Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection

Installation Guide

Release 8.1.1.0.0

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OFS Behavior Detection Installation Guide

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2.0	July 2023	 Updated the following sections: How to Enable Newly licensed App for Standalone OFS BD 8.1.1.0 How to Enable Newly Licensed App after Upgrade to BD 8.1.1.0.0
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1 Preface

This section provides supporting information for the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Application Pack (OFS BD) Installation Guide and includes the following topics:

- <u>Summary</u>
- <u>Audience</u>
- <u>Related Documents</u>
- <u>Conventions</u>
- <u>Abbreviations</u>

1.1 Summary

You can find the latest copy of this document in <u>OHC</u> Library which includes all the recent additions/revisions (if any) done to date. Before you begin the installation, ensure that you have access to the Oracle Support Services Portal with the required login credentials to quickly notify us of any issues at any stage. You can obtain the login credentials by contacting Oracle Support Services.

1.2 Audience

Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Pack Installation Guide is intended for administrators and implementation consultants who are responsible for installing and maintaining the Application Pack components.

1.2.1 Prerequisites for the Audience:

The following are the prerequisites from the administrators installing OFS BD:

This document assumes that you have experience in installing Enterprise components and basic knowledge about the following:

- OFS BD pack components
- OFSAA Architecture
- UNIX Commands
- Database Concepts
- Web server/ Web application server

1.3 Related Documents

This section identifies additional documents related to OFS BD.

1.3.1 OFSAAI Related Documents

The following documents are available in <u>OHC</u>.

- Oracle Financial Services Advanced Analytical Applications Infrastructure Applications Pack Installation and Configuration Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Environment Check Utility
 Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Administration Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide

1.3.2 OFS BD Application Related Documents

The following documents are available in <u>OHC</u>.

- Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Administration Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Scenario Manager User Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Configuration Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Know Your Customer Administration Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act Administration and Configuration Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Currency Transaction Reporting Administration Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Scenario Wizard Configuration Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Know Your Customer Risk Assessment Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Administration Tools User Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Alert Management User Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Common Reporting Standard User Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Common Reporting Standard Administration Configuration Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Release Notes
- Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Release Notes

The following documents are available in My Oracle Support (MOS). You should have SSO credentials to access MOS.

- Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Security Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Common Reporting Standard Data Model Reference Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Know Your Customer Data Model Reference Guide
- Financial Services Data Model Reference Guide Volume 1: Business Data
- Financial Services Data Model Reference Guide Volume 2: Oracle Financial Services Data
- Financial Services Data Model Reference Guide Volume 3: Case Management Data
- Data Interface Specification
- Oracle Financial Services Anti-Money Laundering Technical Scenario Description
- Oracle Financial Services Broker Compliance Technical Scenario Description
- Oracle Financial Services Energy and Commodity Trading Compliance Technical Scenario
 Description

- Oracle Financial Services Fraud Technical Scenario Description
- Oracle Financial Services Trading Compliance Technical Scenario Description

1.4 Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Table 0–1 Convention used in this guide

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action or terms defined in text or the glossary.
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

1.5 Abbreviations

The following table lists the abbreviations used in this document:

Table 0–2 Abbreviations and their meaning

Abbreviation	Meaning
BD	Behavior Detection
GUI	Graphical User Interface
HTTPS	Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure
J2C	J2EE Connector
J2EE	Java 2 Enterprise Edition
JDBC	Java Database Connectivity
LDAP	Lightweight Directory Access Protocol
LHS	Left Hand Side
MOS	My Oracle Support
OFSAA	Oracle Financial Services Analytical Application
OFSAAI	Oracle Financial Services Analytical Application Infrastructure
OLAP	On-Line Analytical Processing
OS	Operating System
SFTP	Secure File Transfer Protocol
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
Web Archive	WAR
XML	Extensible Markup Language

2 About OFSAA and OFSAA Applications Packs

This chapter provides complete details about Behavior Detection (BD) Application Pack and includes the following topics:

- About OFSAA
- Introduction to OFS BD Application
- About OFSAA Infrastructure
- About Data Security Configurations

2.1 About OFSAA

In today's turbulent markets, financial institutions require a better understanding of their riskreturn, while strengthening competitive advantage and enhancing long-term customer value. Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications (OFSAA) enable financial institutions to measure and meet risk-adjusted performance objectives, cultivate a risk management culture through transparency, lower the costs of compliance and regulation, and improve insight into customer behavior.

OFSAA uses industry-leading analytical methods, shared data model, and applications architecture to enable integrated risk management, performance management, customer insight, and compliance management. OFSAA actively incorporates risk into decision-making, enables to achieve a consistent view of performance, promotes a transparent risk management culture, and provides pervasive intelligence.

With the help of OFSAA, the financial services organizations can achieve, management excellence with a lower total cost of ownership, due to our integrated, architecture, combining performance and risk applications into a single, seamlessly integrated framework.

OFSAA delivers a comprehensive and integrated suite of financial services analytical applications for both the banking and insurance domain.

Figure 1–1 depicts the various Applications Pack that is available across the OFSAA Banking and Insurance domains:



Figure 1–1 OFSAA Applications Packs

2.2 Introduction to OFS BD Application

OFS BD Application Pack includes the following applications:

- Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure (OFS AAI)
- Oracle Financial Services Anti-Money Laundering Enterprise Edition (OFS AML) Oracle Financial Services Fraud
- Oracle Financial Services Fraud Enterprise Edition
- Oracle Financial Services Trading Compliance (OFS TC)
- Oracle Financial Services Trading Compliance Enterprise Edition (OFS TC)
- Oracle Financial Services Trade Blotter (OFS TB)
- Oracle Financial Services Broker Compliance (OFS BC)
- Oracle Financial Services Broker Compliance Enterprise Edition
- Oracle Financial Services Know Your Customer (OFS KYC)
- Oracle Financial Services Currency Transaction Reporting (OFS CTR)

longer supported. AM is only applicable to Trading Compliance and Broker Compliance. For AML and Fraud alerts, the Event Correlation module in Enterprise Case Management (ECM) should be used to correlate events from the FCCM Behavior Detection engine or those ingested from external applications. AM can be used as read-only for viewing historical alerts but it is not to be used for investigating alerts, taking action on alerts, editing alerts and/or promoting alerts to a case. The manual Promote to Case functionality is no longer supported. Customers are to use ECM for reviewing and investigating alerts. A restricted use license of ECM is provided with the BDF license, which replicates the functionality available in AM to the best that is currently available within ECM. Implementations should use event correlation to move Alerts from BDF into ECM and then use alert correlation/promote to a case where all levels of investigation can occur. If this updated process is not clear to your implementation team, it is advised that you
clear to your implementation team, it is advised that you contact Oracle Partner Network or Oracle Consulting to be trained.

2.3 About OFSAA Infrastructure

Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure (OFSAAI) powers the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications family of products to perform the processing, categorizing, selection, and manipulation of data and information required to analyze, understand and report on specific performance, risk, compliance, and customer insight issues by providing a strong foundation for the entire family of Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications across the domains of Risk, Performance, Compliance, and Customer Insight.

2.3.1 Components of OFSAAI

The OFSAA Infrastructure includes frameworks that operate on and with the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Data Model and form the array of components within the Infrastructure.

The OFSAA Infrastructure components/ frameworks are installed as two layers: primarily the metadata server and Infrastructure services run on one layer, and the UI and presentation logic runs on the other. The UI and presentation layer is deployed on any of the supported J2EE Servers.

The <u>Figure 1–2</u> depicts the various frameworks and capabilities that make up the OFSAA Infrastructure:

ABOUT DATA SECURITY CONFIGURATIONS



2.3.2 OFSAA Infrastructure High Availability

The current release of the OFSAA Infrastructure supports only "Single Instance" installation for the Infrastructure components. However, the High Availability (HA) for the Database Server and/or the Web application server clustering and deployment is supported in this release.

This release supports the Active-Passive model of implementation for OFSAAI components. For more information, see <u>Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Configuration for High</u> <u>Availability- Best Practices Guide</u>.

2.4 About Data Security Configurations

Data Security refers to the protection of data against unauthorized access and data theft. OFSAA ensures Data Security with the following features:

- Multi-Factor Authentication
- Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)
- Data Redaction
- Key Management
- HTTPS
- Logging

For more details on the features in the previous list, see the <u>OFS Analytical Applications</u> <u>Infrastructure Administration Guide</u>.

3 Understanding OFS BD Application Pack Installation

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Installation Overview
- Deployment Topology
- Hardware and Software Requirements
- Verifying System Environment
- Understanding the Installation Mode

3.1 Installation Overview

This release (8.1.1.0.0) of the OFS BD Applications Pack bundles the upgrade patch set along with the base installer. Users/ Administrators who wish to install a new OFS BD Applications Pack 8.1.1.0.0 instance or upgrade an existing OFS BD Applications Pack 8.0.x instance to 8.1.1.0.0 should download this installer. Figure 2–1 shows the order of procedures required to follow to install a new OFS BD Applications Pack 8.1.1.0.0 instance. To upgrade an existing OFS BD Applications Pack 8.0.x.x.x instance to 8.1.1.0.0 release, see Upgrading the OFS BD Applications Pack.



<u>Table 3–1</u> provides additional information and links to specific documentation for each task in the flowchart.

Table 3–1 OFS BD Application Pack Installation Tasks and Descriptions

Tasks	Details and Documentation
Verify Systems Environment	To verify that your system meets the minimum necessary requirements for installing and hosting the OFS BD Application Pack, see <u>Verifying System Environment</u> .
Obtain the software	To access and download the OFS BD Application Pack, see Obtaining Software.
Configure and Execute the Schema Creator Utility	To create the database schema, see <u>Configuring and Executing Schema Creator</u> <u>Utility</u> .
Install OFS BD Pack	To install the OFS BD Application Pack, see Installing the OFS BD Application Pack.
Configure OFS BD Pack after installation	To configure the OFS BD Application Pack post installation, see <u>Post Installation</u> <u>Configuration</u> .

3.2 Deployment Topology

The <u>Figure 3–2</u> shows the logical architecture implemented for OFS BD Application Pack.





3.3 Hardware and Software Requirements

This section describes the various Operating Systems, Database, Web server, and Web application server versions, and other variant details on which this release of the OFS BD Application Pack has been qualified.

NOTE OFS BD Application Pack installation can be performed on both Virtual and Physical servers.

The following tables show the minimum hardware and software requirements for installing OFS BD Application Pack.

3.3.1 Configurations Supported for Java 8

Refer the below link for the complete <u>Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications 8.1.1.0.0</u> <u>Technology Matrix</u>.

Operating System				
Oracle Linux / Red Hat	Oracle Linux Server release 7 update level 6+ - 64 bit			
Enterprise Linux (x86-	Oracle Linux Server release 8 - 64 bit			
64)	Note: Same version of RHEL is supported			
Oracle Solaris (SPARC)	11.3+- 64 bit			
Shell	KORN Shell (KSH)			
Note:				
If the operating system i logging in as root user:	s RHEL, install the package lsb_release with one of the following commands by			
yum install redhat-lsb-c	ore			
yum install redhat-lsb				
Java Runtime Environr	nent			
Dracle Linux / Red Hat Oracle Java Runtime Environment (JRE) 1.8.x - 64 bit				
Oracle Database Server and Client				
Oracle Database Server Client 19.3+				
Oracle Database Server	Enterprise Edition 19.3+			
- 64 bit RAC/ Non-RAC with partitioning option				
OLAP				
V 11.1.2.1+ (Server and Client) with Oracle 11g Database				
V 11.1.2.3+ (Server and Client) with Oracle 12c Database				
V 11.2.0.3+ with Oracle 11g Database				
V 12.1.0.1+ with Oracle 12c Database				

Table 3–2 Configurations Supported for Java 8

Web server/ Web application server			
Oracle Linux / Red Hat	Oracle HTTP Server 11.1.1.1/ Apache HTTP Server 2.2.x/ IBM HTTP Server.		
Enterprise Linux/ IBM	Oracle WebLogic Server 12.2.x and 14.1.x - 64 bit		
Solaris • IBM WebSphere Application Server 9.0.0.x with bundled IBM Java bit			
	Apache Tomcat v9.0.x - 64 bit		
Note:			
OFSAA Infrastructure w supported.	eb component deployment on Oracle WebLogic Server with Oracle JRockit is not		
For deployment on Orac	cle WebLogic Server(64 bit) with Java 8, download from <u>http://support.oracle.com/</u> .		
Desktop Requirements	5		
Operating System	Windows 10		
Browser	Chrome Version 90.0.4430.212		
	Firefox Version 78.10.1esr		
	Microsoft EdgeVersion 90.0.818.62		
	Turn off Pop-up blocker settings. For more information, see <u>Configuring Internet</u> <u>Explorer Settings</u>		
Office Tools	MS Office 2010/2013		
	Adobe Acrobat Reader 8 or above		
Screen Resolution	1024*768 or 1280*1024		
Other Software			
Directory Services	OFSAAI is qualified on both OPEN LDAP 2.2.29+ and Oracle Internet Directory v 11.1.1.3.0. However, it can be integrated with other directory services software such as MS Active Directory.		
Note:	<u>.</u>		
Configuration of Director configuration, see <u>Settir</u>	bry services software for OFSAAI installation is optional. For more information on ag Infrastructure LDAP Configuration.		
Open LDAP must be ins	talled on MS Windows Server machine.		
Table 3-3 provides the	e recommended software combinations for OFS BD Applications Pack		

<u>Table 3–3</u> provides the recommended software combinations for OFS BD Applications Pack deployment and Recommended Software Combinations.

Table 3–3 Recommended Software Combinations

Operating System	Database	Web application server	Web server
Oracle Linux 7.x	Oracle Database	Oracle WebLogic Server	Oracle HTTP Server/
and above		/Apache Tomcat Server	Apache HTTP Server
Oracle Solaris 11.2	Oracle Database	Oracle WebLogic Server	Oracle HTTP Server/
and above		/Apache Tomcat Server	Apache HTTP Server

3.4 Verifying System Environment

To verify your system environment meets the minimum requirements for the installation, a Pre-Install Check utility is available within the Install Kit archive file. This utility can also be obtained separately by contacting Oracle Support Services.

The system environment verification is an integral and automated part of the installation of this software product, Oracle strongly recommends running this utility prior to beginning the installation as part of your organization's "Installation Readiness Verification Process".

NOTE For more details on download and usage of this utility, see Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Environment Check Utility Guide given in the <u>Related</u> <u>Documents</u> section.

3.5 Understanding the Installation Mode

The following modes of installation are available for the OFS BD Application Pack.

Installing in Silent Mode

3.5.1 Installing in Silent Mode

This mode mandates updating the installation configuration files with required details and performs installation in a "Silent" non-user interactive format.

NOTE Graphical User Interface (GUI) mode of installation is not supported for this release.

To verify the type of installation, you must know this mode mandates updating the installation configuration files with required details and performs installation in a "Silent" non-user interactive format.

NOTE Graphical User Interface (GUI) mode of installation is not supported for this release.

4 Preparing for Installation

This chapter provides necessary information to review before installing the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection (OFS BD) Application Pack v8.1.1.0.0.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Installer and Installation Prerequisites
- Obtaining Software
- <u>Performing Common Pre-Installation Tasks</u>

4.1 Installer and Installation Prerequisites

<u>Table 4–1</u> provides the list of prerequisites required before beginning the installation for OFS BD application. If requirements are not met, the Environment Check utility will notify you.

Category	Sub-Category	Expected Value
Environment Settings	User Permission	User to have 755 permission on the directory identified for installation (FIC_HOME). Note: User to have 755 permission on the .profile file. Provide BDF_HOME in .profile pointing to Installation Directory (FIC_HOME)
	Java Settings	 The path in the <i>.profile</i> file must be set to include the Java Runtime Environment absolute path. The path must include Java version 8 based on the configuration. Set the Java tool options in the <i>.profile</i> file for all JDK 11.0.20 and later updates. For example: JAVA_TOOL_OPTIONS="Djdk.util.zip.disableZip64ExtraFieldValida tion=true" export JAVA_TOOL_OPTIONS
		Note:
		Ensure that the absolute path to JRE/bin is set at the beginning of PATH variable.
		For example, PATH=/usr/java/jre1.7/bin:\$ORACLE_ HOME/bin:\$PATH
		Ensure that no SYMBOLIC links to JAVA installation are not set in the PATH variable
	Enable unlimited cryptographic policy for Java	For more information, see the section Enabling Unlimited Cryptographic Policy from the <u>OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure</u> <u>Administration Guide</u> .

Table 4–1Prerequisite Information

Category	Sub-Category	Expected Value
	Oracle Database Settings	Oracle Database Server TNS_ADMIN must be set in.profile file pointing to appropriate tnsnames.ora file. Enable Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) and/ or Data Redaction**
		Note: For more information, see <u>Appendix R</u> , " <u>Configuring Transparent Data Encryption</u> (<u>TDE</u>) and Data Redaction in OFSAA". OFSAAProcessing Server
		Set ORACLE_HOME in.profile file pointing to appropriate Oracle DB Client installation.
		PATH in .profile file must be set to include appropriate \$ORACLE_HOME/bin path.
		Entry (with SID/ SERVICE NAME) should be added in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server.

Category	Sub-Category	Expected Value
OS/File System Settings	OS Level Settings	You must set your locale to UTF-8 locale (LANG, NLS_ LANG to be set in.profile). Specifying a locale depends on your data and the operating system installed on your system.
		For example,
		For Linux OS: export LANG=en_US.utf8
		You can determine the locale on your system using the locale -a command
		export, NLS_LANG=AMERICAN_ AMERICA.AL32UTF8
	File Descriptor Settings	Greater than 15000
	Total Number of Process Settings	Greater than 4096
	tmp space	Prior to installation, ensure that sufficient free temp space (minimum 1 GB free) is available in /tmp directory of unix server hosting OFSBD.
	Port Settings	Default port numbers to be enabled on the system are 6500, 6501, 6505, 6507, 6509, 6510, 6666, 9999, and 10101.

Category	Sub-Category	Expected Value
	Staging Area/ Metadata Repository	A directory to hold the application metadata artifacts and additionally act as staging area. The directory should exist on the same system as the OFSAA Infrastructure (can be configured on different mount). However, the owner of the installation directory mentioned above should have RWX (read, write, and execute) permissions on this folder. Set 775 permission on this folder. Note: This directory is also referred as FTPSHARE folder.
	Installation Directory	A directory where the product files will be installed. Assign User permission to 755 on the installation directory.
	Temporary Directory	 Default temporary directory where installation files are stored for a short period of time to support faster installation. For installation on UNIX OS, your UNIX administrator must give you the required read-write permissions for the /tmp directory and disable the NOEXEC option Configure adequate space on the /tmp directory. It is recommended that you allocate more than 10 GB of space. Note: If NOEXEC is enabled, the extraction of files by the installer into the /tmp directory is prevented and the binaries will not execute in the directory, which will fail the installation.
	Download Directory	A directory where the product installer file will be downloaded/ copied. Ensure user permission is set to 755 on the Download directory.
	OS Locale	 Linux: en_US.utf8 Solaris: en_US. Preparing for Installation 3-15 UTF-8 To check the locale installed, execute the following command:

Category	Sub-Category	Expected Value
Database Settings	Database Instance Settings	 NLS_CHARACTERSET to be AL32UTF8
		 NLS_LENGTH_SEMANTICS to be BYTE
		 AVAILABLE OPEN CURSORS limit to be greater than 4096
		For an Oracle Database installation, set your Oracle NLS_LANG environment variable to an appropriate UTF-8 character set.
		For example, setenv NLS_LANG AMERICAN_ AMERICA.AL32UTF8
		Note: For other database tunable parameters required for OFS BD, see <u>Appendix S, "Tunable Database</u> <u>Parameters"</u> .
		Ensure that the OLAP_USER role is available in the database.
Web application server	WebSphere/ WebLogic/ Tomcat	Web application server should be installed and profile/domain created.
		You are prompted to enter the WebSphere Profile path, WebLogic Domain path, or Tomcat Deployment path during OFSAAI installation.
		Note:
		See <u>Appendix A</u> for WebSphere Profile and WebLogic Domain creation.
Web server	Apache HTTP Server/ Oracle HTTP Server/	This is an optional requirement. HTTP Server Installation to be present. You are
	IBM HTTP Server.	prompted to enter the Web server IP/Hostname and Port details during installation.
		Note: See Appendix A for Web server installation.

Category	Sub-Category	Expected Value
Operating System	Solaris 11 Solaris 10	Upgrade to Oracle Solaris 11.3 with SRU09 or higher. See https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E53394_ 01/html/E54845/index.html to upgrade to SRU09 if you have a lower SRU version. Additionally, install the required runtime libraries. For more information, see Installing Only the Runtime Libraries on Oracle Solaris 11. Install the required OS patches. For more information, see Installing the Required Oracle Solaris 10 Patches. Additionally, install the required runtime libraries. For more information, see Installing Only the Runtime Libraries on Oracle Solaris 10. Note: In an OFSAA instance where multiple OFSAA application packs have been installed/ deployed, it is mandatory to upgrade all OFSAA application packs to 8.0.8.0.0 release. You should start the upgrade of OFS BD Applications pack, only after confirming that all of the application packs in your OFSAA instance are available for upgrade to 8.0.8.0.0 version. For information on availability of the required OFSAA Application Packs, see 2246606.1.
Backup Tables	Table Names	Before starting the installation and post installation, ensure there are no Backup tables created manually with table names suffixed with _BKP or _TEMP. Note: Table names with _BKP and _TEMP that are created outside the application will cause installation/patch application to fail.

NOTE

You cannot install the OFS FSDF application on an existing OFS BD installation, within the same infodom/schema.

4.2 **Obtaining Software**

The 8.1.1.0.0 release of OFS BD Application Pack can be downloaded from edelivery portal. (<u>https://edelivery.oracle.com/</u>). You must have a valid Oracle account to download the software.

4.3 Performing Common Pre-Installation Tasks

The common pre-installation activities that you must carry out before installing the OFS BD Application Pack are:

- Identifying the Installation, Download and Metadata Repository
- Downloading and Copying the OFS BD Application Pack Installer
- Extracting the Software
- <u>Setting Up Web application server</u>

4.3.1 Identifying the Installation, Download and Metadata Repository

To install OFSAA Application packs, create the following directories:

• **OFS BD Download Directory (Optional)** - Create a download directory and copy the OFS BD Application Pack Installer File (archive). This is the directory where the downloaded installer/patches can be copied.

NOTE It is not mandatory to create this directory.

• **OFS BD Installation Directory** - Create an installation directory and copy the installation files. Perform the installation from this directory. Set the variable FIC_HOME variable in the .profile file to point to the OFS BD Installation Directory.

NOTE It is not mandatory to create this directory.

• **OFS BD Staging/Metadata Directory (Mandatory)** - Create a Staging/Metadata Directory to copy data loading files, save data extracts and so on. Additionally, this directory also maintains the OFSAA metadata artifacts. This directory is also referred to as "FTPSHARE".

NOTE

- It is not mandatory to create this directory.
- Assign 755 user permission to the Installation and Download Directory.
- Assign 755 user permission to the Staging Directory.

4.3.2 Downloading and Copying the OFS BD Application Pack Installer

To download and copy the OFS BD Application Pack Installer, follow these steps:

- 1. To download the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection 8.1.1.0.0, log in to <u>edelivery</u> portal with a valid Oracle account.
- 2. Enter the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection in the search box to search.
- **3.** Download the installer archive into the download Directory (in Binary mode) in the setup identified for Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection 8.1.1.0.0.

4.3.3 Extracting the Software

NOTE You must be logged in to the UNIX operating system as a non-root user.

- 1. Download the unzip utility (OS specific) unzip_<os>.Z and copy it in Binary mode to the directory that is included in your PATH variable. If you already have the unzip utility to extract the contents of the downloaded archive, skip this step.
- 2. Uncompress the unzip installer file with the command:

uncompress unzip_<os>.Z

NOTE If an error message "uncompress: not found [No such file or directory]" is displayed when the package is not installed, contact your UNIX administrator.

3. Assign EXECUTE permission to the file with the command:

chmod 751 unzip_<OS>

For example, chmod 751 unzip_sparc

4. Extract the contents of the OFS BD Application Pack 8.1.1.0.0 installer archive file in the download directory with the following command:

unzip OFS_BD_PACK.zip

NOTE Do not rename the Application Pack installer folder name on extraction from the archive.

5. Navigate to the download directory and assign execute permission to the installer directory with the following command:

chmod -R 755 OFS_BD_PACK

4.3.4 Setting Up Web application server

For setting up the environment based on your selected Web application server, see <u>Configuring</u> <u>Web application servers</u>.

5 Installing OFS BD Application Pack

This chapter describes the steps to be followed to install the OFS BD Application pack depending on the offline and online modes of installation.

Release 8.1.1.0.0 of the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection (BD) application is not fully backward compatible with earlier versions of FCCM. You must upgrade all of your FCCM applications from the existing 8.0.x versions to the 8.1.1.0.0 version and cannot choose to upgrade only selective application packs to 8.1.1.0.0.

NOTE	• If you are installing an Application Pack on an environment, where another Applications Pack is already installed, you may sometimes get a warning message such as Object Already Exists. This message can be ignored.
	 Before you start the installation, you must first do the domain creation. For more information, see Creating Domain in WebLogic Server.
	 Refer <u>Appendix U</u> for details on OFS BD Version compatibility with OFSAAI, FSDF and OFS ECM.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- About Schema Creator Utility
- <u>Configuring and Executing Schema Creator Utility</u>
- Installing the OFS BD Application Pack
- Verifying Installation

5.1 Configuring Wallet

For information on Installation and Configuration of Wallet in Non-TCPS and TCPS modes see, <u>Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Installation and Configuration</u> <u>Guide</u>.

5.2 About Schema Creator Utility

Creating database users/schemas is one of the primary steps in the complete OFS BD installation. This release of OFSAA provides a utility to quickly get started with the OFSAA 8.1.1.0.0. Installation by allowing easier and faster creation of database User(s)/ Schema(s), assign the necessary GRANT(s), and so on. Additionally, it also creates the required entities in the schemas and so on.

The schema creator utility must be configured and executed before installation of any OFSAA Application Pack.

This section includes the following topics:

<u>Configuring Schema Creator Utility for RDBMS</u>

- <u>Configuring Schema Creator Utility for HDFS Schema</u>
- Selecting Execution Modes in Schema Creator Utility
- Selecting Execution Options in Schema Creator Utility

5.2.1 Configuring Schema Creator Utility for RDBMS

The Pack specific schema details need to be filled in the OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml file (path is OFS_BD_PACK/schema_creator/conf/OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml)before executing the Schema Creator Utility. For more information on the xml file, refer <u>Configuring OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml</u> File.

NOTE On successful execution of the utility, the entered passwords in the OFS_BD_ SCHEMA_IN.xml file are nullified.

The types of schemas that can be configured are:

• **CONFIG** - This schema holds the entities and other objects required for OFSAA setup configuration information.

NOTE There can be only one CONFIG schema per OFSAA instance.

• **ATOMIC** - This schema holds the data model entities. One ATOMIC schema is attached to one Information Domain.

NOTE There can be multiple ATOMIC schemas per OFSAA Instance.

5.2.2 Configuring Schema Creator Utility for HDFS Schema

In case the installation is being performed for Big Data, the pack specific schema details need to be filled in the OFS_BD_SCHEMA_BIGDATA_IN.xml file, before executing the utility. For more information on the xml file, see Configuring OFS_BD_SCHEMA_BIGDATA_IN.xml file.

NOTE On successful execution of the utility, the entered passwords in the OFS_BD_ SCHEMA_IN.xml file are nullified.

The following are the types of schemas that can be configured:

• **CONFIG:** This schema holds the entities and other objects required for OFSAA setup configuration information.

- **NOTE** There can be only one CONFIG schema per OFSAA instance. This schema is created only in RDBMS.
- **METADOM:** This schema holds the data model entities. One METADOM schema is attached to one Information Domain.

NOTE There can be multiple METADOM schemas per OFSAA Instance. This schema is created only in RDBMS. It has only platform entities that hold the metadata details. However, it does not hold the data model entities.

• **DATADOM:** This schema holds data model entities. One DATADOM schema is attached to one Information Domain.



5.2.3 Selecting Execution Modes in Schema Creator Utility

Schema creator utility supports the following modes of execution:

• **Online Mode:** In this mode, the utility connects to the database and executes the Data Definition Language (DDL) for User, Entities, and GRANTS.

NOTE To execute the utility in Online mode, you need to connect as "<User> AS SYSDBA".

• **Offline Mode**: In this mode, the utility generates an SQL script with all the required DDLs for User, Entities and GRANTS. This script must be executed by the DBA on the appropriate database identified for OFSAA usage.
NOTE	For running the SQL script generated in offline mode, the script should reside in the same directory where the 'SQLScripts' directory
	is available.

- **1.** Connect as any database user.
- Reconfigure the OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml / OFS_BD_SCHEMA_BIGDATA_ IN.xml (as the case may be) file and execute the utility. For more information on reconfiguring these files, see Configuring OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml File and Configuring OFS_BD_SCHEMA_BIGDATA_IN.xml file respectively.
- To execute the utility in Offline mode, you must connect as a user with the following GRANTS (alternatively, you can also connect as a user with SYSDBA privileges):
 - SELECT ON DBA_ROLES
 - SELECT ON DBA_USERS
 - SELECT ON DBA_DIRECTORIES
 - SELECT ON DBA_TABLESPACES
 - CREATE SESSION
- 4. If there are any errors during the SQL script execution, reconfigure the OFS_BD_ SCHEMA_IN.xml / OFS_BD_SCHEMA_BIGDATA_IN.xml and execute the utility. This regenerates the scripts with corrected information. For more information, see Configuring OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml File or Configuring OFS_BD_SCHEMA_BIGDATA_IN.xml file respectively.
- **5.** Do not modify the OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUT.XML file generated after the execution of this utility
- If there are any errors during the SQL script execution, reconfigure the OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml file and execute the utility. This regenerates the scripts with corrected information. See Configuring OFS_BD_ SCHEMA_IN.xml File.
- **7.** Do not keep any backup files of xml's in the download directory.
- 8. Current offline installation throws 'Columns already exists' error while running the SQL in schema.

5.2.4 Selecting Execution Options in Schema Creator Utility

Depending on the option selected to run the OFSAA Applications Pack installer, you must select the appropriate schema creator utility execution option. To run the OFSAA Applications Pack installer in Silent mode, it is mandatory to execute the schema creator utility with -s option.

5.3 Configuring and Executing Schema Creator Utility

This section includes the following topics:

- <u>Prerequisites</u>
- Configuring Schema Creator Utility
- Executing the Schema Creator Utility
- Verifying the Schema Creator Log Files

NOTE If you intend to use the Oracle OLAP feature, execute the below grant on all ATOMIC schema(s): grant olap_user to &database_username.

5.3.1 Prerequisites

The prerequisites you must have before configuring the Schema Creator Utility are:

- Oracle User ID/Password with SYSDBA privileges
- JDBC Connection URL for RAC/Non RAC database
- HOSTNAME/IP of the server on which OFSAA is being installed.
- TNSNames.ora should have an entry for the database planning to install the Database objects.
- For enabling Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) in your OFSAA instance during installation, perform the steps explained in <u>Appendix R, "Configuring Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)</u> and Data Redaction in OFSAA".

5.3.2 Configuring Schema Creator Utility

This section explains the steps to configure the Schema Creator Utility.

NOTE Do not change the extracted media pack folder name.

To configure the Schema Creator Utility, follow these steps:

- 9. Log in to the system as a non-root user.
- 10. Navigate to the following path: OFS_BD_PACK/schema_creator/conf directory.
- **11.** Edit the OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml file in a text editor.
- **12.** Configure the elements as described in <u>Configuring OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml File</u>: or Configuring OFS_BD_SCHEMA_BIGDATA_IN.xml file as the case may be.
- **13.** Save the OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml file and OFS_BD_SCHEMA_BIGDATA_IN.xml files.

NOTE	On successful execution of the utility, the entered passwords in the OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml file are nullified. While editing the OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml, ensure only the values/tag attributes mentioned in must be modified, and none of other tags should be modified.		
	Do not modify the following list of attributes:		
	APP_PACK_ID		
	ROLE.NAME		
	DIRECTORY. ID		
	DIRECTORY.NAME		
	SCHEMA. APP_ID		
	SCHEMA. DEFAULTTABLESPACE		
	SCHEMA.TYPE		
	TABLESPACE.NAME		

5.3.3 Executing the Schema Creator Utility

You can execute the schema creator utility in Online mode or Offline mode. This section includes the following topics:

- <u>Executing the Schema Creator Utility in Online Mode</u>
- <u>Executing the Schema Creator Utility in Offline Mode</u>
- Executing the Schema Creator Utility with -s Option
- Executing the Schema Creator Utility while Installing Subsequent Applications Pack

5.3.3.1 Executing the Schema Creator Utility in Online Mode

In Online mode, the Schema Creator Utility creates all the Schemas, Schema Objects, Tablespaces, Grants, and Roles in the database during the execution process.

To execute the Schema Creator Utility in Online mode, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in to the system as non-root user.
- 2. Navigate to the following path: OFS_BD_PACK/schema_creator/bin/
- 3. Execute the osc.sh file using the following command: ./osc.sh
- 4. The following message is displayed: You have chosen ONLINE mode. Triggering the utility in ONLINE mode will execute the DDLs directly on the Database. Do you wish to proceed? (Y/y or N/n).
- **5.** Enter Y/ y to proceed with the script generation.
- 6. Enter the DB Username with SYSDBA Privileges. For example: SYS as SYSDBA.
- 7. Enter the User Password.

Figure 5–1 Schema Creation Online Mode



Executing TableSpace Scripts started
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_FATCA_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_KDD_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_MANTAS_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_MINER_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_MKT1_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_MKT2_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_CONF_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_CTR_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_FSDF1_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_CTR_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_MINER_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_BUS3_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_CM_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_BUS1_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_FATCA_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_BUS4_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_BUS5_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_BUS2_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_MKT4_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_CM_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_MKT3_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_AM_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_BUS6_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_MKT3_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_KYC_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_KYC_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_OB_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_MKT1_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_OB_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_BUS8_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_MKT2_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_MKT4_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_AM_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_MANTAS_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_BUS6_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_BUS7_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_BUS4_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_BUS8_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_KDD_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_BUS5_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_BUS7_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_BUS1_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_BUS2_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace DATA_BUS3_TBSP
Skipping the creation of tablespace IDX_FSDF1_TBSP
Creating Schemas started
CONFIG User tst_conf successfully created on Default TableSpace : DATA_CONF_TBSP on Temp TableSpace : TEMP
Grants creation scripts execution started
Grants creation scripts execution completed
Successfully connected to User - tst_conf URL - jdbc:oracle:thin:@ofss222754.in.oracle.com:1521:Ti12014L64
Scripts execution for CONFIG schema started
Scripts execution for CONFIG schema completed
User tst_conf details updated into the dbmaster table
User tst conf details updated into the I18NMASTER table

Figure 5–2 Schema Creation Online Mode

CONFIGURING AND EXECUTING SCHEMA CREATOR UTILITY

Figure 5–3	Schema (Creation -	Online I	Mode
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User tst_fccm details updated into the aai_db_detail table
User tst fccm details updated into the aai db auth alias table
User tst_fccm is successfully created on Default TableSpace : DATA_MANTAS_TBSP on Temp TableSpace : TEMP
User tst fccm already exists in dbmaster table.
User tst_fccm already exists in dbmaster table.
User tst_fccm already exists in dbmaster table.
User tst_fccm already exists in dbmaster table.
User tst_fccm already exists in dbmaster table.
User tst_fccm already exists in dbmaster table.
User tst_fccm already exists in dbmaster table.
User tst_fccm already exists in dbmaster table.
User tst fccm already exists in dbmaster table.
User tst_fccm already exists in dbmaster table.
Skipping the creation of AAAI/IPE app.
User tst_fccm already exists in dbmaster table.
User tst_fccm already exists in dbmaster table.
Creating Schemas completed
Roles creation scripts execution started
Parsing ROLE tags
Roles creation scripts execution completed
Directory creation scripts execution started
Directory creation scripts execution completed
Grants creation scripts execution started
Grants creation scripts execution completed
Schemas Creation Completed
Schema Creator executed Successfully.Please proceed with the installation. §

NOTE		On successful execution of Schema Creator utility, the console displays the following status message:
		Schema Creator executed successfully. Please proceed with the installation.
		See log file in OFS_BD_PACK/schema_creator/logs directory for execution status. If there are any errors, contact Oracle Support Services.
		Schema Creator executed successfully. Please proceed with the installation.
		Do not clean up the OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.XML file generated in the folder OFS_BD_PACK/schema_creator, as it would be required in future patch installations and upgrades.

5.3.3.2 Executing the Schema Creator Utility in Offline Mode

In Offline Mode, the Schema Creator Utility creates an output in the SQL file format. This script must be executed manually by logging as database user with SYSDBA privileges. The SQL file contains the creation of Schemas, Schema Objects, and Roles.

5.3.3.2.1 Prerequisites

To execute the utility in Offline mode, you must connect a database user with the following GRANTS (Alternatively, you can also connect as a user with SYSDBA privileges):

- SELECT ON DBA_ROLES
- SELECT ON DBA_USERS
- SELECT ON DBA_DIRECTORIES
- SELECT ON DBA_TABLESPACES
- CREATE SESSION

NOTE

Explicit GRANTS to the user are required. GRANTS assigned through Roles are not supported.

To execute the schema creator utility in Offline mode, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in to the system as a non-root user.
- 2. Navigate to OFS_BD_PACK/schema_creator/bin directory.
- 3. Execute the osc.sh file using the following command: ./osc.sh -o
- **4.** Enter Y /y to generate the script.
- **5.** The following message is displayed: You have chosen OFFLINE mode. Triggering the utility in OFFLINE mode will generate the script. Do you wish to proceed? (Y/y or N/n).
- 6. Enter the DB Username with SELECT privileges.
- 7. Enter the User Password.

CONFIGURING AND EXECUTING SCHEMA CREATOR UTILITY

Figure 5-4 Schema Creation - Offline Mode

\$./osc.sh -o
/scratch/ofsaaapp/BDGI805/BDGI805
You have chosen OFFLINE mode
Triggering the utility in OFFLINE mode will generate the script. Do you wish to proceed? (Y/N) :
Java Validation Started
Java found in : /usr/java/jdk1.8.0_45/bin
JAVA Version found : 1.8.0_45
JAVA Bit Version found : 64-bit
Java Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS
DR gnacific Validation Started
De specific valuation Statistica
Control of the sector
I. CREATE SESSION
2. SELECT ON DRA ROLES
S. SELECT ON DEA USERS
- SELECT ON DEA DIRECTORIES
5. Select of DBA_IABLESFACES
Enter the over Name:
aya ayauna
Enter the over password:
Gracie Client Version : 12.1. Status : SUCLESS
Gracie Server version current value : 12.2.0.1.0. Status : Soccess
DB specific validation completed. Status : SUCLESS
Generating Schema Creation Scripts Started
Checking OFSAA installation
OFSAA installation not found.
Validating the dat file OFS BD CFG.dat started
Sucessfully validated OFS BD CFG.dat file
Validating the input XML file/scratch/ofsaaapp/schema/OFS BD PACK/schema creator/conf/OFS BD SCHEMA IN.xml
Input XML file validated successfully.
Validating Connection URL jdbc:oracle:thin:@ofss222754.in.oracle.com:1521:Ti12014L64
Successfully connected to User - sys as sysdba URL - jdbc:oracle:thin:@ofss222754.in.oracle.com:1521:Til2O14L64
Connection URL successfully validated
localnost name - whf00ark lPAddress - 10.184.152.10
Parsing TABLESPACE tags
Parsing DIRECTORY tags
You have chosen to install this Application Pack on "tat_fccm" ATOMIC schema. Do you want to proceed? (Y/N)
х

CONFIGURING AND EXECUTING SCHEMA CREATOR UTILITY



Benerating Schema creation scripts started
CONFIG User tat conf creation script generated successfully on Default TableSpace : DATA CONF TBSP on Temp TableSpac
seneration of grants creation scripts started
seneration of grants creation scripts completed
scripts Generation for CONFIG schema started
scripts Generation for CONFIG schema completed
Jser tat conf details updated into the dbmaster table
Jser tat conf details updated into the I18NMASTER table
Jser tat conf details updated into the aai db detail table
Jser tat conf details updated into the aai db auth alias table
Jser tat fccm details updated into the dbmaster table
Jser tat fccm details updated into the I18NMASTER table
Jser tat fccm details updated into the aai db detail table
Jser tat fccm details updated into the aai db auth alias table
Jser tat fccm creation script generated successfully on Default TableSpace : DATA_MANTAS_TBSP on Temp TableSpace : T
Jser tat_fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Jser tat_fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Jser tat_fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Jser tat_fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Jser tat_fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Jser tat_fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Jser tat_fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Jser tat_fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Jser tat_fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Jser tat_fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Skipping the creation of AAAI/IPE app.
Jser tat_fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Jser tat_fccm creation is skipping as the user is already created.
Senerating Schema creation scripts completed
Generating Roles creation Scripts started
Parsing ROLE tags
Senerating Roles creation Scripts completed
Generating Directory creation Scripts started
Generating Directory creation Scripts completed
senerating Grants creation scripts started
senerating Grants creation scripts completed
Generating Schema Creation Scrints Completed
chema Creator executed Successfully.Please execute /scratch/ofsaaapp/schema/OFS_BD_PACK/schema_creator/sysdba_outpu

- **8.** The console runs the initial validation checks and displays the following message: You have chosen to install this Applications Pack on <Name of the Atomic Schema>ATOMIC schema. Do you want to proceed? (Y/N).
- **9.** Enter Y/y to start the script generation. The following message is displayed. You have chosen to install this Applications Pack on <Name of the Infodom>. Do you want to proceed? (Y/N)).

NOTE	On successful execution of schema creator utility, the console displays the following status message:
	Success. Execute OFS_BD_PACK/schema_creator/sysdba_ output_scripts.sql before proceeding with the installation.

Figure 4–3 Schema Creation - Offline Mode

10. Navigate to the directory:

OFS_BD_PACK/schema_creator

11. Login to SQLPLUS with a user having SYSDBA Privileges.

12. Connect to the Oracle DB Server on which the OFS BD Application Pack installation is to be performed and execute the sysdba_output_scripts.sql file using the following command:

SQL>@sysdba_output_scripts.sql

Figure 5–6 Schema Creator - Offline Mode



Alternatively, you can copy the sysdba_output_scripts.sql file and SQLScripts directory to a remote server and execute sysdba_output_scripts.sql file.



- **13.** Once the above file gets executed, a warning is displayed as shown in the above screen.
- **14.** Run the following scripts in config schema:
 - **a.** Navigate to the <OFS_BD_PACK>/schema_creator/SQLScripts/oracle folder.
 - **b.** Connect to the config schema through sqlplus
 - c. Execute the @compile_objects.sql command.
 - **d.** Commit the change.

5.3.3.3 Executing the Schema Creator Utility with -s Option

If you want to run the OFS BD Application Pack Installer in Silent mode, it is mandatory to execute the schema creator utility with -s option.

To execute the utility with -s option, follow these steps:

1. Edit the file OFS_BD_PACK/schema_creator/conf/OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml in text editor.

NOTE The infodom name and schema name should be same for all the below APP_IDs:

- OFS_KYC
- OFS_AAIB
- OFS_CTR
- OFS_FSDF
- OFS_FRAUD
- OFS_AML
- OFS_TC
- OFS_ECTC
- OFS_PTA
- OFS_TB
- OFS_BC
- OFS_IPE
- OFS_FRAUD_EE
- OFS_CRSR
- 2. Execute the utility with -s option. For example ./osc.sh -s

Figure 5–7 Schema Creator with - s option



Figure 5-8 Schema Creator with - s option

NOTE To execute the utility in OFFLINE mode with Silent option, type ./osc.sh -o -s

5.3.3.4 Executing the Schema Creator Utility while Installing Subsequent Applications Pack

While executing the schema creator utility for subsequent Applications Pack, you can choose to install the pack either on the same Information Domain/Atomic Schema or on a new Information Domain/Atomic Schema. You can execute the Schema Creator Utility either in Online or Offline mode.

NOTE Install OFS BD Applications Pack on a separate information domain.

To execute the schema creator utility while installing OFS BD Pack over an existing Application Pack, follow these steps:

• Perform the steps 1 to 5 from the Executing the Schema Creator Utility section.

NOTE	On successful execution of Schema Creator utility, the console displays the following status message:
	Success. Please proceed with the installation.
	See the log sysdba_output_scripts.log for execution status, if executed in offline mode.
	If there are any errors, contact Oracle Support Services.

5.3.4 Verifying the Schema Creator Log Files

You can verify the log files for any errors faced during the schema creation process in the following location: OFS_BD_PACK/schema_creator/logs.

5.4 Installing the OFS BD Application Pack

This section provides instructions to install the OFS BD Application Pack in silent mode.

• Installing in Silent Mode

5.4.1 Installing in Silent Mode

In the Silent Mode Installation, you must configure the product XML files and follow instructions in the command prompt.

5.4.1.1 Configuring OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml

Follow these instructions to configure OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml file:

- 1. Log in to the system as non-root user.
- Identify a directory for installation and set the same in the user .profile file as the following: FIC_HOME=< OFSAA Installation Directory > export FIC_HOME
- **3.** Execute the user .profile.
- 4. Navigate to Configuring OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml file.
- Configure the OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml as mentioned in the section <u>Configuring</u> <u>OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml file</u>. Set the Interaction Variable parameter values manually as mentioned in the table. If a value is not applicable, enter NA and ensure that the value is not entered as NULL.
- 6. Navigate to the file: OFS_BD_PACK/conf/<u>OFS_BD_PACK.xml</u> and select the applications to be enabled.

NOTE Enter YES in ENABLE tag to enable application.

5.4.1.2 Configuring default.properties parameters

NOTE From BD 8.1.1.0.0 release, default.properties replaced from InstallConfig.xml.

To configure the default.properties file, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the file: OFS_BD_PACK/OFS_AML/conf/default.properties
- 2. Enter the details mentioned in the tags (<!-- Start: User input required for silent installer.

--> and <!-- End: User input required for silent installer. -->) as mentioned in the following table.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_BASE_ COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record	Yes
	Institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSBD client.	
	For example: base_country=US base_country=US	
##OFS_AML_ DEFAULT_ JURISDICTION##	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses. For example:	Yes
	default_jurisdiction=AMEA	
##OFS_AML_SMTP_ HOST##	Hostname of the e-mail gateway to be used by the application for e-mail notifications.	Yes
	smtp_host=mailhost.domain.com smtp_host=mailhost.domain.com	
##OFS_AML_PARTITION_DATE_ FORMAT##	Format of the date used in specifying partition dates. Allowed values are DD-MON-YYYY/DD-MM-YYYY	Yes
##OFS_AML_WEEK_END_ HOLIDAY_PATTERN##	 Flag used to derive partition dates based on Weekend holiday pattern. Allowed values are: Saturday, Sunday. 	Yes
##OFS_AML_DATADUMPDT_ MINUS_0##	Enter the date of the business day for which the data to be loaded. It should be in dd/mm/yyyy format. For Example: 10/12/2015	Yes
##OFS_AML_ENDTHISWEEK_ MINUS_00#	Enter the date of the Saturday of the next business week with respect to the date for which the data is loaded. It should be in dd/mm/yyyy format. For Example: 19/12/2015	Yes
##OFS_AML_STARTNEXTMNTH_ MINUS_00##	Enter the first business day of the next month with respect to the data load date. It should be in dd/mm/yyyy format. For Example:01/01/2016	Yes

Table 5–1 default.properties parameters

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations. For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	Yes
##OFS_AML_MINER_DATA_SOUR CE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations For example: Create a data source with name MINER	Yes
##OFS_AML_WEB_SERVICE_USER ##	User name to access the web services. Enter "" if no user name is required.	No
##OFS_AML_WEB_SERVICE_PASS WORD##	Password to access the web services. Enter "" if no password is required.	No
##OFS_AML_NLS_ LENGTH_ SEMANTICS##	##OFS_AML_NLS_LENGTH_SEMANTICS##NLS_LE NGTH_ SEMANTICS database variable for executing the DDL scripts. Applicable values are CHAR/BYTE. Note: Recommendation to go with CHAR.	Yes
##OFS_AML_CONFIGURE_ OBIEE##	Mention flag as '1" to configure OBIEE URL. Otherwise mention as '0'.	Yes
##OFS_AML_OBIEE_URL##	In case ##OFS_AML_CONFIGURE_OBIEE_URL## mentioned as '1'. Provide the URL in the pattern.	Yes This parameter is mandatory if the value of ##OFS_ AML_ CONFIGURE_ OBIEE## parameter is set to 1.
##OFS_AML_SW_ RMIPORT##	Placeholder to provide scenario wizard RMI port.	Yes
##BIG_DATA_ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data. Enter FALSE.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SQOOP_ WORKING_DIR##	Placeholder to provide SQOOP working directory for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_AUTH_ ALIAS##	Placeholder to provide SSH authorization alias for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_HOST_ NAME##	Placeholder to provide SSH host name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_ PORT##	Placeholder to provide SSH port name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.

	INSTALLING THE OFS	BD APPLICATION PAC
Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
Note: KYC Onboarding requires	additional deployments of the following:	·
? Initiate Onboarding Serv	vice (InitiateOnboardingService.war)	
? Table To JSON Service (TabletoJSONService.war)	
? JSON To Table Service (JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war)	
? Common Gateway Servi	ce (CommonGatewayService.war)	
? Generate Case Input Ser	vice (GenerateCaseInputService.war)	
? Create JSON Service (cr	eateJSONService.war)	
the Application Pack deployments which are mandate For information on the services,	see Know Your Customer Service Guide.	e in addition to ent and RAOR
The below parameters are applie Note: The WEB_SERVER_PORT value the value of HTTPS_ENABLE in OFS for value 0.	cable for KYC Onboarding: ie must be taken from the OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml file SAAI_InstallConfig.xml, the PROTOCOL will be https for y	. Also, based on value 1 and http
##ECMSOURCE##	This is the Case Management (ECM) source. If ECM is not installed, then you must provide the DB link name.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##ECMLOADTYPE##	This is the Case Management load type. If ECM is on a different database, then you must provide the value as 'DBLINK'.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##CSSOURCE##	This is the Customer Screening (CS) source. If CS is not installed, then you must provide the DB link name.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##CSLOADTYPE##	This is the Customer Screening (CS) load type. If CS is on a different database, then you must provide the value as 'DBLINK'.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##CRRSOURCE##	This is the Compliance Regulatory Reporting (CRR) source. If CRR is not installed, then you must provide the DB link name.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##CRRLOADTYPE##	This is the Compliance Regulatory Reporting load	Mandatory

only if KYC

used.

onboarding is

type. If CRR is on a different database, then you

must provide the value as 'DBLINK'.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OBDATASRCNAME##	Parameter value should be updated with the INFODOM parameter. This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema. This value is taken from OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OBDATASRCN AME.
##COMN_GATWAY_DS##	Parameter value should be updated with the INFODOM parameter. This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema. This value is taken from OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be COMN_ GATWAY_DS.
##AAI_AUTH_URL##	This is the URL of the BD application till the context name. For example, <protocol: hostname:web_server_<br="">PORT/CONTEXT_NAME>.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be AAI_URL.
##TABLE_TO_JSON_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of Table To JSON Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:web_serve<br="">R_PORT>.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be T2J_URL.
##JSON_TO_TABLE_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of JSON To Table Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""> .</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be J2T_URL.
##OB_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of Initiate onboarding service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OB_URL.
##ECM_APP_URL##	This is the URL of the ECM application till the context name. For example, <protocol: hostname:web_server_<br="">PORT/CONTEXT_NAME>. If you install only the BD application, then you must update the##ECM_ APP_URL## parameter with the URL of the running and deployed ECM setup of the same version. If you do a pack on pack installation, the##ECM_APP_URL## parameter can be updated with the same URL used for the ##AAI_AUTH_URL## parameter.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ECM_ CASE_URL.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##CASE_INPUT_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Generate Case Input Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be GCI_URL.
##COMMON_GATEWAY_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Common Gateway Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CMNGTWYUR L.
##SCORING_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of the RAOR application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be SCORING_ URL.
##OFSS_WLS_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Watch list application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OFSS_ WLS_URL.
##CS_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Customer Screening Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:web_server_<br="">PORT>.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CS_URL.
##COMM_LOG_PATH##	This is the path of the KYC onboarding log file. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/KYC808DEV/apache-tomcat- 8.0.47/lo gs.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##QTNR_RESP_URL##	This is the URL of the OFS KYC onboarding service , The URL is <protocol: context_nam<br="" hostname:port="">E>/questionnaire_ api/questionnaires/resume/<infodom>/en_US? appCode=OFS_KYC.</infodom></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##QTNR_ RESP_URL##.

- **3.** In order to use the golden data for demonstrations and trainings, you must provide the following partition dates before the installation:
 - DATADUMPDT_MINUS_0## 10/12/2015
 - ENDTHISWEEK_MINUS_00## 19/12/2015
 - STARTNEXTMNTH_MINUS_00## 01/01/2016

NOTE AML is mandatory for KYC.

5.4.1.3 Running the installer in Silent Mode (Update the note)

To install the OFSAA Infrastructure in Silent mode, follow these steps:

- **1.** Navigate to the OFS_BD_PACK/bin folder.
- **2.** Execute the command in the console:

./setup.sh SILENT

NOTE		
	1.	Post Schema creation, OFS_IPE tag appears as below in OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml,
		<schema> <app_id>OFS_IPE</app_id> <username>qa_atm875</username> <password></password> <type>PRODUCTION</type> <deftabspace>##OFS_AML_DATA_MANTS_TBSP##</deftabspace> <infodom>pl6k21CPfkHkgv6MFb4u0A==</infodom> </schema>
	2.	You have to manually update the PASSWORD (PASSWORD can be copied from the other App ID's (Encrypted Passwords will not change for App ID's)). Post update OFS_IPE tag appears as below,
		<schema> <app_id>OFS_IPE</app_id> <username>qa_atm875</username> <password></password>q1mO4rJt6a/yT+magFXisQ== <type>PRODUCTION</type> <deftabspace>##OFS_AML_DATA_MANTS_TBSP##</deftabspace> <infodom>pl6k21CPfkHkgv6MFb4u0A==</infodom> </schema>

5.4.1.4 Completing the installation in Silent Mode

On launching the installer in silent mode, the environment check utility is executed. Enter the required information to execute the utility as explained:

NOTE The above table item is asked if environment check utility is executed in the standalone mode.

Figure 5–9 SILENT Mode

<pre>\$./setup.sh SILENT profile Executed /scratch/ofsaaweb/ECM813/ECM813 Current OS Type Linux FIC_HOME : /scratch/ofsaaweb/ECM813/ECM813 Environment check utility started</pre>	
Java Validation Started Java found in : /scratch/jrel.8.0_261/bin org ver =1.8.11.0 REQUIRED_VERSION =108,1100 ORG JAVA =1.8 VERSION =108 ORG_REQUIRED_VERSION = 1.8 JCE IS true JAVA Version found : 1.8.0_261 JAVA Bit Version found : 64-bit Java Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS	
Environment Variables Validation Started ORACLE HOME : /scratch/oraofss/app/product/19.0.0/client_1 TNS_ADMIN : /scratch/ofsaaapp Environment Variables Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS	
OS specific Validation Started Checking en US.utf@ locale. Status : SUCCESS Unix shell found : /bin/ksh. Status : SUCCESS Total file descriptors : 65536. Status : SUCCESS Total number of process : 4096. Status : SUCCESS OS version : 7. Status : SUCCESS OS specific Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS	
DB specific Validation Started Oracle Client version : 19.0.0.0.0. Status : SUCCESS client version 19.0 Successfully connected to schema e81_atom813. Status : SUCCESS CREATE SESSION has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS CREATE PROCEDURE has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS CREATE VIEW has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS CREATE TRIGGER has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS CREATE TALEER has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS CREATE TALIZED VIEW has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS CREATE TABLE has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS CREATE SEQUENCE has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS	CCESS

NOTE	•	Enter the Infrastructure FTP/SFTP password value, when prompted at the command prompt to access Product Staging/Metadata repository directory in the application server.

- Enter always, when prompted to add host key fingerprint.
- 1. The OFSAAI License Agreement is displayed as shown in the figure:

Figure 5–6 OFSAAI License Agreement Page

INSTALLING THE OFS BD APPLICATION PACK



2. Enter Y/y to accept the License Agreement.

NOTE SYSADMN and SYSAUTH are the two default OFSAAI administrative users created.

Launching installer	
Preparing SILENT Mode Installation	
OFSAAInfrastructure	(created with InstallAnywhere)
Installing	
[
Installation Complete. THE OS VERSION IS: 7 THE CLIENT VERSION IS: 19 Copying dome for BE files profile Executed /scratch/ofsaaweb/ECM813/ECM813 heapsize == 8192 /scratch/ofsaaweb/ECM813/installer/OFS_ECM profile Executed /scratch/ofsaaweb/ECM813/ECM813 checking version VersionToBeApplied: 8.1.1.0.0 Fresh installation Y	_PACK/bin
Welcome to OFS ECM PACK Installation ************************************	the installer archive s environment
Launching installer	

VERIFYING INSTALLATION



NOTE The installation process continues on the console. Do not close the console until the installation process is complete.

Execute .profile from user home directory after the installation is completed.

- 3. Perform steps mentioned in the Verifying Installation section.
- 4. For enabling TDE, see Configuring TDE in case of Upgrade section in Appendix S.

For enabling Data Redaction, see Enabling Data Redaction in case of Upgrade section in Appendix S.

5.4.1.5 How to Enable Newly licensed App for Standalone OFS BD 8.1.1.0

To Enable/Install New App from OFS_BD_PACK Once BD8111 installation is done.

 Navigate to <OFS_BD_PACK>/conf folder. Enable the newly licensed app in the <u>OFS_BD_PACK.xml</u> file by setting ENABLE flag to "YES".

Example: <APP_ID PREREQ="OFS_AAI" ENABLE="YES">OFS_KYC</APP_ID>

2. Navigate to <OFS_BD_PACK>/bin folder and trigger the setup.sh.

NOTE Enter **YES** in **ENABLE** tag to enable applications which has newly licensed and Enter NO in the remaining applications.

5.5 Verifying Installation

Verify the following logs files for more information:

- See the Pack_install.log file in the folder: /OFS_BD_PACK/logs
- See the OFSAAI822018_XX_XX_XX_XX_Iog file under /OFS_BD_PACK/OFS_AAI/logs

NOTE .log file number (OFSAAl822018_**XX_XX_XX_XX**) changes every installation.

• See the BD_log files located in the folder: /OFS_BD_PACK/<Appid>/logs for OFS BD Applications Pack Installation log file. (Example: OFS_AML, OFS_KYC).

NOTE If there are any errors, do not proceed with further installation and contact Oracle Support Services.

6

Upgrading the OFS BD Applications Pack

This chapter includes the following topics:

- 1. Upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0
- 2. Upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0
- 3. Upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0
- 4. Upgrading the OFS BD Applications Pack
- 5. Post Installation Steps

ΝΟΤΕ	 Remove the below Jars from APP and WEB (/webroot/WEB-INF/lib) prior to EAR/WAR deployment
	 org.springframework.asm-3.1.1.RELEASE.jar
	 org.springframework.beans-3.1.1.RELEASE.jar
	 org.springframework.context-3.1.1.RELEASE.jar
	 org.springframework.core-3.1.1.RELEASE.jar
	 org.springframework.expression- 3.1.1.RELEASE.jar
	o jaxen-core.jar
	o jaxen-jdom.jar
	 For WebSphere Web Server, remove all duplicate Jars (including older versions) from below folder before creating OFSAAI EAR/WAR file \$FIC_HOME/ficweb/webroot/externalib/WEB-INF/lib

6.1 Upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

This section involves the following topics:

- Standalone Upgrade of OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0
- Cloning Upgrade of OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0
- Pack on Pack Inplace Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 and OFS ECM 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD
 <u>8.1.1.0.0 and OFS_ECM 8.1.1.0.0</u>
- Pack on Pack Cloning Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 and OFS ECM 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD
 <u>8.1.1.0.0 and OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0</u>

6.1.1 Standalone Upgrade of OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

Perform the Standalone Upgrade of OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 via, **In-Place Upgrade** and **Cloning Upgrade**.

NOTE	Ensure to take the backup of File System (FIC_HOME and FTPSHARE), Atomic schema, and Config schema before performing the upgrade.
·	Ensure that you end all the batches before you start the upgrade process.
· ·	For enabling the unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java, see the section <u>Enabling Unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java</u> .
	ORACLE_HOME AND JAVA_HOME have to be updated under FIC_HOME SUB DIRECTORIES while performing Inplace upgrade.

6.1.2 In-Place Upgrade of OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

Prerequisites: For Inplace Upgrade, a minimum patch set level is required for performing OFS BD 8.0.6.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0. See the <u>Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications 8.1.1.0.0</u> <u>Technology Matrix</u>.

- Install AAI 8.0.6.6.0 (Bug No. 31284429).
- Database Version 19

ΝΟΤΕ	Before proceeding wit Database is upgraded the compatible parame the below query	h this upgrade, ensur to the version 19c (lat eter value 19.0.0. Veri	e that the Oracle est update) and has fy this by executing
	SQL> show paramet	er compatible	
	Output		
	NAME	TYPE	VALUE
	compatible	string	19.0.0
	noncdb_compatible	e boolean	FALSE

- Oracle Linux Server release 7 and 8
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux release 7 and 8
- IBM WebSphere Application Server 9.0.0.x
- Apache Tomcat v9.0.x
- Oracle WebLogic Server 12.2.x
- Oracle WebLogic Server 14.1.x

NOTE The archive files are different for every operating system like Solaris Sparc and RHEL/Oracle Linux.

- 1. Download and unzip the OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 Installer from edelivery.
- Navigate to OFS_BD_PACK and grant execute (755) permission for all executables \$ chmod 755 *
- **3.** Navigate to installer/OFS_BD_PACK / conf, update <u>OFS_BD_PACK.xml</u>, and select the applications to enable.

NOTE	1.	Enter YES in ENABLE tag to enable applications.
	2.	AML installation is mandatory for KYC 8.1.1.0.0.

4. Modify PatchConfig.xml parameters under OFS_BD_PACK/OFS_AML/conf/ PatchConfig.xml with appropriate values as follows:

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_SW_ RMIPORT##	The Scenario Wizard uses this attribute. It should consist of a proper port number and not be used by any other application.	Yes
		Ma -
##UFS_AML_SAVE_ METADATA#	uses this attribute. The applicable value is ALL.	Yes
##EXECUTE_PRE_ AND_POST_SCRIPTS##	This flag indicates if certain scripts need to be executed just before and just after the data model upload Applicable value is 1.	Yes (Value = 1)
##SCHEMA_OUT_ XML_PATH##	This attribute refers to the path, which needs to be pointed to OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml, which was generated at the time of installation.	Yes
	For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/Installer/OFS_BD_ PACK/schema_creator/OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml	
##OFS_FCCM_ LOADER_ROLE##	This attribute role is used when OFS BD 8.0.1.0.0/8.0.4.0.0 is installed. The value will be present in OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml and is generated at the time of 8.1.1.0.0 Installation.	Yes

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_ ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations. For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	Yes
##OFS_AML_MINER_ DATA_SOURCE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations For example: Create a data source with name MINER	Yes
##BASE_COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record Institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSBD client. For example: base_country=US base_country=US	Yes
##DEFAULT_ JURISDICTION##	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses. For example: default_jurisdiction=AMEA	Yes
##TNS_ADMIN##	This attribute refers to the path where TNSNAMES.ORA is placed. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp	Yes
##BIG_DATA_ ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data. Enter FALSE.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SQOOP_ WORKING_DIR##	Placeholder to provide SQOOP working directory for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_AUTH_ ALIAS##	Placeholder to provide SSH authorization alias for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_HOST_ NAME##	Placeholder to provide SSH host name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_ PORT##	Placeholder to provide SSH port name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.

Note: KYC Onboarding requires additional deployments of the following:

- Initiate Onboarding Service (InitiateOnboardingService.war)
- Table To JSON Service (Tableto JSON Service.war)
- JSON To Table Service (JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war)
- Common Gateway Service (CommonGatewayService.war)
- Generate Case Input Service (GenerateCaseInputService.war)
- Create JSON Service (create JSONService.war)

The above .war files are available in the FIC_HOME path post-installation. For information on deploying the .war files, see Post Installation Configuration. These deployments are in addition to the Application Pack deployment, that is, OFSBD, Watch list Service deployment and RAOR deployments that are mandatory for KYC onboarding.

For information on the services, see Know Your Customer Service Guide.

The below parameters are applicable for KYC Onboarding.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OBDATASRCNAME# #	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OBDATASRCNAME.
##COMN_GATWAY_ DS##	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be COMN_ GATWAY_DS.
##AAI_AUTH_URL##	This is the URL of the BD application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be AAI_URL.
##TABLE_TO_JSON_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of Table To JSON Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be T2J_URL.
##JSON_TO_TABLE_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of JSON To Table Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be J2T_URL.
##OB_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of Initiate onboarding service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OB_URL.
##ECM_APP_URL##	This is the URL of the ECM application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ECM_ CASE_URL.
##CASE_INPUT_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Generate Case Input Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be GCI_URL.
##COMMON_GATEWAY_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Common Gateway Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CMNGTWYURL.
##SCORING_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the RAOR Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be SCORING_ URL.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFSS_WLS_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Watch list application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OFSS_ WLS_URL.
##CS_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Customer Screening Application till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CS_URL.
##COMM_LOG_PATH##	This is the path of the KYC onboarding log file. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/KYC808DEV/apache-tomcat- 8.0.47/logs.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##QTNR_RESP_URL##	This is the URL of the OFS KYC onboarding service , The URL is <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port=""> /questionnaire_api/questionnaires/resume/<infodom>/ en_US?appCode=OFS_KYC.</infodom></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##QTNR_ RESP_URL##.
##OFS_COMM_DATA_ TBSP##	This is the table space for the common gateway. The value is COMM_ DATA_TBSP.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##OFS_ COMM_DATA_ TBSP##.

- **5.** Navigate to the OFS_BD_PACK/bin folder.
- **6.** Execute setup.sh file using the following command:

\$./setup.sh SILENT

7. After the installation is successful, execute BD_Duplicate_Jar_Removal.sh script from \$FIC_HOME.

Entry (DBNAME of Atomic Schema) should be added in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server.

6.1.3 Cloning Upgrade of OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

NOTE	•	Ensure to take the backup of File System (FIC_HOME and FTPSHARE), Atomic schema, and Config schema before performing the upgrade.
	•	Ensure that you end all the batches before you start the upgrade process.
	•	For enabling the unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java, see the section Enabling Unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java.
	•	ORACLE_HOME AND JAVA_HOME have to be updated under FIC_HOME SUB DIRECTORIES while performing cloning upgrade.

Prerequisites

- Perform Cloning as per the Cloning procedure. For more information, see <u>OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure Cloning Reference Guide</u>.
- See the <u>Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications 8.1.1.0.0 Technology Matrix</u> for preparing hardware and software requirements.

6.1.3.1 Verified Upgrade Paths

Install AAI 8.0.6.6.0 (Bug No. 31284429)

6.1.3.2 Follow these steps

NOTE The archive files are different for every operating system like Solaris Sparc and RHEL/Oracle Linux.

- 1. Download and unzip the OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 Installer from <u>edelivery</u>.
- 2. Navigate to OFS_BD_PACK and grant execute (755) permission for all executables \$ chmod 755 *
- **3.** Navigate to installer/OFS_BD_PACK / conf, update <u>OFS_BD_PACK.xml</u>, and select the applications to enable.

NOTE Enter **YES** in **ENABLE** tag to enable applications.

4. Modify PatchConfig.xml parameters under OFS_BD_PACK/OFS_AML/conf/ PatchConfig.xml with appropriate values as follows:

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_SW_ RMIPORT##	The Scenario Wizard uses this attribute. It should consist of a proper port number and not be used by any other application. For example, 7623 or 8204.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SAVE_ METADATA#	The installer to decide whether to execute hierarchy Resave uses this attribute. The applicable value is ALL.	Yes
##EXECUTE_PRE_ AND_POST_SCRIPTS##	This flag indicates if certain scripts need to be executed just before and just after the data model upload Applicable value is 1.	Yes (Value = 1)
##SCHEMA_OUT_ XML_PATH##	This attribute refers to the path, which needs to be pointed to OFS_BD_ SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml, which was generated at the time of installation.	Yes
	For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/Installer/OFS_BD_ PACK/schema_creator/OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml	
##OFS_FCCM_ LOADER_ROLE##	This attribute role is used when OFS BD 8.0.1.0.0/8.0.4.0.0 is installed. The value will be present in OFS_BD_SCHEMA_ OUTPUT.xml and is generated at the time of 8.1.1.0.0 Installation.	Yes
##OFS_AML_ ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations. For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	Yes
##OFS_AML_MINER_ DATA_SOURCE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations	Yes
##BASE_COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record Institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSBD client. For example: base_country=US base_country=US	Yes
##DEFAULT_ JURISDICTION##	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses. For example: default_jurisdiction=AMEA	Yes
##TNS_ADMIN##	This attribute refers to the path where TNSNAMES.ORA is placed.	Yes
##BIG DATA ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data, Enter FALSE.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SQOOP_ WORKING_DIR##	Placeholder to provide SQOOP working directory for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_AUTH_ ALIAS##	Placeholder to provide SSH authorization alias for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_HOST_ NAME##	Placeholder to provide SSH host name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_ PORT##	Placeholder to provide SSH port name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
Note: KYC Onboarding red	quires additional deployments of the following:	
? Initiate Onboardin	g Service (InitiateOnboardingService.war)	
? Table To JSON Set	rvice (TabletoJSONService.war)	
? JSON To Table Set	rvice (JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war)	
? Common Gateway	Common Gateway Service (CommonGatewayService.war)	
? Generate Case Inp	ut Service (GenerateCaseInputService.war)	
? Create JSON Servi	ce (createJSONService.war)	
The above .war files are av the .war files, see Post Inst Pack deployment, that is, mandatory for KYC onboa For information on the ser	ailable in the FIC_HOME path post-installation. For inform allation Configuration. These deployments are in addition , OFSBD, Watch list Service deployment and RAOR dep rding. vices, see Know Your Customer Service Guide.	nation on deploying n to the Application ployments that are
The below parameters are ap	plicable for KYC Onboarding.	1
##OBDATASRCNAME# #	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OBDATASRCNAME.
##COMN_GATWAY_ DS##	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be COMN_ GATWAY_DS.
##AAI_AUTH_URL##	This is the URL of the BD application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be AAI_URL.
##TABLE_TO_JSON_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of Table To JSON Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be T2J_URL.
##JSON_TO_TABLE_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of JSON To Table Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be J2T_URL.
##OB_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of Initiate onboarding service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OB_URL.
##ECM_APP_URL##	This is the URL of the ECM application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ECM_ CASE_URL.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##CASE_INPUT_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Generate Case Input Service till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be GCI_URL.
##COMMON_GATEWAY_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Common Gateway Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CMNGTWYURL.
##SCORING_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the RAOR Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be SCORING_ URL.
##OFSS_WLS_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Watch list application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OFSS_ WLS_URL.
##CS_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Customer Screening Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CS_URL.
##COMM_LOG_PATH##	This is the path of the KYC onboarding log file. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/KYC808DEV/apache-tomcat- 8.0.47/logs.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##QTNR_RESP_URL##	This is the URL of the OFS KYC onboarding service , The URL is <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port=""> /questionnaire_api/questionnaires/resume/<infodom>/ en_US?appCode=OFS_KYC.</infodom></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##QTNR_ RESP_URL##.
##OFS_COMM_DATA_ TBSP##	This is the table space for the common gateway. The value is COMM_ DATA_TBSP.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##OFS_ COMM_DATA_ TBSP##.

- **5.** Navigate to the OFS_BD_PACK/bin folder.
- **6.** Execute setup.sh file using the following command:

\$./setup.sh SILENT

- 7. After the installation is successful, execute BD_Duplicate_Jar_Removal.sh script from \$FIC_HOME.
- **8.** Entry (DBNAME of Atomic Schema) should be added in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server.

6.1.4 Pack on Pack Inplace Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 and OFS ECM 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 and OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0

Performing Pack on Pack Inplace Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 and OFS ECM 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 and OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0.

NOTE	• Ensure to take the backup of File System (FIC_HOME and FTPSHARE), Atomic schema, and Config schema before performing the upgrade.
	• The system should be with OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 and OFS ECM 8.0.6.0.0
	 Ensure that the dispatcher is not running. If the dispatcher is running, stop and then start the upgrading process.
	• Ensure that you end all the batches before you start the upgrade process.
	• Ensure that you run the END_MANTAS_BATCH before starting the upgrade.
	 For enabling the unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java, see the section Enabling Unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java.
	 ORACLE_HOME AND JAVA_HOME have to be updated under FIC_HOME SUB DIRECTORIES while performing Inplace upgrade.

Prerequisites

- Perform Cloning as per the Cloning procedure. For more information, see <u>OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure Cloning Reference Guide</u>.
- See the <u>Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications 8.1.1.0.0 Technology Matrix</u> for preparing hardware and software requirements.

The system should be with OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 and OFS ECM 8.0.6.0.0

6.1.4.1 Verified upgrade paths

- Install AAI 8.0.6.6.0 (Bug No. 31284429).
- Install BD 8.0.6.0.46 (Bug No. 30926706).
- Install ECM 8.0.6.0.2 (Bug No. 28713907).

6.1.4.2 Pack on Pack Upgrade Sequence

Follow Pack Upgrade Sequence for Pack on Pack Upgrade.

- OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0
- OFS ECM 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0

6.1.4.2.1 OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

Follow these steps for OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0.

NOTE The archive files are different for every operating system like Solaris Sparc and RHEL/Oracle Linux.

- 1. Download and unzip the OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 Installer from <u>edelivery</u>.
- 2. Refer to the following instructions to download, extract, install, and configure this release:
- **3.** Login to the OFSAA Server with user credentials used to install OFSAA.
- Shut down all the OFSAAI Services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in <u>Appendix E</u>.
- 5. Execute the following command: chmod -R 755 \$FIC_HOME
- If you have Unzip utility, skip to the next step. Download the Unzip utility (OS specific) and copy it in Binary mode to the directory that is included in your PATH variable, typically \$HOME path or directory in which you have copied the 8.1.1.0.0 installer.
- 7. Uncompress the unzip installer file using the command: uncompress unzip_<os>.Z

NOTE In case you notice an error message "uncompress: not found [No such file or directory]" If the package is not installed, contact your UNIX administrator.

8. Extract the contents of the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Applications Pack 8.1.1.0.0 installer archive file using the following command:

unzip_<os> <name of the file to be unzipped>

NOTE

Give EXECUTE permission to the archive file OFS_BD_PACK as in the following sample command: chmod -R 755 OFS_BD_PACK

9. Navigate to installer/OFS_BD_PACK/ conf and update <u>OFS_BD_PACK.xml</u>, select the applications to enable.

Enter **YES** in **ENABLE** tag to enable applications.

10. Navigate to installer/OFS_BD_PACK/OFS_AML/conf and update patchconfig.xml and grant permission to the .sh files as follows:
Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_SW_ RMIPORT##	The Scenario Wizard uses this attribute. It should consist of a proper port number and not be used by any other application. For example, 7623 or 8204.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SAVE_ METADATA#	The installer to decide whether to execute hierarchy Resave uses this attribute. The applicable value is ALL.	Yes
##EXECUTE_PRE_ AND_POST_SCRIPTS##	This flag indicates if certain scripts need to be executed just before and just after the data model upload Applicable value is 1.	Yes (Value = 1)
##SCHEMA_OUT_ XML_PATH##	This attribute refers to the path, which needs to be pointed to OFS_BD_ SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml, which was generated at the time of installation.	Yes
	For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/Installer/OFS_BD_ PACK/schema_creator/OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml	
##OFS_FCCM_ LOADER_ROLE##	This attribute role is used when OFS BD 8.0.1.0.0/8.0.4.0.0 is installed. The value will be present in OFS_BD_SCHEMA_ OUTPUT.xml and is generated at the time of 8.1.1.0.0 Installation.	Yes
##OFS_AML_ ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations. For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	Yes
##OFS_AML_MINER_ DATA_SOURCE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations	Yes
##BASE COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record	Vos
	Institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSBD client.	
##DEFAULT_ JURISDICTION##	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses. For example: default_jurisdiction=AMEA	Yes
##TNS_ADMIN##	This attribute refers to the path where TNSNAMES.ORA is placed.	Yes
	For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp	N
##BIG_DATA_ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data. Enter FALSE.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SQOOP_ WORKING_DIR##	Placeholder to provide SQUUP working directory for AML	big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_AUTH_ ALIAS##	Placeholder to provide SSH authorization alias for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_HOST_ NAME##	Placeholder to provide SSH host name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_ PORT##	Placeholder to provide SSH port name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
Note: KYC Onboarding red	quires additional deployments of the following:	
? Initiate Onboardin	g Service (InitiateOnboardingService.war)	
? Table To JSON Se	rvice (TabletoJSONService.war)	
? JSON To Table Se	rvice (JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war)	
? Common Gateway	v Service (CommonGatewayService.war)	
? Generate Case Inp	ut Service (GenerateCaseInputService.war)	
? Create JSON Servi	ce (createJSONService.war)	
The above .war files are av the .war files, see Post Inst Pack deployment, that is, mandatory for KYC onboa For information on the ser	ailable in the FIC_HOME path post-installation. For inform allation Configuration. These deployments are in addition , OFSBD, Watch list Service deployment and RAOR dep rding. vices, see Know Your Customer Service Guide.	nation on deploying n to the Application ployments that are
The below parameters are ap	plicable for KYC Onboarding.	1
##OBDATASRCNAME# #	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OBDATASRCNAME.
##COMN_GATWAY_ DS##	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be COMN_ GATWAY_DS.
##AAI_AUTH_URL##	This is the URL of the BD application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be AAI_URL.
##TABLE_TO_JSON_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of Table To JSON Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be T2J_URL.
##JSON_TO_TABLE_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of JSON To Table Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be J2T_URL.
##OB_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of Initiate onboarding service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OB_URL.
##ECM_APP_URL##	This is the URL of the ECM application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ECM_ CASE_URL.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##CASE_INPUT_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Generate Case Input Service till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be GCI_URL.
##COMMON_GATEWAY_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Common Gateway Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CMNGTWYURL.
##SCORING_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the RAOR Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be SCORING_ URL.
##OFSS_WLS_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Watch list application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OFSS_ WLS_URL.
##CS_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Customer Screening Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CS_URL.
##COMM_LOG_PATH##	This is the path of the KYC onboarding log file. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/KYC808DEV/apache-tomcat- 8.0.47/logs.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##QTNR_RESP_URL##	This is the URL of the OFS KYC onboarding service , The URL is <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port=""> /questionnaire_api/questionnaires/resume/<infodom>/ en_US?appCode=OFS_KYC.</infodom></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##QTNR_ RESP_URL##.
##OFS_COMM_DATA_ TBSP##	This is the table space for the common gateway. The value is COMM_ DATA_TBSP.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##OFS_ COMM_DATA_ TBSP##.

- **11.** Navigate to OFS_BD_PACK/bin.
- **12.** Execute the following command: ./setup.sh SILENT

13. Verify if the release is applied successfully by checking the log file generated in the installation folder. You can ignore ORA-00001, ORA-00955, ORA-02260, and ORA-01430 errors in the log file. In case of any other errors, contact Oracle Support.

NOTE The DMT migration utility is executed during BD installation to migrate the DMT metadata (PLC/Data Source/Data Mapping/Data File Mapping) to be persisted in tables instead of XML. You may be required to re-run the DMT migration utility in some scenarios. To identify whether to run the utility, how to run, and how to handle migration issues, see OFSAA DMT Metadata Migration Guide.

- **14.** After the installation is successful, execute BD_Duplicate_Jar_Removal.sh script from \$FIC_HOME.
- **15.** Entry (DBNAME of Atomic Schema) should be added in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server.
- **16.** For more information on securing your OFSAA Infrastructure, refer to the Security Guide in <u>OHC</u> Library.
- **17.** Add umask 0027 in the .profile of the UNIX account, which manages the WEB server to ensure restricted access permissions.
- **18.** Restart all the OFSAAI services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in <u>Appendix E</u>.
- **19.** Generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server. For more information on generating and deploying EAR / WAR file, refer to <u>Appendix D</u> section.
- **20.** Deploy the RPD and Catalog ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 files present under \$FIC_HOME/ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 folder.
- **21.** For enabling TDE in case of a new installation, see Configuring TDE in case of Upgrade section in <u>Appendix R</u>.
- **22.** For enabling Data Redaction in case of a new installation, see Enabling Data Redaction in case of Upgrade section in <u>Appendix R</u>.

6.1.4.2.2 OFS ECM 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0

Refer the <u>OFS ECM Installation Guide 8.1.1.0.0</u> for Pack on Pack Inplace Upgrade steps from OFS ECM 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0.

6.1.5 Pack on Pack Cloning Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 and OFS ECM 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 and OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0.

Performing Pack on Pack Cloning Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 and OFS ECM 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 and OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0.

Prerequisites

- Perform Cloning as per the Cloning procedure. For more information, see <u>OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure Cloning Reference Guide</u>.
- See the <u>Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications 8.1.1.0.0 Technology Matrix</u> for preparing hardware and software requirements.

NOTE	 Ensure to take the backup of File System (FIC_HOME and FTPSHARE), Atomic schema, and Config schema before performing the upgrade.
	Ensure that the dispatcher is not running. If the dispatcher is
	• Running, stop and then start the upgrading process.
	• Ensure that you end all the batches before you start the upgrade process.
	 Ensure that you run the END_MANTAS_BATCH before starting the upgrade.
	 For enabling the unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java, see the section Enabling Unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java.
	https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E55339_01/homepage.html
	 ORACLE_HOME AND JAVA_HOME have to be updated under FIC_HOME SUB DIRECTORIES while performing cloning upgrade.

6.1.5.1 Verified upgrade paths

- Install AAI 8.0.6.6.0 (Bug No. 31284429).
- Install BD 8.0.6.0.46 (Bug No. 30926706).
- Install ECM 8.0.6.0.2 (Bug No. 28713907).

6.1.5.2 Pack on Pack Upgrade Sequence

Follow Pack Upgrade Sequence for Pack on Pack Upgrade.

- OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0
- OFS ECM 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0

6.1.5.2.1 OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

Follow these steps for OFS BD 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

1. Download and unzip the OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 Installer from <u>edelivery</u>.

Refer to the following instructions to download, extract, install, and configure this release:

2. To download and copy the OFS BD Applications Pack v8.1.1.0.0 archive file, see downloading and copying the OFS BD Applications Pack Installer section.

NOTE The archive files are different for every operating system like Solaris Sparc and RHEL/Oracle Linux.

- 3. Login to the OFSAA Server with user credentials used to install OFSAA.
- **4.** Shutdown all the OFSAAI Services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in <u>Appendix E</u>.
- 5. Execute the following command: chmod -R 755 \$FIC_HOME
- If you have Unzip utility, skip to the next step. Download the Unzip utility (OS specific) and copy it in Binary mode to the directory that is included in your PATH variable, typically \$HOME path or directory in which you have copied the 8.1.1.0.0 installer.
- 7. Uncompress the unzip installer file using the command: uncompress unzip_<os>.Z

NOTE In case you notice an error message "uncompress: not found [No such file or directory]" contact your UNIX administrator If the package is not installed.

8. Extract the contents of the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Applications Pack 8.1.1.0.0 installer archive file using the following command:

unzip_<os> <name of the file to be unzipped>

Give EXECUTE permission to the archive file OFS_BD_PACK as in the following sample command: chmod -R 755 OFS_BD_PACK

9. Navigate to installer/OFS_BD_PACK/OFS_AML/conf and update patchconfig.xml, and grant permission to the .sh files as follows:

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_SW_ RMIPORT##	The Scenario Wizard uses this attribute. It should consist of a proper port number and not be used by any other application. For example, 7623 or 8204.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SAVE_ METADATA#	The installer to decide whether to execute hierarchy Resave uses this attribute. The applicable value is ALL.	Yes
##EXECUTE_PRE_ AND_POST_SCRIPTS##	This flag indicates if certain scripts need to be executed just before and just after the data model upload Applicable value is 1.	Yes (Value = 1)
##SCHEMA_OUT_ XML_PATH##	This attribute refers to the path, which needs to be pointed to OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml, which was generated at the time of installation.	Yes
	For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/Installer/OFS_BD_ PACK/schema_creator/OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml	

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_FCCM_ LOADER_ROLE##	This attribute role is used when OFS BD 8.0.1.0.0/8.0.4.0.0 is installed. The value will be present in OFS_BD_SCHEMA_ OUTPUT.xml and is generated at the time of 8.1.1.0.0 Installation.	Yes
##OFS_AML_ ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations. For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	Yes
##OFS_AML_MINER_ DATA_SOURCE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations For example: Create a data source with name MINER	Yes
##BASE_COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record Institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSBD client. For example: base_country=US base_country=US	Yes
##DEFAULT_ JURISDICTION##	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses. For example: default_jurisdiction=AMEA	Yes
##TNS_ADMIN##	This attribute refers to the path where TNSNAMES.ORA is placed. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp	Yes
##BIG_DATA_ ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data. Enter FALSE.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SQOOP_ WORKING_DIR##	Placeholder to provide SQOOP working directory for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_AUTH_ ALIAS##	Placeholder to provide SSH authorization alias for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_HOST_ NAME##	Placeholder to provide SSH host name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_ PORT##	Placeholder to provide SSH port name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
Note: KYC Onboarding red	quires additional deployments of the following:	
? Initiate Onboardin	g Service (InitiateOnboardingService.war)	
? Table To JSON Se	rvice (TabletoJSONService.war)	
? JSON To Table Se	rvice (JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war)	
? Common Gateway	<pre>v Service (CommonGatewayService.war)</pre>	
? Generate Case Inp	ut Service (GenerateCaseInputService.war)	
? Create JSON Servi	ce (createJSONService.war)	
The above .war files are av the .war files, see Post Inst Pack deployment, that is, mandatory for KYC onboa For information on the ser	ailable in the FIC_HOME path post-installation. For inform allation Configuration. These deployments are in addition, OFSBD, Watch list Service deployment and RAOR dep rding. vices, see Know Your Customer Service Guide.	nation on deploying n to the Application ployments that are
The below parameters are ap	plicable for KYC Onboarding.	
##OBDATASRCNAME# #	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OBDATASRCNAME.
##COMN_GATWAY_ DS##	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be COMN_ GATWAY_DS.
##AAI_AUTH_URL##	This is the URL of the BD application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be AAI_URL.
##TABLE_TO_JSON_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of Table To JSON Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be T2J_URL.
##JSON_TO_TABLE_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of JSON To Table Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be J2T_URL.
##OB_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of Initiate onboarding service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OB_URL.
##ECM_APP_URL##	This is the URL of the ECM application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ECM_ CASE_URL.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##CASE_INPUT_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Generate Case Input Service till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be GCI_URL.
##COMMON_GATEWAY_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Common Gateway Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CMNGTWYURL.
##SCORING_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the RAOR Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be SCORING_ URL.
##OFSS_WLS_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Watch list application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OFSS_ WLS_URL.
##CS_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Customer Screening Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CS_URL.
##COMM_LOG_PATH##	This is the path of the KYC onboarding log file. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/KYC808DEV/apache-tomcat- 8.0.47/logs.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##QTNR_RESP_URL##	This is the URL of the OFS KYC onboarding service , The URL is <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port=""> /questionnaire_api/questionnaires/resume/<infodom>/ en_US?appCode=OFS_KYC.</infodom></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##QTNR_ RESP_URL##.
##OFS_COMM_DATA_ TBSP##	This is the table space for the common gateway. The value is COMM_ DATA_TBSP.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##OFS_ COMM_DATA_ TBSP##.

- **10.** Navigate to OFS_BD_PACK/bin.
- **11.** Execute the following command: ./setup.sh SILENT

- **12.** After the installation is successful, execute BD_Duplicate_Jar_Removal.sh script from \$FIC_HOME.
- **13.** Check the DB builder logs for successful execution of mantas8.1.1.0.0_delta.cfg and delta_plat8.1.1.0.0.cfg. If these did not run, then execute them manually by executing below commands:
 - ./run_dbbuilder_utility.sh \$FIC_HOME/database/ mantas_schema/delta/oracle/8.0/mantas8.1.1.0.0_delta.cfg
 - ./run_dbbuilder_utility.sh \$FIC_HOME/database/ bus_mkt_schema/delta/oracle/8.0/delta_plat8.1.1.0.0.cfg
- **14.** Entry (DBNAME of Atomic Schema) should be added in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server.
- **15.** If the release is applied successfully, check the log file generated by verifying the installation folder. Ignore ORA-00001, ORA-00955, ORA-02260, and ORA-01430 errors in the log file. In case of any other errors, contact Oracle Support.

NOTE	The DMT migration utility is executed during BD installation, to migrate the DMT metadata (PLC/Data Source/Data
	Mapping/Data File Mapping) to be persisted in tables instead of XML. You may be required to re-run DMT migration utility in
	run and how to handle migration issues, see OFSAA DMT Metadata Migration Guide.

- **16.** For more information on securing your OFSAA Infrastructure, refer to the Security Guide in <u>OHC</u> Library.
- **17.** Add umask 0027 in the .profile of the UNIX account, which manages the WEB server to ensure restricted access permissions.
- **18.** Restart all the OFSAAI services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in <u>Appendix E</u>.
- **19.** Generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server. For more information on generating and deploying EAR / WAR file, refer <u>Appendix D</u> section.
- Deploy the RPD and Catalog ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 files present under \$FIC_HOME/ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 folder.
- **21.** For enabling TDE in case of a new installation, see Configuring TDE in case of Upgrade section in <u>Appendix R</u>.
- **22.** For enabling Data Redaction in case of a new installation, see Enabling Data Redaction in case of Upgrade section in Appendix R.

6.1.5.2.2 OFS ECM 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0

Refer the <u>OFS ECM Installation Guide 8.1.1.0.0</u> for Pack on Pack Cloning Upgrade steps from OFS ECM 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0.

6.2 Upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

This section involves the following topics:

- Standalone Upgrade of OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0
- Cloning Upgrades of OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0
- Pack on Pack Inplace Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0, OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0, OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0
- Pack on Pack Cloning Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0, OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0, OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0

6.2.1 Standalone Upgrade of OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

Perform the Standalone Upgrade of OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 via, **In-Place Upgrade** and **Cloning Upgrade**.

ΝΟΤΕ	 Ensure to take the backup of File System (FIC_HOME and FTPSHARE), Atomic schema, and Config schema before performing the upgrade.
	 Ensure that you end all the batches before you start the upgrade process.
	 For enabling the unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java, see the section <u>Enabling Unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java</u>.
	 ORACLE_HOME AND JAVA_HOME have to be updated under FIC_HOME SUB DIRECTORIES while performing Inplace upgrade.

6.2.2 In-Place Upgrade of OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

Prerequisites: For Inplace Upgrade, a minimum patch set level is required for performing OFS BD 8.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0. See the <u>Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications 8.1.1.0.0</u> <u>Technology Matrix</u>.

6.2.2.1 Verified Upgrade Paths

- Install AAI 8.0.7.4.0 (Bug No. 31363605).
- Install BD 8.0.7.1.0 (Bug No.31328861).
- Database Version 19

NOTE	Before proceeding with this upgrade, ensure that the Oracle Database is upgraded to the version 19c (latest update) and has the compatible parameter value 19.0.0. Verify this by executing the below query			
	SQL> show parameter compatible			
Output				
	NAME	TYPE	VALUE	
	compatible	string	19.0.0	
	noncdb_compatible	e boolean	FALSE	

- Oracle Linux Server release 7 and 8
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux release 7 and 8
- IBM WebSphere Application Server 9.0.0.x
- Apache Tomcat v9.0.x
- Oracle WebLogic Server 12.2.x
- Oracle WebLogic Server 14.1.x

6.2.2.2 Follow these steps

NOTE The archive files are different for every operating system like Solaris Sparc and RHEL/Oracle Linux.

- 1. Download and unzip the OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 Installer from edelivery.
- 2. Navigate to OFS_BD_PACK and grant execute (755) permission for all executables \$ chmod 755 *
- **3.** Navigate to installer/OFS_BD_PACK/ conf and update <u>OFS_BD_PACK.xml</u>. Select applications to enable.

NOTE Enter **YES** in **ENABLE** tag to enable applications.

4. Modify PatchConfig.xml parameters under OFS_BD_PACK/OFS_AML/conf/ PatchConfig.xml with appropriate values as follows:

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_SW_ RMIPORT##	The Scenario Wizard uses this attribute. It should consist of a proper port number and not be used by any other application. For example, 7623 or 8204.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SAVE_ METADATA#	The installer to decide whether to execute hierarchy Resave uses this attribute. The applicable value is ALL.	Yes
##EXECUTE_PRE_ AND_POST_SCRIPTS##	This flag indicates if certain scripts need to be executed just before and just after the data model upload Applicable value is 1.	Yes (Value = 0)
##SCHEMA_OUT_ XML_PATH##	This attribute refers to the path, which needs to be pointed to OFS_BD_ SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml, which was generated at the time of installation.	Yes
	For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/Installer/OFS_BD_ PACK/schema_creator/OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml	
##OFS_FCCM_ LOADER_ROLE##	This attribute role is used when OFS BD 8.0.1.0.0/8.0.4.0.0 is installed. The value will be present in OFS_BD_SCHEMA_ OUTPUT.xml and is generated at the time of 8.1.1.0.0 Installation.	Yes
##OFS_AML_ ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations. For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	Yes
##OFS_AML_MINER_ DATA_SOURCE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations	Yes
##BASE COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record	Vos
	Institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSBD client.	
##DEFAULT_ JURISDICTION##	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses. For example: default_jurisdiction=AMEA	Yes
##TNS_ADMIN##	This attribute refers to the path where TNSNAMES.ORA is placed.	Yes
	For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp	N
##BIG_DATA_ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data. Enter FALSE.	res
##UFS_AML_SQUUP_ WORKING_DIR##	Placeholder to provide SQUUP working directory for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_AUTH_ ALIAS##	Placeholder to provide SSH authorization alias for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_HOST_ NAME##	Placeholder to provide SSH host name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_ PORT##	Placeholder to provide SSH port name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
Note: KYC Onboarding rea	quires additional deployments of the following:	
? Initiate Onboardin	g Service (InitiateOnboardingService.war)	
? Table To JSON Se	rvice (TabletoJSONService.war)	
? JSON To Table Se	rvice (JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war)	
? Common Gateway	<pre>/ Service (CommonGatewayService.war)</pre>	
? Generate Case Inp	ut Service (GenerateCaseInputService.war)	
? Create JSON Servi	ce (createJSONService.war)	
The above .war files are av the .war files, see Post Inst Pack deployment, that is mandatory for KYC onboa For information on the ser	vailable in the FIC_HOME path post-installation. For inform tallation Configuration. These deployments are in addition , OFSBD, Watch list Service deployment and RAOR dep rding. rvices, see Know Your Customer Service Guide.	nation on deploying n to the Application ployments that are
The below parameters are ap	plicable for KYC Onboarding.	1
##OBDATASRCNAME# #	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OBDATASRCNAME.
##COMN_GATWAY_ DS##	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be COMN_ GATWAY_DS.
##AAI_AUTH_URL##	This is the URL of the BD application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be AAI_URL.
##TABLE_TO_JSON_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of Table To JSON Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be T2J_URL.
##JSON_TO_TABLE_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of JSON To Table Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be J2T_URL.
##OB_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of Initiate onboarding service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OB_URL.
##ECM_APP_URL##	This is the URL of the ECM application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ECM_ CASE_URL.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##CASE_INPUT_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Generate Case Input Service till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be GCI_URL.
##COMMON_GATEWAY_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Common Gateway Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CMNGTWYURL.
##SCORING_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the RAOR Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be SCORING_ URL.
##OFSS_WLS_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Watch list application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OFSS_ WLS_URL.
##CS_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Customer Screening Application till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CS_URL.
##COMM_LOG_PATH##	This is the path of the KYC onboarding log file. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/KYC808DEV/apache-tomcat- 8.0.47/logs.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##QTNR_RESP_URL##	This is the URL of the OFS KYC onboarding service , The URL is <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port=""> /questionnaire_api/questionnaires/resume/<infodom>/ en_US?appCode=OFS_KYC.</infodom></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##QTNR_ RESP_URL##.
##OFS_COMM_DATA_ TBSP##	This is the table space for the common gateway. The value is COMM_ DATA_TBSP.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##OFS_ COMM_DATA_ TBSP##.

- **5.** Navigate to the OFS_BD_PACK/bin folder.
- **6.** Execute setup.sh file using the following command:

\$./setup.sh SILENT

- 7. After the installation is successful, execute BD_Duplicate_Jar_Removal.sh script from \$FIC_HOME.
- **8.** Entry (DBNAME of Atomic Schema) should be added in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server.

6.2.3 Cloning Upgrades of OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

NOTE	 Ensure to take the backup of File System (FIC_HOME and FTPSHARE), Atomic schema, and Config schema before performing the upgrade.
	• Ensure that you end all the batches before you start the upgrade process.
	 For enabling the unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java, see the section <u>Enabling Unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java</u>.
	 ORACLE_HOME AND JAVA_HOME have to be updated under FIC_HOME SUB DIRECTORIES while performing cloning upgrade.

Prerequisites

- Perform Cloning as per the Cloning procedure. For more information, see <u>OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure Cloning Reference Guide</u>.
- See the <u>Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications 8.1.1.0.0 Technology Matrix</u> for preparing hardware and software requirements.

6.2.3.1 Verified upgrade paths

- Install AAI 8.0.7.4.0 (Bug No. 31363605).
- Install BD 8.0.7.1.0 (**Bug No. 31328861**).

6.2.3.2 Follow these steps

NOTE The archive files are different for every operating system like Solaris Sparc and RHEL/Oracle Linux.

- 1. Download and unzip the OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 Installer from edelivery.
- 2. Navigate to OFS_BD_PACK and grant execute (755) permission for all executables \$ chmod 755 *
- **3.** Navigate to installer/OFS_BD_PACK/ conf and update <u>OFS_BD_PACK.xml</u>. Select applications to enable.

NOTE Enter **YES** in **ENABLE** tag to enable applications.

4. Modify PatchConfig.xml parameters under OFS_BD_PACK/OFS_AML/conf/ PatchConfig.xml with appropriate values as follows:

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_SW_ RMIPORT##	The Scenario Wizard uses this attribute. It should consist of a proper port number and not be used by any other application. For example, 7623 or 8204.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SAVE_ METADATA#	The installer to decide whether to execute hierarchy Resave uses this attribute. The applicable value is ALL.	Yes
##EXECUTE_PRE_ AND_POST_SCRIPTS##	This flag indicates if certain scripts need to be executed just before and just after the data model upload Applicable value is 1.	Yes (Value = 0)
##SCHEMA_OUT_ XML_PATH##	This attribute refers to the path, which needs to be pointed to OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml, which was generated at the time of installation. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/Installer/OFS_BD_ PACK/schema_creator/OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml	Yes
##OFS_FCCM_ LOADER_ROLE##	This attribute role is used when OFS BD 8.0.1.0.0/8.0.4.0.0 is installed. The value will be present in OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml and is generated at the time of 8.1.1.0.0 Installation.	Yes
##OFS_AML_ ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations. For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	Yes
##OFS_AML_MINER_ DATA_SOURCE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations For example: Create a data source with name MINER	Yes
##BASE_COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record Institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSBD client. For example: base_country=US base_country=US	Yes
##DEFAULT_ JURISDICTION##	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses. For example: default_jurisdiction=AMEA	Yes
##TNS_ADMIN##	This attribute refers to the path where TNSNAMES.ORA is placed. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp	Yes
##BIG_DATA_ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data. Enter FALSE.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SQOOP_ WORKING_DIR##	Placeholder to provide SQOOP working directory for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_SSH_AUTH_ ALIAS##	Placeholder to provide SSH authorization alias for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_HOST_ NAME##	Placeholder to provide SSH host name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_ PORT##	Placeholder to provide SSH port name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.

Note: KYC Onboarding requires additional deployments of the following:

? Initiate Onboarding Service (InitiateOnboardingService.war)

? Table To JSON Service (Tableto JSONService.war)

? JSON To Table Service (JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war)

? Common Gateway Service (CommonGatewayService.war)

? Generate Case Input Service (GenerateCaseInputService.war)

? Create JSON Service (create JSONService.war)

The above .war files are available in the FIC_HOME path post-installation. For information on deploying the .war files, see Post Installation Configuration. These deployments are in addition to the Application Pack deployment, that is, OFSBD, Watch list Service deployment and RAOR deployments that are mandatory for KYC onboarding.

For information on the services, see Know Your Customer Service Guide.

The below parameters are applicable for KYC Onboarding.

##OBDATASRCNAME# #	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OBDATASRCNAME.
##COMN_GATWAY_ DS##	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be COMN_ GATWAY_DS.
##AAI_AUTH_URL##	This is the URL of the BD application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be AAI_URL.
##TABLE_TO_JSON_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of Table To JSON Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be T2J_URL.
##JSON_TO_TABLE_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of JSON To Table Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be J2T_URL.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OB_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of Initiate onboarding service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OB_URL.
##ECM_APP_URL##	This is the URL of the ECM application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ECM_ CASE_URL.
##CASE_INPUT_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Generate Case Input Service till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be GCI_URL.
##COMMON_GATEWAY_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Common Gateway Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CMNGTWYURL.
##SCORING_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the RAOR Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be SCORING_ URL.
##OFSS_WLS_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Watch list application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OFSS_ WLS_URL.
##CS_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Customer Screening Application till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CS_URL.
##COMM_LOG_PATH##	This is the path of the KYC onboarding log file. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/KYC808DEV/apache-tomcat- 8.0.47/logs.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##QTNR_RESP_URL##	This is the URL of the OFS KYC onboarding service , The URL is <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port=""> /questionnaire_api/questionnaires/resume/<infodom>/ en_US?appCode=OFS_KYC.</infodom></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##QTNR_ RESP_URL##.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_COMM_DATA_ TBSP##	This is the table space for the common gateway. The value is COMM_ DATA_TBSP.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##OFS_ COMM_DATA_ TBSP##.

5. Navigate to the OFS_BD_PACK/bin folder.

Execute setup.sh file using the following command: \$./setup.sh SILENT

- **6.** After the installation is successful, execute BD_Duplicate_Jar_Removal.sh script from \$FIC_HOME.
- **7.** Entry (DBNAME of Atomic Schema) should be added in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server.

6.2.4 Pack on Pack Inplace Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0, OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0, OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0

Performing Pack on Pack Inplace Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0, OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0, OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0.

NOTE	Ensure to take the backup of F and FTPSHARE), Atomic sche before performing the upgrad	ile System (FIC_HOME ma, and Config schema le.
	Ensure that the dispatcher is r dispatcher is running, stop an upgrading process.	ot running. If the d then start the
	Ensure that you end all the ba the upgrade process.	tches before you start
	Ensure that you run the END_ starting the upgrade.	MANTAS_BATCH before
	For enabling the unlimited Cry Java, see the section <u>Enabling</u> <u>Cryptographic Policy for Java</u> .	ptographic Policy for Unlimited
	ORACLE_HOME AND JAVA_H updated under FIC_HOME SU performing Inplace upgrade.	OME have to be B DIRECTORIES while

6.2.4.1 Verified upgrade paths

- Install AAI 8.0.7.5.0 (Bug No.31656139).
- Install BD 8.0.7.1.0 (**Bug No.31328861**).
- Install ECM 8.0.7.2.0 (Bug No.32405565).
- Install CRR 8.0.7.0.1 (Bug No 30151346).

6.2.4.2 Pack on Pack Upgrade Sequence

Follow Pack Upgrade Sequence for Pack on Pack Upgrade.

- OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0
- OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0
- OFS CRR 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0

6.2.4.3 OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

Follow these steps for OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0.

NOTE The archive files are different for every operating system like Solaris Sparc and RHEL/Oracle Linux.

1. Download and unzip the OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 Installer from <u>edelivery</u>.

Refer to the following instructions to download, extract, install, and configure this release:

- **2.** To download and copy the OFS BD Applications Pack v8.1.1.0.0 archive file, see downloading and copying the OFS BD Applications Pack Installer section.
- **3.** Login to the OFSAA Server with user credentials used to install OFSAA.
- **4.** Shut down all the OFSAAI Services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in Appendix D.
- 5. Execute the following command: chmod -R 755 \$FIC_HOME
- If you have Unzip utility, skip to the next step. Download the Unzip utility (OS specific) and copy it in Binary mode to the directory that is included in your PATH variable, typically \$HOME path or directory in which you have copied the 8.1.1.0.0 installer.
- 7. Uncompress the unzip installer file using the command: uncompress unzip_<os>.Z

NOTE In case you notice an error message "uncompress: not found [No such file or directory]," contact your UNIX administrator if the package is not installed.

8. Extract the contents of the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Applications Pack 8.1.1.0.0 installer archive file using the following command:

unzip_<os> <name of the file to be unzipped>

Give EXECUTE permission to the archive file OFS_BD_PACK as in the following sample command: chmod -R 750 OFS_BD_PACK

9. Navigate to installer/OFS_BD_PACK/OFS_AML/conf and update patchconfig.xml and grant permission to the .sh files as follows:

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_SW_ RMIPORT##	The Scenario Wizard uses this attribute. It should consist of a proper port number and not be used by any other application. For example, 7623 or 8204.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SAVE_ METADATA#	The installer to decide whether to execute hierarchy Resave uses this attribute. The applicable value is ALL.	Yes
##EXECUTE_PRE_ AND_POST_SCRIPTS##	This flag indicates if certain scripts need to be executed just before and just after the data model upload Applicable value is 1.	Yes (Value = 0)
##SCHEMA_OUT_ XML_PATH##	This attribute refers to the path, which needs to be pointed to OFS_BD_ SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml, which was generated at the time of installation.	Yes
	For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/Installer/OFS_BD_ PACK/schema_creator/OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml	
##OFS_FCCM_ LOADER_ROLE##	This attribute role is used when OFS BD 8.0.1.0.0/8.0.4.0.0 is installed. The value will be present in OFS_BD_SCHEMA_ OUTPUT.xml and is generated at the time of 8.1.1.0.0 Installation.	Yes
##OFS_AML_ ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations. For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	Yes
##OFS_AML_MINER_ DATA_SOURCE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations For example: Create a data source with name MINER	Yes
##BASE_COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record Institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSBD client. For example: base_country=US base_country=US	Yes
##DEFAULT_ JURISDICTION##	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses. For example: default_jurisdiction=AMEA	Yes
##TNS_ADMIN##	This attribute refers to the path where TNSNAMES.ORA is placed. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp	Yes
##BIG_DATA_ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data. Enter FALSE.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SQOOP_ WORKING_DIR##	Placeholder to provide SQOOP working directory for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_SSH_AUTH_ ALIAS##	Placeholder to provide SSH authorization alias for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_HOST_ NAME##	Placeholder to provide SSH host name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_ PORT##	Placeholder to provide SSH port name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.

Note: KYC Onboarding requires additional deployments of the following:

? Initiate Onboarding Service (InitiateOnboardingService.war)

? Table To JSON Service (Tableto JSONService.war)

? JSON To Table Service (JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war)

? Common Gateway Service (CommonGatewayService.war)

? Generate Case Input Service (GenerateCaseInputService.war)

? Create JSON Service (create JSONService.war)

The above .war files are available in the FIC_HOME path post-installation. For information on deploying the .war files, see Post Installation Configuration. These deployments are in addition to the Application Pack deployment, that is, OFSBD, Watch list Service deployment and RAOR deployments that are mandatory for KYC onboarding.

For information on the services, see Know Your Customer Service Guide.

The below parameters are applicable for KYC Onboarding.

##OBDATASRCNAME# #	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OBDATASRCNAME.
##COMN_GATWAY_ DS##	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be COMN_ GATWAY_DS.
##AAI_AUTH_URL##	This is the URL of the BD application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be AAI_URL.
##TABLE_TO_JSON_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of Table To JSON Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be T2J_URL.
##JSON_TO_TABLE_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of JSON To Table Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be J2T_URL.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OB_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of Initiate onboarding service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OB_URL.
##ECM_APP_URL##	This is the URL of the ECM application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ECM_ CASE_URL.
##CASE_INPUT_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Generate Case Input Service till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be GCI_URL.
##COMMON_GATEWAY_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Common Gateway Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CMNGTWYURL.
##SCORING_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the RAOR Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be SCORING_ URL.
##OFSS_WLS_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Watch list application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OFSS_ WLS_URL.
##CS_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Customer Screening Application till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CS_URL.
##COMM_LOG_PATH##	This is the path of the KYC onboarding log file. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/KYC808DEV/apache-tomcat- 8.0.47/logs.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##QTNR_RESP_URL##	This is the URL of the OFS KYC onboarding service , The URL is <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port=""> /questionnaire_api/questionnaires/resume/<infodom>/ en_US?appCode=OFS_KYC.</infodom></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##QTNR_ RESP_URL##.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_COMM_DATA_ TBSP##	This is the table space for the common gateway. The value is COMM_ DATA_TBSP.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##OFS_ COMM_DATA_ TBSP##.

- **10.** Navigate to OFS_BD_PACK/bin.
- 11. Execute the following command: ./setup.sh SILENT
- **12.** After the installation is successful, execute BD_Duplicate_Jar_Removal.sh script from \$FIC_HOME.
- 13. Check the DB builder logs for successful execution of mantas8.1.1.0.0_delta.cfg and delta_plat8.1.1.0.0.cfg. If these did not run, then execute them manually by executing below commands:
 - ./run_dbbuilder_utility.sh \$FIC_HOME/database/ mantas_schema/delta/oracle/8.0/mantas8.1.1.0.0_delta.cfg
 - ./run_dbbuilder_utility.sh \$FIC_HOME/database/ bus_mkt_schema/delta/oracle/8.0/delta_plat8.1.1.0.0.cfg
- **14.** Entry (DBNAME of Atomic Schema) should be added in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server.
- **15.** Verify if the release is applied successfully by checking the log file generated in the installation folder. You can ignore ORA-00001, ORA-00955, ORA-02260, and ORA-01430 errors in the log file. In case of any other errors, contact Oracle Support.

NOTE The DMT migration utility is executed during BD installation to migrate the DMT metadata (PLC/Data Source/Data Mapping/Data File Mapping) to be persisted in tables instead of XML. You may be required to re-run the DMT migration utility in some scenarios. To identify whether to run the utility, how to run, and how to handle migration issues, see OFSAA DMT Metadata Migration Guide.

- **16.** For more information on securing your OFSAA Infrastructure, refer to the Security Guide in <u>OHC</u> Library.
- **17.** Add umask 0027 in the .profile of the UNIX account, which manages the WEB server to ensure restricted access permissions.

- **18.** Restart all the OFSAAI services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in <u>Appendix E</u>.
- **19.** Generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server. For more information on generating and deploying EAR / WAR file, refer <u>Appendix D</u> section.
- **20.** Deploy the RPD and Catalog ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 files present under \$FIC_HOME/ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 folder.
- **21.** For enabling TDE in case of a new installation, see Configuring TDE in case of Upgrade section in <u>Appendix R</u>.
- **22.** For enabling Data Redaction in case of a new installation, see Enabling Data Redaction in case of Upgrade section in <u>Appendix R</u>.

6.2.4.4 OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0

Refer the <u>OFS ECM Installation Guide 8.1.1.0.0</u> for Pack on Pack Inplace Upgrade steps from OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0.

6.2.4.5 OFS CRR 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0

Refer the <u>OFS CRR Installation Guide 8.1.1.0.0</u> for Pack on Pack Inplace Upgrade steps from OFS CRR 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0.

6.2.5 Pack on Pack Cloning Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0, OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0, OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0

Performing Pack on Pack Cloning Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0, OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0, OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0.

Prerequisites

- Perform Cloning as per the Cloning procedure. For more information, see <u>OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure Cloning Reference Guide</u>.
- See the <u>Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications 8.1.1.0.0 Technology Matrix</u> for preparing hardware and software requirements.

ΝΟΤΕ	 The archive files are different for every operating system like Solaris Sparc and RHEL/Oracle Linux.
	 Ensure to take the backup of File System (FIC_HOME/FTPSHARE), Atomic schema, and Config schema before performing the upgrade.
	 Ensure that the dispatcher is not running. If the dispatcher is running, stop and then start the upgrading process.
	 Ensure that you end all the batches before you start the upgrade process.
	 Ensure that you run the END_MANTAS_BATCH before starting the upgrade. For enabling the unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java, see the section Enabling Unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java.
	 ORACLE_HOME AND JAVA_HOME have to be updated under FIC_HOME SUB DIRECTORIES while performing cloning upgrade.

6.2.5.1 Verified upgrade paths

- Install AAI 8.0.7.5.0 (Bug No.31656139).
- Install BD 8.0.7.1.0 (Bug No.31328861).
- Install ECM 8.0.7.2.0 (Bug No.32405565).
- Install RRS 8.0.7.0.1 (Bug No 30151346).

6.2.5.2 Pack on Pack Upgrade Sequence

Follow Pack Upgrade Sequence for Pack on Pack Upgrade.

- 1. OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0
- 2. OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0
- 3. OFS CRR 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0

6.2.5.2.1 OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

Follow these steps for OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0.

- 1. Download and unzip the OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 Installer from edelivery
- 2. Login to the OFSAA Server with user credentials used to install OFSAA.
- **3.** Shut down all the OFSAAI Services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in <u>Appendix E</u>.
- **4.** Execute the following command:

chmod -R 755 \$FIC_HOME

- If you have Unzip utility, skip to the next step. Download the Unzip utility (OS specific) and copy it in Binary mode to the directory that is included in your PATH variable, typically \$HOME path or directory in which you have copied the 8.1.1.0.0 installer.
- 6. Uncompress the unzip installer file using the command: uncompress unzip_<os>.Z

NOTE In case you notice an error message "uncompress: not found [No such file or directory]" contact your UNIX administrator if the package is not installed.

7. Extract the contents of the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Applications Pack 8.1.1.0.0 installer archive file using the following command:

unzip_<os> <name of the file to be unzipped>

Give EXECUTE permission to the archive file OFS_BD_PACK as in the following sample command:

chmod -R 755 OFS_BD_PACK

8. Update patchconfig.xml and grant permission to the .sh files as follows:

Table 6–1 PatchConfig.xml Parameters

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_SW_ RMIPORT##	The Scenario Wizard uses this attribute. It should consist of a proper port number and not be used by any other application. For example, 7623 or 8204.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SAVE_ METADATA#	The installer to decide whether to execute hierarchy Resave uses this attribute. The applicable value is ALL.	Yes
##EXECUTE_PRE_ AND_POST_SCRIPTS##	This flag indicates if certain scripts need to be executed just before and just after the data model upload Applicable value is 1.	Yes (Value = 0)
##SCHEMA_OUT_ XML_PATH##	This attribute refers to the path, which needs to be pointed to OFS_BD_ SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml, which was generated at the time of installation. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/Installer/OFS_BD_	Yes
	PACK/schema_creator/OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml	
##OFS_FCCM_ LOADER_ROLE##	This attribute role is used when OFS BD 8.0.1.0.0/8.0.4.0.0 is installed. The value will be present in OFS_BD_SCHEMA_ OUTPUT.xml and is generated at the time of 8.1.1.0.0 Installation.	Yes
##OFS_AML_ ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations. For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	Yes
##OFS_AML_MINER_ DATA_SOURCE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations For example: Create a data source with name MINER	Yes
##BASE_COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record Institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSBD client. For example: base_country=US base_country=US	Yes
##DEFAULT_ JURISDICTION##	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses. For example: default_jurisdiction=AMEA	Yes
##TNS_ADMIN##	This attribute refers to the path where TNSNAMES.ORA is placed. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp	Yes
##BIG_DATA_ ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data. Enter FALSE.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SQOOP_ WORKING_DIR##	Placeholder to provide SQOOP working directory for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.

Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
Placeholder to provide SSH authorization alias for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
Placeholder to provide SSH host name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
Placeholder to provide SSH port name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
	Significance and Expected Value Placeholder to provide SSH authorization alias for AML Placeholder to provide SSH host name for AML. Placeholder to provide SSH port name for AML.

Note: KYC Onboarding requires additional deployments of the following:

? Initiate Onboarding Service (InitiateOnboardingService.war)

? Table To JSON Service (Tableto JSON Service.war)

? JSON To Table Service (JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war)

? Common Gateway Service (CommonGatewayService.war)

? Generate Case Input Service (GenerateCaseInputService.war)

? Create JSON Service (create JSONService.war)

The above .war files are available in the FIC_HOME path post-installation. For information on deploying the .war files, see Post Installation Configuration. These deployments are in addition to the Application Pack deployment, that is, OFSBD, Watch list Service deployment and RAOR deployments that are mandatory for KYC onboarding.

For information on the services, see Know Your Customer Service Guide.

The below parameters are applicable for KYC Onboarding.

##OBDATASRCNAME# #	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OBDATASRCNAME.
##COMN_GATWAY_DS##	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be COMN_ GATWAY_DS.
##AAI_AUTH_URL##	This is the URL of the BD application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be AAI_URL.
##TABLE_TO_JSON_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of Table To JSON Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be T2J_URL.
##JSON_TO_TABLE_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of JSON To Table Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be J2T_URL.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OB_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of Initiate onboarding service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OB_URL.
##ECM_APP_URL##	This is the URL of the ECM application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ECM_ CASE_URL.
##CASE_INPUT_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Generate Case Input Service till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be GCI_URL.
##COMMON_GATEWAY_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Common Gateway Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CMNGTWYURL.
##SCORING_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the RAOR Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be SCORING_ URL.
##OFSS_WLS_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Watch list application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OFSS_ WLS_URL.
##CS_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Customer Screening Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CS_URL.
##COMM_LOG_PATH##	This is the path of the KYC onboarding log file. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/KYC808DEV/apache-tomcat- 8.0.47/logs.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##QTNR_RESP_URL##	This is the URL of the OFS KYC onboarding service , The URL is <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port=""> /questionnaire_api/questionnaires/resume/<infodom>/ en_US?appCode=OFS_KYC.</infodom></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##QTNR_ RESP_URL##.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_COMM_DATA_ TBSP##	This is the table space for the common gateway. The value is COMM_ DATA_TBSP.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##OFS_ COMM_DATA_ TBSP##.

9. Navigate to OFS_BD_PACK/bin.

Execute the following command: ./setup.sh SILENT

10. If the release is applied successfully, check the log file generated by verifying in the installation folder. Ignore ORA-00001, ORA-00955, ORA-02260, and ORA-01430 errors in the log file. In case of any other errors, contact Oracle Support.

ΝΟΤΕ	The DMT migration utility is executed during BD installation to migrate the DMT metadata (PLC/Data Source/Data Mapping/Data File Mapping) to be persisted in tables instead of XML. You may be required to re-run the DMT migration utility in some scenarios. To identify whether to run the utility, how to run, and how to handle migration issues, see OFSAA DMT Metadata Migration Guide
	DMT Metadata Migration Guide.

- **11.** After the installation is successful, execute BD_Duplicate_Jar_Removal.sh script from \$FIC_HOME.
- **12.** Entry (DBNAME of Atomic Schema) should be added in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server.
- **13.** For more information on securing your OFSAA Infrastructure, refer to the Security Guide in <u>OHC</u> Library.
- **14.** Add umask 0027 in the .profile of the UNIX account, which manages the WEB server to ensure restricted access permissions.
- **15.** Restart all the OFSAAI services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in <u>Appendix E</u>.
- **16.** Generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server. For more information on generating and deploying EAR / WAR file, refer <u>Appendix D</u> section.
- **17.** Deploy the RPD and Catalog ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 files present under \$FIC_HOME/ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 folder.

For enabling TDE in case of a new installation, see Configuring TDE in case of Upgrade section in <u>Appendix R</u>.

For enabling Data Redaction in case of a new installation, see Enabling Data Redaction. In case of Upgrade section in <u>Appendix R</u>

6.2.5.2.2 OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0

Refer the <u>OFS ECM Installation Guide 8.1.1.0.0</u> for Pack on Pack Inplace Upgrade steps from OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0.

6.2.5.2.3 OFS CRR 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0

Refer the <u>OFS CRR Installation Guide 8.1.1.0.0</u> for Pack on Pack Cloning Upgrade steps from OFS CRR 8.0.7.0.0 to OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0.

6.3 Upgrading from OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

This section involves the following topics:

- Standalone Upgrade of OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0
- Cloning Upgrade of OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0
- Pack on Pack Inplace Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0, OFS ECM 8.0.8.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0, OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0
- Pack on Pack Cloning Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0, OFS ECM 8.0.8.0.0 OFS CRR 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0, OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0

6.3.1 Standalone Upgrade of OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

Perform the Standalone Upgrade of OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 via, **In-Place Upgrade** and **Cloning Upgrade**.

 Ensure to take the backup of File System (FIC_HOME and FTPSHARE), Atomic schema, and Config schema before performing the upgrade.
 Ensure that you end all the batches before you start the upgrade process.
 For enabling the unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java, see the section <u>Enabling Unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java</u>.
 ORACLE_HOME AND JAVA_HOME have to be updated under FIC_HOME SUB DIRECTORIES while performing Inplace upgrade.

6.3.1.1 In-Place Upgrade of OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

Prerequisites: For Inplace Upgrade, a minimum patch set level is required for performing OFS BD 8.0.8.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0. See the <u>Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications 8.1.1.0.0</u> <u>Technology Matrix</u>.

6.3.1.1.1 Verified upgrade paths

- Install AAI 8.0.8.2.0 (Bug No. 31365663).
- Database Version 19

NOTE	Before proceeding with this upgrade, ensure that the Oracle Database is upgraded to the version 19c (latest update) and has the compatible parameter value 19.0.0. Verify this by executing the below query SQL> show parameter compatible			
	Output			
	NAME	TYPE	VALUE	
	compatible	string	19.0.0	
	noncdb_compatible	e boolean	FALSE	

- Oracle Linux Server release 7 and 8
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux release 7 and 8
- IBM WebSphere Application Server 9.0.0.x
- Apache Tomcat v9.0.x
- Oracle WebLogic Server 12.2.x
- Oracle WebLogic Server 14.1.x

6.3.1.1.2 Follow these steps

NOTE The archive files are different for every operating system like Solaris Sparc and RHEL/Oracle Linux.

- 1. Download and unzip the OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 Installer from <u>edelivery</u>.
- 2. Navigate to OFS_BD_PACK and grant execute (755) permission for all executables \$ chmod 755 *

Navigate to installer/OFS_BD_PACK/ conf and update <u>OFS_BD_PACK.xml</u>. Select the applications to enable.



Enter **YES** in **ENABLE** tag to enable applications.

3. Modify PatchConfig.xml parameters under OFS_BD_PACK/OFS_AML/conf/ PatchConfig.xml with appropriate values as follows:

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_SW_ RMIPORT##	The Scenario Wizard uses this attribute. It should consist of a proper port number and not be used by any other application. For example, 7623 or 8204.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SAVE_ METADATA#	The installer to decide whether to execute hierarchy Resave uses this attribute. The applicable value is ALL.	Yes
##EXECUTE_PRE_ AND_POST_SCRIPTS##	This flag indicates if certain scripts need to be executed just before and just after the data model upload Applicable value is 1.	Yes (Value = 0)
##SCHEMA_OUT_ XML_PATH##	This attribute refers to the path, which needs to be pointed to OFS_BD_ SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml, which was generated at the time of installation.	Yes
	For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/Installer/OFS_BD_ PACK/schema_creator/OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml	
##OFS_FCCM_ LOADER_ROLE##	This attribute role is used when OFS BD 8.0.1.0.0/8.0.4.0.0 is installed. The value will be present in OFS_BD_SCHEMA_ OUTPUT.xml and is generated at the time of 8.1.1.0.0 Installation.	Yes
##OFS_AML_ ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations. For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	Yes
##OFS_AML_MINER_ DATA_SOURCE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations	Yes
	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record	Vac
##BASE_COUNTRT##	Institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSBD client.	
##DEFAULT_ JURISDICTION##	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses. For example: default_jurisdiction=AMEA	Yes
##TNS_ADMIN##	This attribute refers to the path where TNSNAMES.ORA is placed.	Yes
	For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp	
##BIG_DATA_ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data. Enter FALSE.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SQOOP_ WORKING_DIR##	Placeholder to provide SQUUP working directory for AML	big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_AUTH_ ALIAS##	Placeholder to provide SSH authorization alias for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_HOST_ NAME##	Placeholder to provide SSH host name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_ PORT##	Placeholder to provide SSH port name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
---	--	--
Note: KYC Onboarding rec	quires additional deployments of the following:	
? Initiate Onboardin	g Service (InitiateOnboardingService.war)	
? Table To JSON Ser	rvice (TabletoJSONService.war)	
? JSON To Table Ser	rvice (JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war)	
? Common Gateway	Service (CommonGatewayService.war)	
? Generate Case Inp	ut Service (GenerateCaseInputService.war)	
? Create JSON Servi	ce (createJSONService.war)	
The above .war files are aver the .war files, see Post Inst Pack deployment, that is, mandatory for KYC onboar For information on the ser	ailable in the FIC_HOME path post-installation. For inform allation Configuration. These deployments are in addition OFSBD, Watch list Service deployment and RAOR depriment rding. vices, see Know Your Customer Service Guide.	nation on deploying n to the Application ployments that are
The below parameters are ap	plicable for KYC Onboarding.	
##OBDATASRCNAME# #	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OBDATASRCNAME.
##COMN_GATWAY_ DS##	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be COMN_ GATWAY_DS.
##AAI_AUTH_URL##	This is the URL of the BD application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be AAI_URL.
##TABLE_TO_JSON_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of Table To JSON Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be T2J_URL.
##JSON_TO_TABLE_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of JSON To Table Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be J2T_URL.
##OB_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of Initiate onboarding service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OB_URL.
##ECM_APP_URL##	This is the URL of the ECM application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ECM_ CASE_URL.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##CASE_INPUT_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Generate Case Input Service till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be GCI_URL.
##COMMON_GATEWAY_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Common Gateway Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CMNGTWYURL.
##SCORING_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the RAOR Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be SCORING_ URL.
##OFSS_WLS_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Watch list application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OFSS_ WLS_URL.
##CS_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Customer Screening Application till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CS_URL.
##COMM_LOG_PATH##	This is the path of the KYC onboarding log file. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/KYC808DEV/apache-tomcat- 8.0.47/logs.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##QTNR_RESP_URL##	This is the URL of the OFS KYC onboarding service , The URL is <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port=""> /questionnaire_api/questionnaires/resume/<infodom>/ en_US?appCode=OFS_KYC.</infodom></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##QTNR_ RESP_URL##.
##OFS_COMM_DATA_ TBSP##	This is the table space for the common gateway. The value is COMM_ DATA_TBSP.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##OFS_ COMM_DATA_ TBSP##.

- **4.** Navigate to the OFS_BD_PACK/bin folder.
- **5.** Execute setup.sh file using the following command:

\$./setup.sh SILENT

- 6. After the installation is successful, execute BD_Duplicate_Jar_Removal.sh script from \$FIC_HOME.
- **7.** Entry (DBNAME of Atomic Schema) should be added in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server.

6.3.2 Cloning Upgrades of OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

NOTE	 Ensure to take the backup of File System (FIC_HOME and FTPSHARE), Atomic schema, and Config schema before performing the upgrade.
	• Ensure that you end all the batches before you start the upgrade process.
	 For enabling the unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java, see the section <u>Enabling Unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java</u>.
	 ORACLE_HOME AND JAVA_HOME have to be updated under FIC_HOME SUB DIRECTORIES while performing cloning upgrade.

Prerequisites:

- Perform Cloning as per the Cloning procedure. For more information, see <u>OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure Cloning Reference Guide</u>.
- See the <u>Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications 8.1.1.0.0 Technology Matrix</u> for preparing hardware and software requirements.

6.3.2.1 Verified Upgrade Paths

• Install AAI 8.0.8.2.0 (Bug No. 31365663).

6.3.2.2 Follow these steps

NOTE The archive files are different for every operating system like Solaris Sparc and RHEL/Oracle Linux.

- 1. Download and unzip the OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 Installer from <u>edelivery</u>.
- 2. Navigate to OFS_BD_PACK and grant execute (755) permission for all executables \$ chmod 755 *
- **3.** Navigate to installer/OFS_BD_PACK/ conf and update <u>OFS_BD_PACK.xml</u>. Select the applications to enable.

NOTE Enter **YES** in **ENABLE** tag to enable applications.

4. Modify PatchConfig.xml parameters under OFS_BD_PACK/OFS_AML/conf/ PatchConfig.xml with appropriate values as follows:

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_SW_ RMIPORT##	The Scenario Wizard uses this attribute. It should consist of a proper port number and not be used by any other application.	Yes
	For example, 7623 or 8204.	
##OFS_AML_SAVE_ METADATA#	The installer to decide whether to execute hierarchy Resave uses this attribute. The applicable value is ALL.	Yes
##EXECUTE_PRE_ AND_POST_SCRIPTS##	This flag indicates if certain scripts need to be executed just before and just after the data model upload Applicable value is 1.	Yes (Value = 0)
##SCHEMA_OUT_ XML_PATH##	This attribute refers to the path, which needs to be pointed to OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml, which was generated at the time of installation.	Yes
	For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/Installer/OFS_BD_ PACK/schema_creator/OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml	
##OFS_FCCM_ LOADER_ROLE##	This attribute role is used when OFS BD 8.0.1.0.0/8.0.4.0.0 is installed. The value will be present in OFS_BD_SCHEMA_ OUTPUT.xml and is generated at the time of 8.1.1.0.0 Installation.	Yes
##OFS_AML_ ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations. For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	Yes
##OFS_AML_MINER_ DATA_SOURCE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations For example: Create a data source with name MINER	Yes
##BASE_COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record Institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSBD client. For example: base_country=US base_country=US	Yes
##DEFAULT_ JURISDICTION##	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses. For example: default_jurisdiction=AMEA	Yes
##TNS_ADMIN##	This attribute refers to the path where TNSNAMES.ORA is placed. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp	Yes
##BIG_DATA_ ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data. Enter FALSE.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SQOOP_ WORKING_DIR##	Placeholder to provide SQOOP working directory for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_AUTH_ ALIAS##	Placeholder to provide SSH authorization alias for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_HOST_ NAME##	Placeholder to provide SSH host name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_SSH_ PORT##	Placeholder to provide SSH port name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
Note: KYC Onboarding rec	quires additional deployments of the following:	
? Initiate Onboardin	g Service (InitiateOnboardingService.war)	
? Table To JSON Sei	rvice (TabletoJSONService.war)	
? JSON To Table Ser	rvice (JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war)	
? Common Gateway	Service (CommonGatewayService.war)	
? Generate Case Inp	ut Service (GenerateCaseInputService.war)	
? Create JSON Servi	ce (createJSONService.war)	
the .war files, see Post Inst Pack deployment, that is, mandatory for KYC onboa For information on the ser The below parameters are ap	aliable in the FIC_HOME path post-installation. For inform allation Configuration. These deployments are in addition OFSBD, Watch list Service deployment and RAOR dep rding. vices, see Know Your Customer Service Guide. plicable for KYC Onboarding.	n to the Application oloyments that are
##OBDATASRCNAME# #	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OBDATASRCNAME.
##COMN_GATWAY_DS##	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be COMN_ GATWAY_DS.
##AAI_AUTH_URL##	This is the URL of the BD application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be AAI_URL.
##TABLE_TO_JSON_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of Table To JSON Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be T2J_URL.
##JSON_TO_TABLE_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of JSON To Table Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be J2T_URL.
##OB_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of Initiate onboarding service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OB_URL.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##ECM_APP_URL##	This is the URL of the ECM application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ECM_ CASE_URL.
##CASE_INPUT_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Generate Case Input Service till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be GCI_URL.
##COMMON_GATEWAY_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Common Gateway Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CMNGTWYURL.
##SCORING_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the RAOR Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be SCORING_ URL.
##OFSS_WLS_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Watch list application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OFSS_ WLS_URL.
##CS_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Customer Screening Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CS_URL.
##COMM_LOG_PATH##	This is the path of the KYC onboarding log file. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/KYC808DEV/apache-tomcat- 8.0.47/logs.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##QTNR_RESP_URL##	This is the URL of the OFS KYC onboarding service , The URL is <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port=""> /questionnaire_api/questionnaires/resume/<infodom>/ en_US?appCode=OFS_KYC.</infodom></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##QTNR_ RESP_URL##.

UPGRADING FROM OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0 TO OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_COMM_DATA_ TBSP##	This is the table space for the common gateway. The value is COMM_ DATA_TBSP.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##OFS_ COMM_DATA_ TBSP##.

5. Navigate to the OFS_BD_PACK/bin folder.

Execute setup.sh file using the following command: \$./setup.sh SILENT.

- 6. After the installation is successful, execute BD_Duplicate_Jar_Removal.sh script from \$FIC_HOME.
- **7.** Entry (DBNAME of Atomic Schema) should be added in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server.

6.3.3 Pack on Pack Inplace Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0, OFS ECM 8.0.8.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0, OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0.

Performing Pack on Pack Inplace Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0, OFS ECM 8.0.8.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0, OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0.

NOTE •	The archive files are different for every operating system like Solaris Sparc and RHEL/Oracle Linux.
•	Ensure to take the backup of File System (FIC_HOME/FTPSHARE), Atomic schema, and Config schema before performing the upgrade.
•	Ensure that the dispatcher is not running. If the dispatcher is running, stop and then start the upgrading process.
•	Ensure that you end all the batches before you start the upgrade process.
•	Ensure that you run the END_MANTAS_BATCH before starting the upgrade. For enabling the unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java, see the section <u>Enabling Unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java</u> .
•	ORACLE_HOME AND JAVA_HOME have to be updated under FIC_HOME SUB DIRECTORIES while performing Inplace upgrade.
•	If the OFS Sanctions 8.0.8.0.0 is installed, then follow below steps
	 create table KDD_BUS_DMN_SANC as (select * from KDD_BUS_DMN);
	 UPDATE KDD_BUS_DMN SET TF_BUS_DMN_NM=NULL; commit

6.3.3.1 Verified upgrade paths

- Install AAI 8.0.8.2.0 (Bug No. 31365663)
- Install BD 8.0.8.54.0 (Bug No.32650602)
- Install ECM 8.0.8.0.37 (Bug No. 32207763)
- Install RRS 8.0.8.1.0 (Bug No.30753353)

6.3.3.2 Pack on Pack Upgrade Sequence

- 1. OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0
- 2. OFS ECM 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0
- 3. OFS CRR 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0

6.3.3.3 OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

Follow these steps for OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

- 1. Download and unzip the OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0 Installer from <u>edelivery</u>.
- 2. Login to the OFSAA Server with user credentials used to install OFSAA.
- **3.** Shut down all the OFSAAI Services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in <u>Appendix E</u>.
- **4.** Execute the following command:
- **5.** chmod -R 755 \$FIC_HOME
- If you have Unzip utility, skip to the next step. Download the Unzip utility (OS specific) and copy it in Binary mode to the directory that is included in your PATH variable, typically \$HOME path or directory in which you have copied the 8.1.1.0.0 installer.
- 7. Uncompress the unzip installer file using the command: uncompress unzip_<os>.Z

NOTE	In case you notice an error message "uncompress: not found [No such file or directory]" when the package is not installed
	contact your UNIX administrator.

- **8.** Extract the contents of the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Applications Pack 8.1.1.0.0 installer archive file using the following command:
- 9. unzip_<os> <name of the file to be unzipped>
- **10.** Give EXECUTE permission to the archive file OFS_BD_PACK as in the following sample command:
- 11. chmod -R 755 OFS_BD_PACK
- **12.** Update patchconfig.xml and grant permission to the .sh files as follows:

Table 6–1 PatchConfig.xml Parameters

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_SW_ RMIPORT##	The Scenario Wizard uses this attribute. It should consist of a proper port number and not be used by any other application. For example, 7623 or 8204.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SAVE_ METADATA#	The installer to decide whether to execute hierarchy Resave uses this attribute. The applicable value is ALL.	Yes
##EXECUTE_PRE_ AND_POST_SCRIPTS##	This flag indicates if certain scripts need to be executed just before and just after the data model upload Applicable value is 1.	Yes (Value = 0)

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##SCHEMA_OUT_ XML_PATH##	This attribute refers to the path, which needs to be pointed to OFS_BD_ SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml, which was generated at the time of installation. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/Installer/OFS_BD_	Yes
	PACK/schema_creator/OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml	
##OFS_FCCM_ LOADER_ROLE##	This attribute role is used when OFS BD 8.0.1.0.0/8.0.4.0.0 is installed. The value will be present in OFS_BD_SCHEMA_ OUTPUT.xml and is generated at the time of 8.1.1.0.0 Installation.	Yes
##OFS_AML_ ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations. For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	Yes
##OFS_AML_MINER_ DATA_SOURCE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations For example: Create a data source with name MINER	Yes
##BASE_COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record Institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSBD client. For example: base_country=US base_country=US	Yes
##DEFAULT_ JURISDICTION##	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses. For example: default_jurisdiction=AMEA	Yes
##TNS_ADMIN##	This attribute refers to the path where TNSNAMES.ORA is placed. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp	Yes
##BIG_DATA_ ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data. Enter FALSE.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SQOOP_ WORKING_DIR##	Placeholder to provide SQOOP working directory for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_AUTH_ ALIAS##	Placeholder to provide SSH authorization alias for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_HOST_ NAME##	Placeholder to provide SSH host name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
##OFS_AML_SSH_ PORT##	Placeholder to provide SSH port name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.

Die eek eiden Neuee		
Placenolder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
Note: KYC Onboarding requires additional deployments of the following:		
? Initiate Onboardin	g Service (InitiateOnboardingService.war)	
? Table To JSON Set	rvice (TabletoJSONService.war)	
? JSON To Table Ser	vice (JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war)	
? Common Gateway	Service (CommonGatewayService.war)	
? Generate Case Inp	ut Service (GenerateCaseInputService.war)	
? Create JSON Servi	ce (createJSONService.war)	
The above .war files are av the .war files, see Post Inst Pack deployment, that is, mandatory for KYC onboa	ailable in the FIC_HOME path post-installation. For inform allation Configuration. These deployments are in addition OFSBD, Watch list Service deployment and RAOR dep rding.	nation on deploying n to the Application ployments that are
For information on the ser	vices, see Know Your Customer Service Guide.	
The below parameters are ap	plicable for KYC Onboarding.	
##OBDATASRCNAME# #	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OBDATASRCNAME.
##COMN_GATWAY_ DS##	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be COMN_ GATWAY_DS.
##AAI_AUTH_URL##	This is the URL of the BD application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be AAI_URL.
##TABLE_TO_JSON_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of Table To JSON Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be T2J_URL.
##JSON_TO_TABLE_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of JSON To Table Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be J2T_URL.
##OB_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of Initiate onboarding service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OB_URL.
##ECM_APP_URL##	This is the URL of the ECM application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ECM_ CASE_URL.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##CASE_INPUT_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Generate Case Input Service till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be GCI_URL.
##COMMON_GATEWAY_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Common Gateway Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CMNGTWYURL.
##SCORING_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the RAOR Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be SCORING_ URL.
##OFSS_WLS_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Watch list application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OFSS_ WLS_URL.
##CS_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Customer Screening Application till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CS_URL.
##COMM_LOG_PATH##	This is the path of the KYC onboarding log file. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/KYC808DEV/apache-tomcat- 8.0.47/logs.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##QTNR_RESP_URL##	This is the URL of the OFS KYC onboarding service , The URL is <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port=""> /questionnaire_api/questionnaires/resume/<infodom>/ en_US?appCode=OFS_KYC.</infodom></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##QTNR_ RESP_URL##.
##OFS_COMM_DATA_ TBSP##	This is the table space for the common gateway. The value is COMM_ DATA_TBSP.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##OFS_ COMM_DATA_ TBSP##.

13. Navigate to OFS_BD_PACK/bin. Execute the following command: ./setup.sh SILENT

- **14.** After the installation is successful, execute BD_Duplicate_Jar_Removal.sh script from \$FIC_HOME.
- **15.** Check the DB builder logs for successful execution of mantas8.1.1.0.0_delta.cfg and delta_plat8.1.1.0.0.cfg. If these did not run, then execute them manually by executing below commands:
 - ./run_dbbuilder_utility.sh \$FIC_HOME/database/ mantas_schema/delta/oracle/8.0/mantas8.1.1.0.0_delta.cfg
 - ./run_dbbuilder_utility.sh \$FIC_HOME/database/ bus_mkt_schema/delta/oracle/8.0/delta_plat8.1.1.0.0.cfg
- **16.** Entry (DBNAME of Atomic Schema) should be added in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server.
- **17.** Verify if the release is applied successfully by checking the log file generated in the installation folder. You can ignore ORA-00001, ORA-00955, ORA-02260, and ORA-01430 errors in the log file. In case of any other errors, contact Oracle Support.

ΝΟΤΕ	The DMT migration utility is executed during BD installation, to migrate the DMT metadata (PLC/Data Source/Data Mapping/Data File Mapping) to be persisted in tables instead of XML. You may be required to re-run DMT migration utility in some scenarios. To identify whether to run the utility, how to run and how to handle migration issues, see OFSAA DMT
	Metadata Migration Guide.

- **18.** For more information on securing your OFSAA Infrastructure, refer to the Security Guide in <u>OHC</u> Library.
- **19.** Add umask 0027 in the .profile of the UNIX account, which manages the WEB server to ensure restricted access permissions.
- **20.** Restart all the OFSAAI services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in <u>Appendix E</u>.
- **21.** Generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server. For more information on generating and deploying EAR / WAR file, refer <u>Appendix D</u> section.
- 22. Deploy the RPD and Catalog ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 files present under \$FIC_HOME/ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 folder.
- **23.** For enabling TDE in case of a new installation, see Configuring TDE in case of Upgrade section in <u>Appendix R</u>.
- 24. For enabling Data Redaction in case of a new installation, see Enabling Data Redaction.

In the case of the Upgrade section in Appendix R

6.3.3.4 OFS ECM 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0

Refer the <u>OFS ECM Installation Guide 8.1.1.0.0</u> for Pack on Pack Inplace Upgrade steps from OFS ECM 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0.

6.3.3.5 OFS CRR 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0

Refer the <u>OFS CRR Installation Guide 8.1.1.0.0</u> for Pack on Pack Inplace Upgrade steps from OFS CRR 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0.

6.3.4 Pack on Pack Cloning Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0, OFS ECM 8.0.8.0.0 OFS CRR 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0, OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0

Performing Pack on Pack Cloning Upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0, OFS ECM 8.0.8.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0, OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0 and OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0.

Prerequisites

- Perform Cloning as per the Cloning procedure. For more information see, OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure Cloning Reference Guide.
- See the <u>Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications 8.1.1.0.0 Technology Matrix</u> for preparing hardware and software requirements.

NOTE	 The archive files are different for every operating system like Solaris Sparc and RHEL/Oracle Linux.
	 Ensure to take the backup of File System (FIC_HOMEand FTPSHARE), Atomic schema, and Config schema before performing the upgrade.
	 Ensure that the dispatcher is not running. If the dispatcher is running, stop and then start the upgrading process.
	 Ensure that you end all the batches before you start the upgrade process.
	• Ensure that you run the END_MANTAS_BATCH before starting the upgrade. For enabling the unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java, see the section Enabling Unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java.
	 ORACLE_HOME AND JAVA_HOME have to be updated under FIC_HOME SUB DIRECTORIES while performing cloning upgrade.
	 If the OFS Sanctions 8.0.8.0.0 is installed, then follow below steps
	 create table KDD_BUS_DMN_SANC as (select * from KDD_BUS_DMN);
	 UPDATE KDD_BUS_DMN SET TF_BUS_DMN_NM=NULL; commit

6.3.4.1 Verified upgrade paths

- Install AAI 8.0.8.2.0 (Bug No. 31365663)
- Install BD 8.0.8.54.0 (Bug No.32650602)
- Install ECM 8.0.8.0.37 (Bug No. 32207763)

Install RRS 8.0.8.1.0 (Bug No.30753353)

6.3.4.2 Pack on Pack Upgrade Sequence

Follow Pack Upgrade Sequence for Pack on Pack Upgrade.

- 1. OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0
- 2. OFS ECM 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0
- 3. OFS CRR 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0

6.3.4.3 OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

Follow these steps for OFS BD 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0

- 1. Download and unzip the OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0 Installer from <u>edelivery</u>.
- 2. Login to the OFSAA Server with user credentials used to install OFSAA.
- **3.** Shut down all the OFSAAI Services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in <u>Appendix E</u>.
- **4.** Execute the following command:

chmod -R 755 \$FIC_HOME

- If you have Unzip utility, skip to the next step. Download the Unzip utility (OS specific) and copy it in Binary mode to the directory that is included in your PATH variable, typically \$HOME path or directory in which you have copied the 8.1.1.0.0 installer.
- 6. Uncompress the unzip installer file using the command: uncompress unzip_<os>.Z

NOTE	In case you notice an error message "uncompress: not found
	[NO SUCH THE OF DIFECTORY] WHEN THE PACKAGE IS NOT INSTALLED,
	contact your UNIX administrator.

- **7.** Extract the contents of the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Applications Pack 8.1.1.0.0 installer archive file using the following command:
- 8. unzip_<os> <name of the file to be unzipped>
- **9.** Give EXECUTE permission to the archive file OFS_BD_PACK as in the following sample command:
- 10. chmod -R 755 OFS_BD_PACK
- **11.** Update patchconfig.xml and grant permission to the .sh files as follows:

Table 6–1 PatchConfig.xml Parameters

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_AML_SW_ RMIPORT##	The Scenario Wizard uses this attribute. It should consist of a proper port number and not be used by any other application. For example, 7623 or 8204.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SAVE_ METADATA#	The installer to decide whether to execute hierarchy Resave uses this attribute. The applicable value is ALL.	Yes
##EXECUTE_PRE_ AND_POST_SCRIPTS##	This flag indicates if certain scripts need to be executed just before and just after the data model upload Applicable value is 1.	Yes (Value = 0)
##SCHEMA_OUT_ XML_PATH##	This attribute refers to the path, which needs to be pointed to OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml, which was generated at the time of installation.	Yes
	PACK/schema_creator/OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml	
##OFS_FCCM_ LOADER_ROLE##	This attribute role is used when OFS BD 8.0.1.0.0/8.0.4.0.0 is installed. The value will be present in OFS_BD_SCHEMA_ OUTPUT.xml and is generated at the time of 8.1.1.0.0 Installation.	Yes
##OFS_AML_ ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations. For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	Yes
##OFS_AML_MINER_ DATA_SOURCE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations For example: Create a data source with name MINER	Yes
##BASE_COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record Institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSBD client. For example: base_country=US base_country=US	Yes
##DEFAULT_ JURISDICTION##	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses. For example: default_jurisdiction=AMEA	Yes
##TNS_ADMIN##	This attribute refers to the path where TNSNAMES.ORA is placed. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp	Yes
##BIG_DATA_ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data. Enter FALSE.	Yes
##OFS_AML_SQOOP_ WORKING_DIR##	Placeholder to provide SQOOP working directory for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.

Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
Placeholder to provide SSH authorization alias for AML	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
Placeholder to provide SSH host name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
Placeholder to provide SSH port name for AML.	Mandatory only if big data is enabled.
	Significance and Expected Value Placeholder to provide SSH authorization alias for AML Placeholder to provide SSH host name for AML. Placeholder to provide SSH port name for AML.

Note: KYC Onboarding requires additional deployments of the following:

? Initiate Onboarding Service (InitiateOnboardingService.war)

- ? Table To JSON Service (Tableto JSONService.war)
- ? JSON To Table Service (JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war)
- ? Common Gateway Service (CommonGatewayService.war)
- ? Generate Case Input Service (GenerateCaseInputService.war)
- ? Create JSON Service (create JSONService.war)

The above .war files are available in the FIC_HOME path post-installation. For information on deploying the .war files, see Post Installation Configuration. These deployments are in addition to the Application Pack deployment, that is, OFSBD, Watch list Service deployment and RAOR deployments that are mandatory for KYC onboarding.

For information on the services, see Know Your Customer Service Guide.

The below parameters are applicable for KYC Onboarding.

##OBDATASRCNAME# #	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OBDATASRCNAME.
##COMN_GATWAY_ DS##	This is the name of the datasource pointing to the atomic schema.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be COMN_ GATWAY_DS.
##AAI_AUTH_URL##	This is the URL of the BD application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be AAI_URL.
##TABLE_TO_JSON_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of Table To JSON Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be T2J_URL.
##JSON_TO_TABLE_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of JSON To Table Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be J2T_URL.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OB_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of Initiate onboarding service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OB_URL.
##ECM_APP_URL##	This is the URL of the ECM application till the context name. For example, <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ECM_ CASE_URL.
##CASE_INPUT_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Generate Case Input Service till the port number. For example, <pre><protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:></pre>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be GCI_URL.
##COMMON_GATEWAY_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the Common Gateway Service till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CMNGTWYURL.
##SCORING_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the RAOR Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be SCORING_ URL.
##OFSS_WLS_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Watch list application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be OFSS_ WLS_URL.
##CS_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of the OFS Customer Screening Application till the port number. For example, <protocol: hostname:port="">.</protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be CS_URL.
##COMM_LOG_PATH##	This is the path of the KYC onboarding log file. For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp/KYC808DEV/apache-tomcat- 8.0.47/logs.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used.
##QTNR_RESP_URL##	This is the URL of the OFS KYC onboarding service , The URL is <protocol: context_name="" hostname:port=""> /questionnaire_api/questionnaires/resume/<infodom>/ en_US?appCode=OFS_KYC.</infodom></protocol:>	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##QTNR_ RESP_URL##.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_COMM_DATA_ TBSP##	This is the table space for the common gateway. The value is COMM_ DATA_TBSP.	Mandatory only if KYC onboarding is used. If not, value must be ##OFS_ COMM_DATA_ TBSP##.

- 12. Navigate to OFS_BD_PACK/bin.
- **13.** Execute the following command:

./setup.sh SILENT

- **14.** After the installation is successful, execute BD_Duplicate_Jar_Removal.sh script from \$FIC_HOME.
- **15.** Entry (DBNAME of Atomic Schema) should be added in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server.
- **16.** Verify if the release is applied successfully by checking the log file generated in the installation folder. You can ignore ORA-00001, ORA-00955, ORA-02260, and ORA-01430 errors in the log file. In case of any other errors, contact Oracle Support.

NOTE	The DMT migration utility is executed during BD installation, to migrate the DMT metadata (PLC/Data Source/Data	
Mapping/Data File Mapping) to be persisted in tables ins		
of XML. You may be required to re-run DMT migration		
	some scenarios. To identify whether to run the utility, how to	
	run and how to handle migration issues, see OFSAA DMT	
	Metadata Migration Guide.	

- **17.** For more information on securing your OFSAA Infrastructure, refer to the Security Guide in <u>OHC</u> Library.
- **18.** Add umask 0027 in the .profile of the UNIX account, which manages the WEB server to ensure restricted access permissions.
- **19.** Restart all the OFSAAI services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in <u>Appendix E</u>.
- **20.** Generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server. For more information on generating and deploying EAR / WAR file, refer <u>Appendix D</u> section.
- **21.** Deploy the RPD and Catalog ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 files present under \$FIC_HOME/ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 folder.
- **22.** For enabling TDE in case of a new installation, see Configuring TDE in case of Upgrade section in <u>Appendix R</u>.

23. For enabling Data Redaction in case of a new installation, see Enabling Data Redaction.

in case of Upgrade section in <u>Appendix R</u>

6.3.4.4 OFS ECM 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0

Refer the <u>OFS ECM Installation Guide 8.1.1.0.0</u> for Pack on Pack Cloning Upgrade steps from OFS ECM 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.1.1.0.0.

6.3.4.5 OFS CRR 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0

Refer the <u>OFS CRR Installation Guide 8.1.1.0.0</u> for Pack on Pack Cloning Upgrade steps from OFS CRR 8.0.8.0.0 to OFS CRR 8.1.1.0.0.

6.4 How to Enable Newly Licensed App after Upgrade to BD 8.1.1.0.0

To enable newly licensed App after upgrade to BD 8.1.1.0.0, follow these steps:

- 1. Place the OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml file from previous installer to the current BD811 installer path <OFS_BD_PACK>/schema_creator.
- **2.** Copy the content of default.properties_bkp file from the current installer <OFS_BD_PACK>/OFS_AML/conf path to the app specific folder which is newly enabled.

Example:- > If you are enabling OFS_KYC for the first time, Copy the content to default.properties file in <OFS_BD_PACK>/OFS_KYC/conf path.

3. In the app specific default.properties file, Enter the details mentioned in the tags (<!-- Start: User input required for silent installer.

--> and <!-- End: User input required for silent installer. -->).

- **4.** Replace the below parameter values in default.properties file with the values present in the previous installer file path <OFS_BD_PACK>/OFS_AML/conf/default.properties
 - FCCM_USER=##OFS_AML_ATOMIC_USER##
 - FCCMINFODOM=##OFS_AML_INFODOM_NAME##
 - FCCM_DBNAME=##OFS_AML_INFDBNAME##
 - FCCMINFODOM_DESCRIPTION=##OFS_AML_INFODOM_DESC##
- **5.** Replace the below parameter values in default.properties file with the values present in the DB_Master table in the config schema.
 - FCCM_PASSWORD=##OFS_AML_ATOMIC_PW##
- **6.** Go to <OFS_BD_PACK>/conf folder. Enable the newly licensed app in the OFS_BD_PACK.xml file by setting ENABLE flag to "YES".
 - Example:-> <APP_ID PREREQ="OFS_AAI" ENABLE="YES">OFS_KYC</APP_ID>

NOTE Enter **YES** in **ENABLE** tag to enable applications which has been installed and Enter NO in the remaining applications.

7. Go to <OFS_BD_PACK>/bin folder and trigger the setup.sh.

NOTE Please make sure there are no leading/trailing spaces in the <JDBC_URL> inside OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml file.

6.5 Post Installation Steps

OFS BD 81110 ML is a mandatory patch to be applied. For more details refer <u>8111 installation Guide</u>. Follow these steps:

Restore data for the column sec_citzn_country_code in the table stg_party_master.

 NOTE
 Once the upgrade process is completed, remove the AM folder

 from <FIC_ HOME>/ficweb/AM. Then regenerate EAR/WAR files

 and deploy.

 If you are using Currency Transaction Reporting that is deployed on

 WebSphere, create a Temp folder under the location <Deployed_</td>

 Path>WEB-INF/classes

7

Post Installation Configuration

On successful installation of the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Application Pack, see the following post installation sections:

This chapter includes the following sections:

- <u>Creating and Deploying the Applications Pack Web Archive</u>
- <u>Configuring Scenario Manager</u>
- Deploying Analytic Reports and Threshold Analyzer
- Installing RAOR Service
- Configuring Resource Reference
- Configuring Web Application Server
- <u>Configurations for Java 8</u>
- Configurations for Oracle 19c Database
- <u>Configuring FSDF</u>
- <u>TC-BC Ingestion</u>
- Synchronizing FSDF Changes
- Loading New/Modified Scenarios
- Updating the LD_LIBRARY_PATH in system.env File
- AAI T2T Execution

NOTE

•	Ensure to clear the application cache prior to the deployment of Applications Pack Web Archive. This is applicable to all Web servers (WebSphere, WebLogic, and Tomcat). For more information, see the Clearing Application Cache section.
	Over the First and the Commission Debry tion (DD)

 Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection (BD) customers on version 8.0.2.x.x or higher must apply the Analytical Applications Infrastructure (AAI) Patch 33663427 and OFS Behavior Detection 33660530.

7.1 Creating and Deploying the Applications Pack Web Archive

NOTE Remove the existing Admin Tools deployment (which is integrated with OFS BD pack), if you are upgrading from v8.0.2.0.0 or lower versions.

This section covers the following topics:

- OFSBD Applications Pack Deployment
- Scenario Wizard Configuration and Deployment
- Services Configuration and Deployment
- KYC Onboarding Services Deployment

7.1.1 OFSBD Application Pack Deployment

To create and deploy the Applications Pack web archive, follow these steps:

- **1.** Navigate to the \$FIC_WEB_HOME directory.
- **2.** Execute the command: ./ant.sh
- 3. This will trigger the creation of EAR/WAR file <contextname>.<extn>. Here

<contextname> is the context name given during installation.

NOTE Creating ear/war files are done by the installer automatically. If the files are not created, user can execute these steps.

- **4.** On completion of the EAR/WAR files creation, the "BUILD SUCCESSFUL" and "Time Taken" message is displayed and you are returned to the prompt.
- **5.** The EAR/WAR file <contextname>.<extn> is created under "\$FIC_WEB_HOME" directory.

NOTE This process overwrites any existing version of EAR/WAR file in the path. If the web application server is Apache Tomcat, the file created would be <contextname>.war.

6. Deploy the generated EAR/WAR file on to the web application server. For detailed information, see Deploying EAR/WAR File.

7.1.2 Scenario Wizard Configuration and Deployment

The Scenario Wizard Configuration and Deployment must be performed if the following applications are installed

NOTE	1.	Deployment is required only if you use Scenario Wizard.
	2.	Since the Scenario Wizard is a developer tool, it will not work In a Load Balance environment, and does not need to be deployed in a production environment.

- AML
- FR
- Trade Compliance
- Broker Compliance
- Fraud-EE
- ECTC
- TB

To configure and deploy Scenario Wizard, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to \$FIC_HOME/ficweb/SCENARIO_WIZARD
- 2. Update the install.properties file for the below parameter, if those parameter values are not mentioned in the file.

NOTE In case of the wallet setup, the automated configured value smlite.db.url=jdbc:oracle:thin:/@CONFIG in install.properties file need to be manually changed to JDBC URL value (jdbc:oracle:thin:@Hostname:port:SID/Service Name).

smlite.db.host=##HOSTNAME##
smlite.db.port=##PORT##
smlite.db.sid=##SID##
smlite.db.url=##URL##

ws.app.rmiport= ##RMI_PORT##

#Provide the deployment Path for Scenario Wizard

ws.sw.deploy.path=##DEPLOYED_PATH## /SMLiteWeb

- 3. Execute ./install.sh. When prompted for password, enter the KDD MNR Schema password.
- Deploy the <context-name>.war file (for example SMLiteWeb.war) available at \$FIC_ HOME/ficweb/SCENARIO_WIZARD as an application on your Web application server. While deploying war file, keep context name as SMLiteWeb.

ΝΟΤΕ	Onl App Wiz exc step	nly one instance of Scenario Wizard will run on one pplication server at a time. While launching the Scenario 'izard if you find any excep- tion pop-up saying java.rmi.bind ‹ception or java.rmi.unknownhost excep- tion, follow these eps:	
	1.	Stop the SMLiteWeb.war	
	2.	Navigate to <deployed area="">SMLiteWeb\WEB- INF\classes\conf\mantas_ cfg\install.cfg</deployed>	
	3.	In install.cfg, change the token to some other port, which is not occupied.	
	4.	Define rmiPort. By default keep it 1099 rmiPort=1099	
	5.	Restart the server	

- 5. Log Details.
 - a. Log file name- smlite.log
 - **b.** Log path Navigate to <deployed area>SMLiteWeb\WEB-INF\classes\logs\smlite.log
- 6. To customize the Log path/log file name, follow these steps
 - a. Go to <deployed area>\SMLiteWeb\WEB-INF\classes\log4j.properties file
 - **b.** Change the value of the property log4j.appender.file.File="Your log file path"
 - c. Restart the SMLiteWeb.war file

To configure and deploy Scenario Wizard on Weblogic:

- **1.** Navigate to domain/bin folder.
- 2. Add below two lines into file. (setDomainEnv.sh)

FIC_HOME = "##DEPLOYED_AREA##/ SMLiteWeb
export FIC_HOME

To configure and deploy Scenario Wizard on WebSphere, follow these steps:

- 1. Ensure that port 1099 is free and available.
- 2. Deploy the SMLiteWeb.war
- **3.** Change the class loader.
- 4. From the Applications menu, select Application Types.
- **5.** Select WebSphere enterprise applications.
- 6. Select SMLiteWeb.war. Select Manage Modules.

Click Module Apache-Axis and select the class loader order to Class loaded with local class loader first (parent last).

Click Apply and then click Save.

CREATING AND DEPLOYING THE APPLICATIONS PACK WEB ARCHIVE

Start the application. If the application is not accessible, stop and start the application again from the WebSphere console.

	NO	TE See	See Post Deployment Configuration for more details. For Front-end access, the following settings must be changed on the client side for the Scenario Wizard to work on Windows XP/Windows 7.			
		For on 1 XP/				
		1.	Navigate to Java Control Panel.			
		2.	Under the General tab ensure the following two settings:			
		3.	Navigate to Network Settings and change the Network Proxy Settings to Direct Connection.			
		4.	Navigate to Settings under Temporary Internet Files and Follow these steps:			
		5.	Check the option to keep temporary files on my computer.			
		6.	For Scenario wizard, in WebSphere, the Java version has to be the same in App and Web Server			
7.	Click Delete Files to clear the Java cache.					

- **8.** To configure Scenario Wizard on Tomcat 8 and above before deploying the warfile, follow these steps:
 - i. Remove the following text from context.xml at <deployed area>/conf/: AbandonedOnBorrow="true"

AbandonedOnMaintenance="true" AbandonedTimeout="60" logAbandoned="true"/>

ii. Replace with the following text:

maxTotal="100" maxIdle="30" maxWaitMillis="10000"/>

- iii. All resources have been moved to Context.xml from server.xml.
- iv. Change the following text:

<Context path =

/admin_tools" docBase="<deployed_area>/webapps admin_tools" debug="0"
reloadable="true" crossContext="true">

to <Context>

7.1.3 Services Configuration and Deployment

You must configure and deploy Services if the following applications are installed:

- AML
- FR
- Trader Compliance
- Broker Compliance
- ECTC

- Fraud-EE
- TB
- KYC



7.1.3.1 Watchlist Service Deployment

To configure and deploy Services, follow these steps:

- 1. Create the WAR file by changing to the FIC_HOME/ingestion_manager/scripts directory and executing createWatchListWAR.sh. This will create the mantas.war file which contains the watch list service.
- 2. Deploy the mantas.war file to the web application server. Any context path can be used, but the KYC application expects it to be at /mantas. The full path leading to the exploded WAR file will be referred to as <Service Deployed Directory> below.
- **3.** Modify the following file: <Service Deployed Directory>/WEB-INF/fuzzy_ match/mantas_cfg/install.cfg and change the path in the fuzzy_ name.B.stopword_file and fuzzy_name.P.stopword_file properties from: <FIC_ HOME>/ingestion_manager to: <Service Deployed Directory>/WEB-INF
- **4.** Modify the following file: <Service Deployed

Directory>/WEB-INF/config/install.cfg and change the Creating and Deploying the Applications Pack Web Archive Post Installation Configuration path in the log.message.library,log.categories.file.path, and log4j.config.file properties as specified in step3.

For WebLogic:

Copy the following contents into setDomainEnv.sh located under \$WL_ HOME/user_projects/domains/<user_domain>/bin/setDomainEnv.sh after replacing the place holders (<WATCHLIST_DEPLOYED_AREA>, <ORACLE_ HOME>)

FIC_HOME=<WATCHLIST_DEPLOYED_AREA> ORACLE_HOME=<ORACLE_HOME>

export FIC_HOME export ORACLE_HOME

KDD_PRODUCT_HOME=\${FIC_HOME}/WEB-INF/fuzzy_match export KDD_PRODUCT_HOME

JAVA_LIB_HOME=\${KDD_PRODUCT_HOME}/lib/kddcore.jar:\${KDD_ PRODUCT_HOME}/lib/log4j-1.2.12.jar

export JAVA_LIB_HOME

LD_LIBRARY_PATH=\${KDD_PRODUCT_HOME}/lib:\${ORACLE_ HOME}/lib:\${LD_LIBRARY_PATH}

export LD_LIBRARY_PATH

For Tomcat:

CREATING AND DEPLOYING THE APPLICATIONS PACK WEB ARCHIVE

Create file setenv.sh under <TOMCAT_INSTALLED_AREA>/bin/ and copy the following contents after replacing the place holders (<WATCHLIST_DEPLOYED_AREA>,

<ORACLE_HOME>) FIC_HOME=<WATCHLIST_DEPLOYED_AREA> ORACLE_HOME=<ORACLE_HOME>

export FIC_HOME export ORACLE_HOME

KDD_PRODUCT_HOME=\${FIC_HOME}/WEB-INF/fuzzy_match export KDD_PRODUCT_HOME

JAVA_LIB_HOME=\${KDD_PRODUCT_HOME}/lib/kddcore.jar:\${KDD_ PRODUCT_HOME}/lib/log4j-1.2.12.jar

export JAVA_LIB_HOME

LD_LIBRARY_PATH=\${KDD_PRODUCT_HOME}/lib:\${ORACLE_ HOME}/lib:\${LD_LIBRARY_PATH}

export LD_LIBRARY_PATH

For WebSphere:

Copy the following contents into the .profile file (Create a .profile file if it is not already existing) of the user after replacing the place holders (<WATCHLIST_DEPLOYED_AREA>, <ORACLE_HOME>)

FIC_HOME=<WATCHLIST_DEPLOYED_AREA> ORACLE_HOME=<ORACLE_HOME>

export FIC_HOME export ORACLE_HOME

KDD_PRODUCT_HOME=\${FIC_HOME}/WEB-INF/fuzzy_match export KDD_PRODUCT_HOME

JAVA_LIB_HOME=\${KDD_PRODUCT_HOME}/lib/kddcore.jar:\${KDD_ PRODUCT_HOME}/lib/log4j-1.2.12.jar

export JAVA_LIB_HOME

LD_LIBRARY_PATH=\${KDD_PRODUCT_HOME}/lib:\${ORACLE_ HOME}/lib:\${LD_LIBRARY_PATH}

export LD_LIBRARY_PATH

5. Restart the web application server.

NOTE	DTE Update the proper LD_LIBRARY_PATH based on your OS,		
	• For Linux:		
	export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=\$KDD_PRODUCT_HOME/lib:\$ORACLE_ HOME/lib:\$LD_LIBRARY_PATH		
	• For Solaris SPARC:		
	export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/usr/lib/lwp:\$KDD_PRODUCT_ HOME/lib:\$ORACLE_ HOME/lib:/usr/ucblib/sparcv9:/scratch/JAVA_7/jdk1.7.0_ 75/jre/lib/sparcv9/server:/scratch/JAVA_7/jdk1.7.0_ 75/jre/lib/sparcv9:/scratch/JAVA_7/jdk1.7.0_ 75/jre/lib/sparcv9/native_ threads:/usr/local/lib/sparcv9:/scratch/JAVA_ 7/jdk1.7.0_75/jre/lib/:\$LD_LIBRARY_PATH		

7.2 KYC Onboarding Services Deployment

The following war's needs to be deployed if KYC Onboarding is Installed:

- Initiate Onboarding Service (InitiateOnboardingService.war)
- Table To JSON Service (Tableto JSON Service.war)
- JSON To Table Service (JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war)
- Common Gateway Service (CommonGatewayService.war)
- Generate Case Input Service (GenerateCaseInputService.war)
- Create JSON Service (create JSONService.war)

For Tomcat and WebLogic:

- **1.** Navigate to \$FIC_HOME/Onboarding
- 2. Deploy the following files to the web application server
 - a. InitiateOnboardingService.war
 - **b.** TabletoJSONService.war
 - c. JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war
 - d. GenerateCaseInputService.war
- **3.** Navigate to \$FIC_HOME/CommonGateway
- 4. Deploy the following files to the web application server
 - a. CommonGatewayService.war
 - **b.** createJSONService.war

For Websphere:

From the table shown, remove all jar files mentioned in the Jar Names column from all paths mentioned in the From Path column:

Table 7–1 Jar Files to	Remove and	Corresponding	Path Names
------------------------	------------	---------------	------------

Jar Files	Path Names
hk2-api-2.5.0-b30.jar	\$FIC_ HOME/Onboarding/InitiateOnboardingService/WEB- INF/lib
hk2-locator-2.5.0-b30.jar	\$FIC_HOME/Onboarding/JSONToTablePersistenceUtility/ WEB- INF/lib
hk2-utils-2.5.0-b30.jar	\$FIC_HOME/Onboarding/GenerateCaseInputService/WEB-INF/lib
jackson-annotations-2.4.3.jar	\$FIC_HOME/CommonGateway/TabletoJSONService/WEB-INF/ lib
jackson-core-2.4.3.jar file	\$FIC_HOME/CommonGateway/TabletoJSONService/WEB-INF/ lib

KYC ONBOARDING SERVICES DEPLOYMENT

Jar Files	Path Names
jackson-databind-2.4. 3.jar	
javax.inject-2.5.0-b3 0.jar	
jersey-client.jar	
jersey-common.jar	
jersey-container-serv let- core.jar	
jersey-guava-2.25.jar	
jersey-server.jar	
validation-api-1.1.0.Final.jar	

After removing the jar files, Follow these steps:

- 1. Execute the ant.sh from \$FIC_HOME/Onboarding to re-create the following war files:
 - a. InitiateOnboardingService.war
 - **b.** TabletoJSONService.war
 - c. JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war
 - d. GenerateCaseInputService.war
- 2. Execute the ant.sh from \$FIC_HOME/CommonGateway to re-create the following war files:
 - a. CommonGatewayService.war
 - b. createJSONService.war
- **3.** Navigate to \$FIC_HOME/Onboarding.
- 4. Deploy the following files to the web application server:
 - a. InitiateOnboardingService.war

The context name for the war file must be InitiateOnboardingService.

b. TabletoJSONService.war

The context name for the war file must be TabletoJSONService.

c. JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.war

The context name for the war file must be JSONToTablePersistenceUtility.

d. GenerateCaseInputService.war

The context name for the war file must be GenerateCaseInputService.

- 5. Navigate to \$FIC_HOME/CommonGateway.
- 6. Deploy the following files to the web application server:
 - a. CommonGatewayService.war

The context name for the war file must be CommonGatewayService.

b. createJSONService.war

The context name for the war file must be createJSONService.

7.2.1 Updating User id and passwords for KYC Onboarding services in PMF

KYC Onboarding uses the Process Modelling Framework (PMF) to orchestrate the onboarding workflow. PMF is configured to invoke the services/APIs for the KYC Onboarding.

The service URLs are pre-populated during the installation process, and the content is read from the InstallConfig.xml file.

NOTE If the deployment URL is not mentioned during the installation process or the deployment URL has changed after installation, you must update the URL through the Process Modeller UI in PMF.

To update the user names and passwords, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to FIC_HOME/ficdb/bin and open the UpdateKYCOBUserPassCodes.sh file in edit mode.
- 2. Update the dburl value. This must point to the OFS BD database. Format of dburl is as follows: jdbc:oracle:thin:@<Server>:<port>:<SID>
- **3.** Save and close the file.
- 4. Execute the UpdateKYCOBUserPassCodes.sh file.
- 5. Select option 1 if you are using OFS Customer Screening for Watchlist and do the following:
 - a. Enter the OFS Customer Screening Watch list service user name and password.
 - b. Enter the OFS BD Config Schema user name and password.

This will save the user name and password for the OFS customer Screening Watch list service.

- 6. Select option 2 for all KYC Onboarding services and do the following:
 - a. Enter the KYC Administrator user name and password.
 - **b.** Enter the OFS BD Config Schema user name and password.

This will save the user name and password for all KYC Onboarding services.

- 7. Select option 3 for the OFS ECM Real-time Case Create Service:
 - a. Enter the ECM Administrator user name and password.
 - **b.** Enter the OFS BD Config Schema user name and password.

This will save the user name and password for OFS ECM Real-time Case Create Service.

7.3 Installing Scenario Manager

This section provides the general steps to install the OFS BD Scenario Manager software, along with a reference to the specific section and page where the tasks are explained.

Installing the Scenario Manager involves the following procedures:

- Verifying the Pre-installation Requirements
- Installing the Scenario Manager on the Workstation
- <u>Cancelling the Scenario Manager Installation Program</u>
- Accessing the Scenario Manager
- <u>Configuring JAVA HOME and JDBC URL</u>

7.3.1 Verifying the Pre-installation Requirements

Before you install the OFSBD Scenario Manager on the Windows workstation, verify the following information:

• <u>Verifying Prerequisite Third-Party Software Installation</u>

Verifying Values for the Scenario Manager Installation Program

NOTE Install and configure the OFS BD application completely before you install the Scenario Manager software.

7.3.1.1 Verifying Prerequisite Third-Party Software Installation

Before installing the OFS BD Scenario Manager, verify that the third-party software defined in Table 7–2 is installed and configured on the workstation.

OFS BD application supports the third-party software identified in the following table.

Table 7–2 Prerequisite Third-Party Software Products for the Scenario Manager Workstation

Component	Product	Version	Vendor
Operating System	Windows 7		Microsoft
Java	JRE, Standard Edition with HotSpot	1.8	Sun

7.3.1.2 Verifying Values for the Scenario Manager Installation Program

To prepare for the OFS BD Scenario Manager installation program's requests for information, use the pre-installation checklist in Table 6–3 to verify the database connection information, provide the user and owner names to the Scenario Manager Installation Program.

Table 7–3 Scenario Manager Pre-installation Checklist

ltem Description	Example Value	Your Value
------------------	---------------	------------

OFS BD Installation Directory	Directory on the workstation where you want to install the Scenario Manager.	C:\Oracle Scenario Manager	Microsoft
Database Client	Oracle Client 11g Release 2 (11.2.0.3.0+) - 64 bit Oracle Client 12c Release 1 (12.1.0.1.0+) - 64 bit Oracle Database Client & Server - Enterprise Edition 19.3+	N/A	N/A
Service Name/ SID	Service Name/ SID for the instance. This is often the same as the database name.	ORA_PROD	Sun
KDD Schema Database Owner	KDD Schema Database owner's name.	Value for kdd_ schema_owner	
Alert Management Schema Database Owner Name	Mantas Schema Database owner's name.	Value for mantas_ schema_owner	
Database server name	Name of the server that the database resides on.	prod_server	
KDD Miner User Name	KDD Miner user's name.	Value for tools_user	

Table 7–3 Scenario Manager Pre-installation Checklist

ltem	Description	Example Value	Your Value
JRE Home	Directory name of your JRE 1.7 server installation	C:\apps\jre1.7	
Maximum Java Virtual Machine Memory	UsageMaximum amount of Java Virtual Machine (JVM) memory available for the Scenario Manager.	64	
Program Group Name	Name of the Windows Program Group where you want to install the Scenario Manager.	Financial Crime and Compliance Management Scenario Manager	
JAVA_TOOL_OPTIONS	System environmental variable need to add a new param.	Dos.name=Windows 7	

NOTE Any path that includes spaces should be entered with double quotes, for example, C:\Program Files\JRE 1.8.
7.3.2 Installing the Scenario Manager on the Workstation

The OFS BD Scenario Manager Installation program installs the Scenario Manager using a series of screens that prompt you for the information relevant to local installation and interface with the other subsystems of the OFS BD application.

The following procedures group the installation program into high-level categories:

- Starting the Installation
- <u>Completing the Pre-installation Questions</u>
- Completing the Database Information
- Completing the Environment Information
- Completing the Installation

NOTE You can cancel the installation from any screen in the installation program. See Cancelling the Scenario Manager Installation Program for more information.

7.3.2.1 Starting the Installation

To start the OFS BD Scenario Manager installation, follow these steps:

- 1. Copy the ScenarioManager.exe file from OFS_BD_PACK/OFS_BD/bin to the windows machine.
- **2.** Locate file through Windows Explorer and double-click the ScenarioManager.exe file. The Scenario Manager Installation program opens and displays the Introductory screen.
- 3. Run the ScenarioManager.exe by changing the compatibility mode for Windows 7.
- 4. Proceed to completing the Pre-installation Questions.

7.3.2.2 Completing the Pre-installation Questions

To complete the pre-installation questions, follow these steps:

1. In the Introductory screen, click Ok.

NOTE This screen serves as a reminder that you must have the appropriate version of Windows installed prior to the execution of the Scenario Manager Installation program.

2. Click Next.

The OFS BD Scenario Manager Installation Directory screen displays.

- **3.** Do one of the following:
 - **a.** Click Next to accept the default destination for OFS BD software installation.

The Database Type screen displays. Proceed to the Completing the Database Information.

- **b.** Click Choose to select an installation directory different from the displayed default location, and select the directory you want to install the Scenario Manager.
- 4. Click Next.
 - **a.** If you do not have write permission to the chosen installation folder, an installation error message displays.

Click OK. You return to the OFS BD Scenario Manager Installation Directory screen and do one of the following:

- i. Give the path of different installation directory which have write permission.
- **ii.** Give the write permission to the given installation directory.
- **b.** If you have write permission to the selected directory, the Database Type screen displays.
- **5.** Proceed to the Completing the Database Information.

7.3.2.3 Completing the Database Information

To complete the database information, follow these steps:

- 1. Click Oracle in the Database Type screen.
- 2. Click Next.
- **3.** Enter the Oracle database connection string for the OFS BD application in the text box of the Oracle Database Connection String screen.
- 4. Click Next.

Then enter the Name of Server that Oracle Database Resides On-screen displays.

NOTE	By default, the Scenario Manager installer assumes the default
	database port as 1521. This port can be changed by editing the
	install.cfg file under the path: <scenario installer<="" manager="" th=""></scenario>
	Directory>\behavior_detection\toolkit\mantas_cfg

5. Type the following in their respective text boxes:

Table 7–4 Prerequisite Third-Party Software Products for the Scenario Manager Workstation

Component Product Version Vendor	<enter (kdd_schema_owner)="" for="" name="" user=""></enter>
The Firm Schema database owner's name.	<enter for<br="" name="" user="">(mantas_schema_owner)></enter>
The KDD Miner user's name.	<enter (tools_user)="" for="" name="" user=""></enter>

NOTE See the file OFS_BD_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.XML located at <OFS BD Installed Directory>/schema_creator folder for schema names written against the variables provided in brackets of respective schema.

6. Click Next.

The Java Runtime Environment Home screen displays.

Proceed to Completing the Environment Information, procedure.

7.3.2.4 Completing the Environment Information

To complete the user information, follow these steps:

1. In the Java Runtime Environment home screen, click Next.

The Maximum Java Virtual Machine Memory Usage screen displays.

- **2.** Select the option that represents the maximum JVM memory available for use by the Scenario Manager.
- 3. Click Next.

The Program Group Name screen displays.

- **4.** Type the Program Name: the name of the Windows Program Group where you want to install the Scenario Manager.
- 5. Click Next.

The Pre-installation Summary screen displays. Proceed to Completing the Installation.

7.3.2.5 Completing the Installation

To complete the installation, follow these steps:

1. Click Install in the Pre-installation Summary screen.

The Installing screen displays; the Installation Complete screen follows.

2. Click Done to complete the installation of the Scenario Manager.

7.3.3 Cancelling the Scenario Manager Installation Program

You can cancel the installation of Scenario Manager at any time during installation from any screen in the OFSBDP installation program. However, canceling the installation program results in partial installation of the OFSBDP components, depending on when you cancel the installation.

Use these conditions to help you determine when to cancel the OFSBDP Scenario Manager installation:

- If you click Cancel before or on the Installing screen, you do not leave a partial OFSBDP installation. You can execute the installation program again as though you are installing for the first time.
- If you click Cancel during the installation of components, when the software is placed on the workstation, a partial installation results. You must manually remove all files from the file system in the OFSBDP installation directory chosen during installation.

To cancel the OFSBDP Scenario Manager installation, follow these steps:

1. Click Cancel.

The Cancel Installation screen displays.

2. Click Quit.

7.4 Configuring JAVA HOME and JDBC URL

To configure JAVA HOME, follow these steps:

1. Open the folder where the Scenario Manager is installed on the desktop and navigate to the path:

<INSTALLED_DIRECTORY>\behavior_detection\toolkit\bin

- Set JAVA_HOME as ur JRE path in the kddstart.bat file.
 For example, set JAVA_HOME="C:\Program Files\Java_7\jre1.7.0_65" To update the JDBC URL,
- 1. Navigate to the path: <INSTALLED_DIRECTORY>\behavior_ detection\toolkit\mantas_cfg
- **2.** Open the file install.cfg
- 3. Update the JDBC URL if the existing one is incorrect.

7.5 Configuring Scenario Manager

To configure Scenario Manager, follow these steps:

1. Open the folder where the Scenario Manager is installed on the desktop and navigate to the path:

<INSTALLED_DIRECTORY>\behavior_detection\toolkit\lib

Replace the jar file

'xml-apis-2.10.0.jar' with the latest file from the path

/ficweb/webroot/WEB-INF/lib

2. Edit the kddtool.bat file in the following location:

<INSTALLED_DIRECTORY>\behavior_detection\toolkit\bin\kddtool.bat

Replace the line set:

j§XML_APIS_JAR=%LIBDIR%\xml-apis.jar; with

<code>jSset XML_APIS_JAR=%LIBDIR%</code>xml-apis-2.10.0.jar; $\ddot{}$ Close and restart the Scenario Manager application

3. Copy KDDtools.jar from ##FIC_HOME/ficweb/WEB_INF/lib ## and to be placed at

<INSTALLED_DIRECTORY>\Oracle_Mantas_Platform\behavior_detection\toolkit\lib\

- Copy the log4j-core-2.8.2.jar,log4j-api-2.8.2.jar, xalan.jar, xerces.jar jars from <FIC_HOME>/ficweb/WEB_INF/lib' to '<INSTALLED_ DIRECTORY>\Oracle_Mantas_Platform\behavior_detection\toolkit\lib
- **5.** To access the Scenario Manager application, double-click the kddtool.bat file from the

<INSTALLED_DIRECTORY>\behavior_detection\toolkit\bin\ path.

6. Copy and paste 2 files(common.dtd and pattern.dtd) from

"C:\Oracle_Mantas_Platform\behavior_detection\toolkit\xml" to

"C:\Oracle_Mantas_Platform\behavior_detection\toolkit\bin"

7.6 Accessing the Scenario Manager

After the installation is successfully completed you can access Scenario Manager. To access Scenario Manager through the Windows Start menu, follow these steps:

- 1. Click Start, point to Programs, and then click the OFSBDP Scenario Manager menu option.
- 2. Click Scenario Manager.

The Scenario Manager application launches and the Login dialog box displays.

- **3.** Enter your user ID and password into the appropriate fields. This userID and password are same as OFS BD atomic schema's userID and password.
- 4. Click Login.

7.7 Copying KEYTAB and KRB5 Files in OFSAAI

A Keytab is a file containing pairs of Kerberos principals and encrypted keys (these are derived from the Kerberos password). The krb5.conf file contains Kerberos configuration information, including the locations of KDCs and admin servers for the Kerberos realms of interest, defaults for the current realm and for Kerberos applications, and mappings of hostnames onto Kerberos realms.

If the Authentication is configured as KERBEROS_WITH_KEYTAB for the Hive database, then you must use the Keytab file to login to Kerberos.

Generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server.

Restart the Web Application Server and the OFSAAAI Application Server. For more information, see to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in Appendix D.

7.8 Deploying Analytic Reports and Threshold Analyzer

This section explains how to deploy Analytics on Oracle Business Intelligence Enterprise Edition (OAS 5.5) and integrate Analytic Reports and Threshold Analyzer in the OFSBD UI.

This section includes the following topics:

- Installing OAS 5.5
- Installing OAS 5.5 Windows Administration Client
- Disabling the Cache Feature in OAS 5.5
- Change Default Repository Password
- <u>Configuring OAS 5.5 Connection Pool</u>
- Deploying OFS BD Report Analytics
- <u>Configuring TreeMap Graph</u>
- Disable Single Sign On

<u>Accessing Reports through OFS BD Application</u>

7.8.1 Installing Oracle Analytic Server (OAS) 5.5

To install the ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5, download the software from <u>ORACLE</u> <u>ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 server</u>. After installation, get the Enterprise Manager URL, Username, Password, and ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 installed directory from the system administrator.

7.8.2 Installing ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 Windows Administration Client

Use 12.2.1.4 client tool with OAS 5.5. Download the software (Oracle Business Intelligence Developer Client Tool (12.2.1.4.0)) from, https://www.oracle.com/middleware/technologies/business-intelligence-v12214-downloads.html

7.8.3 Disabling the Cache Feature in Oracle Analytic Server (OAS)5.5

ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5:

Log in to the Enterprise Manager and perform the following steps:

- **1.** Click the Target Navigation icon.
- 2. Expand the Business Intelligence section and then click biinstance.
- **3.** Click the Configuration tab.
- 4. Click the Lock icon and then click Lock & Edit to enable the Cache Enabled check box.
- **5.** Under the Performance tab, in the Enable Bi Server Cache section, de-select the Cache Enabled check box and make the required changes.
- 6. Click the Lock icon and click Release Configuration to save the Cache Enabled changes.

Figure 7–1 Disabling the Cache Feature in Oracle Analytic Server (OAS) 5.5

DEPLOYING ANALYTIC REPORTS AND THRESHOLD ANALYZER

ORACLE Enterprise Manager Fusion Middeware Control 12:	🛃 West.op: Doman 🔻 weblop: + 🚥
biinstance 0	🔒 * 🖾 *
Lime by Business intelligence instance +	🕒 🛛 🕹 🕹 🕹 🕹 🕹 🕹 🕹 🕹 🕹
Confirmation	8
The edit session lock has been acquired. No pending changes exist.	
Information All configuration changes provide the BI instance restart to take effect.	
Overview Availability Configuration Diagnostics Security	
General Performance Presentation Mail	
Performance Options	Apply A
Use this page to tune the performance of this BI instance.	
Enable BI Server Cache	User Session Expiry
Enabling the server cache can greatly improve performance by enabling users who share data vasibility to retrieve now sets from queries that have already been run at the cost of the possibility of seeing state data.	Reducing the user session expry time will increase performance as resources associated with the session can be released to service new requests. The downside is that users will be required to log in more frequently and can lose transient session state.
Cache enabled	Expiry Time 210 A v Minutes v
Maximum cache entry size 20 - v ME 🗸	
Maximum cache entries	Maximum Number of Rows Processed when Rendering a Table View This setting limits how much data is retrieved from the Bi Berver and processed. The default value is 65000, Reducing the maximum number of rows processed can significantly improve performance by reducing the system resources that can be consumed by a given user session.
Global Cache	Number Of Rows 65000 A v
These settings apply to the cache when the BI server is clustered.	
Global cache path	Maximum Number of Rows to Download
Global cache size 0 = MB	Use this box to specify the number of rows in a view that can be downloaded to html, initiani, pdf, excel, etc.) The default value is 2500. Reducing the maximum number of rows that can be downloaded can improve performance where exports are common.
RPD Updates	Number Of Rows 2500 A v

7.8.4 Change Default Repository Password

ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5

Copy FCCM81.rpd from \$FIC_HOME/OBIEE/Repository to the Windows machine where the 12.2.1.4 Windows administration client is installed.

To change the default password for the repository follow these steps:

- 1. Open the Repository using the 12.2.1.4 Windows administration client from Windows machine. From the File menu, select Open and click Offline. Browse to the Repository on Windows machine. The Oracle BI Administration Tool FCCM81.rpd window is displayed.
- 2. Enter default Repository password: FCCM\$810

To change the default password, follow these steps:

- 3. From File menu, choose Change Password.
- **4.** Enter the new password and click OK.

7.8.5 Configuring ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 Connection Pool

ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5:

To configure the Connection Pool of the repository, follow these steps:

- 1. Open the same Repository (as in the previous step) on the Windows machine. The Oracle Bl Administration Tool FCCM81.rpd window is displayed.
- **2.** Expand the FCCM folder in the Physical section.
- **3.** Double-click Connection Pool to open the Connection Pool Properties window.
- 4. Enter the following in the Data Source Name text box of the Connection Pool Properties window after modifying <Database Server Host Name> and <Database Name> Data Source Name = (DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)(HOST=<Database Server HostName>)(PORT=1521))(CONNECT_DATA=(SERVER=DEDICATED) (SERVICE_NAME=<Database Name>)))
- 5. Enter the Atomic Schema user in the User name text box.
- 6. Enter the Atomic Schema user password in the Password text box.
- 7. Click OK.
- 8. Expand the folder and test connection for any one table name by Right Click > view data.
- **9.** Perform similar changes in the Connection Pools for all remaining folders in the Physical Layer by providing the following schema details for all Connection Pools:
 - KYC Analytics >Atomic Schema

NOTE Initial block and connection pool: both should point towards the atomic schema.

- UIC_73 > CaseMng connection pool ->Atomic SchemaUIC_73 > Security connection pool->Atomic Schema
- TA > Atomic Schema
- CTRBI-> Atomic Schema
- ORCL->Atomic Schema
- FCCM > Atomic Schema
- **10.** Select Save option from the File menu. The following message is displayed: Do you want to check global consistency?
- **11.** Click Yes. The following message is displayed: Consistency check did not find any errors, warning or best practices violations.
- **12.** Click OK.

7.8.6 Deploying OFS FCCM Report Analytics

ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5:

To deploy Analytic Reports, follow these steps:

1. Login to System Settings using the below URL:

DEPLOYING ANALYTIC REPORTS AND THRESHOLD ANALYZER

http://<oas server name>:<oas analytics port number>/analytics/systemsettings/

(Example link for reference: <u>http://testserver:9502/analytics/systemsettings/)</u>

- **2.** Search for Evaluate in the search box
- 3. Select Level 2 from the Evaluate Support Level drop-down
- 4. Search for HTML in the search box
- **5.** Enable Allow HTML Content
- 6. Click Restart
- Update the instanceconfig.xml file present in <Oracle Analytic Server (OAS)
 5.5_home>/user_ projects/domains/bi/config/fmwconfig/biconfig/OBIPS location as detailed here.
- 8. Replace the following script:

<Security>

This Configuration setting is managed by Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control-->

<ClientSessionExpireMinutes>210</ClientSessionExpireMinutes>

</Security>

With the following:

<Security>

<!--This Configuration setting is managed by Oracle Enterprise Manager Fusion Middleware Control-->

<ClientSessionExpireMinutes>210</ClientSessionExpireMinutes>

<InIFrameRenderingMode>allow</InIFrameRenderingMode>

</Security>

- 9. Deploy BAR(CATALOG)
 - a. Navigate to \$FIC_HOME/OBIEE/catalog.
 - **b.** Copy FCCM_ANALYTICS.bar to the working location of OAS server.
 - **c.** Copy FCCM81.rpd into the working location of OAS server.
 - **d.** Go to, <OAS 5.5 Home directory>/Oracle_Home/user_projects/domains/bi/bitools/bin path.
 - e. Execute the command:

./importarchive.sh ssi <working location>/FCCM_ANALYTICS.bar

encryptionpassword='<pwd>'

Note: *pwd* is the same as RPD (Repository) password.

- 10. Deploy FCCM81.rpd
 - **a.** Navigate to the working directory and execute the following script:<Oracle Analytic Server (OAS) 5.5_home>/user_projects/domains/bi/bitools/bin/datamodel.sh uploadrpd -I FCCM81.rpd -SI ssi -U <user> -P <password>

- **b.** Restart Oracle Analytic Server (OAS) 5.5 from Enterprise Manager by following these steps: (see figure Restarting Oracle Analytic Server (OAS) 5.5)
- c. Click the Target Navigation icon.
- d. Expand the Business Intelligence section and then click biinstance.
- e. Click the Availability tab.
- f. Click Stop All.
- g. Click Start All.

Figure 7–2 Restarting Oracle Analytic Server (OAS) 5.5

Business Intelligence Instance	,				
Confirmation The edit session lock has been acquir	ed. No per	nding changes exist.			
Information All configuration changes require the	BI Instance	e restart to take effect.			
Processes Failover Processes					
🕨 Start All 📗 Stop All 💽 F	Restart All	Start Selected	Si Si	top Selected	Restart Selected
Start All Stop All R F	Restart All Status	Start Selected	Port	Note	Restart Selected
Start All Stop All F Name Bi Presentation Services	Restart All Status	Start Selected	Port	Note	Restart Selected
Start All Stop All F Name BI Presentation Services Objps1	Restart All Status	Start Selected Host whf00adb.in.oracle.com	Port 9507	Note	Restart Selected
Start All Stop All F Name BI Presentation Services BI Objps1 BI Servers Start All Se	Restart All	Start Selected Host whf00adb.in.oracle.com	Port 9507	top Selected Note	Restart Selected
Start All Stop All F Name	Restart All Status C C C C	Start Selected Host whf00adb.in.oracle.com	Port 9507	top Selected Note	Restart Selected
Start All Stop All F Name	Restart All Status C C C C C C	Start Selected Host whf00adb.in.oracle.com	Port 9507	Note	Restart Selected

7.8.7 Configuring TreeMap Graph

To configure the TreeMap Graph, follow these steps:

- 1. Login to Oracle Analytic Server (OAS) 5.5.
- 2. Navigate to ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 Home.

NOTE ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 Home is the ORACLE ANALYTIC SERVER (OAS) 5.5 installed path.

- 3. Execute the following command: cd <Oracle Analytic Server (OAS) 5.5_home>
- **4.** Execute the following command to find the available treemap-canvas.js: find -name treemap-canvas.js
- 5. Four different files, all named treemap-canvas.js are displayed.
- **6.** Back up these four files.
- 7. Edit window.top.console to console in these four files and save.

7.8.8 Disable Single Sign On

Execute the following to disable Single Sign On:

<Oracle Analytic Server (OAS) 5.5_Home>/oracle_common/common/bin/wlst.sh
disableBlSingleSignOn('<Oracle Analytic Server (OAS) 5.5_Home>/user_projects/domains/bi')

7.8.9 Enabling Table Authentication feature in OAS 5.5

<DOMAIN_HOME(OAS Server Domain home)> /config/fmwconfig/biconfig/OBIPS/incubation.properties (if the file does not exist, create it)

Add/update the following line in this file

- 1. oracle.bips.auth.nextGenAuth=false
- 2. Restart the OBIPS process(es)

Example:

- <DOMAIN_HOME>/bitools/bin/stop.sh -i obips1
- <DOMAIN_HOME>/bitools/bin/start.sh -i obips1

7.9 Post Installation Steps

After installing the OAS 5.5, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in as OFS BD Admin User with valid username and password. The OFS BD Home page is displayed.
- **2.** Click FCCM and then click the Administration Menu and select the Manage Parameters and click Manage Common Parameters.
- 3. Choose Parameter Category as UI and Parameter Name as OBIEE.
- 4. Set Attribute 2 Value = <PROTOCOL>://<OAS 5.5_SERVER_NAME>:<PORT>

NOTE	<protocol> is the web page access PROTOCOL (http or https) and <oas 5.5_server_name=""> is the FQN (fully qualified name)/host name of the server, where OAS 5.5 is installed.</oas></protocol>
	<port> is the PORT number used in OAS 5.5 installation. It may change based on the OAS 5.5 version. Enter the correct PORT number if it is not 9704.</port>
	Placeholder variables are mentioned between angle brackets. Update the placeholders with actual value.

5. Verify Attribute 4 Value. It must be the OFS BD application URL. If the same OFS BD application is deployed on different machines, then modify the OFS BD Application URL in Attribute 4 Value appropriately.

7.10 Accessing Reports through OFS BD Application

For more information on Accessing Reports, see the <u>Oracle Financial Services FCCM Analytics User</u> <u>Guide</u>.

7.11 Installing RAOR Service

NOTE This is applicable only for KYC.

To install the RAOR service, follow these steps:

- 1. Creating RAOR.ear/ RAOR.war
- 2. Deploying RAOR.ear in WebLogic
- 3. Deploying RAOR.ear in WebSphere
- 4. Deploying RAOR.war in Tomcat

NOTE For information on IPE, configurations, such as JMS connection factory and JMS queue, see the <u>OFS Inline</u> <u>Processing Engine Configuration Guide</u>. These configurations are mandatory for RAOR.

7.12 Creating RAOR.ear/ RAOR.war

It is mandatory to have the RAOR.ear in the same profile or domain where the <contextname>.ear file of the OFS BD Application is deployed. To create RAOR.ear/ RAOR.war,

Figure 7–3	Creating	RAOR.ear/	RAOR.war
------------	----------	-----------	----------

/scratch/ofsacbie/AAAI 80/realtime processing>ls	
ant.sh application.xml build.xml ILP.ear ILP.war ipesampleapp (WebContent
/scratch/ofsacbie/ABAI 80/realtime processing>./ant.sh	
executing "ant"	
Buildfile: build.xml	
createwar:	
createear:	
BUILD SUCCESSFUL	
Total time: 0 seconds	
/scratch/ofsachie/ADAI_80/realtime_processing>	

follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to < OFSAA Installation Directory >/raor_processing
- **2.** Execute the command:

./ant.sh.

 On successful execution, the RAOR.ear and RAOR.war files are generated under the <OFSAA Installation Directory >/raor_processing/ folder.

7.13 Deploying RAOR.ear in WebLogic

This section defines how to deploy RAOR.ear in WebLogic.

NOTEIt is mandatory to have RAOR.ear in the same domain where
<contextname>.ear of the OFS BD Application is deployed.IF RAOR ILP and TFLT are deployed, then change the following
values in the
web.xml file of each individual service:
For ILP, change rti.server.web.root to
rtilPE.server.web.root.For RAOR, change rti.server.web.root to
rtiRAOR.server.web.root.For TFLT, change rti.server.web.root to
rtiTFLT.server.web.root.

To deploy RAOR.ear in WebLogic, follow these steps:

- **1.** Start the WebLogic server.
- 2. Create an RAOR.ear folder in <WEBLOGIC_INSTALL_DIR>/user_ projects/domains/<DOMAIN_NAME>/applications

Copy <FIC_HOME>/raor_processing/RAOR.ear to <WEBLOGIC_INSTALL_ DIR>/user_projects/domains/<DOMAIN_NAME>/applications/RAOR.ear/

3. Explode the RAOR.ear file by executing the command:

jar -xvf RAOR.ear

- 4. Delete the RAOR.ear and RAOR.war files.
- **5.** Create an RAOR.war folder in <WEBLOGIC_INSTALL_DIR>/user_ projects/domains/<DOMAIN_NAME>/applications/RAOR.ear
- 6. Copy <FIC_HOME>/raor_processing/RAOR.war to <WEBLOGIC_INSTALL_ DIR>/user_projects/domains/<DOMAIN_NAME>/applications/RAOR.ear/RAOR.war
- 7. Explode the RAOR.war file by executing the command:

jar -xvf RAOR.war

- 8. In the <WEBLOGIC_INSTALL_DIR>/user_ projects/domains/<DomainName>/applications/RAOR.ear/RAOR.war/WEB-INF path, make the following changes in the log4j.xml file:
 - Change the debug value to True as shown below:
 <log4j:configuration xmlns:log4j="http://jakarta.apache.org/log4j/"debug="True">
 - Change the level value to Debug as shown below:

<logger name="org.springframework">

<level value="DEBUG"/>

</logger>

<logger name="com.ofs.aai">

<level value="DEBUG"/>

</logger>

9. In the <WEBLOGIC_INSTALL_DIR>/user_projects/domains/<Domain Name>/applications/RAOR.ear/RAOR.war/conf path, provide a working watch list URL in the WatchList.wsdl file. For example,

<PROTOCOL://HOSTNAME:PORT/mantas/services/WatchListService

10. In the <WEBLOGIC_INSTALL_DIR>/user_projects/domains/<Domain Name>/applications/RAOR.ear/RAOR.war/conf/ext path, update the raor.auth.role property in the spring-raor.properties file with the required role name. For example, KYCADMIN.

This step is required in order to authorize a role name for RAOR. You must also map this role to the user who is hitting the RAOR service. For example, KYCADMIN1.

 In the <WEBLOGIC_INSTALL_DIR>/user_projects/domains/<Domain Name>/applications/RAOR.ear/RAOR.war/conf path, update the aai.auth.url property in the install.properties file with the AAI authentication URL. For example, aai.auth.url=<PROTOCOL://HOSTNAME:PORT/CONTEXT_

NAME/rest-api/idm/service/login. aai.auth.url=http://<Server>:<port>/<context>/rest-api/idm/service/logi n

Example: http://testserver:8031/OFSAAI/rest-api/idm/service/login

12. In the <WEBLOGIC_INSTALL_DIR>/user_projects/domains/<Domain Name>config

path, update config.xml with the below entry under <security-configuration>:

<enforce-valid-basic-auth-credentials>false</enforce-valid-basic-auth-c redentials>.

INSTALLING RAOR.EAR IN WEBLOGIC USING WEBLOGIC ADMINISTRATOR CONSOLE

7.14 Installing RAOR.ear in WebLogic using WebLogic Administrator Console

- 1. Navigate to the path "<WebLogic Installation directory>/user_ projects/domains/<domain name>/bin" in the machine in which WebLogic is installed.
- **2.** Start WebLogic by executing the command:

./startWebLogic.sh -d64 file

- **3.** Open the URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<admin server port>/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The Sign in window of the WebLogic Server Administration Console is displayed.
- **4.** Login with the Administrator Username and Password. The Summary of Deployment page is displayed.

and another of the second s						
🙆 Home Log Out Preferences 🐼 Record Help	9				Welc	come, weblogic Connected to: AAA1805
Home >Summary of Deployments Hessages						
All changes have been activated. No restarts are necessary.						
Selected Deployments were deleted.						
Summary of Deployments						
Control Monitoring						
This page displays a list of Jave EE applications and stand-alone application name and using the controls on this page. To install a new application or module for deployment to targets	application modules that have been install s in this domain, click the Install button.	ed to this domain. Installed application	is and modules	can be started, stopped, updated	(redeployed), or deleted	from the domain by first selecting the
This page displays a list of Java EE applications and stand-alooe application name and using the controls on this page. To install a new application or module for deployment to target () Customize this table Deployments	application modules that have been installe	ed to this domain. Installed application	is and modules	can be started, stopped, updated	(redeployed), or deleted	from the domain by first selecting the
This page displays a list of Java EE applications and stand-aloos application name and using the controls on this page. To install a new application or module for deployment to target iv Costomize this table Deployments Install Upitalie Delete Start's Story	application modules that have been installed	ed to thes domain. Installed application	s and modules	can be started, stopped, updated	(redeployed), or deleted	from the domain by first selecting the Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next
This page displays a list of Jave EE applications and stand-alooe application name and using the controls on this page. To install a new application or module for deployment to target Customize this table Deployments Install Update Delete Startw Stopw Name &	application modules that have been installe	ed to thus domain. Installed application	s and modules Health	can be started, stopped, updated	(redeployed), or deleted	from the domain by first selecting the Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next Deployment Order
This page displays a list of Jave EE applications and stand-aloce application name and using the controls on this page. To install a new application or module for deployment to target Customizer this table Deployments Install (Update Deinte) Startw Stopw Name + 1 (Startw) Stopw 1 (Stopw) 1 (Stopw) 1 (Stopw)	application modules that have been installe	ed to thus domain. Installed application	s and modules Health V OK	can be started, stopped, updated	(redeployed), or deleted Targets AdminServer	from the domain by first selecting the Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next Deployment Order 100

Figure 7–4 Summary of Deployment

5. Click Install. The Install Application Assistance page is displayed.

Figure 7–5 Install Application Assistance Window

INSTALLING RAOR.EAR IN WEBLOGIC USING WEBLOGIC ADMINISTRATOR CONSOLE

hange Center	Home Log Out Preferences	Record Help	Q	Welcome, weblogic Connected to: BDAUTO8
Now abanaas and restarts	Home >Summary of Deployment	nts		
new changes and restarts	Install Application Assistant			
configuration eating is enabled. Puture changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Back Next Finish Ca	ncel		
Jomain Structure	Locate deployment to inst	all and prepare for depk	ovment	
DAUT0804 B-Environment Deployments B-Services	Select the file path that repres application directory or file in Note: Only valid file paths are	ents the application root d the Path field. e displayed below. If you ca	irectory, archive file, exploded archive direct	tory, or application module descriptor that you want to install. You can also enter the path of the r file(s) and/or confirm that your application contains the required deployment descriptors.
P-Interoperability	Path:	/scratch/ofsaadb/	Oracle Home/user projects/domains/	/BDAUTO804/applications/RAOR.ear
B-Diagnostics	Recently Used Paths:	/scratch/ofsaadb/Ora /scratch/ofsaadb/Ora	cle_Home/user_projects/domains/BDAUTO8 cle_Home/user_projects/domains/BDAUTO8	304/applications 304/applications/WL
	Current Location:	whf00ajh.in.oracle.co	om / scratch / ofsaadb / Oracle_Home / user_	_projects / domains / BDAUTO804 / applications
Now do I	Back Next Finish Ca	ncel		
application				
Create a deployment plan				
Target an enterprise application to a server				
Test the modules in an enterprise application				
iystem Status 🖂				
lealth of Running Servers				
Failed (0) Critical (0) Overloaded (0) Wareing (0)				

6. Select RAOR.ear and click Next. The Install Application Assistance page is displayed with the Choose targeting style section.

Figure 7–6 Install Application Assistance with choose Target Style

ORACLE WebLogic Server Ad	ninistration Console 12c	Q.
Change Center	🔞 Home Log Out Preferences 🔛 Record Help	Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAJ805C
View changes and restarts	Home >Summary of Deployments	
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Install Application Assistant Book Hend Finnh Cancel	
Domain Structure	Choose tametion style	
AAAISOSOL Christennent Deployments Services Services Interoperability Dispansoics	Targets are the servers, clusters, and virtual hosts on which this deployment will run. There are several ways you can target an application. The application and its components will be targeted to the same locations. This is the most common usage. The application and its components will be targeted to the same locations. This is the most common usage.	
	Application libraries are deployments that are available for other deployments to share. Libraries should be available on all of the targets running their referencing applications.	
How do 1		
 Start and stop a deployed enterprise application 		
Configure an enterprise application		
Create a deployment plan		
Target an enterprise application to a server		
Test the modules in an enterprise application		
System Status		
Health of Running Servers		
Faled (0) Critical (0) Overloaded (0) Warning (0) OK (1)		
Warning (0) OK (1)		

INSTALLING RAOR.EAR IN WEBLOGIC USING WEBLOGIC ADMINISTRATOR CONSOLE

7. By default, the Install this deployment as an application option in the Choose targeting style section is selected. Click Next. The Install Application Assistance page is displayed with the Optional Settings section.

ORACLE WebLogic Server Ad	ninistration Console 12c	Q
Change Center	Home Log Out Preferences 🗠 Record Help	Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAI80SOL
View changes and restarts	Home >Summary of Deployments	
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Install Application Assistant Back Hend Finish Cancel	
Domain Structure	Optional Settings	
AAA180SOL H) Environment Deployments H) Services Services M) Interoperability	You can modify these settings or accept the defaults * Indicates required fields - General	
B) - Diagnostics	What do you want to name this deployment? * Name: ILP Security What security model do you want to use with this application?	
How do I • Start and stop a deployed enterprise application	DD Only: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors. Custom Roles: Use roles that are defined in the Administration Console; use policies that are defined in the deployment descriptor. Custom Roles and Policies: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the Administration Console.	
Configure an enterprise application Create a deployment plan	Advanced: Use a custom model that you have configured on the realm's configuration page.	
Target an enterprise application to a server Test the modules in an enterprise application	- Source Accessibility How should the source files be made accessible?	
System Status	Use the defaults defined by the deployment's targets	
Health of Running Servers	Recommended selection.	
Failed (0) Critical (0)	Copy this application onto every larget for me	
Warning (0) OK (1)	During deployment, the files will be copied automatically to the Managed Servers to which the application is targeted.	
	Location: /scratch/oracle/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle Home/user	
	Provide the location from where all targets will access this application's files. This is often a shared directory. You must ensure the application files exist in this location and that each target can reach the location	in.

Figure 7–7 Install Application Assistance page with Optional Settings

8. Retain the default selections and click Next. The Install Application Assistance page is displayed with the Review your choices and click Finish section.

Figure 7–8 Install Application Assistance page with Review your choices and click Finish section

B Home Log Out Preferences	s 🛃 Record Help	Q			Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAA18050			
Home >Summary of Deploymen	nts							
Install Application Assistant								
Back Next Finish Ca	Back Netd Finish Cancel							
Review your choices and cl	lick Finish							
Click Finish to complete the der	ployment. This may take a few r	moments to complete.						
- Additional configuration -								
In order to work successfully, the	his application may require additi-	ional configuration. Do you want to review th	is application's configuration after completin	ig this assistant?				
○ Yes, take me to the depk	oyment's configuration scree	ca.						
• No, I will review the conf	figuration later.							
- Summary								
Deployment:	/scratch/oracle/Oracle/Mi	.iddleware/Oracle_Home/user_projects/doma	ins/AAAI80SOL/applications/ILP.ear					
Name:	ILP							
Staging Mode:	Use the defaults defined !	by the chosen targets						
Plan Staging Mode:	Use the same accessibility	y as the application						
Security Model:	d: DDOnly: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors.							
Target Summary								
Components 🗠				Targets				
ILP.ear				AdminServer				
Back Next Finish Ca	ancel							

9. Select No, I will review the configuration later in the Additional Configuration section and click Finish. ILP is added in the Name section of the Summary of Deployment page with following message: The deployment has been successfully installed.

ORACLE WebLogic Server Ada	Iministration Console 12c							Õ
Change Center	😭 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help	Q					Welcom	e, weblogic Connected to: AAAI80501
View changes and restarts	es and restarts Hore >5mmars of Deployments Hessaes							
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.	 All changes have been activated. No restarts are r The deployment has been successfully installed. 	ecessary.						
Domain Structure	Summary of Deployments							
AAABSOL B-Environment 	Control Monitoring This page displays a list of Jave EE applications and application areal using the controls on this page To install a new application or module for deployment Customize this table	stand-alone application modules that have been install , t to targets in this domain, click the Install button.	led to this domain. Installed a	applications a	and modules car	be started, stopped, updated (redep	oloyed), or deleted from	n the domain by first selecting the
	Deployments							
	Install Update Delete Start - Stop -							Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous Next
How do I	🔲 Name 🍣			State	Health	Туре	Targets	Deployment Order
Install an enterprise application				Active	2 OK	Enternrise Application	AdminServer	100
Configure an enterprise application				HEUTE	- on			
Update (redeploy) an enterprise application	🔲 🖽 🛅 ofsai80			Active	🖉 ОК	Enterprise Application	AdminServer	100
 Start and stop a deployed enterprise application 	Instail Update Delete Start Stop v							Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous Next
 Monitor the modules of an enterprise application 								
Deploy EJB modules								
Install a Web application								
System Status								
Health of Running Servers								
Failed (0) Critical (0) Overloaded (0) Warning (0) OK (1)								

10. Restart all OFS AAAI servers. For more information, see Appendix D, "Starting / Stopping Infrastructure Services" section.

7.15 Deploying RAOR.ear in WebSphere

To deploy RAOR.ear in WebSphere, follow these steps:

NOTEIt is mandatory to have RAOR.ear in the same domain where
<contextname>.ear of the OFS BD Application is deployed.

 Start the WebSphere Profile by navigating to the path "/<WebSphere_Installation_ Directory>/IBM/WebSphere/AppServer/profiles/<Profile_Name>/bin/" then execute the command:

./startServer.sh server1

2. Open the following URL in the browser: http://<ipaddress>:<Administrative Console Port>/ibm/console. (use https protocol if SSL is enabled). The login screen is displayed.

Integrated Solutions Console	IBM.
Log in to the console. User ID: upgs73 Password:	
Log in	

Figure 7–10 WebSphere Login Window

- 3. Enter the user credentials which has administrator rights and click Log In.
- **4.** From the LHS menu, select Applications and click New Application. The New Application window is displayed.

Figure 7–11 New Application

ew App	plication
New	Application
This	page provides links to create new applications of different types.
Insta	dl a New Application
×	New Enterprise Application
-	New Business Level Application
	New Asset

5. Click New Enterprise Application. The Preparing for the application installation window is displayed.

Figure 7–12 Preparing for the application installation

Pat	to the new application	
0	ncal file system	
	all path	
	Choose File No file chosen	
۳	amote file system	
	ull path	
	scratch/IBM/RAOR.ear Browse	

6. Select Remote File System and click Browse. Select the EAR file generated for RAOR to upload and install. Click Next.

Figure 7–13 Installation Options

7. Select the Fast Path option and click Next. The Install New Application window is displayed.

Figure 7–14 Install New Application

specify options for instantin	ig enterprise applications and modules.
Step 1: Select installation options	Select installation options
Step 2 Map modules	Specify the various options that are available for your application.
 Step 1: Select installation options Step 2 Map modules to servers Step 3 Map virtual hosts for Web modules Step 4 Summary 	Specify the various options that are available for your application. □ Precomple JavaServer Pages files: □ Directory to install application □ Distribute application □ Create Means for resources □ Override class reloading settings for Web and EJB modules Reload interval in seconds
	Isolated V
	📖 Validate schema
Next Cancel	

8. Enter the required information and click Next. The Map Modules to Servers window is displayed.



	Step 1 Select	Map modu	Map modules to servers					
→	Step 2: Map modules to servers <u>Step 3</u> Map virtual hosts for Web modules <u>Step 4</u> Summary	Specify ta are contai application plug-in co through. Clusters i WebSph	rgets such a ned in your n servers. Al nfiguration f and servers: ere:cell=wh	s application serv application. Modul so, specify the W. ille (plugin-cfg.xm f00avgNode06Cell,	ers or clusters of application servers where you want to install the modules that es can be installed on the same application server or dispersed among several eb servers as targets that serve as routers for requests to this application. The I) for each Web server is generated, based on the applications that are routed node=whf00avgNode06,server=server1 Apply			
		Select	Module	URI	Server			
		1.0	Inline	RAOR.war,WEB-	WebSphere:cell=whf00avgNode06Cell,node=whf00avgNode06,server=server1			

9. Select the Inline Processing check box and click Next. The Map Virtual hosts for Web modules page is displayed.

Figure 7–16 Map Virtual hosts for Web modules page

Step 1 Select	Map virtual hosts for Web modules Specify the virtual host for the Web modules that are contained in your application. You can install Web modules on the same virtual host or disperse them among several hosts.				
Step 2 Map modules to servers → Step 3: Map virtual hosts for Web modules					
Step 4 Summary	Select	Web module	Virtual host		
		Inline Processing	default_host ▼		

10. Select the Inline Processing check box and click Next. The Metadata for modules page is displayed.

Step 1 Select	Summary Summary of installation options				
to servers	Options	Values			
Step 3 Man virtual	Precompile JavaServer Pages files	No			
hosts for Web modules	Directory to install application				
Step 4: Summary	Distribute application	Yes			
	Use Binary Configuration	No			
	Application name	RAOR			
	Create MBeans for resources	Yes			
	Override class reloading settings for Web and EJB modules	No			
	Reload interval in seconds				
	Deploy Web services	No			
	Validate Input off/warn/fail	warn			
	Process embedded configuration	No			
	File Permission	.*\.dll=755#.*\.so=755#.*\.a=755#.*\.sl=75			
	Application Build ID	Unknown			
	Allow dispatching includes to remote resources	No			
	Allow servicing includes from remote resources	No			
	Business level application name				
	Asynchronous Request Dispatch Type	Disabled			
	Allow EJB reference targets to resolve automatically	No			
	Deploy client modules	No			
	Client deployment mode	Isolated			
	Validate schema	No			
	Cell/Node/Server	Click here			

Figure 7–17 Summary page

- **11.** Select the Metadata-complete attribute check box and click Next. The Summary page is displayed.
- **12.** Click Finish. On successful installation, a message is displayed.

Figure 7–18 Installation Success

Installing
If there are enterprise beans in the application, the EJB deployment process can take several minutes. Do not save the configuration until the process completes.
Check the SystemOut.log on the deployment manager or server where the application is deployed for specific information about the EJB deployment process as it occurs.
ADMA5016): Installation of RAOR started.
ADMA50671: Resource validation for application RAOR completed successfully.
ADMA5058I: Application and module versions are validated with versions of deployment targets.
ADMA50051: The application RAOR is configured in the WebSphere Application Server repository.
ADMA50051: The application RAOR is configured in the WebSphere Application Server repository.
ADMA50811: The bootstrap address for client module is configured in the WebSphere Application Server repository.
ADMA50531: The library references for the installed optional package are created.
ADMA50051: The application RAOR is configured in the WebSphere Application Server repository.
ADMA50011: The application binaries are saved in /scratch/IBM/WebSphere/AppServer/profiles/IBDWEB/vstemp/3136999/workspace/cells/whf00avgNode06Cell/applications/RAOR.ear/RAOR.ear
ADMA5005I: The application RAOR is configured in the WebSphere Application Server repository.
SECJ04001: Successfully updated the application RAOR with the appContextIDForSecurity information.
ADMA5005I: The application RAOR is configured in the WebSphere Application Server repository.
ADMA50051: The application RAOR is configured in the WebSphere Application Server repository.
ADMA51131: Activation plan created successfully.
ADMA50111: The cleanup of the temp directory for application RAOR is complete.
ADMA5013I: Application RAOR installed successfully.
Application RAOR installed successfully.
To start the application, first save changes to the master configuration.
Changes have been made to your local configuration. You can:
 <u>Save</u> directly to the master configuration.
<u>Review</u> changes before saving or discarding.
To work with installed applications, click the "Manage Applications" link.
Manage Applications

13. Click Save and save the master file configuration. The details are displayed in the Master File Configuration page.

Figure 7–19 Master File Configuration page

rprise	Applications	2		
Enterp	prise Applications			
Use thi	is page to manage installed applications. A single application	n can be deployed onto multiple servers.		
 Pref 	ferences	An an an ann ann ann		
Star	t Stop Install Uninstall Update Rollout Update	Remove File Export Export DDL Export File		
D.	C # \$			
Select	Name 🛟	Application Status 👲		
You ca	an administer the following resources:			
	BDSPH804	⇒		
	DefaultApplication	÷		
	OBServiceTestBed war	₽		
	RAOR	*		
	ivtApp	÷		
	query	4		

14. Select RAOR and click Start. The Enterprise Application page is displayed with confirmation message.

Figure	7–20	Enterprise	Application	page with	Confirmation	message
J · · ·						

	Messages				
	Application RAOR on server server1 and node whf00avgNode06 started successfully. The collection may need to be refreshed to show the current status.				
Enterp Jse this E Pref	prise Applications is page to manage installed applications. A single applicati ferences	on can be deployed onto multiple servers.			
Star	t Stop Install Uninstall Update Rollout Updat	Remove File Export Export DDL Export File			
	6 # \$				
Select	Name 🗇 Application Status 👲				
You ca	an administer the following resources:				
	BDSPH804	♦			
	DefaultApplication				
	OBServiceTestBed war				
	RAOR	⇒			
	ivtApp	₽			
0					

15. Restart all OFS AAAI servers. For more information, see Appendix D, "Starting / Stopping Infrastructure Services" section.

7.16 Deploying RAOR.war in Tomcat

- 1. To deploy RAOR.war in Tomcat, follow these steps:
- 2. Create datasource for RAOR context in Tomcat by editing server.xml in <TOMCAT_ HOME_DIR>/conf directory.

Update database details as shown in the following sample:

NOTE Context name must be the directory name under webapps.

<Context path="/RAOR"

```
docBase="/scratch/ofsaaapp/apache-tomcat-8.0.32/webapps/RAOR" debug="0" reloadable="false" crossContext="true"><Loader delegate="true"/>
```

```
<Resource auth="Container"
```

name="jdbc/FICMASTER"

type="javax.sql.DataSource"

driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"

username="act_obiconf"

password="password"

url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@whf00aqr:1521/DEVUT08SPRINT"

maxTotal="100"

maxIdle="30"

maxWaitMillis="10000"

removeAbandoned="true" removeAbandonedTimeout="60" logAbandoned="true"/>

<Resource auth="Container"

name="jdbc/<infodom name>". For example,

OFSAAAIINFO

type="javax.sql.DataSource"

driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"

username="act_obiatm"

password="password"

url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@whf00aqr:1521/DEVUT08SPRINT" maxTotal="100"

maxIdle="30"

maxWaitMillis="10000"

removeAbandoned="true"

removeAbandonedTimeout="60"

logAbandoned="true"/>

<Resource auth="Container"

name="jdbc/<infodom name>CNF". For example,

OFSAAAIINFOCNF

type="javax.sql.DataSource"

driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver" username="act_obiatm" password="password"

url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@whf00aqr:1521/DEVUT08SPRINT" maxTotal="100"

maxldle="30"

maxWaitMillis="10000" removeAbandoned="true" removeAbandonedTimeout="60" logAbandoned="true"/>

</Context>

- **3.** Copy RAOR.war file to \$TOMCAT_HOME/webapps directory.
- 4. Grant 755 (rwxr-xr-x) permissions to the RAOR.war file

- 5. Start Tomcat server.
- **6.** Update install.properties file in \$TOMCAT_HOME/webapps/RAOR/conf directory as follows:

sql.config.datasource.jndi.name=java:comp/env/jdbc/FICMASTER

sql.atomic.datasource.jndi.name=java:comp/env/jdbc/OFSAAAIINF

sql.metadom.datasource.jndi.name=java:comp/env/jdbc/OFSAAAIIN FOCNF

NOTE Name must match the Resource Name defined in server.xml.

7. Update application-env.properties file in \$TOMCAT_HOME/webapps/RAOR/conf directory as follows:

comment the

#spring.profiles.active=JMS,JMSApplicationCache,JMSGateway,JMSFeedBackG ateway tag

remove all content after equal to (=) in the spring.profiles.active tag

8. Copy jms-api-1.1-rev-1.jar and javax.ws.rs-api-2.0-m02.jar to

\$TOMCAT_HOME/webapps/RAOR/WEB-INF/lib directory.

9. Restart all app and web servers.

7.17 Configuring Resource Reference

This section describes the details for configuring the resource reference in WebSphere, WebLogic, and Tomcat Application Servers. For detailed information, see Configuring Resource Reference.

7.18 Configuring Web Application Server

This section describes the details to configure the different web application servers for OFSAA Infrastructure deployment namely, IBM WebSphere, Oracle WebLogic, and Apache Tomcat Servers. For detailed information, see Configuring Web Application Servers.

NOTE	If you are installing CRR 8.1.1.0.0 for the Tomcat 9.x version and performing Pack on Pack installation of BD, ECM, and CRR (goAML STR) see Post Installation Chapter and Configuring Web Application Server section,
	https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E91259_01/install.htm

7.19 Configurations for Java 8

Follow these steps to extract and apply the patch.

1. If the Oracle Database version is 12c, copy ojdbc7.jar from \$ORACLE_HOME/jdbc/lib to the following locations:

\$FIC_HOME/utility/OFSAAGenerateRepository/lib/

\$FIC_HOME/realtime_processing/WebContent/WEB-INF/lib/

\$FIC_HOME/ficdb/lib/

\$FIC_HOME/ficapp/icc/lib/

\$FIC_HOME/ficapp/common/FICServer/lib/

\$FIC_HOME/FMStandalone/FormsManager/WEB-INF/lib/

\$FIC_HOME/ficweb/webroot/WEB-INF/lib/

NOTE If ojdbc6.jar is already present in any of the aforementioned folders, you need to remove it.

- **2.** If the Oracle Database version is 11g, copy ojdbc6.jar from \$ORACLE_HOME/jdbc/lib to the following locations:
 - \$FIC_HOME/utility/OFSAAGenerateRepository/lib/
 - \$FIC_HOME/realtime_processing/WebContent/WEB-INF/lib/
 - \$FIC_HOME/ficdb/lib/
 - \$FIC_HOME/ficapp/icc/lib/
 - \$FIC_HOME/ficapp/common/FICServer/lib/
 - \$FIC_HOME/FMStandalone/FormsManager/WEB-INF/lib/
 - \$FIC_HOME/ficweb/webroot/WEB-INF/lib/

7.20 Configurations for Oracle 19c Database

Perform the following to create symoblic link inside the <ORACLE_HOME>/lib directory:

- Navigate to the <ORACLE_HOME>/lib directory using the following command: cd \$ORACLE_HOME/lib
- **2.** Execute the following command:

In -s libclntsh.so.19.1 libclntsh.so.12.1

- **3.** Replace all the instances of ojdbc6.jar with ojdbc8.jar in the following files:
 - <FIC_HOME>/bdf/scripts/env.sh
 - <FIC_HOME>/ingestion_manager/scripts/deployWatchList.sh
 - <FIC_HOME>/ingestion_manager/scripts/build.xml
 - <FIC_HOME>/ingestion_manager/scripts/env.sh
 - <FIC_HOME>/ficweb/MANIFEST.MF
 - <FIC_HOME>/ficweb/webroot/solution/bdf/scripts/env.sh
 - <FIC_HOME>/ficweb/webroot/TestScenario_SRC/FicDB/bin/updateTestRunids.sh
 - <FIC_HOME>/ficweb/webroot/TestScenario_SRC/FicDB/bin/pgxLA.sh
 - <FIC_HOME>/database/db_tools/bin/db_env.sh
 - <FIC_HOME>/database/db_tools/bin/db_env.sh
 - <FIC_HOME>/ficdb/bin/IPE_FCCM.sh
 - <FIC_HOME>/ficdb/bin/AccountOpenDoc.sh
 - <FIC_HOME>/ficdb/bin/updateTestRunids.sh
 - <FIC_HOME>/ficdb/bin/pgxLA.sh
 - <FIC_HOME>/ficdb/bin/IDV.sh
 - <FIC_HOME>/ficdb/bin/FCCDATAMOVEMENT.sh
 - <FIC_HOME>/ficdb/bin/PTC_Auto_Case_Assignment.sh
 - <FIC_OME>/ficdb/bin/NNS.sh
 - <FIC_HOME>/ficdb/bin/Case_Assignment.sh
 - <FIC_HOME>/ficdb/bin/BD_populate_common_processing_from_ipe.sh

7.21 Configuring FSDF

This section covers following topics:

- <u>Configuring CSA Staging Tables</u>
- <u>Configuring CSA Staging TablesConfiguring FSDF in Different Infodom (Pack on Pack</u> <u>Installation)</u>

NOTE Release 8.1.1 uses the BD-AM slice of Oracle FSDF 8.0.8.

7.21.1 Configuring CSA Staging Tables

If BD and CSA tables are in same schema, follow these steps:

Run the following SQL file in Atomic schema present in the path <download_dir>/OFS_BD_ PACK/OFS_BD.

• FSDFAlterTimezone.sql

7.21.2 Configuring FSDF in Different Infodom (Pack on Pack Installation)

If BD and FSDF are in different Infodom, follow these steps:

- 1. Execute the following SQL files in FSDF Atomic schema, present in the path /OFS_BD_ PACK/OFS_BD.
 - FSDFAlterTimezone.sql
- **2.** Run the following script in BD Atomic schema after replacing placeholder ##FSDF_USER## with FSDF User name INGESTUSERSYNONYMFORFSDFSTGSCHEMAOWNER.sql.



- **3.** Run the following script in FSDF Atomic schema after replacing placeholder ##FCCM_ USER## with Data Loader Role FsdfStgSchemaOwnergrant.sql
- **4.** Run the following script in FSDF schema present in the path <download_dir>/OFS_BD_ PACK/OFS_BD. (Ignore error for **STG_LIFE_INS_POLICY_TXNS**).
 - FSDFAlterTimezone.sql

TC-BC INGESTION

NOTE	•	In case on pack on pack installation, the FSI_PARTY_RIGHT_TO_FORGET table must be manually created. To do this, run the following code:		
		create table FSI_PA	ARTY_RIGHT_TO_FORGET (
		FIC_MIS_DATE	DATE not null,	
		V_PARTY_ID V_PARTY_FORGET not null	VARCHAR2(20 CHAR) not null, T_REASON VARCHAR2(100 CHAR)	
);		

7.22 TC-BC Ingestion

NOTE This is applicable for single and multiple infodom configuration.

For TC-BC ingestion, run the SQL 8.0.2.0.0_Alter_Script.sql, under <download_dir>/OFS_ BD_PACK/OFS_BD path.

NOTE Unique records should be loaded into the following tables as per the key given below:

Stg_Automated_Quote - (FIC_MIS_DATE, V_AUTO_QUOTE_GROUP_ID, D_AUTO_ QUOTE_DATE, D_AUTO_QUOTE_TIME, V_INSTRUMENT_CODE)

Stg_Market_News_Event - (FIC_MIS_DATE, V_INSTRUMENT_CODE, D_NEWS_EVENT_ DATE, D_NEWS_EVENT_TIME

7.23 Synchronizing FSDF Changes

NOTE This is applicable for single and multiple infodom configuration.

If there is existing data present in staging tables in 8.0.1.0.0, Follow these steps:

- Move the data from V_NATIONALITY_COUNTRY_CODE to V_NATIONALITY_ COUNTRY in STG_PARTY_MASTER.
- Move the data from V_SEC_CITZN_COUNTRY_OLD to V_SEC_CITZN_COUNTRY_CODE in STG_PARTY_MASTER.

- Move the data from V_DOMICILE_COUNTRY to V_DOMICILE_COUNTRY_CODE in STG_ PARTY_MASTER.
- Move the data from V_MKT_CENTER_COUNTRY_CODE to V_MKT_CENTER_COUNTRY in STG_MARKET_CENTER_MASTER

NOTE In case, Oracle 12c database is used and following error is encountered during scenario execution: "ORA-04036: PGA memory used by the instance exceeds PGA_ AGGREGATE_LIMIT" then increase the value of PGA_AGGREGATE_LIMIT parameter at instance level.

7.24 Loading New/Modified Scenarios

This section explains how to load new/modified scenarios manually.

NOTE This section is applicable only if you are doing a new installation. Ignore this section if you are doing an upgrade.

The following is the list of scenarios

- ML-FTNRecurringOrBe.114000082.xml
- ML-LargeReportableTrans.116000099.xml
- ML-CIBHRGActivity.116000087.xml
- ML-CIBHRGActivity.116000089.xml
- ML-CIBPreviousPeakActivity.116000077.xml
- ML-CIBPreviousPeakActivity.116000081.xml
- ML-CIBProductUtilization.116000069.xml
- ML-CIBProductUtilization.116000071.xml
- CTR-BSACTR.118745200.xml
- CTR-BSACTR.118745203.xml
- CTR-BSACTR.118745202.xml
- ML-RoundAmounts.114590029.xml
- ML-HRTransHRGeography.115000049.xml
- ML-HRTransHRGeography.115000052.xml
- IML-FrqntChngsToInstructions-dINST.114000022.xml
- ML-CIBPreviousAverageActivity.116000084.xml
- ML-CIBPreviousAverageActivity.116000083.xml
- ML-AnomATMBCExcessiveWD.116000065.xml

- ML-AnomATMBCExcessiveWD.116000070.xml
- ML-HubAndSpoke.118860005.xml
- ML-FTNAcCulnternal.114000056.xml
- ML-FTNAcCulnternal.114000046.xml
- For more information on loading scenarios, see the Loading Scenario Metadata section in
- Administration Guide.

7.25 Updating the LD_LIBRARY_PATH in system.env File

If you have installed OFS BD 8.0.7.0.0 on Solaris x86 OS version, correct the LD_LIBRARY_ PATH in system.env file as follows:

- 1. Navigate to the folder <FIC_HOME>/behavior_detection/algorithms/MTS/share/.
- **2.** Update the LD_LIBRARY_PATH variable as in indicated in the following example:

LD_LIBRARY_PATH=\${KDD_HOME}/lib:\$ORACLE_HOME/lib:\${LD_

LIBRARY_PATH}:/usr/java/jdk1.7.0_ 72/lib/amd64:/usr/java/jdk1.7.0_72/lib/amd64/server

7.26 AAI T2T Execution

These are the existing metadata and seeded as part of full installer. For AAI81 release, versioning in DQ is introduced.

A script has to be executed in case of full installer to correct the seeded metadata. The metadata are seeded after AAI 811 installation.

"\$FIC HOME/Post AAI Migration/update dq latest version.sql"

8 **Post Deployment Configuration**

This section provides detailed information about the Post Deployment Configurations. Lists the various configurations to be completed before you use the OFSAA Applications.

- Creating Application Users
- <u>Mapping Application User(s) to User Group</u>
- <u>Performing Administrative activities for OFS BD</u>
- Performing Configurations for OFS BD
- Setting OFS BD UI as Home Page of OFSAAI for a Particular User
- Modifying Additional Configuration Files
- Changing ICC Batch Ownership

8.1 Creating Application Users

NOTE This step may not be required if you have already setup users in the OFSAA setup.

For more information, see user creation section from the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide.

8.2 Mapping Application User(s) to User Group

Starting the OFSAA 8.0 release, with installation of every OFSAA Applications Pack, pre-configured application user groups are seeded. These user groups are unique to every OFSAA Applications Pack and have application roles pre-configured.

User Groups seeded with the OFS BD Application Pack are listed in <u>Table 7–1</u>.

Name	Description
Modeler Group	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items for Enterprise modeling, but do not have authorization rights for sandbox population, model deployment and modeling technique authorization.
Modeling Administrator Group	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items for Enterprise modeling and authorization rights for sandbox population, model deployment and modeling technique authorization.
Inline Processing Admin Group	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items and actions for Inline Processing module.

 Table 7–1
 Seeded User Groups

Name	Description
Business Administrator	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items and actions for advanced operations of metadata objects.
Business Authorizer	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items and actions for authorization of changes to metadata objects.
Business Owner	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items and actions to read and write metadata objects
Business User	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items and actions to access and read metadata objects.
ldentity Administrator	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items to manage User entitlements, User Group Entitlements and Access Management configurations.
Identity Authorizer	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items to authorize User entitlements, User Group Entitlements and Access Management configurations.
System Administrator	User mapped to this group have access to all menu items to manage the setup configurations.
Object Administrator	User mapped to this group have access to all menu items to manage object migration and metadata traceability using metadata browser.
Guest Group	User mapped to this group have access to certain menu items with view only access privileges.

Map the application user(s) to the respective Application User Group(s) and subsequently authorize the entitlements by logging in as SYSAUTH (System Authorizer) user.

NOTE	In case the User Groups related to OFS BD are not mapped, ensure that you map it accordingly in OAS 5.5 catalog for Statement View report.
	In order to view the MIS reports in BD Standalone, map the Case Analyst2 User Group in the Application.

For more information, see Mapping/Unmapping Users section from the <u>Oracle Financial Services</u> <u>Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide</u>.

8.3 Performing Administrative activities for OFS BD

Access the OFS BD UI as BDAP Administrator and perform all the steps given in the following sections of the Administration Guide.

- About Configuring Access Control Metadata
- Mapping Users To Access Control Metadata

- About Scenario Manager Login Accounts
- About Changing Passwords for System Accounts
- About Configuring File Type Extensions
- About Configuring File Size
- About Configuring Status To User Role Table

NOTE Once Security Attributes mapping is completed for the BDAP Administrator user, restart OFSAAI and Web Application servers before accessing the Admin Tools application.

8.4 Performing Configurations for OFS BD

Access the OFS BD UI as BDAP Administrator and perform all the steps given in the following sections of Configuration Guide.

- Configuring the Base Time Zone
- Configuring the Default Currency Code
- Configuring E-mail
- Configuring XML Export
- Configuring Case Correlation Owner
- Configuring Default Case Owner

8.5 Setting OFS BD UI as Home Page of OFSAAI for a Particular User

To set OFS BD UI as home page of OFSAAI, follow these steps:

- **3.** Log in as an BD Administrator/Supervisor user.
- **4.** Navigate to Home page.
- 5. Click on logged in user name in the right top corner.
- 6. Click Preferences and a new page is displayed.
- 7. Select Behavior Detection as your default page and click Save.

8.6 Modifying Additional Configuration Files

You can modify the following additional configuration files (although it is not a requirement that you modify them to run the system)



This step is optional.
DataIngest.properties: This file (located in the ingestion_manager/config subdirectory) contains the variable values you specified in the silent properties file, including information about database configuration values, and schema specifications. For more information on configuring this file, see the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Applications Pack Administration Guide on <u>OHC</u>.

DataIngest.xml: This file (located in the /<OFS BD Installed Directory>/ingestion_ manager/config subdirectory) contains the configuration settings required to configure each Ingestion Management runtime component. For example, setting up and configuring the number of threads used by each component. For more information on configuring this file, see Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Applications Pack Administration Guide on <u>OHC</u>.

8.7 Changing ICC Batch Ownership

This section is not applicable for OFS BD Applications Pack.

9 Appendix A: Configure the Web Server

This section covers the following topics:

- Configuring Web server
- <u>Configuring Web Application Servers</u>

9.1 Configuring Web server

This step assumes the installation of a web server exists as per the prerequisites.

Refer to the product-specific installation guide to install and configure the web server. If an installation already exists, skip, and proceed to the next step.

ΝΟΤΕ	•	Make a note of the IP Address/ Hostname and Port of the web application server. This information is required during the installation process (required if the web server is not configured).
	•	Add umask 0027 in the .profile of the UNIX account which manages the WEB server to ensure restricted access permissions.
	•	See the OFSAA Secure Configuration Guide/ Security Guide mentioned in the <u>Related Documents</u> section for additional information on securely configuring your web server.

9.2 Configuring Web Application Servers

This step assumes an installation of a web application server exists as per the prerequisites. To configure the Web application server for OFSAA Deployment see the following sections.

This section includes the following topics:

- <u>Configuring WebSphere Application Servers for Application Deployment</u>
- <u>Configuring WebLogic for Application Deployment</u>
- <u>Configuring Apache Tomcat Server for Application Deployment</u>

NOTE	For upgrade from OFS BD 8.0.2.0.0 to OFS BD 8.1.1.0.0 perform the following
	 Remove the persistence.xml from ficweb/webroot/WEB- INF/classes/META-INF/, regenerate the .ear and war files and re-deploy the application
	 Remove the AM folder if available from /ficweb/AM(example /ficweb/AM/AM). Then regenerate EAR/WAR files and deploy.nd.

9.2.1 Configure WebSphere Application Servers for Application Deployment

You can deploy multiple OFSAA applications on different profiles of a stand-alone WebSphere application server. To create multiple WebSphere "Profiles" in a stand-alone server, use the command line option as explained in the following section. A profile is the set of files that define the runtime environment. At least one profile must exist to run the WebSphere Application Server.

This section covers the following topics:

- <u>Configuring WebSphere before Application Deployment</u>
- Create a New Profile in WebSphere
- Manage IBM WebSphere SDK Java Technology Edition Versions
- Manage Applications in WebSphere
- <u>Configure WebSphere Application Server to Initialize Filters before Initializing Load-On</u> <u>Startup Servlets</u>
- <u>Configure WebSphere Application Server Persistence to JPA Specification 2.0</u>
- <u>Configure WebSphere Application Server to Use a Load Balancer or Proxy Server</u>
- Delete WebSphere Profiles
- <u>Configure WebSphere HTTPS</u>
- <u>Configure WebSphere Memory Settings</u>
- <u>Configure WebSphere for Rest Services Authorization</u>

9.2.2 Configuring WebSphere before Application Deployments

Before deployment, ensure that you Follow these steps to configure PMF for websphere:

- 1. Navigate to web.xml file in the <FIC_HOME>/ficweb/webroot/WEB-INF path.
- 2. Add com.ofs.aai.rest.v1.impl.WSService;com.ofs.aai.rest.v1.service.wf.P MFService as shown: <param-value>com.ofs.aai.rest.v1</param-value>

</init-param>

<init-param>

<param-name>jersey.config.server.provider.classnames</param-name>

<param-value>com.ofs.aai.rest.v1.service.impl.UserService;com.ofs.a
ai.rest.v1.service.impl.FunctionService;com.ofs.aai.rest.v1.service

.impl.GroupService;com.ofs.aai.rest.v1.service.impl.RoleService;com

.ofs.aai.rest.v1.service.impl.Infodom;

com.ofs.aai.rest.v1.report.impl.l18nService;com.ofs.aai.rest.v1.rep ort.impl.ActionService;com.ofs.aai.rest.v1.report.impl.AuditTrailSe rvice;com.ofs.aai.rest.v1.report.impl.ReportService; com.ofs.aai.rest.v1.impl.DBDetailServices;com.ofs.aai.rest.v1.impl. LogService;com.ofs.aai.rest.v1.impl.Services;com.ofs.aai.rest.v1.im pl.WSService;com.ofs.aai.rest.v1.service.wf.PMFService

</param-value>

- 3. Delete the .ear and .war files from <FIC_HOME>/ficweb.
- 4. Execute the ant.sh file to recreate the .ear and .war files.

9.2.3 Create a New Profile in WebSphere

The Profile is created in WebSphere through the command line using the manageprofiles.sh that resides in the <WebSphere Install directory>/AppServer/bin directory.

Use the following command to create a profile without admin security through the command line:

```
"manageprofiles.sh -create -profileName <profile> -profilePath <profile_
path> -templatePath <template path> -nodeName <node name> -cellName
```

<cell name> -hostName <host name>"

Example:

\$usr/home>./manageprofiles.sh -create -profileName mockaix

-profilePath/websphere/webs64/Appserver/profiles/mockaix

-templatePath/websphere/webs64/Appserver/profileTemplates/default

-nodeName ipa020dorNode04 cellName ipa020dorNode04Cell -hostName ipa020dor

The command to create a profile with admin security through command line is as follows:

"manageprofiles.sh -create -profileName <profile> -profilePath <profile_
path> -templatePath <template_path> -nodeName <node_name> -cellName

<cell_name> -hostName <host_name> -enableAdminSecurity true adminUserName<Admin User Name> -adminPassword < Admin User Password> samplespassword<sample User Password>"

Example:

\$usr/home>./manageprofiles.sh -create -profileName mockaix

-profilePath/websphere/webs64/Appserver/profiles/mockaix

-templatePath/websphere/webs64/Appserver/profileTemplates/default

```
-nodeName ipa020dorNode04 -cellName ipa020dorNode04Cell -hostName
ipa020dor -enableAdminSecurity true -adminUserName ofsaai -adminPassword
ofsaai -samplespassword ofsaai"
```

9.2.4 Manage IBM WebSphere SDK Java Technology Edition Versions

By default, WebSphere Application Server V8.5.5.X uses the Java 6.0 SDK. You must upgrade to Java 7.X SDK or JAVA 8.X SDK.

Prerequisites: Install the IBM WebSphere SDK Java Technology Edition Versions 1.7.X_64 or 1.8.X_64.

Follow these steps to check the java version and set it to JAVA 8.X SDK:

- 1. Enter the WebSphere URL in the format http://HOST_NAME:PORT_NUMBER/ibm/console (use https if SSL is enabled). For example, http://192.168.1.0:9000/ibm/console.
- 2. Login with your administrator user ID and password.
- 3. From the LHS menu, click Servers to expand and view the menu.
- **4.** Click Server Types to expand the menu further and then click WebSphere Enterprise Application Servers to view the Application servers window.
- 5. On Application servers window, click the required Application Server link.
- 6. Click Java SDKs link from Server Infrastructure to view the list of Java SDKs.
- 7. Select 8.0_64.
- 8. Click Make Default button and save to master repository.
- **9.** Restart the WebSphere Application Server to apply the changes to the IBM application profile.

9.2.5 Manage Applications in WebSphere

To manage the installed applications in WebSphere, follow these steps:

1. Open the administrator console using the following URL:

http://<ipaddress>:<Administrative Console Port>/ibm/console

For example: http://10.111.222.333:9003/ibm/console (https if SSL is enabled.)

NOTE Administrative Console Port value is available in the serverindex.xml file within the <WebSphere Profile Directory>/config/cells/<Node Cell>/nodes/<Node Name> directory. The Integrated Solutions Console Login window is displayed.

Figure 4: I	ntegrated	Solutions	Console	l ogin
i iguic 4. i	nicgraica	Conditions	00113010	Login

WebSphere. software	WebSphere Integrated
	Solutions Console User ID: admin Password: Log in
Licensed Materials IBM, the IBM logo. IBM contention Busin product and service	Property of IBM (c) Copyright IBM Corp. 1997, 2011 All Rights Reserved. Ibm.com and WebSphere are trademarks or registered trademarks of ess Machines Corp. registered in many jurisdictions woldfwide. Other names might be trademarks of IBM or other companies. A current list of valiable on the Web at <u>Copyright and trademarks information</u> .

- 2. Log in with the User ID provided with admin rights.
- **3.** From the LHS menu, expand the **Applications > Application Type> WebSphere Enterprise Applications** to display the Enterprise Applications window.

Figure 5: Enterprise Applications

Enterprise Applications Use this page to manage installed applicat Preferences	ions. A single application can be deployed or	nto multiple servers.
Start Stop Install Uninstall (Jpdate Rollout Update Remove File	Export DDL Export File Liberty Advisor •
Select Name 🗘	Application Status 👲	Liberty Advisor Summary 👲
You can administer the following resource	es:	
DefaultApplication	*	0
ivtApp	⇒	Ø
guery	<₽	0
Total 3		

This Enterprise Applications window helps you to:

- Install new application
- Uninstall existing applications
- Start or Stop the installed applications

9.2.6 Configure WebSphere Application Server to Initialize Filters before Initializing Load-On-Startup Servlets and Allowing Empty Servlets Maps

The custom configuration information in this section initializes the filters before initializing loadonstartup servlets and allows empty servlet maps when you start an application.

NOTE This is a mandatory configuration for OFSAA with WebSphere for both fresh and upgrade installation.

To configure custom properties for filters, follow these steps:

- 1. Enter the WebSphere URL in the format http://HOST_NAME:PORT_NUMBER/ibm/console (use https if SSL is enabled.). For example, http://192.168.1.0:9000/ibm/console.
- 2. Log in with your administrator user ID and password.
- **3.** From the left menu, click Servers to expand the menu.
- **4.** Click Server Types to expand the menu further and then click WebSphere Enterprise Application Servers to view the Application servers window.
- **5.** On the Application servers window, click the required Application Server link.
- **6.** Click Web Container Settings and then Custom Properties to view the Custom Properties window.
- 7. Click New and enter the following properties:
 - com.ibm.ws.webcontainer.initFilterBeforeInitServlet to true
 - com.ibm.ws.webcontainer.invokeFilterInitAtStartup to true
 - com.ibm.ws.webcontainer.emptyServletMappings to true.
- 8. Click OK and then click Save on the Console to save the customized configurations.
- **9.** Restart the WebSphere Application Server to apply the changes.

9.2.7 Configure WebSphere Application Server Persistence to JPA Specification 2.0

The persistence configuration information in this section sets JPA 2.0 specification in WebSphere over the default JPA 2.1 specification.

NOTE

This is a mandatory configuration for OFSAA with WebSphere for both fresh and upgrade installation.

To set the JPA 2.0 as the default persistence provider, follow these steps:

- 1. Enter the WebSphere URL in the format http://HOST_NAME:PORT_NUMBER/ibm/console (use https if SSL is enabled.). For example, http://192.168.1.0:9000/ibm/console.
- 2. Log in with your administrator user ID and password.
- **3.** From the LHS menu, click Servers to expand the menu.
- **4.** Click Server Types to expand the menu further and then click WebSphere Enterprise Application Servers to view the Application servers window.
- 5. On the Application servers window, click the required Application Server link.
- **6.** Click Container Services and then click Default Java Persistence API settings to display the Configuration window.

- **7.** From the **JPA Specification** drop-down, select **2.0** to change the default JPA Specification from 2.1 to 2.0.
- 8. Click **OK** and then click **Save** on the Console to save the customized configurations.
- **9.** Restart the WebSphere Application Server to apply the changes.

9.2.8 Configure WebSphere Application Server to Use a Load Balancer or Proxy Server

The configuration prevents the process server from redirecting to an internal port when using a load balancer or proxy server.

The following steps describe the configuration:

- 1. Enter the WebSphere URL in the format http://HOST_NAME:PORT_NUMBER/ibm/console (use https if SSL is enabled.). For example, http://192.168.1.0:9000/ibm/console.
- 2. Log in with your administrator user ID and password.
- 3. From the LHS menu, click Servers to expand and view the menu.
- **4.** Click Server Types to expand the menu further and then click WebSphere Enterprise Application Servers to view the Application servers window.
- **5.** On the Application servers window, click the required Application Server link. For example, server1.
- **6.** Click Web Container Settings and then Custom Properties to view the Custom Properties window.
- 7. Click New and enter the following properties:
 - com.ibm.ws.webcontainer.extractHostHeaderPort: true
 - Trusthostheaderport: true
- **8.** Click OK and then click Save on the Console to save the customized configurations.
- **9.** Restart the WebSphere Application Server to apply the changes.

9.2.9 Delete WebSphere Profiles

To delete a WebSphere profile, follow these steps:

- 1. Select the checkbox adjacent to the required application and click Stop.
- **2.** Stop the WebSphere profile to be deleted.
- 3. Navigate to WebSphere directory:<WebSphere_Installation_Directory>/AppServer/bin/
- Execute the command: manageprofiles.sh -delete -profileName <profile_name>
- 5. Delete the profile directory.Example: <WebSphere_Installation_Directory>/AppServer/profiles/<profile_name>
- **6.** Execute the command:

manageprofiles.sh -validateAndUpdateRegistry

9.2.10 Configure WebSphere HTTPS

To configure an HTTPS Transport on WebSphere, follow these steps:

1. Create a profile using the Profile Creation Wizard in WebSphere.

NOTE Record the https port specified during this process and use it as a servlet port or web server port during OFSAAI installation.

2. To enable https configuration on Infrastructure, assign value 1 to "HTTPS_ENABLE" in OFSAAI InstallConfig.xml for Silent mode OFSAAI installation.

9.2.11 Configure WebSphere Memory Settings

To configure the WebSphere Memory Settings, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to WebSphere applications server > Application servers > server1 > Process definition > Java Virtual Machine.
- 2. Change the memory setting for Java Heap:
 - Initial heap size = 512
 - Maximum heap size = 3072

9.2.12 Configure WebSphere for REST Services Authorization

For more information, see the OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure Administration Guide.

9.2.13 Configuring Application Security in WebSphere

This is a mandatory security procedure for WebSphere to restrict the unauthorized access of configuration files in directories. For detailed information, see the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Security Guide.

9.3 Configure WebLogic for Application Deployment

You can deploy multiple Infrastructure applications on different domains of a stand-alone WebLogic application server. To create multiple WebLogic "Domains" in a stand-alone server, you can use the Domain Creation wizard. A domain is the set of files that define the runtime environment. At least one domain must exist to run the WebLogic Application Server.

NOTE

For deployment on Oracle WebLogic Server 12.1.3+ (64 bit) with Java 8, download and install patch 18729264.

Following configuration is required only if OFS Big Data Processing is licensed and enabled in your OFSAA instance and OFSAA is deployed on Oracle WebLogic Server version 12.2.x:

The jersey-server-1.9.jar file should be copied to <HIVE_LIB_ PATH> path.

Topics:

- Update WebLogic Server
- <u>Create Domain in WebLogic Server</u>
- Delete Domain in WebLogic
- <u>Configure WebLogic Memory Settings</u>
- <u>Configuring WebLogic for REST Services Authorization</u>

9.3.1 Update WebLogic Server

Before proceeding with the domain creation, download and install the latest WLS PSU for 14.1.1 from My Oracle Support.

After applying this patch, set the java option flag -Dweblogic.http.disablehttp2=true before starting servers.

For more information, see *Configure WebLogic for Application Deployment* in <u>AAI installation</u> <u>Guide.</u>

9.3.2 Create Domain in WebLogic Server

To create a new domain using Configuration Wizard in WebLogic, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the directory <WLS_HOME>/wlserver/common/bin and execute the command:

./config.sh

The Welcome window of the Configuration Wizard is displayed.

Fusion Middleware Configuration Wizard - Page 1 of 8@ofss220601 X anterest ORACLE **Configuration Type** FUSION MIDDLEWARE Create Domain Templates Administrator Account Domain Mode and JDK Advanced Configuration Configuration Summary What do you want to do? Configuration Progress € Create a new domain End Of Configuration O Update an existing domain Domain Location: Dracle/Middleware/Oracle_Home/user_projects/domains/base_domain Browse Create a new domain. < jack Next > Einish Cancel Help

Figure 9: Configuration Type

2. Select **Create a new domain** option and click **Nex**t to the **Templates** window.

femplates	
Create Domain Templates Administrator Account Domain Mode and JDX Advanced Configuration Configuration Summary Configuration Progress End Of Configuration	Create Domain Using Product Templates Template Categories: All Templates Available Templates Sasic WebLogic Server Domain - 12.2.1.2.0 [w/server]* WebLogic Advanced Web Services for JAX-RPC Extension - 12.2.1.2.0 [oracle_common] WebLogic Coherence Cluster Extension - 12.2.1.2.0 [w/server] WebLogic JAX-WS SOAP/JMS Extension - 12.2.1.2.0 [oracle_common] WebLogic JAX-WS SOAP/JMS Extension - 12.2.1.2.0 [oracle_common]
	C Create Domain Using Custom Template: Template location: //scratch/806wls/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_Nome

Figure 10: Templates

3. Select the **Create Domain Using Product Templates** option and click **Next** to display the Administrator Account window.

Figure 11: Administrator Account

Administrator Account				
Create Domain Templates Administrator Account Domain Mode and JOK Advanced Configuration Configuration Summary Configuration Progress End Of Configuration	Name Password Confirm Password	contain commas, tabs, or any of	the following characters: <>#j	670()
Help	L		< gack Next >	Einish Cancel

4. Enter the user name to be assigned to the administrator, the password, and confirm the password. Click **Next** to the Domain Mode and JDK window.

Fusion Middleware Configuration Wizard - Page 4 of 8@ofss220601 ORACLE Domain Mode and JDK FUSION MIDDLEWARE Create Domain Domain Mode Templates <u>Development</u> Administrator Account Utilize boot properties for username and password, and poll for applications to deploy. Domain Mode and JDK Production Advanced Configuration Require the entry of a username and password, and do not poll for applications to deploy. Configuration Summary JDK. Configuration Progress Oracle HotSpot 1.8.0_45 /usr/java/jdk1.8.0_45 End Of Configuration O Other JDK Location: < gack Next > Elitish Help Cancel

Figure 12: Domain Mode and JDK

- **5.** Select from the following options:
 - In the Domain Mode section, select the required mode (Development or Production).
 - In the JDK section, select the required option. If you select Other JDK Location, click Browse, navigate to the JDK location, and select. Click Next to display the Advanced Configuration window.

Figure 13: Advanced Configuration

Advanced Configuration			
Create Domain Templates Administrator Account Administrator Account Administration General Administration Server Configuration Progress End Of Configuration	Administration Server Modify Settings Node Manager Configure Node Manager I Depology Add, Delete or Modify Settings for Managed	Servers, Clusters, Virtual Targets and Col	serence
Help		<gack next=""> Einis</gack>	Cancel

 Select the Administration Server. A WebLogic Server domain must have an Administration Server. You can also select Manages Servers, Clusters and Machines, and RDBMS Security Store if required. Click Next to display the Administration Server window.

Figure 14: Administration Server

Administration Server				
Configuration Server Configuration Server Configuration Server Configuration Progress End Of Configuration	Server Name Listen Address Listen Port Enable SSL SSL Listen Port	AdminServer All Local Addresses 9091	and different from SSL listen port and cohere	nce port.
Help			< Back Next > Emir	Cancel

 Enter Administration Server details such as the Server Name, Listen address, Listen Port, Enable SSL (for secure login using https, select this check box), and SSL Listen Port. Click Next to display the Configuration Summary window.

NOTE Make a note of the Listen Port or SSL Listen Port value (for example: 7007) since the same has to be re-entered in the Servlet port field during Infrastructure installation.

Configuration Summary		
Create Domain Implates Administrator Account Domain Mode and JOX Administration Server Configuration Server Configuration Servers End Of Configuration	View (Deployment) base_dom ain (/scratch/806wis/Oracle/Middleware, @ Deployment) AdminServer	Name Basic WebLogic Server Domain Description Create a basic WebLogic Server dom Author Oracle Corporation Location /scratch/806wts/Oracle/Middleware
	Select Grade to accept the above options and start creat above configuration before starting Domain Creation, g the left pane, or by using the Back button.	e ing and configuring a newdom kin. To change the black to the relevant page by selecting its name in

Figure 15: Configuration Summary

8. Verify the configuration details of the WebLogic domain and click **Create** to display the Configuration Progress window with the status indication of the domain creation process.

Figure 16: Creating Domain

Fusion Middleware Configuration	n Witand - Page 8 of Vigots220601	
Configuration Progress	FUSION MIDDLEWARE	
Create Domain Trenplates Administrator A count Domain Mode and JOK Advanced Configuration Configuration Surver Configuration Progress End Of Configuration	100N Copy Unprocessed Antifacts Antifacts Antifacts Processing Post Processing	
Male	Contract Rests 1 Te	and the count

9. Click **Next** when 100% of the activity is complete. The End of Configuration window is displayed.

Figure 17: End of Configuration



10. Click **Finish**. The domain server is created enabling the deployment of multiple Infrastructure applications on a single WebLogic.

NOTE	 Record the HTTPS port specified during this process and use it as a servlet port or web server port during OFSAAI Installation.
	 To enable https configuration on Infrastructure, assign value 1 to "HTTPS_ENABLE" in OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml for silent mode OFSAAI installation.

- **11.** Add a java option entry -DUseSunHttpHandler=true in the WLS_HOME/bin/ "setDomainEnv.sh" file (Required only if a self-signed certificate is used).
- 12. Add a Java option entry -Dweblogic.http.disablehttp2=true in the WLS_HOME/bin/"setDomainEnv.sh" file, to ensure that the HTTP2 is disabled and only HTTP 1.1 is used as a protocol.

9.3.3 Delete Domain in WebLogic

To delete a domain in WebLogic, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the following directory:

```
<WebLogic Installation directory>/user_projects/domains/<domain name>/ bin
```

2. Execute stopWebLogic.sh to stop the Weblogic domain.

3. Delete the Weblogic domain.

9.3.4 Configure WebLogic Memory Settings

To configure the WebLogic Memory Settings, follow these steps:

- 1. Change the memory setting for Java Heap to -Xms512m -Xmx3072m in the setDomainEnv.sh file, which resides in the <DOMAIN_HOME>/bin_directory and the CommEnv.sh file which resides in the common/bin directory
- **2.** Edit this file for customizing memory settings and garbage collector settings depending on the available hardware configuration.

Example 1:

```
if [ "${JAVA_VENDOR}" = "Sun" ] ; then WLS_MEM_ARGS_64BIT="-Xms512m -
Xmx1024m"
export WLS_MEM_ARGS_64BIT WLS_MEM_ARGS_32BIT="-Xms512m -Xmx1024m"
export WLS_MEM_ARGS_32BIT else WLS_MEM_ARGS_64BIT="-Xms512m -
Xmx1024m"
export WLS_MEM_ARGS_64BIT WLS_MEM_ARGS_32BIT="-Xms512m -Xmx1024m"
export WLS_MEM_ARGS_64BIT WLS_MEM_ARGS_32BIT="-Xms512m -Xmx1024m"
```

Example 2:

```
JAVA_VM=
MEM ARGS="-Xms256m -Xmx1024m"
```

9.3.5 Configuring WebLogic for REST Services Authorization

To enable REST API authorization by OFSAA in WebLogic, Follow these steps:

- Open the config.xml file located in the domain where OFSAA is deployed, that is <domain_home>/config/config.xml
- Add the following in the security-configuration tag:
 <enforce-valid-basic-auth-credentials>false</enforce-valid-basic-auth-cred entials>

9.4 Configure Apache Tomcat Server for Application Deployment

This section is applicable only when the Web application server type is Tomcat. This section includes the following topics:

- <u>Tomcat User Administration</u>
- <u>Configure Servlet Port</u>
- <u>Configure SSL Port</u>
- <u>Configure Apache Tomcat Memory Settings</u>
- <u>Configure Tomcat for User Group Authorization</u>
- Uninstall WAR Files in Tomcat

9.4.1 Tomcat User Administration

The Tomcat administration and manager application does not provide a default login. You are required to edit "\$CATALINA HOME/conf/tomcat-users.xml" as follows:

This file contains an XML <user> for each user that will display the username and password used by the admin to log in to Tomcat and the role names to which the admin user is associated with.

For example, <user name="admin" password="admin" roles="standard,manager" />

- 1. Add the manager role to any one of the existing username/password combinations as shown in the preceding example.
- **2.** Use the same username/password to which the manager role is assigned to access the Tomcat Application Manager.
- **3.** If the Tomcat server is already running, it requires a re-start after the preceding configuration is done.

9.4.2 Configuring Tomcat to use JAVA 64 bit Executables

To configure Tomcat to use JAVA 64 bit, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the \$CATALINA_HOME/bin folder.
- **2.** Edit the setclasspath.sh file as follows:
- **3.** Replace the following block of text

Set standard commands for invoking Java.

_RUNJAVA="\$JRE_HOME"/bin/java if ["\$os400" != "true"]; then

_RUNJDB="\$JAVA_HOME"/bin/jdb

With:

Set standard commands for invoking Java.

_RUNJAVA="\$JAVA_BIN"/java

if ["\$os400" != "true"]; then

_RUNJDB="\$JAVA_BIN"/jdb

4. If the Tomcat server is already running, it requires a re-start after the above configuration is done.

ΝΟΤΕ	In case tomcat is installed under different Unix profile, set JAVA_ BIN environment variable in .profile to include the Java Runtime Environment absolute path.
	For example:
	export JAVA_BIN /usr/java6_64/jre/bin
	export JAVA_BIN = /usr/java6_64/jre/bin//sparcv9 for Solaris Sparc

9.4.3 Configure Servlet Port

The default servlet port configured for the Tomcat installation is 8080. Ignore this section if you must use the default port.

If you must use a different port number, you must first configure the port in the server.xml file in the conf directory of the Tomcat Installation directory. To configure the Servlet Port, follow these steps:

 Navigate to \$CATALINA_HOME/conf. Open server.xml and locate the tag: "Define a non-SSL HTTP/1.1 Connector on port 8080"

Against this tag, a parameter is specified 'Connector port = "8080"'. Edit this value to the new port number that was used during the Infrastructure installation process.

2. Save your changes in the server.xml file.

NOTE Make a note of the servlet port configured. This information is required during the installation of the OFSAA Application Pack.

9.4.4 Configure SSL Port

If you must configure and access your OFSAA setup for HTTPS access, ensure that the following connect tag under Define a SSL HTTP/1/1 Connector on port 8443 in the <Tomcat_installation_directory>/conf/server.xml file is uncommented for SSL Configuration. (By default, it is commented).

```
<Connector port="8443" protocol="HTTP/1.1" SSLEnabled="true"
maxThreads="150" scheme="https" secure="true" clientAuth="false"
sslProtocol="TLS"
```

ΝΟΤΕ	 Make a note of the servlet port configured. This information is required during the installation of the OFSAA Application Pack.
	• To enable https configuration on Infrastructure, assign value 1 to "HTTPS_ENABLE" in the OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml file for SILENT mode OFSAAI installation.

For more information related to SSL Configuration on Tomcat, see <u>http://tomcat.apache.org/</u>.

9.4.5 Configure Apache Tomcat Memory Settings

To configure the Apache Tomcat Memory Settings, follow these steps:

- 1. Locate the catalina.sh file that resides in the <CATALINA_HOME>/bin directory.
- **2.** Edit this file for customizing the memory settings and garbage collector settings depending on the available hardware configuration.
- 3. Add the memory setting for Java Heap to -Xms512m -Xmx1024m. For example:

```
if [ -z "$LOGGING_MANAGER" ]; then JAVA_OPTS="$JAVA_OPTS -Xms512m -
Xmx1024m
-Djava.util.logging.manager=org.apache.juli.ClassLoaderLogManager"
else
JAVA_OPTS="$JAVA_OPTS -Xms512m -Xmx1024m $LOGGING_MANAGER"
fi
```

9.4.6 Configuring Axis API

Copy the jaxrpc.jar from the <OFSAA Installation Directory>/axis-1_ 4/webapps/axis/WEB-INF/lib and place it in the <Tomcat Installation Directory>/lib folder and restart the Tomcat Server.

9.4.7 Configure Tomcat for User Group Authorization and Data Mapping

Users with system authorization roles can access User Group Authorization. However, to make it available on the Tomcat web server, you must follow these configuration steps:

- 1. Navigate to the \$CATALINA HOME/conf directory and open the web.xml file.
- 2. Enter the following in the web.xml file.

```
<init-param>
<param-name>mappedfile</param-name>
<param-value>false</param-value>
</init-param>
```

3. Save and close the file.

9.4.8 Uninstall WAR Files in Tomcat

To uninstall WAR files in Tomcat, refer tosee Uninstalling WAR Files in Tomcat.

10 Appendix B: Configure Resource Reference in Web Servers

Topics:

- <u>Configure Resource Reference in WebSphere Application Server</u>
- <u>Configure Resource Reference in WebLogic Application Server</u>
- Configure Resource Reference in Tomcat Application Server

10.1 Configure Resource Reference in WebSphere Application Server

This section is applicable only when the Web application server type is WebSphere.

Topics:

- Create a JDBC Provider
- <u>Create Data Source</u>
- <u>Create J2C Authentication Details</u>
- Define JDBC Connection Pooling

10.1.1 Create a JDBC Provider

To create the JDBC Provider in WebSphere Application Server, follow these steps:

- Open the WebSphere admin console in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/ibm/console (https, if SSL is enabled). The Login window is displayed.
- **2.** Log in with the user ID that has admin rights.
- **3.** Expand the **Resources** option in the LHS menu and click **JDBC > JDBC Providers** to display the JDBC Providers window.

Figure 1: JDBC Providers

JDBC prov	iders		2
JDBC p	providers		
Use thi access task st	is page to edit properties of a JDBC provide to the specific vendor database of your env reps and more general information about th	 The JDBC provider object encapsulates the spe vironment. Learn more about this task in a <u>guide</u> e topic. 	cific JDBC driver implementation class for <u>d activity</u> . A guided activity provides a list of
🖃 Sco	pe: Cell=whf00cywNode01Cell, Node=w	hf00cywNode01, Server=server1	
	Scope specifies the level at which the ro what scope is and how it works, <u>see the</u> Node=whf00cywNode01, Server=ser	esource definition is visible. For detailed informat <u>a scope settings help.</u> ver1 T	ion on
	ferences		
New	Delete		
	6 👯 🛠		
Select	Name 🛟	Scope 🗘	Description 💲
You ca	an administer the following resources:		
	Derby JDBC Provider	Node=whf00cywNode01,Server=server1	Derby embedded non-XA JDBC Provider
	<u>Ojdbc8</u>	Node=whf00cywNode01,Server=server1	Oracle JDBC Driver
Total 2	2	·	

- **4.** Select the **Scope** from the drop-down list. The Scope specifies the level at which the resource definition is visible.
- **5.** Click **New** to add the new JDBC Provider under the Preferences section. The Create new JDBC Provider window is displayed.

Step 1: Create new JDBC provider	Create new JDBC provider
Step 2: Enter database class path information	Set the basic configuration values of a JDBC provider, which encapsulates the specific vendor JDBC driver implementation classes that are required to access the databas. The wizard fills in the name and the description fields, but you can type different values.
Step 3: Summary	Scope
	cells GX\$150RFV- Zone2Node05Cell (nodes: GX\$150REV- Zone2Node05: server: is erver:
	* Catabase type Oracle
	+ Provider type
	Oracle JDBC Driver
	* Implementation tune
	Connection pool data source
	* Name
	Oracle JOBC Driver
	Description
	Oracle JDBC Driver

Figure 2: Create a new JDBC Provider

- **6.** Enter the following details:
 - Database Type: Oracle
 - Provider Type: Oracle JDBC Driver
 - Implementation Type: Connection pool data source
 - **Name**: The required display name for the resource.
 - **Description**: The optional description for the resource.
- 7. Click Next.

Figure 3: Enter database class path information

	Step 1: Create new JDBC provider	Enter database class path information
→	Step 2: Enter database class path information Step 3: Summary	Set the environment variables that represent the JDBC driver class files, which WebSphere(R) Application Server uses to define your JDBC provider. This wizard page displays the file names; you supply only the directory locations of the files. Use complete directory paths when you type the JDBC driver file locations. For example: CI\SQLUE[siyas on Windows(R) or /home/J2binst1/sqlibijays on Linux(TM). If a value is specified for you, you may click Next to accept the value.
		Class paths
		s(ORACLE_DOBC_DRIVER_PATH)/ojdbc6.jar
		Directory location for "ojdbc6.jar" which is saved as WebSphere variable s{ORACLE_IDEC_DRIVER_PATH)
		/oracle/orajdbc/app/orajdbc/product/11.2.0/client_1/jdbc/lib

8. Specify the directory location for the ojdbc<version>.jar file. Do not use the trailing slash file separators.

The Oracle JDBC driver can be downloaded from the following Oracle Download site:

- Oracle Database 18cg Release 3 JDBC Drivers
- Oracle Database 19c Release 3 JDBC Drivers

After downloading, you must copy the file in the required directory on the server.

NOTESee <u>Hardware and Software Requirements</u> to identify the
correct ojdbc<version>.jar file version to be copied.

9. Click Next to display the Summary window.

Step 1: Create new 3DBC provider	Summary		
Step 2: Enter	Summary of actions:		
database class path	Options	Values	
 Step 3: Summary 	Scope	cells:GXS150REV-Zone2Node05Cell:nodes:GXS150REV- Zone2Node05:servers:server1	
	JDBC provider name	Oracle JDBC Driver	
	Description	Cracle 3DBC Driver	
	Class path	\$(ORACLE_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH)/ejdbc6.jar	
	\$(ORACLE_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH)	/oracle/orajdbc/app/orajdbc/product/11.2.0/dient_1/jdbc/lit	
	Implementation class name	oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleConnectionPoolDataSource	

Figure 4: Summary

- **10.** Verify the details and click Finish to create the JDBC Provider.
- **11.** The options to Save and Review are displayed. Click Save.

10.1.2 Create Data Source

The following steps apply to both config and atomic data source creation. To create the data source, follow these steps:

- 1. Open the following URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/ibm/console (https if SSL is enabled). The Login window is displayed.
- **2.** Log in with the user ID that has admin rights.

3. Expand the **Resources** option in the LHS menu and click **JDBC > Data sources** to display the Data sources window.

Data se	ources					
Jse thi object s	s page to edit t supplies your ap . A guided activi	he settings of a datase splication with connection ity provides a list of tas	ourse that is associated with you ons for accessing the database, sk steps and more general info	r selected JDB Learn more a rmation about	C provider. The c bout this task in the topic.	atasource a <u>guided</u>
3 Scor	Scope specif	OREV-Zone2Node05Ce	II. Node=GXS150REV-Zone2No	6e05, Server=s	ierver1	
	Node=6X	S150REV-Zone2Node0!	5. Server#server1	nge neig.		
Pref	erences					
Nen	Delete Te:	at connection Man	age state			
10 1	n # 19					
elect	Name O	JNDI name 🗘	Scope ()	Provider ()	Description 🗘	Category (
You ce	an administer th	e following resources:				
	Default Datascurse	DefaultDatasource	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05.Server=server1	Derby JDBC Provider	Datasource for the WebSphere Default Application	
	FICMASTER	Jdbc/FLCMASTER	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05.Server=server1	FICMASTER	New JDBC Datasource	
	BORFFW	jdbc/RORFFW	Node=0X\$150REV- Zone2Node05.Server=server1	RORFFW	New JOBC Datasource	
	RORPHO	Jdbc/RORPNC	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05.Server=server1	RORPIC	New JDBC Datasource	
	UPGSPET	Jdbc/UPGSPFT	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05.Server=server1	UPGSPFT	New JDBC Datasource	
	UPGSROR	jdbe/UPGSROR	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05.Server=server1	UPGSROR	New JDBC Datasource	

- **4.** Select the **Scope** from the drop-down list. The scope specifies the level at which the resource definition is visible.
- 5. Click **New** to display the Create a Data Source window.

Figure 6: Create Data Source

Σ	Step 1: Enter basic	Enter basic data source information
	Step 2: Select JOBC	Set the basic configuration values of a datasource for association with your JDBC provider. A datasource supplies the physical connections between the application server and the database.
	Step 3: Enter database specific properties for the data source	Requirement: Use the Datasources (WebSphere(R) Application Server V4) console pages if your applications are based on the Enterprise JavaBeans(TM) (EJB) 1.0 specification or the Java(TM) Servlet 2.2 specification. Score
	Step 4: Setup security aliases	cells: GXS150REV- Zone 2Node05Cellinodes: GXS150REV- Zone 2Node05:servers: server1
	Step 5: Summary	Data source name AtomT
		* JNDI name jdbc/DRYMOCK

- 6. Specify the Data source name and JNDI name for the new "Data Source".
- **7.** The **JNDI name** and **Data source name** are case sensitive and ensure that JNDI name is the same as the "Information Domain" name.
- 8. Click **Next** to display the Select JDBC provider window.

Figure 7: Select JDBC provider



9. Select the option **Select an Existing JDBC Provider** and select the required JDBC provider from the drop-down list. Click **Next**.

Figure 8: Enter datab	ase specific properties
-----------------------	-------------------------

Step 1: Enter basic data source		Enter database specific properties for the data source		
	Information Step 2: Select JDBC provider	Set these database-specific JDBC driver to support the o	properties, which are required by the database vendor onnections that are managed through the datasource.	
→	Step 3: Enter	Name	Value	
	database specific properties for the data source	+ URL	10.184.108.91:1521:ord11g	
		+ Data store helper class name		
	security aliases	Oracle11g data store helper 💌		
	Step 5: Summary	Use this data source in	n container managed persistence (CMP)	

10. Specify the database connection URL.

For example: jdbc:oracle:thin:@<DB SEREVER IP>:<DB SERVER PORT>:<SID>

11. Select Data Store Helper Class Name from the drop-down list and ensure that the Use this data source in container managed persistence (CMP) check box is selected.

NOTE For RAC configuration, provide the RAC URL specified during installation.

Example:

```
jdbc:oracle:thin:@(DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS_
LIST=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)(HOST=10.11.12.13)(port=1521))(ADDRESS=(PRO
TOCOL=TCP)(HOST=10.11.12.14)(PORT=1521))(LOAD_
BALANCE=no)(FAILOVER=yes))(CONNECT_DATA=(SERVICE_NAME=pqadb)))
```

12. Click Next.

Figure 9: Enter Database specific properties

Step 1: data sou	Enter basic urce	Setup security aliases
Step 2: provider Step 3: databas propertie data sou	Select JDBC Enter e specific es for the urce	Select the authentication values for this resource. Component-managed authentication alias (none) Mapping-configuration alias (none)
 Step 4: t security Step 5: 	Setup aliases Summary	Container-managed authentication alias (none)

13. Map the J2C authentication alias, if already created. If not, you can create a new J2C authentication alias by accessing the link given (Global J2C authentication alias) or you can continue with the data source creation by clicking Next and then Finish.

Figure 10: Summary

Step 1: Enter basic		Summary Summary of actions:		
information Step 21 Select JOBC				
	Step 2: Select JOBC provider Step 3: Enter	Options	Values	
		Scope	cells:GXS150REV-Zone2Node05Cell:nodes:GXS150REV- Zone2Node05:servers:server1	
database specific properties for the data source Step 4: Setup security allases	Data source name	AtomT		
	JNDI name	Jdbe/DRYMOCK		
	Step 4: Setup security allases	Select an existing JDBC provider	Oracle JDBC Driver	
•	Step 5: Summary	Implementation class name	oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleConnectionPoolDataSource	
		URL	jdbc:oracle:thin:@10.184.108.91:1521:ord11gr2	
		Data store helper class name	com.ibm.websphere.rsadapter.Oracle10gDataStoreHelper	
		Use this data source in container managed persistence (CMP)	true	
		Component-managed authentication alias	(none)	
		Mapping-configuration alias	(none)	
		Container-managed authentication alias	(none)	

You can also create and map J2C authentication alias after creating the data source.

14. You must create another Data source by following the same procedure with jdbc/FICMASTER as JNDI name pointing to the "configuration schema" of Infrastructure.

10.1.3 Create J2C Authentication Details

The following steps apply to create both config and atomic J2C Authentication. To create J2C Authentication details, follow these steps:

1. Select the newly created Data Source and click **JAAS J2C authentication data** link under **Related** Items.

e. er releases)	ds for Java(TM) 2 connector	ies a list of user identities and passwor refix new alias names with the node na	cifies a list of us Prefix new alias ply	Specifi Pr
er releases)	ame of the cell (for compatib	refix new alias names with the node na	Prefix new alias	Pr
		2	ply	1-22
			ply	
				Apply
		ferences	Ireferences	Pref
		Delete	Delete	New
		077		G
escription 🗘	User ID 🗘	Alias 🗘	ect Alias 🗘	Select
		can administer the following resources:	u can administer	You c
CMASTER	upgsconf	GXS150REV- Zone2Node05/FICMASTER] GXS150REV- Zone2Node0	
	rorffw	GXS150REV-Zone2Node05/RORFFW	GXS150REV-	
	rerpne	GXS130REV-Zone2Node03/RORPNC	GXS150REV-	
pgepft	upgspft	GXS150REV-Zone2Node05/UPGSPFT	GXS150REV-	
ogsprod	upgsprod	GXS150REV- Zone2Node05/UPGSPR00] GXS150REV- Zone2Node0	
ogaror	upgaror	GXS150REV- Zone2Node05/UPGSROR	GXS150REV- Zone2Node0	
bnezzgo	upgssand	GXS150REV- Zone2Node05/UPGSS4ND] GXS150REV- Zone2Node0	
pgsconf	upgsconf	GXS150REV-Zone2Node05/VASTEST	GXS150REV-	
sgapft sgaprod sgaror sgasand sgasonf	upgspft upgsprod upgsror upgssand upgsconf	GXS150REV-Zene2Node05/UPGSPFT GXS150REV- Zene2Node05/UPGSPROD GXS150REV- Zene2Node05/UPGSROB GXS150REV- Zene2Node05/UPGSSAND GXS150REV-Zene2Node05/VASTEST 8	0X5150REV- 20ne2Node0 0X5150REV- Zone2Node0 0X5150REV- Zone2Node0 0X5150REV- Zone2Node0 0X5150REV- Zone2Node0 0X5150REV- tal 8	

Figure 11: JAASJ2C authentication data

2. Click New under the Preferences section.

Figure 12: JAASJ2C authentication data New

ata sources > Default Datasource > JAAS	- J2C authentication data > New	
pecifies a list of user identities and passwor	ds for Java(TM) 2 connector security to use.	
eneral Properties		
Alias		
Atm		
User ID		
upgs73		
Password		
•••••		
Description		
Atomic Instance		
Analy OK Paret Cancel		
Apply OK Reset Cancel		

3. Enter the **Alias**, **User ID**, **Password**, and **Description**. Verify that the user ID is the Oracle user ID created for the respective Config and Atomic Schema for the "Information Domain".

Specify the Config database user ID and password information for the jdbc/FICMASTER data source, and the Atomic database user ID and password information for the Atomic schema data source that you created earlier.

4. Click **Apply** and save the details.

10.1.4 Define JDBC Connection Pooling

To define the JDBC connection pooling, ensure that you have created JDBC Provider and Data source to access the data from the database.

- Expand the **Resources** option in the LHS menu and click **JDBC > Data sources** option to display the Data sources window.
- Click the newly created Data Source \$DATA_SOURCE\$ and navigate to the path Data sources > GAFUSION DATA_SOURCE > Connection pools.

performance of your ap ht warrant changing the	plication. Consider the default values carefully; se values.	your application requiremen
nfiguration		
General Properties		Additional Proposition
Scope		read of the properties
cells:ipa26dorNode01	Cellinodes:ipa26dorNode01:servers:server1	Advanced connection pool
+ Connection timeout		properties
þ	seconds	Connection pool
+ Maximum connection		custom properties
100	connections	
	1 01000000000	
+ Minimum connection	connections	
	1 second strains	
* Reap time		
1700	seconds	
+ Unused timeout		
11800	seconds	
+ Aged timeout		
0	seconds	
Purge policy		
EntirePool	×	
Apply OK Reset	Cancel	

Figure 13: Connection pools

- **3.** Set the following values:
 - Connection timeout: 0
 - Maximum connections: 100
 - Minimum connections: 10

You can also define **Reap time**, **Unused timeout**, and **Aged timeout** as required.

10.2 Configure Resource Reference in WebLogic Application Server

This section applies only when the Web application server type is WebLogic. This section includes the following topics:

- <u>Create Data Source</u>
- <u>Create GridLink Data Source</u>
- <u>Configure Multi Data Sources</u>
- <u>Configure Advanced Settings for Data Source</u>
- <u>Configure JDBC Connection Pooling</u>
- <u>Create WorkManager</u>

In the WebLogic server, you can create a "Data Source" in the following ways:

- For a non-RAC Database instance, a Generic Data Source must be created. See Create Data Source.
- For a RAC Database instance, a Gridlink Data Source must be created. See Create GridLink Data Source.
- When Load Balancing/Fail over is required, a Multi Data Source must be created. See Configure Multi Data Sources.

10.2.1 Create Data Source

The following steps apply to both config and atomic data source creation.

1. Open the following URL in the browser window:

http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/console. (https, if SSL is enabled). The Welcome window is displayed.

2. Log in with the Administrator Username and Password.

Figure 14: Welcome

ORACLE WebLogic Server Administration Console 12c	
12°	Vercome Log in to work with the WebLogic Server domain Username: Pessword: Login Login
Weldogé Server Version: 12.2.13.0 Copyrate (J. 1996-201), Packa and in a afiliatas. Al ryths reconved. Costas a a nyamic medianima d'o casa afiliatas. Obier names may be trademarks of their respective environs.	

3. From the LHS menu (Domain Structure), click **Services > Data Sources** to display the Summary of JDBC Data Sources window.

Figure 15: Summary of JDBC Data Sources

Change Center	R Hone Log Cut Preferences In Re	Kard Help	Welcome, manager Connected	d to: Muckfiel
View changes and restarts	Hote channey of ROR Outs fearer			
Carligueston editing is unabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete tions in the domain	Summary of 2080 Data Sources			
Domain Structure	A X00C data source is an obsert bound borrow a database convector from a	Dis the INES bee that provides database connectivity through a po data source.	d of XIOC convertions. Applications can look up a data source on the XIOI tree and I	Pen.
Motod ® Contractionerst Copyloarits 10 Services ® Messaging ⊕ 200C	The page summaries the 200° data source dipole that have been owated in the damas. D Containing this table The format the table The format table			
Data Sources HultiData Sources	New Detre		Showing 1 to 1 of 1. Preve	neller!
- Cola Source Partores	Name ris	POI Name	Eargets	2
Poreign IAEE Providera	S ISA104	sts/D000W	Administration	1
- 10t Reptres - 10t Applies	(New Delete		Showing 1 to 1 of 1 January	na 1 Net
How do L.	i			
Create XBC data sources Delete XBC data sources				
System Status				
Health of Running Servers				
Failed (0) Foreinated (0) Foreinated (0) Foreinated (0) Foreinated (0) Foreinated (0) Foreinated (0)				

4. Click **New** and select **Generic Data Source** to display the Create a New JDBC Data Source window.

Figure 16: Create a New JDBC Data Source

Create a New JDBC Data Sou	rce	
Deck Next Front Ca	ncel	
JDBC Data Source Proper	ties	
The following properties will be " Indicates required fields	e used to identify your new 308C data source.	
What would you like to name yo	our new JDBC data source?	
de * Name:	ATOMSTSOL	
C JNDI Name: Jdbo/ATOMSTSOL		
What database type would you	like to select?	
Database Type:	Oracle	
Back Next Frein Ca	ncel	

You can also select **GridLink Data Source** or **Multi Data Source** while creating a Data Source. For more information, see <u>Create Data Source</u> or <u>Configure Multi Data Sources</u>.

Figure 1: JDBC Data Source Properties

Back Next From	Cancel	
JDBC Data Source Pr	roperties	
The following properties	will be used to identify your new JDBC data source.	
Database Type:	Orade	
What database driver wo	uld you like to use to create database connections? Note: " indicates that the driver is explicitly supp	conted by Oracle WebLogic Server.
Database Driver:	*Oracle's Driver (Thin XA) for Instance connections; Versions 9.0.1 and later	
Back Next Efficient	Cancel	

- **5.** Enter JDBC data source Name, JNDI Name, and select the Database Type from the dropdown list.
- **6.** Ensure the following:
 - The JNDI Name field must be in the format jdbc/informationdomain
 - The same steps must be followed to create a mandatory data source pointing to the "configuration schema" of infrastructure with jdbc/FICMASTER as JNDI name.
 - JNDI Name is the same as mentioned in the web.xml file of OFSAAI Application.
 - Required "Database Type" and "Database Driver" must be selected.

Data sources must be created for atomic and atomiccnf schemas following the same steps.

7. Click Next.

Figure 18: Transaction Options

Create a New JDBC Data Source
Back, Next Cancel
Transaction Options
You have selected non-XA 208C driver to greate database connection in your new data source.
Does this data source support global transactors? If yes, please choose the transactor protocol for this data source.
Supports Global Transactions
Select this option if you want to enable non-XA XDBC connections from the data source to participate in global transactions using the Logging Last Resource (LIR) transaction optimization. Recommended in place of Emulate Two-Phase Commit.
O Logging Last Resource
Select this option if you want to enable non-XA 208C connections from the data source to emulate participation in global transactions using JFA. Select this option only if your application can tolerate heuristic conditions.
O Emulate Two-Phase Commit
Select this option if you want to enable non-XA XDBC connections from the data source to participate in global transactions using the one-phase commit transaction processing. With this option, no other resources can participate in the global transaction.
One-Phase Commit
Back Next Carcel

8. Select the **Database Driver** from the drop-down list. You must select the Database Driver depending on database setup, that is, with or without RAC. Click **Next**.

Figure 19: Database Name

Create a New 308C Data Source		
Back Next Frank Cancel		
Connection Properties Define Connecton Properties.		
What is the name of the database you would	ke ta connect ta?	
Database Name:	fsgbu	
What is the name or IP address of the databa	se server?	
Host Name:	10.184.74.80	
What is the port on the database server used	to connect to the database?	
Ports	1521	
What database account user name do you wa	nt to use to create database connections?	
Database User Name:	ssa6om	
What is the database account password to us	e to create database connections?	
Password:		
Confirm Password:	•••••	
Back Next From Cancel		

- 9. Select the **Supports Global Transactions** check box and the **One-Phase Commit** option.
- **10.** Click **Next** to display the Connection Properties window.

Figure 2: Database Details

Create a New 3DBC Data Source		
Test Configuration Back Next Finish C	ancei	
Test Database Connection		
Test the database availability and the connection pr	apertes you provided.	
What is the full package name of 3DBC driver class up	ed to create database connections in the connection gool?	
Overe that this driver class must be in the classpath of	(any server to which it is deployed.)	
Driver Class Name:	eracle jdbc OracleDriver	
What is the URL of the database to connect to? The	armat of the URL varies by 200C driver.	
URL:	jdbc oracle thin @10.184	
What database account user name do you want to u	e to create database connections?	
Database User Name:	saatom	
What is the database account password to use to pre-	ate database connections?	
(Note: for secure pass-ord management, enter the p	assword in the Password field instead of the Properties field below)	
Password:		
Confirm Password:		
What are the properties to pass to the 2000 driver w Properties: Use 2= a sat on:	en prestrig distocate connectores?	
The set of driver properties whose values are derived	at runtime from the named system property.	
System Properties		
What table name or SQL statement would you like to	se to test database connections?	
Test Table fiame:		
SQL SELECT 1 FROM DUAL		
Test Configuration Back Next. Final. C	nat	

- 11. Enter the required details such as the **Database Name**, **Host Name**, **Port**, **Oracle User Name**, **Password**, and **Confirm Password**.
- **12.** Click **Next** to display the Test Database Connection window.
 - Figure 20: Select Targets

eate a New 3DBC Data Source Back, [Text] Finah Cancel	
Select Targets You can select one or more targets to deploy your new 208C data source at a latter time.	e. If you don't select a target, the data source will be created but not deployed. You will need to deploy the data source
V AdminServer	_

- **13.** Verify the details and click **Test Configuration** and test the configuration settings. A confirmation message is displayed stating "Connection test succeeded."
- **14.** Click **Finish**. The created "Data Source" is displayed in the list of Data Sources.



15. Select the new **Data Source** and click the **Targets** tab.

Figure 21: Data Source

Create a New 3DBC Grid into	Data Source			
Create a new yook dridein	Corce pource			
Takes Next Constant	ancei			
308C GridLink Data Sour	ce Properties			
The following properties will t * Indicates required fields	be used to identify your new 308C 0	ridurik data source.		
What would you like to name	your new 308C GridLink data source	2		
de "Name:	xyz			
What 200 name would you lik d[] 3MOI Name: 3 dbo/xyz	ie to assign to your new 208C Gridu	nk data source?		
What database type would yo	w like to select?			
Database Type:	Oracle			
Is the XA driver?				
XA Driver				
Bath Mest From	ancel			

16. Select the AdminServer option and click Finish.

10.2.2 Create GridLink Data Source

If you have selected the option, New > GridLink Data Source while creating the "Data Source", you can directly specify the JDBC URL as indicated.

Figure 22: GridLink Data Source

Create a New JDBC GridLink Data Source		
Back Next Treat Cancel		
Connection Properties		
Define Connection Properties.		
Enter Complete 2080 URL for GridLink datab	ise.	
Complete JDBC URL:		
What database account user name do you is	ant to use to create database connections?	
Database User Name:		
What is the database account password to	se to create database connections?	
Password:		
Confirm Password:		
Back Next Trees Cancel		

17. Enter the Data Source Name and JNDI Name.

Ensure that the "JNDI Name" field is specified in the format "jdbc/infodomname" and the XA Driver check box is not selected. Click Next.

Figure 23: JNDI Name

Create a New 3DBC GridLin	k Data Source			
Dark Next Frian 4	Cancel			
JDBC GridLink Data Sour	rce Properties			
The following properties will "Indicates required fields	be used to identify your new JDBC Grid	dürk data source.		
What would you like to name	your new JDBC GridLink data source?			
de * Name:	xyz			
What 3HDE name would you k dE 3NDE Name: 3 db o / xyz	ke to assign to your new JDBC GridLink	ciata source ³		
What database type would y	ou like to select?			
Database Type:	Orade			
Is this XA driver?				
XA Driver				
Back (Next) (Front)	Cancel			

18. Specify **Complete JDBC URL**, **Database User Name**, and **Password**. Click **Finish**. The created "Data Source" is displayed in the list of Data Sources.

10.2.3 Configure Multi-data Sources

A JDBC multi-data source is an abstraction around a group of data sources that provides load balancing and failover between data sources. As with data sources, multi-data sources are also bound to the JNDI tree. Applications can look up a multi-data source on the JNDI tree and then reserve a database connection from a data source. The multi-data source determines from which data source to provide the connection.

When the database used is Oracle RAC (Real Application Clusters), which allows Oracle Database to run across a set of clustered servers, then a group of data sources can be created for instances running on a set of clustered servers and a JDBC multi-data source can be created so that applications can look up a multi-data source on the JNDI tree to reserve database connection. If a clustered server fails, Oracle continues running on the remaining servers.

- Open the WebLogic Admin Console in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The Login window is displayed.
- 2. Login with the User ID that has admin rights.
- **3.** In the LHS menu (Domain Structure), select **Services > JDBC > Multi Data Sources** to display the Summary of JDBC Multi Data Sources window.

Figure 24: Multi Data Sources

200C multi data source is the 210L tree. Applicator ource to provide the corne	in abstraction around a group of data sources that is can look up a multi data source on the 3400 tree i ction.	provides load balancing and fallover between data source and then reserve a database connection from a data sour	es. As with data sources, multi data sources are all ce. The multi data source determines from which d	so bou Sata
se this page to create or v	en multi data sources in your domain.			
ustomize this table				
20 Mar 10 Mar				
ulti Data Sources(filte	ed - Hore Columns Exist)			
ulti Data Sources(Filter New [Conver]	ed - Hore Columns Exist)		Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previo	NIS NA
ulti Data Sources(Filte New (Color)	ed - Hore Columns Exist) JHDI Name	Algorithm Type	Shaving 1to 2 of 2 Previo Targets	NS N
uits Data Sources(filte New, Contre Rame +> Pustorios	ed - Hore Columns (xist) 3803 Name jdc:Ru50/RHEL	Algorithm Type Load datarong	Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previo Targets Administriver	NUS 14
Name +> Romo +> Romo +> Romo +> ROMO +>	ed - Hore Columns (xist) 3803 Name 3802 PL/S104RHEL 380-R048HELQT	Algorithm Type Load Balancing Load Balancing	Shaving 152 of 2 Preva Targets Admiserver Admiserver	us N

4. Click **New** to display the New JDBC Multi Data Source window.

Figure 25: Configure Multi Data Source

Serr Next Tran Cancel		
Configure the Hulti Data Source		
The following properties will be used to	o identify your new 308C multi data source.	
What would you like to name your new	206C multi data source?	
de Names	JDBC Multi Data Source-0	
<pre>MDI Name: jdbo/infodomname</pre>		
JMDI Name: Jdbo/infodomname	Data Source would you like to select?	

NOTE Ensure that the Data Sources which must be added to the new JDBC Multi Data Source are created.

5. Enter the JDBC Source Name, JNDI name, and select the Algorithm Type from the dropdown list. Click Next.

NOTE	• The JNDI Name must be specified in the format jdbc/ infodomname.
	 The JNDI Name of the Data Sources that is added to the new JDBC Multi data source must be different from the JNDI name specified during Multi Data Source.
	 The same steps must be followed to create a mandatory data source pointing to the "configuration schema" of infrastructure with jdbc/FICMASTER as JNDI name for Data Source.
	• The JNDI Name provided in the multi-data source must be the same name that is mentioned in the web.xml file of OFSAAI Application.
	 You can select the Algorithm Type as Load- Balancing.

Figure 26: Select Targets

Create a New JDBC Hulti Data Source	
Back Next Cancel	
Select Targets You can select one or more targets to deploy your new 200C MUID Data So	roe.
Servers	
AdminServer	
Back Next From Cancel	

6. Select the AdminServer check box and click Next.

Figure 27: Select Data Source Type

Create a New JDBC Hulti Data Source	
Back, Next, Front Cancel	
Select Data Source Type	
Please select type (IA or Non-IA) of data source you would like to add to your new 306C Multi Data Source.	
O XA Driver	
⊙ Non-XA Driver	
Back [liest] [Trinit] Cancel	

7. Select the type of data source to add to the new JDBC Multi Data Source. Click Next.
CONFIGURE RESOURCE REFERENCE IN WEBLOGIC APPLICATION SERVER

Figure 28: Add Data Sources

Back Thirt Frish Can	cel cel		
Add Data Sources What 3DBC Data Sources wow	Jd you like to edd to your new 308	C Multi Data Source?	
Data Sources:			
RUSIONI PUSIONI PUSIONI RUSIONIRH	RORI	•	
Create a New Data Source			
Back Next Finish Can	cel.		

8. Map the required Data Source from the **Available** Data Sources. Click **Finish**. The New JDBC Multi Data Source is created with added data sources.

10.2.4 Configure Advanced Settings for Data Source

To configure the advanced setting for the data source, follow these steps:

- 1. Click the new Data Source from the Summary of JDBC Data Sources window to display the Settings for <Data Source Name> window.
- 2. Select the Connection Pooling tab given under Configuration.
- **3.** Navigate to the Advanced option at the bottom of the window, and check the Test Connection of Reserve check box (enables WebLogic Server to test a connection before giving it to a client).

To verify if the data source is valid, select "Data Source Name". For example, FICMASTER.

4. Select the server and click Test Data Source. A message is displayed indicating that the test was successful.

After the "Data Source" is created successfully, the following messages are displayed: All changes are activated. No restart is necessary.

Settings updated successfully.

If not, follow these same steps to recreate the data source.

10.2.5 Configure JDBC Connection Pooling

To define the JDBC connection pooling, ensure that you have created the **JDBC Provider** and **Data Source** to access the data from the database.

- Click the newly created Data Source \$DATA_SOURCE\$ and navigate to the path Home
 Summary of Services: JDBC >Summary of JDBC Data Sources >JDBC Data Source
 INFODDOM_NAME>.
- 2. Set the following values:
 - Initial Capacity: 10
 - Maximum Capacity: 100
 - Capacity Increment: 1

- Statement Cache Type: LRU
- Statement Cache Size: 10
- 3. Click Save.

10.2.6 Create Workmanager

A Workmanager is used to re-trigger failed messages. To create a Workmanager, follow these steps:

- The Name field must have the value wm/WorkManager-TFLT
- The Type field must have the value Work Manager.
- The Targets field must have the value AdminServer
- The Scope field must have the value Global

The Stuck Thread Action field must have the value Ignore stuck threads Click Save.

Figure 29: WorkManager Screen 1

Settings for wm	/WorkMan	ager-TFLT		
Configuration	Targets	Notes		
Save				
Use this page t	o define the	request classes an	d constraints for the selected Work Manager.	
Names			wm/WorkManaper-TRLT	The user-specified name of this Hilbean instance. Hore Infa
Scope:			Global	The scope in which this Work Manager is created. More Info
🧑 Request Cl	899K		(None configured) • New	A request class associated with this Work Manager. This may be a FairShareRequestClass, ResponseTimeRequestClass, or a ContextRequestClass. Nare Info
🕖 Minimum T	hreads Cor	nstraint:	(None configured) * New	The minimum number of threads allocated to resolve deadlocks. More Enfo
de Maximum 1	Threads Co	nstraint:	(None configured) • New	The maximum number of concurrent threads that can be allocated to execute requests. Here Info
👘 Capacity Ci	onstraint:		(None configured) * New	The total number of requests that can be queued or executing before WebLogic Server begins rejecting requests. Hose Info
🛃 Stuck Thre	ed Action:		Ignore stuck threads	Specify how stuck threads should be detected, and what action to take should they occur. Here Info
Max Stuck The	ead Time:		0	Time after which a executing thread is declared as disck. Here left-
Stock Thread O	ount:		0	Number of stuck threads also which the Workstanaper is shutdown: Hore Info-
Resume Wi	ien Destud	k		Whether its resume work manager over the stack threads were closered. Here Ird_{R-s}
Save				

Figure 30: Workmanager screen Screen 2

Summary of Work Managers					
Save					
A Work Manager defines a set of request Work Managers are defined at the domain	classes and thread constraint n and partition level. You can	s that manage work performed by We also define application-level and mod	ebLogic Server instances. This page displa fulle-level Work Managers.	ys the Work Hanagers, request	classes and thread constraints defined for this domai
Partition Fair Share:	50		A desired percent is recommended 100, but it is not to different parts Use the Pertition/ Infe-	tage of thread usage by a partiti- that the sum of this value for all strictly enforced. When they do ions based on their relative value NorkManager Mibean for specify	on compared to the thread usage by all partitions. It the partitions maxing in a VMS domain add up to not add up to 100, VMS assigns thread-usage times . This attribute in fer use in the global domain only ng partition fair share values for partitions. Here
Save Customize this table Work Managers, Request Classes and [New] [Disse]	Constraints				Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous New
📋 Name A		Туре	Targets	Scope	Domain Partitions
🗐 wm/WorkManager-TPLT		Work Manager	AdminServer	Global	
New Cione Deteta					Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next

CONFIGURE RESOURCE REFERENCE IN TOMCAT APPLICATION SERVER

10.3 Configure Resource Reference in Tomcat Application Server

This section is applicable only when the Web application server type is Tomcat and includes the following topics:

- Create Data Source
- Define JDBC Connection Pooling
- Configure ClassLoader for Apache Tomcat

Copy the Oracle JDBC driver file, ojdbc<version>.jar from <Oracle Home>/jdbc/lib and place it in <Tomcat Home>/lib.

See <u>Hardware and Software Requirements</u> to identify the correct <code>ojdbc<version>.jar</code> file version to be copied.

10.3.1 Create Data Source

To create a "data source" for Infrastructure application, navigate to <Tomcat Home>/conf directory and edit the following block of text by replacing the actual values in the server.xml file.

	ΝΟΤΕ	The User-IDs for configuration/ atomic schemas have the prefix of setup info depending on the value set for PREFIX_SCHEMA_NAME in the < <app pack="">>_SCHEMA_IN.XML file of the Schema Creator Utility.</app>
		For example: If the value set for PREFIX_SCHEMA_NAME is DEV and the schema name is mentioned as ofsaaconf, then the actual schema created in the database is DEV_ofsaaconf.
<contex Directo crossCo</contex 	t path ="/ <co pry>/webapps/< ontext="true"></co 	ntext name>" docBase=" <tomcat installation<br="">context name>" debug="0" reloadable="true"</tomcat>

```
<Resource auth="Container" name="jdbc/FICMASTER"
type="javax.sql.DataSource"
driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver" username="<user id for
the configuration schema>" password="<password for the above user id>"
url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@<DB engine IP address>:<DB Port>:<SID>"
maxActive="100" maxIdle="30" maxWait="10000"/>
```

```
<Resource auth="Container"
```

name="jdbc/< INFORMATION DOMAIN NAME >"

```
type="javax.sql.DataSource"
driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver" username="<user id for
the atomic schema>" password="<password for the above user id>"
```

```
url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@<DB engine IP address>:<DB Port>:<SID>"
maxActive="100" maxIdle="30" maxWait="10000"/>
```

</Context>

- The <Resource> tag must be repeated for each Information Domain created.
 - After the configuration, the "WAR" file must be created and deployed in Tomcat.

10.3.2 Define JDBC Connection Pooling

To define the JDBC connection pooling, follow these steps:

1. Copy the <code>\$ORACLE_HOME/jdbc/lib/ojdbc<version>.jar</code> file to the path <code>\$TOMCAT_DIRECTORY/lib/</code> directory.

See <u>Hardware and Software Requirements</u> to identify the correct <code>ojdbc<version>.jar</code> file version to be copied.

2. Edit the server.xml file present under the \$TOMCAT_DIRECTORY/conf/ directory with
the following changes, which is required for connection pooling.

```
<Context path="/ $CONTEXTNAME$" docBase=" $APP_DEPLOYED_PATH$ " debug="0" reloadable="true" crossContext="true">
```

```
<Resource auth="Container" name="jdbc/ $INFODOM_NAME$"
type="javax.sql.DataSource"
```

```
driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver" username="
$ATOMICSCHEMA_USERNAME$" password="$ATOMICSCHEMA_PASSWORD$"
url="$JDBC_CONNECTION_URL"
```

```
maxTotal="300" maxIdle="30" maxWaitMillis="10000"
removeAbandonedOnBorrow="true" removeAbandonedTimeout="60"
logAbandoned="true"/>
```

</Context>

NOTE	 \$APP_DEPLOYED_PATH\$ must be replaced by the OFSAAI application deployed path.
	 \$INFODOM_NAME\$ must be replaced by Infodom Name.
	 \$ATOMICSCHEMA_USERNAME\$ must be replaced by an Atomic schema database user name.
	 \$ATOMICSCHEMA_PASSWORD\$ must be replaced by an Atomic schema database password.
	 \$JDBC_CONNECTION_URL must be replaced by JDBC connection string jdbc:Oracle:thin:<ip>:<port>:<sid>.</sid></port></ip>
	For example,
	jdbc:oracle:thin 192.168.0.1:1521:soluint

CONFIGURE RESOURCE REFERENCE IN TOMCAT APPLICATION SERVER

The User-IDs for configuration/ atomic schemas have the prefix of setupinfo depending on the value set for PREFIX_SCHEMA_NAME in the <<APP Pack>>_ SCHEMA_IN.XML file of Schema Creator Utility.

For example: if the value set for PREFIX_SCHEMA_NAME is DEV and the schema name is mentioned as ofsaaconf, then the actual schema created in the database is DEV_ofsaaconf.

10.3.3 Configure ClassLoader for Apache Tomcat

To configure the ClassLoader for Apache Tomcat, follow these steps:

3. Edit the server.xml file available in \$TOMCAT_HOME/conf/ directory.

Add the tag <Loader delegate="true" /> within the <Context> tag, above before the <Resource> tag. This is applicable only when the web application server is Apache Tomcat 8.

11 Appendix C: Configure Work Manager in Web Application Servers

The process Modelling framework requires creating a Work Manager and mapping it to the OFSAA instance. This configuration is required for WebSphere and WebLogic Web application server types.

This section covers the following topics:

- <u>Configure Work Manager in WebSphere Application Server</u>
- <u>Configure Work Manager in WebLogic Application Server</u>

11.1 Configure Work Manager in WebSphere Application Server

Topics:

- <u>Creating Work Manager</u>
- Mapping Work Manager to OFSAA WebSphere Instance

11.1.1 Create Work Manager

To create the Work Manager, follow these steps:

1. Open the WebSphere admin console in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/ibm/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The Login window is displayed.

Figure 1: WebSphere Login page

WebSphere, software	
	WebSphere Integrated Solutions Console User ID: admin Password: I Log in
Licensed Mate IBM, the IBM International product and s IBM trademar	trials - Property of IBM (c) Copyright IBM Corp. 1997, 2011 All Rights Reserved. logo, ibm.com and WebSphere are trademarks or registered trademarks of Business Machines Corp., registered in many jurisdictions worldwide. Other ervice names might be trademarks of IBM or other companies. A current list of ks is available on the Web at <u>Copyright and trademark information</u> .

2. Log in with the user ID which has admin rights.



View All tasks	Welcome			
And a second	Welcome	7 - 0	About this Integrated Solutions Console	
* Welcome				
R Guided Activities	Integrated Solutions Console provides a common administra	Integrated Solutions Console provides a common administrative console for multiple products. The table lists the product suites that can be administered through this installation. Select a product suite to view more information.		
* Servers	more information.			
(8) Applications			LICENSED MATERIALS PROPERTY OF IBM	10
Services	Suite Name	Version	International Business Machines Corp. 1996, 2012	~
· Resources	WebSphere Application Server	8.5.5.0		
* Security				
* Environment				
* System administration				
* Users and Groups				
Monitoring and Tuning				
* Troubleshooting				
(6) Service Integration				
R UPPT				

3. From the LHS menu, expand Resources > Asynchronous beans and select Work Managers.

Figure 3: Work Managers

WebSphere. software						Welcome admin	
Views All tasks	~	Cell+wM00+geNede02Cell, Prof/e+BORC	DOM				Close page
		Work managers				7 -	Help -
* Solana * Solana		Work managers Specifies a work manager that con- is scepa-cal-wid/Monagetede/20 Specifies a work is a set by the set of the set of the set (both is a set of the set of the set (both is a set of the set of the set (both is a set of the set of the set (both is a set of the set of the set (both is a set of the set of the set (both is a set of the set of the set of the set (both is a set of the set of the set of the set (both is a set of the set of the set of the set (both is a set of the set of the set of the set of the set (both is a set of the set of th	tains a pool of threads that a Cell. Hode=whf00aqnNode01. I at which the resource definitis a toode settings help. I. Server*server1 V	ne bound into the Josa (THI) Naming and Directory Seven-serverx on it visible. For detailed information on what see	Interface (INDI). re is		Full help for fact help information, rainet a fact table of its matrix stee the help control isolayed. Page help More information about this RES Command Assistance Verse administrance Steemand fac last action
B Asynchronous beans							
 Work managers 		You can administra the following		2004 V	Description 0	Category C	
R Cache Instances R Mail		DefaultWorkManager	wm/default	Node==hf00aqnNode01.Server=server1	WebSphere Default WorkManager	Default	
E Resource Environment		Total 1					
8 Security							
A Environment							
* System administration							
E Users and Groups							
R Monitoring and Tuning							
* Troubleshooting							
A Service integration							
1000 × 1000							

4. Select the required Scope from the drop-down list.

For example, Node=whf00aqnNode01, Server=server1.

5. Click New in the Preferences section.

Figure 3: New Work Managers

View [All tasks V]	CalmaN01aphata02Cal, Potlan8080004	
walking .	elork managers	
Outled Activities	Work managery > New	
Second	Specifies a work manager that contains a pool of threads that are bound in	to the Jave(TW) Reving and Directory Interface (2001)-
Applications	Configuration	
Services		
Lansarran		
* Schedulers	Strate Pageton	for the care applied or saved.
 Object pool managers 	cale.uk/00ap/lipde020all.npdas.uk/00ap/lipde01.servers.server1	Additional Properties
# 2MS	* Xarra	 Custors proportion
in poec	larm	
If Asynchronous beats	* 2600 name	
* Timer managers	(sm/WorkManager	
 work manapers 	Question	
W Cache Instances	~	
W LOL	~	
IK Resource Environment		
Security	Category	
Environment		
Exchan administration	Work Smarod	
Users and dimons	Birth and and an and share	
Manimutan and Tuning	9 work objects	
Territoria	Work request game full action	
i formation international inte	(Block V	
	Service names	
0001	Internationalization	
	Application Profilms Service (depreciated)	
	[] teat	
	C workes	
	The second se	
	Bundler of short threads	
	2 threads	
	Minimum number of threads	
	© Treads	
	Maximum number of threads	
	P. Presde	
	* Thread Priority	
	[3 provey	
	Crossilie	
	And a state of the	
	Appy OK Reset Cancel	

- 6. Enter the Name as 'wm' and JNDI name as 'wm/WorkManager ' in the respective fields.
- 7. Enter the **Thread pool properties**.
- 8. Click Apply.

Figure 5: Configure Work Managers

And		Welcome a
Viewi All tasks	Cell+whf00aqnNode02Cell, Profile+8GRCDOM	
	Work managers	
welcome	B Messages	
	Changes have been made to your local configuration. You can:	
Conversion of the second se	Save_directly to the master configuration. Review changes before saving or discarding.	
e Applications		
1 Services	The server may need to be restarted for these changes to take effe	ect.
Resources	The second se	
Schedulers Object pool managers	Work managers > wm	
€ JMS	Specifies a work manager that contains a pool of threads that are bound into the Java(TM) Na	aming and Directory Interface (JNDI).
S 30C	Configuration	
Resource Adapters		
C Asynchronous beans	General Properties	and a second
 Work managers 	b Srone	Additional Properties
R Cache instances	cells whf00agnNode02Cell:nodes whf00agnNode01 is ervers is erver1	 Custom properties
🛞 Mail	+ Name	
T URL	wm X	
Resource Environment	+ JNDI name	
Security	wm/WorkManager	
Environment	Description	
System administration	A	
Users and Groups		
Monitoring and Tuning		
Troubleshooting	Category	
Service integration		
LIDDI	Work timeout	
	[0 milliseconds	
	Work request queue size	
	vork objects	
	Work request queue full action	
	Service names	
	Internationalization	

9. Click Save.

Figure 6: Work Managers Preferences

WebSphere, software						Welcome admi	
Viewi All tasks 🗸	Cell+whf00	Cell+eM0012cNode02Cell. Profile+B0RCDOM					
= Welcome	Work ma	Nork managers					
Guided Activities	Snarif	Work managers Specifies a work manager that contains a pool of threads that are bound into the Java(TM) Itaming and Directory Interface (JNDI). In concert call web/DisansNode02Cell. Noderweb/DisansNode01. Enversement					
t Servers	E Sco						
Applications		soure communications and the instantian of the source definition is visible. For detailed information on what scope is and hort source defined hold.					
(8) Services							
🗏 Resources		Tradam b(00mmNada0)	Second and M				
Schedulers Object pool managers	€ Pre	Preferences					
a JMS	New	New Celete					
Resource Adapters Asynchronous beans	D	0077					
Timer managers	Select	Select Name 👌 INDI name 🗘 Scope 🗘 Description 🗘			Description 🗘	Category 🗘	
Work managers	You	You can administer the following resources:					
In Cache Instances		<u>DefaultWorkManager</u>	wm/default	Node=whf00aqnNode01.Server=server1	WebSphere Default WorkManager	Default	
Resource Environment		<u>vm</u>	wm/WorkManager	Node=whf00aqnNode01.Server=server1			
(t) Security	Total	2					
Environment							
IE System administration							
Users and Groups							
Monitoring and Tuning							
Troubleshooting							
® Service integration							
100U							

After creating the work manager, you must map it to an OFSAA instance.

11.1.2 Map Work Manager to OFSAA WebSphere Instance

To map the Work Manager to an OFSAA WebSphere Instance, follow these steps:

1. From the LHS menu, expand **Applications > Application Types** and click WebSphere enterprise applications.

WebSphere, software		Welcome admin				
View All tasks V	Cell=uAR0sqNode02Cell, Profile=80RCDOM					
	Enterprise Applications	2 -				
Welcome Outdad Artholise	Enterprise Applications					
B Servers	Use this page to manage installed applications. A single application can be deployed onto multiple servers.					
Applications	Preferences					
New Application	Start Stop Install Uninstall Update Rollout Update Remove File Export DOL Export File					
Application Types WebSphere enterprise applications	0 0 7 9					
 Business-level applications Assats 	Select Name 🗘 Application Status 🖉					
* Global deployment settings	You can administer the following resources:					
* Services	DefaultApplication					
Resources	Ø OFEAAL					
Schedulers	formannanger 🕈					
® JMS	l tables 🔶					
B 308C	□ auto					
🗑 Resource Adapters	Total 5					
Timer managers						
 Work managers 						
B Cache instances						
BURL						
B Resource Environment						
Security						
① Environment						
🕏 System administration						
(it) Users and Groups						
(i) Monitoring and Tuning						
(3) Troubleshooting						
(b) Service Integration						
€ UDD1						

Figure 7: Enterprise Applications

2. Click OFSAAI instance hyperlink.

Figure 8: OFSAAI

General Properties Name OPSAM Application reference validation Issue warnings Detail Properties Target specific application status Statup behavior Application binaries Statup behavior Application binaries Statup behavior Statup behav	Manage Modules • Manage Modules • Display module build Ids Web Module Properties • Session management • Session management • Context Root For Web Modules • Initialize parameters for servists • 100 JBF options • Virtual hosts Enterprise Java Bean Properties • Default messaging provider references Client Module Properties • Client module deployment mode Database Profiles
Basource references Shared library references Shared library relationships Apply OK Reset Cancel	 SQL2 profiles and pureQuery bind files

3. Click the **Resource references** link under the **References** section.

Figure 9: Resource References

000000	nj.work.WorkManager				1002				
	Set Multiple JNDI N	ames *							
	0								
Select	Module	1	Bean	URI		Resour	ce Reference	Target Resource	INDI Name
2	OFSAAL Web Annie	cation		OFSAAL war, WEB-	INF/web.som	-	rkManager	wm/default	Browse
	0				25				
	Set Multiple JNDI N	ames *		Modify Res	iource Authentication	Metho	ed	Extended Prop	erties
Select	Module	Bean	URI		Resource Reference		Target Resource	e JNDI Name	Login configuration Resource authorization:
	OFSAAI Web Application		OFSA INF/w	AI.war, WEB+ eb.xml	Jdbc/FICMASTE	ER.	jdbe/FICMAST Browse	ER	Container Authentication method: None
	OFSAA1 Web Application		OFSA INF/w	ALmar,WEB- eb.xml	jdbc/OFSBGRC	INFO	Jdbe/OFSBGRO Browse	INFO	Resource authorization: Container Authentication method:

4. Click **Browse** corresponding to the **Work Manager Resource Reference**. The available resources are displayed.

Figure 10: Available Resources

Resour	ces that can be used to bind to the resour mined by the targets to which that module	cerreference of a bean. e is mapped. Resources	Resources shown here are only those availa a available to a module can come from a hie	ble to that module carrying the bean. The archical scope of a bean. If resources a
Appl	y Cancel	one at the lower scope i	will overhoe the parent. The overhooen resov	arces are not shown here.
*	9			
Select	Name C.	JNDI name 0.	Scope C_	Description
0	AsyncRequestDispatcherWorkManager	wm/ard	Node=nhf00aqnNode01	
0	DefaultWorkManager	wm/default	Node=shf00aqnNode01.Server=server1	WebSphere Default WorkManager

5. Select the newly created Work Manager ('wm') and click **Apply**.

Figure 11: Select Work Manager

View Altaska V	Celevities	ertretel2Cat. Porties	00×000+							Close
 malcone R Guidad Activities 	Enterprise	ne Autorion > D	SAAL > Resour	e references				1		neld help
A Servers	A server	a references							1.8	field tabel or hat marker whe
- Applications	fact in	esource reference the	t is defined in pr	or application mus	t be mapped to a re	anyta.			1.5	
* New Application		comments and the Africanspo						1.1	Hars information about this	
E Application Types		Set Multiple 3401 N								ania
Business level applications Assets	0	0						on one of the second		
* Chilal deployment samings	Select	Module	Beat	942		Resource Reference	Target Resource 2	Of Name		
A Services		OFSAAL Web Apple	aton	OFSA41.mat.WEB	-INFloats.aml	wm/WorkManager	[www.workmanage	f Bronne		
- Kassurgas								Sec. In Concession		
Echadulara Orpacy pool managara	Print	jenn of Dictions								
H Jug H JOAC H Assures Adapters	G	0.0								
* Timer managara	Delet	module	Bean UR2		Resource Reference	Target Resour	ie 3101 Name	Login configuration		
R Cache Instances R Sada N Sad R URL R Resource Environment	a	OFSAA3 Web Application	On Production	dd ago, Willia Will and	инстремал	14. Browlen	10	Resource authorization: Container Authentication method: None		
n Security										
a Burningan						1.000		authorization:		
a plate lower and	-	OFSAM web	OFF	41.mar.1058-	Machine Sector	SHEVOFERON	ciwo .	Container		
 Course and Unique Monocluster and Testers 		Application	1693	-0.0M				Authentication method:		
E Tan Markanan								None		
in transmission										
* uppt	10000	ing .								

CONFIGURE WORK MANAGER IN WEBLOGIC APPLICATION SERVER

6. Select the Work Manager ('wm/WorkManager') and click OK.

Figure 4: OFSAAI Configuration

 Messages Changes have been made to Save directly to the master or Review changes before savin 	b your local configuration. You cans onfiguration. 19 or discarding.
CD The server may need to be in terprise Applications > OFSAA1 e this page to configure an enterprise application. Cl onfiguration	estarted for these changes to take effect.
General Properties Name OFSAI Application reference validation	Modules Manage Modules Display module build Ids
Startur behavior Startur behavior Startur behavior Startur behavior Startur behavior Sopiration binaries Siass loading and update detection Bequest dispatche properties SASE provider Scattom properties View Deployment Descriptor	Web Module Progenties Station management Scatext Root For Web Modules Initialize parameters for servicts 250 and JSE potions yinval.hosts Enterprise Java Bean Properties Badatt messaging provider references Client Module Properties Client Module Properties
Last participant support extension References Resource references Shared library references Shared library relationships	Client module_deployment_mode Database Profiles SQL2 profiles and pureQuery bind files

7. Click Save.

Figure 13: Enterprise Applications Preferences

- C.C.	ferences			
Sta	t) Stop Install Uninstall Update Rollout Update R	emove File Export DDL Export File		
0	079			
Selec	Name 🗘	Application Status Q		
You	can administer the following resources:			
	DefaultApplication	*		
	OFSAAL	*		
	formamenader	*		
	htApp	*		
m	query	*		

11.2 Configure Work Manager in WebLogic Application Server

To create the Work Manager in WebLogic application server, follow these steps:

 Open the WebLogic admin console in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The Welcome window is displayed.

CONFIGURE WORK MANAGER IN WEBLOGIC APPLICATION SERVER

ORACLE WebLogic Server Administration Console 12c	
120	Welcome Log in to work with the Weldogk Server domain Username: Password: Logn.
weld-roje Samer Version: (2.3.1.3.0 Converte FG 1996-2012). Conde and/or its affiliance. Ministra monymed.	

Figure 14: WebLogic Login page

- **2.** Log in with the user ID that has admin rights.
- **3.** From the **Domain Structure** menu in the LHS, expand Environment and select **Work Managers** to display the Summary of Work Managers window.

Figure 5: Work Manager

ORACLE WebLogic Server An	ninetator Conicie 13:					
Change Conter View changes and restarts	trans top but Pedersons (2) Record (relp.)	is.	Weissner, weblingte Connected to GBC			
Configuration external a anabled, Puture changes will automatically be actuated as you	Summary of Work Hanagers					
Remain Structure DICIDLIB Discourset Servers P-Common Colorent Clubers	A much Hanager defines a set of result classes and thread con- Cicilial Much Hanagers are defined at the domain level. No: can a \$ Continence this Edition Calcular Work Hanagers, Regard Classes and Constraints	trants that manage work performed by treducipic Server instances. The Au define application-level and module-level think Managers.	a page displan. The gibber front Paragers, nequest classes and finned constraints defined for the donars.			
- Machanes - Vehual mode	(Mee. (Dire) (Dire)		Showing this build in Pressue (New			
-Work Managers -Rankap and Shubbourt Classes	D Rame rs	Page 1	Targets			
Deptyments 8 Services	There are to deal to deal to deal to					
Security Instina * Interception R Descention	Jane [Chron] [Dente]		Showing that of the Association			

4. Click **New** to create a new Work Manager component.

Figure 16: New Work Manager

Create a New Work Manager Component	
Back Next Finish Cancel	
Select Work Manager Definition type	
What type of Work Manager, Request Class or Constraint do you want to create?	
Work Manager	
O Response Time Request Class	
O Fair Share Request Class	
O Context Request Class	
O Maximum Threads Constraint	
O Minimum Threads Constraint	
Capacity Constraint	
Back Next Finish Cancel	

CONFIGURE WORK MANAGER IN WEBLOGIC APPLICATION SERVER

5. Select the Work Manager and click **Next**.

Figure 17: Work Manager

Home Log Out Preferences	Record Help	
Home >Summary of Work Manager	15	
Create a New Work Manager Com	iponent	
Back Next Finish Cance	4	
Work Manager Properties		
The following properties will be use	ed to identify your new Work Manager.	
* Indicates required fields		
What would you like to name your n	vew Work Manager?	
* Name:	wm/WorkManager ×	
Back Next Finish Cance	я	
	~	

6. Enter the Name as 'wm/WorkManager' and click **Next**.

Figure 18: Select Deployment Targets

Create a New Work Manager Component	
(Back [Hird] [(Fean)] Cancel	
Select deployment targets	
You can target the Work Manager to any of these WebLopic Server instances or Quaters. Select the same targets on which you will deploy applications that reference the Work Manager.	
Available targets :	
Servers	
S Administerver	
Back Nett Frenh Carcel	

7. Select the required deployment target and click **Finish**.

Figure 19: Summary of Work Managers

a Hume Log Out Preferences (25) Record Help	(A)	w	eloanse, weblogic Connected to GRC8013
forme - Summary of Work Hanagara			
Aessages			
All changes have been activated. No restarts are necessary.			
Work Manager created successfully			
Summary of Work Hanapon			
A tillock Manager defines a set of nequest classes and thread or Global Work Managers are defined at the domain level. You ca (a clustomize this table	visiteerts that manage work performed by idebLogic Server instances. This page displays in also define application-level and module-level Work Hamagers.	the global Work Managers, request classes and thread constraint	s defined for this domain.
Global Work Hanapers, Request Classes and Constraints	•		
[New] [Chine] [Delow]		4g-1	Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next
Lines (Daine) (Daine)	Terre	Targets	Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next
Item Come Desir	Type Work Planager	Targets admifarrer	Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next
Nee Core Dates	Type Volk Nange	Targets. Administrat	Showing its is of 1 Previous Next

12 Appendix D: Creating and Deploying EAR/WAR File

This section covers the following topics:

- Creating EAR/WAR File
- Deploying EAR/WAR File

12.1 Creating EAR/WAR File

To create EAR/WAR File, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the \$FIC_WEB_HOME directory on the OFSAA Installed server.
- 2. Execute ./ant.sh to trigger the creation of EAR/ WAR file.
- **3.** On completion of the EAR files creation, the "BUILD SUCCESSFUL" and "Time taken" message is displayed and you will be returned to the prompt.

Figure D-1 Creating EAR/ WAR File



4. The EAR/ WAR file - <contextname>.ear/.war - is created.

NOTEThe <contextname> is the name given during installation. This
process overwrites any existing version of EAR file that exists in
the path.In case of OFSAA configured on Tomcat installation,
<contextname>.war is created.

12.2 Deploying EAR/WAR File

Note:

NOTE Remove the existing Admin Tools deployment (which is integrated with OFS BD pack).

This section covers the following topics:

- Deploying EAR/WAR Files on WebSphere
- Deploying EAR/WAR files for WebLogic
- Deploying Tomcat WAR Files on Tomcat

NOTE Ensure to clear the application cache prior to the deployment of Applications Pack Web Archive. This is applicable to all Web servers (WebSphere, WebLogic, and Tomcat). For more information, see Clearing Application Cache section.

12.2.1 Deploying EAR/WAR Files on WebSphere

To deploy Infrastructure application in WebSphere:

 Start WebSphere Profile by navigating to the path "/<WebSphere_Installation_ Directory>/IBM/WebSphere/AppServer/profiles/<Profile_Name>/bin/" and execute the command:

./startServer.sh server1

2. Open the following URL in the browser: http://<ipaddress>:<Administrative Console Port>/ibm/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The login screen is displayed.

Figure D-2 Login Window

WebSphere. software	
Licensed Materials	WebSphere Integrated
International Busine	Solutions Console User ID: admin Password: Log in

- 3. Enter the user credentials which has administrator rights and click Log In.
- **4.** From the LHS menu, select Applications and click New Application. The New Application window is displayed.

Figure D–3 New Application

ew App	lication
New	Application
This	page provides links to create new applications of different types.
Insta	I a New Application
	New Enterprise Application
	New Business Level Application
	New Asset

5. Click New Enterprise Application. The Preparing for the application installation window is displayed

pecity the EAR, WAR,	JAK, or SAK module to upload and install.	
Path to the new ap	plication	
CLocal file system		
Full path	Provers	
	DIWSE	
Remote file system		
Full path		

Figure D-4 Preparing for the application installation

6. Select Remote File System and click Browse. Select the EAR file generated for OFSAAI to upload and install. Click Next.

Figure D–5 Installation Options

Preparing for the application installation	
How do you want to install the application?	
 Past Path - Prompt only when additional information is required. Detailed - Show all installation options and parameters. 	
Choose to generate default bindings and mappings	
Previous INEXC Cancer	

7. Select the Fast Path option and click Next. The Install New Application window is displayed.

Figure D-6 Install New Application

Step 2 Map odules to servers Step 3 Summary Image: Directory to install application Image: Directory to ins
 Allow servicing includes from remote resources Business level application name Create New BLA Asynchronous Request Dispatch Type
Asynchronous Request Dispatch Type Disabled Allow EJB reference targets to resolve automatically
Image: Deploy client modules Client deployment mode Isolated Isolated

8. Enter the required information and click Next. The Map Modules to Servers window is displayed.

Figure D–7 Map Modules to Servers

Step 1 Select	Map mo	dules to se	rvers	
 Step 2: Map modules to servers <u>Step 3</u> Summary 	Specity contain servers configu Cluste WebS	targets such ed in your ap . Also, speci ration file (pl ers and serve phere:cell=o	h as application se uplication. Modules fy the Web servers ugin-cfg.xml) for ea urs: ufss2311701Node	rvers or clusters of application servers where you want to install the modules that are can be installed on the same application server or dispersed among several application as targets that serve as routers for requests to this application. The plug-in ach Web server is generated, based on the applications that are routed through. 02Cell,node=ofss2311701Node02,server=server1 Apply
	Select	Module	URI	Server
		OFSAAI Web	AAI80.war,WEB-	WebSphere:cell=ofss2311701Node02Cell,node=ofss2311701Node02,server=server1

9. Select the Web Application and click Next. The Map Resource References to Resources window is displayed.

pe	cify options for installing	enterpr	ise ap	plications and	d mode	ules.				
	Step 1 Select	Map r	esour	ce referend	ces to	resources				
	et a Mar	Each	esour	ce reference f	that is	defined in your ap	lication must b	e mapped to a re	source.	
	to servers	comme	nj.wor	k.WorkManage	ar -					
	Step 3: Map	Set	Multip	ole JNDI Nam	es 🔻					
	to resources									
	<u>Step 4</u> Map virtual								-	
	modules	Se	lect M	Iodule		Bean URI	F	Resource Reference	Target Resource JNI	DI Name
	<u>Step 5</u> Summary		A	FSAAI Web		BD801Q.wa INF/web.×m	r, WEB-	vm/WorkManager	Browse	
		jau [ax.sql.) Set Mu D	DataSource ultiple JNDI N	ames	• Modify Resour	ce Authenticatio	n Method E	ktended Properties]
			Select	t Module	Bean	URI	Resource	Target Resou	rce JNDI Name	Login
										Resource
				OFSAAL						authorization:
				Web Application		BD801Q.war,WEB- INF/web.×ml	jdbc/FICMASTE	R Browse		Authentication method: None
										Resource
				OFSAAT						authorization:
				Web Application		BD801Q.war,WEB- INF/web.×ml	jdbc/analyst	Browse		Authentication method: None
										Resource
				OFSAAI						authorization: Container
				Web Application		INF/web.xml	jdbc/miner	Browse		Authentication method: None
										Resource
										Resource authorization:

Figure D–8 Map Resource References to Resources

- 10. Map each resource defined in the application to a resource JNDI name defined earlier.
- **11.** Click Modify Resource Authentication Method and specify the authentication method created earlier.
- **12.** You can specify "config" for FICMASTER resource or "atomic" for atomic resource as the authentication method.
- **13.** Select the OFSAAI Web Application check box and click Next. The Map Virtual hosts for Web Modules window is displayed.

Step 1 Select	Map vi	rtual hosts for Web modules	
Step 2 Map modules to servers Step 3 Map resource references to resources	Specify in your them a PI	y the virtual host where you want to i r application. You can install Web mo among several hosts. ply Multiple Mappings	nstall the Web modules that are contained odules on the same virtual host or disperse
Step 4: Map virtual	Select	Web module	Virtual host
hosts for Web modules		OFSAAI Web Application	default_host 💌

Figure D–9 Map Virtual host for Web Modules

14. Select the Web Application check box and click Next. The Summary page is displayed.

Step 1 Select	Summary	
installation options	Summary of installation options	
<u>Step 2</u> Map modules to servers	Options	Values
0	Precompile JavaServer Pages files	No
resource references	Directory to install application	
to resources	Distribute application	Yes
Step 4 Map virtual	Use Binary Configuration	No
hosts for Web	Deploy enterprise beans	Yes
modules	Application name	AAI80
Step 5: Summary	Create MBeans for resources	Yes
	Override class reloading settings for Web and EJB modules	No
	Reload interval in seconds	
	Deploy Web services	No
	Validate Input off/warn/fail	warn
	Process embedded configuration	No
	File Permission	.*\.dll=755#.*\.so=755#.*\.a=755#.*\.sl=75
	Application Build ID	Unknown
	Allow dispatching includes to remote resources	No
	Allow servicing includes from remote resources	No
	Business level application name	
	Asynchronous Request Dispatch Type	Disabled
	Allow EJB reference targets to resolve automatically	No
	Deploy client modules	No
	Client deployment mode	Isolated
	Validate schema	No
	Cell/Node/Server	Click here

Figure D–10 Summary

- **15.** Click Finish and deploy the Infrastructure Application on WebSphere. On successful installation, a message is displayed.
- **16.** Click Save and save the master file configuration. The details are displayed in the Master File Configuration window.

12.2.2 Start the Application

- **1.** To start the application, follow these steps:
- **2.** Expand Applications > Application Type > WebSphere enterprise applications. The Enterprise Applications window is displayed.

Figure D–11 Enterprise Application

se th	wise Applications nis page to manage installed applications. A single application can b nferences	e deployed onto multiple servers.
Star	t Stop Install Uninstall Update Rollout Update	Remove File Export DDL Export File
Select	Name 🗘	Application Status 💁
You	an administer the following resources:	
	AAI80	
	DefaultApplication	•
	ivtApp	\$
-	query	

3. Select the installed application and click Start.

NOTE	<profile name=""> is the profile name given while creating the WebSphere profile.</profile>
	<cell name=""> is the cell name given during profile creation.</cell>
	<contextname> is the context name given during installation.</contextname>

12.2.3 Deploying EAR/WAR files for WebLogic

Following are the steps for deploying Infrastructure application that would be created during installation:

- 1. Navigate to the path "<WebLogic Installation directory>/user_projects/domains/<domain name>/bin" in the machine in which WebLogic is installed.
- **2.** Start WebLogic by executing the command:
- **3.** ./startWebLogic.sh -d64 file

Open the URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<admin server port>/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The Sign in window of the WebLogic Server Administration Console is displayed.

NOTE Ensure that you have started Infrastructure Server by executing "./startofsaai.sh" as mentioned in <u>Starting Infrastructure</u> <u>Services section</u>.

- **4.** Log on to the WebLogic Server by entering the user credentials having privileges to deploy the EAR file.
- **5.** From the Domain Structure LHS menu, click Deployments. The Summary of Deployments window is displayed.

Change Center	Home	Log Out Prefe	erences 🛃 Record Help		Q	Welcome, u	pg7273 Connected
View changes and restarts							upg7273
Configuration editing is enabled. Future	Home >Su	ummary of Dep	ployments				
changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Summary	of Deployme	ents				
	Control	Monitoring					
007273							
Deployments Services	domain. first sele	Installed application of the app	ations and modules can be ation name and using the c	started, stopped, updati ontrols on this page.	ed (redeploy	ved), or deleted	I from the domain by
i [™] Security Realms ₱°Interoperability ₱°Diagnostics	To install	l a new applicat nize this table ments	tion or module for deployme	nt to targets in this dom	ain, click the	Install button.	
i™Security Realms ⊕-Interoperability ⊕-Diagnostics	To install	l a new applicat nize this table nents	tion or module for deployme	nt to targets in this dom	ain, dick the Si	Install button.	f1 Previous Next
¦™Security Realms ⊕-Interoperability ⊕-Diagnostics	To install Custom Deployn Install	I a new applicat nize this table nents [Update] [De Name 🏟	tion or module for deployme e	nt to targets in this dom	ain, dick the Si Health	nowing 1 to 1 of	f 1 Previous Next Deployment Order
i~Security Realms P-Interoperability Diagnostics tow do I (₽)	To install Custom Deployn Install	I a new applicat nize this table nents Update De Name \ll I Gupg7273	tion or module for deployme	nt to targets in this dom State Active	Si Health & OK	Install button.	f 1 Previous Next Deployment Order 100

Figure D-12 Summary of Deployments

- 6. Click Install. The Install Application Assistant window is displayed.
- **7.** Select the Exploded EAR directory after browsing to the directory where it is saved and click Next.

12.2.3.1 Explode EAR File

To explode EAR, follow these steps:

- 1. Create the "applications" folder under domain name. For example, "/Bea/user_ projects/domains/ <Domain _name>/applications".
- 2. Create <context_name>.ear folder under "applications" folder.
- **3.** Copy the <\$FIC_WEB_HOME/<context_name>.ear file to <WEBLOGIC_INSTALL_ DIR>/Bea/user_projects/domains/<DOMAIN_NAME>/applications/<context_name>.ear.

4. Explode the <context_name>.ear file by executing the command:

jar -xvf <context_name>.ear

- Delete the <context>.ear and < context >.war files (recently created) <WEBLOGIC_ INSTALL_DIR>/Bea/user_projects/domains/<DOMAIN_ NAME>/applications/<context_name>.ear.
- **6.** Create a directory <context_name>.war under <WEBLOGIC_INSTALL_DIR>/Bea/user_ projects/domains/<DOMAIN_NAME>/applications/<context_name>.ear.
- 7. Copy <\$FIC_WEB_HOME/<context_name>.war file to <WEBLOGIC_INSTALL_ DIR>/Bea/user_projects/domains/<DOMAIN_NAME>/applications/<context_ name>.ear/<context_name>.war.
- **8.** Explode the <context_name>.war file by executing the following command to get the directory structure:

jar -xvf <context_name>.war

12.2.3.2 Install Application

To install Application, follow these steps:

1. Open the Install Application Assistant.

Figure D–13 Install Application Assistant

Install Application Assistant						
Back Next Finish Ca	ncel					
Locate deployment to inst	tall and prepare for deployment					
Select the file path that repres the application directory or file	ents the application root directory, archive file, exploded archive directory, or application module descriptor that you want to install. You can also enter the path of in the Path field.					
Note: Only valid file paths are	displayed below. If you cannot find your deployment files, upload your file(s) and/or confirm that your application contains the required deployment descriptors.					
Path:	/oradata2/wl1035/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domains/upg7273/applications					
Recently Used Paths:	Recently Used Paths: //oradata2/w1035/Orade/Middleware/user_projects/domains/upg7273/applications					
Current Location:	10.184.134.147 / oradata2 / wi1035 / Orade / Middleware / user_projects / domains / upg7273 / applications					
O 🗖 upg7273.ear (oper	n directory)					
INTER CASE INTERED						
Back Next Frish La	ncel					

2. Click Next.

Figure D-14 Install Application Assistant

Install Application Assistant
Back Next Finish Cancel
Choose targeting style
Targets are the servers, clusters, and virtual hosts on which this deployment will run. There are several ways you can target an application.
Install this deployment as an application
The application and its components will be targeted to the same locations. This is the most common usage.
Install this deployment as a library
Application libraries are deployments that are available for other deployments to share. Libraries should be available on all of the targets running their referencing applications
Back Next Finish Cancel

3. From the Choose targeting style section, select the Install this deployment as an application option and click Next.

The Optional Settings window is displayed.

Figure D–15 Optional Settings

Install Application	Assistant
Back Next Fi	nish Cancel
Optional Setting	\$
You can modify the	se settings or accept the defaults
General	
What do you want to	o name this deployment?
Name:	upg7273
Security	
What security model	do you want to use with this application?
OD Only: Use	only roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors.
Custom Role descriptor.	s: Use roles that are defined in the Administration Console; use policies that are defined in the deployment
Custom Role	s and Policies: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the Administration Console.
O Advanced: U	se a custom model that you have configured on the realm's configuration page.
- Source accessil	bilty
How should the sour	ce files be made accessible?
Ose the defa	ults defined by the deployment's targets
Recommended selec	ton.
O Copy this app	plication onto every target for me
During deployment,	the files will be copied automatically to the managed servers to which the application is targeted.
🔘 I will make th	he deployment accessible from the following location
Location:	/oradata2/wl1035/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domaii
Provide the location reach the location.	from where all targets will access this application's flies. This is often a shared directory. You must ensure the application files exist in this location and that each target can
Back Next Fi	nish Cancel

- 4. Enter a Name for the deployment if required.
- **5.** Under the Security section, select the DD only option to specify that only roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors should be used.
- **6.** Select the I will make the deployment available from the following location option under the Source accessibility section.
- 7. Click Next to continue.

The Deployment Summary window is displayed.

Figure D–16 Deployment Summary

Install Application As	sistant				
Back Next Finis	ah Cancel				
Review your choic	es and click Finish				
Click Finish to complet	te the deployment. This may take a few moments to complete.				
Additional config	uration				
In order to work successfully, this application may require additional configuration. Do you want to review this application's configuration after completing this assistant?					
 Yes, take me t No, I will review 	o the deployment's configuration screen. v the configuration later.				
Summary					
Deployment:	/oradata2/wl1035/Orade/Middleware/user_projects/domains/upg7273/applications/up	g7273.ear			
Name:	upg72733				
Staging mode:	Use the defaults defined by the chosen targets				
Security Model: DDOnly: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors.					
Target Summary					
Components 🚕		Targets			
upg7273.ear		AdminServer			
Back NEXT Finis	Cancel				

Select the Yes, take me to the deployment's configuration screen option and click

Finish.	The Settings	for <deplo< th=""><th>vment Name></th><th>window is</th><th>displayed.</th></deplo<>	vment Name>	window is	displayed.
	The Dettings	ioi Depio	ymenenen		alsplayear

Summary	of Deployments					
Control	Monitoring					
This pag (redeplo To instal Custom Deployr	e displays a list of J yyed), or deleted fro II a new application o nize this table ments	ava EE applications and stand-alone application modules th m the domain by first selecting the application name and u r module for deployment to targets in this domain, click th	hat have been installed to th sing the controls on this pag e Install button.	is domain. Ing	stalled applications and module	s can be started, stopped, updated
Install	Update Delete	Start V Stop V			S	howing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next
	Name ô	Servicing all requests Servicing only administration requests	State	Health	Туре	Deployment Order
	🗉 🔂 upg 7273		Active	🖋 ОК	Enterprise Application	100
Install	Update Delete	Start Stop Stop Stop Stop Stop Stop Stop Sto			S	nowing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next

ttings for	upg/2/3								
verview	Deployment Plan	Configuration	Security	Targets	Control	Testing	Monitoring	Notes	
ave									
Use this pay the end of t	ge to view the gene the page lists the mo	ral configuration o adules (such as W	of an Enterp eb applicati	rise applicat ons and EJB	ion, such a s) that are	s its name, contained i	the physical pa n the Enterpris	ath to the e applica	e application files, the associated deployment plan, and so on. The table a ston. Click on the name of the module to view and update its configuration
ame:		upg7273							The name of this Enterprise Application. More Info
ath:		/ oradata2/ w1035/ Orade/ Middleware/ user_projects/ domains/ upg7273/ The path to the source of the deployable unit on the Adm Server. More Info						The path to the source of the deployable unit on the Administration Server. More Info	
eploymer	t Plan: (no plan specified) The path to the deployment p Info						The path to the deployment plan document on Administration Server. Info		
taging Mo	ing Mode: (not specified)							The mode that specifies whether a deployment's files are copied from a source on the Administration Server to the Managed Server's staging are during application preparation. More Info	
ecurity M	odel:	DDOnly							The security model that is used to secure a deployed module. More Info
🗄 Deploy	ment Order:	100		1					An integer value that indicates when this unit is deployed, relative to oth deployable units on a server, during startup. More Info
🗄 Deployi lame:	ment Principal								A string value that indicates what principal should be used when deployin the file or archive during startup and shutdown. This principal will be used set the current subject when calling out into application code for interfac such as ApplicationLifecycleListener. If no principal name is specified, the the anonymous principal will be used. More Info
Save Modules a	nd Components								
									Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous N
Name 🔗									Туре
E upg727	3								Enterpr Applicat
E EJB	ı								
0	StateLessCacheBear	nBean							EJB
E Mod	ules								
0	upg7273								Web Applicat
0	peancache.jar								E3B Module
🖂 Web	Services								
								_	

Figure D–17 Settings for Deployment Name

- **8.** Review the general configuration details of the deployment. You can also update the configuration of the deployment in this window. In the Overview tab, you can view the complete deployment configuration.
- **9.** Click Save to update the changes, if any.
- **10.** From the LHS menu, click Deployments.

The Summary of Deployments window is displayed.

11. Select the newly deployed Infrastructure application and click Start > Servicing all requests. Ensure that the Infrastructure server is up and running.

Figure D–18 Summary of Deployments

mary	of Deployme	ts					
itrol	Monitoring						
			-		100		
o install ustomi ploym	a new applicat ize this table tents	n or module for deployment	to targets in this domain, c	lick the Install button.		s	howing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous N
o install ustomi ploym nstall	a new applicat ize this table nents Update ame \Leftrightarrow	n or module for deployment	to targets in this domain, c	lick the Install button.	Health	5 Туре	howing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous N Deployment Order

12. The State of the deployed application will be displayed as Active if started successfully.

12.2.4 Deploying Tomcat WAR Files on Tomcat

Before deploying the WAR files, ensure that the previously deployed applications of Infrastructure are uninstalled. See Uninstalling Previously Deployed WAR Files in Tomcat for the procedure to uninstall the previously deployed Infrastructure war files.

On the machine that hosts Tomcat, follow these steps to deploy Infrastructure application:

1. Copy the <context-name>.war from \$FIC_WEB_HOME/<context-name.war> to

<Tomcat Installation Directory>/webapps/ directory.

ome Documentatio	in Configuration V at/7.0.19	/iki Mailing Lists	The	Apache	Find Help Software Foundation ://www.apache.org/		
lf y	ou're seeing this, y	ou've successf	ully installed Tomo	at. Cong	ratulations!		
	Recommended Readin	ig:			Server Status		
	Security Consideration	IS HOW-TO			Manager App		
	Manager Application H	OM-TO			and the second s		
	Clustering/Session Re	plication HOW-TO			Host Manager		
veloper Quick Star							
mcat Setup	Realms & AAA		Servlet Examples	1	Servlet Specifications		
rst Web Application	JDBC Data Sou	1085	JSP Examples		Tomcat Versions		
lanaging Tomcat		Documentation		Gettin	g Help		
or security, access to the	manager webapp is	Tomcat 7.0 Docum	entation	FAQ	2003.		
stricted. Users are define	ed in:	Tomcat 7.0 Config	uration	Mailing	Lists		
CATALINA_HOME/conf/	tomcat-users.xml	Tomcat Wiki		The follo	wing mailing lists are available.		
Tomcat 7.0 access to the oplication is split between	e manager different users.	Find additional importa information in	ant configuration	announc Importan vulnerab	e <u>@tomcat.apache.org</u> It announcements, releases, security iity notifications. (Low volume).		
elease Notes		SCATALINA_HOME/RU	NNING.txt	users@tu	omcat apache.org		
alease Notes Developers may be interested in:					taolibs-user@tomcst.apache.org		
ligration Guide		Tomcal 7.0 Bug Databas	2	User sup	port and discussion for <u>Apache Taolibs</u>		
ecurity Updates		Tomcal 7.0 JavaDocs		dev@tomcat.ap.ache.org			
		Tomcat 7.0 SVN Reposit	QEY	Developr message	nent mailing list, including commit IS		
		Tomcat 7.0 Examples		00000000			
6	04	Calmbrid	10		1		
ner Downloads	Other Documentation	Get involved	Miscella	16005	Apache Software Foundation		
mcat Connectors mcat Native	mod ik Documentation	SVN Repositori	Contact es Legal		Who We Are		
aliba	Torncat Native	Mailing Lists	Sponsors	hip	Heritage		
plover	Deployer	Vilia	Thanks		Apache Home		

- **2.** Click Manager App. The Connect to dialog box is displayed.
- **3.** Enter the User Id and Password that has admin rights and click OK. (For user creation in tomcat, see <u>Tomcat User Administration</u>. The Tomcat Web Application Manager window is displayed with the list of all the applications deployed.

DEPLOYING EAR/WAR FILE

Figure D–20 Tomcat Web Application Manager

Idaas	Nees seatilized	Tomast Desumentation			0	Start Stop Reload Undeplo	<u>y</u>	
100CS	None specified	romcat Documentation		oue	<u>v</u>	Expire sessions with idle ≥ 3	0 minutes	
					2	Start Stop Reload Undeplo	y	
/examples	None specified	Serviet and JSP Examples		true	Q	Expire sessions with idle ≥ 3	0 minutes	
		- Contraction of the second second				Start Stop Reload Undeplo	¥	
/host-manager	None specified	Tomcat Host Manager Application		true	<u>0</u>	Expire sessions with idle = 3	0 minutes	
	and the second second				14	Start Stop Reload Undeploy		
manager	None specified	I omcat Manager Application		true	1	Expire sessions with idle ≥ 3	0 minutes	
120000								
Deploy Deploy directory or WAR file	located on server							
copies anectory of that me		Outled Date /	and Inferral					
		Context Pain (required): /oisaai					
		XML Configuration	file URL:					
		WAR or Direc	tory URL: saaweb/MOCH	K80HOME/ficweb/ofsaai.w	ar			
			Deploy					
WAR file to deploy								
		Select WAR file to upload		Browse				
		Deploy						
Diagnostics								
Check to see if a web applica	ation has caused a memory lea	ak on stop, reload or undeploy						
Find leaks	This diagnostic check	will trigger a full garbage collection. Use it v	with extreme caution on p	production systems.				
Server Information								
Tomcat Version	JVM Version	JVM Vendor	OS Name	OS Ver	sion	OS Architecture	Hostname	IP Addre
Apache Tomcat/7.0.5	7 1.6.0_45-b06	Sun Microsystems Inc.	Linux	2.6.39-400.211.1.	el6uek.x86_64	amd64	ofss220354.in.oracle.com	10.184.13
			Copyright ©	1999-2014, Apache Soft	ware Foundation	2		
L								-

- **4.** In the Deploy section, enter the Context Path provided during the installation as "/<context-name>".
- 5. Enter the path where the <context-name>.war file resides (by default "\$FIC_WEB_ HOME/<context-name.war>") in the WAR or Directory URL field and click Deploy.
- **6.** On successful application deployment, a confirmation message is displayed. Start the Tomcat server. See Starting Infrastructure Services for more details.

13 Appendix E: Starting / Stopping Infrastructure Services

This section details about how to start and stop Infrastructure services. This appendix covers the following topics:

- <u>Starting Infrastructure Services</u>
- <u>Stopping Infrastructure Services</u>
- Cleaning up the environment

13.1 Starting Infrastructure Services

Once the installation of Infrastructure is completed successfully and the post-installation steps are completed, the servers must be started. Log on to each machine and run the .profile file. All servers mentioned must be started from the same shell encoding. The following servers mentioned are dependent on each other. It is mandatory to maintain the order in which the servers are started. Allow each of the servers to initialize completely before starting the next server.

1. On the machine in which Infrastructure Application components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC_APP_HOME/common/FICServer/bin and execute the following command to start the Infrastructure Server.

./startofsaai.sh

NOTE	You can also start the Infrastructure Server by executing the command "nohup ./ startofsaai.sh &". Starting the process using "nohup" and "&" will return the command prompt without having to wait till the process completes. However, thi command cannot be used when you are starting the server for the first time or starting after changing user password in the configuration database schema.
	command "nonup"./ startofsaal.sn & . Starting the process using "nohup" and "&" will return the command prompt without having to wait till the process completes. However, t command cannot be used when you are starting the server the first time or starting after changing user password in the configuration database schema.

- **2.** Start ICC server:
 - On the machine in which Infrastructure default Application components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC_HOME/ficapp/icc/bin
 - Execute the command: ./iccserver.sh



- 3. Start Back-end Services:
 - On the machine on which Infrastructure Database components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC_DB_HOME/bin and execute the command to start "Agent server":

./agentstartup.sh

Or

Start Back-end services using the command:

nohup ./agentstartup.sh &

NOTE This agent internally starts the Router, Message Server, OLAP data server and AM services:

13.2 Starting Web Application Servers

Start the Web application server depending on the type from the following table.

Table E–1 Webserver start up options

Start up Option	Description
Starting WebSphere profile	On the machine in which Web sphere is installed, navigate to
	[Webshpere_Install_Directory]
	/AppServer/ <profiles>/<profile name="">/bin and execute the command: ./startServer.sh server1</profile></profiles>
Starting WebLogic Domain	On the machine in which WebLogic is installed, navigate to
	<weblogic directory="" installation="">/user_ projects/domains/<domain name="">/bin and execute the command: startWebLogic.sh -d64</domain></weblogic>
	Note: If WebLogic is already running, access the WebLogic Admin Console. Stop and start the application <context name>.ear</context
Starting Tomcat Application	On the machine in which Tomcat is installed, navigate to <tomcat_install_directory>/bin and execute the command:</tomcat_install_directory>
	./catalina.sh run

13.3 Stopping Infrastructure Services

To stop Infrastructure services, follow these steps:

1. On the machine in which Infrastructure Application components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC_APP_HOME/common/FICServer/bin and execute the command:.

./stopofsaai.sh

2. To stop ICC server, on the machine in which Infrastructure default Application components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC_HOME/ficapp/icc/bin and execute the command:

./iccservershutdown.sh

NOTE Only Infrastructure Default Application Server would hold ICC component.

3. To stop Back-end server, on the machine in which Infrastructure database components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC_DB_HOME/bin and execute the command:

./agentshutdown.sh

13.4 Cleaning up the environment

To clean up the environment, follow these steps:

- **1.** Navigate to \$FIC_HOME
- 2. Execute ./Uninstall.sh.
- 3. When prompted, enter OFSAAI configuration schema password.
- 4. This will delete \$FIC_HOME and drop all the objects from configuration schema
- **5.** Navigate to ftpshare folder.
- 6. Delete the infodom folders \$ rm -rf <INFODOM>.

Drop configuration and atomic schemas from the database

14 Appendix F: Accessing OFSAA Application

This section gives details the steps to be performed to access OFSAA Application.

14.1.1 Access the OFSAA Application

From your desktop, open the browser and enter the URL in the following format:

<scheme>://<IP address/ hostname>:<port>/<context-name>/login.jsp For example, https://111.222.333.444:5555/ofsaa/login.jsp

The OFSAA login screen is displayed.

Figure F-1 OFSAA Login Window

	= About
$\overline{\mathbf{a}}$	
Language US-English	<u> </u>
UserID	
Password	poin
Version 8.1.1.0.0 Copyright © 1993, 2021, Oracle and	or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

With installation of every OFSAA Applications Pack, there are two seeded user profiles configured in the system:

"SYSADMN - System Administrator "SYSAUTH - System Authorizer

NOTE For SYSADMN and SYSAUTH, the default password is password0

Login to the application using the "SYSADMN" User ID. (Note that, there is no "I" in the SYSADMN login USER ID). Enter the password that was provided during installation. On the first login, you will be prompted to change the password.

15 Appendix G: Cloning OFSAA Instance

There is a consistent need for a faster and effective approach of replicating an existing OFSAA instance for further project developments, that is, setting up OFSAA instances that are exact copies of the current OFSAA instance. For more information on cloning, see <u>OFSAA Cloning</u> <u>Reference Guide</u>.

16 Appendix H: OFSAA Landing Page

This section includes the following topics:

- OFSAA Landing Page
- Enabling a Product within an Applications Pack

16.1 OFSAA Landing Page

On successful authentication, the OFSAA Landing Page is displayed. This is a common landing page for all users until a preferred application landing page is set by the user in his preferences.

The landing page includes multiple tabs and each tab has specific links to OFSAA Infrastructure and/or Application modules. The tabs and links are displayed based on the OFSAA Application accessed and the access roles mapped to the logged in user.

Each tab contains LHS Menu and RHS Menu. The LHS Menu holds link(s) to modules in a tree structure. The RHS Menu holds link(s) to modules in a navigational panel format.

The following tabs are available in the Landing Page:

- Applications Tab
- Sandbox Tab
- Object Administration Tab
- System Configuration and Identity Management Tab

16.2 Applications Tab

This tab lists the various OFSAA Applications that are installed in the setup.

The "<Select Application>" dropdown lists the OFSAA Applications based on the user logged in and User Group(s) mapped to OFSAA Application. Selecting an Application from the drop down refreshes the menus/ links.

16.3 Sandbox Tab

This tab lists the various OFSAA Sandboxes created in the setup.

The "<Select Sandbox>" dropdown lists the OFSAA Sandboxes based on the user logged in and User Group(s) mapped to OFSAA Application.

Selecting a Sandbox from the drop down would refresh the menus/links.

16.4 Object Administration Tab

This tab lists the various OFSAA Information Domains created in the setup.

The "<Select Information Domain>" dropdown lists the OFSAA Information Domains based on the user logged in and User Group(s) mapped to OFSAA Application.

Selecting an Information Domain from the drop down refreshes the menus/ links.

16.5 System Configuration and Identity Management Tab

This tab lists the OFSAA Infrastructure System Configuration and Identity Management modules. These modules work across Applications/ Information Domains and hence there are no Application/ Information Domain dropdown list in this tab.

NOTE See the AAI User Guide for more details on how to operate on each tab.

16.6 Enabling a Product within an Applications Pack

You can also enable a product/ application within an Applications Pack post installation at any point of time.

To enable a product through the application UI, follow these steps:

- 1. Login to the application as SYSADMN user or any user with System Administrator privileges.
- Navigate to System Configurations & Identity Management tab and expand Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure >> Administration and Configuration >> System Configuration.
- 3. Click Manage OFSAA Product License(s)
- **4.** The Manage OFSAA Product License(s) page is displayed as below. This page includes the following sections:
 - INSTALLED Applications Packs
 - PRODUCTS IN THE Applications Pack

Figure H–1 Manage OFSAA Product License(s) Page

MARAGE	OF SAM APPEIGATION PA	A DOENSE			
» INSTA	ALLED APPLICATION P	ACKS			
APPLI	JCATION PACK ID	APPLICATION PACK NAME	DESCRIPTION	INSTALL DATE	
OFS_	AAAI_PACK	Financial Services Advanced Analytics Infrastructure Pack	Applications for Advanced Analytics using Oracle R, Modeling & Stress Testing Framework and Inline Processing Engine	2014-12-02 14:22:33.0	
OFS_0	CAP_ADQ_PACK	Financial Services Capital Adequacy Applications Pack	Applications for Basel Basic, IRB & Analytic, Operational Risk Economic Capital & Analytic and Retail Portfolio Risk Models and Pooling in Banking and Financial Services Domain	2014-12-02 17:59:58.0	
» PROD	DUCTS IN THE APPLICA	TION PACK			
» PROD ENABLE	DUCTS IN THE APPLICA	TION PACK	DESCRIPTION	ENABLE DATE	
» PROD ENABLE	PRODUCT S IN THE APPLICA PRODUCT ID OFS_AAAI OFS_DEF	TION PACK PRODUCT NAME Financial Services Enterprise Modeling Elevantio Services Temporaremo Tantes	DESCRIPTION Base Infrastructure for Advanced Analytical Applications Ensurance for these Descention Ensura	ENABLE DATE 2014-12-02 14:22:33.0	
» PROD ENABLE V	PRODUCTS IN THE APPLICA PRODUCT ID OFS_AAAI OFS_IPE	TION PACK PRODUCT NAME Financial Services Enterprise Modeling Financial Services Inlee Processing Engine	DESCRIPTION Base Infrastructure for Advanced Analytical Applications Framework for Inline Processing Engine	ENABLE DATE 2014-12-02 14 22 33 0	

The following fields are displayed in the INSTALLED Applications PackS section:

Table H–1 Installed Applications Pack - Field Description
Field	Description
Applications Pack ID	Displays a unique Applications Pack ID related to the Applications Pack.
	Select the appropriate Pack id using the radio button. The Products in the Applications Pack will be displayed below in the PRODUCTS IN THE Applications PackS section.
Applications Pack Name	Displays the name of the Applications Pack.
Description	Displays the description of the Applications Pack.
Install Date	Displays the date when the Applications Pack was installed.

The following fields are displayed in the PRODUCTS IN THE Applications Pack section:

Field	Description			
Enable	Select the check box to enable a product within an Applications Pack.			
Product ID	Displays a unique product id for the product.			
Product Name	Displays the name of the Product.			
Description	Displays the description of the product.			
Enable Date	Displays the date when the product was enabled.			

Table H–2 products in the Applications Pack - Field Description

- **5.** Select an Applications Pack by clicking the radio button next to the Applications Pack ID field.
- 6. Selecting an Applications Pack will display below the products within the Applications Pack.
- **7.** Products which were enabled at the time of installation will have the check box "ENABLE" disabled. You can enable any product within the selected Applications Pack by clicking the "ENABLE" check box against the respective Product ID.
- 8. Click on RESET button to cancel the operation and refresh the screen.
- **9.** Click VIEW LICENSE AGREEMENT button. The License Agreement section is displayed.

LICENSE AGREEMENT	Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Modeling Option (OFS AAA) product is a separately liconsable product and would not be enabled unless it has been licensed. Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Modeling Option (OFS AAA) product is only part of the Oracle Financial Services Advanced Analytics Infrastructure Pack and specific OFSAA Application Packs that require the advanced analytical features of this product. Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Modeling Option (OFS AAA) product gets pre-selected automatically on selecting any of the ofsaa products within a specific Application Pack that require this product. Or be enabled and configured. Multiple products being grouped together under a Application Pack, mandate installation and configured. Installation, based on the products that are being selected, it would get enabled and would be licensed for. It is important to note that products once selected (enabled) cannot be disabled at a later stage. However, products can only be enabled and would per CFSAA Infrastructure "Manage Application Pack License" feature. Enabling a product within a Application Pack automatically implies you agree with this license agreement and the respective terms and conditions.
	I ACCEPT THE LICENSE AGREEMENT. I DO NOT ACCEPT THE LICENSE AGREEMENT.
	ENABLE

10. Select the option I ACCEPT THE LICENSE AGREEMENT.

11. Click ENABLE.

12. An appropriate pop-up message confirmation is displayed showing that the product is enabled for the pack.

NOTE	To use the newly enabled product, you need to map your application users to the appropriate product specific User_Group(s) and subsequently, authorize the actions by logging in as System Authorizer.
	 For more information see Mapping/Unmapping Users section in the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide.
	 To identify the newly enabled product specific UserGroups/ Applications Pack specific User_Groups, see the respective Applications Pack specific Installation and Configuration Guide/ User Manual.

17 Appendix I: Additional Configuration

This section gives detailed information about the Additional Configuration regarding OFSAA Installation.

17.1 Additional Configuration

This section covers the following topics: <u>Configuring FTP/SFTP</u> <u>Configuring Infrastructure Server Memory</u> <u>Configuring Internet Explorer Settings</u> <u>Setting OLAP Data Server Configuration</u> <u>Changing IP/ Hostname, Ports, Deployed Paths of the OFSAA Instance</u> <u>Executing OFSAAI Setup Information Fetching Tool</u> <u>Executing Encryption Changer</u> <u>Setting Infrastructure LDAP Configuration</u> <u>Configure Message Details in Forms Designer</u> <u>Clearing Application Cache</u> <u>Configuring Password Changes</u> <u>Configuring Internal Service (Document Upload/ Download)</u>

17.2 Configuring FTP/SFTP

This section details about the configurations required for FTP/SFTP.

17.2.1 Adding FTP/SFTP Configuration for File Transfer

In OFSAA, certain modules require transfer of files from the web application server to the OFSAA server over SSH.

Follow these steps to ensure the OFSAA server recognizes the web application server during file transfers.

- 1. Log in to the web application server.
- 2. Type sftp <user>@<OFSAA Server>.
- **3.** Specify Yes when prompted for permission.

Are you sure you want to continue connecting (Yes/No)?

This will add an entry into the "known_hosts" file.

4. A confirmation message is displayed:

Permanently added <OFSAA Server> RSA) to the list of known hosts.

17.2.2 Setting Up SFTP Private Key

NOTE To set up SFTP Private Key for Oracle Linux 8.x or Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.x., refer Doc ID <u>2890010.1</u>.

For installation, log in to OFSAA Unix user using Putty tool, and generate a pair of authentication keys using the ssh-keygen command. If required, set passphrase. Otherwise OFSAAI_SFTP_PASSPHRASE tag in the OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml file should be set to NA.

To generate private key, enter the commands as shown: ofsaapp@OFSASERVER:~> ssh-keygen -t rsa Generating public/private rsa key pair.

Enter file in which to save the key (/home/ofsaapp/.ssh/id_rsa): Created directory '/home/ofsaapp/.ssh'.

Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase): Enter same passphrase again:

Your identification has been saved in /home/ofsaapp/.ssh/id_rsa. Your public key has been saved in /home/ofsaapp/.ssh/id_rsa.pub. The key fingerprint is: 3e:4f:05:79:3a:9f:96:7c:3b:ad:e9:58:37:bc:37:e4

ofsaapp@OFSASERVER:~> cat /home/ofsaapp/.ssh/id_rsa.pub >>

/home/ofsaapp/.ssh/authorized_keys

In case, you are generating SFTP Private key for Hive server, append the content of

/home/ofsaapp/.ssh/id_rsa.pub to Hiveserver authorized_keys file located at

\$HOME_DIR_HIVE/.ssh folder.

Ensure the following permissions exist for the given folders:

- Permission of .ssh should be 700
- Permission of .ssh/authorized_keys should be 640
- Permission of .ssh/id_rsa should be 400
- Permission of Unix user created should be 755

17.3 Configuring Infrastructure Server Memory

The memory settings for Infrastructure Application Server, Tomcat, WebSphere, and WebLogic can be edited for customizing memory settings and garbage collector settings depending on the available hardware configuration as explained below. These settings are base minimum and has to be incremented considering the deployment metrics into account. The increments are usually handled in multiples of 128 MB for heap and 64 MB for stack.

17.3.1 Configuring Infrastructure Application Server Memory Settings

You can configure the Infrastructure Application Memory settings as follows:

- **1.** Locate .profile file.
- **2.** Edit X_ARGS field in this file for customizing memory settings and garbage collector settings depends on the hardware configuration.

This has a default value X_ARGS="-Xms200m" X_ARGS=" "\$X_ARGS" \$DELIM -Xmx2048m"

NOTE This parameter is modified in 7.3.2 IR and you need to modify X_ ARGS_APP variable in the .profile file to customize Java Memory Settings for Model Upload based on the Data Model size.

For Run and Rule executions, the following value is recommended:

X_ARGS_RNEXE="-Xms1g -Xmx1g -XX:+UseAdaptiveSizePolicy

-XX:MaxPermSize=512M -XX:+UseParallelOldGC

-XX:+DisableExplicitGC"

X_ARGS_RLEXE="-Xms1g -Xmx1g -XX:+UseAdaptiveSizePolicy

-XX:MaxPermSize=512M -XX:+UseParallelOldGC

-XX:+DisableExplicitGC"

17.4 Configuring Internet Explorer Settings

NOTE OFSAAI supports only default zoom setting in Internet Explorer, that is, 100%. Cookies should be enabled.

The following browser settings must be specified at every client machine prior to accessing the Infrastructure application.

- 1. Open Internet Explorer. Select Tools > Internet Options. The Internet Options window is displayed.
- 2. Click Settings. The Settings window is displayed.
- 3. Select Every time I Visit the webpage and click OK.

et Options	Website Data Settings
ral Security Privacy Content Connections Programs Advance report To create home page tabs, type each address on its own line ab outblank Use gument Use default Use new tab start with tags from the last session Start mith tome page bs Change how webpages are deplayed in tabs. Tabs pusting history Delete brogging history on exit Qelete Settings pustance	Website Data Settings Image: Caches and databases Image: Comparison of stored pages: Envery time I visit the webpage Drem to the comparison of stored pages: Envery time I visit the webpage Dremy time I start Internet Explorer Automatically New: Disk space to Los (6-102446) Current location: Creater stores College Stores of Windows Uterporary Durrent location: View objects Were faktor Were objects Move faktor Were objects OK Cancel

Figure I–1 Internet Options

- **4.** In the Internet Options window, select the Security tab and select the Internet option under Select a zone to view or change the security settings.
- **5.** Click Default Level under Security level for this zone.

Figure I–2 Internet Options - Security Tab

Internet	Options					? 🔀
General	Security	Privacy	Content	Connections	Programs	Advanced
Select a	zone to v	iew or cha	ange secur	ity settings.	0	_
Inte	rnet L	ocal intra	net Trust	ed sites Re	stricted sites	
0	Interne	:t			Site	IS
Securi	except t restricte ty level fo	hose lister d zones. r this zone	d in trusted	j and		
Allow	wed levels	for this zo	one: Mediu	im to High		
<u> </u>	- Med]/ co -l	lium-higl Appropriat Prompts be ntent Unsigned A	h e for most efore dowr ActiveX cor	websites nloading potent ntrols will not be	ially unsafe e downloade	d
			Cus	tom level	Default	level
				<u>R</u> eset all zone	s to default	level
					ancel	Apply

- **6.** Click Apply to save.
- 7. Click Internet Explorer >> Tools >> Compatibility View Settings.
- 8. Enter the OFSAA setup URL in the Add this website field.
- 9. Click Add.
- **10.** Ensure the URL is listed under Websites you've added to Compatibility View.
- **11.** In the Internet Options window, select the Privacy tab and select the Turn on Pop-up Blocker option under Pop-up Blocker settings.

Figure I–3 Internet Options- Popup Blocker Settings



- **12.** Click Settings. The Pop-up Blocker Settings window is displayed.
- 13. Enter the URL of the OFSAA Application in the Address of website to allow: field.
- **14.** Click Add. The OFSAA URL is displayed in the Allowed sites section.
- 15. Click Close.
- **16.** Click OK in the Internet Options window.

17.5 Retrieving Patch Information

To identify the list of patches installed on your OFSAA setup, follow these steps:

- **17.** Login to the OFSAA application as a user with Object AdminAdvanced Role.
- **18.** Navigate to Object Administration tab.
- 19. Click System Utilities.
- **20.** Click Patch Information.
- **21.** The page displays the list of patches installed on the OFSAA setup across Applications/ Platform.

17.6 Setting OLAP Data Server Configuration

This section is applicable if you are using the OLAP feature of OFSAAI.

The following parameters must be set to ensure that the system limitations are not exceeded at any stage. The values for these OS parameters should be specified based on the expected load at each implementation site.

For example:

Process Memory Limit Max Thread Stack Size

Max Number of Threads per Process

- Sort Buffer settings: This must be set at the Essbase application level appropriate to the anticipated load.
- Shutdown and Restart: During shutdown of OFSAAI Server that has an instance of Data Services that is communicating with an OLAP Data Server, it is imperative to ensure that the cleanup of the old instance is completed on the OLAP Data Server before restarting the OFSAAI Server. Pause for a period of time based on the load the system was subjected to, before restarting the Data Services subsystem.

17.7 Changing IP/ Hostname, Ports, Deployed Paths of the OFSAA Instance

For information on this section, see OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure Administration User Guide in OTN.

17.8 Executing OFSAAI Setup Information Fetching Tool

Executing the SetupInfo.jar file available in the FIC_HOME path will help you retrieve the related information about the OFSAAI Set up such as Operating System Name and Version, Database Type and Version, OFSAAI architecture, Log file locations and so on.

To execute "SetupInfo.jar" in console, follow these steps:

- **1.** Navigate to the path \$FIC_HOME.
- **2.** Enter the command:

java -jar SetupInfo.jar

After execution, the output file location is displayed in the console.

17.9 Executing Encryption Changer

For more information on Encryption Changer, see Key Management section in OFSAAI Administration Guide.

17.10 Setting Infrastructure LDAP Configuration

For more information on LDAP configuration, see OFSAAI Administration Guide.

17.11 Enabling Parallel Execution of DML statements

A configuration file, OracleDB.conf has been introduced to accommodate any configurable parameter related to operations on oracle database. If you do not want to set a parameter to a specific value, then the respective parameter entry can be removed/commented off form the OracleDB.conf file which resides in the path \$FIC_DB_HOME/conf.

As of now, the OracleDB.conf file has only one parameter namely CNF_DEGREE_OF_ PARALLELISM. This parameter indicates the degree of parallelism to be used for a DML operation if parallel DML is explicitly enabled in the session with the ENABLE PARALLEL DML clause of the ALTER SESSION statement. The default mode of a session is DISABLE PARALLEL DML. If CNF_DEGREE_OF_PARALLELISM is not set, then the default degree, as decided by Oracle will be used.

17.12 Configure Message Details in Forms Designer

You can configure the Message Details in Forms Designer under Data Entry Forms and Queries module by updating the details of mail server in the NotificationConfig.cfg file which resides in the path \$FIC_APP_HOME/common/FICServer/conf.

Ensure that the "authorized User details" for whom you need to configure the Message details are included in Administration > Security Management > User Administrator > User Maintenance window.

Update the following parameters in the "NotificationConfig.cfg" file:

Parameter	Description
SMTP_SERVER_IP	Specify the hostname or IP address of SMTP Server.
SMTP_DEBUG_MODE	To run SMTP service in Debug mode, set value to 'true', otherwise set value to 'false'.
SMTP_AUTHORIZATION	Set to 'true' if SMTP server requires the client to be authenticated, otherwise set to 'false'.
SMTP_USERNAME	Username required for logging into SMTP server, if authentication is not required use a dummy value.
SMTP_PASSWORD	Password required for logging into SMTP server, if authentication is not required use a dummy value.
SMTP_MAILID	If the Messages has to go from a Particular ID that ID need to be added. Exchange server forces you set a valid ID that is there in the exchange server. (Based on Security settings)

Table I–1 NotificationConfig.cfg File

Ensure that the authorized User details are included in Administration > Security Management > User Administrator > User Maintenance window.

17.13 Clearing Application Cache

This is applicable to all Web servers (that is, WebSphere, WebLogic, and Tomcat).

Prior to the deployment of Infrastructure or Application Service Packs / One-off patches, clear the cache. Navigate to the following path depending on the WebServer configured and delete the files:

Tomcat: <Tomcat installation folder>/work/Catalina/localhost/<Application name>/org/apache/jsp

WebLogic: <WebLogic installation location>/domains/<Domain name>/servers/<Server name>/tmp/_WL_user/<Application name>/qaelce/jsp_ servlet

WebSphere: <WebSphere installation directory>/AppServer/profiles/<Profile name>/temp/<Node name>/server1/<Application name>/<.war file name>

17.14 Configuring Password Changes

This section explains about how to modify the OFSAA Infrastructure Config Schema and Atomic Schema passwords.

17.14.1 Modifying OFSAA Infrastructure Config Schema password

To change the Config Schema password, Follow these steps:

- 1. Change the Config schema User Password in the database.
- **2.** Delete the \$FIC_HOME/conf/Reveleus.SEC file.
- 3. Shutdown the OFSAAI App service:

cd \$FIC_APP_HOME/common/FICServer/bin

./stopofsaai.sh

4. Start the Infrastructure Server in foreground directly on the server or through X-Windows software using the command:

./startofsaai.sh

- **5.** At the prompt, enter System Password. Enter the "new Config schema" password. The service will start and initialize itself if it is able to successfully connect to the DB.
- **6.** Post successful startup of the service, if required, the Infrastructure server may be shut down and restarted in the background using nohup mode.

17.14.2 Modifying OFSAA Infrastructure Atomic Schema password

To change the Atomic Schema password, Follow these steps:

1. Change the Atomic schema User Password in the database.

- **2.** Login to the application from the browser using SYSADMN account or any user id, which has System Administrator role mapped.
- **3.** Navigate to System Configuration > Database Details window. Select the appropriate connection and edit the password.
- **4.** Navigate to Data Management Tools >Data Sources> Source Designer window. Update the password of the appropriate Source
- **5.** If you are using Apache Tomcat as Web server, update the <Context> -> Resource tag details in Server.xml file from the \$CATALINA_HOME/conf folder. (In case of Tomcat only Atomic <Resource> will exist).

If you are using WebSphere as Web server:

- **h.** Login to the WebSphere Administration Console, from the left side menu.
- i. Navigate to Resources >JDBC >Data Sources. A list of data sources will be populated on the right side.

Select the appropriate Data Source and edit the connection details. (In this case, both Config and Atomic data sources will need to be modified).

If you are using WebLogic as Web server:

- a. Login to the WebLogic Administration Console, from the left side menu
- **b.** Under Domain Structure list box, expand the appropriate Domain and navigate to Services > JDBC >Data Sources. A list of data sources will be populated on the right side.
- **c.** Select the appropriate Data Source and edit the connection details. (In this case, both Config and Atomic data sources need to be modified).
- **6.** Restart the OFSAAI services.

17.14.3 Configuring Internal Service (Document Upload/ Download)

This step can be ignored if it has already been configured as part of any previous IR /ML installation.

The Document Upload /Download feature has undergone a change and can now be configured to use Internal service for document upload / download instead of the earlier ExeWebService.

To facilitate Internal service for document upload/ download, perform the following configurations:

- 1. Create the folders download, upload, TempDocument and Temp in the local path of Web application server and provide Read/Write permission.
- To find the exact location, execute the following query in CONFIG schema:

select localpath from web_server_info

• To create folders with Read/Write permission, execute the command:

mkdir -m 777 download upload TempDocument Temp

- **2.** Create DocStorage folder in the FTPSHARE location of APP tier and provide Read/Write permission.
- To find the exact location, execute the query in CONFIG schema:

select ftpdrive from app_server_info

• To create folder with Read/Write permission, execute the command: mkdir -m 777 DocStorage

18 Appendix J: OFSAA Infrastructure Installation

Oracle strongly recommends installing the latest available patchset so as to be up to date with the various releases of the OFSAA product.

See <u>http://support.oracle.com</u> for more information on latest release.

19 Appendix K: Grants for Atomic / Config Schema

This section mentions about the various grants required for the CONFIG, ATOMIC schemas. This section discusses the following sections:

- <u>Configuring Grants for Atomic Schema</u>
- <u>Configuring Grants for Config Schema</u>
- <u>Configuring Grants for Config Schema Entities for Atomic Users</u>

19.1 Configuring Grants for Atomic Schema

Atomic Schema creation requires certain grants for object creation. This can be located in

\$FIC_HOME/privileges_atomic_user.sql file. The following are the Grants for Atomic Schema: grant create SESSION to &database_username

```
/
grant create PROCEDURE to &database_username
/
grant create SEQUENCE to &database_username
/
grant create TABLE to &database_username
/
grant create TRIGGER to &database_username
/
grant create VIEW to &database_username
/
grant create MATERIALIZED VIEW to &database_username
/
```

grant select on SYS.V_\$PARAMETER to &database_username

```
/
```

grant create SYNONYM to &database_username

/

NOTE If you intend to use Oracle OLAP feature, execute the below grant on all ATOMIC schema(s) grant olap_user to &database_username

19.2 Configuring Grants for Config Schema

```
Config Schema creation requires certain grants for object creation. This can be located in
$FIC_HOME/privileges_config_user.sql file. The following are the Grants for Config Schema:
grant create SESSION to &database_username
/
grant create PROCEDURE to &database_username
/
grant create SEQUENCE to &database_username
/
grant create TABLE to &database_username
/
grant create TRIGGER to &database_username
/
grant create VIEW to &database_username
/
grant create MATERIALIZED VIEW to &database_username
/
grant select on SYS.V_$PARAMETER to &database_username
/
grant create SYNONYM to &database_username
/
```

19.3 Configuring Grants for Config Schema Entities for Atomic Users

Atomic Schema creation requires certain grants for config schema object access. This can be located in \$FIC_HOME/config_table_privileges_for_atomic_user.sql file.

20 Appendix L: Configuring Application Pack XML Files

This section explains configuration of <u>OFS_BD_PACK.xml</u> and <u>OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml</u> files.

This section includes the following topics:

- Configuring OFS_BD_PACK.xml File
- <u>Configuring OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml File</u>

20.1 Configuring OFS_BD_PACK.xml File

The <u>OFS_BD_PACK.xml</u> file holds details on the various OFSAA products that are packaged in a particular Applications Pack.

The following table provides the details about the various tags/ parameters available in the file and the values should be updated. Prior to installing the OFSAA Applications Pack in Silent mode, it is mandatory to update this file.

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
APP_PACK_ID	Unique Applications Pack Identifier	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
APP_PACK_NAME	Unique Applications Pack Name	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
APP_PACK_ DESCRIPTION	Unique Applications Pack Description	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
VERSION	Unique Application Pack release version	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
АРР	Unique Application Entries	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT remove these tags.
APP_ID	Unique Application Identifier	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
APP_ID/ PREREQ	Prerequisite Application/ Product	Y	Unique Seeded Value	For most applications, Infrastructure would be the prerequisite set. Other applications, an appropriate Application ID would be set. DO NOT modify this value.
APP_ID/ DEF_SEL_FLAG	Default Selected Flag	Y	Default - YES	In all Applications Packs, Infrastructure would have this value set to "YES". DO NOT modify this value.

Table L-1 OFS_BD_PACK.XML Parameters

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
APP_ID/ ENABLE	Enable Application/ Product	YES if installing in Silent mode.	Default - YES for Infrastructure NO for Others Permissible - YES or NO	Set this attribute-value to YES against every APP_ID, which is licensed and should be enabled for use. Note: Application/ Product once enabled cannot be disabled. However, Application/ Product not enabled during installation can be enabled later through the Administration UI.
APP_NAME	Unique Application/ Product Name	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
APP_DESCRIPTION	Unique Application/ Product Name	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
VERSION	Unique release version	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.

20.2 Configuring OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml File

Creating database schemas, objects within schemas and assigning appropriate grants are the primary steps in the installation process of OFSAA Applications. The <u>OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.xml</u> file contains details on the various application schemas that should be created prior to the Applications Pack installation.

The following table gives details about the various tags/ parameters available in the file and the values that need to be updated. Prior to executing the schema creator utility, it is mandatory to update this file.

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
APP_PACK_ID	Unique Applications Pack Identifier	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
<is_tcps></is_tcps>	Enter if the TCPS configuration is required.	Y	Seeded, with FALSE as the default value.	Modify this to TRUE if you require the installer to uptake the configuration.
<jdbc_url></jdbc_url>	Enter the JDBC URL Note: You can enter RAC and NON-RAC enabled database connectivity URL.	Y	Example, jdbc:oracle:thin:@< DBSERVER IP/HOST>: <port>:<sid> or jdbc:oracle:thin:@//[HOST][:PORT]/SERVICE OR jdbc:oracle:thin:@(DESCRI PTION=(ADDRESS_ LIST=(ADDRESS=(PROTO COL=TCP)(HOST=[HOST])(port=[PORT]))(ADDRESS =(PROTOCOL=TCP)(HOS T=[HOST])(PORT=[PORT]))(LOAD_ BALANCE=yes)(FAILOVE R=yes))(CONNECT_ DATA=(SERVICE_ NAME=[SERVICE]))) For example, jdbc:oracle:thin:@//dbhost.se rver.com:1521/service1</sid></port>	Ensure to add an entry (with SID/ SERVICE NAME) in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server. The entry should match with the SID/SERVICE NAME used in the JDBC URL.
<jdbc_driver></jdbc_driver>	By default, this driver name is seeded. Note: Do not edit this attribute value.	Y	Example, oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver	Only JDBC Thin Driver is supported. Do not modify this value.

Table L-2 OFS_BD_SCHEMA_IN.XML Parameters

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
<host></host>	Enter the Hostname/ IP Address of the system on which you are installing the OFSAA components.	Y	Host Name/ IP Address	
<setupinfo>/ NAME</setupinfo>	Enter the acronym for the type of implementation. This information will be displayed in the OFSAA Home Page. Note: On executing the schema creator utility, this value will be prefixed with each schema name. For example: dev_ofsaaconf, uat_ofsaaatm.	Y	Accepts strings with a minimum length of two and maximum of four. Example, DEV, SIT, PROD	This name would appear in the OFSAA Landing Page as "Connected To: xxxx" The schemas being created would get this prefix. For E.g. dev_ofsaaconf, uat_ ofsaaconf etc.
<setupinfo>/ PREFIX_ SCHEMA_ NAME</setupinfo>	Identifies if the value specified in <setupinfo>/ NAME attribute should be Prefixed to the schema name.</setupinfo>	N	YES or NO	Default value is YES.
<password>/ DEFAULT*</password>	Enter the password if you want to set a default password for all schemas. Note: You also need to set APPLYSAMEFORALL Attribute as Y to apply the default password for all the schemas.	Ν	The maximum length allowed is 30 characters. Special characters are not allowed.	
<password>/ APPLYSAMEFO RALL</password>	Enter as Y if you want to apply the password specified in DEFAULT attribute for all the schemas. If you enter as N, you need to provide individual passwords for all schemas Note: In case you have entered Y in APPLYSAMEFORALL Attribute and also have specified individual passwords for all the schemas, then the specified individual passwords will take precedence.	Y	Default - N Permissible - Y or N	If set to N, need to specify PASSWORD value for every SCHEMA. Note: If the DEFAULT attribute is set, setting the attribute value is mandatory.

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
ROLE/ NAME	Database Role Name attribute used to update place holders	Y	Unique Seeded value	DO NOT modify this value
DIRECTORY/ID	External Directory ID value used to update placeholders. External directory should be created in DB server as shown below: <directories> <directory <br="" id="OFS_
BD_PACK_EXTERNAL_
DIRECTORY_1">NAME="\$OFS_AML_ SCHEMA_NAME_DIR\$" VALUE="/users/fccms/802/ AAI_802/bdf/inbox" /> </directory></directories>	Y	Unique Seeded value	DO NOT modify this value.
<schema>/ TYPE</schema>	The different types of schemas that are supported in this release are ATOMIC, CONFIG, SANDBOX, and ADDON. By default, the schemas types are seeded based on the Applications Pack. Note: Do not edit this attribute value.	Y	ATOMIC/CONFIG/SANDB OX/ADDON Note: SANDBOX AND ADDON Schemas are not applicable for OFS AAAI Applications Pack.	Only One CONFIG schema can exist in the file. This schema identifies as the CONFIGURATION schema that holds the OFSAA setup details and other metadata information. Multiple ATOMIC/ SANDBOX/ ADDON Schemas can exist in the file. ATOMIC schema refers to the Information Domain schema. SANDBOX schema refers to the SANDBOX schema. ADDON schema refers to other miscellaneous schema (not applicable for this Applications Pack).

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
<schema.>/ NAME</schema.>	By default, the schemas names are seeded based on the Applications Pack. You can edit the schema names if required. Note: The Schema Name will have a prefix of the SETUPINFO/ NAME attribute. SCHEMA NAME must be same for all the ATOMIC Schemas of applications within an Applications Pack.	Y	The permissible length is 15 characters and only alphanumeric characters allowed. No special characters allowed except underscore '_'.	SETUPINFO/ NAME Attribute value would be prefixed to the schema name being created. For E.g. if name is set as 'ofsaaatm' and setupinfo as 'uat' then schema, being created would be 'uat_ ofsaaatm'. NAME should be same where APP_GRP=1 for all SCHEMA tags (Not applicable for this Applications Pack). Note: For example: <variable name="DATABASE NAME">KYCDB.oracle.com A TNS entry must be made in tnsnames.ora with tnsname same as the value provided for KYC Database Name. If sqlnet.ora file is configured with a value in NAMES.DEFAULT_ DOMAIN then ensure to use the same domain while defining Database Name. It is required for KYC Batch processing. This name should be unique The same above steps to be done for CTR. A restart of web and app servers are necessary whenever any changes are done to config schema</variable

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
<schema>/ PASSWORD*</schema>	Enter the password of the schema to be created. Note: If this attribute is left blank, then the password specified in the <password>/DEFAULT Attribute is applied as the Schema Password.</password>	Ν	The maximum length allowed is 30 characters. Special characters are not allowed.	Note: You need to mandatorily enter the password if you have set the <password>/ APPLYSAMEFORALL Attribute as N. Takes precedence over DEFAULT attribute value of <password> tag.</password></password>
<schema>/ APP_ID</schema>	By default, the Application ID is seeded based on the Applications Pack. Note: Do not edit this attribute value.	Y	Unique Seeded Value	Identifies the Application/ Product for which the schema is being created. DO NOT modify this value.
<schema>/ DEFAULTTABL ESPACE</schema>	Enter the available default tablespace for DB User. Note: If this attribute is left blank, then USERS is set as the default tablespace.	Ν	Default - USERS Permissible - Any existing valid tablespace name.	Modify this value to associate any valid tablespace with the schema.
<schema>/ TEMPTABLESP ACE</schema>	Enter the available temporary tablespace for the DB User. Note: If this attribute is left blank, then TEMP is set as the default tablespace.	Ν	Default - TEMP Permissible - Any existing valid temporary tablespace name.	Modify this value to associate any valid tablespace with the schema.
<schema>/ QUOTA</schema>	Enter the quota to be set on DEFAULTTABLESPACE Attribute for the schema/ user. By default, the quota size is set to 500M. Minimum: 500M or Unlimited on default Tablespace	Ν	Example, 600M/m 20G/g UNLIMITED/unlimited	Modify this value to grant the specified quota on the mentioned tablespace to the user.

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
SCHEMA/ INFODOM	Infodom Name Associated with each Atomic Schema and ADDON.	Y	Enter the name of the Information Domain to associate this schema. The schema creator utility automatically derives an Information Domain Name based on the Applications Pack if no value is specified for this attribute. Permissible length is 16 characters and only alphanumeric characters allowed. No special characters allowed.	Valid string with up to 11 characters. Mandatory for Silent Installation Mode
<adv_sec_ OPTIONS></adv_sec_ 	Parent tag to hold Advance Security Options.	Ν		Uncomment the tag and edit if you want to add security options. For example, TDE and Data Redact. For details, see the example following the table.
<adv_sec_ OPTIONS>/TDE</adv_sec_ 	Tag to enable/disable TDE.	N	Default is FALSE. To enable TDE, set this to TRUE.	Ensure this tag is not commented if you have uncommented <adv_sec_ OPTIONS></adv_sec_
<adv_sec_ OPTIONS>/ DATA_REDACT</adv_sec_ 	Tag to enable/disable Data Redaction feature.	N	Default is FALSE. To enable DATA_REDACT, set this to TRUE	Ensure this tag is not commented if you have uncommented <adv_sec_ OPTIONS></adv_sec_
<tablespaces></tablespaces>	Parent tag to hold <tablespace> elements</tablespace>	Ν	NA	Note: If the Database Admin creates the TABLESPACES, specific entries can be created in the respective tags. For details, see the example following the table. Note: When TDE is TRUE in ADV_SEC_OPTIONS, then it is mandatory for the <tablespaces> tag to be present in the xml file.</tablespaces>

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
<tablespace> / NAME</tablespace>	Logical Name of tablespace to be created.	Y		Name if specified should be referred in the <schema DEFAULTTABLESPACE= "##NAME##"> attribute. Note the ## syntax.</schema
<tablespace> / Value</tablespace>	Physical Name of the tablespace to be created	Y	NA	Value if specified will be the actual name of the TABLESPACE.
<tablespace> / DATAFILE</tablespace>	Specifies the location of the data file on the server	Y	NA	Enter the absolute path of the file to be created.
<tablespace> / AUTOEXTEND</tablespace>	Specifies if the tablespace should be extensible or have a hard limit	Y	ON or OFF	Set to ON to ensure that the tablespace does not run out of space when full.
<tablespace> / ENCRYPT</tablespace>	Specifies if the tablespace(s) should be encrypted using TDE.	Y	ON or OFF	Set to ON to ensure that the tablespaces when created are encrypted using TDE.

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NOTE	Encryption of tablespaces requires to enabling Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) on the Database Server.
	Example: (The following snippet shows that TDE is enabled and hence the tablespace has been shown with encryption ON.)
	<adv_sec_options></adv_sec_options>
	<option name="TDE" value="FALSE"></option>
	<option name="DATA_REDACT" value="FALSE"></option>
	<tablespaces></tablespaces>
	<tablespace <br="" name="OFS_BD_DATA_CM_TBSP">VALUE="DATA_CM_TBSP"</tablespace>
	DATAFILE="/scratch/oraofss/app/oradata/Ti26O12L64/case_data_ 01.dbf" SIZE="512M" AUTOEXTEND="OFF" ENCRYPT="OFF"/>
	<tablespace <br="" name="OFS_BD_IDX_CM_TBSP">VALUE="IDX_CM_TBSP"</tablespace>
	DATAFILE="/scratch/oraofss/app/oradata/Ti26O12L64/case_idx_ 01.dbf" SIZE="512M" AUTOEXTEND="OFF" ENCRYPT="OFF" />
	<tablespace <br="" name="OFS_COMM_DATA_TBSP">VALUE="COMM_DATA_TBSP"</tablespace>
	DATAFILE="/scratch/oraofss/app/oradata/Ti26O12L64/comm_data_ 01.dbf" SIZE="512M" AUTOEXTEND="OFF" ENCRYPT="OFF"/>
	<tablespace <br="" name="OFS_BD_DATA_CONF_TBSP">VALUE="DATA_CONF_ TBSP"</tablespace>
	DATAFILE="/scratch/oraofss/app/oradata/Ti26O12L64/comm_data_ 01.dbf" SIZE="1024M" AUTOEXTEND="OFF" ENCRYPT="OFF"/>
	<schemas></schemas>
	<schema app_<br="" name="ofsaaconf" password="" type="CONFIG">ID="OFS_AAI"</schema>
	DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS_BD_DATA_CONF_TBSP##" TEMPTABLESPACE="TEMP" QUOTA="10G"/>
	<pre><schema app_<br="" name="ofsaaBD" password="" type="ATOMIC">ID="OFS_IPF"</schema></pre>
	DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS_BD_DATA_CM_TBSP##" TEMPTABLESPACE="TEMP" QUOTA="10G" INFODOM="BDINFO"/>
	<pre><schema app_<br="" name="ofsaaBD" password="" type="ATOMIC">ID="OFS_NGBD" DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS_BD_DATA_CM_TBSP##" TEMPTAPLESPACE="TEMP" OLIOTA=""POC" INFODOM=""PDINFO" (*)</schema></pre>
	IEMIFIADLESPACE- IEMIF QUUIA= IUG INFUDUME BDINFU />

21 Appendix M: Configuring OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml File

This section gives details about the OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml file. To configure the OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml file, follow these steps.

- 1. Navigate to /OFS_BD_PACK/OFS_AAI/conf/OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml.
- 2. Open the file OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml in text editor.
- **3.** Configure the OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml as mentioned in Table M–1:
- **4.** You must manually set the InteractionVariable parameter values as mentioned in the table. If a value is not applicable, enter NA and ensure that the value is not entered as NULL.

InteractionVariable Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
		-1
InteractionGroup name="Web!	ServerType"	
WEBAPPSERVERTYPE	Identifies the web application server on which the OFSAA Infrastructure web components would be deployed.	Yes
	The following numeric value should be set depending on the type:	
	Apache Tomcat = 1	
	IBM WebSphere Application Server = 2	
	Oracle WebLogic Server = 3	
	For example, <interactionvariable name="WEBAPPSERVERTYPE">3</interactionvariable 	
InteractionGroup name="OFS/	AA Infrastructure Server Details"	-
DBSERVER_IP	Identifies the hostname or IP address of the system on which the Database Engine is hosted.	Yes
	Note: For RAC Database, the value should be NA.	
	For example, <interactionvariable name="DBSERVER_
IP">14.15.16.17</interactionvariable> or <interactionvariable name="DBSERVER_IP">dbhost.server.com</interactionvariable 	
InteractionGroup name="Data	base Details"	

Table M–1 OFSAA Infrastructure Installation Tasks and Descriptions

InteractionVariable Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory	
ORACLE_SID/SERVICE_	Identifies the Oracle DB Instance SID or SERVICE_NAME	Yes	
NAME	Note: The Oracle_SID value should be exactly the same as it is mentioned in JDBC_URL.		
	For example, <interactionvariable name="ORACLE_SID/SERVICE_
NAME">ofsaser</interactionvariable>		
ABS_DRIVER_PATH	Identifies the directory where the JDBC driver (ojdbc <version>.jar) exists. This would typically be the \$ORACLE_HOME/jdbc/lib</version>	Yes	
	For example, <interactionvariable name="ABS_DRIVER_
PATH">">/oradata6/revwb7/oracle </interactionvariable>		
	Note: Refer Appendix O for identifying the correct "ojdbc <version>.jar" version to be copied.</version>		
InteractionGroup name="	OLAP Detail"	•	
OLAP_SERVER_ IMPLEMENTATION	Identifies if the OFSAA Infrastructure OLAP component needs to be configured depending on whether you intend to use the OLAP feature. The following numeric value should be set depending on the choice: YES - 1	No	
	NO - 0		
Note: If value for OLAP_SI in.profile:	ERVER_IMPLEMENTATION is set to 1, it checks for following environment v	ariables are set	
ARBORPATH, HYPERION_	HOME and ESSBASEPATH.		
InteractionGroup name="	SFTP Details"		
SFTP_ENABLE	Identifies if the SFTP (Secure File Transfer Protocol) feature is to be enabled. The following numeric value should be set depending on the choice: For SFTP -1. For FTP - 0	Yes	
Note:The default value for instead of FTP because SF and to use FTP by setting interface.	r SFTP_ENABLE is 1, which signifies that SFTP will be used. Oracle recomme TP is considered more secure. However, a client may choose to ignore this SFTP_ENABLE to 0. You can change this selection later by using the OFSA	ends using SFTP recommendation Al administration	
Set SFTP_ENABLE to -1 to configure ftpshare and weblocal path as local path mounted for OFSAAI server.			
FILE_TRANSFER_PORT	Identifies the port used for the file transfer service. The default value specified is 22 (SFTP). Specify default value as 21 (FTP) if SFTP_ENABLE is 0.	Yes	
	Alternatively, this value can be any Port configured by System Administrators to support SFTP/FTP.		
	For example, <interactionvariable name="FILE_TRANSFER_
PORT">21</interactionvariable>		
InteractionGroup name="	Locale Detail"		

Table M–1 (Cont.) OFSAA Infrastructure Installation Tasks and Descriptions

LOCALE	Identifies the locale information to be used during the installation. This Yes release of the OFSAA Infrastructure supports only US English.			
	For example, <interactionvariable name="LOCALE">en_ US</interactionvariable>			
InteractionGroup name="OFSAA Infrastructure Communicating ports"				
Note: The following ports are used internally by the various OFSAA Infrastructure services. The default values mentioned are set in the installation. If you intend to specify a different value, update the parameter value accordingly and ensure this port value is in the range of 1025 to 65535 and the respective port is enabled.				
JAVAPORT	9999	Yes		

Table M–1 (Cont.) OFSAA Infrastructure Installation Tasks and Descriptions

InteractionVariable Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
NATIVEPORT	6666	Yes
AGENTPORT	6510	Yes
ICCPORT	6507	Yes
ICCNATIVEPORT	6509	Yes
OLAPPORT	10101	Yes
MSGPORT	6501	Yes
ROUTERPORT	6500	Yes
AMPORT	6505	Yes
InteractionGroup name="Web Det	ails"	
Note: If value for HTTPS_ENABLE is configured on your web applica	is set to 1, ensure you have a valid certificate available from a trusted CA a tion server.	nd the same
HTTPS_ENABLE	Identifies if the UI should be accessed using HTTP or HTTPS scheme. The default value set is 0. The following numeric value should be set depending on the choice:	Yes
	YES - 1	
	NO - 0	
	For example, <interactionvariable name="HTTPS_
ENABLE">0</interactionvariable>	
WEB_SERVER_IP	Identifies the HTTP Server IP/ Hostname or Web Application Server IP/ Hostname, to be used for accessing the UI. This IP would typically be the HTTP Server IP.	No
	If no separate HTTP Server is available, the value should be Web Application Server IP/Hostname.	
	For example, <interactionvariable name="WEB_SERVER_
IP">10.11.12.13</interactionvariable>	
	or	
	<interactionvariable name="WEB_SERVER_
IP">myweb.server.com</interactionvariable>	

WEB_SERVER_PORT	Identifies the Web Server Port. This would typically be 80 for non SSL and 443 for SSL. If no separate HTTP Server exists, the value should be the port configured for Web Server.	No
	Note: The port value will not be accepted as 80 if HTTPS_ENABLE is 1 and as 443, if HTTPS_ENABLE is 0.	
	For example, <interactionvariable name="WEB_SERVER_
PORT">80</interactionvariable>	
CONTEXT_NAME	Identifies the web application context name which will be used to built the URL to access the OFSAA applications. The context name can be identified from a URL as follows:	Yes
	<scheme>://<host>:<port>/<context-name>/login.jsp</context-name></port></host></scheme>	
	Sample URL: https://myweb:443/ofsaadev/login.jsp	
	For example, <interactionvariable name="CONTEXT_
NAME">ofsaadev</interactionvariable>	

Table M–1 (Cont.) OFSA	A Infrastructure Installation	Tasks and Descriptions

InteractionVariable	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
Name		
WEBAPP_CONTEXT_ PATH	Identifies the absolute path of the exploded .ear file on the web application server.	Yes
	For Tomcat, specify the Tomcat directory path till /webapps, such as	
	/oradata6/revwb7/tomcat/webapps/.	
	For WebSphere, enter the WebSphere path as <websphere profile<br="">directory>/installedApps/ <nodecellname>. For example,</nodecellname></websphere>	
	/data2/test//WebSphere/AppServer/profiles/ <profile_ Name>/installedApps/aix-imfNode01Cell. Where aix-imf is Host name.</profile_ 	
	For WebLogic, provide the WebLogic home directory path as / <weblogic home directory path>/bea/wlserver_10.3</weblogic 	
	Note: For WebLogic, value specified for this attribute is ignored and value provided against attribute WEBLOGIC_DOMAIN_HOME is considered.	
WEB_LOCAL_PATH	Identifies the absolute path to any directory on the web application server that can hold temporary files being uploadd as part of the applications usage.	Yes
	Note: In case of a clustered deployment, ensure this path and directory is same on all the nodes.	
InteractionGroup name=	"Weblogic Setup Details"	•
WEBLOGIC_DOMAIN_	Identifies the WebLogic Domain Home.	Yes Specify the value
HOME	For example, <interactionvariable name="WEBLOGIC_DOMAIN_
HOME">/home/weblogic/bea/user_ projects/domains/mydomain</interactionvariable>	only if WEBSER VERTYPE
		is set as 3 (WebLogic
)
InteractionGroup name=	l "OFSAALETP Details"	

OFSAAI_FTPSHARE_ PATH	Identifies the absolute path to the directory identified as file system stage area.	Yes
	Note:	
	The directory should exist on the same system on which the OFSAA Infrastructure is being installed (can be on a separate mount).	
	The user mentioned in the following APP_SFTP_USER_ID parameter should have RWX permission on the directory.	
	For example, <interactionvariable name="APP_FTPSHARE_
PATH">">/oradata6/revwb7/ftpshare</interactionvariable>	
OFSAAI_SFTP_USER_ID	Identifies the user who has RWX permissions on the directory identified under the preceding parameter APP_FTPSHARE_PATH.	Yes
OFSAAI_SFTP_ PRIVATE_KEY	Identifies the SFTP private key for OFSAAI. For example,	No
	<interactionvariable name="OFSAAI_SFTP_PRIVATE_
KEY">/home/ofsaapp/.ssh/id_rsa</interactionvariable>	
	By default, the value is NA, which indicates password will be prompted for the user <ofsaai_sftp_user_id> for authentication.</ofsaai_sftp_user_id>	
	For more information on generating SFTP Private key, see the Setting Up SFTP Private Key section.	

Table M–1 (Cont.) OFSAA Infrastructure Installation Tasks and Descriptions

InteractionVariable Name	Significance and Expected Value	
OFSAAI_SFTP_PASSPHRASE	Identifies the passphrase for the SFTP private key for OFSAAI. For example,	
	InteractionVariable name="OFSAAI_SFTP_PASSPHRASE">enter a pass phrase here	
	By default, the value is NA.	
	If OFSAAI_SFTP_PRIVATE_KEY value is given and this is kept as NA, then it is assumed as empty passphrase.	
InteractionGroup name="Hive De	tails"	
The default value set for the inter Configuration.	action variables under this group is set as NA. These are required only for H	Hive
HIVE_SERVER_PORT	Identifies the port used for the file transfer service. The default value set is 22 (SFTP). Set this value as 21 for FTP.	Yes, only for HIVE
	For example,	Configurat
	InteractionVariable name="HIVE_SERVER_PORT">22	ion
HIVE_SERVER_ FTPDRIVE	Identifies the absolute path to the directory identified as file syROLE/ NAMEstem stage area of HIVE server.	Yes, only for HIVE
	For example,	Configurat
	InteractionVariable name="HIVE_SERVER_ FTPDRIVE">/scratch/ofsaa/ftpshare	ion

HIVE_SERVER_FTP_ USERID	Identifies the user who has RWX permissions on the directory identified under the preceding parameter HIVE_SERVER_FTPDRIVE. For example, InteractionVariable name="HIVE_SERVER_FTP_ USERID">ofsaa	Yes, only for HIVE Configurat ion
HIVE_SERVER_FTP_ PROTOCOL	If the HIVE_SERVER_PORT is 21, then set value as FTP, else set it as SFTP. For example, InteractionVariable name="HIVE_SERVER_FTP_ PROTOCOL">SFTP	Yes, only for HIVE Configurat ion
HIVE_SFTP_PRIVATE_ KEY	Identifies the SFTP private key for the HIVE server. For example, <interactionvariable name="HIVE_SFTP_PRIVATE_
KEY">/scratch/testuser/.ssh/id_rsa</interactionvariable> By default, the value is NA, which indicates password will be prompted for the user <hive_server_ftp_userid> for authentication. For more information on generating SFTP Private key, see the Setting Up SFTP Private Key section.</hive_server_ftp_userid>	Yes, only for HIVE Configurat ion
HIVE_SFTP_ PASSPHRASE	Identifies the passphrase for the SFTP private key for HIVE. For example, <interactionvariable name="HIVE_SFTP_
PASSPHRASE">NA</interactionvariable> By default, the value is NA. If HIVE_SFTP_PRIVATE_KEY value is given and this is kept as NA, then it is assumed as empty passphrase.	Yes, only for HIVE Configurat ion

22 Appendix N: Migrating for Excel Upload Functionality

This section provides detailed instructions to migrate excel upload functionality.

22.1 Prerequisites

The following are the prerequisites for migration.

- "Data model in ATOMIC schemas should be same on the source and target setups
- "OFS AAI (platform) patch level version should be same on the source and target setups.
- "PL/SQL Developer to connect and query the database.
- "WinSCP to connect and access server file system.

22.2 Migrating Excel Upload

To migrate, follow these steps:

- 1. Open PL/SQL Developer and log in to the source setup's configuration (CONFIG) schema by entering the appropriate username and password.
- **2.** In a new SQL window query the data of table EXCEL_MAPPING_MASTER.
- **3.** Open a new session in PL/SQL developer and log in to the target setup's configuration (CONFIG) schema by entering the appropriate username and password.
- 4. Insert the records from Step 1 above in to this table.
- **5.** In V_INFODOM column of EXCEL_MAPPING_MASTER table update the infodom name with the target infodom name.

NOTE If all the mappings can work out of the single target Infodom, update same Infodom value across all rows. If only few mappings will work out of the target infodom, update the infodom value for selective records. Kindly note, excel upload mappings will work only if the target infodom has same data model entities as used in the mappings defined on source setup.

6. Update V_CREATED_BY column with the name of any user present in the target setup that has appropriate roles to perform Excel Upload tasks.

NOTE It is mandatory to update values for V_INFODOM and V_CREATED_ BY columns.

- **7.** Open WinSCP and login a new session by entering the host name, port number, user name and password to access the source setup.
- 8. Navigate to the folder referred as FTPSHARE.

9. Copy the excel-entity mapping xml file(s) which are located in this folder according to their folder structure on to your desktop. For example: /ftpshare

```
/STAGE/ExcelUpload/$SOURCE_INFODOM_NAME/$EXCEL_FILE_NAME.xml
```

NOTE Actual file name of Excel Sheet is mentioned in the V_EXCEL_NAME column of EXCEL_MAPPING_MASTER table.

10. Copy the excel templates (.xls/.xlsx) file(s) which are located in this folder according to their folder structure on to your desktop. For example:



- 11. Login a new session in WinSCP by entering the host name, port number, user name and password to access the target setup.
- **12.** Copy the xml file(s) from Step3 to the below location in the target setup. For example:

/ftpshare/STAGE/ExcelUpload/\$TARGET_INFODOM_NAME/\$EXCEL_FILE_NAME.xml

\$TARGET_INFODOM_NAME should be target setup infodom in NOTE which you have uploadd the appropriate data model and the name should be same as the V_INFODOM column value updated in EXCEL_MAPPING_MASTER table.

- **13.** Copy the xls/ xlsx file(s) from Step 3 to the below location in target setup. For example:
- 14. /ftpshare/STAGE/ExcelUpload/TEMPLATE/*.xls or *.xlsx

Ignore this step if files are not present at the location. NOTE

23 Appendix O: JDBC Jar Files

The ojdbc<version>.jar file should be copied based on the Oracle Database version and the supported Java (JRE/ JDK) versions. See Table O–1 for details.

Table O-1 JDBC Jar files version details

Oracle Database Version	JDK/JRE Version Supported	JDBC Jar files specific to the release
19с	JDK 8,JRE 8	Ojdbc8.jar for JDK 8

24 Appendix P: Upgrading an Existing OFSAA 8.0.x JAVA 7 Instance to Java 8

This section explains the configurations required to upgrade an existing OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8. It consists of the following topics:

Prerequisites

Upgrading OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8

Configuring Web application server

Configuring User .profile Settings

Configuring OFSAA for New Web application server Installation

24.1 Prerequisites

The following are the prerequisites for upgrading OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8:

- Java 8 should be installed on the OFSAA server and Web application server.
- Oracle WebLogic Server should be 12.1.3.0 or above. Download and install patch 18729264 from http://support.oracle.com/ for the same.

24.2 Upgrading OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8

To upgrade OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8, follow these steps:

- 1. Configure Web application server to Java 8. For more information, see <u>Configuring Web</u> <u>application server</u>.
- Configure the OFSAA instance to Java 8. For more information, see <u>Configurations for Java 8</u>. For a newly installed Web application server, see <u>Configuring OFSAA for New Web application</u> <u>server Installation</u>
- **3.** Restart the OFSAA services. For more information, see the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in <u>Appendix E</u>
- **4.** Generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server. For more information on generating and deploying EAR / WAR file, see <u>Appendix D</u>.

24.3 Configuring Web application server

This section describes the changes to be made in the Web application server. Following are the two options to perform Web application server Configurations which are listed as follows:

- Upgrade the existing Web application server installation to Java 8
- Install a new instance of the Web application server with Java 8 This section consists of the following topics:
- Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server
- Upgrading Apache Tomcat Server

24.4 Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server

Perform the following configurations to upgrade the existing WebLogic server instance to Java 8:

- 1. Navigate to <WLS_HOME>/Middleware/Oracle_Home/wlserver.
- **2.** Edit the product.properties file. Set JAVA_HOME, WLS_JAVA_HOME, JAVAHOME properties to the new Java path and java.vm.version to the new Java version. For example,

JAVA_HOME=/usr/java/jre1.8.0_45 WLS_JAVA_HOME=/usr/java/jre1.8.0_45 JAVAHOME=/usr/java/jre1.8.0_45 java.vm.version=1.8.0_45

3. Navigate to <WLS_HOME>/Middleware/Oracle_Home/user_

projects/domains/<domain>/bin. Update SUN_JAVA_HOME, DEFAULT_ JAVA_HOME, JAVA_HOME in the setDomainEnv.sh file to point to the new Java path. For example,

SUN_JAVA_HOME="/usr/java/jre1.8.0_45" DEFAULT_SUN_JAVA_HOME="/usr/java/jre1.8.0_45" JAVA_HOME="/usr/java/jre1.8.0_45"

4. Clear the Application cache. Navigate to the following path and delete the files:

<WebLogic installation location>/domains/<Domain name>/servers/<Server name>/tmp/_WL_user/<Application name>/qaelce/jsp_servlet

If you wish to install a new instance of the Oracle WebLogic Server, follow these steps:

- 1. Install Oracle WebLogic Server 12.1.3.x on Java 8.
- 2. Perform the configurations for the newly installed WebLogic server. For more information, see Configuring Resource Reference in WebLogic Application Server.

NOTE While creating WebLogic Domain, the Listen Port should be set same as that of the existing Domain. Note down the new Domain path to perform OFSAA Configurations

24.5 Upgrading Apache Tomcat Server

Perform the following configurations to upgrade the existing Apache Tomcat Server from Java 7 to Java 8:

- 1. Login to the Apache Tomcat Server as a non-root user.
- Edit the user .profile. Update the value for JAVA_HOME from JRE 1.7 to JRE 1.8. For Example, JAVA_HOME=/usr/java/jre1.8.0_45
- 3. Clear the Application cache. Navigate to the following path and delete the files:

<Tomcat installation folder>/work/Catalina/localhost/<Application name>/org/apache/jsp

If you wish to install a new instance of the Apache Tomcat Server, follow these steps:

- 1. Install Apache Tomcat Server 8 with Java 8.
- **2.** Perform the configurations for the newly installed Tomcat server. For more information, see Configuring Resource Reference in Tomcat Application Server.

NOTE	Update the Connector Port in
	/apache-tomcat-8.0.21/conf/server.xml file to that of the existing Tomcat instance.
	Note down the new deployment path to perform OFSAA Configurations.

24.6 Configuring User .profile Settings

Perform the following configurations:

- 1. Login to the OFSAA Server as a non-root user.
- Edit the user.profile. Update the value for PATH variable from JRE 1.7 to JRE 1.8. For Example, PATH=/usr/java/jre 1.8.0_45/jre JAVA_BIN=/usr/java/jre 1.8.0_45/jre/bin LD_LIBRARY_PATH=\$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:/usr/java/jre 1.8.0_45/jre/lib/amd64/server

24.7 Configuring OFSAA for New Web application server Installation

This configuration is required only if you have freshly installed Oracle WebLogic 12.1.3 or Apache Tomcat Server 8.0. Follow these steps:

1. Modify the following parameters in the Configuration table present in the Config Schema with the new Domain Path in case of WebLogic or with the new deployment path in case of Tomcat:

DeFiHome

REV_IMG_PATH

EMBEDDED_JSP_JS_PATH

- 2. Login to the OFSAA Server as a non-root user.
- **3.** Navigate to \$FIC_HOME/ficweb/webroot/WEB_INF and update the following parameters in the web.xml file with the new Domain path in case of WebLogic or with the new deployment path in case of Tomcat:

FIC_PHYSICAL_HOME_LOC

FIC_HOME

ICC_SERVLET_LOG_FILE

Navigate to \$FIC_HOME/ficweb/webroot/conf and update the Domain path in case of WebLogic or with the new deployment path in case of Tomcat:

OFSAALogger.xml

MDBLogger.xml

RevLog4jConfig.xml RFDLogger.xml ExportLog4jConfig.xml, RFDLogger.xml, PR2Logger.xml

25 Appendix Q: Removing OFSAA

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Uninstalling OFSAA Infrastructure
- Uninstalling EAR Files in WebSphere
- Uninstalling EAR Files in WebLogic
- Uninstalling WAR Files in Tomcat

25.1 Uninstalling OFSAA Infrastructure

This section will guide you through the necessary steps to uninstall the OFSAA Infrastructure product.

Before you start the uninstallation process, ensure that no open connections exist to the OFSAA Infrastructure Config and Atomic Schemas and Infrastructure services are brought down.

To uninstall OFSAA Infrastructure:

- 1. Log in to the system as non-root user.
- 2. Navigate to the \$FIC_HOME directory and execute the command:

./Uninstall.sh

3. Enter the password for OFSAAI Configuration Schema when prompted as shown in the following figure.

Figure 1–25 Uninstalling OFSAA Infrastructure

NOTEUninstallation does not remove the Infrastructure application
from the Web application server. This has to be done manually.
The entries in the .profile file will have to be removed manually.
The files/ folders under the file system staging area (ftpshare)
have to be deleted manually.All the Database objects from Atomic Schemas have to be
dropped manually.

25.2 Uninstalling EAR Files in WebSphere

Following are the steps to uninstall any previously deployed application:

- 1. Open the URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<Administrative Console Port>/ibm/console (https if SSL is enabled). The Login window is displayed.
- 2. Login with the user id that has admin rights.
- **3.** Expand Applications > Application Types > WebSphere enterprise applications from the LHS. The Enterprise Applications window is displayed with all the deployed applications.

inter Jse t Pr	rprise Applications his page to manage installed applications. A single applicat eferences	ion can be deployed onto multiple servers.
Sta	rt Stop Install Uninstall Update Rollout Update	Remove File Export DDL Export File
C	n	
Selec	t Name 🗘	Application Status 💁
You	can administer the following resources:	
	DefaultApplication	•
	IVTApp	\$
	auery	•
	upg173	*

Figure 2–25 Enterprise Applications

- 4. Select the check box adjacent to the application to be uninstalled and click Stop.
- 5. Click Uninstall. The Uninstall Application window is displayed.

Figure 3–25 Uninstall Application

Uninstall Application	
Click OK to remove the following application(s). If you do to the previous page.	not want to remove the applications, click Cancel to return
Name	
AIXGAST	
OK Cancel	

- 6. Click **OK** to confirm.
- 7. Click **Save** to save the master file configuration.

25.3 Uninstalling EAR Files in WebLogic

On the machine that hosts WebLogic, Follow these steps to uninstall any previously deployed application:

- 1. Open the URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<admin server port>/console (https if SSL is enabled). The Login window of the WebLogic Server Administration Console is displayed.
- 2. Login with the WebLogic user credentials having administrator privileges.
- **3.** From the Domain Structure LHS menu, click Deployments. The Summary of Deployments screen is displayed.

mmary	y of Deployme	nts						
ontrol	Monitoring							
This pa (redepl To insti Custor Deploy	ige displays a list loyed), or delete all a new applica mize this table ments	of Java E d from the tion or moi	E applica e domain dule for	ations and stand-alone application modules that have been by first selecting the application name and using the cont deployment to targets in this domain, click the Install butto	n installed to tr rols on this pag on.	nis domain. In: ge,	stalled applications and module	s can be started, stopped, updated
Instal	Update D	siete S	start	Stop V			S	howing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Nex
	Name A Force Stop Now		State	Health	Туре	Deployment Order		
	Image: Construction of the servicing administration requests Active Image: Construction of the servicing administration requests Image: Construction of the servicing administration requests Active Image: Construction of the servicing administration requests							
	🗷 🔂 upg7273			Stop, but continue servicing administration requests	Active	✓ OK	Enterprise Application	100

Figure 4–25 Summary of Deployments

- **4.** Select the check box adjacent to the application to be uninstalled and click Stop> Force Stop Now.
- **5.** Click Yes in the confirmation dialog to stop the selected deployment.

	5					
Sele	cted Deployments have been requested to stop.					
ummar	y of Deployments					
Control	Monitoring					
Custo	mize this table	argets in and condinity cities are anaxon posterior				
Deploy	ments				Sh	owing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next
Deploy Instal	ments	s	tate	Health	Sh Type	owing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous Next Deployment Order
Deploy	ments Update Dolete Start Stop Y Name A E Cup97273	S	tate repared	Health	Sh Type Enterprise Application	Deployment Order

Figure 5–25 Summary of Deployments- Messages

- **6.** Select the check box adjacent to the application and click Delete to delete the selected deployment.
- **7.** Click Yes in the confirmation dialog to remove the selected deployment from the domain configuration.

25.4 Uninstalling WAR Files in Tomcat

On the machine that hosts Tomcat, Follow these steps to uninstall any previously deployed application:

1. Comment out Context path section from server.xml file in \$CATALINA_HOME/conf

directory to avoid conflict during undeploy and re-deploy of the WAR file. Place comment <!-- -- > in between the context path section. For example:

<!--

<Context path ="/pr2test"

docBase="/home/perfuser/tomcat-7.0.19/webapps/pr2test" debug="0" reloadable="true" crossContext="true">

<Resource auth="Container" name="jdbc/PR2ATM" type="javax.sql.DataSource"

```
driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver" username="pr2atm"
```

```
password="pr2atm" url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@10.184.74.99:1521:PERFTEST" maxActive="100"
```

```
maxIdle="30" maxWait="10000"/>
```

</Context>

-->

Restart the Tomcat service by doing the following:

a. Login to the "Unix server" through a terminal emulator.

- **b.** Navigate to \$catalina_home/bin directory.
- c. Stop the tomcat services using the command ./shutdown.sh
- d. Start the tomcat services using the command ./startup.sh
- **2.** Open the URL in a browser window: http://<IP address>:<Tomcat server port>. (https if SSL is enabled). The Tomcat home window is displayed.
- 3. Click the Manager App. The Connect to window is displayed.
- **4.** Login with the user credentials having admin rights. The Tomcat Web Application Manager window is displayed with the list of all applications deployed in Tomcat.

Figure 6–25 Tomcat Web Application Manager

The Apache Software Foundation http://www.apache.org/						
		Tomca	t Web Appl	ication Manager		
Manager						
List Applications		HTML Mana	ger Help	Manager Help Server Status		
Applications						
Path	Display Name	Running	Sessions	Commands		
£	Welcome to Tomcat	true	٩	Start <u>Stop Reload Undeploy</u> Expire sessions with idle a 30 minutes		
/doca	Temcat Documentation	true	٩	Start Stop Reload Underbox Expire sessions with idle a 30 minutes		
(examples	Servlet and JSP Examples	true	٩	Start Stop Reload Undeploy Expire sessions		
/host-manager	Tomcat Manager Application	true	٩	Start <u>Stop Reload Undeploy</u> Expire sessions with Idle a 30 minutes		
(manager	Tomcat Manager Application	true	2	Start Stop Reload Undeploy Expire sessions with idle a 30		
(ofsaaiot	Reveleus web Application	true	1	Start Stop Reload Undeploy		

5. Click the Undeploy link against the deployed Infrastructure application. A confirmation message is displayed on the application /Infrastructure being uninstalled.

26 Appendix R: Configuring Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) and Data Redaction in OFSAA

Two features comprise Oracle Advanced Security: Transparent Data Encryption and Oracle Data Redaction

This section details about the configurations required in case you want to enable TDE or Data Redaction in OFSAA applications.

This section includes the following:

- Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)
- Data Redaction

26.1 Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)

Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) enables you to encrypt sensitive data, such as Personally Identifiable Information (PII), that you store in tables and tablespaces. After the data is encrypted, this data is transparently decrypted for authorized users or applications when they access this data. To prevent unauthorized decryption, TDE stores the encryption keys in a security module external to the database, called a Keystore. For more details on TDE, see the <u>Database Advanced Security Guide</u>. TDE tablespace encryption enables you to encrypt all of the data stored in a tablespace. To control the encryption, you use a Keystore and TDE master encryption key. Oracle Database supports both software keystores and hardware, or

HSM-based, keystores. A software keystore is a container for the TDE master encryption key, and it resides in the software file system.

26.2 Configuring TDE During Behavior Detection Installation Using Full Installer

This section provides information on how to enable TDE (Transparent Data Encryption) in the database. This section consists of the following sub sections:

- <u>Configuring a Software Keystore and Encrypted Tablespace Creation</u>
- Running the Schema Creator Utility With Encryption
- Testing the Encryption

26.2.1 Configuring a Software Keystore and Encrypted Tablespace Creation

A software keystore is a container for the TDE master encryption key, and it resides in the software file system. You must define a location for the key in the sqlnet.ora file so that the

database locates the keystore (one per database) by checking the keystore location in the

sqlnet.ora file. After defining the location, create the keystore and open it. Set the TDE master key after opening it and then encrypt the data

To find whether a wallet is already existing, check the following entries:

- 1. The location specified by the ENCRYPTION_WALLET_LOCATION parameter in the sqlnet.ora file.
- **2.** The location specified by the WALLET_LOCATION parameter in the sqlnet.ora file.

Encrypted tablespaces can share the default database wallet. However, Oracle recommends that you use a separate wallet for transparent data encryption functionality by specifying the ENCRYPTION_WALLET_LOCATION parameter in the sqlnet.ora file.

NOTE You should have proper privileges to perform the following actions.

For details to configure the software keystore, Follow these steps:

Step 1: Set the Software keystore location in the sqlnet.ora file

The first step is to designate a location for software keystore in the sqlnet.ora file. The Oracle Database will check the sqlnet.ora file for the directory location of the keystore to determine whether it is a software keystore or a hardware module security (HSM) keystore

NOTE	Ensure that the directory location which you want to set for software keystore exists beforehand. Preferably, this directory should be empty.
	In a multitenant environment, the keystore location is set for the entire multitenant container database (CDB), not for individual pluggable databases (PDBs).
	By default, the sqlnet.ora file is located in the ORACLE_ HOME/network/admin directory or in the location set by the TNS_ADMIN environment variable. Ensure that you have properly set the TNS_ADMIN environment variable to point to the correct sqlnet.ora file.

To create a software keystore on a regular file system, use the following format when you edit the sqlnet.ora file:

ENCRYPTION_WALLET_LOCATION= (SOURCE=

(METHOD=FILE) (METHOD_DATA=

(DIRECTORY=<<pre>path to keystore>>)))

Examples:

For regular file system in which the database name is orclb: ENCRYPTION_WALLET_LOCATION= (SOURCE= (METHOD=FILE) (METHOD_DATA=

(DIRECTORY=/etc/ORACLE/WALLETS/orcl)))

When multiple databases share the sqlnet.ora file:

ENCRYPTION_WALLET_LOCATION= (SOURCE=

(METHOD=FILE) (METHOD_DATA=

(DIRECTORY=/etc/ORACLE/WALLETS/orcl)))

When Oracle Automatic Storage Management (ASM) is configured:

ENCRYPTION_WALLET_LOCATION= (SOURCE=

(METHOD=FILE) (METHOD_DATA=

(DIRECTORY=+disk1/mydb/wallet)))

For ASM Diskgroup:

ENCRYPTION_WALLET_LOCATION= (SOURCE=

(METHOD=FILE) (METHOD_DATA=

(DIRECTORY=+ASM_file_path_of_the_diskgroup)))

Step 2: Create the Software Keystore

There are three different types of Software Keystores:

- Password-based Software Keystores
- Auto-login Software Keystores
- Local Auto-login Software Keystores

Follow these steps to create a software keystore:

- 1. Login as sysdba or user with ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT or SYSKM privilege.
- 2. Use the following command to create password-based software keystore:

CONN sys/password@serviceid AS SYSDBA

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT CREATE KEYSTORE 'keystore_location' IDENTIFIED BY software_keystore_password;

keystore_location is the path of the keystore directory you want to create

software_keystore_password is the password of the keystore that you want to create.

For example, to create the keystore in the /etc/ORACLE/WALLETS/orcl directory:

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT CREATE KEYSTORE '/etc/ORACLE/WALLETS/orcl'

IDENTIFIED BY password;

After you run this statement, the ewallet.p12 file, which is the keystore, appears in the keystore location.

Alternatively, you can create an Auto-Login or Local-Login Keystore to avoid opening the Keystore manually every time. Use the following command:

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT CREATE [LOCAL] AUTO_LOGIN KEYSTORE FROM

KEYSTORE 'keystore_location' IDENTIFIED BY keystore_password;

LOCAL enables you to create a local auto-login software keystore. Otherwise, omit this

clause if you want the keystore to be accessible by other computers.

After you run this statement, the cwallet.sso file appears in the keystore location.

NOTE It is important to remember the master key password (<keystore_password>) used during creation of the keystore. There are no ways to retrieve the password if forgotten.

Step 3: Open the Software Keystore

Depending on the type of keystore you create, you must manually open the keystore before you can use it.

You do not need to manually open auto-login or local auto-login software keystores. These keystore are automatically opened when it is required, that is, when an encryption operation must access the key. If necessary, you can explicitly close any of these types of keystores. You can check the status of whether a keystore is open, closed, open but with no master key, or open but with an unknown master key by querying the STATUS column of the V\$ENCRYPTION_WALLET view.

NOTE After you open a keystore, it remains open until you manually close it. Each time you restart a database instance, you must manually open the password keystore to re-enable encryption and decryption operations.

Follow these steps to open the software wallet:

Login as sysdba or user with ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT or SYSKM privilege.

Use the following command to open password-based software keystore:

CONN sys/password@serviceid AS SYSDBA

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT SET KEYSTORE OPEN IDENTIFIED BY software_

keystore_password [CONTAINER = ALL | CURRENT];

software_keystore_password is the same password that you used to create the keystore in "Step 2: Create the Software Keystore".

CONTAINER is for use in a multitenant environment. Enter ALL to set the keystore in all of the PDBs in this CDB, or CURRENT for the current PDB.

NOTE	In a CDB, open the Keystore in the ROOT (CDB\$ROOT) container and in all the associated PDBs, where TDE is enabled.
	You do not need to manually open auto-login or local auto- login software Keystores.

Step 4: Set the Software TDE Master Encryption Key

Once the keystore is open, you can set a TDE master encryption key for it. The TDE master encryption key is stored in the keystore. This key protects the TDE table keys and tablespace

encryption keys. By default, the TDE master encryption key is a key that Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) generates.

In a multitenant environment, you can create and manage the TDE master encryption key from either the root or the PDB.

Ensure that the database OPEN_MODE is set as READ WRITE. To find the status for a

non-multitenant environment, query the OPEN_MODE column of the V\$DATABASE dynamic view. If you are using a multitenant environment, then query the V\$PDBS view. (If you cannot access these views, then connect as SYSDBA and try the query again. In order to connect as SYSKM for this type of query, you must create a password file for it. See Oracle Database Administrator's Guide for more information.)

Follow these steps to set the encryption key:

- 1. Login as sysdba or user with ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT or SYSKM privilege
- **2.** Use the following command to set the encryption key:
- 3. CONN sys/password@serviceid AS SYSDBA

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT SET KEY [USING TAG 'tag'] IDENTIFIED BY

password [WITH BACKUP [USING 'backup_identifier']] [CONTAINER = ALL | CURRENT];

- tag is the associated attributes and information that you define. Enclose this setting in single quotation marks (' ').
- password is the mandatory keystore password that you created when you created the keystore in "Step 2: Create the Software Keystore".
- WITH BACKUP creates a backup of the keystore. You must use this option for passwordbased keystores. Optionally, you can use the USING clause to add a brief description of the backup. Enclose this description in single quotation marks (' '). This identifier is appended to the named keystore file (for example, ewallet_time_stamp_ emp_key_backup.p12, with emp_key_backup being the backup identifier). Follow the file naming conventions that your operating system uses.
- CONTAINER is for use in a multitenant environment. Enter ALL to set the key in all of the PDBs in this CDB, or CURRENT for the current PDB.

For example,

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT SET KEY IDENTIFIED BY password WITH BACKUP

USING 'emp_key_backup';

Step 5: Encrypting your Data

After completing the keystore configuration, encrypt the data. You can encrypt individual columns in a table or entire tablespaces. OFSAA recommends encrypting entire tablespaces and the description in this section covers encrypting entire tablespaces.

Note the following restrictions on using Transparent Data Encryption when you encrypt a tablespace:

- Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) tablespace encryption encrypts or decrypts data during read and write operations, as compared to TDE column encryption, which encrypts and decrypts data at the SQL layer. This means that most restrictions that apply to TDE column encryption, such as data type restrictions and index type restrictions, do not apply to TDE tablespace encryption.
- To perform import and export operations, use Oracle Data Pump. Encrypting data involves the following steps:
- 1. Setting the COMPATIBLE initialization parameter for tablespace encryption
- **2.** Setting the tablespace TDE master encryption key
- **3.** Creating the Encrypted Tablespace

Step 1: Setting the COMPATIBLE initialization parameter for tablespace encryption

Prerequisite- You must set the COMPATIBLE initialization parameter for the database to

11.2.0.0 or later. Once you set this parameter to 11.2.0.0, the change is irreversible. Follow these steps to set the COMPATIBLE initialization parameter:

- 1. Log into the database instance. In a multitenant environment, log into the PDB.
- 2. Check the current setting of the COMPATIBLE parameter. For example:

Table R-1 SHOW PARAMETER COMPATIBLE

Name	Туре	Value
Compatible	String	12.0.0.0
noncdbcompatible	Boolean	False

- **3.** If you want to change the COMPATIBLE parameter, Follow these steps:
 - **a.** Locate the initialization parameter file for the database instance.

UNIX systems: This file is in the ORACLE_HOME/dbs directory and is named

initORACLE_SID.ora (for example, initmydb.ora).

b. In SQL*Plus, connect as a user who has the SYSDBA administrative privilege, and then shut down the database.

For example:

CONNECT /AS SYSDBA SHUTDOWN

c. Edit the initialization parameter file to use the correct COMPATIBLE setting.

For example:

COMPATIBLE = 12.2.0.0

d. In SQL*Plus, ensure that you are connected as a user who has the SYSDBA administrative privilege, and then start the database.

For example:

CONNECT /AS SYSDBA STARTUP

e. If tablespace encryption is in use, then open the keystore at the database mount. The

keystore must be open before you can access data in an encrypted tablespace.

STARTUP MOUNT;

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT SET KEYSTORE OPEN IDENTIFIED BY password; ALTER DATABASE OPEN;

Step 2: Setting the tablespace TDE master encryption key

Make sure that you have configured the TDE master encryption key as shown in Step 4: Setting the software TDE master encryption key.

Step 3: Creating the Encrypted Tablespace

After you have set the COMPATIBLE initialization parameter, you are ready to create the encrypted tablespace.

Follow the instruction given in Running the Schema Creator Utility with Encryption section for configuring the schema creator file to create tablespaces.

If you are enabling TDE in case of upgrade or you did not enable it during installation and want to enable at a later point of time, see the following reference link for details on manually creating encrypted tablespaces:

https://docs.oracle.com/cloud/latest/db121/ASOAG/asotrans_config.htm#ASOAG9555

26.2.1.1 Running the Schema Creator Utility With Encryption

This section is applicable only if you want to enable TDE during installation.

Run the schema creator utility by including the encrypt=on option in the Tablespace tag in the

<<APP PACK>>_SCHEMA_IN.xml file. You have to perform this procedure manually as it is not a part of the <<APP PACK>>_SCHEMA_IN.xml.TEMPLATE originally.

Following is an example for OFS _AAAI_PACK_ SCHEMA_IN.xml

<APPPACKSCHEMA>

<APP_PACK_ID>OFS_AAAI_PACK</APP_PACK_ID>

<JDBC_URL>jdbc:oracle:thin:@<DB_Server_IP>:1521:<DB_NAME></JDBC_URL>

<JDBC_DRIVER>oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver</JDBC_DRIVER>

<HOST><OFSAA_Server_IP/HOST Name></HOST>

<SETUPINFO NAME="<PREFIX_NAME>" PREFIX_SCHEMA_NAME="Y"/>

<PASSWORD APPLYSAMEFORALL="Y" DEFAULT="<PASSWORD>"/>

<TABLESPACES>

<TABLESPACE NAME="OFS_AAI_TBSP" VALUE="TS_USERS1" DATAFILE="<ABSOLUTE PATH to TABLESPACE>/<TABLESPACE_DATA_FILE_NAME>.dbf" SIZE="500M" AUTOEXTEND="OFF" ENCRYPT="ON" />

</TABLESPACES>

<SCHEMAS>

<SCHEMA TYPE="CONFIG" NAME="ofsaaconf" PASSWORD="" APP_ID="OFS_AAI" DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS_AAI_TBSP##" TEMPTABLESPACE="TEMP"

QUOTA="unlimited"/>

<SCHEMA TYPE="ATOMIC" NAME="ofsaaatm" PASSWORD="" APP_ID="OFS_AAAI"
DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS_AAI_TBSP##" TEMPTABLESPACE="TEMP" QUOTA="unlimited"
INFODOM="OFSAAAIINFO"/>

<SCHEMA TYPE="ATOMIC" NAME="ofsaaatm" PASSWORD="" APP_ID="OFS_IPE"
DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS_AAI_TBSP##" TEMPTABLESPACE="TEMP" QUOTA="unlimited"
INFODOM="OFSAAAIINFO"/>

</SCHEMAS>

</APPPACKSCHEMA>

26.2.1.2 Testing the Encryption

Test the encryption by checking if a tablespace is encrypted or not. Execute the following query to check:

SELECT tablespace_name, encrypted FROM dba_tablespaces;

The following result is displayed, which indicates whether the TABLESPACE is encrypted or not in the ENCRYPTED column:

TABLESPACE_NAME	ENCRYPTED
SYSTEM	No
SYSAUX	No
UNDOTBS1	No
TEMP	No
USERS	No
ENCRYPTED_TS	Yes
6 rows selected.	

Table R–2

The above example indicates TABLESPACE ENCRYPTED_TS is created with Encryption ON.

26.3 Configuring TDE in Case of Upgrade

This section details about the configurations required in case you want to enable TDE in OFSAA applications after upgrade to OFSAA 8.1.1.0.0 version from a previous version. Additionally, these configurations are required in case you did not enable TDE during 8.1.1.0.0 installation and want to enable at a later point of time.

To configure TDE, follow these steps:

- 1. Create a new PDB (12c)/ instance (11g) on same or different Database Server for TDE. For more information, see Configuring a Software Keystore and Encrypted Tablespace Creation.
- 2. Shutdown the OFSAAI Services.
- **3.** Export all Configuration, Atomic and Sandbox Schemas as per the applications installed in your OFSAA instance.

For example:

expdp SYSTEM/oracle@OFSA12C2DB DIRECTORY=data_pump_dir
DUMPFILE=ofsaaconf_ofsaaatm_%U.dmp filesize=2G SCHEMAS=ofsaaconf,ofsaaatm
LOGFILE=ofsaaconf_ofsaaatm_exp.log

NOTE	The above command will create data dumps as files of 2GB size
	each (multiples). Any other commands/ tools as appropriate
	may be used to archive the schemas.

4. Import all schemas that are exported using the above command, into the new DB instance. For example:

impdp SYSTEM/oracle@OFSA12nDB DIRECTORY=data_pump_dir DUMPFILE=ofsaaconf_ofsaaatm_%U.dmp SCHEMAS=ofsaaconf,ofsaaatm LOGFILE=ofsaaconf_ofsaaatm_imp.log

NOTE	Restoring the exported dumps creates Configuration and Atomic Schema(s) with the same user credentials as that of the source, along with the existing grants.
	If schemas are restored using a tool/ mechanism other than as mentioned in the Step 1 and 2, retain the user credentials of Configuration and Atomic Schemas same as in the Source environment, along with the Schema grants.

5. Provide select grants on sys.V_\$parameter to view Configuration and Atomic Schemas of Target Environment database.

For example:

Login as sys user:

SQL> GRANT SELECT ON SYS.V_\$PARAMETER TO ofsaaconf;

Grant succeeded

SQL> GRANT SELECT ON SYS.V_\$PARAMETER TO ofsaaatm;

Grant succeeded

- 6. Update .profile for ORACLE_SID environment variable with new ORACLE_SID.
- 7. Update JDBC URL by executing Port Changer utility. For details on how to execute Port Changer utility, see <u>Changing IP/ Hostname</u>, Ports, Deployed Paths of the OFSAA Instance section.

8. Navigate to the \$FIC_WEB_HOME directory and execute the following command to trigger the creation of EAR/WAR file:

./ant.sh

The EAR/WAR file - <contextname>.ear/.war - is created in \$FIC_WEB_HOME directory.

On completion of EAR/WAR file creation, the message "BUILD SUCCESSFUL" will be displayed.

- 9. Edit the existing Connection Pool settings to point to new JDBC URL and verify connections.
- **10.** Clear the webserver cache and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server.
- **11.** Restart the OFSAA Services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in the <u>Oracle Financial Services Advanced Analytical Applications Infrastructure Application Pack Installation and Configuration Guide</u>.

26.4 Data Redaction

OFSAA is enhanced to enable masking of sensitive data and Personal Identification Information (PII) to adhere to Regulations and Privacy Policies. Oracle Data Redaction provides selective, on-the-fly redaction of sensitive data in database query results prior to display by applications so that unauthorized users cannot view the sensitive data. The stored data remains unaltered, while displayed data is transformed to a pattern that does not contain any identifiable information.

26.5 Enabling Data Redaction in case of Upgrade

This section details about the configurations required in case you want to enable Data Redaction in OFSAA applications after upgrade to OFSAA 8.1.1.0.0 version from a previous version. Additionally, these configurations are required in case you did not enable TDE during BD Application Pack 8.1.1.0.0 installation and want to enable at a later point of time.

Follow these steps:

- **1.** Login as SYSDBA into the database.
- 2. Execute the file \$FIC_HOME/utility/data_security/scripts/create_data_sec_ roles.sql only once per database (PDB in case of 12c).
- 3. Execute the following sql statement to find out the list of atomic users from the table:

select v_schema_name from aai_db_detail where V_DB_NAME <> 'CONFIG' AND V_DB_TYPE = 'ORACLE'

- **4.** Execute the file \$FIC_HOME/utility/data_security/scripts/grant_data_sec_ roles.sql for all atomic users found in the previous step.
- **5.** From the Configuration window in the System Configuration module, select the Allow Data Redaction checkbox.
- Run the Data Redaction utility. For more details on how to run the utility, see Data Redaction section under Data Security and Data Privacy chapter in <u>OFS Analytical Applications</u> <u>Infrastructure Administration Guide 8.1.1.0.0</u>.

27 Appendix S: Tunable Database Parameters

This appendix contains the Tunable Database Parameters.

NOTE Review the Oracle recommended guidelines in setting the SGA_TARGET, SGA_MAX_SIZE and PGA_AGGREGATE_TARGET parameters. The values for these memory parameters can vary significantly based on database server specifications and estimated data volume. For values of PGA_AGGREGATE_TARGET parameters Oracle recommends that they be kept at a minimum of 1024 MB.

Tunable Database Parameters		Parameter Values				
Category	Parameter Name	Туре	Default	Oracle Recomme nded	Oracle Recomme nded for Exadata	
Parameters	CHARACTER SET	string	AL32UTF8	AL32UTF8	AL32UTF8	
affecting database						
creation (not	NLS_LENGTH_ SCHEMATICS	string	byte	byte	byte	
	NLS_SORT	binary	binary	binary	binary	
tunable						
	MAXDATAFILES	integer	254			
through the						
init.ora	MASXINSTANCES	integer	1			
file)						
	MAXLOGFILES	integer	32			
	MAXLOGHISTORY	integer	24794			
	MAXLOGMEMBER	integer	2	4	4	
	s					
	REDO LOG SIZE	integer	10M	3G	16G	

Table S-1 Database Tunable Parameters

Tunable Database Parameters		Parameter Values				
Category	Parameter Name	Туре	Default	Oracle Recomme nded	Oracle Recomme nded for Exadata	
Parameters	DB_BLOCK_SIZE	integer	2048	8192	8192	
affecting I/O operation	DB_FILE_ MULTIBLOCK_ READ_COUNT	integer	The default value corresponds to the maximum I/O size that can be efficiently performed and is platform-de pendent.	32	32	
	DB_FILES	integer	200			
	DISK_ASYNCH_IO	boolean	TRUE			
	TAPE_ASYNCH_IO	boolean	TRUE			
	DB_WRITER_ PROCESSES	integer	1	4	4	

Tunable Database Parameters		Parameter Values			
Category	Parameter Name	Туре	Default	Oracle Recomme nded	Oracle Recomme nded for Exadata
Parameters affecting resource consumption and parallel operations	FAST_START_ PARALLEL_ROLLB ACK	string	LOW	HIGH	HIGH
	LOG_BUFFER	integer	7M	1000000	1000000
	LOG_ CHECKPOINT_ INTERVAL	integer	0	10000	10000
	LOG_ CHECKPOINT_ TIMEOUT	integer	0	0	0
	OPEN_CURSORS	integer	50	4096	4096
	PARALLEL_ EXECUTION_ MESSAG E_SIZE	integer	2148	16384	16384
	PARALLEL_MAX_ SERVERS	integer	10 * No of CPUs	Set if you are configuring DOP	Do not set or change
				manually at site and PARALLEL _DEGREE_ POLICY is	
				set to MANUAL.	
	PARALLEL_MIN_ SERVERS	integer	0	Set if you are configuring DOP	Do not set or change
				manually at site and PARALLEL _DEGREE_ POLICY is	
				set to MANUAL.	
	PROCESSES	integer	150	600	600
	LARGE_POOL_SIZE	integer	0	512M	

PARALLEL_MIN_ PERCENT	integer	0	Set if you are configuring DOP manually at site and PARALLEL _DEGREE_ POLICY is set to MANUAL.	Do not set or change
PARALLEL_ THREADS_PER_ CPU	integer	2		

Tunable Database Parameters		Parameter Values				
Category	Parameter Name	Туре	Default	Oracle Recomme nded	Oracle Recomme nded for Exadata	
Additional needed parameters	OPTIMIZER_MODE	string	ALL_ ROWS	ALL_ROWS	ALL_ ROWS	
	COMPATIBLE	string		11.2.0 (for Oracle 11gR2)	11.2.0 .3.0(if using Oracle 11.2.0.3.0) otherwise 11.2.0.2.0	
	GLOBAL_NAMES	string	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE	
	PRE_PAGE_SGA	string	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE	
	UNDO_ MANAGEMENT	string	AUTO	AUTO	AUTO	
	UNDO_ TABLESPACE	string		Set as Per Site Values	Set as Per Site Values	
	UNDO_RETENTION	integer	900	10800	18000	
	TIMED_STATISTICS	boolean	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	
	OPTIMIZER_ INDEX_CACHING	integer	0			
	OPTIMIZER_ INDEX_COST_ADJ	integer	100	30		
	QUERY_REWRITE_ ENABLED	string	TRUE	FALSE	FALSE	
	STAR_ TRANSFORMATION _ENABLED	string	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	

28 Appendix T: FAQs and Error Dictionary

This section of the document consists of resolution to the frequently asked questions and error codes noticed during OFSAAI installation.

- Frequently Asked Ouestions
- Error Dictionary

OFSAAI installer performs all the pre-requisite validation check during installation. Any errors encountered in the process is displayed with an appropriate Error Code. You can see the Error Dictionary to find the exact cause and resolution to rectify the error.

28.1 Frequently Asked Questions

You can see the Frequently Asked Questions which has been developed with the interest to help you resolve some of the OFSAAI Installation and configuration issues. This intends to share the knowledge of problem resolution to a few of the known issues. This is not an official support document and just attempts to share the knowledge of problem resolution to a few of the known issues.

This section includes the following topics:

- OFSAAI FAOs
- Applications Pack 8.1.1.0.0 FAQs
- Forms Framework FAQs

28.2 OFSAAI FAQs

What are the different components that get installed during OFSAAI?

The different components of OFSAAI are illustrated in Figure 1–2, "Components of OFSAAI".

What are the different modes of OFSAAI installation?

OFSAAI can be installed in Silent mode.

Can the OFSAA Infrastructure components be installed on multi-tier?

No. OFSAA Infrastructure components (ficapp, ficweb, ficdb) cannot be installed on multi-tier. By default, they will be installed on single tier. However, OFSAA Infrastructure can be deployed within the n-Tier architecture where the Database, Web server and Web application server is installed on separate tiers.

Is JDK (Java Development Kit) required during installation of OFSAA? Can it be uninstalled after OFSAA installation?

JDK is not required during installation of OFSAA and only a run time is needed for details. See <u>Hardware and Software Requirements</u>, Java Runtime Environment section.

Is JRE required during installation of OFSAA? Can it be uninstalled after OFSAAI installation?

Only JRE (Java Runtime Environment) is required during installation of OFSAA and cannot be uninstalled as the JRE is used by the OFSAA system to work.

How do I know what is the Operating system, webservers and other software versions that OFSAA supports?

See OFSAA Technology Stack Matrices.

What are the different files required to install OFSAAI?

The following files are required:

- setup.sh
- envCheck.sh
- preinstallcheck.sh
- VerInfo.txt
- OFSAAInfrastructure.bin
- validatedXMLinputs.jar
- MyResources_en_US.properties
- log4j.xml
- OFSAAI_PostInstallConfig.xml
- OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml
- privileges_config_user.sql
- privileges_atomic_user.sql
- XML_Utility.jar

What should I do if I get the following error message during installation, "Execute Permission denied"?

Please check whether all the files provided for OFSAAI installation has execute permissions.

To give execute permissions,

Navigate to the path OFSAAI_80000 and execute the command

chmod 755

"Graphical installers are not.."

If error resembles "Graphical installers are not supported by the VM. The console mode will be used instead..." then check whether any of the X-windows software has been installed.

Example: Hummingbird Exceed is started and configured to Graphical mode installation.

NOTE Type 'xclock' from prompt and this should display clock in graphical mode.

"No Java virtual machine could be..."

If the error message reads "No Java virtual machine could be found from your PATH environment variable. You must install a VM prior to running this program", then

- Check whether "java path" is set in PATH variable. See the Table 3–1, " Prerequisite Information" section in this document.
- Check whether sufficient temporary space is available.
- Ensure that the movement of OFSAAI Installer text files to the target system is done in the Text mode so that setup.sh file does not contain control line feed characters (^M).

What should I do if I get the following error message during installation, "OracleDriver Files Not Found, Please Choose the Right Path To Continue"?

Check whether the provided path for Oracle Driver files is correct and whether the user has permissions to access the files.

What should I do if I get the following error message during installation, "User must have CREATE TABLE, CREATE VIEW, CREATE TRIGGER, CREATE INDEX, CREATE

SEQUENCE, CREATE PROCEDURE" even though the oracle schema user created has the mentioned privileges?

OFSAAI installer validates the database details provided during installation, so ensure:

- Whether the oracle schema user has the required set of privileges for successful installation.
- Whether the oracle schema user has been created with quota privileges on tablespace to create database objects.
- See the Table 3–1, " Prerequisite Information" section in this document.

Installation of OFSAAI was completed successfully! What next?

Post the successful completion of OFSAAI installation, one has to perform the Post Installation steps. See Chapter 5, "Post Installation Configuration".

What is to be done when OFSAAI Installation is unsuccessful?

OFSAAI installer generates log file OFSAAInfrastructure_Install.log in the Infrastructure Installation Directory. There is also another log file created in the path configured in Log4j.xml. The logs of any of these reported, Warnings/Non Fatal Errors/Fatal Errors/Exceptions should be brought to the notice of the OFSAAI Customer Support. It is recommended not to proceed, until the reported problems are adequately addressed.

How do I completely uninstall OFSAAI?

OFSAAI can be completely uninstalled by performing the steps provided in <u>Uninstalling OFSAA</u> <u>Infrastructure</u> in the OFS AAAI Installation and Configuration Guide Release 8.1.1.0.0.

Can OFSAAI config and atomic schemas be on different databases?

OFSAAI requires both config and atomic schemas to be present on the same database instance.

How to grant privileges if a new information domain is created?

If you are creating a new information domain, provide a set of privileges (database permissions) to the new Atomic schema.

- Log into the database as sys and connect as sysdba user.
- Execute the file privileges_config_user.sql available under \$FIC_HOME
- directory

• Enter the database schema for which you want to grant privileges.

When should I run the MLS utility?

See the Multiple Language Support (MLS) Utility section in OFS AAI Administration Guide available on OTN.

Does OFSAAI support Oracle Linux versions other than 5.5?

OFSAAI supports the Oracle Linux versions from 5.5 up to 5.10 and also from 6.0 and above.

What should I do if I get the following error message on the UNIX System terminal while executing ./setup.sh, "Insert New Media. Please insert Disk1 or type its location"?

- 1. Login as root user on the Unix machine where OFSAAI is getting installed.
- **2.** Navigate to the path /etc/security/.
- 3. Edit the file limits.conf to add/edit a row for the unix user installing OFSAA:

<Unix User> soft nofile 9216

4. After saving the changes, log in as unix user with which OFSAAI is getting installed and execute the command:

ulimit -n

The command should return the value 9216.

How do I verify if the system environment is ready for OFSAAI installation?

To verify the system environment meets the minimum requirements for the installation, a Pre-Install Check utility is available within the Install Kit archive file. This utility can also be obtained separately by contacting Oracle Support Services.

See Verifying System Environment section for additional information.

How do I know if the installation is completed successfully?

The OFSAA Infrastructure installation performs a post install health check automatically on successful installation of the product. To rerun the post install verification at a later time, Follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the path \$FIC_HOME (Product Installation Directory).
- **2.** Execute the command:

./piverify.sh

What should I do if I get the following error message during OFSAAI installation on Solaris 11 system?:

"Error: OFSAAI-1108

ORA-00604: error occurred at recursive SQL level 1

ORA-01882: timezone region not found"

Or

"Time zone cannot be set as null or 'localtime'"

This happens if the time zone is not set, that is NULL or it is set as 'localtime'. Set the environment variable TZ to a valid time zone region in the .profile file. For example,TZ=Asia/Calcutta, export TZ

What should I do if there are any exceptions or errors in installation and how to proceed?

Please backup the installation logs.

Share the backup logs with Oracle support.

What should I do if the installation process is abruptly terminated or aborted?

If the installation is abruptly terminated, then the installation process will be incomplete. To recover from this, follow the below steps:

- 1. Drop the DB objects in the config schema created by OFSAAI installation.
- **2.** Open the .profile and remove the entries made by the OFSAAI installation which are made between the comment statements, #Beginning of entries by OFSAA Infrastructure installation and #End of entries by OFSAA Infrastructure installation.
- 3. Delete the OFSAA install directory created by the OFSAAI installer.
- **4.** Perform the OFSAAI installation again.

Does OFSAA support any other web server types, other than the ones stated in tech matrix and installation guide?

No, all the supported softwares and versions are stated in the OFSAA Technology Stack Matrices.

What should I do if the database connection from connection pool displays the following error message, "java.sql.SQLRecoverableException: IO Error: Connection reset"?

This happens while running several database intensive tasks in parallel. To correct this error, add the line securerandom.source=file:/dev/./urandom in the java.security configuration file available in \$JAVA_HOME/jre/lib/security/ path.

NOTE This needs to be configured on all the machines or VMs where the OFSAAI components are installed.

If the issue is not resolved even with the above settings, check the MTU(Maximum Transmission Unit) settings on the linux box. For details on MTU settings and updating them, contact your system Administrator.

What should I do when I get syntax errors/file not found error messages while invoking setup.sh file from my install archive?

This could mostly happen:

When installer was not unzipped rightly or corrupted during unzip.

setup.sh file which resides within the install archive was not transferred in ASCII or text mode, which could have corrupted the file.

To correct this, follow the steps:

- **1.** Copy the installer (in BINARY mode) to the system on which the OFSAA Infrastructure components will be installed.
- **2.** Unzip the installer using the command:
- **3.** unzip <OFSAAI_Installer>.zip

The corrupted setup.sh file would have introduced certain ^M characters into the file. You can remove ^M characters from setup.sh file by following the below steps:

- **a.** Login to the server where the installer is copied.
- **b.** Navigate to the directory OFSAAI_80000.
- **c.** Open the setup.sh file in the vi editor using the command: vi setup.sh.
- **d.** Inside vi editor in Esc mode, type: %s/^M//g

NOTE To enter ^M, hold the CTRL key then press V and M in succession.

e. Save the setup.sh file by typing: wq!

Does OFSAA support Oracle DB 11g Standard edition?

The OCI client and the jdbc driver does not change depending on whether it is a standard or enterprise edition. So, OFSAAI will work with standard edition as well.

We do not recommend standard edition because it will not scale and does not support partition pack, database security vault, or advanced analytics.

What should I do if I get the following error message while executing ./startofsaai.sh file on the UNIX System terminal "./startofsaai.sh: /java: Execute permission denied"?

- Ensure JAVA_BIN environment variable path is set on the "unix user" terminal from where the ./startofsaai.sh file is invoked.
- Ensure the .profile where the environment/ path settings are made has been executed successfully.

What should I do if the OFSAAI Login page does not open and I get the following error message, "Could not retrieve list of locales"?

This could be due to 2 reasons:

- System is unable to resolve the hostname configured.
- Conflict with the ports configured.

To correct them, follow the below steps:

- **a.** Steps to replace the hostnames with IP address:
 - **iii.** Stop all the OFSAA services. For more information, see Stopping Infrastructure Services.
 - Replace all the hostnames with the IP address in all the places mentioned in the document (Where to find port, IP address, HTTPS Configuration for OFSAAI 7.2 Installation (DOC ID 1500479.1)).
 - **v.** Restart all the OFSAAI services. For more information, see Starting Infrastructure Services section.
- **b.** Steps to correct the port number conflicts
 - i. Stop all the OFSAA services.

- **ii.** See the port numbers stated in the document (Where to find port, IP address, HTTPS Configuration for OFSAAI 7.2 Installation (DOC ID 1500479.1)) and check on the discrepancy in the port numbers and correct them.
- **iii.** Restart all the OFSAAI services.

What happens when the OFSAAI Application Server does not proceed even after providing the system password?

Ensure that, the System Password provided when prompted should match with the "Oracle Configuration password" provided during installation. Also check whether the connection to the "configuration schema" can be established through sqlplus.

Although the OFSAAI installation has completed successfully, when OFSAAI servers are started, and the application URL is accessed, it gives an error message "the page cannot be found or displayed" or "Could not retrieve list of languages from Server. Please contact the system administrator". What should one do?

Ensure OFSAAI servers have been started and are running successfully. On the server start up parameters options, see Starting Infrastructure Services section.

For more details on the issue, see the Revappserver log in \$FIC_APP_ HOME/common/FICServer/logs directory or the Web server log files.

Is it necessary to provide the specified grants to the Oracle schema user before installation? If yes, can it be revoked after completing the installation?

The "Oracle schema" user requires the necessary grants specified before, during, and after the installation process. Grants provided should never be revoked as the application makes use of these grants all the time.

Can we have distributed OFSAAI Application Server for load balancing?

OFSAAI Application server can be scaled out/distributed across different JVM's (machines) based on the various services and Information Domains, in other words, Load balancing could be achieved with distribution of services.

Why do we need Ftpshare on all the layers? Can we have ftpshare on another machine other than the machines where OFSAAI is installed?

Ftpshare is a Metadata Repository directory. All the metadata related files used in Infrastructure are stored in the ftpshare directory. The ftpshare contains folders for each Information Domain, with each Information Domain folders holding Erwin, log, and scripts folder. The transfer of data among the Web, Application, and Database servers in Infrastructure takes place through FTP/SFTP.

You need to configure FTP/SFTP and enable communication between the servers by providing App server's FTP/SFTP credentials to the Web server and DB server users.

Yes, we can have ftpshare on another machine other than the machines where OFSAAI is installed.

Is it mandatory to provide the ftp/sftp password?

Yes, OFSAAI needs credentials of the user which has complete permissions on ftpshare directory, and should be able to independently login to the unix server.

What are the permissions required for ftpshare and when should I give them?

It is recommended to provide permissions on ftpshare in case of installations done across different machines or VMs (multitier installation).

In case of single tier installation, 770 permissions can be provided if the unix users of OFSAAI and web server belong to the same unix group.

And on any new file that is created in the 'ftpshare' folder of any installation layer should be granted specific/explicit permission.

Port Change utility could be used to have the Port number modified, which are currently being used by the Infrastructure application. For more information, see <u>Changing IP/ Hostname, Ports, Deployed</u> <u>Paths of the OFSAA Instance</u> section.

Are there any in-built system administration users within OFSAAI Application?

The three in-built system administration users are provided to configure and setup OFSAAI.

- SYSADMN
- SYSAUTH
- GUEST

Does OFSAAI Application support both FTP and SFTP?

OFSAAI supports both FTP and SFTP configuration.

Is it necessary to enable the FTP/SFTP services to use the OFSAAI?

Yes, enabling of FTP/SFTP services and its ports is a pre-requisite step towards using the OFSAAI.

OFSAAI Configuration: Unable to save the server details?

- Ensure the input User ID, Password, and Share Name are correct.
- Ensure FTP/SFTP services are enabled.
- Have a test FTP/SFTP connection made and confirm if they are successful.

What should I do if I get the following message while creating Information Domain, "Please create a database and then create the information domain"?

Information Domain is mapped to only one Database; and thus before the creation of Information Domain, at least one database details would need to exist.

What should I do if I get the following message during startup of backend engine message server, "ConnectToDatabase: FatalError, could not connect to the DB server"?

- Verify whether connection to the "configuration schema" can be established through sqlplus.
- Verify "configuration schema" password is modified post installation.
- Ensure oracle database alias name created for oracle instance and oracle service name are same.
- On a multi tier Installation mode, ensure TNSNAME and SID are the same in both the Application and Database Layers.

What should I do if I get the following message during the startup of backend engine message server, "Fatal Error, failed to get user ID from LibSmsConnect"?

Ensure Reveleus.sec file exist under the \$FIC_HOME/conf directory where the Database components are installed.

Does OFSAAI Application support LDAP authentication?

OFSAAI supports LDAP configuration and authentication.

Does OFSAAI support multiple languages?

Yes, OFSAAI supports multiple languages.

Does OFSAAI provide any data back-up features?

OFSAAI does not have built-in back up facility. External Storage Infrastructure is recommended for back-up.

What kind of security features does the OFSAAI provide?

OFSAAI provides security at:

- Segment Level Users can access only the segment they are mapped to.
- Application Level Users can perform an operation only if mapped to appropriate role and functions.

Does OFSAAI have the ability to enforce periodic password change?

OFSAAI provides configurable parameters to define number of days after which the user password would expire and then the user is forced to change the password after expiration period.

What is the password policy followed in OFSAAI?

OFSAAI enforces a minimum password length with a combination of Upper and Lower case characters and alpha-numeric strings.

Which version of Erwin Data Modeler does OFSAAI support?

OFSAAI framework supports Data Modeler Erwin versions 9.0, 9.2, 9.6, and 9.7 for backward compatibility. However, the data models shipped with version 8.1.1.0.0 of the application packs are compatible with Erwin 9.5, 9.64, and 9.7.

Does OFSAAI provide the mechanism to upload Business Data model?

OFSAAI provides two mechanisms for business data model upload:

- Easy to use GUI based Model upload mechanism to upload the Business Data Model through Unified Metadata Manager --> Import Model.
- OFSAAI also provides a model upload utility "upload.sh" for uploading the business data model through the command line parameter by executing this shell script file under the path <FIC_HOME>/ficapp/common/FICServer/bin.

See the section Run Model Upload Utility of the OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide available on OTN for details.

How do I apply incremental change to the existing model when the Business Data model undergoes a change?

Modified data model can be uploadd into the system and OFSAAI has the ability to compare the changes within the data model with respect to the one already present in the system and enables propagation of incremental changes in a consistent manner.

What are the different types of uploading a business data Model?

OFSAAI supports uploading of business data model from client desktop and also by picking up the data model from the server location.

Can the OFSAAI "Configuration Schema" password be modified post installation?

The OFSAAI "configuration schema" password can be modified post installation. OFSAAI application stores the password in the database and few configuration files, thus any changes to the "configuration schema" password would necessitate updating in these.

Contact OFSAAI support for more details.

Can the OFSAAI "Atomic Schema" password be modified?

The OFSAAI "Atomic Schema" password can be modified. OFSAAI application stores the atomic schema password in the database and few configuration files, thus any change to the atomic schema password would necessitate updating the password.

To change the Atomic Schema password, follow the steps:

- 1. Login to OFSAA.
- 2. Navigate to System Configuration > Database Details window. Select the appropriate connection, provide the modified password and save.
- **3.** Navigate to Unified Metadata Manager > Technical Metadata> Data Integrator > Define Sources window. Update the appropriate Source details.
 - **a.** If you are using Apache Tomcat as Web server:
 - i. Update the <Context> -> Resource tag details in server.xml file from the
 - **ii.** \$CATALINA_HOME/conf folder. (In case of Tomcat only Atomic <Resource> will exist).
 - **b.** If you are using WebSphere as Web server:
 - i. Login to the WebSphere Administration Console from the left side menu.
 - **ii.** Navigate to Resources >JDBC >Data Sources. A list of data sources will be populated on the right side.
 - **iii.** Select the appropriate Data Source and edit the connection details. (In this case, both Config and Atomic data sources need to be modified).
 - iv. If you are using WebLogic as Web server:
 - v. Login to the WebLogic Administration Console from the left side menu.
 - vi. Under Domain Structure list box, expand the appropriate Domain and navigate to Services > JDBC >Data Sources. A list of data sources will be populated on the right side.
 - **vii.** Select the appropriate Data Source and edit the connection details. (In this case, both Config and Atomic data sources need to be modified).
 - viii. Restart the OFSAAI services

NOTE If the modified passwords are not updated, OFSAAI logs displays the message ORA-28000: the account is locked.

Does the upload of Business Data model depend on Java Memory?

Business data model upload through OFSAAI depends on the Java memory settings on the client and server machines. Java memory setting varies with the data model size and the available RAM. Contact OFSAAI support for more details.

Why do the Business Metadata Management screens (Business Processors screen) in the User Interface, take more time to load than other screens?

The Log file in DynamicServices.xml which resides in \$FIC_HOME/conf is continuously being updated/refreshed to cache metadata. This can be observed when you are starting startofsaai.sh and if any of the log file (Ex: SMSService.log) in DynamicServices.xml is being continuously refreshed for longer time.

By default, the Metadata Log file cache size is set to 1000. If in case the log is being updated beyond this limit, retrospectively the preceding entries are overwritten. For example, the 1001th entry is overwritten by deleting the first entry. This results in the application screen taking a longer time to load.

Increase the cache size limit in Dynamicservices.xml located at <FIC_HOME>/conf, depending on the currently logged count for the specific metadata.

1. Generate the Log report by executing the below query in config schema.

select count(1), t.metadata_name, m.dsn_id from metadata_master m, metadata_type_master t where m.metadata_type = t.metadata_type

group by t.metadata_name, m.dsn_id

- **2.** The above query returns a list of codes with their respective metadata count. You can see "metadata_type_master" table to identify the metadata name.
- **3.** View the log report to identify the metadata which is being updated/refreshed beyond the specified cache size limit. Accordingly increase the cache size limit in Dynamicservices.xml depending on the currently logged count for the specific metadata.

For example, if the "MEASURE_CACHE_SIZE" is set to 1000 and total measure reported in log is 1022, increase the limit to 2000 (approximately).

4. Restart Reveleus/OFSAAI servers (Web and APP) and check the issue.

What should I do if I get OutOfMemoryError while deploying EAR file in WebSphere application server?

The Java memory needs to be increased in ejbdeploy.sh file which is present under

<WebSphere Install directory>/AppServer/deploytool/itp. For example,

\$JAVA_CMD ∖

-Xbootclasspath/a:\$ejbd_bootpath \ Xms256m -Xmx1024m \

What configurations should I ensure if my data model size is greater than 2GB?

In order to upload data model of size greater than 2GB in OFSAAI Unified Metadata Manager- Import Model, you need to configure the required model size in struts.xml file available in the path \$FIC_WEB_HOME/webroot/WEB-INF/classes.

NOTE

The size requirements have to be always specified in bytes.

For example, if you need to configure for model size of 2.5GB, then you can approximately set the max size to 3GB (3221225472 bytes) as indicated below, in order to avoid size constraints during model upload.

<constant name="struts.multipart.maxSize" value="3221225472"/>

After configuring struts.xml file, generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server. For more information on generating and deploying EAR / WAR file, see Appendix D.

What should I do if my Hierarchy filter is not reflecting correctly after I make changes to the underlying Hierarchy?

In some cases, the Hierarchy Filters do not save the edits correctly if the underlying Hierarchy has been changed. This can occur in hierarchy maintenance, where you have moved a member to another hierarchy branch, and that member was explicitly selected in the Filter and is now a child of a node which is already selected in the Filter.

See Support Note for the workaround.

Can I install an Applications Pack on an existing Atomic schema/Information Domain created manually?

No, you cannot install an Applications Pack on existing Atomic schema/Information Domain created manually. Applications Packs can be installed only on Atomic Schemas/Information Domain created using schema creator utility and/ or the Applications Pack installer.

What should I do if I get the following exception while trying to view the model outputs in Model Outputs screen, "Exception ->Local Path/STAGE/Output file name (No such file or directory)"?

Ensure you have created a folder "STAGE" under the path mentioned as "Local Path" in the web server details screen. This folder needs to be created under the local path on every node, in case of web application server clustering.

What should I do if I get the following exception during OFSAA services startup, "Exception in thread "main" java.lang.UnsatisfiedLinkError: net (Not a directory)"?

Ensure the JRE referred in .profile is not a symbolic link. Correct the path reference to point to a physical JRE installed.

What is the optimized memory settings required for "New" model upload?

The following table lists the optimized memory settings required for "New" model upload.

Table T–1 Optimized Memory Settings for New Model Upload

Model Upload Options				X_ARGS_/	APP E	ENV
	Size of [XML File	Data I	Model	Variable APP Laye	in r	OFSAAI
Pick from Server	106 MB			"-Xms1024m		
	36 MB			-Xmx1024	+m 18m	
				-Xmx2048	8m	

	815 MB	"-Xms4096m -Xmx4096m
	1243 MB	"-Xms6144m
		-Xmx6144m
Model Upload Utility	106 MB	"-Xms1024m
		-Xmx1024m"- Xms2048m
		-Xmx2048m
	336 MB	"-Xms4096m
		-Xmx4096m
	815 MB	"-Xms4096m
		-Xmx4096m
	1243 MB	"-Xms6144m
		-Xmx6144m
Save New Erwin File	In106 MB	"-Xms1024m
Server		-Xmx1024m
	336 MB	"-Xms2048m
		-Xmx2048m
		"-Xms4096m
		-Xmx4096m
		"-Xms6144m
		-Xmx6144m

I did not enable OFS Inline Processing Engine Application license during the installation. However, I have enabled it post installation, using the Manage OFSAA Product License(s) in the Admin UI. Are there any other additional configurations that I need to do?

Yes. Follow the instructions explained in the <u>OFS Inline Processing Engine Configuration Guide</u> available on <u>OTN</u>.

I get an error when I try to build an Oracle OLAP cube. What should I do?

Execute the below grant on the appropriate ATOMIC schema

grant olap_user to &database_username

How do you turn off unused Information Domains (Infodoms) from caching?

Follow these steps to turn off unused infodoms from caching:

- 1. Navigate to \$FIC_HOME/conf in the APP layer of your OFSAAI installation.
- 2. In the DynamicServices.xml file, identify the section for <Service code="20">.

3. Modify the value of parameter CACHE_ON_STARTUP to 0 (default is 1).

Repeat the same in the WEB layer too. Generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server. For more information on generating and deploying EAR / WAR file, see <u>Appendix D</u>.

4. Restart the OFSAAI Services (APP and WEB). For more information, see the <u>Starting / Stopping</u> <u>Infrastructure Services</u>. Section

NOTE This setting helps cache the Infodom metadata only for the infodoms that get accessed after user login. Infodoms which are not accessed, are not cached.

Sample code is as follows:

<SERVICE CODE="20"

CLASS="com.iflex.fic.metadata.services.MetadataServiceProvider" NAME="BMD" SERVERID="DEFAULT" PATH=" " LOGGERNAME="UMMLOGGER" LOGGERLEVEL="10">

<PARAMETERS>

```
<PARAMETER NAME="CACHE_ON_STARTUP" VALUE="0" />
```

```
<PARAMETER NAME="BACKUP_XML" VALUE="1" />
```

<PARAMETER NAME="MAX_BACKUP_XML" VALUE="2" />

```
<PARAMETER NAME="PC_NONBI_BI_SWITCH" VALUE="2048" />
```

<PARAMETER NAME="HIERARCHY_NODE_LIMIT" VALUE="2000" />

```
<PARAMETER NAME="ALIAS_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="1000" />
```

<PARAMETER NAME="DATASET_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="2000" />

<PARAMETER NAME="MEASURE_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="2000" />

<PARAMETER NAME="HIERARCHY_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="2000" />

```
<PARAMETER NAME="DIMENSION_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="2000" />
```

<PARAMETER NAME="HIERARCHYATTRIBUTE_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="1000" />

```
<PARAMETER NAME="CUBE_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="1000" />
```

<PARAMETER NAME="RDM_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="1000" />

<PARAMETER NAME="BUSINESSPROCESSOR_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="2000" />

```
<PARAMETER NAME="DERIVEDENTITY_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="1000" />
```

<PARAMETER NAME="LOG_GET_METADATA" VALUE="false" />

<PARAMETER NAME="METADATA_PARALLEL_CACHING" VALUE="0" />

</PARAMETERS>

</SERVICE>
While creating an Excel Mapping, after specifying the excel worksheet, the target table, and mapping each column in the worksheet to a target table, I click SAVE and nothing happens. But when I click CANCEL, a message pops up informing me that all changes will be discarded", what is to be done?

Check if the excel mapping creation is done using I.E 8 with JRE 1.4 plug in enabled on machine. If so, upgrade the JRE plug in to 1.7+.

Can Multiple OFSAA Infrastructure instances share the same config schema?

No, only one OFSAA environment can be installed using one config schema.

Can Atomic schema be shared?

Yes, it can be shared between two OFSAA instances.

While setting a firewall, which ports should be opened for communication between the Web server (Apache HTTP Server/ Oracle HTTP Server/ IBM HTTP Server) and the Web application server (WebSphere/ WebLogic/ Tomcat) for OFSAAI to operate properly?

The OFSAA Servlet port which is same as Web server port should be open. Also the web application port should be open.

Can I modify the NLS_LENGTH_SEMANTICS to BYTE from CHAR for the Database where older versions of OFSAA is Installed?

Yes, NLS_LENGTH_SEMANTICS can be modified to BYTE from CHAR if you are not intending to use multi language support.

Can I install already installed application in a different infodom?

No, it is not possible to install the same application in two different infodoms.

How can I configure the OFSAA application for High Availability?

OFSAA can have active-passive high availability. For more details, see <u>Configuring OFSAA in Clustered</u> <u>Environment Guide</u>.

During OFSAA installation should I provide web application server's IP /Hostname and port or web server's IP/Hostname and port, if the Apache HTTP Server/ Oracle HTTP Server/ IBM HTTP Server are configured?

In case the web server is configured, you should enter the Web server IP Address/Hostname and Port details during OFSAA installation. Here the Servlet port should be same as the Web server port.

If Web server is not configured, the Web application server's IP Address/ Hostname and Port is required during the installation process. Here the Servlet port should

be same as the Web application Server port.

Is "ReveleusAdminConsoleAgent" applicable for OFSAAI 8.0.0.0.0 and higher versions?

No, ReveleusAdminConsoleAgent is not applicable starting OFSAAI 7.3.3.0.0. There is a change in the way agentservers are managed through AGENTSTARTUP.SH & AGENTSHUTDOWN.SH.

What should I do when the message server process does not open and I get the following error message, "CI18NProvider::CI18NProvider, Error, unable to connect to the config database"?

This error is displayed due to the following reasons:

- The Config Schema password is already expired.
- If the config schema password is going to expire soon and the message such

as "ORA-28002: the password will expire within 6 days" displays while connecting to config schema through sqlplus.

• The Config schema password is Modified.

To resolve the error, re-set the config schema password to the old password. Else, if the config schema password is modified to something else then follow the below steps:

- 1. Delete the \$FIC_HOME/conf/Reveleus.SEC file.
- 2. Shutdown the OFSAAI App service: cd \$FIC_APP_ HOME/common/FICServer/bin ./stopofsaai.sh
- **3.** Shutdown the OFSAAI App service: cd \$FIC_APP_ HOME/common/FICServer/bin ./stopofsaai.sh
- **4.** Start the Infrastructure Server in foreground directly on the server or through XWindows software using the command: ./startofsaai.sh
- **5.** Enter System Password.
- **6.** Enter the new Config schema password. The service starts and initializes if it is able to successfully connect to the DB and generates the Reveleus.SEC file.
- **7.** Post successful startup of the service, if required, the Infrastructure server may be shut down and restarted in the background using nohup mode.

What is the mechanism of Log File sizing and backup?

OFSAAI Log files created under \$FIC_APP_HOME/common/FICServer/logs &

<OFSAAI_DEPLOYED_AREA>/<CONTEXT.war>/logs is configurable in

RevLog4jConfig.xml.

The default size of the log files (MaxFileSize) is set to max 5000kb & number of max backup log files (MaxBackupIndex) retained is set to 5, both of which are configurable. Increasing these parameters to a higher value should depend on the server HW configurations and may reduce the performance.

To configure the Logs file size on OFSAA Application server, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to \$FIC_HOME/conf where OFSAA is installed.
- 2. Edit the following parameters in the file RevLog4jConfig.xml
 - param name="file" : Enter the path where the Logs are to be generated.
 - <param name="MaxFileSize" : Provide the required file size.
 - <param name="MaxBackupIndex" : Provide the required number of backup files to be created.</p>

Example:

<appender name="REVSERVERAPPENDER" class="org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender">

<param name="file" value="\$FIC_ HOME/ficapp/common/FICServer/logs/RevAppserver.log"/>

<param name="Append" value="true" />

<param name="MaxFileSize" value="5000kb" />

<param name="MaxBackupIndex" value="5" />

<layout class="org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout">

<param name="ConversionPattern" value="[REVELEUSLOG] %m%n"/>

</layout>

</appender>

To configure the Deployed area logs file, follow these steps:

Navigate to <EAR/WAR Deploy area>/conf folder.

Repeat step 2 from the above section.

Can we modify the Log file path?

Yes, Log file path is configurable, it can be configured in RevLog4jConfig.xml.default log file path (file) is set by the installer. This can be configured to another path.

Can I point the environment with HTTP enabled to HTTPS after installation and vice versa?

For more details, see the HTTPS section in the OFSAAI Administration Guide.

What should I do if the sliced data model upload takes a long time to complete?

If the metadata cache size is set to a lower value than the actual count of each metadata type (hierarchy, dataset, dimension etc), then it gets into performance degrade issues. We have to increase the cache size for each metadata type according to the count in the environment.

Following are the parameters in DynamicServices.xml to be configured depends on the metadata count in your environment.

<PARAMETER NAME="HIERARCHY_NODE_LIMIT" VALUE="2000"/>

<PARAMETER NAME="ALIAS_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="1000"/>

<PARAMETER NAME="DATASET_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="2000"/>

<PARAMETER NAME="MEASURE_ CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="3000"/>

<PARAMETER NAME="HIERARCHY_ CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="2000"/>

<PARAMETER NAME="DIMENSION_ CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="2000"/>

<PARAMETER NAME="CUBE_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="1000"/>

<PARAMETER NAME="BUSINESSPROCESSOR_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="2000"/>

<PARAMETER NAME="DERIVEDENTIT Y_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="1000"/>

Metadata count can be derived based on the following queries:

select count(1) from metadata_master where metadata_version=0 --- for all metadata select count(1) from metadata_master where metadata_version=0 and metadata_type=1 --- for measure

select count(1) from metadata_master where metadata_version=0 and metadata_

type=2 --- for Dimension

select count(1) from metadata_master where metadata_version=0 and metadata_

type=3 --- for HCY

select count(1) from metadata_master where metadata_version=0 and metadata_

type=4 --- for DATASET

select count(1) from metadata_master where metadata_version=0 and metadata_ type=59 --- for BP's

select count(1) from metadata_master wh ere metadata_version=0 and metadata_ type=54 ---- for Alias

select count(1) from metadata_master wh ere metadata_version=0 and metadata_ type=5 --- for CUBES

select count(1) from metadata_master wh ere metadata_version=0 and metadata_ type=856 --- for Derived Entit

For LDAP authentication, which server connects with the LDAP server, the Application

server (where ofsaai is installed), or Web Application server (where EAR is deployed)?

For LDAP authentication, the Application server (ficapp) connects with the LDAP server.

The LDAP server in the setup listens on secure protocol ldaps (port 636). I have the root certificate of the LDAP server for SSL, and would like to know where to offload this certificate?

You need to import the certificate into the JDK/JVM used by Reveleus server in ficapp layer.

How to relocate FTPSHARE folder?

You can run the PortC.jar utility. For more details, see Changing IP/Hostname, Ports, Deployed Paths of the OFSAA Instance section in the OFSAAI Admin Guide available on OTN.

How do we identify the list of ports that are used by/configured in an OFSAA environment?

Navigate to \$FIC_HOME directory on target.

What should I do if I get the following error message, "Error while fetching open cursor value Status : FAIL"?

This error occurs while executing envCheck.sh because the user does not have access to V\$parameter. This error does not occur due to sysdba or non sysdba privileges provided they have access/grants to V\$parameter.

28.3 Applications Pack 8.1.1.0.0 FAQs

What is an Applications Pack?

An Applications Pack is suite of products. For more information, see About OFSAA Infrastructure.

Can I get a standalone installer for OFSAAI 8.1?

No. AAI is part of every Applications Pack and installs automatically.

How does OFSAA 8.1 Applications Pack relate to OFSAA 7.x series?

8.1 is a new major release consolidating all products from OFSAA product suite.

Can existing OFSAA 7.x customers upgrade to OFSAA 8.1 Applications Pack?

There is no upgrade path available. However, we will have migration kit / path for every product to 8.1 Applications Pack. Further details will be available with Oracle Support Services.

Does OFSAA 8.1 Applications Pack UPGRADE automatically to existing environments?

No. OFSAA 8.1 Applications Pack has to be installed in an new environment and subsequently migration path / migration kit needs to be run to migrate from 7.x to 8.1. Note that the objects can be migrated only from the previously released version of OFSAA products.

Where can I download OFSAA 8.1 Applications Pack?

You can download the OFSAAI 8.1 Applications Pack from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud (OSDC).

What are the minimum system and software requirements for OFSAA 8.1 Applications Pack?

See installation guide section Hardware and Software Requirements.

Is my environment compatible with OFSAA 8.1 Applications Pack?

Environment Check utility performs the task. It is part of install and can also be run separately.

Does the OFSAA 8.1.1.0.0 Applications Pack support all Operating systems?

OFSAA 8.1.1.0.0 Applications Pack supports the following Operating Systems: LINUX, AIX, SOLARIS. See <u>Technology Matrix</u> for the technology matrix that OFSAA suite products are/ will be qualified on.

How can I install OFSAA 8.1.1.0.0 Applications Pack?

See Oracle Financial Services Advanced Analytical Infrastructure Installation And Configuration Guide published in <u>OTN</u> for the Applications Pack installers.

Does this installation require any Third party Softwares?

Oracle Financial Services Advanced Analytical Infrastructure Installation And Configuration Guide published in <u>OTN</u> lists the third party software that needs to be installed.

What languages are supported during OFSAA 8.1.1.0.0 Applications Pack installation?

US English is the language supported.

What mode of installations OFSAA Applications Pack supports?

OFSAA Applications Packs supports Silent Mode.

Does OFSAA 8.1.1.0.0 Applications Pack support Multi tier Installations?

OFSAA 8.1.1.0.0 supports only single tier installation. For more information see <u>OFSAAI FAQs</u> section.

Does this Applications Pack validate all Pre-requisites required for this installation i.e., Memory, Disk Space etc.?

Yes. The pre-requisite checks are done by the respective Applications Pack installer.

What happens if it aborts during installation of any application with in Applications Pack?

You must restore the system and retrigger the installation

Does this Applications Pack 'Roll Back' if any application installation fails due to errors?

Rollback of installation is not supported.

Does the Applications Pack install all applications bundled?

All Applications Pack system files are installed but there is an option to enable the licensed products.

Can I re-install any of the Applications Packs?

You can retrigger in case of failure.

Does this Applications Pack allow enabling / disabling any of the applications installed?

Yes. You cannot disable once the product is enabled in an environment.

I have installed one application in an Applications Pack, can I install any of new application within the Applications Pack later?

No, installation of additional applications is not required. If you wish to add an application later, you can enable the application at that time.

How many OFSAA Infrastructures can be installed in a single server?

There is no issue in installing separate OFSAAI installations, each with their own PFT/FTP installations and separate associated database instances and separate Web server installations on the same server as long as adequate memory is allocated for each instance and as long as each OFSAAI installation is installed using a separate UNIX user and profile. Care should be taken if running multiple OFSAAI installations on a single server. Adequate memory will be required for each installation as several OFSAAI processes (model upload, DEFQ services, etc) take significant amounts of memory. So it depends on your server memory.

Is it possible to Install OFSAA 8.1 Applications Pack on an existing 'Infodom' where another OFSAA 8.1 application is installed?

Yes. However, the Behavioral Detection Applications Pack and Compliance Regulatory Reporting Applications Pack are the exceptions. They need to be installed in a different INFODOM.

Can I select an Infodom in Applications Pack during installation?

Yes. You can select or change the required infodom.

Can I install all Applications Packs in a 'Single Infodom'?

Yes. But Behavioral Detection Applications Pack and Compliance Regulatory Reporting Applications Pack are the exceptions. They need to be installed in a different INFODOM.

Is it possible to install applications on different Infodom within the Applications Pack? (For example, I want to install LRM & MR in two infodoms)

Applications within Applications Pack have to be installed in the same information domain in the same environment.

How many Infodoms can be created over a single OFSAA Infrastructure of 8.1.1.0.0?

You can install only one infodom during installation. But after installation, you can create multiple infodoms.

Is the 'Data Model' bundled specific to an Applications Pack or to an individual application?

A merged data model for all applications within the Applications Pack is bundled and uploadd.

Is it possible to install OFS Enterprise Modeling later?

OFS Enterprise Modeling is a separate product and can be enabled as an option later from any Applications Pack that bundles Enterprise Modeling.

Does the Applications Pack create sandbox automatically for the required applications?

Yes, Sandbox creation is part of application install process.

Are upgrade Kits available for individual applications or the complete Applications Pack?

Maintenance Level (ML) Release / Minor Release upgrades are available across all applications.

Can I upgrade AAI only?

Yes, you can upgrade AAI alone.

Can I upgrade one application within the Applications Pack? (For example, I want to upgrade LRM in the Treasury Applications Pack, but not MR.)

No, an upgrade is applied to all applications in the Applications Pack.

Is it possible to uninstall any Application from the Applications Pack?

No, it is not possible to uninstall any Application from the Applications Pack.

Can I uninstall entire Applications Pack?

No, you cannot uninstall the Applications Pack.

Is it possible to uninstall only application and retain AAI in the installed environment? No, you cannot uninstall only the application and retain AAI in the installed environment. Does Applications Pack contain all Language Packs supported?

Language Packs need to be installed on 8.1 Applications Packs.

Can I install an Applications Pack over another Applications Pack (that is same infodom or different infodom)?

Yes, you can install an Applications Pack over another Applications Pack in the same information domain or different information domain. But Behavioral Detection Applications Pack and Compliance Regulatory Reporting Applications Pack, Asset Liability Management Applications Pack and Profitability Applications Pack are the exceptions. They need to be installed in a different INFODOM.

Can I use an existing manually created schema as information domain for Applications Pack installation?

No. Schemas required by OFSAA applications have to be created using Schema Creator Utility.

Does OFSAA 8.1 support on WebLogic 10.3.6 with Oracle 12c?

Yes, OFSAA 8.1 will support on WebLogic 10.3.6 with Oracle 12c. WebLogic 10.3.6 supports oracle 12c with some additional configurations. See the link

http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E28280_01/web.1111/e13737/ds_12cdriver.htm#JDBCA655 for additional configurations.

What should I do if I get the following error message while running the schema creator utility, "HostName in input xml is not matching with the local hostname"?

One possible reason could be the machine is configured for zonal partitioning. Ensure all the known IP Addresses of the machine are present in the /etc/hosts file.

What are the Java versions supported in OFS AAAI Applications Pack version 8.1.1.0.0?

OFS AAAI Applications Pack supports Java 1.7.x and 1.8.x.

Is OFS AAAI Applications Pack version 8.1.1.0.0 supported on Java 8?

Yes. To install this release of the OFS AAAI Applications Pack version 8.1.1.0.0 on Java 8. For more information, see specific notes mentioned in the sections Installer and Installation Prerequisites, Configurations supported for Java 8, Configuring and Executing Schema Creator Utility, Installing in Silent Mode.

What should I do when I get "[ERROR] - Error : APP Setup bin file failed." message during OFS_Application_PACK installation?

This is a generic error message that appears during application installation failure. You should check the installation log files for more information about what failed the installation.

However, if the message is displayed and the log files are not generated, it could be that it is a temp directory issue. The resolution is that your UNIX administrator has to disable the NOEXEC option. The installers extract the installation files into the /tmp directory, and if NOEXEC is enabled, execution of binaries will not happen in the directory and the installation fails. Re-run the installer after the configuration is changed. For detailed information, see the support note at https://support.oracle.com/epmos/faces/DocumentDisplay?id=2340045.1.

28.4 Forms Framework FAQs

What should I do when I have large volume of data to be exported?

It is recommended to use BIP reports or OAS 5.5 reports if you have to export large volume of data.

How do I export the columns added to the grid using Field Chooser option?

Perform Grid Export operation to export the columns added to the grid by Field Chooser option.

'Expand All/ Collapse All' button is not visible in the Hierarchy Browser window. What should I do?

Expand All/ Collapse All button is enabled only if the number of hierarchy nodes is less than

50. If it is more than that, it is considered as large hierarchy and the data will be fetched dynamically when you expand each node.

What is the difference between the two Searches available in the Hierarchy Browser window?

In the new Hierarchy Browser window introduced from 7.3.5.1.0 version, there are 2 search options available as highlighted in the following figure:

Attp://ofss220663.ii	n.oracle.com:	7106/ - Hiera	rchy B			×
Code 10	Nan	ne		Searc	h�Reset	\sim
Business Line				Search		
		Ŧ	± 🛛 🗧		II 1	
Retail Banking - 10	01					
Merchant Banking	- 10					
						<u> </u>
Node					Find	1
	OK	Cancel				

DB Search (Top search container): It will search the required node in database and displays the result as shown below. This search is performed on full hierarchy nodes.

UI search (Below the hierarchy): This search will find the required node in the UI and will show in tree structure.

NOTE In case hierarchy nodes are more than 50 and if it is a non-custom hierarchy, then the UI search will not show the required node in tree structure, until all the nodes are expanded and loaded manually in the UI.

What is a Custom Hierarchy?

Custom hierarchies will be having the parameter configuration customQuery as shown below and the customized query will be taken from the HIERARCHY_FILTER_MASTER table.

Configuration in xml:

<CONTROL ID="1003" TYPE="41">

<CONTROLPROPS>

<EXTRAPARAMETERS>

<PARAMETER NAME="customQuery" VALUE="Yes"/>

</EXTRAPARAMETERS>

</CONTROLPROPS>

</CONTROL>

For custom hierarchy, all the hierarchy nodes are loaded in UI without any limit.

So, even if the hierarchy nodes are more than 50, the UI search will show the required node in tree structure and ExpandAll and ExpandBranch images will be enabled.

28.5 Error Dictionary

This contents of this section has been created with the interest to help you resolve the installation issues if any. There is a compilation of all the possible errors that might arise during the installation process with the possible cause and the resolution to quickly fix the issue and proceed further with the installation.

This section includes the following topics:

- <u>Accessing Error Dictionary</u>
- Error Code Dictionary

28.6 Accessing Error Dictionary

Instead of scrolling through the document to find the error code, you can use the pdf search functionality. In the "Find" dialog available in any of the Adobe Acrobat version that you are using to view the pdf document, follow the below instructions to quickly find the error resolution.

- 1. With the Installation pdf open, press Ctrl+F or select Edit > Find.
- **2.** The Find dialog is displayed as indicated.
- 3. Enter the error code that is displayed on screen during Infrastructure installation.
- 4. Press Enter. The search results are displayed and highlighted as indicated below.

Figure T–1 Error Code

code - OFSAAI-1003		
Cause	JAVA_HOME/bin not found in PATH variable.	
Resolution	Import /bin into PATH variable.	

View the details of the issues, its cause, and resolution specific to the error code. Repeat the step to find an answer to any other errors that you notice during installation. If you are not able to resolve the issue even after following the steps provided in resolution, you can contact support.oracle.com along with log files and appropriate screen shots.

28.7 Error Code Dictionary

28.7.1 Error code - OFSAAI-1001

Table T-2 Error code - OFSAAI-1001

Cause	Unix shell is not "korn" shell.
Table T	–2 Error code - OFSAAI-1001
Resolution	Change the shell type to "korn". Use chsh unix command to change SHELL type.
	Shell type can also be changed by specifying shell path for the Unix user in
	/etc/passwd file.
	Note: chsh command is not available in Solaris OS.

28.7.2 Error code - OFSAAI-1002

Table T–3 Error code - OFSAAI-1002

Cause	No proper arguments are available.
-------	------------------------------------

Resolution Provide proper arguments. Invoke Setup.sh using Silent mode.

Example: ./Setup.sh SILENT

28.7.3 Error code - OFSAAI-1004

Table T-4 Error code - OFSAAI-1004

Cause	File .profile is not present in \$HOME.
Resolution	Create .profile in \$HOME, i.e. in the home directory of user.

28.7.4 Error code - OFSAAI-1005

Table T-5 Error code - OFSAAI-1005

Cause	File OFSAAInfrastructure.bin is not present in current folder.
Resolution	Copy OFSAAInfrastructure.bin into installation kit directory.

28.7.5 Error code - OFSAAI-1006

Table T-6 Error code - OFSAAI-1006

Cause	File CustReg.DAT is not present in current folder.
Resolution	Copy CustReg.DAT into installation kit directory.

28.7.6 Error code - OFSAAI-1007

Table T-7 Error code - OFSAAI-1007

CauseFile OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml is not present in current folder.ResolutionCopy OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml into installation kit directory.

28.7.7 Error code - OFSAAI-1008

Table T-8 Error code - OFSAAI-1008

Cause	File validateXMLInputs.jar is not present in current folder.
Resolution	Copy validateXMLInputs.jar into installation kit directory.

28.7.8 Error code - OFSAAI-1009

Table T–9 Error code - OFSAAI-1009

Cause File log4j.xml is not present in current folder.

Resolution Copy log4j.xml into installation kit directory.

28.7.9 Error code - OFSAAI-1010

Table T–10 Error code - OFSAAI-1010

Cause	Unknown error occurred.
Resolution	Make sure to provide proper argument (Silent) to the Setup.sh file.

28.7.10 Error code - OFSAAI-1011

Table T–11 Error code - OFSAAI-1011

Cause	XML validation failed.	
Resolution	Check InfrastructurePreValidations.Log for more details.	

28.7.11 Error code - OFSAAI-1012

Table T–12 Error code - OFSAAI-1012

Cause	Property file with locale name does not exist.
Resolution	Copy MyResources_en_US.properties to the setup kit directory and keep
	en_US in LOCALE tag of OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml.

28.7.12 Error code - OFSAAI-1013

Table T–13 Error code - OFSAAI-1013

Cause	File OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml/OFSAAI_PostInstallConfig.xml not found.
Resolution	Copy OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml/OFSAAI_PostInstallConfig.xml to the setup kit directory.

28.7.13 Error code - OFSAAI-1014

Table T–14 Error code - OFSAAI-1014

Cause XML node value is blank.

Resolution Make sure all node values except SMTPSERVER, PROXYHOST, PROXYPORT, PROXYUSERNAME, PROXYPASSWORD,

NONPROXYHOST, or RAC_URL are not blank.

28.7.14 Error code - OFSAAI-1015

Table T–15 Error code - OFSAAI-1015

Cause	XML is not well formed.

Table T–15 Error code - OFSAAI-1015

Resolution	Execute the command dos2unix OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml to
	convert plain text file from DOS/MAC format to UNIX format. OR
	Make sure that OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml is valid. Try to open the file
	through Internet Explorer for a quick way to check validity. If it is not
	getting opened, create new OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml using the
	XML_ Utility.jar.

28.7.15 Error code - OFSAAI-1016

Table T–16 Error code - OFSAAI-1016

Cause	User installation directory contain blank spaces.
Resolution	Provide an installation path that does not contain spaces. Check the tag USER_INSTALL_DIR in OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml file. This path
	should not contain any spaces.

28.7.16 Error code - OFSAAI-1017

Table T–17 Error code - OFSAAI-1017

Cause	User installation directory is invalid.
Resolution	Provide a valid installation path. Check if you are able to create the directory mentioned in USER_INSTALL_DIR tag value of OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml file.

29 Appendix U: OFS BD Version Compatibility List

OFS BD Version	OFSAAI Version	FSDF Version	OFS ECM Version
8.1.1	8.1.1	8.0.8	8.1.1
8081	8.0.8.6	8.0.8	8.0.8.x
8.0.8	8.0.8 to 8.0.8.6	8.0.8	8.0.8
8072	8.0.7.8	8.0.7	8.0.7.x
8071	8.0.7.4 to 8.0.7.8	8.0.7	8.0.7.x
8.0.7	8.0.7 to 8.0.7.8	8.0.7	8.0.7

OFSAA Support

Raise a Service Request (SR) in <u>My Oracle Support (MOS)</u> for queries related to the OFSAA applications.

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