

PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56 DPK Installation and PeopleSoft Database Setup (DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows)

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ORACLE

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About This Documentation

This preface discusses:

- Understanding This Documentation
- Audience
- Typographical Conventions
- Products
- Related Information
- Comments and Suggestions

Understanding This Documentation

This documentation is designed to direct you through a basic PeopleSoft installation. It is not a substitute for the database administration documentation provided by your relational database management system (RDBMS) vendor, the network administration documentation provided by your network vendor, or the installation and configuration documentation for additional software components that are used with PeopleSoft products.

This documentation is divided into two parts. The chapters in Part 1 include the information that is required to complete a basic PeopleSoft installation. The chapters and appendices in Part 2 include information for less common or optional tasks.

Required updates to this installation documentation are provided in the form of "Required for Install" incidents, which are available on My Oracle Support. In addition, addenda to the recent PeopleTools installation guides are periodically posted in My Oracle Support on the same page as the initial posting.

This documentation includes the instructions for installing Oracle's PeopleSoft PeopleTools and PeopleSoft applications. You also need the installation instructions that are specific to your PeopleSoft application, which are provided in a separate document for the PeopleSoft application. For instance, if you are installing Oracle's PeopleSoft Customer Relationship Management (CRM), you need both this installation guide and the additional instructions provided for installing PeopleSoft CRM.

To find the installation documentation for PeopleSoft PeopleTools or for your PeopleSoft application, go to My Oracle Support and search for the installation guide for your product and release.

Note. Before proceeding with your installation, check My Oracle Support to ensure that you have the latest version of this installation guide for the correct release of the PeopleSoft product that you are installing.

Audience

This documentation is written for the individuals responsible for installing and administering the PeopleSoft environment. This documentation assumes that you have a basic understanding of the PeopleSoft system. One of the most important components in the installation and maintenance of your PeopleSoft system is your on-site expertise.

You should be familiar with your operating environment and RDBMS and have the necessary skills to support that environment. You should also have a working knowledge of:

• SQL and SQL command syntax.

Preface

- PeopleSoft system navigation.
- PeopleSoft windows, menus, and pages, and how to modify them.
- Microsoft Windows.

Oracle recommends that you complete training, particularly a PeopleSoft Server Administration and Installation course, before performing an installation.

See Oracle University, <u>http://education.oracle.com.</u>

Typographical Conventions

To help you locate and understand information easily, the following conventions are used in this documentation:

Convention	Description
Monospace	Indicates a PeopleCode program or other code, such as scripts that you run during the install. Monospace is also used for messages that you may receive during the install process.
Italics	Indicates field values, emphasis, and book-length publication titles. Italics is also used to refer to words as words or letters as letters, as in the following example:
	Enter the letter O.
	Italics are also used to indicate user-supplied information. For example, the term <i>domain</i> is used as a placeholder for the actual domain name in the user's environment. When two such placeholders are used together, they may be set apart with angle brackets. For example, the path < <i>PS_CFG_HOME</i> >/appserv/< <i>domain</i> > includes two placeholders that require user-supplied information.
Initial Caps	Field names, commands, and processes are represented as they appear on the window, menu, or page.
lower case	File or directory names are represented in lower case, unless they appear otherwise on the interface.
Menu, Page	A comma (,) between menu and page references indicates that the page exists on the menu. For example, "Select Use, Process Definitions" indicates that you can select the Process Definitions page from the Use menu.
Cross-references	Cross-references that begin with <i>See</i> refer you to additional documentation that will help you implement the task at hand. We highly recommend that you reference this documentation.
	Cross-references under the heading <i>See Also</i> refer you to additional documentation that has more information regarding the subject.
	We highly recommend that you reference this documentation.Cross-references under the heading <i>See Also</i> refer you to additional documentation that has more information

Convention	Description
⇒ (line-continuation arrow)	A line-continuation arrow inserted at the end of a line of code indicates that the line of code has been wrapped at the page margin. The code should be viewed or entered as a continuous line of code, without the line-continuation arrow.
" " (quotation marks)	Indicate chapter titles in cross-references and words that are used differently from their intended meaning.
Note. Note text.	Text that begins with <i>Note</i> . indicates information that you should pay particular attention to as you work with your PeopleSoft system.
Important! Important note text.	A note that begins with <i>Important!</i> is crucial and includes information about what you need to do for the system to function properly.
<i>Warning</i> ! Warning text.	A note that begins with <i>Warning!</i> contains critical configuration information or implementation considerations; for example, if there is a chance of losing or corrupting data. Pay close attention to warning messages.

Products

This documentation may refer to these products and product families:

- Oracle® BPEL Process Manager
- Oracle® Enterprise Manager
- Oracle® Tuxedo
- Oracle® WebLogic Server
- Oracle's PeopleSoft Application Designer
- Oracle's PeopleSoft Change Assistant
- Oracle's PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer
- Oracle's PeopleSoft Data Mover
- Oracle's PeopleSoft Process Scheduler
- Oracle's PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture
- Oracle's PeopleSoft Customer Relationship Management
- Oracle's PeopleSoft Enterprise Learning Management
- Oracle's PeopleSoft Enterprise Performance Management
- Oracle's PeopleSoft Financial Management
- Oracle's PeopleSoft Human Capital Management
- Oracle's PeopleSoft Interaction Hub
- Oracle's PeopleSoft Pay/Bill Management
- Oracle's PeopleSoft PeopleTools

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- Oracle's PeopleSoft Staffing Front Office
- Oracle's PeopleSoft Supply Chain Management

See the Products area on the Oracle web site, <u>http://www.oracle.com/us/products/products-list/products-a-z/index.html.</u>

Related Information

Oracle provides reference information about PeopleSoft PeopleTools and your particular PeopleSoft Application. You can access documentation for recent releases of PeopleSoft PeopleTools and PeopleSoft Applications at the PeopleSoft Hosted Documentation site. You can also find documentation by searching for the product name on My Oracle Support.

• My Oracle Support. This support platform requires a user account to log in. Contact your PeopleSoft representative for information.

To locate documentation on My Oracle Support, search for the title and select PeopleSoft Enterprise to refine the search results.

See My Oracle Support, https://support.oracle.com.

• *PeopleTools: Getting Started with PeopleTools* for your release. This documentation provides a high-level introduction to PeopleTools technology and usage.

See Oracle PeopleSoft Online Help, http://www.peoplesoftonlinehelp.com.

• PeopleSoft Application Fundamentals for your PeopleSoft Application and release. This documentation provides essential information about the setup, design, and implementation of your PeopleSoft Application.

To install additional component software products for use with PeopleSoft products, including those products that are packaged with your PeopleSoft products as well as products from other vendors, you should refer to the documentation provided with those products, as well as this documentation. For those additional components that are offered by Oracle, such as Oracle Middleware products, see the documentation on the Oracle Help Center.

See Also

Oracle Help Center, https://docs.oracle.com/en/

Comments and Suggestions

Your comments are important to us. We encourage you to tell us what you like, or what you would like changed about PeopleSoft documentation and other Oracle reference and training materials. Please send your suggestions to:

PSOFT-Infodev_US@oracle.com

While we cannot guarantee to answer every email message, we will pay careful attention to your comments and suggestions. We are always improving our product communications for you.

Part I

Mandatory Installation

The chapters in the first part of this installation guide cover only those tasks that are required for a basic PeopleSoft installation. Everyone carrying out an installation should use the tasks in Part I. After setting up the Application Server, PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture, and Process Scheduler Server, you verify that you can sign into the PeopleSoft installation in a browser.

Preparing for Installation

This chapter discusses:

- Understanding the PeopleSoft Application Database Setup Using PeopleTools DPKs
- Reviewing Hardware Requirements
- Reviewing Software Requirements
- Planning Your Initial Configuration
- Planning Database Creation
- Creating PeopleSoft User IDs
- Installing the Database Engine
- Configuring DB2 UDB for Linux, UNIX, and Windows for Remote Client Access
- Installing Supporting Applications
- Performing Backups

Understanding the PeopleSoft Application Database Setup Using PeopleTools DPKs

It is possible to use the PeopleTools 8.56 DPKs in combination with PeopleSoft application software delivered in the traditional, non-DPK format (often referred to as VCD format) to install a PeopleSoft environment. This assumes that the PeopleSoft application was built on a PeopleTools release prior to PeopleTools 8.56, and therefore was not delivered in the DPK format.

This process includes the following high-level steps:

- 1. Download the PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56 DPKs.
- 2. Use the DPK setup script from the PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56 DPKs to carry out one of these steps:
 - Install the PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56 *PS_HOME*, which includes the PeopleTools setup and development utilities.
 - Install the PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56 PS_HOME, Oracle Tuxedo, and Oracle WebLogic.

Note. If you want to use the Database Configuration Wizard to create your PeopleSoft application database in the next step, you need to install Oracle Tuxedo first.

- 3. Install *PS_APP_HOME* using the PeopleSoft installer to obtain the PeopleSoft application-specific database and other files.
- 4. Create a PeopleSoft application database using scripts and tools from the PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56 *PS_HOME*.
- 5. Update the database to PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56.

6. Use the DPK setup script to install the application server, Process Scheduler, and web server software (midtier components) and set up the domains.

Task 1-1: Reviewing Hardware Requirements

This section discusses:

- Reviewing Hardware Requirements for Microsoft Windows
- Reviewing Hardware Requirements on Linux or UNIX

Task 1-1-1: Reviewing Hardware Requirements for Microsoft Windows

You can install the PeopleSoft Deployment Packages directly on a system running a Microsoft Windows operating system (sometimes called "bare-metal" installation). The PeopleSoft DPKs are certified to run on those Microsoft Windows operating systems that are certified for PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56. The Microsoft Windows system can be a physical computer or a virtual machine.

Oracle strongly recommends that you dedicate a Microsoft Windows machine for the PeopleTools client. This should be a machine that is not used for other PeopleSoft purposes.

See "Deploying the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Deployment Packages," Deploying the PeopleTools Client DPK in Standalone Mode, for information on installing the PeopleTools client utilities.

• *Host computer*: The PeopleSoft DPKs can be deployed on any supported Microsoft Windows host, bare-metal or virtual.

If you deploy on a virtual host computer, you are responsible for provisioning the virtual machine before beginning the deployment.

• *Host operating system*: The host operating system must be 64-bit platform certified by Oracle for PeopleSoft systems.

Note. My Oracle Support Certification notes include information about the PeopleSoft PeopleTools components that are certified for each operating system. Some OSs are certified only for browsers and clients. If you want to deploy a full PeopleSoft environment, verify that the OS you want to use is certified for server installation.

See My Oracle Support, Certifications.

See PeopleSoft PeopleTools Certifications, My Oracle Support, Doc ID 747587.1, for help searching PeopleSoft Certifications.

See Tech Update - Mainstream Support for Windows Server 2008, 2008 R2 Winds Down, My Oracle Support, Doc ID 1924632.1.

- *RAM (Memory)*: Approximately 8 GB RAM is required to run a mid-tier PeopleSoft environment. See "Preparing to Deploy," Understanding PeopleSoft Components.
- *Disk space*: The disk space requirements vary depending upon the type of environment you set up. See "Preparing to Deploy," Understanding PeopleSoft Components.
 - 25–35 GB free disk space for the downloaded zip files

You may remove these files after you have successfully initialized your virtual machine.

- 150 GB free disk space is required to deploy and set up a full tier PeopleSoft environment.
- 75 GB free disk space is required to deploy and set up a db-tier PeopleSoft environment.

• 25 GB free disk space is required to deploy and set up a mid-tier PeopleSoft environment.

Task 1-1-2: Reviewing Hardware Requirements on Linux or UNIX

You can install the PeopleSoft Deployment Packages directly on a system running an Oracle Linux operating system (sometimes called "bare-metal" installation). The PeopleSoft DPKs are certified to run on those Oracle Linux operating systems that are certified for PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56. The Linux system can be a physical computer or a virtual machine.

• *Host computer*: The PeopleSoft DPKs can be deployed on any supported Linux host, bare-metal or virtual. The PeopleSoft DPKs can also be deployed on Oracle Exalogic Elastic Cloud.

If you deploy on a virtual host computer, you are responsible for provisioning the virtual machine before beginning the deployment.

• *Host operating system*: The host operating system must be 64-bit platform certified by Oracle for PeopleSoft systems.

See My Oracle Support, Certifications.

See PeopleSoft PeopleTools Certifications, My Oracle Support, Doc ID 747587.1, for help searching PeopleSoft Certifications.

- *RAM (Memory)*: Approximately 8 GB RAM is required to run a mid-tier PeopleSoft environment. See "Preparing to Deploy," Understanding PeopleSoft Components.
- *Disk space*: The disk space requirements vary depending upon the type of environment you set up. See "Preparing to Deploy," Understanding PeopleSoft Components.
 - 25–35 GB free disk space for the downloaded zip files

You may remove these files after you have successfully initialized your virtual machine.

- 150 GB free disk space is required to deploy and set up a full tier PeopleSoft environment.
- 75 GB free disk space is required to deploy and set up a db-tier PeopleSoft environment.
- 25 GB free disk space is required to deploy and set up a mid-tier PeopleSoft environment. See My Oracle Support, Certifications.

Task 1-2: Reviewing Software Requirements

This section discusses:

- Reviewing Software Requirements on Microsoft Windows
- Reviewing Software Requirements on Linux or UNIX
- Reviewing Software Requirements on AIX
- Reviewing Requirements for the Puppet Software

Task 1-2-1: Reviewing Software Requirements on Microsoft Windows

Here are the software requirements for using the PeopleSoft Deployment Packages on a Microsoft Windows machine:

• Administrative permission

Web Browser

You need a version certified for the current PeopleSoft PeopleTools release for end-users. See My Oracle Support, Certifications.

• Zip utility

You need a utility that is able to extract (unzip) the DPK zip files for your operating system.

• Verify that the PATHEXT environment variable includes the extension .bat.

This is a requirement for running Puppet. For example:

PATHEXT=.COM;.EXE;.BAT;.CMD;.VBS;.VBE;.JS;.JSE;.WSF;.WSH;.MSC

Task 1-2-2: Reviewing Software Requirements on Linux or UNIX

Here are the software requirements for using the PeopleSoft Deployment Packages on a Linux machine:

- You must have root access to install the PeopleSoft DPKs.
- If you are installing the PeopleSoft DPKs on Oracle Linux 6 or 7 with Unbreakable Enterprise Kernel (UEK), apply the latest UEK kernel from the Oracle YUM repository at http://public-yum.oracle.com/index.html.
- Zip utility

You need a utility that is able to extract (unzip) the DPK zip files for your operating system; for example:

- For AIX, gunzip or unzip
- For Linux, tar or unzip
- For Solaris, tar or unzip
- OpenSSL

For deployments on AIX and Solaris, obtain the latest version of OpenSSL for your operating system and install it on the host.

Task 1-2-3: Reviewing Software Requirements on AIX

If you are installing the AIX version of the PeopleSoft DPKs, you must manually install JDK 8.0 from the IBM web site. This requirement is in addition to the requirements for Linux and UNIX.

To obtain 64-bit IBM JDK for IBM AIX:

1. Go to the IBM JDK download and service site.

http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/java/jdk/aix/service.html

Note. You need a user name and password for downloading IBM JDK. If you don't have the required credentials, contact IBM AIX support.

- 2. Select the link for Java 8 64-bit under Java SE Version 8.
- 3. Provide the required information to sign in.
- 4. Install the JDK on the AIX computer where you will install the PeopleSoft AIX DPK.
- 5. Make a note of the installation location.

To perform the DPK installation, you must perform the deployment using the DPK customizations, and specify the AIX JDK installation location.

See "Completing the DPK Initialization With Customizations," Preparing the Customization File for

Component Software Locations.

Task 1-2-4: Reviewing Requirements for the Puppet Software

The PeopleSoft DPKs are delivered with the PeopleSoft Puppet modules, which are initialization and management scripts based upon open-source Puppet software. In most cases, the Puppet software will be installed by the DPK deployment. In some scenarios you may be required to install either Puppet or its dependencies.

• Installation requirements

In most cases, the Puppet software will be installed by the DPKs. In some scenarios it may be necessary for you to install it directly. If so, use these guidelines:

• The DPK deployment requires open-source Puppet software.

See the Puppet Labs Web site at www.puppetlabs.com to download the software.

• Customer installation of Puppet is supported only for Linux and Microsoft Windows operating systems.

If you are installing the PeopleSoft DPKs for IBM AIX or Oracle Solaris for SPARC, you must use the Puppet software that is delivered with the DPKs.

- These are the minimum requirements for the software versions associated with using Puppet with the PeopleSoft DPKs on Microsoft Windows and Linux operating systems:
 - Puppet Agent 1.5.2
 - Puppet 4.5.2
 - Hiera 3.2.0
 - Facter 3.2.0
 - Ruby 2.1.9
- These are the minimum requirements for the software versions associated with using Puppet with the PeopleSoft DPKs on AIX, and Oracle Solaris for SPARC operating systems:
 - Puppet 4.5.2
 - Hiera 3.2.0
 - Facter 3.2.0
 - Ruby 2.1.9
- Operating system packages required for Puppet

The Puppet software used for the DPK deployment is dependent on certain OS-level packages, which may not be present in the delivered DPKs. In this case, you can use the information in the DPK setup log file to determine which packages are needed. It is the responsibility of the user to obtain and install the required packages.

See "Deploying the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Deployment Packages," Obtaining Operating System Packages Required for Puppet.

• Installation location

Puppet software is installed in a standard location by the DPKs. The DPK deployment checks for existing Puppet installations only in that standard location. If Puppet software was installed in a different location, for example for other business or development requirements, the DPK will not recognize or try to remove that existing Puppet installation. It will install to the standard location dictated by the DPK requirement, and the other Puppet installation may subsequently cause problems.

Task 1-3: Planning Your Initial Configuration

This section discusses:

- Understanding Workstations
- Understanding PeopleSoft Servers and Clients
- Defining the PeopleTools Client
- Defining the File Server
- Defining the Database Server
- Defining the Application Server
- Defining the Process Scheduler (Batch) Server
- Defining Installation Locations
- Defining the Web Server

Note. Oracle supports a number of versions of UNIX and Linux in addition to Microsoft Windows for the PeopleSoft installation. Throughout this book, there are references to operating systems. Where necessary, this book refers to specific operating systems by name (for example, Oracle Solaris, IBM AIX, or Linux); however, for simplicity the word UNIX is often used to refer to all UNIX-like operating systems, including Linux.

Note. For the sake of brevity, this documentation sometimes refers to DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows as *DB2/LUW*.

Understanding Workstations

Using the PeopleTools Development Environment (Microsoft Windows-Based Clients)

Microsoft Windows-based clients are referred to as the PeopleTools Development Environment. These clients which run on supported Microsoft Windows platforms—can connect to the PeopleSoft database directly using client connectivity software (a two-tier connection) or through a PeopleSoft application server (a three-tier connection).

Three-tier connectivity offers great performance advantages over two-tier (especially over a WAN), reduces network traffic, and generally does not require that you install database connectivity on the client. However, any Microsoft Windows-based clients that will be running Data Mover scripts against the database, or running COBOL or Structured Query Report (SQR) batch processes on the client, must have database connectivity installed.

Note. COBOL is not needed for PeopleTools or for applications that contain no COBOL programs. Check My Oracle Support for details about whether your application requires COBOL.

See Installing Supporting Applications.

You need to have the PeopleTools Development Environment set up to create your database. For more information on setting up the PeopleTools Development Environment, refer to the product documentation for PeopleSoft Configuration Manager.

See the *PeopleTools: System and Server Administration* product documentation for more information about using PeopleSoft Configuration Manager.

For installation purposes, you must set up at least one Microsoft Windows-based client for sign-on using a twotier connection to the database, so that it can create and populate the PeopleSoft database. This documentation refers to this client as the install workstation. Depending on your installation plan, you may want to set up more than one install workstation so that you can perform asynchronous installation tasks in parallel.

Note. The Microsoft Windows machine that you use to perform your PeopleSoft PeopleTools installation must be running in 256-color mode or higher when running the PeopleSoft installation and database configuration on Microsoft Windows. This is not necessary for UNIX or console mode.

Using Workstations Equipped with Supported Web Browsers

To run the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture, the client workstation only needs a web browser that is HTML 4.0 compliant. You may need an additional workstation for demonstration and testing purposes if you plan to use a browser running on a platform other than Microsoft Windows—such as Macintosh or UNIX.

See PeopleTools: Portal Technology.

See My Oracle Support, Certifications.

Understanding PeopleSoft Servers and Clients

Here is a summary of the functionality included in the PeopleSoft servers and clients:

• File Server

All Client executables (such as PeopleSoft Application Designer and Configuration Manager), PS/nVision, Change Assistant, files and directories necessary to perform upgrade, and Client SQR.

See Defining the File Server

• PeopleTools Client

All Client executables (such as PeopleSoft Application Designer and Configuration Manager), PS/nVision, Change Assistant, Change Impact Analyzer, PeopleSoft Test Framework, PSEM Agent, and Client SQR.

See Defining the PeopleTools Client.

Application Server

PSADMIN and COBOL for remote call

• Database Server

Scripts and data directories, files necessary to run Data Mover.

• Process Scheduler Server

PSADMIN, COBOL, and SQR.

• Web Server

The Web Server contains all the scripts file, Portal Search data files, and PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture (PIA) installation tools that can assist in setting up a web server domain. However, to run the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture, the client workstation only needs a web browser that is HTML 4.0 compliant.

Task 1-3-1: Defining the PeopleTools Client

The PeopleTools Client is the environment repository for the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Development environment. The PeopleTools Client provides two-tier and three-tier connectivity to PeopleSoft applications.

To install the PeopleTools Client, use the script included with the PeopleTools Client DPK. Keep in mind that the PeopleTools Client can be installed *only* on supported Microsoft Windows operating systems.

Note. The client may be referred to as the PeopleTools Client, PT Client, or PeopleSoft Microsoft Windows client in this documentation.

See "Deploying the PeopleTools Client DPK."

Task 1-3-2: Defining the File Server

The file server is the environment (or file) repository for the PeopleTools Development Environment, which is needed for the Database Configuration Wizard. The file server is also the repository for the files necessary to perform an upgrade. This includes Change Assistant and all of the executables and scripts that are necessary to perform an upgrade. You will apply patches and updates from My Oracle Support directly to the file server and then copy the updated files to your other servers. In addition, the file server is a source repository for COBOL and SQR.

Important! Remember, a COBOL compiler is not needed for PeopleSoft PeopleTools unless your application contains COBOL programs. If your application requires COBOL and you are running on Microsoft Windows, we require that you maintain a central repository of your COBOL source code on the Windows file server. See the task Installing Supporting Applications later in this chapter for details on where you should install your COBOL compiler.

If you follow the default procedures recommended in this documentation, the install workstations, Microsoft Windows batch servers, and Microsoft Windows report servers will access the PeopleSoft files on the file server by pointing to a directory referred to in this documentation as *PS_HOME* on a shared network drive. You can install SQR on the file server, or install them locally on Microsoft Windows batch servers and on Microsoft Windows-based clients that will be running these processes locally.

Setting up a file server is part of installations on both UNIX and Microsoft Windows environments. If you are doing an installation only for UNIX computers, you need a Microsoft Windows file server. If you are working only on Microsoft Windows, and you install the file server along with the other servers, you do not need to repeat the file server setup.

If you need to set up the file server on a separate Microsoft Windows machine, you should install PeopleSoft PeopleTools, any PeopleSoft applications, and the Multilanguage files.

In some cases you may choose to set up local copies of the PeopleSoft executables on the PeopleTools Development Environment and Windows batch servers, rather than mapping to a shared directory on the file server. You can use the instructions in the chapter "Using the PeopleSoft Installer" to perform such local installations.

Task 1-3-3: Defining the Database Server

The servers that host your PeopleSoft databases need sufficient processing, storage, and networking resources to process the database requests, store the data and transaction logs, and communicate freely to the clients of this data. These databases will include your own PeopleSoft database prototypes as well as any system and demonstration databases delivered directly from Oracle with the PeopleSoft installation media.

See Planning Database Creation.

Database sizes vary depending on the applications that you install. The size of your prototype PeopleSoft database will also depend on the amount of data to be converted from your legacy system. A good rule of thumb for estimating the size of your prototype PeopleSoft database is to estimate the amount of disk space needed for the data to be converted from your legacy system, add to this the size required for the PeopleSoft System database, and then add an additional 50 percent of this combined figure to allow for growth.

Task 1-3-4: Defining the Application Server

The application server is the centerpiece of the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture. It connects to the PeopleSoft database and handles almost all SQL-intensive interactions with the database server required during online transaction processing. Microsoft Windows-based clients, in three-tier, communicate with the application server using Oracle Tuxedo messages. In the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture, the application server interacts with user workstations through a web server.

The application server also provides functionality required for application messaging and for implementing the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture. An application server is required in all PeopleSoft installations.

With DB2/LUW, you generally install the application server on the same machine as the database server, a configuration called *logical three-tier*. You can also install application servers on one or more separate UNIX, or Microsoft Windows machines. This configuration is called *physical three-tier*. (See the Certification area on My Oracle Support for information on supported operating systems for PeopleSoft Application Servers.)

All application servers require database connectivity to the database server. Before beginning your installation, make sure that you can connect from the application server machine to the database server using a SQL tool. This topic will be addressed later in this chapter.

See Also

PeopleTools: Portal Technology

Task 1-3-5: Defining the Process Scheduler (Batch) Server

The term *batch server* is equivalent to the term *Process Scheduler server*. PeopleSoft batch processes, such as COBOL and SQR, are scheduled and invoked by a Process Scheduler server. In almost all configurations, batch server SQR and COBOL files are located and executed on the same computer as the database server.

Note. If the batch server is located on a UNIX platform, the SQR and COBOL files must be transferred from the file server to the database server, and COBOL source files must be compiled.

Oracle supports setting up the batch environments on a dedicated server, an application server, or even on the database server.

For Windows-specific batch processes—such as nVision reports, Cube Builder, or Microsoft Word—you need to set up a Windows batch environment on a Microsoft Windows application server or on a dedicated Microsoft Windows workstation.

Any computer operating as a batch server must have database connectivity installed so that it can make a two-tier connection to the PeopleSoft database.

See Also

PeopleTools: Process Scheduler

Task 1-3-6: Defining Installation Locations

Understanding Installation Locations

As you proceed through the PeopleSoft PeopleTools installation, you are asked to specify several installation locations. Use the information in this section to choose how to specify the installation locations for the various components in a PeopleSoft installation.

In addition to these installation locations, there are home directories for the various supporting software, such as Oracle WebLogic, which are described in the appropriate chapters.

Defining the DPK Base Directory

When you use the PeopleSoft DPKs to install a PeopleSoft environment, you specify a base directory, referred to in this documentation as *BASE_DIR*. The DPK setup script creates the following directories under *BASE_DIR*:

- BASE_DIR/dpk
 - The script uses this directory to extract the archives from the PeopleSoft DPKs.
 - The Puppet YAML files for the installation configuration are installed in *BASE_DIR/* dpk/puppet/production.
- BASE_DIR/pt

The script deploys the PeopleSoft components to the following installation locations:

- *PS_HOME* is installed by default in *<BASE_DIR>/*pt/ps_home*<peopletools_patch_version>*, where *<peopletools_patch_version>* is the full release; for example, ps_home8.56.12.
- *PS_APP_HOME* is installed by default in *<BASE_DIR>/pt/<app>_app_home*, where *<app>* is the PeopleSoft product, such as fscm_app_home.
- The Oracle Tuxedo software is installed by default in BASE_DIR/pt/bea/tuxedo.
- The Oracle WebLogic software is installed by default in BASE_DIR/pt/bea/wlserver.
- The supported JDK software is installed by default in *BASE_DIR*/pt/jdk*version*, where *version* is the supported JDK version; for example, jdk1.8.0_74.
- For a full-tier installation, the files needed to install the supported version of the PeopleSoft PeopleTools client software are installed in *BASE_DIR/pt*/tools_client.
- BASE_DIR/db

This directory is used for an Oracle RDBMS full-tier installation.

- Oracle database server software is installed by default in BASE_DIR/db/oracle-server.
- For a full-tier installation, Oracle container database (CDB) and pluggable database (PDB) files and tables for the PeopleSoft application are installed by default in *BASE_DIR*/db/oradata.

Defining PS_HOME

The *PS_HOME* directory holds the PeopleSoft PeopleTools files. For information on setting up *PS_HOME* as a read-only environment, see the *PeopleTools: System and Server Administration* product documentation on securing PS_HOME and PS_CFG_HOME.

PS_HOME can be used in the following ways:

- Multiple hosts can access *PS_HOME* on a shared (Microsoft Windows) or mounted (UNIX) location.
- Several Application Server, PIA, and Process Scheduler domains can use the same PS_HOME.

Defining PS_APP_HOME

The *PS_APP_HOME* location holds the PeopleSoft application files, in a location that is separate from *PS_HOME*. The *PS_APP_HOME* location is sometimes referred to as "Application Home."

Note. The PeopleSoft DPK setup requires that *PS_APP_HOME* be installed to a different location than *PS_HOME*. In earlier PeopleSoft releases, it was possible to set up an environment with the *PS_APP_HOME* location the same as the *PS_HOME* location. This configuration is not supported for the DPK installations.

Defining PS_CFG_HOME

The *PS_CFG_HOME* location holds the configuration files for the application server, batch server and search server domains.

It also holds the configuration files for web server domains if *PIA_HOME*, defined in the next section, is equal to *PS_CFG_HOME*. This location is sometimes referred to as "Config Home."

When you install PeopleSoft PeopleTools and the PeopleSoft application software, the PeopleSoft installer places the required files into the specified *PS_HOME* directory. When you create an application server, batch server, or search server domain, the configuration files associated with that domain are installed into a directory referred to as *PS_CFG_HOME*.

By default, the system separates the binary files (executables and libraries) stored in *PS_HOME* from the ASCII files (configuration and log files) associated with a domain stored in *PS_CFG_HOME*. This separation applies only to these servers:

- PeopleSoft Application Server
- PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Server
- PeopleSoft Search Server

The DPK deployment creates the PS CFG HOME directory in the following locations:

Operating System	PS_CFG_HOME Default Location
UNIX	/home/psadm2/psft/pt/ <peopletools_version></peopletools_version>
Microsoft Windows	%USERPROFILE%\psft\pt\ <peopletools_version></peopletools_version>

For example, if USERPROFILE is C:\Users\psftuser and the PeopleTools version is 8.56, by default *PS_CFG_HOME* would be C:\Users\psft\pt\8.56. The configuration and log files for the application server, process scheduler server, and search server are installed below this directory.

Note. The *PS_CFG_HOME* directory is associated with the *PS_HOME* from which it was originally generated. The DPK deployment process supports a single *PS_CFG_HOME* to be used for all domains for a given environment.

This server domain configuration allows for a more flexible installation. You also have the opportunity to place different security restrictions on the binary and configuration files. For installations using DPKs, use the Puppet customizations to change the PS CFG HOME.

Defining PS_CUST_HOME

The *PS_CUST_HOME* location holds customized file system objects (that is, objects you provide as opposed to being installed with the software).

Anything that is changed from the file system objects that are delivered with the PeopleSoft application installation should be placed here. The sub-directory structure must mirror the *PS_APP_HOME* upon which it is based. For example, when you install your PeopleSoft application, the directory structure includes SQR scripts in *PS_APP_HOME*/sqr. If you have customized SQR scripts, you would place them in *PS_CUST_HOME*/sqr.

To define a PS_CUST_HOME location, use the Puppet customizations.

Defining PIA_HOME

When you install the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture, the files are installed in the *PIA_HOME* directory. The *PIA_HOME* location holds the webserv directory, and the files for the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture installation. The directory where you install PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture, *PIA_HOME*, does not have to be the same as the location where you install PeopleSoft PeopleTools and the PeopleSoft application software, *PS_HOME*. You have the option to specify the installation location for the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture by using the Puppet customizations.

The *PS_CFG_HOME* directory is created the first time that the PSADMIN utility starts. PSADMIN recognizes that *PS_CFG_HOME* is not present and creates it when necessary. This is done before any domains are created. When you invoke PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture, the installer checks your environment to determine the *PS_CFG_HOME*. If the environment variable PS_CFG_HOME is defined, the *PS_CFG_HOME* location is seen as the directory to which that environment variable points. If PS_CFG_HOME is not defined the default value is used.

See the product documentation for using the %V Meta variable in *PeopleTools: System and Server Administration* product documentation for more information about setting the PS_CFG_HOME environment variable.

Task 1-3-7: Defining the Web Server

A web server is required to run the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture. The PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture is certified to work with either of the following two J2EE web application servers (also commonly referred to as web servers):

- Oracle WebLogic Server
- IBM WebSphere Server

The PeopleSoft DPKs install Oracle WebLogic. If you want to use IBM WebSphere for your environment, you must install it manually and set up the application server and Process Scheduler domains using the traditional method with PSADMIN.

Refer to the Certifications page on My Oracle Support for supported web server combinations.

To find support information for the HTTP servers that can be used as reverse proxy servers (RPS), see the following:

- For Oracle WebLogic, see the Oracle WebLogic documentation, included with Oracle Fusion Middleware.
- For IBM WebSphere, see the information for PeopleSoft PeopleTools on My Oracle Support, Certifications.

Oracle WebLogic, IBM WebSphere, and the supported reverse proxy servers will provide out-of-the-box SSL support across all supported operating systems. Oracle WebLogic and IBM WebSphere provide demo digital certificates, but for production grade SSL you must purchase digital certificates from a Certificate Authority supported by the web server that you are using (for example, Verisign, Baltimore, Entrust, and so on).

Task 1-4: Planning Database Creation

This section discusses:

- Understanding Database Creation
- Determining Databases and Database Names
- Defining DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows, and PeopleSoft Databases

Understanding Database Creation

When performing a PeopleSoft installation, you will create these types of PeopleSoft databases:

- System (also called SYS) databases, which contain the PeopleSoft PeopleTools and product-specific metadata required for development of a production database.
- Demo (DMO) databases, which are populated with sample data for study, demonstration, or training purposes.

Task 1-4-1: Determining Databases and Database Names

Before you begin the installation process, you should determine how many PeopleSoft databases (System or Demo) of which type you need and how you intend to use them. You should also determine the names of the databases at this point, using database names that:

- Are limited to eight characters, all UPPERCASE.
- Capture information about the PeopleSoft product line and the type of database.
- For example, you may want to create two databases with the names PSHRDMO and PSHRSYS, using the two characters HR (for Human Resources) to indicate the product line.

Task 1-4-2: Defining DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows, and PeopleSoft Databases

In this chapter we refer to both a DB2/LUW database and a PeopleSoft database. It is important to understand the difference.

- A DB2/LUW database is a set of SQL objects defined by one system catalog, using one instance of the DB2/LUW server executables and associated files. A DB2/LUW instance may have several databases.
- A PeopleSoft database is a set of SQL objects defined as having the same owner ID. These tables are always within a single DB2/LUW database. A PeopleSoft database includes the PeopleSoft objects and application data for one or more products in a PeopleSoft product line.

Each PeopleSoft database is created in a single DB2/LUW database. The database name is entered on the PeopleSoft logon screen. A suggested database name might be PPF80DMO (for an EPM demo database).

Note. Your database server should have sufficient space for the demo database. If you plan on substantially increasing the size of tables in your demo database, ensure that your file systems have ample space to accommodate growth.

Note. Starting with PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.50, DB2/LUW installation (on supported UNIX operating systems, and Microsoft Windows) should configure and use a 64-bit DB2 instance.

Task 1-5: Creating PeopleSoft User IDs

This section discusses:

- Understanding PeopleSoft User ID Creation
- Prerequisite
- Creating UNIX User IDs
- Creating Windows User IDs

Understanding PeopleSoft User ID Creation

In this task you will create the user IDs required for installation.

Note. The term user ID refers to the UNIX or Windows user name, not the UNIX or Windows user ID.

Prerequisite

The following procedure assumes the team member performing these steps has understanding of the tools required to create the described UNIX and Microsoft Windows entities.

Task 1-5-1: Creating UNIX User IDs

This procedure lists required steps in the creation of the PeopleSoft-required UNIX User IDs.

To create UNIX IDs:

1. Create a UNIX group for the DB2/LUW instance owner.

This group ID will be the primary group of the UNIX ID for the DB2/LUW instance owner. The recommended group ID name is db2adm1.

Note. Any UNIX ID that belongs to this group will inherit System Administration authority (SYSADM) for the given DB2/LUW instance. Therefore, take extra care when you place a UNIX ID under this group.

2. Create a UNIX ID for the DB2/LUW for UNIX instance owner.

This ID will be used in the next task to create an instance. The group ID for this user should be the same as the one created in the previous step. We suggest that you name this ID db2udbx, where the final x might be set to d for development or p for production. IBM restrictions on names apply (for example, you cannot use names beginning with SYS).

3. Create a UNIX ID for the PeopleSoft access ID/table owner ID.

The access ID, which is also known as the table owner ID, will be granted DBADM authority by the Data

Mover import script that will be run in the chapter concerning creating a database. The access ID and access password must be tightly controlled. Both are encrypted in the PeopleSoft database. The access ID cannot be more than eight characters long. The password for the access cannot be more than 30 characters long. The group ID for this user can be the same as the one created in step 1 or a completely different group ID. However, making this group ID the same as the one in step 1 will implicitly grant this UNIX ID the SYSADM authority.

4. Create a UNIX ID for the PeopleSoft connect ID.

The connect ID will be used by PeopleSoft to connect to the database. The Data Mover script generated by Database Setup grants this user minimal database privileges. Set the group, environment variables, and permissions to enable this UNIX ID to access the DB2/LUW database. This ID cannot be more than eight characters long. The password for the connect ID cannot be more than 30 characters long or contain any percent characters (%). The group ID for user should not be the same as the one created in step 1. This UNIX ID should have minimal authority and no SYSADM privilege.

5. Create another separate group ID and UNIX ID for the DB2/LUW Fenced User.

This fenced group ID and UNIX ID are to be used by DB2/LUW for fenced User Defined function (UDF) and stored procedures. Although PeopleSoft does not use the fenced ID, the fenced ID is required for DB2/LUW instance creation. The recommended group ID and username for this UNIX ID are db2fadm1 and db2fenc1 respectively.

See Also

"Creating a Database"

IBM DB2 UDB for Linux, UNIX, and Windows administration guide IBM DB2 UDB for Linux, UNIX, and Windows installations manual

Task 1-5-2: Creating Windows User IDs

This procedure lists required steps in the creation of the PeopleSoft-required Microsoft Windows user IDs.

To create Microsoft Windows IDs:

1. Create a USER ID for the DB2/LUW Instance Owner.

Note. For Microsoft Windows, DB2/LUW requires that users have Administrative Authority on the Windows machine to install the DB2/LUW for Windows. A DB2/LUW Administrator ID is required, which must have Local Administrator authority to set up the DB2/LUW Catalog information and the ODBC Data Source Administration. In addition, the DB2/LUW Administrator User ID has to be eight characters or less; as in "db2admin." The password also must be eight characters or less.

2. Create a user ID for the PeopleSoft access ID/table owner ID.

The access ID, which is also known as the table owner ID, will be granted DBADM authority by the Data Mover import script that will be run during database creation. The access ID and access password must be tightly controlled. Both are encrypted in the PeopleSoft database.

Note. Refer to your database platform documentation for information about access ID and password length requirements. The PeopleSoft system accepts access ID passwords between 8 and 30 characters in length to accommodate different database and operating system platforms.

3. Create a user ID for the PeopleSoft connect ID.

The connect ID will be used by PeopleSoft to connect to the database. The Data Mover script generated by

Database Setup grants this user minimal database privileges.

Note. You must limit the access ID and connect ID to eight characters or less, and the passwords for each to 30 characters or less. In addition, the connect ID password should not contain any forward-slash characters (/).

Task 1-6: Installing the Database Engine

To install the database engine:

- 1. If you have not already done so, install the DB2/LUW database engine on your database server.
- 2. Create an instance if one does not already exist.

Create an instance of the database engine. On UNIX, the name of the instance matches the name of the user ID corresponding to the DB2/LUW Instance Owner ID that you created in the previous task, such as "db2udb1". On Microsoft Windows, the default instance name is DB2.

For connectivity between the DB2/LUW database and clients or utilities running on other systems, install a supported version of DB2 Connect or DB2 Client.

Beginning with PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.53, the 64-bit version of DB2 Connect or DB2 Client is required on Microsoft Windows.

See Also

IBM DB2 UDB for Linux, UNIX, and Windows installations manual IBM DB2 UDB for Linux, UNIX, and Windows administration manual My Oracle Support, Certifications

Task 1-7: Configuring DB2 UDB for Linux, UNIX, and Windows for Remote Client Access

The following procedure outlines the steps to configure DB2/LUW for access by clients running on systems other than the UNIX system hosting DB2.

To configure DB2/LUW for remote client access:

1. Set up the DB2 Communication Protocol.

Verify that the communication protocol for the DB2/LUW server is set to TCP/IP by typing the following from the UNIX prompt:

/home/db2udb1 >db2set -all

```
[i] DB2COMM=tcpip
```

```
[g] DB2SYSTEM=rt-ibm08
```

[g] DB2ADMINSERVER=db2as

If the DB2COMM environment variable is not defined, define this variable by issuing:

```
db2set DB2COMM=tcpip
```

2. Include the DB2 Runtime Client Library Path.

Ensure that the environment variable for the runtime client library path is properly set for the UNIX or Linux ID by editing the appropriate profile file to include ~sqllib/lib. The environment variable depends upon the operating system, as described in this table:

Operating System	Environment Variable
IBM AIX	LIBPATH
HP-UX Itanium	LD_LIBRARY_PATH
Linux and Oracle Solaris	LD_LIBRARY_PATH

The profile file depends upon the UNIX shell you are using. These examples show how to set the LIBPATH environment variable for an IBM AIX operating system. For other operating systems, use the correct environment variable.

• If the default shell for the UNIX ID is Bourne Shell or Korn Shell, add the following lines in the file ~/sqllib/db2profile:

```
LIBPATH=${LIBPATH}:${INSTHOME}/sqllib/lib
export LIBPATH
```

• If the default shell is C Shell, add the following line in the file ~/sqllib/db2cshrc:

```
set LIBPATH=($LIBPATH ${INSTHOME}/sqllib/lib)
```

3. Edit the /etc/services file to add a service name entry pair for DB2/LUW.

On UNIX, the services file is under /etc/services. On Microsoft Windows, it is under C:\WINDOWS\system32\drivers\etc.

The service names (db2cdb2udb1 and db2idb2udb1) are user-defined values. Additional suggestions include db2udbp and db2udbpi, where "p" stands for "production." You must define a unique pair of service names for each instance created per machine.

Port numbers (50000 and 50001 above) may be arbitrarily assigned. That is, you could use 50000 and 50001 or any other pair of sequential unassigned numbers greater than 1024. However, port numbers usually follow installation or industry protocols, so consult with your network administrators.

4. Update Database Manager SVCENAME Parameter on the DB2/LUW Server.

To establish the service name that clients will use to communicate with DB2/LUW, issue the following command using the DB2/LUW Command Line Processor:

db2 update dbm cfg using svcename db2cdb2udb1

Note. Although a port number and a service name were assigned for the Interrupt port (for example, db2idb2udb1), it is never used.

To put the above changes into effect, you have to re-login and re-start the DB2/LUW database instance. Here are the commands:

login db2udb1 db2stop

Task 1-8: Installing Supporting Applications

Oracle requires that a number of supporting applications be installed for the PeopleSoft installation on batch servers and on any Windows-based client on which batch processes will be run locally. (Throughout the rest of this section we refer to these Windows-based clients as *two-tier clients*.) Be sure to check My Oracle Support, Certifications to ensure that you are installing software versions that are certified by Oracle.

COBOL

• Consult the PeopleSoft information on My Oracle Support to verify whether your application requires COBOL. Remember that COBOL is not needed for PeopleSoft PeopleTools or for applications that do not contain COBOL programs.

See PeopleSoft Enterprise Frequently Asked Questions about PeopleSoft and COBOL Compilers, My Oracle Support, (search for the article name).

See PeopleSoft Enterprise Frequently Asked Questions about PeopleSoft and the IBM COBOL Compiler, My Oracle Support, (search for the article name).

• For PeopleSoft applications written in COBOL, install the appropriate version of the COBOL compiler on the server where you will compile.

See "Installing and Compiling COBOL on Windows."

See "Installing and Compiling COBOL on UNIX."

- For UNIX servers, install Micro Focus Server Express or IBM Compiler for IBM AIX.
- For Microsoft Windows servers, install the appropriate version of Micro Focus Net Express.
- If all your servers are on Microsoft Windows operating systems, Oracle recommends that you install a COBOL compiler on the file server.

You can install PeopleSoft PeopleTools plus any patches on the file server, compile your COBOL there, and then copy the COBOL binaries to your application and batch servers.

• If your application and batch servers are on UNIX or Linux, we recommend that you designate a single server as the compile server, so that you can compile COBOL from this central location and then distribute it to the rest of your application and batch servers.

If you use this approach, you only need to copy patches or customizations over to the compile server. In this case, you would install a COBOL compiler on the master (or compile) server and either the COBOL compiler or runtime on the rest. You can also copy patches or customizations from the file server to all of your UNIX servers and compile the COBOL on each machine.

Note that the compile server must have the same operating system as any destination application or batch servers. For example, if your compile server is an IBM AIX machine, you can only copy COBOL compiled there to other IBM AIX application and batch servers. Oracle recommends this approach. It will help you keep your COBOL source code in sync and only requires that you install COBOL in a single location.

- The format of COBOL source file names of patches or customizations on the file server should always be UPPERCASE.cbl to ensure compatibility with your UNIX servers.
- The PeopleSoft Installer installs COBOL source code from the installation directory to your Microsoft Windows file server and to all UNIX servers, but not to the rest of your Microsoft Windows servers.

SQR

- You must install SQR on any non-Windows batch server.
- On Microsoft Windows batch servers and two-tier clients, you have the option of installing SQR locally, or

mapping to a copy installed on the file server.

• Because SQR does not require any local registry settings, you can execute SQR from any Microsoft Windows batch server or two-tier client once SQR has been installed to a shared directory. Installing SQR locally will result in improved performance; over a slow network connection the improvement will be significant.

Microsoft Office

Install Microsoft Office (Excel and Word) on any Windows batch server or two-tier client that will be running PS/nVision or Microsoft Word batch processes.

Microsoft Office must be installed locally, because it requires registry settings.

See Also

My Oracle Support, Certifications

Task 1-9: Performing Backups

Before proceeding, you should back up all servers and workstations that are set up for installation so you can recover to this point if necessary. Do the following:

- Back up any changes you made to the database server in setting up your PeopleSoft system.
- Back up any changes you made to your file server while setting aside space for your PeopleSoft system and setting up access privileges.
- Once you set up your install workstations to access the file server and database server simultaneously, back up the workstations.

Chapter 2

Installing the PeopleSoft Homes

This chapter discusses:

- Obtaining the PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPKs
- Reviewing the DPK Setup Script Options
- Running the DPK Setup Script to Install PS_HOME Only
- Running the DPK Setup Script to Install All Software
- Obtaining Operating System Packages Required by Puppet
- Removing a Deployed PeopleSoft Environment

Task 2-1: Obtaining the PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPKs

This section discusses:

- Obtaining the PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPKs from My Oracle Support
- Obtaining from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud

Task 2-1-1: Obtaining the PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPKs from My Oracle Support

The PeopleSoft PeopleTools patches are available on My Oracle Support. Contact Oracle if you need a user ID and password for My Oracle Support.

To locate and download the DPKs:

1. Go to the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Patches Home Page, My Oracle Support, Doc ID 2062712.2, to find the information on locating and downloading the latest PeopleSoft PeopleTools patch.

This page includes documentation and links to the most recent patches. To find earlier PeopleSoft PeopleTools patches:

- a. Sign in to My Oracle Support.
- b. Select the Patches & Updates tab.
- c. Select Product or Family (Advanced), and search for PeopleSoft PeopleTools.
- 2. Download the DPK zip files into a single directory, referred to in this documentation as DPK_INSTALL.

Be sure that the *DPK_INSTALL* directory has adequate available space for all the zip files. When you download, there will probably be multiple zip files. The multiple files are needed due to size limitations.

The zip files have the following format:

PEOPLETOOLS-<*Operating_System>-*<*Release>-*#ofn.zip

For example:

PEOPLETOOLS-LNX-8.56.02-1of4.zip

PEOPLETOOLS-LNX-8.56.02-2of4.zip

PEOPLETOOLS-LNX-8.56.02-3of4.zip

PEOPLETOOLS-LNX-8.56.02-4of4.zip

The files names are comprised of the following parts:

- *<Operating_System>* is AIX for IBM AIX, LNX for Oracle Linux, SOL for Oracle Solaris for SPARC, or WIN for Microsoft Windows.
- *<Release>* is the release and patch number for the product, such as 8.56.02.
- *n* represents the total number of zip files.

Task 2-1-2: Obtaining from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud

At the general availability date for PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56, you can obtain the PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPKs from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud. This version includes the 8.56.01 patch and the full codeline. Later patches are available only on My Oracle Support. To obtain the PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPKs from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud:

1. Sign in to Oracle Software Delivery Cloud.

See Oracle Software Delivery Cloud, https://edelivery.oracle.com.

- 2. Search for PeopleSoft PeopleTools release.
- 3. Select your operating system from the Platform list, and click Search.
- 4. Click Continue twice.
- 5. Review and accept the terms and conditions.
- 6. Download the DPK zip files, for example V123456-0#.zip, into a single directory, referred to in this documentation as *DPK_INSTALL*.

Be sure that the *DPK_INSTALL* directory has adequate available space for all the zip files. When you download, there will probably be multiple zip files. The multiple files are needed due to size limitations.

Task 2-2: Reviewing the DPK Setup Script Options

The PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPK setup script alleviates the installation process by automating most of the manual tasks in using DPKs to set up PeopleSoft mid-tier components on a virtual or bare-metal host running a supported operating system. By convention, the setup DPK is the first zip file (*FILENAME_*1ofn.zip) in the group of PeopleSoft DPK zip files you download from My Oracle Support.

The DPK setup zip file includes two scripts, a Microsoft Windows script (psft-dpk-setup.bat) and a Linux or UNIX shell script (psft-dpk-setup.sh). To set up a PeopleSoft environment, run the script pertinent to the host operating system (OS) platform on which the DPK setup script is invoked. The DPK setup script offers a variety of options for setting up mid-tier components, *PS_HOME* folder, and PeopleSoft domains, depending upon the options you supply. The script is an interactive script that detects the downloaded DPKs and verifies that they are correct. It also prompts the user for input, and once that information is gathered, will set up a complete functional PeopleSoft mid-tier environment connecting to an existing PeopleSoft database.

Note. The DPK setup script does not provide any default passwords. It is a good idea to be prepared to supply passwords such as user ID, PeopleSoft Connect ID, Application Server Domain Connection, and so on.

The following table lists the options available for the DPK setup script, psft-dpk-setup.bat for Microsoft Windows and psft-dpk-setup.sh for Linux or UNIX The suffix $\langle ext \rangle$ in the table refers to the operating system specific extension.

Note that the command options require two dashes when running on Microsoft Windows, Linux or UNIX.

Note. The commands in the table include line feeds to improve readability.

Deployment	DPK Setup Script Command
 Perform the following: Install the software required for the mid-tier components, including Oracle Tuxedo, Oracle WebLogic, and Oracle database client. Deploy and set up the domains for the mid-tier components (Application Server, web server, Process Scheduler and Oracle database client). Install the <i>PS_HOME</i> directory. 	psft-dpk-setup.< <i>ext></i> env_type midtier
 Perform the following: Install the software required for the mid-tier components, including Oracle Tuxedo, Oracle WebLogic and Oracle database client, without setting up the mid-tier domains. Install the <i>PS_HOME</i> directory. 	<pre>psft-dpk-setup.<ext> env_type midtier deploy_only or psft-dpk-setup.<ext> env_type midtier deploy_onlydeploy_type all</ext></ext></pre>
Deploy the <i>PS_HOME</i> directory only. This option does not set up any domains.	<pre>psft-dpk-setup.<ext> env_type midtier deploy_only deploy_type tools_home</ext></pre>
Deploy and set up the domain for the Application Server only.	<pre>./psft-dpk-setup.<ext> env_type midtier domain_type appserver</ext></pre>
Deploy and set up the domain for the Process Scheduler only.	<pre>psft-dpk-setup.<ext> env_type midtier domain_type prcs</ext></pre>
Deploy and set up the domain for PIA only.	psft-dpk-setup.< <i>ext></i> env_type midtier domain_type pia
Deploy and set up the domains for the Application Server and the Process Scheduler.	<pre>psft-dpk-setup.<ext> env_type midtier domain_type appbatch</ext></pre>

Deployment	DPK Setup Script Command
Specify the full path of the downloaded DPKs. The script assumes that the downloaded DPKs are in the parent directory of the DPK setup script. If the DPKs are located in a different directory, use this option.	<pre>psft-dpk-setup.<ext> env_type midtierdpk_src_dir <full_dpk_path></full_dpk_path></ext></pre>
Remove a deployed environment. See "Using and Maintaining the PeopleSoft Environment," Removing a Deployed PeopleSoft Environment.	psft-dpk-setup.< <i>ext></i> cleanup

The following options are also available for PeopleSoft application DPKs. These options require the presence of PeopleSoft application DPKs in the deployment folder. If *DPK_INSTALL* includes only the PeopleTools DPKs files, you cannot use these options.

See PeopleSoft Update Manager (PUM) Home Page, My Oracle Support, Doc ID 1641843.2, for more information on the PeopleSoft application DPKs.

Deployment	DPK Setup Script Command
Deploy the <i>PS_APP_HOME</i> directory only. This option does not set up any domains.	<pre>psft-dpk-setup.<ext> env_type midtier deploy_only deploy_type app_home</ext></pre>
Deploy the <i>PS_HOME</i> and <i>PS_APP_HOME</i> directories only. This option does not set up any domains.	<pre>psft-dpk-setup.<ext> env_type midtier deploy_only deploy_type app_and_tools_home</ext></pre>

Include the following decisions in preparing for the installation process:

• FRESH or PUM installation type

For this documentation, select a FRESH, or new installation, which enables you to make selections for RDBMS, Unicode, and multi-language support.

The PUM installation type is used with the PeopleSoft Update Image DPKs to create and set up a PeopleSoft environment to be used as the source for the PeopleSoft Update Manager. If you select the PUM installation type, the DPK setup script installs an Oracle DEMO multi-lingual database without other options.

See the documentation on the PeopleSoft Update Manager (PUM) Home Page, My Oracle Support, Doc ID 1641843.2.

• Default or manual configuration

After extracting the DPKs, you are given the option to exit the process and complete the configuration manually using Puppet files. Use the manual configuration if you want to change installation locations and so on.

See "Completing the DPK Initialization with Customizations."

The following installation scenarios require manual configuration using the customizations:

• Installing on an AIX operating system

See Reviewing the Software Requirements on AIX

See Preparing the Customization File for Component Software Locations.

• Connecting to a non-Oracle RDBMS platform.

See Preparing the Customization File for Mid-Tier Connection to a DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows Database

• User IDs and password

The DPK setup script does not provide any default passwords. It is a good idea to be prepared to supply passwords such as root access, user ID, PeopleSoft Connect ID, Application Server Domain Connection, and so on.

• Multi-language support

You are given the option to have the DPK setup script install translated files for a multi-language installation.

• Unicode or non-Unicode

You are given the option to have the DPK setup script install a Unicode or non-Unicode environment.

Task 2-3: Running the DPK Setup Script to Install PS_HOME Only

This section discusses:

- Understanding the PS_HOME Deployment
- Installing PS_HOME Only on Microsoft Windows
- Installing PS_HOME Only on Linux

Understanding the PS_HOME Deployment

Use these instructions to install the *PS_HOME* installation folder, which includes the PeopleSoft PeopleTools server utilities. Use this deployment, for example, to get the tools needed to carry out database creation. The *PS_HOME* deployment includes the following:

- *PS_HOME* installed to *BASE_DIR*/pt/ps_home8.56.xx by default.
- PeopleTools utilities and scripts including:
 - *PS_HOME*/appserv/PSADMIN.exe
 - *PS_HOME/*bin/client/winx86/pscfg.exe (Configuration Manager)
 - *PS_HOME/*bin/client/winx86/psdmt.exe (Data Mover)
 - *PS_HOME/*bin/client/winx86/pside.exe (Application Designer)
 - *PS_HOME*/scripts
 - Other PeopleTools utilities
- Setup utilities including:
 - *PS_HOME*/setup/PsMpPIAInstall (PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture installer)
 - *PS_HOME*/setup/PsMpDbInstall (Database installer)
 - *PS_HOME*/setup/PsCA (Change Assistant installer)
 - PS_HOME/setup/PsCIA (Change Impact Analyzer installer)
 - *PS_HOME*/setup/PsMpWebAppDeployInstall (Web Application Deployment installer)

Task 2-3-1: Installing PS_HOME Only on Microsoft Windows

This procedure assumes you have obtained the four PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPK zip files and saved them in *DPK_INSTALL*. To use the DPK setup script to install *PS_HOME* only:

1. Extract the first zip file (FILENAME_1of4.zip) in the same directory, DPK_INSTALL.

The extraction creates the DPK_INSTALL/setup folder and other files.

See Obtaining the PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPK for the DPK file name syntax.

- 2. Open a command prompt with Run as Administrator.
- 3. Change directory to DPK_INSTALL/setup.
- 4. Run the script with the options for mid-tier and deployment only.

Note. If you see an error message similar to "The application has failed to start because its side-by-side configuration is incorrect," it indicates that your machine does not include the necessary Microsoft C++ runtime libraries. Go to the Microsoft Web site, locate the Microsoft Visual C++ redistributable package for your system, and install as directed.

psft-dpk-setup.bat --env_type midtier --deploy_only --deploy_type tools_⇒
home

5. Wait while the script locates the valid PeopleSoft zip files and extracts them.

The system displays messages indicating the steps in the setup process. The success or failure of each step is indicated by [OK] or [FAILED].

The script locates the valid PeopleSoft zip files and extracts them. After it completes the extraction, it deletes the original downloaded zip files.

Starting the PeopleSoft Environment Setup Process:

Extracting	the	Zip	File	FILENAME	lof4.zip:	[OK]
Extracting	the	Zip	File	FILENAME	2of4.zip:	[OK]
Extracting	the	Zip	File	FILENAME	3of4.zip:	[OK]
Extracting	the	Zip	File	FILENAME	4of4.zip:	[OK]

6. Specify whether to install the Puppet software if necessary at the next prompt.

The script verifies if Puppet software is installed in the default location specified by the DPKs. If not, answer y (yes) to install the Puppet software and n to abort the PeopleSoft environment setup process. The default action (if nothing is entered at the prompt) is to install the software.

If there is any error during the Puppet software installation, the script aborts the setup process.

```
Validating User Arguments: [ OK ]
Validating PeopleSoft Supported Platform: [ OK ]
Verifying if Puppet Software is Installed on the Host:
Puppet Software is not installed on the Host. If this Host is
used to setup a PeopleSoft environment, Puppet Software should
be Installed.
Do you want to Install Puppet Software on this Host? [Y|n]: y
Installing Puppet Software on the Host: [ OK ]
```

The script verifies if the DPKs are available in *DPK_INSTALL*, and aborts with the message [FAILED] if they are not.

Preparing the Windows 2012 Server VM for PeopleSoft Environment:

Checking if PeopleSoft DPKs are Present: [OK]

7. At the following prompt, enter a location that is accessible to the host to be used as the PeopleSoft base directory.

The base directory is used to extract the PeopleSoft DPKs as well as for deploying PeopleSoft components.

Note. When entering the path for the base directory, use forward slashes (/). For example, C:/psft.

The base folder is used to extract the PeopleSoft DPKs. It is also used to deploy the PeopleSoft components. This folder should be accessible on the Windows VM, must have write permissions and should have enough free space

Enter the PeopleSoft Base Folder: [C:/psft] Are you happy with your answer? [Y|n|q]:

The script validates if there is enough free space available under the specified base directory for the PeopleSoft environment. The PeopleSoft environment setup is aborted if there is not enough free space.

Note. A mid-tier setup of a PeopleSoft environment requires about 25 GB of disk space.

Checking if the Base Folder has Enough Free Space: [OK]

The script creates the following three sub-directories under the user provided base directory, BASE_DIR:

• BASE_DIR\dpk

The script uses this directory to extract the archives from the PeopleSoft DPKs.

BASE_DIR\pt

The script uses this directory to deploy PeopleSoft PeopleTools.

• BASE_DIR\db

This directory is not used for this deployment.

```
8. Review the status messages as the script validates the files found in the base folder.
```

The script carries out validations for the mid-tier deployment. If any of the validations fail, the PeopleSoft environment setup is aborted.

```
Validating the PeopleSoft DPKs in the Folder:
Validating the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Server DPK:
                                                                      [ ⇒
 OK ]
Validating the Oracle Server Database DPK:
                                                                      [ ⇒
 OK
    1
Validating the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Application Database DPK:
                                                                     [ ⇒
 OK
    1
Validating the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Client DPK:
                                                                      [ ⇒
 OK
    1
Validating the Manifest Information in Peoplesoft DPKs:
                                                                      [ ⇒
 OK
    1
```

9. Review the status messages as the script extracts the archives from the DPKs.

```
Extracting the Peoplesoft DPK Archives in Windows VM:
Extracting the Oracle Database Server DPK Archive:
Extracting the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Application Database DPK Archive:⇒
[ OK ]
Extracting the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Server DPK: ⇒
[ OK ]
```

10. Review the status messages as the script sets up the Puppet file system.

The script sets up Puppet on the host. It then copies the PeopleSoft Puppet modules to the standard location (*BASE_DIR*\dpk) and updates the YAML files to reflect the type of PeopleSoft environment setup.

```
Setting up Puppet on the Windows VM:
Generating eYAML Hiera Backend Encryption Keys: [ OK ]
Updating the Puppet Hiera YAML Files in the Windows VM: [ OK ]
Updating the Role in Puppet Site File for the Windows VM: [ OK ]
```

- 11. Specify the information for your database platform.
 - a. For the database platform, enter ORACLE, MSSQL (Microsoft SQL Server), DB2UNIX (DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows), or DB2ODBC (DB2 for z/OS).

Enter the PeopleSoft database platform [ORACLE]:

b. Enter *y* (yes) to indicate that the database you will connect to is a Unicode database.

Note. All PeopleSoft Update Image databases are required to be Unicode.

Is the PeopleSoft database unicode? [Y|n]: y

12. Enter y to continue with the script.

```
Are you happy with your answers? [y|n]: y
Updating the Puppet Hiera YAML Files with User Data: [⇒
OK ]
```

13. If you want to continue running the initialization script using the default configuration, answer *y* (yes) to the following prompt, and continue with the next step.

If you want to customize the PeopleSoft environment using the Puppet YAML files, answer n (no) to stop the script.

The bootstrap script is ready to deploy and configure the PeopleSoft environment using the default configuration defined in the Puppet Hiera YAML files. You can proceed by answering 'y' at the following prompt. And, if you want to customize the environment by overriding the default configuration, you can answer 'n'. If you answer 'n', you should follow the instructions in the PeopleSoft Installation Guide for creating the customization Hiera YAML file and running the Puppet 'apply' command directly to continue with the setup of the PeopleSoft environment

Do you want to continue with the default initialization process? [y|n]:

14. Review the status messages as the script runs Puppet profiles to set up the PeopleSoft environment.

A message of [OK] indicates that the profile has been applied successfully while a message [FAILED]

Chapter 2

indicates that the profile application failed.

The script stops and exits the first time a profile application fails, and displays an error message. This example shows the error message after the step to set up the PeopleSoft OS Users environment failed:

```
Starting the Default Initialization of PeopleSoft Environment:
Deploying PeopleTools Components: [FAILED]
The initialization of PeopleSoft environment setup failed. Check the
log file [C:\DPK_INSTALL\setup\psft_dpk_setup.log] for the errors.
After correcting the errors, run the following commands to continue
with the setup of PeopleSoft environment.
1. cd C:\psft\dpk\puppet\production\manifests
2. puppet apply --confdir=C:\psft\dpk\puppet site.pp --debug --trace
Exiting the PeopleSoft environment setup process.
See "Completing the DPK Initialization with Customizations."
Upon successful completion, the DPK setup script displays the following message:
Starting the Default Initialization of PeopleSoft Environment:
```

```
Deploying PeopleTools Components: [ OK ]
Setting up PeopleSoft OS Users Environment: [ OK ]
```

```
The PeopleSoft Environment Setup Process Ended.
```

The complete setup log is written to the file psft_dpk_setup.log in the same location as the DPK setup script.

Task 2-3-2: Installing PS_HOME Only on Linux

This procedure assumes you have obtained the four PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPK zip files and saved them in *DPK_INSTALL*. To use the DPK setup script to install *PS_HOME* only:

1. Extract the first zip file (FILENAME_1of4.zip) in the same directory, DPK_INSTALL.

The extraction creates the DPK_INSTALL/setup folder and other files.

See Obtaining the PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPKs for the DPK file name syntax.

- 2. Open a terminal window and change directory to DPK_INSTALL/setup.
- 3. As a user with root access, run the script with the options for mid-tier and deployment only.

```
psft-dpk-setup.sh --env_type midtier --deploy_only --deploy_type tools_⇒
home
```

4. Wait while the script locates the valid PeopleSoft zip files and extracts them.

The system displays messages indicating the steps in the setup process. The success or failure of each step is indicated by [OK] or [FAILED].

Starting the PeopleSoft Environment Setup Process:

```
Extracting the Zip File FILENAME_1of4.zip: [ OK ]
Extracting the Zip File FILENAME_2of4.zip: [ OK ]
Extracting the Zip File FILENAME_3of4.zip: [ OK ]
Extracting the Zip File FILENAME_4of4.zip: [ OK ]
```

Installing the PeopleSoft Homes

5. Specify whether to install the Puppet software if necessary at the next prompt.

The script verifies if Puppet software is installed in the default location specified by the DPKs. If not, answer y (yes) to install the Puppet software and n to abort the PeopleSoft environment setup process. The default action (if nothing is entered at the prompt) is to install the software.

If there is any error during the Puppet software installation, the script aborts the setup process.

```
Validating User Arguments: [ OK ]
Validating PeopleSoft Supported Platform: [ OK ]
Verifying if Puppet Software is Installed on the Host:
Puppet Software is not installed on the Host. If this Host is
used to setup a PeopleSoft environment, Puppet Software should
be Installed.
Do you want to Install Puppet Software on this Host? [Y|n]: y
Installing Puppet Software on the Host: [ OK ]
```

The script verifies if the DPKs are available in *DPK_INSTALL*, and aborts with the message [FAILED] if they are not.

Preparing the Linux VM for PeopleSoft Environment:

Checking if PeopleSoft DPKs are Present: [OK]

6. At the following prompt, enter a location that is accessible to the host to be used as the PeopleSoft base directory.

The base directory is used to extract the PeopleSoft DPKs as well as for deploying PeopleSoft components.

Note. When entering the path for the base directory, use forward slashes (/). For example, /csl/psft.

The base folder is used to extract the PeopleSoft DPKs as well as for deploying PeopleSoft Components. This folder should be accessible on the host, has write permission, and has enough free spaceThe base folder is used to extract the PeopleSoft DPKs. It is also used to deploy the PeopleSoft components. This folder should be accessible on the Linux VM, must have write permissions and should have enough free space.

Enter the PeopleSoft Base Folder [/opt/oracle/psft]: Are you happy with your answer? [Y|n|q]:

The script validates if there is enough free space available under the specified base directory for the PeopleSoft environment. The PeopleSoft environment setup is aborted if there is not enough free space.

Checking if the Base Filesystem has Enough Free Space: [OK]

The script creates the following three sub-directories under the user provided base directory, BASE_DIR:

• BASE_DIR/dpk

The script uses this directory to extract the archives from the PeopleSoft DPKs.

• BASE_DIR/pt

The script uses this directory to deploy PeopleSoft PeopleTools.

• BASE_DIR/db

This directory is not used for this deployment.

7. Review the status messages as the script validates the files found in the base folder.

The script carries out validations for the mid-tier deployment. If any of the validations fail, the PeopleSoft environment setup is aborted.

Validating the	e PeopleSoft	DPKs in the	Folder:	:			
Validating the	e PeopleSoft	Application	DPK:		[OK]
Validating the	e PeopleSoft	PeopleTools	DPK:		[OK]
Validating the	e PeopleSoft	PeopleTools	Client	DPK:	[OK]
Validating the	e Manifest In	nformation in	DPKs:		[OK]

8. Review the status messages as the script extracts the archives from the DPKs.

```
Extracting the DPK Archives in the VM:
Extracting the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Server DPK Archive: ⇒
[ OK ]
Extracting the Oracle Database Server DPK Archive:
Extracting the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Application Database DPK Archive:⇒
[ OK ]
```

9. Review the status messages as the script sets up the Puppet file system.

The script sets up Puppet on the host. It then copies the PeopleSoft Puppet modules to the standard location (*BASE_DIR*/dpk) and updates the YAML files to reflect the type of PeopleSoft environment setup.

```
Setting up Puppet on the VM:Generating eYAML Hiera Backend Encryption Keys:Updating the Puppet Hiera YAML Files in the Linux VM:[ OK ]Updating the Role in Puppet Site File for the Linux VM:[ OK ]
```

- 10. Specify the information for your database platform.
 - a. For the database platform, enter ORACLE, MSSQL (Microsoft SQL Server), DB2UNIX (DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows), or DB2ODBC (DB2 for z/OS).

```
Enter the PeopleSoft database platform [ORACLE]:
```

b. Enter y (yes) to indicate that the database you are connecting to is a Unicode database.

Note. All PeopleSoft Update Image databases are required to be Unicode.

Is the PeopleSoft database unicode? [Y|n]: y

11. If you want to continue running the initialization script using the default configuration, answer *y* (yes) to the following prompt, and continue with the next step.

If you want to customize the PeopleSoft environment using the Puppet YAML files, answer n (no) to stop the script.

The bootstrap script is ready to deploy and configure the PeopleSoft environment using the default configuration defined in the Puppet Hiera YAML files. You can proceed by answering 'y' at the following prompt. And, if you want to customize the environment by overriding the default configuration, you can answer 'n'. If you answer 'n', you should follow the instructions in the PeopleSoft Installation Guide for creating the customization Hiera YAML file and running the Puppet 'apply' command directly to continue with the setup of the PeopleSoft environment Do you want to continue with the default initialization process? [y|n]:

12. Review the status messages as the script runs Puppet profiles to set up the PeopleSoft environment.

A message of [OK] indicates that the profile has been applied successfully while a message [FAILED] indicates that the profile application failed.

The script stops and exits the first time a profile application fails, and displays an error message. This example shows the error message after the first step failed:

Starting the Default Initialization of PeopleSoft Environment:

Deploying PeopleTools Components: [FAILED] The initialization of PeopleSoft environment setup failed. Check the log file [DPK_INSTALL/setup/psft_dpk_setup.log] for the errors. After correcting the errors, run the following commands to continue with the setup of PeopleSoft environemnt.

```
    cd /opt/oracle/psft/dpk/puppet/production/manifests
    puppet apply --confdir=/opt/oracle/psft/dpk/puppet site.pp --debug --⇒
trace
```

Exiting the PeopleSoft environment setup process.

See "Completing the DPK Initialization with Customizations."

Upon successful completion, the DPK setup script displays the following message: Starting the Default Initialization of PeopleSoft Environment:

Deploying PeopleTools	Components:	L	OK]
Setting up PeopleSoft	OS Users Environment:	[OK]

The PeopleSoft Environment Setup Process Ended.

The complete setup log is written to the file psft_dpk_setup.log in the same location as the DPK setup script.

Task 2-4: Running the DPK Setup Script to Install All Software

This section discusses:

- Understanding the DPK Installation
- Installing on Microsoft Windows
- Installing on Linux or UNIX
- Reviewing the Installed Software

Understanding the DPK Installation

Use these instructions to install all software required to continue with the PeopleSoft installation. This deployment uses the DPK setup script options --env_type midtier --deploy_only -- deploy_type all to install the PeopleSoft PeopleTools software in *PS_HOME*, and the software required for the mid-tier components. This deployment does not set up the PeopleSoft domains; you will do that in a later chapter. If you plan to use the Database Configuration Wizard to create your PeopleSoft database on Linux or UNIX platforms Oracle Tuxedo is a prerequisite. Using the DPK setup script options in this section installs Oracle Tuxedo along with other software.

This procedure assumes that you have downloaded all of the required PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPKs, and saved them in a location referred to here as *DPK_INSTALL*.

Task 2-4-1: Installing on Microsoft Windows

To use the DPK setup script to deploy the software required to set up a PeopleSoft environment:

1. Extract the first zip file (*FILENAME_*1of*n.*zip).

Note. It is a good idea to extract into the same directory where you downloaded the zip files, DPK_INSTALL.

The extraction creates the DPK_INSTALL/setup folder and other files.

- 2. Open a command prompt with Run as Administrator.
- 3. Change directory to DPK_INSTALL/setup.
- 4. Run the script with the options for mid-tier and deployment only.

Note. If you see an error message similar to "The application has failed to start because its side-by-side configuration is incorrect," it indicates that your machine does not include the necessary Microsoft C++ runtime libraries. Go to the Microsoft Web site, locate the Microsoft Visual C++ redistributable package for your system, and install as directed.

• If you extracted the first zip file into the same directory where you downloaded the zip files, use this command:

psft-dpk-setup.bat --env type midtier --deploy only --deploy type all

• If you extracted the first zip file into a different directory, include the option dpk_src_dir to specify the location of the downloaded zip files, such as *DPK_INSTALL*, as follows:

```
psft-dpk-setup.bat --dpk_src_dir DPK_INSTALL --env_type midtier --⇒
deploy only --deploy type all
```

5. Wait while the script locates the valid PeopleSoft zip files and extracts them.

The system displays messages indicating the steps in the setup process. The success or failure of each step is indicated by [OK] or [FAILED].

The script locates the valid PeopleSoft zip files and extracts them. After it completes the extraction, it deletes the original downloaded zip files.

See "Preparing for Installation," Understanding the PeopleSoft Installation Using Deployment Packages, for the filename syntax of the PeopleSoft application DPKs.

Starting the PeopleSoft Environment Setup Process:

6. Specify whether to install the Puppet software if necessary at the next prompt.

The script verifies if Puppet software is installed in the default location specified by the DPKs. If not, answer y (yes) to install the Puppet software and n to abort the PeopleSoft environment setup process. The default action (if nothing is entered at the prompt) is to install the software.

If there is any error during the Puppet software installation, the script aborts the setup process.

```
Validating User Arguments:
                                                                           ſ
                                                                              OK
                                                                                  1
  Validating PeopleSoft Supported Platform:
                                                                           [
                                                                              OK ]
  Verifying if Puppet Software is Installed on the Windows Host:
   Puppet Software is not installed on the Windows Host. If PeopleSoft
  environment needs to be setup on this Host, Puppet software
   should be Installed..
  Do you want to proceed with the Puppet Installation? [Y|n]: y
   Installing Puppet Software on the Windows Host:
                                                                           Γ
                                                                              OK ]
  The script verifies whether the eYAML Hiera files are installed.
  Verifying if eYAML Hiera Backend is Installed:
                                                                          [ OK ]
  The script verifies if the DPKs are available in the download directory, DPK_INSTALL, and aborts with the
  message [FAILED] if they are not.
  Preparing the Windows 2012 Server VM for PeopleSoft Environment:
  Checking if PeopleSoft DPKs are Present:
                                                                              OK ]
                                                                           Γ
7. At the following prompt, enter a location that is accessible to the host to be used as the PeopleSoft base
  directory.
  The base directory is used to extract the PeopleSoft DPKs as well as for deploying PeopleSoft components.
  Use forward slashes (/) to specify the base directory location; for example, C:/psft.
  The base folder is used to extract the PeopleSoft DPKs. It is also
  used to deploy the PeopleSoft components. This folder should be
   accessible on the Windows VM, must have write permissions and should
  have enough free space
  Enter the PeopleSoft Base Folder: C:/psft
  Are you happy with your answer? [Y|n|q]:
  The script validates if there is enough free space available under the specified base directory for the
  PeopleSoft environment. The PeopleSoft environment setup is aborted if there is not enough free space.
```

Note. A mid-tier setup of a PeopleSoft environment requires about 25 GB of disk space.

Checking if the Base Folder has Enough Free Space: [OK]

8. Review the status messages as the script validates the files found in the base folder.

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The script carries out validations for the mid-tier deployment. If any of the validations fail, the PeopleSoft environment setup is aborted.

Validating the PeopleSoft DPKs in the Folder: Validating the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Application DPK: [OK 1 Validating the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Server DPK: OK Γ 1 Validating the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Client DPK: [OK 1 Validating the Manifest Information in Peoplesoft DPKs: 1 Γ OK

9. Review the status messages as the script extracts the archives from the DPKs.

```
Extracting the PeopleSoft DPK Archives in Windows VM:
Extracting the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Application DPK Archive: [ OK ]
Extracting the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Server DPK: [ OK ]
```

10. Review the status messages as the script sets up the Puppet file system.

The script sets up Puppet on the host. It then copies the PeopleSoft Puppet modules to the standard location (*BASE_DIR*\dpk) and updates the YAML files to reflect the type of PeopleSoft environment setup.

Setting up Puppet on the Windows VM: Generating eYAML Hiera Backend Encryption Keys: [OK] Updating the Puppet Hiera YAML Files in the Windows VM: [OK] Updating the Role in Puppet Site File for the Windows VM: [OK]

- 11. Specify whether this is a fresh (new) installation or an installation for PeopleSoft Update Manager (PUM): Enter the PeopleSoft installation [PUM or FRESH] type [PUM]: **FRESH**
- 12. Specify the information for your database platform.
 - a. For the database platform, enter DB2UNIX for DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows. Enter the PeopleSoft database platform [ORACLE]: DB2UNIX
 - b. Enter y (yes) to indicate that the database you are connecting to is a Unicode database.

```
Is the PeopleSoft database unicode? [Y|n]: y
```

13. Enter y if you want the DPK setup script to install files required for a multi-lingual installation.

```
Do you want Multi Language support in PeopleSoft database? [y|N]: n
```

14. Enter y to continue with the script.

Are you happy with your answers? [y|n]: y Updating the Puppet Hiera YAML Files with User Data: [OK]

15. If you want to continue running the initialization script interactively, answer *y* (yes) to the following prompt, and continue with the next step.

If you want to customize the PeopleSoft environment using the Puppet YAML files, answer n (no) to stop the script.

The bootstrap script is ready to deploy and configure the PeopleSoft environment using the default configuration defined in the Puppet Hiera YAML files. You can proceed by answering 'y' at the following prompt. And, if you want to customize the environment by overriding the default configuration, you can answer 'n'. If you answer 'n', you should follow the instructions in the PeopleSoft Installation Guide for creating the customization Hiera YAML file and running the Puppet 'apply' command directly to continue with the setup of the PeopleSoft environment

Do you want to continue with the default initialization process? [y|n]:

16. Review the status messages as the script runs Puppet profiles to set up the PeopleSoft environment.

A message of [OK] indicates that the profile has been applied successfully while a message [FAILED] indicates that the profile application failed.

The script stops and exits the first time a profile application fails, and displays an error message. This example shows the error message after the first step failed:

Starting the Deployment of PeopleSoft Components:

Setting Up System Settings:

[FAILED]

The initialization of PeopleSoft environment setup failed. Check the log file [C:\DPK_INSTALL\setup\psft_dpk_setup.log] for the errors. After correcting the errors, run the following commands to continue with the setup of PeopleSoft environemnt.

```
    cd C:\psft\dpk\puppet\production\manifests
    puppet apply --confdir=C:\psft\dpk\puppet site.pp --debug --trace
```

Exiting the PeopleSoft environment setup process.

See "Customizing a PeopleSoft Environment."

Upon successful completion, the DPK setup script displays the following message:

Starting the Deployment of PeopleSoft Components:

Setting Up System Settings:	[OK]
Deploying Application Components:	[OK]
Deploying PeopleTools Components:	[OK]

The PeopleSoft Environment Setup Process Ended.

The complete setup log is written to the file psft_dpk_setup.log in the same location as the DPK setup script.

See Obtaining Operating System Packages Required by Puppet if you see messages about missing packages in the log.

Task 2-4-2: Installing on Linux or UNIX

To use the DPK setup script to deploy the software required to set up a PeopleSoft environment:

1. Extract the first zip file (*FILENAME*_lof*n*.zip).

Note. It is a good idea to extract into the same directory where you downloaded the zip files, DPK_INSTALL.

The extraction creates the DPK_INSTALL/setup folder and other files.

- 2. Open a terminal window and change directory to *DPK_INSTALL*/setup.
- 3. As a user with root access, run the script with the options for mid-tier and deployment only.
 - If you extracted the first zip file into the same directory where you downloaded the zip files, run the script with no options, as follows:

```
./psft-dpk-setup.sh --env type midtier --deploy only --deploy type all
```

• If you extracted the first zip file into a different directory, use the option dpk_src_dir to specify the location of the downloaded zip files, such as *DPK_INSTALL*, as follows:

```
./psft-dpk-setup.sh --dpk_src_dir DPK_INSTALL --env_type midtier --⇒ deploy only --deploy type all
```

4. Wait while the script locates the valid PeopleSoft zip files and extracts them.

The system displays messages indicating the steps in the setup process. The success or failure of each step is indicated by [OK] or [FAILED].

See "Preparing for Installation," Understanding the PeopleSoft Installation Using Deployment Packages, for the filename syntax of the PeopleSoft application DPKs.

Starting the PeopleSoft Environment Setup Process: Extracting the Zip File *FILENAME*_lof4.zip: [OK] Extracting the Zip File *FILENAME*_2of4.zip: [OK] ... Extracting the Zip File *FILENAME* 4of4.zip: [OK]

5. Specify whether to install the Puppet software if necessary at the next prompt.

The script verifies if Puppet software is installed in the default location specified by the DPKs. If not, answer y (yes) to install the Puppet software and n to abort the PeopleSoft environment setup process. The default action (if nothing is entered at the prompt) is to install the software.

If there is any error during the Puppet software installation, the script aborts the setup process.

```
Validating User Arguments:
                                                                       [ OK ]
  Validating PeopleSoft Supported Platform:
                                                                        [ OK ]
  Verifying if Puppet Software is Installed:
  Puppet Software is not installed on the Linux Host. If PeopleSoft
  environment needs to be setup on this Host, Puppet software
  should be Installed.
  Do you want to proceed with the Puppet Installation? [Y|n]: y
  Installing Puppet Software on the Host:
                                                                        Γ
                                                                           OK ]
  The script verifies whether the eYAML Hiera files are installed.
  Verifying if eYAML Hiera Backend is Installed:
                                                                       [ OK ]
  The script verifies if the DPKs are available in DPK_INSTALL, and aborts with the message [FAILED] if they
  are not.
  Preparing the Linux VM for PeopleSoft Environment:
  Checking if PeopleSoft DPKs are Present:
                                                                        [
                                                                               ]
                                                                           OK
6. At the following prompt, enter a location that is accessible to the host to be used as the PeopleSoft base
```

directory.

Use forward slashes (/) to specify the directory; for example, /opt/oracle/psft. The base directory is used to extract the PeopleSoft DPKs as well as for deploying PeopleSoft components.

The base folder is used to extract the PeopleSoft DPKs. It is also

used to deploy the PeopleSoft components. This folder should be accessible on the Linux VM, must have write permissions and should have enough free space.

Enter the PeopleSoft Base Folder: **/opt/oracle/psft** Are you happy with your answer? [Y|n|q]:

The script validates if there is enough free space available under the specified base directory for the PeopleSoft environment. The PeopleSoft environment setup is aborted if there is not enough free space.

Note. A mid-tier setup of a PeopleSoft environment requires about 25 GB of disk space.

Checking if the Base Filesystem has Enough Free Space: [OK]

7. If the default home directory is not writable, enter a new location at the following prompt.

The DPK setup creates local users on the host. These users deploy the PeopleSoft components and own the PeopleSoft runtime domains. The script checks whether the default home directory for the PeopleSoft users (/home) is writable. If not, it will prompt the user to enter a new location to be used for creating the home directories for these local users.

Checking if Default User Home Directory /home is Writable: [WARNING]

The PeopleSoft environment setup creates local users on the VM. The default Home directory for these users is /home. Please ensure this directory is writable or provide a new directory on the VM that is writable.

Please Enter a directory on the VM that is writable [/home]: /ds1 Are you happy with your answer? [y|n|q]:

If the /home directory is writable, no response is required.

Checking if Default User Home Directory /home is Writable: [OK]

8. Review the status messages as the script validates the files found in the download directory, DPK_INSTALL.

The script carries out validations for the mid-tier deployment. If any of the validations fail, the PeopleSoft environment setup is aborted.

Validating the PeopleSoft DPKs in the Folder:			
Validating the PeopleSoft Application DPK:	[OK]
Validating the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Server DPK:	[OK]
Validating the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Client DPK:	[OK]
Validating the Manifest Information in Peoplesoft DPKs:	[OK]

9. Review the status messages as the script extracts the archives from the DPKs.

Extracting	the	Peoplesoft	DPK Archives in the host:			
Extracting	the	PeopleSoft	PeopleTools Server DPK:	[OK]
Extracting	the	PeopleSoft	Application DPK Archive:	[OK]

10. Review the status messages as the script sets up the Puppet file system.

The script sets up Puppet on the host. It then copies the PeopleSoft Puppet modules to the standard location (*BASE_DIR*\dpk) and updates the YAML files to reflect the type of PeopleSoft environment setup.

Setting up Puppet on the Linux host: Generating eYAML Hiera Backend Encryption Keys: [OK] Updating the Puppet Hiera YAML Files in the Linux host: [OK] Updating the Role in Puppet Site File for the Linux host: [OK]

- 11. Specify whether this is a fresh (new) installation or an installation for PeopleSoft Update Manager (PUM): Enter the PeopleSoft installation [PUM or FRESH] type [PUM]: **FRESH**
- 12. Specify the information for your database platform.
 - a. For the database platform, enter DB2UNIX for DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows. Enter the PeopleSoft database platform [ORACLE]: DB2UNIX
 - b. Enter y (yes) to indicate that the database you are connecting to is a Unicode database.

Is the PeopleSoft database unicode? [Y|n]: y

13. Enter y if you want the DPK setup script to install files required for a multi-lingual installation.

Do you want Multi Language support in PeopleSoft database? [y|N]: n

14. Enter *y* to continue with the script.

Are you happy with your answers? [y|n]: yEncrypting the Passwords in the User Data:[OK]Updating the Puppet Hiera YAML Files with User Data:[OK]

15. If you want to continue running the initialization script interactively, answer y (yes) to the following prompt, and continue with the next step.

If you want to customize the PeopleSoft environment using the Puppet YAML files, answer n (no) to stop the script.

See "Customizing a PeopleSoft Environment"

The bootstrap script is ready to deploy and configure the PeopleSoft environment using the default configuration defined in the Puppet Hiera YAML files. You can proceed by answering 'y' at the following prompt. And, if you want to customize the environment by overriding the default configuration, you can answer 'n'. If you answer 'n', you should follow the instructions in the PeopleSoft Installation Guide for creating the customization Hiera YAML file and running the Puppet 'apply' command directly to continue with the setup of the PeopleSoft environment

Do you want to continue with the default initialization process? [y|n]:

16. Review the status messages as the script runs Puppet profiles to set up the PeopleSoft environment.

A message of [OK] indicates that the profile has been applied successfully while a message [FAILED] indicates that the profile application failed.

The script stops and exits the first time a profile application fails, and displays an error message. This example shows the error message after the first step failed:

Starting the Deployment of PeopleSoft Components:

Setting Up System Settings:

[FAILED]

The initialization of PeopleSoft environment setup failed. Check the log file [DPK_INSTALL/setup/psft_dpk_setup.log] for the errors.

```
After correcting the errors, run the following commands to continue
with the setup of PeopleSoft environment.
1. cd /opt/oracle/psft/dpk/puppet/production/manifests
```

```
2. puppet apply --confdir=/opt/oracle/psft/dpk/puppet site.pp --debug --⇒
trace
```

Exiting the PeopleSoft environment setup process.

See "Customizing a PeopleSoft Environment."

Upon successful completion, the DPK setup script displays the following message:

Starting the Deployment of PeopleSoft Components:

Setting Up System Settings:	[OK]
Deploying Application Components:	[OK]
Deploying PeopleTools Components:	[OK]

The PeopleSoft Environment Setup Process Ended.

The complete setup log is written to the file psft_dpk_setup.log in the same location as the DPK setup script.

See Obtaining Operating System Packages Required by Puppet if you see messages about missing packages in the log.

Task 2-4-3: Reviewing the Installed Software

This section describes some of the files and folders installed by the script. These are the standard default locations. If you want to change the installation locations, see "Completing the DPK Initialization with Customizations."

The script creates the following three sub-directories under the user-specified base directory, BASE_DIR:

BASE_DIR/pt

The script uses this directory to deploy the *PS_HOME* and *PS_APP_HOME* utilities and scripts, including the following:

- PS_HOME installed to the default location under the DPK base directory, BASE_DIR/pt/ps_home8.56.xx.
- PS_HOME/appserv/PSADMIN.exe
- *PS_HOME/*bin/client/winx86/pscfg.exe (Configuration Manager)
- *PS_HOME/*bin/client/winx86/psdmt.exe (Data Mover)
- *PS_HOME/*bin/client/winx86/pside.exe (Application Designer)
- PS_HOME/scripts
- *PS_HOME*/setup/PsMpPIAInstall (PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture installer)
- *PS_HOME*/setup/PsMpDbInstall (Database installer)
- *PS_HOME*/setup/PsCA (Change Assistant installer)
- PS_HOME/setup/PsCIA (Change Impact Analyzer installer)
- *PS_HOME*/setup/PsMpWebAppDeployInstall (Web Application Deployment installer)
- Oracle Tuxedo software in the standard location, < BASE_DIR>/pt/bea/tuxedo
- Oracle Tuxedo services on Microsoft Windows:

ORACLE ProcMGR VS12.2.2.0.0_VS2015 and Tlisten VS12.2.2.0.0_VS2015

- Oracle WebLogic software in the standard location, *BASE_DIR/pt/bea/wlserver*
- Oracle database client software in the standard location, BASE_DIR/pt/oracle-client
- Java software in the standard location, *BASE_DIR/pt/jdk_1.8.0_xx*.
- BASE_DIR/dpk

The script uses this directory to extract the archives from the PeopleSoft DPKs, and contains the Puppet YAML files for the deployment. Do not alter the installed Puppet YAML files.

See Completing the DPK Initialization with Customizations for information on creating a YAML file to customize the environment.

• BASE_DIR/db

This directory is not used for this deployment.

Task 2-5: Obtaining Operating System Packages Required by Puppet

The Puppet software used for the DPK deployment is dependent on certain OS-level packages, which may not be present in the delivered DPKs. In this case, you can use the information in the log file that is generated when you run the DPK setup script to determine which packages are needed. It is the responsibility of the user to obtain and install the required packages.

This is a one-time requirement, for a specific Puppet version, the first time the host is set up. If you are using a virtual Microsoft Windows or Linux OS, depending upon your organization's standards, you can add the missing packages to the standard OS from which you instantiate VMs, or create a custom OS image and re-use it later.

- 1. If you are using a virtual OS platform, create a new VM instance.
- 2. Use the DPK setup script, psft-dpk-setup.bat (Microsoft Windows), or psft-dpk-setup.sh (Linux) to deploy on the host.
- 3. Review the deployment log file in *DPK_INSTALL*\setup.

The log file will list any missing OS packages.

- 4. Remove the PeopleSoft environment created by the DPK deployment, using psft-dpk-setup.bat -- cleanup (Microsoft Windows) or psft-dpk-setup.sh --cleanup (Linux).
- 5. If you are using a virtual OS platform, recreate the VM instance.
- 6. Obtain and load the missing OS packages on the new OS instance.
- 7. Rerun the DPK setup script.

The log file should not list any missing packages.

Task 2-6: Removing a Deployed PeopleSoft Environment

This section discusses:

- Understanding the Removal Process
- Using the DPK Setup Script to Remove the PeopleSoft Environment on Microsoft Windows
- Using the DPK Setup Script to Remove the PeopleSoft Environment on Linux

- Using Puppet to Remove the PeopleSoft Environment on Microsoft Windows
- Using Puppet to Remove the PeopleSoft Environment on Linux
- Troubleshooting the Removal Process on Microsoft Windows
- Troubleshooting the Removal Process on Linux

Understanding the Removal Process

There will be times when an existing PeopleSoft environment needs to be completely removed. For example, applying a new PeopleSoft PeopleTools patch requires that an existing environment be cleaned up and a new one created. The cleanup process described here conducts an orderly shutdown and removal of all the configured runtime domains — Application Server, Process Scheduler, and PIA domains. Additionally, it will remove all the deployed components. The PeopleSoft environment can be cleaned up either using the PeopleSoft DPK setup script or using a puppet command. You can use the PeopleSoft DPK setup script cleanup for environments created with the default initialization or with the psft_customizations.yaml file.

Note. The Puppet software that is installed by the DPK setup script is not removed by the cleanup process.

Task 2-6-1: Using the DPK Setup Script to Remove the PeopleSoft Environment on Microsoft Windows

Use these steps to remove a deployed PeopleSoft environment using the PeopleSoft DPK setup script on Microsoft Windows:

- 1. Open a command prompt window; for example:
 - Select Start, and navigate to Accessories, Command Prompt.
 - Right-click and select Run as Administrator.
- 2. Go to *DPK_INSTALL*\setup and run the following command:

psft-dpk-setup.bat --cleanup

3. Specify the base directory (BASE_DIR) that you want to remove.

You see this prompt if the script detects more than one deployment.

Enter the PeopleSoft Base Folder specified during setup:

4. Review the cleanup log file in *DPK_INSTALL*\setup.

Task 2-6-2: Using the DPK Setup Script to Remove the PeopleSoft Environment on Linux

Use these steps to remove a deployed PeopleSoft environment using the PeopleSoft DPK setup script on Linux or UNIX:

- 1. Open a terminal window as a user with root permission.
- 2. Go to *DPK_INSTALL*\setup and run the following command:

sh psft-dpk-setup.sh --cleanup

3. Specify the base directory (*BASE_DIR*) that you want to remove.

You see this prompt if the script detects more than one deployment.

Enter the PeopleSoft Base Folder specified during setup:

4. Review the cleanup log file in *DPK_INSTALL*\setup.

The DPK setup script displays [OK] for each step of the process, and [FAILED] if any of the steps are not successful. After completing these steps, verify that the DPK installation directories (*BASE_DIR*/pt and *BASE_DIR*/db) have been cleared. On Microsoft Windows, verify that any services have been removed. If anything remains, the cleanup process was not successful. Try running the process again, and if it is still not successful, you may need to carry out advanced cleanup.

See Troubleshooting the Removal Process.

Task 2-6-3: Using Puppet to Remove the PeopleSoft Environment on Microsoft Windows

Use the puppet apply command to remove the PeopleSoft environment manually. When you run the puppet apply --confdir=BASE_DIR/dpk/puppet site.pp --debug --trace command, the debug and trace messages appear in the command prompt. If you want to save them as a file, see the Puppet Labs documentation for the correct options.

See Puppet Labs Documentation, <u>http://docs.puppetlabs.com.</u>

To remove the environment manually on Microsoft Windows:

- 1. Open the file *BASE_DIR*/dpk/production/data/defaults.yaml in a text editor, such as Notepad. See "Using the Puppet Hiera YAML Files for Customization."
- 2. Change the value of the ensure attribute from present to absent.
- 3. Open a command prompt.
- 4. If the Puppet environment is not set, run the following command (optional):C:\"Program Files\Puppet Labs\Puppet\bin\puppet shell.bat"
- 5. Change directory to the BASE DIR/dpk/production/manifests folder.
- 6. Run the following command:

```
puppet apply --confdir=BASE_DIR/dpk/puppet site.pp --debug --trace
```

Note. The options require double dashes.

Task 2-6-4: Using Puppet to Remove the PeopleSoft Environment on Linux

To remove the environment manually on Linux:

- Open the file BASE_DIR/dpk/production/data/defaults.yaml in a text editor, such as vi. See "Using the Puppet Hiera YAML Files for Customization."
- 2. Change the value of the ensure attribute from present to absent.
- 3. Open a command prompt.
- 4. Change directory to the BASE_DIR/dpk/production/manifests directory.
- 5. Run the following command:

```
puppet apply --confdir=BASE_DIR/dpk/puppet site.pp --debug --trace
```

Note. The options require double dashes.

Task 2-6-5: Troubleshooting the Removal Process on Microsoft Windows

This section includes advanced steps to be used only if the previous procedures in this section failed. If the cleanup process on Microsoft Windows was not totally successful, the *BASE_DIR* folders may not be entirely cleared, or you may have trouble when carrying out another deployment. Before carrying out the advanced steps in this section:

- 1. Run the command psft-dpk-setup.bat --cleanup.
- 2. If the script displays a FAILED message, run it again.
- 3. If it succeeds, check the BASE_DIR folders to be sure everything has been deleted.
- 4. If the *BASE_DIR* folders are not clear, or if a subsequent deployment is not successful, carry out the steps below.

For the advanced manual cleanup on Microsoft Windows, there are several steps. The steps in this section should be performed by someone familiar with modifying the Microsoft Windows registry. Depending upon where the cleanup process failed, some of the items mentioned in these steps may have already been removed. The user should remove whatever remains in this order:

- 1. Start Services.
- 2. Stop the services OracleService CBD<*Database Name*> and OracleOraDB12cHomeTNSListener by highlighting the names, right-clicking and selecting Stop.

Note. When you stop the service for the CBD (Oracle container database), you may see a message informing you that it will also stop the services for the PeopleSoft application server and Process Scheduler domains that were deployed for that database.

- 3. Stop the service for the PeopleSoft PIA domain.
- 4. Open a command prompt, running as administrator, and remove the two database services and the PeopleSoft domains services with the commands:

```
sc delete OracleService CDB<Database Name>
sc delete OracleOraDB12cHomeTNSListener
sc delete PsftAppServerDomain<app_domain_name>Service
sc delete PsftPrcsDomain<ProcSched_domain_name>Service
sc delete PsftPIADomain<PIA_domain_name>Service
```

- 5. In the Services window, stop ORACLE ProcMGR V12.2.2.0.0_VS205 and TListen 12.2.2.0.0_VS2015(Port3050) by highlighting the names, right-clicking and selecting Stop.
- 6. In the Services window, right-click each of the services in step 4, select Properties, and copy the correct service name (rather than the alias).
- 7. Open a command prompt and remove the two preceding services with the command:

sc delete <service_name>

- 8. Open the Microsoft Windows registry; for example, select Start, Run, and enter regedit.
- 9. In the Registry Editor, locate the HKLM\SOFTWARE\ORACLE folder.

Select the following keys and verify that they contain references to the DPK installation locations in *BASE_DIR*:

• KEY_OraDB12cHome (C:\psft\db by default)

- KEY_OraTux1222Home (C:\psft\pt\bea\tuxedo by default)
- KEY_OraWL1213Home (C:\psft\pt\bea by default)

10. In the Registry Editor, locate the HKLM\SOFTWARE\ORACLE\TUXEDO folder.

Select the 12.2.2.0.0_VS2015 key and verify that it contains references to the DPK installation locations in *BASE_DIR* (C:\psft\pt\bea\tuxedo by default).

- 11. In the Registry Editor, only for the keys from step 8 and 9 that reference the DPK installation locations, rightclick and select Delete.
- 12. Close the Registry Editor window.
- 13. Open the file C:\Program Files\Oracle\Inventory\ContentsXML\inventory.xml in a text editor.
- 14. Locate the three lines that reference the DPK deployment:

```
<HOME NAME="OraWL1213Home" LOC="C:/psft/pt/bea" TYPE="O" IDX="16"/>
<HOME NAME="OraTux1213Home" LOC="C:\psft\pt\bea\tuxedo" TYPE="O" IDX=>
"17"/>
<HOME NAME="OraDB12cHome" LOC="C:\psft\db\oracle-server\12.1.0.2" TYPE=>
"O"
IDX="18"/>
```

- 15. Delete only the lines referencing the DPK deployment, and save the file.
- 16. Remove everything under the BASE_DIR folder (C:/psft/db, C:/psft/dpk, and C:/psft/pt).

Note. You may get a message that some of the file names are too big for the recycle bin. Click OK to accept.

17. Remove C:/User/<username>/psft/pt/8.56 (PS_CFG_HOME).

Task 2-6-6: Troubleshooting the Removal Process on Linux

This section includes advanced steps to be used only if the previous procedures in this section failed. If the cleanup process on Linux was not totally successful, the *BASE_DIR* folders may not be entirely cleared, or you may have trouble when carrying out another deployment. Before carrying out the advanced steps in this section:

- 1. Run the command psft-dpk-setup.sh --cleanup.
- 2. If the script displays a FAILED message, run it again.
- 3. If it succeeds, check the BASE_DIR folders to be sure everything has been deleted.
- 4. If the *BASE_DIR* folders are not clear, or if a subsequent deployment is not successful, try the following troubleshooting steps.

Here are a few things to check for the advanced manual cleanup on Linux. Depending upon where the cleanup process failed, some of the items mentioned may have already been removed.

- Kill any left-over processes.
 - 1. For example, use this command, and look for PeopleSoft processes:

ps -aux|more

- 2. To stop the processes, for example, use this command with the process ID: kill -STOP <PID>
- Check for left-over PeopleSoft users.

When you carry out the cleanup using the DPK setup script, it should remove the PeopleSoft users cleanly.

However, if the users; home directory was deleted by mistake before running the cleanup, the user definition may remain.

- 1. Check for the four PeopleSoft user IDs using this command:
 - id psadm1 id psadm2
 - id psadm3
 - id oracle2

If the commands give an output, it means the user exists.

2. Check for running processes associated with the users with this command:

```
ps -ef|grep <user_id>
```

- 3. Stop any running processes associated with the users, if necessary.
- 4. Delete the users, with this command:

```
userdel -r <user_id>
```

Chapter 3

Completing the DPK Initialization with Customizations

This chapter discusses:

- Understanding PeopleSoft Environment Customizations
- Preparing the Customization File for PeopleSoft Domain Definitions
- Preparing the Customization File for Linux Users
- Preparing the Customization File for Component Software Locations
- Preparing the Customization File for Unicode
- Preparing the Customization File for the PeopleSoft Homes
- Preparing the Customization File for Mid-Tier Connection to a DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows Database
- Completing the Customized Deployment

Understanding PeopleSoft Environment Customizations

The PeopleSoft DPK setup script allows setup of a PeopleSoft environment quickly using the default data from the packaged Hiera YAML files. This section gives a few examples of ways to use the YAML files for customization, but is not meant to be an exhaustive list of the possible customizations.

Always use the documented procedures to make changes to your environment. Doing so will allow you to retain your customizations when removing a deployment before deploying a new patch or version.

Use these guidelines when customizing your environment:

• Do not change any of the original delivered YAML files.

This practice enables you to retain your customizations after deploying a new patch or update.

When you deploy the PeopleSoft DPKs, the YAML files associated with the deployment are installed in the following location:

- BASE_DIR/dpk/puppet/production/data/default.yaml
- BASE_DIR/dpk/puppet/production/data/psft_configuration.yaml
- *BASE_DIR*/dpk/puppet/production/data/psft_deployment.yaml
- *BASE_DIR*/dpk/puppet/production/data/psft_unix_system.yaml
- Start with the DPK setup script and choose not to continue with the default initialization.

Answer *no* at the prompt "Do you want to continue with the default initialization process? [y|n]:" to exit the script and bypass the default initialization process.

To set up a customized PeopleSoft environment, the DPK setup script can still be used to automate the tasks of extracting the DPK zip files, installing Puppet (if not installed), and copying the Puppet modules and Hiera

- Always use the customizations for these setups:
 - Installing on an AIX operating system
 - Connecting to a non-Oracle RDBMS platform.
- Always create a psft_customizations.yaml file to use for modified parameters.

Never modify the delivered YAML files. Instead, copying the parameters that you want to modify into the psft_customizations.yaml file gives you the option to save the customization.

• Use a single psft_customizations.yaml file.

You can copy sections from more than one of the delivered YAML files and include them in a single psft_customizations.yaml file.

• Include the remove: false attribute to retain your customizations through the clean up process.

To ensure that your customizations are not removed when removing a deployed environment:

- For each segment of customization parameters in the psft_customizations.yaml file, include the remove: false attribute at the end of the segment.
- If you remove the environment using the puppet apply command, set the ensure attribute to *absent* in default.yaml.

If you remove the environment using the --cleanup option for the PeopleSoft DPK setup script, you do not need to set the attribute first because it is part of the script process.

• Remove the environment using the --cleanup option for the PeopleSoft DPK setup script, as described in this documentation.

See "Installing the PeopleSoft Homes," Removing a Deployed PeopleSoft Environment.

• Copy the entire section containing the parameter to be modified.

The hierarchy and alignment of the YAML files are very important to the correct operation. When you locate a parameter that you want to modify, be sure to locate the section heading that begins at the first column of the YAML file. This ensures that the deployment operation modifies the correct parameter.

In addition, be sure to retain the indentation from the delivered YAML file. Typically there is an indentation of 2 or 3 spaces for each successive subsection.

• Replace the entire attribute string.

The parameters in the delivered YAML files are written with Hiera functions that act as variables. To modify each parameter, you must replace the entire string after the colon, and enclose your new value in double quotes. For example, in the psft_deployment.yaml file, the location for an Oracle WebLogic installation is given by the following segment:

```
weblogic:
    location: "%{hiera('pt location')}/bea"
```

When pt_location is set as C:/psft, Oracle WebLogic will be installed in C:/psft/bea. To change this, remove the entire string of text "%{hiera('pt_location')}/bea" and replace it with the full path to the new location. Retain the two-space indentation, and use a forward slash (/) for paths on both Microsoft Windows and Linux; for example:

On Microsoft Windows:

```
weblogic:
    location: C:/psft/weblogic
```

On Linux:

```
weblogic:
    location: /opt/bea/weblogic
```

• Do not use the customizations to set up a non-Unicode environment if you are deploying the PeopleSoft Update Image DPKs for use with PeopleSoft Update Manager.

The environments for the PeopleSoft Updates Images are required to be Unicode.

• Verify existing installations before beginning deployment.

You have the option to use existing installations, for example for Oracle WebLogic, but you have the responsibility to ensure that the installation is supported, complete, and correct. The deployment script does not verify whether an installation directory includes a valid, working installation.

- Open a command prompt, using Run as administrator.
- Set the Puppet environment if necessary.

The last step in the examples given here is to run the puppet apply command. If you receive a message saying that the term "puppet" is not recognized when running this command, it probably means that the Puppet software is not included in your system's path. To set the Puppet environment, run this command:

On Microsoft Windows:

"C:\Program Files\Puppet Labs\Puppet\bin\puppet_shell.bat"

On AIX or Linux, specify the following environment variables before running the puppet apply command:

- export PUPPET_DIR=/opt/puppetlabs
- export PUPPET_BIN=\${PUPPET_DIR}/bin
- export PUPPET_LIB=\${PUPPET_DIR}/lib
- export PATH=\${PUPPET_BIN}:\$PATH
- export LIBPATH=\${PUPPET_LIB}:\$LIBPATH
- See the Puppet Labs documentation if you want to save the log files.

When you run the --confdir=BASE_DIR/dpk/puppet site.pp --debug --trace command, the debug and trace messages appear in the command prompt. If you want to save them as a file, see the Puppet Labs documentation for the correct options.

See Puppet Labs Documentation, <u>http://docs.puppetlabs.com.</u>

See Also

PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56 Deployment Packages Installation, "Using the Puppet Hiera YAML Files for Customization"

Task 3-1: Preparing the Customization File for PeopleSoft Domain Definitions

This section discusses:

- Preparing the psft_customizations.yaml file
- Reviewing the Domain Definitions in psft_configuration.yaml
- Reviewing the Customization File for a Single Application Server Domain

- Reviewing the Customization File for an Application Server Domain with Custom PS_CFG_HOME
- Reviewing the Customization File for Multiple Domains

Task 3-1-1: Preparing the psft_customizations.yaml file

Use this information if you want to customize the PeopleSoft domains —the application server, Process Scheduler, and PIA domains. For example, you may want to create multiple Application Server domains rather than a single domain.

- 1. Locate the psft_configuration.yaml file in BASE_DIR/dpk/production/puppet/data.
- 2. If necessary, create a psft_customizations.yaml using a standard editing tool, such as Notepad on Microsoft Windows or vi on Linux, and save it in the same location as the psft_deployment.yaml file.

If this is the first entry in the psft_customizations.yaml file, ensure that the file begins with three dashes (---).

3. Copy the sections that you want to customize from the psft_configuration.yaml file into the psft_customizations.yaml file and modify the values as needed.

The following sections include sample psft_customizations.yaml files.

4. Save the file.

Task 3-1-2: Reviewing the Domain Definitions in psft_configuration.yaml

To customize the PeopleSoft domains, you begin with the psft_configuration.yaml file, which lists the attributes pertinent to the PeopleSoft domains.

This sample shows a portion of a psft_configuration.yaml file, with annotations added (marked by ###) for the purposes of this explanation. The default application server name, APPDOM, is defined in the first portion of the file for the parameter appserver_domain_name, which is then referenced with an interpolation token "%{hiera('appserver_domain_name')}" in the appserver_domain_list section.

```
___
db name:
                   FS85606C
db user:
                   VP1
db user pwd:
                   <DB USER PWD>
db_connect_id:
                   people
db connect pwd:
                  <DB CONN PWD>
                       "%{hiera('psft runtime_user_name')}"
domain user:
ps config home:
                       "C:/Users/%{::env username}/psft/pt/8.56"
appserver template:
                       small
appserver domain name: APPDOM
prcs domain name:
                       PRCSDOM
prcs domain id:
                       "PRCS%{::rand}"
                       "%{hiera('prcs domain id')}"
report node name:
                       peoplesoft
pia domain name:
pia site name:
                       ps
pia http port:
                       8000
pia https port:
                       8443
                       9033
jolt port:
wsl port:
                       7000
                       1521
db port:
```

```
gateway node name:
                     QE LOCAL
pia_gateway_user: administrator
pia_gateway_user_pwd: <GATEWAY_USER_PWD>
webserver type: weblogic
pia webprofile name: PROD
pia psserver list: "%{::fqdn}:%{hiera('jolt port')}"
report repository dir: "%{hiera('ps config home')}/psreports"
domain conn pwd:
                  <DOMAIN CONN PWD>
help uri:
                      pt854pbh1
tns dir:
                       "%{hiera('db location')}"
tns_admin_list:
  "%{hiera('db name')}":
   db_host: "%{::fqdn}"
    db port:
                    "%{hiera('db port')}"
    db protocol: TCP
    db service name: "%{hiera('db name')}"
db2 server list:
  "%{hiera('db name')}":
    db2_type: "%{hiera('db_platform')}"
   db2_host: "%{::fqdn}"
db2_port: "%{hiera('db_port')}"
db2_node: TCPLNX01
db2_target_db: "%{hiera('db_name')}"
mssql server list:
  "%{hiera('db name')}":
   mss server name: "%{::fqdn}"
    mss odbc name:
                     "ODBC Driver 11 for SQL Server"
******
                                                                   #
# Copy the entire section beginning here for
                                                                   #
# application server customization.
****
appserver domain list:
  "%{hiera('appserver domain name')}":
                    "%{hiera('domain_user')}"
    os user:
    ps cfg home dir: "%{hiera('ps config home')}"
    template type: "%{hiera('appserver template')}"
    db settings:
     db_name: "%{hiera('db_name')}"
db_type: "%{hiera('db_platform')}"
db_opr_id: "%{hiera('db_user')}"
db_opr_pwd: "%{hiera('db_user_pwd')}"
      db connect id: "%{hiera('db connect id')}"
      db connect pwd: "%{hiera('db connect pwd')}"
    config settings:
      Domain Settings/Domain ID:
                                    "%{hiera('appserver domain name')}"
```

```
PSAPPSRV/Min Instances:
                            2
    PSAPPSRV/Max Instances:
                            2
    PSAPPSRV/Max Fetch Size:
                            15000
    Security/DomainConnectionPwd: "%{hiera('domain conn pwd')}"
    JOLT Listener/Port: "%{hiera('jolt port')}"
    JOLT Listener/Address:
                            0.0.0.0
    Workstation Listener/Port:
                            "%{hiera('wsl port')}"
   feature settings:
    PUBSUB:
                "Yes"
                "No"
    OUICKSRV:
    QUERYSRV:
                "No"
                "Yes"
    JOLT:
                "No"
    JRAD:
    WSL:
                "Yes"
    DBGSRV:
                "No"
                "No"
    RENSRV:
                "No"
    MCF:
    PPM:
                "Yes"
    PSPPMSRV:
                "Yes"
                "No"
    ANALYTICSRV:
    SERVER EVENTS: "Yes"
                "No"
    DOMAIN GW:
******
# End application server section.
******
******
                                                      #
# Copy the entire section beginning here for
# Process Scheduler customization
                                                      #
******
prcs domain list:
 "%{hiera('prcs domain name')}":
   os user: "%{hiera('domain user')}"
   ps cfg home dir: "%{hiera('ps config home')}"
   db settings:
    db name:
                "%{hiera('db name')}"
                "%{hiera('db platform')}"
    db type:
    db_opr_id: "%{hiera('db_user')}"
db_opr_pwd: "%{hiera('db_user_pwd')}"
    db connect id: "%{hiera('db connect id')}"
    db_connect_pwd: "%{hiera('db_connect_pwd')}"
   config settings:
    Process Scheduler/PrcsServerName: "%{hiera('prcs domain id')}"
                                "%{hiera('domain conn pwd')}"
    Security/DomainConnectionPwd:
   feature settings:
    MSTRSRV:
               "Yes"
               "Yes"
    APPENG:
******
```

```
# End Process Scheduler section.
                                                            #
***********
************
# Copy the entire section beginning here for PIA customization.#
*****
pia domain list:
 "%{hiera('pia domain name')}":
   os_user: "%{hiera('domain_user')}"
ps_cfg_home_dir: "%{hiera('ps_config_home')}"
gateway_user: "%{hiera('pia_gateway_user')}"
gateway_user_pwd: "%{hiera('pia_gateway_user_pwd')}"
auth_token_domain: ".%{::domain}"
   webserver settings:
     webserver_type:
webserver_home:
                           "%{hiera('webserver type')}"
                           "%{hiera('weblogic location')}"
     webserver_admin_user: system
     webserver admin user pwd: <WEBSERVER ADMIN PWD>
     webserver_admin_port: "%{hiera('pia_http_port')}"
webserver_http_port: "%{hiera('pia_http_port')}"
     webserver https port: "%{hiera('pia https port')}"
   site list:
     "%{hiera('pia site name')}":
       appserver connections: "%{hiera('pia psserver list')}"
       domain conn pwd: "%{hiera('domain conn pwd')}"
       webprofile settings:
        profile_name: "%{hiera('pia_webprofile_name')}"
profile_user: PTWEBSERVER
profile_user_pwd: <WEBPROFILE_USER_PWD>
       report repository dir: "%{hiera('report repository dir')}"
*******
# End PIA section.
                                                            #
******
ohs domain:
                            ohsdom
   name:
*****
# Remaining text removed for brevity.
                                                 #
*****
```

Task 3-1-3: Reviewing the Customization File for a Single Application Server Domain

This sample shows a psft_customizations.yaml file for a single application server domain with the domain name APPDOM1. Note that the indentation in the original psft_configuration.yaml file must be maintained when creating a psft_customizations.yaml file.

```
___
appserver domain list:
 "APPDOM1":
                                                       ### Custom domain name⇒
 ###
   os user:
                      "%{hiera('domain user')}"
    template_type: "%{hiera('appserver template')}"
    ps cfg home dir: "%{hiera('ps config home')}"
    db settings:
     db_name: "%{hiera('db_name')}"
db_type: "%{hiera('db_platform')}"
db_opr_id: "%{hiera('db_user')}"
db_opr_pwd: "%{hiera('db_user_pwd')}"
      db connect id: "%{hiera('db connect id')}"
      db connect pwd: "%{hiera('db connect pwd')}"
    config settings:
      Domain Settings/Domain ID: IBUPG0
      PSAPPSRV/Min Instances:
                                      3
      PSAPPSRV/Max Instances:
                                    5
      JOLT Listener/Port:
                                   "%{hiera('jolt_port')}"
      Workstation Listener/Port: "%{hiera('wsl_port')}"
    feature settings:
      PUBSUB: "Yes"
                     "No"
      QUICKSRV:
      QUERYSRV:
                    "No"
                      "Yes"
      JOLT:
                     "No"
      JRAD:
                    "Yes"
      WSL:
                   "No"
      DBGSRV:
                    "No"
      RENSRV:
                    "No"
      MCF:
                     "Yes"
      PPM:
      PSPPMSRV: "Yes"
      ANALYTICSRV:
                     "No"
      SERVER EVENTS: "Yes"
                      "No"
      DOMAIN GW:
```

Task 3-1-4: Reviewing the Customization File for an Application Server Domain with Custom PS_CFG_HOME

If you want to create application server domains in a non-default PS_CFG_HOME location, you must also specify the value for ps_cfg_home in the application server section:

```
---
ps_config_home: C:/user/psft_config/8.56 ### Custom PS_⇒
CFG_HOME location ###
appserver_domain_list:
    "APPDOM2": ### Custom⇒
```

```
domain name ###
    os user:
                        "%{hiera('domain user')}"
    template_type: "%{hiera('appserver_template')}"
    ps cfg home dir: C:/user/psft config/8.56
                                                                     ### Custom PS ⇒
CFG HOME location ###
    db settings:
      db_name: "%{hiera('db_name')}"
db_type: "%{hiera('db_platform')}"
db_opr_id: "%{hiera('db_user')}"
db_opr_pwd: "%{hiera('db_user_pwd')}"
       db connect id: "%{hiera('db connect id')}"
       db connect pwd: "%{hiera('db connect pwd')}"
    config settings:
       Domain Settings/Domain ID:
                                           IBUPGO
       PSAPPSRV/Min Instances:
                                           3
      PSAPPSRV/Max Instances: 5
JOLT Listener/Port: "%{hiera('jolt_port')}"
Workstation Listener/Port: "%{hiera('wsl_port')}"
    feature settings:
                        "Yes"
       PUBSUB:
                         "No"
       QUICKSRV:
       QUERYSRV:
                         "No"
                         "Yes"
       JOLT:
       JRAD:
                         "No"
                         "Yes"
       WSL:
       DBGSRV:
                         "No"
       RENSRV:
                         "No"
                         "No"
      MCF:
                         "Yes"
       PPM:
       PSPPMSRV:
                         "Yes"
       ANALYTICSRV: "No"
       SERVER EVENTS: "Yes"
       DOMAIN GW:
                         "No"
```

Task 3-1-5: Reviewing the Customization File for Multiple Domains

For multiple domains, duplicate the entire domain section, again maintaining the indentation from the original psft_configuration.yaml file. This sample shows a psft_customizations.yaml file for two application server domains, two PIA domains, and two Process Scheduler domains, with annotations added (marked by ### characters) for the purposes of this explanation.

Follow these guidelines in creating a psft_customizations.yaml file for customized PeopleSoft domains. The letters correspond to those in the code sample above:

- (A) For more than one application server, include the pia_psserver_list entry at the top of the psft_customizations.yaml definitions. List the application server domains that are used by the PIA domains, using the format <a price to a price to a server_host>:<Jolt port>. Separate the entries with a comma.
- (B) Copy the entire section for the domains that you want to customize.
- (C) Specify unique names for each domain.

- (D) Specify unique ports for each domain.
- (E) If specifying more than one application server domain, you must configure the REN server to use a unique port by setting the attribute PSRENSRV/default_http_port to a value other than the default, 7180 in the psft_customizations.yaml.

Note. The REN server setting is also a requirement for a traditional PeopleSoft installation when setting up more than one application server on a single machine.

• (F) If specifying more than one Process Scheduler domain, you must specify unique Process Scheduler server names.

In this sample, the first Process Scheduler server uses the default value, which is defined as an interpolation token. The second Process Scheduler server has a different name, PRCS222.

(G) In addition, the Master Scheduler Server should be enabled for the first Process Scheduler domain (MSTRSRV: "Yes"), and disabled for subsequent Process Scheduler domains (MSTRSRV: "No").

See PeopleTools: Process Scheduler, "Understanding PeopleSoft Master Scheduler Server."

• (H) If specifying more than one PIA domain, you must specify different site names for each.

In this sample, the first PIA site name uses the default value, which is defined as an interpolation token. The second PIA site name has a different name, ps222.

```
pia_psserver_list: "hostname.example.com:9033,hostname.example.com:9043"
### (A) ###
```

```
appserver domain list:
  "APPDOM111":
                                                            ###(B), (C)###
   os_user:
                    "%{hiera('domain user')}"
   template type: "%{hiera('appserver template')}"
   ps cfg home dir: "%{hiera('ps config home')}"
   db settings:
     db name:
                     "%{hiera('db name')}"
                     "%{hiera('db platform')}"
     db type:
     db opr id:
                     "%{hiera('db user')}"
     db opr pwd: "%{hiera('db user pwd')}"
     db connect id: "%{hiera('db connect id')}"
     db connect pwd: "%{hiera('db connect pwd')}"
   config settings:
      Domain Settings/Domain ID:
                                   IBUPG0
      PSAPPSRV/Min Instances:
                                    3
     PSAPPSRV/Max Instances:
                                    5
      JOLT Listener/Port:
                                    9033
                                                                ###(D)###
     Workstation Listener/Port:
                                   7000
                                                                ###(D ###
   feature settings:
                    "Yes"
     PUBSUB:
                    "No"
     OUICKSRV:
                    "No"
     QUERYSRV:
      JOLT:
                    "Yes"
                    "No"
     JRAD:
                    "Yes"
     WSL:
```

```
"No"
      DBGSRV:
                     "No"
      RENSRV:
                     "No"
      MCF:
      PPM:
                     "Yes"
                     "Yes"
      PSPPMSRV:
      ANALYTICSRV: "No"
      SERVER EVENTS: "Yes"
      DOMAIN GW:
                     "No"
  "APPDOM222":
                                                            ###(B), (C)###
                     "%{hiera('domain user')}"
    os user:
   template type: "%{hiera('appserver template')}"
    ps cfg home dir: "%{hiera('ps config home')}"
    db settings:
      db name:
                     "%{hiera('db name')}"
      db type:
                     "%{hiera('db_platform')}"
      db_opr_id: "%{hiera('db_user')}"
db_opr_pwd: "%{hiera('db_user_pwd')}"
      db connect id: "%{hiera('db connect id')}"
      db_connect_pwd: "%{hiera('db_connect_pwd')}"
    config settings:
      Domain Settings/Domain ID:
                                    IBUPG0
      PSAPPSRV/Min Instances:
                                     3
      PSAPPSRV/Max Instances:
                                    5
      JOLT Listener/Port:
                                    9043
                                                                 ###(D)###
      Workstation Listener/Port:
                                    7001
                                                                 ###(D)###
                                                                 ###(E)###
      PSRENSRV/default http port:
                                    7191
    feature settings:
      PUBSUB:
                     "Yes"
                     "No"
      QUICKSRV:
      QUERYSRV:
                     "No"
                     "Yes"
      JOLT:
                     "No"
      JRAD:
      WSL:
                     "Yes"
      DBGSRV:
                     "No"
                     "No"
      RENSRV:
                     "No"
     MCF:
      PPM:
                     "Yes"
      PSPPMSRV:
                     "Yes"
      ANALYTICSRV:
                     "No"
      SERVER EVENTS: "Yes"
                     "No"
      DOMAIN GW:
pia domain list:
  "PIADOM111":
                                                            ###(B), (C)###
    os user:
                           "%{hiera('domain user')}"
                           "%{hiera('ps config home')}"
    ps cfg home dir:
                           "%{hiera('pia_gateway_user')}"
    gateway user:
    gateway_user_pwd:
                           "%{hiera('pia_gateway_user_pwd')}"
```

```
auth_token_domain: ".%{::domain}"
  webserver settings:
    webserver_type:
webserver_home:
                                   "%{hiera('webserver type')}"
                                  "%{hiera('weblogic location')}"
    webserver_admin_user: system
    webserver admin user pwd: TmtOwtd1
    webserver_admin_port: 8000
webserver_http_port: 8000
                                                                         ###(D)###
                                                                         ###(D)###
    webserver https port:
                                 8443
                                                                         ###(D)###
  site list:
    "%{hiera('pia_site_name')}":
                                                                         ###(H)###
      appserver_connections: "%{hiera('pia_psserver_list')}"
      domain conn pwd: "%{hiera('domain conn pwd')}"
      webprofile_settings:
    profile_name: "%{hiera('pia_webprofile_name')}"
    profile_user: PTWEBSERVER
    profile_user_pwd: PTWEBSERVER
      report repository dir: "%{hiera('report repository dir')}"
"PIADOM222":
                                                                    ###(B), (C)###
                             "%{hiera('domain user')}"
  os user:
 ps_cfg_home_dir: "%{hiera('ps_config_home')}"
gateway_user: "%{hiera('pia_gateway_user')}"
gateway_user_pwd: "%{hiera('pia_gateway_user_pwd')}"
auth_token_domain: ".%{::domain}"
  webserver settings:
    webserver_type:
webserver_home:
                                  "%{hiera('webserver type')}"
                                 "%{hiera('weblogic location')}"
    webserver admin user: system
    webserver admin user pwd: TmtOwtd1
    webserver_admin_port: 8002
                                                                         ###(D)###
                                 8002
                                                                         ###(D)###
    webserver http port:
    webserver https port:
                                 8445
                                                                         ###(D)###
  site list:
    "ps222":
                                                                         ###(H)###
      appserver_connections: "%{hiera('pia_psserver_list')}"
       domain conn pwd: "%{hiera('domain conn pwd')}"
      webprofile_settings:
    profile_name: "%{hiera('pia_webprofile_name')}"
        profile_user_pwd: PTWEBSERVER
       report repository dir: "%{hiera('report repository dir')}"
```

prcs_domain_list:

```
"PRCSDOM111":
    os user: "%{hiera('domain user')}"
    ps cfg home dir: "%{hiera('ps config home')}"
    db_settings:
  db_name: "%{hiera('db_name')}"
  db_type: "%{hiera('db_platform')}"
  db_opr_id: "%{hiera('db_user')}"
  db_opr_pwd: "%{hiera('db_user_pwd')}"
      db connect id: "%{hiera('db connect id')}"
      db connect pwd: "%{hiera('db connect pwd')}"
    config settings:
       Process Scheduler/PrcsServerName: "%{hiera('prcs domain id')}" ###⇒
(F) ###
      Security/DomainConnectionPwd: "%{hiera('domain conn pwd')}"
    feature settings:
      MSTRSRV: "Yes"
                                                                             ###(G)###
                      "Yes"
      APPENG:
  "PRCSDOM222":
                .
"%{hiera('domain_user')}"
    os user:
    ps cfg home dir: "%{hiera('ps config home')}"
    db settings:
      db_name: "%{hiera('db_name')}"
db_type: "%{hiera('db_platform')}"
db_opr_id: "%{hiera('db_user')}"
db_opr_pwd: "%{hiera('db_user_pwd')}"
      db connect id: "%{hiera('db connect id')}"
      db connect pwd: "%{hiera('db connect pwd')}"
    config settings:
      Process Scheduler/PrcsServerName: PRCS222
                                                                              ###(F)###
      Security/DomainConnectionPwd: "%{hiera('domain conn pwd')}"
    feature settings:
      MSTRSRV: "No"
                                                                              ###(G)###
      APPENG: "Yes"
```

Task 3-2: Preparing the Customization File for Linux Users

This section discusses:

- Preparing the Customization File for Non-Default Linux Users
- Preparing the Customization File for a Single Linux User

Task 3-2-1: Preparing the Customization File for Non-Default Linux Users

This user customization applies to Linux platforms only. If you choose the default initialization, the Puppet framework creates four local users: psadm1, psadm2, psadm3, and oracle2. However, your security policies may prohibit creating these OS users. In such a scenario, you can override these default users using the customizations file. The customizations file can refer to an existing user (for example an LDAP user) or users, and Puppet will use them instead of the delivered users.

1. Locate the psft_unix_system.yaml file.

By default, the DPK setup script installs the YAML files in BASE_DIR/dpk/puppet/production/data.

The psft_unix_system.yaml file lists the default users. The users section includes interpolation functions that refer to the user names at the top. For example, psadm1 is defined as the psft_install_user_name , and is also defined as the name of the tools_install_user with the interpolation function "%{hiera('psft_install_user_name')}". psft_install_user_name: psadm1 psft_runtime_user_name: psadm2 psft_app install user name: psadm3

```
oracle user name:
                           oracle2
users:
  tools install user:
   name: "%{hiera('psft install user name')}"
             "%{hiera('oracle install group name')}"
   qid:
   groups: "%{hiera('psft runtime group name')}"
   expiry: absent
   home dir: "%{hiera('user home dir')}/%{hiera('psft install user ⇒
name') }"
   password: "%{hiera('psft user pwd')}"
 psft_runtime_user:
             "%{hiera('psft runtime user name')}"
   name:
            "%{hiera('oracle install group name')}"
   gid:
   groups: "%{hiera('psft runtime group name')}"
   expiry:
             absent
   home dir: "%{hiera('user home dir')}/%{hiera('psft runtime user ⇒
name')}"
   password: "%{hiera('psft user pwd')}"
  app install user:
             "%{hiera('psft app install user name')}"
   name:
   qid:
              "%{hiera('psft app install group name')}"
   groups: "%{hiera('psft runtime group name')}"
   expiry: absent
   home dir: "%{hiera('user home dir')}/%{hiera('psft app install user ⇒
name')}"
   password: "%{hiera('psft user pwd')}"
  oracle user:
             "%{hiera('oracle user name')}"
   name:
   qid:
             "%{hiera('oracle install group name')}"
             "%{hiera('oracle runtime group name')}"
   groups:
   expiry:
             absent
   home dir: "%{hiera('user home dir')}/%{hiera('oracle user name')}"
```

```
password: "%{hiera('oracle user pwd')}"
```

2. If necessary, create a psft_customizations.yaml using a standard editing tool, such as Notepad on Microsoft Windows or vi on Linux, and save it in the same location as the psft_unix_system.yaml file.

If this is the first entry in the psft_customizations.yaml file, ensure that the file begins with three dashes (---).

3. Copy the entire section above from the psft_unix_system.yaml file into the psft_customizations.yaml file and modify the values as needed.

Include the keys only for those users that you want to customize, and then include the users section with any necessary changes. For example, if you want to use non-default Linux or UNIX users for the install user and runtime user, include the psft_install_user_name and psft_runtime_user_name keys with the custom user name. Include the entire users section, and modify the names for the tools_install_user and psft_runtime_user.

```
For example:
```

```
___
psft install user name:
                          cust user1
psft runtime user name: cust user2
users:
  tools install user:
    name: cust_user1
    groups: "%{hiera('psft runtime group name')}"
    expiry: absent
    home dir: "%{hiera('user home dir')}/%{hiera('psft install user ⇒
name') }"
    password: "%{hiera('psft user pwd')}"
  psft_runtime_user:
    name: cust user2
              "%{hiera('oracle install group name')}"
    gid:
    groups: "%{hiera('psft_runtime_group_name')}"
    expiry: absent
    home dir: "%{hiera('user home dir')}/%{hiera('psft runtime user ⇒
name')}"
    password: "%{hiera('psft user pwd')}"
  app install user:
   name: "%{hiera('pstt_app_install_group_name')}"
gid: "%{hiera('psft_app_install_group_name')}"
    groups: "%{hiera('psft runtime group name')}"
    expiry: absent
    home dir: "%{hiera('user home dir')}/%{hiera('psft app install user ⇒
name') }"
    password: "%{hiera('psft user pwd')}"
  oracle user:
             "%{hiera('oracle user name')}"
    name:
              "%{hiera('oracle install group name')}"
    gid:
    groups: "%{hiera('oracle runtime group name')}"
            absent
    expiry:
    home dir: "%{hiera('user home dir')}/%{hiera('oracle user name')}"
    password: "%{hiera('oracle user pwd')}"
```

```
4. Save the file.
```

Task 3-2-2: Preparing the Customization File for a Single Linux User

If your setup requires a single user for the whole PeopleSoft environment, use the psft_user key.

Note. The psft_user parameter is not included in the delivered psft unix system.yaml file.

```
---
users:
psft_user:
name: psftuser1
gid: psftuser1
expiry: absent
home_dir: /home/psftuser1
password: ******
remove: false
```

Task 3-3: Preparing the Customization File for Component Software Locations

Use the information in this section if you want to customize an installation location, for example to use an existing installation of Oracle Tuxedo or Oracle WebLogic.

Note. As mentioned in the section Reviewing Software Requirements for AIX, you must use customizations to specify the installation location of the manually installed JDK 8.0 for the AIX DPK.

1. Locate the psft_deployment.yaml file in BASE_DIR/dpk/production/puppet/data.

The installation locations for Oracle Tuxedo, Oracle WebLogic, and JDK are defined in the psft_deployment.yaml file that is installed with the deployment.

2. If necessary, create a psft_customizations.yaml using a standard editing tool, such as Notepad on Microsoft Windows or vi on Linux, and save it in the same location as the psft_deployment.yaml file.

If this is the first entry in the psft_customizations.yaml file, ensure that the file begins with three dashes (---).

3. Select one or more of the sections corresponding to the components that you want to customize, and copy them to the psft_customizations.yaml file.

As previously mentioned, setting the optional attribute remove: false means that the parameters in this user section will not be deleted when the deployed environment is removed.

• Copy the entire jdk section from the psft_deployment.yaml file into the psft_customizations.yaml file and modify the location value; for example:

```
jdk_location: C:/jdk
  remove: false
```

• If you are installing on AIX, use the following:

```
jdk_location: ibm-java-ppc64-80
  remove: false
```

• Copy the entire tuxedo section from the psft_deployment.yaml file into the psft_customizations.yaml

file and modify the location value; for example:

```
---
tuxedo:
location: C:/psft/tuxedo
remove: false
```

• For Oracle WebLogic, copy both the weblogic_location parameter and the entire weblogic section from the psft_deployment.yaml file into the psft_customizations.yaml file. Be sure to set the locations to the same value. Do not indent weblogic_location or weblogic, as shown in this example:

```
---
weblogic:
location: C:/psft/weblogic
remove: false
weblogic location: C:/psft/weblogic
```

• If you want to customize JDK, Oracle Tuxedo, and Oracle Tuxedo, add all three entries to psft_customizations.yaml; for example:

```
---
jdk:
    location: C:/jdk
    remove: false
tuxedo:
    location: C:/psft/tuxedo
    remove: false
weblogic:
    location: C:/psft/weblogic
remove: false
weblogic_location: C:/psft/weblogic
```

4. Save the file.

Task 3-4: Preparing the Customization File for Unicode

Use these instructions if you want to change the Unicode designation for your database.

1. Locate the psft_deployment.yaml file.

By default, the DPK setup script installs the YAML files in BASE_DIR/dpk/puppet/production/data.

The unicode_db parameter is part of the ps_home section.

```
---
ps_home:
    db_type: "%{hiera('db_platform')}"
    unicode_db: "%{hiera('unicode_db')}"
    location: "%{hiera('ps home location')}"
```

2. If necessary, create a psft_customizations.yaml using a standard editing tool, such as Notepad on Microsoft Windows or vi on Linux, and save it in the same location as the psft_deployment.yaml file.

If this is the first entry in the psft_customizations.yaml file, ensure that the file begins with three dashes (---

).

3. Copy the entire ps_home section from psft_deployment.yaml, maintaining the indentation, into the psft_customizations.yaml file.

For a Unicode database, set the value for unicode_db to true:

```
---
ps_home:
    db_type: "%{hiera('db_platform')}"
    unicode_db: true
    location: "%{hiera('ps_home_location')}"
```

For a non-Unicode database, set the value for unicode_db to false:

```
---
ps_home:
    db_type: "%{hiera('db_platform')}"
    unicode_db: false
    location: "%{hiera('ps_home_location')}"
```

4. Save the file.

Task 3-5: Preparing the Customization File for the PeopleSoft Homes

This section discusses:

- Preparing the Customization File for the PS_HOME Location
- Preparing the Customization File for the PS_APP_HOME Location
- Preparing the Customization File for the PS_CFG_HOME Location

Task 3-5-1: Preparing the Customization File for the PS_HOME Location

By default, the DPK setup script creates the *PS_HOME* directory in *BASE_DIR/pt/ps_home<release>*, where <release> is the PeopleSoft PeopleTools patch release, such as 8.56.12. Use these steps to specify a different *PS_HOME* location.

1. Locate the psft_deployment.yaml file in BASE_DIR/dpk/production/puppet/data.

The *PS_HOME* installation location is specified by the ps_home_location parameter.

```
ps_home_location: "%{hiera('pt_location')}/ps_home8.56.12"
"
ps_home:
    db_type: "%{hiera('db_platform')}"
    unicode_db: "%{hiera('unicode_db')}"
    location: "%{hiera('ps_home_location')}"
```

2. If necessary, create a psft_customizations.yaml using a standard editing tool, such as Notepad on Microsoft Windows or vi on Linux, and save it in the same location as the psft_deployment.yaml file.

If this is the first entry in the psft_customizations.yaml file, ensure that the file begins with three dashes (---).

3. Copy the entire section from the psft_deployment.yaml file into the psft_customizations.yaml file and modify

the location value as needed.

For example, on Linux or UNIX: --ps_home_location: /home/psft8.56.12 " ps_home: db_type: "%{hiera('db_platform')}" unicode_db: "%{hiera('unicode_db')}" location: /home/psft8.56.12

For example, on Microsoft Windows:

```
---
ps_home_location: C:/psft8.56.12
"
ps_home:
   db_type: "%{hiera('db_platform')}"
   unicode_db: "%{hiera('unicode_db')}"
   location: C:/psft8.56.12
```

```
4. Save the file.
```

Task 3-5-2: Preparing the Customization File for the PS_APP_HOME Location

By default, the DPK setup script creates the *PS_APP_HOME* directory in *BASE_DIR/pt/<application>* _app_home, where <application> is the abbreviation for the PeopleSoft application, such as fscm for PeopleSoft Financials and Supply Chain Management. Use these steps to specify the *PS_APP_HOME* location.

1. Locate the psft_deployment.yaml file in BASE_DIR/dpk/production/puppet/data.

The *PS_APP_HOME* installation location is specified by the ps_apphome_location parameter.

```
ps_apphome_location: "%{hiera('pt_location')}/fscm_app_home"
ps_app_home:
    db_type: "%{hiera('db_platform')}"
    include_ml_files: false
    location: "%{hiera('ps apphome location')}"
```

2. If necessary, create a psft_customizations.yaml using a standard editing tool, such as Notepad on Microsoft Windows or vi on Linux, and save it in the same location as the psft_deployment.yaml file.

If this is the first entry in the psft_customizations.yaml file, ensure that the file begins with three dashes (---).

3. To override the location, copy the entire section from the psft_deployment.yaml file into the psft_customizations.yaml file and modify the location value as needed.

For example, on Linux or UNIX:

```
ps_apphome_location: /home/hcm92_home
ps_app_home:
   db_type: "%{hiera('db_platform')}"
   include_ml_files: false
   location: /home/hcm92_home
```

For example, on Microsoft Windows:

```
---
ps_apphome_location: C:/hcm92_home
ps_app_home:
   db_type: "%{hiera('db_platform')}"
   include_ml_files: false
   location: C:/hcm92_home
```

4. Save the file.

Task 3-5-3: Preparing the Customization File for the PS_CFG_HOME Location

By default, the DPK setup script creates the PS_CFG_HOME directory in $<user_profile>/psft/pt/8.56$, such as C:/users/username/psft/pt/8.56 on Microsoft Windows, and /home/psadm2/psft/pt/8.56 on Linux or UNIX. Note that you cannot specify different PS_CFG_HOME locations for different PeopleSoft domains. The DPK installation requires the same PS_CFG_HOME be used for all domains. Use these steps to specify the PS_CFG_HOME location.

1. Locate the psft_configuration.yaml file in BASE_DIR/dpk/production/puppet/data.

The PS_CFG_HOME installation location is specified by the ps_config_home parameter.

ps_config_home: "%{hiera('user_home_dir')}/%{hiera('domain_⇒
user')}/psft/pt/8.56"

2. If necessary, create a psft_customizations.yaml using a standard editing tool, such as Notepad on Microsoft Windows or vi on Linux, and save it in the same location as the psft_deployment.yaml file.

If this is the first entry in the psft_customizations.yaml file, ensure that the file begins with three dashes (---).

- 3. Copy the entire section from the psft_configuration.yaml file into the psft_customizations.yaml file and modify the location value as needed.
- For example, on Linux or UNIX:

```
ps_config_home: /home/pt856_config
```

For example, on Microsoft Windows:

```
ps config home: C:/pt856 config
```

4. Save the file.

Task 3-6: Preparing the Customization File for Mid-Tier Connection to a DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows Database

Use these steps to set up PeopleSoft mid-tier components to connect to a DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows (DB2/LUW) database. The DPK setup script does not identify or verify the database client software on the host machine. You have the responsibility to ensure that the installation is supported, complete, and correct.

You must manually catalog the database before creating the mid-tier components.

Chapter 3

See "Deploying Mid-Tier Components," Cataloging the DB2 LUW Database.

This section assumes:

- You installed the appropriate client software for DB2/LUW on the host machine and made a note of the DB2 client installation location.
- When running the DPK setup script, you specified DB2/LUW (DB2UNIX) as the database platform.
- 1. Locate the psft_configuration.yaml and psft_deployment.yaml files in *BASE_DIR/* dpk/production/puppet/data.

You need parameters from both files. The db_platform parameter appears in psft_deployment.yaml, and the db2_server_list section appears in psft_configuration.yaml.

2. If necessary, create a psft_customizations.yaml using a standard editing tool, such as Notepad on Microsoft Windows or vi on Linux or UNIX, and save it in the same location as the psft_configuration.yaml file.

If this is the first entry in the psft_customizations.yaml file, ensure that the file begins with three dashes (---).

- 3. Complete the psft_customizations.yaml using these section:
 - a. Copy the db_platform section from psft_deployment.yaml to psft_customizations.yaml: db platform: DB2UNIX
 - b. Copy the db2_server_list section from psft_configuration.yaml to psft_customizations.yaml:

c. Add the db2_client section:

```
db2_client:
   sqllib_location: /home/ibm/sqllib
   instance_user:        ibm
   remove:        false
```

d. If necessary for your environment, add db2_user_name. db2_user_pwd, and instance_user (Linux or UNIX).

e. Modify the psft_customizations.yaml for your environment.

This table describes some of the values used in this psft_customizations.yaml example:

psft_customizations.yaml attribute and sample value	Description
db2_node: TCPDBX	db2 catalog TCPIP option and value: node <i><tcpip-node-name></tcpip-node-name></i>
db2_host: your.host.com	db2 catalog TCPIP option and value: remote <i><fully host="" host<="" i="" name="" or="" qualified=""> <i>IP ADDRESS></i></fully></i>
db2_port: 60031	db2 catalog TCPIP option and value: server < <i>DB2-COMMUNICATION-PORT-NUMBER</i> >
instance_user: ibm	This attribute only applies to Linux and UNIX platforms. This refers to the user name where the sqllib is installed.
db2_user_name and db2_user_pwd	Include these attributes if required for your environment setup.

For example, on Linux or UNIX:

```
___
db platform: DB2UNIX
db2 client:
  sqllib_location: /home/ibm/sqllib
  instance_user: ibm
  remove:
                     false
db2_server_list:
  PT856:
    db2_type:DB2UNIXdb2_host:your.host.comdb2_port:60031db2_node:TCPDBX
    db2_target_db: PT856
    db2_user_name: psftuser
    db2 user_pwd:
                      *******
    remove:
                       false
On Microsoft Windows:
____
db platform: DB2UNIX
db2_client:
  sqllib location: C:/db2105/bin
```

false

remove:

PT856:

db2 server list:

db2_type:	DB2UNIX
db2_host:	your.host.com
db2 port:	50001
db2 node:	TCPDBX
db2_target_db:	PT856
db2 user name:	psftuser
db2_user_pwd:	* * * * * * * * *
remove:	false

4. Save the file.

Task 3-7: Completing the Customized Deployment

Use these steps to complete the customized deployment of the PeopleSoft environment:

- 1. Run the DPK setup script as previously described.
- 2. Answer *n* (no) to the following prompt:

```
Do you want to continue with the default initialization process? [y|n]: \Rightarrow {\bf n}
```

The script stops.

- 3. Prepare the psft_customizations.yaml file as previously described and save it in *BASE_DIR/* dpk/puppet/production/data.
- 4. Open a command prompt, running as administrator, and change directory to the Puppet manifest directory, *BASE_DIR/dpk/puppet/production/manifests*.
- 5. Run the following command to set up the PeopleSoft environment using the modified YAML files.

Note. The confdir, debug, and trace options begin with two dashes.

On Microsoft Windows, Linux or UNIX:

puppet apply --confdir=BASE DIR/dpk/puppet site.pp --debug --trace

On AIX and other operating systems it may be necessary to provide the full path to site.pp:

puppet apply --confdir=BASE_DIR/dpk/puppet BASE_DIR/dpk/puppet
/production/manifests/site.pp --debug --trace

Chapter 4

Installing PS_APP_HOME Using the PeopleSoft Installer

This chapter discusses:

- Preparing for the PS_APP_HOME Installation
- Using the PeopleSoft Installer
- Verifying Necessary Files for Installation on Windows

Preparing for the PS_APP_HOME Installation

To get the files necessary to create a PeopleSoft application demo or system database, you must install the PeopleSoft application installation files to the *PS_APP_HOME* location. The PeopleTools DPK setup requires a *PS_APP_HOME* location that is different from the *PS_HOME* location where PeopleSoft PeopleTools is installed.

The PeopleSoft installer is a Java-based tool used to install PeopleSoft PeopleTools and PeopleSoft application from releases prior to PeopleTools 8.56, which were not delivered in the DPK format. You can run the PeopleSoft installer in GUI or console mode. For details on the prerequisites and options for running the PeopleSoft installer, see the PeopleSoft PeopleTools installation guide for your database platform (DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows, DB2 for z/OS, Microsoft SQL Server, or Oracle RDBMS). Select the PeopleSoft PeopleTools release that your PeopleSoft application was built on.

If you need to obtain the software for the PeopleSoft application that you want to install, and if it is no longer available on Oracle Software Delivery Cloud or My Oracle Support, open a service request with Oracle support.

See Also

PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.55 Installation Home Page, My Oracle Support, Doc ID 2068525.1 PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.54 Installation Home Page, My Oracle Support, Doc ID 1905010.1

Task 4-1: Using the PeopleSoft Installer

This section discusses:

- Starting the PeopleSoft Installer
- Using the PeopleSoft Installer in GUI Mode
- Using the PeopleSoft Installer in Console Mode

Task 4-1-1: Starting the PeopleSoft Installer

After you download and extract the PeopleSoft PeopleTools installation files you can find the installer in *PS INSTALL*/disk1.

To start the PeopleSoft Installer on Microsoft Windows, type:

PS_INSTALL\disk1\setup.bat [command line options]

To start the PeopleSoft Installer on a supported UNIX or Linux operating system, type:

PS INSTALL/disk1/setup.sh [command line options]

The following list includes options that you can use when running setup.bat and setup.sh on the command line, their allowed values, descriptions, and environment variables that must be set before using the options.

Note. Only the command line options listed in this documentation are supported for PeopleSoft installation. Note that the use of a response file for silent installation is not supported for the installer for PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.55. For some of the installations described elsewhere in this documentation, such as PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture, the same options apply.

- Specify console or GUI mode with the -i option.
 - To run in GUI mode:

setup.bat -i GUI

• To run in console mode:

setup.sh -i console setup.bat -i console

• Specify the full absolute path to the Java (JRE or JDK) executable.

Use either of the options -javahome or -LAX_VM to specify the absolute path to the JRE or JDK executable, including the executable name. Use this option if your installation is different than the vendor-defined installation path. This is used by the installer as the runtime javahome.

On Microsoft Windows:

setup.bat -javahome D:\prod\java8\bin\java.exe
setup.bat -LAX VM D:\prod\java8\bin\java.exe

On UNIX:

```
setup.sh -javahome /opt/java8/bin/java
setup.sh -LAX_VM /opt/java8/bin/java
```

- Run in debug mode to investigate basic installer features.
 - 1. Set the environment variable LAX_DEBUG; for example:

On Microsoft Windows:

set LAX_DEBUG=true

On UNIX:

export LAX_DEBUG=true

2. Run the installer; for example: On Microsoft Windows:

```
setup.bat -DDEBUG=console
On UNIX:
setup.sh -DDEBUG=console
```

• Specify the temporary directory to extract temporary files.

This is recommended if you have less than 2 GB of space in your default temporary directory.

• On Microsoft Windows, set the environment variable %TMP%, and then run setup.bat without an option for the temporary directory; for example:

```
set TMP=D:\user\temp
setup.bat
```

- On UNIX, use the -tempdir option to specify the absolute path to the temporary directory; for example: setup.sh -tempdir /opt/home/user/temp
- To use more than one of the preceding options, you can combine them in any order; for example: setup.bat -i console -javahome D:\prod\java8\bin\java.exe

```
setup.sh -LAX VM /opt/java8/bin/java -DDEBUG=console -i console
```

- To start the debugger in GUI mode:
 - Type the command; for example: setup.bat -DDEBUG=console -i console
 - Press ENTER, and then hold down the CTRL key.
 The GUI installer window opens, and a console window also opens with the debugger messages.

Task 4-1-2: Using the PeopleSoft Installer in GUI Mode

To install PeopleSoft PeopleTools with the PeopleSoft Installer in GUI mode:

1. Launch the installer. For example:

PS_INSTALL\disk1\setup.bat

Click Next when you see the Welcome screen for PeopleTools.

2. Click the radio button to accept the license agreement and click Next.

The License Agreement window includes the terms in several languages.

3. Choose a Unicode or non-Unicode database and click Next.

Note. Unicode databases are recommended by Oracle. Some languages in a PeopleSoft installation are only supported in a Unicode database. Unicode databases can require more disk space than non-Unicode databases.

See PeopleTools: Global Technology.

4. Select the servers you want to install and click Next.

For example, select the PeopleSoft Application Server, PeopleSoft Batch Server, PeopleSoft Database Server, PeopleSoft File Server, and PeopleSoft Web Server.

Use the following information to help you make your selection on the Server window:

• You can install multiple servers at the same time, but they will all be installed on the same machine. If you

want to install servers on separate machines, you need to run the PeopleSoft Installer on each server machine.

- If you do not have admin privileges, you will not be able to install PeopleSoft web server. You will have to either acquire admin privileges or deselect the Web Server option to continue.
- You *must* install the PeopleSoft software on your database server in order to run the PeopleSoft Database Configuration Wizard. (Running the Database Configuration Wizard is discussed in the chapter on creating a database.)
- 5. Specify the directory where you want to install PeopleSoft PeopleTools, referred to in this documentation as *PS_HOME*, in the Directory Name field, and click *Next*.

Note. Substitute your network drive and the directory name of your choice for the default selection. The installation directory name cannot contain a space. Note that directory names containing periods or non-US-ASCII characters may not work with some additional component software.

6. Specify the location of your Connectivity Program Directory and click Next.

The default location for the connectivity software for DB2/LUW (as set by the vendor) is: C:\Program Files\ibm\SQLLIB\BIN. If the database connectivity software was installed to a different directory, enter that path instead.

- 7. Depending on the PeopleSoft servers you selected, choose whether to install the PeopleSoft PeopleTools icons and click Next.
- 8. If you elected to install PeopleSoft PeopleTools icons, choose a valid group folder in which to create them and click Next.
- 9. Enter the configuration information for Environment Management, the Environment Management machine name and port number.

Select the machine name of the web server running the Environment Manager Hub. (This will very likely be the machine on which you run the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture). Select the hub port number (the default is 80, as shown in the example). This needs to match the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture port. If you change the port number for the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture configuration, you must also change the web server listener port number for all the agents in the configuration.properties file.

See the information on configuring and running Environment Management Components in the *PeopleTools: Change Assistant and Update Manager* product documentation.

- 10. The next screen lists the PeopleSoft PeopleTools components (product features). Accept the defaults for the PeopleSoft PeopleTools features and click Next.
 - Select *PeopleTools* to install PeopleSoft PeopleTools and the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture. This component contains the core PeopleTools files and is required for the proper operation of the PeopleSoft system and the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture.
 - Select *PeopleTools System Database* to allow your developers to create custom PeopleSoft PeopleTools applications outside of the delivered PeopleSoft Application.
 - The *PeopleTools Language Pack* and *PeopleTools Language Development Kit* contain the translated PeopleSoft PeopleTools DLLs and the resource files and headers needed to build them.

Note. These options are available only for installations on Windows.

Select *PeopleTools Language Pack* if you plan on running the Windows components of the installation in languages other than English. This component contains the compiled PeopleSoft translations for the Windows client. If you are not using multiple languages throughout your implementation, you do not need this component.

Select *PeopleTools Language Development Kit* if you plan on modifying or creating your own new

translations for the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Windows client components. It contains the source and header files required to modify and compile new versions of these translations. Again, you do not need this component if you are not using multiple languages.

11. You will see an installation confirmation window. If the information is correct, choose Next. If you need to modify any of the information, choose the Back button and make your changes.

The summary information includes the installation directory, the features, and the PeopleSoft servers:

12. After the files have been installed, click *Done* to complete the setup.

The window displays the installation directory..

Task 4-1-3: Using the PeopleSoft Installer in Console Mode

To install PeopleSoft PeopleTools with the PeopleSoft Installer in console mode:

Note. The console mode installation is typically used on UNIX and Linux platforms, but can also be used on Microsoft Windows.

1. Launch the PeopleSoft Installer in console mode. For example:

On Unix and Linux PS_INSTALL/disk1/setup.sh -i console -tempdir /tmp

On Microsoft Windows
PS INSTALL/disk1/setup.bat -i console

See Starting the PeopleSoft Installer.

2. At the Welcome prompt, press ENTER to continue.

```
Welcome
```

InstallAnywhere will guide you through the installation of PeopleTools 8.55.

PRESS <ENTER> TO CONTINUE:

3. Accept the license agreement by entering *Y*. Select 0 when you are finished.

Portions of the agreement text have been omitted from this example for brevity.

```
======
License Agreement
```

Installation and Use of PeopleTools Requires Acceptance of the Following License Agreement:

English

Notice: This installation program may install products above and⇒

```
beyond those
that you have licensed. Please refer to your master license agreement⇒
for the
products you are entitled to use. Installing and/or using software that⇒
you
have not specifically licensed may result in termination of your license
agreement with PeopleSoft and entitle PeopleSoft to receive damages. ⇒
It may
also be an infringement of PeopleSoft's intellectual property rights.
DO YOU ACCEPT THE TERMS OF THIS LICENSE AGREEMENT? (Y/N): y
```

4. Enter *1* to select a Unicode Database (Recommended), or *2* to select a non-Unicode database, and then 0 to continue.

Note. Unicode databases are beneficial if you intend to deploy your applications globally. Some languages in a PeopleSoft installation are only supported in a Unicode database. Unicode databases can require more disk space than non-Unicode databases.

See PeopleTools: Global Technology.
Please select the Oracle database character set:
 ->1- Unicode Database (Recommended)
 2- Non-Unicode Database
To select an item enter its number, or 0 when you are finished [0] :
5. Select the PeopleSoft servers you want to install.
For DB2 for LUW please select the products to install:
 ->1- PeopleSoft Application Server
 ->2- PeopleSoft Batch Server
 ->3- PeopleSoft Database Server

```
->4- PeopleSoft File Server
->5- PeopleSoft Web Server
```

To select an item enter its number, or 0 when you are finished [0] :

By default, all of the servers supported for your database platform are selected.

Note. If you are installing on UNIX, do not use Symbolic Links. Use the actual directory.

6. Enter the installation location, such as /home/pt855, referred to as *PS_HOME*, and press ENTER to continue.

Note. In console mode, the browse option for specifying a different install directory is unavailable.

Please enter an installation location or press <ENTER> to accept the⇒ default (Default: C:\PT8.55):

7. *Microsoft Windows only:* Specify the database connectivity directory.

Please select the location of Connectivity Program Directory [c:⇒

```
\Program Files\ibm\SQLLIB\BIN]
:
```

The default location for the connectivity software for DB2/LUW (as set by the vendor) is: C:\Program Files\ibm\SQLLIB\BIN.

If the database connectivity software was installed to a different directory, enter that path instead.

8. Microsoft Windows only: Indicate whether you want icons to be created.

```
Do you want to Install PeopleTools Icons?
```

->1- Yes 2- No

```
To select an item enter its number, or 0 when you are finished [0] :
```

9. If you select the option to create PeopleTools icons, enter the name for the program group.

The default is PeopleTools 8.55.

```
Please enter in the program group folder you wish to create the icons⇒
in
[PeopleTools 8.55]:
```

10. Enter the configuration for Environment Management. Select the machine name and port number.

Please enter the hub machine name: [PSEMHUB]:

Please enter the hub port number: [80]:

Select the machine name of the web server running the Environment Manager Hub. (This will very likely be the machine on which you run the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture). Select the hub port number (the default is 80). This needs to match the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture port. If you change the port number for the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture configuration, you must also change the web server listener port number for all the agents in the configuration.properties file.

See the information on configuring and running Environment Management components in the *PeopleTools: Change Assistant and Update Manager* product documentation.

11. Choose the features that you wish to install:

```
To select/deselect a feature or to view its children, type its number
```

-> 1- PeopleTools
2- PeopleTools System Database
3- PeopleTools Language Pack
4- PeopleTools Language Development Kit

Options 3 and 4 appear only on Microsoft Windows.

12. At this point, you can toggle the install status of each product. Press 0 and then ENTER to continue and the PeopleSoft Installer will give you a summary of your selection. This summary will depend on your earlier selections.

```
Pre-Install Summary
Please review the following before continuing:
PeopleTools will be installed in the following location: /home/PT855
```

```
with the following features:
PeopleTools
PeopleTools System Database
The following PeopleSoft Servers were selected by you:
PeopleSoft Application Server
PeopleSoft Batch Server
PeopleSoft Database Server
PeopleSoft File Server
PeopleSoft Web Server
Database Type:
DB2 for LUW
Environment Hub Configuration:
Hub machine name: PSEMHUB
Hub port number: 80
Press 1 for Next, 2 for Previous, 3 to Cancel, or 5 to Redisplay [1]
```

13. Press ENTER to start the installation.

The PeopleSoft Installer displays a text-based progress bar to indicate the progress of the installation.

14. Press ENTER to exit.

Note. For UNIX operating systems, if you chose PeopleSoft servers that require a JRE, you see the "Unpacking JRE" message after the progress bar.

Installation Complete
----Congratulations. PeopleTools has been successfully installed to:
 /home/PT855
PRESS <ENTER> TO EXIT THE INSTALLER:

15. If you are installing on AIX, go to the *PS_HOME*/jre directory and ensure that the directory has executable permissions. If not, set the permission using a command such as chmod +x.

Task 4-2: Verifying Necessary Files for Installation on Windows

The current PeopleSoft PeopleTools release was developed using Microsoft Visual Studio 2015. PeopleSoft PeopleTools programs require Microsoft Visual C++ Redistributable for Visual Studio 2015 files to be present or the programs will not run.

During your PeopleSoft PeopleTools installation, the install programs will automatically update the Microsoft Windows machine performing the installation.

The required Visual C++ Redistributable for Visual Studio 2015 packages are part of the installation for the following components:

PeopleSoft PeopleTools

- PeopleTools Client
- Database Configuration Wizard (DCW)
- PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture
- Change Assistant
- Change Impact Analyzer
- Web Application Deployment tool

In some cases it may be necessary for you to carry out a separate installation of the Visual C++ Redistributable for Visual Studio 2015 packages. For example:

- If the update does not take place during the installation program run, you may not be able to launch PeopleSoft PeopleTools client or server executables on that machine and may receive error messages.
- If you are accessing PeopleSoft PeopleTools executables from a machine on which you did not install directly, the executables may not work and you may receive error messages.

If you encounter these errors, you can update the Microsoft Windows machine's Visual C++ Redistributable for Visual Studio 2015 packages by running the installers manually.

If installing on a server or PeopleTools Client environment:

- 1. Go to *PS_HOME*\setup\psvccrt.
- 2. Run vcredist_x64.exe.

Note. For each installer, the installation is completed automatically.

Chapter 5

Setting Up the Install Workstation

This chapter discusses:

- Understanding the Install Workstation
- Prerequisites
- Starting Configuration Manager
- Setting Startup Options
- Editing the Default Profile
- Running Client Setup

Understanding the Install Workstation

This chapter describes how to set up a PeopleSoft Windows-based client for connecting to the database server in two-tier mode, specifically for the purpose of performing install-related tasks from the workstation. You must configure at least one two-tier Windows-based client for running the Data Mover and SQR processes required for setting up the batch server and for creating the PeopleSoft database. For some installations you may wish to set up multiple install workstations, so that you can perform asynchronous tasks at the same time; for example, you could create and populate multiple databases simultaneously. You can quickly configure multiple workstations by exporting a configuration file from one workstation and importing it to another workstation.

See Also

PeopleTools: System and Server Administration

Prerequisites

The following tasks are prerequisites for setting up the install workstation:

- The workstation must have database connectivity software installed.
- You must have planned your database creation strategy. You should know the precise names of the databases that you intend to create.
- Make sure that you have created your connect strategy. You must use a Connect ID. You should know both the Connect ID and Connect password.

For information on PeopleSoft Connect ID and Connect password, consult the *PeopleTools: System and Server Administration* product documentation for information on setting Application Server domain parameters.

• The workstation must have a logical drive mapped to PS_HOME on the file server (or, if the file server and

install workstation are one and the same, *PS_HOME* can be installed on a local drive).

• The person performing the installation must have read access to the *PS_HOME* directory.

If this is the same workstation on which the PeopleSoft PeopleTools installation was performed, it should have a PeopleTools 8.5 installation program group, which was created when you loaded the PeopleTools software. This isn't a requirement, but it does make it more convenient to run the PeopleTools install applications.

See Also

"Preparing for Installation"

"Using the PeopleSoft Installer"

Task 5-1: Starting Configuration Manager

Configuration Manager is a utility for configuring workstations being used as the PeopleTools Development Environment. These are its principal functions:

- Sets up and make changes to PeopleSoft configuration settings.
- Creates a program group containing Microsoft Windows shortcuts to PeopleSoft applications.
- Installs local DLLs.

The first time you run Configuration Manager on the client, it will populate certain fields with default values specified in a configuration file stored on the file server, specifically: *PS_HOME*\setup\pstools.cfg. This configuration file was set up when you ran the installation. Once you set up and run Configuration Manager, it will populate fields using values that are stored in the Windows system registry.

To start Configuration Manager, do one of the following:

- On Microsoft Windows 7, select *Start, Programs, PeopleTools 8.56, Configuration Manager.* (This program group will be available if you installed PeopleSoft PeopleTools on this workstation.)
- On Microsoft Windows 8 or 2012 R2, access the Apps screen, navigate to the PeopleTools 8.56 category, and select Configuration Manager.

Note. See the documentation for your operating system for information on accessing the Apps screen.

• If the *PeopleTools* 8.56 program group was not installed on this workstation, run pscfg.exe directly from the *PS_HOME*\bin\client\winx86 directory on the file server.

Task 5-2: Setting Startup Options

The Startup tab of Configuration Manager sets the default options for the PeopleSoft sign-on screen that is used for connecting to a PeopleSoft database. It also contains a setting that specifies the local directory for storing cached PeopleSoft data.

To set Startup options:

- 1. Confirm that you are viewing the Configuration Manager Startup tab (this tab is what you see if you started Configuration Manager as described in the previous task).
- 2. Set the following options:
 - Database type Verify the type of RDBMS. This should already be set to DB2 UDB for UNIX, NT.

- *Application Server Name* This option appears if you select a database type of Application Server. It is where you enter your application server name if you are setting up a three-tier connection.
- *Database name* The name of the default database to connect to. Enter the name of one of the databases that you intend to create.
- User ID The name of the default user that will appear in the sign-on screen. This can be any valid user name, although for installation setup it normally matches the name of one of the built-in PeopleSoft users (typically PS or VP1) that will be installed in the database.
- Connect ID and Connect Password Type your connect ID and password into these fields.

Task 5-3: Editing the Default Profile

Begin by editing the default profile for the workstation. Among other things, this will verify that the paths to *PS_HOME* and its subdirectories are correctly set, which is required for subsequent tasks.

For more information on using Configuration Manager, see the *PeopleTools: System and Server Administration* product documentation for configuring user profiles.

To edit the default profile:

1. Select the Profile tab in Configuration Manager.

Only one profile, the Default Profile, has been defined.

2. Select Edit to display the Edit Profile dialog box, and then select the Process Scheduler tab.

3. In the Process Scheduler tab verify the options listed below the example.

These should have been set correctly by the PeopleSoft installation program.

Edit Profile - 'Default' X		
Database/Application Server Process Scheduler	/ision Common	
General PeopleSoft Home Directory (PS_HOME): C:\PT8.56\ PeopleSoft Customizations Home Directory (PS_CUST_HOME): C:\PT8.56\ Crystal Reports (CRWRPTPATH): C:\PT8.56\crw Output Directory (OUTPUT) c:\temp\ Log Directory (LOG)	PeopleSoft App Home Directory (PS_APP_HOME): C:\app_home\ 	Application Engine
c:\temp SQR SQR SQR Executables (SQRBIN): C:\PT8.56\bin\sqr\DBX\binw SQR Flags (PSSQRFLAGS): -ZIFC:\PT8.56\sqr\pssqr.ini	P <u>S</u> SQR Path C:\PT8.56\sqr	
COBOL <u>COBOL Executables (CBLBIN):</u> [:\PT8.56\cblbin%PS_COBOLTYPE]		
	OK Cancel	<u>A</u> pply

Edit Profile dialog box: Process Scheduler tab

- Verify that the PeopleSoft Home Directory (PS_HOME) field is set to the path to *PS_HOME* on the file server.
- Verify that the PeopleSoft Apps Home Directory (PS_APP_HOME) field is set to the path to *PS_APP_HOME* on the file server, C;\app_home in this example.

Note. The installation using PeopleSoft DPKs requires that *PS_APP_HOME* and *PS_HOME* be different.

• On Microsoft Windows operating systems, set the Database Drivers (DBBIN) field to the path for the database connectivity files, if necessary.

The example shows the default for DB2/LUW, C:\sqllib\bin.

- Set the SQR Executables (SQRBIN) field to the file server directory where SQR for Windows was installed when you ran the PeopleSoft Installer.
- Set the SQR Flags (PSSQRFLAGS) field to -ZIF<PS_HOME>\sqr\pssqr.ini.
- Set the SQR Report Search 1 (PSSQR1) field to PS_HOME\sqr. The remaining SQR Report Search fields

can be left blank, because no additional SQR report directories have been created yet.

4. Select the Common tab of the Edit Profile dialog box, shown in this example:

🥻 Edit Profile - 'Defa	ult'	×
Database/Application S	erver Process Scheduler nVision Common	
Application Designer	Image Conversion	
O Convert DIB and	d BMP images to JPG d BMP images to JPG (ignore Image Size Limit) ut Shrink Images to Image Size Limit hit: 520000	
Data Mover Director	ies	
Input Directory:	C:\PT8.56\data	
Output Directory:	C:\PT8.56\data	
Log Directory:	C:\TEMP\	
	OK Cancel Apply	

Edit Profile dialog box: Common tab

The following fields on the Common tab are used to set Data Mover default input, output, and log directories.

- Verify that the Input Directory and Output Directory fields are set to *PS_HOME**data*. This directory will store the Data Mover scripts required to populate the PeopleSoft database.
- Set the Log Directory to a local workstation directory to store the Data Mover log files. The default is C:\TEMP.

Data Mover will not create a new directory under *PS_APP_HOME* or *PS_HOME* for log files. If you want Data Mover to write log files into *PS_APP_HOME*, you must create a new directory named log under *PS_APP_HOME*.

5. Select OK to close the Edit Profile dialog box.

Task 5-4: Running Client Setup

The Client Setup tab does the following:

- Installs a PeopleSoft program group on the workstation.
- Installs system DLLs on the workstation.

These Client Setup functions are performed when you click OK or Apply from Configuration Manager only if the Install Workstation option on the Client Setup tab is selected.

Note. Any files installed by Client Setup on the workstation from the file server use the paths specified in the default profile.

To run Client Setup:

- 1. Select the Client Setup tab in Configuration Manager.
- 2. In the Group Title text box enter the name of the program group for the icons you want on the client workstation. (A program group name cannot contain any of the following characters: $\langle / : * ? " <> | \rangle$)

You can call the program group anything you want, but this documentation uses PeopleTools 8.56.

3. If you do not have a PeopleTools 8.56 program group set up on the workstation, be sure to check the following two options for installing shortcuts to applications essential for installation.

Note. When you run Client Setup, it will uninstall any existing shortcuts in the PeopleTools 8.56 program group, and install shortcuts for the applications you have selected. If you subsequently want to install or uninstall shortcuts, you can always re-run Client Setup.

- Data Mover
- Configuration Manager
- 4. Select the option Install Workstation.

This check box determines whether Client Setup runs when you click Apply or OK in Configuration Manager. If this option is not selected, Client Setup will create or update settings in the registry, but it will not set up the PeopleTools 8.56 program group or install local DLLs.

5. Click OK to run Client Setup and close Configuration Manager.

Chapter 6A

Creating a Database Manually on Microsoft Windows or UNIX

This chapter discusses:

- Understanding Database Creation
- Determining Tablespace Strategy for Demo Database
- Editing SQL Scripts
- Running SQL Scripts
- Configuring and Testing Database Connectivity for DB2 Connect or DB2 Client V9.x or Earlier
- Configuring and Testing Connectivity for DB2 Connect and DB2 Client V10.x or Later
- Configuring an ODBC Data Source for Connectivity on Microsoft Windows
- Creating Data Mover Import Scripts
- Running Data Mover Import Scripts
- Cleaning Up Orphaned Language Data
- Checking the Log Files and Troubleshooting
- Changing the Base Language

Understanding Database Creation

This section describes the tasks required to create a PeopleSoft product database. During a standard PeopleSoft installation you will execute these tasks to create two distinct types of databases.

- *System:* The System (SYS) database has no company specific data, and can be used to load your data and begin development of your production database.
- *Demo:* The Demo (DMO) database contains data for a sample company, and can be used immediately for demonstration, for testing, and as a development reference.

The requirements for these databases vary, so not all of this section's tasks apply to each database. The instructions will note any distinctions between creating a Demo and a System database.

- You must have installed the Database component of your PeopleSoft application installation software to your database server.
- You must have the PeopleTools Development Environment set up to create your database.

Important! Do not forget that application-specific installation steps are provided in a separate document specific to the application. For instance, if you are performing PeopleSoft CRM installation, you need both this documentation for the basic installation of PeopleSoft PeopleTools and the PeopleSoft application, and any additional instructions provided by CRM. Search in My Oracle Support for the installation documentation specific to your application.

Note. For the sake of brevity, this documentation sometimes refers to DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows as *DB2/LUW*.

Note. The Database Configuration Wizard cannot be used on a Microsoft Windows operating system. You must use the manual method of creating a database for this configuration.

After you complete the tasks in this chapter, read the chapter "Completing the Database Setup." Depending upon your environment, you may not need to carry out every task in that chapter. However it is important that you evaluate the requirements and perform the necessary tasks.

See Also

"Preparing for Installation," Planning Database Creation

"Setting Up the Install Workstation"

Task 6A-1: Determining Tablespace Strategy for Demo Database

The default installation for PeopleSoft databases uses separate tablespaces for *Data* and *Index* storage. Due to the separation of Index tablespaces, the only available tablespace choice for PeopleSoft databases is DMS.

For multiple tablespaces, the PeopleSoft installation provides a tablespace strategy for demonstration and system databases aimed at identifying high-growth and high-update tables. This limits the number of tables the DBA must monitor and analyze, and simplifies capacity planning and database tuning activities. The standard tablespace names that Oracle delivers for the PeopleSoft installation categorize tables as follows:

- High growth and high update tables are grouped together into tablespaces named XXLARGE, where XX is a PeopleSoft application identifier. It's expected that each table defined in XXLARGE will be placed in its own tablespace for system testing or production for performance and recovery reasons.
- Relatively stable tables are grouped into tablespaces named *XXAPP*, where *XX* is a PeopleSoft application identifier. These tables may be placed in shared tablespaces defined with a moderate freespace specification.
- Tables containing rows exceeding 4K in width and/or containing LOB data types are assigned in the PSIMAGE or PSIMAGE2 tablespace.

Task 6A-2: Editing SQL Scripts

This section discusses:

- Understanding SQL Scripts
- Editing CREATEDB-95.SQL or CREATEDBU.SQL
- Executing DB2SET Command to Set Proper Decimal Scale
- Editing ALTRDB.SQL

- Editing CREATEBPU.SQL for Unicode
- Editing XXDDLDMS.SQL or XXDDLDMSU.SQL
- Editing DBOWNER.SQL
- Editing PSADMIN.SQL

Understanding SQL Scripts

Before creating the PeopleSoft database, you need to modify these SQL scripts in the *PS_HOME*/scripts (UNIX) or *PS_HOME*\scripts (Microsoft Windows) directory.

- DBMCFG.SQL
- CREATEDB-95.SQL (non-Unicode)
- CREATEDBU.SQL (Unicode)
- ALTRDB.SQL
- CREATEBPU.SQL (Unicode)
- *XXDDLDMS.SQL*, where *XX* is a two-character code corresponding to the product line you are installing
- *XXDDLDMSU.SQL* (Unicode), where *XX* is a two-character code corresponding to the product line you are installing
- DBOWNER.SQL
- DBOWNERU.SQL (Unicode)
- PSADMIN.SQL

See Editing XXDDLDMS.SQL or XXDDLDMSU.SQL.

Task 6A-2-1: Editing CREATEDB-95.SQL or CREATEDBU.SQL

Select the appropriate script for the database you are creating:

- Use CREATEDB-95.SQL for non-Unicode installations.
- Use CREATEDBU.SQL for Unicode installations.

Edit the CREATEDB-95.SQL or CREATEDBU.SQL script in *PS_HOME*/scripts (UNIX) or *PS_HOME*\scripts (Microsoft Windows) script, replacing the following items with your information.

Items to Edit	Appropriate Values
<db2-database-name></db2-database-name>	This is usually the same name as the PeopleSoft database name.
<dir-name></dir-name>	This is the DB2 UDB for Linux, UNIX, and Windows directory where the database and log files will reside. Optionally, you can specify another directory or device for logs using the NEWLOGPATH statement. See "Creating a Database on UNIX," Changing the Location of the DB2/LUW Database Log Files.
	Note. On Microsoft Windows, specify a drive letter. See the IBM documentation for more information.

Items to Edit	Appropriate Values
<supplied-codeset></supplied-codeset>	Consult the DB2/LUW reference manual section on "Supported territory codes and code pages" for information on territory identifiers and code sets. This applies to the CREATEDB-95.SQL script only.
<supplied-territory></supplied-territory>	Consult the DB2/LUW reference manual section on "Supported territory codes and code pages" for information on territory identifiers and code sets. This applies to the CREATEDB-95.SQL script only.

Make note of the following:

- The database name must be in UPPERCASE and cannot exceed eight characters.
- Oracle recommends placing the data and log files in separate file systems and creating each file system on a different physical disk drive to reduce I/O contentions.
- The value assigned for database bufferpool size is the minimum for a PeopleSoft database. Consider increasing the size of the BUFFPAGE to improve performance. The total amount of BUFFPAGE memory allocated for all the databases running on the same computer should not exceed 75% of the computer memory.
- All the remaining configuration settings are the minimum recommendations to run PeopleSoft database. Do not change any settings to a lower value. To operate the database effectively, most of the database configuration parameters will have to be tuned for the end-user computing environment.

Note. For Unicode databases you need to set the db2 codepage for your db2 instance. To do this execute the command db2set db2codepage=1208

- The CREATEDB-95.SQL, or CREATEDBU.SQL script assumes that you are using circular logs for your demonstration database. For a production database, the archive logs are recommended.
- Statements near the end of the script examples define 16K Bufferpool (non-Unicode) and 32K Bufferpool (Unicode) to support LOB data types for PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.53 and later.

The following are examples of these scripts:

Note. The database configuration is done with a call to an inline defined Stored Procedure, ps_db_cfg. DO NOT change the Stored Procedure definition.

CREATEDB-95.SQL, for non-Unicode:

```
This software and related documentation are provided under a
___
   license agreement containing restrictions on use and
___
   disclosure and are protected by intellectual property
   laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement
___
   or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce,
___
   translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute,
_ _
   exhibit, perform, publish or display any part, in any form or
   by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or
___
   decompilation of this software, unless required by law for
___
   interoperability, is prohibited.
___
   The information contained herein is subject to change without
___
   notice and is not warranted to be error-free. If you find any
___
   errors, please report them to us in writing.
```

```
Chapter 6A
```

_ _ Copyright (C) 1988, 2017, Oracle and/or its affiliates. __ All Rights Reserved. _ _ ___ _ _ ___ /pt install/SCRIPTS/DBX/CREATEDB-95.SQL /main/pt84x⇒ ___ /9 3 ___ ___ After running this script do these steps to enable dbm and db updates 1. Stop the instance at the Unix prompt \$db2stop ___ ___ 2. Start the instance at the Unix prompt \$db2start ___ CREATE DATABASE <db2-database-name> ON <dir-name> USING CODESET <supplied-codeset> TERRITORY <supplied-territory> COLLATE USING IDENTITY USER TABLESPACE MANAGED BY SYSTEM USING ('data') EXTENTSIZE 8 TEMPORARY TABLESPACE MANAGED BY SYSTEM USING ('temp') EXTENTSIZE 8 ; CONNECT TO <db2-database-name> ; CREATE PROCEDURE ps db cfq (IN p control CHAR(2) , IN p control ver DEC(3,1) , IN p cfg name VARCHAR(30) , IN p cfg value VARCHAR(30) ,OUT p out msg VARCHAR(110) ,OUT p out dec DEC(3,1)) LANGUAGE SQL SPECIFIC ps_db_cfg BEGIN DECLARE v CurrVer DECIMAL (3,1) ;--DECLARE v CurrVer Len, v Cfg Flag INT DEFAULT 0 ;--DECLARE v Cfg cmd VARCHAR(60) DEFAULT 'UPDATE DB CFG USING ' ;--SET p out msg = p cfg name || ' UNCHANGED';--

```
SET v CurrVer Len = (select length(substr(SERVICE LEVEL, 6, posstr(substr⇒
(SERVICE LEVEL, 6), '.')-1)) FROM TABLE(SYSPROC.ENV GET INST INFO()) AS⇒
INSTANCEINFO) ;--
if v CurrVer Len > 1
then
SET v CurrVer = (SELECT DEC(substr(SERVICE LEVEL, 6, 4), 3, 1) FROM TABLE⇒
(SYSPROC.ENV GET INST INFO()) AS INSTANCEINFO) ;--
SET p out dec = v CUrrVer ;--
else
SET v CurrVer = (SELECT DEC(substr(SERVICE LEVEL, 6, 3), 3, 1) FROM TABLE⇒
(SYSPROC.ENV GET INST INFO()) AS INSTANCEINFO) ;--
SET p out dec = v CUrrVer ;--
End if ;--
CASE p control
WHEN 'LT' THEN
       If v CurrVer < p control ver THEN SET v Cfg Flag = 1 ;--
       End if ;--
WHEN 'LE' THEN
       If v CurrVer <= p control ver THEN SET v Cfg Flag = 1 ;--
       End if ;--
WHEN 'EQ' THEN
       If v CurrVer = p control ver THEN SET v Cfg Flag = 1 ;--
       End if ;--
WHEN 'GT' THEN
       If v CurrVer > p control ver THEN SET v Cfg Flag = 1 ;--
       End if ;--
WHEN 'GE' THEN
       If v CurrVer >= p control ver THEN SET v Cfg Flag = 1 ;--
       End if ;--
ELSE
      SET v Cfg Flag = 0 ;--
End CASE ;--
IF v Cfg Flag = 1 THEN
   SET p out msg = p cfg name || ' SET TO ' || p cfg value ;--
   SET v Cfg cmd = v Cfg cmd || p cfg name || ' ' || p cfg value ;--
   CALL ADMIN CMD(v Cfg cmd) ;--
```

END IF ;--END; CALL ps db cfg('GE',9.5,'BUFFPAGE','15000',?,?); CALL ps_db_cfg('GE',9.5,'LOCKTIMEOUT','180',?,?) ; CALL ps db cfq('GE',9.5,'LOGBUFSZ','24',?,?); CALL ps db cfg('GE',9.5,'LOGFILSIZ','12000',?,?) ; CALL ps db cfg('GE',9.5,'LOGPRIMARY','10',?,?) ; CALL ps db cfg('GE',9.5,'LOGSECOND','20',?,?) ; CALL ps db cfg('GE', 9.5, 'MAXAPPLS', '150', ?, ?) ; CALL ps db cfg('GE', 9.5, 'MIN DEC DIV 3', 'YES', ?, ?) ; CREATE BUFFERPOOL PS16KPOOL SIZE -1 PAGESIZE 16K ; TERMINATE ; CREATEDBU.SQL for Unicode: ___

CREATE TEMPORARY TABLESPACE TEMPSPACE16K PAGESIZE 16K MANAGED BY SYSTEM⇒ USING ('temp16k') EXTENTSIZE 16 BUFFERPOOL PS16KPOOL ;

```
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  license agreement containing restrictions on use and
  disclosure and are protected by intellectual property
___
  laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement
___
__
  or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce,
  translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute,
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  exhibit, perform, publish or display any part, in any form or
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-- by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or
  decompilation of this software, unless required by law for
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  interoperability, is prohibited.
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  The information contained herein is subject to change without
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  notice and is not warranted to be error-free. If you find any
___
___
  errors, please report them to us in writing.
___
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-- All Rights Reserved.
___
_ _
                 /pt install/SCRIPTS/DBX/CREATEDBU.SQL /main/pt84x/10
-- After running this script do these steps to enable dbm and db updates
```

```
1. Stop the instance at the Unix prompt
                                                    $db2stop
___
___
       2. Start the instance at the Unix prompt
                                                    $db2start
_ _
CREATE DATABASE <db2-database-name> on <dir-name> using codeset UTF-8⇒
territory US
    USER TABLESPACE MANAGED BY SYSTEM USING
      ('data') EXTENTSIZE 8
    TEMPORARY TABLESPACE MANAGED BY SYSTEM USING
      ('temp') EXTENTSIZE 8 ;
CONNECT TO <db2-database-name> ;
CREATE PROCEDURE ps db cfg
(IN p control CHAR(2)
, IN p control ver DEC(3,1)
, IN p cfg name VARCHAR(30)
, IN p cfg value VARCHAR(30)
,OUT p out msg VARCHAR(110)
,OUT p_out_dec DEC(3,1))
LANGUAGE SQL
SPECIFIC ps db cfg
BEGIN
DECLARE v CurrVer DECIMAL (3,1) ;--
DECLARE v CurrVer Len, v Cfg Flag INT DEFAULT 0 ;--
DECLARE v Cfg cmd VARCHAR(60) DEFAULT 'UPDATE DB CFG USING ' ;--
SET p_out_msg = p_cfg_name || ' UNCHANGED';--
SET v CurrVer Len = (select length(substr(SERVICE LEVEL, 6, posstr(substr⇒
(SERVICE LEVEL, 6), '.')-1)) FROM TABLE(SYSPROC.ENV GET INST INFO()) AS⇒
INSTANCEINFO) ;--
if v CurrVer Len > 1
then
SET v CurrVer = (SELECT DEC(substr(SERVICE LEVEL, 6, 4), 3, 1) FROM TABLE⇒
(SYSPROC.ENV GET INST INFO()) AS INSTANCEINFO) ;--
SET p out dec = v CUrrVer ;--
else
SET v CurrVer = (SELECT DEC(substr(SERVICE LEVEL, 6, 3), 3, 1) FROM TABLE⇒
(SYSPROC.ENV GET INST INFO()) AS INSTANCEINFO) ;--
SET p out dec = v CUrrVer ;--
End if ;--
CASE p control
```

```
WHEN 'LT' THEN
       If v CurrVer < p control ver THEN SET v Cfg Flag = 1 ;--
       End if ;--
WHEN 'LE' THEN
       If v CurrVer <= p control ver THEN SET v Cfg Flag = 1 ;--
      End if ;--
WHEN 'EQ' THEN
       If v CurrVer = p control ver THEN SET v Cfg Flag = 1 ;--
       End if ;--
WHEN 'GT' THEN
       If v_CurrVer > p_control ver THEN SET v Cfg Flag = 1 ;--
      End if ;--
WHEN 'GE' THEN
      If v CurrVer >= p control ver THEN SET v Cfg Flag = 1 ;--
      End if ;--
ELSE
      SET v Cfg Flag = 0 ;--
End CASE ;--
IF v Cfg Flag = 1 THEN
   SET p out msg = p cfg name || ' SET TO ' || p cfg value ;--
   SET v Cfg cmd = v Cfg cmd || p cfg name || ' ' || p cfg value ;--
   CALL ADMIN CMD(v Cfg cmd) ;--
END IF ;--
END;
CALL ps db cfg('GE',9.5,'BUFFPAGE','15000',?,?);
CALL ps db cfg('GE',9.5,'LOCKTIMEOUT','180',?,?) ;
CALL ps db cfg('GE',9.5,'LOGBUFSZ','24',?,?) ;
CALL ps db cfg('GE',9.5,'LOGFILSIZ','12000',?,?) ;
CALL ps_db_cfg('GE',9.5,'LOGPRIMARY','10',?,?) ;
CALL ps db cfg('GE',9.5,'LOGSECOND','20',?,?) ;
CALL ps db cfg('GE',9.5, 'MAXAPPLS', '150',?,?) ;
CALL ps db cfg('GE',9.5,'MIN DEC DIV 3','YES',?,?) ;
CREATE BUFFERPOOL PS32KPOOL SIZE -1 PAGESIZE 32K ;
CREATE TEMPORARY TABLESPACE TEMPSPACE32K PAGESIZE 32K MANAGED BY SYSTEM⇒
USING ('temp32k') EXTENTSIZE 32 BUFFERPOOL PS32KPOOL ;
```

TERMINATE ;

Task 6A-2-2: Executing DB2SET Command to Set Proper Decimal Scale

Execute db2set command:

db2set db2_min_dec_div_6=yes

Task 6A-2-3: Editing ALTRDB.SQL

Edit the *PS_HOME*/scripts/ALTRDB.SQL (UNIX) or *PS_HOME*\scripts\ALTRDB.SQL (Microsoft Windows) directory, replacing <db2-database-name> with the PeopleSoft database name. ALTRDB.SQL enables the BUFFPAGE parameter set in CREATEDB-95.SQL or CREATEDBU.SQL by setting the Buffer Pool NPAGES to -1.

Task 6A-2-4: Editing CREATEBPU.SQL for Unicode

Edit the *PS_HOME*/scripts/CREATEBPU.SQL (UNIX) or *PS_HOME*\scripts\CREATEBPU.SQL (Microsoft Windows) directory, replacing <db2-database-name> with the PeopleSoft database name. This script creates an 8K bufferpool.

Task 6A-2-5: Editing XXDDLDMS.SQL or XXDDLDMSU.SQL

If you are creating a Unicode database, replace all references to *XX*DDLDMS.sql below with *XX*DDLDMSU.sql.

Edit the *XX*DDLDMS.SQL script, where *XX* is a two-character code corresponding to the product line. Use the following table to determine the code for the product line you are installing.

Code	Product Line
CS	PeopleSoft Campus Solutions
CR	PeopleSoft Customer Relationship Management
LM	PeopleSoft Enterprise Learning Management
PF	PeopleSoft Enterprise Performance Management
EP	PeopleSoft Financials / Supply Chain Management
EA	PeopleSoft Financials / Supply Chain Management Argentina
EB	PeopleSoft Financials / Supply Chain Management Brazil
НС	PeopleSoft Human Capital Management
РА	PeopleSoft Portal Solutions

Note. This is a complete list of available product lines for the current PeopleSoft PeopleTools release. Note that not all products go out on all PeopleSoft PeopleTools releases, so you may not see a script corresponding to every product line. In addition, some bolt-on products reference their own scripts within their application installation documentation. Please see your application-specific installation documentation for details.

The *XX*DDLDMS.SQL script configures DMS tablespaces (DATABASE MANAGED SPACE) and is run against the SYS and DMO database. For a discussion of DMS tablespace management, search for the tuning and administration documentation on My Oracle Support.

Each of these scripts is in *PS_HOME*/scripts (UNIX) on the database server or *PS_HOME*\scripts (Microsoft Windows) directory on the file server. Edit the scripts to change the containers, using your site-specific values. The container path names in the delivered script are samples; any path name may be used.

We recommend that each container (data1, data2, data3, and so forth) reside on a separate physical hard drive. The sample script illustrates how to divide the database into three homogenous sets of DB2/LUW containers. You may want to increase or decrease the number of containers based on the number of physical disk drives available for your database use.

Multilanguage databases

If you are installing a multilanguage database, you need to increase the size of several tablespaces configured in *XX*DDLDMS.SQL to accommodate additional system data related to each non-U.S. English language.

The following table shows the amount each affected tablespace should be increased for each non-US English language:

Tablespace	Amount of Increase
PTTBL	2284 4K pages (9MB)
PSIMAGE	8408 4K pages (34MB)

DB2 Automatic re-sizing

Support for the DB2 Automatic re-sizing of Tablespaces feature is enabled by default. However, when creating a database manually, both *XX*DDLDMS.sql and *XX*DDLDMSU.sql scripts must be edited first to include the AUTORESIZE parameter for each Tablespace DDL as follows (the new entries are in bold text):

CREATE TABLESPACE <TBSPCNAME> MANAGED BY DATABASE USING (FILE '/data1/psdb2/<DBNAME>/<TBSPCNAME>.DBF' **10 M**) EXTENTSIZE 16 PREFETCHSIZE 48 DROPPED TABLE RECOVERY OFF AUTORESIZE YES INCREASE 10M MAXSIZE NONE;

Additional tablespaces

Beginning with PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.53, new tablespaces PSIMAGE2, PSIMAGE2IDX, and PSIMAG2LOB are delivered. These tablespaces are created with pagesize 16K (non-Unicode) and 32K (Unicode), and bufferpool size 16K (non-Unicode) and 32K (Unicode). These required tablespaces contain tables with LOB (CLOB/DBCLOB/BLOB) data types.

See PeopleTools 8.53 Release Notes, My Oracle Support.

Before running the Data Mover import task, verify that the XXDDLDMS.SQL and XXDDLDMSU.SQL scripts include these tablespaces.

Task 6A-2-6: Editing DBOWNER.SQL

If you are creating a Unicode database, replace all references to DBOWNER.sql below with DBOWNERU.sql.

Edit the DBOWNER.SQL script, substituting values as specified in the following table:

Items to Edit	Appropriate Values
	The database name as specified in the CREATEDB-95.SQL or CREATEDBU.SQL script.

This script creates the PS.PSDBOWNER table.

For example:

Original:

```
-- Create table PS.PSDBOWNER, and grant access --
connect to <db2-database-name>
create table ps.psdbowner (dbname char(8), ownerid char(8))
grant select on ps.psdbowner to public
commit
```

Unicode:

```
-- Create table PS.PSDBOWNER, and grant access --
connect to <db2-database-name>
create table ps.psdbowner (dbname VARGRAPHIC(8), ownerid VARGRAPHIC(8))
grant select on ps.psdbowner to public
commit
```

Note. The Owner ID specified in this script must be the same value specified in the Access ID field in the task Creating Data Mover Import Scripts later in this chapter.

Task 6A-2-7: Editing PSADMIN.SQL

Edit the PSADMIN.SQL script, substituting values as specified in the following table:

Items to Edit	Appropriate Values
db2–database-name	The database name as specified in the CREATEDB-95.SQL or CREATEDBU.SQL script.
<owner-id></owner-id>	The Table Owner ID you selected earlier in this chapter.

This script grants privileges on the database to the Owner ID.

Task 6A-3: Running SQL Scripts

Run the scripts edited in the preceding step to create the database and tablespaces.

To create the DB2/LUW database:

 Log in to the DB2/LUW database server as the PeopleSoft Table Owner. This USER ID was created in an earlier task in this installation guide. See "Preparing for Installation," Creating PeopleSoft User ID. 2. On Microsoft Windows, run the following command:

db2set DB2 CREATE DB ON PATH=YES

- 3. Execute the CREATEDB-95.SQL script (if non-Unicode) or the CREATEDBU.SQL script (if Unicode), using the db2 utility. For example:
 - For Microsoft Windows:

db2 -vtf createdb-95.sql > createdb-95.sql.out

• For UNIX:

db2 -vtf createdb-95.sql |tee createdb-95.sql.out

After the script completes, check the log file to verify that the database has been successfully created and took all the database configuration changes.

- 1. Stop the instance with DB2STOP and then start it again with DB2START.
- 2. Execute the ALTRDB.SQL script using the db2 utility. For example:

```
For Microsoft Windows:
db2 -vf altrdb.sql > altrdb.sql.out
For UNIX:
```

db2 -vf altrdb.sql | tee altrdb.sql.out

This script enables the system to use the bufferpool specified in the BUFFPAGE parameter previously in the CREATEDB-95.SQL or CREATEDBU.SQL script.

3. If you are creating a Unicode database, execute the CREATEBPU.SQL script using the db2 utility. For example:

For Microsoft Windows:

db2 -vf createbpu.sql > createbpu.sql.out

For UNIX:

db2 -vf createbpu.sql | tee createbpu.sql.out

4. Connect to the database and execute XXDDLDMS.

The user who runs this script must have read and write authority to the container (for example, /data1/psdb2/ptdbname on UNIX or C:\PS_DB\ptdbname on Microsoft Windows). Make sure the Table Owner ID has read and write authority to these containers.

Note. If you are creating a Unicode database, replace all references to *XX*DDLDMS.sql below with *XX* DDLDMSU.sql.

- a. Connect to the new database by issuing this command (substituting your database name for HR920SYS): db2 connect to HR920SYS
- b. Execute the SQL script by issuing this command (substituting for hrddldms as appropriate):

For Microsoft Windows:

db2 -vtf hrddldms.sql > hrddldms.sql.out

For UNIX:

db2 -vtf hrddldms.sql | tee hrddldms.sql.out

- c. Verify from the generated log file that all tablespaces were created.
- 5. Execute the DBOWNER.SQL script to create the PS.PSDBOWNER table and create the owner for your PeopleSoft database. Use the following command:

Note. If you are creating a Unicode database, replace all references to DBOWNER.sql below with DBOWNERU.sql.

For Microsoft Windows: db2 -vf dbowner.sql > dbowner.sql.out For UNIX: db2 -vf dbowner.sql | tee dbowner.sql.out

6. Execute the PSADMIN.SQL script to grant DBADM privileges to the database owner. Use the following command:

For Microsoft Windows:

db2 -vf psadmin.sql > psadmin.sql.out

For UNIX:

db2 -vf psadmin.sql | tee psadmin.sql.out

After the successful execution of all the scripts detailed above, and after the database has been created, review the task Creating Data Mover Import Scripts, and the following tasks, to create and execute the Data Mover scripts to populate the database with start-up data.

Task 6A-4: Configuring and Testing Database Connectivity for DB2 Connect or DB2 Client V9.x or Earlier

This section discusses:

- Configuring Database Connectivity for DB2 Connect or DB2 Client V9.x or Earlier
- Testing Client Connectivity for DB2 Connect or DB2 Client V9.x or Earlier

Task 6A-4-1: Configuring Database Connectivity for DB2 Connect or DB2 Client V9.x or Earlier

You must configure client connectivity on the install workstation, and on any other Windows client that needs to make a two-tier connection to the PeopleSoft database. This will be required on any workstation that needs to run COBOL or SQR batch processes on the client. Use the instructions in this section if you are using DB2 Connect or DB2 Client version 9.x or earlier, where x refers to the version number.

See My Oracle Support, Certifications, for information on supported versions.

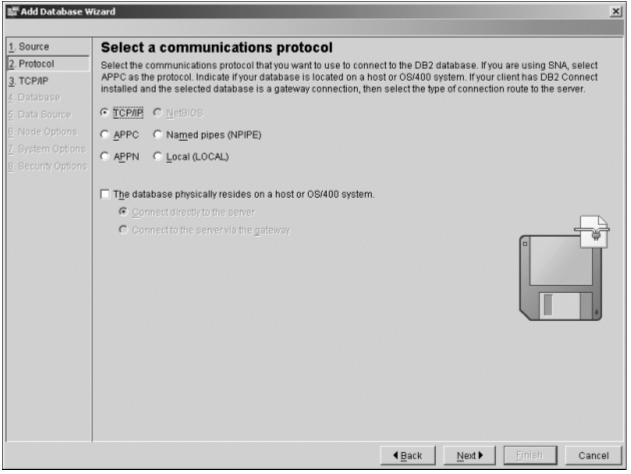
To configure each workstation connecting to DB2/LUW, you must catalog the database name and an ODBC data source using the DB2 Connect Client Configuration Assistant. You must do this for each PeopleSoft database that you have created.

To install Catalog Database on the Windows client:

1. From the Configuration Assistant panel, click Selected, Add Database Using Wizard to display the Add Database Wizard dialog box.

- 2. Select the Source page, and then select Manually configure a connection to a DB2 database. Click Next to display the Protocol page.
- 3. On the Protocol page, select the option TCP/IP as the communication protocol.

The page will now prompt you to choose a target operating system. Do not select OS/400. Click Next.



Selecting a communications protocol

4. On the TCP/IP page, type either the IP address or the DNS name of the server hosting the DB2/LUW database to which you will be connecting in the Host name field.

For the Port number, enter the TCP/IP port number assigned for the DB2 instance (IBM's default value is 50000). Consult your Operating System administrator or DBA for this information.

별 Add Database W	izard							×
1. Source 2. Protocol 3. TCP/IP 4. Database 5. Data Source 6. Node Options 7. System Options	You must provi administrator c a Service name Host name Service name	de the communica an provide the info only, there must i pt-ibm22	munication p ation information rec ormation necessary be an existing servi	uired to conn to configure c	ect to the dat ommunicatio	ons for a databa P services file.		
8. Security Options	Port number	50004				R <u>e</u> trieve		
					€ Back	Next 🕨	Finish	Cancel

Specifying the TCP/IP communication parameters

5. On the Database page, enter the database name to which you will be connecting in the Database name field. Note that the Database alias should be the same as the Database name.

雪 Add Database ₩	izard		×
Add Database W Add Database W Add Database Protocol TOP/IP Database Data Source Node Options Source Source Options Source Options	Specify the You must identify which you are cor	Parame of the database to which you want to connect the database to which you are connecting. The database name is dependent on the type of server to necting. For OS/400 databases use the MVVSE specify the DBNAME. Otherwise use the name of the database on the server. TR44113C TB44113C	
		▲ <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext ► Emish Canc	el

Specifying the database name

6. On the Data Source page, verify that the check box Register this database for ODBC is selected and the option As a system data source is selected.

ा Add Database W	izard
1. Source 2. Protocol 3. TCP/IP 4. Database 5. Data Source 6. Node Options 7. System Options 8. Security Options	Register this database connectivity interface allows different programs to access relational databases. If OBC applications will be using this database, then you must specify how it should be registered. A system data source is available to all users on the system. Auser data source ments that you are the only user who can access the database. A fieldata source relates a file containing data source information. This data source file can be shared with other workstations if you have a TCP/IP connection. Otherwise the file can only be used on this machine. You can optimize the data source settings for a particular application by selecting it from the list. • Register this database for ODBC • Ag system data source • Ag system data source • Data source name • Te44113C • Optimize for application • Dimize for application • None
	▲Back Next Einish Cancel

Registering the database as a data source

7. Verify the information on the System Option page, including the System name, Host name, and Operating system.

Click Next.

📲 Add Database W	fizard							×
1. Source 2. Protocol 3. TCP/IP 4. Database 5. Data Source 6. Node Options 7. System Options 8. Security Options	Specify the You must provide t System name Host name Operating system Comment	-	to configure th		r the datak	ver	nnection.	
				▲ <u>B</u> ack	Neo	d 🕨	Finish	Cancel

Specifying the system options

8. On the Security Options page, select Server authentication (SERVER) and leave Enable encryption cleared.

🎬 Add Database W	fizard	×
1. Source 2. Protocol 3. TCP/IP 4. Database 5. Data Source 6. Node Options 7. System Options 8. Security Options	Specify the security options Specify the security option that will be used for authentication. Use authentication value in server's DBM Configuration Client authentication (CLIENT) Server authentication (CLIENT) Enable encryption Kerberos authentication (KERBEROS) Terget principal name Enable <u>T</u> CP/IP SOCKS security	
	4 <u>B</u> ack	<u>F</u> inish Cancel

Specifying the security options

- 9. Click Finish to complete changes to the Add Database Wizard dialog box.
- 10. Modify the DB2CLI.INI file as follows:

For Windows:

```
<DB2 INSTALL DIRECTORY>\db2cli.ini
```

Add the following parameters to the [Common] section. (Create the [Common] section if it does not already exist.)

```
[Common]
IGNOREWARNINGS=1
DISABLEKEYSETCURSOR=1
```

For UNIX:

<DB2 INSTALL DIRECTORY>/cfg/db2cli.ini

Add the following parameters to the [Common] section. (Create the [Common] section if it does not already exist.)

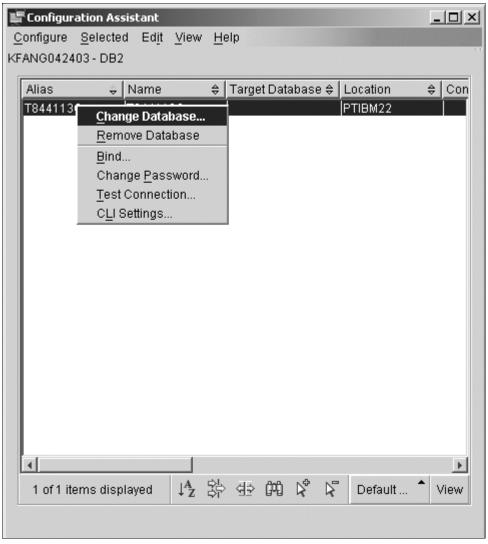
```
[Common]
IGNOREWARNINGS=1
DISABLEKEYSETCURSOR=1
```

Task 6A-4-2: Testing Client Connectivity for DB2 Connect or DB2 Client V9.x or Earlier

Use DB2 Connect Configuration Assistant to test connectivity to a database on the database server if you are using DB2 Connect or DB2 Client version 9.x or earlier.

To test DB2/LUW client connectivity:

1. In the Configuration Assistant, highlight the database and right-click on Test Connection:



Testing connectivity with Configuration Assistant

2. Select CLI and ODBC. Enter the user ID and password as defined earlier in the task Creating PeopleSoft IDs. See "Preparing for Installation," Creating PeopleSoft User IDs.

Test Connection - T844113C
Connections Results
Select connection type
□ Standard □ OLEDB
User ID testdb2 Password *******
Cancel Help

Testing connectivity settings

The following example shows the a message saying the connection tested successfully.

in Test Connection - T844113C	x
Connections Results	1
CLI connection tested successfully.	<u>C</u> lear
ODBC connection tested successfully.	
Cancel	Help

Successful connection results page

Note. Pinging or using Telnet tests network communication to the database server, but you must successfully run the connection command above to validate DB2 UDB Client Enabler connectivity.

If you are unable to connect check the following items:

- Review all previous tasks in this chapter.
- Is the DB2/LUW instance started?
- Can you issue the Connect command on the DB2/LUW database server using the CLP?
- Can you log into the database using the user name and password you're using as a Connect ID?
- Does the database exist on the DB2/LUW database server? Is it catalogued on the client?
- Are you spelling the database name properly on the command line? Case does not matter because CLP converts the database name to uppercase.
- On Windows, make sure the \SQLLIB directory is in the PATH.
- On Windows, make sure that environment variable DB2INSTANCE=DB2.
- Check the DB2 UDB db2diag.log diagnosis file, located by default in /<instance-owner home directory>/sqllib/db2dump/.

Note. IBM, or your DB2/LUW vendor, is best equipped to assist you if you have any problems installing any DB2/LUW products or connecting to your DB2/LUW database.

Task 6A-5: Configuring and Testing Connectivity for DB2 Connect and DB2 Client V10.x or Later

This section discusses:

- Configuring Database Connectivity for DB2 Connect and DB2 Client V10.x or Later
- Testing Database Connectivity for DB2 Connect and DB2 Client V10.x or Later

Task 6A-5-1: Configuring Database Connectivity for DB2 Connect and DB2 Client V10.x or Later

You must configure client connectivity on the install workstation, and on any other Windows client that needs to make a two-tier connection to the PeopleSoft database. This will be required on any workstation that needs to run COBOL or SQR batch processes on the client. Use the instructions in this section if you are using DB2 Connect or DB2 Client version 10.x or later, where x refers to the version number.

See My Oracle Support, Certifications, for information on supported versions.

Note. Configuration Assistant has been deprecated from version 10.x DB2 Connect and DB2 Client products so creating and updating the DB2 Client Catalog must be done manually.

To create and update the DB2 Client catalog, open a DB2 Command window for the client you wish to create the db2 catalog on and run the following commands to catalog the TCPIP NODE and the DB2 DATABASE:

db2 catalog TCPIP node <NODE-NAME> remote <DB2-DATABASE-HOST-NAME> server ⇒ <DB2-COMMUNICATION-PORT-NUMBER> db2 catalog DATABASE <DATABASE-NAME> as <ALIAS-NAME> at node <NODE-NAME>

For example, to catalog a DB2 database on AIX:

db2 catalog TCPIP node TCPAIX06 remote qt-ibm06 server 5000 db2 catalog DATABASE T854U40 as T854U40 at node TCPAIX06

Task 6A-5-2: Testing Database Connectivity for DB2 Connect and DB2 Client V10.x or Later

To test the database connectivity, run the following command:

db2 connect to <DATABASE-NAME> user <USER-ID> using <USER-PASSWORD>

For example:

db2 connect to T854U40 user people using people

Task 6A-6: Configuring an ODBC Data Source for Connectivity on Microsoft Windows

This task applies only to installations on Microsoft Windows operating systems. Use these instructions to configure and validate a 64-bit ODBC data source for connectivity to PeopleSoft PeopleTools components including PeopleSoft Application Server, Application Designer and Data Mover.

This section assumes that you have installed a supported version of DB2 Client or DB2 Connect.

See My Oracle Support, Certifications.

To configure a 64-bit data source for PeopleSoft PeopleTools components:

1. Select Start, IBM DB2, instance id, Command Line Tools, Command Window.

For example, if you accepted the default, *instance id* would be DB2.

The Command Window opens.

2. Run the following command and confirm that the response specifies that the DB2 Client or DB2 Connect installation is 64-bit:

db2level

3. Run the following commands, specifying your DB2/LUW PeopleSoft database name:

```
db2 catalog system odbc data source <database-name> db2 terminate
```

4. Run the following command and confirm that your data source for your database is now registered.

db2 list system odbc data sources

5. To validate, start your Application Server. Application Designer, or Data Mover.

You should not get any connectivity errors.

If the 64-bit data source is not properly configured, you see an error similar to the one below. This is an example of an error seen when starting PeopleSoft Application Server:

PSADMIN.3992 (0) [12/30/11 00:22:52](0) Begin boot attempt on domain⇒ Q8533I1E

PSAPPSRV.3612 (0) [12/30/11 00:23:04](0) PeopleTools Release 8.56 ⇒
(Windows) starting. Tuxedo server is APPSRV(99)/2

PSAPPSRV.3612 (0) [12/30/11 00:23:04](0) Cache Directory being used: d:⇒

\pshome\appserv\Q8533I1E\CACHE\PSAPPSRV 2\ PSAPPSRV.3612 (0) [12/30/11 00:23:04](3) File: SQL Access ManagerSQL⇒ error. Stmt #: 2 Error Position: 0 Return: 8600 - [Microsoft][ODBC Driver⇒ Manager] The specified DSN contains an architecture mismatch between the Driver⇒ and Application (SQLSTATE IM014) 0 PSAPPSRV.3612 (0) [12/30/11 00:23:04](1) GenMessageBox(200, 0, M): SQL⇒ Access Manager: File: SQL Access ManagerSQL error. Stmt #: 2 Error⇒ Position: 0 Return: 8600 - [Microsoft][ODBC Driver Manager] The⇒ specified DSN contains an architecture mismatch between the Driver and⇒ Application (SQLSTATE IM014) 0 PSAPPSRV.3612 (0) [12/30/11 00:23:04](1) GenMessageBox(0, 0, M):⇒ Database Signon: Could not sign on to database Q8533I1E with user⇒ QEDMO. PSAPPSRV.3612 (0) [12/30/11 00:23:04](0) Server failed to start PSADMIN.3992 (0) [12/30/11 00:23:11](0) End boot attempt on domain⇒ Q8533I1E

Task 6A-7: Creating Data Mover Import Scripts

This section discusses:

- Understanding Data Mover Import Scripts
- Working with Multilingual Databases
- Running Database Setup to Create Data Mover Import Scripts

Understanding Data Mover Import Scripts

The Data Mover Import scripts are used to populate the PeopleSoft database with data. You use the Database Setup feature of the PeopleSoft Data Mover utility to create the Data Mover import scripts.

Note. This task and the next one (Running Data Mover Import Scripts) should be executed from a Microsoft Windows client machine. Before you can load PeopleSoft data from a Microsoft Windows client machine, you need to install PeopleSoft PeopleTools and your PeopleSoft Application to the Microsoft Windows client machine and be sure to select File Server and Database Server.

To complete the database creation procedure you must supply information on various authorization IDs and passwords, including Access ID, Connect ID, Symbolic ID, and User IDs. Before beginning this procedure, review the information in the section Planning Database Creation and make a note of the authorization information for your environment. For PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.53 and later releases, the user profiles in PeopleTools demo databases are delivered disabled. During the procedure to create Data Mover import scripts you will choose whether to enable the delivered user profiles, and how to assign passwords for the profiles. In addition, you will supply several passwords that were previously provided as defaults. Be sure to note the passwords that you supply, as they will be needed for subsequent installation procedures.

See the information on administering user profiles in the *PeopleTools: Security Administration* product documentation.

See "Preparing for Installation," Planning Database Creation.

Task 6A-7-1: Working with Multilingual Databases

All PeopleSoft releases are shipped with English as the database's base language. Therefore when selecting components for the Data Mover Import script, you must select the English components in addition to any other languages you are installing. After the installation is complete, you can change the database's base language to the language that you plan to use most frequently, or leave the base language as English.

Read the section Planning Multilingual Strategy for information on installing multiple languages and changing your base language.

See "Preparing for Installation," Planning Multilingual Strategy.

If you are creating a database and want to load Oracle-provided translations for non-English languages, you must load English (ENG) in addition to the foreign language components.

If you are creating a non-Unicode database, you must ensure that the languages you select are all supported by the character set you used to create your database.

Note. During the database setup process, you have the option to select the database's base language. Select the language that you plan to use most frequently. If the database's base language is different than that set in this database setup process, generate the SWAP_BASE_LANGUAGE command in the Data Mover Import script to swap the language.

See PeopleTools: Global Technology.

Task 6A-7-2: Running Database Setup to Create Data Mover Import Scripts

To create the import scripts using Data Mover:

See PeopleTools: Data Management.

1. Run Configuration Manager by using one of the following methods:

- On Microsoft Windows 2012 R2, access the Apps screen and navigate to PeopleTools 8.56, Configuration Manager.
- Run *PS_HOME*\bin\client\winx86\pscfg.exe.

2. Verify in the Signon Defaults on the Startup page that the Database Type of DB2 UDB for Unix, NT is selected, as shown in the example.

🧟 Configuration I	Manager 8.50	5			×
Remote Call/AE		Client Setup	Import/	Export	Profile
Startup	Display	Crystal/Bus. Inter	ink/JDeveloper	Trace	Workflow
Signon Defaults - Database Type: Application Serv		DB2 UDB for Unix, NT	*	Numeric k Enter Key next field	
Server Name: Database Name	:	FSCMPROD			
User ID:		VP1			
Connect ID:		people			
Connect Passwo	rd:	•••••			
Connect Passwo	rd (confirm):	•••••			
User Can Overrid Database Typ Database Nar User ID	be		S\CACHE Purge Cache Director	ies	
			OK Cano	el Ap	alv

Startup tab on the Configuration Manager dialog box

3. Verify that the connect ID is correct.

If you accepted all defaults, the connect ID is people. Enter and confirm a value for the connect ID password.

- 4. If the *PS_APP_HOME* location is not the same as *PS_HOME*, make sure it is set in Configuration Manager, as follows:
 - a. In Configuration Manager, select Profile.
 - b. Highlight the Default Profile and select Edit.
 - c. On the Edit Profile dialog box, select the Process Scheduler tab.
 - d. Verify that the *PS_APP_HOME* value is correct.

See "Setting Up the Install Workstation," Editing the Default Profile.

5. Run Data Mover by using one of these methods:

- On Microsoft Windows 2012 R2, access the Apps screen and navigate to PeopleTools 8.56, Data Mover.
- Run *PS_HOME*\bin\client\winx86\psdmt.exe.
- 6. Log on using the access ID as the user id to start Data Mover in bootstrap mode; this should be the user that creates the database.

See Checking the Log Files and Troubleshooting, Running Data Mover.

Note. You must limit the access ID to eight characters or less. You must limit the access password to 30 characters or less.

7. Select File, Database Setup.

The Database Setup dialog box appears, as shown in this example:

Database Setup		×
Select Target Database	DB2 UDB for Unix, NT	
Database Type O Non-Unicode	• Unicode	
Select Character Set	DB2 Codepage 1208	
	< Back Next > Cancel	

Selecting target database and character set on the Database Setup dialog box

- 8. Select your database platform from the Select Target Database drop-down list.
- 9. Select your database type, Unicode or non-Unicode, and character set.

Choose the Database Type—Unicode or Non-Unicode—that you selected in the section on multilingual strategy. If you choose Non-Unicode, select the character set that you decided upon in that section from the

drop-down list.

Note. When you select a non-Unicode character set, only the characters within that character set can be stored in your database. Oracle recommends that you create your database using Unicode.

See "Preparing for Installation," Planning Multilingual Strategy.

Note. The database setup does not actually modify the character set of your database. That is done by the DBA during database creation. The database setup process only creates customized scripts based on your selection.

- 10. Select the Demo or System radio button, depending on which type of PeopleSoft database you are installing.
- 11. Select the Products for which you want to create a Data Mover script from the PeopleSoft Application list box, and move the items you have selected into the Data Mover Scripts to Create list box by clicking on the Add or Add All button.

If you installed the Multilanguage software, each application will be listed several times, once for each language. If you are installing languages other than English, make sure to select the appropriate language data files for each application you select in English. This will load the translated database objects.

See "Preparing for Installation," Planning Multilingual Strategy.

If you are installing an application in any language other than English, you must also select the English component of the application. For example, if you select PeopleSoft Fin/SCM - French, you must also select PeopleSoft Fin/SCM Database - US English. This ensures that you install the necessary base-language components.

12. Set the database parameters described below and then click Finish.

Database Setup - Database Parameters 🛛 🗙							
	Database Parameters						
1	Database Name	FSCMPROD					
	Symbolic ID	db2adm					
1	Access ID	db2adm					
1	Access Password						
(Connect ID	people					
1	Application Server ID						
1	Application Server Password						
1	Web Server ID	PTWEBSERVER					
1	Web Server Password						
	Enable All Profiles	Set Global Password					
(Global Password						
		< Back	Finish Cancel				

Specifying Database Parameters on the Database Setup dialog box

- *Database Name:* Specify the database name that users will enter on the PeopleSoft signon screen. This corresponds to the owner ID. It can be up to eight characters long and must be entered in uppercase.
- Symbolic ID: This is used as the key to retrieve ACCESSID and ACCESSPSWD from PSACCESSPROFILE.

For initial installation set it equal to the Database Name. The symbolic ID cannot be longer than eight characters.

• Access ID: Specify the user you used to create the database. Limit this to eight characters or less.

This value is case sensitive. You will use the access ID every time you want to sign on to Data Mover in bootstrap mode. Limit this to eight characters or less.

See "Preparing for Installation," Creating PeopleSoft IDs for more information about access IDs.

- Access Password: This is the PeopleSoft access ID password defined in the chapter "Preparing for Installation." Limit this to 30 characters or less.
- *Connect ID:* This is the connect ID that is used for the initial connection to DB2/LUW. This ID is used for connecting to the database. Limit this to eight characters or less.

Note. The connect ID was defined as a valid logon ID in the database security management software. The connect ID only needs to be granted SELECT access on PSACCESSPROFILE, PSOPERDEFN, and PSSTATUS. This ID should be granted no other database authorities.

Refer to the section Creating PeopleSoft IDs in the chapter "Preparing for Installation " for more information about connect IDs.

- *Application Server ID*: The Application Server ID has privileges to start or shut down the Application Server domain. It is also used during the Application Server configuration. Enter one of the delivered PeopleSoft user IDs.
- Application Server Password: Specify a password for the Application Server ID.
- Web Server Password: Specify a password for the Web Server ID.

The default Web Server ID, as displayed in the example, is PTWEBSERVER. The Web Server ID, also referred to in this documentation as Web Profile User ID, is used to access the web profile information from the database through the Application Server Jolt service.

• *Enable All Profiles*: Select this option to leave the User profiles (other than the Application Server profile and the Web Server User profiles) unchanged.

If you do not select this option, all of the User profiles in the database, with the exception of the Application Server profile and Web Server User profiles, remain disabled as delivered.

• *Set Global Password*: If you enabled all profiles, you can choose to set the same password for all of the profiles.

Note. This option is enabled when the Enable All Profiles option is selected, as shown in the example.

• *Global Password*: Enter the password to be used for all user profiles.

Note. This option is enabled when the Set Global Password option is selected, as shown in the example.

Note. The connect ID was defined as a valid logon ID in the database security management software. The connect ID only needs to be granted SELECT access on PSACCESSPROFILE, PSOPERDEFN, and PSSTATUS. This ID should be granted no other database authorities.

13. Select your database's base language.

Note. This window appears only if you selected a database for a language other than English. If you see this window it is critical to select the correct base language. When you select a base language other than ENG, DBSETUP generates the Data Mover import script with the SWAP_BASE_LANGUAGE command to swap the base language.

See "Preparing for Installation," Planning Multilingual Strategy.

See Working with Multilingual Databases.

Database Setup - Base Language					
			_		
Select Base Language	ENG - US English		<u> </u>		
	ENG-US English				
	FRA - French GER - German				
		< <u>B</u> ack	Finish	Cancel	

Selecting a base language in the Database Setup dialog box

Use the following information in making your selection:

- If you have not already done so, read the earlier section on multilingual strategy before determining whether to install multiple languages and whether to change your base language.
- If you are creating a database and want to load Oracle-provided translations for non-English languages, you must load English (ENG) in addition to the foreign language components.
- All PeopleSoft releases are shipped with English as the database's base language. Therefore when selecting components for the Data Mover Import script, you must select the English components in addition to any other languages you are installing. During the Database Setup wizard, you need to select the database's base language that you plan to use most frequently. If your database's base language is different than the Database Setup wizard generate the SWAP_BASE_LANGUAGE command in the Data Mover Import script to swap the language.
- If you are creating a non-Unicode database, you must ensure that the languages you select are all

supported by the character set you used to create your database.

14. Click Finish.

Note. If the Database Setup - Base Language window does not appear, click Finish after supplying the parameters on the Database Setup - Database Parameters window.

At this point you are in Data Mover, with the DMS script you just created ready to run.

See Also

PeopleTools: Data Management

PeopleTools: Security Administration, "PeopleSoft Authorization IDs"

Task 6A-8: Running Data Mover Import Scripts

This section discusses:

- Understanding Data Mover Import Scripts
- Populating Tables in the PeopleSoft Database

Understanding Data Mover Import Scripts

Now you will run the Data Mover scripts (DMS) that you created in the preceding task to import the data for your PeopleSoft database. The Data Mover script creates either a system (SYS) or a demo (DMO) database.

When you initially logged onto Data Mover to create the DMS scripts, you logged in with the Access ID and password, using bootstrap mode. You need to use bootstrap mode to run the Data Mover import script, because there are not yet any PeopleSoft security tables in the database.

When you start Data Mover in bootstrap mode, the word "BootStrap" appears in the Data Mover status bar. See *PeopleTools: Data Management*.

See Also

Checking the Log Files and Troubleshooting, Running Data Mover

Task 6A-8-1: Populating Tables in the PeopleSoft Database

To populate tables in the PeopleSoft database:

1. The DMS import script for your application will contain hard-coded file names for log files and data files.

Modify the DMS script if you have moved any files from the delivered directories or want to write log files to another location than that specified in the script.

2. Select File, Run to execute the script.

When you run the script, Data Mover typically performs the following actions:

IMPORT *

Create all the PeopleTools and application tables with their indexes.

- ENCRYPT_PASSWORD * Encrypt security information for the database.
- CREATE_TRIGGER * Create application required triggers.
- REPLACE_VIEW * Create PeopleSoft views.
- CREATE_TEMP_TABLE *

Create PeopleSoft temporary tables.

Task 6A-9: Cleaning Up Orphaned Language Data

Perform this task if you are a Multilingual customer and are installing non-English languages. The Application Engine program PTIACLEANLNG removes any orphaned related language objects that do not have a matching base language object.

1. Run the following SQL statement using the appropriate SQL query tool for your RDBMS.

For <Log Path>, specify the path where you want the log for the application engine program in step 2 to be generated, such as c:\temp\.

```
UPDATE PS_PTIASPDMPARAM SET PTIASPPROPVAL ='<Log Path>' WHERE PTIASPPROPNM='DMLOGPATH';
```

2. Run the PTIACLEANLNG application engine program.

From the command line utility, the syntax is::

```
<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -⇒
CP <pswd> -R <run control> -AI PTIACLEANLNG
```

Use the values for the database name and user ID that you entered on the startup tab of the Configuration Manager for <dbname> and <userid> respectively. However, be aware that <userpswd> is not the same as the connect password you entered on the Configuration Manager startup tab. Enter a value for <userpswd> that is the password associated with the <userid>.

Task 6A-10: Checking the Log Files and Troubleshooting

This section discusses:

- Checking the Log Files
- Running Data Mover
- Troubleshooting
- Improving Performance

Task 6A-10-1: Checking the Log Files

After running each Data Mover script, examine the .LOG files to make sure that all the commands were executed successfully. The log files are located in the directory you specified in the Data Mover script.

See "Setting Up the Install Workstation," Editing the Default Profile.

Task 6A-10-2: Running Data Mover

Use one of these methods to run Data Mover.

Microsoft Windows

- On Microsoft Windows 2012 R2, access the Apps screen, and navigate to PeopleTools 8.56, Data Mover to run a graphical user interface (GUI mode).
- Run *PS_HOME*\bin\client\winx86\psdmt.exe from the command line.

On UNIX, run PS_HOME/bin/psdmtx from the command line.

If you use the access ID that you specified during the database configuration to log on, you log on in "bootstrap mode." When you start Data Mover in bootstrap mode, the word "BootStrap" appears in the Data Mover status bar.

If you use a valid PeopleSoft Operator ID, such as PS for Human Capital Management or VP1 for Financials/Supply Chain Management, you log on in "user mode." In this mode, no designation appears in the Data Mover status bar.

See Also

PeopleTools: Data Management

Task 6A-10-3: Troubleshooting

If the DMS script has stopped midway (this can happen for a number of reasons) you need to edit the script and start again.

If running a script results in an SQL error, it may be because the PS.PSDBOWNER table contains duplicate rows, an invalid user ID is specified, or the Owner ID column in the PSLOCK table is specified in uppercase or is incorrect. If this is the case fix PS.PSDBOWNER.

To edit and restart the DMS script:

1. Determine the record that was being imported (that is, which IMPORT command was running) when the script stopped, and use the following guidelines to edit and rerun the DMS scripts.

When building a DMO database or a multilingual database, adding the SET START statement can be tricky because the Data Mover script used to load the database will include more than one IMPORT statement. The key is to view the log files and determine which IMPORT section of the script Data Mover failed on.

- If the failure occurred during the first IMPORT statement, add the SET START statement before the first IMPORT *; statement.
- If the failure occurred during a subsequent IMPORT statement, comment out all statements preceding the IMPORT *; statement where the failure occurred and add the SET START statement before the IMPORT *; statement of the section in which the failure occurred.
- *This is very important:* If you see any "unique index constraint" error messages in the "Building required indexes" section, your IMPORT script failed during a subsequent IMPORT but the SET START statement was added to the first IMPORT. In this situation, you can run the Data Mover script in its originally generated form, with only one modification. In the first IMPORT section, change the statement "IMPORT *;" to "REPLACE_DATA *;". This will delete all the data in the tables, and re-import it. This process will take some time to run, and you will need to separately create each of the indexes that failed.
- 2. Run Data Mover as previously described.

See Running Data Mover.

The PeopleSoft Logon dialog box appears.

3. Log on using the Access ID to start Data Mover in *bootstrap mode*.

Use the Access ID you specified when you created the Data Mover scripts with the Database Setup utility.

The input window should display the DMS import script for the database. The script has the format <dbname>dbx.dms.

- 4. If necessary, select File, Open, and browse to the *PS_HOME*/scripts directory to find the appropriate DMS script.
- 5. Add the following line before the offending IMPORT command (the one being executed when the failure occurred):

SET START <RECORD NAME>;

<RECORD NAME> is the name of the record that failed. Make sure to review the Data Mover log file to see where the script failed and locate the last record that imported successfully. The SET START command will begin the Data Mover import at the specified record name.

Note. It is a good idea to change the name of the log file in the script before each attempt at running it. This ensures that you have a separate log file for each attempt, if you run the import more than once.

For example, if the script stops and the table is partially inserted with a message similar to this one:

```
Importing PSPNLFIELD
Rows inserted into PSPNLFIELD
```

3000

First drop the partially inserted table (for example, record) by using the DROP TABLE command, and then restart Data Mover at the record that failed using the SET START command and continue the Data Mover import. This can be done in a single pass.

Add the following lines before the offending IMPORT *; command (the one being executed when the failure occurred):

SET START <RECORD NAME>;
DROP TABLE <RECORD NAME>;

where <RECORD NAME> is the name of the record that failed. The SET START statement will begin the Data Mover import at the specified <RECORD NAME>.

Example of the original script:

```
REM - PeopleSoft Database - US English
/
SET LOG epengs.log;
SET INPUT epengs.db;
SET COMMIT 30000;
SET NO VIEW;
SET NO VIEW;
SET NO TRACE;
SET NO TRACE;
SET UNICODE ON;
IMPORT *;
```

Example of script after modification, with changes in bold font:

REM - PeopleSoft Database - US English

```
/
SET LOG epengs2.log;
SET INPUT epengs.db;
SET COMMIT 30000;
SET NO VIEW;
SET NO SPACE;
SET NO TRACE;
SET UNICODE ON;
SET START PSPNLFIELD;
DROP TABLE PSPNLFIELD;
IMPORT *;
```

For the DROP statement, for records with a recname without a leading PS, add PS_ to the beginning of the recname; otherwise the table will not be found. For example, PS_<RECNAME>.

6. Restart the script in Data Mover by selecting File, Run Script, or use the psdmtx command to execute Data Mover on the command line.

Task 6A-10-4: Improving Performance

The following tips can help you save time when running the Data Mover scripts:

- Run Data Mover from the fastest workstation available.
- Run Data Mover on the database server.
- Run only a single instance of Data Mover, and do not have any other applications running during the import.
- In the PeopleSoft Configuration Manager, turn off all trace options.
 - Tracing during a DMS load will add considerable time to the process.
- Copy the database file over to the workstation so that Data Mover can access it locally instead of over the network.
- Run Data Mover on the database server with the .db or .dat file located locally.

If you are comfortable changing the options available for a DB2/LUW instance and database, you might consider "tuning" the instance and database used for the import. Some of these options are appropriate only during the import, so you may not want to keep them in effect after the import is complete.

Task 6A-11: Changing the Base Language

The information in the earlier task Planning Multilingual Strategy will help you determine whether you should change your base language, and lists the currently supported languages.

See "Preparing for Installation," Planning Multilingual Strategy.

See PeopleTools Certifications — Supported Languages, My Oracle Support (search for article name).

This task applies only if your users will be operating PeopleSoft applications *primarily* in one particular language other than English. It gives a performance boost to the language you designate as the base language, but requires more administrative overhead than leaving English as the base language. The details are spelled out in the *PeopleTools: Global Technology* product documentation.

Chapter 6B

Creating a Database on UNIX

This chapter discusses:

- Understanding the Database Configuration Wizard
- Fulfilling PeopleSoft Database Configuration Wizard Prerequisites
- Using the Database Configuration Wizard in Silent Mode
- Changing the Location of the DB2/LUW Database Log Files
- Cleaning Up Orphaned Language Data
- Checking the Log Files and Troubleshooting

Understanding the Database Configuration Wizard

The Database Configuration Wizard is a tool designed to simplify your PeopleSoft database installation. When you run the Database Configuration Wizard, Data Mover is also running silently.

See PeopleTools: Data Management.

Important! Do not forget that application-specific installation steps are provided in a separate document specific to the application. For instance, if you are performing PeopleSoft CRM installation, you need both this PeopleSoft PeopleTools installation guide and you also need any additional instructions provided by CRM. My Oracle Support provides installation guides that are specific to your application.

See My Oracle Support, (search for "installation," the application name, and release).

You also have the option of using a manual process for creating a PeopleSoft database, instead of using the Database Configuration Wizard. The manual process is mandatory for some configurations.

See "Creating a Database Manually on Microsoft Windows or UNIX."

Note. For the sake of brevity, this documentation sometimes refers to DB2 UDB for Linux, UNIX, and Windows as *DB2/LUW*.

After you complete the tasks in this chapter, read the chapter "Completing the Database Setup." Depending upon your environment, you may not need to carry out every task in that chapter. However it is important that you evaluate the requirements and perform the necessary tasks.

Task 6B-1: Fulfilling PeopleSoft Database Configuration Wizard Prerequisites

This section discusses:

- Installing the PeopleSoft Database Server Components on the Database Server
- Changing the Ownership for PS_APP_HOME
- Completing Registry Settings
- Rebinding of Packages Requirement
- Completing Required CLI Settings in the DB2CLI.INI File
- Defining Database Manager Configuration
- Defining Database Configuration
- Running the Shell Script psconfig.sh

Task 6B-1-1: Installing the PeopleSoft Database Server Components on the Database Server

To run the PeopleSoft Database Configuration Wizard, your setup *must* fulfill these requirements:

- You must have installed the Database component of your application installation software to your database server.
- You must have the PeopleTools Development Environment set up to create your database.
- You must have the Oracle Tuxedo software installed before you run the Database Configuration Wizard.

The Database Configuration Wizard invokes the PeopleSoft Data Mover utility. Data Mover on the UNIX platform has a dependency on the Oracle Tuxedo software. Install Oracle Tuxedo and verify that the TUXDIR environment variable is set.

See Installing Oracle Tuxedo.

• You must run the Database Configuration Wizard at the database server.

Note. Before you can configure the database, the system administrator ID must have a corresponding password.

See the information on PeopleSoft Configuration Manager in the *PeopleTools: System and Server Administration* product documentation.

See Also

"Using the PeopleSoft Installer"

"Setting Up the Install Workstation"

Task 6B-1-2: Changing the Ownership for PS_APP_HOME

Before running the Database Configuration Wizard, change the ownership of the *PS_APP_HOME* directory. The user who runs the Database Configuration Wizard must have write permission to the *PS_APP_HOME* directory to access logs and scripts. After completing the database setup, you can revoke the permission.

Task 6B-1-3: Completing Registry Settings

For the Database Configuration Wizard to run successfully, certain DB2 UDB for Linux, UNIX, and Windows registry settings must be set. These settings are required for the Database Configuration Wizard and PeopleSoft PeopleTools to function properly:

Required DB2/LUW Registry Setting	Purpose
db2set DB2CODEPAGE=1208 (Unicode only)	Sets the client codepage to Unicode.
db2set DB2_MIN_DEC_DIV_6=yes	Supports decimal precision up to 31 decimal places.

Task 6B-1-4: Rebinding of Packages Requirement

For DB2/LUW clients that are at a higher fixpack than the server, a rebind of the DB2/LUW utilities packages and CLI packages is required for each new database that the client will be accessing. The rebind is required because our truncate table support uses the DB2/LUW import function to truncate the table. The import function requires rebinding of the DB2/LUW utilities package. The commands for rebinding are:

"DB2 bind @db2ubind.lst blocking all grant public" for DB2 utilities⇒ packages. "DB2 bind @db2cli.lst blocking all grant public" for CLI packages.

Task 6B-1-5: Completing Required CLI Settings in the DB2CLI.INI File

Complete the following required CLI settings in the DB2CLI.INI file. These settings are required for the Database Configuration Wizard and PeopleSoft PeopleTools to function properly.

- DISABLEKEYSETCURSOR=1 (COMMON STANZA)
- This is needed for SQR to function properly.
- IGNOREWARNINGS=1 (DATABASE STANZA)

This is used to suppress the warning message that appears when an UPDATE or DELETE statement is executed without a WHERE clause.

Note. The default DB2CLI.INI file delivered by IBM does not contain the COMMON STANZA or DATABASE STANZA. You will need to edit the DB2CLI.INI file and add the COMMON STANZA or DATABASE STANZA. Below is an example of COMMON STANZA and DATABASE STANZA for database ABC to be added to the DB2CLI.INI file.

[COMMON]

DISABLEKEYSETCURSOR=1

[ABC]

IGNOREWARNINGS=1

Task 6B-1-6: Defining Database Manager Configuration

The DB2/LUW database manager configuration parameters are in the dbmcfg.sql file. These are the minimum requirements provided by Oracle for the database manager configuration. But these dbm parameters are *not* necessarily the optimal configuration for your environment. You may need to configure your DB2/LUW instance so that it is optimal for your environment.

Task 6B-1-7: Defining Database Configuration

The database configuration parameters are in one of the following files:

- CREATEDB-95.SQL Non-Unicode
- CREATEDBU.SQL Unicode

These are the minimum requirements provided by Oracle for creating a PeopleSoft database. But these database parameters are *not* necessarily the optimal database configuration. You will need to tune it for your environment. You can add to or update the CREATEDB-95.SQL or CREATEDBU.SQL file with the appropriate database parameters for your environment because the Database Configuration Wizard will use it as a template to create a PeopleSoft database.

Beginning with PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.53, new tablespaces PSIMAGE2, PSIMAGE2IDX, and PSIMAG2LOB are delivered. These tablespaces are created with pagesize 16K (non-Unicode) and 32K (Unicode), and bufferpool size 16K (non-Unicode) and 32K (Unicode). These required tablespaces contain tables with LOB (CLOB/DBCLOB/BLOB) data types.

See PeopleTools 8.53 Release Notes, My Oracle Support.

Before running the Database Configuration Wizard, verify that the *XX*DDLDMS.SQL (non-Unicode) and *XX* DDLDMSU.SQL (Unicode) scripts include these tablespaces (*XX* is a two-character code corresponding to the product line you are installing).

See "Creating a Database Manually on Microsoft Windows or UNIX," Editing SQL Scripts.

Task 6B-1-8: Running the Shell Script psconfig.sh

The shell script psconfig.sh sets up the environment for Data Mover to run. The PeopleSoft Data Mover utility is used to load the database.

To run psconfig.sh:

- 1. Change the directory to PS_HOME.
- 2. Run psconfig.sh (. ./psconfig.sh)

Task 6B-2: Using the Database Configuration Wizard in Silent Mode

This section discusses:

- Understanding the Database Configuration Wizard
- Preparing the Response File
- Running the Silent Mode Database Creation

Understanding the Database Configuration Wizard

When you run the Database Configuration Wizard, Data Mover typically performs the following actions:

- 1. IMPORT *. Create all the PeopleTools and application tables with their indexes.
- 2. ENCRYPT_PASSWORD * Encrypt security information for the database.
- 3. CREATE_TRIGGER * Create application-required triggers.
- 4. REPLACE_VIEW * Create PeopleSoft views.
- 5. CREATE_TEMP_TABLE * Create PeopleSoft temporary tables.

If Data Mover fails at any of the above steps, it will complete the rest of the steps but will not start the next step instead the Database Configuration Wizard aborts and tells the user what file to review for the detailed error message. If Data Mover fails at step 1 or 2, it is fatal. If Data Mover fails at step 3 or 4, it is not necessarily fatal. You may continue the next step(s) manually.

To complete the database creation procedure you must supply information on various authorization IDs and passwords, including Access ID, Connect ID, Symbolic ID, and User IDs. Before beginning this procedure, review the information in the section Planning Database Creation and make a note of the authorization information for your environment. For the current release, the user profiles in PeopleTools demo databases are delivered disabled. During the database configuration procedure you will choose whether to enable the delivered user profiles, and how to assign passwords for the profiles. In addition, you will supply several passwords that were previously provided as defaults. Be sure to note the passwords that you supply, as they will be needed for subsequent installation procedures. See the information on user profiles in the *PeopleTools: Security Administration* product documentation.

Note. The Database Configuration Wizard is not supported on Microsoft Windows.

Task 6B-2-1: Preparing the Response File

In the current release, the Database Configuration Wizard is run in silent mode. In silent mode, you provide the required information in a text file and run the script without further interaction.

Here is a sample text file. The file includes basic and RDBMS-specific sections. Copy the file and modify the values for your environment. Save the file in a location referred to as *>path to response file*.

Most of the entries are self-explanatory. Here are notes about a few entries:

• PS_APP_HOME

Note that the DPK installation requires that the PS_APP_HOME location be different from the PS_HOME location.

• BASE_LANGUAGE

The base language selection is used to determine what primary base language you want to run the PeopleSoft application on. If you choose a language other than English, the base language will be swapped during the database creation script. See "Preparing for Installation," Planning Multilingual Strategy. This step applies only if your users will be operating PeopleSoft applications primarily in one particular language other than English. This step gives a performance boost to the language you designate as the base language, but would require more administrative overhead than leaving English as the base language does. See *PeopleTools: Global Technology*.

• ENABLE_USERPROFILE

Set this option to 1 (one) to leave the User profiles (other than the Application Server User Profile and Web server User profiles) unchanged. Set this option to 0 (zero) to disable all the User profiles in the database

except the Application Server User Profile and Web server User profiles.

- SET_GLOBAL_PWD and PS_GLOBAL_PWD
 - Set this option to 0 (zero) to specify a password that is the same as the User ID (for example, VP1/VP1).
 - Set the option to 1 (one) to set a common global password for all the User profiles in the database.

If you set the option to 1, for PS_GLOBAL_PWD, specify the password to be used for all user profiles.

```
• UNICODE and DB_CHARSET_CODE, and DB_CHAR_DES
```

For information on allowed character sets, see Planning Multilingual Strategy in PeopleSoft PeopleTools Installation for your database platform.

```
#
# Response file for Database Configuration Wizard (DCW)
# Notes:
# 1. In Microsoft Windows
#
    Open a command prompt; go to PS HOME\setup\PsMpDbInstall and run the⇒
following command:
#
    setup.bat -f <path to response file>
#
 2. In Linux or UNIX
#
#
    Go to PS HOME/setup/PsMpDbInstall and run the following command:
    setup.sh -f <path to response file>
#
#
# 3. Please use forward slashes( / ) for specifying Windows directories (\Rightarrow
like I:/install.mss )
# 4. Change the values for your environment.
#
 #
#
******
                     BASIC Input
******
#The following inputs are required in the response file for silent⇒
installation.
#PS HOME=Installation location.
# Do not change anything. It will be determined automatically by the⇒
installer.
#
PS APP HOME=/data1/fscm app home
#If you have installed PeopleSoft Applications outside PeopleTools PS HOME⇒
then choose the PeopleSoft Applications home PS APP HOME, else leave the⇒
default PS HOME.
```

#DB_SERVER_TYPE=ORA
#DB_SERVER_TYPE=MSS

#DB SERVER TYPE=DB2 DB SERVER TYPE=DB2UNIX #DB SERVER TYPE=DB2ODBC # DB TYPE=DMO/SYS/ # This specifies the type of database you want to create. Specify DMO for⇒ Demo Database or SYS for System Database. CREATE DB TYPE=DMO #UNICODE=0 #This value is determined in unicode.cfg. Specify the value here to⇒ override that setting. # UNICODE=1 DB CHARSET CODE=UTF8/UCS2 DB CHAR DES=DB2 Codepage 1208 BASE LANGUAGE=ENG #APP LANGUAGE = UKE DB DB NAME=FSDMO PS CONNECT ID=people PS CONN PWD=<password> PS CONN PWD RETYPE=<password> PS APP USER=PS PS APP PWD=<password> PS APP PWD RETYPE=<password> PS WEB USER=PTWEBSERVER PS WEB PWD=<password> PS WEB PWD RETYPE=<password> ENABLE USERPROFILE=1 SET GLOBAL PWD=0 **#**PS GLOBAL PWD= ****** DB2UNIX Input *********** DB CONFIG SRVR=0 DB DIR NME=/data1/database/dbx/FSDMO TBL SPCE LOC=/data1/database/dbx/FSDMO AUTO RESIZE=1

```
DB2_TERR_CODE=US
```

```
ACCESS_ID=accessid
ACCESS_PWD=<password>
ACCESS_PWD_RETYPE=<password>
```

Task 6B-2-2: Running the Silent Mode Database Creation

Use the response file that you modified for your configuration. Substitute the location where you saved the response file for path_to_response_file> in the following procedures.

On Microsoft Windows:

- 1. In a command prompt, go to *PS_HOME*\setup\PsMpDbInstall.
- 2. Run the following command, using forward slashes (/) to specify the path:

```
setup.bat -f <path to response file>
```

For example:

setup.bat -f D:/psftinstall

On Linux or UNIX:

- 1. In a command prompt, go to PS_HOME\setup\PsMpDbInstall.
- 2. Run the following command, using forward slashes (/) to specify the path:

```
setup.sh -f <path to response file>
```

```
For example:
setup.sh -f /home/psftinstall
```

Task 6B-3: Changing the Location of the DB2/LUW Database Log Files

The CREATE DATABASE command in the createdb-95.sql or createdbu.sql script creates the database with the default log files located in a subdirectory called SQLOGDIR under the directory created for the database. If the default location is not appropriate, follow these steps:

To change the location of log files:

- 1. Connect to the newly created database.
- 2. Issue the following DB2 command:

db2 UPDATE DB CFG FOR <db2-database-name> USING NEWLOGPATH <dir-name>

where *<db2-database-name>* refers to the newly created PeopleSoft database from the previous task, Running the Database Configuration Wizard, and *<dir-name>* is the location where you want the new log files to be located.

Task 6B-4: Cleaning Up Orphaned Language Data

Perform this task if you are a Multilingual customer and are installing non-English languages. The Application Engine program PTIACLEANLNG removes any orphaned related language objects that do not have a matching base language object.

1. Run the following SQL statement using the appropriate SQL query tool for your RDBMS.

For <Log Path>, specify the path where you want the log for the application engine program in step 2 to be generated, such as c:\temp\.

```
UPDATE PS_PTIASPDMPARAM SET PTIASPPROPVAL ='<Log Path>' WHERE PTIASPPROPNM='DMLOGPATH';
```

2. Run the PTIACLEANLNG application engine program.

From the command line utility, the syntax is::

```
<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -> CP <pswd> -R <run control> -AI PTIACLEANLNG
```

Use the values for the database name and user ID that you entered on the startup tab of the Configuration Manager for <dbname> and <userid> respectively. However, be aware that <userpswd> is not the same as the connect password you entered on the Configuration Manager startup tab. Enter a value for <userpswd> that is the password associated with the <userid>.

Task 6B-5: Checking the Log Files and Troubleshooting

This section discusses:

- Checking the Log Files
- Running Data Mover
- Troubleshooting
- Improving Performance

Task 6B-5-1: Checking the Log Files

After the Database Configuration Wizard finishes its execution, look for all log output in the *PS_HOME*/log directory. Open all the log files. There is a log file for each of the steps that the Database Configuration Wizard carries out—importing, encrypting passwords, creating triggers, replacing views, and creating temp tables. *None should contain error messages*.

Task 6B-5-2: Running Data Mover

If the Database Configuration Wizard does not complete successfully, you must run Data Mover manually, using one of the following methods.

On UNIX, run PS_HOME/bin/psdmtx from the command line.

If you use the access ID that you specified during the database configuration to log on, you log on in "bootstrap mode." When you start Data Mover in bootstrap mode, the word "BootStrap" appears in the Data Mover status bar.

If you use a valid PeopleSoft Operator ID, such as PS for Human Capital Management or VP1 for Financials/Supply Chain Management, you log on in "user mode." In this mode, no designation appears in the Data Mover status bar.

To run Data Mover on the command line:

Note. You can run psdmtx by supplying arguments on the command line, or by passing the arguments from a text file. This section describes the text file method.

- Go to PS_HOME/bin. cd \$PS HOME/bin
- 2. Use the following command to view the help for psdmtx:

```
$ psdmtx /help
Usage: psdmtx [-CT DB2|DB20DBC|DB2UNIX|MICROSFT|ORACLE]
[-CS server name]
[-CD database name]
[-CD user id]
[-CP user pswd]
[-CP user pswd]
[-CI connect id]
[-CW connect id pswd]
[-I process instance]
[-FP filename]
or
psdmtx [parmfile]
```

To capture the output in a file, use a greater-than symbol ("pipe", >) followed by a filename. For example: psdmtx [arguments] > filename.txt

Use the following list of commands and descriptions for the psdmtx arguments:

Command Argument	Description
-CT <db type=""></db>	The type of database to connect to. The valid values are: DB2 and DB2UNIX.
-CD <dbname></dbname>	Your selected Database Name.
-CO <accessid></accessid>	Use the <dbname> Access ID to run Data Mover in bootstrap mode.</dbname>
-CP <accesspwd></accesspwd>	The password for <dbname> Access ID.</dbname>
-CI <conn id=""></conn>	The ID used to connect to the database server.
-CW <conn pswd=""></conn>	The password for the specified connection ID.
-FP <filename></filename>	The filename for the Data Mover import script (DMS) to run.

- 3. To set up Data Mover to rerun the Data Mover import script in bootstrap mode, do the following:
 - a. Change directory to PS_HOME/setup.
 - b. Copy parmfile to parm<DBNAME>. For example, parmPT856.
 - c. Edit parm<DBNAME>.

Use the information in the table above to edit the file for your configuration.

Use DB2UNIX for <DB type>.

For example:

Before

```
-CT <DB type> -CD <DBNAME> -CO <ACCESSID> -CP <ACCESSPWD> -CI <CONN⇒
ID> -CW⇒
<CONN PSWD> -FP <filename>
```

After

```
-CT DB2UNIX -CD HRDMO -CO HRDMO -CP HRDMO -CI people -CW people -FP⇒
$PS_⇒
HOME/scripts/pt856dbx.dms
```

- 4. To launch Data Mover in bootstrap mode, do the following:
 - Change directory (cd) to PS_HOME/bin
 - Run the psdmtx command with the edited parm<DBNAME> file. pt-sun20:\$ psdmtx ../setup/parmPT856

You see Data Mover log messages tracking the progress.

See Also

PeopleTools: Data Management

Task 6B-5-3: Troubleshooting

If the Database Configuration Wizard did not complete successfully, read this troubleshooting information. If your script has stopped midway (this can happen for a number of reasons) you need to edit the Data Mover script generated automatically by the Database Configuration Wizard and restart Data Mover manually. The Data Mover script files have the extension .dms and are sometimes referred to as "DMS scripts."

The generated Data Mover import script is saved in the *PS_HOME*/scripts directory. The script conforms to the following naming convention:

<dbname>dbx.dms

If the Database Configuration Wizard fails while creating views, clear the cache folder, for example, *USER_HOME*/PS_CACHE, and repeat the database creation.

See the information on startup settings in PeopleSoft Configuration Manager in the *PeopleTools: System and Server Administration* product documentation.

If running a script results in an SQL error, it may be because the PS.PSDBOWNER table contains duplicate rows, an invalid user ID is specified, or the Owner ID column in the PSLOCK table is specified in uppercase or is incorrect. If this is the case fix PS.PSDBOWNER.

To edit and restart the DMS script:

1. Determine the record that was being imported (that is, which IMPORT command was running) when the script stopped, and use the following guidelines to edit and rerun the DMS scripts.

When building a DMO database or a multilingual database, adding the SET START statement can be tricky because the Data Mover script used to load the database will include more than one IMPORT statement. The key is to view the log files and determine which IMPORT section of the script Data Mover failed on.

- If the failure occurred during the first IMPORT statement, add the SET START statement before the first IMPORT *; statement.
- If the failure occurred during a subsequent IMPORT statement, comment out all statements preceding the IMPORT *; statement where the failure occurred and add the SET START statement before the IMPORT *; statement of the section in which the failure occurred.
- *This is very important:* If you see any "unique index constraint" error messages in the "Building required indexes" section, your IMPORT script failed during a subsequent IMPORT but the SET START statement was added to the first IMPORT. In this situation, you can run the Data Mover script in its originally generated form, with only one modification. In the first IMPORT section, change the statement "IMPORT *;" to "REPLACE_DATA *;". This will delete all the data in the tables, and re-import it. This process will take some time to run, and you will need to separately create each of the indexes that failed.
- 2. Start Data Mover by running psdmtx on the command line.

See Running Data Mover.

3. Log on using the Access ID to start Data Mover in *bootstrap mode*.

The input window should display the DMS import script for the database. The script has the format <dbname>dbx.dms.

- 4. If necessary, select File, Open, and browse to the *PS_HOME*/scripts directory to find the appropriate DMS script.
- 5. Add the following line before the offending IMPORT command (the one being executed when the failure occurred):

SET START <RECORD NAME>;

<RECORD NAME> is the name of the record that failed. Make sure to review the Data Mover log file to see where the script failed and locate the last record that imported successfully. The SET START command will begin the Data Mover import at the specified record name.

Note. It is a good idea to change the name of the log file in the script before each attempt at running it. This ensures that you have a separate log file for each attempt, if you run the import more than once.

For example, if the script stops and the table is partially inserted with a message similar to this one:

```
Importing PSPNLFIELD
Rows inserted into PSPNLFIELD
```

3000

First drop the partially inserted table (for example, record) by using the DROP TABLE command, and then restart Data Mover at the record that failed using the SET START command and continue the Data Mover import. This can be done in a single pass.

Add the following lines before the offending IMPORT *; command (the one being executed when the failure occurred):

```
SET START <RECORD NAME>;
DROP TABLE <RECORD NAME>;
```

where <RECORD NAME> is the name of the record that failed. The SET START statement will begin the Data Mover import at the specified <RECORD NAME>.

Example of the original script:

```
REM - PeopleSoft Database - US English
/
SET LOG epengs.log;
SET INPUT epengs.db;
SET COMMIT 30000;
SET NO VIEW;
SET NO SPACE;
SET NO TRACE;
SET UNICODE ON;
IMPORT *;
```

Example of script after modification, with changes in bold font:

```
REM - PeopleSoft Database - US English
/
SET LOG epengs2.log;
SET INPUT epengs.db;
SET COMMIT 30000;
SET NO VIEW;
SET NO SPACE;
SET NO TRACE;
SET UNICODE ON;
SET START PSPNLFIELD;
DROP TABLE PSPNLFIELD;
IMPORT *;
```

For the DROP statement, for records with a recname without a leading PS, add PS_ to the beginning of the recname; otherwise the table will not be found. For example, PS_<RECNAME>.

- 6. To restart the script, use the psdmtx command to execute Data Mover on the command line.
- See Running Data Mover.

Task 6B-5-4: Improving Performance

The following tips can help you save time when running the Data Mover scripts:

- Run Data Mover from the fastest workstation available.
- Run Data Mover on the database server.
- Run only a single instance of Data Mover, and do not have any other applications running during the import.
- In the PeopleSoft Configuration Manager, turn off all trace options.

Tracing during a DMS load will add considerable time to the process.

- Copy the database file over to the workstation so that Data Mover can access it locally instead of over the network.
- Run Data Mover on the database server with the .db or .dat file located locally.

If you are comfortable changing the options available for a DB2/LUW instance and database, you might consider "tuning" the instance and database used for the import. Some of these options are appropriate only during the import, so you may not want to keep them in effect after the import is complete.

Chapter 7

Completing the Database Setup

This chapter discusses:

- Selecting the Necessary Tasks to Complete the Database Setup
- Updating Database to Latest PeopleTools Release
- Running Additional Data Mover Scripts
- Running SQR Reports
- Checking the Database
- Running SETSPACE.SQR

Selecting the Necessary Tasks to Complete the Database Setup

Review each of the tasks in this chapter to determine which are required for your database setup. Depending upon the details of your installation you may not need to complete every task. However, it is important to evaluate the tasks with respect to your specific situation.

Task 7-1: Updating Database to Latest PeopleTools Release

This section discusses:

- Understanding Database Updates
- Cleaning Up Data
- Deleting Object Permission Data
- Deleting Performance Monitor System Default Data
- Creating the PSIMAGE2, PSIMAGE2IDX, and PSIMAG2LOB Tablespaces
- Updating PeopleTools System Tables
- Updating Select PeopleTools Database Objects
- Deleting Select PeopleTools Database Objects
- Updating Select PeopleTools Patch Database Objects
- Merging the PeopleTools Projects
- Altering PeopleTools Tables
- Updating PeopleTools Database Objects
- Deleting Obsolete PeopleTools Database Objects
- Applying Patched PeopleTools Database Objects

- Migrating Records to New Tablespaces
- Updating PeopleTools System Data
- Running PeopleTools Conversions
- Converting Integration Broker
- Running Additional PeopleTools Conversions

Understanding Database Updates

Your PeopleSoft application database may be on a PeopleSoft PeopleTools release prior to the version that you are currently running. For you to be able to sign on to your database after running the Data Mover script to load your database, the PeopleSoft PeopleTools versions for your database and your file server must match. The steps in this task ensure that your PeopleSoft database is in sync with the PeopleSoft PeopleTools version that you are running.

Note. You will use Application Designer for several steps in this portion of the installation. Consult the Application Designer documentation if you have questions.

See PeopleTools: Application Designer Developer's Guide

Note. If you are installing a database delivered on PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56, and you are applying a required for install PeopleSoft PeopleTools patch, skip the steps in this task. Instead, follow the directions in the patch user doc to apply the database changes, and then continue with the install at the task Running Additional Data Mover Scripts. If you are installing an application SYS or DMO database that is not delivered on PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56, please proceed with this task.

This task must be run for any applications where the PeopleSoft PeopleTools version of the database that was shipped is different than the version of PeopleSoft PeopleTools that you are running. To verify the PeopleSoft PeopleTools release for your application database, run this SQL query:

select TOOLSREL from PSSTATUS

If the PeopleTools version is not 8.56, you must run this task. Otherwise, continue to the task Running Additional Data Mover Scripts.

Task 7-1-1: Cleaning Up Data

If your database is delivered on PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.48 or higher, do *not* run this step, and instead, proceed to Deleting Performance Monitor System Default Data. If your database is delivered on PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.47 or earlier, perform this step to clean out obsolete message data.

Warning! Performing this task when updating from PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.48 or later will wipe out current valid data that is needed for your system to function properly.

Message functionality and structure changed as of PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.48 and the old data is obsolete. Edit *PS_HOME*\scripts\ptupgibdel.sql to delete data from the tables that only exist in the old PeopleSoft PeopleTools release. Open the script and make the following modifications, and then run the modified script using your SQL query tool:

- 1. Search for the string "--- End of PT8.<*xx>* ---" where <*xx>* represents the last two digits of the PeopleSoft PeopleTools release you are upgrading from.
- 2. Delete the entire portion of the script below this string.
- 3. Save the script as $\langle PS_HOME \rangle$ scripts \ptupgibdel8 $\langle xx \rangle$.sql where $\langle xx \rangle$ represents the last two digits of the

PeopleSoft PeopleTools release you are upgrading from, as determined in Step 1.

Important! Be sure to save the script using the naming convention shown above. This will preserve the original script for use in updating other databases at different PeopleSoft PeopleTools releases.

4. Using a SQL query tool, run the ptupgibdel8<*xx*>.sql script against your PeopleSoft database.

Task 7-1-2: Deleting Object Permission Data

If your database is delivered on PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.55 or earlier you must run this step. Truncate the PeopleTools table PSAPPDES_OBJ_PERM to ensure the successful completion of your installation. Because a primary key index on this table changed in PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56, the data stored in this table needs to be deleted to ensure that the index can be successfully created later in the installation.

Task 7-1-3: Deleting Performance Monitor System Default Data

If your database is delivered on PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.54 or higher, do *not* run this step, and instead, proceed to Creating the PSIMAGE2, PSIMAGE2IDX, and PSIMAG2LOB Tablespaces. If your database is delivered on PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.45 through 8.53, perform this task to clean out obsolete message data.

Warning! Performing this task when updating from PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.54 or later will wipe out current valid data that is needed for your system to function properly.

Truncate the PeopleTools table PSPMSYSDEFAULTS to ensure the successful completion of your installation. Because a primary key index was added to this table as of PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.54, the data stored in this table needs to be deleted to ensure that the index can be successfully created later in the installation.

Task 7-1-4: Creating the PSIMAGE2, PSIMAGE2IDX, and PSIMAG2LOB Tablespaces

Review the *XX*DDLDMS.SQL (ANSI) or *XX*DDLDMSU.SQL (Unicode) tablespace creation script that was run earlier in the install process (*XX* is a two-letter code for your product line). If the script did not include the creation of the PSIMAGE2, PSIMAGE2IDX, and PSIMAG2LOB tablespaces, create them now.

Work with your database administrator (DBA) to review, edit, and then run the ptddlupg.sql (ANSI) or ptddlupgu.sql (Unicode) script to create these tablespaces and any other missing tablespaces before continuing with the installation.

See Also

"Creating a Database Manually on Microsoft Windows or UNIX," Editing Database Scripts

Task 7-1-5: Updating PeopleTools System Tables

Run SQL scripts to update your PeopleSoft PeopleTools system tables to the latest PeopleSoft PeopleTools release (currently 8.56).

Use a query tool, such as the DB2 Command Center, to run SQL scripts while in the PeopleSoft database.

This procedure also includes steps to run Data Mover scripts. Depending upon the step, you run Data Mover in "bootstrap mode" or in "user mode."

See the section Checking the Log Files and Troubleshooting, Running Data Mover in the chapters on creating a database using the Database Configuration Wizard, or creating a database manually.

To update your PeopleSoft PeopleTools system tables:

1. Run the appropriate SQL scripts for your application version.

The following scripts are found in the *PS_HOME*\scripts directory.

Use the scripts in the following table for non-Unicode databases:

Application Database Version	Required Scripts for Non-Unicode Databases
8.40	rel841, rel842, rel843, rel844, rel845, rel846, rel847, rel848, rel849, rel850, rel851, rel852, rel853, rel854, rel855, and rel856
8.41	rel842, rel843, rel844, rel845, rel846, rel847, rel848, rel849, rel850, rel851, rel852, rel853, rel854, rel855, and rel856
8.42	rel843, rel844, rel845, rel846, rel847, rel848, rel849, rel850, rel851, rel852, rel853, rel854, rel855, and rel856
8.43	rel844, rel845, rel846, rel847, rel848, rel849, rel850, rel851, rel852, rel853, rel854, rel855, and rel856
8.44	rel845, rel846, rel847, rel848, rel849, rel850, rel851, rel852, rel853, rel854, rel855, and rel856
8.45	rel846, rel847, rel848, rel849, rel850, rel851, rel852, rel853, rel854, rel855, and rel856
8.46	rel847, rel848, rel849, rel850, rel851, rel852, rel853, rel854, rel855, and rel856
8.47	rel848, rel849, rel850, rel851, rel852, rel853, rel854, rel855, and rel856
8.48	rel849, rel850, rel851, rel852, rel853, rel854, rel855, and rel856
8.49	rel850, rel851, rel852, rel853, rel854, rel855, and rel856
8.50	rel851, rel852, rel853, rel854, rel855, and rel856
8.51	rel852, rel853, rel854, and rel855, and rel856
8.52	rel853, rel854, rel855, and rel856
8.53	rel854, rel855, and rel856
8.54	rel855 and rel856
8.55	rel856
8.56	None

Use the scripts in the following table for Unicode databases:

Application Database Version	Required Scripts for Unicode Databases
------------------------------	--

Application Database Version	Required Scripts for Unicode Databases
8.40	rel841u, rel842u, rel843u, rel844u, rel845u, rel846u, rel847u, rel848u, rel849u, rel850u, rel851u, rel852u, rel853u, rel854u, rel855u, and rel856u
8.41	rel842u, rel843u, rel844u, rel845u, rel846u, rel847u, rel848u, rel849u, rel850u, rel851u, rel852u, rel853u, rel854u, rel855u, and rel856u
8.42	rel843u, rel844u, rel845u, rel846u, rel847u, rel848u, rel849u, rel850u, rel851u, rel852u, rel853u, rel854u, rel855u, and rel856u
8.43	rel844u, rel845u, rel846u, rel847u, rel848u, rel849u, rel850u, rel851u, rel852u, rel853u, rel854u, rel855u, and rel856u
8.44	rel845u, rel846u, rel847u, rel848u, rel849u, rel850u, rel851u, rel852u, rel853u, rel854u, rel855u, and rel856u
8.45	rel846u, rel847u, rel848u, rel849u, rel850u, rel851u, rel852u, rel853u, rel854u, rel855u, and rel856u
8.46	rel847u, rel848u, rel849u, rel850u, rel851u, rel852u, rel853u, rel854u, rel855u, and rel856u
8.47	rel848u, rel849u, rel850u, rel851u, rel852u, rel853u, rel854u, rel855u, and rel856u
8.48	rel849u, rel850u, rel851u, rel852u, rel853u, rel854u, rel855u, and rel856u
8.49	rel850u, rel851u, rel852u, rel853u, rel854u, rel855u, and rel856u
8.50	rel851u, rel852u, rel853u, rel854u, rel855u, and rel856u
8.51	rel852u, rel853u, rel854u, rel855u, and rel856u
8.52	rel853u, rel854u, rel855u, and rel856u
8.53	rel854u, rel855u, and rel856u
8.54	rel855u and rel856u
8.55	rel856u
8.56	None

2. If the application database version you are installing is either 8.42 or 8.43, run the following SQL command: DROP TABLE PS_PSMCFQUEUESLANG

Note. PS_PSMCFQUEUESLANG may not exist in some 8.43 application databases. Do *not* drop the table PSMCFQUEUESLANG.

3. If the application database you are installing is 8.45 or lower, run the following SQL command:

DROP TABLE PSOPTSTATUS

4. If the application database you are installing is 8.53, run the following SQL commands:

DROP TABLE PS_PTIACPTMPLTDEFN; DROP TABLE PS_PTIACPTMPLTSTEP;

- 5. Edit and run the grant.sql script in the *PS_HOME*\scripts directory. This will grant permissions to the Connect ID.
- 6. If the application database you are installing is 8.54 or lower, invoke Data Mover in bootstrap mode, and run the encrypt.dms Data Mover script in the *PS_HOME*\scripts directory.

This will encrypt the operator passwords in your database.

7. With Data Mover still in bootstrap mode, run the msgtlsupg.dms Data Mover script in the *PS_HOME*\scripts directory.

This will update the PeopleSoft PeopleTools messages in your database.

- 8. If you are applying a required for install PeopleSoft PeopleTools patch, invoke Data Mover in user mode and run *PS_HOME*\scripts\PTPATCH.DMS.
- 9. With Data Mover still in user mode, run the storeddl.dms Data Mover script in the *PS_HOME*\scripts directory.

Note. Comment out the other platform-specific scripts according to your platform.

This will update your platform-specific DDL model statements.

Task 7-1-6: Updating Select PeopleTools Database Objects

To update PeopleSoft PeopleTools database objects to the current release you must be in Application Designer. The Copy from File functionality lets you update your PeopleSoft PeopleTools database objects from a file. You must perform this step to bring the database objects in sync with the PeopleSoft PeopleTools release. Failure to run this step will introduce problems to your environment.

To update PeopleSoft PeopleTools database objects:

- 1. Launch Application Designer and sign on to your database with a valid PeopleSoft user ID.
- 2. Select Tools, Copy Project, From File.

3. In the resulting dialog box, change the import directory to *PS_HOME*\projects, select PPLTLS84CUR from the list of projects and click the Select button.

Note. If the project already exists on the database, a confirmation dialog box appears asking if you want to overwrite the existing project. Select the File radio button and click OK to overwrite the existing project.

Copy From File :	Select Project			? ×
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My Recent Documents Desktop My Documents My Computer	BOETOCR CRTOBOE CUBE_DEMO_PROJ MOBILE_DEMO_PROJ PPLTLS84CUR PPLTLS84CURDEL PPLTLS84CURML PPLTLS8L PPLTLS8L PPLTLSML			
My Network Places	File name:		•	Open Cancel
Select Project fro BOETOCR CRTOBOE CUBE_DEMO_ mobile PPLTLS84CUF PPLTLS84CUF	RDEL	Select		

Selecting Project PPLTLS84CUR in the Copy From File dialog box

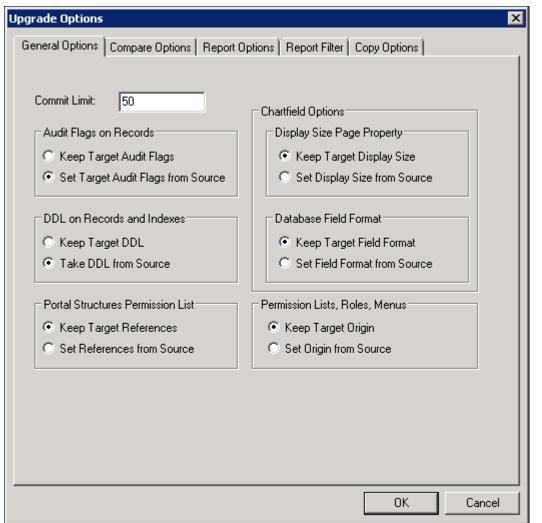
4. The Copy From File dialog box appears.

Select *only* the first three object types (Records, Fields, and Indexes) in the Definition Type(s) field and then click Options.

Do not select any other object types.

5. On the Upgrade Options dialog box, select the General Options tab.

Make sure that the Keep Target Origin option is selected, as shown in this example, and click OK.



Upgrade Options dialog box: General Options page

6. On the Copy from File dialog box, click the Copy button.

When the progress window disappears, the project has been copied.

If you see the following types of messages in the output window do not worry; they are acceptable because the field label properties were copied with the object definition:

- Definition Name: OPERPSWD.OPERPSWD not copied, entire definition already copied (62,32).
- Definition Name: OPRID.NEW not copied, entire definition already copied (62,32).

Task 7-1-7: Deleting Select PeopleTools Database Objects

This process removes obsolete PeopleSoft PeopleTools records, fields, and indexes from your database. To update PeopleSoft PeopleTools database objects to the current release you must be in Application Designer. You will use the Copy from File functionality to delete the obsolete objects from the database.

The copy process detects whether any deleted fields are in use on other objects, such as records. You may see the following kind of warning during the copy:

Field <FIELDNAME> is in use on at least one record.

You must clean up any objects that reference the deleted field(s) after the upgrade. While PeopleTools has deleted the field as part of the new release, you may still have objects that reference this deleted field. After fixing any objects that reference this field, delete the field from your system.

To delete obsolete PeopleSoft PeopleTools database objects:

- 1. Launch Application Designer and sign on to your database with a valid PeopleSoft user ID.
- 2. Select Tools, Copy Project, From File.
- 3. In the resulting dialog box, change the import directory to *PS_HOME*\projects, select PPLTLS84CURDEL from the list of projects and click Select.

Note. If the project already exists on the database, a confirmation dialog box appears asking if you want to overwrite the existing project. Select the File radio button and click OK to overwrite the existing project.

Copy From File : 9	Select Project				? ×
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My Recent Documents Desktop My Documents My Computer	BOETOCR CRTOBOE CUBE_DEMO_PRO MOBILE_DEMO_F PPLTLS84CUR PPLTLS84CURDEL PPLTLS84CURML PPLTLS8L PPLTLSML PT84TBLSPC	ROJ			
My Network Places	File name:			•	Open Cancel
Select Project fro BOETOCR CRTOBOE CUBE_DEMO_ mobile PPLTLS84CUF PPLTLS84CUF	R RDEL	2	Select		

Selecting Project PPLTLS84CURDEL in the Copy From File dialog box

4. The Copy From File dialog box appears.

Select *only* the first three object types (Records, Fields, and Indexes) in the Definition Type(s) field, and then click Options.

Do not select any other object types.

Note. If you have a multilingual database, do not change the languages that are selected by default.

5. On the Copy from File dialog box, click Copy.

When the progress dialog box disappears, the project has been copied.

Task 7-1-8: Updating Select PeopleTools Patch Database Objects

If you are applying a required for install PeopleSoft PeopleTools patch and *if a database project is included as part of the patch*, apply the database project now. Make sure to read the patch release notes to find out if database changes are in the patch.

To update patched PeopleSoft PeopleTools database objects to the current release you must be in Application Designer. The Copy from File functionality lets you update your PeopleSoft PeopleTools database objects from a file. You must perform this step to bring the database objects in sync with the PeopleSoft PeopleTools patch release. Failure to run this step will introduce problems to your environment.

To apply patched PeopleSoft PeopleTools database objects:

- 1. Launch Application Designer and sign on to your database with a valid PeopleSoft user ID.
- 2. Select Tools, Copy Project, From File.
- 3. On the Copy From File dialog box, change the import directory to *PS_HOME*\projects, select the patch project from the list of projects and click the Select button.
- 4. Follow the patch instructions to select the correct copy options.

Select only records, fields, and indexes object types.

5. On the Copy From File dialog box, click Copy.

When the progress window disappears, the project has been copied.

Task 7-1-9: Merging the PeopleTools Projects

In this task, you will merge the PPLTLS84CUR and PATCH856 projects definitions so that the PPLTLS84CUR project definition is updated with any new records that might have been delivered in the PeopleTools Patch.

To merge project definitions:

- 1. Launch Application Designer and sign on to your database with a valid PeopleSoft user ID.
- 2. Select File, Open.

The Open Definition dialog box opens.

- 3. Select Project from the Definition drop-down list, enter PPLTLS84CUR in the name dialog box, and click OK.
- 4. Select File, Merge Projects.
- 5. Enter PATCH856 in the Name dialog box, and press ENTER.
- 6. Select the PATCH856 project in the lower window and click Insert.
- 7. Click Close.

Task 7-1-10: Altering PeopleTools Tables

Use the ALTER AUDIT process in this step to check whether the PeopleSoft PeopleTools tables are synchronized with the underlying SQL data tables in your database. This step uses a delivered project to compare the data structures of your database tables with the PeopleSoft PeopleTools tables to uncover inconsistencies. The ALTER AUDIT process then reports its findings. At this point in the installation, we expect to see differences between the database structure and the PeopleSoft PeopleTools tables. You will generate and run a SQL script to synchronize the PeopleSoft PeopleTools table definitions with the underlying tables in your database.

To alter PeopleSoft PeopleTools tables:

- 1. Launch Application Designer with a valid PeopleSoft user ID and sign on to the installed database.
- 2. Select File, Open.

The Open Definition dialog box opens.

- 3. Select *Project* from the Definition drop-down list, enter *PPLTLS84CUR* in the name dialog box, and click OK.
- 4. Select Build, Project.

The Build dialog box appears:

Build	×
Build Scope	Build Cancel Settings Build Options ✓ Create I ables ✓ Create Indexes Create Views ✓ Alter Tables ✓ Create Trigger Build Execute Options ⑥ Build script file ○ Execute SQL now ○ Execute and build script

The Build dialog box with selections for altering tables

- 5. Select Create Tables and Alter Tables in the Build Options region as shown in the example above (Create Indexes and Create Trigger will automatically be selected).
- 6. Select Build script file in the Build Execute Options region.

7. Click Settings.

The Build Settings dialog box appears:

Build Settings	×
Create Alter Logging Scripts	
Comments Write Alter <u>c</u> omments to script Script File Options Output to single file Output to <u>s</u> eparate files Script File Names	Script File Save as Unicode File Overwrite Options Always overwrite Prompt for each overwrite
	OK Cancel

Build Settings dialog box: Scripts tab

- 8. Select the Scripts tab.
- 9. Select Write Alter comments to script.

10. Select the Alter tab and ensure that the Adds, Changes, Renames, and Deletes check boxes are selected in the Alter Any region.

The check box Drop column if data present should be selected in the Drop Column Options region, and the option Truncate data if field too short should be selected in the Change Column Length Options region.

Make sure that the option Alter by Table Rename is selected in the Alter Table Options region.

Build Settings	X
Create Alter Logging Scripts Drop Column Options Trop Column if data present	Alter Any
 Skip record if data present Change Column Length Options Truncate data if field too short Skip record if field too short 	 Changes Renames Deletes Alter even if no changes. Alter Table Options Alter in Place Alter by Table Rename
	OK Cancel

Build Settings Dialog Box: Alter tab

11. Select the Create tab and ensure that the options Skip table if it already exists, Recreate view if it already exists, and Recreate index only if modified options are selected.

Build Settings		×
Create Alter Logging Scripts		
 Table Creation Options Recreate table if it already exists Skip table if it already exists 		
View Creation Options		
Recreate view if it already exists		
Skip view if it already exists		
Index Creation Options		
C Recreate index if it already exists		
Recreate index only if modified		
	ОК	Cancel

Build Settings dialog box: Create tab

12. Click OK.

The Build dialog box reappears.

- 13. Click Build.
- 14. Click Close when the process is completed.
- 15. Edit the generated SQL script for the correct tablespace names and sizing parameters if you are not using delivered PeopleSoft Tablespace names.
- 16. Run the generated SQL script in your platform-specific query tool to bring your database structure in sync with the PeopleSoft PeopleTools tables.

Task 7-1-11: Updating PeopleTools Database Objects

To update PeopleSoft PeopleTools database objects to the current release you must be in Application Designer. The Copy from File functionality lets you update your PeopleSoft PeopleTools database objects from a file. You must perform this step to bring the database objects in sync with the PeopleSoft PeopleTools release. Failure to run this step will introduce problems to your environment.

To update PeopleSoft PeopleTools database objects:

- 1. Launch Application Designer and sign on to your database with a valid PeopleSoft user ID.
- 2. Select Tools, Copy Project, From File.

3. In the resulting dialog box, change the import directory to *PS_HOME*\projects, select PPLTLS84CUR from the list of projects and click the Select button.

Note. If the project already exists on the database, a confirmation dialog box appears asking if you want to overwrite the existing project. Select the File radio button and click OK to overwrite the existing project.

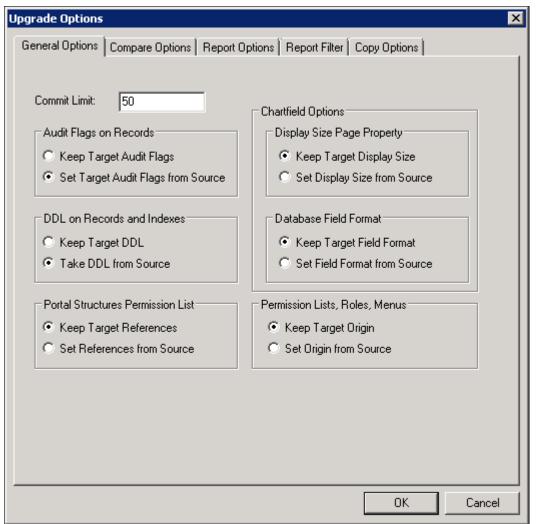
Copy From File :	Select Project			? ×
Look in:	C PROJECTS	•	G 🤌 📂 🖽	•
My Recent Documents Desktop My Documents My Computer	BOETOCR CRTOBOE CUBE_DEMO_PROJ MOBILE_DEMO_PROJ PPLTLS84CUR PPLTLS84CURDEL PPLTLS84CURML PPLTLS84CURML PPLTLSML PT84TBLSPC			
My Network Places	File name:		•	Open Cancel
Select Project fm BOETOCR CRTOBOE CUBE_DEMO_ mobile PPLTLS84CUF PPLTLS84CUF	R	▲ ▲ ▼ _ S	elect	

Selecting Project PPLTLS84CUR in the Copy From File dialog box

4. The Copy From File dialog box appears.

Clear (deselect) the first three object types (Records, Fields, and Indexes) in the Definitions Type(s) field. Ensure that all of the remaining object types are selected, and then click Options. 5. On the Upgrade Options dialog box, select the General Options tab.

Make sure that the Keep Target Origin option is selected, as shown in this example, and click OK.



Upgrade Options dialog box: General Options page

6. On the Copy from File dialog box, click the Copy button.

When the progress window disappears, the project has been copied.

If you see the following types of messages in the output window do not worry; they are acceptable because the field label properties were copied with the object definition:

- Definition Name: OPERPSWD.OPERPSWD not copied, entire definition already copied (62,32).
- Definition Name: OPRID.NEW not copied, entire definition already copied (62,32).

Task 7-1-12: Deleting Obsolete PeopleTools Database Objects

This process removes obsolete PeopleSoft PeopleTools objects from your database. To update PeopleSoft PeopleTools database objects to the current release you must be in Application Designer. You will use the Copy from File functionality to delete the obsolete objects from the database.

The copy process detects whether any deleted fields are in use on other objects, such as records. You may see the following kind of warning during the copy:

Field <FIELDNAME> is in use on at least one record.

You must clean up any objects that reference the deleted field(s) after the upgrade. While PeopleTools has deleted the field as part of the new release, you may still have objects that reference this deleted field. After fixing any objects that reference this field, delete the field from your system.

To delete obsolete PeopleSoft PeopleTools database objects:

- 1. Launch Application Designer and sign on to your database with a valid PeopleSoft user ID.
- 2. Select Tools, Copy Project, From File.
- 3. In the resulting dialog box, change the import directory to *PS_HOME*\projects, select PPLTLS84CURDEL from the list of projects and click Select.

Note. If the project already exists on the database, a confirmation dialog box appears asking if you want to overwrite the existing project. Select the File radio button and click OK to overwrite the existing project.

Copy From File : !	Select Project				? ×
Look in:	C PROJECTS		- 6	Þ 📂 🖽 -	
My Recent Documents Desktop My Documents My Computer	BOETOCR CRTOBOE CUBE_DEMO_PR MOBILE_DEMO_PR PPLTLS84CUR PPLTLS84CURDE PPLTLS84CURML PPLTLS84CURML PPLTLSML PPLTLSML PT84TBLSPC	PROJ			
My Network Places	File name:			•	Open Cancel
Select Project fm BOETOCR CRTOBOE CUBE_DEMO_ mobile PPLTLS84CUF PPLTLS84CUF	- R RDEL		Select]	

Selecting Project PPLTLS84CURDEL in the Copy From File dialog box

4. The Copy From File dialog box appears.

Clear (deselect) the first three object types (Records, Fields, and Indexes) in the Definitions Type(s) field.

Ensure that all of the remaining object types are selected, and then click Options.

Note. If you have a multilingual database, do not change the languages that are selected by default.

5. On the Upgrade Options dialog box, select the General Options tab and make sure that the Keep Target Origin option is selected.

Click OK.

6. On the Copy from File dialog box, click the Copy button.

When the progress dialog box disappears, the project has been copied.

Task 7-1-13: Applying Patched PeopleTools Database Objects

If you are applying a required for install PeopleSoft PeopleTools patch and *if a database project is included as part of the patch*, apply the database project now. Make sure to read the patch release notes to find out if database changes are in the patch.

To update patched PeopleSoft PeopleTools database objects to the current release you must be in Application Designer. The Copy from File functionality lets you update your PeopleSoft PeopleTools database objects from a file. You must perform this step to bring the database objects in sync with the PeopleSoft PeopleTools patch release. Failure to run this step will introduce problems to your environment.

To apply patched PeopleSoft PeopleTools database objects:

- 1. Launch Application Designer and sign on to your database with a valid PeopleSoft user ID.
- 2. Select Tools, Copy Project, From File.
- 3. On the Copy From File dialog box, change the import directory to *PS_HOME*\projects, select the patch project from the list of projects and click the Select button.
- 4. Follow the patch instructions to select the correct copy options.

Clear (deselect) the first three object types (Records, Fields, and Indexes). Ensure that all of the remaining object types are selected, and then click Options.

- 5. On the Upgrade Options dialog box, select the General Options tab.
- 6. Select the Keep Target Origin option, and click OK.
- 7. On the Copy From File dialog box, click Copy.

When the progress window disappears, the project has been copied.

Task 7-1-14: Migrating Records to New Tablespaces

This section discusses:

- Copying the Tablespace Record Project
- Running Alter Tools Tables

Copying the Tablespace Record Project

In every PeopleSoft PeopleTools release, Oracle moves some delivered tables to different tablespaces. You must run this step to move the tables.

To copy the Tablespace Record project:

- 1. Launch Application Designer and sign on to your database with a valid PeopleSoft user ID.
- 2. Select Tools, Copy Project, From File.
- 3. In the resulting dialog box, change the import directory to *PS_HOME*\projects, select PT84TBLSPC from the list of projects, and click Select.

Note. If the project already exists on the database, a confirmation dialog box appears asking if you want to overwrite the existing project. Select the File radio button and click OK to overwrite the existing project.

Copy From File : 9	elect Project					? ×
Look in:	C PROJECTS		•	G 💋	۳. 🔁	
My Recent Documents Desktop My Documents My Computer	BOETOCR CRTOBOE CUBE_DEMO_PR MOBILE_DEMO_ PPLTLS84CUR PPLTLS84CURDE PPLTLS84CURML PPLTLS84CURML PPLTLSML PT84TBLSPC	PROJ				
My Network Places	File name:				•	Open Cancel
Select Project fro CUBE_DEMO_ mobile PPLTLS84CUF PPLTLS84CUF PPLTLS84CUF PPLTLS84CUF PPLTLSML PT84TBLSPC	I IDEL		▲ ↓S	elect		

Selecting Project PT84TBLSPC in the Copy From File dialog box

4. The Copy From File dialog box appears.

Select all object types and click the Options button.

Copy From File			×
PeopleTools Release:	8.56	Definition Type(s):	
Source File Name:	PT84TBLSPC	Records	Сору
Application Release:	PeopleTools 8.56.000		Cancel
Service Pack:	0		
Target			Options
Database Name:	PT856TM1		Select All
Service Pack:	PeopleTools 8.56.000 0		Deselect All
Jeivice Fack.			Deselect All
Compile Pre-Request Compile PeopleCo			
Import Directory	\PS_HOME\PROJECTS]	

The Copy From File dialog box showing that PT84TBLSPC will be copied

5. On the Upgrade Options dialog box, select the General Options tab and make sure that the Take DDL from Source and Keep Target Origin options are selected.



Upgrade Options	×			
General Options Compare Options Report Options Report Filter Copy Options				
	1			
Commit Limit: 50 Audit Flags on Records • Keep Target Audit Flags • Set Target Audit Flags from Source	Chartfield Options Display Size Page Property			
DDL on Records and Indexes C Keep Target DDL Take DDL from Source	 Database Field Format Keep Target Field Format Set Field Format from Source 			
Portal Structures Permission List	Permission Lists, Roles, Menus			
Keep Target References	Keep Target Origin			
C Set References from Source	O Set Origin from Source			
	OK Cancel			

Upgrade Options dialog box: General Options tab

On the Copy From File dialog box, click the Copy button.
 When the progress dialog box disappears, the project has been copied.

Running Alter Tools Tables

To run Alter Tools tables:

- 1. Launch Application Designer and sign on to your database with a valid PeopleSoft user ID.
- 2. From the Application Designer, select File, Open.
- 3. Select *Project* from the Definition drop-down list, enter *PT84TBLSPC* in the name dialog box, and click OK.

4. Select Build, Project.

The Build dialog box appears:

Build	×
Build Scope	Build
ACCESS_GRP_LANG AELOCKMGR AERUNCONTROL	Cancel
AERUNCONTROLPC AETEMPTBLMGR	Settings
APPR_HDR_LNG	Build Options
MC_DEFN_LANG	Create Tables
MC_TEM_LANG	Create Indexes
MCFAGNTMSG_LANG	Create Views
MCFEM_MAIL_DSCR	✓ Alter Tables
MCFEM_MAIL_MAIN MCFEM_MAIL_PART	Create Trigger
MCFSYSMSG_LANG MESSAGE_LOG	Build Execute Options
PRCSDEFNLANG	Build script file
PSACTIVITYLANG PSBCDEFNLANG	C Execute SQL now
PSBUSPITEMLANG PSBUSPROCLANG	C Execute and build script

The Build dialog box

- 5. Select Alter Tables in the Build Options region as shown in the example above (Create Indexes and Create Trigger will automatically be selected).
- 6. Select Build script file in the Build Execute Options region.

7. Click Settings.

The Build Settings dialog box appears:

Build Settings	×
Create Alter Logging Scripts	
Comments Write Alter <u>c</u> omments to script Script File Options Output to single file Output to <u>s</u> eparate files Script File Names	Script File Save as Unicode File Overwrite Options Always over <u>w</u> rite Prompt for each overwrite
	OK Cancel

Build Settings dialog box: Scripts tab

- 8. Select the Scripts tab.
- 9. Select Write Alter comments to script.

10. Select the Alter tab and ensure that the Adds, Changes, Renames, and Deletes check boxes are selected in the Alter Any region, and that the Alter even if no changes check box has been selected.

Drop column if data present should be selected in the Drop Column Options region, and Truncate data if field too short should be selected in the Change Column Length Options region.

Build Settings	×
Build Settings Create Alter Logging Scripts Drop Column Options <u>D</u>rop column if data present <u>Skip record if data present</u> Change Column Length Options Truncate data if field too short <u>Skip record if field too short</u> 	 Alter Any ✓ Adds ✓ Changes ✓ Renames ✓ Deletes ✓ Alter even if no changes: Alter Table Options C Alter in Place ④ Alter by Table Rename
	OK Cancel

Build Settings dialog box: Alter tab

11. Click OK.

The Build dialog box reappears.

- 12. Click Build.
- 13. Click Close when the process is completed.
- 14. Edit the generated SQL script for the correct tablespace names and sizing parameters if you are not using delivered PeopleSoft tablespace names.
- 15. Run the generated SQL script in your platform-specific query tool move the tables to the correct tablespaces.

Task 7-1-15: Updating PeopleTools System Data

Data Mover scripts that update PeopleSoft PeopleTools system data are run to enable new features and load new messages for the PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56 release. Several of the scripts that you need to run are dependent upon the version of the application you are running.

See Understanding Database Updates.

To update PeopleSoft PeopleTools system data:

1. Invoke Data Mover by running *PS_HOME*\bin\client\winx86\psdmt.exe.

The PeopleSoft Logon window appears.

2. Log on using the access ID you specified when you created your Data Mover scripts with the Database Setup program.

This will start Data Mover in bootstrap mode.

3. Run the appropriate Data Mover scripts for your application database version.

The application database version refers to the version before you started this step. Be sure to run the scripts in the order listed. The scripts are found in the *PS_HOME*\scripts directory:

Application Database Version	Scripts to Run
8.40	pt841tls, pt842tls, pt843tls, pt844tls, pt845tls, pt846tls, pt847tls, pt848tls, pt849tls, pt850tls, pt851tls, pt852tls, pt853tls, pt854tls, pt855tls, and pt856tls
8.41	pt842tls, pt843tls, pt844tls, pt845tls, pt846tls, pt847tls, pt848tls, pt849tls, pt850tls, pt851tls, pt852tls, pt853tls, pt854tls, pt855tls, and pt856tls
8.42	pt843tls, pt844tls, pt845tls, pt846tls, pt847tls, pt848tls, pt849tls, pt850tls, pt851tls, pt852tls, pt853tls, pt854tls, pt855tls, and pt856tls
8.43	pt844tls, pt845tls, pt846tls, pt847tls, pt848tls, pt849tls, pt850tls, pt851tls, pt852tls, pt853tls, pt854tls, pt855tls, and pt856tls
8.44	pt845tls, pt846tls, pt847tls, pt848tls, pt849tls, pt850tls, pt851tls, pt852tls, pt853tls, pt854tls, pt855tls, and pt856tls
8.45	pt846tls, pt847tls, pt848tls, pt849tls, pt850tls, pt851tls, pt852tls, pt853tls, pt854tls, pt855tls, and pt856tls
8.46	pt847tls, pt848tls, pt849tls, pt850tls, pt851tls, pt852tls, pt853tls, pt854tls, pt855tls, and pt856tls
8.47	pt848tls, pt849tls, pt850tls, pt851tls, pt852tls, pt853tls, pt854tls, pt855tls, and pt856tls
8.48	pt849tls, pt850tls, pt851tls, pt852tls, pt853tls, pt854tls, pt855tls, and pt856tls
8.49	pt850tls, pt851tls, pt852tls, pt853tls, pt854tls, pt855tls, and pt856tls
8.50	pt851tls, pt852tls, pt853tls, pt854tls, pt855tls, and pt856tls
8.51	pt852tls, pt853tls, pt854tls, pt855tls, and pt856tls
8.52	pt853tls, pt854tls, pt855tls, and pt856tls
8.53	pt854tls, pt855tls, and pt856tls
8.54	pt855tls and pt856tls
8.55	pt856tls

Application Database Version	Scripts to Run
8.56	None

4. Run the pslanguages.dms Data Mover script in the *PS_HOME*\scripts directory.

This script loads language-specific seed data.

5. Run the tlsupgnoncomp.dms Data Mover script in the *PS_HOME*\scripts directory.

This will import the updated PeopleSoft PeopleTools Trees, Roles, and Access Groups into your database.

6. If you are a Multilingual customer, from the Data Mover script that was created for your PeopleSoft database installation, find the UPDATE to PSLANGUAGES.

The statement should look similar to the following, where *xxx* is one of the PeopleSoft three-letter language code identifiers, as described earlier:

UPDATE PSLANGUAGES SET INSTALLED=1 WHERE LANGUAGE_CD = 'xxx';

See "Preparing for Installation," Planning Multilingual Strategy.

Run the SQL command identified above using your SQL tool.

- 7. Open Data Mover using a valid PeopleSoft Operator ID, such as PS for Human Capital Management or VP1 for Financials/Supply Chain Management.
- 8. If you are a Multilingual customer and are using non-English languages, run the ptxxx.dms scripts in the *PS_HOME*\scripts directory.

This will update the language-specific PeopleSoft PeopleTools system data in your database.

Note. The portion of the script name *xxx* is equivalent to the language code (that is, FRA, CFR, GER, JPN, and so on) of the non-English languages you have installed. There will be a Data Mover script for each non-English language.

9. Run the msgtleng.dms Data Mover Script in the *PS_HOME*\scripts directory.

Non-English message data was loaded in the ptxxx.dms scripts. This will update the messages in your database.

10. Run the ptstreng.dms Data Mover script in the *PS_HOME*\scripts directory.

Non-English system data was loaded in the ptxxx.dms scripts. This will update the SQR strings in your database.

11. Run the storept.dms Data Mover script in the *PS_HOME*\src\cbl\base directory.

This will update your PeopleSoft PeopleTools COBOL stored statements.

12. Run the ptdefnsec.dms Data Mover script in the *PS_HOME*\scripts directory.

This will update the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Definition Security group.

13. If the application database you are installing is PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.53 or later, you must compile all directive PeopleCode in your database. Execute the following command on your database to run PeopleSoft Application Designer in quiet mode. From the DOS command line, the syntax is:

<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\pside.exe -CT DB2UNIX -cD <dbname> -CS⇒ <database server name> -CO <oprid> -CP <pswd> -SS NO -QUIET -HIDE -⇒ CMPDIRPC -LF <full path of log file>

14. Run the createvw.dms Data Mover script in the PS_HOME\scripts directory.

This will recreate all the views in your database.

Task 7-1-16: Running PeopleTools Conversions

This section discusses:

- Understanding Usage of Application Engine Programs
- Converting Portal Objects
- Converting Setup Manager
- Converting Navigation Collection and Pagelet Wizard Data
- Converting Additional Pagelet Wizard Data
- Populating the Feed Options Table
- Updating Feeds for Active Data Guard
- Updating Web Profiles
- Updating Chart and Grid Filters
- Populating the Hash Values
- Migrating the Authorization Configuration Data
- Populating BI Publisher Templates with Object Owner ID Values
- Creating the NavBar and Adding Default Tiles
- Populating the DB-Cache Lock Table

Understanding Usage of Application Engine Programs

You run several Application Engine programs in this section. For information on Application Engine, including how to use and restart Application Engine programs, consult the Application Engine documentation.

See PeopleTools: Application Engine.

Converting Portal Objects

Perform this step if the application database you are installing is PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.43 or earlier. The Application Engine program UPG844PORTAL splits PSPRSMDEFN.PORTAL_URLTEXT into segments. This is performed for PeopleSoft Components URLs to extract Menu, Component, and Market information. Record, Field, Event, and Function Names are extracted from Iscript URLs. This program must be run by a PeopleSoft user with the Portal Administrator or PeopleSoft Administrator role. The following SQL will identify which users have the PeopleSoft Administrator or Portal Administrator roles:

select ROLEUSER, ROLENAME from PSROLEUSER where ROLENAME in ('PeopleSoft⇒ Administrator', 'Portal Administrator')

Run the UPG844PORTAL Application Engine program on your database. From the DOS command line, the syntax is:

<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -CP⇒ <pswd> -R INSTALL -AI UPG844PORTAL

Use the values for the database name and user ID that you entered on the startup tab of the Configuration Manager for <dbname> and <oprid>, respectively. However, be aware that <pswd> is not the same as the connect password that you entered on the Configuration Manager startup tab. Enter a value for <pswd> that is the password you want to be associated with the <oprid>.

See "Setting Up the Install Workstation."

You may see some of the following errors when running this Application Engine program:

• Not authorized CRef: <Portal Object Name> (95,5032).

This means that you do not have proper privileges to run this conversion. The user ID that you are using to run this conversion needs to have Portal Administrator permissions.

 Security synchronization failed for Portal Object: <Portal Object Name> (96,61).

This is not a fatal error. It may be caused by a content reference that contains invalid URL text and indicates that there was an internal error writing to the security table. The invalid URL text may be pointing to a component or script that does not exist in the database. If you receive this error, search the Patches and Downloads section of My Oracle Support for Required at Install patches for your application and apply the patches after installing your database.

• Cref <Portal Object Name> points to Menu: <Menu Name>, Component <Component Name> which doesn't exist. (96,80).

The content reference is pointing to an invalid Menu/Component combination. If you receive this error, search the Patches and Updates section of My Oracle Support for Required at Install patches for your application and apply the patches after installing your database.

See "Preparing for Installation," Reviewing Patches and Updates Required at Installation.

See PeopleTools: Portal Technology.

Converting Setup Manager

Perform this step if the application database you are installing is PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.45 or earlier. The application engine program UPGPTSMDAT upgrades Setup Manager Version 1 (shipped with Fin SCM 8.8, CRM 8.9, and with HCM 8.9) to Setup Manager Version 2 (shipped with PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.46 and above). The program moves all data from Setup Manager Version 1 tables to Version 2 tables.

The application engine program was designed so that it can be run in any database, and can be rerun in the same database. In either case, it will determine if there is data to convert and run as appropriate. For detailed information, see comments attached to the Steps and Actions in this Application Engine Program within Application Designer. This program must be run by a PeopleSoft user with PeopleSoft Administrator role.

Run the UPGPTSMDAT Application Engine program on your database. From the DOS command line, the syntax is:

```
<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -CP⇒ <pswd> -R INSTALL -AI UPGPTSMDAT
```

Converting Navigation Collection and Pagelet Wizard Data

Perform this step if the application database you are installing is PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.45 or earlier. The application engine program UPGPT846PP adds Navigation Collection and Pagelet Wizard data from the Common Components and PeopleSoft Applications Portal storage tables into PeopleSoft PeopleTools tables.

The application engine program performs the following conversions:

- 1. Moves data from Common Components tables to PeopleSoft PeopleTools tables.
- 2. Moves data from PeopleSoft Applications Portal tables to PeopleSoft PeopleTools tables.
- 3. Updates the registry definitions to enable displaying Navigation pages.
- 4. Adds, updates, and deletes the Navigation Collections folders and content references in the portal registry to the new structures.
- 5. Converts Pagelet Wizard definitions to the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Pagelet Wizard version.
- 6. Renames Navigation Collection and Pagelet Wizard portal registry attributes to the PeopleSoft PeopleTools attribute names.

This program must be run by a PeopleSoft user with the Portal Administrator or PeopleSoft Administrator role.

Run the UPGPT846PP Application Engine program on your database. From the DOS command line, the syntax is:

```
<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -CP⇒ <pswd> -R INSTALL -AI UPGPT846PP
```

You may see the following error when running this Application Engine program:

You are not authorized for the <objecttype>...

This means that you do not have proper privileges to run this conversion. The user ID that you are using to run this conversion needs to have Portal Administrator permissions.

You can ignore any other errors encountered on Oracle-delivered objects at this time. Check the Patches and Downloads section of My Oracle Support for Required at Install patches for your application and apply the patches after installing your database. You can safely rerun UPGPT846PP to check for any remaining errors after applying patches.

Converting Additional Pagelet Wizard Data

Perform this step if the application database you are installing is PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.47 or earlier. The application engine program UPGPT848PP adds the following Pagelet Wizard data sources from PeopleSoft Applications Portal to PeopleSoft PeopleTools: IB Connector, Integration Broker, SOAP, and URL. In addition, the application program transforms the WSRP Portlets created in PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.46 or 8.47 versions of Pagelet Wizard. The process includes the following:

- Move data from PeopleSoft Applications Portal tables to PeopleSoft PeopleTools tables.
- Convert WSRP Portlets created by Pagelet Wizard to the new version.

This program must be run by a PeopleSoft user with the Portal Administrator or PeopleSoft Administrator role.

Run the UPGPT848PP Application Engine program on your database. From the DOS command line, the syntax is:

```
<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -CP⇒ <pswd> -R INSTALL -AI UPGPT848PP
```

You may see the following error when running this Application Engine program:

```
You are not authorized for the <objecttype>...
```

This means that you do not have proper privileges to run this conversion. The user ID that you are using to run this conversion needs to have Portal Administrator permissions.

You can ignore any other errors encountered on Oracle-delivered objects at this time. Check the Patches and Downloads section of My Oracle Support for Required at Install patches for your application and apply the patches after installing your database. You can safely rerun UPGPT848PP to check for any remaining errors after applying patches.

Populating the Feed Options Table

The Application Engine program UPGPT850PTFP populates the feed options table PS_PTFP_OPTIONS if it is empty.

Run the UPGPT850PTFP Application Engine program on your database. From the DOS command line, the syntax is:

```
<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -CP⇒ <pswd> -R INSTALL -AI UPGPT850PTFP
```

Updating Feeds for Active Data Guard

The Application Engine program UPGPT852PTFP updates Service Operations used by Feeds for Active Data Guard support.

Run the UPGPT852PTFP Application Engine program on your database. From the DOS command line, the syntax is:

```
<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -CP⇒ <pswd> -R INSTALL -AI UPGPT852PTFP
```

Updating Web Profiles

The Application Engine Program UPGPTWBPFNVP migrates the web profile properties from the PT_PROPVALUE field to the PT_LPROPVALUE field for the PSWEBPROFNVP record.

Run the UPGPTWBPFNVP Application Engine program on your database. From the DOS command line, the syntax is:

```
<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -CP⇒ <pswd> -R INSTALL -AI UPGPTWBPFNVP
```

Updating Chart and Grid Filters

The Application Engine program UPGPTPGFLRS upgrades the Pivot Grid and chart filters from the PSPGVIEWOPT record into the new long filter fields. The grid filters are updated in the PTPG_FLRS_GRID_EX field on the PSPGVIEWOPT record and the chart filters are updated in the PTPG_FLRS_CHART_EX field on the PSPGCHRTFLRSOPT record.

Run the UPGPTPGFLRS Application Engine program on your database. From the DOS command line, the syntax is:

```
<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -CP⇒ <pswd> -R INSTALL -AI UPGPTPGFLRS
```

Populating the Hash Values

The Application Engine program UPGPTHASH populates the hash columns on PSPCMTEXT and PSSQLHASH if they are empty.

Run the UPGPTHASH Application Engine program on your database. From the DOS command line, the syntax is:

```
<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -CP⇒ <pswd> -R INSTALL -AI UPGPTHASH
```

Migrating the Authorization Configuration Data

Perform this step if the application database you are installing is PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.53 or earlier. The Application Engine program UPGPT854AUTH migrates the authorization configuration data from PTCAC AUTHCONF to PTCAC AUTHORIZE.

Run the UPGPT854AUTH Application Engine program on your database. From the DOS command line, the syntax is:

```
<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -CP⇒ <pswd> -R INSTALL -AI UPGPT854AUTH
```

Populating BI Publisher Templates with Object Owner ID Values

Perform this step if the application database you are installing is PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.53 or earlier. The Application Engine program UPGPTXPTMPL populates Oracle Business Intelligence Publisher (BI Publisher) templates with owner ID values.

Run the UPGPTXPTMPL Application Engine program on your database. From the DOS command line, the syntax is:

```
<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -CP⇒ <pswd> -R INSTALL -AI UPGPTXPTMPL
```

Creating the NavBar and Adding Default Tiles

Perform this step if the application database you are installing is PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.53 or earlier. The Application Engine program UPGPT855NUI creates the Fluid User Interface navigation bar (NavBar) and adds default tiles if they do not exist.

See PeopleTools: Application User's Guide, "Working with Fluid Homepages."

Run the UPGPT855NUI Application Engine program on your database. From the DOS command line, the syntax is:

```
<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -CP⇒ <pswd> -R INSTALL -AI UPGPT855NUI
```

Populating the DB-Cache Lock Table

The Application Engine program UPGPT851DBC populates the DB Cache lock table PSOBJCACHELOCK.

Run the UPGPT851DBC Application Engine program on your database. From the DOS command line, the syntax is:

```
<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -CP⇒ <pswd> -R INSTALL -AI UPGPT851DBC
```

Task 7-1-17: Converting Integration Broker

This section discusses:

- Updating Integration Broker Defaults
- Creating Integration Broker Objects
- Saving Application Messaging Objects
- Exporting Node Transactions
- Deleting Application Messaging Objects
- Deleting Node Transactions

If your database is delivered with PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.48 or higher, do *not* run this task since the database is already delivered with the new Integration Broker objects as of PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.48. Instead, proceed to Running Additional PeopleTools Conversions.

Updating Integration Broker Defaults

User-level node security and transactional security have been added as of PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.48. Service namespace information, a low-level user on the node, and a low-level permission list for service operations, need to be specified. Edit *PS_HOME*\scripts\ptibupgrade.dms and make the necessary modifications as documented in the script. Consult with your Integration Broker specialist for assistance.

Open Data Mover using a valid PeopleSoft Operator ID and run this script.

Creating Integration Broker Objects

The application engine program UPGPT848IBUG converts Application Package metadata into Integration Broker metadata. It also creates the projects PTUPGIBCLONE and PTUPGIBDELETE, and the script ptupg_trx.dms.

Note. Conversion errors in the Application Engine log file will be resolved by applying application-specific Required for Install patches.

Run the UPGPT848IBUG Application Engine program on your database. From the DOS command line, the syntax is:

```
<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -CP⇒ <pswd> -R INSTALL -AI UPGPT848IBUG
```

Saving Application Messaging Objects

The PTUPGIBCLONE project was created by the UPGPT848IBUG Application Engine program and contains objects that were successfully converted. Copy this project to a directory of your choice where it will not be overwritten. The objects are copied to file as a precautionary measure since you will delete them from the database in a subsequent step.

To save Application Messaging Objects:

- 1. Launch Application Designer and sign on to your database with a valid PeopleSoft user ID.
- 2. From the Application Designer, select File, Open.
- 3. Select Project, enter *PTUPGIBCLONE* in the name dialog box, and click OK.
- 4. Select Tools, Copy Project, To File.
- In the resulting dialog box, change the export directory to one of your choice, and click Copy. When the progress dialog box disappears, the project has been copied to the specified location.

Exporting Node Transactions

Open Data Mover using a valid PeopleSoft Operator ID and run the script *PS_HOME*\ scripts\ptupg_trx_export.dms to save the old pre-conversion node transaction data.

Deleting Application Messaging Objects

Delete the obsolete pre-conversion object definitions from the database by first copying the PTUPGIBDELETE project to file, and then copying the same project from file. This project was created by the UPGPT848IBUG Application Engine program and contains the same objects as PTUPGIBCLONE.

To delete Application Messaging Objects:

- 1. Launch Application Designer and sign on to your database with a valid PeopleSoft user ID.
- 2. From the Application Designer, select File, Open.
- 3. Select Project, enter PTUPGIBDELETE in the name dialog box, and click OK.
- 4. Select Tools, Copy Project, To File.
- 5. In the resulting dialog box, change the export directory to the same one you used for PTUPGIBCLONE, and click Copy.

When the progress dialog box disappears, the project has been copied to the specified location.

- 6. Select Tools, Copy Project, From File.
- 7. In the resulting dialog box, change the import directory to the previously specified directory, select PTUPGIBDELETE from the list of projects, and click Select.

Note. Because the project already exists on the database, a confirmation dialog box appears asking if you want to overwrite the existing project. Select the File radio button and click OK to overwrite the existing project.

8. Select all object types and click the Copy button.

When the progress dialog box disappears, the project has been copied. The actions in the project are set to Delete, so this will delete the obsolete pre-conversion object definitions from the database.

Deleting Node Transactions

The script ptupg_trx.dms is generated by the UPGPT848IBUG Application Engine program. This script can be found in the location specified in the OUTPUT variable set in Configuration Manager.

To view the OUTPUT variable:

- 1. Open Configuration Manager.
- 2. Select the Profile tab.

- 3. Click Edit to open the Default profile.
- 4. Select the Process Scheduler tab.
- 5. Examine the Output Directory value.

Open Data Mover using a valid PeopleSoft Operator ID and run this script to remove obsolete node transaction data associated with the obsolete objects in the PTUPGIBDELETE project.

Task 7-1-18: Running Additional PeopleTools Conversions

The Application Engine program UPGPTSERVOPR converts WSDL and Schema data.

Run the UPGPTSERVOPR Application Engine program on your database. From the DOS command line, the syntax is:

```
<PS_HOME>\bin\client\winx86\psae -CD <dbname> -CT DB2UNIX -CO <oprid> -CP⇒ <pswd> -R INSTALL -AI UPGPTSERVOPR
```

Task 7-2: Running Additional Data Mover Scripts

To import additional data for your specific PeopleSoft database, or to make other required changes, you may need to run additional Data Mover scripts. These script files have the extension .dms and are sometimes referred to as "DMS scripts." They are located in the *PS_HOME*\scripts or *PS_APP_HOME*\scripts directory of your file server, and need to be run from the file server by means of Data Mover.

For the details on which additional application-specific Data Mover scripts to run, consult your application-specific installation instructions.

Task 7-3: Running SQR Reports

This section discusses:

- Understanding Running SQR Reports
- Binding the dbcalls.bnd
- Running SQRs on the Client Workstation
- Creating a Shortcut to Run SQRs

Understanding Running SQR Reports

The instructions in this section describe how to run SQR reports from the client workstation. On the Microsoft Windows client, you may prefer to create a shortcut to allow you to run the reports repeatedly. You can use these instructions to run SQRs required in the upcoming task Checking the Database.

You can also choose to run SQR reports from the command line in console mode. Before running SQR from the command line on Microsoft Windows operating systems, set PS_HOME from the prompt. For example:

set PS_HOME=C:\PT856

See Also

PeopleTools: SQR for PeopleSoft Developers PeopleTools: SQR Language Reference for PeopleSoft

Task 7-3-1: Binding the dbcalls.bnd

You need to bind the dbcalls.bnd before running SQR reports.

On Microsoft Windows operating systems, the PeopleSoft installation installs one version of SQR that supports both the CLI interface and the ODBC interface for DB2/LUW.

Note. The version of DB2, which SQR uses on Microsoft Windows and Linux, will try to bind dbcalls.bnd automatically in some cases. To avoid possible errors if this does not occur, you must carry out this step.

To bind dbcalls.bnd:

- 1. Choose Start, Programs, IBM DB2, Command Window.
- 2. Connect to the database. For example,

C:\db2odbc9\BIN>db2 connect to PSDMO user dbxuser using dbxuser

3. Change to the directory where SQRW.exe resides, for example:

PS_HOME\bin\sqr\dbx\binw

- 4. From there, type
 - db2 bind dbcalls.bnd

Note. The executable program PSSQR.EXE is a wrapper program used by PeopleSoft Process Scheduler to run SQR reports. It is not designed to run manually outside of Process Scheduler. That is, the PeopleSoft system does not support running PSSQR from the command line.

Task 7-3-2: Running SQRs on the Client Workstation

To run an SQR on the client workstation:

1. Select Start, Run, click Browse, and navigate to *PS_HOME*\bin\sqr\DBX\binw.

Select sqrw.exe and click Open.

2. Add any needed flags at the end of the command line.

Refer to the table that follows. For those flags that require attributes, append the attributes to the flags with no intervening spaces (for example, $-fE:\form{bin}\sqr\pssqr.ini$).

Run	<u>? ×</u>
	Type the name of a program, folder, document, or Internet resource, and Windows will open it for you.
Open:	in\sqr\db2\binw\sqrw.exe -zifc:\fsdmo\sqr\pssqr.ini 💌
	OK Cancel Browse

Microsoft Windows Run dialog box launching SQRW

The following table summarizes the SQR report arguments used by PeopleSoft software. (For a full listing of report arguments, press the Help button to view the SQR help topic for this dialog box.)

Flag	Description	
-I	Specifies the directories that SQR will search for the #INCLUDE files. (A trailing slash is required.)	
-f	Specifies the directory where the report output will be sent. If you use the –keep flag, you must specify the directory with a trailing slash. If you use the –printer flag, specify a full pathname with a filename for the HTML file.	
-ZIF	Sets the full path and name of the SQR initialization file. The -ZIF flag should point to your <i>PS_HOME</i> \sqr\pssqr.ini file.	
-keep	Keeps the .SPF file after the program runs. This enables you to view the report with the SQR viewer.	
-printer:ht	Generates the output file in HTML format. Specify the filename, with path location, with the –f flag.	

3. Click OK.

The SQR for PeopleSoft V8.56 dialog box appears, displaying the attributes that you entered in the Run dialog box. The fields on this dialog box are described in the next step:

Note. The report arguments in this example have been arranged for readability.

	SQR for PeopleSoft V8.56	
Report name Database Usemame Password Report argume	C:\FSDMO\sqr\dddaudit.sqr FSDMO PStest	OK Cancel Files Help
-iC:\FSDM	SDMO\sqr\pssqr.ini MO\sqr\ D\ddaudit.lis	About

SQR for PeopleSoft dialog box with DDDAUDIT.SQR

- 4. Enter the following values:
 - Enter the report name.
 - You must specify the full path.
 - Enter the access ID in the Username field.
 - Enter the access password in the Password field.
 - Enter the database name.
- 5. Click OK to run the SQR report.

Task 7-3-3: Creating a Shortcut to Run SQRs

If you think you may need to run the SQR reports more than once, you may want to create a shortcut on the Windows client workstation. To save the report arguments:

- 1. Open Windows Explorer on the machine on which you want to run SQR.
- 2. Navigate to *PS_HOME*\bin\sqr\DBX\binw.
- 3. Right-click sqrw.exe and click Create Shortcut.
- 4. Right-click the shortcut that you just created and select Properties.
- 5. On the Shortcut tab, add the same sqr flags that you used in the previous task after sqrw.exe in the Target entry box.
- 6. Click OK.
- 7. To run the report, double-click the shortcut and specify the following information in the dialog box:
 - Report Name: Enter the full path and the name.

- Database name
- Username: Enter the access ID.
- Password: Enter the access password.
- Report arguments: Make any necessary modifications to the saved arguments.
- 8. Click OK.

Task 7-4: Checking the Database

Run and examine the SQR reports to verify that your database is complete.

See Running SQR Reports.

To verify that the database is complete, run the following SQR reports from the *PS_HOME*\sqr directory:

- dddaudit.sqr
- sysaudit.sqr
- swpaudit.sqr, if you plan to swap your base language

For further information about these reports, consult PeopleSoft product documentation. This documentation includes specific information on how to interpret the reports and how to fix any errors found there.

It is good practice to run and read the audit reports, which include sysaudit, dddaudit, swpaudit, and alter audit, after making changes such as applying patches, bundles, and upgrades to the database, to make sure that the tables are internally and externally in synch. It is also a good idea to schedule regular maintenance, for example weekly, in which you run and review the reports. You can find information on these audit reports in the *PeopleTools: Data Management* product documentation.

See PeopleTools: Global Technology, "Running the Swap Audit Report."

Note. If any records show up in the VIEWS-2 or TABLE-3 section of dddaudit and are contained within the PPLTLS84CURDEL project, you may safely drop these records using the SQL query tool for your platform.

See Also

PeopleTools: Data Management PeopleTools: System and Server Administration

Task 7-5: Running SETSPACE.SQR

Run the SETSPACE.SQR script to populate or synchronize Tablespace information with the system catalog. To run SETSPACE.SQR:

1. Using the instructions provided earlier, run SETSPACE.SQR from the *PS_HOME*\SQR directory.

See Running SQR Reports.

Note. Your results will vary depending on the application you are loading. The dialog box example shown here is typical. The report arguments in this example have been arranged for readability.

	SQR for PeopleSoft V8.56			
Report name Database Username Password	C:\FSDMO\sqr\setspace.sqr FSDMO PStest	OK Cancel Files		
Report argumer	Help			
-ZIFC:\FS -iC:\FSDM -fC:\temp	About			

SQR for PeopleSoft dialog box with setspace.sqr

- 2. Click OK.
- 3. As SETSPACE.SQR runs you see a progress indicator similar to the following.

Set Table Space Name in PSRECTBLSPC

Table PSRECTBLSPC column DDLSPACENAME have been updated with the tablespace found in the system catalog table. The total number of records updated appears at the bottom of this⇒ report.

 Recname
 New DDLSpaceName
 Old DDLSpaceName

 This phase of SETSPACE will sync up the PSRECTBLSPC and PSTBLSPCCAT tables
 PSRECTBLSPC Records Updated:
 0

 PSTBLSPCCAT Records Updated:
 0

 PSTBLSPCCAT Records Inserted:
 0

 Ending SQR.
 0

Chapter 8

Deploying Mid-Tier Components

This chapter discusses:

- Understanding the Mid-Tier Deployment
- Running the DPK Setup Script for Mid-Tier Deployment
- Using the PeopleSoft Installation
- Completing Post-Installation Steps

Understanding the Mid-Tier Deployment

After you complete the database creation, run the PeopleTools DPK setup script again to deploy the mid-tier components for the PeopleSoft environment. Specify the same *BASE_DIR* that you specified when you used the DPK setup script to install the software.

The default mid-tier deployment performs the following:

- Sets up a single application server domain, Process Scheduler domain, and PIA domain.
- On Microsoft Windows, sets up services for the PeopleSoft domains.
- Installs Oracle Tuxedo and Oracle WebLogic software, unless the DPK setup script installed them in previous deployment to the same *BASE_DIR*/pt location.

The DPK installation does not support IBM WebSphere. If you want to use IBM WebSphere rather than Oracle WebLogic as the web server software, you must install it manually and use traditional methods to set up the domains.

Task 8-1: Running the DPK Setup Script for Mid-Tier Deployment

This section discusses:

- Prerequisites
- Cataloging the DB2 LUW Database
- Running with the Mid-Tier Option on Microsoft Windows
- Running with the Mid-Tier Option on Linux and UNIX

Prerequisites

Use this procedure to install the PeopleSoft mid-tier components (application server, PIA, and Process Scheduler domains) and the Oracle WebLogic and Oracle Tuxedo software required. This procedure assumes that:

• You have downloaded all of the required PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPKs, and saved them in a location

accessible to the Microsoft Windows or Linux host, referred to here as DPK_INSTALL.

See Obtaining the PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPKs.

Note. After the DPK setup script extracts the downloaded zip files, it will delete the original zip files in *DPK_INSTALL*. If you want to save the original zip files, make a backup copy in a different folder.

- Remove any previous installations of the same version of Oracle Tuxedo.
- You extracted the first zip file. The extraction gives a setup folder and other files. See "Deploying the PeopleSoft Homes."
- The user running the script *must have administrative permission* on Microsoft Windows, and *root access* on Linux.

Note. Restarting services for the deployed PeopleSoft environment, such as those for Oracle Tuxedo, must be performed by the same user (with administrative permission) who carried out the installation.

• There is enough space on the host for the PeopleSoft environment.

See "Prerequisites," Reviewing Hardware Requirements on Microsoft Windows.

- For deployment on Linux, there is a writable directory available for the home for the users that own the PeopleSoft runtime. The default is /home.
- For deployment with the AIX DPK, you have installed JDK.

See Reviewing Software Requirements.

• You have installed database connectivity software for the database that you want to access on the machine on which you deploy the mid-tier components.

Note. When installing mid-tier components for environments on DB2/LUW, you must use customizations to complete the installation. The delivered YAML files may not include the necessary RDBMS client information for your environment. Create a psft_customizations.yaml file, and include the correct client information. See the chapter "Completing the DPK Initialization with Customizations."

- You have the information for the database to connect to, including:
 - RDBMS platform
 - Database name, service name, host, and listening port
 - Unicode or non-Unicode database
- You have the information for the user IDs and passwords needed for the deployment, including the following:
 - PeopleSoft Connect ID and password
 - PeopleSoft database administrator
 - PeopleSoft operator ID (such as PS or VP1) and password
 - Application Server Domain Connection password (optional)
 - PTWEBSERVER web profile user password
 - Oracle WebLogic server administrator password
 - Integration Gateway administrator
- If you created a psft_customizations.yaml file, back it up in a location other than the installation location, *BASE_DIR*/dpk/production/puppet/data. The DPK setup script will delete the existing YAML files, including the psft_customizations.yaml.

Task 8-1-1: Cataloging the DB2 LUW Database

Before installing the mid-tier components, you must catalog the DB2 LUW database. To catalog the database, you specify information required for connectivity, such as database name, alias, and TCPIP information. This step is required for DB2 LUW installation on all operating systems.

To create and update the DB2 Client catalog, open a DB2 Command window for the client you wish to create the db2 catalog on and run the following commands to catalog the TCPIP NODE and the DB2 DATABASE:

```
db2 catalog TCPIP node <TCPIP-NODE-NAME> remote <FULLY QUALIFIED HOST NAME⇒
  or HOST IP ADDRESS> server <DB2-COMMUNICATION-PORT-NUMBER>
  db2 catalog DATABASE <DATABASE-NAME> as <ALIAS-NAME> at node <NODE-NAME>
```

For example, to catalog a DB2 database on AIX:

db2 catalog TCPIP node TCPDBX remote your.host.com 60031 db2 catalog DATABASE PT856 as PT856 at node TCPDBX

See Also

"Completing the DPK Initialization with Customizations," Preparing the Customization File for Mid-Tier Connection to DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows

Task 8-1-2: Running with the Mid-Tier Option on Microsoft Windows

To deploy mid-tier components on physical or virtual Microsoft Windows hosts:

- 1. Open a command prompt window with Run as Administrator.
- 2. Change directory to the location where you extracted the first zip file, DPK_INSTALL/setup.
- 3. Run the script with the mid-tier option to set up the Application Server, PIA, and web server mid-tier components.

Note. If you see an error message similar to "The application has failed to start because its side-by-side configuration is incorrect," it indicates that your machine does not include the necessary Microsoft C++ runtime libraries. Go to the Microsoft Web site, locate the Microsoft Visual C++ redistributable package for your system, and install as directed..

• If you extracted the first zip file into the same directory where you downloaded the zip files, use this command:

psft-dpk-setup.bat --env type midtier

• If you extracted the first zip file into a different directory, include the option dpk_src_dir to specify the location of the downloaded zip files, such as *DPK_INSTALL*.

psft-dpk-setup.bat --dpk_src_dir DPK_INSTALL --env_type midtier

Note. Running the DPK setup script with the --env_type midtier option deploys all servers. If you want to deploy one of the servers (application server, Process Scheduler server, PIA, or application server and Process Scheduler server) see the command options in "Installing the PeopleSoft Homes," Reviewing the DPK Setup Script Options.

4. Wait while the script locates the valid PeopleSoft zip files and extracts them.

The system displays messages indicating the steps in the setup process. The success or failure of each step is indicated by [OK] or [FAILED].

After the script completes the extraction, it deletes the original files. Make a backup copy if you want to keep them.

See "Preparing for Installation," Understanding the PeopleSoft Installation Using Deployment Packages, for the filename syntax of the PeopleSoft application DPKs.

Starting the PeopleSoft Environment Setup Process: Extracting the Zip File *FILENAME*-lof4.zip: ſ OK 1 Extracting the Zip File FILENAME-2of4.zip: [OK 1 Extracting the Zip File *FILENAME*-3of4.zip: [OK 1 Extracting the Zip File FILENAME-4of4.zip: 1 [OK

5. Specify whether to install the Puppet software if necessary at the next prompt.

The script verifies if Puppet software is installed in the default location specified by the DPKs. If not, answer y (yes) to install the Puppet software and n to abort the PeopleSoft environment setup process. The default action (if nothing is entered at the prompt) is to install the software.

If there is any error during the Puppet software installation, the script aborts the setup process. Review the log file in *DPK_INSTALL*/setup. If there are missing operating system packages, you will need to carry out additional steps.

See Obtaining Operating System Packages Required for Puppet.

Starting the PeopleSoft Environment Setup Process:

Verifying if Puppet Software is Installed on the Host:

Puppet Software is not installed on the Host. If this Host is used to setup a PeopleSoft environment, Puppet Software should be Installed.

```
Do you want to Install Puppet Software on this Host? [Y|n]: y
```

Installing Puppet Software on the Host: [OK]

The script verifies the eYAML software.

Verifying if eYAML Hiera Backend is Installed: [OK

The script verifies if the DPKs are available in *DPK_INSTALL*, and aborts with the message [FAILED] if they are not.

Preparing the Windows 2012Server VM for PeopleSoft Environment:

Checking if PeopleSoft DPKs are Present: [OK]

6. At the following prompt, enter a location that is accessible to the host to be used as the PeopleSoft base directory.

The base directory is used to extract the PeopleSoft DPKs as well as for deploying PeopleSoft components. The script creates the folder if it is not present.

Note. When entering the path for the base directory, use forward slashes (/). For example, C:/psft. Enclose any names with special characters in double quotes.

1

The base folder is used to extract the PeopleSoft DPKs. It is also used to deploy the PeopleSoft components. This folder should be accessible on the Windows VM, must have write permissions and should have enough free space.

Enter the PeopleSoft Base Folder: C:/psft Are you happy with your answer? [Y|n|q]:

The script validates if there is enough free space available under the specified base directory for the PeopleSoft environment. The PeopleSoft environment setup is aborted if there is not enough free space.

Note. A mid-tier setup of a PeopleSoft environment requires about 25 GB of disk space.

Checking if the Base Folder has Enough Free Space: [OK]

The script creates the following three sub-directories under the user provided base directory, BASE_DIR:

• *BASE_DIR*\dpk

The script uses this directory to extract the archives from the PeopleSoft DPKs, and contains the Puppet YAML files for the deployment.

• BASE_DIR\pt

The script uses this directory to deploy PeopleSoft PeopleTools components.

• BASE_DIR\db

This directory is not used for a mid-tier deployment.

7. Review the status messages as the script validates the files found in DPK_INSTALL.

The script carries out validations for the mid-tier deployment. If any of the validations fail, the PeopleSoft environment setup is aborted.

Validating the PeopleSoft DPKs in the Windows VM:			
Validating the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Server DPK:	[OK]
Validating the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Client DPK:	[OK]
Validating the Manifest Information in PeopleSoft DPKs:	[OK]

8. Review the status messages as the script extracts the archives from the DPKs.

Extracting the PeopleSoft DPK Archives in the Windows VM: Extracting the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Server DPK Archives: [OK] Extracting the 8.56 PeopleTools Client DPK Archive: [OK]

9. Review the status messages as the script sets up the Puppet file system.

The script sets up Puppet on the host or VM. It then copies the PeopleSoft Puppet modules to the standard location under the base folder (*BASE_DIR*\dpk) and updates the YAML files to reflect the type of PeopleSoft environment setup.

```
Setting up Puppet on the Windows VM:

Generating eYAML Hiera Backend Encryption Keys: [ OK ]

Updating the Puppet Hiera YAML Files in the Windows VM: [ OK ]

Updating the Role in Puppet Site File for the Windows VM: [ OK ]
```

10. Specify the installation type.

Enter the PeopleSoft installation [PUM or FRESH] type [PUM]: FRESH

Note. You see this prompt only when PeopleSoft application DPKs that were built on the same PeopleTools release, are present in *DPK_INSTALL*.

- 11. Specify the information for the database that you want to connect to.
 - a. Enter DB2UNIX for a DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows database platform. Enter the database platform [ORACLE]: DB2UNIX
 - b. Enter *y* (yes) if the database you are connecting to is a Unicode database, or n (no) for a non-Unicode database.

```
Is the PeopleSoft database unicode? [Y|n]:
```

c. Enter y (yes) if you want to install the files needed for multi-lingual support.

Do you want Multi Language support in PeopleSoft database? [y|N]:

d. Enter the database name.

Enter the PeopleSoft database name [HCM92]:

e. Enter the name of the host where the database is installed, and the DB2/LUW instance port number:

Use forward slashes if necessary. If the host name includes non-alphanumeric characters such as periods, enclose the name in double quotes. For example, "host.example.com".

Enter the PeopleSoft database host name: Enter the PeopleSoft database port [1521]: 50000

12. Enter the PeopleSoft Connect ID at the following prompt:

The default is people.

Enter the PeopleSoft database Connect ID [people]:

13. Enter a password for the PeopleSoft Connect ID, and enter again on the next line, at the following prompt.

Enter the PeopleSoft database Connect ID [people] password: The password should contain only alphanumeric characters and is between⇒ 6 and 30 characters in length: Re-Enter the PeopleSoft database Connect ID password:

14. Enter the password twice for the PeopleSoft operator ID, such as PS or VP1.

```
Enter a new PeopleSoft database Operator ID [PS] password.
The password should contain only alphanumeric characters and is between⇒
1
and 32 characters in length:
Re-Enter the PeopleSoft Operator ID password:
```

15. Enter the Application Server Domain Connection password, following the guidelines in the prompt.

The window does not display masking characters as you type. There is no default password.

Note. This is an optional password. If no password is entered, the connection between Web Server and Application Server will not be password protected.

[Optional] Enter a new Application Server Domain connection password. Ensure the password is between 8 and 30 characters in length and do

```
not contain any space (), percentage (%), slash (/), quote (",')
and equals (=) characters:
Re-Enter the Application Server Domain connection password:
```

16. Enter the password for the PTWEBSERVER web profile user at the following prompt:

```
Enter the PeopleSoft WebProfile user PTWEBSERVER password:
The password should contain only alphanumeric characters and is between⇒
6
and 32 characters in length:
Re-Enter the PeopleSoft WebProfile user PTWEBSERVER password:
```

17. Enter the Oracle WebLogic Server Admin password, following the guidelines in the prompt.

The default Oracle WebLogic server administrator is system. The window does not display masking characters as you type. There is no default password.

```
Enter a new WebLogic Server Admin user [system] password. Ensure that⇒
the
password is between 8 and 30 characters in length with at least one⇒
lower
case letter, one uppercase letter and one number or one special⇒
character
(!@#$%^&):
Re-Enter the WebLogic Server Admin user password:
```

18. Enter the Integration Gateway user ID and password at the following prompt.

The default user ID is administrator.

```
Enter the PeopleSoft Integration Gateway user [administrator]:
Enter the PeopleSoft Integration Gateway user [administrator] password.⇒
Ensure
the password contains only alphanumeric characters and is between 8
and 30 characters in length:
Re-Enter the PeopleSoft Integration Gateway user password:
```

19. If you want to change any of the answers to the previous questions, enter n (no) at the following prompt, or enter y (yes) to continue:

Are you happy with your answers? [y|n]:

20. Review the status messages as the script updates the Puppet YAML files with the user input.

Encrypting the Passwords in the User Data:	[-	OK]
Updating the Puppet Hiera YAML Files with User Data:		[OK]

21. Answer n (no) to indicate that you do not want to continue running the initialization script using the default configuration.

The script stops. Follow the instructions for using customizations for mid-tier connectivity to complete the mid-tier deployment.

See "Completing the DPK Initialization with Customizations."

The bootstrap script is ready to deploy and configure the PeopleSoft environment using the default configuration defined in the Puppet Hiera YAML files. You can proceed by answering 'y' at the following prompt. And, if you want to customize the environment by overriding

```
the default configuration, you can answer 'n'. If you answer 'n', you
should follow the instructions in the PeopleSoft Installation Guide
for creating the customization Hiera YAML file and running the Puppet
'apply' command directly to continue with the setup of the PeopleSoft
environment.
Do you want to continue with the default initialization process? [y|n]: \Rightarrow
n
You have decided not to continue with the default PeopleSoft environment
setup process. Any customizations to the PeopleSoft environment should⇒
be
done in the Hiera YAML file 'psft customizations.yaml' and place it⇒
under
[c:\psft\dpk\puppet\production\data] folder. After making the
necessary customizations, run the following commands to continue with⇒
 the
setup of PeopleSoft environment.
1. cd c:\psft\dpk\puppet\production\manifests
2. puppet apply --confdir=c:\psft\dpk\puppet site.pp --debug --trace
Exiting the PeopleSoft environment setup process.
```

The complete setup log is written to the file psft_dpk_setup.log in the same location as the DPK setup script.

Task 8-1-3: Running with the Mid-Tier Option on Linux and UNIX

To deploy mid-tier components on Linux and UNIX hosts:

- 1. Open a terminal window and change directory to DPK_INSTALL/setup.
- 2. As a user with root access, run the script as follows:
 - If you extracted the first zip file into the same directory where you downloaded the zip files, use this command:

./psft-dpk-setup.sh --env type midtier

• If you extracted the first zip file into a different directory, include the option dpk_src_dir to specify the location of the downloaded zip files, such as *DPK_INSTALL*.

```
./psft-dpk-setup.sh --dpk_src_dir DPK_INSTALL --env_type midtier
```

Note. Running the DPK setup script with the --env_type midtier option deploy all servers. If you want to deploy one of the servers (application server, Process Scheduler server, PIA, or application server and Process Scheduler server) see the command options in "Installing the PeopleSoft Homes," Reviewing the DPK Setup Script Options.

3. Wait while the script locates the valid PeopleSoft zip files and extracts them.

The system displays messages indicating the steps in the setup process. The success or failure of each step is indicated by [OK] or [FAILED].

After the script completes the extraction, it deletes the original files. Make a backup copy if you need to keep them.

See "Preparing for Installation," Understanding the PeopleSoft Installation Using Deployment Packages, for the filename syntax of the PeopleSoft application DPKs.

Starting the PeopleSoft Environment Setup Process: Extracting the Zip File *FILENAME*-lof4.zip: Γ OK 1 Extracting the Zip File *FILENAME*-2of4.zip: [OK 1 Extracting the Zip File *FILENAME*-3of4.zip: OK [1 Extracting the Zip File *FILENAME*-4of4.zip: OK 1 Γ

4. Specify whether to install the Puppet software if necessary at the next prompt.

The script verifies if Puppet software is installed in the default location specified by the DPKs. If not, answer y (yes) to install the Puppet software and n to abort the PeopleSoft environment setup process. The default action (if nothing is entered at the prompt) is to install the software.

If there is any error during the Puppet software installation, the script aborts the setup process. Review the log file in *DPK_INSTALL*/setup. If there are missing operating system packages, you will need to carry out additional steps.

See Obtaining Operating System Packages Required for Puppet.

Starting the PeopleSoft Environment Setup Process:

Verifying if Puppet Software is Installed on the Host:

Puppet Software is not installed on the Host. If this Host is used to setup a PeopleSoft environment, Puppet Software should be Installed.

Do you want to Install Puppet Software on this Host? [Y|n]:

Installing Puppet Software on the Host:

The script verifies the eYAML software.

Verifying if eYAML Hiera Backend is Installed: OK]

The script verifies if the DPKs are available in *DPK_INSTALL*, and aborts with the message [FAILED] if they are not.

Preparing the OracleLinux VM for PeopleSoft Environment:

Checking if PeopleSoft DPKs are Present:

5. At the following prompt, enter a location that is accessible to the host to be used as the PeopleSoft base directory.

The base directory is used to extract the PeopleSoft DPKs as well as for deploying PeopleSoft components. The directory /cs1/psft is used in this example:

Note. When entering the path for the base directory, use forward slashes (/). If the name includes any non-alphanumeric characters such as periods, enclose the name in double quotes. For example, /csl/psft.

The base directory is used to extract the PeopleSoft DPKs. It is also used to deploy the PeopleSoft components. This folder should be accessible on the Linux host, must have write permissions and should

[⇒

[OK]

[OK]

have enough free space.

Enter the PeopleSoft Base Folder: /cs1/psft Are you happy with your answer? [Y|n|q]:

The script validates if there is enough free space available under the specified base directory for the PeopleSoft environment. The PeopleSoft environment setup is aborted if there is not enough free space.

Note. A mid-tier setup of a PeopleSoft environment takes about 25 GB of disk space.

Checking if the Base Filesystem has Enough Free Space: [OK]

The script creates the following three sub-directories under the user provided base directory, BASE_DIR:

• BASE_DIR/dpk

The script uses this directory to extract the archives from the PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPKs, and contains the Puppet YAML files for the deployment.

BASE_DIR/pt

The script uses this directory to deploy PeopleSoft PeopleTools components.

• BASE_DIR/db

This directory is not used for this deployment.

6. If the default home directory is not writable, enter a new location at the following prompt.

The DPK setup creates local users on the host. These users deploy the PeopleSoft components and own the PeopleSoft runtime domains. The script checks whether the default home directory for the PeopleSoft users (/home) is writable. If not, it will prompt the user to enter a new location to be used for creating the home directories for these local users.

Checking if Default User Home Directory /home is Writable: [FAILED]

The PeopleSoft environment setup creates local users on the VM. The default Home directory for these users is /home. Please ensure this directory is writable or provide a new directory on the VM that is writable.

Please Enter a directory on the VM that is writable [/home]: /ds1 Are you happy with your answer? [y|n|q]:

If the /home directory is writable, no response is required.

Checking if Default User Home Directory /home is Writable: [OK]

7. Review the status messages as the script validates the files found in DPK_INSTALL.

The script carries out validations for the mid-tier deployment. If any of the validations fail, the PeopleSoft environment setup is aborted.

Validating the PeopleSoft DPKs in the Linux VM: Validating the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Server DPK: [OK] Validating the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Client DPK: [OK] Validating the Manifest Information in PeopleSoft DPKs: [OK]

8. Review the status messages as the script extracts the archives from the DPKs.

Extracting the PeopleSoft DPK Archives in the Linux VM: Extracting the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Server DPK Archives: [OK] Extracting the 8.56 PeopleTools Client DPK Archive: [OK]

9. Review the status messages as the script sets up the Puppet file system.

The script sets up Puppet on the host or VM. As part of this setup, if the EYAML files are installed, it will generate the encryption keys. It then copies the PeopleSoft Puppet modules to the standard location (*BASE_DIR*/dpk) and updates the YAML files to reflect the type of PeopleSoft environment setup.

```
Setting up Puppet on the VM:
Generating eYAML Hiera Backend Encryption Keys:
                                                             Γ
                                                                OK
                                                                    1
Updating the Puppet Hiera YAML Files in the VM:
                                                                   ]
                                                             Γ
                                                                OK
Updating the Role in Puppet Site File for the VM:
                                                                    1
                                                             ſ
                                                                OK
Applying Linux customizations to Puppet Hiera YAML Files:
                                                             Γ
                                                                OK 1
```

10. Specify FRESH for the installation type.

```
Enter the PeopleSoft installation [PUM or FRESH] type [PUM]: FRESH
```

Note. You see this prompt only when PeopleSoft application DPKs that were built on the same PeopleTools release, are present in *DPK INSTALL*.

- 11. Specify the information for the database that you want to connect to.
 - a. Enter DB2UNIX for a DB2 for Linux, UNIX, and Windows database platform.

Enter the database platform [ORACLE]: DB2UNIX

b. Enter y (yes) if the database you are connecting to is a Unicode database, or n (no) for a non-Unicode database.

Is the PeopleSoft database unicode? [Y|n]:

- c. Enter y (yes) if you want to install the files needed for multi-lingual support.Do you want Multi Language support in PeopleSoft database? [y|N]:
- d. Enter the database name.

Enter the PeopleSoft database name [HCM92]:

e. Enter the name of the host where the database is installed, and the DB2 instance port number:

Use forward slashes if necessary. If the database name or service name includes non-alphanumeric characters such as periods, enclose the name in double quotes. For example, "host.example.com".

Enter the PeopleSoft database host name: Enter the PeopleSoft database port [1521]: **50000**

12. Enter the PeopleSoft Connect ID at the following prompt:

The default is people.

Enter the PeopleSoft database Connect ID [people]:

13. Enter a password for the PeopleSoft Connect ID, and enter again on the next line, at the following prompt.

```
Enter the PeopleSoft database Connect ID [people] password:
The password should contain only alphanumeric characters and is between⇒
6
and 30 characters in length:
Re-Enter the PeopleSoft database Connect ID password:
```

14. Enter the password twice for the PeopleSoft operator ID, such as PS or VP1.

```
Enter the PeopleSoft database Operator ID [PS]:
Enter a new PeopleSoft database Operator ID [PS] password.
The password should contain only alphanumeric characters and is between⇒
1
and 32 characters in length:
Re-Enter the PeopleSoft Operator ID password:
```

15. Enter the Application Server Domain Connection password, following the guidelines in the prompt.

The window does not display masking characters as you type. There is no default password.

Note. This is an optional password. If no password is entered, the connection between Web Server and Application Server will not be password protected.

```
[Optional] Enter a new Application Server Domain connection password.
Ensure the password contains only alphanumeric characters and is
between 8 and 30 characters in length:
Re-Enter the Application Server Domain connection password.
```

16. Enter the password twice for the PTWEBSERVER web profile user at the following prompt:

Enter the PeopleSoft WebProfile user PTWEBSERVER password: The password should contain only alphanumeric characters and is between⇒ 6 and 32 characters in length: Re-Enter the PeopleSoft WebProfile user PTWEBSERVER password:

17. Enter the Oracle WebLogic Server Admin password, following the guidelines in the prompt.

The default Oracle WebLogic server administrator is system. The window does not display masking characters as you type. There is no default password.

```
Enter a new WebLogic Server Admin user [system] password. Ensure that⇒
the
password is between 8 and 30 characters in length with at least one⇒
lower
case letter, one uppercase letter and one number or one special⇒
character
(!@#$%^&):
Re-Enter the WebLogic Server Admin user password:
```

18. Enter the Integration Gateway user ID and password at the following prompt.

The default user ID is administrator.

Enter the PeopleSoft Integration Gateway user [administrator]: Enter the PeopleSoft Integration Gateway user [administrator] password.⇒ Ensure the password contains only alphanumeric characters and is between 8 and 30 characters in length: Re-Enter the PeopleSoft Integration Gateway user password:

19. If you want to change any of the answers to the previous questions, enter n (no) at the following prompt, or enter y (yes) to continue:

Are you happy with your answers? [y|n]:

20. Review the status messages as the script updates the Puppet YAML files with the user input.

If EYAML files are installed, the passwords are encrypted and updated in the YAML file.

Encrypting the Passwords in the User Data: [OK] Updating the Puppet Hiera YAML Files with User Input: [OK]

21. Answer n (no) to indicate that you do not want to continue running the initialization script using the default configuration.

The script stops. Follow the instructions for using customizations for mid-tier connectivity to complete the mid-tier deployment.

See "Completing the DPK Initialization with Customizations."

The bootstrap script is ready to deploy and configure the PeopleSoft environment using the default configuration defined in the Puppet Hiera YAML files. You can proceed by answering 'y' at the following prompt. And, if you want to customize the environment by overriding the default configuration, you can answer 'n'. If you answer 'n', you should follow the instructions in the PeopleSoft Installation Guide for creating the customization Hiera YAML file and running the Puppet 'apply' command directly to continue with the setup of the PeopleSoft environment.

```
Do you want to continue with the default initialization process? [y|n]: \Rightarrow {\bf n}
```

You have decided not to continue with the default PeopleSoft environment setup process. Any customizations to the PeopleSoft environment should⇒ be

done in the Hiera YAML file 'psft_customizations.yaml' and place it⇒ under

[/cs1/psft/dpk/puppet/production/data] folder. After making the necessary customizations, run the following commands to continue with⇒ the

setup of PeopleSoft environment.

- 1. cd /cs1/psft/dpk/puppet/production/manifests
- 2. puppet apply --confdir=/cs1/psft/dpk/puppet site.pp --debug --trace

Exiting the PeopleSoft environment setup process.

22. Review the status messages as the script runs Puppet profiles to set up the PeopleSoft environment.

A message of [OK] indicates that the profile has been applied successfully while a message [FAILED] indicates that the profile application failed.

The script stops and exits the first time a profile application fails, and displays an error message. This example shows the error message after the first step failed:

Starting the Default Initialization of PeopleSoft Environment:

Setting Up System Settings:

[FAILED]

The initialization of PeopleSoft environment setup failed. Check the log file [DPK_INSTALL/setup/psft_dpk_setup.log] for the errors.

```
After correcting the errors, run the following commands to continue
with the setup of PeopleSoft environment.
1. cd /cs1/psft/dpk/puppet/production/manifests
```

```
2. puppet apply --confdir=/cs1/psft/dpk/puppet site.pp --debug --trace
```

Exiting the PeopleSoft environment setup process

See "Completing the DPK Initialization with Customizations."

Upon successful completion, the DPK setup script displays the following message:

Starting the Default Initialization of PeopleSoft Environment:		
Setting Up System Settings: [OK]
Deploying PeopleTools Components: [OK]
DSetting up PeopleSoft OS Users Environment: [OK]
Setting up PeopleSoft Application Server Domain: [OK]
Setting up PeopleSoft Process Scheduler Domain: [OK]
Setting up PeopleSoft PIA Domain: [OK]
Changing the Passwords for the Environment: [OK]
Configuring Pre-Boot PeopleSoft Environment: [OK]
Starting PeopleSoft Domains: [OK]
Configuring Post-Boot PeopleSoft Environment: [OK]
Setting up Source Details for PeopleTools Client: [OK]
The PeopleSoft Environment Setup Process Ended.		

The complete setup log is written to the file psft_dpk_setup.log in the same location as the DPK setup script.

Task 8-2: Using the PeopleSoft Installation

This section discusses:

- Reviewing the PeopleSoft Environment
- Reviewing the Deployment File System
- Reviewing the Deployed Users
- Managing PeopleTools Domains with PSADMIN

Task 8-2-1: Reviewing the PeopleSoft Environment

After you complete the initialization of the virtual machine the PeopleSoft installation will be available. This section includes brief information to help you work with the PeopleSoft environment. For detailed definitions, and information on working with the components in a PeopleSoft installation, see the PeopleSoft documentation referenced earlier.

To sign in to the deployed PeopleSoft environment in a browser (that is, use the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture, or PIA), use a URL with this format:

http://<host_name>:<http_port>/<PIA_site_name>/signon.html

For example, for a deployment with the default port, 8000, and default PIA site name, ps, the URL would be http://server1.example.com:8000/ps/signon.html.

Task 8-2-2: Reviewing the Deployment File System

The PeopleSoft installation deployed by the PeopleSoft DPKs sets up an environment comprised of several directories. This table lists the directories with the location, contents of the directory, and the owner.

Directory	Description	Default Location	Access
PS_HOME	The binary installation files are placed into a secure <i>ps_home<peopletools_patch< i=""> _<i>version></i> directory, where <peopletools_patch_version> is the full release, for example 8.56.01.</peopletools_patch_version></peopletools_patch<></i>	BASE_DIR/pt/ ps_home <peopletools_patch _version></peopletools_patch 	This directory can only be written to by the PeopleSoft administrator, psadm1.
PS_CFG_HOME	The Application Server and Process Scheduler server configuration files are placed into a <i>PS_CFG_HOME</i> directory named < <i>peopletools_major_version</i> >, where <peopletools_major_version > does not include patch numbers; for example, 8.56.</peopletools_major_version 	 On Linux, /home/psadm2/psft/pt/ <peopletools_major_ver sion></peopletools_major_ver On Microsoft Windows, C:\% USERPROFILE%\ psft\pt\ <peopletools_major_ver sion></peopletools_major_ver For example, if the USERPROFILE environment variable is C:\Users\username, the location is C:\Users\username\psft\p t\8.56. 	This directory is owned by psadm2.
PS_APP_HOME	The PeopleSoft application installation files are located in the <i><app>_</app></i> ps_home directory, where <i><app></app></i> refers to the PeopleSoft application, such as fscm_ps_home for Financials and Supply Chain Management	BASE_DIR/pt/ <application> _ps_home</application>	This directory can only be written to by psadm3.

Directory	Description	Default Location	Access
ORACLE_HOME (Oracle RDBMS software)	This includes the Oracle RDBMS database server and client connectivity software, including the SQL*Plus program. The Oracle RDBMS client installation is the 64-bit client used by PeopleSoft PeopleTools to connect from the PeopleSoft Application Server and Process Scheduler domains to the PeopleTools Database. Note. The database listener for the RDBMS hosting the PeopleSoft PeopleTools tables is 1522.	BASE_DIR/db/oracle-server	This directory is owned by user oracle2.
Oracle WebLogic	This includes the installation files for the Oracle WebLogic web server.	BASE_DIR/pt/bea/wlserver	
Oracle Tuxedo	This includes the installation files for Oracle Tuxedo.	BASE_DIR/pt/bea/tuxedo	
PeopleSoft database files (on Oracle RDBMS)	This includes the Oracle database files and tables for the PeopleSoft application.	<i>BASE_DIR/</i> pt/db/oradata	The owner of the database tables is oracle2 and its group is oinstall. Note. This is different from the users for the PeopleSoft installation and configuration.
Other directories	The rest of the environment, outside <i>PS_HOME</i> and <i>PS_CFG_HOME</i> . The file system ownership and permissions are similar to typical Oracle Linux and Microsoft Windows installations.	NA	These directories are owned by root on Linux OS.

See Also

PeopleTools: System and Server Administration, "Securing PS_HOME and PS_CFG_HOME"

Task 8-2-3: Reviewing the Deployed Users

The deployed configuration includes the default users and default passwords described in the following table.

Important! All default, non-root passwords are set to expire immediately. On the first login of one of the non-root users, the system will prompt you to provide new passwords.

In the case of the passwords that expire immediately, such as those for psadm1 and so on, if you do not log in as the user specified in this table and change the password, the default passwords documented here remains in effect.

New passwords must include the following characteristics:

- At least 14 characters long
- At least one digit (0–9)
- At least one special character (for example, * or #)
- At least one lowercase letter (a–z)
- At least one uppercase letter (A–Z)

User Name	Default Password	Role Definition
psadm1	Oradmin (the first character is the number zero)	The PeopleSoft installation administrator who owns <i>PS_HOME</i> .
		This user cannot write into <i>PS_CFG_HOME</i> .
psadm2	Oradmin (the first character is the number zero)	The PeopleTools domain user who creates and configures the Application Server domain, Process Scheduler (batch server) domain, and the PIA. This user cannot write to <i>PS_HOME</i> , but has read-execute access.
psadm3	Oradmin (the first character is the number zero)	The PeopleSoft installation administrator who owns <i>PS_APP_HOME</i> .
oracle2	oracle	The Oracle Database Server user name.

See Also

"Completing the DPK Initialization with Customizations," Preparing the Customization File for Linux Users

Task 8-2-4: Managing PeopleTools Domains with PSADMIN

Use the PSADMIN utility to manage any of the PIA, Application Server, or Process Scheduler domains. You can find the PSADMIN utility in *PS_HOME*/appserv. You must first sign in with the PeopleTools domain user psadm2, described in the section Reviewing the File System and Users. When you sign in as the PeopleTools domain user, the psconfig.sh script is automatically invoked through the user's profile. This is referred to as sourcing the psconfig.sh script. This ensures that all of the required environment variables are set prior to working with PSADMIN. You can perform all the usual administrative options for PIA, Application Server, and Process Scheduler domains using PSADMIN. You may reconfigure the existing domains, shut them down, restart them and create additional domains if necessary. The environment as delivered has however been sufficiently configured to perform many of the activities for which this virtual machine has been created.

See Also

PeopleTools: System and Server Administration, "Using the PSADMIN Utility"

Task 8-3: Completing Post-Installation Steps

This section discusses:

- Using Fluid User Interface
- Setting Options for Multilingual Databases
- Updating PeopleTools Options
- Updating Time Zone Information
- Updating Database Information

Task 8-3-1: Using Fluid User Interface

When you sign in to your PeopleSoft application, you may see the PeopleSoft Fluid User Interface by default. To access the menu items, as seen in the classic user interface, from the PeopleSoft Fluid User Interface:

1. On the PeopleSoft Fluid User Interface, shown in this example, select (press) the NavBar button at the top right (diamond inside a circle).



PeopleSoft Fluid User Interface home page

The Navigation bar (NavBar) side page appears.

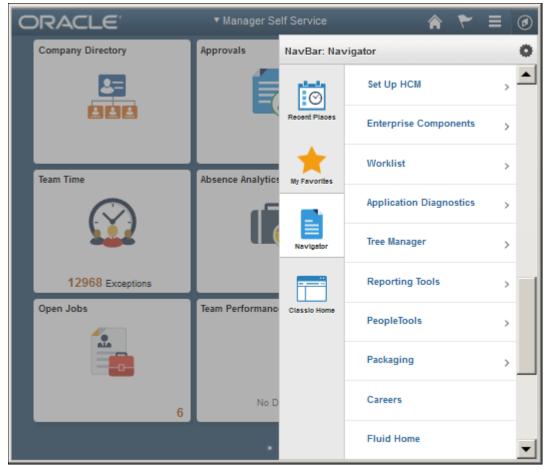
2. Select (press) Navigator.

	RACLE	 Manager Self Service 	* *	≡ ⊘
	Company Directory	Approvals	My Team	NavBar 🔕
			.	Recent Places
				*
	Team Time	Absence Analytics	Team Performance	My Favorites
	\bigcirc			Navigator
	12968 Exceptions			
	Open Jobs	Team Performance Status		Classio Home
	6	No Documents were fo		
• •				

NavBar side page

The menu structure appears.

3. Navigate to the desired item, such as Set Up HCM or PeopleTools.



Navigator side page with PeopleSoft menu items

See Also

PeopleTools: Applications User's Guide, "Working With Fluid Homepages" PeopleTools: Fluid User Interface Developer's Guide

Task 8-3-2: Setting Options for Multilingual Databases

Setting the Data Field Length Checking Option

The value to specify data field length checking must be set correctly in order for PeopleSoft applications to perform correctly in a browser. Use one of these methods to set the data field length checking option:

- Select PeopleTools, Utilities, Administration, PeopleTools Options, and select the Data Field Length Checking option from the drop-down list.
- Alternatively, use the SQL tool for your database platform to modify the DBLENGTHTYPE parameter in the PSOPTIONS table.

See PeopleTools: Global Technology, "Setting Data Field Length Checking."

See *PeopleTools: Global Technology*, "Selecting Character Sets."

TT 1 11 11 1		4 4		•
Use the guidelines in	this table to	select the correct	ontion tor	vour environment
Ose the guidennes m	tins table to	sciect the confect	. option ioi	your environment.

Environment	PeopleTools Option Page Selection	PSOPTIONS.DBLENGTHTYPE Value
Unicode-encoded database or a non- Unicode SBCS database	Others	Ν
Japanese database on DB2 LUW	DB2 MBCS	D
Non-Unicode Japanese database Note. If your installation uses the Shift- JIS character set for Japanese, you must use this option.	MBCS Note. The MBCS option is not supported for DB2 z/OS.	М

Setting the Unicode Enabled Option

If you are running a Unicode database, verify that the UNICODE_ENABLED parameter in the PSSTATUS table is set correctly. For example:

- For non-Unicode databases, including those using the Shift-JIS character set for Japanese, set UNICODE_ENABLED=0.
- For Unicode databases, set UNICODE_ENABLED=1.

See the information on converting to Unicode in the PeopleTools: Global Technology product documentation.

Task 8-3-3: Updating PeopleTools Options

You can set the following options on the PeopleTools Options page:

- Multi-Currency Select this check box if you plan to use currency conversion.
 See *PeopleTools: Global Technology*, "Using System-Wide Multicurrency Settings."
- Base Time Zone Enter a value for the base time zone for your PeopleTools database.
 See *PeopleTools: Global Technology*, "Setting the Base Time Zone."
- Sort Order Option If you specified a non-binary sort order for your database, choose the Sort Order Option that most closely approximates your database sort order.

See PeopleTools: Global Technology, "Setting the Sort Order."

Task 8-3-4: Updating Time Zone Information

Additional steps may be required to configure your time zone after you complete the installation. See *PeopleTools: Global Technology*, "Maintaining Time Zones."

Task 8-3-5: Updating Database Information

The database information updated in this procedure is used by the PeopleSoft software update tools to identify your PeopleSoft database when searching for updates. These steps should be followed for all additional databases that you create to enable the accurate identification of your databases.

- 1. Sign on to your PeopleSoft database.
- 2. Navigate to PeopleTools, Utilities, Administration, PeopleTools Options.
- 3. Specify long and short names for your environment. For example:
 - Environment Long Name Customer HR Demo Database
 - Environment Short Name HR Demo DB
- 4. Select a system type from the drop-down list. For example, Demo Database.
- 5. Save your changes.

Chapter 9

Deploying the PeopleTools Client DPK

This chapter discusses:

• Deploying the PeopleTools Client DPK

Task 9-1: Deploying the PeopleTools Client DPK

This section discusses:

- Understanding the Standalone Mode Deployment
- Preparing for the PeopleTools Client DPK Deployment
- Deploying in Standalone Mode

Task 9-1-1: Understanding the Standalone Mode Deployment

Use the standalone mode (SA mode) deployment for the PeopleTools Client DPKs when deploying the DPKs alone, without first deploying the PeopleSoft application or PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPKs. Use this method, for example, when carrying out a PeopleTools-only upgrade.

Use SA mode deployment for the following tasks:

• PeopleTools Upgrade

The deployment process installs a PeopleTools client *PS_HOME* that includes the directories needed for a PeopleSoft PeopleTools-only upgrade, such as data, projects, and scripts directories.

See "Reviewing Deployment Use Cases," Reviewing the PeopleTools-only Upgrade Use Case.

• PeopleTools Patch

The deployment process installs a PeopleTools client *PS_HOME* that includes the directories needed for a PeopleSoft PeopleTools patch application, such as the PTP directory.

See "Reviewing Deployment Use Cases," Reviewing the PeopleTools Patch DPK Use Case.

• PeopleTools Client

The deployment process installs a PeopleTools client *PS_HOME*. Choose the deployment type "None of the above" for this deployment.

Change Assistant installation

You can install Change Assistant as part of the PeopleTools Client deployment, or as a separate installation. The deployment process installs, but does not configure Change Assistant. To use Change Assistant for a PeopleSoft PeopleTools-only upgrade or to apply a PeopleSoft PeopleTools patch, you must configure Change Assistant manually. See the PeopleTools upgrade or patch documentation for information.

If there is an existing Change Assistant installation, the deployment process removes or upgrades it to the current release, and saves a configuration file with the existing setup.

See the PeopleTools installation guide for your database platform, "Installing PeopleSoft Change Assistant."

Change Impact Analyzer

You can install Change Impact Analyzer as part of the PeopleTools Client deployment, or as a separate installation.

• PeopleSoft Test Framework (PTF) installation

You can install PeopleSoft Test Framework as part of the PeopleTools Client deployment, or as a separate installation.

• PeopleSoft Test Framework (PTF) configuration

If you choose to configure PTF, the deployment process prompts you for setup parameters. You can configure PTF either at the same time that you install it or later. For example, you may choose to configure PTF separately if you install and configure it first, and then later the middle-tier components in your environment change. In this case, you do not need to install, but you can use the deployment process to reconfigure PTF.

Configuration Manager

If you accept the option to configure the PeopleTools client, the information that you supply is used to configure Configuration Manager.

Task 9-1-2: Preparing for the PeopleTools Client DPK Deployment

To deploy the PeopleTools Client DPK:

1. Go to the download location for the PeopleSoft PeopleTools DPKs, and download only the last zip file to a location known as *DPK_INSTALL* on a Microsoft Windows computer.

The last zip file, for example *Filename_*4of4.zip, is the PeopleSoft PeopleTools client DPK.

See Obtaining the PeopleSoft PeopleTools Patch DPKs.

- 2. Extract the downloaded zip file, which yields another zip file.
- 3. Extract the resulting zip file to a local or shared directory; for example C:\tools-client.

Task 9-1-3: Deploying in Standalone Mode

This section assumes that the user running the script has administrative permission.

To deploy the PeopleTools Client DPK in SA mode:

1. Verify that the Microsoft Windows folders options are set to show known file extensions.

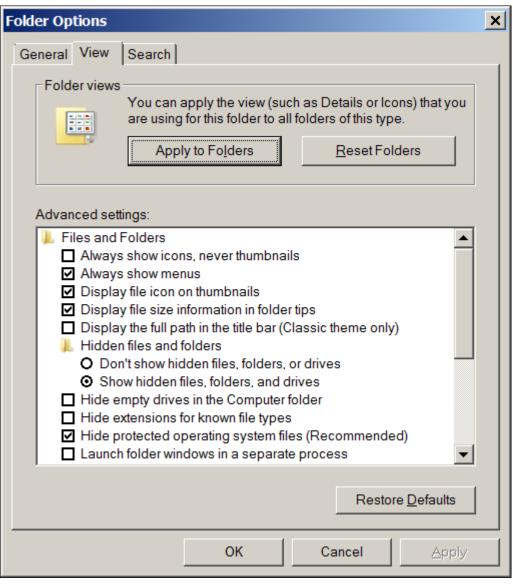
Hidden file extensions may interfere with the script. To show file extensions, for example:

a. Open Windows Explorer and select Tools, Folder Options.

Note. Depending upon the Microsoft Windows operating system, you may use a different method to set the folder options.

b. On the Folder Options dialog box, select the View tab.

c. Verify that the check box for Hide extensions for known file types is not selected, as shown in this example:



Folder Options dialog box: View tab

- d. Click OK to close the box.
- 2. Open a command prompt, running as administrator, and change directory to the C:\tools_client folder. The tools_client folder includes various sub-folders, and the following files:
 - SetupPTClient.bat

The interactive script that installs the PeopleSoft PeopleTools components such as Application Designer, Change Assistant, Change Impact Analyzer, and PeopleSoft Test Framework.

- readme.txt
- 3. Run the setup script with the following command:

```
SetupPTClient.bat -t
```

Note. If you see an error message similar to "The application has failed to start because its side-by-side configuration is incorrect," it indicates that your machine does not include the necessary Microsoft C++ runtime libraries. Go to the Microsoft Web site, locate the Microsoft Visual C++ redistributable package for your system, and install as directed.

 The setup script deploys to drive C by default. To deploy to a different drive, you can use the option -d <drive>:

SetupPTClient.bat -t -d E

This option installs all specified software (Change Assistant, Change Impact Analyzer, PeopleSoft Test Framework), installation and temporary directories, and log files to the specified drive, $E:\$ in this example. The drive can be any valid local or mapped shared drive.

• To enable logging, include the option -1 in the command:

```
SetupPTClient.bat -t -1
```

4. Answer y (yes) at the following prompt to deploy the PeopleTools Client.

If you are running the script after having deployed the PeopleTools Client previously, and you want to install Change Assistant, Change Impact Analyzer, or PeopleSoft Test Framework without deploying the PeopleTools Client again, answer n (no), and continue with step 9.

```
****** SetupPTClient started at 11:42:38.91 ******
set logger to true
Do you want to deploy PeopleTools client? [Y/N]: y
```

5. Specify the RDBMS type for the PeopleTools Client that you want to deploy.

In this example, the RDBMS is option 1, Oracle.

```
Please Select the Database Platform:
1. Oracle
2. DB2 for LUW
3. Microsoft SQL Server
4. DB2 for zOS
Enter your choice [1-4] : 1
```

6. Specify the installation directory, referred to as PSHOME, for the PeopleTools Client, or press ENTER to accept the default directory, C:\PT<*release_number>_*Client_<*database_type>*, for example C:\PT8.56.02_Client_ORA.

```
Please specify the PSHOME for the PeopleTools Client [C:\PT8.56.02_⇒ Client ORA]:
```

7. Specify whether you want to supply configuration details at the following prompt.

```
Do you want to configure PeopleTools client? [Y/N]:
```

If you answer n (no), you do not want to configure the PeopleTools client, continue with step 9.

If you answer y (yes), specify the information for your environment at the following prompts:

```
Database Name: HCM92
Server Name: example.com
UserId: VP1
Connect ID: people
Connect Password:
Retype Connect Password:
```

Note. When you enter the password, the script does not echo the password or any masking characters as you type.

- Specify the database name and database server to connect to.
- The connect ID a valid database-level ID that the PeopleSoft system uses to make the initial connection to the database.
- For User ID, specify a PeopleSoft user ID, such as VP1 or PS, that has permission to access the database from the PeopleTools client, Application Designer, and so on.
- 8. Select the type of deployment at the following prompt:

See the definitions in Understanding the Standalone Mode Deployment.

```
Please make your selection for the Tools Client deployment:
    1. People Tools Full Upgrade
    2. People Tools Patch
    3. None of the above
    Enter your choice [1-3]:
```

9. Specify whether you want to install Change Assistant at the following prompt:

```
Do you want to install Change Assistant? [Y/N]:
```

If you answer *y* (yes), specify the installation directory, or accept the default, C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change Assistant:

```
Please specify the directory to install Change Assistant [C:\Program⇒ Files\PeopleSoft\Change Assistant]:
```

10. Specify whether you want to install Change Impact Analyzer at the following prompt:

Do you want to install Change Impact Analyzer? [Y/N]:

If you answer *y* (yes), specify the installation directory for Change Impact Analyzer, or accept the default, C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change Impact Analyzer:

```
Please specify the directory to install Change Impact Analyzer [C:⇒ \Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change Impact Analyzer]:
```

11. Specify whether you want to install PeopleSoft Test Framework at the following prompt:

Do you want to install PeopleSoft Test Framework? [Y/N]:

If you answer *y* (yes), specify the installation directory for PeopleSoft Test Framework, or accept the default, C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\PeopleSoft Test Framework:

Please specify the directory to install PeopleSoft Test Framework [C:⇒ \Program Files\PeopleSoft\PeopleSoft Test Framework]:

12. Specify whether you want to configure the PeopleSoft Test Framework at the following prompt:

Do you want to configure PeopleSoft Test Framework? [Y/N]:

If you answer *y* (yes), specify the information for your environment. For information on these parameters, see the PeopleTools Test Framework product documentation.

See PeopleTools: Test Framework, "Installing a PTF Client."

Database Name: HCM92 Server:Port: example.com:443 Node ID: node_name User ID: VP1 Proxy [Y/N]: y Proxy Server: proxyserver.com Proxy Port: 5000 Proxy User: username Proxy Password:****** Retype Proxy Password:******

13. Review the setup steps.

The messages you see depend upon your choices.

```
Starting Tools Client Deployment!
Deploying PeopleTools 8.56.02 Client in C:\PT8.56.02_Client_ORA
Configuring PeopleTools 8.56.02 Client
Deployment of PeopleTools Client Complete.
Tools Client Deployment Ended.
***** SetupPTClient ended at 11:35:08.91 *****
Please review C:\PeopleSoft\PTClientDeploy.log for additional⇒
information.
```

14. To review the log file for the setup process, go to

%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Temp\PeopleSoft\PTClientDeploy.log.

For example, if the USERPROFILE environment variable is C:\Users\username, the log file location is C:\Users\username\AppData\Local\Temp\PeopleSoft\PTClientDeploy.log.

Note. If you used the -d <drive> option to deploy to a drive other than drive C:\, the log file is found in <drive>:\Users\<username>\AppData\Local\Temp\PeopleSoft\PTClientDeploy.log and creates the directory if it does not exist.

The PTClientDeploy.log file includes a record of each of the steps in the PeopleTools Client deployment process. If any of the steps fail, a detailed error or warning message will be written to the same log file.

Part II

Discretionary Installation

The second part of the installation guide includes optional tasks, tasks that are only required by certain environments, and those that you may decide to defer until after the initial installation.

Chapter 10

Setting Up the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture in Silent Mode

This chapter discusses:

- Understanding PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture
- Using Authentication Domains in the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture Installation
- Installing the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture in Silent Mode
- Configuring the SSL/TLS Port for JSL
- Testing and Administering the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture Installation
- Completing Post-Installation Steps

Understanding PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture

This chapter explains how to install and configure the components of the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture in silent mode.

See "Installing Web Server Products."

The setup program for the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture is installed to the web server machine when you run the PeopleSoft Installer and select the PeopleSoft Web Server option.

See "Using the PeopleSoft Installer."

Oracle only supports customer installations that use web servers that are certified for PeopleSoft PeopleTools. *You must install the web server before you install the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture.* Before you install the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture, you must also have configured an application server, as described in the previous chapter.

The location where you install the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture is referred to in this documentation as *PIA_HOME*. You can specify different locations for *PS_HOME* and *PIA_HOME*. After you complete the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture installation, you can locate the installation files in the directory *PIA_HOME*/webserv.

For PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.51 and later, if you are setting up the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture on a Microsoft Windows platform, the directory and path that you specify for *PIA_HOME* may include spaces. However, parentheses in the directory name (for example, "C:\Program Files (x86)") are *not* allowed for *PIA_HOME*.

See "Preparing for Installation," Defining Installation Locations.

If your web server is on a different machine than your application server, you need to make sure you have JRE installed on your web server to run the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture installation.

The initial PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture setup automatically creates the default PeopleSoft site named ps. In subsequent PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture setups, change the site name from *ps* to a unique value. We recommend using the database name. This is handy for easy identification and ensures that the database web server files are installed in a unique web site.

The URL that you use to invoke the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture must conform to ASN.1 specifications. That is, it may contain only alphanumeric characters, dots ("."), or dashes ("-"). The URL must not begin or end with a dot or dash, or contain consecutive dots (".."). If the URL includes more than one portion, separated by dots, do not use a number to begin a segment if the other segments contain letters. For example, "mycompany.second.country.com" is correct, but "mycompany.2nd.country.com" is wrong.

Review the following additional notes before beginning the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture installation:

- If you want to connect between multiple application databases, you need to implement single signon.
- If the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture installation encounters an error, it will indicate which log files to refer to.

See "Installing Web Server Products."

• The machine on which you run the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture install must be running in 256 color *mode*. This is not necessary for UNIX or console mode.

The PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture installation includes the following products:

- *PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture.* This product is the centerpiece of the PeopleSoft architecture that enables users to work on a machine with only a supported browser installed. This option installs the servlets required for deploying PeopleSoft Applications and for the PeopleSoft portal. The portal packs and PeopleSoft Portal Solutions have their own installation instructions, which are available on My Oracle Support. For an overview of the various types of portals, consult the *PeopleTools: Portal Technology* product documentation.
- *PeopleSoft Report Repository*. This product works in conjunction with Process Scheduler to allow report distribution over the web.
- *PeopleSoft Integration Gateway.* This product is the entry and exit point for all messages to and from the Integration Broker. Its Java-based Connector architecture allows asynchronous and synchronous messages to be sent over a variety of standard protocols, many that are delivered at install, or through custom connectors.

Important! For PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.50 and later, review the product documentation concerning security properties for Integration Gateway. When setting the properties in the integrationGateways.properties file, the property secureFileKeystorePasswd must be encrypted, and the secureFileKeystorePath must be set.

See PeopleTools: Integration Broker Administration.

• *PeopleSoft CTI Console.* This product works in conjunction with CTI vendor software to enable call center agents to take advantage of browser-based teleset management and automatic population of application pages with relevant data associated with incoming calls, such as customer or case details.

See PeopleTools: MultiChannel Framework.

• *Environment Management Hub.* The Environment Management hub is a web application that is installed with the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture and portal. It is started along with the rest of the web applications when the user boots the web server. You cannot start the Environment Management Hub on a server that is configured to run HTTPS; in other words, if you plan to run Environment Management, your PIA server needs to be configured in HTTP mode.

See PeopleTools: Change Assistant and Update Manager.

See Also

PeopleTools: Security Administration

Using Authentication Domains in the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture Installation

You have the option to specify an authentication domain when you install the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture on Oracle WebLogic or IBM WebSphere.

Note. The authentication domain was referred to as the Authentication Token Domain in previous releases, and that term is still seen in the software.

When an authentication domain is specified during the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture installation, that value gets used as the Cookie domain in the web server configuration. The main requirements when setting a cookie domain are:

- The cookie domain value being set must begin with a dot (.ps.com is valid, ps.com is NOT valid).
- The cookie domain value being set must contain at least 1 embedded dot (.ps.com is valid, .corp.ps.com is valid, .com is NOT valid).
- The cookie domain value can only be a single domain name. It cannot be a delimiter-separated list of domains.

By default, the browser only sends cookies back to the machine that set the cookie. So if web server crm.yourdomain.com sets a cookie, the browser will only send it back there. You can make the browser send the single signon cookie to all servers at yourdomain.com by typing your domain name in the Authentication Token Domain list box of web server crm.

Specifying the authentication domain may be necessary in certain cases. For example, if you plan to use the PeopleSoft portal technology, be sure to read the supporting documentation on configuring the portal environment, to determine whether setting the authentication domain is required for correct operation.

See PeopleTools: Portal Technology.

Specify an authentication domain if you plan to run a REN Server. REN Servers are required for PeopleSoft MultiChannel Framework, Reporting, and some PeopleSoft CRM applications supported by PeopleSoft MultiChannel Framework.

See PeopleTools: MultiChannel Framework.

If you use the PeopleSoft Mobile Application Platform (MAP), you must specify the same authentication domain during the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture installation, for MAP, and for Integration Broker and integration hubs.

See PeopleTools: Mobile Application Platform.

See PeopleTools: Integration Broker.

Task 10-1: Installing the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture in Silent Mode

This section discusses:

- Understanding the Silent Installation and the Response File
- Editing the Response File

• Running the Silent Mode Installation

Understanding the Silent Installation and the Response File

You can carry out a silent installation of the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture by providing all the required settings in a response file. With silent installation there is no user interaction. Silent mode installation of PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture is supported for both Microsoft Windows and UNIX operating systems platforms, and for both Oracle WebLogic and IBM WebSphere web servers.

Task 10-1-1: Editing the Response File

You need a response file to start the installer in silent mode. The PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture installer comes with a response file template (resp_file.txt) that can be found under *PS_HOME*\ setup\PsMpPIAInstall\scripts. Modify the values in the response file according to your installation requirements.

The response file should contain all the input parameters that are needed for deploying PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture, such as PS_CFG_HOME, DOMAIN_NAME, SERVER_TYPE, and so on. Many input parameters are self-explanatory, and the sample response file includes brief definitions in some cases. Here are some additional guidelines:

• Specify SERVER_TYPE=weblogic to deploy on Oracle WebLogic.

For Oracle WebLogic, specify the installation location for BEA_HOME.

• Specify SERVER_TYPE=websphere to deploy on IBM WebSphere.

If you installed IBM WebSphere, specify the installation location for WS_HOME.

- For information on the optional PSSERVER parameter, see the information on configuring Jolt failover and load balancing in the *PeopleTools: System and Server Administration* production documentation.
- INSTALL_TYPE
 - SINGLE_SERVER_INSTALLATION This domain configuration contains one server named PIA, and the entire PeopleSoft application is deployed to it. This configuration is intended for single user or very small scale, non-production environments.
 - MULTI_SERVER_INSTALLATION This domain configuration contains seven unique server definitions, an Oracle WebLogic cluster, and the PeopleSoft application split across multiple servers. This configuration is intended for a production environment.
 - AUTH_DOMAIN This is optional. The value you enter for Authentication Token Domain must match the value you specify when configuring your application server, as described earlier in this book. In addition, certain installation configurations require that you specify an authentication domain.

See Using Authentication Domains in the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture Installation.

Note. When specifying paths on Microsoft Windows operating systems, use forward slashes (/), as shown in the examples in the response file.

Sample Response file template:

#Following inputs are required in response file for silent installation

- # Location of PIA_HOME directory. For windows path should have front⇒ slash '/' instead of back slash '\'
- # Set the below variable to the location where you want to install PIA.
- # PLEASE NOTE this variable could be ANY DIRECTORY on your machine. It \Rightarrow

```
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```

includes but is definitely not limited to PeopleTools Home. PS CFG HOME=C:/PT8.50 # Name of the PIA domain DOMAIN NAME=peoplesoft # Web server type. Possible values are "weblogic", "websphere" SERVER TYPE=weblogic # WebLogic home, the location where Oracle WebLogic is installed (for Web⇒ Logic deployment only) BEA HOME=c:/bea # WebSphere Home, the location where IBM WebSphere is installed (for Web⇒ Sphere deployment only) WS HOME=C:/IBM/WebSphere/AppServer # admin console user id/password for securing WebLogic/WebSphere admin⇒ console credential USER ID=system USER PWD= USER PWD RETYPE= # Install action to specify the core task that installer should perform. # For creating new PIA domain - CREATE NEW DOMAIN. # For redeploying PIA - REDEPLOY PSAPP. # For recreating PIA domain - REBUILD DOMAIN. # For installing additional PSFT site - ADD SITE # For installing Extensions - ADD PSAPP EXT INSTALL ACTION=CREATE NEW DOMAIN # Domain type to specify whether to create new domain or modify existing⇒ domain. Possible values are "NEW DOMAIN", "EXISTING DOMAIN". DOMAIN TYPE=NEW DOMAIN # App home is required only when you are installing extensions from a⇒ decoupled Apps home, please leave it commented otherwise. # Silent installer can detect the deployable application extensions from \Rightarrow the PS APP HOME # PS APP HOME=D:/CR9.2 # Install type to specify whether the installation is a single server or \Rightarrow multi server deployment. Possible values are "SINGLE SERVER ⇒ INSTALLATION", "MULTI SERVER INSTALLATION" INSTALL TYPE=SINGLE SERVER INSTALLATION # WebSite Name WEBSITE NAME=ps # To enable jolt failover and load balancing, provide a list of \Rightarrow application server domains in the format of; PSSERVER=AppSrvr:JSLport,...

```
# For example: PSSERVER=SERVER1:9000,SERVER2:9010,SERVER3:9020
# PSSERVER is optional, but if set will have precedence over APPSERVER ⇒
NAME & JSL PORT.
PSSERVER=
# AppServer Name
APPSERVER NAME=
# Appserver JSL Port
JSL PORT=
# HTTP Port
HTTP PORT=80
# HTTPS Port
HTTPS PORT=443
# Authentication Domain (optional)
AUTH DOMAIN=
# Web Profile Name Possible Values are "DEV","TEST","PROD","KIOSK"
WEB PROF NAME=PROD
# Web Profile password for User "PTWEBSERVER"
WEB PROF PWD=
WEB PROF PWD RETYPE=
# Integration Gateway user profile.
IGW USERID=administrator
IGW PWD=
IGW PWD RETYPE=
# AppServer connection user profile
APPSRVR CONN PWD=
APPSRVR CONN PWD RETYPE=
# Directory path for reports
REPORTS DIR=
```

Task 10-1-2: Running the Silent Mode Installation

Use the response file that you modified for your configuration. Substitute the location where you saved the response file for *<path to response file>* in the following procedures:

To install the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture in silent mode on Microsoft Windows:

- 1. In a command prompt, go to *PS_HOME*\setup\PsMpPIAInstall.
- 2. Run the following command, using forward slashes (/) to specify the path:

setup.bat -i silent -DRES FILE PATH=<path to response file>

For example:

setup.bat -i silent -DRES FILE PATH=D:/PT8.56

To install the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture in silent mode on UNIX or Linux:

- 1. Go to *PS_HOME*/setup/PsMpPIAInstall.
- 2. Run the following command, using forward slashes (/) to specify the path:

```
setup.sh -i silent -DRES_FILE_PATH=<path_to_response_file>
```

For example:

setup.bat -i silent -DRES FILE PATH=/home/PT856

Task 10-2: Configuring the SSL/TLS Port for JSL

Supply the SSL/TLS port for JSL in the configuration.properties file for the web server.

See PeopleTools: Integration Broker, "Installing Web Server-Based Digital Certificates."

- 1. Using a text editor, open the configuration.properties file in the web server deployment folder located here: <*PIA_HOME*>\webserv\<*DOMAIN_NAME*>\application\peoplesoft\PORTAL.war\WEB_INF\psftdoc\ps.
- 2. Locate the psserver section and enter the application server name and the SSL/TLS port.

Enter the SSL/TLS port that you specified for the JSL SSL Port when setting up the application server domain.

See Creating, Configuring, and Starting an Initial Application Server Domain.

psserver=<machine_name>:<SSL_port_for_JSL>

3. Locate the section Keystore password for ssl connection.

If you reset the SSL/TLS Java Keystore password, enter it here. Otherwise, accept the default value. The default Java Keystore file is located in *PIA_HOME*>\webserv*DOMAIN_NAME*>\ piaconfig\keystore\pskey.

#Keystore password for ssl connection
KeyStorePwd=={V1.1}7m4OtVwXFNyLc1j6pZG69Q==

4. Save and close the file.

Task 10-3: Testing and Administering the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture Installation

This section discusses:

- Verifying the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture Installation
- Starting and Stopping Oracle WebLogic
- Starting and Stopping IBM WebSphere Application Servers
- Using PSADMIN to Start and Stop Web Servers
- Accessing the PeopleSoft Signon

Verifying the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture Installation

After installing the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture, you should make sure that your configuration is functional. You can test this by signing on to PeopleSoft, navigating within the menu structure, and accessing pages. (Make sure the application server is configured and booted.) This section includes procedures to start and stop the Oracle WebLogic or IBM WebSphere web servers whenever necessary.

Task 10-3-1: Starting and Stopping Oracle WebLogic

If you are using the Oracle WebLogic web server, you need to sign on to Oracle WebLogic before using these commands. If you are using IBM WebSphere instead, go on to the next section. Use the following commands in the Oracle WebLogic domain directory.

Note. Starting from Oracle WebLogic 9.2 and later releases, all the Life-cycle management scripts and other batch scripts for the PIA server on Oracle WebLogic are located in *PIA_HOME*>|webserv*<domain_name*>|bin folder.

• To start Oracle WebLogic Server as a foreground process on a single server, use the following commands: On Microsoft Windows:

startPIA.cmd

0 0 0 2 0 2 2 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0

On UNIX or Linux: startPIA.sh

- To start Oracle WebLogic Server as a foreground process on multiple-servers or distributed servers, use the following commands:
 - 1. Execute the following command:

On Microsoft Windows: startWebLogicAdmin.cmd

On UNIX or Linux: startWebLogicAdmin.sh

2. Then execute:

On Microsoft Windows:

startManagedWebLogic.cmd ManagedServerName

On UNIX or Linux: startManagedWebLogic.sh ManagedServerName

- To stop the server, use the following commands:
 - Single Server on Microsoft Windows: stopPIA.cmd

Single Server on UNIX or Linux: stopPIA.sh

• Multiple Servers or Distributed Servers on Microsoft Windows:

stopWebLogic.cmd ManagedServerName

Single Server on UNIX or Linux:

stopWebLogic.sh ManagedServerName

For more information on working with Oracle WebLogic multiple servers or distributed servers, see the *PeopleTools: System and Server Administration* product documentation.

Note. For more information on working with Oracle WebLogic multiple or distributed servers, search My Oracle Support.

Task 10-3-2: Starting and Stopping IBM WebSphere Application Servers

This section discusses:

- Starting and Stopping IBM WebSphere Application Servers on Windows
- Starting and Stopping IBM WebSphere Application Servers on UNIX or Linux
- Verifying the IBM WebSphere Installation

Starting and Stopping IBM WebSphere Application Servers on Windows

To start and stop the WebSphere Application Server Network Deployment 9.0.0.0 (WebSphere ND), use the WebSphere First Steps utility:

1. For example, on Microsoft Windows 2012 R2, access the Apps screen and locate the First steps utility in the IBM WebSphere category.

The following example shows the First steps window for the profile *peoplesoft*:

•	WebSphere Application Server - First steps - peoplesoft	□ X
	WebSphere Application Server	IBM.
Fi	rst steps	
	Installation verification Confirm that your server is installed and that it can start properly. Start the server Start the server and its applications. Administrative console Install and administer applications. WebSphere Customization Toolbox Launch this toolbox to access the Profile Management Tool and work with profiles, or to access the Migration Management Tool and migrate WebSphere Application Server 7.0, 8.0 or 8.5 profiles to version 9.0. Movedge Center for WebSphere Application Server Learn more about WebSphere Application Server and explore sample applications.	
	software products.	

WebSphere Application Server - First steps window

2. Select the link Start the server.

If the server starts properly, a verification window appears with several messages about the initialization process.

3. To verify whether the server was installed and can start properly, click the link Installation Verification on the First Step window and review the messages.

First steps output - Installation verification
[5/17/17 18:34:55:850 MDT] 00000001 FfdcProvider W com.ibm.ws.ffdc.impl.FfdcProvider logIncident FFDC1003I: FFDC Incident emitted on C:\Users\
5/17/17 18:35:04:917 MDT 00000001 SibMessage W [:] CWSJY0003W: MQJCA5001: WMQ messaging : '9.0.0.0-p900-L160509.1'.
[5/17/17 18:35:08:352 MDT] 0000004c AuthConfigFac W SECJ8032W: AuthConfigFactory implementation is not defined, using the default JASPI factory implementation is not defined.
[5/17/17 18:35:11:601 MDT] 0000004c webcontainer W com.ibm.ws.webcontainer.VirtualHostImpl addVhostEntry SRVE8100W: VirtualHost alias already exists
[5/17/17 18:35:11:604 MDT] 0000004c webcontainer W com.ibm.ws.webcontainer.VirtualHostImpl addVhostEntry SRVE8100W: VirtualHost alias already exists
[5/17/17 18:35:16:379 MDT] 0000004d FfdcProvider W com.ibm.ws.ffdc.impl.FfdcProvider logIncident FFDC1003I: FFDC Incident emitted on C:\Users'
[5/17/17 18:40:26:405 MDT] 00000001 WSKeyStore W CWPKI0041W: One or more key stores are using the default password.
[5/17/17 18:40:27:423 MDT] 00000001 FfdcProvider W com.ibm.ws.ffdc.impl.FfdcProvider logIncident FFDC1003I: FFDC Incident emitted on C:\Users\
[5/17/17 18:40:27:424 MDT] 00000001 ModuleManifes E UTLS0002E: The shared library psSharedLibrary contains a classpath entry which does not resolve to
[5/17/17 18:40:27:426 MDT] 00000001 ModuleManifes E UTLS0002E: The shared library psSharedLibrary contains a classpath entry which does not resolve to
[5/17/17 18:40:27:427 MDT] 00000001 ModuleManifes E UTLS0002E: The shared library psSharedLibrary contains a classpath entry which does not resolve to
[5/17/17 18:40:27:427 MDT] 00000001 ModuleManifes E UTLS0002E: The shared library psSharedLibrary contains a classpath entry which does not resolve to
[5/17/17 18:40:27:581 MDT] 00000001 FfdcProvider W com.ibm.ws.ffdc.impl.FfdcProvider logIncident FFDC1003I: FFDC Incident emitted on C:\Users\
[5/17/17 18:40:32:792 MDT] 00000001 SibMessage W [:] CWSJY0003W: MQJCA5001: WMQ messaging : '9.0.0.0-p900-L160509.1'.
[5/17/17 18:40:34:404 MDT] 0000004c AuthConfigFac W SECJ8032W: AuthConfigFactory implementation is not defined, using the default JASPI factory implementation is not defined.
[5/17/17 18:40:36:487 MDT] 0000004c webcontainer W com.ibm.ws.webcontainer.VirtualHostImpl addVhostEntry SRVE8100W: VirtualHost alias already exists
[5/17/17 18:40:36:489 MDT] 0000004c webcontainer W com.ibm.ws.webcontainer.VirtualHostImpl addVhostEntry SRVE8100W: VirtualHost alias already exists
[5/17/17 18:40:41:741 MDT] 0000004b FfdcProvider W com.ibm.ws.ffdc.impl.FfdcProvider logIncident FFDC1003I: FFDC Incident emitted on C:\Users\w 🙄
[5/17/17 19:31:32:812 MDT] 000000a8 FfdcProvider W com.ibm.ws.ffdc.impl.FfdcProvider logIncident FFDC1003I: FFDC Incident emitted on C:\Users\ 1
[5/25/17 15:14:43:235 MDT] 00000001 WSKeyStore W CWPKI0041W: One or more key stores are using the default password.
[5/25/17 15:14:54:209 MDT] 00000001 FfdcProvider W com.ibm.ws.ffdc.impl.FfdcProvider logIncident FFDC1003I: FFDC Incident emitted on C:\Users\
[5/25/17 15:14:54:210 MDT] 00000001 ModuleManifes E UTLS0002E: The shared library psSharedLibrary contains a classpath entry which does not resolve to
[5/25/17 15:14:54:215 MDT] 00000001 ModuleManifes E UTLS0002E: The shared library psSharedLibrary contains a classpath entry which does not resolve to
[5/25/17 15:14:54:217 MDT] 00000001 ModuleManifes E UTLS0002E: The shared library psSharedLibrary contains a classpath entry which does not resolve to
[5/25/17 15:14:54:219 MDT] 00000001 ModuleManifes E UTLS0002E: The shared library psSharedLibrary contains a classpath entry which does not resolve t
[5/25/17 15:14:55:452 MDT] 00000001 FfdcProvider W com.ibm.ws.ffdc.impl.FfdcProvider logIncident FFDC1003I: FFDC Incident emitted on C:\Users\\ t
[5/25/17 15:15:12:355 MDT] 00000001 SibMessage W [] CWSJY0003W: MQJCA5001: WMQ messaging : '9.0.0.0-p900-L160509.1'.
[5/25/17 15:15:18:677 MDT] 0000004e AuthConfigFac W SECJ8032W: AuthConfigFactory implementation is not defined, using the default JASPI factory implementation is not defined.
[5/25/17 15:15:36:366 MDT] 000004e webcontainer W com.ibm.ws.webcontainer.VirtualHostImpl addVhostEntry SRVE8100W: VirtualHost alias already exists
5/25/17 15:15:36:368 MDTJ 0000004e webcontainer W com.ibm.ws.webcontainer.VirtualHostImpl addVhostEntry SRVE8100W: VirtualHost alias already exists
[5/25/17 15:15:2:215 MDT] 0000004d FfdcProvider W com.ibm.ws.ffdc.impl.FfdcProvider logIncident FFDC1003l; FFDC Incident emitted on C:\Users\\ t
IVTL0040I: 42 errors/warnings are detected in the C:\Users\\ \psf\pt\8.56\webser\peoplesoft\logs\server1\SystemOut.log file
IVTL0070I: The Installation Verification succeeded.
IVTL0080I: The installation verification is complete.

First steps output - Installation verification window

Starting and Stopping IBM WebSphere Application Servers on UNIX or Linux

To start WebSphere ND on UNIX or Linux, use the following command:

<PIA_HOME>/webserv/<profile_name>/bin/startServer.sh <server_name>

For example:

/home/pt856/webserver/peoplesoft/bin/startServer.sh server1

To stop WebSphere ND, use the following command:

<PIA HOME>/webserv/<profile name>/bin/stopServer.sh <server name>

Verifying the IBM WebSphere Installation

Use this method to verify the WebSphere ND and PIA installation for both Microsoft Windows and UNIX.

To verify the WebSphere ND and PIA installation, copy the following URL into a browser address bar, substituting your machine name and the http port number:

http://<machine_name>:<http_port>/ivt/ivtservlet

You should see the text "IVT Servlet" in the browser, as in this example:

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help	1
🚱 Back 🔹 🕥 👻 😰 🏠 🔎 Search 🤺 Favorites 🤣 😒 🍓 🕋	~ »
Address 🙆 http://machine_name:80/ivt/ivtservlet 💿 🕤 Go	Links »
IVT Servlet	N.
Cocal intranet	

IVT Servlet window

You should also sign into the PeopleSoft application, as described in a later section, to verify the installation.

See Accessing the PeopleSoft Signon.

Task 10-3-3: Using PSADMIN to Start and Stop Web Servers

In addition to the methods given in the previous sections for starting and stopping Oracle WebLogic and IBM WebSphere web servers, in PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.52 and later releases you can use PSADMIN to administer a web server domain.

See PeopleTools: System and Server Administration.

To start and stop web servers:

1. Specify 4 for Web (PIA) Server.

The location of Config Home is the current working directory. The PSADMIN utility determines the Config Home directory by checking for the PS_CFG_HOME environment variable. If that is not set, it checks for the presence of domains in the default *PS_CFG_HOME* location. If none exists, it uses the *PS_HOME* location from which it was launched.

See "Preparing for Installation," Defining Installation Locations.

2. Select 1 for Administer a domain.

The PSADMIN utility determines the PIA Home location displayed here by first checking for a PIA_HOME environment variable. If none is set, it checks for the PS_CFG_HOME environment variable. If neither is set, it uses the default PS_CFG_HOME directory.

3. Select the domain you want to administer by entering the appropriate number.

PeopleSoft PIA Domain Administration - Choose a Domain

- 1) psftTST
- 2) peoplesoft
- q) Quit

Command to execute: ${\bf 2}$

4. To start a web server domain, enter 1, Boot this domain.

Starting the domain..... ... Verifying domain status.. The domain has started.

5. To stop a web server domain, select 2, Shutdown this domain.

```
Stopping the domain....
....
Verifying domain status.....
The domain has stopped.
```

6. Select 1 to install a service, or 2 to remove it.

This command invokes the installNTservice script, and creates a service named *WebLogicDomain-WebLogicServer*.

```
Windows Service Setup

PIA Home: C:\psft_websrv

PIA Domain: peoplesoft

Domain status: started

1) Install Service

2) Uninstall Service

q) Quit

Command to execute:
```

Task 10-3-4: Accessing the PeopleSoft Signon

To access the PeopleSoft signon:

1. Open your web browser.

2. Enter the name of the site you want to access—for example (the default value for *<site_name>* is ps):

http://<machine_name>:<http_port>/<site_name>/signon.html

Note. PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture installed on IBM WebSphere server listens at the HTTP/HTTPS ports specified during the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture install. Invoke PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture through a browser by using the specified HTTP or HTTPS ports—that is, http:// <*WebSphere_machine_name*>:<*server_port*>/<*site_name*>/signon.html (if AuthTokenDomain is not specified) or http://<*WebSphere_machine_name.mycompany.com*>:<*server_port*>/<*site_name*>/ signon.html (if you specified .mycompany.com as the AuthTokenDomain). You can find the HTTP and HTTPS ports in the file <*PIA_HOME*>/webserv/<*domain_name*>/logs/AboutThisProfile.txt.

This will take you to the sign-in window corresponding to your browser's language preference, as shown in this example:

<u> </u>	
🗲 🔿 🥖 ZEDMO/?cmd=logout 🔎 🕆 🖒 🎑 Oracle PeopleSoft Sig × 👘 🛧	
File Edit View Favorites Tools Help	
ORACLE	
PEOPLESOFT	
User ID	
Password	
Select a Language	
English	
Sign In	
Enable Screen Reader Mode	
Set Trace Flags	
Copyright © 2000, 2017, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.	

Oracle PeopleSoft Enterprise Sign in window

Note. If you do not see the signon screen, check that you supplied all the correct variables and that your application server and the database server are running.

3. Sign in to the PeopleSoft system by entering a valid user ID and password.

The user ID and password are case sensitive.

Note. The user ID and password were set during the database configuration and also used to boot the application server.

The PeopleSoft PeopleTools and PeopleSoft applications include various default user IDs. For information on using the user IDs delivered with your PeopleSoft application demo database, see the application-specific installation instructions. For information on using and securing PeopleSoft PeopleTools default user IDs, see the information on administering user profiles in the *PeopleTools: Security Administration* product documentation.

Task 10-4: Completing Post-Installation Steps

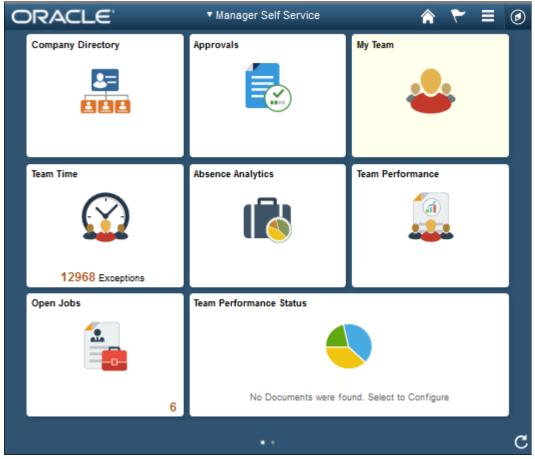
This section discusses:

- Using Fluid User Interface
- Setting Options for Multilingual Databases
- Updating PeopleTools Options
- Updating Time Zone Information
- Updating Database Information

Task 10-4-1: Using Fluid User Interface

When you sign in to your PeopleSoft application, you may see the PeopleSoft Fluid User Interface by default. To access the menu items, as seen in the classic user interface, from the PeopleSoft Fluid User Interface:

1. On the PeopleSoft Fluid User Interface, shown in this example, select (press) the NavBar button at the top right (diamond inside a circle).



PeopleSoft Fluid User Interface home page

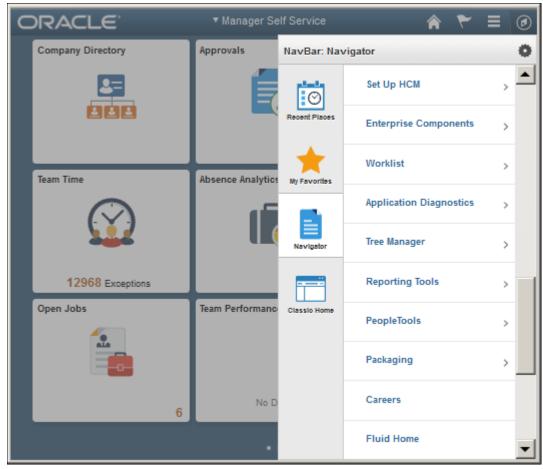
The Navigation bar (NavBar) side page appears.

- ORACLE Â My Team **Company Directory** Approvals NavBar Ö 0 oent Place Team Time Absence Analytics Team Performance My Favorites 12968 Exceptions Open Jobs Team Performance Status Classio Home No Documents were found. Select to Configure 6
- 2. Select (press) Navigator.

NavBar side page

The menu structure appears.

3. Navigate to the desired item, such as Set Up HCM or PeopleTools.



Navigator side page with PeopleSoft menu items

See Also

PeopleTools: Applications User's Guide, "Working With Fluid Homepages" PeopleTools: Fluid User Interface Developer's Guide

Task 10-4-2: Setting Options for Multilingual Databases

Setting the Data Field Length Checking Option

The value to specify data field length checking must be set correctly in order for PeopleSoft applications to perform correctly in a browser. Use one of these methods to set the data field length checking option:

- Select PeopleTools, Utilities, Administration, PeopleTools Options, and select the Data Field Length Checking option from the drop-down list.
- Alternatively, use the SQL tool for your database platform to modify the DBLENGTHTYPE parameter in the PSOPTIONS table.

See PeopleTools: Global Technology, "Setting Data Field Length Checking."

See PeopleTools: Global Technology, "Selecting Character Sets."

TT .1 .1 1 .		11 .		•
Use the guidelines i	n this table to	select the correct	ontion for	vour environment.
obe the guidennes i	in this tuble to		option for	your environment.

Environment	PeopleTools Option Page Selection	PSOPTIONS.DBLENGTHTYPE Value
Unicode-encoded database or a non- Unicode SBCS database	Others	Ν
Japanese database on DB2 LUW	DB2 MBCS	D
Non-Unicode Japanese database Note. If your installation uses the Shift- JIS character set for Japanese, you must use this option.	MBCS Note. The MBCS option is not supported for DB2 z/OS.	М

Setting the Unicode Enabled Option

If you are running a Unicode database, verify that the UNICODE_ENABLED parameter in the PSSTATUS table is set correctly. For example:

- For non-Unicode databases, including those using the Shift-JIS character set for Japanese, set UNICODE_ENABLED=0.
- For Unicode databases, set UNICODE_ENABLED=1.

See the information on converting to Unicode in the PeopleTools: Global Technology product documentation.

Task 10-4-3: Updating PeopleTools Options

You can set the following options on the PeopleTools Options page:

- Multi-Currency Select this check box if you plan to use currency conversion.
 See *PeopleTools: Global Technology*, "Using System-Wide Multicurrency Settings."
- Base Time Zone Enter a value for the base time zone for your PeopleTools database. See *PeopleTools: Global Technology*, "Setting the Base Time Zone."
- Sort Order Option If you specified a non-binary sort order for your database, choose the Sort Order Option that most closely approximates your database sort order.

See PeopleTools: Global Technology, "Setting the Sort Order."

Task 10-4-4: Updating Time Zone Information

Additional steps may be required to configure your time zone after you complete the installation. See *PeopleTools: Global Technology*, "Maintaining Time Zones."

Task 10-4-5: Updating Database Information

The database information updated in this procedure is used by the PeopleSoft software update tools to identify your PeopleSoft database when searching for updates. These steps should be followed for all additional databases that you create to enable the accurate identification of your databases.

- 1. Sign on to your PeopleSoft database.
- 2. Navigate to PeopleTools, Utilities, Administration, PeopleTools Options.
- 3. Specify long and short names for your environment. For example:
 - Environment Long Name Customer HR Demo Database
 - Environment Short Name HR Demo DB
- 4. Select a system type from the drop-down list. For example, Demo Database.
- 5. Save your changes.

Chapter 11

Installing PeopleSoft Change Assistant

This chapter discusses:

- Understanding PeopleSoft Change Assistant
- Installing PeopleSoft Change Assistant in Silent Mode
- Configuring and Using PeopleSoft Change Assistant
- Validating Change Assistant Settings

Understanding PeopleSoft Change Assistant

Oracle's PeopleSoft Change Assistant is a standalone tool, provided with PeopleSoft PeopleTools, that enables you to assemble and organize the steps necessary to apply patches and fixes for maintenance updates as well as perform PeopleSoft upgrades. You use different modes of PeopleSoft Change Assistant to carry out maintenance both for PeopleSoft applications using the PeopleSoft Update Manager, and those using the classic patching method. PeopleSoft Change Assistant is a Java-based tool that runs only on Microsoft Windows-based operating systems.

For the current PeopleSoft PeopleTools release, the PeopleSoft Change Assistant installation includes the following features:

• You can install multiple instances of PeopleSoft Change Assistant from the current release on one physical machine.

Note. You cannot run more than one instance at a time. That is, you cannot run multiple instances in parallel.

- You must remove installations of PeopleSoft Change Assistant from PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.55 or earlier before installing from the current release. PeopleSoft Change Assistant from PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56 cannot co-exist with that from earlier releases.
- You must install each PeopleSoft Change Assistant instance in a separate installation location.
- You can remove or upgrade each PeopleSoft Change Assistant instance separately.
- When you remove an installation instance, you have the option to save the existing configuration information in a group of files gathered in a zip archive. You can configure Change Assistant at a later time by importing the zip file.

For more information on using PeopleSoft Change Assistant for updates and for software upgrades, see the PeopleSoft product documentation.

See Also

PeopleTools: Change Assistant and Update Manager PeopleTools: Application Designer Lifecycle Management Guide "Using the PeopleSoft Installer," Verifying Necessary Files for Installation on Windows

Task 11-1: Installing PeopleSoft Change Assistant in Silent Mode

This section discusses:

- Understanding Silent Mode for PeopleSoft Change Assistant
- Using the Silent Mode Script

Understanding Silent Mode for PeopleSoft Change Assistant

You can carry out a silent installation of PeopleSoft Change Assistant by supplying command-line parameters to a script. With silent installation there is no user interaction after you begin the installation.

You can use install and upgrade PeopleSoft Change Assistant instances in silent mode for the current PeopleSoft PeopleTools release. In addition, you can use silent mode to remove installations from the current or earlier PeopleSoft PeopleTools releases. For example, running the silent mode installation from PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56 will remove a Change Assistant installation from PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.54 or earlier, and also install the 8.56 version of Change Assistant.

The PeopleSoft Change Assistant installer includes the following files in the directory PS_HOME\setup\PsCA:

 silentInstall.bat — Use this script to upgrade or remove an existing PeopleSoft Change Assistant instance or install a new instance.

Do not edit this file. The file includes instructions in the header portion.

See Using the Silent Mode Script.

• CA-silentInstall-ResultCodes.rtf — Review this file to interpret the results seen in the *PS_HOME*\ setup\psCA\setup.log file after installation.

The file is in Rich Text Format (RTF), and is most easily read if you open it with word processing software such as Microsoft Word.

Task 11-1-1: Using the Silent Mode Script

The PeopleSoft Change Assistant silent mode script requires the following command-line parameters:

Install Home

Specify the installation location for the PeopleSoft Change Assistant instance. If the location includes spaces, surround it with double quotes, such as "C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change Assistant".

As mentioned earlier in this chapter, for PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.56 you can install multiple instances of PeopleSoft Change Assistant. You must specify a different installation location for each instance.

- Install Type
 - Specify *new* to create a new PeopleSoft Change Assistant instance.
 - Specify *upgrade* to upgrade an existing instance that was installed from the current PeopleSoft PeopleTools release.
 - Specify uninstall to remove an existing PeopleSoft Change Assistant instance.
- Backup Config
 - Specify backup to create a zip file containing files with configuration information. The backup file,

changeassistantcfgbak.zip, is saved in the installation location.

• Specify *nobackup* if you do not want to create a backup file with the configuration information.

To use the PeopleSoft Change Assistant silent installation script:

1. In a command prompt, go to *PS_HOME*\setup\PsCA.

Note. Do not move the file to another location.

2. Run the following command:

silentInstall.bat [Install Home] [Install Type] [Backup Config]

You must include all three parameters. For example:

• To install a new instance without retaining a configuration file

silentInstall.bat "C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change Assistant" new⇒
nobackup

• To upgrade an existing instance, and retain a configuration file:

```
silentInstall.bat "C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change Assistant 3"⇒
upgrade backup
```

• To remove an existing instance, and retain a configuration file:

silentInstall.bat D:\CA uninstall backup

Task 11-2: Configuring and Using PeopleSoft Change Assistant

This section discusses:

- Verifying the Path Variable
- Specifying Options
- Scanning the Workstation
- Exporting Jobs to XML, HTML, or Microsoft Excel Format

Task 11-2-1: Verifying the Path Variable

After installing PeopleSoft Change Assistant, verify that the following values are the first entries in the PATH environment variable:

- *PS_HOME*\bin\client\winx86
- *PS_HOME*\jre\bin

See PeopleTools: Change Assistant and Update Manager, "Setting Up Change Assistant."

Task 11-2-2: Specifying Options

You can configure PeopleSoft Change Assistant modes to carry out updates, upgrades, work with upgrade templates, or access PeopleSoft Update Manager. The mode selection determines which menu options you see when you use PeopleSoft Change Assistant.

See Also

PeopleTools: Change Assistant and Update Manager

PeopleSoft Update Manager Home Page, My Oracle Support, Doc ID 1641843.2

Task 11-2-3: Scanning the Workstation

The first time you use PeopleSoft Change Assistant, it automatically scans your workstation for applications that it will use in order to automate the steps. For example, it automatically finds the SQL Query tool and uses it to run SQL commands or scripts.

If you add a new application or update an existing application, PeopleSoft Change Assistant must perform a scan of the system in order to discover the changes. To perform this scan, select Tools, Scan Configuration.

Task 11-2-4: Exporting Jobs to XML, HTML, or Microsoft Excel Format

Change Assistant allows users to export jobs to XML, HTML, or Microsoft Excel file formats. Do this by selecting File, Export Job in Change Assistant. Then, enter the desired exported filename and select the desired file type format.

Task 11-3: Validating Change Assistant Settings

After you have set up and configured PeopleSoft Change Assistant and the Environment Management components, you should validate your PeopleSoft Change Assistant and environment settings.

PeopleSoft Change Assistant validates settings by:

- Locating valid SQL query tools required to run SQL scripts.
- Testing the Environment Management hub and ensuring that PeopleSoft Change Assistant can communicate with it.
- Testing My Oracle Support and ensuring that PeopleSoft Change Assistant can communicate with it.

PeopleSoft Change Assistant sends a ping to My Oracle Support and then tests the connection. In order for the validation to succeed, the machine where you have PeopleSoft Change Assistant installed must have the ping feature enabled.

You can also print a summary of your environment, which can facilitate the diagnosis of problems by OracleSoftware Support.

To validate your environment, select Tools, Options, Validate. Click Start Validation.

If any of the steps were unable to complete successfully, open the log file to determine the cause. This example shows a summary with both successful messages ("Done") and unsuccessful ("Failed" or "Unsuccessful completion"):

Validating Change Assistant Settings in Your Environment	×	
(Step 5) Discovering Hub Environments.		
Sealed. No Environments were found in the Environment Management Hub.		
Note: All agents should be running and sending pulses for all Application,		
Batch, File and Web Servers for the environment before Change Assistant is started.		
(Step 6) Pinging Metalink		
✓Done.		
(Step 7) Validating connection to logon site: https://metalink3.oracle.com/od/faces/secure/index.jspx		
Done.		
(Step 8) Pinging Update Gateway		
Cone. (Cten 0) Validating connection to Lindate Category		
(Step 9) Validating connection to Update Gateway:		
https://psft-updates.oracle.com/PSIGW/HttpListeningConnector		
[Fri Feb 20 13:39:58 PST 2009] End Validation		
Onsuccessful completion (1 Step Failed). Click on View Log to see additional messages.		
	T	
	-	
View Log Close		
Unsuccessful completion		

Validating Change Assistant Settings in Your Environment

Note. If you use proxy servers, the system will ping those and prompt for proxy server user ID and password. In this case, the validation step numbers would be different from the example.

To review the log file, click the View Log button at the bottom of the screen. This example shows the first several lines of a log file:

validate_2009_2_20_13_39.log - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
[Fri Feb 20 13:39:46 PST 2009] Begin Validation
output written to: C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change
Assistant\validate\validate_2009_2_20_13_39.log
(Step 1) Creating a Summary of Your Environment
PS_HOME: C:\pt850\
Output Directory: C:\pt850_Output\ Staging Directory: C:\pt850_Staging\
Path: C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change
Assistant\jre\bin;.;C:\WINDOWS\Sun\Java\bin;C:\WINDOWS\system32;C:\WINDOWS;C:\pt850
\bin\client\winx86;C:\oracle\product\10.2.0\db_1
<pre>\bin:C:\wINDows\system32:C:\wINDows:C:\wINDows\System32\wbem:C:\apps\db\orac]e102\bin:C:\Program</pre>
Files\Microsoft SQL Server\80\Tools\BINN;C:\bea\tuxedo9.1_vS2005_v2\bin
CLASSPATH: C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change Assistant\changeassistant.jar;C:\Program
Files\PeopleSoft\Change Assistant\mx4j-jmx.jar;C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change
Assistant\xercesImpl.jar;C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change Assistant\xml-apis.jar;C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change Assistant\xalan_2_7_0.jar;C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change
Assistant\serializer.jar;C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change Assistant\commons-logging-
1.0.1.jar:c:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change Assistant\Commons-httpclient-2.0-rcl.jar:C:\Program
Files\PeopleSoft\Change Assistant\commons-codec-1.1.jar;C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change
Assistant\xmldb-api-20021118.jar;C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change Assistant\xmldb-
common.jar;C:\Program Files\PéopleSoft\Change Assistant\xmldb-xupdate_20040205.jar;C:\Program
Files\PeopleSoft\Change_Assistant\xindice_1.1b5-dev.jar;C:\Program_Files\PeopleSoft\Change
Assistant\psemf.jar;C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change Assistant\AbsoluteLayout.jar;C:\Program
Files\PeopleSoft\Change Assistant\log4j-1.2.8.jar;C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change
Current Working Directory: C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change Assistant
Done.
(Step 2) Validating your SQL Query Tools
Found Microsoft SOL Query Tool at c:\Program Files\Microsoft SOL Server\80\Tools\Binn\OSQL.exe
Found Oracle SQL Query Tool at c:\Apps\db\oracle102\bin\sqlplus.exe
Done. 2 SQL Query Tools found.
(Step 3) Pinging Environment Management Hub
Pinging SERVER-11 Done.
(Step 4) Connecting to Hub: http:/SERVER-11:80/PSEMBUG/hub
Done.
(Step 5) Discovering Hub Environments.
Failed. No Environments were found in the Environment Management Hub.

Validation log

Chapter 12

Installing PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer

This chapter discusses:

- Prerequisites
- Removing PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer Installations
- Installing and Removing PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer in Silent Mode

Prerequisites

Oracle's PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer is a tool you can use to evaluate the effect of changes you make on your installation. PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer can help you monitor the impact a Change Package has on your system, as well as monitor the impact from other changes such as customizations.

Ensure that your system meets the following requirements before you begin this installation:

- PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer runs on Microsoft Windows platforms. For database platforms that do not run on Microsoft Windows, install PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer on the Windows client.
- You can install PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer from downloaded files as a standalone application, or as a part of your PeopleSoft PeopleTools installation. These instructions assume you have installed PeopleSoft PeopleTools on the machine on which you want to run PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer, and have completed the PeopleSoft Change Assistant installation.
- You must install JDBC drivers for connectivity to your database platform. PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer uses Type 4 JDBC drivers by default.

You can normally obtain JDBC drivers from your RDBMS vendor. Search the vendor's web site or contact the vendor for information.

See Also

PeopleTools: Change Impact Analyzer

Task 12-1: Removing PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer Installations

To uninstall an existing installation of PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer, use the setup utility for the current release, as follows:

1. From the *PS_HOME*\setup\PsCIA directory, run installCIA.exe.

2. If there is an existing installation of PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer on your machine, the Remove the program window appears.

Click Next to remove all installed features.

PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer 8.56	×
Welcome Remove the program.	
Welcome to the Change Impact Analyzer Setup Maintenance program. This program lets you modify the current installation. Click one of the options below.	
InstallShield Kack Next > Cancel]

PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer Remove the program window

3. Click OK to confirm that you want to remove the previous PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer installation.

	PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer 8.56	\times
	#elcome Remove the program.	
	Welcome to the Change Impact Analyzer Setup Maintenance program. This program lets you modify the current installation. Click one of the options below.	
	Confirm File Deletion	×
	Do you want to completely remove the selected application and all of its features?	
	OK Cancel	
In	tallShield	
	< Back Next > Cancel	

Confirm File Deletion message dialog box

4. When the removal process is complete, click Finish on the Uninstall Complete window.

PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer 8.56			
	Uninstall Complete		
PeopleSoft InstallShield Wizard has finished uninstalling Change Impact Analyzer.			
ORACLE Copyright © 1996, 2017, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.			
	< Back Finish Cancel		

PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer Uninstall Complete window

5. Use the instructions in the next section, Installing PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer, to install the current release.

Task 12-2: Installing and Removing PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer in Silent Mode

This section discusses:

- Understanding Silent Mode for PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer
- Installing PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer in Silent Mode
- Removing the PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer Installation in Silent Mode
- Removing and Installing PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer in Silent Mode

Understanding Silent Mode for PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer

You can carry out a silent installation or removal of PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer by editing a response file to correspond to your installation requirement. When you work in silent mode there is no user interaction after you begin the installation or removal.

The PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer installer includes the following files in the directory *PS_HOME*\ setup\PsCIA:

• CIA-silent-install-response-file.txt — Use this response file to install PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer.

- CIA-silent-uninstall-response-file.txt Use this response file to remove PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer installations.
- silentInstall.bat Use this script to remove an existing PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer installation, and install a new instance.
- silentInstall-ResultCodes.rtf Review this file to interpret the results seen in the setup.log file after installation.

The file is in Rich Text Format (RTF), and is most easily read if you open it with an authoring tool, such as Microsoft Word.

Task 12-2-1: Installing PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer in Silent Mode

This section discusses:

- Editing the Response File
- Running the Silent Mode Installation

Editing the Response File

Review the header portion at the top of the response file for instructions on running the silent installation. Modify the response file according to your installation requirement. The sections labelled NOTE TO USER include items to be modified.

Open the file PS_HOME setup PsCIA CIA-silent-install-response-file.txt for editing, modify the following items, and then save the file:

• JDBC driver type

Enter 1 to specify your RDBMS platform, and 0 for the other selections. The options are: Oracle (default), MSS (Microsoft SQL Server), or DB2 (DB2 z/OS or DB2/LUW).

• Path to JDBC driver

Enter the full path to the JDBC driver for szPath.

• Installation location

The default location is C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change Impact Analyzer. If you want to install to a different location, enter the location for szDir.

```
Analyzer
szDir=C:\Program Files\PeopleSoft\Change Impact Analyzer
```

Running the Silent Mode Installation

To run the silent mode installation with the modified response file:

- 1. In a command prompt, go to *PS_HOME*\setup\PsCIA.
- 2. Run the following command, substituting your PS_HOME location for %PS_HOME% in the command:

```
installCIA.exe /s /f1"%PS_HOME%\setup\PsCIA\CIA-silent-install-response-⇒
file.txt"
```

3. After the installation is complete, review the result status in the file *PS_HOME*\setup\PsCIA\setup.log.

Result code 0 means a successful installation. The result codes are described in the file $PS_HOME \setminus setup \setminus PsCIA \setminus Setup \setminus$

Task 12-2-2: Removing the PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer Installation in Silent Mode

Review the header portion at the top of the response file for instructions. The process will search for and remove an existing installation of PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer. You do not need to edit the file before running. The file must be located in *PS HOME*\setup\PsCIA.

- 1. In a command prompt, go to *PS_HOME*\setup\PsCIA.
- 2. Run the following command, substituting your PS_HOME location for %PS_HOME% in the command

```
installCIA.exe /s /f1"%PS_HOME%\setup\PsCIA\CIA-silent-uninstall-⇒
response-file.txt"
```

3. After the installation is complete, review the result status in the file *PS_HOME*\setup\PsCIA\setup.log.

Result code 0 means a successful installation. The result codes are described in the file $PS_HOME \setminus setup PsCIA silentInstall-ResultCodes.rtf.$

Task 12-2-3: Removing and Installing PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer in Silent Mode

Use the silentInstall.bat script to remove an existing installation of PeopleSoft Change Impact Analyzer and install a new installation. This script runs commands using CIA-silent-uninstall-response-file.txt followed by CIA-silent-install-response-file.txt. Refer to the previous sections for information on those response files.

To remove an existing installation and reinstall:

- 1. In a command prompt, go to *PS_HOME*\setup\PsCIA.
- 2. Run the following command:

silentInstall.bat

3. After the installation is complete, review the result status in the file *PS_HOME*\setup\PsCIA\setup.log. Result code 0 means a successful installation. The result codes are described in the file *PS_HOME*\ setup\PsCIA\silentInstall-ResultCodes.rtf.

Chapter 13A

Installing and Compiling COBOL on Windows

This chapter discusses:

- Understanding COBOL
- Prerequisites
- Preparing COBOL for a PeopleTools-only Upgrade
- Installing Micro Focus Net Express on Microsoft Windows
- Managing Micro Focus Net Express Compiler Licenses
- Using the Micro Focus COBOL Compiler on Microsoft Windows

Understanding COBOL

This chapter describes how to compile and link PeopleSoft COBOL batch programs, if necessary.

COBOL is not needed for PeopleSoft PeopleTools because the Process Scheduler is written in C++. In addition, COBOL is not required for PeopleSoft applications that contain no COBOL programs. See My Oracle Support for the details on whether your application requires COBOL.

The chapter includes instructions for the Micro Focus Net Express COBOL compiler.

See Also

"Preparing for Installation," Installing Supporting Applications

PeopleSoft Enterprise Frequently Asked Questions About PeopleSoft and COBOL Compilers, My Oracle Support, (search for the article name)

PeopleSoft Enterprise Frequently Asked Questions About PeopleSoft and the IBM COBOL Compiler, My Oracle Support, (search for the article name)

PeopleTools Certifications - Suggested Fixes COBOL, My Oracle Support, (search for the article name and select the current release)

PeopleTools: Global Technology, "Understanding COBOL in a Unicode Environment"

Prerequisites

Before you attempt to run COBOL from the command line you should do the following:

• Make sure the variable PS_SERVER_CFG points to a valid psprcs.cfg file.

- Make sure %PS_HOME%\bin\server\winx86 is in your path. It should appear before %PS_HOME%\bin\client\winx86 if that also appears in the path.
- Before compiling COBOL, you must obtain and install Perl on the machine used to compile COBOL.

Perl is used to perform conversions on COBOL source files. Make sure the Perl installation location is included in the system's PATH environment variable. Contact the Perl vendor for installation and reference documentation.

Task 13A-1: Preparing COBOL for a PeopleTools-only Upgrade

When performing a PeopleTools-only upgrade, if you have COBOL modules, recompile all PeopleSoft PeopleTools and PeopleSoft application COBOL programs, as explained in a later section.

Ensure that the following COBOL runtime files in your client and server bin directories match those of your Micro Focus Net Express installation:

- CBLINTS.DLL
- CBLRTSS.DLL
- CBLVIOS.DLL
- COB32API.DLL

See Recompiling COBOL on Microsoft Windows.

Task 13A-2: Installing Micro Focus Net Express on Microsoft Windows

This section discusses:

- Prerequisites
- Obtaining Installation Files for Micro Focus Net Express from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud
- Installing Micro Focus Net Express Wrap Pack 6
- Installing Micro Focus Net Express Wrap Pack 14

Prerequisites

Micro Focus[®] Net Express[™] 5.1 Wrap Pack 14 is the supported COBOL compiler on Microsoft Windows for the current PeopleSoft PeopleTools release. This Wrap Pack is an product update and does require a previous version of the product to be installed. Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Wrap Pack 14 can upgrade any of the following releases or any combination of these releases:

- Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Wrap Pack 6
- Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Wrap Pack 7
- Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Wrap Pack 8
- Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Wrap Pack 9
- Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Wrap Pack 10
- Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Wrap Pack 11
- Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Wrap Pack 12

• Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Wrap Pack 13

If you are running a Wrap Pack prior to Wrap Pack 6 or have no Net Express version installed, install Wrap Pack 6 before installing Wrap Pack 14.

See Installing Micro Focus Net Express Wrap Pack 6.

Check the certification information on My Oracle Support for the supported version for Microsoft Windows operating systems.

Note that Oracle is the exclusive reseller of the Micro Focus COBOL compiler for use with PeopleSoft applications.

See Also

PeopleSoft Enterprise Frequently Asked Questions About PeopleSoft and COBOL Compilers, My Oracle Support, Doc ID 747059.1

Using the Micro Focus COBOL Compiler on Microsoft Windows

Task 13A-2-1: Obtaining Installation Files for Micro Focus Net Express from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud

The Micro Focus Net Express installation files are available on Oracle Software Delivery Cloud. At this point you may have already downloaded the necessary files. This section includes additional information on finding and using the files for Micro Focus Net Express if necessary.

See "Preparing for Installation," Using Oracle Software Delivery Cloud to Obtain Installation Files.

See Oracle Software Delivery Cloud, https://edelivery.oracle.com.

To obtain the files for the Micro Focus Net Express installation:

- 1. Log in to Oracle Software Delivery Cloud at https://edelivery.oracle.com.
- 2. Enter Micro Focus in the type-ahead Product field, and select Micro Focus International Ltd. Net Express COBOL for Windows.

The product is added to the Download Queue.

- 3. Click Continue.
- 4. Click Continue.
- 5. Read the license agreement, select the check box to acknowledge that you accept the agreement, and then click Continue.
- 6. Click one of the filenames to download an individual zip file, or click Download All to obtain all of the files listed.

The files include software, wrap packs, and documentation. Save the zip files to a temporary directory on your local system. The directory where you save the zip files for both versions is referred to in this documentation as *NE_INSTALL*. You must extract (unzip) each file on the platform for which it is intended. For example, if you download the zip file for Microsoft Windows, you must unzip it on Microsoft Windows to avoid problems.

Task 13A-2-2: Installing Micro Focus Net Express Wrap Pack 6

The following procedure assumes that you saved the installation files from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud in the directory *NE INSTALL*.

Note. Micro Focus Net Express Wrap Pack 6 is a full product release and does not require a previous version of the product to be installed.

To install Micro Focus Net Express Wrap Pack 6:

1. Double-click NE_INSTALL/nxp3251060079.exe.

If a security screen appears, click Run to launch the installer.

Open File - Security Warning 🛛 🛛 🗙			
Do you want to run this file?			
	Name:	D:\temp\nxp3251060079.exe	
	Publisher:	Micro Focus International plc	
	Туре:	Application ·	
	From:	D:\temp\nxp3251060079.exe	
		<u>B</u> un Cancel	
✓ Always ask before opening this file			
While files from the Internet can be useful, this file type can potentially harm your computer. Only run software from publishers you trust. <u>What's the risk?</u>			

Open File - Security Warning for the Micro Focus installation executable

The Install Shield Wizard starts extracting files. This may take a few minutes until the files are extracted, and then the Installation Wizard dialog box appears.

2. Click Next on the welcome window.

The screen includes a button to open a Readme file.

Hicro Focus Net Express 5.1 - Installation Wizard			
	Welcome to the Installation Wizard for Micro Focus Net Express 5.1		
	The Installation Wizard will install Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 on your computer. To view the Readme, click Readme, or to continue, click Next.		
	This program is protected by copyright law and international treaties.		
Re	adme < Back Next > Cancel		

Micro Focus Net Express Installation Wizard Welcome window

3. Read the terms of the License Agreement, select the option to accept the terms, and click Next.

🙀 Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 - Installation Wizard 🛛 🔀		
License Agreement Please read the following license agreement carefully.		
IMPORTANT: LICENSOR IS PROVIDING THIS SOFTWARE FOR YOUR USE SUBJECT TO YOUR AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND BY THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS SET FORTH BELOW. IF YOU DO NOT AGREE TO THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT BY CLICKING ON SETUP'S ACCEPT BUTTON, YOU WILL NOT BE ABLE TO USE THE SOFTWARE. BY CLICKING SETUP'S ACCEPT BUTTON YOU ACKNOWLEDGE THAT YOU HAVE READ THIS AGREEMENT, UNDERSTOOD IT, AND AGREE TO BE BOUND BY ITS TERMS AND CONDITIONS.		
END USER LICENSE AGREEMENT		
WHEREAS, Licensor desires to grant to Licensee, and Licensee desires to accept from Licensor, a license to use Licensed Software (as defined herein) upon the terms and		
 I accept the terms in the license agreement I do not accept the terms in the license agreement 		
InstallShield		
< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel		

License Agreement window for Micro Focus Express

- 4. Complete the Customer Information window:
 - a. Enter your name in the User Name field, and enter your Company Name.

In the example shown below, the user name is USER NAME, and the Company Name is ORACLE.

b. Leave the Serial Number and W.O. Number fields blank. Oracle does not provide these numbers to you and they are not required.

Note. The message at the top of the window reads "We STRONGLY recommend you enter your Serial Number and Works Order (W.O.) number here. You will need them later to obtain a full license key." The example here leaves these fields blank.

c. Click Next.

🖶 Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 - InstallShield Wizard	×
Customer Information We STRONGLY recommend you enter your Serial Number and Works Order (W.O.) number here to obtain a full license key later.	
User Name:	
Company Name:	
ORACLE	
Serial Number:	
<u>W</u> .O. Number:	
InstallShield	xt > Cancel

Customer Information window

5. The Custom Setup window appears as in this example, with all of the options selected initially:

🙀 Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 - Installation Wizard	×
Custom Setup Select the program features you want installed.	MICRO FOCUS
Click on an icon in the list below to change how a feature is installed.	
Image: Net Express support for .NET Image: Net Express support for Windows & Cross Platform Image: Net Express support for Windows & Cross Platform Image: Net Express support for Windows & Cross Platform Image: Net Express support for Windows & Cross Platform Image: Net Express support for Windows & Cross Platform Image: Net Express support for Windows & Cross Platform Image: Net Express support for Windows & Cross Platform Image: Net Express Support for Windows & Cross Platform Image: Net Express Support for Windows & Cross Platform Image: Net Express Support for Windows & Cross Platform Image: Net Express Support for Windows & Cross Platform Image: Net Express Support for Windows & Cross Platform Image: Net Express Support for Windows & Cross Platform Image: Net Express Support for Windows & Cross Platform Image: Net Express Support for Workflow Capture Server Image: Net Express Support for IBM CICS®, IMS® and JCL Image: Net Express Server Image: Net Express Server </td <td>Feature Description This feature enables you to use Visual Studio for developing and building COBOL applications that run under the .NET framework. When installed on X64 machines running 64-bit Windows, it includes support for creating and debugging 64-bit .NET applications. This feature requires 175MB on your hard drive.</td>	Feature Description This feature enables you to use Visual Studio for developing and building COBOL applications that run under the .NET framework. When installed on X64 machines running 64-bit Windows, it includes support for creating and debugging 64-bit .NET applications. This feature requires 175MB on your hard drive.
Install to: C:\Program Files (x86)\Micro Focus\Net Express 5.1\	
	<u>Change</u> <u>Space</u>
InstallShield	
Help Reset < Back Next >	Cancel

Custom Setup window before selecting features

6. You must clear several features on the Custom Setup window before proceeding.

You can turn off a feature by clicking on the drop-down button beside the feature and selecting the option "X This feature will not be available," as shown in this example:

🔀 Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 - Installation Wizard	×
Custom Setup Select the program features you want installed.	G MICRO FOCUS
Click on an icon in the list below to change how a feature is installed.	
Net Express support for .NET This feature will be installed on local hard drive. This feature, and all subfeatures, will be installed on local hard This feature will get be sweileble	rd drive. d on X64 machines
This feature will not be available. UNIX Option XDB Relational Database Traditional Graphical User Interfaces Dialog System Class Library Files	Windows, it includes support for creating and debugging 64-bit .NET applications. This feature requires 175MB on your hard drive.
Install to: C:\Program Files (x86)\Micro Focus\Net Express 5.1\ InstallShield	
Help <u>R</u> eset < <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext >	Cancel

Custom Setup window displaying selection and deselection options

The Traditional Graphical User Interfaces feature is the only feature required for the PeopleSoft installation. (The Traditional Graphical User Interfaces feature also includes Dialog System and Class Library Files.) Clear the following features:

• Net Express support for .NET

Note. Microsoft .NET framework is not required for compiling and running COBOL applications in PeopleSoft architecture. Neither is .NET required for successful installation of MicroFocus Net Express 5.1.

• Interface Mapping Toolkit

When you clear this feature, the Workflow Capture Server option is automatically cleared also.

- Enterprise Server
- UNIX Option
- XDB Relational Database

7. Verify that your final selection matches this example, with only Traditional Graphical User Interfaces, Dialog System, and Class Library Files, selected:

🙀 Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 - Installation Wizard	×
Custom Setup Select the program features you want installed.	
Click on an icon in the list below to change how a feature is installed.	
Net Express support for .NET Net Express support for Windows & Cross Platform Interface Mapping Toolkit Workflow Capture Server Enterprise Server Support for IBM CICS®, IMS® and JCL UNIX Option XDB Relational Database Traditional Graphical User Interfaces Dialog System Class Library Files	Feature Description For maintaining the graphical user interface to a Windows application created prior to .NET. This feature requires 0KB on your hard drive. It has 2 of 2 subfeatures selected. The subfeatures require 83MB on your hard drive.
Install to: C:\Program Files (x86)\Micro Focus\Net Express 5.1\	
	Change Space
InstallShield	
<u>H</u> elp <u>R</u> eset < <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext >	Cancel

Custom Setup window with options selected for PeopleSoft applications

8. Highlight Traditional Graphical User Interfaces.

The installation directory is listed below the feature list. If you want to install to another location, click Change. If not, click Next.

This documentation refers to the installation directory as *NE_HOME*. The Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 default installation directory, for 64-bit systems, is:

C:\Program Files (x86)\Micro Focus\Net Express 5.1

9. Click Install.

🙀 Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 - Installation Wizard	×
Ready to Install the Program The Installation Wizard is ready to begin installation.	
Click Install to begin the installation.	
If you want to review or change any of your installation settings, exit the wizard.	click Back, Click Cancel to
InstallShield	
< <u>B</u> ack	nstall Cancel

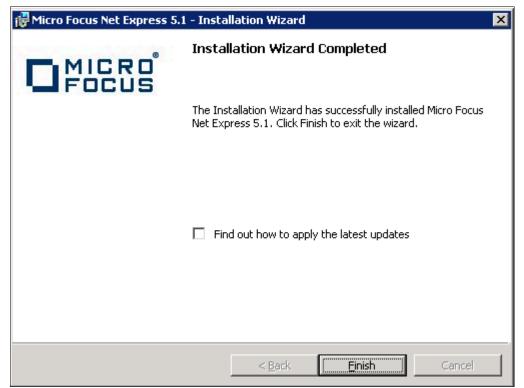
Micro Focus Net Express Installation window: Ready to Install the Program

The installation status window appears, tracking the installation progress.

🔂 Micro Foo	cus Net Express 5.1 - Installation Wizard
	Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 ram features you selected are being installed.
The prog	ram features you selected are being installed.
B	Please wait while the Installation Wizard installs Micro Focus Net Express 5.1. This may take several minutes.
	Status:
	Updating component registration
InstallShield –	
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel

Installation status for the Micro Focus Net Express Installation

10. Click Finish.



Installation Wizard Completed window

11. To confirm the installation, select Start, All Programs, Micro Focus Net Express 5.1, Net Express.

IBM Installation Manager IBM Rational IBM Rational ClearCase	
🎍 Maintenance	
퉬 McAfee	
Micro Focus Net Express 5.1	
💦 Help	Documents
🔤 Net Express 32-Bit Command Prompt	Documents
🔤 Net Express 64-Bit Command Prompt	Computer
net Express	Computer
Readme	Network
🔇 Solo	
Configuration	Control Panel
📔 Microsoft Office	Control and
📙 Microsoft Visual Stucio 2008	Devices and Printers
Microsoft Windows SDK v6.0A	
퉬 Oracle - OH1606727569 🛛 🚽	Administrative Tools
🔒 Oracle - OH1861964016	
Oracle - OraClient11g_home1	Help and Support
Oracle - OraDb11g_home1	
📙 Oracle IDM Suite 11g - Home1 📃 💽	Run
 Back 	Windows Security
Search programs and files	Log off
🎝 Start 🐫 ᠌ 🚞	

Selecting Micro Focus Net Express from the Microsoft Windows Start menu

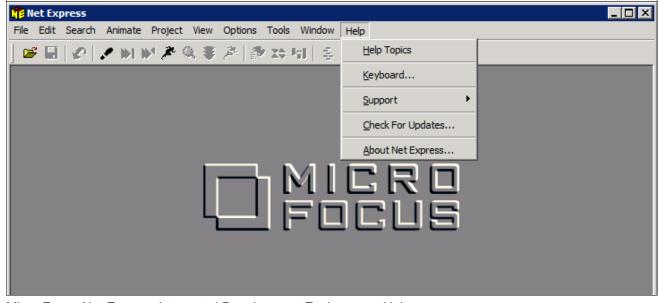
The Net Express Integrated Development Environment (IDE) appears.

12. On the Micro Focus Management System dialog box, read the information under Current License Status, indicating that there is a 30-day license for the compiler that you installed.

Micro Focus License Management System	?	×
Micro Focus		
This product is protected by a software encryption system. You need a valid license to run this product.		
Current License Status		
You have 30 days left on your Net Express license.		
Licensing Information		-
Your license is time-limited, which means you have a limited time to use this product.		
In order to continue using this product after that time you must send a Request Key to Micro Focus, or your administrator, and enter the Response Key you get back. (To see how to do this, click Licensing.)		
E <u>x</u> it <u>H</u> elp		

Micro Focus License Management System dialog box

13. Click Help, About Net Express.



Micro Focus Net Express Integrated Development Environment Help menu

14. Verify that the following information is included on the message box that appears:

Net Express 5.1

Version: 5.106.0079

About Micro Focus Net	About Micro Focus Net Express 5.1		
	Net Express 5.1 Version 5.106.0079 Copyright (C) Micro Focus IP Development Limited 1984-2011. All rights reserved.		
	This product is licensed to: USER NAME ORACLE Serial Number Works Order Number		
international treaties. Un program, or any portion	program is protected by copyright law and authorized reproduction or distribution of this of it, may result in severe civil and criminal osecuted to the maximum extent permitted More in		

About Micro Focus Net Express window with version number

Task 13A-2-3: Installing Micro Focus Net Express Wrap Pack 14

The following procedure assumes that you saved the installation files from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud in the directory *NE_INSTALL*, and that Micro Focus Net Express Wrap Pack 6 or later is installed.

To update to Micro Focus Net Express Wrap Pack 14:

1. Double-click *NE_INSTALL*/nxp3251140045.msp.

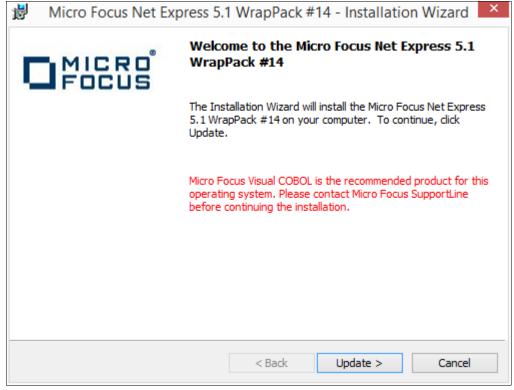
If a security screen appears, as in this example, click Open to launch the installer.

		Open File - Security Warning	×	
Do you	Do you want to open this file?			
-	Name:	<u>C:\Temp\nxp3251140045.msp</u>		
R	Publisher:	Micro Focus Limited		
	Type:	Windows Installer Patch		
	From:	C:\Temp\nxp3251140045.msp		
		Open Cancel		
✓ Alwa	ys ask before o	pening this file		
While files from the Internet can be useful, this file type can potentially harm your computer. If you do not trust the source, do not open this software. <u>What's the risk?</u>			-	

Open File - Security Warning dialog box

A Welcome window appears.

2. Click Update to continue, as in this example:



Welcome to the Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 WrapPack #14 window

You see a window indicating the progress of the installation.

🚽 Mie	cro Focus Net Express 5	5.1 - Installati	on Wizard	- 🗆 🛛
	Micro Focus Net Express 5 ram features you selected are			MICRO
1	Please wait while the Installat 5. 1. This may take several mi		Micro Focus Net Exp	press
	Status:			
	Copying new files			
InstallShield –				
		< Back	Next >	Cancel

Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Installation Wizard progress indicator

3. After the installation is complete, click Finish on the completion window, as in this example:

Hicro Focus Net	t Express 5.1 - Installation Wizard ×
	stallation Wizard Completed
	e Installation Wizard has successfully installed Micro Focus at Express 5.1. Click Finish to exit the wizard.
	< Back Finish Cancel

Installation Wizard Completed window

4. To verify the installation, select Start, All Programs, Micro Focus Net Express 5.1, Net Express.

Alternatively, you can run *NE_HOME*\Base\Bin\MFNETX.EXE, where *NE_HOME* refers to the directory where you installed Micro Focus Net Express, such as C:\Program Files\Micro Focus.

The Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Integrated Development Environment (IDE) opens.

5. On the Micro Focus License Management System dialog box, read the information under Current License Status.

In this example, the current license status indicates 29 days remaining on the license. Click OK.

Micro Focus License Management System 🛛 ? 🗙
Micro Focus
This product is protected by a software encryption system. You need a valid license to run this product.
Current License Status
You have 29 days left on your Net Express license.
Licensing Information
Your license is time-limited, which means you have a limited time to use this product. In order to continue using this product after that time you must send a Request Key to Micro Focus, or your administrator, and enter the Response Key you get back. (To see how to do this, click Licensing.)
Exit Help

Micro Focus License Management System dialog box

6. Click Continue on the Welcome to Micro Focus Net Express window.

7. Select Help, About Net Express.

Verify that the following information is included on the message box that appears:

Net Express 5.1

Version 5.114.0045

Abo	out Micro Focus Net Express 5.1
	Net Express 5.1 Version 5.114.0045 Copyright (C) Micro Focus 1984-2016. All rights reserved.
	This product is licensed to: user Oracle USA Serial Number Works Order Number
international treaties. Un program, or any portion	program is protected by copyright law and authorized reproduction or distribution of this of it, may result in severe civil and criminal osecuted to the maximum extent permitted More info

About Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 message box

Task 13A-3: Managing Micro Focus Net Express Compiler Licenses

This section discusses:

- Understanding Micro Focus Net Express Compiler Licenses
- Configuring a Full License with the License Server
- Configuring a Timed License with the License Server
- Revoking the License Using the License Management System
- Revoking the License by Removing the Installation

Understanding Micro Focus Net Express Compiler Licenses

The Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Wrap Pack 14 compiler can be licensed with a Micro Focus License Server or with the Request Key/Response Key mechanism. This section discusses the License Server method, which Oracle recommends because it is more flexible and licensing is immediate. For more details, see the Micro Focus documentation.

There are two types of Micro Focus Net Express licenses. Here is a brief comparison:

- Timed License
 - Timed Licenses expire after the specified duration and can be renewed over the network.
 - Timed Licenses are the default given by the license server.
 - There are two types of Timed Licenses; one is valid for seven days, and other for one day.
- Full License
 - Full Licenses do not expire.
 - The user can request and revoke Full Licenses using the License Management System.

It is a good idea to use Timed Licenses, unless you have a compelling demand. Mostly developers who work with COBOL on a daily basis should use a Full License. If you require COBOL for a few compiles, and only for some days, use a Timed License. When the Timed License expires, you can renew it again.

Task 13A-3-1: Configuring a Full License with the License Server

To configure a Full License for permanent use:

1. Select Start, All Programs, Micro Focus Net Express 5.1, Configuration, License Management System.

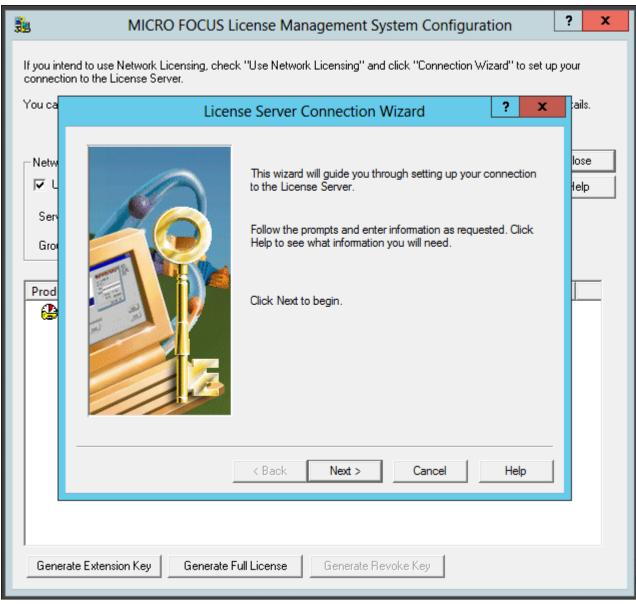
Note. Alternatively, run *NE_HOME*\Base\Bin\protcfg.exe, where *NE_HOME* is the directory where you installed Micro Focus Net Express.

2. Select the option Use Network Licensing, and click Connection Wizard, as shown in this example:

MICRO FOCUS License	e Manageme	ent System (Configuration	?	x
If you intend to use Network Licensing, check "Use connection to the License Server. You can also use the License Details listbox below to					
_ Network Licensing				Close	
Use Network Licensing Connection	n Wizard			Help	
Server Name					
Group ID					
Product	License Statu	IS	Group		
Wet Express	27 days left o	n this lice			
Generate Extension Key Generate Full Lice	nse Gene	rate Revoke Kej	,		

MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration window

3. Click Next on the License Server Connection Wizard window, shown in this example:



License Server Connection Wizard window

4. Enter information for the server location, and then click Next.

<u>38</u>	MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration ?	x
connectio	nd to use Network Licensing, check "Use Network Licensing" and click "Connection Wizard" to set up your on to the License Server.	
You ca	License Server Connection Wizard - Server Location ? × ^{tail}	s.
Netw ✓ L Serv Grou Prod	Image: Server Rame Server Name Server Name Server Name Server Rame Server Rame<	
	< Back Next > Cancel Help	
Reque	est 1-day License Request Full License Revoke Full License	

License Server Connection Wizard - Server Location window

- Server Name—Enter the name of the license server; for example, server.example.com.
- Virtual Directory; for example, /LS4.
- Port Number—The default is 80, as shown in the example. Select a port that is not in use by another application.

5. You see a message saying the wizard found the server, as in this example.

Click Next.

MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration ? ×					
If you intend to use Network Licensing, check "Use Network Licensing" and click "Connection Wizard" to set up your connection to the License Server.					
You ca	License Server Connection Wizard - Searching ? × ^{tails.}				
Netw ✓ L Serv Grou Prod	Found the License Server. Image: Server in the license Server.				
	< Back Next > Cancel Help				
Request 1-day License Revoke Full License					

License Server Connection Wizard - Searching window

6. Enter your group ID, which is COBOL_GROUP_1 in this example, and 1 for the number of days before you have to renew the license.

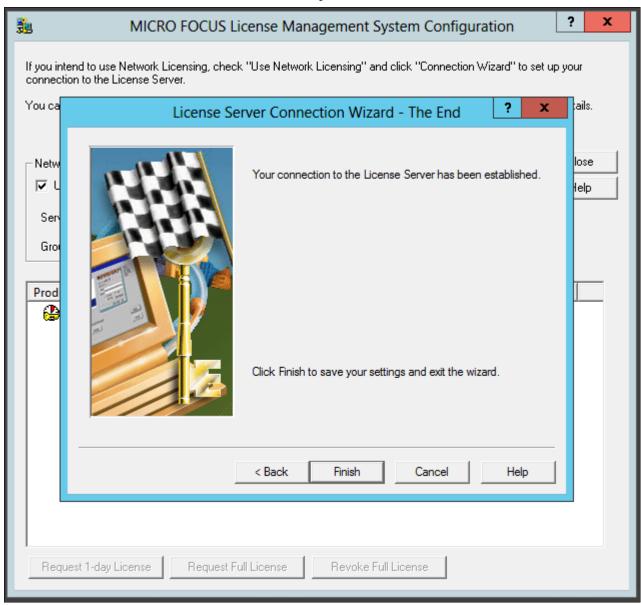
Note. Although you enter one day here, you complete a step later that requests permanent license status.

Click Next.

MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration					
If you intend to use Network Licensing, check "Use Network Licensing" and click "Connection Wizard" to set up your connection to the License Server. You ca License Server Connection Wizard - Configuration ? × tails.					
Netw ✓ L Serv Grou Prod	Finter your Group I ime-limited license Group ID Days	ID, and the number of days you want a a to last each time you renew it.	lose telp		
Reques	< Back N	lext > Cancel Help	-		

License Server Connection Wizard - Configuration window

7. Click Finish to exit the wizard, as shown in this example:



License Server Connection Wizard - The End window

8. In the details list on the MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration dialog box, select the check box for Net Express, and then click Request Full License, as shown in this example:

MICRO FOCUS License	Management System	Configuration ?	x
If you intend to use Network Licensing, check "Use N connection to the License Server. You can also use the License Details listbox below to Network Licensing ✓ Use Network Licensing Connection Server Name server.example.co Group ID COBOL_GROUP_1	generate keys to obtain and re		<u> </u>
Destud	Linner Geber	Comm	_
Product	License Status 27 days left on this lice	Group	-
Request 1-day License Request Full Licen	se Revoke Full License		

MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration window

9. Click Yes to confirm that you want to request a full license, as shown in this example.

The warning message says that requesting a full license permanently removes a license from the license server.

🗓 MICI	RO FOCUS License Management System Configuration	? X
connection to the License S	k Licensing, check "Use Network Licensing" and click "Connection Wizard" to set Server. se Details listbox below to generate keys to obtain and revoke licenses. Click Help I	
Network Licensing		Close
🔽 Use Network Licensin	ng Connection Wizard	Help
Server Name ser	Warning	
Group ID COB Product	Requesting a Full License permanently removes a license from the License Server. Are you sure you want to do this?	
L	Yes No	
Request 1-day License	Request Full License Revoke Full License	

Warning message box when requesting a Full License

10. Click OK on the License Information dialog box.

3 MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration	?	x
If you intend to use Network Licensing, check "Use Network Licensing" and click "Connection Wizard" to set u connection to the License Server. You can also use the License Details listbox below to generate keys to obtain and revoke licenses. Click Help fo		s.
Network Licensing License Management System Configuration - License Information	Clos	
Created a license for Net Express.		
	ж]
Request 1-day License Request Full License Revoke Full License		
nequest ruay License nequest rui License nevoke rui License		

License Management System Configuration - License Information window

11. Verify that the License Status for Net Express has changed to Full License, as shown in this example, and click Close.

3 MICRO FOCUS Licens	e Management System	Configuration	? X
If you intend to use Network Licensing, check "Use connection to the License Server. You can also use the License Details listbox below			
Network Licensing	1		Close
Use Network Licensing Connecti	on Wizard		Help
Server Name server.example.co			
Group ID COBOL_GROUP_1			
Product	License Status	Group	
🖙 🗌 Net Express	Full license.	COBOL_GROUP_1	
Request 1-day License Request Full Lice	ense Revoke Full Licens		

MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration window with Full License status

Task 13A-3-2: Configuring a Timed License with the License Server

To configure a Timed License for temporary use:

1. Select Start, All Programs, Micro Focus Net Express 5.1, Configuration, License Management System.

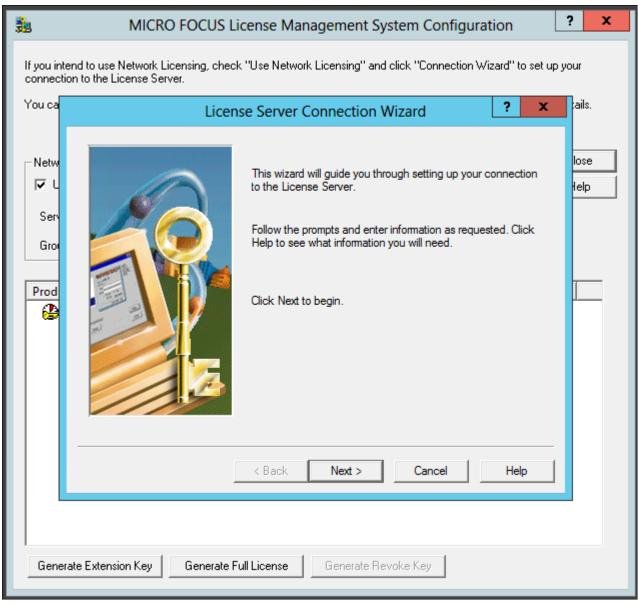
Note. Alternatively, run *NE_HOME*\Base\Bin\protcfg.exe, where *NE_HOME* is the directory where you installed Micro Focus Net Express.

2. Select the option Use Network Licensing, and click Connection Wizard, as shown in this example:

3 MICRO FOCUS License	MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration ? 🗙				
If you intend to use Network Licensing, check "Use connection to the License Server. You can also use the License Details listbox below to					
Network Licensing			Close		
Use Network Licensing Connection	n Wizard		Help		
Server Name					
Group ID					
Product	License Status	Group			
Wet Express	27 days left on this lice.				
Generate Extension Key Generate Full Lice	nse Generate Revok	е Кеу			

MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration window

3. Click Next on the License Server Connection Wizard window, shown in this example:



License Server Connection Wizard window

4. Enter information for the server location, and then click Next.

32	MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration ?	x
connection	and to use Network Licensing, check "Use Network Licensing" and click "Connection Wizard" to set up your on to the License Server.	
You ca Netw I⊽L Serv Grou	License Server Connection Wizard - Server Location ? * ais. Image: Server Connection Wizard - Server Location ? * ais. Image: Server Connection Wizard - Server Location ? * ais. Image: Server Connection Wizard - Server Location ? * ais. Image: Server Connection Wizard - Server Location ? * ais. Image: Server Connection Wizard - Server Location ? * is. Image: Server Connection Wizard - Server If you are unsure of these, you should check with you administrator. Image: Server Name Not Number Image: Server Name Image: Server Name Server Name	
Reque	< Back Next > Cancel Help est 1-day License Request Full License Revoke Full License	

License Server Connection Wizard - Server Location

- Server Name—Enter the name of the license server; for example, server.example.com.
- Virtual Directory; for example, /LS4.
- Port Number—The default is 80, as shown in the example. Select a port that is not in use by another application.
- 5. You see a message saying the wizard found the server. Click Next.

6. Enter your group ID, which is COBOL_TEMP_1 in this example, and specify the number of days before you have to renew the license, which is 1 (one) day in this example.

Click Next.

3	MICRO FOCUS Li	cense Management System Configuration	? X		
	nd to use Network Licensing, check n to the License Server.	"Use Network Licensing" and click "Connection Wizard" to set up y	vour		
You ca	License Serve	r Connection Wizard - Configuration 🛛 ? 🗙	:ails.		
Netw IZ Serv		Enter your Group ID, and the number of days you want a time-limited license to last each time you renew it.	lose telp		
Gro		Group ID COBOL_TEMP[1			
Prod ©==		Days 1			
		Click Next to have the License Server validate these details.			
		< Back Next > Cancel Help			
Reque	st 1-day License Request Fu	III License Revoke Full License			

License Server Connection Wizard - Configuration window

- 7. Click Finish to exit the wizard.
- 8. In the details list on the MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration dialog box, select the check box for Net Express, and then click Request 1-day License.

9. Click Yes to confirm that you want to request a timed (temporary) license, as shown in this example.

The warning message says that the license will run out in one day. When you run the product after the license has expired, the License Server will be contacted automatically to renew the license for one day.

3 MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration	? X	
If you intend to use Network Licensing, check "Use Network Licensing" and click "Connection Wizard" to s connection to the License Server. You can also use the License Details listbox below to generate keys to obtain and revoke licenses. Click Hel		
Network Licensing Connection Wizard Image: Server Name Server.example.co Group ID COBOL_TEMP_1	Close Help]
Product	×	
The license you are requesting will run out in 1 day (07Feb2014). Subsequently, when you run the product and your license has expired, the License Server will be contacted automatically to renew the license for 1 day. Are you sure you want to do this?		
Yes No		
Request 1-day License Request Full License Revoke Full License		

Warning message box when requesting a timed license

10. Click OK on the License Information message box.

MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration	?	x
If you intend to use Network Licensing, check "Use Network Licensing" and click "Connection Wizard" to se connection to the License Server. You can also use the License Details listbox below to generate keys to obtain and revoke licenses. Click Help		
Network Licensing Connection Wizard Image: Server Name server.example.co Group ID COBOL_TEMP_1	Clo He	
P Created a license for Net Express.	OK	×
Request 1-day License Request Full License Revoke Full License		

License Management System Configuration - License Information window

11. Verify that the license status has changed to "1 day left on this license," as shown in this example, and click Close.

3 MICRO FOCUS License	Management System	Configuration	? X	
If you intend to use Network Licensing, check "Use Network Licensing" and click "Connection Wizard" to set up your connection to the License Server. You can also use the License Details listbox below to generate keys to obtain and revoke licenses. Click Help for details.				
Network Licensing Connection Image: Use Network Licensing Connection Server Name server.example.co Group ID COBOL_TEMP_1	ı Wizard	_	Close Help	
Product	License Status	Group		
Net Express	1 day left on this license.	COBOL_TEMP_1		
Request 1-day License Request Full Licen	se Revoke Full License	;		

MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration window showing Timed License

Task 13A-3-3: Revoking the License Using the License Management System

Revoking (unallocating) the compiler license returns it to the license pool, and makes it available for re-use, either by you or another user. This section describes how to use the Micro Focus License Management System to revoke a compiler license. For information on revoking the license by completely removing the Micro Focus Net Express installation, see the following section.

See Revoking the License by Removing the Installation.

To revoke a Full License using the Micro Focus License Management System:

- 1. Select Start, All Programs, Micro Focus Net Express 5.1, Configuration, License Management System.
- 2. Select the check box for Net Express under Product in the details list, and click Revoke Full License.
- 3. Click Yes on the warning message box to confirm that you want to revoke a full license, as shown in this example.

The warning message says that revoking a full license means that you will no longer have a valid license.

MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration ? ×					
If you intend to use Network Licensing, check "Use Network Licensing" and click "Connection Wizard" to set up your connection to the License Server.					
You can also use the License Details listbox below I	to generate ke	ys to obtain and rev	voke licenses. Click Help	o for details.	
Network Licensing				Close	
Use Network Licensing Connection	on Wizard			Help	
Server Name server.example.co					
Group ID COBOL_GROUP_1					
Product	License St	-	Group		
Ret Express	Full licens		Group COBOL_GROUP_1		
	Warning	3	x		
Revoking a Fo have a valid li Are you sure	ull license me icense.	ans you will no lo	onger		
		Yes	No		
Request 1-day License Request Full Lice	ense F	Revoke Full License	•		

Warning message box on Revoking a Full License

4. Click OK.

The License Information message box says that the Net Express license has been revoked.

MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration	? X
If you intend to use Network Licensing, check "Use Network Licensing" and click "Connection Wizard" connection to the License Server. You can also use the License Details listbox below to generate keys to obtain and revoke licenses. Click	
Network Licensing	Close
License Management System Configuration - License Informati	ion X
The revoked License(s) have been added to the pool of Licenses on this serve the information below tells you which licenses have been revoked. The Net Express license has been revoked.	ver.
	ОК
Request 1-day License Revoke Full License	

License Management System Configuration - License Information

5. Verify that the license status has changed to "license has expired" and click Close.

Task 13A-3-4: Revoking the License by Removing the Installation

Revoking (unallocating) the compiler license returns it to the license pool, and makes it available for re-use, either by you or another user. This section describes how to revoke the license by completely removing the Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 installation. For information on using the Micro Focus License Management System to revoke a compiler license, see the previous section.

See Revoking the License Using the License Management System.

To remove the installation and revoke the license:

- 1. Select Start, All Programs, All Control Panel Items, Programs and Features.
- 2. Highlight Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 in the list of programs.
- 3. Right-click and select Uninstall, as shown in this example:

E	Programs and Features		_ D X		
📀 ⊚ ▼ ↑ 🛃 ► Control I	Panel All Control Panel Items Programs and Features	♥ 🖒 Search Program	ns and Features 🔎		
Control Panel Home Uninstall or change a program					
View installed updates	To uninstall a program, select it from the list and then click Uni	install, Change, or Repair.			
Turn Windows features on or off Install a program from the	Organize 🕶 Uninstall Change Repair		:== 🕶 🔞		
network	Name ^	Publisher	Installed Or 🔨		
	IIS 8.0 Express	Microsoft Corporation	8/19/2013		
	IIS Express Application Compatibility Database for x64		8/18/2013		
	IIS Express Application Compatibility Database for x86		8/18/2013		
	W McAfee Agent	McAfee, Inc.	2/19/2013 ≡		
	🕅 McAfee VirusScan Enterprise	McAfee, Inc.	2/27/2013		
	Micro Focus Net Express 5.1	Micro Focur	2/5/2014		
	Microsoft .NET Framework 4.5 Multi-Targeting Pack	Uninstall	8/16/2013		
	Microsoft .NET Framework 4.5 SDK	Change pration	8/16/2013		
	i Microsoft ASP.NET MVC 3	Repair pration	8/19/2013		
	🐻 Microsoft ASP.NET Web Pages	Microsoft Corporation	8/19/2013		
	🙀 Microsoft Help Viewer 2.0	Microsoft Corporation	8/18/2013		
	쯓 Microsoft Silverlight	Microsoft Corporation	8/19/2013		
	🥪 Microsoft Silverlight 4 SDK	Microsoft Corporation	8/19/2013		
	쯓 Microsoft Silverlight 5 SDK	Microsoft Corporation	8/19/2013		
	Microsoft SQL Server 2012 Command Line Utilities	Microsoft Corporation	8/19/2013		
	Microsoft SQL Server 2012 Data-Tier App Framework	Microsoft Corporation	8/19/2013 🗸		
	<		>		
	Micro Focus Product version: 5.109.039 Help link: http://supportline.m	Support link: <u>http://www</u> nicUpdate information: http://supp	v.microfocus.com portline.microfocus		

Microsoft Windows Control Panel Programs and Features

4. Click Revoke on the Uninstalling Product Warning message box, as shown in this example:

		Programs and Features		_ 🗆 X	
e					
	Control Panel H View installed up Turn Windows f	Uninstall or change a program pdates To uninstall a program, select it from the list and then click Uninstall, Change,	, or Repair.		
	off	Organize 🕶 Uninstall Change Repair		H 🕶 🔞	
	Install a program network	uninstalling Product Warning		Installed O(^ 8/19/2013	
		You are removing a Micro Focus product from this computer. If you wish to remove its license fr machine, click Revoke to start the License Management System Configuration utility. Use this t generate a revoke key to send to Micro Focus or your system administrator. This will free the liv it can be used again. Please be aware of the fact that a license key may be shared amongst multiple versions of the product installed on the same machine, and that removing the license for one version of the prod cause the other versions to stop working. Revoke Retain	to cense so same	8/18/2013 8/18/2013 2/19/2013 2/27/2013 2/5/2014 8/16/2013 8/16/2013 8/19/2013 8/19/2013 8/18/2013	
	l		озон согрогано		
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				>	
				//www.microfocus.com	

Uninstalling Product Warning message box

The MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration window appears.

5. Follow the instructions in the previous section to revoke the license.

See Revoking the License Using the License Management System.

6. When the process to revoke the license is complete, close the MICRO FOCUS License Management System Configuration window, and complete the process to remove Micro Focus Net Express 5.1.

Task 13A-4: Using the Micro Focus COBOL Compiler on Microsoft Windows

This section discusses:

- Understanding COBOL Compilation
- Compiling COBOL on Microsoft Windows with a PS_HOME Setup
- Compiling COBOL on Microsoft Windows with a PS_APP_HOME Setup
- Compiling COBOL on Microsoft Windows with a PS_CUST_HOME Setup
- Recompiling COBOL on Microsoft Windows
- Setting Up the Micro Focus Net Express Runtime

- Defining the GNT and INT Files
- Distributing COBOL Binaries

Understanding COBOL Compilation

With PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.50 and higher, your COBOL always needs to be compiled on Microsoft Windows. (This is a change from previous versions of PeopleSoft PeopleTools, which delivered compiled COBOL for Microsoft Windows.) This section assumes that you are carrying out the compile process from your file server. (The COBOL compiler itself does not need to be on the file server, as long as the user can write to the file server and can link to the src and bin directories.) The recommended approach for the PeopleSoft installation is to use CBLBLD.BAT to compile all your COBOL source files at once. Another alternative is CBLMAKE.BAT, which you can use to compile selected COBOL files.

The way that you set up your installation environment determines how you compile COBOL. This section includes different procedures for the different installation environments, as follows:

• PS_HOME Setup

If you installed the PeopleSoft Application software to a *PS_APP_HOME* location that is the same as the *PS_HOME* location where you installed the PeopleSoft PeopleTools software, follow the instructions in these sections:

- Compiling COBOL on Microsoft Windows with a PS_HOME Setup
- Defining the GNT and INT Files
- PS_APP_HOME Setup

As described earlier, for PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.52 and later, you have the option to install the PeopleSoft Application software to a location outside *PS_HOME*. If the PS_APP_HOME environment variable is defined and is different from PS_HOME, the COBOL build scripts behave differently under certain build options. There are also some new build options under certain environments which would be recognized if PS_APP_HOME is defined.

If you installed the PeopleSoft Application software to a *PS_APP_HOME* location that is different from the *PS_HOME* location where you installed the PeopleSoft PeopleTools software, follow the instructions in these sections:

- Compiling COBOL on Microsoft Windows with a PS_APP_HOME Setup
- Defining the GNT and INT Files
- PS_CUST_HOME Setup

For PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.53 and later, you have the option to place customized COBOL baseline sources into a location referenced by the environment variable PS_CUST_HOME.

The *PS_CUST_HOME* directory structure must replicate that of *PS_HOME* or *PS_APP_HOME*; that is, any COBOL source file that is customized should be placed in the same relative path as was present in the original location.

If your environment includes customized files in a *PS_CUST_HOME* directory, follow the instructions in these sections:

- Compiling COBOL on Microsoft Windows with a PS_CUST_HOME Setup
- Defining the GNT and INT Files

For those systems on which you only need to run COBOL, but do not need to compile it, you must install and license the Micro Focus Net Express Runtime.

See Setting Up the Micro Focus Net Express Runtime.

Make certain to check whether you need to apply any late-breaking patches.

See My Oracle Support, Patches & Updates.

See Also

"Preparing for Installation," Defining Installation Locations.

Task 13A-4-1: Compiling COBOL on Microsoft Windows with a PS_HOME Setup

This section discusses:

- Prerequisites
- Compiling with CBLBLD.BAT with a PS_HOME Setup
- Compiling with CBLMAKE.BAT with a PS_HOME Setup

Prerequisites

This section assumes that you installed both PeopleSoft PeopleTools and PeopleSoft Application software to *PS_HOME*, and that you have not set *PS_CUST_HOME*.

Compiling with CBLBLD.BAT with a PS_HOME Setup

To compile COBOL with CBLBLD.BAT:

1. Set up two environment variables, %PS_HOME% and %COBROOT%, on the machine from which you'll compile COBOL. (This should be either your file server or a machine that has access to your file server.)

You can do this from a command prompt window. This table gives the environment variables and their purposes.

Environment Variable	Purpose
PS_HOME	PeopleSoft home directory—that is, the drive letter and high-level PeopleSoft directory where you installed PeopleTools and the application.
COBROOT	Drive letter and root directory of the COBOL compiler.

For example, you could enter the following in the DOS command prompt:

set PS_HOME=C:\HR92
set COBROOT="C:\Program Files\Micro Focus\Net Express 5.1\base"

- 2. Open a command prompt window if you do not have one open already, and change directories to *PS_HOME*\ setup.
- 3. Execute CBLBLD.BAT as follows:

cblbld <compile drive> <compile directory>

In this command, *<compile drive>* is the drive where the compile takes place, and *<compile directory>* is the temp directory where the compile takes place.

The CBLBLD.BAT file will create the compile directory for you if it does not already exist.

Note. *Make sure* to include a space between the *<compile drive>* and *<compile directory>* parameters; they are treated as two different parameters within the CBLBLD.BAT batch program. Also ensure that you have write permission to *<compile drive>* and *<compile directory>* as the compile process will take place there.

For example, the following command will take the COBOL source from *PS_HOME*\src\cbl and do the compile process under c:\temp\compile:

cblbld c: \temp\compile

Make note of the information that is displayed on the screen while the process is running; it provides the locations of important files that you will need to examine.

- 4. After you have successfully compiled your source code, all of the executables should have been placed in your *PS_HOME*>\CBLBIN*X*> directory (this directory will be named CBLBINA or CBLBINU, depending on whether you are using ANSI or Unicode). Make sure that all of the files were copied correctly to this directory.
- 5. If the files were copied correctly, you can delete the entire temporary compile directory to free space on your disk drive.

Note. You may want to keep the files in the compile directory for testing purposes. Make sure that you have enough space on the drive where < compile directory > is located. Estimate about three times the amount in the $< PS_HOME > |CBLBIN < X >$ directory.

Note. If you chose the Unicode option while running the PeopleSoft Installer, the file UNICODE.CFG was created in the setup directory. UNICODE.CFG automatically triggers the batch file CBL2UNI.BAT when you run CBLBLD.BAT. Another batch file, CBLRTCPY.BAT, copies four DLLs (CBLINTS.DLL, CBLRTSS.DLL, CBLVIOS.DLL, COB32API.DLL) from the Microfocus compiler directory (identified by %COBROOT% setting) into the appropriate CBLBIN directory (CBLBINA or CBLBINU) when you run CBLBLD. These files are needed for COBOL to run; they can reside anywhere as long as they are in the path. You can run either of these BAT files independently from the command line (they reside in *PS_HOME*\setup). For CBLRTCPY.BAT you need to specify a target directory.

Compiling with CBLMAKE.BAT with a PS_HOME Setup

CBLBLD.BAT compiles all your COBOL source files at once, which can take a lot of time. CBLMAKE.BAT, in contrast, lets you employ one or more parameters to compile a specific COBOL source file or a selected group of COBOL source files. Unlike CBLBLD.BAT, however, CBLMAKE.BAT does not automatically trigger the batch file CBL2UNI.BAT or CBLRTCPY.BAT.

Here is the basic syntax for CBLMAKE.BAT:

```
CBLMAKE.BAT [] [ALL] [wildcard filename[ALL]] [wildcard filename |⇒
wildcard⇒
filename without extension[INT | GNT | EXE]] [LIST]
```

Note. The switches are well documented in the CBLMAKE.BAT file in the form of comments.

Note. If the change in the COBOL source is a copy member, you must compile all of the COBOL programs using CBLBLD.BAT. You know it is a copy member when the third letter in the file name is a *C*, as in PTC SQLRT.CBL.

The following table describes the various options for CBLMAKE.BAT.

Option	Purpose	
Cblmake	Compiles all source	
Cblmake all	Compiles all source	
Cblmake PT*	Compiles all source files that start with PT	
Cblmake PT* ALL	Compiles all source files that start with PT	
Cblmake PT* INT	Generates INT files for all source files that start with PT	
Cblmake PT* GNT	Generates GNT files for all source files that start with PT	
Cblmake PT* EXE	Generates EXE files for all source files that start with PT	
Cblmake PTPDBTST INT	Generates PTPDBTST.INT file	
Cblmake PTPDBTST INT LIST	Generates PTPDBTST.INT and source listing file	
Cblmake PTPDBTST GNT	Generates PTPDBTST.GNT file	
Cblmake PTPDBTST EXE	Generates PTPDBTST.EXE file	

The LIST option creates a source listing file under *<compile directory*>*\<filename*>.lis. The LIST option is useful when the compile fails during the debugging phase. The source listing files show exactly where an error occurred. This option is not recommended when the program compiles successfully because the .LIS files can grow to be quite large.

Note. By default, when the program fails to compile, the system will generate a .LIS file.

To compile with CBLMAKE.BAT:

- 1. Verify that the %PS_HOME% and %COBROOT% environment variables are set up correctly.
- 2. Open a command prompt window.
- 3. Make sure the compile directory exists; it may already exist if you've run CBLBLD.BAT. If it does exist, remove any files residing there—just as a safeguard. If it does not exist, you need to create it.

Note. Make sure you have write permission to *<compile directory>* as the compile process will take place there.

- 4. Change to the *PS_HOME*\setup directory.
- 5. If the installation is Unicode, run CBL2UNI (with no parameters).
- 6. Execute the following command to copy all the COBOL source files from the *PS_HOME* directory to the compile directory:

cblsrc <source directory> <compile directory>

where *<source directory>* is the drive and directory where the source resides (it should be the same as *PS_HOME*), and *<compile directory>* is the drive and directory to which the source files will be copied.

For example, the following command will take the COBOL source from *PS_HOME* and copy all the necessary files to the location where the compile process will take place.

cblsrc PS_HOME c:\temp\compile

If the COBOL source that will be compiled is different from the one under *PS_HOME*, copy that COBOL source to *<compile directory>*.

Note. The compile in the next step will generate a GNT file unless the exception file, CBLINT.XX already exists (the XX represents the Product ID). CBLINT.XX contains the list of files that need to be compiled to the INT file. Make sure the intended CBLINT.XX is located under <*compile directory*> before executing CBLMAKE.

- 7. After CBLSRC completes, change directories to the compile directory, and run CBLMAKE.BAT, using the basic syntax as well as the CBLMAKE table shown earlier as your guide.
- 8. After CBLMAKE.BAT completes, copy the EXE, GNT, or INT files to the appropriate *PS_HOME*\CBLBINX directory (CBLBINA or CBLBINU).

copy *.exe PS_HOME\cblbina
copy *.gnt PS_HOME\cblbina
copy *.int PS_HOME\cblbina

Note. You have to copy these files to the appropriate cblbin directory manually when you use CBLMAKE; they are not copied automatically, as when you use CBLBLD.

Task 13A-4-2: Compiling COBOL on Microsoft Windows with a PS_APP_HOME Setup

This section discusses:

- Prerequisites
- Compiling with CBLBLD.BAT with a PS_APP_HOME Setup
- Compiling with CBLMAKE.BAT with a PS_APP_HOME Setup

Prerequisites

This section assumes that you installed PeopleSoft application software to a *PS_APP_HOME* directory that is different from the *PS_HOME* directory where you installed PeopleSoft PeopleTools. It also assumes that there is no separate *PS_CUST_HOME* directory with customized COBOL source files.

Compiling with CBLBLD.BAT with a PS_APP_HOME Setup

The usage for running CBLBLD.BAT is: cblbld <compile drive> <compile directory> [BUILD option] [BUILD home]

Substitute the appropriate values as follows:

<compile drive>

Enter the drive letter for the drive containing the directory where the compile takes place.

<compile directory>

Enter the directory where the compile takes place. Be sure to include a space between <compile drive> and <compile directory>.

• BUILD_option

The allowed values are nothing (blank), ASCII or Unicode.

BUILD_option refers to the encoding scheme of your PeopleSoft installation. This parameter is optional.

BUILD_home

The allowed values are nothing (blank), PS_HOME or PS_APP_HOME.

Note. The values PS_HOME and PS_APP_HOME are case-insensitive.

BUILD_home refers to the directory from which the COBOL source files will be compiled.

This parameter is optional.

- If the option is PS_HOME, the COBOL source files placed under %PS_HOME%\src\cbl will be compiled.
- If the option is PS_APP_HOME, the COBOL source files placed under %PS_APP_HOME%\src\cbl will be compiled.
- If the option is blank, the COBOL source files under %PS_HOME%\src\cbl and COBOL source files under %PS_APP_HOME%\src\cbl will be compiled one after the other.

To compile COBOL sources on Microsoft Windows:

1. In a command prompt, set the environment variables described in this table:

Environment Variable	Purpose
PS_HOME	PeopleSoft PeopleTools home directory—that is, the drive letter and high-level directory where you installed PeopleSoft PeopleTools.
COBROOT	Drive letter and root directory of the COBOL compiler.
PS_APP_HOME	PeopleSoft Application home directory—that is, the drive letter and high-level directory where you installed the PeopleSoft Application software.

For example:

```
set PS_HOME=C:\PTcompile
set COBROOT="C:\Program Files\Micro Focus\Net Express 5.1\base"
set PS APP HOME=C:\HRcompile
```

2. Change directory to *PS_HOME*\setup:

cd %PS_HOME%\setup

- 3. Run CBLBLD.BAT, using one of these methods:
 - To compile all the COBOL source files under your PeopleSoft application, that is, all PeopleSoft PeopleTools source files and all PeopleSoft Application source files, run this command:

cblbld <compile drive> <compile directory>

For example:

cblbld c: \temp\PTcompile

• To compile only PeopleSoft PeopleTools COBOL source files, run this command: cblbld <compile drive> <compile directory> PS HOME

```
For example:
cblbld c: \temp\PTcompile PS HOME
```

• To compile only PeopleSoft Application COBOL source files, run this command:

```
cblbld <compile drive> <compile directory> PS_APP_HOME
```

```
For example:
cblbld c: \temp\HRcompile PS APP HOME
```

PeopleSoft PeopleTools COBOL compiled executables will be placed under the $\langle PS_HOME \rangle$ \CBLBIN $\langle X \rangle$ directory. PeopleSoft Application COBOL compiled executables will be placed under the $\langle PS_APP_HOME \rangle$ \CBLBIN $\langle X \rangle$ directory. CBLBIN $\langle X \rangle$ will be one of the following:

- CBLBINA if you are using ANSI encoding scheme
- CBLBINU if you are using Unicode encoding scheme

Compiling with CBLMAKE.BAT with a PS_APP_HOME Setup

CBLBLD.BAT compiles all your COBOL source files at once, which can take a lot of time. CBLMAKE.BAT, in contrast, lets you employ one or more parameters to compile a specific COBOL source file or a selected group of COBOL source files. The procedure is slightly different depending upon whether the file that you want to compile is a PeopleSoft Application or PeopleSoft PeopleTools COBOL file. Both procedures are covered in this section.

Note. The options for CBLMAKE.BAT are defined in a table in the previous section Compiling with CBLMAKE.BAT with a *PS_HOME* Setup.

To compile a PeopleSoft Application COBOL file with CBLMAKE.BAT:

- 1. Open a command prompt window.
- 2. Verify that the PS_HOME, COBROOT, and PS_APP_HOME environment variables are set, as previously defined.

See Compiling with CBLBLD.BAT with a PS_APP_HOME Setup.

3. Verify that the environment variable PS_compile_apps is set, as follows:

set PS_compile_apps=Y

Important! This variable setting is required for individual file compilation with CBLMAKE.BAT.

- 4. Make sure the compile directory, *<compile directory>*, exists, and that you have write permission to it. This directory may already exist if you have run CBLBLD.BAT before. If it does exist, remove any files residing there—just as a safeguard. If it does not exist, you need to create it.
- 5. Change to the *PS_HOME*\setup directory.
- 6. If the installation is Unicode, run CBL2UNI (with no parameters).
- 7. Execute the following command to copy all the COBOL source files from the *PS_APP_HOME* directory to the compile directory:

cblsrc <source directory> <compile directory>

Here *<source directory>* is the drive and directory where the source resides (it should be the same as *PS_APP_HOME*), and *<compile directory>* is the drive and directory to which the source files will be copied.

For example, the following command will take the COBOL source from *PS_APP_HOME* and copy all the necessary files to the location where the compile process will take place, c:\temp\HRcompile in this example:

cblsrc %PS_APP_HOME% c:\temp\HRcompile

Note. The compile in the next step will generate a GNT file unless the exception file, CBLINT.XX already exists (the XX represents the Product ID). CBLINT.XX contains the list of files that need to be compiled to the INT file. Make sure the intended CBLINT.XX is located under <*compile directory*> before executing CBLMAKE.

8. After CBLSRC completes, change directories to the compile directory, and run CBLMAKE.BAT, using the basic syntax as well as the CBLMAKE table shown earlier as your guide.

For example, to compile a file named GPPDPRUN, run this command:

cblmake GPPDPRUN

9. After CBLMAKE.BAT completes, copy the EXE, GNT, or INT files to the appropriate *<PS_APP_HOME>* CBLBIN*<X>* directory (CBLBINA for ANSI or CBLBINU for Unicode).

These examples use the ANSI encoding:

copy *.exe %PS_APP_HOME%\cblbina
copy *.gnt %PS_APP_HOME%\cblbina
copy *.int %PS_APP_HOME%\cblbina

Note. You have to copy these files to the appropriate cblbin directory manually when you use CBLMAKE; they are not copied automatically, as when you use CBLBLD.

10. Verify that the compiler runtime files (CBLINTS.DLL, CBLRTSM.DLL, CBLRTSS.DLL, CBLVIOM.DLL, CBLVIOS.DLL, COB32API.dll, MFLANGDF.lbr) are present in the *PS_APP_HOME*>\CBLBIN*X*> directory.

If they are not present, then you will have to run %PS_HOME%\setup\cblrtcpy.bat as follows:

cblrtcpy %PS_APP_HOME%\cblbina

The procedure to compile a PeopleSoft PeopleTools COBOL file with CBLMAKE.BAT is similar, but the environment variable PS compile apps must *not* be set.

- 1. Open a command prompt window.
- 2. Verify that the PS_HOME, COBROOT, and PS_APP_HOME environment variables are set, as previously defined.

See Compiling with CBLBLD.BAT with a PS_APP_HOME Setup.

3. Verify that the environment variable PS_compile_apps is *not* set, as follows:

```
set PS compile apps=
```

Important! Unsetting this environment variable is required for individual file compilation with CBLMAKE.BAT for PeopleSoft PeopleTools files.

4. Make sure the compile directory, *<compile directory>*, exists, and that you have write permission to it.

This directory may already exist if you have run CBLBLD.BAT before. If it does exist, remove any files residing there—just as a safeguard. If it does not exist, you need to create it.

- 5. Change to the *PS_HOME*\setup directory.
- 6. If the installation is Unicode, run CBL2UNI (with no parameters).
- 7. Execute the following command to copy all the COBOL source files from the *PS_HOME* directory to the compile directory:

cblsrc <source directory> <compile directory>

where *<source directory>* is the drive and directory where the source resides (it should be the same as *PS_HOME*), and *<compile directory>* is the drive and directory to which the source files will be copied.

For example, the following command will take the COBOL source from *PS_HOME* and copy all the necessary files to the location where the compile process will take place, c:\temp\PTcompile in this example:

cblsrc %PS_HOME% c:\temp\PTcompile

8. After CBLSRC completes, change directories to the compile directory, and run CBLMAKE.BAT, using the basic syntax as well as the CBLMAKE table shown earlier as your guide.

For example, to compile a file named PTPDBTST, run this command:

cblmake PTPDBTST

9. After CBLMAKE.BAT completes, copy the EXE, GNT, or INT files to the appropriate *<PS_HOME>* CBLBIN*<X>* directory (CBLBINA for ANSI or CBLBINU for Unicode).

These examples use the ANSI encoding:

copy *.exe %PS_HOME%\cblbina
copy *.gnt %PS_HOME%\cblbina
copy *.int %PS_HOME%\cblbina

Note. You have to copy these files to the appropriate cblbin directory manually when you use CBLMAKE; they are not copied automatically, as when you use CBLBLD.

10. Verify that the compiler runtime files (CBLINTS.DLL, CBLRTSM.DLL, CBLRTSS.DLL, CBLVIOM.DLL, CBLVIOS.DLL, COB32API.dll, MFLANGDF.lbr) are present in the *PS_HOME*>\CBLBIN*X*> directory.

If they are not present, then you will have to run %PS_HOME%\setup\cblrtcpy.bat as follows:

cblrtcpy %PS_HOME%\cblbina

Note. If you plan to use cblmake.bat to compile a single (or a set) of PeopleSoft PeopleTools or PeopleSoft Application COBOL program at the same time, it would be a good idea to use two different command prompts and two different compile directories—one for PeopleSoft PeopleTools COBOL programs and the other for the PeopleSoft Application COBOL programs. This avoids setting and unsetting the PS_compile_apps environment variable.

Task 13A-4-3: Compiling COBOL on Microsoft Windows with a PS_CUST_HOME Setup

This section discusses:

- Prerequisites
- Compiling with CBLBLD.BAT with a PS_CUST_HOME Setup

• Compiling with CBLMAKE.BAT with a PS_CUST_HOME Setup

Prerequisites

This section assumes that you installed PeopleSoft application software to a *PS_APP_HOME* directory that is different from the *PS_HOME* directory where you installed PeopleSoft PeopleTools. It also assumes that you have set up a PS_CUST_HOME environment variable for customized COBOL source files.

Compiling with CBLBLD.BAT with a PS_CUST_HOME Setup

The usage for running CBLBLD.BAT is:

cblbld <compile drive> <compile directory> [BUILD option] [BUILD home]

Substitute the appropriate values as follows:

• <compile drive>

Enter the drive letter for the drive containing the directory where the compile takes place.

• <compile directory>

Enter the directory where the compile takes place. Be sure to include a space between <compile drive> and <compile directory>.

• BUILD_option

The allowed values are nothing (blank), ASCII or Unicode.

BUILD_option refers to the encoding scheme of your PeopleSoft installation. This parameter is optional.

• BUILD_home

The allowed values are nothing (blank), PS_HOME, PS_APP_HOME, or PS_CUST_HOME.

Note. The values PS_HOME, PS_APP_HOME, and PS_CUST_HOME are case-insensitive.

BUILD_home refers to the directory from which the COBOL source files will be compiled.

This parameter is optional.

- If the option is PS_HOME, the COBOL source files placed under %PS_HOME%\src\cbl will be compiled.
- If the option is PS_APP_HOME, the COBOL source files placed under %PS_APP_HOME%\src\cbl will be compiled.
- If the option is PS_CUST_HOME, the COBOL source files placed under %PS_CUST_HOME%\src\cbl will be compiled.
- If the option is blank, the COBOL source files under %PS_HOME%\src\cbl, under %PS_APP_HOME%\src\cbl (if PS_APP_HOME is different from PS_HOME), and under %PS_CUST_HOME%\src\cbl will be compiled one after the other.

To compile COBOL sources on Microsoft Windows:

1. In a command prompt, set the environment variables described in this table:

Environment Variable	Purpose
PS_HOME	PeopleSoft PeopleTools home directory—that is, the drive letter and high-level directory where you installed PeopleSoft PeopleTools.
PS_APP_HOME (if different from PS_HOME)	PeopleSoft Application home directory—that is, the drive letter and high-level directory where you installed the PeopleSoft Application software.
PS_CUST_HOME	PeopleSoft Application customized home directory—that is, the drive letter and high-level directory containing your customized PeopleSoft COBOL programs.
COBROOT	Drive letter and root directory of the COBOL compiler.

For example:

```
set PS_HOME=C:\PTcompile
set COBROOT="C:\Program Files\Micro Focus\Net Express 5.1\base"
set PS_CUST_HOME=C:\CUSTcompile
```

```
set PS_APP_HOME=C:\HRcompile
```

2. Change directory to *PS_HOME*\setup:

cd %PS_HOME%\setup

- 3. Run CBLBLD.BAT, using one of these methods:
 - To compile all the COBOL source files under your PeopleSoft application, that is, all PeopleSoft PeopleTools source files, all PeopleSoft Application source files, and all customized PeopleSoft source files, run this command:

cblbld <compile drive> <compile directory>

For example: cblbld c: \temp\PTcompile

• To compile only PeopleSoft PeopleTools and PeopleSoft Application COBOL source files, run this command:

cblbld <compile drive> <compile directory> PS HOME

For example:

cblbld c: \temp\PTcompile PS_HOME

• To compile only customized PeopleSoft Application or PeopleSoft PeopleTools COBOL source files, run this command:

```
cblbld <compile drive> <compile directory> PS_CUST_HOME
```

For example:

cblbld c: \temp\CUSTcompile PS CUST HOME

Delivered (that is, non-customized) PeopleSoft PeopleTools and PeopleSoft Application COBOL compiled executables will be placed under the $\langle PS_HOME \rangle$ \CBLBIN $\langle X \rangle$ directory. Customized PeopleSoft Application or PeopleSoft PeopleTools COBOL compiled executables will be placed under the $\langle PS_CUST_HOME \rangle$ \CBLBIN $\langle X \rangle$ directory. CBLBIN $\langle X \rangle$ directory. CBLBIN $\langle X \rangle$ will be one of the following:

- CBLBINA if you are using ANSI encoding scheme
- CBLBINU if you are using Unicode encoding scheme

Compiling with CBLMAKE.BAT with a PS_CUST_HOME Setup

CBLBLD.BAT compiles all your COBOL source files at once, which can take a lot of time. CBLMAKE.BAT, in contrast, lets you employ one or more parameters to compile a specific COBOL source file or a selected group of COBOL files. The procedure is slightly different depending upon whether the file that you want to compile is a PeopleSoft Application, PeopleSoft PeopleTools, or customized COBOL source file. Both procedures are covered in this section.

Note. The options for CBLMAKE.BAT are defined in a table in the previous section Compiling with CBLMAKE.BAT with a *PS HOME* Setup.

To compile a customized COBOL file with CBLMAKE.BAT:

- 1. Open a command prompt window.
- 2. Verify that the PS_HOME, COBROOT, PS_APP_HOME (if not the same as PS_HOME), and PS_CUST_HOME environment variables are set, as previously defined.

See Compiling with CBLBLD.BAT with a PS_CUST_HOME Setup.

3. Verify that the environment variable PS_compile_cust is set, as follows:

set PS_compile_cust=Y

Important! This variable setting is required for individual file compilation with CBLMAKE.BAT.

- 4. Ensure that the compile directory, *<compile directory>*, exists, and that you have write permission to it.
- This directory may already exist if you have run CBLBLD.BAT before. If it does exist, remove any files residing there—just as a safeguard. If it does not exist, you need to create it.
- 5. Change to the *PS_HOME*\setup directory.
- 6. If the installation is Unicode, run CBL2UNI (with no parameters).
- 7. Execute the following command to copy all the COBOL source files from the *PS_CUST_HOME* directory to the compile directory:

cblsrc <source directory> <compile directory>

Here *<source directory>* is the drive and directory where the source resides (it should be the same as *PS_CUST_HOME*), and *<compile directory>* is the drive and directory to which the source files will be copied.

For example, the following command will take the COBOL source files from *PS_CUST_HOME* and copy all the necessary files to the location where the compile process will take place, c:\temp\CUSTcompile in this example:

```
cblsrc %PS CUST HOME% c:\temp\CUSTcompile
```

Note. The compile in the next step will generate a GNT file unless the exception file, CBLINT.XX already exists (the XX represents the Product ID). CBLINT.XX contains the list of files that need to be compiled to the INT file. Make sure the intended CBLINT.XX is located under <*compile directory*> before executing CBLMAKE.

8. After CBLSRC completes, change directories to the compile directory, and run CBLMAKE.BAT, using the basic syntax as well as the CBLMAKE table shown earlier as your guide.

For example, to compile a file named GPPDPRUN, run this command:

cblmake GPPDPRUN

9. After CBLMAKE.BAT completes, copy the EXE, GNT, or INT files to the appropriate <*PS_CUST_HOME*>\CBLBIN<*X*> directory (CBLBINA for ANSI or CBLBINU for Unicode).

These examples use the ANSI encoding:

copy *.exe %PS_CUST_HOME%\cblbina
copy *.gnt %PS_CUST_HOME%\cblbina
copy *.int %PS_CUST_HOME%\cblbina

Note. You have to copy these files to the appropriate cblbin directory manually when you use CBLMAKE; they are not copied automatically, as when you use CBLBLD.

10. Verify that the compiler runtime files (CBLINTS.DLL, CBLRTSM.DLL, CBLRTSS.DLL, CBLVIOM.DLL, CBLVIOS.DLL, COB32API.DLL, MFLANGDF.lbr) are present in the *PS_CUST_HOME*>\CBLBIN*X*> directory.

If they are not present, then you will have to run %PS_HOME%\setup\cblrtcpy.bat as follows:

cblrtcpy %PS CUST HOME%\cblbina

The procedure to compile a PeopleSoft PeopleTools COBOL file with CBLMAKE.BAT is similar, but the environment variable PS compile cust must *not* be set.

- 1. Open a command prompt window.
- 2. Verify that the PS_HOME, COBROOT, and PS_APP_HOME environment variables are set, as previously defined.

See Compiling with CBLBLD.BAT with a PS_APP_HOME Setup.

3. Verify that the environment variable PS_compile_cust is not set, as follows:

set PS_compile_cust=

Important! Unsetting this environment variable is required for individual file compilation with CBLMAKE.BAT for PeopleSoft PeopleTools files.

- 4. Make sure the compile directory, *<compile directory>*, exists, and that you have write permission to it. This directory may already exist if you have run CBLBLD.BAT before. If it does exist, remove any files residing there—just as a safeguard. If it does not exist, you need to create it.
- 5. Change to the *PS_HOME*\setup directory.
- 6. If the installation is Unicode, run CBL2UNI (with no parameters).
- 7. Execute the following command to copy all the COBOL source files from the *PS_HOME* directory to the compile directory:

cblsrc <source directory> <compile directory>

Here *<source directory>* is the drive and directory where the source resides (it should be the same as *PS_HOME*), and *<compile directory>* is the drive and directory to which the source files will be copied.

For example, the following command will take the COBOL source from *PS_HOME* and copy all the necessary files to the location where the compile process will take place, c:\temp\PTcompile in this example:

cblsrc %PS_HOME% c:\temp\PTcompile

8. After CBLSRC completes, change directories to the compile directory, and run CBLMAKE.BAT, using the basic syntax as well as the CBLMAKE table shown earlier as your guide.

For example, to compile a file named PTPDBTST, run this command:

cblmake PTPDBTST

9. After CBLMAKE.BAT completes, copy the EXE, GNT, or INT files to the appropriate *<PS_HOME>* CBLBIN*<X>* directory (CBLBINA for ANSI or CBLBINU for Unicode).

These examples use the ANSI encoding:

copy *.exe %PS_HOME%\cblbina
copy *.gnt %PS_HOME%\cblbina
copy *.int %PS HOME%\cblbina

Note. You have to copy these files to the appropriate cblbin directory manually when you use CBLMAKE; they are not copied automatically, as when you use CBLBLD.

10. Verify that the compiler runtime files (CBLINTS.DLL, CBLRTSM.DLL, CBLRTSS.DLL, CBLVIOM.DLL, CBLVIOS.DLL, COB32API.DLL, MFLANGDF.lbr) are present in the *PS_HOME*>\CBLBIN*X*> directory.

If they are not present, then you will have to run %PS_HOME%\setup\cblrtcpy.bat as follows:

cblrtcpy %PS HOME%\cblbina

Note. If you plan to use cblmake.bat to compile a single (or a set) of PeopleSoft PeopleTools or PeopleSoft Application COBOL program at the same time, it would be a good idea to use two different command prompts and two different compile directories—one for PeopleSoft PeopleTools COBOL programs and the other for the PeopleSoft Application COBOL programs. This avoids setting and unsetting the PS_compile_cust environment variable.

Task 13A-4-4: Recompiling COBOL on Microsoft Windows

You always need to compile at installation, so you will only need to recompile COBOL in the following situations:

- You are installing PeopleSoft software for the first time.
- The supported COBOL compiler changes.
- You change the version of your RDBMS.
- You change the version of your operating system.
- You apply a PeopleSoft PeopleTools upgrade, patch, or fix.

You can recompile selected COBOL files by using CBLMAKE.BAT, or recompile all your COBOL source files by using CBLBLD.BAT.

Note. If you want to recompile all your COBOL, you can follow the appropriate procedure for compiling COBOL, as described earlier.

See Compiling COBOL on Microsoft Windows with a PS_HOME Setup, Compiling COBOL on Microsoft Windows with a PS_APP_HOME Setup, or Compiling COBOL on Microsoft Windows with a PS_CUST_HOME Setup.

Task 13A-4-5: Setting Up the Micro Focus Net Express Runtime

This section discusses:

- Understanding the Micro Focus Net Express Runtime
- Installing the Runtime Files and Setting Up the License
- Removing the Runtime License
- Troubleshooting

Understanding the Micro Focus Net Express Runtime

The Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Runtime provides the COBOL runtime environment required for COBOL programs to run. Install and license the runtime on each system that will run PeopleSoft COBOL applications. Typically, PeopleSoft COBOL application programs are run on PeopleSoft application server systems and PeopleSoft batch (Process Scheduler) systems.

The Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Runtime consists of the following components:

- Six DLLs
 - CBLINTS.DLL
 - CBLRTSM.DLL
 - CBLRTSS.DLL
 - CBLVIOM.DLL
 - CBLVIOS.DLL
 - COB32API.DLL
- A Microsoft Windows registry entry for ASLMF

For 64-bit Microsoft Windows systems, the entry is:

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Wow6432Node\MICRO FOCUS\ASLMF

- The directory that contains the runtime license database, C:\psft-mf-nx-as-license, which contains the following files:
 - mfasdb
 - prodfile
 - semfile
- The Application Server License Manager Service

The Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Runtime DLLs installation is done automatically as part of the COBOL compilation process. When CBLBLD.bat is run, it invokes CBLRTCPY.bat to copy the COBOL runtime DLLs listed above, from the %COBROOT%\bin directory to %PS_HOME%\CBLBIN*x* directory.

CBLBIN*x* is CBLBINA, CBLBINE or CBLBINU, based on the compilation mode of ASCII, EBCDIC or Unicode respectively.

If you have already set up the Micro Focus Net Express COBOL compiler on a system, there is no explicit installation necessary for the runtime. For those systems where you only want to run COBOL, but have no need to compile it, use the following instructions in the section Installing the Runtime Files and Setting Up the License.

Installing the Runtime Files and Setting Up the License

The license files are included with the files that you downloaded from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud. The Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Wrap Pack 14 Runtime Licensing files are contained in the self-extracting zip file, MFLicense_51WP14.exe. This executable provides the COBOL runtime system with unlimited runtime Net Express licenses specifically for PeopleSoft installations.

Always use the runtime files created for the version of the compiler that you used in compiling the COBOL files. For example, use the MFLicense_51WP14.exe runtime license file for the Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Wrap Pack 14 compiler.

This section assumes that:

- You installed and compiled the PeopleSoft COBOL application files on the runtime system.
- You saved the files from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud in a directory referred to as NE_INSTALL.

To set up the runtime license:

1. Set the environment variable PS_HOME to the directory where your PeopleSoft software is installed.

For example, use this command in a command prompt window:

set PS_HOME=C:\HR92

- 2. Delete the following Microsoft Windows registry entry if it exists: \HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Wow6432Node\Micro Focus\ASLMF
- 3. Delete the directory C:\psft-mf-nx-as-license if it exists.
- 4. Go to *NE_INSTALL*, and run the self-extracting zip file MFLicense_51WP14.exe.
- 5. Specify the directory to save the files, for example C:\MFLicense-Extract-51WP14.
- 6. Change directory to C:\MFLicense-Extract-51WP14 and run the script setupMF.bat. This script makes the following changes:
 - Installs the Micro Focus Net Express Application Server License Database.
 - Creates the Microsoft Windows registry entry \HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Wow6432Node\Micro Focus\ASLMF, which point to the directory c:\psft-mf-nx-as-license.
 - Adds the files mfasdb, prodfile, and semfile to the directory C:\psft-mf-nx-as-license.
- 7. Run the command MFLMWin with the option to install, as follows: MFLMWin.exe -i
- 8. To verify that the Micro Focus license manager was installed, run Microsoft Windows Services.

For example, run the following command in the command prompt window:

services.msc

You should see the service Micro Focus License Manager with status Started, and the Startup type should be Automatic.

Removing the Runtime License

To uninstall the runtime license:

- Delete the Microsoft Windows registry key:
 \HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Wow6432Node\Micro Focus\ASLMF
- Delete the C:\psft-mf-nx-as-license directory and its contents.

Troubleshooting

If you install the Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Runtime License on a system where the Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 compiler is already installed, you see an error message that mentions that Runtime DLL CBLRRSS is not found. Use one of the following solutions:

- If the system where you are installing the license will be used only for running COBOL programs, but not compiling, remove the Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 COBOL compiler installation, and then re-install the Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Runtime License.
- If the system where you are installing the license will be used for both compiling and running COBOL programs, just ignore the error message. The Net Micro Focus Express 5.1 COBOL compiler is already installed, and has an embedded runtime, which will be used to execute the COBOL programs. Thus there is no need to install and license the Micro Focus Net Express 5.1 Runtime.

If you see an error "ASLM: Errno 1000" it means the runtime license is not installed. Use the instructions in the earlier section to install the license.

See Installing the Runtime Files and Setting Up the License.

Task 13A-4-6: Defining the GNT and INT Files

By default, the compile generates a GNT file unless the exception file, CBLINT.XX already exists. CBLINT.XX contains the list of files that need to be compiled to the INT file.

Note. The INT exception file is sometimes needed to overcome Micro Focus execution error with GNT files.

For example, the exception file, CBLINT.PT, where *PT* represents PeopleTools, would contain the following information:

Call cblcrint <file name without file extension>

or:

```
Call cblcprint PTPDBTST
```

Task 13A-4-7: Distributing COBOL Binaries

After you have compiled your COBOL, you must transfer it to the needed locations. The required action depends upon how you set up *PS_HOME*, *PS_APP_HOME*, and *PS_CUST_HOME*.

• PS_HOME Setup

If the *PS_APP_HOME* location is the same as the *PS_HOME* location:

Copy the contents of $\langle PS_HOME \rangle \langle CBLBIN \langle X \rangle$ (CBLBINA or CBLBINU) directory into $\langle PS_HOME \rangle \rangle \langle CBLBIN \langle X \rangle$ (CBLBINA or CBLBINU) on your batch and application server machines.

• *PS_APP_HOME* Setup

If the *PS_APP_HOME* location is different than the *PS_HOME* location:

- 1. Copy the contents of *<PS_HOME*>\CBLBIN*<X*> (CBLBINA or CBLBINU) directory into *<PS_HOME*>\CBLBIN*<X*> (CBLBINA or CBLBINU) on your batch and application server machines.
- 2. Copy the contents of *<PS_APP_HOME>*\CBLBIN*<X>* (CBLBINA or CBLBINU) directory into *<PS_APP_HOME>*\CBLBIN*<X>* (CBLBINA or CBLBINU) on your batch and application server machines.
- *PS_CUST_HOME* Setup

If you have customized files in *PS_CUST_HOME*:

- 1. Copy the contents of *<PS_HOME>*\CBLBIN*<X>* (CBLBINA or CBLBINU) directory into *<PS_HOME>*\CBLBIN*<X>* (CBLBINA or CBLBINU) on your batch and application server machines.
- 2. If *PS_APP_HOME* is different from *PS_HOME*, copy the contents of *<PS_APP_HOME>*\CBLBIN*<X>* (CBLBINA or CBLBINU) directory into *<PS_APP_HOME>*\CBLBIN*<X>* (CBLBINA or CBLBINU) on your batch and application server machines.
- 3. Copy the contents of *<PS_CUST_HOME>*\CBLBIN*<X>* (CBLBINA or CBLBINU) directory into *<PS_CUST_HOME>*\CBLBIN*<X>* (CBLBINA or CBLBINU) on your batch and application server machines.

Chapter 13B

Installing and Compiling COBOL on UNIX

This chapter discusses:

- Understanding COBOL
- Prerequisites
- Preparing COBOL for a PeopleTools-only Upgrade
- Installing Micro Focus Server Express for UNIX and Linux
- Using the Micro Focus COBOL Compiler on UNIX
- Installing IBM COBOL on IBM AIX
- Using the IBM COBOL Compiler on IBM AIX

Understanding COBOL

This chapter describes how to compile and link PeopleSoft COBOL batch programs, if necessary.

COBOL is not needed for PeopleSoft PeopleTools because the Process Scheduler is written in C++. In addition, COBOL is not required for PeopleSoft applications that contain no COBOL programs. See My Oracle Support for the details on whether your application requires COBOL.

The chapter includes instructions for Micro Focus Net Express COBOL compiler, sometimes referred to here as "Micro Focus COBOL", and the IBM COBOL compiler for IBM AIX, sometimes referred to here as "IBM COBOL."

See Also

"Preparing for Installation," Installing Supporting Applications

PeopleSoft Enterprise Frequently Asked Questions About PeopleSoft and COBOL Compilers, My Oracle Support, (search for the article name)

PeopleSoft Enterprise Frequently Asked Questions About PeopleSoft and the IBM COBOL Compiler, My Oracle Support, (search for the article name)

PeopleTools Certifications - Suggested Fixes COBOL, My Oracle Support, (search for the article name and select the current release)

PeopleTools: Global Technology, "Understanding COBOL in a Unicode Environment"

Prerequisites

Before you attempt to run COBOL from the command line you should make sure the variable PS_SERVER_CFG points to a valid psprcs.cfg file.

Task 13B-1: Preparing COBOL for a PeopleTools-only Upgrade

When performing a PeopleTools-only upgrade, if you have COBOL modules, you must recompile all COBOL.

For Micro Focus Server Express COBOL, recompile and relink all COBOL programs for PeopleSoft PeopleTools and PeopleSoft applications, as described in a later section.

See Using the Micro Focus COBOL Compiler on UNIX.

Task 13B-2: Installing Micro Focus Server Express for UNIX and Linux

This section discusses:

- Understanding Micro Focus Server Express
- Prerequisites
- Obtaining the Installation Files for Micro Focus Server Express from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud
- Installing Micro Focus Server Express

Understanding Micro Focus Server Express

Micro Focus® Server Express[™] 5.1 Wrap Pack 14 is the supported COBOL compiler on UNIX and Linux for the current PeopleSoft PeopleTools release. This section provides installation instructions for Micro Focus Server Express 5.1 Wrap Pack 14 COBOL compiler and the License Management Facility used to manage product licenses. These instructions are specifically for installing the Server Express COBOL compiler to use with PeopleSoft software. For more general installation instructions or other supporting documentation concerning Server Express, consult the documentation that comes with the installation software.

Note that Oracle is the exclusive reseller of the Micro Focus COBOL compiler for use with PeopleSoft applications.

See Also

PeopleSoft Enterprise Frequently Asked Questions About PeopleSoft and COBOL Compilers, My Oracle Support, Doc ID 747059.1

Micro Focus web site: http://supportline.microfocus.com/

Server Express Documentation

Using the Micro Focus COBOL Compiler on UNIX

Prerequisites

You must install the Micro Focus Server Express COBOL compiler on any machine that will compile, execute, or run COBOL programs. The Micro Focus Server Express COBOL compiler includes an embedded runtime system. You can compile COBOL programs on those servers for which you have licenses, and copy the compiled programs to other servers, but to run the compiled programs, you must also install the compiler with the runtime system.

In addition, in order to execute COBOL programs that are created using a Server Express product and deployed in a Linux or UNIX environment, the Server Express compiler with the embedded runtime system, must be installed on the target runtime system, and the "Micro Focus Application Server runtime license" must also be installed on the target runtime system.

For information on obtaining licenses for Micro Focus COBOL compilers, see:

- The documentation included with the software on Oracle Software Delivery Cloud.
 - The Micro Focus Server Express Extras Install Documentation for PeopleSoft and Runtime Licenses, includes information on how to add development, Application Server, and unlimited license patch (ULP) licenses
 - The Micro Focus COBOL for PeopleSoft Quick Reference Guide summarizes the delivered software and licensing requirements.
- PeopleSoft Enterprise Frequently Asked Questions About PeopleSoft and COBOL Compilers, My Oracle Support, Doc ID 747059.1.

If you have a previous Micro Focus COBOL product installed we recommend that you make a backup of any COBOL systems files that you have changed. Examples include cobkeymp, ADISCTRL, cobopt and cobconfig. After you have installed Server Express you might want to apply to the new COBOL product the changes previously applied to these files.

If you want to maintain more than one COBOL installation, Oracle recommends that you do not install one version over another. Instead, use one of these suggested methods:

- Remove (uninstall) the existing version before installing the new version
- Leave the existing version in its current directory (do not move it) and install the new version in its own, different directory.

If you have installed, or plan to install, Micro Focus Application Server or any other Micro Focus product on the same machine as this product, you must install them in different directories.

This Micro Focus product is managed by a License Management Facility (LMF). This facility helps you keep track of the number of licenses you have for the product. In order to use this product it is necessary for you to install the License Management Facility (which is provided with the Server Express software). This software should not be installed in the same directory as Server Express. The default directory depends upon the operating system; for example:

- /opt/lib/mflmf for HP-UX Itanium
- /usr/lib/mflmf for RS/6000 and PowerPC systems running AIX
- /opt/lib/mflmf on other systems

If /opt/lib does not exist, use /usr/lib/mflmf instead.

Task 13B-2-1: Obtaining the Installation Files for Micro Focus Server Express from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud

The Micro Focus Server Express installation files are available on Oracle Software Delivery Cloud. At this point you should have already downloaded the necessary files. This section includes additional information on finding and using the files for Micro Focus Server Express if necessary.

See "Preparing for Installation," Using Oracle Software Delivery Cloud to Obtain Installation Files.

To obtain the files for the Micro Focus Server Express installation:

- 1. Log in to Oracle Software Delivery Cloud at https://edelivery.oracle.com.
- 2. Enter Micro Focus in the type-ahead Product field, and select Micro Focus International Ltd. Server Express COBOL for UNIX from the drop-down list.
- 3. Click Select Platform, select the operating system you are running on, and then click Select.
- 4. Click Continue.
- 5. Click Continue.
- 6. Read the license agreement, select the check box to acknowledge that you accept the terms, and then click Continue.
- 7. Click one of the file names to download an individual zip file, or click Download All to obtain all of the files listed.

The files include software, wrap packs, and documentation. Save the zip files to a temporary directory on your local system. You must extract (unzip) the file on the platform for which it is intended. For example, if you download the zip file for Oracle Solaris, you must unzip it on Oracle Solaris to avoid problems. If you unzip the file to a staging directory on a Microsoft Windows computer and copy the staging directory to an Oracle Solaris computer, the stage area files may be corrupt.

Task 13B-2-2: Installing Micro Focus Server Express

The following section is provided as an example installation and illustrates a typical Micro Focus Server Express 5.1 Wrap Pack 14 installation for PeopleSoft application, as outlined in the overview section above.

The answers to the prompts provided in the following example are recommended by Oracle for PeopleSoft installations, with the exception of the installation directory for the Micro Focus License Management Facility. For this step, you can use the default directory names or choose directory names based on your site's naming conventions.

It is recommended by Micro Focus and Oracle to install LMF in its own directory, instead of in a sub-directory of the Server Express install.

Important! Make sure to specify the *correct* bit mode for your UNIX platform. Enter 64 for all UNIX platforms.

The following example was done on a Red Hat Linux x86-64 operating system platform. Installation prompts will vary slightly with respect to specifics of the different UNIX platforms.

- 1. Log in as root.
- 2. Create a directory (if it does not exist) where you want to install the Micro Focus Server Express 5.1 Wrap Pack 14. For example:

```
$ mkdir -p /products/mf/svrexp-5.1 wp14-64bit
```

3. Change directory to the one you created in the previous step.

- \$ cd /products/mf/svrexp-5.1 wp14-64bit
- 4. Copy or ftp the Micro Focus Server Express 5.1 Wrap Pack 14 tar file that you obtained from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud to this directory.

In this example, the file name is sx51_wp14_redhat_x86_64_dev.tar.

5. List the items in the directory with the following command:

```
$ ls -1 /products/mf/svrexp-5.1_wp14-64bit
total 409600
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 209295360 Feb 03 19:23 sx51_wp14_redhat_⇒
x86_64_dev.tar
```

6. Extract the tar file:

\$ tar -xvf sx51 wp14 redhat x86 64 dev.tar

7. List the items in the directory with the following command:

```
$ ls
ADISCTRL bin
                    demo
                             dialog dynload
                                                   es
                                                                 etc
                                                                          \Rightarrow
          lib snmp sx51 ws6 redhat x86 64_dev.tar xdb aslmf
 install
                                                                           \Rightarrow
                            dynload64 eslmf-mess include lang
 cpylib deploy
                   docs
                                                                           lmf \Rightarrow
      terminfo
 src
```

8. To begin the installation, type:

\$sh ./install

9. Read the text and follow the instructions to review the readme.txt file:

```
This script will install Micro Focus Server Express 5.1 on this⇒ computer.
```

The readme.txt file included in this delivery contains details of new⇒ features, enhancements and any restrictions of which you should be⇒ aware. This file is located in :

/products/mf/svrexp-5.1 wp14-64bit/docs

We strongly recommend you read this file once the installation is⇒ complete.

Do you wish to continue (y/n): y

10. Read the following License Agreement and type y (yes) to accept it:

Before installing and using this software product you must agree to be⇒ bound by the terms and conditions of the end user license agreement ⇒ ("License Agreement") which accompanies this product. Please take⇒ this time to read the License Agreement. If you are not in agreement⇒ with the terms and conditions of the License Agreement, please return⇒ the product to your Account Representative and your money will be⇒ refunded. If you require a replacement copy of the License Agreement,⇒ please contact your Account Representative before proceeding with the⇒ install process. Do you agree to the terms of the License Agreement? (y/n): y

11. If you are installing on an operating system platform that Micro Focus has not built the product on, you see the following message. Type *y* (yes) at the prompt:

Micro Focus Install

This product was not built or tested on this version of the Operating \Rightarrow System. This product was built on Operating System: RedHatEnterpriseServer 2.6.18-348.el5 x86 64 Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server release 5.9 (Tikanga) and you are installing it on Operating System: Linux 3.8.13-16.2.1.el6uek.x86 64 Any product issues you report will only be corrected if they can be⇒ reproduced on one of our systems running: RedHatEnterpriseServer 2.6.18-348.el5 x86 64 Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server release 5.9 (Tikanga) OracleServer 3.8.13-35.3.5.el6uek.x86 64 x86 64 Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server release 6.5 (Santiago) RedHatEnterpriseServer 2.6.18-398.el5 x86 64 Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server release 5.11 (Tikanga) RedHatEnterpriseServer 2.6.32-504.el6.x86 64 x86 64 Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server release 6.6 (Santiago)

Please confirm that you want to continue with this installation (y/n): ${f y}$

12. After reading the following information press ENTER to continue:

When you press return you will be shown details of the reference⇒ environment (and any compatibility environments).

Please press return when you are ready:

13. Type *y* (yes) to continue after reading the listing of the reference environment. For the sake of brevity, the text has been truncated, as indicated by [...].

```
gcc -v 2>&1 | tail -1
C++ Compiler
_____
/usr/bin/g++ gcc version 4.1.2 20080704 (Red Hat 4.1.2-54)
q++ -v 2>&1 | tail -1
Assembler
_____
as GNU assembler version 2.17.50.0.6-20.el5 8.3 (x86 64-redhat-linux)⇒
using BFD version 2.17.50.0.6-20.el5 8.3 20061020
as -v \geq 1 < /dev/null
Linker
_____
ld GNU ld version 2.17.50.0.6-20.el5 8.3 20061020
ld -V 2>&1 | head -1
Supported versions of Java
_____
Java version = 1.6.015
Java vendor = Sun Microsystems Inc.
Java OS name = Linux
Java OS arch = amd64
Java OS version = 2.6.18-348.el5
Java version = 1.6.015
Java vendor = Sun Microsystems Inc.
Java OS name = Linux
Java OS arch = amd64
Java OS version = 2.6.18-348.el5
Java version = 1.7.005
Java vendor = Oracle Corporation
Java OS name = Linux
Java OS arch = i386
Java OS version = 2.6.18-348.e15
Java version = 1.7.005
Java vendor = Oracle Corporation
Java OS name = Linux
Java OS arch = amd64
Java OS version = 2.6.18-348.el5
$JAVA HOME/bin/java -classpath $COBDIR/lib WhatJava
Unicode
_____
Unicode mapping tables must be installed for J2EE and Web Services to
```

```
function correctly. These tables are required for converting between any combination of UTF-16/UCS-2, UTF-8 and other installed locales.
```

```
[...]
```

```
Please confirm your understanding of the above reference environment⇒ details (y/n): y
```

```
If you require this support, you will need to install the TCP/IP⇒
Development System libraries prior to installation of your COBOL⇒
system.
```

14. Answer *n* (no) to the following prompt:

Do you want to make use of COBOL and Java working together? (y/n): n Skipping Java setup Should you want to use Java with COBOL later on as super user, run the⇒ command /products/mf/svrexp-5.1_wp14-64bit/bin/java_setup to select⇒ the version of Java you want to use.

Note. PeopleSoft COBOL implementations do not require COBOL and Java to work together.

15. Answer y (yes) to the following prompt concerning the License Management Facility:

```
This product is protected using the Micro Focus License Management⇒
Facility (LMF). Please refer to the Development System Licensing Guide⇒
for information relating to the installation of the licensing system⇒
and licenses.
```

If you do not have LMF installed or want to upgrade to the latest⇒ version, we recommend that you install it now.

Would you like to install LMF now? (y/n): **y**

16. At the following prompt, enter the directory name where you want to install License Manager.

Note. Micro Focus and Oracle recommend that you install LMF in its own directory, instead of a subdirectory of the Server Express installation.

Enter the directory name where you wish to install License Manager. (Press Enter for default directory /opt/microfocus/mflmf)

/products/mf/mflmf-svrexp-5.1 wp14-64bit

17. Enter y (yes) to restrict access to the License Admin System to the superuser account:

Do you want only superuser to be able to access the License Admin \Rightarrow System? (y/n) \mathbf{y}

18. Enter *y* (yes) to start license manager automatically at boot time:

```
It is recommended that you let license manager autostart at boot time. Do you want license manager to be automatically started at boot time? \Rightarrow (y/n) y LMF installation complete.
```

19. If you want to consult the documentation on how to install licenses, follow the instructions in this prompt:

Please consult the Development Licensing Guide for detailed information⇒ on how to install licenses.

This may be done by running the mflicense tool.

To run your applications you need a deployment license installed using⇒

Apptrack.

See your Deployment Licensing Guide for details. Installing Apptrack...

Access permissions on directory /var/mfaslmf have changed on this⇒ release Write access permission has been removed except for superuser use Apptrack installation complete

20. Enter 64 for the system default bit mode:

This product can be used in either 32-bit or 64-bit modes. Please enter either 32 or 64 to set the system default mode: **64** System default COBMODE has been set to 64.

21. Wait for the documentation to be installed:

Installing documentation. Please wait...

22. Enter *n* (no) at the following prompt:

Enterprise Server provides a scalable, managed, and high-performance⇒ transactional environment for the deployment of COBOL applications and⇒ services, COBOL/J2EE applications and direct COBOL Web Services.

Your Enterprise Server requires configuration. You can either do it now⇒ or later. To do it now, you need to know the alphanumeric user ID of⇒ the Enterprise Server System Administrator. To do it later, enter the following commands whilst logged in as root:

/products/mf/svrexp-5.1_wp14-64bit/bin/eslminstall
/products/mf/svrexp-5.1_wp14-64bit/bin/casperm

Do you wish to configure Enterprise Server now? (y/n): n

23. Review the information concerning setting the COBDIR, LD_LIBRARY_PATH, and PATH environment variables in the concluding prompt:

(Remember to set COBDIR to /products/mf/svrexp-5.1_wp14-64bit, include ⇒
/products/mf/svrexp-5.1_wp14-64bit/lib in LD_LIBRARY_PATH, and include ⇒
/products/mf/svrexp-5.1_wp14-64bit/bin on your PATH.)

WARNING: Any executables (whether a Run-Time System or an application)⇒ must be relinked using this new release. Otherwise, the results of⇒ running the older executables with this new release are undefined.

Installation completed successfully.

The COBOL system is ready to use.

Task 13B-3: Using the Micro Focus COBOL Compiler on UNIX

This section discusses:

- Understanding COBOL Compilation
- Setting Environment Variables
- Modifying the Liblist64 File (IBM AIX)
- Compiling COBOL on UNIX with a PS_HOME Setup
- Compiling COBOL on UNIX with a PS_APP_HOME Setup
- Compiling COBOL on UNIX with a PS_CUST_HOME Setup
- Linking COBOL
- Recompiling COBOL on UNIX

Understanding COBOL Compilation

On UNIX and Linux operating systems, you always need to compile your COBOL programs at installation time. After you set up your application or batch server, perform the steps discussed in this section.

The Micro Focus Server Express COBOL compiler includes an embedded runtime system, so the compiler must be installed on machines that will compile the COBOL programs and also on any machine where COBOL programs are to be executed or run.

You have two options for compiling:

- You can treat one application or batch server as your compile server, compile all your COBOL programs there, and then distribute cblbin from there to all other relevant servers. In this case, you would copy any patches and customizations from your file server to this designated server before carrying out the compile. You would also need to install the Server Express compiler on all servers, in order to have the embedded
- runtime system present.
- The second option is to compile on all servers. In this situation, all servers would need a COBOL compiler, and you would need to copy any patches and customizations from the file server to all of these servers before carrying out the compile.

Note. You should have read/write access to the directory *PS_HOME*/cblbin to be able to compile the COBOL programs.

Note. To copy a compiled COBOL program from one UNIX server to another, they must be on the same operating system that the compile took place on. For example, if you compile on Oracle Solaris for the Application Server, and the Process Scheduler is on AIX, you cannot copy the compiled program (you will also need to compile on the AIX machine).

The way that you set up your installation environment determines how you compile COBOL. This section includes different procedures for the different installation environments, as follows:

• PS_HOME Setup

If you installed the PeopleSoft Application software to a *PS_APP_HOME* location that is the same as the *PS_HOME* location where you installed PeopleSoft PeopleTools, follow the instructions in the section Compiling COBOL on UNIX with a PS_HOME Setup.

• PS_APP_HOME Setup

As described earlier, for PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.52 and later, you have the option to install the PeopleSoft Application software to a location outside *PS_HOME*. If the PS_APP_HOME environment variable is defined and is different from PS_HOME, the COBOL build scripts behave differently under certain build options. There are also some new build options under certain environments which would be recognized if PS_APP_HOME is defined.

If you installed the PeopleSoft Application software to a *PS_APP_HOME* location that is different from the *PS_HOME* location where you installed PeopleSoft PeopleTools, follow the instructions in the section Compiling COBOL on UNIX with a PS_APP_HOME Setup.

• PS_CUST_HOME Setup

For PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.53 and later, you have the option to place customized COBOL baseline sources into a location referenced by the environment variable PS_CUST_HOME.

The *PS_CUST_HOME* directory structure must replicate that of *PS_HOME* or *PS_APP_HOME*; that is, any COBOL source file that is customized should be placed in the same relative path as was present in the original location. If your environment includes customized files in a *PS_CUST_HOME* directory, follow the instructions in the section Compiling COBOL on UNIX with a PS_CUST_HOME Setup.

See Also

"Preparing for Installation," Defining Installation Locations.

Task 13B-3-1: Setting Environment Variables

On your UNIX system, you need to log in and ensure the following environment variables are set appropriately. Alternatively, make sure the following environment variables are set in the *.profile* file in the user's home directory:

• \$COBDIR must be set to the Micro Focus Server Express installation; for example:

COBDIR=/products/mf/svrexp-51_wp14;export COBDIR

 \$COBDIR/lib must be appended to LD_LIBRARY_PATH, LIBPATH, or SHLIB_PATH, whichever is appropriate for your platform.

LD_LIBRARY_PATH=\$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:\$COBDIR/lib; export LD_LIBRARY_PATH LIBPATH=\$LIBPATH:\$COBDIR/lib; export LIBPATH SHLIB_PATH=\$SHLIB_PATH:\$COBDIR/lib; export SHLIB_PATH

• \$COBDIR/bin must be appended to the PATH; for example:

PATH=\$PATH:\$COBDIR/bin;export PATH

To set the required DB2/LUW environment, run db2profile. Enter the following command:

cd <DB2 INSTANCE DIRECTORY>/sqllib
. ./db2profile

To set the required PeopleSoft environment variables, source the script psconfig.sh. Enter the following command from the *PS_HOME* directory:

. ./psconfig.sh

Understanding Liblist Modifications

If you are compiling COBOL on AIX, modify the liblist64 file as described here. Check My Oracle Support for additional information about modifications that need to be made in the liblist64 file for COBOL.

See My Oracle Support, Certifications.

Modifying the Liblist64 File for AIX

To modify the liblist64 file for AIX:

- 1. cd to \$COBDIR/lib.
- 2. Add the following line to the liblist file:

```
x:*:s!t:-lC
```

The following listing shows where to make the changes (in bold font):

```
# More emulation of cc (MUST be after MF/user libraries):
x:*:st:-L/usr/lib/threads
x:*:st:-lpthreads
x:*:s!t:-lC <=== Add this line
x:*:s:-lc</pre>
```

Task 13B-3-3: Compiling COBOL on UNIX with a PS_HOME Setup

This section assumes that you installed the PeopleSoft Application software to a *PS_APP_HOME* directory that is the same as the *PS_HOME* directory where you installed PeopleSoft PeopleTools. It also assumes that there is no separate *PS_CUST_HOME* directory with customized COBOL source files.

To compile COBOL on UNIX:

1. If you haven't already done so, download all required patches to your file server, and from there FTP the contents of src\cbl\base and src\cbl\unix over to src/cbl on the relevant application or batch server.

Note. When you copy patches over from the file server, the files need to have a lowercase cbl extension and an uppercase program name, as in PATCH.cbl.

2. Source the script psconfig.sh from *PS_HOME* to set up environment variables correctly on your application or batch server.

```
. ./psconfig.sh
```

3. Change to the *PS_HOME*/setup directory:

cd \$PS_HOME/setup

4. To compile all the COBOL source dynamically, issue the command:

./pscbl.mak

The dynamic compile creates INT, LST, and GNT files, which are copied to these locations:

File	Location
INT	PS_HOME/src/cbl/int
LST	PS_HOME/src/cbl/lst
GNT	PS_HOME/cblbin

Warning! Proposed ISO 2000 COBOL features are enabled. Please refer to documentation for details, and do not rely on these features being supported in future products from Micro Focus due to changes in the proposed COBOL standard.

Note. For Server Express, PeopleSoft sets the COBOL directive INTLEVEL to 4. Setting this directive to this value enables you to raise the significant digits of numeric fields from 18 to 31. This is in accordance with the ISO 2000 COBOL standard. During the compilation of each program, the vendor of Server Express will display a warning. This should not be considered a compilation error.

Task 13B-3-4: Compiling COBOL on UNIX with a PS_APP_HOME Setup

This section assumes that you installed the PeopleSoft Application software to a *PS_APP_HOME* directory that is different from the *PS_HOME* directory where you installed PeopleSoft PeopleTools. It also assumes that there is no separate *PS_CUST_HOME* directory with customized COBOL source files.

Use the shell script pscbl.mak, found in *PS_HOME*/setup, to do the PeopleSoft COBOL compilation. This table describes the allowed arguments for pscbl.mak:

Command	Description
pscbl.mak	Use this command, with no argument, to compile all the COBOL programs.
pscbl.mak PS_HOME	Use this argument to compile only the PeopleSoft PeopleTools COBOL programs.
pscbl.mak PS_APP_HOME	Use this argument to compile only the PeopleSoft Application COBOL programs.
pscbl.mak < <i>COBOL_PROGRAM</i> >	Enter the name for a valid PeopleSoft PeopleTools or PeopleSoft Application COBOL program to compile a specific program.

If you specify any argument other than the ones mentioned above, you will get the following usage display message:

echo Correct usage of the program is:

echo 1. pscbl.mak
echo 2. pscbl.mak PS_HOME
echo 3. pscbl.mak PS_APP_HOME
echo 4. pscbl.mak PTPDBTST (or any tools/apps program, Note Peoplesoft⇒
COBOL programs are 6, 7 or 8 characters long)

To compile COBOL programs on UNIX:

1. Set PS_HOME environment variable in the UNIX shell prompt from which you want to run the COBOL compile.

You can run *PS_HOME*/psconfig.sh with the following command to set the PS_HOME environment variable in the shell.

cd <PS_HOME>
. ./psconfig.sh

Verify if PS_HOME is set with this command:

```
$ echo $PS_HOME
$ /home/<user>/PTcompile
```

2. Set the PS_APP_HOME environment variable (PS_APP_HOME refers to the location where you have installed the PeopleSoft Application software) with this command:

PS_APP_HOME=/home/<user>/HRcompile; export PS_APP_HOME

- 3. Run pscbl.mak, using one of these methods:
 - To compile all PeopleSoft COBOL programs, that is, those for PeopleSoft PeopleTools and PeopleSoft Application, run this command:

pscbl.mak

This will compile the programs that are under PS_HOME/src/cbl and PS_APP_HOME/src/cbl.

To compile only PeopleSoft PeopleTools COBOL programs, run this command:

pscbl.mak PS HOME

- To compile only PeopleSoft Application COBOL programs, run this command: pscbl.mak PS APP HOME
- To compile a single COBOL program, run the command with the COBOL program name excluding the .cbl extension.

For example, for a PeopleSoft PeopleTools COBOL program PTPDBTST.CBL, or a PeopleSoft Application COBOL program GPPDPRUN.CBL, run:

```
pscbl.mak PTPDBTST
pscbl.mak GPPDPRUN
```

PeopleSoft PeopleTools compiled COBOL programs will be placed under the *PS_HOME*\cblbin directory. PeopleSoft Application compiled COBOL programs will be placed under the *PS_APP_HOME*\cblbin directory.

Task 13B-3-5: Compiling COBOL on UNIX with a PS_CUST_HOME Setup

This section assumes that you have set up a PS_CUST_HOME environment variable for customized COBOL source files.

To compile COBOL programs on UNIX:

1. Set PS_HOME environment variable in the UNIX shell prompt from which you want to run the COBOL compile.

You can run *PS_HOME*/psconfig.sh with the following command to set the PS_HOME environment variable in the shell:

cd <PS_HOME> . ./psconfig.sh

Verify if the PS_HOME environment variable is set with this command:

\$ echo \$PS_HOME \$ /home/<user>/PTcompile

2. If *PS_APP_HOME* is different from *PS_HOME*, set the PS_APP_HOME environment variable with this command:

```
PS_APP_HOME=/home/<user>/HRcompile; export PS_APP_HOME
```

- 3. Set the PS_CUST_HOME environment variable with this command: PS_CUST_HOME=/home/<user>/CUSTcompile; export PS_CUST_HOME
- 4. To compile all the COBOL source under PS_CUST_HOME dynamically, issue the command:

./pscbl.mak PS_CUST_HOME

PeopleSoft PeopleTools compiled COBOL programs and PeopleSoft Application compiled COBOL programs will be placed under the *PS_CUST_HOME*\cblbin directory.

Task 13B-3-6: Linking COBOL

This section discusses:

- Understanding COBOL Linking
- Linking COBOL Components on UNIX

Understanding COBOL Linking

PSRUN is the PeopleSoft procedure that connects the COBOL batch programs with the RDBMS API. PSRUNRMT is the PeopleSoft procedure that connects the remote COBOL programs with the RDBMS API.

Both PSRUN and PSRUNRMT are compiled uniquely for each platform and consist of modules provided with PeopleSoft software, the RDBMS platform, and the operating system.

You need to create the PSRUN and PSRUNRMT programs in the following situations:

- You are installing PeopleSoft software for the first time.
- Any COBOL programs have changed.
- The version of the RDBMS running the PeopleSoft system has changed.
- The COBOL compiler has changed.
- One of the C programs supplied with the PeopleSoft system has changed.

Note. The PeopleSoft system only supports dynamic linking of COBOL. Static linking is not an option.

Linking COBOL Components on UNIX

To link COBOL components on UNIX:

1. Change to the *PS_HOME*/setup directory:

cd \$PS_HOME/setup

2. For dynamic linking, run:

./psrun.mak

The PSRUN.MAK script should return the UNIX prompt when done. If the compile completes without errors, the files PSRUN and PSRUNRMT will now exist in the *PS_HOME/*bin directory. If you encounter errors, check *PS_HOME/*setup/psrun.err and *PS_HOME/*setup/psrunrmt.err

If you are running on an Oracle 11.2.0.4 database platform, you may see the following error when you attempt to compile:

"Undefined symbol nzosSCSP_SetCertSelectionParams referenced in file /products/oracle/11.2.0.4.0-64bit/lib/libclntsh.so.11.1"

To resolve this problem:

- 1. Edit the LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable so that \$ORACLE_HOME/lib comes before \$TUXDIR/lib.
- 2. Execute psrun.mak again.
- 3. Reverse the change you made in step 1.

Task 13B-3-7: Recompiling COBOL on UNIX

You always need to compile at installation, so you will only need to recompile COBOL in the following situations:

- You are installing PeopleSoft software for the first time.
- The supported COBOL compiler changes.
- You change the version of your RDBMS.
- You change the version of your operating system.
- You apply a PeopleSoft PeopleTools upgrade, patch, or fix.

Note. Remember, you must always use your file server as the source repository for your COBOL. You should download any patches and apply any customizations to the file server, and disseminate them from there.

You can compile a *single* COBOL program dynamically by using this command syntax:

./pscbl.mak <PROGRAM NAME WITHOUT "cbl" EXTENSION>

For example, the following command compiles the lone file PTPDBTST.

./pscbl.mak PTPDBTST

Note. If you want to recompile all your COBOL, you can follow the appropriate procedure as described earlier.

See Compiling COBOL on UNIX with a PS_HOME Setup, Compiling COBOL on UNIX with a PS_APP_HOME Setup, or Compiling COBOL on UNIX with a PS_CUST_HOME Setup.

The compile should run without errors until it completes. After the script is complete, check the destination directories for the newly created files. They should have a length greater than zero as well as a current date and time stamp. You can find the files in the following locations:

- For PS_HOME Setup: PS_HOME/src/cbl/int, PS_HOME/src/cbl/lst, and PS_HOME/cblbin
- For PS_APP_HOME Setup: *PS_APP_HOME/*src/cbl/int, *PS_APP_HOME/*src/cbl/lst, and *PS_APP_HOME/* cblbin
- For PS_CUST_HOME Setup: *PS_CUST_HOME*/src/cbl/int, *PS_CUST_HOME*/src/cbl/lst, and *PS_CUST_HOME*/cblbin

Note. You can also use pscbl.mak PTP*** to compile all source files that start with PTP.

Task 13B-4: Installing IBM COBOL on IBM AIX

This section discusses:

- Understanding the IBM COBOL for AIX Installation
- Prerequisites
- Installing IBM COBOL for AIX v4.1.1.1

Understanding the IBM COBOL for AIX Installation

The IBM COBOL for AIX compiler version 4.1.1.1 is supported for the current PeopleSoft PeopleTools release. This section includes the installation of the IBM COBOL Compiler on IBM AIX.

Prerequisites

To install and use IBM COBOL for AIX 4.1.1.1, you must have the following:

PeopleSoft PeopleTools

We recommend that you take the latest available PeopleSoft PeopleTools patch level. You should install PeopleSoft PeopleTools and your PeopleSoft application software before you compile the IBM COBOL for AIX source files.

• IBM COBOL for AIX version 4.1.1.1.

You must obtain IBM COBOL for AIX compiler from your IBM vendor. Obtain the installation documentation and review the information on system prerequisites and installation methods. The following installation instructions assume that you have the IBM installation files and installation documentation. Review the information on planning your installation, but use the instructions in this document to carry out the installation. Contact your IBM representative to obtain the software.

See http://www-01.ibm.com/software/awdtools/cobol/aix/

See http://www-01.ibm.com/software/awdtools/cobol/aix/library/

• The IBM COBOL compiler uses the system temporary space for some steps. Be sure the space is not full before beginning the compilation.

See Using the IBM COBOL Compiler on IBM AIX, Troubleshooting the IBM COBOL Compiler.

• Documentation for IBM System Prerequisites

Refer to the "System Prerequisites" section in the IBM Installation guide for COBOL for AIX 4.1, before installing and running the software.

Task 13B-4-1: Installing IBM COBOL for AIX v4.1.1.1

This procedure assumes that you obtained the installation file from your IBM vendor and saved the compressed installation file in a local directory, referred to here as *CBL_INSTALL*. The compressed installation file includes several filesets. All of the filesets listed must be installed. This table lists the filesets for IBM COBOL for AIX compiler v4.1.1.1, and the locations where they will be installed:

Fileset Name	Fileset Description	Installation Locations*	Required Fileset Level
cobol.cmp	IBM COBOL for AIX compiler	/usr/lpp/cobol/ /usr/lpp/cobol/bin/ /usr/lpp/cobol/samples/ /usr/lpp/cobol/include/ /usr/bin/	4.1.1.1
cobol.dbg	IBM COBOL for AIX debugger	/usr/lpp/cobol/lib /usr/lib/	4.1.1.1
cobol.lic	IBM COBOL for AIX license files	/usr/lpp/cobol/lib/	4.1.1.0
cobol.license	IBM COBOL for AIX license	NONE	4.1.1.0
cobol.man	IBM COBOL for AIX compiler manual pages	/usr/share/man/ /usr/lpp/cobol/man/	4.1.1.1
cobol.msg.LANG	IBM COBOL for AIX compiler messages	/usr/lpp/cobol/lib/nls/msg/ LANG/ LANG = [en_US, ja_JP, Ja_JP]	4.1.1.0
cobol.rte	IBM COBOL for AIX Runtime	/usr/lpp/cobol/ /usr/lpp/cobol/lib/ /usr/lib/ /etc/	4.1.1.0
cobol.rte.msg.LANG	IBM COBOL for AIX runtime messages	/usr/lpp/cobol/ /usr/lpp/cobol/lib/ /usr/lib/ /etc/	4.1.1.0
cobol.tools	IBM COBOL for AIX tools	/usr/lpp/cobol/	4.1.1.1

* If more than one location is listed, the fileset is copied into all the locations.

To extract and install:

- 1. Go to the location where you saved the compressed installation file: cd *CBL INSTALL*
- 2. Uncompress and unpack the downloaded file with this command:

```
zcat cobol.411.aix.GM.tar.Z | tar -xvf
Note: The name of the compressed file you downloaded may be different⇒
than what is mentioned above.
```

3. Change directory to *CBL_INSTALL/*usr/sys/inst.images, and use the inutoc command to generate a list of the files in this directory:

```
cd usr/sys/inst.images
inutoc .
```

4. Use the AIX command installp to install.

For information on using the options for installp, see the IBM COBOL for AIX documentation. For example:

• To install all available filesets to the locations specified in the table at the beginning of this procedure, and write an installation log, use this command:

```
installp -aXYgd <CBL_INSTALL>/usr/sys/inst.images -e <LOG_DIR/logfile_⇒
name> all
```

• To install a specific fileset, and write an installation log, use this command:

```
installp -aXYgd <CBL_INSTALL>/usr/sys/inst.images -e <LOG_DIR/logfile_>
name> <fileset name>
```

- 5. Download the required maintenance packs for IBM COBOL 4.1.1.1 from the IBM web site:
 - a. Go the IBM Support Fix Central web site: http://www-933.ibm.com/support/fixcentral/
 - b. Select the Product Group as Rational, Product as COBOL for AIX, Installed Version as 4.1.1.0 and Platform as AIX. Click Continue.
 - c. Select the Browse for fixes radio button. Click Continue.
 - d. Select the fix pack 4.1.1.1 or higher. Click Continue.
 - e. Download the fix pack using one of the download options available.
- 6. Install the filesets included in the fix pack using the installp command as described above.
 - You must install all the available filesets for 4.1.1.1.
 - For the fileset cobol.msg.*LANG* (where *LANG* = [en_US, ja_JP, Ja_JP]), choose to install only the filesets relevant to your desired language and location.

Note. The LANG environment variable determines which message catalogs are used. The en_US (English) message catalogs are installed by default. If LANG is not defined or is assigned an unsupported locale, en_US message catalogs are used.

7. Use the lslpp command to check the status of the installed COBOL filesets:

lslpp -L cobol*

Task 13B-5: Using the IBM COBOL Compiler on IBM AIX

This section discusses:

- Setting Environment Variables for IBM COBOL
- Compiling COBOL on AIX with a PS_HOME Setup
- Compiling COBOL on AIX with a PS_APP_HOME Setup
- Compiling COBOL on AIX with a PS_CUST_HOME Setup
- Troubleshooting the IBM COBOL Compiler
- Setting Up the IBM COBOL Runtime
- Removing the IBM COBOL Installation

Setting Environment Variables for IBM COBOL

Before compiling the IBM COBOL for AIX, or before installing the files on machines where the COBOL will be run, you must specify environment variables as described in this section. This procedure assumes that the installation directory for PeopleSoft PeopleTools is *PS HOME*.

To set the environment variables for IBM COBOL for AIX, go to the PeopleSoft PeopleTools installation directory and source the psconfig.sh script:

cd <PS_HOME>
. ./psconfig.sh

This section includes different procedures depending upon how you set up your installation environment.

• PS_HOME Setup

If you installed the PeopleSoft Application software to a *PS_APP_HOME* location that is the same as the *PS_HOME* location where you installed the PeopleSoft PeopleTools software, follow the instructions in the section Compiling COBOL on AIX with a PS_HOME Setup.

• PS_APP_HOME Setup

If you installed the PeopleSoft Application software to a *PS_APP_HOME* location that is different from the *PS_HOME* location where you installed the PeopleSoft PeopleTools software, follow the instructions in the section Compiling COBOL on AIX with a PS_APP_HOME Setup.

• PS_CUST_HOME Setup

For PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.53 and later, you have the option to place customized COBOL baseline sources into a location referenced by the environment variable PS_CUST_HOME.

The *PS_CUST_HOME* directory structure must replicate that of *PS_HOME* or *PS_APP_HOME*; that is, any COBOL source file that is customized should be placed in the same relative path as was present in the original location. If you set up a *PS_CUST_HOME* directory for your customized COBOL source files, follow the instructions in the section Compiling COBOL on AIX with a PS_CUST_HOME Setup.

See Also

"Preparing for Installation," Defining Installation Locations.

Task 13B-5-1: Compiling COBOL on AIX with a PS_HOME Setup

This section assumes that you have installed the PeopleSoft Application software in the same directory (*PS_APP_HOME*) where you installed the PeopleSoft PeopleTools software (*PS_HOME*), and that you do not have customized COBOL source files in a *PS_CUST_HOME* directory. In addition, this procedure assumes that you have set the environment variables as described in the previous section.

This section is only required for those who need to compile the COBOL sources, not for those who only need to run the compiled COBOL.

To compile the COBOL source files:

1. Change the directory to *PS_HOME*/setup; for example:

cd \$PS HOME/setup

2. Depending on the character encoding type that your installation uses, set the environment variable PS_ENCODING, as specified in this table:

Database Encoding	Command
ANSI	export PS_ENCODING=ansi
Unicode	export PS_ENCODING=unicode

Make sure that you are giving the correct value of this environment variable. You will receive errors if the wrong value of this environment variable is specified.

• If your setup includes the file \$PS_HOME/setup/unicode.cfg, indicating that the character encoding for your installation is Unicode, but you set the value of PS_ENCODING to ansi with the commands above, you will get the following error

pscblibm.mak : ERROR : <PS_HOME>/unicode.cfg EXISTs, but INCOMPATIBLE⇒ encoding of \$PS ENCODING was specified, EXITING!!!

• If your setup does not have the file \$PS_HOME/setup/unicode.cfg, indicating that the character encoding for your installation is non-Unicode, but you set the value of PS_ENCODING to unicode, you will get the following error

pscblibm.mak : ERROR : <PS_HOME>/setup/unicode.cfg does not EXIST,⇒ but INCOMPATIBLE encoding of \$PS ENCODING was specified, EXITING!!!

3. Use this command to compile:

./pscblibm.mak apps

The optional parameter *apps* determines the location of the work area where the compilation takes place. The allowed values and compilation location for PeopleSoft product lines are listed in this table:

Product Line	Apps Parameter	Location
PeopleSoft PeopleTools	pt (default)	PS_HOME/sdk/cobol/pscblpt/src
Human Capital Management	hcm	PS_HOME/sdk/cobol/pscblhrms/src
Financials/Supply Chain Management	fscm	PS_HOME/sdk/cobol/pscblfscm/src

The compiled COBOL programs will be placed under *<PS HOME*/CBLBIN IBM*<X*>.

<X> is A for ANSI or U for Unicode.

Note. If you see the following output during the compilation, you can ignore it:

Preprocessing COBOL files ls: 0653-341 The file *.cfg does not exist. Preprocessing the file PSPBASCH.cbl Can't open input file

Task 13B-5-2: Compiling COBOL on AIX with a PS_APP_HOME Setup

This section assumes that you have installed the PeopleSoft Application software in a directory (*PS_APP_HOME*) which is different than the PeopleSoft PeopleTools software installation directory (*PS_HOME*) and that you do not have customized COBOL source files in a *PS_CUST_HOME* directory. In addition, this procedure assumes that you have set the environment variables as described earlier.

This section is only required for those who need to compile the COBOL sources, not for those who only need to run the compiled COBOL.

To compile the COBOL source files:

1. Ensure that the directory sdk/cobol/pscbl*apps* is present under *PS_APP_HOME* directory for the application you are trying to compile.

For example if the installed PeopleSoft Application is Human Capital Management (apps = hcm), then the following directory structure should be present and the user must have write access to it:

sdk/cobol/pscblhcm

2. Set the environment variable for *PS_HOME*, the directory where you installed the PeopleSoft software; for example:

PS_HOME = ~/PTcompile; export PS_HOME

3. Set the environment variable for *PS_APP_HOME*, the directory where you installed the PeopleSoft Application software; for example:

PS APP HOME = ~/HRcompile; export PS APP HOME

4. Change the directory to *PS_HOME*/setup; for example:

cd \$PS_HOME/setup

5. Depending on the character encoding type that your installation uses, set the environment variable PS_ENCODING, as specified in this table:

Database Encoding	Command
ANSI	export PS_ENCODING=ansi
Unicode	export PS_ENCODING=unicode

Make sure that you are giving the correct value of this environment variable. You will receive errors if the wrong value of this environment variable is specified, as follows:

• If your setup includes the file \$PS_HOME/setup/unicode.cfg, indicating that the character encoding for your installation is Unicode, but you set the value of PS_ENCODING to ansi with the commands above, you will get the following error:

pscblibm.mak : ERROR : <PS_HOME>/unicode.cfg EXISTs, but INCOMPATIBLE⇒ encoding of \$PS ENCODING was specified, EXITING!!!

• If your setup does not have the file \$PS_HOME/setup/unicode.cfg, indicating that the character encoding for your installation is non-Unicode, but you set the value of PS_ENCODING to unicode, you will get the following error:

```
pscblibm.mak : ERROR : <PS_HOME>/setup/unicode.cfg does not EXIST,⇒
but INCOMPATIBLE encoding of $PS ENCODING was specified, EXITING!!!
```

- 6. Use this command to compile:
 - ./pscblibm.mak apps

The optional parameter *apps* determines the location of the work area where the compilation takes place. The allowed values and compilation locations are listed in this table:

Product Line	Apps Parameter	Location
PeopleSoft PeopleTools	pt (default)	PS_HOME/sdk/cobol/pscblpt/src
Human Capital Management	hcm	<i>PS_APP_HOME/</i> sdk/cobol/pscblhrms/src
Financials/Supply Chain Management	fscm	<i>PS_APP_HOME/</i> sdk/cobol/pscblfscm/src

The PeopleSoft PeopleTools compiled COBOL programs will be placed under $<PS_HOME>/CBLBIN_IBM < X>$ and the PeopleSoft Application compiled COBOL programs will be placed under $<PS_APP_HOME>/CBLBIN_IBM < X>$.

<X> is A for ANSI or U for Unicode.

Task 13B-5-3: Compiling COBOL on AIX with a PS_CUST_HOME Setup

This section assumes that you have set up a PS_CUST_HOME environment variable for customized COBOL source files. Furthermore, it assumes that you have set the environment variables as described earlier.

This section is only required for those who need to compile the COBOL sources, not for those who only need to run the compiled COBOL.

1. Ensure that the directory sdk/cobol/pscblapps is present under the *PS_APP_HOME* directory for the application you are trying to compile.

For example if the installed PeopleSoft Application is Human Capital Management (apps = hcm), then the following directory structure should be present and the user must have write access to it:

sdk/cobol/pscblhcm

2. Set the environment variable for *PS_HOME*, the directory where you installed the PeopleSoft PeopleTools software; for example:

PS_HOME = ~/PTcompile; export PS_HOME

3. If *PS_APP_HOME* is different from *PS_HOME*, set the environment variable for *PS_APP_HOME*, the directory where you installed the PeopleSoft Application software; for example:

```
PS_APP_HOME = ~/HRcompile; export PS_APP_HOME
```

4. Set the environment variable for *PS_CUST_HOME*, the directory where you installed the PeopleSoft Application software; for example:

PS CUST HOME = ~/CUSTcompile; export PS CUST HOME

5. Change the directory to *PS_HOME*/setup; for example:

cd \$PS_HOME/setup

6. Depending on the character encoding type that your installation uses, set the environment variable PS_ENCODING, as specified in this table:

Database Encoding	Command
ANSI	export PS_ENCODING=ansi
Unicode	export PS_ENCODING=unicode

Make sure that you are giving the correct value of this environment variable. You will receive errors if the wrong value of this environment variable is specified, as follows:

• If your setup includes the file \$PS_HOME/setup/unicode.cfg, indicating that the character encoding for your installation is Unicode, but you set the value of PS_ENCODING to ansi with the commands above, you will get the following error:

pscblibm.mak : ERROR : <PS_HOME>/unicode.cfg EXISTs, but INCOMPATIBLE⇒ encoding of \$PS ENCODING was specified, EXITING!!!

• If your setup does not have the file \$PS_HOME/setup/unicode.cfg, indicating that the character encoding for your installation is non-Unicode, but you set the value of PS_ENCODING to unicode, you will get the following error:

pscblibm.mak : ERROR : <PS_HOME>/setup/unicode.cfg does not EXIST,⇒ but INCOMPATIBLE encoding of \$PS_ENCODING was specified, EXITING!!!

• Use this command to compile:

./pscblibm.mak cust

The customized PeopleSoft PeopleTools and PeopleSoft Application COBOL programs will be placed under <*PS_CUST_HOME*>/CBLBIN_IBM<*X*>.

<X> is A for ANSI or U for Unicode.

Task 13B-5-4: Troubleshooting the IBM COBOL Compiler

This section discusses:

- Understanding Troubleshooting for the IBM COBOL Compiler
- Reviewing Screen Output from pscblibm.mak
- Reviewing erroribm.lst
- Reviewing the LISTOUT.LST file
- Reviewing COBOL_PROGRAM.LST files
- Reviewing temporary space errors

Understanding Troubleshooting for the IBM COBOL Compiler

You can find the error and list files discussed in this section in the following locations, depending upon your installation setup:

- If *PS_APP_HOME* and *PS_CUST_HOME* are the same as *PS_HOME* or both *PS_APP_HOME* and *PS_CUST_HOME* are undefined, all error and list files mentioned here are placed in directories under *PS_HOME*.
- If *PS_APP_HOME* is different from *PS_HOME*, and you compile PeopleSoft PeopleTools COBOL source files, the error and list files mentioned here are placed in directories under *PS_HOME*.
- If *PS_APP_HOME* is different from *PS_HOME*, and you compile PeopleSoft Application COBOL source files, the error and list files mentioned here are placed in directories under *PS_APP_HOME*.
- If *PS_CUST_HOME* is different from *PS_HOME*, and you compile PeopleSoft Application COBOL source files, the error and list files mentioned here are placed in directories under *PS_CUST_HOME*.

When compiling COBOL programs on AIX using the IBM COBOL compiler, compiler and linker informational messages are reported in the following locations:

- screen output from pscblibm.mak
- erroribm.lst

PS_HOME/setup/erroribm.lst

• LISTOUT.lst file

<PS_HOME>/sdk/cobol/pscbl<APPS>/src/LISTOUT.lst

<APPS> is the PeopleSoft product family, such as hcm.

See Compiling COBOL on AIX with a PS_HOME Setup

COBOL_PROGRAM.lst

<PS_HOME>/sdk/cobol/pscbl<APPS>/lst/<COBOL_PROGRAM>.lst

Initially, either review the screen output or the erroribm.lst file in *PS_HOME*/setup. The erroribm.lst file will contain the names of the programs that failed to compile. You can examine the file LISTOUT.lst to find the COBOL program names listed in erroribm.lst to review the cause of the failures. Then review the *COBOL_PROGRAM*.lst file to analyze the COBOL error in context of the COBOL source code. After you have corrected the compile or linker errors, you can simply start a complete re-compile.

Depending on the relevancy of the failing compiled modules to your project mission, you can decide to resolve all compile and linker errors or continue without the failed modules.

The programs PTPPSRUN and PTPPSRMT must be compiled correctly. If these programs do not compile correctly, none of the COBOL programs will run. These programs are located at *PS_HOME/*src/cbl/ibm/unix.

If these programs fail to compile, you will get the following errors:

```
./pscblibm.mak : Error : Critical program PTPPSRUN did not compile
./pscblibm.mak : Error : This error must be fixed prior to running any⇒
cobol programs...
./pscblibm.mak : Error : Critical program PTPPSRMT did not compile
./pscblibm.mak : Error : This error must be fixed prior to running any⇒
cobol programs via RemoteCall
```

Be sure to resolve the errors for these programs before proceeding.

Reviewing Screen Output from pscblibm.mak

The screen output is the first place you should look to determine if there is a compilation or linking error. Errors including the phrase "fail to compile/link" will be displayed at the end of the screen output. For example:

```
./pscblibm.mak: Error : The list of file(s) failed to compile/link.
CEPCROLL fail to compile/link
ENPBTRNS fail to compile/link
GLPJEDT2 fail to compile/link
SFPCRELS fail to compile/link
SFPREVAL fail to compile/link
./pscblibm.mak : The list of file(s) that failed to compile/link can be⇒
found at /datal/home/easa/pt854/setup/erroribm.lst
./pscblibm.mak : The compilation log is generated at /datal/home/easa⇒
/pt854/sdk/cobol/pscblpt/src/LISTOUT.lst
./pscblibm.mak : The compile listing of the COBOL programs can be seen at ⇒
/datal/home/easa/pt854/sdk/cobol/pscblpt/lst
```

Reviewing erroribm.lst

The erroribm.lst file is located in the *PS_HOME*/setup directory, and contains a list of the programs that failed to compile. For example:

CEPCROLL fail to compile/link ENPBTRNS fail to compile/link ENPMMAIN fail to compile/link GLPJEDT2 fail to compile/link SFPCRELS fail to compile/link SFPREVAL fail to compile/link

Reviewing the LISTOUT.LST file

The LISTOUT.lst file is located in the *PS_HOME*/sdk/cobol/pscbl*APPS*/src directory and contains compiler and linker informational, warning and error messages.

```
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```

For example, the following error is related to program PTPDBTST:

```
exec: /usr/bin/ld -b64 -bpT:0x10000000 -bpD:0x110000000 -bhalt:5 /lib⇒
/crt0 64.o -lg -bexport:/usr/lib/libg.exp -o PTPCURND PTPCURND.o -brtl -bE:⇒
symlist.
exp -lpthreads -ldl -lnsl -L/home/sphilli2/852-803-I1-AIX-ORAU-DEBUG/bin -⇒
lpscompat ansi -lpssqlapi ansi -lpsuser ansi -lpspetssl -lpsora ansi -⇒
lpscobnet ansi -L/usr/lpp/cobol/lib -L/usr/lpp/SdU/vsam/lib -L/usr/lpp/Sd⇒
U/sfs/lib -lcob2s -lsmrtlite -lC128 -lC -lc
unlink: PTPCURND.0
exec: /usr/lpp/cobol/bin/IGYCCOB2 -qtest -qdynam -qaddr(64),flag(w),trunc⇒
(bin), arith(extend) -qADDR(64) PTPDBTST.cbl
PP 5724-V62 IBM COBOL for AIX 3.1.0 in progress ...
LineID Message code Library phase message text
        IGYLI0090-W
                      4 sequence errors were found in this program.
                     Informational
            Total
                                      Warning
                                                  Error
                                                           Severe
Messages
                                                                    \Rightarrow
 Terminating
Printed:
               1
                                           1
LineID Message code Message text
        IGYSC0205-W
                      Warning message(s) were issued during library phase⇒
 processing. Refer to the beginning of the listing.
                      "ZZ000-SQL-ERROR-ROUTINE" was not defined as a
   588 IGYPA3007-S
                      procedure-name. The statement was discarded.
                     Informational
                                      Warning
Messages
            Total
                                                 Error
                                                           Severe
                                                                    ⇒
 Terminating
Printed:
               2
                                          1
                                                               1
Suppressed:
               6
                           6
End of compilation 1, program PTPDBTST, highest severity: Severe.
Return code 12
PTPDBTST fail to compile/link
```

Reviewing COBOL_PROGRAM.LST files

The COBOL_PROGRAM.lst files are located in *PS_HOME*/sdk/cobol/pscbl*APPS*/lst directory and contain the compiler output for a specific program.

For example, a portion of the PTPDBTST.lst file contains this compilation error found for program PTPDBTST, where the ZZ000-SQL-ERROR-ROUTINE was not defined:

```
"ZZ000-SQL-ERROR-ROUTINE" was not defined as a \Rightarrow
       588 IGYPA3007-S
 procedure-name. The statement was discarded.
-Messages
              Total
                        Informational
                                          Warning
                                                       Error
                                                                Severe
                                                                           \Rightarrow
 Terminating
OPrinted:
                 2
                                               1
                                                                     1
                 6
OSuppressed:
                              6
-* Statistics for COBOL program PTPDBTST:
 *
      Source records = 805
 *
      Data Division statements = 213
 *
      Procedure Division statements = 52
```

Reviewing temporary space errors

IBM COBOL compiler uses the system temporary space to do some steps of the compilation. Like other UNIX processes, the compiler may give errors when the system temporary space is full.

To avoid or correct this problem, clean up the system temporary space on your machine.

Here is a sample of errors seen during compilation, when the system temporary space (/tmp) was full in a development AIX machine:

```
pscblibm.mak : Compiling EGPPRCTL.cbl ...
IGYDS5247-U
             An error occurred while attempting to write a compiler work⇒
file, "SYSUT7".
Compiler aborted with code 1247
IGYSI5258-U
             Error removing WCode file.: A file or directory in the path⇒
name does not exist.
IGYSI5258-U Error removing WCode file.: A file or directory in the path⇒
name does not exist.
IGYSI5259-U Error closing WCode file.: A file descriptor does not refer⇒
to an open file.
IGYSI5258-U Error removing WCode file.: A file or directory in the path⇒
name does not exist.
IGYSI5259-U Error closing WCode file.: A file descriptor does not refer⇒
to an open file.
IGYSI5258-U Error removing WCode file.: A file or directory in the path⇒
name does not exist.
IGYSI5259-U Error closing WCode file.: A file descriptor does not refer⇒
to an open file.
IGYSI5258-U Error removing WCode file.: A file or directory in the path⇒
name does not exist.
IGYSI5259-U Error closing WCode file.: A file descriptor does not refer⇒
to an open file.
```

Task 13B-5-5: Setting Up the IBM COBOL Runtime

This section discusses:

- Installing the IBM COBOL for AIX Runtime Files
- Setting Environment Variables for a PS_APP_HOME or PS_CUST_HOME Setup
- Configuring the Application Server Domain
- Configuring the Process Scheduler Domain

Installing the IBM COBOL for AIX Runtime Files

For those machines that only need to run the compiled COBOL files, you must install the runtime filesets for IBM COBOL for AIX. You do not need to install the compiler. You must also configure the PeopleSoft Application Server and Process Scheduler domains.

This procedure assumes that you have downloaded the runtime filesets to *CBL_INSTALL*, and have set the environment variables as described earlier.

See Setting Environment Variables for IBM COBOL.

The runtime filesets will be installed into the locations as specified in this table:

Fileset Name	Fileset Description	Installation Locations	Fileset Level Required
cobol.rte	IBM COBOL for AIX runtime libraries	/usr/lpp/cobol/ /usr/lpp/cobol/lib/ /usr/lib/ /etc/	4.1.1.0
cobol.msg.LANG	IBM COBOL for AIX runtime messages <i>LANG</i> = [en_US, ja_JP, Ja_JP]	/usr/lib/nls/msg/LANG	4.1.1.0

To install the runtime filesets:

1. Use the AIX command installp to install these filesets. For example:

```
installp -aYg -d CBL_INSTALL/usr/sys/inst.images cobol.rte cobol.msg.en_⇒
US
```

- 2. Download the required maintenance packs for IBM COBOL 4.1.1.1 from the IBM support web site. http://www-933.ibm.com/support/fixcentral/
- 3. Install the filesets included in the maintenance packs using the installp command as described above.

Setting Environment Variables for a PS_APP_HOME or PS_CUST_HOME Setup

This section applies to those installations in which:

- You have several Application Server or Process Scheduler domains.
- Each of those domains is going to be associated with a particular *PS_APP_HOME* or *PS_CUST_HOME* directory.

In this case it is a good idea to define *PS_APP_HOME* or *PS_CUST_HOME* in *PS_HOME*/psconfig.sh. For example, edit psconfig.sh to add one of these lines:

```
PS_APP_HOME="/home/psft/HRcompile"; export PS_APP_HOME
PS_CUST_HOME="/home/psft/CUSTcompile"; export_PS_CUST_HOME
```

After making this change, you must source the PS_HOME/psconfig.sh file again.

This way you would not need to add the PS_APP_HOME or PS_CUST_HOME environment variable through the "Edit environment variable" Application Server and Process Scheduler administration menus in PSADMIN each time you create a new domain.

Configuring the Application Server Domain

This section assumes that you have created an Application Server domain, as described in the chapter "Configuring the Application Server on UNIX." The configuration and log files for application server domains reside in a directory referred to as *PS_CFG_HOME*.

See the information on working with *PS_CFG_HOME* in the *PeopleTools: System and Server Administration* product documentation.

Note. You must create a new domain to configure the environment for running IBM COBOLs. You will not be able to reuse an existing domain for the same.

To create and configure the Application Server domain:

- 1. Go to the PS_HOME/appserv directory and run psadmin.
- 2. When the menu appears, specify *1* for Application Server and press ENTER.
- 3. Enter 2 for Create a Domain, and press ENTER.
- 4. Specify the domain name. For example:

Please enter name of domain to create : HCM92

Note. If you have already set the environment variables PS_APP_HOME and/or PS_CUST_HOME, as explained in the section Setting Environment Variables for a PS_APP_HOME or PS_CUST_HOME Setup, you can skip the steps 5 through 10.

- 5. On the Quick-configure menu, select 16, Edit environment settings.
- 6. If *PS_APP_HOME* is different from *PS_HOME*, carry out steps a and b below.

Note. If *PS_APP_HOME* is the same as *PS_HOME*, skip these two steps and continue with step 7.

- a. On the PeopleSoft Domain Environment Settings, select 2 to add environment variable.
- b. Enter PS_APP_HOME as the name of the environment variable, and installation directory where you installed your PeopleSoft Application software as the value of the environment variable. For example:

Enter name of environment variable: PS_APP_HOME
Enter value: /home/psft/HRcompile

You will see an asterisk (*) in front of the modified environment variables, because these variables have not been saved.

7. If your PS_CUST_HOME is defined and is different from PS_HOME, carry out the following two steps:

Note. If PS CUST HOME is the same as PS HOME, skip these two steps and continue with step 8.

- a. On the PeopleSoft Domain Environment Settings, select 2 to add environment variable.
- b. Enter PS_CUST_HOME as the name of the environment variable, and the installation directory where you installed the customized COBOL files as the value of the environment variable.

For example:

Enter name of environment variable: PS_CUST_HOME
Enter value: /home/psft/CUSTcompile

You will see an asterisk in front of the PS_APP_HOME and PS_CUST_HOME environment variables, indicating that these variables have not been saved.

- 8. Specify 6 to save the environment variables.
- 9. Press ENTER to continue at the following message:

Your changes have been saved. Please be aware these changes will not take effect until you complete⇒

```
the domain configuration process.
Press Enter to continue...
```

- 10. Enter q for return to the previous menu.
- 11. On the Quick-configure menu, enter 15, for Custom configuration.
- 12. Answer n (no) when asked if you want to change the values, until you see the section Remote Call.

```
Values for config section - RemoteCall

COBOL Platform=

RCCBL Redirect=0

RCCBL PRDBIN=%PS_HOME%\cblbin%PS_COBOLTYPE%

Do you want to change any values (y/n/q)? [n]: y
```

Enter y (yes) to make a change, as shown in this example.

13. Enter IBM as the COBOL platform and ignore the remaining options.

COBOL Platform [] : IBM

- 14. Answer n (no) when asked if you want to change any of the remaining sections.
- 15. Enter 1 to boot the domain.
- 16. Enter 1 for Boot (Serial Boot), or 2 for Parallel Boot.

Configuring the Process Scheduler Domain

To create and configure the Process Scheduler domain:

Note. You must create a new domain to configure the environment for running IBM COBOLs. You will not be able to reuse an existing domain for the same.

- 1. Go to the PS_HOME/appserv directory and run psadmin.
- 2. When the menu appears, specify 2 for Process Scheduler and press ENTER.
- 3. Enter 2 for Create a Domain.
- 4. Specify the domain name. For example:

Please enter name of domain to create : HCM92

Note. Domain names are case-sensitive and must be eight characters or less.

Note. If you have already set the environment variables PS_APP_HOME and/or PS_CUST_HOME, as explained in the section Setting Environment Variables for a PS_APP_HOME or PS_CUST_HOME Setup, you can skip the steps 5 through 10.

- 5. On the Quick-configure menu, select 7, Edit environment settings.
- 6. If *PS_APP_HOME* is different from *PS_HOME*, carry out steps a and b below.

Note. If PS APP HOME is the same as PS HOME, skip these two steps and continue with step 7.

- a. On the PeopleSoft Domain Environment Settings, select 2 to add environment variable.
- b. Enter PS_APP_HOME as the name of the environment variable, and the installation directory where you installed your PeopleSoft Application software as the value of the environment variable.

For example:

```
Enter name of environment variable: PS_APP_HOME
Enter value: /home/psft/HRcompile
```

7. If your *PS_CUST_HOME* is different from *PS_HOME*, carry out the following two steps.

Note. If PS CUST HOME is the same as PS HOME, skip these two steps and continue with step 8.

- a. On the PeopleSoft Domain Environment Settings, select 2 to add an environment variable.
- b. Enter PS_CUST_HOME as the name of the environment variable, and the installation directory where you installed your PeopleSoft Application software as the value of the environment variable.

For example:

Enter name of environment variable: PS_CUST_HOME
Enter value: /home/psft/CUSTcompile

- 8. Enter 6 to save the environment variables.
- 9. Press ENTER to continue at the following message:

```
Your changes have been saved.
```

```
Please be aware these changes will not take effect until you complete⇒
the domain configuration process.
Press Enter to continue...
```

- 10. Enter q to return to the previous menu.
- 11. On the Quick-configure menu, enter 6, for Custom configuration.
- 12. Answer n (no) when asked if you want to change the values, until you see the section Remote Call.

```
Values for config section - RemoteCall

COBOL Platform=

RCCBL Redirect=0

RCCBL PRDBIN=%PS_HOME%\cblbin%PS_COBOLTYPE%

Do you want to change any values (y/n/q)? [n]: y
```

Enter y (yes) to make a change, as shown in this example.

13. Enter IBM as the COBOL Platform and ignore the remaining options.

COBOL Platform []: IBM

14. Answer n (no) when asked if you want to change any of the remaining sections.

15. Enter 1 to boot the domain.

Task 13B-5-6: Removing the IBM COBOL Installation

Keep the following information in mind before removing the IBM COBOL compiler on IBM AIX:

- You must have root user access to uninstall this product.
- Some filesets may not be uninstalled if they are required by other installed products.
- As uninstalling dependent packages automatically may introduce problems, it is recommended that you preview uninstallation to ensure that all dependent filesets are no longer required.

See the IBM COBOL compiler documentation for more information.

To remove the IBM COBOL compiler:

1. Run the following command: installp -u cobol* Here are typical responses: \$ installp -u cobol* +-----⇒ ____+ Pre-deinstall Verification... ____+ Verifying selections...done Verifying requisites...done Results... WARNINGS _____ Problems described in this section are not likely to be the source of \Rightarrow any immediate or serious failures, but further actions may be necessary or desired. Not Installed _____ No software could be found on the system that could be deinstalled \Rightarrow for the following requests: cobol.msg.Ja JP cobol.msg.ja JP (The fileset may not be currently installed, or you may have made a typographical error.) << End of Warning Section >> SUCCESSES _____ Filesets listed in this section passed pre-deinstall verification and will be removed. Selected Filesets _____ # IBM COBOL for AIX⇒ cobol.cmp 4.1.1.0 Compiler cobol.dbg 4.1.1.0 # IBM COBOL for AIX⇒ Debugger # COBOL for AIX Licence⇒ cobol.lic 4.1.1.0 Files # COBOL for AIX License⇒ cobol.license 4.1.1.0 Agreem... # IBM COBOL Set for AIX⇒ cobol.man 4.1.1.0 Man Pages cobol.msg.en US 4.1.1.0 # IBM COBOL for AIX⇒ Runtime Me... # IBM COBOL for AIX \Rightarrow cobol.rte 4.1.1.0 Runtime << End of Success Section >>

FILESET STATISTICS _____ 9 Selected to be deinstalled, of which: 7 Passed pre-deinstall verification 2 FAILED pre-deinstall verification ____ 7 Total to be deinstalled ____+ Deinstalling Software... ----+ installp: DEINSTALLING software for: cobol.lic 4.1.1.0 Filesets processed: 1 of 7 (Total time: 0 secs). installp: DEINSTALLING software for: cobol.license 4.1.1.0 Filesets processed: 2 of 7 (Total time: 0 secs). installp: DEINSTALLING software for: cobol.dbg 4.1.1.0 Filesets processed: 3 of 7 (Total time: 1 secs). installp: DEINSTALLING software for: cobol.man 4.1.1.0 Filesets processed: 4 of 7 (Total time: 1 secs). installp: DEINSTALLING software for: cobol.msg.en US 4.1.1.0 Filesets processed: 5 of 7 (Total time: 2 secs). installp: DEINSTALLING software for: cobol.cmp 4.1.1.0 Filesets processed: 6 of 7 (Total time: 3 secs). installp: DEINSTALLING software for: cobol.rte 4.1.1.0 Finished processing all filesets. (Total time: 5 secs). ____+ Summaries: ____+ Pre-installation Failure/Warning Summary _____ Name Pre-installation Failure⇒ Level /Warning -----⇒ _____ cobol.msg.Ja_JP Nothing by this name to⇒ deinstall cobol.msg.ja JP Nothing by this name to⇒ deinstall Installation Summary _____

Name Result	Level	Part	Event	⇒
				⇒
cobol.lic SUCCESS	4.1.1.0	USR	DEINSTALL	⇒
cobol.license SUCCESS	4.1.1.0	USR	DEINSTALL	⇒
cobol.dbg SUCCESS	4.1.1.0	USR	DEINSTALL	⇒
cobol.man SUCCESS	4.1.1.0	USR	DEINSTALL	⇒
cobol.msg.en_US SUCCESS	4.1.1.0	USR	DEINSTALL	⇒
cobol.cmp SUCCESS	4.1.1.0	ROOT	DEINSTALL	⇒
cobol.cmp SUCCESS	4.1.1.0	USR	DEINSTALL	⇒
cobol.rte SUCCESS	4.1.1.0	USR	DEINSTALL	⇒

2. To remove any currently unused modules in kernel and library memory, enter the following on the command line:

slibclean

Chapter 14

Installing the PeopleSoft Online Help Solution

This chapter discusses:

- Understanding PeopleSoft Online Help (PeopleBooks)
- Using the PeopleSoft Online Help Web Site for Context-Sensitive Help
- Configuring Context-Sensitive Help with Local Installations

Understanding PeopleSoft Online Help (PeopleBooks)

The documentation for PeopleSoft PeopleTools and PeopleSoft software applications, formerly known as PeopleBooks, is now available in a dynamic, interactive, accessible HTML version, the hosted PeopleSoft Online Help Web site. The PeopleSoft Online Help documentation that is accessed with the Help link in the PeopleSoft navigation bar, and the Oracle's PeopleSoft Online Help Web site, are developed for advanced users, administrators, and implementers of the application. End users should utilize embedded help or licensed UPK content for more specific help assistance.

PeopleSoft software applications will include translated embedded help. With the PeopleSoft 9.2 release, PeopleSoft documentation aligned with the other Oracle applications by focusing on embedded help. We offer very direct translated help at crucial spots within our application through our embedded help widgets. Additionally, we have a one-to-one mapping of application and help translations. This means that the software and embedded help translation footprint are identical, something we were never able to accomplish in the past.

The PeopleSoft Online Help is delivered with PeopleSoft PeopleTools and every PeopleSoft application. You have several options for deploying PeopleSoft Online Help to benefit your organization. This chapter describes the methods for accessing, installing, and configuring PeopleSoft Online Help.

- *Hosted PeopleSoft Online Help Web site:* Use PeopleSoft Online Help over the Internet with the hosted content on the hosted PeopleSoft Online Help Web site.
- *Context-sensitive help:* Configure PeopleSoft PeopleTools to call PeopleSoft Online Help as context-sensitive help from both Internet applications and Microsoft Windows-based programs. For instance, when a user clicks the Help link in a browser or presses F1 in Windows, the appropriate documentation appears. You can set up context-sensitive help for both local installations and to access the hosted content on the PeopleSoft Online Help Web site.

Note. The F1 button accesses PeopleSoft Online Help only for the PeopleTools Development Environment (the Windows-based client). If you press F1 while using the portal, you invoke the help for your current browser. For context-sensitive help in the portal, users need to click the Help link to call PeopleSoft Online Help.

• *PDF format*: You can download a PDF version of PeopleSoft Online Help, organized in the traditional PeopleBooks format, from the Oracle Technology Network (OTN).

See Also

Oracle Documentation, Oracle Technology Network, http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/documentation/index.html

"Preparing for Installation," Planning Multilingual Strategy

PeopleTools: Applications User's Guide, "Accessing Embedded Help"

Task 14-1: Using the PeopleSoft Online Help Web Site for Context-Sensitive Help

This section discusses:

- Understanding the PeopleSoft Online Help Web Site
- Setting Up Context-Sensitive Help with the PeopleSoft Online Help Web Site
- Setting Up F1 Help with the PeopleSoft Online Help Web Site

Understanding the PeopleSoft Online Help Web Site

PeopleSoft Online Help is immediately available for use over the Internet at the PeopleSoft Online Help Web site. To configure context-sensitive help with the PeopleSoft Online Help web site, you must have an Internet connection available to your server where PeopleSoft PeopleTools is installed.

See PeopleSoft Online Help, <u>www.peoplesoftonlinehelp.com.</u>

Alternatively, you can install PeopleSoft Online Help to a file server hosting web server software, as described in the section Installing the PeopleSoft Online Help Locally.

Task 14-1-1: Setting Up Context-Sensitive Help with the PeopleSoft Online Help Web Site

You can configure your PeopleSoft server to use the hosted documentation from the PeopleSoft Online Help Web site for context-sensitive help. Each page in your PeopleSoft applications includes a Help icon that, when clicked, opens a new browser window displaying help topics that discuss that page. To enable the Help link from application pages:

- 1. Log in to your PeopleSoft application in a browser.
- 2. Select PeopleTools, Web Profile, Web Profile Configuration.
- 3. Click Search and select the Profile Name you specified during your PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture installation, for example, PROD.

4. On the General page in the Help URL field, enter the URL for one or more products.

You can access the URLs from the PeopleSoft Online Help Web site. Under Setting Up Context-Sensitive Help, select the link Enabling the Help Link from the Application Pages.

See PeopleSoft Online Help,

http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E17566_01/epm91pbr0/eng/psbooks/EnablingtheHelpLinkfromApplicationPages.pd f.

The URLs have the following format, where UlinkID1, UlinkID2, ...UlinkID*n* refer to universal linking product line codes:

 $http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?id=\%CONTEXT_ID\%\&ctx=UlinkID1\&ctx=UlinkID2....\&ctx=UlinkID1\&ctx=UlinkID2....\&ctx=UlinkID1\&ctx=UlinkID2....\&ctx=UlinkID1\&ctx=UlinkID2....\&ctx=UlinkID1\&ctx=UlinkID2....\&ctx=UlinkID1\&ctx=UlinkID2....\&ctx=UlinkID1\&ctx=UlinkID2....&ctx=UlinkID2....&ctx=UlinkID2...&ctx=UlinkID2...&ctx=UlinkID2...&ctx=UlinkID2...&ctx=UlinkID2...&ctx=UlinkID2...&ctx=UlinkID2...&ctx=UlinkID2...&ct$

The URL for the PeopleTools documentation must come before the URLs for PeopleSoft application documentation, as in this example:

http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?id=%CONTEXT_ID%&ctx=pt855pbr0&ctx=hcm92pbr7

This example shows the Web Profile Configuration page with a sample help URL for PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.55 and PeopleSoft HCM 9.2:

My Homepage Web Profile Configuration	r 🕈 🗉 🥑
	ow Help Personalize Page
General Security Authorized Site Virtual Addressing Cookie Rules Caching Debugging	-
Profile Name PROD Save As View History	
Description Installation Defaults	
Authentication Domain .us.oracle.com	?
Help URL pracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?id=%CONTEXT_ID%&ctx=pt855pbr0&ctx=hcm92pbr7	?
Compress Responses ?	
Compress Response References ?	
Compress Mime Types application/x-javascript,text/javascript,text/css,text/htm	ı ?
Compress Query ?	
Save Confirmation Display 3,000 Milliseconds ?	
Enable Processing Message ?	
Enable New Window ?	
Enable Print ?	
Enable PPM Agent ?	
PPM Monitor Buffer Size 51,200 KB ?	
Single Thread Netscape ?	
Single Thread Delay 1,000 Milliseconds ?	
Non-standard Base Path	?
Reports	
Enable Report Repository ?	
Report Repository Path	?
Compress Report Output	
• All Browsers ?	
C Exclude NetScape ?	
O Do Not Compress ?	
🔚 Save 🔯 Return to Search 🔄 Notify 📮 Previous tab 🗣 Next tab 💽 Add 🔊 Update/Disp	lay

Web Profile Configuration General page with a sample PeopleSoft Hosted Documentation URL

- 5. Save and exit the Web Profile Configuration page.
- 6. Restart the following servers:
 - If your PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture (PIA) is running on Oracle WebLogic, restart the PIA and admin web servers.
 - If your PIA is running on IBM WebSphere, restart the PIA server.
 - If the Help link does not appear in the next step, it may be necessary to also stop and restart the application server.

7. Test the help functionality by clicking the Help icon on a PeopleSoft application page.

Task 14-1-2: Setting Up F1 Help with the PeopleSoft Online Help Web Site

PeopleTools Application Designer also has context-sensitive help available through the user's F1 key. To enable this help functionality, the PeopleTools Options must be configured to access the hosted content on the PeopleSoft Online Help Web site as follows:

- 1. In your PeopleSoft application, select PeopleTools, Utilities, Administration, PeopleTools Options.
- 2. Scroll down to the Help Options group.
- 3. Enter the value for the F1 URL field.

Specify the URL for the PeopleSoft PeopleTools online help for your release. The URL should be similar to the following:

http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?id=%CONTEXT_ID%&ctx=pt855pbr0

You can access the URL from the PeopleSoft Online Help Web site. Under Setting Up Context-Sensitive Help, select the link Enabling the Help Link from the Application Pages.

See PeopleSoft Online Help, http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E17566_01/epm91pbr0/eng/psbooks/EnablingtheHelpLinkfromApplicationPages.pd f.

- 4. Save and exit the PeopleTools Options page.
- 5. Stop and restart the application server each time you update the help URL.
- 6. Open Application Designer. Press F1 to display the online help content.
- 7. For context-sensitive help, open an object, such as a panel or PeopleCode, then press F1.

Task 14-2: Configuring Context-Sensitive Help with Local Installations

This section discusses:

- Enabling the Help Link from the Application Pages with Local Installations
- Enabling F1 Help with Local Installations
- Creating the Help Index for Multi-Product Installations

Task 14-2-1: Enabling the Help Link from the Application Pages with Local Installations

You can configure your PeopleSoft installation so that each page in your PeopleSoft software applications includes a Help link. Clicking the Help link opens a new browser window displaying help topics that discuss that page. Use the instructions in this section to enable the Help link for locally-installed PeopleSoft Online Help only.

To enable the Help link from application pages:

- 1. In your PeopleSoft application, navigate to the PeopleTools, Web Profile, Web Profile Configuration page.
- 2. Click Search and select the Profile Name you specified during your PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture installation.
- 3. Specify the value for the Help URL field as follows:

http://<server_name>:<port_number>/<help_folder>/help.html?ContextID=⇒
%CONTEXT_ID%&LangCD=%LANG_CD%

Note. If you do not want the Help icon to display in your applications, clear the Help URL field value.

For example, if your web server is called myserver, you are using port 5080, and your *help_folder* is pt855pbr0, the Help URL value would be:

http://myserver:5080/pt855pbr0/help.html?ContextID=%CONTEXT_ID%&LangCD=⇒
%LANG_CD%

- Enter your web server name for *<server_name>*.
- Enter the web server port for *<port_number>*.
- Enter the folder where you installed the help system files for <help_folder>.
- The system resolves %CONTEXT_ID% to the page name from which you called help. The system resolves %LANG_CD% to the signon language of the user.
- 4. Save and exit the Web Profile Configuration page.
- 5. Before testing help functionality, purge the browser cache on the client and close all web browsers. Restart the application server and web server for PIA.
- 6. Test the help functionality by clicking the Help link on a PeopleSoft application page.

Task 14-2-2: Enabling F1 Help with Local Installations

This procedure describes how to enable F1 help for Application Designer, PeopleCode Editor, and other Microsoft Windows-based PeopleSoft programs.

To enable F1 help:

- 1. Sign on to your PeopleSoft application using your browser.
- 2. Select the PeopleTools, Utilities, Administration, PeopleTools Options page.
- 3. Enter the same URL as in the previous procedure (where *<server_name>*, *<port_number>*, and *<help_folder>* reflect your installation) into the F1 Help URL field:

```
http://<server_name>:<port_number>/<help_folder>/help.html?ContextID=⇒
%CONTEXT ID%&LangCD=%LANG CD%
```

For example:

```
http://myserver:5080/pt855pbr0/help.html?ContextID=%CONTEXT_ID%&LangCD=⇒
%LANG CD%
```

4. Save the page.

Task 14-2-3: Creating the Help Index for Multi-Product Installations

The PeopleSoft Online Help site contains a precompiled context-sensitive help index containing all context IDs for the product family. To have the help processor deliver help pages from other product families, you need to recreate this help index to include the context IDs for all applicable product families.

Note that this procedure does not support help sites for PeopleSoft 9.1 and PeopleTools 8.52 and earlier. To include help sites for those releases, select About This help in the PeopleSoft PeopleTools product documentation.

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See *Managing Locally Installed PeopleSoft Online Help*, "Including Multiple Online Help Sites for PeopleSoft 9.1 and PeopleTools 8.52 and Earlier."

To re-create the context-sensitive help index follow the instructions "Creating Index for multi-domain online help site" described in the README.txt file included with the downloaded zip files.

See *Managing Locally Installed PeopleSoft Online Help*, "Including Multiple Online Help Sites for PeopleSoft 9.2 and PeopleTools 8.53 and Later."

Chapter 15

Installing Software for PS/nVision Drilldowns

This chapter discusses:

- Understanding PS/nVision DrillDown Add-ins
- Installing the DrillToPIA Add-In
- Installing the nVisionDrill Add-In
- Installing the nVisionDrill Add-Ins for Multi-Language Installations
- Setting Up PeopleSoft Integration Broker for Using Web Service Capability with nVisionDrill Add-in

Understanding PS/nVision DrillDown Add-ins

When you use PS/nVision to view reports, you can use the DrillDown feature to select a cell in your report and expand it according to criteria contained in a special DrillDown layout.

See PeopleTools: PS/nVision, "Using DrillDown."

To use the PS/nVision DrillDown feature with Microsoft Excel reports, you need to install one of the following add-ins, as described in this chapter:

Note. DrillToPIA and nVisionDrill VSTO add-ins do not coexist. You can use only one add-in at a time.

- DrillToPIA add-in
- nVisionDrill VSTO add-in (Visual Studio tools for Microsoft Office SE Runtime).

See PeopleTools: PS/nVision, "Understanding PS/nVision Reporting on the Web."

Here is the way the two drilldown add-ins work with the supported version of Microsoft Excel:

If the nVisionDrill VSTO add-in was installed, the nVisionDrill add-in runs and the nVisionDrill VSTO drilldown menu is available when Microsoft Excel opens.

Optionally, you can disable the nVisionDrill VSTO add-in and run the DrillToPIA add-in.

Note. To disable the nVisionDrill VSTO add-in and use the DrillToPIA add-in, access the Add-Ins dialog box and select the DrillToPIA check box. This selection replaces the nVisionDrill VSTO add-in with the DrillToPIA add-in, and the DrillToPIA drilldown menu appears until you reinstall the nVisionDrill VSTO add-in.

To reinstall the nVisionDrill VSTO, double-click the setup.exe file and select the Repair option.

Task 15-1: Installing the DrillToPIA Add-In

This section discusses:

- Understanding Drilldown with DrillToPIA Add-in
- Installing the DrillToPIA Add-in on the Microsoft Excel Environment

Understanding Drilldown with DrillToPIA Add-in

DrillDowns are run on the PS/nVision report server – like Report Requests and Report Books – and are accessible through Report Manager. You can also select to run the DrillDown using the output type of *Window*, which automatically delivers the results to a new browser window. A copy of the results will also be accessible through Report Manager.

You can drill down on individual cells within the report by selecting the cell and using Drill from the nVisionDrill menu for a Microsoft Excel report.

Note. A drilldown result report inherits the output format of its parent report. So, if the parent instance is in Excel format, then the drilldown result is in Excel format.

DrillDown in a web browser does not include the AutoDrill, Drill-to-Query, and Drill-to-Panel options.

Task 15-1-1: Installing the DrillToPIA Add-in on the Microsoft Excel Environment

To drill down on Microsoft Excel reports, the Microsoft Visual Basic Application (VBA) add-in DrillToPIA.xla file needs to be installed on the Microsoft Excel environment. This file is stored in the *PS_HOME*\Excel directory on the Application Server. Your System Administrator needs to distribute a copy of this file to all users who need to drill down on Microsoft Excel reports on the Web.

Note. If a non-English version of Microsoft Excel is used, translated versions of DrillToPIA.xla can be found in the $\langle PS_HOME \rangle | Excel | \langle Language \rangle$ directory on the Application Server.

In Apple Macintosh systems, PS/nVision DrillToPIA add-in launches Microsoft Internet Explorer for the drilldown page when drilling is performed on a Microsoft Excel report, regardless of the browser from which the original report is opened.

To install the add-in DrillToPIA.xla file into the Microsoft Excel environment:

1. Copy the *PS_HOME*\Excel\DrillToPIA.xla file, and paste it into the Excel add-in directory.

If Microsoft Office is installed in the directory *MS_OFFICE*, the Excel add-ins directory is *MS_OFFICE*\ Office\Library.

- 2. Launch Microsoft Excel and select Tools, Add-ins from Excel toolbar.
- 3. Select the DrillToPIA option in the Add-ins dialog box.

The nVisionDrill menu appears in the Excel menu bar.

Note. To remove the add-in from the Excel menu, clear the DrillToPIA option from the Add-Ins dialog box.

Task 15-2: Installing the nVisionDrill Add-In

This section discusses:

- Understanding PS/nVision DrillDown Using Web Services
- Understanding Security for DrillDown Using nVisionDrill VSTO Add-in
- Installing the nVisionDrill Add-in for Microsoft Excel

Understanding PS/nVision DrillDown Using Web Services

For PeopleSoft PeopleTools 8.50 and later releases, you are able to use the web service capability when drilling from summarized to detailed PS/nVision reports using the nVisionDrill VSTO add-in.

PeopleSoft PeopleTools supports 64-bit Microsoft Excel 2010 and Excel 2013 for the nVisionDrill VSTO add-in.

Note. During the installation for the nVisionDrill VSTO add-in, if there is a message that pre-requisites are not found, run PIARedist.exe and vstor redist.exe available in the *PS HOME*\setup\nVisionDrill folder.

In addition, take note of the following requirements:

- You must set up and configure Integration Broker to use the nVision Drilldown feature as a web service. See Setting Up Integration Broker for Using Web Service Capability with nVisionDrill Add-in.
- The web servers should be SSL enabled.

This is because all the web service calls happen through secure channels.

When you create the SSL-enabled web server domain, you need to provide the optional parameter Authentication Token Domain with the appropriate domain name.

Note. The new nVisionDrill VSTO add-in is mainly designed for remote standalone file drilldown (where the end user doesn't have access to the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture system). For all other purposes and Web drilldown, the nVision users are still encouraged to use the DrillToPIA add-in.

Understanding Security for DrillDown Using nVisionDrill VSTO Add-in

The nVisionDrill VSTO Add-in allows users to perform drilldown without having to access the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture pages. This necessitates that the end users of nVisionDrill must sign in to the PeopleSoft system to be able to submit the drilldown process and access the subreports. The users of nVisionDrill VSTO addin will be prompted to enter a user ID and password for the first time. This user ID and password are validated. If the users have access, they are taken to the menu with the list of DrillDown layouts for further drilldown operation.

When the users attempt another drilldown using the same parent report instance which is already open, the system does not prompt for the credentials, and the credentials of the first login are re-used. But for each new report instance or new drilldown report instance, the credentials must be entered again.

Note. All web service calls between the Microsoft Excel and PeopleSoft applications are SSL-enabled.

Task 15-2-1: Installing the nVisionDrill Add-in for Microsoft Excel

To install the nVisionDrill VSTO add-in for Microsoft Excel:

- 1. Go to *PS_HOME*\setup\nVisionDrill.
- 2. Run the nVisionDrillSetup.msi file.

If all required software items have been installed, the nVisionDrill add-in installation will run to success.

During the installation, if you see a message that pre-requisites are not found, run PIARedist.exe and vstor_redist.exe available in the *PS_HOME*\setup\nVisionDrill folder.

3. Ensure that the web server domain's SSL Root certificate is installed on the machine where the nVisionDrill VSTO add-in is installed.

The Root Certificate should be installed correctly on the default browser of the machine. For example, on Microsoft Internet Explorer 8 the SSL Root Certificate should be installed under Trusted Root Certification Authorities.

Task 15-3: Installing the nVisionDrill Add-Ins for Multi-Language Installations

If you have a multi-language installation, first install NVisionDrillSetup.msi for English, as described above, and then install the NVisionDrillSetup_xxx.msi for the desired languages, where the extension xxx is the three-letter language code.

See PeopleTools: Global Technology.

Task 15-4: Setting Up PeopleSoft Integration Broker for Using Web Service Capability with nVisionDrill Add-in

To set up Integration Broker for using web service capability with PS/nVision DrillDown:

- 1. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Configuration, Gateways.
- 2. Select the Integration Gateway ID for which the Local Gateway is enabled from the search results.

An enabled Local Gateway is marked as "Y" in the search results.

3. In the URL field, enter the following value, where <machine_name> is the Web server machine name, including the domain name, and <port> is the HTTP port number of the PeopleSoft web server:

http://<machine_name>:<port>/PSIGW/PeopleSoftListeningConnector

This example shows the Integration Broker Gateways page with the URL http://webs07.dom1.com:8000/PSIGW/PeopleSoftListeningConnector, where webs07.dom1.com is the combined machine name and domain name, and 8000 is the HTTP port:

Gateway ID	LOCAL		Inbound Gateway	<u>s</u>		
	C Local G	ateway 🛛 🗆 Load Baland	cer			
IRL:	http://webs	07.dom1.com:8000/PSIGW/Pe	opleSoftListeningConnector Ping Gateway			
ateway Se	etup Properties					
Load Ga	teway Connecto	rs				
Connector	s		Personalize Find 🗗	First K 1-9 of	9 🖸	Las
*Conne	ector ID	Description	*Connector Class Name			
1 AS2TA	RGET		AS2TargetConnector	Properties	+	E
2 FILEO	UTPUT		SimpleFileTargetConnector	Properties	+	E
3 FTPTA	RGET		FTPTargetConnector	Properties	+	Ŀ
4 GETM	AILTARGET		GetMailTargetConnector	Properties	+	ŀ
5 HTTPT	TARGET		HttpTargetConnector	Properties	+	E
6 JMSTA	RGET		JMSTargetConnector	Properties	+	ŀ
7 PSFT8	1TARGET		ApplicationMessagingTargetConnector	Properties	+	E
8 PSFT	ARGET		PeopleSoftTargetConnector	Properties	+	E
-	TARGET		SMTPTargetConnector	Properties	+	E

- Integration Broker Gateways page
- 4. Click Ping Gateway.

A message appears saying "Gateway URL has changed. Existing connector information will be cleared". Click OK on this message.

You should see a message with the status ACTIVE, indicating a successful connection. Close this message.

5. On the Gateways page, click the Load Gateway Connectors button to load the list of connectors, and then click Save.

If the ping is unsuccessful, check the Web server URL entered, and also make sure Pub/Sub servers are enabled in the Application Server configuration.

- 6. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Service Operations Monitor, Administration, Domain Status.
- 7. Purge the unnecessary domains and enable the required domain.

You should be able to see at least three dispatchers under Dispatcher Status. This is required for running asynchronous requests through Integration Broker.

Note. PeopleSoft Integration Broker must process all nVision web service requests that are sent from nVisionDrill VSTO add-in, so the Local PeopleSoft Node of PeopleSoft Integration Broker gateway must include at least three dispatchers.

- 8. Select PeopleTools, Integration Broker, Configuration, Gateways. Select the same Integration Gateway ID that you chose in step 1.
- 9. On the Gateways page, select the link Gateway Setup Properties.

The Gateways Properties page appears.

10. Enter the Integration Gateway administrator user ID and password.

The default User ID is administrator, as shown in this example. Enter the password that you specified when setting up the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture.

Gateway Properties	
Sign on to access integrationGateway.properties file.	
The default user ID is 'administrator' and the default password is 'password'.	
User ID administrator Password	
Change Password	
OK Cancel	

Gateway Properties sign on page

11. Add a new node in the PeopleSoft Node Configuration page.

Gateway Default	App. Server						
	App Server URL // <machine name="">:<jolt port=""></jolt></machine>	User ID <database th="" use<=""><th>Password</th><th>Tools Release</th><th></th><th>Virtual Server No</th><th>de</th></database>	Password	Tools Release		Virtual Server No	de
People Soft Node	S			<u>Customize</u>	Find View All 🗖	First 🚺 1 of 1	Last
Node Name	App Server URL	<u>User ID</u>	Password				
\$NODENAME	// <machine name="">:<jolt port=""></jolt></machine>	<database td="" user<=""><td>•••••</td><td><peopletools r<="" td=""><td>•••••</td><td>Ping Node</td><td>+ -</td></peopletools></td></database>	•••••	<peopletools r<="" td=""><td>•••••</td><td>Ping Node</td><td>+ -</td></peopletools>	•••••	Ping Node	+ -

PeopleSoft Node Configuration page

Node Name: Enter the name of the active default node.

This example uses \$NODENAME.

To find the active default node, navigate to Integration Broker, Integration Setup, Nodes. Do a search, and choose the node for which the Local Node value is "1" and the Default Local Node value is "Y".

Enter the following values to complete the page:

Note. The following information can be retrieved by pressing CTRL+J on the PeopleSoft Node Configuration page.

- App Server URL: Enter the application server machine name and the Jolt port.
- User ID: Enter PeopleSoft user ID
- Password: Enter the password for the PeopleSoft user ID specified in the User ID field.
- Tools Release: Provide the exact PeopleSoft PeopleTools release that your application server is using.
- 12. Click Save.
- 13. Click Ping Node to be sure the node is accessible, and then exit.

See PeopleTools: Integration Broker Administration.

Chapter 16

Installing the Web Application Deployment Tool

This chapter discusses:

- Prerequisites
- Installing the Web Application Deployment Tool in Silent Mode
- Testing and Troubleshooting the Web Application Deployment

Prerequisites

This chapter includes instructions for installing the Web Application Deployment tool on Oracle WebLogic and IBM WebSphere. Complete the instructions for the web server you selected when you carried out the PeopleSoft PeopleTools installation. Typically, you would choose GUI mode for Microsoft Windows platforms and console mode for UNIX or Linux platforms.

When you install your PeopleSoft application, consult the product-specific installation guide to determine whether the Web Application Deployment tool is required. If the Web Application Deployment tool is not referenced in the product-specific installation guide, you can skip this chapter.

Before you install the Web Application Deployment tool, confirm that you have completed the following requirements.

If you use Oracle WebLogic as your web server, you must fulfill these requirements:

- Java 8 must be installed and working properly. Your PATH environment variable must include an entry for Java 8 (for example, *<java>/*bin). If you do not install Java 8 the deployment will fail due to the absence of a Java compiler.
- The PeopleSoft web server must be installed during the PeopleSoft PeopleTools installation.
- Oracle WebLogic 12.2.1 must be installed.

If you use IBM WebSphere as your web server, you must fulfill these requirements:

- Java 8 or above must be installed and working properly.
- The PeopleSoft web server must be selected for installation during the PeopleSoft PeopleTools installation.
- IBM WebSphere 9.0.0.0 must be installed. The web server must be up and running when you carry out the Web Application Deployment tool installation.
- The PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture must be installed on IBM WebSphere.
- If you are running on UNIX or Linux, run the Web Application Deployment installation with a user who owns IBM WebSphere, and who owns *PS_HOME*. Here are two examples:
 - If IBM WebSphere is owned by "root" and group "system", the Web Application Deployment installation must be run with "root" and group "system."

• If WebSphere is owned by user "wsadmin" and group "wsadmin", then the Web Application Deployment installation must be run with wsadmin and wsadmin as the user and group.

See Also

"Installing Web Server Products" "Setting Up the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture in GUI Mode" "Setting Up the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture in Console Mode" "Using the PeopleSoft Installer" *PeopleTools: System and Server Administration PeopleSoft Customer Relationship Management Installation*

Task 16-1: Installing the Web Application Deployment Tool in Silent Mode

This section discusses:

- Understanding the Web Application Deployment Tool Silent Mode Installation and the Response File
- Editing the Web Application Deployment Tool Response File to Deploy DES
- Running the Web Application Deployment Tool Silent Mode Installation to Deploy DES

Understanding the Web Application Deployment Tool Silent Mode Installation and the Response File

You can carry out a silent installation of the Web Application Deployment tool by providing all the required settings in a response file. With silent installation there is no user interaction after the installation begins. Silent mode installation of the Web Application Deployment tool is supported for both Microsoft Windows and UNIX operating systems platforms, and for both Oracle WebLogic and IBM WebSphere web servers.

Task 16-1-1: Editing the Web Application Deployment Tool Response File to Deploy DES

You need a response file to start the installer in silent mode. The Web Application Deployment tool installer comes with a response file template (responsefile.txt) that can be found under *PS_HOME*\ setup\PsMpWebAppDeployInstall. Modify the values in the response file according to your installation requirements. The response file should contain all the input parameters that are needed for deploying Web Application Deployment tool.

For information on the parameters in the response file, see the previous sections in this chapter on installing the Web Application Deployment tool.

The response file includes the following sections:

- Comments and instructions, including the command to run the silent installation.
- Parameters needed for the installations, such as PS_CFG_HOME, DOMAIN_NAME, SERVER_TYPE. *Sample response file template:*

```
#
 Response file for WebAppDeploy Installations
#
#
# 1. In Windows
 use "\\" as file path seperator
#
     Open a command prompt; go to PS HOME\setup\PsMpWebAppDeployInstall⇒
#
and run following commands
     setup.bat -i silent -DRES FILE PATH=<path to response file>
#
#
# 2. In UNIX
 use "/" as file path seperator
#
     Go to PS HOME/setup/PsMpWebAppDeployInstall and run following⇒
#
commands
     setup.sh -i silent -DRES FILE PATH=<path to response file>
#
#
#
# Set the below variable to the location where you want to install DES.
# PLEASE NOTE this variable could be ANY DIRECTORY on your machine. It⇒
 includes but is definitely not limited to PeopleTools Home.
PS CFG HOME=
# Domain Name
DOMAIN NAME=
# Web server type. Possible values are "weblogic", "websphere"
SERVER TYPE=weblogic
# WebLogic home, the location where Oracle WebLogic is installed (for Web\Rightarrow
Logic deployment only)
BEA HOME=C:\\oracle
# WebSphere Home, the location where IBM WebSphere is installed (for Web⇒
Sphere deployment only)
#WS HOME=
# admin console user id/password for securing WebLogic/WebSphere admin⇒
console credential
USER ID=system
USER PWD=
USER PWD RETYPE=
HTTP PORT=80
HTTPS PORT=443
# DES support only NEW DOMAIN , so please do not change the below variable.
DOMAIN TYPE=NEW DOMAIN
# DES support only CREATE NEW DOMAIN , so please do not change the below\Rightarrow
```

```
variable.
INSTALL ACTION=CREATE NEW DOMAIN
# Install type to specify whether the installation is a single server or\Rightarrow
multi server deployment,
# possible valuses for INSTALL TYPE are singleserver, multiserver,\Rightarrow
distributedmanagedserver
INSTALL TYPE=singleserver
# If your PeopleSoft Applications install is decoupled from PS HOME then⇒
PS APP HOME will be the actual path to PS APP HOME, else it should be the\Rightarrow
path to PS HOME.
PS APP HOME=
# Please enter the CRM specific DB information
# possible values for DB TYPE are MSSQL,ORACLE,DB2UDB
DB TYPE=MSSQL
DB SERVER NAME=
DB PORT=1433
DB SERVER INSTANCE=
DB USER=Admin
DB PASSWORD=
```

Task 16-1-2: Running the Web Application Deployment Tool Silent Mode Installation to Deploy DES

To install the Web Application Deployment tool in silent mode, use the response file that you modified for your configuration. Substitute the location where you saved the response file for *<path_to_response_file>* in the following procedures:

- 1. Open PS_HOME\setup\PsMpWebAppDeployInstall\responsefile.txt for editing.
- 2. Modify the file for your environment, and then save the file.
 - If your web server is on Oracle WebLogic:

Specify SERVER_TYPE=weblogic and the installation location for the Oracle WebLogic software, such as BEA_HOME=C:\\WLS1221.

• If your web server is on IBM WebSphere:

Specify SERVER_TYPE=websphere and the installation location for the IBM WebSphere software, such as WS_HOME=C:\\IBM\\WebSphere\\AppServer. In addition, add a comment character (#, pound or hash sign) in front of the line BEA_HOME=.

- Enter values for the remaining installation parameters.
- 3. In a command prompt, go to *PS_HOME*\setup\PsMpWebAppDeployInstall.
- 4. On Microsoft Windows, run the following command, using "\\" as a separator in the file path:

setup.bat -i silent -DRES FILE PATH=<path to response file>

For example:

```
setup.bat -i silent -DRES FILE PATH=C:\\pt856\\setup\\PSMpWebAppDeploy⇒
```

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5. On UNIX or Linux, run the following command, using "/" as a separator in the file path:

```
setup.sh -i silent -DRES_FILE_PATH=<path_to_response_file>
```

For example:

```
setup.sh -i silent -DRES_FILE_PATH=/home/pt856/setup/PsMpWebAppDeploy⇒
Install
```

Task 16-2: Testing and Troubleshooting the Web Application Deployment

Check the log file for any problems encountered during installation. The log file is saved in the following location:

<WebAppDeploy_DIR>/webserv/webappinstall<domain_name>.log

The *WebAppDeploy_DIR* is the directory where the web server domain for the Web Application Deployment was installed. The *<domain_name>* is the name you specified for the Web Application Deployment web server domain, such as PSWebApp.

If you need to start or stop Oracle WebLogic or IBM WebSphere, use the commands given in the chapter on installing the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture.

See Testing the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture Installation in the chapters on setting up the PeopleSoft Pure Internet Architecture.

Appendix A

Describing Debugger Requirements

This appendix discusses:

- Describing Debugger Requirements for the AIX Operating System
- Describing Debugger Requirements for the HP-UX Operating System
- Describing Debugger Requirements for the Linux Operating System
- Describing Debugger Requirements for the Oracle Solaris Operating System
- Describing Debugger Requirements for the z/OS Operating System

Describing Debugger Requirements for the AIX Operating System

If you are installing on an AIX platform, download and install the latest gdb RPM from IBM's website, and install it.

Describing Debugger Requirements for the HP-UX Operating System

If you are installing on an HP-UX platform, download and install the latest wdb from http://www.hp.com/go/wdb.

Describing Debugger Requirements for the Linux Operating System

If you are installing on a Linux platform, install the "glibc-debuginfo" RPM package.

There should be one "glibc-debuginfo" package for each installed "glibc" package and the version numbers must match exactly. Use the following commands to determine the packages installed:

• To see the installed "glibc" versions, run:

rpm -q --queryformat "%{NAME}-%{VERSION}-%{RELEASE}-%{ARCH}\n" glibc

For example, running this command on an Intel-based Linux system should produce output similar to this:

glibc-2.5-24-i686 glibc-2.5-24-x86 64

Running this command on a zSeries Linux system should produce output similar to this:

glibc-24-31.2-s390x

• To see the installed "glibc-debuginfo" packages, run:

```
rpm -q --queryformat "%{NAME}-%{VERSION}-%{RELEASE}-%{ARCH}\n" glibc-⇒ debuginfo
```

Make sure that the "glibc-debuginfo" RPM version is exactly the same as the "glibc" version.

Describing Debugger Requirements for the Oracle Solaris Operating System

If you are installing on an Oracle Solaris platform, install dbx. No compiler license of any kind is needed for this. Download the latest Sun Studio, and on the Select Components page of the installer, expand the Compilers and Tools component and deselect all of the subcomponents except dbx. Also deselect the Performance Library and Third-Party Tools components. The installer will install the dbx subcomponent and the Support files subcomponent includes packages on which dbx depends. After you complete the installation, add the full path to dbx to your PATH environment variable.

Describing Debugger Requirements for the z/OS Operating System

If you are installing on a z/OS platform, dbx comes with z/OS UNIX. Starting with z/OS v1r5, dbx requires the Common Debug Architecture (CDA) libraries to be present. They must be accessible by dbx in order for it to run. The libraries are as follows:

Library	Description
CDAEED	Amode31 ELF/DWARF library
CDAEQED	Amode64 ELF/DWARF library
CDAEDPI	Amode31 DDPI library
CDAEQDPI	Amode64 DDPI library

Note. CDAEDPI and CDAEQDPI are only present on a z/OS v1r7 and higher systems.

Depending on the size of the program you are debugging with dbx, plus how many others are also using dbx on your system, you may run out of SQA and/or CSA storage on your z/OS system, because this storage is global z/OS storage. Consult the z/OS initialization and tuning guide for information on how to modify the z/OS parameters.

When diagnosing crashes, be aware that a crash is more strictly defined on z/OS as a program check that is handled by z/OS UNIX as a fatal signal (for example, SIGSEGV for PIC4; 10, 11, or SIGILL for PIC1). A crash would also occur because of a fault in the JVM, or because of a fault in native (JNI) code that is being run inside the Java process.

When one of these fatal signals occurs, obtain the following documents to help you debug:

• a formatted LE dump (CEEDUMP)

The CEEDUMP shows the C-Stack (or native stack). The traceback from a CEEDUMP shows where a failure

occurred for a C/C++ program

- a JVM trace snap dump
- a formatted JVM dump (javacore)

The default action of the z/OS UNIX signal handler is to produce a transaction dump (through the BCP IEATDUMP service), CEEDUMP, JVM dump javacore.

Appendix B

Relinking SQR on UNIX

This appendix discusses:

- Understanding SQR Relinking
- Relinking SQR on UNIX
- Relinking SQR on Oracle Solaris

Understanding SQR Relinking

PeopleSoft SQR is now linked with Unicode libraries and therefore no longer requires relinking with Unicode libraries. PeopleSoft SQR uses dynamic linking for database connectivity libraries and should not require relinking to support new versions of database connectivity. The exception to this rule is if the PeopleSoft PeopleTools release spans multiple RDBMS versions and the database connectivity changes the names or functionality of required libraries in the new release. In addition, relinking may be required for invoking an external application's APIs using the UFUNC.C interface, as described in the PeopleSoft product documentation.

See *PeopleTools: SQR for PeopleSoft Developers*, "Invoking an External Application API by Using the UFUNC.C Interface."

For example, PeopleSoft PeopleTools is currently supported on Oracle 11g or Oracle 12c. Based on the timing of our release we built the SQR modules for a specific PeopleSoft release with the lowest supported RDBMS version. For the current PeopleSoft PeopleTools release, the minimum supported Oracle version is Oracle 11g (11.2.0.x). This means PeopleSoft SQR will work right out of the box on Oracle 11g (no relink required).

Task B-1: Relinking SQR on UNIX

Here's a high-level overview of what you need to do, on a UNIX platform, to relink SQR:

- 1. Export the following environment variables:
 - SQRDIR, the location of the SQR executable.
 - PS_HOME, the PeopleSoft home directory.
 - PS_DB, the platform identifier variable:

DBX for DB2 UDB for Linux, UNIX, and Windows

2. Export the database install home directory:

DB2_HOME

3. Add SQRDIR to the library path.

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$SQRDIR:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
```

```
or
```

export SHLIB_PATH=\$SQRDIR:\$SHLIB_PATH

- 4. Change directory to *<PS_HOME*>/bin/sqr/*<PS_DB*>/lib
- 5. Run sqrmake.

Task B-2: Relinking SQR on Oracle Solaris

The following section is a step-by-step example illustrating how to relink SQR for an Oracle database on the Oracle Solaris platform. Other operating system/database platform combinations work in a similar fashion.

To relink SQR on Oracle Solaris:

1. If the psconfig.sh shell script has not been executed, check for SQR environment variables and set them as necessary.

Note. If your *PS_HOME*/psconfig.sh correctly sets the environment variables described below, you can skip this step.

```
env | grep SQRDIR
  SQRDIR=
  export SQRDIR=/home/PT-SOL/bin/sqr/ORA/bin
  env | grep PS HOME
  PS HOME=
  export PS HOME=/home/PT-SOL
  env | grep PS DB
  PS DB=
  export PS DB=ORA
  env | grep ORACLE HOME
  ORACLE HOME=
  export ORACLE HOME=/products/oracle/11.2.0.4.0-64bit
  export SHLIB PATH=/home/PT-SOL/bin/sqr/ORA/bin:$SHLIB PATH
2. Recheck the SQR env:
  st-sun06:$ env | grep -i sqr
  LD LIBRARY PATH=/home/PT-SOL/jre/lib/sparcv9/native threads:/home/PT-⇒
  SOL/jre/lib/sparcv9/server:/home/PT-SOL/jre/lib/sparcv9:/lib:/usr/lib:⇒
  /usr/local/lib:/usr/lib/X11:/tuxedo/prod/12.2.2.0-j12-64bit/lib:⇒
  /products/oracle/11.2.0.4.0-64bit/lib:/pt/products/solaris-11-sparc/lib:⇒
```

/home/PT-SOL/bin:/home/PT-SOL/bin/interfacedrivers:/home/PT-SOL/bin⇒
/sqr/ORA/bin:/home/PT-SOL/optbin:/home/PT-SOL/verity/solaris/_ssol26⇒
/bin:/products/oracle/11.2.0.4.0-64bit/lib

PWD=/home/PT-SOL/bin/sqr/ORA/bin

SQRDIR=/home/PT-SOL/bin/sqr/ORA/bin

SQR HOME=/home/PT-SOL/bin/sqr/ORA

3. Relink SQR using sqrmake file.

st-sun06:\$ sqrmake

```
/usr/ccs/bin/ld -o sqr -u 1cH CimplKcplus init6F v -s -R/usr/ccs⇒
/lib/sparcv9:/lib/sparcv9:/usr/lib/sparcv9 crti.o CCrti.o crt1.o values-⇒
xa.o -Y P,/usr/ccs/lib/sparcv9:/lib/sparcv9:/usr/lib/sparcv9 -L⇒
/products/oracle/11.2.0.4.0-64bit/lib -L/products/oracle/11.2.0.4.0-⇒
64bit/rdbms/lib sqr.o rosette.o sqr.a sqrlibsti64.a sqrbcl.a ⇒
 sqrzlib.a -L. -lsqrbtunicode /home/PT-SOL/bin/libpdf.so -lclntsh -lc ⇒
/usr/lib/64/libCrun.so.1 /usr/lib/64/libCstd.so.1 -lm -lthread -lc⇒
CCrtn.o crtn.o -lkstat -lnsl -lsocket -lresolv -lgen -ldl -lsched -lrt⇒
 -lc -laio -lposix4 -lpool -ladm -lefi
/usr/ccs/bin/ld -o sqrp -u 1cH CimplKcplus init6F v -s -R/usr/ccs⇒
/lib/sparcv9:/lib/sparcv9:/usr/lib/sparcv9 crti.o CCrti.o crt1.o values-⇒
xa.o -Y P,/usr/ccs/lib/sparcv9:/lib/sparcv9:/usr/lib/sparcv9 -L⇒
/products/oracle/11.2.0.4.0-64bit/lib -L/products/oracle/11.2.0.4.0-⇒
64bit/rdbms/lib sqrp.o rosette.o sqrp.a sqrlibsti64.a sqrbcl.a ⇒
sqrzlib.a -L. -lsqrbtunicode /home/PT-SOL/bin/libpdf.so -lc /usr/lib⇒
/64/libCrun.so.1 /usr/lib/64/libCstd.so.1 -lm -lthread -lc CCrtn.o⇒
 crtn.o -lkstat -lnsl -lsocket -lresolv -lgen -ldl -lsched -lrt -lc -⇒
laio -lposix4 -lpool -ladm -lefi
/usr/ccs/bin/ld -o sqrt -u 1cH CimplKcplus init6F v -s -R/usr/ccs⇒
/lib/sparcv9:/lib/sparcv9:/usr/lib/sparcv9 crti.o CCrti.o crt1.o values-⇒
xa.o -Y P,/usr/ccs/lib/sparcv9:/lib/sparcv9:/usr/lib/sparcv9 -L⇒
/products/oracle/11.2.0.4.0-64bit/lib -L/products/oracle/11.2.0.4.0-⇒
64bit/rdbms/lib sqrt.o rosette.o sqrt.a sqrlibsti64.a sqrbcl.a⇒
 sqrzlib.a -L. -lsqrbtunicode /home/PT-SOL/bin/libpdf.so -lclntsh -lc ⇒
/usr/lib/64/libCrun.so.1 /usr/lib/64/libCstd.so.1 -lm -lthread -lc⇒
CCrtn.o crtn.o -lkstat -lnsl -lsocket -lresolv -lgen -ldl -lsched -lrt⇒
 -lc -laio -lposix4 -lpool -ladm -lefi
cp -i sqr /home/PT-SOL/bin/sqr/ORA/bin/sqr
cp: overwrite /home/PT-SOL/bin/sqr/ORA/bin/sqr (yes/no)? yes
cp -i sqrp /home/PT-SOL/bin/sqr/ORA/bin/sqrp
cp: overwrite /home/PT-SOL/bin/sqr/ORA/bin/sqrp (yes/no)? yes
cp -i sqrt /home/PT-SOL/bin/sqr/ORA/bin/sqrt
cp: overwrite /home/PT-SOL/bin/sqr/ORA/bin/sqrt (yes/no)? yes
chmod ugo+x /home/PT-SOL/bin/sqr/ORA/bin/sqr
chmod ugo+x /home/PT-SOL/bin/sqr/ORA/bin/sqrp
chmod ugo+x /home/PT-SOL/bin/sqr/ORA/bin/sqrt
```

- 4. Validate the relinked SQR executable:
 - a. Once linked, change directory to \$SQRDIR.

```
st-sun06:$ cd $SQRDIR
st-sun06:$ pwd
/home/PT-SOL/bin/sqr/ORA/bin
```

```
b. Enter this command:
  st-sun06:$ sqr -id
              SQR for PeopleSoft/8.56/Sun/SunOS/Oracle/Apr 17 2017
  Use, duplication or disclosure by the Government is subject to \Rightarrow
   restrictions
  as set forth in subparagraph (c) (1) (ii) of DFARS 52.227-7013 for⇒
   the DOD
        and as set forth in FAR 52.227-19 (a) - (d) for civilian⇒
   agencies.
                          SQR is a registered trademark.
       Any other brand and product names used herein may be trademarks
           or registered trademarks of their respective companies.
c. Enter this command:
  SQR for PeopleSoft V8.56
  SQR for PeopleSoft [program] [username/password] [-flags...] ⇒
  [pars...] [@file...]
  where
            program = Report filename
            username = Database username
            password = Database password
                  -A = Append to existing output file
                 -Bn = Fetch n rows at a time
         -Burst:{xx} = Generate .LIS using specified burst mode (S,T or⇒
   P)
                 -Dn = Display report while processing, pause every n \Rightarrow
   lines
            -DEBUGxx = Compile #DEBUG[x] lines
           -DNT: \{xx\} = Set the default numeric type \Rightarrow
   (Decimal, Integer, Float)
            -E[file] = Direct errors to {program}.ERR or specified file
     -EH BQD[:file] = Create BQD file or set linkage for Enhanced HTML
    -EH APPLETS:dir = Set applets directory name for Enhanced HTML
   -EH BROWSER: {xx} = Specify target browswer for Enhanced HTML
     -EH CSV[:file] = Create CSV file or set CSV linkage for Enhanced⇒
   HTML
         -EH CSVONLY = Create CSV file but do not create HTML file
      -EH ICONS:dir = Set icons directory name for Enhanced HTML
      -EH IMAGES:dir = Set images directory name for Enhanced HTML
            -EH KEEP = Copy (not move) files when used with -EH ZIP
  -EH FULLHTML: {xx} = Specify the level of the generated Enhanced HTML
  -EH LANGUAGE: {xx} = Specify language for Enhanced HTML navigation bar
             -EH PDF = Set PDF linkage for Enhanced HTML
        -EH SCALE:nn = Set scaling factor for Enhanced HTML
            -EH XIMG = Do not remove directory path from IMAGE reference
```

```
-EH XML[:file] = Set XML linkage for Enhanced HTML
   -EH ZIP[:file] = Move files to ZIP container file
     -F[dir/file] = Use [dir]{program}.LIS or specified file for⇒
 output
       -Idir list = Directory list to be searched for include files
              -ID = Display copyright banner
            -KEEP = Keep the .SPF file(s) after program run
    -LL{s|d}{c|i} = Load-Lookup: S=SQR, D=DB, C=Case Sensitive, I=⇒
Insensitive
           -Mfile = Maximum sizes declared in file
           -NOLIS = Do not generate .LIS file(s) from .SPF file(s)
         -O[file] = Direct log messages to console or specified file
    -PRINTER: {xx} = Printer mode: EP, EH, HT, LP, HP, PD, or PS
              -RS = Save run time file in {program}.sqt
              -RT = Use run time file (skip compile)
               -S = Display cursor status at end of run
              -Tn = Test report for n pages, ignore 'order by's
              -XB = Do not display the program banner
              -XI = Do not allow user interaction during program run
              -XL = Do not logon to database (no SQL in program)
            -XLFF = Do not generate trailing report form feed
             -XTB = Do not trim blanks from LP .LIS files
            -XNAV = Do not put navigation bar into .HTM file
            -XTOC = Do not generate Table Of Contents
       -ZEN{name} = Set default encoding name
       -ZIF[file] = Complete pathname of the initialization file to <math>\Rightarrow
use
       -ZMF[file] = Complete pathname of the message file to use
             pars = Report parameters for ASK and INPUT commands
            Ofile = File containing report parameters, one per line
```

5. Change directory (cd) to the actual location of \$PS_HOME to set the PeopleSoft environment with the correct SQR environment.

st-sun06:\$. ./psconfig.sh
st-sun06:\$

6. Test SQR from the UNIX command line, entering the access ID and password for the database <DBNAME>.

Note. Remember that this example is specifically for Oracle database platforms. The commands for other RDBMS platforms may be different.

```
st-sun06:$ sqr $PS_HOME/sqr/xrfwin <ACCESS_ID>/<ACCESS_PSWD>@<DBNAME> -⇒
ZIF$PS_⇒
HOME/sqr/pssqr.unx
SQR for PeopleSoft V8.56
Database Name (Optional, Press ENTER to continue):
Process Instance (Optional, Press ENTER to continue):
SQR for PeopleSoft: End of Run.
st-sun06:$
```