

Oracle® Business Intelligence Applications

Configuration Guide

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Preface

Oracle Business Intelligence Applications is a comprehensive suite of prebuilt solutions that deliver pervasive intelligence across an organization, empowering users at all levels — from front line operational users to senior management — with the key information they need to maximize effectiveness. Intuitive and role-based, these solutions transform and integrate data from a range of enterprise sources and corporate data warehouses into actionable insight that enables more effective actions, decisions, and processes.

Oracle BI Applications is built on Oracle Business Intelligence Suite Enterprise Edition (Oracle BI EE), a comprehensive BI and analytics platform, which comprises enterprise business intelligence tools and infrastructure, such as, a scalable and efficient query and analysis server, an ad-hoc query and analysis tool, interactive dashboards, proactive intelligence and alerts, and an enterprise reporting engine.

Audience

This document is intended for ETL administrators and developers who are responsible for setting up and configuring ETL for Oracle BI Applications.

Depending on their role, users access Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager and Functional Setup Manager (FSM) to perform different tasks:

- Users with the BI Applications Administrator role perform system setup tasks such as managing the Oracle BI Applications instance and enabling Oracle BI Applications offerings.
- Users with the BI Applications Implementation Manager role also manage Oracle BI Applications offerings. In addition, they manage implementation projects and the backup and migration of setup data, when required.
- Users with the BI Applications Developer role access FSM to perform the functional setup tasks that are assigned to them.

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[topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info](#) or visit <http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs> if you are hearing impaired.

Related Documentation

View the additional documentation for Oracle Business Intelligence applications in the online library.

See http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E63231_01/index.htm for a list of related Oracle Business Intelligence Applications documents.

New Features for Oracle BI Applications Functional Configuration

This release of Oracle BI Applications provides the following new features for functional configuration:

- Support for configuring the following data sources:
 - Oracle Service Cloud
 - Oracle Taleo Cloud
 - Oracle Fusion Applications releases 9.2 and 10
- Integration with Oracle Data Relationship Management (Oracle DRM) to create custom hierarchies for the Business Unit dimension in Oracle E-Business Suite.

Documentation Changes

The earlier versions of the Configuration Guide had three appendixes that contained the Help topics for Informational Tasks in Functional Setup Manager (FSM) and User Interface dialogs for Configuration Manager and FSM. In this release, these appendixes have been moved to the *Oracle Business Intelligence Applications Functional Configuration Reference*.

Overview of Functional Configuration in Oracle BI Applications

Functional configuration in Oracle Business Intelligence Applications includes setup and management of the environment and configuration of Offerings and Functional Areas.

Tip: To get started quickly with functional configuration, follow the high-level steps in [Roadmap for Functional Configuration](#).

This topic helps in familiarizing yourself with the concepts, tools, and workflows related to Functional Setup Manager (FSM) and Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager.

- [Terminology](#)
- [Overview of Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager and Functional Setup Manager](#)
- [Getting Started With Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager](#)
- [About Users and Roles in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager](#)
- [About the Main Task Areas in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager](#)
- [About Functional Setup Tasks in FSM](#)
- [About Setup Objects in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager](#)
- [About the Work Area in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager](#)
- [Enabling Accessibility Features In Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager](#)

Terminology

Here's a brief description of the terminology that is used in the Oracle Business Intelligence Applications context.

- **Source Instance** — The transactional system (that is, OLTP) that serves as the source of data for Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse. To read and analyze data from a source system, you must register it with Oracle Business Intelligence Applications. You can do so by using Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager.
- **BI Application Offering** — A BI Application product that you have purchased, for example, Oracle Financial Analytics or Oracle Sales Analytics. To start using a BI Application Offering, you must first enable it in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager.

- **Functional Area** — A component of a BI Application Offering. For example, the Oracle Human Resources Analytics Offering has Functional Areas: Workforce Effectiveness, Leave & Accrual, and Workforce Development. A Functional Area is the smallest unit that can be configured in a BI Application Offering.

Overview of Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager and Functional Setup Manager

Use these tools to perform functional configuration for Oracle Business Intelligence Applications.

Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager

- Contains the setup objects for Oracle BI Applications.
- Provides an administrative UI for setup and configuration tasks.
- Enables migration of setup data across environments.
- Recommended tool for ongoing administration and maintenance of functional setups.
- Enables a quick review of the setup values for troubleshooting.

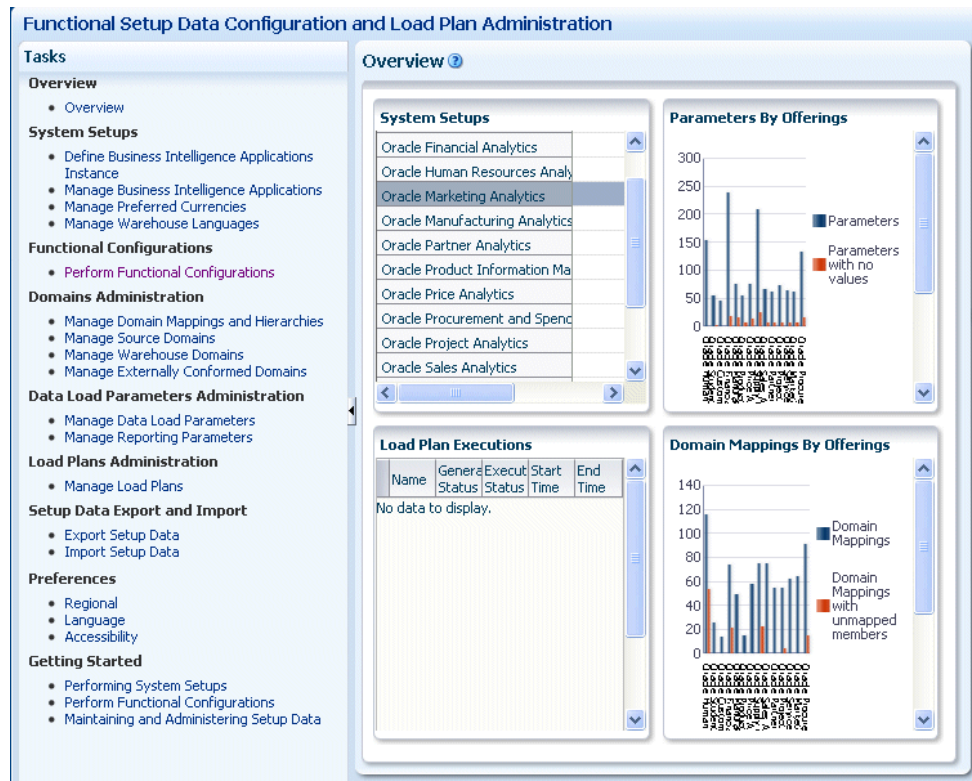
Functional Setup Manager (FSM) for Oracle BI Applications

- Used by Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager to provide a task-based implementation process, where an administrator is guided through a series of tasks to configure a Functional Area and manage its dependencies.
- Provides phased implementation capability.
- Launched from Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager to perform functional configurations.
- Recommended tool for initial implementation.
- Invokes Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager for setup tasks.
- (For Fusion Applications users) FSM for Oracle BI Applications is different from the Oracle Fusion Functional Setup Manager. FSM for Oracle BI Applications includes only features that are applicable for the Oracle BI Applications functional setup.

What is Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager?

Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager is a web application for setting up and maintaining an Oracle Business Intelligence Applications environment.

For functional configuration, Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager works in conjunction with FSM, which provides guided tasks to configure Offerings and Functional Areas. For more information, see [What is Functional Configuration?](#)



Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager enables you to do the following:

- Launch FSM to configure Offerings and Functional Areas (for example, by specifying Domain Mappings, Data Load Parameters, and Reporting Parameters).

FSM provides a list of guided tasks that enable you to configure Oracle BI Applications Modules and Functional Areas. For example, a functional developer may use a task named 'Configure Initial Extract Date' to set the value of INITIAL_EXTRACT_DATE to '2005-01-01'.

For more information, see [Performing Functional Configuration](#).

- Monitor and manage setup data, and extend Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse, where necessary.

For example, a functional developer may have set the value of INITIAL_EXTRACT_DATE to '2005-01-01'. To change this value to '2006-01-01', you can edit the parameter in the Manage Data Load Parameters tab in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager.

For more information, see [Roadmap for Setup Data Maintenance and Administration](#).

- Monitor and manage load plans that you use to perform ETL.

For more information about performing ETL, click the Help icon on the Manage Load Plans dialog, or refer to *Oracle Business Intelligence Applications ETL Guide*.

- Migrate configuration data across environments.

For more information, see [About Exporting and Importing Setup Data for Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager](#).

What is Functional Setup Manager?

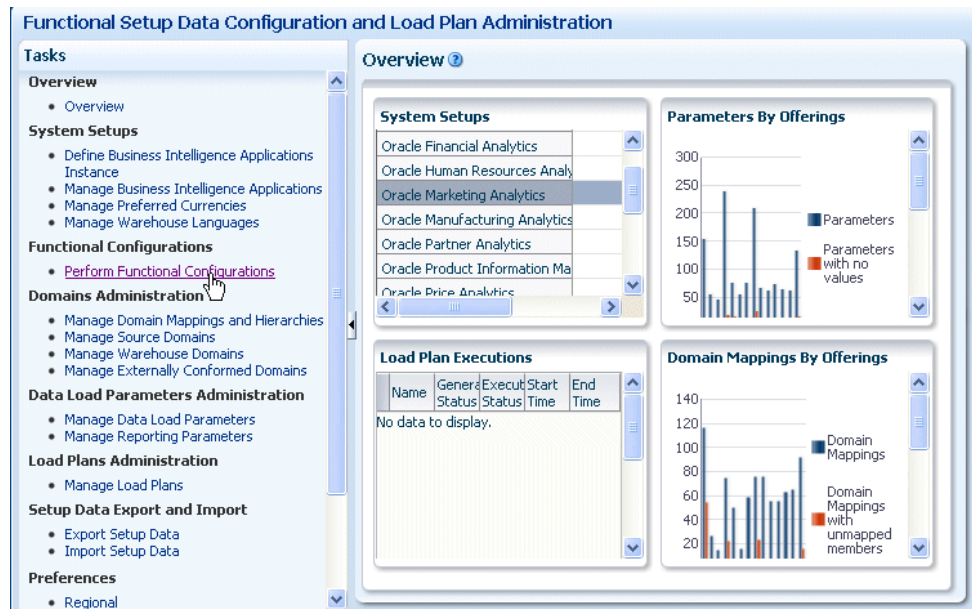
Functional Setup Manager (FSM) for Oracle Business Intelligence Applications enables you to configure and manage tasks for Offerings and Functional Areas. Examples of FSM tasks are 'Configure Initial Extract Date', and 'Configure Global Currencies'.



FSM is installed and deployed as part of Oracle BI Applications. In FSM, you select an Oracle BI Applications Offering and its Functional Areas for deployment, and then create an implementation project for that Offering. FSM generates a list of configuration tasks for the selected Offering and Functional Area(s). You can then assign these tasks to different functional developers, and monitor the status of the implementation project. The setup screens in FSM guide functional developers through all the tasks that must be performed.

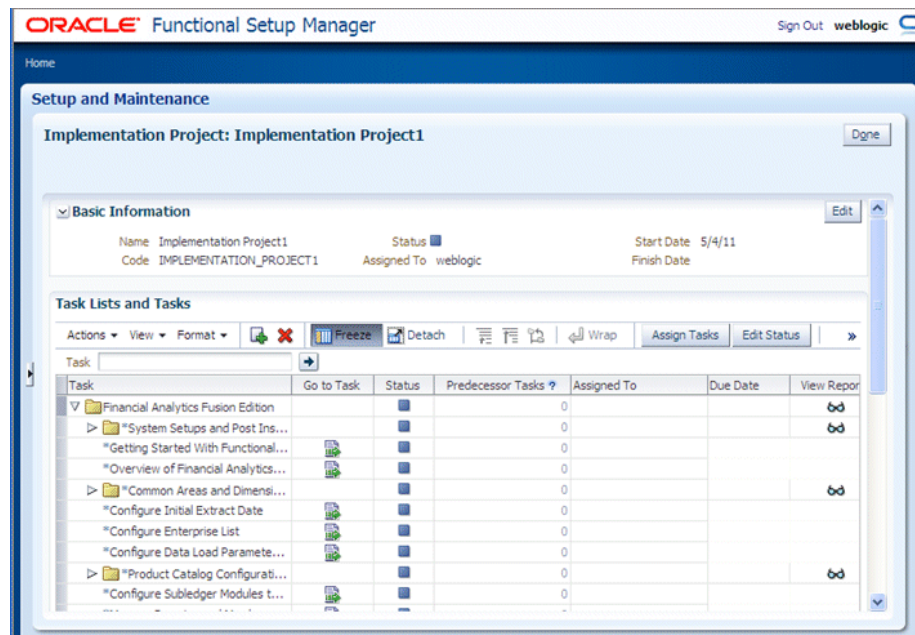
How to launch FSM

In Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select the **Perform Functional Configurations** link. When prompted, specify a user name with appropriate privileges for the tasks that you want to perform. For example, to create an Implementation Project and assign Tasks to Functional Developers, connect as a user with 'BI Applications Implementation Manager' privileges. For more information about user-privileges, see [About Users and Roles in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager](#).



When you launch FSM as a user with the BI Applications Administrator role or the BI Applications Implementation Manager role and open an Implementation Project, you see the functional tasks that relate to the Offering being deployed by that Implementation Project.

The following example screenshot shows the functional tasks for Oracle Financial Analytics.



Getting Started With Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager

To configure Offerings and Functional Areas, you must log in to Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager. To help administrators perform tasks easily, this tool includes User Assistance, Help, Documentation, and other resources.

- [Logging In to Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager](#)

- [Viewing Help Content](#)

Logging In to Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager

You use Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager to set up and manage several aspects of the Oracle Business Intelligence Applications environment, and to manage and monitor functional configurations for Oracle BI Applications Offerings.

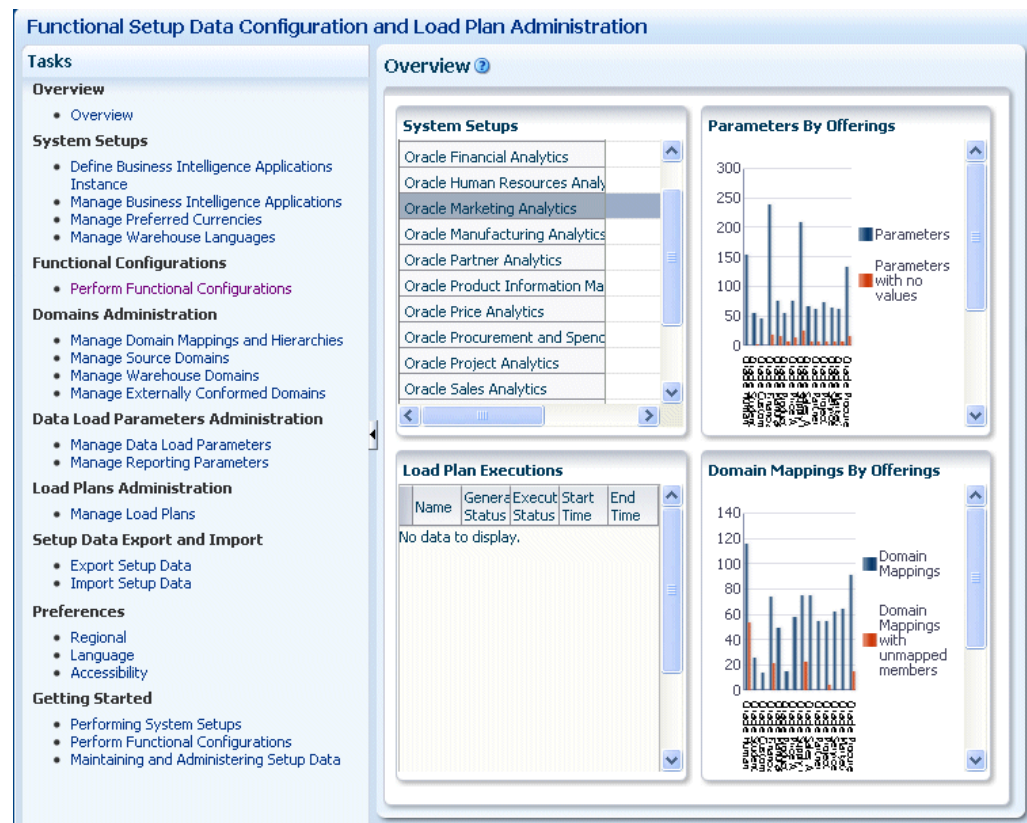
1. In a Web browser, open the Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager link that is provided by your system administrator.

For example:

`http://examplecompany.com:7001/biacm/`

2. In the Sign In dialog, log in with your user credentials to display the main Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager page.

If you cannot access Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, contact your security administrator to check whether your user account is associated with the appropriate duty role. For more information see [About Users and Roles in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager](#).



- To navigate the application, use the Tasks bar on the left-hand side of the Welcome page.

The options that are displayed in the Tasks bar are dependent on the privileges that your role is granted.

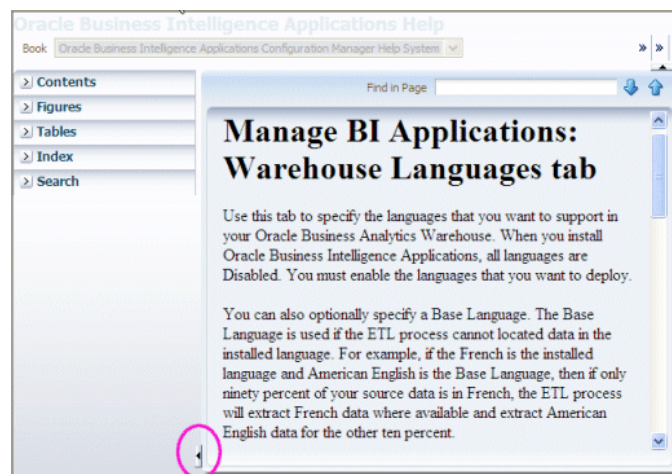
- To display Help for the Overview page, click **Help**, then **Configuration Manager Help**. You can also display context-sensitive Help for a dialog by clicking the question mark icon displayed next to the dialog name or field name.
- To log out of Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, click the drop-down menu next to your name at the top right corner of the page, then click the **Sign Out**.

Viewing Help Content

Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager provides Help and User Assistance features.

- Context-sensitive Help - Click the **Help** icon on any dialog to view context-sensitive Help for that dialog. When the context-sensitive Help is displayed, use the Table of Contents, Index, and Search facilities to locate User Assistance on other areas of the product.

Tip: To maximize the text pane in the Help window, choose Maximize Reading Pane from the View menu. Alternatively, use the Collapse Pane arrow (shown in the screenshot) to hide the left hand tabs, or use the vertical sizing bar (above the Collapse Pane arrow) to reduce the width of the tabs.



- Inline Help, such as mouse-over tool-tips - Hold the cursor over an object to view a tool-tip for that object.

Tip: For convenience, the same help content that is available in the UI is also available as a guide: *Oracle Business Intelligence Applications Functional Configuration Reference*.

About Users and Roles in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager

To access Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager or Functional Setup Manager, you must log in as a user with one of these Duty Roles:

- BI Applications Administrator

Users with the BI Applications Administrator Duty Role have access to all Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager screens and all FSM screens. Only users

with this Duty Role can perform system setup tasks such as managing the Oracle BI Applications instance and enabling Oracle BI Applications offerings.

- **BI Applications Developer**

Users with the BI Applications Functional Developer Duty Role have access to all Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager screens except for the System Setup screens. In FSM, these users have access to the list of functional setup tasks assigned to them, and they can perform functional setup tasks (by using the **Go to Task** option in FSM).

- **BI Applications Implementation Manager**

Users with the BI Applications Implementation Manager Duty Role have access to the Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager Overview page and dialogs for the export and import of Setup Data. In FSM, these users have access to the Configure Offerings and Manage Implementation Projects screens, but they cannot perform functional setup tasks. That is, they do not have access to the **Go to Task** option in FSM.

Setting up users with these Duty Role privileges is performed when Oracle BI Applications is set up. For more information, see the topic titled 'User Access to Configuration Manager, FSM, and Oracle Data Integrator' in Chapter 4 of *Oracle Business Intelligence Applications Installation Guide*.

To find out what Duty Role privileges have been assigned to the different users, use your LDAP tools and Oracle APM and check which users have the Duty Role privileges BIA_ADMINISTRATOR_DUTY, BIA_IMPLEMENTATION_MANAGER_DUTY, and BIA_FUNCTIONAL_DEVELOPER_DUTY. For more information about security privileges required for Oracle BI Applications components, see the topic titled "Security Overview of Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager and Functional Setup Manager" in Chapter 1 of *Oracle Business Intelligence Applications Security Guide*.

About Setup Objects in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager

Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager data includes these Setup objects.

- **Data Load Parameters** — used to control the nature of data loaded from the transactional system into the Business Analytics Warehouse. Examples: INITIAL_EXTRACT_DATE, TIME_GRAIN.
- **Domain Mappings and Member Mappings** — used to map a Source column List of Values to a Warehouse column List of Values. Example: Domain Maps for the Employee Dimension: COUNTRY -> W_COUNTRY.
- **Reporting Parameters** — correspond to Dynamic Repository Variables in the RPD and allow these variables to be set using Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager. Example: FSCM_MASTER_ORG.

About the Main Task Areas in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager

Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager has these main task areas:

- **System Setups** — Includes options to set up Source Systems, Target Databases, Warehouse Languages and so on.

- **Functional Configuration** — Includes the **Perform Functional Configurations** link, which you can use to invoke Oracle Functional Setup Manager to perform Functional Configuration.
- **Setup Data Maintenance and Administration** — Includes options to monitor the configuration settings that your Functional Developers have made using Oracle Functional Setup Manager, and to make changes where required. For example, a Functional Developer may have used a Task in FSM to set the value of `INITIAL_EXTRACT_DATE` to '2005-01-01'. If you want to change this value to '2007-01-01', you can use the Manage Data Load Parameters tab in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager to edit the value directly, instead of reassigning the Task in FSM.
- **Export and Import Configuration** — Includes options to back up your setup data and migrate it to a separate environment.

About Functional Setup Tasks in FSM

FSM has four types of Functional Setup Tasks.

- **Tasks to configure Data Load Parameters.** For example, the task 'Configure Initial Extract Date' displays Data Load Parameter `INITIAL_EXTRACT_DATE`.
- **Tasks to manage Domains and Mappings.** For example, the task 'Manage Domains and Member Mappings for Employee Dimension' displays Domain Maps for the Employee Dimension.
- **Tasks to configure Reporting Parameters.** For example, the task 'Configure Reporting Parameters for Master Organization' displays Reporting Parameter `FSCM_MASTER_ORG`.
- **Tasks that provide information.** These tasks may be:
 - A set of instructions for editing components using tools other than Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager. For example, to configure the BI Metadata Repository, you use Oracle BI EE Administration Tool. The names of these Tasks are prefixed with 'How To'.
 - Conceptual, overview or supporting information. For example, the task 'Overview of Financial Analytics' provides information about Functional Areas in this offering.

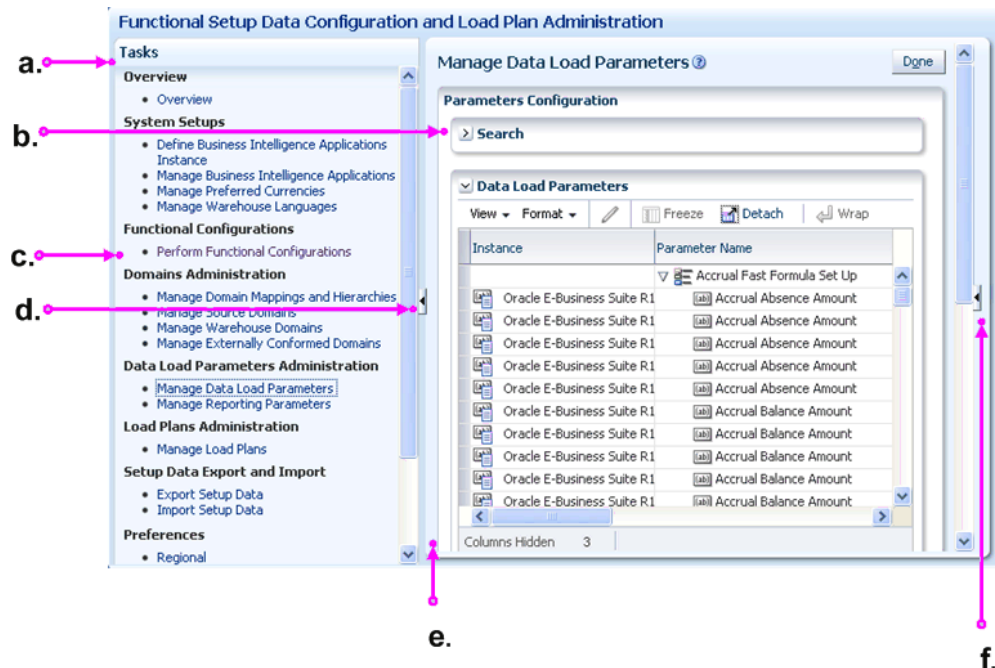
About the Work Area in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager

Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager has a main Tasks bar and a Functional Configuration work area for Domains and Mappings.

The figure shows the main Tasks bar and the Functional Configuration work area for Domains and Mappings.

Tip:

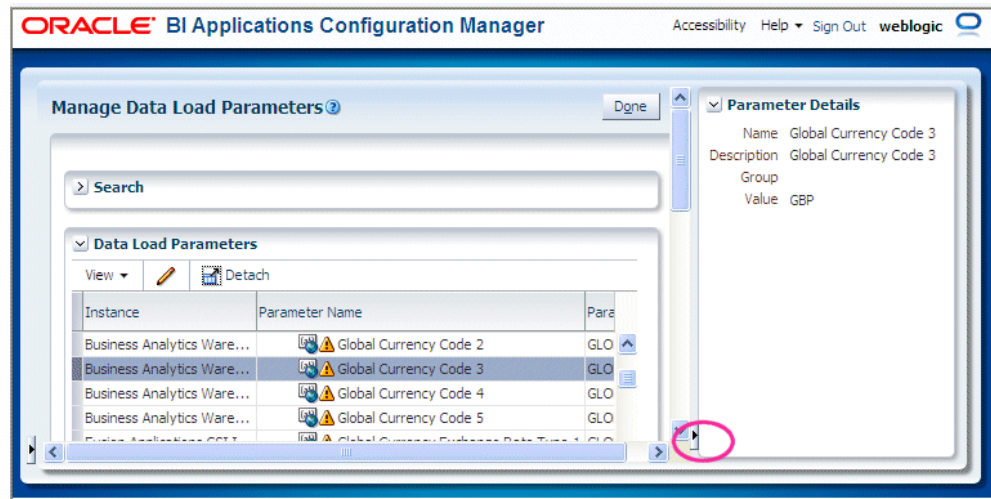
To set accessibility preferences, click the Accessibility link in the top right hand corner to display the Enable Accessibility Preferences dialog. For example, you might want to display high contrast colors, or use large fonts.



Key to figure:






- a. Tasks bar, which provides links to Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager options.
- b. Work Panel, which displays the currently selected option.
- c. The Perform Functional Configurations option starts FSM.
- d. Collapse Tasks pane. Use the Collapse Task Pane arrow to hide the Tasks bar and maximize the screen area for displaying the Setup Data pages.
- e. Resize bar for the Tasks pane.
- f. Expand/Collapse Contextual Pane arrow (for Data Load Parameters and Reporting Parameters only).

Note: Some pages (for example, the Manage Data Load Parameters page) have an additional Contextual Pane at the right hand side that can be expanded (and resized), or collapsed. The screenshot shows the Expand/Collapse Pane arrow in the bottom right hand corner of the work area.




Configuration Manager Menu Options Reference

Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager uses these menus and options.








Icon or Menu Option	Description
	Actions Use the Actions menu to display a list of available options for the currently selected object. For example, common actions are Enable, Disable, Add, and Edit.
	View Use the View menu to select which columns to view, and re-order columns.
	Format Use the Format menu to either resize the selected column or to wrap the content in the selected column.
	Freeze Use the Freeze icon to ensure that the selected column is fixed in its position and is visible even when you scroll the table horizontally.
	Detach Use the Detach icon to view a table tab in a separate larger pane. For example, use this option to view data in wide columns more easily. To re-attach a separated pane, click Detach again.

Note: If you are editing a master-detail table, the Detach option does not detach the master-detail relationship.



Icon or Menu Option	Description
 Wrap	<p>Wrap</p> <p>Use the Wrap icon to wrap the content in the selected column.</p> <p>When a column has a lot of content, by default only a part of it is displayed in the table. The Wrap option enables you to view the entire text in the column.</p>

Configuration Manager Icons Reference

Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager uses icons to provide quick access to the most popular functions.

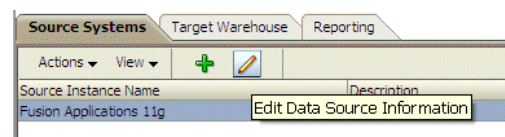
Icon or Menu Option	Description
	<p>Add</p> <p>Use the Add icon (or + symbol) to add an object.</p> <p>For example, click the Add icon on the Define BI Applications Instance - Source Systems tab to add a new Source System.</p>
	<p>Set parameter value before full data load</p> <p>This icon indicates that the value of a Data Load Parameter must be set before you perform a full load of data from the source instance to Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse.</p>
	<p>Edit</p> <p>Use the Edit icon (or pencil symbol) to edit the object that is currently selected in the table.</p> <p>For example, click the Edit icon on the Define BI Applications Instance - Source Systems tab to edit the currently selected Source System details.</p> <p>Alternatively, click on the value in the Parameter Value column to edit the value.</p>
	<p>Global Parameter</p> <p>This icon indicates that the parameter is global (that is, it applies to all (or a majority of) ETL tasks).</p>
	<p>Go To Top</p> <p>Use this icon to display the all nodes in the domain hierarchy.</p>
	<p>Go Up</p> <p>Use this icon to display the next highest level of nodes in the domain hierarchy.</p>
	<p>Overridable Parameter</p> <p>This icon indicates an overridable Application Specific parameter.</p> <p>An Overridable parameter icon indicates that each associated Fact Group or Dimension Group can have a different value.</p>

Icon or Menu Option	Description
	<p>Parameter</p> <p>This icon denotes a parameter.</p> <p>For Data Load Parameters, if displayed in the Data Load Parameters pane (or top list), then this icon indicates an Application Specific parameter.</p> <p>If displayed in the Group Specific Parameter Values For pane (or lower list), then this icon indicates a Non-Overridable Application Specific parameter, which means that each associated Fact Group or Dimension Group must have the same value. In other words, if you change the value for one Fact Group or Dimension Group, then all Fact Groups and Dimension Groups are updated with that value (if you first confirm at a Warning dialog).</p>
	<p>Show as Top</p> <p>Use this icon to display only the currently selected parent node and child nodes.</p>
	<p>Read Only Parameter</p> <p>This icon indicates that a Data Load Parameter parameter value is read-only, which means that you cannot change that parameter value on the Manage Data Load Parameter dialog.</p>
	<p>Parameter Category</p> <p>This icon denotes a grouping of related parameters, for example, the Configure Time Dimension category is a group of parameters that are related to calendars.</p> <p>To expand a Parameter Category, click Expand:</p> <p></p> <p>To collapse a Parameter Category, click Collapse:</p> <p></p>
	<p>Query By Example</p> <p>Use the Query By Example icon to toggle the display of the Query By Example fields above each display column.</p> <p>When Query By Example fields are displayed, enter a value into a Query By Example field and press [Enter] to search for records that match that value. To clear a query, clear the text in the Query By Example field and press [Enter] again.</p> <p>For example, to search for parameters with names beginning with Global, type Global in the query box above a Name column, then press [Enter]. To clear the query, clear the text 'Global' from the query box above the Name column, then press [Enter].</p> <p>For more information about how to use Query By Example, see Searching for Parameters Values Using Query By Example.</p>

Icon or Menu Option	Description
	<p>Select Date</p> <p>Use the Select Date icon to toggle the Calendar pane, which enables you to select a date. For example, on the Export Setup Data tab, select January 1 2010 to display only files that were exported on that day.</p>
	<p>Start Search</p> <p>Use the Start Search icon to display parameters matching the value or wildcard specified in the adjacent text box.</p>

Tip:

To see a tool tip for an icon, mouse-over the icon. In the screenshot, mousing-over the **Edit** icon displays the tool tip 'Edit Data Source Information'.

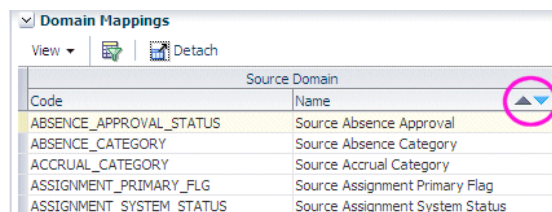


About Sorting Items

To change the sort order of displayed items, click on or mouse-over the field name on which you want to sort, then click the up arrow or down arrow that is displayed in the field label. Sort options are only displayed on mouse-over or when a field label or column is selected.

For example, to display domain names in descending alphabetical order, you might click on the **Name** field label and click the down (or Sort Descending) arrow.

The screenshot shows the sort options for the **Name** field on the Domain Mappings dialog.



Searching for Parameters Values Using Query By Example

Query By Example enables you to locate parameter values using a free-text search.

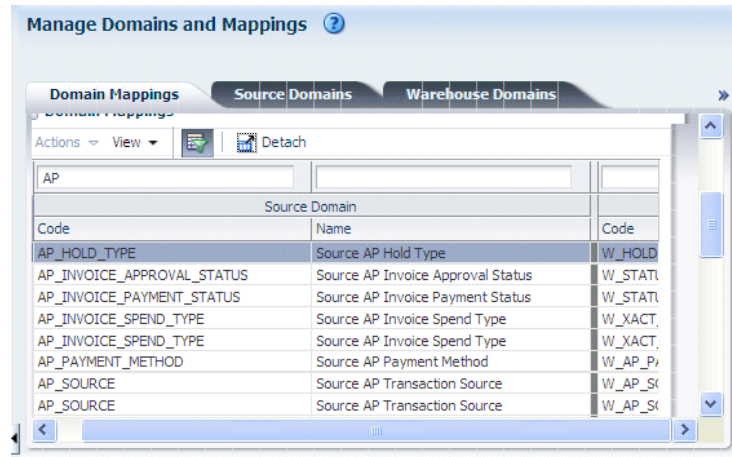
1. If the Query By Example fields are not displayed, click the **Query By Example** icon.



For information about menus, see [Configuration Manager Icons Reference](#)

2. Enter a value into each Query By Example field on which you want to search.

For example, to search for domains with a code beginning with 'AP', type AP into the box above the **Code** column.



3. Press **Enter** to start the query.
4. To clear a query, clear the text in the Query By Example field and press **Enter** again.

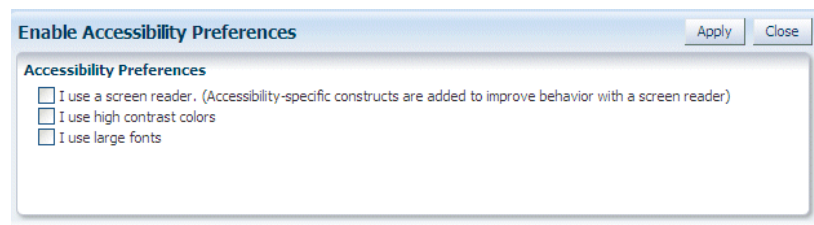
Enabling Accessibility Features In Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager

Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager provides several accessibility features.

- **Screen Reader** — this feature provides accessibility-specific constructs in the User Interface to improve the user-experience with a screen reader. For example, menu items are labelled with 'Menu Item', and tables and list items are provided with a radio button to enable navigation and selection using the Tab and Spacebar keys.
- **High contrast colors** — this feature provides high-contrast-friendly visual content, in conjunction with the high-contrast mode in the browser and in the operating system.
- **Large fonts** — this feature provides browser-zoom-friendly content in large text.

If accessibility features are not required, you should disable the above features.

1. Select the **Accessibility** link in the top right hand corner of the screen to display the Enable Accessibility Preferences page.



2. Use the check boxes to select or de-select the features.
3. Click **Apply**.

Performing Functional Configuration

This topic explains how to perform functional configuration for Oracle Business Intelligence applications.

The following concepts are covered in this topic:

- [What is Functional Configuration?](#)
- [Roadmap for Functional Configuration](#)
- [Enabling Offerings in FSM](#)
- [Creating an Implementation Project and Selecting Offerings](#)
- [Additional Steps for Managing Projects in FSM](#)

What is Functional Configuration?

Accurate and successful movement of data from source database to target Business Analytics Warehouse requires several functional setups of BI Applications Offerings to be performed. These functional setups, based on either business requirements or on transactional source system settings or configurations, direct the manner in which relevant data is moved and transformed from source database to target database.

Additionally, some functional setups of BI Applications control the manner in which data is displayed. Functional setups are also called functional configurations. For more information, see [Roadmap for Functional Configuration](#).

About Starting ETL After Functional Configuration

After all Tasks have been completed in FSM, use the ETL and Additional Information for <Offering> Informational Task (if available) to determine the Load Plan details that you must specify to perform ETL for that Offering. The ETL and Additional Information for <Offering> Informational Task specifies Subject Areas that you must include in the Load Plan, and other ETL requirements.

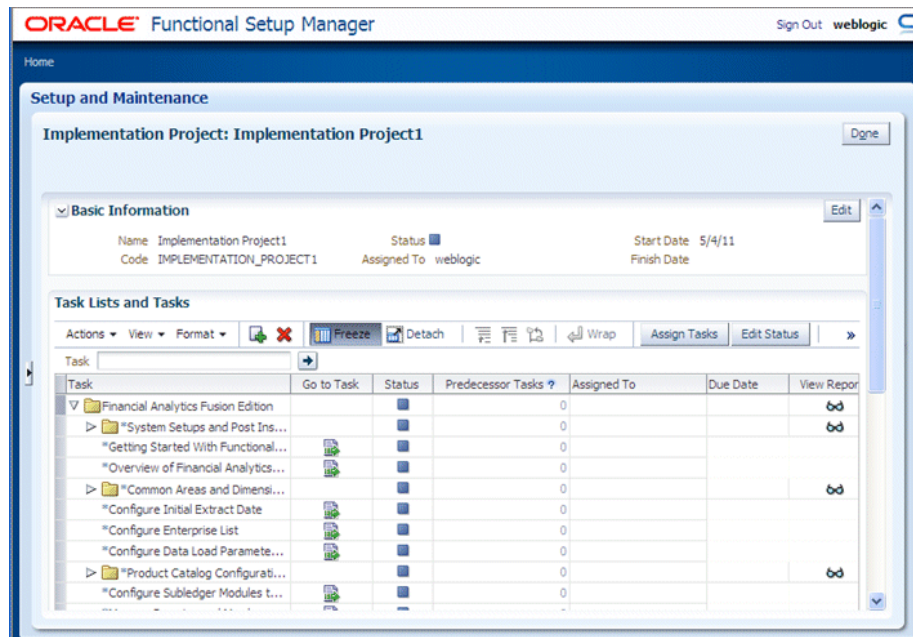
About Administrator Passwords

When you launch FSM from Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, you log into FSM using the same user name and password that you used to log into Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager.

About Task Lists and Tasks for Oracle Business Intelligence Applications Offerings

When you navigate to an Implementation Project in Functional Setup Manager (FSM), you see the Tasks related to the Offering specified for that Implementation Project.

The example screenshot shows the Functional Tasks for Oracle Financial Analytics.



For more information about types of Functional Task, see [About Functional Setup Tasks in FSM](#).

The following Task Lists and Tasks are available for Oracle Business Intelligence Applications:

- Getting Started with <Offering> — Each Offering has this Informational Task, which provides an overview of that Offering, and any other information that you need to begin configuration.
- ETL and Additional Information for <Offering> — Each Offering has this Informational Task, which lists Functional Areas, and other useful information about configuring the Offering.
- System Setup and Post-Install Setup — This task must be completed once per Oracle BI Applications deployment by the System Administrator before Functional Configuration can begin on any Offering, and includes all mandatory post-installation steps for Oracle BI Applications.
- Common Areas and Dimensions — This Task List includes Tasks that are common to multiple Offerings. For more information about completing common Tasks, see [About Completing Tasks in the Common Areas and Dimensions Configurations Task List](#).
- <Offering specific Tasks> — For a full list of functional Tasks for each Offering, use the Task List and Task reports that are available in FSM.

Roadmap for Functional Configuration

Configure Oracle Business Intelligence Applications by following this high-level roadmap.

To launch FSM, click the **Perform Functional Configurations** link in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager. If Single Sign-On has not been configured between Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager and FSM, you will be required to log into FSM. You use the same login credentials for FSM as you did for Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager.

1. Configure the Offerings and Modules to deploy.

For example, you might deploy Oracle Financial Analytics, with Functional Areas: Accounts Payable, Accounts Receivable, and General Ledger. For more information, see [Enabling Offerings in FSM](#).

2. Create an Implementation Project and select an Offering and one or more Modules.

For example, you might create an Implementation Project to configure Oracle Financial Analytics, with Functional Areas: Accounts Payable, Accounts Receivable, and General Ledger. For more information, see [Creating an Implementation Project and Select Offerings](#).

Important: When you create an Implementation Project, FSM generates the Tasks required to configure the specified Offerings. By default, the Tasks are assigned to the BI Administrator user. If required, you can optionally assign Tasks to Functional Developers, who will then perform the Tasks.

3. (Optional) Assign the Tasks for the specified Offerings and BI modules to one or more Functional Developers.

For example, you might assign Accounts Payable tasks to user Fred, Accounts Receivable tasks to user Jill, and General Ledger tasks to user Mike. For more information about configuration in large projects, see [Additional Steps for Managing Projects in FSM](#).

Alternatively, the Tasks can be performed by the default BI Administrator user. For more information, see [Assigning Tasks to Functional Developers](#).

4. Complete the functional configuration Tasks by clicking the **Go to Task** link.

To access the 'Go To Task' option in FSM, you must be logged into FSM as a user with either BI Applications Functional Developer Duty privileges or BI Applications Administrator Duty privileges.

For example, user Fred performs the Tasks related to General Ledger.

For more information, see [Additional Steps for Managing Projects in FSM](#).

5. Monitor the progress of the Implementation Project to check that the tasks have been completed.

For example, you might use the 'Parameters by Offerings' report on the Overview page to monitor the number of parameters with no values specified. In addition, Functional Setup Manager provides charts for monitoring the progress of Implementation Projects. For more information, see [Monitoring Implementation Projects](#).

When functional Configuration is complete, you are ready to start ETL. For information about performing ETL, see *Oracle Business Intelligence Applications ETL Guide*.

6. If required, use Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager to make changes to the setup data.

For example, the Implementation Manager might use the Domains and Mappings page in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager to add a Domain, or to resolve unmapped domain values. For more information about making configuration changes in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, see

Locating Unmapped Domain Values in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager.

After each significant configuration update, it is recommended that you back up the configuration data by using the Export feature. The backup data is useful if there is a need for disaster recovery and the recent configuration changes are lost in that process.

Enabling Offerings in FSM

At the start of a deployment project, you must enable your Offerings and Functional Areas for implementation.

Note: The Offerings that you enable here using FSM must match the Offerings that you enable in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager. For example, if you enable Oracle Financial Analytics in FSM, you must also enable Oracle Financial Analytics in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager.

If you do not enable an Offering for implementation, then you will not be able to configure that Offering using FSM.

1. From the Tasks bar in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select the **Perform Functional Configurations** link to launch Functional Setup Manager.
2. Select the **Configure Offerings** link in the Tasks bar, to display the Configure Offerings page.
3. For each Offering and Functional Area that you want to deploy:
 - a. Select the **Enable for Implementation** check box next to the Offering and each Functional Area within that Offering that you want to deploy.

Offering	Description	Provisioned	Enable for Impl...	Implement... Status ?
Customer Data Management Analytics Fusion Edition		No	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not Started
Financial Analytics Fusion Edition		No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Not Started
Accounts Payable Functional Area			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Not Started
Accounts Receivable Functional Area			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Not Started
Fixed Assets Functional Area			<input type="checkbox"/>	Not Started
General Ledger Functional Area			<input type="checkbox"/>	Not Started
Employee Expense Functional Area			<input type="checkbox"/>	Not Started
Profitability Functional Area			<input type="checkbox"/>	Not Started
Human Resources Analytics Fusion Edition		No	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not Started
Marketing Analytics Fusion Edition		No	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not Started
Partner Analytics Fusion Edition		No	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not Started
Procurement and Spend Analytics Fusion Edition		No	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not Started
Product Information Management Analytics Fusion Edition		No	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not Started
Project Analytics Fusion Edition		No	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not Started
Sales Analytics Fusion Edition		No	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not Started

Note: If the value in the Provisioned column for the selected Offering is No, then you will see the following warning:

Warning: This offering is not provisioned. Offering implementations cannot be completed until the offering is provisioned. Do you want to continue?

If you want to continue, click **Yes**.

- b. Select any other options that are specific to the Offerings that you have selected.

For example, if you have selected the Financials Offering, then you must use the **Subledger Accounting Rules** field to specify the appropriate accounting method.

4. Save your changes.

Creating an Implementation Project and Selecting Offerings

Use Functional Setup Manager to create an Implementation Project to configure an Offering and the Modules that you want to deploy. For example, if you have installed Oracle Fusion Applications HCM, you might create an Implementation Project to configure the ETL for Oracle Fusion Applications HCM.

To configure ETL for Oracle Fusion Applications, you must create at least one Implementation Project. When you create an Implementation Project, you select the Offering to deploy as part of that project.

When you create an Implementation Project, FSM generates the Tasks required to configure the specified Offerings. By default, the Tasks are assigned to the BI Administrator user. If required, you can optionally assign Tasks to Functional Developers, who will then perform the Tasks.

1. From the Tasks bar in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select the **Perform Functional Configurations** link to launch Functional Setup Manager.
2. Display the Manage Implementation Projects page, choose **Actions**, then **Create** to display the Enter Basic Information page.
3. Use the Enter Basic Information page to specify the project details.

A default **Name**, **Code**, and **Description** are created for you. You can change these values if required. If you change the **Code** value, you must specify a unique code.

Tip:

Use the **Name** field to specify a meaningful project name that includes the Offerings being deployed. After selecting an Offering and Functional Area(s) for implementation as part of the IP in the next step, there is no way to go back and see which Offerings and Functional Area(s) had been selected.

The screenshot displays the 'Create Implementation Project: Enter Basic Information' page. The form contains the following fields and values:

- Name:** IP-Financials_and_Procurement
- Code:** IP_FINANCIALS_AND_PROCCUREME
- Description:** IP-Financials_and_Procurement
- Status:** Not Started
- Assigned To:** APPLICATION_IMPLEMENTATION_CONSULTANT (dropdown menu)
- Start Date:** 11/10/10
- Finish Date:** (empty)

Navigation buttons at the top include 'Back', 'Next', 'Save and Open Project', and 'Cancel'.

- Click **Next** to display the Select Offerings to Implement page.

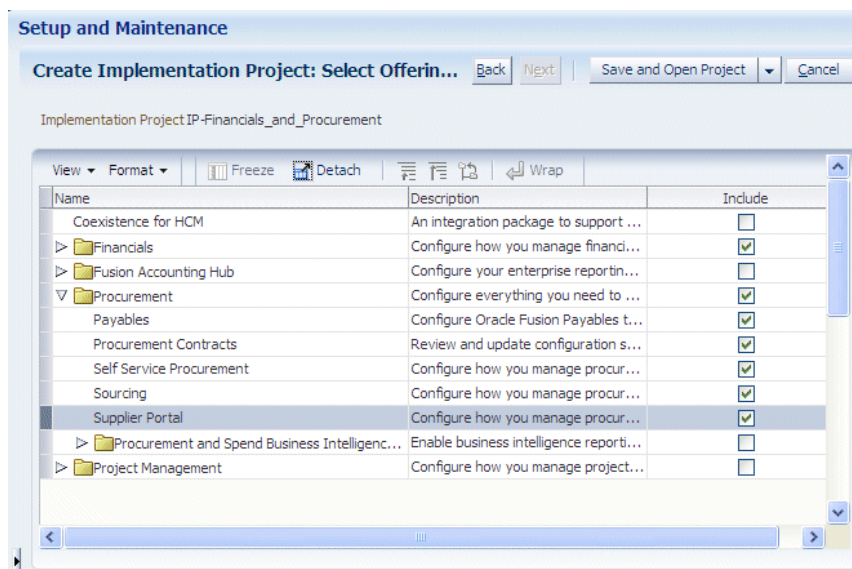
Note:

Do not click **Save and Open Project** because that option creates an incomplete Implementation Project, for which you cannot later specify an Offering and Functional Areas.

- Use the Select Offerings to Implement page to specify the Offering and the Functional Areas to include in the project.

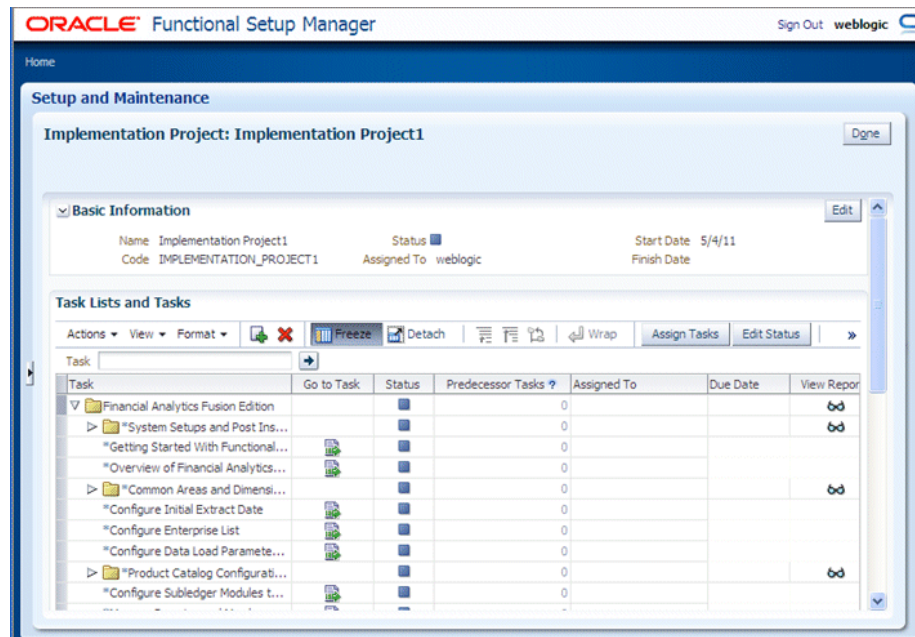
For example, if you are configuring Oracle Procurement and Spend Analytics with Payables and Sourcing, you select the **Include** check boxes next to **Procurement**, **Payables**, and **Sourcing**.

Note: To make Offerings easier to manage, Oracle recommends that you deploy one Offering in an Implementation Project. In other words, if you are deploying three Offerings, then create three Implementation Projects.



- Save the details.

When you save the project, FSM generates the list of configuration tasks for the Offering and Functional Areas that you included in the Implementation Project.



Additional Steps for Managing Projects in FSM

When you create an Implementation Project, FSM generates a list of Tasks required to configure the selected Offering and Functional Areas.

You can perform the functional configuration of an Offering in two ways:

- In a small deployment, a single person logged in with BI Applications Administrator Duty privileges can configure Offerings using the **Go to Task** links. For more information, see [Performing Functional Tasks Using the Administrator Role](#).
- In a large deployment, a team of Functional Developers typically configure Offerings, as follows:
 - The Implementation Manager assigns Tasks to Functional Developers.
 - Functional Developers logged in with BI Applications Functional Developer Duty privileges configure the Offerings (for more information, see [Performing Functional Tasks Using the Functional Developer Role](#)).

When you complete a Functional Task in FSM, you update the status of the Task (for example, to 'Completed', or 'Completed with Errors').

When you click **Go To Task** for an Informational Task, you display a list of steps that you must perform externally to FSM. For example, you might need to use Oracle BI EE Administration Tool to configure a value in the BI metadata repository. When you have completed the steps listed in the Informational Task, you must manually set the status of the Task to 'Completed'.

If a parameter value must be re-set after the initial configuration is completed, then the BI Administrator can alternatively use the Setup Data Maintenance and Administration options in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager.

Assigning Tasks to Functional Developers

You assign Tasks to Functional Developers so that large configuration projects can be worked on by multiple people. By default, Tasks are assigned to the BI Applications Administrator user. When you assign a Task to a Functional Developer, that Task is displayed in the Assigned Implementation Tasks tab in FSM when that person is logged into FSM.

1. From the **Tasks** bar in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select the **Perform Functional Configurations** link to start FSM.

You must be logged into Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager with the Implementation Manager (or Administrator role).

2. Display the Implementation Projects tab, and select the Implementation Project.
3. On the Task Lists and Tasks pane, select one or more Tasks, click **Assign Task** to display the Assign Tasks page.

4. Use the Assign Tasks page to search for and select appropriate Functional Developers.

When Functional Developers log in and display the Assigned Implementation Tasks tab, they only see the Tasks that have been assigned to them. When BI Administrators log in and display the Implementation Projects tab, they see all Tasks.

Performing Functional Tasks Using the Administrator Role

In a small deployment project, a single person with BI Applications Administrator Duty privileges might perform the setup and functional configuration tasks for Oracle BI Applications.

When you log into FSM with BI Applications Administrator Duty privileges, you see all Tasks that are included in an Implementation Project.

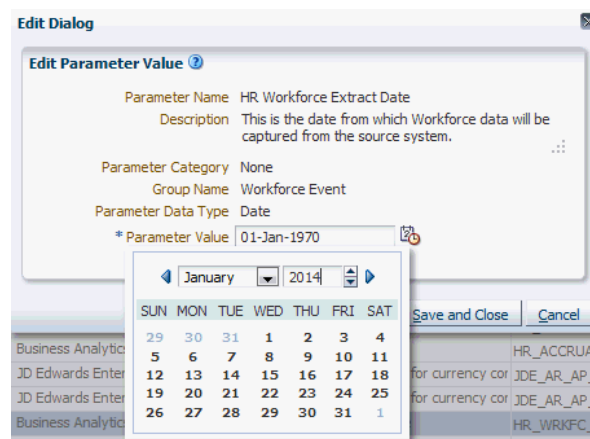
1. From the Tasks bar in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select the **Perform Functional Configurations** link to start FSM.

You must be logged into Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager with BI Applications Administrator Duty privileges.

2. Display the Implementation Projects tab, and select the Implementation Project that you created for your Offerings.
3. On the Task Lists and Tasks pane, select a Task, and click **Go to Task**.

When you click **Go to Task**, you display a configuration screen that enables you complete the task.

For example, the screenshot shows the configuration screen for specifying the date for the Data Load Parameter named HR Workforce Extract Date.



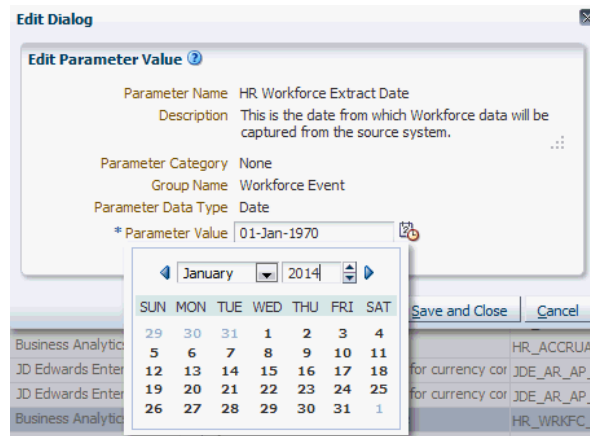
Performing Functional Tasks Using the Functional Developer Role

In a medium to large deployment project, a number of Functional Developers might perform functional tasks for an Offering. When you log into Functional Setup Manager with the Functional Developer role, you only see Tasks that have been assigned to you. You do not see Tasks that have been assigned to other Functional Developers.

1. Log into Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager with the Functional Developer role.
2. From the Tasks bar in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select the **Perform Functional Configurations** link.
3. Display the Assigned Implementation Tasks tab.
4. On the Task Lists and Tasks pane, select a Task, and click **Go to Task**.

When you click **Go to Task**, you display a configuration screen that enables you complete the task.

For example, the screenshot shows the configuration screen for specifying the date for the Data Load Parameter named HR Workforce Extract Date.



Monitoring Implementation Projects

Use Functional Setup Manager to monitor Implementation Projects to track the progress of an project.

1. From the Tasks bar in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select the **Perform Functional Configurations** link to start FSM.

You must be logged into Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager with an Implementation Manager role.

2. Display the Implementation Projects tab, and select the Implementation Project that you want to deploy.

For example, the Overview page enables you to monitor progress using pie chart.

3. Use the Implementation Project Details pane to monitor the status of the project.

You can also use Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager to monitor the progress of a project, maintain setup data, and extend Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse if required. For more information, see [Administering and Maintaining Functional Configuration Data](#).

Monitoring Functional Setup Tasks

Monitor Functional Tasks that are assigned to you to track your progress in configuring the ETL for the Oracle Fusion Applications that are being deployed.

1. From the Tasks bar in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select the **Perform Functional Configurations** link to start FSM.

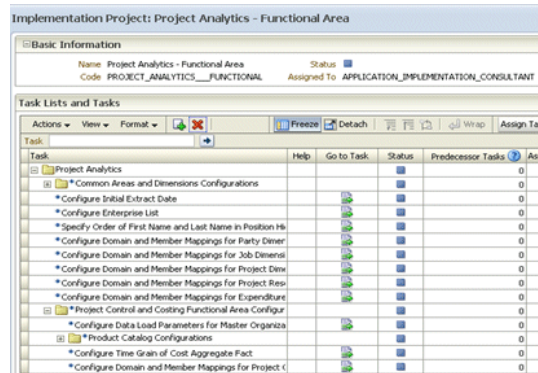
You must be logged into Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager with the Administrator role.

2. Display the Manage Implementation Projects page, and select the Implementation Project that you want to deploy.
3. Use the graphs and charts to monitor the progress on the selected Implementation Project.

About Completing Tasks in the Common Areas and Dimensions Configurations Task List

Whichever Offerings you include in an Implementation Project, the Tasks will include a Common Areas and Dimensions Configurations Task List, which includes tasks that are common to multiple Offerings.

For example, Configure Global Currencies is a task that is common to multiple Offerings.



After you complete a Task, you must change its status to 'Completed'. For Tasks that are listed under Completed Tasks in the Common Areas and Dimensions Configurations, a change in task status is applied across all Offerings in the implementation project. In other words, you only need to perform the Tasks under Common Areas and Dimension Configurations Task List once for each implementation project.

About Administering and Maintaining Functional Configuration Data

During an Oracle BI Applications deployment project, you use Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager and Functional Setup Manager to manage and make changes to configuration values for Data Load Parameters, Domains and Mappings, and Reporting Parameters.

Functional Configuration Data for Oracle BI Applications is:

- Configured using Functional Tasks in Functional Setup Manager.
- Monitored and updated using Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager.

Functional Configuration Data for Oracle BI Applications is information about the following:

- Domains and mappings
- Data load parameters
- Reporting parameters

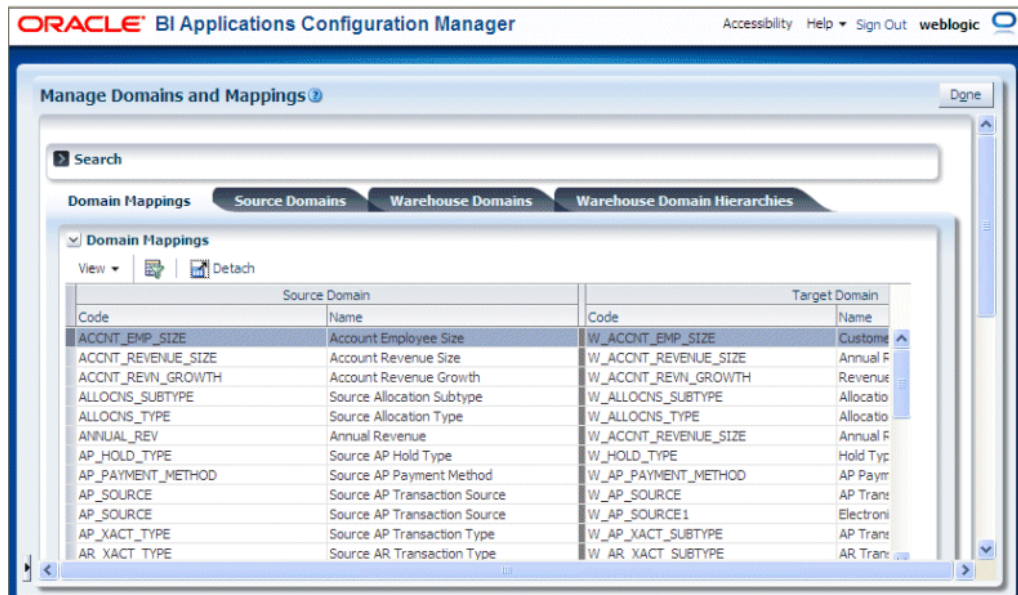
Roadmap for Setup Data Maintenance and Administration

Follow this high-level roadmap for Setup Data Maintenance and Administration.

Prerequisites:

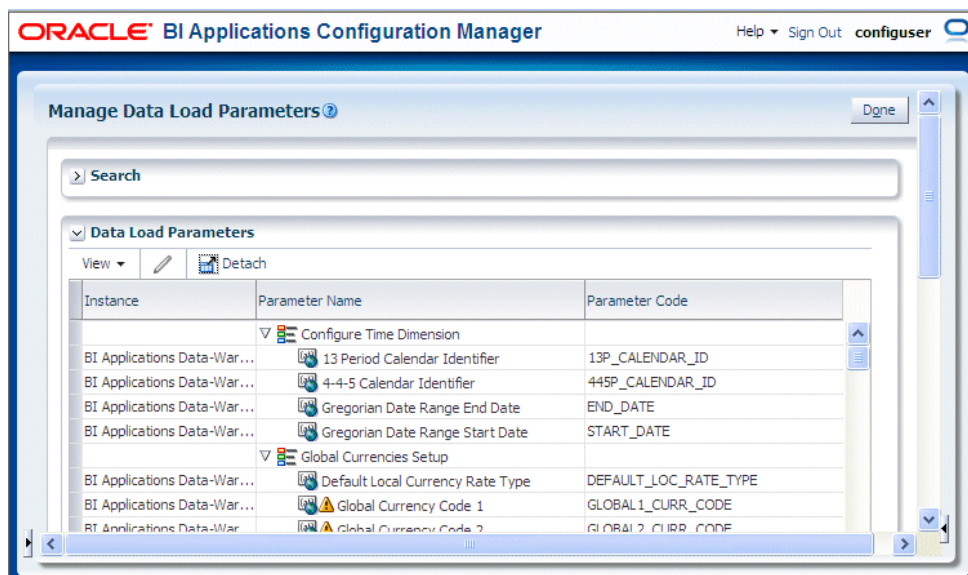
Before you configure Oracle BI Applications, you must install and set up Oracle BI Applications according to the instructions in Chapter 4, *Setting Up Oracle Business Intelligence Applications*.

1. During the Functional Configuration stage, you typically use Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager to monitor the setup data values that have been specified using Tasks in Functional Setup Manager.
 - To monitor Domain Mappings, in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select the **Manage Domains and Domain Mappings** link from the Tasks bar to display the select Manage Domains and Domain Mappings dialog.



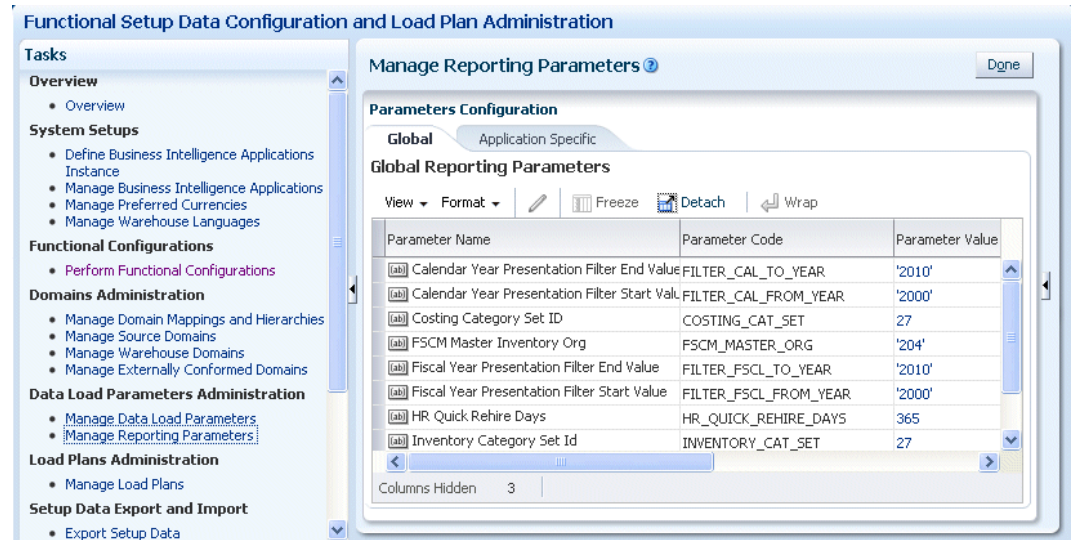
Alternatively, in Functional Setup Manager, select the **Go to Task** link for a Task that updates a Domain or Domain Member mappings. For example, the Task name 'Manage Domains and Member Mappings for Employee Dimension' updates Domain and Domain Member Mappings.

- To monitor Data Load Parameters, select the **Data Load Parameters** link from the Tasks bar to display the select Manage Data Load Parameters dialog.



Alternatively, in Functional Setup Manager, select the **Go to Task** link for a Task that updates a Data Load Parameter value. For example, the Task named 'Configure Data Load Parameter Workforce Adjusted Service Date' updates a Data Load Parameter value.

- To monitor Reporting Parameters, select the **Manage Reporting Parameters** link from the Tasks bar to display the select Manage Reporting Parameters dialog.



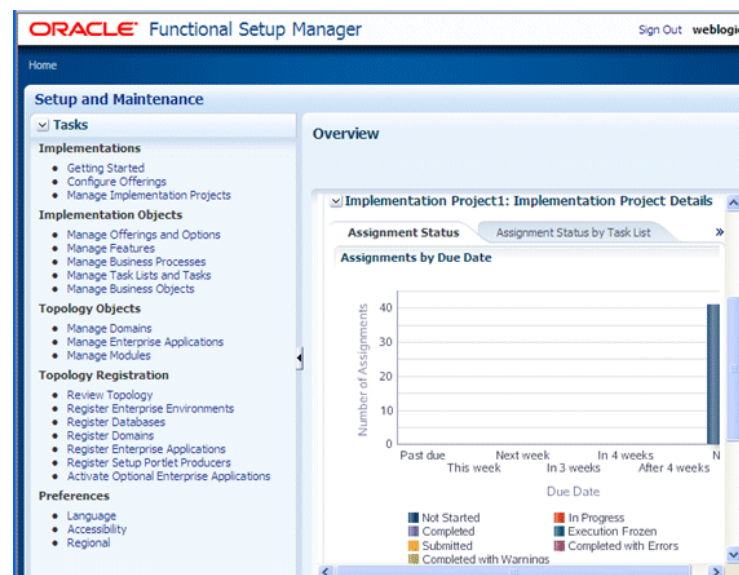
Alternatively, in Functional Setup Manager, select the **Go to Task** link for a Task that updates a Reporting Parameter. For example, the Task named 'Configure Reporting Parameters for Year Prompting' updates a Reporting Parameter.

Tip:

Domain values can be used to define delivered business metrics; therefore, you must review the delivered domain member values and map them to the correct source values.

2. During Functional Configuration of purchased Offerings, you use Functional Setup Manager to monitor the status of Tasks and the setup data values that have been set.

For example, you might use the Implementation Project page in Functional Setup Manager to assess the number of completed tasks.



3. If required, you use Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager to make changes to the configuration values. For more information, see [Changing Configuration Values Using Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager](#).
4. If required, you use Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager to add Domains or Domain Member values. For more information, see [Adding Target Domain Members](#).
5. If required, you use Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager to configure Externally Conformed Domains. For more information, see [Configuring Externally Conformed Domains](#).

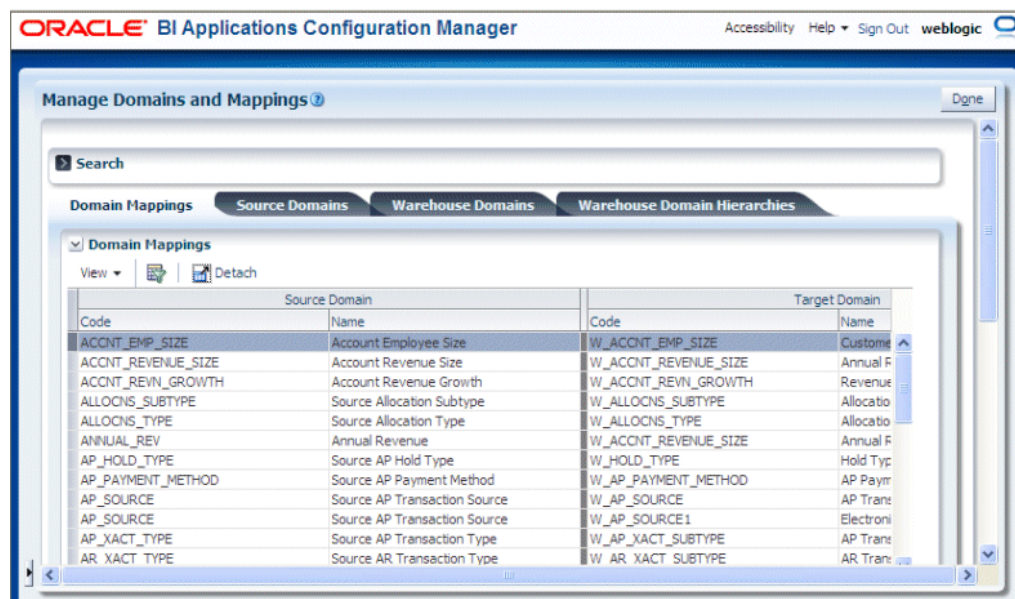
About Working With Domains and Domain Mappings

Domains are pre-seeded dimensional values that help define business metrics. For example, in Financial Analytics, domains store information about the General Ledger accounts.

Domains are typically located in the source system. If domains are not available in a source system, then they can be sourced from a flat file. For example, domains for Oracle Price Analytics are loaded using the flat file `file_domain_member_gs.csv`. This file will also be used in order to supply source domains for Universal adaptor.

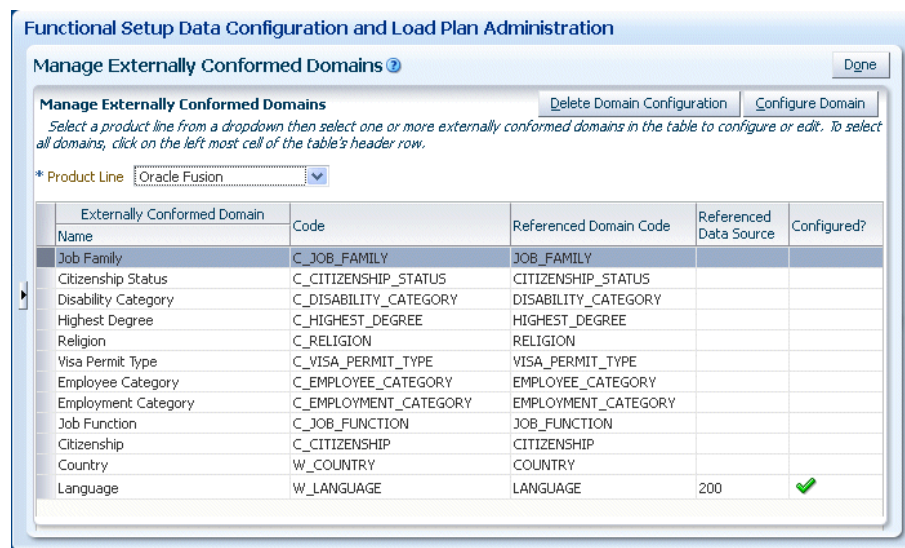
To manage Domains, you use these dialogs:

- For general Domains, you use the Manage Domains and Mappings dialog.
To display the Manage Domains and Mappings dialog, do one:
 - In Functional Setup Manager, select the **Go to Task** link for a Task that updates a Domain and Domain Member mappings.
 - In Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select the **Manage Domain Mappings and Hierarchies** link in the Tasks pane.



The Manage Domains and Mappings dialog contains these tabs:

- Domain Mappings - this tab shows how data fields in the Source System map to data fields in Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse (for more information, see [About Domain Mappings and Domain Member Mappings](#)).
- Source domains - this tab shows data fields and Domain Members in the Source System (for more information, see [About Source Domains](#)).
- Warehouse Domains - this tab shows data fields and Warehouse Members in Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse (for more information, see [About Warehouse Domains](#)).
- Warehouse Domain Hierarchies - this tab shows Domains that have been organized into hierarchies to enable the data to be more effectively analyzed (for more information about this tab, see [About Warehouse Domain Hierarchies](#)).
- For externally sourced Domains, you use the Manage Externally Conformed Domains dialog.



For more information about how to configure externally conformed domains, see [Configuring Externally Conformed Domains](#).

Why Are Some Domains Non-Extensible?

To maintain data integrity in Oracle Business Intelligence Applications, some domains have been designed as non-extensible, and are therefore read-only.

If a domain is non-extensible, then when the domain is selected, the following options are greyed out:

- the Edit icon in the Domain Member Mappings pane (on the Manage Domain Mappings and Hierarchies: Domain Mappings tab or Manage Domain Mappings and Hierarchies: Warehouse Domain Hierarchies tab).
- the Add Target Domain Member button (on the Edit Domain Member Mappings dialog).
- the Add Warehouse Domain Member button (on the Manage Warehouse Domains: Warehouse Domains tab \ Warehouse Members pane).

About Domain Mappings and Domain Member Mappings

Domain Mappings specify how data in a source system is extracted and loaded into Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse. For example, the data in domain Source Group Account (BI_GROUP_ACCOUNT) extracts and loads into the domain Group Account (W_GL_GROUP_ACCOUNT).

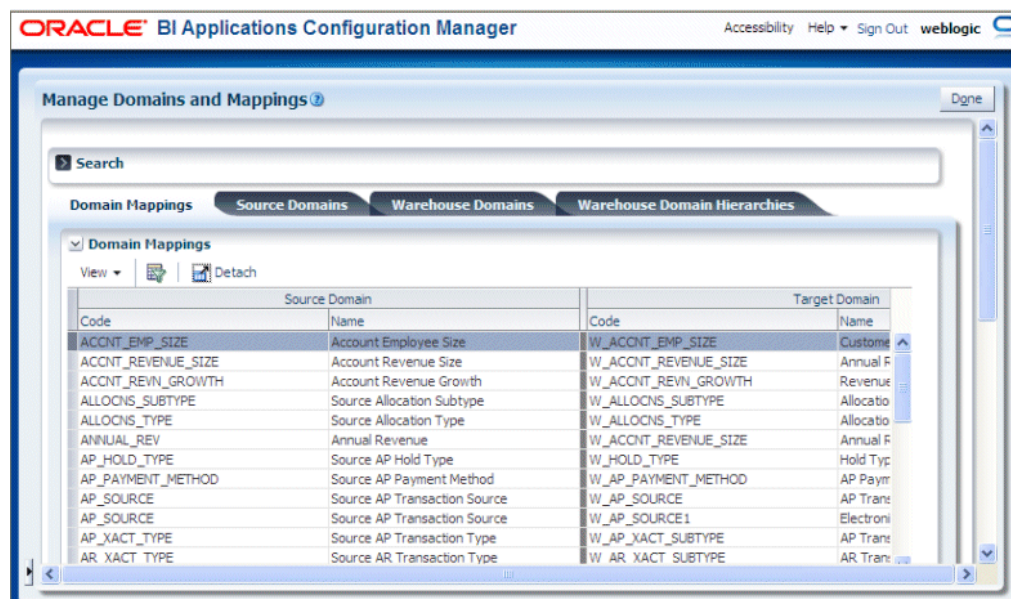
Domain Members are the permitted values for a Source or Warehouse Domain. For example, the Domain Members for MARITAL_STATUS include D for Divorced, M for Married, S for Single, and so on.

Tip:

Domain values can be used to define delivered business metrics; therefore, you must review the delivered domain member values and map them to the correct source values.

Domain Mappings specify how entities in a Source System application are loaded into Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse.

The screenshot shows example domain mappings for Oracle Financial Analytics.



Domain Member Mappings specify how domain member data in a source system is extracted and loaded into domain member data in Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse. For example, in Oracle HR Analytics, domain Gender (W_SEX_MF_CODE) has a source value 'Male' that is mapped to a domain member value 'M' in Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse.

About Regular Domains and Band Domains

There are two types of Domains.

Regular Domains

Regular Domains have members consisting of a single value. For example, members for a Purchase Order Status domain might have the following members:

- Cancelled

- Closed
- Incomplete

These single values map to single member values in the target system. For example, Cancelled maps to Cancelled, Closed maps to Closed, and so on.

Band Domains

Band Domains have members consisting of two values (Range Start, and Range End) that specify a range. For example, an Account Employee Size domain might have the following members:

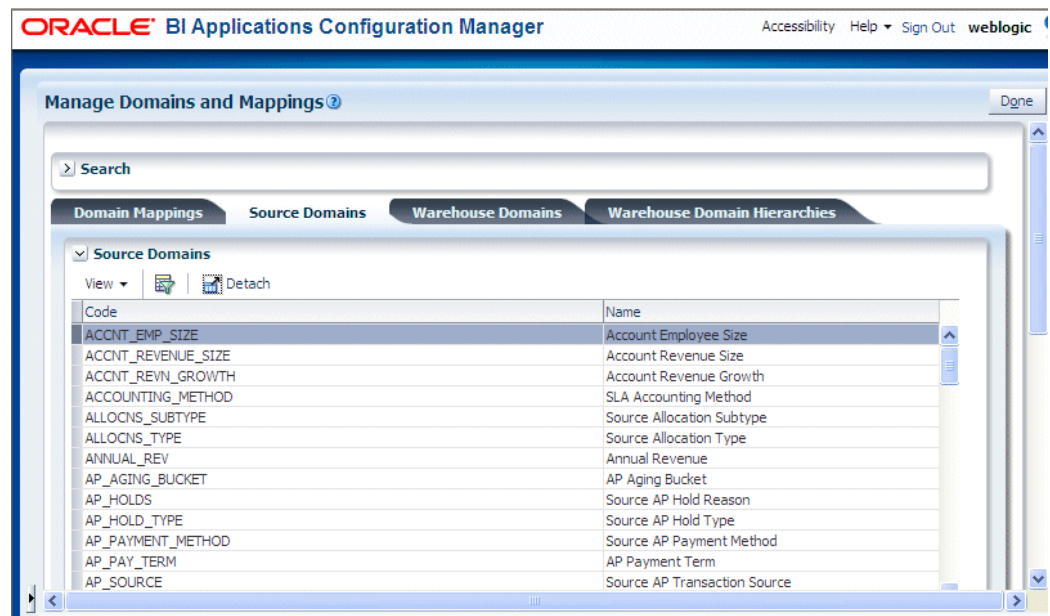
- 1, 5000
- 5001, 10,000
- 10,001, 1,000,000.

Each range maps to a single target Domain Member. For example, 1, 5000 maps to Small, 5001, 10,000 maps to Medium, and so on.

About Source Domains

Data fields in a Source System application are referred to as Source Domains.

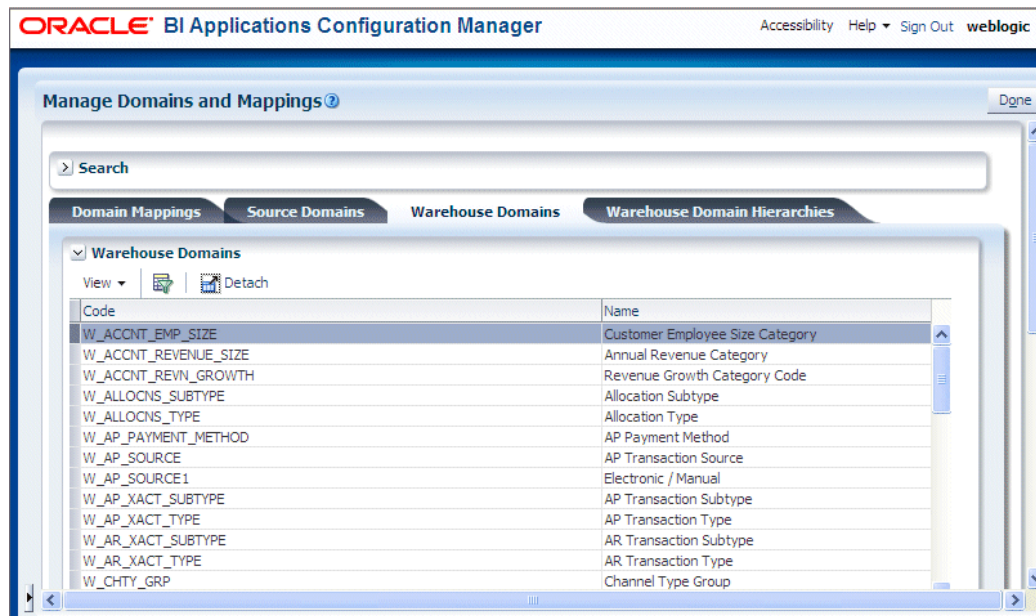
The screenshot shows example source domains for Oracle Financial Analytics. Source Domains displayed on the Source Domains tab are read-only.



About Warehouse Domains

Data fields in Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse are referred to as Warehouse Domains.

The screenshot shows example warehouse domains for Oracle Financial Analytics.



About Warehouse Domain Hierarchies

Warehouse Domain Hierarchies are Domains that have been organized into hierarchies to enable the data to be more effectively analyzed. For example, in Oracle HR Analytics, you might need to have a workforce event hierarchy: Event Group -> Event Sub-group -> Event Detail.

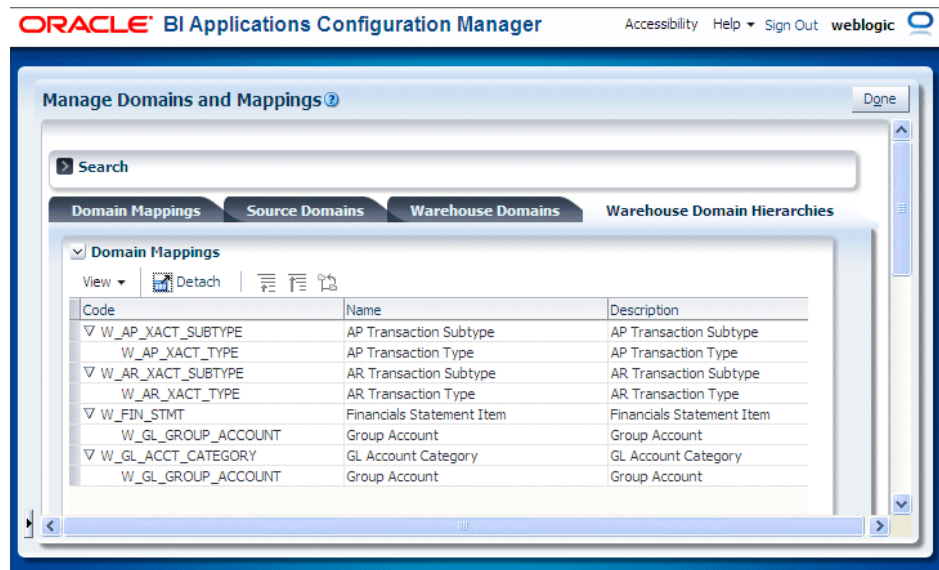
Domain Hierarchies are displayed in inverted format, that is in the following format:

```
<Child 1>\
  <Child n>\
    <Parent>
```

Viewing Domain Hierarchies

To view Domain Hierarchies, select the Manage Domain Mappings and Hierarchies link on the Tasks bar, then display the Warehouse Domain Hierarchies tab.

The screenshot shows example warehouse domain hierarchies for Oracle Financial Analytics.



In the screenshot, the child node AP Transaction Subtype is shown above and to the left of the parent node AP Transaction Type. Domain Hierarchies are read-only. However, you can change the domain mappings.

For field level help for the Warehouse Domains Hierarchies dialog, see the online Help, or the *Oracle BI Applications Functional Configuration Reference* in the documentation library.

About Setting Up Domain Member Mappings

Oracle Business Intelligence Applications ships default domain value mappings that map the seeded BI Application domain values to the seeded configuration data in Oracle Enterprise Resource Planning applications.

When you configure your Offerings, you review the default mappings for domain values, and if necessary update them to suit the categories that you want to use to report on your data.

For example, in Oracle HR Analytics, the default domain values for Performance Range might be similar to the following:

0 - 50: PERF_RANGE_1

50 - 60: PERF_RANGE_2

60 - 70: PERF_RANGE_3.

If you want to use these default categories, you do not need to make any changes to these mappings before you start your ETL processes.

For example, you might want to change the range for PERF_RANGE_1 from 0 - 50 to 0 - 100. Or you might want to add a new category named PERF_RANGE_4 and assign the range 100 - 500 to the new PERF_RANGE_4 category.

Editing a Domain Member Mapping

You can edit a Domain Member Mapping if you need to change it from the default values.

1. Navigate to the Domain that you want to edit.

To display the Domain Mapping tab:

- In Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select **Manage Domain Mappings and Hierarchies** in the Tasks pane, display the Domain Mappings tab, then select a Domain.
 - In Functional Setup Manager, select the **Go to Task** link for a Task that updates a Domain or Domain Member Mappings.
2. Scroll down to the Domain Member Mappings pane.

Manage Domain Mappings and Hierarchies

Source AR Transaction Type: AR_XACT_TYPE | AR Transaction Subtype

Source Country: COUNTRY | Country

Source Currency: CURRENCY | Currency

Source Expense Payment Method: EXM_EXPENSE_PAYMENT_METHOD | Conformed Expense Payment Me

Source Transaction Status: FIN_XACT_SUBSTATUS | Transaction Status

Columns Hidden: 10

Domain Member Mappings

View | Format | Source Domain Members | Freeze | Detach | Wrap

Name	Code	Name
Default Country	*	
All Countries		
Andorra	AD	
United Arab Emirates (UAE)	AE	
Afghanistan	AF	
Antigua and Barbuda	AG	
Anguilla	AI	
Albania	AL	
Armenia	AM	
Netherlands Antilles	AN	
Angola	AO	

3. Click the **Edit Domain Member Mappings** icon.

Edit Domain Member Mappings

Domain Member Mappings | Save | Save and Close | Cancel

View | Source Members | Sync To Source | Add Target Domain Member | Batch Edit | Change

Source Domain Member		Target Domain Member	
JOB_FAMILY	Name	C_JOB_FAMILY	Name
100000011571296	ZBEN_JOB_Family_001		
100000011571325	Administration		
100000011571332	Clinical		
100000011571422	Finance & Accounting		
100000011890074	Finance and Accounting		
100000011890078	Clinical		
100000011890082	Administrative		
100000011890371	Human Resources		
100000012265006	BG1		
100000013573120	ZHRX-US-Sales2		
100000013573124	ZHRX-US-Development		
100000014963151	HR		
100000014963164	Finance and Accounting		
100000014963208	Financial		

Rows Selected: 1 | Columns Hidden: 2

4. Edit the domain mapping values.

Adding a Range Member Mapping

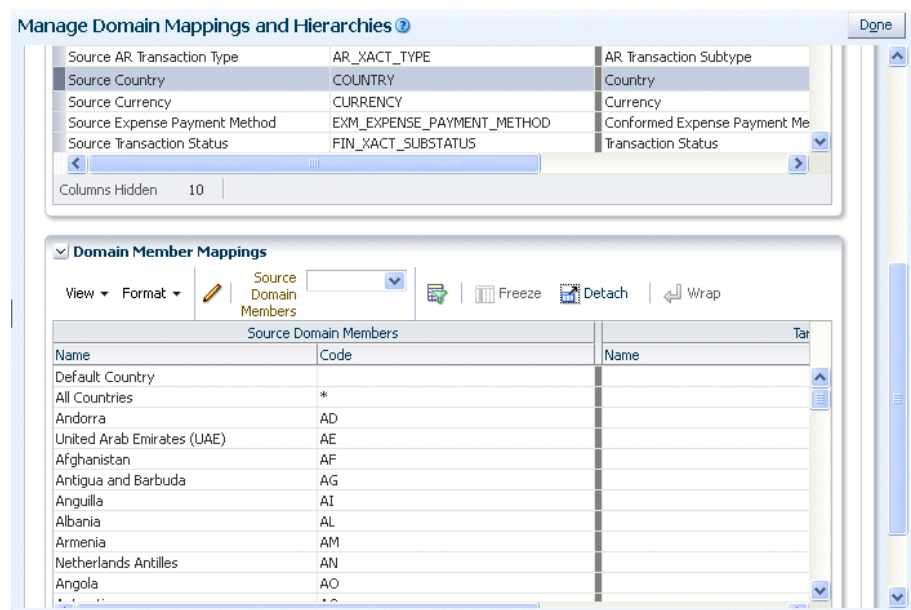
You can add a Range Member Mapping to a domain for which you can specify ranges.

1. Navigate to the Domain that you want to edit.

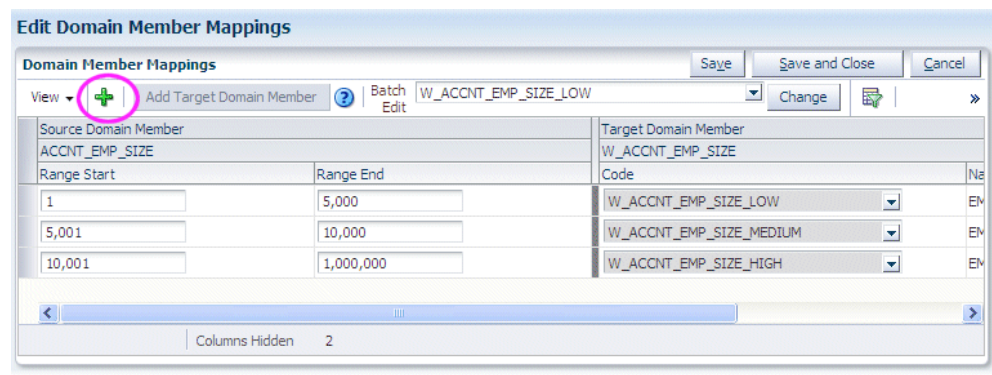
To display the Domain Mapping tab:

- In Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select the **Manage Domain Mappings and Hierarchies** link in the Tasks pane, display the Domain Mappings tab, then select a banded (or ranged) Domain.
- In Functional Setup Manager, select the **Go to Task** link for a Task that updates a banded or ranged Domain or Domain Member Mappings.

2. Scroll down to the Domain Member Mappings pane.



3. Click the **Edit Domain Member Mappings** icon to display the Edit Domain Member Mappings dialog.



4. Click the **Add Range Member Mapping (+)** icon and specify values in the **Range Start**, **Range End**, and **Target Domain Member - Code** fields.

Tip: Before you create a new range, you might first want to use the **Add Warehouse Member** button to first create a target Warehouse Member, which is then available as an option in the **Target Domain Member - Code** list. For example, you might add a Warehouse Member called 'Greater than 250,000' to map to the range 250,000 to 1,000,000.

Adding a Target Domain Member

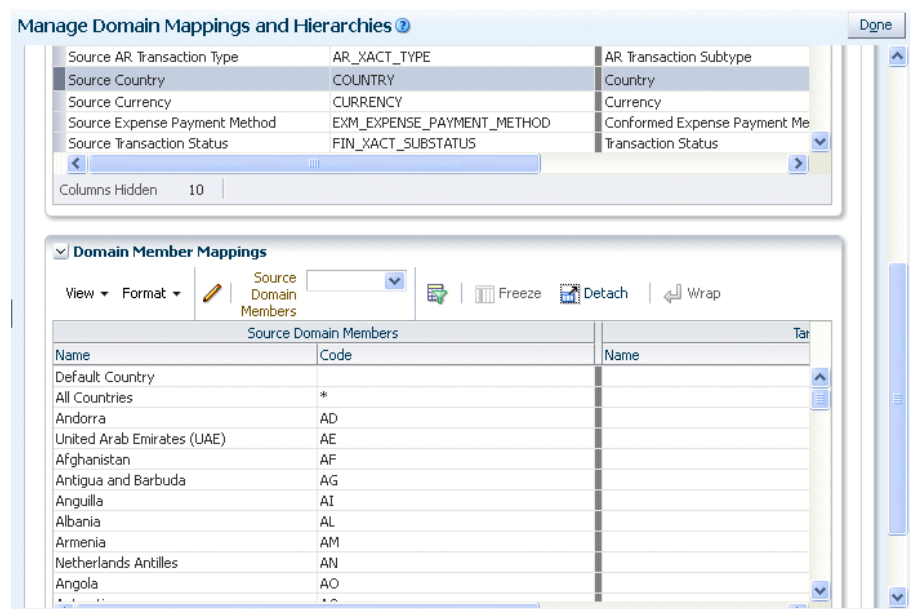
You add Target Domain Members to extend Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse.

1. Navigate to the Domain that you want to edit.

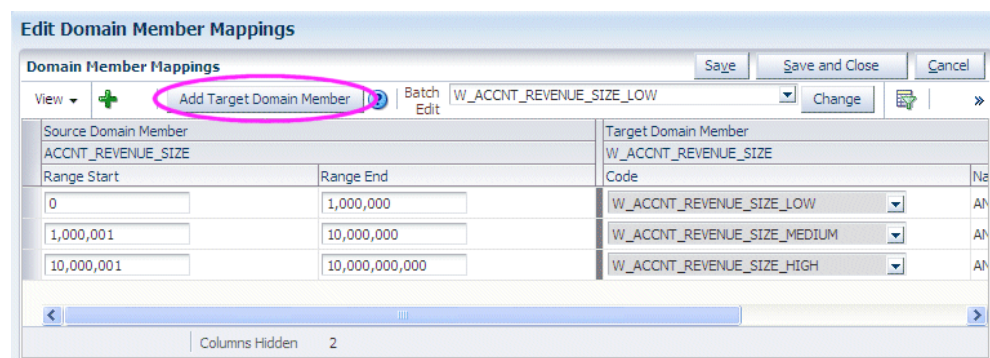
To display the Domain Mapping tab, do one of the following:

- In Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select the **Manage Domain Mappings and Hierarchies** link in the Tasks pane, display the Domain Mappings tab, then select a Domain.
- In Functional Setup Manager, select the **Go to Task** link for a Task that updates a Domain or Domain Member Mappings.

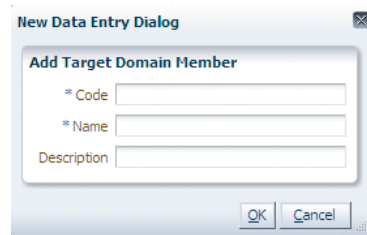
2. Scroll down to the Domain Member Mappings pane.



3. Click the **Edit Domain Member Mappings** icon to display the Edit Domain Member Mappings dialog,



4. Click **Add Target Domain Member** to display the Add Target Domain Member dialog, which enables you to specify a Name, Code, and optional Description.



For example, you might add a Warehouse Member called 'Greater than 250,000' to map to the range 250,000 to 1,000,000.

If the **Add Target Domain Member** option is grayed out or not displayed, then the domain is non-extensible. For more information, see [About Working With Domains and Domain Mappings](#).

When you click **OK** to return to the Edit Domain Member Mappings dialog, you can map a Source Domain to the Target Domain that you just created.

Localizing a New Domain Member

If you added a new domain member and it requires localization, you can add string localizations for Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager metadata.

1. Open a database administration tool, and connect to the Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse schema.
2. Query for the table C_DOMAIN_MEMBER_TL and the new domain member record you added in [Adding a Target Domain Member](#).

You can query for the new domain member record by using the query filter on the columns CREATED_BY and CREATION_DATE. Each new domain member record will have 28 rows in the C_DOMAIN_MEMBER_TL table.

3. Update the LANGUAGE_CODE column to match the localized deployment language.
 - a. Identify the language code for the localized language using the following SQL:

```
SELECT LANGUAGE_CODE, NLS_LANGUAGE, NLS_TERRITORY
FROM FND_LANGUAGES_B
WHERE INSTALLED_FLAG IN ('B', 'I');
```

- b. Update the domain member name, description, and source language code strings for the localized language using the following SQL.

In this example, the localized language is Arabic, and the LANGUAGE_CODE is AR.

```
UPDATE C_DOMAIN_MEMBER_TL
SET DOMAIN_MEMBER_NAME = '<Arabic translated string for domain member name>',
    DOMAIN_MEMBER_DESCR = '<Arabic translated string for domain member
description>', SRC_LANGUAGE_CODE = 'AR'
WHERE DOMAIN_KEY = '<Domain key value for the record you want to update>'
AND DOMAIN_MEMBER_CODE = '<Domain member code value for the record you want to
update>'
AND LANGUAGE_CODE = 'AR';
```

4. Exit the database administration tool.
5. Restart the Oracle WebLogic Server.

Adding String Localizations for Oracle BI Repository Metadata

If you added a new domain member, you can add string localizations in the Oracle BI Repository metadata.

1. Stop the OPMN services.

Use the command: `opmnctl stopall`.

2. Open a database administration tool, and connect to the Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse schema.

3. Identify the strings for the following presentation objects:

- Subject area
- Presentation table
- Presentation hierarchy
- Presentation level
- Presentation column

For example, for the subject area Payables Invoices - Prepayment Invoice Distributions Real Time, you would enter the following strings:

String	Presentation Object
Payables Invoices - Prepayment Invoice Distributions Real Time	Subject area
Time	Presentation table
Date - Year	Presentation hierarchy
Total	Presentation level
Year	Presentation level
Calendar Year	Presentation column

4. For each subject area, externalize the strings for localization and generate custom names for the presentation objects:
 - a. In the Oracle BI Administration Tool, right-click the subject area and select **Externalize Display Names**, and then select **Generate Custom Names**.
 - b. Save your work.

For more information about localizing strings, see "Localizing Metadata Names in the Repository," in *Oracle Fusion Middleware System Administrator's Guide for Oracle Business Intelligence Enterprise Edition*.

5. Check the consistency of the repository, and remove any inconsistencies.

For instructions, see "Checking the Consistency of a Repository or Business Model," in *Oracle Fusion Middleware Metadata Repository Builder's Guide for Oracle Business Intelligence Enterprise Edition (Oracle Fusion Applications Edition)*.

6. Enter the custom name of one of the presentation objects into the table C_RPD_MSGS:

```
INSERT INTO C_RPD_MSGS(MSG_ID, CREATED_BY, CREATION_DATE)
VALUES('<CUSTOM NAME OF PRESENTATION OBJECT>', 'CUSTOM', SYSTIMESTAMP);
COMMIT;
```

To view the values for custom names and logical columns in the Administration Tool, right-click the presentation object and select **Properties**. The data in the **Custom display name** field appears in the format VALUEOF(NQ_SESSION.VALUE, where VALUE is the custom name for a presentation object, or the logical value for a presentation column. This value is the value that you need to enter in the VALUES section of the SQL statement above.

7. Enter the localized string for the presentation object in the previous step into the table C_RPD_MSGS_TL:

```
INSERT INTO C_RPD_MSGS_TL(MSG_ID, MSG_TEXT, LANGUAGE_CODE, CREATED_BY,
CREATION_DATE)
VALUES('<CUSTOM NAME OF PRESENTATION OBJECT>', '<LOCALIZATION OF THE STRING>',
'<LANGUAGE CODE FOR TRANSLATED LANGUAGE>', 'CUSTOM', SYSTIMESTAMP);
COMMIT;
```

To identify the language code for a particular language, use the following SQL:

```
SELECT LANGUAGE_CODE, NLS_LANGUAGE, NLS_TERRITORY
FROM FND_LANGUAGES_B
WHERE INSTALLED_FLAG IN ('B', 'I');
```

8. Enter additional details about the presentation object into the table C_RPD_MSGS_REL as indicated by the following SQL:

```
INSERT INTO C_RPD_MSGS_REL(MSG_ID, MSG_NUM, MESSAGE_TYPE, CREATED_BY,
CREATION_DATE)
VALUES('<CUSTOM NAME OF PRESENTATION OBJECT>', '<TRANSLATION OF THE STRING>',
'<LANGUAGE CODE FOR TRANSLATED LANGUAGE>', 'METADATA', 'CUSTOM', SYSTIMESTAMP);
COMMIT;
```

9. Repeat steps 6 through 8 for each presentation object requiring localization.
10. Validate that the physical connection of the session initialization block INIT_USER_LANGUAGE_CODE is operable:

- a. In the Oracle BI Administration Tool, select **Manage, Variables, Session Initialization Block**.
- b. Right-click **INIT_USER_LANGUAGE_CODE**.
- c. In the Properties dialog, click **Edit Data Source**.
- d. Click **Test**, and input the value for the language code. Then, click **OK**.

For example, for Arabic enter 'AR'.

The value USER_LANGUAGE_CODE = '<language code>' should be returned.

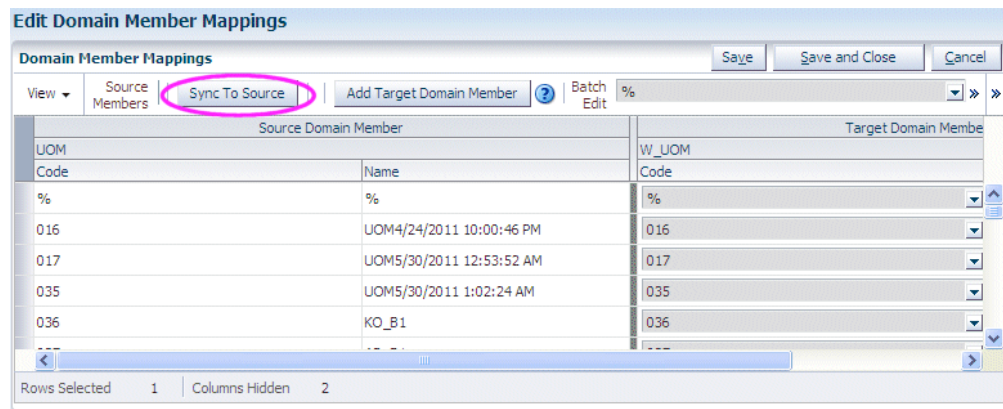
If this value is not returned, the TNS entry for the data source is not properly configured.

11. Restart the OPMN services.
12. Verify the localized strings in Oracle BI Answers. On the login page, specify the appropriate language.

Synchronizing a Target Domain with a Source Domain

In some scenarios, you might only know what target Domain member values should be when you deploy Oracle BI Applications. For example, in Order Management or Supply Chain Analytics, UOM (Unit of Measurement) is typically not known until deployment time. You can set up a non-ranged target domain using the **Sync to Source** option to automatically synchronize a target domain with values from the source domain.

This process inserts new target members from the source domain, and automatically generates 1:1 mappings. This is useful for large domains with many member mappings that might otherwise take a long time to set up.



Sync to Source is only available for extensible non-ranged Domains.

1. Navigate to the Domain that you want to synchronize.

If you are in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, from the Tasks bar click **Manage Domains and Mappings**, display the Domain mappings tab, select the Domain that you want to edit, then click the **Edit Domain Member Mappings** icon in the Domain Member Mappings pane to display the Edit Domain Member Mappings dialog.

If you are in Functional Setup Manager, when you click **Go to Task** for the Task that is updating a Domain, you display the Edit Domain Member Mappings dialog.

Source Domain Member			Target Domain Member		
JOB_FAMILY	Code	Name	C_JOB_FAMILY	Code	Name
	100000011571296	ZBEN_JOB_Family_001			
	100000011571325	Administration			
	100000011571332	Clinical			
	100000011571422	Finance & Accounting			
	100000011890074	Finance and Accounting			
	100000011890078	Clinical			
	100000011890082	Administrative			
	100000011890371	Human Resources			
	100000012265006	BG1			
	100000013573120	ZHRX-US-Sales2			
	100000013573124	ZHRX-US-Development			
	100000014963151	HR			
	100000014963164	Finance and Accounting			
	100000014963208	Financial			

2. Click **Sync to Source**.
3. At the Warning dialog, click **OK**.

Warning

Sync To Source will perform the following actions to the target member W_UOM:

- Insert new target members from the source domain.
- Auto generate 1-1 member maps.

Click OK to continue.

OK Cancel

Important: If you click **OK** to continue, then you commit changes to the target Domain members, even if you do not click **Save** or click **Save and Close** on the Edit Domain Member Mappings dialog.

Target Domain member values are generated. In the example below, the target codes for C_JOB_FAMILY are automatically synchronized with the Source member codes.

Source Domain Member		Target Domain Member	
Code	Name	Code	Name
X000011571296	ZBEN_JOB_Family_001	X00000011571296	ZBEN_JOB
X000011571325	Administration	X00000011571325	Administr
X000011571332	Clinical	X00000011571332	Clinical
X000011571422	Finance & Accounting	X00000011571422	Finance &
X000011890074	Finance and Accounting	X00000011890074	Finance ar
X000011890078	Clinical	X00000011890078	Clinical
X000011890082	Administrative	X00000011890082	Adminstr
X000011890371	Human Resources	X00000011890371	Human Re
X000012265006	BG1	X00000012265006	BG1
X000013573120	ZHRX-US-Sales2	X00000013573120	ZHRX-US-
X000013573124	ZHRX-US-Development	X00000013573124	ZHRX-US-
X000014963151	HR	X00000014963151	HR
X000014963164	Finance and Accounting	X00000014963164	Finance ar
X000014963208	Financial	X00000014963208	Financial

Updating Multiple Target Domain Member Values

You can set up a target domain using the Batch Edit option to update multiple target domain members with the same value. This is useful for large domains with many member mappings that require the same value.

1. Navigate to the Domain that you want to edit.

If you are in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, from the Tasks bar click **Manage Domains and Mappings**, display the Domain mappings tab, select the Domain that you want to edit, then click the **Edit Domain Member Mappings** icon in the Domain Member Mappings pane.

If you are in Functional Setup Manager, click **Go to Task** for the Task that is updating a Domain.

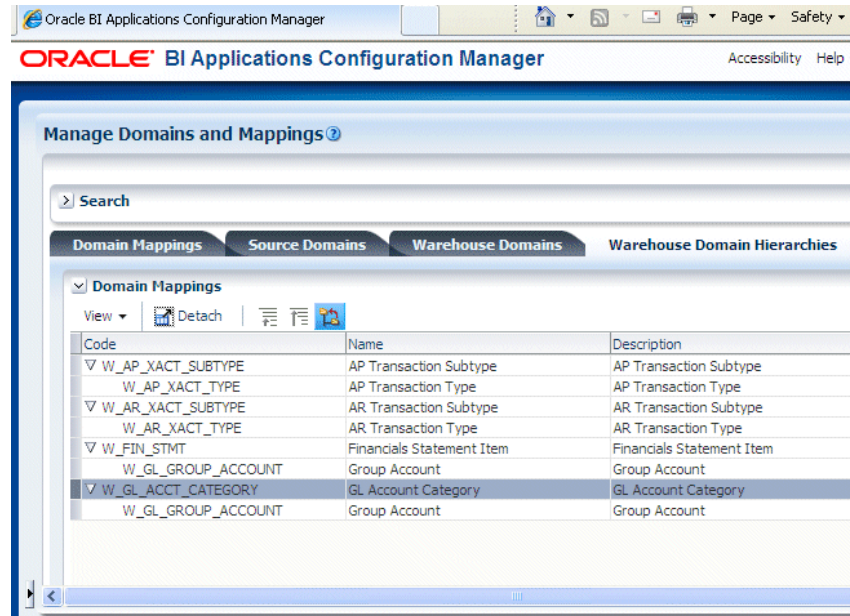
Source Domain Member		Target Domain Member	
Range Start	Range End	Code	Name
0	1,000,000	W_ACCNT_REVENUE_SIZE_LOW	ANNUAL REV
1,000,001	10,000,000	W_ACCNT_REVENUE_SIZE_MEDIUM	ANNUAL REV
10,000,001	10,000,000,000	W_ACCNT_REVENUE_SIZE_HIGH	ANNUAL REV

2. **Ctrl + click** to multi-select one or more rows in the table.
3. Select a value from the **Batch Edit** drop-down list.
4. Click **Change** to apply the value selected in the **Batch Edit** drop-down list to all specified members.

Modifying a Warehouse Domain Hierarchy

Oracle BI Applications Warehouse Domains are organized into hierarchies. You might want to modify a hierarchy to enable data to be more effectively analyzed. For example, you might change the order of items in a hierarchy.

1. In the Domain mappings list, select the Domain Mapping that you want to edit.



2. Use the options at the top of the Domain Mapping list to change the hierarchy.

Configuring Externally Conformed Domains

You can manage and create conformed domains in Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse that are based on definitions in a source system. For example, you might want to configure Units of Measure (UOMs) that are sourced from a pre-defined master product-line (typically Fusion) source domain.

1. In Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select the **Manage Externally Conformed Domains** link in the Tasks pane to display the Manage Externally Conformed Domains dialog.

Functional Setup Data Configuration and Load Plan Administration

Manage Externally Conformed Domains Done

Manage Externally Conformed Domains Delete Domain Configuration Configure Domain

Select a product line from a dropdown then select one or more externally conformed domains in the table to configure or edit. To select all domains, click on the left most cell of the table's header row.

* Product Line

Externally Conformed Domain Name	Code	Referenced Domain Code	Referenced Data Source	Configured?
No rows returned				

2. Use the **Product Line** drop down list to select a source system.

When a source system is selected, domains for that source system are displayed.

Functional Setup Data Configuration and Load Plan Administration

Manage Externally Conformed Domains Done

Manage Externally Conformed Domains Delete Domain Configuration Configure Domain

Select a product line from a dropdown then select one or more externally conformed domains in the table to configure or edit. To select all domains, click on the left most cell of the table's header row.

* Product Line

Externally Conformed Domain Name	Code	Referenced Domain Code	Referenced Data Source	Configured?
Job Family	C_JOB_FAMILY	JOB_FAMILY		
Citizenship Status	C_CITIZENSHIP_STATUS	CITIZENSHIP_STATUS		
Disability Category	C_DISABILITY_CATEGORY	DISABILITY_CATEGORY		
Highest Degree	C_HIGHEST_DEGREE	HIGHEST_DEGREE		
Religion	C_RELIGION	RELIGION		
Visa Permit Type	C_VISA_PERMIT_TYPE	VISA_PERMIT_TYPE		
Employee Category	C_EMPLOYEE_CATEGORY	EMPLOYEE_CATEGORY		
Employment Category	C_EMPLOYMENT_CATEGORY	EMPLOYMENT_CATEGORY		
Job Function	C_JOB_FUNCTION	JOB_FUNCTION		
Citizenship	C_CITIZENSHIP	CITIZENSHIP		
Country	W_COUNTRY	COUNTRY		
Language	W_LANGUAGE	LANGUAGE	200	✓

3. In the domains list, select the Domain that you want to configure and click **Configure Domain** to start the configuration wizard.

Note:

If a domain has already been configured, before you can configure the domain using the wizard, you must first delete the existing configuration by clicking **Delete Domain Configuration**.

If a domain has already been configured, a green tick is displayed in the **Configured?** field, and the unique ID of the data source is displayed in the **Referenced Data Source** field.

4. Follow the on-screen instructions on the configuration wizard.

5. Click **Save**.

If you include the configured domain in a Load Plan for ETL, the data will be loaded into Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse from the specified source domain.

About Working With Data Load Parameters

Data Load Parameters are configuration values that specify how Source System data is loaded into Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse. For example, the cost time grain parameter `COST_TIME_GRAIN` specifies whether costs are aggregated weekly, monthly, or quarterly, during the data loading process.

When you work with Data Load Parameters in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, note the following key points:

- Data Load Parameters can be either Global or Application Specific, as follows:
 - Global parameters apply to all applications, and are indicated with the (ab) and globe icon:



Global Data Load Parameters can also be associated with specific Fact Groups or Dimension Groups.

- Application Specific apply to specific applications, and indicated with the (ab) icon:



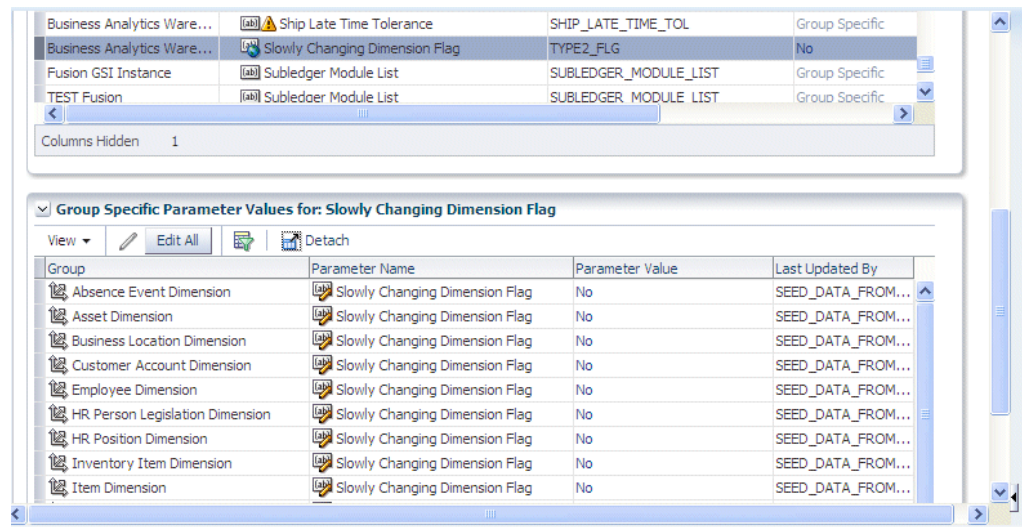
Application Specific Data Load Parameters are always associated with one or more Fact Groups or Dimension Groups.

- If a Global Data Load Parameter is associated with one or more Fact Groups or Dimension Groups, then each Fact Group or Dimension Group can have a different value. For example, the value of Slowly Changing Dimension Flag for Absence Even Dimension might be Yes, and the value of Slowly Changing Dimension Flag for Asset Dimension might be No.

Values for Global Group-specific parameters are always overridable, and are indicated by the Overridable Parameter icon (that is, the (ab) icon with a pencil):



The example below shows the Global parameter 'Slowly Changing Dimension Flag' with associated Group-specific values displayed in the lower pane.



- For Application Specific Data Load Parameters, values for associated Fact Groups or Dimension Groups can either be Overridable or Non-Overridable, as follows:

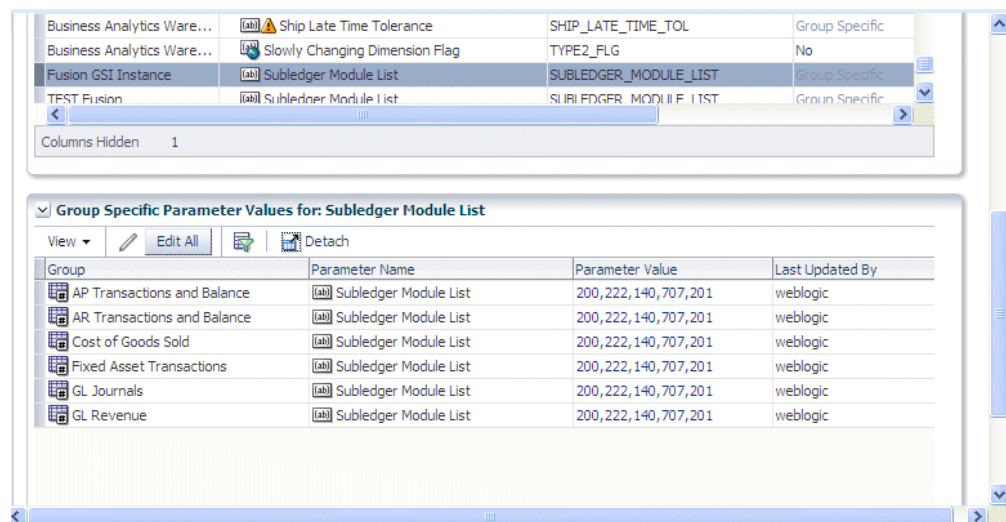
Overridable - each associated Fact Group or Dimension Group can have a different value. Overridable parameters are indicated by the Overridable Parameter icon (that is, the (ab) icon with a pencil):



Non-Overridable - each associated Fact Group or Dimension Group must have the same value. Non-Overridable parameters are indicated by the Parameter icon (that is, the (ab) icon without a pencil):

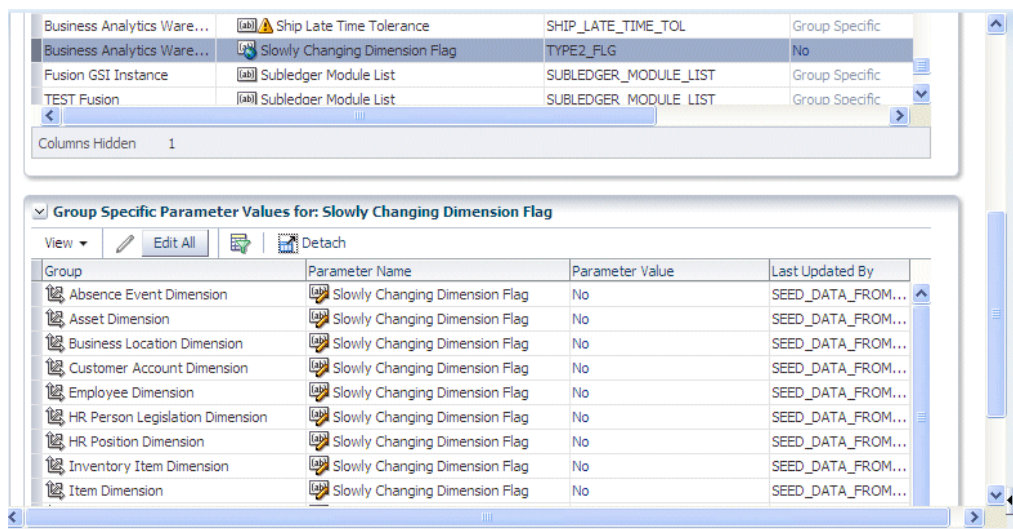


The example below shows the Application Specific parameter 'Product Category Set ID 3' with associated Group-specific values displayed in the lower pane. Note that the Group-specific values in this example cannot be overridden.

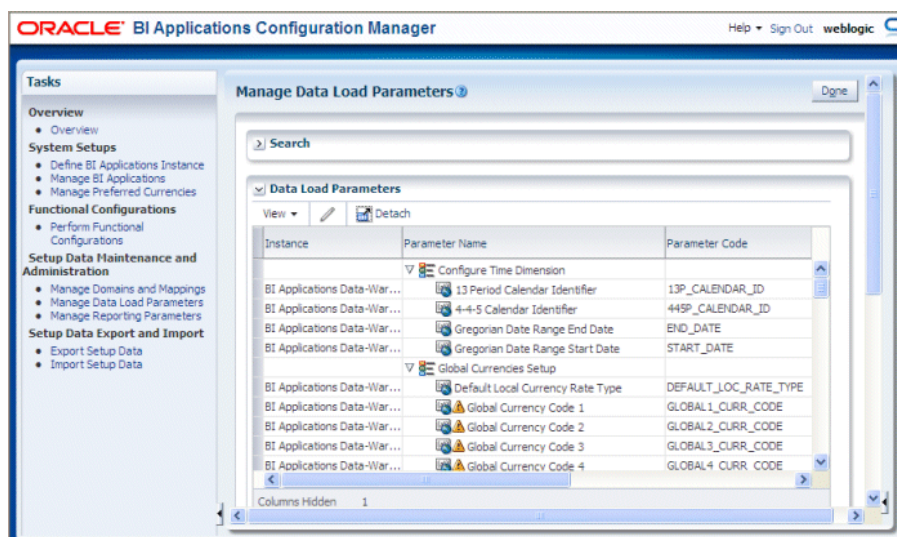


About Editing Data Load Parameters

You edit Data Load Parameters (whether they are Global or Application Specific) using the Data Load Parameters dialog, which is displayed in Functional Setup Manager when you edit a Data Load Parameter (see the following screenshot). The Data Load Parameters list above (or master table) displays the parameters and values, and the Group Specific Parameter Values list below displays associated Fact Groups or Dimension Groups (if there are any).



To display Data Load Parameters in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select the **Manage Data Load Parameters** link on the Tasks bar to display the Manage Data Load Parameters dialog.



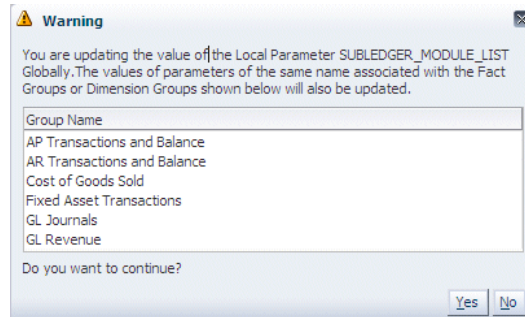
About Editing Global Data Load Parameters

To edit the value of a Global Parameter, select the record in the Data Load Parameters master table, and then either click the Edit icon in the table toolbar or click on the link in the Global Parameter Values column.

If the Global Parameter that you edit is associated with Fact Groups or Dimension Groups, then a warning message is displayed to verify that you want to update the value for all associated Fact Groups and Dimension Groups. If you click Yes at the

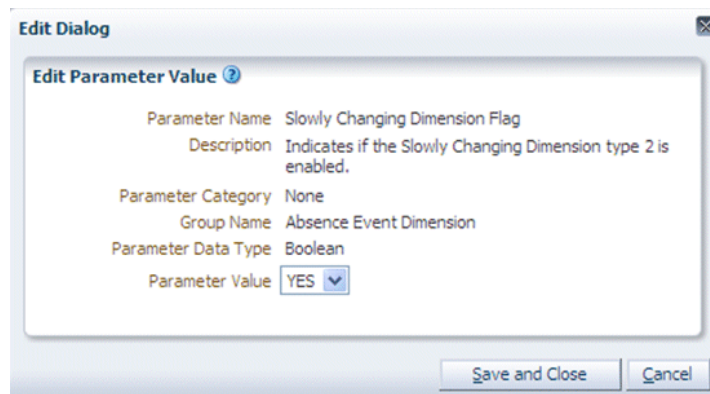
warning message, then the values of all occurrences of the parameter at the Group level will be updated to the new value.

For example, if you click the Edit icon or the link in the Parameter Value column for the parameter SUBLEDGER_MODULE_LIST in the Data Load Parameters master table, then the following Warning dialog is received:



Clicking **Yes** allows you to continue with the edit of the parameter value. A change to the parameter value is applied to all parameter occurrences at the Group level.

To change the value of parameter for a specific Fact Group or Dimension Group, select the Global Parameter in the Data Load Parameters master table, and then select the parameter in the Group Specific Parameter Values for: <Parameter Name> detail table. Click on the **Edit** icon in the table tool bar or the link in the Parameter Value column to open the Parameter Value Edit dialog.



Changing the parameter value in the above Edit dialog updates the parameter value for the Slowly Changing Dimension Flag parameter associated with the Absence Event Dimension Group.

About Editing Application Specific Parameter Values

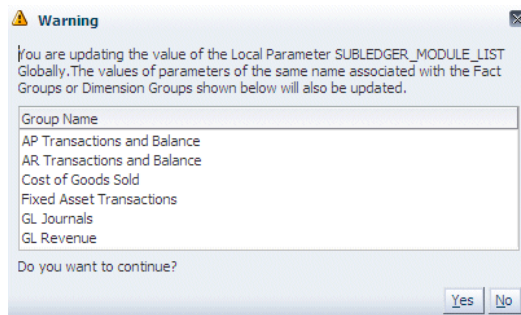
You use the **Edit** option to edit the value of a Fact Group or Dimension Group that is associated with an Application Specific parameter (if the parameter is overridable).

You use the **Edit All** option to edit the value of all Fact Groups and Dimension Groups that are associated with an Application Specific parameter.

If you attempt to edit the value of a specific Fact Group or Dimension Group, then:

- if the parameter is overridable at the Group level, then you update only that specific Fact Group or Dimension Group.

- if the parameter is Non-Overridable at the Group level, then a Warning dialog displays a list of Fact Groups and Dimension Groups that will be affected if you click **Yes** to edit the value.



Editing a Data Load Parameter Value

You can edit Data Load Parameters using the Manage Data Load Parameters dialog.

- In Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select the **Manage Data Load Parameters** link in the Tasks pane.
- In Functional Setup Manager, select the **Go to Task** link for a Task that updates a Data Load Parameter (for example, Configure Initial Extract Date).

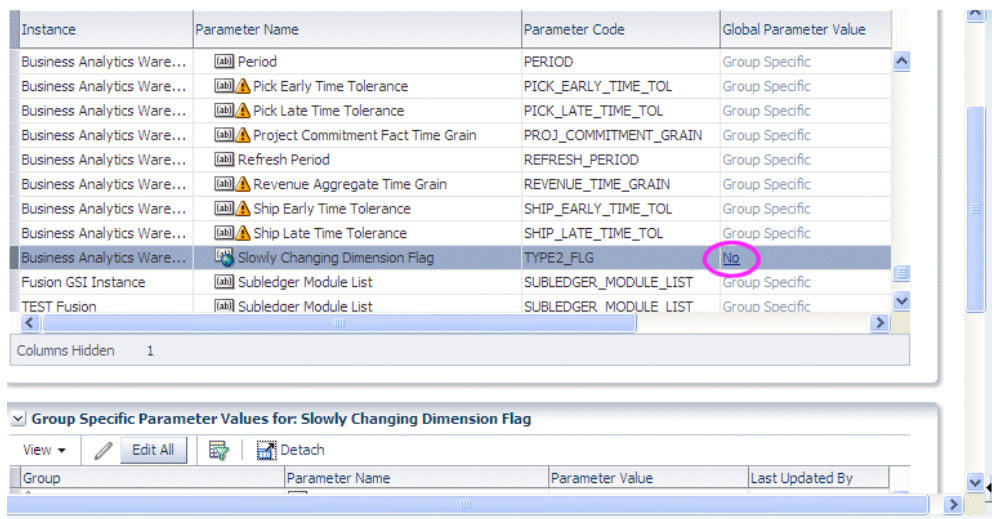
- Select the parameter in the **Data Load Parameters** list.

If the parameter is a Global parameter, then the **Global Parameter Value** field displays the actual value (for example, 'MONTHLY').

If the parameter is a non-Global parameter, then the **Global Parameter Value** field displays the text 'Group Specific'.

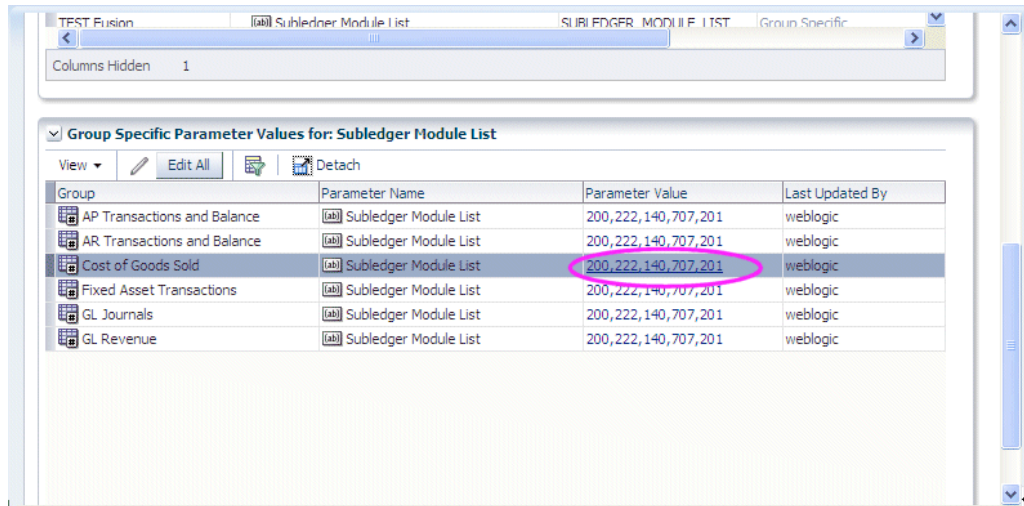
- Do one of the following:

- To update a Global parameter, in the **Data Load Parameters** list click the value displayed in the **Global Parameter Value** field to display the Edit Parameter Value Dialog (Data Load Parameters), and edit the value. Alternatively, select the row and click the **Edit** icon.

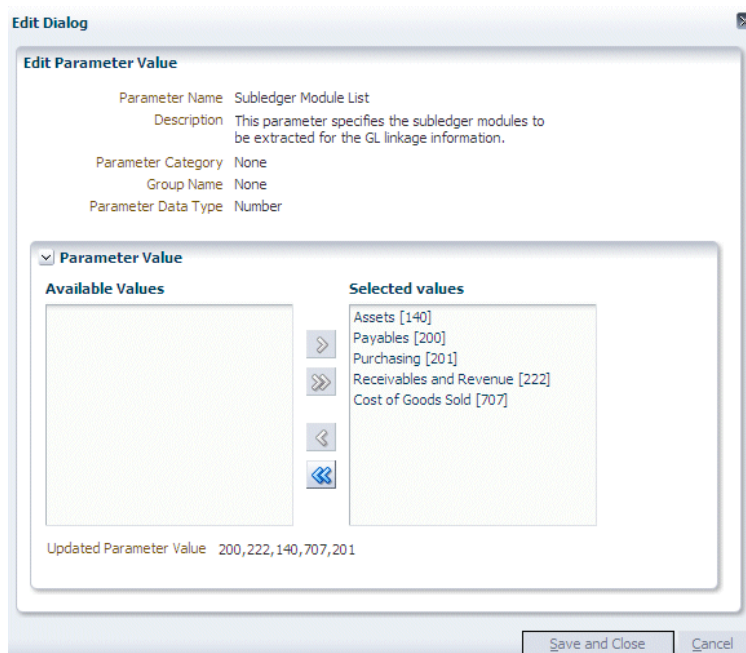


If a Global parameter is associated with Fact Groups or Dimension Groups, you can override the Global value for specific Fact Groups or Dimension Groups by editing the parameter value in the **Group specific Parameter Values** for pane.

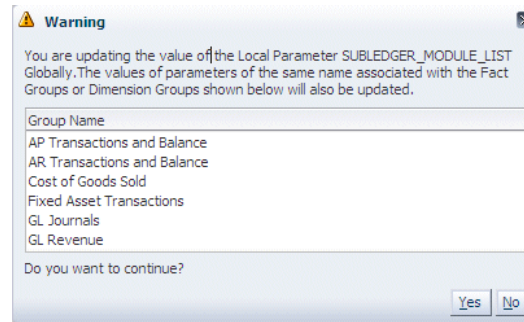
- To update an Application Specific parameter, select the parameter in the Data Load Parameters list, scroll down to the **Group Specific Parameter Values** for list, and click either the Edit icon, or the value in the Parameter Value column (or select the parameter row and click the **Edit** icon).



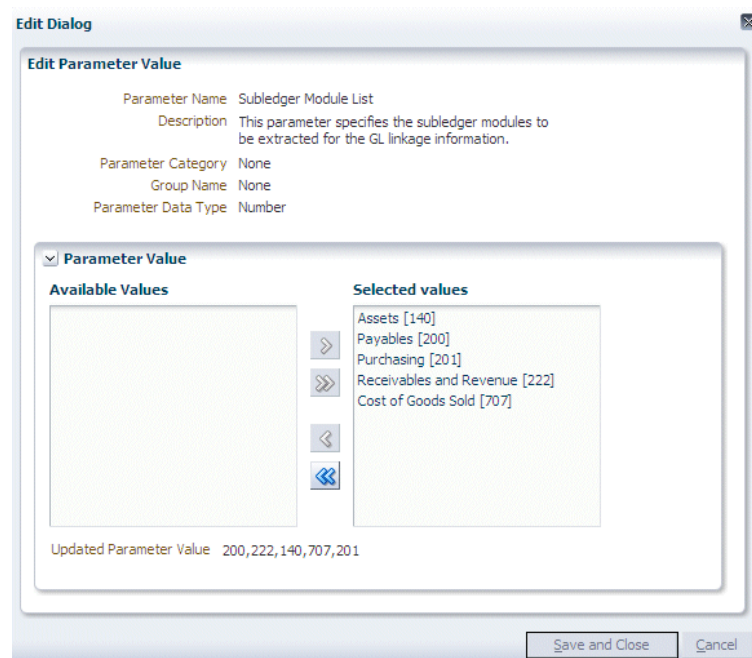
If the parameter is overridable at the Group level, then you update only that specific Fact Group or Dimension Group using the Edit Parameter Value dialog.



If the parameter is Non-Overridable at the Group level, then a Warning dialog displays a list of Fact Groups and Dimension Groups that will be affected if you click Yes to edit the value.



- To update the parameter value for all Fact Groups and Dimension Groups in the **Group Specific Parameter values** for list, click **Edit All** to display the Edit Parameter Value dialog.



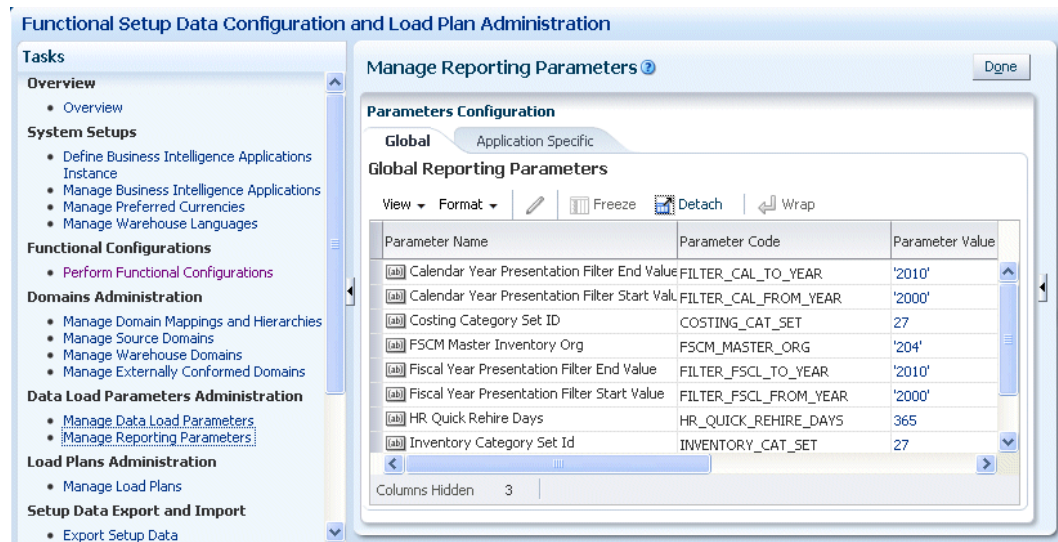
About Working With Reporting Parameters

Reporting Parameters are configuration values that specify how data is presented in Business Intelligence dashboards.

There are two categories of Reporting Parameter:

- Global, which apply to all applications. These are displayed on the Global tab.
- Application Specific, which apply to specific applications. These are displayed on the Application Specific tab.

You manage and edit Reporting Parameters using the Manage Reporting Parameters: Global/ Application Specific tab (see the following screenshot).



You display the Manage Reporting Parameters: Global/Application Specific tab by doing one of the following:

- In Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, select the **Manage Reporting Parameters** link in the Tasks pane.
- In Functional Setup Manager, select the **Go to Task** link for a Task that updates a Reporting Parameter.

To edit a Reporting Parameter, select the parameter in the parameter list, then either click the **Edit** icon, or click the value in the Parameter Value column.

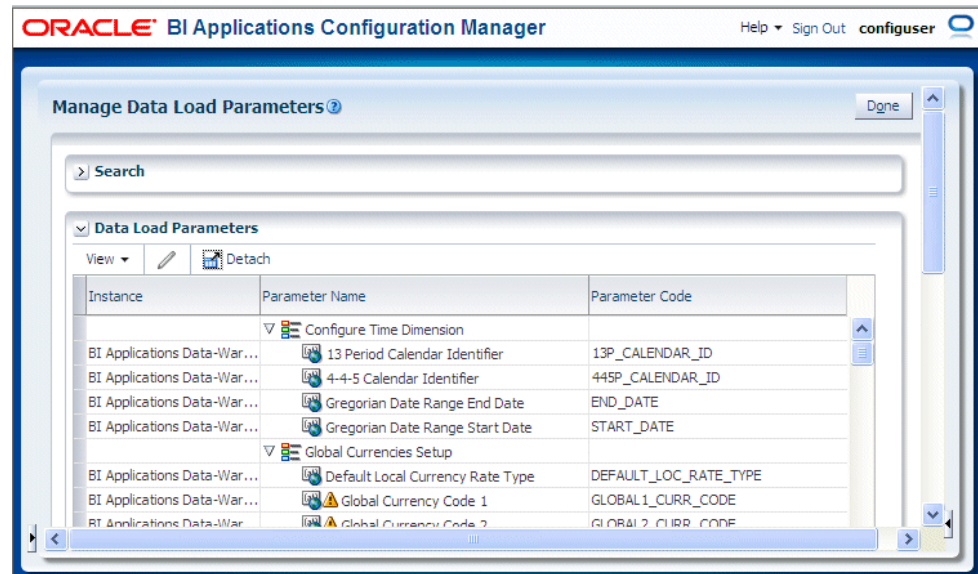
About Monitoring Setup Data

During a functional configuration project, you monitor Setup Data to ensure that your Offerings are being correctly configured. For example, you might use the Parameters By Offerings report on the Overview page to monitor visually the number of parameters that have been configured.

You can monitor set up data in the following ways:

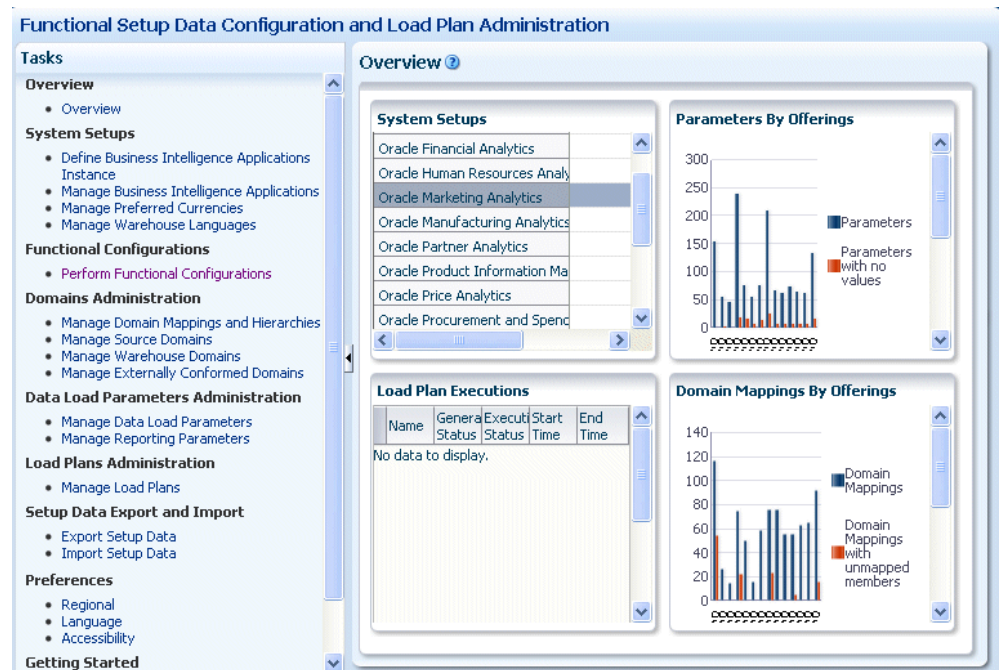
- In Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, you can monitor the status of the underlying set up data values, as follows:
 - Use the pages and tabs in the Setup Data Maintenance and Administration area on the Tasks bar.

From the Tasks bar, select one of the links in the Setup Data Maintenance and Administration area. For example, select the Data Load Parameters link to display the Data Load Parameters page.



- Use the Reports panes on the Overview page.

For example, you might use System Setups list to monitor which Offerings have been enabled for deployment.

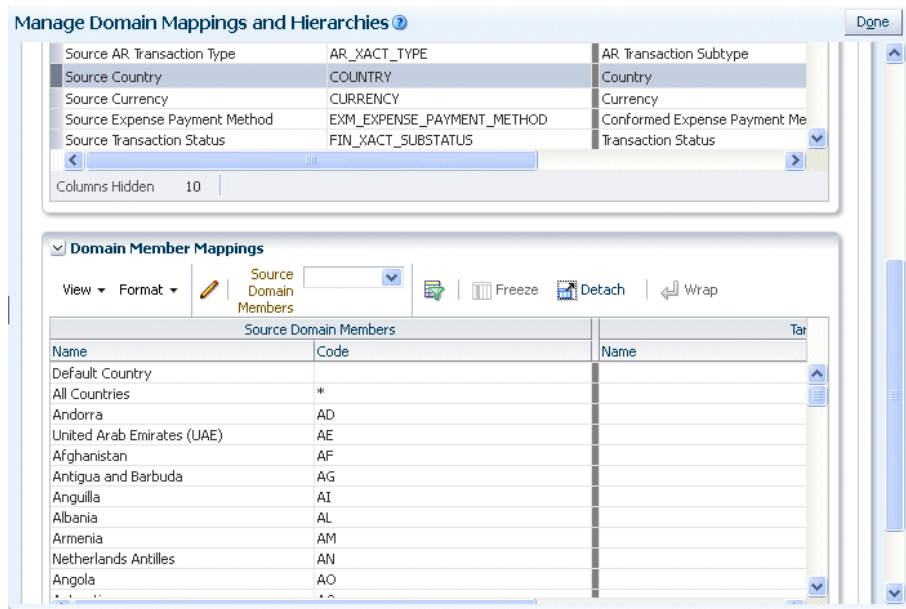


Changing Configuration Values Using Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager

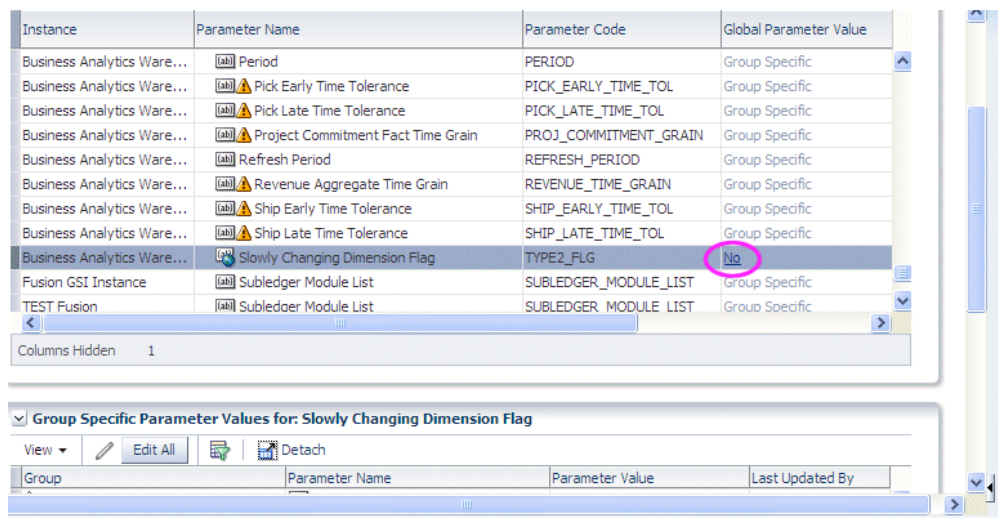
If you need to make configuration changes after an Implementation Project has been completed in Functional Setup Manager, you can use Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager to update setup data.

To change setup data values, you use the options in the Setup Data Maintenance and Administration area on the Tasks bar.

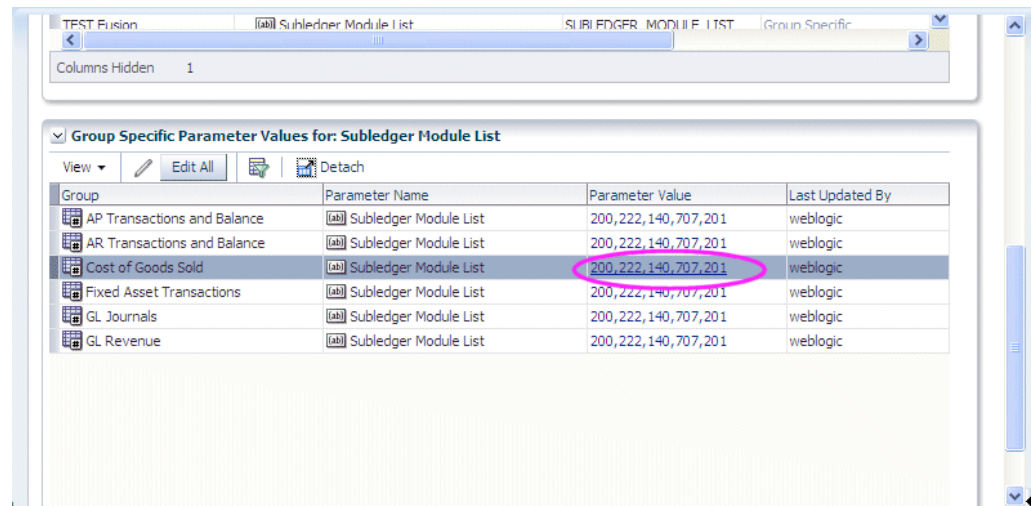
1. In Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, use options in the Setup Data Maintenance and Administration area on the Tasks bar:
 - To make changes to domain mappings, select **Manage Domains and Mappings** and display the tab for the domain type that you want to edit. To edit a Domain Mapping, select a domain in the Domain Mapping list and click the **Edit** icon in the Domain Member Mappings pane.



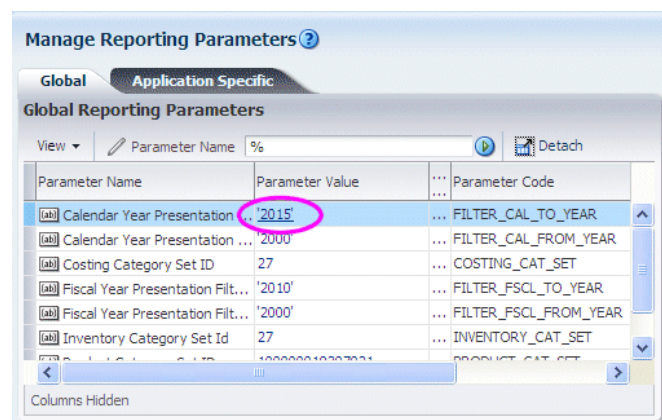
- To make changes to data load parameters, select **Manage Data Load Parameters** and use the Search pane to locate the parameters that you want to edit. To edit the value of a Global Data Load Parameter, click the value in the **Global Parameter Value** column (or select the row then click the **Edit** icon).



For Application Specific parameters, select the parameter in the Data Load Parameters list, scroll down to the Group Specific Parameter Values for list, and click either the **Edit** icon or the value in the Parameter Value column (or select the parameter row and click the **Edit** icon).



- To make changes to reporting parameters, select **Manage Reporting Parameters**, and display either the Global tab or the Application Specific tab. To edit the value of a Reporting Parameter, click the value in the Parameter Value column (or select the row then click the **Edit** icon).



Tip:

For information about locating unmapped domain values, see [Locating Unmapped Domain Values in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager](#).

Locating Unmapped Domain Values in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager

You locate unmapped Domain Values to enable you to make sure that you have mapped all of your source system domain values.

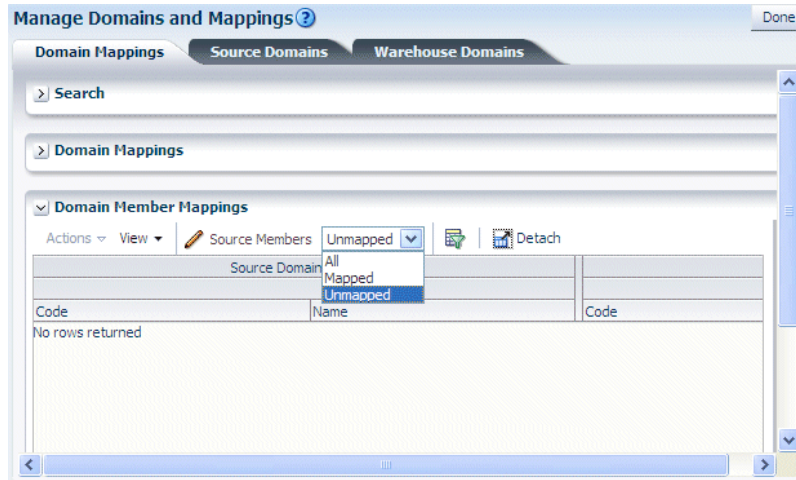
You can also use the Alerts pane on the Overview page in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager to identify target domains with one or more unmapped source members. Display the Overview page, and navigate to the Domain Maps with Unmapped Source Members pane.

1. Start Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager.
2. Do one of the following:

- From the Tasks bar, select **Manage Domains and Mappings** to display the Manage Domains and Mappings dialog.

Display the Manage Domain Mappings and Hierarchies: Domain Mappings tab.

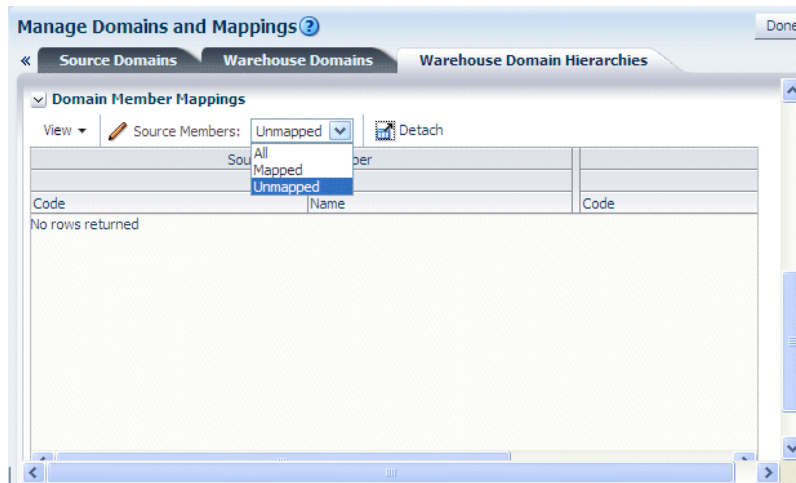
In the Domain Member Mappings pane, select **Unmapped** from the **Source Members** list.



- From the Tasks bar, select **Manage Domains and Mappings** to display the Manage Domains and Mappings dialog.

Display the Manage Domain Mappings and Hierarchies: Warehouse Domain Hierarchies tab.

In the Domain Member Mappings pane, select **Unmapped** from the **Source Members** list.



Locating Data Load Parameters with No Values in Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager

You locate Data Load Parameters with no values to check all Tasks in Functional Setup Manager relating to Data Load Parameters have been completed correctly.

1. Start Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager.

2. Do one of the following:

- From the Overview page, use the **Data Load Parameters with no Values** list in the Alerts pane.
- From the Tasks bar, select **Manage Data Load Parameters** to display the Manage Data Load Parameters dialog, which enables you to view and edit parameters.

Adding Target Domain Members

You add Target Domain Members to extend Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse.

For example, you might want to create a new salary category called 'Range 5' so that you can map salary values to this new category.

1. Display the Warehouse Domains tab.

In Functional Setup Manager, the Warehouse Domain tab is displayed when you perform a Task that edits a Warehouse Domain value.

In Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, from the Tasks bar, select **Manage Domains and Mappings** to display the Manage Domains and Mappings dialog.

2. In the Warehouse Members pane, click **Add Warehouse Domain Member** to display the Add Warehouse Domain Member/Add Target Domain Member dialog.

3. Use this dialog to specify the details.

4. Click **OK** to save the details and close the dialog.

About Exporting and Importing Setup Data for Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager

You export and import Setup Data for Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager.

You export and import Setup Data to:

- Make a backup of your configuration settings for security purposes. For example, you might keep a record of the configuration changes that you have made.
- Migrate the Setup Data for Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager from one environment to another environment. For example, you might move the configuration changes that you have made from a Test environment to a Production environment.

What Data is Exported?

When you export Setup Data, you export the changes that you have made to the values of the following objects:

- Data Load Parameters
- Domains and Mappings
- Reporting Parameters

Unchanged configuration values are not exported. In other words, if you only change the value of `DEFAULT_CURRENCY` from USD to Euro and then you export your

data, then the export ZIP file that is produced will only contain columns for 'DEFAULT_CURRENCY=Euro'.

Note: Other Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager data (for example, Source System configuration settings, Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse configuration settings) is not included in export files. In other words, before you import on the target system, you must first re-specify the Source System and Oracle Business Analytics Warehouse.

What Data is Imported?

When you import Setup Data from a ZIP file, you import whatever configuration changes were exported to that ZIP file. For example, if you first export only Reporting Parameters to a ZIP file, then you import only the changes that were made to Reporting Parameters.

About Migrating Setup Data

To migrate Setup Data, you do the following:

- In the source environment, export the Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager Setup Data as a ZIP file. For more information about exporting Setup Data, see [Exporting Setup Data](#).
- Copy the ZIP file from the source environment to the target environment.
- In the target environment, import the Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager Setup Data from the ZIP file. For more information about importing Setup Data, see [Importing Setup Data](#).

Note: For a successful migration, the data source number (DSN) in the target system must be the same as the DSN in the source system.

About Backing-up Setup Data

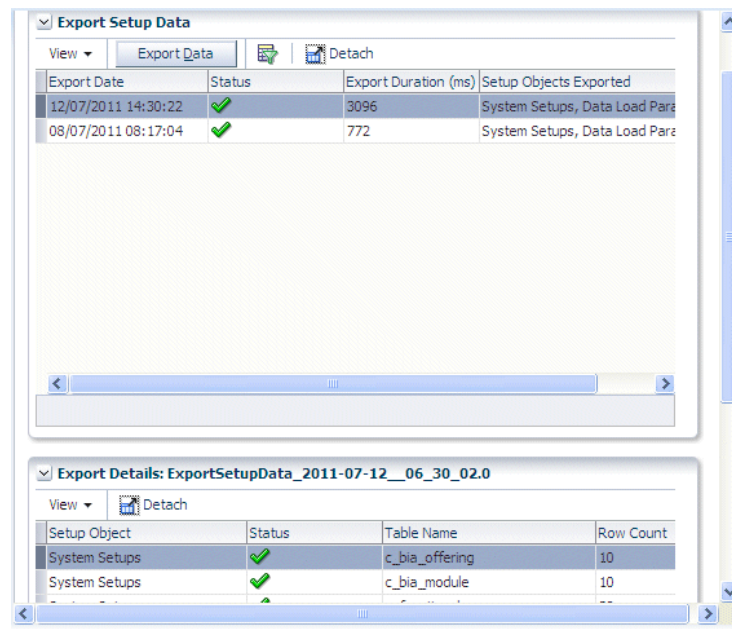
To back-up Setup Data, you do the following:

- In the source environment, export the Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager Setup Data as a ZIP file. For more information about exporting Setup Data, see [Exporting Setup Data](#).
- Store the ZIP file in a secure location.
- In the target environment, make sure that you have installed Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, which installs the default setup data. The data source number in the target system must be the same as the data source number in the source system.
- To restore the backed-up data, you import the Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager Setup Data from the ZIP file. For more information about importing Setup Data, see [Importing Setup Data](#).

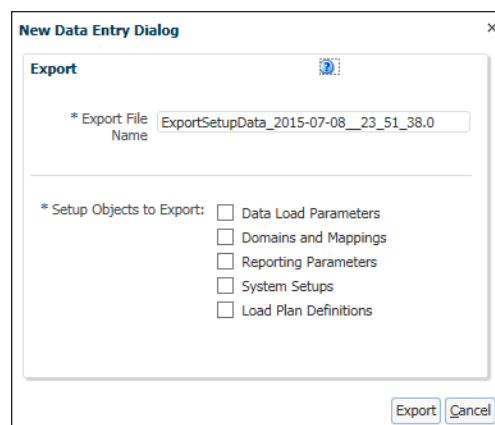
Exporting Setup Data

You can export Setup Data to back-up or migrate a Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager environment.

1. In the source environment, start Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager.
2. From the **Tasks** bar, select **Export Setup Data** to display the Export Setup Data dialog.



3. Click **Export Data** to display the Export Data dialog.
4. Specify the setup objects that you want to export.



5. Click **Export**.
6. When the File Download dialog is displayed, click **Save** to save the ZIP file to a location that you specify.

If you first click **Open** at the File Download dialog to open the ZIP file, then make sure that you save the ZIP file in the ZIP program that you are using.

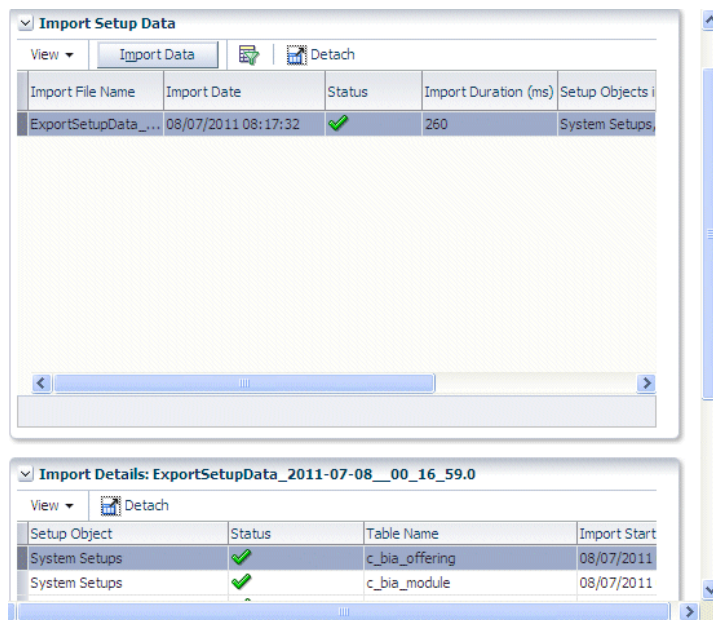
The Export Setup Data table is updated with the export details.

Importing Setup Data

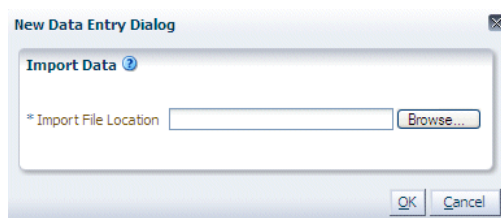
You import Setup Data to restore or migrate Setup Data. Before you import Setup Data, you must copy the previously exported ZIP file to a file location that is accessible from the machine that is running the Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager client.

When you import Setup Data, the data source number in the target system must be the same as the data source number in the source system.

1. In the source environment, start Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager.
2. From the **Tasks** bar, select **Import Setup Data**.



3. Click **Import Data**.



4. Specify the location and name of the ZIP file that contains the configuration changes that you want to import.
5. Click **OK**.

The Setup Data is imported from the ZIP file, and the Import table is updated with the details.

Customizing a Product Hierarchy

You can customize product hierarchies by associating Dimension Groups or Fact Groups with Offerings and Functional Areas.

1. From the Tasks bar, select **Manage Business Intelligence Application Offerings**.
2. In the Business Intelligence Application Offerings list, select the Offering that you want to customize.
3. In the Associated Fact and Dimension groups area below, do one of the following:
 - To add a Fact Group, choose Actions, then Create Fact Group to display the Create/Edit Fact Group dialog.
 - To add a Dimension Group, choose Actions, then Create Fact Group to display the Create/Edit Dimension Group dialog.
4. If necessary, use the **Edit** and **Delete** options to modify the Dimension Groups or Fact Groups that you have added.

Note: You can only edit or delete Fact Groups or Dimension Groups that you have created. You cannot edit or delete default groups that are provided on installation.

Integrating with Oracle Data Relationship Management to Enable Custom Hierarchies

By default, E-Business Suite does not support creation of a hierarchy for the Business Unit (BU) dimension. You can create a custom hierarchy for the Business Unit dimension by integrating Oracle BI Applications with Oracle Data Relationship Management (Oracle DRM).

A hierarchical structure in a dimension table enables users to drill up and down the data when viewing reports. By creating and maintaining grouping nodes of a detail tree in Oracle DRM, you can create a hierarchy for BU data that is gathered from different E- Business Suite instances.

Prerequisites

In the Oracle DRM environment:

- Oracle DRM Server is up and running.
- An application template for Oracle BI Applications is installed with the Oracle DRM server installation. The template file, `biapps-app-template.xml`, is available in the `/app-templates` subdirectory within the Oracle DRM installation directory. This template contains predefined DRM metadata, such as properties, categories, validations, node types, and exports. Use the Data Relationship Management Migration Utility to load the template into a DRM application. After the template is loaded, you can modify the application metadata from the template to support custom requirements.

In the Oracle BI Applications environment:

- In Configuration Manager, the functional setup task "Configure Data Load Parameters for Oracle Data Relationship Management Tool Integration" is enabled.
- In Functional Setup Manager, the task "Configure Data Load Parameters for Oracle Data Relationship Management Tool Integration" is performed.
- The Oracle BI Applications Generated Load Plan is run at least once.

Creating a Custom Hierarchy

Note: This procedure lists the high-level steps only. For the detailed Oracle BI Applications instructions, see the relevant topics earlier in the guide. For the detailed Oracle DRM instructions, see the *Oracle Data Relationship Management Business Intelligence Applications Integration Guide* at <http://docs.oracle.com>.

-
1. Use an Import Profile provided in the Oracle DRM application template to import Business Unit data from Oracle BI Applications into Oracle DRM.
 2. Create a custom hierarchy with this data by referring to the Oracle DRM product documentation.

Note:

- It is recommended that you create custom hierarchies in DRM in a separate version and not in the version that was imported.
 - Do not use Business Unit IDs as names for nodes in Oracle DRM. It is recommended that you use some prefix with the Oracle DRM node names to help distinguish them from the Business Unit IDs.
-

3. Use an Export Profile provided with the Oracle DRM application template to export Business Unit data from Oracle DRM to Oracle BI Applications.
4. In Oracle BI Applications Configuration Manager, run the Oracle BI Applications Generated Load Plan. This brings the custom BU hierarchies in the Internal Organization dimension, which can then be used for reporting.
5. Customize the RPD file by adding the Business Unit Logical Hierarchy as a Presentation Hierarchy in the required Subject Area.