Oracle® Communications LSMS Query Server

Installation and Upgrade Guide on Solaris 11

Release 13.1

E72076 Revision 3

April 2016



Oracle Communications LSMS Query Server Installation and Upgrade Guide on Solaris 11, Release 13.1

Copyright © 2003, 2016 Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

This software and related documentation are provided under a license agreement containing restrictions on use and disclosure and are protected by intellectual property laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce, translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute, exhibit, perform, publish, or display any part, in any form, or by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or decompilation of this software, unless required by law for interoperability, is prohibited.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice and is not warranted to be error-free. If you find any errors, please report them to us in writing.

If this is software or related documentation that is delivered to the U.S. Government or anyone licensing it on behalf of the U.S. Government, the following notices are applicable:

U.S. GOVERNMENT END USERS: Oracle programs, including any operating system, integrated software, any programs installed on the hardware, and/or documentation, delivered to U.S. Government end users are "commercial computer software" pursuant to the applicable Federal Acquisition Regulation and agency-specific supplemental regulations. As such, use, duplication, disclosure, modification, and adaptation of the programs, including any operating system, integrated software, any programs installed on the hardware, and/or documentation, shall be subject to license terms and license restrictions applicable to the programs. No other rights are granted to the U.S. Government.

This software or hardware is developed for general use in a variety of information management applications. It is not developed or intended for use in any inherently dangerous applications, including applications that may create a risk of personal injury. If you use this software or hardware in dangerous applications, then you shall be responsible to take all appropriate fail-safe, backup, redundancy, and other measures to ensure its safe use. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates disclaim any liability for any damages caused by use of this software or hardware in dangerous applications.

Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Intel and Intel Xeon are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation. All SPARC trademarks are used under license and are trademarks or registered trademarks of SPARC International, Inc. AMD, Opteron, the AMD logo, and the AMD Opteron logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices. UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group.

This software or hardware and documentation may provide access to or information about content, products, and services from third parties. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates are not responsible for and expressly disclaim all warranties of any kind with respect to thirdparty content, products, and services unless otherwise set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates will not be responsible for any loss, costs, or damages incurred due to your access to or use of third-party content, products, or services, except as set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTRODUCTION	
	1.1 Purpose and Scope	
	1.2 References	
	1.2.1 Internal (Oracle)	
	1.3 Acronyms	
	1.4 Guidelines	
	1.5 Recommendations	5
2	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	6
۷.	2.1 Additional Requirements	
	2.1 Additional Requirements	
3.	UPGRADE OVERVIEW	8
	3.1 Required Materials	8
	3.2 Installation Phases	8
	3.3 Upgrade Phases	9
	3.4 Log Files	9
		4.0
4.	PREPARATION	
	4.1 Pre- Installation / Pre-Upgrade Requirement Check	
	4.2 Upgrade/Installation Determination	10
5	SOFTWARE INSTALL/UPGRADE PROCEDURE	12
٠.	5.1 Software Install Procedure	
	5.2 Software Upgrade Procedure	
	5.3 Start/Stop Replication Procedure	
6.	RECOVERY PROCEDURES	25
ΑP	PPENDIX A. GENERIC PROCEDURES	26
ΑP	PPENDIX B. SWOPS SIGN OFF	27
	DENDLY O QUOTOMED GION OFF	0.0
AP	PPENDIX C. CUSTOMER SIGN OFF	
	Sign-On Record	20
ΑP	PPENDIX D. MY ORACLE SUPPORT (MOS)	29
Li	st of Tables	
Tal	ble 1: Acronyms	4
Li	st of Procedures	
Pro	ocedure 1: Verifying Pre-Installation / Pre-Upgrade Requirements	10
	ocedure 2: Determine if the upgrade or installation is required.	
	ocedure 3: Installing the Application	
	ocedure 4: Upgrading Application	
	ocedure 5: Start/Stop Replication	
	~~~~~~ ~ . Numy Nun 129/11961/11	

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Purpose and Scope

This document contains detailed procedures for installing/upgrading the Query Server application on a Solaris 11 system.

The audience for this document is Oracle customers and the following Eagle® GPS groups:

Manufacturing,

Product Verification,

Documentation,

Customer Service including Software Operations and New Product Engineering,

Application developers.

This document provides step-by-step instructions to install or upgrade the Query Server.

#### 1.2 References

## 1.2.1 Internal (Oracle)

The following are references internal to Oracle. They are provided here to capture the source material used to create this document. Internal references are only available to Oracle personnel.

- [1] TEKELEC Acronym Guide, MS005077, Current Version, Oracle.
- [2] Software Upgrade Procedure Template, TM005074, Current Version, Oracle
- [3] OCLSMS 13.1 Alarms and Maintenance Guide, E52612-01, Current Version,, Oracle
- [4] OCLSMS 13.1 Configuration Manual Guide, E52608-01, Current Version, Oracle.

## 1.3 Acronyms

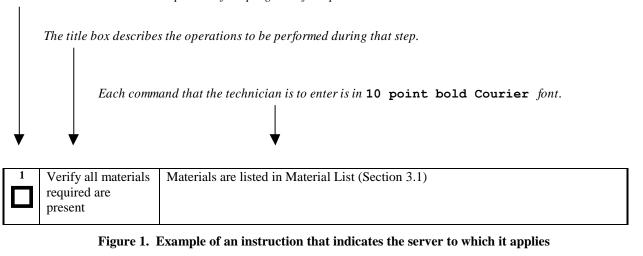
E5-APP-B	Eagle5 Application Card class B cpu/board
OCELAP	Oracle Communication Eagle LNP Application Processor
GB	Gigabyte
OCLSMS	Oracle Communication Local Service Management System
QS	Query Server
SPARC	Scalable Processor Architecture
TN	Telephone Number

Table 1: Acronyms

#### 1.4 Guidelines

Steps in the written procedures begin with the name or type of server to which the step applies. Also of note is the shading of the step number box. If a box is not shaded at all, this signifies a step that needs to be performed but does not require a specific command be entered at the E5-APP-B; this is shown in Figure 1. If a box is shaded completely black, this signifies there is a specific command to be entered; this is shown in Figure 2. For example:

Each step has a checkbox for every command within the step that the technician should check to keep track of the progress of the procedure.



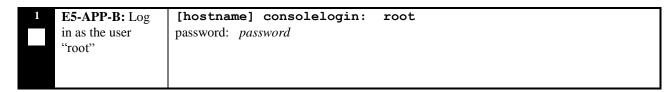


Figure 2. Example of an instruction that performs a specific command

#### 1.5 Recommendations

This procedure should be followed thoroughly utilizing the steps as written. In the event any unexpected results are returned while executing steps in this procedure halt the activity and contact the Oracle Customer Care Center for assistance. The given outputs for procedures are being provided as a reference.

#### 2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The platform that is used to host a query server must meet the minimum requirements shown in Table2 in order to meet performance requirements.

Component	Minimum Requirement	<b>Exact Requirement</b>
Operating System	N/A	Solaris 11
Processor	400 MHz	N/A
Memory	2GB	N/A
Minimum Disk Space (in partition containing /usr/mysql/) See Note 1.	90 GB	N/A
Minimum Disk Space (in root partition /)	10 GB	N/A

**Note 1:** The partitioning and setting up of the /usr/mysql/ file system with the minimum required disk space are the responsibility of the customer. A larger disk drive is required for 384M TN as the required partition size may not be reached.

**Table 2: Query Server Platform Requirements** 

## 2.1 Additional Requirements

- Use a SPARC platform to host a query server
- Ensure the platform hosting a query server is dedicated to the query server function. Using the query server platform for any other processing degrades performance and may potentially conflict with the query server operation and produce unpredictable results.
- Use a dedicated 100BASE-TX Ethernet interface.

NOTE: The network between the OCLSMS and the query server and between the query server and the daisy-chained query server must meet the specifications and conditions shown in 3 (for firewall protocol filtering).

Interface	TCP/IP Port	Use	Firewall configuration 1 – Port	Firewall configuration ¹ – Port
	1010		Open for Inbound	Open for Outbound
			Access(from Query	Access(to Query
			Server)	Server)
OCLSMS > Query Server	20	FTP-	No	Yes ¹
Uses the interface to the		data(database		
OCELAP network, active		snapshot)		
only on active server	21	FTP(database	No	Yes ¹
		snapshot)		
For more information about	3306	Continuous	Yes ²	No
which interface is used by the		database		
OCELAP network, refer to the		replication		
OCLSMS Configuration				
Manual.				
Query Server (master) >	20	FTP-	No	Yes ¹
<b>Daisy Chained Query Server</b>		data(database		
(slave)		snapshot)		

21	FTP(database	No	Yes ¹
	snapshot)		
3306	Continuous	Yes ²	No
	database		
	replication		

1 The FTP TCP/IP port is required to be open on the OCLSMS and query servers that act as both master and slave. This port is used to retrieve the current "snapshot" of the master database so it can be loaded into the query server. The snapshots effectively become the initial version (starting point for replication) of the query server's database.

2Port 3306 is required to be open on the OCLSMS and query servers that act as both master and slave. The query server connects to the master server on port 3306 to receive continuous replication updates. If the feature "Configurable MySQL port" is enabled on OCLSMS, the configured port is required to be open on the OCLSMS.

**Table 3: Platform Ports Configuration for Firewall Protocol Filtering** 

#### 3. UPGRADE OVERVIEW

This section provides a detailed method to install/upgrade the Query Server application on SPARC Solaris 11.

NOTE: For Solaris 11, only fresh install to the MySQL application is supported. The upgrade procedure on Solaris 11 from a previous MySQL release is not supported.

## 3.1 Required Materials

- 1. Target release DVD or ISO image if software is being provided electronically.
- 2. The capability to log into the server.

Refer to the references mentioned in section 1.2

Note: The ISO image can be downloaded online. Go to the link "https://edelivery.oracle.com/".

Click on the "Sign In / Register" button. Sign in or register.

The e delivery site is https://edelivery.oracle.com.

Sign In.

Search for "Oracle Communications LSMS Query Server" and click on Continue.

Select the 13.1.0.0.0 release and click on Continue.

Accept the Terms and Restrictions.

Download the zip file.

#### 3.2 Installation Phases

The following table illustrates the progress of the installation process by procedure with estimated times and may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The phases outlined in Table 4 are to be executed in the order they are listed. Installation procedure assumes that servers already have SPARC Solaris 11 installed.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Pre-install check and Connectivity setup	30	30	Verify requirements for install are met and Set up connectivity to the Solaris server.	Procedure 1
Verify install	5	35	Verify this should be an install.	Procedure 2
Install Server	30	65	Install Application and make configuration changes.	Procedure 3
Reload database and Start Replication	35	100	Start replication from OCLSMS to Query Server.	Procedure 5

**Table 4: Installation Phases** 

## 3.3 Upgrade Phases

The following table illustrates the progression of the upgrade process by procedure with estimated times and may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The phases outlined in Table are to be executed in the order they are listed. Upgrade procedure assumes that the server has an Oracle-provided MySQL version lower than the target version that is already installed.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Pre-upgrade check and Connectivity setup	30	30	Verify requirements for upgrade are met and Set up connectivity to the server.	Procedure 1
Verify upgrade	5	35	Verify this should be an upgrade.	Procedure 2
Upgrade Server	30	65	Upgrade Application and make configuration changes.	Procedure 4
Reload database and Start Replication	35	100	Start replication from OCLSMS to Query Server.	Procedure 5

**Table 5: Upgrade Phases** 

# 3.4 Log Files

All the messages are displayed on command prompt from where the install/upgrade command is executed. There is no separate log file maintained. However, a MySQL log file /usr/mysql/mysql1/<hostname.err> may be referenced if replication does not start properly after install/upgrade.

## 4. PREPARATION

# 4.1 Pre-Installation / Pre-Upgrade Requirement Check

## **Procedure 1: Verifying Pre-Installation / Pre-Upgrade Requirements**

S	This procedure verifies that all pre-installation/pre-upgrade requirements have been met.					
T E	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.					
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS,	CONTACT ORACLE CUSTOMER CARE CENTER REPRESENTATIVE AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.				
	Verify all materials required are present	<ul> <li>Screen logging is required throughout the procedure. These logs should be made available to Oracle Customer Care Center representative in the event their assistance is needed.</li> <li>Target Oracle-provided MySQL release DVD or ISO image.</li> <li>The capability to log into a server, such as a PC with null modem cable for connection to serial port.</li> <li>Note: The ISO image can be downloaded online. Go to the link "https://edelivery.oracle.com/".</li> <li>Click on the "Sign In / Register" button. Sign in or register.</li> <li>The e delivery site is https://edelivery.oracle.com.</li> <li>Sign In.</li> <li>Search for "Oracle Communications LSMS Query Server" and click on Continue.</li> <li>Select the 13.1.0.0.0 release and click on Continue.</li> <li>Accept the Terms and Restrictions.</li> <li>Download the zip file.</li> </ul>				
2	Set up the console session.	Connect console connection with SSH or telnet.				
$\frac{\overline{3}}{\Box}$	Verify Oracle standard configurations	Verify that the Oracle standard configurations (mentioned default paths and config files etc.) are strictly followed. If not then contact the Oracle Customer Care Center for assistance.				
	End of Procedure					

# 4.2 Upgrade/Installation Determination

## Procedure 2: Determine if the upgrade or installation is required.

S	This procedure provides instructions to determine if this will be an installation or an upgrade of			
T	existing software.			
E	<b>NOTE</b> : If you are setting up N	MySQL for the first time on Solaris 11, then it will be installation		
P	NOTE: If you encounter a proble	m determining the version you have, or if you are unsure whether to install or		
#	upgrade, contact the Customer Ca	re Center.		
	Check off ( <b>√</b> ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT ORACLE CUSTOMER CARE CENTER REPRESENTATIVE AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.			
1	Solaris server: Determine	Login on QS as root and run the following command:		
	whether the Oracle-provided			

Procedure 2: Determine if the upgrade or installation is required.

	MySQL version is installed	# /opt/mysql/mysql/bin/mysql -V
		Examine the output of the command and proceed to the next step of this procedure.
2	Solaris server: Logout	# logout
3	Solaris server: Determine an	If the output of the command is the following:
╚	installation is required.	<pre>/opt/mysql/mysql/bin/mysql: not found</pre>
		Because the prompt is immediately returned with above output, perform an installation. Proceed to the next step in Table 4. Otherwise, proceed to the next step of this procedure.
4	Solaris server: Determine an	If the output for the command of step 1 is the following:
Ц	upgrade is required.	<pre>/opt/mysql/mysql/bin/mysql Ver 14.14 Distrib 5.6.29, for solaris11 (sparc) using EditLine wrapper</pre>
		The 'Distrib' value indicates the Oracle-provided version which was installed previously.
		If the 'Distrib' value is less than 5.6.29, then proceed to the next step to perform an installation by proceeding to the next step in Table 4.
		If the 'Distrib' value is greater than or equal to 5.6.29, then proceed with the upgrade procedure as mentioned in Table .

End of Procedure

#### 5. SOFTWARE INSTALL/UPGRADE PROCEDURE

Please read the following notes on installation/upgrade procedures:

Procedure completion times shown here are estimates. Times may vary due to differences in database size, user experience, and user preparation.

Command steps that require user entry are indicated with white-on-black step numbers.

The shaded area within response steps must be verified in order to successfully complete that step.

Where possible, EXACT command response outputs are shown. EXCEPTIONS are as follows:

Banner information is displayed in a format form only.

System-specific configuration information such as *card location*, *terminal port # assignments*, and *system features*. ANY information marked with "XXXX" or "YYYY." Where appropriate, instructions are provided to determine what output should be expected in place of "XXXX or YYYY"

After completing each step and at each point where data is recorded from the screen, the technician performing the installation/upgrade must initiate each step. A check box should be provided.

Captured data is required for future support reference if Oracle Technical Services is not present during the installation/upgrade.

# 5.1 Software Install Procedure

# **Procedure 3: Installing the Application**

S	This procedure installs the MySQL application on the server.					
T E	C  1 CC/4  1 / '/' 1/1D 1 1 '11C/4' 1 1 / 1					
P	Should this procedure fail, contact the Oracle Customer Care Center and ask for <b>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</b> .					
#	_	·				
1	<b>Solaris server:</b> Create the DB administrator	8 1 7 1 1				
	user	# cd /usr/sbin				
		# ./groupadd -g 1007 mysql				
		# ./useradd -u 1001 -g 1007 -s /bin/sh mysql				
		# passwd mysql				
		<pre>passwd: Changing password for mysql New password: <password for="" mysql="" the="" user=""> Re-enter password: <password for="" mysql="" the="" user=""></password></password></pre>				
2	Solaris server: Create /usr/mysql/mysql1 directory if not exist	# mkdir /usr/mysql/mysql1				
3	Solaris server: If Installing MySQL using DVD, otherwise skip this step	Insert the Installation Media into the DVD drive of Solaris server. Run the following command: # cd /cdrom/cdrom0  Go to step 5.				
4	Solaris server: Mount	First copy the MySQL iso to /tmp directory of query server. Run the following				
	the ISO if installing	commands:				
	MySQL using ISO	# cd /				
		# mkdir /mnt/iso				
		# /usr/sbin/lofiadm -a /tmp/ <name iso="" of=""></name>				
		Example: #/usr/sbin/lofiadm -a /tmp/LSMSQS-13.1.1_131.9.0.iso				
		Output: /dev/lofi/1				
		# mount -F hsfs -o ro <output above="" command="" of=""> /mnt/iso</output>				
		Example: # mount -F hsfs -o ro /dev/lofi/1 /mnt/iso				
		# cd /mnt/iso				
5	Solaris server: Install	# ./install_mysql				
	MySQL package	Output similar to the following displays:				
		Performing installation of MySQL advanced version 5.6.29				
		********				
		Installation of <mysql> was successful.</mysql>				

6	G 1 ·	After completing the installation of MySQL, unmount the iso:
	Solaris server:	# cd /
	Unmount the ISO if	
	installed MySQL using	# umount /mnt/iso
	ISO. Otherwise skip this	# unount /mnt/180
	step	
7	~	After completing the installation of MySQL, eject the DVD and return the media to its
,	Solaris server: Eject the	
	media if installed	case:
	MySQL using DVD.	# cd /
	Otherwise skip this step	
		# eject cdrom
8	Solaris server: Copy	<pre># cp /opt/mysql/mysql/support-files/my-default.cnf</pre>
	the configuration file to	/opt/mysql/mysql/my.cnf
	new path	
9	Solaris server: Check	# ls -ltr /usr
	ownership and	
	permissions of	If the ownership is anything other than mysql:mysql, change it using the following
	/usr/mysql/mysql1	command:
	directory	<pre># chown mysql:mysql /usr/mysql/mysql1</pre>
	··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		If the permissions is anything other than 755, change it using the following command:
		# chmod 755 /usr/mysql/mysql1
		Verify once more that the ownership has been changed.
		# ls -ltr /usr
10	Solaris server: Empty	# cd /opt/TKLCplat/mysql/
	the old database	" ca / ope/ indeptac/ mysqi/
	directory if exists.	# rm -rf *
11	Solaris server : Modify	# vi /opt/mysql/mysql/my.cnf
	MySQL configuration	# VI / Opc/ mysq1/ mysq1/ my. Cn1
	file	Remove the content of my.cnf and copy the following in my.cnf.
	THE	Remove the content of my.cm and copy the following in my.cm.
		# The following options will be passed to all MySQL
		clients
		[client]
		port = 3306
		socket = /tmp/mysql.sock
		Socket - / tmp/mysq1.sock
		[myog]d]
		[mysqld]
		datadir = /usr/mysql/mysql1 port = 3306
		NOTE: The port is required to be modified, if the feature "Configurable QS MySQL
		port" is enabled on OCLSMS.
		socket = /tmp/mysql.sock
		server-id = <some 3="" 4,294,967,295,="" and="" between="" number="" th="" unique="" which<=""></some>
		is unique among all query servers in your network>
		NOTE: The server-id value must be different for each server participating in
		replication.
		<pre>max_allowed_packet = 1M</pre>
		sort_buffer_size = 1M
		read buffer size = 1M
		read rnd buffer size = 4M
		myisam sort buffer size = 64M
		thread cache size = 8
		query cache size= 16M
		# Try number of CPU's*2 for thread concurrency
		thread concurrency = 8

```
default-storage-engine=myisam
default tmp storage engine=myisam
skip-innodb
net read timeout=30
max allowed packet=32M
slave-net-timeout=120
slave-skip-errors=1062
replicate-ignore-db=ResyncDB
replicate-wild-ignore-table=ResyncDB.%
replicate-ignore-db=logDB
replicate-wild-ignore-table=logDB.%
replicate-ignore-table=supDB.DbConfig
replicate-wild-ignore-table=supDB.%Key
replicate-ignore-table=supDB.LsmsUser
replicate-ignore-table=supDB.LsmsUserSpid
replicate-ignore-table=supDB.Authorization
replicate-ignore-table=supDB.EbdaProcessList
replicate-wild-ignore-table=supDB. %Measurements
replicate-ignore-table=supDB.AlarmFilter
replicate-ignore-db=mysgl
replicate-wild-ignore-table=mysql.%
replicate-ignore-db=ReplTestDB
replicate-wild-ignore-table=ReplTestDB.%
replicate-ignore-db=performance schema
replicate-wild-ignore-table=performance schema.%
explicit defaults for timestamp
# Replication Master Server (default)
# binary logging is required for replication
log-bin=mysql-bin
relay-log=queryserver-relay-bin
[mysqldump]
quick
max allowed packet = 16M
[mysql]
no-auto-rehash
[isamchk]
key buffer = 128M
sort buffer size = 128M
read buffer = 2M
write buffer = 2M
[myisamchk]
key buffer = 128M
sort buffer size = 128M
read buffer = 2M
write buffer = 2M
[mvsqlhotcopv]
interactive-timeout
NOTE: The Measurements tables are ignored by default. If the customer wants
```

		to replicate those tables, remove or comment out only the line: replicate-ignore-table=supDB.%Measurements from my.cnf file. When this is done, the customer must get new snapshots every time any OCELAP is added to the OCLSMS system.
12	Solaris server : Set	Run the following command to set the permissions of my.cnf.
	permissions of my.cnf	
	file	# chmod 644 /opt/mysql/mysql/my.cnf
13	Solaris server : Make a	In /usr/mysql/mysql1 directory, rename the "share" file with "share_file" file if exists,
	share directory on	using the following command:
	/usr/mysql/mysql1 path	<pre># mv /usr/mysql/mysql1/share /usr/mysql/mysql1/share_file</pre>
		Create share directory, if does not exist.
		# cd /usr/mysql/mysql1
		# mkdir share
		Run following command if errmsg.sys does not exist on /usr/mysql/mysql1/share path.
		# cp /opt/mysql/mysql/share/english/errmsg.sys
		/usr/mysql/mysql1/share
14	Solaris server: Change	Change the ownership and permission of files and directories of mysql1 directory in
	ownership and	/usr/mysql/mysql1 by using the following commands:
	permissions of files in	# chown mysql:mysql /usr/mysql/mysql1/*
	/usr/mysql/mysql1	" Shown myoqr, myoqr / dor/ myoqr/ myoqrr/
	/usi/mysqi/mysqii	# chmod 755 /usr/mysql/mysql1/*
15	Solaris server :	# su mysql
	Initialise database	W Su Mysqi
	initianse database	# cd /opt/mysql/mysql/scripts
		# ./mysql install dbforcedatadir==/usr/mysql/mysql1/
		" · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		# exit
16	Solaris server: Stop	Check if mysql process is running:
	MySQL if running	# ps -ef   grep mysql
	, ,	
		If it is not running, directly go to next step of this procedure. If it is running, stop MySQL.
		# cd /opt/mysql/mysql/bin
		# ./mysqladmin shutdown -p
		# Enter password:
		# <query mysql="" password="" root="" server's="" user=""></query>
		If the password is unknown, use the following command:
		<pre># kill <pid mysqld="" of="" safe=""> <pid mysqld="" of=""></pid></pid></pre>
		Verify that no MySQL process is running using the following command:
		# ps -eaf  grep mysql
17	Solaris server: Reset	Change to directory /opt/mysql/mysql/bin
	the password	# cd /opt/mysql/mysql/bin
	•	
		Reset the password using the following commands:
		# install myfeskip-grant-tables &
		# ./mysql
		<u> </u>
		mysql> UPDATE mysql.user SET PASSWORD=PASSWORD(' <enter< th=""></enter<>
		password>') WHERE USER = 'root';

		Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.07 sec) Rows matched: 2 Changed: 2 Warnings: 0  mysql> flush privileges; Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)	
		<pre>mysql&gt; exit;  • Stop MySQL. # ./mysqladmin shutdown -p</pre>	
		• Restart MySQL # ./mysqld_safebasedir=/opt/mysql/mysqlskip- slave-start &	
18	Solaris server : Installation Complete		
	End of Procedure		

# THIS COMPLETES THE INSTALLATION

Note: For Solaris 11, only fresh install to the MySQL application is supported in this document. The upgrade on Solaris 11 is not supported from a previous MySQL release is not supported in this document.

# 5.2 Software Upgrade Procedure

# **Procedure 4: Upgrading Application**

S T	This procedure upgrades the MySQL application on the server.			
E	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
<b>P</b> #	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT ORACLE TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.			
1	Solaris server: Stop MySQL replication			
		Stop MySQL:  # ./mysqladmin -u root -p shutdown Enter password: <mysql password=""></mysql>		
2	Solaris server: Backup the my.cnf file	Copy the /usr/mysql/mysql1/my.cnf file to /var/tmp/ directory.  # cp /usr/mysql/mysql1/my.cnf /var/tmp/		
3	Solaris server: # mkdir /usr/mysql/mysql1 Create /usr/mysql/mysql1 directory if not exist			
4	Solaris server: If upgrading MySQL using DVD, otherwise skip this step	Insert the Upgrade Media into the DVD drive of Solaris server. Run the following command: # cd /cdrom/cdrom0  Go to step 6.		
5	Solaris server: Mount the ISO if upgrading MySQL using iso	First copy the MySQL ISO to /tmp directory of query server. Login on query server as root user and run the following commands: # cd /  # mkdir /mnt/iso  # /usr/sbin/lofiadm -a /tmp/ <name iso="" of="">  Example: #/usr/sbin/lofiadm -a /tmp/872-0000-101-13.1.0_1.0.0-LSMS.iso Output: /dev/lofi/1  # mount -F hsfs -o ro <output above="" command="" of=""> /mnt/iso  Example: # mount -F hsfs -o ro /dev/lofi/1 /mnt/iso  # cd /mnt/iso</output></name>		

6	Solaris server:	# ./install_mysql
	Upgrade MySQL package	Output similar to the following displays:
		Found installed package TKLCmysql on the server
		The following package is currently installed:  TKLCmysql TKLCAPP=TKLCmysql MySQL Relational Database  (sparc) 5.0.90 Tekelec build 2010-06-22-11-12
		Do you want to remove this package? [y,n,?,q] y
		<pre>## Removing installed package instance <tklcmysql> ## Verifying package <tklcmysql> dependencies in global zone</tklcmysql></tklcmysql></pre>
		<pre>## Processing package information. ******************************** was successful.</pre>
		Performing installation of MySQL advanced version 5.6.29
		Processing package instance <mysql> from </mysql>
		MySQL Advanced Server (Commercial) (sun4u) 5.6.29
		Installation of <mysql> was successful.</mysql>
7	Solaris server: Unmount the ISO if upgraded MySQL using ISO, otherwise	After completing the upgrade of MySQL, unmount the ISO: # cd / # umount /mnt/iso
	skip this step	
8	Solaris server: Eject the media if upgraded MySQL using DVD,	After completing the upgrade of MySQL, eject the DVD and return the media to its case:  # cd /
	otherwise skip this step	# eject cdrom
9	<b>Solaris server:</b> Check ownership of	# ls -ltr /usr
	/usr/mysql/mysql1 directory	Change the ownership and permission of mysql1 directory in /usr by using the following commands: # chown mysql:mysql /usr/mysql/mysql1
		# chmod 755 /usr/mysql/mysql1
		Verify once more that the ownership and permission has been changed. # ls -ltr /usr
10	Solaris server: Empty the default	# cd /opt/TKLCplat/mysql/data
	database directory if exists	# rm -rf *
111	Solaris server: Modify MySQL	Run the following command: # vi /opt/mysql/mysql/my.cnf
	configuration file	Copy the content of Procedure 3 step 11 in my.cnf file and save it.

12	Solaris server: Stop MySQL if running	<ul> <li>Check if MySQL process is running:         # ps -ef   grep mysql</li> <li>If it is not running, directly go to next step of this procedure. If it is running, stop MySQL.         # cd /opt/mysql/mysql/bin         # ./mysqladmin shutdown -p</li> </ul>	
13	Solaris server: Reset the password	<ul> <li>Change to directory /opt/mysql/mysql/bin         # cd /opt/mysql/mysql/bin</li> <li>Reset the password using the following commands:         # ./mysqld_safeskip-grant-tables &amp;         # ./mysql         mysql&gt; UPDATE mysql.user SET PASSWORD=PASSWORD('<enter password="">') WHERE USER = 'root';         Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.07 sec)         Rows matched: 2 Changed: 2 Warnings: 0          mysql&gt; flush privileges;         Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)          mysql&gt; exit; </enter></li> <li>Stop MySQL.         # ./mysqladmin shutdown -p</li> <li>Restart MySQL         # ./mysqld_safebasedir=/opt/mysql/mysqlskip-slave-start &amp;</li> </ul>	
14 	Solaris server: Upgrade complete	Upgrade and configuration are now complete. Go to next step in Table.	
	End of Procedure		

# THIS COMPLETES THE UPGRADE

# 5.3 Start/Stop Replication Procedure

## **Procedure 5: Start/Stop Replication**

S	This procedure is used to start/stop replication from OCLSMS to Query Server.
T	
E	Check off ( $$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
<b>P</b> #	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT ORACLE TECHNICAL SERVICES AND <b>ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u></b> .

	Solaris server: Stop MySQL replication	<ul> <li>Log into Query Server as root. Go to directory /opt/mysql/mysql/bin         # cd /opt/mysql/mysql/bin</li> <li>Check if mysql process is running:         # ps -ef   grep mysql</li> <li>If it is not running, directly go to step 3 of this procedure. If it is running, stop MySQL replication by stopping slave:         # ./mysql -u root -p         Enter password:<query mysql="" password="" root="" server's="" user="">         mysql&gt; stop slave;</query></li> <li>Verify that MySQL replication is no longer running using the SHOW SLAVE STATUS command (ensure the Slave_IO_Running and Slave_SQL_Running column values are set to No).</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>mysql&gt; SHOW SLAVE STATUS \G;</li> <li>Exit the MySQL command-line utility: mysql&gt; exit;</li> </ul>	
2	Solaris server: Stop MySQL	Stop MySQL. # cd /opt/mysql/mysql/bin # ./mysqladmin shutdown -p	
3	OCLSMS server: Create query server user on OCLSMS	<pre># lsmsdb -c addrepluser -h <ip hostname="" of="" qs=""> -p <mysqlpwd></mysqlpwd></ip></pre>	
		Please refer to the section "Reload a Query Server Database from the OCLSMS "of the Appendix E (Query Server Maintenance Procedures) from the fourth reference mentioned in the section 1.2.1.	
4	OCLSMS server: Create and copy the snapshots from the OCLSMS server.	Appendix E (Query Server Maintenance Procedures) from the fourth reference	
	Create and copy the snapshots from the	Appendix E (Query Server Maintenance Procedures) from the fourth reference	

Solaris server: Open # vi snapinfo.sql the snapinfo.sql file Refer to Appendix A.1 to modify the snapinfo.sql file. Solaris server: Restart MySQL Verify MySQL tables # ./mysqld safe --basedir=/opt/mysql/mysql --skipif following the slave-start & upgrade procedure, otherwise skip it. • Start MySQL session: # ./mysql -u root -p Enter password:<Query server's MySQL root user password> Verify the tables present in the MySQL database: mysql>use mysql; mysql> show tables; +-----| Tables in mysql | columns priv I event | func | general log | help category | help keyword | help relation | help topic | innodb index stats | innodb table stats | ndb binlog index | plugin | proc | procs priv | proxies priv servers | slave master info | slave relay log info | slave worker info | slow log | tables priv | time zone | time zone_leap_second | time zone name | time zone transition | time zone transition type user 28 rows in set (0.00 sec) Exit from the MySQL command line utility and execute the below commands in case above query doesn't return same output, otherwise continue to the next step. mysql> exit; # cd /opt/mysql/mysql/bin # ./mysql upgrade -u root -p Enter password:<Query server's MySQL root user</pre> password> Note: Please ignore if there is any error in the output of above command and again

	verify MySQL tables by using step 8 of this procedure. If the output still differs then contact the Oracle Customer Care Center for assistance, otherwise continue to the next step.
9 Solaris server: Create replication user	<ul> <li>Log into Query Server as root. Change to directory /opt/mysql/mysql/bin # cd /opt/mysql/mysql/bin</li> <li>Start MySQL session: # ./mysql -u root -p Enter password:<query mysql="" password="" root="" server's="" user=""> mysql&gt; create user 'lsmsslave'@'localhost' identified by 'mysql123'; mysql&gt; create user 'lsmsslave'@'%' identified by 'mysql123'; mysql&gt; grant super, replication client on *.* to 'lsmsslave'@'%';</query></li> </ul>
Solaris server: Rese configuration information	mysql> reset master; mysql> reset slave;
Solaris server: Start replication from the correct position on the master	mysql> source /usr/mysql/mysql1/snapinfo.sql
Solaris server: Start mysql slave	mysql> start slave;
Solaris server: Check slave status	mysql> show slave status\G In the output of above command, ensure that values corresponding to columns Slave_IO_Running and Slave_SQL_Running are set to Yes.
the column value of both Slave_IO_Running and Slave_SQL_Running are other than Yes, the status is not good and the error will need to be investigated.	
Login to the OCLSMS Primary server and verify that Query Server is Connected.	login as: lsmsadm lsmsadm@IP's password: <enter password="">  \$ lsmsdb -c queryservers  Example: \$ lsmsdb -c queryservers Output: cs2-bss2 (10.253.110.72) Connected  You have now completed this procedure. Query Server has started replicating data from</enter>

OCLSMS.
End of Procedure

## 6. RECOVERY PROCEDURES

Installation/Upgrade procedure recovery issues should be directed to the Oracle Customer Care Center. Contact the Oracle Customer Care Center at 1-888-FOR-TKLC (1-888-367-8552); or 1-919-460-2150 (international).

# **APPENDIX A. GENERIC PROCEDURES**

## A.1 Set Master Information

Procedure 6: Set the master information on QS

S				
T E	Check off ( $\sqrt{}$ ) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
<b>P</b> #	SHOULD THIS PROCEDU	RE FAIL, CONTACT ORACLE TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.		
1	Solaris server: If Configurable MySQL port feature is not enabled on OCLSMS, edit the snapinfo.sql file as indicated, otherwise, go to next step.	The value of master-port on Query Server should be same as configured on OCLSMS.  Edit the snapinfo.sql file as follows:  CHANGE MASTER TO MASTER_HOST='192.168.60.5',  MASTER_USER='lsmsrepl', MASTER_PASSWORD='mysq1123',  MASTER_LOG_FILE='mysql-bin.000034', MASTER_LOG_POS=311172  Where MASTER_HOST = <vip address="" ip="" is="" oclsms="" of="" pair,="" the="" vip="" virtual="" where="">  MASTER_USER = <replication name="" oclsms="" of="" user="">  MASTER_PASSWORD = <replication password="" user's="">  Skip next steps and go back to the Procedure 5 step 8.</replication></replication></vip>		
Note: We can directly run the command written in file on mysql prompt semicolon and can skip the Procedure 5 step 11.				
2	OCLSMS server: If the MySQL port is changed for OCLSMS using GUI	Run the following command:  # lsmsdb -c masterstatus  Example:  # lsmsdb -c masterstatus  mysql-bin.000080 79245037  Where mysql-bin.000080 is the value of MASTER_LOG_FILE and 79245037 is the value of MASTER_LOG_POS. Go to next step.		
	End of Procedure			

# APPENDIX B. SWOPS SIGN OFF.

# **Discrepancy List**

	Discreptify List			
Date	Test Case	Description of Failures and/or Issues. Any CSR's / RMA's issued during Acceptance. Discrepancy	Resolution and SWOPS Engineer Responsible	Resolution Date:

## APPENDIX C. CUSTOMER SIGN OFF

# Sign-Off Record

## *** Please review this entire document. ***

This is to certify that all steps required for the installation/upgrade successfully completed without failure.

Sign your name, showing approval of this procedure, and fax this page and the above SWOPS Sign Off Discrepancy List to Oracle, FAX # 919-461-1083.

Customer: Company Name:	Date:
Site: Location:	
Customer:(Print)	Phone: Fax:
Start Date:	Completion Date:
	gned. Any deviations from this procedure must be approved by both of this page should be given to the customer for their records. The oppy of this completion for future reference.
Oracle Signature:	Date:
Customer Signature:	Date:

## APPENDIX D. MY ORACLE SUPPORT (MOS)

CAUTION: Use only the guide downloaded from the Oracle Technology Network (OTN) (<a href="http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/indexes/documentation/oracle-comms-tekelec-2136003.html">http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/indexes/documentation/oracle-comms-tekelec-2136003.html</a>).

Before upgrading your system, access the **My Oracle Support** web portal (<a href="https://support.oracle.com">https://support.oracle.com</a>) and review any Knowledge Alerts that may be related to the System Health Check or the Upgrade.

Before beginning this procedure, contact My Oracle Support and inform them of your upgrade plans. If installing for an Oracle customer on a customer site, obtain the customer's Support Identifier (SI) before requesting assistance.

Web portal (preferred option): My Oracle Support (MOS) (https://support.oracle.com/)

Phone: Contact your local Oracle Global Customer Support Center (<a href="http://www.oracle.com/support/contact.html">http://www.oracle.com/support/contact.html</a>)

Make the following selections on the Support telephone menu:

- 1. Select '2' for New Service Request
- 2. Select '3' for Hardware, Networking and Solaris Operating System Support
- 3. Select '1' for Technical Issues and when talking to the agent, please indicate that you are an existing Oracle customer