

Installation and Setup Guide
Oracle FLEXCUBE Investor Servicing
Release 12.3.0.0.0
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1. Preface

This document provides the steps to install extensible Open Development tool and initial administration activities.

1.1 Audience

This document is intended for FLEXCUBE IS Application developers who are required to the following:

- Install and setup Open Development Tool development environment

1.2 Related documents


For more information, see following documents.

- Development Overview Guide.docx
- Getting Started.docx
- Reference.docx

1.3 Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention Meaning

boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements (for example, menus and menu items, buttons, tabs, dialog controls), including options that you select.
<i>italic</i>	italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates language and syntax elements, directory and File name, URLs, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.
	Indicates important information

2. Introduction

This document is a guide for installation of Open Development Tool Version 11.1. Detailed steps have been mentioned for generation of WAR file from the Open Development Tool Source and deployment of Open Development Tool application to Apache Tomcat and OC4J server.

2.1 How to Use This Guide

The information in this guide includes:

- [Chapter 2, "Introduction"](#)
- [Chapter 3, "Pre-requisites"](#)
- [Chapter 4, "Open Development Tool 11.1 installation"](#)
- [Chapter 5, "How to run Installer"](#)
- [Chapter 6, "Troubleshooting"](#)
- [Chapter 7, "How to deploy WAR file"](#)
- [Chapter 8, "IE settings"](#)
- [Chapter 9, "Administration"](#)
- [Chapter 10, "Developer check list"](#)

3. Pre-requisites

3.1 JDK

3.1.1 License Information

JDK is distributed by Sun Microsystems, Inc under Java Development Kit Binary Code License Agreement.

3.1.2 Instructions

Installer requires JDK 1.6 update 16 version to be downloaded in the system and the same should be set as environmental variable (explained later in this document).

3.2 Apache Ant 1.7.1

3.2.1 License Information

Apache License version 2.0. This is available for reference at <http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0>

3.2.2 Download Instructions

Apache Ant 1.7.1 is available in the archives at <http://www.apache.org/dist/ant/binaries/>
The file to be downloaded is **apache-ant-1.7.1-bin.zip**.

3.2.3 Post Download Instructions

Extract the apache-ant-1.7.1-bin.zip distribution to a directory. And provide this path for setting the environmental variable which is explained later in this document.

3.3 ActiveX settings:

Tools -> Internet Options -> Security -> Local intranet -> Custom Level -> ActiveX controls and Plug-ins -> Initialize and script ActiveX controls not marked as safe -> Select Enable.

3.4 Mxml:

Mxml 4.0 to be available on client machine.

3.5 Oracle Client (Database Installation)

In order to carry out Database Installation, Installer requires **Oracle 11g Client** or later version to be installed in the system.

3.6 Swing Layout

3.6.1 License Information

Lesser General Public License (LGPL 2.1)

3.6.2 Download Instructions

Swing Layout is available in the archives at <https://swing-layout.dev.java.net/> . In the website under 'project tools' section, select 'Documents and files' section. The file to be downloaded is `swing-layout-1.0.jar`.

3.6.3 Post Download Instructions

Extract the Swing-layout-1.0 distribution to a directory. Copy the following file

`swing-layout-1.0.jar`

Into the directory `{INSTALLER_DIR}\lib`

3.7 Log4J 1.2.15

3.7.1 License Information

Apache License 2.0. This is available for reference at <http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0>

3.7.2 Download Instructions

Log4j 1.2.15 is available in the archives at <http://archive.apache.org/dist/logging/log4j/1.2.15/> .The file to be downloaded is `apache-log4j-1.2.15.zip`.

3.7.3 Post Download Instructions

Extract the Log4j 1.2.15 distribution to a directory. Copy the following file

`log4j-1.2.15.jar`

Into the directory `{INSTALLER_DIR}\lib`

3.8 Oracle 11g Database Driver (11.1.0.7) (Database Installation)

3.8.1 License Information

Oracle Corporation

3.8.2 Download Instructions:

ojdbc6.jar is available in the archives at

http://www.oracle.com/technology/software/tech/java/sqlj_jdbc/htdocs/jdbc_111060.html

The file to be downloaded is **ojdbc6.jar**.

Post Download Instructions:

Extract the ojdbc6.jar distribution to a directory. Copy the following file

ojdbc6.jar

Into the directory {INSTALLER_DIR}\lib

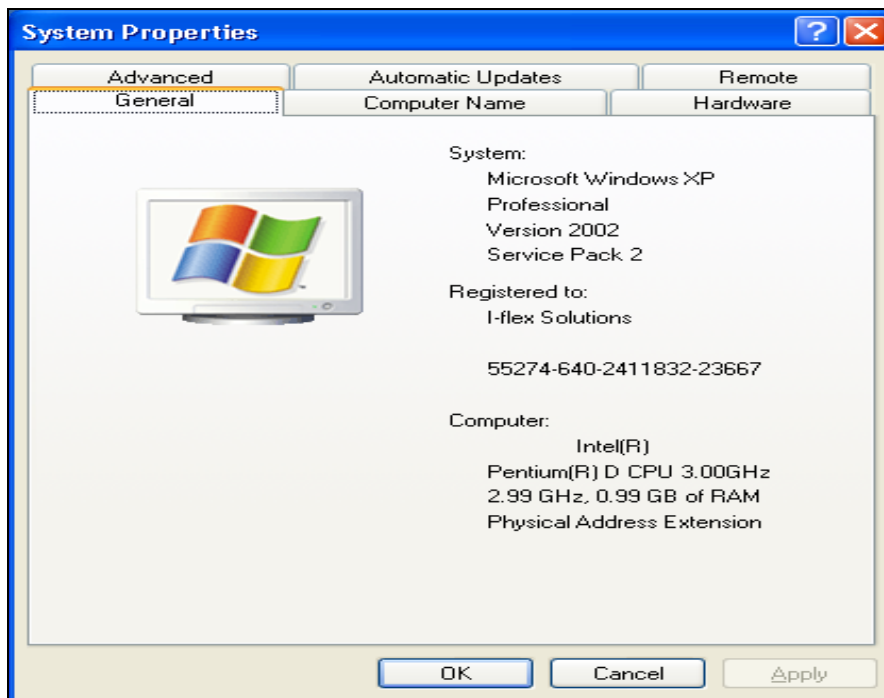
3.9 Setup for installer Open Development Applications

3.9.1 Step1

Navigate to Control Panel

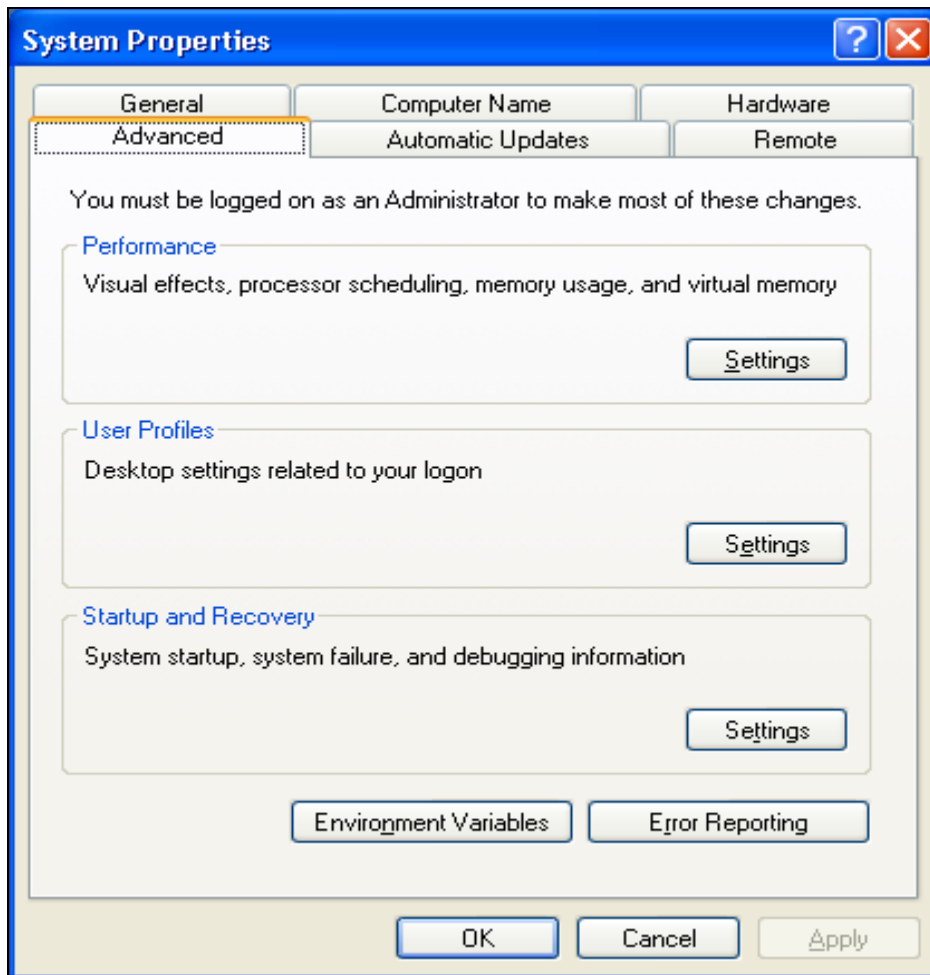
3.9.2 Step2

Double Click System icon to launch System Properties screen as shown below.



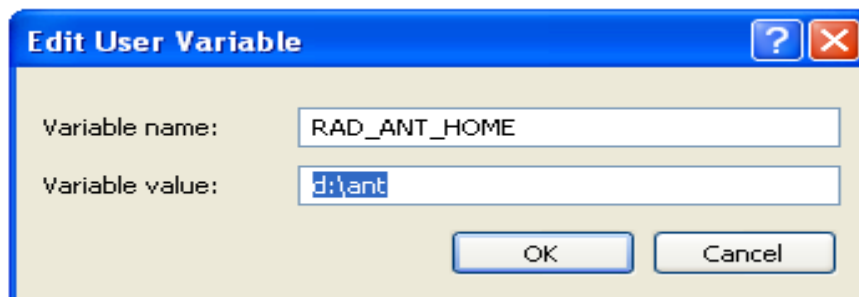
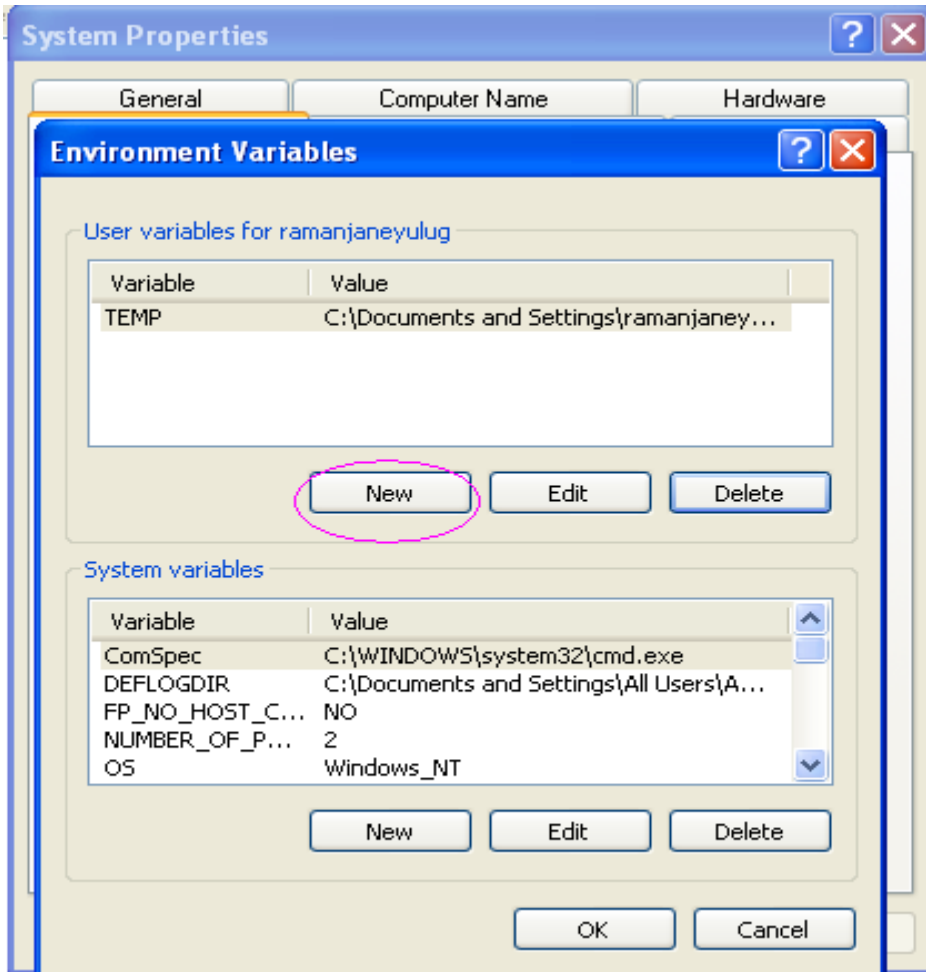
3.9.3 Step 3


Click Advanced Tab button and then click Environment Variables as shown below.



3.9.4 Step 4

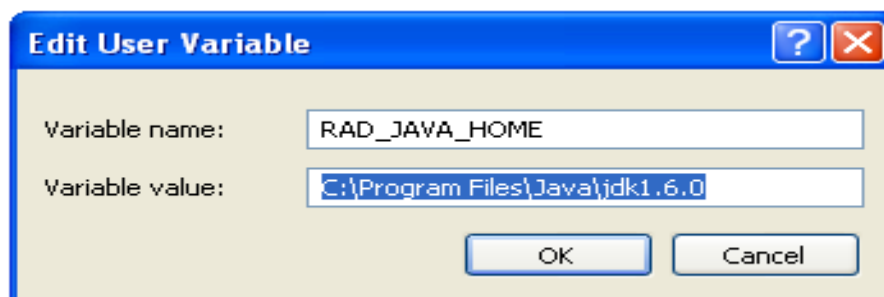
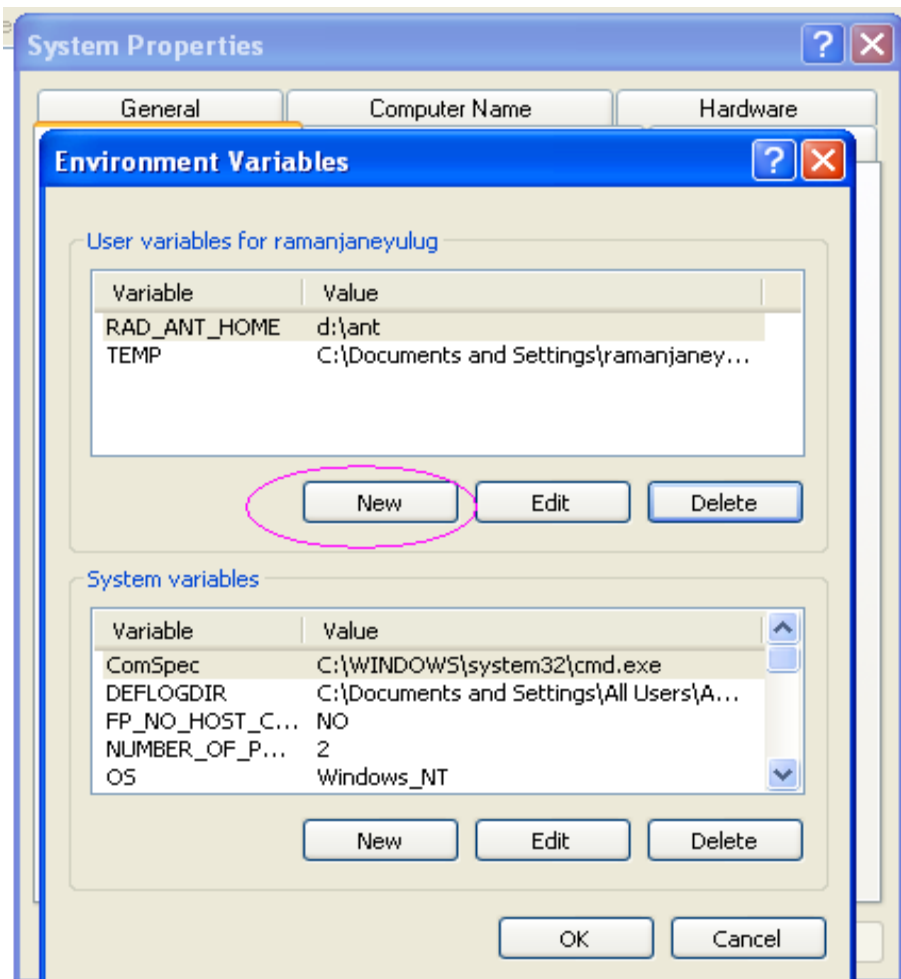
In User variables click New and in Variable name type **RAD_ANT_HOME**. In the value field give the path of Apache Ant root directory as shown below.



 The Ant provider supported by Installer is Apache and the version should be 1.7.1.

3.9.5 Step 5

Repeat **Step 4** and **Step 5** to set **RAD_JAVA_HOME** environment variable to jdk directory as shown below.



Ensure that the Variable value for Variable name RAD_JAVA_HOME eliminates space

4. Open Development Tool 11.1 Installation

Open Development Tool 11.1 installation includes below mentioned activities

- Deployment of Front-end Units or WAR File to Apache Tomcat or OC4J Server
- Loading of Back-end units(PLSQL Packages) to an existing FCUBS schema in Oracle Database
- RADTool.properties file configuration

The next section explains these two activities in detail

4.1 WAR File generation

To generate WAR file follow the below mentioned steps

4.1.1 Step 1

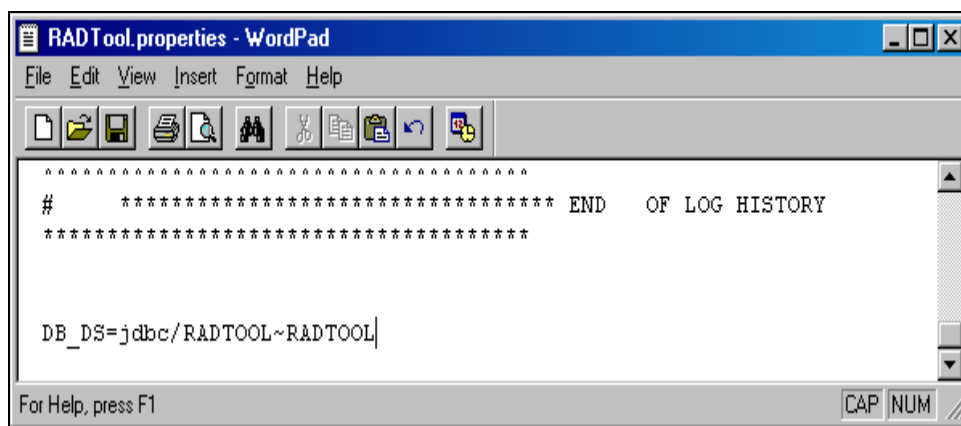
Copy all the contents from [\\IFLBLW-BPD-12\Vercon_IP-BPD-01\SOFT\FLEXCUBE_Kernel\FC_IS_V.UM_11.1.0.0.0.0\TOOLS\RAD\SOURCE\](#)

To RADTool_11.1

4.1.2 Step 2

RADTool. Properties file configuration

Open RADTool.properties file from RADTool_11.1 folder. Refer the screen shot shown below and enter appropriate values



4.1.3 Step 3

Open Web.xml add the JNDI reference for backend Database.

Ex: **<resource-ref>**

<res-auth>Container</res-auth>

<res-ref-name>jdbc/RADTOOL</res-ref-name>

<res-type>javax.sql.DataSource</res-type>

</resource-ref>

4.1.4 Step 4

Please Use the Installer To Prepare Warfile.

Installer sources will be available in the following location.

\\IFLBLW-BPD-12\Vercon_IP-BPD-01\SOFT\FLEXCUBE Kernel\FC_IS V.UM 11.1.0.0.0.0\TOOLS\RAD\INSTALLER\SOURCE

5. How to Run Installer

After copying the installer sources and library folder to your local system, make sure you uncheck the read only check box in source properties and apply the same to all the sub folders.

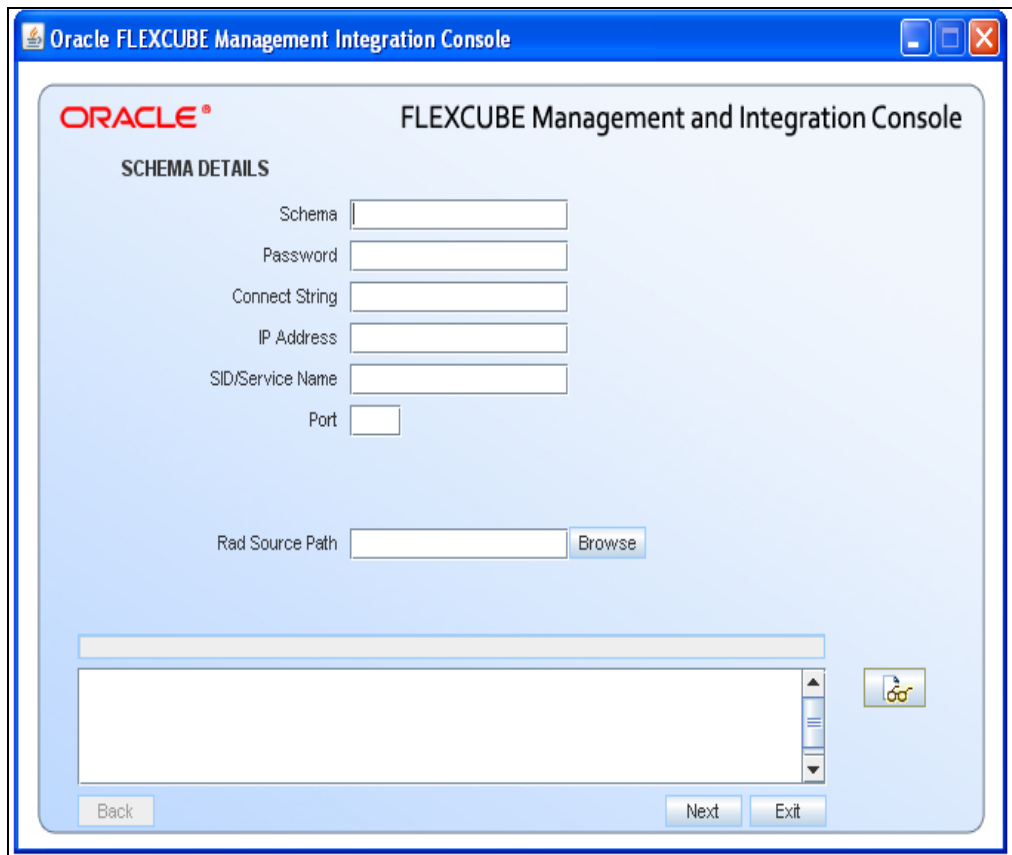
The screen shot below shows how the source folder in your local system should look like.

To run the installer, double click the batch file (RADInstaller11.1.bat) present in the installer source.

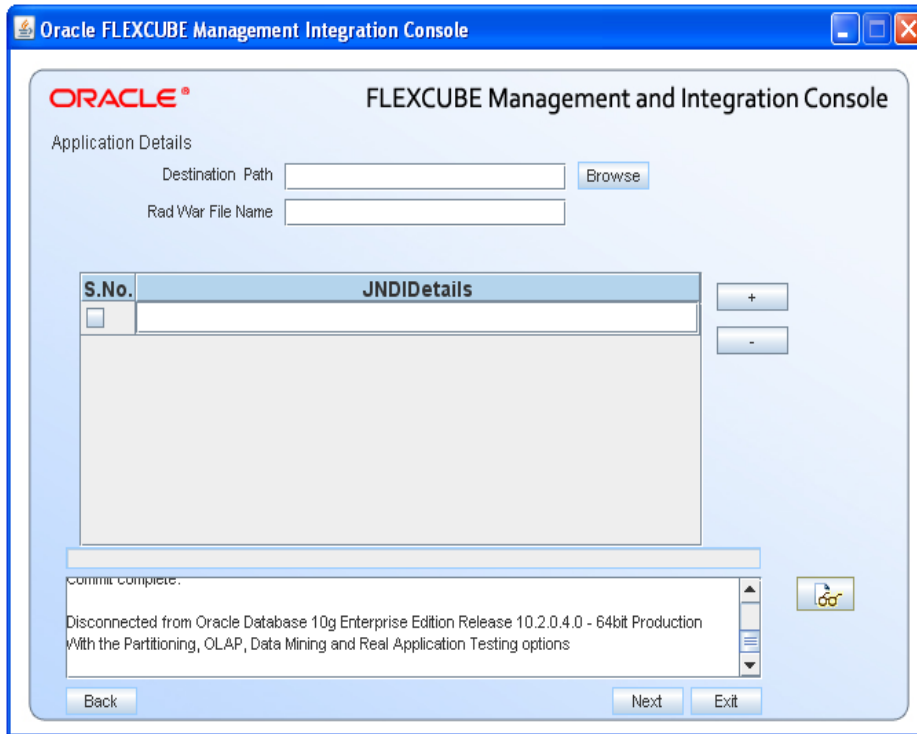


RADInstaller11.1.bat

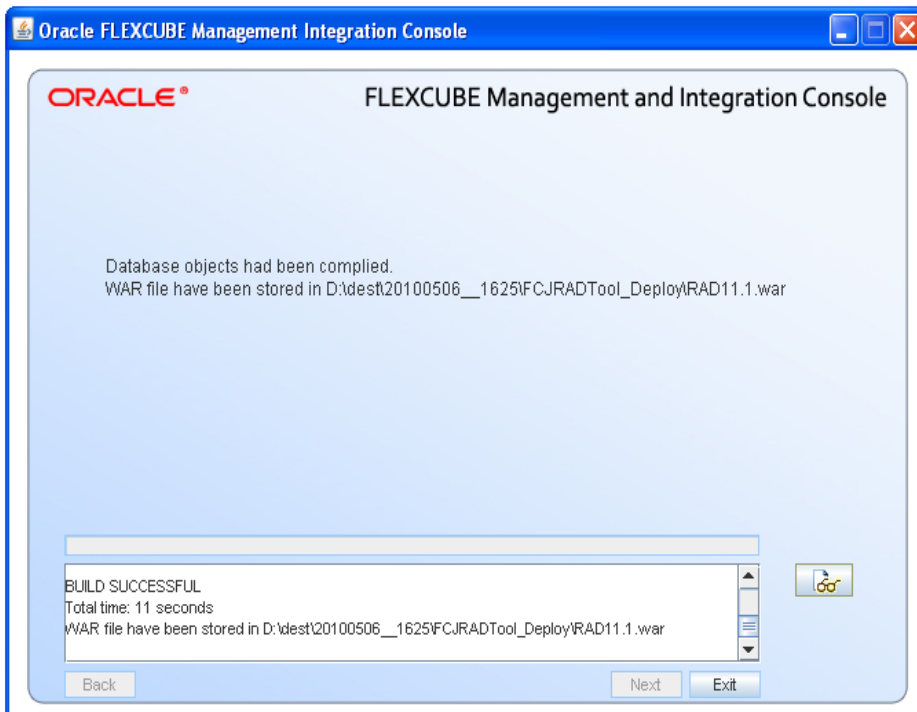
This displays the screen as follows.



The screenshot shows a window titled "Oracle FLEXCUBE Management Integration Console". The window contains the Oracle logo and the text "FLEXCUBE Management and Integration Console". Below this, there is a section titled "SCHEMA DETAILS" with several input fields: "Schema", "Password", "Connect String", "IP Address", "SID/Service Name", and "Port". There is also a "Rad Source Path" field with a "Browse" button next to it. At the bottom of the window, there are three buttons: "Back", "Next", and "Exit".



If you want create the war component, please enter the Destination path and War file Name otherwise it will compile only db object display the screen as follows



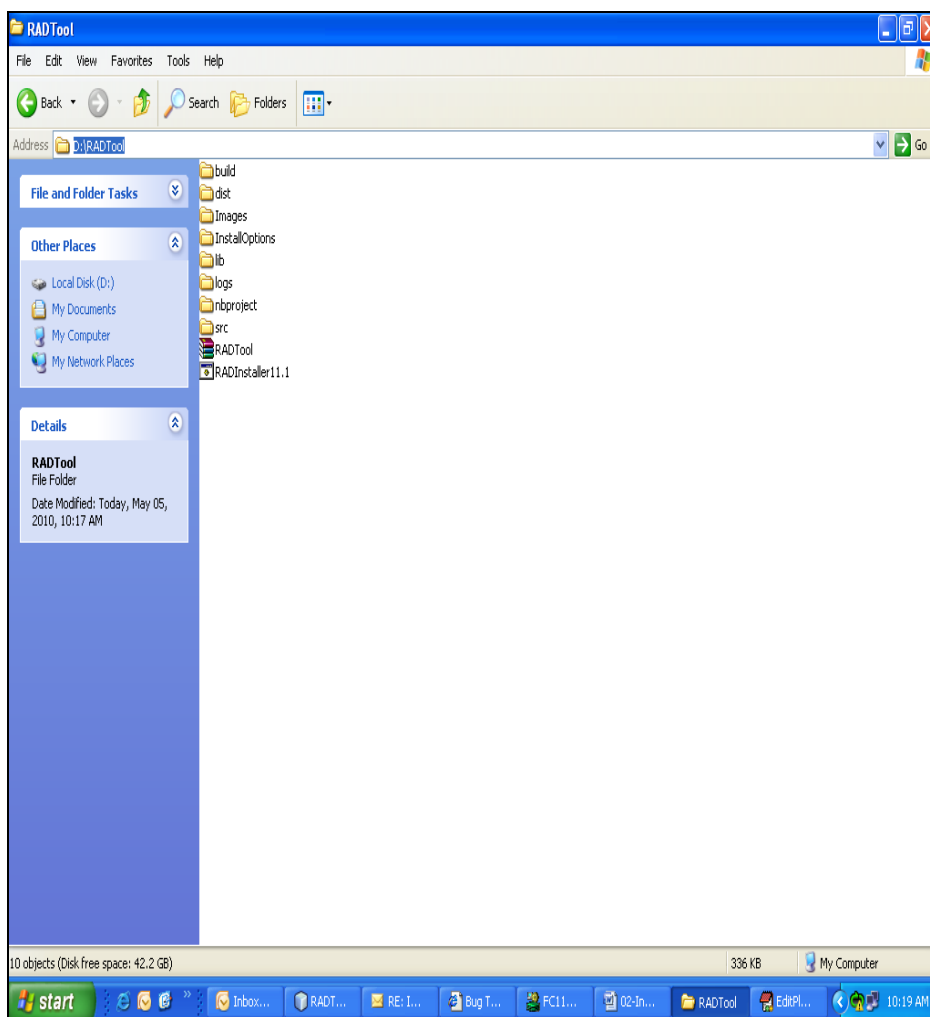
After generation of war file you can deploy war file in Application Server /Web server from destination path.

6. Troubleshooting

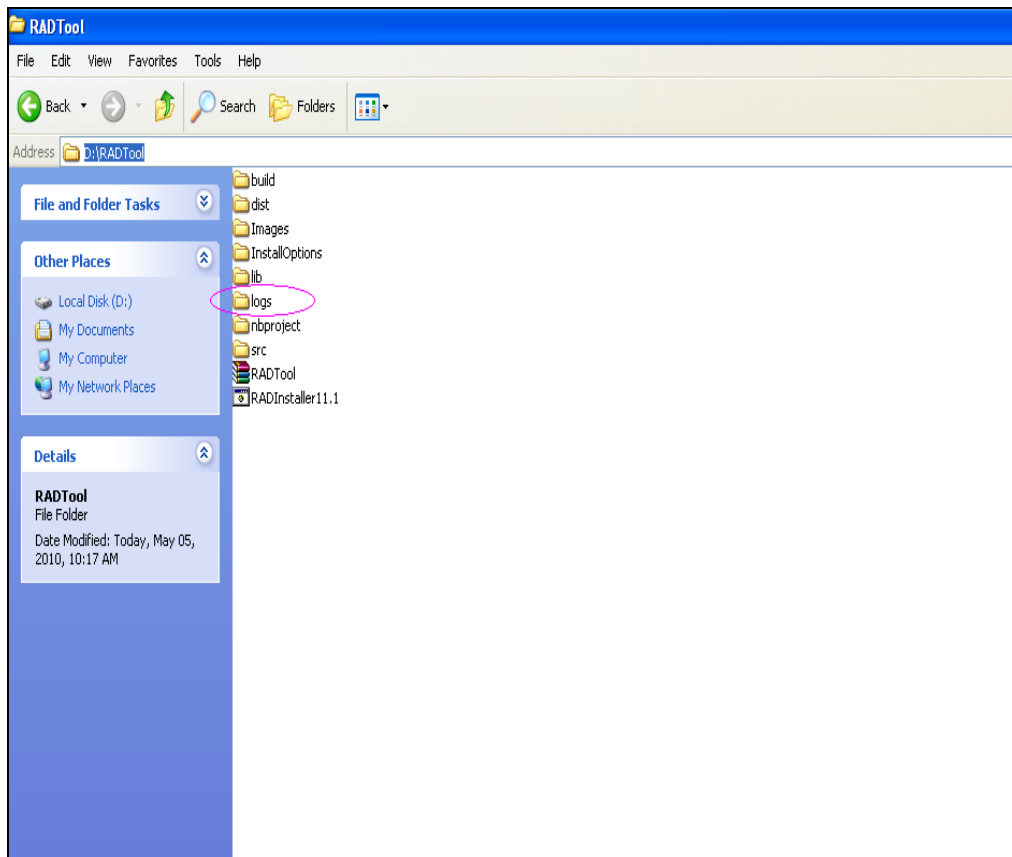
6.1 Checking Logs

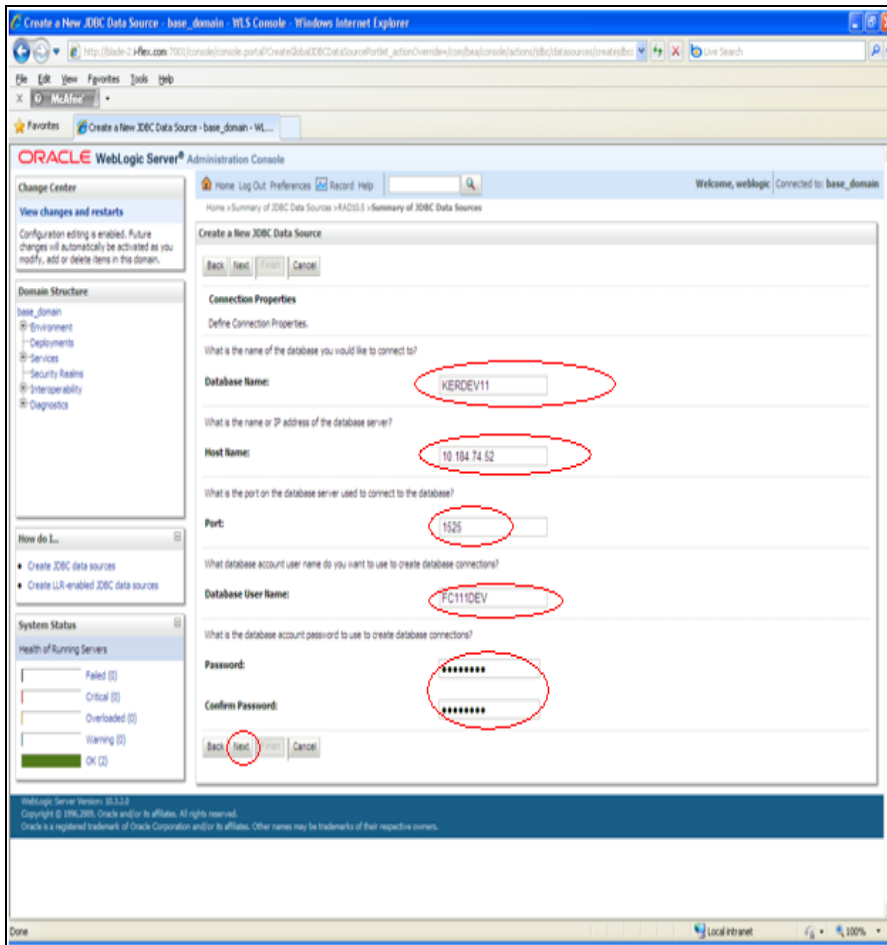
In case an error occurs while doing a particular Open Development activity and the user wants to know the exception, he can look at the log file which contains detailed information about executed and the type of error thrown if any.

To check the log file open the logs folder in the installer source of your local system.



Please Enter the Open Development Schem detail where you are going to connect the Open Development schema and select the Open Development source which you are copied from vercon area and press next button .display the screen as follows





FCJRADTool.war file is generated at specified "destPath" i.e. in this case at RADTool_11.1

This completes WAR file generation and Database installation .

7. Deployment of WAR file to Application Server

7.1 Apache Tomcat 5.5 Server

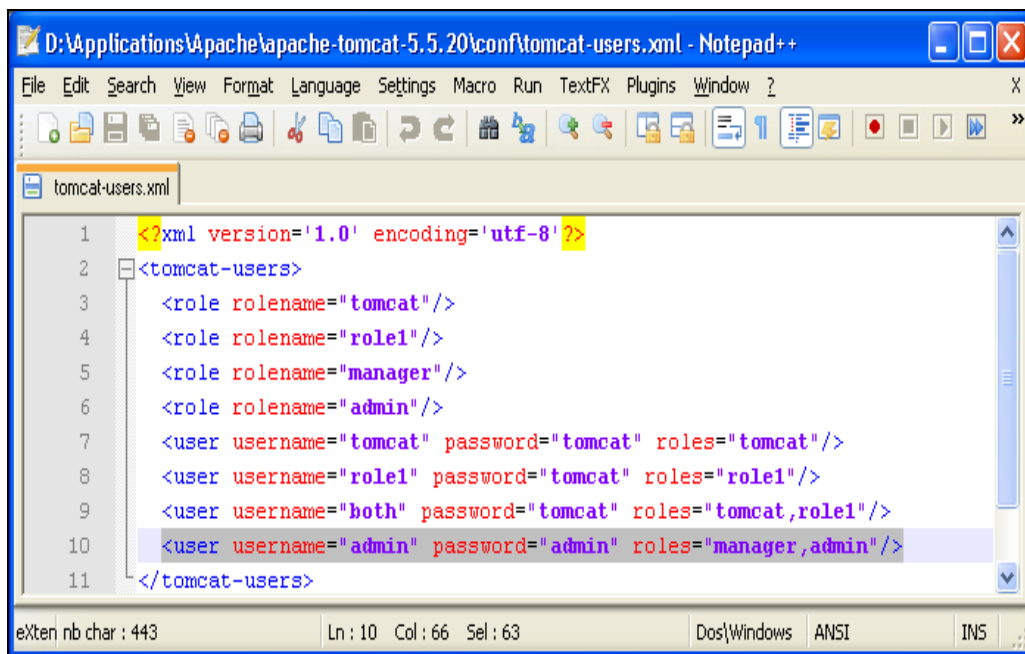
To deploy **FCJRADTool.war** to Apache Tomcat 5.5 Server follow the below mentioned steps

7.1.1 Step 1

Open tomcat-users.xml from <apache-tomcat-5.5.20_home>\conf folder.

Add <user username="admin" password="admin" roles="manager,admin"/>

As shown in highlighted section of the below screenshot.

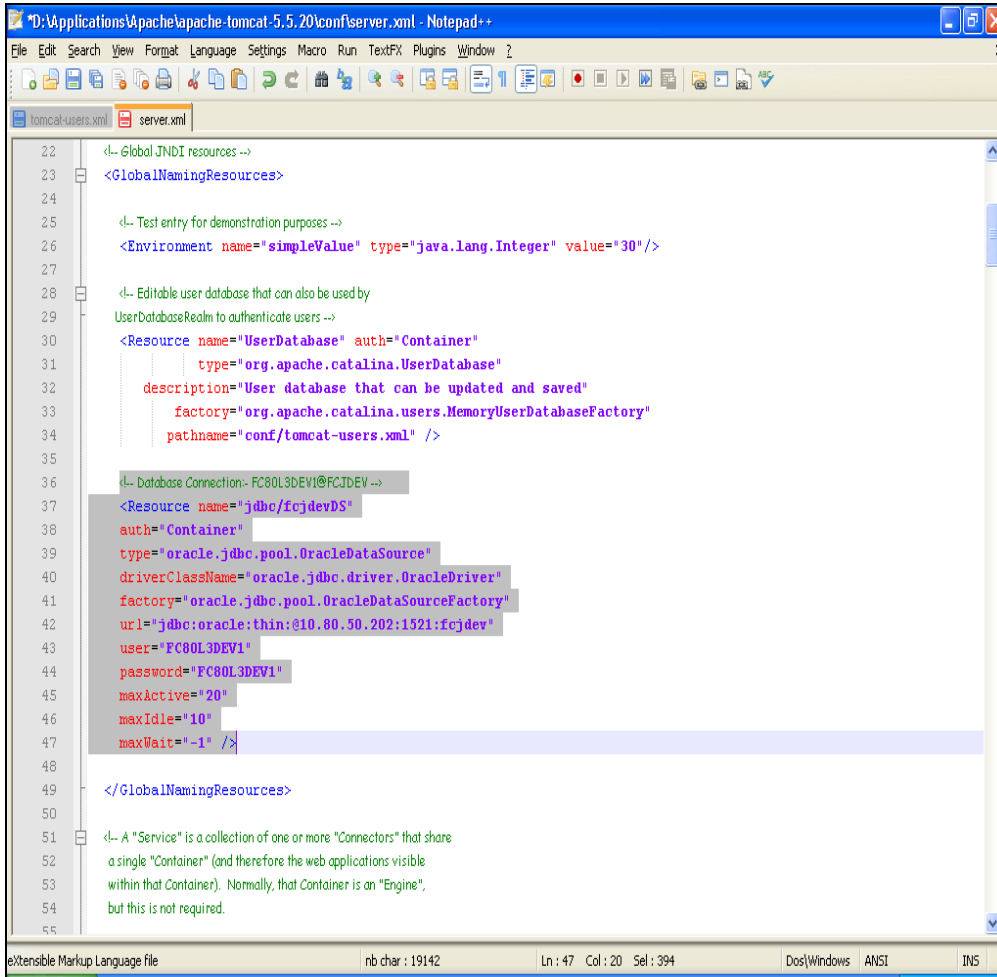


```
D:\Applications\Apache\apache-tomcat-5.5.20\conf\tomcat-users.xml - Notepad++
File Edit Search View Format Language Settings Macro Run TextFX Plugins Window ?
tomcat-users.xml
1 <?xml version='1.0' encoding='utf-8' ?>
2 <tomcat-users>
3 <role rolename='tomcat' />
4 <role rolename='role1' />
5 <role rolename='manager' />
6 <role rolename='admin' />
7 <user username='tomcat' password='tomcat' roles='tomcat' />
8 <user username='role1' password='tomcat' roles='role1' />
9 <user username='both' password='tomcat' roles='tomcat,role1' />
10 <user username='admin' password='admin' roles='manager,admin' />
11 </tomcat-users>
eXten nb char : 443 Ln : 10 Col : 66 Sel : 63 Dos\Windows ANSI INS
```

7.1.2 Step 2

Open Server.xml from <apache-tomcat-5.5.20_home>\conf folder.

Refer the highlighted section of screenshot below and add corresponding Datasource between <GlobalNamingResources></GlobalNamingResources> tags.

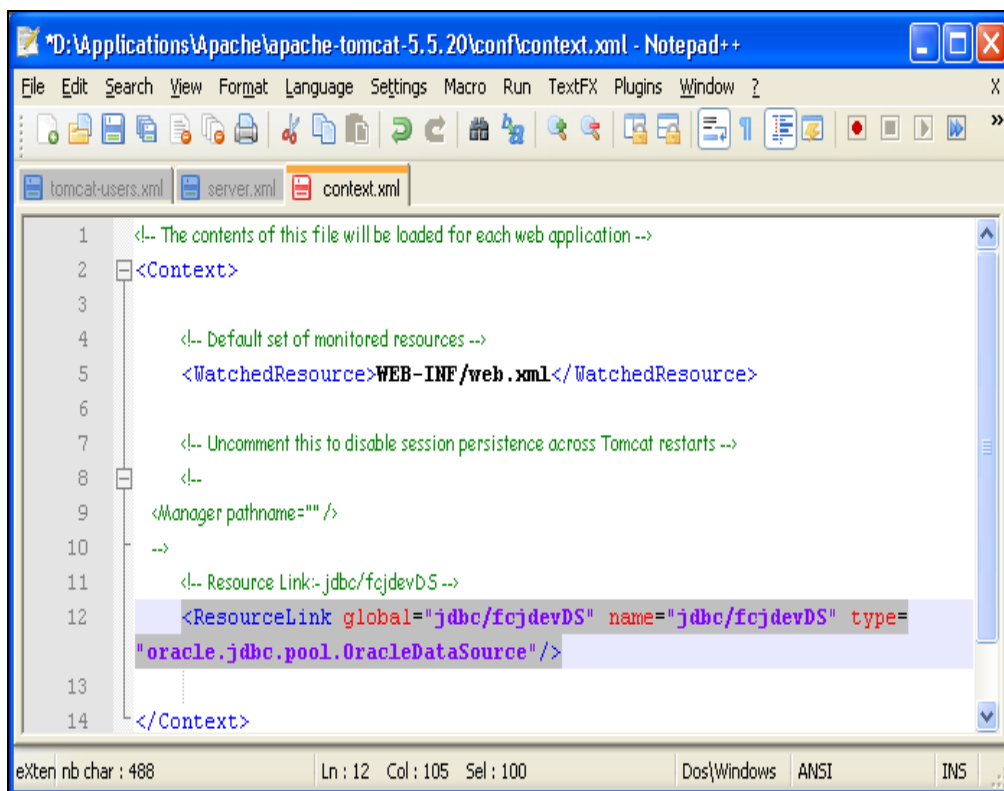


```
22 <!-- Global JNDI resources -->
23 <GlobalNamingResources>
24
25 <!-- Test entry for demonstration purposes -->
26 <Environment name="simpleValue" type="java.lang.Integer" value="30"/>
27
28 <!-- Editable user database that can also be used by
29 UserDatabaseRealm to authenticate users -->
30 <Resource name="UserDatabase" auth="Container"
31         type="org.apache.catalina.UserDatabase"
32         description="User database that can be updated and saved"
33         factory="org.apache.catalina.users.MemoryUserDatabaseFactory"
34         pathname="conf/tomcat-users.xml" />
35
36 <!-- Database Connection: FC80L3DEV1@FCJDEV -->
37 <Resource name="jdbc/fcjddevDS"
38         auth="Container"
39         type="oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleDataSource"
40         driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"
41         factory="oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleDataSourceFactory"
42         url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@10.80.50.202:1521:fcjddev"
43         user="FC80L3DEV1"
44         password="FC80L3DEV1"
45         maxActive="20"
46         maxIdle="10"
47         maxWait="-1" />
48
49 </GlobalNamingResources>
50
51 <!-- A "Service" is a collection of one or more "Connectors" that share
52 a single "Container" (and therefore the web applications visible
53 within that Container). Normally, that Container is an "Engine",
54 but this is not required.
55
```

7.1.3 Step 3

Open context.xml from <apache-tomcat-5.5.20_home>\conf folder.

Refer the highlighted section of screenshot below and add corresponding Resource Link



```
1 <!-- The contents of this file will be loaded for each web application -->
2 <Context>
3
4 <!-- Default set of monitored resources -->
5 <WatchedResource>WEB-INF/web.xml</WatchedResource>
6
7 <!-- Uncomment this to disable session persistence across Tomcat restarts -->
8 <!--
9 <Manager pathname="" />
10 -->
11 <!-- Resource Link:- jdbc/fcjddevDS -->
12 <ResourceLink global="jdbc/fcjddevDS" name="jdbc/fcjddevDS" type=
13 "oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleDataSource" />
14 </Context>
```

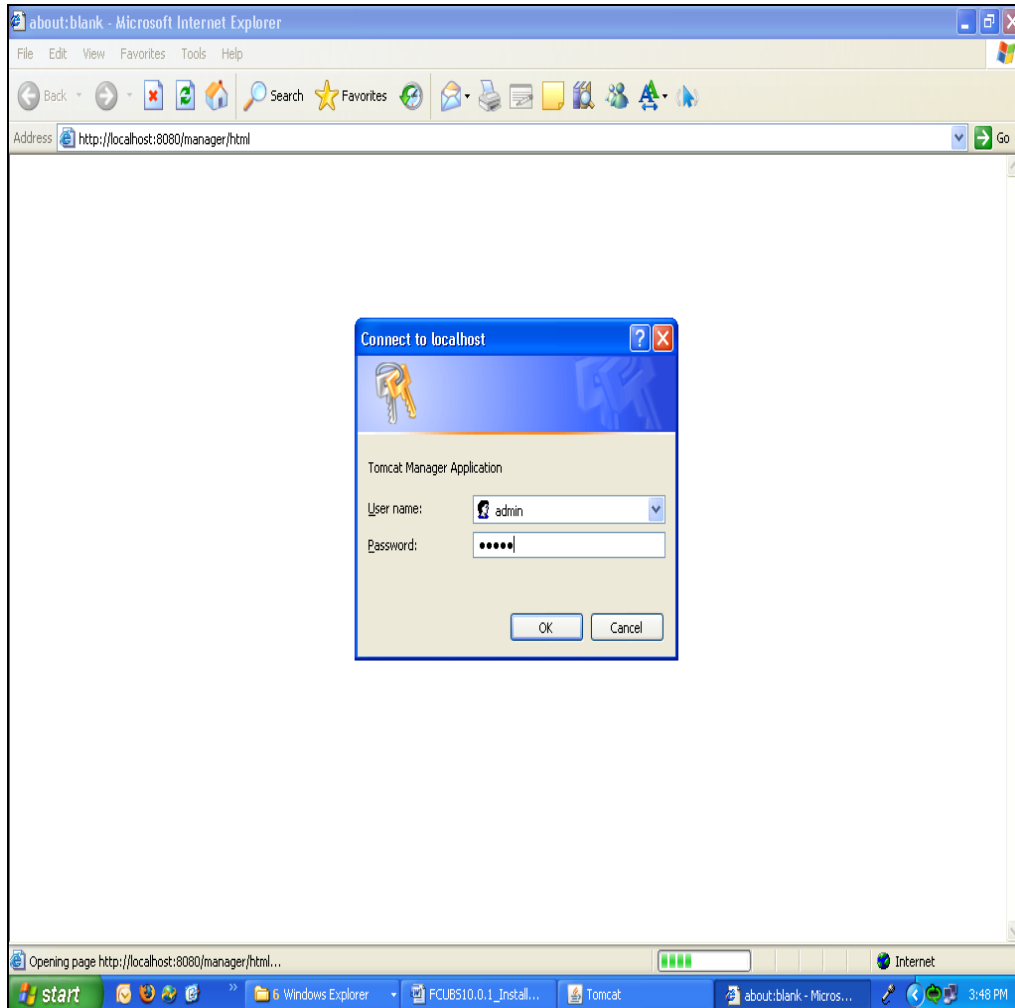
7.1.4 Step 4

Start Apache Tomcat 5.5 Server by double-clicking **startup.bat** from **<apache-tomcat-5.5.20_home>\bin** folder

7.1.5 Step 5

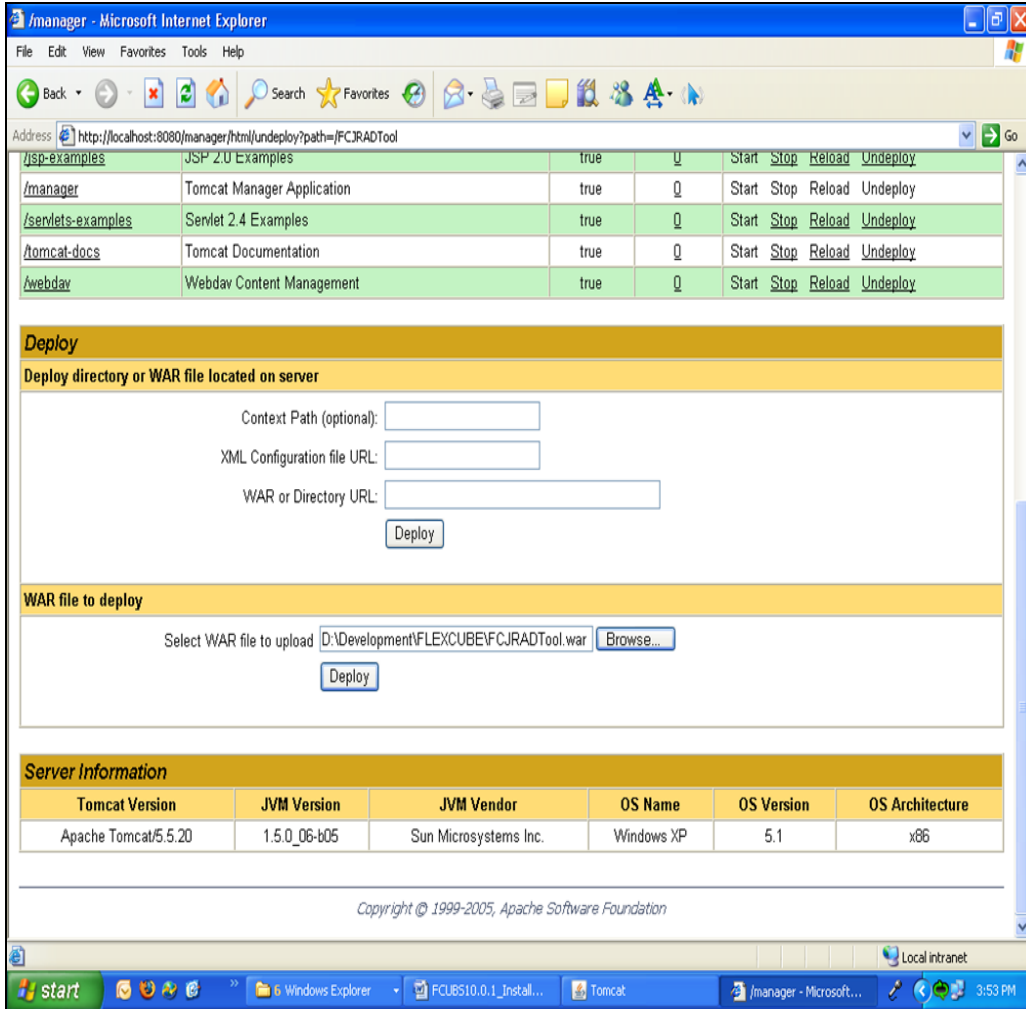
Launch Internet Explorer with URL Error! Hyperlink reference not valid.

Refer the screenshot below and enter **User Id** as **admin** and **password** as **admin**



7.1.6 Step 6

Upload the generated **FCJRADTool.war** file from RADTool_11.1 folder as shown Below in the screen shot and then click **Deploy**.



This completes Deployment of FCJRADTool.war file to Apache Tomcat 5.5 Server.

RADTool 11.1 Application can be launched with the URL.

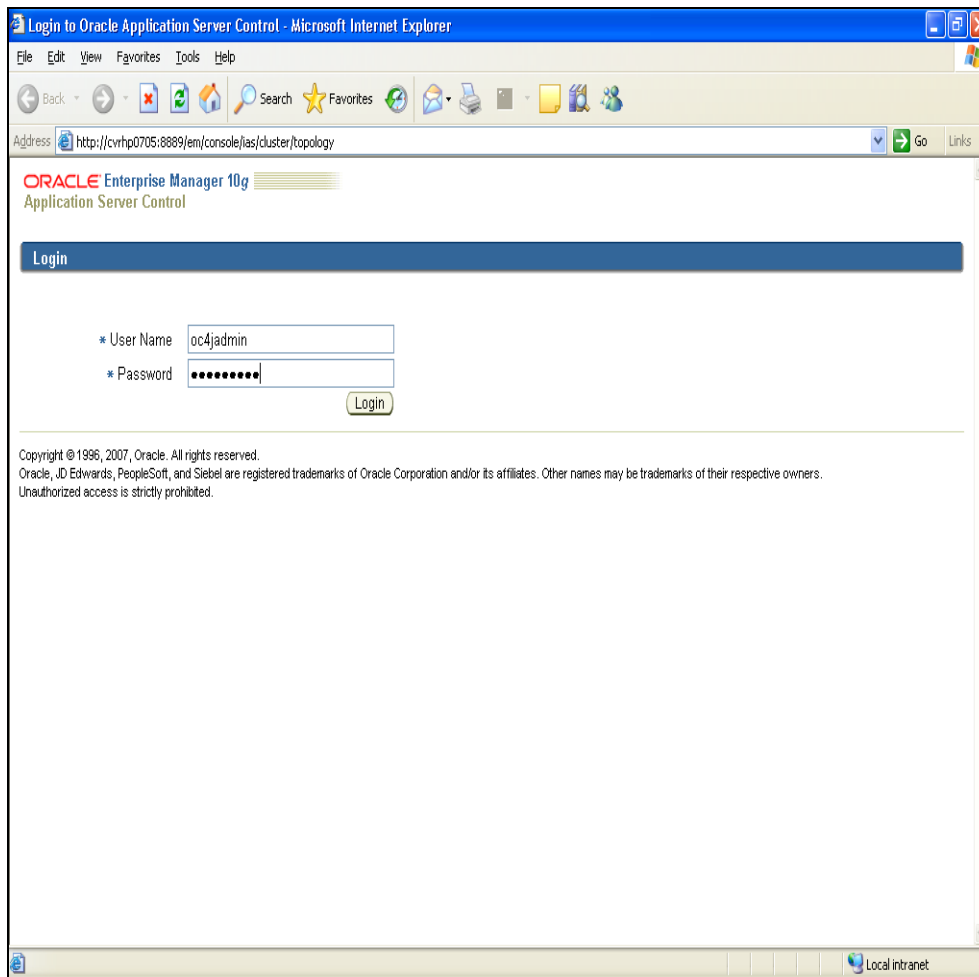
7.2 OC4J Application server

To deploy **FCJRADTool.war** to OC4J 10.1.3.X Application Server follow the below mentioned steps

Steps 1-15 explain creation of Connection Pool and Data Source. Skip these steps if Connection pool and data source already exists in the OC4J Application server.

7.2.1 Step 1

Login to Oracle 10g Application server's Administration console as shown below



7.2.2 Step 2

Click **Home** as shown below

The screenshot shows the Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g console for Cluster Topology. The page is titled "Cluster Topology" and includes an overview section with statistics: Hosts: 1, Application Servers: 1, OC4J Instances: 1, and HTTP Server Instances: 0. The "Members" section is active, showing a table of application servers. The table has columns for Name, Status, Type, Category, Host, CPU (%), and Memory (MB). One member, "home (JVMs: 1)", is listed with an upward arrow status, OC4J type, and 0.84% CPU usage. Below the table, there are instructions on how to interpret the status icons. The "Groups" section is also visible, showing a "default_group" containing the "home" OC4J instance.

Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g
Application Server Control

Cluster Topology

Page Refreshed Mar 1, 2008 7:29:25 PM IST • View Data Manual Refresh

Overview

Hosts 1 Application Servers 1
OC4J Instances 1 HTTP Server Instances 0

Members

View By Application Servers

Start Stop Restart

Select All | Select None | Expand All | Collapse All

Select	Name	Status	Type	Category	Host	CPU (%)	Memory (MB)
<input type="checkbox"/>	All Application Servers						
<input type="checkbox"/>	oracle.cvrhp0705.i-flex.com		Application Server		cvrhp0705		
<input type="checkbox"/>	home (JVMs: 1)	↑	OC4J			0.84	225.42

Indicates the active ASControl instance.
TIP If a parent topology member is selected all contained members are implicitly selected.

Groups

A group is a collection of OC4J instances. Certain common management tasks can be performed simultaneously on all OC4J instances in a group. For more information, see [About Groups](#)

Start Stop Delete Create

Select	Name	OC4J Instance	Status	Application Server
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	default_group	home	↑	oracle.cvrhp0705.i-flex.com

Administration

7.2.3 Step 3

Click Administration tab as shown below

The screenshot shows the Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g Application Server Control interface in a Microsoft Internet Explorer browser window. The address bar shows the URL: <http://cvrhp0705:8889/em/console/ias/oc4j/home>. The page title is "ORACLE Enterprise Manager 10g Application Server Control". The navigation menu includes "Home", "Applications", "Web Services", "Performance", and "Administration", with "Administration" being the active tab. The "General" section displays the following information: Status: Up, Start Time: Mar 1, 2008 4:19:25 PM IST, Version: 10.1.3.3.0, Oracle Home: D:\OracleAS_SOA, Host: cvrhp0705.i-flex.com, Virtual Machines: 1, and Notifications: 0. There are "Stop" and "Restart" buttons. The "Response and Load" section features a line graph showing "Request Processing Time (seconds)" and "Requests per second" over time. The graph shows a steady state with a request processing time of approximately 0.2 seconds and a requests per second rate of about 5. The x-axis labels are 5:34, 6:00, 6:20, 6:40, 7:00, 7:20. The footer contains copyright information: "Copyright © 1996, 2007, Oracle. All rights reserved. Oracle, JD Edwards, PeopleSoft, and Siebel are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners. About Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g Application Server Control".

7.2.4 Step 4

Click JDBC Resources as shown below

The screenshot shows the Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g Administration console in a Microsoft Internet Explorer browser. The address bar shows the URL: <http://cvrhp0705:8889/em/console/ias/oc4j/administration>. The page title is "ORACLE Enterprise Manager 10g Application Server Control". The breadcrumb navigation shows "Cluster Topology > Application Server: oracle.cvrhp0705.i-flex.com > OC4J: home". The page is refreshed on Mar 1, 2008 7:35:58 PM IST. The "Administration" tab is selected, and the "JDBC Resources" task is highlighted in the task list.

Task Name	Go to Task	Description
Administration Tasks		
Properties		
EJB Compiler Settings		Configure the EJB Compiler.
J2EE Websites		Manage the J2EE websites in this OC4J instance.
JSP Properties		Set JSP container properties.
Logger Configuration		Set log levels for all Loggers.
Thread Pool Configuration		Configure the thread pools of this OC4J instance.
Shared Libraries		Manage the shared libraries of this OC4J instance.
Server Properties		Configure server properties for this OC4J instance.
Services		
JDBC Resources		Create/delete/view data sources and connection pools.
Enterprise Messaging Service		
JMS Destinations		Create/delete/edit JMS destinations.
JMS Connection Factories		Configure JMS connection factories.
In-Memory and File Based Persistence		Configure settings for in-memory and file based persistence.
Database Persistence		Configure settings for database persistence.
OracleAS JMS Router		Configure the JMS Router.

7.2.5 Step 5

Click Create Connection Pool as shown below

The screenshot shows the Oracle Enterprise Manager interface for JDBC Resources. The page title is "Oracle Enterprise Manager (oc4jadmin) - JDBC Resources - Microsoft Internet Explorer". The address bar shows the URL: http://cvrhp0705:8889/em/console/ias/oc4j/admin/jdbc?infoKey=1d4_11869f8fa97. The page was refreshed on Mar 1, 2008 7:37:19 PM IST.

The "Data Sources" section contains a table with the following data:

Name	Application	JNDI Location	Connection Pool	Managed by OCAJ	Test Connection	Delete
"BPELSamplesDataSource"	default	jdbc/BPELSamplesDataSource	"BPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	✓		
"BPEServerDataSource"	default	jdbc/BPELServerDataSource	"BPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	✓		
"BPEServerDataSourceWorkflow"	default	jdbc/BPELServerDataSourceWorkflow	"BPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	✓		
"ESBDataSource"	default	jdbc/esb	"ESBPool"	✓		
"OracleDS"	default	jdbc/OracleDS	"Example Connection Pool"	✓		

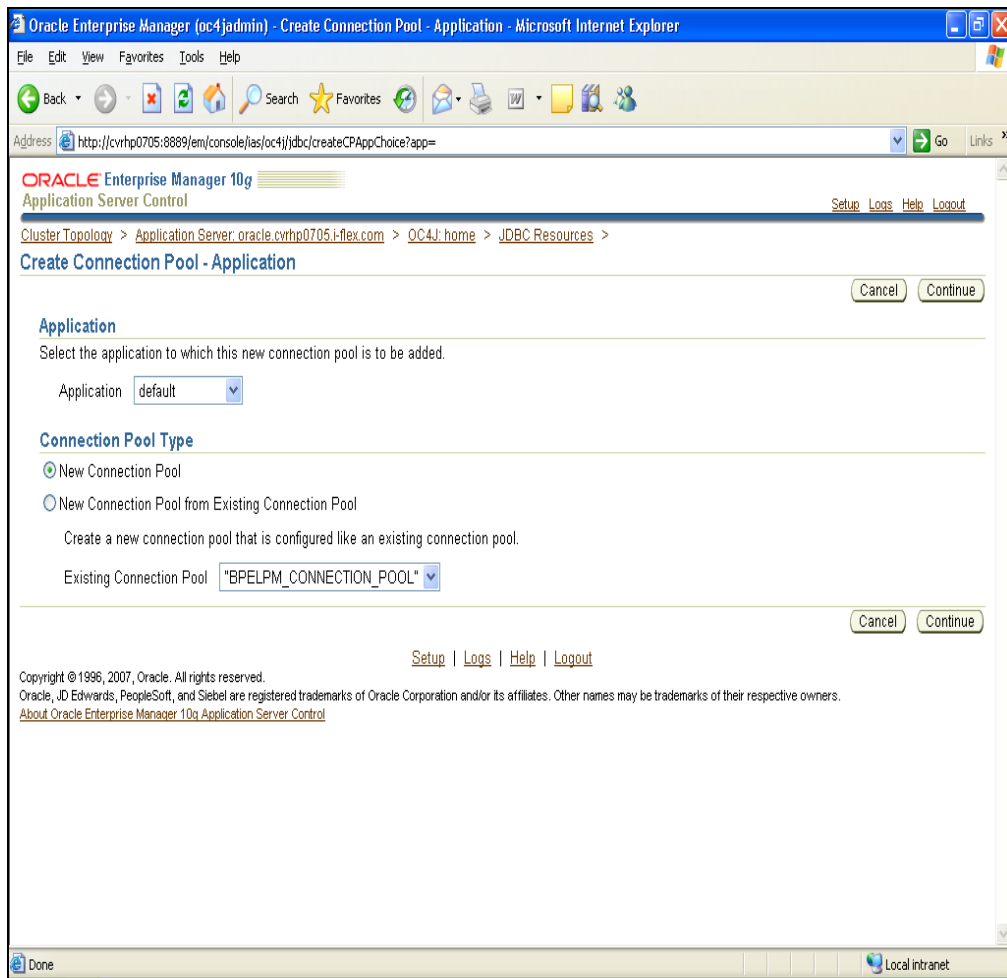
The "Connection Pools" section contains a table with the following data:

Name	Application	Connection Factory Class	Monitor Performance	Test Connection	Refresh Connection Pool	Delete
"BPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	default	oracle.lite.pooljdbc.POLJDBCdriver				
"ESBPool"	default	oracle.lite.pooljdbc.POLJDBCdriver				
"Example Connection Pool"	default	oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleDataSource				

At the bottom of the page, there are links for [Setup](#), [Logs](#), [Help](#), and [Logout](#). Copyright information is provided: Copyright © 1996, 2007, Oracle. All rights reserved. Oracle, JD Edwards, PeopleSoft, and Siebel are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners. [About Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g Application Server Control](#)

7.2.6 Step 6

Click **Continue** as shown below



7.2.7 Step 7

Refer the screen shots shown below. Provide equivalent information and click Finish

Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g
Application Server Control
Cluster Topology > Application Server oracle.cvrhp0705.i-flex.com > OC4J: home > JDBC Resources >
Create Connection Pool
Cancel Back Finish
Page Refreshed Mar 1, 2008 7:40:18 PM IST

Home Attributes Proxy Interfaces

* Name FCUBS10.OCConnectionPool

* Connection Factory Class oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleDataSource
Class must be available to the application's class loader.

URL
You can either specify a URL directly or have it generated from connection information. When you test a connection, the connection factory class and credentials specified on this page will be used to perform the test.

JDBC URL jdbc:oracle:thin:@//10.80.150.202:1521/FCJDEV Test Connection

Generate URL from Connection Information Test Connection

Driver Type Thin

DB Host Name

DB Listener Port

DB Identifier Type Service Name

SID/Service Name

TNS Alias

Credentials
 TIP For OracleDataSources, credentials must be entered if not already specified in the URL.
Username FCB0L3DEV1

Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g
Application Server Control
Cluster Topology > Application Server oracle.cvrhp0705.i-flex.com > OC4J: home > JDBC Resources >
Create Connection Pool
Cancel Back Finish
Page Refreshed Mar 1, 2008 7:40:18 PM IST

Home Attributes Proxy Interfaces

* Name FCUBS10.OCConnectionPool

* Connection Factory Class oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleDataSource
Class must be available to the application's class loader.

URL
You can either specify a URL directly or have it generated from connection information. When you test a connection, the connection factory class and credentials specified on this page will be used to perform the test.

JDBC URL jdbc:oracle:thin:@//10.80.150.202:1521/mydb.com Test Connection

Generate URL from Connection Information Test Connection

Driver Type Thin

DB Host Name

DB Listener Port

DB Identifier Type Service Name

SID/Service Name

TNS Alias

Credentials
 TIP For OracleDataSources, credentials must be entered if not already specified in the URL.
Username FCB0L3DEV1
 Use Cleartext Password
Password *****
 Use Indirect Password
Indirect Password
example: Scott, customers/Scott

Connection Factory Properties
Specify any properties needed by the connection factory here.

Name	Value	Delete
------	-------	--------

This creates the connection pool as shown below

Oracle Enterprise Manager (oc4jadmin) - JDBC Resources - Microsoft Internet Explorer

Address: http://cvrhp0705:8889/em/console/ias/oc4j/admin/jdbc/infoKey=1dd_11869f8a97

Application: All

Data Sources

Create

Name	Application	JNDI Location	Connection Pool	Managed by OCAJ	Test Connection	Delete
"BPELSamplesDataSource"	default	jdbc/BPELSamplesDataSource	"BPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	✓		
"BPELServerDataSource"	default	jdbc/BPELServerDataSource	"BPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	✓		
"BPELServerDataSourceWorkflow"	default	jdbc/BPELServerDataSourceWorkflow	"BPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	✓		
"ESBDataSource"	default	jdbc/esb	"ESBPool"	✓		
"OracleDS"	default	jdbc/OracleDS	"Example Connection Pool"	✓		

Connection Pools

Create

Name	Application	Connection Factory Class	Monitor Performance	Test Connection	Refresh Connection Pool	Delete
"BPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	default	oracle.lite.poljdbc.POLJDBCdriver				
"ESBPool"	default	oracle.lite.poljdbc.POLJDBCdriver				
"Example Connection Pool"	default	oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleDataSource				
"FCUBS10_0ConnectionPool"	default	oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleDataSource				

Setup | Logs | Help | Logout

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 About Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g Application Server Control

Local Intranet

7.2.8 Step 8

Click **Test Connection** as shown below

Oracle Enterprise Manager (oc4jadmin) - JDBC Resources - Microsoft Internet Explorer

Address: http://cvrhp0705:8889/em/console/ias/oc4j/admin/jdbc/infoKey=1dd_11869f8a97

Application: All

Data Sources

Create

Name	Application	JNDI Location	Connection Pool	Managed by OCAJ	Test Connection	Delete
"BPELSamplesDataSource"	default	jdbc/BPELSamplesDataSource	"BPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	✓		
"BPELServerDataSource"	default	jdbc/BPELServerDataSource	"BPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	✓		
"BPELServerDataSourceWorkflow"	default	jdbc/BPELServerDataSourceWorkflow	"BPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	✓		
"ESBDataSource"	default	jdbc/esb	"ESBPool"	✓		
"OracleDS"	default	jdbc/OracleDS	"Example Connection Pool"	✓		

Connection Pools

Create

Name	Application	Connection Factory Class	Monitor Performance	Test Connection	Refresh Connection Pool	Delete
"BPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	default	oracle.lite.poljdbc.POLJDBCdriver				
"ESBPool"	default	oracle.lite.poljdbc.POLJDBCdriver				
"Example Connection Pool"	default	oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleDataSource				
"FCUBS10_0ConnectionPool"	default	oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleDataSource				

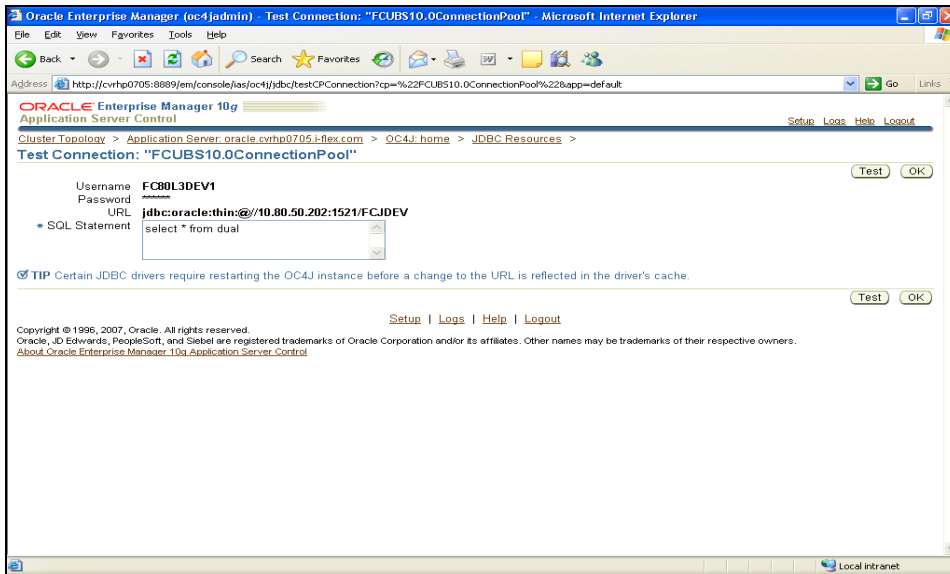
Setup | Logs | Help | Logout

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 About Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g Application Server Control

Local Intranet

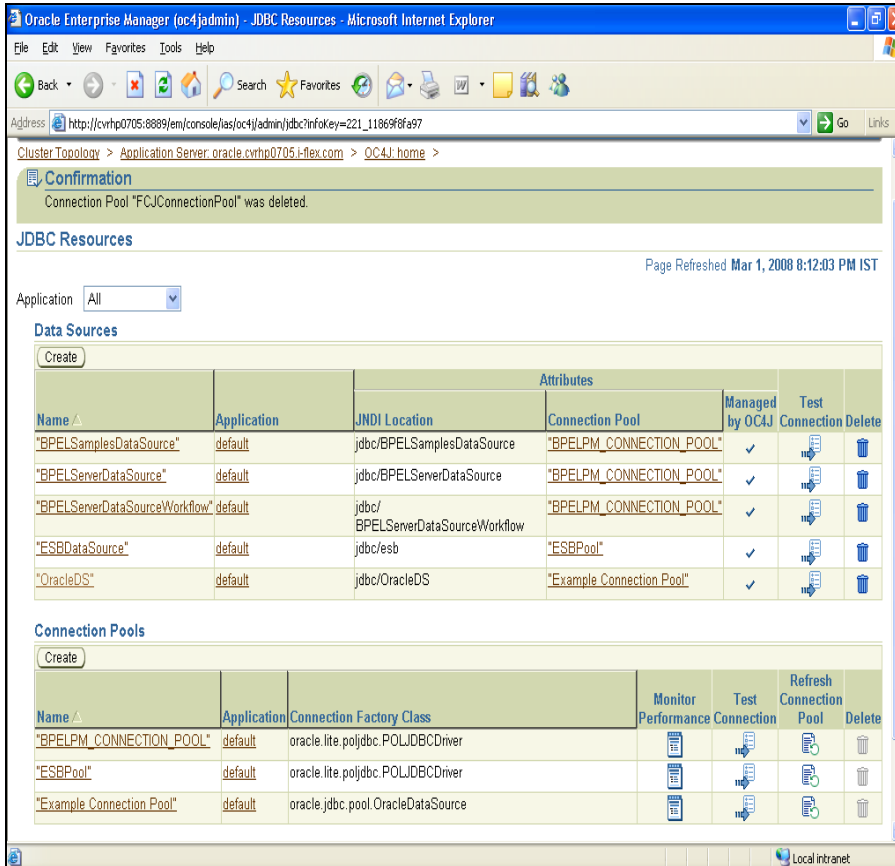
7.2.9 Step 9

Click **Test** as shown below



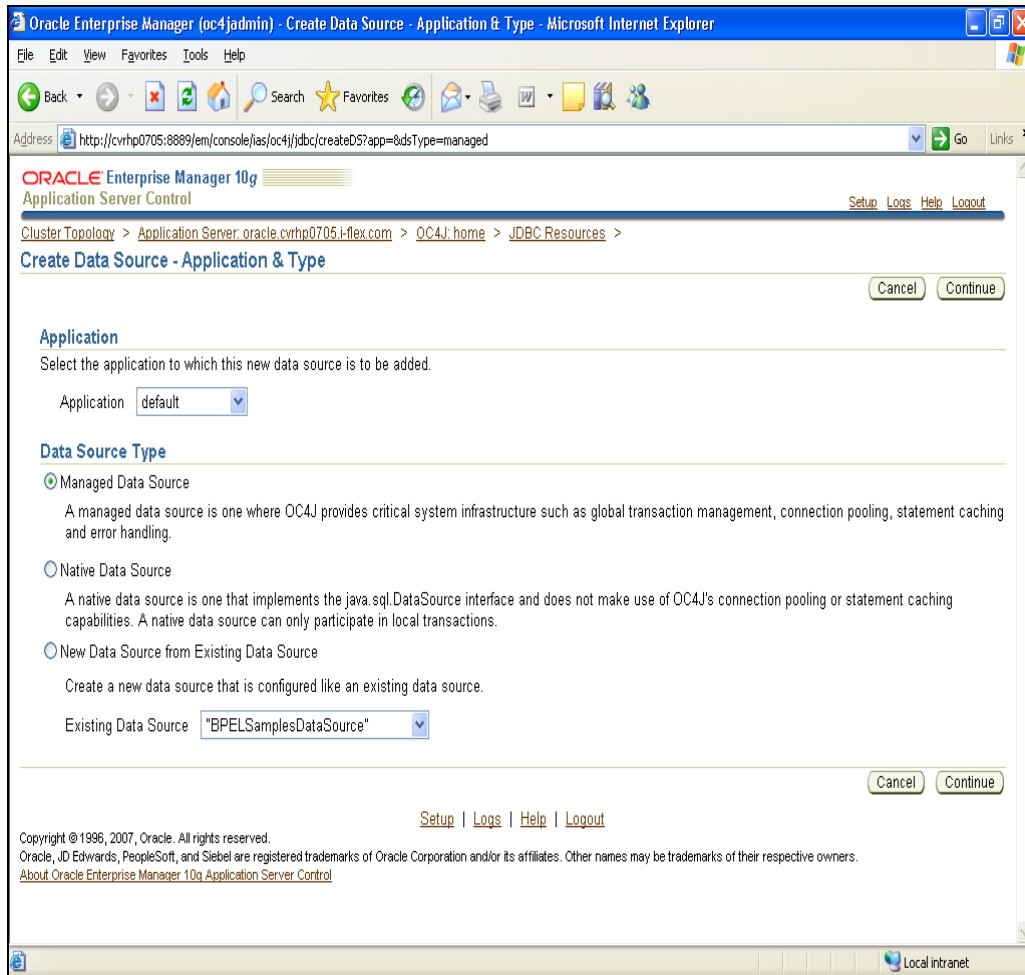
7.2.10 Step 10

Click **Create Data Sources** as shown below



7.2.11 Step 11

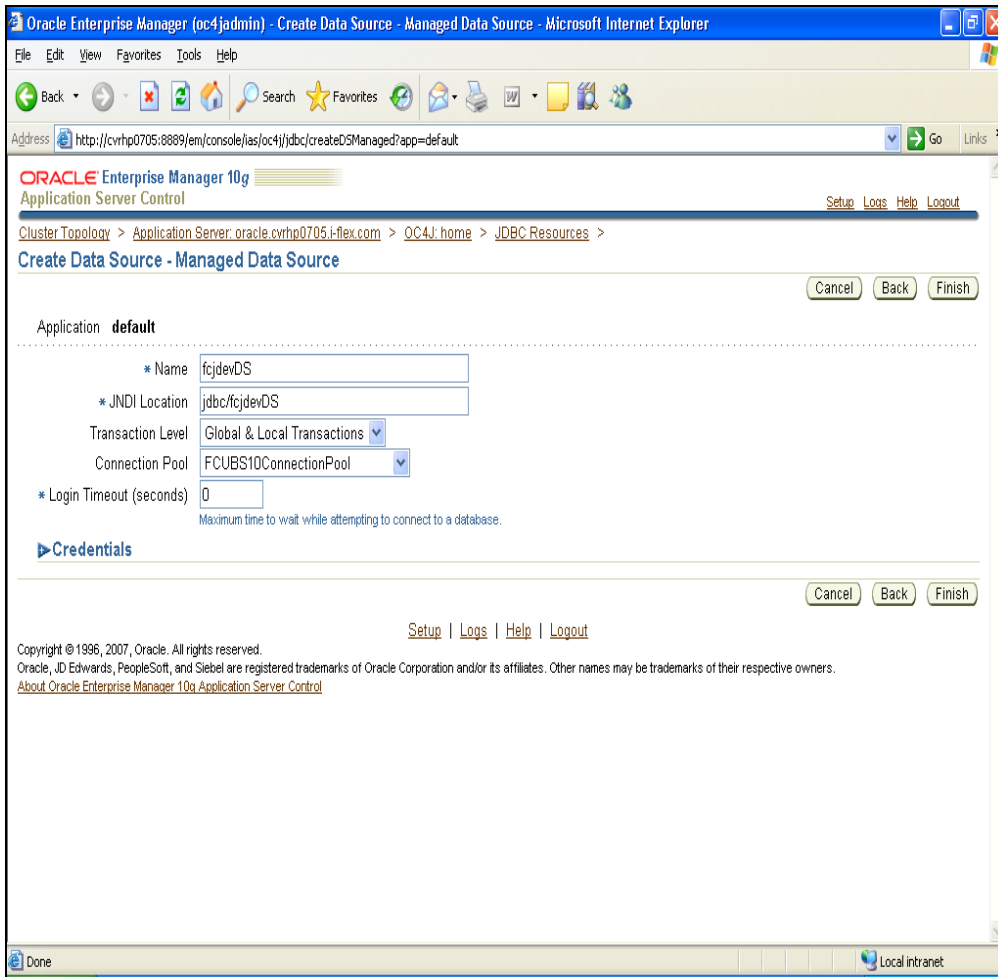
Click **Continue** as shown below



7.2.12 Step 12

Refer the **screen shot** below. Provide **equivalent information** as shown below and click Finish.

Select the **Connection Pool** that was created from the combo box



This creates Data Source as shown below.

The screenshot shows the Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g interface. At the top, a green confirmation banner states: "Data Source fcjdevDS has been created." Below this, the "JDBC Resources" section is active, showing a list of Data Sources. The "Application" filter is set to "All".

Data Sources Table:

Name	Application	JNDI Location	Connection Pool	Managed by OCAJ	Test Connection	Delete
"BPESamplesDataSource"	default	jdbc/BPESamplesDataSource	"BPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	✓	[Test]	[Delete]
"BPEServerDataSource"	default	jdbc/BPEServerDataSource	"BPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	✓	[Test]	[Delete]
"BPEServerDataSourceWorkflow"	default	jdbc/BPEServerDataSourceWorkflow	"BPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	✓	[Test]	[Delete]
"ESBDataSource"	default	jdbc/esb	"ESBPool"	✓	[Test]	[Delete]
"fcjdevDS"	default	jdbc/fcjdevDS	"FCUBS10ConnectionPool"	✓	[Test]	[Delete]
"OracleDS"	default	jdbc/OracleDS	"Example Connection Pool"	✓	[Test]	[Delete]

Connection Pools Table:

Name	Application	Connection Factory Class	Monitor Performance	Test Connection	Refresh Connection Pool	Delete
"BPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	default	oracle.lite.poljdbc.POLJDBCDriver	[Monitor]	[Test]	[Refresh]	[Delete]

7.2.13 Step 13

Click Test Connection as shown below

The screenshot shows the Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g interface. At the top, a green confirmation banner states: "Data Source fcjdevDS has been created." Below this, the "JDBC Resources" section is active, displaying a table of Data Sources. The table has columns for Name, Application, JNDI Location, Connection Pool, Managed by OC4J, Test Connection, and Delete. The "fcjdevDS" entry is highlighted. Below the table, the "Connection Pools" section is also visible, showing a table with columns for Name, Application, Connection Factory Class, Monitor Performance, Test Connection, Refresh Connection Pool, and Delete. The "Example Connection Pool" is listed.

Name	Application	JNDI Location	Connection Pool	Managed by OC4J	Test Connection	Delete
"BPELSamplesDataSource"	default	jdbc/BPELSamplesDataSource	"BPPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	✓	Test	Delete
"BPEServerDataSource"	default	jdbc/BPELServerDataSource	"BPPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	✓	Test	Delete
"BPEServerDataSourceWorkflow"	default	jdbc/BPELServerDataSourceWorkflow	"BPPELPM_CONNECTION_POOL"	✓	Test	Delete
"ESBDataSource"	default	jdbc/ESB	"ESBPool"	✓	Test	Delete
"fcjdevDS"	default	jdbc/fcjdevDS	"FCUBS10ConnectionPool"	✓	Test	Delete
"OracleDS"	default	jdbc/OracleDS	"Example Connection Pool"	✓	Test	Delete

7.2.14 Step 14

Click Test as shown below

The screenshot shows the "Test Connection" dialog for the "fcjdevDS" data source. The dialog includes fields for Username (Not Specified), Password (Not Specified), URL (jdbc:oracle:thin:@//10.80.50.202:1521/FCJDEV), and SQL Statement (select * from dual). There are "Test" and "OK" buttons. A tip at the bottom states: "Certain JDBC drivers require restarting the OC4J instance before a change to the URL is reflected in the driver's cache." The dialog also includes "Setup | Logs | Help | Logout" links and a copyright notice for Oracle.

This completes Data source creation

7.2.15 Step 15

Click **Applications Tab** to navigate to the screen shown and then click **Deploy**

The screenshot shows the Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g Application Server Control console. The browser address bar indicates the URL is `http://localhost:8888/em/console/fas/oc4j/applications`. The page title is "OC4J: home" and it shows the "Applications" tab is selected. Below the navigation tabs, there is a "View" dropdown set to "Applications" and a "Deploy" button. A table lists the deployed applications with columns for Name, Status, Start Time, Active Requests, Request Processing Time (seconds), Active EJB Methods, and Application Defined MBeans.

Select	Name	Status	Start Time	Active Requests	Request Processing Time (seconds)	Active EJB Methods	Application Defined MBeans
<input type="checkbox"/>	▼ All Applications						
<input type="checkbox"/>	ascontrol	↑	Apr 20, 2009 4:14:55 PM IST	1	0.06	0	
<input type="checkbox"/>	▼ default	↑	Apr 20, 2009 4:14:54 PM IST	0	0.00	0	
<input type="checkbox"/>	▶ Middleware Services						

TIP If you stop a parent application (such as the default application), then Enterprise Manager automatically stops any child applications that depend upon the parent application. Similarly, if you start a child application, Enterprise Manager automatically starts the required parent application.

7.2.16 Step 16

Upload **FCJRADTool.war** file as shown below and click Next

The screenshot shows the Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g console in a Microsoft Internet Explorer browser window. The title bar reads "Oracle Enterprise Manager (oc4jadmin) - Deploy: Select Archive - Microsoft Internet Explorer". The address bar shows the URL: "http://localhost:8888/em/console/ias/j2ee/deploy/deploySelectArchive?command=startWizard&appName=apps".

The main content area is titled "ORACLE Enterprise Manager 10g Application Server Control". Below the title is a progress bar with three steps: "Select Archive" (current), "Application Attributes", and "Deployment Settings".

The "Deploy: Select Archive" section contains the following options:

- Archive**
 - Archive is present on local host. Upload the archive to the server where Application Server Control is running.
 - Archive Location:
 - Archive is already present on the server where Application Server Control is running.
 - Location on Server:
 - The location on server must be the absolute path or the relative path from j2ee/home
- Deployment Plan**
 - Automatically create a new deployment plan.
 - The deployment plan settings will be based on OC4J defaults and information contained in the archive
 - Deployment plan is present on local host. Upload the deployment plan to the server where Application Server Control is running.
 - Plan Location:
 - Deployment plan is already present on server where Application Server Control is running.
 - Location on Server:
 - The location on server must be the absolute path or the relative path from j2ee/home

At the bottom of the form, there are "Cancel", "Step 1 of 3", and "Next" buttons. The footer contains copyright information: "Copyright © 1996, 2007, Oracle. All rights reserved. Oracle, JD Edwards, PeopleSoft, and Siebel are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners." and a "Local intranet" icon.

7.2.17 Step 17

Refer the screen shot below and click Next

The screenshot shows the Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g Application Server Control console in Microsoft Internet Explorer. The browser address bar shows `http://localhost:8888/em/console/iasj2ee/deploy/deployAppAttributes`. The page title is "Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g Application Server Control".

The main content area is titled "Deploy: Application Attributes" and is part of a three-step process. The current step is "Application Attributes", with "Select Archive" and "Deployment Settings" being the previous and next steps, respectively. Navigation buttons include "Cancel", "Back", "Step 2 of 3", and "Next".

Deployment details are as follows:

- Archive Type: **Web Module (WAR file)**
- Archive Location: **D:\Development\FLEXCUBE\FCJRADTool.war**
- Deployment Plan: **Creating a new plan**

Configuration fields include:

- * Application Name:
- Parent Application:
- Bind Web Module to Site:
- Context Root:

Web Module	Context Root
ORACLE RAD Tool	<input type="text" value="FCJRADTool"/>

Additional navigation buttons "Cancel", "Back", "Step 2 of 3", and "Next" are located below the configuration fields. At the bottom of the page, there are "Help" and "Logout" links, and a copyright notice for Oracle, JD Edwards, PeopleSoft, and Siebel.

7.2.18 Step 18

Click **Go To Task for Map Environment Reference** as shown below

Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g
Application Server Control

Deploy: Deployment Settings

Archive Type: **Web Module (WAR file)**
 Archive Location: **D:\Development\FLEXCUBE\FCJRADTool.war**
 Deployment Plan: **Creating a new plan**

Application Name: **FCJRADTool**
 Parent Application: **default**
 Bind Web Module to Site: **default-web-site**
 Context Root: **FCJRADTool**

Deployment Tasks

The table below provides a set of common deployment tasks you might want to perform for this application. Only those tasks that apply to the current application are enabled.

Task Name	Go To Task	Description
Map Environment References		Map any environment references in your application (for example, data sources) to physical entities currently present on the operational environment.
Select Security Provider		A security provider acts as the source for available users and groups when mapping security roles.
Map Security Roles		Map any security roles exposed by your application to existing users and groups. The list of users and groups is obtained from the security provider you selected for this application.
Configure EJBs		Configure the Enterprise JavaBeans in your application.
Configure Clustering		Configure clustering of your application.
Configure Class Loading		Manipulate the classpath of your application.

Advanced Deployment Plan Editing
 Click Edit Deployment Plan to set more advanced deployment options. [Edit Deployment Plan](#)

Save Deployment Plan
 After you make changes, you can save the deployment plan to your local disk. You

7.2.19 Step 19

Refer the screen shot below and enter corresponding details and then click OK.

Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g
Application Server Control

Select Archive Application Attributes **Deployment Settings**

Deployment Settings: Map Environment References

Cancel OK

Archive Type **Web Module (WAR file)** Application Name **FCJRADTool**
 Archive Location **D:\Development\FLEXCUBE\FCJRADTool.war** Parent Application **default**
 Deployment Plan **Creating a new plan** Bind Web Module to Site **default-web-site**
 Context Root **FCJRADTool**

Map Resource References

The table below lists the resource references which need to be associated with physical entities on the system where the selected instance/cluster is running.

Resource Reference	Description	Type	Referenced By		Map to JNDI Location
			Module	Enterprise Bean	
jdbc/fccdev		javax.sql.DataSource	ORACLE RAD Tool	n/a	jdbc/fccdev
jdbc/fcdev		javax.sql.DataSource	ORACLE RAD Tool	n/a	jdbc/fcdev
jdbc/fcdevDS		javax.sql.DataSource	ORACLE RAD Tool	n/a	jdbc/fcdevDS

Map URL Resource References

The table below lists the resource references of type java.net.URL each of which must be linked to a URL.

Resource Reference	Description	Referenced By		
		Module	Enterprise Bean	Map to URL
No resource references were				

Done Local intranet

7.2.20 Step 20

Click Deploy

The screenshot shows the Oracle Enterprise Manager 10g console in Microsoft Internet Explorer. The address bar shows `http://localhost:8888/em/console/jas/j2ee/deploy/deploymentSettings`. The page title is "ORACLE Enterprise Manager 10g Application Server Control". A breadcrumb trail shows "Select Archive" > "Application Attributes" > "Deployment Settings".

An information message states: "Deployment plan has been updated successfully." Below this, the page title is "Deploy: Deployment Settings". Navigation buttons include "Cancel", "Back", "Step 3 of 3", and "Deploy".

Deployment details are as follows:

Archive Type	Web Module (WAR file)	Application Name	FCJRADTool
Archive Location	D:\Development\FLEXCUBE\FCJRADTool.war	Parent Application	default
Deployment Plan	Creating a new plan	Bind Web Module to Site	default-web-site
		Context Root	FCJRADTool

Deployment Tasks

The table below provides a set of common deployment tasks you might want to perform for this application. Only those tasks that apply to the current application are enabled.

Task Name	Go To Task	Description
Map Environment References		Map any environment references in your application (for example, data sources) to physical entities currently present on the operational environment.
Select Security Provider		A security provider acts as the source for available users and groups when mapping security roles.
Map Security Roles		Map any security roles exposed by your application to existing users and groups. The list of users and groups is obtained from the security provider you selected for this application.
Configure EJBs		Configure the Enterprise JavaBeans in your application.
Configure Clustering		Configure clustering of your application.
Configure Class Loading		Manipulate the classpath of your application.

Advanced Deployment Plan Editing

Click Edit Deployment Plan to set more advanced deployment options. [Edit Deployment Plan](#)

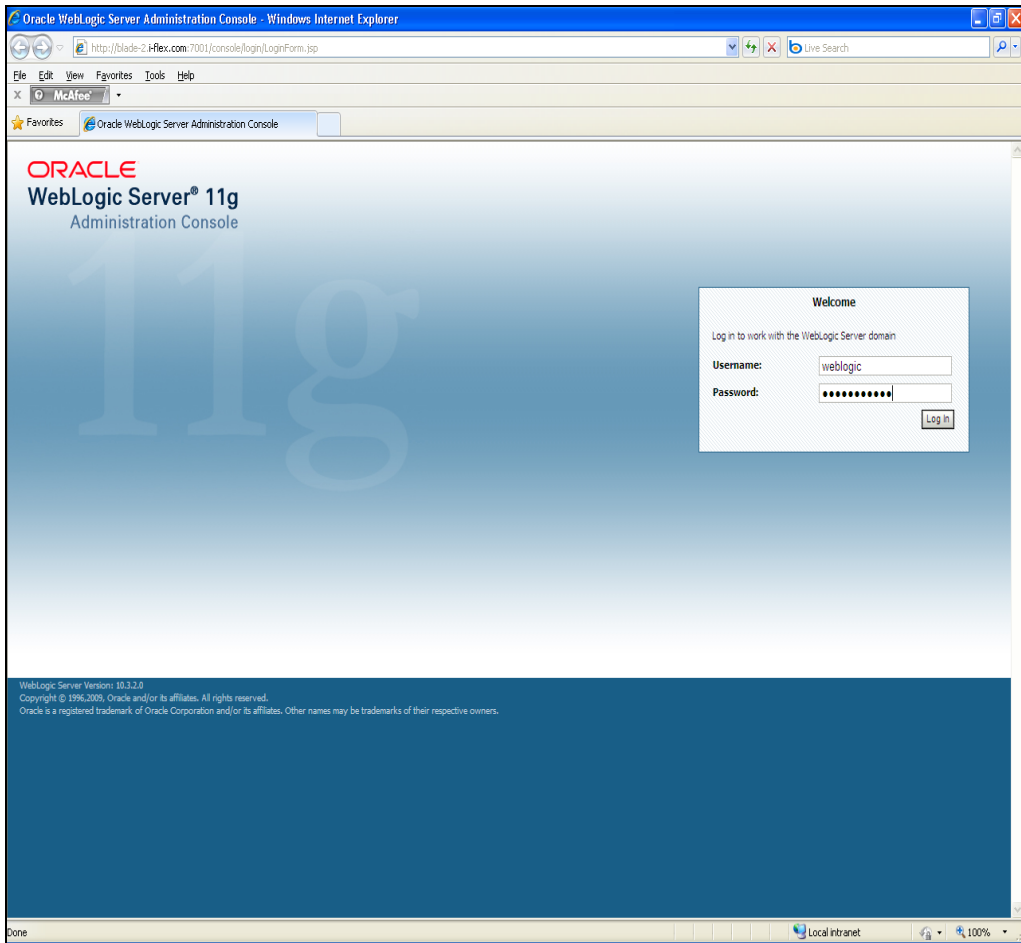
This completes Deployment of FCJRADTool.war file to OC4J 10.1.3.x Application server.

7.3 WebLogic Application server

To deploy **FCJRADTool.war** to WebLogic Application Server follow the below mentioned steps

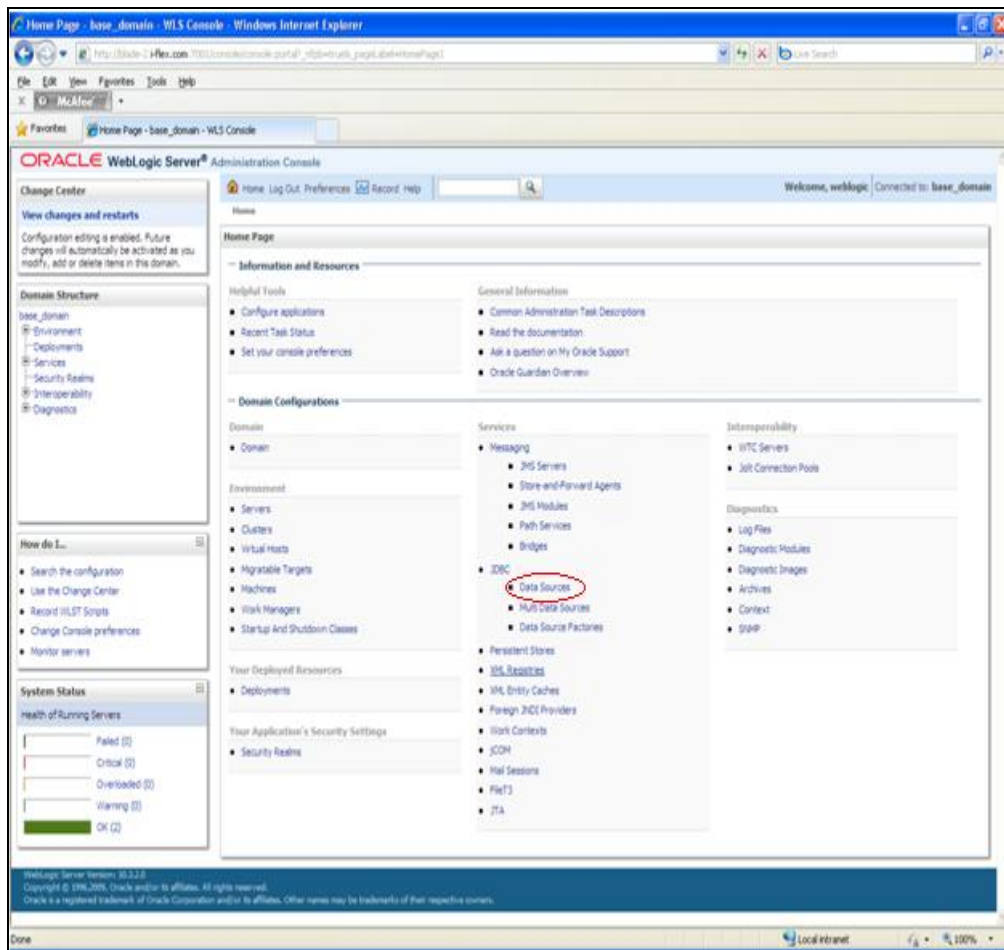
Steps 1-18 explain creation of Connection Pool and Data source. Skip these steps if Connection pool and data source already exists in the WebLogic Application server.

Login to the Weblogic Server with <USername> and <Password>



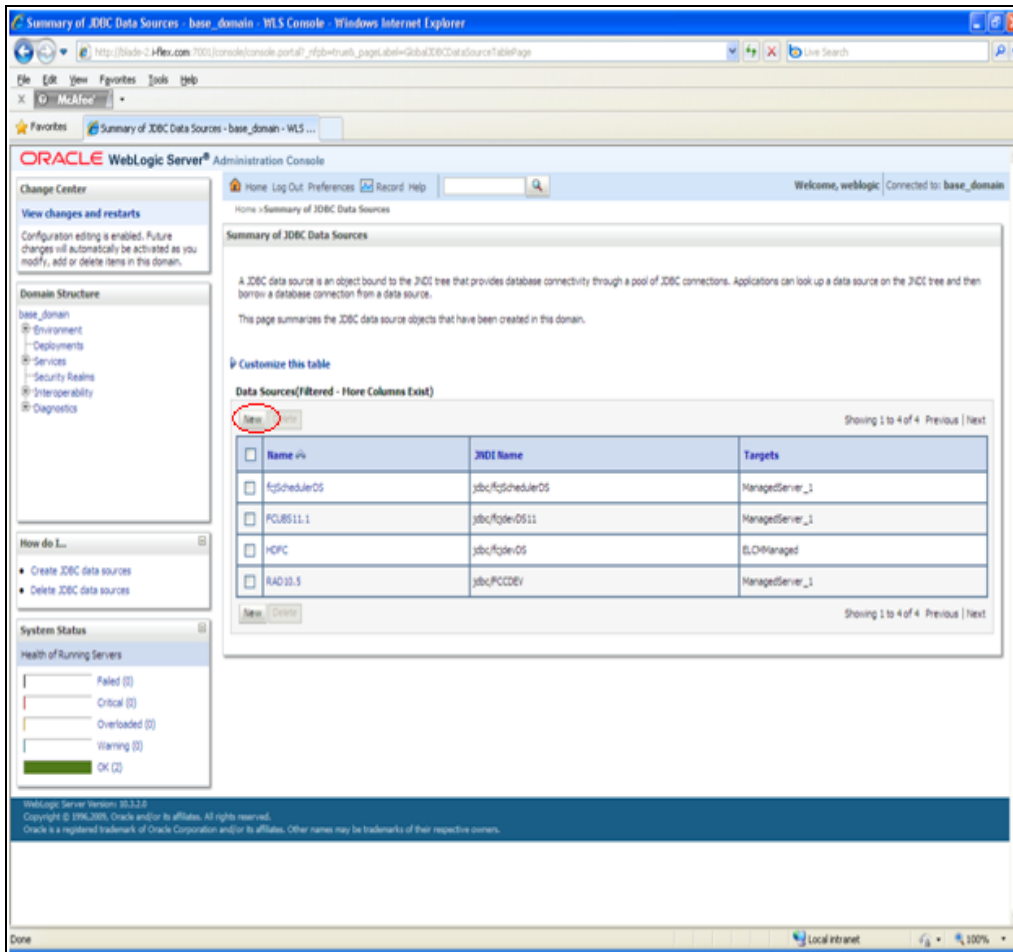
7.3.1 Step 1

Under Domain Configurations→Services→JDBC, Click on Data Sources



7.3.2 Step 2

JDBC Data Sources shows a list of available Data Sources. To create a new DS, Click on New



The screenshot displays the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console interface. The main content area is titled "Summary of JDBC Data Sources" and contains a table listing existing data sources. A red circle highlights the "New" button located above the table. The table has the following data:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	JNDI Name	Targets
<input type="checkbox"/>	fcjSchedulerDS	jdbc:fcjSchedulerDS	ManagedServer_1
<input type="checkbox"/>	FCUBS11.1	jdbc:fcjbe-DS11	ManagedServer_1
<input type="checkbox"/>	HDFC	jdbc:fcjbe-DS	ELCManaged
<input type="checkbox"/>	RAO10.5	jdbc:FCCEV	ManagedServer_1

At the bottom of the table, there is a "New" button and a "Create" button. The page also includes a "Change Center" sidebar on the left and a "System Status" section at the bottom left.

7.3.3 Step 3

- Give a suitable name for the Data Source. The JNDI Name(Case Sensitive) should match the name as given in Open Development web.xml. Click Next.
- JNDI Name Should be like jdbc/<Schema-Name>



Schema Name is same added while adding environment details.

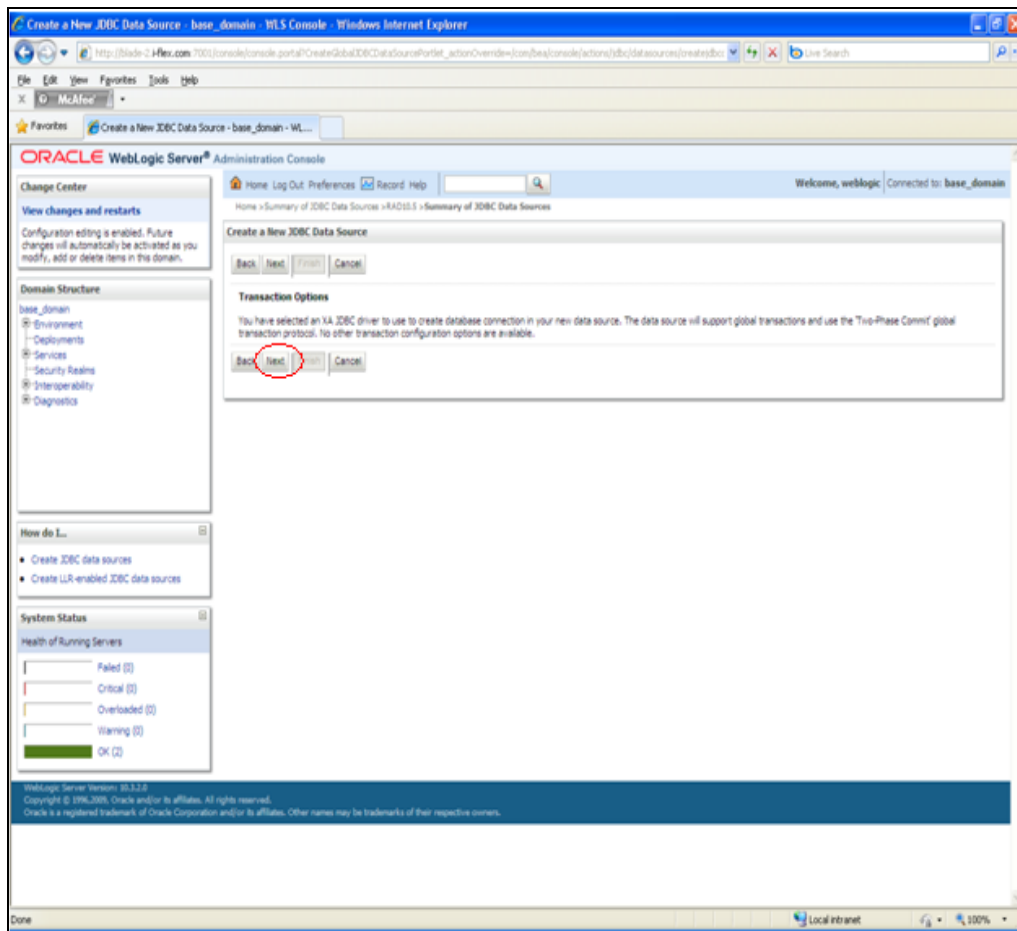
The screenshot shows the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console. The main window is titled "Create a New JDBC Data Source" and contains the following fields and options:

- Name:** RAD11
- JNDI Name:** jdbc/TC111DEV
- Database Type:** Oracle
- Database Driver:** Oracle's Driver (Thin XA) for Instance connections: Versions 9.0.1.9.2.0.10.11

The "Next" button is highlighted with a red circle. The "JNDI Name" field is also highlighted with a red circle. The "Name" field is also highlighted with a red circle.

7.3.4 Step 4

Click Next



7.3.5 Step 5

Fill in the Marked Fields in Connection Properties. Click Next

7.3.6 Step 6

Click on Test Configuration to test if connection is being made to the data source. Click next.

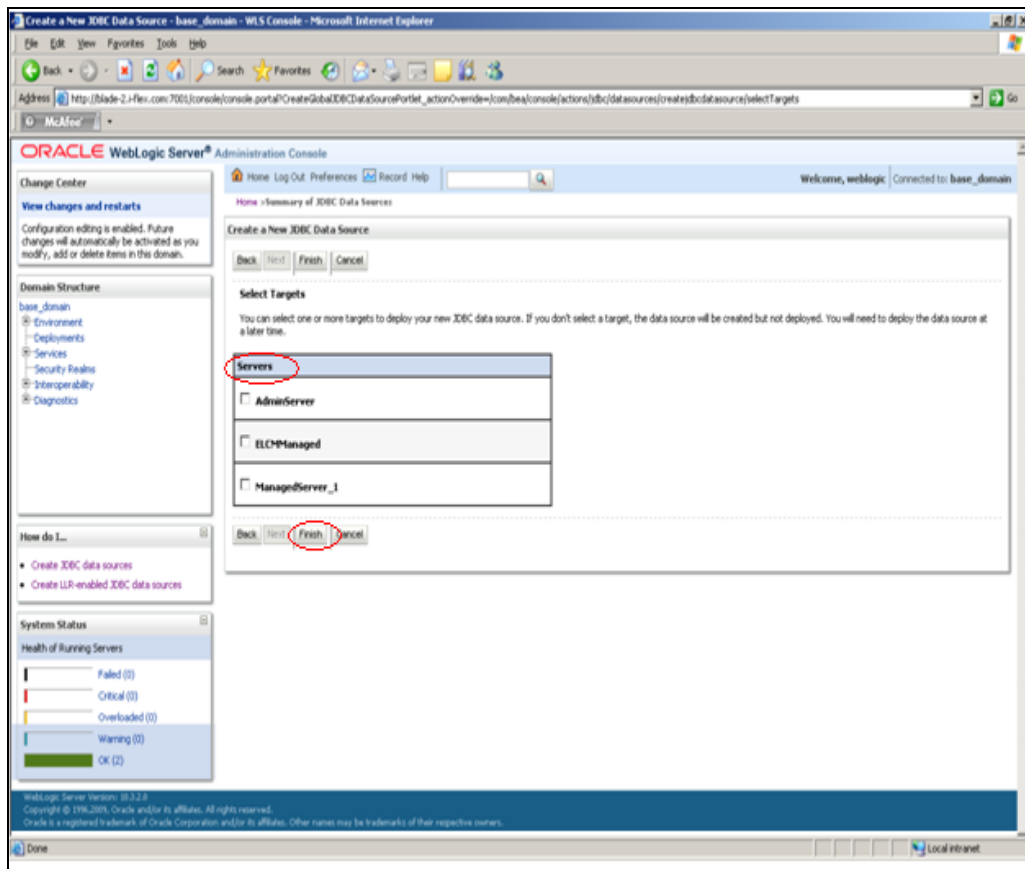
The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Create a New JDBC Data Source - base_domain - WLS Console - Windows Internet Explorer". The browser address bar shows the URL: `http://base:7001/console/console.portal?_af=CreateJDBCDataSourceForTest_actionOverwrite-console/console/actions/tdbcDataSourceOverwrite.jspx`. The page content includes a left-hand navigation pane with sections for "Diagnostics", "How do I...", "System Status", and "Health of Running Servers". The main content area contains the following fields and instructions:

- Driver Class Name:** `oracle.jdbc.xa.client.OracleXADataSource`
- URL:** `jdbc:oracle:thin:@10.104.1.1:1521:orcl`
- Database User Name:** `FC111DEV`
- Password:** `*****`
- Confirm Password:** `*****`
- Properties:** `user=FC111DEV`
- Text Table Name:** `SQL SELECT 1 FROM DUAL`

At the bottom of the form, there are four buttons: "Test Configuration", "Back", "Next", and "Cancel". The "Test Configuration" button is circled in red. The footer of the page includes the text: "WebLogic Server Version: 10.3.3.0 Copyright © 2006, 2007, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners."

7.3.7 Step 7

Choose a Target where you wish to deploy the new Data source and Click Finish.



7.3.8 Step 8

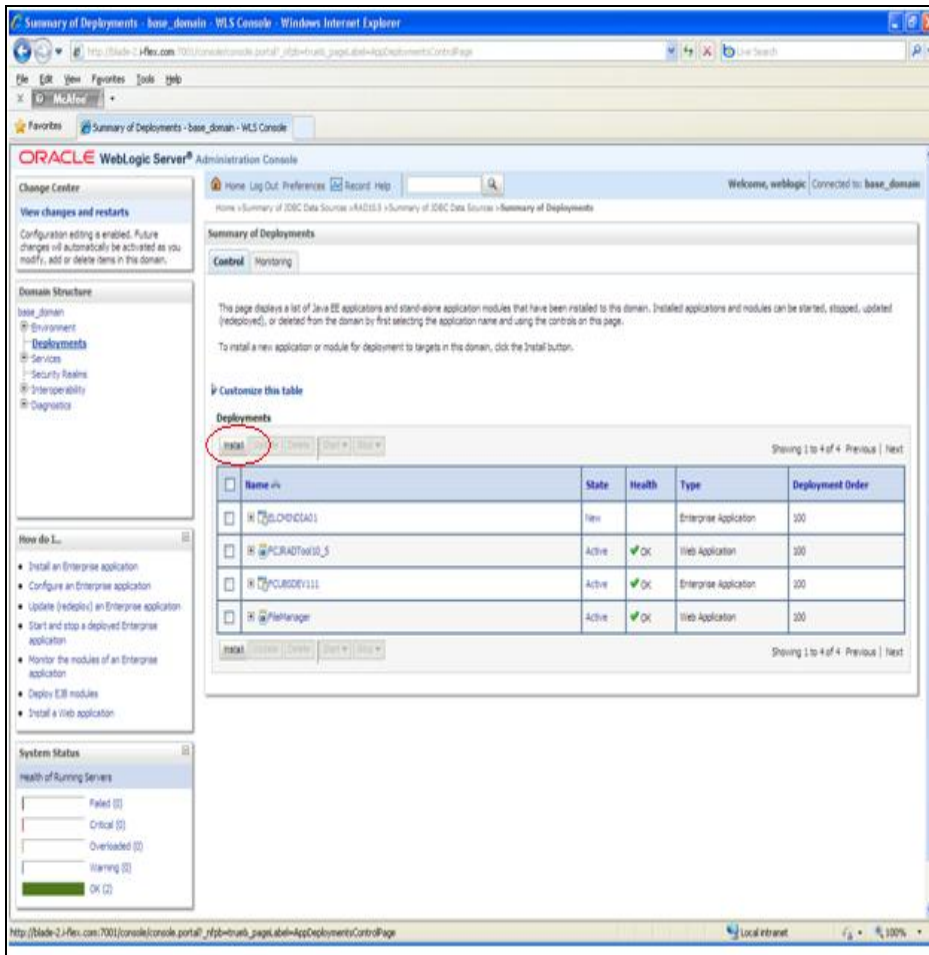
This completes the creation of Datasources. Now to deploy the War file click on Deployments under Domain Structure.

The screenshot shows the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console. The left-hand navigation pane shows the 'Domain Structure' tree with 'Deployments' highlighted in red. The main content area displays the 'Summary of JDBC Data Sources' page, which includes a table of existing data sources.

Name	JNDI Name	Targets
<input type="checkbox"/> fcscheduleDS	jbc/fcschedAerDS	ManagedServer_1
<input type="checkbox"/> FCUBS11.1	jbc/fcbe-DS11	ManagedServer_1
<input type="checkbox"/> HPC	jbc/fcbe-DS	EOManaged
<input type="checkbox"/> RAD10.S	jbc/PCODEV	ManagedServer_1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RAD11	jbc/PC11DEV	

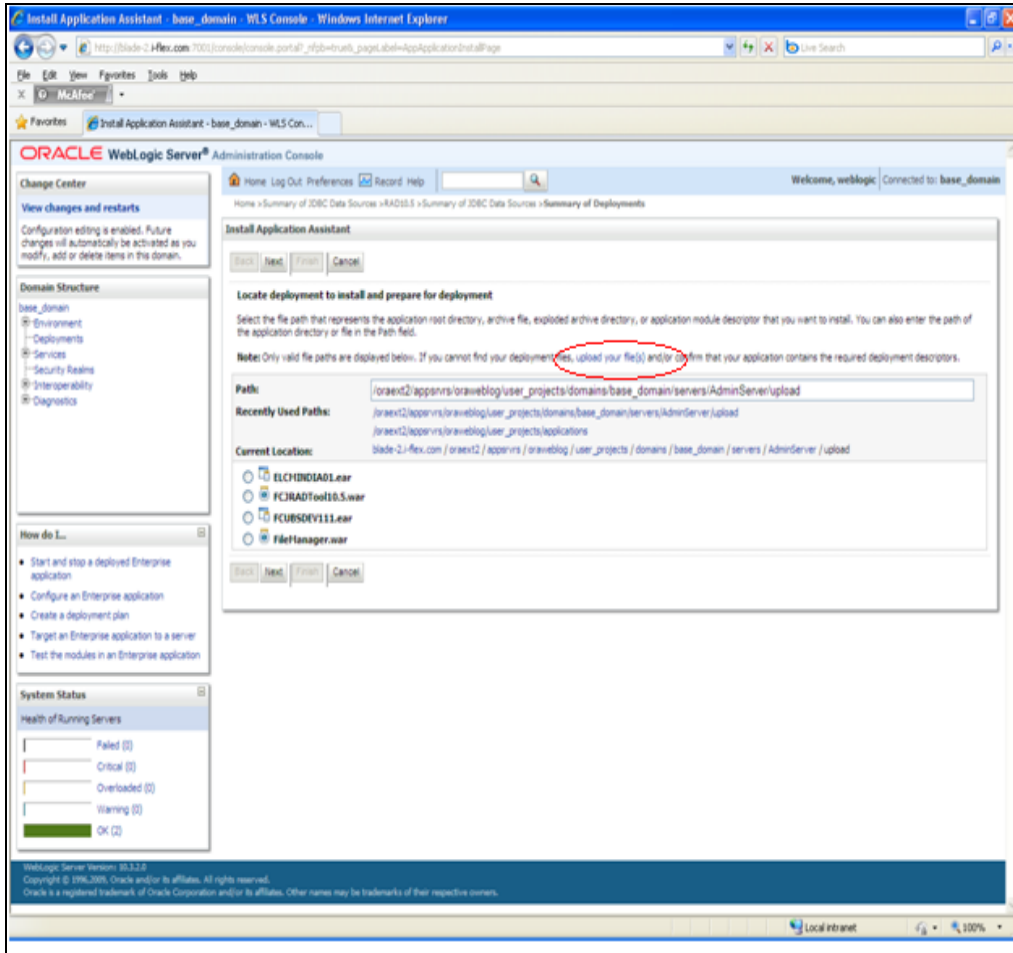
7.3.9 Step 9

To install a new application or module for deployment click the Install button.



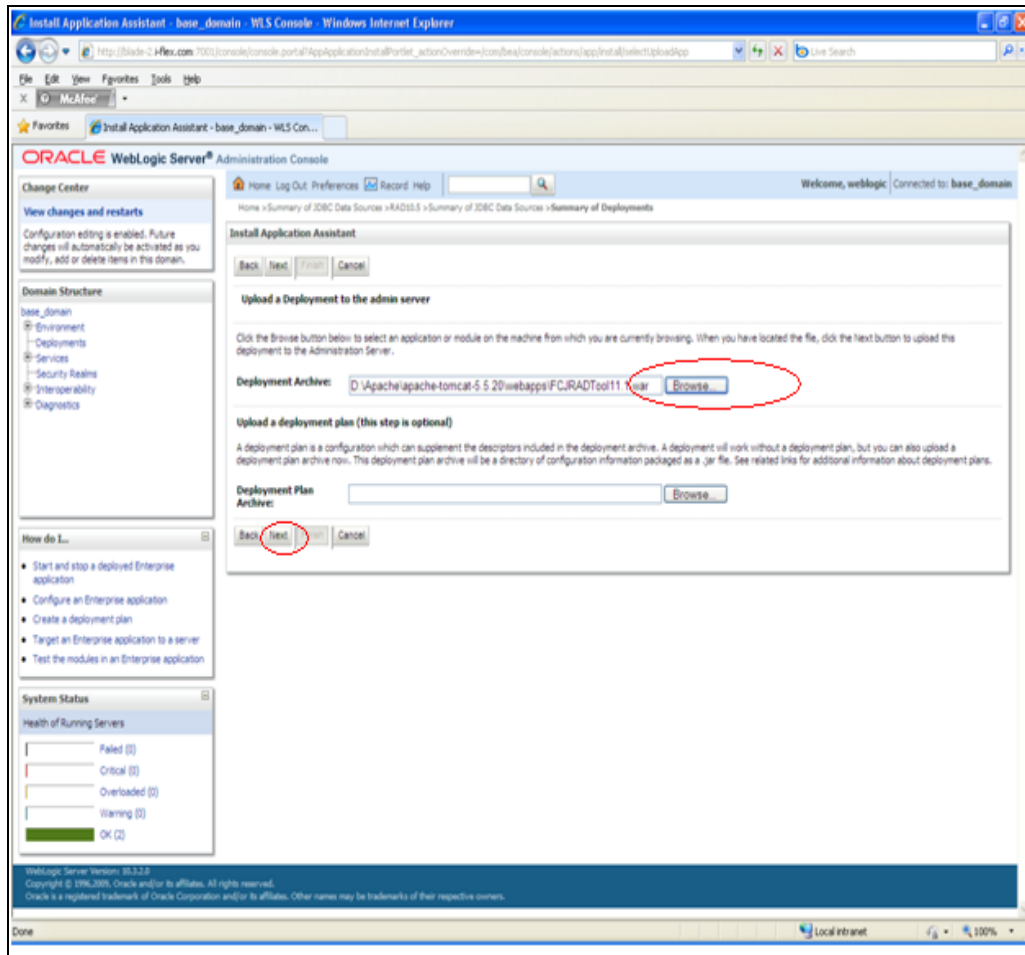
7.3.10 Step 10

The Open Development war file first needs to be uploaded to weblogic local machine. Click on upload your file(s) hyperlink.



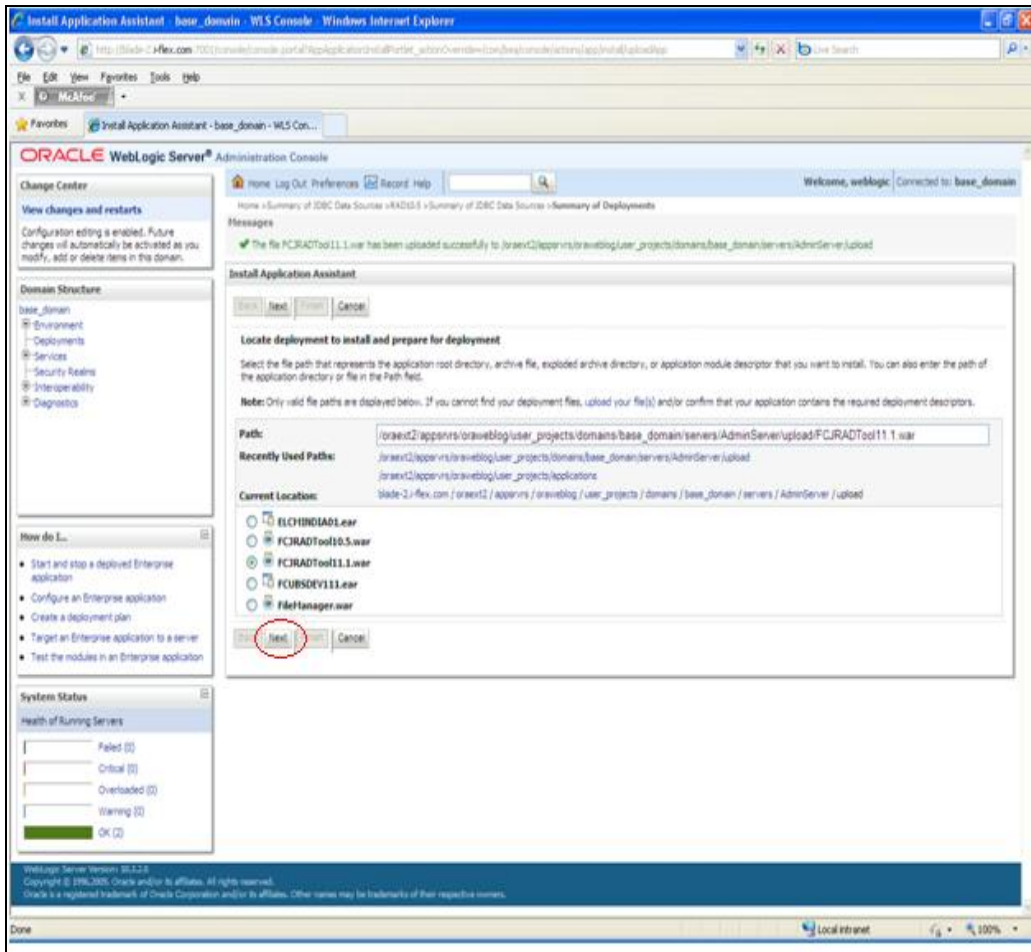
7.3.11 Step 11

Choose the deployment archive by click on Browse Button. Skip the optional step of uploading a deployment plan. Click Next.



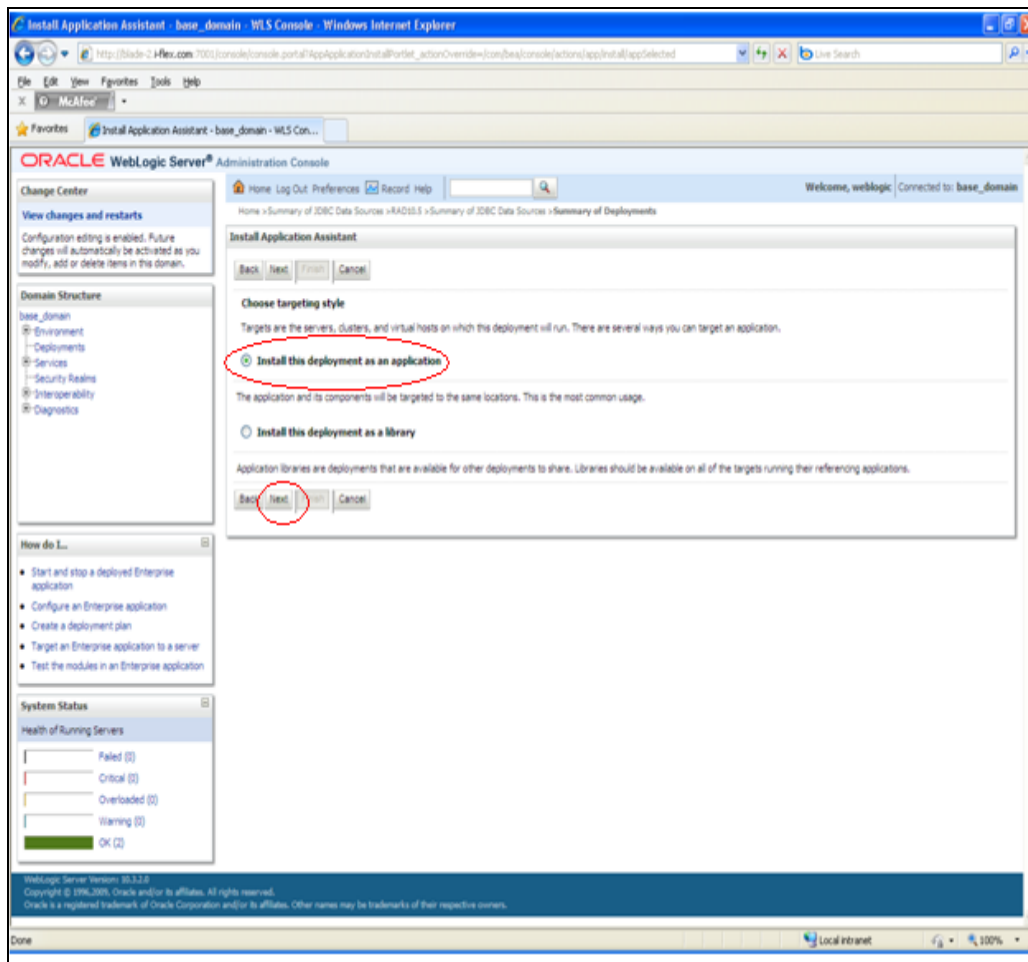
7.3.12 Step 12

Click Next



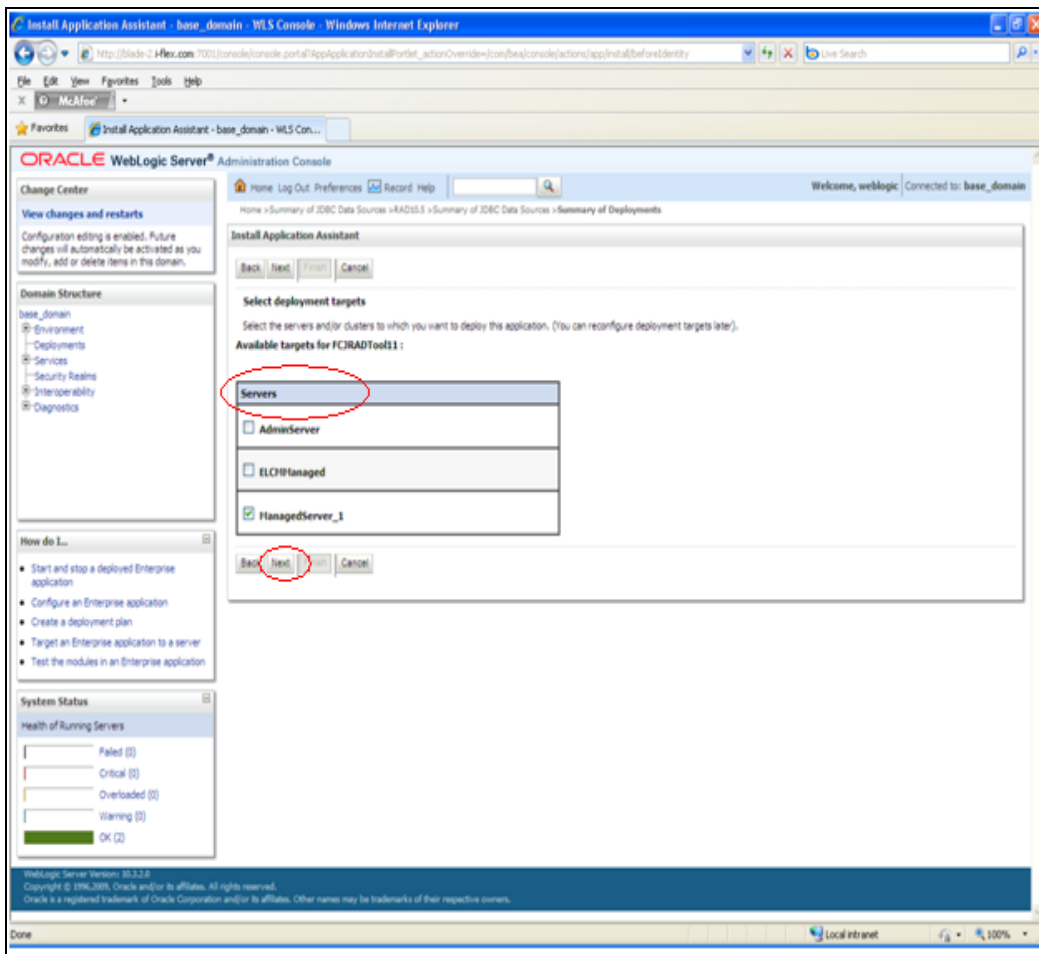
7.3.13 Step 13

Choose the option Install the deployment as an application and Click on Next.



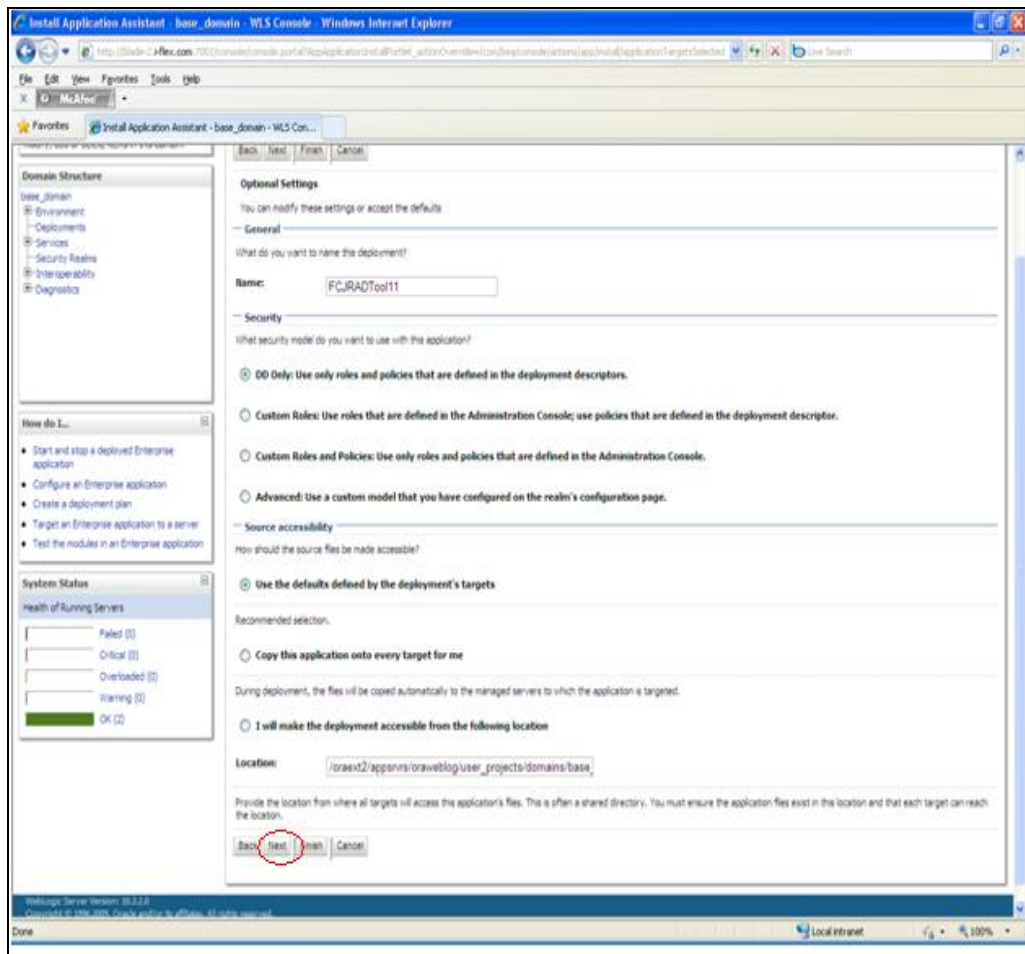
7.3.14 Step 14

Choose the target server where the deployment will be located and Click on Next.



7.3.15 Step 15

Click Next.



7.3.16 Step 16

This completes the deployment of War File. The Open Development Deployment will now be seen under the list of Deployments. Click on the Hyperlink marked in Red.

The screenshot shows the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console interface. The main content area displays the 'Summary of Deployments' page, which includes a table of installed applications and modules. The table has columns for Name, State, Health, Type, and Deployment Order. The 'PCRA4Tool1' deployment is highlighted with a red circle, indicating it is the target of the next step.

Name	State	Health	Type	Deployment Order
WLSCHORICIA1	New		Enterprise Application	200
PCRA4Tool0_5	Active	OK	Web Application	200
PCRA4Tool1	Active	OK	Web Application	200
PCUSDEV111	Active	OK	Enterprise Application	200
FileManager	Active	OK	Web Application	200

7.3.17 Step 17

Go to the Testing Tab.

The screenshot shows the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console interface. The browser window title is "Settings for FCRADTool11 - base_domain - WLS Console - Windows Internet Explorer". The URL bar shows a local file path. The console header includes "ORACLE WebLogic Server Administration Console" and "Welcome, weblogic Connected to: base_domain".

The left sidebar contains several panels:

- Change Center:** View changes and restarts. Configuration editing is enabled.
- Domain Structure:** A tree view showing the hierarchy: base_domain > Environment > Deployments > Services > Security Realms > Interoperability > Diagnostics.
- How do I...:** A list of tasks such as "Deploy Web applications", "Configure Web applications", "Create a deployment plan", "Test the deployment", and "Monitor Web applications and services".
- System Status:** Health of Running Servers. A progress bar shows 2 servers in "OK" status.

The main content area displays the "Settings for FCRADTool11" page. The "Testing" tab is selected and circled in red. The page contains the following configuration details:

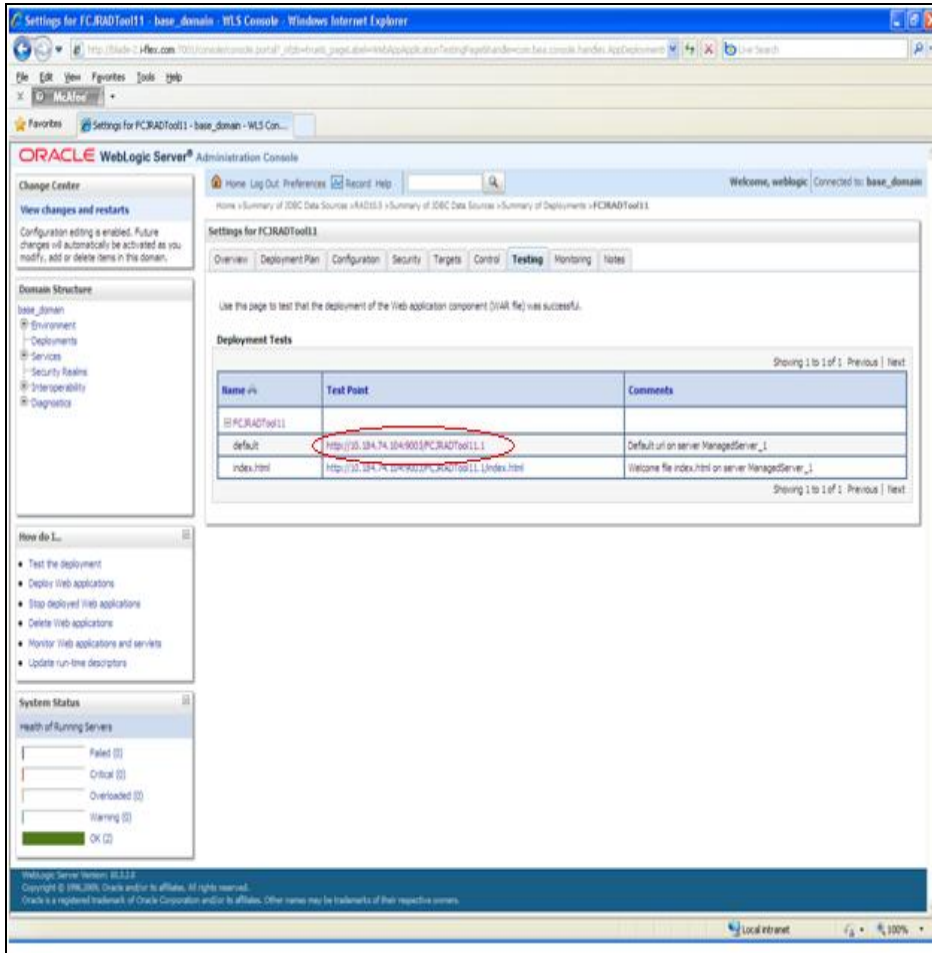
- Name:** FCRADTool11
- Context Root:** /FCRADTool11.1
- Path:** /oraxex(2)/appenvs/oraweblog/user_projects/domains/base_domain/servers/AdminServer/upload/FCRADTool11.1.1.jar
- Deployment Plan:** (no plan specified)
- Staging Mode:** (not specified)
- Security Model:** DDOnly
- Deployment Order:** 100
- Deployment Principal Name:** (empty field)

At the bottom, the "Modules and Components" section shows a table with one entry:

Name	Type
FCRADTool11	Web Application

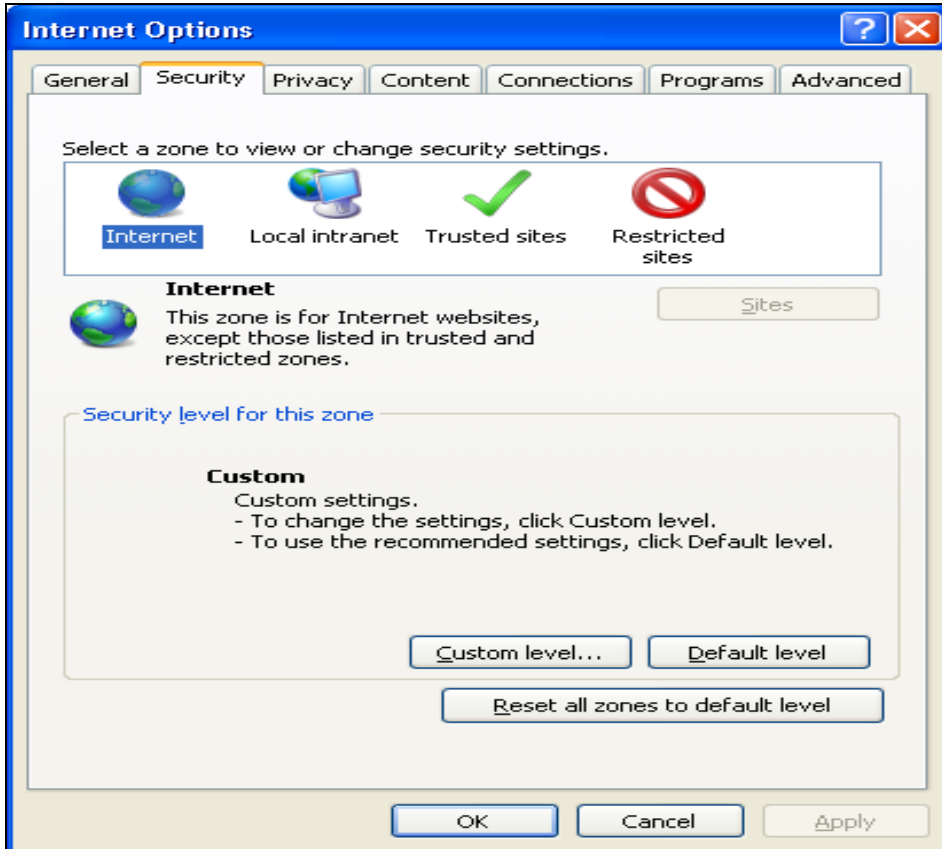
7.3.18 Step 18

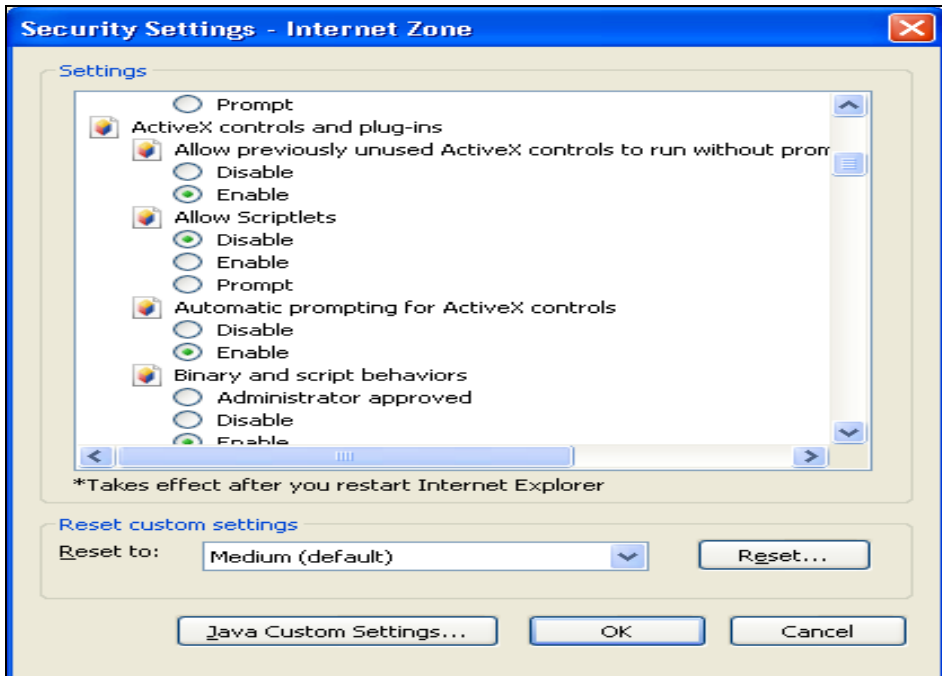
The Deployment of Open Development on Weblogic Server has been finished and you may launch the application by the link mentioned below.



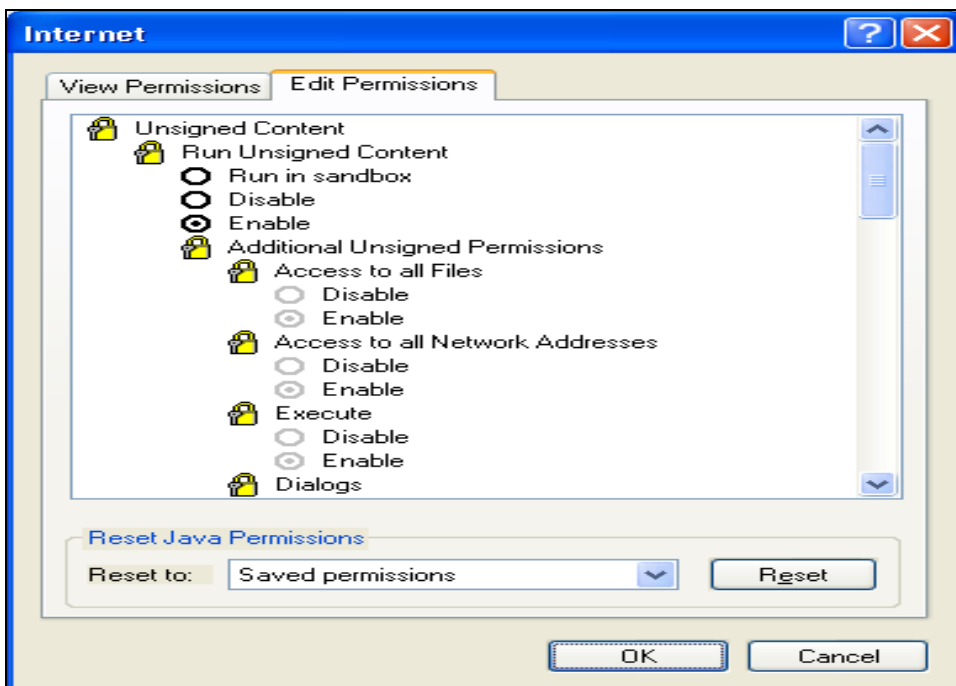
8. IE Settings

- Open Internet Explorer click on Tools → Internet Options → Security (Tab) → Internet → Custom Level





- Enable all the Options, select custom for Java Permissions
- Click on Java Custom Settings



- Select Edit Permissions Tab.
- Select Enable Option for Run Unsigned Content and Run Signed Content.
- Same Settings For Local Intranet



Click on Custom Level select Enable for all Options, for Java Permissions it should be custom.

9. Administration

9.1 User Roles

Open Development Tool has the below User Roles for controlling the access rights:

- System Administrator
- Release Administrator
- Developer

Users will be allowed to perform various tasks based on the “Role” assigned to the user. Users can have different Roles for different Releases. However, System Administrator Role is not at a Release Level and is only for Open Development Tool Administration.

9.1.1 System Administrator

This Role is only meant for the Open Development Team and Users with this Role will have full control over the system. Users with this Role only would be able to create New Releases in Open Development Tool.

Login Open Development tool with RADTOOL as user Name and RADTOOL as Password

9.1.2 Release Administrator

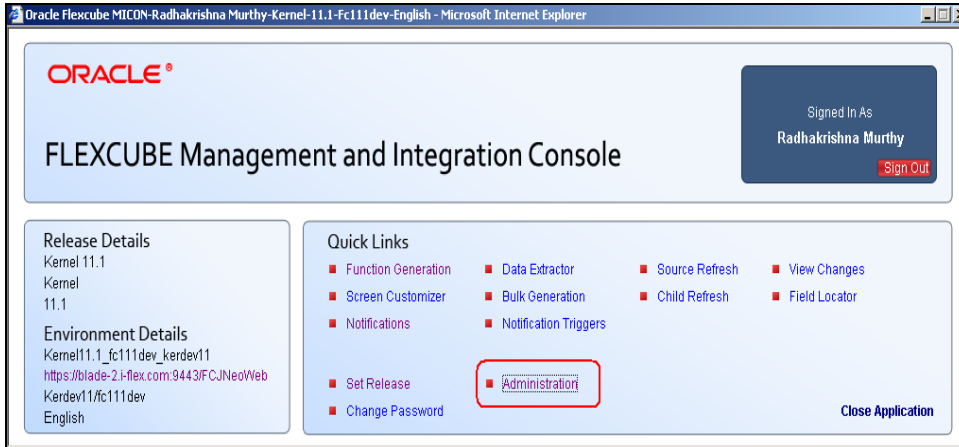
This Role is meant for Project Leaders and Team leaders and allows them to Release administration. Users with this role would be allowed to perform the below tasks

- Creation of Environment(s) for the Release
- Creation of users
- Provide access to the Release for required Users

9.1.3 Developer

This Role is for Developers and Users with role would be able to access the Function development related features of the Open Development tool.

User will also be able to Switch Between releases and Environments Using the “Set Release” Option.



9.2 Release Definition

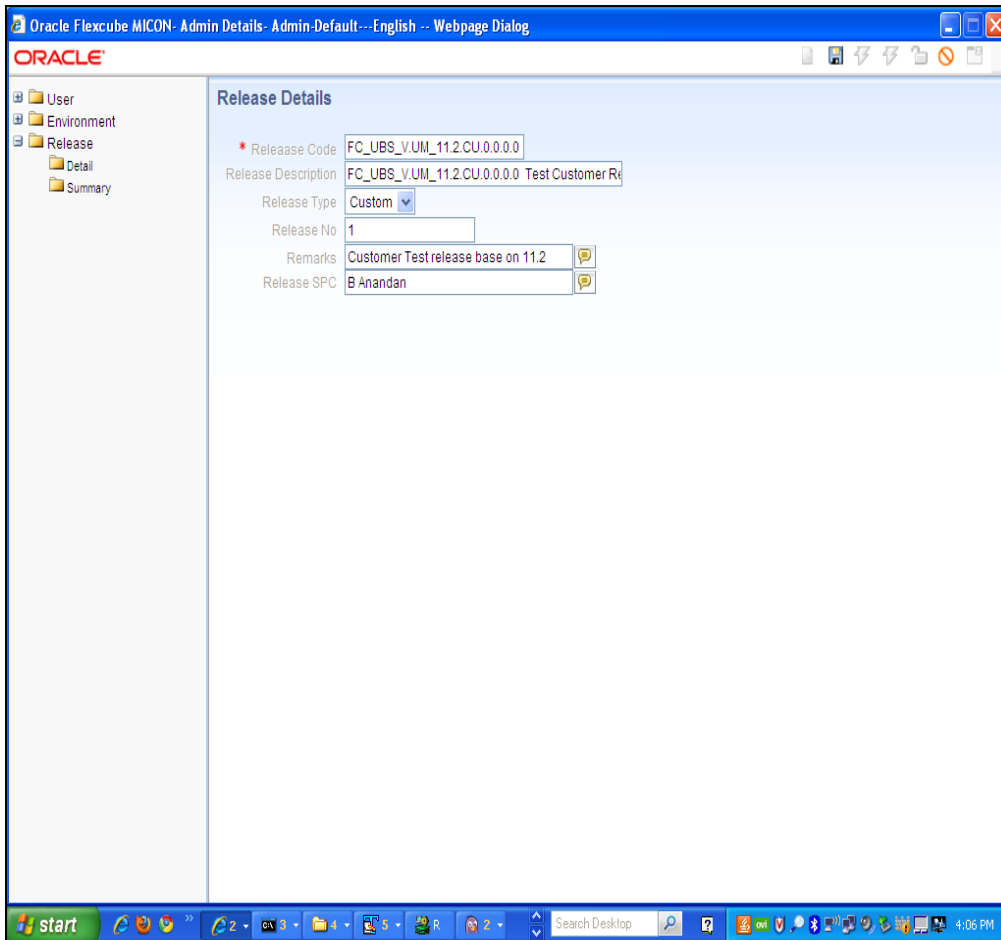
Every Release needs to be maintained in Open Development Tool. Below details need to be maintained in Open Development Tool before starting any New Release

- Release Code : A unique Code which would identify the release E.g. FCUBSKERNEL11.1
- Release Description : Brief Description of the Release
- Release Type : Kernel/Cluster/Custom

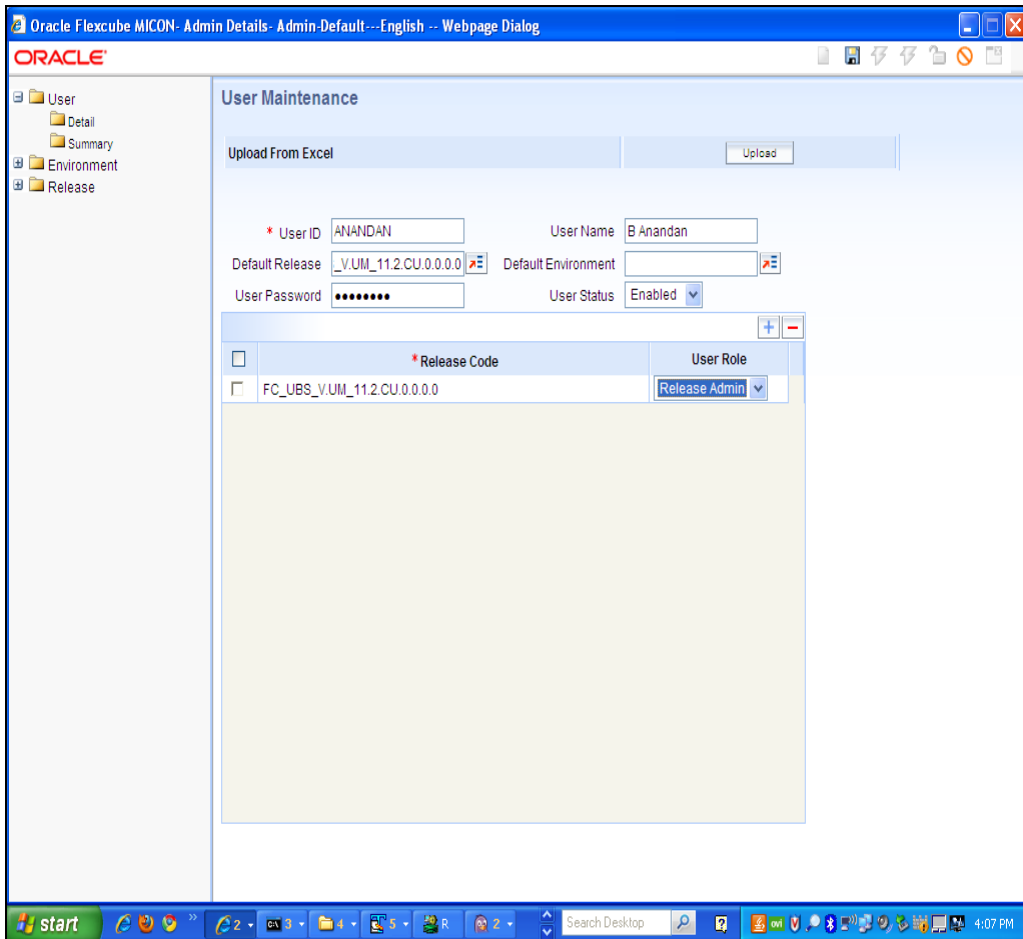


Create the Release with Custom type for extensibility environment

- Release Number: Release Number e.g. .11.1
- A release can have multiple environments for various activities like Development, Unit Testing, and Support etc.
- Release Creation can only be done by Open Development Team and a request with the above details needs to be sent to the Open Development Team in the beginning of every Release. Open Development team would create a release and grants “Release Administrator” Role to the Requester. Release administrator then can provide access to this Particular release for the developers.
- Release administrator will be able to create Environment(s) for this Release. Release administrator can also create New Users if required and can provide them the access to this Release.



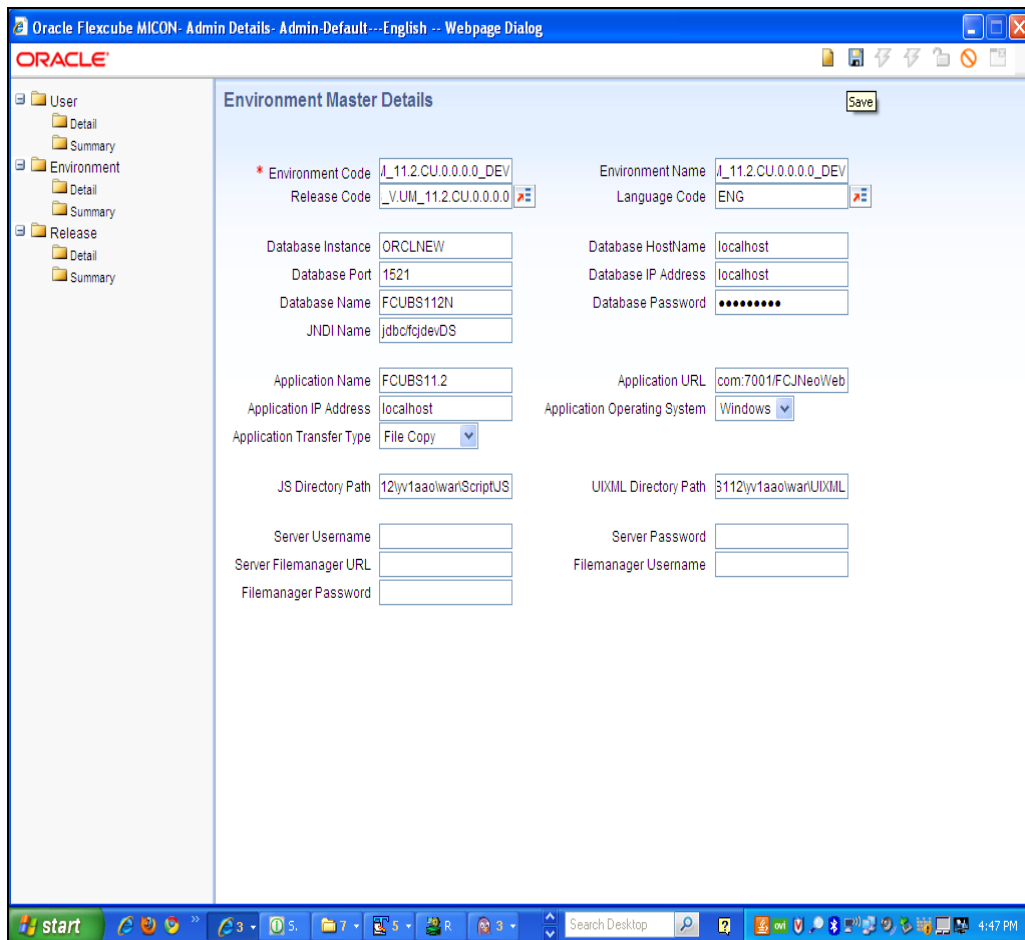
Create the User and assign Release Admin role for a release that created



9.3 Environment Creation

Open Development Tool requires at least one environment for each release and the below environment details need to be maintained in Open Development Tool for each environment

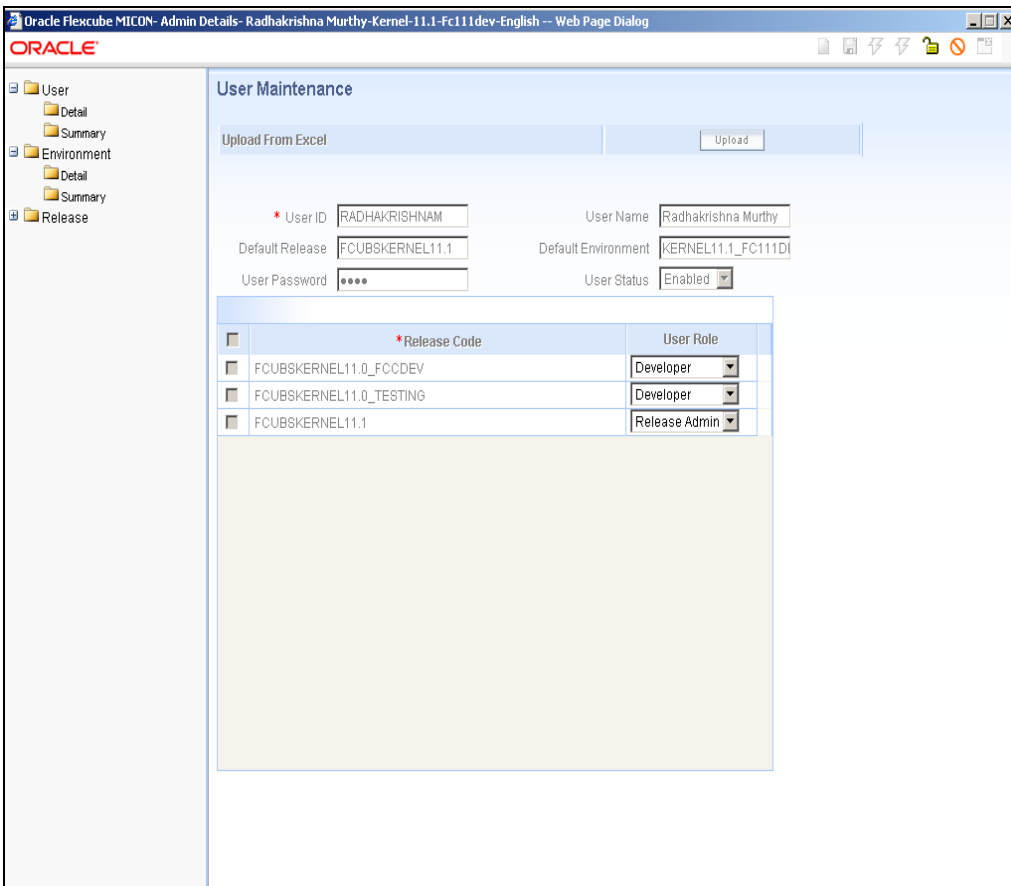
- Data Base Details
 - Instance Name
 - Port Number
 - Schema Name
 - Password
- Application Server Details
 - Target FLEXCUBE IS Application URL
 - Target FLEXCUBE IS JS Path
 - Target FLEXCUBE IS UIXML Path
- Server Password and user id in case the App server is on Unix



9.3.1 User Definition

New users can be created by System Administrators and Release administrators.

- User Id
- Password
- Default Release
- Default Environment
- User Releases
 - Releases for which the user needs access should be given here
 - One user can have access to multiple Release with one of those Release as the default release
 - User Role for each of these Releases.



10. Developer Check List

As Open Development tool identifies the Release parameters and accordingly generates the output, it is important to ensure the correct release before using the Tool.

Open Development Tool also reads several tables from FLEXCUBE schema, Developers should ensure the correctness of the environment they are currently connected to.

The Landing page of Open Development Tool has both Release details and environment details as shown below

The screenshot shows the Oracle Flexcube Management and Integration Console. The page is titled "FLEXCUBE Management and Integration Console" and is signed in as Radhakrishna Murthy. The console is divided into several sections:

- Release Details:** Shows "Kernel 11.1" with fields for Release Name, Release Type (Kernel/Cluster/Custom), and Release Number.
- Environment Details:** Shows "Kernel 11.1 Development" with fields for Environment Description, Application URL, Schema, and User Language.
- Quick Links:** Includes links for Function Generation, Data Extractor, Source Refresh, View Changes, Screen Customizer, Bulk Generation, Child Refresh, Field Locator, Notifications, Notification Triggers, Administration, and Change Password.

Red arrows in the image point to the following fields:

- Release Name
- Release Type (Kernel/Cluster/Custom)
- Release Number
- Environment Description
- Application URL
- Schema
- User Language



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