7. Function ID Glossary

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1. Preface

1.1 Introduction

This user manual is designed to help you quickly get acquainted with the many functions routinely executed everyday in Oracle FLEXCUBE.

You can obtain information specific to a particular field by placing the cursor on the relevant field, and striking <F1> on the keyboard.

1.2 Audience

This manual is intended for the following User/User Roles:

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1.3 Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc.

1.4 Organization

This manual is organized into the following chapters:

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<td>Chapter 2</td>
<td><em>Automated End of Cycle Operations</em> provides a snapshot of the functions run routinely everyday as part of the end of cycle (EOC) process.</td>
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<td><em>Viewing Unauthorized Maintenances, Functions and Transactions</em> gives the list of unauthorized records that can be viewed.</td>
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<td><em>End of Previous Day</em> details the various batches run during end of previous day.</td>
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1.5 Related Documents

- The Settlements User Manual
- The Core Services User Manual
- The Procedures User Manual

1.6 Glossary of Icons

This User Manual may refer to all or some of the following icons.

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<td>Option List</td>
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2. Automated End of Cycle Operations

You have to execute many functions routinely everyday as part of the end of cycle (EOC) process. Moreover, these functions should be run at various stages of the EOC process. The Automated End of Day (AEOD) feature eliminates manual intervention during the End of Day process, by automating the execution of these functions.

AEOD ensures that once the End of Cycle processing is started off, each function that should be run in the sequence that you specify will be executed automatically. However, if there are any problems in running the function you can intervene at any point to take manual control.

Certain functions would require some inputs (called run-time inputs) before they are executed. You can automate the process of giving these inputs also.

The AEOD process should be defined and executed separately for different branches of your bank. When the process is running, you could choose to monitor it from a central location, perhaps your data center.

This chapter contains the following sections:
- Section 2.1, "Specifying Data Values for EOD Functions"
- Section 2.2, "Maintaining End of Cycle Groups"
- Section 2.3, "Mandatory Batch Program Maintenance"

2.1 Specifying Data Values for EOD Functions

Some EOD functions may require inputs for their successful execution, such as data values. For this, you can specify the required data value in the Batch EOD Function Input screen.

You can invoke the 'Batch EOD Function Input' screen by typing 'BADEODFE' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Select the EOC group to which the function is associated, for which you wish to specify values. You must also select the branch and the corresponding function identification that would be executed as part of marking the selected EOC state. The parameters for which the
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system expects a data value are displayed in the Parameter column. You can specify the required data value in the Value field.

Report Orientation
Specify the orientation, i.e. Landscape or Portrait. If you do not wish to specify it, select Not Applicable.

2.2 Maintaining End of Cycle Groups

In Oracle FLEXCUBE, you can trigger EOC process from any branch for all the branches of the bank. To simplify the process of selection of branches, you may group them into several EOC groups. Such grouping can be based on the time zones, holiday calendar, time at which the branches close the operations of a day or such similar common features.

You can invoke the ‘End of Cycle Groups’ screen by typing ‘AEDECGRU’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

To maintain an End of Cycle group, specify the following details:

Group Code
Enter a unique code for the EOC group that you wish to create. This group can later be identified by the group code specified.

Group Description
Enter a description that describes the nature of the group.

End of Previous Day Group
Check this box to run the EOC group for End of Previous Day.

End of Previous Day group processes Mark End of Previous Day and Post End of Previous Day stages (POSTEOPD_1, POSTEOPD_2, POSTEOPD_3) excluding other stages like TI, FI, EOD and BOD.

If there are 200 EOC branches divided into 20 EOC branches, then each will occupy 20 CPUs in EOPD Stage. Thus EOPD stage is run parallel to the TI stage and all CPU are occupied by EOPD process which will slow down the TI processes. Hence EOPD group is run for EOPD
Process to have 200 EOC branches divided into 5 EOC groups to improve performance. This in turn occupies less CPU for EOPD Process. EOC Group for EOPD will start after normal EOD Cycle.

**Branches**
Select the branches to be grouped. Select ‘Add’ from the Actions menu in the Application tool bar or click add icon to add more rows to the list of branches. Specify the branch code of each branch to be grouped. The system displays the name of the branch against each code specified.

At times, you may wish to remove a branch from the list of branches. To remove a branch, check the box against the branch code and Select ‘Delete’ from the Actions menu in the Application tool bar or click delete icon.

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**Note**
One branch can be linked to one normal group code and one EOPD group code.

### 2.3 Mandatory Batch Program Maintenance

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 2.3.1, "Defining Functions to be Run Automatically"
- Section 2.3.2, "Picking up Function to be Part of AEOD"
- Section 2.3.3, "Specifying EOC Group"
- Section 2.3.4, "Specifying Frequency at which Function Should be Run"
- Section 2.3.5, "Indicating Execution Layer"

#### 2.3.1 Defining Functions to be Run Automatically

Through the Mandatory Batch Program Maintenance screen, you can indicate the functions that should be automatically triggered as part of automatic End of Cycle. You can invoke the
2.3.2 Picking up Function to be Part of AEOD

You should choose the automated process that should be run as part of AEOD and define attributes for it.

2.3.3 Specifying EOC Group

While defining a function in the AEOD Maintenance table, you should also indicate the stage at which it should be run. The end of cycle processing has different stages. They are as follows:

- Transaction Input
- End of Transaction Input (EOTI)
- End of Financial Input (EOFI)
- End of Day (EOD)
- Beginning of Day (BOD)
- End of Previous Day (EOPD)

EOTI indicates End of all Transaction Inputs, during which all transaction inputs are completed and the batch should be run before EOFI. EOFI indicates End of Financial Input, during which all accounting transactions are completed and the batch should be run before
EOD. EOD indicates End of Day, during which all activities for that day are completed and the batch should be run before BOD. BOD indicates Beginning of the Day, during which the transactions are Input. EOPD indicates End of Previous Day, during which all the EOD process that are deferred to the next day are processed.

The Beginning of Day (BOD)
This is the stage after the system date has been changed and authorized, and before the transaction input for the day can begin.

At this stage, the system is expecting certain functions to be executed. For example, automatic liquidation of interest or commission scheduled for the day.

The execution of these functions during this stage ensures that all the debits and credits to a customer account that are triggered automatically are done and the balances updated. Thus, when the customers of your bank walk in to execute transactions during the day, your records will reflect the latest balance.

The End of Previous Day (EOPD)
This stage after BOD processes all the non critical process such as GL statement generation, archival, purging that are deferred to next day during an EOD process.

For more details on End of Previous Day process, refer chapter End of Previous Day in this user manual.

The End of Transaction Input (EOTI)
This stage indicates that all the transactions for the day have been input and authorized. Thus, the automated processes that involve transaction input during the day have to be executed (periodic accruals, any automatic interest or commission liquidation triggered by transactions that were input during the day, etc.) when the system is in the EOTI stage.

The End of Financial Input (EOFI)
This stage indicates that no further accounting entries can be passed for the day either through transactions or by automated processes.

The End of Day (EOD)
This stage indicates that all the activities for the day are complete. Further activities can be done on the system only after the system date has been changed to the next working day and authorized.

Typically, most of the automated functions will be a part of the Beginning of Day operations. Thereafter, some of them (say accruals, for example) should be executed when the system is in the EOTI stage. Some of the functions run during Beginning of Day should be repeated during EOTI stage so that any automated liquidation triggered by transactions input during the day will be processed.

Sub Stage
Specify a valid sub stage number to run a batch ensuring inter branch dependency from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays numbers from 1–3.

The following sub stages are available for different EOC stages:

- Post End of Transaction Input
  - Post End of Transaction Input 1
  - Post End of Transaction Input 2
  - Post End of Transaction Input 3
- Post End of Financial Input
For example, if you need to run a batch at head office, after running the batch at all the reporting branches, then the batch run at HO is maintained at Sub Stage 3 and the batch run at reporting branches is maintained at 1 or 2, so that the system runs Stage 3 after successfully completing Stage 2 in all branches. EOD run mode is maintained as ‘Parallel’.

### 2.3.4 Specifying Frequency at which Function Should be Run

Certain functions performed at your bank will have to be run daily, while some others may need to be executed at other periodic frequencies. Specify the functions that should be run at AEOD and select the frequency with which it should be run from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Daily
- Month-end
- Quarter-end
- Half-year-end
- Year end
- Nth day of the month
- N days before end of month
- Specific date
- Weekly

Typically, repayments due to loans or deposits, liquidation of commissions due to an LC, etc. would be functions that you should execute daily since such transactions may happen on any day, depending on the liquidation date specified for the individual contracts.

If you select the frequency options ‘Nth day of the month’ or ‘N days before month-end’, you should specify the exact date in the ‘Run Date’ field or the number of days before which the function should be run in the ‘Number of days’ field respectively.

It is a known fact that month-ends are usually a period of hectic activity for bankers. Hence, you might want to postpone certain activities to a later date, so that you can spread the load evenly.
For instance, you might want to run the liquidation of interest on current and savings accounts to the fifth day of every month. While defining the IC liquidation function, you can specify the frequency as ‘$N^{th}$ day of the month’ and specify the number of days as five. The liquidation function will be executed on the fifth, but the processing will be done as of the end of the previous month.

Similarly, you can opt to execute a function a few days before the month-end. To do this, specify the frequency level as N days before end of month. Specify the number of days before which the function should be executed.

If you have defined the frequency as Specific date, you should enter the date on which the particular function has to be executed.

### 2.3.5 Indicating Execution Layer

BIP reports can be automatically generated using the job scheduler. Indicate the following details:

**Execution Layer**
Choose ‘Application’ as the execution layer.

**Job Code**
Specify a job code that needs to be run to process the job scheduler operations.

**Job description**
This is displayed based on the job code specified.
3. Viewing Unauthorized Maintenances, Functions and Transactions

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Section 3.1, "Viewing Unauthorized Maintenances"
- Section 3.2, "Viewing Unauthorized Transactions"
- Section 3.3, "Viewing Branch EOC Stages"
- Section 3.4, "Viewing Branch Pending Functions"
- Section 3.5, "Reverse EOD Balancing"

3.1 Viewing Unauthorized Maintenances

All the transactions and maintenance records processed during the day should be authorized before End of Day operations can begin. Authorizers in the various departments should authorize transactions before handing over the system to the data center for End of Day processing.

In Oracle FLEXCUBE, you can get a list of unauthorized transactions and records at any point in time. This information enables the authorizers to easily find out which transactions or records are unauthorized.

You can view the maintenance that are yet to be authorized through the View Unauthorized Maintenance option.

You can invoke the ‘Pending Maintenances’ screen by typing ‘STSVWPEN’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

In the above screen, you can base your queries on any or all of the following parameters and fetch records:

- Product ID
- Description
Select any or all of the above parameters for a query and click ‘Search’ button. The records meeting the selected criteria are displayed.

System displays the all the pending maintenance pertaining to this branch:

- Function iD
- Language Code
- Description

3.2 Viewing Unauthorized Transactions

You can view the details of the all the unauthorized transactions from the Pending Transactions screen. You can invoke the ‘Pending Transactions’ screen by typing ‘EISVWPNT’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Through this screen you can view details of the:

- Messages that are yet to be generated
- Transactions that are yet to be authorized

In the above screen, you can base your queries on any or all of the following parameters and fetch records:

- Branch
- Module
- Reference Number
- Events
- ID

Select any or all of the above parameters for a query and click ‘Search’ button. The records meeting the selected criteria are displayed.

System displays the following details pertaining to the fetched records:
3.3 Viewing Branch EOC Stages

You can view the current status of EOC of a branch using 'EOC Monitor' screen. You can invoke the 'EOC Monitor' screen by typing ‘AEDBRMTR’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application toolbar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

You can view the status of branch wise EOC here.

**Branch Code**
Select the branch code from the option list for which you want to view the EOC status. Based on the branch you selected branch name gets displayed.

When you click ‘Go’ button the records matching the specified branch are displayed. For each record fetched by the system based on your query criteria, the following details are displayed:

- Message
- EOC Status
- Branch Date
- Sequence
3.4 Viewing Branch Pending Functions

You can view the pending functions of a branch using ‘Pending Functions’ screen. You can invoke the ‘Pending Functions’ screen by typing ‘EISWPPGM’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

In the above screen, you can base your queries on any or all of the following parameters and fetch records:

- Branch
- Module
- Function Identification
- Status
- Function Name

Select any or all of the above parameters for a query and click ‘Search’ button. The records meeting the selected criteria are displayed.

System displays the following details pertaining to the fetched records:

- Branch
- Module
- Function Identification
- Status
- Function Name
3.5 **Reverse EOD Balancing**

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 3.5.1, "Reversing Automatic EOD Suspense Entry"
- Section 3.5.2, "Viewing Reverse EOD Balancing Summary Details"

3.5.1 **Reversing Automatic EOD Suspense Entry**

The reversal of the Automatic EOD suspense entry can be done using the ‘Reverse EOD Balancing’ screen.

To invoke this screen type ‘EIDREVRS’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and click the adjoining arrow button.

Specify the following details:

**Branch Code**
Specify the Branch code.

**Branch Name**
Specify the name of the Branch.

**Suspense Reference Number**
Specify the suspense reference number.

**Suspense Entry Date**
Specify the suspense entry date.

**Suspense Entry Details**
Specify the following suspense entry details:
General Ledger No
Specify general ledger number.

D/C
Select the appropriate option to indicate whether debit or credit from the drop-down list. You have the following options:
- Debit
- Credit

Local Currency
Specify the local currency.

Real/Contingent
Select the appropriate option to indicate whether real or contingent from the drop-down list. You have the following options:
- Real
- Contingent

Amount
Specify the amount in figures.

Batch Number
Specify the batch number.

End of Input Status
Select the end of input status from the drop-down list. You have the following options:
- End of Transaction Input
- End of Financial Input

Transaction Code
Specify transaction code.

Reversal Details
Specify the following reversal entry details:

Reverse Reference Number
Specify the reverse reference number.

Reversal Date
Specify the reversal date.
3.5.2 Viewing Reverse EOD Balancing Summary Details

You can reverse the entries which have been posted as part of Balancing during the Batch using ‘Reverse EOD Balancing Summary’ screen. To invoke this screen type ‘EISREVRS’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and click the adjoining arrow button.

In the above screen, you can base your queries on any or all of the following parameters and fetch records:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Branch Code
- Suspense Entry Date
- Suspense Reference
- Reversal Reference
- Reversal Date

Select any or all of the above parameters for a query and click ‘Search’ button. The records meeting the selected criteria are displayed.

System displays the following details pertaining to the fetched records:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Branch Code
- Suspense Entry Date
- Suspense Reference
- Reversal Reference
- Reversal Date

3.6 EOTI/EOFI Stages of Batch Processing

The validations and processes that take place during EOTI and EOFI processing of the EOD batch are covered in this section.
This section contains the following topics:

- Section 3.6.1, "Generation of Automatic Suspense Entry"
- Section 3.6.2, "Suspense Entry Reversal Check"

3.6.1 Generation of Automatic Suspense Entry

While running EOD at EOTI and EOFI stages system checks if the Suspense Entry Required is ‘Y’ at the Branch level. If it is ‘N’ further it checks if there is any mismatch between the sum of balances of Real/Contingent Credit/Debit values then system will display an error message and EOD is stopped. If Suspense Entry Required is ‘Y’ then it proceeds with the Automatic Suspense entry sub process.

In this process all the authorized accounting entries for the branch for the current processing day will be browsed. There is a check made to find if mismatch exists upon sum of the real dr/real Credit entry or in the contingent dr/contingent Credit entry.

If there is a mismatch in the real Debit and real Credit entries, then the difference amount is calculated and if the Debit Amount is greater than the Credit Amount then a Credit Entry for the difference Amount is posted into the Real Suspense GL maintained at the Branch Level. Else if the Credit Amount is greater than the Debit Amount then a Debit Entry for the difference Amount is posted into the Real Suspense GL maintained at the Branch Level, where the Transaction Code is the Suspense Transaction Code maintained at the Branch Level. Similarly, the Suspense Entry is posted for the Contingent suspense GL when there is a mismatch in the contingent Debit and contingent Credit entries.

An equivalent entry gets posted with Suspense transaction code and Suspense Batch number maintained at Branch level. A new Transaction reference number is created to post the entries.

In order to check the entries posted by system to overcome the misbalances during EOTI stage, you can check in Reverse Entry EOD screen for a given date. The Branch, Branch Date, Real contingent, Branch status, Batch No, Amount, Currency, Suspense Entry Reference No, Reversal Entry ref no and a few other Suspense Entry details are stored into the database.

3.6.2 Suspense Entry Reversal Check

In this process, the system browses through the details of the Suspense entries posted for the records which have not been reversed for the records whose branch date is greater than or equal to (Current date - Reverse Suspense entry days maintained at branch level). If reverse entries are not posted for any of those records then the system will display the error message as “Suspense Entries not reversed for the Branch” at EOTI and EOFI stages of EOD and EOD is stopped.

You have to post the reversal entries using the ‘Reverse EOD Balancing’ screen and continue with the EOD.

You can get the automatic suspense entry records and do the reversal on the same. You are allowed to perform New, F7 and F8 operations on this screen. You can query record for a particular branch and date and Suspense reference number. The reversal of the entries can be done by using Reverse Button. System posts equivalent negative entries for the amount and currency and generates a unique reversal suspense entry.
4. End of Previous Day

You can defer an EOD process to the next day and process it on the following day during transaction input as previous day batch. This End of Previous Day (EOPD) batch is run after the transaction input stage and the non critical processes like GL statement generation, archival, purging that are done during EOD can be moved to EOPD stage.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Section 4.1, "Processing End of Previous Day"
- Section 4.2, "Deferred EOD Process"

4.1 Processing End of Previous Day

End of Previous Day is run as MARKEOPD stage after the Transaction Input stage until the next EOTI process. The batch for archival processes starts after the End of Previous Day and the End of Transaction Input starts for the next day only once EOPD is completed. There are several batches run during EOPD. These batches will be run after the date change. All the period codes and financial codes will be based on the EOD processing date.

During the MARKEOPD batch, the system processes GL Balance Consolidation, Archiving Accounting Entries and GL Statement Generation.

The following are the batches run during EOPD:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Batch</th>
<th>Function of the Batch</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACARCHIV</td>
<td>Clearing all Error Log, Unmarking dormancy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COARCHIV</td>
<td>Archival of Customer Available scheme Details for Relationship Pricing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEARCHIV</td>
<td>Updates/Inserts Data Entry dispenser balance and deleting DE Logs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ELARCHIV</td>
<td>Archival of ELCM Facility Utilization Transaction log and Facility utilization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FTPURBAT</td>
<td>Daily purge for FT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GIARCHIV</td>
<td>Archival of GI upload and file log tables</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GLPURBAT</td>
<td>Purging work tables of GL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GWARCHIV</td>
<td>Archives Gateway tables</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICPURBAT</td>
<td>Purging Of IC accrual history</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IFPURBAT</td>
<td>Purge history of Branch re-consolidation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSARCHIV</td>
<td>Archival of Messages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RTLARCHV</td>
<td>Archival of Retail Teller Transactions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMARCHIV</td>
<td>Archival of SMS Log</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STARCHIV</td>
<td>Archival record log, field log and notification tables</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following deferred EOD processes are handled in the batch run during MARKEOPD stage:

- Archiving accounting entries to history table
- Updating the document check list as expired where the expiry dates are less than or equal to current posting date -1. Expiry date can be passed as the previous working date of the branch.
- Closing all the tax limit data where the end date is less than the current posting date -1.
- Updates/insert the FCTD statistics.
- Updates /Inserts average balance statistics for the specific period code and financial cycle.
- Job submit doing IC EOFI activities
  - Generates Credit/ Debit IC Advice (Liquidated)
  - Generates IC Debit Interest Notice
  - Generates IC charge Notice
  - Logging failures of the job
- If LD Statement features (LDSTMT) installed, then the LD statement is generated.
- Generation of consolidated tax certificates, if consolidated tax certificate parameter is set at branch level.
- Generation of GL and Account Statement generations based on the GLSTHAND features maintained flags.
- Generation of IRA statement based on the IRASTMT features maintained.
- Statement handoff for securities.

### Deferred Archival Process

The deferred archival process from the EOD stage are run during POSTEOPD_1, POSTEOPD_2, POSTEOPD_3 stages. You can configure this in the Mandatory Batch Program Maintenance. The following are the deferred archival process from EOD handled in EOPD:

- Archives customer available scheme details for Relationship Pricing
- Archives Facility Utilization
- Archives IC Statement
- Archives SMS Log
- Archives ELCM Facility Utilization Transaction log
- Archives Gateway Messages (Request and Response)
- Clearing all Error Log
- Updates/Inserts Data Entry dispenser balance and deleting DE Logs
- Messages Archival
- Authorization Messages Archival
- Swift Messages Archival
- Archives Retail Teller Transactions
- Purging Of IC accrual history
- Purging Log Record log and field log details
- Daily purge for FT
- Purging work tables of GL
- Moving of referral queue items to history tables for the specified branch
- If web branch installed purge history of Branch re-consolidation

The archival process is based on ‘ARCHIVE_RETAIN_DAYS’ parameter maintained in CSTB_PARAM table.

4.2 Deferred EOD Process

The below flowchart indicates the EOD process in the system.

The EOPD is run parallel to the Transaction Input. The next day Mark EOTI is allowed only when the EOPD stage is completed. You cannot mark end of transaction input if the automatic end of day status of EOPD is ‘N’.
5. End of Cycle Operations

The End of Cycle operations consist of several stages. In this chapter we shall discuss in
details the various stages that are a part of the cycle. The various stages in this cycle have
been diagrammatically represented below:

The list of mandatory functions that should be run as part of BOD, for each module of Oracle
FLEXCUBE has been listed in Annexure A of this user manual.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Section 5.1, "Starting End of Cycle Process"
- Section 5.2, "Changing System Date"

5.1 Starting End of Cycle Process

To start the End of Cycle process, choose End of Cycle and the Start EOC option under it.

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 5.1.1, "Processing End of Cycle Operations"
- Section 5.1.2, "Verifying EOC Process"
- Section 5.1.3, "Dropping End of Transaction Input"
5.1.1 Processing End of Cycle Operations

You can invoke the ‘End of Cycle Operations’ screen by typing ‘AEDSTART’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

In order to initiate EOC operations, specify the following details:

**EOC Reference**
On clicking ‘Submit’ button, the system generates a unique EOC reference number.

**Target Stage**
As part of EOC operations, the system will process each selected branch from its current stage to the target stage. Select the target stage for all the branches from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following stages:

- **Mark End of Transaction Input**
  - Post End of Transaction Input 1
  - Post End of Transaction Input 2
  - Post End of Transaction Input 3

- **Mark End of Financial Input**
  - Post End of Financial Input 1
  - Post End of Financial Input 2
  - Post End of Financial Input 3

- **Mark End of Day**
  - Post End of End of Day 1
  - Post End of End of Day 2
  - Post End of End of Day 3

- **Mark Beginning of Day**
  - Post End of Beginning of Day 1
  - Post End of Beginning of Day 2
  - Post End of Beginning of Day 3
• Mark Transaction Input
• Mark End of Previous Day
  – Post End of Previous Day 1
  – Post End of Previous Day 2
  – Post End of Previous Day 3

You can select the appropriate one. The system defaults this as the target stage for all branches. However, you can modify the same for each branch.

In End of Cycle Operation, if EOC group code with End of Previous Day is selected, then the system validates the following on SUBMIT action:

• For the current stage or target stage fields, if the stages other than MARKEOPD or POSTEOPD_1, 2, 3 are selected, then the system displays an error message.
• For any branches in the group, if the EOD process is not completed till TI the system displays appropriate error message.

The EOC Group for EOPD starts after EOD Cycle. EOPD group continues to run Mark End of Previous Day (MARK EOPD) and Post End of Previous Day Stages (POSTEOPD_1, POSTEOPD_2, POSTEOPD_3). This EOPD Group can be optional. The system supports if you prefer to run normal group. Normal Group runs from Mark End Of Transaction Input to Post End of Previous Day 3 (POSTEOPD_3).

Run Mode
Indicate the mode in which the EOC operation should take place. The system allows you to select any one of the following run modes:

• Serial – The system processes EOC in a serial mode taking branch after branch. In this mode, even if the process fails for a particular branch, the system moves on to the next branch and proceeds.
• Parallel – The system processes EOC stage wise, for all selected branches. At any stage if it fails, the system will not be able to run it for any of the remaining branches.

For example, consider an EOC operation for two branches, Branch A and Branch B from the stage ‘Set Time Level to 9’ to the stage ‘End of Financial Input’. The system initially processes both branches to the stage ‘End of Transaction Input’ at once. It goes on till the final stage. However, in the meantime, if any branch fails to process, the system stops the EOC operations for both the branches together.

EOC Type
Select a valid EOC operation type you need from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following options:

• Multi Thread – If you select this option, the system runs EOD based on the scheduler framework. Oracle FLEXCUBE prepares EOD run charts for the selected branches and submits synchronous request to the Database to run EOD. Scheduler framework then picks-up these branches and runs EOD. Hence Multi Thread is also referred as ‘Scheduler’ type. A Scheduler Framework is available to process EOD batch.
  – Branch Scheduler – It polls branches submitted for EOD in scheduler mode and triggers the EOD process. Before triggering the EOD process for a particular branch, the scheduler validates its feasibility for processing EOD. If EOD Running Mode is maintained as ‘Parallel’, then it checks for the movement of the branch to the next stage, because all the branches are synchronously moved across stages. Scheduler also keeps track of number of sessions for the current EOC.
• Single Thread – If you select this option, the system runs the entire EOD process in single session, for all branches. After submitting EOD, Oracle FLEXCUBE submits an asynchronous request to the Database to run EOD.
5.1.1 Maximum Threads
Specify maximum number of sessions you need to maintain, if you have selected ‘Multi Thread’ as ‘EOC Type’.

5.1.1.1 Selecting Branches for EOC Operations

Under EOC Branch Groups, the system displays the list all EOC branch groups that you have maintained. You can select one or more branch groups to proceed with EOC operations. Use the checkbox adjacent to each group to select it. Check against ‘ALL’ to indicate that the EOC has to be run for all the branches together.

Once you have selected the branch groups, click ‘Populate’ button. Under EOC Branches, the system displays all branches grouped under the selected branch groups.

Note
The system does not display the branches for which EOC is already running.

You can add more branches to the list of branches displayed. Click add icon to add more rows to the list. Specify a valid branch code to set the target stage. This adjoining option list displays all valid branch codes maintained in the system. However, the option list will not display the branches for which EOC is already running.

To remove a branch from the list, check the box adjacent to the branch code and Click delete icon.

Once you have specified all the details, click ‘Submit’ button. The system proceeds with the EOC process in Asynchronous mode after necessary validations.

You can use the ‘Reset’ button to clear the list of branches. Further, you need to select the branch groups and individual branches again to proceed with EOC operation.

5.1.2 Verifying EOC Process

In Oracle FLEXCUBE, you can verify the status of EOC that you have submitted. The EOC Monitor screen displays the status of EOC process across branches. You can invoke the ‘EOC Monitor’ screen by typing ‘AESBRMTR’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screen is as shown below:
Branch Code
You can filter your search by branch code. Select the branch code from the option list to view
the status of the EOC processes for that branch.

EOC Reference Number
You can filter your search by the reference number of the EOC operation. Select the reference
number from the option list to view the status of the EOC processes.

You will notice four buttons arrayed on the screen. The functions that each of these buttons
performs are detailed below:

Search
For the specified criteria, on clicking ‘Search’ button, the system fetches the records.

Reset
Use this button to reset the search criteria.

Advanced Search
You can perform an advanced search defining more filter criteria.

Go to Page
Based on the number of records displayed per page, the system will fetch them on multiple
pages. Enter the page number and use this button to navigate to that page.

On this screen, you can search for the EOC processes that are currently running. Specify the
branch code or the EOC Reference number and click ‘Search’ button. Based on the filters that
you have set, the system displays the details of the EOC processes.

You can drill down to view the detailed information on a specific EOC process. Double click
on the required row to view the details.

The system displays the following details under EOC Runchart:
- Branch Date
- Sequence
- EOC Stage
- Stage Status
- Reference Number
- Session

You can select a particular stage to see the status of the batches configured for that stage.
The system displays the following details pertaining to the selected batch:
- EOC batch
- Batch status, i.e. pending, completed or aborted
- The EOC reference number
- Error code, in case the process is aborted

If you find a batch in aborted status, you may process the batch again using ‘Rerun Batch’
button.

5.1.3 Dropping End of Transaction Input
You may stop a running AEOD batch within the current branch using ‘End of Cycle
Operations’ screen. You can invoke the ‘End of Cycle Operations’ screen by typing
'EIDUEOTI' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screen is as shown below:

The system displays the following details on this screen:

- Branch code of the current branch
- Branch name
- End of Input

You can stop an AEOD process by clicking 'Drop End of Txn Input' button on the screen. The system seeks a confirmation for going ahead with dropping. Once you confirm it, the system updates the status of the process as 'End of Transaction Input'.

5.1.3.1 Stopping EOC for Running Branches

You can stop running EOC processes for specific branches using ‘End of Cycle’ screen. You can invoke the ‘End of Cycle’ screen by typing ‘AEDSTOP’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.
The screen is as shown below:

The system displays the running branches on this screen. Check the box under ‘Stop’, against the branches for which you wish to stop the process. Click ‘Stop’ button to stop the process for the selected branches.

5.1.3.2 Various Stages of EOC Process

End of Transaction input (EOTI)
The End of Transaction input (EOTI) stage is the first stage in EOD operations. The system should be moved to this status after all the transactions for the day have been entered into the system. In addition, all the transactions should be authorized and the relevant messages generated.

Note
Please note that while it is not mandatory for all the messages to be generated on the same day as transaction input, it is ideally done that way. In an exceptional situation, you can go ahead with the End of Day processes without generating a message. This message will remain in the ungenerated status in the Outgoing Message Browser and can be generated on any other day. An ungenerated message will not be archived.

You will not be allowed to mark EOTI under the following circumstances:

- When a message is in an unprocessed state

Note
When a reply to the message sent has either not been received or arrived at by the system.

- The above validations are applicable for RTGS messages only.
- When transactions that have been input are yet to be authorized
- When the debit and credit totals for the day do not match for some reason
Under such circumstances, you should examine the transaction(s), which have resulted in the imbalance (with the help of the Transaction Journal) and take the necessary action. The action could be in the posting an extra entry, or moving an entry from one account to another, etc.

After you have moved the system to this status, you will neither be allowed to enter further transactions into the system nor will you be allowed to perform any maintenance functions. All the relevant toolbar actions will also be disabled. However, you can perform queries on the system.

You can run only those automated functions that have been defined for this stage of End of Day processing.

**End of Financial Input (EOFI)**

At this stage no further accounting entries can be passed for the day either through transactions that you have entered or by transactions that are automatically triggered by the system.

After you have moved the system to this status you can generate financial reports for the day now since all the automatic processes have been run for the day and since the balances available will be the latest.

After EOFI is marked, you can generate all advice related messages like reports, tracers and all other information on the day’s activities.

**End of Day**

The EOD process is designed to tie up all the operations for a financial day and prepare the system for the next day.

The End of Day operations for a branch can begin after all the transactions for the day have been input and authorized. Ideally, all the messages for the day should also be generated before the End of Day operations begin. A message should be carried over to a subsequent day only under exceptional conditions.

The End of Day status indicates that you have completed all the activities for the day. After EOD for a branch is run, the system will not allow you to run any other operation in the branch, till the system date has been changed to the next working day, and authorized. If you try to run any application, you will be prompted to change the system date first.

### 5.2 Changing System Date

The first task for a business day is to change the system date to the current working date. This date will be used by the system for all purposes that are associated with a date: automatic processes scheduled for the day, the date/time stamp for the activities that take place during the day, and so on.

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 5.2.1, "Viewing System Date"
5.2.1 Viewing System Date

You can view details of the system date in the system dates table. You can invoke the ‘System Dates Maintenance’ screen by typing ‘STDDATES’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The default date will be displayed in the screen. For instance, on the first working date 1st of January, 1998; the system dates will be updated to read as follows:

Today's date = 01 January 1998

Previous working date = 31 December 1997

Next working date = 02 January 1998

Today’s date is defaulted from Next working date of the old record. Previous working date is defaulted from today’s date of the old record. The Next working date is picked up from the Local branch holiday calendar as maintained for your branch.

The only time you add a record in the system dates table is when Oracle FLEXCUBE is first installed in your branch. Subsequently, the dates will be updated by EOD operations. Click ‘Exit’ button to exit the screen. You will be returned to the Application Browser.
6. Annexure A - List of End of Cycle Functions

This chapter contains the following topics:
- Section 6.1, "Mandatory Functions of EOC Cycle"
- Section 6.2, "Account Revaluation Batch"

6.1 Mandatory Functions of EOC Cycle

This Annexure contains details of all the mandatory functions that should mandatorily run as part of the different stages of the EOC cycle.

This section contains the following topics:
- Section 6.1.1, "Beginning of Day (BOD) Functions for all Modules"
- Section 6.1.2, "End of Day (EOD) Functions for all Modules"
- Section 6.1.3, "Pre-End of Day Functions for all Modules"

The contents of this Annexure are organized on the basis of the module to which the function belongs.

6.1.1 Beginning of Day (BOD) Functions for all Modules

The mandatory functions for BOD are marked with a Yes under the Mandatory Column.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SMS</td>
<td>Change time</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Core</td>
<td>Posting of tank</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CASA</td>
<td>Group Status Change</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE</td>
<td>Till opening</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DE</td>
<td>Cash movement function</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FT</td>
<td>Autoint</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FT</td>
<td>FT exception report</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FT</td>
<td>Contract release processed by FT rate update function</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD</td>
<td>Auto- daily</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD</td>
<td>Auto- initiation</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD</td>
<td>Auto- liquidation</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>MM activation of forward contracts</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>MM auto- liquidation of contracts</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>MM auto- liquidation of interests</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>MM auto- rollover execution</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 6.1.2 End of Day (EOD) Functions for all Modules

The mandatory functions for EOD are marked with a Yes under the Mandatory Column.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>MM maturity report</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>MM exception report</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BC</td>
<td>Accruals</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BC</td>
<td>AutoLiq</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BC</td>
<td>Auto-change of Acceptance to Advance</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BC</td>
<td>Auto-status control</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BC</td>
<td>Floating rate change</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BC</td>
<td>Tracer generation</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC</td>
<td>LCEOD</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SI</td>
<td>Sweeps</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AEOD</td>
<td>Refinance rates</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AEOD</td>
<td>Currency rates</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AEOD</td>
<td>Forward rates</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AEOD</td>
<td>Discount rates</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS</td>
<td>Log of events</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SMS</td>
<td>Security violations report</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Core</td>
<td>Financial balancing</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Core</td>
<td>Date change</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Core</td>
<td>Accounting entries history</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Core</td>
<td>Currency position update</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Core</td>
<td>Auto-revaluation</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Core</td>
<td>Account statement</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Core</td>
<td>Brokerage liquidation</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Core</td>
<td>Brokerage liquidation report</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Core</td>
<td>Limits updation</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CASA</td>
<td>Group Status Change</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CASA</td>
<td>Liquidating PDC Linked Schedules</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Daily cash movement function</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>------------------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Daily cash movement report</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Batch totals report</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Transaction journal</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Daily teller transaction report</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Till balancing exception report</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Till closing position (history)</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CASA</td>
<td>Amount block</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CASA</td>
<td>Stop payment</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FT activity journal</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FT contract report</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FX contract revaluation</td>
<td>Daily, Monthly</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FX contract auto liquidation</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FX auto- rollover</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FX settlement message generation</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FX fetch unauthorized</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FX netting of (settlements amounts)</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FX contracts purge</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>LD</td>
<td>Auto- daily</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD</td>
<td>Auto- interest liquidation</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD</td>
<td>Auto- liquidation</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD</td>
<td>Auto- rollover</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>MM activation forward contracts</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>Auto- liquidation of MM contracts</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>MM auto- liquidation of interests</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>Generation of payment messages, days before actual date</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>MM auto- rollover execution</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>MM interest rate revision</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>MM fetch unauthorized</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>MM maturity report</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 6.1.3 Pre-End of Day Functions for all Modules

The mandatory functions for BOD are marked with a Yes under the Mandatory Column.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>MM daily movement</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>MM exception report</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BC</td>
<td>Accruals</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BC</td>
<td>Auto- liq</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BC</td>
<td>Auto-change of acceptance to advance</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BC</td>
<td>Auto-status control</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC</td>
<td>LCEOD</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC</td>
<td>LC tracer general</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IC</td>
<td>Liquidation</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IC</td>
<td>Interest advices</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IC</td>
<td>Accruals</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SI</td>
<td>SI Batch Process</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GL</td>
<td>GL report</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GL</td>
<td>Cash flow report</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MIS</td>
<td>Product profitability</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MIS</td>
<td>Customer profitability</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MIS</td>
<td>Pool profitability</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MIS</td>
<td>MS clause-wise report</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AEOD</td>
<td>Change time level</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following is the list of pre-EOC functions that have to be executed after EOTI has been marked:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BC</td>
<td>Auto-status control</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6.2 Account Revaluation Batch

As part of EOD batch programs, the system will maintain the account revaluation batch (ACCREVAL). This program will be maintained at EOTI (Pre-EOC) stage of end of day. Revaluation accounting is posted in foreign currency with equivalent of LCY difference.

This batch will do the revaluation separately for Internal GLs, Customer Account Revaluation is maintained for profit and loss GLs in the GL maintenance. For the GL's maintained at the revaluation setup, you need to check the ‘Revaluation’ checkbox at GL chart of accounts level.

This batch will also transfer the foreign currency positions to a designated branch based on the revaluation/ position transfer setup maintained at the branch preferences level.

The system will transfer the position from the existing branch to the treasury branch. If the position is negative in the given GL, then the system will choose the offset account as Position asset GL and if the position is positive in the given GL, then the system will choose the offset account as Position liability GL.

The sequence of the EOD between the designated branch and all other branches are operationally controlled.
### 7. Function ID Glossary

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