the following steps on each Atomic Schema to modify the interdependent object:

   Run the following query in each Atomic schema for verification of invalid object status:

   ```sql
   select object_type, object_name from user_objects
   where object_type in ('FUNCTION','PACKAGE','PACKAGE BODY','PROCEDURE','TRIGGER','VIEW') and status = 'INVALID'
   order by object_type , object_name;
   ```

   If the above query list out the objects,

   i. Run the following anonymous block to compile invalid objects:

      ```sql
      BEGIN
      ```
FOR cur_rec IN ( select object_type, object_name from user_objects
    where object_type in ('FUNCTION','PACKAGE','PACKAGE BODY','PROCEDURE','TRIGGER','VIEW') and status = 'INVALID'
    order by object_type, object_name )
LOOP
    BEGIN
    IF cur_rec.object_type = 'PACKAGE BODY' THEN
        EXECUTE IMMEDIATE 'ALTER PACKAGE ' || '"' ||
        cur_rec.object_name || '" COMPILE BODY';
        COMMIT;
    ELSE
        EXECUTE IMMEDIATE 'ALTER ' || cur_rec.object_type || '"' ||
        cur_rec.object_name || '" COMPILE';
        COMMIT;
    END IF;
    EXCEPTION
    WHEN OTHERS THEN NULL;
    END;
END LOOP;
END;

ii. Run the following scripts to enable object registration elements:
   spool <Validpath>/restore_owner.log
   alter table REV_TABLES_TL disable constraint FK_REV_TABLES_TL_1
   / alter table REV_TABLE_CLASS_ASSIGNMENT disable constraint
   FK_V_TABLE_CLASS_ASSIGNMENT_2
   / alter table REV_TABLE_LOG_CLASS_ASMNT disable constraint
   FK_V_TABLE_CLASS_LOG_ASMNT_2
   / alter table REV_TAB_CONSTRAINTS disable constraint
   FK_REV_TAB_CONSTRAINTS
   / alter table REV_TAB CONSTRAINT_COLUMNS disable constraint
   FK_REV_TAB_CONSTRAINT_COLUMNS
   /
alter table REV_TAB_INDEXES disable constraint FK_REV_TAB_INDEXES
/
update FSI_DB_INFO set owner=USER
/
update REV_COLUMN_PROPERTIES set owner=USER
/
update REV_DESCRIPTION_TABLES set owner=USER, DESCRIPTION_TABLE_OWNER=USER
/
update REV_TABLES_B set owner=USER
/
update REV_TABLES_TL set owner=USER
/
update REV_TABLE_CLASS_ASSIGNMENT set owner=USER
/
update REV_TAB_COLUMNS set owner=USER
/
update REV_TAB_COLUMNS_MLS set owner=USER
/
update REV_VIRTUAL_TABLES set owner=USER
/
update REV_VIRTUAL_TABLES_MLS set owner=USER
/
update REV_VIRTUAL_TABLES_TL set owner=USER
/
update REV_TAB_CONSTRAINTS set owner=USER
/
update REV_SYNONYMS set table_owner=USER
/
update REV_TABLE_LOG_CLASS_ASMNT set owner=USER
/
update REV_TABCONSTRAINT_COLUMNS set owner=USER
/
update REV_TAB_INDEXES set owner=USER
/
update REV_TAB_REF_CONSTRAINTS set owner=USER
/
alter table REV_TABLE_LOG_CLASS_ASMNT enable constraint FK_V_TABLE_CLASS_LOG_ASMNT_2
/
alter table REV_TAB_CONSTRAINTS enable constraint FK_REV_TAB_CONSTRAINTS
/
alter table REV_TAB_CONSTRAINT_COLUMNS enable constraint FK_REV_TAB_CONST_COLUMNS
/
alter table REV_TAB_INDEXES enable constraint FK_REV_TAB_INDEXES
/
alter table REV_TAB_COLUMNS enable constraint FK_REV_TAB_COLUMNS_1
/
alter table REV_TABLE_CLASS_ASSIGNMENT enable constraint FK_V_TABLE_CLASS_ASSIGNMENT_2
/
alter table REV_TABLES_TL enable constraint FK_REV_TABLES_TL_1
/
commit
/
spool off
exit;
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- Is the information clearly presented?
- Do you need more information? If so, where?
- Are the examples correct? Do you need more examples?
- What features did you like most about this manual?

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