reconfigurations, reassembly or reverse assembly, re-engineering or reverse engineering and recompilations or reverse compilations of the VAR Applications or any derivatives of the VAR Applications. You acknowledge that it shall be a breach of the agreement to utilize the relationship, and/or confidential information of the VAR Applications for purposes of competitive discovery.

The VAR Applications contain trade secrets of Oracle and Oracle’s licensors and Customer shall not attempt, cause, or permit the alteration, decompilation, reverse engineering, disassembly or other reduction of the VAR Applications to a human perceivable form. Oracle reserves the right to replace, with functional equivalent software, any of the VAR Applications in future releases of the applicable program.
# Contents

Send Us Your Comments ........................................................................................................................ vii

Preface ......................................................................................................................................................... ix
  Audience ................................................................................................................................................... ix
  Documentation Accessibility ..................................................................................................................... ix
  Customer Support ................................................................................................................................. ix
  Review Patch Documentation ................................................................................................................. x
  Improved Process for Oracle Retail Documentation Corrections ........................................................ x
  Oracle Retail Documentation on the Oracle Technology Network ..................................................... x
  Conventions .............................................................................................................................................. x

1 Introduction
  BDI Topology ....................................................................................................................................... 1-1

2 Technical Specifications
  Requesting Infrastructure Software ...................................................................................................... 2-1
  Server Requirements .......................................................................................................................... 2-1
  Installation Notes ................................................................................................................................ 2-2

3 BDI Batch Job Admin
  Installation and Setup Instructions .................................................................................................... 3-1
  Prerequisites ....................................................................................................................................... 3-1
  Installing WebLogic ............................................................................................................................ 3-1
  Creating the Required Schema Using the Repository Creation Utility ........................................... 3-6
  Creating a WebLogic Domain with JRF ............................................................................................. 3-10

4 Deploying BDI Batch Job Administration Applications
  Deploying BDI Batch Job Admin Applications for a Sender Application ........................................ 4-1
    Preparing the Database for BDI Batch Job Admin for RMS Installation ...................................... 4-1
    Preparing the WebLogic Domain for BDI Batch Job Admin for RMS ......................................... 4-1
    Deploying BDI RMS Batch Job Admin on the WebLogic ........................................................... 4-1
    Testing the Deployment ................................................................................................................... 4-5
    Creating Outbound Interface tables for BDI RMS ......................................................................... 4-5
  Deploying BDI Batch Job Admin Application for a Receiver Application ................................ 4-6
    Preparing the Database for BDI SIM Batch Job Admin Installation ......................................... 4-6
    Preparing the WebLogic Domain for BDI Batch Job Admin for SIM ......................................... 4-6
    Deploying BDI SIM Batch Job Admin on the WebLogic ............................................................ 4-6
    Testing the Deployment ................................................................................................................ 4-8
    Creating Inbound Interface tables for BDI SIM ............................................................................ 4-9
  Upgrade Instructions for BDI ................................................................................................................. 4-9
5 Process Flow Installation

Prerequisites .................................................................................................................. 5-1
Install the Process Flow Application ....................................................................... 5-1
Verify Installation ........................................................................................................ 5-5
Enabling Email Notification Alerts ........................................................................ 5-5
Process Flow Upgrade Steps ..................................................................................... 5-6

6 BDI Batch Scheduler Installation

Installation Prerequisites .......................................................................................... 6-1
Preparing for Installation ........................................................................................... 6-1
Deploying Scheduler Application ............................................................................... 6-2
Verifying Installation .................................................................................................. 6-3
Enabling Email Notification Alerts ........................................................................ 6-4
Scheduler Upgrade Steps .......................................................................................... 6-5

7 Cluster Considerations

Scaling BDI ................................................................................................................ 7-1
BDI on Cluster ........................................................................................................ 7-1
Logging ...................................................................................................................... 7-1
Update Log Level ........................................................................................................ 7-2
Create/Update/Delete System Options ..................................................................... 7-2
Create/Update/Delete System Credentials ................................................................. 7-3
Scheduler Configuration Changes for Cluster ......................................................... 7-3

8 BDI Migration

A Appendix: Integrating BDI-RMS with External Applications

Installation Instructions ............................................................................................. A-1

Oracle welcomes customers’ comments and suggestions on the quality and usefulness of this document.

Your feedback is important, and helps us to best meet your needs as a user of our products. For example:

- Are the implementation steps correct and complete?
- Did you understand the context of the procedures?
- Did you find any errors in the information?
- Does the structure of the information help you with your tasks?
- Do you need different information or graphics? If so, where, and in what format?
- Are the examples correct? Do you need more examples?

If you find any errors or have any other suggestions for improvement, then please tell us your name, the name of the company who has licensed our products, the title and part number of the documentation and the chapter, section, and page number (if available).

---

**Note:** Before sending us your comments, you might like to check that you have the latest version of the document and if any concerns are already addressed. To do this, access the Online Documentation available on the Oracle Technology Network Web site. It contains the most current Documentation Library plus all documents revised or released recently.

---

Send your comments to us using the electronic mail address: retail-doc_us@oracle.com

Please give your name, address, electronic mail address, and telephone number (optional).

If you need assistance with Oracle software, then please contact your support representative or Oracle Support Services.

If you require training or instruction in using Oracle software, then please contact your Oracle local office and inquire about our Oracle University offerings. A list of Oracle offices is available on our Web site at [http://www.oracle.com](http://www.oracle.com).
The Oracle® Retail Bulk Data Integration Installation Guide contains the requirements and procedures that are necessary for the retailer to install the Oracle Retail Bulk Data Integration product.

**Audience**

The Installation Guide is written for the following audiences:

- Database administrators (DBA)
- System analysts and designers
- Integrators and implementation staff

**Documentation Accessibility**

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at


**Access to Oracle Support**

Oracle customers that have purchased support have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit

http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info or visit

http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs if you are hearing impaired.

**Customer Support**

To contact Oracle Customer Support, access My Oracle Support at the following URL:

https://support.oracle.com

When contacting Customer Support, please provide the following:

- Product version and program/module name
- Functional and technical description of the problem (include business impact)
- Detailed step-by-step instructions to re-create
- Exact error message received
- Screen shots of each step you take
Review Patch Documentation

When you install the application for the first time, you install either a base release (for example, 16.0) or a later patch release (for example, 16.0.030). If you are installing the base release and additional patch releases, read the documentation for all releases that have occurred since the base release before you begin installation. Documentation for patch releases can contain critical information related to the base release, as well as information about code changes since the base release.

Improved Process for Oracle Retail Documentation Corrections

To more quickly address critical corrections to Oracle Retail documentation content, Oracle Retail documentation may be republished whenever a critical correction is needed. For critical corrections, the republication of an Oracle Retail document may at times not be attached to a numbered software release; instead, the Oracle Retail document will simply be replaced on the Oracle Technology Network Web site, or, in the case of Data Models, to the applicable My Oracle Support Documentation container where they reside.

This process will prevent delays in making critical corrections available to customers. For the customer, it means that before you begin installation, you must verify that you have the most recent version of the Oracle Retail documentation set. Oracle Retail documentation is available on the Oracle Technology Network at the following URL:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/documentation/oracle-retail-100266.html

An updated version of the applicable Oracle Retail document is indicated by an Oracle part number, as well as print date (month and year). An updated version uses the same part number, with a higher-numbered suffix. For example, part number E123456-02 is an updated version of a document with part number E123456-01.

If a more recent version of a document is available, that version supersedes all previous versions.

Oracle Retail Documentation on the Oracle Technology Network

Oracle Retail product documentation is available on the following web site:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/documentation/oracle-retail-100266.html

(Data Model documents are not available through the Oracle Technology Network. You can obtain these documents through My Oracle Support.)

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Convention</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>boldface</td>
<td>Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>italic</td>
<td>Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convention</td>
<td>Meaning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>monospace</strong></td>
<td>Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Oracle Retail Bulk Data Integration (BDI) provides the ability to transfer bulk data between Oracle Retail applications. BDI contains the following components:

- BDI Batch Job Admin – Helps management of batch jobs
- BDI Process Flow - Provides a mechanism to run multiple dependent batch jobs
- BDI Scheduler - Schedules execution of an action, like invoking process flows or services

A BDI installation contains the following components:

- An installation of BDI RMS Batch Job Admin
- An installation of BDI SIM Batch Job Admin
- An installation of BDI Process Flow
- An installation of BDI Scheduler

**BDI Topology**

The diagram below shows the default topology for BDI. Please refer to the *Oracle Retail Bulk Data Integration Implementation Guide* for other supported topologies.
Technical Specifications

The BDI components have several dependencies on Oracle Retail Application installations, as well as on the Oracle WebLogic Servers. This section covers these requirements.

Requesting Infrastructure Software

If you are unable to find the necessary version of the required Oracle infrastructure software (database server, application server, WebLogic, etc.) on the Oracle Software Delivery Cloud, you should file a non-technical 'Contact Us' Service Request (SR) and request access to the media. For instructions on filing a non-technical SR, see My Oracle Support Note 1071023.1 - Requesting Physical Shipment or Download URL for Software Media.

Server Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Supported On</th>
<th>Versions Supported</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Database Server OS</td>
<td>OS certified with Oracle Database 12c (12.1.0.2) Enterprise Edition. Options are:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Oracle Linux 6 or 7 for x86-64 (Actual hardware or Oracle virtual machine).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6 or 7 for x86-64 (actual hardware or Oracle virtual machine)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- IBM AIX 7.1 (actual hardware or LPARs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Solaris 11.2 Sparc (actual hardware or logical domains)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Installation Notes

When redeploying BDI applications, please note the following.

- If any existing datasource connection detail is changed (in *env-info.json deployment config file), such as the JDBC URL, username or, password of the database connection, the datasource needs to be first deleted from the WebLogic server before installation. This is a manual step.
  - Log in to the WebLogic Server Admin console. Go to Services -> Data Sources page. Select the datasource, delete and activate the changes.
  - Proceed with the installation.

- The JobAdminDataSource and ReceiverServiceDataSource should also be cleaned if we are using the same schema, delete all the tables for RMS, SIM and external.
**Note:** The above steps are not required if no datasource connection detail is changed during redeployment.

If there are no datasource detail changes, note the following before redeployment of the BDI applications on an existing schema:

- Make sure the LOADSEEDDATA flag is set to TRUE.
- For BDI Batch JOB Admin, make sure the LOADJOBDEF flag is set to TRUE, if there are any changes to existing job definitions or new jobs are added.
- For BDI Process Flow, make sure the LOADPROCESSDEF flag is set to TRUE, if there are any changes to existing process flow definitions or new processdefs are added.
This chapter describes the procedure you must use to install the JRF domain and deploy the BDI Batch Job Admin application. For more information about domain creation and other server related information, see the WebLogic application server documents.

Installation and Setup Instructions

This section describes the installation and setup instructions including the installation prerequisites, preparing the WebLogic server, creating a WebLogic domain, and deploying the WAR file.

Prerequisites

The BDI Batch Job Admin application requires Oracle WebLogic server 12c (12.2.1.3.0), built with Java 8 (JDK 1.8 64 bit with the latest security updates).

The recommended Java VM memory setting for the Job Admin application domain is:
-Xms1024m -Xmx2048m

Installing WebLogic

To obtain WebLogic 12c (12.2.1.3.0), go to the Oracle Technology Network and take the following steps.

1. Find fmw_12.2.1.3.0.0_infrastructure_Disk1_1of1.zip and download this file to your system.
2. Extract the contents of this zip file to your system. You will use the fmw_12.2.1.3.0.0_infrastructure.jar file to run the installer.
3. Run the installer by executing the jar file:
   java -jar fmw_12.2.1.3.0.0_infrastructure.jar
   The Welcome window appears.
4. Click Next. The Auto Updates window appears.

5. Select the appropriate radio button and click Next. The Installation Location window appears.
6. Click Browse to select the Oracle Home location where the Weblogic Server is to be installed.

7. Click Next. The Installation Type window appears.
8. Select Fusion Middleware Infrastructure (JRF and Enterprise Manager) and click Next. The installer performs the pre-requisite checks and ensures all required conditions are satisfied.

9. When the prerequisite check completes successfully, click Next. The Security Updates window appears.
10. Provide information and click Next.

11. Click Install. The Installation Progress window appears.

12. Click Next when the installation completes. The Installation Complete window appears.
Creating the Required Schema Using the Repository Creation Utility

Perform the following procedure to create a schema user for the domain:

1. Run the RCU from the `<MW_HOME>/oracle_common/bin` folder. The Welcome window appears.
2. Click Next and select the Create Repository option.

3. Click Next. Enter the database credentials where the schema user has to be created.
4. Click Next. Specify the prefix to be used for the schema user creation. For example, INT. Select Metadata Services, WebLogic Services, and Oracle Platform Security Services.

5. Click Next. Specify the password.

6. Click Next. The window provides the details of tablespaces created as part of schema creation.
7. Click Next. The Confirmation window appears.

8. Click OK. The Summary window appears.
9. Click Create and proceed to create the schema. This could take a while to complete. The Completion Summary window appears.

---

Creating a WebLogic Domain with JRF

Perform the following procedure to create a new WebLogic domain with JRF:
1. Run the config.sh from `<ORACLE_HOME>/oracle_common/common/bin` folder. The Configuration Type window appears.

2. Select Create a new domain, provide domain location, and click Next. The Templates window appears. By default, the Basic WebLogic Server Domain - 12.2.1.3.0 [wlserver] checkbox is selected.

   Select the Oracle JRF - 12.2.1.3.0.0 [oracle_common], Oracle Enterprise Manager [em], and Oracle WSM Policy Manager - 12.2.1.3.0 [oracle_common] check boxes.
3. Click Next. The Administrator Account window appears. Enter the user credentials you want to use to log in to the WebLogic Administration Console.

4. Click Next. The Domain Mode and JDK window appears. Set the Domain Mode as Production and select the JDK version (JDK 1.8 with the latest security updates) you want to use.

5. Click Next. The Database Configuration Type window displays.
   a. Select the RCU Data radio button.
b. Select Oracle as the Vendor.

c. Select Oracle’s Driver (Thin) for Service connections; Version 9.0.1 and later as the Driver.

d. Enter the Service, Host Name, Port, Schema Owner, and Schema Password for the *_STB schema created using RCU.

e. Click Get RCU Configuration.

The Connection Result Log displays the connection status.

6. Click Next. The JDBC Component Schema window appears.
7. Click Next. The JDBC Component Schema Test window displays the status on whether the JDBC tests on the schemas were successful.

8. Click Next. The Advanced Configuration window displays. Select all the checkboxes, except Domain Frontend Host Capture and JMS File Store options, in this window.
9. Click Next. The Administration Server window appears. Enter the Listen Address and the Listen Port details.

10. Click Next. The Node Manager window appears. Select the Node Manager Type and enter the Node Manager Credentials.
11. Click Next. The Managed Servers window appears.
   a. Click Add to add a managed server on which you will deploy the application.
   b. Enter the Server Name, Listen Address, and Listen Port for the managed server.
   c. Set the Server Groups to JRF-MAN-SVR.

12. Click Next. The Clusters window appears.
a. Click Add to add a cluster. This is an optional step in the procedure.

13. Click Next. The Coherence Clusters window appears.
   a. Add a coherence cluster. This is an optional step in the procedure.

   a. Click Add.
b. Enter the Name and the Node Manager Listen Address for the managed server.

15. Click Next. The Assign Servers to Machines window appears. Add the Admin Server and the managed server to the computer.

16. Click Next. The Deployments Targeting window appears. Select wsm-pm from Deployments and add it to Admin Server in Targets.
17. Click Next. The Services Targeting window appears.

18. Click Next. The Configuration Summary window appears. Verify that all information described in this window is accurate.
19. Click Create. The Configuration Progress window displays a message when the domain is created successfully.

20. Click Next. The Configuration Success window displays the Domain Location and Admin Server URL once the configuration is complete.
21. Click Finish to complete creating the WebLogic domain and managed servers.

22. Add the following security policy to $ORACLE_HOME/wlserver/server/lib/weblogic.policy file.

```java
grant codeBase "file:/<DOMAIN_HOME>/-" {
    permission java.security.AllPermission;
    permission oracle.security.jps.service.credstore.CredentialAccessPermission
        "credstoresp.credstore", "read,write,update,delete";
    permission oracle.security.jps.service.credstore.CredentialAccessPermission
        "credstoresp.credstore.*", "read,write,update,delete";
};
```

23. Start the Weblogic Admin and Manage Server.

24. Set JTA timeout to 43200.
   a. Log in to Admin console
   b. Click on the domain name
   c. Select the JTA tab and change the timeout value to 43200.
Deploying BDI Batch Job Administration Applications

Before starting the installation procedure, identify the retail applications that are in-scope for this installation. BDI requires at least 2 applications in-scope, a sender app and a receiver app. Each bdi-app must be deployed on its own WebLogic managed server. Depending on the site specific deployment topology, create separate WebLogic domains OR managed servers to host the BDI apps in-scope.

---

**Note:** Repeat the procedures in this chapter for installing other applications that are in-scope.

---

**Deploying BDI Batch Job Admin Applications for a Sender Application**

This section describes the installation process for a sender app with the BDI-RMS app as an example.

**Preparing the Database for BDI Batch Job Admin for RMS Installation**

Before you begin installing BDI RMS Batch Job Admin, make sure you have the database schema created for BDI RMS Batch Job Admin.

If you are migrating from previous version of BDI RMS Batch Job Admin to a newer version, run the migration script located in "setup-data/ddl/migration" folder of the BDI Batch Job Admin distribution. For example, the script "migrate-schema-from-16.0.028-to-16.0.030.sql" is provided in this folder to migrate database schema from 16.0.028 to 16.0.030. For migrating from older version, the user needs to run the migration scripts incrementally.

**Preparing the WebLogic Domain for BDI Batch Job Admin for RMS**

1. Use the instructions provided in Chapter 3, "BDI Batch Job Admin" to install WebLogic 12.2.1.3.0 and create a domain.

2. Start the Admin and managed servers.

**Deploying BDI RMS Batch Job Admin on the WebLogic**

To deploy the BDI RMS Batch Job Admin war, take the following steps.

1. Download BdiEdgeJobAdminPak16.0.030ForRms16.0.030_eng_ga.zip to $BDI_HOME.
2. Unzip the downloaded archive. The Bdi Job home directory will be created under the current directory.

```
unzip BdiEdgeJobAdminPak16.0.030ForRms16.0.030_eng Ga.zip
```

This command extracts the archive. The relevant directories for the installation are shown (There are more directories than what is shown).

```
bdi-edge-rms-job-home
|-- bin
|   - bdi-job-admin-job-deployer.sh
|-- config
|  |-- bdi-job-admin-deployment-env-info.json
|  |-- security
|-- setup-data
|  |-- available-jobs-for-external-app-integration
|      |-- ddl
|      |   |-- bdi_rms_ddl.sql
|      |   `-- migration
|      |       `-- migrate-schema-from-16.0.0.28-to-16.0.030.sql
|      `-- dml

**Note:** To Integrate BDI-RMS with an external application, additional steps are required. Refer to Appendix A, "Appendix: Integrating BDI-RMS with External Applications" for additional information.

3. Edit the rms job configuration file to point to deployment environment (conf/bdi-job-admin-deployment-env-info.json) as follows:

```
cd bdi-edge-rms-job-home/conf
vi bdi-job-admin-deployment-env-info.json
```

4. Provide the following values in the JSON file.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Configuration Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RmsJobAdminDataSource -&gt; jdbcUrl</td>
<td>The JDBC URL for the Oracle database where the RMS integration schema resides.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RmsReceiverServiceDataSource -&gt; jdbcUrl</td>
<td>The JDBC URL for the Oracle database where the RMS Receiver integration schema resides. BdiRmsJobAdminDataSource and BdiRmsReceiverServiceDataSource can use the same jdbcUrl.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BatchInfraDataSource -&gt; jdbcUrl</td>
<td>The JDBC URL for the schema created using RCU. The schema user is &lt;prefix&gt;_wls (e.g. INT_WLS). The value of prefix that you provided in schema creation using RCU.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JobAdminAppServer -&gt; weblogicDomainName</td>
<td>The domain name where BDI RMS Admin app is deployed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JobAdminAppServer -&gt; weblogicDomainHome</td>
<td>The domain path where BDIRMS Admin app is deployed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Optional – Users can configure system options in the deployment env info json file. Users have to add the system options as part of the configuration in the json file with name value pairs. After the application starts, the system option tables should have system options provided in the json file a=b and c=d values in the system options table. After deploying Jjob Admin, verify that values are getting added to the system option table properly.

**Example:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Configuration Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JobAdminAppServer-&gt;weblogicDomainAdminServerProtocol</td>
<td>Admin Server protocol which is by default t3, For SSL deployment update to t3s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JobAdminAppServer -&gt; weblogicDomainAdminServerHost</td>
<td>Host Name of the BDI RMS Admin Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JobAdminAppServer -&gt; weblogicDomainAdminServerPort</td>
<td>BDI RMS Admin Server Port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JobAdminAppServer -&gt; weblogicDomainTargetManagedServerName</td>
<td>Managed Server Name where BDI RMS Admin App is installed (e.g. bdi-rms-server)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JobAdminAppServer -&gt; jobAdminUiUrl</td>
<td>Job Admin URL of BDI RMS http://&lt;host&gt;:&lt;managed server port&gt;/bdi-rms-batch-job-admin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dataSourceProperties</td>
<td>DataSource configurations contributes to the performance of the applications at the runtime. Ex: &quot;connectionPool_MaxCapacity&quot;:&quot;100&quot; &quot;general_RowPreferfetchSize&quot;:&quot;100&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SystemOptions</td>
<td>Optional. Allows to provide system options as name value pairs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** The alias names in the configuration files should not be changed.
Job Admin JSON Snippet:

```
"JobAdminApplication": {
  "appName": "bdijos-rms",
  "JobAdminAppUses": [
    "JobAdminDataSource",
    "JobAdminAppServer"
  ],
  "SystemOptions": [
    {"name": "a", "value": "b"},
    {"name": "c", "value": "d"}
  ]
}
```

5. Run the deployer script to create the data sources and deploy BDI RMS Batch Job Admin.

```
cd bdi-edge-rms-job-home/bin
bdi-job-admin-deployer.sh -setup-credentials -deploy-job-admin-app
```

6. Enter the values prompted by the script for following credentials aliases. JobAdmin user has more privileges (e.g change configuration and run jobs from JobAdmin UI) than JobOperator user. JobOperator can run batch jobs where as JobMonitor has just read privileges.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alias</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>bdiAppServerAdminServerUserAlias</td>
<td>WebLogic admin server credentials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rmsJobAdminUiUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for Admin Role user for Job Admin app</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rmsJobOperatorUiUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for Operator Role user for Job Admin app</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rmsJobMonitorUiUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for Monitor Role user for Job Admin app</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rmsJobAdminDataSourceUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for the Data Source of the Job Admin Schema</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rmsReceiverServiceDataSourceUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for the Data Source of the Job Receiver Schema</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>batchInfraDataSourceUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for the Data Source of the Batch Infra Schema</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>jobXmlDataSourceUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for the Data Source of the Job Xml Schema</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rpasJobAdminBaseUrlUserAlias</td>
<td>BDI RPAS job admin app credentials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>simJobAdminBaseUrlUserAlias</td>
<td>BDI SIM job admin app credentials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Deploying BDI Batch Job Admin Applications for a Sender Application

7. Deployer script deploys BDI RMS Batch Job Admin to the managed server.

8. Restrict access to the bdi-edge-rms-job-home folder:
   
   ```
   cd bdi-edge-rms-job-home
   chmod -R 700 .
   ```


Testing the Deployment

After you deploy to the server successfully, BDI RMS Batch Job Admin can be accessed using the following URL:

http://<server>:<port>/rms-batch-job-admin

Log in using credentials provided during the installation and verify that jobs are displayed in the Manage Batch Jobs tab and configuration is displayed in the Manage Configurations tab.

Creating Outbound Interface tables for BDI RMS


2. Run the DDL script "bdi_rms_ddl.sql" provided in this folder in the BDI RMS database schema.

3. DDL generates interface tables and PL/SQL packages.
Deploying BDI Batch Job Admin Application for a Receiver Application

This section describes the installation process for a receiver app with the BDI-SIM app as an example. The same procedure can be used for installing other receiver applications like BDI RPAS.

Preparing the Database for BDI SIM Batch Job Admin Installation

Before you begin installing BDI SIM Batch Job Admin, make sure you have the database schema created for BDI SIM Batch Job Admin.

If you are migrating from the previous version of BDI SIM Batch Job Admin to a newer version, run the migration script located in the "setup-data/ddl/migration" folder. For example, the script "migrate-schema-from-16.0.028-to-16.0.030.sql" is provided in this folder to migrate the database schema from 16.0.028 to 16.0.030. For migrating from older version, the user needs to run the migration scripts incrementally.

Preparing the WebLogic Domain for BDI Batch Job Admin for SIM

1. Use the instructions provided above to install WebLogic 12.2.1.3.0 and create a domain.
2. Start the Admin and managed servers.

Deploying BDI SIM Batch Job Admin on the WebLogic

To deploy the BDI SIM Batch Job Admin war, take the following steps.

1. Download BdiEdgeJobAdminPak16.0.030ForSIM16.0.030_eng_ga.zip to $BDI_HOME.
2. Unzip the downloaded archive. The BDI Job home directory will be created under the current directory.

unzip BdiEdgeJobAdminPak16.0.030ForSIM16.0.030_eng_ga.zip

This command extracts the archive. The relevant directories for the installation are shown (There are more directories than what is shown).

```
bdi-edge-sim-job-home
├── bin
│   └── bdi-job-admin-job-deployer.sh
├── config
│   └── bdi-job-admin-deployment-env-info.json
│   └── security
├── setup-data
│   └── ddl
│       └── bdi_sim_ddl.sql
│           └── migration
│                   └── migrate-schema-from-16.0.0.28-to-16.0.0.30.sql
│                           └── dml
```
3. Edit bdi-job-admin-deployment-env-info.json as follows:

```
cd bdi-edge-sim-job-home/conf
vi bdi-job-admin-deployment-env-info.json
```
4. Provide the following values in the JSON file.
### Configuration Property

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Configuration Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SimJobAdminDataSource -&gt;jdbcUrl</td>
<td>The JDBC URL for the Oracle database where the SIM integration schema resides.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SimReceiverServiceDataSource -&gt; jdbcUrl</td>
<td>The JDBC URL for the Oracle database where the SIM integration schema resides. Can use the same jdbcUrl.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BatchInfraDataSource -&gt; jdbcUrl</td>
<td>The JDBC URL for the schema created using RCU. The schema user is &lt;prefix&gt;_wls (e.g. INT_WLS). The value of prefix that you provided in schema creation using RCU.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JobAdminAppServer -&gt; weblogicDomainName</td>
<td>The domain name where BDI SIM Admin app is deployed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JobAdminAppServer -&gt; weblogicDomainHome</td>
<td>The domain home directory of WebLogic where BDI SIM Admin app is deployed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JobAdminAppServer-&gt;weblogicDomainAdminServerProtocol</td>
<td>AdminServer protocol which is by default t3, For SSL deployment update to t3s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JobAdminAppServer -&gt; weblogicDomainAdminServerHost</td>
<td>Host Name of the BDI SIM Admin Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JobAdminAppServer -&gt; weblogicDomainAdminServerPort</td>
<td>BDI SIM Admin Server Port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JobAdminAppServer -&gt; weblogicDomainTargetManagedServerName</td>
<td>Managed Server Name where BDI SIM Admin App is installed (e.g. bdi-sim-server)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RmsJobAdminAppServer -&gt; jobAdminUiUrl</td>
<td>Job Admin URL of BDI RMS http://&lt;host&gt;:&lt;bdi rms managed server port&gt;/rms-batch-job-admin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Deploying BDI Batch Job Admin Application for a Receiver Application

5. Run the deployer script to create the data sources and deploy BDI RXM Batch Job Admin.

   ```bash
   cd bdi-edge-sim-job-home/bin
   bdi-job-admin-deployer.sh -setup-credentials -deploy-job-admin-app
   ```

6. Enter the values prompted by the script for the following credential aliases. JobAdmin user has more privileges (e.g. change configuration and run jobs from...
JobAdmin UI) than JobOperator user. JobOperator can run batch jobs whereas as JobMonitor has just read privileges.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alias</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>bdiAppServerAdminServerUserAlias</td>
<td>WebLogic admin server credentials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>simJobAdminUiUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for Admin Role user for Job Admin app</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>simJobOperatorUiUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for Operator Role user for Job Admin app</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>simJobMonitorUiUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for Monitor Role user for Job Admin app</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>simJobAdminDataSourceUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for the Data Source of the Job Admin Schema</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>simReceiverServiceDataSourceUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for the Data Source of the Job Receiver Schema</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>batchInfraDataSourceUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for the Data Source of the Batch Infra Schema</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rmsJobAdminBaseUrlUserAlias</td>
<td>BDI RMS job admin app credentials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** If you have already configured the credentials and can use the same credentials (typically when redeploying the app), you can run the deployer with the -use-existing-credentials option as follows, and you will not be prompted for the credentials again for the deployment.

bdi-job-admin-deployer.sh -use-existing-credentials
-deploy-job-admin-app

7. Deployer script deploys BDI SIM Batch Job Admin to the server.

8. Restrict access to the bdi-edge-sim-job-home folder:
   ```
   cd bdi-edge-sim-job-home
   chmod -R 700 .
   ```

**Testing the Deployment**

After you deploy to the server successfully, the BDI SIM Batch Job Admin can be accessed using the following URL:

http://<server>:<port>/sim-batch-job-admin

Log in using credentials provided during the installation and verify that jobs are displayed in the Manage Batch Jobs tab and configuration is displayed in the Manage Configurations tab.
Creating Inbound Interface tables for BDI SIM

2. Run the DDL script "SIM.sql" provided in this folder in the BDI SIM database schema.
3. DDL generates the inbound interface tables for SIM.

**Note:** BDI SIM inbound interface tables are created in the SIM database schema instead of the BDI SIM database schema. The BDI SIM database schema will have synonyms for BDI SIM inbound interface tables.

Upgrade Instructions for BDI

BDI Edge JobAdmin App (BdiEdgeJobAdminPak16.0.xFor<app>16.0.x_eng_ga.zip) Upgrade Steps

1. Stop the BDI EDGE Job Admin App managed server.
2. Download the BdiEdgeJobAdminPak16.0.030For<app>16.0.030_eng_ga.zip from RTG Wiki and extract.
3. Login to the box. Go to the bdi-<app>-home directory where migration scripts are present.
   - Example: /bdi-Edge-SIM-job-home/setup-data/ddl/migration
4. Using SqlPlus, login to the Edge App schema. (Note: Make sure ORACLE_HOME is set.)
5. Run the following migration script in the schemas configured to Bdi<App>JobAdminDataSource and Bdi<App>ReceiverServiceDataSource.
   - Example: SQL> @migrate-schema-from-16.0.028-to-16.0.030.sql
6. Make sure there is no error occurred after running the migration script except the known errors mentioned in the Note.

**Note:** In case for any similar errors like ORA-00942: table or view does not exist Verify if the corresponding tables present in the schema or not, as there are cases where Bdi<App>ReceiverServiceDataSource and Bdi<App>JobAdminDataSource might have configured to different schemas. RTG maintains only one migration script for upgrades. Please ignore those errors.
7. Start BDI Edge Job App managed server.

8. Login to the BDI Edge Job App (Example: bdi-sim-batch-job-admin)

9. Go to Manage Configurations -> System Options and make following changes.LOADJOBDEF = TRUE and LOADSEEDDATA = TRUE.

10. Login to the WLS Console and delete the existing Edge App.

11. Deploy the BDI Edge App. See Deploying BDI Batch Job Admin Applications for a Sender Application or Deploying BDI Batch Job Admin Application for a Receiver Application.


13. Login to BDI Edge Job App and make sure no error is displayed in any of the pages.
5

Process Flow Installation

Prerequisites

The Process Flow application has the same tech stack requirements mentioned in the beginning of this document for JDK, WebLogic domain, and database. Before installing the Process Flow application install the following infrastructure components for the application.

- A WebLogic domain with JRF for the application
- A database schema for the Process Flow application

The recommended java VM memory setting for the Process Flow application domain is:

-Xms1024m -Xmx2048m

Install the Process Flow Application

Perform the following procedure to install the Process Flow application:

1. Download the process flow archive BdiProcessFlow16.0.030ForAll16.x.xApps_eng_ga.zip
2. Unzip the downloaded archive. The Process Home directory will be created under the current directory.

   ```
   unzip BdiProcessFlow16.0.030ForAll16.x.xApps_eng_ga.zip
   ```

   This command extracts the archive. The relevant directories for the installation are shown below (There are more directories than what is shown).

   ```
   bdi-process-home
   ├── - - - - - - bin
   │   └── - - - - - bdi-process-flow-admin-deployer.sh
   ├── - - - - - - conf
   │   └── - - - - - bdi-process-flow-admin-deployment-env-info.json
   ├── bdi-process-flow-admin-deployment-env-info.json
   │   └── - - - - - security
   ├── - - - - - setup-data
   │   ├── - - - - - ddl
   │   │   └── - - - - - bdi_process_flow_ddl.sql
   │   └── - - - - - migration
   ```
3. Modify process flow configuration file (conf/bdi-process-flow-admin-deployment-env-info.json) to match the deployment environment. While you can change many values to match your requirements, here is a table of a minimum set of configuration values that you need to modify for process flow application.

**Note:** The alias names in the configuration files should not be changed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Configuration Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BdiProcessFlowAdminDataSource-&gt;jdbcUrl</td>
<td>JDBC URL for the process flow schema. Change this value to match the environment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessFlowAdminAppServer-&gt;weblogicDomainName</td>
<td>Name of the WebLogic domain where the process flow application is deployed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessFlowAdminAppServer-&gt;weblogicDomainHome</td>
<td>WebLogic Domain home directory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessFlowAdminAppServer-&gt;weblogicDomainProtocol</td>
<td>WebLogic admin server protocol is by default t3, if SSL configured then update to t3s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessFlowAdminAppServer-&gt;weblogicDomainAdminServerUrl</td>
<td>WebLogic Admin server URL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Install the Process Flow Application

### Configuration Field

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Configuration Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ProcessFlowAdminAppServer/weblogicDomainAdminServerHost</td>
<td>Host name of WebLogic Admin Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessFlowAdminAppServer/weblogicDomainAdminServerPort</td>
<td>WebLogic admin server port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessFlowAdminAppServer/weblogicDomainTargetManagedServerName</td>
<td>Managed Server name where Process Flow is hosted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ProcessFlowAdminAppServer/processFlowAdminUiUrl</td>
<td>Process Flow admin app URL. Update only the host and port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RmsJobAdminAppServer/jobAdminUiUrl</td>
<td>BDI RMS job admin URL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SimJobAdminAppServer/jobAdminUiUrl</td>
<td>BDI SIM job admin URL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RfiJobAdminAppServer/jobAdminUiUrl</td>
<td>BDI RFI job admin URL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RfiAppJobAdminAppServer/jobAdminUiUrl</td>
<td>RFIAPP job admin URL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OcdsAppJobAdminAppServer</td>
<td>BDI OCDS job admin URL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ExternalAppJobAdminAppServer</td>
<td>BDI EXTERNAL job admin URL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RpasAppJobAdminAppServer</td>
<td>BDI RPAS job admin URL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SystemOptions</td>
<td>allAvailableDestinationApps mentions all the apps available as destination appsInScope - mentions the apps that are in scope.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example:

ProcessFlow JSON Snippet:

```json
```

---

Process Flow Installation 5-3
BDI Process flow installer copies all the enterprise flows from
bdi-process-home/setup-data/dsl/available_process_flow_options/rms_
enterprise-sender_side_split_flows/ to

For RFI integration, users should copy the flows manually from
bdi-process-home/setup-data/dsl/available_process_flow_options/reim_rfi-no_
split_flows/ to bdi-process-home/setup-data/dsl/flows-in-scope, for example:cp
bdi-process-home/setup-data/dsl/available_process_flow_options/reim_rfi-no_
split_flows/* bdi-process-home/setup-data/dsl/flows-in-scope/

4. Configure the appsInScope system options in process flow configuration file. As
shown in step 3 above.

5. If you are migrating from previous version to a new version, run the migration
script provided in "setup-data/ddl/migration" folder. For example, the script
"migrate-schema-from-16.0.025-to-16.0.030.sql" is provided to migrate database
Schema from 16.0.025 to 16.0.030. For migrating from older version, the user needs
to run the migration scripts incrementally.

6. Run the deployer. Make sure that the WebLogic server is running before issuing
the following command.

   cd bin
   bdi-process-flow-admin-deployer.sh -setup-credentials
   -deploy-process-flow-admin-app

   The process flow deployer will prompt for username and password for the
   following credential aliases:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alias</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>bdiAppServerAdminServerUserAlias</td>
<td>WebLogic admin server credentials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>processFlowAdminBaseUrlUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for Admin Role user for Process Flow Admin app</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>processFlowOperatorBaseUrlUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for Operator Role user for Process Flow Admin app</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>processFlowMonitorBaseUrlUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for Monitor Role user for Process Flow Admin app</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bdiProcessFlowAdminDataSourceUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for the Data Source of the Process Flow Schema</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rfiJobAdminBaseUrlUserAlias</td>
<td>BDI RFI job admin app credentials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rmsappJobAdminBaseUrlUserAlias</td>
<td>RMS job admin credentials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>simappJobAdminBaseUrlUserAlias</td>
<td>SIM job admin credentials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ocdsappJobAdminBaseUrlUserAlias</td>
<td>OCDS job admin credentials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>externalappJobAdminBaseUrlUserAlias</td>
<td>External job admin credentials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rfiappJobAdminBaseUrlUserAlias</td>
<td>RFIAPP job admin credentials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rpasappJobAdminBaseUrlUserAlias</td>
<td>RPAS job admin credentials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Note:** If you have an existing process flow deployment then, login to Process Flow App, go to Manage Configurations -> System Options and update the following system options before running the above command. LOADPROCESSDEF = TRUE and LOADSEEDDATA = TRUE

If you have already configured various credentials required for process flow, you can run the deployer with the following syntax. It will not ask the credentials again for the deployment. Make sure you set the LOADPROCESSDEF = true, LOADSEEDDATA = true.

```bash
bdi-process-flow-admin-deployer.sh -use-existing-credentials -deploy-process-flow-admin-app
```

7. Make sure the deployment step shows deployment success message at the end.

8. Restrict access to the bdi-process-home folder:
   ```bash
cd bdi-process-home
chmod -R 700 .
```


### Verify Installation

If the process flow app is successfully deployed, you should be able to access the application at the URL http://<host>:<port>/bdi-process-flow/. The following is a sample screenshot of the process flow application. Make sure all the tabs of the application are properly displayed.

![Process Flow Application Screenshot](image)

See the *Oracle Retail Bulk Data Integration Implementation Guide* for the operation details of the Process Flow application.

### Enabling Email Notification Alerts

Process Flow can send email alerts upon success or failure of process executions as specified in the process definitions. The following configuration is required for process email notification.

Mail Session configuration in WebLogic, for process email notification:
1. Go to the WebLogic Admin console of the environment where the process app is deployed.
2. Navigate to Services -> Mail Sessions.
3. Select New to create a new mail session.
4. Enter the following details:
   - **Name:** BdiProcessMailSession
   - **JNDI name:** mail/BdiProcessMailSession
   - **Session Username:** A valid email id, preferably email-id of an administrator.
   - **Session password:** The password for the above email id.
5. Enter the following in the JavaMail properties:
   - `mail.smtp.ssl.enable=true`
   - `mail.smtp.auth=true`
   - `mail.smtp.ssl.trust=<company’s smtp mail server host name>`
   - `mail.smtp.port=<mail server smtps port, typically is 465>`
   - `mail.transport.protocol=smtps`
   - `mail.smtp.host=<company’s smtp mail server host name>`
   - `mail.from=<A valid email-id for ‘from email address’ when email is sent>`
   - `mail.to(Optional)=<List of valid recipients email-ids>`
   - Web Session Mail.to property is used if `processFlowNotification.<scope>.recipients` is not set in Process Notification Configuration.
6. Click Next. In the Mail Session Targets, select the managed server where the process application is deployed.
7. Finish creating the mail session.

**Note:** For more information on configuring Mail sessions on WebLogic, see the Oracle® WebLogic Administrator’s Guide 12c Release.

---

### Process Flow Upgrade Steps

1. Stop the Process Flow managed server.
2. Download the BdiProcessFlow16.0.030ForAll16.x.xApps_eng ga.zip from RTG Wiki and extract
3. Login to the box. Go to the bdi-process-home directory where migration scripts present. (Example: /bdi-process-home/setup-data/ddl/migration)
4. Using SqlPlus login to the Process Flow schema configured to BdiProcessFlowAdminDataSource. (Note: Make sure ORACLE_HOME is set.)
5. Run the following migration script. (Example: SQL>
   ```sql
   @migrate-schema-from-16.0.025-to-16.0.030.sql
   ```
6. Make sure there is no error occurred after running the migration script.
7. Start the Process Flow managed server.
9. Go to Manage Configurations -> System Options and make following changes: LOADPROCESSDEF = TRUE and LOADSEEDDATA = TRUE
10. Login to the WLS Console and delete the existing ProcessFlow App.
11. Configure appsInScope system options in process flow configuration file.
12. Based on the appsInScope system options the process flows for those apps will be active. By default BDI Process flow installer copies all the enterprise flows from bdi-process-home/setup-data/dsl/available_process_flow_options/rms_enterprise-sender_side_split_flows/ to bdi-process-home/setup-data/dsl/flows-in-scope.
   For RFI integration, users should copy the flows manually from bdi-process-home/setup-data/dsl/available_process_flow_options/reim_rfi-no_split_flows/ to bdi-process-home/setup-data/dsl/flows-in-scope, for example: cp bdi-process-home/setup-data/dsl/available_process_flow_options/reim_rfi-no_split_flows/* bdi-process-home/setup-data/dsl/flows-in-scope/
15. Login to Process Flow and make sure no errors are displayed in any of the pages.
Installation Prerequisites

The BDI Batch Scheduler supports the same tech stack and platform specifications as given in prior section in this installation guide. The following infrastructure is required for Scheduler application installation.

Preparing for Installation

- Before starting the installation, make sure a database schema has been created for the Scheduler application.
- Ensure that the WebLogic server where the scheduler application will be deployed is up and running.
- Download the BDI scheduler installer archive: BdiScheduler16.0.030ForAll16.x.xApps_eng_ga.zip
- Unzip/extract the archive to a target directory to run the installer. The bdi-scheduler-home directory will be created under the target directory with the artifacts.
- The following is part of the directory structure and artifacts that are extracted from the archive (not the complete list shown below).

```
    bdi-scheduler-home
    |   - - - - - - bin
    |   |   - - - - - bdi-scheduler-deployer.sh
    |   - - - - - conf
    |   |   - - - - - bdi-scheduler-admin-deployment-env-info.json
    |   |   - - - - - security
    |   - - - - - setup-data
    |   |   - - - - - ddl
    |   |   |   - - - - - migration
    |   |   |   - - - - - -<Schedule>_Action.sch files.
    |   |   - - - - - dml
    |   |   |   - - - - - seed_data.sql
    |   |   - - - - - dsl
    |   - - - - -<Schedule>_<----migrate-schema-from-16.0.0.28-to-16.0.0.30.sql
```

Note: Any seed data schedule definition can be edited if required using the seed_data.sql file. To add a new schedule at the time of deployment, edit seed_data.sql to include an insert statement for the new schedule definition and add the corresponding <ScheduleName>_Action.sch file in the /setup-data/dsl directory.

To configure valid Email Recipients for Schedule email notifications, update seed data located in bdi-scheduler-home/setup-data/dml/seed_data.sql. By default value is admin@example.com in BDI_SCHEDULE_DEFINITION.

For more details, refer to the Oracle Retail Bulk Data Integration Implementation Guide.

### Deploying Scheduler Application

1. Edit bdi-scheduler-admin-deployment-env-info.json (in bdi-scheduler-home/conf directory) with corresponding values matching the target deployment environment. Update the values of the following configuration properties.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Configuration Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DataSourceDef -&gt; SchedulerAdminDataSource -&gt; jdbcUrl</td>
<td>JDBC URL of the scheduler database schema</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MiddlewareServerDef -&gt; SchedulerAdminAppServer -&gt; weblogicDomainName</td>
<td>Name of the WebLogic domain where the scheduler application is deployed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MiddlewareServerDef -&gt; SchedulerAdminAppServer -&gt; weblogicDomainHome</td>
<td>WebLogic Domain home directory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MiddlewareServerDef -&gt; SchedulerAdminAppServer-&gt;weblogicDomainAdminServerProtocol</td>
<td>By default the protocol is t3 and if configured to SSL then update to t3s.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MiddlewareServerDef -&gt; SchedulerAdminAppServer -&gt; weblogicDomainAdminServerUrl</td>
<td>WebLogic Admin server URL. Example: t3://&lt;serverHostName&gt;:8001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MiddlewareServerDef -&gt; SchedulerAdminAppServer -&gt; weblogicDomainAdminServerHost</td>
<td>Host name of WebLogic Admin server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MiddlewareServerDef -&gt; SchedulerAdminAppServer -&gt; weblogicDomainAdminServerPort</td>
<td>WebLogic Admin server port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MiddlewareServerDef -&gt; SchedulerAdminAppServer -&gt; weblogicDomainTargetManagedServerName</td>
<td>Managed Server name where the Scheduler application is deployed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MiddlewareServerDef -&gt; SchedulerAdminAppServer -&gt; schedulerAdminUiUrl</td>
<td>Scheduler Admin app URL. http://&lt;serverHostName&gt;:&lt;managed server port&gt;/bdi-scheduler</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Verifying Installation

Perform the following procedure to verify the BDI Batch Scheduler installation:

1. Verify that the deployer script has run successfully with no error. The scheduler application would have been deployed to the target environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Configuration Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MiddlewareServerDef -&gt; ProcessFlowAdminAppServer -&gt; processFlowAdminUiUrl</td>
<td>BDI Process Flow app base URL. This URL will be used by the scheduler to connect to the process flow app to call process flows. Example: http://&lt;serverHostName&gt;:8001/bdi-process-flow</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. If you are migrating from the previous version, run the migration script provided in the "setup-data/ddl/migration" folder. For example, the script "migrate-schema-from-16.0.028-to-16.0.030.sql" migrates the database schema from 16.0.028 to 16.0.030. For migrating from older version, the user needs to run the migration scripts incrementally.

3. Run the deployer script from the bdi-scheduler-home/bin directory. Use the -setup-credentials option to setup necessary credentials for the application and deploy.

   `bdi-scheduler-admin-deployer.sh -setup-credentials -deploy-scheduler-admin-app`

   The deployer will prompt credentials for the following user aliases to be configured. Enter the corresponding username and password as required for each alias.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alias Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>bdiAppServerAdminServerUserAlias</td>
<td>WebLogic admin server credentials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bdiSchedulerAdminUiUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for the user with Admin Role for Scheduler Admin app</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bdiSchedulerOperatorUiUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for the user with Operator Role for Scheduler Admin app</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bdiSchedulerMonitorUiUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials for the user with Monitor Role for Scheduler Admin app</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bdiSchedulerAdminDataSourceUserAlias</td>
<td>Datasource credentials to connect to the Scheduler database schema</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>processFlowAdminBaseUrlUserAlias</td>
<td>Credentials of the process flow admin app</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. If you have already configured the credentials and can use the same credentials (typically when redeploying the app), you can run the deployer with the -use-existing-credentials option as follows, and you will not be prompted for the credentials again for the deployment.

   `bdi-scheduler-admin-deployer.sh -use-existing-credentials -deploy-scheduler-admin-app`

5. Restrict access to the bdi-scheduler-home folder:

   `cd bdi-scheduler-home`

   `chmod -R 700`
2. Launch the Scheduler admin app via the URL - http://<host>:<port>/bdi-scheduler/

3. Verify you are able to access the URL by logging in using the admin or operator role.

4. Verify that the list of schedules (created from seed data) is displayed in 'Manage Schedules' page of the app.

5. Ensure that all the schedules are in 'Active' status.

6. A schedule can be in 'Disabled' status if no schedule action is loaded for the corresponding schedule or if the schedule action contains any forbidden keyword. The user needs to correct the schedule action and enable the schedule. For more details on this, please refer to the Oracle Retail Bulk Data Integration Implementation Guide.

Enabling Email Notification Alerts

Scheduler can send email alerts upon success or failure of schedule executions as specified in the schedule definitions. Email Recipients can be set in BDI_SCHEDULE_DEFINITION table at deployment time. The following configuration is required for Scheduler email notification.

Mail Session configuration in WebLogic, for scheduler email notification:

1. Go to the WebLogic Admin console of the environment where the scheduler app is deployed.

2. Navigate to Services -> Mail Sessions.

3. Select 'New' to create a new mail session.

4. Enter the following details:
   - **Name**: BdISchedulerMailSession
   - **JNDI name**: mail/BdISchedulerMailSession
   - **Session Username**: A valid email id, preferably email-id of an administrator.
   - **Session password**: The password for the above email id.

5. Enter the following in the JavaMail properties:
   - `mail.smtp.ssl.enable=true`
   - `mail.smtp.auth=true`
Scheduler Upgrade Steps

1. Stop the Scheduler managed server.

2. Download the BdiScheduler16.0.030ForAll16.x.xApps_eng_ga.zip from the RTG Wiki and extract.

3. Login to the box. Go to the bdi-scheduler-home directory where the migration scripts are present. (Example: /bdi-scheduler-home/setup-data/ddl/migration)

4. Using SqlPlus, login to the Scheduler schema configured to BdiSchedulerAdminDataSource. (Note: Make sure ORACLE_HOME is set.)

5. Run the following migration script. (Example: SQL>
   @migrate-schema-from-16.0.028-to-16.0.030.sql )

6. Make sure that no error occurred after running the migration script.

7. Start the Scheduler managed server.

8. Login to the Scheduler Application. (Example: http://host:17013/bdi-scheduler.)

9. Go to Manage Configurations -> System Options and make following changes.
   LOADSEEDDATA = TRUE

10. Login to the WLS Console and delete the existing Scheduler Application.

11. Deploy the Scheduler Application. See Deploying Scheduler Application.


13. Login to Scheduler and make sure no errors are displayed in any of the pages.

mail.smtp.ssl.trust=<company’s smtp mail server host name>
mail.smtp.port=<mail server smtps port, typically is 465>
mail.transport.protocol=smtps
mail.smtp.host=<company’s smtp mail server host name>
mail.from=<A valid email-id for ‘from email address’ when email is sent>
mail.to(Optional)=<List of valid recipients email-ids>

Web Session Mail.to property is used if no recipients set in BDI_SCHEDULE DEFINITION table.

Recipients can also be set from Manage Schedule tab in the Scheduler Application.

6. Click Next. In the Mail Session Targets, select the managed server where the scheduler application is deployed.

7. Finish creating the mail session.

Note: For more information on configuring Mail sessions on WebLogic, see the Oracle® WebLogic Administrator’s Guide 12c Release.
Modern business application requirements are classified by the abilities that the system must provide. This list of abilities such as availability, scalability, reliability, audit ability, recoverability, portability, manageability, and maintainability determine the success or failure of a business.

With a clustered system many of these business requirement abilities gets addressed without having to do lots of development work within the business application. Clustering directly addresses availability, scalability, recoverability requirements which are very attractive to a business. In reality though it is a tradeoff, clustered system increases complexity, is normally more difficult to manage and secure, so one should evaluate the pros and cons before deciding to use clustering.

Oracle provides many clustering solutions and options; those relevant to BDI are Oracle database cluster (RAC) and WebLogic Server clusters.

**Scaling BDI**

BDI needs to be scaled horizontally to handle large number of concurrent jobs. Single instances of Scheduler and Process Flow can be used since they are not resource intensive. Job Admin can be very resource intensive. To handle large number of concurrent jobs, multiple instances of Job Admin can be used to distribute jobs. WebLogic Server cluster that consists of multiple managed server instances provide horizontal scalability for Job Admin.

**BDI on Cluster**

As recommended above, for scaling BDI for large number of jobs, BDI components should be deployed to cluster. Following are some considerations to be taken into account when deploying BDI on cluster.

**Logging**

**Issue**

The "System Logs" tab in Scheduler, Process Flow, and Job Admin UIs show only logs from the server that UI is connected to.

**Solution**

Use a common log directory for each of the BDI components. BDI components use the following directory structure for creating log files.

$DOMAIN_HOME/logs/<server name>/<app name>
Example

$DOMAIN_HOME/logs/server1/rms-job-admin.war
$DOMAIN_HOME/logs/server2/rms-job-admin.war

1. Create a common log directory (e.g. /home/logs/jobadmin) for each BDI application.

2. Create symbolic links to the common log directory for each server using the below command from $DOMAIN_HOME/logs directory.

   ln -s /home/logs/jobadmin
   server1/rms-job-admin.war
   ln -s /home/logs/jobadmin
   server2/rms-job-admin.war

3. If the directory $DOMAIN_HOME/logs/<server>/<app> already exists, it needs to be deleted before symbolic link is created.

4. App needs to be restarted after symbolic link is created.

When WebLogic managed servers are in different machines a shared network disk has to be used.

---

**Update Log Level**

**Issue**

When log level is updated through UI or REST end point, it updates the log level only on the server it is connected to.

**Solution**

Log level needs to be updated through the URL of all the nodes in the cluster using UI or REST endpoint.

Example

resources/system-setting/system-logs

---

**Create/Update/Delete System Options**

**Issue**

When system options are created/updated/deleted using UI or REST end point, the changes are reflected only on the server that client is connected to.

**Solution**

The reset-cache REST endpoint needs to be invoked on the other nodes in the cluster for that application in BDI.

Example

http://server1:port1/bdi-rms-batch-job-admin/ resources/system-setting/reset-cache

Use curl command to reset cache as:

```
curl --user userId:password -i -X POST -H "Content-Type:application.json"
http://server1:port1/rms-batch-job-admin/resources/system-setting/reset-cache
```
Create/Update/Delete System Credentials

Issue
When system credentials are created/updated/deleted using REST endpoint, the credentials are created/updated/deleted only on the server that client is connected to.

Solution
The REST endpoint that creates/updates/deletes credentials need to be invoked on all the nodes in the cluster for that application in BDI.

Example
http://server1:port1/rms-batch-job-admin/resources/system-setting/system-credentials

Use curl command to create credentials on other nodes in the cluster as:

curl --user userId:password -i -X PUT -H "Content-Type:application/json" http://server1:port1/bdi-rms-batch-job-admin/resources/system-setting/system-credentials -d '{"userAlias":"rmsappJobAdminBaseUrlUserAlias", "userName":"rmsjobadmin","userPassword":"xyzxyz"}'

Use curl command to update credentials on other nodes in the cluster as:

curl --user userId:password -i -X POST -H "Content-Type:application/json" http://server1:port1/bdi-rms-batch-job-admin/resources/system-setting/system-credentials -d '{"userAlias":" reimappJobAdminBaseUrlUserAlias", "userName":"reimjobadmin","userPassword":"wwwqqqq"}'

Use curl command to delete credentials on other nodes in the cluster as:

curl --user userId:password -i -X DELETE -H "Content-Type:application/json" http://server1:port1/bdi-rms-batch-job-admin/resources/system-setting/system-credentials -d '{"key":"rmsappJobAdminBaseUrl"}'

Scheduler Configuration Changes for Cluster

Perform the following procedure to cluster the Job Scheduler Data Source:

1. Two data sources need to be created for scheduler on cluster in the Admin Console.
   - Create a non-XA data source (SchedulerTimerDs) pointing to the schema that contains the WEBLOGIC_TIMERS table. This is the schema with the WLS suffix, created using RCU.
     Specify this schema in the scheduling tab of cluster configuration in WebLogic console.
   - Create a non-XA data source (SchedulerRuntimeDs) pointing to schema that contains ACTIVE table. This is the schema with the WLS_RUNTIME suffix, created using RCU.
     Specify this schema in the Migration tab of cluster configuration in the WebLogic console.

Perform the following steps to configure the data sources:

a. Specify the data source for schedule timers in the Admin Console.
b. Login to Admin Console.
c. Click Lock & Edit (For Production Mode only).
d. Click Environment -> Clusters.
e. Click the cluster name.
f. Click Scheduling.
g. Select SchedulerTimerDs for the Data Source For Job Scheduler field.
h. Click Save.
i. Click Migration.
j. Select Migration Basis: DataBase, and Data Source For Automatic Migration: SchedulerRuntimeDs.
k. Click Save.
l. Verify Auto Migration Table Name populated with ACTIVE.
m. Click Activate Changes.

2. Update the weblogic-ejb-jar.xml in WEB-INF folder of the bdi-scheduler-ui-<version>.war in <bdi-home>/dist folder with the contents shown (The entry in red is the change from the existing contents of the file)

Instructions to update
a. cd dist
b. jar xf bdi-scheduler-ui-<version>.war WEB-INF/weblogic-ejb-jar.xml
c. Update the WEB-INF/weblogic-ejb-jar.xml with the contents below
d. jar uf bdi-scheduler-ui-<version>.war WEB-INF/weblogic-ejb-jar.xml
e. Delete dist/WEB-INF folder
f. Deploy the scheduler application

```
<weblogic-ejb-jar xmlns="http://xmlns.oracle.com/weblogic/weblogic-ejb-jar"
                   xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
  <security-role-assignment>
    <role-name>AdminRole</role-name>
    <principal-name>BdiSchedulerAdminGroup</principal-name>
  </security-role-assignment>

  <security-role-assignment>
    <role-name>OperatorRole</role-name>
    <principal-name>BdiSchedulerOperatorGroup</principal-name>
  </security-role-assignment>

  <security-role-assignment>
    <role-name>MonitorRole</role-name>
    <principal-name>BdiSchedulerMonitorGroup</principal-name>
  </security-role-assignment>

  <timer-implementation>Clustered</timer-implementation>
</weblogic-ejb-jar>
```
In 16.0.030 version, to accelerate the application performance, following indexes are newly created on the listed tables in JobAdmin, Processflow and SchedulerAdmin applications.

**Process Flow Admin**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table Name</th>
<th>Index Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BDI_ACTIVITY_EXEC_INSTANCE</td>
<td>INDEX_ACTIVITY_EXEC_INSTANCE_1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BDI_PROCESS_EXEC_INSTANCE</td>
<td>INDEX_PROCESS_EXECUTION_1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>INDEX_PROCESS_EXECUTION_2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>INDEX_PROCESS_EXECUTION_3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BDI_PROCESS_CALL_STACK</td>
<td>INDEX_PROCESS_CALL_STACK_1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>INDEX_PROCESS_CALL_STACK_2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Scheduler Admin**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table Name</th>
<th>Index Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BDI_SCHEDULE_EXECUTION</td>
<td>INDEX_SCHEDULE_EXEC_1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>INDEX_SCHEDULE_EXEC_2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>INDEX_SCHEDULE_EXEC_3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>INDEX_SCHEDULE_EXEC_4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Job Admin**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table Name</th>
<th>Index Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BDI_DWNLDR_IFACE_MOD_DATA_CTL</td>
<td>INDEX_DNLDR_IFACE_MD_DAT_CL_1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>INDEX_DNLDR_IFACE_MD_DAT_CL_2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>INDEX_DNLDR_IFACE_MD_DAT_CL_3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BDI_DWNLDR_TRNSMITR_EXE_DSET</td>
<td>INDEX_DT_TRANSMITR_EXE_DSET_1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>INDEX_DT_TRANSMITR_EXE_DSET_2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>INDEX_DT_TRANSMITR_EXE_DSET_3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>INDEX_DT_TRANSMITR_EXE_DSET_4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
During migration from 16.0.025 to 16.0.030, to accommodate for the above-created indexes run the following SQL scripts against respective schemas as listed below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table Name</th>
<th>Index Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BDI_UPLOADER_TRANSACTION</td>
<td>INDX_UPLOADER_TRANSACTION_1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>INDX_UPLOADER_TRANSACTION_2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BDI_RECEIVER_TRANSACTION</td>
<td>INDX_RECV_TRANSACTION_1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BDI_RECEIVER_TRANSMISSION</td>
<td>INDX_RECEIVER_TRANSMISSION_1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BDI_UPLOADER_IFACE_MOD_DATA_CTL</td>
<td>INDX_UPLDR_IFACE_MD_DAT_CL_1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>INDX_UPLDR_IFACE_MD_DAT_CL_2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BDI_UPLOADER_EXE_DATASET</td>
<td>INDX_UPLOADER_EXE_DATASET_1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>INDX_UPLOADER_EXE_DATASET_2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** If both integration schema and receiver schema are same, do not run the migration script twice from bdi-<edge>-<app>-job-home/setup-data/ddl/migration.

If both schemas are different, the user may see the "SQL Error: ORA-00942: table or view does not exist" for the table that does not exist on that schema.

For migrating from any version older than 16.0.025, the user needs to run the migration scripts incrementally.
Appendix: Integrating BDI-RMS with External Applications

This section provides guideline for integrating External application with RMS using BDI.

Installation Instructions

1. Additional entries are to be added in BDI-RMS configuration file to integrate bdi-rms with bdi-external.

   
   ```
cd bdi-edge-rms-job-home/conf
vi bdi-job-admin-deployment-env-info.json
For eg:
*RemoteJobAdminAppServers*:

  "SIMJobAdminAppServer",
  "SimJobAdminAppServer",
  "RfiJobAdminAppServer",
  "ExternalJobAdminAppServer"

```

3. Then add ExternalJobAdminAppServer details. For eg:

   ```
   *ExternalJobAdminAppServer*:

   "jobAdminUiUrl": "http://example.com:7001/bdi-external-batch-job-admin",
   "jobAdminUiUserAlias": "externalJobAdminBaseUrlUserAlias",
   "jobAdminUiUser": "GET_FROM_WALLET",
   "jobAdminUiPassword": "GET_FROM_WALLET",

   ```

4. Copy the Job xmls from:

   ```
cd bdi-edge-rms-job-home/setup-data/available-jobs-for-external-app-integration
cp available-jobs-for-external-app-integration/*.xml META-INF/batch-jobs/
```

5. Replace the existing seed data file bdi_rms_seed_data.sql inside folder

   ```
cd bdi-edge-rms-job-home/setup-data/dml
cp available-jobs-for-external-app-integration/setup-data/bdi_rms_seed_data.sql
dml/
```

6. Install bdi-edge-rms application by following instructions in the section Deploying BDI RMS Batch Job Admin on the WebLogic.
7. To Install bdi-external application follow the instruction in the section Deploying BDI Batch Job Admin Application for a Receiver Application.