

**Oracle® Communications**  
**Diameter Signaling Router 7.1.1**

Cloud Installation Guide

**E64814 Revision 02**

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**ORACLE®**

## Oracle Communications Diameter Signaling Router Software Installation Procedure, Release 7.1.1

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See more information on MOS in the Appendix section.



**This procedure is intended for execution by ORACLE Communications personnel only! The user should always download the latest version from DOC CENTER before executing.**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<b>1.0 INTRODUCTION</b> .....	<b>6</b>
1.1 Purpose and Scope .....	6
1.2 References .....	6
1.2.1 External .....	6
1.3 Acronyms .....	7
1.4 Terminology.....	7
<b>2.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION</b> .....	<b>9</b>
<b>3.0 INSTALL OVERVIEW</b> .....	<b>10</b>
3.1 Required Materials .....	10
3.2 Installation Overview .....	10
3.2.1 Installation Strategy.....	10
3.2.2 SNMP Configuration .....	12
3.2.3 Installation Procedures .....	13
3.3 Optional Features .....	14
<b>4.0 SOFTWARE INSTALLATION PROCEDURE</b> .....	<b>15</b>
4.1 Create DSR Guests (VMware) .....	15
4.2 Create DSR Guests (KVM/OpenStack) .....	18
4.3 Application Configuration.....	25
4.4 Signaling Network Configuration.....	54
4.5 Create iDIH Virtual Machines (VMware) .....	70
4.6 Create iDIH Virtual Machines (KVM/OpenStack) .....	71
4.7 Configure iDIH Virtual Machines.....	74
4.8 Post-Install Activities.....	82
<b>APPENDIX A. SAMPLE NETWORK ELEMENT AND HARDWARE PROFILES</b> .....	<b>85</b>
<b>APPENDIX B. LIST OF FREQUENTLY USED TIME ZONES</b> .....	<b>87</b>
<b>APPENDIX C. MULTI-SITE FEATURE ACTIVATION</b> .....	<b>90</b>
<b>APPENDIX D. RESOURCE PROFILE</b> .....	<b>91</b>
<b>APPENDIX E. MY ORACLE SUPPORT (MOS)</b> .....	<b>93</b>
<b>APPENDIX F. COMMON KVM/OPENSTACK TASKS</b> .....	<b>95</b>
<b>APPENDIX G. FIREWALL PORTS</b> .....	<b>98</b>
<b>APPENDIX H. DISABLE/ENABLE DTLS</b> .....	<b>100</b>
<b>APPENDIX I. APPLICATION VIP FAILOVER OPTIONS (OPENSTACK)</b> .....	<b>103</b>

## List of Figures

Figure 1. Initial Application Installation Path – Example shown .....	9
Figure 2. DSR Single Site Installation Procedure Map.....	11

## List of Tables

Table 1. Acronyms.....	7
Table 2. Installation Overview.....	13
Table 3. List of Selected Time Zone Values.....	87

## LIST OF PROCEDURES

<b>PROCEDURE 1 (VMWARE). IMPORT DSR OVA.....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 2 (VMWARE ONLY). CONFIGURE NOAM GUESTS ROLE BASED ON RESOURCE PROFILE .....</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 3. (VMWARE ONLY) CONFIGURE REMAINING DSR GUESTS BASED ON RESOURCE PROFILE .....</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 4. IMPORT DSR OVA (KVM/OPENSTACK ONLY). .....</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 5. (KVM/OPENSTACK ONLY) CONFIGURE NOAM GUESTS ROLE BASED ON RESOURCE PROFILE.....</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 6. (KVM/OPENSTACK ONLY) CONFIGURE REMAINING DSR GUESTS BASED ON RESOURCE PROFILE.....</b>	<b>22</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 7. CONFIGURE THE FIRST NOAMP NE AND SERVER.....</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 8. CONFIGURE THE NOAMP SERVER GROUP .....</b>	<b>29</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 9. CONFIGURE THE SECOND NOAMP SERVER .....</b>	<b>32</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 10. COMPLETE CONFIGURING THE NOAMP SERVER GROUP.....</b>	<b>35</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 11. CONFIGURE THE SOAM NE .....</b>	<b>36</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 12. CONFIGURE THE SOAM SERVERS .....</b>	<b>37</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 13. CONFIGURE THE SOAM SERVER GROUP .....</b>	<b>40</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 14. ACTIVATE PCA (PCA ONLY) .....</b>	<b>42</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 15. CONFIGURE THE MP VIRTUAL MACHINES.....</b>	<b>43</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 16. CONFIGURE PLACES AND ASSIGN MP SERVERS TO PLACES (PCA ONLY).....</b>	<b>47</b>

<b>PROCEDURE 17. CONFIGURE THE MP SERVER GROUP(S) AND PROFILES .....</b>	<b>48</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 18. CONFIGURE THE SIGNALING NETWORKS.....</b>	<b>54</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 19. ADDITIONAL SERVERS TO NETWORK MAPPING (PCA ONLY) .....</b>	<b>55</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 20. CONFIGURE THE SIGNALING DEVICES.....</b>	<b>56</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 21. CONFIGURE DSCP VALUES FOR OUTGOING TRAFFIC (OPTIONAL)...</b>	<b>58</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 22. CONFIGURE THE SIGNALING NETWORK ROUTES .....</b>	<b>61</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 23. ADD VIP FOR SIGNALING NETWORKS (ACTIVE/STANDBY CONFIGURATIONS ONLY) .....</b>	<b>64</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 24. CONFIGURE SNMP TRAP RECEIVER(S) (OPTIONAL).....</b>	<b>66</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 25. IP FRONT END (IPFE) CONFIGURATION .....</b>	<b>68</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 26. (VMWARE ONLY) CREATE IDIH ORACLE, MEDIATION AND APPLICATION VMS (OPTIONAL) .....</b>	<b>70</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 27. (KVM/OPENSTACK ONLY ) CREATE IDIH ORACLE, MEDIATION AND APPLICATION VMS (OPTIONAL).....</b>	<b>71</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 28. CONFIGURE IDIH VM NETWORKS (OPTIONAL).....</b>	<b>74</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 29. RUN POST INSTALLATION SCRIPTS ON IDIH VMS (OPTIONAL) .....</b>	<b>76</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 30. INTEGRATE IDIH INTO DSR (OPTIONAL) .....</b>	<b>78</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 31. IDIH APPLICATION FINAL CONFIGURATION (OPTIONAL) .....</b>	<b>81</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 32. CONFIGURE COMAGENT CONNECTIONS .....</b>	<b>82</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 33. COMPLETE PCA CONFIGURATION (OPTIONAL).....</b>	<b>83</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 34. BACKUPS AND DISASTER PREVENTION .....</b>	<b>83</b>
<b>PROCEDURE 35. (KVM/OPENSTACK ONLY) CONFIGURE IPFE TARGET SET ADDRESSES (TSA) .....</b>	<b>84</b>

# 1.0 INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Purpose and Scope

This document describes the application-related installation procedures for Diameter Signaling Router Cloud systems.

This document assumes that platform-related configuration has already been done.

The audience for this document includes Oracle customers as well as these groups: Software System, Product Verification, Documentation, and Customer Service including Software Operations and First Office Application.

## 1.2 References

### 1.2.1 External

- [1] Communication Agent Configuration Guide, E58922
- [2] PCA Configuration, E58667
- [3] DSR Meta Administration Feature Activation Procedure, E58661
- [4] DSR Full Address Based Resolution (FABR) Feature Activation Procedure, E58664
- [5] DSR Range Based Address Resolution (RBAR) Feature Activation, E58664
- [6] SDS SW Installation and Configuration Guide, CGBU\_010592 /E64816-02
- [7] MAP-Diameter IWF Feature Activation Procedure. E58666
- [8] Operations, Administration, and Maintenance (OAM) User's Guide, E53463
- [9] Communication Agent User's Guide, E53464
- [10] Policy DRA User's Guide, E53472
- [11] Diameter User's Guide, E53467
- [12] Mediation User's Guide, E53468
- [13] Range Based Address Resolution (RBAR) User's Guide, E53469
- [14] Full Address Based Resolution (FABR) User's Guide, E53470
- [15] IP Front End (IPFE) User's Guide, E53473-01
- [16] DSR Alarms, KPIs, and Measurements Reference, E53474
- [17] Diameter Common User's Guide, E53480
- [18] Diameter Administrator's Guide, E53475
- [19] Map-Diameter IWF User's Guide, E53476
- [20] Gateway Location Application (GLA) User's Guide, E58659
- [21] DSR PCA Configuration E63560-1, CGBU\_010561

### 1.3 Acronyms

An alphabetized list of acronyms used in the document

**Table 1. Acronyms**

Acronym	Definition
BIOS	Basic Input Output System
CD	Compact Disk
DSR	Diameter Signaling Router
ESXi	Elastic Sky X Integrated
FABR	Full Address Based Resolution
iDIH	Integrated Diameter Intelligence Hub
IPFE	IP Front End
IPM	Initial Product Manufacture – the process of installing TPD
IWF	Inter Working Function
KVM	Kernel-based Virtual Machine
NAPD	Network Architecture Planning Diagram
OS	Operating System (e.g. TPD)
OVA	Open Virtualization Archive
PDRA	Policy Diameter Routing Agent
PCA	Policy and Charging Application
RBAR	Range Based Address Resolution
SAN	Storage Area Network
SFTP	Secure File Transfer Protocol
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
TPD	Tekelec Platform Distribution
VM	Virtual Machine

### 1.4 Terminology

Multiple server types may be involved with the procedures in this manual. Therefore, most steps in the written procedures begin with the name or type of server to which the step applies.

<b>Site</b>	<p>Applicable for various applications, a Site is type of “Place”. A Place is configured object that allows servers to be associated with a physical location.</p> <p>A Site place allows servers to be associated with a physical site. For example, Sites may be configured for Atlanta, Charlotte, and Chicago. Every server is associated with exactly one Site when the server is configured.</p> <p>For the Policy &amp; Charging DRA application, when configuring a Site only put DA-MPs and SBR MP servers in the site. Do not add NOAMP, SOAM or IPFE MPs to a Site</p>
<b>Place Association</b>	<p>Applicable for various applications, a “Place Association” is a configured object that allows Places to be grouped together. A Place can be a member of more than one Place Association.</p> <p>The Policy &amp; Charging DRA application defines two Place Association Types: Policy Binding Region and Policy &amp; Charging Mated Sites.</p>

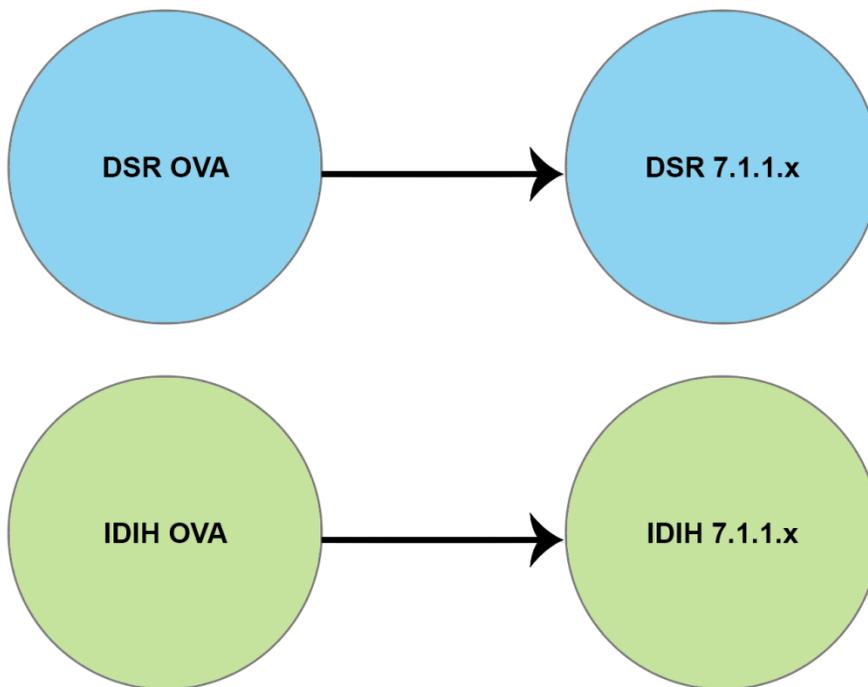
<p><b>Two Site Redundancy</b></p>	<p>Two Site Redundancy is a data durability configuration in which Policy and Charging data is unaffected by the loss of one site in a Policy &amp; Charging Mated Sites Place Association containing two sites.</p> <p>Two Site Redundancy is a feature provided by Server Group configuration. This feature provides geographic redundancy. Some Server Groups can be configured with servers located in two geographically separate Sites(locations). This feature will ensure that there is always a functioning Active server in a Server Group even if all the servers in a single site fail.</p>
<p><b>Server Group Primary Site</b></p>	<p>A Server Group Primary Site is a term used to represent the principle location within a SOAM or SBR Server Group. SOAM and SBR Server groups are intended to span several Sites(Places). For the Policy &amp; Charging DRA application, these Sites(Places) are all configured within a single “Policy and Charging Mated Sites” Place Association.</p> <p>The Primary Site may be in a different Site(Place) for each configured SOAM or SBR Server Group .</p> <p>A Primary Site is described as the location in which the Active and Standby servers to reside, however there cannot be any Preferred Spare servers within this location. All SOAM and SBR Server Groups will have a Primary Site.</p>
<p><b>Server Group Secondary Site</b></p>	<p>A Server Group Secondary Site is a term used to represent location in addition to the Primary Site within a SOAM or SBR Server Group. SOAM and SBR Server groups are intended to span several Sites(Places). For the Policy &amp; Charging DRA application, these Sites(Places) are all configured within a single “Policy and Charging Mated Sites” Place Association.</p> <p>The Secondary Site may be in a different Site(Place) for each configured SOAM or SBR Server Group .</p> <p>A Secondary Site is described as the location in which only Preferred Spare servers reside. The Active and Standby servers cannot reside within this location. If Two Site Redundancy is wanted, a Secondary Site is required for all SOAM and SBR Server Groups.</p>

## 2.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

This document defines the steps to execute the initial installation of the Diameter Signaling Router (DSR) 7.1.1 application on a supported Cloud platform.

DSR 7.1.1 installation paths are shown in the figures below. The general timeline for all processes to perform a software installation/configuration and upgrade is also included below.

**This document covers initial  
installation of the DSR 7.1.1  
application on a Cloud System.**



**Figure 1. Initial Application Installation Path – Example shown**

## 3.0 INSTALL OVERVIEW

This section provides a brief overview of the recommended method for installing the source release software that is installed and running on a Cloud to the Target Release software. The basic install process and approximate time required is outlined in Table 2.

### 3.1 Required Materials

1. One target release DSR OVA Media
2. Three (3) iDIH Mediation OVA, iDIH Application OVA, iDIH Oracle OVA (Optional iDIH) Three (3) iDIH Mediation

### 3.2 Installation Overview

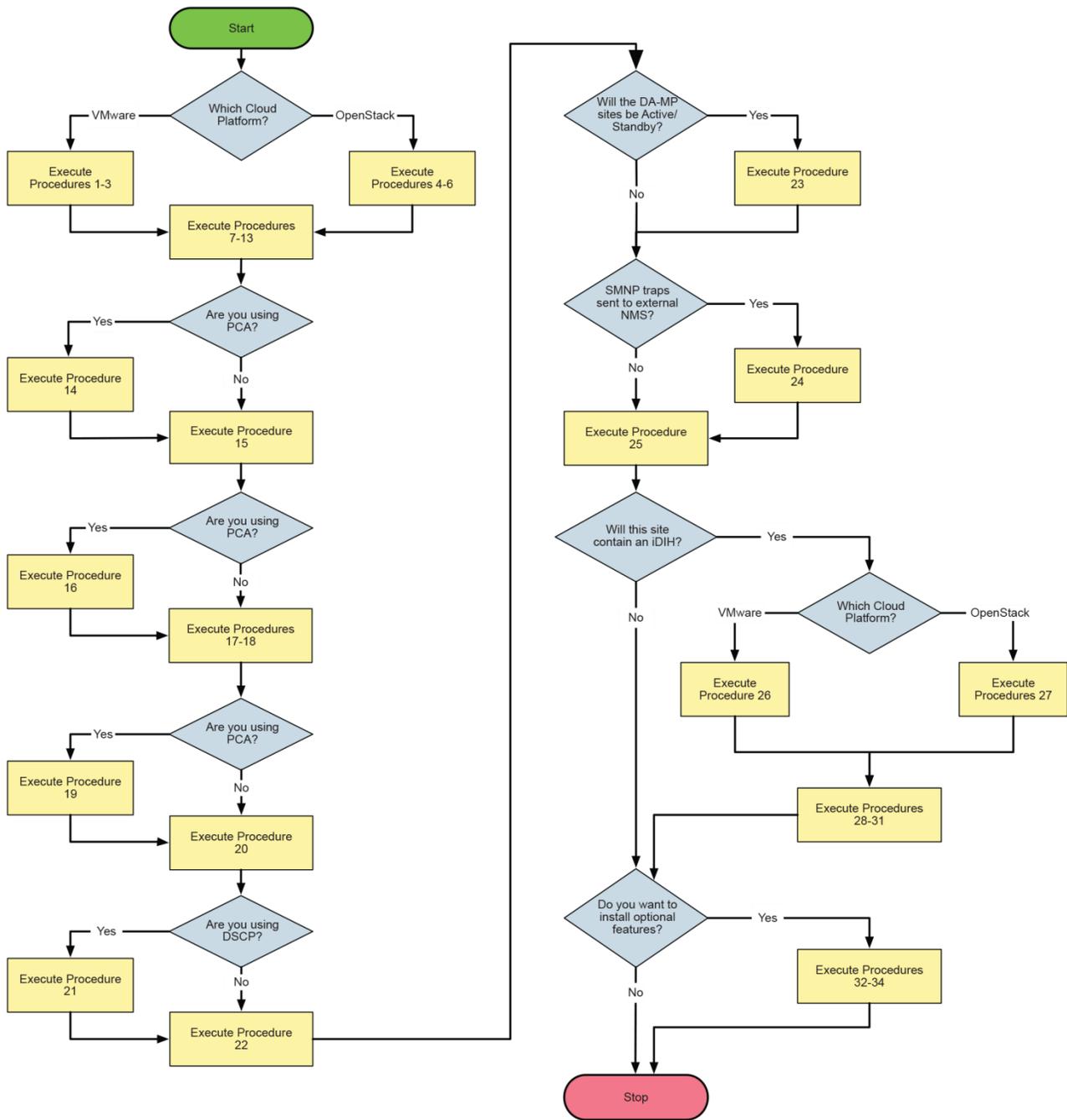
This section describes the overall strategy to be employed for a single or multi-site DSR 7.1.1 and iDIH 7.1.1 installation. It also lists the procedures required for installation with estimated times. Section 3.2.1 discusses the overall install strategy and includes an installation flow chart that can be used to determine exactly which procedures should be run for an installation. Section 3.2.3 lists the steps required to install a DSR 7.1.1 system. These latter sections expand on the information from the matrix and provide a general timeline for the installation. Additionally, basic firewall port information is included in Appendix G Firewall Ports. It should also be noted that some procedures are cloud platform dependent and that not all procedures will be performed on all cloud platforms.

#### 3.2.1 Installation Strategy

A successful installation of DSR requires careful planning and assessment of all configuration materials and installation variables.

Figure 2. DSR Single Site Installation Procedure Map Illustrates the overall process that each DSR installation will involve. In summary:

1. An overall installation requirement is decided upon. Among the data that should be collected:
  - The total number of sites
  - The number of virtual machines at each site and their role(s)
  - What timezone should be used across the entire collection of DSR sites?
  - Will SNMP traps be viewed at the NOAM, or will an external NMS be used? (Or both?)
2. A site survey (NAPD) is conducted with the customer to determine exact networking and site details. **NOTE: XMI and IMI addresses are difficult to change once configured. It is very important that these addresses are well planned and not expected to change after a site is installed.**



**Figure 2. DSR Single Site Installation Procedure Map**

### 3.2.2 SNMP Configuration

The network-wide plan for SNMP configuration should be decided upon before DSR installation proceeds. This section provides some recommendations for these decisions.

SNMP traps can originate from the following entities in a DSR installation:

- DSR Application Servers (NOAMP, SOAM, MPs of all types)

DSR application servers can be configured to:

1. Send all their SNMP traps to the NOAMP via merging from their local SOAM. All traps will terminate at the NOAMP and be viewable from the NOAMP GUI (entire network) and the SOAM GUI (site specific). Traps are displayed on the GUI both as alarms and logged in trap history. **This is the default configuration option and no changes are required for this to take effect.**
2. Send all their SNMP traps to an external Network Management Station (NMS). The traps will be seen at the SOAM AND/OR NOAM as alarms **AND** they will be viewable at the configured NMS(s) as traps.

Application server SNMP configuration is done from the NOAMP GUI, near the end of DSR installation. See the procedure list for details.

DSR auxillary components must have their SNMP trap destinations set explicitly. Trap destinations can be the NOAMP VIP, the SOAMP VIP, or an external (customer) NMS.

Should have their SNMP trap destinations set to:

1. The local SOAM VIP
2. The customer NMS, if available

### 3.2.3 Installation Procedures

The following table illustrates the progression of the installation process by procedure with estimated times. The estimated times and the phases that must be completed may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The phases outlined in are to be executed in the order they are listed.

**Table 2. Installation Overview**

Procedure	Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)	
		This Step	Cum.
<b>Procedure 1 or 4</b>	Import DSR OVA	5	5
<b>Procedure 2 or 5</b>	Configure DSR NOAM guest role based on resource profile	10	15
<b>Procedure 3 or 6</b>	Configure DSR Remaining guests role based on resource profile	40	55
<b>Procedure 7</b>	Configure the First NOAMP NE and Server	25	80
<b>Procedure 8</b>	Configure the NOAMP Server Group	15	95
<b>Procedure 9</b>	Configure the Second NOAMP Server	15	110
<b>Procedure 10</b>	Complete Configuring the NOAMP Server Group	10	120
<b>Procedure 11</b>	Configure the SOAM NE	15	135
<b>Procedure 12</b>	Configure the SOAM Servers	10	145
<b>Procedure 13</b>	Configure the SOAM Server Group	10	155
<b>Procedure 14 (Optional)</b>	Activate PCA (PCA Only)	10	165
<b>Procedure 15</b>	Configure the MP Virtual Machines	5	170
<b>Procedure 16 (Optional)</b>	Configure Places and Assign MP Servers to Places (PCA Only)	10	180
<b>Procedure 17</b>	Configure the MP Server Group(s) and Profiles	10	190
<b>Procedure 18</b>	Configure the Signaling Networks	5	195
<b>Procedure 19 (Optional)</b>	Additional Servers to Network Mapping (PCA Only)	10	205
<b>Procedure 20</b>	Configure the Signaling Devices	10	215
<b>Procedure 21 (Optional)</b>	Configure DSCP Values for Outgoing Traffic	10	225
<b>Procedure 22</b>	Configure the Signaling Network Routes	15	240
<b>Procedure 23 (Optional)</b>	Add VIP for Signaling Networks	5	245
<b>Procedure 24 (Optional)</b>	Configure SNMP for Trap Receiver(s)	5	250
<b>Procedure 25</b>	IP Front End (IPFE) Configuration	15	265
<b>Procedure 26 or 27 (Optional)</b>	Create iDIH Oracle, Mediation and Application VM's	45	310
<b>Procedure 28 (Optional)</b>	Configure iDIH VM Networks	15	325

**Table 2. Installation Overview**

Procedure	Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)	
		This Step	Cum.
<b>Procedure 29 (Optional)</b>	Run Post Installation Scripts on iDIH VM's	60	385
<b>Procedure 30 (Optional)</b>	Integrate iDIH into DSR	30	415
<b>Procedure 31 (Optional)</b>	iDIH Application Final Configuration	10	425
<b>Procedure 32 (Optional)</b>	Activate Optional Features	15	440
<b>Procedure 33 (Optional)</b>	Configure ComAgent Connections	15	455
<b>Procedure 34 (Optional)</b>	Complete PCA configuration	30	485
<b>Procedure 35</b>	Backups and Disaster Prevention	30	515

### 3.3 Optional Features

When DSR installation is complete, further configuration and/or installation steps will need to be taken for optional features that may be present in this deployment. Please refer to these documents for the post-DSR install configuration steps needed for their components.

Feature	Document
<b>Diameter Mediation</b>	DSR Meta Administration Feature Activation Procedure, E58661-01
<b>Full Address Based Resolution (FABR)</b>	DSR FABR Feature Activation Procedure, E58664-01
<b>Range Based Address Resolution (RBAR)</b>	DSR RBAR Feature Activation, Procedure, E58664-01
<b>MAP-Diameter Interworking (MAP-IWF)</b>	DSR MAP-Diameter IWF Feature Activation, E58666-01
<b>Policy and Charging Application (PCA)</b>	PCA Configuration, E63560-1

## 4.0 SOFTWARE INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

As mentioned earlier, the host configuration and virtual networks should be done before executing the procedures in this document. It is assumed that at this point, the user has access to:

- consoles of all guests and hosts at all sites
- ssh access to the guests at all sites
- GUI access to hosts at all sites
- A configuration station with a web browser , ssh client, and scp client.
- VM Manager Privileges to add OVA's to catalog (VMware only)
- KVM/OpenStack admin and tenant privileges.

### SUDO

As a non-root user (*admusr*), many commands (*when run as admusr*) now require the use of '*sudo*'.

### VIP/TSA (OpenStack Only)

OpenStack release Kilo or later is needed to configure VIP and Target Set addresses. Kilo 2015.1.2 or later is preferred.

## 4.1 Create DSR Guests (VMware)

### Procedure 1 (VMware). Import DSR OVA

<b>S T E P #</b>	This procedure adds the DSR OVA to the VMware catalog or repository.  Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Steps with shaded boxes require user input.  If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b> , and ask for assistance.	
1  <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Add DSR OVA image.</b>	1. Launch the VMware client of your choice.  2. Add the DSR OVA image to the VMware catalog or repository. Follow the instructions provided by the Cloud solutions manufacturer.

**Procedure 2 (VMware only). Configure NOAM guests role based on resource profile**

<b>S T E P #</b>	<p>This procedure will configure networking on Virtual Machines.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Create the NO1 VM, from the OVA image.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Browse the library or repository that you placed the <b>OVA</b> image.</li> <li>2. Deploy the <b>OVF Image</b> using <b>vSphere Client</b> or the vSphere Web Client.</li> <li>3. Name the <b>NO1 VM</b> and select the datastore.</li> </ol>
2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Configure resources for the NO1 VM.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Configure the <b>NO1</b> per the Resource Profile in <b>Appendix D</b> for the DSR NOAM using the vSphere Client or the vSphere Web Client.</li> </ol>
3 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Power on NO1.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Use the <b>vSphere client</b> or <b>vSphere web client</b> to Power on the <b>NO1 VM</b>.</li> </ol>
4 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Configure NO1.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Access the <b>NO1 VM console</b> via the <b>vSphere client</b> or <b>vSphere web client</b>.</li> <li>2. Login as <b>admusr</b>.</li> <li>3. Set the &lt;ethX&gt; device:  Note: Where ethX is the interface associated with the XMI network   <pre>\$ sudo netAdm add --device=&lt;ethX&gt; --address=&lt;IP Address in External management Network&gt; --netmask=&lt;Netmask&gt; --onboot=yes --bootproto=none</pre> </li> <li>4. Add the default route for ethX:   <pre>\$ sudo netAdm add --route=default --gateway=&lt;gateway address for the External management network&gt; --device=&lt;ethX&gt;</pre> </li> </ol>
5 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Configure NO2 (Optional for small lab deployment)</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Repeat steps 1 through 4 for the NO2 VM.</li> </ol>

**Procedure 3. (VMware only) Configure remaining DSR guests based on resource profile**

<b>S T E P</b>	<p>This procedure adds network addresses for all Virtual Machines.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>
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**Procedure 3. (VMware only) Configure remaining DSR guests based on resource profile**

1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Create the SO1 VM from the OVA image.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Browse the library or repository that you placed the <b>OVA</b> image.</li> <li>2. Deploy the <b>OVA</b> image using <b>vSphere Client</b> or the <b>vSphere Web Client</b>.</li> <li>3. Name the <b>SO1 VM</b> and select the datastore.</li> </ol>
2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Configure resources for the SO1 VM.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Configure the <b>SO1 VM</b> per the Resource Profile in <b>Appendix D</b> for the <b>DSR SO</b> using the vSphere Client or the vSphere Web Client. Interfaces must be added per the network interface table at the bottom of the 91Resource Profile.</li> </ol>
3 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Power on SO1 VM.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Power on the <b>DSR SO1 VM</b> with the <b>vSphere client</b> or <b>vSphere web client</b>.</li> <li>2. Monitor the vApps screen’s Virtual Machines tab until the DSR VM reports “<b>Powered On</b>” in the Status column.</li> </ol>
4 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Configure XMI interface...</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Access the <b>VM console</b> via the <b>vSphere client</b> or <b>vSphere web client</b>.</li> <li>2. Login as <b>admusr</b>.</li> <li>3. Set the ethX device:  Note: Where ethX is the interface associated with the XMI network  <code>\$ sudo netAdm add --device=&lt;ethX&gt; --address=&lt;IP Address in External Management Network&gt; --netmask=&lt;Netmask&gt; --onboot=yes --bootproto=none</code></li> <li>4. Add the default route for ethX:  <code>\$ sudo netAdm add --route=default --gateway=&lt;gateway address for the External management network&gt; --device=&lt;ethX&gt;</code></li> </ol>
5 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Verify Network connectivity.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Access the <b>SO1 VM console</b> via the vSphere client or vSphere web client.</li> <li>2. Login as <b>admusr</b>.</li> <li>3. Ping the NO1.  <code>\$ ping -c3 &lt;IP Address in External Management Network&gt;</code></li> </ol>
6 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Procedure overview.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Repeat Steps 1 through 5 for the following VMs. Use Unique labels for the VM Names:  MP(s) MP(s) SS7 (optional components ) IPFE(s) NO(s) SO(s) SBR s, SBR b (Optional Components )</li> </ol>

## 4.2 Create DSR Guests (KVM/OpenStack)

### Procedure 4. Import DSR OVA (KVM/OpenStack only).

<b>S T E P #</b>	<p>This procedure adds the DSR image to the glance image catalog.</p> <p><i>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Steps with shaded boxes require user input.</i></p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
1  <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Preparation.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Create instance flavors.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. If not yet done, use the Resource Profile values to create flavors for each type of VM. Flavors can be created with the Horizon GUI in the “Admin” section, or with the “nova flavor-create” command line tool. Make the flavor names as informative as possible. As flavors describe resource sizing, a common convention is to use a name like “0406060” where the first two figures (04) represent the number of virtual CPUs, the next two figures (06) might represent the RAM allocation in GB and the final three figures (060) might represent the disk space in GB.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. If using an Intel 10 Gigabit Ethernet ixgbe driver on the host nodes, please note that the default LRO (Large Receive Offload) option must be disabled on the host command line. Please see the Intel release notes for more details. This action can be performed with the following command.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ sudo ethtool -K &lt;ETH_DEV&gt; lro off</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>3. If using IPFE Target Set addresses (TSA).               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Read and understand Disable Port Security in Appendix I-6, including the warning note.</li> <li>b. Enable the Neutron port security extension.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

<p>2</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Add DSR OVA image.</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Copy the OVA file to the OpenStack control node. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ scp DSR-7.1.1.x.x.x.ova admusr@node:~</code></li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Login to the OpenStack control node. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ ssh admusr@node</code></li> </ul> </li> <li>3. In an empty directory unpack the OVA file using “tar” <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ tar xvf DSR-7.1.1.x.x.x.ova</code></li> </ul> </li> <li>4. One of the unpacked files will have a “.vmdk” suffix. This is the VM image file that must be imported. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. DSR-7.1.1.x.x.x-disk1.vmdk</li> </ul> </li> <li>5. Source the OpenStack “admin” user credentials. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ . keystonerc_admin</code></li> </ul> </li> <li>6. Select an informative name for the new image. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. “dsr-7.1.1.x.x.x-original”</li> </ul> </li> <li>7. Import the image using the “glance” utility from the command line. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ glance image-create --name dsr-7.1.1.x.x.x-original --is-public true --is-protected false --progress --container-format bare --disk-format vmdk --file DSR-7.1.1.x.x.x-disk1.vmdk</code></li> <li>ii. This process will take about 5 minutes, depending on the underlying infrastructure.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
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**Procedure 5. (KVM/OpenStack only) Configure NOAM guests role based on resource profile**

<p><b>S T E P #</b></p>	<p>This procedure will configure networking on Virtual Machines.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
<p>1</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Name the new VM instance.</b></p>	<p>Create an informative name for the new instance: “NO1”.</p> <p>Examine the network interface recommendations at the bottom of the Resource Profile in Appendix D.</p>

**Procedure 5. (KVM/OpenStack only) Configure NOAM guests role based on resource profile**

<p>2</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Create and boot the NO VM instance from the glance image.</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Get the following configuration values.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The image ID.                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ glance image-list</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>b. The flavor ID.                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ nova flavor-list</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>c. The network ID(s)                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ neutron net-list</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>d. An informative name for the instance.                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. "NO1"</li> <li>ii. "NO2"</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Create and boot the VM instance.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The instance must be owned by the DSR tenant user, not the admin user. Source the credentials of the DSR tenant user and issue the following command. Use one "--nic" argument for each IP/interface. Note that IPv6 addresses should use the "v6-fixed-ip" argument instead of "v4-fixed-ip".</li> <li>b. <code>\$ nova boot --image &lt;image ID&gt; --flavor &lt;flavor id&gt; --nic net-id=&lt;first network id&gt;,v4-fixed-ip=&lt;first ip address&gt; --nic net-id=&lt;second network id&gt;,v4-fixed-ip=&lt;second ip address&gt; &lt;instance name&gt;</code></li> <li>c. View the newly created instance using the nova tool.                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ nova list --all-tenants</code></li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p>The VM will take approximately 5 minutes to boot and may be accessed through both network interfaces and the Horizon console tool.</p> </li> </ol>
<p>3</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Configure VIP (optional).</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If an NOAM VIP is needed, execute the following commands.</li> <li>2. Find the port id associated with the NOAM instance XMI interface.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ neutron port-list</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Add the VIP IP address to the address pairs list of the NOAM instance XMI interface port.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ neutron port-update &lt;Port ID&gt; --allowed_address_pairs list=true type=dict ip_address=&lt;VIP address to be added&gt;</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>4. If necessary, see Allowed Address Pairs in Appendix I for more information.</li> </ol>

**Procedure 5. (KVM/OpenStack only) Configure NOAM guests role based on resource profile**

<p>4</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Configure instance networking.</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Log in to the “Horizon” GUI as the DSR tenant user.</li> <li>2. Go to the Compute/Instances section.</li> <li>3. Click on the “Name” field of the newly created instance.</li> <li>4. Select the “Console” tab.</li> <li>5. Login as the admusr.</li> <li>6. Configure the network interfaces, conforming with the interface-to-network mappings described at the bottom of the Resource Profile in Appendix D.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ sudo netAdm add --onboot=yes --device=eth0 --address=&lt;xmi ip&gt; --netmask=&lt;xmi net mask&gt;</code></li> <li>b. <code>\$ sudo netAdm add --onboot=yes --device=eth1 --address=&lt;imi ip&gt; --netmask=&lt;imi net mask&gt;</code></li> <li>c. <code>\$ sudo netAdm add --route=default --device=eth0 --gateway=&lt;xmi gateway ip&gt;</code></li> <li>d. Under some circumstances, it may be necessary to configure as many as 6 or more interfaces.</li> <li>e. If netAdm fails to create the new interface (ethX) because it already exists in a partially configured state, perform the following actions.                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ cd /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts</code></li> <li>ii. <code>\$ sudo mv ifcfg-ethX /tmp</code> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Keep ifcfg-ethX in /tmp until ethX is working correctly, then delete it.</li> </ol> </li> <li>iii. Re-run the netAdm command. It will create and configure the interface in one action.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>7. Reboot the VM. It will take approximately 5 minutes for the VM to complete rebooting.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ sudo init 6</code></li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p>The new VM should now be accessible via both network and Horizon console.</p>
<p>5</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Configure NO2 (Optional for small lab deployment)</b></p>	<p>Repeat steps 1 through 3 for NO2.</p>

**Procedure 6. (KVM/OpenStack only) Configure remaining DSR guests based on resource profile**

<p><b>S</b> <b>T</b> <b>E</b> <b>P</b></p>	<p>This procedure adds network addresses for all Virtual Machines.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
<p>1 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Name the new VM instance</b></p>	<p>Create an informative name for the new instance: “SO1”.</p> <p>Examine the network interface recommendations at the bottom of the Resource Profile in Appendix D.</p>
<p>2 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Create and boot the SO VM instance from the glance image.</b></p>	<p>3. Get the following configuration values.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The image ID.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ glance image-list</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>b. The flavor ID.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ nova flavor-list</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>c. The network ID(s)             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ neutron net-list</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>d. An informative name for the instance.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. “SO1”</li> <li>ii. “SO2”</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p>4. Create and boot the VM instance.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The instance must be owned by the DSR tenant user, not the admin user. Source the credentials of the DSR tenant user and issue the following command. Use one “—nic” argument for each IP/interface. Note that IPv6 addresses should use the “v6-fixed-ip” argument instead of “v4-fixed-ip”.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. <code>\$ nova boot --image &lt;image ID&gt; --flavor &lt;flavor id&gt; --nic net-id=&lt;first network id&gt;,v4-fixed-ip=&lt;first ip address&gt; --nic net-id=&lt;second network id&gt;,v4-fixed-ip=&lt;second ip address&gt; &lt;instance name&gt;</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>c. view the newly created instance using the nova tool.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ nova list --all-tenants</code></li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p>The VM will take approximately 5 minutes to boot and may be accessed through both network interfaces and the Horizon console tool.</p>

**Procedure 6. (KVM/OpenStack only) Configure remaining DSR guests based on resource profile**

<p>3 □</p>	<p><b>Configure SOAM VIP (optional).</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If a SOAM VIP is needed, execute the following commands.</li> <li>2. Find the port id associated with the NOAM instance XMI interface.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ neutron port-list</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Add the VIP IP address to the address pairs list of the SOAM instance XMI interface port.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ neutron port-update &lt;Port ID&gt; --allowed_address_pairs list=true type=dict ip_address=&lt;VIP address to be added&gt;</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>4. If necessary, see Allowed Address Pairs in Appendix I for more information.</li> </ol>
<p>3 □</p>	<p><b>Configure instance networking.</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Log in to the “Horizon” GUI as the DSR tenant user.</li> <li>2. Go to the Compute/Instances section.</li> <li>3. Click on the “Name” field of the newly created instance.</li> <li>4. Select the “Console” tab.</li> <li>5. Login as the admusr.</li> <li>6. Configure the network interfaces, conforming with the interface-to-network mappings described at the bottom of the Resource Profile in Appendix D.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ sudo netAdm add --onboot=yes --device=eth0 --address=&lt;xmi ip&gt; --netmask=&lt;xmi net mask&gt;</code></li> <li>b. <code>\$ sudo netAdm add --onboot=yes --device=eth1 --address=&lt;imi ip&gt; --netmask=&lt;imi net mask&gt;</code></li> <li>c. <code>\$ sudo netAdm add --route=default --device=eth0 --gateway=&lt;xmi gateway ip&gt;</code></li> <li>d. Under some circumstances, it may be necessary to configure as many as 6 or more interfaces.</li> <li>e. If netAdm fails to create the new interface (ethX) because it already exists in a partially configured state, perform the following actions.                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ cd /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts</code></li> <li>ii. <code>\$ sudo mv ifcfg-ethX /tmp</code> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Keep ifcfg-ethX in /tmp until ethX is working correctly, then delete it.</li> </ol> </li> <li>iii. Re-run the netAdm command. It will create and configure the interface in one action.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>7. Reboot the VM. It will take approximately 5 minutes for the VM to complete rebooting.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ sudo init 6</code></li> </ol> <p>The new VM should now be accessible via both network and Horizon console.</p> </li> </ol>

**Procedure 6. (KVM/OpenStack only) Configure remaining DSR guests based on resource profile**

4 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Procedure overview.</b>	Repeat Steps 1 through 3 for the following VMs. Use Unique labels for the VM Names. Be sure to assign addresses to all desired network interfaces:  MP(s) MP(s) SS7 (optional components ) IPFE(s) NO(s) SO(s) SBR s, SBR b (Optional Components )
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### 4.3 Application Configuration

#### Procedure 7. Configure the First NOAMP NE and Server

<b>S T E P</b>	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to configure the First NOAMP virtual machine.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>																															
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>NOAMP GUI: Login</b>	<p>In your browser, go to <b>Error! Hyperlink reference not valid.</b> xmi ipaddress&gt; and login to the NOAMP GUI as the <i>guiadmin</i> user.</p>																														
2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Create the NOAMP Network Element using the XML File</b>	<p>Navigate to <b>Main Menu-&gt;Configuration-&gt;Network Elements</b></p> <p>Select the <b>Browse</b> button, and enter the pathname of the NOAMP network XML file.</p> <p>Select the <b>Upload File</b> button to upload the XML file. See the examples in Appendix A, SAMPLE NETWORK ELEMENT and HARDWARE PROFILES and configure the NOAMP Network Element.</p> <p>Once the data has been uploaded, you should see a folder appear with the name of your network element. Click on this folder and you will get a drop-down which describes the individual networks that are now configured:</p> <div data-bbox="581 1020 1349 1285" style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="5">Network Element</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="5"> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">📁</div> <span>VMW_BuenosAires_DSR_NO</span> </div> </td> </tr> <tr> <th>Network Name</th> <th>Network Address</th> <th>Netmask</th> <th>VLAN ID</th> <th>Gateway IP Address</th> </tr> <tr> <td>XMI</td> <td>10.240.20.0</td> <td>255.255.252.0</td> <td>3</td> <td>10.240.20.1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IMI</td> <td>169.254.2.0</td> <td>255.255.255.0</td> <td>4</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="5"> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">📁</div> <span>BuenosAires_SOAM</span> </div> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </div>	Network Element					<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">📁</div> <span>VMW_BuenosAires_DSR_NO</span> </div>					Network Name	Network Address	Netmask	VLAN ID	Gateway IP Address	XMI	10.240.20.0	255.255.252.0	3	10.240.20.1	IMI	169.254.2.0	255.255.255.0	4		<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">📁</div> <span>BuenosAires_SOAM</span> </div>				
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**Procedure 7. Configure the First NOAMP NE and Server**

3	<p><b>Map Services to Networks</b></p> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Navigate to <b>Main Menu -&gt;Configuration-&gt; Services</b>.</p> <p>Select the <b>Edit</b> button and set the Services as shown in the table below:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Name</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Intra-NE Network</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Inter-NE Network</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>OAM</td> <td style="text-align: center;">&lt;IMI Network&gt;</td> <td style="text-align: center;">&lt;XMI Network&gt;</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Replication</td> <td style="text-align: center;">&lt;IMI Network&gt;</td> <td style="text-align: center;">&lt;XMI Network&gt;</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Signaling</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Unspecified</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Unspecified</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HA_Secondary</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Unspecified</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Unspecified</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HA_MP_Secondary</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Unspecified</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Unspecified</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Replication_MP</td> <td style="text-align: center;">&lt;IMI Network&gt;</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Unspecified</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ComAgent</td> <td style="text-align: center;">&lt;IMI Network&gt;</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Unspecified</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>For example, if your IMI network is named "<i>IMI</i>" and your XMI network is named "<i>XMI</i>", then your services should config should look like the following:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Name</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Intra-NE Network</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Inter-NE Network</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>OAM</td> <td style="text-align: center;">IMI ▾</td> <td style="text-align: center;">XMI ▾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Replication</td> <td style="text-align: center;">IMI ▾</td> <td style="text-align: center;">XMI ▾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Signaling</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Unspecified ▾</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Unspecified ▾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HA_Secondary</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Unspecified ▾</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Unspecified ▾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HA_MP_Secondary</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Unspecified ▾</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Unspecified ▾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Replication_MP</td> <td style="text-align: center;">IMI ▾</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Unspecified ▾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ComAgent</td> <td style="text-align: center;">IMI ▾</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Unspecified ▾</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Select the <b>Ok</b> button to apply the Service-to-Network selections. Dismiss any possible popup notifications.</p>	Name	Intra-NE Network	Inter-NE Network	OAM	<IMI Network>	<XMI Network>	Replication	<IMI Network>	<XMI Network>	Signaling	Unspecified	Unspecified	HA_Secondary	Unspecified	Unspecified	HA_MP_Secondary	Unspecified	Unspecified	Replication_MP	<IMI Network>	Unspecified	ComAgent	<IMI Network>	Unspecified	Name	Intra-NE Network	Inter-NE Network	OAM	IMI ▾	XMI ▾	Replication	IMI ▾	XMI ▾	Signaling	Unspecified ▾	Unspecified ▾	HA_Secondary	Unspecified ▾	Unspecified ▾	HA_MP_Secondary	Unspecified ▾	Unspecified ▾	Replication_MP	IMI ▾	Unspecified ▾	ComAgent	IMI ▾	Unspecified ▾
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HA_Secondary	Unspecified ▾	Unspecified ▾																																																
HA_MP_Secondary	Unspecified ▾	Unspecified ▾																																																
Replication_MP	IMI ▾	Unspecified ▾																																																
ComAgent	IMI ▾	Unspecified ▾																																																

**Procedure 7. Configure the First NOAMP NE and Server**

4 **Insert the 1st NOAMP VM**

Navigate to **Main Menu -> Configuration -> Servers.**

Select the **Insert** button to insert the new NOAMP server into servers table (*the first or server*).

Attribute	Value
Hostname	NO1 *
Role	NETWORK OAM&P *
System ID	
Hardware Profile	DSR ESXI Guest
Network Element Name	VM_INSTALLDOC_TEST *
Location	

Fill in the fields as follows:

- Hostname:** <Hostname>
- Role:** NETWORK OAM&P
- System ID:** <Site System ID>
- Hardware Profile:** DSR ESXI Guest (VMware)
- or
- Hardware Profile:** DSR Guest (KVM/OpenStack)
- Network Element Name:** [Choose NE from Drop Down Box]

The network interface fields will now become available with selection choices based on the chosen hardware profile and network element

Interfaces:		
Network	IP Address	Interface
XMI (10.240.20.0/22)	10.240.21.147	eth0 <input type="checkbox"/> VLAN (3)
IMI (169.254.2.0/24)	169.254.2.2	eth1 <input type="checkbox"/> VLAN (4)

Fill in the server IP addresses for the XMI network. Select **ethX** for the interface. **Leave the "VLAN" checkbox unchecked.**

Fill in the server IP addresses for the IMI network. Select **ethX** for the interface. **Leave the "VLAN" checkbox unchecked.**

Next, add the following NTP servers:

NTP Server	Preferred?
<i>Valid Ntp Server</i>	Yes
<i>Valid Ntp Server</i>	No
<i>Valid Ntp Server</i>	No

Select the **Ok** button when you have completed entering all the server data.

## Procedure 7. Configure the First NOAMP NE and Server

<p>5</p> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Export the Initial Configuration</b></p>	<p>Navigate to <b>Main Menu -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Servers</b>.</p> <p>From the GUI screen, select the NOAMP server and then select <b>Export</b> action button to generate the initial configuration data for that server. Go to the Info tab to confirm the file has been created.</p>
<p>6</p> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Copy Configuration File to 1<sup>st</sup> NOAMP Server</b></p>	<p>Obtain a terminal window to the 1<sup>st</sup> NOAMP server, logging in as the <b>admusr</b> user.</p> <p>Copy the configuration file created in the previous step from the <code>/var/TKLC/db/filemgmt</code> directory on the 1<sup>st</sup> NOAMP to the <code>/var/tmp</code> directory. The configuration file will have a filename like <code>TKLCConfigData.&lt;hostname&gt;.sh</code>. The following is an example:</p> <pre>\$ sudo cp /var/TKLC/db/filemgmt/TKLCConfigData.&lt;hostname&gt;.sh /var/tmp/TKLCConfigData.sh</pre>
<p>7</p> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Wait for Configuration to Complete</b></p>	<p>The automatic configuration daemon will look for the file named <b>“TKLCConfigData.sh”</b> in the <code>/var/tmp</code> directory, implement the configuration in the file, and then prompt the user to reboot the server.</p> <p>If you are on the console wait to be prompted to reboot the server, but <b>DO NOT</b> reboot the server, it will be rebooted later on in this procedure.</p> <p>Verify script completed successfully by checking the following file.</p> <pre>\$ sudo cat /var/TKLC/appw/logs/Process/install.log</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> Ignore the warning about removing the USB key, since no USB key is present. No response will occur until the reboot prompt is issued.</p>
<p>8</p> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Set the time zone (optional) and reboot the Server</b></p>	<p>To change the system time zone, from the command line prompt, execute <code>set_ini_tz.pl</code>. The following command example uses the <code>America/New_York</code> time zone.</p> <p>Replace as appropriate with the time zone you have selected for this installation. For a full list of valid time zones, see <b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>, Appendix .</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/appworks/bin/set_ini_tz.pl "America/New_York" &gt;/dev/null 2&gt;&amp;1</pre> <pre>\$ sudo init 6</pre> <p>Wait for server to reboot.</p>

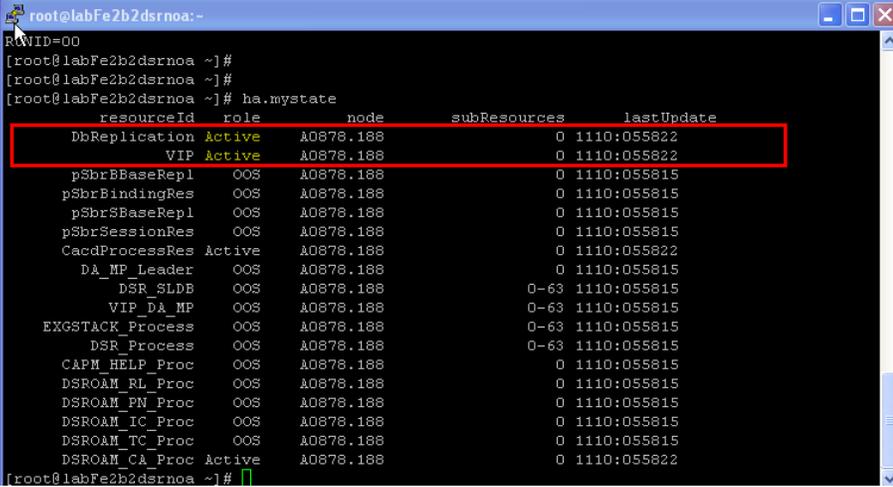
### Procedure 7. Configure the First NOAMP NE and Server

9 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>1<sup>st</sup> NO Server:</b> Verify Server Health	<p>Login into the NO1 as admusr.</p> <p>Execute the following command as admusr on the 1<sup>st</sup> NO server and make sure that no errors are returned:</p> <pre>\$ sudo syscheck Running modules in class hardware... OK Running modules in class disk... OK Running modules in class net... OK Running modules in class system... OK Running modules in class proc... OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log</pre>
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### Procedure 8. Configure the NOAMP Server Group

<b>S T E P</b>	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to configure the NOAMP server group.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>NOAMP GUI:</b> Login	<p>Establish a GUI session on the first NOAMP server by using the XMI IP address of the first NOAMP server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of: <a href="http://&lt;NO1_XMI_IP_Address&gt;">http://&lt;NO1_XMI_IP_Address&gt;</a></p> <p>Login as the <i>guiadmin</i> user. If prompted by a security warning, select <b>Continue to this Website</b> to proceed.</p>
2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Enter NOAMP Server Group Data</b>	<p>Using the GUI session on the first NOAMP server, go to the GUI <b>Main Menu -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Server Groups</b>, select <b>Insert</b> and fill the following fields:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Server Group Name:</b> [ Enter Server Group Name]</li> <li>• <b>Level:</b> <b>A</b></li> <li>• <b>Parent:</b> <b>None</b></li> <li>• <b>Function:</b> <b>DSR (Active/Standby Pair)</b></li> <li>• <b>WAN Replication Connection Count:</b> <b>Use Default Value</b></li> </ul> <p>Select <b>OK</b> when all fields are filled in.</p>

### Procedure 8. Configure the NOAMP Server Group

<p>3</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Edit the NOAMP Server Group</b></p>	<p>From the GUI <b>Main Menu</b> -&gt; <b>Configuration</b> -&gt; <b>Server Groups</b>, select the new server group, and then select <b>Edit</b> Select the Network Element that represents the NOAMP.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="521 344 1318 478"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="3">NO_900060103</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Server</th> <th>SG Inclusion</th> <th>Preferred HA Role</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>HPC6NO</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>In the portion of the screen that lists the servers for the server group, find the NOAMP server being configured. Click the <b>Include in SG</b> checkbox.</p> <p>Leave other boxes blank.</p> <p>Press <b>OK</b></p>	NO_900060103			Server	SG Inclusion	Preferred HA Role	HPC6NO	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG	<input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare
NO_900060103											
Server	SG Inclusion	Preferred HA Role									
HPC6NO	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG	<input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare									
<p>4</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Verify NOAMP virtual machine role</b></p>	<p>From console window of the first NOAMP virtual machine, execute the <b>ha.mystate</b> command to verify that the <b>“DbReplication”</b> and <b>“VIP”</b> item under the <b>resourceId</b> column has a value of <b>“Active”</b> under the <b>“role”</b> column.</p> <p>You might have to wait a few minutes for it to be in that state.</p> <p>Press <b>Ctrl+C</b> to exit</p> <p>Example:</p>  <pre> root@labFe2b2dsrnoa:~# ha.mystate resourceId  role      node      subResources  lastUpdate DbReplication Active    A0878.188  0 1110:055822 VIP Active  A0878.188  0 1110:055822 pSbrBBaseRepl OOS      A0878.188  0 1110:055815 pSbrBindingRes OOS      A0878.188  0 1110:055815 pSbrSBaseRepl OOS      A0878.188  0 1110:055815 pSbrSessionRes OOS      A0878.188  0 1110:055815 CacdProcessRes Active    A0878.188  0 1110:055822 DA_MP Leader OOS      A0878.188  0 1110:055815 DSR_SLDB OOS      A0878.188  0-63 1110:055815 VIP_DA_MP OOS      A0878.188  0-63 1110:055815 EXGSTACK_Process OOS      A0878.188  0-63 1110:055815 DSR_Process OOS      A0878.188  0-63 1110:055815 CAPM_HELP_Proc OOS      A0878.188  0 1110:055815 DSROAM_RL_Proc OOS      A0878.188  0 1110:055815 DSROAM_PN_Proc OOS      A0878.188  0 1110:055815 DSROAM_IC_Proc OOS      A0878.188  0 1110:055815 DSROAM_TC_Proc OOS      A0878.188  0 1110:055815 DSROAM_CA_Proc Active    A0878.188  0 1110:055822 </pre>									
<p>5</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Restart 1<sup>st</sup> NOAMP virtual machine</b></p>	<p>From the NOAMP GUI, select the <b>Main menu</b> -&gt; <b>Status &amp; Manage</b> -&gt; <b>Server</b> menu.</p> <p>Select the first NOAMP server. Select the <b>Restart</b> button. Answer <b>OK</b> to the confirmation popup. Wait for restart to complete.</p>									

## Procedure 8. Configure the NOAMP Server Group

6 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Set Sysmetric Thresholds for Virtual Machines</b>  <b>Note: These commands disable the Message rate threshold alarms.</b>	From console window of the first NOAMP virtual machine, execute the iset commands as admusr.  <pre>\$ sudo iset -feventNumber='-1' SysMetricThreshold where "metricId='RoutingMsgRate' and function='DIAM'"</pre> <pre>\$ sudo iset -feventNumber='-1' SysMetricThreshold where "metricId='RxMsgRateMp' and function='DIAM'"</pre> <pre>\$ sudo iset -feventNumber='-1' SysMetricThreshold where "metricId='RxRbarMsgRate' and function='RBAR'"</pre> <pre>\$ sudo iset -feventNumber='-1' SysMetricThreshold where "metricId='RxFabrMsgRate' and function='FABR'"</pre> <pre>\$ sudo iset -feventNumber='-1' SysMetricThreshold where "metricId='RxCpaMsgRate' and function='CPA'"</pre> <pre>\$ sudo iset -feventNumber='-1' SysMetricThreshold where "metricId='RxDmiwfMsgRate' and function='DM-IWF'"</pre> <pre>\$ sudo iset -feventNumber='-1' SysMetricThreshold where "metricId='RxMdIwfIngressMsgRate' and function='MD-IWF'"</pre>
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**Procedure 9. Configure the Second NOAMP Server**

<b>S T E P</b>	This procedure will provide the steps to configure the Second NOAMP server. Optional for small lab deployment.  Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.  If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b> , and ask for assistance.	
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>NOAMP GUI:</b> Login	If not already done, establish a GUI session on the first NOAMP server by using the XMI IP address of the first NOAMP server. Open the web browser and enter a URL of: <a href="http://&lt;NO1_XMI_IP_Address&gt;">http://&lt;NO1_XMI_IP_Address&gt;</a>  Login as the <i>guiadmin</i> user.

**Procedure 9. Configure the Second NOAMP Server**

2 **Insert the 2nd NOAMP VM**

Navigate to **Main Menu -> Configuration -> Servers.**

Select the **Insert** button to insert the new NOAMP server into servers table (*the first or server*).

Hostname	NO2 *
Role	NETWORK OAM&P *
System ID	
Hardware Profile	DSR ESXI Guest
Network Element Name	VM_INSTALLDOC_TEST *
Location	

Fill in the fields as follows:

- Hostname:** <Hostname>
- Role:** NETWORK OAM&P
- System ID:** <Site System ID>
- Hardware Profile:** DSR ESXI Guest (VMware)
- or
- Hardware Profile:** DSR Guest (KVM/OpenStack)
- Network Element Name:** [Choose NE from Drop Down Box]

The network interface fields will now become available with selection choices based on the chosen hardware profile and network element

Interfaces:		
Network	IP Address	Interface
XMI (10.240.20.0/22)	10.240.21.147	eth0 <input type="checkbox"/> VLAN (3)
IMI (169.254.2.0/24)	169.254.2.2	eth1 <input type="checkbox"/> VLAN (4)

Fill in the server IP addresses for the XMI network. Select **ethX** for the interface. **Leave the "VLAN" checkbox unchecked.**

Fill in the server IP addresses for the IMI network. Select **ethX** for the interface. **Leave the "VLAN" checkbox unchecked.**

Next, add the following NTP servers:

NTP Server	Preferred?
<i>Valid Ntp Server</i>	Yes
<i>Valid Ntp Server</i>	No
<i>Valid Ntp Server</i>	No

Select the **Ok** button when you have completed entering all the server data.

### Procedure 9. Configure the Second NOAMP Server

<p>3</p> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Export the initial configuration</b></p>	<p>From the GUI screen, select the second server and then select <b>Export</b> action button to generate the initial configuration data for that server. Go to the Info tab to confirm the file has been created.</p>
<p>4</p> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Copy Configuration File to 2<sup>nd</sup> NOAMP Server</b></p>	<p>Obtain a terminal session to the 1<sup>st</sup> NOAMP as the <i>admusr</i> user.</p> <p>Log in as admusr to the NO1 shell, and issue the following commands:</p> <pre>\$ sudo scp /var/TKLC/db/filemgmt/TKLCConfigData.&lt;hostname&gt;.sh admusr@&lt;ipaddr&gt;:/var/tmp/TKLCConfigData.sh</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> ipaddr is the IP address of NO2 assigned to its ethx interface associated with the xmi network.</p>
<p>5</p> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Wait for Configuration to Complete</b></p>	<p>Obtain a terminal session to the 2<sup>nd</sup> NOAMP as the <i>admusr</i> user.</p> <p>The automatic configuration daemon will look for the file named “<i>TKLCConfigData.sh</i>” in the /var/tmp directory, implement the configuration in the file, and then prompt the user to reboot the server.</p> <p>If you are on the console wait to be prompted to reboot the server, but <b>DO NOT</b> reboot the server, it will be rebooted later on in this procedure.</p> <p>Verify script completed successfully by checking the following file.</p> <pre>\$ sudo cat /var/TKLC/appw/logs/Process/install.log</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> Ignore the warning about removing the USB key, since no USB key is present.</p>
<p>6</p> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Set the time zone (optional) and reboot the Server</b></p>	<p>To change the system time zone, from the command line prompt, execute <i>set_ini_tz.pl</i>. The following command example uses the America/New_York time zone.</p> <p>Replace as appropriate with the time zone you have selected for this installation. For a full list of valid time zones, see <b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>, Appendix .</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/appworks/bin/set_ini_tz.pl "America/New_York" &gt;/dev/null 2&gt;&amp;1</pre> <pre>\$ sudo init 6</pre> <p>Wait for server to reboot.</p>

### Procedure 9. Configure the Second NOAMP Server

7 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>2nd NO Server:</b> Verify Server Health	<p>Login into the NO2 as admusr and wait.</p> <p>Execute the following command as super-user on the 2<sup>nd</sup> NO server and make sure that no errors are returned:</p> <pre>\$ sudo syscheck Running modules in class hardware... OK Running modules in class disk... OK Running modules in class net... OK Running modules in class system... OK Running modules in class proc... OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log</pre>
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### Procedure 10. Complete Configuring the NOAMP Server Group

S T E P #	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to finish configuring th NOAMP Server Group.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>																			
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Edit the NOAMP Server Group Data</b>	<p>From the GUI session on the first NOAMP server, go to the GUI <b>Main Menu-&gt;Configuration-&gt;Server Groups.</b></p> <p>Select the NOAMP Server group and click on <b>Edit</b> and add the second NOAMP server to the Server Group by clicking the <b>“Include in SG”</b> checkbox for the second NOAMP server. Click <b>Apply</b>.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="3" style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">RMSNO_900060102</th> </tr> <tr> <th style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">Server</th> <th style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">SG Inclusion</th> <th style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">Preferred HA Role</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>RMSNOA</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RMSNOB</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Add a NOAMP VIP by click on <b>Add</b>. Fill in the VIP Address and press <b>Ok</b> as shown below</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; border-bottom: 1px solid #ccc;">VIP Address</td> <td style="text-align: right; border-bottom: 1px solid #ccc;"><input type="button" value="Add"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border-bottom: 1px solid #ccc;"><input style="width: 90%;" type="text"/></td> <td style="text-align: right; border-bottom: 1px solid #ccc;"><input type="button" value="Remove"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: right; padding-top: 5px;"> <input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> </td> </tr> </table> </div>	RMSNO_900060102			Server	SG Inclusion	Preferred HA Role	RMSNOA	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG	<input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare	RMSNOB	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG	<input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare	VIP Address	<input type="button" value="Add"/>	<input style="width: 90%;" type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Remove"/>	<input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	
RMSNO_900060102																				
Server	SG Inclusion	Preferred HA Role																		
RMSNOA	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG	<input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare																		
RMSNOB	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG	<input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare																		
VIP Address	<input type="button" value="Add"/>																			
<input style="width: 90%;" type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Remove"/>																			
<input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>																				

**Procedure 10. Complete Configuring the NOAMP Server Group**

2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Wait for Replication</b>	After replication, which will initially take up to <i>5 minutes</i> , the HA status should be active ( <b>Main menu-&gt;Status &amp; Manage-&gt;HA</b> ). <b>Note:</b> This may take up to <i>5 minutes</i> while the NOAMP servers figure out master/slave relationship.  Log out of GUI from the first NOAMP XMI address.
3 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Establish GUI Session on the NOAMP VIP</b>	Establish a GUI session on the NOAMP by using the NOAMP VIP address. Login as user <i>guiadmin</i> .
4 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Wait for Remote Database Alarm to Clear</b>	Wait for the alarm ID 10200 "Remote Database re-initialization in progress" to be cleared before proceeding. ( <b>Main menu-&gt;Alarms &amp; Events-&gt;View Active</b> )
5 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Restart 2<sup>nd</sup> NOAMP virtual machine</b>	In the <b>Main menu-&gt;Status &amp; Manage-&gt;Server</b> menu, select the second NOAMP server.  Select the <b>Restart</b> button. Answer <b>OK</b> to the confirmation popup. Wait approximately 3-5 minutes before proceeding to allow the system to stabilize indicated by having the <i>"Appl State"</i> as <b>"Enabled"</b> .
6 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>SDS can now be installed (Optional)</b>	If this deployment contains SDS, SDS can now be installed. Refer to document referenced in [6].

**Procedure 11. Configure the SOAM NE**

<b>S T E P #</b>	This procedure will provide the steps to configure the SOAM Network Element  Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.  If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b> , and ask for assistance.	
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Establish GUI Session on the NOAMP VIP</b>	If needed, establish a GUI session on the NOAMP by using the NOAM VIP address. Login as user <i>guiadmin</i> .

**Procedure 11. Configure the SOAM NE**

2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Create the SOAM Network Element using an XML File</b></p>	<p>Make sure to have an SOAM Network Element XML file available on the PC that is running the web browser. The SOAM Network Element XML file is similar to what was created and used in Procedure 9 , but defines the SOAM “Network Element”.</p> <p>Refer to <b>Appendix A</b> for a sample Network Element xml file</p> <p>Navigate to <b>Main Menu-&gt;Configuration-&gt;Network Elements</b></p> <p>Select the <b>Browse</b> button, and enter the path and name of the SOAM network XML file.</p> <p>Select the <b>Upload</b> File button to upload the XML file and configure the SOAM Network Element.</p>
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**Procedure 12. Configure the SOAM Servers**

S T E P #	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to configure the SOAM Servers</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>															
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Establish GUI Session on the NOAMP VIP</b></p>	<p>If needed, establish a GUI session on the NOAMP by using the NOAM VIP address. Login as user <i>guiadmin</i>.</p>														
2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Insert the 1<sup>st</sup> SOAM server</b></p>	<p>Navigate to <b>Main Menu-&gt;Configuration-&gt;Servers</b></p> <p>Select the <b>Insert</b> button to insert the new SOAM server into servers table.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Attribute</th> <th style="text-align: left;">Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Hostname</td> <td><input type="text" value="SO1"/> *</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Role</td> <td><input type="text" value="SYSTEM OAM"/> *</td> </tr> <tr> <td>System ID</td> <td><input style="background-color: yellow;" type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Hardware Profile</td> <td><input type="text" value="DSR ESXI Guest"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Network Element Name</td> <td><input type="text" value="SO_INSTALLDOC_TEST"/> *</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Location</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Fill in the fields as follows:</p> <p><b>Hostname:</b>                    &lt;SO1-Hostname&gt;</p> <p><b>Role:</b>                                SYSTEM OAM</p> <p><b>System ID:</b>                    &lt;Site System ID&gt;</p> <p><b>Hardware Profile:</b>        DSR ESXI Guest (VMware)</p> <p>or</p> <p><b>Hardware Profile:</b>        DSR Guest (KVM/OpenStack)</p>	Attribute	Value	Hostname	<input type="text" value="SO1"/> *	Role	<input type="text" value="SYSTEM OAM"/> *	System ID	<input style="background-color: yellow;" type="text"/>	Hardware Profile	<input type="text" value="DSR ESXI Guest"/>	Network Element Name	<input type="text" value="SO_INSTALLDOC_TEST"/> *	Location	<input type="text"/>
Attribute	Value															
Hostname	<input type="text" value="SO1"/> *															
Role	<input type="text" value="SYSTEM OAM"/> *															
System ID	<input style="background-color: yellow;" type="text"/>															
Hardware Profile	<input type="text" value="DSR ESXI Guest"/>															
Network Element Name	<input type="text" value="SO_INSTALLDOC_TEST"/> *															
Location	<input type="text"/>															

**Procedure 12. Configure the SOAM Servers**

		<p align="center"><b>Network Element Name: [Choose NE from Drop Down Box]</b></p> <p>The network interface fields will now become available with selection choices based on the chosen hardware profile and network element</p> <div data-bbox="500 394 1406 558"> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="3">Interfaces:</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Network</th> <th>IP Address</th> <th>Interface</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>INTERNALXMI (10.240.84.128/25)</td> <td>10.240.84.155</td> <td>xmi <input type="checkbox"/> VLAN (3)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>INTERNALIMI (10.240.85.0/26)</td> <td>10.240.85.10</td> <td>imi <input type="checkbox"/> VLAN (4)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p align="center">Ok Apply Cancel</p> </div> <p>Fill in the server IP addresses for the XMI network. Select <b>ethX</b> for the interface. <b>Leave the "VLAN" checkbox unchecked.</b></p> <p>Fill in the server IP addresses for the IMI network. Select <b>ethX</b> for the interface. <b>Leave the "VLAN" checkbox unchecked.</b></p> <p>Next, add the following NTP servers:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="518 774 1393 919"> <thead> <tr> <th>NTP Server</th> <th>Preferred?</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><i>Valid Ntp Server</i></td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td><i>Valid NTP Server</i></td> <td>No</td> </tr> <tr> <td><i>Valid NTP Server</i></td> <td>No</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Select the <b>Ok</b> button when you have completed entering the server data.</p>	Interfaces:			Network	IP Address	Interface	INTERNALXMI (10.240.84.128/25)	10.240.84.155	xmi <input type="checkbox"/> VLAN (3)	INTERNALIMI (10.240.85.0/26)	10.240.85.10	imi <input type="checkbox"/> VLAN (4)	NTP Server	Preferred?	<i>Valid Ntp Server</i>	Yes	<i>Valid NTP Server</i>	No	<i>Valid NTP Server</i>	No
Interfaces:																						
Network	IP Address	Interface																				
INTERNALXMI (10.240.84.128/25)	10.240.84.155	xmi <input type="checkbox"/> VLAN (3)																				
INTERNALIMI (10.240.85.0/26)	10.240.85.10	imi <input type="checkbox"/> VLAN (4)																				
NTP Server	Preferred?																					
<i>Valid Ntp Server</i>	Yes																					
<i>Valid NTP Server</i>	No																					
<i>Valid NTP Server</i>	No																					
<p>3</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Export the initial configuration</b></p>	<p>From the GUI screen, select the desired server and then select <b>Export</b> action button to generate the initial configuration data for that server. Go to the Info tab to confirm the file has been created.</p>																				
<p>4</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Copy Configuration File to the 1<sup>st</sup> SOAM server</b></p>	<p>Log in as <i>admusr</i> to the NO1 shell and issue the commands:</p> <pre>\$ sudo scp /var/TKLC/db/filemgmt/TKLCConfigData.&lt;hostname&gt;.sh admusr@&lt;ipaddr&gt;:/var/tmp/TKLCConfigData.sh</pre>																				
<p>5</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Wait for Configuration to Complete</b></p>	<p>Obtain a terminal session on the 1<sup>st</sup> SOAM as the <i>admusr</i> user.</p> <p>The automatic configuration daemon will look for the file named "<i>TKLCConfigData.sh</i>" in the /var/tmp directory, implement the configuration in the file, and then prompt the user to reboot the server.</p> <p>If you are on the console wait to be prompted to reboot the server, but <b>DO NOT</b> reboot the server, it will be rebooted later on in this procedure.</p> <p>Verify script completed successfully by checking the following file.</p> <pre>\$ sudo cat /var/TKLC/appw/logs/Process/install.log</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> Ignore the warning about removing the USB key, since no USB key is present.</p>																				

**Procedure 12. Configure the SOAM Servers**

<p>6</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Set the time zone (optional) and reboot the Server</b></p>	<p>To change the system time zone, from the command line prompt, execute <i>set_ini_tz.pl</i>. The following command example uses the America/New_York time zone.</p> <p>Replace as appropriate with the time zone you have selected for this installation. For a full list of valid time zones, see <b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>, Appendix B.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/appworks/bin/set_ini_tz.pl "America/New_York" &gt;/dev/null 2&gt;&amp;1</pre> <pre>\$ sudo init 6</pre> <p>Wait for server to reboot.</p>								
<p>7</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>1<sup>st</sup> SOAM Server: Verify Server Health</b></p>	<p>After the system reboots, login again as <i>admusr</i>.</p> <p>Execute the following command and make sure that no errors are returned:</p> <pre># sudo syscheck Running modules in class hardware...   OK Running modules in class disk...   OK Running modules in class net...   OK Running modules in class system...   OK Running modules in class proc...   OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log</pre>								
<p>8</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Insert and Configure the 2<sup>nd</sup> SOAM server, repeat steps 1 through 7 for 2<sup>nd</sup> SOAM.</b></p> <p><b>Note: Optional for Non-HA Configuration</b></p>	<p>Repeat this procedure to insert and configure the 2<sup>nd</sup> SOAM server, with the exception of the NTP server, which should be configured as so:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="521 1192 1395 1419"> <thead> <tr> <th>NTP Server</th> <th>Preferred?</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><i>Any valid NTP server address</i></td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td><i>Any valid NTP server address</i></td> <td>No</td> </tr> <tr> <td><i>Any valid NTP server address</i></td> <td>No</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Insert the network data for the 2<sup>nd</sup> SOAM server, transfer the <i>TKLCConfigData</i> file to the 2<sup>nd</sup> SOAM server, and reboot the 2<sup>nd</sup> SOAM server when prompted at a terminal window.</p> <p>Wait approximately <i>5 minutes</i> for the 2<sup>nd</sup> SOAM server to reboot.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> For DSR mated sites, repeat this step for additional/spare SOAM server for mated site.</p>	NTP Server	Preferred?	<i>Any valid NTP server address</i>	Yes	<i>Any valid NTP server address</i>	No	<i>Any valid NTP server address</i>	No
NTP Server	Preferred?									
<i>Any valid NTP server address</i>	Yes									
<i>Any valid NTP server address</i>	No									
<i>Any valid NTP server address</i>	No									

**Procedure 13. Configure the SOAM Server Group**

<p><b>S T E P #</b></p>	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to configure the SOAM Server Group</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>																			
<p>1 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Enter SOAM Server Group Data</b></p>	<p>From the GUI session on the <b>NOAMP VIP</b> address, go to the <b>GUI Main Menu-&gt;Configuration-&gt;Server Groups</b>, select <b>Insert</b> and add the SOAM Server Group name along with the values for the following fields:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Name:</b> [Enter Server Group Name]</li> <li>• <b>Level:</b> B</li> <li>• <b>Parent</b> [Select the NOAMP Server Group]</li> <li>• <b>Function:</b> DSR (Active/Standby Pair)</li> <li>• <b>WAN Replication Connection Count:</b> Use Default Value</li> </ul> <p>Select <b>OK</b> when all fields are filled.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> For DSR mated sites, repeat this step for additional SOAM server groups where the preferred SOAM spares may be entered prior to the active/Standby SOAMs.</p>																		
<p>2 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Edit the SOAM Server Group and add VIP</b></p>	<p>From the <b>GUI Main Menu-&gt;Configuration-&gt;Server Groups</b>, select the new SOAM server group, and then select <b>Edit</b>.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="483 947 1284 1136"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="3">SO_900060102</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Server</th> <th>SG Inclusion</th> <th>Preferred HA Role</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>RMSSOA</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RMSSOB</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Add both SOAM servers to the Server Group Primary Site by clicking the <b>“Include in SG”</b> checkbox .</p> <p>Click <b>Apply</b>.</p> <p>Add a SOAM VIP by click on <b>Add</b>. Fill in the <b>“VIP Address”</b> and press <b>Ok</b> as shown below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="488 1415 1377 1583"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><b>VIP Address</b></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><input type="button" value="Add"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="text"/></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><input type="button" value="Remove"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: right;"> <input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> </td> </tr> </table>	SO_900060102			Server	SG Inclusion	Preferred HA Role	RMSSOA	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG	<input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare	RMSSOB	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG	<input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare	<b>VIP Address</b>	<input type="button" value="Add"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Remove"/>	<input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	
SO_900060102																				
Server	SG Inclusion	Preferred HA Role																		
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<b>VIP Address</b>	<input type="button" value="Add"/>																			
<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Remove"/>																			
<input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>																				
<p>3 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Prepare Feature Activation where Preferred Spares are Already Present (OPTIONAL)</b></p>	<p>In mated DSR configurations, where a preferred spare is already present upon entering the Active and Standby SOAM servers. Execute <b>Steps 1-4</b> from <b>Appendix C</b>. Otherwise, skip this step.</p>																		

### Procedure 13. Configure the SOAM Server Group

<p>4</p> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>(OPTIONAL)</b>  <b>Edit the SOAM Server Group and add Preferred Spares for Site Redundancy</b></p>	<p>If the Two Site Redundancy feature is wanted for the SOAM Server Group, add a SOAM server that is located in its Server Group Secondary Site by clicking the <b>“Include in SG”</b> checkbox. Also check the <b>“Preferred Spare”</b> checkbox.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="475 363 1411 474"> <thead> <tr> <th>Server</th> <th>SG Inclusion</th> <th>Preferred HA Role</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>LabF123SOsp1</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>For more information about Server Group Secondary Site or Site Redundancy, see the <b>Terminology</b> section.</p>	Server	SG Inclusion	Preferred HA Role	LabF123SOsp1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare
Server	SG Inclusion	Preferred HA Role						
LabF123SOsp1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare						
<p>5</p> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>(OPTIONAL)</b>  <b>Edit the SOAM Server Group and add additional SOAM VIPs</b></p>	<p>Add additional SOAM VIPs by click on <b>Add</b>. Fill in the <b>“VIP Address”</b> and press <b>Ok</b> as shown below.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Additional SOAM VIPs only apply to SOAM Server Groups with Preferred Spare SOAMs.</p> <div data-bbox="485 808 1377 974"> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>VIP Address</th> <th>Add</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><input type="text"/></td> <td><input type="button" value="Remove"/></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: right;"> <input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> </p> </div>	VIP Address	Add	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Remove"/>		
VIP Address	Add							
<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Remove"/>							
<p>6</p> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Wait for Replication</b></p>	<p>After replication, the server status should be active (<b>Main menu-&gt;Status &amp; Manage-&gt;HA</b>).</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This may take up to <b>5 minutes</b> while the servers figure out master/slave relationship.</p> <p>Look for the alarm ID 10200 <b>“Remote Database re-initialization in progress”</b> to be cleared before proceeding. (<b>Main menu-&gt;Alarms-&gt;View Active</b>)</p>						
<p>7</p> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Restart 1<sup>st</sup> SOAM server</b></p>	<p>From the NOAMP GUI, select <b>Main menu-&gt;Status &amp; Manage-&gt;Server</b>. Select the <b>1<sup>st</sup></b> SOAM server.</p> <p>Select the <b>Restart</b> button. Answer <b>OK</b> to the confirmation popup. Wait for restart to complete. Wait for the Appl State to change to Enabled, and all other columns to Norm.</p>						
<p>8</p> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Restart 2<sup>nd</sup> SOAM server</b></p>	<p>Continuing in the <b>Main menu-&gt;Status &amp; Manage-&gt;Server</b> menu, now select the <b>2<sup>nd</sup></b> SOAM server.</p> <p>Select the <b>Restart</b> button. Answer <b>OK</b> to the confirmation popup. Wait for the Appl State to change to Enabled, and all other columns to Norm.</p>						
<p>9</p> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>(OPTIONAL)</b>  <b>Restart all Preferred Spare SOAM Servers</b></p>	<p>.If additional Preferred Spare servers are configured for <i>Secondary Sites</i>, continuing in the <b>Main menu-&gt;Status &amp; Manage-&gt;Server</b> menu, now select the all <b>“Preferred Spare”</b> SOAM servers.</p> <p>Select the <b>Restart</b> button. Answer <b>OK</b> to the confirmation popup. Wait for the Appl State to change to Enabled, and all other columns to Norm.</p>						

**Procedure 14. Activate PCA (PCA Only)**

<b>S T E P #</b>	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to activate PCA</p> <p>Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
<p>1</p> <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>(PCA Only)</b> <b>Activate PCA</b> <b>Feature</b></p>	<p>If you are installing PCA, execute the applicable procedures (Added SOAM site activation or complete system activation) within <b>Appendix A</b> of [2].</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If not all SOAM sites are ready at this point, then you should repeat activation for each *new* SOAM site that comes online.</p>

**Procedure 15. Configure the MP Virtual machines**

<p><b>S T E P #</b></p>	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to configure an MP Virtual machines (<i>IPFE, SBR, SS7-MP, DA-MP</i>)</p> <p>Prerequisite: <b>Procedures 7</b> and <b>8</b> have been executed</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>																											
<p>1 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Establish GUI Session on the NOAMP VIP</b></p>	<p>If needed, establish a GUI session on the NOAMP by using the NOAMP VIP address. Login as user <i>guiadmin</i>.</p>																										
<p>2 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Insert the MP or IPFE server - Part 1</b></p>	<p>Navigate to <b>Main Menu-&gt;Configuration-&gt;Servers</b></p> <p>Select the <b>Insert</b> button to add the new MP or IPFE server into servers table. Fill out the following values:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="516 785 1292 1083"> <thead> <tr> <th>Attribute</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Hostname</td> <td>DA2 *</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Role</td> <td>MP *</td> </tr> <tr> <td>System ID</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Hardware Profile</td> <td>DSR ESXI Guest</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Network Element Name</td> <td>DSR_SO *</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Location</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Fill in the fields as follows:</p> <p><b>Hostname:</b> &lt;Hostname&gt;</p> <p><b>Role:</b> MP</p> <p><b>System ID:</b> &lt;Site System ID&gt;</p> <p><b>Hardware Profile:</b> DSR ESXI Guest (VMware)</p> <p>or</p> <p><b>Hardware Profile:</b> DSR Guest (KVM/OpenStack)</p> <p><b>Network Element Name:</b> [Choose NE from Drop Down Box]</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="516 1503 1406 1591"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="3">Interfaces:</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Network</th> <th>IP Address</th> <th>Interface</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>XMI (10.250.65.0/24)</td> <td></td> <td>eth0 <input type="checkbox"/> VLAN (3)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IMI (192.168.65.0/24)</td> <td></td> <td>eth0 <input type="checkbox"/> VLAN (4)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>For the XMI network, enter the MP's XMI IP address. Select the correct interface. <b>Leave the "VLAN" checkbox unchecked.</b></p> <p>For the IMI network, enter the MP's IMI IP address. Select the correct interface. <b>Leave the "VLAN" checkbox unchecked.</b></p> <p>.</p>	Attribute	Value	Hostname	DA2 *	Role	MP *	System ID		Hardware Profile	DSR ESXI Guest	Network Element Name	DSR_SO *	Location		Interfaces:			Network	IP Address	Interface	XMI (10.250.65.0/24)		eth0 <input type="checkbox"/> VLAN (3)	IMI (192.168.65.0/24)		eth0 <input type="checkbox"/> VLAN (4)
Attribute	Value																											
Hostname	DA2 *																											
Role	MP *																											
System ID																												
Hardware Profile	DSR ESXI Guest																											
Network Element Name	DSR_SO *																											
Location																												
Interfaces:																												
Network	IP Address	Interface																										
XMI (10.250.65.0/24)		eth0 <input type="checkbox"/> VLAN (3)																										
IMI (192.168.65.0/24)		eth0 <input type="checkbox"/> VLAN (4)																										
<p>3 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Insert the MP server - Part 2</b></p>	<p>Next, add the following NTP servers:</p>																										

**Procedure 15. Configure the MP Virtual machines**

		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>NTP Server</th> <th>Preferred?</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><i>Valid NTP server</i></td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td><i>Valid NTP server</i></td> <td>No</td> </tr> <tr> <td><i>Valid NTP server</i></td> <td>No</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Select <b>OK</b> when all fields are filled in to finish MP server insertion.</p>	NTP Server	Preferred?	<i>Valid NTP server</i>	Yes	<i>Valid NTP server</i>	No	<i>Valid NTP server</i>	No
NTP Server	Preferred?									
<i>Valid NTP server</i>	Yes									
<i>Valid NTP server</i>	No									
<i>Valid NTP server</i>	No									
4 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Export the initial configuration</b>	From the GUI screen, select the server that was just inserted and then select <b>Export</b> action button to generate the initial configuration data for that server. Go to the Info tab to confirm the file has been created.								
5 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Log onto the MP</b>	Obtain a terminal window connection on the MP or IPFE server.								
6 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Copy Configuration File to MP or IPFE server</b>	From the active NO console login as <i>admusr</i> .  <pre>\$ sudo scp /var/TKLC/db/filemgmt/TKLCConfigData.&lt;hostname&gt;.sh admusr@&lt;ipaddr&gt;:/var/tmp/TKLCConfigData.sh</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> ipaddr is the XMI IP address of the MP or IPFE.</p>								
7 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Wait for Configuration to Complete</b>	Obtain a terminal session on the <b>MP or IPFE</b> as the <i>admusr</i> user.  The automatic configuration daemon will look for the file named <i>"TKLCConfigData.sh"</i> in the /var/tmp directory, implement the configuration in the file, and then prompt the user to reboot the server.  If you are on the console wait to be prompted to reboot the server, but <b>DO NOT</b> reboot the server, it will be rebooted later on in this procedure.  Verify script completed successfully by checking the following file.  <pre>\$ sudo cat /var/TKLC/appw/logs/Process/install.log</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> Ignore the warning about removing the USB key, since no USB key is present.</p>								
8 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Set the time zone (optional) and reboot the Server</b>	To change the system time zone, from the command line prompt, execute <i>set_ini_tz.pl</i> . The following command example uses the America/New_York time zone.  Replace as appropriate with the time zone you have selected for this installation. For a full list of valid time zones, see <b>Error! Reference source not found.</b> , Appendix .  <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/appworks/bin/set_ini_tz.pl "America/New_York" &gt;/dev/null 2&gt;&amp;1</pre> <pre>\$ sudo init 6</pre> <p>Wait for server to reboot.</p>								

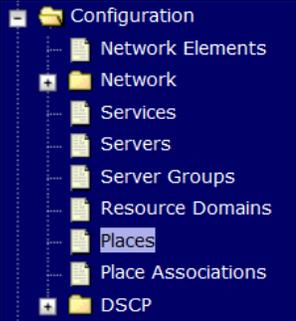
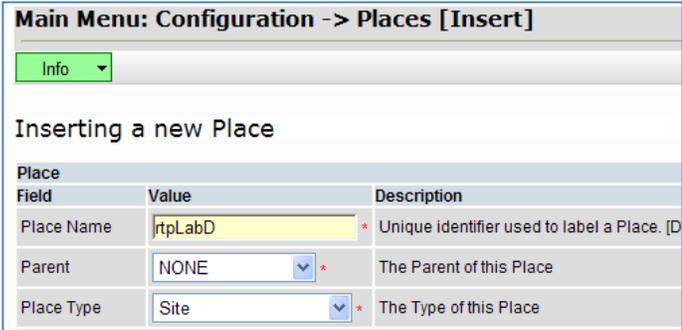
**Procedure 15. Configure the MP Virtual machines**

<p>8</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>MP or IPFE Server:</b> Verify Server Health</p>	<p>After the reboot, login as <i>admusr</i>.</p> <p>Execute the following command as super-user on the server and make sure that no errors are returned:</p> <pre>\$ sudo syscheck Running modules in class hardware...   OK Running modules in class disk...   OK Running modules in class net...   OK Running modules in class system...   OK Running modules in class proc...   OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log</pre>
<p>9</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>(OPTIONAL) Delete Auto-Configured Default Route on MP and Replace it with a Network Route via the XMI Network</b></p>	<p><b>Note:</b> THIS STEP IS <b>OPTIONAL</b> AND SHOULD ONLY BE EXECUTED IF YOU PLAN TO CONFIGURE A <b>DEFAULT ROUTE</b> ON YOUR MP THAT USES A SIGNALING (XSI) NETWORK INSTEAD OF THE XMI NETWORK. (Not executing this step will mean that a default route will not be configurable on this MP and you will have to create separate network routes for each signaling network destination.)</p> <p><b>Log into the MP</b> as the <i>admusr</i> user. (Alternatively, you can log into virtual machines console.)</p> <p>Determine &lt;XMI_Gateway_IP&gt; from your SO site network element info.</p> <p>Gather the following items:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• &lt;NO_XMI_Network_Address&gt;</li> <li>• &lt;NO_XMI_Network_Netmask&gt;</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> You can either consult the XML files you imported earlier, or go to the NO GUI and view these values from the <b>Main Menu -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Network Elements</b> screen.</p> <p><b>[MP console] Create network routes to the NO's XMI(OAM) network:</b></p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --route=net --address=&lt;NO_Site_Network_ID&gt; --netmask=&lt;NO_Site_Network_Netmask&gt; --gateway=&lt;MP_XMI_Gateway_IP_Address&gt; --device=&lt;MP_XMI_Interface&gt; Route to &lt;MP_XMI_Interface&gt; added.</pre> <p><b>(Optional) [MP console] If Sending SNMP traps from individual servers, create host routes to customer SNMP trap destinations on the XMI network:</b></p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm add --route=host --address=&lt;Customer_NMS_IP&gt; --gateway=&lt;MP_XMI_Gateway_IP_Address&gt; --device=&lt;MP_XMI_Interface&gt; Route to &lt;MP_XMI_Interface&gt; added.</pre> <p>(Repeat for any existing customer NMS stations)</p> <p><b>Delete the existing default route:</b></p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/plat/bin/netAdm delete --route=default -- gateway=&lt;MP_XMI_Gateway_IP&gt; --device=&lt;MP_XMI_Interface&gt;</pre>

**Procedure 15. Configure the MP Virtual machines**

		Route to <MP_XMI_Interface> removed.
10 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>(OPTIONAL, Continued from Previous Step) Delete Auto-Configured Default Route on MP and Replace it with a Network Route via the XMI Network</b>	<p>[MP Console] Ping active NO XMI IP address to verify connectivity:</p> <pre>\$ ping &lt;ACTIVE_NO_XMI_IP_Address&gt;</pre> <pre>PING 10.240.108.6 (10.240.108.6) 56(84) bytes of data. 64 bytes from 10.240.108.6: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.342 ms 64 bytes from 10.240.108.6: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.247 ms</pre> <p>(Optional) [MP Console] Ping Customer NMS Station(s):</p> <pre>\$ ping &lt;Customer_NMS_IP&gt;</pre> <pre>PING 172.4.116.8 (172.4.116.8) 56(84) bytes of data. 64 bytes from 172.4.116.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.342 ms 64 bytes from 172.4.116.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.247 ms</pre> <p>If you do not get a response, then verify your network configuration. If you continue to get failures then halt the installation and contact Oracle customer support.</p>
11 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Add the signaling interfaces to the MP's and IPFE's</b>	<p>Use the netAdm command to add XSI interfaces. Repeat this step for each signaling interface. Note that KVM/OpenStack users must have added network addresses during the boot invocation (“nova boot”) that correspond to the relevant network interfaces.</p> <pre>\$ sudo netAdm add --device=ethX --address=&lt;XSI_IP_ADDRESS&gt; \ --netmask=&lt;XSI_NETMASK&gt; --onboot=yes --bootproto=none</pre> <p>Note: ethX is the defined signaling device. I.E. eth0/eth1/eth2/eth3</p>
12 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Repeat for remaining MP's and IPFE's</b>	<b>Repeat</b> this entire procedure for all remaining MP's and IPFE's.

**Procedure 16. Configure Places and Assign MP Servers to Places (PCA ONLY)**

<p><b>S T E P #</b></p>	<p>This procedure will provide the steps/reference to add “Places” in the PCA Network.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
<p>1</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>(PCA Only)</b> <b>Configure Places</b></p>	<p>Establish a GUI session on the NOAMP by using the XMI VIP address. Login as user <b>guiadmin</b>.</p> <p>Navigate to <b>Main Menu -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Places</b></p>  <p>Select the <b>Insert</b> button</p> <p><input type="button" value="Insert"/> <input type="button" value="Edit"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> <input type="button" value="Report"/></p>  <p><b>Place Name:</b> &lt;Site Name&gt; <b>Parent:</b> NONE <b>Place Type:</b> Site</p> <p>Repeat this step for each of the <i>PCA Places (Sites)</i> in the network.</p> <p>See the <b>Terminology</b> section for more information on <i>Sites &amp; Places</i>.</p>

**Procedure 16. Configure Places and Assign MP Servers to Places (PCA ONLY)**

<p>2</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><b>(PCA Only)</b> <b>Configure Place Associations</b></p>	<p>Select the place configured in step 1, press the edit button.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="Insert"/> <input type="button" value="Edit"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> <input type="button" value="Report"/> </p> <p>For each place you have defined, choose the set of MP servers that will be assigned to those places.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #e0e0e0;"> <th colspan="2">Place</th> </tr> <tr style="background-color: #e0e0e0;"> <th>Field</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Place Name</td> <td><input type="text" value="rtpLabC"/> *</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Parent</td> <td><input type="text" value="NONE"/> ▾ *</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Place Type</td> <td><input type="text" value="Site"/> ▾ *</td> </tr> <tr style="background-color: #e0e0e0;"> <th colspan="2">Servers</th> </tr> <tr> <td>LABCSONE</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> labCe1b04pdra1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Check all the check boxes for <b>PCA DA-MP</b> and <b>SBR</b> servers that will be assigned to this place.</p> <p>Repeat this step for all other DA-MP or SBR servers you wish to assign to places.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> All <b>PCA DA-MPs</b>, <b>SS7MPs</b> and <b>SBR MPs</b> must be added to the <i>Site Place</i> that corresponds to the physical location of the server.</p> <p>See the Error! Reference source not found. section for more information on <i>ites</i>.</p>	Place		Field	Value	Place Name	<input type="text" value="rtpLabC"/> *	Parent	<input type="text" value="NONE"/> ▾ *	Place Type	<input type="text" value="Site"/> ▾ *	Servers		LABCSONE	<input type="checkbox"/> labCe1b04pdra1
Place															
Field	Value														
Place Name	<input type="text" value="rtpLabC"/> *														
Parent	<input type="text" value="NONE"/> ▾ *														
Place Type	<input type="text" value="Site"/> ▾ *														
Servers															
LABCSONE	<input type="checkbox"/> labCe1b04pdra1														

**Procedure 17. Configure the MP Server Group(s) and Profiles**

<p><b>S</b></p> <p><b>T</b></p> <p><b>E</b></p> <p><b>P</b></p> <p><b>#</b></p>	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to configure MP Server Groups</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>
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**Procedure 17. Configure the MP Server Group(s) and Profiles**

<p>1</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Enter MP or IPFE Server Group Data</b></p>	<p>From the GUI session on the NOAMP VIP address, go to the GUI <b>Main Menu -&gt;Configuration -&gt;Server Groups</b>, select <b>Insert</b> and fill out the following fields:</p> <p><b>Server Group Name:</b> [Server Group Name]  <b>Level:</b> C  <b>Parent:</b> [SOAMP Server Group That is Parent To this MP]  <b>Function:</b> Select the Proper Function for this MP Server Group:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="516 472 1412 850"> <thead> <tr> <th>Server Group Function</th> <th>MPs Will Run</th> <th>Redundancy Model</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><b>DSR (multi-active cluster)</b></td> <td>Diameter Relay and Application Services</td> <td>Multiple MPs active Per SG</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>DSR (active-standby pair)</b></td> <td>Diameter Relay and Application Services</td> <td>1 Active MP and 1 Standby MP / Per SG</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Session Binding Repository</b></td> <td>Session Binding Repository Function</td> <td>1 Active MP and 1 Standby MP / Per SG</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>IP Front End</b></td> <td>IPFE application</td> <td>1 Active MP Per SG</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Policy &amp; Charging SBR</b></td> <td>Policy and Charging Session/or Policy Binding Function</td> <td>1 Active MP Per SG</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>SS7-IWF</b></td> <td>MAP IWF Application</td> <td>1 Active MP Per SG</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>For PCA application:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <i>Online Charging function(only)</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o At least one MP Server Group with the <b>“Policy and Charging SBR”</b> function must be configured</li> <li>o At least one MP Server Group with the <b>“DSR (multi-active cluster)”</b> function must be configured</li> </ul> </li> <li>- <i>Policy DRA function</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o At least two MP Server Groups with the <b>“Policy and Charging SBR”</b> function must be configured. One will store Session data and one will store Binding data.</li> <li>o At least one MP Server Group with the <b>“DSR (multi-active cluster)”</b> function must be configured</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><b>WAN Replication Connection Count:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For non-Policy and Charging SBR Server Groups: <b>Default Value.</b></li> <li>• For Policy and Charging Server Groups: <b>8</b></li> </ul> <p><b>For the PCA application, the following types of MP Server Groups must be configured:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>DA-MP ( Function: DSR (multi-active cluster))</b></li> <li>- <b>SBR ( Function: Policy and Charging SBR)</b></li> <li>- <b>IPFE ( Function: IP Front End)</b></li> </ul> <p>Select <b>OK</b> when all fields are filled in.</p>	Server Group Function	MPs Will Run	Redundancy Model	<b>DSR (multi-active cluster)</b>	Diameter Relay and Application Services	Multiple MPs active Per SG	<b>DSR (active-standby pair)</b>	Diameter Relay and Application Services	1 Active MP and 1 Standby MP / Per SG	<b>Session Binding Repository</b>	Session Binding Repository Function	1 Active MP and 1 Standby MP / Per SG	<b>IP Front End</b>	IPFE application	1 Active MP Per SG	<b>Policy &amp; Charging SBR</b>	Policy and Charging Session/or Policy Binding Function	1 Active MP Per SG	<b>SS7-IWF</b>	MAP IWF Application	1 Active MP Per SG
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<p>2</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Repeat For Additional Server Groups</b></p>	<p><b>Repeat Step 1</b> for any remaining MP and IPFE server groups you wish to create. For instance, when installing an <i>IPFE</i>, you will need to create an IP Front End server group for each IPFE server.</p>																					

**Procedure 17. Configure the MP Server Group(s) and Profiles**

<p>3</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Edit the MP Server Groups to include MPs.</b></p>	<p>From the GUI <b>Main Menu-&gt;Configuration-&gt;Server Groups</b>, select a server group that you just created and then select <b>Edit</b>.</p> <p>Select the Network Element that represents the MP server group you wish to edit.</p> <p>Click the <b>“Include in SG”</b> box for every MP server that you wish to include in <i>this</i> server group. Leave other checkboxes blank.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="516 464 1328 638"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="3">HPC6_90006</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Server</th> <th>SG Inclusion</th> <th>Preferred HA Role</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>MP-1</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare</td> </tr> <tr> <td>MP-2</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Note: Each <b>IPFE and SS7-MP</b> server should be in it’s own server group.</p> <p>Select <b>OK</b>.</p>	HPC6_90006			Server	SG Inclusion	Preferred HA Role	MP-1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG	<input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare	MP-2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG	<input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare
HPC6_90006														
Server	SG Inclusion	Preferred HA Role												
MP-1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG	<input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare												
MP-2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG	<input type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare												
<p>4</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>(OPTIONAL) (PCA ONLY) Edit the MP Server Group and add Preferred Spares for Site Redundancy</b></p>	<p>If Two Site Redundancy for the <i>Policy and Charging SBR Server</i> Group is wanted, add a MP server that is physically located in a separate site(location) to the Server Group by clicking the <b>“Include in SG”</b> checkbox and also check the <b>“Preferred Spare”</b> checkbox.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="516 947 1385 1062"> <thead> <tr> <th>Server</th> <th>SG Inclusion</th> <th>Preferred HA Role</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>LabF123SBRsp1</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>For more information about Site Redundancy for Policy and Charging SBR Server Groups, see the <b>Terminology</b> section.</p> <p>Select <b>OK</b> to save</p>	Server	SG Inclusion	Preferred HA Role	LabF123SBRsp1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare						
Server	SG Inclusion	Preferred HA Role												
LabF123SBRsp1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include in SG	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Preferred Spare												
<p>5</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Repeat For Additional Server Groups</b></p>	<p><b>Repeat Steps 1 - 4</b> for any remaining MP and IPFE server groups you need to create.</p>												

**Procedure 17. Configure the MP Server Group(s) and Profiles**

<p>6</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Wait for Replication to complete on all MPs</b></p>	<p>Browse to <b>Main menu-&gt;Status&amp;Manage-&gt;Server.</b></p> <p>Identify all the MP servers in the “<i>Server Hostname</i>” column . Now, wait for the corresponding <i>DB</i> and “<i>Reporting Status</i>” columns of those MPs to say “<b>Norm</b>”. This may take up to <i>5 or 10 minutes</i>.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="516 409 1398 615"> <thead> <tr> <th>Server Hostname</th> <th>Appl State</th> <th>Alm</th> <th>DB</th> <th>Reporting Status</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>HPC6-NO</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>Norm</td> <td>Norm</td> <td>Norm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HPC6-SO</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>Warn</td> <td>Norm</td> <td>Norm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HPC6-MP2</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>Warn</td> <td>Norm</td> <td>Norm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HPC6-MP1</td> <td>Enabled</td> <td>Warn</td> <td>Norm</td> <td>Norm</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>If only Relay traffic will be run, Engineering suggests using the VM:Relay profile for all DA-MPs in a Cloud deployed DSR.</p> <p>For DSR Applications, following are the recommended DA-MP profiles:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="565 871 1325 1060"> <thead> <tr> <th>Profile Name</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><b>VM:Relay</b></td> <td>VMs running relay application</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>VM:Database</b></td> <td>VMs running a database application (e.g. - FABR, RBAR)</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>VM:10K_MPS</b></td> <td>VMs running a session application (e.g. - PCA)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Server Hostname	Appl State	Alm	DB	Reporting Status	HPC6-NO	Enabled	Norm	Norm	Norm	HPC6-SO	Enabled	Warn	Norm	Norm	HPC6-MP2	Enabled	Warn	Norm	Norm	HPC6-MP1	Enabled	Warn	Norm	Norm	Profile Name	Description	<b>VM:Relay</b>	VMs running relay application	<b>VM:Database</b>	VMs running a database application (e.g. - FABR, RBAR)	<b>VM:10K_MPS</b>	VMs running a session application (e.g. - PCA)
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<p>7</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Wait for Remote Database Alarm to Clear</b></p>	<p>Wait for the alarm "10200: Remote Database re-initialization in progress" to be cleared. (<b>Main menu-&gt;Alarms &amp; Events-&gt;Active Alarms</b>)</p> <p>This should happen shortly after you have verified the “<b>Norm</b>” DB status in the previous step.</p>																																	

**Procedure 17. Configure the MP Server Group(s) and Profiles**

<p>8</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Assign Profiles to DA-MPs from SOAM GUI.</b></p>	<p>Log onto the GUI of the active SOAM server as <i>guiadmin</i> user</p> <p>From the SO GUI, select <b>MainMenu -&gt; Diameter Common -&gt;MPs -&gt; Profiles Assignments</b></p> <p>Refer to the <b>DA-MP</b> section. (If the site has both DSR and MAP-IWF server groups, you will see both a DA-MP section and an SS7-MP section)</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="516 428 1084 680"> <thead> <tr> <th>DA-MP</th> <th>MP Profile</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Hawaii-A-DA1</td> <td>VM:Relay</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Hawaii-A-DA2</td> <td>VM:Relay</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Hawaii-A-DA3</td> <td>VM:Relay</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>For each MP, select the proper profile assignment based on the MP's type and the function it will serve:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="516 823 1325 1010"> <thead> <tr> <th>Profile Name</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><b>VM:Relay</b></td> <td>VM DA-MP VM running relay application</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>VM:Database</b></td> <td>VM DA-MP VM running a database application (e.g. - FABR, RBAR)</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>VM:10K_MPS</b></td> <td>VM DA-MP VM running a session application (e.g. - PCA)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Note:</b> If the DA-MPs at this site are configured for <i>Active/Standby</i> then there will be a single selection box visible that assigns profiles for all MPs.</p> <p>When finished, press the <b>Assign</b> button</p>	DA-MP	MP Profile	Hawaii-A-DA1	VM:Relay	Hawaii-A-DA2	VM:Relay	Hawaii-A-DA3	VM:Relay	Profile Name	Description	<b>VM:Relay</b>	VM DA-MP VM running relay application	<b>VM:Database</b>	VM DA-MP VM running a database application (e.g. - FABR, RBAR)	<b>VM:10K_MPS</b>	VM DA-MP VM running a session application (e.g. - PCA)
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<b>VM:10K_MPS</b>	VM DA-MP VM running a session application (e.g. - PCA)																	

**Procedure 17. Configure the MP Server Group(s) and Profiles**

<p>9</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Assign Profiles to SS7-MPs from SOAM GUI.</b></p>	<p>Log onto the GUI of the active SOAM server as <i>guiadmin</i> user</p> <p>From the SO GUI, select <b>MainMenu-&gt;Diameter-&gt;Configuration-&gt;DA-MPs-&gt;Profiles Assignments</b></p> <p>Refer to the <b>SS7-MP</b> section. (If the site has both DSR and MAP-IWF server groups, you will see both a DA-MP section and an SS7-MP section)</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="516 470 1419 642"> <thead> <tr> <th>SS7-MP</th> <th>MP Profile</th> <th>current value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Hawaii-A-SS7MP1</td> <td>VM:MD-IWF</td> <td>The current MP Profile for <b>Hawaii-A-SS7MP1</b> is <b>VM:MD-IWF</b> <i>Virtualized SS7-MP on DL380 TVOE Guest running relay and session applications</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Hawaii-A-SS7MP2</td> <td>VM:MD-IWF</td> <td>The current MP Profile for <b>Hawaii-A-SS7MP2</b> is <b>VM:MD-IWF</b> <i>Virtualized SS7-MP on DL380 TVOE Guest running relay and session applications</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Hawaii-A-SS7MP3</td> <td>VM:MD-IWF</td> <td>The current MP Profile for <b>Hawaii-A-SS7MP3</b> is <b>VM:MD-IWF</b> <i>Virtualized SS7-MP on DL380 TVOE Guest running relay and session applications</i></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="Assign"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> </p> <p>For each SS7 MP, select the proper profile assignment based on the SS7 MP's type and the function it will serve:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="516 806 1325 869"> <thead> <tr> <th>Profile Name</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><b>VM:MD-IWF</b></td> <td>VM Running MAP-IWF functions</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>When finished, press the <b>Assign</b> button</p>	SS7-MP	MP Profile	current value	Hawaii-A-SS7MP1	VM:MD-IWF	The current MP Profile for <b>Hawaii-A-SS7MP1</b> is <b>VM:MD-IWF</b> <i>Virtualized SS7-MP on DL380 TVOE Guest running relay and session applications</i>	Hawaii-A-SS7MP2	VM:MD-IWF	The current MP Profile for <b>Hawaii-A-SS7MP2</b> is <b>VM:MD-IWF</b> <i>Virtualized SS7-MP on DL380 TVOE Guest running relay and session applications</i>	Hawaii-A-SS7MP3	VM:MD-IWF	The current MP Profile for <b>Hawaii-A-SS7MP3</b> is <b>VM:MD-IWF</b> <i>Virtualized SS7-MP on DL380 TVOE Guest running relay and session applications</i>	Profile Name	Description	<b>VM:MD-IWF</b>	VM Running MAP-IWF functions
SS7-MP	MP Profile	current value																
Hawaii-A-SS7MP1	VM:MD-IWF	The current MP Profile for <b>Hawaii-A-SS7MP1</b> is <b>VM:MD-IWF</b> <i>Virtualized SS7-MP on DL380 TVOE Guest running relay and session applications</i>																
Hawaii-A-SS7MP2	VM:MD-IWF	The current MP Profile for <b>Hawaii-A-SS7MP2</b> is <b>VM:MD-IWF</b> <i>Virtualized SS7-MP on DL380 TVOE Guest running relay and session applications</i>																
Hawaii-A-SS7MP3	VM:MD-IWF	The current MP Profile for <b>Hawaii-A-SS7MP3</b> is <b>VM:MD-IWF</b> <i>Virtualized SS7-MP on DL380 TVOE Guest running relay and session applications</i>																
Profile Name	Description																	
<b>VM:MD-IWF</b>	VM Running MAP-IWF functions																	
<p>10</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Restart MP virtual machines</b></p>	<p>From the NOAMP GUI, select the <b>Main menu-&gt;Status &amp; Manage-&gt;Server menu</b></p> <p><i>For each MP server:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Select the MP server.</li> <li>• Select the <b>Restart</b> button.</li> <li>• Answer <b>OK</b> to the confirmation popup. Wait for the message which tells you that the restart was successful.</li> </ul> <p><b>POLICY AND CHARGING DRA INSTALLATIONS:</b> You may continue to see alarms related to ComAgent until you complete PCA configuration by finishing <b>Procedure 30</b>.</p>																

## 4.4 Signaling Network Configuration

### Procedure 18. Configure the Signaling Networks

1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Establish GUI Session on the NOAMP VIP</b>	Establish a GUI session on the NOAMP by using the XMI VIP address. Login as user <i>guiadmin</i> .																											
2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>NOAMP VIP:</b> Navigate to Signaling Network Configuration Screen	Navigate to <b>Main Menu -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Network</b> Click on <b>Insert</b> in the lower left corner.																											
3 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>NOAMP VIP:</b> Add Signaling Networks	<p>You will see the following screen:</p> <p><b>Insert Network</b></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Field</th> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Network Name</td> <td>XSI1 *</td> <td>The name of this network. [Default = N/A. Range = Alpha]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Network Element</td> <td>- Unassigned - *</td> <td>The network element this network is a part of. If not spec</td> </tr> <tr> <td>VLAN ID</td> <td>5 *</td> <td>The VLAN ID to use for this network. [Default = N/A. Rang</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Network Address</td> <td>10.71.88.0 *</td> <td>The network address of this network. [Default = N/A. Ran colon hex (IPv6) format.]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Netmask</td> <td>255.255.255.0 *</td> <td>Subnetting to apply to servers within this network. [Defau IPv6) or dotted decimal (IPv4) format.]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Router IP</td> <td>10.71.88.3</td> <td>The IP address of a router on this network. If this is a def route on servers with interfaces on this network. If custor monitored.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Default Network</td> <td><input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No</td> <td>A selection indicating whether this is the network with a c</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Routable</td> <td><input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No</td> <td>Whether or not this network is routable outside its netwo be possibly present in all network elements.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: right;"><input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/></p> <p>Enter the <b>Network Name</b>, <b>VLAN ID</b>, <b>Network Address</b>, <b>Netmask</b>, and <b>Router IP</b> that matches the Signaling network</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Even if the network does not use VLAN Tagging, you should enter the correct VLAN ID here as indicated by the NAPD</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>IMPORTANT:</b> Leave the Network Element field as <b>Unassigned</b>.</li> <li>• Select <b>No</b> for Default Network</li> <li>• Select <b>Yes</b> for Routable.</li> </ul> <p>Press <b>OK</b>, if you are finished adding signaling networks <b>-OR-</b> Press <b>Apply</b> to save this signaling network and repeat this step to enter additional signaling networks.</p>	Field	Value	Description	Network Name	XSI1 *	The name of this network. [Default = N/A. Range = Alpha]	Network Element	- Unassigned - *	The network element this network is a part of. If not spec	VLAN ID	5 *	The VLAN ID to use for this network. [Default = N/A. Rang	Network Address	10.71.88.0 *	The network address of this network. [Default = N/A. Ran colon hex (IPv6) format.]	Netmask	255.255.255.0 *	Subnetting to apply to servers within this network. [Defau IPv6) or dotted decimal (IPv4) format.]	Router IP	10.71.88.3	The IP address of a router on this network. If this is a def route on servers with interfaces on this network. If custor monitored.	Default Network	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	A selection indicating whether this is the network with a c	Routable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	Whether or not this network is routable outside its netwo be possibly present in all network elements.
Field	Value	Description																											
Network Name	XSI1 *	The name of this network. [Default = N/A. Range = Alpha]																											
Network Element	- Unassigned - *	The network element this network is a part of. If not spec																											
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Network Address	10.71.88.0 *	The network address of this network. [Default = N/A. Ran colon hex (IPv6) format.]																											
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Router IP	10.71.88.3	The IP address of a router on this network. If this is a def route on servers with interfaces on this network. If custor monitored.																											
Default Network	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	A selection indicating whether this is the network with a c																											
Routable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	Whether or not this network is routable outside its netwo be possibly present in all network elements.																											

**Procedure 19. Additional Servers to Network Mapping (PCA Only)**

<p><b>S T E P #</b></p>	<p>This procedure details other operations that should happen once the NOAM/SOAM sites have been configured and after PCA is activated.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>																												
<p>1 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>*(PCA Only), Optional</b></p> <p><b>Define SBR DB Replication Network</b></p>	<p><b>(*) Note:</b> Execute this step only if you are defining a separate, dedicated network for SBR Replication.</p> <p>Navigate to <b>Main Menu -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Network</b></p> <p>Click on <b>Insert</b> in the lower left corner .</p> <p>You will see the following screen:</p> <p><b>Insert Network</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="479 724 1284 1150"> <thead> <tr> <th>Field</th> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Network Name</td> <td>XS11 *</td> <td>The name of this network. [Default = N/A. Range = Alpha]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Network Element</td> <td>- Unassigned - *</td> <td>The network element this network is a part of. If not spec</td> </tr> <tr> <td>VLAN ID</td> <td>5 *</td> <td>The VLAN ID to use for this network. [Default = N/A. Rang</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Network Address</td> <td>10.71.88.0 *</td> <td>The network address of this network. [Default = N/A. Ran colon hex (IPv6) format.]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Netmask</td> <td>255.255.255.0 *</td> <td>Subnetting to apply to servers within this network. [Defau IPv6) or dotted decimal (IPv4) format.]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Router IP</td> <td>10.71.88.3</td> <td>The IP address of a router on this network. If this is a def route on servers with interfaces on this network. If custo monitored.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Default Network</td> <td><input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No</td> <td>A selection indicating whether this is the network with a c</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Routable</td> <td><input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No</td> <td>Whether or not this network is routable outside its netwo be possibly present in all network elements.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: right;"><input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/></p> <p>Enter the <b>Network Name</b>, <b>VLAN ID</b>, <b>Network Address</b>, <b>Netmask</b>, and <b>Router IP</b> that matches the SBR DB Replication network</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>IMPORTANT:</b> Leave the Network Element field as <b>Unassigned</b>.</li> <li>• Select <b>No</b> for Default Network</li> <li>• Select <b>Yes</b> for Routable.</li> </ul> <p>Press <b>Ok</b>, if you are finished adding signaling networks <b>-OR-</b> Press <b>Apply</b> to save this signaling network and repeat this step to enter additional signaling networks.</p>	Field	Value	Description	Network Name	XS11 *	The name of this network. [Default = N/A. Range = Alpha]	Network Element	- Unassigned - *	The network element this network is a part of. If not spec	VLAN ID	5 *	The VLAN ID to use for this network. [Default = N/A. Rang	Network Address	10.71.88.0 *	The network address of this network. [Default = N/A. Ran colon hex (IPv6) format.]	Netmask	255.255.255.0 *	Subnetting to apply to servers within this network. [Defau IPv6) or dotted decimal (IPv4) format.]	Router IP	10.71.88.3	The IP address of a router on this network. If this is a def route on servers with interfaces on this network. If custo monitored.	Default Network	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	A selection indicating whether this is the network with a c	Routable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	Whether or not this network is routable outside its netwo be possibly present in all network elements.
Field	Value	Description																											
Network Name	XS11 *	The name of this network. [Default = N/A. Range = Alpha]																											
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Routable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	Whether or not this network is routable outside its netwo be possibly present in all network elements.																											

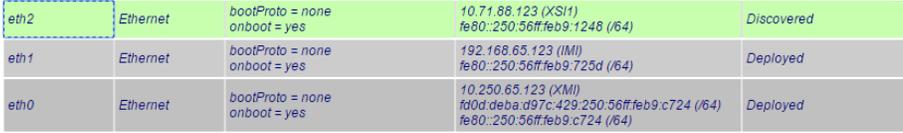
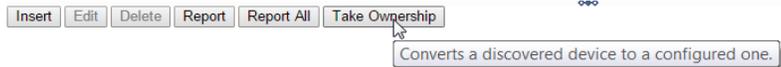
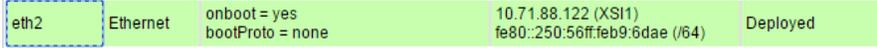
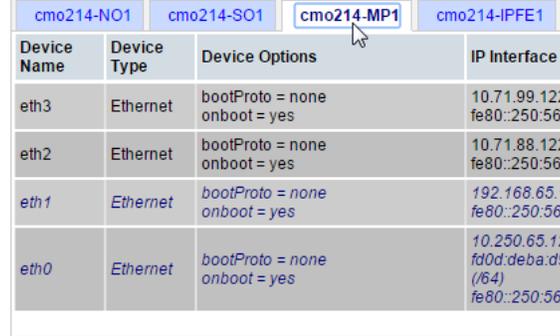
**Procedure 19. Additional Servers to Network Mapping (PCA Only)**

<p>2</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>(PCA Only)</b> <b>Perform Additional Services to Networks Mapping</b></p>	<p>Log Into Active NO GUI as <i>guiadmin</i> user.</p> <p>Navigate to <b>Main Menu -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Services</b>.</p> <p>Select the <b>Edit</b> button and set the Services as shown in the table below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="472 407 1373 636"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Intra-NE Network</th> <th>Inter-NE Network</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Replication_MP</td> <td>&lt;IMI Network&gt;</td> <td>&lt;SBR DB Replication Network&gt;*</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ComAgent</td> <td>&lt;IMI Network&gt;</td> <td>&lt;SBR DB Replication Network&gt;*</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Note:</b> It is recommended that dual-path HA heartbeats be enabled in support of geo-diverse SBRs. This requires participating servers to be attached to at least two routable networks.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> For “<i>HA_MP_Secondary</i>” it is recommended the “<i>Inter-NE Network</i>” be set as the XSI network (<i>configured in Procedure 15.</i>) and “<i>Intra-NE Network</i>” be set as the IMI network.</p> <p>Select the <b>Ok</b> button to apply the Service-to-Network selections.</p>	Name	Intra-NE Network	Inter-NE Network	Replication_MP	<IMI Network>	<SBR DB Replication Network>*	ComAgent	<IMI Network>	<SBR DB Replication Network>*
Name	Intra-NE Network	Inter-NE Network									
Replication_MP	<IMI Network>	<SBR DB Replication Network>*									
ComAgent	<IMI Network>	<SBR DB Replication Network>*									
<p>3</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>(PCA Only)</b> <b>Restart SBR servers</b></p>	<p>Navigate to <b>Status &amp; Manage -&gt; Server</b></p> <p>Select the SBR servers and click the <b>Restart</b> Button.</p>									

**Procedure 20. Configure the Signaling Devices**

<p><b>S</b></p> <p><b>T</b></p> <p><b>E</b></p> <p><b>P</b></p>	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to configure the Signaling Devices.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The site specific HW configuration will affect which steps need to be executed:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="253 1383 1162 1543"> <tr> <td>Questions:</td> <td>How many pairs of switches are in the enclosure?</td> <td>Will the MP use a bonded interface?</td> </tr> <tr> <td rowspan="3">Possible Execution Scenarios:</td> <td>Single</td> <td>N/A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Multiple</td> <td>Yes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Multiple</td> <td>No</td> </tr> </table> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support (MOS).</p>	Questions:	How many pairs of switches are in the enclosure?	Will the MP use a bonded interface?	Possible Execution Scenarios:	Single	N/A	Multiple	Yes	Multiple	No
Questions:	How many pairs of switches are in the enclosure?	Will the MP use a bonded interface?									
Possible Execution Scenarios:	Single	N/A									
	Multiple	Yes									
	Multiple	No									

**Procedure 20. Configure the Signaling Devices**

<p>1</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>NOAMP VIP:</b> Make Signaling Devices Configurable</p>	<p>Login to the NOAMP VIP console <i>guiadmin</i>.</p> <p>Navigate to <b>Main Menu -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Network -&gt; Devices</b></p> <p>You should see several tabs each representing a server in the system. Click on the tab representing the first MP Server.</p> <p>You should see a list of network devices installed on the MP.</p> <p>Select all Ethernet devices that will be signaling interfaces <i>and</i> have <b>“Discovered”</b> as their Configuration Status. Next, press the <b>Take Ownership</b> button.</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="537 604 1440 737"> <tr> <td>eth2</td> <td>Ethernet</td> <td>bootProto = none onboot = yes</td> <td>10.71.88.123 (XSI1) fe80::250:56ff:feb9:1248 (/64)</td> <td>Discovered</td> </tr> <tr> <td>eth1</td> <td>Ethernet</td> <td>bootProto = none onboot = yes</td> <td>192.168.65.123 (IMI) fe80::250:56ff:feb9:725d (/64)</td> <td>Deployed</td> </tr> <tr> <td>eth0</td> <td>Ethernet</td> <td>bootProto = none onboot = yes</td> <td>10.250.65.123 (XMI) fd0d:deba:d97c:429:250:56ff:feb9:c724 (/64) fe80::250:56ff:feb9:c724 (/64)</td> <td>Deployed</td> </tr> </table>  <p>After a brief moment, the selected devices configured for IPv4 should now show a Configuration Status of <b>“Deployed”</b>, if device is configure IPv6 only will show a status of <b>“Configured”</b>.</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="537 930 1414 978"> <tr> <td>eth2</td> <td>Ethernet</td> <td>onboot = yes bootProto = none</td> <td>10.71.88.122 (XSI1) fe80::250:56ff:feb9:6dae (/64)</td> <td>Deployed</td> </tr> </table>	eth2	Ethernet	bootProto = none onboot = yes	10.71.88.123 (XSI1) fe80::250:56ff:feb9:1248 (/64)	Discovered	eth1	Ethernet	bootProto = none onboot = yes	192.168.65.123 (IMI) fe80::250:56ff:feb9:725d (/64)	Deployed	eth0	Ethernet	bootProto = none onboot = yes	10.250.65.123 (XMI) fd0d:deba:d97c:429:250:56ff:feb9:c724 (/64) fe80::250:56ff:feb9:c724 (/64)	Deployed	eth2	Ethernet	onboot = yes bootProto = none	10.71.88.122 (XSI1) fe80::250:56ff:feb9:6dae (/64)	Deployed
eth2	Ethernet	bootProto = none onboot = yes	10.71.88.123 (XSI1) fe80::250:56ff:feb9:1248 (/64)	Discovered																		
eth1	Ethernet	bootProto = none onboot = yes	192.168.65.123 (IMI) fe80::250:56ff:feb9:725d (/64)	Deployed																		
eth0	Ethernet	bootProto = none onboot = yes	10.250.65.123 (XMI) fd0d:deba:d97c:429:250:56ff:feb9:c724 (/64) fe80::250:56ff:feb9:c724 (/64)	Deployed																		
eth2	Ethernet	onboot = yes bootProto = none	10.71.88.122 (XSI1) fe80::250:56ff:feb9:6dae (/64)	Deployed																		
<p>2</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>NOAMP VIP:</b> Configure the Signaling Interfaces of the first MP</p>	<p>Navigate to <b>Main Menu -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Network -&gt; Devices</b></p> <p>You should see several tabs each representing a server in the system. Click on the tab representing the first MP Server.</p> <p><b>Main Menu: Configuration -&gt; Network -&gt; Devi</b></p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="537 1283 1097 1562"> <thead> <tr> <th>Device Name</th> <th>Device Type</th> <th>Device Options</th> <th>IP Interface</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>eth3</td> <td>Ethernet</td> <td>bootProto = none onboot = yes</td> <td>10.71.99.12; fe80::250:56</td> </tr> <tr> <td>eth2</td> <td>Ethernet</td> <td>bootProto = none onboot = yes</td> <td>10.71.88.12; fe80::250:56</td> </tr> <tr> <td>eth1</td> <td>Ethernet</td> <td>bootProto = none onboot = yes</td> <td>192.168.65; fe80::250:56</td> </tr> <tr> <td>eth0</td> <td>Ethernet</td> <td>bootProto = none onboot = yes</td> <td>10.250.65.1; fd0d:deba:d! (/64) fe80::250:56</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Device Name	Device Type	Device Options	IP Interface	eth3	Ethernet	bootProto = none onboot = yes	10.71.99.12; fe80::250:56	eth2	Ethernet	bootProto = none onboot = yes	10.71.88.12; fe80::250:56	eth1	Ethernet	bootProto = none onboot = yes	192.168.65; fe80::250:56	eth0	Ethernet	bootProto = none onboot = yes	10.250.65.1; fd0d:deba:d! (/64) fe80::250:56
Device Name	Device Type	Device Options	IP Interface																			
eth3	Ethernet	bootProto = none onboot = yes	10.71.99.12; fe80::250:56																			
eth2	Ethernet	bootProto = none onboot = yes	10.71.88.12; fe80::250:56																			
eth1	Ethernet	bootProto = none onboot = yes	192.168.65; fe80::250:56																			
eth0	Ethernet	bootProto = none onboot = yes	10.250.65.1; fd0d:deba:d! (/64) fe80::250:56																			
<p>3</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>NOAMP VIP:</b> Configure the Interfaces of the other MPs.</p>	<p><b>Repeat this procedure to configure the signaling devices of all other MPs.</b></p>																				

**Procedure 21. Configure DSCP Values for Outgoing Traffic (Optional)**

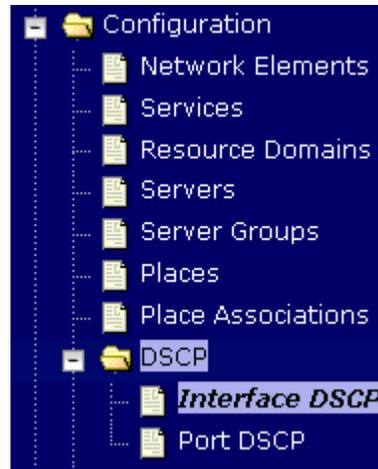
<p><b>S</b> <b>T</b> <b>E</b> <b>P</b></p>	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to configure the DSCP values for outgoing packets on servers. DSCP values can be applied to an outbound interface as a whole, or to all outbound traffic using a specific TCP or SCTP source port. This step is optional and should only be executed if has been decided that your network will utilize packet DSCP markings for Quality-of-Service purposes.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
<p>1 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Establish GUI Session on the NOAMP VIP</b></p>	<p>Establish a GUI session on the NOAMP by using the NOAMP VIP address. Login as user <i>guiadmin</i>.</p>

## Procedure 21. Configure DSCP Values for Outgoing Traffic (Optional)

2  
 **NOAMP VIP:**  
Option 1: Configure  
Interface DSCP

**Note:** The values displayed in the screenshots are for demonstration purposes only. The exact DSCP values for your site will vary.

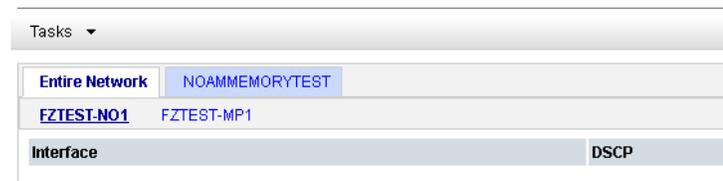
Navigate to **Main Menu -> Configuration -> DSCP -> Interface DSCP**



Select the server you wish to configure from the list of servers on the 2<sup>nd</sup> line. (You can view all servers with "*Entire Network*" selected; or limit yourself to a particular server group by clicking on that server group name's tab).

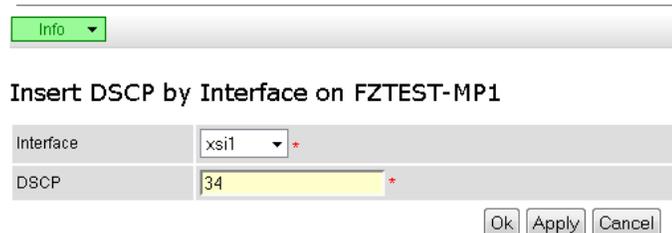
Click **Insert**

Main Menu: Configuration -> DSCP -> Interface DSCP



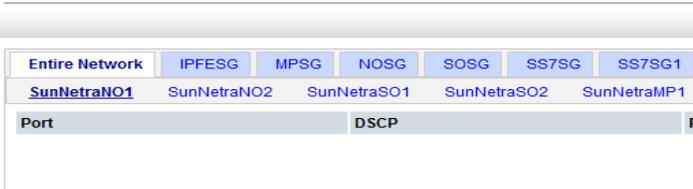
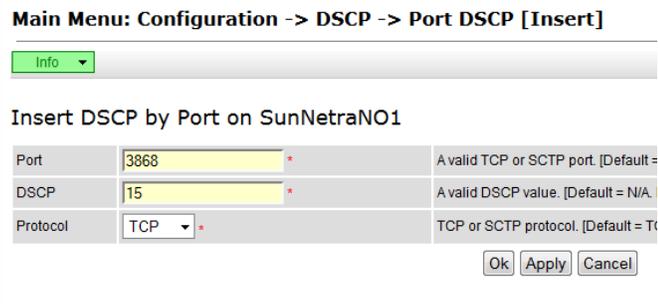
Select the network interface from the drop down box, then enter the *DSCP value* you wish to have applied to packets leaving this interface.

Main Menu: [Insertdscpbyintf]

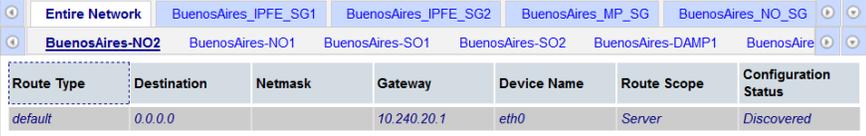


Click **OK** if there are no more interfaces on this server to configure, or **Apply** to finish this interface and continue on with more interfaces by selecting them from the drop down and entering their *DSCP values*.

**Procedure 21. Configure DSCP Values for Outgoing Traffic (Optional)**

<p>3</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>NOAMP VIP:</b> Option 2: Configure Port DSCP</p>	<p><b>Note:</b> The values displayed in the screenshots are for demonstration purposes only. The exact DSCP values for your site will vary.</p> <p>Navigate to <b>Main Menu -&gt; Configuration -&gt; DSCP -&gt; Port DSCP</b></p>  <p>Select the server you wish to configure from the list of servers on the 2<sup>nd</sup> line. (You can view all servers <i>with "Entire Network"</i> selected; or limit yourself to a particular server group by clicking on that server group name's tab).</p> <p>Click <b>Insert</b></p> <p><b>Main Menu: Configuration -&gt; DSCP -&gt; Port DSCP</b></p>  <p>Enter the source port, <i>DSCP value</i>, and select the transport protocol.</p> <p><b>Main Menu: Configuration -&gt; DSCP -&gt; Port DSCP [Insert]</b></p>  <p>Click <b>OK</b> if there are no more port DSCPs on this server to configure, or <b>Apply</b> to finish this port entry and continue entering more <i>DSCP mappings</i>.</p>
<p>4</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Repeat for additional servers.</b></p>	<p><b>Repeat</b> Step 2-3 for all remaining servers.</p>

**Procedure 22. Configure the Signaling Network Routes**

<p><b>S T E P</b></p>	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to configure Signaling Network Routes on MP-type servers (<i>DA-MP, IPFE, SBR, SS7-MP, etc</i>)</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>															
<p>1 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Establish GUI Session on the NOAMP VIP</b></p>	<p>Establish a GUI session on the NOAMP by using the NOAMP VIP address. Login as user <i>guiadmin</i>.</p>														
<p>2 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>NOAMP VIP:</b> Navigate to Routes Configuration Screen</p>	<p>Navigate to <b>Main Menu -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Network -&gt; Routes</b></p> <p>Select the first MP Server you see listed on the first row of tabs as shown, then click the <b>“Entire Server Group”</b> link. Initially, no routes should be displayed.</p>  <p>The screenshot shows a tabbed interface with the following tabs: Entire Network, BuenosAires_IPFE_SG1, BuenosAires_IPFE_SG2, BuenosAires_MP_SG, BuenosAires_NO_SG, BuenosAires-NO2, BuenosAires-NO1, BuenosAires-SO1, BuenosAires-SO2, BuenosAires-DAMP1, BuenosAires-SO3. Below the tabs is a table with the following data:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Route Type</th> <th>Destination</th> <th>Netmask</th> <th>Gateway</th> <th>Device Name</th> <th>Route Scope</th> <th>Configuration Status</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>default</td> <td>0.0.0.0</td> <td></td> <td>10.240.20.1</td> <td>eth0</td> <td>Server</td> <td>Discovered</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Route Type	Destination	Netmask	Gateway	Device Name	Route Scope	Configuration Status	default	0.0.0.0		10.240.20.1	eth0	Server	Discovered
Route Type	Destination	Netmask	Gateway	Device Name	Route Scope	Configuration Status										
default	0.0.0.0		10.240.20.1	eth0	Server	Discovered										
<p>3 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>NOAMP VIP: Add Route</b></p>	<p>Click on <b>Insert</b> at the bottom of the screen to add additional routes.</p>  <p>The screenshot shows a horizontal bar with the following buttons: Insert, Edit, Delete, Report, Report All.</p>														

**Procedure 22. Configure the Signaling Network Routes**

<p>4</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>NOAMP VIP: (Optional)</b> Add Default Route for MPs Going Through Signaling Network Gateway</p>	<p><b>***OPTIONAL - Only execute this step if you performed (OPTIONAL) Delete Auto-Configured Default Route on MP and Replace it with a Network Route via the XMI Network -- which removed the XMI gateway default route on MPs ***</b></p> <p>If your MP servers no longer have a <i>default route</i>, then you can now insert a <i>default route</i> here which uses one of the signaling network gateways.</p> <p>Insert Route on BuenosAires-DAMP1</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Field</th> <th style="text-align: left;">Value</th> <th style="text-align: left;">Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Route Type</td> <td> <input type="radio"/> Net  <input checked="" type="radio"/> Default  <input type="radio"/> Host *                 </td> <td>Select a route type. [Default = N/A. Options = Net, Default, Host. You can configure at most one IPv4 default route and one IPv6 default route on a given target machine.]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Device</td> <td>eth0 *</td> <td>Select the network device name through which traffic is being routed. The selection of AUTO will result in the device being selected automatically, if possible. [Default = N/A. Range = Provisioned devices on the selected server.]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Destination</td> <td></td> <td>The destination network address. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid Network Address of the network in dotted decimal (IPv4) or colon hex (IPv6) format.]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Netmask</td> <td></td> <td>A valid netmask for the network route destination IP address. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid Netmask for the network in prefix length (IPv4 or IPv6) or dotted decimal (IPv4) format.]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Gateway IP</td> <td></td> <td>The IP address of the gateway for this route. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid IP address of the gateway in dotted decimal (IPv4) or colon hex (IPv6) format.]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="Ok"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> </p> <p><b>Route Type: Default</b></p> <p><b>Device: Select the signaling device that is directly attached to the network where the XSI default gateway resides.</b></p> <p><b>Gateway IP: The XSI gateway you wish to use for default signaling network access.</b></p> <p>Select OK</p>	Field	Value	Description	Route Type	<input type="radio"/> Net <input checked="" type="radio"/> Default <input type="radio"/> Host *	Select a route type. [Default = N/A. Options = Net, Default, Host. You can configure at most one IPv4 default route and one IPv6 default route on a given target machine.]	Device	eth0 *	Select the network device name through which traffic is being routed. The selection of AUTO will result in the device being selected automatically, if possible. [Default = N/A. Range = Provisioned devices on the selected server.]	Destination		The destination network address. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid Network Address of the network in dotted decimal (IPv4) or colon hex (IPv6) format.]	Netmask		A valid netmask for the network route destination IP address. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid Netmask for the network in prefix length (IPv4 or IPv6) or dotted decimal (IPv4) format.]	Gateway IP		The IP address of the gateway for this route. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid IP address of the gateway in dotted decimal (IPv4) or colon hex (IPv6) format.]
Field	Value	Description																		
Route Type	<input type="radio"/> Net <input checked="" type="radio"/> Default <input type="radio"/> Host *	Select a route type. [Default = N/A. Options = Net, Default, Host. You can configure at most one IPv4 default route and one IPv6 default route on a given target machine.]																		
Device	eth0 *	Select the network device name through which traffic is being routed. The selection of AUTO will result in the device being selected automatically, if possible. [Default = N/A. Range = Provisioned devices on the selected server.]																		
Destination		The destination network address. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid Network Address of the network in dotted decimal (IPv4) or colon hex (IPv6) format.]																		
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Gateway IP		The IP address of the gateway for this route. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid IP address of the gateway in dotted decimal (IPv4) or colon hex (IPv6) format.]																		

**Procedure 22. Configure the Signaling Network Routes**

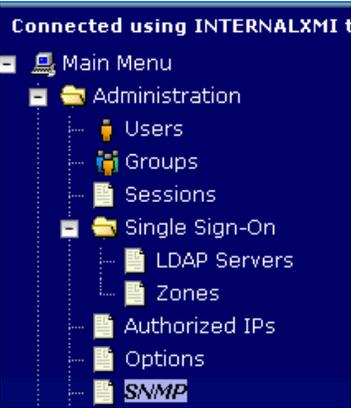
<p>5</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>NOAMP VIP: Add Network Routes for Diameter Peers</b></p>	<p>Use this step to add IP and/or IPv6 routes to <i>diameter</i> peer destination networks. The goal here is to ensure that diameter traffic uses the gateway(s) on the signaling networks.</p> <p>Insert Route on BuenosAires-DAMP1</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Field</th> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Route Type</td> <td> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Net  <input type="radio"/> Default  <input type="radio"/> Host *                 </td> <td>Select a route type. [Default = N/A. Options = Net, Default, Host. You can configure at most one IPV4 default route and one IPV6 default route on a given target machine.]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Device</td> <td>eth2 *</td> <td>Select the network device name through which traffic is being routed. The selection of AUTO will result in the device being selected automatically, if possible. [Default = N/A. Range = Provisioned devices on the selected server.]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Destination</td> <td></td> <td>The destination network address. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid Network Address of the network in dotted decimal (IPv4) or colon hex (IPv6) format.]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Netmask</td> <td></td> <td>A valid netmask for the network route destination IP address. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid Netmask for the network in prefix length (IPv4 or IPv6) or dotted decimal (IPv4) format.]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Gateway IP</td> <td></td> <td>The IP address of the gateway for this route. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid IP address of the gateway in dotted decimal (IPv4) or colon hex (IPv6) format.]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Ok Apply Cancel</p> <p><b>Route Type: Net</b>  <b>Device: Select the appropriate signaling interface that will be used to connect to that network</b>  <b>Destination: Enter the Network ID of Network to which the peer node is connected to.</b>  <b>Netmask: Enter the corresponding Netmask.</b>  <b>Gateway IP: Enter the IP of the customer gateway.</b></p> <p>If you have more routes to enter, Press <b>Apply</b> to save the current route entry and repeat this step to enter more routes</p> <p>If you are finished entering routes, Press <b>OK</b> to save the latest route and leave this screen.</p>	Field	Value	Description	Route Type	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Net <input type="radio"/> Default <input type="radio"/> Host *	Select a route type. [Default = N/A. Options = Net, Default, Host. You can configure at most one IPV4 default route and one IPV6 default route on a given target machine.]	Device	eth2 *	Select the network device name through which traffic is being routed. The selection of AUTO will result in the device being selected automatically, if possible. [Default = N/A. Range = Provisioned devices on the selected server.]	Destination		The destination network address. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid Network Address of the network in dotted decimal (IPv4) or colon hex (IPv6) format.]	Netmask		A valid netmask for the network route destination IP address. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid Netmask for the network in prefix length (IPv4 or IPv6) or dotted decimal (IPv4) format.]	Gateway IP		The IP address of the gateway for this route. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid IP address of the gateway in dotted decimal (IPv4) or colon hex (IPv6) format.]
Field	Value	Description																		
Route Type	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Net <input type="radio"/> Default <input type="radio"/> Host *	Select a route type. [Default = N/A. Options = Net, Default, Host. You can configure at most one IPV4 default route and one IPV6 default route on a given target machine.]																		
Device	eth2 *	Select the network device name through which traffic is being routed. The selection of AUTO will result in the device being selected automatically, if possible. [Default = N/A. Range = Provisioned devices on the selected server.]																		
Destination		The destination network address. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid Network Address of the network in dotted decimal (IPv4) or colon hex (IPv6) format.]																		
Netmask		A valid netmask for the network route destination IP address. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid Netmask for the network in prefix length (IPv4 or IPv6) or dotted decimal (IPv4) format.]																		
Gateway IP		The IP address of the gateway for this route. [Default = N/A. Range = Valid IP address of the gateway in dotted decimal (IPv4) or colon hex (IPv6) format.]																		
<p>6</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Repeat steps 2-5 for all other MP server groups.</p>	<p>The routes entered in this procedure should now be configured on *all* MPs in the server group for the first MP you selected. If you have additional MP server groups, repeat from 2, but this time, select an MP from the next MP server group. Continue until you have covered all MP server groups.</p>																		

**Procedure 23. Add VIP for Signaling Networks (Active/Standby Configurations ONLY)**

<p><b>S T E P #</b></p>	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to configure the VIPs for the signaling networks on the MPs.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
<p>1 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Configure VIP (OpenStack only).</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <b>If no IPFE TSA is used, execute the following commands. If IPFE TSA addresses were configured in Procedure 6 step 5, the following steps are redundant and should not be performed.</b></li> <li>2. Login to the OpenStack control node as admusr.</li> <li>3. Find the port id associated with the instance XSI interface corresponding to the VIP IP address..             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ neutron port-list</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>4. Add the VIP IP address to the address pairs list of the corresponding instance XSI interface port.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ neutron port-update &lt;Port ID&gt; -- allowed_address_pairs list=true type=dict ip_address=&lt;VIP address to be added&gt;</code></li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p>If necessary, see Allowed Address Pairs in Appendix I for more information.</p>
<p>2 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Edit the MP Server Group and add VIPs (ONLY FOR 1+1)</b></p>	<p><b>IF YOUR MPs ARE IN A DSR MULTI-ACTIVE CLUSTER SERVER GROUP CONFIGURATION (N+0), THEN SKIP THIS STEP</b></p> <p>Be sure you have performed Procedure 6, steps 5 and 6 correctly(VIP configuration).</p> <p>From the GUI <b>Main Menu-&gt;Configuration-&gt;Server Groups</b>, select the MP server group, and then select <b>Edit</b></p> <p>Click on <b>Add</b> to add the VIP for XSI1 Enter the VIP of int-XSI-1 and click on <b>Apply</b> Click on <b>Add</b> again to add the VIP for XSI2 Enter the VIP of int-XSI-2 and click on <b>Apply</b> If more Signaling networks exists, add their corresponding VIP addresses . Finally Click on <b>OK</b>.</p> 



**Procedure 24. Configure SNMP Trap Receiver(s) (OPTIONAL)**

<p><b>S T E P #</b></p>	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to configure forwarding of SNMP.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>								
<p>1 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>NOAMP VIP:</b> Configure System-Wide SNMP Trap Receiver(s)</p> <p>Using a web browser, log onto the NOAMP VIP as <i>guiadmin</i> user. Navigate to <b>Main Menu -&gt; Administration -&gt; SNMP</b></p>  <p>Verify that <b>“Traps Enabled”</b> is checked:</p>  <p>Fill in the <i>IP address</i> or <i>hostname</i> of the Network Management Station (<i>NMS</i>) you wish to forward traps to. This IP should be reachable from the the NOAMP’s “XMI” network.</p> <p>Continue to fill in additional secondary manager IPs in the corresponding slots if desired.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="516 1331 1130 1432"> <thead> <tr> <th>Variable</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Manager 1</td> <td><input type="text" value="10.10.55.88"/></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Enter the <b>“SNMP Community Name”</b>:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="516 1528 1416 1654"> <tr> <td>SNMPv2c Read-Only Community Name</td> <td><input type="text" value="snmppublic"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>SNMPv2c Read-Write Community Name</td> <td><input type="text" value="snmppublic"/></td> </tr> </table> <p>Leave all other fields at their default values.</p> <p>Press <b>OK</b></p>	Variable	Value	Manager 1	<input type="text" value="10.10.55.88"/>	SNMPv2c Read-Only Community Name	<input type="text" value="snmppublic"/>	SNMPv2c Read-Write Community Name	<input type="text" value="snmppublic"/>
Variable	Value								
Manager 1	<input type="text" value="10.10.55.88"/>								
SNMPv2c Read-Only Community Name	<input type="text" value="snmppublic"/>								
SNMPv2c Read-Write Community Name	<input type="text" value="snmppublic"/>								

**Procedure 24. Configure SNMP Trap Receiver(s) (OPTIONAL)**

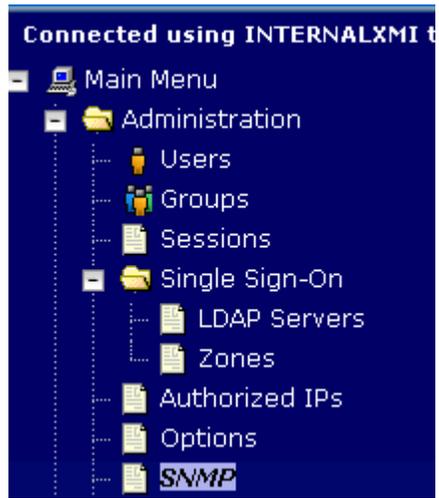
2 **NOAMP VIP:**  
 Enable Traps from Individual Servers (OPTIONAL)

**Note:** By default snmp traps from MPs are aggregated and then displayed at the active NOAMP. If instead, you wish for every server to send its own traps directly to the NMS, then execute this procedure.

This procedure requires that all servers, including MPs, have an XMI interface on which the customer SNMP Target server (*NMS*) is reachable.

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Using a web browser, log onto the NOAMP VIP as *guiadmin* user. Navigate to **Main Menu -> Administration -> SNMP**



Make sure the checkbox next to **“Enabled”** is checked, if not, check it as shown below

		[Default: enabled.]
Traps from Individual Servers	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled	Enable or disable SNMP traps from sent from individual servers, other OAM&P server. [Default: disabled]
		Configured Community Name (S

Then click on **Apply** and verify that the data is committed.

## Procedure 25. IP Front End (IPFE) Configuration

<p><b>S</b> <b>T</b> <b>E</b> <b>P</b> <b>#</b></p>	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to configure IP Front End (IPFE), and optimize performance.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>												
<p>1</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>SOAMP VIP:</b> Configuration of replication IPFE association data.</p> <p>Login to the <b>SOAMP VIP</b> GUI as <i>guiadmin</i> user.</p> <p>Select <b>Main Menu -&gt; IPFE -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Options</b></p> <p>Enter the IP address of the <b>1st IPFE</b> in the <b>IPFE-A1 IP Address</b> field and the IP address of the <b>2nd IPFE</b> in the <b>IPFE-A2 IP Address</b> field</p> <p>If applicable, enter the address of the <b>3rd</b> and <b>4th</b> IPFE servers in <b>IPFE-B1 IP Address</b> and <b>IPFE-B2 IP Address</b> fields.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="516 716 1260 932"> <thead> <tr> <th>Variable</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="2"><b>Inter-IPFE Synchronization</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>IPFE-A1 IP Address</td> <td>10.240.79.103 - Viper-IPFE1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IPFE-A2 IP Address</td> <td>10.240.79.104 - Viper-IPFE2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IPFE-B1 IP Address</td> <td>&lt;unset&gt;</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IPFE-B2 IP Address</td> <td>&lt;unset&gt;</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Note:</b> It is recommended that the address reside on the <b>IMI (Internal Management Interface)</b> network.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> <b>IPFE-A1</b> and <b>IPFE-A2</b> must have connectivity between each other via these addresses. The same applies with <b>IPFE-B1</b> and <b>IPFE-B2</b>.</p>	Variable	Value	<b>Inter-IPFE Synchronization</b>		IPFE-A1 IP Address	10.240.79.103 - Viper-IPFE1	IPFE-A2 IP Address	10.240.79.104 - Viper-IPFE2	IPFE-B1 IP Address	<unset>	IPFE-B2 IP Address	<unset>
Variable	Value												
<b>Inter-IPFE Synchronization</b>													
IPFE-A1 IP Address	10.240.79.103 - Viper-IPFE1												
IPFE-A2 IP Address	10.240.79.104 - Viper-IPFE2												
IPFE-B1 IP Address	<unset>												
IPFE-B2 IP Address	<unset>												
<p>2</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>SOAMP VIP:</b> Configuration of IPFE Target sets.</p> <p>Login to the <b>SOAMP VIP</b> GUI as <i>guiadmin</i> user.</p> <p>Select <b>Main Menu -&gt; IPFE -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Target Sets</b></p> <p>Select either <b>Insert IPv4</b> or <b>Insert IPv6</b> button, depending on the IP version of the target set you plan to use.</p> <p>This screen will display the following configurable settings:</p> <p><b>Protocols:</b> protocols the target set will support.</p> <p><b>Delete Age:</b> Specifies when the IPFE should remove its association data for a connection. Any packets presenting a source IP address/port combination that had been previously stored as association state but have been idle longer than the <b>Delete Age</b> configuration will be treated as a new connection and will not automatically go to the same application server.</p> <p><b>Load Balance Algorithm:</b> <i>Hash</i> or <i>Least Load</i> options</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Note:</b> In order for the IPFE to provide Least Load distribution, <b>Main Menu -&gt; IPFE -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Options</b>, Monitoring Protocol must be set to <i>Heartbeat</i> so that the application servers can provide the load information the IPFE uses to select the <i>least-loaded</i> server for connections.</li> <li><b>Note:</b> The Least Load option is the default setting, and is the recommended option with exception of unique backward compatibility scenarios.</li> <li><b>(Optional):</b> If you have selected the <i>Least Load algorithm</i>, you may</li> </ul>												

## Procedure 25. IP Front End (IPFE) Configuration

		<p>configure the following fields to adjust the algorithm's behavior:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ <b>MPS Factor</b> – Messages per Second (MPS) is one component of the least load algorithm. This field allows you to set it from 0 (not used in load calculations) to 100 (the only component used for load calculations). It is recommended that IPFE connections have Reserved Ingress MPS set to something other than the default, which is 0. To configure <b>Reserved Ingress MPS</b>, go to <b>Main Menu -&gt; Diameter -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Configuration Sets -&gt; Capacity Configuration</b>. If you choose not to use <b>Reserved Ingress MPS</b>, set <b>MPS Factor</b> to 0 and <b>Connection Count Factor</b>, described below, to 100.</li><li>○ <b>Connection Count Factor</b> – This is the other component of the <b>least load</b> algorithm. This field allows you to set it from 0 (not used in load calculations) to 100 (the only component used for load calculations). Increase this setting if connection storms (the arrival of many connections at a very rapid rate) are a concern.</li><li>○ <b>Allowed Deviation</b> - Percentage within which two application server's load calculation results are considered to be equal. If very short, intense connection bursts are expected to occur, increase the value to smooth out the distribution.</li></ul> <p><b>Primary Public IP Address:</b> IP address for the target set</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Note:</b> This address must reside on the XSI (External Signaling Interface) network because it will be used by the application clients to reach the application servers. This address <b>MUST NOT</b> be a real interface address (that is, must not be associated with a network interface card).</li></ul> <p><b>Active IPFE:</b> IPFE to handle the traffic for the target set address.</p> <p><b>Secondary Public IP Address:</b> If this target set supports either <b>multihomed SCTP</b> or Both <b>TCP</b> and <b>SCTP</b>, provide a <b>Secondary IP Address</b>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Note:</b>A secondary address is required to support <b>SCTP multihoming</b>. A secondary address can support <b>TCP</b>, but the <b>TCP</b> connections will not be multihomed.</li><li>• <b>Note:</b> If <b>SCTP multihoming</b> is to be supported, select the <b>mate</b> IPFE of the Active IPFE for the Active IPFE for <b>secondary address</b> to ensure that SCTP failover functions as designed.</li></ul> <p><b>Target Set IP List:</b> Select an IP address, a secondary IP address if supporting <b>SCTP multihoming</b>, a description, and a weight for the application server.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Note:</b>The IP address must be on the XSI network since they must be on the same network as the target set address. This address must also match the IP version of the target set address (IPv4 or IPv6). If the <b>Secondary Public IP Address</b> is configured, it must reside on the <b>same</b> application server as the first IP address.</li><li>• <b>Note:</b> If all application servers have an equal <b>weight</b> (e.g., 100, which is the default), they have an equal chance of being selected. Application servers with larger <b>weights</b> have a greater chance of being selected.</li></ul> <p>Click the <b>Add</b> button to add more application servers (<i>Up to 16</i>)</p> <p>Click the <b>Apply</b> button.</p>
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### Procedure 25. IP Front End (IPFE) Configuration

3 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>SOAMP VIP:</b> Repeat for additional Configuration of IPFE Target sets.	Repeat for <b>step 9</b> for each target set (Up to 16). At least one target set must be configured.
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## 4.5 Create iDIH Virtual Machines (VMware)

### Procedure 26. (VMware only) Create iDIH Oracle, Mediation and Application VMs (Optional)

<b>S T E P #</b>	<p>This procedure will create the iDIH Oracle, Mediation and Application guest.</p> <p><b>Needed material:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- iDIH Oracle OVA, iDIH Mediation OVA and iDIH Application OVA</li> </ul> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Add the iDIH Oracle OVA to VMware</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Launch the VMware client of your choice.</li> <li>2. Add the <b>iDIH Oracle OVA</b> image to the VMware catalog or repository. Follow the instructions provided by the Cloud solutions manufacturer.</li> </ol>
2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Create the Oracle VM, from the OVA image.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Browse the library or repository that you placed the <b>iDIH Oracle OVA</b> image.</li> <li>2. Deploy the <b>OVA Image</b> using <b>vSphere Client</b> or the <b>vSphere Web Client</b>.</li> <li>3. Name the <b>iDIH Oracle VM</b> and select the datastore.</li> </ol>
3 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Configure resources for the iDIH Oracle VM.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Configure the <b>iDIH Oracle VM</b> per the Resource Profile in <b>Appendix D</b> for the <b>iDIH Oracle VM</b> using the vSphere Client or the vSphere Web Client.</li> <li>2. Record the Ethernet addresses associated with each interface and the virtual network it is associated with.</li> </ol>
4 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Power on the iDIH Oracle VM.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Use the vSphere client or vSphere web client to Power on the <b>iDIH Oracle VM</b>.</li> </ol>
5 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Procedure Overview</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Repeat Steps 1 through 4 for the following VMs. Use Unique labels for the VM Names:   <div style="text-align: center;"> <p><b>iDIH Application</b></p> <p><b>iDIH Mediation</b></p> </div> </li> </ol>

## 4.6 Create iDIH Virtual Machines (KVM/OpenStack)

### Procedure 27. (KVM/OpenStack only ) Create iDIH Oracle, Mediation and Application VMs (Optional)

<b>S T E P #</b>	<p>This procedure will create the iDIH Oracle, Mediation and Application guest.</p> <p><b>Needed material:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- iDIH Oracle OVA, iDIH Mediation OVA and iDIH Application OVA</li> </ul> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Add the iDIH Oracle OVA to KVM/OpenStack</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Copy the OVA file to the OpenStack control node.               <pre>iii. \$ scp oracle-7.1.1.x.x.x.ova admusr@node:~</pre> </li> <li>2. Login to the OpenStack control node.               <pre>iv. \$ ssh admusr@node</pre> </li> <li>3. In an empty directory unpack the OVA file using “tar”               <pre>v. \$ tar xvf oracle-7.1.1.x.x.x.ova</pre> </li> <li>4. One of the unpacked files will have a “.vmdk” suffix. This is the VM image file that must be imported.               <pre>vi. oracle-7.1.1.x.x.x-disk1.vmdk</pre> </li> <li>5. Source the OpenStack “admin” user credentials.               <pre>vii. \$ . keystonec_admin</pre> </li> <li>6. Select an informative name for the new image.               <pre>viii. “dsr-7.1.1.x.x.x-original”</pre> </li> <li>7. Import the image using the “glance” utility from the command line.               <pre>ix. \$ glance image-create --name oracle-7.1.1.x.x.x-original --is-public true --is-protected false --progress --container-format bare --disk-format vmdk --file oracle-7.1.1.x.x.x-disk1.vmdk</pre> </li> <li>x. This process will take about 5 minutes, depending on the underlying infrastructure.</li> </ol>
2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Name the new VM instance.</b>	<p>Create an informative name for the new instance: “iDIH-Oracle”.</p> <p>Examine the network interface recommendations at the bottom of the Resource Profile in Appendix D. Network ports must be created for each recommended interface.</p>

**Procedure 27. (KVM/OpenStack only ) Create iDIH Oracle, Mediation and Application VMs (Optional)**

3 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Create and boot the iDIH VM instance from the glance image.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Get the following configuration values.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a. The image ID.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>i. <code>\$ glance image-list</code></li></ol></li><li>b. The flavor ID.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>i. <code>\$ nova flavor-list</code></li></ol></li><li>c. The network ID(s)<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>i. <code>\$ neutron net-list</code></li></ol></li><li>d. An informative name for the instance.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>i. “iDIH-Oracle”</li><li>ii. “iDIH-Mediation”</li><li>iii. “iDIH-Application”</li></ol></li></ol></li><li>2. Create and boot the VM instance.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a. The instance must be owned by the DSR tenant user, not the admin user. Source the credentials of the DSR tenant user and issue the following command. Note that IPv6 addresses should use the “v6-fixed-ip” argument instead of “v4-fixed-ip”.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>b. <code>\$ nova boot --image &lt;image ID&gt; --flavor &lt;flavor id&gt; --nic net-id=&lt;first network id&gt;,v4-fixed-ip=&lt;first ip address&gt; --nic net-id=&lt;second network id&gt;,v4-fixed-ip=&lt;second ip address&gt; &lt;instance name&gt;</code></li></ol></li></ol></li><li>3. View the newly created instance using the nova tool.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>i. <code>\$ nova list --all-tenants</code></li></ol></li></ol> <p>The VM will take approximately 5 minutes to boot and may be accessed through both network interfaces and the Horizon console tool.</p>
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**Procedure 27. (KVM/OpenStack only ) Create iDIH Oracle, Mediation and Application VMs (Optional)**

<p>4</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Configure instance networking.</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Log in to the “Horizon” GUI as the DSR tenant user.</li> <li>2. Go to the Compute/Instances section.</li> <li>3. Click on the “Name” field of the newly created instance.</li> <li>4. Select the “Console” tab.</li> <li>5. Login as the admusr.</li> <li>6. Configure the network interfaces, conforming with the interface-to-network mappings described at the bottom of the Resource Profile in Appendix D.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ sudo netAdm add --onboot=yes --device=eth0 --address=&lt;xmi ip&gt; --netmask=&lt;xmi net mask&gt;</code></li> <li>b. <code>\$ sudo netAdm add --onboot=yes --device=eth1 --address=&lt;imi ip&gt; --netmask=&lt;imi net mask&gt;</code></li> <li>c. <code>\$ sudo netAdm add --route=default --device=eth0 --gateway=&lt;xmi gateway ip&gt;</code></li> <li>d. Under some circumstances, it may be necessary to configure as many as 6 or more interfaces.</li> <li>e. If netAdm fails to create the new interface (ethX) because it already exists in a partially configured state, perform the following actions.                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ cd /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts</code></li> <li>ii. <code>\$ sudo mv ifcfg-ethX /tmp</code> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Keep ifcfg-ethX in /tmp until ethX is working correctly, then delete it.</li> </ol> </li> <li>iii. Re-run the netAdm command. It will create and configure the interface in one action.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>7. Reboot the VM. It will take approximately 5 minutes for the VM to complete rebooting.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ sudo init 6</code></li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p>The new VM should now be accessible via both network and Horizon console.</p>
<p>5</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Procedure Overview</b></p>	<p>Repeat steps 1 through 4 for the following VMs. Use Unique labels for the VM names:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>iDIH-Application</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>iDIH-Mediation</b></p>

## 4.7 Configure iDIH Virtual Machines

### Procedure 28. Configure iDIH VM Networks (Optional)

<b>S T E P #</b>	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to configure the iDIH guest VM external management networks.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Log into the Oracle VM Console.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Access the <b>iDIH Oracle VM console</b>.</li> <li>2. Login as <b>admusr</b>.</li> </ol>
2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Trigger net rules file creation.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Run the udevadm command to recreate net rules file.  <pre>\$ sudo udevadm trigger --action=add /class/net/eth0</pre> </li> <li>2. Reboot the guest  <pre>\$ sudo init 6</pre> </li> </ol>
3 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Modify the Ethernet interface names in the net rules file.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Login to the <b>iDIH Oracle VM console</b> as <b>admusr</b>.</li> <li>2. Update the net rules file replace the default interfaces names ethX with xmi and int interfaces names. Be sure to use the MAC addresses recorded in the previous procedure to determine which interfaces should be named xmi and int. The mediation guest will also require the user to rename a third interface ethX as imi.  <pre>\$ sudo vi /etc/udev/rules.d/70-persistent-net.rules</pre>  <pre># PCI device 0x15ad:0x07b0 (vmxnet3) SUBSYSTEM=="net", ACTION=="add", DRIVERS=="?*", ATTR(address)=="00:50:56:b9:2d:b b", ATTR(type)=="1", KERNEL=="eth*", NAME="eth1"  # PCI device 0x15ad:0x07b0 (vmxnet3) SUBSYSTEM=="net", ACTION=="add", DRIVERS=="?*", ATTR(address)=="00:50:56:b9:ea:b 2", ATTR(type)=="1", KERNEL=="eth*", NAME="eth0"  # PCI device 0x15ad:0x07b0 (vmxnet3) SUBSYSTEM=="net", ACTION=="add", DRIVERS=="?*", ATTR(address)=="00:50:56:b9:2d:b b", ATTR(type)=="1", KERNEL=="eth*", NAME="int"  # PCI device 0x15ad:0x07b0 (vmxnet3) SUBSYSTEM=="net", ACTION=="add", DRIVERS=="?*", ATTR(address)=="00:50:56:b9:ea:b 2", ATTR(type)=="1", KERNEL=="eth*", NAME="xmi"</pre> </li> <li>3. Reboot the guest.  <pre>\$ sudo init 6</pre> </li> </ol>

**Procedure 28. Configure iDIH VM Networks (Optional)**

<p>4 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>(VMware only)</b>  As <b>admusr</b> on the Oracle VM configure the xmi and int networks with netAdm.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Login to the <b>iDIH Oracle VM</b> console as <b>admusr</b>.</li> <li>2. Configure the xmi network ip address and netmask.  \$ <b>sudo netAdm add --device=xmi --address=&lt;IP Address in External Management Network&gt; --netmask=&lt;Netmask&gt; --onboot=yes --bootproto=none</b></li> <li>3. Configure the default gateway.  \$ <b>sudo netAdm add --route=default --gateway=&lt;gateway address for the External Management Network&gt; --device=xmi</b></li> <li>4. Delete the eth0 interface.  \$ <b>sudo netAdm delete --device=eth0</b></li> <li>5. Configure the int network ip address and netmask.  \$ <b>sudo netAdm add --device=int -address=10.254.254.2 --netmask=255.255.255.224 --onboot=yes --bootproto=none</b></li> </ol> <p><b>Note:</b> oracle guest internal ip=10.254.254.2, the mediation guest internal ip = 10.254.254.3 and the application internal ip address= 10.254.254.4. The netmaks for all is 255.255.255.224.</p>
<p>4 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>(KVM/Openstack only)</b>  As <b>admusr</b> on the Oracle VM configure the int network with netAdm.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Login to the <b>iDIH Oracle VM</b> console as <b>admusr</b>.</li> <li>2. Configure the int network ip address and netmask.  \$ <b>sudo netAdm add --device=int -address=10.254.254.2 --netmask=255.255.255.224 --onboot=yes --bootproto=none</b></li> <li>3. The xmi network should already exist, but it can be created by the following command.  \$ <b>sudo netAdm add --device=xmi --address=&lt;IP Address in External Management Network&gt; --netmask=&lt;Netmask&gt; --onboot=yes --bootproto=none</b></li> <li>4. The default gateway should already exist but can be created by the following command.  \$ <b>sudo netAdm add --route=default --gateway=&lt;gateway address for the External Management Network&gt; --device=xmi</b></li> <li>5. Delete the eth0 interface.  \$ <b>sudo netAdm delete --device=eth0</b></li> </ol> <p><b>Note:</b> oracle guest internal ip=10.254.254.2, the mediation guest internal ip = 10.254.254.3 and the application internal ip address= 10.254.254.4. The netmaks for all is 255.255.255.224.</p>

**Procedure 28. Configure iDIH VM Networks (Optional)**

<p>5</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>As admusr on the Oracle VM configure NTP and the Oracle VM hostname.</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>On the Oracle VM console launch the platform configuration menu.  <code>\$ sudo su - platcfg</code></li> <li>From the platform configuration menu configure ntpserver1 with the ip address supplied for NTP  <b>Network Configuration -&gt; NTP -&gt;Edit-&gt;ntpserver1</b>                      Select “Yes” when prompted to restart NTP.</li> <li>Exit the network configuration menu.</li> <li>Configure the Oracle VM hostname.  <b>Server Configuration -&gt; Hostname -&gt;Edit</b>                      Note: typically we select hostname identify the host as iDIH application, iDIH mediation and iDIH oracle.                      Exit the platform configuration menu.</li> </ol>
<p>6</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Procedure Overview</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Repeat Steps 1 through 5 for the following VMs. Use Unique labels for the VM Names:  <b>iDIH Mediation</b>  <b>iDIH Applation</b></li> </ol>

**Procedure 29. Run Post Installation scripts on iDIH VMs (Optional)**

<p><b>S</b></p> <p><b>T</b></p> <p><b>E</b></p> <p><b>P</b></p> <p><b>#</b></p>	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to run post installation scripts on the iDIH VMs.</p> <p><b>Prerequisite:</b> Procedure has been completed.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
<p>1</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Log into the iDIH Oracle VM Console.</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access the <b>iDIH Oracle VM console.</b></li> <li>Login as <b>admusr.</b></li> </ol>
<p>2</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Run the iDIH Oracle post installation script.</b></p>	<p>Wait for the software upgrades to complete on all iDIH Virtual machines.</p> <p>As <b>admusr</b> on the <b>iDIH Oracle VM</b> console run the Oracle post installation script.  <code>\$ sudo /opt/xIH/oracle/configureOracle.sh</code></p> <p><b>Note:</b> The Oracle post installation script will run for an Hour or longer depending on the Oracle version and patch level. Wait for it to complete before the next step is executed.</p>
<p>3</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Log into the iDIH Mediation VM Console as admusr.</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Access the <b>iDIH Mediation VM console.</b></li> <li>Login as <b>admusr.</b></li> </ol>

**Procedure 29. Run Post Installation scripts on iDIH VMs (Optional)**

<p>4 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Configure the iDIH Mediation VM imi network.</b></p>	<p>1. Login to the <b>iDIH Mediation VM</b> console as <b>admusr</b>.</p> <p>2. Configure the Mediation internal management network.</p> <pre>\$ sudo netAdm set --device=imi --address=&lt;IP Address in Internal Management Network&gt; --netmask=&lt;Netmask&gt; --onboot=yes --bootproto=none</pre>
<p>5 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Run the iDIH Mediation VM post installation script.</b></p>	<p>The Oracle post installation script must come to completion before the Medation post installation script is run.</p> <p>As <b>admusr</b> on the <b>iDIH Mediation VM</b> console run the Medation post installation script.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /opt/xIH/mediation/install.sh</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> The Mediation post installation script will run for 15 minutes. Wait for it to complete before the next step is executed.</p>
<p>6 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Log into the iDIH Application VM Console as admusr.</b></p>	<p>1. Access the <b>iDIH Application VM console</b>.</p> <p>2. Login as <b>admusr</b>.</p>
<p>7 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Run the iDIH Application post installation script.</b></p>	<p>The Mediation post installation script must come to completion before the Application post installation script is run.</p> <p>As <b>admusr</b> on the <b>iDIH Application VM</b> console run the Application post installation script.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /opt/xIH/apps/install.sh</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> The Application post installation script will run for 45 minutes. Wait for it to complete before the next step is executed.</p>
<p>8 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Set Mediation hostname.</b></p>	<p>As <b>tekelec</b> on the <b>iDIH Mediation VM</b> console run the following commands.</p> <pre>\$ sudo su - tekelec</pre> <pre>\$ med:/usr/TKLC/xIH iset -fnodeName='hostname' - fhostname='hostname' NodeInfo where 1=1</pre>
<p>9 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Restart each of the iDIH guests from their consoles.</b></p>	<p>The Application post installat script must come to completion before the any of the Virtual Machines are restarted.</p> <p>As <b>admusr</b> on the <b>iDIH Mediation VM</b> run init command to <b>restart</b> the MediationVirtual Machine.</p> <pre>\$ sudo init 6</pre> <p>As <b>admusr</b> on the <b>iDIH Application VM</b> run the init command to <b>restart</b> the Application Virtual Machine.</p> <pre>\$ sudo init 6</pre> <p>As <b>admusr</b> on the <b>iDIH Oracle VM</b> run the init command to <b>restart</b> the Oracle Virtual Machine.</p> <pre>\$ sudo init 6</pre>

### Procedure 29. Run Post Installation scripts on iDIH VMs (Optional)

10 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Run the iDIH healthcheck script on each of the iDIH virtual machines.</b>	<p>Once all of the iDIH Virtual Machines have restarted. Run the healthcheck scripts on each iDIH Virtual Machine.</p> <p>As <b>admusr</b> on the <b>iDIH Oracle VM</b> console run the <b>healthcheck script</b> and verify the results. Ignore the NTP message stating the <b>tvoc-host</b> is <b>not integrated</b>.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/xIH/plat/bin/analyze_server.sh -i</pre> <p>As <b>admusr</b> on the <b>iDIH Application VM</b> console run the <b>healthcheck script</b> and verify the results. Ignore the NTP message stating <b>tvoc-host</b> is not <b>integrated</b>.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/xIH/plat/bin/analyze_server.sh -i</pre> <p>As <b>admusr</b> on the <b>iDIH Medation VM</b> console run the <b>healthcheck script</b> and verify results. Ignore the NTP message stating tvoc-host is not integrated.</p> <pre>\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/xIH/plat/bin/analyze_server.sh -i</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> Ignore NTP message stating the <b>tvoc-host</b> is <b>not integrated</b>.</p>
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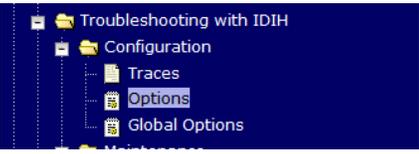
### Procedure 30. Integrate iDIH into DSR (Optional)

<b>S T E P #</b>	<p>This procedure will configure the iDIH connections to DSR.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>
----------------------------------	--

**Procedure 30. Integrate iDIH into DSR (Optional)**

<p>1</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Configure the iDIH comAgent connection on the NOAM.</b></p>	<p>Navigate to <b>Main Menu -&gt; Communication Agent -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Remote Servers</b></p>  <p>Select the <b>Insert</b> button</p>  <p>Add the IDIH Mediation Server</p> <p>For the Remote Server IP address field, enter the IMI IP address of the IDIH Mediation Server.</p> <p>For the IP address Preference field, enter the IP protocol preference (if IPv6 and IPv4 are configured)</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="516 898 1044 1203"> <thead> <tr> <th>Field</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Remote Server Name</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Remote Server IPv4 IP Address</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Remote Server IPv6 IP Address</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Remote Server Mode</td> <td>-- Select --</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IP Address Preference</td> <td>ComAgent Network Preference</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Set the Remote Server Mode to <b>Server</b></p>	Field	Value	Remote Server Name	<input type="text"/>	Remote Server IPv4 IP Address	<input type="text"/>	Remote Server IPv6 IP Address	<input type="text"/>	Remote Server Mode	-- Select --	IP Address Preference	ComAgent Network Preference
Field	Value													
Remote Server Name	<input type="text"/>													
Remote Server IPv4 IP Address	<input type="text"/>													
Remote Server IPv6 IP Address	<input type="text"/>													
Remote Server Mode	-- Select --													
IP Address Preference	ComAgent Network Preference													

**Procedure 30. Integrate iDIH into DSR (Optional)**

2	<p>Configure the Troubleshooting with IDIH on the SOAM.</p>	<p>Navigate to <b>Main Menu -&gt; Diameter -&gt; Troubleshooting with IDIH -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Options</b></p>  <p>Enter the fully qualified IDIH host name (or IP address) in the <b>IDIH Visualization Address field</b>:</p> <p><b>Main Menu: Diameter -&gt; Troubleshooting with IDIH -&gt; Configuration -&gt; Options</b></p> <hr/> <p><b>IDIH Configuration</b></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Field</th> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Max bandwidth</td> <td>25</td> <td>Maximum amount of bandwidth specified in Mbps that is used for maximum, Node will discard TTRs so that the bandwidth requires the configured maximum. [Default = 25Mbps (26214400 bps); Range = 0-25]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IDIH Host Name</td> <td>- Select -</td> <td>The Host Name of the peer IDIH server used for sending the message. [Default = n/a].</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IDIH Visualization address</td> <td>100.65.135.179</td> <td>The IP address or FQDN of the remote IDIH server that visualizes the "Maintenance" screen). If an IP address is used in place of a FQDN then IDIH SSO function will be used. [Default=n/a].</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="text-align: right;"><input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/></p> <p>Click the <b>Apply</b> button</p>	Field	Value	Description	Max bandwidth	25	Maximum amount of bandwidth specified in Mbps that is used for maximum, Node will discard TTRs so that the bandwidth requires the configured maximum. [Default = 25Mbps (26214400 bps); Range = 0-25]	IDIH Host Name	- Select -	The Host Name of the peer IDIH server used for sending the message. [Default = n/a].	IDIH Visualization address	100.65.135.179	The IP address or FQDN of the remote IDIH server that visualizes the "Maintenance" screen). If an IP address is used in place of a FQDN then IDIH SSO function will be used. [Default=n/a].
Field	Value	Description												
Max bandwidth	25	Maximum amount of bandwidth specified in Mbps that is used for maximum, Node will discard TTRs so that the bandwidth requires the configured maximum. [Default = 25Mbps (26214400 bps); Range = 0-25]												
IDIH Host Name	- Select -	The Host Name of the peer IDIH server used for sending the message. [Default = n/a].												
IDIH Visualization address	100.65.135.179	The IP address or FQDN of the remote IDIH server that visualizes the "Maintenance" screen). If an IP address is used in place of a FQDN then IDIH SSO function will be used. [Default=n/a].												

**Procedure 31. iDIH Application final configuration (Optional)**

<b>S T E P #</b>	<p>This procedure will provide the steps to finalize iDIH Configuration.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Log into the Application Virtual Machine Console as admusr.</b></p>	<p>1. Access the <b>iDIH Application VM</b> console via the <b>VMware</b> client of your choice.</p> <p>Login as <b>admusr</b>.</p>
2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>As admusr on the Application VM sudo to the tekelec user. And run trda configuration script.</b></p>	<p>1. Sudo to the the tekelec user.</p> <pre>[admusr@thunderbolt-app ~]\$ sudo su - tekelec /usr/TKLC/xIH/profiles/xih-apps.sh Loading component profile /usr/TKLC/xIH/profiles/xih-apps.sh...</pre> <p>2. As tekelec user execute the trda-config.sh script and supply the xmi vip address for the SOAM when prompted.</p> <pre>thunderbolt-app:/usr/TKLC/xIH ./apps/trda-config.sh  dos2unix: converting file /usr/TKLC/xIH/bea/user_projects/domains/tekelec/nsp/trace-refdata- adapter.properties to UNIX format ...</pre> <p><b>Please enter DSR SOAM server VIP address:</b></p>

## 4.8 Post-Install Activities

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### Procedure 32. Configure ComAgent Connections

<b>S T E P #</b>	This procedure will provide instruction on how to configure ComAgent connections on DSR for use in the FABR application.	
	<b>Prerequisite:</b> FABR application is activated. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.  If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b> , and ask for assistance.	
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Configure ComAgent</b>	Refer to [14] for the steps required to configure <b>ComAgent</b>

**Procedure 33. Complete PCA Configuration (Optional)**

<p><b>S</b> <b>T</b> <b>E</b> <b>P</b> <b>#</b></p>	<p>This procedure will provide instruction on how to complete PCA configuration.</p> <p><b>Prerequisite:</b> PCA application is activated.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
<p>1 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Complete PCA Configuration</b></p>	<p>Refer to Section “PCA Configuration” of [2] for the steps required to complete PCA configuration.</p>

**Procedure 34. Backups and Disaster Prevention**

<p><b>S</b> <b>T</b> <b>E</b> <b>P</b> <b>#</b></p>	<p>This procedure will provide instruction on backups and disaster prevention.</p> <p><b>Prerequisite:</b> DSR and optional sub-systems are installed configured.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
<p>1 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Backups</b></p>	<p>The preferred method of backing up cloud system VM instances is by snapshotting. Once the DSR and optional sub-systems are installed and configured, but before adding traffic , use the appropriate cloud tool such as the VMware Manager or the OpenStack Horizon GUI, to take snapshots of critical VM instances. It is particularly important to snapshot the control instances, such as the NOAM and SOAM.</p>

**Procedure 35. (KVM/OpenStack Only) Configure IPFE Target Set Addresses (TSA)**

<p><b>S</b> <b>T</b> <b>E</b> <b>P</b> <b>#</b></p>	<p>This procedure will provide instruction on how to configure Target Set addresses on IPFE and MP instances.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
<p>1</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>IPFE with TSA only. Remove port security on TSA XMI network interfaces on IPFE and MP instances.</b></p>	<p>If using IPFE with Target Set addresses.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Determine the TSA IP address as used in Procedure 25, step 2.</li> <li>2. Determine the corresponding XSI interface IP address as used in Procedure 25, step 2.</li> <li>3. Log in to the OpenStack control node as the admusr.</li> <li>4. Source the tenant user credentials.</li> <li>5. Determine security groups associated with the IPFE instance.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ nova list-secgroup &lt;VM instance name&gt;</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>6. Save the ID and names of the listed security groups for later use.</li> <li>7. Remove all listed security groups.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ nova remove-secgroup &lt;VM instance name&gt; &lt;Security group name&gt;</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>8. Determine the port ID of the XSI interface IP address from step 2.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ neutron port-list   grep &lt;instance IP&gt;</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>9. Disable port security for the port found in step 7.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ neutron port-update &lt;Port ID&gt; -- port-security-enabled=false</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>10. Re-enable port security for all the interfaces not on the TSA/XSI port used in step 9, including XMI, IMI and others.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Determine the port IDs of the instance IP addresses not associated with the TSA/XSI network.                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ neutron port-list</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>b. For each of the non TSA/XSI instance ports perform the following command for each of the security groups from step 6.                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ neutron port-update &lt;Port ID&gt; -- security-group &lt;secgroup ID&gt;</code></li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p>More information can be found in Disable Port Security Appendix I-6.</p>

## Appendix A. SAMPLE NETWORK ELEMENT AND HARDWARE PROFILES

In order to enter all the network information for a network element into an Appworks-based system, a specially formatted XML file needs to be filled out with the required network information. The network information is needed to configure both the NOAMP and any SOAM Network Elements.

It is expected that the maintainer/creator of this file has networking knowledge of this product and the customer site at which it is being installed. The following is an example of a Network Element XML file.

The SOAM Network Element XML file needs to have same network names for the networks as the NOAMP Network Element XML file has. It is easy to accidentally create different network names for NOAMP and SOAM Network Element, and then the mapping of services to networks will not be possible.

### Example Network Element XML file:

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<networkelement>
  <name>NE</name>
  <networks>
    <network>
      <name>XMI</name>
      <vlanId>3</vlanId>
      <ip>10.2.0.0</ip>
      <mask>255.255.255.0</mask>
      <gateway>10.2.0.1</gateway>
      <isDefault>true</isDefault>
    </network>
    <network>
      <name>IMI</name>
      <vlanId>4</vlanId>
      <ip>10.3.0.0</ip>
      <mask>255.255.255.0</mask>
      <nonRoutable>true</nonRoutable>
    </network>
  </networks>
</networkelement>
```

### DSR 7.1.1 Cloud Installation

The server hardware information is needed to configure the Ethernet interfaces on the servers. This server hardware profile data XML file is used for Appworks deployments. It is supplied to the NOAMP server so that the information can be pulled in by Appworks and presented to the user in the GUI during server configuration. The following is an example of a Server Hardware Profile XML file.

#### Example Server Hardware Profile XML file – Virtual Guest on KVM/OpenStack:

```
<profile>
  <serverType>DSR ESXI Guest</serverType>
  <available>
    <device>eth0</device>
    <device>eth1</device>
    <device>eth2</device>
    <device>eth3</device>
    <device>eth4</device>
  </available>
  <devices>
    <device>
      <name>eth0</name>
      <type>ETHERNET</type>
    </device>
    <device>
      <name>eth1</name>
      <type>ETHERNET</type>
    </device>
    <device>
      <name>eth2</name>
      <type>ETHERNET</type>
    </device>
    <device>
      <name>eth3</name>
      <type>ETHERNET</type>
    </device>
    <device>
      <name>eth4</name>
      <type>ETHERNET</type>
    </device>
  </devices>
</profile>
```

## Appendix B. LIST OF FREQUENTLY USED TIME ZONES

This table lists several valid timezone strings that can be used for the time zone setting in a CSV file, or as the time zone parameter when manually setting a DSR timezone.

**Table 3. List of Selected Time Zone Values**

<b>Time Zone Value</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Universal Time Code (UTC) Offset</b>
<i>America/New_York</i>	Eastern Time	UTC-05
<i>America/Chicago</i>	Central Time	UTC-06
<i>America/Denver</i>	Mountain Time	UTC-07
<i>America/Phoenix</i>	Mountain Standard Time - Arizona	UTC-07
<i>America/Los_Angeles</i>	Pacific Time	UTC-08
<i>America/Anchorage</i>	Alaska Time	UTC-09
<i>Pacific/Honolulu</i>	Hawaii	UTC-10
<i>Africa/Johannesburg</i>		UTC+02
<i>America/Mexico_City</i>	Central Time - most locations	UTC-06
<i>Africa/Monrovia</i>		UTC+00
<i>Asia/Tokyo</i>		UTC+09
<i>America/Jamaica</i>		UTC-05
<i>Europe/Rome</i>		UTC+01

**DSR 7.1.1 Cloud Installation**

<i>Asia/Hong_Kong</i>		UTC+08
<i>Pacific/Guam</i>		UTC+10
<i>Europe/Athens</i>		UTC+02
<i>Europe/London</i>		UTC+00
<i>Europe/Paris</i>		UTC+01
<i>Europe/Madrid</i>	mainland	UTC+01
<i>Africa/Cairo</i>		UTC+02
<i>Europe/Copenhagen</i>		UTC+01
<i>Europe/Berlin</i>		UTC+01
<i>Europe/Prague</i>		UTC+01
<i>America/Vancouver</i>	Pacific Time - west British Columbia	UTC-08
<i>America/Edmonton</i>	Mountain Time - Alberta, east British Columbia & westSaskatchewan	UTC-07
<i>America/Toronto</i>	Eastern Time - Ontario - most locations	UTC-05
<i>America/Montreal</i>	Eastern Time - Quebec - most locations	UTC-05
<i>America/Sao_Paulo</i>	South & Southeast Brazil	UTC-03
<i>Europe/Brussels</i>		UTC+01
<i>Australia/Perth</i>	Western Australia - most locations	UTC+08

**DSR 7.1.1 Cloud Installation**

<i>Australia/Sydney</i>	New South Wales - most locations	UTC+10
<i>Asia/Seoul</i>		UTC+09
<i>Africa/Lagos</i>		UTC+01
<i>Europe/Warsaw</i>		UTC+01
<i>America/Puerto_Rico</i>		UTC-04
<i>Europe/Moscow</i>	Moscow+00 - west Russia	UTC+04
<i>Asia/Manila</i>		UTC+08
<i>Atlantic/Reykjavik</i>		UTC+00
<i>Asia/Jerusalem</i>		UTC+02

## Appendix C. MULTI-SITE FEATURE ACTIVATION

### Procedure C.1 Multi-Site Feature Activation

<p><b>S</b> <b>T</b> <b>E</b> <b>P</b> <b>#</b></p>	<p>This procedure will activate optional features in multi-site configurations for Spare SOAM servers.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>My Oracle Support (MOS)</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
<p>1 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>ACTIVE SOAM:</b> Prepare SOAM for optional feature activation</p>	<p>Establish an SSH session to the Active SOAM, login as <i>admusr</i>. Execute the following command:</p> <pre>\$ irem DsrApplication where "name in ('RBAR','FABR','PCA','MD-IWF','DM-IWF','CPA','GLA')"</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> Before running the irem command, collect information on which DSR applications are already activated.</p>
<p>2 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>ACTIVE SOAM:</b> Verify preparation</p>	<p>Execute the following command to verify preparation of optional feature activation:</p> <pre>\$ iqt -z -h -p -fname DsrApplication where "name in ('RBAR','FABR','PCA','MD-IWF','DM-IWF','CPA','GLA')"</pre> <p><b>Note:</b> There should be no output of this command, if there is, verify the correct entry of the command in <b>step 1</b>.</p>
<p>3 <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>ACTIVE NOAM:</b> Activate Optional Features</p>	<p>Establish an SSH session to the Active NOAM, login as <i>admusr</i>. Execute the following command:</p> <p>Follow references [2], [3], [4], [5] and [7] to activate any features that were previously activated.</p>

**Appendix D. RESOURCE PROFILE**

VM Name	VM Purpose	vCPUs Lab	RAM (GB) Lab	vCPUs Production	RAM (GB) Production	Storage (GB) Lab and Production	Notes
DSR NOAM	Network Operation, Administration, and Maintenance	2	4	4	6	60	
DSR SOAM	Site Operation, Administration and Maintenance	2	4	4	6	60	
DA MP	Diameter Agent Message Processor	2	9 (24 for IWF)	8	16 (24 for IWF)	60	The 24 GB RAM requirement is a minimum if the DA-MP VM will be used with the IWF.
IPFE	IP Front End			4	16	60	
SS7 MP	SS7 Message Processor for MAP Diameter			8	24	60	The 24 GB RAM requirement is a hard minimum for SS7
SBR(s)	Subscriber Binding Repository (session) for Policy DRA			12	16	60	To support 5M sessions
SBR(b)	Subscriber Binding Repository (binding) for Policy DRA			12	16	60	
iDIH Application	Integrated Diameter Intelligence Hub web server			4	8	64	
iDIH Mediation	Integrated Diameter Intelligence Hub mediation server			4	8	64	
iDIH DB	Integrated Diameter Intelligence Hub DB server			4	8	120(system) + 100 (DB)	Storage for DB Disk may be increased

### DSR 7.1.1 Cloud Installation

VM Name	OAM (XMI)	Local (IMI)	Signaling A (XSI1)	Signaling B (XSI2)	Signaling C (XSI3)	Signaling D (XSI4)	Replication (SBR Rep)	DIH Internal
DSR NOAM	eth0	eth1						
DSR SOAM	eth0	eth1						
DA-MP	eth0	eth1	eth2	eth3	eth4	eth5	eth6	
IPFE	eth0	eth1	eth2	eth3	eth4	eth5		
SS7 MP	eth0	eth1	eth2	eth3	eth4	eth5	eth6	
SBRB	eth0	eth1					eth2	
SBRS	eth0	eth1					eth2	
iDIH App	xmi							int
iDIH Med	xmi	imi						int
iDIH DB	xmi							int

Note: The Ethernet interfaces define in the table are there as a guideline. Interfaces can be ordered as preferred. I.E. eth1 or eth2 could be associated with XMI if desired.

## **Appendix E. MY ORACLE SUPPORT (MOS)**

MOS (<https://support.oracle.com>) is your initial point of contact for all product support and training needs. A representative at Customer Access Support (CAS) can assist you with MOS registration.

Call the CAS main number at **1-800-223-1711** (toll-free in the US), or call the Oracle Support hotline for your local country from the list at <http://www.oracle.com/us/support/contact/index.html>.

When calling, there are multiple layers of menu selections. Make the selections in the sequence shown below on the Support telephone menu:

- 1) For the first set of menu options, select 2, “New Service Request”. You will hear another set of menu options.
- 2) In this set of menu options, select 3, “Hardware, Networking and Solaris Operating System Support”. A third set of menu options begins.
- 3) In the third set of options, select 2, “Non-technical issue”. Then you will be connected to a live agent who can assist you with MOS registration and provide Support. Identifiers. Simply mention you are a Tekelec Customer new to MOS.



## Appendix F. COMMON KVM/OPENSTACK TASKS

### F-1 Create A Network Port

<p>1</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><b>Create the network ports for the NO network interfaces.</b></p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Each network interface on an instance must have an associated network port.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. An instance will usually have at least eth0 and eth1 for a public and private network respectively.</li> <li>b. Some configurations will require 6 or more interfaces and corresponding network ports.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Determine the IP address for the interface.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. For eth0, the IP might be 10.x.x.157.</li> <li>b. For eth1, the IP might be 192.168.x.157</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Identify the neutron network ID associated with each IP/interface using the “neutron” command line tool.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ neutron net-list</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>4. Identify the neutron subnet ID associated with each IP/interface using the “neutron” command line tool.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ neutron subnet-list</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>5. Create the network port using the “neutron” command line tool, being sure to choose an informative name. Note the use of the subnet ID and the network ID (final argument).             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Port names are usually a combination of instance name and network name.                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. “NO1-xmi”</li> <li>ii. “SO2-imi”</li> <li>iii. “MP5-xsi2”</li> </ol> </li> <li>b. The ports must be owned by the DSR tenant user, not the admin user. Either source the credentials of the DSR tenant user or use the DSR tenant user ID as the value for the “—tenant-id” argument.                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ . keystone_rc_dsr_user</code></li> <li>ii. <code>\$ keystone user-list</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>c. <code>\$ neutron port-create --name=NO1-xmi --tenant-id &lt;tenant id&gt; --fixed-ip subnet_id=&lt;subnet id&gt;,ip_address=10.x.x.157 &lt;network id&gt;</code></li> <li>d. <code>\$ neutron port-create --name=NO1-imi --tenant-id &lt;tenant id&gt; --fixed-ip subnet_id=&lt;subnet id&gt;,ip_address=192.168.x.157 &lt;network id&gt;</code></li> <li>e. View your newly created ports using the neutron tool.                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ neutron port-list</code></li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol>
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## F-2 Create and Boot OpenStack Instance

1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Create a VM instance from a glance image.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4. Get the following configuration values.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The image ID.                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ glance image-list</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>b. The flavor ID.                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ nova flavor-list</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>c. The network ID(s)                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ neutron net-list</code></li> </ol> </li> <li>d. An informative name for the instance.                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. “NO1”</li> <li>ii. “SO2”</li> <li>iii. “MP5”</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>5. Create and boot the VM instance.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The instance must be owned by the DSR tenant user, not the admin user. Source the credentials of the DSR tenant user and issue the following command. Note that IPv6 addresses should use the “v6-fixed-ip” argument instead of “v4-fixed-ip”.</li> <li>b. <code>\$ nova boot --image &lt;image ID&gt; --flavor &lt;flavor id&gt; --nic net-id=&lt;first network id&gt;,v4-fixed-ip=&lt;first ip address&gt; --nic net-id=&lt;second network id&gt;,v4-fixed-ip=&lt;second ip address&gt; InstanceName</code></li> <li>c. view the newly created instance using the nova tool.                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <code>\$ nova list --all-tenants</code></li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p>The VM will take approximately 5 minutes to boot. At this point, the VM has no configured network interfaces, and can only be accessed by the “Horizon” console tool.</p> </li> </ol>
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## F-3 Configure Networking for OpenStack Instance

1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Configure the network interfaces and hostname.</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>8. Log in to the “Horizon” GUI as the DSR tenant user.</li> <li>9. Go to the Compute/Instances section.</li> <li>10. Click on the “Name” field of the newly created instance.</li> <li>11. Select the “Console” tab.</li> <li>12. Login as the admusr.</li> <li>13. Select an informative hostname for the new VM instance.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “NO1” .</li> <li>b. “SO2”.</li> <li>c. “MP5”.</li> </ol> </li> <li>14. Configure the network interfaces, conforming with the interface-to-network mappings described at the bottom of the Resource Profile in Appendix D.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <code>\$ sudo netAdm add --onboot=yes --device=eth0 --</code></li> </ol> </li> </ol>
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## DSR 7.1.1 Cloud Installation

		<pre>address=&lt;xmi ip&gt; --netmask=&lt;xmi net mask&gt;</pre> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>b. <code>\$ sudo netAdm add --onboot=yes --device=eth1 --address=&lt;imi ip&gt; --netmask=&lt;imi net mask&gt;</code></li><li>c. <code>\$ sudo netAdm add --route=default --device=eth0 --gateway=&lt;xmi gateway ip&gt;</code></li><li>d. Under some circumstances, it may be necessary to configure as many as 6 or more interfaces.</li><li>e. If netAdm fails to create the new interface (ethX) because it already exists in a partially configured state, perform the following actions.<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>i. <code>\$ cd /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts</code></li><li>ii. <code>\$ sudo mv ifcfg-ethX /tmp</code><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Keep ifcfg-ethX in /tmp until ethX is working correctly, then delete it.</li></ul></li><li>iii. Re-run the netAdm command. It will create and configure the interface in one action.</li></ul></li></ul> <p>15. Reboot the VM. It will take approximately 5 minutes for the VM to complete rebooting.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>a. <code>\$ sudo init 6</code></li></ul> <p>The new VM should now be accessible via both network and Horizon console.</p>
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**Appendix G. FIREWALL PORTS**

Flow Description	Purpose	Protocol / Port	IP Protocol Version
ICMP echo to OA	plat management	ICMP	IPv4, IPv6
OpenHPI MGMT and Communication	plat management	TCP:443	IPv4, IPv6
virtual guest discovery via libvirt	control	TCP:22	IPv4 , IPv6
NTP flow for time sync	plat management	UDP:123	IPv4 , IPv6
SSH & SFTP access into PM&C	plat management	TCP:22	IPv4 , IPv6
PM&C GUI Access	plat management	TCP: 80 TCP: 443	IPv4, IPv6
Server Install (time)	control	TCP:37	IPv4
Server Install (http)	control	TCP: 80	IPv4
Server Install (snmp)	control	UDP:162	IPv4 , IPv6
Server Upgrade (nfs)	control	UDP: 111 TCP: 886 TCP: 2049 UDP/TCP: 4000-4003	IPv4
NTP flow for time sync	control	UDP:123	IPv4 , IPv6

**DSR 7.1.1 Cloud Installation**

hostname resolution (dns)	plat management	UDP/TCP: 53	IPv4, IPv6
LightWiegth Directory Access Protocol (LDAP)	plat management	UDP/TCP: 389	IPv4, IPv6

## Appendix H. DISABLE/ENABLE DTLS

Oracle's SCTP Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) has SCTP AUTH extensions by default. SCTP AUTH extensions are required for SCTP DTLS. However, there are known impacts with SCTP AUTH extensions as covered by the CVEs referenced below. It is highly recommended that customers installing DSR 7.1/7.1.1 should prepare clients before the DSR connections are established after installation. This will ensure the DSR to Client SCTP connection will establish with SCTP AUTH extensions enabled. See RFC 6083. If customers DO NOT prepare clients to accommodate the DTLS changes, then the SCTP connections to client devices WILL NOT establish after the DSR is installed.

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2015-1421>

<https://access.redhat.com/security/cve/CVE-2014-5077>

Execute the following procedure to Disable DTLS:

### Appendix H.1 Disable DTLS

<b>S T E P #</b>	<p>This procedure will Disable DTLS.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>MP Server:</b> Login	Establish an SSH session to the MP server. Login as <i>admusr</i> .
2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>MP Server:</b> Disable SCTP Auth Flag	<p>Execute the following command to disable the SCTP Auth Flag:</p> <p><b>Note:</b> It is recommended to copy and paste directly as listed below to avoid errors</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ sudo sysctl -w net.sctp.auth_enable=0</pre>
3 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>MP Server:</b> Verify SCTP Auth Flag is Disabled	<p>Execute the following command to verify the SCTP Auth Flag is disabled:</p> <p><b>Note:</b> It is recommended to copy and paste directly as listed below to avoid errors</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ sudo sysctl -a   grep net.sctp.auth_enable</pre> <p>The following output is expected:</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">net.sctp.auth_enable = 0</pre>
4 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>MP Server:</b> Make SCTP Auth Flag changes Persistent	<p>Execute the following command to make the SCTP Auth Flag changes persistent:</p> <p><b>Note:</b> It is recommended to copy and paste directly as listed below to avoid errors</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ sudo sed -i 's/sysctl -w net.sctp.auth_enable=1/sysctl -w net.sctp.auth_enable=0/g' /etc/dpi_init</pre>

## DSR 7.1.1 Cloud Installation

### Appendix H.1 Disable DTLS

5 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>MP Server:</b> Verify Auth Flag is Disabled	Execute the following command to verify the SCTP Auth Flag has been disabled: <b>Note:</b> It is recommended to copy and paste directly as listed below to avoid errors <pre>\$ sudo grep net.sctp.auth_enable /etc/dpi_init</pre> The following output should be displayed: <pre>sysctl -w net.sctp.auth_enable=0</pre>
6 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Additional MP Servers:</b> Repeat	Repeat for all remaining MP servers.

## DSR 7.1.1 Cloud Installation

If DTLS connections are to be configured AFTER DTLS has been disabled as performed in **Procedure S.1**, then the procedure below for Enabling DTLS needs to be followed before DTLS connections are configured.

### Appendix H.2 Enable DTLS

<b>S T E P #</b>	<p>This procedure will Enable DTLS.</p> <p>Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.</p> <p>If this procedure fails, contact <a href="#">Error! Reference source not found.</a>, and ask for assistance.</p>	
1 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>MP Server:</b> Login	Establish an SSH session to the MP server. Login as <i>admusr</i> .
2 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>MP Server:</b> Enable SCTP Auth Flag	<p>Execute the following command to Enable the SCTP Auth Flag:</p> <p><b>Note:</b> It is recommended to copy and paste directly as listed below to avoid errors</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ sudo sysctl -w net.sctp.auth_enable=1</pre>
3 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>MP Server:</b> Verify SCTP Auth Flag changes	<p>Execute the following command to verify the SCTP Auth Flag changes:</p> <p><b>Note:</b> It is recommended to copy and paste directly as listed below to avoid errors</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ sudo sysctl -a   grep net.sctp.auth_enable</pre> <p>The following output is expected:</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">net.sctp.auth_enable = 1</pre>
4 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>MP Server:</b> Make SCTP Auth Flag Changes persistent	<p>Execute the following command to make the SCTP Auth Flag changes persistent:</p> <p><b>Note:</b> It is recommended to copy and paste directly as listed below to avoid errors</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ sudo sed -i 's/sysctl -w net.sctp.auth_enable=0/sysctl -w net.sctp.auth_enable=1/g' /etc/dpi_init</pre>
5 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>MP Server:</b> Verify Auth Flag changes	<p>Execute the following command to verify the SCTP Auth Flag has been disabled:</p> <p><b>Note:</b> It is recommended to copy and paste directly as listed below to avoid errors</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">\$ sudo grep net.sctp.auth_enable /etc/dpi_init</pre> <p>The following output should be displayed:</p> <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;">sysctl -w net.sctp.auth_enable=1</pre>
6 <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Additional MP Servers:</b> Repeat	Repeat for all remaining MP servers.

## Appendix I. APPLICATION VIP FAILOVER OPTIONS (OPENSTACK)

### I-1 Application VIP Failover Options

Within an OpenStack cloud environment there are several options for allowing applications to manage their own virtual IP (VIP) addresses as is traditionally done in telecommunications applications. This document describes two of those options:

- Allowed address pairs
- Disable port security

Each of these options is covered in the major sub-sections that follow. The last major sub-section discusses how to utilize application managed virtual IP addresses within an OpenStack VM instance.

Both of these options effectively work around the default OpenStack Networking (Neutron) service anti-spoofing rules that ensure that a VM instance cannot send packets out a network interface with a source IP address different from the IP address Neutron has associated with the interface. In the Neutron data model, the logical notion of networks, sub-networks and network interfaces are realized as networks, subnets, and ports as shown in the following figure:

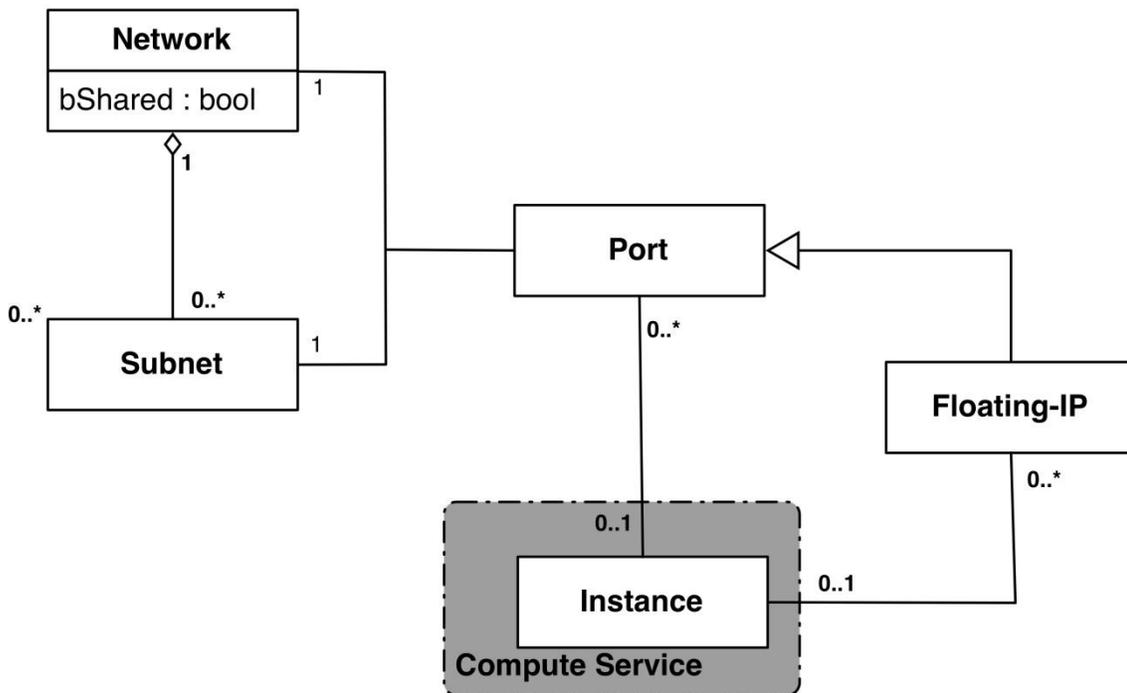


Figure 3 - Neutron High-Level Data Model

Note how a port in the Neutron data model maps to at most one VM instance where internal to the VM instance, the port will be represented as an available network device such as eth0. VM instances can have multiple network interfaces in which case there will be multiple Neutron ports associated with the VM instance, each with different MAC and IP addresses.

Each Neutron port by default has one MAC Address and one IPv4 or IPv6 address associated with it. The IP address associated with a port can be assigned in two ways:

- Automatically by Neutron when creating a port to fulfill an OpenStack Compute (Nova) service request to associate a network interface with a VM instance to be instantiated OR
- Manually by a cloud administrator when creating or updating a Neutron port

The anti-spoofing rules are enforced at the Neutron port level by ensuring that the source IP address of outgoing packets matches the IP address Neutron has associated with the corresponding port assigned to the VM instance. By default if

## DSR 7.1.1 Cloud Installation

the source IP address in the outgoing packet does not match the IP address associated with the corresponding Neutron port then the packet is dropped.

These anti-spoofing rules clearly create a complication for the use of application managed virtual IP addresses since Neutron is not going to know about the VIPs being applied by the application to VM instance network interfaces without some interaction between the application (or a higher level management element) and Neutron. Which is why the two options in this document either fully disable the port security measures within Neutron, including the anti-spoofing rules, or expand the set of allowable source IP addresses to include the VIPs that may be used by the application running within a VM instance.

Note that for both of the options described in the following sub-sections, there is a particular Neutron service extension or feature that must be enabled for the option to work. For one option (allowed address pairs) the required Neutron extension is enabled in most default deployments whereas for the other option (allow port security to be disabled) it is not.

Within this document when describing how to utilize either of these two options there will be example command line operations that interact with the OpenStack Neutron service via its command line utility, simply named `neutron`. However, be aware that all of the operations performed using the `neutron` command line utility can also be performed through the Neutron REST APIs, see the [Networking v2.0 API documentation](#) for more information.

### I-2 Allowed Address Pairs

This section describes an option that extends the set of source IP addresses that can be used in packets being sent out a VM instance's network interface (which maps to a Neutron port). This option utilizes a Neutron capability, called the allowed-address-pairs extension, which allows an entity (cloud administrator, management element, etc.) to define additional IP addresses to be associated with a Neutron port. In this way if an application within the VM instance sends an outgoing packet with one of those additional IP addresses, the Neutron anti-spoofing rules enforcement logic will not drop those packets. The Neutron allowed-address-pairs extension is available starting with the OpenStack Havana release.

The three sub-sections that follow describe the OpenStack configuration requirements for this option, how to utilize this option after a VM instance has already booted, and how to utilize this option before a VM instance has booted.

### I-3 OpenStack Configuration Requirements

The Neutron allowed-address-pairs extension needs to be enabled for this option to work. For most OpenStack cloud deployments this extension should be enabled by default but to check, run the following command (after sourcing the appropriate user credentials file):

```
# neutron ext-list
+-----+-----+
| alias          | name          |
+-----+-----+
| security-group | security-group |
| l3_agent_scheduler | L3 Agent Scheduler |
| net-mtu        | Network MTU   |
| ext-gw-mode    | Neutron L3 Configurable external gateway mode |
| binding        | Port Binding  |
| provider       | Provider Network |
| agent          | agent         |
| quotas         | Quota management support |
| subnet_allocation | Subnet Allocation |
| dhcp_agent_scheduler | DHCP Agent Scheduler |
| l3-ha          | HA Router extension |
| multi-provider | Multi Provider Network |
| external-net   | Neutron external network |
| router         | Neutron L3 Router |
| allowed-address-pairs | Allowed Address Pairs |
| extraroute     | Neutron Extra Route |
```

## DSR 7.1.1 Cloud Installation

extra_dhcp_opt	Neutron Extra DHCP opts
dvr	Distributed Virtual Router

The allowed-address-pairs extension should appear in the list of extensions as shown in the bold line above.

### I-4 After a VM instance has been booted: Allowed Address Pairs

If a VM instance has already been booted, i.e. instantiated, and you need to associate one or more additional IP addresses with the Neutron port assigned to the VM instance then you need to execute a command of the following form:

```
# neutron port-update <Port ID> --allowed_address_pairs list=true type=dict
ip_address=<VIP address to be added>
```

where the bolded items have the following meaning:

- <Port ID>

Identifies the ID of the port within Neutron which can be determined by listing the ports, `neutron port-list`, or if the port is named then the port ID can be obtained directly in the above command with a sequence like “`$(neutron port-show -f value -F id <Port Name>)`” to replace the <Port ID> placeholder.

- <VIP address to be added>

Identifies the IP address, a virtual IP address in this case, that should additionally be associated with the port where this can be a single IP address, e.g. 10.133.97.135/32, or a range of IP addresses as indicated by a value such as 10.133.97.128/30.

So for example if you wanted to indicate to Neutron that the allowed addresses for a port should include the range of addresses between 10.133.97.136 to 10.133.97.139 and the port had an ID of 8a440d3f-4e5c-4ba2-9e5e-7fc942111277 then you would enter the following command:

```
# neutron port-update 8a440d3f-4e5c-4ba2-9e5e-7fc942111277 --allowed_address_pairs
list=true type=dict ip_address=10.133.97.136/30
```

### I-5 Before a VM instance has been booted: Allowed Address Pairs

If you want to associate additional allowed IP addresses with a port before it is associated with a VM instance then you will need to first create the port and then associate one or more ports with a VM instance when it is booted. The command to create a new port with defined allowed address pairs is of the following form:

```
# neutron port-create --name <Port Name> --fixed-ip subnet-id=$(neutron subnet-show -f
value -F id <Subnet name>),ip_address=<Target IP address> $(neutron net-show -f value -F
id <Network name>) --allowed_address_pairs list=true type=dict ip_address=<VIP address to
be added>
```

where the bolded items have the following meaning:

- <Port Name>

This is effectively a string alias for the port that is useful when trying to locate the ID for the port but the “`--name <Port Name>`” portion of the command is completely optional.

- <Subnet name>

## DSR 7.1.1 Cloud Installation

The name of the subnet to which the port should be added.

- <Target IP address>

The unique IP address to be associated with the port.

- <Network Name>

The name of the network with which the port should be associated.

- <VIP address to be added>

This parameter value has the same meaning as described in the previous section.

So for example if you wanted to indicate to Neutron that a new port should have an IP address of 10.133.97.133 on the 'ext-subnet' subnet with a single allowed address pair, 10.133.97.134, then you would enter a command similar to the following:

```
# neutron port-create -name foo --fixed-ip subnet-id=$(neutron subnet-show -f value -F id ext-subnet),ip_address=10.133.97.133 $(neutron net-show -f value -F id ext-net) --allowed_address_pairs list=true type=dict ip_address=10.133.97.134/32
```

Once the port or ports with the additional allowed addresses have been created, when you boot the VM instance use a nova boot command similar to the following:

```
# nova boot --flavor m1.xlarge --image testVMimage --nic port-id=$(neutron port-show -f value -F id <Port Name>) testvm3
```

where the flavor, image, and VM instance name values will need to be replaced by values appropriate for your VM. If the port to be associated with the VM instance is not named then you will need to obtain the port's ID using the neutron port-list command and replace the “\$(neutron port-show -f value -F id <Port Name>)” sequence in the above command with the port's ID value.

## DSR 7.1.1 Cloud Installation

### I-6 Disable Port Security

This section describes an option that rather than extending the set of source IP addresses that are associated with a Neutron port, as is done with the allowed-address-pairs extension, simply disables the Neutron anti-spoofing filter rules for a given port. This option allows all IP packets originating from the VM instance to be propagated no matter whether the source IP address in the packet matches the IP address associated with the Neutron port or not. This option relies upon the Neutron port\_security extension that is available starting with the OpenStack Kilo release.

The three sub-sections that follow describe the OpenStack configuration requirements for this option, how to utilize this option after a VM instance has already booted, and how to utilize this option before a VM instance has booted.

#### OpenStack Configuration Requirements

The Neutron port\_security extension needs to be enabled for this method to work. For the procedure to enable the port\_security extension see:

[ML2 Port Security Extension Wiki page](#)

**NOTE:** Enabling the port\_security extension when there are already existing networks within the OpenStack cloud will cause all network related requests into Neutron to fail due to a [known bug in Neutron](#). There is a fix identified for this bug that will be part of the Liberty release and is scheduled to be backported to the Kilo 2015.1.2 release. In the mean time, **this option is only non-disruptive when working with a new cloud deployment where the cloud administrator can enable this feature before any networks and VM instances that use those networks are created**. The port\_security extension can be enabled in an already deployed OpenStack cloud but all existing networks, subnets, ports, etc. will need to be deleted before enabling the port\_security extension. This typically means that all VM instances will also need to be deleted as well but a knowledgeable cloud administrator **may** be able to do the following to limit the disruption of enabling the port\_security extension:

- Record the current IP address assignments for all VM instances,
- Remove the network interfaces from any existing VM instances,
- Delete the Neutron resources,
- Enable the port\_security extension,
- Re-create the previously defined Neutron resources (networks, subnets, ports, etc.), and then
- Re-add the appropriate network interfaces to the VMs.

Depending on the number of VM instances running in the cloud, this procedure may or may not be practical.

### I-7 After a VM instance has been booted: Port Security

If you need to disable port security for a port after it has already been associated with a VM instance then you will need to execute one or both of the following commands to utilize the port\_security option. First if the VM instance with which the existing port is associated has any associated security groups (run `nova list-secgroup <VM instance name>` to check) then you will first need to run a command of the following form for each of the security group(s) associated with the VM instance:

```
# nova remove-secgroup <VM instance name> <Security group name>
```

where the bolded item has the following meaning:

- **<VM instance name>**  
Identifies the name of the VM instance for which the identified security group name should be deleted.
- **<Security group name>**  
Identifies the name of the security group that should be removed from the VM instance.

## DSR 7.1.1 Cloud Installation

So for example if you wanted to remove the default security group from a VM instance named ‘testvm4’ then you would enter a command similar to the following:

```
# nova remove-secgroup testvm4 default
```

Once any security groups associated with VM instance to which the Neutron port is assigned have been removed then the Neutron port(s) associated with the target VM instance will need to be updated to disable port security on those ports. The command to disable port security for a specific Neutron port is of the form:

```
# neutron port-update <Port ID> -- port-security-enabled=false
```

where the bolded item has the following meaning:

- **<Port ID>**

Identifies the ID of the port within Neutron which can be determined by listing the ports, `neutron port-list`, or if the port is named then the port ID can be obtained directly in the above command with a sequence such as “\$(neutron port-show -f value -F id <Port Name>)”.

So for example if you wanted to indicate to Neutron that port security should be disabled for a port with an ID of 6d48b5f2-d185-4768-b5a4-c0d1d8075e41 then you would enter the following command:

```
# neutron port-update 6d48b5f2-d185-4768-b5a4-c0d1d8075e41 --port-security-enabled=false
```

If the port-update command succeeds, within the VM instance with which the 6d48b5f2-d185-4768-b5a4-c0d1d8075e41 port is associated, application managed VIPs can now be added to the network interface within the VM instance associated with the port and network traffic using that VIP address should now propagate.

## I-8 Before a VM instance has been booted: Port Security

If you want to disable port security for a port before it is associated with a VM instance then you will need to first create the port at which time you can specify that port security should be disabled. The command to create a new port with port security disabled is of the following form:

```
# neutron port-create --name <Port Name> --port-security-enabled=false --fixed-ip subnet-id=$(neutron subnet-show -f value -F id <Subnet name>),ip_address=<Target IP address> $(neutron net-show -f value -F id <Network name>)
```

where the bolded items have the following meaning:

- **<Port Name>**

This is effectively a string alias for the port that is useful when trying to locate the ID for the port but the “--name **<Port Name>**” portion of the command is completely optional.

- **<Subnet name>**

The name of the subnet to which the port should be added.

- **<Target IP address>**

The unique IP address to be associated with the port.

- **<Network Name>**

## DSR 7.1.1 Cloud Installation

The name of the network with which the port should be associated.

So for example if you wanted to indicate to Neutron that a new port should have port security disabled and an IP address of 10.133.97.133 on the 'ext-subnet' subnet then you would enter a command similar to the following:

```
# neutron port-create -name foo --port-security-enabled=false --fixed-ip subnet-id=$(neutron subnet-show -f value -F id ext-subnet),ip_address=10.133.97.133 $(neutron net-show -f value -F id ext-net)
```

Once the port or ports with port security disabled have been created, when you boot the VM instance you will need to execute a command similar to the following:

```
# nova boot --flavor m1.xlarge --image testVMimage --nic port-id=$(neutron port-show -f value -F id <Port Name>) testvm3
```

where the flavor, image, and VM instance name values will need to be replaced by values appropriate for your VM. If the port to be associated with the VM instance is not named then you will need to obtain the port's ID using the neutron port-list command and replace the "\$ (neutron port-show -f value -F id <Port Name>)" sequence in the above command with the port's ID value.

## I-9 Managing Application Virtual IP Addresses within VM instances

Once either of the previously described options is in place to enable applications to manage their own virtual IP addresses, there should be no modifications required to how the application already manages its VIPs in a non-virtualized configuration. There are many ways that an application can add or remove virtual IP addresses but as a reference point, here are some example command line operations to add a virtual IP address of 10.133.97.136 to the eth0 network interface within a VM and then send four gratuitous ARP packets to refresh the ARP caches of any neighboring nodes:

```
# ip address add 10.133.97.136/23 broadcast 10.133.97.255 dev eth0 scope global
# arping -c 4 -U -I eth0 10.133.97.136
```

As the creation of virtual IP addresses typically coincides with when an application is assigned an active role, the above operations would be performed both when an application instance first receives an initial active HA role or when an application instance transitions from a standby HA role to the active HA role.