# **Oracle® Financial Services Behavior Detection Applications Pack**

Installation Guide Release 8.0.6.0.0 E85629-02

May 2019



Installation Guide, Release 8.0.6.0.0

E85629-02

Copyright © 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

Primary Author: Uttam Pandanda

Contributing Author: Anil M S and Akhilesh Murthy

This software and related documentation are provided under a license agreement containing restrictions on use and disclosure and are protected by intellectual property laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce, translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute, exhibit, perform, publish, or display any part, in any form, or by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or decompilation of this software, unless required by law for interoperability, is prohibited.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice and is not warranted to be error-free. If you find any errors, please report them to us in writing.

If this is software or related documentation that is delivered to the U.S. Government or anyone licensing it on behalf of the U.S. Government, the following notice is applicable:

U.S. GOVERNMENT END USERS: Oracle programs, including any operating system, integrated software, any programs installed on the hardware, and/or documentation, delivered to U.S. Government end users are "commercial computer software" pursuant to the applicable Federal Acquisition Regulation and agency-specific supplemental regulations. As such, use, duplication, disclosure, modification, and adaptation of the programs, including any operating system, integrated software, any programs installed on the hardware, and/or documentation, shall be subject to license terms and license restrictions applicable to the programs. No other rights are granted to the U.S. Government.

This software or hardware is developed for general use in a variety of information management applications. It is not developed or intended for use in any inherently dangerous applications, including applications that may create a risk of personal injury. If you use this software or hardware in dangerous applications, then you shall be responsible to take all appropriate fail-safe, backup, redundancy, and other measures to ensure its safe use. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates disclaim any liability for any damages caused by use of this software or hardware in dangerous applications.

Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Intel and Intel Xeon are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation. All SPARC trademarks are used under license and are trademarks or registered trademarks of SPARC International, Inc. AMD, Opteron, the AMD logo, and the AMD Opteron logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices. UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group.

This software or hardware and documentation may provide access to or information on content, products, and services from third parties. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates are not responsible for and expressly disclaim all warranties of any kind with respect to third-party content, products, and services. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates will not be responsible for any loss, costs, or damages incurred due to your access to or use of third-party content, products, or services.

# Contents

Document Control	xv
Preface	xvii
Summary	xvii
Audience	xvii
Related Documents	xviii
Conventions	
Abbreviations	xix

## 1 About OFSAA and OFSAA Applications Packs

About OFSAA 1	-1
Introduction to OFS BD Application 1	-2
About OFSAA Infrastructure 1	-5
Components of OFSAAI 1	-5
OFSAA Infrastructure High Availability 1	-6
About Data Security Configurations 1	-6

## 2 Understanding OFS BD Applications Pack Installation

Installation Overview	2-7
Deployment Topology	2-8
Hardware and Software Requirements	2-9
Configurations supported for Java 7	2-9
Configurations supported for Java 8	2-12
Verifying System Environment	2-14
Understanding the Installation Mode	2-15
Installing in Silent Mode	2-15
	2-15

## **3** Preparing for Installation

Installer and Installation Prerequisites	3-17
Obtaining Software	3-22
Performing Common Pre-Installation Tasks	3-22
Identifying the Installation, Download and Metadata Repository	3-22
Downloading and copying the OFS BD Applications Pack Installer	3-22

Extracting the Software	3-23
Setting Up Web application server	3-23

## 4 Installing OFS BD Applications Pack

Configuring Schema Creator Utility for RDBMS Installation4-2Configuring Schema Creator Utility for HDFS Schema4-2	26
Configuring Schema Creator Utility for HDFS Schema 4-2	
	26
Selecting Execution Modes in Schema Creator Utility 4-2	20
Selecting Execution Options in Schema Creator Utility 4-2	27
Configuring and Executing Schema Creator Utility 4-2	28
Prerequisites 4-2	28
Configuring Schema Creator Utility 4-2	28
Executing the Schema Creator Utility 4-2	29
Executing the Schema Creator Utility in Online Mode 4-2	29
Executing the Schema Creator Utility in Offline Mode 4-3	32
Executing the Schema Creator Utility with -s Option 4-3	36
Executing the Schema Creator Utility while Installing Subsequent Applications Pack 4-3	39
Verifying the Schema Creator Log Files 4-4	40
Installing the OFS BD Applications Pack 4-4	40
Installing in Silent Mode 4-4	40
Configuring OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml 4-4	40
Configuring InstallConfig.xml 4-4	41
Running the installer in Silent Mode 4-4	42
Completing the installation in Silent Mode 4-4	42
Verifying Installation 4-4	46

## 5 Upgrading the OFS BD Applications Pack

Prerequisites	5-1
Upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.2.0.0 to OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0	5-2
Upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.4.0.0 to OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0	5-2
Upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.5.0.0 to OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0	5-3
Upgrading the OFS BD Applications Pack	5-3
Upgrading the KYC Application	5-5
Post Installation Steps	5-8

## 6 Post Installation Configuration

Creating and Deploying the Applications Pack Web Archive	6-10
OFSBD Applications Pack Deployment	6-10
Scenario Wizard Configuration and Deployment	6-10
Services Configuration and Deployment	6-12
Watchlist Deployment Service	6-13
For WebSphere:	6-17
Installing Scenario Manager	6-18
Verifying the Pre-installation Requirements	6-18
Verifying Prerequisite Third-Party Software Installation	6-19
Verifying Values for the Scenario Manager Installation Program	6-19

Installing the Scenario Manager on the Workstation	6-20
Starting the Installation	6-20
Completing the Pre-installation Questions	6-20
Completing the Database Information	6-21
Completing the Environment Information	6-22
Completing the Installation	
Cancelling the Scenario Manager Installation Program	
Configuring JAVA HOME and JDBC URL	
Configuring Scenario Manager	
Accessing the Scenario Manager	6-23
Configuring Big Data Processing	
Copying KEYTAB and KRB5 Files in OFSAAI	
Deploying Analytic Reports and Threshold Analyzer	
Installing OBIEE Server	
Installing OBIEE Windows Administration Client	
Disabling the Cache Feature in OBIEE Server	
OBIEE 12.2.1.3.0:	
OBIEE 11.1.1.9.0:	
Change Default Repository Password	
OBIEE 12.2.1.3.0:	
OBIEE 11.1.1.9.0:	
Configuring OBIEE Connection Pool	
OBIEE 12.2.1.3.0:	
OBIEE 11.1.1.9.0:	
Deploying OFS BD Report Analytics	
OBIEE 12.2.1.3.0:	
OBIEE 11.1.1.9.0:	
Creating Application Role (Only for OBIEE 11.1.1.9.0)	
Configuring TreeMap Graph	
Disable Single Sign On	
Post Installation Steps	
Accessing Reports through OFS BD Application	
Installing RAOR Service	
Creating RAOR.ear/ RAOR.war	
Deploying RAOR.ear in WebLogic	
Installing RAOR.ear in WebLogic using WebLogic Administrator Console	
Deploying RAOR.ear in WebSphere	
Deploying RAOR.war in Tomcat	
Configuring Resource Reference	
Configuring Web Application Server	
Configurations for Java 8	
Configuring FSDF	
Configuring CSA Staging Tables	
Configuring FSDF in Different Infodom (Pack on Pack Installation)	6-49
Configurations for Enterprise Case Management (ECM) Integration (applicable only for Promot	
Case action in Alert Management)	6-50
If ECM and BD are installed in Different Databases	6-50

If ECM and BD are installed in the Same Database	6-51
TC-BC Ingestion	6-52
Synchronizing FSDF Changes	6-52
Loading New/Modified Scenarios	6-53
Configuring Big Data Processing	6-54
Loading Data into HIVE Staging	6-54
Update Correct LD_LIBRARY_PATH in system.env File	6-54

## 7 Post Deployment Configuration

Creating Application Users	7-55
Mapping Application User(s) to User Group	7-55
Performing Administrative activities for OFS BD	7-56
Performing Configurations for OFS BD	7-57
Performing Administrative activities for KYC	7-57
Setting OFS BD UI as Home Page of OFSAAI for a Particular User	7-58
Modifying Additional Configuration Files	7-58
Changing ICC Batch Ownership	7-59

## A Configuring Web server

Configuring Web server	A-1
Configuring Web Application Servers	A-1
Configuring WebSphere Application Server for Application Deployment	A-2
Creating New Profile in WebSphere	A-2
Managing IBM WebSphere SDK Java Technology Edition Versions	A-3
Managing Applications in WebSphere	A-3
Deleting WebSphere Profiles	A-5
Configuring WebSphere Shared Library to Support Jersey 2x and Jackson 2.9x Libraries	A-5
Configuring WebSphere HTTPS	A-6
Configuring WebSphere Memory Settings	A-6
Configuring WebSphere for REST Services Authorization	A-7
Configuring Application Security in WebSphere	A-7
Configuring WebLogic for Application Deployment	
Creating Domain in WebLogic Server	A-7
Deleting Domain in WebLogic	
Configuring WebLogic Memory Settings	
Configuring WebLogic for REST Services Authorization	A-17
Configuring Apache Tomcat Server for Application Deployment	
Tomcat User Administration	A-18
Configuring Tomcat to use JAVA 64 bit Executables	A-18
Configuring Servlet Port	A-19
Configuring SSL Port	A-19
Configuring Apache Tomcat Memory Settings	A-19
Configuring Axis API	A-20
Configuring Tomcat for User Group Authorization and Data Mapping	
Uninstalling WAR Files in Tomcat	A-20

## **B** Configuring Resource Reference in Web application servers

Configuring Resource Reference in WebSphere Application Server	B-21
Creating JDBC Provider	B-21
Creating Data Source	B-25
Creating J2C Authentication Details	B-29
Defining JDBC Connection Pooling	B-31
Configuring Resource Reference in WebLogic Application Server	B-31
Creating Data Source	B-32
Creating GridLink Data Source	B-37
Configuring Multi Data Sources	B-39
Configuring Advanced Settings for Data Source	B-41
Defining JDBC Connection Pooling	B-42
Configuring Resource Reference in Tomcat Application Server	B-42
Creating Data Source	B-43
Defining JDBC Connection Pooling	B-44
Configuring Class Loader for Apache Tomcat	B-45

## C Creating and Deploying EAR/ WAR File

Creating EAR/WAR File	C-47
Deploying EAR/WAR File	
Deploying EAR/WAR Files on WebSphere	C-48
Start the Application	C-55
Deploying EAR/WAR files for WebLogic	C-55
Explode EAR File	C-56
Install Application	C-57
Deploying Tomcat WAR Files on Tomcat	C-61

## D Starting / Stopping Infrastructure Services

D-65
D-66
D-66
D-67

## E Accessing OFSAA Application

Access the OFSAA Application	E-69
interview in the second s	

## F Cloning OFSAA Instance

### G OFSAA Landing Page

OFSAA Landing Page	G-73
Applications Tab	G-73
Sandbox Tab	G-73
Object Administration Tab	G-73
System Configuration and Identity Management Tab	G-74
Enabling a Product within an Applications Pack	

## H Additional Configuration

Additional Configuration	H-77
Adding FTP/SFTP Configuration for File Transfer	H-77
Configuring Infrastructure Server Memory	H-78
Configuring Infrastructure Application Server Memory Settings	H-78
Configuring Internet Explorer Settings	H-78
Retrieving Patch Information	H-81
Setting OLAP Data Server Configuration	H-81
Changing IP/ Hostname, Ports, Deployed Paths of the OFSAA Instance	H-82
Executing OFSAAI Setup Information Fetching Tool	H-82
Executing Encryption Changer	H-82
Setting Infrastructure LDAP Configuration	H-82
Configuring OFSAAI Web Services	H-83
Configuring DynamicWSConfig.xml File	H-83
Attributes of WEBSERVICE tag	H-84
Attributes of OPERATION tag	H-84
Attributes of INPUT tag	H-85
Attributes of OUTPUT tag	H-85
Adding web.xml Entries	H-85
Configuring WSConfig File	H-86
Configuring Proxy Settings	H-86
Configuring OFSAAI Home Entry	H-87
Configuring DynamicWSConfig.xml File	H-88
Deploying OFSAAI Web Services	
Enabling Parallel Execution of DML statements	H-88
Configure Message Details in Forms Designer	H-88
Clearing Application Cache	H-89
Configuring Password Changes	H-89
Modifying OFSAA Infrastructure Config Schema password	H-89
Modifying OFSAA Infrastructure Atomic Schema password	H-90
Configuring Internal Service (Document Upload/ Download)	H-90

## I Patching OFSAA Infrastructure Installation

## J Grants for Atomic/ Config Schema

Configuring Grants for Atomic Schema	J-95
Configuring Grants for Config Schema	J-96
Configuring Grants for Config Schema Entities for Atomic Users	J-96

## K Configuring Applications Pack XML Files

Configuring OFS_BD_PACK.xml File	K-103
Configuring OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml File	K-104
Configuring OFS_BD_SCHEMA_BIGDATA_IN.xml file	K-111

## L Configuring OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml File

Configuring OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml file L-11	7
--	---

Μ	Migrating for Excel Upload Functionality	
	Prerequisites	M-121
	Migrating Excel Upload	M-121
Ν	JDBC Jar Files	
0	Upgrading an Existing OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 Instance to Java 8	
	Prerequisites	O-125
	Upgrading OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8	O-125
	Configuring Web Application Server	O-125
	Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server	O-126
	Upgrading Apache Tomcat Server	O-126
	Configuring User .profile Settings	O-127
	Configuring OFSAA for New Web application server Installation	O-127
Ρ	Removing OFSAA	
	Uninstalling OFSAA Infrastructure	P-129
	Uninstalling EAR Files in WebSphere	
	Uninstalling EAR Files in WebLogic	P-131
	Uninstalling WAR Files in Tomcat	P-132
Q	Tunable Database Parameters	0.405
		Q-135
R	FAQs and Error Dictionary	
	Frequently Asked Questions	R-139
	OFSAAI FAQs	R-139
	Applications Pack 8.0.6.0.0 FAQs	
	Forms Framework FAQs	R-161
	Error Dictionary	R-162
	Accessing Error Dictionary	R-162
	Error Code Dictionary	R-163
S	Configuring Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) and Data Redaction in	
OF	SAA	
	Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)	S-167
	Configuring TDE During OFS FCCM Installation Using Full Installer	
	Configuring a Software Keystore and Encrypted Tablespace Creation	
	Setting the COMPATIBLE initialization parameter for tablespace encryption	
	Setting the tablespace TDE master encryption key	
	Creating the Encrypted Tablespace	
	Data Redaction	

Running the Schema Creator Utility with EncryptionS-174Testing the EncryptionS-175

Configuring TDE in case of Upgrade	S-176
Data Redaction	S-177
Enabling Data Redaction in case of Upgrade	S-177
Uninstalling EAR Files in WebLogic	S-178

## T Configuring Work Manager in WebSphere and WebLogic Application Servers

Configuring Work Manager in WebSphere Application Servers	T-179
Creating Work Manager	T-179
Mapping Work Manager to OFSAA WebSphere Instance	T-182
Configuring Work Manager in WebLogic Application Servers	
Creating Work Manager	T-185

# **Document Control**

This section provides the revision details of the document.

Version Number	Revision Date	Changes Done
1.0	Published: May 2018	Captured installation and configuration steps for 8.0.6.0.0 Release.

This document includes the necessary instructions to install the OFS BD Applications Pack 8.0.6.0.0 and perform the required post installation configurations. The latest copy of this guide can be accessed from OHC Documentation Library.

# Preface

This section provides supporting information for the Oracle Financial Services (OFS) Behavior Detection (BD) Applications Pack (OFS BD) Installation Guide and includes the following topics:

- Summary
- Audience
- . Related Documents
- . Conventions
- . Abbreviations

## Summary

You can find the latest copy of this document in OHC Library which includes all the recent additions/revisions (if any) done till date.

Before you begin the installation, ensure that you have access to the Oracle Support Services Portal with the required login credentials to quickly notify us of any issues at any stage. You can obtain the login credentials by contacting Oracle Support Services.

## Audience

Oracle Financial Services (OFS) Behavior Detection (BD) Pack Installation Guide is intended for administrators and implementation consultants who are responsible for installing and maintaining the Applications Pack components.

### Prerequisites for the Audience

The following are the prerequisites from the administrators installing OFS BD:

This document assumes that you have experience in installing Enterprise components and basic knowledge about the following:

- OFS BD pack components
- OFSAA Architecture
- . UNIX Commands
- . Database Concepts
- . Web server/ Web application server

## **Related Documents**

This section identifies additional documents related to OFS BD.

### **OFSAAI Related Documents**

Following documents are available in OHC.

- Oracle Financial Services Advanced Analytical Applications Infrastructure Applications Pack Installation and Configuration Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Environment Check Utility Guide
- · Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Administration Guide
- · Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide

### **OFS BD Application Related Documents**

Following documents are available in OHC.

- . Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Administration Guide
- · Oracle Financial Services Scenario Manager User Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Configuration Guide
- . Oracle Financial Services Know Your Customer Administration Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act Administration and Configuration Guide
- · Oracle Financial Services Currency Transaction Reporting Administration Guide
- · Oracle Financial Services Scenario Wizard Configuration Guide
- . Oracle Financial Services Know Your Customer Risk Assessment Guide
- . Oracle Financial Services Administration Tools User Guide
- · Oracle Financial Services FATCA Administration and Configuration Guide
- . Oracle Financial Services FATCA Assessment Guide
- Oracle Financial Services FATCA RR User Guide
- · Oracle Financial Services FATCA RR Administration and Configuration Guide
- . Oracle Financial Services Alert Management User Guide
- · Oracle Financial Services Common Reporting Standard User Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Common Reporting Standard Administration Configuration Guide
- . Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Release Notes

The following documents are available in My Oracle Support (MOS). You should have SSO credentials to access MOS.

- · Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Security Guide
- . Oracle Financial Services Common Reporting Standard Data Model Reference Guide
- . Oracle Financial Services Know Your Customer Data Model Reference Guide
- . Financial Services Data Model Reference Guide Volume 1: Business Data
- Financial Services Data Model Reference Guide Volume 2: Oracle Financial Services Data

- . Financial Services Data Model Reference Guide Volume 3: Case Management Data
- . Data Interface Specification
- · Oracle Financial Services Anti-Money Laundering Technical Scenario Description
- . Oracle Financial Services Broker Compliance Technical Scenario Description
- Oracle Financial Services Energy and Commodity Trading Compliance Technical Scenario Description
- . Oracle Financial Services Fraud Technical Scenario Description
- . Oracle Financial Services Trading Compliance Technical Scenario Description

## Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Table 0–1	Conventions used in this guide	
	•	

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

## Abbreviations

The following table lists the abbreviations used in this document:

Abbreviation	Meaning
BD	Behavior Detection
GUI	Graphical User Interface
HTTPS	Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure
J2C	J2EE Connector
J2EE	Java 2 Enterprise Edition
JDBC	Java Database Connectivity
LDAP	Lightweight Directory Access Protocol
LHS	Left Hand Side
MFA	Multi-Factor Authentication
MOS	My Oracle Support
OFSAA	Oracle Financial Services Analytical Application
OFSAAI	Oracle Financial Services Analytical Application Infrastructure
OLAP	On-Line Analytical Processing
OS	Operating System
SFTP	Secure File Transfer Protocol

Table 0–2 Abbreviations and their meaning

Abbreviation	Meaning
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
Web Archive	WAR
XML	Extensible Markup Language
SSL	Secure Sockets Layer
TDE	Transparent Data Encryption

Table 0–2 Abbreviations and their meaning

1

## **About OFSAA and OFSAA Applications Packs**

This chapter provides complete details about Behavior Detection (BD) Applications Pack.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- About OFSAA
- Introduction to OFS BD Application
- . About OFSAA Infrastructure
- . About Data Security Configurations

## About OFSAA

In today's turbulent markets, financial institutions require a better understanding of their risk-return, while strengthening competitive advantage and enhancing long-term customer value. Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications (OFSAA) enable financial institutions to measure and meet risk adjusted performance objectives, cultivate a risk management culture through transparency, lower the costs of compliance and regulation, and improve insight into customer behavior.

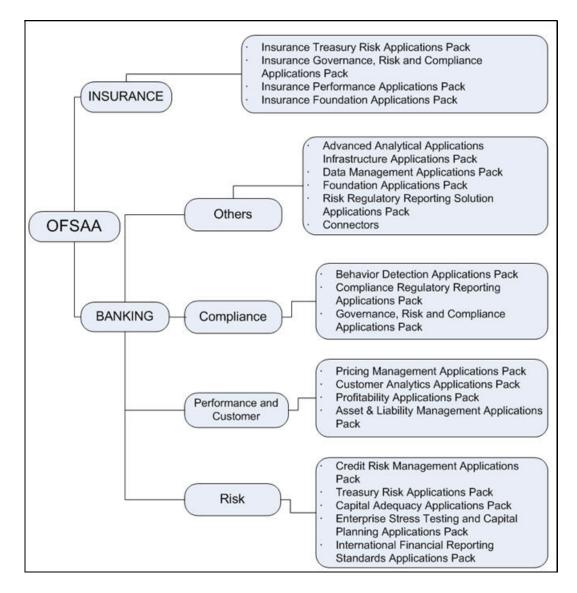
OFSAA uses industry-leading analytical methods, shared data model and applications architecture to enable integrated risk management, performance management, customer insight, and compliance management. OFSAA actively incorporates risk into decision making, enables to achieve a consistent view of performance, promote a transparent risk management culture, and provide pervasive intelligence.

With the help of OFSAA, the financial services organizations can achieve, management excellence with a lower total cost of ownership, due to our integrated, architecture, combining performance and risk applications into a single, seamlessly integrated framework.

OFSAA delivers a comprehensive and integrated suite of financial services analytical applications for both banking and insurance domain.

The Figure 1–1 depicts the various Applications Pack that are available across the OFSAA Banking and Insurance domains:





## Introduction to OFS BD Application

OFS BD Applications Pack includes the following applications:

- Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure (OFSAAI) powers the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications family of products to perform the processing, categorizing, selection and manipulation of data and information required to analyze, understand and report on specific performance, risk, compliance and customer insight issues by providing a strong foundation for the entire family of Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications across the domains of Risk, Performance, Compliance and Customer Insight.
- Oracle Financial Services Inline Processing Engine (OFS IPE) provides real-time monitoring, detection and interdiction of single and complex fraud events across multiple channels and lines of business.
- . Oracle Financial Services Anti-Money Laundering (OFS AML) monitors transactions to identify possible money-laundering activities. These scenarios consider whether the geographical location or entities involved warrant enhanced scrutiny; monitor activity

between accounts, customers, correspondents, and other entities to reveal relationships that could indicate efforts to launder funds; address sudden, significant changes in transaction activity that could indicate money laundering or fraud; and detect other types of activities that are considered potentially suspicious or indicative of money laundering.

For example, the Journals Between Unrelated Accounts scenario detects accounts that conduct journal transactions, within a specified period, to one or more accounts that do not share tax identifiers, do not share a customer, are not in the same household, and are not known to have a formal relationship. This behavior might indicate that money launderers have established a number of accounts using aliases or slightly different identifying information, and then moving money between accounts as part of a layering strategy, often consolidating the funds in a single account before removing them from the institution.

**Oracle Financial Services Fraud Enterprise Edition (OFS FEE)** detects behaviors and patterns that evolve over time and are indicative of sophisticated, complex fraud activity. These scenarios monitor check and deposit / withdrawal activity, electronic payments, such as funds transfer and payments completed through clearing house (ACH) mechanisms, and ATM and Bank Card to identify patterns of activities that could be indicate fraud, counterfeiting or kiting schemes, identity theft or account takeover schemes. Fraud scenarios also monitor employee transactions to identify situations in which employees, acting as insiders, take advantage of access to proprietary customer and account information to defraud the financial institution's customers.

For example, the Excessive Withdrawals at Multiple Locations scenario monitors a sudden increase in a customer's withdrawals at ATMs that may indicate money laundering, terrorist financing, or an account takeover.

**Oracle Financial Services Trading Compliance (OFS TC)** examines prices and timing of orders and executions by comparing them to market conditions and detect behaviors or situations that violate exchange, market center, and individual broker or dealer policies and procedures, including behaviors that violate the Chinese Wall policies and procedures established by the Firm or those with confidential information held by the Firm about a security.

For example, the Trading Ahead of Material Events scenario detects possible insider trading by analyzing trades which occur prior to "events", which can be defined by the Oracle client. The type and volume of trades which occur prior to an event may indicate that an employee, customer, trader, or trading desk was in possession of material non-public information. As there may also be non-fraudulent reasons for this trading activity, this scenario minimizes false alerts by excluding accepted hedging or trading strategies.

- **Oracle Financial Services Trade Blotter (OFS TB)** allows trades to be viewed and reviewed, primarily for suitability issues within the wealth management sector, by compliance analysts and business supervisors after a trade has been executed. The Trade Blotter is a list of trades returned after a search based on specified criteria. Users can view trade details, view related trade documents, enter a comment on a specific trade, and then mark the trade as reviewed or requiring follow-up.
- Oracle Financial Services Personal Trading Approval (OFS PTA) monitors employee investment accounts and trades. Employees of the financial institution submit trade requests to be made from their approved investment accounts. Compliance officers can then review, approve, or reject the trade requests to ensure that their employees are acting in compliance with regulations. Financial institutions can also use this solution to maintain employee attestations.
- Oracle Financial Services Broker Compliance (OFS BC) identifies activities or situations in customer accounts that involve either a significant amount of risk-and therefore may be unsuitable for the customer-or may violate trading rules set by the exchanges or regulators; trades in mutual fund securities that may violate regulatory

trading guidelines, Commission policies, or are unsuitable for a particular customer; and activities performed by employees that may violate regulatory conduct rules or may be prohibited by firm policies. These scenarios also detect instances in which an investment advisor may be managing client accounts in a manner that is unsuitable for their customers, giving preferential treatment to particular customers, or manipulating transactions between accounts; and instances in which a portfolio manager may be placing orders on material, non-public information, misrepresenting portfolio performance, or unfairly allocating orders to accounts that they manage.

For example, the Reps Concentrating Solicitations in Too Few Securities scenario verifies that Registered Representatives are not exposing their clients to undue risk by recommending a significant percentage of buy solicitations in a single security, which can result in an unbalanced and volatile portfolio.

**Oracle Financial Services Energy and Commodity Trading Compliance (OFS ECTC)** monitors trading activities that involve the financial institution as the buyer or seller on energy and commodity related trades, including commodities, options, futures, and swaps.

For example, the Energy Trading Limits scenario monitors trading of energy instruments to detect excessive hourly amounts of energy traded, based on internal limits which consider physical and financial power as well as Financial Transmission Rights (FTR). The scenario generates alerts when the amount of energy approaches or exceeds these internal limits. This behavior may indicate an attempt to manipulate the market by knowingly creating congestion with the purpose of benefiting from the creation of that congestion.

- Oracle Financial Services Know Your Customer (OFS KYC) assesses the risk associated with a customer by considering different attributes of the customer and enables financial institutions to perform Due Diligence, Enhanced Due Diligence, and continuous monitoring of customers. Cases generated in Know Your Customer can be managed within Enterprise Case Management to track investigations until they have been resolved or reported to the appropriate regulatory authorities.
- **Oracle Financial Services Currency Transaction Reporting (OFS CTR)** analyzes transaction data from the organization and identifies any suspicious activities within the institution that may lead to fraud or money laundering and must be reported to the regulatory authorities. Currency Transaction Reports (CTRs) are created either at the branches or through the end of day files, where the CTR application aggregates multiple transactions performed at the branch, ATMs and Vaults. Oracle Financial Services Currency Transaction Reporting then helps the organization file the CTR online with the U.S. Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN) using a discreet form or uploaded in a batch form in a specific text file format.

Unlike alerts for other Oracle Financial Services products such as Anti-Money Laundering, Fraud, Trading Compliance, Broker Compliance, or Energy and Commodity Trading Compliance which appear in an Alert Management user interface, CTR alerts are automatically processed and converted into CTR reports or Monetary Instrument Log reports which can be worked through the CTR user interface. For example, the Bank Secrecy Act Currency Transaction Report scenario detects activity meeting the requirements for filing a Bank Secrecy Act Currency Transaction Report (CTR) and reconciles alerts generated by this scenario which are considered batch CTRs with Branch CTRs. The resulting CTRs are prepared for electronic filing in accordance with FinCEN's BSA Electronic Filing Requirements for Bank Secrecy Act Currency Transaction Report (BSA CTR).

Oracle Financial Services Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (OFS FATCA) Management allows financial institutions to comply with FATCA regulations from the Internal Revenue Service and the US Treasury Department which prevent US taxpayers who hold financial assets in non-US financial institutions and other offshore vehicles from avoiding their US tax obligations. The FATCA Management solution integrates with Enterprise Case Management to track investigations until they have been resolved or reported to the appropriate regulatory authorities.

**Oracle Financial Services Common Reporting Standard (OFS CRS)** is developed in response to the G20 request and approved by the OECD Council on 15 July 2014, calls on jurisdictions to obtain information from their financial institutions and automatically exchange that information with other jurisdictions on an annual basis. It sets out the financial account information to be exchanged, the financial institutions required to report, the different types of accounts and taxpayers covered, as well as common due diligence procedures to be followed by financial institutions.

## About OFSAA Infrastructure

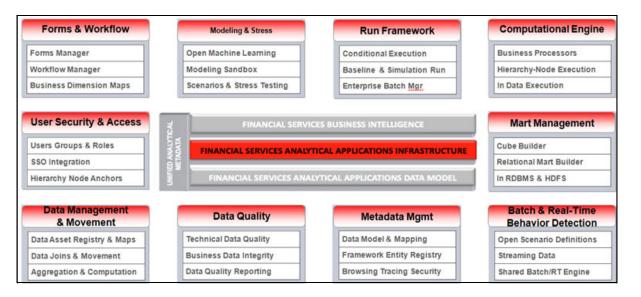
Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure (OFSAAI) powers the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications family of products to perform the processing, categorizing, selection and manipulation of data and information required to analyze, understand and report on specific performance, risk, compliance and customer insight issues by providing a strong foundation for the entire family of Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications across the domains of Risk, Performance, Compliance, and Customer Insight.

### **Components of OFSAAI**

The OFSAA Infrastructure includes frameworks that operate on and with the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Data Model and form the array of components within the Infrastructure.

The OFSAA Infrastructure components/ frameworks are installed as two layers: primarily the metadata server and Infrastructure services run on one layer, and the UI and presentation logic runs on the other. The UI and presentation layer is deployed on any of the supported J2EE Servers.

The Figure 1–2 depicts the various frameworks and capabilities that make up the OFSAA Infrastructure:



### Figure 1–2 Components of OFSAAI

## **OFSAA Infrastructure High Availability**

The current release of the OFSAA Infrastructure supports only "Single Instance" installation for the Infrastructure components. However, the High Availability (HA) for the Database Server and/or the Web application server clustering and deployment are supported in this release.

This release supports Active-Passive model of implementation for OFSAAI components. For more information, see Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Configuration for High Availability- Best Practices Guide.

## **About Data Security Configurations**

Data Security refers to the protection of data against unauthorized access and data theft. OFSAA ensures Data Security with the following features:

- . Multi-Factor Authentication
- . Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)
- . Data Redaction
- . Key Management
- . HTTPS Protocol
- . Logging

For more details on the features in the previous list, see *Chapter 12, Data Security and Data Privacy* in the *OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure Administration Guide* 8.0.6.0.0.

2

## Understanding OFS BD Applications Pack Installation

This chapter includes the following topics:

- . Installation Overview
- Deployment Topology
- . Hardware and Software Requirements
- . Verifying System Environment
- Understanding the Installation Mode

## Installation Overview

This release (8.0.6.0.0) of the OFS BD Applications Pack bundles the upgrade patch set along with the base installer. Users/ Administrators who wish to install a new OFS BD Applications Pack 8.0.6.0.0 instance or upgrade an existing OFS BD Applications Pack 8.0.x instance to 8.0.6.0.0 should download this installer. Figure 2–1 shows the order of procedures required to follow to install a new OFS BD Applications Pack 8.0.6.0.0 instance. To upgrade an existing OFS BD Applications Pack 8.0.6.0.0 instance an existing OFS BD Applications Pack 8.0.6.0.0 instance. To upgrade an existing OFS BD Applications Pack 8.0.8.0.0 instance to 8.0.6.0.0 release, see Upgrading the OFS BD Applications Pack.

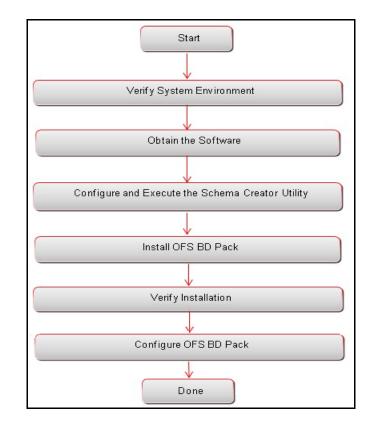


Figure 2–1 Installation Overview

Table 2–1 provides additional information and links to specific documentation for each task in the flowchart.

Table 2–1 OFSBD Applications Pack Installation Tasks and Descriptions

Tasks	Details and Documentation
Verify Systems Environment	To verify that your system meets the minimum necessary requirements for installing and hosting the OFSBD Applications Pack, see Verifying System Environment.
Obtain the software	To access and download the OFSBD Applications Pack, see Obtaining Software.
Configure and Execute the Schema Creator Utility	To create the database schemas, see Configuring and Executing Schema Creator Utility.
Install OFS BD Pack	To install the OFS BD Applications Pack, see Installing the OFS BD Applications Pack.
Configure OFS BD Pack after installation	To configure the OFS BD Applications Pack post installation, see Post Installation Configuration.

## **Deployment Topology**

The Figure 2-2 shows the logical architecture implemented for OFS BD Applications Pack.

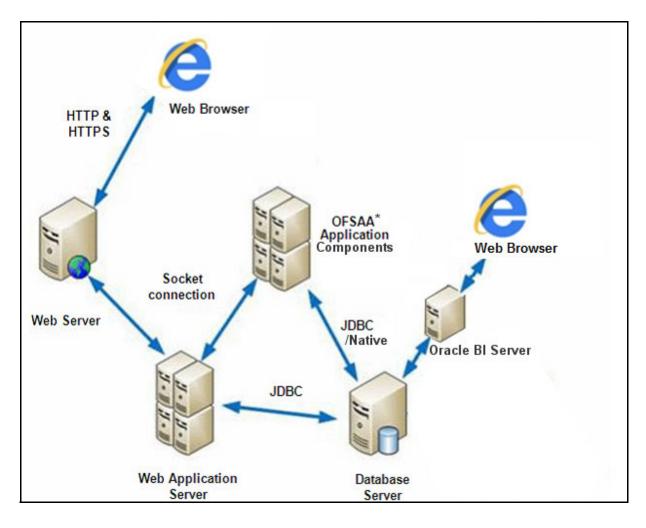


Figure 2–2 Deployment Topology

## Hardware and Software Requirements

This section describes the various Operating Systems, Database, Web server, and Web application server versions, and other variant details on which this release of the OFS BD Applications Pack has been qualified.

```
Note:
```

OFS BD Applications Pack installation can be performed on both Virtual and Physical servers.

The following tables show the minimum hardware and software requirements for installing OFS BD Applications Pack.

## Configurations supported for Java 7

Table 2–2 Configurations Supported for Java 7

**Operating System** 

Table 2–2 (Cont.) Config	<sup>2</sup> Oracle Linux Server release 6.1 and above - 64 bit	
Oracle Linux / Red Hat Enterprise Linux (x86-64)	<ul> <li>Oracle Linux Server release 6.1 and above - 64 bit</li> <li>Oracle Linux Server release 7.1 and above - 64 bit</li> </ul>	
	Note: Same version of RHEL is supported	
Oracle Solaris (SPARC)	<sup>2</sup> Oracle Solaris v5.10 Update 11 and above - 64 bit	
	Provide Solaris v5.11 update 3 and above - 64 bit	
IBM AIX (POWERPC)	<sup>2</sup> AIX 6.1 (TL 09 and above) - 64 bit	
Shell	7 KORN Shell (KSH)	
commands by logging ir	is RHEL, install the package lsb_release with one of the following n as root user: m install redhat-lsb-core	
1	um install redhat-lsb	
Java Runtime Environme		
Oracle Linux / Red Hat Enterprise Linux	Oracle Java Runtime Environment (JRE) 1.7.x - 64 bit	
Oracle Solaris		
Oracle Database Server	and Client	
<ul> <li>Oracle Database Server with partitioning option</li> </ul>	Enterprise Edition 11g Release 2 (11.2.0.3.0 +) - 64 bit RAC/ Non-RAC	
<ul> <li>Oracle Database Server with partitioning option,</li> </ul>	Enterprise Edition 11g Release 2 (11.2.0.4.0 +) - 64 bit RAC/Non-RAC , Advanced Security Option.	
	Enterprise Edition 12c Release 1 (12.1.0.1.0 +) - 64 bit RAC/ Non-RAC , Advanced Security Option	
Note: See the Additional	I Notes section in the 806 Tech Matrix for details.	
<sup>2</sup> Oracle Client 11g Releas	se 2 (11.2.0.3.0+) - 64 bit	
<sup>2</sup> Oracle Client 12c Releas	se 1 (12.1.0.1.0+) - 64 bit	
<sup>2</sup> Oracle 11g Release 2 (1	1.2.0.3+) JDBC driver (Oracle thin driver)	
<sup>2</sup> Oracle 12c Release 1 (12	2.1.0.1+) JDBC driver (Oracle thin driver)	
<sup>2</sup> Oracle 12c Release 2 (12	2.2.0.1) JDBC driver (Oracle thin driver)	
<sup>2</sup> Oracle R Distribution ve		
<ul> <li>Oracle R Enterprise (Ser (Optional)</li> </ul>	rver) version 1.5 with ORD 3.2.0 and version 1.5.1 with ORD 3.3.0	
Note:		
Ensure that the following pate	ches are applied:	
For Oracle DB Server 12 http://support.oracle.com	2.1.0.1 and 12.1.0.2, download the patches 27010930 and 22205607 from $m/$ and apply them.	
	1.2.0.4, download the patch 22205607 from http://support.oracle.com/ and	
<sup>2</sup> For Oracle DB Server 11 apply them.		
	-	
apply them. OLAP	V 11.1.2.1+ (Server and Client) with Oracle 11g Database	
apply them.		
apply them. OLAP		

Table 2–2 (Cont.) Configurations Supported for Java 7

<sup>2</sup> Oracle Hyperion Essbase is required only if you are using the OLAP feature of OFSAAI.		
Web server/ Web application server		
Oracle Linux / Red Hat Enterprise Linux / IBM AIX	Oracle HTTP Server 11.1.1.1/ Apache HTTP Server 2.2.x/ IBM HTTP Server	
Oracle Solaris	<sup>7</sup> Oracle WebLogic Server 12.1.x and 12.2.x - 64 bit	
	IBM WebSphere Application Server 8.5.5.9+ (Full Profile) with IBM Java Runtime - 64 bit	
	Apache Tomcat 8.0.x - 64 bit	

### Table 2–2 (Cont.) Configurations Supported for Java 7

### Note:

Note:

 OFSAA Infrastructure web component deployment on Oracle WebLogic Server with Oracle JRockit is not supported.

BIG DATA		
Oracle R Advanced Analytics for Hadoop	Oracle R Advanced Analytics for Hadoop (ORAAH) 2.6.0/2.7.0	
Hadoop Security Protocol	<sup>2</sup> Kerberos R release 1.6.1	
	Sentry-1.4.0	
Hortonworks Data Platform	CDH Version 2.5	
(HDP 2.5)	P Hadoop-2.7.3+hdp2.5+844	
	P Hive-1.2.1+hdp2.5+350	
	<sup>2</sup> Sqoop1 V 1.4.4+hdp2.5+67	
	<sup>2</sup> Sqoop2 V 1.99.4+hdp2.5+23	
	<sup>9</sup> Oracle Loader For Hadoop (OLH) V 3.2	
Hortonworks Hive Connectors	Hortonworks JDBC Driver for Apache Hive V 1.0.36	
Oracle R Advanced Analytics for Hadoop	Oracle R Advanced Analytics for Hadoop (ORAAH) 2.4.0	
Hadoop Security Protocol	Kerberos 5 release 1.6.1	
	<sup>?</sup> Sentry-1.4.0	
Desktop Requirements	·	
Operating System	Microsoft Windows 7/ Windows 8/ Windows 8.1/Windows 10	
Browser	Microsoft Internet Browser 11.x	
	<sup>2</sup> Chrome 63.x+	
	? FireFox 52.x+	
	Turn off Pop-up blocker settings. For more information, see Configuring Internet Explorer Settings	
Office Tools	<sup>2</sup> MS Office 2010/2013/2016	
	Adobe Acrobat Reader 8 or above	
Screen Resolution	1024*768 or 1280*1024	
Other Software	·	
Directory Services	OFSAAI is qualified on both OPEN LDAP 2.2.29+ and Oracle Internet Directory v 11.1.1.3.0. However, it can be integrated with other directory services software such as MS Active Directory.	

#### Table 2–2 (Cont.) Configurations Supported for Java 7

#### Note:

- Configuration of Directory services software for OFSAAI installation is optional. For more information on configuration, see Setting Infrastructure LDAP Configuration.
- <sup>2</sup> Open LDAP must be installed on MS Windows Server machine.
- <sup>2</sup> Watchlist service requires at least 10GB RAM per 1 million records.

### **Configurations supported for Java 8**

#### Table 2–3 Configurations Supported for Java 8

Operating System		
Oracle Linux / Red Hat Enterprise Linux (x86-64)	<sup>2</sup> Oracle Linux Server release 6.1 and 7.2 - 64 bit	
	Note: Same version of RHEL is supported	
Oracle Solaris (SPARC)	Oracle Solaris v5.10 Update 11 and above - 64 bit	
	<sup>2</sup> Oracle Solaris v5.11 update 3 and above - 64 bit	
Shell	7 KORN Shell (KSH)	
Note:		
<sup>2</sup> If the operating system is l commands by logging in a	RHEL, install the package lsb_release with one of the following s root user:	
• yum	install redhat-lsb-core	
• yum	install redhat-lsb	
Java Runtime Environmen	t	
Oracle Linux / Red Hat	Oracle Java Runtime Environment (JRE) 1.8.x - 64 bit	
Enterprise Linux		
Oracle Solaris		
Oracle Database Server an	d Client	
<ul> <li>Oracle Database Server Er with partitioning option</li> </ul>	terprise Edition 11g Release 2 (11.2.0.3.0 +) - 64 bit RAC/ Non-RAC	
<ul> <li>Oracle Database Server Er with partitioning option</li> </ul>	terprise Edition 12c Release 1 (12.1.0.1.0 +)- 64 bit RAC/ Non-RAC	
<sup>2</sup> Oracle Client 11g Release	Oracle Client 11g Release 2 (11.2.0.3.0+) - 64 bit	
<sup>2</sup> Oracle Client 12c Release	Oracle Client 12c Release 1 (12.1.0.1.0+) - 64 bit	
<sup>2</sup> Oracle 11g Release 2 (11.2	Oracle 11g Release 2 (11.2.0.3+) JDBC driver (Oracle thin driver)	
<sup>2</sup> Oracle 12c Release 1 (12.1	Oracle 12c Release 1 (12.1.0.1+) JDBC driver (Oracle thin driver)	
<sup>2</sup> Oracle 12c Release 2 (12.2	Oracle 12c Release 2 (12.2.0.1) JDBC driver (Oracle thin driver)	
<sup>2</sup> Oracle Client 12c Release	1 (12.2.0.0.0)	
<sup>2</sup> Oracle R Distribution vers	Oracle R Distribution version 2.15.1, 2.15.2 or 2.15.3.(Optional)	
<sup>2</sup> Oracle R Enterprise (Serve	Oracle R Enterprise (Server) version 1.4 (Optional)	

Table 2–3	(Cont.)	Configurations	Supported for Java 8	
-----------	---------	----------------	----------------------	--

### Note:

Ensure that the following patches are applied:

- Oracle Server 12c, v12.1.0.1 17082699
- <sup>2</sup> Oracle Server 12c, v12.1.0.2 20698050
- Also for latest information, see <a href="http://support.oracle.com/">http://support.oracle.com/</a>, 12.1.0.2 Bundle Patches for Engineered Systems and DB In-Memory - List of Fixes in each Bundle (Doc ID 1937782.1)
- Oracle R Enterprise 1.4 requires Oracle Database Enterprise Edition 11.2.0.3/ 11.2.0.4/ 12.1.0.1

### OLAP

VEAI		
Oracle Hyperion Essbase	V 11.1.2.1+ (Server and Client) with Oracle 11g Database	
	V 11.1.2.3+ (Server and Client) with Oracle 12c Database	
Oracle OLAP	V 11.2.0.3+ with Oracle 11g Database	
	V 12.1.0.1+ with Oracle 12c Database	

### Note:

Oracle Hyperion Essbase and Oracle OLAP is required only if you are using the OLAP feature of OFSAAI. For Oracle OLAP, ensure that you have configured the Oracle Database server with OLAP option.

Web server/ Web application server		
Oracle Linux / Red Hat Enterprise Linux/ IBM AIX	Oracle HTTP Server 11.1.1.1/ Apache HTTP Server 2.2.x/ IBM HTTP Server	
Oracle Solaris	<sup>2</sup> Oracle WebLogic Server 12.1.x and 12.2.x - 64 bit	
	<ul> <li>IBM WebSphere Application Server 8.5.5.9+ with bundled IBM Java Runtime - 64 bit</li> </ul>	
	Apache Tomcat 8.0.x - 64 bit	

#### Note:

- OFSAA Infrastructure web component deployment on Oracle WebLogic Server with Oracle JRockit is not supported.
- For deployment on Oracle WebLogic Server 12.1.3+ (64 bit) with Java 8, download and install patch 18729264 from http://support.oracle.com/.

BIG DATA			
Oracle R Advanced Analytics for Hadoop	Oracle R Advanced Analytics for Hadoop (ORAAH) 2.4.0		
Hadoop Security Protocol	7 Kerberos R release 1.6.1		
	<sup>2</sup> Sentry-1.4.0		
Hortonworks Data Platform (HDP 2.5)	7 CDH Version 2.5		
	? Hadoop-2.7.3+cdh2.5+844		
	<sup>?</sup> Hive-1.2.1+cdh2.5+350		
	<sup>?</sup> Sqoop1 V 1.4.5+cdh2.5+67		
	<sup>2</sup> Sqoop2 V 1.99.4+cdh2.5+23		
	<sup>7</sup> Oracle Loader For Hadoop (OLH) V 3.2		
Hortonworks Hive Connectors	Hortonworks JDBC Driver for Apache Hive V 1.0.36		
Oracle R Advanced Analytics for Hadoop	Oracle R Advanced Analytics for Hadoop (ORAAH) 2.4.0		
Hadoop Security Protocol	? Kerberos 5 release 1.6.1		
	<sup>?</sup> Sentry-1.4.0		

Desktop Requirements		
Operating System	m Microsoft Windows 7/ Windows 8/ Windows 8.1/Windows 10	
Browser	MS Internet Explorer 11 (Compatibility Mode)	
	<sup>2</sup> Oracle Java plug-in 1.7.0+* (64- bit)	
	Turn off Pop-up blocker settings. For more information, see Configuring Internet Explorer Settings	
Office Tools	MS Office 2010/2013 /2016	
	Adobe Acrobat Reader 8 or above	
Screen Resolution	reen Resolution 1024*768 or 1280*1024	
Other Software	· · ·	
Directory Services	OFSAAI is qualified on both OPEN LDAP 2.2.29+ and Oracle Internet Directory v 11.1.1.3.0. However, it can be integrated with other directory services software such as MS Active Directory.	
Note:	· · · · ·	
-	ectory services software for OFSAAI installation is optional. For more guration, see Setting Infrastructure LDAP Configuration.	
<sup>2</sup> Open LDAP must be	installed on MS Windows Server machine.	
Watchlist service requires at least 10GB RAM per 1 million records.		

 Table 2–3 (Cont.) Configurations Supported for Java 8

**Note:** To upgrade an existing OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8, see Appendix O.

Table 2–4 provides the recommended software combinations for OFS BD Applications Pack deployment.

Operating System	Database	Web application server	Web server
Oracle Linux 5.3 up to 5.10/ 6.0 and above	Oracle Database	Oracle WebLogic Server /Apache Tomcat Server	Oracle HTTP Server/ Apache HTTP Server
Oracle Solaris 5.10/ 5.11	Oracle Database	Oracle WebLogic Server /Apache Tomcat Server	Oracle HTTP Server/ Apache HTTP Server

## **Verifying System Environment**

To verify your system environment meets the minimum requirements for the installation, a Pre-Install Check utility is available within the Install Kit archive file. This utility can also be obtained separately by contacting Oracle Support Services.

Though the system environment verification is an integral and automated part of the installation of this software product, Oracle strongly recommends running this utility prior to beginning the installation as part of your organization's "Installation Readiness Verification Process".

**Note:** For more details on download and usage of this utility, see Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Environment Check Utility Guide given in the Related Documents section.

## Understanding the Installation Mode

The following mode of installation is available for the OFS BD Applications Pack.

Installing in Silent Mode

### Installing in Silent Mode

.

This mode mandates updating the installation configuration files with required details and performs installation in a "Silent" non user interactive format.

**Note: Graphical User Interface** (GUI) mode of installation is not supported for this release.

To verify the type of installation, you must knowthe This mode mandates updating the installation configuration files with required details and performs installation in a "Silent" non user interactive format.

**Note: Graphical User Interface** (GUI) mode of installation is not supported for this release.

# **Preparing for Installation**

This chapter provides necessary information to review before installing the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection (OFS BD) Applications Pack v8.0.6.0.0.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Installer and Installation Prerequisites
- . Obtaining Software
- Performing Common Pre-Installation Tasks

## **Installer and Installation Prerequisites**

Table 3–1 provides the list of prerequisites required before beginning the installation for OFS BD application. The Environment Check utility notifies you if any requirements are not met.

Category	Sub-Category	Expected Value		
Environment Settings	User Permission	User to have 755 permission on the directory identified for installation (FIC_HOME).		
		<b>Note</b> : User to have 755 permission on the .profile file		
		Provide BDF_HOME in .profile pointing to Installation Directory (FIC_HOME)		
	Java Settings	PATH in .profile file must be set to include the Java Runtime Environment absolute path. The path should include Java version (7 or 8) based on the configuration.		
		Note:		
		<sup>7</sup> Ensure that the absolute path to JRE/bin is set at the beginning of PATH variable.		
		For example, PATH=/usr/java/jre1.7/bin:\$ORACLE_ HOME/bin:\$PATH		
		? Ensure that no SYMBOLIC links to JAVA installation are not set in the PATH variable		
	Oracle Database	Oracle Database Server		
	Settings	7 TNS_ADMIN to be set in.profile pointing to appropriate tnsnames.ora file		
		<ul> <li>Enable Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) and/ or Data Redaction**</li> </ul>		
		<b>Note</b> : For more information, see Configuring Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) and Data Redaction in OFSAA.		
		OFSAA Processing Server		
		ORACLE_HOME must be set in .profile file pointing to appropriate Oracle DB Client installation.		
		<ul> <li>PATH in .profile must be set to include appropriate \$ORACLE_HOME/bin path.</li> </ul>		
		<sup>2</sup> Ensure that an entry (with SID/ SERVICE NAME) is added in the tnsnames.ora file.		

 Table 3–1
 Prerequisite Information

Category	Sub-Category	Expected Value
OS/File System Settings	OS Level Settings	You must set your locale to UTF-8 locale (LANG, NLS_LANG to be set in.profile). Specifying a locale depends on your data and the operating system installed on your system.
		For example,
		<sup>2</sup> For Linux OS: export LANG=en_US.utf8
		You can determine the locale on your system using the locale -a command
		export NLS_LANG=AMERICAN_ AMERICA.AL32UTF8
	File Descriptor Settings	Greater than 15000
	Total Number of Process Settings	Greater than 4096
	tmp space	Prior to installation, ensure that sufficient free temp space (minimum 1 GB free) is available in /tmp directory of unix server hosting OFSBD.
	Port Settings	Default port numbers to be enabled on the system are 6500, 6501, 6505, 6507, 6509, 6510, 6666, 9999, and 10101.
	Staging Area/ Metadata Repository	A directory to hold the application metadata artifacts and additionally act as staging area. The directory should exist on the same system as the OFSAA Infrastructure (can be configured on different mount). However, the owner of the installation directory mentioned above should have RWX permissions on this folder.
		Set 775 permission on this folder.
		<b>Note:</b> This directory is also referred as FTPSHARE folder.

 Table 3–1 (Cont.) Prerequisite Information

Category	Sub-Category	Expected Value
	Installation	A directory where the product files will be installed.
	Directory	Assign User permission to 755 on the installation directory.
	Temporary Directory	Default temporary directory where installation files are stored for a short period of time to support faster installation.
		• For installation on UNIX OS, your UNIX
		administrator must give you the required
		read-write permissions for the /tmp directory
		and disable the NOEXEC option
		• Configure adequate space on the /tmp directory.
		It is recommended that you allocate more than
		10 GB of space.
		<b>Note</b> : If NOEXEC is enabled, the extraction of files by the installer into the /tmp directory is prevented and the binaries will not execute in the directory, which will fail the installation.
	Download Directory	A directory where the product installer file will be downloaded/ copied.
		Ensure user permission is set to 755 on the Download directory.
	OS Locale	Linux: en_US.utf8
		AIX: EN_US.UTF-8
		Solaris: en_US.UTF-8
		To check the locale installed, execute the following command:
		locale -a   grep -i 'en_US.utf'
Database Settings	Database Instance	<sup>2</sup> NLS CHARACTERSET to be AL32UTF8
C	Settings	7 NLS_LENGTH_SEMANTICS to be BYTE
		<ul> <li>AVAILABLE OPEN CURSORS limit to be greater than 4096</li> </ul>
		For an Oracle Database installation, set your Oracle NLS_LANG environment variable to an appropriate UTF-8 character set.
		For example, setenv NLS_LANG AMERICAN_ AMERICA.AL32UTF8
		<b>Note</b> : For other database tunable parameters required for OFS BD, see Appendix Q, "Tunable Database Parameters". Ensure that the OLAP_USER role is available in the database.

 Table 3–1 (Cont.) Prerequisite Information

Table 3–1 (Cont.) Prerequisite Information		
Category	Sub-Category	Expected Value
Web application server	WebSphere/ WebLogic/ Tomcat	Web application server should be installed and profile/domain created.
		You are prompted to enter the WebSphere Profile path, WebLogic Domain path, or Tomcat Deployment path during OFSAAI installation.
		Note:
		See Appendix A for WebSphere Profile and WebLogic Domain creation.
		For deployment on Oracle WebLogic Server 12.1.3+ (64 bit) with Java 8, download and install 18729264 from http://support.oracle.com/.
		<ul> <li>Deployment can be done on versions higher than 12.2.</li> </ul>
Web server	Apache HTTP Server/ Oracle HTTP Server/	This is an optional requirement. HTTP Server Installation to be present. You are prompted to enter the Web server IP/Hostname and Port details during installation.
	IBM HTTP Server.	Note: See Appendix A for Web server installation.
Operating System	Solaris 11	Upgrade to Oracle Solaris 11.3 with SRU09 or higher. See https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E53394_ 01/html/E54845/index.html to upgrade to SRU09 if you have a lower SRU version. Additionally, install the required runtime libraries. For more information, see Installing Only the Runtime Libraries on Oracle Solaris 11.
	Solaris 10	Install the required OS patches. For more information, see Installing the Required Oracle Solaris 10 Patches. Additionally, install the required runtime libraries. For more information, see Installing Only the Runtime Libraries on Oracle Solaris 10.
		<b>Note:</b> In an OFSAA instance where multiple OFSAA application packs have been installed/ deployed, it is mandatory to upgrade all OFSAA application packs to 8.0.6.0.0 release. You should start the upgrade of OFS BD Applications pack, only after confirming that all of the application packs in your OFSAA instance are available for upgrade to 8.0.6.0.0 version. For information on availability of the required OFSAA Application Packs, see 2246606.1.
OFS AAI	One-off	Download the mandatory one- off patch for bug number <b>27938294</b> from <i>http://support.oracle.com/</i> .
OFS AAI	One-off	Download the mandatory one- off patch for bug number <b>28079607</b> from <i>http://support.oracle.com/</i> .
OFS AAI	One-off	Download the mandatory one- off patch for bug number <b>28398331</b> from <i>http://support.oracle.com/</i> .
OFS AAI	One-off	Download the mandatory one- off patch for bug number <b>28033370</b> from <i>http://support.oracle.com/</i> .

 Table 3–1 (Cont.) Prerequisite Information

### Note:

You cannot install the OFS FSDF application on an existing OFS BD installation, within the same infodom/schema.

## **Obtaining Software**

The 8.0.6.0.0 release of OFS BD Applications Pack can be downloaded using patch 28080815 from My Oracle Support (http://support.oracle.com/). You must have a valid Oracle account to download the software.

## Performing Common Pre-Installation Tasks

The common pre-installation activities that you must carry out before installing the OFS BD Applications Pack are:

- Identifying the Installation, Download and Metadata Repository
- . Downloading and copying the OFS BD Applications Pack Installer
- Extracting the Software
- . Setting Up Web application server

### Identifying the Installation, Download and Metadata Repository

To install OFSAA Application packs, create the following directories:

• **OFS BD Download Directory**: Create a download directory and copy the OFS BD Applications Pack Installer File (archive). This is the directory where the downloaded installer/patches can be copied.

Note: It is not mandatory to create this directory.

• OFS BD Installation Directory: Create an installation directory and copy the installation files. Perform the installation from this directory. Set the variable FIC\_HOME variable in the .profile file to point to the OFS BD Installation Directory.

Note: It is mandatory to create this directory.

**OFS BD Staging/Metadata Directory**: Create a Staging/Metadata Directory to copy data loading files, save data extracts and so on. Additionally, this directory also maintains the OFSAA metadata artifacts. This directory is also referred to as "FTPSHARE".

Note: It is mandatory to create this directory.

#### Note:

Assign 755 user permission to the Installation and Download Directory.

Assign 775 user permission to the Staging Directory.

## Downloading and copying the OFS BD Applications Pack Installer

To download and copy the OFS BD Applications Pack Installer, follow these steps:

- The OFS BD Applications Pack can be downloaded using patch 28080815 from My Oracle Support (http://support.oracle.com/). You must have a valid Oracle account to download the software
- **2.** Copy the downloaded installer archive into the Download Directory (in Binary mode) in the setup identified for OFS BD installation.

### Extracting the Software

#### Note:

You must be logged in to the UNIX operating system as a non-root user.

- Download the unzip utility (OS specific) unzip\_<os>.Z and copy it in Binary mode to the directory that is included in your PATH variable. If you already have the unzip utility to extract the contents of the downloaded archive, skip this step.
- 2. Uncompress the unzip installer file with the command:

```
uncompress unzip_<os>.Z
```

```
Note:
```

If an error message "uncompress: not found [No such file or directory]" is displayed when the package is not installed, contact your UNIX administrator.

**3.** Assign EXECUTE permission to the file with the command:

chmod 751 unzip\_<OS>

For example, chmod 751 unzip\_sparc

**4.** Extract the contents of the OFS BD Applications Pack 8.0.6.0.0 installer archive file in the download directory with the following command:

unzip OFS\_BD\_PACK.zip

#### Note

Do not rename the Applications Pack installer folder name on extraction from the archive.

**5.** Navigate to the download directory and assign execute permission to the installer directory with the following command:

chmod -R 755 OFS\_BD\_PACK

## Setting Up Web application server

For setting up the environment based on your selected Web application server, see Configuring Web Application Servers.

# **Installing OFS BD Applications Pack**

This chapter describes the steps to be followed to install the OFS BD Applications pack depending on the offline and online modes of installation.

Release 8.0.6.0.0 of the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection (BD) application is not fully backward compatible with earlier versions of FCCM. You must upgrade all of your FCCM applications from the existing 8.0.x versions to the 8.0.6.0.0 version and cannot choose to upgrade only selective application packs to 8.0.6.0.0.

**Note:** If you are installing an Applications Pack on an environment, where another Applications Pack is already installed, you may sometimes get a warning message such as *Object Already Exists*. This message can be ignored.

**Note:** Before you start the installation, you must first do the domain creation. For more information, see Creating Domain in WebLogic Server.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- . About Schema Creator Utility
- Configuring and Executing Schema Creator Utility
- . Installing the OFS BD Applications Pack
- . Verifying Installation

## About Schema Creator Utility

Creating database users/schemas is one of the primary steps in the complete OFS BD installation. This release of OFSAA provides a utility to quickly get started with the OFSAA 8.0.6.0.0 installation by allowing easier and faster creation of database User(s)/ Schema(s), assign the necessary GRANT(s), and so on. Additionally, it also creates the required entities in the schemas and so on.

The schema creator utility must be configured and executed before installation of any OFSAA Application Pack.

This section includes the following topics:

- Configuring Schema Creator Utility for RDBMS Installation
- . Configuring Schema Creator Utility for HDFS Schema
- . Selecting Execution Modes in Schema Creator Utility
- Selecting Execution Options in Schema Creator Utility

## Configuring Schema Creator Utility for RDBMS Installation

Pack specific schema details need to be filled in the OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml file (path is OFS\_ BD\_PACK/schema\_creator/conf/OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml)before executing the Schema Creator Utility. For more information on the xml file, refer Configuring OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_ IN.xml File.

The types of schemas that can be configured are:

**CONFIG** :- This schema holds the entities and other objects required for OFSAA setup configuration information.

**Note:** There can be only one CONFIG schema per OFSAA instance.

**ATOMIC:** This schema holds the data model entities. One ATOMIC schema is attached to one Information Domain.

**Note:** There can be multiple ATOMIC schemas per OFSAA Instance.

## Configuring Schema Creator Utility for HDFS Schema

In case the installation is being performed for Big Data, the pack specific schema details need to be filled in the **OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_BIGDATA\_IN.xml** file, before executing the utility. For more information on the xml file, see Configuring OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_BIGDATA\_IN.xml file.

The following are the types of schemas that can be configured:

**CONFIG**: This schema holds the entities and other objects required for OFSAA setup configuration information.

**Note:** There can be only one CONFIG schema per OFSAA instance. This schema is created only in RDBMS.

• **METADOM**: This schema holds the data model entities. One METADOM schema is attached to one Information Domain.

**Note:** There can be multiple METADOM schemas per OFSAA Instance. This schema is created only in RDBMS. It has only platform entities that hold the metadata details. However, it does not hold the data model entities.

**DATADOM**: This schema holds data model entities. One DATADOM schema is attached to one Information Domain.

**Note:** There can be multiple DATADOM schemas per OFSAA Instance.

### Selecting Execution Modes in Schema Creator Utility

Schema creator utility supports the following modes of execution:

**Online Mode**: In this mode, the utility connects to the database and executes the Data Definition Language (DDL) for User, Entities, and GRANTS.

**Note:** To execute the utility in Online mode, you need to connect as "<User> AS SYSDBA".

**Offline Mode**: In this mode, the utility generates an SQL script with all the required DDLs for User, Entities and GRANTS. This script must be executed by the DBA on the appropriate database identified for OFSAA usage.

**Note:** For running the SQL script generated in offline mode, the script should reside in the same directory where the 'SQLScripts' directory is available.

#### Note:

- 1. Connect as any database user.
- Reconfigure the OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml / OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_BIGDATA\_ IN.xml (as the case may be) file and execute the utility. For more information on reconfiguring these files, see Configuring OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml File and Configuring OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_BIGDATA\_IN.xml file respectively.
- **3.** To execute the utility in Offline mode, you must connect as a user with the following GRANTS (alternatively, you can also connect as a user with SYSDBA privileges):
  - ? SELECT ON DBA\_ROLES
  - ? SELECT ON DBA\_USERS
  - SELECT ON DBA\_DIRECTORIES
  - SELECT ON DBA\_TABLESPACES
  - ? CREATE SESSION
- 4. If there are any errors during the SQL script execution, reconfigure the OFS\_BD\_ SCHEMA\_IN.xml / OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_BIGDATA\_IN.xml and execute the utility. This regenerates the scripts with corrected information.

For more information, see Configuring OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml File or Configuring OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_BIGDATA\_IN.xml file respectively.

- 5. Do not modify the OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_OUT.XML file generated after the execution of this utility
- 6. If there are any errors during the SQL script execution, reconfigure the OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml file and execute the utility. This regenerates the scripts with corrected information. See Configuring OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml File.

Note: Do not keep any backup files of xml's in the download directory.

## Selecting Execution Options in Schema Creator Utility

Depending on the option selected to run the OFSAA Applications Pack installer, you must select the appropriate schema creator utility execution option. To run the OFSAA Applications Pack installer in Silent mode, it is mandatory to execute the schema creator utility with -s option.

## **Configuring and Executing Schema Creator Utility**

This section includes the following topics:

- Prerequisites
- . Configuring Schema Creator Utility
- . Executing the Schema Creator Utility
- Verifying the Schema Creator Log Files

**Note:** If you intend to use Oracle OLAP feature, execute the below grant on all ATOMIC schema(s): grant olap\_user to &database\_username.

### Prerequisites

The following prerequisites must be satisfied before configuring the Schema Creator Utility:

- . Oracle User ID/Password with SYSDBA privileges.
- . JDBC Connection URL for RAC/Non RAC database.
- . HOSTNAME/IP of the server on which OFSAA is getting installed.
- For enabling Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) in your OFSAA instance during installation, perform the steps explained in Configuring Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) and Data Redaction in OFSAA.

## **Configuring Schema Creator Utility**

This section explains the steps to configure the Schema Creator Utility.

**Note:** The extracted media pack folder name must not be changed.

To configure the Schema Creator Utility, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in to the system as non-root user.
- 2. Navigate to the following path: OFS BD PACK/schema creator/conf directory.
- 3. Edit the OFS BD SCHEMA IN.xml file in a text editor.
- Configure the elements as described in Configuring OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml File or Configuring OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_BIGDATA\_IN.xml file as the case may be.
- 5. Save the OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml and OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_BIGDATA\_IN.xml files.

**Note:** On successful execution of the utility, the entered passwords in the OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml file are nullified.

**Note:** While editing the OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml file, ensure only the values/tag attributes mentioned in the file must be modified and none of other tags should be modified.

Do not modify the following list of attributes:

- <sup>2</sup> APP\_PACK\_ID
- ? ROLE.NAME
- ? DIRECTORY. ID
- ? DIRECTORY.NAME
- ? SCHEMA. APP\_ID
- SCHEMA. DEFAULTTABLESPACE
- ? SCHEMA.TYPE
- 7 TABLESPACE.NAME

### Executing the Schema Creator Utility

You can execute the schema creator utility in Online mode or Offline mode. This section includes the following topics:

- Executing the Schema Creator Utility in Online Mode
- Executing the Schema Creator Utility in Offline Mode
- Executing the Schema Creator Utility with -s Option
- Executing the Schema Creator Utility while Installing Subsequent Applications Pack

#### Executing the Schema Creator Utility in Online Mode

In Online mode, the Schema Creator Utility creates all the Schemas, Schema Objects, and GRANTS in the database during the execution process.

To execute the schema creator utility in Online mode, follow these steps:

- **1.** Log in to the system as non-root user.
- 2. Navigate to the following path: OFS BD PACK/schema creator/bin/
- 3. Execute the osc.sh file using the following command:

./osc.sh

- **4.** The following message is displayed: *You have chosen ONLINE mode. Triggering the utility in ONLINE mode will execute the DDLs directly on the Database. Do you wish to proceed? (Y/y or N/n).*
- **5.** Enter Y/y to proceed with the script generation.
- 6. Enter the DB Username with SYSDBA Privileges. For example: SYS as SYSDBA.
- 7. Enter the User Password.

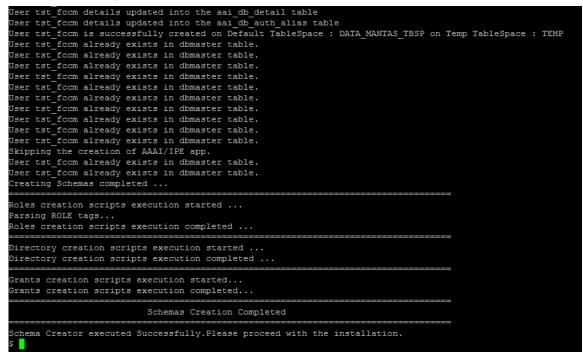


scratch/ofsaaapp/BDGI805/BDGI805 (ou have chosen ONLINE mode Friggering the utility in ONLINE mode will execute the DDLs directly on the Database. Do you wish to proceed? (Y/N): Java Validation Started ... Java found in : /usr/java/jdk1.8.0\_45/bin JAVA Version found : 1.8.0\_45 JAVA Bit Version found : 64-bit Java Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS OB specific Validation Started ... Enter the DB User Name With SYSDBA Privileges: sys as sysdba Inter the User Password: Dracle Server version Current value : 12.2.0.1.0. Status : SUCCESS DB specific Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS Schema Creation Started hecking OFSAA installation... FSAA installation not found. Validating the dat file OFS\_BD\_CFG.dat started... Sucessfully validated OFS\_BD\_CFG.dat file Validating the input XML file.../scratch/ofsaaapp/schema/OFS\_BD\_PACK/schema\_creator/conf/OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml Input XML file validated successfully. Validating Connection URL ...jdbc:oracle:thin:@ofss222754.in.oracle.com:1521:Ti12014L64 Successfully connected to User - sys as sysdba URL - jdbc:oracle:thin:@ofss222754.in.oracle.com:1521:Ti12014L64 Connection URL successfully validated... Localhost name - whf00ark IPAddress - 10.184.152.10 Parsing TABLESPACE tags... Parsing DIRECTORY tags... ou have chosen to install this Application Pack on "tst\_fccm" ATOMIC schema. Do you want to proceed? (Y/N)

Executing TableSpace Scripts started
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA FATCA TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_ATCA_IDS
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA MANTAS TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA MINER TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX MKT1 TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX MKT2 TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA CONF TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA CTR TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA FSDF1 TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX CTR TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_MINER_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX BUS3 TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA CM_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX BUS1 TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX FAICA TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX BUS4 TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX BUS5 TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX BUS2 TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_MXT4_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_CM_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_MKT3_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_AM_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_BUS6_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_MKT3_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_KYC_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_KYC_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_OB_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_MKT1_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_OB_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_BUS8_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_MKT2_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_MKT4_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_AM_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_MANTAS_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_BUS6_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_BUS7_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_BUS4_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_BUS8_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_KDD_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_BUS5_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_BUS7_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_BUS1_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA BUS2 TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA BUS3 TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX FSDF1 TBSP
Creating Schemas started
CONFIG User tst conf successfully created on Default TableSpace : DATA CONF TBSP on Temp TableSpace : TEMP
Grants creation scripts execution started
Grants creation scripts execution completed
Successfully connected to User - tst_conf URL - jdbc:oracle:thin:@ofss222754.in.oracle.com:1521:Ti12014L64
Scripts execution for CONFIG schema started
Scripts execution for CONFIG schema completed
User tst conf details updated into the dbmaster table
User tst conf details updated into the I18NMASTER table

Figure 4–2 Schema Creation - Online Mode





**Note:** On successful execution of Schema Creator utility, the console displays the following status message:

Schema Creator executed successfully. Please proceed with the installation.

**Note**: See log file in OFS\_BD\_PACK/schema\_creator/logs directory for execution status. If there are any errors, contact Oracle Support Services.

#### Executing the Schema Creator Utility in Offline Mode

In Offline Mode, the Schema Creator Utility creates an output in the SQL file format. This script must be executed manually by logging as database user with SYSDBA privileges. The SQL file contains the creation of Schemas, Schema Objects, and Roles.

#### **Prerequisites:**

To execute the utility in Offline mode, you must connect a database user with the following GRANTS (Alternatively, you can also connect as a user with SYSDBA privileges):

- . SELECT ON DBA ROLES
- . SELECT ON DBA USERS
- . SELECT ON DBA DIRECTORIES
- . SELECT ON DBA TABLESPACES
- · CREATE SESSION

**Note:** Explicit GRANTS to the user are required. GRANTS assigned through Roles are not supported.

To execute the schema creator utility in Offline mode, follow these steps:

- **1.** Log in to the system as non-root user.
- 2. Navigate to OFS\_BD\_PACK/schema\_creator/bin directory.
- 3. Execute the osc.sh file using the following command:

./osc.sh -o

- **4.** Enter Y / y to generate the script.
- **5.** The following message is displayed: You have chosen OFFLINE mode. Triggering the utility in OFFLINE mode will generate the script. Do you wish to proceed? (Y/y or N/n).
- 6. Enter the DB Username with SELECT privileges.
- 7. Enter the User Password.

#### Figure 4–4 Schema Creation - Offline Mode

osc.sh scratch/ofsaaapp/BDGI805/BDGI805 ou have chosen OFFLINE mode riggering the utility in OFFLINE mode will generate the script. Do you wish to proceed? (Y/N): Java found in : /usr/java/jdk1.8.0\_45/bin AVA Version found : 1.8.0\_45 VAVA Bit Version found : 64-bitVava Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS OB specific Validation Started ... Enter the DB User Name with the following privileges: . CREATE SESSION . SELECT on DBA\_ROLES 3. SELECT on DBA\_USERS 4. SELECT on DBA\_DIRECTORIES 5. SELECT on DBA TABLESPACES Enter the User Name: sys as sysdba Enter the User Password: Oracle Server version Current value : 12.2.0.1.0. Status : SUCCESS OB specific Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS Generating Schema Creation Scripts Started Thecking OFSAA installation... Validating the dat file OFS\_BD\_CFG.dat started... ucessfully validated OFS\_BD\_CFG.dat file alidating the input XML file.../scratch/ofsaaapp/schema/OFS\_BD\_PACK/schema\_creator/conf/OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml Input XML file validated successfully. Validating Connection URL ...jdbc:oracle:thin:@ofss222754.in.oracle.com:1521:Ti12014L64 uccessfully connected to User - sys as sysdba URL - jdbc:oracle:thin:@ofss222754.in.oracle.com:1521:Ti12014L64 onnection URL successfully validated... .ocalhost name - whf00ark IPAddress - 10.184.152.10 Parsing TABLESPACE tags... Parsing DIRECTORY tags.. ou have chosen to install this Application Pack on "tat fccm" ATOMIC schema. Do you want to proceed? (Y/N)

```
Figure 4–5 Schema Creation - Offline Mode
```

```
enerating Schema creation scripts started...
CONFIG User tat conf creation script generated successfully on Default TableSpace : DATA CONF TBSP on Temp TableSpac
eneration of grants creation scripts started...
eneration of grants creation scripts completed...
Scripts Generation for CONFIG schema started ...
cripts Generation for CONFIG schema completed ..
Jser tat conf details updated into the dbmaster table
Jser tat_conf details updated into the I18NMASTER table
Jser tat_conf details updated into the aai_db_detail table
Jser tat_conf details updated into the aai_db_auth_alias table
Jser tat_fccm details updated into the dbmaster table
Jser tat_fccm details updated into the I18NMASTER table
Jser tat_fccm details updated into the aai_db_detail table
Jser tat fccm details updated into the aai db auth alias table
ser tat_fccm creation script generated successfully on Default TableSpace : DATA_MANTAS_TBSP on Temp TableSpace :
Jser tat_fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Jser tat fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Jser tat_fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
ser tat_fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Jser tat_fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Jser tat fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Jser tat fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
User tat fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
User tat fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
ser tat fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
kipping the creation of AAAI/IPE app.
Jser tat fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
ser tat fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
enerating Schema creation scripts completed...
enerating Roles creation Scripts started...
arsing ROLE tags...
enerating Roles creation Scripts completed...
enerating Directory creation Scripts started...
enerating Directory creation Scripts completed...
enerating Grants creation scripts started...
enerating Grants creation scripts completed...
                           Generating Schema Creation Scripts Completed
 mema Creator executed Successfully.Please execute /scratch/ofsaaapp/schema/OFS_BD_PACK/schema_creator/sysdba_outpu
```

- **8.** The console runs the initial validation checks and displays the following message: *You have chosen to install this Applications Pack on <Name of the Atomic Schema>ATOMIC schema. Do you want to proceed? (Y/N).*
- **9.** Enter Y/y to start the script generation. The following message is displayed. *You have chosen to install this Applications Pack on <Name of the Infodom>. Do you want to proceed? (Y/N)).*

**Note:** On successful execution of schema creator utility, the console displays the following status message:

Success. Please execute OFS\_BD\_PACK/schema\_creator/sysdba\_output\_ scripts.sql before proceeding with the installation.

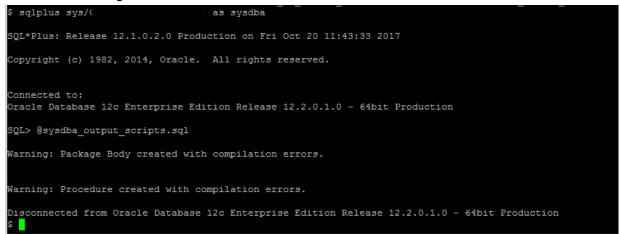
**10.** Navigate to the directory:

OFS\_BD\_PACK/schema\_creator

- 11. Login to SQLPLUS with a user having SYSDBA Privileges.
- **12.** Connect to the Oracle DB Server on which the OFSAA Application Pack installation is to be performed and Execute the sysdba\_output\_scripts.sql file using the following command:

SQL>@sysdba\_output\_scripts.sql

Figure 4–6 Schema Creator - Offline Mode



Alternatively, you can copy the sysdba\_output\_scripts.sql file and SQLScripts directory to a remote server and execute sysdba\_output\_scripts.sql file.

**Note:** See log sysdba\_output\_scripts.log file for execution status. If there are any errors, contact Oracle Support Services. SQL Scripts folder and SQL file should reside in the same folder.

- **13.** Once the above file gets executed, a warning is displayed as shown in the above screen.
- **14.** Run the following scripts in config schema:
  - 1. Navigate to the <OFS\_BD\_PACK>/schema\_creator/SQLScripts/oracle folder.
  - 2. Connect to the config schema through sqlplus.
  - 3. Execute the @compile objects.sql command.
  - **4.** Commit the change.

#### Executing the Schema Creator Utility with -s Option

If you want to run the OFS BD Applications Pack Installer in Silent mode, it is mandatory to execute the schema creator utility with -s option.

To execute the utility with -s option, follow these steps:

1. Edit the file OFS\_BD\_PACK/schema\_creator/conf/OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml in text editor.

**Note:** The infodom name and schema name should be same for all the below APP\_IDs:

- ? OFS\_KYC
- <sup>2</sup> OFS\_AAIB
- <sup>?</sup> OFS\_CTR
- <sup>?</sup> OFS\_FSDF
- <sup>7</sup> OFS\_FATCA
- <sup>2</sup> OFS\_FRAUD
- <sup>2</sup> OFS\_AML
- ? OFS\_TC
- <sup>2</sup> OFS\_ECTC
- <sup>2</sup> OFS\_PTA
- <sup>?</sup> OFS\_TB
- ? OFS\_BC
- <sup>2</sup> OFS\_IPE
- ? OFS\_FRAUD\_EE
- OFS\_CRSR
- **2.** Execute the utility with -s option.

For example ./osc.sh -s

#### Figure 4–7 Schema Creator with - s option

/osc.sh scratch/ofsaaapp/BDGI805/BDGI805 You have chosen ONLINE mode Iriggering the utility in ONLINE mode will execute the DDLs directly on the Database. Do you wish to proceed? (Y/N)Java Validation Started ... Java found in : /usr/java/jdk1.8.0\_45/bin JAVA Version found : 1.8.0\_45 JAVA Bit Version found : 64-bit Java Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS OB specific Validation Started ... Enter the DB User Name With SYSDBA Privileges: sys as sysdba Enter the User Password: )B specific Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS ..... Schema Creation Started Checking OFSAA installation... OFSAA installation not found. Validating the dat file OFS\_BD\_CFG.dat started... Sucessfully validated OFS BD CFG.dat file Validating the input XML file.../scratch/ofsaaapp/schema/OFS\_BD\_PACK/schema\_creator/conf/OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml Input XML file validated successfully. Validating Connection URL ...jdbc:oracle:thin:@ofss222754.in.oracle.com:1521:Ti12014L64 Successfully connected to User - sys as sysdba URL - jdbc:oracle:thin:@ofss222754.in.oracle.com:1521:Ti12014L64 localhost name - whf00ark IPAddress - 10,184,152,10 Parsing TABLESPACE tags... Parsing DIRECTORY tags... You have chosen to install this Application Pack on "tt\_fccm" ATOMIC schema. Do you want to proceed? (Y/N) (ou have chosen to install this Application Pack on INFODOM "fccminfott". Do you want to proceed? (Y/N)



reating Schemas started... CONFIG User tt\_conf successfully created on Default TableSpace : DATA\_CONF\_TBSP on Temp TableSpace : TEMP Grants creation scripts execution started... Grants creation scripts execution completed... Successfully connected to User - tt\_conf URL - jdbc:oracle:thin:@ofss222754.in.oracle.com:1521:Ti12014L64 Scripts execution for CONFIG schema started ... Scripts execution for CONFIG schema completed ... User tt\_conf details updated into the dbmaster table User tt\_conf details updated into the I18NMASTER table User tt conf details updated into the aai\_db\_detail table User tt\_conf details updated into the aai\_db\_auth\_alias table User tt\_fccm details updated into the dbmaster table User tt\_fccm details updated into the I18NMASTER table User tt\_fccm details updated into the aai\_db\_detail table User tt\_fccm details updated into the aai\_db\_auth\_alias table User tt\_fccm is successfully created on Default TableSpace : DATA\_MANTAS\_TBSP on Temp TableSpace : TEMP User tt\_fccm already exists in dbmaster table. Jser tt fccm already exists in dbmaster table. Skipping the creation of AAAI/IPE app. Jser tt\_fccm already exists in dbmaster table. User tt\_fccm already exists in dbmaster table. Creating Schemas completed ... Roles creation scripts execution started ... Parsing ROLE tags... Roles creation scripts execution completed ... Directory creation scripts execution started ... Directory creation scripts execution completed ... Grants creation scripts execution started... Grants creation scripts execution completed... Schemas Creation Completed chema Creator executed Successfully.Please proceed with the installation.

**Note:** To execute the utility in OFFLINE mode with Silent option, type ./osc.sh -o -s

### Executing the Schema Creator Utility while Installing Subsequent Applications Pack

While executing the schema creator utility for subsequent Applications Pack, you can choose to install the pack either on the same Information Domain/Atomic Schema or on a new Information Domain/Atomic Schema. You can execute the Schema Creator Utility either in Online or Offline mode.

**Note:** OFS BD Applications Pack needs to be installed on a separate information domain.

To execute the schema creator utility while installing OFS BD Pack over an existing Applications Pack, follow these steps:

1. Perform the steps 1 to 5 from the Executing the Schema Creator Utility section.

**Note:** On successful execution of Schema Creator utility, the console displays the following status message:

Success. Please proceed with the installation.

See the log sysdba\_output\_scripts.log for execution status, if executed in offline mode.

If there are any errors, contact Oracle Support Services.

## Verifying the Schema Creator Log Files

To view the log files for the scripts that are executed in online mode, go to the *OFS\_BD\_PACK/schema creator/logs* path.

## Installing the OFS BD Applications Pack

This section provides instructions to install the OFS BD Applications Pack in Silent Mode.

**Note:** If the version of OFSAA platform (OFS AAI) in the setup on which you are installing this OFS BD Applications Pack 8.0.6.0.0 release is already 8.0.6.0.0, first download and install the mandatory one-off patch 27938294 and then download and install the mandatory one-off patch 28079607 prior to proceeding with the installation of this pack from *http://support.oracle.com/*.

### Installing in Silent Mode

In the Silent Mode Installation you must configure the product .xml files as mentioned in the following sections and follow the instructions in the command prompt.

### Configuring OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml

Follow these instructions to configure OFSAA InstallConfig.xml file:

- 1. Log in to the system as non-root user.
- **2.** Identify a directory for installation and set the same in the user .profile file as the following:

FIC HOME=< OFSAA Installation Directory >

export FIC HOME

- **3.** Execute the user .profile.
- Navigate to scratch/ofsaaapp/BD806/OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFS\_AAI/conf/OFSAAI\_ InstallConfig.xml
- 5. Configure the OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml as mentioned in the section Configuring OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml file. Set the InteractionVariable parameter values manually as mentioned in the table. If a value is not applicable, enter NA and ensure that the value is not entered as NULL.
- 6. Navigate to the file: OFS\_BD\_PACK/conf/OFS\_BD\_PACK.xml and select the applications to be enabled.

Note: Enter YES in ENABLE tag to enable application.

### Configuring InstallConfig.xml

To configure the InstallConfig.xml file, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the file: OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFS\_BD/conf/InstallConfig.xml
- Enter the details mentioned in the tags (<!-- Start: User input required for silent installer.</li>
   --> and <!-- End: User input required for silent installer.</li>
   -->) as mentioned in the following table.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_BASE_ COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSBD client.	Yes
	For example: base_country=US	
	base_country=US	
##OFS_AML_	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses.	Yes
DEFAULT_ JURISDICTION##	For example:	
	default_jurisdiction=AMEA	
##OFS_AML_SMTP_ HOST##	Hostname of the e-mail gateway to be used by the application for e-mail notifications.	Yes
	For example:	
	<pre>smtp_host=mailhost.domain.com</pre>	
	<pre>smtp_host=mailhost.domain.com</pre>	
##OFS_AML_	Format of the date used in specifying partition dates.	Yes
PARTITION_DATE_ FORMAT##	Allowed values are DD-MON-YYYY/DD-MM-YYYY	
##OFS_AML_WEEK_ END_HOLIDAY_	Flag used to derive partition dates based on Week end holiday pattern.	Yes
PATTERN##	Allowed values are: Saturday/ Sunday/Friday	
##OFS_AML_	Enter the date of the business day for which the data to be loaded.	Yes
DataDumpDt_minus_0##	It should be in dd/mm/yyyy format.	
	For Example: 10/12/2015	
##OFS_AML_ EndThisWeek_minus_	Enter the date of the Saturday of the next business week with respect to the date for which the data is loaded.	Yes
00##	It should be in dd/mm/yyyy format.	
	For Example: 19/12/2015	
##OFS_AML_ StartNxtMnth_minus_	Enter the first business day of the next month with respect to the data load date.	Yes
00##	It should be in dd/mm/yyyy format.	
	For Example:01/01/2016	
##OFS_AML_	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations.	Yes
ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	

Table 4–1 InstallConfig.xml Parameters

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory	
##OFS_AML_MINER_ DATA_SOURCE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations For example: Create a data source with name MINER	Yes	
##OFS_AML_NLS_ LENGTH_ SEMANTICS##	##OFS_AML_NLS_LENGTH_SEMANTICS##NLS_LENGTH_ SEMANTICS database variable for executing the DDL scripts. Applicable values are CHAR/BYTE. Note: Recommendation to go with CHAR.	Yes	
##OFS_AML_ CONFIGURE_OBIEE##	Mention flag as '1" to configure OBIEE URL. Otherwise mention as '0'	Yes	
##OFS_AML_OBIEE_ URL##	In case ##OFS_AML_CONFIGURE_OBIEE_URL## mentioned as '1'provide the URL in the pattern	Yes This parameter is mandatory if the value of ##OFS_ AML_ CONFIGURE_ OBIEE## parameter is set to 1.	
##OFS_AML_SW_ RMIPORT##	Placeholder to provide scenario wizard RMI port.	Yes	
##BIG_DATA_ ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data. Enter <b>TRUE</b> to enable big Data or <b>FALSE</b> to not enable Big Data.	Yes	
##OFS_AML_SQOOP_ WORKING_DIR##	Placeholder to provide SQOOP working directory for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.	
##OFS_AML_SSH_ AUTH_ALIAS##	Placeholder to provide SSH authorisation alias for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.	
##OFS_AML_SSH_ HOST_NAME##	Placeholder to provide SSH host name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.	
##OFS_AML_SSH_ PORT##	Placeholder to provide SSH port name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.	

Table 4–1 (Cont.) InstallConfig.xml Parameters

**3.** In order to use the golden data for demonstrations and trainings, you must provide the following partition dates before the installation:

?	DATADUMPDT_MINUS_0##	10/12/2015
?	ENDTHISWEEK_MINUS_00##	19/12/2015
?	STARTNEXTMNTH_MINUS_00##	01/01/2016

### Running the installer in Silent Mode

To install the OFSAA Infrastructure in Silent mode for java 7 and java 8, follow these steps:

- **1.** Navigate to the OFS\_BD\_PACK/bin folder.
- **2.** Execute the command in the console:

./setup.sh SILENT

### Completing the installation in Silent Mode

On launching the installer in silent mode, the environment check utility is executed. Enter the required information to execute the utility as explained:

**Note:** The above table item is asked if environment check utility is executed in the standalone mode.

Figure 4–9 SILENT Mode

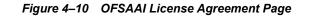
```
./setup.sh SILENT
rofile Executed
scratch/ofsaaweb/BD805MKF/BD805MKF
FIC_HOME : /scratch/ofsaaweb/BD805MKF/BD805MKF
nvironment check utility started...
ava Validation Started ...
Java found in : /scratch/oracle/java/jdk1.8.0_111/bin
JAVA Version found : 1.8.0_111
JAVA Bit Version found : 64-bit
ava Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS
Environment Variables Validation Started ..
ORACLE_HOME : /scratch/oracle/app/product/12.1.0/client_1
TNS_ADMIN : /scratch/ofsaaweb
nvironment Variables Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS
S specific Validation Started ...
Checking en_US.utf8 locale. Status : SUCCESS
Unix shell found : /bin/ksh. Status : SUCCESS
Total file descriptors : 15000. Status : SUCCESS
Total number of process : 10240. Status : SUCCESS
OS version : 7. Status : SUCCESS
S specific Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS
B specific Validation Started ...
Oracle Client version : 12.1. Status : SUCCESS
Successfully connected to schema mkf_fccm. Status : SUCCESS Successfully connected to schema mkf_fccm. Status : SUCCESS
Successfully connected to schema mkf_fccm. Status : SUCCESS
Successfully connected to schema mkf_fccm. Status : SUCCESS Successfully connected to schema mkf_fccm. Status : SUCCESS
Successfully connected to schema mkf_fccm. Status : SUCCESS
Successfully connected to schema mkf_fccm. Status : SUCCESS
Successfully connected to schema mkf_fccm. Status : SUCCESS Successfully connected to schema mkf_fccm. Status : SUCCESS
Successfully connected to schema mkf_fccm. Status : SUCCESS Successfully connected to schema mkf_fccm. Status : SUCCESS
Successfully connected to schema mkf_fccm. Status : SUCCESS
Successfully connected to schema mkf_fccm. Status : SUCCESS
CREATE SESSION has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS
CREATE PROCEDURE has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS
CREATE VIEW has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS
CREATE TRIGGER has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS
CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS
CREATE TABLE has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS
CREATE SEQUENCE has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS
SELECT privilege is granted for NLS_INSTANCE_PARAMETERS view. Current value : SELECT. Status : SUCCESS
NLS_LENGTH_SEMANTICS : BYTE. Current value : BYTE. Status : SUCCESS
NLS_CHARACTERSET : AL32UTF8. Current value : AL32UTF8. Status : SUCCESS
SELECT privilege is granted for V_$parameter view. Current value : SELECT. Status : SUCCESS
Open cursor value is greater than 1000. Current value : 1000. Status : SUCCESS
SELECT privilege is granted for USER_TS_QUOTAS view. Current value : SELECT. Status : SUCCESS
Schema is granted with at least 500 MB table space. Current value : 10239.6011352539063 MB. Status : SUCCESS
Oracle Server version Current value : 12.1.0.2.0. Status : SUCCESS
 specific Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS
```

#### Note:

- Enter the Infrastructure FTP/SFTP password value, when prompted at the command prompt.
- If you are prompted to add host key fingerprint, enter Always.

Console Prompts	User Inputs
1	Enter the password to access Product Staging/Metadata repository directory in the application server.

1. The OFSAAI License Agreement is displayed as shown in the figure:



Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications (OFSAA) applications packs are groups of OFSAA products packaged together into a single installer. Each application pack contains OFSAA applications that address specific functional d
on." To real pointing park alog includes the following OFBA infrastructure application options which are automatically installed by every application pack installer: To formate intensional Services Enterprise Modeling 1. Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Modeling 3. Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Modeling 3. Oracle Financial Services Finite Fromework (STAN) is the base infrastructure for all OFBA applications and is therefore automatically installed and enabled by the application pack installer." 3. Oracle Financial Services Finite Financial Services Big Data Fromework (STAN) is the base infrastructure for all OFBA applications and is therefore automatically installed and enabled by the application pack installer." Societ Financial Services Big Data Fromework (STAN) is the base infrastructure for all OFBA applications and is therefore automatically installed and enabled by the application pack installer." Societ Financial Services Big Data Fromework (STAN) is the base infrastructure for all OFBA applications and is therefore automatically installed and enabled by the application pack installer." Societ Financial Services Big Data Fromework (STAN) is the base infrastructure for all OFBA applications and is therefore automatically installed and enabled by the application pack installer." Societ Financial Services Big Data Fromework (STAN) is the base infrastructure for the infrastructure (STAN) is shall be applied to the splice and oracle Financial Services Big Data Fromework (STAN) is shall be applied to the splice of the splice for a shall be applied to the splice application that is enabled on the big Data Fromework (STAN) is shall be applied to the splice and oracle Financial Services Big Data Fromework (STAN) is shall be applied to the splice application that reaction of the splice financial Services Big Data Fromework (STAN) is shall be applied to the splice application that is enabled with the splice application options." Application Fromework application contentis application Applicati
resting installation expring to install strating the installer of this systems from the installer archive
aunching installer
reparing SILENT Mode Installation
ShAinfrastructure (created with installknywhere)
[]]]]]
nerallation Somplete. Socials Execute Socials (Sasawb/NB000MSF/SD000MSF Socials Execute Socials Execute Socials (Sasawb/SD000SHSF/SD000SHSF

2. Enter Y/y to accept the License Agreement.

**Note:** SYSADMN and SYSAUTH are the two default OFSAAI administrative users created.

```
Welcome to OFS BD PACK Installation
****************
Starting OFSAA Service...
OFSAA Service - OK
Preparing to install...
Extracting the installation resources from the installer archive...
Configuring the installer for this system's environment...
Launching installer...
Preparing SILENT Mode Installation...
                   _____
pack installsilent
                                     (created with InstallAnywhere)
             _____
Installing...
Installation Complete.
profile Executed
/scratch/ofsaaweb/BD805MKF/BD805MKF
*******
                         *************
CTRL characters removal started ...
CTRL characters removal over ...
Windows executable files removal started ...
Windows executable files removal over ...
   -----sairam------
                                 _____
We are now in /scratch/ofsaaweb/BD805MKF ...
profile Executed
/scratch/ofsaaweb/BD805MKF/BD805MKF
profile Executed
/scratch/ofsaaweb/BD805MKF/BD805MKF
executing "ant"
Buildfile: /scratch/ofsaaweb/BD805MKF/BD805MKF/ficweb/build.xml
createwar:
    [war] Building war: /scratch/ofsaaweb/BD805MKF/BD805MKF/ficweb/BD805MKF.war
createear:
    [ear] Building ear: /scratch/ofsaaweb/BD805MKF/BD805MKF/ficweb/BD805MKF.ear
BUILD SUCCESSFUL
Total time: 1 minute 24 seconds
```

OFSAA App Layer Services start-up check started... Starting startofsaai.sh service... OFSAA Service - OK Starting icc service... ICC service - OK Shutting down icc service... Shutting down OFSAA service... OFSAAI App Layer Services check Status: SUCCESSFUL. OFSAAI DB Layer Services check started... Calling agentshutdown.sh to check and kill, if any of the server is running... OLAP Data Server service is not running. Stop MESSAGE Server service with Proces ID : 12390 Stop AM service with Proces ID : 12376 Stop ROUTER service with Proces ID : 12366 Starting ROUTER Service ROUTER service started in background mode. Starting AM Service AM service started in background mode. Starting MESSAGE SERVER Service MESSAGE SERVER service started in background mode. Starting OLAP DATA SERVER Service OLAP DATA SERVER service started in background mode. OLAP Data Server service is not running. Stop MESSAGE Server service with Proces ID : 27121 Stop AM service with Proces ID : 27107 Stop ROUTER service with Proces ID : 27097 OFSAAI DB Layer File Services check Status: SUCCESSFUL. \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Installation completed... 

**Note:** The installation process continues on the console. Do not close the console until the installation process is complete.

- 3. Download and install the mandatory one-off patch 27938294 from http://support.oracle.com/
- 4. Download and install the mandatory one-off patch 28079607 from http://support.oracle.com/
- 5. Download and install the mandatory one-off patch 28398331 from http://support.oracle.com/
- 6. Download and install the mandatory one-off patch 28033370 from http://support.oracle.com/
- 7. Perform steps mentioned in the Verifying Installation section.
- **8.** For enabling TDE, see *Configuring TDE in case of Upgrade* section in Configuring Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) and Data Redaction in OFSAA.
- **9.** For enabling Data Redaction, see *Enabling Data Redaction in case of Upgrade* section in Configuring Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) and Data Redaction in OFSAA.

## Verifying Installation

Verify the following logs files for more information:

- See the Pack install.log file in the folder: /OFS\_BD\_PACK/logs
- See the OFSAAI822018\_06\_07\_05\_23\_06.log file under /OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFS\_AAI/logs

See the BD\_log files located in the folder: /OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFS\_BD/logs for OFS BD Applications Pack Installation log file.

**Note:** If there are any errors, do not proceed with further installation and contact Oracle Support Services.

.

# **Upgrading the OFS BD Applications Pack**

Release 8.0.6.0.0 of OFS BD is not fully backward compatible with earlier versions of OFSAA applications. You can either upgrade all of your applications from existing 8.0.x versions to 8.0.6.0.0 version or choose to upgrade only selective application packs to v8.0.6.0.0. In the case of the latter, you must also apply the forthcoming compatibility patches for the required application packs, so that the remaining application-packs can continue to be at their pre-8.0.6.0.0 versions.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Prerequisites
- Upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.2.0.0 to OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0
- Upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.4.0.0 to OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0
- Upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.5.0.0 to OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0
- . Upgrading the OFS BD Applications Pack
- Post Installation Steps

## Prerequisites

Follow these steps before proceeding with the upgrade process:

- If you are upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.1.0.0 to OFS BD 8.06.0.0, then you should first apply the OFS BD 8.0.2.0.0 patch and then proceed with OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 upgrade process.
- Upgrade patch is available for upgrade from 8.0.4.0.0 to 8.0.6.0.0. For more information, please contact product support.
- Ensure that the dispatcher is not running. If the dispatcher is running, stop and then start the upgrading process.
- . Ensure that you end all the batches before you start the upgrade process.
- Ensure that you run the END\_MANTAS\_BATCH before starting the upgrade.
- When upgrading from a current version to a higher version, follow these steps:
  - **a.** Log in to the Atomic Schema.
  - **b.** Query for the Version column of the rev tables b table.
  - **c.** If the version number is equal to or more than 6 digits, change the version number to 5 digits and then execute the upgrade installer. For example, if the original value is 805015, change the value to 80501.

- **d.** Update the database.xml file present in the ftpshare/(INFODOM)/Erwin/fipxml path. If the version number is equal to or more than 6 digits, change the version number to 5 digits and then execute the upgrade installer. For example, if the original value is 805015, change the value to 80501.
- **e.** After the upgrade is successful, revert back the changes done in the version column of the rev tables b table in step 2.

## Upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.2.0.0 to OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0

- Take a backup of the existing 8.0.2.0.0 setup, that is:
  - ? FIC\_HOME
  - ? FTPSHARE
  - Atomic and config schema
- . Ensure that the <802\_Installer Folder>/schema\_creator/OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_ OUTPUT.xml file which is created during the 8.0.2.0.0 schema installation is available. This is used to update the patchconfig.xml file before doing the upgrade.
- Back up the data (if present) of the column SEC\_CITZN\_COUNTRY\_CODE in the table STG\_PARTY\_MASTER.

(Mandatory) Execute the following script:

```
alter table stg_party_master rename column v_sec_citzn_
country code to v sec citzn country old
```

- . Download and apply the following patch from *https://support.oracle.com/*.
  - Patch 8.0.2.0.130 Bug 25532735
- If you are upgrading from OFS BD version 8.0.2.0.0 and you already have OFS FSDF 8.0.6.0.0 installed, execute the following scripts in the FSDF schema:
  - alter table stg\_party\_master drop column v\_address\_ country code;

alter table stg\_party\_master drop column v\_nationality\_ country code;

alter table stg\_party\_master drop column v\_sec\_citzn\_ country\_code;

- alter table stg\_market\_center\_master drop column v\_mkt\_ center country code;
- Refer Upgrading the OFS BD Applications Pack for instructions to download, extract, install, and configure this release

## Upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.4.0.0 to OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0

Before you proceed with the upgrade, it is mandatory to Install the patch 26286253 from *https://support.oracle.com/*.

- Take a backup of the existing 8.0.4.0.0 setup, that is:
  - <sup>2</sup> FIC\_HOME
  - ? FTPSHARE
  - Atomic and config schema

- Ensure that the <804\_Installer Folder>/schema\_creator/OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_ OUTPUT.xml file which is created during the 8.0.4.0.0 schema installation is available. This is used to update the patchconfig.xml file before doing the upgrade.
- Refer Upgrading the OFS BD Applications Pack for instructions to download, extract, install, and configure this release

## Upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.5.0.0 to OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0

In case you run the 8.0.5\_Alter\_Table\_Script.sql script as a part of 805 installation, you must drop the columns which are added when you run the script.

**Note**: Take a back of data in the columns before dropping them.

- f. KDD\_ACCT\_TRIM
- g. KDD\_CMMNT\_ROLE\_MAP
- h. KDD\_ACCT\_TRIM
- i. KDD CMMNT ROLE MAP

Post upgrade put back the backed up data into these tables

Refer Upgrading the OFS BD Applications Pack for instructions to download, extract, install, and configure this release

## Upgrading the OFS BD Applications Pack

Refer to the following instructions to download, extract, install, and configure this release:

1. To download and copy the OFS BD Applications Pack v8.0.6.0.0 archive file, see Downloading and copying the OFS BD Applications Pack Installer section.

**Note:** The archive files are different for every operating system like AIX, Solaris, and RHEL/Oracle Linux.

- 2. Log in to the OFSAA Server with user credentials that was used to install OFSAA.
- Shut down all the OFSAAI Services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in Appendix D.
- **4.** Execute the following command:

chmod -R 750 \$FIC HOME

- **5.** If you have Unzip utility, skip to the next step. Download the Unzip utility (OS specific) and copy it in **Binary** mode to the directory that is included in your PATH variable, typically **\$HOME** path or directory in which you have copied the 8.0.6.0.0 installer.
  - <sup>2</sup> Uncompress the unzip installer file using the command:

uncompress unzip <os>.Z

**Note:** In case you notice an error message "**uncompress: not found [No such file or directory]**" when the package is not installed, contact your UNIX administrator.

Give EXECUTE permission to the file as in the following sample command:

chmod 751 OFS BD 80500 <OperatingSystem>.zip

**6.** Extract the contents of the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Applications Pack 8.0.6.0.0 installer archive file using the following command:

unzip\_<os> <name of the file to be unzipped>

**7.** Give EXECUTE permission to the archive file *OFS\_BD\_80500\_<OperatingSystem>.zip* as in the following sample command:

chmod -R 750 OFS BD 80500 <OperatingSystem>

8. Update patchconfig.xml and grant permission to the sh files as follows:

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_SW_ RMIPORT##	This attribute is used by the Scenario Wizard. It should consist of a proper port number, which should not be used by any other application.	Yes
	For example, 7623 or 8204.	
##OFS_AML_SAVE_ METADATA#	This attribute is used by the installer to decide whether to execute hierarchy Resave. Applicable value is ALL.	Yes
##EXECUTE_PRE_ AND_POST_SCRIPTS##	This flag indicates if certain scripts need to be executed just before and just after the datamodel upload Applicable value is 1.	Yes
##SCHEMA_OUT_ XML_PATH##	This attribute refers to the path which needs to be pointed to OFS_BD_ SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml which was generated at the time of installation.	Yes
	For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/Installer/OFS_BD_ PACK/schema_creator/OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml	
##OFS_FCCM_ LOADER_ROLE##	This attribute is the role used when OFS BD 8.0.1.0.0/8.0.4.0.0 was installed. The value will be present in OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml which was generated at the time of 8.0.1 Installation.	Yes
##OFS_AML_ ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations. For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	Yes
##OFS_AML_MINER_       Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations         DATA_SOURCE##       For example: Create a data source with name MINER		Yes
##BASE_COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSBD client.	Yes
	For example: base_country=US	
	base_country=US	
##DEFAULT_	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses.	Yes
JURISDICTION##	For example:	
	default_jurisdiction=AMEA	
##TNS_ADMIN##	This attribute refers to the path where TNSNAMES.ORA is placed.	Yes
	For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp	
##BIG_DATA_ ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data. Enter FALSE.	Yes

- 9. Navigate to OFS BD PACK/OFS BD/bin.
- **10.** Replace the entire contents of the file PR\_8.0.4.0.14\_26286253.mantas.sql with the statement select 1 from dual;.
- **11.** Navigate to OFS\_BD\_PACK/bin.

**12.** Execute the following command:

./setup.sh SILENT

Verify if the release is applied successfully by checking the log file generated in the installation folder. You can ignore ORA-00001, ORA-00955, ORA-02260, and ORA-01430 errors in the log file. In case of any other errors, contact Oracle Support.

**13.** Install the AAI consolidated one-off patch **27938294** from *http://support.oracle.com/*. Refer to the Readme available with the patch for further instructions on installing the patch.

**Note:** The DMT migration utility is executed during BD installation, to migrate the DMT metadata (PLC/Data Source/Data Mapping/Data File Mapping) to be persisted in tables instead of XML. You may be required to re-run DMT migration utility in some scenarios. To identify whether to run the utility, how to run and how to handle migration issues, see OFSAA DMT Metadata Migration Guide.

- **14.** For more information on securing your OFSAA Infrastructure, refer to the Security Guide in OHC Library.
- **15.** Add umask 0027 in the .profile of the UNIX account which manages the WEB server to ensure restricted access permissions.
- **16.** Restart all the OFSAAI services. For more information, refer to the *Start/Stop Infrastructure Services* section in Appendix D.
- Generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server. For more information on generating and deploying EAR / WAR file, refer Appendix C section.
- **18.** Deploy the RPD and Catalog OBIEE files present under \$FIC\_HOME/OBIEE folder.
- **19.** For enabling TDE in case of a new installation, see *Configuring TDE in case of Upgrade* section in Configuring Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) and Data Redaction in OFSAA
- **20.** For enabling Data Redaction in case of a new installation, see *Enabling Data Redaction in case of Upgrade* section in Configuring Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) and Data Redaction in OFSAA.

## Upgrading the KYC Application

#### Note:

- If you are upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.4.0.0 and above, then you need NOT perform this.
- Download the mandatory AAI patch 28045149 from https://support.oracle.com/.

Refer to the following instructions to upgrade KYC:

**Note:** The following steps apply to the migration of data for only out of the box functionalities. For risk parameters which were added as a part of customizations, refer to the chapter *Adding New Risk Parameters* in the KYC Administration Guide 8.0.6.0.0.

- 1. Download and apply the following patches for 8.0.4.0.1 from https://support.oracle.com/.
  - Patch 8.0.4.0.1 25895877
  - Patch 8.0.4.0.6 26109295
  - Patch 8.0.4.0.7 26178437

- Patch 8.0.4.0.15 26263485
- Patch 8.0.4.0.17 26318606
- Patch 8.0.4.0.16 26331310
- Patch 8.0.4.0.18 25611290
- Patch 8.0.4.0.22 26529244
- 2. After applying the upgrade patch, run the KYCUpgrade.sh file.

**Note**: Ensure that the backup taken in the Prerequisites section for the existing 8.0.2.0.0/8.0.4.0.0 setup is available.

3. Run the KYCUpgrade.sh file.

**Note**: After a successful backup, you need to restore schema backups & re-run utility in case the upgrade fails. To do this, first drop the following temp tables:

- ? DIM\_RA\_PRIORITY\_TEMP
- <sup>7</sup> DIM\_RAORRISK\_CATEGORY\_TEMP
- <sup>2</sup> DIM\_RISK\_CATEGORY\_TEMP
- ? APPLN\_PARAMS\_TEMP
- ? APPLN\_REREVIEW\_PARAMS\_TEMP
- ? APPLN\_RB\_PROCESSING\_TEMP
- 2 APPLN\_RISK\_RATING\_PARAMS\_TEMP
- ? FCT\_CUST\_RVWDTLS\_TEMP
- ? FCT\_RA\_TEMP
- ? FCT\_CUST\_RA\_HISTRY\_TEMP
- ? FCT\_RA\_RISK\_HISTORY\_TEMP
- ? FCT\_RA\_ACTIONS\_TEMP
- ? FCT\_TP\_WLS\_RESULTS\_TEMP
- <sup>7</sup> FCT\_TP\_WLS\_REQUESTS\_TEMP
- ? KDD\_CASES\_TEMP
- ? TEMP\_CODE\_MAPPING

After dropping the temp tables, you must then restore data in the following tables if they are truncated:

- Priority
- ? DIM\_RISK\_CATEGORY
- 2 DIM\_RAORRISK\_CATEGORY
- <sup>2</sup> APPLN\_PARAMS
- ? APPLN\_RISK\_RATING\_PARAMS
- ? APPLN\_RB\_PROCESSING
- ? APPLN\_REREVIEW\_PARAMS
- PARAM\_RISK\_SCORE\_JRSDN
- P FCT\_RA

- <sup>2</sup> FCT\_CUST\_RA\_HISTRY
- <sup>?</sup> FCT\_CUST\_RVWDTLS
- ? FCT\_RA\_RISK\_RATING\_HISTORY
- ? FCT\_RA\_RISK\_SUMMARY
- <sup>2</sup> FCT\_RA\_RISK\_REASONS
- ? FCT\_RA\_ACTIONS
- <sup>?</sup> FCT\_TP\_WLS\_RESULTS
- <sup>2</sup> FCT\_TP\_WLS\_REQUESTS
- ? FCT\_RA\_RISK\_DETAILS
- <sup>2</sup> FCT\_CUST\_REVIEW\_REASONS

As a part of migration of KYC legacy data from version 8.0.2.0.0 to version to 8.0.4.0.0, follow these steps:

- 1. Ensure that data in the DIM\_JRSDN table in the 8.0.2.0.0/8.0.4.0.0 schema and data in the KDD JRSDN table in the 8.0.4.0.0 schema are the same.
- 2. Ensure that all the static data, that is, the DIM\_RISK parameter data, of risk parameters are available in the KDD\_CODE\_SET\_TRSL table against the product mapped code set for each risk parameter. The following are the dim tables for which data has to be made available in the code set translation table:
- ? DIM\_OCCUPATION
- <sup>2</sup> DIM\_LGLSTRUC\_OWNRSHP\_RISK
- ? DIM\_INDUSTRY
- <sup>2</sup> DIM\_INCOME\_SRC\_TYPES
- PRODUCT
- <sup>2</sup> DIM\_COMPANY\_TYPE\_RISK
- ? DIM\_MARKETS\_SERVED
- <sup>2</sup> DIM\_COUNTRY
- <sup>?</sup> DIM\_CORP\_AGE\_RANGE
- ? DIM\_RELN\_PERIOD\_RANGE
- P DIM\_NEG\_NEWS\_RANGE
- ? DIM\_ACCOUNT\_TYPE
- ? DIM\_ACCOUNT\_OPENING\_METHODS
- **3.** Ensure that the static data and the code set data are the same. This is so that the risk scores against each of the static data for a particular jurisdiction is moved to the Parameter risk score jurisdiction table, that is, PARAM RISK SCORE JRSDN.

**Note**: The following customer type mappings are done by the system when migrating from 8.0.2.0.0 to 8.0.6.0.0:

- ? Org
- 2 Fin
- 2 Ind

**Note**: A few risk parameters available in previous versions are not available as out of the box risk parameters. These parameters are moved as a part of the data migration process with the inactive flag set as Y. If these parameters are also needed for latest version, they can be configured accordingly. Also, the *Risk Associated with Citizenship* parameter is divided into two risk parameters: one for primary citizenship and another for secondary citizenship.

**Note**: The Risk Associated with Country of Citizenship risk parameter is divided into two risk parameters in latest version. Since it is a seeded risk parameter, it is migrated to latest version as an inactive risk parameter. In order to populate data, you must add the risk parameter using the excel upload feature and click **Auto-Populate Data**. For more information, refer to the KYC Administration Guide 8.0.4.0.0.

## Post Installation Steps

Follow these steps:

 Restore data for the column sec\_citzn\_country\_code in the table stg\_party\_ master.

#### Note:

- Once the upgrade process is completed, remove the AM folder from <FIC\_ HOME>/ficweb/AM. Then regenerate EAR/WAR files and deploy.
- If you are using Currency Transaction Reporting that is deployed on Websphere, create a Temp folder under the location <Deployed\_ Path>WEB-INF/classes

# **Post Installation Configuration**

On successful installation of the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Applications Pack, see the following post installation sections:

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Creating and Deploying the Applications Pack Web Archive
- . Installing Scenario Manager
- . Configuring Scenario Manager
- Configuring Big Data Processing
- Deploying Analytic Reports and Threshold Analyzer
- . Installing RAOR Service
- . Configuring Resource Reference
- . Configuring Web Application Server
- Configurations for Java 8
- . Configuring FSDF
- . Configurations for Enterprise Case Management (ECM) Integration (applicable only for Promote to Case action in Alert Management)
- TC-BC Ingestion
- . Synchronizing FSDF Changes
- . Loading New/Modified Scenarios
- . Configuring Big Data Processing

#### Note:

- Ensure to clear the application cache prior to the deployment of Applications Pack Web Archive. This is applicable to all Web servers (WebSphere, WebLogic, and Tomcat). For more information, see the *Clearing Application Cache* section.
- If your application (for example, KYC) uses the Inline Processing Engine (IPE), then you must download the mandatory AAI patch 28045149.

## Creating and Deploying the Applications Pack Web Archive

**Note:** Remove the existing Admin Tools deployment (which is integrated with OFS BD pack), if you are upgrading from v8.0.2.0.0 or lower versions.

This section covers the following topics:

- OFSBD Applications Pack Deployment
- . Scenario Wizard Configuration and Deployment
- Services Configuration and Deployment

### OFSBD Applications Pack Deployment

To create and deploy the Applications Pack web archive, follow these steps:

- **1.** Navigate to the \$FIC\_WEB\_HOME directory.
- **2.** Execute the command:

./ant.sh

3. This will trigger the creation of EAR/WAR file - <contextname>.<extn>. Here <contextname> is the context name given during installation.

**Note:** Creating ear/war files are done by the installer automatically. If the files are not created, user can execute these steps.

- **4.** On completion of the EAR/WAR files creation, the "BUILD SUCCESSFUL" and "Time Taken" message is displayed and you are returned to the prompt.
- The EAR/WAR file <contextname>.<extn> is created under "\$FIC\_WEB\_HOME" directory.

**Note:** This process overwrites any existing version of EAR/WAR file in the path. If the web application server is Apache Tomcat, the file created would be <contextname>.war.

6. Deploy the generated EAR/WAR file on to the web application server. For detailed information, see Creating and Deploying EAR/ WAR File.

**Note:** If you are using Currency Transaction Reporting that is deployed on WebSphere, create a **Temp** folder under the location <Deployed\_ Path>WEB-INF/classes

### Scenario Wizard Configuration and Deployment

The Scenario Wizard Configuration and Deployment must be performed if the following applications are installed

- AML
- . FR

- Trade Compliance
- Broker Compliance
- Fraud-EE
- ECTC
- TB

To configure and deploy Scenario Wizard, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to \$FIC\_HOME/ficweb/SCENARIO\_WIZARD
- **2.** Execute ./install.sh. When prompted for password, enter the KDD MNR Schema password.
- 3. Deploy the <context-name>.war file (for example SMLiteWeb.war) available at \$FIC\_ HOME/ficweb/SCENARIO\_WIZARD as an application on your Web application server. While deploying war file, keep context name as SMLiteWeb.

**Note** Only one instance of Scenario Wizard will run on one Application server at a time. While launching the Scenario Wizard if you find any exception pop-up saying java.rmi.bind exception or java.rmi.unknownhost exception, follow these steps:

- 1. Stop the SMLiteWeb.war
- Navigate to <deployed area>SMLiteWeb\WEB-INF\classes\conf\mantas\_ cfg\install.cfg
- 3. In install.cfg change the token to some other port which is not occupied.
- Define rmiPort. By default keep it 1099 rmiPort=1099
- 5. Restart the server.
- 4. Log Details.
  - a. Log file name- smlite.log
  - b. Log path Navigate to <deployed
     area>SMLiteWeb\WEB-INF\classes\logs\smlite.log
- 5. To customize the Log path/log file name, follow these steps
  - a. Go to <deployed area>\SMLiteWeb\WEB-INF\classes\log4j.properties file
  - b. Change the value of the property log4j.appender.file.File="Your log file path"
  - c. Restart the SMLiteWeb.war file

To configure and deploy Scenario Wizard on WebSphere, follow these steps:

- 1. Ensure that port 1099 is free and available.
- 2. Deploy the SMLiteWeb.war
- **3.** Change the class loader.
- 4. Navigate to Applications > Application Types > WebSphere enterprise applications > SMLiteWeb.war > Manage Modules.
- 5. Click on Module Apache-Axis and select Class loaded with local class loader first (parent last) under Class loader order.

- 6. Click Apply and then Save.
- **7.** Start the application. If the application is not accessible, stop and start the application again from the WebSphere console.

**Note:** See Post Deployment Configuration for more details.

- **1.** For Front-end access, the following settings must be changed on the client side for the Scenario Wizard to work on Windows XP/Windows 7.
  - **a.** Navigate to Java Control Panel.
  - **b.** Under the General tab ensure the following two settings:
  - **c.** Navigate to Network Settings and change the Network Proxy Settings to Direct Connection.
  - **d.** Navigate to Settings under Temporary Internet Files and perform the following steps:
  - **e.** Check the option to keep temporary files on my computer.
  - 4. Click Delete Files to clear the Java cache.

To configure Scenario Wizard on Tomcat 8 and above before deploying the warfile, follow these steps:

1. Remove the following text from context.xml at <deployed area>/conf/:

```
AbandonedOnBorrow="true"
```

AbandonedOnMaintenance="true"

AbandonedTimeout="60"

logAbandoned="true"/>

**2.** Replace with the following text:

maxTotal="100"
maxIdle="30"

maxWaitMillis="10000"/>

- 3. All resources have been moved to Context.xml from server.xml.
- **4.** Change the following text:

```
<Context path =
/admin_tools" docBase="<deployed_area>/webapps
admin_tools" debug="0" reloadable="true"
crossContext="true">
to
<Context>
```

### Services Configuration and Deployment

You must configure and deploy Services if the following applications are installed:

- AML
- FR
- . Trader Compliance
- Broker Compliance
- . ECTC
- Fraud-EE
- TB
  - KYC

**Note:** Either Watchlist Services or Post Alert Services can be run, but not both simultaneously, as these services both use the variable FIC\_HOME.

JDK is required for creation of Watchlist WAR and can be removed once services deployment is successful.

#### Watchlist Deployment Service

To configure and deploy Services, follow these steps:

- 1. Create the WAR file by changing to the FIC\_HOME/ingestion\_manager/scripts directory and executing createWatchListWAR.sh. This will create the mantas.war file which contains the watch list service.
- 2. Deploy the mantas.war file to the web application server. Any context path can be used, but the KYC application expects it to be at /mantas. The full path leading to the exploded WAR file will be referred to as <Service Deployed Directory> below.
- 3. Modify the following file: <Service Deployed Directory>/WEB-INF/fuzzy\_ match/mantas\_cfg/install.cfg and change the path in the fuzzy\_ name.B.stopword\_file and fuzzy\_name.P.stopword\_file properties from: <FIC\_ HOME>/ingestion\_manager to: <Service Deployed Directory>/WEB-INF
- 4. Modify the following file: <Service Deployed Directory>/WEB-INF/config/install.cfg and change the Creating and Deploying the Applications Pack Web Archive Post Installation Configuration path in the log.message.library,log.categories.file.path, and log4j.config.file properties as specified in step3.

#### 5. For WebLogic:

Copy the following contents into setDomainEnv.sh located under \$WL\_ HOME/user\_projects/domains/<user\_domain>/bin/setDomainEnv.sh after replacing the place holders (<WATCHLIST\_DEPLOYED\_AREA>, <ORACLE\_ HOME>)

FIC HOME=<WATCHLIST DEPLOYED AREA>

ORACLE HOME=<ORACLE HOME>

export FIC HOME

export ORACLE HOME

KDD PRODUCT HOME=\${FIC HOME}/WEB-INF/fuzzy match

export KDD PRODUCT HOME

JAVA\_LIB\_HOME=\${KDD\_PRODUCT\_HOME}/lib/kddcore.jar:\${KDD\_ PRODUCT\_HOME}/lib/log4j-1.2.12.jar

export JAVA\_LIB\_HOME

LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH=\${KDD\_PRODUCT\_HOME}/lib:\${ORACLE\_ HOME}/lib:\${LD LIBRARY PATH}

export LD LIBRARY PATH

#### For Tomcat:

Create file setenv.sh under <TOMCAT\_INSTALLED\_AREA>/bin/ and copy the following contents after replacing the place holders (<WATCHLIST\_DEPLOYED\_AREA>, <ORACLE HOME>)

FIC HOME=<WATCHLIST DEPLOYED AREA>

ORACLE HOME=<ORACLE HOME>

export FIC HOME

export ORACLE HOME

KDD PRODUCT HOME=\${FIC HOME}/WEB-INF/fuzzy match

export KDD PRODUCT HOME

JAVA\_LIB\_HOME=\${KDD\_PRODUCT\_HOME}/lib/kddcore.jar:\${KDD\_ PRODUCT HOME}/lib/log4j-1.2.12.jar

export JAVA LIB HOME

LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH=\${KDD\_PRODUCT\_HOME}/lib:\${ORACLE\_ HOME}/lib:\${LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH}

export LD LIBRARY PATH

#### For WebSphere:

Copy the following contents into the .profile file (Create a .profile file if it is not already existing) of the user after replacing the place holders (<WATCHLIST\_DEPLOYED\_AREA>, <ORACLE HOME>)

FIC HOME=<WATCHLIST DEPLOYED AREA>

ORACLE HOME=<ORACLE HOME>

export FIC HOME

export ORACLE HOME

KDD PRODUCT HOME=\${FIC HOME}/WEB-INF/fuzzy match

export KDD PRODUCT HOME

JAVA\_LIB\_HOME=\${KDD\_PRODUCT\_HOME}/lib/kddcore.jar:\${KDD\_ PRODUCT HOME}/lib/log4j-1.2.12.jar

export JAVA LIB HOME

LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH=\${KDD\_PRODUCT\_HOME}/lib:\${ORACLE\_ HOME}/lib:\${LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH}

export LD LIBRARY PATH

**6.** Restart the web application server.

**Note:** Update the proper LD LIBRARY PATH based on your OS,

```
• For Linux:
```

export LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH=\$KDD\_PRODUCT\_HOME/lib:\$ORACLE\_ HOME/lib:\$LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH

For Solaris SPARC:

export LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH=/usr/lib/lwp:\$KDD\_PRODUCT\_ HOME/lib:\$ORACLE\_ HOME/lib:/usr/ucblib/sparcv9:/scratch/JAVA\_7/jdk1.7.0\_ 75/jre/lib/sparcv9/server:/scratch/JAVA\_7/jdk1.7.0\_ 75/jre/lib/sparcv9:/scratch/JAVA\_7/jdk1.7.0\_ 75/jre/lib/sparcv9/native\_ threads:/usr/local/lib/sparcv9:/scratch/JAVA\_ 7/jdk1.7.0\_75/jre/lib/:\$LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH

• For AIX:

export LIBPATH=\$KDD\_PRODUCT\_HOME/lib:\$ORACLE\_ HOME/lib:\$JAVA\_HOME/jre/bin:\$JAVA\_ HOME/jre/bin/j9vm:\$JAVA\_HOME/jre/lib/ppc64:\$LIBPATH

• For Solaris x86:

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/usr/lib/lwp:$KDD_PRODUCT_
HOME/lib:$ORACLE_
HOME/lib:/usr/ucblib/amd64:/scratch/oracle/JRE7/jre1.7
.0_75/lib/amd64/server:/scratch/oracle/JRE7/jre1.7.0_
75/lib/amd64:/scratch/oracle/JRE7/jre1.7.0_
75/lib/amd64/native_
threads:/usr/local/lib/amd64:/scratch/oracle/JRE7/jre1
.7.0_75/lib/:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
```

Create the Post Alert Service.war file by following these steps:

```
1. Create PostAlertService war
```

Trigger the ant.sh under the <INSTALLED AREA>/services/ to create mantasServ.war.

Add -Doracle.jdbc.autoCommitSpecCompliant=false in the web server profile to pass as a JVM argument

#### For Tomcat:

- 2. Deploy the mantasServ.war.
- 3. Restart the WebLogic server and install the mantasServ.war application. Replace the Path for "kdd.xml.catalog" and "log.mantaslog.location" in the install.cfg file located under <Service\_Deployed\_Area>/solution/services/mantas\_cfg.
  - kdd.xml.catalog=<Service Deployed
    Area>/solution/services/share/xml/catalog.xml
  - ? log.mantaslog.location=<Service Deployed Area/solution/services/logs
- 4. Create file setenv.sh under <TOMCAT\_INSTALLED\_AREA>/bin/ and copy the below contents after replacing the place holders (<Service\_Deployed\_Area>, <Oracle\_Home> and <TNS\_Admin\_Home>) and save.

SERVICES\_ROOT=<Service\_Deployed\_Area>/solution/services
export TNS\_ADMIN=<TNS\_Admin\_Home>

export ORACLE\_HOME=<Oracle\_Home>

```
export FIC_HOME=<Service_Deployed_Area>
MINHEAP=32m
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$SERVICES_ROOT/lib:$ORACLE_HOME/lib:$LD_LIBRARY_
PATH
PLATFORM=`uname -i`
if [ "$PLATFORM" = "x86_64" ]; then
MAXHEAP=10000m
else
MAXHEAP=10000m
fi
export MINHEAP MAXHEAP
export MINHEAP MAXHEAP
export KDD_PRODUCT_HOME=$SERVICES_ROOT
export KDD_HOME=$SERVICES_ROOT
```

**5.** Restart the tomcat server.

#### For WebLogic:

- 1. Explode the mantasServ.war under the desired WebLogic Domain.
- Restart the WebLogic server and install the mantasServ.war application. Replace the Path for "kdd.xml.catalog" and "log.mantaslog.location" in the install.cfg file located under <Service Deployed Area>/solution/services/mantas cfg.
  - kdd.xml.catalog=<Service Deployed Area>/solution/services/share/xml/catalog.xml
  - ? log.mantaslog.location=<Service Deployed
    Area/solution/services/logs</pre>
- 3. Copy the below contents into the setDomainEnv.sh located under \$WL\_HOME/user\_ projects/domains/<user\_domain>/bin/setDomainEnv.sh after replacing the place holders (<Service\_Deployed\_Area>, <Oracle\_Home> and <TNS\_Admin\_Home>).

```
SERVICES_ROOT=<Service_Deployed_Area>/solution/services
export TNS_ADMIN=<TNS_Admin_Home>
export ORACLE_HOME=<Oracle_Home>
export FIC_HOME=<Service_Deployed_Area>
MINHEAP=32m
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$SERVICES_ROOT/lib:$ORACLE_HOME/lib:$LD_LIBRARY_
PATH
PLATFORM=`uname -i`
if [ "$PLATFORM" = "x86_64" ]; then
MAXHEAP=10000m
else
MAXHEAP=1800m
fi
```

```
export MINHEAP MAXHEAP
export KDD_PRODUCT_HOME=$SERVICES_ROOT
export KDD_HOME=$SERVICES_ROOT
```

4. Restart the WebLogic server and install the mantasServ.war application.

#### For WebSphere:

- 1. Deploy mantasServ.war in the WebSphere server. Do not start the mantasServ application.
- In the IBM console, navigate to Enterprise Applications > mantasServ\_war > Manage modules > mantasServ.war. Set the Class Loader Order to "Classes loaded with local class loader first (parent last)"
- 3. Replace the Path for "kdd.xml.catalog" and "log.mantaslog.location" in the install.cfg file located under <Service\_Deployed\_Area>/solution/services/mantas\_cfg.
- kdd.xml.catalog=<Service Deployed Area>/solution/services/share/xml/catalog.xml
- log.mantaslog.location=<Service Deployed Area>/solution/services/logs
- 4. Copy the following contents into the .profile file (create a .profile file if it is not already existing) of the user after replacing the place holders (<Service Deployed Area>, <TNS Admin Home> and <Oracle Home>).

SERVICES ROOT=<Service Deployed Area>/solution/services

export TNS\_ADMIN=<TNS Admin Home>

export ORACLE\_HOME=<Oracle Home>

export FIC\_HOME=<Service Deployed Area>

MINHEAP=32m

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$SERVICES_ROOT/lib:$ORACLE_HOME/lib:$LD_LIBRARY_
PATH
```

PLATFORM=`uname -i`

MAXHEAP=10000m

export MINHEAP MAXHEAP

export KDD\_PRODUCT\_HOME=\$SERVICES\_ROOT

export KDD\_HOME=\$SERVICES\_ROOT

- 5. Shutdown the WebSphere server and exit the putty.
- 6. Execute the .profile.
- 7. Start the WebSphere server.
- 8. Start the mantasServ application (if not started automatically).

To access the Post Alert Service, use the URL: <protocol>://<Server>:<port>/mantasServ/services/AlertManagementService **Note:** Update the proper LD LIBRARY PATH based on your OS,

• For Linux:

export LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH=\$SERVICES\_ROOT/lib:\$ORACLE\_ HOME/lib:\$LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH

• For Solaris SPARC:

export LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH=/usr/lib/lwp:\$SERVICES\_ ROOT/lib:\$ORACLE\_ HOME/lib:/usr/ucblib/sparcv9:/scratch/JAVA\_7/jdk1.7.0\_ 75/jre/lib/sparcv9/server:/scratch/JAVA\_7/jdk1.7.0\_ 75/jre/lib/sparcv9:/scratch/JAVA\_7/jdk1.7.0\_ 75/jre/lib/sparcv9/native\_ threads:/usr/local/lib/sparcv9:/scratch/JAVA\_ 7/jdk1.7.0\_75/jre/lib/:\$LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH

• For AIX:

export LIBPATH=\$SERVICES\_ROOT/lib:\$ORACLE\_ HOME/lib:\$JAVA\_HOME/jre/bin:\$JAVA\_ HOME/jre/bin/j9vm:\$JAVA\_HOME/jre/lib/ppc64:\$LIBPATH

• For Solaris x86:

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/usr/lib/lwp:$SERVICES_
ROOT/lib:$ORACLE_
HOME/lib:/usr/ucblib/amd64:/scratch/oracle/JRE7/jre1.7
.0_75/lib/amd64/server:/scratch/oracle/JRE7/jre1.7.0_
75/lib/amd64:/scratch/oracle/JRE7/jre1.7.0_
75/lib/amd64/native_
threads:/usr/local/lib/amd64:/scratch/oracle/JRE7/jre1
.7.0_75/lib/:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
```

## Installing Scenario Manager

This section provides the general steps to install the OFS BD Scenario Manager software, along with a reference to the specific section and page where the tasks are explained.

Installing the Scenario Manager involves the following procedures:

- . Verifying the Pre-installation Requirements
- . Installing the Scenario Manager on the Workstation
- . Canceling the Scenario Manager Installation Program
- Accessing the Scenario Manager
- . Configuring JAVA HOME and JDBC URL

### Verifying the Pre-installation Requirements

Before you install the OFSBD Scenario Manager on the Windows workstation, verify the following information:

- Verifying Prerequisite Third-Party Software Installation
- Verifying Values for the Scenario Manager Installation Program

**Note:** Install and configure OFS BD application completely before you install the Scenario Manager software.

### Verifying Prerequisite Third-Party Software Installation

Before installing the OFS BD Scenario Manager, verify that the third-party software defined in Table 6–1 is installed and configured on the workstation.

OFS BD application supports the third-party software identified in following table.

Table 6–1Prerequisite Third-Party Software Products for the Scenario ManagerWorkstation

Component	Product	Version	Vendor
Operating System	Windows 7		Microsoft
Java	JRE, Standard Edition with HotSpot	1.8	Sun

#### Verifying Values for the Scenario Manager Installation Program

To prepare for the OFS BD Scenario Manager installation program's requests for information, use the pre-installation checklist in Table 6–2 to verify the database connection information, provide the user and owner names to the Scenario Manager Installation Program.

Item	Description	Example Value	Your Value
OFS BD Installation Directory	Directory on the workstation where you want to install the Scenario Manager.	C:\Oracle Scenario Manager	Microsoft
Database Client	Oracle Client 11g Release 2 (11.2.0.3.0+) - 64 bit Oracle Client 12c Release 1 (12.1.0.1.0+) - (4 bit	N/A	N/A
Service Name/ SID	(12.1.0.1.0+) - 64 bit Service Name/ SID for the instance. This is often the same as the database name.	ORA_PROD	Sun
KDD Schema Database Owner	KDD Schema Database owner's name.	Value for kdd_ schema_owner	
Alert Management Schema Database Owner Name	Mantas Schema Database owner's name.	Value for mantas_ schema_owner	
Database server name	Name of the server that the database resides on.	prod_server	
KDD Miner User Name	KDD Miner user's name.	Value for tools_user	
JRE Home	Directory name of your JRE 1.7 server installation	C:\apps\jre1.7	
Maximum Java Virtual Machine Memory	UsageMaximum amount of Java Virtual Machine (JVM) memory available for the Scenario Manager.	64	
Program Group Name	Name of the Windows Program Group where you want to install the Scenario Manager.	Financial Crime and Compliance Management Scenario Manager	

 Table 6–2
 Scenario Manager Pre-installation Checklist

**Note:** Any path that includes spaces should be entered with double quotes, for example, C:\Program Files\JRE 1.8.

### Installing the Scenario Manager on the Workstation

The OFS BD Scenario Manager Installation program installs the Scenario Manager using a series of screens that prompt you for the information relevant to local installation and interface with the other subsystems of OFS BD application.

The following procedures group the installation program into high-level categories:

- Starting the Installation
- Completing the Pre-installation Questions
- . Completing the Database Information
- . Completing the Environment Information
- . Completing the Installation

**Note:** You can cancel the installation from any screen in the installation program. See Canceling the Scenario Manager Installation Program, for more information.

#### Starting the Installation

To start the OFS BD Scenario Manager installation, follow these steps:

- 1. Copy the ScenarioManager.exe file from OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFS\_BD/bin to the windows machine.
- **2.** Locate file through Windows Explorer and double-click the ScenarioManager.exe file. The Scenario Manager Installation program opens and displays the Introductory screen.
- **3.** Proceed to completing the Pre-installation Questions.

#### Completing the Pre-installation Questions

To complete the pre-installation questions, follow these steps:

1. In the Introductory screen, click Ok.

**Note:** This screen serves as a reminder that you must have the appropriate version of Windows installed prior to the execution of the Scenario Manager Installation program.

2. Click Next.

The OFS BD Scenario Manager Installation Directory screen displays.

- **3.** Do one of the following:
  - a. Click Next to accept the default destination for OFS BD software installation.

The Database Type screen displays. Proceed to the Completing the Database Information.

**b.** Click **Choose** to select an installation directory different from the displayed default location, and select the directory to which you want to install the Scenario Manager.

- 4. Click Next.
  - **a.** If you do not have write permission to the chosen installation folder, an installation error message displays.

Click **OK**. You return to the OFS BD Scenario Manager Installation Directory screen and do one of the following:

- **a.** Give the path of different installation directory which have write permission.
- **b.** Give the write permission to the given installation directory.
- **b.** If you have write permission to the selected directory, the Database Type screen displays.
- 5. Proceed to the Completing the Database Information.

#### **Completing the Database Information**

To complete the database information, follow these steps:

- 1. Click Oracle in the Database Type screen.
- 2. Click Next.
- **3.** Enter the Oracle database connection string for OFS BD application in the text box of the Oracle Database Connection String screen.
- 4. Click Next.

Then enter the Name of Server that Oracle Database Resides On screen displays.

**Note:** By default, Scenario Manager installer assumes the default database port as 1521. This port can be changed by editing install.cfg file under the path: <Scenario Manager Installer Directory>\behavior\_detection\toolkit\mantas\_cfg

5. Type the following in their respective text boxes:

# Table 6–3 Prerequisite Third-Party Software Products for the Scenario Manager Workstation Presented of the Scenario Manager

Component Product Version Vendor	<enter (kdd_schema_owner)="" for="" name="" user=""></enter>				
The Firm Schema database owner's name.	<enter (mantas_schema_owner)="" for="" name="" user=""></enter>				
The KDD Miner user's name.	<enter (tools_user)="" for="" name="" user=""></enter>				

**Note:** See the file OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_OUTPUT.XML located at <OFS BD Installed Directory>/schema\_creator folder for schema names written against the variables provided in brackets of respective schema.

**Note**: Do not clean up the OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_OUTPUT . XML file post-installation as it would be required in future patch installations and upgrades.

6. Click Next.

The Java Runtime Environment Home screen displays.

Proceed to Completing the Environment Information, procedure.

### **Completing the Environment Information**

To complete the user information, follow these steps:

1. In the Java Runtime Environment home screen, click Next.

The Maximum Java Virtual Machine Memory Usage screen displays.

- **2.** Select the option that represents the maximum JVM memory available for use by the Scenario Manager.
- 3. Click Next.

The Program Group Name screen displays.

- **4.** Type the Program Name: the name of the Windows Program Group where you want to install the Scenario Manager.
- 5. Click Next.

The Pre-installation Summary screen displays.

Proceed to Completing the Installation.

### **Completing the Installation**

To complete the installation, follow these steps:

1. Click Install in the Pre-installation Summary screen.

The Installing screen displays; the Installation Complete screen follows.

2. Click Done to complete the installation of the Scenario Manager.

## Canceling the Scenario Manager Installation Program

You can cancel the installation of Scenario Manager at any time during installation from any screen in the OFSBDP installation program. However, canceling the installation program results in partial installation of the OFSBDP components, depending on when you cancel the installation.

Use these conditions to help you determine when to cancel the OFSBDP Scenario Manager installation:

- If you click Cancel before or on the Installing screen, you do not leave a partial OFSBDP installation. You can execute the installation program again as though you are installing for the first time.
- If you click Cancel during the installation of components, when the software is placed on the workstation, a partial installation results. You must manually remove all files from the file system in the OFSBDP installation directory chosen during installation.

To cancel the OFSBDP Scenario Manager installation, follow these steps:

1. Click Cancel.

The Cancel Installation screen displays.

2. Click Quit.

## Configuring JAVA HOME and JDBC URL

To configure JAVA HOME, follow these steps:

1. Open the folder where the Scenario Manager is installed on the desktop and navigate to the path:

```
<INSTALLED_DIRECTORY>\behavior_detection\toolkit\bin
```

2. Set JAVA HOME as ur JRE path in the kddstart.bat file.

For example, set JAVA\_HOME="C:\Program Files\Java\_7\jre1.7.0\_65"

To update the JDBC URL,

- Navigate to the path: <INSTALLED\_DIRECTORY>\behavior\_ detection\toolkit\mantas\_cfg
- 2. Open the file install.cfg
- 3. Update the JDBC URL if the existing one is incorrect.

## **Configuring Scenario Manager**

To configure Scenario Manager, follow these steps:

1. Open the folder where the Scenario Manager is installed on the desktop and navigate to the path:

<INSTALLED DIRECTORY>\behavior\_detection\toolkit\lib

Replace the jar file

'xml-apis-2.10.0.jar' with the latest file from the path

/ficweb/webroot/WEB-INF/lib

2. Edit the kddtool.bat file in the following location:

<INSTALLED DIRECTORY>\behavior detection\toolkit\bin\kddtool.bat

Replace the line set:

j§XML\_APIS\_JAR=%LIBDIR%\xml-apis.jar;"

with

j§set XML\_APIS\_JAR=%LIBDIR%\xml-apis-2.10.0.jarj"

Close and restart the Scenario Manager application

- 3. Copy KDDtools.jar from ##FIC\_HOME/ficweb/WEB\_INF/lib ## and to be placed at <INSTALLED\_DIRECTORY>\Oracle\_Mantas\_Platform\behavior\_ detection\toolkit\lib\
- 4. Copy the log4j-core-2.8.2.jar,log4j-api-2.8.2.jar, xalan.jar, xerces.jar jars from <FIC\_HOME>/ficweb/WEB\_INF/lib' to '<INSTALLED\_ DIRECTORY>\Oracle Mantas Platform\behavior detection\toolkit\lib
- 5. To access the Scenario Manager application, double-click the kddtool.bat file from the <INSTALLED DIRECTORY>\behavior detection\toolkit\bin\ path.

### Accessing the Scenario Manager

After the installation is successfully completed you can access Scenario Manager.

To access Scenario Manager through the Windows Start menu, follow these steps:

1. Click Start, point to Programs, and then click the OFSBDP Scenario Manager menu option.

#### 2. Click Scenario Manager.

The Scenario Manager application launches and the Login dialog box displays.

- **3.** Enter your user ID and password into the appropriate fields. This userID and password are same as OFS BD atomic schema's userID and password.
- 4. Click Login.

## **Configuring Big Data Processing**

This section is not applicable if you have enabled **Financial Services Big Data Processing** during the installation of OFSAAI 8.0.2.0.0 full installer. Follow instructions in this section if you intend to enable Big Data Processing.

## Copying KEYTAB and KRB5 Files in OFSAAI

A Keytab is a file containing pairs of Kerberos principals and encrypted keys (these are derived from the Kerberos password). The krb5.conf file contains Kerberos configuration information, including the locations of KDCs and admin servers for the Kerberos realms of interest, defaults for the current realm and for Kerberos applications, and mappings of hostnames onto Kerberos realms.

If the Authentication is configured as KERBEROS\_WITH\_KEYTAB for the Hive database, then you must use the Keytab file to login to Kerberos.

Generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server.

Restart the Web Application Server and the OFSAAAI Application Server. For more information, see to the *Start/Stop Infrastructure Services* section in Appendix D.

## **Deploying Analytic Reports and Threshold Analyzer**

This section explains how to deploy Analytics on Oracle Business Intelligence Enterprise Edition (OBIEE) and integrate Analytic Reports and Threshold Analyzer in the OFS BD user interface.

This section includes the following topics:

- Installing OBIEE Server
- Installing OBIEE Windows Administration Client
- . Disabling the Cache Feature in OBIEE Server
- Change Default Repository Password
- Configuring OBIEE Connection Pool
- Deploying OFS BD Report Analytics
- Creating Application Role (Only for OBIEE 11.1.1.9.0)
- . Configuring TreeMap Graph
- . Disable Single Sign On
- Post Installation Steps
- Accessing Reports through OFS BD Application

### Installing OBIEE Server

To install the Oracle Business Intelligence Enterprise Edition (OBIEE) server, see *Oracle Business Intelligence Enterprise Edition (12.2.1.3.0)*. After installation, get the Enterprise Manager URL, Username, Password, and OBIEE installed directory from the system administrator. For OBIEE server 11.1.1.9.0, see Oracle® Business Intelligence Applications Installation Guide 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0).

## Installing OBIEE Windows Administration Client

To install the OBIEE repository administration client for Windows machine, see *Oracle Business Intelligence Enterprise Edition (12.2.1.3.0)*. For OBIEE server 11.1.1.9.0, see Oracle® Business Intelligence Applications Installation Guide 11g Release 1 (11.1.1.9.0).

The OBIEE repository administration client can be downloaded from running OBIEE setup from the following URL:

<protocol>://<OBIEE Server Name>:<OBIEE Analytics port>/analytics

From LHS menu, click Download BI Desktop tools under the Most Popular section.

## **Disabling the Cache Feature in OBIEE Server**

## OBIEE 12.2.1.3.0:

Login to the Enterprise Manager and perform the following steps:

- 1. Click the Target Navigation icon
- 2. Expand the Business Intelligence section and then click biinstance.
- **3.** Click the **Configuration** tab.
- 4. Click the Lock icon and then click Lock & Edit to enable the Cache Enabled check box.
- **5.** Under the Enable BI Server Cache section, deselect the Cache Enabled check box and make the required changes
- 6. Click the Lock icon and then click Release Configuration to save the changes made.

### Figure 6–1 Disabling the Cache Feature in OBIEE Server (12.2.1.3.0)

ORACLE Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control 12c	👫 WebLogic Domain 🔻 🗰 weblogic 💌 🚥
t biinstance O	🙆 v 🖂 v
Business Intelligence Instance v	Dec 14, 2016 2:47:10 PM IST ()
Confirmation The edit session lock has been acquired. No pending changes exist.	×
() Information All configuration changes require the BI Instance restart to take effect.	
Overview Availability Configuration Diagnostics Security	
General Performance Presentation Mail	
Performance Options	Apply A
Use this page to tune the performance of this BI Instance.	
Enable BI Server Cache	User Session Expiry
Enabling the server cache can greatly improve performance by enabling users who share data visibility to retrieve row sets from queries that have already been run at the cost of the possibility of seeing stale data.	Reducing the user session expiry time will increase performance as resources associated with the session can be released to service new requests. The downside is that users will be required to log in more frequently and can lose transient session state.
Cache enabled	Expiry Time 210 A V Minutes
Maximum cache entry size 20 ^ V MB	
Maximum cache entries 1000 🔺 🤟	Maximum Number of Rows Processed when Rendering a Table View This setting limits how much data is retrieved from the BI Server and processed. The default value is 65000. Reducing the maximum number of rows processed can significantly inprove performance by reducing the system resources that can be consumed by a given user session.
Global Cache	Number Of Rows 65000 A
These settings apply to the cache when the BI server is clustered.	
Global cache path	Maximum Number of Rows to Download
Global cache size 0 ^ V MB	Use this box to specify the number of rows in a view that can be downloaded (to thmi, mhtmi, pdf, excel, etc.) The default value is 2500. Reducing the maximum number of rows that can be downloaded can improve performance where exports are common.
RPD Updates	Number Of Rows 2500 A V
	*

## OBIEE 11.1.1.9.0:

Login to the Enterprise Manager and perform the following steps:

- 1. Expand the Business Intelligence section and then click **coreapplication**.
- 2. Click the Capacity Management tab.
- 3. Under that tab, click the **Performance** tab.
- 4. Click Lock and Edit Configuration to disable the Cache feature.
- 5. Clear the Cache Enabled check box.
- 6. Click Apply.
- 7. Click Activate Changes. The confirmation window is displayed.
- 8. Click Close.

#### Figure 6–2 Disabling the Cache Feature in OBIEE Server (11.1.1.9.0)

ORACLE Enterprise	Man	ager 11g Fusion Middleware Control	Setup 🕶 He
📲 Farm 🗸			
		û coreapplication ⊕ ⊘ Busness Intelligence Instance →	Logged in Page Refreshed Mar 1, 2017 11+40.
▷       Application Deployments         ▷       WebLogic Domain         ▽       Business Intelligence         ⊙       correapplication         ▷       Essbase Servers		Change Center: Activate Changes Release Configuration Restart to apply recert changes Overview Availability Capacity Management Diagnostics Security Deployment Metrics Scalability Performance	
▷ 🛅 Metadata Repositories		Performance Options Use this page to ture the performance of this BI Instance.	Apply
	ł	Enable BI Server Cache Enabling the server cache can greatly improve performance by enabling users who share data visibility to retrieve row sets from queries that have already been run at the cost of the possibility of seeing stale data.	User Session Expiry Reducing the user session expiry time will increase performance as resources associated with the session can be released to serv new requests. The downside is that users will be required to log in more frequently and can lose transient session state. Expiry Time 210 [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []
		Maximum cache entry size 20 (* MB 🗸 Maximum cache entries 1000 (*	Maximum Number of Rows Processed when Rendering a Table View This setting limits how much data is retrieved from the BI Server and processed. The default value is 65000, Reducing the maximum number of rows processed can significantly involve performance by reducing the system resources that can be
		Global Cache These settings apply to the cache when the BI server is dustered. Global cache path	consumed by a given user session. Number Of Rows 65000
		Global cache size 20 WB V	Maximum Number of Rows to Download Use this box to specify the number of rows in a view that can be downloaded (to html, mhtml, pdf, excel, etc.) The default value 2500. Reducing the maximum number of rows that can be downloaded can improve performance where exports are common
		Disallowing RPD updates can increase performance.	Number Of Rows 2500 🛱
			Maximum Number of Rows Per Page to Include Use this how to specify the number of rows per page to include in deliveries sent via Delivers agents. The default value is 75. Reducing the maximum number of rows in delivered content can improve performance by reducing the system resources requires to process these agents.

### Change Default Repository Password

### OBIEE 12.2.1.3.0:

Copy FCCM806.rpd from \$FIC\_HOME/OBIEE/Repository to the Windows machine where the OBIEE Windows administration client is installed.

To change the default password for the repository follow these steps:

- 1. Open the Repository using the OBIEE Windows administration client from Windows machine. From the File menu, select Open and click Offline. Browse to the Repository on Windows machine. The Oracle BI Administration Tool FCCM806.rpd windows is displayed.
- 2. Enter default Repository password: FCCM\$806

To change the default password, follow these steps:

- 1. From File menu, choose Change Password.
- 2. Enter the new password and click **OK**.

#### OBIEE 11.1.1.9.0:

Copy FCCM806.rpd from \$FIC\_HOME/OBIEE/Repository to the Windows machine where the OBIEE Windows administration client is installed.

To change the default password for the repository, follow these steps:

- Open the Repository using the OBIEE Windows administration client from Windows machine. From the File menu, select Open and click Offline. Browse to the Repository on Windows machine. The Oracle BI Administration Tool - FCCM806.rpd windows is displayed.
- 2. Enter default Repository password: FCCM\$806

To change the default password, follow these steps:

- 1. From File menu, choose Change Password.
- 2. Enter the new password and click OK.

## Configuring OBIEE Connection Pool

#### OBIEE 12.2.1.3.0:

To configure the Connection Pool of the repository, follow these steps:

- Open the same Repository (as in the previous step) on the Windows machine. The Oracle BI Administration Tool - FCCM806.rpd windows is displayed.
- 2. Expand the FCCM folder in the Physical section.
- 3. Double-click Connection Pool to open the Connection Pool Properties window.
- 4. Enter the following in the Data Source Name text box of the Connection Pool Properties window after modifying <Database Server Host Name> and <Database Name> Data Source Name = (DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)(HOST=<Database Server HostName>)(PORT=1521))(CONNECT\_DATA=(SERVER=DEDICATED) (SERVICE\_NAME=<Database Name>)))
- 5. Enter the Atomic Schema user in the User name text box.
- 6. Enter the Atomic Schema user password in the Password text box.
- 7. Click OK.
- 8. Expand the folder and test connection for any one table name by Right Click > view data.
- **9.** Perform similar changes in the Connection Pools for all remaining folders in the Physical Layer by providing the following schema details for all Connection Pools:
  - 2 KYC Analytics >Atomic Schema

**Note:** Initial block and connection pool: both should point towards the atomic schema.

- $_{?}$  UIC 73 > CaseMng connection pool ->Atomic Schema
- UIC\_73 > Security connection pool->Atomic Schema
- $_{?}$  TA > Atomic Schema
- 2 CTRBI-> Atomic Schema
- 2 ORCL->Atomic Schema

- **10.** Select **Save** option from the File menu. The following message is displayed: *Do you want to check global consistency*?.
- **11.** Click **Yes**. The following message is displayed: *Consistency check didn't find any errors, warning or best practices violations*.
- 12. Click OK.

#### OBIEE 11.1.1.9.0:

To configure the Connection Pool of the repository, follow these steps:

- 1. Open the same Repository (as in the previous step) on the Windows machine. The Oracle BI Administration Tool FCCM806.rpd windows is displayed.
- 2. Expand the FCCM folder in the Physical section.
- 3. Double-click Connection Pool to open the Connection Pool Properties window.
- 4. Enter the following in the Data Source Name text box of the Connection PoolProperties window after modifying <Database Server Host Name> and <Database Name> Data Source Name =(DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)(HOST=<Database Server HostName>)(PORT=1521))(CONNECT\_DATA=(SERVER=DEDICATED) (SERVICE\_NAME=<Database Name>)))
- 5. Enter the Atomic Schema user in the User name text box.
- 6. Enter the Atomic Schema user password in the Password text box.
- 7. Click OK.
- 8. Expand the folder and test connection for any one table name by Right Click > View data.
- **9.** Perform similar changes in the Connection Pools for all remaining folders in the Physical Layer by providing the following schema details for all Connection Pools:
  - KYC1.1DEV-179 >Atomic Schema

**Note:** Initial block and connection pool: both should point towards the atomic schema.

- 2 UIC\_73 > CaseMng connection pool ->Atomic Schema
- <sup>2</sup> UIC\_73 > Security connection pool->Atomic Schema
- $_{?}$  TA > Atomic Schema
- 2 CTRBI-> Atomic Schema
- ? ORCL->Atomic Schema
- FCCM > Atomic Schema
- **10.** Select **Save** option from the File menu. The following message is displayed: *Do you want to check global consistency*?.
- **11.** Click **Yes**. The following message is displayed: *Consistency check didn't find any errors, warning or best practices violations.*
- 12. Click OK

## Deploying OFS BD Report Analytics

#### OBIEE 12.2.1.3.0:

To deploy Analytic Reports, follow these steps:

 Change the value in Nqsconfig.ini file located at <FMW\_HOME>/user\_ projects/domains/bi/config/fmwconfig/biconfig/OBIS

From EVALUATE\_SUPPORT\_LEVEL = 0;

To EVALUATE SUPPORT LEVEL =2;

 Update the instanceconfig.xml file present in <obiee\_home>/user\_ projects/domains/bi/config/fmwconfig/biconfig/OBIPS location as detailed here.

#### **Replace the following script:**

<Security>

<!--This Configuration setting is managed by Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control-->

<ClientSessionExpireMinutes>210</ClientSessionExpireMinutes>

</Security>

#### With the following:

<Security>

<!--This Configuration setting is managed by Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control-->

<ClientSessionExpireMinutes>210</ClientSessionExpireMinutes>

<InIFrameRenderingMode>allow</InIFrameRenderingMode>

<EnableSavingContentWithHTML>true</EnableSavingContentWithHTML>

</Security>

- **3.** Copy the FCCM806.rpd file in the working directory.
- 4. Navigate to the working directory and execute the following script:

```
<obiee_home>/user_
projects/domains/bi/bitools/bin/datamodel.sh uploadrpd -I
FCCM806.rpd -SI ssi -U <user> -P <password>
```

**5.** Restart OBIEE server from Enterprise Manager by following these steps: (see figure Restarting OBIEE Server)

6. Click the Target Navigation icon

-

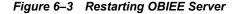
- 7. Expand the Business Intelligence securon and then click biinstance.
- **8.** Click the Availability tab.
- 9. Click Stop All.
- **10.** Copy the file FCCM\_ANALYTICS.bar in the same working directory and execute the following script:

<obiee home>/oracle common/common/bin/wlst.sh

**11.** A new prompt wls:/offline> is displayed. Execute the following script:

```
importServiceInstance('<obiee_home>/user_
projects/domains/bi','ssi','<Working directory>/FCCM_
ANALYTICS.bar',importRpd=false,importWebcat=true,importJazn=t
rue,includeCredentials=None)
```

12. Click Start All.



biinstance 0					
Business Intelligence Instance	,				
Confirmation The edit session lock has been acquir	ed. No pen	nding changes exist.			
nformation Il configuration changes require the	BI Instance	e restart to take effect.			
view Availability Configuration	Diagnostic	s Security			
rocesses Failover					
rocesses	Restart All Status	P. CALLER THE REAL PROPERTY	Port	top Selected Note	Restart Selected
FOCESSES	Status	P. CALLER THE REAL PROPERTY			Restart Selected
FOCESSES  Start All Stop All C F Name		P. CALLER THE REAL PROPERTY			Restart Selected
Start All       Stop All       Image: Stop All         Name         Image: Image: All Image: Stop All Image:	Status	Host	Port		Restart Selected
Start All       Stop All       €         Name       ▲       ➡ BI Presentation Services         →       objps1	Status	Host	Port		Restart Selected
Start All       Stop All       €       F         Name       Image: Stop All Stop All       €       F       F         Image: Stop All All Stop All Stop All Stop All All Stop All All Stop All Stop All Stop All Stop All Stop All All All All All All All All All Al	Status	Host	Port		Restart Selected

#### OBIEE 11.1.1.9.0:

To deploy Analytic Reports, follow these steps:

 Stop Oracle Process Manager and Notification Server (OPMN) services by executing the following command from <OBIEE Installed Directory>/instances/instance1/bin

./opmnctl stopall

2. Change the value in Nqsconfig.ini file located at <FMW\_ HOME>/instances/instance1/config/OracleBIServerComponent/core application obis1/ directory

From EVALUATE SUPPORT LEVEL = 0;

To EVALUATE\_SUPPORT\_LEVEL=2;

- **3.** Login into Enterprise Manager, click the Business Intelligence folder on the left hand side and select **coreapplication**, and then click the **Deployment** tab.
- 4. Click the **Repository** tab.
- 5. Click the Lock and Edit Configuration tab. The confirmation window is displayed.
- 6. Click Close.
- **7.** In the Upload BI Server Repository Section, browse the repository file from the Windows machine.

- **8.** Enter the new repository password in the Repository Password and Confirm Password text boxes.
- 9. In BI Presentation Catalog section, provide the Catalog Location as <OBIEE Installed Directory>/instances/instance1/bifoundation/OracleBIPresentat

```
ionServicesComponent/coreapplication_
obips1/catalog/ANALYTICS_REPORT
```

- 10. Click Apply.
- 11. Click Activate Changes. The confirmation window is displayed.
- 12. Click Close.
- Modify <obiee\_home>/user\_ projects/domains/bi/config/fmwconfig/biconfig/OBIPS/instanceconfig.xml as the following

From

<Security>

<!--This Configuration setting is managed by Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control-->

<ClientSessionExpireMinutes>210</ClientSessionExpireMinutes>

</Security>

То

<Security>

<!--This Configuration setting is managed by Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control-->

<ClientSessionExpireMinutes>210</ClientSessionExpireMinutes>

<InIFrameRenderingMode>allow</InIFrameRenderingMode>

</Security>

14. Open the Catalog Manager and access analytics URL as follows:

http://<host>:<port>/analytics/saw.dll

- **15.** Expand **Catalog Root** in LHS menu. Expand Shared Folders. Delete all the contents under Shared Folders.
- **16.** Navigate to File->Unarchive->Browse. Select FCCM\_ANALYTICS.catalog from window machine. Click OK.

### Creating Application Role (Only for OBIEE 11.1.1.9.0)

This section is applicable only for OBIEE 11.1.1.9.0. Follow these steps for creating Application Role:

- **1.** Login to OBIEE installed command prompt.
  - Change the directory cd <<OBIEE Installation Path>>/Oracle\_ BI1/common/bin

For example, cd /scratch/Obiee11g/Oracle BI1/common/bin

 Copy CreateAppRoles.py file from the location <FIC\_HOME>/OBIEE/catalog to aforementioned path and execute the following command: ./wlst.sh "CreateAppRoles.py" <<admin user>> <<admin
password>> t3://<<server ip or server host>>:<<console port>>
For example: ./wlst.sh "CreateAppRoles.py" WebLogic WebLogic123

3. Once the role has been created, remove the file CreateAppRoles.py.

## Configuring TreeMap Graph

To configure the TreeMap Graph, follow these steps:

t3://ofss232465.in.oracle.com:7001

- **1.** Login to OBIEE server.
- **2.** Navigate to OBIEE Home.

**Note:** OBIEE Home is the OBIEE installed path.

**3.** Execute the following command:

cd <obiee home>

4. Execute the following command to find the available treemap-canvas.js:

find -name treemap-canvas.js

Four different files, all named treemap-canvas.js are displayed.

- **5.** Back up these four files.
- 6. Edit window.top.console to console in these four files and save.

### Disable Single Sign On

Execute the following to disable Single Sign On:

```
<obiee_Home>/oracle_common/common/bin/wlst.sh
disableBISingleSignOn('<obiee_Home>/user_projects/domains/bi')
```

### Post Installation Steps

After installing the OBIEE server, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in as OFS BD Admin User with valid username and password. The OFS BD Home page is displayed.
- Click FCCM and then click the Administration Menu and select the Manage Parameters and click Manage Common Parameters.
- 3. Choose Parameter Category as UI and Parameter Name as OBIEE.
- 4. Set Attribute 2 Value = <PROTOCOL>://<OBIEE\_SERVER\_NAME>:<PORT>

**Note:** <PROTOCOL> is the web page access PROTOCOL (http or https) and <OBIEE\_SERVER\_NAME> is the FQN (fully qualified name)/host name of the server, where OBIEE is installed.

<PORT> is the PORT number used in OBIEE installation. It may change based on the OBIEE version. Enter the correct PORT number if it is not 9704.

Placeholder variables are mentioned between angle brackets. Update the placeholders with actual value.

**5.** Verify Attribute 4 Value. It must be the OFS BD application URL. If the same OFS BD application is deployed on different machines, then modify the OFS BD Application URL in Attribute 4 Value appropriately.

## Accessing Reports through OFS BD Application

For more information on Accessing Reports, see the Alert Management User Guide.

## Installing RAOR Service

**Note:** This is applicable only for KYC.

To install RAOR service, follow these steps:

- 1. Creating RAOR.ear/ RAOR.war
- 2. Deploying RAOR.ear in WebLogic
- 3. Deploying RAOR.ear in WebSphere
- 4. Deploying RAOR.war in Tomcat

**Note:** For information on IPE configurations, such as JMS connection factory and JMS queue, see the OFS Inline Processing Engine Configuration Guide.

## Creating RAOR.ear/ RAOR.war

It is mandatory to have the RAOR.ear in the same profile or domain where the <contextname>.ear file of the OFS BD Application is deployed. To create RAOR.ear/ RAOR.war, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to < OFSAA Installation Directory >/raor\_processing
- **2.** Execute the command:

./ant.sh.

Figure 6–4 Creating RAOR.ear/ RAOR.war



**3.** On successful execution, the RAOR.ear and RAOR.war files are generated under the <OFSAA Installation Directory >/raor processing/ folder.

## Deploying RAOR.ear in WebLogic

This section defines how to deploy RAOR.ear in WebLogic.

**Note:** It is mandatory to have RAOR.ear in the same domain where <contextname>.ear of the OFS BD Application is deployed.

To deploy RAOR.ear in WebLogic, follow these steps:

- 1. Start the WebLogic server.
- Create an RAOR.ear folder in <WEBLOGIC\_INSTALL\_DIR>/user\_ projects/domains/<DOMAIN NAME>/applications

```
Copy <FIC_HOME>/raor_processing/RAOR.ear to <WEBLOGIC_INSTALL_
DIR>/user_projects/domains/<DOMAIN_
NAME>/applications/RAOR.ear/
```

3. Explode the RAOR.ear file by executing the command:

jar -xvf RAOR.ear

- 4. Delete the RAOR.ear and RAOR.war files.
- Create an RAOR.war folder in <WEBLOGIC\_INSTALL\_DIR>/user\_ projects/domains/<DOMAIN\_NAME>/applications/RAOR.ear
- 6. Copy <FIC\_HOME>/raor\_processing/RAOR.war to <WEBLOGIC\_INSTALL\_ DIR>/user\_projects/domains/<DOMAIN\_ NAME>/applications/RAOR.ear/RAOR.war
- 7. Explode the RAOR. war file by executing the command:

jar -xvf RAOR.war

- 8. In the <WEBLOGIC\_INSTALL\_DIR>/user\_ projects/domains/<DomainName>/applications/ROAR.ear/RAOR.war/WEB-INF path, make the following changes in the log4j.xml file:
  - <sup>2</sup> Change the debug value to True as shown below:

```
<log4j:configuration
xmlns:log4j="http://jakarta.apache.org/log4j/"debug="True">
```

2 Change the level value to Debug as shown below:

```
<logger name="org.springframework">
<level value="DEBUG"/>
</logger>
<logger name="com.ofs.aai">
<level value="DEBUG"/>
</logger>
```

9. In the <WEBLOGIC\_INSTALL\_DIR>/user\_projects/domains/<Domain
 Name>/applications/ROAR.ear/RAOR.war/conf path, provide a working watch list

URL in the WatchList.wsdl file. For example, <PROTOCOL:/HOSTNAME:PORT/mantas/services/WatchListService</pre>

10. In the <WEBLOGIC\_INSTALL\_DIR>/user\_projects/domains/<Domain Name>/applications/ROAR.ear/RAOR.war/conf/ext path, update the raor.auth.role property in the spring-raor.properties file with the required role name. For example, KYCADMIN.

This step is required in order to authorize a role name for RAOR. You must also map this role to the user who is hitting the RAOR service. For example, KYCADMIN1.

11. In the <WEBLOGIC\_INSTALL\_DIR>/user\_projects/domains/<Domain Name>/applications/ROAR.ear/RAOR.war/conf path, update the aai.auth.url property in the install.properties file with the AAI authentication URL. For example, aai.auth.url=<PROTOCOL:/HOSTNAME:PORT/CONTEXT\_ NAME/rest-api/idm/service/login.

aai.auth.url=http://<Server>:<port>/<context>/rest-api/idm/service/login

Example: http://testserver:8031/OFSAAI/rest-api/idm/service/login

**12.** In the <WEBLOGIC\_INSTALL\_DIR>/user\_projects/domains/<Domain Name>config path, update config.xml with the below entry under <security-configuration>:

```
<enforce-valid-basic-auth-credentials>false</enforce-valid-basic-auth-c
redentials>.
```

### Installing RAOR.ear in WebLogic using WebLogic Administrator Console

- Navigate to the path "<WebLogic Installation directory>/user\_ projects/domains/<domain name>/bin" in the machine in which WebLogic is installed.
- 2. Start WebLogic by executing the command:

```
./startWebLogic.sh -d64 file
```

- **3.** Open the URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<admin server port>/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The Sign in window of the WebLogic Server Administration Console is displayed.
- 4. Login with the Administrator Username and Password. The Summary of Deployment page is displayed.

histration Console 12c	540.0					ç
1 Home Log Out Preferences 🐼 Record Help	Q				Welc	ome, weblogic Connected to: AAA1805
Home >Summary of Deployments						
Messages						
All changes have been activated. No restarts are necessary.						
Selected Deployments were deleted.						
Summary of Deployments						
Control Monitoring						
© Customize this table Deployments						
Install Update Delete Start Stop v						Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Next
🔲 Name 🏯		State	Health	Туре	Targets	Deployment Order
080200 B		Active	✓ ok	Enterprise Application	AdminServer	100
Transfer Street St						
Install Updale Delete Start+ Stop+						Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Next

Figure 6–5 Summary of Deployment

5. Click Install. The Install Application Assistance page is displayed.



ORACLE WebLogic Server Ad	ministration Console 12c				Q
Change Center	🙆 Home Log Out Preferences 🛛	Record Help	٩		Welcome, weblogic Connected to: BDAUTO8
View changes and restarts	Home >Summary of Deployments				
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Install Application Assistant           Back         Next         Finish         Cancel	el			
Domain Structure	Locate deployment to install	and prepare for	deployment		
BDAUT0804  Environment  Deployments  Services  Services	Select the file path that represer application directory or file in the	ts the application r Path field.	oot directory, archive file, explo		on module descriptor that you want to install. You can also enter the path of the onfirm that your application contains the required deployment descriptors.
Interoperability	Path:	/scratch/ofsa	adb/Oracle_Home/user_pro	jects/domains/BDAUTO804	/applications/RAOR.ear
⊕-Diagnostics	Recently Used Paths:	/scratch/ofsaad	b/Oracle_Home/user_projects/d	omains/BDAUTO804/applications omains/BDAUTO804/applications/ icle_Home / user_projects / doma	WL
How do I	DAUTO804.ear (ope     OBServiceTestBed.w     AROR.ear (open directory)	ar (open directory)	)		
<ul> <li>Start and stop a deployed enterprise application</li> </ul>	Back Next Finish Cano	el			
Configure an enterprise application					
<ul> <li>Create a deployment plan</li> <li>Target an enterprise application to a server</li> </ul>					
Test the modules in an enterprise application					
System Status					
Health of Running Servers					
Failed (0) Critical (0) Overloaded (0) Warning (0) OK (1)					
WebLogic Server Version: 12.1.3.0.0 Copyright (c) 1996,2014, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation :		demarks of their resp	ective owners.		

6. Select RAOR.ear and click Next. The Install Application Assistance page is displayed with the Choose targeting style section.

Change Center	🙆 Home Lop Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help	Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAA18050
View changes and restarts	Home >Summary of Deployments	
	Install Application Assistant	
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Back Next Finish Cancel	
Domain Structure	Choose targeting style	
AAA180SOL	Targets are the servers, clusters, and virtual hosts on which this deployment will run. There are several ways you can target an application.	
Environment     Deployments		
1 Services	Install this deployment as an application	
Security Realms	The application and its components will be targeted to the same locations. This is the most common usage.	
Interoperability     Diagnostics		
	Install this deployment as a library	
	Application libraries are deployments that are available for other deployments to share. Libraries should be available on all of the targets running their referencing applications.	
	re to rette lander he the	
	Back Next Finish Cancel	
How do I		
<ul> <li>Start and stop a deployed enterprise application</li> </ul>		
Configure an enterprise application		
Create a deployment plan		
Target an enterprise application to a server		
Test the modules in an enterprise application		
System Status		
Health of Running Servers		
Failed (0)		
Critical (0)		
Overloaded (0)		
Warning (0)		
OK (1)		

Figure 6–7 Install Application Assistance with choose Target Style

7. By default, the **Install this deployment as an application** option in the Choose targeting style section is selected. Click **Next**. The Install Application Assistance page is displayed with the Optional Settings section.

Figure 6–8 Install Application Assistance page with Optional Settings

ORACLE WebLogic Server Ad	ministration Console 12c	
Change Center	🏦 Home Log Out Preferences 🗁 Record Help	L
View changes and restarts	Home >Summary of Deployments	
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you	Install Application Assistant	41
modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Back Next Finish Cancel	
Domain Structure	Optional Settings	Ш
AAA180SOL B-Environment	You can modify these settings or accept the defaults	
Deployments	* Indicates required fields	Ш
Services     Security Realms	- General	Ш
Interoperability	What do you want to name this deployment?	Ш
Diagnostics		Ш
	*Name: ILP	Ш
	- Security -	Ш
	What security model do you want to use with this application?	Ш
	DD Only: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors.	Ш
How do I	O custom Roles: Use roles that are defined in the Administration Console; use policies that are defined in the deployment descriptor.	Ш
Start and stop a deployed enterprise	Custom koles: use roles that are defined in the Administration Console; use policies that are defined in the deproyment descriptor.	Ш
application	Custom Roles and Policies: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the Administration Console.	
Configure an enterprise application     Create a deployment plan	Advanced: Use a custom model that you have configured on the realm's configuration page.	Ш
Target an enterprise application to a server	- Source Accessibility	Ш
Test the modules in an enterprise application	How should be source files be made accessible?	Ш
System Status	Use the defaults defined by the deployment's targets	
Health of Running Servers	Recommended selection.	П
Failed (0) Critical (0)	○ Copy this application onto every target for me	Н
Overloaded (0)	During deployment, the files will be copied automatically to the Nanaged Servers to which the application is targeted.	П
Warning (0) OK (1)		П
OK (1)	○ I will make the deployment accessible from the following location	
	Location: /scratch/oracle/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_Home/user_	
	Provide the location from where all targets will access this application's files. This is often a shared directory. You must ensure the application files exist in this location and that each target can reach the location.	

**8.** Retain the default selections and click **Next**. The Install Application Assistance page is displayed with the Review your choices and click Finish section.

#### Figure 6–9 Install Application Assistance page with Review your choices and click Finish section

🙆 Home Log Out Preferences 🔚	Record Help	Welcome, weblogic	Connected to: AAAI805OL
Home >Summary of Deployments			1
Install Application Assistant			1
Back Next Finish Cance	4		
Review your choices and click	Finish		1
Click Finish to complete the deploy	ment. This may take a few moments to complete.		
- Additional configuration			I
In order to work successfully, this a	pplication may require additional configuration. Do you want to review this application's configuration after completing this assistant?		
○ Yes, take me to the deploym	vent's configuration screen.		
No, I will review the configu	ration later.		
- Summary			
Deployment:	/scratch/oracle/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_Home/user_projects/domains/AAA1805OL/applications/ILP.ear		
Name:	ILP		
Staging Mode:	Use the defaults defined by the chosen targets		
Plan Staging Mode:	Use the same accessibility as the application		
Security Model:	DDOnly: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors.		
Target Summary			
Components 🗞	Targets		
ILP.ear	AdminServer		
Back Next Finish Cance	a.		

**9.** Select **No**, **I will review the configuration later** in the Additional Configuration section and click **Finish**. RAOR is added in the Name section of the Summary of Deployment page with following message: *The deployment has been successfully installed*.

Figure 6–10 Summary of Deployment page with RAOR

ORACLE' WebLogic Server Ad	Iministrat	tion Console 12c							õ	
Change Center	<b>(</b>	Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help	Q					Welcom	e, weblogic Connected to: AAAI80501	
View changes and restarts Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Mess 🛷	Home >Summary of Deployments Messages  All changes have been activated. No restarts are necessary.								
Domain Structure	Sum	mary of Deployments								
AAAI80SOL -Environment -Deployments -Services	Cor	ntrol Monitoring								
	ар	his page displays a list of Java EE applications and a pplication name and using the controls on this page o install a new application or module for deploymen	h		applications a	and modules car	n be started, stopped, updated (redep	oloyed), or deleted fror	n the domain by first selecting the	
		ustomize this table								
		nstall Update Delete Start v Stop v							Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous   Next	
How do I		Name 🗞			State	Health	Туре	Targets	Deployment Order	
Install an enterprise application		] ⊕ <b>⊡</b> 10			Active	🖉 ок	Enterprise Application	AdminServer	100	
<ul> <li>Configure an enterprise application</li> <li>Update (redeploy) an enterprise application</li> </ul>		0			Active	✓ OK	Enterprise Application	AdminServer	100	
Opdate (redeploy) an enterprise application     Start and stop a deployed enterprise		🛛 🕀 📑 ofsai80			Active	♥ UK	Enterprise Application			
<ul> <li>application</li> <li>Monitor the modules of an enterprise</li> </ul>		nstall Update Delete Start V Stop V							Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous   Next	
application										
Deploy EJB modules     Install a Web application										
Install a web application										
System Status										
Health of Running Servers										
Failed (0)										
Critical (0)										
Overloaded (0) Warning (0)										
OK (1)										

**10.** Restart all OFS AAAI servers. For more information, see Appendix D, "Starting / Stopping Infrastructure Services" section.

## Deploying RAOR.ear in WebSphere

To deploy RAOR.ear in WebSphere, follow these steps:

**Note:** It is mandatory to have RAOR.ear in the same domain where <contextname>.ear of the OFS BD Application is deployed.

1. Start the WebSphere Profile by navigating to the path "/<WebSphere\_ Installation\_ Directory>/IBM/WebSphere/AppServer/profiles/<Profile</pre>

Name>/bin/" then execute the command:

./startServer.sh server1

 Open the following URL in the browser: http://<ipaddress>:<Administrative Console Port>/ibm/console. (use https protocol if SSL is enabled). The login screen is displayed.



Integrated Solutions Console	IBM
Log in to the console.	
Password:	
Log in	
	States of

- 3. Enter the user credentials which has administrator rights and click Log In.
- **4.** From the LHS menu, select **Applications** and click **New Application**. The New Application window is displayed.

ew App	lication
New	Application
This	page provides links to create new applications of different types.
Insta	II a New Application
	New Enterprise Application
	New Business Level Application
	New Asset

Figure 6–12 New Application

**5.** Click **New Enterprise Application**. The Preparing for the application installation window is displayed.

Figure 6–13 Preparing for the application installation

Preparing for the application installation ?		
Specify the EAR, WAR, JAR, or SAR module to upload and install.		
Path to the new application		
Local file system		
Full path Choose File No file chosen		
Remote file system		
Full path /scratch/IBM/RAOR.ear Browse		
Next Cancel		

6. Select **Remote File System** and click **Browse**. Select the EAR file generated for RAOR to upload and install. Click **Next**.

Figure 6–14 Installation Options

low do you want to install the application?	
Fast Path - Prompt only when additional information is required.	
Detailed - Show all installation options and parameters.	

7. Select the **Fast Path** option and click **Next**. The Install New Application window is displayed.

sp	ecity options for installing	enterprise applications and modules.
→	Step 1: Select installation options	Select installation options
	<u>Step 2</u> Map modules to servers	Specify the various options that are available for your application.
*	Step 3 Map virtual	Precompile JavaServer Pages files
	hosts for Web modules Step 4 Summary	Directory to install application
	<u>Step 4</u> Summary	Distribute application
		Use Binary Configuration
		Application name RAOR
		Create MBeans for resources
		<ul> <li>Override class reloading settings for Web and EJB modules</li> </ul>
		Reload interval in seconds
		Deploy Web services Validate Input off/wam/fail
		warn Y
		Process embedded configuration
		File Permission
		Allow all files to be read but not written to Allow executables to execute
		Allow HTML and image files to be read by everyone  .*\.dll=755#.*\.so=755#.*\.se=755#.*\.sl=755 .
		Application Build ID Unknown
		Allow dispatching includes to remote resources
		Allow servicing includes from remote resources
		Business level application name Create New BLA
		Asynchronous Request Dispatch Type
		Disabled <b>V</b>
		Allow EJB reference targets to resolve automatically
		Deploy client modules Client deployment mode
		Isolated V
		Validate schema
	lext Cancel	

Figure 6–15 Install New Application

8. Enter the required information and click Next. The Map Modules to Servers window is displayed.

Specify options for installing enterprise applications and modules.						
	Step 1 Select installation options	Ma	p modu	les to serv	vers	
→ ++	Step 2: Map modules to servers <u>Step 3</u> Map virtual hosts for Web modules <u>Step 4</u> Summary		Specify targets such as application servers or clusters of application servers where you want to install the modules that are contained in your application. Modules can be installed on the same application server or dispersed among several application servers. Also, specify the Web servers as targets that serve as routers for requests to this application. The plug-in configuration file (plugin-cfg.xml) for each Web server is generated, based on the applications that are routed through. Clusters and servers: WebSphere:cell=whf00avgNode06Cell,node=whf00avgNode06,server=server1  Apply			
			Select	Module	URI	Server
				Inline Processing	RAOR.war,WEB- INF/web.xml	WebSphere: cell = whf00avgNode06Cell, node = whf00avgNode06, server = server1

Figure 6–16 Map Modules to Servers

**9.** Select the **Inline Processing** check box and click Next. The Map Virtual hosts for Web modules page is displayed.

Figure 6–17	Map Virtual hosts for Web modules page	
-------------	--	--

nstall New Application 🛛 🦹 📮							
s	Specify options for installing enterprise applications and modules.						
	Step 1 Select	Map virtual hosts for Web modules					
	<u>Step 2</u> Map modules to servers	Specify the virtual host for the Web modules that are contained in your application. You can ins' Web modules on the same virtual host or disperse them among several hosts. Apply Multiple Mappings	tall				
<b>→</b>	Step 3: Map virtual hosts for Web modules						
	<u>Step 4</u> Summary	Select     Web module     Virtual host       Inline Processing     default_host ▼					
	Previous Next Cancel						

- **10.** Select the **Inline Processing** check box and click **Next**. The Metadata for modules page is displayed.
- **11.** Select the **Metadata-complete** attribute check box and click **Next**. The Summary page is displayed.

	Step 1 Select installation options	Summary				
		Summary of installation options	Summary of installation options			
	<u>Step 2</u> Map modules to servers	Options	Values			
	Step 3 Map virtual	Precompile JavaServer Pages files	No			
	hosts for Web modules	Directory to install application				
	Step 4: Summary	Distribute application	Yes			
		Use Binary Configuration	No			
		Application name	RAOR			
		Create MBeans for resources	Yes			
		Override class reloading settings for Web and EJB modules	No			
		Reload interval in seconds				
		Deploy Web services	No			
		Validate Input off/warn/fail	warn			
		Process embedded configuration	No			
		File Permission	.*\.dll=755#.*\.so=755#.*\.a=755#.*\.sl=75			
		Application Build ID	Unknown			
		Allow dispatching includes to remote resources	No			
		Allow servicing includes from remote resources	No			
		Business level application name				
		Asynchronous Request Dispatch Type	Disabled			
		Allow EJB reference targets to resolve automatically	No			
		Deploy client modules	No			
		Client deployment mode	Isolated			
		Validate schema	No			
		Cell/Node/Server	Click here			

Figure 6–18 Summary page

**12.** Click **Finish**. On successful installation, a message is displayed.

#### Figure 6–19 Installation Success

#### Installing...

If there are enterprise beans in the application, the EJB deployment process can take several minutes. Do not save the configuration until the process completes.

Check the SystemOut.log on the deployment manager or server where the application is deployed for specific information about the EJB deployment process as it occurs. ADMA5016i: Installation of RAOR started

ADMA5067I: Resource validation for application RAOR completed successfully.

ADMA5058I: Application and module versions are validated with versions of deployment targets.

ADMA5005I: The application RAOR is configured in the WebSphere Application Server repository.

ADMA5005I: The application RAOR is configured in the WebSphere Application Server repository.

ADMA50811: The bootstrap address for client module is configured in the WebSphere Application Server repository.

ADMA50531: The library references for the installed optional package are created.

ADMA5005I: The application RAOR is configured in the WebSphere Application Server repository.

ADMA50011: The application binaries are saved in /scratch/IBM/WebSphere/AppServer/profiles/BD/WEB/wstemp/3136999/workspace/cells/whf00avgNode06Cell/applications/RAOR.ear/RAOR.ear

ADMA5005I: The application RAOR is configured in the WebSphere Application Server repository.

SECJ0400I: Successfully updated the application RAOR with the appContextIDForSecurity information.

ADMA5005I: The application RAOR is configured in the WebSphere Application Server repository.

ADMA5005I: The application RAOR is configured in the WebSphere Application Server repository.

ADMA5113I: Activation plan created successfully.

ADMA5011I: The cleanup of the temp directory for application RAOR is complete.

ADMA5013I: Application RAOR installed successfully.

Application RAOR installed successfully.

To start the application, first save changes to the master configuration.

Changes have been made to your local configuration. You can:

<u>Save</u> directly to the master configuration.

<u>Review</u> changes before saving or discarding.

To work with installed applications, click the "Manage Applications" link.

Manage Applications

**13.** Click **Save** and save the master file configuration. The details are displayed in the *Master File Configuration* page.

Figure 6–20	Master File	Configuration page
-------------	-------------	--------------------

En	nterprise Applications ?						
	Enterprise Applications						
	Use this page to manage installed applications. A single application can be deployed onto multiple servers.						
	🛨 Prefe	erences					
	Start	Stop Install Uninstall Update Rollout Update Remo	ve File Export DDL Export File				
	D (	∃ ₩ ¥					
	Select	Name 🗘	Application Status ሷ				
	You ca	n administer the following resources:					
		BDSPH804	⇒				
		DefaultApplication	◆				
		OBServiceTestBed_war	€>				
		RAOR	8				
		ivtApp	€>				
		<u>query</u>	€>				
	Total 6	;					

**14.** Select **RAOR** and click **Start**. The Enterprise Application page is displayed with confirmation message.

	nterprise Applications ?					
Enterprise <i>i</i>	nterprise Applications					
	Messages Application RAOR on server server1 and node whf may need to be refreshed to show the current status					
Enterp	rise Applications					
Use this	page to manage installed applications. A single application can be	deployed onto multiple servers.				
🗄 Prefe	rences					
Start	Stop Install Uninstall Update Rollout Update Remo	ve File Export DDL Export File				
	Ĩ ₩ \$P					
Select	Name 🛟	Application Status 👲				
You ca	n administer the following resources:					
	BDSPH804	€				
	DefaultApplication	€				
	OBServiceTestBed war	<b>\$</b>				
	RAOR	\$				
	ivtApp	€)				
	auery	<b>\$</b>				
Total 6						

Figure 6–21 Enterprise Application page with Confirmation message

**15.** Restart all OFS AAAI servers. For more information, see Appendix D, "Starting / Stopping Infrastructure Services" section.

#### Deploying RAOR.war in Tomcat

To deploy RAOR.war in Tomcat, follow these steps:

- Create datasource for RAOR context in Tomcat by editing server.xml in <TOMCAT\_ HOME DIR>/conf directory.
- 2. Update database details as shown in the following sample:

**Note:** Context name must be the directory name under webapps.

```
<Context path="/RAOR"
docBase="/scratch/ofsaaapp/apache-tomcat-8.0.32/webapps/RAOR"
debug="0" reloadable="false" crossContext="true"><Loader
delegate="true"/>
<Resource auth="Container"
name="jdbc/FICMASTER"
type="javax.sql.DataSource"
driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"
username="act_obiconf"
password="password"
url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@whf00aqr:1521/DEVUT08SPRINT"
```

```
maxTotal="100"
                      maxIdle="30"
                      maxWaitMillis="10000"
   removeAbandoned="true" removeAbandonedTimeout="60"
   logAbandoned="true"/>
         <Resource auth="Container"
                      name="jdbc/<infodom name>". For example,
   OFSAAAIINFO
                      type="javax.sql.DataSource"
           driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"
                      username="act obiatm"
                      password="password"
           url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@whf00aqr:1521/DEVUT08SPRINT"
                      maxTotal="100"
                      maxIdle="30"
                      maxWaitMillis="10000"
   removeAbandoned="true" removeAbandonedTimeout="60"
   logAbandoned="true"/>
    <Resource auth="Container"
                     name="jdbc/<infodom name>CNF". For example,
   OFSAAAIINFOCNF
                      type="javax.sql.DataSource"
             driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"
                      username="act obiatm"
                      password="password"
             url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@whf00aqr:1521/DEVUT08SPRINT"
                      maxTotal="100"
                      maxIdle="30"
                      maxWaitMillis="10000"
   removeAbandoned="true" removeAbandonedTimeout="60"
   logAbandoned="true"/>
         </Context>
3. Copy RAOR.war file to $TOMCAT HOME/webapps directory.
4. Grant 755 (rwxr-xr-x) permissions to the ROAR.war file
5. Start Tomcat server.
6. Update install.properties file in $TOMCAT HOME/webapps/RAOR/conf
   directory as follows:
   sql.config.datasource.jndi.name=java:comp/env/jdbc/FICMASTER
```

```
sql.atomic.datasource.jndi.name=java:comp/env/jdbc/OFSAAAIINF
0
```

sql.metadom.datasource.jndi.name=java:comp/env/jdbc/OFSAAAIIN
FOCNF

**Note:** Name must match the Resource Name defined in server.xml.

 Update application-env.properties file in \$TOMCAT\_ HOME/webapps/RAOR/conf directory as follows:

```
comment the
#spring.profiles.active=JMS,JMSApplicationCache,JMSGateway,JMSFeedBackG
ateway tag
remove all content after equal to (=) in the spring.profiles.active tag
```

- 8. Copy jms-api-1.1-rev-1.jar and javax.ws.rs-api-2.0-m02.jar to \$TOMCAT HOME/webapps/RAOR/WEB-INF/lib directory.
- 9. Restart all app and web servers.

# **Configuring Resource Reference**

This section describes the details for configuring the resource reference in WebSphere, WebLogic, and Tomcat Application Servers. For detailed information, see Configuring Resource Reference in Web application servers.

### Configuring Web Application Server

This section describes the details to configure the different web application servers for OFSAA Infrastructure deployment namely, IBM WebSphere, Oracle WebLogic, and Apache Tomcat Servers. For detailed information, see Configuring Web Application Servers.

### **Configurations for Java 8**

Follow these steps to extract and apply the patch.

- 1. If the Oracle Database version is 12c, copy ojdbc7.jar from \$ORACLE\_HOME/jdbc/lib to the following locations:
  - \$FIC HOME/utility/OFSAAGenerateRepository/lib/
  - \$FIC HOME/realtime processing/WebContent/WEB-INF/lib/
  - % \$FIC\_HOME/ficdb/lib/
  - % \$FIC HOME/ficapp/icc/lib/
  - % \$FIC\_HOME/ficapp/common/FICServer/lib/
  - % \$FIC\_HOME/FMStandalone/FormsManager/WEB-INF/lib/
  - % \$FIC\_HOME/ficweb/webroot/WEB-INF/lib/

**Note:** If ojdbc6.jar is already present in any of the aforementioned folders, you need to remove it.

2. If the Oracle Database version is 11g, copy ojdbc6.jar from \$ORACLE\_HOME/jdbc/lib to the following locations:

- % \$FIC\_HOME/utility/OFSAAGenerateRepository/lib/
- % \$FIC\_HOME/realtime\_processing/WebContent/WEB-INF/lib/
- % \$FIC\_HOME/ficdb/lib/
- % \$FIC\_HOME/ficapp/icc/lib/
- % \$FIC\_HOME/ficapp/common/FICServer/lib/
- % \$FIC\_HOME/FMStandalone/FormsManager/WEB-INF/lib/
- % \$FIC\_HOME/ficweb/webroot/WEB-INF/lib/

To install OFS BD Applications Pack for Java 7 and Java 8 follow these steps:

#### Java 7:

- Navigate to the OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFS\_AAI/bin folder.
- Execute ./setup.sh in the console.

#### Java 8:

- Navigate to the OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFS\_AAI/bin folder
- Execute ./setup.sh in the console.

### Configuring FSDF

This section covers following topics:

- Configuring CSA Staging Tables
- Configuring FSDF in Different Infodom (Pack on Pack Installation)

### Configuring CSA Staging Tables

If BD and CSA tables are in same schema, follow these steps:

Run the following SQL file in Atomic schema present in the path <download\_dir>/OFS\_BD\_ PACK/OFS BD.

FSDFAlterTimezone.sql

### Configuring FSDF in Different Infodom (Pack on Pack Installation)

If BD and FSDF are in different Infodom, follow these steps:

- 1. Execute the following SQL files in FSDF Atomic schema, present in the path <<download\_dir>/OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFS\_BD
- FSDFAlterTimezone.sql
- 2. Run the following script in BD Atomic schema after replacing placeholder ##FSDF\_ USER## with FSDF User name INGESTUSERSYNONYMFORFSDFSTGSCHEMAOWNER.sql.
- 3. Run the following script in FSDF Atomic schema after replacing placeholder ##FCCM\_ USER## with Data Loader Role FsdfStgSchemaOwnergrant.sql

```
Note:

In case on pack on pack installation, the FSI_PARTY_RIGHT_TO_FORGET table

must be manually created. To do this, run the following code:

create table FSI_PARTY_RIGHT_TO_FORGET

(

FIC_MIS_DATE DATE not null,

V_PARTY_ID VARCHAR2(20 CHAR) not null,

V_PARTY_FORGET_REASON VARCHAR2(100 CHAR) not null

);
```

## Configurations for Enterprise Case Management (ECM) Integration (applicable only for Promote to Case action in Alert Management)

Perform the following procedure to integrate Enterprise Case Management (ECM) with OFS BD application. The process varies when OFS ECM and OFS BD are installed in different databases and OFS ECM and OFS BD are installed within the same database.

#### Note:

If you are performing pack on pack installation of OFS ECM v8.0.7.0.0 on existing OFS BD v8.0.7.0.0, the following columns with provided values are generated in the KDD\_PRCSNG\_BATCH\_CONTROL table. For further Batch Execution and Ingestion, these columns must be truncated.

- PRCSNG\_BATCH\_ID -1
- . DATA\_DUMP\_DT 11/16/2017 3:16:07 PM
- PRCSNG\_BATCH\_NM ECM
- EOD\_PRCSNG\_BATCH\_FL Y

### If ECM and BD are installed in Different Databases

1. Replace placeholders with corresponding values and execute the following SQL query. This has to be executed by the **AM sys** user, who has SYSDBA role:

create public database link AMDBLINK connect to <ECM\_ATOMIC\_ USER> IDENTIFIED BY <ECM ATOMIC PWD> using '<CM TNS ENTRY>'

- 2 <ECM\_ATOMIC\_USER> This variable must be replaced with ECM atomic schema User ID.
- 2 <ECM\_ATOMIC\_PWD> This variable must be replaced with ECM atomic User Password.
- 2 <CM\_TNS\_ENTRY> This variable must be replaced with the ECM Database TNS Entry.
- 2. Update the file install.cfg available in the location <*FIC\_HOME*>/database/db\_ tools/mantas cfg with the correct values for the following variables:
  - . casemng.schema.owner ECM Atomic schema user
  - . caseschema.schema.owner ECM Atomic schema user

- extract.schema.case ECM Atomic schema user
- load.schema.case ECM Atomic schema user
- 3. Update the file db\_variables.cfg available in the location <*FIC\_HOME*>/database/db\_ tools/mantas cfg with the correct values for the following variables:
  - case\_schema\_owner ECM Atomic schema user
  - AMINFODOM Alert Management Infodom name.
- 4. Add the path of the SQL files in the DB\_LINK.cfg and DB\_LINK\_CASE.cfg files. The path for DB\_LINK.cfg file is installer/OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFS\_ BD/BDPostScripts/differentDB. If not, an error is displayed.

For example, In the.cfg file one of the SQL files is called TABLE\_SYNONYM\_ DBLINK.sql, so in front of this file user has to mention the path of the SQL file. So the value in the .cfg file will be as below:

/scratch/ofsaaapp/BE85E87/installer/OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFS\_ BD/BDPostScripts/differentDB/TABLE\_SYNONYM\_DBLINK.sql

- 5. Execute the following commands using the DB builder utility:
  - 1. Navigate to the differentDB folder mentioned above.
  - 2. Run the following command to execute the .cfg file using the db builder utility:

../../../../<FIC\_HOME>/database/db\_tools/bin/ run\_dbbuilder\_ utility.sh /installer/OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFS\_ BD/BDPostScripts/differentDB/DB\_LINK.cfg

../../../ indicates that you need to go back to the <code><FIC\_HOME></code> path from the differentDB folder.

- **3.** To run the DBLink\_CASE.cfg file, modify the utils.database.urlName= parameter name in the install.cfg file with the ECM JDBC URL.
- 4. In the utils.database.urlName= parameter, replace the existing JDBC URL with the Enterprise Case Management (ECM) JDBC URL and execute ../../../../<FIC\_HOME>/database/db\_tools/bin/ run\_dbbuilder\_ utility.sh /installer/OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFS\_BD/BDPostScripts/differentDB/ DB\_ LINK\_CASE.cfg

**Note**: After you execute the above command, replace the ECM JDBC URL with the Alert Management (AM) JDBC URL.

### If ECM and BD are installed in the Same Database

- Update the file install.cfg available in the location <FIC\_HOME>/database/db\_ tools/mantas\_cfg with the correct values for the following variables:
  - . casemng.schema.owner ECM Atomic schema user
  - . caseschema.schema.owner ECM Atomic schema user
  - extract.schema.case ECM Atomic schema user
  - . load.schema.case ECM Atomic schema user
- Update the file db\_variables.cfg available in the location <FIC\_HOME>/database/db\_ tools/mantas\_cfg with the correct values for the following variables:
  - case\_schema\_owner ECM Atomic schema user
  - AM\_INFODOM Alert Management Infodom name.

 Add the path of the SQL files in the SAME\_DB.cfg file. The path for SAME\_DB.cfg file is installer/OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFS\_BD/BDPostScripts/sameDB. If not, an error is displayed.

For example, In the.cfg file one of the SQL files is called TABLE\_SYNONYM.sql, so in front of this file user has to mention the path of the SQL file. So the value in the .cfg file will be as below:

/scratch/ofsaaapp/BE85E87/installer/OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFS\_ BD/BDPostScripts/sameDB/TABLE SYNONYM.sql

- 3. Execute the following commands using the DB builder utility:
  - 1. Navigate to the sameDB folder mentioned above.
  - 2. Run the following command to execute the .cfg file using the db builder utility:

../../../../<FIC\_HOME>/database/db\_tools/bin/ run\_dbbuilder\_ utility.sh /installer/OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFS\_BD/BDPostScripts/sameDB/SAME\_ DB.cfg

 $\dots / \dots / \dots / \dots / \dots /$  indicates that you need to go back to the <FIC\_HOME> path from the sameDB folder.

### **TC-BC** Ingestion

#### Note:

This is applicable for single and multiple infodom configuration.

For TC-BC ingestion, run the SQL 8.0.2.0.0\_Alter\_Script.sql, under <download\_dir>/OFS\_ BD\_PACK/OFS\_BD\_path.

#### Note:

Unique records should be loaded into the following tables as per the key given below:

- Stg\_Automated\_Quote (FIC\_MIS\_DATE, V\_AUTO\_QUOTE\_GROUP\_ID, D\_AUTO\_ QUOTE DATE, D AUTO QUOTE TIME, V INSTRUMENT CODE)
- Stg\_Market\_News\_Event (FIC\_MIS\_DATE, V\_INSTRUMENT\_CODE, D\_NEWS\_EVENT\_ DATE, D\_NEWS\_EVENT\_TIME

## Synchronizing FSDF Changes

#### Note:

This is applicable for single and multiple infodom configuration.

If there is existing data present in staging tables in 8.0.1.0.0, perform the following steps:

- Move the data from V\_NATIONALITY\_COUNTRY\_CODE to V\_NATIONALITY\_ COUNTRY in STG\_PARTY\_MASTER.
- Move the data from V\_SEC\_CITZN\_COUNTRY\_OLD to V\_SEC\_CITZN\_COUNTRY\_CODE in STG\_PARTY\_MASTER.

- Move the data from V\_DOMICILE\_COUNTRY to V\_DOMICILE\_COUNTRY\_CODE in STG\_PARTY MASTER.
- Move the data from V\_MKT\_CENTER\_COUNTRY\_CODE to V\_MKT\_CENTER\_COUNTRY in STG MARKET CENTER MASTER

#### Note:

In case, Oracle 12c database is used and following error is encountered during scenario execution: "ORA-04036: PGA memory used by the instance exceeds PGA\_AGGREGATE\_LIMIT" then increase the value of PGA\_AGGREGATE\_LIMIT parameter at instance level.

### Loading New/Modified Scenarios

This section explains how to load new/modified scenarios manually.

The following is the list of scenarios:

- ML-FTNRecurringOrBe.114000082.xml
- ML-LargeReportableTrans.116000099.xml
- ML-CIBHRGActivity.116000087.xml
- ML-CIBHRGActivity.116000089.xml
- ML-CIBPreviousPeakActivity.116000077.xml
- . ML-CIBPreviousPeakActivity.116000081.xml
- . ML-CIBProductUtilization.116000069.xml
- . ML-CIBProductUtilization.116000071.xml
- CTR-BSACTR.118745200.xml
- CTR-BSACTR.118745203.xml
- . CTR-BSACTR.118745202.xml
- . ML-RoundAmounts.114590029.xml
- . ML-HRTransHRGeography.115000049.xml
- ML-HRTransHRGeography.115000052.xml
- . IML-FrqntChngsToInstructions-dINST.114000022.xml
- ML-CIBPreviousAverageActivity.116000084.xml
- . ML-CIBPreviousAverageActivity.116000083.xml
- . ML-AnomATMBCExcessiveWD.116000065.xml
- . ML-AnomATMBCExcessiveWD.116000070.xml
- ML-HubAndSpoke.118860005.xml
- . ML-FTNAcCuInternal.114000056.xml
- ML-FTNAcCuInternal.114000046.xml

For more information on loading scenarios, see the *Loading Scenario Metadata* section in Administration Guide.

# **Configuring Big Data Processing**

This section covers following:

Loading Data into HIVE Staging

### Loading Data into HIVE Staging

To load data into HIVE Staging table, follow these steps:

- **1.** Navigate to \$FIC HOME.
- 2. Execute the scripts under Alter Table Script.hql in the HIVE schema.
- 3. Load the data into the Stage Tables.
- **4.** Place the OFSAA-HIVE-UDF.jar from the path \$FIC\_ HOME/utility/DMT/UDF/lib in the HIVE installed server auxiliary path.
- 5. In addition to the changes mentioned, add the following property in the ETLLoader.properties file:
- 6. <PROPERTY ID="HIVE\_SEQ" VALUE="Nextval"/>
- 7. For more information on executing H2T batch, see Run in OFSAAI User Guide.

# Update Correct LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH in system.env File

If you have installed OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 on Solaris x86 OS version, correct the LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH in **system.env** file as follows:

- 1. Navigate to the folder <FIC HOME>/behavior detection/algorithms/MTS/share/.
- 2. Update the LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH variable as in indicated in the following example:

```
LD_LIBRARY_PATH=${KDD_HOME}/lib:$ORACLE_HOME/lib:${LD_
LIBRARY_PATH}:/usr/java/jdk1.7.0_
72/lib/amd64:/usr/java/jdk1.7.0_72/lib/amd64/server
```

7

# **Post Deployment Configuration**

This section provides detailed information about the Post Deployment Configurations. lists the various configurations to be completed before you use the OFSAA Applications.

- . Creating Application Users
- Mapping Application User(s) to User Group
- Performing Administrative activities for OFS BD
- Performing Configurations for OFS BD
- Performing Administrative activities for KYC
- Setting OFS BD UI as Home Page of OFSAAI for a Particular User
- Modifying Additional Configuration Files
- Changing ICC Batch Ownership

# **Creating Application Users**

Create the application users in the OFSAA setup prior to use.

**Note:** This step may not be required if you have already setup users in the OFSAA setup.

For more information see user creation section from the *Oracle Financial* Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide.

# Mapping Application User(s) to User Group

Starting the OFSAA 8.0 release, with installation of every OFSAA Applications Pack, pre-configured application user groups are seeded. These user groups are unique to every OFSAA Applications Pack and have application roles pre-configured.

User Groups seeded with the OFS BD Applications Pack are listed in Table 7–1.

Name	Description
Modeler Group	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items for Enterprise modeling, but do not have authorization rights for sandbox population, model deployment and modeling technique authorization.

Table 7–1 Seeded User Groups

Name	Description
Modeling Administrator Group	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items for Enterprise modeling and authorization rights for sandbox population, model deployment and modeling technique authorization.
Inline Processing Admin Group	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items and actions for Inline Processing module.
Business Administrator	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items and actions for advanced operations of metadata objects.
Business Authorizer	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items and actions for authorization of changes to metadata objects.
Business Owner	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items and actions to read and write metadata objects
Business User	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items and actions to access and read metadata objects.
Identity Administrator	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items to manage User entitlements, User Group Entitlements and Access Management configurations.
Identity Authorizer	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items to authorize User entitlements, User Group Entitlements and Access Management configurations.
System Administrator	User mapped to this group have access to all menu items to manage the setup configurations.
Object Administrator	User mapped to this group have access to all menu items to manage object migration and metadata traceability using metadata browser.
Guest Group	User mapped to this group have access to certain menu items with view only access privileges.

 Table 7–1
 Seeded User Groups

Map the application user(s) to the respective Application User Group(s) and subsequently authorize the entitlements by logging in as SYSAUTH (System Authorizer) user.

For more information, see Mapping/Unmapping Users section from the *Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide*.

## Performing Administrative activities for OFS BD

To perform administration-related activities, login to the OFS BD UI as BDAP Administrator and perform all the steps given in the following sections:

- . About Configuring Access Control Metadata
- . Mapping Users To Access Control Metadata
- . About Scenario Manager Login Accounts

The above section are available in the Administration Tools User Guide.

- . Changing Passwords for System Accounts
- . Configuring File Type Extensions
- . Configuring File Size
- . Configuring Status To User Role Table

The above section are available in the Configuration Guide.

**Note:** Once Security Attributes mapping is completed for the BDAP Administrator user, restart OFSAAI and Web Application servers before accessing the Admin Tools application.

# Performing Configurations for OFS BD

Access the OFS BD UI as BDAP Administrator and perform all the steps given in the following sections of the Configuration Guide:

- . Configuring the Base Time Zone
- . Configuring the Default Currency Code
- . Configuring E-mail
- . Configuring XML Export
- . Configuring Organization Relationships for Trade Blotter
- . Configuring Search Criteria Population Options for Trade Blotter
- . Configuring Default Alert Owner

# Performing Administrative activities for KYC

You must perform the Administrative activities if OFSKYC application is installed.

Access the OFSBD UI as a KYC Administrator and perform all the steps given in the KYC Administration Guide.

**Note:** Appendix H and I should be performed for successful KYC installation.

**Note:** After deploying patch **25343603**, you must add the following servlet code in the web.xml found in the deployed path:

<servlet>

<servlet-name>KYCRESTService</servlet-name>

servlet-class>org.glassfish.jersey.servlet.ServletContainer<
/servlet-class>

<init-param>
<param-name>jersey.config.server.provider.packages</param-na
me>

<param-value>com.ofss.kyc.services</param-value>

</init-param>

```
<init-param>
<param-name>jersey.config.server.provider.classnames</param-name>
<param-value>com.ofss.kyc.services.OverrideScoreService,com.
ofss.kyc.services.
AutoCloseService</param-value>
</init-param>
```

### Setting OFS BD UI as Home Page of OFSAAI for a Particular User

To set OFS BD UI as home page of OFSAAI, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in as an BD Administrator/Supervisor user.
- **2.** Navigate to Home page.

</servlet>

- **3.** Click on logged in user name in the right top corner.
- 4. Click Preferences and a new page is displayed.
- 5. Select Enterprise Case Management as your default page and click Save.

### Modifying Additional Configuration Files

You can modify the following additional configuration files (although it is not a requirement that you modify them to run the system):

**Note:** This step is optional.

- **DataIngest.properties:** This file (located in the ingestion\_manager/config subdirectory) contains the variable values you specified in the silent properties file, including information about database configuration values, and schema specifications. For more information on configuring this file, see the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Applications Pack Administration Guide on OHC.
- **DataIngest.xml:** This file (located in the /<OFS BD Installed Directory>/ingestion\_ manager/config subdirectory) contains the configuration settings required to configure

each Ingestion Management runtime component. For example, setting up and configuring the number of threads used by each component. For more information on configuring this file, see Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Applications Pack Administration Guide on OHC.

# **Changing ICC Batch Ownership**

This section is not applicable for OFS BD Applications Pack.

# **Configuring Web server**

This section covers the following topics:

- Configuring Web server
- . Configuring Web Application Servers

# **Configuring Web server**

This step assumes the installation of a Web server exists as per the prerequisites.

See the product specific installation guide to install and configure the Web server. If an installation already exists, skip and proceed to the next step.

#### Note:

- Make a note of the IP Address/ Hostname and Port of the web server. This information is required during the installation process.
- Add umask 0027 in the profile of the UNIX account which manages the WEB server to ensure restricted access permissions
- . See Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Security Guide mentioned in the Related Documents section for additional information on securely configuring your Web server.

# **Configuring Web Application Servers**

This step assumes an installation of a web application server exists as per the prerequisites. To configure the Web application server for OFSAA Deployment see the following sections.

This section includes the following topics:

- Configuring WebSphere Application Server for Application Deployment
- Configuring WebLogic for Application Deployment
- Configuring Apache Tomcat Server for Application Deployment

#### Note:

- Make a note of the IP Address/ Hostname and Port of the web application server. This information is required during the installation process (required if Web server is not configured).
- See OFSAA Secure Configuration Guide/ Security Guide mentioned in the Related Documents section for additional information on securely configuring your Web server.

### **Configuring WebSphere Application Server for Application Deployment**

You can deploy multiple OFSAA applications on different profiles of a stand-alone WebSphere application server. To create multiple WebSphere "Profiles" in a stand-alone server, use the command line option as explained in the following section. A profile is the set of files that define the runtime environment. At least one profile must exist to run WebSphere Application Server.

This section covers the following topics:

- . Creating New Profile in WebSphere
- Managing IBM WebSphere SDK Java Technology Edition Versions
- . Managing Applications in WebSphere
- . Deleting WebSphere Profiles
- . Configuring WebSphere Shared Library to Support Jersey 2x and Jackson 2.9x Libraries
- . Configuring WebSphere HTTPS
- . Configuring WebSphere Memory Settings
- . Configuring WebSphere for REST Services Authorization
- . Configuring Application Security in WebSphere

#### Creating New Profile in WebSphere

The Profile is created in WebSphere through command line using the **manageprofiles.sh** that resides in the *<WebSphere Install directory*>/*AppServer/bin* folder.

The command to create a profile without admin security through command line is as follows:

```
"manageprofiles.sh -create -profileName <profile> -profilePath <profile_
path> -templatePath <template_path> -nodeName <node_name> -cellName <cell_
name> -hostName <host_name>"
```

Example:

```
$usr/home>./manageprofiles.sh -create -profileName mockaix
-profilePath/WebSphere/webs64/Appserver/profiles/mockaix
-templatePath/WebSphere/webs64/Appserver/profileTemplates/default
-nodeName ipa020dorNode04 - cellName ipa020dorNode04Cell -hostName
ipa020dor
```

The command to create a profile with admin security through command line is as follows:

```
"manageprofiles.sh -create -profileName <profile> -profilePath <profile_
path> -templatePath <template_path> -nodeName <node_name> -cellName <cell_
name> -hostName <host_name> -enableAdminSecurity true -adminUserName
<Admin User Name> -adminPassword < Admin User Password> -samplespassword
<sample User Password>"
```

#### Example:

```
$usr/home>./manageprofiles.sh -create -profileName mockaix
-profilePath/WebSphere/webs64/Appserver/profiles/mockaix
-templatePath/WebSphere/webs64/Appserver/profileTemplates/default
-nodeName ipa020dorNode04 -cellName ipa020dorNode04Cell -hostName
ipa020dor -enableAdminSecurity true -adminUserName ofsaai -adminPassword
ofsaai -samplespassword ofsaai"
```

**Note:** While using the manageprofiles.sh command to create a New Profile in WebSphere, you can also use "-validatePorts" to validate if the specified ports are not reserved or in use. Additionally, you can specify new ports with "-startingPort <br/>base port>" which specifies the starting port number to generate and assign all ports for the profile. For more information on using these ports, see <u>WebSphere manageprofiles command</u>.

#### Managing IBM WebSphere SDK Java Technology Edition Versions

By default, WebSphere Application Server V8.5.5.X uses the Java 6.0 SDK. You must upgrade to Java 7.X SDK or JAVA 8.X SDK.

**Prerequisites**: Install the IBM WebSphere SDK Java Technology Edition Versions 1.7.X\_64 or 1.8.X\_64.

Perform the following steps to upgrade to Java 7.X SDK or JAVA 8.X SDK:

- Enter the WebSphere URL in the format http://HOST\_NAME:PORT\_ NUMBER/ibm/console (use https if SSL is enabled). For example, http://192.168.1.0:9000/ibm/console.
- 2. Login with your administrator user ID and password.
- 3. From the LHS menu, click **Servers** to expand and view the menu.
- 4. Click Server Types to expand the menu further and then click WebSphere Enterprise Application Servers to view the *Application servers* window.
- 5. On *Application servers* window, click the required Application Server link.
- 6. Click Java SDKs link from Server Infrastructure to view the list of Java SDKs.
- 7. Select either 1.7\_64 or 1.8\_64 based on the JVM version with which you plan to install OFSAA or have installed with.
- 8. Click Make Default button and save to master repository.
- **9.** Restart the WebSphere Application Server to apply the changes to the IBM application profile.

#### Managing Applications in WebSphere

To manage the installed applications in WebSphere, follow these steps:

**1.** Open the administrator console using the following URL:

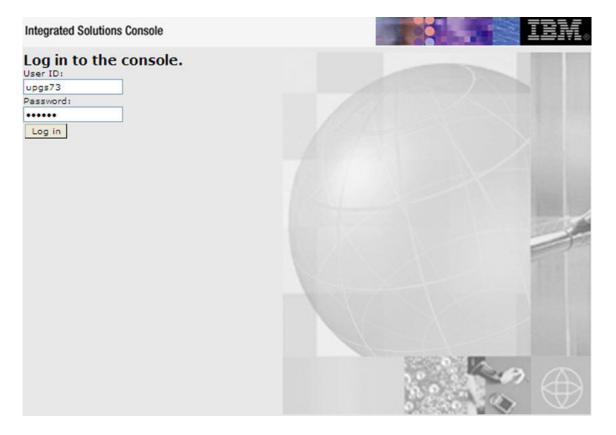
http://<ipaddress>:<Administrative Console Port>/ibm/console

For example: http://10.111.222.333:9003/ibm/console (https if SSL is enabled.)

**Note:** Administrative Console Port value is available in serverindex.xml file within <WebSphere Profile Directory>/config/cells/<Node Cell>/nodes/<Node Name> directory.

The Integrated Solutions Console Login window is displayed.





- 2. Log on with the User ID provided with the admin rights.
- **3.** From the LHS menu, expand the **Applications** > **Application Type**> **WebSphere Enterprise Applications**.

The Enterprise Applications screen is displayed.

Figure 7–2	Enterprise Applications
------------	-------------------------

Jse t	prise Applications his page to manage installed applications. A single app eferences	plication can be deployed onto multiple servers.
Sta	t Stop Install Uninstall Update Rollout Updat	te Remove File Export Export DDL Export File
0	0 T V	
selec	t Name O	Application Status 🧟
You	can administer the following resources:	
2	AIXGAST	8
0	DefaultApplication	*
0	intépp	*
	guerx	•

This Enterprise Applications screen helps you to:

- <sup>2</sup> Install new application
- <sup>2</sup> Uninstall existing applications
- <sup>2</sup> Start or Stop the installed applications

### **Deleting WebSphere Profiles**

To delete a WebSphere profile, follow these steps:

- 1. Select the checkbox adjacent to the required application and click **Stop**.
- 2. Stop the WebSphere profile to be deleted.
- 3. Navigate to WebSphere directory:

<WebSphere Installation Directory>/AppServer/bin/

**4.** Execute the command:

manageprofiles.sh -delete -profileName <profile\_name>

**5.** Delete profile folder.

Example: <WebSphere\_Installation\_Directory>/AppServer/profiles/<profile\_ name>

**6.** Execute the command:

manageprofiles.sh -validateAndUpdateRegistry

# Configuring WebSphere Shared Library to Support Jersey 2x and Jackson 2.9x Libraries

Perform the following configuration to set WebSphere shared library to support jersey 2x and Jackson 2.9x libraries.

1. Click Environment from the menu on the left to expand and view the list. Click Shared Libraries to open the Shared Libraries window.

- **2.** Enter details as shown in the following:
  - <sup>2</sup> Name: Enter a unique identifiable name.
  - <sup>2</sup> Description: Enter a valid description.
  - Classpath: Enter the absolute path where the JARs related to Jersey 2.x and Jackson 2.9x are copied. These jars are available in the <OFSAA\_</li>
     HOME>/utility/externallib/WEB-INF/lib directory after creation of the EAR file.
- 3. Select Use an isolated class loader for this library.
- 4. Click OK to save to master configuration.
- **5.** Select the application or module and map the shared libraries. Click OK. In the following illustration, ofsa is selected.
- **6.** From the Shared Library Mapping window, move the required shared libraries from Available to Selected. In the following illustration, JERSEY2x is selected.
- 7. Click OK.
- 8. Similarly, select the next application or module and repeat the procedure from steps 5 to 7.
- 9. Disable the built-in JAX-RS via JVM property.
  - Go to WebSphere admin console in Servers > WebSphere Application Servers > yourServerName.
  - b. In Server Infrastructure section, go to Java and Process Management > Process definition > Java Virtual Machine > Custom properties.
  - C. Add the following property:

com.ibm.websphere.jaxrs.server.DisableIBMJAXRSEngine=true

**10.** Restart the application.

#### Configuring WebSphere HTTPS

To configure an HTTPS Transport on WebSphere, follow these steps:

1. Create a profile using the Profile Creation Wizard in WebSphere.

**Note:** Note down the https port specified during this process and use the same as servlet port or web server port during OFSAAI installation.

2. To enable https configuration on Infrastructure, assign value 1 to "HTTPS\_ENABLE" in OFSAAI InstallConfig.xml for Silent mode OFSAAI installation.

### Configuring WebSphere Memory Settings

To configure the WebSphere Memory Settings, follow these steps:

- Navigate to WebSphere applications server > Application servers > server1 > Process definition > Java Virtual Machine.
- 2. Change the memory setting for Java Heap:

Initial heap size = 0Maximum heap size = 3072

### **Configuring WebSphere for REST Services Authorization**

Configure the following in WebSphere to enable REST API authorization by OFSAA:

- 1. Log on to WebSphere console with the User ID provided with the admin rights.
- Expand Security menu in the LHS and click Global security > Web and SIP security > General settings.
- **3.** De-select the Use available authentication data when an unprotected URI is accessed checkbox.
- 4. Click OK.
- 5. Click Save to save the changes to master configuration.

#### **Configuring Application Security in WebSphere**

This is a mandatory security procedure for WebSphere to restrict the unauthorized access of configuration files in directories. For detailed information, see the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Security Guide.

### Configuring WebLogic for Application Deployment

You can deploy multiple Infrastructure applications on different domains of a stand-alone WebLogic application server. To create multiple WebLogic "Domains" in a stand-alone server you can use the Domain Creation wizard. A domain is the set of files that define the runtime environment. At least one domain must exist to run WebLogic Application Server.

**Note:** For deployment on Oracle WebLogic Server 12.1.3+ (64 bit) with Java 8, download and install patch 18729264.

Following configuration is required only if OFS Big Data Processing is licensed and enabled in your OFSAA instance and OFSAA is deployed on Oracle WebLogic Server version 12.2.x:

The jersey-server-1.9.jar file should be copied to <HIVE\_LIB\_ PATH> path.

This section covers the following topics:

- Creating Domain in WebLogic Server
- Deleting Domain in WebLogic
- Configuring WebLogic Memory Settings
- Configuring WebLogic for REST Services Authorization

#### Creating Domain in WebLogic Server

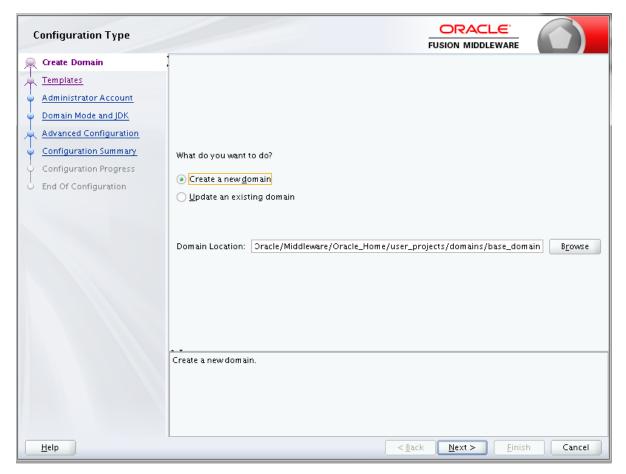
To create a new domain using Configuration Wizard in WebLogic, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the directory <WLS\_HOME>/wlserver/common/bin and execute the command:

./config.sh

The Welcome window of the Configuration Wizard is displayed.

Welcome



2. Select Create a new WebLogic domain option and click Next.

The Select Domain Source window is displayed.

Select Domain Source

Create Domain   Templates   Administrator Account   Domain Mode and JDK   Advanced Configuration   Configuration Summary   Configuration Progress   End Of Configuration   End Of Configuration   Comfiguration   Configuration   Configuration   Configuration   Configuration   Configuration   Configuration   Configuration   WebLogic Advanced Web Services for JAX-RPC Extension - 12.1.3.0 [oracle_common]   WebLogic Coherence Cluster Extension - 12.1.3.0 [oracle_common]   WebLogic JAX-WS SOAP/JMS Extension - 12.1.3.0 [oracle_common]   WebLogic JAX-WS SOAP/JMS Extension - 12.1.3.0 [oracle_common]   Circate Domain Using Custom Template:   Template location:   [scratch/ofsaebas/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_Home	Templates	
	Administrator Account     Domain Mode and JDK     Advanced Configuration     Configuration Summary     Configuration Progress	Template Categories:       All Templates         Available Templates         Basic WebLogic Server Domain - 12.1.3.0 [Mserver] *         WebLogic Advanced Web Services for JAX-RPC Extension - 12.1.3.0 [oracle_common]         WebLogic Advanced Web Services for JAX-WS Extension - 12.1.3.0 [oracle_common]         WebLogic Coherence Cluster Extension - 12.1.3.0 [Mserver]
Help Cancel		Template location: /scratch/ofsaebas/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_Home Browse

3. Select the Generate a domain configured automatically to support the following products option and click Next.

The Specify Domain Name and Location window is displayed.

Administrator Account	nt	
A Create Domain		
Templates		
🧅 Administrator Account		
Domain Mode and JDK		
Advanced Configuration		
Configuration Summary		
Configuration Progress		
O End Of Configuration	Name	weblogic
	Password	•••••
	Confirm Password	••••••
		the password. Password must contain at least 8 alphanumeric characters with at least
	one number or spec	ial character.
Help		< <u>Back</u> Next > Einish Cancel

Figure 7–3 Specify Domain Name and Location

4. Enter the **Domain Name** and **Location**. Click **Browse** to navigate and specify the location. Click **Next**.

The Configure Administrator Username and Password window is displayed.

Configure Administrator Username and Password

Domain Mode and JDK	
Create Domain Templates Administrator Account Domain Mode and JDK Advanced Configuration Configuration Summary Configuration Progress End Of Configuration	Domain Mode <ul> <li>Development</li> <li>Utilize boot.properties for username and password, and poll for applications to deploy.</li> <li>Production</li> <li>Require the entry of a username and password, and do not poll for applications to deploy.</li> </ul> JDK <ul> <li>Qracle HotSpot 1.8.0_45 /scratch/ofsaebas/jdk1.8.0_45             <ul> <li>Other JDK Location:</li> <li>Browse</li> </ul></li></ul>
Help	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > <u>Einish</u> Cancel

**5.** Select the Domain Mode and JDK location and click **Next**.

The Advanced Configuration window is displayed.

6. Advanced Configuration

Advanced Configuration			
Create Domain Templates Administrator Account Domain Mode and JDK Advanced Configuration Administration Server Configuration Summary Configuration Progress End Of Configuration	Administration Server Modify Settings Node Manager Configure Node Manager Managed Servers, Clusters and Coherence Add or Delete or Modify Settings	FUSION MIDDLEWARE	
Help		< <u>Back N</u> ext > Einis	n Cancel

7. Select Administration Server. A WebLogic Server domain must have an Administration Server. You can also select Manages Servers, Clusters and Coherence and Mode Manager, if required. Click Next.

The Administration Server window is displayed.

Administration Server

A	dministration Server			Ē			
釆	Create Domain						
*	Templates						
	Administrator Account						
	Domain Mode and JDK						
*	Advanced Configuration						
$\bigcirc$	Administration Server	Server Name	AdminServer				
<b>•</b>	Configuration Summary	Listen Address	All Local Addresses				•
9	Configuration Progress	Listen Port	7001				
9	End Of Configuration						
		SSL Listen Port	7002				
	Help			< <u>B</u> ack	<u>N</u> ext >	<u> </u>	Cancel

8. Enter Administration Server details such as the Server name, Listen address, Listen Port, SSL listen port, and SSL enabled (for secure login using https) check box. Click Next.

The Configuration Summary window is displayed.

**Note:** Make a note of the Listen Port or SSL Listen Port value (For example, 7007), since the same has to be re-entered in the Servlet port field during Infrastructure installation.

**Configuration Summary** 

Configuration Summary				
Create Domain Templates Administrator Account Domain Mode and JDK Advanced Configuration Administration Server Configuration Summary Configuration Progress End Of Configuration	View: Deployment base_domain (/scratch/ofsaebas/Oracle/Middlewar Server AdminServer	Name Description Author Location	Create a basi Oracle Corpo	gic Server Domain c WebLogic Server domair oration aebas/Oracle/Middleware
	Select <b>Create</b> to accept the above options and start creat above configuration before starting Domain Creation, g the left pane, or by using the <b>Back</b> button.	ting and config o back to the r	elevant page by	y selecting its name in
Help		< <u>B</u> ack	Next >	<u>C</u> reate Cancel

9. Verify the configuration details of the WebLogic domain and click Create.

The *Configuration Progress* window is displayed with the status indication of the domain creation process.

Configuration Progress				
A Create Domain				
A Templates		100%		
4 Administrator Account	Preparing			
O Domain Mode and JDK	Extracting Domain Contents Creating Domain Security Information			
Advanced Configuration	Saving the Domain Information			
Administration Server	Storing Domain Information String Substituting Domain Files			
Configuration Summary	Performing OS Specific Tasks Performing Post Domain Creation Tasks			
Configuration Progress	Domain Created Successfully!			
End Of Configuration				
Help		< <u>B</u> ac	k <u>N</u> ext > <u>E</u> ini	sh Cancel

Figure 7–4 Configuration Progress

### 10. Click Next.

The Configuration Success window is displayed.

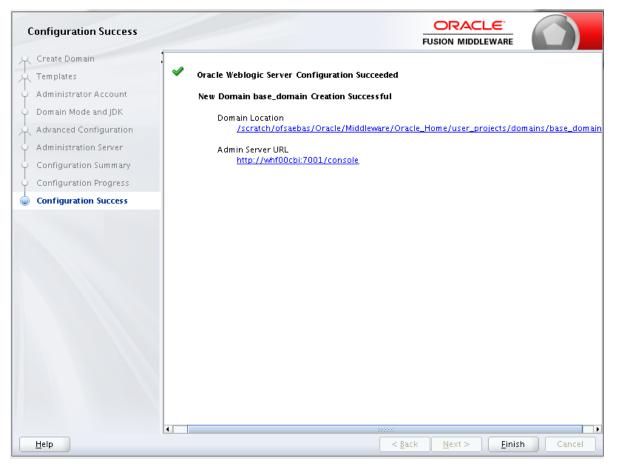


Figure 7–5 Configuration Success

**11.** Click **Finish** when complete. The domain server is created enabling the deployment of multiple Infrastructure applications on a single WebLogic.

#### Note:

Note down the HTTPS port specified during this process and use the same as servlet port or web server port during OFSAAI Installation.

To enable https configuration on Infrastructure, assign value 1 to "HTTPS\_ ENABLE" in OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml for silent mode OFSAAI installation

### Deleting Domain in WebLogic

To delete a domain in WebLogic, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the following directory:

<WebLogic Installation directory>/user\_projects/domains/<domain name>/bin

- 2. Execute **stopWebLogic.sh** to stop the WebLogic domain.
- **3.** Delete the WebLogic domain.

### **Configuring WebLogic Memory Settings**

To configure the WebLogic Memory Settings, follow these steps:

- 1. Change the memory setting for Java Heap to -Xmx512m -Xmx3072m in setDomainEnv.sh file, which resides in the folder <DOMAIN\_HOME>/bin and in CommEnv.sh file which resides in the folder common/bin.
- **2.** Edit this file for customizing memory settings and garbage collector settings depending on the available hardware configuration.

Example 1:

```
if [ "${JAVA_VENDOR}" = "Sun" ] ; then
WLS_MEM_ARGS_64BIT="-Xms512m -Xmx1024m"
export WLS_MEM_ARGS_64BIT
WLS_MEM_ARGS_32BIT="-Xms512m -Xmx1024m"
export WLS_MEM_ARGS_32BIT
```

else

WLS MEM ARGS 64BIT="-Xms512m -Xmx1024m"

export WLS\_MEM\_ARGS\_64BIT

WLS\_MEM\_ARGS\_32BIT="-Xms512m -Xmx1024m"

export WLS\_MEM\_ARGS\_32BIT

Example 2:

```
JAVA_VM=
MEM ARGS="-Xms256m -Xmx1024m"
```

### Configuring WebLogic for REST Services Authorization

To enable REST API authorization by OFSAA in WebLogic, perform the following steps:

- 1. Open the config.xml file located in the domain where OFSAA is deployed, that is <domain\_home>/config/config.xml
- 2. Add the following in the security-configuration tag:

```
<enforce-valid-basic-auth-credentials>false</enforce-valid-basic-auth-cred
entials>
```

### **Configuring Apache Tomcat Server for Application Deployment**

This section is applicable only when the Web application server type is Tomcat.

This section includes the following topics:

- Tomcat User Administration
- . Configuring Tomcat to use JAVA 64 bit Executables
- . Configuring Servlet Port
- . Configuring SSL Port
- . Configuring Apache Tomcat Memory Settings
- . Configuring Axis API
- Configuring Tomcat for User Group Authorization and Data Mapping

Uninstalling WAR Files in Tomcat

#### **Tomcat User Administration**

The Tomcat administration and manager application does not provide a default login. You are required to edit "\$CATALINA HOME/conf/tomcat-users.xml" as instructed below.

This file contains an XML <user> for each individual user, which will display the username and password used by admin to log on to Tomcat, and the role names to which the admin user is associated with. For example, <user name="admin" password="admin" roles="standard,manager" />

- 1. Add the manager role to any one of the existing username/password combination as shown in the preceding example.
- **2.** Use the same username/password to which the manager role has been assigned to access the Tomcat Application Manager.
- **3.** If the Tomcat server is already running, it requires a re-start after the above configuration is done.

### Configuring Tomcat to use JAVA 64 bit Executables

To configure Tomcat to use JAVA 64 bit, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the \$CATALINA\_HOME/bin folder.
- 2. Edit the setclasspath.sh file as follows:
- 3. Replace the following block of text

```
# Set standard commands for invoking Java.
```

```
RUNJAVA="$JRE HOME"/bin/java
```

```
if [ "$os400" != "true" ]; then
```

```
RUNJDB="$JAVA HOME"/bin/jdb
```

With:

# Set standard commands for invoking Java.

```
_RUNJAVA="$JAVA_BIN"/java
```

```
if [ "$os400" != "true" ]; then
```

RUNJDB="\$JAVA BIN"/jdb

**4.** If the Tomcat server is already running, it requires a re-start after the above configuration is done.

**Note:** In case tomcat is installed under different Unix profile, set JAVA\_ BIN environment variable in .profile to include the Java Runtime Environment absolute path.

For example:

export JAVA BIN /usr/java6 64/jre/bin

export JAVA\_BIN = /usr/java6\_64/jre/bin//sparcv9 for Solaris
Sparc

#### **Configuring Servlet Port**

The default servlet port configured for the Tomcat installation is 8080. Ignore this section if you need to use the default port.

If you need to use a different port number, you must first configure the port in the server.xml file in the conf directory of Tomcat Installation directory.

To configure the Servlet Port, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to \$CATALINA\_HOME/conf. Open server.xml and locate the tag:

"Define a non-SSL HTTP/1.1 Connector on port 8080 "

Against this tag, a parameter is specified 'Connector port = "8080" '. Edit this value to the new port number that was used during the Infrastructure installation process.

2. Save your changes in the server.xml file.

**Note:** Make a note of the servlet port configured. This information is required during the installation of OFSAA Applications Pack.

### **Configuring SSL Port**

If you need to configure and access your OFSAA setup for HTTPS access, ensure that the following connect tag under **Define a SSL HTTP/1/1 Connector on port 8443** in <Tomcat\_ installation\_folder>/conf/server.xml file is uncommented for SSL Configuration. (By default, it is commented).

```
<Connector port="8443" protocol="HTTP/1.1" SSLEnabled="true"
```

maxThreads="150" scheme="https" secure="true"

```
clientAuth="false" sslProtocol="TLS"
```

#### Note:

- Make a note of the servlet port configured. This information would be required during the installation of OFSAA Applications Pack.
- To enable https configuration on Infrastructure, assign value 1 to HTTPS\_ENABLE in OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml file for Silent mode OFSAAI installation.

For more information related to SSL Configuration on Tomcat, see http://tomcat.apache.org/.

### **Configuring Apache Tomcat Memory Settings**

To configure the Apache Tomcat Memory Settings, follow these steps:

- 1. Locate the catalina.sh file that resides in the <CATALINA\_HOME>/bin folder.
- **2.** Edit this file for customizing the memory settings and garbage collector settings depending on the available hardware configuration.
- 3. Add the memory setting for Java Heap to -Xms512m -Xmx1024m.

For example:

```
if [ -z "$LOGGING_MANAGER" ]; then
```

```
JAVA_OPTS="$JAVA_OPTS -Xms512m -Xmx1024m
-Djava.util.logging.manager=org.apache.juli.ClassLoaderLogManager"
else
JAVA_OPTS="$JAVA_OPTS -Xms512m -Xmx1024m $LOGGING_MANAGER"
fi
```

## **Configuring Axis API**

```
Copy the jaxrpc.jar from the <OFSAA Installation Directory>/axis-1_4/webapps/axis/WEB-INF/lib and place it in the <Tomcat Installation Directory>/lib folder and restart the Tomcat Server.
```

### **Configuring Tomcat for User Group Authorization and Data Mapping**

Users with system authorization roles can access User Group Authorization. However, to make it available on Tomcat web server, you have to perform the following configuration steps:

- 1. Navigate to the \$CATALINA HOME/conf folder and open web.xml file.
- 2. Enter the following in the web.xml file.

```
<init-param>
<param-name>mappedfile</param-name>
<param-value>false</param-value>
</init-param>
```

**3.** Save and close the file.

## **Uninstalling WAR Files in Tomcat**

To uninstall WAR files in tomcat, see Uninstalling WAR Files in Tomcat.

## Configuring Resource Reference in Web application servers

This section covers the following topics:

- . Configuring Resource Reference in WebSphere Application Server
- . Configuring Resource Reference in WebLogic Application Server
- Configuring Resource Reference in Tomcat Application Server

**Note:** You have to create a new data source for HIVE infodom.

# Configuring Resource Reference in WebSphere Application Server

This section is applicable only when the Web application server type is WebSphere.

This section covers the following topics:

- Creating JDBC Provider
- . Creating Data Source
- Creating J2C Authentication Details
- Defining JDBC Connection Pooling

## Creating JDBC Provider

- Open the WebSphere admin console in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/ibm/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The Login window is displayed.
- 2. Login with the user id that has admin rights.
- Expand the Resources option in the LHS menu and click JDBC > JDBC Providers. The JDBC Providers window is displayed.



DBC b	providers					
nplen	nentation class for access to th <u>activity</u> . A guided activity prov pe: Cell= <b>GX5150REV-Zone2No</b> Scope specifies the level al	JDBC provider. The JDBC provider object en e specific vendor database of your environ ides a list of task steps and more general ode05Cell. Node=GXS150REV-Zone2Node0 which the resource definition is visible. For	ment. Learn more about this task in a information about the topic. 5, Server= <b>server1</b> r detailed			
	Information on what scope is and how it works, <u>see the scope settings help</u> . Node=GXS150REV-Zone2Node05. Server=server1					
	NODE-GASISUREV-ZONE	ZNOGEUS, Server-server1				
Pret	ferences					
New	Delete					
	D # 9					
elect	Name 🛟	Scope 🗘	Description 🔿			
rou c	an administer the following res	ources:				
	Derby JDBC Provider	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05.Server=server1	Derby embedded non-XA JDBC Provider			
	FICMASTER	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05,Server=server1	Oracle JDBC Driver			
	Oracle JDBC Driver	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05,Server=server1	Oracle JDBC Driver			
	RORFFW	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05,Server=server1	RORFFW			
	RORPNC	Node=GX5150REV- Zone2Node05,Server=server1	RORPNC			
			UPGSPFT			
	UPGSPFT	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05,Server=server1				
	UPGSPFT UPGSROR		UPGSROR			

- **4.** Select the **Scope** from the drop-down list. Scope specifies the level at which the resource definition is visible.
- 5. Click New to add new JDBC Provider under the *Preferences* section. The Create new JDBC provider window is displayed.

Step 1: Create new JDBC provider	Create new JDBC provider
Step 2: Enter database class path information	Set the basic configuration values of a JDBC provider, which encapsulates the specifi vendor JDBC driver implementation classes that are required to access the database The wizard fills in the name and the description fields, but you can type different values.
Step 3: Summary	Scope cells:GXS150REV- Zone2Node05Cell:nodes:GXS150REV- Zone2Node05:servers:server1
	Database type     Oracle
	Provider type     Oracle JDBC Driver
	Implementation type     Connection pool data source
	* Name Oracle JDBC Driver
	Description
	Oracle JDBC Driver

Figure 7–7 Create a new JDBC Provider

**6.** Enter the following details:

Table B–1 Fields and their description

Field	Description
Database Type	Oracle
Provider Type	Oracle JDBC Driver
Implementation Type	Connection pool data source
Name	The required display name for the resource
Description	The optional description for the resource

7. Click Next.

	Step 1: Create new JDBC provider	Enter database class path information
2	Step 2: Enter database class path information Step 3: Summary	Set the environment variables that represent the JDBC driver class files, which WebSphere(R) Application Server uses to define your JDBC provider. This wizard page displays the file names: you supply only the directory locations of the files. Use complete directory paths when you type the JDBC driver file locations. For example: C:\SQLLIB\java on Windows(R) or /home/db2inst1/sqllib/java on Linux(TM). If a value is specified for you, you may click Next to accept the value.
		Class path:
		\${ORACLE_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH}/ojdbc6.jar
		Directory location for "ojdbc6.jar" which is saved as WebSphere variable \${ORACLE_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH}
		/oracle/orajdbc/app/orajdbc/product/11.2.0/client_1/jdbc/lib

Figure 7–8 Enter database class path information

8. Specify the directory location for "ojdbc<version>.jar" file. Ensure that you do not use the trailing slash file separators.

The Oracle JDBC driver can be downloaded from the following Oracle Download site:

- <sup>2</sup> Oracle Database 11g Release 2 (11.2.0.4) JDBC Drivers
- <sup>2</sup> Oracle Database 12c Release 1 (12.1.0.1) JDBC Drivers

Once downloaded, you need to copy the file in the required folder on the server.

**Note:** See Appendix N for identifying the correct ojdbc<version>.jar version to be copied.

9. Click Next. The Summary window is displayed.

Step 1: Create new JDBC provider	Summary		
Step 2: Enter	Summary of actions:		
database class path information	Options	Values	
Step 3: Summary	Scope	cells:GXS150REV-Zone2Node05Cell:nodes:GXS150REV- Zone2Node05:servers:server1	
	JDBC provider name	Oracle JDBC Driver	
	Description	Oracle JDBC Driver	
	Class path	\${ORACLE_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH}/ojdbc6.jar	
	\${ORACLE_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH}	/oracle/orajdbc/app/orajdbc/product/11.2.0/client_1/jdbc/lib	
	Implementation class name	oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleConnectionPoolDataSource	

Figure 7–9 Summary

- **10.** Verify the details and click **Finish** to create the JDBC Provider.
- 11. The options to Save and Review are displayed. Click Save.

## **Creating Data Source**

The steps given below are applicable for both config and atomic data source creation.

- 1. Open this URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/ibm/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The *Login* window is displayed.
- 2. Login with the user id that has admin rights.
- **3.** Expand the **Resources** option in the LHS menu and click **JDBC** > **Data sources** option. The Data sources page is displayed.

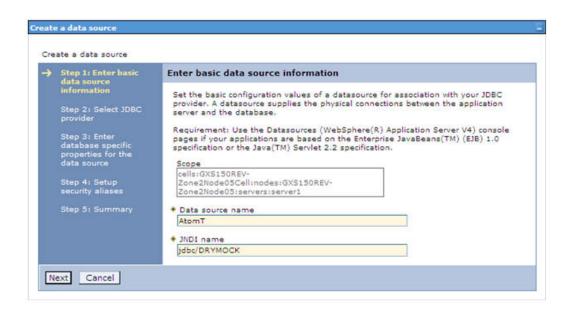


Figure B–1 Data Sources

- **4.** Select the **Scope** from the drop down list. Scope specifies the level at which the resource definition is visible.
- 5. Click New. The Create a Data Source window is displayed.



Figure B–2 Create Data Source

6. Specify the Data Source name and JNDI name for the new "Data Source".

The **JNDI** and **Data Source** name are case sensitive and ensure that JNDI name is same as the "Information Domain" name.

7. Click Next. The Select JDBC provider window is displayed.

Figure B–3 Select JDBC provider

Step 1: Enter ba	sic Select JDBC provider
data source information Step 2: Select Ji provider	DBC Specify a JDBC provider to support the datasource. If you choose to create a new JDBC provider, it will be created at the same scope as the datasource. If you are selecting an existing JDBC provider, only those providers at the current scope are available from the list.
Step 3: Enter database specif properties for th data source Step 4: Setup security aliases Step 5: Summai	Create new JDBC provider  Select an existing JDBC provider  Oracle JDBC Driver

**8.** Select the option **Select an Existing JDBC Provider** and select the required JDBC provider from the drop-down list. Click **Next**.

	Step 1: Enter basic data source	Select JDBC provider	
<b>→</b>	information Step 2: Select JDBC provider	Specify a JDBC provider to support the datasource. If you choose to create a new JDBC provider, it will be created at the same scope as the datasource. If you are selecting an existing JDBC provider, only those providers at the current scope are available from the list.	
	Step 3: Enter database specific properties for the data source Step 4: Setup security aliases Step 5: Summary	<ul> <li>Create new JDBC provider</li> <li>Select an existing JDBC provider</li> <li>Oracle JDBC Driver</li> </ul>	

Figure B–4 Enter database specific properties

9. Specify the database connection URL.

For example: jdbc:oracle:thin:@<DB SEREVER IP>:<DB SERVER PORT>:<SID>

**10.** Select **Data Store Helper Class Name** from the drop-down list and ensure that the checkbox **Use this data source in container managed persistence (CMP)** is selected.

**Note:** For RAC configuration, provide the RAC url specified during installation.

Example: jdbc:oracle:thin:@(DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS\_ LIST=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)(HOST=10.11.12.13)(port=1521))(ADDRESS=(PRO TOCOL=TCP)(HOST=10.11.12.14)(PORT=1521))(LOAD\_ BALANCE=no)(FAILOVER=yes))(CONNECT\_DATA=(SERVICE\_NAME=pqadb)))

11. Click Next.

Figure B–5 Enter Database specific properties

	Step 1: Enter basic data source	Enter database specific properties for the data source		
	information			
	Step 2: Select JDBC provider		properties, which are required by the database vendor connections that are managed through the datasource.	
•	Step 3: Enter	Name	Value	
	database specific properties for the data source	+ URL	10.184.108.91:1521:ord11g	
		+ Data store helper class name		
	Step 4: Setup security aliases	Oracle11g data store helper 💌		
	Step 5: Summary	Use this data source in container managed persistence (CMP)		

12. Map the J2C authentication alias, if already created. If not, you can create a new J2C authentication alias by accessing the link given (Global J2C authentication alias) or you can continue with the data source creation by clicking Next and then Finish.

Step 1: Enter basic data source	Summary		
information	Summary of actions:		
Step 2: Select JDBC provider	Options	Values	
Step 3: Enter	Scope	cells:GXS150REV-Zone2Node05Cell:nodes:GXS150REV- Zone2Node05:servers:server1	
database specific properties for the	Data source name	AtomT	
data source	JNDI name	jdbc/DRYMOCK	
Step 4: Setup security aliases	Select an existing JDBC provider	Oracle JDBC Driver	
Step 5: Summary	Implementation class name	oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleConnectionPoolDataSource	
	URL	jdbc:oracle:thin:@10.184.108.91:1521:orcl11gr2	
	Data store helper class name	com.ibm.websphere.rsadapter.Oracle10gDataStoreHelper	
	Use this data source in container managed persistence (CMP)	true	
	Component-managed authentication alias	(none)	
	Mapping-configuration alias	(none)	
	Container-managed authentication alias	(none)	

Figure B–6 Summary

You can also create and map J2C authentication alias after creating the data source.

**13.** You must create another Data source by following the above procedure with jdbc/FICMASTER as JNDI name pointing to the "configuration schema" of Infrastructure.

## **Creating J2C Authentication Details**

The steps given below are applicable for creating both config and atomic J2C Authentication.

To create J2C Authentication details, follow these steps:

1. Select the newly created Data Source and click JAAS - J2C authentication data link under Related Items.

JAAS- J2C authentication data

	sources > Default Datasource > JAAS ies a list of user identities and passwor			
	Prefix new alias names with the node na			
-				
Appl	Y			
Pre	ferences			
	Delete			
7.4.0.au				
G	0 # 2			
Select	Alias 🗘	User ID 🗘	Description 💲	
You	can administer the following resources:			
	GXS150REV- Zone2Node05/FICMASTER	upgsconf	FICMASTER	
	GXS150REV-Zone2Node05/RORFFW	rorffw		
	GXS150REV-Zone2Node05/RQRPNC	rorphc		
	GXS150REV-Zone2Node05/UPGSPFT	upgspft	upgspft	
	GXS150REV- Zone2Node05/UPGSPROD	upgsprod	upgsprod	
	GXS150REV- Zone2Node05/UPGSROR	upgsror	upgsror	
	GXS150REV- Zone2Node05/UPGSSAND	upgssand	upgssand	
	GXS150REV-Zone2Node05/VASTEST	upgsconf	upgsconf	

Figure B–7 JAAS- J2C authentication data

2. Click New under the Preferences section.

Figure 7–10 JAAS- J2C authentication data- New

Properties	
-	
D	
3	
ord	
•	
ation	
c Instance	
C ATTACATION .	

- 3. Enter the Alias, User ID, Password, and Description. Ensure the following:
  - <sup>2</sup> User ID is the Oracle user ID created for the respective Config and Atomic Schema for the "Information Domain".

- Specify the Config database user ID and password information for the jdbc/FICMASTER data source, and specify the Atomic database user ID and password information for the Atomic schema data source that you created earlier.
- 4. Click Apply and save the details.

## **Defining JDBC Connection Pooling**

To define the JDBC connection pooling ensure that you have created JDBC Provider and Data source to access the data from the database.

- Expand the Resources option in the LHS menu and click JDBC > Data sources option. The Data sources page is displayed.
- 2. Click the newly created Data Source \$DATA\_SOURCE\$ and navigate to the path Data sources>\$DATA\_SOURCE\$>Connection pools.

Figure B–8 Connection pools

nfiguration		
General Properties		Additional Properties
Scope		and the second se
	all:nodes:ipa26dorNode01:servers:server1	Advanced connection pool
* Connection timeout		properties
þ	seconds	Connection pool
a sea to a to		custom properties
<ul> <li>Maximum connections</li> <li>100</li> </ul>	connections	
100	connections	
<ul> <li>Minimum connections</li> </ul>		
10	connections	
* Reap time		
180	seconds	
Unused timeout		
1800	seconds	
Aged timeout	seconds	
0	seconds	
Purge policy		
EntirePool	~	

**3.** Set the values for **Connection timeout** to 0 seconds, **Maximum connections** to 100 connections, and Minimum connections to 10 connections as shown in the above figure. You can also define **Reap Time, Unused Timeout**, and **Aged Timeout** as required.

# Configuring Resource Reference in WebLogic Application Server

This section is applicable only when the Web application server type is WebLogic. This section includes the following topics:

Creating Data Source

- . Creating GridLink Data Source
- . Configuring Multi Data Sources
- . Configuring Advanced Settings for Data Source
- . Defining JDBC Connection Pooling

In WebLogic, you can create "Data Source" in the following ways:

- "For a Non RAC Database instance, Generic Data Source has to be created. See Create Data Source.
- "For a RAC Database instance, Gridlink Data Source has to be created. See Create GridLink Data Source.
- "When Load Balancing/Fail over is required, Multi Data Source has to be created. See Configure Multi Data Sources.

## **Creating Data Source**

The steps given below are applicable for both config and atomic data source creation.

- Open the following URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The Welcome window is displayed.
- 2. Login with the Administrator Username and Password.



### Figure B–9 Welcome

**3.** From the LHS menu (Domain Structure), click **Services** > **Data Sources**. The Summary of JDBC Data Sources window is displayed.

Change Center	😰 Home Log Out Preferences 🔙 Ru	acord Help	Welcome, manager Connected to: Mod	
View changes and restarts	Home a hummary of 3DBC Data Source	1		
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Summary of JDBC Data Sources			
Iomain Structure	A X0C data source is an object bound borrow a database connection from a		of XDDC connections. Applications can look up a data source on the XADI tree and then	
Betweenent Deployments Services Betweenent Services	This page summarizes the 200C data s Customize this table Data Sources(Filtered - More Colo	ource objects that have been created in this doman.		
Data Sources Hubi Data Sources	New Delete		Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Next	
Data Source Factories Persistent Stores	🕑 Name 🚧	JNDI Name	Targets	
-Foreign 2000 Providers Work Controlts	SSATOM	KBK/DEMOINF	Administerver	
- 101. Registries - 101. Registries - 101. Enthy Caches 3	New Delete Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next			
tow do La	a			
Create XXXC data sources     Delete XXXC data sources				
iystem Status	6			
realth of Running Servers				
Falled (0) Critical (0) Overloaded (0) Warring (0) O(1)				

Figure B–10 Summary of JDBC Data Sources

4. Click New and select Generic Data Source option. The Create a New JDBC Data Source window is displayed.

You can also select **GridLink Data Source** or **Multi Data Source** while creating a Data Source. For more information, see Creating Data Sourceor Configuring Multi Data Sources.

Figure 7–11 Create a New JDBC Data Source

Back Next Finish Ca	ancel	
JDBC Data Source Proper		
What would you like to name y	our new JDBC data source?	
👍 * Name:	ATOMSTSOL	
🔁 JNDI Name: jdbc/ATOMSTSOL		
	100 IN 10	
What database type would you Database Type:	Oracle	

5. Enter JDBC data source Name, JNDI Name, and select the Database Type from the drop-down list. Click Next.

Ensure the following:

- . The JNDI Name field should be in the format "jdbc/informationdomain"
- Same steps needs to be followed to create a mandatory data source pointing to the "configuration schema" of infrastructure with jdbc/FICMASTER as JNDI name.
- . JNDI Name is the same as mentioned in web.xml file of OFSAAI Application.
- . Required "Database Type" and "Database Driver" should be selected.

#### Figure B–11 JDBC Data Source Properties

Create a New JDBC Multi Data Source
Back Next Cancel
Select Data Source Type
Please select type (XA or Non-XA) of data source you would like to add to your new JDBC Multi Data Source.
🔿 XA Driver
Non-XA Driver
Back Next Frish Cancel

6. Select the **Database Driver** from the drop-down list. You need to select the Database Driver depending on database setup, that is, with or without RAC. Click **Next**.

#### Figure B–12 Transaction Options

Back         Next         Finitit         Cancel           Transaction Options         You have selected non-XA JOBC driver to create database connection in your new data source.
You have selected non-XA JDBC driver to create database connection in your new data source.
Does this data source support global transactions? If yes, please choose the transaction protocol for this data source.
Supports Global Transactions
Select this option if you want to enable non-XA JDBC connections from the data source to participate in global transactions using the Logging Last Resource (LR) transaction optimization. Recommended in place of Emulate Two-Phase Commit.
O Logging Last Resource
Select this option if you want to enable non-XA JDBC connections from the data source to emulate participation in global transactions using JTA. Select this option only if your application can tolerate heuristic conditions.
O Emulate Two-Phase Commit
Select this option if you want to enable non-XA JDBC connections from the data source to participate in global transactions using the one-phase commit transaction processing. With this option, no other resources can participate in the global transaction.
One-Phase Commit
Back Next Friend Cancel

- 7. Select the Supports Global Transactions checkbox and the One-Phase Commit option.
- 8. Click Next. The Connection Properties window is displayed.

reate a New JDBC Data Source		
Back Next Front Cancel		
Connection Properties Define Connection Properties.		
What is the name of the database you would like to	connect to?	
Database Name:	fsgbu	
What is the name or IP address of the database ser	er?	
Host Name:	10. 184.74.80	
What is the port on the database server used to co	nect to the database?	
Port:	1521	
What database account user name do you want to	ise to create database connections?	
Database User Name:	ssatom	
What is the database account password to use to o	eate database connections?	
Password:	•••••	
Confirm Password:	•••••	
Back Next Finish Cancel		

Figure B–13 Connection Properties

- **9.** Enter the required details such as the Database Name, Host Name, Port, Oracle User Name, and Password.
- **10.** Click Next. The Test Database Connection window is displayed.

#### Figure B–14 Test Database Connection

reate a New JDBC Data Source	
Test Configuration Back Next Finish Ca	ncel
Test Database Connection	
Test the database availability and the connection pro	perties you provided.
What is the full package name of JDBC driver class use	d to create database connections in the connection pool?
(Note that this driver class must be in the dasspath of	arry server to which it is deployed.)
Driver Class Name:	oracle jdbc. OracleDriver
What is the URL of the database to connect to? The fi	rmat of the URL varies by JDBC driver.
URL:	jdbc oracle thin @10.184.1
What database account user name do you want to us	to create database connections?
Database User Name:	ssatom
What is the database account password to use to cre	te database connections?
(Note: for secure password management, enter the p	issword in the Password field instead of the Properties field below)
Password:	••••••
Confirm Password:	•••••••
Properties: user=ssatom	
The set of driver properties whose values are derived	it runtime from the named system property.
System Properties:	
What table name or SQL statement would you like to u	e to test database connections?
Test Table Name: SQL SELECT 1 FROM DUAL	
Test Configuration	icel.

- Verify the details and click Test Configuration and test the configuration settings.
   A confirmation message is displayed stating "Connection test succeeded."
- 12. Click Finish. The created "Data Source" is displayed in the list of Data Sources.

#### Note:

- "User ID" is the Oracle user ID that is created for the respective "Information Domain".
- "User ID" to be specified for data source with "FICMASTER" as "JNDI" name should be the Oracle user ID created for the "configuration schema".

**13.** Select the new Data Source and click the Targets tab.

#### Figure B–15 Select Targets

Create a New JDBC Data Source
Back Trent Finish Cancel
Select Targets
You can select one or more targets to deploy your new JDBC data source. If you don't select a target, the data source will be created but not deployed. You will need to deploy the data source at a later time.
Servers
☑ AdminServer
Back Tierd Finish Cancel

14. Select the AdminServer option and click Finish.

## **Creating GridLink Data Source**

If you have selected the option, **New** > **GridLink Data Source** while creating the "Data Source", you can directly specify the JDBC URL as indicated.

Create a New JDBC GridLink Data Source		
Back Next Frink Cancel		
Connection Properties		
Define Connection Properties.		
Enter Complete JDBC URL for GridLink databa	se.	
Complete JDBC URL:		
What database account user name do you w	and the result of all places are required as a	
what obsolves account use have on you w	ini to use to create patabase connectorial	
Database User Name:		
What is the database account password to u	e to create database connections?	
Password:		
Confirm Password:		
Back Next Firms Cancel		
manual function businesses		

Figure 7–12 Create a New JDBC GridLinkData Source

1. Enter Data Source Name, and JNDI Name.

Ensure that the "JNDI Name" field is specified in the format "jdbc/infodomname" and the XA **Driver** checkbox is not selected. Click **Next**.

#### Figure 7–13 JDBC GridLinkData Source- Connection Properties

Create a New JDBC GridLink D	ata Source			
Back Next Can	cel			
JDBC GridLink Data Source	Properties			
The following properties will be	used to identify your new JDBC GridLink	data source		
* Indicates required fields				
What would you like to name you	r new 3DBC GridLink data source?			
👸 * Name:	xyz			
What JNDI name would you like t	o assign to your new JDBC GridLink data	a source?		
🛃 JNDI Name:				
jdbc/xyz	12			
What database type would you i	ke to select?			
Database Type:	Oracle			
Is this XA driver?				
XA Driver				
Each Next Frish Can	cel			

2. Specify Complete JDBC URL, Database User Name, and Password. Click Finish. The created "Data Source" is displayed in the list of Data Sources.

## **Configuring Multi Data Sources**

A JDBC multi data source is an abstraction around a group of data sources that provides load balancing and failover between data sources. As with data sources, multi data sources are also bound to the JNDI tree. Applications can look up a multi data source on the JNDI tree and then reserve a database connection from a data source. The multi data source determines from which data source to provide the connection.

When the database used is **Oracle RAC (Real Application Clusters)** which allows Oracle Database to run across a set of clustered servers, then group of data sources can be created for instances running on a set of clustered servers and a JDBC multi data source can be created so that applications can look up a multi data source on the JNDI tree to reserve database connection. If a clustered server fails, Oracle continues running on the remaining servers.

- Open WebLogic Admin Console in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The Login window is displayed.
- 2. Login with the "User ID" that has admin rights.
- 3. In the LHS menu (Domain Structure), select Services > JDBC > Multi Data Sources. The Summary of JDBC Multi Data Sources window is displayed.

to the	C multi data source is a JNDI tree. Applications to provide the connect	can look up a multi data source on the JNDI tree	provides load balancing and failover between data source and then reserve a database connection from a data sour	es. As with data sources, multi data sources are also bour rce. The multi data source determines from which data
Jse th	is page to create or vie	w multi data sources in your domain.		
Custo	omize this table			
12000	ata Sources/Filter	ed - More Columns Exist)		
Iulti I	vata sourcestrucere			
	Delete			Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous   Ne
	and the second second second	JNDI Name	Algorithm Type	Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous   Ne Targets
New	Delete		Algorithm Type	
New	Name 🏊	JNDI Name		Targets

#### Figure 7–14 Summary of JDBC Multi Data Sources

4. Click New. The New JDBC Multi Data Source screen is displayed.

**Note:** Ensure that the Data Sources which needs to be added to new JDBC Multi Data Source has been created.

Create a New JDBC Hulti Data Sou	rce	
Back Next Fran Cancel		
Configure the Multi Data Source		
The following properties will be used	to identify your new JDBC multi data source.	
What would you like to name your ne	JOBC multi data source?	
🛃 Name:	JDBC Multi Data Source-0	
	ign to your new JDBC multi data source?	
🚱 JNDI Name:		
jdbc/infodomname		
What algorithm type for this JDBC Mu	ti Data Source would you like to select?	
🛃 Algorithm Type:	Load-Balancing 💌	
Back Next Frish Cancel		

Figure 7–15 Configure the Multi Data Source

5. Enter the JDBC Source Name, JNDI name, and select the Algorithm Type from the drop-down list. Click Next.

#### Note:

- The JNDI Name has to be specified in the format jdbc/infodomname.
- JNDI Name of the Data Sources that will be added to new JDBC Multi data source should be different from the JNDI name specified during Multi Data Source.
- Same steps needs to be followed to create a mandatory data source pointing to the "configuration schema" of infrastructure with jdbc/FICMASTER as JNDI name for Data Source.
- JNDI Name provided in multi data source should be the same name that will be mentioned in the web.xml file of OFSAAI Application.
- <sup>2</sup> You can select the Algorithm Type as Load-Balancing.

Figure 7–16 Select Targets

Create a New JDBC Hulti Data Source	
Back Next Frish Cancel	
Select Targets You can select one or more targets to deploy your new 3DBC Multi Data Source.	
Servers	
AdminServer	
Back Next Frien Cancel	

6. Select the AdminServer check box and click Next.

Figure 7–17 Select Data Source Type

Create a New JDBC Multi Data Source
Back Next Front Cancel
Select Data Source Type
Please select type (XA or Non-XA) of data source you would like to add to your new JDBC Multi Data Source.
O XA Driver
Non-XA Driver
Back Next Cancel

7. Select the type of data source which will be added to new JDBC Multi Data Source. Click Next.

Back Trest Finish	Cancel			
Add Data Sources What JDBC Data Sources Data Sources: Available	would you like to add to your ne Chosen	v JDBC Multi Data Source?		
ROR2 FUSION1 FUSION2 FUSIONRH	ROR1		<b>▲</b> ♥	

Figure 7–18 Add Data Sources

8. Map the required Data Source from the Available Data Sources. Click Finish.

The New JDBC Multi Data Source is created with added data sources.

## Configuring Advanced Settings for Data Source

Perform the following steps for advanced settings for Data Source:

- 1. Click the new Data Source from the Summary of JDBC Data Sources window. The Settings for <Data Source Name> window is displayed.
- 2. Select the Connection Pooling tab given under Configuration.
- **3.** Go to the **Advanced** option at the bottom of the page, and check the **Test Connection of Reserve** checkbox (Enables WebLogic Server to test a connection before giving it to a client).

To verify if the data source is valid, select "Data Source name". For example, FICMASTER.

#### Figure 7–19 Settings for <Data Source Name>

onfigura	ation Targets	Monitoring	Control	Security	Notes		
tatistics	Testing						
lse this	page to test dat	tabase connection	ns in this JC	BC data sou	irce.		
	nize this table Ita Source (Filt	tered - More Co	olumns Ex	ist)			
est Da			olumns Ex	ist)			Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Net
est Da Test D	ta Source (Filt		olumns Ex	ist)		State	Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Ne:
Test Da	ata Source (Filt		olumns Ex	ist)		State Running	Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Net

4. Select the server and click Test Data Source.

A message is displayed indicating that the test was successful.

- 5. Once the "Data Source" is created successfully, the following messages are displayed:
  - All changes have been activated. No restart is necessary.
  - <sup>2</sup> Settings updated successfully.

If not, follow the steps given above to recreate the data source.

## Defining JDBC Connection Pooling

To define the JDBC connection pooling, ensure that you have created JDBC Provider and Data source to access the data from the database.

- Click the newly created Data Source \$DATA\_SOURCE\$ and navigate to the path Home >Summary of Services: JDBC >Summary of JDBC Data Sources >JDBC Data Source-<INFODDOM NAME>
- 2. Set the values for Initial Capacity to 10, Maximum Capacity to 100, Capacity Increment by 1, Statement Cache Type to LRU, and Statement Cache Size to 10.
- 3. Click Save.

## Configuring Resource Reference in Tomcat Application Server

This section is applicable only when the Web application server type is Tomcat.

This section covers the following topics:

- Creating Data Source
- Defining JDBC Connection Pooling
- Configuring Class Loader for Apache Tomcat

Copy the Oracle JDBC driver file, "ojdbc<version>.jar" from <Oracle Home>/jdbc/lib and place it in <Tomcat Home>/lib.

**Note:** See Appendix N for identifying the correct ojdbc<version>.jar version to be copied.

## Creating Data Source

To create "data source" for Infrastructure application, navigate to <Tomcat Home>/conf and edit the following block of text by replacing the actual values in server.xml.

**Note:** The User-IDs for configuration/ atomic schemas have the prefix of setupinfo depending on the value set for PREFIX\_SCHEMA\_NAME in <<APP Pack>> SCHEMA\_IN.XML file of Schema Creator Utility.

For example: if the value set for PREFIX\_SCHEMA\_NAME is DEV and the schema name was mentioned as ofsaaconf, then the actual schema created in the database would be DEV\_ofsaaconf.

```
<Context path ="/<context name>" docBase="<Tomcat Installation
Directory>/webapps/<context name>" debug="0" reloadable="true"
crossContext="true">
```

```
<Resource auth="Container"
```

```
name="jdbc/FICMASTER"
```

type="javax.sql.DataSource"

driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"

username="<user id for the configuration schema>"

password="<password for the above user id>"

url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@<DB engine IP address>:<DB Port>:<SID>"

maxActive="100"

maxIdle="30"

maxWait="10000"/>

<Resource auth="Container"

name="jdbc/< INFORMATION DOMAIN NAME >"

type="javax.sql.DataSource"

driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"

username="<user id for the atomic schema>"

password="<password for the above user id>"

url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@<DB engine IP address>:<DB Port>:<SID>"

maxActive="100"

maxIdle="30"

maxWait="10000"/>

</Context>

#### Note:

- ? The <Resource> tag must be repeated for each Information Domain created.
- After the above configuration, the "WAR" file has to be created and deployed in Tomcat.

## Defining JDBC Connection Pooling

To define the JDBC connection pooling, do the following:

 Copy \$ORACLE\_HOME/jdbc/lib/ojdbc<version>.jar to the path \$TOMCAT\_ DIRECTORY/lib/.

**Note:** See Appendix N for identifying the correct ojdbc<version>.jar version to be copied.

2. Edit the server.xml present under the path \$TOMCAT\_DIRECTORY/conf/ with the below changes, which is required for connection pooling.

```
<Context path="/ $CONTEXTNAME$" docBase=" $APP_DEPLOYED_PATH$ " debug="0" reloadable="true" crossContext="true">
```

```
<Resource auth="Container"

name="jdbc/ $INFODOM_NAME$"

type="javax.sql.DataSource"

driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"

username=" $ATOMICSCHEMA_USERNAME$"

password="$ATOMICSCHEMA_PASSWORD$"

url="$JDBC_CONNECTION_URL"

maxActive="100"

maxIdle="30"

maxWait="10000"

removeAbandoned="true" removeAbandonedTimeout="60"

logAbandoned="true"/>

</Context>
```

Note the following:

#### Note:

- \$APP\_DEPLOYED\_PATH\$ should be replaced by OFSAAI application deployed path.
- <sup>2</sup> \$INFODOM\_NAME\$ should be replaced by Infodom Name.
- ATOMICSCHEMA\_USERNAME\$ should be replaced by Atomic schema database user name.
- SATOMICSCHEMA\_PASSWORD\$ should be replaced by Atomic schema database password.
- \$JDBC\_CONNECTION\_URL should be replaced by JDBC connection string jdbc:Oracle:thin:<IP>:<PORT>:<SID>. For example, jdbc:oracle:thin 10.80.50.53:1521:soluint
- The User-IDs for configuration/ atomic schemas have the prefix of setupinfo depending on the value set for PREFIX\_SCHEMA\_NAME in <<APP Pack>>\_ SCHEMA\_IN.XML file of Schema Creator Utility. For example: if the value set for PREFIX\_SCHEMA\_NAME is DEV and the schema name was mentioned as ofsaaconf, then the actual schema created in the database would be DEV\_ofsaaconf.

## **Configuring Class Loader for Apache Tomcat**

- 1. Edit the server.xml available in \$TOMCAT HOME/conf/ folder.
- Add tag <Loader delegate="true" /> within the <Context> tag, above the
   <Resource> tag. This is applicable only when the web application server is Apache Tomcat 8.

**Note:** This configuration is required if Apache Tomcat version is 8.

## **Creating and Deploying EAR/ WAR File**

This section covers the following topics:

- Creating EAR/WAR File
- . Deploying EAR/WAR File

## **Creating EAR/WAR File**

To create EAR/WAR File, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the \$FIC\_WEB\_HOME directory on the OFSAA Installed server.
- 2. Execute ./ant.sh to trigger the creation of EAR/ WAR file.
- **3.** On completion of the EAR files creation, the "BUILD SUCCESSFUL" and "Time taken" message is displayed and you will be returned to the prompt.

Figure C–1 Creating EAR/ WAR File

/scratch/ofsaaweb>cd /scrat	tch/ofsaaweb/OFSA80/ficweb
/scratch/ofsaaweb/OFSA80/fi	icweb>
/scratch/ofsaaweb/OFSA80/fi	icweb>ls
ant.sh	ficwebChecksum.sh
apache-ant-1.7.1	ficweb_InstalledChecksum.txt
application.xml	lib
build.xml	MANIFEST.MF
conf	mycertificates
ficweb_Build_CheckSum.txt	OFSALMINFO_FusionMenu.xml
ficwebCheckSum.log	unix
ficwebChecksum.properties	webroot
/scratch/ofsaaweb/OFSA80/fi	icweb>./ant.sh
executing "ant"	
Buildfile: build.xml	
createwar:	
[war] Building war: /	/scratch/ofsaaweb/OFSA80/ficweb/AAI80.war
createear:	
[ear] Building ear: /	/scratch/ofsaaweb/OFSA80/ficweb/AAI80.ear
BUILD SUCCESSFUL	
Total time: 2 minutes 8 sec	
/scratch/ofsaaweb/OFSA80/fi	icweb>

4. The EAR/WAR file - <contextname>.ear/ .war - is created.

**Note:** The <contextname> is the name given during installation. This process overwrites any existing version of EAR file that exists in the path.

In case of OFSAA configured on Tomcat installation, <contextname>.war is created.

## **Deploying EAR/WAR File**

**Note:** Remove the existing Admin Tools deployment (which is integrated with OFS BD pack), if you are upgrading from v8.0.2.0.0 or lower versions.

This section covers the following topics:

- . Deploying EAR/WAR Files on WebSphere
- . Deploying EAR/WAR files for WebLogic
- Deploying Tomcat WAR Files on Tomcat

**Note:** Ensure to clear the application cache prior to the deployment of Applications Pack Web Archive. This is applicable to all Web servers (WebSphere, WebLogic, and Tomcat). For more information, see Clearing Application Cache section.

## Deploying EAR/WAR Files on WebSphere

To deploy Infrastructure application in WebSphere:

 Start WebSphere Profile by navigating to the path "/<WebSphere\_Installation\_ Directory>/IBM/WebSphere/AppServer/profiles/<Profile\_Name>/bin/" and execute the command:

./startServer.sh server1

 Open the following URL in the browser: http://<ipaddress>:<Administrative Console Port>/ibm/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The login screen is displayed.

WebSphere. software	
	WebSphere Integrated Solutions Console User ID: admin Password: •••••• Log in
IBM, th Interna product	Materials - Property of IBM (c) Copyright IBM Corp. 1997, 2011 All Rights Reserved. IBM logo, ibm.com and WebSphere are trademarks or registered trademarks of anal Business Machines Corp., registered in many jurisdictions worldwide. Other nd service names might be trademarks of IBM or other companies. A current list of emarks is available on the Web at <u>Copyright and trademark information</u> .

Figure C–2 Login Window

- 3. Enter the user credentials which has administrator rights and click Log In.
- **4.** From the LHS menu, select **Applications** and click **New Application**. The New Application window is displayed.



New Application -
New Application
This page provides links to create new applications of different types.
Install a New Application
New Enterprise Application
New Business Level Application
New Asset

**5.** Click **New Enterprise Application**. The Preparing for the application installation window is displayed.

Figure C–4 P	reparing for	r the application	installation
--------------	--------------	-------------------	--------------

	AR, or SAR module to upload and install.	
Path to the new app	ication	
Local file system		
Full path		
	Browse	
Remote file system		
Full path		
	s855/profiles/TEST80AAI/AAI8(Browse	

6. Select **Remote File System** and click **Browse**. Select the EAR file generated for OFSAAI to upload and install. Click **Next**.

### Figure C–5 Installation Options

How do you want to install the application?	
Fast Path - Prompt only when additional information is required.	
$^{\odot}$ Detailed - Show all installation options and parameters.	
Choose to generate default bindings and mappings	
Previous Next Cancel	

7. Select the **Fast Path** option and click **Next**. The Install New Application window is displayed.

nstallation options <u>Step 2</u> Map nodules to servers <u>Step 3</u> Summary	Specify the various options that are available for your application.  Precompile JavaServer Pages files Directory to install application  Distribute application Use Binary Configuration Deploy enterprise beans Application name AA180
nodules to servers	Directory to install application          Image: Configuration         Im
<u>Step 3</u> Summary	<ul> <li>Distribute application</li> <li>Use Binary Configuration</li> <li>Deploy enterprise beans</li> <li>Application name</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Use Binary Configuration</li> <li>Deploy enterprise beans</li> <li>Application name</li> </ul>
	Deploy enterprise beans Application name
	Application name
	Create MBeans for resources
	Override class reloading settings for Web and EJB modules
	Reload interval in seconds
	Deploy Web services
	Validate Input off/warn/fail warn 🔻
	Process embedded configuration
	File Permission
	Allow all files to be read but not written to Allow executables to execute Allow HTML and image files to be read by everyone
	.*dll=755#,*so=755#.*a=755#,*sl=755
	Application Build ID Unknown
	Allow dispatching includes to remote resources
	Allow servicing includes from remote resources
	Business level application name
	Create New BLA
	Asynchronous Request Dispatch Type Disabled
	Allow EJB reference targets to resolve automatically
	Deploy client modules Client deployment mode
	Isolated 🔻
	Validate schema

Figure C–6 Install New Application

8. Enter the required information and click **Next**. The Map Modules to Servers window is displayed.

ecify options for installing e	interprise appl	lications and	modules.				
<u>Step 1</u> Select installation options	Map mo	Map modules to servers					
Step 2: Map modules to servers <u>Step 3</u> Summary	contain servers configu Cluste WebS	ed in your ap a. Also, speci ration file (pl ers and serve	plication. Modules fy the Web servers ugin-cfg.xml) for ea rs:	rvers or clusters of application servers where you want can be installed on the same application server or disp as targets that serve as routers for requests to this ap ach Web server is generated, based on the applications 02Cell,node=ofss2311701Node02,server=server1	ersed among several applicatior plication. The plug-in		
	Select	Module	URI	Server			
		OFSAAI Web Application	AAI80.war,WEB- INF/web.xml	WebSphere:cell=ofss2311701Node02Cell,node=ofss	2311701Node02,server=serve		

Figure C–7 Map Modules to Servers

**9.** Select the **Web Application** and click **Next**. The Map Resource References to Resources window is displayed.

<u>1</u> Select ( llation options	1ap resou	rce referenc	ces to	resources					
	Each resou	rce reference f	that is	defined in your app	lication must be	e mapped to a re	source.		
<u>2</u> Map modules rvers	commonj.wo	rk.WorkManage	er						
3: Map	Set Multiple JNDI Names *								
urce references									
sources	ē Ō								
<u>4</u> Map virtual s for Web									
ules	Select I	Module		Bean URI		esource eference	Target Resource .	INDI Name	
<u>5</u> Summary	_	OFSAAI Web		BD801Q.wa	WER-				
		Application		INF/web.xm	I WEB-	m/WorkManager	Browse		
	jayax.sol	.DataSource							
		lultiple JNDI N	20000	T Modify Post	ce Authenticatio	Method	tended Properties.		
			ames	Modify Resour	te Admenticatio	n Method ] Ex	ctended propercies.		
		<u>)</u>							
					r.				
	Selec	t Module	Bean	URI	Resource Reference	Target Resour	rce JNDI Name	Login configuration	
								Resource	
		OFSAAI Web Application		BD801Q.war,WEB- INF/web.xml	jdbc/FICMASTER			authorization Container	
						R Browse		Authentication	
								method:	
								None	
								Resource	
								authorization	
		OFSAAI Web		BD801Q.war,WEB- INF/web.xml	jdbc/analyst	Browse		Container	
		Application		INF, WED. XIIII				Authentication method:	
								None	
								Resource	
								authorization	
		OFSAAI Web		BD801Q.war,WEB-	jdbc/miner	Browse		Container	
		Application		INF/web.×ml	,	browse		Authentication method:	
	1000							None	
								Resource authorization	
		OFSAAI		BD8010.war.WFB-					
		OFSAAI Web Application		BD801Q.war,WEB- INF/web.xml	jdbc/BD801QT	Browse		authorization	

Figure C–8 Map Resource References to Resources

- **10.** Map each resource defined in the application to a resource JNDI name defined earlier.
- **11.** Click **Modify Resource Authentication Method** and specify the authentication method created earlier.

You can specify "config" for FICMASTER resource or "atomic" for atomic resource as the authentication method.

**12.** Select the **OFSAAI Web Application** check box and click **Next**. The Map Virtual hosts for Web Modules window is displayed.

Step 1 Select	Map virtual hosts for Web modules				
<u>Step 2</u> Map modules to servers <u>Step 3</u> Map resource references to resources	in you them	Specify the virtual host where you want to install the Web modules that are contained in your application. You can install Web modules on the same virtual host or disperse them among several hosts.			
Step 4: Map virtual hosts for Web modules	Select	Web module	Virtual host		
		OFSAAI Web Application	default_host 💌		

Figure C–9 Map Virtual host for Web Modules

**13.** Select the **Web Application** check box and click **Next**. The Summary page is displayed.

Figure C–10 Summary

<u>Step 1</u> Select installation options <u>Step 2</u> Map modules to servers	Summary Summary of installation options			
	Precompile JavaServer Pages files	No		
		<u>Step 3</u> Map resource references	Directory to install application	
to resources <u>Step 4</u> Map virtual hosts for Web modules	Distribute application	Yes		
	Use Binary Configuration	No		
	Deploy enterprise beans	Yes		
	Application name	AAI80		
→ Step 5: Summary	Create MBeans for resources	Yes		
	Override class reloading settings for Web and EJB modules	No		
	Reload interval in seconds			
	Deploy Web services	No		
	Validate Input off/warn/fail	warn		
	Process embedded configuration	No		
	File Permission	.*\.dll=755#.*\.so=755#.*\.a=755#.*\.sl=755		
	Application Build ID	Unknown		
	Allow dispatching includes to remote resources	No		
	Allow servicing includes from remote resources	No		
	Business level application name			
	Asynchronous Request Dispatch Type	Disabled		
	Allow EJB reference targets to resolve automatically	No		
	Deploy client modules	No		
	Client deployment mode	Isolated		
	Validate schema	No		
	Cell/Node/Server	Click here		

14. Click Finish and deploy the Infrastructure Application on WebSphere.

On successful installation, a message is displayed.

**15.** Click **Save** and save the master file configuration. The details are displayed in the Master File Configuration window.

#### Start the Application

To start the application, follow these steps:

1. Expand Applications > Application Type > WebSphere enterprise applications. The Enterprise Applications window is displayed.

#### Figure C–11 Enterprise Application

Enterpris	e Applications	2 2
Enterp	prise Applications	
Use th	nis page to manage installed applications. A single application can be de	ployed onto multiple servers.
Pre	ferences	
Sta	rt Stop Install Uninstall Update Rollout Update R	emove File Export DDL Export File
D	Ē ₩ ₽	
Select	t Name 🗘	Application Status 💁
You	can administer the following resources:	
	AAI80	8
	DefaultApplication	•
	ivtApp	⇒
	guery	•
Tota	14	

2. Select the installed application and click Start.

#### Note:

- or sprofile name> is the profile name given while creating the WebSphere profile.
- <cell name > is the cell name given during profile creation.
  - <contextname> is the context name given during installation.

#### Deploying EAR/WAR files for WebLogic

Following are the steps for deploying Infrastructure application that would be created during installation:

- 1. Navigate to the path "<WebLogic Installation directory>/user\_projects/domains/<domain name>/bin" in the machine in which WebLogic is installed.
- 2. Start WebLogic by executing the command:

./startWebLogic.sh -d64 file

 Open the URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<admin server port>/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The Sign in window of the WebLogic Server Administration Console is displayed. **Note:** Ensure that you have started Infrastructure Server by executing "./startofsaai.sh" as mentioned in *Starting Infrastructure Services* section.

- **4.** Log on to the WebLogic Server by entering the user credentials having privileges to deploy the EAR file.
- 5. From the **Domain Structure** LHS menu, click **Deployments**. The Summary of Deployments window is displayed.

Change Center	Home	Log Out Preferences 🛃 Record Hel		Q	Welcome, u	pg7273 Connecte
View changes and restarts						upg7273
Configuration editing is enabled. Future	Home >S	Summary of Deployments				
hanges will automatically be activated as you nodify, add or delete items in this domain.	Summary	y of Deployments				
Domain Structure	Control	Monitoring				
Environment		ge displays a list of Java EE applications Installed applications and modules can b	e started, stopped, updat			
Security Realms	first sele To instal	ecting the application name and using the all a new application or module for deploy mize this table ments		ain, click the	: Install button.	
Ð-Services ⊡Security Realms Ð-Interoperability	first sele To instal	all a new application or module for deploy mize this table ments	ment to targets in this dom			f 1 Previous   Next
P-Services Security Realms P-Interoperability	first sele To instal Custon Deployi Instal	all a new application or module for deploy mize this table ments	ment to targets in this dom	s		
Services	first sele To instal Custon Deployr	all a new application or module for deploy mize this table ments Update Delete Start × Stop •	ment to targets in this dom	Si Health	howing 1 to 1 of	f 1 Previous   Next

Figure C–12 Summary of Deployments

- 6. Click Install. The Install Application Assistant window is displayed.
- 7. Select the Exploded EAR directory after browsing to the directory where it is saved and click Next.

#### **Explode EAR File**

To explode EAR, follow these steps:

- Create the "applications" folder under domain name. For example, "/Bea/user\_ projects/domains/ <Domain \_name>/applications".
- 2. Create <context name>.ear folder under "applications" folder.
- 3. Copy the <\$FIC\_WEB\_HOME/<context\_name>.ear file to <WEBLOGIC\_INSTALL\_ DIR>/Bea/user\_projects/domains/<DOMAIN\_NAME>/applications/<context\_ name>.ear.
- 4. Explode the <context name>.ear file by executing the command:

jar -xvf <context\_name>.ear

- 5. Delete the <context>.ear and < context >.war files (recently created) <WEBLOGIC\_ INSTALL\_DIR>/Bea/user\_projects/domains/<DOMAIN\_ NAME>/applications/<context\_name>.ear.
- 6. Create a directory <context\_name>.war under <WEBLOGIC\_INSTALL\_DIR>/Bea/user\_ projects/domains/<DOMAIN\_NAME>/applications/<context\_name>.ear.
- 7. Copy <\$FIC\_WEB\_HOME/<context\_name>.war file to <WEBLOGIC\_INSTALL\_ DIR>/Bea/user\_projects/domains/<DOMAIN\_NAME>/applications/<context\_ name>.ear/<context\_name>.war.
- 8. Explode the <context\_name>.war file by executing the following command to get the directory structure:
  - jar -xvf <context\_name>.war

#### Install Application

To install Application, follow these steps:

1. Open the Install Application Assistant.

#### Figure C–13 Install Application Assistant

Install Application Assistant	t de la construcción de la constru
Back Next Finish C	ancei
Locate deployment to ins	stall and prepare for deployment
Select the file path that repre the application directory or file	sents the application root directory, archive file, exploded archive directory, or application module descriptor that you want to install. You can also enter the path of e in the Path field.
	e displayed below. If you cannot find your deployment fies, upload your file(s) and/or confirm that your application contains the required deployment descriptors.
Path:	/oradata2/wl1035/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domains/upg7273/applications
Recently Used Paths:	/oradata2/wl1035/Orade/Middleware/user_projects/domains/upg7273/applications
Current Location:	10.184.134.147 / oradata2 / wl1035 / Oracle / Middleware / user_projects / domains / upg7273 / applications
🔿 🛅 upg7273.ear (ope	en directory)
Back Next Finish C	ancel
recent manual frament fram	

2. Click Next.

#### Figure C–14 Install Application Assistant

Install Application Assistant
Back Next Cancel
Choose targeting style
Targets are the servers, dusters, and virtual hosts on which this deployment will run. There are several ways you can target an application.
Install this deployment as an application
The application and its components will be targeted to the same locations. This is the most common usage.
Install this deployment as a library
Application libraries are deployments that are available for other deployments to share. Libraries should be available on all of the targets running their referencing applications
Back, Next, Finish Cancel

**3.** From the Choose targeting style section, select the **Install this deployment as an application** option and click **Next**.

The Optional Settings window is displayed.

Figure C	≻–15 C	Optional	Settings
----------	--------	----------	----------

Install Application Assistant
Back Next Finish Cancel
Optional Settings
You can modify these settings or accept the defaults
General
What do you want to name this deployment?
Name: upg7273
- Security
What security model do you want to use with this application?
DD Only: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors.
<ul> <li>Custom Roles: Use roles that are defined in the Administration Console; use policies that are defined in the deployment descriptor.</li> </ul>
O Custom Roles and Policies: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the Administration Console.
○ Advanced: Use a custom model that you have configured on the realm's configuration page.
Source accessibility
How should the source files be made accessible?
Use the defaults defined by the deployment's targets
Recommended selection.
O Copy this application onto every target for me
Copy this application onto every target for me  During deployment, the files will be copied automatically to the managed servers to which the application is targeted.
During deployment, the files will be copied automatically to the managed servers to which the application is targeted.
During deployment, the files will be copied automatically to the managed servers to which the application is targeted. O I will make the deployment accessible from the following location

- 4. Enter a Name for the deployment if required.
- 5. Under the Security section, select the **DD only** option to specify that only roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors should be used.
- 6. Select the I will make the deployment available from the following location option under the Source accessibility section.
- 7. Click Next to continue.

The Deployment Summary window is displayed.

Install Application A	sistant					
Back Next Ent	h Cancel					
Review your choice	teview your choices and click Finish					
Click Finish to comple	lick Finish to complete the deployment. This may take a few moments to complete.					
<ul> <li>Additional config</li> </ul>	Additional configuration					
In order to work succe	order to work successfully, this application may require additional configuration. Do you want to review this application's configuration after completing this assistant?					
Yes, take me t	Yes, take me to the deployment's configuration screen.					
🔘 No, I will review	v the configuration later.					
- Summary						
Deployment:	/oradata2/w1035/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domains/u	pg7273/applications/upg7273.ear				
Name:	upg72733					
Staging mode:	Use the defaults defined by the chosen targets					
Security Model:	DDOnly: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the depl	oyment descriptors.				
Target Summary						
Components 🗠		Targets				
upg7273.ear		AdminServer				
Back Next Finis	an Cancel					

#### Figure C–16 Deployment Summary

8. Select the Yes, take me to the deployment's configuration screen option and click Finish.

The Settings for <Deployment Name> window is displayed.

verview	Deployment Plan	Configuration	Security	Targets	Control	Testing	Monitoring	Notes	5	
ave							1			
									he application files, the associated deployment plan, and so on. 1 ation. Click on the name of the module to view and update its co	
ame:		upg7273							The name of this Enterprise Application. More Info	
ath:		/ oradata2/ wl10 applications/ upg		Middleware	/ user_proj	ects/ domai	ns/ upg7273/		The path to the source of the deployable unit on the Administra Server. More Info	ation
eploymer	nt Plan:	(no plan specifie	3)						The path to the deployment plan document on Administration S Info	ierver. Mo
taging Mo	ode:	(not specified)							The mode that specifies whether a deployment's files are copie source on the Administration Server to the Managed Server's s during application preparation. More Info	
ecurity M	odel:	DDOnly							The security model that is used to secure a deployed module.	More Info.
🗄 Deploy	ment Order:	100							An integer value that indicates when this unit is deployed, related by the units on a server, during startup. More Info	tive to other
🗄 Deploy lame:	ment Principal								A string value that indicates what principal should be used whe the file or archive during startup and shutdown. This principal wises the current subject when calling out into application code for such as ApplicationLifecydeListener. If no principal name is spet the anonymous principal will be used. More Info	will be used to or interfaces
Save Modules a	nd Components									
2									Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Pre	evious   Nei
Name 🗠										Туре
🖃 upg727	73							_		Enterprise Application
E EJB										
	StateLessCacheBear	nBean								EJB
E Mod	dules									
0	/upg7273									Web Applicatio
Ō	beancache.jar									EJB Module
🖂 Web	b Services									
Non	ne to display									

#### Figure C–17 Settings for <Deployment Name>

- **9.** Review the general configuration details of the deployment. You can also update the configuration of the deployment in this window. In the Overview tab, you can view the complete deployment configuration.
- **10.** Click **Save** to update the changes, if any.
- 11. From the LHS menu, click Deployments.

The Summary of Deployments window is displayed.

ntrol	Monitoring					
redeplo	yed), or deleted fr	ava EE applications and stand-alone application modules th im the domain by first selecting the application name and u or module for deployment to targets in this domain, click th	ising the controls on this par		talled applications and module	es can be started, stopped, up
uston eployr	nize this table					
eployn	nents	I Providence I Providence			s	howing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous
eployn Install	nents	Start × Stop × Servicing all requests Servicing only administration requests	State	Health	S	howing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous

#### Figure C–18 Summary of Deployments

Select the newly deployed Infrastructure application and click Start > Servicing all requests. Ensure that the Infrastructure server is up and running.

	Figure C–19	Summary of Deployn	nents			
Messages	requests have been sent to the selected D	aninumante				
Circle Circles	of Deployments	coo pire na				
Control	Monitoring					
Custom Deployn	nize this table nents					
install	Update Delete Start V Stop V				s	howing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Next
	Name 🏟		State	Health	Туре	Deployment Order
	€ 📑 upg7273		Active	• ок	Enterprise Application	100
Install	Update Delete Start A Stop A				s	howing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Next

13. The State of the deployed application will be displayed as Active if started successfully.

### **Deploying Tomcat WAR Files on Tomcat**

Before deploying the WAR files, ensure that the previously deployed applications of Infrastructure are uninstalled. See *Uninstalling Previously Deployed WAR Files in Tomcat* for the procedure to uninstall the previously deployed Infrastructure war files.

On the machine that hosts Tomcat, follow these steps to deploy Infrastructure application:

 Copy the <context-name>.war from \$FIC\_WEB\_HOME/<context-name.war> to <Tomcat Installation Directory>/webapps/ directory.

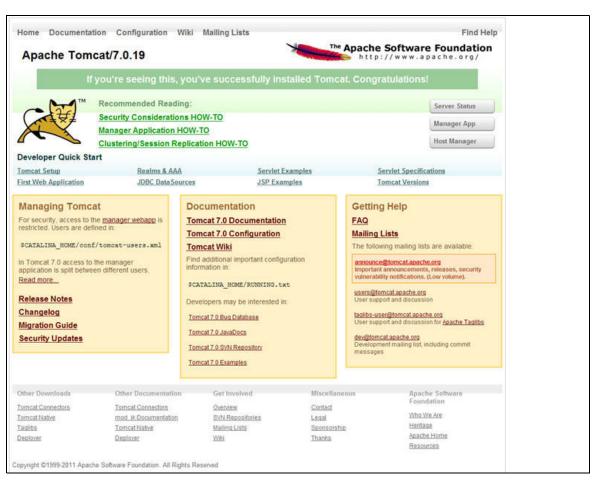


Figure C–20 Tomcat Home Page

- 2. Click Manager App. The Connect to dialog box is displayed.
- **3.** Enter the **User Id** and **Password** that has admin rights and click **OK**. (For user creation in tomcat, see Tomcat User Administration. The Tomcat Web Application Manager window is displayed with the list of all the applications deployed.

re-	1			(	(alian) (Daland) (Underlaw)		
/docs	None specified	Tomcat Documentation	true	Q	Start Stop Reload Undeploy		
					Expire sessions with idle ≥ 30	minutes	
(examples	None specified	Servlet and JSP Examples	true	Q	Start Stop Reload Undeploy		
<u>revalliples</u>		Conclusion Examples		×	Expire sessions with idle ≥ 30	minutes	
					Start Stop Reload Undeploy		
/host-manager	None specified	Tomcat Host Manager Application	true	Q	Expire sessions with idle ≥ 30	minutes	
					Start Stop Reload Undeploy		
/manager	None specified	Tomcat Manager Application	true	1	Expire sessions with idle ≥ 30	minutes	
						2096.L3WO	
Deploy							
Deploy directory or WAR file I	ocated on server						
		Context Path (required): /ofsaai					
		XML Configuration file URL:					
		WAR or Directory URL: saaweb/MOCK80H	OME/ficweb/ofsaai	war			
		Deploy					
WAR file to deploy							
100 - 100		Select WAR file to upload	Browse				
		Deploy					
Diagnostics							
Check to see if a web applica	tion has caused a memory leak	on stop, reload or undeploy					
Find leaks	This diagnostic check wil	Il trigger a full garbage collection. Use it with extreme caution on produ	ction systems.				
Server Information							
Tomcat Version	JVM Version	JVM Vendor OS Name	OS Ve	rsion	OS Architecture	Hostname	IP Addre
Apache Tomcat/7.0.57	1.6.0_45-b06	Sun Microsystems Inc. Linux	2.6.39-400.211.	1.el6uek.x86_64	amd64	ofss220354.in.oracle.com	10.184.135
		Copyright © 199	-2014, Apache So	ftware Foundation			

Figure C–21 Tomcat Web Application Manager

- **4.** In the *Deploy* section, enter the **Context Path** provided during the installation as "/<context-name>".
- 5. Enter the path where the <context-name>.war file resides (by default "\$FIC\_WEB\_ HOME/<context-name.war>") in the WAR or Directory URL field and click Deploy.
- 6. On successful application deployment, a confirmation message is displayed.

Start the Tomcat server. See Starting Infrastructure Services for more details.

# **Starting / Stopping Infrastructure Services**

This section details about how to start and stop Infrastructure services. This appendix covers the following topics:

- . Starting Infrastructure Services
- Stopping Infrastructure Services
- Cleaning up the environment

# **Starting Infrastructure Services**

Once the installation of Infrastructure is completed successfully and the post-installation steps are completed, the servers must be started. Log on to each machine and run the .profile file. All servers mentioned must be started from the same shell encoding. The following servers mentioned are dependent on each other. It is mandatory to maintain the order in which the servers are started. Allow each of the servers to initialize completely before starting the next server.

1. On the machine in which Infrastructure Application components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC\_APP\_HOME/common/FICServer/bin and execute the following command to start the Infrastructure Server.

./startofsaai.sh

**Note:** You can also start the Infrastructure Server by executing the command "nohup ./ startofsaai.sh &". Starting the process using "nohup" and "&" will return the command prompt without having to wait till the process completes. However, this command cannot be used when you are starting the server for the first time or starting after changing user password in the configuration database schema.

- 2. Start ICC server:
  - On the machine in which Infrastructure default Application components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC\_HOME/ficapp/icc/bin
  - <sup>2</sup> Execute the command:

./iccserver.sh

**Note:** Only Infrastructure Default Application Server would hold ICC component.

- **3.** Start Back-end Services:
  - On the machine on which Infrastructure Database components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC\_DB\_HOME/bin and execute the command to start "Agent server":

./agentstartup.sh

Or

Start Back-end services using the command:

nohup ./agentstartup.sh &

**Note**: This agent internally starts the Router, Message Server, OLAP data server and AM services:

# **Starting Web application servers**

Start the Web application server depending on the type from the following table.

Start up Option	Description
Starting WebSphere profile	On the machine in which Web sphere is installed, navigate to [Webshpere_Install_Directory] /AppServer/ <profiles>/<profile name="">/bin and execute the command: ./startServer.sh server1</profile></profiles>
Starting WebLogic Domain	On the machine in which WebLogic is installed, navigate to <weblogic directory="" installation="">/user_ projects/domains/<domain name="">/bin and execute the command: startWebLogic.sh -d64</domain></weblogic>
	<b>Note</b> : If WebLogic is already running, access the <i>WebLogic Admin</i> <i>Console</i> . Stop and start the application <context name="">.ear</context>
Starting Tomcat Application	On the machine in which Tomcat is installed, navigate to <tomcat_ Install_ Directory&gt;/bin and execute the command: ./catalina.sh run</tomcat_ 

Table D–1 Webserver start up options

# **Stopping Infrastructure Services**

To stop Infrastructure services, follow these steps:

1. On the machine in which Infrastructure Application components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC\_APP\_HOME/common/FICServer/bin and execute the command:.

./stopofsaai.sh

 To stop ICC server, on the machine in which Infrastructure default Application components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC\_HOME/ficapp/icc/bin and execute the command:

./iccservershutdown.sh

**Note:** Only Infrastructure Default Application Server would hold ICC component.

**3.** To stop Back-end server, on the machine in which Infrastructure database components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC\_DB\_HOME/bin and execute the command:

./agentshutdown.sh

# Cleaning up the environment

To clean up the enviornment, follow these steps:

- **1.** Navigate to \$FIC HOME
- 2. Execute ./Uninstall.sh.
- 3. When prompted, enter OFSAAI configuration schema password.
- 4. This will delete \$FIC\_HOME and drop all the objects from configuration schema
- 5. Navigate to ftpshare folder.
- 6. Delete the infodom folders \$ rm -rf <INFODOM>.
- 7. Drop configuration and atomic schemas from the database

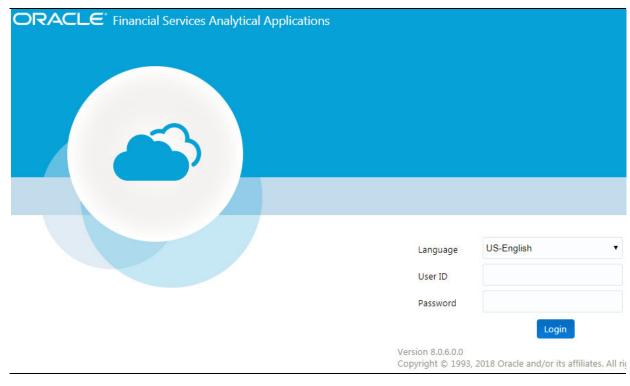
# **Accessing OFSAA Application**

This section gives details the steps to be performed to access OFSAA Application.

# Access the OFSAA Application

 From your desktop, open the browser and enter the URL in the following format: <scheme>://<IP address/ hostname>:<port>/<context-name>/login.jsp
 For example, https://111.222.333.444:5555/ofsaa/login.jsp
 The OFSAA login screen is displayed.





2. With installation of every OFSAA Applications Pack, there are two seeded user profiles configured in the system:

"SYSADMN - System Administrator

"SYSAUTH - System Authorizer

\_

Note: For SYSADMN and SYSAUTH, the default password is password0.

1. Login to the application using the "SYSADMN" User ID. (Note that, there is no "I" in the SYSADMN login USER ID). Enter the password that was provided during installation. On the first login, you will be prompted to change the password.

# **Cloning OFSAA Instance**

There is a consistent need for a faster and effective approach of replicating an existing OFSAA instance for further project developments, that is, setting up OFSAA instances that are exact copies of the current OFSAA instance. For more information on cloning, see OFSAA Cloning Reference Guide.

# **OFSAA Landing Page**

This section includes the following topics:

- OFSAA Landing Page
- . Enabling a Product within an Applications Pack

# **OFSAA Landing Page**

On successful authentication, the OFSAA Landing Page is displayed. This is a common landing page for all users until a preferred application landing page is set by the user in his preferences.

The landing page includes multiple tabs and each tab has specific links to OFSAA Infrastructure and/or Application modules. The tabs and links are displayed based on the OFSAA Application accessed and the access roles mapped to the logged in user.

Each tab contains LHS Menu and RHS Menu. The LHS Menu holds link(s) to modules in a tree structure. The RHS Menu holds link(s) to modules in a navigational panel format.

The following tabs are available in the Landing Page:

- Applications Tab
- Sandbox Tab
- . Object Administration Tab
- System Configuration and Identity Management Tab

# **Applications Tab**

This tab lists the various OFSAA Applications that are installed in the setup.

The "<Select Application>" dropdown lists the OFSAA Applications based on the user logged in and User Group(s) mapped to OFSAA Application. Selecting an Application from the drop down refreshes the menus/ links.

## Sandbox Tab

This tab lists the various OFSAA Sandboxes created in the setup.

The "<Select Sandbox>" dropdown lists the OFSAA Sandboxes based on the user logged in and User Group(s) mapped to OFSAA Application.

Selecting a Sandbox from the drop down would refresh the menus/ links.

### **Object Administration Tab**

This tab lists the various OFSAA Information Domains created in the setup.

The "<Select Information Domain>" dropdown lists the OFSAA Information Domains based on the user logged in and User Group(s) mapped to OFSAA Application.

Selecting an Information Domain from the drop down refreshes the menus/ links.

# System Configuration and Identity Management Tab

This tab lists the OFSAA Infrastructure System Configuration and Identity Management modules. These modules work across Applications/ Information Domains and hence there are no Application/ Information Domain dropdown list in this tab.

**Note:** NOTE: See the AAI User Guide for more details on how to operate on each tab.

# **Enabling a Product within an Applications Pack**

You can also enable a product/ application within an Applications Pack post installation at any point of time.

To enable a product through the application UI, follow these steps:

- 1. Login to the application as SYSADMN user or any user with System Administrator privileges.
- Navigate to System Configurations & Identity Management tab and expand Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure >> Administration and Configuration >> System Configuration.
- 3. Click Manage OFSAA Product License(s)
- 4. The Manage OFSAA Product License(s) page is displayed as below.

This page includes the following sections:

- INSTALLED Applications PackS
- PRODUCTS IN THE Applications Pack

#### Figure G–1 Manage OFSAA Product License(s) Page

MANAGE	OFSAA APPLICATION PAC	<u>K LICENSE</u>		
» INSTA	LLED APPLICATION P	ACKS		
APPLI	ICATION PACK ID	APPLICATION PACK NAME	DESCRIPTION	INSTALL DATE
OFS_	AAAI_PACK	Financial Services Advanced Analytics Infrastructure Pack	Applications for Advanced Analytics using Oracle R, Modeling & Stress Testing Framework and Inline Processing Engine	2014-12-02 14:22:33.0
OFS_0	CAP_ADQ_PACK	Financial Services Capital Adequacy Applications Pack	Applications for Basel Basic, IRB & Analytic, Operational Risk Economic Capital & Analytic and Retail Portfolio Risk Models and Pooling in Banking and Financial Services Domain	2014-12-02 17:59:58.0
PROD	UCTS IN THE APPLICA	TION PACK		
	UCTS IN THE APPLICA	TION PACK	DESCRIPTION	ENABLE DATE
ENABLE	PRODUCT ID OFS_AAAI	PRODUCT NAME Financial Services Enterprise Modeling	Base Infrastructure for Advanced Analytical Applications	ENABLE DATE 2014-12-02 14:22:33.0
NABLE	PRODUCT ID	PRODUCT NAME		

5. The following fields are displayed in the INSTALLED Applications PackS section:

Field	Description
Applications Pack ID	Displays a unique Applications Pack ID related to the Applications Pack.
	Select the appropriate Pack id using the radio button. The Products in the Applications Pack will be displayed below in the PRODUCTS IN THE Applications PackS section.
Applications Pack Name	Displays the name of the Applications Pack.
Description	Displays the description of the Applications Pack.
Install Date	Displays the date when the Applications Pack was installed.

 Table G-1
 Installed Applications Pack - Field Description

6. The following fields are displayed in the PRODUCTS IN THE Applications Pack section:

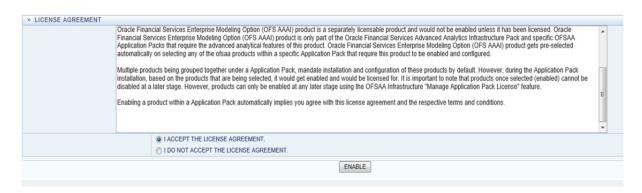
Table G-2 products in the Applications Pack - Field Description

Field	Description
Enable	Select the checkbox to enable a product within an Applications Pack.
Product ID	Displays a unique product id for the product.
Product Name	Displays the name of the Product.
Description	Displays the description of the product.
Enable Date	Displays the date when the product was enabled.

- **7.** Select an Applications Pack by clicking the radio button next to the Applications Pack ID field.
- **8.** Selecting an Applications Pack will display below the products within the Applications Pack.
- **9.** Products which were enabled at the time of installation will have the checkbox "ENABLE" disabled. You can enable any product within the selected Applications Pack by clicking the "ENABLE" checkbox against the respective Product ID.
- **10.** Click on RESET button to cancel the operation and refresh the screen.
- **11.** Click VIEW LICENSE AGREEMENT button.

The License Agreement section is displayed.





- **12.** Select the option I ACCEPT THE LICENSE AGREEMENT.
- **13.** Click ENABLE.
- **14.** An appropriate pop-up message confirmation is displayed showing that the product is enabled for the pack.

**Note:** To use the newly enabled product, you need to map your application users to the appropriate product specific User\_Group(s) and subsequently, authorize the actions by logging in as System Authorizer.

#### Note:

- For more information see Mapping/Unmapping Users section in the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide.
- To identify the newly enabled product specific UserGroups/ Applications Pack specific User\_Groups, see the respective Applications Pack specific Installation and Configuration Guide/ User Manual.

# **Additional Configuration**

This section gives detailed information about the Additional Configuration regarding OFSAA Installation.

# **Additional Configuration**

This section covers the following topics:

- Adding FTP/SFTP Configuration for File Transfer
- . Configuring Infrastructure Server Memory
- . Configuring Internet Explorer Settings
- . Retrieving Patch Information
- . Setting OLAP Data Server Configuration
- . Changing IP/ Hostname, Ports, Deployed Paths of the OFSAA Instance
- . Executing OFSAAI Setup Information Fetching Tool
- . Executing Encryption Changer
- . Setting Infrastructure LDAP Configuration
- . Configuring OFSAAI Web Services
- . Deploying OFSAAI Web Services
- . Enabling Parallel Execution of DML statements
- . Configure Message Details in Forms Designer
- . Clearing Application Cache
- . Configuring Password Changes
- Configuring Internal Service (Document Upload/ Download)

## Adding FTP/SFTP Configuration for File Transfer

In OFSAA, certain modules require transfer of files from the web application server to the OFSAA server over SSH.

Follow these steps to ensure the OFSAA server recognizes the web application server during file transfers.

- **1.** Login to the web application server.
- 2. Type sftp <user>@<OFSAA Server>

3. Specify Yes when prompted for permission.

Are you sure you want to continue connecting (Yes/No)?

This adds an entry into the "known\_hosts" file.

4. A confirmation message is displayed:

Permanently added <OFSAA Server> RSA) to the list of known hosts.

## Configuring Infrastructure Server Memory

The memory settings for Infrastructure Application Server, Tomcat, WebSphere, and WebLogic can be edited for customizing memory settings and garbage collector settings depending on the available hardware configuration as explained below. These settings are base minimum and has to be incremented considering the deployment metrics into account. The increments are usually handled in multiples of 128 MB for heap and 64 MB for stack.

#### Configuring Infrastructure Application Server Memory Settings

You can configure the Infrastructure Application Memory settings as follows:

- **1.** Locate .profile file.
- 2. Edit X\_ARGS field in this file for customizing memory settings and garbage collector settings depends on the hardware configuration.

This has a default value X ARGS="-Xms200m"

X\_ARGS=" "\$X\_ARGS" \$DELIM -Xmx2048m"

**Note:** This parameter is modified in 7.3.2 IR and you need to modify X\_ARGS\_APP variable in the .profile file to customize Java Memory Settings for Model Upload based on the Data Model size.

For Run and Rule executions, the following value is recommended:

```
X_ARGS_RNEXE="-Xms1g -Xmx1g -XX:+UseAdaptiveSizePolicy
-XX:MaxPermSize=512M -XX:+UseParallelOldGC
-XX:+DisableExplicitGC"
```

X\_ARGS\_RLEXE="-Xms1g -Xmx1g -XX:+UseAdaptiveSizePolicy -XX:MaxPermSize=512M -XX:+UseParallelOldGC -XX:+DisableExplicitGC"

# Configuring Internet Explorer Settings

**Note:** OFSAAI supports only default zoom setting in Internet Explorer, that is, 100%. Cookies should be enabled.

The following browser settings must be specified at every client machine prior to accessing the Infrastructure application.

- 1. Open Internet Explorer. Select Tools > Internet Options. The *Internet Options* window is displayed.
- 2. Click Settings. The Settings window is displayed.

3. Select Every time I Visit the webpage and click OK.

neral Security Privacy Content Connections Programs Advanced	Temporary Internet Fles History Caches and databases
tome page To create home page tabs, type each address on its own line. about:blank	Internet Explorer stores copies of webpages, images, and media for faster viewing later. Check for newer versions of stored pages:
+ Use gurrent Use default Use new tab	Every time I visit the webpage     Every time I start Internet Explorer     Automatically     Never
Startup Start with te <u>b</u> s from the lest session Start with home page Tabs	Disk space to use (8-1024MB) (Recommended: 50-250MB) Current location: C: Users Ishwwall WopData Local Microsoft Windows (Temporary
Change how webpages are displayed in tabs. IBDS	Move folder View objects View files
Delete temporary files, history, cookies, saved posswords, and web form information.	CK Cancel
Delete Settings Appearance Colors Languages Foots Accessibility	

Figure H–1 Internet Options

- 4. In the *Internet Options* window, select the **Security** tab and select the **Internet option** under **Select a zone to view or change the security** settings.
- 5. Click Default Level under Security level for this zone.

eneral Secu	rity Privacy	Content	Connections	Programs	Advanced
Select a zone	to view or cha	nge secur	ity settings.		
				$\mathbf{S}$	
Internet	Local intran	et Trust		stricted	
Inte	ernet			sites	
	zone is for Inte	ernet web	sites,	Site	IS
exce	ept those lsted				
rest	ricted zones.				
Security lev	el for this zone				
Allowed le	vels for this zo	ne: Mediu	m to High		
- [ - ]	Medium-high				
	<ul> <li>Appropriate</li> <li>Prompts be</li> </ul>		websites Iloading potenti	ially unsafe	
	content		trols will not be		a
	- Unsigned M	CUVEN LUI	ICTOIS WIIITIOC DE	COM IIOdus	u
		⊆us	tom level	Default	level
		1	Reset all zone	e to default	laval
			Veser di rone	s to geradic	iora

Figure H–2 Internet Options - Security Tab

- 6. Click Apply to save.
- 7. Click Internet Explorer >> Tools >> Compatibility View Settings.
- 8. Enter the OFSAA setup URL in the Add this website field.
- 9. Click Add.
- **10.** Ensure the URL is listed under **Websites you've added to Compatibility View**.
- **11.** In the *Internet Options* window, select the **Privacy** tab and select the **Turn on Pop-up Blocker** option under **Pop-up Blocker** settings.

ternet Options	P - C  S Navigation Canceled ×
General         Security         Privacy         Content         Connections         Programs         Advanced           Settings	
Sites Import Advanced Default	
Location Never allow websites to request your physical location Clear Sites	
Pop-up Blocker	Pop-up Blocker Settings
InPrivate	Pop-ups are currently blocked. You can allow pop-ups from specific websates by adding the star to the fair below. Address of website to allow:
Some settings are managed by your system administrator.	Allowed stes:
CK Cancel Apply	Porsole com     Persole com     Porsole com     Orsole vpn com     Remove al
	Notifications and blocking level: Play a sound when a pop-up is blocked. Show Notification bar when a pop-up is blocked. Blocking level.
	Medium: Block most automatic pop-ups 🗸 👻
	Learn more about Pop-up Blocker

Figure H–3 Internet Options- Popup Blocker Settings

- **12.** Click **Settings**. The Pop-up Blocker Settings window is displayed.
- 13. Enter the URL of the OFSAA Application in the Address of website to allow: field.
- 14. Click Add. The OFSAA URL is displayed in the Allowed sites section.
- 15. Click Close.
- 16. Click OK in the Internet Options window.

### **Retrieving Patch Information**

To identify the list of patches installed on your OFSAA setup, follow these steps:

- 1. Login to the OFSAA application as a user with Object AdminAdvanced Role.
- 2. Navigate to Object Administration tab.
- 3. Click System Utilities.
- 4. Click Patch Information.
- **5.** The page displays the list of patches installed on the OFSAA setup across Applications/ Platform.

# **Setting OLAP Data Server Configuration**

This section is applicable if you are using the OLAP feature of OFSAAI.

The following parameters must be set to ensure that the system limitations are not exceeded at any stage. The values for these OS parameters should be specified based on the expected load at each implementation site.

For example:

Process Memory Limit

Max Thread Stack Size

Max Number of Threads per Process

- **Sort Buffer settings**: This must be set at the Essbase application level appropriate to the anticipated load.
- Shutdown and Restart: During shutdown of OFSAAI Server that has an instance of Data Services that is communicating with an OLAP Data Server, it is imperative to ensure that the cleanup of the old instance is completed on the OLAP Data Server before restarting the OFSAAI Server. Pause for a period of time based on the load the system was subjected to, before restarting the Data Services subsystem.

# Changing IP/ Hostname, Ports, Deployed Paths of the OFSAA Instance

For information on this section, see OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure Administration User Guide in OHC.

# Executing OFSAAI Setup Information Fetching Tool

Executing the SetupInfo.jar file available in the FIC\_HOME path will help you retrieve the related information about the OFSAAI Set up such as Operating System Name and Version, Database Type and Version, OFSAAI architecture, Log file locations and so on.

To execute "SetupInfo.jar" in console, follow these steps:

- **1.** Navigate to the path \$FIC\_HOME.
- **2.** Enter the command:

java -jar SetupInfo.jar

After execution, the output file location is displayed in the console.

### **Executing Encryption Changer**

This utility helps you to regenerate the new AESCryptKey.ext file and encrypt all the encrypted values of the OFSAAI setup according to the new key.

To execute EncryptC.jar in console, follow these steps:

- **1.** Navigate to the path \$FIC\_HOME.
- 2. Enter the command:

java -jar EncryptC.jar

A confirmation message is displayed after execution.

Once executed, you need to create and deploy the EAR / WAR file depending on the configured Web application server. For more information, see Appendix C.

For more information on Encryption Changer, see *Key Management* section in OFSAAI Administration Guide.

# Setting Infrastructure LDAP Configuration

For more information on LDAP configuration, see OFSAAI Administration Guide.

# **Configuring OFSAAI Web Services**

Web Services in OFSAAI is meant for exposing a web service to "asynchronously" or "synchronously" execute requested tasks offered by OFSAAI. The configuration steps given below are to be done only if you are using the Web Services feature of OFSAAI.

## Configuring DynamicWSConfig.xml File

For each third party web service that needs to be accessed using the OFSAAI Web services framework and the operations to be invoked, corresponding entries are to be made in the DynamicWSConfig.xml template file.

The variable <WebServer> denotes any one of the application server, i.e. WebSphere, WebLogic, or Tomcat.

The DynamicWSConfig.xml file will be available in the <OFSAAI Installation Directory>/EXEWebService/ <WebServer>/ROOT/conf directory. This file can be placed in any directory that is accessible by the application and this location must be specified in the web.xml file, as WSCONFIGFILE parameter.

The DynamicWSConfig.xml template file will be in <WebServer Deployment Path>/ EXEWebService.ear/EXEWebService.war/conf directory

This template is given below:

<XML> <WEBSERVICES> <WEBSERVICE CODE="\$CODE" ENDPOINT="\$ENDPOINT" TARGETNAMESPACE="\$TARGETNAMESPACE" XMLNS XSD="\$XMLNS XSD" ENCODINGSTYLE="\$ENCODINGSTYLE" SERVICENAME="\$SERVICENAME" PORTTYPENAME="\$PORTTYPENAME" SESSION MAINTAIN PROPERTY="\$SESSION MAINTAIN PROPERTY" USERNAME="\$USERNAME" PASSWORD="\$PASSWORD" STYLE="\$WEBSERVICESTYLE" STUBIMPLEMENTATION="\$STUBIMPLEMENTATION"> <OPERATION CODE="\$CODE" NAME="\$NAME" SOAPACTION="\$SOAPACTION" STYLE="\$STYLE" PACKAGENAME = "\$PACKAGENAME" > <INPUT ORDER="\$ORDER" PARAMNAME="\$PARAMNAME" ARGTYPE="\$ARGTYPE" CLASSNAME="\$CLASSNAME"/> <OUTPUT PARAMNAME="\$PARAMNAME" RETURNTYPE="\$RETURNTYPE" CLASSNAME="\$CLASSNAME"/> </OPERATION>

</WEBSERVICE>

</WEBSERVICES>

 $</{\rm XML}>$ 

The DynamicWSConfig.xml has the placeholders as tabulated below. These have to be updated depending on the web service chosen and the mode of accessing it. For each Web service to be accessed, the entire webservice tag in the DynamicWSConfig.xml file must be repeated. The placeholders tabulated below should be set in accordance to the parameters published in the third party wsdl files (webservices) to be accessed. The stub class specified must implement the "com.iflex.Oracle Reveleus.execution.webservice.EXEWebIF" interface.

Attributes of WEBSERVICE tag Table H–1 WEBSERVICE tag Attributes

Placeholder	Description
\$CODE	Unique number within the xml file and cannot be 999 or 0.
\$ENDPOINT	soap: address location in the wsdl: service name tag of the wsdl file.
\$TARGETNAMESPACE	The attribute value for the targetNamespace of the wsdl: definitions tag.
\$XMLNS_XSD	The attribute value for the xmlns:s of the wsdl:definitions tag
\$ENCODINGSTYLE	The attribute value for the xmlns:soapenc of the wsdl:definitions tag.
\$SERVICENAME	Name of the service found under the wsdl:service name tag of the wsdl file.
\$PORTTYPENAME	wsdl port type name as mentioned in the wsdl file.
\$SESSION_MAINTAIN_PROPERTY	This could be given as "" also.
\$USERNAME	User name to access the web services. Enter "" if no user name is required.
\$PASSWORD	Password to access the web services. Enter "" if no password is required.
\$WEBSERVICESTYLE	This can take either "rpc" in case of DII mode of invoking web services or "stub" in case of static mode. This is a mandatory parameter.
\$STUBIMPLEMENTATION	Fully qualified class name (package name.classname).

#### Attributes of OPERATION tag

Ensure that the OPERATION tag attributes are repeated for each of the OPERATION tags.

5		
Placeholder	Description	
\$CODE	Should be unique within the Webservice tag.	
\$NAME	The name of the Function that is to be called by the wsdl file.	
\$SOAPACTION	The URL for the Operation to access. This is associated with the Operation tag of the wsdl file.	
\$STYLE	This can take "rpc" if the web services invoking is in DII mode or "stub" if it is in static mode. This is a mandatory parameter.	

Table H–2 OPERATION tag Attributes

 Table H–2 (Cont.) OPERATION tag Attributes

Placeholder	Description
\$PACKAGENAME	Represents the JAXB package of input object.

#### Attributes of INPUT tag Table H–3 INPUT tag Attributes

Placeholder	Description
\$ORDER	The sequential number of the INPUT tag. Should start from 0. This is in line with the input order of the arguments that the API accepts which is called by this operation.
\$PARAMNAME	Input parameter name to be called by the wsdl file.
\$ARGTYPE	Input Parameter Data Type. If the input argument type is complex object, specify \$ARGTYPE as "xmlstring".
\$CLASSNAME	Represents class name of input object parameter.

#### Attributes of OUTPUT tag Table H–4 OUTPUT tag Attributes

Placeholder	Description
\$PARAMNAME	Output parameter name to be returned by the web service.
\$RETURNTYPE	Output parameter Data Type. If the web service response is a complex object, then specify \$RETURNTYPE as "object".
\$CLASSNAME	Represents class name of output object parameter.

# Adding web.xml Entries

This step is optional and required only if the web application server used is Tomcat. In case of any other application server, skip and proceed with next step.

- 1. Navigate to \$FIC\_HOME/webroot/WEB-INF/ and edit the web.xml file. Set parameter value DOCSERVICEAPP to EXEWebServiceAXIS.
- Navigate to <OFSAAI Installation Directory>/EXEWebService/<WebServer>/ROOT/WEB-INF/ and edit the web.xml file as explained below.

```
Note: In case of Java 7 when WebLogic is used as web application server
replace following line of <OFSAAI Installation
Directory>/EXEWebService/WebLogic/ROOT/WEB-INF/web.xml file:
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<web-app id="WebApp_ID" version="3.0"
xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee
http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee/web-app_3_0.xsd"
metadata-complete="true">
with
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<web-app xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/j2ee"
xmlns:xsi="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/j2ee"
```

#### Configuring WSConfig File

The WSCONFIG file (DynamicWSConfig.xml) is available in the <WebServer Deployment Path>/ EXEWebService.ear/EXEWebService.war/conf directory. This file can be placed in any directory that is accessible by the application.

The path where the WSCONFIG file is placed must be specified in place of \$WSCONFIGFILELOCATION\$ in the below block of text in web.xml.

```
<context-param>
<description>WebServices Configuration File</description>
<param-name>WSCONFIGFILE</param-name>
<param-value>$WSCONFIGFILELOCATION$</param-value>
<!--Specify the Location of DynamicWSConFig.xml-->
</context-param>
```

#### Configuring Proxy Settings

The following block of text in web.xml file, replace the <param-value> given in bold below with appropriate values.

If no values are required, leave the <param-value> blank.

```
<context-param>

<description>http Proxy Host</description>

<param-name>http.proxyHost</param-name>

<param-value>$PROXYHOST$</param-value>

<!-- Specify the IP address or hostname of the http proxy server-->

</context-param>
```

```
<context-param>
```

<description>http Proxy Port</description>

<param-name>http.proxyPort</param-name>

<param-value>\$PROXYPORT\$</param-value>

<!--Port Number for the Proxy Server-->

</context-param>

<context-param>

<description>http proxy UserName</description>

<param-name>http.proxyUserName</param-name>

<param-value>\$PROXYUSERNAME\$</param-value>

<!-- User ID To get authenticated by proxy server-->

</context-param>

<context-param>

<description>http proxy Password</description>

<param-name>http.proxyPassword</param-name>

<param-value>\$PROXYPASSWORD\$</param-value>

<!-- User Password To get authenticated by proxy server-->

</context-param>

<context-param>

<description>http non-ProxyHosts</description>

<param-name>http.nonProxyHosts</param-name>

<param-value>\$NONPROXYHOST\$</param-value>

```
<!--Hosts for which the proxy settings should get by-passed (Note: Separate them by "|" symbol) -->
```

</context-param>

#### Configuring OFSAAI Home Entry

This entry should point to the Application layer / Web layer of the OFSAAI installation and should be accessible.

Replace \$FIC\_HOME\$ in the following block of text in web.xml with <WebServer Deployment Path>/EXEWebService.ear/EXEWebService.war.

<context-param> <description>OFSAAI Web Home</description> <param-name>FIC\_HOME</param-name> <param-value>**\$FIC\_HOME\$**</param-value> <!--OFSAAI Installation Folder--> </context-param> <context-param>

<description>OFSAAI Web Home</description>

<param-name>FIC PHYSICAL HOME</param-name>

```
<param-value>$FIC_HOME$</param-value>
    <!--OFSAAI Installation Folder-->
</context-param>
```

#### Configuring DynamicWSConfig.xml File

For each third party web service that needs to be accessed using the OFSAAI Web services framework, and the operation to be invoked, make corresponding entries into this file. This file is to be placed in the location that is specified in the web.xml, as WSCONFIGFILE parameter.

# **Deploying OFSAAI Web Services**

You can deploy OFSAAI Web Services separately if you had not configured OFSAAI Web Services as part of the installation.

- 1. Complete the manual configuration of OFSAAI Web Services.
- 2. Navigate to <OFSAAI Installation Directory>/EXEWebService/<WebServer> and execute the command:

./ant.sh

This will trigger the EAR/WAR file creation, which is required for the deployment.

3. Deploy the generated EXEWebService.EAR/EXEWebService.WAR file into the WebServer.

If you have already configured OFSAAI Web Services as part of the installation, deploy the generated EXEWebService.EAR/ EXEWebService.WAR file into the OFSAAI Deployment area in WebServer profile.

### Enabling Parallel Execution of DML statements

A configuration file, OracleDB.conf has been introduced to accommodate any configurable parameter related to operations on oracle database. If you do not want to set a parameter to a specific value, then the respective parameter entry can be removed/commented off form the OracleDB.conf file which resides in the path \$FIC\_DB\_HOME/conf.

As of now, the OracleDB.conf file has only one parameter namely CNF\_DEGREE\_OF\_ PARALLELISM. This parameter indicates the degree of parallelism to be used for a DML operation if parallel DML is explicitly enabled in the session with the ENABLE PARALLEL DML clause of the ALTER SESSION statement. The default mode of a session is DISABLE PARALLEL DML. If CNF\_DEGREE\_OF\_PARALLELISM is not set, then the default degree, as decided by Oracle will be used.

# Configure Message Details in Forms Designer

You can configure the Message Details in Forms Designer under Data Entry Forms and Queries module by updating the details of mail server in the NotificationConfig.cfg file which resides in the path \$FIC\_APP\_HOME/common/FICServer/conf.

Ensure that the "authorized User details" for whom you need to configure the Message details are included in *Administration* > *Security Management* > *User Administrator* > *User Maintenance* window.

Update the following parameters in the "NotificationConfig.cfg" file:

Parameter	Description	
SMTP_SERVER_IP	Specify the hostname or IP address of SMTP Server.	
SMTP_DEBUG_MODE	To run SMTP service in Debug mode, set value to 'true', otherwise set value to 'false'.	
SMTP_AUTHORIZATION	Set to 'true' if SMTP server requires the client to be authenticated, otherwise set to 'false'.	
SMTP_USERNAME	Username required for logging into SMTP server, if authentication is not required use a dummy value.	
SMTP_PASSWORD	Password required for logging into SMTP server, if authentication is not required use a dummy value.	
SMTP_MAILID	If the Messages has to go from a Particular ID that ID need to be added. Exchange server forces you set a valid ID that is there in the exchange server. (Based on Security settings)	

 Table H–5
 NotificationConfig.cfg File

Ensure that the authorized User details are included in *Administration* > *Security Management* > *User Administrator* > *User Maintenance* window.

# **Clearing Application Cache**

This is applicable to all Web servers (that is, WebSphere, WebLogic, and Tomcat).

Prior to the deployment of Infrastructure or Application Service Packs / One-off patches, clear the cache. Navigate to the following path depending on the WebServer configured and delete the files:

- Tomcat: <Tomcat installation folder>/work/Catalina/localhost/<Application name>/org/apache/jsp
- WebLogic: <WebLogic installation location>/domains/<Domain name>/servers/<Server name>/tmp/\_WL\_user/<Application name>/qaelce/jsp\_ servlet
- WebSphere: <WebSphere installation
  directory>/AppServer/profiles/<Profile name>/temp/<Node
  name>/server1/<Application name>/<.war file name>

# **Configuring Password Changes**

This section explains about how to modify the OFSAA Infrastructure Config Schema and Atomic Schema passwords.

#### Modifying OFSAA Infrastructure Config Schema password

To change the Config Schema password, perform the following steps:

- 1. Change the Config schema User Password in the database.
- 2. Delete the \$FIC\_HOME/conf/Reveleus.SEC file.
- 3. Shutdown the OFSAAI App service:

cd \$FIC\_APP\_HOME/common/FICServer/bin

```
./stopofsaai.sh
```

**4.** Start the Infrastructure Server in foreground directly on the server or through X-Windows software using the command:

./startofsaai.sh

- **5.** At the prompt, enter System Password. Enter the "new Config schema" password. The service will start and initialize itself if it is able to successfully connect to the DB.
- **6.** Post successful startup of the service, if required, the Infrastructure server may be shut down and restarted in the background using nohup mode.

#### Modifying OFSAA Infrastructure Atomic Schema password

To change the Atomic Schema password, perform the following steps:

- 1. Change the Atomic schema User Password in the database.
- 2. Login to the application from the browser using SYSADMN account or any user id, which has System Administrator role mapped.
- **3.** Navigate to *System Configuration > Database Details* window. Select the appropriate connection and edit the password.
- 4. Navigate to *Data Management Tools >Data Sources > Source Designer* window. Update the password of the appropriate Source
- 5. If you are using Apache Tomcat as Web server, update the <Context> -> Resource tag details in Server.xml file from the \$CATALINA\_HOME/conf folder. (In case of Tomcat only Atomic <Resource> will exist).

If you are using WebSphere as Web server:

- **a.** Login to the WebSphere Administration Console, from the left side menu.
- b. Navigate to Resources >JDBC >Data Sources. A list of data sources will be populated on the right side.
- **c.** Select the appropriate Data Source and edit the connection details. (In this case, both Config and Atomic data sources will need to be modified).

If you are using WebLogic as Web server:

- a. Login to the WebLogic Administration Console, from the left side menu
- Under Domain Structure list box, expand the appropriate Domain and navigate to Services > JDBC > Data Sources. A list of data sources will be populated on the right side.
- **c.** Select the appropriate Data Source and edit the connection details. (In this case, both Config and Atomic data sources need to be modified).
- 6. Restart the OFSAAI services.

### Configuring Internal Service (Document Upload/ Download)

This step can be ignored if it has already been configured as part of any previous IR /ML installation.

The Document Upload /Download feature has undergone a change and can now be configured to use Internal service for document upload / download instead of the earlier ExeWebService.

To facilitate Internal service for document upload/ download, perform the following configurations:

1. Create the folders **download**, **upload**, **TempDocument** and **Temp** in the local path of Web application server and provide **Read/Write** permission.

<sup>2</sup> To find the exact location, execute the following query in CONFIG schema:

select localpath from web server info

<sup>2</sup> To create folders with Read/Write permission, execute the command:

mkdir -m 777 download upload TempDocument Temp

- 2. Create **DocStorage** folder in the FTPSHARE location of APP tier and provide **Read/Write** permission.
  - <sup>2</sup> To find the exact location, execute the query in CONFIG schema:

select ftpdrive from app server info

<sup>2</sup> To create folder with Read/Write permission, execute the command:

mkdir -m 777 DocStorage

By default, the parameter **DOCUMENT\_SERVICE\_TYPE\_EXTERNAL** value is set to **FALSE** in the Configuration table in CONFIG schema and hence the application "ExeWebService" will not be used. It is recommended that the value to be set to **FALSE** and use the Internal service for document upload/ downloads. If you intend to continue using the External ExeWebService, set the value to **TRUE**.

Navigate to \$FIC\_HOME/EXEWebService/<WEBSERVER\_TYPE> directory of WEB tier and type ./ant.sh. This triggers the creation of EAR/WAR file EXEWebService.ear/.war. The EAR/WAR file EXEWebService.ear/.war will be created in \$FIC\_ HOME/EXEWebService/<WEBSERVER\_TYPE> directory of WEB tier. Redeploy the generated EAR/WAR file onto your configured web application server.

## **Patching OFSAA Infrastructure Installation**

Oracle strongly recommends installing the latest available patchset so as to be up to date with the various releases of the OFSAA product.

See http://support.oracle.com for more information on latest release.

J

# **Grants for Atomic/ Config Schema**

This section mentions about the various grants required for the CONFIG, ATOMIC schemas.

This section discusses the following sections:

- . Configuring Grants for Atomic Schema
- . Configuring Grants for Config Schema
- Configuring Grants for Config Schema Entities for Atomic Users

#### **Configuring Grants for Atomic Schema**

Atomic Schema creation requires certain grants for object creation. This can be located in \$FIC\_HOME/privileges\_atomic\_user.sql file.

The following are the Grants for Atomic Schema:

```
grant create SESSION to &database username
/
grant create PROCEDURE to &database username
/
grant create SEQUENCE to &database username
/
grant create TABLE to &database username
/
grant create TRIGGER to &database username
/
grant create VIEW to &database username
grant create MATERIALIZED VIEW to &database_username
/
grant olap user to &database username
/
grant select on SYS.V_$PARAMETER to &database_username
/
```

```
grant create SYNONYM to &database_username
/
```

**Note:** If you intend to use Oracle OLAP feature, execute the below grant on all ATOMIC schema(s) grant olap\_user to &database\_username

#### **Configuring Grants for Config Schema**

Config Schema creation requires certain grants for object creation. This can be located in \$FIC\_HOME/privileges\_config\_user.sql file.

```
The following are the Grants for Config Schema:
grant create SESSION to &database username
/
grant create PROCEDURE to &database username
/
grant create SEQUENCE to &database username
grant create TABLE to &database username
/
grant create TRIGGER to &database username
grant create VIEW to &database_username
/
grant create MATERIALIZED VIEW to &database username
grant olap user to &database username
grant select on SYS.V_$PARAMETER to &database_username
/
grant create SYNONYM to &database username
```

## Configuring Grants for Config Schema Entities for Atomic Users

Atomic Schema creation requires certain grants for config schema object access. This can be located in *FIC\_HOME/config\_table\_privileges\_for\_atomic\_user.sql file.* 

The following are the Grants for Config Schema entities for Atomic Users:

grant select on CSSMS\_USR\_PROFILE to &database\_username

/

grant select on CSSMS ROLE MAST to &database username / grant select on CSSMS GROUP MAST to &database username / grant select on CSSMS FUNCTION MAST to &database username grant select on CSSMS USR GROUP MAP to &database username / grant select on CSSMS USR GROUP DSN SEG MAP to &database username / grant select on CSSMS ROLE FUNCTION MAP to &database username grant select on CSSMS\_GROUP\_ROLE\_MAP to &database\_username / grant select on CSSMS SEGMENT MAST to &database username / grant select on CSSMS\_USR\_DSN\_SEG\_MAP to &database\_username grant select on CSSMS USR ROLE MAP to &database username / grant select on CSSMS METADATA SEGMENT MAP to &database username / grant select on BATCH RUN to &database username / grant select on PR2 FILTERS to &database username grant select on PR2 TASK FILTER to &database username / grant select on PR2 TASK FILTER DETAIL to &database username / grant select on ST STRESS MASTER to &database username grant select on ST SCENARIO MASTER to &database username / grant select on ST\_SHOCK\_MASTER to &database\_username / grant select on BATCH MASTER to &database username

/ grant select on ICC\_MESSAGELOG to &database\_username / grant select on PR2 MASTER to &database username grant select on PR2\_RUN\_REQUEST to &database\_username / grant select on MF\_MODEL\_SCRIPT\_MASTER to &database\_username grant select on MF INPUT VALUES to &database username grant select on MF\_MODEL\_OUTPUT\_VALUES to &database\_username 1 grant select on DB MASTER to &database username / grant select on DSNMASTER to &database username / grant select on pr2 rule map to &database username grant delete on pr2\_rule\_map\_pr to &database\_username / grant insert on pr2 rule map pr to &database username 1 grant update on pr2\_rule\_map\_pr to &database\_username grant select on pr2 rule map pr to &database username / grant delete on pr2\_rule\_map\_pr\_tmp to &database\_username / grant insert on pr2\_rule\_map\_pr\_tmp to &database\_username grant update on pr2 rule map pr tmp to &database username grant select on pr2\_rule\_map\_pr\_tmp to &database\_username / grant select on pr2 rule map exclude to &database username /

grant delete on pr2\_rule\_map\_exclude\_pr to &database\_username / grant insert on pr2 rule map exclude pr to &database username / grant update on pr2 rule map exclude pr to &database username / grant select on pr2 rule map exclude pr to &database username / grant delete on pr2 rule map exclude pr tmp to &database username / grant insert on pr2 rule map exclude pr tmp to &database username grant update on pr2\_rule\_map\_exclude\_pr\_tmp to &database\_username / grant select on pr2 rule map exclude pr tmp to &database username / grant select on pr2\_run\_object to &database\_username / grant select on pr2\_run\_object\_member to &database\_username / grant select on pr2 run map to &database username / grant select on pr2 run execution b to &database username / grant select on pr2 run execution filter to &database username grant select on pr2 firerun filter to &database username / grant select on pr2 filters to &database username / grant select on configuration to &database username grant select on batch parameter to &database username / grant select on component\_master to &database\_username / grant select on MDB OBJECT TYPE ATT LAYOUT to &database username

/ grant select on REV\_OBJECT\_ATTRIBUTE\_DTL to &database\_username / grant select on FORMS LOCALE MASTER to &database username grant select on mdb\_object\_dependencies to &database\_username / grant select on mdb execution details to &database username grant select on REV STAT DATA to &database username grant select on REV\_OBJECT\_REPOSITORY\_B to &database\_username grant select on REV OBJECT REPOSITORY TL to &database username grant select on REV OBJECT ATTRIBUTE DTL MLS to &database username / grant select on REV OBJECT APPLICATION MAP to &database username grant select on MDB\_OBJ\_EXPR\_DETAILS to &database\_username / grant select on MDB EXECUTION DETAILS to &database username / grant select on REV\_OBJECT\_TYPES\_CD to &database\_username grant select on REV OBJECT TYPES MLS to &database username / grant select on REV\_APPLICATIONS\_CD to &database\_username 1 grant select on REV\_APPLICATIONS\_MLS to &database\_username grant select on METADATA BROWSER LOCALE to &database username grant select on MDB\_STAT\_DATA to &database\_username / grant select on MDB OBJECT TYPE LAYOUT to &database username /

grant select on ofsa md id ref to &database username / grant select on MDB ETL MAPPING to &database username / grant select on setupinfo to &database username / grant select on LOCALEREPOSITORY to &database username / grant select on MF MODEL MASTER to &database username / grant select on MF SANDBOX MASTER to &database username grant select on MF\_VARIABLE\_MASTER to &database\_username / grant select on MF TECHNIQUE MASTER to &database username / grant select on MDB\_RULE\_SOURCE\_HEADER to &database\_username / grant select on MDB RULE TARGET HEADER to &database username / grant select on MDB RULE TARGET MEMBER HEADER to &database username / grant select on MDB RULE GRID DATA to &database username / grant select on MDB MODEL MAPPING to &database username grant delete on AAI MAP MAPPER to &database username / grant insert on AAI MAP MAPPER to &database username / grant update on AAI MAP MAPPER to &database username grant select on AAI MAP MAPPER to &database username / grant select on RTI\_UI\_EXCLUDE\_PDM\_LIST to &database\_username / grant select on RTI\_VIR\_PHY\_TBL\_NAME to &database\_username

/ grant select on infodom\_patches to &database\_username /

## **Configuring Applications Pack XML Files**

This section explains configuration of OFS\_BD\_PACK.xml and OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml files.

This section includes the following topics:

- Configuring OFS\_BD\_PACK.xml File
- Configuring OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml File
- . Configuring OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_BIGDATA\_IN.xml file

## Configuring OFS\_BD\_PACK.xml File

The OFS\_BD\_PACK.xml file holds details on the various OFSAA products that are packaged in a particular Applications Pack.

The following table gives details about the various tags/ parameters available in the file and the values that need to be updated. Prior to installing the OFSAA Applications Pack in Silent mode, it is mandatory to update this file.

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandatory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
APP_PACK_ID	Unique Applications Pack Identifier	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
APP_PACK_NAME	Unique Applications Pack Name	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
APP_PACK_ DESCRIPTION	Unique Applications Pack Description	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
VERSION	Unique Application Pack release version	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
АРР	Unique Application Entries	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT remove these tags.
APP_ID	Unique Application Identifier	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.

Table K–1 OFS\_BD\_PACK.XML Parameters

			Defeult Value/	
Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandatory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
APP_ID/ PREREQ	Prerequisite Application/ Product	Y	Unique Seeded Value	For most applications Infrastructure would be the prerequisite set. For certain other applications, an appropriate Application ID would be set. DO NOT modify this value.
APP_ID/ DEF_SEL_FLAG	Default Selected Flag	Y	Default - YES	In all Applications Packs, Infrastructure would have this value set to "YES". DO NOT modify this value.
APP_ID/ ENABLE	Enable Application/ Product	YES if installing in Silent mode.	Default - YES for Infrastructure NO for Others Permissible - YES or NO	Set this attribute-value to YES against every APP_ID which is licensed and should be enabled for use. <b>Note:</b> Application/ Product once enabled cannot be disabled. However, Application/ Product not enabled during installation can be enabled later through the Administration UI.
APP_NAME	Unique Application/ Product Name	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
APP_DESCRIPTION	Unique Application/ Product Name	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
VERSION	Unique release version	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.

Table K–1 OFS\_BD\_PACK.XML Parameters

## Configuring OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml File

Creating database schemas, objects within schemas and assigning appropriate grants are the primary steps in the installation process of OFSAA Applications. The OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml file contains details on the various application schemas that should be created prior to the Applications Pack installation.

The following table gives details about the various tags/ parameters available in the file and the values that need to be updated. Prior to executing the schema creator utility, it is mandatory to update this file.

Tag Name/	Description	Mandat ory	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Commonts
Attribute Name	Description	(Y/N)		Comments
APP_PACK_ID	Unique Applications Pack Identifier	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
<jdbc_url></jdbc_url>	Enter the JDBC URL	Y	Example,	Ensure to add an entry (with
	Note: You can enter RAC and NON-RAC enabled		jdbc:oracle:thin:@ <host i<br="">P&gt;:<port>:<sid></sid></port></host>	SID/ SERVICE NAME) in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server. The entry
	database connectivity URL.		or	should match with the
			jdbc:oracle:thin:@//[HOST][ :PORT]/SERVICE	SID/SERVICE NAME used in the JDBC URL.
			or	
			jdbc:oracle:thin:@(DESCRI PTION=(ADDRESS_ LIST=(ADDRESS=(PROTO COL=TCP)(HOST=[HOST] )(port=[PORT]))(ADDRESS =(PROTOCOL=TCP)(HOS T=[HOST])(PORT=[PORT]) )(LOAD_ BALANCE=yes)(FAILOVE R=yes))(CONNECT_ DATA=(SERVICE_ NAME=[SERVICE])))	
			For example, jdbc:oracle:thin:@//dbhost.se rver.com:1521/service1	
			or	
			jdbc:oracle:thin:@//dbshost.s erver.com:1521/scan-1	
			or	
			jdbc:oracle:thin:@(DESCRI PTION=(ADDRESS_ LIST=(ADDRESS=(PROTO COL=TCP)(HOST=dbhost1. server.com)(port=1521))(AD DRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)(HOST=dbhost2.server.com )(PORT=1521))(LOAD_ BALANCE=yes)(FAILOVE R=yes))(CONNECT_ DATA=(SERVICE_ NAME=service1)))	
<jdbc_ DRIVER&gt;</jdbc_ 	By default this driver name is seeded.	Y	Example,	Only JDBC Thin Driver is
	Note: Do not edit this attribute value.		oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriv er	supported. DO NOT modify this value.
<host></host>	Enter the Hostname/ IP Address of the system on which you are installing the OFSAA components.	Y	Host Name/ IP Address	

 Table K-2
 OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.XML Parameters

	Table K–2 OFS_BD_SCH	_		
Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
<setupinfo>/ NAME</setupinfo>	Enter the acronym for the type of implementation. This information will be displayed in the OFSAA Home Page. Note: On executing the schema creator utility, this value will be prefixed with each schema name. For example: dev_ofsaaconf, uat_ofsaaatm.	Y	Accepts strings with a minimum length of two and maximum of four. Example, DEV, SIT, PROD	This name would appear in the OFSAA Landing Page as "Connected To: xxxx" The schemas being created would get this prefix. For E.g. dev_ofsaaconf, uat_ ofsaaconf etc.
<setupinfo>/ PREFIX_ SCHEMA_ NAME</setupinfo>	Identifies if the value specified in <setupinfo>/ NAME attribute should be prefixed to the schema name.</setupinfo>	N	YES or NO	Default value is NO.
<password>/ DEFAULT*</password>	Enter the password if you want to set a default password for all schemas. Note: You also need to set APPLYSAMEFORALL attribute as Y to apply the default password for all the schemas.	N	The maximum length allowed is 30 characters. Special characters are not allowed.	
<password>/ APPLYSAMEFO RALL</password>	Enter as Y if you want to apply the password specified in DEFAULT attribute for all the schemas. If you enter as N, you need to provide individual passwords for all schemas. Note: In case you have entered Y in APPLYSAMEFORALL attribute and also have specified individual passwords for all the schemas, then the specified individual passwords will take precedence.	Y	Default - Y Permissible - Y or N	If set to N, need to specify PASSWORD value for every SCHEMA. <b>Note:</b> Setting this attribute vaue is mandatory, If DEFAULT attribute is set.
ROLE/ NAME	Database Role Name attribute used to update place holders	Y	Unique Seeded value	DO NOT modify this value

Table K–2 OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.XML Parameters

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
DIRECTORY/ID	External Directory ID value used to update place holders.	Y	Unique Seeded value	DO NOT modify this value.
	External directory should be created in DB server as shown below: <directories></directories>			
	<pre><directory <br="" id="OFS_&lt;br&gt;BD_PACK_EXTERNAL_&lt;br&gt;DIRECTORY_1">NAME="\$OFS_AML_ SCHEMA_NAME_DIR\$" VALUE="/users/fccms/802/ AAI_802/bdf/inbox" /&gt; </directory></pre>			
<schema>/ TYPE</schema>	The different types of schemas that are supported in this release are ATOMIC, CONFIG, SANDBOX, and ADDON. By default, the schemas types are seeded based on	Y	ATOMIC/CONFIG/SANDB OX/ADDON Note: SANDBOX AND ADDON schemas are not applicable for OFS AAAI Applications	Only One CONFIG schema can exist in the file. This schema identifies as the CONFIGURATION schema that holds the OFSAA setup details and other metadata information.
	the Applications Pack. Note: Do not edit this attribute value.		Pack.	Multiple ATOMIC/ SANDBOX/ ADDON schemas can exist in the file.
				ATOMIC schema refers to the Information Domain schema. SANDBOX schema refers to the SANDBOX schema. ADDON schema refers to other miscellaneous schema (not applicable for this Applications Pack).

Table K–2 OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.XML Parameters

		Mandat		
Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
<schema.>/ NAME</schema.>	By default, the schemas names are seeded based on the Applications Pack. You can edit the schema names if	Y	The permissible length is 15 characters and only alphanumeric characters allowed. No special	SETUPINFO/ NAME attribute value would be prefixed to the schema name being created.
	required. Note: The Schema Name will have a prefix of the SETUPINFO/ NAME		characters allowed except underscore '_'.	For E.g. if name is set as 'ofsaaatm' and setupinfo as 'uat' then schema being created would be 'uat_ ofsaaatm'.
	attribute. SCHEMA NAME must be same for all the ATOMIC Schemas of applications within an Applications Pack.			NAME should be same where APP_GRP=1 for all SCHEMA tags (Not applicable for this Applications Pack).
	In case of HIVE installation,			Note:
	for the APP_ID= OFS_ AMLHV, provide a new			For example:
	name for Schema Name.			<variable name="DATABASE NAME"&gt;KYCDB.oracle.com </variable 
				A TNS entry must be made in this the made in this mane some as the value provided for KYC Database Name. If sqlnet.ora is configured with a value in NAMES.DEFAULT_ DOMAIN then ensure to use the same domain while defining Database Name. It is required for KYC Batch processing.
				This name should be unique
				The same above steps to be done for FATCA and CTR.
				A restart of web and app servers are necessary whenever any changes are done to config schema
<schema>/ PASSWORD*</schema>	Enter the password of the schema to be created. Note: If this attribute is left blank, then the password specified	N	The maximum length allowed is 30 characters. Special characters are not allowed.	Note: You need to mandatorily enter the password if you have set the <password>/ APPLYSAMEFORALL attribute as N.</password>
	in the <password>/DEFAULT attribute is applied as the Schema Password.</password>			Takes precedence over DEFAULT attribute value of <password> tag.</password>
<schema>/ APP_ID</schema>	By default, the Application ID is seeded based on the Applications Pack.	Y	Unique Seeded Value	Identifies the Application/ Product for which the schema is being created.
	Note: Do not edit this attribute value.			DO NOT modify this value.

Table K–2 OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.XML Parameters

	Table K–2 OFS_BD_SCh	-		
Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
<schema>/ DEFAULTTABL</schema>	Enter the available default tablespace for DB User.	N	Default - USERS Permissible - Any existing	Modify this value to associate any valid
ESPACE	Note: If this attribute is left blank, then USERS is set as the default tablespace.		valid tablespace name.	tablespace with the schema.
<schema>/</schema>	Enter the available	Ν	Default - TEMP	Modify this value to
TEMPTABLESP ACE	temporary tablespace for the DB User.		Permissible - Any existing valid temporary tablespace	associate any valid tablespace with the schema.
	Note:		name.	
	If this attribute is left blank, then TEMP is set as the default tablespace.			
<schema>/</schema>	Enter the quota to be set on DEFAULTTABLESPACE	Ν	Example,	Modify this value to grant
QUOTA	attribute for the schema/		600M/m	the specified quota on the mentioned tablespace to the
	user. By default, the quota size is set to 500M.		20G/g	user.
	Minimum: 500M or Unlimited on default Tablespace		UNLIMITED/unlimited	
<schema>/ INFODOM</schema>	Infodom Name Associated with each Atomic Schema and ADDON.	Y	Enter the name of the Information Domain to associate this schema.	Valid string with up to 11 characters.
	In case of HIVE installation,		The schema creator utility	Mandatory for Silent Installation Mode
	for the APP ID= OFS		automatically derives an	instantation woode
	AMLHV, provide a different name for Schema/Infodom.		Information Domain Name based on the Applications Pack if no value is specified for this attribute.	
			Permissible length is 16	
			characters and only alphanumeric characters	
			allowed. No special characters allowed.	
<adv_sec_ OPTIONS&gt;</adv_sec_ 	Parent tag to hold Advance Security Options.	N	NA	Uncomment the tag and edit if you want to add security options. For example, TDE and Data Redact.
				For details, see the example following the table.
<adv_sec_ OPTIONS&gt;/TDE</adv_sec_ 	Tag to enable/disable TDE.	N	Default is FALSE. To enable TDE, set this to TRUE.	Ensure this tag is not commented if you have uncommented <adv_sec_ OPTIONS&gt;/</adv_sec_ 
<adv_sec_ OPTIONS&gt;/ DATA_REDACT</adv_sec_ 	Tag to enable/disable Data Redaction feature.	N	Default is FALSE. To enable DATA_REDACT, set this to TRUE	Ensure this tag is not commented if you have uncommented <adv_sec_ OPTIONS&gt;/</adv_sec_ 

 Table K-2
 OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.XML Parameters

		-		
Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
<tablespaces< td=""><td>Parent tag to hold <tablespace> elements</tablespace></td><td>N</td><td>NA</td><td>Uncomment the tag and edit. ONLY if tablespaces are to be created as part of the installation.</td></tablespaces<>	Parent tag to hold <tablespace> elements</tablespace>	N	NA	Uncomment the tag and edit. ONLY if tablespaces are to be created as part of the installation.
				For details, see the example following the table.
				Note: When TDE is TRUE in ADV_SEC_OPTIONS, then it is mandatory for the <tablespaces> tag to be present in the xml file.</tablespaces>
<tablespace> / NAME</tablespace>	Logical Name of tablespace to be created.	Y	NA	Name, if specified, should be referred in the <schema DEFAULTTABLESPACE= "##NAME##"&gt; attribute.</schema 
				Note the ## syntax.
<tablespace> / VALUE</tablespace>	Physical Name of the tablespace to be created	Y	NA	Value if specified will be the actual name of the TABLESPACE.
<tablespace> / DATAFILE</tablespace>	Specifies the location of the data file on the server	Y	NA	Enter the absolute path of the file to be created.
<tablespace> / AUTOEXTEND</tablespace>	Specifies if the tablespace should be extensible or have a hard limit	Y	ON or OFF	Set to ON to ensure that the tablespace does not run out of space when full.
<tablespace> / ENCRYPT</tablespace>	Specifies if the tablespace(s) should be encrypted using TDE.	Y	ON or OFF	Set to ON to ensure that the tablespaces when created are encrypted using TDE.

Table K–2 OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_IN.XML Parameters

**Note**: Encryption of tablespaces requires to enabling Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) on the Database Server.

Example: (The following snippet shows that TDE is enabled and hence the tablespace has been shown with encryption ON.)

<ADV\_SEC\_OPTIONS>
<OPTION NAME="TDE" VALUE="FALSE"/>
<OPTION NAME="DATA\_REDACT" VALUE="FALSE" />
</ADV\_SEC\_OPTIONS>
<TABLESPACES>
<TABLESPACE NAME="OFS\_AAI\_TBSP\_1" VALUE="TS\_USERS1"
DATAFILE="/scratch/ora12c/app/oracle/oradata/OFSPQA12CDB/ts\_users1.dbf"
SIZE="500M" AUTOEXTEND="ON" ENCRYPT="ON" />
<TABLESPACE NAME="OFS AAI TBSP 2" VALUE="TS USERS2"</pre>

DATAFILE="/scratch/oral2c/app/oracle/oradata/OFSPQA12CDB/ts\_users2.dbf" SIZE="500M" AUTOEXTEND="ON" ENCRYPT="ON" />

```
</TABLESPACES>
```

<SCHEMAS>

```
<SCHEMA TYPE="CONFIG" NAME="ofsaaconf" PASSWORD="" APP_ID="OFS_AAI"
DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS_AAI_TBSP_1##" TEMPTABLESPACE="TEMP"
QUOTA="unlimited"/>
```

<SCHEMA TYPE="ATOMIC" NAME="ofsaaatm" PASSWORD="" APP\_ID="OFS\_AAAI" DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS\_AAI\_TBSP\_2##" TEMPTABLESPACE="TEMP" QUOTA="unlimited" INFODOM="OFSAAAIINFO"/>

```
</SCHEMAS>
```

## Configuring OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_BIGDATA\_IN.xml file

Creating HIVE schemas, objects within the schemas are the primary steps in the installation process of OFSAA Applications. The OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_BIGDATA\_IN.xml file contains details on the various application schemas that should be created/ referred prior to the Application Pack installation.

**Note:** This file should be configured only in case of OFS BD Application Pack installation for *HDFS ONLY* target. This file is not required to be configured for an *RDBMS ONLY* target installation.

The following table provides details about the various tags/ parameters available in the file and the values that have to be updated.

Prior to executing the schema creator utility, it is mandatory to update this file.

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
<app_pack_ ID&gt;</app_pack_ 	Seeded unique ID for the OFSAA Application Pack	Y	Seeded	DO NOT modify this value.
<jdbc_url></jdbc_url>	Enter the JDBC URL Note: You can enter RAC/ NON-RAC enabled database connectivity URL.	Y	Example, jdbc:oracle:thin:@ <host i<br="">P&gt;:<port>:<sid> or jdbc:oracle:thin:@//[HOST][ :PORT]/SERVICE or jdbc:oracle:thin:@(DESCRI PTION=(ADDRESS= LIST=(ADDRESS=(PROTO COL=TCP)(HOST=[HOST] )(port=[PORT]))(ADDRESS =(PROTOCOL=TCP)(HOS T=[HOST])(PORT=[PORT]) )(LOAD_ BALANCE=yes)(FAILOVE R=yes))(CONNECT_ DATA=(SERVICE]))) For example, jdbc:oracle:thin:@//dbhost.se rver.com:1521/service1 or jdbc:oracle:thin:@(DESCRI PTION=(ADDRESS_ LIST=(ADDRESS=(PROTO COL=TCP)(HOST=dbhost1. server.com)(port=1521))(AD DRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP )(HOST=dbhost2.server.com )(PORT=1521))(LOAD_ BALANCE=yes)(FAILOVE R=yes))(CONNECT_ DATA=(SERVICE_</sid></port></host>	In case of an HDFS ONLY target installation, this URL should be of the RDBMS instance that hosts the Application's METADOM.
<jdbc_ DRIVER&gt;</jdbc_ 	By default this driver name is seeded. <b>Note:</b> Do not edit this attribute value.	Y	NAME=service1))) Example, oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriv er	Only JDBC Thin Driver is supported. DO NOT modify this value.
<host></host>	Enter the Hostname/ IP Address of the system on which you are installing the OFSAA components.	Y	Host Name/ IP Address	

Table K–3 OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_BIGDATA\_IN.xml Parameters

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments	
<setupinfo>/ NAME</setupinfo>	Enter the acronym for the type of implementation. This information will be displayed in the OFSAA Home Page. <b>Note:</b> On executing the schema creator utility, this value will be prefixed with each schema name. For example: dev_ofsaaconf, uat_ofsaaatm.	Y	Accepts strings with a minimum length of two and maximum of four. Example, DEV, SIT, PROD	This name would appear in the OFSAA Landing Page as "Connected To: xxxx" The schemas being created would get this prefix. For example, dev_ofsaaconf, uat_ofsaaconf etc.	
<password>/ DEFAULT*</password>	Enter the password if you want to set a default password for all schemas. <b>Note:</b> You also need to set APPLYSAMEFORALL attribute as Y to apply the default password for all the schemas.	N	The maximum length allowed is 30 characters. Special characters are not allowed.	Applies only to the RDBMS type METADOM schema(s).	
<password>/ APPLYSAMEFO RALL</password>	Enter as Y if you want to apply the password specified in DEFAULT attribute for all the schemas. If you enter as N, you need to provide individual passwords for all schemas. <b>Note:</b> In case you have entered Y in APPLYSAMEFORALL attribute and also have specified individual passwords for all the schemas, then the specified individual passwords will take precedence.	Y	Default - N Permissible - Y or N	<b>Note:</b> Setting this attribute value is mandatory, If DEFAULT attribute is set. Applies only to the RDBMS type METADOM schema(s).	
<schemas>/ TYPE=RDBMS</schemas>	Identifies the RDBMS schema details.	Y	Default names for schemas within the pack would be derived in absence of any value specified.	In an HDFS ONLY target installation, the Application's METADOM (that hosts the metadata) for an application is stored in RDBMS schema and the data model entities of the application are stored in the DATADOM (which would be on Hive).	

Table K–3	OFS BD	SCHEMA	BIGDATA	IN.xml Parameters

_	TADIE K-3 OFS_BD_SCH	Mandat		
Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
<schema>/ TYPE</schema>	The different types of schemas that are supported	Y	ATOMIC/CONFIG/SANDB OX/ADDON	Only One CONFIG schema can exist in the file.
	in this release are ATOMIC, CONFIG, SANDBOX, and ADDON. By default, the schemas types are seeded based on		Note: SANDBOX AND ADDON schemas are not applicable for OFS AAAI Application Pack.	This schema identifies as the CONFIGURATION schema that holds the OFSAA setup details and other metadata information.
	the Application Pack. <b>Note:</b> Do not edit this attribute value.			Multiple ATOMIC/ SANDBOX/ ADDON schemas can exist in the file.
				ATOMIC schema refers to the METADOM within the Information Domain schema. SANDBOX schema refers to the SANDBOX schema. ADDON schema refers to other miscellaneous schema (not applicable for this Application Pack).
<schema>/ NAME</schema>	By default, the schemas names are seeded based on the Application Pack. You can edit the schema	Y	The permissible length is 15 characters and only alphanumeric characters allowed. No special	SETUPINFO/ NAME attribute value would be prefixed to the schema name being created.
	names if required.		characters allowed except underscore '_'.	For example, if name is set as 'ofsaaatm' and setupinfo
	Note: The Schema Name will have a prefix of the SETUPINFO/			as 'uat' then schema being created would be 'uat_ ofsaaatm'.
	NAME attribute. SCHEMA NAME must be same for all the ATOMIC Schemas of applications within an Application Pack.			NAME should be same where APP_GRP=1 for all SCHEMA tags (Not applicable for this Application Pack).
<schema>/ PASSWORD</schema>	Enter the password of the schema to be created. <b>Note:</b> If this attribute is left blank, then the password specified in the <password>/DEFAULT attribute is applied as the Schema Password.</password>	N	The maximum length allowed is 30 characters. Special characters are not allowed.	Note: You need to mandatorily enter the password if you have set the <password>/ APPLYSAMEFORALL attribute as N.</password>
<schema>/ APP_ID</schema>	By default, the Application ID is seeded based on the Application Pack.	Y	Unique Seeded Value	Identifies the Application/ Product for which the schema is being created.
	<b>Note:</b> Do not edit this attribute value.			DO NOT modify this value.
<schema>/ DEFAULTTABL ESPACE</schema>	Enter the available default tablespace for DB User. <b>Note:</b> If this attribute is left blank,	N	Default - USERS Permissible - Any existing valid tablespace name.	Modify this value to associate any valid tablespace with the schema.
	then USERS is set as the default tablespace.			

Table K–3 OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_BIGDATA\_IN.xml Parameters

Table K-3 OFS_BD_SCHEMA_BIGDATA_IN.xml Parameters					
Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments	
<schema>/ TEMPTABLESP ACE</schema>	Enter the available temporary tablespace for the DB User. <b>Note:</b> If this attribute is left blank, then TEMP is set as the default tablespace.	Ν	Default - TEMP Permissible - Any existing valid temporary tablespace name.	Modify this value to associate any valid tablespace with the schema.	
<schema>/ QUOTA</schema>	Enter the quota to be set on DEFAULTTABLESPACE attribute for the schema/ user. By default, the quota size is set to 500M. Minimum: 500M or Unlimited on default Tablespace	N	Example, 600M/m 20G/g UNLIMITED/unlimited	Modify this value to grant the specified quota on the mentioned tablespace to the user.	
<schema>/ INFODOM</schema>	Enter the name of the Information Domain to associate this schema. The schema creator utility automatically derives an Information Domain Name based on the Application Pack if no value is specified for this attribute.	N	Permissible length is 16 characters and only alphanumeric characters allowed. No special characters allowed.		
<schemas>/ TYPE=HDFS</schemas>	Type of schemas being created.	Y		Refers to the DATADOM of the Application Pack being installed.	
<hive_ SERVER_HOST&gt;</hive_ 	IP/HostName of the server where HIVE is installed	Y			
<hive_lib_ PATH&gt;</hive_lib_ 	Folder path where HIVE related drivers/jar files are copied	Y		Should contain the list of jars mentioned in the section and krb5.conf, keytab files. Manually copy the preceding listed files from CDH distribution to this identified folder.	
<schema>/ NAME</schema>	By default, the schemas names are seeded based on the Application Pack. You can edit the schema names if required. Note: The Schema Name will have a prefix of the SETUPINFO/ NAME attribute.	Y	The permissible length is 20 characters and only alphanumeric characters allowed.	Schema Name should not be the same as Schema Name specified for Schema Type ATOMIC.	
<schema>/ TYPE</schema>	Identifies the type of schema where the data model entities would reside.	Y	By default, the TYPE attribute in this tag is set to DATADOM.	DO NOT modify this value.	
<schema>/ DB TYPE</schema>	Identifies the type of driver to be used for connection.	Y	By default, the only supported type is HIVE in this release.	In the upcoming releases, the type value can be HIVE/ IMPALA etc.	

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
<schema>/<pr OPERTY&gt;/COM MENT</pr </schema>	COMMENTS for HIVE schema	N		
<schema>/<pr OPERTY&gt;/LOCA TION</pr </schema>	You can optionally specify a location for the table data	N		
<connection< td=""><td>Enter HIVE JDBC URL</td><td>Y</td><td>Valid Hive JDBC URL to be</td><td>Specify the Hive JDBC URL</td></connection<>	Enter HIVE JDBC URL	Y	Valid Hive JDBC URL to be	Specify the Hive JDBC URL
PROPERTIES>/< PROPERTY>/JD BC_URL			specified.	to connect to the Hive Server.
<connection< td=""><td>Authentication Type</td><td>Y</td><td>Permissible values:</td><td>Only "Kerberos with keytab"</td></connection<>	Authentication Type	Y	Permissible values:	Only "Kerberos with keytab"
PROPERTIES>/< PROPERTY>/AU TH_TYPE			KERBEROS_WITH_ KEYTAB	based authentication supported in this release.
<connection< td=""><td>Alias name for</td><td>Y</td><td></td><td>An Alias name mapping to a</td></connection<>	Alias name for	Y		An Alias name mapping to a
PROPERTIES>/< PROPERTY>/AU TH_ALIAS	authentication credentials			principal and password combination specified in the following tags.
<connection< td=""><td>Authentication principal</td><td>Y</td><td></td><td>Principal name used in</td></connection<>	Authentication principal	Y		Principal name used in
PROPERTIES>/< PROPERTY>/PRI NCIPAL	name			authentication to connect to the Hive Server.
<connection< td=""><td>Authentication password</td><td>Y</td><td></td><td>Password used in</td></connection<>	Authentication password	Y		Password used in
PROPERTIES>/< PROPERTY>/PA SSWORD				authentication to connect to the Hive Server.
<connection< td=""><td>A keytab file containing</td><td>Y</td><td></td><td>This file should be copied to</td></connection<>	A keytab file containing	Y		This file should be copied to
PROPERTIES>/< PROPERTY>/KR B_GSSJAAS_ FILE_NAME	pairs of Kerberos principals and an encrypted copy of that principal's key.			the location specified in <hive_lib_path></hive_lib_path>
<connection< td=""><td>REALM configuration file</td><td>Y</td><td></td><td>This file should be copied to</td></connection<>	REALM configuration file	Y		This file should be copied to
PROPERTIES>/< PROPERTY>/KR B_REALM_ FILE_NAME				the location specified in <hive_lib_path></hive_lib_path>

 Table K-3
 OFS\_BD\_SCHEMA\_BIGDATA\_IN.xml Parameters

## Configuring OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml File

This section gives details about the OFSAAI InstallConfig.xml file.

## Configuring OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml file

To configure the OFSAAI InstallConfig.xml file, follow these steps.

- 1. Navigate to OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFS\_AAI/conf/ directory.
- 2. Open the file OFSAAI InstallConfig.xml in text editor.
- 3. Configure the OFSAAI InstallConfig.xml as mentioned in Table L-1:
- **4.** You must manually set the InteractionVariable parameter values as mentioned in the table. If a value is not applicable, enter NA and ensure that the value is not entered as NULL.

Interaction Variable Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory	
<layer name="GENERAL"></layer>			
WEBAPPSERVERTYP E	Identifies the web application server on which the OFSAA Infrastructure web components would be deployed.	Yes	
	The below numeric value should be set depending on the type:		
	Apache Tomcat = 1		
	<sup>?</sup> IBM WebSphere Application Server = 2		
	? Oracle WebLogic Server = 3		
	For example, <interactionvariable name="WEBAPPSERVERTYPE"&gt;3</interactionvariable 		
DBSERVER_IP	Identifies the hostname or IP address of the system on which the Database Engine is hosted.	Yes	
	Note: For RAC Database, the value should be NA.		
	For example, <interactionvariable name="DBSERVER_&lt;br&gt;IP">14.15.16.17</interactionvariable> or <interactionvariable name="DBSERVER_IP"&gt;dbhost.server.com</interactionvariable 		
ORACLE_ SID/SERVICE_NAME	Identifies the Oracle DB Instance SID or SERVICE_NAME	Yes	
	<b>Note</b> : The Oracle_SID value should be exactly the same as it is mentioned in JDBC_URL.		
	For example, <interactionvariable name="ORACLE_SID/SERVICE_&lt;br&gt;NAME">ofsaser</interactionvariable>		

#### Table L–1 OFSAA Infrastructure Installation Tasks and Descriptions

Interaction Variable Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
ABS_DRIVER_PATH	Identifies the directory where the JDBC driver (ojdbc <version>.jar) exists. This would typically be the \$ORACLE_HOME/jdbc/lib</version>	Yes
	For example, <interactionvariable name="ABS_DRIVER_&lt;br&gt;PATH">"&gt;/oradata6/revwb7/oracle </interactionvariable>	
	<b>Note</b> : See Appendix N for identifying the correct "ojdbc <version>.jar" version to be copied.</version>	
OLAP_SERVER_ IMPLEMENTATION	Identifies if the OFSAA Infrastructure OLAP component needs to be configured depending on whether you intend to use the OLAP feature. The below numeric value should be set depending on the choice:	No
	<sup>2</sup> YES - 1	
	<sup>2</sup> NO - 0	
Note: If value for OLAP_	SERVER_IMPLEMENTATION is set to 1, it checks for following environment variables	are set
ARBORPATH, HYPERION	HOME and ESSBASEPATH.	
SFTP_ENABLE	Identifies if the SFTP (Secure File Transfer Protocol) feature is to be enabled. The below numeric value should be set depending on the choice:	Yes
	? SFTP - 1	
	<sup>2</sup> FTP - 0	
interface.		
interface. FILE_TRANSFER_ PORT	Identifies the port used for the file transfer service. The default value specified is <b>22</b> (SFTP). Specify value as <b>21</b> or any other PORT value if value for SFTP_	Yes
FILE_TRANSFER_	<pre>22 (SFTP). Specify value as 21 or any other PORT value if value for SFTP_ ENABLE is 0. For example, <interactionvariable file_transfer_<br="" name="FILE_TRANSFER_&lt;/pre&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Yes&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;FILE_TRANSFER_&lt;br&gt;PORT&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;pre&gt;22 (SFTP). Specify value as 21 or any other PORT value if value for SFTP_&lt;br&gt;ENABLE is 0.&lt;br&gt;For example, &lt;InteractionVariable name=">PORT"&gt;21</interactionvariable></pre>	
FILE_TRANSFER_	<pre>22 (SFTP). Specify value as 21 or any other PORT value if value for SFTP_ ENABLE is 0. For example, <interactionvariable file_transfer_<br="" name="FILE_TRANSFER_&lt;/pre&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Yes&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;FILE_TRANSFER_&lt;br&gt;PORT&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;pre&gt;22 (SFTP). Specify value as 21 or any other PORT value if value for SFTP_&lt;br&gt;ENABLE is 0.&lt;br&gt;For example, &lt;InteractionVariable name=">PORT"&gt;21</interactionvariable> Identifies the locale information to be used during the installation. This release of</pre>	
FILE_TRANSFER_ PORT LOCALE Note: The below ports an below are set in the insta	<pre>22 (SFTP). Specify value as 21 or any other PORT value if value for SFTP_ ENABLE is 0. For example, <interactionvariable name="FILE_TRANSFER_&lt;br&gt;PORT">21</interactionvariable> Identifies the locale information to be used during the installation. This release of the OFSAA Infrastructure supports only US English. For example, <interactionvariable name="LOCALE">en_</interactionvariable></pre>	Yes
FILE_TRANSFER_ PORT LOCALE Note: The below ports at below are set in the insta ensure this port value is i	<pre>22 (SFTP). Specify value as 21 or any other PORT value if value for SFTP_ ENABLE is 0. For example, <interactionvariable name="FILE_TRANSFER_&lt;br&gt;PORT">21</interactionvariable> Identifies the locale information to be used during the installation. This release of the OFSAA Infrastructure supports only US English. For example, <interactionvariable name="LOCALE">en_ US</interactionvariable> re used internally by the various OFSAA Infrastructure services. The default values r llation. If you intend to specify a different value, update the parameter value according the value according to the value of the value of the value according to the value valu</pre>	Yes
FILE_TRANSFER_ PORT LOCALE Note: The below ports and below are set in the instatensure this port value is in JAVAPORT	<pre>22 (SFTP). Specify value as 21 or any other PORT value if value for SFTP_ ENABLE is 0. For example, <interactionvariable name="FILE_TRANSFER_&lt;br&gt;PORT">21</interactionvariable> Identifies the locale information to be used during the installation. This release of the OFSAA Infrastructure supports only US English. For example, <interactionvariable name="LOCALE">en_ US</interactionvariable>en_ US re used internally by the various OFSAA Infrastructure services. The default values r llation. If you intend to specify a different value, update the parameter value according in the range of 1025 to 65535 and the respective port is enabled.</pre>	Yes nentioned ngly and
FILE_TRANSFER_ PORT LOCALE Note: The below ports an below are set in the insta ensure this port value is i JAVAPORT NATIVEPORT	<pre>22 (SFTP). Specify value as 21 or any other PORT value if value for SFTP_ ENABLE is 0. For example, <interactionvariable name="FILE_TRANSFER_&lt;br&gt;PORT">21</interactionvariable> Identifies the locale information to be used during the installation. This release of the OFSAA Infrastructure supports only US English. For example, <interactionvariable name="LOCALE">en_ US</interactionvariable>en_ US re used internally by the various OFSAA Infrastructure services. The default values r llation. If you intend to specify a different value, update the parameter value according in the range of 1025 to 65535 and the respective port is enabled.</pre>	Yes nentioned ngly and Yes
FILE_TRANSFER_ PORT LOCALE Note: The below ports at below are set in the insta ensure this port value is in JAVAPORT NATIVEPORT AGENTPORT	<pre>22 (SFTP). Specify value as 21 or any other PORT value if value for SFTP_ ENABLE is 0. For example, <interactionvariable name="FILE_TRANSFER_&lt;br&gt;PORT">21</interactionvariable> Identifies the locale information to be used during the installation. This release of the OFSAA Infrastructure supports only US English. For example, <interactionvariable name="LOCALE">en_ US</interactionvariable> re used internally by the various OFSAA Infrastructure services. The default values r llation. If you intend to specify a different value, update the parameter value according the range of 1025 to 65535 and the respective port is enabled.</pre>	Yes nentioned ngly and Yes Yes
FILE_TRANSFER_ PORT LOCALE Note: The below ports at below are set in the insta ensure this port value is in JAVAPORT NATIVEPORT AGENTPORT ICCPORT	<pre>22 (SFTP). Specify value as 21 or any other PORT value if value for SFTP_ ENABLE is 0. For example, <interactionvariable name="FILE_TRANSFER_&lt;br&gt;PORT">21</interactionvariable> Identifies the locale information to be used during the installation. This release of the OFSAA Infrastructure supports only US English. For example, <interactionvariable name="LOCALE">en_ US</interactionvariable>en_ US re used internally by the various OFSAA Infrastructure services. The default values r llation. If you intend to specify a different value, update the parameter value accordin in the range of 1025 to 65535 and the respective port is enabled. 9999 6666 6510</pre>	Yes nentioned ngly and Yes Yes Yes
FILE_TRANSFER_ PORT LOCALE Note: The below ports an below are set in the insta ensure this port value is in JAVAPORT NATIVEPORT AGENTPORT ICCPORT ICCNATIVEPORT	22 (SFTP). Specify value as 21 or any other PORT value if value for SFTP_ENABLE is 0.         For example, <interactionvariable name="FILE_TRANSFER_PORT">21         PORT"&gt;21         Identifies the locale information to be used during the installation. This release of the OFSAA Infrastructure supports only US English.         For example, <interactionvariable name="LOCALE">en_US         US       Use internally by the various OFSAA Infrastructure services. The default values relation. If you intend to specify a different value, update the parameter value according in the range of 1025 to 65535 and the respective port is enabled.         9999       6666         6510       6507</interactionvariable></interactionvariable>	Yes nentioned ngly and Yes Yes Yes Yes
FILE_TRANSFER_ PORT LOCALE Note: The below ports and below are set in the instatensure this port value is in JAVAPORT NATIVEPORT AGENTPORT ICCPORT ICCNATIVEPORT OLAPPORT	<pre>22 (SFTP). Specify value as 21 or any other PORT value if value for SFTP_ ENABLE is 0. For example, <interactionvariable name="FILE_TRANSFER_&lt;br&gt;PORT">21</interactionvariable> Identifies the locale information to be used during the installation. This release of the OFSAA Infrastructure supports only US English. For example, <interactionvariable name="LOCALE">en_ US</interactionvariable> re used internally by the various OFSAA Infrastructure services. The default values r llation. If you intend to specify a different value, update the parameter value accordin in the range of 1025 to 65535 and the respective port is enabled.</pre>	Yes nentioned ngly and Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes
FILE_TRANSFER_ PORT LOCALE Note: The below ports an below are set in the insta	<pre>22 (SFTP). Specify value as 21 or any other PORT value if value for SFTP_ ENABLE is 0. For example, <interactionvariable name="FILE_TRANSFER_&lt;br&gt;PORT">21</interactionvariable> Identifies the locale information to be used during the installation. This release of the OFSAA Infrastructure supports only US English. For example, <interactionvariable name="LOCALE">en_ US</interactionvariable> re used internally by the various OFSAA Infrastructure services. The default values r llation. If you intend to specify a different value, update the parameter value accordin the range of 1025 to 65535 and the respective port is enabled. 9999 66666 6510 6507 6509 10101</pre>	Yes nentioned ngly and Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes

Table L–1 (Cont.) OFSAA Infrastructure Installation Tasks and Descriptions

Interaction Variable Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
HTTPS_ENABLE	Identifies if the UI should be accessed using HTTP or HTTPS scheme. The default value set is $0$ . The below numeric value should be set depending on the choice:	Yes
	? YES - 1	
	? NO - 0	
	For example, <interactionvariable name="HTTPS_&lt;br&gt;ENABLE">0</interactionvariable>	
WEB_SERVER_IP	Identifies the HTTP Server IP/ Hostname or Web application server IP/ Hostname, to be used for accessing the UI. This IP would typically be the HTTP Server IP.	No
	If no separate HTTP Server is available, the value should be Web application server IP/Hostname.	
	For example, <interactionvariable name="WEB_SERVER_&lt;br&gt;IP">10.11.12.13</interactionvariable>	
	or	
	<interactionvariable name="WEB_SERVER_&lt;br&gt;IP">myweb.server.com</interactionvariable>	
WEB_SERVER_PORT	Identifies the Web server Port. This would typically be <b>80</b> for non SSL and <b>443</b> for SSL. If no separate HTTP Server exists, the value should be the port configured for Web server.	No
	Note: The port value will not be accepted as 80 if HTTPS_ENABLE is 1 and as 443, if HTTPS_ENABLE is 0.	
	For example, <interactionvariable name="WEB_SERVER_&lt;br&gt;PORT">80</interactionvariable>	
CONTEXT_NAME	Identifies the web application context name which will be used to built the URL to access the OFSAA applications. The context name can be identified from a URL as below:	Yes
	<scheme>://<host>:<port>/<context-name>/login.jsp</context-name></port></host></scheme>	
	Sample URL: https://myweb:443/ofsaadev/login.jsp	
	For example, <interactionvariable name="CONTEXT_&lt;br&gt;NAME">ofsaadev</interactionvariable>	
WEBAPP_CONTEXT_ PATH	Identifies the absolute path of the exploded .ear file on the web application server.	Yes
	For Tomcat, specify the Tomcat directory path till /webapps, such as /oradata6/revwb7/tomcat/webapps/.	
	For WebSphere, enter the WebSphere path as <websphere profile<br="">directory&gt;/installedApps/ <nodecellname>. For example, /data2/test//WebSphere/AppServer/profiles/<profile_ Name&gt;/installedApps/aix-imfNode01Cell. Where aix-imf is Host name.</profile_ </nodecellname></websphere>	
	For WebLogic, provide the WebLogic home directory path as / <weblogic directory="" home="" path="">/bea/wlserver_10.3</weblogic>	
WEB_LOCAL_PATH	Identifies the absolute path to any directory on the web application server that can hold temporary files being uploaded as part of the applications usage.	Yes
	Note: In case of a clustered deployment, ensure this path and directory is same on all the nodes.	

 Table L-1 (Cont.) OFSAA Infrastructure Installation Tasks and Descriptions

Interaction Variable Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
WEBLOGIC_ DOMAIN_HOME	Identifies the WebLogic Domain Home. For example, <interactionvariable name="WEBLOGIC_DOMAIN_&lt;br&gt;HOME">/home/WebLogic/bea/user_ projects/domains/mydomain </interactionvariable>	Yes Specify the value only if WEBSERV ERTYPE is set as 3 (WebLogic)
OFSAAI_FTPSHARE_ PATH	Identifies the absolute path to the directory identified as file system stage area. Note: <sup>7</sup> The directory should exist on the same system on which the OFSAA Infrastructure is being installed (can be on a separate mount).	Yes
	<ul> <li>The user mentioned in APP_SFTP_USER_ID parameter below should have RWX permission on the directory.</li> <li>For example, <interactionvariable <="" li="" name="APP_FTPSHARE"> </interactionvariable></li></ul>	
OFSAAI_SFTP_ USER_ID	PATH">">/oradata6/revwb7/ftpshare Identifies the user who has RWX permissions on the directory identified under parameter APP_FTPSHARE_PATH above.	Yes
HIVE_Details	<ul> <li>HIVE_SERVER_PORT:</li> <li>Identifies the port used for the file transfer service. The default value specified is 22 (SFTP) or 21 (FTP).</li> <li>HIVE_SERVER_FTPDRIVE:</li> <li>Identifies the absolute path to the directory identified as file system stage area of HIVE server.</li> <li>HIVE_SERVER_FTP_USERID:</li> <li>Identifies the user who has RWX permissions on the directory identified under the preceding parameter HIVE_SERVER_FTPDRIVE.</li> <li>HIVE_SERVER_FTP_PROTOCOL:</li> <li>If the HIVE_SERVER_PORT is 21, then value is FTP, else it is SFTP.</li> </ul>	Yes (in case of Hive installation) No (in case of Non-Hive installation. Default value "NA" holds good - No change required)
OFSAAI_SFTP_ PRIVATE_KEY	Identifies the SFTP private key.	Yes
OFSAAI_SFTP_ PASSPHRASE	Identifies the SFTP passphrase.	Yes
HIVE_SFTP_ PRIVATE_KEY	Identifies the hive SFTP private key.	Yes
HIVE_SFTP_ PASSPHRASE	Identifies the hive SFTP passphrase.	Yes

Table L–1 (Cont.) OFSAA Infrastructure Installation Tasks and Descriptions

## **Migrating for Excel Upload Functionality**

This section provides detailed instructions to migrate excel upload functionality.

#### **Prerequisites**

The following are the prerequisites for migration.

- "Data model in ATOMIC schemas should be same on the source and target setups
- . "OFS AAI (platform) patch level version should be same on the source and target setups.
- "PL/SQL Developer to connect and query the database.
- . "WinSCP to connect and access server file system.

## **Migrating Excel Upload**

To migrate, follow these steps:

- 1. Open PL/SQL Developer and logon to the source setup's configuration (CONFIG) schema by entering the appropriate username and password.
- 2. In a new SQL window query the data of table EXCEL\_MAPPING\_MASTER.
- **3.** Open a new session in PL/SQL developer and logon to the target setup's configuration (CONFIG) schema by entering the appropriate username and password.
- 4. Insert the records from Step 1 above in to this table.
- 5. In V\_INFODOM column of EXCEL\_MAPPING\_MASTER table update the infodom name with the target infodom name.

**Note:** If all the mappings can work out of the single target Infodom, update same Infodom value across all rows. If only few mappings will work out of the target infodom, update the infodom value for selective records. Kindly note, excel upload mappings will work only if the target infodom has same data model entities as used in the mappings defined on source setup.

6. Update V\_CREATED\_BY column with the name of any user present in the target setup that has appropriate roles to perform Excel Upload tasks.

**Note:** It is mandatory to update values for V\_INFODOM and V\_CREATED\_ BY columns.

- 7. Open WinSCP and login a new session by entering the host name, port number, user name and password to access the source setup.
- 8. Navigate to the folder referred as FTPSHARE.
- 9. Copy the excel-entity mapping xml file(s) which are located in this folder according to their folder structure on to your desktop. For example: /ftpshare /STAGE/ExcelUpload/\$SOURCE INFODOM NAME/\$EXCEL FILE NAME.xml

**Note:** Actual file name of Excel Sheet is mentioned in the V\_EXCEL\_NAME column of EXCEL\_MAPPING\_MASTER table.

10. Copy the excel templates (.xls/.xlsx) file(s) which are located in this folder according to their folder structure on to your desktop. For example: /ftpshare/STAGE/ExcelUpload/TEMPLATE/\*.xls or \*.xlsx

**Note:** Ignore this step if files are not present at the location.

- **11.** Login a new session in WinSCP by entering the host name, port number, user name and password to access the target setup.
- **12.** Copy the xml file(s) from Step3 to the below location in the target setup. For example: /ftpshare/STAGE/ExcelUpload/\$TARGET INFODOM NAME/\$EXCEL FILE NAME.xml

**Note:** \$TARGET\_INFODOM\_NAME should be target setup infodom in which you have uploaded the appropriate data model and the name should be same as the V\_INFODOM column value updated in EXCEL\_MAPPING\_MASTER table.

**13.** Copy the xls/ xlsx file(s) from Step 3 to the below location in target setup. For example: /ftpshare/STAGE/ExcelUpload/TEMPLATE/\*.xls or \*.xlsx

**Note:** Ignore this step if files are not present at the location.

# Ν

# JDBC Jar Files

The ojdbc<version>.jar file should be copied based on the Oracle Database version and the supported Java (JRE/ JDK) versions. See Table N-1 for details.

ojdbc8.jar for JDK 8

Oracle Database Version	JDK/JRE Version Supported	JDBC Jar files specific to the release
12.1 or 12cR1	JDK 8, JDK 7 and JDK 8	ojdbc7.jar for JDK 7/JDK 8
11.2 or 11gR2	JDK 7 supported in 11.2.0.3 and 11.2.0.4	ojdbc6.jar for JDK 7

Table N–1 JDBC Jar files version details

12.2

JDK 8

## Upgrading an Existing OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 Instance to Java 8

This section explains the configurations required to upgrade an existing OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8. It consists of the following topics:

- Prerequisites
- . Upgrading OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8
- . Configuring Web Application Server
- . Configuring User .profile Settings
- Configuring OFSAA for New Web application server Installation

#### Prerequisites

The following are the prerequisites for upgrading OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8:

- Java 8 should be installed on the OFSAA server and Web application server.
- Oracle WebLogic Server should be 12.1.3.0 or above. Download and install patch 18729264 from http://support.oracle.com/ for the same.

## Upgrading OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8

To upgrade OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8, follow these steps:

- 1. Configure Web application server to Java 8. For more information, see Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server.
- Configure the OFSAA instance to Java 8. For more information, see Configurations for Java 8. For a newly installed Web application server, see Configuring OFSAA for New Web application server Installation
- **3.** Restart the OFSAA services. For more information, see the *Start/Stop Infrastructure Services* section in Appendix D
- **4.** Generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server. For more information on generating and deploying EAR / WAR file, see Creating and Deploying EAR/ WAR File.

## **Configuring Web Application Server**

This section describes the changes to be made in the Web application server. Following are the two options to perform Web application server Configurations which are listed as follows:

- Upgrade the existing Web application server installation to Java 8
- . Install a new instance of the Web application server with Java 8

This section consists of the following topics:

- Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server
- . Upgrading Apache Tomcat Server

#### Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server

Perform the following configurations to upgrade the existing WebLogic server instance to Java 8:

- 1. Navigate to <WLS HOME>/Middleware/Oracle Home/wlserver.
- 2. Edit the product.properties file. Set JAVA\_HOME, WLS\_JAVA\_HOME, JAVAHOME properties to the new Java path and java.vm.version to the new Java version. For example,

```
JAVA_HOME=/usr/java/jre1.8.0_45
WLS_JAVA_HOME=/usr/java/jre1.8.0_45
JAVAHOME=/usr/java/jre1.8.0_45
java.vm.version=1.8.0_45
```

 Navigate to <WLS\_HOME>/Middleware/Oracle\_Home/user\_ projects/domains/<domain>/bin. Update SUN\_JAVA\_HOME, DEFAULT\_ JAVA\_HOME, JAVA\_HOME in the setDomainEnv.sh file to point to the new Java path. For example,

SUN\_JAVA\_HOME="/usr/java/jre1.8.0\_45"

DEFAULT SUN JAVA HOME="/usr/java/jre1.8.0 45"

JAVA HOME="/usr/java/jre1.8.0 45"

4. Clear the Application cache. Navigate to the following path and delete the files:

<WebLogic installation location>/domains/<Domain name>/servers/<Server name>/tmp/ WL user/<Application name>/qaelce/jsp servlet

If you wish to install a new instance of the Oracle WebLogic Server, follow these steps:

- 1. Install Oracle WebLogic Server 12.1.3.x on Java 8.
- 2. Perform the configurations for the newly installed WebLogic server. For more information, see Configuring Resource Reference in WebLogic Application Server.

**Note:** While creating WebLogic Domain, the Listen Port should be set same as that of the existing Domain.

Note down the new Domain path to perform OFSAA Configurations.

#### Upgrading Apache Tomcat Server

Perform the following configurations to upgrade the existing Apache Tomcat Server from Java 7 to Java 8:

1. Login to the Apache Tomcat Server as a non-root user.

2. Edit the user .profile. Update the value for JAVA\_HOME from JRE 1.7 to JRE 1.8. For Example,

JAVA\_HOME=/usr/java/jre1.8.0\_45

3. Clear the Application cache. Navigate to the following path and delete the files:

<Tomcat installation folder>/work/Catalina/localhost/<Application name>/org/apache/jsp

If you wish to install a new instance of the Apache Tomcat Server, follow these steps:

- 1. Install Apache Tomcat Server 8 with Java 8.
- **2.** Perform the configurations for the newly installed Tomcat server. For more information, see Configuring Resource Reference in Tomcat Application Server.

**Note:** Update the Connector Port in /apache-tomcat-8.0.21/conf/server.xml file to that of the existing Tomcat instance.

Note down the new deployment path to perform OFSAA Configurations.

### **Configuring User .profile Settings**

Perform the following configurations:

- 1. Login to the OFSAA Server as a non-root user.
- 2. Edit the user.profile. Update the value for PATH variable from JRE 1.7 to JRE 1.8. For Example,

PATH=/usr/java/jre 1.8.0\_45/jre JAVA\_BIN=/usr/java/jre 1.8.0\_45/jre/bin LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH=\$LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH:/usr/java/jre 1.8.0\_ 45/jre/lib/amd64/server

### Configuring OFSAA for New Web application server Installation

This configuration is required only if you have freshly installed Oracle WebLogic 12.1.3 or Apache Tomcat Server 8.0. Follow these steps:

- 1. Modify the following parameters in the Configuration table present in the Config Schema with the new Domain Path in case of WebLogic or with the new deployment path in case of Tomcat:
  - ? DeFiHome
  - ? REV\_IMG\_PATH
  - ? EMBEDDED\_JSP\_JS\_PATH
- 2. Login to the OFSAA Server as a non-root user.
- **3.** Navigate to \$FIC\_HOME/ficweb/webroot/WEB\_INF and update the following parameters in the web.xml file with the new Domain path in case of WebLogic or with the new deployment path in case of Tomcat:

- ? FIC\_PHYSICAL\_HOME\_LOC
- ? FIC HOME
- ? ICC\_SERVLET\_LOG\_FILE
- **4.** Navigate to \$FIC\_HOME/ficweb/webroot/conf and update the Domain path in case of WebLogic or with the new deployment path in case of Tomcat:
  - ? OFSAALogger.xml
  - ? MDBLogger.xml
  - ? RevLog4jConfig.xml
  - ? RFDLogger.xml
  - ? ExportLog4jConfig.xml
  - ? RFDLogger.xml
  - ? PR2Logger.xml

# **Removing OFSAA**

This chapter includes the following sections:

- . Uninstalling OFSAA Infrastructure
- . Uninstalling EAR Files in WebSphere
- . Uninstalling EAR Files in WebLogic
- Uninstalling WAR Files in Tomcat

### Uninstalling OFSAA Infrastructure

This section will guide you through the necessary steps to uninstall the OFSAA Infrastructure product.

Before you start the uninstallation process, ensure that no open connections exist to the OFSAA Infrastructure Config and Atomic Schemas and Infrastructure services are brought down.

To uninstall OFSAA Infrastructure:

- 1. Log in to the system as non-root user.
- 2. Navigate to the \$FIC\_HOME directory and execute the command:

./Uninstall.sh

**3.** Enter the password for OFSAAI Configuration Schema when prompted as shown in the following figure.

Figure 7–20 Uninstalling OFSAA Infrastructure

#### Note:

- Uninstallation does not remove the Infrastructure application from the Web application server. This has to be done manually.
- The entries in the .profile file will have to be removed manually.
- The files/ folders under the file system staging area (ftpshare) have to be deleted manually.
- All the Database objects from Atomic Schemas have to be dropped manually.

### Uninstalling EAR Files in WebSphere

Following are the steps to uninstall any previously deployed application:

- 1. Open the URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<Administrative Console Port>/ibm/console (https if SSL is enabled). The *Login* window is displayed.
- **2.** Login with the user id that has admin rights.
- **3.** Expand Applications > Application Types > WebSphere enterprise applications from the LHS. The *Enterprise Applications* window is displayed with all the deployed applications.

Jse t	rprise Applications this page to manage installed applications. A single applicati eferences	on can be deployed onto multiple servers.
Sta	rt Stop Install Uninstall Update Rollout Update	Remove File Export Export DDL Export File
C	□ ⋕ ¥	
Selec	t Name 🗘	Application Status 💁
You	can administer the following resources:	
	DefaultApplication	•
	ivtApp	+
	query	*
	upgs73	•

Figure 7–21 Enterprise Applications

- 4. Select the checkbox adjacent to the application to be uninstalled and click Stop.
- 5. Click Uninstall. The Uninstall Application window is displayed.

Figure 7–22	Uninstall .	Application
-------------	-------------	-------------

	an unalighting of ( ) thus do not whe	it to remove the applications, click Cancel to retu
o the previous page.	ng appication(s). It you do not war	it to remove the approactors, click cancel to return
Name		
AIXGAST		

- 6. Click OK to confirm.
- 7. Click Save to save the master file configuration.

### Uninstalling EAR Files in WebLogic

On the machine that hosts WebLogic, perform the following steps to uninstall any previously deployed application:

- 1. Open the URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<admin server port>/console (https if SSL is enabled). The *Login* window of the WebLogic Server Administration Console is displayed.
- 2. Login with the WebLogic user credentials having administrator privileges.
- **3.** From the **Domain Structure** LHS menu, click **Deployments**. The *Summary of Deployments* screen is displayed.

mmary	of Deployments						
ontrol	Monitoring						
(redepk To insta	oyed), or deleted fro ill a new application o nize this table	n the domai	cations and stand-alone application modules that have been n by first selecting the application name and using the contr deployment to targets in this domain, click the Install butto	ols on this pay		stalled applications and module	is can be started, stopped, updated
Install	Update Delete	Start ~	Stop ~			s	howing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Nex
			When work completes		10002200		
	Name 🊕		Force Stop Now	State	Health	Туре	Deployment Order
	🕑 🌁 upg7273		Stop, but continue servicing administration requests	Active	🖋 ок	Enterprise Application	100
_							

Figure 7–23 Summary of Deployments

- Select the checkbox adjacent to the application to be uninstalled and click Stop> Force Stop Now.
- 5. Click Yes in the confirmation dialog to stop the selected deployment.

Figure 7–24 Summary of Deployments- Messages

nmary	of Deployments				
ontrol	Monitoring				
(redeplo	yed), or deleted from the domain by first selecting	ne application modules that have been installed to this e application name and using the controls on this page	: domain, Insti	alled applications and modules	can be started, stopped, updat
Custom Deployn	Contraction in the second	ts in this domain, click the Install button.			
Custom	nize this table	ts in this domain, click the Install button.		Sh	owing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   N
Custom Deployn	nize this table nents	ts in this domain, click the Install button.	Health	Sh Type	owing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   N Deployment Order

- **6.** Select the checkbox adjacent to the application and click **Delete** to delete the selected deployment.
- 7. Click Yes in the confirmation dialog to remove the selected deployment from the domain configuration.

### **Uninstalling WAR Files in Tomcat**

On the machine that hosts Tomcat, perform the following steps to uninstall any previously deployed application:

1. Comment out Context path section from server.xml file in \$CATALINA\_HOME/conf directory to avoid conflict during undeploy and re-deploy of the WAR file.

Place comment <!-- --> in between the context path section. For example:

```
<!--
<Context path ="/pr2test"
docBase="/home/perfuser/tomcat-7.0.19/webapps/pr2test" debug="0"
reloadable="true" crossContext="true">
<Resource auth="Container"
name="jdbc/PR2ATM"
type="javax.sql.DataSource"
driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"
username="pr2atm"
password="pr2atm"
url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@10.184.74.99:1521:PERFTEST"
maxActive="100"
maxIdle="30"
maxWait="1000"/>
</Context>
```

-->

Restart the Tomcat service by doing the following:

- d. Login to the "Unix server" through a terminal emulator.
- e. Navigate to \$catalina home/bin directory.
- f. Stop the tomcat services using the command ./shutdown.sh
- g. Start the tomcat services using the command ./startup.sh
- 2. Open the URL in a browser window: http://<IP address>:<Tomcat server port>. (https if SSL is enabled). The *Tomcat home* window is displayed.
- 3. Click the Manager App. The Connect to window is displayed.
- **4.** Login with the user credentials having admin rights. The *Tomcat Web Application Manager* window is displayed with the list of all applications deployed in Tomcat.

Manager List Applications	T T		Tomcat Web Application Manager									
List Applications												
	L:	HTML Mana	ger Help	Manager Help Server Sta								
Applications	and the second											
Path Dis	play Name	Running	Sessions	Commands								
L We	icome to Tomoat	true	٩	Start Stop Reload Underloy Expire sessions with idle a 30 minutes								
(doca Tor	cat Documentation	true	٩	Start <u>Stop Reload Undeplox</u> Expire sessions with idle a 30 minutes								
/examples Ser	viet and JSP Examples	true	g	Start Stop Relaad Undeploy								
COULTES OF	Tet and sor Examples		.*	Vien Alle a Loo Viendues								
most-manager Tom	cat Manager Application	true	٩	Start <u>Stop</u> <u>Reload</u> <u>Undebloy</u> Expire sessions with idle a 30 minutes								

Figure 7–25 Tomcat Web Application Manager

**5.** Click the **Undeploy** link against the deployed Infrastructure application. A confirmation message is displayed on the application /Infrastructure being uninstalled.

Q

# **Tunable Database Parameters**

This appendix contains the Tunable Database Parameters.

**Note:** Review the Oracle recommended guidelines in setting the SGA\_ TARGET, SGA\_MAX\_SIZE and PGA\_AGGREGATE\_TARGET parameters. The values for these memory parameters can vary significantly based on database server specifications and estimated data volume. For values of PGA\_ AGGREGATE\_TARGET parameters Oracle recommends that they be kept at a minimum of 1024 MB.

Table Q–1 Database Tunable Parameters

Tunable Data	base Parameters	Paramete	r Values		
Category	Parameter Name	Туре	Default	Oracle Recomme nded	Oracle Recomme nded for Exadata
Parameters	CHARACTER SET	string	AL32UTF8	AL32UTF8	AL32UTF8
affecting database creation (not	NLS_LENGTH_ SCHEMATICS	string	byte	byte	byte
tunable	NLS_SORT	binary	binary	binary	binary
through the	MAXDATAFILES	integer	254		
init.ora	MASXINSTANCES	integer	1		
file)	MAXLOGFILES	integer	32		
	MAXLOGHISTORY	integer	24794		
	MAXLOGMEMBER S	integer	2	4	4
	REDO LOG SIZE	integer	10M	3G	16G

Tunable Datab	base Parameters	Paramete	er Values		
Category	Parameter Name	Туре	Default	Oracle Recomme nded	Oracle Recomme nded for Exadata
Parameters	DB_BLOCK_SIZE	integer	2048	8192	8192
affecting I/O operation	DB_FILE_ MULTIBLOCK_ READ_COUNT	integer	The default value corresponds to the maximum I/O size that can be efficiently performed and is platform-de pendent.	It is recommende d to leave the value unset so that Oracle will compute the value.	It is recommende d to leave the value unset so that Oracle will compute the value.
	DB_FILES	integer	200		
	DISK_ASYNCH_IO	boolean	TRUE		
	TAPE_ASYNCH_IO	boolean	TRUE		
	DB_WRITER_ PROCESSES	integer	1 or CPU_ COUNT / 8	Do not set explicitly	Do not set explicitly

Table Q–1 Database Tunable Parameters

Tunable Data	base Parameters	Paramet	er Values		
Category	Parameter Name	Туре	Default	Oracle Recomme nded	Oracle Recomme nded for Exadata
Parameters affecting resource	FAST_START_ PARALLEL_ROLLB ACK	string	LOW	HIGH	HIGH
consumption and parallel operations	LOG_BUFFER	integer	5 MB to 32 MB, depending on the size of the SGA, CPU count, and whether the operating system is 32-bit or 64-bit.	Do not set explicitly	Do not set explicitly
	LOG_ CHECKPOINT_ INTERVAL	integer	0	Do not set explicitly	Do not set explicitly
	LOG_ CHECKPOINT_ TIMEOUT	integer	1800	Do not set explicitly / leave at default value	Do not set explicitly / leave at default value
	OPEN_CURSORS	integer	50	4096	4096
	PARALLEL_ EXECUTION_ MESSAGE_SIZE	integer	16384	16384	16384
	PARALLEL_MAX_ SERVERS	integer	PARALLE L_ THREADS PER_CPU * CPU_ COUNT * concurrent_ parallel_ users * 5	Set if you are configuring DOP manually at site and PARALLEL DEGREE_ POLICY is set to MANUAL.	Do not set or change
	PARALLEL_MIN_ SERVERS	integer	0	Set if you are configuring DOP manually at site and PARALLEL DEGREE_ POLICY is set to MANUAL.	Do not set or change
	PROCESSES	integer	150	600	600
	LARGE_POOL_SIZE	integer	0	512M	
	PARALLEL_MIN_ PERCENT	integer	0 Tunat	Set if you are configuring DOP le Database F manually at	Do not set or change arameters <b>C</b>
				site and PARALLEL DEGREE	

 Table Q-1
 Database Tunable Parameters

Tunable Data	base Parameters	Paramete	r Values		
Category	Parameter Name	Туре	Default	Oracle Recomme nded	Oracle Recomme nded for Exadata
Additional needed	OPTIMIZER_MODE	string	ALL_ ROWS	ALL_ ROWS	ALL_ ROWS
parameters	COMPATIBLE	string		11.2.0.2 (for Oracle 11gR2) 12.1.0.2 (for Oracle 12c)	11.2.0.3.0(if using Oracle 11.2.0.3.0) otherwise 11.2.0.2.0 12.1.0.2 (for Oracle 12c)
	GLOBAL_NAMES	string	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE
	PRE_PAGE_SGA	string	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE
	UNDO_ MANAGEMENT	string	AUTO	AUTO	AUTO
	UNDO_ TABLESPACE	string		Set as Per Site Values	Set as Per Site Values
	UNDO_RETENTION	integer	900	10800	18000
	TIMED_STATISTICS	boolean	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
	OPTIMIZER_ INDEX_CACHING	integer	0		
	OPTIMIZER_ INDEX_COST_ADJ	integer	100	Do not set explicitly / leave at default value	
	QUERY_REWRITE_ ENABLED	string	TRUE	FALSE	FALSE
	STAR_ TRANSFORMATION _ENABLED	string	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE

#### Table Q–1 Database Tunable Parameters

# **FAQs and Error Dictionary**

This section of the document consists of resolution to the frequently asked questions and error codes noticed during OFSAAI installation.

- Frequently Asked Questions
- Error Dictionary

OFSAAI installer performs all the pre-requisite validation check during installation. Any errors encountered in the process is displayed with an appropriate Error Code. You can see the Error Dictionary to find the exact cause and resolution to rectify the error.

### **Frequently Asked Questions**

You can see the Frequently Asked Questions which has been developed with the interest to help you resolve some of the OFSAAI Installation and configuration issues. This intends to share the knowledge of problem resolution to a few of the known issues. This is not an official support document and just attempts to share the knowledge of problem resolution to a few of the known issues.

This section includes the following topics:

- OFSAAI FAQs
- Applications Pack 8.0.6.0.0 FAQs
- Forms Framework FAQs

### **OFSAAI FAQs**

#### What are the different components that get installed during OFSAAI?

The different components of OFSAAI are illustrated in Components of OFSAAI.

#### What are the different modes of OFSAAI installation?

OFSAAI can be installed in two modes, Silent Mode, and GUI mode.

#### Can the OFSAA Infrastructure components be installed on multi-tier?

No. OFSAA Infrastructure components (ficapp, ficweb, ficdb) cannot be installed on multi-tier. By default, they will be installed on single-tier. However, OFSAA Infrastructure can be deployed within the n-Tier architecture where the Database, Web server and Web application server is installed on separate tiers.

Is JDK (Java Development Kit) required during installation of OFSAA? Can it be uninstalled after OFSAA installation?

JDK is not required during installation of OFSAA and only a run time is needed for details. See Hardware and Software Requirements, Java Runtime Environment section.

# Is JRE required during installation of OFSAA? Can it be uninstalled after OFSAAI installation?

Only JRE (Java Runtime Environment) is required during installation of OFSAA and cannot be uninstalled as the JRE is used by the OFSAA system to work.

### How do I know what is the Operating system, webservers and other software versions that OFSAA supports?

See OFSAA Technology Stack Matrices.

#### What are the different files required to install OFSAAI?

The following files are required:

- . setup.sh.
- . envCheck.sh
- preinstallcheck.sh
- VerInfo.txt
- . OFSAAInfrastructure.bin
- validatedXMLinputs.jar
- . MyResources\_en\_US.properties
- . log4j.xml
- . OFSAAI\_PostInstallConfig.xml
- . OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml
- privileges\_config\_user.sql
- privileges\_atomic\_user.sql
- . XML\_Utility.jar

### What should I do if I get the following error message during installation, "Execute Permission denied"?

Please check whether all the files provided for OFSAAI installation has execute permissions.

To give execute permissions,

Navigate to the path OFSAAI\_80000 and execute the command

chmod 755

#### "Graphical installers are not.."

If error resembles "Graphical installers are not supported by the VM. The console mode will be used instead..." then check whether any of the X-windows software has been installed.

Example: Hummingbird Exceed is started and configured to Graphical mode installation.

**Note:** Type 'xclock' from prompt and this should display clock in graphical mode.

#### "No Java virtual machine could be..."

If the error message reads "No Java virtual machine could be found from your PATH environment variable. You must install a VM prior to running this program", then

- Check whether "java path" is set in PATH variable. See the Prerequisite Informationsection in this document.
- . Check whether sufficient temporary space is available.
- Ensure that the movement of OFSAAI Installer text files to the target system is done in the Text mode so that setup.sh file does not contain control line feed characters (^M).

### What should I do if I get the following error message during installation, "OracleDriver Files Not Found, Please Choose the Right Path To Continue"?

Check whether the provided path for Oracle Driver files is correct and whether the user has permissions to access the files.

# What should I do if I get the following error message during installation, "User must have CREATE TABLE, CREATE VIEW, CREATE TRIGGER, CREATE INDEX, CREATE SEQUENCE, CREATE PROCEDURE" even though the oracle schema user created has the mentioned privileges?

OFSAAI installer validates the database details provided during installation, so ensure:

- Whether the oracle schema user has the required set of privileges for successful installation.
- Whether the oracle schema user has been created with quota privileges on tablespace to create database objects.
- . See the Prerequisite Information section in this document.

#### Installation of OFSAAI was completed successfully! What next?

Post the successful completion of OFSAAI installation, one has to perform the Post Installation steps. See Post Installation Configuration.

#### What is to be done when OFSAAI Installation is unsuccessful?

OFSAAI installer generates log file OFSAAInfrastructure\_Install.log in the Infrastructure Installation Directory. There is also another log file created in the path configured in Log4j.xml. The logs of any of these reported, Warnings/Non Fatal Errors/Fatal Errors/Exceptions should be brought to the notice of the OFSAAI Customer Support. It is recommended not to proceed, until the reported problems are adequately addressed.

#### How do I completely uninstall OFSAAI?

OFSAAI can be completely uninstalled by performing the steps provided in Uninstalling OFSAA Infrastructure in the OFS AAAI Installation and Configuration Guide Release 8.0.6.0.0.

#### Can OFSAAI config and atomic schemas be on different databases?

OFSAAI requires both config and atomic schemas to be present on the same database instance.

#### How to grant privileges if a new information domain is created?

If you are creating a new information domain, provide a set of privileges (database permissions) to the new Atomic schema.

• Log into the database as **sys** and connect as **sysdba** user.

- Execute the file privileges\_config\_user.sql available under \$FIC\_HOME directory
- . Enter the database schema for which you want to grant privileges.

#### When should I run the MLS utility?

See the Multiple Language Support (MLS) Utility section in OFS AAI Administration Guide available on OHC.

#### Does OFSAAI support Oracle Linux versions other than 5.5?

OFSAAI supports the Oracle Linux versions from 5.5 up to 5.10 and also from 6.0 and above.

### What should I do if I get the following error message on the UNIX System terminal while executing ./setup.sh, "Insert New Media. Please insert Disk1 or type its location"?

- 1. Login as root user on the Unix machine where OFSAAI is getting installed.
- 2. Navigate to the path /etc/security/.
- 3. Edit the file limits.conf to add/edit a row for the unix user installing OFSAA:

<Unix User> soft nofile 9216

**4.** After saving the changes, log in as unix user with which OFSAAI is getting installed and execute the command:

ulimit -n

The command should return the value 9216.

#### How do I verify if the system environment is ready for OFSAAI installation?

To verify the system environment meets the minimum requirements for the installation, a Pre-Install Check utility is available within the Install Kit archive file. This utility can also be obtained separately by contacting Oracle Support Services.

See Verifying System Environment section for additional information.

#### How do I know if the installation is completed successfully?

The OFSAA Infrastructure installation performs a post install health check automatically on successful installation of the product. To rerun the post install verification at a later time, perform the following steps:

- **1.** Navigate to the path \$FIC\_HOME (Product Installation Directory).
- **2.** Execute the command:

./piverify.sh

# What should I do if I get the following error message during OFSAAI installation on Solaris 11 system?:

"Error: OFSAAI-1108

#### ORA-00604: error occurred at recursive SQL level 1

#### ORA-01882: timezone region not found"

Or

#### "Time zone cannot be set as null or 'localtime' "

This happens if the time zone is not set, that is NULL or it is set as 'localtime'. Set the environment variable TZ to a valid time zone region in the .profile file. For example,

TZ=Asia/Calcutta

export TZ

#### What should I do if there are any exceptions or errors in installation and how to proceed?

- **1.** Please backup the installation logs.
- 2. Share the backup logs with Oracle support.

#### What should I do if the installation process is abruptly terminated or aborted?

If the installation is abruptly terminated, then the installation process will be incomplete. To recover from this, follow the below steps:

- 1. Drop the DB objects in the config schema created by OFSAAI installation.
- 2. Open the .profile and remove the entries made by the OFSAAI installation which are made between the comment statements, #Beginning of entries by OFSAA Infrastructure installation and #End of entries by OFSAA Infrastructure installation.
- 3. Delete the OFSAA install directory created by the OFSAAI installer.
- 4. Perform the OFSAAI installation again.

### Does OFSAA support any other web server types, other than the ones stated in tech matrix and installation guide?

No, all the supported softwares and versions are stated in the OFSAA Technology Stack Matrices.

### What should I do if the database connection from connection pool displays the following error message, "java.sql.SQLRecoverableException: IO Error: Connection reset"?

This happens while running several database intensive tasks in parallel. To correct this error, add the line securerandom.source=file:/dev/./urandom in the java.security configuration file available in \$JAVA HOME/jre/lib/security/ path.

**Note:** This needs to be configured on all the machines or VMs where the OFSAAI components are installed.

If the issue is not resolved even with the above settings, check the MTU(Maximum Transmission Unit) settings on the linux box. For details on MTU settings and updating them, contact your system Administrator.

### What should I do when I get syntax errors/file not found error messages while invoking setup.sh file from my install archive?

This could mostly happen:

- When installer was not unzipped rightly or corrupted during unzip.
- setup.sh file which resides within the install archive was not transferred in ASCII or text mode, which could have corrupted the file.

To correct this, follow the steps:

- 1. Copy the installer (in BINARY mode) to the system on which the OFSAA Infrastructure components will be installed.
- 2. Unzip the installer using the command:

unzip <OFSAAI Installer>.zip

**3.** The corrupted setup.sh file would have introduced certain ^M characters into the file. You can remove ^M characters from setup.sh file by following the below steps:

- **a.** Login to the server where the installer is copied.
- **b.** Navigate to the directory OFSAAI 80000.
- c. Open the setup.sh file in the vi editor using the command: vi setup.sh.
- d. Inside vi editor in Esc mode, type: %s/^M//g

**Note:** To enter ^M, hold the CTRL key then press V and M in succession.

e. Save the setup. sh file by typing: wq!

#### Does OFSAA support Oracle DB 11g Standard edition?

The OCI client and the jdbc driver does not change depending on whether it is a standard or enterprise edition. So, OFSAAI will work with standard edition as well.

We do not recommend standard edition because it will not scale and does not support partition pack, database security vault, or advanced analytics.

### What should I do if I get the following error message while executing ./startofsaai.sh file on the UNIX System terminal "./startofsaai.sh: /java: Execute permission denied"?

- Ensure JAVA\_BIN environment variable path is set on the "unix user" terminal from where the ./startofsaai.sh file is invoked.
- Ensure the .profile where the environment/ path settings are made has been executed successfully.

### What should I do if the OFSAAI Login page does not open and I get the following error message, "Could not retrieve list of locales"?

This could be due to 2 reasons:

- . System is unable to resolve the hostname configured.
- Conflict with the ports configured.

To correct them, follow the below steps:

A. Steps to replace the hostnames with IP address:

- 1. Stop all the OFSAA services. For more information, see Stopping Infrastructure Services.
- 2. Replace all the hostnames with the IP address in all the places mentioned in the document (Where to find port, IP address, HTTPS Configuration for OFSAAI 7.2 Installation (DOC ID 1500479.1)).
- **3.** Restart all the OFSAAI services. For more information, see Starting Infrastructure Services section.
- B. Steps to correct the port number conflicts
- 1. Stop all the OFSAA services.
- 2. See the port numbers stated in the document (Where to find port, IP address, HTTPS Configuration for OFSAAI 7.2 Installation (DOC ID 1500479.1)) and check on the discrepancy in the port numbers and correct them.
- **3.** Restart all the OFSAAI services.

### What happens when the OFSAAI Application Server does not proceed even after providing the system password?

Ensure that, the System Password provided when prompted should match with the "Oracle Configuration password" provided during installation. Also check whether the connection to the "configuration schema" can be established through sqlplus.

Although the OFSAAI installation has completed successfully, when OFSAAI servers are started, and the application URL is accessed, it gives an error message "the page cannot be found or displayed" or "Could not retrieve list of languages from Server. Please contact the system administrator". What should one do?

Ensure OFSAAI servers have been started and are running successfully. On the server start up parameters options, see Starting Infrastructure Services section.

For more details on the issue, see the Revappserver log in \$FIC\_APP\_ HOME/common/FICServer/logs directory or the Web server log files.

### Is it necessary to provide the specified grants to the Oracle schema user before installation? If yes, can it be revoked after completing the installation?

The "Oracle schema" user requires the necessary grants specified before, during, and after the installation process. Grants provided should never be revoked as the application makes use of these grants all the time.

#### Can we have distributed OFSAAI Application Server for load balancing?

OFSAAI Application server can be scaled out/distributed across different JVM's (machines) based on the various services and Information Domains, in other words, Load balancing could be achieved with distribution of services.

### Why do we need Ftpshare on all the layers? Can we have ftpshare on another machine other than the machines where OFSAAI is installed?

Ftpshare is a Metadata Repository directory. All the metadata related files used in Infrastructure are stored in the ftpshare directory. The ftpshare contains folders for each Information Domain, with each Information Domain folders holding Erwin, log, and scripts folder. The transfer of data among the Web, Application, and Database servers in Infrastructure takes place through FTP/SFTP.

You need to configure FTP/SFTP and enable communication between the servers by providing App server's FTP/SFTP credentials to the Web server and DB server users.

Yes, we can have ftpshare on another machine other than the machines where OFSAAI is installed.

#### Is it mandatory to provide the ftp/sftp password?

Yes, OFSAAI needs credentials of the user which has complete permissions on ftpshare directory, and should be able to independently login to the unix server.

#### What are the permissions required for ftpshare and when should I give them?

It is recommended to provide permissions on ftpshare in case of installations done across different machines or VMs (multitier installation ).

In case of single tier installation, 770 permissions can be provided if the unix users of OFSAAI and web server belong to the same unix group.

And on any new file that is created in the 'ftpshare' folder of any installation layer should be granted specific/explicit permission.

Port Change utility could be used to have the Port number modified, which are currently being used by the Infrastructure application. For more information, see Changing IP/ Hostname, Ports, Deployed Paths of the OFSAA Instance section.

#### Are there any in-built system administration users within OFSAAI Application?

The three in-built system administration users are provided to configure and setup OFSAAI.

- . SYSADMN
- . SYSAUTH
- . GUEST

#### Does OFSAAI Application support both FTP and SFTP?

OFSAAI supports both FTP and SFTP configuration.

#### Is it necessary to enable the FTP/SFTP services to use the OFSAAI?

Yes, enabling of FTP/SFTP services and its ports is a pre-requisite step towards using the OFSAAI.

#### **OFSAAI** Configuration: Unable to save the server details?

- . Ensure the input User ID, Password, and Share Name are correct.
- . Ensure FTP/SFTP services are enabled.
- Have a test FTP/SFTP connection made and confirm if they are successful.

# What should I do if I get the following message while creating Information Domain, "Please create a database and then create the information domain"?

Information Domain is mapped to only one Database; and thus before the creation of Information Domain, at least one database details would need to exist.

# What should I do if I get the following message during startup of backend engine message server, "ConnectToDatabase: FatalError, could not connect to the DB server"?

Verify whether connection to the "configuration schema" can be established through sqlplus.

- . Verify "configuration schema" password is modified post installation.
- Ensure oracle database alias name created for oracle instance and oracle service name are same.
- On a multi tier Installation mode, ensure TNSNAME and SID are the same in both the Application and Database Layers.

### What should I do if I get the following message during the startup of backend engine message server, "Fatal Error, failed to get user ID from LibSmsConnect"?

Ensure Reveleus.sec file exist under the \$FIC\_HOME/conf directory where the Database components are installed.

#### Does OFSAAI Application support LDAP authentication?

OFSAAI supports LDAP configuration and authentication.

#### Does OFSAAI support multiple languages?

Yes, OFSAAI supports multiple languages.

#### Does OFSAAI provide any data back-up features?

OFSAAI does not have built-in back up facility. External Storage Infrastructure is recommended for back-up.

#### What kind of security features does the OFSAAI provide?

OFSAAI provides security at:

. Segment Level - Users can access only the segment they are mapped to.

Application Level - Users can perform an operation only if mapped to appropriate role and functions.

#### Does OFSAAI have the ability to enforce periodic password change?

OFSAAI provides configurable parameters to define number of days after which the user password would expire and then the user is forced to change the password after expiration period.

#### What is the password policy followed in OFSAAI?

OFSAAI enforces a minimum password length with a combination of Upper and Lower case characters and alpha-numeric strings.

#### Which version of Erwin Data Modeler does OFSAAI support?

OFSAAI framework supports Data Modeler Erwin versions 9.0, 9.2, 9.6, and 9.7 for backward compatibility. However, the data models shipped with version 8.0.6.0.0 of the application packs are compatible with Erwin 9.5, 9.64, and 9.7.

#### Does OFSAAI provide the mechanism to upload Business Data model?

OFSAAI provides two mechanisms for business data model upload:

- Easy to use GUI based Model upload mechanism to upload the Business Data Model through Unified Metadata Manager --> Import Model.
- OFSAAI also provides a model upload utility "upload.sh" for uploading the business data model through the command line parameter by executing this shell script file under the path <FIC HOME>/ficapp/common/FICServer/bin.

See the section *Run Model Upload Utility* of the OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide available on OHC for details.

### How do I apply incremental change to the existing model when the Business Data model undergoes a change?

Modified data model can be uploaded into the system and OFSAAI has the ability to compare the changes within the data model with respect to the one already present in the system and enables propagation of incremental changes in a consistent manner.

#### What are the different types of uploading a business data Model?

OFSAAI supports uploading of business data model from client desktop and also by picking up the data model from the server location.

#### Can the OFSAAI "Configuration Schema" password be modified post installation?

The OFSAAI "configuration schema" password can be modified post installation. OFSAAI application stores the password in the database and few configuration files, thus any changes to the "configuration schema" password would necessitate updating in these. Contact OFSAAI support for more details.

#### Can the OFSAAI "Atomic Schema" password be modified?

The OFSAAI "Atomic Schema" password can be modified. OFSAAI application stores the atomic schema password in the database and few configuration files, thus any change to the atomic schema password would necessitate updating the password.

To change the Atomic Schema password, follow the steps:

- 1. Login to OFSAA.
- 2. Navigate to System Configuration > Database Details window. Select the appropriate connection, provide the modified password and save.

- Navigate to Unified Metadata Manager > Technical Metadata> Data Integrator > Define Sources window. Update the appropriate Source details.
  - **a.** If you are using Apache Tomcat as Web server:
  - \* Update the <Context> -> Resource tag details in server.xml file from the \$CATALINA\_HOME/conf folder. (In case of Tomcat only Atomic <Resource> will exist).
  - **b.** If you are using WebSphere as Web server:
  - \* Login to the WebSphere Administration Console from the left side menu.
  - \* Navigate to Resources >JDBC >Data Sources. A list of data sources will be populated on the right side.
  - \* Select the appropriate Data Source and edit the connection details. (In this case, both Config and Atomic data sources need to be modified).
  - c. If you are using WebLogic as Web server:
  - \* Login to the WebLogic Administration Console from the left side menu.
  - \* Under Domain Structure list box, expand the appropriate Domain and navigate to Services > JDBC >Data Sources. A list of data sources will be populated on the right side.
  - \* Select the appropriate Data Source and edit the connection details. (In this case, both Config and Atomic data sources need to be modified).
- 4. Restart the OFSAAI services

**Note:** If the modified passwords are not updated, OFSAAI logs displays the message ORA-28000: the account is locked.

#### Does the upload of Business Data model depend on Java Memory?

Business data model upload through OFSAAI depends on the Java memory settings on the client and server machines. Java memory setting varies with the data model size and the available RAM. Contact OFSAAI support for more details.

### Why do the Business Metadata Management screens (Business Processors screen) in the User Interface, take more time to load than other screens?

The Log file in DynamicServices.xml which resides in \$FIC\_HOME/conf is continuously being updated/refreshed to cache metadata. This can be observed when you are starting startofsaai.sh and if any of the log file (Ex: SMSService.log) in DynamicServices.xml is being continuously refreshed for longer time.

By default, the Metadata Log file cache size is set to 1000. If in case the log is being updated beyond this limit, retrospectively the preceding entries are overwritten. For example, the 1001th entry is overwritten by deleting the first entry. This results in the application screen taking a longer time to load.

Increase the cache size limit in Dynamicservices.xml located at <FIC\_HOME>/conf, depending on the currently logged count for the specific metadata.

1. Generate the Log report by executing the below query in config schema.

select count(1), t.metadata\_name, m.dsn\_id
from metadata\_master m, metadata\_type\_master t
where m.metadata\_type = t.metadata\_type

group by t.metadata name, m.dsn id

- **2.** The above query returns a list of codes with their respective metadata count. You can see "metadata type master" table to identify the metadata name.
- **3.** View the log report to identify the metadata which is being updated/refreshed beyond the specified cache size limit. Accordingly increase the cache size limit in Dynamicservices.xml depending on the currently logged count for the specific metadata.

For example, if the "MEASURE\_CACHE\_SIZE" is set to 1000 and total measure reported in log is 1022, increase the limit to 2000 (approximately).

4. Restart Reveleus/OFSAAI servers (Web and APP) and check the issue.

# What should I do if I get OutOfMemoryError while deploying EAR file in WebSphere application server?

The Java memory needs to be increased in ejbdeploy.sh file which is present under <WebSphere Install directory>/AppServer/deploytool/itp. For example,

```
$JAVA CMD \
```

-Xbootclasspath/a:\$ejbd bootpath \

Xms256m -Xmx1024m \

#### What configurations should I ensure if my data model size is greater than 2GB?

In order to upload data model of size greater than 2GB in OFSAAI Unified Metadata Manager- Import Model, you need to configure the required model size in struts.xml file available in the path \$FIC WEB HOME/webroot/WEB-INF/classes.

**Note:** The size requirements have to be always specified in bytes.

For example, if you need to configure for model size of 2.5GB, then you can approximately set the max size to 3GB (3221225472 bytes) as indicated below, in order to avoid size constraints during model upload.

<constant name="struts.multipart.maxSize" value="3221225472"/>

After configuring struts.xml file, generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server. For more information on generating and deploying EAR / WAR file, see Appendix C.

### What should I do if my Hierarchy filter is not reflecting correctly after I make changes to the underlying Hierarchy?

In some cases, the Hierarchy Filters do not save the edits correctly if the underlying Hierarchy has been changed. This can occur in hierarchy maintenance, where you have moved a member to another hierarchy branch, and that member was explicitly selected in the Filter and is now a child of a node which is already selected in the Filter.

See Support Note for the workaround.

## Can I install an Applications Pack on an existing Atomic schema/Information Domain created manually?

No, you cannot install an Applications Pack on existing Atomic schema/Information Domain created manually. Applications Packs can be installed only on Atomic Schemas/Information Domain created using schema creator utility and/ or the Applications Pack installer.

# What should I do if I get the following exception while trying to view the model outputs in Model Outputs screen, "Exception ->Local Path/STAGE/Output file name (No such file or directory)"?

Ensure you have created a folder "STAGE" under the path mentioned as "Local Path" in the web server details screen. This folder needs to be created under the local path on every node, in case of web application server clustering.

What should I do if I get the following exception during OFSAA services startup, "Exception in thread "main" java.lang.UnsatisfiedLinkError: net (Not a directory)"?

Ensure the JRE referred in .profile is not a symbolic link. Correct the path reference to point to a physical JRE installed.

#### What is the optimized memory settings required for "New" model upload?

The following table lists the optimized memory settings required for "New" model upload.

Model Upload Options	Size of Data Model XML File	X_ARGS_APP ENV Variable in OFSAAI APP Layer
Pick from Server	106 MB	"-Xms1024m -Xmx1024m
	36 MB	"-Xms2048m -Xmx2048m
	815 MB	"-Xms4096m -Xmx4096m
	1243 MB	"-Xms6144m -Xmx6144m
Model Upload Utility	106 MB	"-Xms1024m -Xmx1024m"-Xms2048m -Xmx2048m
	336 MB	"-Xms4096m -Xmx4096m
	815 MB	"-Xms4096m -Xmx4096m
	1243 MB	"-Xms6144m -Xmx6144m
Save New Erwin File In Server	106 MB	"-Xms1024m -Xmx1024m
	336 MB	"-Xms2048m -Xmx2048m
		"-Xms4096m -Xmx4096m
		"-Xms6144m -Xmx6144m

Table R–1 Optimized Memory Settings for New Model Upload

What should I do if I get the following error message, "ORA 01792 maximum number of columns in a table or view is 1000 during T2T execution"?

You should apply the below patch set from Oracle. Applicable only for 12c.

https://support.oracle.com/epmos/faces/DocumentDisplay?id=1937782.1

I did not enable OFS Inline Processing Engine Application license during the installation. However, I have enabled it post installation, using the Manage OFSAA Product License(s) in the Admin UI. Are there any other additional configurations that I need to do?

Yes. Follow the instructions explained in the OFS Inline Processing Engine Configuration Guide available on OHC.

#### I get an error when I try to build an Oracle OLAP cube. What should I do?

Execute the below grant on the appropriate ATOMIC schema grant olap user to &database username

#### How do you turn off unused Information Domains (Infodoms) from caching?

Follow these steps to turn off unused infodoms from caching:

- 1. Navigate to \$FIC\_HOME/conf in the APP layer of your OFSAAI installation.
- 2. In the DynamicServices.xml file, identify the section for <Service code="20">.
- **3.** Modify the value of parameter CACHE\_ON\_STARTUP to 0 (default is 1).

Repeat the same in the WEB layer too. Generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server. For more information on generating and deploying EAR / WAR file, see Appendix C.

 Restart the OFSAAI Services (APP and WEB). For more information, see the Starting / Stopping Infrastructure Services. section

**Note:** This setting helps cache the Infodom metadata only for the infodoms that get accessed after user login. Infodoms which are not accessed, are not cached.

Sample code is as follows:

```
<SERVICE CODE="20"
CLASS="com.iflex.fic.metadata.services.MetadataServiceProvider" NAME="BMD"
SERVERID="DEFAULT" PATH=" " LOGGERNAME="UMMLOGGER" LOGGERLEVEL="10">
<PARAMETERS>
<PARAMETER NAME="CACHE ON STARTUP" VALUE="0" />
<PARAMETER NAME="BACKUP XML" VALUE="1" />
<PARAMETER NAME="MAX BACKUP XML" VALUE="2" />
<PARAMETER NAME="PC NONBI BI SWITCH" VALUE="2048" />
<PARAMETER NAME="HIERARCHY NODE LIMIT" VALUE="2000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="ALIAS CACHE SIZE" VALUE="1000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="DATASET CACHE SIZE" VALUE="2000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="MEASURE_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="2000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="HIERARCHY CACHE SIZE" VALUE="2000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="DIMENSION CACHE SIZE" VALUE="2000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="HIERARCHYATTRIBUTE CACHE SIZE" VALUE="1000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="CUBE CACHE SIZE" VALUE="1000" />
```

```
<PARAMETER NAME="RDM_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="1000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="BUSINESSPROCESSOR_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="2000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="DERIVEDENTITY_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="1000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="LOG_GET_METADATA" VALUE="false" />
<PARAMETER NAME="METADATA_PARALLEL_CACHING" VALUE="0" />
```

</PARAMETERS>

</SERVICE>

While creating an Excel Mapping, after specifying the excel worksheet, the target table, and mapping each column in the worksheet to a target table, I click SAVE and nothing happens. But when I click CANCEL, a message pops up informing me that all changes will be discarded", what is to be done?

Check if the excel mapping creation is done using I.E 8 with JRE 1.4 plug in enabled on machine. If so, upgrade the JRE plug in to 1.7+.

#### Can Multiple OFSAA Infrastructure instances share the same config schema?

No, only one OFSAA environment can be installed using one config schema.

#### Can Atomic schema be shared?

Yes, it can be shared between two OFSAA instances.

# While setting a firewall, which ports should be opened for communication between the Web server (Apache HTTP Server/ Oracle HTTP Server/ IBM HTTP Server) and the Web application server (WebSphere/ WebLogic/ Tomcat) for OFSAAI to operate properly?

The OFSAA Servlet port which is same as Web server port should be open. Also the web application port should be open.

### Can I modify the NLS\_LENGTH\_SEMANTICS to BYTE from CHAR for the Database where older versions of OFSAA is Installed?

Yes, NLS\_LENGTH\_SEMANTICS can be modified to BYTE from CHAR if you are not intending to use multi language support.

#### Can I install already installed application in a different infodom?

No, it is not possible to install the same application in two different infodoms.

#### How can I configure the OFSAA application for High Availability??

OFSAA can have active-passive high availability. For more details, see Configuring OFSAA in Clustered Environment Guide.

#### During OFSAA installation should I provide web application server's IP/Hostname and port or web server's IP/Hostname and port, if the Apache HTTP Server/ Oracle HTTP Server/ IBM HTTP Server are configured?

In case the web server is configured, you should enter the Web server IP Address/Hostname and Port details during OFSAA installation. Here the Servlet port should be same as the Web server port.

If Web server is not configured, the Web application server's IP Address/ Hostname

and Port is required during the installation process. Here the Servlet port should

be same as the Web application Server port.

Is "ReveleusAdminConsoleAgent" applicable for OFSAAI 8.0.0.0.0 and higher versions?

No, ReveleusAdminConsoleAgent is not applicable starting OFSAAI 7.3.3.0.0. There is a change in the way agentservers are managed through AGENTSTARTUP.SH & AGENTSHUTDOWN.SH.

# What should I do when the message server process does not open and I get the following error message, "CI18NProvider::CI18NProvider, Error, unable to connect to the config database"?

This error is displayed due to the following reasons:

- . The Config Schema password is already expired.
- If the config schema password is going to expire soon and the message such as "ORA-28002: the password will expire within 6 days" displays while connecting to config schema through sqlplus.
  - The Config schema password is Modified.

To resolve the error, re-set the config schema password to the old password. Else, if the config schema password is modified to something else then follow the below steps:

- 1. Delete the \$FIC\_HOME/conf/Reveleus.SEC file.
- Shutdown the OFSAAI App service: cd \$FIC\_APP\_ HOME/common/FICServer/bin ./stopofsaai.sh
- 3. Shutdown the OFSAAI App service: cd SFIC\_APP\_HOME/common/FICServer/bin ./stopofsaai.sh
- 4. Start the Infrastructure Server in foreground directly on the server or through XWindows software using the command: ./startofsaai.sh
- 5. Enter System Password.
- 6. Enter the new Config schema password. The service starts and initializes if it is able to successfully connect to the DB and generates the Reveleus.SEC file.
- **7.** Post successful startup of the service, if required, the Infrastructure server may be shut down and restarted in the background using nohup mode.

#### What is the mechanism of Log File sizing and backup?

OFSAAI Log files created under \$FIC\_APP\_HOME/common/FICServer/logs & <OFSAAI\_DEPLOYED\_AREA>/<CONTEXT.war>/logs is configurable in RevLog4jConfig.xml.

The default size of the log files (MaxFileSize) is set to max 5000kb & number of max backup log files (MaxBackupIndex) retained is set to 5, both of which are configurable. Increasing these parameters to a higher value should depend on the server HW configurations and may reduce the performance.

To configure the Logs file size on OFSAA Application server, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to \$FIC HOME/conf where OFSAA is installed.
- 2. Edit the following parameters in the file RevLog4jConfig.xml

  - <param name="MaxBackupIndex" : Provide the required number of backup files to be created.

Example:

```
<appender name="REVSERVERAPPENDER"
class="org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender">
<param name="file" value="$FIC_
HOME/ficapp/common/FICServer/logs/RevAppserver.log"/>
<param name="Append" value="true" />
<param name="MaxFileSize" value="5000kb" />
<param name="MaxBackupIndex" value="5" />
<layout class="org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout">
<param name="ConversionPattern" value="[REVELEUSLOG] %m%n"/>
</layout>
<//appender>
```

To configure the Deployed area logs file, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to <EAR/WAR Deploy area>/conf folder.
- **2.** Repeat step 2 from the above section.

#### Can we modify the Log file path?

Yes, Log file path is configurable, it can be configured in RevLog4jConfig.xml.default log file path (file) is set by the installer. This can be configured to another path.

#### Can I point the environment with HTTP enabled to HTTPS after installation and vice versa?

Follow these steps:

- 1. Create SSL related certificates and import to respective servers.
- **2.** Enable SSL on a desired Port (example 9443) on your existing and already deployed web application servers.
- **3.** Replace the protocol as https and new ssl port (FIC\_SERVLET\_PORT) configured and in all the URLs specified on below files:
  - \$FIC\_HOME/ficapp/common/FICServer/conf/FICWeb.cfg and \$FIC\_ HOME/ficweb/webroot/conf/FICWeb.cfg
  - \$FIC\_HOME/ficapp/icc/conf/WSMREService.properties
  - . \$FIC\_HOME/ficweb/webroot/conf/ModelExecution.properties
  - . \$FIC\_HOME/ficdb/conf/MDBPublishExecution.properties
  - . \$FIC\_HOME/ficdb/conf/ObjAppMap.properties
  - . \$FIC\_HOME/utility/Migration/conf/WSMigration.properties
  - . \$FIC\_HOME/utility/WSExecution/conf/WSExecution.properties

  - \$FIC\_ HOME/EXEWebService/Tomcat/ROOT/WEB-INF/wsdl/EXEWebServiceImpl.ws dl
- 4. Replace XML attribute/Node values as specified on below files:
  - . \$FIC\_HOME/ficweb/webroot/WEB-INF/web.xml

```
FIC_WEBSERVER_PORT=9443
FIC_WEBPROTOCOL=https
$FIC_HOME/conf/LookUpServices.xml and $FIC_
HOME/ficweb/webroot/conf/LookUpServices.xml
PORT="9443" PROTOCOL="https:"
```

**5.** Login to config schema and execute below SQL command to replace protocol and SSL port.

```
SQL> update configuration cn set cn.paramvalue='9443' where
cn.paramname='SERVLET_ENGINE_PORT';
SQL> update configuration cn set
```

```
cn.paramvalue=replace(cn.paramvalue,'http:','https:') where
cn.paramname='FormsManagerCacheReload';
SQL> update web server info ws set
```

```
ws.servletport='9443',ws.servletprotocol='https';
```

6. Create EAR/WAR file and Re-Deploy.

#### What should I do if the sliced data model upload takes a long time to complete?

If the metadata cache size is set to a lower value than the actual count of each metadata type ( hierarchy, dataset, dimension etc), then it gets into performance degrade issues. We have to increase the cache size for each metadata type according to the count in the environment.

Following are the parameters in DynamicServices.xml to be configured depends on the metadata count in your environment.

```
<PARAMETER NAME="HIERARCHY NODE LIMIT" VALUE="2000"/>
 <PARAMETER NAME="ALIAS CACHE SIZE" VALUE="1000"/>
<PARAMETER NAME="DATASET CACHE SIZE" VALUE="2000"/>
 <PARAMETER NAME="MEASURE
CACHE SIZE" VALUE="3000"/>
<PARAMETER NAME="HIERARCHY
CACHE SIZE" VALUE="2000"/>
<PARAMETER NAME="DIMENSION
CACHE SIZE" VALUE="2000"/>
<PARAMETER NAME="CUBE CACHE SIZE" VALUE="1000"/>
<PARAMETER NAME="BUSINESSPROCESSOR CACHE SIZE"
VALUE="2000"/>
<PARAMETER NAME="DERIVEDENTIT
Y CACHE SIZE" VALUE="1000"/>
Metadata count can be derived based on the following queries:
select count(1) from metadata_master where metadata_version=0 --- for all
metadata select count(1) from metadata master where metadata version=0
and metadata_type=1 --- for measure
```

select count(1) from metadata\_master where metadata\_version=0 and metadata\_

type=2 --- for Dimension

```
select count(1) from metadata master where metadata version=0 and
metadata
type=3 --- for HCY
select count(1) from metadata master where metadata version=0
                                                             and
metadata
type=4 --- for DATASET
select count(1) from metadata master wh
ere metadata version=0 and metadata
type=59 --- for BP's
select count(1) from metadata master wh
ere metadata version=0 and metadata
type=54
        --- for Alias
select count(1) from metadata master wh
ere metadata version=0 and metadata
type=5 --- for CUBES
select count(1) from metadata master wh
ere metadata version=0 and metadata
type=856 --- for Derived Entit
```

For LDAP authentication, which server connects with the LDAP server, the Application server (where ofsaai is installed), or Web Application server (where EAR is deployed)?

For LDAP authentication, the Application server (ficapp) connects with the LDAP server.

The LDAP server in the setup listens on secure protocol ldaps (port 636). I have the root certificate of the LDAP server for SSL, and would like to know where to offload this certificate?

You need to import the certificate into the JDK/JVM used by Reveleus server in ficapp layer.

#### How to relocate FTPSHARE folder?

You can run the PortC.jar utility. For more details, see Changing IP/Hostname, Ports, Deployed Paths of the OFSAA Instance section in the OFSAAI Admin Guide available on OHC.

#### How do we identify the list of ports that are used by/configured in an OFSAA environment?

- **1.** Navigate to \$FIC\_HOME folder on Target.
- 2. Run the PortC.jar utitlity using the command:

java -jarPortC.jar DMP

A file with the name DefaultPorts.properties will be created under \$FIC\_HOME directory which will contain the ports. For more information, see Changing IP/Hostname, Ports, Deployed Paths of the OFSAA Instance section in the OFSAAI Admin Guide available on OHC.

### What should I do if I get the following error message, "Error while fetching open cursor value Status : FAIL"?

This error occurs while executing envCheck.sh because the user does not have access to V\$parameter. This error does not occur due to sysdba or non sysdba privileges provided they have access/grants to V\$parameter.

# What should I do if I get the error "FATAL ERROR-Problem with OFSAA Service" during OFS\_BD\_PACK installation?

Increase the sleep counter (default value is 80) to a higher value in the following section of the OFS\_BD\_PACK/OFSAAIUpdate.sh file: if [ \$count -eq 0 ] ; then sleep 80; count=` grep -i "FICServer Initialization Complete" \$FIC\_HOME/ficapp/common/FICServer/bin/nohup.out|wc -1 ` fi if [[ \$count -gt 0 ]] ; then echo OFSAA Service - OK else echo FATAL ERROR-Problem with OFSAA Service exit 1 fi

### Applications Pack 8.0.6.0.0 FAQs

#### What is an Applications Pack?

An Applications Pack is suite of products. For more information, see About OFSAA Infrastructure.

#### Can I get a standalone installer for OFSAAI 8.0?

No. AAI is part of every Applications Pack and installs automatically.

#### How does OFSAA 8.0 Applications Pack relate to OFSAA 7.x series?

8.0 is a new major release consolidating all products from OFSAA product suite.

#### Can existing OFSAA 7.x customers upgrade to OFSAA 8.0 Applications Pack?

There is no upgrade path available. However, we will have migration kit / path for every product to 8.0 Applications Pack. Further details will be available with Oracle Support Services.

#### Does OFSAA 8.0 Applications Pack UPGRADE automatically to existing environments?

No. OFSAA 8.0 Applications Pack has to be installed in an new environment and subsequently migration path / migration kit needs to be run to migrate from 7.x to 8.0. Note that the objects can be migrated only from the previously released version of OFSAA products..

#### Where can I download OFSAA 8.0 Applications Pack?

You can download the OFSAAI 8.0 Applications Pack from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud (OSDC).

### What are the minimum system and software requirements for OFSAA 8.0 Applications Pack?

See installation guide section Hardware and Software Requirements.

#### Is my environment compatible with OFSAA 8.0 Applications Pack?

Environment Check utility performs the task. It is part of install and can also be run separately.

#### Does the OFSAA 8.0.6.0.0 Applications Pack support all Operating systems?

OFSAA 8.0.6.0.0 Applications Pack supports the following Operating Systems: LINUX, AIX, SOLARIS 10, 11. See Technology Matrix for the technology matrix that OFSAA suite products are/ will be qualified on.

#### How can I install OFSAA 8.0.6.0.0 Applications Pack?

See Oracle Financial Services Advanced Analytical Infrastructure Installation And Configuration Guide published in OHC for the Applications Pack installers.

#### Does this installation require any Third party Softwares?

Oracle Financial Services Advanced Analytical Infrastructure Installation And Configuration Guide published in OHC lists the third party software that needs to be installed.

#### What languages are supported during OFSAA 8.0.6.0.0 Applications Pack installation?

US English is the language supported.

#### What mode of installations OFSAA Applications Pack supports? [i.e., Silent, GUI]

OFSAA Applications Packs supports both, GUI and Silent Mode.

#### Does OFSAA 8.0.6.0.0 Applications Pack support Multi tier Installations?

OFSAA 8.0.6.0.0 supports only single tier installation. For more information see OFSAAI FAQs section.

# Does this Applications Pack validate all Pre-requisites required for this installation i.e., Memory, Disk Space etc.?

Yes. The pre-requisite checks are done by the respective Applications Pack installer.

#### What happens if it aborts during installation of any application with in Applications Pack?

You must restore the system and retrigger the installation

#### Does this Applications Pack 'Roll Back' if any application installation fails due to errors?

Rollback of installation is not supported.

#### Does the Applications Pack install all applications bundled?

All Applications Pack system files are installed but there is an option to enable the licensed products.

#### Can I re-install any of the Applications Packs?

You can retrigger in case of failure.

#### Does this Applications Pack allow enabling / disabling any of the applications installed?

Yes. You cannot disable once the product is enabled in an environment.

### I have installed one application in an Applications Pack, can I install any of new application within the Applications Pack later?

No, installation of additional applications is not required. If you wish to add an application later, you can enable the application at that time.

#### How many OFSAA Infrastructures can be installed in a single server?

There is no issue in installing separate OFSAAI installations, each with their own PFT/FTP installations and separate associated database instances and separate Web server installations on the same server as long as adequate memory is allocated for each instance and as long as each OFSAAI installation is installed using a separate UNIX user and profile. Care should be taken if running multiple OFSAAI installations on a single server. Adequate memory will be

required for each installation as several OFSAAI processes (model upload, DEFQ services, etc) take significant amounts of memory. So it depends on your server memory.

### *Is it possible to Install OFSAA 8.0 Applications Pack on an existing 'Infodom' where another OFSAA 8.0 application is installed?*

Yes. However, the Behavioral Detection Applications Pack and Compliance Regulatory Reporting Applications Pack are the exceptions. They need to be installed in a different INFODOM.

#### Can I select an Infodom in Applications Pack during installation?

Yes. You can select or change the required infodom.

#### Can I install all Applications Packs in a 'Single Infodom'?

Yes. But Behavioral Detection Applications Pack and Compliance Regulatory Reporting Applications Pack are the exceptions. They need to be installed in a different INFODOM.

### Is it possible to install applications on different Infodom within the Applications Pack? (For example, I want to install LRM & MR in two infodoms)

Applications within Applications Pack have to be installed in the same information domain in the same environment.

#### How many Infodoms can be created over a single OFSAA Infrastructure of 8.0.6.0.0?

You can install only one infodom during installation. But after installation, you can create multiple infodoms.

#### Is the 'Data Model' bundled specific to an Applications Pack or to an individual application?

A merged data model for all applications within the Applications Pack is bundled and uploaded.

#### Is it possible to install OFS Enterprise Modeling later?

OFS Enterprise Modeling is a separate product and can be enabled as an option later from any Applications Pack that bundles Enterprise Modeling.

#### Does the Applications Pack create sandbox automatically for the required applications?

Yes, Sandbox creation is part of application install process.

#### Are upgrade Kits available for individual applications or the complete Applications Pack?

Maintenance Level (ML) Release / Minor Release upgrades are available across all applications.

#### Can I upgrade AAI only?

Yes, you can upgrade AAI alone.

### Can I upgrade one application within the Applications Pack? (For example, I want to upgrade LRM in the Treasury Applications Pack, but not MR.)

No, an upgrade is applied to all applications in the Applications Pack.

#### Is it possible to uninstall any Application from the Applications Pack?

No, it is not possible to uninstall any Application from the Applications Pack.

#### Can I uninstall entire Applications Pack?

No, you cannot uninstall the Applications Pack.

#### Is it possible to uninstall only application and retain AAI in the installed environment?

No, you cannot uninstall only the application and retain AAI in the installed environment.

#### Does Applications Pack contain all Language Packs supported?

Language Packs need to be installed on 8.0 Applications Packs.

### Can I install an Applications Pack over another Applications Pack (that is same infodom or different infodom)?

Yes, you can install an Applications Pack over another Applications Pack in same infodom or in different infodom. But Behavioral Detection Applications Pack (OFS BD), Data Foundation Applications Pack (OFS FSDF), Asset Liability Management Applications Pack (OFS ALM), and Profitability Applications Pack (OFS PFT) are exceptions. These need to be installed in a different infodom.

### Can I use an existing manually created schema as information domain for Applications Pack installation?

No. Schemas required by OFSAA applications have to be created using Schema Creator Utility.

#### Does OFSAA 8.0 support on WebLogic 10.3.6 with Oracle 12c?

Yes, OFSAA 8.0 will support on WebLogic 10.3.6 with Oracle 12c. WebLogic 10.3.6 supports oracle 12c with some additional configurations. See the link http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E28280\_01/web.1111/e13737/ds\_12cdriver.htm#JDBCA655 for additional configurations.

# What should I do if I get the following error message while running the schema creator utility, "HostName in input xml is not matching with the local hostname"?

One possible reason could be the machine is configured for zonal partitioning. Ensure all the known IP Addresses of the machine are present in the /etc/hosts file.

#### What are the Java versions supported in OFS AAAI Applications Pack version 8.0.6.0.0?

OFS AAAI Applications Pack supports Java 1.7.x and 1.8.x.

#### Is OFS AAAI Applications Pack version 8.0.6.0.0 supported on Java 8?

Yes. To install this release of the OFS AAAI Applications Pack version 8.0.6.0.0 on Java 8. For more information, see specific notes mentioned in the sections Installer and Installation Prerequisites, Configurations supported for Java 8, Configuring and Executing Schema Creator Utility, Installing in Silent Mode.

# What should I do when I get "[ERROR] - Error : APP Setup bin file failed." message during OFS\_Application\_PACK installation?

This is a generic error message that appears during application installation failure. You should check the installation log files for more information about what failed the installation.

However, if the message is displayed and the log files are not generated, it could be that it is a temp directory issue. The resolution is that your UNIX administrator has to disable the NOEXEC option. The installers extract the installation files into the /tmp directory, and if NOEXEC is enabled, execution of binaries will not happen in the directory and the installation fails. Re-run the installer after the configuration is changed. For detailed information, see the support note at https://support.oracle.com/epmos/faces/DocumentDisplay?id=2340045.1.

### What should I do if i get the following error after any upgrade process is complete, for example, during the 8.0.5.0.0 to 8.0.6.0.0 upgrade?

Installation Complete. Problem while applying patch for OFS\_BD APP. Patch Installation terminated. If you get the above-mentioned error after the upgrade process, it means that the dispatcher is still running. To fix this error, first stop the dispatcher and then re-initiate the upgrade process. Once the upgrade process is completed, restart the dispatcher.

### **Forms Framework FAQs**

#### What should I do when I have large volume of data to be exported?

It is recommended to use BIP reports or OBIEE reports if you have to export large volume of data.

#### How do I export the columns added to the grid using Field Chooser option?

Perform Grid Export operation to export the columns added to the grid by Field Chooser option.

# 'Expand All/ Collapse All' button is not visible in the Hierarchy Browser window. What should I do?

Expand All/ Collapse All button is enabled only if the number of hierarchy nodes is less than 50. If it is more than that, it is considered as large hierarchy and the data will be fetched dynamically when you expand each node.

#### What is the difference between the two Searches available in the Hierarchy Browser window?

In the new *Hierarchy Browser* window introduced from 7.3.5.1.0 version, there are 2 search options available as highlighted in the following figure:

Code 10	Name		Q Sea	rch�Reset
Business Line			Sear	ch
1		+ +	<b>-</b>	⊞ 1
Retail Banking - 101				
Merchant Banking - 10				
Node				💾 Find
	OK Can	_		

- **DB Search (Top search container):** It will search the required node in database and displays the result as shown below. This search is performed on full hierarchy nodes.
- **UI search (Below the hierarchy):** This search will find the required node in the UI and will show in tree structure.

**Note:** In case hierarchy nodes are more than 50 and if it is a non-custom hierarchy, then the UI search will not show the required node in tree structure, until all the nodes are expanded and loaded manually in the UI.

#### What is a Custom Hierarchy?

Custom hierarchies will be having the parameter configuration customQuery as shown below and the customized query will be taken from the HIERARCHY\_FILTER\_MASTER table.

Configuration in xml:

<CONTROL ID="1003" TYPE="41">

<CONTROLPROPS>

<EXTRAPARAMETERS>

<PARAMETER NAME="customQuery" VALUE="Yes"/>

</EXTRAPARAMETERS>

</CONTROLPROPS>

</CONTROL>

For custom hierarchy, all the hierarchy nodes are loaded in UI without any limit.

So, even if the hierarchy nodes are more than 50, the UI search will show the required node in tree structure and ExpandAll and ExpandBranch images will be enabled.

### **Error Dictionary**

This contents of this section has been created with the interest to help you resolve the installation issues if any. There is a compilation of all the possible errors that might arise during the installation process with the possible cause and the resolution to quickly fix the issue and proceed further with the installation.

This section includes the following topics:

- Accessing Error Dictionary
- Error Code Dictionary

### Accessing Error Dictionary

Instead of scrolling through the document to find the error code, you can use the pdf search functionality. In the "Find" dialog available in any of the Adobe Acrobat version that you are using to view the pdf document, follow the below instructions to quickly find the error resolution.

- 1. With the Installation pdf open, press Ctrl+F or select Edit > Find.
- 2. The *Find* dialog is displayed as indicated.
- 3. Enter the error code that is displayed on screen during Infrastructure installation.
- 4. Press Enter. The search results are displayed and highlighted as indicated below.

Figure R–1 Error Code

r code - OFSAA	J-1003	
Cause	JAVA_HOME/bin not found in PATH variable.	
Resolution	Import /bin into PATH variable.	
	Example: PATH = \$JAVA_HOME/bin:\$PATH export PATH.	

View the details of the issues, its cause, and resolution specific to the error code. Repeat the step to find an answer to any other errors that you notice during installation. If you are not able to resolve the issue even after following the steps provided in resolution, you can contact support.oracle.com along with log files and appropriate screen shots.

### **Error Code Dictionary**

### Error code - OFSAAI-1001

### Table R–2 Error code - OFSAAI-1001

Cause	Unix shell is not "korn" shell.
Resolution	Change the shell type to "korn". Use chsh unix command to change SHELL type.
	Shell type can also be changed by specifying shell path for the Unix user in /etc/passwd file.
	Note: chsh command is not available in Solaris OS.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1002

Table R–3 Error code - OFSAAI-1002	Table R–3	Error code	- OFSAAI-1002
------------------------------------	-----------	------------	---------------

Cause	No proper arguments are available.	
Resolution	Provide proper arguments. Invoke Setup.sh using either Silent or GUI mode.	
	Example: ./Setup.sh SILENT or ./Setup.sh GUI	

### Error code - OFSAAI-1004

#### Table R-4 Error code - OFSAAI-1004

Cause	File .profile is not present in \$HOME.
Resolution	Create .profile in \$HOME, i.e. in the home directory of user.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1005

### Table R–5 Error code - OFSAAI-1005

Cause	File OFSAAInfrastructure.bin is not present in current folder.
Resolution	Copy OFSAAInfrastructure.bin into installation kit directory.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1006

### Table R–6 Error code - OFSAAI-1006

Cause	File CustReg.DAT is not present in current folder.
Resolution	Copy CustReg.DAT into installation kit directory.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1007

#### Table R–7 Error code - OFSAAI-1007

Cause	File OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml is not present in current folder.
Resolution	Copy OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml into installation kit directory.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1008

#### Table R–8 Error code - OFSAAI-1008

Cause	File validateXMLInputs.jar is not present in current folder.
Resolution	Copy validateXMLInputs.jar into installation kit directory.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1009

### Table R–9 Error code - OFSAAI-1009

Cause	File log4j.xml is not present in current folder.
Resolution	Copy log4j.xml into installation kit directory.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1010

#### Table R–10 Error code - OFSAAI-1010

Cause	Unknown error occurred.
Resolution	Make sure to provide proper argument (Silent or GUI) to the Setup.sh file.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1011

#### Table R–11 Error code - OFSAAI-1011

Cause	XML validation failed.
Resolution	Check InfrastructurePreValidations.Log for more details.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1012

#### Table R–12 Error code - OFSAAI-1012

Cause	Property file with locale name does not exist.
Resolution	Copy MyResources_en_US.properties to the setup kit directory and keep en_US in LOCALE tag of OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1013

Table R–13 Error code - OFSAAI-1013

Cause	FileOFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml/OFSAAI_PostInstallConfig.xml not found.
Resolution	Copy OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml/OFSAAI_PostInstallConfig.xml to the setup kit directory.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1014

Table R–14 Error code - OFSAAI-1014

Cause	XML node value is blank.
Resolution	Make sure all node values except SMTPSERVER, PROXYHOST, PROXYPORT, PROXYUSERNAME, PROXYPASSWORD, NONPROXYHOST, or RAC_URL are not blank.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1015

Table R–15	Error code -	OFSAAI-1015

Cause	XML is not well formed.
Resolution	Execute the command dos2unix OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml to convert plain text file from DOS/MAC format to UNIX format.
	OR
	Make sure that OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml is valid. Try to open the file through Internet Explorer for a quick way to check validity. If it is not getting opened, create new OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml using the XML_Utility.jar.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1016

Table R–16 Error code - OFSAAI-1016

Cause	User installation directory contain blank spaces.
Resolution	Provide an installation path that does not contain spaces. Check the tag USER_INSTALL_DIR in OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml file. This path should not contain any spaces.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1017

Table R–17 Error code - OFSAAI-1017

Cause	User installation directory is invalid.
Resolution	Provide a valid installation path. Check if you are able to create the directory mentioned in USER_INSTALL_DIR tag value of OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml file.

## Configuring Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) and Data Redaction in OFSAA

Two features comprise Oracle Advanced Security: Transparent Data Encryption and Oracle Data Redaction.

This section details about the configurations required in case you want to enable TDE or Data Redaction in OFSAA applications.

### **Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)**

Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) enables you to encrypt sensitive data, such as Personally Identifiable Information (PII), that you store in tables and tablespaces. After the data is encrypted, this data is transparently decrypted for authorized users or applications when they access this data. To prevent unauthorized decryption, TDE stores the encryption keys in a security module external to the database, called a Keystore. For more details on TDE, see the Database Advanced Security Guide.

TDE tablespace encryption enables you to encrypt all of the data stored in a tablespace. To control the encryption, you use a Keystore and TDE master encryption key. Oracle Database supports both software keystores and hardware, or HSM-based, keystores. A software keystore is a container for the TDE master encryption key, and it resides in the software file system.

# Configuring TDE During OFS FCCM Installation Using Full Installer

This section provides information on how to enable TDE (Transparent Data Encryption) in the database. This section consists of the following sub sections:

- . Configuring a Software Keystore and Encrypted Tablespace Creation
- . Running the Schema Creator Utility with Encryption
- Testing the Encryption
- . Configuring TDE in case of Upgrade
- . Data Redaction
- Uninstalling EAR Files in WebLogic

### Configuring a Software Keystore and Encrypted Tablespace Creation

A software keystore is a container for the TDE master encryption key, and it resides in the software file system. You must define a location for the key in the sqlnet.ora file so that the database locates the keystore (one per database) by checking the keystore location in the sqlnet.ora file. After defining the location, create the keystore and open it. Set the TDE master key after opening it and then encrypt the data.

To find whether a wallet is already existing, check the following entries:

- **a.** The location specified by the ENCRYPTION\_WALLET\_LOCATION parameter in the sqlnet.ora file.
- **b.** The location specified by the WALLET\_LOCATION parameter in the sqlnet.ora file.

NOTE: You should have proper privileges to perform the following actions.

For details to configure the software keystore, perform the following steps:

1. Set the Software keystore location in the sqlnet.ora file.

The first step is to designate a location for software keystore in the sqlnet.ora file. The Oracle Database will check the sqlnet.ora file for the directory location of the keystore to determine whether it is a software keystore or a hardware module security (HSM) keystore.

### NOTE:

- 2 Ensure that the directory location which you want to set for software keystore exists beforehand. Preferably, this directory should be empty.
- <sup>?</sup> In a multitenant environment, the keystore location is set for the entire multitenant container database (CDB), not for individual pluggable databases (PDBs).
- By default, the sqlnet.ora file is located in the ORACLE\_HOME/network/admin directory or in the location set by the TNS\_ADMIN environment variable. Ensure that you have properly set the TNS\_ADMIN environment variable to point to the correct sqlnet.ora file.

To create a software keystore on a regular file system, use the following format when you edit the sqlnet.ora file:

ENCRYPTION WALLET LOCATION=

(SOURCE=

(METHOD=FILE)

(METHOD\_DATA=

(DIRECTORY=<<pre>path to keystore>>)))

#### **Examples**:

For regular file system in which the database name is orclb:

ENCRYPTION WALLET LOCATION=

(SOURCE=

(METHOD=FILE)

(METHOD\_DATA=

(DIRECTORY=/etc/ORACLE/WALLETS/orcl)))

When multiple databases share the sqlnet.ora file:

ENCRYPTION\_WALLET\_LOCATION=

(SOURCE=

(METHOD=FILE)

(METHOD\_DATA=

(DIRECTORY=/etc/ORACLE/WALLETS/orcl)))

When Oracle Automatic Storage Management (ASM) is configured:

ENCRYPTION\_WALLET\_LOCATION=

(SOURCE=

(METHOD=FILE)

(METHOD\_DATA=

(DIRECTORY=+disk1/mydb/wallet)))

For ASM Diskgroup:

ENCRYPTION\_WALLET\_LOCATION=

(SOURCE=

```
(METHOD=FILE)
```

```
(METHOD DATA=
```

(DIRECTORY=+ASM\_file\_path\_of\_the\_diskgroup))))

2. Create the Software Keystore.

There are three different types of Software Keystores:

- Password-based Software Keystores
- Auto-login Software Keystores
- 2 Local Auto-login Software Keystores

Perform the following steps to create a software keystore:

- **a.** Login as sysdba or user with ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT or SYSKM privilege.
- **b.** Use the following command to create password-based software keystore:

CONN sys/password@serviceid AS SYSDBA

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT CREATE KEYSTORE 'keystore\_location' IDENTIFIED BY software\_keystore\_password;

- <sup>2</sup> keystore\_location is the path of the keystore directory you want to create
- <sup>2</sup> software\_keystore\_password is the password of the keystore that you want to create.

For example, to create the keystore in the /etc/ORACLE/WALLETS/orcl directory:

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT CREATE KEYSTORE '/etc/ORACLE/WALLETS/orcl' IDENTIFIED BY password;

After you run this statement, the ewallet.p12 file, which is the keystore, appears in the keystore location.

Alternatively, you can create an Auto-Login or Local-Login Keystore to avoid opening the Keystore manually every time. Use the following command:

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT CREATE [LOCAL] AUTO\_LOGIN KEYSTORE FROM KEYSTORE 'keystore location' IDENTIFIED BY keystore password;

LOCAL enables you to create a local auto-login software keystore. Otherwise, omit this clause if you want the keystore to be accessible by other computers.

After you run this statement, the cwallet.sso file appears in the keystore location.

**NOTE**: It is important to remember the master key password (<keystore\_password>) used during creation of the keystore. There are no ways to retrieve the password if forgotten.

3. Open the Software Keystore

Depending on the type of keystore you create, you must manually open the keystore before you can use it.

You do not need to manually open auto-login or local auto-login software keystores. These keystore are automatically opened when it is required, that is, when an encryption operation must access the key. If necessary, you can explicitly close any of these types of keystores. You can check the status of whether a keystore is open, closed, open but with no master key, or open but with an unknown master key by querying the STATUS column of the V\$ENCRYPTION\_WALLET view.

**NOTE**: After you open a keystore, it remains open until you manually close it. Each time you restart a database instance, you must manually open the password keystore to re-enable encryption and decryption operations.

Perform the following steps to open the software wallet:

- **a.** Login as sysdba or user with ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT or SYSKM privilege.
- **b.** Use the following command to open password-based software keystore:

CONN sys/password@serviceid AS SYSDBA

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT SET KEYSTORE OPEN IDENTIFIED BY software\_ keystore\_password [CONTAINER = ALL | CURRENT];

- software\_keystore\_password is the same password that you used to create the keystore in "Step 2: Create the Software Keystore".
- <sup>2</sup> CONTAINER is for use in a multitenant environment. Enter ALL to set the keystore in all of the PDBs in this CDB, or CURRENT for the current PDB.

#### NOTE:

- <sup>2</sup> In a CDB, open the Keystore in the ROOT (CDB\$ROOT) container and in all the associated PDBs, where TDE is enabled.
- <sup>2</sup> You do not need to manually open auto-login or local auto-login software Keystores.
- 4. Set the Software TDE Master Encryption Key

Once the keystore is open, you can set a TDE master encryption key for it. The TDE master encryption key is stored in the keystore. This key protects the TDE table keys and tablespace encryption keys. By default, the TDE master encryption key is a key that Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) generates.

In a multitenant environment, you can create and manage the TDE master encryption key from either the root or the PDB.

Ensure that the database OPEN\_MODE is set as READ WRITE. To find the status for a non-multitenant environment, query the OPEN\_MODE column of the V\$DATABASE dynamic view. If you are using a multitenant environment, then query the V\$PDBS view. (If you cannot access these views, then connect as SYSDBA and try the query again. In order to connect as

SYSKM for this type of query, you must create a password file for it. See Oracle Database Administrator's Guide for more information.)

Perform the following steps to set the encryption key:

- **a.** Login as sysdba or user with ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT or SYSKM privilege.
- **b.** Use the following command to set the encryption key:

CONN sys/password@serviceid AS SYSDBA

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT SET KEY [USING TAG 'tag'] IDENTIFIED BY password [WITH BACKUP [USING 'backup identifier']] [CONTAINER = ALL | CURRENT];

- tag is the associated attributes and information that you define. Enclose this setting in single quotation marks (' ').
- password is the mandatory keystore password that you created when you created the keystore in "Step 2: Create the Software Keystore".
- WITH BACKUP creates a backup of the keystore. You must use this option for password-based keystores. Optionally, you can use the USING clause to add a brief description of the backup. Enclose this description in single quotation marks (' '). This identifier is appended to the named keystore file (for example, ewallet\_time\_stamp\_ emp\_key\_backup.p12, with emp\_key\_backup being the backup identifier). Follow the file naming conventions that your operating system uses.
- <sup>2</sup> CONTAINER is for use in a multitenant environment. Enter ALL to set the key in all of the PDBs in this CDB, or CURRENT for the current PDB.

For example,

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT SET KEY IDENTIFIED BY password WITH BACKUP USING 'emp\_key\_backup';

5. Encrypting your Data

After completing the keystore configuration, encrypt the data. You can encrypt individual columns in a table or entire tablespaces. OFSAA recommends encrypting entire tablespaces and the description in this section covers encrypting entire tablespaces.

Note the following restrictions on using Transparent Data Encryption when you encrypt a tablespace:

- <sup>7</sup> Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) tablespace encryption encrypts or decrypts data during read and write operations, as compared to TDE column encryption, which encrypts and decrypts data at the SQL layer. This means that most restrictions that apply to TDE column encryption, such as data type restrictions and index type restrictions, do not apply to TDE tablespace encryption.
- To perform import and export operations, use Oracle Data Pump.

Encrypting data involves the following steps:

- 1. Setting the COMPATIBLE initialization parameter for tablespace encryption
- 2. Setting the tablespace TDE master encryption key
- 3. Creating the Encrypted Tablespace

# Setting the COMPATIBLE initialization parameter for tablespace encryption

Prerequisite: You must set the COMPATIBLE initialization parameter for the database to 11.2.0.0 or later. Once you set this parameter to 11.2.0.0, the change is irreversible.

Perform the following steps to set the COMPATIBLE initialization parameter:

- 1. Log into the database instance. In a multitenant environment, log into the PDB.
- 2. Check the current setting of the COMPATIBLE parameter.

For example:

SHOW PARAMETER COMPATIBLE

NAME	TYPE	VALUE
compatible	string	12.0.0.0
noncdbcompatible	BOOLEAN	FALSE

- **3.** If you want to change the COMPATIBLE parameter, perform the following steps:
  - **a.** Locate the initialization parameter file for the database instance.
- <sup>2</sup> UNIX systems: This file is in the ORACLE\_HOME/dbs directory and is named initORACLE\_SID.ora (for example, initmydb.ora).
  - b. In SQL\*Plus, connect as a user who has the SYSDBA administrative privilege, and then shut down the database.

For example:

CONNECT /AS SYSDBA

SHUTDOWN

**C.** Edit the initialization parameter file to use the correct COMPATIBLE setting.

For example:

COMPATIBLE = 12.2.0.0

**d.** In SQL\*Plus, ensure that you are connected as a user who has the SYSDBA administrative privilege, and then start the database.

For example:

CONNECT /AS SYSDBA

STARTUP

**e.** If tablespace encryption is in use, then open the keystore at the database mount. The keystore must be open before you can access data in an encrypted tablespace.

STARTUP MOUNT;

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT SET KEYSTORE OPEN IDENTIFIED BY password;

ALTER DATABASE OPEN;

### Setting the tablespace TDE master encryption key

Make sure that you have configured the TDE master encryption key as shown in *Step 4: Setting the software TDE master encryption key*.

### Creating the Encrypted Tablespace

After you have set the COMPATIBLE initialization parameter, you are ready to create the encrypted tablespace.

Follow the instruction given in Running the Schema Creator Utility with Encryption section for configuring the schema creator file to create tablespaces.

If you are enabling TDE in case of upgrade or you did not enable it during installation and want to enable at a later point of time, see

*https://docs.oracle.com/cloud/latest/db121/ASOAG/asotrans\_config.htm#ASOAG9555* for details on manually creating encrypted tablespaces:

Configuring TDE in case of Upgrade

Create a new PDB (12c)/ instance (11g) on same or different Database Server for TDE. For more information, see Configuring Software Keystore and Encrypted Tablespace Creation.

Shutdown the OFSAAI Services.

Export all Configuration, Atomic and Sandbox Schemas as per the applications installed in your OFSAA instance.

For example:

```
expdp SYSTEM/oracle@OFSA12C2DB DIRECTORY=data_pump_dir
DUMPFILE=ofsaaconf_ofsaaatm_%U.dmp filesize=2G SCHEMAS=ofsaaconf,ofsaaatm
LOGFILE=ofsaaconf_ofsaaatm_exp.log
```

**NOTE**: The above command will create data dumps as files of 2GB size each (multiples). Any other commands/ tools as appropriate may be used to archive the schemas.

Import all schemas that are exported using the above command, into the new DB instance.

For example:

impdp SYSTEM/oracle@OFSA12nDB DIRECTORY=data\_pump\_dir DUMPFILE=ofsaaconf\_ ofsaaatm\_%U.dmp SCHEMAS=ofsaaconf,ofsaaatm LOGFILE=ofsaaconf\_ofsaaatm\_ imp.log

### NOTE:

Restoring the exported dumps creates Configuration and Atomic Schema(s) with the same user credentials as that of the source, along with the existing grants.

If schemas are restored using a tool/ mechanism other than as mentioned in the Step 1 and 2, retain the user credentials of Configuration and Atomic Schemas same as in the Source environment, along with the Schema grants.

Provide select grants on sys.V\_\$parameter to view Configuration and Atomic Schemas of Target Environment database

For example:

Login as sys user:

SQL> GRANT SELECT ON SYS.V\_\$PARAMETER TO ofsaaconf;

Grant succeeded

SQL> GRANT SELECT ON SYS.V\_\$PARAMETER TO ofsaaatm;

Grant succeeded

Update .profile for ORACLE\_SID environment variable with new ORACLE\_SID.

Update JDBC URL by executing Port Changer utility. For details on how to execute Port Changer utility, see Changing IP/ Hostname, Ports, Deployed paths, Protocol of the OFSAA Instance section.

Navigate to the \$FIC\_WEB\_HOME directory and execute the following command to trigger the creation of EAR/WAR file:

./ant.sh

The EAR/WAR file - <contextname>.ear/.war - is created in \$FIC\_WEB\_HOME directory.

On completion of EAR/WAR file creation, the message "BUILD SUCCESSFUL" will be displayed.

Edit the existing Connection Pool settings to point to new JDBC URL and verify connections.

Clear the webserver cache and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server.

Restart the OFSAA Services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in the Oracle Financial Services Advanced Analytical Applications Infrastructure Application Pack Installation and Configuration Guide 8.0.2.0.0.

### Running the Schema Creator Utility with Encryption

This section is applicable only if you want to enable TDE during installation.

Run the schema creator utility by including the **encrypt=on** option in the Tablespace tag in the <<APP PACK>>\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml Schema in xml file. You have to perform this procedure manually as it is's not a part of the schema <<APP PACK>>\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml.TEMPLATE template originally.

Following is an example for OFS BD PACK SCHEMA IN.xml

<APPPACKSCHEMA>

<APP PACK ID>OFS BD PACK</APP PACK ID>

<JDBC URL>jdbc:oracle:thin:@<DB Server IP>:1521:</JDBC URL>

<JDBC DRIVER>oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver</JDBC DRIVER>

<HOST><OFSAA Server IP/HOST Name></HOST>

<SETUPINFO NAME="<PREFIX NAME>" PREFIX SCHEMA NAME="Y"/>

<PASSWORD APPLYSAMEFORALL="Y" DEFAULT="<PASSWORD>"/>

<TABLESPACES>

<TABLESPACE NAME="OFS\_AAI\_TBSP" VALUE="TS\_USERS1" DATAFILE="<ABSOLUTE PATH to TABLESPACE>/<TABLESPACE\_DATA\_FILE\_NAME>.dbf" SIZE="500M" AUTOEXTEND="OFF" ENCRYPT="ON" />

</TABLESPACES>

<SCHEMAS>

<SCHEMA TYPE="CONFIG" NAME="ofsaaconf" PASSWORD="" APP\_ID="OFS\_AAI" DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS\_AAI\_TBSP##" TEMPTABLESPACE="TEMP" QUOTA="unlimited"/>

<SCHEMA TYPE="ATOMIC" NAME="ofsaaatm" PASSWORD="" APP\_ID="OFS\_AAAI" DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS\_AAI\_TBSP##" TEMPTABLESPACE="TEMP" QUOTA="unlimited" INFODOM="OFSAAAIINFO"/>

```
<SCHEMA TYPE="ATOMIC" NAME="ofsaaatm" PASSWORD="" APP_ID="OFS_IPE"
DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS_AAI_TBSP##" TEMPTABLESPACE="TEMP"
QUOTA="unlimited" INFODOM="OFSAAAIINFO"/>
```

```
</SCHEMAS>
```

</APPPACKSCHEMA>

### **Testing the Encryption**

Test the encryption by checking if a tablespace is encrypted or not. Execute the following query to check:

SELECT tablespace\_name, encrypted FROM dba\_tablespaces;

The following result is displayed, which indicates whether the TABLESPACE is encrypted (ENCRYPTED TS - YES) or not (ENCRYPTED TS - NO) in the ENCRYPTED column:

TABLESPACE_NAME	ENCRYPTED
SYSTEM	NO
SYSAUX	NO
UNDOTBS1	NO
TEMP	NO
USERS	NO
ENCRYPTED_TS	YES

6 rows selected.

The above example indicates TABLESPACE ENCRYPTED TS is created with Encryption ON.

### Configuring TDE in case of Upgrade

This section details about the configurations required in case you want to enable TDE in OFSAA applications after upgrade to OFSAA 8.0.6.0.0 version from a previous version. Additionally, these configurations are required in case you did not enable TDE during 8.0.6.0.0 installation and want to enable at a later point of time.

- 1. Create a new PDB (12c)/ instance (11g) on same or different Database Server for TDE. For more information, see Configuring Software Keystore and Encrypted Tablespace Creation.
- 2. Shutdown the OFSAAI Services.
- **3.** Export all Configuration, Atomic and Sandbox Schemas as per the applications installed in your OFSAA instance.

For example:

```
expdp SYSTEM/oracle@OFSA12C2DB DIRECTORY=data_pump_dir
DUMPFILE=ofsaaconf_ofsaaatm_%U.dmp filesize=2G
SCHEMAS=ofsaaconf,ofsaaatm LOGFILE=ofsaaconf ofsaaatm exp.log
```

**NOTE**: The above command will create data dumps as files of 2GB size each (multiples). Any other commands/ tools as appropriate may be used to archive the schemas.

4. Import all schemas that are exported using the above command, into the new DB instance.

For example:

impdp SYSTEM/oracle@OFSA12nDB DIRECTORY=data\_pump\_dir DUMPFILE=ofsaaconf\_ofsaaatm\_%U.dmp SCHEMAS=ofsaaconf,ofsaaatm LOGFILE=ofsaaconf ofsaaatm imp.log

#### NOTE:

- Restoring the exported dumps creates Configuration and Atomic Schema(s) with the same user credentials as that of the source, along with the existing grants.
- If schemas are restored using a tool/ mechanism other than as mentioned in the Step 1 and 2, retain the user credentials of Configuration and Atomic Schemas same as in the Source environment, along with the Schema grants.
- 5. Provide select grants on sys.V\_\$parameter to view Configuration and Atomic Schemas of Target Environment database

For example:

Login as sys user:

```
SQL> GRANT SELECT ON SYS.V_$PARAMETER TO ofsaaconf;
```

Grant succeeded

```
SQL> GRANT SELECT ON SYS.V_$PARAMETER TO ofsaaatm;
```

Grant succeeded

- 6. Update .profile for ORACLE\_SID environment variable with new ORACLE\_SID.
- 7. Update JDBC URL by executing Port Changer utility. For details on how to execute Port Changer utility, see *Changing IP/ Hostname, Ports, Deployed paths, Protocol of the OFSAA Instance* sections.
- **8.** Navigate to the \$FIC\_WEB\_HOME directory and execute the following command to trigger the creation of EAR/WAR file:

./ant.sh

The EAR/WAR file - <contextname>.ear/.war - is created in \$FIC\_WEB\_HOME directory.

On completion of EAR/WAR file creation, the message "BUILD SUCCESSFUL" will be displayed.

- **9.** Edit the existing Connection Pool settings to point to new JDBC URL and verify connections.
- **10.** Clear the webserver cache and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server.
- **11.** Restart the OFSAA Services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in the *Oracle Financial Services Advanced Analytical Applications Infrastructure Application Pack Installation and Configuration Guide* 8.0.2.0.0.

### Data Redaction

OFSAA is enhanced to enable masking of sensitive data and Personal Identification Information (PII) to adhere to Regulations and Privacy Policies. Oracle Data Redaction provides selective, on-the-fly redaction of sensitive data in database query results prior to display by applications so that unauthorized users cannot view the sensitive data. The stored data remains unaltered, while displayed data is transformed to a pattern that does not contain any identifiable information.

### Enabling Data Redaction in case of Upgrade

This section details about the configurations required in case you want to enable Data Redaction in OFSAA applications after upgrade to OFSAA 8.0.6.0.0 version from a previous version. Additionally, these configurations are required in case you did not enable TDE during OFS FCCM 8.0.6.0.0 installation and want to enable at a later point of time.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Login as SYSDBA into the database.
- Execute the \$FIC\_HOME/utility/data\_security/scripts/create\_data\_sec\_ roles.sql file only once per database (PDB in case of 12c).
- **3.** Execute the following sql statement to find out the list of atomic users from the table:

select v\_schema\_name from aai\_db\_detail where V\_DB\_NAME 'CONFIG' AND V\_ DB TYPE = 'ORACLE'

- **4.** Execute the \$FIC\_HOME/utility/data\_security/scripts/grant\_data\_sec\_roles.sql file for all atomic users found in the previous step.
- From the Configuration window in the System Configuration module, select Allow Data Redaction checkbox.
- 6. Run the Data Redaction utility. For more details on how to run the utility, see the Data Redaction section in *OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure Administration Guide* 8.0.6.0.0.

### Uninstalling EAR Files in WebLogic

On the machine that hosts WebLogic, perform the following steps to uninstall any previously deployed application:

- Open the URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<admin server port>/console (https if SSL is enabled). The Login window of the WebLogic Server Administration Console is displayed.
- 2. Login with the WebLogic user credentials having administrator privileges.
- **3.** From the **Domain Structure** LHS menu, click **Deployments**. The *Summary of Deployments* window is displayed.

Summary of Deployments

mmary	of Deployments						
ontrol	Monitoring						
(redeplo To instal Custon Deployr	ived), or deleted from II a new application or nize this table	n the domain	ations and stand-alone application modules that have been by first selecting the application name and using the cont deployment to targets in this domain, click the Install butto	rols on this pag			is can be started, stopped, updated
		-				3	nowing I to I of I Previous   ivex
	Name 🌣		When work completes Force Stop Now	State	Health	Туре	Deployment Order
	🗈 📑upg7273		Stop, but continue servicing administration requests	Active	🗸 ок	Enterprise Application	100
Install	Update Delete	Start ~	Stop ~			s	howing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Next

- 4. Select the checkbox adjacent to the application to be uninstalled and click Stop> Force Stop Now.
- 5. Click Yes in the confirmation dialog to stop the selected deployment.

mmary	of Deployments				
ontrol	Monitoring				
	e displays a list of Java EE applications and stand-alone application oved), or deleted from the domain by first selecting the application			elled applications and modules	s can be started, stopped, update
To install Custom Deployn		in, dick the Install button.		ch	
To install Custom Deployn	nize this table ments	in, click the Install button.	T	Sh	iowing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Ne
To install Custom Deployn Install	nize this table ments	in, click the Install button.	Health	Sh Type	Inving 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Ne

Summary of Deployments- Messages

- **6.** Select the checkbox adjacent to the application and click **Delete** to delete the selected deployment.
- **7.** Click **Yes** in the confirmation dialog to remove the selected deployment from the domain configuration.

Т

## Configuring Work Manager in WebSphere and WebLogic Application Servers

This section covers the following topics:

- . Configuring Work Manager in WebSphere Application Servers
- . Configuring Work Manager in WebLogic Application Servers

# Configuring Work Manager in WebSphere Application Servers

This section covers the configuration steps if the Web Application Server type is WebSphere. It covers the following topics:

- Creating Work Manager
- Mapping Work Manager to OFSAA WebSphere Instance

### **Creating Work Manager**

 Open the WebSphere admin console in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/ibm/console (https if SSL is enabled). The Login window is displayed.

Work Manager Login Window

WebSphere, software	
	WebSphere Integrated Solutions Console User ID: admin Password: ••••• •
Rights Reserved registered tradei many jurisdiction trademarks of II	als - Property of IBM (c) Copyright IBM Corp. 1997, 2011 All . IBM, the IBM logo, ibm.com and WebSphere are trademarks or marks of International Business Machines Corp., registered in ns worldwide. Other product and service names might be BM or other companies. A current list of IBM trademarks is Web at <u>Copyright and trademark information</u> .

2. Login with the user id which has admin rights.

Welcome Page

WebSphere. software			Welcome admin Help Logout			
View: All tasks	Welcome					
	Welcome	2 - 0	About this Integrated Solutions Console	- 0		
= Welcome				^		
Guided Activities	Integrated Solutions Console provides a common ad	ministrative console for multiple products. The table	Integrated Solutions Console, 8.5.5.0 Build Number: gn1319.1 Build Date: 5/14/13			
E Servers	lists the product suites that can be administered thro more information.	ugh this installation. Select a product suite to view				
Applications			LICENSED MATERIALS PROPERTY OF IBM 5724-J08, 5724-163, 5724-H88,5724-H89, 5655-W65 (C) Copyright	- E		
* Services	Suite Name	Version	International Business Machines Corp. 1996, 2012	~		
* Resources	WebSphere Application Server	8.5.5.0				
± Security						
Environment						
System administration						
Users and Groups						
Monitoring and Tuning						
* Troubleshooting						
Service integration						
I UDDI						

 From the LHS menu, expand Resources > Asynchronous beans and select Work Managers.

Work Managers Section

WebSphere. software					Welcome admin		
View: All tasks	Cell+nhf00aqsNode02Cell. Profile+BGRC0	MOOM					Close page
	Work managers				2 -	Help	
	Scope: Cell=whf00aqnNode02C	ell, Node=whf00aqnNode01, at which the resource definition as scope settings help.	e bound into the Java(TH) Naming and Directory Generatement In is visible. For detailed information on what scop				ion about this istance ative scripting
Asynchronous beans Timer managers	Select Name 🔿	JNDI name 🗘	Scope 🖒	Description 🔿	Category ()		
Work managers	You can administer the following r	resources:					
Cache instances     Mail     URL	DefaultWorkManager	wm/default	Node=whf00aqnNode01,Server=server1	WebSphere Default WorkManager	Default		
Resource Environment	Total 1						
Security							
Environment							
System administration							
Users and Groups							
Monitoring and Tuning							
Troubleshooting							
Service integration							
UDDI							

- **4.** Select the required Scope from the drop-down list. For example, Node=whf00aqnNode01, Server=server1.
- 5. Click New in the Preferences section

Preferences Section

WebSphere. software		Welcome admin
View: All tasks	Cell=whf00agnNode02Cell, Profile=BGRCDOM	
Walcome     Guided Activities     Servers     Applications     Services	Work managers > New Specifies a work manager that contains a pool of threads that are bound into Configuration	
Resources     Scheduler     Scheduler	Ceneral Properties  Cells rubh00 agn/tode02 Cell in odes rubh00 agn/tode01 is envers is envers  Name Minum  Minum  Minum  Description	The additional properties will not be available until the general properties for this item are applied or avaid. Additional Properties © Custom properties
Bit Security     Bit Security     Environment     System administration     Groups     Monitoring and Truning     Monitoring and Tuning	Category Work timeout 0 milliseconds Work request queue size 0 work objects Work request queue full action	
(8) Service Integration	Biotk  Service names Internationalization Application Profiling Service (deprecated) Security WorkArea	
	Thread pool properties         * Humber of alarm threads         2       threads         4       Minimum number of threads         0       threads         * Maximum number of threads       threads         * Maximum number of threads       threads         * Maximum number of threads       threads         * Thread Priority       priority         g       growable	
	Apply OK Reset Cancel	

- 6. Enter the Name as wm and JNDI name as wm/WorkManager in the respective fields.
- 7. Enter the Thread pool properties.
- 8. Click Apply.
- 9. Click Save. The Work Manager is created.

### Mapping Work Manager to OFSAA WebSphere Instance

After creating a work manager, you must then map it to the OFSAA instance. To do the mapping, follow these steps:

1. From the LHS menu, expand Applications > Application Types and select WebSphere enterprise applications.

**Enterprise Applications Section** 

WebSphere, software			w	elcome admin		
View: All tasks	Cell+whf0	JaqnNode02Cell, Profile=BGRCDOM				
	Enterprise Applications 7					
Welcome     Guided Activities	Enter	prise Applications				
Golded Activities     Servers		is page to manage installed applications. A single application can be deplo	ved onto multiple servers.			
Applications	E Pre	ferences				
= New Application	Sta	t Stop Install Uninstall Update Rollout Update Remo	e File Export DDL Export File			
Application Types     WebSphere enterprise applications						
<ul> <li>Business-level applications</li> <li>Assets</li> </ul>	Selec	Name 🗘	Application Status 💁			
<ul> <li>Global deployment settings</li> </ul>	You	can administer the following resources:				
* Services		DefaultApplication	*			
B Resources		OFSAAL	•			
= Schedulers		formsmanager	\$			
Object pool managers		ivtApp				
JMS     JDBC		guery	•			
Resource Adapters						
Asynchronous beans Timer managers	Total 5					
= Timer managers = Work managers						
Cache instances						
🗄 Mail						
URL  Resource Environment						
# Security						
Environment						
System administration						
E Users and Groups						
Monitoring and Tuning						
I Troubleshooting						
Service integration						
E UDDI						

**2.** Click OFSAAI instance hyper link.

**OFSAAI** Configuration Section

figuration	
In ane OFSAAI Application reference validation Issue varnings	Modules           Manage Modules           = <u>Display module build Ids</u> Web Module Properties
Detail Properties   Target specific application status  Startup behavior  Application binaries  Class loading and update detection  Request dispatcher properties	Session management     Context Root For Web Modules     Initialize parameters for servlets     JSP and JSF options     Virtual hosts Enterprise Java Bean Properties
Insular Organization properties     IASPI provider     Custom properties     View Deployment Descriptor     Last participant support extension References	Electropice Size Decemptor Coperces     Electropice Size Decemptor Coperces     Client Module Properties     Elient module deployment mode     Database Profiles
<ul> <li>Resource references</li> <li>Shared library references</li> <li>Shared library relationships</li> </ul>	SQLJ profiles and pureQuery bind files

3. Click **Resource references** under *References* section.

Resource references Section

	j.work.WorkManager				be mapped to a res			
	Set Multiple JNDI Nan	nes *						
	6							
-	Module		Bean	URI		esource Reference	Target Resource	1007 No
			bean				wm/default	Browse
<b>~</b>	OFSAAI Web Applicat	tion		OFSAAI.war,WEB-IN	WF/web.xml w	m/WorkManager	(with detault	Divise
wax.sq	l.DataSource							
	Set Multiple JNDI Nan	nes *		Modify Resou	urce Authentication	Method	Extended Prop	erties
elect	Module	Bean	URI		Resource Reference	Target Resou	rce JNDI Name	Login configuration
								Resource authorization:
				AI.war.WEB-		jdbc/FICMAS	STER	Container
				eb.xml	jdbc/FICMASTE	R Browse		Authentication
	OFSAAI Web Application		THE A					
			Inr/W					method:
			Inryw					method: None
			INP/W					None
	Application					jdbc/OFSBG	RCINFO	None
			OFSA	AI.war,WEB- eb.xml	jdbc/OFSBGRC		RCINFO	None Resource authorization:

4. Click **Browse** corresponding to the Work Manager Resource Reference. The available resources are displayed.

Enterp	rise Applications > OFSAAI > Resource re	ferences > Available r	esources	
Resour is dete	ces that can be used to bind to the resour rmined by the targets to which that module	ce-reference of a bean. is mapped. Resources	Resources shown here are only those availa savailable to a module can come from a hie will override the parent. The overridden resou	rarchical scope of a bean. If resources at
Appl	y Cancel			
	P			
Select	Name 📚 _	JNDI name 💲	Scope 💲_	Description
0	AsyncRequestDispatcherWorkManager	wm/ard	Node=whf00aqnNode01	
0	DefaultWorkManager	wm/default	Node=whf00aqnNode01,Server=server1	WebSphere Default WorkManager
		wm/WorkManager	Node=whf00agnNode01,Server=server1	

- 5. Select the newly created Work Manager (wm) and click Apply.
- 6. Select the Work Manager (wm/WorkManager) and click OK.
- 7. Click Save.

### **Configuring Work Manager in WebLogic Application Servers**

This section covers the configuration steps if the Web Application Server type is WebLogic

### **Creating Work Manager**

 Open the WebLogic admin console in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/ibm/console (https if SSL is enabled). The Welcome window is displayed.





- 2. Login with the user id which has admin rights.
- **3.** From the *Domain Structure* menu in the LHS, expand Environment and select Work Managers. The *Summary of Work Managers* window is displayed.

Figure B–2 Summary of Work Managers Section

	dministration Console 12c		Q
Change Center	😰 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help	<u>a</u>	Welcome, weblogic Connected to: GRC80138
View changes and restarts	Home >Summary of Work Managers		
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you	Summary of Work Managers		
moofiy, add or delete items in this domain. Domain Structure OCC30138  OF Environment OCLaters OF Clusters OF Clus		n also define application-level and module-level Work Managers.	deplays the global Work Managers, request classes and thread constraints defined for this domain.
Work Managers	□ Name ↔	Туре	Targets
Deployments		There are no items to displ	84
tr:Security Realms tr:Security Realms tr:Interoperability ♥ Diamondulos	New Clone Delete		Showing 0 to 0 of 0 Previous   Next

4. Click New to create a new work manager component.

eate a New Work Manager Component	
Back Next Finish Cancel	
Select Work Manager Definition type	
What type of Work Manager, Request Class or Constraint do you want to create?	
Work Manager	
Response Time Request Class	
Gair Share Request Class	
Context Request Class	
Maximum Threads Constraint	
O Minimum Threads Constraint	
Capacity Constraint	
Back Next Finish Cancel	

Figure B–3 New Work Manager Component

- 5. Select Work Manager and click Next.
- 6. Enter the Name as wm/WorkManager and click Next.
- 7. Select the required deployment target and click Finish.

### Figure B–4 Deployment Target

Home >Summary of Work Managers Messages All changes have been activated. No restarts are necessary. Work Manager created successfully Work Manager created successfully			
All changes have been activated. No restarts are necessary.     Work Manager created successfully			
Work Manager created successfully			
town of which the second			
Summary of Work Managers			
Global Work Managers are defined at the domain level. You can also define application-level an    Customize this table  Global Work Managers, Request Classes and Constraints	d module-level Work Managers.		
New Clone Delete		Showing 1	to 1 of 1 Previous   Next
🔲 Name 🗞	Туре	Targets	
wm/WorkManager	Work Manager	AdminServer	
New Clone Delete		Character 1	to 1 of 1 Previous   Next