

Oracle® Exalytics

In-Memory Machine Owner's Guide



Release 2.0.0.1.0

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The Oracle logo, consisting of a solid red square with the word "ORACLE" in white, uppercase, sans-serif font centered within it.

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Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Owner's Guide, Release 2.0.0.1.0

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Preface

This guide describes how to set up and commission the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine in your data center. It includes information about hardware operations and site planning, as well as physical, electrical, and environmental specifications.

 **Note:**

All hardware-related specifications in this guide are based on information for a typical deployment provided by Oracle at the time this guide was written. Oracle is not responsible for hardware problems that may result from following the average specifications in this document. For detailed information about preparing your site for Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine deployment, consult your hardware specification.

This guide applies to Oracle Exalytics X2-4, X3-4, X4-4, X5-4, and X6-4 Release 2 (2.1).

This preface contains the following sections:

- [Audience](#)
- [Documentation Accessibility](#)
- [Related Documents](#)
- [Conventions](#)
- [Audience](#)
- [Documentation Accessibility](#)
- [Related Documents](#)
- [Conventions](#)

Audience

This guide is intended for Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine customers and those responsible for data center site planning.

It is assumed that the readers of this manual have knowledge of the following:

- System administration concepts
- Hardware and networking concepts

Documentation Accessibility

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Related Documents

For more information, see the following documents:

- [Oracle Fusion Middleware Documentation Library](#)
- [Oracle Business Intelligence Enterprise Edition Documentation](#)
- [Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Installation and Administration Guide for Linux](#)

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
<i>italic</i>	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

1

Getting Started

This chapter describes how to get started with your Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine.

It discusses the following topics:

- [Tools and Equipment Needed](#)
- [Installation Tasks](#)
- [Opening the Box](#)
- [ESD Precautions](#)
- [Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Description](#)
- [Connecting the Cables](#)
- [Connecting the Power Cords](#)

1.1 Tools and Equipment Needed

To install the system, you need the following tools:

- No. 2 Phillips screwdriver
- ESD mat and grounding strap
- Pencil, stylus, or other pointed device, for pushing front panel buttons

You also need a system console device, such as one of the following:

- A laptop or Sun workstation
- ASCII terminal
- Terminal server

1.2 Installation Tasks

This section summarizes a list of tasks that you must perform to install the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine.

Table 1-1 Server Installation Tasks

Step	Description	For More Information
1	Unpack the machine and any optional components ordered for the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine from the shipping containers.	See Opening the Box

Table 1-1 (Cont.) Server Installation Tasks

Step	Description	For More Information
2	Review electrostatic damage (ESD) precautions before installing the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine.	See ESD Precautions
2	Install the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine into a rack using slide-rails.	See Installing Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Into a Rack
3	Connect cables to the server.	See Connecting the Cables
4	Connect power cords.	See Connecting the Power Cords

1.3 Opening the Box

Carefully open the shipping box. Unpack all server components from the packing cartons.

After opening the box, verify the server box contents and any optional components.

- [Server Box Contents](#)

1.3.1 Server Box Contents

The server box should contain the following items:

- Oracle Server
- Power cord, packaged separately with country kit
- Rackmount kit containing rack rails and installation instructions
- (Optional) Oracle Server Documentation and Media Kit, including the following:
 - License and safety documentation
 - Tools and Drivers DVD (includes drivers and additional software), Oracle Hardware Installation Assistant CD, and SunVTS CD

1.4 ESD Precautions

Electronic equipment is susceptible to damage by static electricity. Use a grounded antistatic wrist strap, foot strap, or equivalent safety equipment to prevent electrostatic damage (ESD) when you install or service the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine.

▲ Caution:

To protect electronic components from electrostatic damage, which can permanently disable the system or require repair by authorized service technicians, place components on an antistatic surface, such as an antistatic discharge mat, an antistatic bag, or a disposable antistatic mat. Wear an antistatic grounding strap connected to a metal surface on the chassis when you work on system components.

1.5 Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Description

This section shows the connectors and buttons on the front and back panels of the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine.

It contains the following topics:

- [Front Panel Features](#)
- [Back Panel Features](#)

1.5.1 Front Panel Features

Figure 1-1 shows the front panel of the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine.

Figure 1-1 Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Front Panel

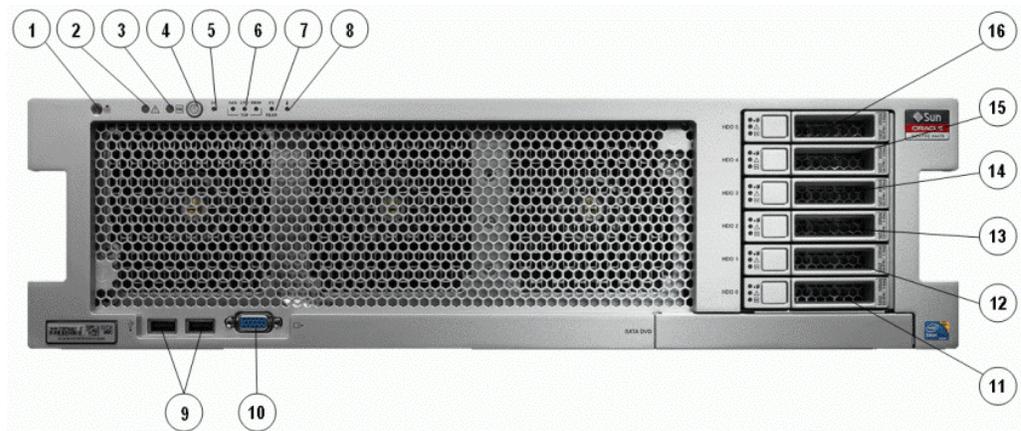


Table 1-2 describes the front panel buttons and LED indicators.

Table 1-2 Figure Legend

Number	Description
1	Locator LED/Locator button: white
2	Service Action Required LED: amber
3	Main Power/OK LED: green
4	Power button

Table 1-2 (Cont.) Figure Legend

Number	Description
5	SP OK/Fault LED: green/amber
6	Service Action Required LEDs (3) for Fan Module (FAN), Processor (CPU) and Memory: amber
7	Power Supply (PS) Fault (Service Action Required) LED: amber
8	Over Temperature Warning LED: amber
9	USB 2.0 connectors (2)
10	DB-15 video connector
11	Hard disk drive 0
12	Hard disk drive 1
13	Hard disk drive 2
14	Hard disk drive 3
15	Hard disk drive 4
16	Hard disk drive 5

1.5.2 Back Panel Features

Figure 1-2 and Figure 1-3 shows the back panel of the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X2-4, and Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X3-4, respectively.

Figure 1-2 Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X2-4 Back Panel

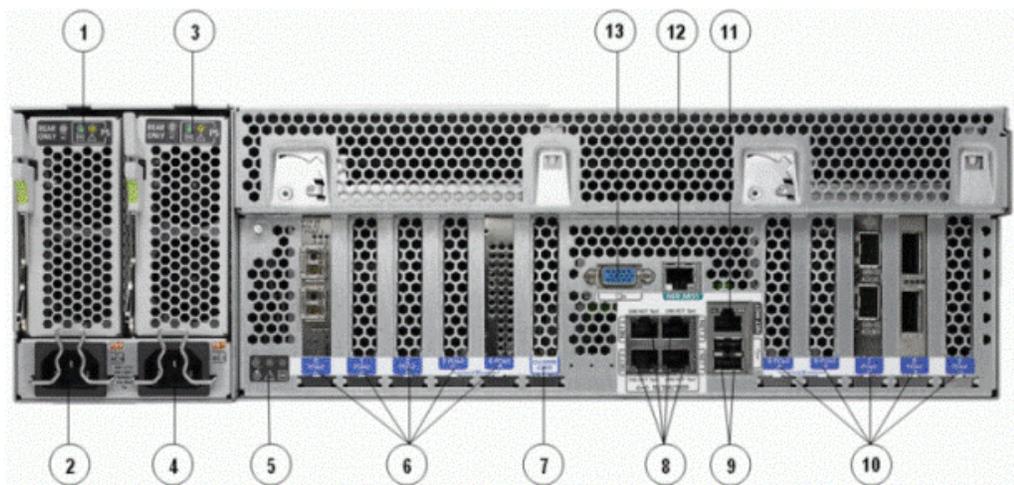


Figure 1-3 Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X3-4 Back Panel

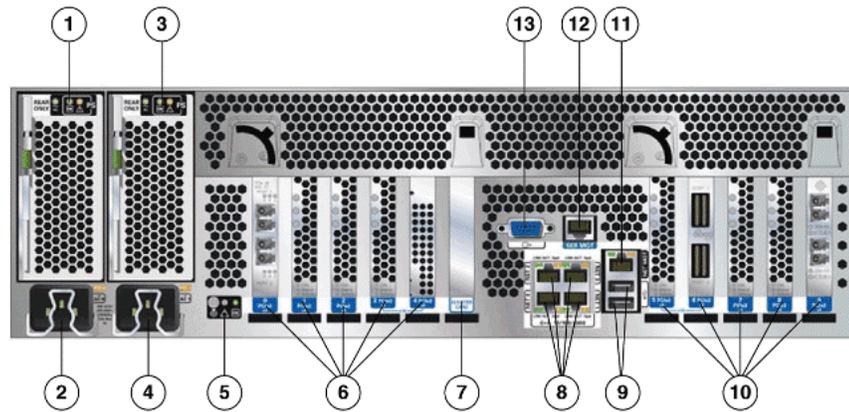


Table 1-3 describes the back panel buttons and LED indicators.

Table 1-3 Figure Legend

Number	Description
1	Power supply unit 0 status indicator LEDs: Service Action Required: amber DC OK: green AC OK: green or amber
2	Power supply unit 0 AC inlet
3	Power supply unit 1 status indicator LEDs: Service Action Required: amber DC OK: green AC OK: green or amber
4	Power supply unit 1 AC inlet
5	System status LEDs: Power/OK: green Attention: amber Locate: white
6	PCIe card slots 0–4
7	Cluster card slot
8	Network (NET) 10/100/1000 ports: NET0–NET3
9	USB 2.0 connectors (2)
10	PCIe card slots 5–9
11	Service processor (SP) network management (NET MGT) port
12	Serial management (SER MGT)/RJ-45 serial port

Table 1-3 (Cont.) Figure Legend

Number	Description
13	DB-15 video connector

Figure 1-4 Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X6-4, X5-4, and X4-4 Back Panel

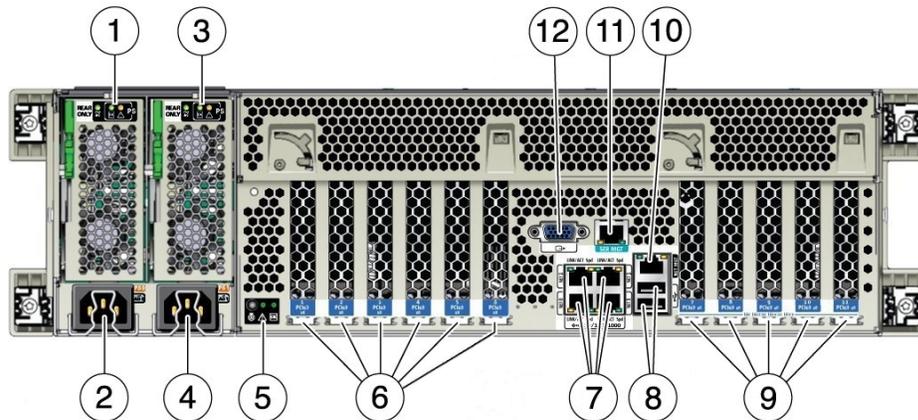


Table 1-3 describes the back panel buttons and LED indicators on the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X6-4, X5-4, and X4-4 Back Panel.

Table 1-4 Figure Legend for Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X6-4, X5-4, and X4-4 Back Panel

Number	Description
1	Power supply unit 0 status indicator LEDs: Service Action Required: amber DC OK: green AC OK: green or amber
2	Power supply unit 0 AC inlet
3	Power supply unit 1 status indicator LEDs: Service Action Required: amber DC OK: green AC OK: green or amber
4	Power supply unit 1 AC inlet
5	System status LEDs: Power/OK: green Attention: amber Locate: white
6	PCIe card slots 1–6
7	Network (NET) 10/100/1000 ports: NET0–NET3

Table 1-4 (Cont.) Figure Legend for Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X6-4, X5-4, and X4-4 Back Panel

Number	Description
8	USB 2.0 connectors (2)
9	PCIe card slots 7–11
10	Service processor (SP) network management (NET MGT) port
11	Serial management (SER MGT)/RJ-45 serial port
12	DB-15 video connector

1.6 Connecting the Cables

Connect cables to the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine as follows:

1. Connect an Ethernet cable to the Gigabit Ethernet (NET0) connectors as needed for operating system support. See the part 8 in [Figure 1-2](#).
2. (Optional) If you want to interact with the system console directly, connect any external devices, such as a mouse and keyboard, to the server's USB connectors, or a monitor to the DB-15 video connector. See parts 9 and 13 in [Figure 1-2](#).
3. If you plan to configure network IP address for Oracle Integrated Lights Out Manager (ILOM), connect an Ethernet cable to the Ethernet port labeled SER MGT. See the part 12 in [Figure 1-2](#).
4. If you plan to access the ILOM command-line interface (CLI) using the serial management port, connect a serial null modem cable to the RJ-45 serial port labeled SER MGT. See the part 12 in [Figure 1-2](#).

1.7 Connecting the Power Cords

Connect the power cords to the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine as follows:

1. Connect two grounded server power cords to grounded electrical outlets.
2. Connect the two server power cords to the AC connectors on the back panel of the server.

When power is connected, the server boots into standby power mode. In standby power mode, the SP OK/Fault LED flashes, but the main Power/OK LED remains off. After a few minutes, the main Power/OK LED slowly flashes the standby pattern, indicating the service processor (SP) is working. Note that the server is not initialized or powered on yet.

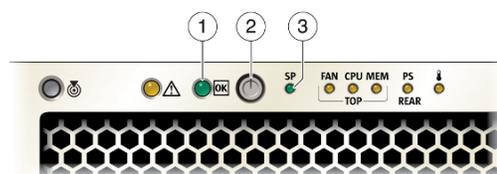
Figure 1-5 Front Panel Controls

Figure Legend

- 1 - Power/OK LED
- 2 - Power button
- 3 - SP OK/Fault LED

2

Introduction

This chapter describes the features and hardware components of an Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine.

It contains the following topics:

- [About Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine](#)
- [Hardware Configuration](#)
- [Assigning PCIe Slots](#)
- [Key Features](#)
- [Environmental Specifications](#)
- [Safety and Compliance Information](#)

2.1 About Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine

Business Intelligence Machine is an engineered solution that includes a memory-centric hardware platform, proven in-memory technology from Oracle TimesTen, and the breadth of Oracle Business Intelligence Foundation Suite functionality. Business Intelligence Machine enables Oracle Business Intelligence software users to gain quick insight, make better decisions, and take immediate actions. For system administrators, the pre-engineered system simplifies the process of setting up and maintaining an enterprise-level, high-performance Business Intelligence implementation. It eliminates the risk associated with procuring the system infrastructure from multiple vendors. Oracle's technology is designed to scale seamlessly from small departmental installations to large scale enterprise Business Intelligence deployments.

Sun Oracle Database Machine combines the reliability of quality servers with the capabilities of Exadata Storage Servers. Sun Oracle Database Machine is optimized for use with Oracle Database and Oracle Exadata Storage Server Software, delivering breakthrough performance and scalability for enterprise data warehousing.

Sun Oracle Database Machine is a complete, pre-optimized, and pre-configured package of software, servers, and storage. After a simple and fast installation, Sun Oracle Database Machine is ready to handle your business queries immediately out of the box.

Sun Oracle Database Machine is available in two configurations, Sun Oracle Database Machine Full Rack and Sun Oracle Database Machine Half Rack.

2.2 Hardware Configuration

[Table 2-1](#) describes the configuration for each of the hardware components of the Business Intelligence Machine.

Table 2-1 Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Hardware

Component	Description
Core Components	
Compute Server	<p>For X6-4 and X5-4: Oracle Server X5-4</p> <p>For X4-4: Sun Server X4-4</p> <p>For X3-4 and earlier: One Sun Fire X4470 M2 server</p>
Power Supply	Two power supply units: 1U A239A 2000-watt AC power supply
System Processor	<p>For X6-4: Four CPUs: E7-8895v3, 18C, 2.6 GHz, 155W, 44MB Cache, 8 GT/s QPI, Intel Turbo Boost Technology, Intel HT Technology Processor with Heatsink. X-Option. RoHS</p> <p>For X5-4: Four CPUs: E7-8895v3, 18C, 2.6 GHz, 155W, 44MB Cache, 8 GT/s QPI, Intel Turbo Boost Technology, Intel HT Technology Processor with Heatsink. X-Option. RoHS</p> <p>For X4-4: Four CPUs: E7-8895v2, 15C, 2.8 GHz, 155W, 37.5MB Cache, 8 GT/s QPI, Intel Turbo Boost Technology, Intel HT Technology Processor with Heatsink. X-Option. RoHS</p> <p>For X3-4 and earlier: Four CPUs: E7-4870, 10C, 2.4 GHz, 130W, 30MB Cache, 6.4 GT/s QPI, Intel Turbo Boost Technology, Intel HT Technology Processor with Heatsink. X-Option. RoHS</p>
System Memory	<p>For X6-4 and X5-4: Sixty-four dual in-line memory modules: 32 GB, DDR3 LRDIMM-1600 (total system memory: 2 TB per server, upgradable to 3 TB)</p> <p>For X4-4: Sixty-four dual in-line memory modules: 32 GB, DDR3 LRDIMM-1600 (total system memory: 2 TB per server, upgradable to 3 TB)</p> <p>For X3-4: Sixty-four dual in-line memory modules: 32 GB, DDR3 RDIMM-1066 (total system memory: 2 TB per server)</p> <p>For X2-4: Sixty-four dual in-line memory modules: LV DIMM, 16 GB, DDR3-1066, 1.35V (total system memory: 1 TB per server, upgradable to 2 TB)</p>
SAS Host Bus Adapter (HBA)	<p>For X6-4, X5-4: One Sun Storage 12 Gb SAS-3 PCIe RAID host bus adapter</p> <p>For X4-4 and earlier: One SAS-2 8-port internal (2x4), 6 Gb, RAID PCIe Gen 2 host bus adapter</p>
InfiniBandHost Channel Adapter (HCA)	<p>For X6-4, X5-4, and X4-4: One Sun Dual Port QDR Infiniband host channel adapter for PCI Express Gen 3; Infiniband CX3</p> <p>For X3-4 and earlier: One 2-port QDR InfiniBand host channel adapter</p>

Table 2-1 (Cont.) Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Hardware

Component	Description
Ethernet Network Interface Card (NIC)	<p>For X6-4 and X5-4: Two Dual-Port 10 Gigabit-Ethernet PCIe 2.0 Copper/Fiber SFP+ cards</p> <p>For X4-4: Available as an option- One Dual-Port 10 Gigabit-Ethernet PCIe 2.0 Copper/Fiber SFP+ card</p> <p>For X3-4 and earlier: One Dual-Port 10 Gigabit-Ethernet PCIe 2.0 Copper/Fiber SFP+ card</p>
Fiberchannel Card	<p>For X6-4, X5-4, and X4-4: Two Sun Storage 16 Gb Fiber Channel PCIe Universal HBA, QLogic</p> <p>For X3-4 and earlier: One 8Gb Dual-Port Fiber Channel PCI-Express card</p>
Hard Disk Drives (HDD)	<p>For X6-4 and X5-4: Six 2.5 inch 1.2 TB 10K RPM SAS3 front-accessible, hot-swappable, drive bays (total HDD memory: 7.2 TB per server)</p> <p>For X4-4: Six 2.5 inch 1.2 TB 10K RPM SAS2 hard disk drives (total HDD memory: 7.2 TB per server)</p> <p>For X3-4: Six 2.5 inch 900 GB 10K RPM SAS2 hard disk drives (total HDD memory: 5.4 TB per server)</p> <p>For X2-4: Six 2.5 inch 600 GB 10K RPM SAS2 hard disk drives (total HDD memory: 3.6 TB per server)</p>
Cooling Fans	Six hot-swappable, redundant fans at chassis front (top-loading); redundant fans in each power supply
Flash cards	<p>For X6-4: Three 3.2TB V-NAND Flash F320 NVMe AIC, Aura 6 (9.6 TB total)</p> <p>For X5-4: Three 1.6 TB NVMe PCIe Flash Cards (4.8 TB total)</p> <p>For X4-4: Three 800 GB Sun FlashAccelerator F80 PCIe cards</p> <p>For X3-4: Six 400 GB Sun FlashAccelerator F40 PCIe cards</p>
Accessories	
Rack Mount Slide Rail Kit	One tool-less rack-mount slide-rail kit
Cable Management Arm (CMA)	One cable management arm
Ports and I/O Slots on the Server	
USB 2.0 Ports	Two front, two rear, and one internal
VGA Ports	One front and one rear high-density DB-15 video port The rear VGA port supports VESA Device Data Channel for monitor identification.

Table 2-1 (Cont.) Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Hardware

Component	Description
PCI Express I/O Slots	<p>For X6-4, X5-4, and X4-4: Eleven PCI Express 3.0 slots that accommodate low-profile PCIe cards.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> All slots support x8 PCIe connections Slots 1 through 7, 9, and 10: x8-only connectors Slots 8 and 11: x8 or x16 connectors <p>For X3-4 and X2-4: Ten PCI Express 2.0 slots that accommodate low-profile PCIe cards.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Slots 0 and 9: x4 electrical interface Slots 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, and 8: x8 electrical interface Slots 3 and 5: x8 or x16 electrical interface (x16 connector)
Ethernet Ports	<p>For X6-4, X5-4, and X4-4: The four ports that can be used for either 10GbE or for slower 1GbE connections Intel Ethernet Controller X540</p> <p>For X3-4 and earlier: Four 10/100/1000 RJ-45 GbE ports on rear panel</p> <p>Each Network Interface Controller (NIC) supports Intel QuickData Technology, Intel I/OAT, VMDq, PCI-SIG SR-IOV, IPSec offload, and LinkSec.</p>

2.3 Assigning PCIe Slots

[Table 2-2](#) describes the assignment of PCIe cards in the slots on the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X6-4.

Table 2-2 Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine PCIe Card Slots in Exalytics X6-4

PCIe Card	Slot Number for X6-4
Sun Flash Accelerator F320 3.2 TB NVMe PCIe Card	10,7,6
Aspen-INT: Sun Storage 12 Gb SAS PCIe HBA; Internal	2
Sun Dual Port QDR Infiniband Host Channel Adapter for PCI-Express Gen 3; Infiniband CX3	4
Sun Storage 16 GB Fiber Channel PCIe Universal HBA, QLogic	11, 8
Dual-Port 10 Gigabit-Ethernet PCIe 2.0 Copper/Fiber SFP+	3, 5

[Table 2-3](#) describes the assignment of PCIe cards in the slots on the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X5-4.

Table 2-3 Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine PCIe Card Slots in Exalytics X5-4

PCIe Card	Slot Number for X5-4
Sun Flash Accelerator F160 1.6 TB NVMe PCIe Card	10,7,6
Aspen-INT: Sun Storage 12 Gb SAS PCIe HBA; Internal	2
Sun Dual Port QDR Infiniband Host Channel Adapter for PCI-Express Gen 3; Infiniband CX3	4
Sun Storage 16 GB Fiber Channel PCIe Universal HBA, QLogic	11, 8
Dual-Port 10 Gigabit-Ethernet PCIe 2.0 Copper/Fiber SFP+	3, 5

[Table 2-4](#) describes the assignment of PCIe cards in the slots on the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X4-4.

Table 2-4 Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine PCIe Card Slots in Exalytics X4-4

PCIe Card	Slot Number for X4-4
Sun Flash Accelerator F80 800GB eMLC PCI-E 2.0 Low Profile Adapter	10,7,6
Sun Storage 6 Gb SAS PCIe RAID HBA; Internal	2
Sun Dual Port QDR Infiniband Host Channel Adapter for PCI-Express Gen 3; Infiniband CX3	4
Sun Storage 16 GB Fiber Channel PCIe Universal HBA, QLogic	11,8

[Table 2-5](#) describes the assignment of PCIe cards in the slots on the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X2-4 and X3-4.

Table 2-5 Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine PCIe Card Slots in Exalytics X3-4 and X2-4

PCIe Card	Slot Number for X2-4	Slot Number for X3-4
Sun FlashAccelerator F40 PCIe Card, 400GB eMLC	NA	1,2,3,5,7,8
8Gb Dual-Port Fiber Channel PCI-Express Card	0	0
Dual-Port 10 Gigabit-Ethernet PCIe 2.0 Copper/Fiber SFP+	2	9
SAS-2 8-port internal (2x4), 6Gb, RAID PCIe Gen 2 HBA	4	4
2-port QDR InfiniBand HCA	6	6

2.4 Key Features

Business Intelligence Machine includes the following features:

- Complete, pre-assembled, and certified system for maximum performance
- Best platform for end-to-end consolidation of large-scale application deployments
- Ready to deploy
- Linearly scalable
- Enterprise-ready
- Enterprise-level software and hardware support

2.5 Environmental Specifications

Table 2-6 describes the environmental specifications for the Business Intelligence Machine.

Table 2-6 Environmental Specifications for Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine

Component	Description
Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operating temperature: 5°C to 35°C (41°F to 95°F) at sea level; 5°C to 31°C (41°F to 88°F) at altitude • Non-operating temperature: -40°C to 68°C (-40°F to 154°F) • Operating relative humidity: 10% - 90% relative humidity, non-condensing • Acoustic noise: LwAd: 8.9 B (idle and operating, room temperature), 8.9 B (maximum ambient); LpAm: 75 dBA (bystander position, maximum ambient)
Power	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AC power: 200 - 240 VAC • Power consumption measurements with CPUs at maximum utilization: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – For X6-4, X5-4, and X4-4: 1600W – For X3-4: 1467W – For X2-4: 1317W • Active Idle (operating systems booted and stabilized, yet running at minimal utilization): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – For X6-4, X5-4, and X4-4: 723W – For X3-4: 723W – For X2-4: 663W
Regulations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Safety: IEC 60950, UL/CSA 60950. CB Scheme with all country differences • RFI/EMI: FCC CFR 47 Part 15 Class A, EN 55022 Class A, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, EN 300 386 • Immunity: EN 55024, EN 300 386

Table 2-6 (Cont.) Environmental Specifications for Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine

Component	Description
Certifications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Safety: UL/cUL, UL DEMKO, CE, BSMI, CCC, GOST-R, S-Mark EMC: CE, FCC, VCCI, ICES, C-Tick, MIC, CCC, GOST-R, BSMI Class A Other: Complies with WEEE Directive (2002/96/EC) and RoHS Directive (2002/95/EC)
Physical Specifications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Weight: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For X6-4, X5-4, and X4-4: 40 kg (88 lb.) maximum For X3-4: 44 kg (97 lb.) maximum For X2-4: 38.5 kg (85 lb.) maximum Height: 129.85 mm (5.1 in.) Width: 436.5 mm (17.2 in.) Depth: 732 mm (28.8 in.)
Mounting Option	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tool-less rack-mounting slide-rail kit Cable management arm Two 5m InfiniBand cables

2.6 Safety and Compliance Information

For safety and compliance information about your Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X4-4, see [Table 2-7](#), [Table 2-8](#), and [Table 2-9](#).

Table 2-7 Product Safety Specifications Data Sheet Content

Regulations ¹²	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Product Safety: UL/CSA 60950-1, EN 60950-1, IEC 60950-1 CB Scheme with all country differences RFI/EMC: Immunity:
Certifications ³	North America (NRTL), European Union (EU), International CB Scheme
European Union Directives	2006/95/EC (73/23/EEC) Low Voltage Directive,

¹ For additional information to the latest standard, contact your sales representative.

² Other country regulations may apply.

³ Other country certifications may apply.

Table 2-8 Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Standards/Regulations

EN55022
CNS-13438 Class A (Taiwan)
FCC CFR 47 CFR 15B Class A (Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15, Subpart B Class A (United States)

Table 2-8 (Cont.) Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Standards/Regulations

ICES-003 (A) NMB-3 (A) Class A (Canada)
ETSI EN300386 (V1.6.1)
VCCI: 2008 Class A (Japan)
KN 22 RRL Public Notice 2009-9 (Dec. 21, 2009)
EN55024 (Immunity)
EN61000-3-2
EN61000-3-3
Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive 2011/65/EU
Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive 2002/96/EC
EMC Directive 2004/108/EC

Table 2-9 Certification Markings on product

Safety Marks: UL

Regulatory Marks: CE, FCC, EAC, RCM, VCCI, BSMI, MSIP, ICES-003 (A) NMB-3 (A), WEEE symbol, China RoHS Symbol, India BIS Registration Declaration.

For safety and compliance information about your Business Intelligence Machine X2-4 and X3-4, see the following documents:

- *Important Safety Information for Sun Hardware Systems* – Printed document included in the ship kit.
- *Sun Fire X4470 M2 Server Safety and Compliance Guide* – Online at Oracle's Sun documentation site.

3

Installing Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Into a Rack

This chapter describes how to optionally place your Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine into a rack using the rail assembly in the rackmount kit. The rail assembly is included in your Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine package.

Note:

A rack is not shipped with the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine. You should use an existing four-post rack that meets the standards listed in [Table 3-1](#).

This chapter contains the following topics:

- [Task Roadmap](#)
- [Reviewing Rack Compatibility](#)
- [Before You Begin](#)
- [Disassembling the Slide-Rails](#)
- [Installing the Mounting Brackets Onto Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine](#)
- [Attaching the Slide-Rail Assemblies to the Rack](#)
- [Installing Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine into the Slide-Rail Assemblies](#)
- [Installing the Cable Management Arm](#)
- [Verifying the Operation of the Slide Rails and CMA](#)

3.1 Task Roadmap

Installing your Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine into a four-post rack using the slide-rail and cable management arm options involves the following steps:

1. [Reviewing Rack Compatibility](#)
2. [Disassembling the Slide-Rails](#)
3. [Installing the Mounting Brackets Onto Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine](#)
4. [Attaching the Slide-Rail Assemblies to the Rack](#)
5. [Installing Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine into the Slide-Rail Assemblies](#)
6. [Installing the Cable Management Arm](#)
7. [Verifying the Operation of the Slide Rails and CMA](#)

3.2 Reviewing Rack Compatibility

Verify that your rack is compatible with the slide-rail and cable management arm (CMA) options. The optional slide-rails are compatible with a wide range of equipment racks that meet the standards listed in.

Table 3-1 Rack Compatibility for Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine

Item	Requirement
Structure	Four-post rack (mounting at both front and rear). Two-post racks are not compatible.
Rack horizontal opening and unit vertical pitch	Conforms to ANSI/EIA 310-D-1992 or IEC 60927 standards. Only M6 tapped or 9.5 mm square are supported.
Distance between front and rear mounting planes	Minimum 610 mm and maximum 915 mm (24 inches to 36 inches).
Clearance depth in front of front mounting plane	Distance to front cabinet door is at least 25.4 mm (1 inch).
Clearance depth behind front mounting plane	Distance to rear cabinet door is at least 900 mm (35.5 inches) with the cable management arm, or 770 mm (30.4 inches) without the cable management arm.
Clearance width between front and rear mounting planes	Distance between structural supports and cable troughs is at least 456 mm (18 inches).
Machine dimensions	Depth: (not including PSU handle): 732 mm (28.82 inches) Width: (not including ears): 436.5 mm (17.19 inches) Height: 129.85 mm (5.11 inches)

3.3 Before You Begin

Before installing Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine into a rack, read the following cautions and important notes:

- Always load equipment into a rack from the bottom up, so that the rack will not become top-heavy and tip over. Deploy your rack's anti-tip bar to prevent the rack from tipping during equipment installation.
- If the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine is installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the operating ambient temperature of the rack environment might be greater than room ambient temperature. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the maximum ambient temperature (T_{ma}) specified for the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine.
- Installation of the equipment in a rack should be such that the amount of air flow required for safe operation of the equipment is not compromised.
- Mounting of the equipment in the rack should be such that a hazardous condition is not achieved due to uneven mechanical loading.

- Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit and the effect that overloading of the circuits might have on over-current protection and supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate power ratings should be used when addressing this concern.
- Reliable earthing of rackmounted equipment should be maintained. Particular attention should be given to supply connections other than direct connections to the branch circuit (for example, use of power strips).
- Slide-rail mounted equipment must not be used as a shelf or a work space.

3.4 Disassembling the Slide-Rails

To disassemble the slide-rails before the installation, complete the following steps:

1. Unpack the slide-rails.
2. Locate the slide-rail lock at the front of the slide-rail assembly, as shown in [Figure 3-1](#).
3. Press and hold the slide-rail lock toward the direction of the arrow, while you pull the mounting bracket out of the slide-rail assembly until it reaches the stop, as shown in [Figure 3-1](#).
4. Push the mounting bracket release button toward the front of the mounting bracket ([Figure 3-1](#)), and simultaneously withdraw the mounting bracket from the slide-rail assembly.

Figure 3-1 Disassembling the Slide-Rails Before Installation

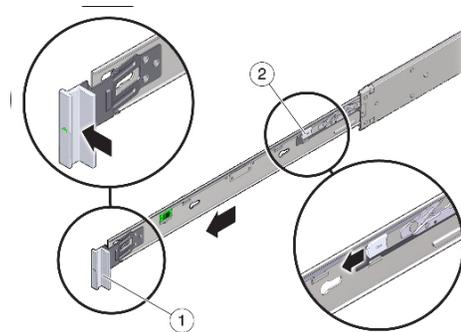


Table 3-2 Figure Legend

Number	Description
1	Slide-rail lock
2	Mounting bracket release button

3.5 Installing the Mounting Brackets Onto Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine

You must install the mounting brackets onto the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine before you can rackmount it.

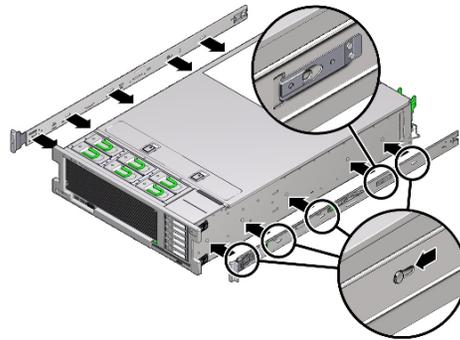
To install the mounting brackets, complete the following steps:

1. Position a mounting bracket against the chassis so that the slide-rail lock is at the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine front, and the five keyhole openings on the mounting bracket are aligned with the five locating pins on the side of the chassis, as shown in [Figure 3-2](#).

 **Note:**

The mounting brackets are identical and can be installed on either side of the chassis.

Figure 3-2 Installing the Mounting Brackets



2. With the heads of the five chassis locating pins protruding through the five keyhole openings in the mounting bracket, pull the mounting bracket toward the front of the chassis until the mounting bracket clip locks into place with an audible click, as shown in [Figure 3-2](#).
3. Verify that the rear locating pin has engaged the mounting bracket clip.
4. Repeat to install the remaining mounting bracket on the other side of the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine.

3.6 Attaching the Slide-Rail Assemblies to the Rack

The slide rail assemblies support only racks with 9.5-mm square holes and M6 round holes. All other racks, including those racks with 7.2-mm, M5, or 10-32 mounting holes, are not supported. See your rack documentation for information about the size of its rail holes.

To attach the slide-rail assemblies to the rack, complete the following steps:

1. (Optional) If you need to move the rack with the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine installed, it is recommended that you attach the slide-rail assembly with mounting screws and cage nuts.

 **Note:**

Insert the cage nuts prior to performing the next step. See the *Rail Rackmount Kit Overview and Information* card for instructions on inserting these cage nuts. This card is included with the rack kit.

2. Position a slide-rail assembly in your rack, so that the slide-rail assembly front bracket is on the outside of the front rack post and the slide-rail assembly rear bracket is on the inside of the rear rack post, as shown in [Figure 3-3](#).
3. Align the slide-rail assembly mounting pins with the front and rear rack post mounting holes. Then lock the assembly into place by pushing the assembly toward the rear of the rack until the mounting pins engage the rack, as shown in [Figure 3-4](#).

You will hear an audible click when the mounting pins engage the rack.

 **Note:**

The slide assembly mounting pins accommodate either 9.5 mm square mounting holes or M6 round mounting holes. No other mounting hole sizes are supported.

Figure 3-3 Installing Slide-Rail Assemblies Onto the Rack

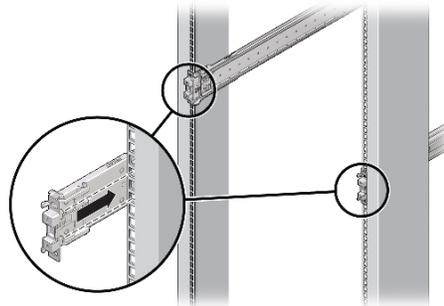
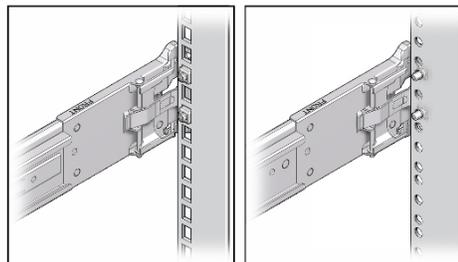
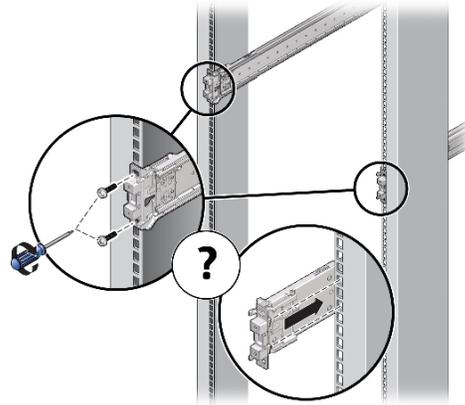


Figure 3-4 Slide-Rail Mounting Pins



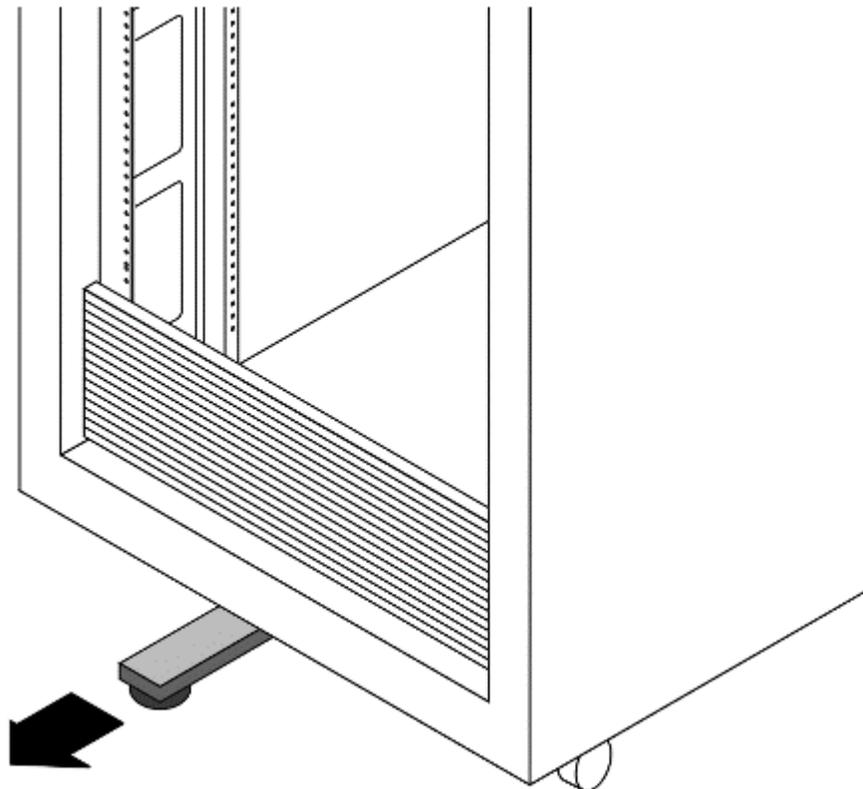
4. (Optional) If you choose to attach the slide-rail assembly with mounting screws and cage nuts, insert the M6 mounting screws through both front and rear slide-rail brackets and rack posts, then secure them with the caged nuts. See [Figure 3-5](#).

Figure 3-5 Attach Slide-Rail Assembly to a Rack



5. Repeat Step 2 through Step 4 for the remaining slide-rail assembly.
6. If available, extend the anti-tip bar at the bottom of the rack, as shown in [Figure 3-6](#). Refer to your rack documentation for instructions.

Figure 3-6 Extending the Anti-tip Bar



▲ Caution:

If your rack does not have an anti-tip bar, the rack could tip over.

3.7 Installing Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine into the Slide-Rail Assemblies

Use this procedure to install the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine chassis, with mounting brackets, into the slide-rail assemblies that are mounted to the rack.

▲ Caution:

This procedure requires a minimum of two persons because of the weight of the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine. Attempting this procedure alone could result in equipment damage or personal injury.

Always load equipment into a rack from the bottom up so that the rack will not become top-heavy and tip over. Extend your rack's anti-tip bar to prevent the rack from tipping during equipment installation.

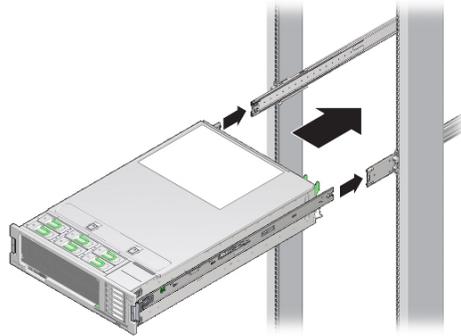
To install Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine into the slide-rail assemblies, complete the following steps:

1. Push the slide-rails into the slide-rail assemblies in the rack as far as possible.
2. Raise the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine so that the rear ends of the mounting brackets are aligned with the slide-rail assemblies that are mounted in the rack, as shown in [Figure 3-7](#).
3. Insert the mounting brackets into the slide-rails, then push the server into the rack until the mounting brackets encounter the slide-rail stops (approximately 12 inches, or 30 cm).

▲ Caution:

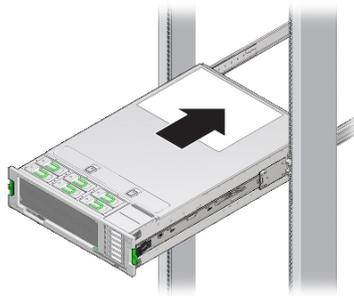
When inserting the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine into the slide-rail, ensure that both the top and bottom mounting lips of the mounting brackets are inserted into the slide-rail. The Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine should slide forward and backward easily if correctly installed. If the unit does not slide easily, ensure that each mounting lip is inserted properly. If the mounting brackets are not inserted properly, the unit may fall when removing it from the rack.

Figure 3-7 Inserting the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine with Mounting Brackets into the Slide-Rails



4. Simultaneously push and hold the green slide-rail release buttons (Figure 3-1) on each mounting bracket while you push the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine into the rack (Figure 3-8). Continue pushing until the slide-rail locks (on the front of the mounting brackets) engage the slide-rail assemblies. You will hear an audible click.

Figure 3-8 Sliding the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Into the Rack



▲ Caution:

Verify that the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine is securely mounted in the rack and that the slide-rail locks are engaged with the mounting brackets before continuing.

3.8 Installing the Cable Management Arm

The cable management arm (CMA) is an optional assembly that you can use to route the server cables in the rack.

To install the optional CMA, complete the following steps:

1. Unpack the CMA parts.
2. Take the CMA to the back of the equipment rack and ensure that you have adequate room to work around the back of the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine.

 **Note:**

References to left or right in this procedure assume that you are facing the back of the equipment rack.

3. Remove tape to separate the parts of the CMA.
4. Insert the CMA's mounting bracket connector into the right slide-rail until the connector locks into place with an audible click, as shown in [Figure 3-9](#).

Figure 3-9 Inserting the CMA Mounting Bracket Into the Back of the Right Slide-Rail

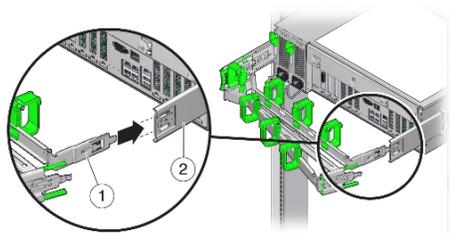


Table 3-3 Figure Legend

Number	Description
1	CMA mounting bracket
2	Right slide-rail

5. Insert the right CMA slide-rail connector into the right slide-rail assembly until the connector locks into place with an audible click, as shown in [Figure 3-10](#).

Figure 3-10 Inserting CMA Slide-Rail Connector Into the Back of the Right Slide-Rail

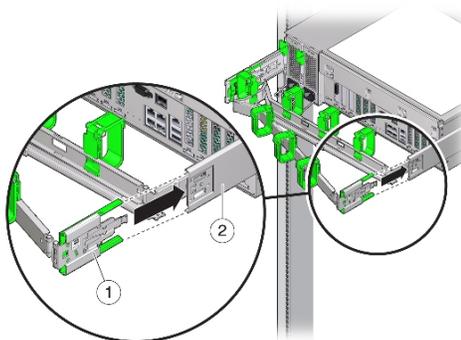


Table 3-4 Figure Legend

Number	Description
1	CMA slide-rail connector
2	Right slide-rail

6. Insert the left CMA slide-rail connector into the left slide-rail assembly until the connector locks into place with an audible click, as shown in [Figure 3-11](#).

Figure 3-11 Inserting CMA Slide-Rail Connector Into the Back of the Left Slide-Rail

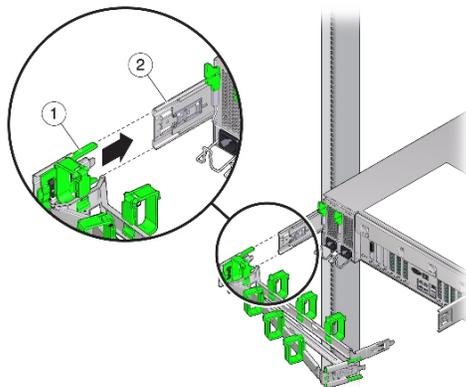


Table 3-5 Figure Legend

Number	Description
1	CMA slide-rail connector
2	Left slide-rail

7. Install and route cables to your Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine, as required.
8. If required, attach the cable hook and loop straps to the CMA, and press them into place to secure the cables, as shown in [Figure 3-12](#).

 **Note:**

Cable hooks and loop straps are preinstalled on the CMA. Perform the procedure in this step if you need to reinstall cable hooks and straps on the CMA.

Figure 3-12 Installing CMA Cable Straps

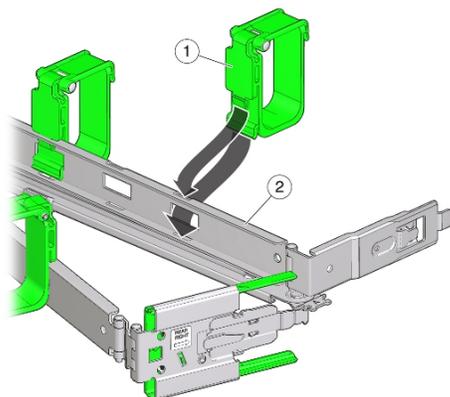


Table 3-6 Figure Legend

Number	Description
1	CMA cable strap
2	CMA arm

3.9 Verifying the Operation of the Slide Rails and CMA

Use the following procedure to ensure that the slide-rails and CMA are operating correctly.

 **Note:**

Two persons are recommended for this procedure: one to move the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine in and out of the rack, and one to observe the cables and CMA.

1. Slowly pull the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine out of the rack until the slide-rails reach their stops.
2. Inspect the attached cables for any binding or kinks.
3. Verify that the CMA extends fully from the slide-rails.
4. Push the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine back into the rack, as described in the following sub-steps.

When the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine is fully extended, you must release two sets of slide-rail stops to return the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine to the rack:

- The first set of stops are levers, located on the inside of each slide-rail, just behind the back panel of the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine. Push in both green levers simultaneously and slide the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine toward the rack. The Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine will slide in approximately 18 inches (46 cm) and stop. Verify that the cables and the CMA retract without binding before you continue.
 - The second set of stops are the slide-rail release buttons, located near the front of each mounting bracket ([Figure 3-1](#)). Simultaneously push both of the green slide-rail release buttons, and push the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine completely into the rack until both slide-rail locks engage.
5. Adjust the cable straps and CMA, as required.

4

Adding Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine to Your Network

This chapter describes how to connect the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine to your existing network.

It contains the following topics:

- [Before You Begin](#)
- [Overview of Network Ports](#)
- [Transceiver and Optical Modules for 10 GbE Connectivity](#)
- [Universal Host Bus Adapter \(HBA\) for Fibre Channel \(FC\) and Fibre Channel over Ethernet \(FCoE\) Connectivity](#)
- [Connecting Exalytics In-Memory Machine to Your Network](#)
- [Configuring the Network for Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine](#)
- [What Next?](#)

4.1 Before You Begin

Before connecting the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine to your data center's existing network, ensure that the following prerequisites are satisfied:

- [Switch Requirements](#)
- [Cable Requirements](#)
- [Switch Requirements](#)
- [Cable Requirements](#)

4.1.1 Switch Requirements

Before connecting the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine to your data center's network, complete the following preparatory tasks:

- Identify the network switch or connector that you will use to connect the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine to your network.
- Identify the IP subnet and the address range associated with the network switch.

4.1.2 Cable Requirements

The following Ethernet cables are included in the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine package:

- One 10-foot (CAT5/CAT5E) red cable (part number: 530-4433-01)
- One 10-foot (CAT5/CAT5E) black cable (part number: 530-4435-01)

You can use these cables to connect the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine to your data center's network.

4.2 Overview of Network Ports

Figure 4-1 shows the network ports available on the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X6-4, X5-4, and X4-4.

Figure 4-1 Network Ports on the Back of the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X6-4, X5-4, and X4-4

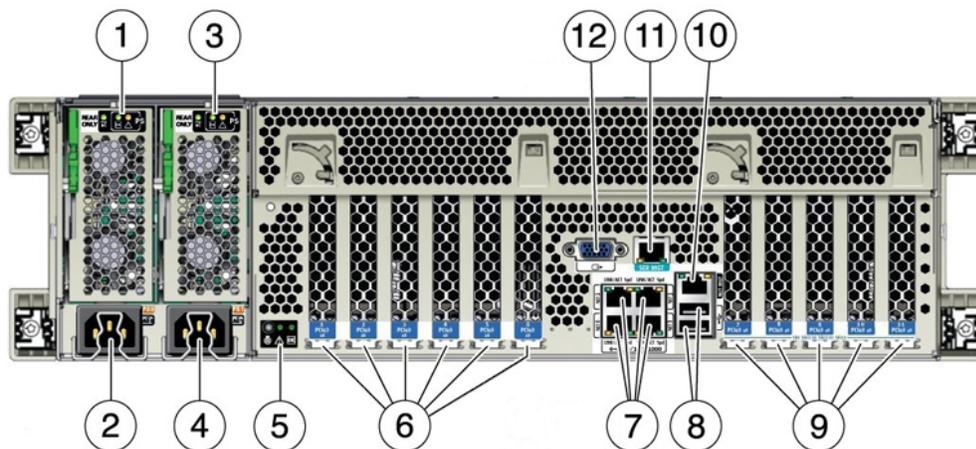


Table 4-1 lists out the ports called out in Figure 4-1.

Table 4-1 Back Panel of Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X6-4, X5-4, and X4-4

Call out	Description
1	Power supply unit (PSU) 0 indicator panel
2	PSU 0 AC inlet
3	PSU 1 indicator panel
4	PSU 1 AC inlet
5	System status indicator panel
6	PCIe card slots 1–6
7	Network (NET) 10 GbE ports: NET0–NET3
8	USB 2.0 ports (2)
9	PCIe card slots 7–11
10	Service processor (SP) network management (NET MGT) port
11	Serial management (SER MGT)/RJ-45 serial port
12	DB-15 video port

Figure 4-2 and Figure 4-3 show the network ports available on the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X3-4, and Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X2-4, respectively.

Figure 4-2 Network Ports on the Back of the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X3-4

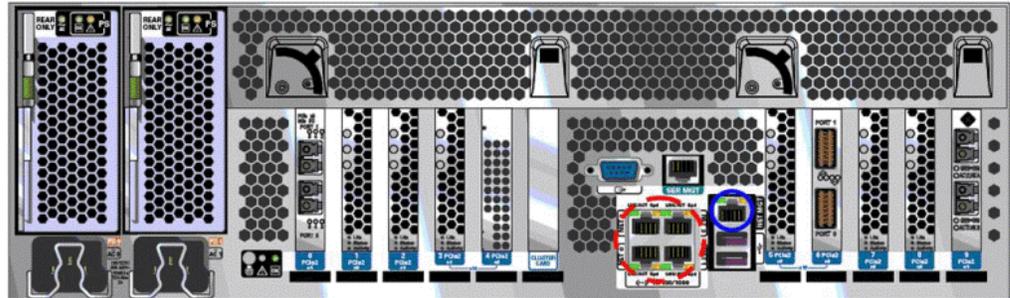
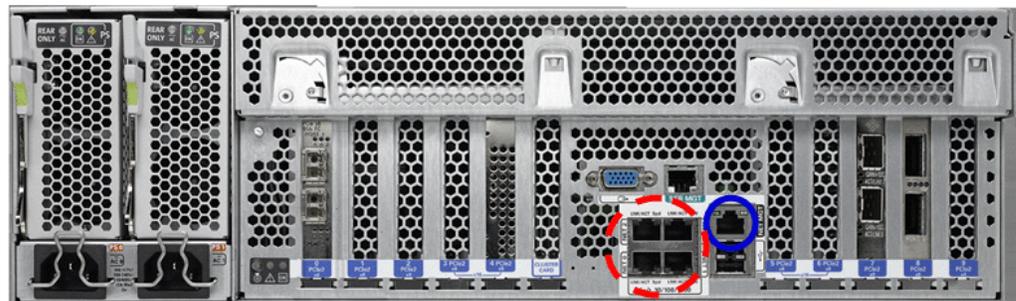


Figure 4-3 Network Ports on the Back of the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X2-4



In Figure 4-3 and Figure 4-2, the four 10/100/1000 Gb Ethernet ports located on the rear of the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine are shown in a red circle of dashed line. They are named NET 0, NET 1, NET 2, and NET 3.

 **Note:**

Although you can use any of these Gb Ethernet ports, Oracle recommends that you use NET 0.

The ILOM 10/100 Ethernet port is shown in a blue circle of solid line. This port is named NET MGT.

4.3 Transceiver and Optical Modules for 10 GbE Connectivity

 **Note:**

The 10GbE transceiver modules are applicable for the Dual-Port 10 Gigabit-Ethernet PCIe 2.0 Copper/Fiber SFP+ card and not applicable to the Universal Fiber cards.

To use the 10 GbE network ports, you must provide Small Form-factor Pluggable Plus (SFP+) transceivers and/or cables (either optical or copper) to connect the network ports to your existing 10 GbE network infrastructure. The Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine does not ship with SFP+ transceivers or 10 GbE cables. You must purchase them separately. For copper cables, you can purchase the following cables from Oracle. These cables have built-in SFP+ transceivers, and there is no need to purchase separate SFP+ transceivers for the network ports on the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine.

Table 4-2 Cables

Name	Length	Oracle Part Number
TwinAx 1m	1m	X2130-1M
TwinAx 3m	3m	X2130-3M
TwinAx 5m	5m	X2130-5M
TwinAx 10m	10m	X2130-10M

For optical cables, you must purchase SFP+ transceivers (either Short Range (SR) or Long Range (LR)) for each of the network ports, and then plug in the appropriate optical cable. Currently Oracle sells both the SR and LR SFP+ transceivers.

Table 4-3 Transceivers

Name	Part Number
10 GbE Transceiver SR (SFP+)	X2129A-N
10 GbE Transceiver LR (SFP+)	X5562A-Z

In addition to these transceivers, you must purchase the appropriate LC-LC terminated fiber optic cables from a third party vendor.

4.4 Universal Host Bus Adapter (HBA) for Fibre Channel (FC) and Fibre Channel over Ethernet (FCoE) Connectivity

Use the Universal Host Bus Adapter to connect to a FC and FCoE networks. The universal HBA is a configurable board that enables you to change its operating protocol mode from a two-port 16 Gb FC HBA to a two-port 10 GbE Fibre Channel over Ethernet (FCoE) Converged Network Adapter. The universal HBA has four possible configurations:

- **10 GbE FCoE Copper** — This configuration provides twin-ax copper cable connectivity and 10 GbE FCoE HBA functionality. No optical transceiver modules are installed in, nor provided with, this configuration of the universal HBA.
- **16 Gb FC SW (shortwave) Optical** — This configuration requires installing 16 Gb FC shortwave optical transceiver modules in the SFP+ connector of the universal HBA, enabling 16 Gb Fibre Channel HBA functionality.
- **10 GbE FCoE SR (short-range) Optical** — This configuration requires installing 10 GbE short-range optical transceiver modules in the SFP+ connectors of the universal HBA, enabling 10 GbE FCoE Converged Network Adapter functionality.
- **16 Gb FC LW (longwave) Optical**—This configuration requires installing 16Gb FC long-range optical transceiver modules in the SFP+ connectors of the universal HBA, enabling 16 Gb FC HBA functionality.

Table 4-4 Transceivers

Name	Part Number
2 Sun Storage 10 Gb FCoE short reach optics, Qlogic (for factory installation)	7101677
2 Sun Storage 10 Gb FCoE short reach optics, Qlogic	7101678
2 Sun Storage 16 Gb FC short wave optics, Qlogic (for factory installation)	7101675
2 Sun Storage 16 Gb FC short wave optics, Qlogic	7101676
2 Sun Storage 16 Gb FC short wave optics, Emulex (for factory installation)	7101685
2 Sun Storage 16 Gb FC short wave optics, Emulex	7101686

4.5 Connecting Exalytics In-Memory Machine to Your Network

To connect the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine to your data center's network, complete the following steps:

1. Attach one end of the network cable to a Gb Ethernet port, such as NET 2 (see Figure 4-3).
2. Connect the other end of the cable to a network connector or switch, if the network is already set up in your building; or to a hub, for a client/server network.
3. Ensure that you have a laptop with functional USB and network ports.
4. Ensure that you have a Category 5E patch cable of maximum length 25 feet and a serial cable of maximum length 15 feet.
5. Connect the network port of your laptop into an unused input port in the network connector or switch. Do not connect to any management ports on the network connector or switch.
6. If you have not booted the operating system on your laptop, start the operating system now.
 - If you are using the Windows operating system on your laptop, do the following:
 - a. Go to **Control Panel > Network Connections**. Select your wired network adapter in the list of network connections, right-click and select **Properties**. The network properties screen is displayed.
 - b. Click the **General** tab, and select **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)**. Click **Properties**. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties screen is displayed.
 - c. Select the **Use the following IP address:** option, and enter a static IP address for your laptop. Although a default gateway is not necessary, enter the same IP address in the **Default Gateway** field. Click **OK** to exit the network connections screen.

 **Note:**

This static IP should be on the same subnet and address range as the network on which your data center's network switch or connector resides.

- If you are using a Linux operating system on your laptop, do the following:
 - a. Log in as a `root` user.
 - b. At the command prompt, enter the following command to display the network devices, such as `eth0`, attached to the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine:

```
# ifconfig -a
```

The list of network devices or adapters attached to the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine is displayed.

- c. To set up the desired network interface, run the `ifconfig` command at the command prompt, as in the following example:

```
# ifconfig eth0 192.0.2.10 netmask 255.255.255.0 up
```

In this example, the `ifconfig` command assigns the IPv4 address 192.0.2.10, with a network mask of 255.255.255.0, to the `eth0` interface.

4.6 Configuring the Network for Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine

This section describes how to use the `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script, to configure the network for Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine.

It contains the following topics:

- [Overview](#)
- [State of the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Before Running the Script](#)
- [Running the `exalytics_configure_network.sh` Script](#)
- [Verifying the Configuration](#)

4.6.1 Overview

The `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script is used to configure the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine after the initial operating system image is installed.

This script verifies the following:

- When started, the script verifies that the user is `root`. Users other than `root` are not allowed to run the script.
- It verifies that the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine is installed with a 10 GbE card. If the card is not installed or the drivers are not configured, the script stops its execution.
- It verifies connectivity to all gateways and hostnames configured in the session.

You can run the script to configure the following multiple interfaces:

- [InfiniBand](#)
- [10 GbE Interfaces](#)
- [1 GbE Interfaces](#)
- [Host Name](#)
- [Time](#)
- [Domain Name Server \(DNS\)](#)

 **Note:**

You cannot configure Fiber Channel using the `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script.

- [InfiniBand](#)
- [10 GbE Interfaces](#)
- [1 GbE Interfaces](#)
- [Host Name](#)

- Time
- Domain Name Server (DNS)

4.6.1.1 InfiniBand

The `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script optionally configures the InfiniBand network interface by bonding two InfiniBand interfaces. This interface is for IPoIB communication (`bond0`) intended for Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine's connectivity with Exalogic machine or Oracle Exadata Database Machine. You must specify an IP address and netmask for the script. A gateway address for this InfiniBand interface is not necessary.

When you configure InfiniBand using the `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script, the following files are updated:

```
/etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-ib*  
/etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-bond0  
/etc/modprobe.conf
```

 **Note:**

The script keeps a copy of these files in the `/tmp/exalytics.save/` directory and creates a flat backup for the files that may be modified.

4.6.1.2 10 GbE Interfaces

The `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script verifies whether bonding is required on the 10 GbE interfaces. If you opt for bonding, the script configures the bonded interfaces using `bond1` on all 10 GbE interfaces. For `bond1` interface, the script requires an IP address, netmask, and gateway address.

If you do not opt for a bonded interface, the script verifies whether you want to configure each interface separately. You are prompted to enter an IP address, netmask, and gateway address for each individual interface configured.

When you configure 10 GbE interfaces using the `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script, the following files are updated:

```
/etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth*  
/etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-bond1  
/etc/modprobe.conf
```

 **Note:**

The script keeps a copy of the interface files in the `/tmp/exalytics.save/` directory and creates a flat backup for the files that may be modified.

4.6.1.3 1 GbE Interfaces

The `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script verifies whether bonding is required on the 1 GbE interfaces. If you opt for bonding, the script configures the bonded interfaces

using `bond2` on all 1 GbE interfaces. For `bond2` interface, the script requires an IP address, netmask, and gateway address.

If you do not opt for a bonded interface, the script verifies whether you want to configure each interface separately. You are prompted to enter an IP address, netmask, and gateway address for each individual interface configured.

When you configure 1 GbE interfaces using the `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script, the following files are updated:

```
/etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth*
/etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-bond2
/etc/modprobe.conf
```

 **Note:**

The script keeps a copy of the interface files in the `/tmp/exalytics.save/` directory and creates a flat backup for the files that may be modified.

4.6.1.4 Host Name

The `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script optionally configures a host name and a domain name for your Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine. You cannot configure a domain name without configuring a host name.

The configured host name maps to an IP address in the following sequence:

- The Last IP configured in this session.
- If no IP configured, it will take the IP from first active interface from: `bond1`, `bond2`, ..., `eth5`.
- If no IP is found, then no IP is configured in the `/etc/hosts` file.

When you configure host name using the `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script, the following files are updated:

```
/etc/sysconfig/network
/etc/hosts
```

 **Note:**

The script keeps a copy of the interface files in the `/tmp/exalytics.save/` directory and creates a flat backup for the files that may be modified.

4.6.1.5 Time

The `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script optionally configures the time zone using the `tzselect` script. This script guides you to select a continent, country, and city using numbered menu selection. The script verifies whether a network time server should be configured. If you choose to configure a server, the script prompts you to enter the server name and other required information.

If you do not opt for time server configuration, the script prompts you to set time and date.

For network time server configuration, the script modifies the `/etc/ntp.conf` file, and it starts the `ntpd` daemon and adds it to start at boot.

For time zone selection, the script creates a new soft link to `/etc/localtime`.

 **Note:**

The script keeps a copy of the interface files in the `/tmp/exalytics.save/` directory and creates a flat backup for the files that may be modified.

4.6.1.6 Domain Name Server (DNS)

The `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script optionally configures one or more domain name servers that you specify.

When you configure domain name servers using the `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script, the following file is updated:

`/etc/resolv.conf`

 **Note:**

The script keeps a copy of the interface files in the `/tmp/exalytics.save/` directory and creates a flat backup for the files that may be modified.

4.6.2 State of the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Before Running the Script

Before running the `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script, your Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine is not configured with the following:

- 10 GbE and 1 GbE network interfaces
- Optional InfiniBand network interfaces
- Host name, domain name, and time zone
- Time server and domain name servers

4.6.3 Running the `exalytics_configure_network.sh` Script

Run the `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script, and choose your configuration option, as described in [Table 4-5](#).

Table 4-5 exalytics_configure_network.sh Properties

Question/Parameter	Description
Do you want to configure InfiniBand for Exadata connection? [y/n] [n]	Enter <i>y</i> if you want to configure InfiniBand for connecting Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine to Oracle Exadata Database Machine.
Enter bond0 IP address	Enter a bond0 IP address. For example, 192.168.21.12.
Use xx.xxx.xx.xx for bond0 ip address (y/n) [y]	Verify the bond0 IP address you specified, and enter <i>y</i> .
Enter bond0 netmask address	Enter a bond0 netmask address. For example, 255.255.255.0.
Use xx.xxx.xxx.xx for bond0 netmask (y/n) [y]	Verify the bond0 netmask address you specified, and enter <i>y</i> .
Do you want to configure 10G network(y/n) [n]	Depending on your configuration option, enter <i>y</i> or <i>n</i> .
Configure bonding on eth0 eth1? (y/n) [n]	Depending on your configuration option, enter <i>y</i> or <i>n</i> .
Configure eth0 Interface? (y/n) [n]	Depending on your configuration option, enter <i>y</i> or <i>n</i> .
Enter eth0 IP address	Enter an eth0 IP address. For example, 10.10.10.10.
Use xx.xxx.xx.xx for eth0 ip address (y/n) [y]	Verify the eth0 IP address you specified, and enter <i>y</i> .
Enter eth0 netmask address	Enter a netmask for the eth0 interface. For example, 255.255.248.0.
Use xx.xxx.xxx.xx for eth0 netmask (y/n) [y]	Verify the eth0 netmask you specified, and enter <i>y</i> .
Enter eth0 gateway address	Enter the eth0 gateway address. For example, 10.20.30.40.
Use xx.xxx.xxx.xx for eth0 gateway (y/n) [y]	Verify the eth0 gateway address you specified, and enter <i>y</i> .
Configure eth1 Interface? (y/n) [n]	Depending on your configuration option, enter <i>y</i> or <i>n</i> .
Disable eth1	Depending on your configuration option, enter <i>y</i> or <i>n</i> .
Do you want to configure 1G network (y/n) [y]	Depending on your configuration option, enter <i>y</i> or <i>n</i> .
Configure bonding on eth2 eth3 eth4 eth5? (y/n) [n]: n	Depending on your configuration option, enter <i>y</i> or <i>n</i> .

Table 4-5 (Cont.) exalytics_configure_network.sh Properties

Question/Parameter	Description
Configure eth2 Interface? (y/n) [n]: y	Depending on your configuration option, enter y or n.
Enter eth2 IP address	Enter an eth2 IP address. For example, 10.10.10.11.
Use xx.x.x.xx for eth2 ip address (y/n) [y]: y	Verify the eth2 IP address you specified, and enter y.
Enter eth2 netmask address	Enter a netmask for the eth2 interface. For example, 255.255.255.254.
Use xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx for eth2 netmask (y/n) [y]: y	Verify the eth2 netmask address you specified and then enter y.
Enter eth2 gateway address	Enter an eth2 gateway address. For example, 10.1.1.1.
Use xx.x.x.x for eth2 gateway (y/n) [y]: y	Verify the eth2 gateway address you specified, and enter y.
Configure eth3 Interface? (y/n) [n]: n	Depending on your configuration option, enter y or n.
Disable eth3	Depending on your configuration option, enter y or n.
Configure eth4 Interface? (y/n) [n]: n	Depending on your configuration option, enter y or n.
Disable eth4	Depending on your configuration option, enter y or n.
Configure eth5 Interface? (y/n) [n]: n	Depending on your configuration option, enter y or n.
Disable eth5	Depending on your configuration option, enter y or n.
Do you want to configure hostname (y/n) [n]: y	Depending on your configuration option, enter y or n.
Enter hostname	Enter a hostname for the machine. For example, myhost.
Use xxxxx for host_name (y/n) [y]: y	Verify the hostname you specified, and enter y.
Enter domainname:mydomain	Enter a domain name. For example, mydomain.
Use xxxxx in for domainname (y/n) [y]: y	Verify the domain name you specified, and enter y.
Do you want to configure timezone (y/n) [y]: y	Depending on your configuration option, enter y or n.

Table 4-5 (Cont.) exalytics_configure_network.sh Properties

Question/Parameter	Description
<p>Please identify a location so that time zone rules can be set correctly.</p> <p>Please select a continent or ocean.</p>	<p>Enter your location. For example, if your location is Americas, enter 2.</p>
<p>Please select a country.</p>	<p>Enter your country. For example, if your country is United States, enter 47.</p>
<p>Please select one of the following time zone regions</p>	<p>Enter your time zone. For example, if your time zone is Pacific time, enter 21.</p>
<p>The following information has been given:</p> <pre> United States Pacific Time Therefore TZ='America/Los_Angeles' will be used. Local time is now: Thu Oct 20 07:19:36 PDT 2005. Universal Time is now: Thu Oct 20 14:19:36 UTC 2005. Is the above information OK? </pre>	<p>If the information is correct, enter 1.</p>
<p>Here is that TZ value again, this time on standard output so that you can use the /usr/bin/tzselect command in shell scripts: do you want to configure time server (y/n) [y]: y</p>	<p>If you want to configure a time server, enter y.</p>
<p>Enter network time server:10.162.39.1 Use 10.162.39.1 for timeserver (y/n) [y]: y Do you want to configure DNS(s) (y/n) [y]: y Enter DNS: 10.162.39.57 Use 10.162.39.57 for DNS (y/n) [y]: y configure another DNS? (y/n) [n]: n</p>	<p>If you want to configure one or more domain name servers, enter y.</p>
<p>Commit changes? (y/n) [n]: y</p>	<p>To confirm your configuration options and values, enter y.</p>

4.6.4 Verifying the Configuration

After the `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script runs successfully, you can verify the network configuration for your Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine machine as follows:

- Ping 10 GbE network addresses to verify the 10 GbE network interfaces
- Ping 1 GbE network addresses to verify the 1 GbE network interfaces
- Run the `ibstat` command on the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine to verify the InfiniBand network interface
- Ping the gateway addresses
- Ping an IP address of a machine that is in the same subnet as Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine for each of the interfaces
- Verify the log file (`/var/log/init-exalytics/init-exalytics.log`)
- Run the `ifconfig -a` command to verify the network configuration

4.7 What Next?

After configuring network for the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine, you can proceed to install the Oracle Business Intelligence software on the machine. For more information, see the *Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Installation and Administration Guide for Linux*.

For information about installing Oracle Essbase, see *Oracle Hyperion Enterprise Performance Management System Installation and Configuration Guide*.

5

Storage Configuration

This chapter describes the storage configuration for the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine.

It contains the following topics:

- [Overview of Disk Partitions](#)
- [Connecting Exalytics to a Storage Area Network](#)
- [For Additional Help](#)

5.1 Overview of Disk Partitions

[Table 5-1](#) lists the disk partitions configured on the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine.

Table 5-1 Disk Partitions

Partition	Capacity	Hardware RAID	Mount Point	Description
boot	99 MB	RAID1	/boot	Boot partition
base operating system, logs, and temp space	X6-4: 1.2 TB X5-4: 1.2 TB X4-4: 1.2 TB X3-4: 900 GB X2-4: 600 GB	RAID1	/	Partition for the base operating system, logs, and temp space
Software, data files, and so on	X6-4: 3.6 TB X5-4: 3.6 TB X4-4: 3.6 TB X3-4: 2.7 TB X2-4: 1.8 TB	RAID5	The /u01 disk partition is created and available on this sdb disk.	Data partition

 **Note:**

In addition to the hard-disk storage described in Table 5-1, X3-4 machines have six 400 GB Sun FlashAccelerator F40 PCIe cards (total memory: 2.4 TB RAW), X4-4 machines have three 800 GB Sun FlashAccelerator F80 PCIe cards (total memory: 2.4 TB RAW), X5-4 machines have three 1.6 TB Sun Flash Accelerator F160 NVMe PCIe cards (total memory: 4.8 TB RAW), and X6-4 machines have three 3.2 TB Sun Flash Accelerator F320 NVMe PCIe cards (total memory: 9.6 TB RAW), mounted on /u02.

For information about configuring the Flash cards, refer to the "Configuring Flash and Replacing a Defective Flash Card" topic in the *Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Installation and Administration Guide for Linux*.

5.2 Connecting Exalytics to a Storage Area Network

Starting with Oracle Exalytics Release 1 Patchset 1 (1.0.0.1), the Storage Area Network (SAN) feature is supported. This section describes the procedure for connecting Exalytics to a Storage Area Network.

Connecting Exalytics to a Storage Area Network involves the following steps:

- [Before You Begin](#)
- [Preparing for Storage Area Network \(SAN\) Configuration](#)
- [Connecting the Optical Cable](#)
- [Installing Diagnostic Support for the Red Hat/SUSE Linux OS \(Optional\)](#)
- [Verifying the Connectivity](#)
- [Completing the Setup](#)

5.2.1 Before You Begin

Before connecting the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine to your data center's existing network, ensure that the following prerequisites are satisfied:

- [Cable Requirements](#)
- [Host Bus Adapter Features and Specifications](#)

5.2.1.1 Cable Requirements

Fiber-optic media, short-wave, multimode fiber (400-M5- SN-S)

5.2.1.2 Host Bus Adapter Features and Specifications

For more information, see "[HBA Features and Specifications](#)" in the *StorageTek 8 Gb FC PCI-Express HBA Installation Guide Installation Guide For HBA Models SG-XPCIE1FC-QF8-Z, SG-PCIE1FC-QF8-Z, SG-XPCIE1FC-QF8-N, SG-PCIE1FC-QF8-NandSG-XPCIE2-QF8-Z, SG-PCIE2FC-QF8-Z, SG-XPCIE2-QF8-N, SG-PCIE2FC-QF8-N*.

5.2.2 Preparing for Storage Area Network (SAN) Configuration

To prepare Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine for SAN Configuration, complete the following steps:

1. Configure the system to enable loading of the following kernel module at boot:
 - `qla2xxx.ko`
 - `dm-multipath.ko`
2. Initialize the `/etc/multipath.conf` file by running the following command:
`/sbin/mpathconf`
3. Enable multipath startup during an operating system boot, by running the following commands as the `root` user:

```
chkconfig multipathd on
chkconfig --level 345 multipathd on
service multipathd start
```

5.2.3 Connecting the Optical Cable

To connect the optical cable, complete the following steps:

 **Note:**

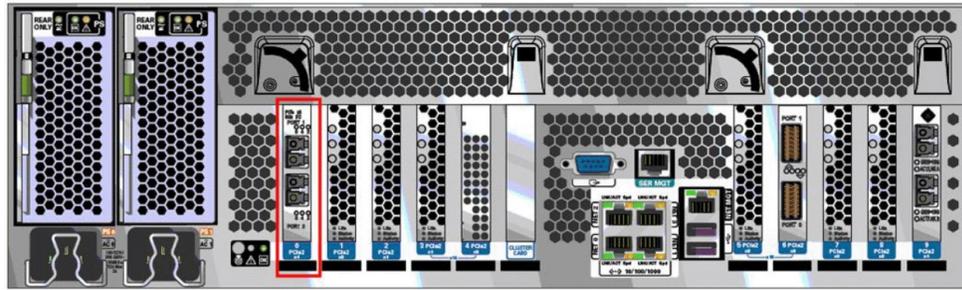
The HBA does not allow normal data transmission on an optical link unless it is connected to another similar or compatible Fibre Channel product (that is, multimode to multimode).

1. Connect the fiber-optic cable to an LC connector on the HBA.

Figure 5-1 Connecting the Optical Cable: Dual Port HBA in Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X2-4



Figure 5-2 Connecting the Optical Cable: Dual Port HBA in Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine X3-4



2. Connect the other end of the cable to the FC device.

After the optical cable is connected to the HBA, you can power on the system.

5.2.4 Installing Diagnostic Support for the Red Hat/SUSE Linux OS (Optional)

For more information, see "[Diagnostic Support for the Red Hat/SUSE OS](#)" in the *StorageTek 8 Gb FC PCI-Express HBA Installation Guide Installation Guide For HBA Models SG-XPCIE1FC-QF8-Z, SG-PCIE1FC-QF8-Z, SG-XPCIE1FC-QF8-N, SG-PCIE1FC-QF8-NandSG-XPCIE2-QF8-Z, SG-PCIE2FC-QF8-Z, SG-XPCIE2-QF8-N, SG-PCIE2FC-QF8-N.*

5.2.5 Verifying the Connectivity

To verify the connectivity, complete the following steps:

1. Check the status of the multipath device as follows:

```
[root@node1 ~]# service multipathd status
multipathd (pid xxxx) is running...
```

2. Run `multipath -ll` command to view the detailed information of the multipath devices as shown in the following example:

```
# multipath -ll
mpath2 (3600144f0d153d65600004f90462c0003) dm-3 SUN,Sun Storage 7410
[size=100G][features=0][hwandler=0][rw]
\_ round-robin 0 [prio=1][active]
  \_ 7:0:0:0 sdc 8:32 [active][ready]
  \_ round-robin 0 [prio=1][enabled]
    \_ 8:0:0:0 sde 8:64 [active][ready]
mpath3 (3600144f0d153d65600004f90464f0004) dm-4 SUN,Sun Storage 7410
[size=200G][features=0][hwandler=0][rw]
\_ round-robin 0 [prio=1][active]
  \_ 7:0:0:2 sdd 8:48 [active][ready]
  \_ round-robin 0 [prio=1][enabled]
    \_ 8:0:0:2 sdf 8:80 [active][ready]
```

In the above example, `mpath2` and `mpath3` are the two LUNs configured in the storage device.

5.2.6 Completing the Setup

Complete the following steps:

1. Mount the LUNs to a mount point:

```
# mount /dev/mapper/mpathXX <mount_point>
```

 **Note:**

The multipath LUNs are available as block devices at: `/dev/mapper/mpathXX`.

2. Add the mount point to `/etc/fstab` to auto mount during an operating system boot.

5.3 For Additional Help

For additional help or information regarding the storage configuration, contact the Oracle support personnel.

6

Using Oracle Integrated Lights Out Manager (ILOM)

This chapter describes how to set up and access Oracle Integrated Lights Out Manager (ILOM) for managing the Oracle Business Intelligence Machine. It contains the following topics:

- [ILOM Overview](#)
- [Important Notes Before You Begin](#)
- [Connecting to ILOM via the Network](#)
- [Connecting to ILOM via a Serial Connection](#)
- [Configuring Network Access](#)

6.1 ILOM Overview

Oracle Integrated Lights Out Manager (ILOM) provides advanced service processor (SP) hardware and software that you can use to manage and monitor your Oracle Business Intelligence Machine.

ILOM enables you to actively manage and monitor your Oracle Business Intelligence Machine independently of the operating system state, providing you with a reliable Lights Out Management (LOM) system.

With ILOM, you can proactively:

- Learn about hardware errors and faults as they occur
- Remotely control the power state of your compute node
- View the graphical and non-graphical consoles for the host
- View the current status of sensors and indicators on the system
- Determine the hardware configuration of your system
- Receive generated alerts about system events in advance via IPMI PETs, SNMP Traps, or E-mail Alerts.

The ILOM service processor (SP) runs its own embedded operating system and has a dedicated Ethernet port, which together provide out-of-band management capability. In addition, you can access ILOM from the operating system (Oracle Linux) installed on the Oracle Business Intelligence Machine. Using ILOM, you can remotely manage your compute node as if you were using a locally attached keyboard, monitor, and mouse.

ILOM automatically initializes as soon as power is applied to your compute node. It provides a full-featured, browser-based web interface and has an equivalent command-line interface (CLI).

- [ILOM Interfaces](#)

6.1.1 ILOM Interfaces

ILOM supports multiple interfaces for accessing its features and functions. You can choose to use a browser-based web interface or a command-line interface.

- [Web Interface](#)
- [Command-Line Interface](#)

6.1.1.1 Web Interface

The web interface provides an easy-to-use browser interface that enables you to log in to the SP, then to perform system management and monitoring.

6.1.1.2 Command-Line Interface

The command-line interface enables you to operate ILOM using keyboard commands and adheres to industry-standard DMTF-style CLI and scripting protocols. ILOM supports SSH v2.0 and v3.0 for secure access to the CLI. Using the CLI, you can reuse existing scripts with Sun systems, and automate tasks using familiar interfaces.

6.2 Important Notes Before You Begin

You require at least one static IP address for Service Processor (ILOM access).

Note the following:

- As a general convention, **root** is used as the default user name.
- The default value of the Service Processor (SP ILOM) password is **welcome1**.

6.3 Connecting to ILOM via the Network

Under normal circumstances, you can access ILOM via the network. You can use the Ethernet connection method to connect to the ILOM. You must know the ILOM IP address. The default ILOM IP address is 192.168.1.200 (netmask 255.255.255.0). You can use either the CLI or the web interface to access ILOM. Alternatively, you can launch a remote KVM session to access ILOM.

 **Note:**

You can use this connection method only if ILOM is physically connected to the admin network through the `NET_MGT` port of the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine.

Oracle recommends that you use this connection method to access ILOM for the Oracle Business Intelligence Machine.

This section discusses the following topics:

- [Connecting to the CLI](#)

- [Connecting to the Web GUI](#)
- [Launching a Remote KVM Session](#)

6.3.1 Connecting to the CLI

1. Start your SSH client, such as PuTTY.
2. In the **Host Name (or IP address)** field, enter the ILOM IP address of your Oracle Business Intelligence Machine. The default ILOM IP address is 192.168.1.200.
3. Ensure that **SSH** is chosen as the **Connection Type**.
4. Type the user name and the password, when prompted. The default user name is `root`, and the default password is `welcome1`.

The CLI command prompt is displayed.

6.3.2 Connecting to the Web GUI

1. In the address bar of a web browser, type the ILOM IP address of an Oracle Business Intelligence Machine. The default ILOM IP address is 192.168.1.200.

Press **Enter**.

The login screen is displayed.

2. Enter the user name and the password. The default user name is `root`, and the default password is `welcome1`.
3. Click **Log In**.

The web GUI is displayed.

6.3.3 Launching a Remote KVM Session

To access the ILOM console for your Oracle Business Intelligence Machine that is connected to ILOM, do the following:

1. Ensure that pop-up blockers are disabled in your browser before you launch the remote console.
2. In the address bar of a browser, type the ILOM IP address of your Oracle Business Intelligence Machine.
3. Log in to ILOM using the default user name and password (`root` and `welcome1`). After login, the ILOM home page is displayed.
4. Click the **Remote Control** tab, and click **Launch Remote Console**.

The remote console is displayed.

6.4 Connecting to ILOM via a Serial Connection

You can connect to ILOM via a serial connection if you are unable to access ILOM via the network due to any of the following problems:

- Misconfiguration of the network

- Misconfiguration of ILOM IP addresses

 **Note:**

You can reconfigure network access after connecting to ILOM via a serial connection. For more information, see [Configuring Network Access](#).

To connect to ILOM using a serial connection, complete the following steps:

1. Attach a serial cable from a terminal or a PC running terminal emulation software to the `SER MGT` port of your Oracle Business Intelligence Machine. The cable should be of length 15 feet or less.
2. Verify that your terminal or laptop is operational.
3. Configure the terminal device or the terminal emulation software to use the following settings:
 - 8N1: eight data bits, no parity, one stop bit
 - 9600 baud (default, but can be set to any standard rate up to 115200)
 - Disable software flow control (XON/XOFF)
 - Disable hardware control
4. Verify that power is supplied to either PSU.

If there is power applied to either PSU, then ILOM will be functional regardless of the power state of compute nodes.

5. Press Enter on the terminal device. A connection between the terminal device and the ILOM is established.

The ILOM login prompt is displayed.

6. Log in to the CLI using the default user name and the password (`root` and `welcome1`).

The ILOM default command prompt is displayed.

6.5 Configuring Network Access

You must configure network access after connecting to the ILOM using a serial connection or an Ethernet connection.

 **Note:**

Oracle recommends that you use an Ethernet connection if reconfiguration of network access becomes necessary.

This section contains the following topics:

- [Using a Serial Connection](#)

- [Using the Ethernet Connection](#)
- [Using ipmitool Commands When SP Network Information Is Lost](#)
- [Configuring ILOM IP Addresses Manually](#)

6.5.1 Using a Serial Connection

1. Connect to the ILOM using a serial connection, as described in [Connecting to ILOM via a Serial Connection](#).
2. Run the following commands at the ILOM command prompt:

```
cd /SP/network
set pendingipdiscovery=static
set pendingipaddress=<ip_address>
set pendingipnetmask=<ip_netmask>
set pendingipgateway=<ip_gateway>
set commitpending=true
```

6.5.2 Using the Ethernet Connection

1. Connect to the ILOM using the Ethernet connection, as described in [Connecting to ILOM via the Network](#).
2. Run the following commands at the ILOM command prompt:

```
cd /SP/network
set pendingipdiscovery=static
set pendingipaddress=<ip_address>
set pendingipnetmask=<ip_netmask>
set pendingipgateway=<ip_gateway>
set commitpending=true
```

6.5.3 Using ipmitool Commands When SP Network Information Is Lost

If the service processor (SP) network information gets lost, you can use an SSH shell to connect to the `ETH0` interface of the operating system on the Exalytics host and run the appropriate `ipmitool` commands to reconfigure network settings, as in the following example:

```
/usr/sbin/ipmitool sunoem cli 'set /SP/users/root password=somepasswd' somepasswd
```

This example resets the ILOM root password.

 **Note:**

- On Exalytics images 1.x.x.x, the `ipmitool` command path is `/usr/bin/ipmitool sunoem CLI set /SP/users/root password=somepasswd`. This example sets the ILOM root password to `somepasswd`.
- For more information about `ipmitool` commands and options, see the `ipmitool` man page at the following URL: http://sourceforge.net/p/ipmitool/wiki/coding_standards/

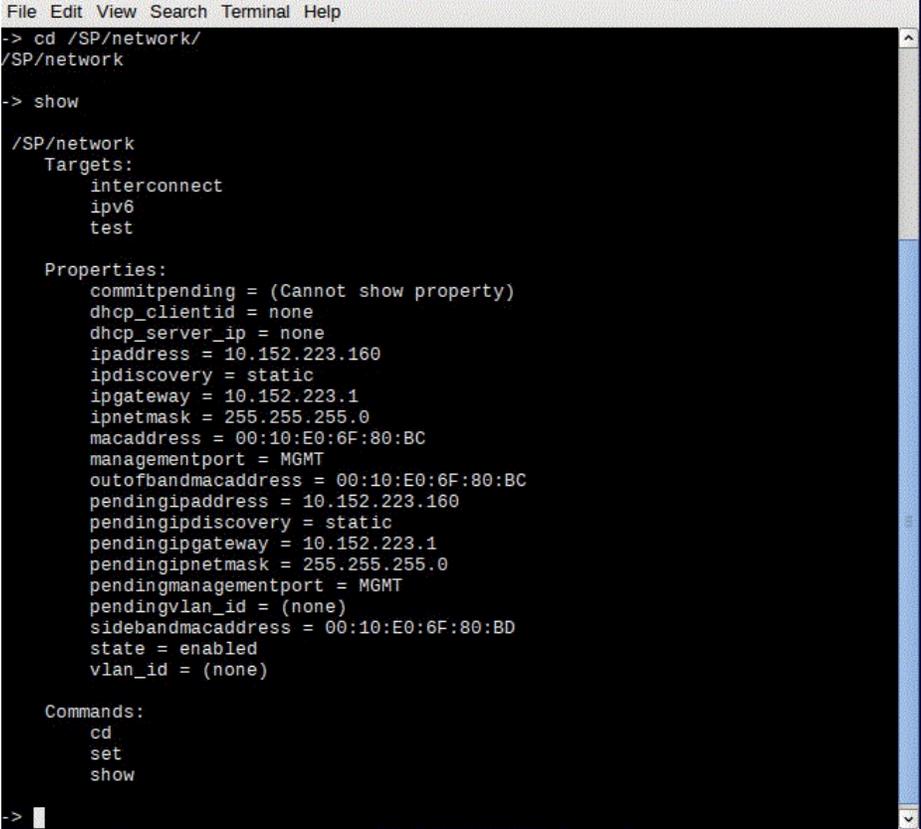
6.5.4 Configuring ILOM IP Addresses Manually

If ILOM IP addresses get misconfigured, you can configure ILOM IP addresses manually. Under normal circumstances, you do not need to configure ILOM IP addresses manually.

To configure IP addresses manually, complete the following steps:

1. Obtain a free static IP address from the network to which the Exalytics machine is connected.
2. Configure the IP address by using a serial port connection as follows:
 - a. Establish a serial connection to the SP of a compute node by inserting a serial cable into the **SER MGT** port on the rear of the compute node.
 - b. In the terminal window, configure the following settings:

```
8N1: Eight data bit, no parity, one stop bit
9600 Baud
Disable hardware control
Disable software control
```
 - c. At the login prompt, enter `root` as the user name, and `welcome1` as the password.
 - d. From your present working directory, use the `cd` command to move to the `/SP/network` directory, as shown in [Figure 6-1](#).

Figure 6-1 Configuring ILOM IP Using Serial Port Connection

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
-> cd /SP/network/
/SP/network

-> show

/SP/network
Targets:
  interconnect
  ipv6
  test

Properties:
  commitpending = (Cannot show property)
  dhcp_clientid = none
  dhcp_server_ip = none
  ipaddress = 10.152.223.160
  ipdiscovery = static
  ipgateway = 10.152.223.1
  ipnetmask = 255.255.255.0
  macaddress = 00:10:E0:6F:80:BC
  managementport = MGMT
  outofbandmacaddress = 00:10:E0:6F:80:BC
  pendingipaddress = 10.152.223.160
  pendingipdiscovery = static
  pendingipgateway = 10.152.223.1
  pendingipnetmask = 255.255.255.0
  pendingmanagementport = MGMT
  pendingvlan_id = (none)
  sidebandmacaddress = 00:10:E0:6F:80:BD
  state = enabled
  vlan_id = (none)

Commands:
  cd
  set
  show

-> |
```

- e. Run the following commands at the command prompt:

```
cd /SP/network

set pendingipdiscovery=static

set pendingipaddress=<ip_address>

set pendingipnetmask=<ip_netmask>

set pendingipgateway=<ip_gateway>

set commitpending=true
```


7

Connecting Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine to Oracle Exadata Database Machine

This chapter describes how to connect an Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine and an Oracle Exadata Database Machine together on the same InfiniBand fabric.

It contains the following topics:

- [Understanding InfiniBand Card, Cable, and Switch Firmware Requirements](#)
- [Physically Connecting the Network](#)
- [Choosing a Subnet Manager](#)
- [Configuring the InfiniBand Connection](#)
- [Monitoring the InfiniBand Fabric](#)
- [Checking Network Health](#)
- [Testing the Extended Network Connectivity](#)

7.1 Understanding InfiniBand Card, Cable, and Switch Firmware Requirements

This section contains the following topics:

- [InfiniBand Card](#)
- [InfiniBand Cables](#)
- [InfiniBand Switches in the Oracle Exadata Database Machine](#)

7.1.1 InfiniBand Card

Each Oracle Business Intelligence Machine includes an InfiniBand card, such as the 2-port QDR InfiniBand Host Channel Adapter (HCA).

For the Exalytics X2-4 and X3-4 models the InfiniBand card is installed in PCIe Slot 6. For the Exalytics X4-4, X5-4 and X6-4 models the InfiniBand card is installed in PCIe Slot 4.

7.1.2 InfiniBand Cables

You may use any spare 5-meter InfiniBand cables included in your Oracle Exadata Database Machine. If you need assistance, contact Oracle support personnel. You need these cables for connecting your Oracle Business Intelligence Machine to an Oracle Exadata Database Machine on the same InfiniBand fabric.

7.1.3 InfiniBand Switches in the Oracle Exadata Database Machine

Oracle Exadata Database Machine includes two 36-port InfiniBand leaf switches (Sun Datacenter QDR InfiniBand Switch 36). These two switches located in the middle of the rack are referred to as leaf switches. A spine switch is included in unit 1 of Oracle Exadata Database Machine Full Rack and Half Rack configurations.

 **Note:**

In this document, the leaf switch located in the lower unit of the Oracle Exadata Database Machine rack is referred to as **leaf 1**. The leaf switch located above leaf 1 in the Oracle Exadata Database Machine rack is referred to as **leaf 2**.

For more information about Oracle Exadata Database Machine's rack layout and hardware components, see the *Oracle Exadata Database Machine Owner's Guide*.

7.2 Physically Connecting the Network

This section describes the following topics:

- [Physical Layout Considerations](#)
- [Scenario 1: Single Exalytics In-Memory Machine with Oracle Exadata Database Machine](#)
- [Scenario 2: Clustered Exalytics In-Memory Machine with Oracle Exadata Database Machine](#)

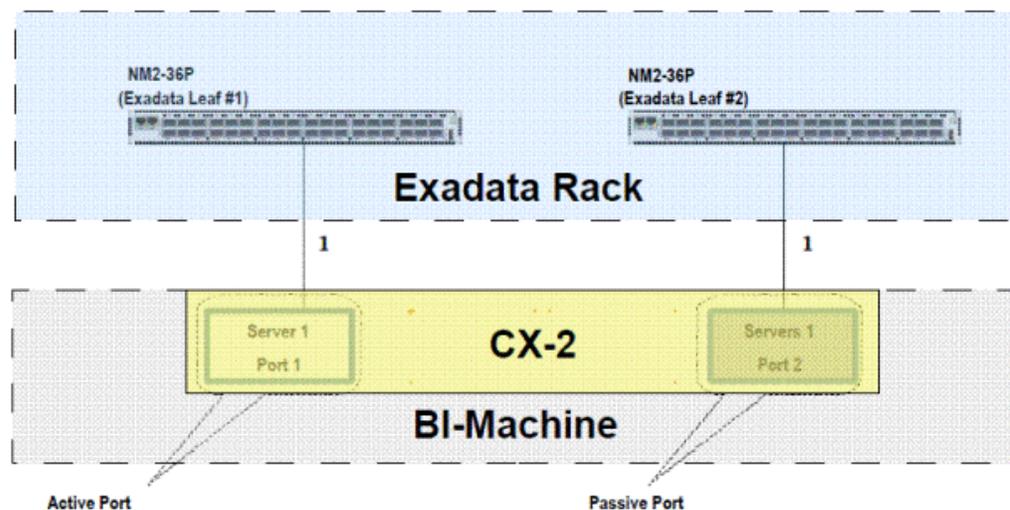
7.2.1 Physical Layout Considerations

It is assumed that the rack containing the Oracle Business Intelligence Machine and the Oracle Exadata Database Machine rack are placed side by side in the data center. Consider the length of the connecting InfiniBand cables when placing the racks in your data center.

You can place up to two Oracle Exalytics Machines in an Oracle Exadata Database Machine rack.

7.2.2 Scenario 1: Single Exalytics In-Memory Machine with Oracle Exadata Database Machine

[Figure 7-1](#) shows how a single (non-clustered) Oracle Business Intelligence Machine is connected to an Oracle Exadata Database Machine rack.

Figure 7-1 Non-Clustered Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Connected to Oracle Exadata Database Machine

For high availability purposes, connect the two ports of the InfiniBand card, which is installed in the Oracle Business Intelligence Machine, to separate leaf switches of the Oracle Exadata Database Machine. For example, as shown in [Figure 7-1](#), you can connect port 1 of the Oracle Business Intelligence Machine's InfiniBand card to the leaf 1 switch (Sun Datacenter InfiniBand Switch 36 installed in the lower unit of the Oracle Exadata Database Machine). In addition, you should connect port 2 of the Oracle Business Intelligence Machine's InfiniBand card to the leaf 2 switch (Sun Datacenter InfiniBand Switch 36 installed in the upper unit of the Oracle Exadata Database Machine). Port 1 can function as the active port, and port 2 can function as the passive port.

Note:

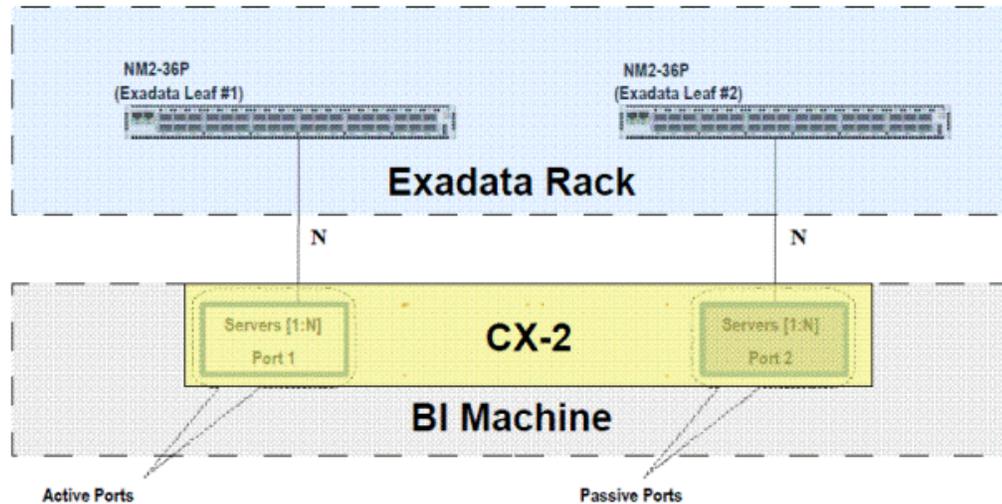
On the leaf switches of the Oracle Exadata Database Machine, the following free ports can be used:

Ports 5B, 6A, 6B, 7A, 7B, and 12A

7.2.3 Scenario 2: Clustered Exalytics In-Memory Machine with Oracle Exadata Database Machine

[Figure 7-2](#) shows how a cluster of Oracle Business Intelligence Machines is connected to an Oracle Exadata Database Machine rack.

Figure 7-2 Clustered Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Connected to Oracle Exadata Database Machine



For high availability purposes, connect the active port of the InfiniBand card included in each of the Oracle Business Intelligence Machines to the leaf 1 switch (Sun Datacenter InfiniBand Switch 36 installed in the lower unit of the Oracle Exadata Database Machine). In addition, you should connect the passive port of the InfiniBand card included in each of the Oracle Business Intelligence Machines to the leaf 2 switch (Sun Datacenter InfiniBand Switch 36 installed in the upper unit of the Oracle Exadata Database Machine). Port 1 can function as the active port, and port 2 can function as the passive port.

Note:

On the leaf switches of the Oracle Exadata Database Machine, the following free ports can be used:

Ports 5B, 6A,6B,7A,7B, and 12A

7.3 Choosing a Subnet Manager

Each InfiniBand network requires a Subnet Manager (SM). You can use the SM running on one of the Oracle Exadata Database Machine's leaf switches in your fabric.

For more information about using the InfiniBand switch, see the following documents:

- [Sun Datacenter InfiniBand Switch 36 User's Guide](#)
- [Sun Datacenter InfiniBand Switch 36 Command Reference](#)

7.4 Configuring the InfiniBand Connection

To configure the InfiniBand connection, run the `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script available in the `/opt/exalytics/bin/` location. For more information, see [InfiniBand](#).

7.5 Monitoring the InfiniBand Fabric

You can monitor many aspects of the InfiniBand fabric by running InfiniBand commands on the Sun Datacenter InfiniBand Switch 36, which is included in the Oracle Exadata Database Machine.

For more information about these commands, see the [Sun Datacenter InfiniBand Switch 36 Command Reference](#).

7.6 Checking Network Health

After establishing InfiniBand network connectivity, you can verify the status of the basic InfiniBand network connectivity with `rds-ping`, `rds-info -l` by using the `ibstat` command on the Exalytics machine.

The `ibstat` command displays the basic status, as in the following example:

```
# ibstat

CA 'mlx4_0'
  CA type: MT26428
  Number of ports: 2
  Firmware version: 2.7.8130
  Hardware version: b0
  Node GUID: 0x0021280001cf577e
  System image GUID: 0x0021280001cf5781
  Port 1:
    State: Active
    Physical state: LinkUp
    Rate: 40
    Base lid: 106
    LMC: 0
    SM lid: 54
    Capability mask: 0x02510868
    Port GUID: 0x0021280001cf577f
    Link layer: IB
  Port 2:
    State: Active
    Physical state: LinkUp
    Rate: 40
    Base lid: 95
    LMC: 0
    SM lid: 54
    Capability mask: 0x02510868
    Port GUID: 0x0021280001cf5780
    Link layer: IB
```

The physical state of connected ports is shown as `LinkUp`.

7.7 Testing the Extended Network Connectivity

After verifying the basic InfiniBand network connectivity, you can run the `ibhosts`, `ibswitches`, and `ibnetdiscover` commands on the switch CLI.

The `ibhosts` command displays host nodes in the InfiniBand fabric, the `ibswitches` command displays the InfiniBand switch nodes in the fabric, and the `ibnetdiscover` command discovers the InfiniBand topology.

For more information such monitoring and diagnostic commands, see the [Sun Datacenter InfiniBand Switch 36 Command Reference](#).

8

Connecting Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine to Oracle Big Data Appliance

This chapter describes how to connect Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine and an Oracle Big Data Appliance together on the same InfiniBand fabric. It contains the following sections:

- [Hardware Requirements](#)
- [Software Requirements](#)
- [Physical Connectivity](#)
- [InfiniBand Connection Validation \(Layer-2\)](#)
- [IPoIB Configuration \(Layer-3\)](#)
- [IPoIB Validation](#)

8.1 Hardware Requirements

Oracle Big Data Appliance has three in-built InfiniBand switches. Use the two NM2-GW leaf switches to connect the Oracle Exalytics machine. The Oracle Exalytics machine has one InfiniBand HCA card, but it does not include any InfiniBand switch or any instance of InfiniBand Subnet Manager.

To connect Oracle Exalytics to Oracle Big Data Appliance, you need a pair of InfiniBand cables depending on the length requirements at the datacenter. If the total distance between Exalytics and Oracle Big Data Appliance leaf switch ports is less than 10 meters, you can use copper cables. If the length is more than 10 meters, you must use fiber optic cable for InfiniBand with appropriate transceivers.

8.2 Software Requirements

The base images of both Oracle Big Data Appliance and Oracle Exalytics include software support for InfiniBand connectivity.

- [Exalytics Version Details](#)
- [BDA Version Details](#)

8.2.1 Exalytics Version Details

To view software details of the Oracle Exalytics machine, run the following commands:

 **Note:**

From the following commands, use `imageinfo` command for 1.0.0.2 systems and earlier. Use `exalytics_imageinfo` command for 1.0.0.3 systems and later.

```
[root@exalytics root]# exalytics_imageinfo
Exalogic 1.0.0.5 (build:r)

Image version : 1.0.0.5
Image build version :
Creation timestamp : Wed 19 Jun 2013 12:26:49 PM BST
Kernel version : 2.6.32-100.23.1.el5
Image activated : 2013-09-03 20:49:13 -0400
Image status : SUCCESS

[root@exalytics root]# lsmod | grep ipoib
ib_ipoib 67547 1
ib_cm 32459 2 rdma_cm,ib_ipoib
ib_sa 36903 5 rdma_ucm,rdma_cm,mlx4_vnic,ib_ipoib,ib_cm
ib_core 61642 14
rdma_ucm,rds_rdma,ib_sdp,rdma_cm,iw_cm,ib_uverbs,ib_umad,mlx4_vnic,mlx4_ib,ib_mthca,i
b_ipoib,ib_cm,ib_sa,ib_mad
ipv6 286932 222 ib_sdp,ib_addr,ib_ipoib,bonding

[root@exalytics root]# lsmod | grep rds
rds_tcp 9460 0
rds_rdma 72457 1
rds 91561 2 rds_tcp,rds_rdma
rdma_cm 29058 3 rdma_ucm,rds_rdma,ib_sdp
ib_core 61642 14
rdma_ucm,rds_rdma,ib_sdp,rdma_cm,iw_cm,ib_uverbs,ib_umad,mlx4_vnic,mlx4_ib,ib_mthca,i
b_ipoib,ib_cm,ib_sa,ib_mad
[root@exalytics root]#
```

8.2.2 BDA Version Details

To view software support of the Oracle Big Data Appliance, run the following commands:

```
[root@bda10 ~]# imageinfo
Big Data Appliance Image Info

IMAGE_CREATION_DATE : Tue Aug 20 23:36:32 PDT 2013
IMAGE_LABEL : BDA_2.2.1_LINUX.X64_130820
IMAGE_VERSION : 2.2.1
KERNEL_VERSION : 2.6.32-200.21.1.el5uek
BDA_RPM_VERSION : bda-2.2.1-1
OFA_RPM_VERSION : ofa-2.6.32-200.21.1.el5uek-1.5.5-4.0.55.4
JDK_VERSION : jdk-1.6.0_51-fcs
HADOOP_VERSION : 2.0.0-cdh4.3.0

[root@bda10 ~]# ofed_info | head -1
OFED-IOV-1.5.5-1.0.0120:

[root@bda10 ~]# lsmod | grep ipoib
ib_ipoib 67931 1
```

```

ib_cm 35714 2 rdma_cm,ib_ipoib
ipv6 290974 5 bonding,cnic,ib_sdp,ib_addr,ib_ipoib
ib_sa 39126 6 rdma_ucm,rdma_cm,ib_ipoib,ib_cm,mlx4_vnic,mlx4_ib
ib_core 66876 12
rdma_ucm,ib_sdp,rdma_cm,iw_cm,ib_ipoib,ib_cm,ib_uverbs,ib_umad,mlx4_vnic,mlx4_ib,ib_s
a,ib_mad

[root@bda10 ~]# lsmod | grep rds
rds 94503 0
[root@bda10 ~]#

```

8.3 Physical Connectivity

On both GW switches of Oracle Big Data Appliance, four ports are available for external connections-5A, 5B, 6A, 6B. Oracle recommends that you use ports 5A on both leaf switches. If these ports are not available, use any other available port on the leaf switches.

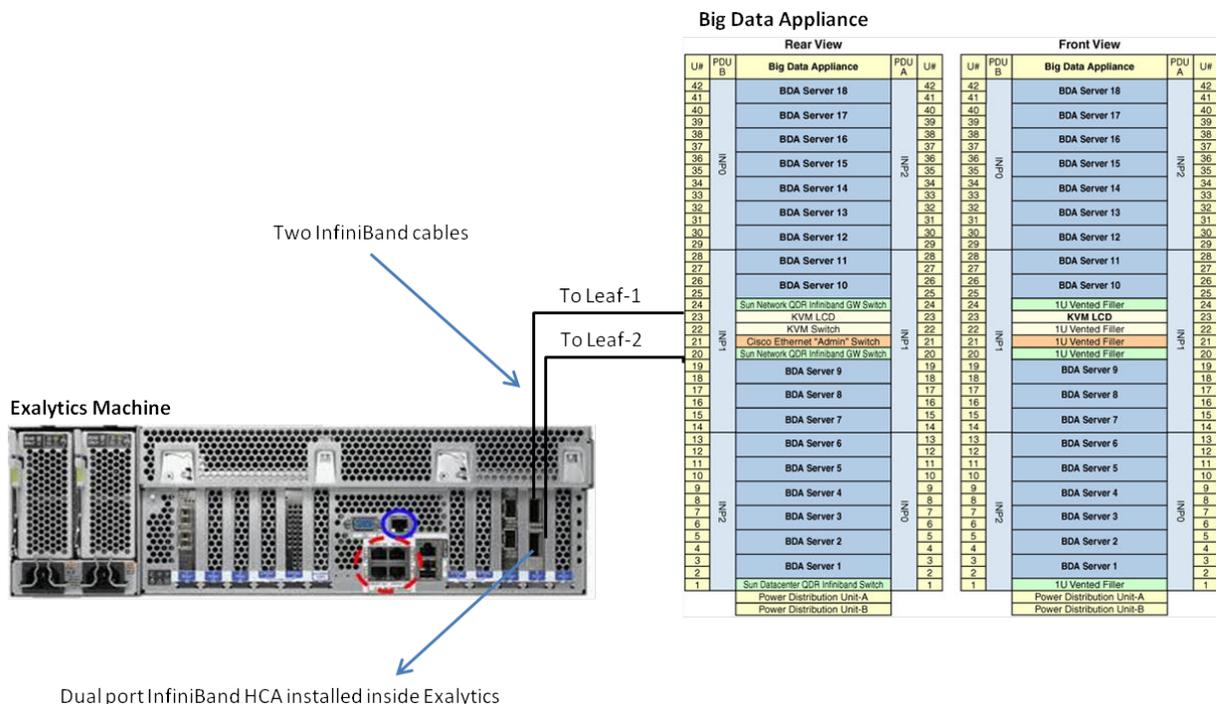
Note:

Never connect a host (HCA) system to the spine switch inside a rack.

If the Oracle Big Data Appliance rack is connected to other Oracle Engineered Systems, port 5-6[A/B] may not be available. In such a case, it is recommended to use any other available port on the InfiniBand leaf switch of the Oracle Big Data Appliance rack. If no free ports are available, contact Oracle Support.

Figure 8-1 shows how to connect an Exalytics to a standalone BDA rack.

Figure 8-1 Physical Connection



8.4 InfiniBand Connection Validation (Layer-2)

Once the cables are connected and you can see green LEDs on the ports, you must validate the InfiniBand connection.

1. Log in to the Oracle Big Data Appliance compute node or Exalytics machine.
2. From the Linux root shell, run the `ibhosts` command to verify if the newly connected (Exalytics/Oracle Big Data Appliance) machine is visible.
3. On the Exalytics machine, run the `ibstat` command to see the local ports' status. If an active Subnet Manager is present, then the ports should be Active.

```
[root@exalytics ~]# ibstat

CA 'mlx4_0'
CA type: MT26428
Number of ports: 2
Firmware version: 2.7.8130
Hardware version: b0
Node GUID: 0x0021280001efe984
System image GUID: 0x0021280001efe987
Port 1:
State: Active
Physical state: LinkUp
Rate: 40
Base lid: 209
LMC: 0
SM lid: 187
Capability mask: 0x02510868
Port GUID: 0x0021280001efe985
Link layer: IB
Port 2:
State: Active
Physical state: LinkUp
Rate: 40
Base lid: 73
LMC: 0
SM lid: 187
Capability mask: 0x02510868
Port GUID: 0x0021280001efe986
Link layer: IB

[root@exalytics ~]# sminfo

sminfo: sm lid 187 sm guid 0x10e00c16c0c0a0, activity count 124743184 priority 14
state 3 SMINFO_MASTER
```

4. Run the following command to make sure all the links are at 4X QDR:

```
[root@exalytics ~]# ibdiagnet -ls 10 -lw 4x
```

8.5 IPoIB Configuration (Layer-3)

Make sure that a unique IP address is available in the IPoIB subnet used in the Oracle Big Data Appliance rack. Never reuse an IP address that is already assigned, or allocated for Big Data Appliance or other purposes in this subnet. To identify a unique and available IP address with associated subnet mask, refer to the Oracle Big Data Appliance configuration..

To identify IPoIB network information from an existing Oracle Big Data Appliance compute node, run the following command:

```
[root@bda10 ~]# egrep '(IPADDR|NETMASK|NETWORK|BROADCAST)' /etc/sysconfig/network-  
scripts/ifcfg-bondib0  
  
IPADDR=192.168.41.10  
NETMASK=255.255.248.0  
NETWORK=192.168.40.0  
BROADCAST=192.168.47.255
```

Using the information obtained, you can request for a free and unique IP address belonging to Oracle Big Data Appliance's IPoIB subnet.

To find out the CIDR prefix, run the `ipcalc` command as follows:

```
[root@bda10 ~]# ipcalc -p 192.168.41.10 255.255.248.0  
PREFIX=21
```

Note that in the example, the possible IP address host range is from 192.168.40.1 to 192.168.47.254. In the following step, IP 192.168.44.100/21 will be used as an IP address for Exalytics' IPoIB `bond0` interface.

Run the `exalytics_configure_network.sh` script on Exalytics as **root**. When prompted, configure the IPoIB (InfiniBand) network interface. It is a bonded interface named `bond0` using `ib0` and `ib1`.

```
[root@exalytics root]# /opt/exalytics/bin/exalytics_configure_network.sh  
Network Configuration Script Version exalytics-scripts-1.0.0.5ps3-52  
Do you want to configure InfiniBand for Exadata connection? (y/n) [n]: y  
Enter bond0 IP address:192.168.44.100  
Use 192.168.44.162 for bond0 ip address (y/n) [y]:  
Enter bond0 netmask address:255.255.248.0  
Use 255.255.248.0 for bond0 netmask (y/n) [y]:
```

8.6 IPoIB Validation

To validate, ping an Oracle Big Data Appliance node's IPoIB address from Exalytics. If the ping is successful, you can use the connection for applications. You can test the application usage between the Exalytics and BDA. It may be necessary to install appropriate plugins and/or clients for Hadoop on Exalytics Machine. For further information, refer to product owner's guide.

9

Installing Auto Service Request (ASR) Software

This chapter describes how to install Auto Service Request (ASR) for Exalytics machines.

 **Note:**

Starting with the Oracle Exalytics Release 1 Patchset 1 (1.0.0.1), the Auto Service Request (ASR) feature is supported. For more information, see the chapter "New Features for Exalytics Machine" in the *Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine Installation and Administration Guide for Linux*.

It contains the following topics:

- [About Oracle Auto Service Request \(ASR\)](#)
- [Recommended Configuration](#)
- [Before You Begin](#)
- [Installing ASR Manager on a Standalone System](#)
- [Activating Exalytics Assets Manually](#)
- [Viewing and Verifying ASR Assets ASR Manager](#)
- [Configuring Telemetry Sources](#)
- [Enabling Exalytics Machine Assets in My Oracle Support](#)
- [Sending Test Alerts](#)
- [Fault Coverage](#)

9.1 About Oracle Auto Service Request (ASR)

 **Note:**

ASR is available only for the Exalytics bare-metal machines.

Auto Service Request (ASR) is a secure, scalable, customer-installable software feature of warranty and Oracle Support Services that provides auto-case generation when common hardware component faults occur. ASR is designed to enable faster problem resolution by eliminating the need to initiate contact with Oracle Support Services for common hardware component failures, reducing both the number of phone calls needed and overall phone time required. ASR also simplifies support

operations by using electronic diagnostic data. Easily installed and deployed, ASR is completely controlled by you, the customer, to ensure security. ASR is applicable only for component faults. Not all component failures are covered, though the most common components (such as disk, fan, and power supplies) are covered.

 **Note:**

ASR is not a replacement for other monitoring mechanisms, such as SMTP and SNMP alerts, within your data center. It is a complementary mechanism that expedites and simplifies the delivery of replacement hardware. ASR should not be used for downtime events in high-priority systems. For high-priority events, contact Oracle Support Services directly.

9.2 Recommended Configuration

The recommended configuration is to install the ASR Manager on a machine outside of Exalytics, on a Management only network away from the Data network. The supported operating systems are Oracle Linux 5.3 and above, and Solaris 10 Update 5 and above.

 **Note:**

ASR Manager should not be on the same subnet as the Bonded Data network interfaces.

`ETH0` must be on a separate subnet that does not overlap the Bonded Data network.

9.3 Before You Begin

Before installing ASR, ensure that the following conditions are met:

- Ensure that you have access to [My Oracle Support](http://support.oracle.com) (<http://support.oracle.com>) and confirm your contact information is correct and current.
- Make sure that all of your Exalytics machine assets have a contact assigned and that the contact is correct and current.
- Identify and designate a system, outside of Exalytics, to serve as ASR Manager.
- Retrieve the IP address of your ASR Manager.
- Identify and verify ASR assets.
- Ensure connectivity to the Internet using HTTPS.
- Download and install the Oracle Exalytics Configuration Utility patch and ASR utility, on the Exalytics host machine.

 **Note:**

Starting with Oracle Exalytics Release 1 Patchset 3 (1.0.0.3), the Oracle Exalytics Configuration Utility patch and the ASR utility are included in the base image.

Steps 1 through 4 are not applicable for users using Oracle Exalytics Release 1 Patchset 3 (1.0.0.3) or higher version.

If you are using Oracle Exalytics Release 1 Patchset 3 (1.0.0.3) or higher version, you must start at step 5.

To download and install the Oracle Exalytics Configuration utility patch and ASR utility, perform the following actions:

1. Download and install the Oracle Exalytics Configuration Utility patch (1.0.0.4) and ASR utility for Oracle Exalytics Release 1, Patchset 1 (ex_x2-4_config_utils_linux_x86_64.zip file) from the Oracle Software Delivery Cloud Web site at the following link:

<http://edelivery.oracle.com>

2. Unzip the file into a temporary directory.

The zip file contains the files that are listed in [Table 9-1](#).

Table 9-1 Files in the Oracle Exalytics Configuration Utility Zip File

File Name	Notes
exalytics_configure_network.sh	Oracle Exalytics network configuration script
SUN-HW-TRAP-MIB.mib	ASR (Auto Service Request) on Oracle Exalytics
bda_mon_hw_asr.pl	ASR mail script on Oracle Exalytics
common_subs.pm	ASR on Oracle Exalytics
setup_asr_ilom.pl	ASR on Oracle Exalytics

3. Create the following directories:

- `mkdir -p /opt/exalytics`
- `mkdir -p /opt/exalytics/asr`

4. Copy the file `exalytics_configure_network.sh` to `/opt/exalytics/bin`. Copy the following files to the `/opt/exalytics/asr` directory:

- `bda_mon_hw_asr.pl`
- `setup_asr_ilom.pl`
- `common_subs.pm`
- `SUN-HW-TRAP-MIB.mib`

 **Note:**

Before copying the file, ensure that you back up the existing file as `exalytics_configure_network.sh_V1` first.

- Execute the Oracle Exalytics network configuration script to configure the network interfaces.

```
#cd /opt/exalytics/bin
#./exalytics_configure_network.sh
```

- Complete the following steps to configure ASR:
 - Go to the `/opt/exalytics/asr` directory, and run the following commands to add executive permissions on the two Perl files:

```
chmod +x bda_mon_hw_asr.pl
chmod +x setup_asr_ilom.pl
```

- Add the following line to the `/etc/inittab` file:

```
emh1:345:respawn:/opt/exalytics/asr/bda_mon_hw_asr.pl -server
```

- At the command line, execute the `init q` command to initialize and start the `bda_mon` server.

 **Note:**

If it is a Linux 6.6 server, download the [patch 21565893](#) as ASR does not work on Linux 6.6.

9.4 Installing ASR Manager on a Standalone System

You must install ASR Manager on a standalone system (a machine outside of Exalytics running Oracle Linux, as described in the section "Install Software" in the [Auto Service Request ASR Manager User's Guide](#).

9.5 Activating Exalytics Assets Manually

If you need to activate HOST and ILOM for Exalytics manually, complete the following steps in the ASR Manager:

- Login as the `root` user in your ASR Manager. Start the ASR menu by running the following command:

```
#cd /opt/SUNWswasr/bin
#./asr
```

- Activate ASR on Exalytics host machine by running the following command:

```
asr> activate_asset -i IP_address_of_exalytics_host_machine
```

or

```
asr> activate_asset -h host_name_exalytics_machine
```

3. Activate ILOM for Exalytics individually by running the following command:

```
asr> activate_asset -i ILOM_IP_address_of_compute_node
```

or

```
asr> activate_asset -h ILOM_host_name_of_exalytics_machine
```

9.6 Viewing and Verifying ASR Assets ASR Manager

View and verify ASR Asset (Exalytics machine components whose ASR is active) by running the following command from the ASR Manager system:

```
asr> list_asset - lists all assets associated with this ASR Manager
```

For example:

```
xx.xxx.xxx.xx exalytics 1234567890 Enabled SNMP FMA SUN FIRE X4470 M2 SERVER  
x86/x64 System
```

```
xx.xxx.xxx.xxx exalytics-sp 1234567890 Enabled SNMP ILOM SUN FIRE X4470 M2 SERVER
```

9.7 Configuring Telemetry Sources

You must configure telemetry sources for ILOM and Exalytics host machine to forward their telemetry to the ASR Manager. Scripts are provided to configure both ILOM and the Host. The scripts are found in `/opt/exalytics/asr`. These scripts should be executed on the Exalytics host machine.

Complete the following steps:

1. Login to the Exalytics Host as the `root` user.
2. Configure ILOM telemetry by running the following command:

```
#cd /opt/exalytics/asr  
#./setup_asr_ilom.pl -i <IP Address Of ASR Manager>
```

3. Configure Exalytics host machine telemetry by running the following command:

```
#cd /opt/exalytics/asr  
#./bda_mon_hw_asr.pl -set_snmp_subscribers type=asr,host=<IP Address Of ASR  
Manager>,fromip=<IP Address of Exalytics Host>
```

9.8 Enabling Exalytics Machine Assets in My Oracle Support

Complete the following steps to enable Exalytics machine assets:

1. Log in to My Oracle Support (<https://support.oracle.com>).
2. In the My Oracle Support Dashboard, click the **More...** tab. Then select **Settings** from the menu.
3. In the **Settings** pane on the left of the window, select **Assets** (located under the Administrative submenu). For your Support Identifier, select **ASR Status** from the sort filter, then select **Pending** from the **All Statuses** drop-down menu.
4. You can approve a Pending asset in two ways:
 - Activate via Asset Toolbar

Click the asset's serial number to display a toolbar with following options:

- Assign Contact - select this option to assign a contact to the asset. Only users associated with the support identifier can be a contact.
- Change Address - select this option to update the asset's physical location.
- Approve - for assets that are Pending, click **Approve** to enable ASR for the asset.
- Other Actions - you can also perform other actions such as **Activate** (for an inactive asset), **Deactivate** (for an active asset), or **Deny** (for a pending request).
- Activate via Asset Details

At the bottom of the Asset pane, there is a "Show Asset Details" option. Click an asset's serial number and then the **Show Asset Details** to update information about the asset. Required fields for ASR asset activation are indicated by an asterisk (*).

For more information, see the Knowledge Management article ID **1329200.1** on My Oracle Support. To obtain this article on My Oracle Support, complete the following steps:

1. Log in to My Oracle Support (<https://support.oracle.com>).
2. Click the **Knowledge** tab.
3. In the Knowledge Base section, click the **Search & Browse** tab.
4. In the Enter search terms option, enter **1329200.1** and click **Search**. The article "How to activate ASR within My Oracle Support" is displayed.

9.9 Sending Test Alerts

To send test alerts, complete the following:

1. Login to the Exalytics Host as the `root` user.
2. Send Test Alerts for ILOM telemetry by running the following command:

```
#ipmitool sunoem cli "set /SP/alertmgmt/rules/1 testrule=true"
```
3. Send Test Alerts for Exalytics host machine by running the following command:

```
#!/opt/exalytics/asr/bda_mon_hw_asr.pl -validate_snmp_subscriber -type asr
```

You will receive an e-mail notification for the test alerts.

Note:

Oracle highly recommends to send test alerts from the ILOM, and the Exalytics host machine.

9.10 Fault Coverage

For more information, see [Oracle ASR ILOM Fault Coverage](#).

A

Troubleshooting

This appendix provides basic information about troubleshooting your Oracle Business Intelligence Machine.

It contains the following topics:

- [Troubleshooting the Setup](#)
- [Additional Troubleshooting Information](#)
- [Locating the Machine Serial Number](#)

A.1 Troubleshooting the Setup

This section contains information to help you troubleshoot minor machine problems.

If you experience problems while setting up your Oracle Business Intelligence Machine, refer to the troubleshooting information in [Table A-1](#).

Table A-1 Troubleshooting Procedures

Problem	Possible Solution
Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine does not power on when the front panel Power button is pressed.	Keep notes on the following situations in case you need to call service: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Is the Power/OK LED flashing or constantly illuminated on the front of the system? (Ensure that the power cord is connected to the system and to a grounded power receptacle.)• Does the wall outlet have power? Test by plugging in another device.• Does the monitor sync within five minutes after power on? (The green LED on the monitor stops flashing and remains illuminated.)• Has the system fully booted the ILOM SP? (Note that the system will block Power button presses until the ILOM SP is fully booted.)
Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine appears to be in standby power mode, but the Power/OK LED does not blink.	The Power/OK LED only blinks when all Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine components are in standby power mode. A tape drive might be connected to your server. Because tape drives do not enter standby power mode, the Power/OK LED does not blink.

Table A-1 (Cont.) Troubleshooting Procedures

Problem	Possible Solution
Hung or frozen server: No response from mouse or keyboard or any application.	<p>Try to access your system from a different machine on the network:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. On another system, type: <code>ping IP_address_of_server</code>. 2. If a response is returned, then try logging in to the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine using either <code>telnet</code>, <code>ssh</code>, or <code>rlogin</code>. 3. If you successfully log in, list the running processes using the <code>ps</code> command. 4. Kill any processes that appear unresponsive or should not be running, by using the <code>kill process_ID</code> command. 5. Check the responsiveness of the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine after each process is killed. <p>If the this procedure does not work, power cycle the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Press the Power/OK button to power off the Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine and wait 20 to 30 seconds. 2. Press the Power/OK button again to power on the system.

A.2 Additional Troubleshooting Information

For additional troubleshooting information, see the *Sun Fire X4470 M2 Server Service Manual* (821-0703) and the *Oracle x86 Servers Diagnostics Guide* (820-6750).

A.3 Locating the Machine Serial Number

You might need to have the serial number of your Oracle Business Intelligence Machine when you ask for service on your system. Record this number for future use. Use one of the following methods to locate your machine's serial number:

- On the front panel of the Oracle Business Intelligence Machine, look at the bottom ledge (near the center) to locate the machine's serial number. For an illustration of the Oracle Business Intelligence Machine front panel, see [Front Panel Features](#).
- Locate the yellow Customer Information Sheet (CIS) attached to your Oracle Business Intelligence Machine packaging. This sheet includes the serial number.
- From ILOM, enter the `show/SYS` command, or go to the **System Information** tab in the ILOM browser interface.

Use [Table A-2](#) to collect information that you might need to communicate with Oracle support personnel.

Table A-2 System Information Required for Support

System Configuration Information Required	Your Information
Service contract number	
System model	
Operating environment	
System serial number	
Peripherals attached to the system	
Email address and phone number for you and a secondary contact	
Street address where the system is located	
Administrator password	
Summary of the problem and the work being done when the problem occurred	
Other useful information	
IP address	
Oracle Exalytics In-Memory Machine name (system host name)	
Network or internet domain name	
Proxy server configuration	

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