

Oracle® Retail EFTLink

Framework Installation and Configuration Guide

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Glossary

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Oracle Retail EFTLink Framework Installation and Configuration Guide, 18.0

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Preface

The *Oracle Retail EFTLink Framework Installation and Configuration Guide* describes the requirements and procedures to install this Oracle Retail EFTLink release.

Audience

This Installation Guide is for the following audiences:

- System administrators and operations personnel
- Database administrators
- System analysts and programmers
- Integrators and implementation staff personnel

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Related Documents

For more information, see the following documents in the Oracle Retail Xstore Point of Service Release 18.0 documentation set:

- *Oracle Retail EFTLink Release Notes*
- *Oracle Retail EFTLink Core Configuration Guide*
- *Oracle Retail EFTLink Security Guide*
- *Oracle Retail EFTLink Validated Partner Cores Guide*

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- Exact error message received
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The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
<i>italic</i>	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

This chapter provides an [Installation Guide Overview](#), a [Product Overview](#) and an [Architectural Overview](#).

Installation Guide Overview

Installation of EFTLink consists of the following steps:

1. Extract the EFTLink files from a zip - `eftlink_v18.0.zip` to a folder on your system.
2. Select one specific core to connect to the EFT system or terminal to be used. Separate batch and script files are provided to do this for each core from a command line for both Windows and Linux.
3. Install EFTLink as a service – a batch file is provided for Windows. For Linux either the EFTLink application can be called at startup or set up as a daemon.
4. Configure the specific core.

The *Oracle Retail EFTLink Framework Installation Guide* covers the installation and configuration of the framework for EFTLink. A companion volume, the *Oracle Retail EFTLink Core Configuration Guide*, details the specific settings required to configure each Core to communicate with a specific payment system.

Product Overview

There are multiple manufacturers of Point of Sale (POS) terminals on the market. There are also large numbers of manufacturers of card readers and PIN Entry Devices (PEDs). These card readers can accept a wide variety of cards including debit cards, credit cards, loyalty cards and fuel cards for motor vehicles. These cards are provided by a wide range of issuing organizations each with their own Electronic Payment Systems (EPS). Interconnecting the POS systems, card readers and EPSs is a complex task.

EFTLink is an efficient, platform independent way of providing the connection. It is written in Java, distributed as a Java library and readily added to the software of individual POS terminals.

EFTLink is a router and protocol converter that presents a standard interface to a payment client (typically for a POS) and also links to any card readers or authorization systems in use at the retailer. The interface with the authorization system is therefore separate from the POS, removing any impact of country-specific or server-specific requirements from the POS itself.

EFTLink comes in two parts:

- The EFTLink Framework
- EFTLink Cores

The EFTLink Framework provides a system-independent execution environment (a framework) for a targeted EFT solution. The EFTLink Core for a specific terminal or payment system is implemented as a plug-in module that runs within that framework.

Oracle can provide cores for many of the most commonly used card readers or PEDs. Cores can also readily be written for any other card readers or PEDs that require them. Once a core is available for a specific device it will normally work on a range of POSs without further modification.

The POS/EFTLink interface conforms to the Open Payment Initiative (OPI). This is an open standard, widely used in the retail industry. Over time, the original OPI specification has been adopted, extended and maintained by the International Forecourt Standards Forum (IFSF). This enhanced IFSF POS-EPS version is now taken as the definitive specification.

EFTLink is not a full implementation of the IFSF POS-EPS specification. Instead, it uses those parts of the base specification that are pertinent to the sales of dry goods in the retail sector and to the sale of wet goods in petrol (gas) stations. EFTLink includes all the main messages from the IFSF POS-EPS specification and those messages contain all mandatory elements and attributes. EFTLink also includes optional elements and attributes that are commonly used by retailers.

EFTLink can also be extended beyond the IFSF POS-EPS specification. This allows additional features to be included to deal with extended payment or loyalty requirements being driven by new initiatives in retail. This gives considerable flexibility in dealing with the evolving requirements of the future.

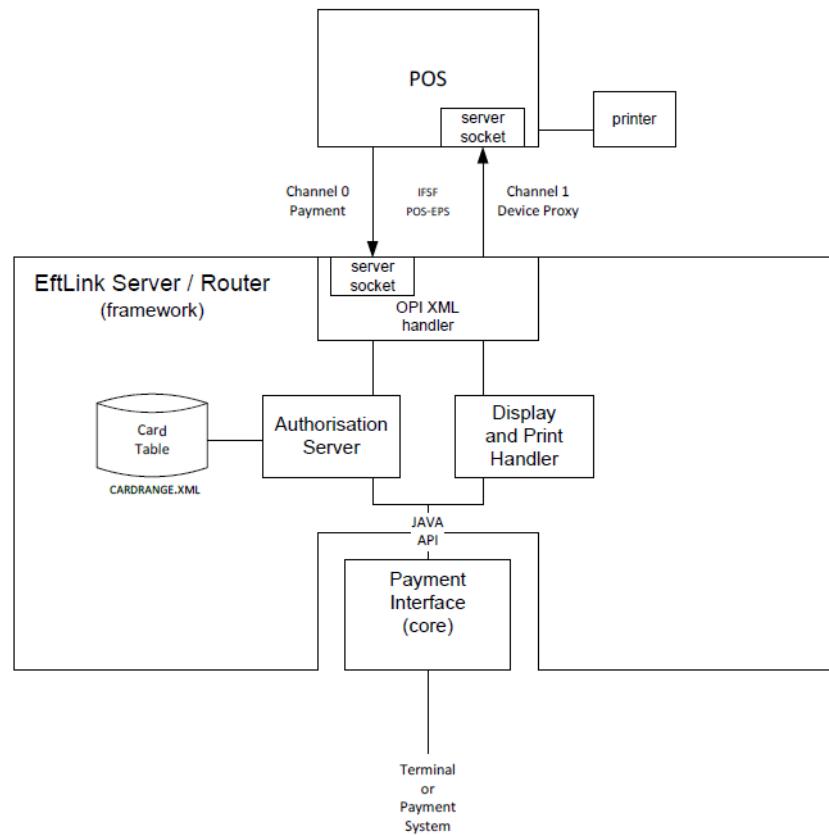
Examples of where EFTLink is used include:

- Payment, Refund, Reversal, Pre-authorization and Completion.
- Loyalty Award and Redemption, Balance inquiry, Discount voucher/coupon, IOUs.
- Stored Value Cards – Load, Redeem, Balance inquiry, Activate and so on.
- Online Agents – E-top-up and utilities payments.
- Tokenization, Gratuity, Cashback, DCC, Ad-hoc card read.
- Combined Payment and POS receipts.
- Maintenance functions.
- EPS/PED pooling.

Architectural Overview

EFTLink is a router and protocol converter, presenting an IFSF/OPI interface to a payment client (typically a POS), and linking to whatever authorization system (or systems) the customer uses. The adoption of a standard IFSF/OPI interface makes EFTLink portable to other POS or payment environments. EFTLink is not in itself a complete solution. What it provides is a system-independent execution environment (a framework) for a targeted EFT solution. The core implementation for a specific terminal or payment system is implemented as a plug-in module that runs within that framework.

Figure 1-1 Oracle EFTLink OPI Server/Router



Installation

This chapter describes the installation of EFTLink and covers the following topics:

- [Skillset Required](#)
- [Prerequisites](#)
- [Installation Sequence](#)
- [EFTLink Server](#)

Skillset Required

To install EFTLink successfully implementers must:

- Understand the requirements of the specific EFT system being used, and the POS software that will be connecting to EFTLink.
- The settings that control how EFTLink and the selected core behave are in property files. SIs must know how to add or modify properties within property files with their chosen text editor.
 - Java properties are case sensitive, and never contain spaces in the property name. They usually do not contain spaces in the property value – there are sometimes exceptions in lists.
 - A space is allowed before and after the = that separates the property from its value.
 - Case sensitivity does not apply to Boolean values – True is the same as true.
 - Each property = value is a separate line.
 - Lines prefixed with # are comments.

Prerequisites

EFTLink can be installed on Windows or Linux operating systems, but the procedure will differ accordingly.

Note: Oracle Retail assumes that the retailer has ensured its Operating System has been patched with all applicable Windows updates.

POS System Requirements

The POS system should meet the following minimum requirements.

- 256MB RAM
- Intel Celeron 1GHz or equivalent CPU
- 1GB disk space.

Supported Operating Systems

EFTLink is supported on the following Operating Systems:

- Oracle Enterprise Linux 7
- Windows POSReady 7
- Windows 7
- Windows 10
- Windows 10 IOT Enterprise LTSB 2016 (1607)

Java

The EFTLink framework and all strategic cores will run with any version of Java from 1. 7. To check the installed java version, and confirm that java is installed so that java.exe can be found by the operating system at a command prompt \ terminal, use the command:

```
java -version
```

For both Windows and Linux this returns the full version, provided that java.exe is on the Windows search path, which normally would be the case.

If the command fails, steps will be needed to configure EFTLink to find java.exe, covered below in [Step 3 - Installing as a Service](#).

EFTLink Folder

A folder should be created or designated for the EFTLink package. This folder can be any name and location, the only restriction is that there should be no spaces in the path. Conventionally you may wish to use the name `eftlink`.

Installation Sequence

This section describes the installation sequence of EFTLink.

- [Step 1 - Install the Files](#)
- [Step 2 - Select a Core](#)
- [Step 3 - Installing as a Service](#)
- [Step 4 - Securing Communication by Creating TLS Communication Keys](#)
- [Step 5 - Configuring the Core](#)

Step 1 - Install the Files

EFTLink is supplied as a zip file, `eftlink_v18.0.zip`, and should be unzipped into the designated folder. All files needed, including the entire set of core files are included.

Fileset

Once unzipped, the following files and folders should be present in the designated EFTLink folder:

- `apidocs`
- `cores`
- `lib`
- `linux`
- `linux_64`
- `log`
- `tmp`
- `windows`
- `windows_64`
- `wrapper`
- `CardRange.xml`
- `CreateKeys.bat`
- `CreateKeys.sh`
- `eftlink.bat`
- `eftlink.sh`
- `EftLinkConfig.properties`
- `eftlink-i18n.zip`
- `installcore.bat`
- `installcore.sh`
- `LangCN.properties`
- `LangDE.properties`
- `LangEN.properties`
- `LangES.properties`
- `LangFR.properties`
- `LangIT.properties`
- `LangJP.properties`
- `LangNL.properties`
- `LangPT.properties`
- `LangRU.properties`
- `LangSV.properties`
- `log4j2.xml`

Each core sub-directory contains the core jar file, and reference copies of that core's property file(s).

- The lib folder contains supporting files for EFTLink.
- `eftlink.jar` is the main executable code of the EFTLink framework.
- `EftlinkConfig.properties` carries the settings for the framework.
- `CardRange.xml` is the default tender mapping and card identification file.
- `installcore.bat` is a batch file to select one of the cores as active for Windows systems.
- `installcore.sh` is a Linux script to select one of the cores as active for Linux.
- `eftlink.bat` is a batch file that can be used to either start EFTLink directly or install EFTLink as a service on Windows.
- `eftlink.sh` is a script file to start EFTLink directly on Linux systems.
- `Createkeys.bat` is a batch file used to create encryption keys to ensure secure communications between POS and EFTLink.
- `Createkeys.sh` is a Linux script used to create encryption keys to ensure secure communications between POS and EFTLink.

Step 2 - Select a Core

- For Windows run `installcore.bat`
- For Linux run `installcore.sh`

```
usage: installcore [corename]
available cores:
Adyen          - Adyen
Cayan          - Cayan
FIPay          - AJB FIPay
MerchantLink   - Merchant Link
OciusSentinel - Verifone Ocius Sentinel
OPIRetail      - OPI Retail
PointUS        - Verifone Point (US)
SixPay         - Six Payment Services MPD
SolveConnect   - The Logic Group SolveConnect
TenderRetail   - Tender Retail
TransaxEFT     - FIS TransaxEFT
WorldPay       - WorldPay
```

Example 2-1 *installcore pointus*

```
installcore pointus
Would set the PointUS core as the active core.
```

Note: The core name is not case sensitive in the batch file or Linux script.

The batch or script file does 2 things:

- Configures `EftlinkConfig.properties`:
`EPSCore0=manito.eft.pointus.PointUSCore`

- Copies the selected core property file from the specific core folder to the main EFTLink folder, where it will be the active file, in this instance `pointus.properties`.

If this is done manually you would need to edit `EftLinkConfig.properties`.

`EPSCore0=`

The value is the full classpath to the selected core application. These are the valid classpaths:

Table 2-1 Core Classpath

Core	Classpath
Adyen	<code>manito.eft.adyen.AdyenCore</code>
AJB FIPay	<code>manito.eft.ajb.FIPayCore</code>
Cayan	<code>manito.eft.cayan.CayanCore</code>
FIS TransaxEFT	<code>manito.eft.transaxeft.TransaxEFTOPIClient</code>
Merchant Link	<code>manito.eft.poslynx.PoslynxCore</code>
OPI Retail	<code>oracle.eftlink.opiretail.OPIRetailCore</code>
Six Payment Services MPD	<code>manito.eft.sixpay.SixpayMPDOPIClient</code>
Tender Retail	<code>manito.eft.tenderretail.TenderRetailCore</code>
The Logic Group SolveConnect	<code>manito.eft.solveconnect.SolveConnectCore</code>
Verifone Ocius Sentinel	<code>manito.eft.ocius_sentinel.OciusSentinelCore</code>
Verifone Point US	<code>manito.eft.pointus.PointUSCore</code>
World Pay	<code>manito.eft.worldpay.WorldPayCore</code>

Step 3 - Installing as a Service

This section describes how to install EFTLink as a service.

Windows Configuration

It is possible to install EFTLink as a windows service, using a third party wrapper. EFTLink is distributed with a version of Tanuki Software Limited Java Service Wrapper.

Follow the steps below on how to configure EFTLink to run as a Windows service.

1. Download and install Java.
Ensure you have the correct version of Java installed.
For example: if the target machine has a 64 bit OS with default 64 bit Java active but you want to use a 32 bit service wrapper, then ensure you also have the required 32 bit Java installed.
2. Installing the Service.
 - a. From a command line (with administrative privileges) change to the root directory for EFTLink. For example, type `cd /eftlink`.
 - b. If not already done, run `installcore.bat` to install the desired core which also creates and copies the necessary wrapper to `.\bin`. For example, type `installcore.bat adyen`.
 - c. To install EFTLink as a window service, type `eftlink install`.
 - d. Once installed the service can be started and stopped from a command line:
`eftlink start`
`eftlink stop`
The service can also be controlled from the Windows Services Control Panel applet ("OPI Server").
3. Examine the log file "Wrapper.log".
 - a. The log file can be found in the designated EFTLink folder `\log\eftlink_wrapper.log`
 - b. Installing, starting the service, stopping the service, and uninstalling the service are all briefly logged in `wrapper.log`, and this can be used to diagnose any problems.

Linux

It is possible to run EFTLink as a service, using a third party wrapper. EFTLink is distributed with a version of Tanuki Software Limited Java Service Wrapper.

Note: You may be required to give script file(s) execution rights. This can be accomplish by opening a terminal window and typing:

```
"sudo chmod +x <PathToFile>
```

```
for example, sudo chmod +x /opt/eftlink/installcore.sh
```

Follow the steps below on how to configure EFTLink to run as a service.

1. Download and install Java:

Ensure you have the correct version of Java installed.

For example: if the target machine has a 64 bit OS with default 64 bit Java active but you want to use a 32 bit service wrapper, then ensure you also have the required 32 bit Java installed.

2. Running EFTLink.

- a. From a terminal change to the directory for EFTLink.

For example, type `cd /opt/eftlink`.

- b. If not already done, run `installcore.sh` to install the desired core which also creates and copies the necessary wrapper to `./bin`.

For example, type `sudo ./installcore.sh/adyen`.

- c. To run EFTLink as a service from a terminal type the following command
`sudo ./eftlink.sh start`.

- d. To stop, check the status or to restart EFTLink from a terminal, type one of the following commands:

```
sudo ./eftlink.sh stop
```

```
sudo ./eftlink.sh status
```

```
sudo ./eftlink.sh restart
```

```
sudo ./eftlink.sh condrestart
```

3. Examine the log file "Wrapper.log".

- a. The log file can be found in the designated EFTLink folder `\log\eftlink_wrapper.log`

- b. Starting the service and stopping the service are all briefly logged in `wrapper.log`, and this can be used to diagnose any problems.

Step 4 - Securing Communication by Creating TLS Communication Keys

The EFTLink application does not include default TLS encryption keys for secure communication between POS client and EFTLink server, so these need to be generated as part of the installation procedure. A batch file, `CreateKeys.bat`, and a Linux script, `CreateKeys.sh` is included in the EFTLink project to facilitate creation of encryption keys.

- Locate the `CreateKeys.bat` / `CreateKeys.sh` file in the EFTLink folder
- Run the `CreateKeys` script file with an appropriate set of parameters to create encryption keys. The format of parameters required by the script file are:

```
CreateKeys.bat -e <algorithm> <bitlength> <signAlgorithm> <daysValidity>
```

```
CreateKeys.sh -e <algorithm> <bitlength> <signAlgorithm> <daysValidity>
```

Valid parameters for the `createkeys` script file are as follows:

`-e` Generate keys

`<algorithm>`

Algorithm used for TLS keys encryption

Supported Values: EC, DSA, RSA

`<bitlength>`

Number of bits – higher values equate to a higher level of encryption.

Supported Values: 256 (when using EC), 1024,2048 (when using DSA),
1024,2048,3072,4096,7680,8192,15360 (when using RSA)

<signAlgorithm>

Signature Algorithm used

Supported Values: SHA256withECDSA, SHA384withECDSA, SHA512withECDSA
(when using EC), SHA256withDSA (when using DSA), SHA256withRSA,
SHA384withRSA, SHA512withRSA (when using RSA)

<daysValidity>

Number of days after creation that the certificate will remain valid.

Valid Values: 100 to 1100

Once encryption keys are created, four files will be present on the system in the keys subfolder of EFTLink:

pos.private.jks- to be MOVED to the POS client

pos.public.jks - to remain on the EFTLink Server

eftlink.private.jks - to remain on the EFTLink Server

eftlink.public.jks - to be MOVED to the POS client

The following files should be REMOVED from the Eftlink system and placed on the POS in the folder [xstore root]\keys, where xstore root is the main POS client folder, for example: c:\xstore\keys:

pos.private.jks

eftlink.public.jks

This will leave only the following two files on the EFTLink server in the folder [eftlink root]\keys:

eftlink.private.jks

pos.public.jks

The removal of the appropriate files from the EFTLink server is to limit the availability of TLS keys only to where they are required, and in order to reduce the possibility of the keys being obtained and used to monitor traffic between POS and EFTLink server.

These instructions are repeated by the CreateKeys script file when keys are generated.

Step 5 - Configuring the Core

See the *Oracle Retail EFTLink Core Configuration Guide* and refer to the chapter for the specific core selected.

EFTLink Server

EFTLink is usually deployed as a service application running on each POS and connecting to a single payment device. To support environments where the POS runs as a thin-client application with restricted local device access, or where the hardware has limited processing power or memory, EFTLink can be deployed in Store Server mode. A single EFTLink application runs on a designated server system and all POSs connect to that one server. EFTLink manages the connections to multiple payment terminals and routes payment requests from each POS on to the relevant device.

Generally, using Server mode, there is still a 1-1 logical connection between POS and payment terminal, but it is also possible for EFTLink to make a dynamic selection of payment terminal based on availability and convenience. This is referred to as PED-pooling (PED - PIN entry Device).

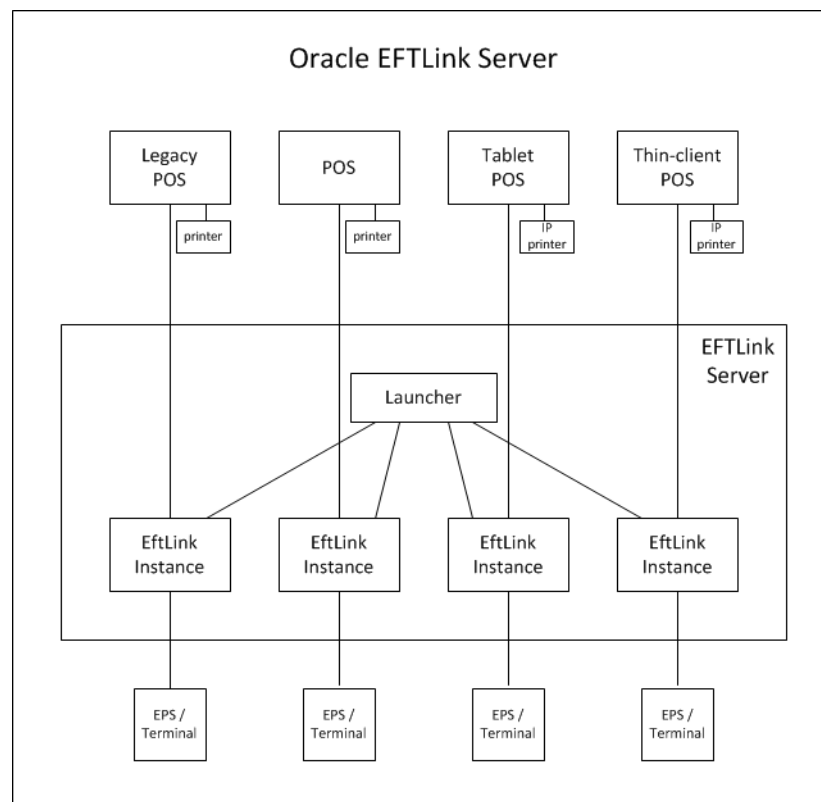
Similarly, the EFTLink Server can be used to manage a pool of printers shared between the POSs and allocated dynamically. This is referred to as Print-pooling.

This solution is only really possible with IP-based payment terminals and printers. The server system should be in a secure room, and the terminals/printers spread around the store, so direct wired connections are not practical.

EFTLink Server - Remote Mode

1-1 mapping between the POS and payment system/terminal. Each POS is allocated a fixed pair of sockets (channel 0/1) that connect to a dedicated EFTLink instance.

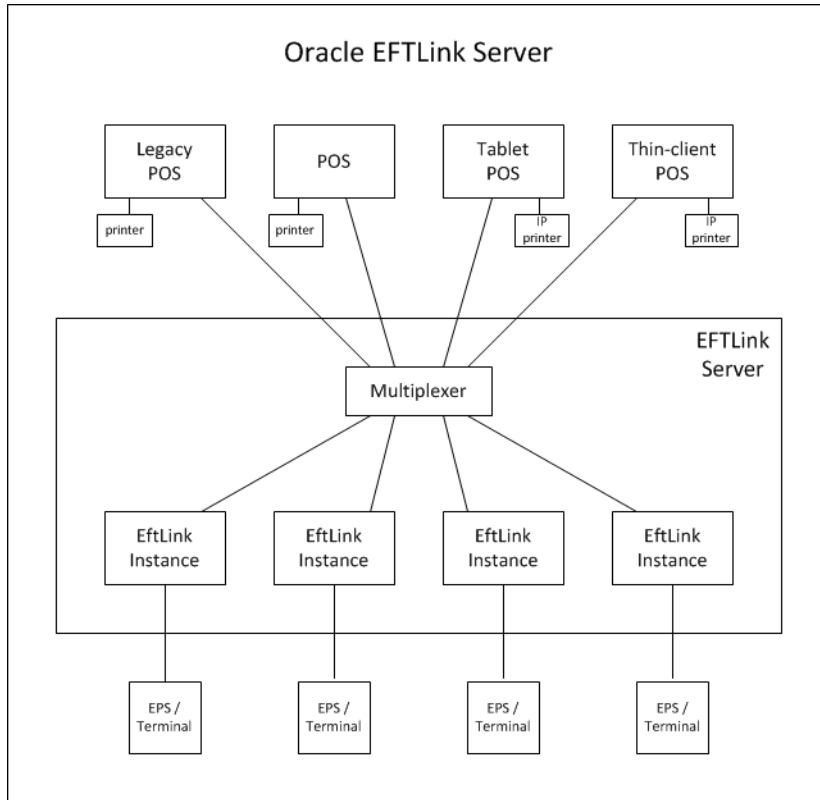
Figure 2-1 EFTLink Server - Remote Mode



EFTLink Server - PEDPool Remote Mode

Many-many mapping between POS and payment system/terminal. Each POS is allocated a fixed pair of sockets (channel 0/1) that connect to a multiplexer/switch. The multiplexer implements rules and/or uses interactive dialogs with the POS operator to determine which EFTLink instance to pass the request on to.

Figure 2-2 EFTLink Server - PEDPool Remote Mode



Configuring EFTLink Server

Configuring/deploying EFTLink Server is rather more complicated than standard EFTLink and is currently only possible as a manual procedure.

As a base, EFTLink should first be installed on the chosen server system using the standard installation procedure.

- [Enabling Server Mode](#)
- [EFTLink Instance Set Up](#)
- [PED Pooling Set Up](#)
- [Xstore Set Up](#)

Enabling Server Mode

EFTLink Server uses a different main class from normal.

Replace the following lines where applicable:

Windows

Replace: `java manito.eft.opi.server.OPIServer`

With: `java manito.eft.opi.server.MultiServerLauncher`

Linux

Replace: `java -cp $CLASSPATH manito.eft.opi.server.OPIServer`

With: `java -cp $CLASSPATH manito.eft.opi.server.MultiServerLauncher`

Tanuki Wrapper Configuration

Use a text editor to edit EFTLink folder/wrapper/conf/efmlink.conf.

Replace: `wrapper.app.parameter.1=manito.eft.opi.server.OPIServer`

With: `wrapper.app.parameter.1=manito.eft.opi.server.MultiServerLauncher`

Comment all license details for `manito.eft.opi.server.OPIServer` and uncomment all license details for `manito.eft.opi.server.MultiServerLauncher`.

PED Pool

Replace: `PEDPoolEnabled = false`

With: `PEDPoolEnabled = true`

Replace: `PEDPoolOneCatchAllChannel0 = false`

With: `PEDPoolOneCatchAllChannel0 = true`

See [PED Pooling Set Up](#) for more information.

EFTLink Instance Set Up

Each instance of EFTLink is identified by a unique sequence number starting from 1.

For each instance of EFTLink required (that is, for each payment terminal):

1. In the main `efmlink` folder, run `installcore.bat` as if configuring standalone EFTLink. This will setup the `EftlinkConfig.properties` file.
2. Create a subfolder under the main `efmlink` folder named `serverN`, where N is the sequence number.

3. Copy all properties files (*.properties) from the main eftlink folder into the new serverN folder.
4. Using a text editor, edit the core-specific properties file in the subfolder to set any properties that are unique for each core instance for example, the terminal IP.
5. Using a text editor edit EftlinkConfig.properties in the main eftlink folder:
Find the NumServers setting and change it to be the number of EFTLink instances to be used. Un-comment (that is, remove the leading '#' if present) if necessary. For example, NumServers = 2.
6. For each EFTLink instance, assign a descriptive title. These are the names that will be presented to the operator and should identify the relevant payment terminal in some way such as by its location, for example:

```
server1.description = Menswear-suits
```

```
server2.description = Menswear-paydesk #2 till 1
```

Note: Spaces are allowed in the descriptive names, but not commas if PED pooling is to be used.

POS Client Set Up

Each POS client is identified by a unique sequence number starting from 1.

1. Use a text editor to edit EftlinkConfig.properties in the main eftlink folder:
Find the NumClients setting and change it to be the number of POSs that will be using EFTLink. Un-comment (that is, remove the leading '#' if present) if necessary. For example, NumClients = 2
2. For each POS, assign a descriptive title. These are the names will be shown in the EFTLink log to ease tracking/debugging, for example:
pos1.description = Menswear-suits
pos2.description = Menswear-mobile#1
3. Each POS has to use a unique pair of ports for its connection to EFTLink. These do not need to be further defined within EftlinkConfig.properties, but the ports numbers and EFTLinkServer system IP must be set on each POS. The numbering system is based on EFTLink base address (default 10100, configurable by the ServerChannel0 property) plus 10 x the POS number. Two sequential ports are needed, one for each of channel 0 and 1. This gives a default allocation of:

```
POS1 - 10110/10111
```

```
POS2 - 10120/10121
```

```
POS3 - 10130/10131
```

```
...
```

```
POS9 - 10190/10191
```

```
POS10 - 10200/10201
```

```
POS11 - 10210/10211
```

and so on

If this range of ports is not available, the base number can be changed via the ServerChannel0 setting. All POSs must then be changed to match.

PED Pooling Set Up

If PED pooling has been enabled, the system uses the standard channel 1 display messages to present each POS operator with a list of available payment terminals. By default, the list will include all available terminals, but this can be confusing in a large store, so there is an option to limit each POS to a subset of the full list to show just the terminals in one department. The subset is defined using the descriptive names from [EFTLink Instance Set Up](#), and specified as a comma-separated list. A default association can be set by prefixing the descriptive name with '*'. If that payment terminal is available, it will be automatically used without any operator prompting.

For example:

```
pos1.subpool = *Menswear-suits
```

```
pos2.subpool = Menswear-suits, *Menswear-paydesk #2 till 1, Menswear-paydesk #2 till 2
```

Note: It is important to point out that the EFTLink PED pooling functionality is restricted by Core compatibility. Please note the following restrictions:

PED pooling is only applicable within the <CardServiceRequest> context, that is, this is when the actual payment is initiated and finalized.

PED pooling is not currently applicable within the <SaleStateNotification> context, that is, if the EPS supports a device that is dependent on a line display, this functionality will need to be suppressed by Xstore or the Core (depending on configuration).

PED pooling is not possible where the EPS requires the register to be paired with a single device thereby forcing a one to one relationship between the register and the device.

Xstore Set Up

As noted above, each POS has to use a unique pair of ports for its connection to EFTLink. Also, the POS is configured to access a remote EFTLink rather than a local one.

There are two different ways that Xstore can be set up to use with EFTLink in Server Mode.

- [One to One Port Mapping](#) (applies to both Xstore and Xstore Mobile)
- [One to Many Port Mapping](#) (applies to both Xstore and Xstore Mobile)

All configurations illustrated below are part of the Xstore AuthConfig.xml configuration file.

One to One Port Mapping This is where there is one Xstore or Xstore Mobile client served from the Jetty instance. It will divert all requests to a single port pairing that is managed inside the EFTLink Server instance. If another POS client is configured to use the same port pairing, it will potentially be blocked out until the port pair becomes free. In this mode, EFTLink Server will allow a single device to use many PEDs through the PED pooling functionality. EFTLink Server does not support load balancing of requests through one port pair so this configuration is not recommended if there are many Xstore mobile clients in the store solution.

If this configuration is suitable then the Xstore Mobile configuration is identical to the standard Xstore configuration. The 'communicatorHosts' parameter is used to set the channel 0 URL and 'deviceCommChannel' is used to set the channel 1 URL, as illustrated below. In this configuration when Xstore or Xstore Mobile starts an authorization request EFTLink will process the authorization request in the expected way, or if PED pooling is enabled, it will send a list of available PEDs for an associate to choose. Once the associate has chosen a PED, the authorization will proceed in the expected way.

```
<AuthProcess name="EFT_LINK_HOST" Abstract="true">
  <Parameter name="communicatorHosts">
    <param_value dtype="List">
      <Host dtype="String">socket://localhost:10100;timeout=1000</Host>
    </param_value>
  </Parameter>
  <Parameter name="deviceCommChannel" value="socket://localhost:10101" />
  ...
  ...
  <Parameter name="additionalWorkstationHostsMap">
    <param_value dtype="Map">
      <MapEntry>
        <key dtype="Integer">1</key> <!-- workstation id -->
        <value dtype="EFTLinkCommunicationChannels">
          <Channel0 dtype="String">socket://localhost:1010010110</Channel0>
          <Channel1 dtype="String">socket://localhost:1010110111</Channel1>
        </value>
      </MapEntry>
      <MapEntry>
        <key dtype="Integer">2</key> <!-- workstation id -->
        <value dtype="EFTLinkCommunicationChannels">
          <Channel0 dtype="String">socket://localhost:1020010120</Channel0>
          <Channel1 dtype="String">socket://localhost:1020110121</Channel1>
        </value>
      </MapEntry>
    </param_value>
  </Parameter>
</AuthProcess>
```

One to Many Port Mapping In order to setup Xstore this way the EftlinkConfig.properties in the main folder in EFTLink(ex. C:\eftlink) should be copied in the working directory of Xstore or Xstore mobile(ex. C:\xstore or C:\xstoremobile).The additionalWorkstationHostsMap parameter is not needed anymore. If the default channel zero is used(ex. ServerChannel0 = 10100), then make sure to update the port in the Host section of the communicatorHosts to 10110. If ServerChannel0 is different, simply add 10 to it. Then deviceCommChannel's port is plus 1 of the Host's port.

```
<AuthProcess name="EFT_LINK_HOST" Abstract="true">
  <Parameter name="communicatorHosts">
    <param_value dtype="List">
      <Host dtype="String">socket://localhost:10100;timeout=1000</Host>
    </param_value>
  </Parameter>
  <Parameter name="deviceCommChannel" value="socket://localhost:10101" />
  ...
  ...
</AuthProcess>
```

EFTLink Configurable Properties

This chapter describes the EFTLink properties:

- [Configuration Settings](#)
- [Key Settings](#)
- [Secondary Settings](#)

Configuration Settings

Settings are defined in `EftlinkConfig.properties`.

Key Settings

These settings must be set for all POSs.

Table 3–1 Key Settings

Setting	Description	Example
EPSCore0	Name of EPS subsystem. Plugin cores must be specified by their full package name, and the package must also be added to the execution classpath. Note: Although a key setting, EPSCore0 is set by <code>installcore.bat</code> / <code>installcore.sh</code> .	EPSCore0 = <code>manito.eft.pointus.PointUSCore</code>
DisplayLanguage	Language for display texts. For whichever country code is set, there must be a matching <code>LangXX.properties</code> file. A hierarchy is implied for example <code>EN_US</code> is taken as an extension of <code>EN</code> .	DisplayLanguage = <code>EN</code>

Secondary Settings

These settings are normally correct at their default values, but can be overridden if necessary:

Table 3–2 Secondary Settings

Setting	Description	Example
ServerChannel0	Socket that EFTLink listens on for incoming Channel 0 requests from POS.	ServerChannel0 = 10100
ServerChannel1	Socket that EFTLink uses to send Channel 1 Device Requests to POS.	ServerChannel1 = 10101
Channel1IP	IP that EFTLink uses to send Channel 1 Device Requests to POS. Default is 127.0.0.1 as EFTLink is normally run on the same system as the POS.	Channel1IP = 192.0.2.101
Dynamic Configuration	Static/Dynamic Configuration EFTLink can be configured to pick up its configuration dynamically from POS messages. A default setting is implied by the POS type setting, but this can be overridden.	DynamicConfiguration = false
Decimal Places	Number of decimal places to show.	DecimalPlaces = 2
ShowPrintingDialog	Whether to precede each print request with a TXT_PRINTING (for example, "Printing. Please Wait") dialog.	ShowPrintingDialog = false
DeviceEvents	Whether device events such as CardInserted are supported by the POS. Default false.	DeviceEvents = false
ValidateItemValues	Whether the basket content should be validated to ensure that the sum of the items matches the overall value. Default true.	ValidateItemValues = true
PrinterImpliedOnline	Whether the printer can be assumed to be online and available, that is, if the POS can only send requests when the printer is online and with paper, there is no need to do an explicit check.	PrinterImpliedOnline = false
ProxySettings	Set the proxy server details when EFTLink runs in an environment where all http outbound calls are routed to a proxy. There are no defaults.	https.proxyHost=adc-proxy.example.com https.proxyPort=80 http.proxyHost=adc-proxy.example.com http.proxyPort=80
NumServers	Determines how many instances of the OPIServer to enable in server mode. In normal stand alone or non-server mode, set this to 0.	NumServers = 2
PEDPoolEnabled	Whether to enable PED pooling in server mode. The NumServers should be set to a number greater than zero. In PED pooling mode, the PEDs can be shared among POS clients.	PEDPoolEnabled = true

Table 3–2 (Cont.) Secondary Settings

Setting	Description	Example
PEDPoolOneCatchAllChannel0	Whether to open just one port for channel zero in PED pooling mode where the multiplexer listens. Disable this when Xstore's version is below 18.0.	PEDPoolOneCatchAllChannel0 = true
serverN.description	The list of server or PED identifier. This is mandatory when using PED pooling. N is a positive number starting at 1 and up to NumServers above.	server1.description = EFT 1 server2.description = EFT 2
NumClients	Determines how many potential POS clients when using PED pooling. This is mandatory in PED pooling.	NumClients = 2
posN.description	The list of POS identifier where N is a positive number starting at 1. This is mandatory in PED pooling.	pos1.description = POS 1 pos2.description = POS 2
posN.subpool	Restrict the list of server or PED for a particular POS where N is the workstation ID. A default association can also be specified by prefixing the server ID with '*'. In the above example, register 1 by default will use EFT 1 if it's free. Both EFT 1 and EFT 2 servers is available for both registers (1 and 2).	pos1.subpool = *EFT 1, EFT 2 pos2.subpool = EFT 1, EFT 2
ProtocolsWhiteList	Restricts the protocols which are permissible in the connection between POS and EFTLink Server. Default only allows for TLS 1.2 security.	ProtocolsWhiteList=SSLv2Hello, TLSv1.2
CipherWhiteList	Restricts the ciphers which are permissible in the connection between POS and EFTLink Server. The whitelist only includes ciphers which are approved under Oracle Approved Technologies: Security Protocols.	CipherWhiteList = TLS_DHE_.*_WITH_AES_128_.*, TLS_ECDHE_.*_WITH_AES_128_.*, TLS_ECDH_.*_WITH_AES_128_.*, TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256, TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384, TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256, TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256, TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256, TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

Table 3–2 (Cont.) Secondary Settings

Setting	Description	Example
CipherBlackList	Restricts the protocols which are permissible in the connection between POS and EFTLink Server. The blacklist lists ciphers which are not approved under Oracle Approved Technologies: Security Protocols.	<pre> CipherBlackList= SSL_.* , TLS_EMPTY_.* , .*_SHA , .*_3DES_.* , .*_DES_.* , .*_WITH_NULL_.* , .*_anon_.* , .*EXPORT.* , .*LOW.* , .*MD5.* , .*DES.* , .*RC2.* , .*RC4.* , .*PSK.* </pre>

MultiJVM

Note: This functionality is currently incompatible with the `PEDEPoolEnabled` property.

This property is used to launch each `OPIServer` in their own Java Virtual Machine (JVM) process when the `NumServers` property is set to greater than 0.

Each server's channel 0 and channel 1 ports are based on the `ServerChannel0` setting. For example; if the `ServerChannel0` is set to 10100 and `NumServers` is set to 3, the additional servers will be created on channel 0 ports 10110, 10120, 10130 and the corresponding channel 1 ports will be 10111, 10121, 10131 therefore, you must ensure that these ports are available for use with `EFTLink`.

For each server defined under `NumServers`; `EFTLink` looks for a corresponding server folder. For example, if `NumServers` is set to 3, `EFTLink` looks for server folders named `server1`, `server2` and `server3` under the `EFTLink` directory. These folders must contain their own configuration files, that is; `EftLinkConfig.properties` and so on.

In order to use this property you must use the `MultiServerLauncher` application rather than the `OPIServer` application.

Note: It is not recommended to use this functionality with compact systems where memory is at a premium. Therefore, taking the above example of 3 servers running in separate JVMs with each JVM taking roughly ~60MB of memory, `EFTLink` would require at least ~180MB of free memory (this is a purely hypothetical situation, actual memory usage may be system-dependent).

There may be additional memory requirements dependent upon the core being used with `EFTLink`.

You must ensure when, using this functionality, that a clean shutdown of `EFTLink` is performed in order to destroy the child processes which have been created. In Windows command line; the command `CTRL+C` is used to terminate a batch job cleanly.

Example:

```
MultiJVM = false
```

EFTLink General Information

This chapter provides general information about EFTLink:

- [Tender Mapping](#)
- [Logging - EFTLink Framework and Core](#)
- [Translation](#)

Tender Mapping

EFTLink provides a table - CardRange.xml - for mapping EFT cards to POS tenders. This is done by card IIN range, or, where that is not possible, by card name (also known as card circuit). The resulting numeric code is returned to the POS so that it can determine which tender to allocate the payment to. By default the table maps all card to a single "type" (or tender) by a simple wildcard catchall. This can be used as-is, but if a more detailed breakdown of card type is needed; the relevant card ranges must be added to the file.

CardRange.xml can also be used to map cards by range to a suitable description for display on the receipt. CardRange.xml includes comments to explain the layout.

It is anticipated that each POS development team will want to prepare a suitable CardRange.xml for their specific POS requirements, in which case the file can be replaced as required.

Note: For more information, see the Oracle Retail EFTLink CardRange.xml Guide available on My Oracle Support (Doc ID 2266221.1) using the following link:

<https://support.oracle.com/rs?type=doc&id=2266221.1>

Logging - EFTLink Framework and Core

EFTLink uses a standard java logging package - log4j2. It maintains a daily log file - eftlink_YYYY-MM-DD.log - and deletes log files after 30 days. Both the framework and the core log into this file.

Log files are located in the log subdirectory and are created as soon as EFTLink starts. By default, info level logging is enabled. This means that key information is logged but the files are kept as small as possible.

To keep files for longer, or increase the logging level, set log4j2.xml appropriately. Edit the log4j2.xml configuration file which is located in the main EFTLink directory.

For debug logging change the following entry:


```
<Root level="info">
```

```
to
```

```
<Root level="debug">
```

Logging at debug level does not noticeably affect system performance, but does generate larger log files. To retain log files for longer, edit:

```
<Delete basePath="log" maxDepth="1">
```

```
  <IfLastModified age="30d" />
```

```
</Delete>
```

and alter the age parameter to a number of days to keep files after the current day (default is 30d).

Consider available disk space when choosing a number of days to retain log files.

After installing EFTLink as a service, then starting the service, the log file will show about 16 lines, with some basic information, and log that it is deferring all initialization until POS type is known. Once a POS starts, you see details of the core started, with the settings used by the core and initialization progress logged, along with subsequent processing data.

Translation

Most display messages are generated by the core in use or by the host, in which case they are displayed without change. There are also some display messages generated by EFTLink itself. These are defined in `LangEN.properties`, which is held externally in the root folder of EFTLink - if necessary, the file in the EFTLink root folder can be edited.

The EFTLink framework supports a number of other languages. Setting EFTLink framework to use one of these is in `EftLinkConfig.properties`

```
DisplayLanguage = EN
```

Possible values include:

Table 4-1 Display Language Settings

Language	Setting
Chinese (Simplified)	CN
German	DE
English	EN
Spanish	ES
French	FR
Italian	IT
Japanese	JP
Dutch	NL
Portuguese	PT
Russian	RU
Swedish	SV

Each of these has its own language property file, for example `LangDE.properties`. The file is held in the root EFTLink folder where it can be edited.

Note: The languages that do not use the Latin alphabet have the characters defined in Unicode in their property file. To display messages in Chinese, Japanese or Russian the operating system must support those languages.

Setting the value `DisplayLanguage =`

in `EftlinkConfig.properties` will also control which language a core will use for core specific translations.

Table 4–2 Core Specific Translations

Core	Language Included
Adyen	Chinese (Simplified)
	German
	English
	Spanish
	French
	Italian
	Japanese
	Dutch
	Portuguese
	Russian
	Swedish
AJB FiPay	Chinese (Simplified)
	German
	English
	Spanish
	French
	Italian
	Japanese
	Dutch
	Portuguese
	Russian
	Swedish

Table 4–2 (Cont.) Core Specific Translations

Core	Language Included
Cayan	Chinese (Simplified)
	German
	English
	Spanish
	French
	Italian
	Japanese
	Dutch
	Portuguese
	Russian
	Swedish
FIS TransaxEFT	Chinese (Simplified)
	German
	English
	Spanish
	French
	Italian
	Japanese
	Dutch
	Portuguese
	Russian
	Swedish
Merchant Link	Chinese (Simplified)
	German
	English
	Spanish
	French
	Italian
	Japanese
	Dutch
	Portuguese
	Russian
	Swedish

Table 4–2 (Cont.) Core Specific Translations

Core	Language Included
OPI Retail	Chinese (Simplified)
	German
	English
	Spanish
	French
	Italian
	Japanese
	Dutch
	Portuguese
	Russian
	Swedish
SixPayment Services MPD	Chinese (Simplified)
	German
	English
	Spanish
	French
	Italian
	Japanese
	Dutch
	Portuguese
	Russian
	Swedish
Tender Retail	Chinese (Simplified)
	German
	English
	Spanish
	French
	Italian
	Japanese
	Dutch
	Portuguese
	Russian
	Swedish

Table 4–2 (Cont.) Core Specific Translations

Core	Language Included
The Logic Group SolveConnect	Chinese (Simplified) German English Spanish French Italian Japanese Dutch Portuguese Russian Swedish
Verifone Ocius Sentinel	No translation included
Verifone Point US	Chinese (Simplified) German English Spanish French Italian Japanese Dutch Portuguese Russian Swedish
World Pay	No translation included

Xstore/EFTLink Core Compatibility

This chapter provides information relating to the release versions for compatibility of Xstore and EFTLink for payment terminal functionality in each Core.

Where Xstore does not support a function that is supported by one of the Cores, this would imply that a solution may be found in the customer overlay. If functionality is not listed here then assume that it does not exist in the Core EPS API or in the Xstore base.

Cores are listed geographically:

- [International](#)
- [US Region](#)
- [European Region](#)

Table 5–1 Supported Cores by Geographical Area

Geographical Area	Cores
International	Adyen
	OPI Retail
US Region	AJB FiPay
	Cayan
	Merchant Link
	Tender Retail
	Verifone Point US
European Region	FIS Transax
	Six Payment Services
	TLG SolveConnect
	Verifone Ocius Sentinel
	WorldPay

International

The following Cores are supported:

- [Adyen](#)
- [OPI Retail](#)

Adyen

Operating Areas: US, EU, AUS, Singapore

Supported Terminals: Verifone VX820, e355, MX925, P400Plus, V440cPlus, V400m, VX690

Table 5–2 Adyen

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Sign On	NA	15.0	16.0
Sign Off	NA	15.0	16.0
Card Payment	Payment by Credit	15.0	16.0
	Payment by Debit	15.0	16.0
Refund	Refund by Credit	15.0	16.0
	Refund by Debit	15.0	16.0
	Cardless Refund using Token	16.0	16.0
Reversal	Reversal of last transaction	15.0	16.0
	Reversal of last transaction within batch	15.0	16.0
DCC (currency conversion)	Foreign exchange tender amount, rate, currency code Functionality that is driven through the Core plugin by virtue of the <DeviceRequest> / <DeviceResponse> API	15.0	16.0
Token Support	Receive and record token for verified return	16.0	16.0
Combined EFT/Tax Receipts	Defer customer copy to <CardServiceResponse>	16.0	16.0
Customer Display	Sale State Notification	15.0	16.0.1
EFTLink server compliant	NA	NA	16.0
IP PED	NA	NA	16.0

Table 5–2 (Cont.) Adyen

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Stored Value Cards (Gift Cards)	Redeem	16.0	16.0.1
	Redeem Reversal	16.0	16.0.1
	Load	16.0	16.0.1
	Refund	16.0	16.0.1
	Balance Inquiry	16.0	16.0.1
	Activate and Load	16.0	16.0.1
	Activate Reversal	16.0	16.0.1
	Cash Out (close)	16.0.1	18.0
Customer Not Present	CVV2/AVS/partial entry on PED	17.0	16.0.1

OPI Retail

Operating Countries: TBC

Supported Terminals: TBC

Table 5–3 OPI Retail

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Sign On	NA	15.0	17.0
Sign Off	NA	15.0	17.0
Card Payment	Payment by Credit	15.0	17.0
	Payment by Debit	15.0	17.0
Check Payment/Check Verification	Payment by Check	17.0	18.0
Refund	Refund by Credit	15.0	17.0
	Refund by Debit	15.0	17.0
	Cardless Refund using Token	16.0	18.0
Token Support	Receive and record token for verified return	16.0	18.0
Reversal	Reversal of last transaction	15.0	18.0
	Reversal of last transaction within batch	15.0	17.0
DCC (currency conversion)	Foreign exchange tender amount, rate, currency code Functionality that is driven through the Core plugin by virtue of the <DeviceRequest> / <DeviceResponse> API	15.0	17.0
Combined EFT/Tax Receipts	Defer customer copy to <CardServiceResponse>	16.0	17.0
Customer Display	Sale State Notification	15.0	18.0

Table 5–3 (Cont.) OPI Retail

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Stored Value Cards (Gift Cards)	Redeem	16.0	18.0
	Redeem Reversal	16.0	18.0
	Load	16.0	18.0
	Refund	16.0	18.0
	Balance Inquiry	16.0	18.0
	Activate and Load	16.0	18.0
	Activate Reversal	16.0	18.0
Customer Not Present	CVV2/AVS/partial entry on PED	17.0	17.0
Cashback	Cashback prompted on PED, return amount to POS	15.0	18.0
Electronic Signature Capture	3 byte ASCII (3BA)	15.0	18.0
Card Swipe - non PCI cards	Get card data	15.0	18.0
Custom Forms	Terminal Display	NA	18.0
	Customer Question	NA	18.0
	Signature Capture	NA	18.0
	Phone Number Capture	NA	18.0
	Generic Numeric Capture	NA	18.0
	Date of Birth Capture	NA	18.0
	Email Address Capture	NA	18.0
	Generic Alphanumeric Capture	NA	18.0
	Charity Donation	NA	18.0
	Customer Survey	NA	18.0
	Display QR Code	NA	18.0
	Cancel QR Code	NA	18.0
Reconciliation	Reconciliation with Closure Functionality that is typically available via the hardware maintenance menu on the Xstore POS client, that is, uses the <ServiceRequest> / <ServiceResponse> API.	15.0	17.0

US Region

The following Cores are supported:

- [AJB FiPay](#)
- [Cayan](#)
- [Merchant Link](#)
- [Tender Retail](#)
- [Verifone Point US](#)

AJB FiPay

Operating Countries: USA, Canada

Supported Terminals: Verifone MX915, MX925

Note: AJB FiPay has six different SVC providers and therefore each SVC action will need to be checked that the SVC provider supports it.

Table 5–4 *AJB FiPay*

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Card Payment	Payment by Credit	15.0	15.0
	Payment by Debit	15.0	15.0
Check Payment/Check Verification	Payment by Check	17.0	17.0
Refund	Refund by Credit	15.0	15.0
	Refund by Debit	15.0	15.0
	Cardless Refund using Token	16.0	15.0
	Cardless Refund using Token + Expiry Date	16.0	16.0.0.1
Reversal	Reversal of last transaction	15.0	15.0
	Reversal of last transaction within batch	15.0	15.0
Customer Not Present	CVV2/AVS/partial entry on PED	17.0	16.0.0.1
Electronic Signature Capture	3 byte ASCII (3BA)	15.0	15.0
Token Support	Receive and record token for verified return	16.0	15.0
Card Swipe - non PCI cards	Get card data	15.0	15.0.1
Combined EFT/Tax Receipts	Defer customer copy to <CardServiceResponse>	16.0	16.0
Customer Display	Sale State Notification	15.0	15.0
IP PED	NA	NA	15.0

Table 5–4 (Cont.) AJB FiPay

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Stored Value Cards (Gift Cards)	Redeem	16.0	16.0
	Redeem Reversal	16.0	16.0
	Cashback / Unload	16.0	16.0
	Load	16.0	16.0
	Refund	16.0	16.0
	Cash out (Close)	16.0.1	16.0
	Balance Inquiry	16.0	16.0
	Activate	16.0	16.0
	Activate and Load	16.0	16.0
	Activate Reversal	NA	16.0
	Deactivate / Stop	NA	16.0
	Deactivate / Stop Reversal	NA	16.0
	Custom Forms	Terminal Display	NA
Customer Question		NA	18.0
Signature Capture		NA	18.0
Phone Number Capture		NA	18.0

Cayan

Operating Countries: USA

Supported Terminals: Verifone MX925

Table 5–5 Cayan

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Sign On	NA	15.0	16.0
Card Payment	Payment by Credit	15.0	16.0
	Payment by Debit	15.0	16.0
Refund	Refund by Credit	15.0	16.0
	Refund by Debit	15.0	16.0
	Cardless Refund using Token	16.0	16.0
Reversal	Reversal of last transaction	15.0	16.0
	Reversal of last transaction within batch	15.0	16.0
Customer Not Present	CVV2/AVS/partial entry on PED	17.0	17.0
Cashback	Cashback prompted on PED, return amount to POS	15.0	16.0
Electronic Signature Capture	3 byte ASCII (3BA)	15.0	16.0
Gratuity	NA	NA	16.0
Token Support	Receive and record token for verified return	16.0	16.0
Combined EFT/Tax Receipts	Defer customer copy to <CardServiceResponse>	16.0	16.0
Customer Display	Sale State Notification	15.0	16.0
IP PED	NA	NA	16.0
Stored Value Cards (Gift Cards)	Redeem	16.0	16.0
	Redeem Reversal	16.0	16.0
	Load	16.0	16.0
	Balance Inquiry	16.0	16.0
	Activate Reversal	16.0	16.0
Custom Forms	Customer Question	NA	18.0
	Phone Number Capture	NA	18.0
	Generic Numeric Capture	NA	18.0
	Date Capture	NA	18.0
	Signature Capture	NA	18.0
	Cancel Signature Capture	NA	18.0

Merchant Link

Operating Countries: USA

Supported Terminals: Verifone MX925

Table 5–6 Merchant Link

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Card Payment	Payment by Credit	15.0	16.0
	Payment by Debit	15.0	16.0
Refund	Refund by Credit	15.0	16.0
	Refund by Debit	15.0	16.0
	Cardless Refund using Token	16.0	16.0
Reversal	Reversal of last transaction	15.0	16.0
	Reversal of last transaction within batch	15.0	16.0
Reconciliation	Reconciliation with Closure	15.0	16.0
	Functionality that is typically available via the hardware maintenance menu on the Xstore POS client, that is, uses the <ServiceRequest> / <ServiceResponse> API.		
	Manual entry initiated by PED	NA	16.0
Electronic Signature Capture	3 byte ASCII (3BA)	15.0	16.0
Token Support	Receive and record token for verified return	16.0	16.0
Card Swipe - non PCI cards	Get card data	15.0	16.0
Combined EFT/Tax Receipts	Defer customer copy to <CardServiceResponse>	16.0	16.0
Customer Display	Sale State Notification	15.0	16.0
EFTLink server compliant	NA	NA	16.0
IP PED	NA	NA	16.0
Stored Value Cards (Gift Cards)	Redeem	16.0	16.0
	Redeem Reversal	16.0	16.0
	Cashback / Unload	16.0	16.0
	Load	16.0	16.0
	Refund	16.0	16.0
	Balance Inquiry	16.0	16.0
	Activate	16.0	16.0
	Activate Reversal	16.0	16.0
	Deactivate / Stop	NA	16.0
Deactivate / Stop Reversal	NA	16.0	

Tender Retail

Operating Countries: USA, Canada

Supported Terminals: Verifone MX915, MX925

Table 5-7 Tender Retail

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Card Payment	Payment by Credit	15.0	17.0
	Payment by Debit	15.0	17.0
Refund	Refund by Credit	15.0	17.0
	Refund by Debit	15.0	17.0
	Cardless Refund using Token	16.0	17.0
Reversal	Reversal of last transaction	15.0	17.0
	Reversal of last transaction within batch	15.0	17.0
Reconciliation	Reconciliation with Closure Functionality that is typically available via the hardware maintenance menu on the Xstore POS client, that is, uses the <ServiceRequest> / <ServiceResponse> API.	15.0	17.0
Customer Not Present	CVV2/AVS/partial entry on PED	17.0	17.0
Electronic Signature Capture	3 byte ASCII (3BA)	15.0	17.0
Token Support	Receive and record token for verified return	16.0	17.0
Card Swipe - non PCI cards	Get card data	15.0	NA
	Get card data with abort	16.0	NA
Combined EFT/Tax Receipts	Defer customer copy to <CardServiceResponse	16.0	17.0
Customer Display	Sale State Notification	15.0	17.0
Stored Value Cards (Gift Cards)	Redeem	16.0	17.0
	Redeem Reversal	16.0	17.0
	Cashback / Unload	16.0	17.0
	Load	16.0	17.0
	Balance Inquiry	16.0	17.0
	Activate	16.0	17.0
	Activate Reversal	16.0	17.0
	Deactivate / Stop	NA	NA
Deactivate / Stop Reversal	NA	NA	

Verifone Point US

Operating Countries: USA

Supported Terminals: Verifone MX915, MX925

Table 5–8 Verifone Point US

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Card Payment	Payment by Credit	15.0	15.0
	Payment by Debit	15.0	15.0
Refund	Refund by Credit	15.0	15.0
	Refund by Debit	15.0	15.0
	Cardless Refund using Token	16.0	15.0.1
	Cardless Refund using Token + Expiry Date	16.0	15.0.1
Reversal	Reversal of last transaction	15.0	15.0
	Reversal of last transaction within batch	15.0	15.0
Reconciliation	Reconciliation with Closure Functionality that is typically available via the hardware maintenance menu on the Xstore POS client, that is, uses the <ServiceRequest> / <ServiceResponse> API.	15.0	15.0
Customer Not Present	CVV2/AVS/partial entry on PED	NA	16.0
Electronic Signature Capture	3 byte ASCII (3BA)	15.0	15.0
Gratuity	NA	NA	15.0
Token Support	Receive and record token for verified return	16.0	15.0.1
Card Swipe - non PCI cards	Get card data	15.0	15.0
	Get card data with abort	16.0	15.0.1
Combined EFT/Tax Receipts	Defer customer copy to <CardServiceResponse>	16.0	15.0
Customer Display	Sale State Notification	15.0	15.0
IP PED	NA	NA	15.0

Table 5–8 (Cont.) Verifone Point US

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Stored Value Cards (Gift Cards)	Redeem	16.0	16.0
	Redeem Reversal	16.0	16.0
	Cashback / Unload	16.0	16.0
	Load	16.0	16.0
	Balance Inquiry	16.0	16.0
	Activate	16.0	16.0
	Activate Reversal	16.0	16.0
	Deactivate / Stop	16.0	16.0
	Deactivate / Stop Reversal	NA	16.0
Custom Forms	Terminal Display	NA	17.0.1
	Customer Question	NA	17.0.1
	Phone Number Capture	NA	17.0.1
	Email Address Capture	NA	17.0.1
	Signature Capture	NA	17.0.1
	Charity Donation	NA	17.0.1
	Customer Survey	NA	17.0.1
	Customer Buttons	NA	17.0.1
	Display QR Code	NA	17.0.1
Cancel QR Code	NA	17.0.1	

European Region

The following Cores are supported:

- [FIS Transax](#)
- [Six Payment Services](#)
- [TLG SolveConnect](#)
- [Verifone Ocius Sentinel](#)
- [WorldPay](#)

FIS Transax

Operating Countries: UK

Supported Terminals: Verifone VX820

Table 5–9 FIS Transax

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Card Payment	Payment by Credit	15.0	15.0
	Payment by Debit	15.0	15.0
Refund	Refund by Credit	15.0	15.0
	Refund by Debit	15.0	15.0
Reconciliation	Reconciliation with Closure	15.0	15.0
	Functionality that is typically available via the hardware maintenance menu on the Xstore POS client, that is, uses the <ServiceRequest> / <ServiceResponse> API.		
	Create receipt from XML elements provided by EPS	NA	15.0
Ticket Reprint (Direct)	NA	NA	15.0
Stored Value Cards (Gift Cards)	Balance Inquiry	16.0	15.0

Six Payment Services

Operating Countries: Europe

Supported Terminals: Yomani

Table 5–10 Six Payment Services

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Sign On	NA	15.0	15.0
Sign Off	NA	15.0	15.0
Card Payment	Payment by Credit	15.0	15.0
	Payment by Debit	15.0	15.0
Refund	Refund by Credit	15.0	15.0
	Refund by Debit	15.0	15.0
Reversal	Reversal of last transaction	15.0	15.0
	Reversal of last transaction within batch	15.0	15.0
Reconciliation	Reconciliation with Closure Functionality that is typically available via the hardware maintenance menu on the Xstore POS client, that is, uses the <ServiceRequest> / <ServiceResponse> API.	15.0	15.0
Customer Not Present	CVV2/AVS/partial entry on PED	17.0	15.0
Combined EFT/Tax Receipts	Defer customer copy to <CardServiceResponse>	16.0	15.0
EFTLink server compliant	NA	NA	15.0
IP PED	NA	NA	15.0

TLG SolveConnect

Operating Countries: UK

Supported Terminals: Ingenico, Verifone VX820, VX680

Table 5–11 TLG SolveConnect

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Card Payment	Payment by Credit	15.0	15.0
	Payment by Debit	15.0	15.0
Refund	Refund by Credit	15.0	15.0
	Refund by Debit	15.0	15.0
	Cardless Refund using Token	16.0	15.0
Reversal	Reversal of last transaction	15.0	16.0
	Reversal of last transaction within batch	15.0	16.0
DCC (currency conversion)	Foreign exchange tender amount, rate, currency code Functionality that is driven through the Core plugin by virtue of the <DeviceRequest> / <DeviceResponse> API.	17.0	16.0
Cashback	Cashback prompted on PED, return amount to POS	15.0	15.0
Customer Not Present	CVV2/AVS/partial entry on PED	17.0	15.0
Gratuity	NA	NA	15.0
Token Support	Receive and record token for verified return	16.0	15.0
Card Swipe - non PCI cards	Get card data	15.0	15.0
Combined EFT/Tax Receipts	Defer customer copy to <CardServiceResponse>	16.0	16.0
	Suppress Merchant copy for EMV Chip transactions	NA	16.0
Ticket Reprint (Direct)		NA	15.0
EFTLink server compliant		NA	16.0
IP PED		NA	16.0
2 stage payment	Card Inserted Event / update payment	NA	15.0
Stored Value Cards (Gift Cards)	Redeem	16.0	15.0
Stored Value Cards (Gift Cards)	Redeem Reversal	16.0	15.0
	Cashback / Unload	16.0	15.0
	Load	16.0	15.0
	Balance Inquiry	16.0	15.0

Verifone Ocius Sentinel

Operating Countries: UK

Supported Terminals: Verifone VX 810, VX820

Table 5–12 Verifone Ocius Sentinel

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Sign On	NA	15.0	15.0
Sign Off	NA	15.0	15.0
Card Payment	Payment by Credit	15.0	15.0
	Payment by Debit	15.0	15.0
Check Payment/Check Verification		17.0	15.0
Refund	Refund by Credit	15.0	15.0
	Refund by Debit	15.0	15.0
	Cardless Refund using Token	16.0	15.0
Reconciliation	Reconciliation with Closure	15.0	15.0
	Functionality that is typically available via the hardware maintenance menu on the Xstore POS client, that is, uses the <ServiceRequest> / <ServiceResponse> API.		
DCC (currency conversion)	Foreign exchange tender amount, rate, currency code	17.0	15.0
	Functionality that is driven through the Core plugin by virtue of the <DeviceRequest> / <DeviceResponse> API.		
Cashback	Cashback prompted on PED, return amount to POS	15.0	15.0
Customer Not Present	CVV2/AVS/partial entry on PED	17.0	15.0
Gratuity	NA	NA	15.0
Token Support	Receive and record token for verified return	16.0	15.0
Card Swipe - non PCI cards	Get card data	15.0	15.0
Combined EFT/Tax Receipts	Defer customer copy to <CardServiceResponse>	16.0	15.0
	Suppress Merchant copy for EMV Chip transactions	NA	15.0
	Create receipt from XML elements provided by EPS	NA	15.0
Ticket Reprint (Direct)	NA	NA	15.0
IP PED	NA	NA	15.0
	Card read, card payment	16.0	15.0

Table 5–12 (Cont.) Verifone Ocius Sentinel

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Stored Value Cards (Gift Cards)	Redeem	16.0	15.0
	Redeem Reversal	16.0	15.0
	Cashback / Unload	16.0	15.0
	Load	16.0	15.0
	Balance Inquiry	16.0	15.0
	Activate	16.0	15.0

WorldPay

Operating Countries: UK

Supported Terminals: Verifone VX820

Table 5–13 WorldPay

Payment Terminal Function	Subtype	Xstore Release Version	EFTLink Release Version
Sign On	NA	15.0	15.0
Card Payment	Payment by Credit	15.0	15.0
	Payment by Debit	15.0	15.0
Refund	Refund by Credit	15.0	15.0
	Refund by Debit	15.0	15.0
	Cardless Refund using Token	16.0	15.0
Reconciliation	Reconciliation with Closure Functionality that is typically available via the hardware maintenance menu on the Xstore POS client, that is, uses the <ServiceRequest> / <ServiceResponse> API.	15.0	15.0
DCC (currency conversion)	Foreign exchange tender amount, rate, currency code Functionality that is driven through the Core plugin by virtue of the <DeviceRequest> / <DeviceResponse> API.	17.0	15.0
Cashback	Cashback prompted on PED, return amount to POS	NA	15.0
Token Support	Receive and record token for verified return	16.0	15.0
Combined EFT/Tax Receipts	Defer customer copy to <CardServiceResponse>	16.0	15.0
	Suppress Merchant copy for EMV Chip transactions	NA	15.0
IP PED	NA	NA	15.0

Appendix: Installation Order

This section provides a guideline as to the order in which the Oracle Retail applications should be installed. If a retailer has chosen to use some, but not all, of the applications the order is still valid less the applications not being installed.

Note: The installation order is not meant to imply integration between products.

Enterprise Installation Order

1. Oracle Retail Merchandising System (RMS), Oracle Retail Trade Management (RTM)
2. Oracle Retail Sales Audit (ReSA)
3. Oracle Retail Extract, Transform, Load (RETL)
4. Oracle Retail Warehouse Management System (RWMS)
5. Oracle Retail Invoice Matching (ReIM)
6. Oracle Retail Price Management (RPM)
7. Oracle Retail Allocation
8. Oracle Retail Mobile Merchandising (ORMM)
9. Oracle Retail Customer Engagement (ORCE)
10. Oracle Retail Xstore Office
11. Oracle Retail Xstore Point-of-Service, including Xstore Point-of-Service for Grocery, and including Xstore Mobile
12. Oracle Retail Xstore Environment
13. Oracle Retail EFTLink
14. Oracle Retail Store Inventory Management (SIM), including Mobile SIM
15. Oracle Retail Predictive Application Server (RPAS)
16. Oracle Retail Predictive Application Server Batch Script Architecture (RPAS BSA)
17. Oracle Retail Demand Forecasting (RDF)
18. Oracle Retail Category Management Planning and Optimization/Macro Space Optimization (CMPO/MSO)
19. Oracle Retail Replenishment Optimization (RO)

20. Oracle Retail Regular Price Optimization (RPO)
21. Oracle Retail Merchandise Financial Planning (MFP)
22. Oracle Retail Size Profile Optimization (SPO)
23. Oracle Retail Assortment Planning (AP)
24. Oracle Retail Item Planning (IP)
25. Oracle Retail Item Planning Configured for COE (IP COE)
26. Oracle Retail Advanced Inventory Planning (AIP)
27. Oracle Retail Integration Bus (RIB)
28. Oracle Retail Service Backbone (RSB)
29. Oracle Retail Financial Integration (ORFI)
30. Oracle Retail Bulk Data Integration (BDI)
31. Oracle Retail Integration Console (RIC)
32. Oracle Commerce Retail Extension Module (ORXM)
33. Oracle Retail Data Extractor for Merchandising
34. Oracle Retail Clearance Optimization Engine (COE)
35. Oracle Retail Analytic Parameter Calculator for Regular Price Optimization (APC-RPO)
36. Oracle Retail Insights, including Retail Merchandising Insights (previously Retail Merchandising Analytics) and Retail Customer Insights (previously Retail Customer Analytics)
37. Oracle Retail Order Broker

Glossary

Card Circuit

A textual description of the card returned by the payment system, often where the payment system does not return a card IIN

Card IIN

The first few numbers of a card PAN that will identify the card type

DCC

Dynamic Currency Conversion. Converting a sale into the home currency of the card holder by the EFT payment system

JVM

Java Virtual Machine

PED

Pin entry device

PED Pooling

Where the EFTLink Server is used to manage a pool of PEDs to be shared between the POSs and allocated dynamically

Print Pooling

Where the EFTLink Server is used to manage a pool of printers to be shared between the POSs and allocated dynamically

Tender

A description or grouping of a payment type. Sometimes called a MOP (Method of Payment)