Contents

1 Introduction to Inventory Management

2 Ordering

3 Receiving
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adding an Open Order to a Receipt</td>
<td>3-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Changing Cost Centers for Items on a Receipt</td>
<td>3-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viewing Suspended, Booked, Invoiced, or Cancelled Receipts</td>
<td>3-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substituting Items on a Suspended Receipt</td>
<td>3-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Close Purchase Order</td>
<td>3-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Invoicing</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creating an Invoice by Receipt</td>
<td>4-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creating a Blank Invoice</td>
<td>4-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viewing an Invoice</td>
<td>4-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sending an Approved Invoice to Accounts Payable (AP)</td>
<td>4-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>B2B Solutions</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loading Item Catalogs, Order Cycles, and Invoices to a Vendor</td>
<td>5-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Linking Vendor Purchase Items (VPIs)</td>
<td>5-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unlinking Vendor Purchase Items</td>
<td>5-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accepting Price Variances</td>
<td>5-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Vendor Purchase Catalog</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creating a New Vendor Purchase Item</td>
<td>6-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editing a Vendor Purchase Item Name</td>
<td>6-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting an Effectivity Range for a Vendor</td>
<td>6-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adding a VPI to a list or Updating an Existing VPI Already within a List</td>
<td>6-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Copy and Compare VPI(s)</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comparing Vendor Purchase Items from Two Different Vendors</td>
<td>7-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copying VPIs from one Vendor to Another</td>
<td>7-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Issue Requests</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issue Requests and Transfer Process</td>
<td>8-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creating Issue Requests</td>
<td>8-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Requesting Inventory from Another Cost Center</td>
<td>8-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Requesting Inventory from Another Cost Center Using an Existing Issue Request</td>
<td>8-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adding Recipes to an Issue Request</td>
<td>8-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viewing Issued Requests</td>
<td>8-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accepting or Declining an Issue Request</td>
<td>8-4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Transfers

- Transfer Requisition Process 9-1
- Accepting or Declining a Transfer Request 9-2
- Transferring Inventory to Another Cost Center 9-2
- Transferring Inventory to Another Cost Center Using an Existing Transfer List 9-2
- Adding Recipes to Transfers 9-2
- Viewing Transfers 9-3

## Transfer To/From

- Creating Transfers 10-1
- Requesting Inventory from Another Cost Center 10-1
- Transferring Inventory to Another Cost Center 10-2
- Requesting Inventory from Another Cost Center Using an Existing List 10-2
- Transferring Inventory to Another Cost Center Using an Existing Transfer List 10-3

## Inventory Management

- Creating an Inventory by Count Cycle 11-1
- Creating an Inventory Count by List 11-2
- Creating a Blank Inventory Count 11-2
- Editing Items While Creating a New Blank Inventory Count 11-3
- Viewing Inventory Counts 11-4
- Grouping and Sorting Counts 11-4
- Freezing and Unfreezing the Count 11-4
- Booking an Inventory Count 11-4
- Unbooking an Inventory Count 11-5
- Canceling a Count 11-5
- Generating the Inventory Variance Report 11-5

## Manage Store

- Changing the Units of Measure for an Item 12-1
- Adding and Removing Item Units from the Included and Excluded Units Lists 12-1
- Setting a Unit as the Default Store Unit 12-2
- Configuring Item Prices 12-2
- Managing Storage Locations 12-2
  - Standard Storage Locations 12-3
  - Sorting Items in Standard Storage Locations 12-3
  - Advanced Storage Locations 12-4
  - Sorting Items in Advanced Storage Locations 12-4
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assigning Standard Storage Locations to Items</td>
<td>12-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editing Standard Storage Locations</td>
<td>12-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Changing Standard Storage Locations to Advanced Storage Locations</td>
<td>12-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assigning Advanced Storage Locations to Items</td>
<td>12-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editing Advanced Storage Locations</td>
<td>12-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stock on Hand</td>
<td>13-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viewing the Current Stock on Hand</td>
<td>13-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waste</td>
<td>14-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creating a Waste Document by List</td>
<td>14-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creating a Blank Waste Document</td>
<td>14-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viewing Waste Documents</td>
<td>14-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recipes</td>
<td>15-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creating a Recipe</td>
<td>15-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editing Ingredients in a Recipe</td>
<td>15-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scaling a Recipe</td>
<td>15-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing a Recipe</td>
<td>15-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deleting Recipe Ingredients</td>
<td>15-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Search/Replace Recipe Ingredients</td>
<td>16-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replacing a Recipe Ingredient</td>
<td>16-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Production</td>
<td>17-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creating a Production by List</td>
<td>17-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creating a Blank Production</td>
<td>17-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viewing Productions</td>
<td>17-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preparation and Thaw Pull</td>
<td>18-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viewing Prep and Thaw Pull Statistics</td>
<td>18-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yield Management</td>
<td>19-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creating a Yield by List</td>
<td>19-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creating a Blank Yield</td>
<td>19-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Event Menu Planning

- Event Menu Item Classifications 20-1
- Configuring the Event Menu Plan Overview and Details Pages 20-2
- Enabling Event Menu Planning for a User 20-2
- Enabling Menu Planning by List 20-3
- Creating an Event Menu Plan 20-3
- Creating an Event Menu Plan from an Existing List 20-3
- Changing the Menu Level of Items in an Event Menu Plan 20-4
- Deleting Menu Items from an Event Menu Plan 20-4
- Viewing and Modifying Suspended Event Menu Plans 20-4
- Printing Recipes for Linked Recipes and Items in an Event Menu 20-4

## Menu Item Linking

- Menu Item Linking With Negative Quantities 21-1
- Linking a Menu Item to Other Menu Items 21-2
- Linking a Menu Item to Recipes 21-2
- Linking a Menu Item by Order Type 21-2
- Unlinking Menu Items 21-3

## Booking Sales

- Assigning a POS System 22-2
- Viewing Devices 22-2
- Booking the Sales of Menu Items Not Found 22-2
- Booking the Sales of Locations Not Found 22-2
- Booking the Sales of Inactive Menu Items 22-2
- Booking the Sales of Menu Items Not Linked to Items or Recipes 22-3
- Booking Unbooked POS Waste Checks 22-3
- Viewing Cost Centers With Missing Sales 22-3
- Viewing Booked Sales and Unbooking Booked Sales 22-3

## Master Data

- Audit Trail 23-1
- Setting Up Over Groups, Major Groups, Item Groups, Items, and Vendors 23-2
  - Creating an Over Group 23-2
  - Deleting an Over Group 23-3
  - Creating a Major Group 23-3
Modifying a Major Group
Deleting a Major Group
Creating an Item Group
Modifying an Item Group
Deleting an Item Group
Creating a New Item
Modifying an Item
Adjusting the Visibility of an Item
Assigning a Standard Price to Multiple Items
Copying Standard Item Prices from One Cost Center to Another
Deleting an Item
Creating a Unit
Modifying a Unit
Production Units
  Creating a New Production Unit
  Modifying a Production Unit
Master Data Translation
  Translating Master Data Articles
Recipe Groups
  Creating a Recipe Group
  Modifying a Recipe Group
Preparation Types
  Creating a Preparation Type
  Modifying a Preparation Type
Waste Over Groups
  Creating a Waste Over Group
  Modifying a Waste Over Group
Waste Groups
  Creating a Waste Group
  Modifying a Waste Group
Nutrient Groups
  Creating a New Nutrient Group
  Modifying an Existing Nutrient Group
Reason Codes
  Creating a New Reason Code
  Modifying an Existing Reason Code
Categories
  Creating a New Category
  Modifying an Existing Category
Vendors
  Creating a Vendor
Configuring Order Settings for a Vendor 23-15
Configuring Delivery Settings for a Vendor 23-16
Configuring B2B Settings for a Vendor 23-16
Vendor Groups 23-17
   Creating a New Vendor Group 23-18
   Modifying a Vendor Group 23-18
Cost Centers 23-18
   Creating a New Cost Center 23-18
   Modifying a Cost Center 23-20
   Adjusting the Visibility of a Cost Center 23-20
Clients 23-20
   Creating a Client 23-20
   Modifying a Client 23-21
   Assigning a Client to a Cost Center 23-21
Taxes 23-21
   Creating a New Tax 23-21
   Modifying a Tax 23-21
Adjustment Types 23-22
   Creating a New Adjustment Type 23-22
   Modifying an Adjustment Type 23-22
Fiscal Fields 23-22
Foreign Currency 23-22
   Creating a New Foreign Currency 23-22
   Modifying a Foreign Currency 23-23
   Linking a Foreign Currency to a Vendor 23-23
Visibility Criteria 23-23
   Creating a New Visibility Criteria 23-23
   Modifying a Visibility Criteria 23-24
Account Classes 23-24
   Creating a New Account Class 23-24
   Modifying an Account Class 23-24
   Assigning an Account Class to a Cost Center 23-24

24 Menu Groups

   Enabling Menu Groups for a User 24-1
   Creating a Menu Group 24-1

25 Maintenance

   Scheduler 25-1
Creating an Order List 25-18
Creating a Requisition/Transfer List 25-18
Creating an Inventory List 25-19
Creating a Waste List 25-19
Creating a Yield List 25-19
Creating an Automatic Yield List 25-19
Creating a Production List 25-19
Creating an Event Menu Plan List 25-20
Creating a Master Order List 25-20
Opening and Modifying a List 25-20
Deleting a List 25-20
Vendor Cost Center Profile 25-21
  Creating Customer Numbers for Cost Centers 25-21
Document Numbers 25-21
  Modifying Existing Document Numbers 25-21
Order Cycles 25-22
  Creating a New Order Cycle 25-22
  Modifying an Order Cycle 25-23
Count Cycles 25-23
  Creating a New Count Cycle 25-23
  Adding a Template to a Count Cycle 25-23
  Assign a Cost Center/Stores to the Count Cycle 25-25
  Adding Inventory Items to a Count Cycle 25-25
  Deleting a Count Cycle Template 25-25
  Deleting a Count Cycle 25-26
  Modify an Existing Count Cycle 25-26
Central Ordering 25-26
  Viewing B2B Orders 25-26
Order Calculation 25-26
  Modifying an Order Calculation 25-26
Order Calculation Lookup 25-27
  Looking Up the Calculated Order 25-27
Cost Centers and Locations 25-28
Cost Center Areas 25-28
  Configuring Cost Centers to Transfer Inventory 25-28
  Configuring Cost Centers to Request Inventory 25-28
  Removing Transfer From/To Capabilities from a Cost Center 25-29
  Copying Transfer and Request Settings to Another Cost Center 25-29
User Management 25-29
  Modifying and Assigning Rights to a User 25-30
  Filtering User Access by Cost Center 25-31
### User/Role Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>User/Role Rights</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Purchase User/Role Rights</td>
<td>26-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B2B Solutions User/Role Rights</td>
<td>26-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Store User/Role Rights</td>
<td>26-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Production User/Role Rights</td>
<td>26-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Master Data User/Role Rights</td>
<td>26-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Solutions User/Role Rights</td>
<td>26-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System User/Role Rights</td>
<td>26-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Solutions 2010 User/Role Rights</td>
<td>26-11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Mobile Solutions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mobile Solutions</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Configuring Mobile Solutions to Interface with a Specific Organization</td>
<td>27-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Preface

This document describes how to use Oracle Hospitality Inventory Management features and functionality.

• Audience
• Customer Support
• Documentation
• Revision History

Audience

This document is intended for all users of the Inventory Management application.

Customer Support

To contact Oracle Customer Support, access My Oracle Support at the following URL:
https://support.oracle.com

When contacting Customer Support, please provide the following:

• Product version and program/module name
• Functional and technical description of the problem (include business impact)
• Detailed step-by-step instructions to re-create
• Exact error message received
• Screen shots of each step you take

Documentation

Oracle Hospitality product documentation is available on the Oracle Help Center at
http://docs.oracle.com/en/industries/hospitality/

Revision History

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Description of Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>March 2017</td>
<td>Initial publication</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 2019</td>
<td>• Updated Event Menu Planning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Updated Vendors</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1

Introduction to Inventory Management

Oracle Hospitality Inventory Management is a web-based inventory management solution that provides purchasing, receiving, and stock management functionality, along with full recipe and product costing capabilities. Since the database is hosted centrally, there is no software installation required at the location level. All software updates are automatic, allowing you to benefit immediately from any newly added features or reports. Like Oracle Hospitality Reporting and Analytics Advanced, Inventory Management is hosted by Oracle MICROS and can be delivered as an ASP service, or you can purchase a traditional software license with separate hosting services.

This chapter describes some of the basics for understanding and using the Inventory Management user interface. Be sure to look over these concepts, as they are the building blocks for many of the Inventory Management modules you and your organization use to simplify your inventory needs.

- Suggested Setup
- Required Configuration
- Optional Configuration
- Common Tasks
- Symbols Used in Inventory Management

Suggested Setup

Setting up a new organization requires careful consideration and attention to detail. There are required configurations and optional configurations. Implementing the required steps enables an organization to utilize the application in its most basic form. Inclusion of the optional configurations enables a fuller Inventory Management experience.

Required Configuration

The following flow chart shows the typical and suggested order for setting up an organization for basic use:
Figure 1-1 Required Configuration Flow Chart

The steps in yellow are preliminary steps. They must be completed before moving on to creating items, recipes, units, etc. These steps will generally be configured once, however, some adjustments may be made over time.

The steps in blue are critical to the operation of myInventory. They can only be started after taxes have been set up. These steps will be added to over time, as new recipes are created, new vendors are used, etc.
Optional Configuration

There is no set order for implementing optional tasks. The only restriction is that you set them up after the organization is completely configured. Optional configuration includes, but is not limited to:

- Menu Item Linking: Although this is optional, you cannot track depletions without configuring this feature.
- Order Cycles
- Lists
- Visibility Criteria
- Categories

Common Tasks

As you work with Inventory Management, you learn how to complete the following tasks:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 1-1</th>
<th>Standard Tasks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Task</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saving</td>
<td>Retains the information until it is used again. If you are creating a record or updating a record, use <strong>Save</strong> on the toolbar. To save information under a different name, use <strong>Save As...</strong> on the toolbar at the top of the page. You can save similar information as a list and used again like a template from which to create new Orders/Requests/Transfers, etc. These Lists can be added to or subtracted from. A pre-saved List provides a more convenient starting point by pre-populating new Items with common Items. Once you have created a new document and added the Items you would like to appear in the List, you can save the Items as a List. To save as a List:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 1-1  (Cont.) Standard Tasks

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Task</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Suspending          | Suspending assigns an interim status called Suspended. Typically, pages that have suspending capability are those that have something that needs to be booked. In most cases, suspending means you have not finished creating or composing a record, or that you have finished and have elected not to book it yet. You can suspend a document in a few different ways:  
• When you save without booking, the status is automatically set to Suspended and you stay on the Details page.  
• You can also actively set the status to Suspended by clicking **Suspend** on the top menu bar, which returns you to the Overview page. |
| Adding Items        | You can add items to documents throughout many pages. Although the items vary depending on the document, the concept is the same. |
| Booking             | Submits and finalizes your order, request, transfer, etc.                                                                                     |
| Printing and previewing | Both functions open a PDF document of the current information in your browser, and then you can use the PDF Print button to print. Not all pages allow printing. |
| Deleting items and documents | Removes items that you no longer need from a record or documents (for example, purchase orders or receipts).  
For example, if a vendor was out of an item that was on the purchase order, you would remove it from the receipt so that it does not get received into the inventory. |

Symbols Used in Inventory Management

The following table describes symbols shown in the application:
## Table 1-2  Symbols in Inventory Management

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Magnifying glass</td>
<td>The magnifying glass primarily appears in the Master Data pages. The magnifying glass is a means of searching in the current result set. It searches data that is already populated. After narrowing down your searches, you have an idea of what you are looking for. By entering the name or partial name of the record in the Name field and clicking the magnifying glass, you are taken to the first possible result that matches the entered search criteria.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exclamation mark</td>
<td>Throughout the application, an exclamation mark might appear in some of your item lists within pages. This means something has happened to your item. When you place your mouse over the exclamation mark, reasons for showing the symbol appears. Whenever a alert symbol is shown, it means that there is something that needs your attention within that page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alert symbol</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Ordering

The ordering process enables you to spend minimal time creating an order. You can create:

- Order lists for common or regularly ordered items
- An order containing multiple vendors

Inventory Management provides the following three different methods of ordering:

- Manual
- Automatic based on par levels
- Automatic based on usage

When the order is final, in addition to placing the order by phone or fax, you can send it electronically using email or through a B2B Interface with the vendor.

You can create new orders by:

- Ordering cycle
- Order list
- Vendor
- Suggested order quantity
- Blank order
  - Creating an Order by Order Cycle
  - Creating an Order by Order List
  - Creating an Order by Vendor
  - Creating an Order Using Suggested Order Quantity
  - Creating a Blank Order
  - Resetting the Order Quantity
  - Viewing Orders
  - Viewing Suspended, Pending, or Booked Orders
  - Viewing Open Purchase Orders

Creating an Order by Order Cycle

1. Click Ordering, click Ordering, and then click Order Cycle.
2. Click the appropriate Vendor name.
   Orders that you place on the current date are shown in red.
3. In the Item Group pane, select item groups, and then click Assign.
   To select more than one item group, press and hold CTRL while selecting.
4. To assign all the item groups, click **Assign All**.
5. Once you finish assigning item groups, click **Create**.
6. Enter the order quantity for each item in the Qty column.
7. To add more items to the order, click **Add Item(s)**, search for and select the items you want to add, and then click **OK**.
8. To view the order total, click **Calculate**.
9. To save the order for later use, click **Save** or **Suspend**.
10. To finalize the order, click **Book**, and then click **Book** in the Book Order(s) dialog box.

### Creating an Order by Order List

Oracle Hospitality recommends creating orders from lists as it is a big time saver. You can create suggested orders only by a list or a vendor.

1. Click **Ordering**, click **Ordering**, and then click **Order List**.
2. Select an existing order list, enter the **Cost Center**, and then select the **Delivery Date**.
3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference** field.
4. Click **Create**, and then modify the order quantity for each item in the list.
5. To add items to the order, click **Add Item(s)**, search for and select the items you want to add, and then click **OK**.
6. To assign different delivery dates for different vendors in the order:
   a. Select the items for which you want to assign different delivery dates, and then click **Set Dates**.
   b. Select the **Delivery Date**, and then click **OK**.
      You can only assign the current business date or any date in the future as the delivery date.
7. To view the order total, click **Calculate**.
8. To save the order for later use, click **Save** or **Suspend**.
9. To finalize the order, click **Book**, and then click **Book** in the Book Order(s) dialog box.

### Creating an Order by Vendor

1. Click **Ordering**, click **Ordering**, and then click **Vendor**.
2. Enter the **Cost Center**, select the **Vendor**, and then select the **Delivery Date**.
3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference** field.
4. In the Item Group pane, select item groups, and then click **Assign**.
   To select more than one item group, press and hold CTRL while selecting.
5. To assign all the item groups, click **Assign All**.
6. Once you finish assigning item groups, click **Create**.
7. Enter the order quantity for each item in the **Qty** column.

8. To add more items to the order, click **Add Item(s)**, search for and select the items you want to add, and then click **OK**.

   Oracle Hospitality recommends adding by item group whenever possible as it enables you to add multiple items at a time, rather than only one item at a time.

9. To view the order total, click **Calculate**.

10. To save the order for later use, click **Save** or **Suspend**.

11. To finalize the order, click **Book**, and then click **Book** in the Book Order(s) dialog box.

### Creating an Order Using Suggested Order Quantity

1. Click **Ordering**, click **Ordering**, and then click **Suggested Order by Vendor**.

2. Enter the **Cost Center**, enter the **Vendor** name, and then select one or more delivery dates.

3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference** field.

4. In the Item Group pane, select item groups, and then click **Assign**.

   To select more than one item group, press and hold **CTRL** while selecting.

5. To assign all the item groups, click **Assign All**.

6. Once you finish assigning item groups, click **Create**.

7. To add more items to the order, click **Add Item(s)**, search for and select the items you want to add, and then click **OK**.

   Oracle Hospitality recommends adding by item group whenever possible as it enables you to add multiple items at a time, rather than only one item at a time.

8. To change the suggested order quantity based on percentages of the actual usage:
   
   a. Click **+/- Order Quantity**, enter the percentage you want to increase or decrease, and then select one of the following options:

      - **Apply to all items**: Select this option to apply the change to all items in the order.

      - **Apply only on selected items**: Select this option to apply the change only to the selected item.

      - **Apply only on suggested qty**: Select this option to apply the change to only items that have a suggested quantity.

   b. Click **Increase** or **Decrease**, and then click **OK**.

9. To view the order total, click **Calculate**.

10. To save the order for later use, click **Save** or **Suspend**.

11. To finalize the order, click **Book**, and then click **Book** in the Book Order(s) dialog box.

### Creating a Blank Order

1. Click **Ordering**, click **Ordering**, and then click **Blank Order**.
2. Enter the **Cost Center**, and then select the **Delivery Date**.

3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference** field.

4. Click **Create**.

5. On the Purchase Orders page, click **Add Item(s)**, search for and select the items you want to add, and then click **OK**.

   Oracle Hospitality recommends adding by item group whenever possible as it enables you to add multiple items at a time, rather than only one item at a time.

6. Enter the order quantity for each item in the **Qty** column.

7. To assign different delivery dates for different vendors in the order:
   a. Select the items for which you want to assign different delivery dates, and then click **Set Dates**.
   b. Select the **Delivery Date**, and then click **OK**.

   You can only assign the current business date or any date in the future as the delivery date.

8. To view the order total, click **Calculate**.

9. To save the order for later use, click **Save** or **Suspend**.

10. To finalize the order, click **Book**, and then click **Book** in the Book Order(s) dialog box.

### Resetting the Order Quantity

If you have entered any quantities incorrectly and would like to start over, you can reset the item quantities using this feature. If you created an order using Suggested Ordering, this resets the quantities to the original system calculated levels. To reset item quantities:

On the Purchase Orders page, click **Reset Quantities**, and then click **OK**.

### Viewing Orders

You can view all purchase orders in any of these statuses:

- **Suspended orders**: Orders pending booking.
- **Open purchase orders**: Orders submitted to the vendor.
- **Pending order**: Orders not yet sent to the vendor using a B2B interface. They are closed purchase orders, so you cannot edit them.
- **Booked orders**: Orders that you have finalized.

The steps for viewing suspended orders, booked orders, and pending orders are the same. Depending on the order type you select, suspended, booked, or pending, you get different results. The steps for viewing an open purchase order vary slightly.

### Viewing Suspended, Pending, or Booked Orders

1. Click **Ordering**, click **Ordering**, and then click **Suspended Orders, Pending Orders**, or **Booked Order**.
2. Click the purchase order **Document** number of the order you want to view.
   For pending orders and booked order, a PDF opens so that you can print it out. For suspended orders, the Purchase Order page appears where you can modify, save, or book the order.

### Viewing Open Purchase Orders

1. Click **Ordering**, click **Ordering**, and then click **Open Purchase Orders**.
2. Use the filters to specify the Open Purchase Orders you want to view, and then click **Refresh**.
Receiving

Product receiving and delivery approval are handled very efficiently within Inventory Management. The system recalls the purchase order (PO) created during the ordering process, allowing item by item verification. Depending on various security and vendor option settings, you can make modifications to reflect changes to quantities received and currently invoiced prices. Information from this process updates stock on hand reporting in real time.

If you choose not to use the Inventory Management Ordering module for acquisition of goods, the receiving process can also function just as effectively. Rather than having a pre-established order to confirm, you would follow the same process of creating a list of items, and establishing quantities and prices for the delivery being received.

Oracle Hospitality recommends creating receipts from purchase orders whenever possible. If a site is not using Ordering, then create a receipt from a list. Receiving lists are similar to Ordering lists, except Ordering lists can contain more than one vendor. However, you can only receive from one vendor at a time.

- Creating a Receipt Using an Existing Purchase Order
- Creating a Receipt Using an Existing List
- Creating a Receipt from a Vendor
- Creating a Blank Receipt
- Returning Items to a Vendor
- Adding an Open Order to a Receipt
- Changing Cost Centers for Items on a Receipt
- Viewing Suspended, Booked, Invoiced, or Cancelled Receipts
- Substituting Items on a Suspended Receipt
- Close Purchase Order

Creating a Receipt Using an Existing Purchase Order

1. Click Ordering, click Receiving, and then click Purchase Order.
2. Select the relevant purchase order, select the Delivery Date, and then enter the Receipt number.
3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the Reference field.
4. Click Create, and then modify the receipt as required.
5. To add items to the receipt, click Add Item(s), search for and select the items you want to add, and then click OK.
6. To add open orders to the receipt:
   a. Click Open Orders, search for and select the appropriate orders, and then click Add Order(s).
b. To view the items in an order and add specific ones, click the Document name, select the appropriate items, and then click Add Item(s).

c. Once you finish adding orders and items from orders, click Return to Receipt.

7. To add deposits to the receipt:

   a. Click Deposits, select the Cost Center, and then select the appropriate items.
   b. Enter the quantity delivered or returned, and then click OK.

8. If necessary, change the cost center of items.

9. To save the receipt for later use, click Save or Suspend.

10. To finalize the receipt, click Book:

    a. If you do not want to close the purchase order, deselect Close Purchase Order.
    b. Click OK.

**Changing Cost Centers for Items on a Receipt**

---

### Creating a Receipt Using an Existing List

1. Click Ordering, click Receiving, and then click List.

2. In the Document column, select the name of the relevant list, enter the Cost Center, and then enter the Receipt number.

3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the Reference field.

4. Click Create, and then modify the receipt as required.

5. To add more items to the receipt, click Add Item(s), search for and select the items you want to add, and then click OK.

6. To add open orders to the receipt:

   a. Click Open Orders, search for and select the appropriate orders, and then click Add Order(s).

   b. To view the items in an order and add specific ones, click the Document name, select the appropriate items, and then click Add Item(s).

   c. Once you finish adding orders and items from orders, click Return to Receipt.

7. To add deposits to the receipt:

   a. Click Deposits, select the Cost Center, and then select the appropriate items.

   b. Enter the quantity delivered or returned, and then click OK.

8. If necessary, change the cost center of items.

9. To save the receipt for later use, click Save or Suspend.

10. To finalize the receipt, click Book:

    a. If you do not want to close the purchase order, deselect Close Purchase Order.

    b. Click OK.

**Changing Cost Centers for Items on a Receipt**
Creating a Receipt from a Vendor

1. Click **Ordering**, click **Receiving**, and then click **Vendor**.
2. Enter the **Vendor** name, enter the **Receipt** number, and then select the **Delivery Date**.
3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference** field.
4. In the Item Group pane, select an item group, and then click **Assign**.
   To select more than one item group, press and hold CTRL while selecting.
5. To assign all the item groups, click **Assign All**.
6. Once complete, click **Create**, and then enter quantities for the relevant items.
7. To add more items to the receipt, click **Add Item(s)**, search for and select the items you want to add, and then click **OK**.
8. To add open orders to the receipt:
   a. Click **Open Orders**, search for and select the appropriate orders, and then click **Add Order(s)**.
   b. To view the items in an order and add specific ones, click the **Document** name, select the appropriate items, and then click **Add Item(s)**.
   c. Once you finish adding orders and items from orders, click **Return to Receipt**.
9. To add deposits to the receipt:
   a. Click **Deposits**, select the **Cost Center**, and then select the appropriate items.
   b. Enter the quantity delivered or returned, and then click **OK**.
10. If necessary, change the cost center of items.
11. To save the receipt for later use, click **Save** or **Suspend**.
12. To finalize the receipt, click **Book**:
   a. If you do not want to close the purchase order, deselect **Close Purchase Order**.
   b. Click **OK**.

• Changing Cost Centers for Items on a Receipt

Creating a Blank Receipt

1. Click **Ordering**, click **Receiving**, and then click **Blank Receipt**.
2. Enter the **Vendor** name, enter the **Receipt** number, and then select the **Delivery Date**.
3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference** field.
4. Click **Create**.
5. To add open orders to the receipt:
   a. Click **Open Orders**, search for and select the appropriate orders, and then click **Add Order(s)**.

Chapter 3
Creating a Receipt from a Vendor
b. To view the items in an order and add specific ones, click the Document name, select the appropriate items, and then click **Add Item(s)**.

c. Once you finish adding orders and items from orders, click **Return to Receipt**.

6. To add items to the receipt, click **Add Item(s)**, search for and select the items you want to add, and then click **OK**.

7. To add deposits to the receipt:
   a. Click **Deposits**, select the **Cost Center**, and then select the appropriate items.
   b. Enter the quantity delivered or returned, and then click **OK**

8. If necessary, change the cost center of items.

9. To save the receipt for later use, click **Save** or **Suspend**.

10. To finalize the receipt, click **Book**:
   a. If you do not want to close the purchase order, deselect **Close Purchase Order**.
   b. Click **OK**.

• **Changing Cost Centers for Items on a Receipt**

### Returning Items to a Vendor

There are occasions when you would want an entire shipment sent back to the vendor. In such situations, you can add entire receipts to a return to vendor. This decreases the time it takes to create a return receipt for a large shipment because you can add all the items that were in the shipment to the receipt at once, as opposed to entering them manually.

1. Click **Receiving**, and then click **Return to Vendor**.

2. Select the **Vendor**, and then enter the **Delivery Note No**.

3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference** field.

4. To add items to the receipt, click **Add Item(s)**, search for and select the items you want to add, and then click **OK**.

5. To add an entire receipt:
   a. Click **Add Receipts**, and then select the receipts you want to return.
   b. Click **Add Receipt(s)**.
   c. To view the items on a receipt and add specific ones, click the Document name, select the appropriate items, and then click **Add Item(s)**.
   d. Once you finish adding receipts and items from receipts, click **Return to Return to Vendor**.

6. To save the receipt for later use, click **Save** or **Suspend**.

7. To finalize the receipt, click **Book**:
   a. If you do not want to close the purchase order, deselect **Close Purchase Order**.
   b. Click **OK**.

---

**Chapter 3**

**Returning Items to a Vendor**

---

3-4
Adding an Open Order to a Receipt

1. On the Receiving detail page, click Open Orders.
2. Search for and select the appropriate orders, and then click Add Order(s).
3. To view the items on an order and add specific ones, click the Document name, select the appropriate items, and then click Add Item(s).
4. Once you finish adding orders and items from orders, click Return to Receipt.

Changing Cost Centers for Items on a Receipt

You can assign a new cost center to all items or to selected items on a receipt. Do not perform this task unless the cost center has an assigned purchase manager. Sites that do not use central purchasing do not use this option because items can be received into the wrong location.

To change cost centers for one or more items on the receipt:

1. To change the cost center for selected items, on the Receiving detail page, select the appropriate items.
2. Click Change Cost Center.
3. Place the cursor in the Cost Center field and press Enter.
4. Select the new cost center, and then click OK.
5. To change the cost center for all items on the receipt, select All Items.
6. Click OK.

Viewing Suspended, Booked, Invoiced, or Cancelled Receipts

1. Click Receiving, and then click Suspended Receipts, Booked Receipts, Invoiced Receipts, or Cancelled Receipts, depending on the receipt type you want to view.
2. Click the appropriate Document name, and then modify the receipt as required.
3. To save the receipt for later use, click Save or Suspend.
4. To finalize the receipt, click Book.
   a. To book the delivery note as an invoice, on the Book Receipts dialog box, select Book Receipt as Invoice.
   b. Click OK.
Substituting Items on a Suspended Receipt

There are times when the vendor does not deliver exactly what you ordered. For situations such as these, using the substitutions feature enables you to accurately account for your inventory. You can substitute one brand for another or one case pack for another. To substitute items, create a Vendor Purchase Item (VPI). If you have no vendor purchase items, the substitution page opens without any possible substitution options.

To substitute an item:

1. Click **Ordering**, click **Receiving**, and then click **Suspended Receipts**.
2. Click the **Document** number of the receipt that contains the items you want to substitute, and then click the **Item** you want to substitute.
3. In the Substitutions dialog box, select the item to replace the original item, and then click **OK**.

Close Purchase Order

When a delivery is made, you might not receive some items that you had ordered. When items are delivered, they are removed from the PO. Items that have yet to come in or are not coming in at all remain on the receipt and the PO, unless the PO is closed. If you receive the PO again, you only receive the items that were not previously included, not the entire contents of the order.

When a PO is closed, it is permanently closed. Do not close the PO if you are receiving a partial order and need to receive the rest of the order at a later date. Oracle Hospitality recommends leaving the PO open if your site ties each PO to the receipt. Missing or partially delivered products appear on a separate receipt or invoice.
4

Invoicing

Invoicing enables payment authorization for items received. You can add multiple receipts to an individual invoice and save approvals to an export file to feed to an accounts payable (AP) system. Locations receiving by invoice can combine this process with the Receiving process. If your receipt acts as your invoice (receive as invoice), then it is not necessary to use the Invoicing module.

Use receipt by invoice as much as possible because it does not require balancing multiple receipts to equal an invoice total. This might not be possible with all vendors. Consult your vendor about different options (COD is considered receive as invoice).

- Creating an Invoice by Receipt
- Creating a Blank Invoice
- Viewing an Invoice
- Sending an Approved Invoice to Accounts Payable (AP)

Creating an Invoice by Receipt

You can add multiple receipts from a single vendor to the same invoice. However, an invoice cannot contain receipts for more than one vendor.

1. Click Ordering, click Invoicing, and then click Receipt.
2. Use the filters to find the receipts you want to invoice, and then select the appropriate documents.
3. Enter the Invoice No., select the Invoice Date, and then click Create.
4. To save the invoice for later use, click Save or Suspend.
5. To finalize the invoice, click Approve, and then click OK.

Creating a Blank Invoice

1. Click Invoicing, click Invoicing, and then click Blank Invoice.
2. Enter the Vendor name, enter the Invoice No., select the Delivery Date, and then click Create.
3. Click Add Receipt(s), select the appropriate receipts, and then click OK.
4. To save the invoice for later use, click Save or Suspend.
5. To finalize the invoice, click Approve, and then click OK.

Viewing an Invoice

Viewing an invoice, regardless of type, is relatively the same. The selection you make determines the outcome of your search.
1. Click **Ordering**, click **Invoicing**, and then click **Suspended Invoices**, **Approved Invoices**, or **Invoices sent to AP**.

2. Click the appropriate **Invoice No.** to drill down into the document, and then modify the invoice as required.

**Sending an Approved Invoice to Accounts Payable (AP)**

When an approved invoice is sent to AP, it is added to the system export file. You can no longer edit the invoice.

1. Click **Ordering**, click **Invoicing**, and then click **Approved Invoices**.

2. Click the **Invoice No.** of the document you want to send to AP, and then click **Send to A/P**.
B2B Solutions

If you are using a vendor for B2B Solutions, this page is where the item catalog, invoices, and order cycles coming from that vendor are uploaded.

- Loading Item Catalogs, Order Cycles, and Invoices to a Vendor
- Linking Vendor Purchase Items (VPIs)
- Unlinking Vendor Purchase Items
- Accepting Price Variances

Loading Item Catalogs, Order Cycles, and Invoices to a Vendor

1. Click Ordering, and then click B2B Solutions.
2. To load an item catalog, in the Item Catalog column, click LOAD adjacent to the appropriate vendor name, and then click OK.
3. To load an invoice, in the Invoice column, click LOAD adjacent to the appropriate vendor name, and then click OK.
4. To load order cycles, in the Order Cycles column, click LOAD adjacent to the appropriate vendor name, and then click OK.

Linking Vendor Purchase Items (VPIs)

You must link items from the vendor to purchase items already in the system. Inventory Management can automatically link items from a vendor catalog to VPIs where matching vendor numbers are identified. You can also choose to manually link items to VPIs. Items already linked can be linked to other VPIs.

1. Click Ordering, and then click B2B Solutions.
2. In the Unlinked Items column, click the link adjacent to the appropriate vendor name.
   
   After a vendor item catalog is uploaded into the system, the B2B Overview page shows the number of unlinked items in the Unlinked Items column.
3. In the Actions column, click Link adjacent to the item you want to link to purchase items.
4. To manually link the item:
   a. Select Show all VPIs, and then search for and select the appropriate VPI.
   b. Click Link.
5. To automatically link the item, click Auto Link Items from the top menu bar, and then click OK to confirm.
Unlinking Vendor Purchase Items

1. Click Ordering, and then click B2B Solutions.
2. In the Unlinked Items column, click the link adjacent to the appropriate vendor name.
3. Select Linked Items in the Show filter, and then click Refresh.
4. In the Action column, click Linked adjacent to the item you want to unlink.
5. Select the item you want to unlink from the VPI, and then click Unlink.

Accepting Price Variances

If the price varies between the vendor’s item catalog and the vendor purchase item within the system, you can choose to use your prices for the invoices or the prices provided by the vendor. If you are using the prices provided by the vendor, you need to accept the vendor’s prices.

1. Click Ordering, and then click B2B Solutions.
2. In the Price Variances column, click the link adjacent to the appropriate vendor.
3. Select the items whose price variances you want to accept, and then click Accept Price(s).
Vendor Purchase Catalog

Vendor Purchase Catalog is where items, units, and vendor purchase items are assigned to vendors.

• Creating a New Vendor Purchase Item
• Editing a Vendor Purchase Item Name
• Setting an Effectivity Range for a Vendor
• Adding a VPI to a list or Updating an Existing VPI Already within a List

Creating a New Vendor Purchase Item

1. Click Master Data, and then click Vendor Purchase Catalog.
2. Use the filters and find the appropriate item, and then in the Action column adjacent to the item, click New.
3. On the New Vendor Purchase Catalog Entry page, click New, and then enter the Purchase Item Name (if not already entered).
5. Click OK, select the purchase item to link a vendor to from the Purchase Item list, and then enter the Vendor, Unit, Price, and the Vendor Item No. (optional).
6. To create another VPI, click Next.
7. Once complete, click Finish.

Editing a Vendor Purchase Item Name

1. Click Master Data, and then click Vendor Purchase Catalog.
2. Use the filters to find the item you want to modify, and then click the purchase item name.
3. In the Edit Purchase Item dialog box, edit the name in the Purchase Item field, and then click OK.

Setting an Effectivity Range for a Vendor

1. Click Master Data, and then click Vendor Purchase Catalog.
2. Select the appropriate vendor, and then click Set Effectivity.
3. In the Add Effectivity dialog box, select Effective, and then select the Time Period.
4. If you selected User Defined as the Time Period, select the From and To effectivity dates.
5. Click OK.
Adding a VPI to a list or Updating an Existing VPI Already within a List

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Vendor Purchase Catalog**.
2. Select the appropriate vendor, and then click **Lists...**.
3. In the Add to List dialog box, select the order list to which you want to associate the item, and then click **OK**.
Copy and Compare VPI(s)

Use this page to complete the following tasks:

- Comparing Vendor Purchase Items from Two Different Vendors
- Copying VPIs from one Vendor to Another

Comparing Vendor Purchase Items from Two Different Vendors

1. Click Master Data, and then lick Copy/Compare VPI(s).
2. Select the first Vendor, and then select the 2nd Vendor.
3. (Optional) Select the Item Group, Item, or both to streamline the information you want to compare.
4. Click Refresh.

Copying VPIs from one Vendor to Another

To copy an inventory item’s unit and vendor purchase item from one vendor to another:

1. Click Master Data, and then click Copy/Compare VPI(s).
2. Select the vendor you want to copy from as the Vendor, and then select the vendor you want to copy to as the 2nd Vendor.
3. (Optional) Select the Item Group, Item, or both to streamline the items you want to copy.
4. Click Refresh.
5. Select the items you want to copy, and then click Copy.
6. In the Copy VPI(s) from Vendor to Vendor dialog box, select the attributes that you want to copy, and then click OK.
Issue Requests

The Issue Requests module is only available if you are not using the Transfers To/From module. Issue Requests work hand in hand with the Transfers module. The idea of an Issue Requests is that one store can request products from another store and have an accurate record of the transaction.

The following is an example of how the Issue Requests and Transfers modules work together when both cost centers have system administrator level user rights.

Store A requests product from store B using Inventory Management:

1. Once store A clicks Book in the Issue Requests module, store A can view the request as Not Booked | Requested in the Issue Requests module. When store B wants to view the status of the transfer, store B opens the Transfer module and sets the filters to show Not Booked | Requested. That is the status of the order from store B's point of view.

2. Store B goes into the transfer request from store A and books it. At this point in store B, it appears in the Transfers module as Not Booked | Delivered, and in store A it shows in the Issue Requests module as Not Booked | Delivered.

3. Store A then has to go into Issue Requests and open the delivered request and accept or decline the transfer. Once they accept it, it goes to Issue Requests Booked in store A and to Transfers Booked for store B. This is when stock depletion takes place in the system. If store A declined the transfer, it appears in the Not Booked | Declined under Issue Requests for store A and under Transfers for Store B.

In the scenario above, Step 1 can be skipped if store A elects to contact store B in an alternate manner, such as calling them on the telephone. In the event of that, store B would create a Transfer.

For Step 3, depending on the user rights, the option to accept or decline might not be available. In this case, once the issue request is booked in Transfers, the status changes to Booked if a user is unable to decline a transfer. If the transfer cannot be declined, accepting the transfer is automatic.

- Issue Requests and Transfer Process
- Creating Issue Requests
- Requesting Inventory from Another Cost Center
- Requesting Inventory from Another Cost Center Using an Existing Issue Request
- Adding Recipes to an Issue Request
- Viewing Issued Requests
- Accepting or Declining an Issue Request
Issue Requests and Transfer Process

The Issue Requests and Transfer process is a very cyclical one. In the situation where an issue request is made, the process flows as follows:

1. A request is made by a cost center in need.
2. The request is received by the potential transferring cost center. The status is identified as Not Booked | Requested.
3. The transferring cost center reviews the items requested and can do one of four things:
   • Approve the requested items
   • Modify the totals requested
   • Zero out all the totals
   • Delete the transfer
4. The transferring cost center books the request changing its status to Not Booked | Delivered.
5. The requesting cost center receives the booked transfer in the Not Booked | Delivered status.
6. The requesting cost center either approves the transfer (modifications and all) or declines the transfer.

User rights determine if a store can accept or decline the request or transfer. In such case, the request or transfer is automatic. Only after the requesting store accepts the transfer does the system modify any stock on hand totals. If the requesting store declines the transfer, stock on hand totals do not change.

Creating Issue Requests

You can create Issue Requests in two ways:

• Issue Requests: This enables you to specify which location sends the merchandise or what store the goods are being issued and to add any items necessary.
• Issue Requests from List: This option enables you to create Issue Requests for destination locations based on existing lists.

Requesting Inventory from Another Cost Center

1. Click Store, click Issue Requests, and then click Issue Requests.
2. If you are using Cost Center Areas, enter the To Cost Center.
   You must define the To Cost Center first so that the system filters the cost centers that are able to transfer to them in the Request From field.
3. Enter the Request From Cost Center, and then select the Date.
4. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the Reference field.
5. Click Create.
6. To add items to the request, click **Add Item(s)**, search for and select the items you want to add, and then click **OK**.

7. If necessary, add recipes to the request.

8. To save the request for later use, click **Save** or **Suspend**.

9. To send the request to the transferring location, click **Book**, and then click **OK**.

---

**Adding Recipes to an Issue Request**

### Requesting Inventory from Another Cost Center Using an Existing Issue Request

When using an Issue Request From List that has suggested quantities enabled, a second delivery date is assigned. This behavior is similar to ordering by suggested quantities.

1. Click **Store**, click **Issue Requests**, and then click **Issue Request from List**.

2. Click an existing list from the Document column, modify the **Request From Cost Center**, select the **To Cost Center**, and then modify the **Date**.

3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference**.

4. Click **Create**.

5. To add items to the request, click **Add Item(s)**, search for and select the items you want to add, and then click **OK**.

6. If necessary, add recipes to the request.

7. To save the request for later use, click **Save** or **Suspend**.

8. To send the request to the transferring location, click **Book**, and then click **OK**.

---

**Adding Recipes to an Issue Request**

You can also add recipes to an Issue Request if you want to request a recipe as a whole of ingredients. This helps track the costs of Issue Requests per portion of a recipe cost basis.

1. On the Issue Requests detail page, click **Add Recipes**.

2. In the Add Recipes dialog box, enter the name of the recipe to request in the **Recipe** field, or place the cursor in the **Recipe** field, press Enter, and then select the recipe to add from the list of all available recipes in the system.

3. Enter the quantity of portions of the recipe you want in the **Qty** field, and then enter any information you want to include with this recipe in the Issue Request in the **Info** field.

   Quantity, in this case, is by portion. For example, if the recipe is for a cup of soup and a bowl of soup equals two cups of soup, and you are requesting a bowl of soup, you would request two portions of the recipe.

4. If you want the recipe rounded to its nearest base unit measurement when delivered, select **Round to Units**.
5. Click **OK**.

6. To add another recipe, repeat Steps 2 through 5.

- Requesting Inventory from Another Cost Center
- Requesting Inventory from Another Cost Center Using an Existing Issue Request

## Viewing Issued Requests

There are two types of Issue Requests:

- Suspended
- Requested

The steps required to view Issue Requests are the same regardless of what type of Issue Request is selected. To view an Issue Request:

1. Click **Store**, click **Issue Requests**, and then click **Suspended** or **Requested**.
2. Click the appropriate **Document** name.
   
   Use the filters if no records are available.

## Accepting or Declining an Issue Request

If a location has requested an Issue Request from your store, then you are the transferring store. It is your decision as to whether or not you would like to provide the goods or product requested of you. Based on how the destination store is configured, it can accept or decline an Issue Request. The user who booked the Issue Request cannot be the user to accept or decline the Issue Request.

1. Click **Store**, click **Issue Requests**, and then click **Delivered**.
2. Click the **Document** name of the appropriate Issue Request, and then click **Accept** or **Decline**.
Transfers

Inventory Management provides an automated method for transferring product from one location to another. Checks and balances have been built in preventing fraud from either the transferring or the receiving location.

Depending on the security settings, a manager has the ability to view stock on hand of various nearby locations, which saves numerous calls to stores while looking for a product to hold them over until an upcoming delivery. It also gives regional and corporate management the ability to view product across all locations. With this tool, you can move overstock products from location to location. Moving overstock product prevents valuable cash from being tied up in inventory and at the same time ensures fresh products in each location.

The Transfers module is only available if you are not using the Transfers To/From module. If you are using the Transfers module, you also use the Requisitions module.

- Transfer Requisition Process
- Accepting or Declining a Transfer Request
- Transferring Inventory to Another Cost Center
- Transferring Inventory to Another Cost Center Using an Existing Transfer List
- Adding Recipes to Transfers
- Viewing Transfers

Transfer Requisition Process

Requisitions and Transfers work in conjunction with each other. The process would flow somewhat like:

1. A transfer is created by a cost center
2. The receiving store reviews the suggested transfer through the Requisition page and can do one of two things:
   - Accept the transfer
   - Decline the transfer

By accepting the transfer, the requesting store is essentially giving the transfer store permission to deliver the items. If the requesting store declines the transfer, no items are delivered from the transfer store.

User rights determine if a store can accept or decline the request or transfer. In such case, the request or transfer is automatic. Only after the requesting store accepts the transfer does the system modify any stock on hand totals. If the requesting store declines the transfer, stock on hand totals do not change.
Accepting or Declining a Transfer Request

If a location requests a transfer from your store, you are the transferring store. It is your decision as to whether or not you would like to provide the goods or products requested of you. Based on how the destination store is configured, it can accept or decline a transfer. The user who booked the transfer cannot be the user who accepts or declines the transfer.

1. Click **Transfers**, and then click **Delivered**.
2. Click the **Document** name of the appropriate transfer request, and then click **Accept** or **Decline**.

Transferring Inventory to Another Cost Center

1. Click **Transfers**, and then click **Transfer To**.
2. Enter the receiving location in the **To Cost Center** field, and then select the **Date**.
3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference** field.
4. Click **Create**.
5. On the Transfer To detail page, add items and recipes as required. 
   - **Adding Recipes to a Transfer** provides more information on adding recipes to a transfer document.
6. To save the document for later use, click **Save** or **Suspend**.
7. To send the document to the location, click **Book**, and then click **OK**.

Transferring Inventory to Another Cost Center Using an Existing Transfer List

1. Click **Transfers**, and then click **Transfer To using List**.
2. Click an existing list from the Document column, modify the **From Cost Center**, select the **To Cost Center**, and then modify the **Date**.
3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference**.
4. On the Transfer To detail page, modify or add items and recipes as required. 
   - **Adding Recipes to a Transfer** provides more information on adding recipes to a transfer document.
5. To save the document for later use, click **Save** or **Suspend**.
6. To send the document to the location, click **Book**, and then click **OK**.

Adding Recipes to Transfers

You can add recipes to the transfer to transfer a recipe as a whole of ingredients. This helps track the costs of transfers per portion of a recipe cost basis.

1. On the Transfers detail page, click **Add Recipes**.
2. In the Add Recipes dialog box, enter the name of the recipe you want to add to transfer in the **Recipe** field or place the cursor in the **Recipe** field, press Enter, and then select the recipe to transfer from the list of all available recipes in the system.

3. Enter the quantity of portions of the recipe you want to transfer in the **Qty** field, and then enter any information you want to include with this recipe in the transfer document in the **Info** field.

   Quantity, in this case, is by portion. For example, if the recipe is for a cup of soup and a bowl of soup equals two cups of soup, and you are transferring a bowl of soup, you would transfer two portions of the recipe.

4. If you want the recipe rounded to its nearest base unit measurement when being delivered, select **Round to Units**.

5. Click **OK**.

6. To add another recipe, repeat Steps 2 through 5.

   • Requesting Inventory from Another Cost Center
   • Requesting Inventory from Another Cost Center Using an Existing List
   • Transferring Inventory to Another Cost Center
   • Transferring Inventory to Another Cost Center Using an Existing Transfer List

---

### Viewing Transfers

There are five different statuses a transfer document can have:

- Suspended
- Requested
- Delivered
- Declined
- Booked

The steps required to view transfers are the same regardless of the transfer type that is selected.

To view a transfer:

1. Click **Transfers**, and then click **Suspended**, **Requested**, **Delivered**, **Declined**, or **Booked**.

   Booked transfers appear in blue. All other transfers, regardless of status, appear in green.

2. Click the **Document** name of the transfer request.

   Use filters if no records are available.

3. If you are viewing a declined transfer, modify the transfer document as required.
Transfer To/From

This module is only available if the Transfers To/From web user right is set. Issue Requests and Transfers provide more information if the user right is not configured for your organization.

You can set up transfers to and from specified cost centers within the organization. The general idea is that location A creates a Transfer To to send goods to location B, whereas location B creates a Transfer From to receive goods from location A. In previous versions of Inventory Management, this task was broken into two separate modules. Regardless of how your organization is configured, the concepts are the same.

Depending on whether you are location A or location B determines your perspective toward this module. If you are the requesting location, you request a Transfer From another location. If you are the supplying location, you provide a Transfer To the location.

The Transfers To/From overview page is the first page you see after accessing the module. From this page, you can:

- Determine how items are transferred
- View any suspended, requested, delivered, declined, and booked transfers currently in the system
- Creating Transfers
- Requesting Inventory from Another Cost Center
- Transferring Inventory to Another Cost Center
- Requesting Inventory from Another Cost Center Using an Existing List
- Transferring Inventory to Another Cost Center Using an Existing Transfer List

Creating Transfers

You can create transfers in two ways:

- Transfer From/To: This enables you to create transfers for source and destination locations and add any items necessary
- Transfer From/To using List: This enables you to create transfers for source and destination stores based on existing transfer lists

Requesting Inventory from Another Cost Center

1. Click Store, click Transfers, and then click Transfer From.
   Transfer From denotes the source store, that is the store from which the product is coming from.

2. If you are using Cost Center Areas, enter the To Cost Center.
You must define the To Cost Center first so that the system filters the cost centers that are able to transfer to them in the Request From Cost Center field.

3. Enter the **Request From Cost Center**, and then select the **Date**.
4. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference** field.
5. Click **Create**.
6. To add items to the request, click **Add Item(s)**, search for and select the items you want to add, and then click **OK**.
7. If necessary, add recipes to the request.
8. To save the request for later use, click **Save** or **Suspend**.
9. To sent the request to the transferring location, click **Book**, and then click **OK**.

**Adding Recipes to Transfers**

**Transferring Inventory to Another Cost Center**

Transfer To enables you to specify which location is receiving the merchandise or what store the goods are being Transferred to.

1. Click **Store**, click **Transfers**, and then click **Transfer To**.
2. Enter the **To Cost Center**, and then select the **Date**.
3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference** field.
4. Click **Create**.
5. To add items to the transfer, click **Add Item(s)**, search for and select the items you want to add, and then click **OK**.
6. If necessary, add recipes to the transfer.
7. To save the document for later use, click **Save** or **Suspend**.
8. To sent the document to the location, click **Book**, and then click **OK**.

**Adding Recipes to Transfers**

**Requesting Inventory from Another Cost Center Using an Existing List**

The Transfer From Using List module is where you can create a transfer request from a cost center using a previously created Transfer From list or an already existing list of products.

1. Click **Store**, click **Transfers**, and then click **Transfer From using List**.
2. Select an existing list, modify the **Request From Cost Center**, and then modify the **Date**.
3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference** field.
4. Click **Create**, and then modify the quantity required from each item on the list.
5. To add more items to the request, click **Add Item(s)**, search for and select the items you want to add, and then click **OK**.
6. If necessary, add recipes to the request.
7. To save the request for later use, click Save or Suspend.
8. To send the request to the location, click Book, and then click OK.

• Adding Recipes to Transfers

Transferring Inventory to Another Cost Center Using an Existing Transfer List

1. Click Store, click Transfers, and then click Transfer To using List.
2. Click an existing list from the Document column, modify the Request From Cost Center, modify the To Cost Center, and then modify the Date.
3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the Reference field.
4. Click Create, and then modify transfer quantity for each item on the list.
5. To add more items to the transfer, click Add Item(s), search for and select the items you want to add, and then click OK.
6. If necessary, add recipes to the transfer.
7. To save the document for later use, click Save or Suspend.
8. To send the document to the location, click Book, and then click OK.

• Adding Recipes to Transfers
Inventory Management

Pack away the old paper count sheets and custom spreadsheets. Inventory Management puts online count and extension capability at your fingertips. Multi-unit operators can have access to all ending inventories instantaneously upon completion.

Along with the normal end of period (for example, day, week, month, etc.) capability, the system also enables spot-checking on high ticket items. Further enhancing the benefits, you can set up count sheets in stock counting to properly reflect the way products are stored in each of the count areas.

You can review and print count sheets either by item group (for example, meat, poultry, seafood, beer, etc.) or storage location (for example, cooler, freezer, back bar). Depending on the security settings configured for each user, the system offers the ability to view theoretical values, variances, and prices for each of the inventory items.

You can create an inventory count by cycle or list or you can create a blank inventory count.

- Creating an Inventory by Count Cycle
- Creating an Inventory Count by List
- Creating a Blank Inventory Count
- Editing Items While Creating a New Blank Inventory Count
- Viewing Inventory Counts
- Grouping and Sorting Counts
- Freezing and Unfreezing the Count
- Booking an Inventory Count
- Unbooking an Inventory Count
- Canceling a Count
- Generating the Inventory Variance Report

Creating an Inventory by Count Cycle

1. Click **Store**, click **Inventory**, and then click **Count Cycle**.
2. Enter the **Cost Center**, select the **Count Cycle**, select the **Inventory Date**, and then select the appropriate **Unit Collection Method**.
   
   You can only create an inventory by count cycle for days that are valid within the cycle. For example, you can create an end of month inventory for 8/31 but not 8/30.
3. Click **Create Count**.
4. On the Inventory detail page, click **Item Group** to go to the Item Groups detail page or click **Storage Location** to go to the Storage Location detail page.
5. To add items to the inventory:
   a. Click **Add Item(s)/Unit(s)**, and then place the cursor in the **Item** field and press Enter.
   b. Select the items you want to add, and then click **OK**.
   c. To add additional units, place the cursor in the **Additional Unit** field, press Enter, select the additional units, and then click **OK**.
   d. If you are using Advanced Storage Locations, select the appropriate **Storage Location**.
   e. Click **OK** to complete the entry for the item, and then click **Cancel** to exit the Add Item(s)/Unit(s) dialog box.
   f. Click **Refresh Count** to show the items you added on the Inventory Count detail page.

6. To add recipes to the inventory:
   a. Click **Add Recipe(s)**, and then place the cursor in the **Recipe** field and press Enter.
   b. Select the recipe you want to add, enter the quantity in the **QTY** field, and then click **OK**.
   c. Click **Cancel** to exit the Add Recipes dialog box, and then click **Refresh Count** to show the ingredients of the recipes you added in the Inventory Count detail page.

7. To enter the count for the items, click the name of the appropriate **Item Group** or **Storage Location**, enter the quantity amount in the **Count Qty** column, and then click **Save**.

---

### Creating an Inventory Count by List

1. Click **Store**, click **Inventory**, and then click **List**.
2. Click the appropriate **Count** list, enter the **Cost Center**, modify the **Date**, select the **Inventory Time**, and then click **Create**.

   All items in the selected list are included in the inventory count.

3. On the Inventory Count detail page, click an inventory count to show the items within it.

4. (Optional) Modify and add new items to the list as required.

5. When you have finished making modifications, click **Book Count**.

---

### Creating a Blank Inventory Count

1. Click **Store**, click **Inventory**, and then click **Blank Inventory**.
2. Select the **Cost Center**, select the **Inventory Date**, and then select the **Inventory Time**.
3. Select the **Item Groups** you want to assign to the inventory count, and then click **Assign**.

   To select multiple item groups, press and hold CTRL while selecting the item groups.
4. (Optional) To edit items in the inventory while creating the new inventory count. Editing Items While Creating a New Blank Inventory Count provides more information.

5. Click Create.

6. On the Inventory detail page, click Item Group to go to the Item Groups detail page or click Storage Location to go to the Storage Location detail page.

7. To add items to the inventory:
   a. Click Add Item(s)/Unit(s), and then place the cursor in the Item field and press Enter.
   b. Select the items you want to add, and then click OK.
   c. To add additional units, place the cursor in the Additional Unit field, press Enter, select the additional units, and then click OK.
   d. If you are using Advanced Storage Locations, select the appropriate Storage Location.
   e. Click OK to complete the entry for the item, and then click Cancel to exit the Add Item(s)/Unit(s) dialog box.
   f. Click Refresh Count to show the items you added on the Inventory Count detail page.

8. To add recipes to the inventory:
   a. Click Add Recipe(s), and then place the cursor in the Recipe field and press Enter.
   b. Select the recipe you want to add, enter the quantity in the QTY field, and then click OK.
   c. Click Cancel to exit the Add Recipes dialog box, and the click Refresh Count to show the ingredients of the recipes you added in the Inventory Count detail page.

9. To enter the count for the items, click the name of the appropriate Item Group or Storage Location, enter the quantity amount in the Count Qty column, and then click Save.

Editing Items While Creating a New Blank Inventory Count

There are times when you want to create an inventory count without including all of the items in a particular item group. When you create an inventory count and specify an item group, every item in that item group is assigned to the count if you do not edit it first. Of course, you can go back later and edit, but Inventory Management provides the ability to edit the count while creating it. For example, you want to count all of your turkey poultry products, but not your chicken poultry products.

1. On the Create Blank Inventory page, assign one or more Item Groups to the inventory count, and then click Edit Count.

2. To remove items from the count, select the items you want to remove, click Delete Item(s), and then click OK to confirm.

3. To add items to the count, click Add Items, search for and select the items you want to add, and then click OK.

4. Once you complete modifying the count, click Create Count.
5. To save the inventory count as a list to use for future counts, click **Save As List**.

### Viewing Inventory Counts

There are three different classifications of inventory counts:
- Suspended
- Booked
- Cancelled

The steps required to view these inventory counts are similar, regardless of the count type you select. Your selection determines what type of count you view.

1. Click **Store**, click **Inventory**, and then click **Suspended**, **Booked**, or **Cancelled**.
2. Click the appropriate **Document** name from the available selections within the count type.

### Grouping and Sorting Counts

You can group items in the count by item group or storage location and sort items by item name, item number, or POS number (for use with Storage Locations). When using advanced storage locations, you have the ability to sort by two additional criteria used when organizing your inventory: bin and sort.

1. On the Inventory Count detail page, click **Grouping and Sorting**, and then select the appropriate grouping and sorting settings.
2. If you are viewing the inventory by storage locations, set **Grouped by** to **None**, and then select **POS Number (Storage Location)** and **Item Name** as the **Sorted by** criteria.
3. Click **OK**.

### Freezing and Unfreezing the Count

Managers can freeze an inventory count to preserve its status and quantities entered to check the data before it is booked.

1. Click **Store**, click **Inventory**, and then click **Suspended**.
2. Click the appropriate **Document** name to open it, click **Freeze Count**, and then click **OK** to confirm.
3. Once the necessary parties review the count, click **Unfreeze Count** to either make changes or prepare for booking.

### Booking an Inventory Count

You can book inventory counts from two locations: the Suspended Inventory detail page and the Inventory Summary page.

1. Click **Store**, click **Inventory**, and then click **Suspended**.
2. To book the count from the Suspended Inventory detail page, select the appropriate count, and then click **Book Count**.
3. To book the count from the Inventory Summary page, click the appropriate count to open it, and then click Book Count.

**Unbooking an Inventory Count**

You can unbook the most recently booked inventory count. To unbook a count:

1. Click Store, click Inventory, and then click Booked.
2. Select the appropriate inventory count, click Unbook Count, and then click OK to confirm.

**Canceling a Count**

You must first cancel the count before creating a new count that contains any of the items included in the current count.

1. On the Inventory Overview page, select the appropriate count, and then click Cancel Count.
2. Enter the reason you want to cancel the selected count, and then click OK.
3. To view canceled counts, select the Cancelled Counts menu option on the Inventory Overview page.

**Generating the Inventory Variance Report**

The Inventory Daily Variance Report provides the ability to do spot checks on items by allowing you to view inventory variances throughout the day, as opposed to only at the end of day. It also shows the user responsible for booking the inventory count, for accountability purposes.

1. Click Store, click Inventory, and then click Inventory Daily Variance.
2. Enter the Cost Center, and then select the Inventory Date.
3. (Optional) Further refine your search by selecting an Item Group or an Item.
4. Click Refresh.
Manage Store

If you have administrative privileges in Inventory Management, your main menu contains the Manage Store module. Tasks include all tasks in Stock on Hand (SOH); standard SOH is for viewing without change capabilities.

The Manage Store Overview page is the first page that appears. By default, the page does not show any items, but it enables you to select filters, which saves page loading time.

• Changing the Units of Measure for an Item
• Adding and Removing Item Units from the Included and Excluded Units Lists
• Setting a Unit as the Default Store Unit
• Configuring Item Prices
• Managing Storage Locations

Changing the Units of Measure for an Item

You can use the Manage Store module to change the units of measure for any of the items in your inventory. You can add or remove units of measure from the available units used for counts.

1. Click Store, and then click Manage Store.
2. Search for and select the item you want to change, and then click Manage Units.
3. To remove units of measure from an item, in the Included pane, select the units you want to remove, and then click the button with the two right arrows to add them to the Excluded list.
4. To add units of measure to an item, in the Excluded pane, select the units you want to include, and then click the button with the two left arrows to add to add them to the Included list.
5. Once you complete unit management for inventory counts, click OK.

Adding and Removing Item Units from the Included and Excluded Units Lists

1. Click Store, and then click Manage Store.
2. Search for and select the item you want to change, and then click Manage Units.
3. To add a unit to the Included or Excluded unit list:
   a. Click the Add button beneath the Included pane or the Excluded pane.
   b. Place the cursor in the Unit field, and then press Enter to show the available units.
Select the unit you want to add to the list, and then click **OK**.

4. To remove units from the Included or Excluded unit list, select the units you want to remove from the Included or Excluded pane, and then click **Delete**.

5. After you finish adding and removing units, click **OK** to close the Manage Units dialog box.

### Setting a Unit as the Default Store Unit

Using the Manage Store module, you can change the default store unit for selected items. Oracle Hospitality recommends setting up each item with a store unit if no global store unit is assigned at the item group level. All reports and modules use base units when a store unit is not available.

1. Click **Store**, and then click **Manage Store**.

2. Search for and select the item for which you want to change the default store unit, and then click **Manage Units**.

3. In the Included pane, select the unit you want to make the default unit for the item, click **Store Unit**, and then click **OK** to confirm.

   The default unit shows in green font.

4. Click **OK** to close the Manage Unit dialog box, and then click **Refresh** to show the default unit changed for the selected item on the Manage Store Overview page.

### Configuring Item Prices

The changes made here appear when ordering and receiving the item. At this point, all prices are shown in base unit. Therefore, if the base unit is each, and the price is $1.00, and the item is received in case 24 each and the case price increases to $24.48, the base unit price would then need to be set to $1.02. This section requires some calculation on your part to come up with the base unit price when case prices change for an item.

This affects the price or value of inventory. Do not make changes unless fixed or standard costing is used for the inventory.

1. Click **Store**, and then click **Manage Store**.

2. Search for and select the appropriate item, and then click **Set Item Price**.

3. Enter the **New Price**, and then click **Save**.

### Managing Storage Locations

Storage locations are a means of organizing your inventory on the actual shelves in the various storage areas of your cost centers. By organizing your inventory, you can quickly take stock of your inventory to determine what needs to be ordered, without having to search your entire storage area for an item. This helps in reducing loss, since items are not placed in random, unorganized places where they can be overlooked and over ordered. Using carefully named locations and determining where exactly on the shelves items are stored is a key element in keeping good inventory.

There are two different types of storage locations in Inventory Management:
• **Standard storage**: Has nine storage locations and you can place items in any or all of the locations.

• **Advanced storage**: Has unlimited storage locations and is more precise in the placement of the items on the shelves in the cost center.

You can choose the type of storage location to implement. For most organizations, standard storage locations are sufficient. For commissaries, warehouses, or other large cost centers that have multiple revenue centers, advanced storage locations is advisable.

• **Standard Storage Locations**

• **Sorting Items in Standard Storage Locations**

• **Advanced Storage Locations**

• **Sorting Items in Advanced Storage Locations**

• **Assigning Standard Storage Locations to Items**

• **Editing Standard Storage Locations**

• **Changing Standard Storage Locations to Advanced Storage Locations**

• **Assigning Advanced Storage Locations to Items**

• **Editing Advanced Storage Locations**

### Standard Storage Locations

Standard storage locations provide most organizations with more than enough room for their entire inventory. Standard storage locations allow up to nine areas to define all cost center inventory. You can place items in any or all of those locations, and edit the storage locations as necessary. Common storage locations include:

- Walk-In Cooler (WIC)
- Walk-In Freezer (WIF)
- Cooks Line (CL)
- Dry Storage (DS)
- Liquor Storage (LS)
- Bar (BAR)

Standard storage locations are much easier to set up and maintain. If your site has nine or less storage locations, Oracle Hospitality recommends using standard storage locations.

### Sorting Items in Standard Storage Locations

Not only can you place items in a particular storage location, but you can also sort the items in those locations.

For example, in a dry storage area, you can have one shelf completely designated as the pasta shelf. On this shelf is spaghetti, elbow macaroni, fettuccine, and penne noodles. On the next shelf below the pasta is the bread shelf. On the bread shelf, you store pumpernickel, rye, white, wheat, sourdough, and Kaiser rolls. You want to ensure that all of the pastas stay on the pasta shelf and all of the breads stay on the
bread shelf. You assign the pasta shelf with the number of 1 and the bread shelf with a number of 2.

Table 12-1  Example of Items Sorted in a Standard Storage Location

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shelf Number</th>
<th>Dry Storage</th>
<th>Shelf Number</th>
<th>Dry Storage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shelf 1</td>
<td>Spaghetti</td>
<td>Shelf 2</td>
<td>Pumpernickel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Elbow macaroni</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rye</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Penne noodles</td>
<td></td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fettuccine</td>
<td></td>
<td>Wheat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Sourdough</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Kaiser rolls</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

You can assign numbers and categorize the items together. When the inventory count sheet is printed, these items are all together and bundled by their identifying numbers.

You must enter a number in the storage location field to mark it as the location for the item. If you choose not to use identifying numbers, your items list alphabetically. It is completely up to the organization and cost center’s discretion as to whether or not to group items by a number.

Advanced Storage Locations

Advanced storage locations are ideal for warehouses, commissaries, food courts, and other organizations that have multiple revenue centers or perhaps just a very large inventory that needs to be kept organized in a very clear and accurate manner. Advanced storage locations provide an organization with the ability to create an unlimited amount of storage locations and each item can exist in up to nine locations at one time. Furthermore, you can assign each item a bin and sort number that helps employees locate the item within the storage location.

Functionally, advanced storage locations act similarly to standard storage locations.

Sorting Items in Advanced Storage Locations

The sort and bin concepts are similar to sorting in standard storage locations. It determines where in the location the items are stored and their location on the shelf. For example, you want to sort the vodkas and rums. You decide vodkas are in one column (or sort) and the rums are in another column (or sort), and that all liquors are organized by top shelf, premium, and flavored liquors. Then, you assign numbers to items based on their placement in the sort and bin.

Table 12-2  Example of Liquors Sorted in an Advanced Storage Location

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bin Number</th>
<th>Vodka (Sort 1)</th>
<th>Rum (Sort 1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bin 1</td>
<td>Top shelf:</td>
<td>Top shelf:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Belvedere</td>
<td>• Flor de Cana</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Finlandia</td>
<td>• Bacardi 151</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Grey Goose</td>
<td>• Mt. Gay Rum Sugar Cane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bin 2</td>
<td>Premium:</td>
<td>Premium:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Absolut</td>
<td>• Captain Morgan's Spiced</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Ketel One</td>
<td>• Bacardi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Smirnoff</td>
<td>• Mt. Gay Rum Eclipse</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 12-2  (Cont.) Example of Liquors Sorted in an Advanced Storage Location

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bin Number</th>
<th>Vodka (Sort 1)</th>
<th>Rum (Sort 1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bin 3</td>
<td>Flavored:</td>
<td>Flavored:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Absolut Citron</td>
<td>• Captain Morgan's Parrot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Smirnoff Vanilla Twist</td>
<td>• Bay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Stolichnaya Blueberry</td>
<td>• Bacardi O (Orange)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• Cruzan Mango Rum</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the above example, Grey Goose is identified by sort 1 bin 1. Captain Morgan’s Spiced Rum is sort 2 bin 2. Smirnoff Vanilla Twist is sort 1 bin 3. Now, when doing inventory, employees know exactly where to go and where to look to find the items.

These numbers categorize the items together. When the inventory count sheet is printed out, all of the vodkas print together in alphabetical order. All of the rums print next and also in alphabetical order.

Use of these numbers to organize your items is completely optional. If you choose not to use identifying numbers, your items appear alphabetically. The organization and cost center decide to group items by numbers or not.

Assigning Standard Storage Locations to Items

1. Click Store, and then click Manage Store.
2. Click Storage Locations, and then use the filters to find the appropriate item group.
3. For each item in the group, enter the shelf number where the item is kept in the corresponding storage locations, and then click Save.

For example, if bread is kept in the Dry Storage (DS) location on shelf number 2. Enter 2 in the DS column corresponding to the item bread.

Editing Standard Storage Locations

1. Click Store, and then click Manage Store.
2. Click Storage Locations, and then click Edit Storage Locations.
3. If the modification affects the entire organization, select Global Name.
4. If the modification affects only a specific cost center, select Selected Cost Center, and then select the appropriate cost center.
5. Change the existing storage location names and their corresponding shortcuts (abbreviations), and then click Save.

Changing Standard Storage Locations to Advanced Storage Locations

Once you convert storage locations, you cannot revert the change.

1. Click Store, and then click Manage Store.
2. Click Storage Location, select the appropriate Cost Center, click Convert, and then click OK to confirm.
Assigning Advanced Storage Locations to Items

1. Click Store, and then click Manage Store.
2. Click Storage Locations, and then use the filters to find the items you want to assign.
3. In the appropriate Slot [number] column, click the Storage Location field adjacent to the item, and then select the storage location.
   Leave room in between slot numbers. If you use every number (1 through 10) and then you get a new item in slot 3, you have to change all of the numbers 2 and up. Instead, Oracle recommends creating slot numbers with spaces; for example, 10, 20, 30, 40, and so on. Then, when you need to add a new item, it can be designated slot 15 or slot 22.
4. Enter the Sort number for the item, and then enter the Bin number for the item.
5. To assign the item to another storage location, repeat Steps 3 through 4.
6. Click Save.

Editing Advanced Storage Locations

1. Click Store, and then click Manage Store.
2. Click Storage Locations, and then click Edit Storage Locations.
3. To add a new storage location, click Add, enter the Name of the new storage location, and then click OK.
4. To change the name of an existing storage location, select the storage location you want to edit, click Edit, enter the new storage Name, and then click OK.
5. To delete a storage location, select the storage location you want to delete, click Delete, and then click OK to confirm.
Stock on Hand

Stock on Hand provides you access to current stock on hand levels. Filtering tools allow you to view items below ideal par levels, items classified as expense, inactive items, and negative balance items (due to recipe errors or missing delivery receipts).

Oracle Hospitality recommends setting up and creating store units for all items. If there is no store unit for an item, it appears in its base unit in stock on hand. Creating store units reduces calculation errors.

Stock on Hand shows the following information in columns:

Table 13-1   Stock on Hand Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Item No.</td>
<td>This column shows the item number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item</td>
<td>This column shows the item name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unit</td>
<td>This column shows the unit of measure for the item, base or store.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOH</td>
<td>This column shows the current stock on hand for the item.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min</td>
<td>This column shows the minimum level of the item before reorder. This is only used with PAR Suggested Order Calculations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Par</td>
<td>This column shows the par level for the item. This is only used with PAR Suggested Order Calculations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max</td>
<td>This column shows the maximum quantity set for the item.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• Viewing the Current Stock on Hand

Viewing the Current Stock on Hand

1. Click Store, and then click Stock on Hand.
2. Use the filters to refine your search, and then click Refresh.
Waste

Wondering why actual usage does not match theoretical usage? Waste is a major contributing factor for these variances. Inventory Management provides the functionality to record waste products as they are discovered. You can create individual waste groups to meet your tracking needs (for example, breakage, spoilage, expiration date). Not only does this help identify problems with products, it can also help identify inefficient crew shifts.

Determine how your organization tracks and calculates waste on a company-wide basis: shift, daily, weekly, and so on. Inform your employees so that they can keep accurate track of their waste. This way everyone knows what type of waste is outstanding. Remember, waste does not deplete from the inventory until it is booked.

You can create a waste document from a list or you can create a blank waste document.

- Creating a Waste Document by List
- Creating a Blank Waste Document
- Viewing Waste Documents

Creating a Waste Document by List

1. Click Store, click Waste, and then click List.
2. Select the appropriate Document, enter any pertinent information in the Reference field, and then click Create.
3. Modify the wasted quantity of the items on the list.
4. To add items to the waste document:
   a. Click Add Item(s), search for and select the items you want to add, and then click OK.
   b. Close the Add Item(s) dialog box, and then enter the quantity wasted in the Qty column.
5. To add recipes to the waste document:
   a. Click Add Recipe(s), and then place the cursor in the Recipe field and press Enter.
   b. Select the recipe you want to add, enter the wasted quantity in the Qty field, and then click OK.
6. To save the list for later use, click Save or Suspend.
7. To book the waste document, click Book, and then click OK to confirm.

Creating a Blank Waste Document

1. Click Store, click Waste, and then click Blank Waste.
2. Select the **Waste Group**, enter any pertinent information in the **Reference** field, and then click **Create**.

3. To add items to the waste document:
   a. Click **Add Item(s)**, search for and select the items you want to add, and then click **OK**.
   b. Close the Add Item(s) dialog box, and then enter the quantity wasted in the **Qty** column.

4. To add recipes to the waste document:
   a. Click **Add Recipe(s)**, and then place the cursor in the **Recipe** field and press Enter.
   b. Select the recipe you want to add, enter the wasted quantity in the **Qty** field, and then click **OK**.

5. To save the waste document for later use, click **Save** or **Suspend**.

6. To book the waste document, click **Book**, and then click **OK** to confirm.

---

### Viewing Waste Documents

There are two types of waste:

- **Suspended**
- **Booked**

The steps required to view waste documents are the same, regardless of what type of waste is selected. To view Waste:

1. Click **Store**, click **Waste**, and then click **Suspend Waste** or **Booked Waste**.
2. Click the appropriate **Document** name to open it.

   If you opened a booked waste document, you can only print the document.
Recipes

You can use Inventory Management to calculate product cost and cooking instructions for each recipe from a central location. Inventory Management provides centralized recipe management. This guarantees that all of your locations have the most recent cooking instructions and specifications. When a new product is launched, you can have the specs sent to each restaurant simultaneously, as well as make updates instantly. As soon as a change is made to an existing recipe or a new recipe is created, it is available in all of your locations. No more emergency faxes or emails, no more last minute conference calls; the recipes are available to the entire organization the minute you click save. You can also include up to three photos to detail what the menu items looks like.

- Creating a Recipe
- Editing Ingredients in a Recipe
- Scaling a Recipe
- Printing a Recipe
- Deleting Recipe Ingredients

Creating a Recipe

1. Click Production, and then click Recipes.
2. Click Create Recipe, enter the Recipe Name, and then click OK.
   The ability to create a recipe is based on user rights. If you do not have the rights to create a recipe, the system grays out the Create Recipes button.
3. On the Ingredients tab, enter the Recipe Group, enter the Major Group, and then click Save to activate the buttons at the bottom of the page.
4. Scroll down to the end of the page, and then click New Ingredient.
5. Select the Ingredient Type, and then depending on your selection, enter the following details:
   - Item Group: Enter the item group for the ingredient.
   - Recipe Group: Enter the recipe group for the ingredient.
   - Item: Enter the item name.
   - Recipe: Enter the recipe name.
   - Expense: Enter the expense name.
6. Click Add.
7. Repeat Steps 5 through 6 until you add all the recipe ingredients, and then click Close.
8. To apply a visibility criteria, click Visibility, assign the Visibility Category and the Cost Centers for which the new recipe exists, and then click Save.
Visibility criteria only applies to those using the feature.

9. (Optional) On the Ingredients tab, enter the following details:
   - **Recipe Yield**: Enter the amount that the recipe yields and the type (for example, each, portion, pound, and so on).
   - **Portion Size**: Enter the portion size.
     Plan portion sizes carefully. Recipes are added to other recipes by portion and easy math is always a good idea. For example, a batch of soup equals 360 ounces, a cup of soup equals 6 ounces, and a bowl of soup equals 10 ounces. Measure portions in ounces so portions are easy to use in any of the recipes. It would be poor planning to make a portion size in pints as pints cannot be easily broken into a 6 ounce soup cup or a 10 ounce soup bowl.
   - **S. Price**: Enter the sales price of one portion.
   - **Production Lost**: Enter the percentage of loss that is generated through the creation of this recipe.

10. To configure the recipe as a production item:
   a. Click the **Prod. Item** button adjacent to the **Production Item** field, and then select the **Item Type**
   b. To create a new production item, select **New**, and then enter the **Item Group**.
   c. To link to an existing production item, select **Existing**, and then enter the name of the existing item.
   d. Click **Create/Link (PA) Item**.

11. (Optional) Click the **Details** tab, and then enter the following details:
   - **Names in Menu**: Enter the name of the item in the menu. For example, you have a menu item called a Monster Burger, but in the kitchen it shows 2X 1/4lb patty hamburger.
   - **Production Specification**: Enter the preparation instructions.
   - **Service Instructions**: Enter any instructions on how to serve, garnish, or deliver this recipe to the customer (for example, include steak knife).

12. To add an image of the recipe, on the Details tab, click **Set**, select the appropriate image name from the list, and then click **OK**.
    The image can include preparation pictures, plating examples, and so on.

13. (Optional) Click the **Production** tab, and then enter the following details:
   - **Preparation Area**: Enter the location where in the restaurant the recipe is prepared.
   - **Expires In**: Enter how many days in advance the recipe can be made and used. For example, you determine cheesecake has a shelf life of three to seven days. If the cheesecake is made on March 1, you throw it away by March 7.
   - **Use in Inventory Counts**: Select this option if you want the system to count the recipe as an item in inventory counts. Recipes counted as items must be pulled into an inventory count or list, allowing it to be added to a storage location.
   - **Production Instruction**: Enter any instructions on creating this recipe from a production point of view.
14. To specify the nutrient calculation method for the recipe,
   a. Click the **Nutrients** tab, and then select the appropriate method:
      • **Calculated Nutrients**: Select this option to use nutrient information from each ingredient as set in the Master Data module.
      • **Manually Assigned Nutrients**: Select this option to enter nutrient information yourself.
   b. If you selected **Manually Assigned Nutrients** as the **Nutrient Calculation Method**, enter the nutrient amount in the recipe for each nutrient group.

15. Click **Save**.

**Editing Ingredients in a Recipe**

1. Click **Production**, and then click **Recipes**.
2. Click **Refresh** to populate the page with previously created recipes.
3. Click the appropriate **Recipe Name**, select the ingredient you want to modify, and then click **Edit Ingredients**.
4. In the Edit Ingredient dialog box, make the necessary modifications, and then click **OK**.
5. To move to the next ingredient, use the up and down arrows on the top left corner of the dialog box.
6. Once you complete editing the ingredients, close the dialog box, and then click **Save**.

**Scaling a Recipe**

1. Click **Production**, and then click **Recipe**.
2. Use the filters to narrow your search, click the **Recipe Name** to open it, and then click **Scale Recipe**.
3. In the Scale Recipes dialog box, enter the **New Number of Portions**, select one of the following scaling methods, and then click **OK**.
   • **QTY of Ingredients**: Select this option to increase or decrease the recipe size. This is useful for items that are usually made individually, but can also be made in bulk. For example, you have a regular menu that has a baked ziti entree, but also has a catering menu that can provide the same baked ziti in a larger quantity.
   • **Only Number of Portions**: Select Only Number of Portions for Items that are embedded in other Recipes. For example, mashed potatoes and gravy is a possible side dish for 5 different meat and potatoes entrees. The mashed potatoes and gravy are made in bulk, but are served in portions as ordered. Therefore, only a portion of the whole is provided for each.
• **Only Portion Size**: Select Only Portion Size if you wish to increase the size of your portions but do not want to increase the quantity of your Ingredients. For example, you have a banana cream pie that, when sliced, creates 8 servings. You want to increase the size of your slices and slice the pie into 6 slices. Therefore, you would enter 6 in the New Number Portion field and the 1 pie would yield 6 servings.

### Printing a Recipe

There are many printing options available for recipes, as every organization has different needs for their cooks.

1. Click **Production**, and then click **Recipes**.
2. Use the filters to narrow your search, click the **Recipe Name** to open it, and then click **Print**.
   
   A PDF of the recipe opens in a new browser window.
3. Click **Print** on the new browser window, enter the **Cost Center**, select the report you want to print from the **List of Reports** drop-down list, and then click **OK**.
   
   The report you chose opens in a new browser window.
4. Click the **File** tab on the browser window that shows the report, and then select **Print**.

### Deleting Recipe Ingredients

1. Click **Production**, and then click **Recipes**.
2. Use the filters to narrow your search, and then click the **Recipe Name** to open it.
3. Select the ingredients you want to delete, click **Delete Ingredient**, and then **OK** to confirm.
Search/Replace Recipe Ingredients

Both large and small organizations can have many recipes. For larger organizations, the recipes could potentially number in the hundreds. So what happens when one of the more commonly used ingredients is being replaced or discontinued? You could go recipe by recipe, swapping the old ingredient and replacing it with the new, but this is time consuming. Especially when the amount of recipes that contain this ingredient could number in the hundreds. Instead, system administrators can use the Search/Replace Recipe Ingredients page to search all of the recipes of an organization and isolate a specific ingredient.

- Replacing a Recipe Ingredient

Replacing a Recipe Ingredient

1. Click Production, and then click Search/Replace Recipe Ingredients.
2. Enter the Item or place the cursor on the Item field and press Enter to view a list of available items, and then click Refresh.
3. Select the recipes you want to modify from the list, and then click Replace Item.
4. In the Replace Items in Selected Recipes dialog box, enter the new Item or the new Recipe that replaces the ingredient.
5. Determine how the quantity changes, and then click OK.
   - Multiply by Factor: If you select this option, enter the amount by which the system multiplies the replaced ingredient in the recipes.
   - New POT Qty: If you select this option, enter the new quantity of the replaced ingredient the system adds to the recipes.
   - Stand. Portion: Select the new portion size.
   - Change Loss: If the Ingredient has loss associated with it, define the percentages in this section. You can assign two losses to an ingredient. (Functionality of these losses is the same as items in Master Data.)
6. To view your new recipes, enter the name of the new item in the Item field, and then click Refresh.
Production

Production is where you can take batch recipes and turn them into production items. For example, a sandwich shop sells every sandwich with a side of freshly made 2 ounces of potato salad. If the shop sells 25 sandwiches a day, it most certainly is not going to make every 2 ounces cup of potato salad fresh each time. They are going to make 50 ounces of potato salad and turn it into a production item. This means that with every sandwich made, they include 2 ounces of potato salad in the overall recipe. Creating production items also enables you to inventory the product as one item, as opposed to mathematically factoring how much of each ingredient is included in the amount of potato salad at inventory time.

Once you book a production, you cannot unbook it. The stock on hand changes from the ingredients to the production item immediately after you book the production.

- Creating a Production by List
- Creating a Blank Production
- Viewing Productions

Creating a Production by List

1. Click Production, click Production, and then click List.
2. Select the appropriate production list, enter the Name for the new production list, click Create, and then modify the list as required.
3. To add items to the list, click Add Item(s), search for and select the items you want to add, and then click OK.
4. To remove items from the list, select the items you want to remove, click Delete Item(s), and then click OK to confirm.
5. To save the production list for later use, click Save or Suspend.
6. To finalize the production list, click Book, and then click OK to confirm.

Creating a Blank Production

1. Click Production, click Production, and then click Blank Production.
2. Enter the Cost Center, select the Date, enter the Name for the production list, and then click Create.
   Make sure the production date is in the past or present; otherwise, you cannot book the production.
3. To add items to the document, click Add Item(s), search for and select the items you want to add, and then click OK.
4. To remove items from the document, select the items you want to remove, click Delete Item(s), and then click OK to confirm.
5. To save the production list for later use, click Save or Suspend.
6. To finalize the production list, click **Book**, and then click **OK** to confirm.

**Viewing Productions**

There are two statuses that a production document can have:

- Suspended
- Booked

The steps required to view production documents are the same regardless of the production type that you select.

1. Click **Production**, click **Production**, and then click **Suspended Production** or **Booked Production**.

2. Click the **Name** of the appropriate production document to open it.

Suspended productions appear in green. Booked productions appear in blue. You can only modify suspended productions, and not booked productions.
Preparation and Thaw Pull

Preparation and Thaw Pull is a page that is for viewing purposes only. However, you can find an abundance of information here with regard to planning, for example, how much produce must you pull from the freezer or refrigerator and prepare to create as little waste as possible. Preparation and Thaw Pull helps forecast how much of something you need to pull or prep, based on the previous eight weeks of sales.

In order to use this page:

- Classify items as either a prep item or a thaw item from the Production tab in the Items page.
- Activate sales depletions

Preparation and Thaw Pull shows the following information in columns:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Item</td>
<td>This column shows the item name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thaw Time</td>
<td>This column shows the length of time it takes for the item to thaw for use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelf Life</td>
<td>This column shows the length of time the item stays fresh or is usable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perish On</td>
<td>This column shows the day the item is no longer usable and needs to be classified as waste.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unit</td>
<td>This column shows the unit of the item.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOH Begin</td>
<td>This column shows the stock on hand before production.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Produced</td>
<td>This column shows how much of the item was produced.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average Usage</td>
<td>This column shows the average usage of the item over averaged sales.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prep. Min.</td>
<td>This column shows the minimum item amount the site prepares for average sales.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prep. Max</td>
<td>This column shows the maximum item amount the site prepares to cover the estimates based on average sales.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Viewing Prep and Thaw Pull Statistics

Viewing Prep and Thaw Pull Statistics

1. Click Production, and then click Preparation Thaw Pull.
2. Enter the Cost Center, and then select the Type.
3. (Optional) Enter the Item Group.
4. Select the Display unit, and then click Refresh.
Yield Management

Yield Management gives you the ability to break one item into multiple parts, and assign those multiple parts accordingly, as either waste or product. For example, an establishment receives lettuce in 1 pound heads and shreds it in house. The 1 pound head of lettuce has 12 ounces of usable lettuce and a 4 ounces stem. The 12 ounces of usable lettuce is shredded and the 4 ounces of stem is assigned as waste. Therefore, that 1 pound head of lettuce yielded two separate parts: shredded and waste.

You can create a yield from a list or you can create a blank yield.

• Creating a Yield by List
• Creating a Blank Yield
• Viewing Yields

Creating a Yield by List

1. Click Production, click Yield Management, and then click List.
2. Select the appropriate yield document, enter the Cost Center, and then modify the Yield Name and Date (optional).
3. Click Create, and then modify the yield as required.
4. To add items to the yield, click Add Item(s), search for and select the items you want to add, and then click OK.
5. To remove items from the yield, select the items you want to remove, click Delete Item(s), and then click OK to confirm.
6. To save the yield for later use, click Save or Suspend.
7. To finalize the yield, click Book, and then click OK to confirm.

Creating a Blank Yield

1. Click Production, click Yield Management, and then click Blank Yield.
2. Enter the Cost Center, enter the Item, enter the Waste Group, and then select the Date.
3. (Optional) Modify the Yield Name, and then enter any pertinent information in the Reference field.
4. Click Create, and then enter the amount of the item being processed in the yield in the Quantity field.
5. To add items to the yield, click Add Item(s), search for and select the items you want to add, and then click OK.
6. To remove items from the yield, select the items you want to remove, click Delete Item(s), and then click OK to confirm.
7. To save the yield for later use, click **Save** or **Suspend**.
8. To finalize the yield, click **Book**, and then click **OK** to confirm.

**Viewing Yields**

1. Click **Production**, click **Yield Management**, and then click **Suspended Yield** or **Booked Yield**.
2. Click the **Yield Name** of the appropriate document to open it.
Event Menu Planning

Event Menu Planning enables you to:

- Plan future menus for your cost centers
- Measure the planned, expected, and actual profitability of a menu
- Print recipe report to determine the inventory items your cost center orders

Before creating an Event Menu Plan, create menu groups. See Menu Groups for instructions.

The following table describes the symbols and styles used in the Event Menu Planning page:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbols and Styles</th>
<th>Connotation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>!</td>
<td>The menu item is not linked to a recipe or an inventory item. No sales price, revenue, margin, and COS value are populated. That is, the values are shown as 0.00. Once the menu item is linked to a recipe or inventory item in Menu Item Linking, all values in Event Menu Planning update accordingly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The menu item number (PLU) is red.</td>
<td>The menu item is inactive.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Event Menu Item Classifications

In Event Menu Planning, menu items are rated based on their popularity and contribution within each course.

The popularity of a menu item is calculated using the formula:
Demand = Number of items sold of a particular menu item / Total number of menu items sold.

If a menu item's sales percentage is greater than the average sales percentage for the entire menu, it receives a rating of HH to indicate it has a higher sales percentage than the demand mix. If a menu item's sales percentage is lower than the average sales percentage for the entire menu, it receives a rating of LL.

The contribution of a menu item is calculated using the formula:

Contribution Margin = Menu price - Food cost

If a menu item's contribution is greater than the average contribution of the entire menu, it receives a rating of HH to indicate that it has an above average contribution margin. If a menu item's contribution is lower than the average contribution of the entire menu, it receives a rating of LL.

According to this rating, the items are classified into four types and are styled as follows:

Table 20-2  Event Menu Item Classifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Menu Item Rating</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Color Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HH</td>
<td>The item is both profitable and popular.</td>
<td>Green</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HL</td>
<td>The item is high in popularity but low in profit.</td>
<td>Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LH</td>
<td>The item is low in popularity but high in profit.</td>
<td>Orange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LL</td>
<td>The item is both low in popularity and profit.</td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Configuring the Event Menu Plan Overview and Details Pages

1. Click Maintenance, click Settings, and then click the Event Menu Plan tab.

2. Configure the following settings:
   - **Result Set Quantity**: Enter the maximum number of records to show in the Event Menu Plan Overview page. You can configure the Event Menu Plan Overview page to show a maximum of 9999 records.
   - **Sort Method**: Select how to sort menu items on the Event Menu Plan page.
     - **Item Name**: Sorts the menu items in alphabetical order.
     - **Item Number**: Sorts the menu items by their number.
     - **Position**: Sorts the menu items by their Point-of-Sale (POS) position.

3. Click Save.

Enabling Event Menu Planning for a User

1. Click Maintenance, and then click User Management.
2. Select the appropriate user from the list, and then click Manage User Right.

3. In Module Group, click Production, and then under Menu Planning in Production/ Function, select Event Menu Planning, Save Event Menu Plan, and Add/Delete Items to an Event Menu Plan Document.

4. Click Save.

Enabling Menu Planning by List

1. Click Maintenance, and then click User Management.

2. Select the appropriate user from the list, and then click Manage User Right.

3. In Module Group, click System, and then under List Management in System/ Function, select Menu Plan List and Add Menu Items to Menu Plan created from List.

4. Click Save.

Creating an Event Menu Plan

1. Click Production, click Event Menu Plan, and then click Blank Event Menu Plan.

2. Select a Cost Center, select a Menu Group, and then enter the Name for the menu plan.

3. In the From date editor, select the date the menu plan becomes active, and then in the To date editor, select the date the menu plan becomes inactive.

4. Click Create.

5. Click Add Menu Item(s), select a Menu Group, use the other filters to streamline your search, and then click Refresh. Menu items listed here are synced from Reporting and Analytics.

6. Select the menu items to add to the menu plan, and then click OK.

7. Click Load Sales to import sales for the inserted menu items, and then click Yes to confirm.

8. To add planned quantities for menu items in the Event Menu Plan, for each item, enter the quantity in the QTY column of the respective item, and then click Calculate to calculate the data.

9. Click Save or Suspend.

10. To save the menu for future use as a template or list, click Save as List.

Creating an Event Menu Plan from an Existing List

1. Click Production, click Event Menu Plan, and then click List.

2. Click Refresh to populate the page, and then select an existing menu plan from the list.

3. Modify the event menu name, cost center, and menu active duration, and then click Create.
Changing the Menu Level of Items in an Event Menu Plan

1. Click Production, click Event Menu Plan, and then click Suspended.
2. Click the appropriate Document, select the menu items to modify, and then click Change Menu Level.
3. Select a new menu level from the list, and then click OK.
4. Click Save or Suspend.

Deleting Menu Items from an Event Menu Plan

1. Click Production, click Event Menu Plan, and then click Suspended.
2. Click the appropriate Document, select the menu items to delete, and then click Delete Menu Item(s).
3. Click Save or Suspend.

Viewing and Modifying Suspended Event Menu Plans

1. Click Production, click Event Menu Plan, and then click Suspended.
2. Click the Document to modify, make the necessary changes, and then click Save or Suspend.

Printing Recipes for Linked Recipes and Items in an Event Menu

This feature enables you to print a list of all items included in the selected recipes. This can be used as a general list of ingredients needed for an event.

1. Click Production, click Event Menu Plan, and then click Suspended.
2. Click the appropriate Document to open it, click Print Recipe(s), select a template using Select Report, and then click OK.
Menu Item Linking

It is through linking menu items that Inventory Management accurately depletes the stock on hand of inventory items. You can link one menu item to multiple inventory items or recipes. That is, if your organization has a recipe that is sold multiple ways, you can link the menu item to up to 10 menu levels of that recipe.

For example, a restaurant sells French fries in two different sizes: small and large. The restaurant has created a recipe for French fries, but the recipe is only applicable for a small size. A large fries is equal to two small fries. By linking the recipes and knowing the ratio, Inventory Management determines that when a large fries is sold, two portions of the small fries recipe must be depleted in order to account for the sale.

Inventory Management can also deplete items and recipes based on the order type information sent from the Point-of-Sale (POS) client. This is suitable for organizations that implement different product preparation that is dependent on the order type. For example, a coffee shop that sells coffee to go in a paper cup and coffee in-house in a porcelain mug. The recipe for the coffee to go would include a paper cup and lid, but the coffee in-house would not.

How your recipes and menu levels are set up determine how you link your recipes.

- Menu Item Linking With Negative Quantities
- Linking a Menu Item to Other Menu Items
- Linking a Menu Item to Recipes
- Linking a Menu Item by Order Type
- Unlinking Menu Items

Menu Item Linking With Negative Quantities

Instead of creating separate recipes for items with and without condiments, menu item linking enables you to use the same recipe created for adding the condiment, but with a negative quantity. For example, imagine you have a menu item for cheeseburger that is linked to the cheeseburger recipe. The cheeseburger recipe contains:

- 1 ea. patty
- 1 ea. bun
- 1 ea. slice cheese
- 1 oz. ketchup
- 1 oz. mustard
- 1 oz. onions

A server rings in 1 Cheeseburger NO Ketchup. Since the recipe for cheeseburger depletes 1 oz. of ketchup, you need to add it back so that ketchup is not depleted. Therefore, you would link the No Ketchup modifier to the ketchup 1 oz. recipe with a negative 1 quantity.
Linking a Menu Item to Other Menu Items

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Menu Item Linking.
2. Use the filters to narrow your search, and then click the Menu Item Name of the item you want to link.
3. If the menu item is the same for all menu levels, select Always use Menu Level 1.
4. If menu item differs for each menu level, select Use individual linking for each Menu Level, and then select one or more menu levels.
5. Scroll down to the bottom of the page and click Link Item or place the cursor in the Item field, and then press Enter.
6. Select the item to which you want to link the menu item, and then click OK.
7. (Optional) Modify the item quantity in the Qty field.
8. Scroll down to the bottom of the page and click Link to all Cost Centers, deselect the cost center where you do not want the menu item to be linked, and then click OK.
9. Click OK.

Linking a Menu Item to Recipes

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Menu Item Linking.
2. Use the filters to narrow your search, and then click the Menu Item Name of the item you want to link.
3. If the recipe is the same for all menu levels, select Always use Menu Level 1.
4. If the recipe differs for each menu level, select Use individual linking for each Menu Level, and then select the menu levels.
5. Scroll down to the bottom of the page and click Link Recipe or place the cursor in the Recipe field, and then press Enter.
6. Select the recipe to which you want to link the menu item, and then click OK.
7. Modify the recipe quantity in the Qty field.
   For example, imagine you are linking a french fry recipe to menu levels 1, 2, and 3, where 1 is a small size, 2 is a medium size, and 3 is a large size. A small is one portion of the recipe, a medium is 1 1/2 portions, and a large is 2 portions. Therefore, you would enter 1.5 in the quantity field for menu level 2, and 2 in the quantity field for level 3.
8. Scroll down to the bottom of the page and click Link to all Cost Centers, deselect the cost centers where you do not want the menu item to be linked, and then click OK.
9. Click OK.

Linking a Menu Item by Order Type

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Menu Item Linking.
2. Use the filters to narrow your search, and then click the **Menu Item Name** of the item you want to link.

3. Click the button in the OT column adjacent to the menu item name, and then select one or more order types.
   
   You can link the menu item to up to eight different order types.

4. Click **Link Recipe** or **Link Item**, select the recipe or menu item to which you want to link the menu item, and then click **OK**.

5. Scroll down to the bottom of the page and click **Link to all Cost Centers**, deselect the cost centers where you do not want the menu item to be linked, and then click **OK**.

6. Click **OK** to close the Edit Linking dialog box.

**Unlinking Menu Items**

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **Menu Item Linking**.

2. Use the filters to narrow your search, and then click the **Menu Item Name** of the item you want to unlink.

3. To unlink all items and recipes, click **Unlink All**, and then click **OK** to confirm.

4. To unlink specific items and recipes, select the items or recipes you want to unlink, and then click **Unlink**.
The Booking Sales page enables you to access and view menu items that were not booked in sales. You can use this page to:

- Monitor the items and inventory coming in to the location or locations
- Assign the appropriate POS system for your organization

There are four errors that can occur to result in unbooked sales:

### Table 22-1 Causes for Unbooked Sales

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Error Code</th>
<th>Error Description</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Menu item not found</td>
<td>This error occurs when Reporting and Analytics Advanced has not synced master data for the menu item yet. After end of day runs and information is sent from Reporting and Analytics Advanced to Inventory Management, you can manually book the sales. If the sales remain in the buffer into the following day, contact Oracle Hospitality Support to have the issue resolved.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Sales location not found</td>
<td>This error occurs if sales are sent to a revenue center that is not linked to a cost center. Before these sales can be booked, the revenue center must be linked to a cost center in the Devices page. Contact Oracle Hospitality Support for assistance with this step before moving on to book the sales.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Menu item inactive</td>
<td>Menu Items that are deactivated in menu item linking, but incur sales are stored in the unbooked sales buffer. You must activate these items in order to book their sales. Once activated, the sales book automatically.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Menu item not assigned to item or recipe</td>
<td>Menu items that are not linked to an item or a recipe remain in Unbooked Sales until they are linked. Once linked, you can book the sales.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Assigning a POS System
- Viewing Devices
- Booking the Sales of Menu Items Not Found
- Booking the Sales of Locations Not Found
- Booking the Sales of Inactive Menu Items
- Booking the Sales of Menu Items Not Linked to Items or Recipes
- Booking Unbooked POS Waste Checks
- Viewing Cost Centers With Missing Sales
- Viewing Booked Sales and Unbooking Booked Sales
Assigning a POS System

Note:
Only Oracle maintains the assignment of POS systems.

1. Click Maintenance, click Booking Sales, and then click POS System.
2. Select the appropriate POS System, and then click Save.

Viewing Devices

The term device is defined as a revenue center that books sales. You must manually link a device to a cost center to enable accurate menu items, sales, and stock depletion information. Cost centers can be linked to either one device, such as a single bar within an airport, or linked to multiple revenue centers such as a restaurant with multiple revenue centers.

The devices listed are typically configured by Oracle and synced from Reporting and Analytics. In most cases, devices reflect an organization’s POS system. Any incorrect changes made here can harm the system. Do not make adjustments to other fields besides linking devices to a cost center.

To view devices, click Maintenance, Booking Sales, and then click Devices.

Customers with e7 POS must have revenue centers manually created in Reporting and Analytics so they can be synced to Inventory Management.

Booking the Sales of Menu Items Not Found

1. Click Maintenance, click Booking Sales, and then click Unbooked Sales.
2. Click the Error Text Menu Item Not Found, select the sales you want to book, click Book Sales, and then click OK to confirm.

Booking the Sales of Locations Not Found

Perform these steps only after assigning revenue centers to cost centers. Contact Oracle Hospitality Support for assistance with this step before moving on to book the sales.

1. Click Maintenance, click Booking Sales, and then click Unbooked Sales.
2. Click the Error Text Sales Location not found, select the sales you want to book, click Book Sales, and then click OK to confirm.

Booking the Sales of Inactive Menu Items

1. Click Maintenance, click Booking Sales, and then click Unbooked Sales.
2. Click the Error Text *Menu Item is Inactive*, select the menu items you want to activate, and then click *Activate*.

**Booking the Sales of Menu Items Not Linked to Items or Recipes**

1. Click *Maintenance*, click *Booking Sales*, and then click *Unbooked Sales*.
2. Click the Error Text *Menu Item not assigned to Item or Recipe*, and then click the *Menu Item Name* of the item you want to link.
3. To link the menu item to an item, follow the instructions in Linking a Menu Item to Other Menu Items from Step 3 onwards.
4. To link the menu item to a recipe, follow the instructions in Linking a Menu Item to Recipes from Step 3 onwards.

**Booking Unbooked POS Waste Checks**

1. Click *Maintenance*, click *Booking Sales*, and then click *Unbooked POS Waste Checks*.
2. Click the Error Text of an unbooked record, select the waste checks you want to book, click *Book Waste*, and then click *OK* to confirm.

**Viewing Cost Centers With Missing Sales**

1. Click *Maintenance*, click *Booking Sales*, and then click *Missing Sales*.
2. Click the record you want to view.
   
   A window opens showing the cost centers that are missing sales.

**Viewing Booked Sales and Unbooking Booked Sales**

Booked Sales shows all cost centers that posted sales from Reporting and Analytics Advanced for a particular date. From this page you can also unbook booked sales.

When unbooking sales, make sure that recipes have not been adjusted between the date of the sales to be unbooked and the current date. This causes a discrepancy in inventory depletion.

1. Click *Maintenance*, click *Booking Sales*, and then click *Booked Sales*.
2. Select the record you want to unbook, click *Unbook Sales*, and then click *OK* to confirm.
3. Return to the Booking Sales Overview page, and then click *Unbooked Sales*.
4. Locate and select the sales that you unbooked in Step 2, and then click *Book Sales*.

   This resets the sales to zero for that day.
Master Data

Master Data is where you set up all information regarding vendors, cost centers, waste, items, and so on. Master Data setup enable the modules to share essential information with other areas of Inventory Management.

- Audit Trail
- Setting Up Over Groups, Major Groups, Item Groups, Items, and Vendors
- Creating a Unit
- Modifying a Unit
- Production Units
- Master Data Translation
- Recipe Groups
- Preparation Types
- Waste Over Groups
- Waste Groups
- Nutrient Groups
- Reason Codes
- Categories
- Vendors
- Vendor Groups
- Cost Centers
- Creating a New Cost Center
- Clients
- Taxes
- Adjustment Types
- Fiscal Fields
- Foreign Currency
- Visibility Criteria
- Account Classes

Audit Trail

An Audit Trail button appears in many of the modules within Master Data. Audit trails provide organizations with additional integrity checks for sensitive modules. This feature tracks all the changes that are made in Master Data, including the date, version number, reason and user. When you click the Audit Trail button, a window opens that shows the history of the item, vendor, and so on, in chronological order.
Each change that is listed has a time stamp link. When you click the link, a snap shot of the change appears in a new window, providing a comparison of what is different between the old and the new version.

To enable the audit trail, click Maintenance, click Settings, click the General tab, and then select Enable Audit Trail.

Setting Up Over Groups, Major Groups, Item Groups, Items, and Vendors

The initial setup for over groups, major groups, item groups, items, and vendors is easier if carried out through the spreadsheet. Oracle Hospitality provides the organization with a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet to complete. After you return the spreadsheet, Oracle Hospitality imports it through the Import Master Data page.

However, if the spreadsheet method is used, all over groups, major groups, item groups, items and vendors must be entered using that method, it is an all or nothing procedure.

The topics in this section describe how to configure over groups, major groups, item groups, items, and vendors through the system, without using the spreadsheet method.

- Creating an Over Group
- Deleting an Over Group
- Creating a Major Group
- Modifying a Major Group
- Deleting a Major Group
- Creating an Item Group
- Modifying an Item Group
- Deleting an Item Group
- Creating a New Item
- Modifying an Item
- Adjusting the Visibility of an Item
- Assigning a Standard Price to Multiple Items
- Copying Standard Item Prices from One Cost Center to Another
- Deleting an Item

Creating an Over Group

1. Click Master Data, and then click Over Groups.
2. Click New, enter the Over Group name, select the appropriate Over Group Type, and then click Save.

Once an over group is saved, you cannot change its type. The type designates all major groups, item groups, and items that belong to the over group. Although you cannot change the type, you can delete and re-add over group as long as it does not have any major groups assigned.
Deleting an Over Group

You can only delete over groups that do not have any child records (major groups). To delete an over group that has major groups, first delete or deactivate the major groups that are assigned to it. Even when it is possible to delete an over group, you are never truly deleting it. Rather, you are setting its status to inactive.

To deactivate an over group that has no child records:

1. Click Master Data, and then click Over Group.
2. Click the Over Group you want to deactivate to open it, and then click Delete.
3. Click OK to confirm.

Creating a Major Group

1. Click Master Data, and then click Major Groups.
2. Click New, enter the Major Group name, and then select the Type.
   
   Once a major group is saved, you cannot change its type. The type designates all item groups and items that belong to the major group. Although you cannot change the type, you can delete and re-add the major group as long as it does not have any item groups assigned.

3. Select the Sales Tax, and then enter the Over Group or place the cursor in the Over Group field and press Enter to select the over group from a list.

   Over group assignment is based on the major group type selected.

   The sales tax rate defined here is used in recipes that belong to this major group. This enables a more detailed cost calculation, including net and gross sales price.

4. (Optional) Enter the Rev. Account (revenue account) or the Cons. Account (consumption account), and then select the expenses category for accounts payable (A/P) or general ledger (GL) reporting.

5. Click Save.

Modifying a Major Group

1. Click Master Data, and then click Major Groups.
2. Click Refresh to populate the page, and then click the Major Group you want to modify.
3. Make the necessary changes, and then click Save.

Deleting a Major Group

You can only delete major groups that do not have any child records (item groups) assigned. To delete a major group that has item groups, first delete or deactivate the item groups that are assigned to it. Even when it is possible to delete a major group, you are never truly deleting it. Rather, you are setting its status to inactive. Only after a major group is deactivated can you deactivate its over group (its parent).

To deactivate a major group that has no child records:
1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Major Groups**.
2. Click **Refresh** to populate the page, and then click the **Major Group** you want to deactivate.
3. Click **Delete**, and then click **OK** to confirm.

Creating an Item Group

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Item Groups**.
2. Click **New**, and then enter the **Item Group** name.
3. On the **Edit Item Group** tab, configure the following details:
   - **Type**: Select the item group type as either Cost of Sales (COS) or Expense. Once the item group is saved, you cannot change its type.
   - **Major Group**: Enter the major group for this item group.
   - **Item Group is not used for Transfer**: Select this option if all items in this item group are unavailable for transfers or requests.
   - (Optional) **Purchase Tax**: Select any taxes associated with buying a product.
   - (Optional) **Requirement Group 1**: Enter the first requirement group the item group fits into.
   - (Optional) **Requirement Group 2**: Enter the second requirement group the item group fits into.
   - (Optional) **Exclude from myInventory Reports**: Select this option to exclude the item group from all Inventory Management Reports in Reporting and Analytics Advanced.
   - (Optional) **No Inventory Variance (‘Act is Theo’)**: Select this option if you do not want any variances to register for this item group. This option actualizes theoretical values in inventory counts so the actual value and theoretical value match in the inventory counts.
4. (Optional) Click the **Order Qty. Quantity** tab, and then configure the following details:
   - **Rounding**: This determines the rounding of the item in an order. For example, if the order calls for 8.76 pounds of potatoes and potatoes are only available in 5-pound bags, then based on the selection, the system rounds the order up, down, or to the nearest value. In this case, if Round Up is selected, the system places the Order for two 5 pounds bags of potatoes.
   - **Manual**: Select this option to calculate orders based on the manual entry of quantities in ordering. Selecting this option overrides the values set in item groups.
   - **Average Usage**: Select this option to calculate orders based on suggested forecast values and override any average usage values predetermined in item groups.
   - **Net Sales**: Select this option to calculate the quantity based on the forecasted sales information transferred from Reporting and Analytics Advanced and a factor required to generate $1000 revenue.
   - **PAR**: Select this option to calculate orders based on PAR levels that are set in Manage Store.
• **Safety Factor**: Enter the percentage to order over the amount calculated. Entering a percentage ensures that enough product (5% extra) is ordered in addition to the standing order to prevent shortages.

• **Subtract SOH**: Select this option to subtract the existing stock-on-hand from the order amount. This ensures the existing stock is not taken into consideration at the time of order.

5. Click **Save**.

### Modifying an Item Group

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Item Groups**.
2. Click **Refresh** to populate the page, and then click the **Item Group** you want to modify.
3. Make the necessary changes, and then click **Save**.

### Deleting an Item Group

You can only delete item groups that do not have any child records (items) assigned. Even when it is possible to delete an item group, you are never truly deleting it. Rather, you are setting its status to inactive. Only after an item group is deactivated can you deactivate its major group (its parent).

To deactivate an item group that has no child records:

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Item Groups**.
2. Click **Refresh** to populate the page, and then click the **Item Group** you want to deactivate.
3. Click **Delete**, and then click **OK** to confirm.

### Creating a New Item

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Items**.
2. Click **New**, and then enter the **Item** name.
3. On the Edit Item tab, enter information in the following fields:
   - **Type**: Select the item type as either a COS or an Expense item. The type designates the item group for which you can assign this item. Once the item is saved, you cannot change its type. However, you can delete and re-add the item as long as it has not been designated as a child record elsewhere.
   - (Optional) **Item No.**: Enter the internal item number. This number is not used as an external number on, for example, order forms. If you have item numbers specific to certain vendors, you can enter them in the Vendor Purchase Catalog.
   - **Item Group**: Select the appropriate item groups based on item type selection.
   - **Base Unit**: Enter the base unit for the items. Once the item is saved, you cannot change its base unit. This unit serves is the base of any unit used for this item in orders, transfers, inventory counts, and recipes. If you assign an incorrect base unit, delete and re-add the item with the correct base unit.
• (Optional) **Authorization Level**: Select the authorization level (0 through 6) for this item. This level enables you to create purchase orders, requests and transfers for items of the same or lesser authorization levels, as well as to approve receipts at an authorization level equal to or less than your level.

• (Optional) **Purchase Tax**: Select the tax for the item when purchased.

• (Optional) **Use only on stock**: Select this option to prevent a vendor purchase item from being created with the same item name.

• **Store Unit**: Enter the main unit used by the store for inventory counts and reporting.

• (Optional) **Ignore Item in Inventory**: Select this option to prevent the item from appearing in any inventory count (for example, Period Close Count: the item is not shown, but it is booked with the closing method), even if the item is assigned.

• (Optional) **Exclude from Critical Counts**: Select this option to prevent the item from being included in critical counts.

• (Optional) **Count as Recipe**: If this option is enabled, the item is also a recipe that is being counted as an item.

• (Optional) **Shipment Item**: Select this option to account for the item in shipment adjustments.

• (Optional) **Cost Item**: Select this option if the item incurs a split of the costs when an adjustment, such as shipping costs, is included in an invoice.

• (Optional) **Use as Base Item in Automatic Yield**: Select this option to use the item as a base item for automatic yield containers.

• (Optional) **Deposit Item**: Select this option if the item is a deposit item.

• **Price Behavior**: Select the price behavior:
  
  – **Dynamic**: Select this option if users can change the item price at anytime based on the user rights.
  
  – **Fixed Proposal**: Select this option if users can only change the price in Receiving, not in Ordering based on the user rights.
  
  – **Fixed Period**: Select this option if the price cannot be changed anywhere.

• (Optional) **Sales Price**: Enter the price the cost center uses for transfers.

• (Optional) **Weight Factor**: Based on the base unit, enter how much the product weighs.

• (Optional) **Item Code**: Enter the item code. This is similar to an item number. It is used to link the item to bar codes.

• (Optional) **Gain/Loss**: If the item has a gain or loss percentage associated with it, select the appropriate option and enter the percentage.

• **No Inventory Variances (Theo is ACT)**: Select this option if you do not want any variances to register for this item. This option actualizes theoreticals in inventory counts. This feature is for items that have variances and never produce depletions (for example, Ketchup packets, since there is no control over how many ketchup packets one customer takes).

4. (Optional) Click the **Item Description** tab, and then enter item information.

5. (Optional) To add a picture of the item, on the **Item Description** tab, click **Set**, select the appropriate image from the list, and then click **OK**.
Uploading Recipe Images provides more information on uploading images to the system.

6. (Optional) Click the Production tab, select the Production Type, and then enter the Thaw Time, Lead Days, and Short Name for the item.

7. If the item is subject to Hazardous Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) standards, click the HACCP tab, and then select HACCP Required.
   Note that this option works in conjunction with the HACCP settings configured in the Cost Centers module. Take heed in enabling options only as necessary.

8. (Optional) To override the Order Qty Calculation settings configured for the item group, click the Order Qty Calculation tab, and then select the appropriate options.

9. (Optional) To assign categories to the item, click the Categories tab, and then select the appropriate categories.

10. (Optional) To define nutrients for the item:
    a. Click the Nutrients tab, and then select the appropriate Nutrient Calculation Method:
       • None: When an item is created, this is the default method assigned.
       • Nutrient Catalog: Select this option to link the item to an item from an imported nutrient catalog.
       • Manual: Select this option to enter nutrition information.
       • Nonconsumable: Select this option for non-food and non-drink items, that is, cleaning supplies, paper goods, and so on.
    b. If you selected Manual for the Nutrient Calculation Method, enter the nutrient amount in the item for each nutrient group.

11. (Optional) To receive a warning then there is a large deviation between what was ordered and what was delivered, click the Other Settings tab, and then enter information in the fields.

12. Click Save.

Modifying an Item

1. Click Master Data, and then click Items.
2. Use the filters to streamline your search, and then click the Item you want to modify.
3. Make the necessary changes, and then click Save.

Adjusting the Visibility of an Item

You can determine which cost centers can view which items. This is especially useful for organizations that have regional menu items or organizations that have different types of cost centers. In cases like these, an administrator can adjust and modify the visibility characteristics to ensure that the proper users are receiving the correct information.

1. Click Master Data, and then click Items.
2. Use the filters to streamline your search, and then click the Item you want to assign visibility.

3. Click Visibility, and then in the Cost Center Source pane, select the cost centers for which you want the item to be visible.

4. Click Assign, select Use Visibility Criteria to implement the changes, and then click Save.

Assigning a Standard Price to Multiple Items

Organizations using standard prices in their cost centers, which is configured in the Cost Centers and Locations module, can assign standard prices to several items at a time. Additionally, you can also assign different prices to different cost centers. This is helpful in the event that an organization has cost centers that use different currencies, which would result in very different standard prices.

1. Click Master Data, and then click Items.

2. Click Standard Price, and then on the Standard Price by Cost Center page, select the Cost Center.

3. (Optional) Select an Item Group or an Item.

4. Enter the Next Standard Price for the item, and then enter the Valid From date (if necessary).

5. Repeat Step 4 for all necessary item.

6. Once complete, click Save to remain on the Standard Price page by Cost Center or click Suspend to save the information and return to the Items Overview page.

Copying Standard Item Prices from One Cost Center to Another

1. Click Master Data, and then click Items.

2. Click Standard Price, and then click Synchronize.

3. Select the Source Cost Center from which you want to copy the standard prices, and then select one or more Target Stores.

4. Select the Item Group or the Item from which you want to copy the standard prices, and then specify the action the system takes if a standard price already exists in the target cost centers:
   - Replace Standard Price: Select this option to overwrite the existing standard price with the one being copied.
   - Do Not Copy Standard Price: Select this option to retain the existing standard price in the target cost centers.

5. Click Copy Standard Price.

Deleting an Item

You cannot delete items contained in any recipes or are assigned to a vendor purchase item.

1. Click Master Data, and then click Items.
2. Use the filters to streamline your search, and then click the Item you want to delete.

3. Click Delete, and then click OK to confirm.

Creating a Unit

1. Click Master Data, and then click Units.

2. Click New, and then enter Unit name.

   Name units as generically as possible so that you can use them for multiple items. For example, 12oz Beer Bottle is too specific. 12oz Bottle is specific, but it could be 12oz bottle of anything. 5lb cheddar wheel is too specific, 5lb cheese wheel or 5lb wheel, or simply 5lb is more versatile. The more generic the name, the more possible its uses and the less item units you create to compensate for all units.

3. Enter the name of the order unit in the Order Name field, and then enter the amount and the unit for this unit’s sub-unit in the Consist of and Units fields respectively.

   An item’s base unit must coincide with the unit’s own base unit. For example, if an item is purchased in a 0.35l bottle using the unit Bottle 0.35, the item’s base unit must be pint.

   Standard base units, such as each, pint, pound, and portion, are already in the system when it is installed. Generally, items fall into three categories: those that are sold whole (bagel), solids that are sold in fractions (1 lb. of ground beef turned into 4 - 4 ounce hamburger patties), and liquids that are broken into pints (quart of milk turned into glasses to be served). Once a base unit is assigned, it cannot be changed.

4. (Optional) To use this units in inventory counts, select Use Units in Stock Taking.

5. (Optional) Select the appropriate Purchase Tax, and then enter any pertinent information regarding the unit in the Information field.

6. Click Save.

   The QTY/BU and Base Unit fields auto-populate once you save the unit.

Modifying a Unit

1. Click Master Data, and then click Units.

2. Click Refresh to populate the page, and then click the Unit you want to modify.

3. Make the necessary changes, and then click Save.

Production Units

Production units are the units that are assigned to recipe ingredients to provide a more manageable way to read the recipe. They are the sizes that people are most familiar with. For example, measurements like cup, teaspoon, and ounces are all considered production units.

- Creating a New Production Unit
- Modifying a Production Unit
Creating a New Production Unit

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Production Units**.
2. Click **New**, enter the **Production Unit** name, enter the **Base Unit** for the production unit, and then enter the amount of production units required to fulfill the base unit measurement in the **Factor** field.

When creating a production unit, keep in mind that all measurements are relative. Factor multiplied by production unit always equals the base unit. For example, if you were creating a production unit for a fluid ounce, the base unit would be a pint and the factor would be 16, since 16 ounces are in one pint.

3. (Optional) Enter the maximum number of decimal places to use when the production unit measurement is rounded in the **Border** field.
4. To not round the factor and show the value up to the maximum number of decimal places (6), select **Unrounded**.
5. Click **Save**.

Modifying a Production Unit

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Production Units**.
2. Click the **Production Unit** you want to modify, make the necessary changes, and then click **Save**.

Master Data Translation

Master Data Translation is where you translate items, units, and so on, for users that use a different default language. This is useful for organizations that have locations in multiple countries with different languages.

- **Translating Master Data Articles**

Translating Master Data Articles

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Master Data Translations**.
2. Select the translation language for the articles from the **Language** drop-down list, use the filters to narrow the search for the articles, and then click **Refresh**.
3. In the Translated All Articles column, enter the translation for the corresponding articles, and then click **Save**.

Recipe Groups

Recipe groups are used to categorize recipes. You can create recipe groups that best suit the needs of your organization. Typical recipe groups include, but are not limited to, appetizers, salads, sandwiches, entrees, steamed items, seafood, and so on. You can organize recipes based on other criteria, such as breakfast, lunch, and dinner. These recipe groups can vary, depending on what type of establishment is using them. For example, a coffee bar can have recipe groups such as espresso drinks and baked goods; whereas a bar might have recipe groups called vodka drinks, rum drinks, gin drinks, and so on.
Therefore, when creating recipe groups, make sure to take the restaurant's overall theme and items served into account.

- Creating a Recipe Group
- Modifying a Recipe Group

Creating a Recipe Group

1. Click Master Data, and then click Recipe Groups.
2. Click New, and then enter the Recipe Group name.
3. (Optional) Enter the Group Number, and then enter the Group Name.
4. Click Save.

Modifying a Recipe Group

1. Click Master Data, and then click Recipe Groups.
2. Click the Recipe Group you want to modify, make the necessary changes, and then click Save.

Preparation Types

Preparation Types describe how ingredients are prepared for use in recipes. For example, chopped, minced, steamed, peeled, and so on. Defining Preparation types adds consistency to your organization through the ability to add specificity to each recipe. Once you create preparation types, you can assign them to ingredients in the Recipes page, which ensures all cost centers have the same instructions for preparing food.

- Creating a Preparation Type
- Modifying a Preparation Type

Creating a Preparation Type

1. Click Master Data, and then click Preparation Types.
2. Click New, enter the Preparation Type, enter the Preparation No (if necessary), and then click Save.

Modifying a Preparation Type

1. Click Master Data, and then click Preparation Types.
2. Click the Preparation Type you want to modify, make the necessary changes, and then click Save.

Waste Over Groups

Waste over groups are a means of organizing information in more detail for reporting purposes. All waste groups must belong to a waste over group.

- Creating a Waste Over Group
• Modifying a Waste Over Group

Creating a Waste Over Group

Oracle Hospitality recommends creating only one waste over group. This over group does not appear in any reports.

1. Click Master Data, and then click Waste Over Groups.
2. Click New, enter the Waste Over Group name, and then click Save.

Modifying a Waste Over Group

1. Click Master Data, and then click Waste Over Groups.
2. Click the Waste Over Group to modify, change the name for the waste over group, and then click Save.

Waste Groups

• Creating a Waste Group
• Modifying a Waste Group

Creating a Waste Group

If you intend to report off of waste, it is recommended to create waste groups by reason; for example broken, spoiled, incorrectly ordered, overcooked, and so on.

1. Click Master Data, and then click Waste Groups.
2. Click New, enter the Waste Group name, enter the Waste Over Group, and then select the appropriate waste group (that is, items, recipes, or both).

When the waste group is used for items, you cannot add recipes to the waste document. Similarity, when the waste group is used for recipes, you cannot add items to the waste document.

3. (Optional) Enter the Key and Account for the GL or A/P, and then enter the Tax Account for A/P exports.
4. Click Save.

Modifying a Waste Group

1. Click Master Data, and then click Waste Groups.
2. Click the Waste Group to modify, make the necessary changes, and then click Save.

Nutrient Groups

Nutrient Groups are a way to categorize nutrients for better clarity when reading data. Examples of nutrients groups are energy, fat and minerals. Nutrients must be assigned to a nutrient group; therefore, you must configure at least one nutrient group.
Creating a New Nutrient Group

1. Click Master Data, and then click Nutrient Groups.
2. Click New, enter the Nutrient Group name (for example, Energy), and then enter the Short Name that serves as the abbreviated display name in other modules.
3. Click Save.

Modifying an Existing Nutrient Group

1. Click Master Data, and then click Nutrient Groups.
2. Click the name of the nutrient to modify, make the necessary changes, and then click Save.

Reason Codes

Reason Codes are used to categorize waste and items purchased from vendors, which are assigned vendor ratings.

• Creating a New Reason Code
• Modifying an Existing Reason Code

Creating a New Reason Code

1. Click Master Data, and then click Reason Codes.
2. Click New, enter the Reason Code name, and then select the appropriate reason code Category.
3. (Optional) Enter a custom Code for the reason code, and then enter any additional category details in the Information field.
4. Click Save.

Modifying an Existing Reason Code

1. Click Master Data, and then click Reason Codes.
2. Click the Reason Code to modify, make the necessary changes, and then click Save.

Categories

Using categories throughout Inventory Management provides an additional method of grouping and searching for data.

• Creating a New Category
• Modifying an Existing Category
Creating a New Category

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Categories**.
2. Click **New**, enter the **Category** name, and then select the appropriate **Category Type**.
3. (Optional) Select one or more of the following option:
   - **Use for Recipes**: Select this option to use the category in Recipes.
   - **Use for Suppliers**: Select this option to use the category in Vendors.
   - **Use for Article**: Select this option to use the category in Items.
4. (Optional) Enter any additional details in the **Information** field.
5. Click **Save**.

Modifying an Existing Category

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Categories**.
2. Click **Refresh** to populate the page, and then click the **Category** to modify.
3. Make the necessary changes, and then click **Save**.

Vendors

In Vendors, you have the ability to create new vendors, edit existing vendors, group vendors together categorically, assign taxes, specify currency, and many more functions.

When creating a new vendor or updating an existing one, you can edit information in some tabs while other tabs are preconfigured and should not be edited without first contacting Oracle Support. The tabs include:

- **Edit Vendor**: define taxes, currency and address information for the vendor.
- **Order Settings**: define how the order is sent to the vendor.
- **Delivery Settings**: define how vendor receipts should be handled.
- **B2B Item Catalog**: Oracle configures these fields. If changes are needed, contact Oracle Support.
- **B2B Ordering**: enter parameters that define how the purchase order file will be sent to the vendor.
- **B2B Receipt**: enter B2B settings for receipts sent by the vendor.
- **B2B Acknowledgements**: define the SFTP parameters and file parameters to automatically process order acknowledgements.
- **B2B Order Cycles**: enter B2B settings to import order cycles from the vendor.
- **External Logistics**: Oracle configures these fields. If changes are needed, contact Oracle Support.
- **Creating a Vendor**
• Configuring Order Settings for a Vendor
• Configuring Delivery Settings for a Vendor
• Configuring B2B Settings for a Vendor

Creating a Vendor

When creating a vendor with more than one distribution center, create a different vendor for each distribution center. This is for B2B purposes, as each distribution center normally has their own order guide.

1. Click Master Data, and then click Vendors.
2. Click New, and then enter the Vendor name.
3. On the Edit Vendor tab, enter the Taxes, enter the Vendor Group, and then enter the Currency that the vendor uses.
4. (Optional) Enter additional information about the vendor, such as who the sales representative is or what the phone numbers are.
5. Click Save.

Configuring Order Settings for a Vendor

1. Click Master Data, and then click Vendors.
2. Click the Vendor to update, click the Order Settings tab, and enter the following information:
   • Placing Order Method: Select the method for placing orders. When creating a vendor for the first time, leave the Place Order Method as printout.
   • Purchase/Receive all Items: Select to enable all Items to be purchased and received by the vendor, regardless of an existing vendor purchase item. The user right Purchase/Receive All Items must also be enabled for this option to work.
   • Master Order List only: Select to enforce placing orders for the vendor using a Master Order List only.
   • E-Mail Type: Select the format for your emails.
   • Custom Template: If the organization uses a custom order template that has been uploaded to the application by Oracle, the file name appears here.
   • Custom Template, No Price If the organization uses a custom order template that has been uploaded to the application by Oracle, the file name appears here.
   • Enable Minimum Qty/Value/Weight on Order: Select to enable minimum order requirements for specific items or the entire order.
     – Enable Minimum Total Qty on Order: Select for vendors with an item quantity minimum and enter the amount in the form of a whole number.
     – Enable Minimum Quantity per Item on Order: Select when an item has a minimum quantity that must be ordered. This is defined in the Vendor Purchase Catalog.
     – Enable Minimum Total Value on Order: Select for vendors with an order value minimum and enter the amount with up to one decimal place.
– **Enable Minimum Total Weight on Order**: Select for vendors with an order weight minimum and enter the weight with up to one decimal place.

• **Allow Minimum Qty/Value/Weight on Order Override**: Select to allow privileged users the ability to book an order that does not meet minimum requirements.

3. Click **Save**.

### Configuring Delivery Settings for a Vendor

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Vendors**.

2. Click the **Vendor** to update, click the **Delivery Settings** tab, and enter the following information:

   • **Use Vendor Rating**: Select to enable Vendor Rating.

   • **Vendor Rating**: Select the appropriate setting for your organization. This is used for receiving QTY and price variances between Ordering and Receiving.

     – **Optional**: Select to allow users to enter a reason for differences, if needed.

     – **On Modified Position**: Select to enforce users to select a reason for all items where the QTY or price have changed.

     – **Mandatory**: Select to enforce users to enter information for everything received from this vendor. The receipt cannot be booked until all mandatory information is completed.

   • **E-Mail**: Enter the email address of the vendor.

   • **Do not sent to A/P**: Select to prevent your orders from being sent to Accounts Payable (A/P).

   • **Receipt as Invoice**: Select to have your receipt function as your invoice, that is if you receive by invoice rather than by a packing slip.

   • **Self Billing Invoice**: Not used by Inventory Management.

   • **Set new Price Quotes to inactive on receiving**: Select to use a price quote only once and then retire it.

3. Click **Save**.

### Configuring B2B Settings for a Vendor

Leave B2B settings blank until you determine which B2B Interface you need. Oracle performs the initial configuration in these fields. All fields on the B2B Catalog and External Logistics tabs should be configured by Oracle.

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Vendors**.

2. Click the **Vendor** to update, click the **B2B General** tab, and enter the following information:

   • **Vendor ID**: Enter the vendor ID supplied by the vendor.

   • (Optional) **Location Number**: Enter the location number supplied by the vendor.

   • (Optional) **Vendor GLN**: Enter the Vendor GLN supplied by the vendor.
• **Buyer GLN**: Enter the Buyer GLN. This is user defined, unless controlled by jurisdiction.

• **Vendor is B2B Solutions provider**: Not used by Inventory Management.

• **Send Notifications to Cost Center E-Mail Address**: Select to send an email to the cost center instead of the originator of the document. Used for orders only.

3. From the B2B Ordering tab, select the appropriate options:

   • **Use B2B order**: Select to allow the vendor to use B2B Ordering methods.

   • **Use Order Cycles**: Select to enforce the vendor to adhere to established order cycles.

   • **Force B2B qty**: Select to prevent cost centers from changing quantities on receipts that come from the vendor.

   • **Use prepared Purchase Orders**: Select to make Prepared Purchase Order as the basis of an order.

   • **Send one file per day**: Select to sent only one order to the vendor once a day. For example, if 15 different cost centers are using the same vendor, the organization has 1 order with all 15 cost centers’ orders included sent to that vendor.

   • **Order processing via B2B only**: Select to enforce users to create new orders and have everything sent, added, and removed from that Vendor through B2B.

   • **Use myinventory Automation**: Select to allow Inventory Management to search for, submit, and order using B2B automatically.

   • **Only one Order per day/Order Cycle**: Select to allow submitting only one order per day/order cycle for the vendor, cost center, and delivery date.

4. From the B2B Receipts tab, select the appropriate options:

   • **Use B2B Receiving**: Select to use B2B receiving for the vendor.

   • **B2B Receipt is Invoice**: Select to make B2B Receipt act as an invoice.

   • **Use Price Quotes in B2B Receipt**: Select to use the price quotes in your system as opposed to the price quotes sent back from the vendor.

   • **No manual created Receipts**: Select to prevent manual receipt creation, and allow only receiving using B2B.

5. To automatically process order acknowledgements, click the **B2B Acknowledgements** tab, and then select **Process Order Acknowledgement via Scheduler**.

6. To automatically process order cycles, click the **B2B Order Cycles** tab, and then select **Process Order Cycles via Scheduler**.

7. Click **Save**.

---

**Vendor Groups**

Vendor Groups help categorize vendors for easier sorting and reporting functionality. The use of vendor groups is optional, but it is useful for large organizations with many vendors to maintain.

• **Creating a New Vendor Group**
• Modifying a Vendor Group

Creating a New Vendor Group

1. Click Master Data, and then click Vendor Groups.
2. Click New, and then enter the Vendor Group name.
3. (Optional) Enter the following information:
   • Phone: Enter the vendor group's phone number.
   • 2nd Phone or Fax Number: Enter an additional phone number for the vendor group.
   • E-Mail: Enter the vendor group's email address.
   • Vendor Group Account: Enter the vendor group's account number.
   • Address: Enter the vendor group’s address.
   • ZIP Code: Enter the vendor group’s ZIP code.
   • Information: Enter any pertinent information regarding the vendor group.
4. Click Save.

Modifying a Vendor Group

1. Click Master Data, and then click Vendor Groups.
2. Click the Vendor Group to modify, make the necessary changes, and then click Save.

Cost Centers

Creating a New Cost Center

1. Click Master Data, and then click Cost Centers.
2. Click New, and then on the Edit Cost Center tab, enter information in the following fields:
   • Cost Center: Enter the cost center name.
   • Number: Enter a number by which to identify the cost center.
   • Account (Cost Center): Applies to GL and A/P accounts. Enter the cost center's account number that is in the Accounts Payable System.
   • Assigned To: Enter the parent level of the current cost center (location).
   • Default Main Store: Enter the default store from which the cost center can receive goods.
   • Close Cost Center/Store on Stock Take: Select this option to prevent users from editing or booking new documents in the closed period.
   • Exclude from Central Purchasing: Select this option to exclude the cost center or store from using central purchasing.
• **Using Transit**: Select this option if the receiving store has to accept or decline booked transfers.

• **Warehouse**: Select this option if the cost center or store is a warehouse. If selected, the location will appear as cost center option within the External Logistics page.

• **Advanced Storage Location**: Select this option to allow Advanced Storage Locations to be used by this cost center.

• **Enable Production on Transfer**: Select this option to allow production and transfer in a single step. When a production item is transferred, the system requests for the number of items to be produced for this transfer and increases the stock on hand accordingly.

• **Allow to use Production Module**: If the option *Enable Production on Transfer* is enabled, the cost center can no longer be selected in the Production module. Select this option to make the cost center to become available in the Production module again.

• **Use Sales Price for Transfer**: Select this option for the cost center to use the sales price entered in the Items module instead of the calculated cost price.

• **Automatic Yield**: Select this option to activate the Automated Yield process. A Scheduler job ensures that items defined as Automatic Yield are 'exploded' in the ingredients defined in the Yield Container.

• **Type**: Specify the type; cost center or store. Cost center is selected by default.

• **Period Control**: Defines the time the inventory runs for the cost center or store. If, for example, Month is selected, you cannot post transactions of the current month to the previous month. That is, you post all transactions at the end of the month. Only users with access right *Booking in last Period Allowed* can book in previous periods. This function is only active if *Close Cost Center/Store on Stock Take* is deselected.
  
  – None: The store is not closed until an inventory is performed.
  – Year: Only posts until December 31 are allowed.
  – Half Year: Only posts until June 31 and December 31 are allowed.
  – Quarter: Only posts in the current quarter are allowed.
  – Month: Only posts in the current month are allowed.
  – Week: The start of the week is defined by the system. After the weekend, only posts in the current week are allowed.

3. Click the **Address/ Account** tab, and then enter the address and back office code details for the cost center.

4. Click the **Inventory Settings** tab, and then select the inventory standards for the cost center to use:

    • **Layout of Inventory Count Sheet**: Select whether the cost center follows the global settings for the organization or uses a different count sheet layout.

    • **Units Collection Method for Inventories**: Select what units the cost center would like to use during counts, if any.

    • **Closing Method**: Select the default inventory closing method for the cost center. You can change this setting an inventory is being created, if necessary.
• **Allow Count on Multiple Hand Holds**: Select whether the cost center follows the global settings for the organization or handles multiple counts differently.
  
  – **Overwrite Counted Qty**: Overwrites previously uploaded count values with the latest values.
  
  – **Update Counted Qty**: Consolidates all count values that have been uploaded.

5. Click **Save**.

• **Modifying a Cost Center**

• **Adjusting the Visibility of a Cost Center**

### Modifying a Cost Center

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Cost Centers**.
2. Click the **Cost Center** to modify, make the necessary changes, and then click **Save**.

### Adjusting the Visibility of a Cost Center

You can assign visibility criteria assignment groups to cost centers. Doing so expedites the use of visibility criteria in other Inventory Management modules. For example, if you create an inventory list but you only want cost centers that are quick service restaurants (QSR) located in the West to be able to access it, you can assign those assignment groups to the list. All cost centers that belong to the QSR and west assignment groups can use the inventory list.

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Cost Centers**.
2. Click **Refresh** to populate the page, and then click the **Cost Center** for which you want to assign visibility criteria.
3. Click **Visibility**, and then modify the assignment in Visibilities Category 1 and Visibilities Category 2 as necessary
4. Click **Save**.

### Clients

The Clients page is helpful when exporting information from Inventory Management for use with a the Back of House Interface. This page enables you to group cost centers together for easier organization when preparing accounting reports.

• **Creating a Client**

• **Modifying a Client**

• **Assigning a Client to a Cost Center**

### Creating a Client

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Clients**.
2. Click **New**, enter the **Client** name, and then on the Edit Client tab, enter a **Number** to associate with the client.
3. Click Save.

Modifying a Client

1. Click Master Data, and then click Clients.
2. Click Refresh to populate the page, click the Client to modify, and then make the necessary changes.
3. Click Save.

Assigning a Client to a Cost Center

When clients are assigned to cost centers, information that is exported from Inventory Management is organized by client type. For organizations with franchises, this supports easier reporting of locations that share accounting systems.

1. Click Masters Data, and then click Cost Centers.
2. Click Refresh to populate the page, and then click the Cost Center to which you want to assign a client.
3. Click the Address/Account tab, select the Client, and then click Save.
   The Client Number field populates based on your selection.

Taxes

The Taxes page enables organizations to create as many tax rates as necessary for their goods. In most cases, beer and wine have a different tax rate than food, so you need more than one tax rate to assign in Item Groups and Items.

• Creating a New Tax
• Modifying a Tax

Creating a New Tax

1. Click Master Data, and then click Taxes.
2. Click New, enter the Tax name, and then enter the Purchase Tax and Sales Tax rates.
   Purchase Tax and Sales Tax can be zeroes, but they must have some numeric value.
3. Click Save.

Modifying a Tax

1. Click Master Data, and then click Taxes.
2. Click Refresh to populate the page, click the tax to modify, and then make the necessary changes.
3. Click Save.
Adjustment Types

Adjustment Types provide a way to apply discounts and shipment costs to all items on a receipt.

- Creating a New Adjustment Type
- Modifying an Adjustment Type

Creating a New Adjustment Type

1. Click Master Data, and then click Adjustment Types.
2. Click New, enter the Adjustment Type name, and then select Type of adjustment.
3. If the adjustment type is for a specific vendor, select Shipment Vendor, and then select a Supplier.
4. Enter any additional information in the remaining fields. The Account field is purely for use in Inventory Management exports into accounting systems.
5. Click Save.

Modifying an Adjustment Type

1. Click Master Data, and then click Adjustment Types.
2. Click Refresh to populate the page, click the Adjustment Type to modify, and then make the necessary changes.
3. Click Save.

Fiscal Fields

Fiscal Fields is used to fulfill tax requirements in Latin America.

Foreign Currency

Foreign currencies are used when you are receiving goods from a vendor that uses a different currency than your organization. You can sync foreign currencies from Reporting and Analytics or configure them on this page.

Once foreign currencies are configured, link them to the vendors that use them.

- Creating a New Foreign Currency
- Modifying a Foreign Currency
- Linking a Foreign Currency to a Vendor

Creating a New Foreign Currency

1. Click Master Data, and then click Foreign Currencies.
2. Click **New**, enter the **Foreign Currency** name, enter the **Symbol** for the currency, and then enter the **Exchange Rate**.

3. Click **Save**.

**Modifying a Foreign Currency**

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Foreign Currencies**.

2. Click **Refresh** to populate the page, click the **Foreign Currency** to modify, and then make the necessary changes. If you change the exchange rate, the information does not backdate to adjust previous data.

3. Click **Save**.

**Linking a Foreign Currency to a Vendor**

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Vendors**.

2. Click **Refresh** to populate the page, and then click the **Vendor** to whom you want to link the foreign currency.

3. On the Edit Vendor tab, enter the foreign currency in the **Currency** field, and then click **Save**.

**Visibility Criteria**

Visibility Criteria determines which cost centers have access to which items and information, and which cost centers can physically view those items. Recipes, items, and lists are all subject to Visibility Criteria. Visibility Criteria can be categorized into district and concept.

Separating by districts gives cost centers the ability to provide items of regional cuisine. For example, a restaurant chain whose primary menu item is pizza determines customers in Hawaii enjoy pineapple on their pizza. The organization sets the Visibility Criteria to enable Hawaiian cost centers to select and view the pineapple menu item. The organization can set the Visibility Criteria to hide the pineapple menu item from other cost centers.

An organization can also separate by concept. For example, a very large organization owns a seafood restaurant, an Italian restaurant, and a BBQ restaurant. The restaurant owner can set the Visibility Criteria to limit seafood menu items to the seafood restaurant, Italian menu items to the Italian restaurant, and menu items such as ribs and pulled pork to the BBQ restaurant.

- **Creating a New Visibility Criteria**
- **Modifying a Visibility Criteria**

**Creating a New Visibility Criteria**

1. Click **Master Data**, and then click **Visibility Criteria**.

2. Click **New**, enter the **Visibility Criteria** name, and then select the **Visibility Category**.
3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the Information field.

4. Click Save.

Modifying a Visibility Criteria

1. Click Master Data, and then click Visibility Criteria.

2. Click Refresh to populate the page, click the Visibility Criteria to modify, and then make the necessary changes.

3. Click Save.

Account Classes

Account Classes enables you to organize item groups together in preparation for a Back Office export. For example, an organization has an item group called Beef with three different account numbers, one for each separate concept within the organization. Account Classes provide a more efficient way of organizing and exporting data from the Back Office Interface.

- Creating a New Account Class
- Modifying an Account Class
- Assigning an Account Class to a Cost Center

Creating a New Account Class

1. Click Master Data, and then click Account Classes.

2. Click New, enter the Account Class name, and then enter account numbers for the item groups in as many accounting departments as necessary.

   The four accounting department are Inventory, Expense, COS, and Accruals.

3. Click Save.

Modifying an Account Class

1. Click Master Data, and then click Account Classes.

2. Click Refresh to populate the page, click the Account Class to modify, and then make the necessary changes.

3. Click Save.

Assigning an Account Class to a Cost Center

When account classes are assigned to cost centers, item group information are organized in accordance to the account numbers defined within the class. For organizations with franchises, this supports easier reporting of locations that share accounting systems.

1. Click Master Data, and then click Cost Centers.

2. Click Refresh to populate the page, and then click the Cost Center to which you want to assign an account class.
3. Click the Address/Account tab, select the Account Class, and then click Save.
Menu Groups

Menu Groups are essentially courses in a menu (for example, starters, main course, dessert, and so on.). You can define up to 20 courses per menu group.

- Enabling Menu Groups for a User
- Creating a Menu Group

Enabling Menu Groups for a User

1. Click Maintenance, and then click User Management.
2. Select the appropriate user from the list, and then click Manage User Right.
3. In Module Group, click Master Data, and then under Menu Groups in Master Data/Function, select Menu Groups and Save Menu Groups.
4. Click Save.

Creating a Menu Group

1. Click Master Data, and then click Menu Groups.
2. Click New, enter the Menu Group name (for example, Anniversary Party) and a Menu Group No (optional), and then enter the menu groups (for example, starter, main course) in the Menu Group fields 1 through 20.
3. Click Save.
Maintenance means organizing and maintaining the Inventory Management application. Your user rights determine the maintenance operations you can access.

- Scheduler
- Reporting and Analytics Interface
- Financial Periods
- Master Cost Centers
- Settings
- Configuration
- Import Master Data
- Nutrient Catalog
- List Management
- Vendor Cost Center Profile
- Document Numbers
- Order Cycles
- Count Cycles
- Central Ordering
- Order Calculation
- Order Calculation Lookup
- Cost Centers and Locations
- Cost Center Areas
- User Management
- Role Management
- Vendor - Cost Center

Scheduler

The Scheduler page enables Oracle Hospitality to deploy and execute the appropriate jobs for organizations. Typically, users do not need access to this area. If a user attempts to perform any function under this option, they get an error message.

- Scheduler Jobs
- Creating a New Job
- Viewing Executed Jobs
The following table describes the scheduler jobs available for selection:

Table 25-1  Scheduler Jobs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Job</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Auto Document Purge</td>
<td>Purges historical information in Ordering, Receiving, Inventory, Waste, Invoicing, Yield, Production, and Transfers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Yield</td>
<td>Converts base items in the automatic yield list to inventory items.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B2B Auto Linking</td>
<td>Links purchase items from item catalog to vendor purchase items (VPC) where matching vendor item numbers are identified using the Scheduler.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B2B Import Invoices/Credit Notes</td>
<td>Imports invoices/credit notes if the Scheduler is used for B2B Receiving.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B2B Import Item Catalogs</td>
<td>Imports item catalog for vendors using the Scheduler.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B2B Import Order Acknowledgements</td>
<td>Imports purchase order acknowledgements if vendor has Use Scheduler enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B2B Import Order Cycles</td>
<td>Imports order cycles if the Scheduler is used for B2B Order Cycles import.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B2B Send Purchase Orders</td>
<td>Sends purchase orders to vendor if Use Scheduler is enabled for the vendor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B2B Send Purchase Orders Status Reports</td>
<td>Sends the Purchase Orders Status Report to the configured user if Use Scheduler is enabled for the vendor. Only useful with central ordering with one order per vendor and day.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B2B Summary</td>
<td>Sends a summary of B2B jobs to the configured user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Book All Sales From Buffer</td>
<td>Books all sales including those remaining in sales buffer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Book Invoices to B/O</td>
<td>Books closed invoices to the B/O IFC module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Book Sales</td>
<td>Books the current sales.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculate Average Usage</td>
<td>Calculates the average usage. This job must run daily if using Suggested Ordering.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CISBOX Invoice Import</td>
<td>Imports invoice headers if the vendor is using CISBOX.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleanup Service Job Queue</td>
<td>Purges historical information older than 7 days from the service job queue.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Export GL Inventories</td>
<td>Processes inventory GL data in selected range.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Export GL Transfers</td>
<td>Process all transfer GL data in selected range.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Export Inventory Definitions</td>
<td>Exports inventory definitions to Reporting and Analytics Advanced.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 25-1 (Cont.) Scheduler Jobs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Job</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Export Inventory Totals</td>
<td>Exports inventory totals to Reporting and Analytics Advanced.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Export Menu Item Costs</td>
<td>Exports menu item cost to Reporting and Analytics Advanced.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External Logistics Export</td>
<td>Summoned by the Transfer function in the External Logistics module. Exports external logistics transfer to the FTP for retrieval by the external logistics vendor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External Logistics Import</td>
<td>Summoned by the Import function in the External Logistics module. Imports transfers processed by the external logistics vendor, setting Status of transfer to delivered.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Menu Item Auto Link</td>
<td>Copies menu item linking from the master cost center to sub cost centers; overwrites all links to sub.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Process Count Cycles</td>
<td>Creates inventories based on the configured count cycles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Process Individual Count Cycles</td>
<td>Applies action (create, freeze, book) to the count cycle specified in the job. Freeze and Book apply only to counts created by the Scheduler from that count cycle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recalculate Recipes</td>
<td>Recalculates recipes to reflect ingredient changes because of validity dates.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remove Unused Items from Store</td>
<td>Deletes items from the manage store with SOH of 0 for number of days specified in the job.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Send Report</td>
<td>Sends the Import/Export Status Report email to the configured user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer on Sales</td>
<td>Creates transfers if an alternate depletion cost center used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Update Last Purchase Price</td>
<td>Updates active VPI prices to the last purchase price of the store item.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Update Recipe Explosion</td>
<td>Recalculates recipes to reflect the changes made to sub recipes included as ingredients.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Creating a New Job

1. Click **Maintenance**, click **Scheduler**, and then click **Create Job**.
2. Select the **Job Type**, and then click **OK**.
   
   Refer to **Scheduler Jobs** for a list of all available jobs.
3. Select the **Start Date** and the **End Date** for the job, and then select the one of the following **Execution Rules**:
   
   - **Run Once**: Select this option to run the job one time at the indicated date and time.
• **Periodically, every**: Select this option to run the job on a regular basis. In the adjacent fields, indicate how often the job runs. Choose a time frame from minutes, hours and days.

4. To send an email notification when the job runs, select **Sent E-mail notification**, and then select the appropriate options:
   - **Only if Job Fails**: Select this option to send an email only if the job fails.
   - **Job Owner**: Select this option to send the email to only the user who created the job.
   - **Owner’s Role**: Select this option to send an email to all users belonging to the same role as the job owner.
   - **Owner’s Cost Center**: Select this option to send an email to all users belonging to the same cost center as the job owner.

5. If you are configuring an Auto Document Purge job, for each document type, enter the number of days that elapse before purging.
   The minimum value is 30 days, except for Suspended Inventory, which is 60 days. The maximum value is 999 days. The system purges only the documents that have the number of days specified when the job runs. Purging is based on the document date, not the date when the document was created.

6. Click **Save**.

**Viewing Executed Jobs**

The Scheduler Job Logs page enables you to view what jobs were successfully completed and what jobs failed.

1. Click **Maintenance**, click **Scheduler**, and then click **Job Logs**.
2. Click **Refresh** to populate the page.

**Reporting and Analytics Interface**

The Reporting and Analytics interface is where you can manually sync information from Inventory Management to the Reporting and Analytics reporting application. You can sync menu item costs, inventory totals, and menu definitions. This page is available for support reasons only. Daily exports must be scheduled using the Scheduler.

Do not use this page if exports have already been carried out for the previous date. It is not possible to send totals for the current day. If you try to send current day info or a day that has already been exported, you get an error. This module is primarily for Oracle Hospitality in the event that scheduled exports do not run.

• **Syncing Information to Reporting and Analytics**
• **Recalling a Service Log**
Syncing Information to Reporting and Analytics

Note:

Oracle Hospitality recommends strong caution before making any modifications on this page. Contact your Account Manager or Oracle Customer Support before modifying any of the configurations on this page.

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **Reporting and Analytics**.
2. Select the following information, and then click **Synchronize**:
   - **Export Type**: Select the export type. The available options include inventory totals, menu item cost, and inventory definition.
   - **Location**: Select the location to which the export applies.
   - **Export Date**: Select the date for which the export runs.
   - **Log Detail**: Select what detail the logs contain.

Recalling a Service Log

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **Reporting and Analytics**.
2. Click **Service Log**, select the **Location**, **Export Type**, and the **Export Date**, and then click **Get Service Log**.

Financial Periods

Sync financial periods from Reporting and Analytics for use in Inventory Management. Once synced, you can assign the financial periods to count cycles to indicate when an inventory count is completed. This is useful for organizations whose financial periods do not coincide with a specific day or the end of the month.

- **Syncing Financial Periods**

Syncing Financial Periods

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **Financial Periods**.
2. Click **Synchronize**.

Master Cost Centers

You can use the Menu Item Auto Link page to set a master cost center and assign seven cost centers to it. By creating a master and assigning sub cost centers, you make linking menu items to inventory items or recipes more efficient as you can copy menu item linking performed on the master cost center to its sub cost centers by creating a Scheduler job. This eliminates the need to individually link menu items to similar cost centers.

- **Setting a Master Cost Center**
• Assigning Cost Centers to a Master Cost Center
• Copying Menu Item Links from a Master Cost Center to Assigned Cost Centers
• Deleting a Master Cost Center

Setting a Master Cost Center

1. Click Maintenance, click Menu Item Auto Link, and then click Create Master Cost Center.
2. Click New, select the Cost Center to use as the master store, and then click Save.

Assigning Cost Centers to a Master Cost Center

1. Click Maintenance, click Menu Item Auto Link, and then click Assign Cost Center.
2. Select the master cost center, select a cost center to assign from the Source list, and then click Add.
3. Repeat Step 2 until you have all the cost centers you wanted to assign to the master store in the Assigned list.
4. Click Save.

Copying Menu Item Links from a Master Cost Center to Assigned Cost Centers

1. Click Maintenance, click Scheduler, and then click Create Job.
2. Select Menu Item AutoLink as the Job Type, and then click OK.
3. Select the Start Date and Start Time to run the job.
4. To run the job only once at the selected date and time, select Run Once.
5. To run on a regular basis, select Periodically, every, and then enter the frequency to run the job.
6. Click Save.

Deleting a Master Cost Center

1. Click Maintenance, click Menu Item Auto Link, and then click Master Cost Center.
2. Select the master cost center to delete, and then click Delete.

Settings

Settings is where a system administrator can determine how an organization operates and indicates the overall look and feel of Inventory Management. From Settings, a system administrator can perform functions such as determining how a page looks in its default state, how search results sort, or how inventory counts are grouped, amongst other possibilities.
General Settings

The following table describes the fields and options on the General tab of the Settings page.

Table 25-2  General Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Show login information</td>
<td>Select this option to show login information at the top of the screen on the home page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allow password change</td>
<td>Select this option to enable users to change their password.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Do not enable this feature because passwords are synced from Reporting and Analytics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use Suggested Qty (master switch)</td>
<td>Select this option to enable the use of Suggesting Quantity Ordering (PAR or Forecasted).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use Visibility Criteria</td>
<td>Select this option to enable the ability to use visibility criteria.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disable Cost Center Number in Search</td>
<td>Select this option to enable searching cost center names only with Autocomplete enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable Sales Depletion by Order Type</td>
<td>Select this option to enable sales depletion by recipe assignment per order type and price level.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setting</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable Audit Trail</td>
<td>Select this option to enable the user to view change history for certain modules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculate Average Usage for All Items</td>
<td>Select this option to enable the Scheduler jobs to calculate the average usage for all items. If turned off, the average usage is only calculated for items and item groups that are configured to use suggested ordering by net sales or average usage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autocomplete</td>
<td>Select this option to turn on auto-complete text search capabilities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default Item Price Behavior</td>
<td>Select the default setting for Item price behavior (used for vendor purchase items):</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Dynamic Price</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>: Users can change the price at anytime (based on user rights).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Fixed Proposal Price</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>: Users can change the price can only in Receiving, not in Ordering (based on user rights).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Fixed Price</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>: Users cannot change the price anywhere.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printout Type</td>
<td>Select the printout type: PDF or HTML. PDF is recommended.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTML printout rendering</td>
<td>if HTML is selected as the printout type, this determines how the HTML printouts appear, either in multiple pages or single pages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Select/Deselect all” selection type</td>
<td>There are 2 modes:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Windows Mode: Enables user to select the “V” and select all of the options.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Toggle Mode: Enables users to select the “V” and deselect the selected and select the unselected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Rows before Page Navigation</td>
<td>Suggested quantity is 100. More than 1000 records can cause the application to run slowly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Localization</td>
<td>If Russian localization is required, select Russian Requirements to enable legal information to be printed on reports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable ENVD (master switch)</td>
<td>This option is used for Russian localization only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default Language</td>
<td>Select the default language the organization uses when users are added directly through Inventory Management (not recommended).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Order Settings

The following table describes the fields and options on the Order tab of the Settings page.

**Table 25-3  Order Settings**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hide Filters on module start</td>
<td>Select this option to prevent the system from showing the available filters when the Ordering page is first opened.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use Line Item Delivery Note</td>
<td>Select whether or not users can assign specific delivery dates for different items.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create one Order per Delivery Date</td>
<td>Select this option to create a separate purchase order for each delivery date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Booking Preview</td>
<td>Select this option to automatically show a PDF version of the order. If more than one order is placed, the lowest order number appears.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consider Max Qty</td>
<td>Select the option to prevent the system from placing the order, if the quantity of an item being ordered is more than the maximum quantity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use Fixed Order Qty</td>
<td>Select this option to enable the system to use the fixed order quantity entered for vendor purchase items.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Unit and Vendor Item Number in Search</td>
<td>Select this option to show the unit and vendor item number when searching for items.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display Weight column in Ordering</td>
<td>Select this option to show the weight of items on an order.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do Not Display VPI’s past Effective Date</td>
<td>Select this option to cause any VPI past its effectivity to be left off the purchase order.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autogenerate Purchase Order Number</td>
<td>Select this option to create a purchase order number automatically.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable Master Order List</td>
<td>Select this option to enable the Master Order List feature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Include Master Order List No. on Order</td>
<td>Select this option to include the order list number on the order printout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable Multiple Cost Center Purchase Order</td>
<td>Select this option to allow purchase orders to support multiple cost centers on a single Order. When an order is booked with more than one cost center defined, a separate order is created for each cost center. You cannot use this feature with order lists.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable Minimum Qty/Value/Weight on Order</td>
<td>Select this option to allow users to specify a minimum quantity, value, or weight per order per vendor requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allow Split Pack Ordering</td>
<td>Select this option to allow users to flag items that can be ordered as a split pack from a B2B vendor, that is, a half case instead of a whole case.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 25-3  (Cont.) Order Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Send E-Mail Notification</td>
<td>Select the appropriate option in accordance with what types of notifications your organization wants to receive when ordering using B2B.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sorting</td>
<td>Select how the system sorts order details.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Show Article Number      | Select which referencing number to use:  
  • None  
  • Article Number  
  • Supplier Item Number  
  • Article Number/Supplier Article Number |

### Delivery Note Settings

The following table describes the fields and options on the Delivery Note or Del. Note tab (formerly Receipts tab) of the Settings page.

### Table 25-4  Delivery Note Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hide Filters on module start</td>
<td>Select this option to prevent the system from showing available filters when first opening the page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show VAT/Gross</td>
<td>Select this option show VAT/gross taxes in receipts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show VAT Value</td>
<td>Select this option to show the VAT value in receipts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allow Change Cost Center</td>
<td>Select this option to enable users to change the cost center on the receipt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return to Create New Page</td>
<td>Select this option to return users to the Create New page after closing a document in Receiving.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Discrepancies</td>
<td>Select this option to show any discrepancies between the purchase order and the receipt. Select whether to include or exclude discounts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Booking Preview</td>
<td>Select this option to automatically create a PDF document.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable HACCP</td>
<td>Select this option to enable HACCP fields and requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autogenerate Receipt Number</td>
<td>Select this option to create a receipt number automatically.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autogenerate Del. Note Number in Return to Vendor</td>
<td>Select this option to create a receipt number for a Return to Vendor automatically.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Unit and Vendor Item Number in Search</td>
<td>Select this option to show the unit and vendor item number when searching for items.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 25-4  (Cont.) Delivery Note Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preserve Sort Method of Order in Receipt by Purchase Order</td>
<td>Select this option to use the sort method defined in the Purchase Order.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mandatory Invoice Total</td>
<td>Select this option to enforce users to enter an invoice total when creating a receipt as an invoice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If you select <strong>Editable Invoice Total</strong>, users that have the appropriate user rights can edit the invoice total in the receipt detail.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sorting</td>
<td>Select the receipt detail sort order.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Invoice Settings

The following table describes the fields and options on the Invoice tab of the Settings page.

Table 25-5  Invoice Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Automatic Rounding of Invoice</td>
<td>Select this option to round fractional invoice totals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Force Invoice Value</td>
<td>Select this option to enforce users to enter an invoice value for an invoice document.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Deviation %</td>
<td>Enter the maximum allowed percentage deviation between the invoice and the entered invoice value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Deviation</td>
<td>Enter the maximum allowed value deviation between the invoice and the entered invoice value. This value overrides the percentage deviation, that is, if the percentage deviation is in the allowed range but the value deviation is too high, the system does not allow the invoice to be approved.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Transfer Settings

The following table describes the fields and options on the Transfer tab of the Settings page.

Table 25-6  Transfer Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Settings</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hide Filters on module start</td>
<td>Select this option to prevent the system from showing available filters when first opening the page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Print Tax Summary on Transfer</td>
<td>Select this option to have tax summary information printed on the transfer.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 25-6  (Cont.) Transfer Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Settings</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Show Item Number in Search</td>
<td>Select this option to show the item number in a search.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consider Transfer from in Forecast OOS</td>
<td>Select this option to include the requested and delivered quantities in the Forecast Out of Stock page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sorting</td>
<td>Select the order in which the system sorts transfer details.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Usage Settings

The following table describes the fields and options on the Usage tab (formerly Waste tab) of the Settings page.

Table 25-7  Usage Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hide Filters on module start</td>
<td>Select this option to prevent the system from showing the available filters when first opening the page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Item Number in Search</td>
<td>Select this option to show the item number in a search.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sorting</td>
<td>Select the order in which the system sorts waste documents.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POS Waste Check Waste Group</td>
<td>Select the waste group to which the system applies POS waste checks.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Inventory Settings

The following table describes the fields and options on the Inventory tab of the Settings page.

Table 25-8  Inventory Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use Horizontal Count Sheet</td>
<td>Select this option to view count sheets in a horizontal format as opposed to a vertical format. Vertical is the default. If this is option enabled, only 4 units appear in the count. If more than 4 units are set in Manage Store, only the first 4 appear. There is no longer a preview count option. Preview count adds 3 columns to the report, and in a horizontal layout, there is no room.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Page breaks on Storage Location changes</td>
<td>Select this option to eliminate page breaks between storage locations on printouts.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 25-8  (Cont.) Inventory Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Support Enhanced Count Type</td>
<td>Select this option to enable enhanced counts in Count Cycles. Enhanced counts are used with midday counts/spot checks and update the stock on hand of the counted inventory items when the count is booked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule Templates via myinventory Automation Service</td>
<td>Select this option to add a new Scheduler job (process individual count cycles) that provides more flexibility in handling count cycles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do not Populate Date in Inventory Counts by Default</td>
<td>Select this option to make the inventory Date field mandatory and leave it unpopulated for users to select. Users cannot create an inventory count until a date is selected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Book Act is Theo Variance to Waste</td>
<td>If No Inventory Variance (ACT is Theo) is used for items and item groups, select this option to book the variance between the two for the selected waste group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quantity of Critical Count Items</td>
<td>Enter the amount of items to be included in critical counts (critical count items are those with the highest variance between actual and theoretical quantity in the last period close count).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Activity for Count Cycle Settings</td>
<td>Select which transaction activity to consider when creating a count cycle inventory with Only Items with Activity in Specified Time Period enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grouped by</td>
<td>Select how to group items in Inventory Counts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sorted by</td>
<td>Select how items sort in Inventory Counts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allow Count on Multiple Hand Holds</td>
<td>Select this option to allow a single inventory count to be assigned to more than one hand held:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Overwrite Count Qty: Overwrites previously uploaded count values with the latest values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Update Counted Qty: Consolidate all count values that have been uploaded.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Production Settings

The following table describes the fields and options on the Production tab of the Settings page.

Table 25-9

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sorting</td>
<td>Select how the system sorts items in Production.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Recipe Settings

The following table describes the fields and options on the Recipe tab of the Settings page.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Show Item and Recipe number</td>
<td>Select this option to show the item number and recipe number in the Recipes page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable Weighed Recipes</td>
<td>Select this option to allow users to configure recipes to deplete by weight.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use Validity Dates</td>
<td>Select this option to allow users to assign validity dates to recipe ingredients.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Uploading Recipe Images

Inventory Management supports JPEG files that are less than 200 KB. You can upload 10 images at a time.

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Settings.
2. Click the Image tab, click Browse, and then navigate to and select the image to upload from your local drive.
3. Click Upload.

Configuring the Price Format

You can determine in what format prices appear in the system.

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Settings.
2. Click the Price Format tab, enter the number of decimal places to allocate for purchases, totals, and sales, and then click Save.

Changing the Base Unit Names

You can determine the name of the base unit that appears throughout the application. Only the base unit name changes, not the base unit configuration.

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Settings.
2. Click the Base Unit tab, enter the name to show in the system in the New Name column and the Order Name column (optional), and then click Save.

Enabling Nutrient Status Visibility in Items and Recipes Pages

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Settings.
2. Click the Nutrients tab, select Enable Nutrient Status, and then click Save.
Adding a Nutrient

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Settings.
2. Click the Nutrients tab, and then click New Nutrient.
   The Nutrients tab maintains the nutrients that the organization wants to show in an item's nutrient information.
3. In the Add Nutrient Display dialog box, enter the following information, and then click Add:
   • Catalog Field: Enter or select the nutrient.
   • Nutrient Group: Enter or select the nutrient group.
   • Nutrient: Enter the name to use to identify the nutrient throughout the system. This field supports up to 25 characters.
   • Abbreviation: Enter the alternate name to use for the nutrient in areas where display space is a limited. This field supports up to 8 characters.
4. Click Save.

Editing a Nutrient

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Settings.
2. Click the Nutrients tab, and then select the nutrient to modify.
3. Click Edit Nutrient, make the necessary changes, and then click Save.

Deleting Nutrients

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Settings.
2. Click the Nutrients tab, select the nutrients to delete, and then click Delete Nutrient.

Uploading the Organization Logo

You can upload your organization’s logo to further personalize Inventory Management. The supported image formats are: JPEG, GIF, and PNG. The logo must not exceed 200 KB.

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Settings.
2. Click the Logo tab, click Browse, and then navigate to and select the logo from your local drive.
3. Click Upload.

Defining a Format for the Vendor Account

When defining the vendor account format:
• The number of indicators must equal the number of characters in the vendor account
• You can define a maximum of 64 characters
1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **Settings**.
2. Click the **Vendor** tab, enter the format in the **Vendor Account** field, and then click **Save**.
   
   For example,
   
   - Vendor account format NNNNNNNNNNNN suggests a 12 digit vendor account number, such as 123456789123.
   - Vendor account format NNNNNNAAAAAA suggests a 12 digit vendor account number where the first 6 characters are digits and the last 6 are characters. For example, 123456ABCDFG

**Configuration**

The Configuration page enables Oracle Hospitality to adjust the internal settings of the Inventory Management application. It is on this page where preferences and settings regarding options are enabled. Under typical circumstances, you do not have to access this area. Do not configure settings on this page.

**Import Master Data**

The Import Master Data page is used by Oracle Hospitality to import an organization's data into the system, which saves a significant amount of time for users. Oracle Hospitality provides the organization with a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet to complete. After you return the spreadsheet, Oracle Hospitality imports the data.

**Nutrient Catalog**

You can import two types of nutrient catalogs into Inventory Management:

- **Standard Catalog**: A nutrient catalog created by an agency, such as the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA).
- **Custom Catalog**: A nutrient catalog created externally, for example, by an organization that contracted a third party to document the nutritional information for their menu offering.

**Nutrient Catalog Licensing**

Standard Catalogs offered by Oracle require you to obtain a license from the official distributor to use the information. The License Confirmation prompt is used to inform you of those nutrients. The prompt appears when you attempt to import or use the licensed nutrients in an item or recipe, and shows until you confirm that a license has been obtained.

- **Importing a Standard Catalog**
- **Importing a Custom Catalog**
- **Updating a Standard Nutrient Catalog**
- **Deleting a Nutrient Catalog**
Importing a Standard Catalog

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Nutrient Catalog.
2. Select a Standard Catalog, and then click Import Catalog.
3. If you or your organization has obtained the license to use the catalog:
   a. Select the first check box and click OK.
   b. Once the import is complete, click OK when prompted.
4. If you or your organization does not have the license to use the catalog, select the second check box, and then click Cancel.

Importing a Custom Catalog

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Nutrient Catalog.
2. Select Custom Catalog, click Browse, and then navigate to and select the catalog from your local drive.
3. Click Open, and then click Import Catalog.
4. Once the import is complete, click OK when prompted.

Updating a Standard Nutrient Catalog

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Nutrient Catalog.
2. Select the updated catalog from the Standard Catalog drop-down list, and then click Update Catalog.

Deleting a Nutrient Catalog

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Nutrient Catalog.
2. Select the catalog to delete, and then click Delete Catalog.

List Management

In List Management, you can create new lists and manage existing lists. You can create lists in other pages, but only in List Management can you create a list without creating an order, transfer, or other record.

You can create eight different types of lists in List Management:

- Order (availability in Ordering enables for availability in Receiving, as long as there is only one vendor being used)
- Transfer
- Inventory
- Waste
- Yield
- Production
- Master order list
• Automatic yield

Oracle Hospitality recommends doing everything list related (create, delete, rename, edit, and so on) in List Management. Making changes to a list on other pages creates duplicates.

For example, you open the existing Meat Order List on the Ordering page and add a new item to this list. When saving, you enter a new name for the list because lists cannot share the same name. So you enter Meat Order List 2. Now there is the original Meat Order List and the new Meat Order List 2, both having identical items; however, Meat Order List 2 has one extra Item. Also, there is a suspended order with all of the items from list 2. Forgetting to delete the suspended order causes an outstanding order. If you had added the item to the list through List Management, you could have updated the current list without having to create a whole new list.

• Creating an Order List
• Creating a Requisition/Transfer List
• Creating an Inventory List
• Creating a Waste List
• Creating a Yield List
• Creating an Automatic Yield List
• Creating a Production List
• Creating an Event Menu Plan List
• Creating a Master Order List
• Opening and Modifying a List
• Deleting a List

Creating an Order List

1. Click Maintenance, and then click List Management.
2. Click Create List, enter the List Name, select Order/Receipt, and then click OK.
3. Enter the Cost Center.
4. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the Reference field.
5. Click OK.
6. On the Ordering – List Management page, add items to the list, and then click Save.

Creating a Requisition/Transfer List

1. Click Maintenance, and then click List Management.
2. Click Create List, enter the List Name, select Requisition/Transfer, and then click OK.
3. Enter the Cost Center, and then enter the Request From cost center.
4. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the Reference field.
5. Click OK.
6. On the Issue Request page, add items to the list, and then click **Save**.

**Creating an Inventory List**

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **List Management**.
2. Click **Create List**, enter the **List Name**, select **Inventory**, and then click **OK**.
3. Enter the **Cost Center**, and then click **OK**.
4. On the Inventory – List Management page, add item groups and items to the list, and then click **Save**.

**Creating a Waste List**

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **List Management**.
2. Click **Create List**, enter the **List Name**, select **Waste**, and then click **OK**.
3. Enter the **Cost Center**, and then enter the **Waste Group**.
4. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference** field.
5. Click **OK**.
6. On the Waste – List Management page, add items to the list, and then click **Save**.

**Creating a Yield List**

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **List Management**.
2. Click **Create List**, enter the **List Name**, select **Yield**, and then click **OK**.
3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference** field.
4. Click **OK**.
5. On the Yield – List Management page, add items to the list, and then click **Save**.

**Creating an Automatic Yield List**

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **List Management**.
2. Click **Create List**, enter the **List Name**, select **Automatic Yield**, and then click **OK**.
3. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference** field.
4. Click **OK**.
5. On the Automatic Yield – List Management page, add items to the list, and then click **Save**.

**Creating a Production List**

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **List Management**.
2. Click **Create List**, enter the **List Name**, select **Production**, and then click **OK**.
3. Enter the **Cost Center**, and then click **OK**.
4. On the Production – List Management page, add items to the list, and then click **Save**.

Creating an Event Menu Plan List

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **List Management**.
2. Click **Create List**, enter the **List Name**, select **Event Menu Plan List**, and then click **OK**.
3. Enter the **Cost Center**, and then enter the **Menu Group**.
4. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Reference** field.
5. Click **OK**.
6. On the Event Menu Planning - List Management page, add menu items to the list.
7. To make the list available for all users, select **Corporate List**.
8. To lock the list, select **Locked List**.
9. Click **Save**.

Creating a Master Order List

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **List Management**.
2. Click **Create List**, enter the **List Name**, select **Master Order List**, and then click **OK**.
3. Enter the **Cost Center**, and then enter the **Supplier**.
4. (Optional) Enter any pertinent information in the **Information** field.
5. Click **OK**.
6. On the Master Order – List Management page, add items to the list, and then click **Save**.

Opening and Modifying a List

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **List Management**.
2. Use the filters to streamline your search, and then click **Refresh**.
   You must select at least one List Type. The more list types you select, the more results you get.
3. Click the list to modify, make the necessary changes, and then click **Save**.

Deleting a List

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **List Management**.
2. Use the filters to streamline your search, and then click **Refresh**.
   You must select at least one List Type. The more list types you select, the more results you get.
3. Click the list to delete, and then click **Delete List** or **Delete Container**.
Vendor Cost Center Profile

The Vendor Cost Center Profile is a way to keep cost centers and vendors communicating on an accurate level. That is, you can assign cost centers a specific number or identifying characteristics so that when their order goes to the vendor, the vendor does not confuse them with a different cost center and inadvertently send them the wrong products.

For example, many organizations setup cost centers by city; therefore, the likelihood of a duplicate city name exists. There is Jackson, Mississippi; Jackson, Missouri; Jackson, Wyoming, and so on. Applying identifying numbers can decrease confusion and increase accuracy.

- Creating Customer Numbers for Cost Centers

Creating Customer Numbers for Cost Centers

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Vendor Cost Center Profile.
2. Enter a Vendor name, and then click Refresh.
   A list of all cost centers assigned to the selected vendor appear.
3. Enter a Customer Number for each cost center listed, and then click Save.

Document Numbers

Document Numbers is where you can determine how document numbers appear and are constructed. Every document has a format. For example, inventory counts are represented by `INV@yy@mm@-@###2`, which means inventory counts look similar to `INV0709-0039`. `INV` precedes the number, followed by a two-digit representation of year, followed by a two-digit representation of month, and ends with a four-digit value that increments by 1 with each new count. Purchase orders are shown with the format `B@yyyy@mm@-@####2`, which means `B` precedes the number, followed by a four-digit representation of year, followed by a two-digit representation of month, finished with a four-digit value that increments by 1 with each new purchase order.

- Modifying Existing Document Numbers

Modifying Existing Document Numbers

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Document Numbers.
2. Modify the value in the Format column adjacent to the relevant document name using the following guidelines:
   - Strings: Use alphabetic characters before or between separators (for example, `.DEL, @VK@`)
   - Separator: The at sign (`@`) is used as a separator.
   - Date: `y` is the year, `m` is the month, and `d` is the date. For example, `yy`, `yyy`, `mm`, `dd`
   - The number sign (`#`): Represents number of digits. For example, `###` represents 3 digits.
3. (Optional) Update the module's **Next Number**. Make sure you do not use the same number twice.

4. Click **Save**.

## Order Cycles

Order Cycles is where you setup your orders, specifically, when you place your order and when your order is received. Every organization has some sort of cycle of ordering. For example, you can order produce every Monday afternoon and it is delivered every Wednesday morning, and order beer and wine on Wednesdays and have it delivered on Fridays.

If the vendor is set up to use order cycles, set up cycles for every cost center assigned to that vendor. Oracle Hospitality recommends not using order cycles if the vendor is prone to changing the schedule frequently. It is easier to enter dates manually than it is to change dates in Order Cycles for multiple stores. Also, if stores typically place orders over a period of a few days (for example, Monday through Wednesday) and have all deliveries on a day later that week (for example, Friday), order cycles are not recommended since orders cannot be booked outside of the schedule.

- Creating a New Order Cycle
- Modifying an Order Cycle

### Creating a New Order Cycle

Oracle Hospitality recommends not creating order cycles for longer than a few months at a time or over holidays. In situations such as these, you modify the order cycle to accommodate scheduling conflicts.

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **Order Cycles**.

2. Click **Create Order Cycle**, select a **Vendor**, and then select the **Cost Center** to assign order cycles.
   
   To show a list of available vendors or cost centers, place the cursor in the corresponding field and press the Enter key.

3. Enter the following information, and then click **OK**:
   
   - **Purchase Date**: Select the day the actual purchase is submitted to the vendor. If the purchase date runs for multiple weeks or months, select the day of the week the goods are purchased.
   
   - **Lead Days**: Enter the days between the order and the delivery.
   
   - **Delivery Date**: Select the date the goods are delivered to the cost center. If the delivery date runs for multiple weeks or months, select the day of the week the goods are delivered.
   
   - **Valid until**: Select how long the order cycle continues. For example, you can set up the order cycle to recur for months or until the end of the year.
Modifying an Order Cycle

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Order Cycles.
2. Select the Vendor, and then click Refresh.
   - To show a list of available vendors, place the cursor in the Vendor field and press Enter.
3. Click the Cost Center for which to modify the order cycle, make the necessary changes, and then click OK.

Count Cycles

Count Cycles is where you set up when and how often the system takes inventory counts. These can vary depending on the organization and location. Every organization has some sort of cycle of inventorying their goods, be it when they are received, at the end of the night, every Thursday, and so on. As a best practice, configure the count cycle to avoid issues between locations.

- Creating a New Count Cycle
- Adding a Template to a Count Cycle
- Assign a Cost Center/Stores to the Count Cycle
- Adding Inventory Items to a Count Cycle
- Deleting a Count Cycle Template
- Deleting a Count Cycle
- Modify an Existing Count Cycle

Creating a New Count Cycle

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Count Cycles.
2. Click Create Count Cycle, enter a Count Cycle name, enter any pertinent information in the Reference field, and then click Save or Suspend.

Adding a Template to a Count Cycle

By adding a template to a count cycle, you are essentially creating a template to govern the behavior of that count cycle.

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Count Cycles.
2. Click Create Count Cycle, enter a Count Cycle name, enter any pertinent information in the Reference field, and then click Save or Suspend.

   • Count Cycle Template: Enter a name for the Count Cycle Template
   • Count Type: Select the appropriate count type:
     - Spot Check: Select this option if items are usually counted mid-day with a minimal amount of items.
– **Partial Count**: Select this option if items are counted weekly (for example, bread on Tuesday, meat on Friday, and so on).

* **Critical Count**: Select this option to count only items that had large variances during the last inventory count.

* **Qty of Critical Count Items**: Enter how many items are included in a critical count.

* **Only Items with Activity in Specified Time Period**: Select this option to count only item that had transaction activity within a specified time period.

* **Time Period**: Select User Defined, Current Month, or Last Month transaction activity.

* **Within Days**: If you select User Defined as the Time Period, enter the amount of days of transaction activity for items to include in the count.

* **Full Count**: Select this option to include every item in the location in the count. Booking a full count closes the financial period and prevents documents from being booked on dates prior to the inventory count.

• **Count At**: Select when to commence the count.

• **Daily/Weekly**: Select the days of the week you want the inventory count cycles to occur.

• **End of Month**: Enable this option if you would like the Inventory Count Cycle to occur at the end of the month.

• **Financial Period**: Financial Periods are synced from Reporting and Analytics Advanced. Select this option to perform the inventory count with respect to your financial period, and then select the financial period from the drop-down list.

• **Closing Method**: Select how to handle items left blank:
  – **Set not counted to 0**: Select this option to assume the item was meant to be left blank and return the item's SOH to zero.
  – **Set not counted to Theo SOH**: Select this option to assume the blank item is a mistake and retain the current SOH of the item.

• **Scheduler Options**: To perform any of the three actions listed and incorporate an offset of days (that is, days where the count is created, frozen, and booked), enter the numbers next to the actions.

• **Open Count Handling**: Select how to handle existing inventory counts:
  – **Set to status Not Counted**: Select this option to consider the existing counts as not counted.
  – **Book Count**: Select this option to book the existing count.
  – **Do not create new Count**: Select this option for the system to delete the existing count before the new count is created.

• **Priority**: Enter a priority for the count cycle. If two count cycles are valid for the same day (for example, daily count falls at the end of the month), the count cycle with the highest priority is used.

• **Partial Count/Spot Check Filter**: Select filters for the count cycle template.
Assign a Cost Center/Stores to the Count Cycle

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Count Cycles.
2. Click the Count Cycle to assign the cost center, and then click Assign Count Cycle to Cost Center.
3. From the Source pane, select a cost center to assign to the count cycle, and then click Add.
4. To assign another cost center, repeat Step 3.
5. Click Save or Suspend.

Adding Inventory Items to a Count Cycle

You can add inventory items to a count cycle template in three method: by list, by item group, and by item.

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Count Cycles.
2. Click the Count Cycle to add items, and then click Assign Inventory Items in the Assign Items column adjacent to the relevant count cycle template.
3. To add an item list, from the List tab, select the lists to add, and then click Assign.
4. To add an item group, from the Item Groups tab, select the item groups to add, and then click Assign.
5. To add individual items:
   a. From the Items tab, click Add Item(s).
   b. In the Add Item dialog box, use the filters to streamline your search, select the items to add, and then click OK.
   c. Repeat Step 5-b to add more items, and then once complete, click Close to exit the dialog box.
6. Click Save or Suspend.

Deleting a Count Cycle Template

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Count Cycles.
2. Click the Count Cycle that has the templates to delete, select the count cycle templates to delete, and then click Delete.
Deleting a Count Cycle

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Count Cycles.
2. Click the Count Cycle to delete, click Delete Count Cycle, and then click OK to confirm.

Modify an Existing Count Cycle

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Count Cycles.
2. Click the Count Cycle to modify, make the necessary changes, and then click Save or Suspend.

Central Ordering

Central Ordering shows all B2B Orders and their progress. This enables you to view:

- What stores have placed orders
- Which vendors have received the orders

You must have the appropriate privileges enabled to access this page.

Viewing B2B Orders

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Central Ordering.
2. To filter orders by delivery date, select the Order Date, and then click Refresh.
3. To filter orders by vendor, enter or select the Vendor, and then click Refresh.

Order Calculation

Order Calculation is where you determine how you want to order specific goods. Order calculation is extremely important, in that ordering too much of the wrong thing can result in loss of product, whereas ordering too little of another can result in loss of sales. Order Calculation is sometimes referred to as Order Quantity Calculations.

Order calculation is set up for item groups, but you can override the settings for items within a group that do not fit the norm for that group through the Items page.

- Modifying an Order Calculation

Modifying an Order Calculation

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Order Calculation.
2. Click an Item Group from the list, make the necessary changes, and then click OK.
   - Quantity Method: Select the quantity method. If a site is set to use Suggested Ordering and you want the items to show suggested quantities in Ordering, set the items in the item group to either Average Usage, Net Sales, or PAR here.
or by specific item. Therefore, if the majority of the items in the group are suggested, then mark them as so and override the item level for those few that are not suggested.

- **Manual**: Select this option to calculate orders based on the manual entry of quantities in ordering. Selecting this overrides the values set in Item Groups.

- **Average Usage**: Select this option to calculate orders based on suggested forecast values and override any average usage values predetermined in Item Groups. Warehouse locations are included in this order calculation.

- **Net Sales**: Select this option to calculate the quantity based on the forecasted sales information transferred from Reporting and Analytics Advanced and a factor required to generate $1000 revenue. Warehouse locations are not included in this order calculation.

- **PAR**: Select this option to calculate orders based on PAR levels that are set in Manage Store.

- **Build to Days**: Not used by Inventory Management.

- **Safety Factor %**: This is the "cushion" of the product. This helps to ensure enough products are purchased or ordered.

- **Subtract SOH**: Select this option to subtract the SOH from the total before the order quantity is calculated.

- **Add lead days usage**: Not used by Inventory Management.

- **Rounding**: In most cases, you select this option. For example, you cannot order 2.34 cases of an item. You could round down and order 2 cases, round up and order 3 cases, or round to nearest and order 2 cases.

---

### Order Calculation Lookup

Order Calculation Lookup enables you to view estimated order calculation based on previous sales history averages for a specific item.

Average totals are calculated by pulling eight week averages and then removing the highest and lowest weeks for all customers. On the Order Calculation Lookup page:

- Values in black denote averages with both the highest and lowest week totals included in the average calculated totals
- Values in red denote averages with highest and lowest week totals dropped off from the average calculated totals

The Calculated Usage section at the bottom of the page shows the forecasted estimated usage for the next two weeks in the cost center. If Forecasting is used by the organization and Order Calculation by Net Sales is configured, this section includes data based on sales. If not, the system calculates estimated usage based on the previous eight week's usage.

- **Looking Up the Calculated Order**

---

**Looking Up the Calculated Order**

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **Order Calculation Lookup**.
2. Enter the **Cost Center**, enter the **Item**, and then click **Refresh**.

   To show a list of all available cost centers or items, place the cursor in the corresponding field and press Enter.

### Cost Centers and Locations

Cost Centers and Locations is where you create new cost centers and link them to locations. Keep in mind that, although this module is available, when new cost centers and locations are created that do not correspond with a Oracle sales order, those cost centers and locations never show any totals and they are not part of the interface.

It is recommended that you use this page only to view the menu item hierarchy structure. All additions must be carried out by Oracle.

### Cost Center Areas

Cost Center Areas is where you determine which cost centers can transfer and request items from other cost centers. For example, cost center A can transfer items to cost center B. But cost center B can only transfer and request items from cost center C.

- Configuring Cost Centers to Transfer Inventory
- Configuring Cost Centers to Request Inventory
- Removing Transfer From/To Capabilities from a Cost Center
- Copying Transfer and Request Settings to Another Cost Center

#### Configuring Cost Centers to Transfer Inventory

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **Cost Center Areas**.
2. Select a **Cost Center**, select **Transfer To**, and then click **Add Cost Centers**.
3. For each recipient cost center, select a **Cost Center**, and then select the appropriate options:
   - **With Sub Cost Centers**: Select this option to allow all cost centers below the selected cost center to have the ability to receive transfers from the default cost center.
   - **Full Link**: Select this option to allow the selected cost center to have the ability to receive items from the Transfer To cost center. For example, you want cost center A to have the ability to transfer items to cost center B and give cost center B the ability to receive items from cost center A.
4. Click **Add**.

#### Configuring Cost Centers to Request Inventory

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **Cost Center Areas**.
2. Select a **Cost Center**, select **Transfer From**, and then click **Add Cost Centers**.
3. For each cost center that can be queried with a request, select a **Cost Center**, and then select the appropriate options:
• **With Sub Cost Centers**: Select this option to allow all cost centers below the selected cost center to have the ability to transfer items to the default cost center.

• **Full Link**: Select this option to allow the selected cost center to have the ability to transfer items to the Transfer To cost center. For example, you want cost center A to have the ability to receive items from cost center B and give cost center B the ability to transfer items to cost center A.

4. Click **Add**.

### Removing Transfer From/To Capabilities from a Cost Center

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **Cost Center Areas**.
2. Select the appropriate **Mode**, and then select the appropriate **Cost Center**. For example, Cherry Hill has the ability to transfer to Annapolis, BWI CC, Baltimore Restaurant, Chesapeake CC, and Merrifield CC. If you do not want Cherry Hill to transfer to Merrifield CC anymore, select **Transfer To** as the **Mode**, and then select Cherry Hill as the **Cost Center**.
3. Select the cost centers you want to remove from the list, click **Remove Cost Centers**, and then click **OK** to confirm.

### Copying Transfer and Request Settings to Another Cost Center

You can copy the transfer or request settings from one cost center to another cost center. This feature is only available for one mode at a time.

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **Cost Center Areas**.
2. Click **Copy To...**, select the cost centers or stores from the Copy To Cost Center(s) dialog box to which to apply the transfer from/to settings of the existing store, and then click **OK**.

### User Management

User Management is where user rights are administered to existing user profiles.

Set basic role rights prior to setting user rights. Then, add rights as needed to individual users. This is more manageable and saves time, but most importantly ensures that new users have the correct rights from the beginning. If set per user, when a new user logs in, they might see nothing, unless the system administrator has set up the new user’s individual user rights already.

**Note:**

Do not create users in Inventory Management. Create all users in Reporting and Analytics and sync them to Inventory Management. Otherwise, new users (those created in Inventory Management) cannot log in to Inventory Management. To access Inventory Management, users need access to Reporting and Analytics.

• **Modifying and Assigning Rights to a User**
Modifying and Assigning Rights to a User

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **User Management**.
2. Click the **Login Name** of the user to modify, and then update the user details as required:
   - **Login Name**: The the login name for the user.
   - **Role**: The user's role.
   - **Phone**: The user's phone number.
   - **Fax**: The user's fax number.
   - **E-Mail**: The user's email address.
   - **Authorization Level**: Select the user's authorization level in regard to ordering items. If an item has a level higher than the user’s, the user cannot order it.
   - **Language**: Select the language for the user.
   - **Default Cost Center**: Enter the default Cost Center for the user. When accessing certain modules, this value automatically appears in the cost center field.
   - **C/S Filter**: Enable this to use the Cost Center/Store filter. The field to the right of this option shows the cost centers or stores currently in the user’s filter. The user does not have access to cost centers or stores not included here. **Filtering User Access by Cost Center** provides more information on making filter adjustments.
   - **Copy C/S Filter From**: Enables you to copy a user’s C/S Filter to another user.
   - **Information**: Enter any information pertinent to the user in the field.
   - **User is Central Purchase Manager**: Select this option to allow the users to approve and book orders.
   - **Purchase Manager**: Select the user's purchasing manager.
   - **Reporting and Analytics synchronization and Default Cost Center**:
     - **As Defined in Role**: Uses the setting from Role Management.
     - **Override**: Retains the default cost center synced from Reporting and Analytics for the user.
     - **Preserve**: Ignores the default cost center synced from Reporting and Analytics and uses the information indicated on this page.
   - **Use Recipe Group Filter**: Select this option to use the Recipe Group filter with the user.
3. To assign user rights:
   a. Click **Manage User Rights**, and then select the appropriate **Module Group**.
User rights for the module appear in the pane to the right, these options vary depending on the selection.

b. From the pane on the right, select the appropriate user rights by selecting the adjacent check box in the Right column, and then click Save.

Refer to the User/Role Rights chapter for an overview of all available privileges.

c. To assign all the user rights for the module, click Set Rights, and then click OK to confirm.

4. Click Save.

Filtering User Access by Cost Center

You can use the C/S Filter to determine and control user access by cost center and store:

1. Click Maintenance, and then click User Management.
2. Click the Login Name of the appropriate user, and then select C/S Filter.
3. Click the button with the ellipsis (…) point symbol next to the C/S Filter field.
4. In the Add Cost Center(s) dialog box, place the cursor on the Cost Center field, and then press Enter.
5. Select one or more cost centers, and then click Add.
6. Click OK to exit the Add Cost Center(s) dialog box.

Assigning Recipe Groups to a User

1. Click Maintenance, and then click User Management.
2. Click the Login Name of the appropriate user, and then click Recipe Group Assignment.
3. In the Right column, select the check boxes adjacent to the relevant recipe groups, and then click Save.
4. To assign all recipe groups to the user, click Set Rights, and then click OK to confirm.

Deleting Users

You cannot delete a user. You can only make a user inactive. If you accidentally set a user’s status to inactive, you can reactivate a user by manipulating the user’s rights and saving. This causes the system to realize an update is taking place and the user is still needed.

Making a user inactive in Inventory Management does not make the user inactive in Reporting and Analytics. However, making a user inactive in Reporting and Analytics makes the user inactive in Inventory Management.

Role Management

Role Management is where rights and privileges on a role level are created and maintained.
Modifying and Assigning Rights to a Role

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **Role Management**.
2. Click the **Role Name** to modify, and then update the role details as required:
   - **Role Name**: The name of the role.
   - **Reporting and Analytics synchronization and Default Cost Center**:  
     - **Override**: Ignores the default cost center synced from Reporting and Analytics and used the information indicated on this page.
     - **Preserve**: Retains the default cost center synced from Reporting and Analytics for this role.
3. To assign role rights:
   a. Click **Manage Role Rights**, and then select the appropriate **Module Group**.
   b. From the pane on the right, select the appropriate role rights by selecting the adjacent check box in the **Right** column, and then click **Save**.
      Refer to the **User/Role Rights** chapter for an overview of all available privileges.
   c. To assign all the role rights for the module, click **Set Rights**, and then click **OK** to confirm.
4. Click **Save**.

Assigning Recipe Groups to a Role

1. Click **Maintenance**, and then click **Role Management**.
2. Click the appropriate **Role Name**, and then click **Recipe Group Assignment**.
3. In the **Right** column, select the check boxes adjacent to the relevant recipe groups, and then click **Save**.
4. To assign all recipe groups to the role, click **Set Rights**, and then click **OK** to confirm.
Deleting Roles

You cannot delete a role. You can only make a role inactive. If you accidentally set a role’s status to inactive, you can reactivate the role by changing the role's rights. This causes the system to realize an update is taking place and the role is still needed.

Making a role inactive in Inventory Management does not make the role inactive in Reporting and Analytics. However, making a role inactive in Reporting and Analytics makes the role inactive in Inventory Management.

Vendor - Cost Center

Vendor - Cost Center is where you can assign vendor visibility to cost centers. For large organizations with many vendors, this provides a way to minimize the amount of data cost centers are able to access.

- Assigning a Vendor to a Cost Center

Assigning a Vendor to a Cost Center

1. Click Maintenance, and then click Vendor - Cost Center.
2. Click Add, enter the Vendor, enter the Cost Center, and then click Add.
User/Role Rights

This chapter provides an overview of user and role rights. User/role rights are categorized as follows:

- Purchase
- B2B Solutions
- Store
- Production
- Master Data
- Mobile Solutions
- System
- Mobile Solutions 2010

For more information on user configuration, refer to the Maintenance section of this document.

- Purchase User/Role Rights
- B2B Solutions User/Role Rights
- Store User/Role Rights
- Production User/Role Rights
- Master Data User/Role Rights
- Mobile Solutions User/Role Rights
- System User/Role Rights
- Mobile Solutions 2010 User/Role Rights

Purchase User/Role Rights

The following table provides an overview of privileges available for the Purchase module group.

Table 26-1  Purchase User/Role Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub Category</th>
<th>Right</th>
<th>Allows Users to...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Purchase Order</td>
<td>Purchase Orders</td>
<td>Access the Ordering module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Create Order by: Order Cycle</td>
<td>Create orders by selecting predefined order cycles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Create Order by: Vendor</td>
<td>Create orders by vendor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Create Order by: Order List</td>
<td>Create orders by order list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub Category</td>
<td>Right</td>
<td>Allows Users to...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create Order by:</td>
<td>Suggested Order Qty</td>
<td>Create orders based on suggested quantities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create Order by: Blank</td>
<td>Order</td>
<td>Create blank orders.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Make Individual Orders</td>
<td></td>
<td>Create individual purchase orders without using purchasing lists.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create/Modify List</td>
<td></td>
<td>Create, modify, and delete order lists. Lists are not filtered by role and are visible to everyone.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase/Receive all Items</td>
<td></td>
<td>Purchase or receive all items even though no vendor purchase item is available. Users can create vendor purchase items themselves. This user right overrules user right Purchase/Receive Default Vendor Purchase Items Only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase/Receive Default Vendor Purchase Items Only</td>
<td></td>
<td>Purchase or receive vendor purchase items set to default/DPQ only. This privilege is overruled by privilege Purchase/Receive all Items.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save Order</td>
<td></td>
<td>Create a new order, add freely selected items and items from lists, and save or suspend the order. If not set, users can only create orders from existing lists and cannot save or suspend.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change Cost Center from List in Ordering</td>
<td></td>
<td>Change the cost center when ordering from a list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show SOH and On Order Qty in Ordering</td>
<td></td>
<td>View the item Stock On Hand and On Order Quantity in Ordering.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Order over Maximum Quantity</td>
<td></td>
<td>Order more than the maximum quantity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delete suspended Orders</td>
<td></td>
<td>Delete suspended orders.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delete placed (open) Orders</td>
<td></td>
<td>Delete positions from placed orders.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase Manager for prepared Orders</td>
<td></td>
<td>Purchase manager for prep orders.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Order Cycles</td>
<td></td>
<td>View, add, and modify order cycles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Order</td>
<td></td>
<td>Place an order outside of a valid order cycle, if order cycles are used; or if minimum qty/weight/ value per order is used, enables placing an order if the minimum qty/weight/ value is not met.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Order Calculation</td>
<td></td>
<td>View and modify the order calculation methods.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Order Calculation Lookup</td>
<td></td>
<td>Access the Order Calculation Lookup page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-Stock</td>
<td></td>
<td>Access the items out of stock function.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VPI(s)</td>
<td>VPI(s)</td>
<td>Access the Vendor Purchase Catalog page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add/Modify VPI(s)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Add and modify vendor purchase items.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub Category</td>
<td>Right</td>
<td>Allows Users to...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Manage Contract in VPI(s)</td>
<td>Access the control flag in Vendor Purchase Items.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Copy/Compare VPI(s)</td>
<td>Access the Copy/Compare VPI(s) page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Access the control flag in Vendor Purchase Items.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Create Receipt by: Purchase Order</td>
<td>Create a receipt by purchase order.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Create Receipt by: List</td>
<td>Create a receipt by list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Create Receipt by: Vendor</td>
<td>Create a receipt by vendor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Create Receipt by: Blank Receipt</td>
<td>Create a blank receipt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Create Receipt by: Return to Vendor</td>
<td>Create a Return to Vendor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Create non-unique Delivery Note Numbers</td>
<td>Create non-unique delivery note numbers (includes B2B Solutions).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Change Cost Center from List in Receiving</td>
<td>Change the cost center when receiving using a list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Change Prices in Receiving</td>
<td>Change prices when receiving delivery notes/invoices. This is not possible for items set to fixed prices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Change Net/Gross Prices in Receiving</td>
<td>Change the net/gross price in Receiving.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Change Taxes in Receiving</td>
<td>Change the taxes/VAT in Receiving.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Change Discount in Receiving</td>
<td>Change discounts in Receiving.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Override Receiving Deviation Settings</td>
<td>Overwrite the Receiving Deviation settings configured in Items.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Edit Adjustment in Receiving</td>
<td>Edit adjustments in Receiving.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Book Receipt</td>
<td>Book delivery notes. If this right is not enabled, users cannot save receipts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Change Purchase Order Closing Defaults</td>
<td>Access the Close Purchase Order option in the Receiving booking dialog box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Close Order automatically</td>
<td>Access the Close Purchase Order option in the Receiving booking dialog box. This option is enabled by default and can be manually disabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Save Delivery Note as Invoice</td>
<td>Create an invoice directly when booking a delivery note. This option is overruled if the option Receiving as Invoice is disabled in Vendors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Edit Invoice Total in Receiving</td>
<td>Modify the invoice total in Receipt as Invoice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving</td>
<td>Delete booked Delivery Notes</td>
<td>Delete booked delivery notes. Deleted notes are shown with a canceled status.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invoice Control</td>
<td>Invoice Control</td>
<td>Access the Invoice Control page.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 26-1  (Cont.) Purchase User/Role Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub Category</th>
<th>Right</th>
<th>Allows Users to...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Create non-unique Invoice Numbers</td>
<td>Create non-unique invoice numbers in Invoice at Receiving (including B2B Solutions) and Invoice Control.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back Office IFC</td>
<td>Back Office IFC</td>
<td>Access the Back Office IFC page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Correct Amounts/VAT in B/O IFC</td>
<td>Correct amounts/VAT in the Back Office Interface.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Close Financial Period</td>
<td>Access the Close Financial Period page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Close Financial Period: Open Period</td>
<td>Reopen the last closed period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Close Financial Period: Change Period</td>
<td>Shift documents between open periods.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### B2B Solutions User/Role Rights

The following table provides an overview of privileges available for the B2B Solutions module group.

### Table 26-2  B2B Solutions User/Role Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Right</th>
<th>Allows Users to...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Item Catalog Cleanup - Select all Vendors</td>
<td>Use Item Catalog Cleanup for all vendors at one time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reject Price(s) Variances</td>
<td>Reject price variances.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Store User/Role Rights

The following table provides an overview of privileges available for the Store module group.

### Table 26-3  Store User/Role Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub Category</th>
<th>Right</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Show SOH in Transfer From</td>
<td>View the SOH in the Transfer From page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Delete requested Issue Requests</td>
<td>Delete documents in a Requested status.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Delete Suspended Issue Requests</td>
<td>Delete saved documents created by another user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Make Individual Issue Request/Transfers</td>
<td>Create individual Issue Request/Transfer, not from a list. Old Issue/Request Transfer only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub Category</td>
<td>Right</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfers</td>
<td>Can not decline Transfers</td>
<td>Restricts users from declining delivered transfers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Can not accept Transfers</td>
<td>Restricts users from accepting delivered transfers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Transfers</td>
<td>Access to the Transfers page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Create Transfer To</td>
<td>Create a Transfer To document.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Create Transfer From</td>
<td>Create a Transfer From document.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Create Transfer To from List</td>
<td>Create a Transfer To document using a list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Create Transfer From from List</td>
<td>Create a Transfer From document using a list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Save Issue Request/ Transfer as List</td>
<td>Save Issue/Request Transfers as a list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Add Items to IR/ Transfers created from List</td>
<td>Add items to Issue Request/Transfers created from a list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Change Cost Center from List in Transfer To</td>
<td>Change the cost center in a Transfer To from List.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Show SOH in Transfer To</td>
<td>View the stock on hand in the Transfer To page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Change Cost Center from List in Transfer From</td>
<td>Change the cost center in a Transfer From List.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Delete Suspended Transfer To from other Users</td>
<td>Delete suspended documents created by other users in the Transfer To page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Quick Booking of Transfers</td>
<td>Book open transfers from the Transfer Overview page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Manage Cost Center Areas</td>
<td>View, add, and modify cost center areas for the Transfers page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use Cost Center Areas</td>
<td>Enables the cost center area filter in the Transfers page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Manually Book External Logistics Transfer</td>
<td>Book Requested External Logistics Transfer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stock on Hand Control</td>
<td>Stock on Hand Control</td>
<td>Access the Stock on Hand Control page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manage Store</td>
<td>Manage Store</td>
<td>Access the Manage Store page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Change Control SOH</td>
<td>Change the MIN and POT SOH in the Manage Store page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Change Unit</td>
<td>Change the store unit in Manage Store and add additional units for use in Inventory Counts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Change AVE</td>
<td>Change the average price of an item. The system generates an inventory correction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Delete Items from Store</td>
<td>Delete items from a store that has zero stock on hand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Storage Locations: Convert</td>
<td>Access the Convert Function in the Stock Take Lists.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Copy Storage Locations</td>
<td>Copy storage locations.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 26-3  (Cont.) Store User/Role Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub Category</th>
<th>Right</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Copy Units</td>
<td></td>
<td>Copy units from one store to another.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External Logistics</td>
<td></td>
<td>Access to the External Logistics page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waste</td>
<td></td>
<td>Access to the Waste page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Create Waste by: List</td>
<td>Create a Waste by List.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Create Waste by: Blank Waste</td>
<td>Create a blank waste.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Change Cost Center from List in Waste</td>
<td>Change the cost center in a Waste from a list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inventory</td>
<td>Inventory: call Module</td>
<td>Access to the Inventory and Stock Taking page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory: generate</td>
<td>Generate inventories.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory: generate Blank Inventory</td>
<td>Generate blank inventories.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory: generate Count Cycle</td>
<td>Generate inventories by count cycle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory: generate List</td>
<td>Generate inventories by list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory: Create Start of Day Count</td>
<td>Create start of day counts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory: Create Mid-day Count</td>
<td>Create mid-day counts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory: Create End of Day Count</td>
<td>Create end of day counts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Override Unit Collection Method</td>
<td>Override the default Inventory Collection method. If disabled, Collection Method is not accessible on the Inventory creation page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Override Closing Method</td>
<td>Overriding the default Closing Method. If disabled, Closing Method is not accessible on the Inventory creation page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory: Add Item/ Unit</td>
<td>Add items and units to inventory counts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory: visible POT Qty</td>
<td>View potential quantities and values in the Inventory page. Deviation details are also shown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory: freeze</td>
<td>Freeze an inventory count.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory: edit Frozen</td>
<td>Edit frozen inventory count.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory: unfreeze</td>
<td>Unfreeze a frozen inventory count.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory: book</td>
<td>Book an inventory count.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory: unbook</td>
<td>Reopen the most recently booked inventory count for a cost center.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manage Count Cycles</td>
<td></td>
<td>Manage count cycles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add Lists to Count Cycles</td>
<td></td>
<td>Add lists to count cycles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add Item Groups to Count Cycles</td>
<td></td>
<td>Add item groups to count cycles.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 26-3  (Cont.) Store User/Role Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub Category</th>
<th>Right</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Add Items to Count Cycles</td>
<td>Add items to count cycles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory Daily Variance</td>
<td>Access to the Inventory Daily Variance Report.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Production User/Role Rights

The following table provides an overview of privileges available for the Production module group.

Table 26-4  Production User/Role Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub Category</th>
<th>Right</th>
<th>Allows Users to...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Recipes</td>
<td>Recipes</td>
<td>Access the Recipes page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Save Recipes</td>
<td>Create and modify recipes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Manage Recipes</td>
<td>Add and modify recipes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Manage Corporate Recipes</td>
<td>Manage corporate recipes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Show COS of Recipes</td>
<td>View the recipe Cost of Sales.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Show Recipe History</td>
<td>Access the Recipe History or the Audit Trail (if enabled).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Recipe - Allow editing manual nutrients</td>
<td>Enter nutrients manually into the recipe.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Edit Recipe Nutrient Status</td>
<td>Edit the recipe nutrient status.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Replace Items</td>
<td>Replace items in the Search Recipe Components page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preparation Types</td>
<td>Preparation Types</td>
<td>Access the Preparation Types page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Save Preparation Types</td>
<td>Set up new preparation types and change existing preparation types.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutrients</td>
<td>Nutrient Groups</td>
<td>Access the Nutrient Groups page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Import Nutrient Catalog</td>
<td>Access the Nutrient Catalog page and gives the ability to import/update a catalog.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Delete Nutrient Catalog</td>
<td>Delete an imported nutrient catalog.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Menu Item Linking</td>
<td>Menu Item Linking</td>
<td>Access the Menu Item Linking page and to edit Linking. This right also enables the Linking tab in the Recipes module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Production</td>
<td>Production</td>
<td>Access the Production page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Change Cost Center from List in Productions</td>
<td>Change the cost center in a Production from a list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Preparation and Thaw Pull Reporting</td>
<td>Access Preparation and Thaw Pull reporting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yield Management</td>
<td>Yield Containers</td>
<td>View, add, and modify yield containers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yield Management</td>
<td>Access the Yield Management page.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 26-4  (Cont.) Production User/Role Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub Category</th>
<th>Right</th>
<th>Allows Users to...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use all Items as Yield Base Items</td>
<td>Use all available items as base items in Yield.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Master Data User/Role Rights

The following table provides an overview of privileges available for the Master Data module group.

Table 26-5  Master Data User/Role Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub Category</th>
<th>Right</th>
<th>Allows Users to...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cost Center/Store</td>
<td>Cost Centers/Stores</td>
<td>Access the Cost Centers/Stores page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save Cost Centers/Stores</td>
<td>Create and modify cost centers/stores.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost Center Groups</td>
<td>Cost Center Groups</td>
<td>Access the Cost Center Groups page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save Cost Center Groups</td>
<td>Create and modify cost center groups.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taxes</td>
<td>Taxes</td>
<td>Access the Taxes page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save Taxes</td>
<td>Define and modify taxes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Currency</td>
<td>Foreign Currency</td>
<td>Access the Foreign Currency page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save Foreign Currency</td>
<td>Create and modify Foreign Currencies and Exchange Rates.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor</td>
<td>Vendors</td>
<td>Access the Vendors page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save Vendors</td>
<td>Create and modify vendors.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor Cost Center Profile</td>
<td>Access the Vendor Cost Center Profile page.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save Vendor Cost Center Profile</td>
<td>Create and modify Vendor Cost Center profiles.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manage Corporate Vendors</td>
<td>Manage and edit corporate vendors.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor/Cost Center assign</td>
<td>Assign vendors to cost centers in the Vendors page.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor Groups</td>
<td>Vendor Groups</td>
<td>Access the Vendor Groups page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save Vendor Groups</td>
<td>Create and modify vendor groups.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Items</td>
<td>Items</td>
<td>Access the Items page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save Items</td>
<td>Create and modify items.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manage Corporate Items</td>
<td>Manage and edit corporate items.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save Standard Prices</td>
<td>Save standard prices for items.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Items - Allow Adding/Editing Nutrient Links</td>
<td>Add and edit nutrient links using the Nutrient Catalog.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item - Allow editing manual nutrients</td>
<td>Editing item nutrient information manually.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit Item Nutrient Status</td>
<td>Edit an item's nutrient status.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Units</td>
<td>Units</td>
<td>Access the Units page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Save Units</td>
<td>Create and modify units.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 26-5 (Cont.) Master Data User/Role Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub Category</th>
<th>Right</th>
<th>Allows Users to...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Item Groups</td>
<td>Item Groups</td>
<td>Access the Item Groups page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Save Item Groups</td>
<td>Create and modify existing Item Groups.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major Groups</td>
<td>Major Groups</td>
<td>Access the Major Groups page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Save Major Groups</td>
<td>Create and modify Major Groups.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over Groups</td>
<td>Over Groups</td>
<td>Access the Over Groups page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Save Over Groups</td>
<td>Create and modify Over Groups.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recipe Groups</td>
<td>Recipe Groups</td>
<td>Access the Recipe Groups page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reason Codes</td>
<td>Reason Codes</td>
<td>Create and modify Reason Codes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Categories</td>
<td>Categories</td>
<td>Create and modify categories.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Import Master Data</td>
<td>Import Master Data</td>
<td>Access the Import Master Data page. Assign this right to system administrators only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Account Classes</td>
<td>Account Classes</td>
<td>Access the Account Classes page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Save Account Classes</td>
<td>Create and modify Count Classes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clients</td>
<td>Clients</td>
<td>Access the Clients page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Save Clients</td>
<td>Create and modify clients.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustments</td>
<td>Adjustments</td>
<td>Access the Adjustments page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Save Adjustments</td>
<td>Create and modify adjustments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fiscal Fields</td>
<td>Access the Fiscal Fields page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Save Fiscal Fields</td>
<td>Create and modify Fiscal Field Code.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Master Data Translation</td>
<td>Master Data Translation</td>
<td>Accessing the Master Data Translation page.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Mobile Solutions User/Role Rights

The following table provides an overview of privileges available for the Mobile Solutions module group.

### Table 26-6 Mobile Solutions User/Role Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Right</th>
<th>Allows Users to...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Solutions</td>
<td>Access the Mobile Solutions page and all its functions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Update ACT SOH</td>
<td>Change the setting for Update/Overwrite SOH through Mobile Inventory Count import.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit Mobile Stock Take Lists</td>
<td>Change the configuration for the Mobile Stock Take List.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Solutions 2010 Client</td>
<td>Access the Mobile Solutions 2010 Client page.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# System User/Role Rights

The following table provides an overview of privileges available for the System module group.

## Table 26-7  System User/Role Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub Category</th>
<th>Right</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>System Functions</td>
<td>Change Password</td>
<td>Change password.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Users</td>
<td>Create and modify users. Users with this privilege can change passwords and rights of other users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Departments</td>
<td>Create and modify departments. Users with this privilege can also set access rights to departments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Configurations</td>
<td>Access to the Configuration page. Only the system administrator needs this right.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Document Numbers</td>
<td>Access to the Document Numbers page. Only the system administrator needs this right.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Data Base Update</td>
<td>Access to Database Update. Only the system administrator needs this right.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Settings</td>
<td>Access to the Settings page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>List Management</td>
<td>List Management</td>
<td>Access to the List Management page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Purchasing Lists</td>
<td>Create and modify ordering/receiving lists in the List Management page when using the Save as List option in other pages.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory Lists</td>
<td>Create and modify Inventory lists.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Issue Request/Transfer Lists</td>
<td>Create and modify Issue Request/Transfer lists.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Waste Lists</td>
<td>Create and modify Waste lists.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Production Lists</td>
<td>Create and modify Production lists.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Add Items to Order/ Receipt created from List</td>
<td>Add items to an order/receipt created from a list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Add Items to Waste created from List</td>
<td>Add items to a Waste created from a list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Add Items to Inventory created from List</td>
<td>Add items to an Inventory created from a list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Add Items to Production created from List</td>
<td>Add items to a Production created from a list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Add Items to Yield created from List</td>
<td>Add items to a Yield created from a list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Add Items to Order Request created from List</td>
<td>Add items to an Order Request created from a list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Add Items to Master Order List</td>
<td>Add items to a Master Order List.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Approve Master Order List</td>
<td>Set the status of a Master Order List to approved.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 26-7 (Cont.) System User/Role Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub Category</th>
<th>Right</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scheduler Functions</td>
<td>Finish Master Order List</td>
<td>Set the status of a Master Order List to finished.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use Cost Center Relationships in List Management</td>
<td>Create, edit, and save requisition and transfer lists in List Management for cost centers that are not assigned to them in their C/S Filter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Scheduler</td>
<td>Create and modify Scheduler jobs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td>Cannot backdate Receiving</td>
<td>Prevents users from adding a receipt for a past date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cannot backdate RTS</td>
<td>Prevents users from adding a return to vendor for a past date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cannot backdate Inventory Count</td>
<td>Prevents users from adding an inventory count for a past date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cannot backdate Invoicing</td>
<td>Prevents users from adding an invoice for a past date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cannot backdate Waste</td>
<td>Prevents users from adding a waste for a past date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cannot backdate Yield</td>
<td>Prevents users from adding a yield for a past date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cannot backdate Production</td>
<td>Prevents users from adding a production for a past date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cannot backdate Requisition/Transfer</td>
<td>Prevents users from adding a requisition/transfer for a past date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cannot backdate Sales Order</td>
<td>Prevents users from adding a sales order for a past date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Show Prices</td>
<td>Can view prices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Functions</td>
<td>Booking in Last Period Allowed</td>
<td>Book items received and transfers in the last period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Manage global Visibility Criteria</td>
<td>Manage the global visibility criteria, that is, assigning cost centers to lists and recipes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Disable Auto Run</td>
<td>Turns off the generation of a result set in all pages (except the Edit Job page) so users can select the filters before refreshing the page.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Mobile Solutions 2010 User/Role Rights

The following table provides an overview of privileges available for the Mobile Solutions 2010 module group.

### Table 26-8 Mobile Solutions 2010 User/Role Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub Category</th>
<th>Right</th>
<th>Allows Users to...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inventory</td>
<td>Inventory</td>
<td>Import data, enter inventory counts, and prepare exports.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 26-8  (Cont.) Mobile Solutions 2010 User/Role Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub Category</th>
<th>Right</th>
<th>Allows Users to...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory Barcode Assignment</td>
<td>Assign new barcodes in Mobile Solutions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Inventory Configuration</td>
<td>Access the Mobile Solution Inventory Configuration page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transactions</td>
<td>Purchase Orders</td>
<td>Access the Mobile Solutions Purchase Order page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Purchase Order Barcode Assignment</td>
<td>Assign new barcodes in the Mobile Solutions Purchase Order page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Receivings</td>
<td>Access the Mobile Solutions Receivings page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Receivings Barcode Assignment</td>
<td>Assign new Barcodes in the Mobile Solutions Receivings page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Transfers</td>
<td>Allows access to the Mobile Solutions Transfers page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Transfers Barcode Assignment</td>
<td>Assign new barcodes in the Mobile Solutions Transfers page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Transactions Configuration</td>
<td>Access the Mobile Solutions Transactions page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Device Management</td>
<td>Open Module</td>
<td>Access the Mobile Device Management page in Inventory Management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Edit Device Name and Location</td>
<td>Edit the device name and the location assignment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Delete Device</td>
<td>Delete devices.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Mobile Solutions

Mobile Solutions 2010 is an application that enables you to handle the processing of inventories, create orders, receipts, and transfers using your hand held device (HHT).

- Configuring Mobile Solutions to Interface with a Specific Organization

Configuring Mobile Solutions to Interface with a Specific Organization

You must perform these steps when performing inventory management for an organization on a web service hosting multiple organizations.

1. In the Mobile Solutions application, select Start, and select Configuration.
2. Enter the password and login. This is the same password that is used to access hidden options in Inventory Management.
3. Select Select Config File, select Application Data, select Materials Control Mobile Solutions, and then open the config.xml file.
4. In the Company field, enter the short name for your organization, and then save the configuration.
5. Select Start, select Materials Control, enter your credentials, and then click Sync Master Data.