Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Banking Adapter for Blockchain Interface

Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Banking

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Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Banking Adapter for Blockchain Interface User Guide Oracle Financial Services Software Limited

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1. Preface

1.1 Introduction

This document helps you to get acquainted with the information on inter-connecting any version of Oracle FLEXCUBE with Blockchain systems. Oracle FLEXCUBE Blockchain adapter enables easy transformation of information between FLEXCUBE and Blockchain datasets.

1.2 Audience

This manual is intended for the following User/User Roles:

Role	Function
Back office data entry Clerks	Input functions for maintenance related to the interface
Implementation Teams	For setting up integration

1.3 <u>Documentation Accessibility</u>

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc.

1.4 Organization

This chapter is organized into following chapters:

Chapter	Description	
Chapter 1	Preface gives information on the intended audience. It also lists the various chapters covered in this User Manual.	
Chapter 2	Oracle FLEXCUBE Blockchain Adapter explains the interface between Oracle FLEXCUBE and Blockchain Adapter.	



1.5 Acronyms and Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
System	Unless and otherwise specified, it always refers to Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Banking system
FCUBS	Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Banking System
SWIFT	Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Transaction
FT	Funds Transfer
BC	Bills and Collections
LC	Letter of Credit

1.6 Related Information Sources

Along with this user manual you may also refer the following related resources:

Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Banking Installation Manual



2. Oracle FLEXCUBE Blockchain Adapter

Oracle FLEXCUBE Blockchain Adapter enables FLEXCUBE to interface to blockchain systems facilitating easy transformation of information between traditional applications and blockchain datasets. You can use this adapter with any version of FLEXCUBE and information to be transformed can be configured at the Module level of FLEXCUBE. Blockchain transactions, generated from or impacting the core banking system, can be queried and viewed from FLEXCUBE itself. The adapter allows transformation and processing of information, between FLEXCUBE and blockchain systems, with minimal human intervention thereby improving process efficiency, reducing risks and enhancing straight through processing. The adapter can be used not only to interface FLEXCUBE to blockchain systems but also any other similar third party applications to interface to blockchain systems.

A blockchain is an append only distributed data store/log, in a peer to peer network, where un-trusted parties come to a consensus on the order of data sets (financial or non-financial data), based on previously agreed upon rules. Block chains can be classified, as public or private and permissioned or unpermissioned, based on the read and write access respectively allowed to the participating entities. Block chains allow an immutable record of transaction log, when multiple parties need shared control of data, without the need to depend on a central trusted authority. Smart contracts allow business logic to be triggered and processed based on pre-defined events mutually agreed upon by the contracting parties.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Section 2.1, "Scope"
- Section 2.2, "Prerequisites"
- Section 2.3, "Integration Architecture"
- Section 2.4, "Integration Process"

2.1 <u>Scope</u>

Oracle FLEXCUBE Blockchain technology allows you to:

- automate loan creation
- automate liquidation of bills under LC
- automate liquidation of loan contract
- reduce SWIFT message cost
- maintain single contract which will be operated by all the parties
- transmit real time data across smart contracts allowing simplified and efficient auditing process

2.2 **Prerequisites**

The following are the prerequisites for the interface:

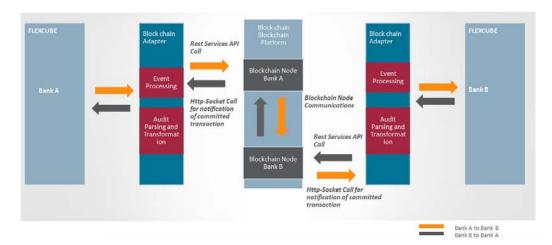
- Set up Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Banking Application
- Set up Blockchain Network
- Set up Weblogic server to deploy FLEXCUBE Blockchain adaptor

Refer the 'Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Banking Installation' manual to set up Oracle FLEXCUBE Universal Banking Application.



2.3 <u>Integration Architecture</u>

The following diagram provides information on technical architecture for Oracle's Blockchain based solution:



2.4 <u>Integration Process</u>

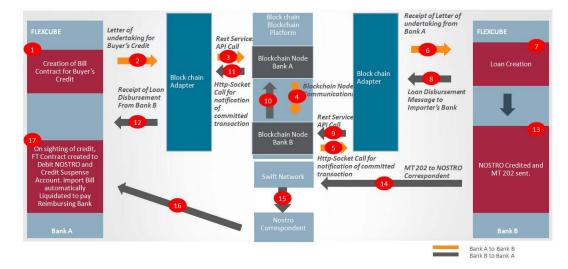
In this section we will take a use case to describe Oracle FLEXCUBE Blockchain technology.

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 2.4.1, "Business Process Workflow for Buyer's Credit"
- Section 2.4.2, "Detailed Use Case for Buyer's Credit Solution using Blockchain"

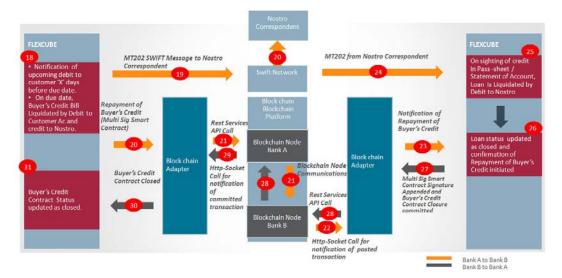
2.4.1 Business Process Workflow for Buyer's Credit

The following image represents the overall task flow using blockchain for liquidation of import bill under LC using Buyer's Credit:





The following image represents the loan repayment task flow:



2.4.2 Detailed Use Case for Buyer's Credit Solution using Blockchain

This section describes buyer's credit solution using blockchain with a Use Case where Bank A is the Importer's Bank and Buyer's Credit is offered by Bank B or C at a different country. The requirement starts from the stage when Bank A which had received quote for Buyer's Credit and is accepting the offer from either Bank B or C for an Import Bill under LC received by them.

2.4.2.1 Importer's Bank Accepting Buyer's Credit Offer

When the Importer's Bank (Bank A) accepts the offer for Buyer's Credit provided by Bank B/C, the Importer's Bank creates a dummy Import Bill which will have all the data of original Bill under LC like Shipment details and Goods details. In addition to these data, the Bill contract captures the following important details:

- Lending Institution (Bank B/C) as the Drawer in the Bill with Name and address.
- The Offer/Quote Reference Number.
- The amount (Buyer's Credit Bill Currency Amount should be the same as the Loan Amount).
- The offer rate and the spread (This has to be configured in the Bill as Interest rate to be charged so that during liquidation interest is automatically calculated and remitted to the Lending Institution at the same rate as the loan).
- Charges (This has to be configured as charges in the Buyer's Credit Bills Contract).
- Date of disbursement for the loan.
- Value date of Loan disbursement (This should be captured in such a way that on receipt
 of funds the Bill under LC is liquidated on due date. This should also be taken into
 account for interest calculation on the Buyer's Credit Bill Contract).
- Maturity date for the loan (The tenor of the loan with maturity date should coincide with the maturity date of Buyer's Credit Bill Contract).

2.4.2.2 <u>Authorization of Buyer's Credit Bill Contract</u>

The following actions will be performed by default if Buyer's Credit Bill Contract in Bank A is authorized:

 The data will be passed on to the blockchain network for validation and creation of Smart Contract.



- The smart contract will be notified to Bank B/C by the blockchain network. The receiver will be identified based on the Lending Institution data captured in the Buyer's Credit Bill Contract.
- The smart contract will have a status to identify that the offer is accepted and is awaiting Loan creation/disbursement.

2.4.2.3 Receiving Data at Lending Bank

Bank B/C is notified about the smart contract through the blockchain network. When the notification is received:

- A loan contract will be created automatically
- The loan contract will be in unauthorized state.
- User has to identify pending loan contract authorization through query and authorize it.
- On authorization of loan contract, MT 202 will be generated and sent to Nostro Correspondent. The loan reference number will be updated in the Smart Contract and status will be updated to identify that the loan disbursement is made.
- When the loan is authorized in Bank B/C and the status is updated in Smart Contract as Loan Disbursed, a notification is sent to Bank A (Importer's Bank) through the blockchain network.
- The loan disbursement details will be sent to Bank A (Importer's Bank) through blockchain.

2.4.2.4 Processing on Receipt of Loan Disbursement Confirmation

- At Bank A, a facility is required to see the list of Buyer's Credit loans disbursed and pending approval.
- A query facility is provided to filter based on Currency, Importer and Value Date apart from the Buyer's credit reference number and the blockchain smart contract reference number.
- Once the user verifies the Pass-sheet credit, the user will have facility to select the records for further processing and submission.
- On submission of selected records, system generates a FT contract for the amount.
 Nostro Account will be debited and an Intermediary GL will be credited.
- The FT contract will hold the details of Loan reference of Bank B/C and the Original Bill under LC reference.
- Immediately after creation of FT, system automatically triggers the liquidation of the original Import Bill under LC.
- The status in the Smart Contract will be updated to denote that the disbursed funds have been applied/utilized.

2.4.2.5 <u>Liquidating Buyer's Credit Bill Contract</u>

System will send a reminder to the importer for repayment of Buyer's Credit loan two days before the due date.

- On the due date for liquidation, user will have to liquidate the Buyer's Credit import bill
- On authorization of the Import Bill system will update the Smart Contract in blockchain to indicate that the Importer has remitted funds for repayment of Buyer's Credit loan.
- Blockchain will trigger a notification to Lending Bank regarding the repayment of the loan by the Borrowing Bank.



2.4.2.6 Data Receipt at Lending Bank

Once the liquidation of Buyer's Credit contract is authorized in Bank A and status in blockchain, Smart Contract is updated as repayment, a message will be triggered to Bank B/C through blockchain.

- A query screen will be available in Bank B/C to query the transactions for which remittance is made by Importer and loan is yet to be liquidated.
- Once the user gets a confirmation that nostro account is credited (either by way of MT910/940/950), the user will select the records from the query screen for liquidation and submit it.
- On submission system will trigger liquidation of the loan.
- Once the loan is liquidated, system will send a message to the blockchain network to update the status of smart contract to 'Closed'.
- Post validation of the request from the Lending Bank, the blockchain network updates the status of the smart contract to 'Closed' and sends a notification to Bank A.

