Oracle® Communications
Diameter Signaling Router

DSR Security App Using Mediation Example Procedure
Release 8.2
E88987-01

January 2018
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Disclaimer: This is just a reference to an example for creating security application using DSR Mediation functionality.
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1. **Introduction**

1.1 **Purpose and Scope**

This document provides a sample procedure required to build a security application using mediation. No additional software installation is required before executing this procedure. The standard DSR installation procedure loads all required software. You do need to activate the Mediation feature before implementing the security application.

1.2 **Overview of Security Application**

- Most of the Diameter security vulnerabilities are for interconnect from roaming networks through IPX or directly from roaming partner networks.
- DEA is considered as the only point of contact into and out of an operator's network at the Diameter application level.
- Attacks are induced in operator's home network through Diameter messages passing through DEA.
- Security threats currently being discussed for SS7 are around below mentioned attacks:
  - Location tracking
  - Call intercept
  - Subscriber Denial of Service
  - Subscriber Account fraud
  - SMS SPAMS
- DSR based Diameter Security Countermeasures can be used to mitigate different diameter attacks.
- Diameter security countermeasures shall be implemented using ART or Mediation rules based screening.
- In this user guide, we use Mediation to configure and implement Diameter security countermeasures (Security Application).
- Diameter Security Countermeasures shall be applied on:
  - Ingress messages received from the peers of external foreign network
  - Egress messages sent from home network to external foreign network.
- For the purposes of applying countermeasures, subscribers are classified into one of following three types:
  - Inbound roaming subscribers: Security countermeasures are applicable for visited network subscribers roaming in home network
  - Outbound roaming subscribers: Security countermeasures are applicable for home network subscribers roaming in visited network
  - Non-Roaming home network subscribers: Security countermeasures are applicable for home network subscribers who are not roaming outside home network
2. Example Procedure

This section lists the steps followed to build the sample security application using mediation. The security application uses various countermeasure checks. User may vary the templates (add/delete/modify) as per their needs.

**Test Setup topology:** DSR Setup with 1 NO + 1 SO + 1 MP. In the example (sample testing), DSR 80.14.1 is used with 1 NO + 1 SO + 1 MP, and taken as reference in this user guide.

2.1 Define Internal Variables

The internal variable provides inputs (i.e., Peer Type, Roamer Type, etc.) to templates, which implements countermeasures, generates alarms, and drops the vulnerable message.

To configure Internal Variables:

1. Launch an active SO GUI.
2. Navigate to **Main Menu -> Diameter -> Mediation -> Internal Variables Screen.**
3. Click **Insert** to insert each internal variable individually.
4. Define the internal variables as shown in Table 1 and shown in Figure 1 as reference. The templates set and read these internal variables.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Default Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$msgDisallowed</td>
<td>If true, then message is not allowed further; false then message is allowed and it is still tracked by other templates.</td>
<td>Integer32</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$foreignIngressPeer</td>
<td>If true, then message is from foreign network to home network.</td>
<td>Integer32</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$foreignEgressPeer</td>
<td>If true, then message is from home network to foreign network.</td>
<td>Integer32</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$inboundRoaming</td>
<td>If true, then subscriber is inbound subscriber.</td>
<td>Integer32</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$outboundRoaming</td>
<td>If true, then subscriber is outbound subscriber.</td>
<td>Integer32</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$index</td>
<td>Used as an index to delete the multiple occurrence of an AVP in one shot</td>
<td>Integer32</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1: Internal Variables

![Image of Table 1: Internal Variables](image1.png)

Figure 1: Define Internal Variables
2.2 Define Measurements

Measurements calculate the number of vulnerable messages dropped by the Security application. For each type of countermeasure, create an entry.

To configure Measurements,
1. Launch an active SO GUI.
3. Click Insert to insert each measurement individually.

Use the measurements from Table 2 and shown in Figure 2 as a reference for this example.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measurement Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>measurement_inbound_10</td>
<td>Application ID and CC whitelist for inbound roamers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>measurement_outbound_20</td>
<td>Application ID and CC whitelist for outbound roamers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>measurement_DRWhitelist_40</td>
<td>DR whitelist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>measurement_DESTRealm_ER_100</td>
<td>Destination Realm Egress Request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>measurement_Handle_RRecordAVP_60</td>
<td>Handle Route Record AVP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>measurement_OH_ends_with_OR_50</td>
<td>OH ends with OR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>measurement_ORWhitelist_30</td>
<td>OR whitelist</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.3 Add AVP to DSR Custom Dictionary

Add the following AVPs to the DSR custom dictionary:

2.3.1 OC-Supported-Features AVP

OC-Supported-Features ::= < AVP Header: 621 >
[ OC-Feature-Vector ]
* [ AVP ]
2.3.2 OC-OLR AVP

OC-OLR ::= < AVP Header: 623 >
  < OC-Sequence-Number >
  < OC-Report-Type >
  [ OC-Reduction-Percentage ]
  [ OC-Validity-Duration ]
  * [ AVP ]

2.3.3 DRMP AVP

The DRMP (AVP code 301) is an Enumerated type. Use Figure 3 as a reference.

Main Menu: Diameter -> AVP Dictionary -> Custom Dictionary

Table Description: Custom Dictionary Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute Name</th>
<th>AVP Code</th>
<th>V</th>
<th>M</th>
<th>P</th>
<th>r3</th>
<th>r4</th>
<th>r5</th>
<th>r6</th>
<th>r7</th>
<th>Vendor ID</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
<th>Protocol</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DRMP</td>
<td>301</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Participant-Access-Priority</td>
<td>3GPP</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OC-Feature-Vector</td>
<td>622</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Unsigned64</td>
<td>3GPP</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OC-OLR</td>
<td>623</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Grouped</td>
<td>RFC7533</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OC-Reduction-Percentage</td>
<td>627</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Unsigned32</td>
<td>RFC7533</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OC-Report-Type</td>
<td>626</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>CC-Unit-Type</td>
<td>RFC7533</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OC-Sequence-Number</td>
<td>624</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Unsigned64</td>
<td>RFC7533</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OC-Supported-Features</td>
<td>621</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Grouped</td>
<td>3GPP</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OC-Validity-Duration</td>
<td>625</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Unsigned32</td>
<td>RFC7533</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 3: Screenshot of DRMP AVP

2.4 Ruleset Configuration

To implement all six counter measures, configure the 14 Mediation templates. A few of these templates are common (i.e., not related to any specific counter measure), which performs generic actions like computing Peer Type/Roamer Type, generating alarms, pegging corresponding counters, and dropping the vulnerable messages. The remaining templates implement the counter measure specific business logic.

Refer to Table 1 to see counter measures to template mapping.

Table 3: Mediation Templates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Counter Measure Name</th>
<th>Used Template</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application-ID Whitelist Screening</td>
<td>Template 2 &amp; 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application-ID and Command Code Consistency Check</td>
<td>Template 2 &amp; 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Origin Realm and Destination Realm Whitelist Screening</td>
<td>Template 4, 5 &amp; 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Origin host and Origin Realm Consistency Check</td>
<td>Template 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Route-Record Validation</td>
<td>Template 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Removal of Blacklisted AVPs</td>
<td>Template 9a, 9b, 12a &amp; 12b</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.4.1 Template 1: Roaming Scenario Identification

This template computes Peer Type [Foreign or Home Peer], Roamer Type [Inbound or Outbound roamer], which is used by remaining templates.

It is associated with trigger point RTP1.

Template Definition

If @dsr.ingress.peer equals list of foreign peers

Then

Set Internal Variable: $foreignIngressPeer = 1
Set Internal Variable: $outboundRoaming = (@msg.avp[“User-Name”][1].imsi.mccmnc == <LOCAL MCCMNC>)
Set Internal Variable: $inboundRoaming = !$outboundRoaming

This template sets internal variables if ingress peer is listed in a foreign peer list.

If the peer is in the whitelist then, check IMSI (International Mobile Subscriber Identity) from User-Name AVP to find out the home network of this user.

If the MCCMNC (extracted from IMSI) is equal to the local MCCMNC, then this subscriber is an outbound roaming subscriber.

If the MCCMC (extracted from IMSI) is not equal to the local MCCMNC, then this subscriber is an inbound roaming subscriber.

How to Extract MCC and MNC from IMSI Stored in USIM

The value of MNC (two or three digits) depends on the value of MCC.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MCC</th>
<th>MNC</th>
<th>Country</th>
<th>IMSI</th>
<th>Network</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>404</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>India</td>
<td>404179712345678</td>
<td>Home Network Subscriber</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>460</td>
<td>02</td>
<td>China</td>
<td>460022112345678</td>
<td>Foreign Network Subscriber</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These IMSIs have been used for outbound and inbound subscriber in our sample testing and can be used as a reference.
2.4.2 Template 2: Application ID and CC WhiteList for Inbound Roamers

This template is applicable for the subscriber marked as Valid Inbound Subscriber by Template 1 “Roaming Scenario Identification.”

If the diameter message is for inbound subscriber, then this template is executed.

This template checks for $msgDisallowed (to allow this message or not), @msg.application_id (to check that application ID is in the whitelist or not) and @msg.command.code (to check that this command code is allowed or not).

If above conditions are satisfied, then it allows the message by setting $msgDisallowed = 0.

If not satisfied, then it abandons the message by setting $msgDisallowed = 10. 10 indicates “Application ID and CC whitelist for inbound roamers” template check fails for this message. Hence, every template sets a different $msgDisallowed value in case of failure.

It is associated with trigger point RTP1.

Template Definition

IF $inboundRoaming is true
AND $msgDisallowed is false
AND @msg.application_id equals list of application IDs
AND @msg.command.code equals list of command-codes per application ID
THEN Set Internal Variable: $msgDisallowed = 0 for all the rules except the default rule: $msgDisallowed = 10

Note: CC can be optional, i.e., App-ID can be put on the whitelist without setting any CC. If you decide not to put CC in the whitelist, then only the App-ID filters the messages irrespective of CC in messages.
Figure 5: Screenshot of Application ID and CC Whitelist for Inbound Roamers Configured Template
2.4.3 Template 3: Application ID and CC Whitelist for Outbound Roamers

This template is applicable for the subscriber marked as Valid Outbound Subscriber by Template 1 (i.e., roaming scenario identification).

If the diameter message is from outbound subscriber, then this template is executed.

This template checks for $msgDisallowed (to allow this message or not), @msg.application_id (to check that application ID is in the whitelist or not) and @msg.command.code (to check that this command code is allowed or not).

If above conditions satisfied, then it allows the message by setting $msgDisallowed = 0.

If not satisfied, then it abandons the message by setting $msgDisallowed = 20. 20 indicates “Application ID and CC whitelist for outbound roamers” template check fails for this message. Hence, every template sets a different msgDisallowed value in case of failure.

It is associated with trigger point RTP1.

Template Definition

IF $inboundRoaming is true
AND $msgDisallowed is false
AND @msg.application_id equals list of application IDs
AND @msg.command.code equals list of command-codes per application ID
THEN Set Internal Variable: $msgDisallowed = 0 for all the rules except the default rule: $msgDisallowed = 20

Note: CC can be optional, i.e., App-ID can be put on the whitelist without setting any CC. If you decide not to put CC in the whitelist, then only the App-ID filters the messages irrespective of CC in messages.
**Figure 6: Screenshot of Application ID and CC Whitelist for Outbound Roamers Configured Template**
2.4.4 Template 4: OR Whitelist

This template checks the Origin Realm of the incoming diameter message against the whitelist of Origin Realms. If the message's Origin Realm is in the whitelist, then the diameter message is allowed for further processing, otherwise it is not.

This template checks for $foreignIngressPeer (whitelisted foreign peer), $msgDisallowed (to allow this message or not), and @msg.avp["Origin-Realm"] (to check that message's Origin Realm is in the whitelist or not).

If above conditions are satisfied, then it allows the message by setting $msgDisallowed = 0.

If not satisfied, then it abandons the message by setting $msgDisallowed = 30. 30 indicates "OR whitelisted" template check fails for this message. Hence, every template sets a different msgDisallowed value in case of failure.

It is associated with trigger point RTP1.

Template Definition

IF  $foreignIngressPeer is true
AND $msgDisallowed is false
AND @msg.avp["Origin-Realm"] equals list of ORs
THEN Set Internal Variable: $msgDisallowed = 0 for all the rules except the default rule: $msgDisallowed = 30

Note: The Origin-Realm is an optional condition. If you do not want to check origin realm, then use the empty value of origin realm or do not use this template.
**Figure 7: Screenshot of OR Whitelist Configured Template**
2.4.5 Template 5: DR Whitelist

After successful execution of Template 4 “OR Whitelist,” if $msgDisallowed is 0 (message is still allowed for further processing), then Template 5 DR Whitelist is executed.

This template checks the Destination Realm of the incoming diameter message against the whitelist of Destination Realms. If the Destination Realm is in the whitelist, then the diameter message is allowed for further processing.

This template checks for $foreignIngressPeer (whitelisted foreign peer), $msgDisallowed (to allow this message or not), and @msg.avp[“Destination-Realm”] (to check that Destination Realm is in the whitelist or not).

If above conditions are satisfied, then it allows the message by setting $msgDisallowed = 0.

If not satisfied, then it abandons the message by setting $msgDisallowed = 40. 40 indicates “DR whitelist” template check fails for this message. Hence, every template sets different msgDisallowed value in case of failure.

It is associated with trigger point RTP1.

Template Definition

IF   $foreignIngressPeer is true
AND $msgDisallowed is false
AND @msg.avp[“Destination-Realm”] equals list of DRs
THEN Set Internal Variable: $msgDisallowed = 0 for all the rules except the default rule:
                $msgDisallowed = 40

Note: The Destination-Realm is an optional condition. If you do not want to check the destination realm, then use the empty value of destination realm or do not use this template.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rule Template Name</th>
<th>DR whitelist-RT1</th>
<th>Name used to label this Rule Template in the system. (Default = rid: Range = A-Z, 0-9, space, dash (-), period (.), @, and #) Indicates what type of message processing is supported by the Rule Template, i.e., Request, Answer, or both. The meaning depends on the selected conditions and actions.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fast search Name</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Left value</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right value</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default value</td>
<td>Optional: Fixed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fast search Name</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Left value</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right value</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default value</td>
<td>Optional: Fixed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fast search Name</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Left value</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right value</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default value</td>
<td>Optional: Fixed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 8: Screenshot of DR Whitelist Configured Template**
2.4.6 Template 6: OH Ends with OR

After successful screening of the diameter message with Template 5 “DR whitelist,” if the internal variable $msgDisallowed is still false, then it means the diameter message is allowed for further processing and Template 6 “Origin Host Ends with Origin Realm” is executed.

This template picks the Origin-Host and Origin-Realm AVP from the diameter message and it checks that the Origin-Host is ending with Origin-Realm or not.

If not, then it abandons the diameter message and sets $msgDisallowed = 50.

It also checks for $foreignIngressPeer and $msgDisallowed in the same way as it has been tested by the previous template.

It is associated with trigger point RTP1.

Template Definition

IF $foreignIngressPeer is true
AND $msgDisallowed is false
AND @msg.avp["Origin-Host"] does not end with "." + @msg.avp["Origin-Realm"]
THEN Set Internal Variable: $msgDisallowed = 50

Below is the screen shot of configured template “OH ends with OR”: 
Figure 9: Screenshot of OH Ends with OR Configured Template
2.4.7 Template 7: Handle Route Record AVP

After successful screening of diameter message with Template 6 “OH Ends with OR,” if the internal variable $msgDisallowed is still false, it means the diameter message is allowed for further processing and Template 7 “Handle Route Record AVP” is executed.

This template basically iterated through all the route record AVPs which are present in the diameter message and will compare each route record AVP with blacklist of Realms. If any Route Record AVP from diameter message match with ANY realm from blacklisted realms then it will abandoned the message by setting $msgDisallowed = 60.

It is associated with trigger point RTP1.

Template Definition

IF $foreignIngressPeer is true
AND $msgDisallowed is false
AND `@msg.avp["Route-Record)][any].data` ends with list of realms
THEN Set Internal Variable: $msgDisallowed = 60

Note: In this template, we are using ANY keyword, which acts as a loop and iterates through all the route record AVPs to find out blacklisted realms present in any of the route record AVPs. Create one rule for each blacklisted realm.

The right hand side type is set to xl-value to a force slow-search.
Figure 10: Screenshot of Handle Route Record AVP Configured Template
2.4.8 Template 8: Handle Disallowed Requests

Template 8 picks certain AVPs from the diameter message, and tests them again with certain countermeasure, which you configure.

If the diameter message fails at any countermeasure, then $msgDisallowed is set to a non-zero integer.

This template acts on the $msgDisallowed value.

Template 8 takes three types of action, but you can be modify the requirements.

- **Peg Counter**: Count the number of disallowed request.
- **Raise Alarm**: Include the value of $msgDisallowed in the alarm description.
- **Abandon** the diameter message.

It is associated with trigger point RTP1.

**Template Definition**

IF $msgDisallowed is true

THEN Peg counter Count the number of disallowed ingress requests

Raise alarm Include the value of $msgDisallowed in the alarm description

Abandon message

**Main Menu: Diameter -> Mediation -> Rule Templates [Edit]**

![Screenshot of Handle Disallowed Requests Configured Template](image)

**Figure 11: Screenshot of Handle Disallowed Requests Configured Template**
2.4.9 Template 9a: Remove DOIC AVP

After successful execution of Template 8 “Handle Disallowed Requests,” if the message has failed at any countermeasure check, then the “Handle Disallowed Requests” template abandons the message (As per current configuration).

Once the diameter message passes all the above countermeasure checks ($msgDisallowed is still 0), then Template 9a “Remove DOIC AVP” is executed.

It checks for DOIC AVP (OC-Supported-Features and OC-OLR AVPs). If it is present in the diameter message, then it deletes the DOIC AVPs and forwards the message for further processing.

It is associated with trigger point RTP1.

Template Definition

IF $foreignIngressPeer is true
AND @msg.avp["OC-Supported-Features"] exists
OR @msg.avp["OC-OLR"] exists
THEN Delete AVP OC-Supported-Features
      Delete AVP OC-OLR
Main Menu: Diameter -> Mediation -> Rule Templates [Edit]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Settings</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rule Template Name</td>
<td>Name used to label this Rule Template in the system. Valid characters are [a-zA-Z0-9]+. Case sensitive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Message type support</td>
<td>Indicates what type of message processing is supported by the Rule Template, i.e. Request, Answer, or both. This depends on the selected conditions and actions.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Conditions</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fast search</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Left value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operator</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default value</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Fast search**                                 |             |
| Name                                            |             |
| Description                                     |             |
| Left value                                      |             |
| Operator                                        |             |
| Right value                                     |             |
| Default value                                   |             |

**Condition Set**: ANDed, ORed, ORed/ANDed

When the condition set matches the message, the selected actions are applied in the order they are shown.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Delete AIP</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default Values</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Optional</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The action allows existing a specified AIP in the message.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Delete AIP                                      |             |
| Default Values                                  |             |
| Optional                                        |             |
| The action allows existing a specified AIP in the message. |

| New action                                      |             |
| Modify Diameter Header Part:                    |             |
| Add a new action to the action list that is applied when the conditions of the Rule Template match on the message. |

**Figure 12: Screenshot of Remove DOIC AVP Configured Template**
2.4.10 Template 9b: Remove DRMP AVP

After successful execution of Template 8 “Handle Disallowed Requests,” if the message has failed at any countermeasure check, then the “Handle Disallowed Requests” template abandons the message (As per current configuration).

Once the diameter message passes all the above countermeasure checks ($msgDisallowed is still 0), then Template 9b “Remove DRMP AVP” is executed.

It checks for DRMP AVP. If it is present in the diameter message, then it deletes the DRMP AVP and forwards the message for further processing.

It is associated with trigger point RTP1.

Template Definition

IF $foreignIngressPeer is true AND @msg.avp["DRMP"] exists THEN Delete AVP DRMP

Figure 13: Screenshot of Remove DRMP AVP Configured Template
2.4.11 Template 10: Roaming Scenario Identification

Template 10 checks for an egress peer before sending the diameter message to the connection.

It checks for application ID s6a, which is fixed in the current configuration; egress peer (check for egress foreign peer); and command code. In the sample configuration, only two commands are allowed: AIR and ULR.

If the condition is satisfied, then the diameter message is marked for keeping track by setting $foreignEgressPeer = 1.

It is associated with trigger point RTP10.

Template Definition

IF @msg.application_id equals S6a
AND @dsr.egress.peer equals list of foreign peers
AND @msg.command.code equals AIR
OR @msg.command.code equals ULR
THEN Set Internal Variable: $foreignEgressPeer = 1
Figure 14: Screenshot of Roaming Scenario Identification Configured Template
2.4.12 Template 11: Destination-Realm Whitelist

Once the Template 10 “Roaming Scenario Identification” successfully executes, and $foreignEgressPeer is set to 1, Template 11 checks for Destination Realm AVP.

If the Destination Realm of the current diameter message is in the Destination Realm whitelist, then the $msgDisallowed is set to 0; otherwise, $msgDisallowed is 100, where 100 indicates the “Destination-Realm Whitelist” template check failed.

It is associated with trigger point RTP10.

Template Definition

IF $foreignEgressPeer is true
AND $msgDisallowed is false
AND @msg.avp["Destination-Realm"] equals list of DRs
THEN Set Internal Variable: $msgDisallowed = 0 for all the rules except the default rule: $msgDisallowed = 100
Figure 15: Screenshot of Destination-Realm Whitelist Configured Template
2.4.13 Template 12a: Remove DOIC AVP

This template’s behavior is same as Template 9a, but association to trigger point is different and this works for egress peer.

It checks for DOIC AVP (OC-Supported-Features and OC-OLR AVPs). If it is present in the diameter message, then it deletes the AVPs and forwards the message for further processing.

It is associated with trigger point RTP10.

Template Definition

IF $foreignEgressPeer is true
AND @msg.avp["OC-Supported-Features"] exists
OR @msg.avp["OC-OLR"] exists
THEN Delete AVP OC-Supported-Features
    Delete AVP OC-OLR
**Main Menu: Diameter -> Mediation -> Rule Templates [Edit]**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rule Template Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Remove DOIC AVP EAP</td>
<td>Name used to label the Rule Template in the system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Message Type Support**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adder</td>
<td>Add to the list of supported message types.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conditions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Left</td>
<td>Value</td>
<td>Case sensitive</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Actions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Delete AVP</td>
<td>Deletes an AVP from the message.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delete + A</td>
<td>Deletes an AVP with a specified value from the message.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 16: Screenshot of Remove DOIC AVP Configured Template**
2.4.14 Template 12b: Remove DRMP AVP

This template behavior is same as template 9b but association to trigger point is different and this will work for egress peer.

It checks for DRMP AVP. If it is present in the diameter message, then it deletes the DFRMP AVP and forwards the message for further processing.

It is associated with trigger point RTP10.

**Template Definition**

IF $foreignEgressPeer is true
AND @msg.avp["DRMP"] exists
THEN Delete AVP DRMP

![Figure 17: Screenshot of Configured Template](image)

2.5 Insert Rules within a Rule Set

Insert rules within each rule set according to configuration. The condition value within each rule can be customized according to requirements.

In this sample application testing, templates are created (see screenshots of each of the Templates in Figure 4 though Figure 17) and rules are added accordingly in each template.

To insert a rule into the rule set:

1. Navigate to **Main Menu -> Diameter -> Mediation -> Rule Sets**.
2. Select a rule set and click Insert.

The following screenshots display each rule set with rules that can be used as a reference.
Main Menu: Diameter -> Mediation -> Rule Sets -> Roaming scenario identification-RTP1

Figure 18: Template 1: Roaming Scenario Identification

IF A THEN Set internal variable, Set internal variable, Set internal variable
Displaying Records 1-4 of 4 First | Prev | | Next | Last | Restore Order

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rule Id</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>Set internal variable</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 48      | FN_HSS1 | foreigngressPeer 1 | outboundRoaming | Set | msg[asg[User-Name"["iims.mncmcc==44017]]] inboundRoaming | Set | outboundRoaming==0
| 49      | FN_HSS2 | foreigngressPeer 1 | outboundRoaming | msg[asg[User-Name"["iims.mncmcc==44017]]] inboundRoaming | Set | outboundRoaming==0
| 47      | FN_HSS2 | foreigngressPeer 1 | outboundRoaming | Set | msg[asg[User-Name"["iims.mncmcc==44017]]] inboundRoaming | Set | outboundRoaming==0

Figure 19: Template 2: Application ID and CC Whitelist for Inbound Roamers

IF A AND B AND C AND D THEN Set internal variable
Displaying Records 1-6 of 6 First | Prev | | Next | Last | Restore Order

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rule Id</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>Set internal variable</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>169</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>16777251</td>
<td>317</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>170</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>16777251</td>
<td>319</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>171</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>16777251</td>
<td>320</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>172</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>16777251</td>
<td>322</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>173</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>16777252</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>174</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 20: Template 3: Application ID and CC Whitelist for Outbound Roamers

Displaying Records 1-6 of 6 First | Prev | | Next | Last | Restore Order

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rule Id</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>Set internal variable</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>175</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>16777251</td>
<td>316</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>176</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>16777251</td>
<td>318</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>177</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>16777251</td>
<td>321</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>178</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>16777251</td>
<td>323</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>179</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>16777252</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>180</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
<td>20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Figure 21: Template 4: OR Whitelist

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rule Id</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>Set internal variable</th>
<th>Set Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>183</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>twhs1.com</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>184</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>twhs2.com</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>185</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>twmme1.com</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>186</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>twmme2.com</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Figure 22: Template 5: DR Whitelist

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rule Id</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>Set internal variable</th>
<th>Set Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>188</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>hohs1.com</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>189</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>hohs2.com</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>190</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>homme1.com</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>191</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>homme2.com</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Figure 23: Template 6: OH Ends with OR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rule Id</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>Set internal variable</th>
<th>Set Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>211</td>
<td>IS TRUE</td>
<td>IS FALSE</td>
<td>&quot;@msg_avp[Origin-Realm]&quot;</td>
<td>msgDisallowed</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Figure 24: Template 7: Handle RouteRecord AVP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rule Id</th>
<th>Move the rule</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>Set internal variable</th>
<th>Set Value</th>
<th>Move the rule</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>148</td>
<td>Down</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Down</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>147</td>
<td>Up</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Down</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure 25: Template 8: Handle Disallowed Requests

Figure 26: Template 9a: Remove DOIC AVP

Figure 27: Template 9b: Remove DRMP AVP

Figure 28: Template 10. Roaming Scenario Identification
2.6 State and Properties of Ruleset

After injecting rules within a rule set, change the state of the template to Active.

2. Select a template and click Edit.
3. Change the State to Active.
4. You can change the Action Error Handling: Ignore the error depending on your requirements.
5. You can change the Status of Rule Counters: Checked. If checked, then you can see the peg counter for each rule.
**Figure 32: Active Templates Used as Reference**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rule Template Name</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Action Handling</th>
<th>Status of Rule Counters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Id and CC white list for inbound roamers-RTP1</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Id and CC white list for inbound roamers-RTP1-First Ver</td>
<td>Active</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Id and CC white list for outbound roamers-RTP1</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Id and CC white list for outbound roamers-RTP1-First Ver</td>
<td>Active</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DR whitelist RTP1</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DR whitelist RTP1-First Ver</td>
<td>Active</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Destination-Realm whitelist-RTP10</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Destination-Realm whitelist-RTP10-First Ver</td>
<td>Active</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handle RouteRecord AIP</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handle RouteRecord AIP-First Ver</td>
<td>Active</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handle Disallowed requests</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handle Disallowed requests-First Ver</td>
<td>Active</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handle Disallowed requests-RTCP-copy</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MobileTest1</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MobileTest1-copy</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MobileTest1</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM ends with CM-RTP1</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM ends with CM-RTP1-First Ver</td>
<td>Active</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM ends with CM-RTP1-First Ver</td>
<td>Active</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DR whitelist RTP1</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DR whitelist RTP1-First Ver</td>
<td>Active</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DR whitelist RTP1-First Ver</td>
<td>Active</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DR whitelist RTP1-First Ver</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DR whitelist RTP1-First Ver</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DR whitelist RTP1-First Ver</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DR whitelist RTP1-First Ver</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DR whitelist RTP1-First Ver</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DR whitelist RTP1-First Ver</td>
<td>Test</td>
<td>Ignore the error</td>
<td>Stopped</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.7 Association of Ruleset to a Trigger Point

This procedure associates the templates to a trigger point.

Associate Template 1 to Template 9b on trigger point RTP1 in increasing order. Associate Template 10, Template 11, Template 8, Template 12a, and Template 12b on trigger point RTP 10 in given sequence. Associate Template 12a and 12b for the answer message on trigger point ATP10.

Figure 33: Screenshot of Rule Set Attached to its Trigger Points

Appendix A. My Oracle Support (MOS)

My Oracle Support

MOS (https://support.oracle.com) is your initial point of contact for all product support and training needs. A representative at Customer Access Support (CAS) can assist you with MOS registration.

Call the CAS main number at 1-800-223-1711 (toll-free in the US), or call the Oracle Support hotline for your local country from the list at http://www.oracle.com/us/support/contact/index.html. When calling, make the selections in the sequence shown on the Support telephone menu:

1. Select 2 for New Service Request.
2. Select 3 for Hardware, Networking and Solaris Operating System Support.
For technical issues such as creating a new Service Request (SR), select 1.
For non-technical issues such as registration or assistance with MOS, select 2.

You are connected to a live agent who can assist you with MOS registration and opening a support ticket. MOS is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year.

**Emergency Response**

In the event of a critical service situation, emergency response is offered by the CAS main number at 1-800-223-1711 (toll-free in the US), or by calling the Oracle Support hotline for your local country from the list at [http://www.oracle.com/us/support/contact/index.html](http://www.oracle.com/us/support/contact/index.html). The emergency response provides immediate coverage, automatic escalation, and other features to ensure that the critical situation is resolved as rapidly as possible.

A critical situation is defined as a problem with the installed equipment that severely affects service, traffic, or maintenance capabilities, and requires immediate corrective action. Critical situations affect service and/or system operation resulting in one or several of these situations:

- A total system failure that results in loss of all transaction processing capability
- Significant reduction in system capacity or traffic handling capability
- Loss of the system’s ability to perform automatic system reconfiguration
- Inability to restart a processor or the system
- Corruption of system databases that requires service affecting corrective actions
- Loss of access for maintenance or recovery operations
- Loss of the system ability to provide any required critical or major trouble notification

Any other problem severely affecting service, capacity/traffic, billing, and maintenance capabilities may be defined as critical by prior discussion and agreement with Oracle.

**Locate Product Documentation on the Oracle Help Center**

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