Liquidity Management Application Setup Oracle Banking Liquidity Management Release 14.0.0.0.0 [November] [2017]





Table of Contents

1.	. WEBLO	OGIC DOMAIN SERVER CONFIGURATION	1-1
	1.1 INT	RODUCTION	1-1
		EPS TO BE FOLLOWED FOR WEBLOGIC DOMAIN SERVER	
2.	. LIQUII	DITY MANAGEMENT APPLICATION CONFIGURATION	2-10
	2.1 INT	RODUCTION	2-10
	2.2 STI	EPS TO BE FOLLOWED FOR CONFIGURATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE CONSOLE	
	2.2.1	Create Managed Server	2-11
	2.2.2	Create Machine	2-13
	2.2.3	Create Data Source	2-15
	2.2.4	Create JMS Server	2-24
	2.2.5	Build Liquidity Managements Executable Files	2-36
	2.2.6	Deploy Liquidity Management Executable Files	
	2.2.7	Start The Server	2-56
	2.2.8	Application User Creation	2-59
	2.2.9	Configure SSL	2-59
	2.2.10	Test Liquidity Management Application	



1. Weblogic Domain Server Configuration

1.1 Introduction

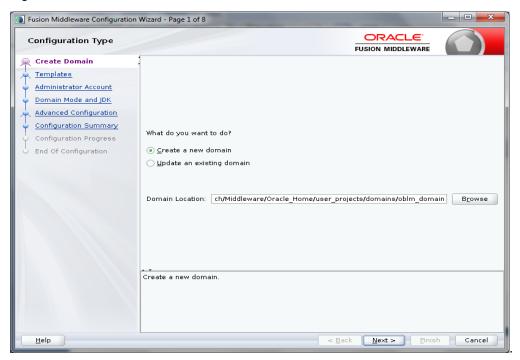
This chapter details out the configuration of Oracle Weblogic Domain server.

Prerequisite: Weblogic Server should be installed.

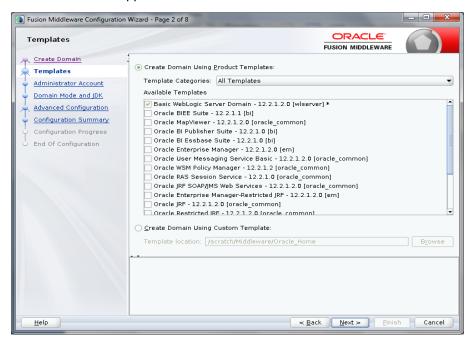
1.2 Steps to be followed for Weblogic Domain Server

To create a new domain

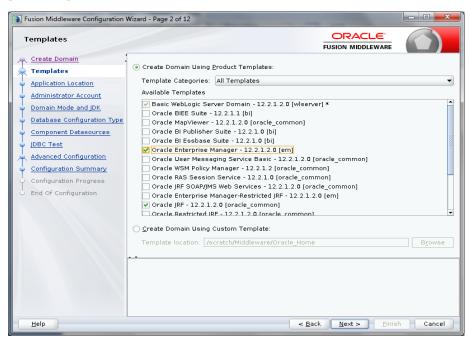
- 1. Open any Linux client e.g. Putty
- 2. Go to Oracle Home path where Weblogic server is installed Eg. /scratch/Middleware/Oracle_Home/oracle_common/common/bin
- 3. Now Execute config.sh,
- 4. Following Screen should appear, Click on **Create Domain** and select Create a new domain e.g. *oblm_domain* and Next.



5. Below Screen will appear



By default Basic Weblogic Server Domain are enabled. Additionally, Choose Oracle Enterprise Manager - 12.2.1.2.0 [em], this in turn will choose Oracle JRF - 12.2.1.2.0[oracle_common] and Weblogic Coherence Cluster Extension - 12.2.1.2.0 [wlserver] and click Next.



7. Following Screen will appear, Review it and Click Next.



In Administrator Account screen enter 'weblogic' in Name box. Enter and confirm any suitable
password and confirm password for Weblogic and click Next. Please remember this User
Name and Password as these will be used in many places.



9. Domain Mode and JDK screen will appear, Now choose either the Development Mode or Production Mode.

While choosing Production Mode, select production under **Domain Mode**

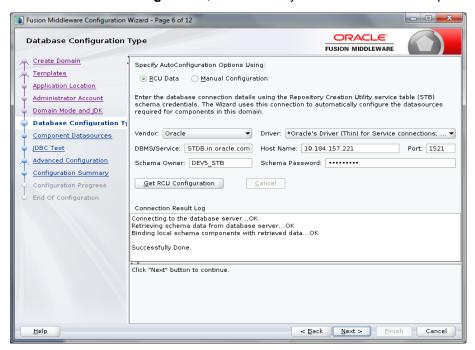


While choosing Development Mode, select Development under **Domain Mode**.

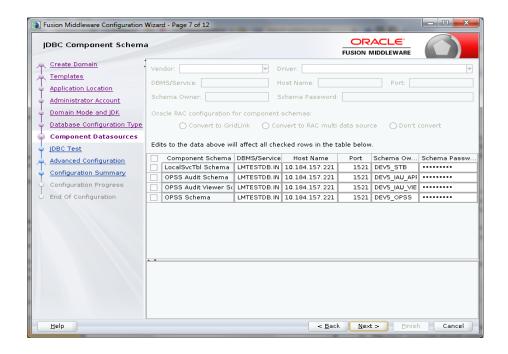


- 10. Database Configuration Type Screen will appear, Select RCU Data. Give the RCU (Repository Creation Utility) Details that you have created already. If not created use the Repository Creation Utility Manual and Create a Schema Owner. Enter the rest of the details as follows:
 - Vendor: Oracle
 - Driver: Oracle's Driver (Thin) for Service connections
 - DBMS/Service: Enter the Service Name of your DB
 - Host Name: Enter the IP address of the system where your DB is installed
 - Port: Enter the Port Number of your DB
 - Schema Owner: Enter the Schema Owner created while RCU setup with suffix _STB.
 Here DEV5 is the Schema Owner, suffix with _STB it will be DEV5_STB as Schema Owner
 - Schema Password: Enter the password as given while creating the RCU

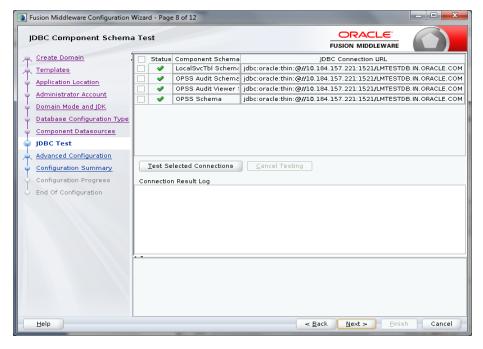
Click on Get RCU Configuration, if successfully done move to Next Step.



11. Now Component Data Sources screen will appear. Following data will appear on the screen. Following data will appear on the screen. Click **Next**.



12. JDBC Test screen will appear. Following data will appear on the screen, review it. Click **Next**.



13. Advanced Configuration screen will appear. Tick in front of Administration Server and click on **Next**.



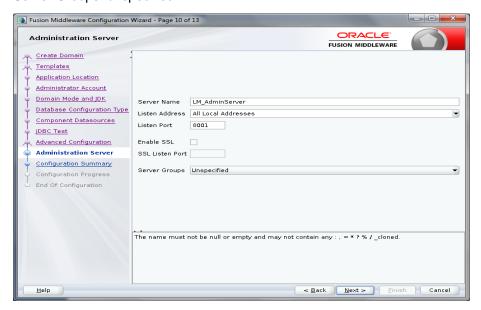
14. Administration Server screen will appear. Give the following details in the screen.

Server Name: LM_AdminServer

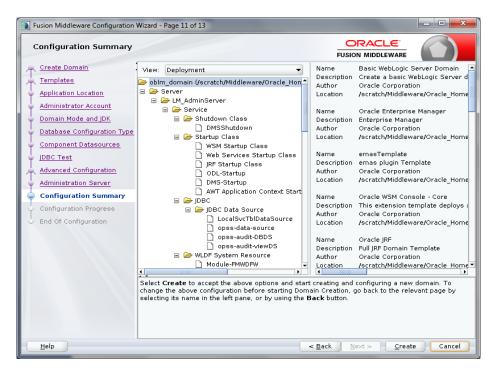
Listen Address: Select 'All Local Addresses'

Listen Port: 8001

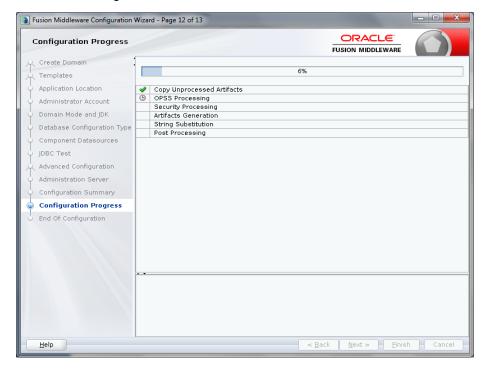
Server Groups: unspecified

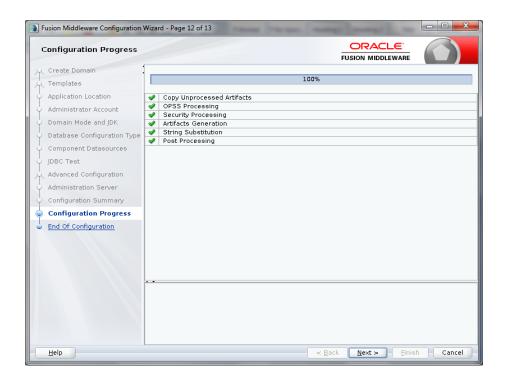


15. Configuration Summary screen will appear. Review and click Create.

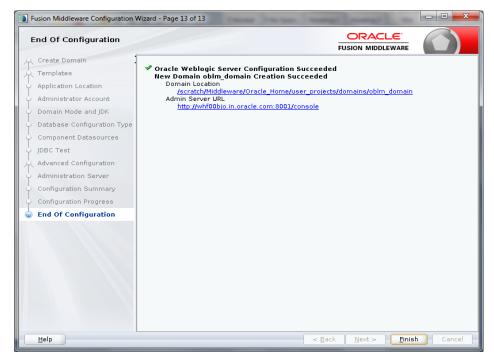


16. Now the following screens will come





17. End of configuration screen will come and click finish.



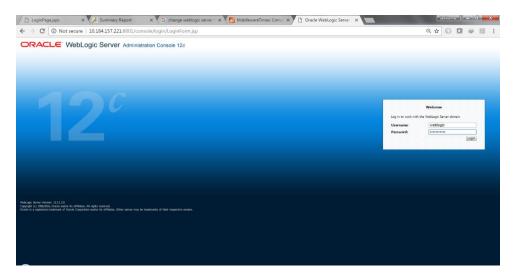
2. Liquidity Management Application Configuration

2.1 Introduction

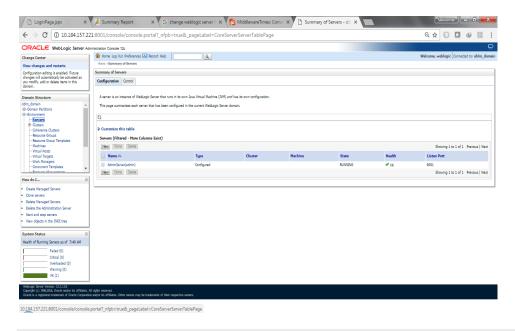
In this part basically, we will do configuration of Weblogic Administrative console.

2.2 <u>Steps to be followed for configuration of Administrative</u> console

1. Give the credential in the console page that you have set in Administrator Account screen.



2. Now we can see home screen. In home screen in the left side you will find Domain Structure column. Go to Environment and click on sever under that.



2.2.1 Create Managed Server

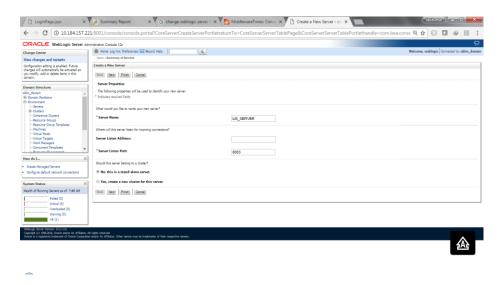
1. Click on **New** to create a new server.

Enter the following details.

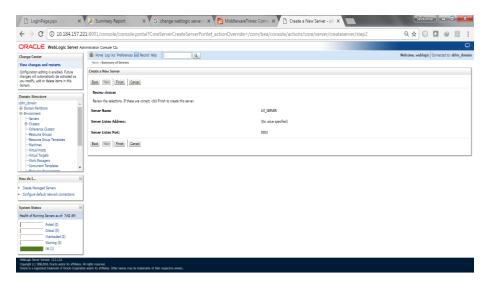
Server Name: LM_SERVER

Server Listen Port: 8003

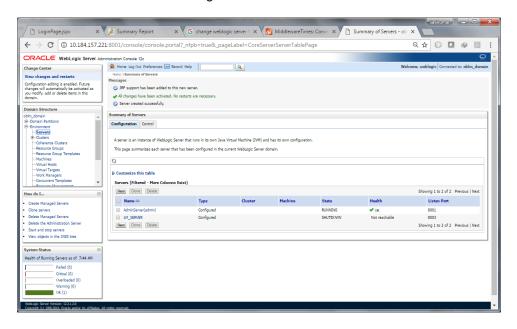
Leave other fields as it is.



2. Click Next. The following screen will come.

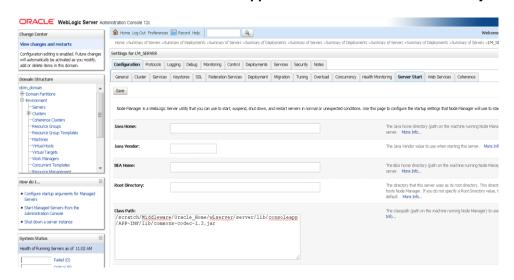


3. Click on finish. The following screen will come.



4. Click LM_SERVER, Under Configuration click the Server Start Menu,

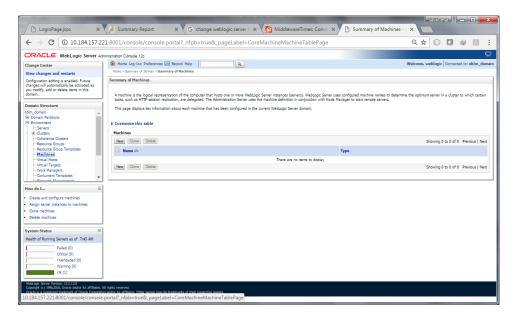
In Class Path field add the following Jar path /<<weblogic home>>/wlserver/server/lib/consoleapp/APP-INF/lib/commons-codec-1.3.jar



Click on Save.

2.2.2 Create Machine

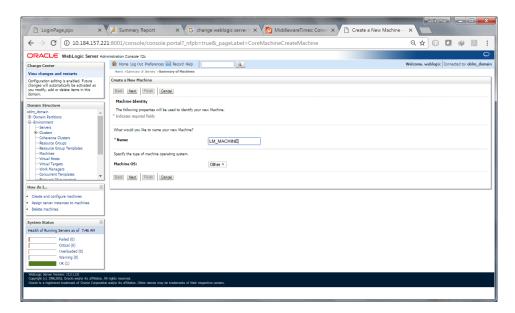
1. Under Environment click on Machine then following screen will come. Click on New.



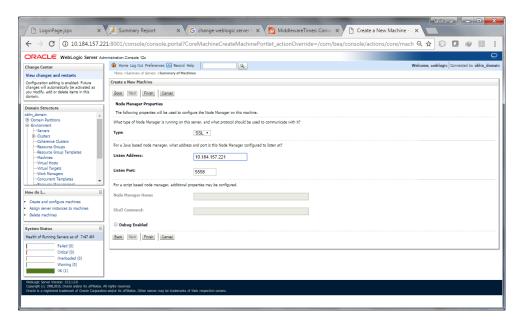
2. Give the following details.

Name: LM_MACHINE

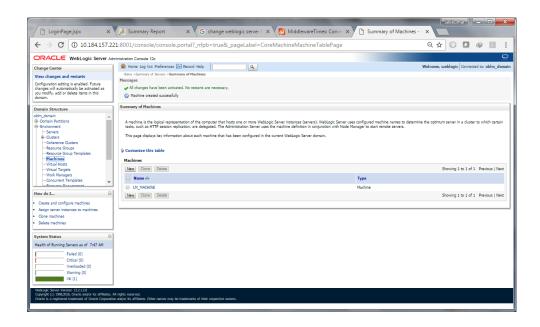
Machine OS: others



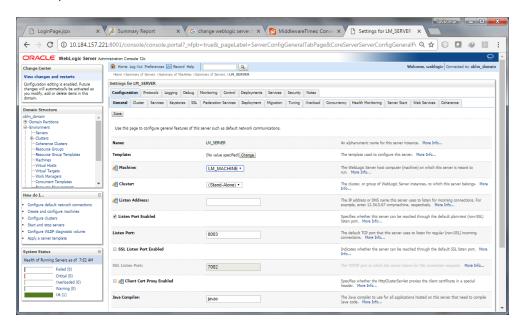
 Click on Next. Enter "localhost" or the I.P. Address of the system as Listen Address. Click on Finish.



4. LM_Machine is created



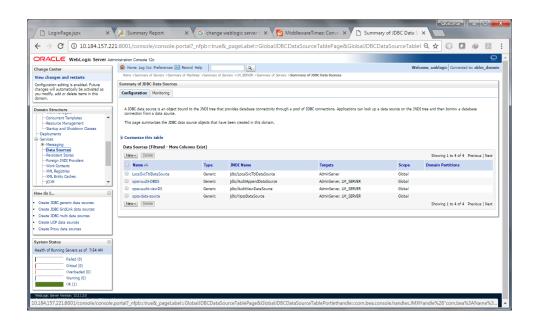
5. Map LM_SERVER to LM_MACHINE



2.2.3 Create Data Source

2.2.3.1 Create LM Data source

1. Click on the Data Sources under Services



- 2. Click on New and select Generic Data Source
- 3. Give the below details:

Give the JDBC Data Source Properties

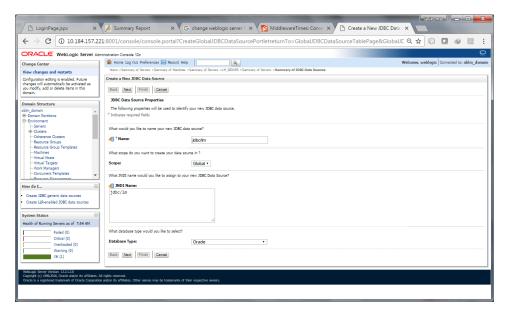
Name: jdbc/lm (Same name has to be maintained)

Scope: Global

JNDI Name: jdbc/lm (Same name has to be maintained)

Database Type: Oracle

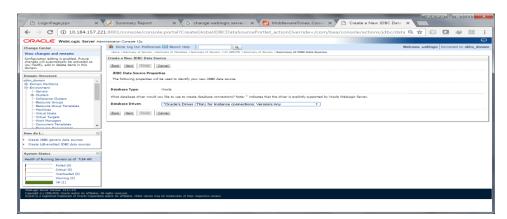
Note: Since all the **persistance.xml** and **fcubs.properties** files are referring to the above mentioned JNDI Name, It is recommended not to use any other JNDI Name.



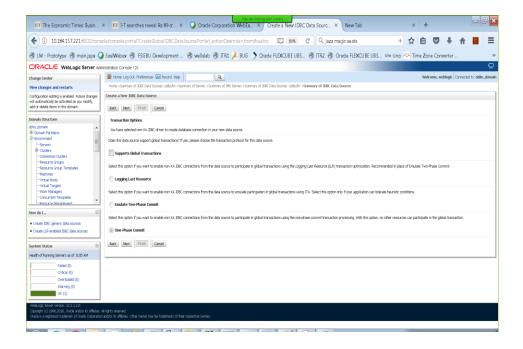
4. Choose Database Driver as Oracle's Driver (Thin) for instance Connections; Version: Any

For Constant Databases(CDB) follow Step 3 - Step 7

For Pluggable Database(PDB) follow Step 8 – Step 12



5. Un-check Supports global transactions



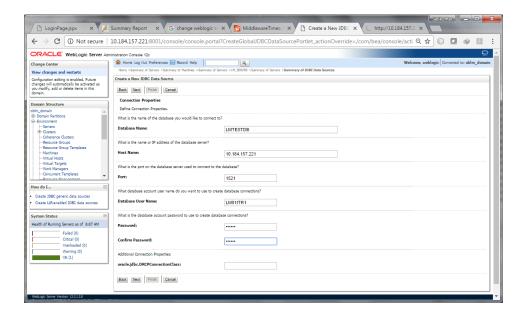
6. Give the Connection Properties, Example below

Database Name: LMTESTDB Host Name: 10.184.157.221

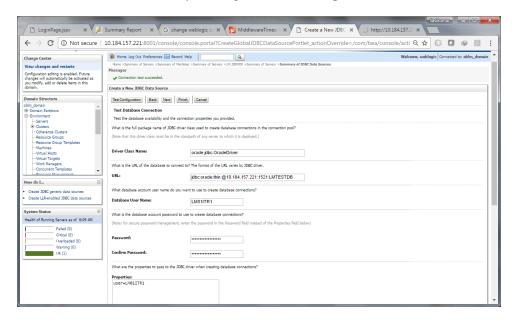
Port: **1521**

Database User Name: LM01ITR1

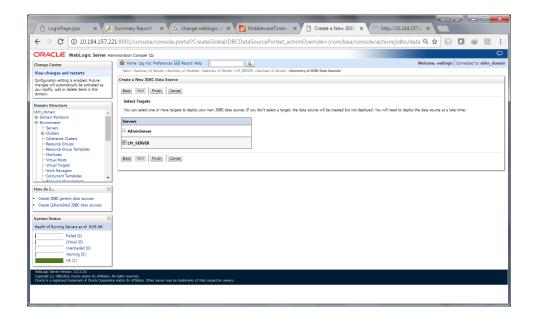
Password: LMDB

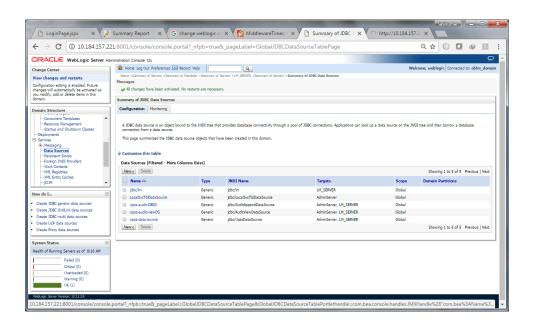


7. Test Database Connection by clicking the **Test Configuration** button.

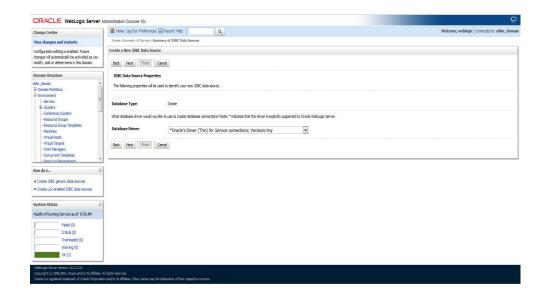


8. Click **Next** and Choose the **Target Server** and Click **Finish** button.

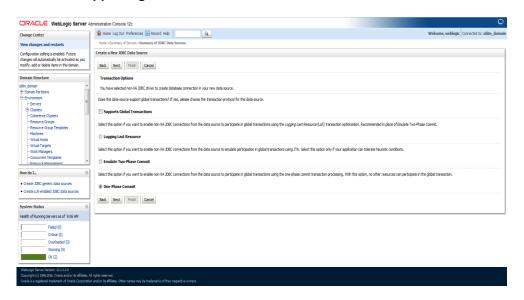




9. Choose Database Driver as Oracle's Driver (Thin) for service Connections; Version: Any



10.Un-check Supports global transactions



11. Give the Connection Properties, Example below

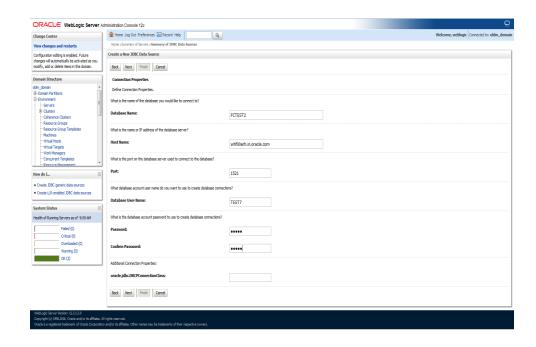
Database Name: FCTEST2

Host Name: whf00arh.in.oracle.com

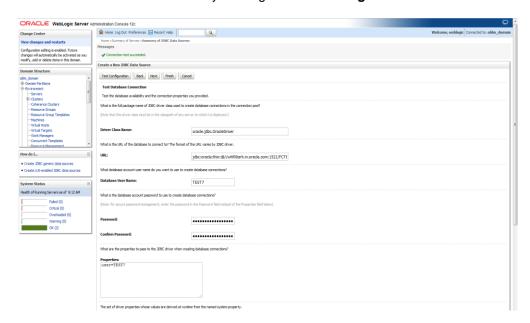
Port: 1521

Database User Name: TEST7

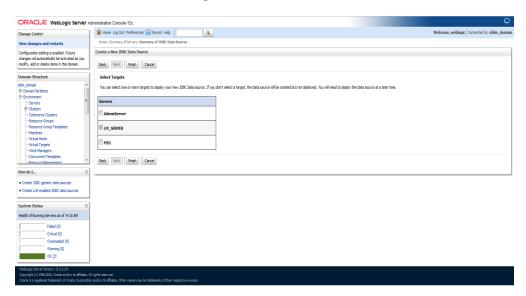
Password: TEST7

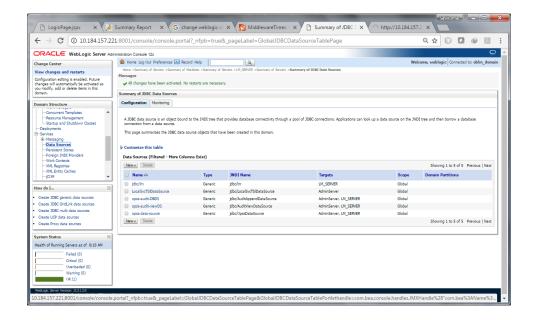


11. Test Database Connection by clicking the **Test Configuration** button.



12. Click **Next** and Choose the **Target Server** and Click **Finish** button.





Create FLEXCUBE DDA data source following the same steps mentioned above.

1. Create a new Data Source as mentioned in above section using below details.

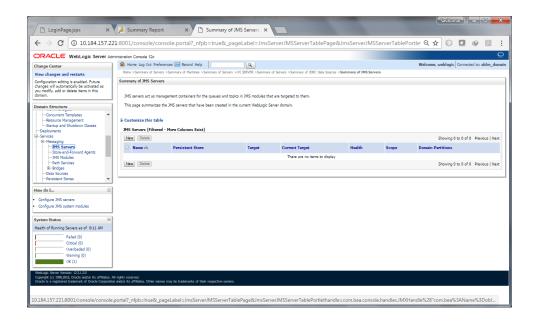
Give the JDBC Data Source Properties

Name: jdbc/fcjdevDS Scope: Global

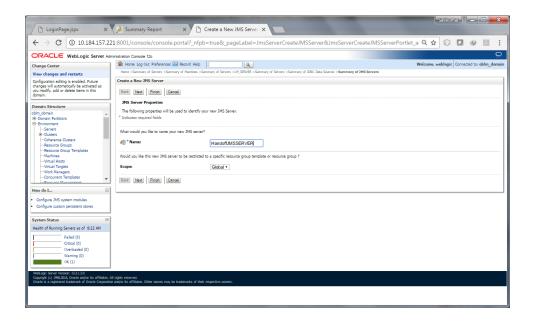
JNDI Name: jdbc/fcjdevDS Database Type: Oracle

2.2.4 Create JMS Server

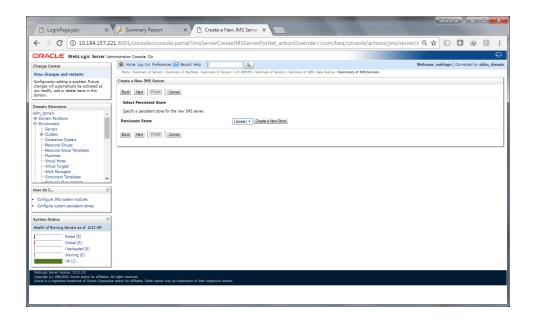
1. Create a New JMS Server



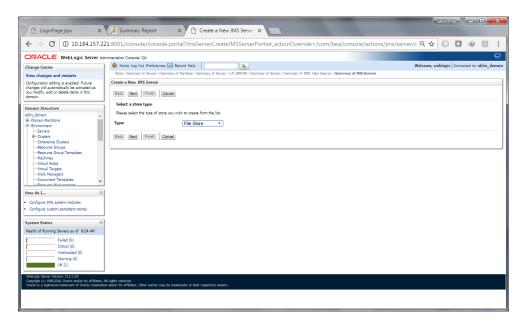
2. Give the JMS Server Properties as below



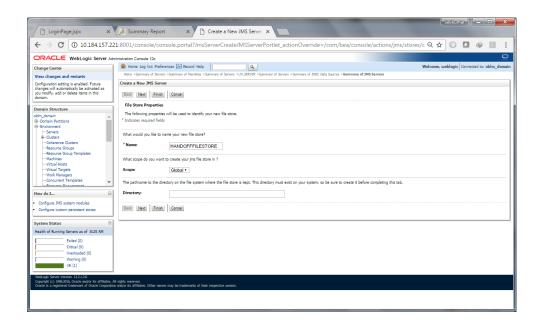
3. Create a New Persistent Store



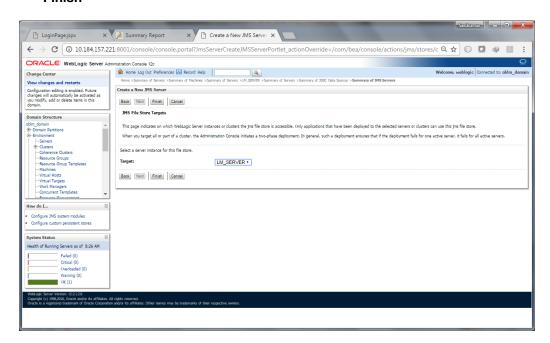
4. Choose **File Store** from the list



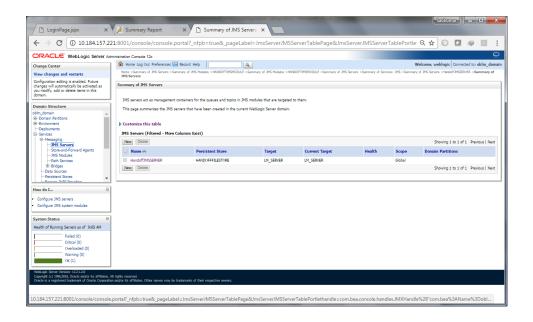
5. Set the File Store Properties as below



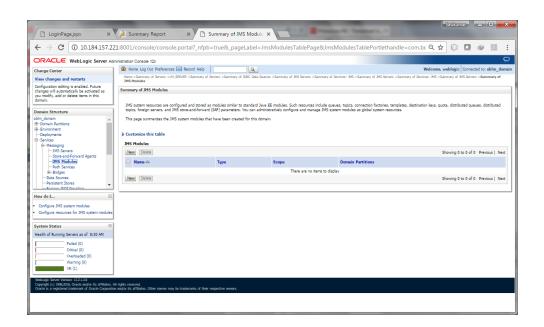
Choose the Target as the Server that we have created, Example: LM_SERVER and Click Finish



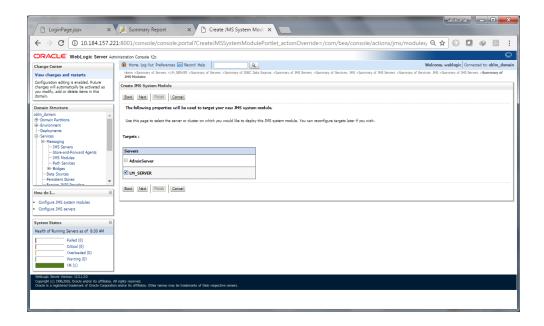
7. **JMS Server** is created



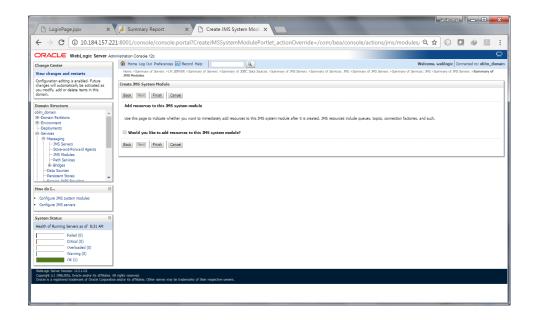
8. Create a New JMS Module



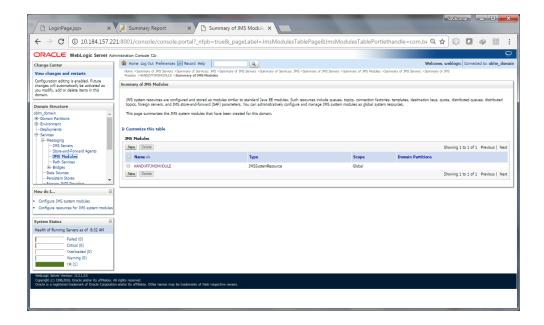
9. Choose the Target Server, Example: LM_SERVER and Click Next



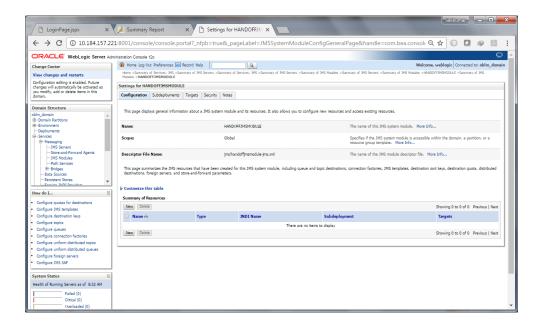
10. Click Finish



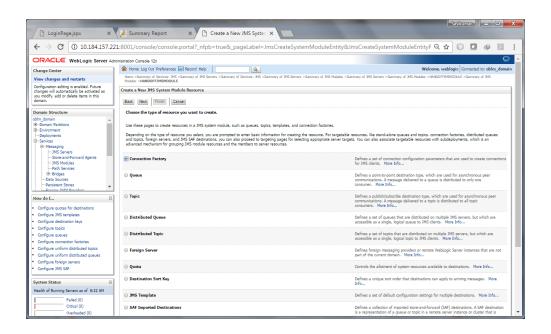
11. Click the JMS Module that we created just now



12. Create a New Resource



13. Create a Connection Factory

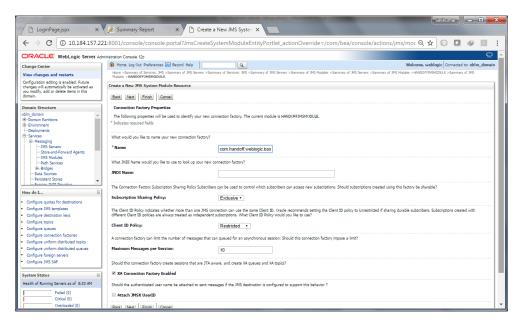


14. Set the Connection Factory Properties as Below

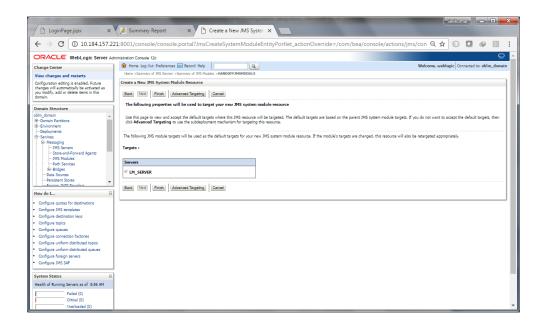
Name: com.handoff.weblogic.base.cf

JNDI Name: com.handoff.weblogic.base.cf

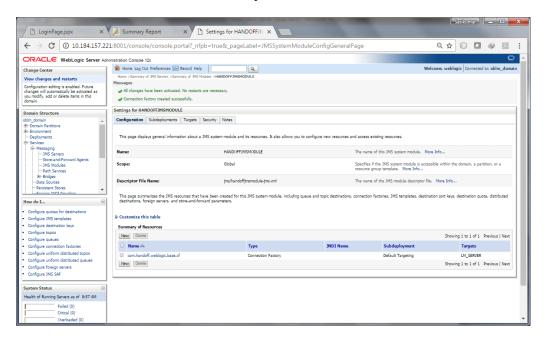
Remaining details give as below and Click Next



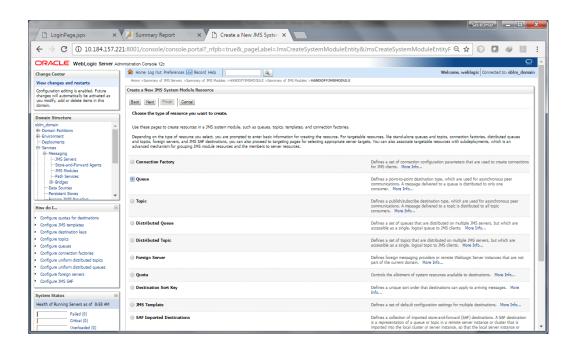
15. Choose the Target Server, Example: LM_SERVER and Click Finish



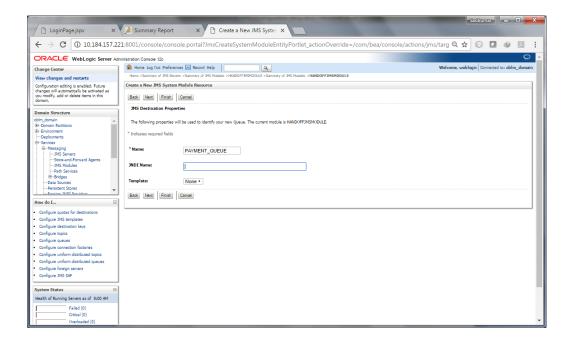
16. We can see the **Connection Factory** Created.



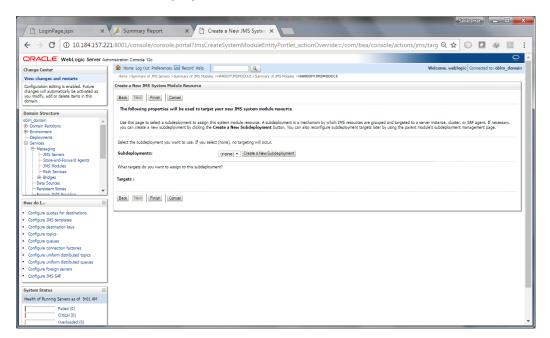
17. Create a New Queue, Click New and Choose Queue



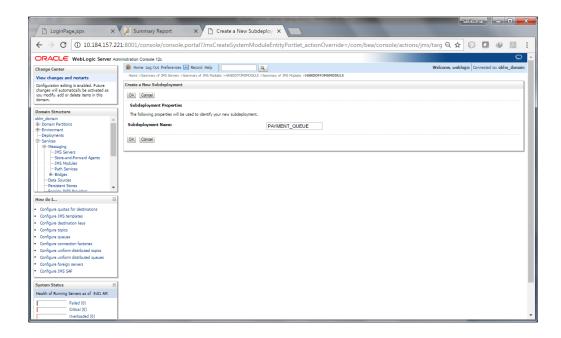
18. Give the Name as **PAYMENT_QUEUE**



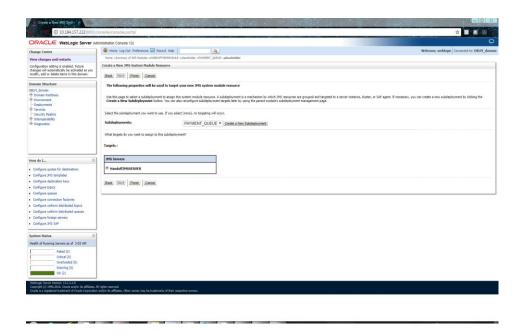
19. Create a New Sub-deployment



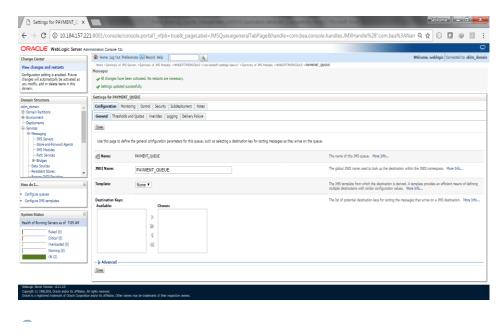
20. Set the Sub-deployment Properties as below and Click Ok



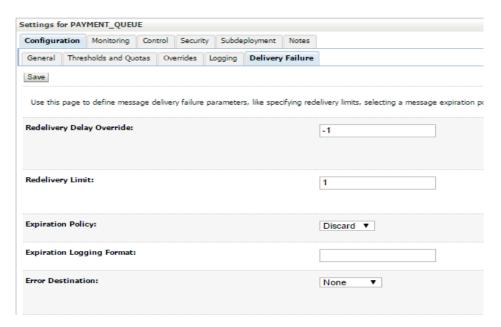
21. Choose the **Sub-deployment** and Select the **HandoffJMSSERVER** as Target and Click **Finish**



22. Set JNDI Name for the PAYMENT_QUEUE as PAYMENT_QUEUE



23. Set Redelivery Limit to 1 under Delivery Failure tab of PAYMENT_QUEUE



2.2.5 <u>Build Liquidity Managements Executable Files</u>

1. Edit HostConfig.properties file

Go to the below folder

("...\HostWorkspace\host12.2.1\Common\com.ofss.glm.config\src\com\ofss\glm\config\proper ties") of the OSDC Package and Open **HostConfig.properties** and edit the below values:

Protocol = http or https based on the protocol setting of the server

Host = Host Name or IP of the Server that is Listening Address

Port = Listening Port of the managed server (LM_SERVER)

**Note: Create folder as mentioned in LOG_PATH variable

Folder

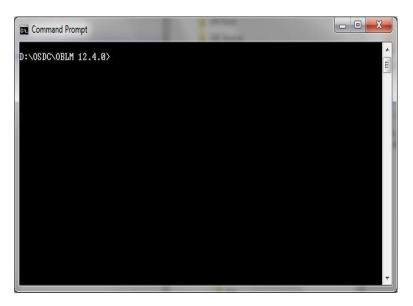
D:\OSDC\OBLM 12.4\HostWorkspace\host12.2.1\Common\com.ofss.glm.config\src\com\ofss\glm\config\properties

File Name: HostConfig.properties

```
protocol=https
host = 10.184.157.222
port = 7004
appurl = /GLMServices/Proxies
DEBUG = Y
LOG_PATH=/scratch/oracle/LM_LOG/LMLog.log
crcsetup_create = /CountrySetupApplicationServiceProxy/create
crcsetup_read = /CountrySetupApplicationServiceProxy/fetch
crcsetup_update = /CountrySetupApplicationServiceProxy/update
crcsetup_delete = /CountrySetupApplicationServiceProxy/delete
crcsetup_bulkupload = /CountrySetupApplicationServiceProxy/bulkUpload
crcsetup_countrylist = /CountrySetupApplicationServiceProxy/fetchAllCountries
crcsetup_regionlist = /CountrySetupApplicationServiceProxy/fetchAllRegions
crcsetup_lmcountrylist = /CountrySetupApplicationServiceProxy/fetchCountriesCode
```

crossbordersetup_create = /CrossBorderSetupApplicationServiceProxy/create crossbordersetup_read = /CrossBorderSetupApplicationServiceProxy/fetch crossbordersetup_update = /CrossBorderSetupApplicationServiceProxy/update crossbordersetup_delete = /CrossBorderSetupApplicationServiceProxy/delete

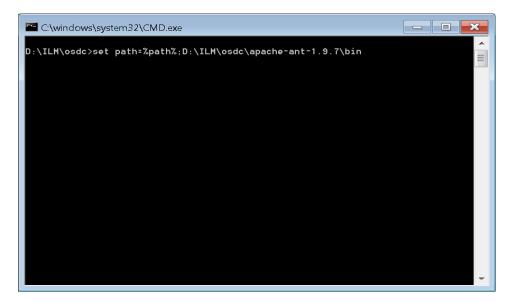
2. Open the Command prompt and Point it to the OSDC package location

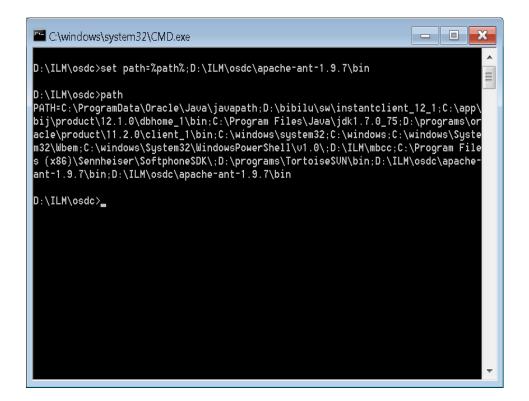


3. Add Path

Set the Ant path using the following Commands

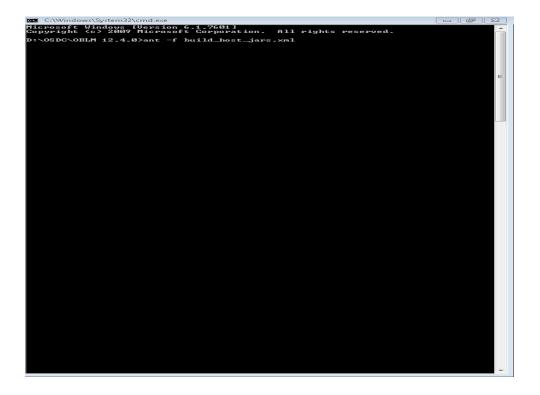
set path=%path%;D:\ILM\osdc\apache-ant-1.9.7\bin

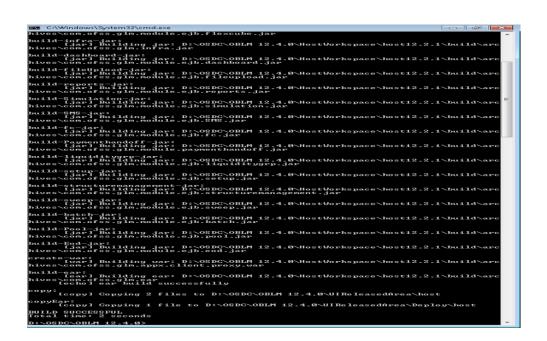




4. Enter the following command to build the Host side class files.

"ant -f build_host_jars.xml" and press "Enter"





5. Enter the following command to build the UI side class files.

"ant -f buildUiJars.xml" and press "Enter"

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.ese

D:\OSDC\OBLH 12.4.9\rant -f buildWiJare.xml
```

```
CNVINDOWN\System32cmd.ese

With 1904

With 1
```

2.2.6 Deploy Liquidity Management Executable Files

NOTE: If Oracle Fusion Middleware 12c Infrastructure (Example: Weblogic Server) is installed and any domain is available in local system, deployment can be done using the script see section 2.2.6.1 else Manual Deployment can be done see section 2.2.6.2.

2.2.6.1 Deployment using Scripts

1. Change the Following values in **Build.properties** file under the OSDC source

```
#Wed Apr 08 12:14:57 IST 2017
    install.dir=C\:\\Oracle\\Middleware\\Oracle Home
    domain.path=\\scratch\\Middleware\\Oracle_Home\\user_projects\\domains\\oblm_domain
   domain.name=OBLM domain
   host=10.184.157.221
    port=8005
   wls.ui.url=t3://10.184.157.221:8001
   wls.ui.server.name=LM SERVER
11 wls.ui.deploy.name=AAGLMShell-1
    wls.ui.userName=weblogic
13 wls.ui.password=weblogic123
    wls.ui.deploy.source=UIReleasedArea/Deploy/ui/buildScript/GLMShell.ear
16 wls.host.url=t3://10.184.157.221:8001
   wls.host.server.name=LM_SERVER
18 wls.host.deploy.name=com.ofss.glm-1
   wls.host.userName=weblogic
20 wls.host.password=weblogic123
21 wls.host.deploy.source=UIReleasedArea/Deploy/host/com.ofss.glm.ear
23
```

Use the following details:

- i. **install.dir**= Point to it to the weblogic home folder in the local system. For Example: "C:\Oracle\Middleware\Oracle_Home". (Change it to the format as shown in the figure)
- ii. **domain.path**= Point it to the weblogic domain folder created for the application (*i.e.* oblm_domain). (Change it to the format as shown in the figure)
- iii. **domain.name**= Enter the name of weblogic domain created in the local system. Leave it blank if no domain exists.
- iv. wls.ui.url= Enter URL of the Weblogic Console in the following format t3://<ip_address>:<admin_server_port_no>
- v. wls.ui.username= Enter the username of the Weblogic Console
- vi. wls.ui.password= Enter the password of the Weblogic Console
- vii. wls.host.url= Same as wls.ui.url
- viii. wls.host.username= Same as wls.ui.username
- ix. wls.host.password= Same as wls.ui.password

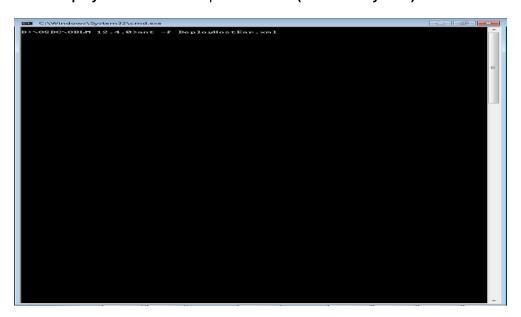
Define remaining properties as mentioned in above screen shot.

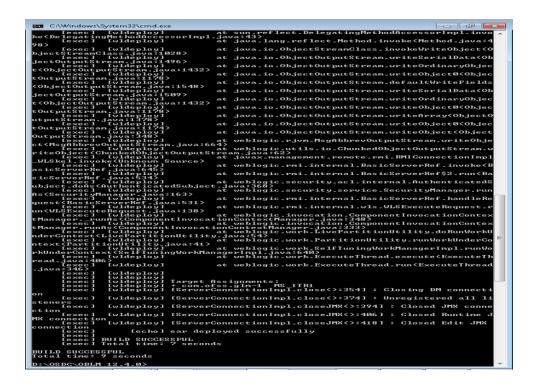
2. Open the Command prompt and Point it to the OSDC package location



3. Enter the following command to deploy the Host EAR file.

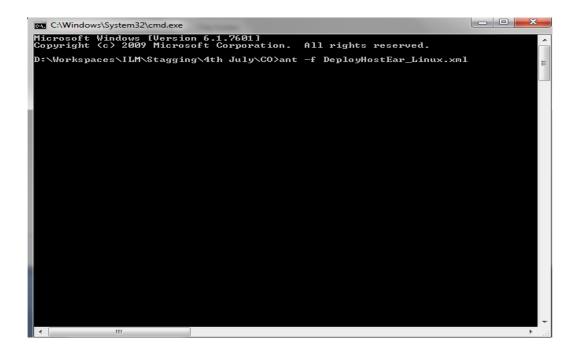
"ant -f DeployhostEar.xml" and press "Enter" (Windows System)





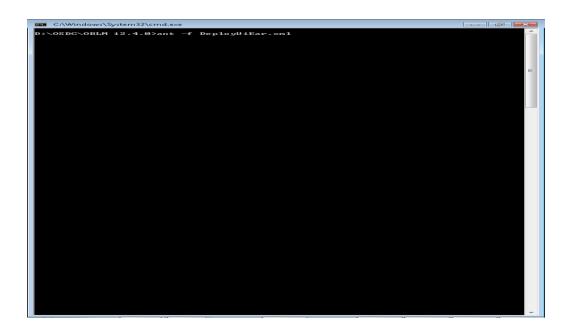
[Note: If user is having Linux system use the following command]

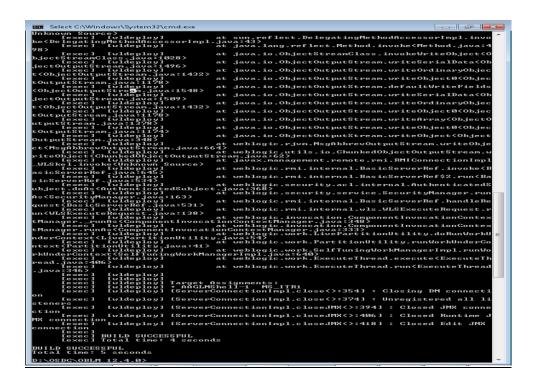
"ant -f DeployHostEar_Linux.xml" and press "Enter" (Linux System)



4. Enter the following command to deploy the UI EAR file.

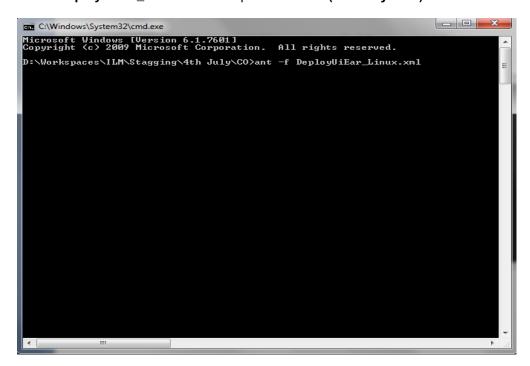
"ant -f DeployUlEar.xml" and press "Enter" (Windows System)





[Note: If user is having Linux system use the following command]

"ant -f DeployUiEar_Linux.xml" and press "Enter" (Linux System)

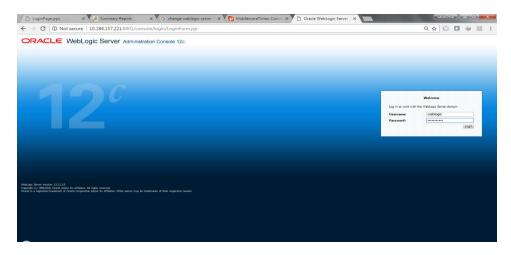


2.2.6.2 Manual Deployment:

For Manual Deployment, Ear (Enterprise Application aRchive) file can be deployed either from Local Machine or from server where Weblogic Server is installed, In case if deployment needs to be done from server then use FTP/SFTP client for Windows in order to move the Ear file to the server and do the deployment as given below. Suggested Software for FTP/SFTP client for Windows: **Winscp**

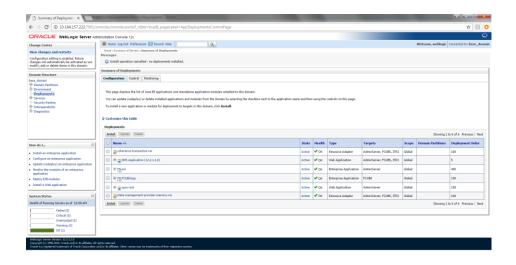
2.2.6.2.1 UI EAR Deployment

1. Give the credential in the console page that you have set in Administrator Account screen.

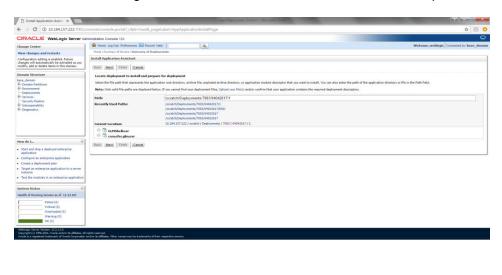


2. Now we can see home screen. In home screen in the left side you will find Domain Structure column.

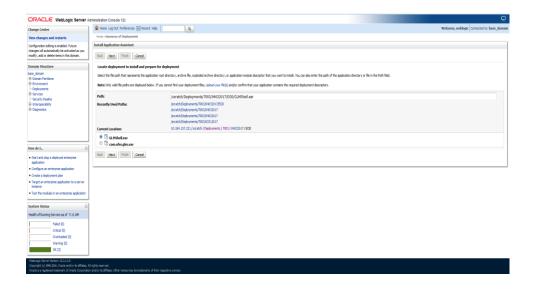
Click on **Deployments**.



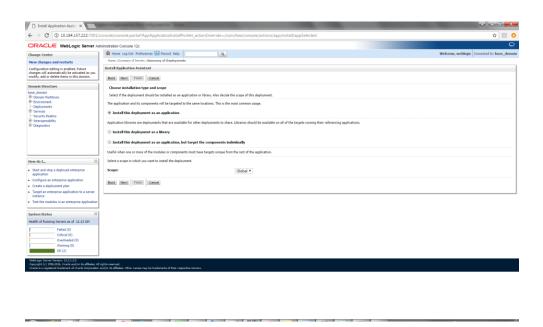
3. Click on **Install** and go o the Drive Location where the EAR files are kept.



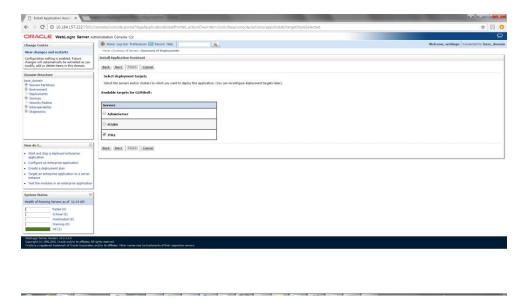
4. Select the UI EAR File GLMShell.ear and click on Next



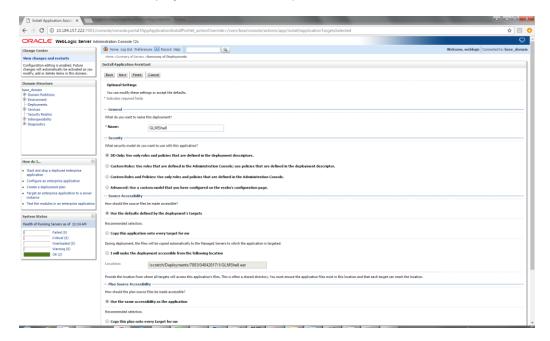
5. Click on Next



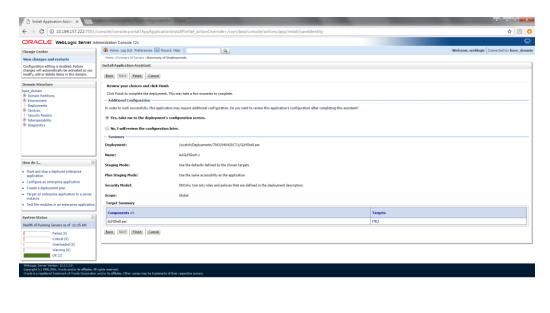
6. Select the target Server For example: ITR2



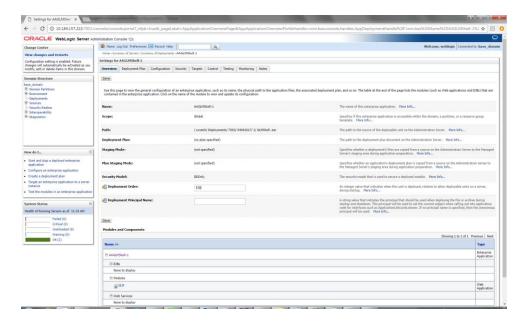
7. Select Name for the deployment file For Example: "GLMShell" and click on Next



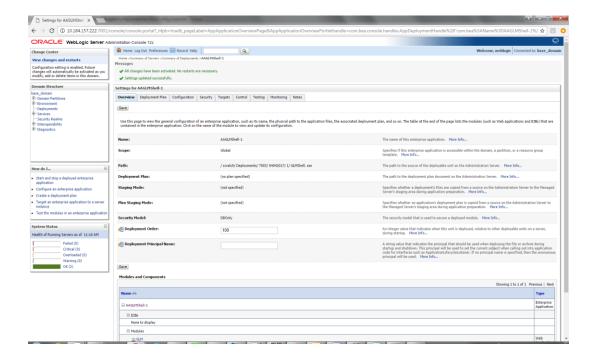
8. Click on Finish.



9. Click on Save

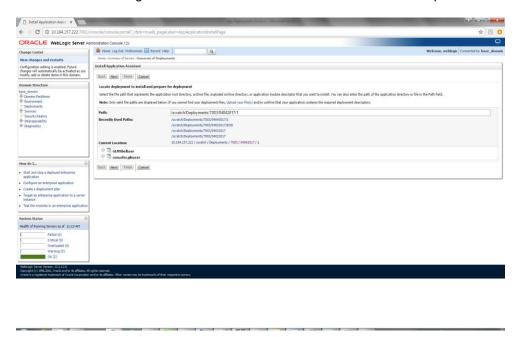


10. After Clicking Save the Follwing Screen should appear.

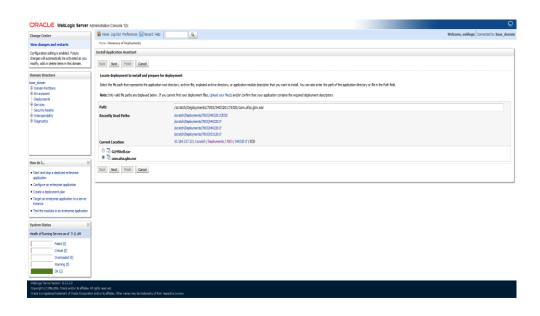


2.2.6.2.2 HOST EAR Deployment

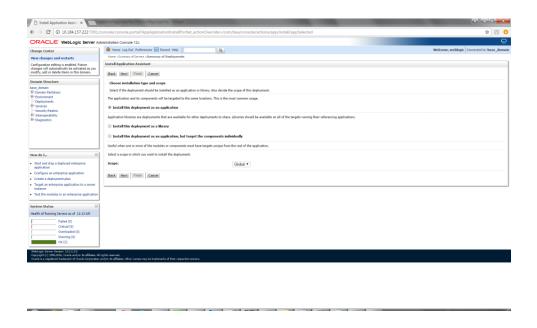
1. Click on Install and go o the Drive Location where the EAR files are kept.



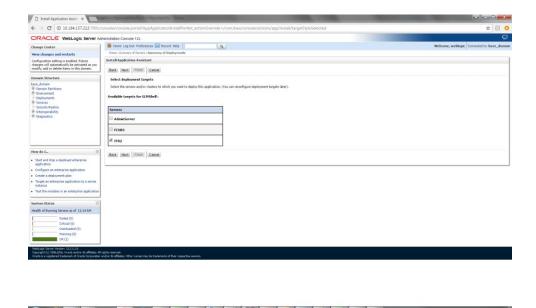
2. Select the Host EAR File com.ofss.glm.ear and click on Next



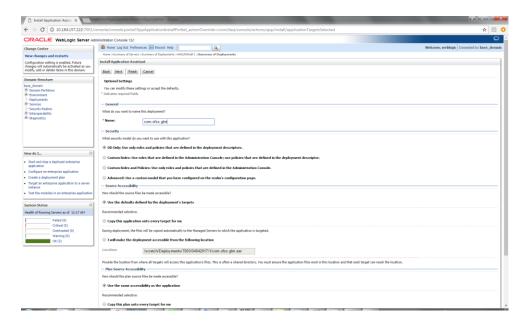
3. Click on Next



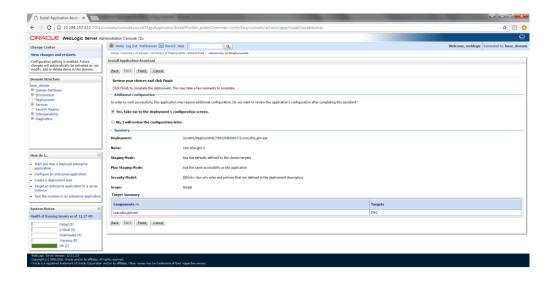
4. Select the target Server For example: ITR2



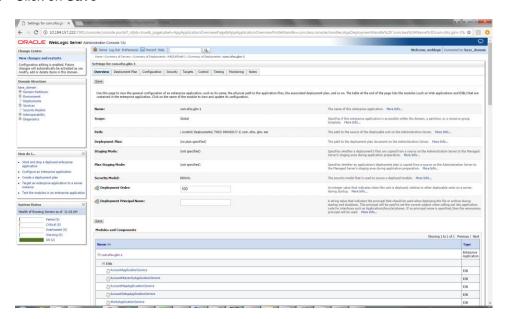
5. Select Name for the deployment file For Example: "com.ofss.glm" and click on Next



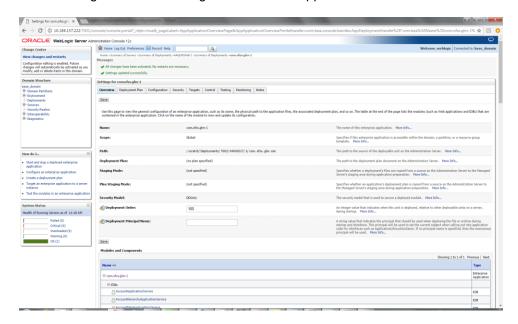
6. Click on Finish.



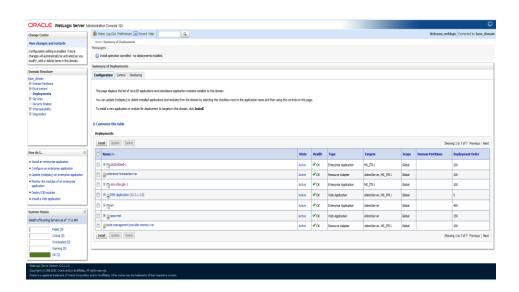
7. Click on Save



8. After Clicking Save the Follwing Screen should appear.

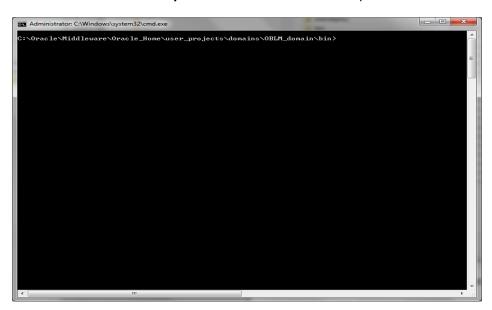


9. Click on Deployment and check the two newly installed EAR's are available and Health column should have the OK status for the EAR's



2.2.7 Start The Server

- 1. Go to the domain path of oblm_domain, (e.g.
- ...\Middleware\Oracle_Home\user_projects\domains\OBLM_domain\). Right click on **bin** folder and Select the "**CMD Prompt Here as Administrator**" to open the Command Prompt.



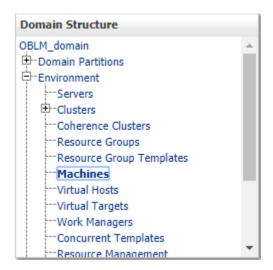
2. Run the startNodeManager.cmd file

```
Administrator C\Windows\system32\cmd.eve - startNodeManager.cmd

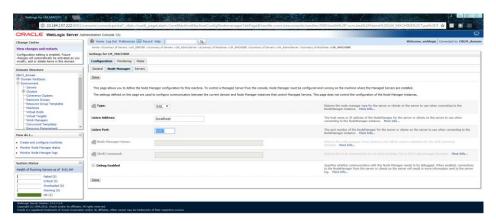
NOBEMOR_HOME is a lready set to C:\Oracle\HIDDLET\\ORACLET\USER_PT\\domains\OBLH_DT\\NODEMOT
CLASSFRIH-: G:\PHOGRAT | All and NUBLET\\ORACLET\USER_PT\\domains\OBLH_DT\\NODEMOT
S\ant=control_b_apir(G:\Oracle\HIDDLET\\ORacleT\\USER_PT\\domains\OBLH_DT\\ORacle\HIDDLET\\ORacleT\\USER_PT\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\ORacleT\\USER_PT\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\ORacleT\\USER_PT\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\ORacleT\\USER_PT\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\ORacleT\\USER_PT\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\ORacleT\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\\Oracle\HIDDLET\
```

Note: If you get an error stating "5556 port is already in use" then follow the below steps before starting the node manager.

 Go to Weblogic Console and click on Machines under the Environment tab in Domain Structure section



ii. Click on LM_MACHINE and then go to Node Manager tab

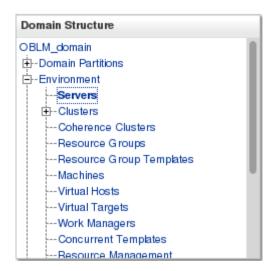


- iii. Change the Listen Port to 5557 and click on Save
- iv. Go to .../ Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_Home/user_projects/domains/oblm_domain/nodeman ager path and edit nodemanager.properties file as follows,

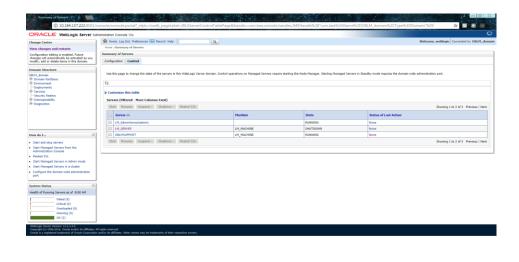
ListenPort=5557

Leave the rest of the properties as it was.

- v. Save the file
- vi. Now, repeat the steps of Section 2.2.7
- 3. Go to Weblogic console and click on **Server** under the **Environment** tab in **Domain Structure** section



4. You should see the **Summery of Servers** page. Click on **Control** tab



- 5. Select LM_SERVER and click Start button
- 6. Wait till the Server State change to **RUNNING**

2.2.8 Application User Creation

Please refer to User creation utility instruction manual – (Oracle_Banking_Liquidity_Management_12 4 0 0 0_Create_User_Utility_Setup.pdf)

2.2.9 Configure SSL

To Configure SSL, Please refer to the SSL Configuration Manual (Oracle_Banking_Liquidity_Management_12 4 0 0 0_SSL_Configuration.pdf)

2.2.10 Test Liquidity Management Application

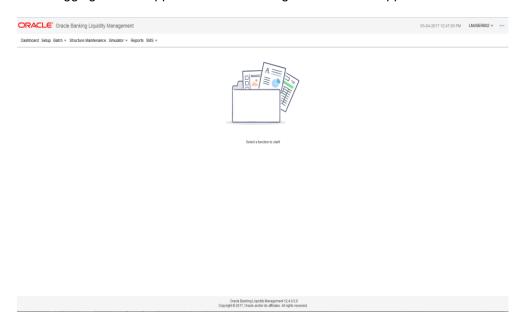
1. Open the Application in a New Tab in the Browser. The Following Screen should appear.



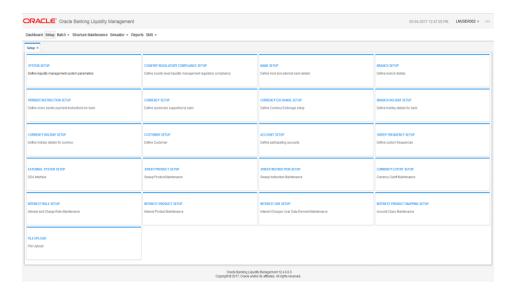
2. Enter the user credentials and click on Login



3. After Logging into the application the following screen should appear.

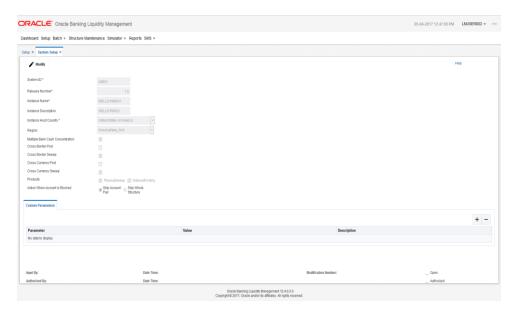


Click on any of the Menu Items. For Example: Click on **Setup** menu
 The following screen should appear.



5. Select any of the items under **Setup** menu and do the necessary operations.

For Example select **System Setup.** The following screen should appear.





Liquidity Management Application Setup Oracle Banking Liquidity Management Version 14.0.0.0.0 [November] [2017]

Oracle Financial Services Software Limited Oracle Park Off Western Express Highway Goregaon (East) Mumbai, Maharashtra 400 063 India

Worldwide Inquiries: Phone: +91 22 6718 3000 Fax:+91 22 6718 3001

www.oracle.com/financialservices/

Copyright © 2017, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

U.S. GOVERNMENT END USERS: Oracle programs, including any operating system, integrated software, any programs installed on the hardware, and/or documentation, delivered to U.S. Government end users are "commercial computer software" pursuant to the applicable Federal Acquisition Regulation and agency-specific supplemental regulations. As such, use, duplication, disclosure, modification, and adaptation of the programs, including any operating system, integrated software, any programs installed on the hardware, and/or documentation, shall be subject to license terms and license restrictions applicable to the programs. No other rights are granted to the U.S. Government.

This software or hardware is developed for general use in a variety of information management applications. It is not developed or intended for use in any inherently dangerous applications, including applications that may create a risk of personal injury. If you use this software or hardware in dangerous applications, then you shall be responsible to take all appropriate failsafe, backup, redundancy, and other measures to ensure its safe use. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates disclaim any liability for any damages caused by use of this software or hardware in dangerous applications.

This software and related documentation are provided under a license agreement containing restrictions on use and disclosure and are protected by intellectual property laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce, translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute, exhibit, perform, publish or display any part, in any form, or by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or decompilation of this software, unless required by law for interoperability, is prohibited.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice and is not warranted to be error-free. If you find any errors, please report them to us in writing.

This software or hardware and documentation may provide access to or information on content, products and services from third parties. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates are not responsible for and expressly disclaim all warranties of any kind with respect to third-party content, products, and services. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates will not be responsible for any loss, costs, or damages incurred due to your access to or use of third-party content, products, or services.