

Oracle® Retail Invoice Matching

User Guide

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Preface

The Oracle Retail Invoice Matching User Guide describes the application user interface and how to navigate through it.

Audience

This document is intended for the users and administrators of Oracle Retail Invoice Matching. This may include merchandisers, buyers, and business analysts.

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- Product version and program/module name
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- Detailed step-by-step instructions to re-create
- Exact error message received
- Screen shots of each step you take

Review Patch Documentation

When you install the application for the first time, you install either a base release (for example, 16.0) or a later patch release (for example, 16.0.023). If you are installing the base release and additional patch releases, read the documentation for all releases that have occurred since the base release before you begin installation. Documentation for patch releases can contain critical information related to the base release, as well as information about code changes since the base release.

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Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
<i>italic</i>	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.

Convention	Meaning
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

Invoice Matching Introduction

Oracle Retail Invoice Matching (ReIM) allows you to verify merchandise invoice costs and quantities before payment. ReIM receives invoice data through Electronic Data Interchange (EDI), or data can be entered manually.

An automatic matching process verifies Invoice records against associated receipts. If invoices are matched to receipts within tolerance at a summary level, they are evaluated for best payment terms and posted to a staging table. The staging table interfaces with your accounts payable system, where payments are processed and corresponding accounting entries are posted.

If invoices and receipts are not matched at the summary level after a specified period of time, the auto-matching process attempts to match at the line level within tolerances. If matches are not identified at the line level, the process calculates a cost or quantity discrepancy. Discrepancies are sent to the Discrepancy Review List for resolution. You can resolve discrepancies by applying reason codes based on a set of defined actions (for example, charge-back supplier). The reason codes determine disposition of the discrepancies.

The auto-match process generates discrepancies so that you can begin manual identification of summary and detail level matches. You can resolve line-level discrepancies, and you can also access invoices and receipts.

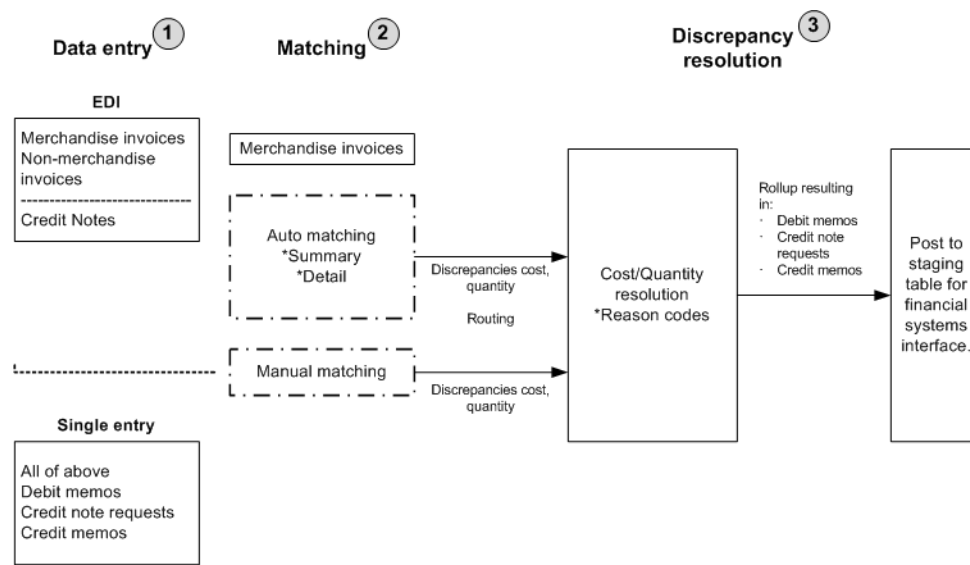
ReIM Process Flow

This section provides a diagram and description of the invoice matching process flow. It also describes the auto-match process through a series of detailed examples. The various levels of auto-matching are explained, including one-to-one invoice matching and line-level matching. The section concludes with a discussion of best terms calculations.

Invoice and Credit Note Matching Process Flow

This section provides a high-level explanation of the process flow in ReIM for each of the following areas:

- Data entry
- Matching
- Discrepancy resolution

Figure 1–1 Invoice and Credit Note Matching Process Flow

Note: Documents drop out of the flow when they require no further processing. For example, if an invoice is matched in Step 2, Matching, the document would not continue to Step 3, Discrepancy Resolution. The document would be posted directly to the financial (AP/GL) staging table after Step 2.

1. Data Entry

There are five ways in which invoices and other documents enter the ReIM system:

■ Electronic Data Interchange (EDI)

Invoices and credit notes uploaded as part of a batch are assigned a common control number, which is retained on the invoice table as a reference. The control number is assigned by the sender of the EDI file. It is displayed on the Invoice Maintenance screen and may be used for client reporting purposes.

As necessary, the EDI load process allows for the uploading of supplier's vendor product number (VPN) when neither the item number nor the UPC has been provided. The VPN and the supplier number, then, are used to look up the Oracle Retail item number. ReIM assumes the VPN is related to the supplier associated with the document. Note that the VPN number is not stored in ReIM; it is used to find the Oracle Retail item number which is then retained and used for processing within ReIM.

The item number lookup within ReIM includes the ability to lookup items by VPN.

EDI allows ReIM to upload the following documents:

– Merchandise Invoices

The bills for goods or services received from a supplier or partner. Merchandise invoices may have both of the following:

Merchandise Costs: Costs that are associated with items on documents. Any other costs on an invoice are non-merchandise costs. The sum of the merchandise costs and non-merchandise costs is the total document cost excluding tax.

Non-Merchandise Costs: Costs that are indirectly associated with invoice items, such as freight or handling charges.

- **Non Merchandise Invoices**

Bills for non-merchandise costs only (a snow plowing service, for example). Non-merchandise invoices cannot contain items. Either suppliers or partners can create non-merchandise invoices.

- **Credit Notes**

Documents received from the supplier, often issued in response to a credit note request from the retailer, which results in a reduction of the retailer's balance owing to a supplier. A credit note request may be raised in lieu of a deduction from invoice (that is, a debit memo) resulting from invoice over-charges, RTVs, rebate bill backs, and so on. Credit notes follow a functional process flow separate from the invoice flow, where credit notes are matched against credit note requests.

- **RMS Documents**

The RMS system also utilizes the EDI load to pass documents into ReIM. These documents can include: Consignment invoices, DSD Invoices from SIM, ERS Invoices, Obligations from RTM, and Debit Memos, Credit Memos, or Credit Notes Requests generated in RMS.

- **Single Entry**

Documents can be entered via the Create Document dialog.

Single entry accommodates the same types of documents supported in the EDI as well as the following items (if not created automatically through other processes):

- **Debit Memo**

A document created to support a deduction from the invoice being paid. Deductions may result from a price or quantity discrepancy. A debit memo also refers supplier billing for rebates, RTVs, and so on. Debit memos also can be created as 'stand-alone' documents (that is, created on-line, but not supported by any processes in ReIM or the merchandising system).

- **Credit Note Request (CNR)**

A document sent from the retailer to the supplier, requesting a credit note for an over-invoiced amount (discrepancy) or in support of various billing activities (for example, rebates, RTVs). If a credit note request is not satisfied by the supplier in a timely manner, ReIM provides the ability to convert it into a debit memo (and include the number of the invoice to which it is assigned). Credit note requests also may be created as stand-alone documents.

- **Credit Memos**

A document created to refund a supplier for an under-invoiced or over-billed amount (for example, for rebates not meeting threshold perfor-

mance levels) amount. Credit memos also may be created as stand-alone documents.

Note: Reversing a Debit Memo generates a Credit Memo in Approved status. The document ID of the Credit Memo is created by concatenating a prefix on to the Debit Memo document number.

- **RMS Upload**

Fixed and complex deals can be uploaded directly from RMS.

- **Group Entry**

Group Entry allows entry of a batch of header only documents to be entered at once. It can be used for Merchandise Invoices, non-merchandise invoices, and Credit Notes.

- **Invoice Induction**

Invoice Induction allows the user to use spreadsheets to enter most types of ReIM documents using a spreadsheet. The system will create blank templates which can then be customized by the user to facilitate the induction process.

2. Matching

- **Auto-Matching**

Merchandise invoices are grouped by match key. Match keys are defined at the supplier or supplier group level. Possible match keys include; PO/location, PO, Supplier Site/Location, Supplier/Location, and Supplier Group/Location. ReIM requires these attributes in all merchandise invoices. ReIM accesses the merchandising system to determine what shipments (receipts) were created for the match key. The auto-matching process attempts to match invoice cost and quantities against receipt quantities at PO cost within user defined tolerances.

If the auto-matching process identifies cost or quantity differences outside of the pre-established tolerance range, the system creates corresponding discrepancies (cost or quantity). Otherwise, matched invoices are posted to the financial staging table.

Note: Discrepancies are logged only if the configuration calls for a discrepancy to be created. Otherwise no discrepancy is produced.

For header-level-only invoices, TAX validation is performed as a final validation step, after cost and quantity matching has been performed.

For more functional information about summary and detail-level auto-matching, see "[Auto-Match Invoices](#)" on page 3-8 and "[Auto-Match Credit Notes](#)" on page 4-6.

- **On-line Matching**

- **Invoices**

The on-line matching dialog provides users with the ability to match invoices with even greater flexibility than the auto-match process. Online matching allows various search criteria to be used to search for docu-

ments, and then user has flexibility to select documents to be included in the match if they conform to costing rules.

On-line matching either matches the invoice, which would then be sent to the financial staging tables by the posting process, or supports creation and resolution of a cost and/or quantity discrepancy.

– Credit Notes and CNRs

Typically, invoices for which CNRs are generated are sent to accounts payable even if matching credit notes have not yet been received. The retailer, then, is issued an invoice that actually is higher than it should be and will have to wait until credit notes are processed before receiving credit for the overcharge. The supplier, in turn, may be overpaid. To avoid this inefficiency, ReIM allows invoices with unmatched CNRs to be held (not paid) until all corresponding credit notes are received-at which time the invoice automatically is sent to accounts payable.

When a credit note request is matched to a credit note through online matching, the ID number of the invoice to which they are associated is assigned to the credit note. In this way, the invoice and all related documents may be released to accounts payable at the same time.

When matching CNRs to credit notes on a held invoice, the original invoice should be checked for other open discrepancies. If none exist, the Hold indicator on the invoice is turned off so that the invoice and all related documents can be released to the financial system.

3. Discrepancy Resolution

Users assign pre-defined reason codes against cost and quantity discrepancies to support resolutions. The reason codes direct the system to take a specific action.

Cost and quantity discrepancies are sent to the Discrepancy Review list by the automatch program if discrepancies exist after a routing date is past (routing date is typically a date after the invoice date but before the due date. It is calculated based on system or supplier options). Users can then access the discrepancy review list to resolve outstanding discrepancies.

Once all discrepancies are resolved for the document, it is posted to the financial staging table along with any corresponding adjustment documents, for posting to the retailer's accounts payable solution.

Documents supporting discrepancy resolution (such as debit memos, credit note requests, and credit memos) are available for EDI download to the supplier. (Or the retailer may develop reporting from these values stored in the ReIM tables). These document records (except credit note requests) also are posted to the financial staging tables.

If there is a discrepancy between a credit note and a credit note request, it can be resolved by generating a new credit note request, a credit memo, or by issuing a write off, depending on the type of discrepancy and the resolution action selected. In addition, CNRs created inadvertently can be voided and fully reversed to expedite resolution. (It is assumed that if all CNRs related to a held invoice are voided, that invoice is released for payment.)

Entering and Maintaining Documents

Manual Entry

Merchandise Invoices

There are four ways invoices are loaded into the system: EDI, single invoice entry, group entry, and invoice induction. An invoice is the bill for goods or services received from a supplier or partner. A merchandise invoice is a document that a supplier sends to a retailer for merchandise items. A merchandise invoice can also contain additional non-merchandise costs. Because a merchandise invoice must involve items, only suppliers can send merchandise invoices.

In addition, deal bill backs will be available for automatic invoicing sent to the ReIM from the merchandising system. Any documents resulting from a deal will be created in Approved status.

Create Merchandise Invoice

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Document Maintenance > Create Document**. The Create Document dialog opens.

Figure 2–1 Create Document Dialog

1. Open the Create Document screen. The Create Document screen is launched when the user chooses to create a Document through either of the one of the following:
 - Clicking the **Create Document** link under the Document Maintenance subgroup on the Global Navigation section
 - Select **Create Document** from the Actions menu on the Search Results Pane
2. In the Document Type field, select **Merchandise Invoice**. Once the Document Type is selected, the field is disabled and the Vendor Type is set to Supplier.

Header Information

1. In the Vendor field, select the Vendor against which the Document (or Invoice) is raised.
2. In the Order No. field, select the Purchase Order against which the Document (or Invoice) is raised.

Note: If a Supplier is specified before specification of the Order No, the combo box list of values dropdown displays orders corresponding to all suppliers in the same supplier group as the supplier specified.

3. In the Supplier Site field, select the Supplier Site against which the Document (or Invoice) is raised.

4. In the Location field, select the Invoicing (Billing) Location from the list of valid locations (stores and physical warehouses). These locations are defined in RMS.

Note: The Location field value is defaulted if the Order No selected has a single Location to which it is associated.

Note: For import PO's the Import Location is used as the location in ReIM.

5. The Terms field defaults to the term of the specified PO. The defaulted value can be modified on the invoice document.
6. In the Document field, enter the identifier for the Document in ReIM that is used in communication with the vendors and will be displayed to the end user. This must be unique by vendor, document type, and (optionally depending on system setting) by document date.

Note: If the vendor created the document (for example, a merchandise invoice), this field will hold the vendor's id for the document. If the retailer created the document in response to a client document (for example, a credit note request), the document_id will be the document_id of the original document prefixed with the appropriate values from the im_system_options table (credit_note_req_prefix_cost, debit_memo_prefix_qty, credit_memo_suffix_dp).

7. In the Document Date field, enter the date the invoice or document was created, or click the calendar button and select a date.

Non Merch Detail

The Non Merchandise Details section allows the addition of a single non merch code / amount to an invoice document as part of a quick entry flow. Additional codes and details can be entered using the Non Merch Details window available on the Document Maintenance screen.

1. In the Non Merch Code field, specify a single non merch code that is applicable to the document. Additional codes can be entered using the Non Merch Costs screen if needed.
2. In the Non Merch Amount field, specify the non merch amount corresponding to the Non Merch Code specified.

Document Totals

The Document Totals section allows the user to specify Total Merchandise Amount, Total Quantity, and Total Invoice Amount.

1. In the Quantity field, enter the total number of units on the document.

Note: There is a supplier option which controls which can be used to make the quantity field required

2. The Merch Amount field represents the Total Merchandise Value excluding tax.

Total Merch Amount = Total Amount - Non Merch Amount - Tax Amount

3. The Amount field represents the total value of the document. This field is automatically populated with the sum of the Non Merch Amount and Tax Amounts if not entered.

Tax Details

The Tax Detail section allows the addition of a single tax code, tax basis and amount to an invoice document as part of a quick entry flow. Additional codes and details may be entered using the Tax Breakdown window available on the Document Maintenance screen.

1. In the Code field, specify the tax code applicable on the document at a header level.
2. The basis field is automatically calculated when the tax code is entered if the merchandise amount is entered first. The calculated amount can be overwritten.
3. The Amount field is automatically populated. It is computed by applying the tax code on the taxable basis if the tax code and basis are added first. The Amount field can be overwritten by the user.

Saving the Document

When all of the necessary information is added to your Merchandise Invoice, click **Save**. Clicking the arrow adjacent to the Save button provides the following options:

- Save and Add Another – Allows you to save the current invoice and open an empty Create Document dialog.
- Save and Continue – Allows you to save the current invoice and proceed to the Document Maintenance window.

Non-Merchandise Invoices

A non-merchandise invoice is a document for non-merchandise costs only. It can be created by a supplier or a partner. Non-merchandise invoices cannot contain a bill for merchandise items.

Create a Non-Merchandise Invoice

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Document Maintenance > Create Document**. The Create Document dialog opens.

Figure 2–2 Create Document Dialog

1. Open the Create Document screen. The Create Document screen is launched when the user chooses to create a Document through either of the one of the following:
 - Clicking the **Create Document** link under the Document Maintenance subgroup on the Global Navigation section
 - Select **Create Document** from the Actions menu on the Search Results Pane
2. In the Document Type field, select **Non-Merchandise Invoice**. Once the Document Type is selected, the field is disabled and the Vendor Type is set to Supplier by default, but it can be changed.

Header Information

1. In the Vendor field, select the Vendor against which the Document (or Invoice) is raised.
2. In the Order No. field, select the Purchase Order against which the Document (or Invoice) is raised.

Note: If a Supplier is specified before specification of the Order No, the combo box list of values dropdown displays orders corresponding to all suppliers in the same supplier group as the supplier specified.

3. In the Supplier Site field, select the Supplier Site against which the Document (or Invoice) is raised.

4. In the Location field, select the Invoicing (Billing) Location from the list of valid locations (stores and physical warehouses). These locations are defined in RMS.

Note: The Location field value is defaulted if the Order No selected has a single Location to which it is associated.

5. The Terms field defaults to the term of the specified PO. The defaulted value can be modified on the invoice document.
6. In the Document field, enter the identifier for the Document in ReIM that is used in communication with the vendors and will be displayed to the end user. This must be unique by vendor, document type, and (optionally depending on system setting) by document date.

Note: If the vendor created the document (for example, a merchandise invoice), this field will hold the vendor's id for the document. If the retailer created the document in response to a client document (for example, a credit note request), the document_id will be the document_id of the original document prefixed or suffixed with the appropriate values from the im_system_options table (credit_note_req_prefix_cost, debit_memo_prefix_qty, credit_memo_suffix_dp).

7. In the Document Date field, enter the date the invoice was created, or click the calendar button and select a date.

Non Merch Detail

The Non Merchandise Details section allows the addition of a single non merch code / amount to an invoice document as part of a quick entry flow. Additional codes and details can be entered using the Non Merch Details window available on the Document Maintenance screen.

1. In the Non Merch Code field, specify a single non merch code that is applicable to the document. Additional codes can be entered using the Non Merch Costs screen if needed.
2. In the Non Merch Amount field, specify the non merch amount corresponding to the Non Merch Code specified.

Document Totals

The Document Totals section allows the user to specify Total Merchandise Amount, Total Quantity, and Total Invoice Amount.

Note: For a non-merchandise document, the quantity and merchandise amounts are null (or zero), and the Amount is non merchandise amount plus tax amount.

1. The Amount field represents the total value of the document. This field is automatically populated with the sum of the Non Merch Amount and Tax Amounts if not entered. It can be overridden or entered by the user.

Tax Details

The Tax Detail section allows the addition of a single tax code, tax basis and amount to an invoice document as part of a quick entry flow. Additional codes and details may be entered using the Tax Breakdown window available on the Document Maintenance screen.

1. In the Code field, specify the tax code applicable on the document at a header level.
2. In the Basis field, enter the taxable basis on which the tax code should be applied. This is computed by dividing the tax amount by the tax rate if the tax code and tax amount are added first.
3. The Amount field is automatically populated. It is computed by applying the tax code on the taxable basis if the tax code and basis are added first. The Amount field can be overwritten by the user.

Saving the Document

When all of the necessary information is added to your Non Merchandise Invoice, click **Save**. Clicking the arrow adjacent to the Save button provides the following options:

- Save and Add Another – Allows you to save the current invoice and open an empty Create Document dialog.
- Save and Continue – Allows you to save the current invoice and proceed to the Document Maintenance window.

Credit Memos, Debit Memos, Credit Notes and Credit Note Requests

Credit Memos increase the payment to the supplier, Debit Memos decrease payment to the supplier. Credit Notes Requests look identical to Debit Memos, except they do not have immediate financial implications. Instead, they are a document sent to the supplier to ask them to generate a Credit Note which has identical effect of Debit Memo (reducing payment to the supplier). Therefore, a Debit Memo is a reduction in the payment to supplier generated by the retailer, and a Credit Note is a reduction in the payment to the supplier generated by the supplier in answer the Credit Note Request.

Create a Credit Memo, Debit Memo, Credit Note or Credit Note Request

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Document Maintenance > Create Document**. The Create Document dialog opens.

Figure 2–3 Create Document Dialog

Create Document

Document Type

Vendor Type Vendor

Order No. Supplier Site

Location Terms

Document ID Document Date

Deal Type RTV Order No.

▲ Non Merch Detail

Non Merch Code Non Merch Amount

Document Totals

Quantity Merch Amount Amount

▲ Tax Detail

Code Basis Amount

Cancel

1. Open the Create Document screen. The Create Document screen is launched when the user chooses to create a Document through either of the one of the following:
 - Clicking the **Create Document** link under the Document Maintenance subgroup on the Global Navigation section.
 - Select **Create Document** from the Actions menu on the Search Results Pane.
2. In the Document Type field, select one of the following:
 - Credit Note
 - Credit Note Request - Cost
 - Credit Note Request - Quantity
 - Credit Note Request- Tax
 - Debit Memo - Cost
 - Debit Memo - Quantity
 - Debit Memo - Tax
 - Credit Memo - Cost
 - Credit Memo - Quantity

Once the Document Type is selected, the field is disabled and the Vendor Type is set to Supplier.

Header Information

1. In the Vendor field, select the Vendor against which the Document (or Invoice) is raised.
2. In the Order No. field, select the Purchase Order against which the Document (or Invoice) is raised. When Purchase Order is entered, the Vendor and Supplier site are populated with the supplier and supplier site (respectively) from the Purchase Order.

Note: If a Supplier is specified before specification of the Order No, the combo box list of values dropdown displays orders corresponding to all suppliers in the same supplier group as the supplier specified.

3. In the Supplier Site field, select the Supplier Site against which the Document (or Invoice) is raised.
4. In the Location field, select the Invoicing (Billing) Location from the list of valid locations (stores and physical warehouses). These locations are defined in RMS.

Note: The Location field value is defaulted if the Order No selected has a single Location to which it is associated.

5. The Terms field defaults to the term of the specified PO. The defaulted value can be modified on the invoice document.
6. In the Document field, enter the identifier for the Document in ReIM that is used in communication with the vendors and will be displayed to the end user. This must be unique by vendor, document type, and (optionally depending on system setting) by document date.

Note: If the vendor created the document (for example, a merchandise invoice), this field will hold the vendor's id for the document. If the retailer created the document in response to a client document (for example, a credit note request), the document identifier will be the same as that of the original document prefixed with the appropriate values from the im_system_options table (credit_note_req_prefix_cost, debit_memo_prefix_qty, credit_memo_suffix_dp).

7. In the Document Date field, enter the date the invoice was created, or click the calendar button and select a date.
8. The Deal Type field displays whether the document is associated with invoicing of a fixed deal or a complex deal and determines whether the Deal Billing details tab is enabled or not on the Document Maintenance window.
9. The RTV Order No field indicates whether the Document corresponds to a RTV Chargeback. RTV charge backs are intimations for financial recovery raised by the merchandising system for goods returned to the supplier. These documents do not require any additional processing in ReIM.

Document Totals

The Document Totals section allows the user to specify Total Merchandise Amount, Total Quantity, and Total Invoice Amount.

Note: This section is disabled if the Document type is set to Credit Memo, Debit Memo, Credit Note, or Credit Note Request.

Saving the Document

When all of the necessary information is added to your Credit Memo, Debit Memo, Credit Note, or Credit Note Request, click **Save and Continue** to move on to the main document maintenance screen to continue entering the document.

Document Maintenance

The Document Maintenance window offers a single screen view of the selected Document for different Document types including Merchandise and Non Merchandise Invoices, Credit Notes, Debit Notes, Credit Memos, and Credit Note Requests. This window can be accessed using any of the following options:

- By clicking **Save and Continue** on the Create Document dialog during a document creation.
- By selecting an existing document in the Search Results pane and selecting Edit/View from the Action menu.
- By clicking the Doc ID hyperlink.

Note: Though the document is hyperlinked using the Doc ID field, the Doc ID field value by itself may not be unique and it is the data combination on the row that defines the document being opened.

Note: Only documents manually created in ReIM or entered via invoice induction in ReIM are editable through the user interface with the exception of the [Comments Tab](#).

Search for a Document

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Document Maintenance > Document Search**. The Document Search window opens.

Figure 2–4 Document Search Window

The screenshot shows the 'Document Search' window. At the top, there's a breadcrumb 'Dashboard > Document Search'. Below it, the 'Search' section contains several filter groups: 'Document Type' (dropdown), 'Vendor Type' (dropdown), 'Location' (dropdown), 'Supplier Site' (dropdown), 'Document' (text input), 'Vendor' (dropdown), 'Order No.' (text input), 'Status' (dropdown), 'Location Type' (dropdown), and 'Group' (dropdown). There are 'Search', 'Reset', and 'Save' buttons on the right. Below the filters is the 'Search Results' section, which includes a table with columns: Document, Document Type, Status, Document Date, Order No., Due Date, Vendor Type, Vendor, Vendor Name, Location, Location Type, Group, Location Name, and It. The table currently displays 'No data to display'.

1. Enter criteria as desired to make the search more restrictive. You must enter at least one search criterion.

2. Click **Search**. The search results pane displays the documents that match the search criteria.

Figure 2–5 Document Search Results

Document	Document Type	Status	Document Date	Order No.	Due Date	Vendor Type	Vendor	Vendor Name	Location	Location Type	Group	Location Name
Doc1_41401	Merchandise Invoice	Unresolved match	1/6/16	41401	3/6/16	Supplier	5812371611	Oracle Retail USA Smok...	603811122	Warehouse		Oracle Retail USA Smok...
Doc1_41405	Merchandise Invoice	Unresolved match	1/26/15	41405	2/6/16	Supplier	5812371611	Oracle Retail USA Smok...	603811122	Warehouse		Oracle Retail USA Smok...
Doc1_406	Merchandise Invoice	Unresolved match	11/6/15	41406	1/5/16	Supplier	5812371611	Oracle Retail USA Smok...	603811122	Warehouse		Oracle Retail USA Smok...
71532016-11-38	Merchandise Invoice	Unresolved match	2/3/16	701	3/4/16	Supplier	201	IMPORT: SUPPLIER MANN	222	Warehouse		SB's warehouse of Peace
71532016-11-39	Merchandise Invoice	Unresolved match	2/3/16	702	3/4/16	Supplier	201	IMPORT: SUPPLIER MANN	222	Warehouse		SB's warehouse of Peace
71532016-11-43	Merchandise Invoice	Tax Discrepancy	2/1/16	702	3/2/16	Supplier	201	IMPORT: SUPPLIER MANN	222	Warehouse		SB's warehouse of Peace
71532016-11-46	Merchandise Invoice	Tax Discrepancy	2/3/16	702	3/4/16	Supplier	201	IMPORT: SUPPLIER MANN	222	Warehouse		SB's warehouse of Peace
41405-WERCH1	Merchandise Invoice	Unresolved match	2/10/16	41405	3/1/16	Supplier	5812371611	Oracle Retail USA Smok...	603811122	Warehouse		Oracle Retail USA Smok...
JH_47421_02	Merchandise Invoice	Unresolved match	2/1/16	47401	3/1/16	Supplier	5812374101	Demo Supplier	9121	Warehouse		Alloy Demo Warehouse
Doc1_41406	Merchandise Invoice	Unresolved match	2/14/16	41406	3/1/16	Supplier	5812371611	Oracle Retail USA Smok...	603811122	Warehouse		Oracle Retail USA Smok...
AM_47421_1	Merchandise Invoice	Worksheet	2/14/16	47401	3/1/16	Supplier	5812374101	Demo Supplier	9121	Warehouse		Alloy Demo Warehouse
Doc1_401	Merchandise Invoice	Worksheet	2/14/16	41401	3/1/16	Supplier	5812371611	Oracle Retail USA Smok...	603811122	Warehouse		Oracle Retail USA Smok...
RVC_49903	Merchandise Invoice	Matched	2/14/16	49903	4/14/16	Supplier	617132547	Billy's Wood Supplies	676348	Store		Reebok Store
50204-RVC1	Merchandise Invoice	Posted	2/14/16	50204	3/1/16	Supplier	976763375	SN - supplier	912	Store		Alloy Demo Store
52088RVC1	Merchandise Invoice	Worksheet	2/14/16	52016	3/1/16	Supplier	976763375	SN - supplier	110	Store		Alloy test store
Doc1_41401	Merchandise Invoice	Matched	2/14/16	41401	4/14/16	Supplier	5812371611	Oracle Retail USA Smok...	603811122	Warehouse		Oracle Retail USA Smok...

Header Pane

The Document Maintenance Header pane contains the header level details of the selected document.

Figure 2–6 Document Maintenance Header Pane

Document ID	GENERATED_5002_1011	Location	688973895	Total Amount	2,299.0000
Document Date	1/20/2015	Supplier	333389666	Supplier Name	RMS_ITEM_CN_Suppl...
Order No.	101	Supplier Site	281731884	Supplier Site Name	RMS_ITEM_Supplier...

The following display-only fields appear in the Header pane:

- **Document** – This field displays the Document ID which is an identifier of the Document in ReIM. This is unique by vendor, document type, and document date.
- **Document Date** – This field displays the Document Date which corresponds to the date on the document.
- **Order No.** – This field displays the order number associated with the document
- **Location** – This field displays the billing location on the document.
- **Supplier** – This field displays the ID of the supplier or vendor on the document. This field is labeled Vendor if the Vendor Type is not Supplier.
- **Supplier Site** – This field displays the ID of the supplier site on the document.
- **Total Amount** – This field displays the total amount or value of the document.
- **Supplier Name** – This field displays the name or description of the supplier on the document. This field is labeled Vendor Description if the Vendor Type is not Supplier.
- **Supplier Site Name** – This field displays name or description of the Supplier Site on the document.

Header Tab

Figure 2–7 Document Maintenance Header Tab

HeaderInvoice DetailsNon-Merchandise CostsTax BreakdownComments

Header Details

Document Type

Merchandise Invoice

Creation Date

2/24/2015

Document Status

Matched

Invoice Terms

100

Order Terms

100 - 01 001.42% 030 060

Supplier Terms

100 - 01 001.42% 030 060

Best Terms Source

DOC

Best Terms

100

Best Terms Date

1/20/2015

Match Date

1/20/2015

Due Date

3/21/2015

Freight Payment Type

Collect

Payment Hold Status

Payment Never Held

Ref No. 1

GENERATED_REF1_0FDCCA54

Ref No. 2

Costs and Indicators

Vendor Type

Supplier

Currency

CNY

Exchange Rate

8.104

☐ Pre-Paid

☒ Details Attached

☐ Manually Paid

☒ EDI Invoice

☐ Consignment

☐ Reverse Charge Vat Applicable

☐ Direct Store Delivery

☐ Evaluated Receipt Settlement

Total Merchandise Cost Ex Tax

2,080.0000

Total Non-Merchandise Cost Ex Tax

10.0000

Total Cost Ex Tax

2,090.0000

Total Tax

209.0000

Total Amount

2,299.0000

Total Quantity

190.0

The Header Tab shows general information about the document and in allows some data to be edited. Some key editable fields on the Header Tab include:

- Invoice Terms
- Currency
- Freight Payment Types
- User Reference Fields 1 through 4
- Total Amount
- Total Quantity

Credit Note Request and Credit Note documents include a section for Credit Note Match Keys which are fields used in the Credit Note Automatch batch program.

Items Tab

Figure 2–8 Document Maintenance Items Tab

HeaderInvoice DetailsNon-Merchandise CostsTax BreakdownComments

Total Qty / Variance190.0000 / 0.0000Total Extended Cost / Variance2,080.0000 / -10.0000

ActionsView

Default From Order

Default From Receipt

Item	Item Description	Qty	Invoice Qty	Invoice Unit Cost	Tax Code	Tax Rate	Tax Discrepancy Resolved	Extended Cost Ex Tax	Reverse Charge Vat Applicable
100100009	RMS_ITEM_Item A	100.0	10.0000	\$		10	No	1,000.0000	No
100100025	RMS_ITEM_Item B	90.0	12.0000	\$		10	No	1,080.0000	No

Columns Hidden1

The Items tab allows for the capture of invoice detail information including Items, Quantities, Cost, and Tax information.

This tab is disabled for non-merchandise invoices and for non-merchandise fixed deal documents. For non-merchandise fixed deal documents, relevant details are entered on the Deal Billing details tabs. All the fields available in Create mode on this tab are also enabled when the document is accessed in Edit mode in any of the following document-status combinations:

- Merchandise Invoice – Worksheet/ Ready for Match/ Unresolved Match*/ Multi-Unresolved Match
 *Edit allowed if no action has been taken and discrepancies have not been resolved
- Credit Note – Worksheet/ Approved
- Credit Note Request – Worksheet/ Approved
- Credit Memo – Worksheet/ Approved
- Debit Memo – Worksheet/ Approved

Note: Only documents manually created in ReIM are editable via the user interface with the exception of adding comments on the Comments tab.

When documents are manually created or uploaded into ReIM using EDI or induction, when detail lines are added to the document, the system checks in RMS to see whether the item is eligible for Reverse Charge VAT. If the item is eligible, the information is saved against the detail line. Overall applicability of Reverse Charge VAT is determined at a document level.

The tax fields in the tab are available only if tax validation is enabled in ReIM. If the tax validation is set to retailer, then the tax fields are defaulted based on the values defined in RMS and are not editable via this screen. For tax validation type of vendor or reconcile, entry/edit of values is permitted via the UI.

Mass Maintenance

When invoice details are built using either Default from PO or Default from Receipt, quite often several records on the same invoice can have incorrect information in one of the fields. In this situation, the default from receipt (or PO) would contain several rows in the item table on the invoice that all need the same correction. In this situation, you can use Mass Update to correct multiple items at one time.

1. Perform a search for the invoice you want to update. See [Search for a Document](#).
2. From the Search Results pane, click the invoice you want to update. The Document Maintenance screen opens.

Figure 2–9 Document Maintenance Screen

Dashboard

Document Search

Document #VA_inv3_527790

Document

VA_inv3_527790

Location

1497666955

Total Amount

94,050.00

Document Date

11/23/17

Supplier

872872318

Supplier Name

Fashion Retailer ...

Order No.

415002

Supplier Site

778958623

Supplier Site Name

David Avenue SFO ...

Header

Items

Non-Merchandise Costs

Tax Breakdown

Comments

Additional Orders

Total Qty / Variance

450.00 / 0.00

Total Extended Cost / Variance

85,500.00 / 0.00

Actions

View

+

✗

🔍

📄

📄

Default From Order

Item	Item Description	VP	Invoice Qty	Invoice Unit Cost	Order Unit Cost	Tax Code	Tax Rate	Tax Discrepancy Reasoned	Extended Cost Ex Tax	Reverse Charge Vat Applicable
400000300016	Aic parent item 1.		50.0	190.0000	190.0000	S	10	No	9,500.00	No
400000300023	Aic parent item 1.		50.0	190.0000	190.0000	S	10	No	9,500.00	No
400000300030	Aic parent item 1.		50.0	190.0000	190.0000	S	10	No	9,500.00	No
400000300047	Aic parent item 1.		50.0	190.0000	190.0000	S	10	No	9,500.00	No
400000300054	Aic parent item 1.		50.0	190.0000	190.0000	S	10	No	9,500.00	No
400000300061	Aic parent item 1.		50.0	190.0000	190.0000	S	10	No	9,500.00	No
400000300078	Aic parent item 1.		50.0	190.0000	190.0000	S	10	No	9,500.00	No
400000300085	Aic parent item 1.		50.0	190.0000	190.0000	S	10	No	9,500.00	No
400000300092	Aic parent item 1.		50.0	190.0000	190.0000	S	10	No	9,500.00	No
Total Items		9								

Rows Selected

5

3. From the Items tab of the Document Maintenance screen, highlight the items you want to update and select **Edit** from the Actions menu. The Mass Update Item Details dialog opens.

Figure 2–10 *Mass Update Item Details Dialog*

Mass Update Item Details 

No. of Items 5
Selected

Quantity

Unit Cost

Tax Code 

Tax Rate

4. Enter data for the field(s) you want to update. The following fields are available to update:

Table 2–1 Mass Update Item Details Dialog Fields

Field	Description
Quantity	The quantity to be used to update the selected items.
Unit Cost	The unit cost to be used to update the selected items.
Tax Code	The tax code to be used to update the selected items. This field is disabled if the Tax Validation Type is set to System, if any one of the selected items has the Reverse VAT indicator set, or if the VAT region of the supplier site does not match the VAT region of the location on the invoice.
Tax Rate	This field defaults to the tax rate of the tax code if it is entered. The user has the option to make changes.

- Click **OK** to update the fields and return to the Document Maintenance screen.

Non-Merchandise Costs Tab

Figure 2–11 Document Maintenance Non-Merchandise Costs Tab

Header		Invoice Details		Non-Merchandise Costs		Tax Breakdown		Comments	
Total Non-Merchandise Amount		10.0000		Total Tax Amount		1.0000			
Actions ▾ View ▾		+ ×		Default from Order					
Non Merch Code		Non Merch Amount		Tax Code		Tax Rate		Tax Amount	
Miscellaneous		10.0000				10.0000		1.0000	

The Non-Merchandise Costs tab captures the non-merchandise costs on the document including non-merchandise totals and their associated taxes. All the fields available during create on this tab are also enabled when the document is called up in edit mode for the following document-status combinations:

- Merchandise Invoice – Worksheet/Ready for Match/ Unresolved Match*/ Multi-Unresolved Match
*Edit allowed if no action has been taken and discrepancies have not been resolved
- Non Merchandise Invoice – Worksheet/ Approved
- Credit Note – Worksheet/ Approved
- Credit Note Request – Worksheet/ Approved
- Credit Memo – Worksheet/ Approved
- Debit Memo – Worksheet/ Approved

The tax fields in the tab are available only if tax validation is enabled in ReIM. Irrespective of the tax validation type, the tax fields are available for entry and edit for the tax validation types of Retailer, Vendor, or Reconcile.

Note: Only documents created via the ReIM user interface can be edited in ReIM. Documents uploaded into ReIM from other systems via EDI upload are not available for editing with the exception of adding comments.

Tax Breakdown Tab

Figure 2–12 Document Maintenance Tax Breakdown Tab

Header		Invoice Details		Non-Merchandise Costs		Tax Breakdown		Comments	
Total Tax		209.0000							
Actions ▾ View ▾		+ ×							
Tax Code		Tax Rate		Tax Basis		Tax Amount			
S		10.0000		2,090.0000		209.0000			

This Tax Breakdown tab captures all tax amounts (including detail level as well as non-merchandise tax components) at a tax code level and is accessible only if taxes are enabled in ReIM. All the fields available during create on this tab are enabled when this tab is accessed in edit mode for the following documents status combinations:

- Merchandise Invoice – Worksheet/ Ready for Match/ Unresolved Match/ Multi-Unresolved Match
- Non Merchandise Invoice – Worksheet/ Approved
- Credit Note – Worksheet/ Approved
- Credit Note Request – Worksheet/ Approved
- Credit Memo – Worksheet/ Approved
- Debit Memo – Worksheet/ Approved

Note: This tab is disabled and auto-populated based on the invoice details added if the Default Taxes from Header option is set. If the option is set, all tax amounts on the Detail lines as well as the Non Merch Codes in the document are rolled up by Tax Code and populated in the Tax Codes table. Each time a detail row is updated the same update is reflected in the Tax Header. For a particular document, the user can override the automatic generation of taxes by selecting the Allow Editing of Tax Amount check box. This makes the tax values editable for this document during the current maintenance session.

Comments Tab

Figure 2–13 Document Maintenance Comments Tab

The screenshot shows the 'Comments' tab in the Document Maintenance interface. The tab is highlighted in blue. Below the tabs, there is a toolbar with 'Actions' and 'View' dropdown menus, and icons for 'Add', 'Edit', 'Delete', 'Print', and 'Detach'. Below the toolbar is a table with the following columns: 'Date', 'User ID', 'Usage Type', 'Comment', and 'Item'. The table currently displays 'No data to display.'

The Comments tab allows you to add or modify comments attached to a document.

Add a Comment

Perform the following procedure to add a comment to a document:

1. Select **Create** from the Action menu. A new comment is added to the comment table. The Date and User ID fields are populated with the date the comment is being created and the user ID of the logged in user.
2. In the Usage Type field, select whether the comment is External or Internal.
3. In the Item field, specify whether the item should allow detail level comments specific to an item on the invoice. Items allowed for selection using the LOV are restricted to the items on the invoice. This field is not displayed for non-merchandise invoices as there are no item details on these documents.

4. In the Comments field, enter comments with regard to the specific resolution actions or details on the invoice that might be relevant for audit or further financial reconciliation.
5. Click **Save** to save the new comment.

Deal Billing Details Tab

Figure 2–14 Document Maintenance Deal Billing Details Tab

The screenshot shows the 'Deal Billing Details' tab in a document maintenance interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Header', 'Non-Merchandise Costs', 'Tax Breakdown', 'Comments', and 'Deal Billing Details'. The 'Deal Billing Details' tab is selected. Below the tabs, there are input fields for 'Deal Type' (set to 'Complex'), 'Deal ID' (set to '90001'), and 'Deal Component Id'. Below these fields is a row of action buttons: 'Actions' (dropdown), 'View' (dropdown), and icons for 'Add', 'Edit', 'Delete', 'Duplicate', 'Print', and 'Detach'. Below the buttons is a table with the following columns: 'Location', 'Location Description', 'Item', 'Item Description', 'Income', 'Quantity', 'Tax Code', and 'Tax Rate'. The table is currently empty, with the text 'No data to display.' at the top.

The Deal Billing Details tab displays details of linked deals and derived income for documents that are linked to deal invoicing for fixed and bill back deals. Such documents are generally uploaded from RMS. This tab is disabled if the Document being Created/Edited/Viewed does not have associated deal information. In the create flow the presence of deal information can be indicated by specification of a Deal Type on the create document dialog. If a document is linked to a deal then the Deal Billing Details tab is enabled and the corresponding Invoice Maintenance Detail tab is disabled. Line item or Merchandise hierarchy details are entered via this tab and taxes captured on this tab drive tax breakdown calculation for such documents. Note that the Deal Detail tab will not show deal details for off invoice deals that are associated with an invoice. The default columns and fields vary slightly based on whether the deal is fixed or complex.

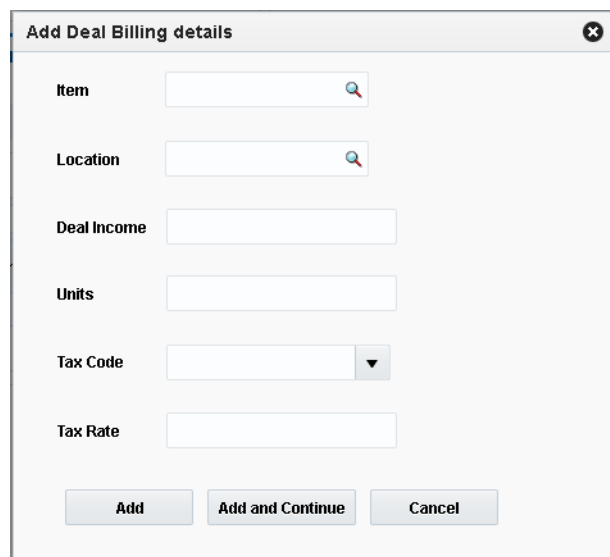
Note: The Edit option in the Action menu is only available for the following document status combinations that have a deal associated:

- Credit Note – Worksheet/Approved
 - Credit Note Request – Worksheet/Approved
 - Credit Memo – Worksheet/Approved
 - Debit Memo – Worksheet/Approved
-

Add Deal Billing Details

Perform the following procedure to add deal billing details to a document:

1. Select **Add** from the Action menu. The Add Deal Billing Details dialog is displayed.

Figure 2–15 Add Deal Billing Detail Dialog


The dialog box titled "Add Deal Billing details" contains the following fields and buttons:

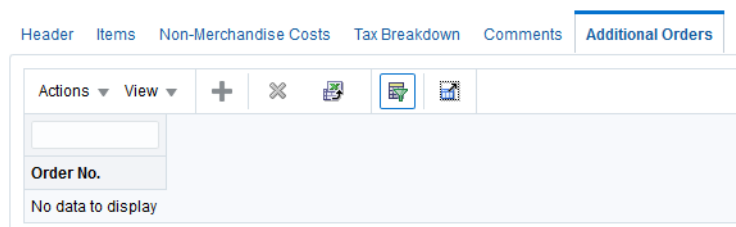
- Item:** A text input field with a magnifying glass icon for search.
- Location:** A text input field with a magnifying glass icon for search.
- Deal Income:** A text input field.
- Units:** A text input field.
- Tax Code:** A dropdown menu.
- Tax Rate:** A text input field.
- Buttons:** "Add", "Add and Continue", and "Cancel" at the bottom.

2. Enter the deal billing details for the following fields:
 - **Item** – This field allows selection of an item defined in RMS. Enter a value if available or select the item by querying for the item based on Item Number, Item Description, or VPN Number. (Item is only entered on Complex Deals.)
 - **Department, Class, and Subclass** – (These fields are available if the Deal Type is Fixed.) These fields allow selection of a department, class, and subclass. Valid values in RMS are available for selection.
 - **Location** – This field allows selection of a location defined in RMS. Only locations on the deal specified are available for selection.
 - **Deal Income** – This field allows for entry of deal income for the Item Location line (or for the merchandise category in the case of fixed deal).
 - **Units** – This field allows for entry of item units relevant to the income figure.
 - **Tax Code** – This field allows for selection of tax codes available in ReIM/RMS.
 - **Tax Rate** – This field defaults to the tax rate associated with the selected tax code on the invoice date. It can be edited to reflect the value on the invoice. This field is displayed only if taxes are enabled in ReIM.
3. Click **Add** to save the new deal billing details. You are returned to the Deal Billing Details tab.

You can add the details to the deal billing details table at any time by clicking **Add and Continue**.

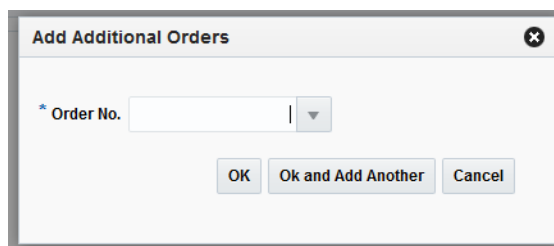
Additional Orders Tab

The Additional Orders tab is displayed on Merchandise Invoices when the Match Across Multiple Purchase Orders Supplier option is checked at either the Supplier or the Supplier Group level.

Figure 2–16 Document Maintenance Additional Orders Tab**Add Additional Orders**

Perform the following procedure to add additional orders to a document:

1. Select **Create** from the Action menu. The Add Additional Orders dialog is displayed.

Figure 2–17 Add Additional Orders Dialog

2. From the Order No. field, select an additional Purchase Order against which the Invoice is raised.
3. Click **OK** to add the purchase order to the invoice and close the Add Additional Orders dialog. Click **OK and Add Another** to add the PO to the invoice, clear the PO field, and keep the Add Additional Orders dialog open in order to enter another PO.

Group Entry

Group entry is an extension of the manual entry process with the addition of features such as control totals and defaulting common values to provide greater accuracy and efficiency when manually entering documents. The group entry feature allows the entry of header only documents. Merchandise invoices, non-merchandise invoices, and credit notes are the only document types allowed in the group entry function.

Group Entry of Header-Only Documents

The Group Entry window facilitates the quick entry of multiple header-only documents. Group entry is available for merchandise invoices, non-merchandise invoices, and credit notes. All other document types are available using the single document entry process. The group entry window uses defaults where feasible to facilitate quick entry of documents. Group entry accepts the minimum fields necessary to create a header-only invoice, so if the user needs to enter item details or other information such as reference fields they would need to use the single invoice entry process.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Document Maintenance > Group Entry**. The Group Entry window opens.

Figure 2–18 Group Entry Window

Group Entry

Document Type Group 6200

Vendor Type Supplier Order No.

Vendor Document

Supplier Site Document Date

Location Due Date

Terms Currency

Non Merch Detail

Total Non-Merchandise Amount Total Tax Amount

Actions View

Non Merch Code	Non Merch Amount	Tax Code	Tax Rate
No data to display			

Document Totals

Quantity	Merch Amount	Amount

Tax Detail

Code Basis Amount

Multiple Tax Codes

Status Worksheet Count 1.0 Group Total 0.00

Cancel

- From the Group Entry window, select the Document Type. Options are:
 - Merchandise Invoice
 - Non Merchandise Invoice
 - Credit Note
- Once a document type is selected, enter information for the following:

Table 2–2 Group Entry Fields

Field	Description
Group ID	The Group ID is automatically assigned as the next number in a sequence.

Table 2–2 (Cont.) Group Entry Fields

Field	Description
Vendor Type	This field represents the type of vendor on the document being referenced. Options are: ■ Agent ■ Applicant ■ Bank ■ Broker ■ Consignee ■ Consolidator ■ Escheat- Country ■ Escheat - State ■ Expense Vendor ■ External Finisher ■ Factory ■ Freight Forwarder ■ Import Authority ■ Importer ■ Supplier
Order No	This field allows for selection of the Purchase Order against which the Document (or Invoice) is raised. The field will be enabled for selection when the Document Type is Supplier.
Vendor	This field allows selection of the Vendor against whom the Document (or Invoice) is raised.
Supplier Site	This field is available if the Vendor Type is set to Supplier. This field allows selection of the Supplier Site against whom the Document (or Invoice) is raised.
Terms	This field allows specification of the Invoice Terms. This field will default to the value specified below depending on the document being created. ■ Merch Invoice – Terms on the PO specified ■ Non Merch Invoice – Terms associated with the Vendor in RMS ■ Credit Note – Terms associated with the Vendor in RMS The defaulted value can be modified on the invoice document.
Location	This field indicates the Invoicing (Billing) Location. The value is selectable from the list of valid locations (stores and physical warehouses) defined in RMS. This field is defaulted if the Order No selected has a single Location on it.
Document ID	Identifier for the Document in ReIM that is used in communication with the vendors and is displayed to the end user. This value must be unique by vendor, document type, and document date. If the vendor created the document (i.e. merchandise invoice, etc), this field will hold the vendors id for the document.

Table 2–2 (Cont.) Group Entry Fields

Field	Description
Document Date	Specifies the document date. The document date is the date the document was created. When documents are created by an outside party, the document date can be different from the create date (i.e. the document date on a merchandise invoice from a supplier will be the date the supplier generates the invoice while the create date for this record will be the date the invoice was entered/uploaded into ReIM). Will require to be specified for manually entered records.
Due Date	Represents the Day the Invoice is due for Payment. Is computed based on the invoice creation date (or the last receipt date depending on supplier option) and the applicable Payment Terms. This is a view only field.
Currency	This column holds the currency associated with the document. Currency is display only on merchandise invoices.

3. If you are entering a Non-Merchandise document (or adding non-merchandise entry to a merchandise document), the following non-merchandise fields are available from the non-merchandise table:

Table 2–3 Non-Merchandise Document Fields

Field	Description
Non Merch Code	Available largely as a quick entry alternative. Allows specification of a single non merch code applicable to the document. Additional codes if required can be entered via the Non Merch Costs tab.
Non Merch Amount	Available largely as a quick entry alternative in case of single non merchandise cost scenarios. Represents the Non merch Amount corresponding to the Non Merch Code specified. If multiple non-merch codes are entered, this field will display the accumulated total of the non-merch amounts.
Tax Code	Enter the tax code associated with the non merchandise entry.
Tax Rate	The tax rate associated with the non merch Tax code will display.
Tax Amount	The Tax Amount associated with the non merch tax code is calculated and displayed here.

4. In the Document Totals section, enter information for the following fields:

Table 2–4 Document Totals Fields

Field	Description
Total Quantity	This field represents the total number of units on the document. If the Total Quantity Required indicator is set for this supplier site, then total quantity must be entered. If the indicator is not set, then quantity is optional.
Total Merch Amount	Represents the Total Merchandise Value excluding tax. Is computed based on the below formula Total Merch Amount= Total Amount- Non Merch Amount- Tax Amount

Table 2–4 (Cont.) Document Totals Fields

Field	Description
Total Amount	Represents the total value of the Document. This field is automatically populated with the sum of the Non Merch Amount and Tax Amounts if not entered. It can be overridden or entered by the user.

5. In the Tax Totals section, enter information for the following fields:

Table 2–5 Tax Totals Fields

Field	Description
Tax Code	Available largely as a quick entry alternative in single tax scenarios. Specifies the tax code applicable on the document at a header level. Additional codes if required can be entered via the Tax Breakdown detail tab
Taxable Basis	Available largely as a quick entry alternative in single tax scenarios. Specifies the taxable basis on which the tax code should be applied. Will be computed by dividing the tax amount by the tax rate if the tax code and tax amount are added first
Tax Amount	Available largely as a quick entry alternative in single tax scenarios. This amount is computed by applying the tax code on the taxable basis if the tax code and basis are added first. Can be overwritten by the user.

Note: There is also a Tax Table to support entry of multiple taxes if necessary.

6. In the Group Totals section, enter information for the following fields:

Table 2–6 Group Totals Fields

Field	Description
Document Status	This field displays the status of the document. This is a view only field.
Group Count	This should be a count of the number of invoices included in the group entry batch. The count includes the current invoice, so it is incremented after the document id and date are both provided.
Group Total Amount	This is an accumulated total amount of all the invoices included in the group entry batch. The total amount includes the current invoice, so the total amount is incremented whenever the total invoice amount is updated.

7. When all of the necessary information is added to your entry, click **Save**. Clicking the arrow adjacent to the Save button provides the following options:
- Save and Add Another – This option performs validation on the document to ensure it can be added in 'approved' mode, though it will stay in 'Worksheet' status until an 'Approve' is performed. If it passes validation, the document is updated to the database and the screen is cleared awaiting the next entry.

- **Save and Close** – This step performs the same validation and if it passes adds the document to the database just like the **Save and Add Another**, but then the UI is closed. **Save and close** will keep the documents in worksheet status. You must click **Approve** for the documents to be approved.

In addition to the options above, group entry has the following features:

- You can save and close a group without approving, then later call the **Group back up** through **Document maintenance**. In **Document Maintenance**, you search for the group, then highlight any invoice in the group. With the invoice highlighted, choose the **'Group Entry'** action from the **Actions drop down menu**.
- There are also forward and backward navigation buttons in group entry which can be used to page through the invoices in the group to verify/correct the information.

EDI

The majority of documents are loaded in ReIM through Electronic Data Interchange (EDI). When ReIM receives an EDI file, it performs a pre-validation to ensure that the basic file format and data is correct. If the records pass the initial validation, they are loaded into the staging tables. From there, the system attempts to load the records into the ReIM base tables. If the data passes that level of validation, the documents are created in the base tables, are purged from the staging tables, and the documents are ready to be matched. If the data does not pass this validation, depending on the type of errors, users can manually correct the inaccurate data using the **EDI Maintenance** and **Document Maintenance** screens, or fix the data in the EDI file and reprocess.

On merchandise documents, the **Supplier Site** should be populated in the **Vendor ID** field in the EDI layout. The EDI load program should use the **Supplier Site** to look up the parent supplier in RMS. The parent supplier in RMS is then populated as the **Vendor ID** in ReIM and the original value of the **Vendor ID** from the EDI file (that is, the **Supplier Site**) populates the **Supplier Site ID** in ReIM. From a validation perspective, ReIM does not accept **Supplier** in the **Vendor** field. Therefore, if the **Supplier Site** is invalid, the user should fix the **Supplier Site** (provided in the EDI file) and not the derived data (**Supplier**). Once the **Supplier Site** is fixed, ReIM derives the correct **Supplier**.

Non-merchandise documents can be either for **Suppliers** or for **Partners**. If the non-merchandise document is for a **Supplier**, the **Vendor ID** field must be populated with the **Supplier Site** and ReIM derives the **Supplier** as it does for merchandise invoices. For **Partner non-merchandise** documents, the **Partner ID** is sent in the **Vendor Reference** field and passed on to ReIM.

Search for an EDI Document

Navigate: From the **Tasks** menu, select **EDI Maintenance > EDI Document Search**. The **EDI Document Search** window opens.

Figure 2–19 EDI Document Search Window

1. Enter criteria as desired to make the search more restrictive. You must enter at least one search criterion. The following criteria are available:
 - **EDI Batch File** – This field allows for filtering documents with errors based on the EDI Batch File. The list of values displays all EDI Batch Files with errors.
 - **Document Type** – This field is a drop down list which lists the type of document being queried.
 - **Document** – This field represents the document ID which is a unique identifier assigned by the supplier of the document being referenced.
 - **Error Type** – This field allows filtering by error type (for example, rule violation). Typing the first letter of the description selects it. If more than one choice starts with the same letter, continuing to press that letter will cycle through the matching choices in the order in which they appear in the list.
 - **Vendor Type** – This field represents the type of vendor on the document being referenced.
 - **Vendor/Supplier** – The label on this field is displayed as Vendor if the Vendor Type has been changed to a value other than supplier. By default the vendor type field will be set to Supplier and this field should display the supplier label. This field allows filtering documents based on the vendor on the document being referenced.
 - **Order No.** – This field allows filtering documents based on the order number associated with the document. This field is available only if the Vendor Type is Supplier.
 - **Supplier Site** – This field allows filtering documents based on the supplier site on the document being referenced. This field is available only if the Vendor Type is Supplier.
2. Click **Search**. The results are displayed in the Search Results table. The user has the ability to select rows by checking a checkbox to select them, and then choose an action for the selected rows. The Document ID field is hyperlinked so users can quickly open a document in Document Maintenance for editing.

Figure 2–20 EDI Search Results

The screenshot shows the 'EDI Document Search' window. It includes search filters for EDI Batch File, Document Type (Merchandise Invoice), Error Type, Order No., Supplier Site, and Vendor. Below the filters is a 'Search Results' section with a table of results. The table has columns for EDI Batch File, Document Type, Document, Error Type, Error Details, Document Date, Order No., Due Date, Vendor, Vendor Name, Location, and a status column. The first row shows an error for 'Terms on the Document is Invalid' with details 'Terms = 02'.

EDI Batch File	Document Type	Document	Error Type	Error Details	Document Date	Order No.	Due Date	Vendor	Vendor Name	Location	
	Merchandise In...	Vin_Invc01	Terms on the Document is Invalid	Terms = 02	1/21/2015	8301	2/20/2015	196724751	RMS_ITEM_US...	688973895	R
	Merchandise In...	9401INVC1			1/21/2015	9401	2/14/2015	196724751	RMS_ITEM_US...	697647388	R
	Merchandise In...	9401INVC1		Header Tax code = S	1/21/2015	9401	2/14/2015	196724751	RMS_ITEM_US...	697647388	R
	Merchandise In...	9402INVC		Header Tax code = S	1/21/2015	9402	2/14/2015	196724751	RMS_ITEM_US...	697647388	R
	Merchandise In...	Invc1-9102		Vendor Document Number = Invc1-9102 for vendor = 196724751	1/21/2015	9102	3/22/2015	196724751	RMS_ITEM_US...	688973895	R
	Merchandise In...	1			1/21/2015	301	1/31/2015	196724751	RMS_ITEM_US...	254422455	R

Fixing EDI Errors using Document Maintenance

The following procedure describes how to address EDI errors using the Document Maintenance window.

1. To fix a single document, select any error for that document in the results table and select **Edit** from the Action menu, or click on the document hyperlink. The Document Maintenance screen loads and all of the errors on the document are displayed in a popup. The popup includes all errors on the document, not just the errors from the Header Details Tab. Errors on the key fields on the header are listed first, followed by other errors on the header, and then errors on other tabs. If the number of errors exceeds the space on the popup, the popup displays as many errors as the space allows and then display a vertical scroll bar to allow users to scroll down to see the additional errors. If an error involves a discrepancy between multiple fields, the error is shown without the field reference. All fields with errors are highlighted in red.
2. The initial load of the screen takes the user to the Header Details Tab. This is true even if there are no errors on the header. In that case, users view the errors in the popup, and then click on the tab where the errors exist. For EDI generated documents, key fields are editable.
3. Click the fields with errors and the error details are displayed. Proceed to fix all errors on all tabs.
4. Once all errors on the document are fixed, click **Save** or **Save and Close**. When all errors are fixed, ReIM moves the corrected document from Staging to the ReIM base tables. If you are unable to fix all errors on a document, you will not be able to save changes, and have to cancel out of the document.

Note: It is possible that additional errors exist on an EDI document that are not fixable via ReIM. In those cases, users receive an error explaining that additional errors exist that must be fixed in the vendor's EDI file.

Fixing EDI Errors using Mass Correction

To fix multiple documents at the same time, select any error for those documents in the results table, and select **Mass Correction** from the Action menu. Mass correction is only allowed for documents for the same supplier. Therefore, if multiple documents are selected that belong to different suppliers, they receive an error.

Mass Correction can only be used to fix two types of errors: Invalid Items and Invalid Purchase Order Numbers. If none of the documents selected are eligible for mass correction (that is, do not have Invalid Item or Order Number error), an error is displayed.

When **Mass Correction** is selected, the Mass Correction popup displays and displays the Supplier selected for Mass Correction.

Mass Correction – Order Number

The following procedure describes how to address EDI Order Number errors using Mass Correction.

1. From the Mass Correction popup, select Order No in the Type field.
All invalid PO Numbers from the rows selected before clicking Mass Correction display in the Old Order No list of values.
2. Select one PO Number and then select a new PO number from the New PO No list of valid POs for the Supplier. Click **Replace**.

The system performs a search and replace of the invalid PO number. It replaces the PO number on all of the selected documents that contain that same invalid value in the PO number field. It is possible that a selected document may have a different PO number that is invalid and in that case it would not be replaced.

The Confirmation dialog displays the number of replacements made.

Mass Correction – Invalid Item

The following procedure describes how to address EDI Invalid Item errors using Mass Correction.

1. From the Mass Correction popup, select Item in the Type field.
All invalid items from the rows selected before clicking Mass Correction display in the Old Item list of values.
2. Select one Item and then select a new item from the New Item list of values, or search for the new item using the item number or description field search. This searches all valid items for that Supplier. Click **Replace**.

The system replaces that item on all of the selected documents regardless of the error codes on those documents.

The Confirmation dialog displays the number of replacements made.

Note: If any of the selected documents has Header level errors with the Supplier, which would impact the ability to determine valid items, when users select Type - Item, the system prompts the user to fix those errors first

Data Loading

Data Loading (also known as invoice induction) allows users to manage and upload groups of invoices via spreadsheets. This allows users to enter detailed invoice information, not available via the Group Entry screen. Data Loading supports entry of all types of documents handled by the single document entry process including debit memos, credit memos, credit note requests, credit notes, non-merchandise invoices, and merchandise invoices. It also supports RTV's, fixed deals, and complex deals in

their various forms which could include debit memos, credit memos, credit note requests and credit notes.

Data Loading vs. EDI

When Retailers receive invoices via EDI, they must be treated as legal documents in the system. As a result, there are only a specific set of changes that can be made to the contents of the EDI file and the invoices it includes (see [EDI](#) for additional information). Invoices created via Data Loading are treated as if they were created manually using the ReIM user interface. In order to differentiate between the types of invoices, an indicator is inserted in the database to specify how an invoice is created (for example, via EDI, spreadsheet or via the ReIM UI).

Downloading a Template

Users typically begin the process of adding documents via a spreadsheet by downloading a blank template for the type of document they want to create. Downloading a blank template requires the user to specify the Template Type and the Template fields.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Data Loading > Download Template**. The Download Template window opens.

Figure 2–21 Download Template Window

The screenshot shows the 'Download Template' window in the Oracle Retail Invoice Matching application. The window has a sidebar on the left with icons for navigation. The main content area has a title bar 'Download Template' and two dropdown menus: 'Template Type' and 'Template'.

1. From the Download Template window, select a template type in the Template Type field. The following template types are supported:
 - Merchandise Invoice
 - Non-merchandise Invoice
 - Credit Note
 - Debit Memo
 - Credit Memo
 - Credit Note Request
2. Select a template from the Template list. Options will vary depending on your selection in the Template Type field.
3. Click **Download** to submit the template download request.
4. Select a location in which to save the template and click **OK**.
5. Locate your saved template and proceed to add documents to the spreadsheet.

Note: The spreadsheet file must have a .ods extension.

6. Once all documents are added to the spreadsheet, continue with [Uploading Data](#).

Uploading Data

Once users have added the documents to the spreadsheet, they will submit an upload request.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Data Loading > Upload Data**. The Upload Data window opens.

Figure 2–22 Upload Data Window

The screenshot shows the 'Upload Invoice' window in the Oracle Retail Invoice Matching application. The window has a sidebar on the left with icons for navigation. The main content area is titled 'Upload Invoice' and contains several input fields: 'Template Type' (a dropdown menu), 'Template' (a dropdown menu), 'Process Description' (a text input field), and 'Source File' (a text input field with a 'Browse...' button and the text 'No file selected.').

1. From the Upload Data window, select a template type in the Template Type field. The following template types are supported:
 - Merchandise Invoice
 - Non-merchandise Invoice
 - Credit Note
 - Debit Memo
 - Credit Memo
 - Credit Note Request
 2. Select a template from the Template list. The list of values allows the selection of a template from all the templates defined in the system that are linked to the selected Template Type. It is mandatory to select a Template.
 3. Enter a value in the Process Description field. The value specified in this field allows the user to more easily search for and find the process created for the upload in order to identify the status of the upload and view any errors that may have been identified. This is a mandatory field.
 4. In the Source field, enter the directory and filename of your upload file. Alternatively, you can use the **Browse** button to browse to the upload file.
- Click **Upload** to submit your upload for processing.

Managing Requests

The Manage Requests screen allows users to search, view status, download errors, and delete Data Loading requests. If additional action is required, users can view errors, download errors, or delete the request.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Data Loading > Manage Requests**. The Manage Requests window opens.

Figure 2–23 *Manage Requests Window*

The screenshot shows the 'Manage Request Search' window in the Oracle Retail Invoice Matching application. The window has a sidebar with navigation icons and a main content area. The main content area contains a search form with the following fields: Request (a list of values), Request Name, Source File, Template, Status, Action Date, and Created By. Below the search form is a table with the following columns: Request, Request Name, Source File, Template, Status, Action Date, and Created By. The table currently displays 'No data to display'.

- Enter criteria as desired to make the search more restrictive. You must enter at least one search criterion. The following criteria are available:
 - Request – The Request field is a list of values field that lists all Request IDs for data loading requests. This allows users to search by the unique ID assigned by the system for every upload/download request.
 - Request Name – The Request Name field is a list of values where users can enter the name of a request on which to search.
 - Template – The Template field is a list of template names. This allows users to search for Request IDs created using the selected template.
 - File Name – The File Name field is a select one choice list of values where users can enter a name and the system searches based on the criteria entered.
 - Status – The Status field is a list of statuses. This allows users to search for Request IDs in the selected status.
 - Action Date – The Action Date field allows users to search for the Request IDs submitted on that date.
 - Action – The Action field is a list of actions. This allows users to search for Request IDs with the selected action.
 - Created By – The Created By field is a list of values that includes a list of users. This allows users to search for Request IDs created by the selected User. The list of users only displays users which are already available in the Search Results table.
- Click **Search**. The results are displayed in the Search Results table. The user has the ability to select rows by checking a checkbox to select them, and then choose an action for the selected rows.

Note: Actions are only available if there were errors in the upload. If there are errors in the upload, you have the option to 'View Errors' or you could 'Download Errors' to a spreadsheet. You can then fix the errors in the spreadsheet and use it to re-upload the invoices which were in error.

Reversing Debit Memos

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Document Maintenance > Document Search**. The Document Search window opens.

1. From the Document Search window, perform a search for debit memos. See [Search for a Document](#) for additional information.
2. In the Search Results pane, highlight the debit memo you want to reverse and select **Reverse** from the Action menu. The Reverse Debit Memo dialog is displayed.
3. From the Reverse Debit Memo dialog, select the items that need to be reversed and included on the Credit Memo.
4. Adjust the quantity or cost associated with those items, and select a Reason Code.
5. Click **Submit**, and the system creates a Credit Memo in Approved status for the selected line item quantities and costs.

Note: The Reverse Debit Memo dialog also allows the ability to reverse a portion of the Debit Memo by selecting individual line items, or a portion of a line item.

Note: Credit Memos created via the reversal process can be deleted until they are in Posted status. If deleted, the remaining cost/quantities available for reversal on the debit memo will be updated.

Voiding a Credit Note Request

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Document Maintenance > Document Search**. The Document Search window opens.

1. From the Document Search window, perform a search for credit note requests. See [Search for a Document](#) for additional information.
2. In the Search Results pane, highlight the credit note request you want to void and select **Void** from the Action menu. The Confirm Write Off dialog is displayed.
3. From the Confirm Write Off dialog, click **Yes**. The credit note request is voided and you are returned to the Search Results window.

Note: Credit Note requests that are in Matched status cannot be voided.

Pre-Paying a Merchandise Invoice

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Document Maintenance > Document Search**. The Document Search window opens.

1. From the Document Search window, perform a search for merchandise invoices. See [Search for a Document](#) for additional information.
2. In the Search Results pane, highlight the unpaid, unmatched merchandise invoice request you want to prepay and select **Prepay Documents** from the Action menu. The invoice is marked as pre-paid.

Note: Pre-paid invoices are still eligible for matching. Double-payment is prevented by ReIM verifying whether the pre-paid flag is set to yes.

Editing an Existing Group of Documents

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Document Maintenance > Document Search**. The Document Search window opens.

1. From the Document Search window, perform a search for the document group you wish to edit. See [Search for a Document](#) for additional information.
2. In the Search Results pane, highlight one of the documents from the group you want to edit and select Group Entry from the Action menu. The group is called up in the Group Entry dialog in Edit mode.
3. Use the forward or backward arrows to navigate to the document you wish to edit.

Matching Merchandise Invoices

Manual Match

The online manual matching process allows users to combine documents, groups of invoices and receipts together, and match them. Matched invoices are then sent to the financial system for payment as part of the posting process.

The manual matching process can take many forms. Manual summary matching allows users to select one or more invoices and attempt to match them to against any number of receipts. The selection of various combinations are initiated by user interaction with the UI by selecting or deselecting invoices and/or receipts until the desired matched results are identified and executed.

In cases where the summary match is out of tolerance, the user has the option to attempt a detail (or line level) matching process. The Line Level matching process attempts to automatically match the invoice lines based on line level tolerances and then provide the user various options to manually match or resolve the items which did not automatically match.

Search for Documents

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Invoice Matching > Summary Match**. The Summary Match Search window opens.

Figure 3–1 Summary Match Search Window

1. Enter criteria as desired to make the search more restrictive. You must enter at least one of the following search criteria: Supplier, Supplier Site, Order No., Location, and Item.
2. Click **Search**. The search results pane displays the invoices and receipts for each supplier that matches the search criteria.

Figure 3–2 Invoice/Receipt Summary Search Results

Invoices							Receipts						
Invoice	Invoice Date	Order No.	Location	Supplier	Available Amount	Available Quantity	Receipt	Receipt Date	Order No.	Location	Supplier	Available Amount	Available Quantity
☐ RVC 115007 01	3/1/2015	91007	130013	130001	4500	450.0 USD	☐ 58306	2/24/2015	87216	130003	130001	500.0000	50.0 USD
☐ RVC 115412 01	10/11/2015	115412	130003	130001	1200	120.0 USD	☐ 74802	3/1/2015	84401	130003	130001	2,200.0000	20.0 USD
☐ RVC 115414 01	10/11/2015	115414	130003	130001	1200	120.0 USD	☐ 85701	3/7/2015	87302	130003	130001	495.5000	90.0 USD
☐ RVC 115904 01	10/11/2015	115904	130003	130001	767.5	50.0 USD	☐ 86502	3/7/2015	86102	130003	130001	495.5000	90.0 USD
☐ RVC 115904 02	10/11/2015	115904	130003	130001	434.5	30.0 USD	☐ 82501	3/7/2015	93304	130003	130001	272,500.0000	7,700.0 USD
☐ RVC 115901 03	10/11/2015	115901	130003	130001	1500	150.0 USD	☐ 82701	3/7/2015	93701	130003	130001	4,190.0000	270.0 USD
☐ RVC 115901 02	10/11/2015	115901	130003	130001	1100	110.0 USD	☐ 87901	3/7/2015	100003	130003	130001	1,275.0000	150.0 USD
☐ RVC 115404 01	10/11/2015	115404	130003	130001	1900	200.0 USD	☐ 90307	3/1/2015	90108	130003	130001	500.0000	100.0 USD
☐ RVC 115409 01	10/11/2015	115409	130003	130001	1900	200.0 USD	☐ 80210	3/1/2015	90108	130003	130001	500.0000	100.0 USD
☐ RVC 83701 01	3/7/2015	83701	130003	130001	4190	270.0 CAD	☐ 80903	3/1/2015	91008	130015	130001	4,500.0000	450.0 USD
☐ RVC 83704 01	2/21/2015	83704	130003	130001	810	55.0 USD	☐ 97002	10/7/2015	108701	130003	130001	6,000.0000	600.0 USD
☐ RVC 83802 01	2/21/2015	83802	130003	130001	250	50.0 USD	☐ 97102	10/7/2015	110002	130001	130001	1,000.0000	100.0 USD
☐ RVC 83802 02	2/21/2015	83802	130003	130001	1000	100.0 USD	☐ 32508	2/23/2015	28004	130003	130001	30.0000	10.0 USD

3. Select the invoices and receipts you wish to bring to the Summary Match Screen. As long as one matchable invoice is selected, this will enable the 'Summary Match' button at the top right of the screen.
4. Click **Summary Match** to bring the selected documents to the Summary Match screen.

Summary Match Invoices

The Summary Match screen allows for the manual matching of invoices which were not matched by the auto-match batch program. The screen displays invoices and receipts which meet user specified search criteria and allows the user to select any combination of invoices and receipts to attempt to bring the documents within a match tolerance. If matching at the summary level is not possible (or not desirable), the screen allows the user to navigate to a detail match screen where matching is performed against the items on the invoice(s) and receipt(s).

Suggested Match

Suggested Match is used to suggest which receipts might be a good match for the invoice or invoices that are selected.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Invoice Matching > Summary Match**. The Invoice Summary Match window opens.

1. Perform a search for invoices and receipts. See ["Search for Documents"](#) for additional details.
2. In the search results, select all invoices and receipts from your search results and click **Summary Match**. The Invoice Summary Match screen is displayed.

Figure 3–3 Select Invoices for Suggested Match

Oracle Retail Invoice Matching - Summary Match

Invoice Summary Match

Out of Tolerance

Invoices	Receipts	Variance	% Variance	Within Tolerance	Supplier
Quantity: 472.0	Quantity: 0.0	-472.0		No	Supplier: PHLX Test AA Supplier1 9909
Cost (\$USD): 4,854,150.0	Cost (\$USD): 0.0000	-4,854,150.0		No	

Invoices

Invoice	Order No.	Location	Document Date	Available Quantity	Available Amount	Location Description
96309-9900-Cx	88308	7070	2/29/2015	45.0	800.0000	AA WH/USD
75707-111	75707	7070	2/29/2015	100.0	1,000.0000	AA WH/USD
90101inv2	90101	7070	3/1/2015	22.0	54.1500	AA WH/USD
92902 inv1	92902	7070	3/1/2015	10.0	200.0000	AA WH/USD
100301 inv1	100301	7070	3/7/2015	300.0	3,000.0000	AA WH/USD

Receipts

Receipt	Order No.	Location	Receipt Date	Available Quantity	Available Amount	Merchandise Amount
24201	28801	7070	2/2/2015	35.0	45.0000	45
78606	88308	7070	3/1/2015	30.0	450.0000	450

Suggested Match **Match** **Detail Match** **Cancel** **Done**

3. Select one or more invoices and verify that all receipts are unselected. Click **Suggested Match**.

The system evaluates various combinations of the receipts to determine the best match for the selected invoices. The combination of receipts which are considered the best match for the selected invoices are flagged as selected and the Summary Match table is updated to reflect the selected receipts.

Note: The suggested match returns the best match it finds even if that match is outside of tolerance.

4. If the suggested match is within tolerance, click **Match** to match the invoices to the receipts. If the suggested match is out of tolerance you can elect to make adjustments as necessary.

Adding Documents to Summary Match

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Invoice Matching > Summary Match**. The Invoice Summary Match Search window opens.

1. Perform a search for invoices and receipts. See ["Search for Documents"](#) for additional details.
2. In the search results, select the invoices and receipts you want to match from your search results and click **Summary Match**. The Invoice Summary Match Search screen is displayed.

Figure 3–4 Invoice Summary Match Search Screen

Oracle Retail Invoice Matching

Invoice Summary Match

Quantity: 472.0, Cost (USD): 4,854,150.0, Receipts: 0.0, Variance: -472.0, % Variance: -4,854,150.0, Supplier: Palle Test-Ak-Supplier1 8809

Invoices

Invoice	Order No.	Location	Document Date	Available Quantity	Available Amount	Location Description
86109-8400-C6	88308	7870	2/29/2015	45.0	600.0000	AA WH/USD
75107-111	75707	7870	2/29/2015	100.0	1,000.0000	AA WH/USD
80101-mx2	80101	7870	3/10/2015	22.0	54.1500	AA WH/USD
82902-mx1	82902	7870	3/10/2015	10.0	200.0000	AA WH/USD
100301-mx1	100301	7870	3/10/2015	300.0	3,000.0000	AA WH/USD

Receipts

Receipt	Order No.	Location	Receipt Date	Available Quantity	Available Amount	Merchandise Amount
24201	24801	7870	2/20/2015	35.0	45.0000	45
78606	88308	7870	3/10/2015	30.0	450.0000	450

- Determine whether an invoice or a receipt is needed to reach tolerance. From the Action menu of the invoice or receipt list, select **Add**. The Invoice Receipt Search dialog is displayed.

Figure 3–5 Invoice Receipt Search Dialog

Invoice Receipt Search

Search criteria: Supplier, Supplier Site, Order No., Location, Item

Include Invoice only if Receipt found ☐
Limit To Invoice Driven Sources Only ☐

Search, Reset, Save, Done

Invoices

Invoice	Invoice Date	Order No.	Location
No data to display.			

Receipts

Receipt	Receipt Date	Order No.	Location
No data to display.			

OK, Cancel

- Enter your search criteria and click **Search**. A list of invoices and receipts is displayed based on your search criteria.
- Check the invoice or receipt that you want to add to the summary match and click **OK**. You are returned to the Invoice Summary Match screen and the selected invoice or receipt is added to the respective list.

Detail Match Invoices

Detail Match enables the user to match the items on invoices to the items on receipts.

When navigating to the Detail Match screen invoices and receipts are grouped by item. All the items are in an unmatched status. Items which are within tolerance are flagged as selected.

The Detail Match screen shows two tables at the top section of the screen. On the left side is the Summary Match table. This is the same table that appears on the Summary Match screen, and it shows the matching status of the invoices and receipts which were brought to the Detail Match Screen. As items are matched or resolved, they are deducted from the Summary Match Totals table. As these deductions occur, if the match becomes within tolerance at the summary level, then the Summary Match button is enabled and the user has the option of summary matching the remainder of the invoice.

The Detail Match Totals table is in the upper right section of the screen. As items are selected from the detail match table below, the Detail Match Totals table is updated showing the totals for the items being considered for matching or resolution. When a match or resolution is executed, these totals are emptied as the action will consume everything that was currently selected.

The lower section of the screen shows the Detail Match table. The Detail Match table is a hierarchical table with three possible levels. The top level is a parent (or style) level. This level is optional, and only appears when a sku item has a parent. The parent level row is used for mass selection (or de-selection) of the child skus under the parent. The Parent level selection can be used for parent level matching if the supplier is configured for this feature.

The second level in the Detail Match table is the sku level. This is the main driver of the matching process. This row displays an accumulated total of all the invoices and receipts which are set to be included in a match for the item. The sku row also contains a check box to indicate that the user wishes to take an action on this item.

The third level in the Detail Match table is the invoices and receipts level. There are two types of rows at this level; the invoice row and the receipt row. The invoice row displays a document icon to distinguish it from the receipt row, and only the invoice columns are populated. The receipt row displays a truck icon to distinguish it from the invoice row and only the receipt column is populated.

There can be multiple invoice or receipt rows for the same item. The include check box is present on both invoice and receipt rows, and if checked, that row is included in the totals of the sku row. If the sku is selected, the row is also included in the action (matching or resolution). Rows that have the include check box unchecked are not included in the action.

Detail Match Invoice/Item View

The Detail Match - Invoice/Item View is designed to facilitate the mass processing of simple resolutions. It does this by using the Query by Example (QBE) filtering feature of ADF which is available in this view since it is a single tiered table. Complicated resolutions should continue to be handled through the main detail match item view.

The Detail Match - Invoice/Item View screen displays the unmatched sku rows of the detail matched screen. All receipt rows included in the hierarchy under the sku are included in the sku totals on the Invoice/Item View regardless of the Include setting on individual rows. The Invoice/Item View is similar to the View on the Discrepancy Review List, except here the receipt total is based on the receipts under the item in the hierarchy table rather than based on the match key.

If there are two or more invoice rows under the sku row in the detail match item view, each invoice/item combination generates its own row in the alternative view. When the same sku appears multiple times in the alternative view, the receipt totals for the

item are repeated on all the item/invoice rows in the alternative view. That is, the receipt information is repeated for each row for the sku.

Note: Two or more rows with the same sku cannot be selected at the same time on the Invoice/Item view.

Matching Items within Tolerance

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Invoice Matching > Summary Match**. The Invoice Summary Match window opens.

1. Perform a search for invoices and receipts. See ["Search for Documents"](#) for additional details.
2. In the search results, select the invoices and receipts you want to match from your search results and click **Summary Match**. The Invoice Summary Match screen is displayed.
3. Select the invoice and receipts that you want to evaluate at the line level and click the **Detail Match** button. The Detail Match screen is displayed.
4. On the detail match screen, items which are 'within tolerance' are flagged as selected, click **Detail Match** to execute the Detail Matching routine. The selected items are flagged as cost and quantity matched.

Note: The Detail Match button is enabled if the variance on each selected item is within line level tolerances. If any one of the selected items is outside of the tolerance, the detail match button is disabled.

Substitution

Situations may arise where a substitution may need to be made on a receipt item. For example:

If a retailer ordered one item, but when the supplier went to ship the order there was a problem with the ordered item (maybe an out of stock). The supplier then shipped a replacement item. The replacement item is received at the retailer site, but the invoice was never updated to reflect the new item. When the invoice arrives, the summary match is outside of tolerance so detail matching is attempted. It is unsuccessful however since the invoice item which was replaced does not match to any items on the receipt.

When a situation like this occurs, the user is allowed to perform a substitute action on the receipt item to facilitate the matching process.

Substitution involves isolating a receipt row for an item, selecting it, and then identifying the sku where you want to move the substitute item. Receipt items can be selected for substitution as follows:

1. From the Invoice Matching Detail Match screen, ensure that only a single sku row is selected. Substitution only allows one sku at a time.
2. For the sku that you want to use for a substitution, uncheck the 'include' check box for any invoice row associated with the sku and check the 'include' check box for the receipt row you want to use for the substitution.
3. Click the Substitute button. The Substitute dialog is displayed.

Figure 3–6 Substitute Dialog

Substitute

Receipt 47001

Item 129650320 TIM ITEM 129650320

* New Item ▼

Apply Cancel

4. Enter the item ID for which the receipt item is a substitute. Only items from invoices in the current match are allowed in the substitute action.

When the substitution is complete, the receipt entry displays the substituted item ID under the hierarchy of the substitute item. The original item ID is retained and is available if you hover over the substitute item. Note that when the substituted item comes over into the hierarchy of the new item, the Include checkbox on the substitute item is off and must be checked to be included for it to be included in any subsequent matching or resolution.

Note: If there was a receipt item already present for the substitute item, the unit costs must be the same on the receipt items or they can not be matched together.

Note: If a substitute process is started, but then the substituted item is not matched or resolved with the new item, it reverts to its original state if the user leaves the Detail Match screen and then returns.

Resolving Discrepancies

The Resolve button on the Invoice Matching Detail Match screen is enabled when there are one or more unmatched items selected which are valid to be resolved together. For example, if one sku is selected with a quantity overbill, and another sku is selected with a quantity underbill, the Resolve button is disabled. This is because resolving a quantity overbill with a quantity underbill is not allowed since it is typically resolved with a different type of reason code action.

When one item is selected or multiple items with similar discrepancies are selected, clicking the Resolve button opens the Resolve Discrepancy dialog which allows the discrepancy resolution process to proceed on all selected items. Note that both cost and quantity discrepancies can be resolved with the same Resolve Discrepancy dialog.

Figure 3–7 Resolve Discrepancy Dialog

Resolve Discrepancy

Item 134500078 Item4

Invoice Inv2-65001 Order No. 65001

Receipt Multiple

Quantity Resolution

☐ Invoice Quantity 752.0
☒ Receipt Quantity 0.0
☐ Defer Quantity Resolution

Reason Code ▼

Comment

► Multiple Reason Codes

Unit Cost Resolution

☐ Invoice Unit Cost 20.0000
☒ Receipt Unit Cost 16.0000
☐ Defer Unit Cost Resolution

Reason Code ▼

Comment

► Multiple Reason Codes

Apply Cancel

Parent Match Invoices

Some retailers order and receive product at the style level allowing the supplier some flexibility in substituting one size or color within the style for another. The Parent Match type is an extension of Detail Level Matching, allowing matching at the parent (or style) level instead of the sku level. Parent Level Matching is available through the Auto Match Batch by using a 'Parent Level' type on a Match Strategy Detail Level entry. It is also available in the online matching with the 'Online Parent Matching' Supplier Option.

Parent Level tolerances were added to the Tolerance Maintenance screen to facilitate parent matching. If a parent is outside of tolerance, no matching occurs. Discrepancy resolution is not supported at the parent level.

Auto-Match Invoices

The ReIM auto-match program allows for four types of matching:

1. Cost Pre-matching
2. All-to-All Summary
3. One-to-Many Summary
4. Detail Matching

Retailers will be able to select which types of matches should be attempted and in what order the match attempts should occur, with the exception of Cost Pre-Matching which must be performed first if enabled. Also, users are able to specify what match key to use to combine documents together for matching.

The batch Auto-match program utilizes Match Strategies to determine which types of matches to attempt. Match strategies are setup on the Match Strategies Maintenance screen while the Supplier Options Maintenance screen allows a match strategy to be assigned to a supplier group or a supplier. If a match strategy is not defined at the supplier group or supplier level there is a system level default match strategy.

The auto-match program does not attempt to match an invoice if one or more items on the invoice meet the following criteria:

- a cost discrepancy exists for the for an item but the quantity is flagged as matched
- a quantity discrepancy exists for the item but the cost is flagged as matched

These conditions essentially are indicating that an item on an invoice is partially matched (either quantity or cost) to a receipt item. Therefore, the user is required to manually match the invoice which will require them to address this partially matched scenario directly during the manual matching process.

Match Strategies

The batch auto-match program performs several types of match attempts in an effort to match invoices to receipts. The Match Strategy rules feature allows retailers to build and maintain match strategies which specifically define the types of matches which should be attempted and the order in which they should be tried during the auto-match process. The match strategies can be defined at the system, supplier group, or supplier level.

Mapping Match Strategy to a Supplier Group or a Supplier

The mapping of a Match Strategy to a Supplier or Supplier Group is done in the Supplier Options UI. The Match Strategy is a field on the Supplier Options table, available for either suppliers or supplier groups. If it is populated, then the supplier or supplier group is mapped to that strategy. If the supplier is not mapped at one of these levels, then the match strategy default is used for that supplier. For additional information, see ["Match Strategy Maintenance"](#) on page 7-14.

The creation of a Supplier Group is tightly integrated to the logic for selecting documents to be processed by the match engine. If a Supplier Group is created, all the documents for all the suppliers in the group are considered by the match engine together. If a match strategy is defined at the Supplier Group level, then it is used to determine what match attempts to apply against the documents in the supplier group.

If a match strategy is not defined at the supplier group level, then the system default match strategy is used to determine which match attempts are used to attempt to match documents for the supplier group. If a match strategy was set up for one of the suppliers for a supplier group, it is ignored by the match engine and the UI should show it as N/A.

If a supplier is not part of a supplier group, then all the documents for that supplier are considered by the match engine together. If a match strategy is defined at the Supplier level, then it is used to determine what match attempts to apply against the documents for that supplier.

If a match strategy is not defined at the supplier level, then the system default match strategy is used to determine which match attempts should be used to attempt to match documents for the supplier.

Tax Validation on Header only Matches

ReIM uses a routine in the auto-matching program to perform a tax validation for header only invoices. The tax validation is executed when a header only invoice matches (either perfectly or within tolerance). The tax validation compares the taxes on the invoice to the taxes generated by the items from the receipt. In addition, the tax validation:

- ensures that all tax codes used on the invoice(s) are also used on the receipts in the match, and that the tax rates are exactly the same.
- ensures that all tax codes on the receipts used in the match are also on the invoice(s) and that the rates match.

If the match passes these two criteria, the invoice (and receipts) can be considered matched. If the validation fails, the invoice(s) are put into tax discrepant status.

Cost Pre-Matching

The Cost Pre-Matching routine is optional but if it is run, it is always ran as the first step of the Auto-match batch. When the Cost Pre-Matching routine is run, it is run against all suppliers. The routine is only executed if no receipts are found for the invoice in the match pool. If it finds differences in the cost on the order and the cost on the invoice which are outside of the tolerance level, it generates a cost discrepancy.

Note: If the costs do match, the item is not flagged as 'cost matched' because it is still possible that the cost in RMS will change before the receipt comes in which would then need to be recognized as a variance.

Summary Match

The Auto Match Batch attempts various types of Summary Matches based on the Match Strategy associated with the supplier or supplier group. Summary Matching involves looking at the total document values (cost and optionally quantity) without considering the specific items on each document. The various types of Summary Matches are described below.

Summary Match All-to-All

An all-to-all match attempts to match all invoice documents to all receipt documents in the match pool. Used in combination with the Match Strategy table, all-to-all matching provides the user:

- The option to choose whether or not to run the all-to-all match.
- The option to choose the order in which the all-to-all match is attempted. For example, the user could decide to execute the one-to-many match before the all-to-all match.
- The option to choose the number of times an all-to-all match is attempted. Ideally, multiple of the same type of match attempt will be separated by other types of match attempts.
- The option to decide how to group the invoices and receipts together to attempt matching by specifying the match key.

Note: The Best Match parameter is not applicable for all-to-all matches.

Summary Match One-to-Many

A one-to-many match attempts to match one invoice document to one or more receipt documents. There are two options when performing a one-to-many summary match:

- Regular Match

Regular Match attempts to match the invoices and receipts in the pool as one to one matches. If an invoice could match to two or more receipts within tolerance, then the match fails. Similarly, if two or more invoices could match to a single receipt (within tolerance), then the match fails and both invoices are put in multi-unresolved status. If Regular Match fails because the invoice could be matched to multiple receipts or if it failed because multiple invoices could be matched to one receipt, the invoice is flagged as multi-unresolved. If a Regular Match fails for any other reason, the invoice is flagged as an 'Unresolved' match.

- Best Match

The Best Match setting applies additional logic to select better matches when multiple receipts or receipt combinations can be matched to a single invoice. The best match process creates all combinations of one invoice to one or more receipts and selects the best match.

The best match logic selects the receipt or combination of receipts that provides the lowest absolute variance. If two potential matches to the invoice have the same absolute variance but one is an overbill and one is an underbill, the underbill takes precedence. If the two potential matches have identical variances, then the invoice quantity matching will be used as additional criteria. The match with the smallest absolute quantity variance will be taken as the 'best match'. If the absolute quantity variances are the same then no best match can be determined and the invoice is left as unmatched.

SKU Compliance on Summary Match

Generally, a match is valid at the summary level if the invoices and receipts match within tolerance. The match is always checked against total cost tolerance and it is optionally checked against quantity. However, summary matching does not look at the items on the invoice at all so it is possible to get a match at the summary level where none (or only a few) of the items on the invoice are actually on the receipt. In this case, the value of the match is acceptable, so the match does happen, but the quality of the match (meaning was the invoice really charging for items which were received) can be completely suspect.

The SKU compliance feature can be used with summary matching to ensure that the items on the invoice(s) were also on the receipt(s) which were included in the match. SKU compliance is only calculated if all invoices in a match have details. Therefore, if any of the invoices in the match is a header only invoice, the SKU compliance is skipped.

SKU compliance checks for how many of the items on the invoice(s) are on the receipt(s) and how many of the items on the receipt(s) are on the invoice(s). There is a percent calculation for each of these ratios, and both ratios must pass the Supplier's or Supplier Group's configured SKU compliance percent for the match to be accepted.

Detail Matching

Detail matching provides the last level of matching possible.

Eligibility for Detail Matching

In auto-matching, matching can be performed for the entire invoice or it can be broken down to the line level. Detail (or line level) matching is performed by item.

In order to be eligible for detail matching, an invoice or receipt must meet the following conditions:

1. Lines must be present on the invoice: Auto-matching assumes that invoices either have all lines in the system or no lines. The system neither validates nor processes partial invoices. If any lines are present, auto-matching assumes that all lines are present.
2. The invoice must not be part of a manual group. Manual groups are created during the detail match process when an item is partially resolved to a receipt item (for instance the cost is resolved but quantity is deferred). In this circumstance, the invoice and receipt will be ignored by Auto Match Batch and the match will need to be completed through the online processing.

Routing Discrepancies

Part of the detail matching process includes the 'routing' of discrepancies. The 'routing' of discrepancies means that the discrepancies will appear on the 'Discrepancy Review List'. Discrepancies are not routed until after the 'routing date' has passed.

The system uses settings and a formula to arrive at its determination of routing days. A supplier option is used to define how long the system should wait before routing discrepancies for invoices for that supplier. However, if the invoice is due sooner than the routing date, then discrepancies may be routed earlier than the routing date. A system option determines the number of days before the invoice 16x that discrepancies will be routed. The earliest date between the routing date defined by the supplier option and the routing date dictated by the system option is the date on which auto-match routes discrepancies for an invoice.

Supplier option: routing days = x days

System option: maximum days before 16x = y days

Supplier driven routing date = invoice date + x days

System driven routing date = invoice 16x - y days

The date of actual routing is the earlier of the supplier driven routing date and the system-driven routing date.

Therefore, discrepancies are typically not seen on the Discrepancy Review List until after the routing date has passed. (A discrepancy could potentially get to the Discrepancy Review List before the routing date if it was partially resolved manually through the UI.) There is also a system option called Delay Line Matching. If this indicator is checked, then the system does not even attempt detail matching until after the routing date has passed. If the indicator is unchecked, then detail matching is attempted before the routing date passes, but discrepancies will not show up on the Discrepancy Review List until after the routing date has passed.

Regular versus Best Match

Regular detail matching compares the invoice item with the matching receipt item from all receipts in the pool.

When regular matching is only done within a PO, the unit costs on all the receipt items are the same. If the match key being used allows the user to cross PO's, a constraint is included to require all receipt costs on an item to be the same. If receipt costs are different for the same item, detail matching is not allowed for the item.

The Best Match Strategy for detail matching does two separate routines when attempting to match items within the match pool:

1. If the cost of the item on all invoices in the pool is the same, (remember the cost of the item on all receipts also has to be the same - though not necessarily the same as the invoice item), Best Match attempts to match all invoices to all receipts in the pool for that item (an all-to-all match). If they are within tolerance for both cost and quantity in the all-to-all step, then the item is matched on all invoices and on all receipts within the pool. If either the cost or quantity match fails, then nothing is flagged as matched and the process continues with step 2.
2. For the item, look at the item on each invoice in the pool individually and compare it to the sum of all receipts in the pool and select the best match. The criteria for determining the best match in this scenario is as follows:
 - Calculate the unit cost variance, and if it is out of tolerance the invoice is rejected from best match consideration.
 - Calculate the quantity variance and if it is out of tolerance the invoice is rejected from best match consideration.
 - At this point the match is eligible for consideration for best match. Calculate the variance on the extended cost between the invoice item and the receipt item(s). This variance is compared against all matches that have passed steps 1 and 2 and thus are eligible for best match consideration.
 - Compare the absolute variance for all the matches which are eligible for best match consideration. Take the match with the least absolute variance as the best match. If two matches have the same absolute variance but one is an overbill and one is an underbill, select the underbill as the best match. If the variances are identical, then a best match is not possible, so the match is skipped.

If the Best Match attempt is unsuccessful, it means that the Regular Match would also have not been successful. However, if the routing date has passed you should attempt regular matching including the auto-resolution process and the generation of discrepancies.

Note: A Best Match may not have been valid because just the unit cost or just the quantity was out of tolerance. Therefore, it is possible that either unit cost or quantity is within tolerance.

The Regular Match attempts to match the invoice item with the receipt items from all receipts in the match key (all receipt unit costs must match the unit cost of the item for the PO/Location) for the invoice being matched).

Generating Discrepancies

During regular detail matching (not best match), the auto-matching process generates discrepancies for cost and quantity discrepancies which are outside of tolerance. There are four types of discrepancies possible:

- Cost in favor of supplier

- Quantity in favor of supplier
- Cost in favor of the retailer
- Quantity in favor of the retailer

In addition, the Tolerance table includes an Auto Resolution column which is used to determine the variance percent (or amount) allowed to complete an automatic resolution. The Auto Resolution column means that there are three types of discrepancies:

- Discrepancies which are within the 'variance within tolerance' (VWT) setting
- Discrepancies which have a variance which can be automatically resolved
- Discrepancies which have a variance which is too large to be automatically resolved. These variances generate a discrepancy and are sent to the Discrepancy Review list

Discrepancies which are within the variance within tolerance setting Variance within tolerance (VWT) is a variance that is less than or equal to the tolerance amount.

Discrepancies which have a variance which can be automatically resolved Discrepancies which can be automatically resolved are discrepancies where the variance is between the tolerance value (exclusive) and the auto resolution value (inclusive) from the tolerance table. When doing automatic resolutions, in addition to the auto resolution value being populated, the Reason Code column needs to be populated.

Discrepancies which have a variance which is too large to be automatically resolved

Discrepancies which are outside of tolerance are those where the variance is greater than auto resolution value. These will have a discrepancy generated and sent to the Discrepancy Review List.

Automated Discrepancy Resolution

When a discrepancy has been identified as one which can be automatically resolved (based on comparing the variance with the applicable tolerance from the tolerance table), the resolution steps should mirror the processes which would occur if the discrepancy were resolved using the online discrepancy resolution process. These steps include:

1. The discrepancy is generated and sent to the review list.

Note: The remaining steps in the process effectively remove the discrepancy from the review list, but the data trail is the same whether a discrepancy is automatically or manually resolve.

2. The system looks up the appropriate resolution action on the reason code table using the code assigned on the tolerance table row associated with the discrepancy.
3. The resolution action is applied to resolve the discrepancy. If the resolution is a receipt adjustment, entries are made to the appropriate tables in ReIM to execute the trigger which performs the receipt adjustment in RMS.
4. If this is the last item on the invoice to be resolved then the whole invoice is flagged as matched. If this was the last item for the receipt to be resolved, then the receipt is also flagged as matched.

5. When the automated resolution process has been completed, the resolution actions generate debit and/or credit memos during the rollup job assuming the invoice is not on hold. If the invoice is on hold, the documents are generated when the invoice is removed from hold after all credit note requests have been satisfied.

Matching Across Multiple Purchase Orders

By utilizing the ability to assign additional Purchase Orders to an invoice, which enables the match engine to focus its matching efforts on the specific POs associated with the invoice, ReIM provides the ability to automatically match a merchandise invoice across multiple purchase orders.

This auto match is initiated only when the match key for the supplier (or supplier group) is above the PO level. This means that auto matching across POs is available when the match key is set to one of the following:

- Supplier Group/Location
- Supplier/Location
- Supplier Site/Location

On the One to Many Summary Match and Detail Match (Regular and Parent) strategies, the additional Purchase Orders assigned to an invoice are used to further filter the receipts which will be included in the match pool.

The Discrepancy Review List pulls receipts for an invoice/item based on the match key. When the 'Match Across Multiple Purchase Orders' indicator is set for a supplier, (or supplier group), the receipt results should be further filtered based on the list of POs for the invoice.

When the Summary Match screen is called from the Invoices Due Report on the dashboard, the match key is used to pull in all invoices and receipts associated with the match key. When the Match Across Multiple Purchase Orders indicator is set for a supplier (or supplier group), the results on the Summary Match screen should be further filtered based on the list of POs associated with the selected invoice on the dashboard.

Unmatching an Invoice

The Unmatch feature allows unposted merchandise invoices to be unmatched. The unmatch process unmatched any receipts which were associated with the matched invoices and also remove any resolutions associated with the match. In addition, if the invoice was summary matched with additional invoices, these invoices are also unmatched. The unmatch feature is only available when the invoice is in a Matched status.

Note: The Unmatch process is only allowed on documents which were matched within the ReIM system. Documents such as invoices from ERS Suppliers, Consignment invoices, or matched invoices from DSD integration can not be unmatched. In addition, matched invoices generated by a tax resolution can not be unmatched.

The Unmatch feature supports the unmatching of merchandise invoices that were matched by ReIM (either automatch or manual match). The following types of matched invoices can be unmatched:

- Detail Matched Invoices

- Summary Matched Invoices
- Invoices which were partially detail matched and then summary matched
- Partially Matched Invoices

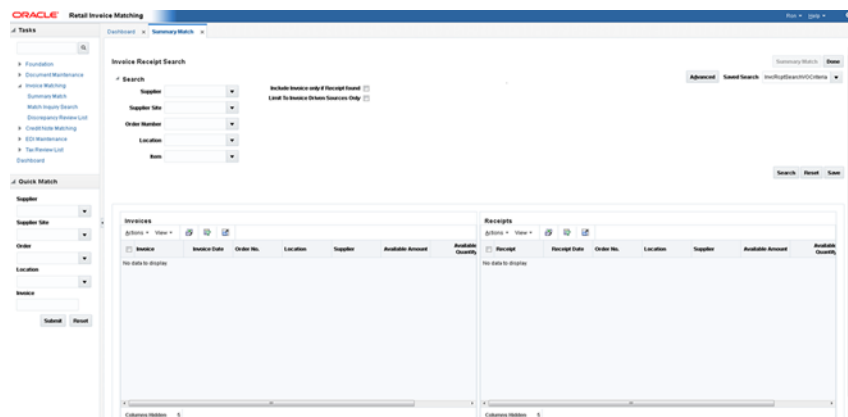
For summary matched invoices and invoices which were partially detail matched and then summary matched, if the summary match involved multiple invoices, the system shows the user the number of invoices which were part of the summary match and asks them if they also want to unmatched those invoices. If the user indicates no, then the unmatched process is canceled. If the user indicates yes, then all the invoices in the summary match have the summary match undone.

Note: If any of the other invoices pulled into the summary match had been partially detail matched first, these detail matches will not be affected. The unmatched process only unmatched matches that are specifically related to the invoice selected for the unmatched. This means that for the other invoices, ReIM only confirms that they are in Matched status to be able to complete the unmatched. Any discrepancies related to these other invoices are outside the scope of the unmatched process.

Unmatch an Invoice

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Invoice Matching > Summary Match**. The Summary Match Search window opens.

Figure 3–8 Summary Match Search Window



1. Perform a search for the invoice you want to unmatched. See ["Search for Documents"](#) for additional details.
2. In the search results, click the invoice you want to unmatched. The Invoice Summary screen is displayed.

Figure 3–9 Invoice Summary Screen

Oracle Retail Invoice Matching

Dashboard | Match Inquiry Search | Invoice #_209003_01

Invoice Header

Invoice	Supplier	Supplier Name	Supplier Site	Location	Location Name	Location Type	Order No.	Document Date	Match User	Match Date	Status	Total Quantity	Total Amount Excluding Tax	Tax Amount	Total Amount	Set Rate
P_209003_01	5812374101	Demo Supplier	5812374102	9121	Alloy Demo War...	Warehouse	209003	2/28/2016	REM_ACMN	5/15/2016	MTCH	38.9	456.00	45.60	501.60	Dev

Summary Match

Detail Match

Item	VPN	Reason Code	Status	Invoice	Invoice Unit Cost	Invoice Quantity	Invoice Extended Cost	Receipt	Receipt Unit Cost	Receipt Quantity	Receipt Extended Cost	Cost Variance	Quantity Variance	Original Item
No data to display														

Adjustment Documents

Document	Document Type	Supplier	Supplier Name	Supplier Site	Supplier Site Name	Order No.	Document Date	Total Quantity	Total Amount Excluding Tax	Tax Amount	Total Amount
No data to display											

3. Select **Unmatch** from the Action menu. An Unmatch Confirmation dialog is displayed.

Figure 3–10 Unmatch Confirmation Dialog

Unmatch Confirmation

The selected match will be unmatched. Do you want to continue?

OK Cancel

4. Click **OK** to confirm the unmatch. A dialog is displayed confirming that the unmatch was successful.

Figure 3–11 Unmatch Successful Dialog

Unmatch successfull. Please refresh the search screen for latest results.

Unmatch successfull. Please refresh the search screen for latest results.

OK

5. Click **OK**. You are returned to the Match Inquiry Search screen.

Unmatch a Partially Matched Invoice

When one or more items are matched on a partially matched invoice, you can unmatch an item.

1. Navigate to the detail match screen.
2. Select **Matched** from the drop down in the Actions bar.

3. Select the item(s) you wish to Unmatch.
4. Select **Unmatch** from the Actions menu.

Match Credit Notes to Credit Note Requests

Manual Match Credit Notes to Credit Note Requests

The manual matching of credit notes to credit note requests mirrors the manual matching of invoices to receipts. Therefore, the credit note matching feature includes the ability to Summary Match credit notes to credit note requests, as well as the ability to detail match a credit note to one or more credit note requests.

Credit note requests documents are of three types; CNR-Cost, CNR-Quantity, and CNR-Tax. A CNR-Cost and CNR-Quantity document could be pulled into the same match pool and matched to one or more credit note(s). (CN's do not have a separate type for cost or quantity, there is just a CN document which could include cost, quantity, or both.) A CNR-Tax is the reversal of an invoice which was determined to have the wrong tax applied. It is likely to be matched separately from other types of CNR's, it should be able to be matched like any other CNR document.

Search for Credit Note Requests and Credit Notes to Match

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Credit Note Matching > Summary Match**. The Credit Note Summary Match window opens.

Figure 4–1 Credit Note Summary Match Window

1. Enter criteria as desired to make the search more restrictive. You must enter at least one search criterion.

- Click **Search**. The search results pane displays the credit note requests and credit notes for each supplier that match the search criteria.

Figure 4–2 Credit Note Summary Search Results

Credit Notes							Credit Note Requests						
Credit Note	Document Date	Order Number	Location	Supplier	Total Cost	Total Quantity	Credit Note Request	Document Date	Order Number	Location	Supplier	Total Cost	Total Quantity
CH 94402 01	3/7/15	94402	130003	130001	-3,300.0000	33	CNC17403 01	2/20/15	77403	130003	130001	-43.2500	
CH 99001 01	3/7/15	99001	130003	130001	-511.4000	99	CNC103703 01	9/16/15	103703	130003	130001	-5,600.0000	
CH 99102 01	3/7/15	99102	130003	130001	-474.8400	78	CNC103703 02	9/16/15	103703	130003	130001	-1,375.0000	
CH 103703 01	9/16/15	103703	130003	130001	-7,736.0000	78	CNC103801 01	9/16/15	103801	130003	130001	-150.0000	
CH 103703 02	9/16/15	103703	130003	130001	-6,055.0000	118	CNC103801 02	9/16/15	103801	130003	130001	-44.0000	
CH 106001 01	9/16/15	106001	130003	130001	-795.0000	48	CNC106004 01	9/16/15	106004	130004	130001	-1,775.4000	
CH 112503 01	10/9/15	112503	130003	130001	-117.5000	30	CNC112503 01	10/9/15	112503	130003	130001	-537.5000	
CH 112503 02	10/9/15	112503	130003	130001	-537.5000	100	CNC112503 02	10/9/15	112503	130003	130001	-537.5000	
CH 112503 03	10/9/15	112503	130003	130001	-591.2500	30	DEAL375004_8	3/31/15		130003	130001	-1,000.0000	
							DEAL550001_8	9/16/15		130003	130001	-100.0000	
							CN0904C 1132...	1/9/15	113201	130003	130001	-200.0000	
							CN0904C 1138...	1/9/15	113802	130003	130001	-200.0000	
							CNC1002 01	1/9/15		130003	130001	-890.0000	

The Credit Note Summary Match screen allows for the manual matching of Credit Notes which were not matched by the Credit Note auto-match batch program. The screen shows Credit Notes (CN) and Credit Note Requests (CNR) which meet your specified search criteria and allows you to select any combination of Credit Notes and Credit Note Receipts to attempt to bring the documents within a match tolerance. If matching at the summary level is not possible (or not desirable), the screen allows you to navigate to a detail match screen where matching is performed against the items on the Credit Notes and Credit Note Requests.

Summary Match Credit Notes

The summary matching windows allow you to match credit notes and credit note requests. By limiting the credit note request and credit note criteria on the Summary Match Find window, you can view credit note requests and credit notes with similarities.

Suggested Match

Suggested Match is used to suggest which CNRs might be a good match for the CN or CNs that are selected.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Credit Note Matching > Summary Match**. The Credit Note Summary Match window opens.

- Perform a search for credit note requests and credit notes. See [Search for Credit Note Requests and Credit Notes to Match](#) for additional details.
- In the search results, select all CNs and CNRs from your search results and click **Summary Match**. The Credit Note Summary Match screen is displayed.

Figure 4–3 Select CNs for Suggested Match

Credit Note Summary Match

Exact Match	Credit Notes	Requests	Variance	% Variance	Within Tolerance
✓	Quantity: 0.0 Cost: 0	0.0 0	0.0 0	0.0 0	No No

Credit Notes

Order Number	Location	Document Date
CN 94402 01	130003	3/7/15
CN 98001 01	130003	3/7/15
CN 98102 01	130003	3/7/15
CN 103703 01	130003	9/16/15
CN 103703 02	130003	9/16/15
CN 106001 01	130003	9/16/15
CN 112503 01	130003	10/8/15
CN 112503 02	130003	10/8/15
CN 112503 03	130003	10/8/15

Credit Note Requests

Credit Note Request	Order Number	Location	Document Date
CNC77403 01	77403	130003	2/28/15
CNC103703 01	103703	130003	9/16/15
CNC103703 02	103703	130003	9/16/15
CNC103801 01	103801	130003	9/16/15
CNC103801 02	103801	130003	9/16/15
CNC104504 01	104504	130004	9/16/15
CNC112503 01	112503	130003	10/8/15
CNC112503 02	112503	130003	10/8/15
CNGRVC 1132...	113201	130003	10/7/15
CNGRVC 1138...	113802	130003	10/11/15
CNC1002 01	130003	130003	10/11/15

Quick Match

Supplier:
Supplier Site:
Order:
Location:
Invoice:
Submit Reset

3. Select one or more CNs and verify that all CNRs are unselected. Click **Suggested Match**.

The system evaluates various combinations of the CNRs to determine what is the best match for the selected CNs. The combination of CNRs which are considered the best match for the selected CNs are flagged as selected and the Summary Match table is updated to reflect the selected CNRs.

Note: The suggested match returns the best match it finds even if that match is outside of tolerance.

4. If the suggested match is within tolerance, click **Match** to match the CNs to the CNRs. If the suggested match is out of tolerance you can elect to make adjustments as necessary.

Adding Documents to Summary Match

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Credit Note Matching > Summary Match**. The Credit Note Summary Match window opens.

1. Perform a search for credit note requests and credit notes. See [Search for Credit Note Requests and Credit Notes to Match](#) for additional details.
2. In the search results, select the CNs and CNRs you want to match from your search results and click **Summary Match**. The Credit Note Summary Match screen is displayed.

Figure 4–4 Credit Note Summary Match Screen

Credit Note Summary Match

Out of Tolerance

Credit Notes	Requests	Variance	% Variance	Within Tolerance	Supplier
Quantity 123.0	115.0	-8.0	-6.5000	No	Tim Supplier 130001 999999999
Cost (USD) -3,811.4000	-5,583.2500	-1,771.8500	31.7400	No	Tax Discrepancy? Yes

Credit Notes

Credit Note	Order Number	Location	Document Date
✓ CN 94402 01	94402	130003	3/7/15
✓ CN 98001 01	98001	130003	3/7/15

Credit Note Requests

Credit Note Request	Order Number	Location	Document Date
✓ CN077403 01	77403	130003	2/28/15
✓ CN0103703 01	103703	130003	9/16/15

Columns Hidden: 15 (Credit Notes), 13 (Credit Note Requests)

- Determine whether a CN or a CNR are needed to reach tolerance. From the Action menu of the CN or CNR list, select **Add**. The Find Credit Notes and Credit Note Requests dialog is displayed.

Figure 4–5 Find Credit Notes and Credit Note Requests Dialog

Find Credit Notes and Credit Note Requests

Search

Supplier Invoice

Supplier Site Item

Order Number

Location

Credit Note Request

Search Reset Save...

Credit Notes

Credit Note	Document Date	Order Number	Location
No data to display.			

Credit Note Requests

Credit Note Request	Document Date	Order Number	Location
No data to display.			

OK Cancel

- Enter your search criteria and click **Search**. A list of CNs and CNRs is displayed based on your search criteria.
- Check the CN or CNR that you want to add to the summary match and click **OK**. You are returned to the Credit Note Summary Match screen and the selected CN or CNR is added to the respective list.

Detail Match Credit Notes

Detail Match enables the user to match the items on a CN to the items on a CNR.

When navigating to the Detail Match screen CNs and CNRs are grouped by item. All the items are in an unmatched status. Items which are within tolerance are flagged as selected.

Note: If there are multiple CNRs and the unit cost on the CNR items is different then matching is not allowed so the item will not be selected. The same issue exists if the unit cost on an item for two CNs in the match are different. For these items, the CN and CNR amounts are included in the Detail Items Selected totals table. In addition, the Detail Match button is enabled allowing the user to complete the matching for within tolerance items.

Matching Items within Tolerance

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Credit Note Matching > Summary Match**. The Credit Note Summary Match window opens.

1. Perform a search for credit note requests and credit notes. See [Search for Credit Note Requests and Credit Notes to Match](#) for additional details.
2. In the search results, select the CNs and CNRs you want to match from your search results and click **Summary Match**. The Credit Note Summary Match screen is displayed.
3. If the selected CNs and CNRs are within line level tolerance, click **Detail Match**. The selected items are flagged as cost and quantity matched and the status on the selected items is changed to matched.

Note: The Detail Match button is enabled if the variance on each selected item is within line level tolerances. If any one of the selected items is outside of the tolerance, the detail match button is disabled. If there is a tax discrepancy on an item, the Detail Match button is also disabled.

Resolving Discrepancies

The Resolve button on the Credit Note Detail Match screen is enabled when there are one or more unmatched items selected.

Note: If there is a tax discrepancy on an item, the Resolve button is disabled.

Clicking the Resolve button opens the Resolve dialog which allows the discrepancy resolution process to proceed on all selected items.

Resolving Tax Discrepancies

The Tax Resolution button on the Credit Note Detail Match screen is enabled if the selected item fails the tax validation check.

Note: If an item has a tax discrepancy, the Detail Match and Resolve buttons are disabled.

This action allows user to Resolve tax discrepancies between a Credit Note and a Credit Note Request.

There are two basic types of actions; either the Credit Note is correct, or the Credit Note Request is correct. If the Credit Note Request is correct, the corrective action is to reverse either the entire Credit Note (by generating a Credit Memo), or reverse just the single item on the Credit Note (again by using a Credit Memo).

Reversing the entire Credit Note includes:

- Setting the Credit Note to a matched status
- Creating the Credit Memo to offset the Credit Note.
- Generate a new Credit Note Request in approved status which is sent to the supplier to prompt them to send the correct Credit Note.

Reversing a single item of the Credit Note includes:

- Setting the Item on the Credit Note to matched status.
- If all other items on the Credit Note are also matched, set the credit note itself to matched status.
- Creating the Credit Memo for the single item to offset the matched Credit Note item.
- Generate a new Credit Note Request in approved status for the single item. The CNR is then sent to the supplier to prompt them to send the correct Credit Note.

If the Credit Note is determined to be correct, the Tax Discrepancy indicator on the item is turned off (for the current matching session), and the user is allowed to either match or resolve the item (which ever is applicable). If the user does not match or resolve the item in this session, the next time the Credit Note is brought into the matching dialog, the Tax Discrepancy needs to be considered again.

Auto-Match Credit Notes

Credit Note Auto-Matching pairs credit note requests to corresponding credit notes sent by the supplier. The CreditNoteAutoMatchBatch attempts auto-matching of credit notes from suppliers, to credit note requests from the retailer without manual intervention. The batch also creates and resolves detail level discrepancies utilizing a predefined set of reason codes. These reason codes are defined within Invoice Matching through the System Options Maintenance screen. In addition, the batch utilizes a variety of configurable keys to allow for document groups to be matched in ways other than just distinct purchase order and location combinations.

The following table describes under which circumstances credit notes and credit note requests are eligible to be matched by the CreditNoteAutoMatchBatch process.

Table 4–1 CreditNoteAutoMatchBatch Eligibility

Document Status	Document Hold Status	Holding Supplier	Credit Notes	Credit Note Requests
Approved	Never held	Yes	N/A	Eligible
Approved	Held	Yes	Eligible	N/A
Approved	Released	Yes	Eligible	Eligible
Approved	Never held	No	Ineligible	N/A
Posted	Never held	No	Eligible	N/A

In addition to the requirements listed above, the following criteria must apply for documents to be processed by the CreditNoteAutoMatchBatch:

- Credit notes must never have had a discrepancy created against them.
- Credit notes must never have been previously detail matched.

If the documents are eligible for matching, they are collected into a pool of matchable documents by the batch. The batch process is multi-threaded. It performs matching on eligible documents by first grouping the eligible documents with respect to the supplier. Once grouped with respect to the supplier, the documents are processed for each configurable key. Each document-key set is further processed using the following three matching algorithms.

- Summary matching
- One-to-one matching
- Detail (line level) matching

In summary matching, documents are matched in groups at the summary level by comparing the total extended costs for all the documents in the group. Quantity matching is only attempted if the supplier options indicate it as required. If a match is achieved, the documents are marked with the matched status, and drop out of the matching pool.

If the summary match attempt fails for the group, the batch attempts matching at the one-to-one level. One-to-one matching attempts to match each distinct eligible credit note to a single credit note request. The match is again attempted by comparing the extended cost on the credit note to that of the credit note request, and quantity matching is only attempted depending on the supplier options. If one-to-one matches are found, they are flagged as such and will not be processed by subsequent match attempts.

Line level matching is the last attempted match algorithm. This algorithm attempts to match documents at the item line level. To avoid item matching between unrelated credit notes and credit note requests, this algorithm expects just one unmatched credit note to be remaining in the matchable pool. In case there is more than one credit note still in unmatched status, no match attempt will be made. Line level matching also automatically creates and resolves discrepancies, if the appropriate system options have been set. Once these discrepancies are created, the algorithm also attempts to resolve the discrepancies by creating resolution actions in the system in accordance with the nature of the discrepancies.

On the next run of the ReasonCodeActionRollupBatch, documents are generated for any resolution action generated by the CreditNoteAutoMatchBatch.

Configurable Keys (Flexible Pool Keys)

Grouping documents into sets using configurable (flexible) pool keys allows for matching in combinations beyond just the PO / Location combination. Note that when we refer to a document set, the set can only contain documents within the same supplier.

These document-key sets are categorized by common attributes which are defined on the document itself (credit notes and credit note requests). These attributes are referred to as Configurable or Flexible Pool Keys. By default, the credit note auto match process aggregates document sets based on the following keys:

- Credit Note Request ID
- Original Invoice ID
- PO / Location combination

Credit Note documents include the Credit Note Request ID and Invoice Number in the Credit Note Match Key fields on the header tab. Credit Note Request documents include the Invoice Number in the Credit Note Match Key fields on the header tab (The CNR # is not needed in the Credit Note Match Key field since it is already on the document). The Credit Note Match Key fields are optional, if they are populated then documents are pooled for the key and matching is attempted within the document-key set (match pool).

A document can exist in only one document-key set at a time. Note that a document-key set will exist only if it contains both credit notes and credit note requests. Matching will be attempted only for sets not containing both credit notes and credit note requests. This makes it impossible to create, route and resolve discrepancies for credit notes that are yet to be received by the retailer.

Within each document-key set, matches are attempted using three different matching algorithms. If a match is obtained with an algorithm, the matched documents are flagged as such, and processing continues on to the next document-key set. When all configurable three algorithms are finished processing within a document-key set, processing moves to the next configurable key-set and starts again from the first matching algorithm.

Below is the order for attempting a match in a document-key set when no match is found:

1. Credit Note Request ID (configurable key)
 - Summary Matching (matching algorithm)
 - One to One Matching (matching algorithm)
 - Line -level Matching (matching algorithm)
2. Original Invoice ID (configurable key)
 - Summary Matching (matching algorithm)
 - One to One Matching (matching algorithm)
 - Line -level Matching (matching algorithm)
3. PO / Location (configurable key)
 - Summary Matching (matching algorithm)
 - One to One Matching (matching algorithm)
 - Line -level Matching (matching algorithm)

Summary Group Matching Algorithm

Summary matching attempts to match the total extended cost of the credit notes with the total extended cost of the credit note requests. Extended cost is defined as the unit cost for an item multiplied by the quantity of the item on the document. The total extended cost for each credit note and credit note request is taken from the document header.

Quantity matching also is sometimes required. Whether quantity matching is performed is determined by supplier options. Quantity matching compares the total quantity on the credit note, with the total quantity on the credit note request. As in cost matching, the total quantity for each credit note and credit note request is taken from the header.

If the costs and quantities do not match exactly, then the system attempts to match them within tolerance. If a match is achieved, all of the credit notes, credit note requests, and their lines for that document-key set are assumed to be matched. If a match is not achieved, all credit notes and credit note requests for that document-key set are left in their original approved status. After summary matching has been completed, the credit notes and requests become eligible to be processed with a different matching algorithm if no match was found at the summary level.

Consider an attempted summary match where two credit notes were received for two credit note requests. Assuming that the invoice and receipt data in the application is as follows:

- Purchase Order=89890
- Location=1000001

Table 4–2 Attempted Summary Match

Document Type	Document ID	Unit Cost	Extended Cost	Quantity
Invoice	INV555	\$11.00	\$440	40
Receipt	SHP444	\$10.00	\$300	30

When matched, the invoice and receipt will create a cost discrepancy of \$40, and a quantity discrepancy of \$100--which will generate a credit note request cost for \$40 and a credit note request quantity for \$100.

The default Invoice Matching Pool Key configuration will have the following priority and values.

1. Credit Note Request ID
2. Invoice ID
3. Purchase Order/Location

Example 1: Matchable by credit note request ID; quantity matching not required by supplier

The following example illustrates a successful match using the first Pool Key attribute, Credit Note Request ID.

Table 4–3 Example 1: Matchable by credit note request ID

Credit Note Request ID	Total Extended Cost	CNR ID	Invoice ID	Quantity
CRDNRC-123	40	CRDNRC-123	INV555	40
CRDNRQ-456	100	CRDNRQ-456	INV555	10

Table 4–4 Example 1: Matchable by credit note request ID

Credit Note ID	Total Extended Cost	CNR ID	Invoice ID	Quantity
CRDNT-246	40	CRDNRC-123	INV555	40
CRDNT-369	100	CRDNRQ-456	INV555	10

The credit note request associated with a credit note is determined from the Credit Note Request ID field that should contain the credit note request Id. In the example, the total extended cost for a credit note matches exactly with the extended cost of its respective Credit Note Request. Therefore, all credit notes and credit note requests will be set to matched status.

Example 2: Quantity matching required by supplier, outside tolerance

The following example illustrates an unsuccessful match, where quantity matching is required by the supplier, and the tolerance level is set to 10%. It is assumed that the documents are matchable by credit note request ID.

Table 4–5 Example 2: Quantity matching required by supplier, outside tolerance

Credit Note Request ID	Total Extended Cost	CNR ID	Invoice ID	Quantity
CRDNRC-123	400	CRDNRC-123	INV555	20
CRDNRC-456	100	CRDNRQ-456	INV555	2

Table 4–6 Example 2: Quantity matching required by supplier, outside tolerance

Credit Note ID	Total Extended Cost	CNR ID	Invoice ID	Quantity
CRDNT-246	500	CRDNRC-123	INV555	25

In the example, the match is unsuccessful, despite the fact that the extended costs do match. The failed match is due to the requirement by the supplier to match quantities, and the difference in quantities on the credit note request--and the credit note is more than the allowed tolerance of 10 percent. The credit notes and credit note requests will remain in their original status.

Example 3 (quantity matching required by supplier, within tolerance)

The following example illustrates an unsuccessful match when the pool key is the credit_note_request_ID (Credit Note Request ID), but a successful match when the pool key is Invoice_ID. In this scenario, quantity matching is required by the supplier, and tolerance level is set to 10.

Table 4–7 Example 3 quantity matching required by supplier, within tolerance

Credit Note Request ID	Total Extended Cost	CNR ID	Invoice ID	Quantity
CRDNRC-123	400	CRDNRC-123	INV555	20
CRDNRC-456	100	CRDNRQ-456	INV555	4

Table 4–8 Example 3 quantity matching required by supplier, within tolerance

Credit Note ID	Total Extended Cost	CNR ID	Invoice ID	Quantity
CRDNT-246	500	CRDNRC-123	INV555	25

In the example, the match is not successful when using Credit Note Request ID as the pool key, because the extended cost difference (500 - 400) is outside of tolerance.

However, if the batch process was using the Invoice ID as the pool key the match would be successful because the extended costs (400+100 = 500) match, and the quantities match within tolerance (20+4 = 24, where 24 is within 10% of 25). All the credit note requests and credit notes will be set to the status of matched. Example 4 illustrates a scenario in which Invoice ID is used as the pool key.

In case of cost discrepancies, the costs will match if the extended cost differences between the credit note request and the credit note are within tolerance.

Example 4: Matchable by invoice ID

If the credit notes and credit requests are not matchable by the credit note request ID. The matching process will attempt a one-to-one, and then a line-level match before moving to the next document key-set which is the invoice ID. The invoice ID is populated in the Invoice number field of the credit note. The following example illustrates an attempted summary match which failed when using credit note request ID, but is successful when the match is attempted using the second priority Pool Key attribute, Invoice ID.

Table 4–9 Example 4: Matchable by invoice ID

Credit Note Request ID	Total Extended Cost	CNR ID	Invoice ID	Quantity
CRDNRC-123	20	CRDNRC-123	INV555	2
CRDNRC-456	80	CRDNRC-456	INV555	8

Table 4–10 Example 4: Matchable by invoice ID

Credit Note ID	Total Extended Cost	CNR ID	Invoice ID	Quantity
CRDNT-246	100		INV555	10

In the example, the Credit Note Request ID on the Credit Note is empty. Therefore, a match attempted with the Credit Note Request ID fails. Assuming that one-to-one and line-level matches also fail, a second attempt to summary match will be made in the next document-key set (using the invoice ID). In this case, because the credit note and credit note requests match by Invoice ID, all credit notes and credit note requests will be set to matched status.

Example 5: Matchable by PO Location

If a credit note and credit request is not matchable in the document-key sets utilizing credit note request ID, or invoice ID, then the match will be attempted using the PO and Location combination which is the third priority in the default Pool Key Attributes of the system.

Assuming that the invoice and receipt data in the application is as follows:

- Purchase Order=89890
- Location=1000001

Table 4–11 Example 5: Matchable by PO Location

Document Type	Document ID	Unit Cost	Extended Cost	Quantity
Invoice	INV555	\$11.00	\$440	40
Receipt	SHP444	\$10.00	\$300	30

When matched, the invoice and receipt will create a cost discrepancy of \$40 and a discrepancy of \$100, which will generate a credit note request for \$40 and a credit note request quantity for \$100.

Table 4–12 Example 5: Matchable by PO Location

Credit Note Request ID	Total Extended Cost	CNR ID	Invoice ID	Quantity
CRDNRC-123	40	CRDNRC-123	INV555	40
CRDNRC-456	100	CRDNRC-456	INV666	10

Table 4–13 Example 5: Matchable by PO Location

Credit Note ID	Total Extended Cost	CNR ID	Invoice ID	Quantity
CRDNT-246	140			50

In the example, both the Credit Note Request ID and Invoice ID fields on the credit note are empty. Therefore matching is not even attempted at the Credit Note Request ID or invoice ID pool keys. A third attempt to match will be made with the PO and Location combination. As calculated from the above data, the PO and location combination for all three documents is: 89890-1000001. Since this combination is the same for all three documents, and the extended cost of the credit note requests match with the credit note, all credit notes and credit note requests will be set to matched status.

One-to-One Invoice Matching Algorithm

One-to-one credit note matching is considered another form of summary matching. The only addition to the rule is that instead of attempting matches in groups, one-to-one matching attempts to match a single credit note with a single credit note request.

The batch first attempts a match between the total extended costs. If the total extended costs do not match exactly for the credit note and the credit note request pair, then tolerances are applied to check if the cost discrepancy is within tolerance. In case quantity matching is required by the supplier, header level quantity matching is also attempted for the document pair within tolerance. If no match can be found, the documents are left in their original status.

One-to-one algorithm will attempt a match only when at least one unmatched credit note exists in the document-key set. If no unmatched credit notes remain, then processing stops for the document-key set.

Some scenarios of one-to-one matching are listed below. Note that the examples are given to demonstrate an understanding of one-to-one matching algorithm. It is assumed that quantity matching is required in the supplier options, and documents are matchable only by credit Note Request ID.

Example 1: Exact Match

The following example illustrates how one credit note matches with one and only one credit note request. One credit note and two credit note requests are left in their original approved status.

Table 4–14 Exact Match

Credit Note ID	Total Extended Cost	Total Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNT 1	\$50,000	\$5,000	Matched
CRDNT 2	\$100,000	\$10,000	Approved

Table 4–15 Exact Match

Credit Note Request ID	Total Extended Cost	Total Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNRC 1	\$50,000	5,000	Matched
CRDNRC 2	\$25,000	2,500	Approved
CRDNRC 3	\$35,000	2,500	Approved

In the example, CRDNT 1 matches with CRDNRC 1. However, the remaining credit (CRDNT 2) does not match with either of the two remaining credit note requests so it remains unmatched. The remaining credit note requests (CRDNRC 2 and CRDNRC 3) are also left in their original state. The matching algorithm will now move to the next matching algorithm within the document-key set to consider matching these documents.

Example 2: Match unsuccessful; one credit note but two credit note requests

The following example illustrates an unsuccessful match i.e. no successful matches.

Table 4–16 Match Unsuccessful; one Credit Note – two Credit Note Requests

Credit Note ID	Total Extended Cost	Total Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNT 1	\$50,000	5,000	Approved
CRDNT 2	\$25,000	2,500	Approved
CRDNT 3	\$35,000	3,000	Approved

Table 4–17 Match Unsuccessful; one Credit Note – two Credit Note Requests

Credit Note Request ID	Total Extended Cost	Total Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNRC 1	\$40,000	5,000	Approved
CRDNRC 2	\$25,000	2,500	Approved
CRDNRC 3	\$25,000	2,500	Approved
CRDNRC 4	\$10,000	1,000	Approved

In the example, CRDNT 2 can be successfully matched to both CRDNRC 2, and CRDNRC 3. Therefore, no match can be obtained for Invoice 2. All credit notes and credit note requests are left in their original status.

Example 3: Match unsuccessful; two credit notes for one credit note request

The following example illustrates another multi-unresolved match, with no successful matches.

Table 4–18 Match Unsuccessful

Credit Note ID	Total Extended Cost	Total Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNT 1	\$40,000	4,000	Approved
CRDNT 2	\$25,000	2,500	Approved
CRDNT 3	\$25,000	2,500	Approved
CRDNT 4	\$10,000	1,000	Approved

Table 4–19 Match Unsuccessful

Credit Note Request ID	Total Extended Cost	Total Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNRC 1	\$50,000	5,000	Approved
CRDNRC 2	\$25,000	2,500	Approved
CRDNRC 3	\$35,000	3,000	Approved

In the example, CRDNRC 2 can be successfully matched to both CRDNT 2 and CRDNT 3. All credit notes and credit note requests are left in the original Approved status.

Example 4: All credit notes are matched, but credit note requests remain

The following example illustrates a scenario in which all credit notes match, but there are remaining unresolved credit note requests.

Table 4–20 All Credit Notes Matched, Credit Note Requests Remain

Credit Note ID	Total Extended Cost	Total Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNT 1	\$50,000	5,000	Matched
CRDNT 2	\$25,000	2,500	Matched
CRDNT 3	\$35,000	3,000	Matched

Table 4–21 All Credit Notes Matched, Credit Note Requests Remain

Credit Note Request ID	Total Extended Cost	Total Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNRC 1	\$50,000	5,000	Matched
CRDNRC 2	\$25,000	2,500	Matched
CRDNRC 3	\$15,000	2,500	Approved
CRDNRC 4	\$35,000	3,000	Matched
CRDNRC 5	\$75,000	10,000	Approved

In the example, all three credit notes are successfully matched to one and only one credit note request. However, two unmatched credit note requests remain. Since there are no credit notes left for matching, processing will stop for this document-key set.

Line Level Matching Algorithm

Once summary matching and one-to-one matching pools have been exhausted, the CreditNoteAutoMatchBatch proceeds to attempts match at the line level.

In addition to the eligibility requirements for summary matching, lines must be present on the documents for Line-level matching to proceed. The batch assumes that all lines are present and valid for that credit note and credit note request. Moreover, the algorithm attempts matches only if there is just one credit note left unmatched in the document-key set.

Considering that only one eligible credit note and zero-to-many credit note requests are unmatched for a document key-set, the system attempts to match each line item on that credit note to a credit note request line item. When a detail level match is found, the detail on the credit note and credit note request documents are both flagged as matched. Once line level matching is complete for a document key-set, and all lines have been matched, then the entire credit note and all of its related credit note requests are considered matched. Otherwise, they remain in their original approved status.

For line-level matching, cost and quantity matching are always performed. If cost matching fails, quantity matching is still performed in order to route potential quantity discrepancies that may be discovered.

For quantity line level matching, the comparison is made between the sum of quantities from the credit notes and sum of the quantities on the credit note request for that item. If a quantity match cannot be obtained, then a quantity discrepancy is generated and routed for the credit note and the credit note request lines for that item.

Example 1 (match within tolerance)

The following example illustrates a scenario in which all lines match within tolerance, and the credit notes and credit note requests are set to matched status.

Table 4–22 Credit Note Match Within Tolerance

Credit Note	Item	Unit Cost	Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNT 1			550	Matched
Line	1	\$5.00	100	Matched
Line	2	\$10.00	200	Matched
Line	3	\$15.00	250	Matched

Table 4–23 Credit Note Request Match Within Tolerance

Credit Note Request	Item	Unit Cost	Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNRC			565	Matched
Line	1	\$5.02	105	Matched
Line	2	\$10.10	210	Matched
Line	3	\$15.03	250	Matched

In the example, assume line-level tolerances are set such that all lines match, therefore the line-level statuses are set to matched accordingly.

Example 2 (match resolving discrepancy)

The following example illustrates a scenario in which tolerances allow only one line to matches, but the CreditNoteAutoMatchBatch is able to resolve the discrepancies in other items, and match the credit note and credit note request.

Table 4–24 Credit Note Match Resolving Discrepancy

Credit Note	Item	Unit Cost	Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNT 1			550	Matched
Line	1	\$12.00	100	Matched (by resolving discrepancy)
Line	2	\$10.00	200	Matched
Line	3	\$12.00	250	Matched (by resolving discrepancy)

Table 4–25 Credit Note Request Match Resolving Discrepancy

Credit Note Request	Item	Unit Cost	Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNRC 1			600	Matched
Line	1	\$12.00	110	Matched (by resolving discrepancy)
Line	2	\$10.10	200	Matched
Line	3	\$10.10	250	Matched (by resolving discrepancy)

In the example, the lines value for Item 2 is matched. However, Items 1 and 3 do not match within tolerance. If however, reason codes are entered in the appropriate default columns for automatically handling Credit Note matching discrepancies in the system options table, then discrepancies are created automatically for Item1 and Item 3 and the two items are set to matched status on both documents.

Discrepancy Creation and Resolution in Line Level Matching

When discrepancies are created as part of the line-level matching process, they are automatically resolved by the batch process. This resolution takes place by selecting the appropriate reason code from the system options and then resolving those discrepancy by creating resolution actions in the system. For instance, if a cost discrepancy is detected, then a resolution action in the form of a Credit Note Request for cost or a Credit Memo is generated. On the next run of the reason code action rollup process, these newly created resolution actions will be rolled up to create the appropriate resolution documents.

It is important to distinguish the differences between overages that are in favor of the retailer as opposed to the supplier. In credit note matching, when a credit note is greater than the credit note request issued for it, the overage is in the favor of the retailer and a credit memo is issued to reconcile the discrepancy. This is because the credit note already represents an asset to the retailer. The supplier has issued more credit to the retailer than was appropriate based on the credit note request. If the retailer does not wish to automatically issue credit memos when the credit note is larger than the credit note request, then the system options, Auto-resolution Reason Code for Credit Memo - Cost and Auto-resolution Reason Code for Credit Memo-Qty, should be left blank.

If the applicable system option for a resolution action code type does not have a reason code defined in the System Options Maintenance screen then discrepancies of that type are not generated. It is assumed that the retailer will handle these discrepancies manually. This means that the credit note will not be matched and processing will stop for the document set. This allows for the retailer to have the batch resolve only specific discrepancy types. For example, many retailers may not want to automatically generate Credit Memos in response to Credit Note overages.

Example 1 (cost discrepancy)

The following example illustrates a scenario in which the first line on the credit note matches with the first line on the credit note request. The second line has a cost discrepancy.

Table 4–26 Credit Note Cost Discrepancy

Credit Note	Item	Unit Cost	Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNT 1			300	Matched
Line	1	\$12.00	100	Matched
Line	2	\$5.00	200	Matched (by resolving discrepancy)

Table 4–27 Credit Note Request Cost Discrepancy

Credit Note Request	Item	Unit Cost	Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNTR 1			300	Matched
Line	1	\$12.00	100	Matched
Line	2	\$10.00	200	Matched (by resolving discrepancy)

In the above scenario Item 2 in credit note and credit note request has a cost discrepancy of \$5. The Line level match algorithm automatically generates a cost discrepancy for the item, and generates a Resolution Action in the system for a Credit Note Request - Cost, where the total extended cost on the credit note request is \$1,000.00.

Example 2 (quantity discrepancy)

The following example illustrates a scenario in which the first line on the credit note matches with the first line on the credit note request. The second line has a quantity discrepancy.

Table 4–28 Credit Note Quantity Discrepancy

Credit Note	Item	Unit Cost	Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNT 1			300	Matched
Line	1	\$12.00	100	Matched
Line	2	\$10.00	200	Matched (by resolving discrepancy)

Table 4–29 Credit Note Request Quantity Discrepancy

Credit Note Request	Item	Unit Cost	Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNTR 1			310	Matched
Line	1	\$12.00	100	Matched
Line	2	\$10.00	210	Matched (by resolving discrepancy)

In the above scenario, Item 2 in credit note and credit note request has a quantity discrepancy of 10 (assumed to be above tolerance values). The Line level match algorithm automatically generates a quantity discrepancy for the item, and generates a resolution action in the system for a Credit Note Request - Quantity. The above discrepancies are in the favor of the supplier. In case of the discrepancy being in the favor of the retailer, resolution actions would have been Credit Memos (cost or quantity).

Example 3 (orphan items - credit memo)

A case might exist when an item on the credit note does not exist on the credit note request. The CreditNoteAutoMatchBatch will resolve the discrepancy of the orphan items by utilizing the resolution actions for Credit Memos.

Table 4–30 Credit Note Orphan Items - credit memo

Credit Note	Item	Unit Cost	Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNT 1			300	Matched
Line	1	\$12.00	100	Matched
Line	2	\$10.00	200	Matched (by resolving discrepancy)

Table 4–31 Credit Note Request Orphan Items - credit memo

Credit Note Request	Item	Unit Cost	Quantity	Status Post Matching
CRDNTR 1			150	Matched
Line	1	\$12.00	100	Matched

In this scenario Item 2 in credit note does not exist in the credit note request. This orphan item creates a cost discrepancy. Since the discrepancy is in the favor of the retailer, the Line level match algorithm will automatically generate a Resolution Actions in the system for a Credit Memo-Cost, where total cost on the memo is \$2,000.00.

Role of Reason Code Action Rollup Batch in Credit Note Matching

The ReasonCodeActionRollupBatch facilitates the CreditNoteAutoMatchBatch process in the following ways:

■ Document Creation

Resolution actions created as part of the discrepancy creation process of the CreditNoteAutoMatchBatch are converted to first class documents on the next run of the ReasonCodeActionRollupBatch. This is an existing feature of the ReasonCodeActionRollupBatch.

■ Tolerances

Tolerances are handled in a manner similar to the invoice auto match batch process, and tolerance values used for credit note auto match are same as the tolerance values used for invoice matching.

Matching tolerances are defined at the following levels:

- Summary or Line
- Cost or Quantity
- Favor of Retailer or Supplier
- Amount or Percentage

Summary matching and one to one matching are both considered types of summary matching, therefore, one to one matches also uses summary level tolerances.

During the match process, tolerances are selected in the following order:

1. Supplier
2. Department
3. System

If no supplier level tolerances are defined, then departmental tolerances are used for a random item in the document set. If departmental tolerances are not defined for that item, then system level tolerances are used for the document set. Note that a document set must have items to use department level tolerances.

Currencies

Credit Note Matching will only be attempted if the Credit Note and the Credit Note Request are in the same currency. If that currency is not the same as the tolerance currency, the documents will be converted to the tolerance currency before variances are calculated.

TAX Matching

CreditNoteAutoMatchBatch only detects Tax discrepancies at the detail level. This means that when documents are being processed by the detail matching algorithm, a check is performed prior to matching, ensuring that for each item the Tax codes and rates on the credit note match those on the credit note request for the corresponding item. When a discrepancy is detected, processing for that document stops and detail matching is not performed for that document. In this circumstance, the user will have to resolve the Tax discrepancy manually through the user interface.

History and Record Keeping

ReIM records summary and detail history for matched credit notes and credit note requests. The existing credit note matching history data model will be leveraged to ensure than an accurate accounting of match data is stored in the system. In addition, a new history data model has been introduced which holds history data for a specific match. The new history tables are populated after the completion and success of a match.

Data Purge

When document data becomes dated, it is purged from the system through the TablesPurgeBatch. This is also true for the CreditNoteAutoMatchBatch related data.

Resolve Discrepancies

Merchandise Discrepancies

ReIM has an automatic match program which initially attempts to match invoices to receipts at the summary level. If, after enough time passes, an invoice has still not matched at the header level the auto-matching program attempts to match the detail items on the invoice. If cost or quantity discrepancies are discovered at the item level and they cannot be automatically resolved within the pre-defined tolerance levels, they are sent to the Discrepancy Review List.

Invoices with items on the Discrepancy Review List may still be resolved by the match engine. The only time an invoice is skipped by the match engine is if an item on that invoice is partially matched. Partially matched in this context means that the item is either Cost Match but has a Quantity Discrepancy, or is Quantity Matched but has a Cost Discrepancy. If either of these conditions occur, the Auto match batch skips the invoice and the user must either manually match the invoice or resolve the discrepancy from the Discrepancy Review List. Please note, it is also possible that discrepant items may appear on the Discrepancy Review List after a user has taken some action on the item from the manual match screen. The resolution process is the same regardless of what caused the discrepant items to appear on the Discrepancy Review List.

This chapter describes the functionality around resolving discrepancies using the Discrepancy Review List.

Discrepancy Review List

The Discrepancy Review List allows for two ways in which to resolve discrepancies:

- [Resolve Simple Discrepancies](#) – The user selects one or more rows from the Discrepancy Review List and selects the Resolve action which allows them to select the reason code they wish to use to resolve the discrepancy.
- [Resolve Complex Discrepancies](#) – The user selects one discrepancy and selects the Detail Match option to navigate to the Detail Match screen where they can resolve more complicated discrepancies.

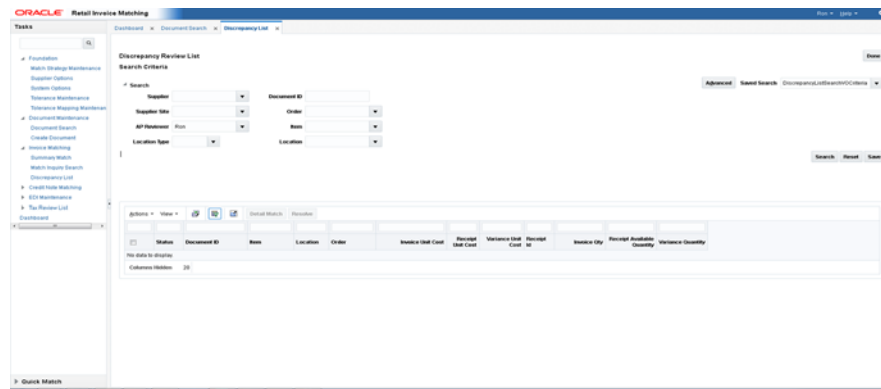
Discrepancy Search

The Discrepancy Review List window provides a way in which to search for, review, and resolve cost and quantity discrepancies.

The standard basic/advanced search screen is used for finding entries from the Discrepancy Review List. The user is then allowed to filter and select one or more discrepancies to resolve.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Invoice Matching > Discrepancy Review List**. The Discrepancy Review List window opens.

Figure 5–1 Discrepancy Review List Window



The following criteria are available to search on from the Discrepancy Review List window.

Table 5–1 Discrepancy Review Search Options

Field	Description
Supplier	The Supplier that is entered or selected is validated against the supplier master in RMS.
Supplier Site	Supplier Site is validated against the supplier site master in RMS.
AP Reviewer	The AP Reviewer that is entered is validated against the list of ReIM users.
Location Type	Location type can be either a physical warehouse or a store.
Document ID	The valid document ID of the invoice.
Order	This is the purchase order number.
Item	This is the item ID. The Item is validated against the item master
Location	Location is validated against the RMS Store and Warehouse tables.
Department	Department is validated against the RMS department table.
Class	Class can only be selected if a department is specified. When department is selected, the class LOV is narrowed down to include only classes within the selected department. Class is validated against the RMS Class table.
Subclass	Subclass can only be selected if a class is specified. When class is selected, the subclass LOV is narrowed down to include only subclasses within the selected class. Additionally, the 'validation' for subclass only allows for subclasses within the entered class. Subclass is validated against the RMS subclass table.

Table 5–1 (Cont.) Discrepancy Review Search Options

Field	Description
Start Resolve by Date	The Start Resolve by Date date allows users to exclude discrepancies which have a Resolve by Date earlier than the date specified. If End Resolve by date is not specified, then all discrepancies with a resolve by date equal to or later than the start date specified are shown.
End Resolve by Date	The End Resolve by Date allows users to exclude discrepancies which have a 'Resolve by Date' later than the date specified. If Start Resolve by date is not specified, then all discrepancies with a resolve by date equal to or earlier than the end date specified are shown.

At least one of the following fields is required as a search criterion:

- Supplier
- Supplier Site
- AP Reviewer
- Document ID
- Order
- Item

Resolve Simple Discrepancies

Simple discrepancies are those which can be resolved directly from the Discrepancy review list with the summary information shown on the sku row. They can be quantity discrepancies, cost discrepancies or both, as long as the user does not need to see more details related to multiple receipts include in the match pool. A cost discrepancy is the difference between the receipt unit cost and the invoice unit cost. A quantity discrepancy is the difference between the receipt quantity and the invoice quantity.

When a cost or quantity discrepancy is identified, you must review and reconcile the discrepancy. The cost discrepancy is based on a comparison between the invoice and the receipt. A quantity discrepancy is based on a comparison between the invoice and the receipt. If a receipt is not available, the invoice cost can be compared to the purchase order cost.

Resolve Cost and Quantity Discrepancies

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Invoice Matching > Discrepancy Review List**. The Discrepancy Review List window opens.

1. Enter your search criteria to locate your cost discrepancies. See "[Discrepancy Search](#)" for additional information. Your search results are displayed in the lower pane of the Discrepancy List window.

Figure 5–2 Discrepancy List

Status	Document ID	Item	Location	Order	Invoice Unit Cost	Receipt Unit Cost	Variance Unit Cost	Receipt M	Invoice Qty	Receipt Available Quantity	Variance Quantity
Open	INV-30402-1	119200018	25422045	30404	8.0000	8.0000	0.0000		20.0	100.0	80.0
Open	INV-30402-1	119200018	25422045	30403	8.0000	8.0000	0.0000		20.0	100.0	70.0
Open	INV-30403-2	119200018	25422045	30403	8.0000	8.0000	0.0000		30.0	100.0	70.0
Open	INV-30404-1	119200018	25422045	30404	8.0000	8.0000	0.0000		10.0	100.0	90.0
Open	INV-37005-1	121500208	25422045	37005	8.0000	8.0000	0.0000	32162	40.0	30.0	-10.0
Open	INV-37006-2	121500208	25422045	37006	8.0000	8.0000	0.0000	32162	10.0	30.0	20.0
Open	Inv1-64301	134500031	77770	64301	11.0000	11.0000	0.0000		400.0	0.0	-400.0
Open	Inv1-64705	134500031	77770	64705	11.0000	11.0000	0.0000		400.0	0.0	-400.0
Open	Inv1-64301	134500040	77770	64301	17.0000	17.0000	0.0000		500.0	340.0	-160.0
Open	Inv1-64705	134500040	77770	64705	17.0000	17.0000	0.0000		500.0	340.0	-160.0
Open	Inv1-64301	134500040	77770	64301	10.0000	17.0000	-7.0000		340.0	340.0	0.0
Open	Inv1-64705	134500057	77770	64705	20.0000	20.0000	0.0000		120.0	0.0	-120.0
Open	Inv1-64705	134500057	77770	64705	20.0000	20.0000	0.0000		120.0	0.0	-120.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500027	77770	65001	10.0000	10.0000	-0.0000		500.0	0.0	-500.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500026	77770	65001	12.0000	12.0000	-0.0000		500.0	0.0	-500.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500026	77770	65001	12.0000	12.0000	-0.0000		500.0	0.0	-500.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500043	77770	65001	14.0000	14.0000	0.0000		610.0	0.0	-610.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500080	77770	65001	18.0000	18.0000	-0.0000		900.0	0.0	-900.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500070	77770	65001	20.0000	18.0000	-2.0000		700.0	0.0	-700.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500086	77770	65001	20.0000	20.0000	-0.0000		400.0	0.0	-400.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500084	77770	65001	22.0000	22.0000	0.0000		300.0	300.0	0.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500084	77770	65001	22.0000	22.0000	0.0000		300.0	300.0	0.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500107	77770	65001	20.0000	20.0000	0.0000		600.0	0.0	-600.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500110	77770	65001	20.0000	20.0000	-0.0000	57301	770.0	0.0	-770.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500123	77770	65001	20.0000	20.0000	0.0000		300.0	0.0	-300.0

- In the Discrepancy Review List, use the check boxes in the first column to select the cost or quantity discrepancies that you want to resolve and click the **Resolve** button. The Resolve Discrepancy dialog opens.

Figure 5–3 Resolve Discrepancy Dialog

Resolve Discrepancy

Item 134500078 Item4

Invoice Inv2-65001 Order No. 65001

Receipt Multiple

Quantity Resolution

☐ Invoice Quantity 752.0

☒ Receipt Quantity 0.0

☐ Defer Quantity Resolution

Reason Code

Comment

Multiple Reason Codes

Unit Cost Resolution

☐ Invoice Unit Cost 20.0000

☒ Receipt Unit Cost 16.0000

☐ Defer Unit Cost Resolution

Reason Code

Comment

Multiple Reason Codes

- For a quantity discrepancy, select either the invoice quantity or the receipt quantity as correct (the default is the receipt quantity).

For a cost discrepancy, select either the invoice cost or the receipt cost as correct (the default is the receipt cost).

4. If you only wish to resolve the cost discrepancy, select **Defer Quantity Resolution**. This allows the cost discrepancy to be resolved without affecting the quantity discrepancy.
5. Enter or select (from LOV) a reason code to resolve the discrepancy.
6. Optionally, enter a comment with the reason code. In some cases, a reason code requires that a comment be entered. When a comment is required, the word **Required** appears to the right of the Comment heading after the reason code is selected.
7. Click **Apply** to save your changes and close the window.

Resolve Discrepancies with Multiple Reason Codes

Occasionally, there is a need to resolve either a cost or a quantity discrepancy using multiple reason codes. This is only supported when a single item is selected for resolution.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Invoice Matching > Discrepancy Review List**. The Discrepancy Review List window opens.

1. Enter your search criteria to locate your cost or quantity discrepancies. See ["Discrepancy Search"](#) for additional information. Your search results are displayed in the lower pane of the Discrepancy List window.

Figure 5–4 Discrepancy List

Status	Document ID	Item	Location	Order	Invoice Unit Cost	Receipt Unit Cost	Variance Unit Cost	Receipt M	Invoice Qty	Receipt Available Quantity	Variance Quantity
Open	RMG-30403-1	119200018	25422455	30404	8.0000	8.0000	0.0000		25.0	100.0	80.0
Open	RMG-30403-1	119200018	25422455	30403	8.0000	8.0000	0.0000		20.0	100.0	70.0
Open	RMG-30403-2	119200018	25422455	30403	8.0000	8.0000	0.0000		20.0	100.0	70.0
Open	RMG-30404-1	119200018	25422455	30404	8.0000	8.0000	0.0000		10.0	100.0	90.0
Open	RMG-37505-1	120100306	25422455	37505	8.0000	8.0000	0.0000	32182	40.0	30.0	-10.0
Open	RMG-37505-2	120100306	25422455	37505	8.0000	8.0000	0.0000	32182	10.0	30.0	20.0
Open	Inv1-64301	134300021	77770	64301	11.0000	11.0000	0.0000		400.0	0.0	-400.0
Open	Inv1-64705	134300021	77770	64705	11.0000	11.0000	0.0000		400.0	0.0	-400.0
Open	Inv1-64301	134300040	77770	64301	17.0000	17.0000	0.0000		500.0	340.0	-160.0
Open	Inv1-64705	134300040	77770	64705	17.0000	17.0000	0.0000		500.0	340.0	-160.0
Open	Inv2-64301	134300040	77770	64301	19.0000	17.0000	-2.0000		340.0	340.0	0.0
Open	Inv1-64301	134300057	77770	64301	29.0000	29.0000	0.0000		125.0	0.0	-125.0
Open	Inv1-64705	134300057	77770	64705	29.0000	29.0000	0.0000		125.0	0.0	-125.0
Open	Inv2-65001	134500027	77770	65001	10.0000	10.0000	-0.0000		900.0	0.0	-900.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500026	77770	65001	12.0000	10.0000	-0.0000		900.0	900.0	-2.0
Open	Inv2-65001	134500026	77770	65001	12.0000	12.0000	-0.0000		900.0	900.0	-2.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500043	77770	65001	14.0000	14.0000	0.0000		900.0	0.0	-900.0
Open	Inv2-65001	134500040	77770	65001	18.0000	18.0000	-0.0000		900.0	0.0	-900.0
Open	Inv3-65001	134500078	77770	65001	20.0000	18.0000	-4.0000		750.0	0.0	-750.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500086	77770	65001	20.0000	20.0000	-0.0000		450.0	0.0	-450.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500094	77770	65001	22.0000	22.0000	0.0000		300.0	300.0	0.0
Open	Inv2-65001	134500094	77770	65001	22.0000	22.0000	0.0000		300.0	300.0	0.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500107	77770	65001	20.0000	24.0000	4.0000		900.0	0.0	-900.0
Open	Inv1-65001	134500115	77770	65001	26.0000	26.0000	-0.0000	57301	770.0	0.0	-770.0
Open	Inv2-65001	134500123	77770	65001	28.0000	28.0000	0.0000		300.0	0.0	-300.0

2. Select the item you want to resolve and click the **Resolve** button. The Resolve Discrepancy dialog is displayed.

Figure 5–5 Resolve Discrepancy Dialog

Resolve Discrepancy

Item 142800011 Item1

Invoice Invc3-85020 Order No. 85020

Receipt 75203

Quantity Resolution

☐ Invoice Quantity 200,0

☒ Receipt Quantity 220,0

Reason Code

Comment

Multiple Reason Codes

View

Reason Code	Description	Comment	Value

Variance 20,0

Unit Cost

15,0000

- Expand the Multiple Reason Codes panel of the Results popup for the type of discrepancy you wish to resolve with multiple reason codes. A Reason code table is displayed and you are able to select the 'Plus' key to add multiple reason codes to resolve the discrepancy.
- Optionally, enter a comment with the reason code. In some cases, a reason code requires that a comment be entered. When a comment is required, the word Required appears to the right of the Comment heading after the reason code is selected.
- Each reason code entered requires a value to be entered as well. The sum of the values for all the reason codes must match the discrepancy.
- Click **Apply** to resolve the discrepancy and return to the Discrepancy Review List screen.

Security

The simple discrepancy resolution process has three levels of security:

- "User Privileges"
- "Data Security"
- "Department Security"

User Privileges

User privileges can be used to limit which discrepancies a user is allowed to resolve.

Cost Discrepancies Only

If a user only has the privilege to resolve cost discrepancies, then when the search criteria is entered, only items with cost discrepancies are returned. These items might also have a quantity discrepancy, but while the user may see the quantity associated with the item, they are not allowed to resolve the quantity discrepancies. When the Resolve button is clicked, only the cost discrepancy and reason code for the cost discrepancy is enabled in the Resolve Discrepancy dialog. The quantity information can be displayed in the Resolve Discrepancy dialog, but selection of reason code to resolve quantity discrepancies is disabled.

Quantity Discrepancies Only

If a user only has the privilege to resolve quantity discrepancies, then when the search criteria is entered, only items with quantity discrepancies are returned. These items might also have a cost discrepancy, but while the user may see the cost associated with the item, they are not allowed to resolve the cost discrepancies. When the Resolve button is clicked, only the quantity discrepancy and reason code for the quantity discrepancy is enabled in the Resolve Discrepancy dialog. The cost information can be displayed in the Resolve Discrepancy dialog, but selection of the reason code to resolve cost discrepancies is disabled.

Both Cost and Quantity Discrepancies

If a user has the privilege to resolve both cost and quantity discrepancies, then all cost and quantity discrepancies (for which they have data security for) are returned in the search results and the user is able to resolve both cost and quantity discrepancies.

Data Security

Location data security is a primary driver for users to have access to discrepancies on the Discrepancy Review List. A user must have Location Level Security for the location on the invoice in order to see either a cost or quantity discrepancy on the Discrepancy Review List.

Department Security

Department level security is used as a secondary level of security, part of which functions as a pre-filtering device for items where there are only cost discrepancies. If an Item has only a cost discrepancy, and there is no quantity discrepancy, then the cost discrepancy does not appear on the cost review list if the user does not have department level security for the department of the item. If an item has both a cost and a quantity discrepancy, then the user sees the item and both the cost and quantity discrepancy on the review list. However, if the user does not have department level security for the item, then when the item is selected for resolution, the cost resolution process is hidden and only the quantity resolution is allowed.

If multiple cost discrepancies are selected, the user must have security for all departments of the selected discrepancies, or the Resolve button is not enabled.

Resolve Complex Discrepancies

The discrepancy review list Resolve Popup will handle many types of discrepancies in a quick efficient manner. There will be occasions where the resolution process is a bit more complicated than the Resolve popup allows. The Discrepancy Review List –

Detail Match Screen can be used to resolve more complicated discrepancies. This screen is only supported when a single item is selected for resolution.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Invoice Matching > Discrepancy Review List**. The Discrepancy Review List window opens.

1. Enter your search criteria to locate your quantity or cost discrepancies. See ["Discrepancy Search"](#) for additional information. Your search results are displayed in the lower pane of the Discrepancy List window.

Figure 5–6 Discrepancy List

4. When you are finished on the Detail Match screen, click **Done** to return to the Discrepancy Review List.

Tax Discrepancies

A tax discrepancy occurs when the tax stored in RMS for an item is different than the tax on a merchandise invoice. When there is a tax discrepancy in either the retailer's or supplier's favor, a reviewer must do a tax review. Tax discrepancies can also exist for header-only invoices.

When a tax discrepancy is identified, you must review and reconcile the discrepancy. The tax discrepancy is based on a comparison between the tax on the invoice and the tax stored in RMS on the item. Depending on your user permissions, you may or may not be able to access these windows or all discrepancies. Header-only tax discrepancies require details to be entered via invoice maintenance before the tax discrepancy can be addressed.

Tax discrepancies for header-level-only invoices are created during the auto-match process when the invoice tax does not match the purchase order tax.

Tax discrepancies for invoices with details are created when the invoice details are added to the invoice and when the entered tax information for an item does not match the system-maintained tax information for the item.

Resolve Tax Discrepancies

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Tax Review List > Tax Review Document Search**. The Tax Review Document Search tab opens.

Figure 5–8 Tax Review Document Search Tab

The screenshot displays the Oracle Retail Invoice Matching application interface for the Tax Review Document Search tab. The top navigation bar includes the Oracle logo and the title 'Retail Invoice Matching'. The left sidebar shows a 'Tasks' menu with options like Foundation, Document Maintenance, Invoice Matching, CreditNote Matching, EDI Maintenance, Tax Review List, and Tax Review Document Search. The main content area is divided into a 'Search' section and a 'Results' section. The 'Search' section contains a 'Match' dropdown set to 'All' and input fields for 'Supplier', 'Supplier Site', 'Order No.', and 'Document'. The 'Results' section features a table with columns for Supplier, Supplier Name, Supplier Site, Supplier Site Name, Order No., Item, Item Description, Location, Location Name, Tax Code Discrepancy, and Tax Rate Discrepancy. A single result is displayed for Supplier 77770, Supplier Name New AA Supplier, Supplier Site 777701, Supplier Site Name AA Supp New, Order No. 92008, Item 136000114, Item Description subitem3, Location 7070, Location Name AA WH USD, Tax Code Discrepancy Yes, and Tax Rate Discrepancy Yes. The interface also includes a 'Resolve Discrepancy' button and a 'Quick Match' button at the bottom left.

Supplier	Supplier Name	Supplier Site	Supplier Site Name	Order No.	Item	Item Description	Location	Location Name	Tax Code Discrepancy	Tax Rate Discrepancy
77770	New AA Supplier	777701	AA Supp New	92008	136000114	subitem3	7070	AA WH USD	Yes	Yes

1. Enter your search criteria to locate your tax discrepancies. Your search results are displayed in the lower pane of the Tax Review Document Search window.
2. From your search results, select the invoice you want to resolve and click the Resolve button. The Resolve Discrepancy dialog is displayed.

Figure 5–9 Resolve Tax Discrepancy Dialog

Resolve Discrepancy

Supplier: New AA Supplier
Supplier Site: AA Supp New
Invoice: 82008-taxdisc
Item: ediitem3

Invoice
☐ Code:F Rate:20.00 Amount:75.00

System
☒ Code:P Rate:15.00 Amount:56.25

Reason Code
* 919 Credit Note Request Vat Item ▼

Comments
*

Apply **Cancel**

Note: Only one tax discrepancy may be resolved at a time.

3. From the Resolve Discrepancy dialog, select whether the Invoice tax information is correct or whether the System tax information is correct.
4. After selecting which tax information is correct, select a reason code to resolve the discrepancy. The available reason codes are filtered based on whether invoice or system was selected as correct.
5. If desired, enter a comment.
6. Click **Apply** to complete the tax discrepancy resolution.

Financial Posting Error Handling

After invoices are matched, they are sent through the Reason Code Rollup Process and then to the Posting program. The Reason Code Rollup generates debit memos or credit memos for any discrepancy for the invoices which were resolved with debit memo or credit memo resolution actions. These resolution debit or credit memos are sent to the posting program along with the matched invoices, manually entered debit memos, credit memos, credit notes, and non-merchandise invoices. Accounting entries for receipt write-offs are generated by the receipt write-off program and these are also sent to the financial staging tables for posting to the financial system.

The Financial Posting Error Maintenance screens are accessed through a standard ADF basic/advance search screen. In most cases that there will be very few invoices in Posting Error status at any given time. Therefore, users can usually request to see all invoices in error status at once.

There are three types of financial posting error transactions which might require attention. All three types of error transactions show up in the same Search Results screen, but when the particular transaction is selected for correction, a specific maintenance screen for that type of transaction is called. The three types of transactions are:

- Standard documents (Merchandise Invoices, Non-Merchandise Invoices, Credit Memos, Debit Memos, and Credit Note Requests) which are sent to the IM_AP_STAGE_XX tables to be sent to the A/P system. These are the most common document interfaced to the financial system.
- Matched merchandise invoices which had been pre-paid or manually paid. These documents have already been sent to the A/P system for payment (either by ReIM or by an external process), so when the 'match' occurs, the accounting entries associated with the match need to go to the G/L system. These transactions are sent to the IM_FINANCIALS_STAGE table.
- Receipt Write Off (RWO) transactions. When a receipt is sufficiently aged (based on a supplier option) without matching (fully matching) to an invoice, the 'RWO batch program will 'write-off' the value of the invoice, creating an accounting entry in IM_FINANCIALS_STAGE table which is sent to the G/L system.

Searching for Financial Posting Errors

The search criteria are used to find all types of financial posting errors. There are two major types of errors:

- balancing errors
- account validation errors

Balancing errors can be fixed from in one of the Financial Error Maintenance screens. Account validation errors are shown as display only and require the user to fix the accounting setup configuration and rerun the posting process.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Financial Posting Error > Financial Posting Error Search**. The Financial Posting Error Search window opens.

Figure 6–1 Financial Posting Error Search Window

1. Enter criteria as desired to make the search more restrictive. You must enter at least one search criterion.

Table 6–1 Financial Posting Search Fields

Search Field	Description
Vendor	Allows the user to enter or select a vendor to be used as part of the search criteria.
Supplier Site	Allows the user to enter or select a supplier site to be used as part of the search criteria. When a supplier is specified (as the vendor), the supplier site list of values only displays sites associated with that supplier.
Order No.	Allows the user to enter or select the order number to be used as part of the search criteria. If either vendor or supplier site is specified, the LOV for order number will include only orders for the supplier (or supplier site) specified.
Document	Allows the user to specify the Vendor's Document ID to be used as search criteria.
Set of Books	Allows the user to specify a set of books to be used as search criteria. Set of books is an Advanced Search field.

2. Click **Search**. The search results pane displays the documents that match the search criteria.

ORACLE® Retail Invoice Matching

Dashboard Financial Posting Error Search

Search

Vendor

Supplier Site

Order No.

Document

Search Results

Actions View

Vendor	Vendor Name	Supplier Site	Supplier Site Name	Order No.	Document	Document Date	Document Type	Location	Location Name	Error Message
617132547	Billy's Wood St.	41191902	Billy's Wood St.	40903	PVIC-40903	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	RTS346	Raeish Store	Unable to retrieve segments for Account Type BT for dcoit 35001 for code TdX for set of books 198240241699213
617132547	Billy's Wood St.	41191902	Billy's Wood St.	40903	PVIC-40903	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	RTS346	Raeish Store	Unable to retrieve segments for Account Type BT for dcoit 35001 for code UMR for set of books 198240241699213
617132547	Billy's Wood St.	41191902	Billy's Wood St.	40903	PVIC-40903	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	RTS346	Raeish Store	Unable to retrieve segments for Account Type BT for dcoit 35001 for code TAP for set of books 198240241699213
5812371611	Oracle Retail U.S.	5812371612	Oracle Retail U.S.	41401	dcoit_41401	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	963811122	Oracle Retail U.	Unable to retrieve segments for Account Type BT for dcoit 40004 for code TdX for set of books 98262552155894
5812371611	Oracle Retail U.S.	5812371612	Oracle Retail U.S.	41401	dcoit_41401	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	963811122	Oracle Retail U.	Header amount of 121220 does not equal to total detail amount of 88800
5812371611	Oracle Retail U.S.	5812371612	Oracle Retail U.S.	41401	dcoit_41401	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	963811122	Oracle Retail U.	Header amount of 121220 does not equal to total detail amount of 88800
5812371611	Oracle Retail U.S.	5812371612	Oracle Retail U.S.	41401	dcoit_41401	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	963811122	Oracle Retail U.	Unable to retrieve segments for Account Type BT for dcoit 40004 for code TdX for set of books 98262552155894
5812371611	Oracle Retail U.S.	5812371612	Oracle Retail U.S.	41401	dcoit_41401	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	963811122	Oracle Retail U.	Header amount of 121220 does not equal to total detail amount of 88800
5812371611	Oracle Retail U.S.	5812371612	Oracle Retail U.S.	41401	dcoit_41401	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	963811122	Oracle Retail U.	Unable to retrieve segments for Account Type BT for dcoit 40004 for code TdX for set of books 98262552155894
5812371611	Oracle Retail U.S.	5812371612	Oracle Retail U.S.	41401	dcoit_41401	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	963811122	Oracle Retail U.	Header amount of 121220 does not equal to total detail amount of 88800
5812371611	Oracle Retail U.S.	5812371612	Oracle Retail U.S.	41401	dcoit_41401	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	963811122	Oracle Retail U.	Unable to retrieve segments for Account Type BT for dcoit 40004 for code TdX for set of books 98262552155894
978763375	SH - supplier	5812373557	AUD Supp	52163	52163RWC2	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	912	Ally Demo Store	Unable to retrieve segments for Account Type BT for dcoit 40004 for code VCTT for set of books 97719584471287
5812371957	Oracle Retail U.S.	5812371960	Oracle Retail U.S.	52108	52108RWC1	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	558	IRK Physical W.	Unable to retrieve segments for Account Type BT for dcoit 40010 for code TXACAG for set of books 78131377902
5812371957	Oracle Retail U.S.	5812371960	Oracle Retail U.S.	52108	52108RWC1	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	558	IRK Physical W.	Unable to retrieve segments for Account Type BT for dcoit 40010 for code TXACAG for set of books 78131377902
5812371957	Oracle Retail U.S.	5812371960	Oracle Retail U.S.	52108	52108RWC1	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	558	IRK Physical W.	Unable to retrieve segments for Account Type BT for dcoit 40010 for code TAP for set of books 7813177962677
5812371957	Oracle Retail U.S.	5812371960	Oracle Retail U.S.	52108	52108RWC1	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	558	IRK Physical W.	Unable to retrieve segments for Account Type BT for dcoit 40010 for code UMR for set of books 7813177962677
5812371957	Oracle Retail U.S.	5812371960	Oracle Retail U.S.	52108	52108RWC1	2/14/2016	Merchandise Invoice	558	IRK Physical W.	One or more inactive modes in IDL disabled by a host code

Done

Most ReIM transactions are expected to be sent to an accounts payable system for payment (or adjustment to a payment) to the supplier. These transactions include merchandise invoices, debit memos, credit memos, credit notes, and non-merchandise invoices. When an error occurs, the entry is flagged as a posting error, and the entries are not passed on to the financial system. However, the records are retained to provide information to the user as to what caused the error and, in certain specific circumstances, how the user can correct the staging entry so it can be posted.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Financial Posting Error > Financial Posting Error Search**. The Financial Posting Error Search window opens.

- Figure 6–3 A/P Interface Error Handling Window**

- Document Header – The top portion is a display only section which shows information from the ReIM document table.
 - Error Message – The middle portion displays the error message for the entry.
 - A/P Stage Head/Detail – The bottom portion shows the details of the accounting entries which will would have been sent to the financial system. Top row is the 'Header' information and the remaining rows are the detail.
3. From the A/P Stage Head/Detail Table, you can edit the amount field on any of the rows with the exception of the first row. The first row is the header (document) amount and cannot be changed.

Note: Rows cannot be added or deleted from the A/P Interface Detail Table.

All rows after the first row must accumulate to match the first row's total for the correction to be accepted. The amount on the first row of the table is assumed to be correct. If it is not correct, the error must be addressed outside of this error handling feature, possibly with help of Oracle Support.

4. Continue making adjustments until the values match. If they do not match exactly, the user must stay on the screen making additional adjustments until they do match, or all the changes must be rolled back to the state they were in when the screen was loaded.
5. When the entries are in balance, the Submit button is enabled. If the user selects the Submit button, the document is posted, sending the adjusted entries to the financial system. If the document is successfully posted, the transaction is removed from the error handling tables.

System Administration

System Options

In the System Options window, you can define system-wide parameters that affect the functions of Oracle Retail Invoice Matching. You indicate how long the system maintains various documents, and you can enter the unique codes that ReIM uses to identify document types.

Updated settings are available for all users who log on after the changes are made. To see the changes reflected in Oracle Retail Invoice Matching, you must log out and log in again.

This section includes the following system options instructions:

- [Document Maintenance and Processing Parameters](#)
- [Tolerance, Tax and History Parameters](#)
- [Discrepancy Resolution Parameter](#)
- [System Variables](#)
- [Report Options](#)

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > System Options**. The System Options window opens.

Figure 7–1 System Options Window

Perform the following procedure to make changes to the ReIM system parameters

1. On the upper part of the screen, click **Edit** to enable the editable fields.
2. Once you have completed your system options updates, click **Save and Close**. If you want to save changes but continue to make additional changes, click **Save**.

Note: Changes are available to users who log in after you have completed the changes. To see the changes reflected, you must log out and log in again.

Document Maintenance and Processing Parameters

Figure 7–2 System Options – Document Maintenance and Processing Parameters

Table 7-1 Document Maintenance And Processing Parameters System Options

Field	Description
Default Pay Now Terms (Deals)	This column holds the term id that is defaulted on deal documents. In the document creation dialog, this term, its discount percentage, and due days are defaulted onto new deal documents.
Default Pay Now Terms (RTV)	This column holds the term id that is defaulted on RTVs and resulting documents. In the document creation dialog, this term, and its discount percentage and due days are defaulted onto RTVs and resolution documents.
Post Dated Document Days	How many days old a document can be when entered into the system. For example, if set to 180 then a document older than six months cannot be entered via EDI or online entry.
Total Header Quantity Required	Is header quantity required when creating a merchandise invoice.
Include Doc Date for Dup Check	Indicates whether the document date should be included in the uniqueness check. If this setting is checked, 'Include Doc Year for Dup Check' must be unchecked.
Include Doc Year for Dup Check	Indicates whether the document year should be included in the uniqueness check. If this setting is checked, 'Include Doc Date for Dup Check' must be unchecked.
Default Location	Default system location, used by non merch document injection.
Default Department	Default system department, used by deal processing.
Default Class	Default system class, used by deal processing.
Post Based on Doc Header	Should posting be done based on the document header rather than the accumulated total of the details.
Prorate Across Tax Codes	Should tax posting entries be prorated across tax codes.
Post Intra Region Tax Ind	This Indicator is applicable on documents where supplier's and location's vat region are different. When set to ON, posting will post the taxes applicable on the item on location's VAT region as it would if supplier's and locations VAT region were the same. When set to OFF, posting would post the Zero taxes on the document (as is functionality).
Default Set Of Books	Default set of books.
Maximum Segments Supported	Maximum number of supported G/L accounting segments.

Tolerance, Tax and History Parameters

Figure 7–3 System Options – Tolerance, Tax and History Parameters

The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for system parameters. At the top right are 'Edit' and 'Cancel' buttons. The main content area is titled 'Document Maintenance And Processing Parameters' and contains three sections:

- System Control Tolerances:**
 - Max Tolerance %: 50
 - Calc Tolerance: 10
 - Balancing Tolerance: 1
- History Parameters:**
 - Close Open Receipt Days: 2
 - Document History Days: 20
 - Receipt Writeoff Days: 0
 - Deal Document Purge Days: 90
- Tax Settings:**
 - Number of Taxes Allowed: Single Tax (dropdown)
 - Tax Document Creation Level: Item (dropdown)
 - Tax Validation Type: Reconcile (dropdown)
 - Default Header Tax: ☒

Table 7–2 Tolerance, Tax and History Parameters System Options

Field	Description
Max Tolerance %	Defines the largest percent tolerance that can be used within the system
Calc Tolerance	Calculation tolerance value. This is used to allow documents to be loaded to the system even if they have small rounding differences between the accumulated details and the document header. It is also used to allow for small rounding differences for taxes.
Balancing Tolerance	Tolerance setting for adjusting detail lines to align vat amount for balancing posting entries.
Close Open Receipt Days	This column holds the number of days that a shipment can remain in ready formatch status before it is automatically closed by ReIM.
Document History Days	Defines the number of days document history will be held before purging (for documents that have been fully processed)
Receipt Writeoff Days	Number of days to keep receipts before purging.
Deal Document Purge Days	Number of days to keep posted deals
Number of Taxes Allowed	Number of supported taxes per item. Valid values include 'Single Tax', or 'No Tax'.
Tax Document Creation Level	Tax document creation level; used to define of level at which rejection due to incorrect tax. Valid values include 'Item' or 'Full Invoice'.
Tax Validation Type	Type of tax validation. Valid values include 'Reconcile', 'Retailer', or 'Vendor'.
Default Header Tax	Should header taxes be defaulted from detail taxes
Delay Line Matching	Checking this indicator means Detail (or line level) matching will not occur until after the routing date is passed. If left unchecked, line matching will be attempted each time automatch is run (assuming the match strategy calls for it) but discrepancies are not generated (or auto resolved) until after the routing date has passed.

Discrepancy Resolution Parameter

Figure 7–4 System Options – Discrepancy Resolution Parameter

Table 7–3 Discrepancy Resolution Parameter System Options

Field	Description
Debit Memo Send Days	Describes number of days prior to the due date of an invoice that a debit memo should be sent if the credit note is late.
Resolution Due Days	Cost and Quantity discrepancy resolution due days. Used in calculation of resolve by date. This column holds the number of days that a cost resolution can stay outstanding from when it was routed for review to when it should be resolved.
Days Before Due Date	This parameter will indicate the maximum number of days before the invoice due date that any discrepancies for that invoice should be routed.
Tax Resolution Due Days	Tax discrepancy resolution due days. Used in calculation of tax discrepancy resolve by date. This column holds the number of days that a tax resolution can stay outstanding from when it was routed for review to when it should be resolved.
Default Overbill Reason Code	Default reason code for overbill cost.
Default Overbill Reason Code	Default reason code for overbill quantity.
Default Underbill Reason Code	Default reason code for underbill cost.
Default Underbill Reason Code	Default reason code for underbill quantity.
Debit Memo Prefix Cost	Document prefix for generated Debit memo cost
Debit Memo Prefix Qty	Document prefix for generated Debit memo qty
Debit Memo Prefix Tax	Document prefix for generated Debit memo tax
Credit Memo Prefix Cost	Document prefix for generated Credit memo cost
Credit Memo Prefix Qty	Document prefix for generated Credit memo qty

Table 7–3 (Cont.) Discrepancy Resolution Parameter System Options

Field	Description
CNR Prefix Cost	Document prefix for generated Credit note cost
CNR Prefix Qty	Document prefix for generated Credit note qty
CNR Prefix Tax	Document prefix for generated Credit note tax

System Variables

Figure 7–5 System Options – System Variables
Table 7–4 System Variables System Options

Field	Description
Document Qty Decimals	Max number of digits allowed for quantity. Both display as well as accepting data
BatchDate Format	Expected data format for Injector batch
OBIEE Enabled	
webservice.account.validation.credentials.enable	provider URL for account validation
webservice.account.validation.credentials.enable	Enable validation of webservice account credentials. Should be secure
webservice.financial.account.validation	provider URL for drill forward
webservice.financial.drill.forward	Enable validation of webservice account credentials. Should be secure

Report Options

Report Options indicate the number of unmatched invoices considered to display either a warning or a critical error in the Invoices Due tiles.

Figure 7-6 System Options – Report Options

Report Options	
Invoices Due	
Past Due Warning	10
Past Due Critical	11
Today Warning	9
Today Critical	10
Tomorrow Warning	8
Tomorrow Critical	20
2 Days Out Warning	15
2 Days Out Critical	25
3 Days Out Warning	2
3 Days Out Critical	9

Table 7-5 System Variables Report Options

Field	Description
Past Due Warning	The Past Due Warning option defines the number of past due invoices necessary for the Past Due tile to appear yellow (indicating a warning) on the dashboard. This value must be less than or equal to the Invoices Due - Past Due Critical System parameter.
Past Due Critical	The Past Due Critical option defines the number of past due invoices necessary for the Past Due tile to appear red (indicating a critical level of invoices are past due) on the dashboard. This value must be greater than or equal to the Invoices Due - Past Due Warning System parameter.
Today Warning	The Today Warning option defines the number of invoices due necessary for the Today tile to appear yellow (indicating a warning) on the dashboard. This value must be less than or equal to the Invoices Due - Today Critical System parameter.
Today Critical	The Today Critical option defines the number of invoices due necessary for the Today tile to appear red (indicating a critical level of invoices are due today) on the dash board. This value must be greater than or equal to the Invoices Due - Today Warning System parameter.
Tomorrow Warning	The Tomorrow Warning option defines the number of invoices due necessary for the Tomorrow tile to appear yellow (indicating a warning) on the dashboard. This value must be less than or equal to the Invoices Due - Tomorrow Critical System parameter.
Tomorrow Critical	The Tomorrow Critical option defines the number of invoices due necessary for the Tomorrow tile to appear red (indicating a critical level of invoices are due today). This value must be greater than or equal to the Invoices Due - Tomorrow Warning System parameter.
2 Days Out Warning	The 2 Days Out Warning option defines the number of invoices due necessary for the 2 Days Out tile to appear yellow (indicating a warning) on the dashboard. This value must be less than or equal to the Invoices Due - 2 Days Out Critical System parameter.
2 Days Out Critical	The 2 Days Out Critical option defines the number of invoices due necessary for the 2 Days Out tile to appear red (indicating a critical level of invoices are due today). This value must be greater than or equal to the Invoices Due - 2 Days Out Warning System parameter.
3 Days Out Warning	The 3 Days Out Warning option defines the number of invoices due necessary for the 3 Days Out tile to appear yellow (indicating a warning) on the dashboard. This value must be less than or equal to the Invoices Due - 3 Days Out Critical System parameter.

Table 7–5 (Cont.) System Variables Report Options

Field	Description
3 Days Out Critical	The 3 Days Out Critical option defines the number of invoices due necessary for the 3 Days Out tile to appear red (indicating a critical level of invoices are due today). This value must be greater than or equal to the Invoices Due - 3 Days Out Warning System parameter.

Tolerances

Tolerance settings in ReIM are entities with an ID and a description. These entities are mapped to supplier sites, suppliers, supplier groups, or departments. One of the tolerance entities is also defined as the system default. The match engine looks at the documents in the match and determines the appropriate level to search for a tolerance to be applied.

Tolerance Maintenance

Tolerance Search

The Tolerance Search window provides a way in which to search for already defined tolerances.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > Tolerance Maintenance**. The Tolerance Search window opens.

1. From the Tolerance Search window, use the following criteria to search for existing tolerances:

Table 7–6 Tolerance Search Fields

Field	Description
Tolerance ID	This field allows the user to enter a tolerance ID to be used in search criteria.
Description	This field allows the user to enter the description to be used in search criteria.
System Default	The system requires one (and only one) tolerance to be flagged as the system default tolerance. This field allows searching based on this indicator. Available values include: ■ Yes – If selected, only the default tolerance is returned ■ No – If selected, all tolerances except the default tolerance meet the criteria ■ Null – all tolerances meet the criteria.
Currency Code	This field allows the user to enter a currency to be used in search criteria.

2. After you have entered the desired search criteria, click **Search**.

Note: If you would like to save your search criteria to use at a later date, click **Save**.

Your search results are displayed in the Search Results pane of the Tolerance Search window.

Tolerance Maintenance

The Tolerance Maintenance window is called from the Tolerance Search window. The Tolerance Maintenance window allows the user to edit, view, or delete an existing tolerance setting. One tolerance setting must be flagged as the system default. The other settings are mapped to tolerance levels such as Department, Supplier Group, Supplier, or Supplier Site.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > Tolerance Maintenance**. The Tolerance Search window opens.

1. From the Tolerance Search window, perform a search for existing tolerances. See [Tolerance Search](#) for additional information.
2. From the Search Results pane, select the tolerance you want to edit.
3. With the tolerance selected, select **Edit** from the Action menu. The Tolerance Maintenance window is displayed.

Figure 7-7 Tolerance Maintenance Window

4. From the Tolerance Maintenance window, you can perform the following:
 - Edit All – Allows you to edit all lines in the tolerance.
 - Click to Edit – Allows you to edit a single line of the tolerance.
 - Add – Allows you to add a new line to the tolerance.
 - Delete – Allows you to delete a selected line from the tolerance

Note: In Edit mode, the Tolerance ID field is display only and cannot be changed.

5. Perform your updates to the tolerance.
6. Click **Save** to save the updated tolerance.

Create Tolerance

The Create tolerance action is available in the Search Results pane at all times regardless of whether a tolerance search has been performed.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > Tolerance Maintenance**. The Tolerance Search window opens.

1. From the Search Results pane of the Tolerance Search window, select **Create** from the Action menu. The Create Tolerance window is displayed.

Figure 7–8 Create Tolerance Window

The screenshot shows the 'Create Tolerance' window. At the top, there are tabs for 'Dashboard', 'Tolerance Search', and 'Create Tolerance'. Below the tabs, there are buttons for 'Save', 'Save and Create Another', and 'Cancel'. The main form area contains the following fields:

- Tolerance ID: 1885001
- Description: (empty)
- Currency: USD
- Created By: Ron
- Creation Date: 9/29/2015

Below these fields is a table with the following columns:

Match Level	Cost/Quantity	Difference in Favor Of	Lower Limit (Exclusive)	Upper Limit (Exclusive)	Tolerance Value Type	Tolerance	Auto Resolution	Reason Code	Reason Code Description
No data to display									

2. Enter a Description and select the Currency for the new tolerance. If the tolerance will be used as the default tolerance, select the Default Tolerance check box.
3. From the Create Tolerance window, select **Add** from the Action menu. An empty tolerance is added to the tolerance table.

Figure 7–9 Add a Tolerance

The screenshot shows the 'Create Tolerance' window after adding a new tolerance. The 'Add' button in the Action menu is highlighted. The table now contains one row with the following values:

Match Level	Cost/Quantity	Difference in Favor Of	Lower Limit (Exclusive)	Upper Limit (Exclusive)	Tolerance Value Type	Tolerance	Auto Resolution	Reason Code	Reason Code Description
Summary	Cost	Supplier	0	100	Percent	100	No	000000	No Reason Code

Note: When in create mode, the Tolerance ID is automatically assigned and cannot be changed.

4. Enter the following information for your new tolerance:
 - **Match Level** – Select the match level for which the tolerance settings apply.
 Summary is used for matching at the summary level. Summary level matches the accumulated total of the invoice detail lines, if they are present, to the accumulated total of the detail lines on the receipt. For Header-Only invoices, it matches the merchandise amount from the invoice header with the accumulated total of the receipt lines.
 Line Item – used for matching at the item level.
 Parent – used for matching at the parent level.
 - **Cost/Quantity** – Select whether the tolerance settings specified are for cost or quantity matching.
 - **Difference in Favor Of** – Select whether the tolerance settings specified are for when the discrepancy is in favor of the Supplier or the Retailer. A difference in Favor of the Supplier indicates that the invoice (or item) is an overbill (the

invoice is more than the receipt). A difference in Favor of the Retailer indicates the invoice (or item) is an underbill (the invoice is less than the receipt).

- Lower Limit (Inclusive) – Specify the lower limit for which this tolerance applies.

This field is used in conjunction with the Upper Limit field to allow the user to specify different tolerance levels for different values of invoices. For example, a retailer might want to specify that low value documents (those less than \$100.00) might be considered within tolerance if they have a variance of 10% or less, however, high value documents (those with document values greater than \$100) might need to be within only 5% variance for them to match within tolerance.

Note: The value must be greater than or equal to zero and must be less than the Upper Limit on the same row.

- Upper Limit (Exclusive) – Specify the upper limit for which this tolerance applies.

This field is used in conjunction with the Lower Limit field to allow the user to specify different tolerance levels for different values of invoices.

Note: The value must be greater than zero and must be greater than the Lower Limit on the same row.

- Tolerance Value Type – Specify whether the Tolerance setting and the chargeback tolerance setting are percent or amount values.
- Tolerance – The Tolerance value is the amount by which the invoice (or invoice item) amount can vary from the receipt (or receipt item) amount yet still be considered valid for matching. Matches which are not perfect but have a variance within the tolerance setting are considered Matched within Tolerance.
- Auto Resolution – The Auto Resolution value is used to determine the variance level at which the system automatically generates a resolution action to resolve the discrepancy. It is only used at the line level. If the variance between the invoice item and receipt item is greater than the Tolerance setting, but is less than or equal to the Auto Resolution setting, then the system automatically generates a resolution action with the use of a reason code.
- Reason Code – The Reason Code is used to automatically resolve discrepancies which fall within the Auto Resolution tolerance level.

Only Reason Codes with the following types or Resolution Actions are allowed:

- Debit Memo Cost (if this row has Cost selected for the Cost/Quantity setting).
- Debit Memo Quantity (if this row has Quantity selected for the Cost/Quantity setting).
- Credit Memo Cost (if this row as Cost selected for the Cost/Quantity setting)
- Credit Memo Quantity (if this row has Quantity selected for the Cost/Quantity setting)

- Discrepancy Write Off (DWO)
 - Receiver Cost Adjustment (if this row has Cost selected for the Cost/Quantity setting)
 - Receiver Unit Adjustment (if this row has Quantity selected for the Cost/Quantity setting)
5. Click **Save** to save the new tolerance.

If you want to create an additional tolerance, click **Save and Create Another**.

Tolerance Mapping Maintenance

Tolerance Mapping Maintenance allows users to create a mapping between an entity of a Tolerance Level with a Tolerance ID. For example, it allows a tolerance ID to be mapped to a particular supplier.

Tolerance Mapping Search

The Tolerance Mapping Search window provides a way in which to search for already defined tolerance mappings.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > Tolerance Mapping Maintenance**. The Tolerance Mapping Search window opens.

1. From the Tolerance Mapping Search window, use the following criteria to search for existing tolerance mappings:

Table 7–7 Tolerance Mapping Search Fields

Field	Description
Tolerance Level	When a tolerance level is selected, the value field LOV and validation is based on the tolerance level. Valid values are: ■ Department ■ Supplier Group ■ Supplier ■ Supplier Site
Department	This field allows the user to enter a department to be used in search criteria.
Supplier Group	This field allows the user to enter a supplier group to be used in search criteria.
Supplier	This field allows the user to enter a supplier to be used in search criteria.
Supplier Site	This field allows the user to enter a supplier site to be used in search criteria.
Tolerance ID	This field allows the user to enter a tolerance ID to be used in search criteria.

2. After you have entered the desired search criteria, click **Search**.

Note: If you would like to save your search criteria to use at a later date, click **Save**.

Your search results are displayed in the Search Results pane of the Tolerance Mapping Search window.

Tolerance Mapping Maintenance

The Tolerance Mapping Maintenance window is called from the Tolerance Mapping Search window. The Tolerance Mapping Maintenance window allows the user to edit, view, or delete an existing tolerance mapping. Tolerance mappings are mapped to tolerance levels such as Department, Supplier Group, Supplier, or Supplier Site.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > Tolerance Mapping Maintenance**. The Tolerance Mapping Search window opens.

1. From the Tolerance Mapping Search window, perform a search for existing tolerance mappings. See [Tolerance Mapping Search](#) for additional information.
2. From the Search Results pane, select the tolerance mapping you want to edit.
3. With the tolerance mapping selected, select **Edit** from the Action menu. The Tolerance Mapping Maintenance window is displayed.

Figure 7–10 Tolerance Mapping Maintenance Window

Match Level	Cost/Quantity	Difference in Favor Of	Lower Limit (Exclusive)	Upper Limit (Exclusive)	Tolerance Value Type	Tolerance	Auto Resolution	Reason Code	Reason Code Description
Line Item	Cost	Retailer	0.0000	100,000,000.00	Percent	2.0000	5.0000	830	Credit Memo Cost
Line Item	Quantity	Retailer	0.0000	10,000,000.00	Percent	0.2000	1.0000	888	Credit Memo Qty
Line Item	Cost	Supplier	0.0000	10,000,000.00	Percent	0.4000	1.5000	115	Pos. Cost Discr...
Line Item	Quantity	Supplier	0.0000	10,000,000.00	Percent	0.1000	0.8000	315	Qty Over Discr...

4. From the Tolerance Mapping Maintenance window, you can edit the Tolerance ID that is associated with the tolerance mapping.
5. Click **Save** to save the updated tolerance mapping.

Create Tolerance Mapping

The Create tolerance mapping action is available in the Search Results pane at all times regardless of whether a tolerance mapping search has been performed.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > Tolerance Mapping Maintenance**. The Tolerance Mapping Search window opens.

1. From the Search Results pane of the Tolerance Mapping Search window, select **Create** from the Action menu. The Create Tolerance Mapping window is displayed.

Figure 7–11 Create Tolerance Mapping Window

The screenshot shows the 'Create Tolerance Mapping' window. On the left, the 'Tasks' menu is expanded, showing 'Foundation' > 'Match Strategy Maintenance' > 'Tolerance Mapping Maintenance'. Below this is the 'Quick Match' section with dropdowns for 'Supplier', 'Supplier Site', 'Order', 'Location', and 'Invoice', along with 'Submit' and 'Reset' buttons. The main content area has three dropdowns: 'Tolerance Level' (with a 'Department' dropdown), 'Tolerance Level ID' (with a search icon), and 'Tolerance ID'. At the top right are buttons for 'Save', 'Save and Create Another', and 'Cancel'.

2. Enter the following information for your new tolerance mapping:

- Tolerance Level – Valid values are:
 - Department
 - Supplier Group
 - Supplier
 - Supplier Site

When a tolerance level is selected, the value field LOV and validation will be based on the tolerance level.

- Tolerance Level ID – Enter the ID for the entity selected as the tolerance level. For example, if the tolerance level selected was Supplier Site, you would enter a supplier site ID for this field.
 - Tolerance ID – Enter the tolerance ID to be mapped to the selected entry.
3. Click **Save** to save the new tolerance mapping.

If you want to create an additional tolerance mapping, click **Save and Create Another**.

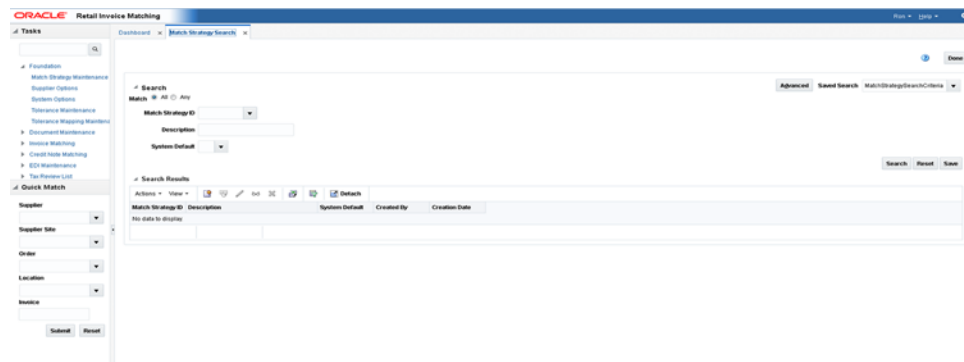
Match Strategy Maintenance

The batch auto-match program performs several types of match attempts in an effort to match invoices to receipts. The Match Strategy rules feature allows retailers to build and maintain match strategies which specifically define the types of matches which should be attempted and the order in which they should be tried during the auto-match process. The match strategies can be defined at the system, supplier group, or supplier level.

Match Strategy Search

The Match Strategy Search window provides a way in which to search for already defined match strategies.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > Match Strategy Maintenance**. The Match Strategy Search window opens.

Figure 7–12 Match Strategy Search Window

1. From the Match Strategy Search window, use the following criteria to search for existing strategies:

Table 7–8 Match Strategy Search Fields

Field	Description
Match Strategy ID	This field allows the user to enter a match strategy ID to be used in search criteria
Description	This field allows the user to enter a match strategy Description to be used in search criteria
System Default	The system requires one (and only one) match strategy to be flagged as the 'system' default strategy. This field allows searching based on this indicator.

2. After you have entered the desired search criteria, click **Search**.

Note: If you would like to save your search criteria to use at a later date, click **Save**.

Your search results are displayed in the Search Results pane of the Match Strategy Search window.

Edit a Match Strategy

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > Match Strategy Maintenance**. The Match Strategy Search window opens.

1. From the Match Strategy Search window, perform a search for existing match strategies. See [Match Strategy Search](#) for additional information.
2. From the Search Results pane, select the match strategy you want to edit.
3. With the match strategy selected, select **Edit** from the Action menu. The Match Strategy Maintenance window is displayed.

Figure 7–13 Match Strategy Maintenance Window

4. From the Match Strategy Maintenance window, you can edit the following:
 - Match Attempt – Specifies the order in which the match is attempted.
 - Match Level – Specifies the match level for this match attempt. Valid values include: Summary All-to-All, Summary One to Many, and Detail.
 - Match Type – Match Type is only applicable for Detail Matches or for Summary One-to-Many matches. Valid values for Detail Match include Best, Parent, or Regular. Valid values for Summary One-to-Many include Best and Detail.
5. Click **Save** to save the updated match strategy.

Create Match Strategy

The Create match strategy action is available in the Search Results pane at all times regardless of whether a match strategy search has been performed.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > Match Strategy Maintenance**. The Match Strategy Search window opens.

1. From the Search Results pane of the Match Strategy Search window, select **Create** from the Action menu. The Create Match Strategy window is displayed.

Figure 7–14 Create Match Strategy Window

2. Enter a Description for the new match strategy. If the match strategy will be used as the system default, select the System Default check box.
3. From the Create Match Strategy window, select **Add** from the Action menu. An empty match strategy is added to the Match Strategy table.

Figure 7-15 Add a Match Strategy

Note: When in create mode, the Match Strategy ID is automatically assigned and cannot be changed.

4. Enter the following information for your new match strategy:
 - Match Attempt – Select the order in which the strategy is attempted.
 - Match Level – Select the match level for this match attempt. Valid values include: Summary All to All, Summary One to Many, and Detail.
 - Match Type – Match Type is only applicable for Detail Matches or for Summary One to Many matches.
 5. Click **Save** to save the new match strategy.
- If you want to create an additional match strategy, click **Save and Create Another**.

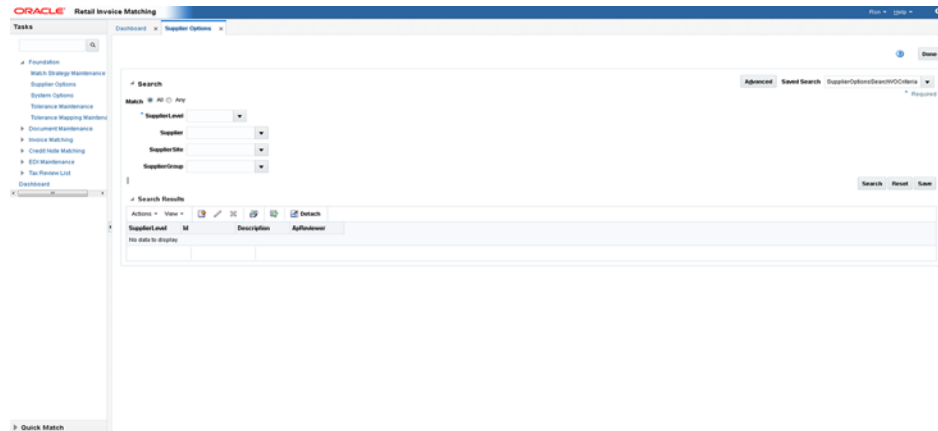
Supplier Options

In the Supplier Options window, you can indicate how invoices from each supplier should be matched. You can associate a specific accounts payable reviewer to a supplier, and you can create Supplier Groups.

Search for a Supplier

The Supplier Options window provides a way in which to search for already defined suppliers, supplier sites, or supplier groups.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > Supplier Options**. The Supplier Options window opens.

Figure 7–16 Supplier Options Window

1. From the Supplier Options window, use the following criteria to search for existing suppliers, supplier sites, or supplier groups:

Table 7–9 Supplier Options Search Fields

Field	Description
Supplier Level	This field allows selection of a Supplier Level as a filter criterion to filter the Supplier Options records. Available options are: ■ Supplier Group ■ Supplier ■ Supplier Site
Supplier	This field allows selection of a Supplier as a filter criterion to filter the Supplier Options records.
Supplier Site	This field allows filtering of Supplier Options records based on the Supplier site ID specified.
Supplier Group	This field allows filtering of Supplier Options records based on the Supplier Group ID specified.

2. After you have entered the desired search criteria, click **Search**.

Note: If you would like to save your search criteria to use at a later date, click **Save**.

Your search results are displayed in the Search Results pane of the Supplier Options window.

Edit a Supplier

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > Supplier Options**. The Supplier Options window opens.

Figure 7-17 Supplier Options Window

1. In the Supplier Level field, select Supplier, Supplier Site, or Supplier Group or click the LOV buttons to select a specific Supplier, Supplier Site, or Supplier Group.

Note: Differences exist between editing a supplier group, a supplier, and a supplier site. For example, when editing a Supplier Group the UI displays Suppliers associated with the Group. In addition, supplier groups have fewer possible fields. Default Match Key is not allowed on the supplier site level.

2. Click **Search**. The supplier details are displayed.
3. In the AP Reviewer field, enter the ID of an accounts payable reviewer, or click the LOV button to select the reviewer that you want to associate with the supplier, supplier site, or supplier group.
4. Edit the enabled fields as necessary:
 - **Invoices for Supplier Manually Paid:** Select the check box to indicate that invoices from this supplier should be paid manually.
 - **Always Use Invoice Terms:** Select the check box to indicate that the terms date on the invoice is always used to pay an invoice.
 - **ROG Date Allowed:** Select the check box to use the receipt of goods date to determine the due date of an invoice.
 - **Send Debit Memo:** Select the frequency to indicate when to send a debit memo.

Possible values are:

Always - Indicates Debit Memo will be sent.

Never - Indicates a Credit Note Request will be sent.

Only when Credit Note is late - Indicates a Credit Note Request will be sent, but later if the Credit Note does not come in on time, a Debit Memo is then generated.

When this setting is either Never or Only when the Credit Note is Late, an additional option called Hold Invoice is allowed. You can check or uncheck it.

Note: If Hold Invoice is checked, matched invoices will not post to the Financial System until all Credit Note Requests associated with the invoice are matched to Credit Notes.

Figure 7–18 Supplier Options Window

Supplier: 123321

Group Id: 2 Group Description: Supplier Group Description

Match Strategy Details

- ☒ Invoices for Supplier Manually Paid
- ☒ Always Use Invoice Terms
- ☐ RCO Date Allowed
- ☐ Hold Invoices until Credit Note is Received
- ☐ Match Total Quantity
- ☐ Total Header Quantity Required

Send Outlines: Invoice

Close Open Receipt Days: 100

Discrepancy Days Before Routing: 10

AP Processor: RCM

Default Match Key: FOLLO

Buttons: Save, Save And Close, Close

- **Close Open Receipt Days:** Enter the number of days that a receipt remains in the system without an invoice. After the number of days has passed, the receipt is posted for payment.
 - **Discrepancy Days Before Routing:** Enter the number of days that quantity discrepancies should be held before routing for resolution.
5. Click **Save** to save your changes or **Save and Close** to save your changes and close the window.

Create Supplier Options

The Create supplier action is available in the Search Results pane at all times regardless of whether a supplier search has been performed.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > Supplier Options**. The Supplier Options window opens.

1. From the Search Results pane of the Supplier Options window, select **Create** from the Action menu. The Create Supplier Options window is displayed.

Figure 7–19 Create Supplier Options Window

Tasks

Foundation

- Match Strategy Maintenance
- Supplier Options
- System Options
- Tolerance Maintenance
- Tolerance Mapping Maintenance

Quick Match

Supplier

Supplier Site

Order

Location

Invoice

Submit Reset

Supplier Level

Buttons: Save, Save And Close, Close

2. From the Create Supplier Options window, you can perform the following actions:

- [Create Supplier](#)
- [Create Supplier Site](#)
- [Create Supplier Group](#)

Create Supplier

1. From the Create Supplier Options window, select **Supplier** in the Supplier Level field.

Figure 7–20 Create Supplier

2. In the Supplier field, select the supplier against which the new Supplier Options record is to be created. The supplier must be a valid supplier already setup in RMS.
3. If this supplier will be matching invoices to other suppliers with a supplier group, then enter the supplier group ID.
4. If the supplier is not part of a supplier group, and they do not want to use the system default match strategy, then enter the match strategy.
5. Enter values in the enabled fields as necessary:
 - **Invoices for Supplier Manually Paid:** Select the check box to indicate that invoices from this supplier should be paid manually.
 - **Always Use Invoice Terms:** Select the check box to indicate that the invoice terms should always be used as the best terms.
 - **ROG Date Allowed:** Select the check box to use the receipt of goods date to determine the due date of an invoice.
 - **Hold invoices until Credit Note is Received:** If checked, matched invoices will not post to the Financial System until all Credit Note Requests associated with the invoice are matched to Credit Notes.

- **Match Total Quantity:** Determines if Matching of Total Quantity is required for Invoices at this Supplier Level.
- **Total Header Quantity Required:** Determines if Total Header Quantity is required to be specified for Invoices at this Supplier Level.
- **Online Parent Matching:** Indicates whether parent level matching is allowed in the online matching process for this supplier.
- **Automatch Across Multiple Purchase Orders:** Indicates whether the supplier is sending one invoice for multiple purchase orders.
- **Send Debit Memo:** Select the frequency to indicate when to send a debit memo.

Possible values are:

Always - Indicates Debit Memo will be sent.

Never - Indicates a Credit Note Request will be sent.

Only when Credit Note is late - Indicates a Credit Note Request will be sent, but later if the Credit Note does not come in on time, a Debit Memo is then generated.

When this setting is either Never or Only when the Credit Note is Late, an additional option called Hold Invoice is allowed. You can check or uncheck it.

- **Close Open Receipt Days:** Enter the number of days that a receipt remains in the system without an invoice. After the number of days has passed, the receipt is posted for payment.
 - **Discrepancy Days Before Routing:** Enter the number of days that quantity discrepancies should be held before routing for resolution.
 - **AP Reviewer:** This field specifies which accounts payable employee will be the default reviewer for invoice at this Supplier Levels.
 - **Default Match Key:** Indicates the Default Match key applicable for the Supplier Group for the Auto match process.
 - **SKU Compliance Percentage:** Enter the percent of items on the invoice which also need to be on the receipt for a header level match to be accepted.
6. Click **Save** to save your changes or **Save and Close** to save your changes and close the window.

Create Supplier Site

1. From the Create Supplier Options window, select **Supplier Site** in the Supplier Level field.

Figure 7–21 Create Supplier Site

Dashboard x Supplier Options x Create Supplier Options x

Save Save And Close Close

Supplier Level Supplier Site

* Supplier

Invoices for Supplier Manually Paid ☐

Always use Invoice Terms ☐

ROG Date Allowed ☐

Hold Invoices until Credit Note is Received ☐

Match Total Quantity ☐

Total Header Quantity Required ☐

* Send Debit Memo

Close Open Receipt Days

* Discrepancy Days before Routing

* AP Reviewer

2. In the Supplier Site field, select the supplier site against which the new Supplier Options record is to be created.
3. Enter values in the enabled fields as necessary:
 - **Invoices for Supplier Manually Paid:** Select the check box to indicate that invoices from this supplier should be paid manually.
 - **Always Use Invoice Terms:** Select the check box to indicate that the invoice terms should always be used as the best terms.
 - **ROG Date Allowed:** Select the check box to use the receipt of goods date to determine the due date of an invoice.
 - **Hold invoices until Credit Note is Received:** If checked, matched invoices will not post to the Financial System until all Credit Note Requests associated with the invoice are matched to Credit Notes.
 - **Match Total Quantity:** Determines if Matching of Total Quantity is required for Invoices at this Supplier Level.
 - **Total Header Quantity Required:** Determines if Total Header Quantity is required to be specified for Invoices at this Supplier Level.
 - **Send Debit Memo:** Select the frequency to indicate when to send a debit memo.

Possible values are:

Always - Indicates Debit Memo will be sent.

Never - Indicates a Credit Note Request will be sent.

Only when Credit Note is late - Indicates a Credit Note Request will be sent, but later if the Credit Note does not come in on time, a Debit Memo is then generated.

When this setting is either Never or Only when the Credit Note is Late, an additional option called Hold Invoice is allowed. You can check or uncheck it.

- **Close Open Receipt Days:** Enter the number of days that a receipt remains in the system without an invoice. After the number of days has passed, the receipt is posted for payment.
 - **Discrepancy Days Before Routing:** Enter the number of days that quantity discrepancies should be held before routing for resolution.
 - **AP Reviewer:** This field specifies which accounts payable employee will be the default reviewer for invoices at this Supplier Levels.
4. Click **Save** to save your changes or **Save and Close** to save your changes and close the window.

Create Supplier Group

1. From the Create Supplier Options window, select **Supplier Group** in the Supplier Level field.

Figure 7–22 Create Supplier Group

Dashboard × Supplier Options × **Create Supplier Options** ×

Supplier Level: Supplier Group ▼

Supplier Group Id: 25001 ▼ * Supplier Group Description:

▶ Group Members

▶ Match Strategy Details

▲ Additional Parameters

Match Total Quantity ☐

Total Header Quantity Required ☐

Online Parent Matching ☐

Automatch Across Multiple Purchase Orders ☒

* Default Match Key: ▼

AP Reviewer: ▼

* Discrepancy Days before Routing:

SKU Compliance Percentage:

2. In the Group Description field, enter a description for the group being created.
3. If you do not want to use the system default match strategy, then enter the match strategy.
4. Enter values in the enabled fields as necessary:
 - **Match Total Quantity:** Determines if Matching of Total Quantity is required for Invoices at this Supplier Level.
 - **Total Header Quantity Required:** Determines if Total Header Quantity is required to be specified for Invoices at this Supplier Level.
 - **Online Parent Matching:** Indicates whether parent level matching is allowed in the online matching process for this supplier.
 - **Automatch Across Multiple Purchase Orders:** Indicates whether the supplier is sending one invoice for multiple purchase orders.
 - **Default Match Key:** Indicates the Default Match key applicable for the Supplier Group for the Auto match process.
 - **AP Reviewer:** This field specifies which accounts payable employee will be the default reviewer for invoice at this Supplier Levels.
 - **Discrepancy Days Before Routing:** Enter the number of days that quantity discrepancies should be held before routing for resolution.
 - **SKU Compliance Percentage:** Enter the percent of items on the invoice which also need to be on the receipt for a header level match to be accepted.
5. Click **Save** to save your changes or **Save and Close** to save your changes and close the window.

General Ledger Cross Reference

The GL Cross Reference Maintenance screen allows users to build and maintain the accounting segments necessary to interface ReIM transactions to external financial systems.

Search for a GL Cross Reference

The GL Cross Reference window provides a way in which to search for already defined GL cross references.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > GL Cross Reference**. The GL Cross Reference window opens.

Figure 7–23 GL Cross Reference Window

1. From the GL Cross Reference window, use the following criteria to search for existing GL cross references:

Table 7–10 GL Cross Reference Search Fields

Field	Description
Set of Books	Enter the set of Books associated for which you wish to search.
Cross Reference Type	Enter the Cross Reference Type to be included in the search. Valid values are: ■ Basic Transactions (BT) ■ Non-merchandise Codes (NMC) ■ Reason Code Actions (RCA)
Transaction Code	The ReIM Transaction Code to be used in the search. Transaction codes represent specific accounting transactions which occur in ReIM which need to be interfaced to an external financial system. Valid values will vary depending on the Cross Reference Type selected.
Tax Code	The Tax Code to be included in the search. In a tax-off environment the Tax Code field will not be displayed.

2. After you have entered the desired search criteria, click **Search**.

Note: If you would like to save your search criteria to use at a later date, click **Save**.

Your search results are displayed in the Search Results pane of the GL Options window.

Create General Ledger Account Cross Reference

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > GL Cross Reference**. The GL Cross Reference window opens.

1. From the Search Results pane of the GL Cross Reference window, select Create from the Action menu. The GL Cross Reference Maintenance window opens.

Figure 7–24 GL Cross Reference Maintenance Window

2. In the Set of Books ID field, enter the identifier that applies to this cross reference.

Note: If there is only one Set of Books set up in RMS, this field is populated automatically.

3. In the Cross Reference Type field, select the account category. Valid values include:
 - Basic Transactions
 - Non-merchandise Codes
 - Reason Code Actions
4. In the Transaction Code field, enter the transaction code for the new GL cross reference. Valid values for basic transactions include:
 - TAP – Trade Accounts Payable
 - TAX – Tax
 - UNR – Unmatched Receipt
 - VWT – Variance Within Tolerance
 - DWO – Discrepancy Write Off
 - RWO – Receipt Write Off
 - PPA – Pre-Paid Asset
 - DIRAR – Complex Deal Income Receivable
 - DIRAF – Fixed Deal Income Receivable
 - VCT – Variance Calc Tolerance
 - VCCT – Varance Calc Tax Tolerance
 - CRN – Credit Note
 - TAPNDI – Trade Accounts Payable Non-dynamic item
 - CRNNDI – Credit Note Non-dynamic item
 - TAXNDI – Tax Non-dynamic item
 - TAXRVC – Tax Reverse Charge

- TAXRVO – Tax Reverse Offset
- TAXACQ – Tax-Acquisition
- TAXACO – Tax-Acquisition Offset

For non-merchandise cross reference type use the RMS non-merchandise codes as valid values.

For Reason Code Action cross reference type:

- The Transaction Code can be sequentially assigned and disabled when in add mode. That is, the sequence number is incremented to assign the next available Transaction Code for Reason Code Actions.
- This transaction code is then used on the 'Reason Code' Maintenance to assign specific accounting entries to a Reason Code. The structure allows for one Reason Code Action Transaction Code to be used by multiple Reason Codes, thereby reducing setup time.

5. In the Tax Code field, enter the tax code associated with the GL cross reference.

Note: This field is disabled except when a transaction code of 'TAX', 'TAXNDI', 'TAXACQ', 'TAXACO', 'TAXREV', 'TAXxxx', or 'TAXREVO' is being created.

6. Click **Save** to save your changes. Alternatively, from the drop down menu, select **Save and Close** to save your changes and close the window or **Save and Add Another** to save your changes and add an additional GL cross reference.

Edit a General Ledger Account Cross Reference

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > GL Cross Reference**. The GL Cross Reference window opens.

1. Perform a search for the GL cross reference you wish to edit. See [Search for a GL Cross Reference](#) for additional information.
2. In the search results pane, select the GL cross reference you want to edit and select **Edit** from the Action menu. The GL Cross Reference Maintenance window opens.

Figure 7–25 GL Cross Reference Maintenance Window

- 3. From the GL Cross Reference Maintenance window, update the enabled fields as necessary.
- 4. Click **Save** to save your changes. Alternatively, from the drop down menu, select **Save and Close** to save your changes and close the window or **Save and Add Another** to save your changes and add an additional GL cross reference.

General Ledger Options Maintenance

The GL Option Maintenance screen allows users to search for segment details corresponding to any of the sets of books defined in RMS.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > GL Options Maintenance**. The GL Options Maintenance window opens.

Figure 7–26 GL Options Maintenance Window

1. In the Set of Books field, click the LOV button to select the Set of Books. The selected set of books GL options are displayed.
2. From the resulting set of books search, you can make changes to the following:

Note: Panes will be active and available for editing based on how the set of books is defined in RMS.

- Segments – This pane displays the segment details corresponding to the set of books and is always enabled when you search for a set of books. From this pane, you can create, update, and delete segment details from a set of books.
 - Dynamic mapping for Departments – This pane is enabled only if the selected set of books has the department segment set as dynamic. From this pane, you can create, update, and delete dynamic mappings for departments. If a dynamic department segment was not defined, data cannot be entered.
 - Dynamic mapping for Classes – This pane is enabled only if the selected set of books has the class segment set as dynamic. From this pane, you can create, update, and delete dynamic mappings for classes. If a dynamic class segment was not defined, data cannot be entered.
 - Dynamic mapping for Locations – This pane is enabled only if the selected set of books has either company or location segments set as dynamic. From this pane, you can create, update, and delete dynamic financial mappings for locations. If a dynamic location segment was not defined, data cannot be entered.
3. Click **Save** to save your changes. Alternatively, from the drop down menu, select **Save and Close** to save your changes and close the window.

Reason Codes

Reason codes are used to resolve discrepancies between receipts and invoices. A discrepancy originates when the price or quantity variance exceeds acceptable tolerance levels.

Using the Reason Code Maintenance window, you can set up and maintain reason codes. Reason codes are used to resolve discrepancies between receipts and invoices. A discrepancy originates when the price or quantity variance exceeds acceptable tolerance levels. After you create the reason code, you must associate it with an action that helps you resolve the discrepancies.

This section includes the following reason code instructions:

- [Search for a Reason Code](#)
- [Create Reason Codes](#)
- [Edit Reason Codes](#)

Search for a Reason Code

The Supplier Options window provides a way in which to search for already defined suppliers, supplier sites, or supplier groups.

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > Reason Code Maintenance**. The Reason Code Maintenance window opens.

Figure 7–27 Reason Code Maintenance Window

The screenshot shows the 'Reason Code Maintenance' window. It features a search section with the following fields: Reason Code Type (dropdown), Reason Code (text), Reason Code Description (text), and Action Type (dropdown). There are buttons for 'Advanced', 'Saved Search', and 'ReasonCodeSearchCriteria'. Below the search section is a 'Search Results' pane. It includes a table with the following columns: Reason Code Type, Reason Code, Reason Code Description, Action Type, Accounting Distribution Required, Comments Required, and Comments Mail. The table currently shows 'No data to display'.

1. From the Reason Code Maintenance window, use the following criteria to search for existing reason codes:

Table 7–11 Supplier Options Search Fields

Field	Description
Reason Code Type	The type of reason code for which you are searching. Valid values include: ■ Cost Discrepancy ■ Quantity Discrepancy ■ Tax Discrepancy (only in a Tax On environment) ■ Credit Note Tax Discrepancy (only in a Tax On environment) ■ RTV Chargeback
Reason Code	This field allows for query by reason code ID which is a unique identifier of the reason code being referenced.
Reason Code Description	This field allows for query by reason code description as a search/filter.
Action Type	This field allows filtering of Reason Codes based on the Action Type. The Action type drop-down has a dependence on the Reason Code type specified.

2. After you have entered the desired search criteria, click **Search**.

Note: If you would like to save your search criteria to use at a later date, click **Save**.

Your search results are displayed in the Search Results pane of the Reason Code Maintenance window.

Create Reason Codes

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > Reason Code Maintenance**. The Reason Code Maintenance window opens.

Figure 7–28 Reason Code Maintenance Window

1. From the Search Results pane of the Reason Code Maintenance window, select Create from the Action menu. The Reason Code window opens.

Figure 7–29 Create Reason Code Window

2. In the Reason Code Type field, select the reason code type to associate with the reason code. Valid values are:
 - Cost Discrepancy
 - Quantity Discrepancy
 - Tax Discrepancy (only in a Tax On environment)
 - Credit Note Tax Discrepancy (only in a Tax On environment)
 - RTV Chargeback
3. In the Reason Code field, enter an ID for the reason code.
4. In the Reason Code Description field, enter the description of the reason code.

5. In the Action field, select the action to resolve the discrepancy.
6. In the Comments Hint field, enter additional information that may be needed to resolve the discrepancy.
7. If a comment is required when a reviewer is resolving the discrepancy, select the Comments Required check box.
8. Click **Save** to save your changes and continue editing. Alternatively, from the drop down menu, select **Save and Close** to save your changes and close the window.

Associate General Ledger Segment Mapping with a Reason Code

The GL Segments Mapping pane is only enabled if the reason code type is one which requires accounting. For Reason Codes that require accounting, the GL cross-reference pane allows the user to specify the set of books and the GL cross reference transaction code to be used to post the accounting entries when this reason code is used in discrepancy resolution. For reason codes that do not require accounting, the GL Segments mapping container is disabled.

1. In the Set of Books field, click the LOV button to select the Set of Books. The selected set of books GL options are displayed.
2. In the Transaction Code field, click the LOV button to select a GL Transaction Code. This will be the Transaction Code used to send accounting entries to GL when this reason code is used.

When the Transaction Code is selected, the screen will display the GL Cross reference segments assigned to this Transaction Code.

3. Click **Save** to save your changes and continue editing. Alternatively, from the drop down menu, select **Save and Close** to save your changes and close the window.

Associate Security Groups with a Reason Code

Reason Code usage is controlled using the RMS security groups structure. The Security Groups pane maps user groups to a reason code. During discrepancy resolution, a user will only be able to see and use reason codes to which they have security access. Security access means that the user is in a security group which is mapped to the reason code.

Use the following procedure to associate a security group with a reason code:

1. In the Security Groups pane, select **Add** from the Actions menu.
2. In the Security Groups table, select the Security Group by ID or by Description.
3. Click **Save** to save your changes and continue editing. Alternatively, from the drop down menu, select **Save and Close** to save your changes and close the window.

Edit Reason Codes

Navigate: From the Tasks menu, select **Foundation > Reason Code Maintenance**. The Reason Code Maintenance window opens.

1. Perform a search for the reason code you wish to edit. See [Search for a Reason Code](#) for additional information.
2. In the search results pane, select the reason code you want to edit and select **Edit** from the Action menu. The Reason Code window opens.
3. From the Reason Code window, update the enabled fields as necessary.
4. Click **Save** to save the updated reason code.

Click **Save and Close** to save the reason code and return to the Reason Code Maintenance window.

Introducing Oracle Retail Operational Insights

This chapter introduces the role of operational business intelligence in a retail environment. It briefly describes the implementation of Operational Insights (OI) reports for Oracle Retail Sales Audit (ReSA), Oracle Retail Allocation and Oracle Retail Invoice Matching (ReIM), Oracle Retail Merchandising System (RMS) through Oracle Application Development Framework (ADF).

Operational Insights Overview

Operational Insights embeds business intelligence into the fabric of the business, intertwining it with operational processes and applications that drive thousands of daily decisions. In essence, Operational Insights merges analytical and operational processes into a unified whole. Operational Insights delivers the right information to the right people at the right time so that they can take action. This not only streamlines processes and reduces costs, but also improves service and gives organizations a competitive advantage in the marketplace.

Operational Insights provides a combination of dashboard and in-context reports in the Merchandising ADF applications. Dashboard reports are role based reports highlighting the area of focus for a user and in-context reports shows on selected screens and provides further information to the task flow or entity on the screen. Major benefits of OI to the user are:

- Manage by exception
 - Dashboards highlight the areas of focus for a user
 - Help to prioritize work for the day
- Increase user efficiency
 - Resolve issues from the dashboard or
 - Take the user to the specific transaction for resolution
- Contextual decision-making support
 - Contextual BI gives additional information to aid in decision-making
 - Notify a user of a key activity being completed
- Configurability
 - Dashboards created for retailer-specific roles using Oracle Retail reports, or custom reports
 - Flexibility to use data from multiple sources

- Dashboard filters allow users to configure their view

User Roles and Responsibilities

In the standard Operational Insights installation, the predefined reports are organized in the dashboard to facilitate role-based implementation. In each application, dashboards and reports are designed for different user roles, such as:

- Auditor and Audit Manager in ReSA
- Allocator and Allocation Manager in Allocation
- Accounts Payable Specialist and Finance Manager in Invoice Matching
- Buyer, Inventory Analyst, Inventory Control Analyst, Finance Analyst, and Data Steward in Merchandising

Operational Insights Language Options

The reports are displayed in the same language as set up in the integrated merchandise applications user preferences page. To set your preferred language access the user preferences page by clicking user name > Preferences at the top of the home page of the application.

The following languages are supported by Operational Insights:

- Chinese (Simplified)
- Chinese (Traditional)
- Croatian
- Dutch
- English
- French
- German
- Greek
- Hungarian
- Italian
- Japanese
- Korean
- Polish
- Portuguese (Brazilian)
- Russian
- Spanish
- Swedish
- Turkish

OI Accessibility Options

The reports support the accessibility mode selected in the integrated merchandise applications user preferences page. To select the user preferences, click **user name > Preferences** at the top of the home page.

Pre-defined Operational Insights Reports

Predefined reports are packaged with Operational Insights and are available for ReSA, Allocation, ReIM, and RMS as dashboard and In-context BI reports.

Predefined OI Reports for Retail Invoice Match (ReIM)

ReIM Operational Insights reports can be divided into the Dashboard Reports and In-context BI Reports. These reports are embedded within the ReIM ADF application.

Dashboard Reports

The dashboard surfaces information in a manner that will help users (Finance Manager and Accounts Payable specialist) understand invoice match workload, view supplier performance, manage employee workload and provide quick visibility into cost, quantity and tax discrepancies. The dashboard allows you to contextually launch into the Summary Match, Detail Match and Discrepancy Review list to take quick action on the insights presented.

ReIM Dashboard Reports:

- Upcoming Invoices
- Automatch Rate
- Supplier Site Performance
- Employee Workload
- Invoices

Upcoming Invoices Report

The Upcoming Invoices Report provides visibility into the upcoming workload for either the Accounts Payable Specialist or a group of employees for the Finance Manager.

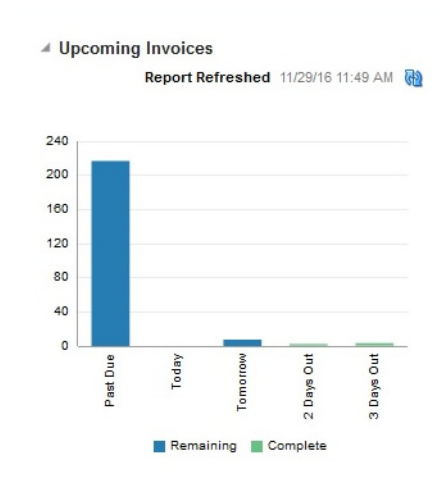
The report shows the number of Completed and Remaining Invoices with the invoice due date equal to:

- Today
- Tomorrow
- 2 days out
- 3 days out

The report also shows the number of Remaining Invoices with the invoice due date in the past:

- Past Due

Figure 9–1 Upcoming Invoices



Automatch Rate Report

The AutoMatch Rate report will allow you to quickly see the total percent of invoices in matched status that were matched by the automatch batch in comparison with the total number of invoices that were manually matched by the ReIM user. This metric is shown by using a gauge report.

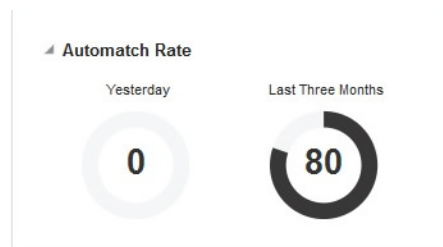
The number shown and represented by the black bar is the percent that is Automatched.

The remaining percentage represented by the light gray bar is the percent that was manually matched.

The report is calculated for you and can be viewed 2 different ways.

- Yesterday
- Last 3 months

Figure 9–2 Automatch Rate



Supplier Site Performance Report

The Supplier site report lists each individual supplier that the employee is responsible for. This is only available on the Finance Manager dashboard. This report serves as a quick glance to see how the supplier site is performing and all the data that is shown is for the past 12 weeks (84 days).

- Supplier site
- Supplier site ID

- Scorecard* (See below for more details)
- # Automatch
- Auto Match Rate
- # w cost discrepancy
- # w unit discrepancy
- # early ship invoices
- # late ship invoices
- # invoices
- Total amount

You are able to sort and filter based off of Supplier site ID.

The Finance Manager will see a list of the supplier sites of the employees that roll up to that role.

*Scorecard: The supplier site rating based on certain parameters such as discrepancy occurrence rate, exact matches vs matches within tolerance and shipping performance.

Weightage assigned to each of the criteria is stored in a configuration table. See Compliance Metric for more details.

Search By: You will be able to search by the levels below in order to do a quick look up of supplier site performance:

- Dept
- Supplier Site

When the down arrow of the Search By box is clicked; you are given the option to select either department or supplier site. Then you must enter in the ID of the corresponding level you want to search. When you click the **Apply** box, any supplier site that has items in the level that was searched is returned for review of your performance. This search gives the Finance Manager a way to search at the department or supplier site for ease of use.

If you enter an incorrect ID for any of the levels, an error message is provided letting you know that the ID entered is inaccurate.

Figure 9–3 Supplier Site Performance Report

Supplier Site Performance and Employee Workload										
Supplier Sites		Employees								
Search By		Department	--Select Value--	Apply						
Supplier Site Name	Supplier Site	Scorecard	#Automatch	Automatch Rate	#w/ Cost Disc	#w/ Qty Disc	#Early Ship Invoices	#Late Ship Invoices	# Invoices	Total Amount
222333444 Test Site	222333444	★★★★☆	0	0%	0	1	0	0	4	6600.00 AED
333444555 Test Site	333444555	★★★★☆	0	0%	0	0	4	0	5	16220.60 USD
Doug EDI Supplier SITE - Choose another supplier	2	★★★★★	1	100%	0	0	0	0	1	1364.00 USD
Doug's - If you are not Doug - choose another supplier	3	★★★☆☆	0	0%	7	10	19	0	19	99117.60 USD

Employee Workload Report

On the Finance Manager dashboard, this user has the option to toggle between the supplier site performance report and the employee workload report. The employee workload report provides a way for the finance manager to track their employee's performance. This report is not available on the Accounts Payable Specialist Dashboard.

The Finance Manager will see a list of employees that report to them and date for 5 data ranges associated with manual matching of invoices.

Invoices due needing manual matching will be shown for the following time ranges, and in this order:

- Today (Remaining vs Completed)
- Tomorrow
- 2 days out
- 3 days out
- Past due

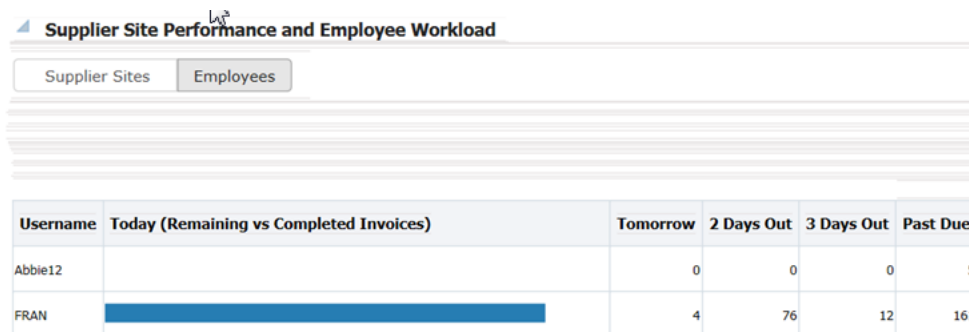
For the Today (Remaining vs Completed) column, there is a horizontal bar graph that shows the Completed vs. Remaining workload for each employee.

Completed Invoices: The blue horizontal bar represents the number invoices that have already been completed by manual matching.

Remaining Invoices: The light gray horizontal shaded bar represents the remaining workload that the employee needs to match.

For the Remaining time frame, ie: Tomorrow, 2 Days out, 3 Days out and Past Due columns, the data is represented as a number that is the remaining invoices that each employee is responsible for.

Figure 9–4 Employee Workload Report



Invoices Report

The main purpose of the Invoices report is to allow the Accounts Payable team to manage their work-load. The list of invoices can be sorted and filtered to allow you to resolve and match the highest priority invoices first.

The report will be initially sorted based on a pre-determined set of criteria that is listed below but you can use the sort and filter capability to change the way the invoices are sorted.

The columns that are displayed to you and available for viewing are as follows and are further detailed in the Metrics section of this document.

- Priority (detailed below)
- Invoice
- Order
- Supplier site Name
- Location
- Due Date
- Items
- Total Cost
- Cash Discount
- Cost
- Qty
- Tax

Five pre-defined tiles are used to filter the report. The five tiles are:

- Past Due
- Due Today
- Due Tomorrow
- 2 Days Out
- 3 Days Out

In addition, within the filters applied by the tiles, you can also use standard ADF QBE filtering on each column of the report.

In-context Launch On the Invoices report there are 3 opportunities for you to contextual launch directly into the ReIM application for discrepancy resolution or invoice matching. In all 3 instances, we need to pass certain parameters to ReIM for ease of navigation.

- **TAX Discrepancy:** When you click the **TAX** icon (T) on the Invoices Report, they will be launched into the Tax Discrepancy Review List in the ReIM application. If the RMS system setting has a tax type= sales, then the Tax Discrepancy filter or the Tax column will not be visible on the report.

Note: When there is a Tax Discrepancy, the contextual launch for Invoice ID will be disabled as you will not be able to match an invoice that has a tax discrepancy.

– **Parameters:** None

When user launches to the Tax Review list, they will see all invoices associated with their ID that have tax discrepancies.

- **Cost and Qty Discrepancy:** When you click either the **Cost** (C) Or **Qty** (Q) discrepancy on the Invoices Report, they will be launched into the Discrepancy Review List in the ReIM application. From this window they will be able to resolve discrepancies for items on the invoice. If discrepancies are resolved for all items on an invoice, the invoice goes to a matched status.

– **Parameters:** Document ID

- **Summary Match Window:** When user clicks on the invoice number in the Invoices report, they will be launched into the Summary Match window in the ReIM application. On the Summary Match window, you will be able to match invoices.
 - **Parameters:** PO number, Location, Document ID Supplier ID, Supplier Site ID

Priority The priority metric that will be used to sort invoices is based on pre defined criteria. By using the priority invoice sorting, invoices having the highest priority are brought to the users' attention first thus helping them prioritize their work for the day and pick the most important invoices first for manual matching and for discrepancy resolution. The following metrics are considered for deriving the priority of the invoice:

1. Due Date (in order of: Past due, Due today, Due tomorrow 2 days out, 3 days out)
 2. Cash Discount= Y
 3. Total Cost amount (Descending order)
 4. Cost Discrepancy= Y
 5. Unit Discrepancy= Y
- **Group by date in this order:** Past Due, Today, Tomorrow, 2 days out, 3 days out.
 - Within each group, show invoices with a cash discount first. Within the cash discount invoices show highest Total cost invoices first then descending order.
 - For invoices not having cash discount, prioritize the ones having cost discrepancy and unit discrepancy first, the ones with only cost discrepancy next and then the ones with only unit discrepancy last. Within each group prioritize by the Total Cost of the invoice in descending order.
 - The next group will be Invoices due today, use the same logic to prioritize these next.

Figure 9–5 Invoices Report

ORACLE® Retail Invoice Matching

Dashboard

Invoices Due

All Past Due
217

Today
0

Tomorrow
8

Two Days Out
1
Completed 2

Three Days Out
1
Completed 3

Invoices

View

Detach

Priority	Invoice	Order	Supplier Site ID	Location	Supplier Site Name	Due Date	Items	Total Cost	Cash	Cost	Qty	Tax
1	7/13/2016-11:...	701	20101	222	IMPORT: SUP SITE MAIN	3/4/2016	0	1,000.00 USD				
2	JH_47401_02	47401	5812374102	9121	Demo Supplier Site	3/12/2016	1	129.80 USD				
3	Doc1_52025	52025	5812373557	110	AUD Supp	3/15/2016	1	67,466.67 USD				
4	TEST - 52027	52027	5812373557	110	AUD Supp	3/15/2016	1	2,712.50 USD				
5	jh_47718_02	47718	5812374102	9121	Demo Supplier Site	3/15/2016	9	1,115.40 USD				
6	52901INVC1	52901	5812373557	110	AUD Supp	3/17/2016	0	42.17 USD				
7	54327-invc1	54327	154	11111	Spartan Nash	3/18/2016	0	5,838.05 USD				
8	54335-invc2	54335	154	11111	Spartan Nash	3/19/2016	0	2,794.00 USD				
9	54335-invc1	54335	154	11111	Spartan Nash	3/19/2016	0	1,402.50 USD				
10	54335-invc3	54335	154	11111	Spartan Nash	3/19/2016	0	1,374.45 USD				

In-context Business Intelligence (BI) Reports

In-context BI Reports are displayed in the contextual pane of some ReIM windows. In-context BI reports provide additional In-context insights to the data being viewed in the ReIM window.

The following ReIM windows have In-context BI reports displayed in the right pane:

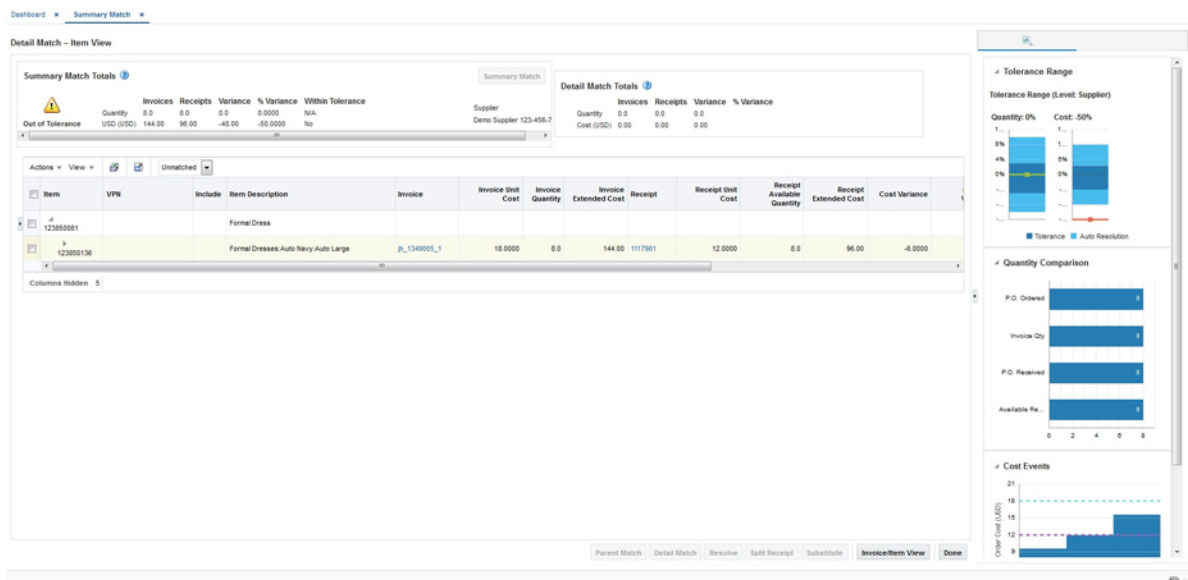
- Detail Match
- Summary Match
- Discrepancy Review List

In-context BI Reports on the Detail Match Window

The following are In-context BI reports displayed on the Detail Match window:

- Quantity Comparison
- Cost Events
- Tolerance Range

Figure 9–6 In-context BI Reports on Detail Match Window

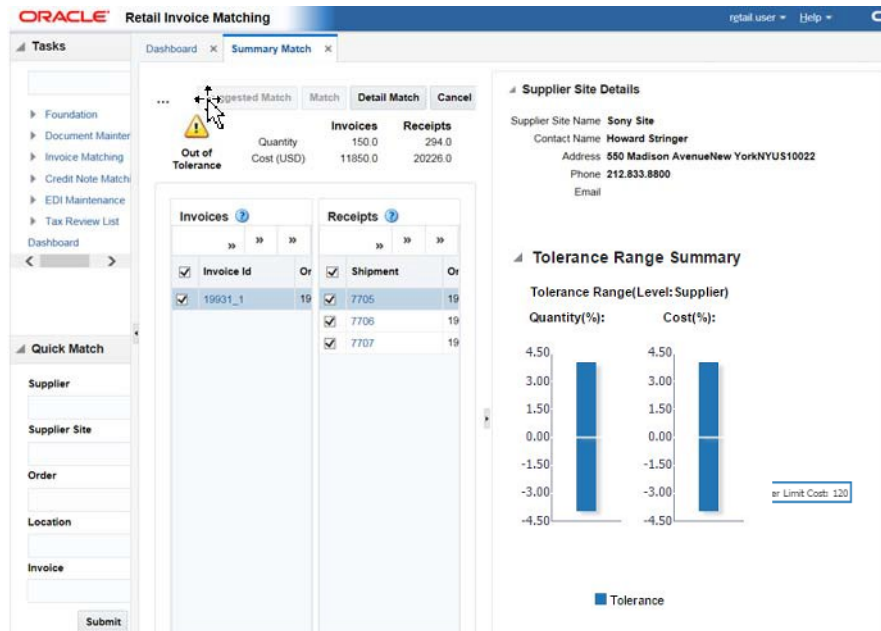


In-context BI Reports on Summary Match Window

The following are In-context BI reports displayed on the Summary Match window:

- Supplier Site Details
- Tolerance Range

Figure 9–7 In-context BI Reports on Summary Match Window

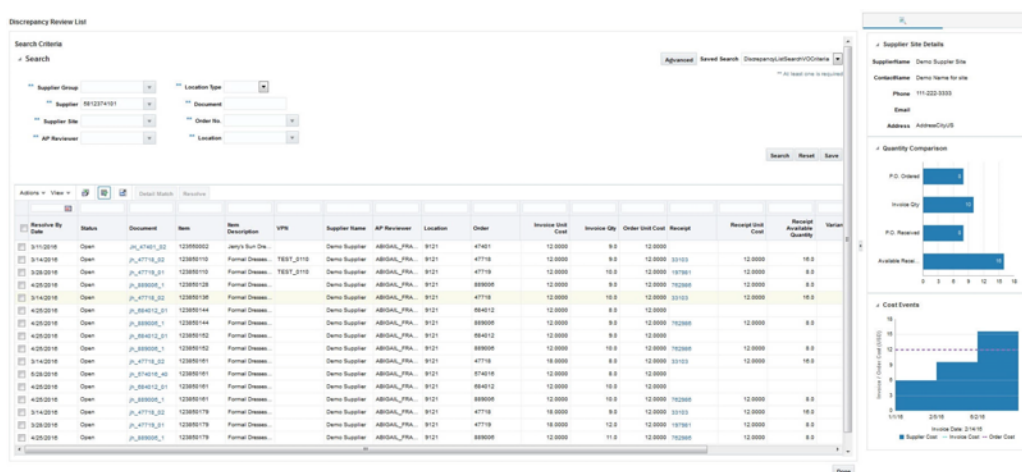


In-context BI Reports on Discrepancy Review List Window

The following are In-context BI reports displayed on the discrepancy review list window:

- Supplier Site Details
- Cost Events
- Quantity Comparison

Figure 9–8 Discrepancy Review List Window



Supplier Site Details Report

The Supplier Site Details report will provide you the necessary information to get in contact with the supplier site they are working with. This report will be visible in the BI pane when you are in the Discrepancy Review List window as well as the Summary Match window.

The details provided in the report are as follows:

- Supplier Name
- Contact Name
- Address
- Phone number
- E-mail address

Figure 9–9 Supplier Site Details

▲ **Supplier Site Details**

Supplier Site Name **Sony Site**
 Contact Name **Howard Stringer**
 Address **550 Madison AvenueNew YorkNYUS10022**
 Phone **212.833.8800**
 Email

Cost Event Report

This report will provide you the visibility into the last two cost changes and one in the future using the invoice date as a reference. This may help explain why an invoice has a cost variance in the ReIM application. This report is visible when user is on the Discrepancy Review List window and when user is on the Detail match window.

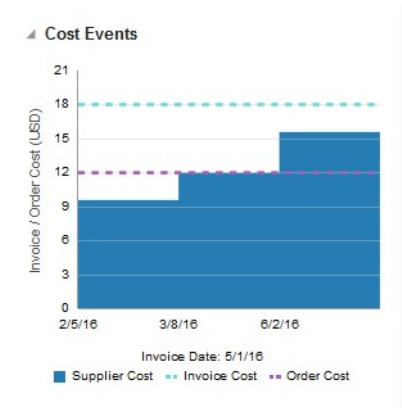
The X axis of the report shows the dates that the cost changes either occurred or will occur and the Y axis shows the price points of the cost events. There are 2 lines that represent both the P.O. Cost and the Invoice cost of the invoice that is selected so you can see where the variance is.

There are three cost events displayed; using the Invoice Date as the reference. There are two past cost changes and one future cost event.

The Detail Match window is a three-tiered table, If a parent row is in focus, the report is refreshed but will not show any data. If the SKU row is in focus, the report is refreshed and PO Cost and Invoice cost will update based on the SKU. If the focus is on a row below the SKU level, the report is not refreshed. The Discrepancy Review List is a single hierarchy table sowing the sku row, so the report will always be based on the row in focus.

Invoice Date: The Invoice date is listed and plotted on the graph using a tic mark. If the invoice date is outside of the cost changes listed (before first or after last), the tic mark will be right outside of the graph so it will not impact the scale of the graph.

Figure 9–10 Cost Event Report



Quantity Comparison Report

This Report gives you a quick glance at where the discrepancy lies in terms of Quantity.

The report is visible when user is on the Discrepancy window in ReIM and when user is on the Detail Match window.

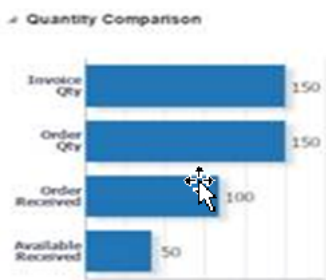
The report is made up of 4 horizontal bars:

- Invoice Qty
- P.O. Ordered Qty
- P.O. Received Qty
- Available Received Qty

On the bar graph, show the numerical value for each metric, all bar graphs are the same color but the size of the bar will reflect the variances.

When you are on the Detail Match window and focus is on a sku row, the report will populate with data associated with the highlighted sku. If a parent row is in focus, the report will be populated with totals selected for the parent. The Discrepancy Review List is a single hierarchy table showing the sku row, so the report will always be based on the row in focus.

Figure 9–11 Quantity Comparison



Tolerance Range Report

The Tolerance Range report shows you what the current tolerance ranges (both Qty and Cost) are for the invoice that they are reviewing in the application. This could be

at the supplier site level or higher. This report is visible on the Summary Match window as well as the Detail Match window.

Summary Match Window

The Tolerance Range report is triggered when ever an invoice or receipt is selected. The variance shown in the report is a visual representation of the variance shown in the Summary Match totals table in the top left quadrant of the window.

The report consists of two bars, one for the quantity tolerance range, and the other for the cost \$ tolerance range. The cost (or quantity) variance is shown on the graph as a red line if it is out of tolerance or a green line if it is within tolerance.

The Tolerance Range Level shows the level that is currently being used for the invoice that is selected in the application. Available options for the Tolerance Range Level are: Supplier Site, Supplier, Supplier Group, Department or System.

Figure 9–12 Tolerance Range Summary Report



Detail Match Window

The Tolerance Range report should be triggered when a parent row or a sku row is highlighted. The tolerance range is based on the tolerance setting for the selected group of documents, and does not change as various sku rows are selected. When a parent row is highlighted, the tolerance report uses parent level tolerances instead of line level tolerances. The variance however reflects the specific value from the highlighted row.

If an Auto Resolution threshold has been defined (for line item level tolerance setting), in the Detail Match window, the inner-bounds of that tolerance are displayed in a different color shade with the levels displayed. These levels show the split-out by tolerance and auto resolution tolerance. The Auto Resolution threshold is not shown in the report for the Summary match window, as this does not apply to this level. Move the cursor over the tolerance range bar to view the actual tolerance and auto resolution levels.

Figure 9–13 Tolerance Range Report



Appendix: Common User Interface Controls

Oracle Retail applications, such as the, Oracle Retail Invoice Matching, include some common interface options and controls that you can use throughout the application workflow. The following sections describe these user interface controls in more detail.

Although you may have more than one Oracle Retail application installed on your system, each application may use many of the same interface components and abide by common rules and constraints.

You can quickly access the tasks of current applications and switch to other applications from the Navigation bar. For more information on the Navigation bar, see the [Navigation Area](#) section.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

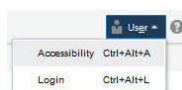
- [Logging on to the Application](#)
- [Using the Help](#)
- [Navigation Area](#)
- [Specifying Preferences](#)
- [Table Menu Options](#)
- [Searching for an Entity](#)
- [Viewing all the Sections Within a Window](#)
- [Logging Out of the Application](#)

Logging on to the Application

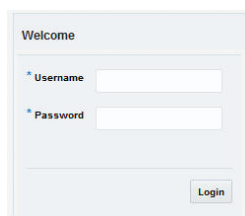
To log on to the application:

1. Click the **User** list which is to the top right of the Oracle Retail Invoice Matching window.

Figure A-1 *User List Screen*



2. Click **Login**. The Welcome screen appears.

Figure A–2 Welcome Screen

3. Provide the following login information:
 - a. Enter your user name in the **Username** field.
 - b. Enter your password in the **Password** field.
4. Click **Login**.

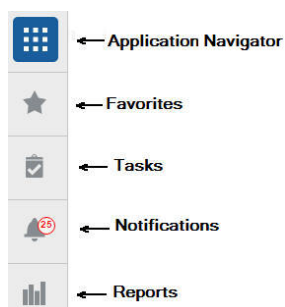
Using the Help

This application contains an online HTML help that can guide you through the user interface. User information is included to describe high-level processes and procedures, as well as provide step-by-step instructions for completing a task.

You can access online help for a particular page by clicking on the Help link at the top of the application home page or by clicking the Help icon  on every page of the application. Once in the help, you can access additional information through the table of contents or by using the index.

Navigation Area

You can quickly access the tasks of current applications and switch to other applications from the Navigation bar.

Figure A–3 Navigation Bar

The following navigation bar options are common across all the applications:

- Application Navigator
- Favorites
- Tasks
- Notifications
- Reports

Application Navigator

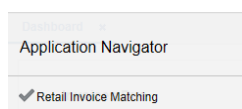
The Application Navigator is optional for the application and provides the ability to switch between applications.

Note: Your view may vary, depending upon the features selected during the setup process.

To switch between applications:

1. At the top left of the application, click the Application Navigator  icon to open the list of available applications.

Figure A–4 Application Navigator



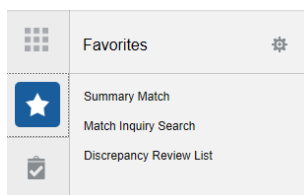
2. Select the listed applications. The application will open in a new tab.

Favorites

You can select your favorite tasks without accessing the Tasks menu. It helps you quickly get into your frequently used tasks.

You can click the Favorites icon in the Tasks menu to access tasks designated as favorites. You can also select the cog icon from the Favorites menu to edit the favorite list. Tasks can be selected or deselected as favorites in the Tasks menu.

Figure A–5 Favorites Area



Tasks

Oracle Retail applications support a variety of navigational tools and methods that allow you to move efficiently between application pages. Information on how to use and manage each of the tools and methods is included in this section.

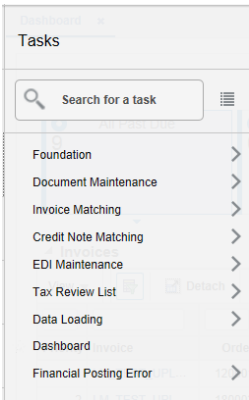
A task is a set of links to a series of task flows organized in a specific sequence to accomplish a business process or procedure. For example, tasks can be defined for common multi-step procedures or processes so that you can quickly step through tasks. By navigating sequentially to the pages outlined in the task, you are assisted in stepping through the business process or activity.

Your Tasks list appears on the top left side of the home page. All of the tasks to which you have access are listed on the Tasks window. You can either click on the specific task name to open, or use the Task Search component to search for a Task that you want to open.

To begin working with a task, choose the application feature or process from the list.

Note: Your task menu may appear slightly different, depending on your retail application.

Figure A–6 Tasks Menu



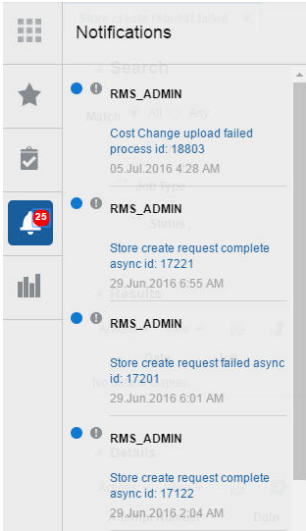
Notifications

Notifications bring events within the application to your attention.

See the following examples:

- A simple, informative message indicating a long-running process has completed
- A message indicating a critical exception has occurred
- The store create request failed

Figure A–7 Notifications

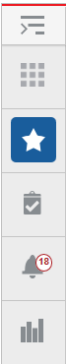


Notification Badge

The Notification Badge displays the number of unread notifications for the user in the sidebar menu. The Notification Badge displays '99+', when there are more than 99 notifications.

The notification count is periodically refreshed at regular intervals. This interval is determined by a system-configured value.

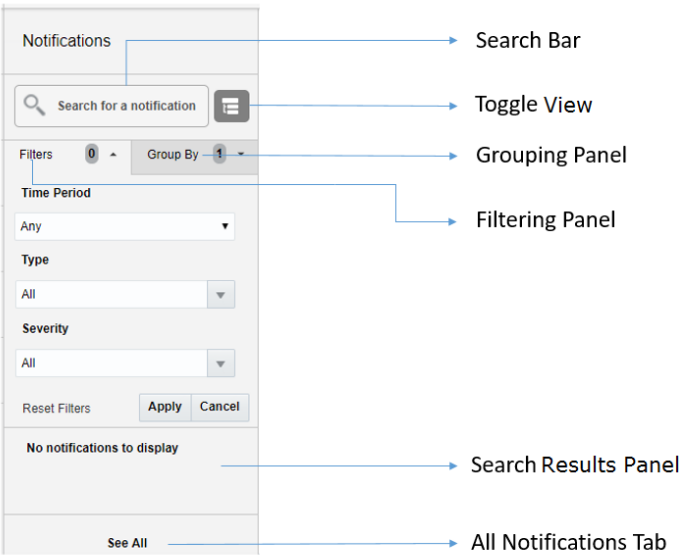
Figure A-8 Notification Badge



Notification Sidebar

When you click the Notification icon, the Notifications Sidebar is shown displaying the most recent set of unread notifications (depending on the filter set).

Figure A-9 Notifications Sidebar



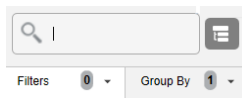
Each component of the Notifications Sidebar is discussed in detail in the following sections:

Search Bar

A search bar at the top of the panel allows for searching through notifications. The search bar has auto-suggest enabled, so it displays notifications as the user types.

Right next to the search bar is the 'List/Group' view toggle button. This causes the Notification results to be displayed either in a flat or grouped view.

Figure A–10 Search Bar



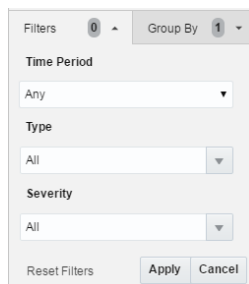
Filtering Panel

The Filtering Panel allows you to filter notifications based on Creation time, Severity and Type.

The values for the Time Periods and Severity components are pre-seeded constants. The Type drop-down lists all the notification types available in the system.

When you click the **Apply** button, notifications that match the criteria are shown in the Results Panel.

Figure A–11 Filtering Panel

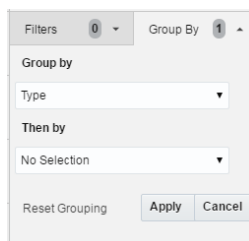


Grouping Panel

This panel allows you to group notifications based on different attributes.

The values of the 'Group by' and the 'Then by' components are pre-seeded.

Figure A–12 Grouping Panel

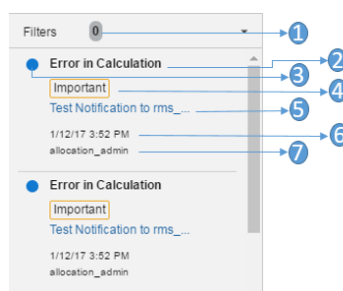


Results Panel - List View

When no selection is made in the Grouping Panel, the Results Panel displays notifications in a list format.

The image below shows a simple search without any filtering or grouping.

Figure A-13 Results Panel - List View



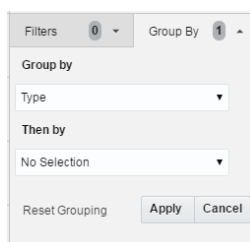
1. Indicates that no filtering was done.
2. Notification Type - A description of the Type is displayed.
3. Read/Unread - A blue icon  is shown next to the notification if it is unread.
4. Notification Severity - A colored label indicating the severity of the notification is shown.
5. Description - The description associated with the notification. If the notification was designed to launch into a relevant flow, then this is displayed as a link. Otherwise, the description is rendered as plain text.
6. Creation Time - A timestamp that shows the date and time at which the notification was created.
7. User name - Creator of the notification.

Results Panel - Grouped View

Notifications are displayed in a grouped format within the Results Panel, when the Group By drop-down in the Grouping Panel is selected.

Notifications are displayed in groups with three notifications shown for each group.

Figure A-14 Results Panel - Grouped View



1. Indicates the Group-By drop-down is selected on the Grouping Panel.
2. The value of the Group-By attribute. In this example, the results were grouped by Notification Type. Hence the Notification Type is shown as the header of the group.

For each group, three notifications are shown followed by a 'See More' link. When you click this link, up to 25 notifications are displayed for that group.

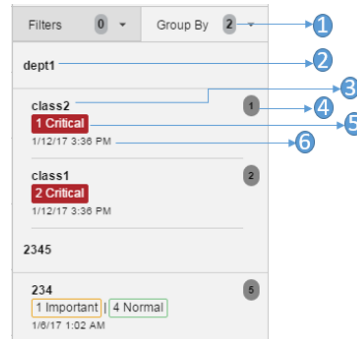
Results Panel - Summarized View

Notifications are summarized as shown in this example, when both the Group By and the Then By drop-downs in the Grouping Panel are selected.

The summary view displays various groups and within them subgroups based on the selections on the Grouping Panel. For each subgroup, a count of the notifications within that subgroup, grouped by severity is displayed.

The example below depicts a grouping by department, then by class.

Figure A-15 Results Panel - Summarized View



1. Indicates that both options on the Grouping Panel have been selected.
2. First level of grouping is by Department. Here the first department shown is 'dept1'.
3. The subgroup within department 'dept1'. In this example, this is the Class name.
4. The number of notifications within that combination of Group and Subgroup.
5. A grouping by severity of all notifications within that combination of Group and Subgroup.
6. The timestamp of the most recent notification of that combination of Group and Subgroup.

All Notifications Tab

The All Notifications tab is shown when you click the 'See All' link at the bottom of the Notifications side panel.

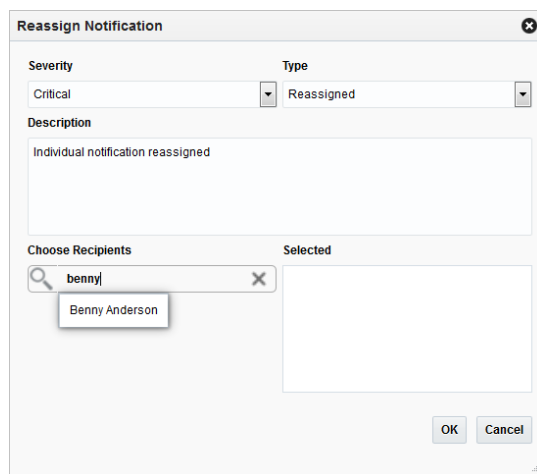
Figure A-16 All Notifications

Severity	Status	Description	Type	Recipients	Creation Date	Created By	Last Updated Date	Last Updated By
Normal	☒	570001-YT STAPLE ITEM LIKE YT2	Calculation Completed	ALLOCATION_ADMIN	1/8/18 9:28 PM	ALLOCATION_ADMIN	1/9/18 2:52 AM	ALLOCATION_ADMIN
Normal	☐	560001-YT	Calculation Failure	ALLOCATION_ADMIN	1/8/18 3:09 AM	ALLOCATION_ADMIN	1/8/18 3:10 AM	ALLOCATION_ADMIN
Normal	☐	560001-YT	Calculation Completed	ALLOCATION_ADMIN	1/5/18 12:56 AM	ALLOCATION_ADMIN	1/5/18 12:57 AM	ALLOCATION_ADMIN
Normal	☐	560001-YT	Calculation Completed	ALLOCATION_ADMIN	1/5/18 12:38 AM	ALLOCATION_ADMIN	1/5/18 12:40 AM	ALLOCATION_ADMIN
Normal	☐	560001-YT	Calculation Failure	ALLOCATION_ADMIN	1/5/18 12:36 AM	ALLOCATION_ADMIN	1/5/18 12:37 AM	ALLOCATION_ADMIN
Normal	☐	560001-YT	Calculation Completed	ALLOCATION_ADMIN	1/5/18 12:33 AM	ALLOCATION_ADMIN	1/5/18 12:34 AM	ALLOCATION_ADMIN
Normal	☐	550001-YT FI	Calculation Failure	ALLOCATION_ADMIN	1/4/18 7:18 PM	ALLOCATION_ADMIN	1/5/18 12:30 AM	ALLOCATION_ADMIN
Normal	☐	535003-Child of 530002	Calculation Completed	ALLOCATION_ADMIN	12/27/17 10:18...	ALLOCATION_ADMIN	1/2/18 12:56 AM	ALLOCATION_ADMIN

This tab lists all the Notifications for the logged-in user, regardless of whether they are in Read or Unread status. Information tiles display a break-up of the total notifications by severity. Clicking these tiles refreshes the table below to display only those notifications that are relevant to that tile.

You can perform the following operations from this tab.

- Delete - The table allows for multiple selection and hence multiple notifications can be deleted at a time. Use the row header to select the row.
- Refresh - This refreshes the list of notifications in the table.
- Mark as Read - Multiple Unread Notifications can be marked as Read by clicking this button.
- Mark as Unread - Multiple Read Notifications can be marked as Unread by clicking this button.
- Reassign Notifications - Notifications can be reassigned to individual recipients or a group by clicking the Reassign Notifications icon. On selecting a row in the All Notifications table, and clicking the icon, the reassign notification popup is displayed. The Type is set to Reassigned by default, and the Severity and Description are pre-populated from the selected row; you can then change any of these values and assign the notification to one or more recipients.

Figure A-17 Reassign Notification


The dialog box titled "Reassign Notification" contains the following fields and controls:

- Severity:** A dropdown menu currently set to "Critical".
- Type:** A dropdown menu currently set to "Reassigned".
- Description:** A text area containing the text "Individual notification reassigned".
- Choose Recipients:** A search input field with the text "benny" and a magnifying glass icon. A dropdown list below it shows "Benny Anderson".
- Selected:** An empty list box for displaying selected recipients.
- Buttons:** "OK" and "Cancel" buttons at the bottom right.

The All Notifications table displays the following columns:

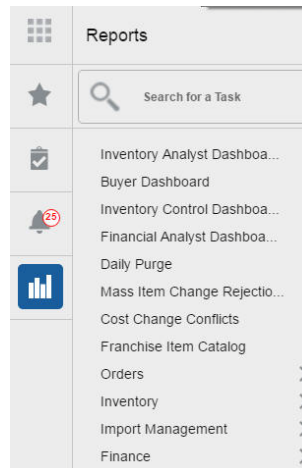
- Notification Severity - A colored label indicating the Notification Severity.
- Status - If the status is unread, an icon  is shown. Otherwise it is blank.
- Description - The description of the notification itself.
- Type - The description of the Notification Type for the notification.
- Recipients - In case of individual notifications, this column contains the user ID of the user to whom the notification is assigned. When the notification is assigned to multiple users, it displays the text 'Multiple' and enables a context popup which lists all the recipients. This field is empty when the notification is assigned to a group associated with a type.
- Creation Date - Timestamp showing the date and time of creation.
- Created By - User ID of the user who created the notification.
- Last Updated Date - Timestamp showing the date and time when the last update was made.
- Last Updated By - User ID of the user who last updated the notification.
- Application ID - Unique identifier that identifies the application. Not visible by default.
- Department - The Department associated with the notification. Not visible by default.
- Class - The Class associated with the notification. Not visible by default.
- Subclass - The Subclass associated with the notification. Not visible by default.
- Location - The Location associated with the notification. Not visible by default.
- Supplier - The Supplier associated with the notification. Not visible by default.
- Performance - The Performance value associated with the notification. Not visible by default.
- Brand - The Brand associated with the notification. Not visible by default.
- Rollup Count - The Rollup Count associated with the notification. Not visible by default.

- Additional Information - Refers to the Additional Information attribute associated with the notification. Not visible by default.

Reports

The functionality of Reports works similar to the Tasks menu.

Figure A-18 Reports Menu



Specifying Preferences

The Preferences pages are where you specify the default regional, language, and accessibility settings that you want to use throughout the system.

To set your preferred preferences, click **User list > Preferences** at the top of the application home page. The Preferences page appears. The standard preference options available are as follows:

- Regional
- Language
- Accessibility

To return to the application home page, click **Back to Home** at the top of the page. The Preferences pages are where you specify the default regional, language, and accessibility settings that you want to use throughout the system.

Regional Options

Use the following options to specify the default formats for territory, date, time, number, and time zone you want to use throughout the system.

Table A-1 Regional Options

Value	Description
Territory	Specify the country details.
Date Format	Select the date format that you want to use.
Time Format	Select the time format that you want to use.
Number Format	Select the number format that you want to use.

Table A-1 (Cont.) Regional Options

Value	Description
Time Zone	Select the time zone you want to use.

Language Options

Use the following options to specify the default language you want to use throughout the system.

Table A-2 Language Options

Value	Description
Default	Specify the default language you want to use.
Current Session	Specify the language you want to use for the current session.

Accessibility Options

Use the following options to specify the default accessibility preferences you want to use throughout the system.

Table A-3 Accessibility Options

Value	Description
Accessibility	Select the accessibility option you want to apply.
Color Contrast	Specify the color contrast that you want to use.
Font Size	Specify the font size that you want to use.

Table Menu Options

Note:

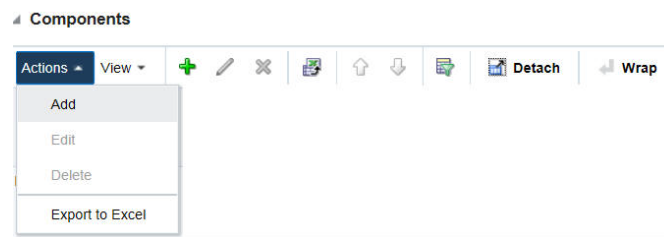
- Deals is used as an example which is specific to the Oracle Retail Merchandising System, and may not be relevant to this application.
 - [Figure A-19](#), [Figure A-20](#), [Figure A-21](#) are mere representation and may be different for every window/table/popup.
-
-

The Actions menu, View menu, and icons are displayed in the form of a table. For more information on these options, see the sections [Action Menu and Icons](#) and [View Menu](#).

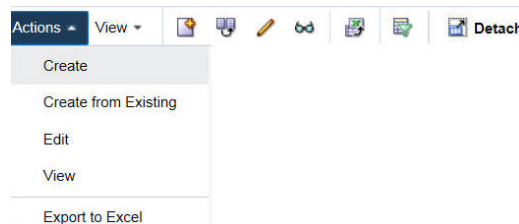
Action Menu and Icons

The Actions menu provides the option to take different actions related to entries in the table. Depending on the nature of the table, these actions can be add, view, delete or edit table rows, create by moving to a new screen or export the table contents to the spreadsheet. Alternatively these actions can also be performed by using the icon buttons on the table toolbar. For more information on the icon/buttons, see the [Screen Level Action - Icons and Buttons](#).

In some tables, it may also contain some table specific actions.

Figure A–19 Actions Menu and Icons of Components Section**Table A–4 Actions Menu/Icons and Descriptions of Components Section**

Actions Menu/Icon	Description
Add and Add icon	You can add a deal component by clicking Add from the Actions menu or by clicking the Add icon .
Edit and Edit icon	You can edit a deal component by clicking Edit from the Actions menu or by clicking the Edit icon .
Delete and Delete icon	You can delete a deal component, by clicking Delete from the Actions menu or by clicking the Delete icon .
Export to Excel icon	You can save the table to a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet by clicking the Export to Excel option from the Actions menu or by clicking the Export to Excel icon .
Move Up and Down icon	You can move up and down the components to change the order in which they will be applied while calculating the deal by clicking the Move Up and Down icons .
Wrap icon	You can wrap the values in the table column by using the Wrap icon option.

Figure A–20 Actions Menu and Icons of Managing a Deal**Table A–5 Actions Menu/Icons and Descriptions of Managing a Deal**

Actions Menu/Icon	Description
Create and Create icon	You can create a deal by clicking Create from the Actions menu or by clicking the Create icon .
Create from Existing icon	You can create from an existing deal by clicking Create from Existing from the Actions menu or by clicking the Create from Existing icon .
Edit and Edit icon	You can edit a deal by clicking Edit from the Actions menu or by clicking the Edit icon .
View and View icon	You can view a deal by clicking View from the Actions menu or by clicking the View icon .

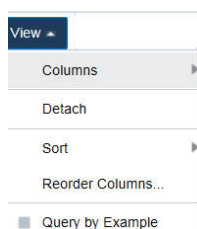
Table A–5 (Cont.) Actions Menu/Icons and Descriptions of Managing a Deal

Actions Menu/Icon	Description
Export to Excel icon 	You can save the table to a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet by clicking the Export to Excel option from the Actions menu or by clicking the Export to Excel icon  .
Wrap icon 	You can wrap the values in the table column by using the Wrap icon  option.

View Menu

The View menu provides the options for managing the table columns and sorting and filtering the table data.

In some tables you have the option to choose a saved custom view, which is an arrangement of columns different from the default view of the table.

Figure A–21 View Menu of Components Section**Table A–6 Components Section - View Menu and Descriptions**

View Menu List	Description
Columns	You can manage which of the columns will be shown in the table by clicking the Show All and Manage Columns options.
Detach	You can view the tables in the application in a separate window by clicking Detach or by clicking the Detach icon  .
Sort	You can sort columns by the following options: ■ Ascending ■ Descending ■ Advanced
Reorder Columns	You can reorder columns by clicking the Reorder Columns option.
Query by Example	You can filter components by one of multiple column values by clicking the Query by Example option or by clicking the query by example icon  .

Screen Level Action - Icons and Buttons

The screen level actions display the icons and buttons.

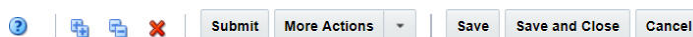
Figure A–22 Screen Level Action - Icons and Buttons

Table A-7 Screen Level Action - Icons/Buttons and Descriptions

Icon/Buttons	Description
Help icon 	You can access online help for a particular page by clicking the Help icon.
Expand and Collapse icon 	You can view all and collapse all the sections in the application window by clicking the Expand and Collapse icon.
Delete icon 	You can delete a deal component by selecting the Delete icon.
Status Action Button	Depending on the status of your deals, the status action button displays. For example, Submit. Wherever applicable, this button will be available to change the status of an entity. The status will be changed to the label specified on the button. If there is more than one status to which the entity can be changed, clicking the arrow on the right side of the button will display the additional status options.
More Actions	The More Actions button will have any additional actions and options for navigating to other screens.
Save	Click Save to save the created deals and stay in the Deal window.
Save and Close	Click Save and Close to save the deals and exit the Deal window.
Cancel	Click Cancel to reject the deal and exit the Deal window.

Searching for an Entity

You can search for a particular entity by entering, selecting, or searching in the Merchandising Operations Management (MOM) application, for example to search for a deal.

To search for a deal:

1. From the Tasks menu, select **Orders > Deals > Manage Deal**. The Deal Search window appears.
2. You can search for a deal by providing search criteria in the search section. The criteria can be provided either in Basic or Advanced mode, depending on the requirement. Basic is the default mode when the search screen is entered. Click **Advanced** to access the search panel in advanced mode. You can return to Basic mode by clicking **Basic**.

Searching for a Deal Through the Basic Search Criteria

To search for a deal through the basic search criteria:

1. Enter or select one or all of the following basic search criteria.

Table A-8 Basic Search Criteria

Search Field	Description
Deal	Enter the deal ID.
Deal Type	Select the deal type. The options are: Annual, Promotional, PO Specific, and Vendor Funded Markdown.
Status	Select the status of the deal. The options are: Worksheet, Submitted, Approved, Rejected, Closed.

Table A–8 (Cont.) Basic Search Criteria

Search Field	Description
Billing Type	Select the type of deal being created. The options are: Off invoice, Bill Back, Bill Back Rebate, Vendor Funded Promotion, Vendor Funded Markdown.
Vendor Type	Select the vendor type.
Vendor	Enter, select or search for the vendor.
Active Date	Enter the date on which the deal becomes active, or click the calendar icon and select the date.
Close Date	Enter the date on which the deal ends, or click the calendar icon and select the date.

Figure A–23 Search Section in Basic Search Mode

Deal Search ✕

Search

Deal

Deal Type

Status

Billing Type

Advanced Saved Search 1

Vendor Type

Vendor

Active Date -

Close Date -

Search Reset Save...

2. You can also click on the Saved Search drop down to select one of the saved sets of search criteria. Selecting a saved search will populate the criteria section with saved criteria. If the saved search is selected to run automatically then the search will be executed too. You can also choose to manage and personalize the saved searches by clicking Personalize in the list. The Personalize Saved Searches window appears. For more information on the Personalize Saved Searches, see the section [Personalize Saved Search](#).
3. Click **Search**. The deals that match the search criteria are displayed in the Results section.

Figure A–24 Search Results

The screenshot displays the 'Deal Search' window. At the top, there's a 'Search' section with input fields for 'Deal', 'Deal Type', 'Status' (set to 'Worksheet'), and 'Billing Type'. To the right, there are dropdowns for 'Vendor Type', 'Vendor', and date pickers for 'Active Date' and 'Close Date'. Buttons for 'Advanced', 'Saved Search', 'Search', 'Reset', and 'Save..' are visible. Below the search criteria is a 'Results' section containing a table of search results.

Deal	Vendor	Vendor Name	Status	Billing Type	Active Date	Close Date
20001	1	EIT SUPPLIER	Worksheet	Off-Invoice	12/14/17	12/19/18
40002	1	EIT SUPPLIER	Worksheet	Vendor Funded Promotion	12/1/15	12/10/15
115002	3	EIT Second Supplier	Worksheet	Off-Invoice	1/20/16	1/31/16
135001	1	EIT SUPPLIER	Worksheet	Bill Back	3/14/16	6/29/16
150006	1	EIT SUPPLIER	Worksheet	Bill Back	12/27/15	12/27/15
150008	1	EIT SUPPLIER	Worksheet	Bill Back	1/27/16	2/5/16
180003	3	EIT Second Supplier	Worksheet	Off-Invoice	2/2/16	2/2/16
200004	2	Brooks Running	Worksheet	Bill Back Rebate	1/10/16	2/25/16

At the bottom right of the results table, it says 'Total Records: 47'. Below the table is a 'Done' button.

4. Click **Reset** to execute the saved search.
5. Click the **Save..** button to save the current set of search criteria as a Saved Search. The Create Saved Search window appears. For information on the Create Saved Search window, see the section [Create Saved Search](#).
6. Click **Done** to close the window.

Searching for a Deal Through the Advanced Search Criteria

To search for a deal through the advanced search criteria:

1. Enter or select one or all of the following advanced search criteria.

Table A–9 Advanced Search Criteria

Search Field	Description
Deal	Enter the deal ID.
Deal Type	Select the deal type.
Status	Select the status of the deal.
Billing Type	Select the type of deal being created.
Vendor Type	Select the vendor type.
Vendor	Enter, select or search for the vendor.
Active Date	Enter the date on which the deal becomes active, or click the calendar icon and select the date.
Close Date	Enter the date on which the deal ends, or click the calendar icon and select the date.
External Ref. No.	Enter the external reference number.
Order No.	Enter, select or search for the order number.
Deal Component Type	Select the deal component type.

Table A-9 (Cont.) Advanced Search Criteria

Search Field	Description
Rebate	Select Yes if the rebate is included in the deal or select No if the rebate is not included in the deal.
Promotion	Enter, select or search the promotion from the list.
Division	Enter the division number, select or search for the division name and number.
Group	Enter the group number, select or search for the group name and number from the list.
Department	Enter the department number, select or search for the department name and number from the list.
Class	Enter the class number, select or search for the class name and number from the list.
Subclass	Enter the subclass number, select or search for the subclass name and number from the list.
Item	Enter the item number, or search by using the search icon.
Chain	Enter the chain number, select or search for the chain name and number from the list.
Area	Enter the area number, select or search for the area name and number from the list.
Region	Enter the region number, select or search for the region name and number from the list.
District	Enter the district number, select or search for the district name and number from the list.
Location	Enter the location number, select or search for the location name and number from the list.

Figure A-25 Search Section in Advanced Search Mode

The screenshot displays the 'Search' section in Advanced Search Mode. On the left, under the 'Search' header, there are various input fields for search criteria: Deal, Deal Type (dropdown), Status (dropdown), Billing Type (dropdown), Vendor Type (dropdown), Vendor (dropdown), Active Date (date range), Close Date (date range), External Ref. No., Order No. (dropdown), Deal Component Type (dropdown), and Rebate (dropdown). On the right, there is a 'Basic' tab and a 'Saved Search' dropdown menu. Below these are more search criteria fields: Promotion (dropdown), Division (dropdown), Group (dropdown), Department (dropdown), Class (dropdown), Subclass (dropdown), Item (text input with a search icon), Chain (dropdown), Area (dropdown), Region (dropdown), District (dropdown), and Location (dropdown). At the bottom right, there are 'Search', 'Reset', and 'Save...' buttons.

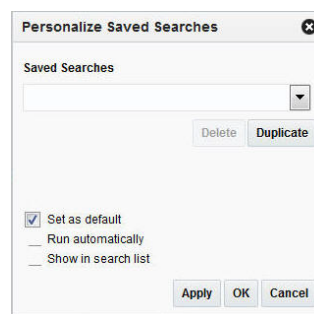
2. You can also click the **Saved Search** drop down to select one of the saved sets of search criteria. Selecting a saved search will populate the criteria section with saved criteria. If the saved search is selected to run automatically then the search will be executed too. You can also choose to manage and personalize the saved searches by clicking Personalize in the list. The Personalize Saved Searches window appears. For more information on the Personalize Saved Searches, see the section [Personalize Saved Search](#).

3. Click **Search**. The deals that match the search criteria are displayed in the Results section.
4. Click the **Save..** button to save the current set of search criteria as a Saved Search. The Create Saved Search window appears. For information on the Create Saved Search window, see the section [Create Saved Search](#).
5. Click **Done** to close the window.

Personalize Saved Search

Select Personalize from the **Saved Search** list to view the personalized saved search. The Personalize Saved Searches pop up allows you to edit, copy, or delete Saved Searches.

Figure A–26 *Personalize Saved Searches Window*



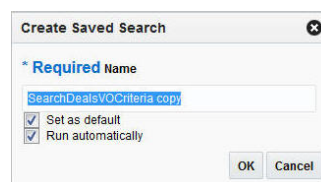
Create Saved Search

You can create a Saved Search by selecting the **Save** button in the Search Criteria panel after you have entered the criteria for your search. The **Save** button will call up the Create Saved Search window where the search is given a name and the user determines whether it should be the default search as well as whether it should be run automatically.

To view the created saved search:

1. Click the **Save..** button. The Create Saved Search window appears.

Figure A–27 *Create Saved Search Window*



2. Enter the name of the search.
3. You can also choose to save the combination of the search criteria by selecting the following check boxes:
 - Set as default
 - Run automatically

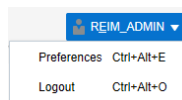
Viewing all the Sections Within a Window

You can view all the sections in the Deal window by clicking the Expand icon . You can shrink all the sections in the Deal window by clicking the Shrink icon .

Logging Out of the Application

Use the **User** list menu, which is to the top right of the Oracle Retail Invoice Matching window, to log out of the application.

Figure A–28 *Logging Out of the Application*



Appendix: Introducing the Common User Interface Controls

Oracle Retail applications, like Oracle Retail Invoice Matching, include some common interface options and controls that you can use throughout the application workflow. The following sections describe these user interface controls in more detail.

Although you may have more than one Oracle Retail application installed on your system, each application may use many of the same interface components and abides by common rules and constraints.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- [Using the Help](#)
- [Tasks](#)
- [Using Detach and Export Options](#)
- [Specifying Preferences](#)
- [Logging Out of the Application](#)

Using the Help

This application contains an online HTML help that can guide you through the user interface. User information is included to describe high-level processes and procedures, as well as provide step-by-step instructions for completing a task.

You can access online help for a particular page by clicking on the Help link at the top of the application home page. Once in the help, you can access additional information through the table of contents or by using the index.

Tasks

Oracle Retail applications support a variety of navigational tools and methods that allow you to move efficiently between application pages. Information on how to use and manage each of the tools and methods is included in this section.

A task is a set of links to a series of task flows organized in a specific sequence to accomplish a business process or procedure. For example, tasks can be defined for common multi-step procedures or processes so that you can quickly step through tasks. By navigating sequentially to the pages outlined in the task, you are assisted in stepping through the business process or activity.

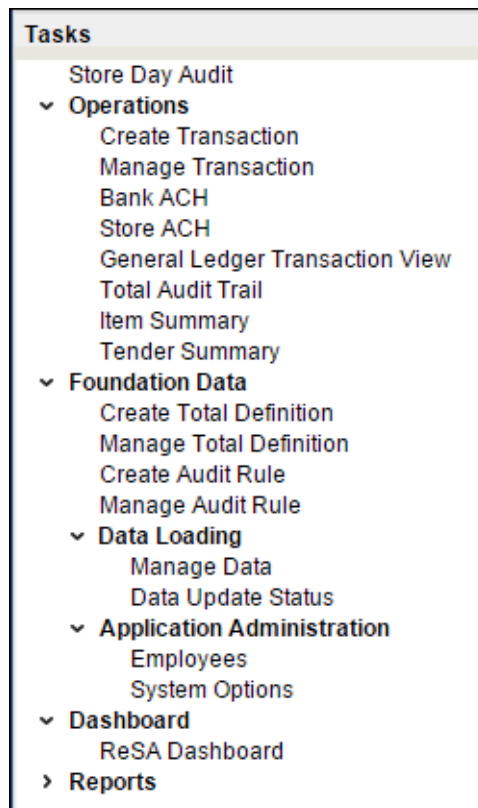
Your Tasks list appears on the extreme left side of the home page. All of the tasks to which you have access appear in the list on the Tasks window. You can either click on

the specific task name to open or use the Task Search component to search for a Task that you want to open.

To begin working with a task, choose the application feature or process from the list.

Note: Your task menu may appear slightly different, depending on your retail application.

Figure B–1 Tasks Menu



Using Detach and Export Options

You can view the tables displayed in the application in a separate window and even save these tables in as a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet.

- To view any table in a separate window, click **Detach**. The table appears in a new window.
- To export the table to an Microsoft Excel spreadsheet, click the **Export** icon . The table is saved as a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet.

Specifying Preferences

The Preferences pages are where you specify the default regional, language, and accessibility settings that you want to use throughout the system.

To set your preferred preferences, click **user name > Preferences** at the top of the application home page. The Preferences page appears. The standard preference options available are as follows:

- Regional
- Language
- Accessibility

To return to the application home page, click **Back to Home** at the top of the page. The Preferences pages are where you specify the default regional, language, and accessibility settings that you want to use throughout the system.

Regional Options

Use the following options to specify the default formats for territory, date, time, number, and time zone you want to use throughout the system.

Table B–1 *Regional Options*

Value	Description
Territory	Specify the country details.
Date Format	Select the date format that you want to use.
Time Format	Select the time format that you want to use.
Number Format	Select the number format that you want to use.
Time Zone	Select the time zone you want to use.

Language Options

Use the following options to specify the default language you want to use throughout the system.

Table B–2 *Language Options*

Value	Description
Default	Specify the default language you want to use.
Current Session	Specify the language you want to use for the current session.

Accessibility Options

Use the following options to specify the default accessibility preferences you want to use throughout the system.

Table B–3 *Accessibility Options*

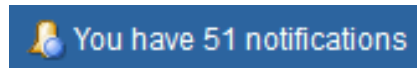
Value	Description
Accessibility	Select the accessibility option you want applied.
Color Contrast	Specify the color contrast that you want to use.
Font Size	Specify the font size that you want to use.

Notifications

The Notifications link, at the top of the Oracle Retail application home page, is optional for the application. It is where the system quickly alerts the user to issues within the system, such as calculation failures, successes, and other important information.

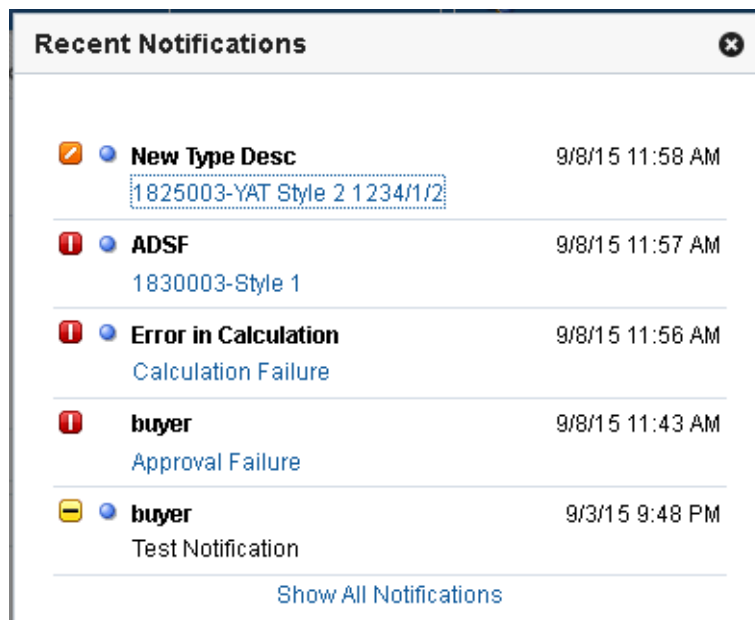
Note: Your view may vary, depending upon the features selected during the setup process.

Figure B–2 Notifications menu



Click the menu link to open the Recent Notifications. This provides a concise list of the most recent notifications.

Figure B–3 Recent Notifications window



Click **Show All Notifications** to open the Notifications tab to view more detail on all of the Notifications.

Figure B–4 Notifications tab

Notifications									
Actions ▾ View ▾ Format ▾      Mark as Read									
Severity	Status	Message Summary	Type	Assigned To	Creation Date	Created By	Last Updated Date	Last Updated By	
		1840001-PS_Item4	Approval Failure		8/26/2...	Allie_...	8/26/2015	Allie_allocator	
		1830005-YAT Style2 1234/3/1	Calculation Failure		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/26/2015	allie_allocator	
		1830004-YAT Style2 1234/3/1	Calculation Failure		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1830003-Style1	Calculation Completed		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/26/2015	allie_allocator	
		1825002-YAT Style2 1234/3/1	Calculation Failure		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1825001-YAT Style2 1234/3/1	Calculation Failure		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1820006-Style1	Calculation Failure		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1820004-Style1	Calculation Failure		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1815001-138050334 Style 1 Diff 2	Re Calculation Completed		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1815003-138050334 Style 1 Diff 2	Re Calculation Completed		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1815003-138050334 Style 1 Diff 2	Re Calculation Completed		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1815003-138050334 Style 1 Diff 2	Calculation Completed		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1815001-138050334 Style 1 Diff 2	Calculation Completed		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1815001-138050334 Style 1 Diff 2	Re Calculation Completed		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1815001-138050334 Style 1 Diff 2	Re Calculation Completed		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1815001-138050334 Style 1 Diff 2	Calculation Completed		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1805004-138050334 Style 1 Diff 2	Calculation Completed		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1805003-138050334 Style 1 Diff 2	Calculation Completed		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1805002-138050334 Style 1 Diff 2	Calculation Completed		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1805001-138051759 NSCP Diff 2	Calculation Completed		8/25/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1440003-Style1	Calculation Completed		8/24/2...	allie_...	8/25/2015	allie_allocator	
		1440003-Style1	Calculation Failure		8/24/2...	allie_...	8/24/2015	allie_allocator	
		1440003-Style1	Calculation Failure		8/24/2...	allie_...	8/24/2015	allie_allocator	
		1800002-137600681 Pack5	Calculation Completed		8/24/2...	allie_...	8/24/2015	allie_allocator	
		1780005-138050334 Style 1 Diff 2	Calculation Completed		8/24/2...	allie_...	8/24/2015	allie_allocator	

To make modifications, click the item in the **Message Summary** column to open the specific notification.

Switch Between Applications

The Application Navigator, is optional for the application, and provides the ability to switch between applications.

Note: Your view may vary, depending upon the features selected during the setup process.

To switch between applications:

1. At the top left of the application, click the  icon to open the list of available applications.

Figure B–5 Application Navigator



2. Select one of the listed applications. The application will open in a new tab.

Logging Out of the Application

Use the **user name** menu to log out of the application.

Figure B–6 Logging Out of the Application

