

Oracle Financial Services Know Your Customer

Administration Guide

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Financial Services

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Document Control

Table 1: Document Control

Revision Number	Revision Date	Change Log
8.1.2.6.2	December 2023	Introduced the following sections: • Simulation Capability • Appendix-E Configurations for the Bearer Token • Appendix-F Setting the ZEPPELIN_INTERPETER_OUTPUT_LIMIT in Python Interpreter
8.1.2.6.0	October 2023	Updated the Running KYC Batches section.
8.1.2.5.0	June 2023	There are no updates to this guide in this release.
8.1.2.4.0	March 2023	Added sections User Authentication and Performing Assessments on Related Customers .
8.1.2.3.0	December 2022	• Updated the Mapping a User with a User Group section with updated user roles. • Added Setting the Interested Party Level, Modifying the Risk Scores and Viewing the Risk Categories and APPENDIX-D Switching between EDQ and CS sections.
8.1.2.2.0	September 2022	Added the steps to Add a Parameter/Rule value in Adding Risk Scores for Parameter/Rule Values section.
8.1.2.1.0	June 2022	A new version is created and the screenshots are updated for the KYC Onboarding and Adding Risk Parameters and Rules (KYC Batch) section as part of the UI changes.
8.1.2.0.0	March 2022	A new version has been created for the 8.1.2.0.0 release.

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1 About This Guide

This guide provides information about risk assessments being performed on a customer to adhere to the norms of Oracle Financial Services Know Your Customer (OFS KYC). It also covers different risk models with the parameters considered for assessing a customer's risk to a financial institution.

Topics:

- [Intended Audience](#)
- [Access to Oracle Support](#)
- [How this Guide is Organized](#)
- [Where to Find More Information](#)
- [Conventions Used in This Guide](#)

1.1 Intended Audience

The KYC Risk Assessment Guide is designed for various OFS KYC users. Their roles and responsibilities, as they operate within the OFS KYC application, include the following:

- **Business Analyst:** A user in this role analyses and disposes the risk assessments. This user understands how risk assessments are calculated and which risk score attributes contribute to the risk score. This user can also manually promote the risk assessments to a case and review the KYC Cases if KYC is integrated with Enterprise Case Management (ECM). A Business Analyst guides the Administrator to fine-tune the parameters required for risk assessments.
- **KYC Administrator:** This user is a manager for data center activities and application administration activities in a financial institution. This user has access to configuration functionalities and is responsible for configuring the required details for executing the KYC process. This user also has in-depth knowledge of all modules of KYC to perform the necessary administration and maintenance.

1.2 Access to Oracle Support

Oracle customers have access to electronic support through [My Oracle Support](#). For information, visit [Oracle Accessibility Learning and Support](#).

Or visit [Telecommunications Relay Service](#), if you are hearing-impaired.

1.3 How this Guide is Organized

The OFS KYC Administration Guide includes the following chapters:

- [About Oracle Financial Services KYC](#) provides a brief overview of the OFS KYC process and its components.
- [Getting Started](#) explains common elements on the interface, includes instructions on how to configure your system, access KYC, and exit the application.
- [Managing User Administration and Security Configuration](#) covers the required day-to-day operations and maintenance of OFS KYC users, groups, and organizational units.
- [Maintenance Activities and Configuring Setup Parameters \(KYC Batch\)](#) describe how to configure the KYC application.

- [Integrating with ECM](#) explains the configurations that must be performed in the ECM User Interface (UI).
- [Managing KYC Batches](#) provides information on how to manage the different KYC batches.
- [KYC Onboarding](#) provides information on the different processes involved in KYC Onboarding.
- [Adding Risk Parameters and Rules \(KYC Batch\)](#) describes how to add risk parameters for algorithm-based assessments, rule-based assessments, and accelerated re-review parameters.
- [APPENDIX-A KYC Batches](#) provides information on the KYC batches.
- [APPENDIX-B Creating Highlights](#) provides information on how to create highlights for risk assessments.
- [APPENDIX-C Configuring Steps for CS Delta Updates](#) provides information on the configuration steps.

1.4 Where to Find More Information

For more information about OFS KYC, see the following KYC application documents, which can be found on the [Oracle Help Center](#) page:

- KYC Risk Assessment Guide
- Data Interface Specification (DIS) Guide
- Data Model Reference (DMR) Guide
- Service Guide
- API Data Elements Guide
- Utilities Guide
- ECM User Guide

To find additional information about how OFS solves real business problems, see our website on [Oracle for Financial Services home page](#).

1.5 Conventions Used in This Guide

[Table 1](#) mentions the conventions used in this guide.

Table 1: Conventions Used

Conventions	Meaning
<i>Italics</i>	• Names of books as references • Emphasis • Substitute input values
Bold	• Menu names, field names, options, button names • Commands typed at a prompt • User input

Table 1: Conventions Used

Conventions	Meaning
Monospace	• Directories and subdirectories • File names and extensions • Code sample, including keywords and variables within the text and as separate paragraphs, and user-defined program elements within the text
Hyperlink	Hyperlink type indicates the links to external websites and internal document links to sections.
Asterisk (*)	Mandatory fields in User Interface.
<Variable>	Substitute input value.

2 About Oracle Financial Services KYC

This chapter briefly overviews Oracle Financial Services Know Your Customer (OFS KYC) in terms of its architecture and operations.

Topics:

- [KYC Overview](#)
- [KYC Workflow](#)

2.1 KYC Overview

KYC assesses the risk a customer poses to the bank or financial institution. It is not a one-time assessment but is a continuous process of assessing customers. Customers are assessed in different stages of their relationship with the bank. The different stages of the relationship are described in the following sections:

- Onboarding
- Deployment Initiation
- Real Time Account on Boarding
- Account on Boarding or Default Review
- Re-review

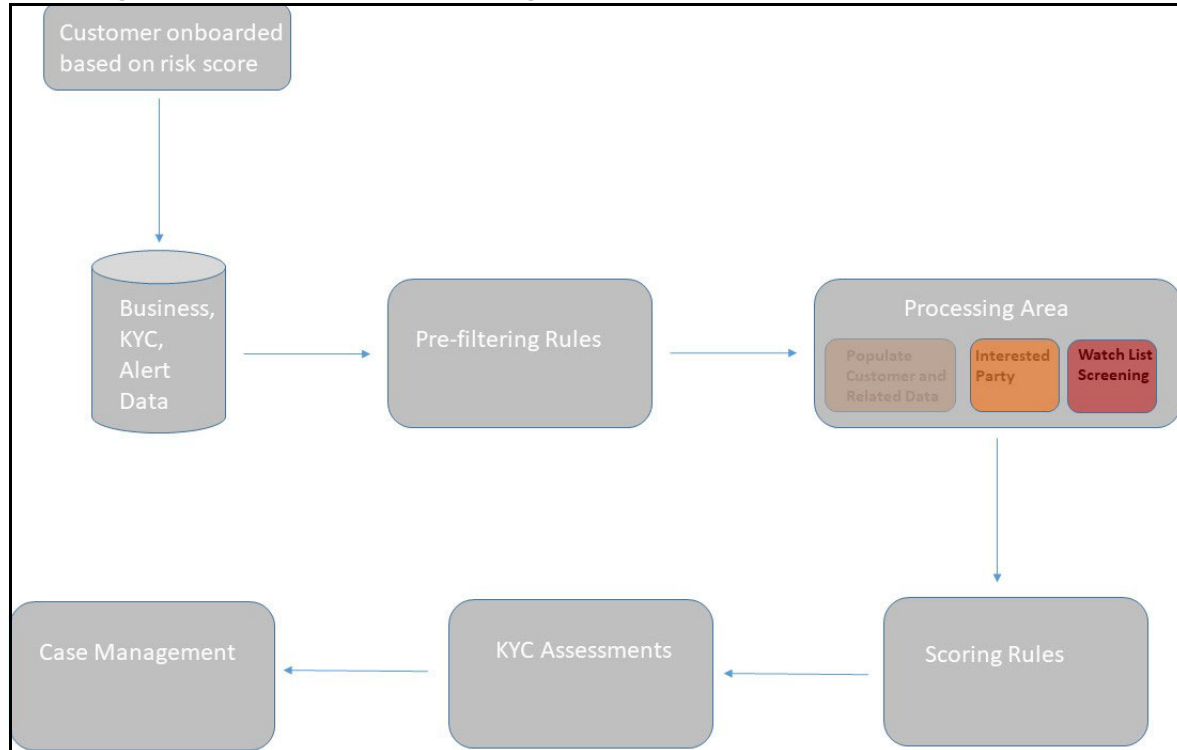
The Oracle KYC risk assessment application is built using the OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure (AAI) framework. The application functions are divided into the following areas:

- Reference Data Management (Internal and External)
- On-line interface with account opening system
- Risk Assessment Engine
- Interface with Third Party Services
- System Maintenance

2.2 KYC Workflow

The following figure shows the workflow for existing customers:

Figure 1: KYC Process Flow for Existing Customers



The following section describes the process flow:

1. The customer is onboarded based on the risk score. For more information on the Onboarding process, see [KYC Onboarding](#).
2. Customer data is moved from the data warehouse to the processing area using BDF or T2T. This data can be account data, information related to alerts, or information specific to KYC cases.
All data is not moved to the processing area. It is moved using certain prefiltering rules, such as accelerated re-reviews, periodic reviews, and account Onboarding. The prefiltering rules identify a set of customers due for review depending on these rules.
3. The processing area contains the data of all customers for whom the prefiltering rules apply and for whom risk scoring needs to be done.
4. The prefiltered customers are scored using two risk assessments to get the risk score on the customer attributes: Algorithm-based risk assessments and Rule-based risk assessments. The risk score is the maximum of the Algorithm-based risk score and Rule-based risk score.
5. A risk assessment record is created for each customer who is scored. The risk assessment contains data such as the risk score, risk assessment history, and customer review details. Based on the risk score, the risk assessment can either be closed or promoted to a case.
6. A risk assessment is considered for a promotion to a case under the following conditions:
 - The customer's effective risk score, or the risk score, is beyond the threshold defined for due diligence.
 - The watch list score of a customer is beyond the limit defined.

- The customer matches a rule defined for Rule-based risk assessments irrespective of the risk score.

NOTE

If the effective risk score of a customer is 0 or 0.5, a risk assessment is not created.

The cases are investigated in Enterprise Case management (ECM). The KYC system moves the risk assessments which meet the above criteria as Events to the ECM layer along with the risk scoring data, the interested party identified for the customer, and the rules met by the customer with the details of the customer and account which is used for risk scoring.

3 Getting Started

This chapter provides step-by-step instructions to log in to the Know Your Customer (KYC) application and different features of the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications (OFSAA) Application page.

Topics:

- [Accessing OFSAA Applications](#)
- [Managing OFSAA Application Page](#)
- [Troubleshooting Your Display](#)

3.1 Accessing OFSAA Applications

Access to the OFS KYC application depends on the Internet or Intranet environment. The system administrator provides the intranet address uniform resource locator (URL), User ID, and Password. Log in to the application through the Login page. You will be prompted to change your password on your first login. You can change your password whenever required by logging in. For more information, see the Troubleshooting Your Display section.

To access the OFSAA, follow these steps:

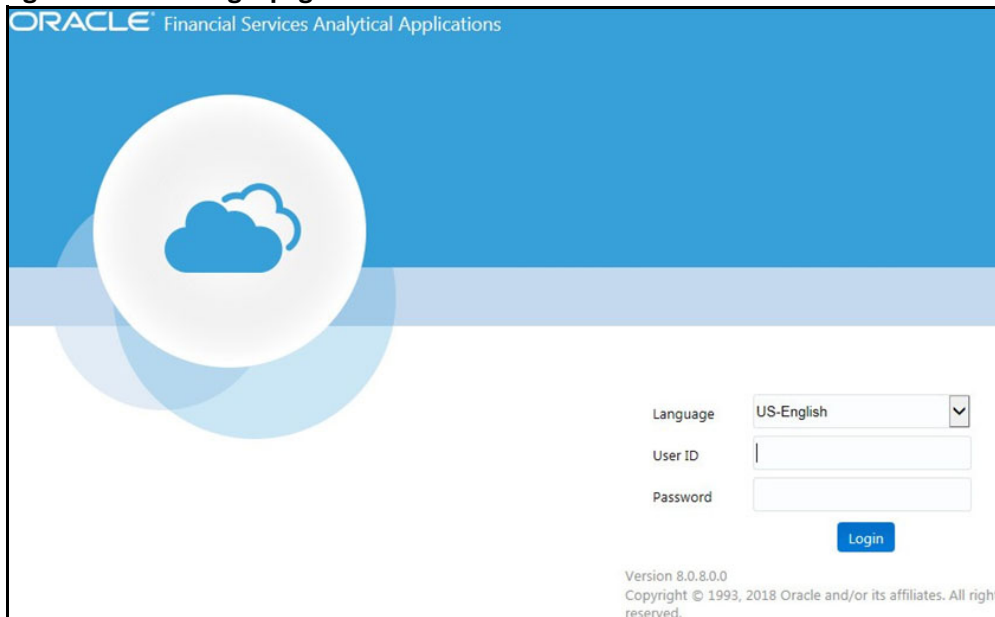
1. Enter the URL in your browser using the following format:

```
<scheme/ protocol>://<ip address/ hostname>:<port>/<context-name>/login.jsp
```

For example: `https://myserver:9080/ofsaapp/login.jsp`

The OFSAA Login page is displayed.

Figure 2: OFSAA Login page



2. Select the Language from the Language drop-down list. This allows you to use the application in the language of your selection.
3. Enter your User ID and Password in the respective fields.
4. Click **Login**. The OFSAA page is displayed.

3.2 Managing OFSAA Application Page

This section describes the options available for system configuration on the OFSAA Application page. The OFSAA Application page has the following tabs:

- [Behavior Detection - KYC Tab](#)
- [Common Tasks Tab](#)

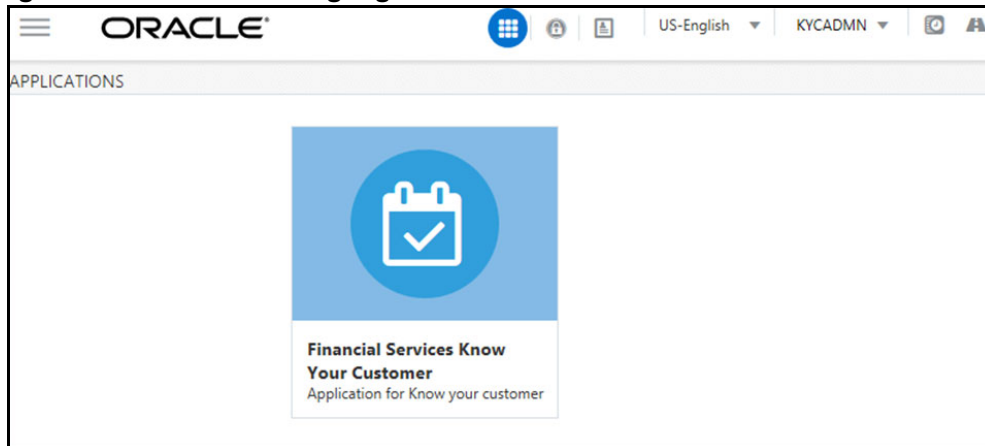
3.2.1 Behavior Detection - KYC Tab

The **Behavior Detection - KYC** tab allows the KYC administrator to administer security for users, configure KYC application and risk assessment parameters, and configure questionnaires.

To do this, follow these steps:

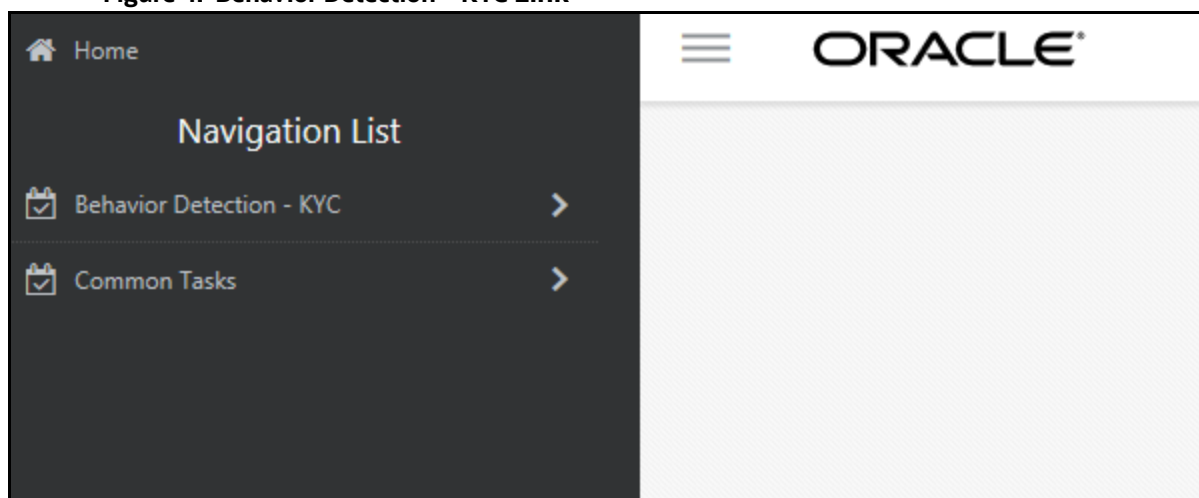
1. Click the  icon.

Figure 3: OFSAA KYC Landing Page



2. Click **Behavior Detection - KYC**. The KYC page appears.

Figure 4: Behavior Detection – KYC Link



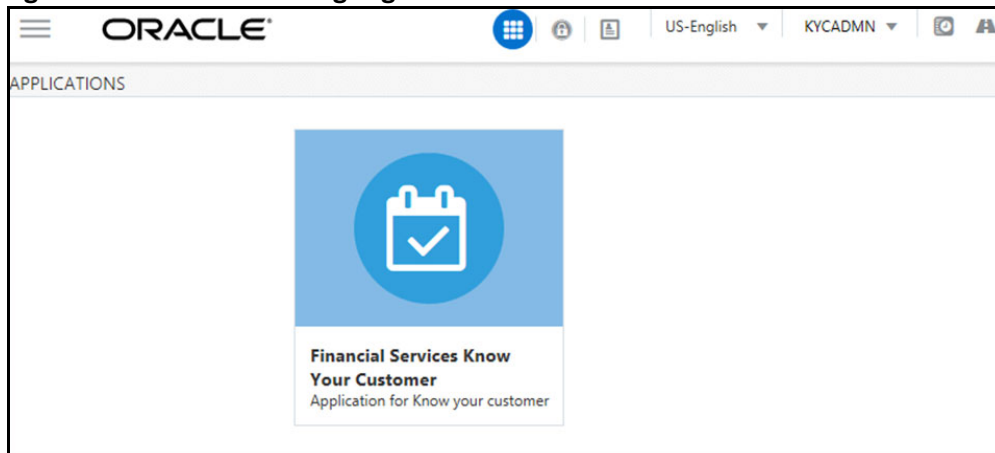
3.2.2 Common Tasks Tab

The Common Tasks tab allows the system administrator to configure the KYC metadata, Rule Run Framework, and KYC batches.

To work with KYC common tasks tab, follow these steps:

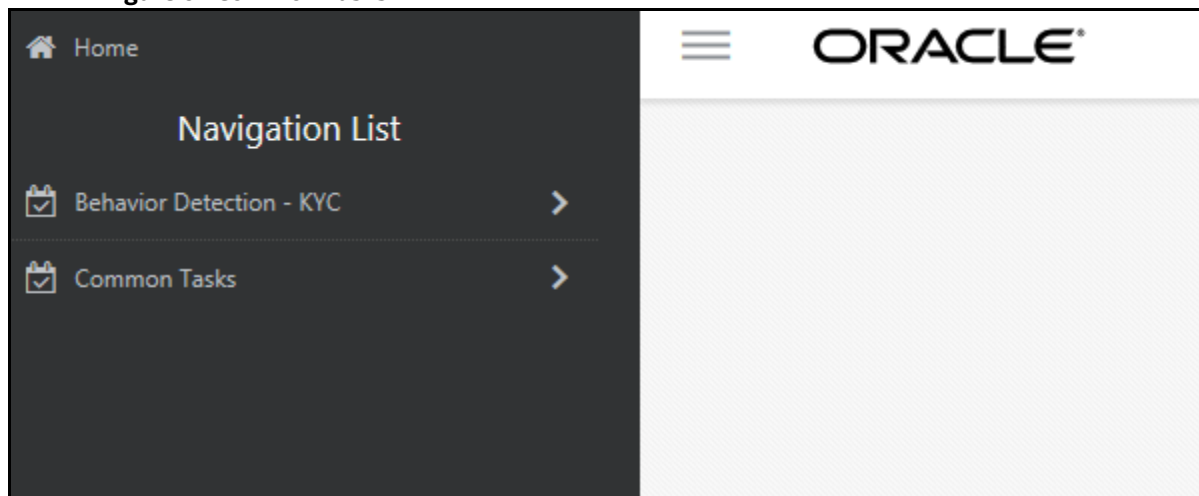
1. Click the  icon.

Figure 5: OFSAA KYC Landing Page



2. Click **Common Tasks**. The KYC page appears.

Figure 6: Common Tasks



3.3 Troubleshooting Your Display

If you experience problems logging into OFS KYC or with your display, the browser settings may be incompatible with running OFSAA applications. The following sections provide instructions for setting your Web display options for OFSAA applications.

Topics:

- [Enabling JavaScript](#)
- [Enabling Cookies](#)

- [Enabling Temporary Internet Files](#)
- [Enabling File Downloads](#)
- [Setting Printing Options](#)
- [Enabling the Pop-Up Blocker](#)
- [Setting Preferences](#)

3.3.1 Enabling JavaScript

This section describes how to enable JavaScript.

To enable JavaScript, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the **Tools** menu.
2. Click **Internet Options**. The **Internet Options** dialog box is displayed.
3. Click the **Security** tab and then click **Local Intranet**.
4. Click **Custom Level**. The **Security Settings** dialog box is displayed.
5. In the **Settings** list and under the **Scripting** setting, select **all options**.
6. Click **OK**, then click **OK** again to exit the **Internet Options** dialog box.

3.3.2 Enabling Cookies

Cookies must be enabled. If you have problems troubleshooting your display, contact your System Administrator.

3.3.3 Enabling Temporary Internet Files

Temporary Internet files are pages that you view on the Internet and store in a folder for quick viewing later. You must adjust this setting to always check for new versions of a stored page.

To adjust your Temporary Internet File settings, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the **Tools** menu.
2. Click **Internet Options**. The **Internet Options** dialog box is displayed.
3. On the **General** tab, click **Settings**. The **Settings** dialog box is displayed.
4. Click **Every visit to the page**.
5. Click **OK**, then click **OK** again to exit the **Internet Options** dialog box.

3.3.4 Enabling File Downloads

This section describes how to enable file downloads.

To enable file downloads, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the **Tools** menu.
2. Click **Internet Options**. The **Internet Options** dialog box is displayed.
3. Click the **Security** tab and then click **Local Intranet**.
4. Click **Custom Level**. The **Security Settings** dialog box is displayed.

5. Under the **Downloads** section, ensure that **Enable** is selected for all options.
6. Click **OK**, then click **OK** again to exit the **Internet Options** dialog box.

3.3.5 Setting Printing Options

This section explains how to enable printing background colors and images.

To enable this option, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the **Tools** menu.
2. Click **Internet Options**. The **Internet Options** dialog box is displayed.
3. Click the **Advanced** tab. In the **Settings** list.
4. Under the **Printing** setting, click **Print background colors and images**.
5. Click **OK** to exit the **Internet Options** dialog box.

NOTE

For best display results, use the default font settings in your browser.

3.3.6 Enabling the Pop-Up Blocker

You may have trouble running the OFC KYC application when the Internet Explorer (IE) Pop-up Blocker is enabled. It is recommended to add the URL of the application to the **Allowed Sites** in the Pop-up Blocker Settings in the **IE Internet Options** menu.

To enable the Pop-up Blocker, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the **Tools** menu.
2. Click **Internet Options**. The **Internet Options** dialog box is displayed.
3. Click the **Privacy** tab. In the **Pop-up Blocker** setting, select **Turn on Pop-up Blocker**. The Settings are enabled.
4. Click **Settings** to open the **Pop-up Blocker Settings** dialog box.
5. In the **Pop-up Blocker Settings** dialog box, enter the URL of the application in the text area.
6. Click **Add**. The URL appears in the **Allowed Sites** list.
7. Click **Close**, then click **Apply** to save the settings.
8. Click **OK** to exit the **Internet Options** dialog box.

3.3.7 Setting Preferences

Use the Preferences section to enable you to set your OFSAA home page.

To access this section, follow these steps:

1. On the **Financial Services Analytical Applications Know Your Customer** landing page, select **Preferences** from the username drop-down list. The **Preferences** page is displayed.

Figure 7: Preferences Page

The screenshot shows a 'Preferences' window with a sidebar on the left containing a 'Home Page' link. The main area is a table with two columns: 'Property Name' and 'Property Value'. The table contains two rows: 'Set My Home Page' with a dropdown menu showing 'Default Screen', and 'Date Format' with a dropdown menu showing '-- Select --'. At the bottom right of the table are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Property Name	Property Value
Set My Home Page	Default Screen ▼
Date Format	-- Select -- ▼

Save Cancel

2. In the **Set My Home Page** drop-down list, select the window you want to view when you log in.
When a new application is installed, the related window of the application is found in the drop-down list.
3. In the **Date Format** drop-down list, select the date format you want to see. The options available are dd/MM/yyyy or M/dd/yyyy.
4. Click **Save** to save your preferences.

4 Managing User Administration and Security Configuration

This chapter provides instructions for setting up and configuring the Know Your Customer (KYC) application.

Topics:

- [About User Administration](#)
- [User Provisioning Process Flow](#)
- [Managing User Administration](#)
- [Mapping Security Attributes to Users](#)
- [Removing Security Attributes](#)

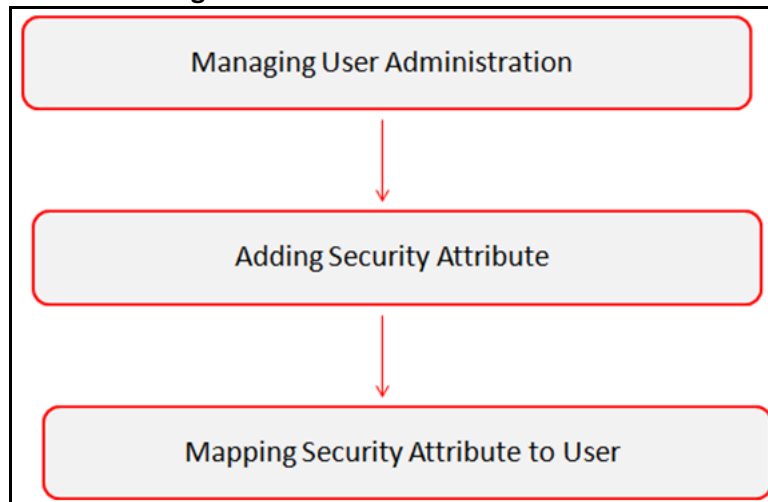
4.1 About User Administration

User administration involves creating and managing users and providing access rights based on their roles.

4.2 User Provisioning Process Flow

The following image shows the process flow for user provisioning:

Figure 8: User Provisioning Process Flow



[Table 2](#) lists the various actions and associated descriptions of the user administration process flow.

Table 2: User Provisioning Process Flow

Action	Description
Managing User Administration	Create users and map users to user groups. This allows Administrators to provide access, monitor, and administer users.

Table 2: User Provisioning Process Flow

Action	Description
Table 4 describes the predefined KYC User Groups and the corresponding user activities.	Load security attributes. Security attributes are loaded using either Excel or SQL scripts.
Mapping Security Attributes to Users	Map security attributes to users. This is done to determine which security attributes control the user's access rights.

4.2.1 Managing User Administration

This section allows you to create, map, and authorize users to define a security framework restricting access to the KYC application.

4.2.1.1 Managing Identity and Authorization

This section explains how to create a user and provide access to the KYC application.

The following figure shows the process flow of identity management and authorization:

Figure 9: Managing Identity and Authorization Process Flow

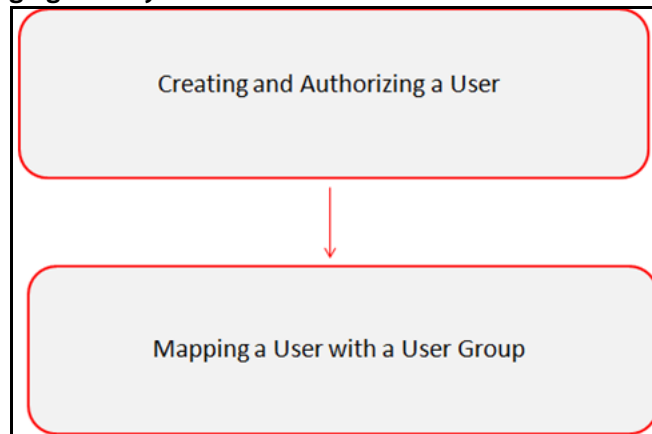


Table 3 lists the various actions and associated descriptions of the user administration process flow.

Table 3: Administration Process Flow

Action	Description
Creating and Authorizing a User	Create a user. This involves providing a username, user designation, and the dates between which the user is active in the application.
Mapping a User with a User Group	Map a user to a user group. This enables the user to have certain privileges that the mapped user group has.

4.2.1.1.1 Creating and Authorizing a User

The sysadm user creates a user and the sysauth user authorizes a user in the KYC application. For more information on creating and authorizing a user, see [Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide](#).

4.2.1.1.2 Mapping a User with a User Group

This section explains how to map Users and User Groups. With this, the user can access the privileges as per the role. The sysadm user maps a user to a user group in the KYC application.

Table 4 describes the predefined KYC User Roles and corresponding User Groups.

Table 4: KYC Roles and User Groups

Role	User Group
KYC Administrator User	- KYC Administrator User Group - OB (Onboarding) KYC Administrator Group - IPEADMN
KYC Investigator User	- KYC Investigator User Group - OB KYC Investigator Group
KYC Investigator Rd Only	KYC Investigator Read Only Group

Table 4 describes the predefined KYC User Groups and the corresponding user activities.

Table 5: KYC User Groups and User Activities

User Group	User Activities
KYC Administrator User Group	The users belonging to this group will be able to perform all the KYC batch related configurations.
OB KYC Administrator Group	The users belonging to this group will be able to perform all the KYC real-time onboarding related configurations.
IPEADMN	The users belonging to this group will be able to perform all the IPE related configurations.
KYC Investigator User Group	The users belonging to this group will be able to investigate all the KYC batch risk assessments.
OB KYC Investigator Group	The users belonging to this group will be able to investigate all the KYC onboarding risk assessments.
KYC Investigator Read Only Group	The users belonging to this group will only be able to view KYC batch risk assessments.

4.2.1.1.3 Privileges, Function Code & Name and their Description

This section explains KYC-related Privileges, Function Code and Name and their Description.

Table 6 describes the Privileges, Function Code & Name and their Description.

Table 6: Privileges, Function Code & Name and their Description

SL #	Privileges	V_FUNCTION_CODE	V_FUNC-TION_NAME	V_FUNCTION_DESC
1	Access KYC Batch Admin Menus	CMKYCADMN	CM KYC Administrator	CM KYC Administrator
2	Access Onboarding KYC Admin Menus	OBKYCADMN	OB KYC Administrator	OB KYC Administrator
3	Access KYC Assessments Menu - Read Only	OFSKYC	View KYC	View KYC
4	Access KYC Assessments Menu	KYCRA	KYC Assessments	KYC Assessments
5	KYC Redact Function	KYC_REDACT	Redact Function for KYC	Redact Function for KYC
6	Access Onboarding KYC Assessments Menu	OBKYCASMNT	View OB KYC Assessments	View OB KYC Assessments
7	Access KYC Tabs in case management	CMKYCACSES	CM KYC Access	CM KYC Access

4.3 Adding Security Attributes

This section talks about the security attributes, the process of uploading security attributes, and mapping security attributes to users in the KYC application.

4.3.1 About Security Attributes

Security attributes help an organization classify their users based on geographical location, jurisdiction, and business domain to restrict access to the data they can view.

You must first provide the user with access privileges, to perform activities throughout various functional areas in the KYC application.

The following security attributes are applicable for KYC:

- **Jurisdiction:** KYC applications use Jurisdictions to limit user access to data in the database. Records from the Oracle client that the Ingestion Manager loads must be identified with a jurisdiction, users of the application must be associated with one or more jurisdictions. In the KYC application, users can only view assessments associated with jurisdictions to which they have access. You can also use a jurisdiction to divide data in the database. For example:
 - **Geographical:** Data division based on geographical boundaries, such as countries and states.
 - **Organizational:** Data division based on different legal entities that compose the client's business.

- **Other:** Combination of geographic and organizational definitions. You can customize this attribute.

4.3.2 Loading Security Attributes through SQL Scripts

Topics:

- Loading Jurisdictions
- Loading Business Domains
- Loading Scenario Groups
- Loading Scenario Group Memberships
- Loading Organizations

4.3.2.1 Loading Jurisdictions

To load jurisdictions in the database, follow these steps:

1. Add the appropriate record to the `KDD_JRSDCN` database table.

Table 7 shows the `KDD_JRSDCN` database table attributes.

Table 7: KDD_JRSDCN Table Attributes

Column Name	Description
JRSDCN_CD	Code (one to four characters) that represents a jurisdiction (For example, N for North, or S for South).
JRSDCN_NM	Name of the jurisdiction (For example, North or South).
JRSDCN_DSPLY_NM	Display the name of the jurisdiction (For example, North or South).
JRSDCN_DESC_TX	Description of the jurisdiction (For example, Northern US or Southern US).

NOTE The data in the `KDD_JRSDCN` database table is loaded through the ATOMIC schema.

2. Add records to the table by using an SQL script similar to the following sample script:

```
INSERT INTO KDD_JRSDCN (JRSDCN_CD,
JRSDCN_NM, JRSDCN_DSPLY_NM, JRSDCN_DESC_TX)
VALUES ('E', 'East', 'East', 'Eastern')
```

NOTE The `KDD_JRSDCN` table is empty after application initialization and requires populating before the application can operate.

4.3.2.2 Loading Business Domains

To load a business domain, follow these steps:

1. Add the appropriate user record to the `KDD_BUS_DMN` database table.

Table 8 shows the `KDD_BUS_DMN` database table attributes.

Table 8: KDD_BUS_DMN Table Attributes

Column Name	Description
BUS_DMN_CD	Single-character code that represents a business domain (For example, a, b, or c).
BUS_DMN_DESC_TX	Description of the business domain (For example, Institutional Broker-Dealer or Retail Banking).
BUS_DMN_DSPLY_NM	Display the name of the business domain (For example, INST or RET).
MANTAS_DMN_FL	The flag that indicates whether Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection (OFS BD) Framework specified the business domain (Y). If a BD client specifies the business domain, you must set the flag to N.

NOTE

The `KDD_BUS_DMN` table already contains predefined business domains for the Oracle client.

2. Add more records to the table by using an SQL script similar to the following sample script:

```
INSERT INTO KDD_BUS_DMN (BUS_DMN_CD, BUS_DMN_DESC_TX, BUS_DMN_DSPLY_NM,
MANTAS_DMN_FL) VALUES ('a', 'Compliance
Employees', 'COMP', 'N');

INSERT INTO KDD_BUS_DMN (BUS_DMN_CD, BUS_DMN_DESC_TX, BUS_DMN_DSPLY_NM,
MANTAS_DMN_FL) VALUES ('b', 'Executives' 'EXEC', 'N');
```

3. Update the `KDD_CENTRICITY` table to reflect access to all focuses within the business domain with the following command:
4. `update KDD_CENTRICITY set bus_dmn_st = 'a' where KDD_CENTRICITY. CNTRY_TYPE_CD = 'SC'`

4.3.2.3 Loading Scenario Groups

To load a Scenario Group, follow these steps:

1. Add the appropriate user record to the `KDD_SCNRO_GRP` database table.

Table 9 shows the `KDD_SCNRO_GRP` database table attributes.

Table 9: KDD_SCNRO_GRP Table Attributes

Column Name	Description
SCNRO_GRP_ID	Scenario group identifier
SCNRO_GRP_NM	Scenario Group Name

2. Add more records to the table by using a SQL script similar to the following sample script:

```
INSERT INTO KDD_SCNRO_GRP (SCNRO_GRP_ID, SCNRO_GRP_NM) VALUES (66, 'BEX');
INSERT INTO KDD_SCNRO_GRP (SCNRO_GRP_ID, SCNRO_GRP_NM) VALUES (77, 'CST');
```

COMMIT;

4.3.2.4 Loading Scenario Group Memberships

To load a Scenario Group Membership, follow these steps:

1. Add the appropriate user record to the KDD_SCNRO_GRP_MEMBERSHIP database table.

Table 10 shows the KDD_SCNRO_GRP_MEMBERSHIP database table attributes.

Table 10: KDD_SCNRO_GRP_MEMBERSHIP Table Attributes

Column Name	Description
SCNRO_ID	Scenario Identifier
SCNRO_GRP_ID	Scenario Group Identifier
SCNRO_GRP_NM	Scenario Group Name

2. Add more records to the table by using a SQL script similar to the following sample script:

```
INSERT INTO KDD_SCNRO_GRP_MEMBERSHIP
(SCNRO_ID, SCNRO_GRP_ID, SCNRO_GRP_NM) VALUES (113000016, 66, 'BEX') ;

INSERT INTO KDD_SCNRO_GRP_MEMBERSHIP
(SCNRO_ID, SCNRO_GRP_ID, SCNRO_GRP_NM) VALUES (113000016, 77, 'CST') ;
```

4.3.2.5 Loading Organizations

To load an organization in the database, follow these steps:

1. Add the appropriate user record to the KDD_ORG database table.

Table 11 shows the KDD_ORG database table attributes.

Table 11: KDD_ORG Table Attributes

Column Name	Description
ORG_CD	Unique identifier for this organization.
ORG_NM	Short name for this organization that is used for display purposes.
ORG_DESC_TX	Description of this organization.
PRNT_ORG_CD	The parent organization of which this organization is a child. This must reference an ORG_CD in the KDD_ORG table.
MODFY_DT	Last modified date and time for this organization record.
MODFY_ID	User ID of the user who last modified this organization data. This must reference a user in the Investigation Owner table (KDD_REVIEW_OWNER.OWNER_SEQ_ID).
COMMENT_TX	Additional remarks added by the user.

2. Add more records to the table by using a SQL script similar to the following sample script:

```
INSERT INTO KDD_ORG
(ORG_CD, ORG_NM, ORG_DESC_TX, PRNT_ORG_CD, MODFY_DT, MODFY_ID, COMMENT_TX)
VALUES ('ORG1', 'COMPLIANCE ORG', 'DEPARTMENT FOR INVESTIGATION', 'ORG1
PARENT ORG', '01-JUN-2014', 1234, 'ADDING
```

4.4 Mapping Security Attributes to Users

You can determine which security attribute controls the user's access permissions. Using this User Interface (UI), an Administrator can map Organizations and Users to different Security attributes.

NOTE Do not combine this activity with any other Administration Configuration activities.

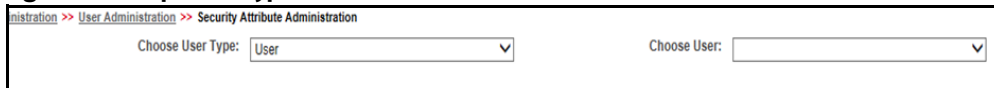
To map a Security Attribute, follow these steps:

1. Log in as the KYC Administrator. The KYC application home page is displayed.
2. Click **User Security Administration**, and then click **Security Attribute Administration**. The Anti Money Laundering page is displayed.
3. In the **Administration** menu, select the **User Administration** sub-menu, and click **Security Attribute Administration**. The **Security Attribute Administration** page is displayed.
4. Select the user type from the **Choose User Type** drop-down list (Organization or User).

NOTE Before proceeding with providing a user access through this User Interface (UI), all necessary data must be available in the appropriate database tables and the user must be created.

5. To view the Onboarding users, map the Onboarding role to the OB KYC Administrator group.

Figure 10: Map User Types to Users



The screenshot shows the 'Security Attribute Administration' page. At the top, there is a breadcrumb trail: 'Administration >> User Administration >> Security Attribute Administration'. Below this, there are two dropdown menus. The first is labeled 'Choose User Type:' and has 'User' selected. The second is labeled 'Choose User:' and is currently empty.

6. Based upon your User Type selection, the **Choose User** drop-down list changes. Select the user from the **Choose User** drop-down list. The relevant Security Attribute Administration page is displayed.

Figure 11: Security Attribute Administration Page

Administration >> User Administration >> Security Attribute Administration

Choose User Type: Choose User:

User/Pool: POOL
Line Organization:
Parent Organization: --
Own Case Flag:
Own Alert Flag:
Email Address: --
Jurisdiction:

Jurisdiction (2) | Remove

Jurisdiction Code	Jurisdiction Name
☐ AMEA	AMEA
☐ DOM	DOM

Business Domain:

Business Domain (7) | Remove

Business Domain Code	Business Domain Name	Business Domain Description
☐ a	GEN	General
☐ b	INST	Institutional Broker Dealer
☐ c	RB/PC	Retail Brokerage/Private Client
☐ d	RET	Retail Banking
☐ e	C/WS	Corporate/Wholesale Banking

Scenario Group:

Scenario Group (13) | Expand All | Remove

Scenario Class Code	Scenario Class Name
☐ AM	Asset Management
☐ CR	Control Room
☐ ET	Employee Trading
☐ FR	Fraud
☐ IA	Investment Advisor

Case Type Subtype:

Case Type Subtype (11) | Expand All | Remove

Case Type Subtype Code	Case Type Subtype Name
☐ FR_ON	Access/Online Fraud
☐ FR_AC	Account and Product Fraud
☐ AML_SURV	AML Surveillance
☐ AML_DD	Enhanced Due Diligence
☐ AML_TER	Terrorist Financing

Correlation Rule:

Correlation Rule (0) | Remove

Save Cancel

NOTE

- To update the user profiles before proceeding with mapping any security attributes, select **User** from the **Choose User Type** drop-down list. When chosen, all the updates made to all the user profiles through User Maintenance UI are imported from the `CSSMS_USER_PROFILE` table of the `OFS AAI ATOMIC` schema to the `KDD_REVIEW_OWNER` table of the `ATOMIC` schema.
- If you delete a user through the Security Management application screen, you must come back to the Security Attribute Administration screen and select the value **User** from the **Choose User Type** drop-down list. Then the deleted user is updated in the `KDD_REVIEW_OWNER` table against the column `actv_flg` as **N**, and that user becomes inactive.

Table 12 shows the security attributes.

Table 12: Security Attributes

Column Name	Description
Organization	Select an organization from the drop-down list. A User or Organization's access to other Organizations depends on the selection(s) made for this organization parameter. For example, suppose a user is mapped to Org1 and Org2. In that case, it implies that this user can access alerts and cases belonging to these two organizations, provided other security attributes also match.
Own Case Flag	Select whether this user type owns a case flag from the drop-down list.
Own Alert Flag	Select whether this user type owns an alert flag from the drop-down list. The Own Alert and Case flag is required for taking ownership of the alerts and cases. If an alert user must perform a Promote To Case action, then the user must be mapped to any one of the following user groups: • Case Supervisor • Case Analyst1 • Case Analyst2
PRNT_ORG_CD	The parent organization of which this organization is a child. This must reference an ORG_CD in the KDD_ORG table.
MODFY_DT	Last modified date and time for this organization record.
MODFY_ID	User ID of the user who last modified this organization data. This must reference a user in the Investigation Owner table (KDD_REVIEW_OWNER.OWNER_SEQ_ID).
COMMENT_TX	Additional remarks added by the user.
Business Organization	The default Business Organization is displayed, but you can select the business organization from the drop-down list.
Jurisdictions	Select the jurisdictions from the drop-down list. Mapping one or more jurisdictions to a user or organization allow this user or organization to access cases, alerts, watch lists, and watch list members belonging to the mapped jurisdiction. The selected jurisdictions are displayed in the Jurisdictions section after you save your selection.
Business Domain	Select the business domains from the drop-down list. Mapping one or more business domains to a user or organization allow this user or organization to access cases, alerts, watch lists, and watch list members belonging to the mapped business domains. The selected jurisdictions are displayed in the Jurisdictions section after you save your selection.
Scenario Group	Select the scenario group from the drop-down list. Mapping one or more Scenario Groups to a user or organization allows this user or organization to access alerts that belong to the mapped scenario Group. The selected jurisdictions are displayed in the Jurisdictions section after you save your selection.

Table 12 shows the security attributes.

Table 12: Security Attributes

Column Name	Description
Case Type	Select the case type from the drop-down list. Mapping one or more Case Types to a user or organization allows this user or organization to access cases that belong to the mapped Case Type. The selected jurisdictions are displayed in the Case Types section after you save your selection.
Correlation Rule	Select the correlation rule from the drop-down list. Mapping one or more correlation rules allows the user to view the correlations generated based on the mapped correlation. The selected jurisdictions are displayed in the correlation section after you save your selection.

7. Click **Save**. A confirmation message is displayed.
8. Click **OK**. A confirmation message is displayed.
9. Click **OK**. The updated Security Attribute page is displayed.

4.5 Removing Security Attributes

This section allows you to delete the mapped security from the Users.

To remove security attributes, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the Security Attributes page.
2. Select one or more check boxes in the respective security attributes such as Business Domain and Jurisdictions. Click **Remove**. A confirmation message is displayed.
3. Click **OK**. The selected record is deleted from the list.
4. Click **Save**. The changes are updated.

5 Maintenance Activities and Configuring Setup Parameters (KYC Batch)

This chapter provides information on the maintenance and configuration activities to be done for the KYC system.

Topics:

- [Prerequisite](#)
- [Maintenance and Configuration Activities](#)

5.1 Prerequisite

The OFS BD application pack must be installed. During OFS BD installation, for Simulation, install App Server and Web Server in the same user.

For information on pack installation, see the *Obtaining Software* section in the [Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection \(OFS BD\) Application Pack Installation Guide](#).

5.2 Maintenance and Configuration Activities

OFS Know Your Customer (KYC) activities are classified into the following types:

- [Initial or One-time Activities](#)
- [Daily Activities](#)

5.2.1 Initial or One-time Activities

These are maintenance activities that need to be done only once.

Topics:

- [Managing Users](#)
- [Uploading Data using Excel](#)
- [Moving the Country Data in the KDD_CODE_SET_TRNLN table](#)
- [Configuring Application Parameters](#)
- [Configuring Application Installation Parameters](#)
- [Configuring Rule Based Risk Values](#)
- [Defining the Re-review Rule Details](#)
- [Configuring Algorithm Based Risk Parameters](#)
- [Configuring Scores for Values in KYC Risk Assessments](#)
- [Populating Data in the KDD_CODE_SET_TRNLN Table](#)
- [Setting up KYC On-Boarding Service](#)
- [Scheduling KYC Batches](#)
- [Listing Holidays in the OFS AAI Administration User Interface](#)
- [Deployment Initiation Processing Based on the Implementation Requirement](#)
- [Partitioning IPE Tables](#)

5.2.1.1 Managing Users

Users need to be created in KYC for KYC-related processing. For information on the users that need to be created, see [Mapping a User with a User Group](#). For information on how to create users, see [Managing User Administration and Security Configuration](#).

5.2.1.2 Uploading Data using Excel

Excel upload helps you to upload all ready-to-use metadata for multiple jurisdictions across different rules or risk parameters. If there is data for one jurisdiction from the UI, you can copy data from one jurisdiction to the other.

You can upload the following Excel sheets in the UI:

- **APPLN_REREVIEW_PARAMS:** Enter the appropriate values in all the columns.
- **APPLN_RISK_RATING_PARAMS:** Ensure that the total weight of all the risk parameters you have uploaded equals 100.
- **DIM_RISK_CATEGORY:** Ensure that the minimum range of consecutive rows equals the previous maximum range. For example, if the value in one row is 5-10, the value in the next row must be 10-15.

NOTE	The value in the N_RISK_CATEGORY_KEY column must be a unique value across jurisdictions and customer type codes.
-------------	--

- **DIM_ACCT_CUST_ROLE_TYPE:** Ensure that the value in the F_CONTROLLING_ROLE column is Y to consider the risk parameter for interested party calculations.
- APPLN_PARAMS
- APPLN_RB_PROCESSING
- DIM_WLS_FEEDBACK

NOTE	After uploading data, you can modify the values in the columns of all the excels except for the DIM_ACCT_CUST_ROLE_TYPE excel through the UI. All column values must be according to the data types and expected character length. Refer to the sample values shown for the default jurisdiction to know what values must be provided.
-------------	--

You can also add a new rule, rule value, or risk parameter through the UI. For more information see [Adding Risk Parameters and Rules \(KYC Batch\)](#).

5.2.1.3 Moving the Country Data in the KDD_CODE_SET_TRNLN table

KYC has multiple risk parameters which are country-based values. KYC uses the code set translation table for all code sets and their values. The country data is already available in the Geography table. The same data must also be available in the kdd_code_set_trnlN table.

To perform this activity, run the following script:

```
insert into kdd_code_set_trnlN select distinct 'ISOCountryCode',  
g.geo_cntry_cd, null, g.geo_nm, null from GEOGRAPHY g;  
  
Commit;
```

5.2.1.4 Configuring Application Parameters

The parameter values can be fine-tuned through the User Interface provided by logging into the application as the KYC Administrator. The entries in the Application Parameters (`Appln_Params`) are used to control the flow of the application. These parameters are Jurisdiction-specific.

The values of these parameters impact the various services invoked by the application, and the workflow of the application. Multiple entries can be made for each parameter, one for each jurisdiction. For more information on how to navigate the UI and populate values for all jurisdictions, see [Adding Risk Parameters and Rules \(KYC Batch\)](#).

5.2.1.5 Configuring Application Installation Parameters

The Application Installation Parameters contain information about installation-specific parameters that do not vary with the jurisdiction. This table has only one set of parameters for an installation. You can modify the values in the UI. For more information, see [Adding Risk Parameters and Rules \(KYC Batch\)](#).

5.2.1.6 Configuring Rule Based Risk Values

Rule-Based Risk Assessment Parameters contain information about the pre-defined rules and the parameter values (which can vary according to the jurisdiction). It is mandatory to update rules values for all the jurisdictions for which the Rule-Based Risk Assessment is used. For more information, see [Adding Risk Parameters and Rules \(KYC Batch\)](#).

5.2.1.7 Defining the Re-review Rule Details

The OFS KYC comes with pre-packaged rules based on which the Accelerated Re-review is triggered. These rules are available in the Application Re-review Parameters Table (`Appln_ReReview_Params`). Each record contains a rule number associated with the Re-review Rules. Each rule can be enabled or disabled depending on the site-specific requirement. The `Appln_ReReview_Params` table specifies details such as Look Back Period, Count of Alerts, and Alert Score for the Rule. For more information, see [Adding Risk Parameters and Rules \(KYC Batch\)](#).

5.2.1.8 Configuring Algorithm Based Risk Parameters

The weights for each parameter of the Algorithm-Based Risk Model are populated into the `Appln_Risk_Rating_Params` table in the database during Excel upload.

The sample values must be fine-tuned to suit the site-specific requirements in the Excel data files before the Excel upload or modifying the parameter values after the Excel upload process by the KYC Administrator. For more information, see [Adding Risk Parameters and Rules \(KYC Batch\)](#).

5.2.1.9 Configuring Scores for Values in KYC Risk Assessments

The `PARAM_RISK_SCORE_JRSDN` table contains the risk parameter values for algorithm-based and rule-based risk parameters for all jurisdictions.

Before you configure scores, algorithm-based and rule-based parameters must be uploaded. Each risk parameter or rule must have a corresponding code set and the same code set must be available in the `KDD_CODE_SET_TRNLN` table.

5.2.1.10 Populating Data in the KDD_CODE_SET_TRNLN Table

The data from the `KDD_CODE_SET_TRNLN` table is available in the UI when you click the **Auto-Populate** button on the **Risk Score for Parameter/Rule Value** page.

Every code set has one or more seeded code values. You can add a code value in a code set or modify an existing code value in a code set.

To add a code value in a code set, execute the following script:

```
insert into KDD_CODE_SET_TRNLN (CODE_SET, CODE_VAL, SRC_SYS_CD,  
CODE_DISP_TX)  
values ('', '', null, '');
```

To modify an existing code value in a code set, execute the following script:

```
update kdd_code_set_trnln set code_val='', code_disp_tx = '' where  
code_val = '' and code_set='';
```

5.2.1.11 Setting up KYC On-Boarding Service

KYC has a feature called Real-Time Account On-Boarding Risk (RAOR). This feature allows you to gather additional information from a customer and calculate the risk score of a customer.

The following parameters in the `appln_install_params` table are related to the Onboarding Service and must be configured in the KYC UI for executing a real time-service request:

- **QUESTIONNAIRE_INFODOM:** If the Questionnaire Infodom and the Application Infodom on which the Onboarding Service is deployed are not the same, then the infodom must be changed accordingly.
- **QUESTIONNAIRE_URL:** Replace the placeholders for <PROTOCOL>, <HOST_NAME>, <PORT> and <OFSAA_DOMAIN> in the `v_attribute1_value` field with the appropriate values.
- **RAOR_URL:** Replace the placeholders for <PROTOCOL>, <HOST_NAME>, and <PORT> in the `v_attribute1_value` field with the appropriate values.
- **QUESTIONNAIRE_APP_ID:** The value must be `OFS_KYC`.

NOTE

Depending on whether KYC and Enterprise Case Management (ECM) are installed in the same infodom or different infodom and the same machine or a different machine, synonyms for database links must be created. The list of Synonyms for database links is available in an SQL file post-installation. Depending on the setup, the appropriate link must be executed.

5.2.1.12 Scheduling KYC Batches

After the installation is complete, the user must log in to the OFS KYC as the KYC Administrator and perform the steps mentioned in Managing KYC Batches.

NOTE

The batches are not visible on the Batch execution page after the KYC installation is complete.

Table 13: Scheduling Batches

Criteria	Remarks
Timing of Execution of KYC batches	The KYC batches must be executed only after the OFS BD application has completed the day's ingestion and alert generation process. This ensures that KYC has the latest customer or account and alert information available for Risk Assessment reference. All the processing batches are Enhanced Due Diligence (EOD) processing. The default review execution must be scheduled as an EOD activity.

Table 13: Scheduling Batches

Criteria	Remarks
Sequence of Execution of KYC batches	The Processing of the batch is in the following sequence: • Deployment Initiation Processing - For processing the Existing customers. • Regular Processing - For daily processing. • EOD Processing (Feedback Processing) - For processing after the entire regular processing batch is complete. After the KYC batch ends, the files are generated at EOD. These files can then be used by the Anti Money Laundering (AML) system when the AML batch runs. The feedback processing creates feeds for the account opening system and OFS BD application. Ensure that the feeds are scheduled as part of the data ingestion process in the account opening system and OFS BD application.

5.2.1.13 Listing Holidays in the OFS AAI Administration User Interface

Use the OFS AAI Administration UI to set up and maintain the holiday list for the financial institution. To access the holiday calendar, follow these steps.

1. From the **Administration** menu, select **Security Management**.
2. Select **System Administrator**, and then select **Holiday Maintenance**.

5.2.1.14 Deployment Initiation Processing Based on the Implementation Requirement

After installing KYC, the existing customers are risk assessed and processed through KYC for which Deployment Initiation is required. The Deployment Initiation Process helps the financial institution process the risk assessment of an existing customer once as a start-up process and mark them for periodic review based on the customer risk score.

Deployment Initiation Processing can be done in a single slot or executed in multiple slots (for example, the Number of Customers to be processed) to manage the performance due to volume. The prerequisite for triggering the process execution involves correctly setting up the KYC related parameters using the application parameter configuration UI. The multiple slots are to be decided only if the system requirements cannot meet the volume of data.

NOTE

Slicing of data is not recommended. If it is required, you can add batch or hierarchy filters.

5.2.1.15 Partitioning IPE Tables

Partitioning Inline processing Engine (IPE) tables is done to prevent the IPE batch from continuously running and thus help with performance. Since IPE tables add up data quickly, the batches run continuously.

To partition IPE tables, follow these steps:

1. Execute the following statements to drop and recreate (with partition) the 3 IPE results tables:

```
Drop Table RTI_ASSMNT_EVAL_RESULT; CREATE TABLE RTI_ASSMNT_EVAL_RESULT (
  N_RUN_IDNUMBER(22) , N_BATCH_IDNUMBER(22) ,
  N_TASK_IDVARCHAR2(100 CHAR) , N_START_TIMETIMESTAMP ,
  N_ASSMNT_EVAL_RESULT_ID VARCHAR2(3800 CHAR) , N_ASSMNT_RESULT_ID
  NUMBER(22) ,
```



```
N_EVAL_IDNUMBER(22) ,
N_EVAL_VERSIONNUMBER(22) DEFAULT 0 , N_EVAL_SCORENUMBER(22, 2) ,
V_EVAL_FLAGVARCHAR2(100 CHAR) , D_EVAL_TMTIMESTAMP , N_ENTITY_SEQ_ID
VARCHAR2(3500 CHAR) , N_ACTIVITY_BUS_IDNUMBER(22) , N_ASSMT_IDNUMBER(22)
,
V_THRESHOLDVARCHAR2(100 CHAR) ,
V_INFODOMVARCHAR2(100 CHAR) , V_BATCH_RUN_IDVARCHAR2(200 CHAR) ,
V_BATCH_ASSMNT_RES_IDVARCHAR2(4000 CHAR) , N_ASSMT_RES_EXT_REF_ID
NUMBER(22) ,
V_APP_ID VARCHAR2 (20 CHAR) DEFAULT 'OFS_IPE' NOT NULL
) PARTITION BY LIST (V_APP_ID) SUBPARTITION BY LIST (V_BATCH_RUN_ID) (
PARTITION DEFAULT_PART VALUES (DEFAULT) (
SUBPARTITION DEFAULT_SUBPART VALUES (DEFAULT)
)
);

Drop Table RTI_ASSMNT_RESULT; CREATE TABLE RTI_ASSMNT_RESULT (
N_RUN_IDNUMBER(22) , N_BATCH_IDNUMBER(22) ,
N_TASK_IDVARCHAR2(100 CHAR) , N_START_TIMETIMESTAMP , N_ASSMNT_RESULT_ID
NUMBER(22) ,

N_ASSMT_IDNUMBER(22) NOT NULL , N_ASSMNT_VERSIONNUMBER(22) DEFAULT 0 ,
N_ASSMNT_SCORENUMBER(22, 2) , N_ENTITY_SEQ_IDVARCHAR2(3500 CHAR) ,
D_ASSMNT_EXEC_TMTIMESTAMP , V_ERROR_CODEVARCHAR2(10 CHAR) , V_ERROR_MSG
VARCHAR2(500 CHAR) , N_ACTIVITY_BUS_IDNUMBER(22) , V_ASSMNT_EXEC_MODE
VARCHAR2(10 CHAR) , V_ASSMNT_EXEC_RESULTVARCHAR2(10 CHAR) , N_ALERT_ID
NUMBER(22) ,
V_THRESHOLDVARCHAR2(100 CHAR) ,
V_INFODOMVARCHAR2(100 CHAR) , V_BATCH_RUN_IDVARCHAR2(200 CHAR) ,
V_BATCH_ASSMNT_RES_IDVARCHAR2(4000 CHAR) , N_ASSMT_RES_EXT_REF_ID
NUMBER(22) ,
V_APP_ID VARCHAR2 (20 CHAR) DEFAULT 'OFS_IPE' NOT NULL
) PARTITION BY LIST (V_APP_ID) SUBPARTITION BY LIST (V_BATCH_RUN_ID) (
PARTITION DEFAULT_PART VALUES (DEFAULT) (
SUBPARTITION DEFAULT_SUBPART VALUES (DEFAULT)
)
);

Drop Table RTI_ASSMNT_EVAL_EXPORT_DATA; CREATE TABLE
RTI_ASSMNT_EVAL_EXPORT_DATA (
```

```

N_RUN_ID NUMBER(22,0), N_BATCH_ID NUMBER(22,0), N_TASK_ID VARCHAR2(100
CHAR), N_EVAL_ID NUMBER(22,0),

N_EVAL_VERSION NUMBER(22,0) DEFAULT 0, N_ENTITY_SEQ_ID VARCHAR2(3500
CHAR), N_ACTIVITY_BUS_ID NUMBER(22,0), N_ASSMT_ID NUMBER(22,0),

V_INFODOM VARCHAR2(100 CHAR), V_BATCH_RUN_ID VARCHAR2(200 CHAR),

V_APP_ID VARCHAR2(20 CHAR) DEFAULT 'OFS_IPE' NOT NULL ,

v_export_DATA clob

PARTITION BY LIST (V_APP_ID) SUBPARTITION BY LIST (V_BATCH_RUN_ID) (
PARTITION DEFAULT_PART VALUES (DEFAULT) (
SUBPARTITION DEFAULT_SUBPART VALUES (DEFAULT)
)
);

```

2. To create and drop partition tasks as part of the Regular Processing Batch, follow these steps:
 - a. Open the IPEKYCRun run in edit mode, click **Selector** drop-down, and select **Job**.
 - b. On the Left Hand Side (LHS) of the pop-up, look for KYC_IPE_TABLE_CREATE_PARTITION under *Processes* and move that component to Right Hand Side (RHS).
 - c. Select the KYC_IPE_TABLE_CREATE_PARTITION component check box in the RHS and move it up to make it the first task.
 - d. On the LHS of the pop-up, look for KYC_IPE_DROP_PARTITION under *Processes* and move that component to RHS.
 - e. Select the KYC_IPE_DROP_PARTITION component check box in the RHS and move it down to make it the last task.
 - f. Click **OK** to close the pop-up.
 - g. Click **Save**.
 - h. Click **Run**.
3. To Create and Drop partition tasks as part of the Deployment Initiation Batch, follow these steps:
 - a. Open the IPEKYCRunDI run in edit mode, click **Selector** drop-down, and select **Job**.
 - b. On the LHS of the pop-up, look for KYC_IPE_TABLE_CREATE_PARTITION under *Processes* and move that component to RHS.
 - c. Select the KYC_IPE_TABLE_CREATE_PARTITION component metadata in the RHS and move it up to make it the first task.
 - d. On the LHS of the pop-up, look for KYC_IPE_DROP_PARTITION under **Processes** and move that component to RHS.
 - e. Select the KYC_IPE_DROP_PARTITION component check box in the RHS and move it down to make it the last task.
 - f. Click **OK** to close the pop-up.
 - g. Click **Save**.
 - h. Click **Run**.

5.2.1.16 Daily Activities

These are maintenance activities that must be done daily.

Topics:

- Regular Processing - Account Opening Review
- Regular Processing- Accelerated Review
- Regular Processing - Re-review or Periodic
- Feedback or Application EOD Processing

5.2.1.16.1 Regular Processing - Account Opening Review

All the accounts opened in the previous x days and are in Active status are picked for risk assessment. The accounts opened in the last seven days and activated the previous day are also selected. The lookback period is set to x days, where x is configurable. The account range for the regular processing parameter can be modified from the **Application Parameters** UI page under the **KYC Administration** option by the KYC Administrator.

5.2.1.16.2 Regular Processing- Accelerated Review

An accelerated review is used to identify the customers who must be assessed. This depends on the changes in customer and account information as well as the alerts behavior. The accelerated review processing is executed, along with default or account opening review, after the alert generation is complete.

5.2.1.16.3 Regular Processing - Re-review or Periodic

After every review (account opening review, deployment initiation, or accelerated re-review), the next review date is set for the customer based on the risk assessed. Thus, customers are periodically subjected to risk assessment, which is essential as the risk associated with each customer may change over time.

After a case is closed, the customer's next review date is determined by adding the time period (specified for the current risk category of the case) to the processing date in line with the holiday list definition. Re-review processing checks whether the next re-review date falls between the processing date and the number of days specified for the attribute in the `KYC_PERIODIC_REVIEW` parameter.

NOTE

- The table used to specify the number of days is the `APPLN_PARAMS` table and the column where the number is provided is the `V_ATTRIBUTE1_VALUE` table.
- A Risk Assessment is created for customers whose next review date matches with the current day's processing date. This batch is executed once every day.

5.2.1.16.4 Feedback or Application EOD Processing

During the execution of the regular processing batches, the risk scores at customer levels are sent to the account opening system. The feedback batch achieves this goal by consolidating customers and their risk scores on whom the risk assessment was created, analyzed, and closed for the processing date.

The application also creates a KYC watch list feed for the customers whose reviews have been completed.

6 Integrating with ECM

Know Your Customer (KYC) is integrated with Enterprise Case Management (ECM) to perform the following tasks:

- Investigate KYC events
- Promote KYC events to cases
- Close the cases
- Edit the KYC risk scores
- Execute the batches
- View the customer dashboard

6.1 Configuring in the ECM UI:

You must make the following configurations in the ECM User Interface (UI). For more information, see the *Managing KYC Configurations* section in the [Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Case Management \(OFS ECM\) Administration and Configuration Guide](#).

- Updating the URL for the KYC Close Service
- Updating the KYC Get Overridden Risk Details URL
- Updating the BD Application URL for the KYC Customer Dashboard
- Updating the Username and Password for the Common Gateway Service
- Updating the Username and Password for the Create JSON Service
- Updating the Username and Password for the KYC Risk Score UI Service
- Updating the Username and Password for the JSON To Table Service

6.1.1 Updating the URL for the KYC Close Service

To update the URL, follow these steps:

1. Log in as the ECM Administrator.
2. Navigate to **Case Management Configuration** and select **Manage Common Parameters**.
3. In the **Parameter Category** field, select **Deployment Based**.
4. In the **Parameter Name** field, select **KYC Deployment**.
5. Replace the KYC Rest Service URL with the Behavior Detection (BD) Application URL till the context name is in the **Attribute 1** value field. For example: <PROTOCOL>:/HOSTNAME:PORT/CONTEXT_NAME>/restapi/kycrest/AutoCloseService.
6. Click **Save** to update the details in the database.

6.1.2 Updating the KYC Get Overridden Risk Details URL

To update the URL, follow these steps:

1. Log in as the ECM Administrator.
2. Navigate to **Case Management Configuration** and select **Manage Common Parameters**.
3. In the **Parameter Category** field, select **Deployment Based**.

4. In the **Parameter Name** field, select **KYC Deployment**.
5. Replace the ##BD_APPLICATION_URL## placeholder with the BD Application URL till the context name in the **Attribute 3** value field. For example: <PROTOCOL:/HOSTNAME:PORT/CONTEXT_NAME>.
6. Click **Save** to update the details in the database.

6.1.3 Updating the BD Application URL for the KYC Customer Dashboard

To update the URL, follow these steps:

1. Log in as the ECM Administrator.
2. Navigate to **Case Management Configuration** and select **Manage Common Parameters**.
3. In the **Parameter Category** field, select **Deployment Based**.
4. In the **Parameter Name** field, select **KYC Deployment**.
5. Replace the BD Application URL till the context name in the **Attribute 4** value field. For example:
<PROTOCOL:/HOSTNAME:PORT/CONTEXT_NAME>
6. Click **Save** to update the details in the database.

NOTE

To know how to manually promote KYC risk assessments to cases, see the *Manual Promotion of KYC Risk Assessments to Cases* section in the [Oracle Financial Services Know Your Customer \(OFS KYC\) Risk Assessment Guide](#).

During case closure, you can do the following in the ECM system:

- View information about the users who close the cases.
- Edit the risk scores which are displayed on the case closure dates.
- Override the risk expiration dates.
- Update the next re-review dates.

6.1.4 Updating the Username and Password for the Common Gateway Service

To update the username and password, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to **Case Management Configuration** and select **Manage Common Parameters**.
2. In the **Parameter Category** field, select **Deployment Based**.
3. In the **Parameter Name** field, select **Common Gateway Deployment**.
4. The **Attribute 1 Value** field is pre-populated with the Common Gateway Service URL during the installation process with content from the `InstallConfig.xml` file. In cases where the deployment URL is not mentioned during the installation process or if the deployment URL has changed after installation, you will need to provide the new service URL.
5. Enter the KYC Administrator username in the **Attribute 2** value field.
6. Click **Save** to update the details in the database.

7. To update the password, navigate to the **Configuration of Web Service** page and enter the password for the above entered KYC Administrator user in the **Enter Password for Common Gateway Service** field.
8. Click **Encrypt** to save the password in the database.

6.1.5 Updating the Username and Password for the Create JSON Service

To update the username and password, follow these steps:

1. Log in as the ECM Administrator.
2. Navigate to **Case Management Configuration** and select **Manage Common Parameters**.
3. In the **Parameter Category** field, select **Deployment Based**.
4. In the **Parameter Name** field, select **T2J Deployment**.

The **Attribute 1 Value** field is pre-populated with the Create JSON Service URL during the installation process with content from the `InstallConfig.xml` file. In cases where the deployment URL is not mentioned during the installation process or if the deployment URL has changed after installation, you will need to provide the new service URL.

The **Attribute 2 Value** field is pre-populated. This value must not be updated.

5. Enter the ECM Administrator username in the **Attribute 3 Value** field.
6. Click **Save** to update the details in the database.
7. To update the password, navigate to the **Configuration of Web Service** page and enter the password for the above entered ECM Administrator user in the **Enter Password for Create JSON Service** field.
8. Click **Encrypt** to save the password in the database.

To update the username and password in ECM, follow these steps:

1. Log in to the ECM config schema.
2. Update the placeholder in the below script and execute the same in the config schema.

```
update aai_wf_application_api_bSET V_PARAM_1 =  
'##BASE64ENCODED_ECMADMINUSERNAME:ECMADMINPASSWORD##' where V_APP_API_ID  
='1543401257828';  
  
/ commit  
  
/
```

6.1.6 Updating the Username and Password for the KYC Risk Score UI Service

To update the username and password, follow these steps:

1. Log in as the ECM Administrator.
2. Navigate to **Case Management Configuration** and select **Manage Common Parameters**.
3. In the **Parameter Category** field, select **Deployment Based**.
4. In the **Parameter Name** field, select **KYC Deployment**.

The **Attribute 5 Value** field is pre-populated with the KYC Service URL during the installation process with content from the `InstallConfig.xml` file. In cases where the deployment URL is not mentioned during the installation process or if the deployment URL has changed after installation, you will need to provide the new service URL.

5. Enter the KYC Administrator username in the **Attribute 6 Value** field.
6. Click **Save** to update the details in the database.
7. To update the password, navigate to the **Configuration of Web Service** page and enter the password for the above entered KYC Administrator user in the **Enter Password for KYC Onboarding Risk Score Service URL** field.
8. Click **Encrypt** to save the password in the database.

6.1.7 Updating the Username and Password for the JSON To Table Service

To update the username and password in PMF, follow these steps:

1. Log in to the ECM config schema.
2. Update the placeholder in the below script and execute the same in the config schema.

```
update aai_wf_application_api_bSET V_PARAM_1 =  
'##BASE64ENCODED_KYCADMINUSERNAME:KYCADMINPASSWORD##' where V_APP_API_ID  
='1543401605699';  
  
/ commit  
  
/
```

7 Managing KYC Batches

This chapter provides information on how to manage the different Know Your Customer (KYC) batches.

Topics:

- [About KYC Batches](#)
- [Deployment Initiation Processing](#)
- [Click Save to save the changes.](#)
- [Regular Processing](#)
- [Running KYC Batches](#)
- [Running a Single Task Using a Batch](#)
- [Scheduling a Batch](#)
- [KYC Batch Execution Logs](#)

NOTE

- Before you create a batch, ensure that all the necessary batch uploads mentioned in [Adding Risk Parameters and Rules \(KYC Batch\)](#) are completed.
- A prerequisite for KYC batches is to run ingestion first.

7.1 About KYC Batches

KYC batches are run using the following processes:

- Regular processes, which are run daily
- Deployment Initiation processes, which are run once.

NOTE

With relation to version 8.0.2.0.0 KYC, the equivalent batches in version 8.0.4.0.0 KYC for deployment initiation processing, regular processing, and end of day processing are `IPEKYCRunDI`, `IPEKYCRun`, and `IPEKYCEODDI`.

7.2 Deployment Initiation Processing

This batch is to be executed only once when the KYC application goes live. All the sections listed under this batch are also part of the Re-review Processing Batch. The batch is split into the following sections:

- Customer Identification for Risk Assessment
- Watch List Screening
- Risk Assessment
- Auto Closure
- Promote to Case
- Customer - Risk Assessment History Population

Customers are picked for processing based on the following:

- **Jurisdiction:** Oracle Financial Services (OFS) clients can process the deployment workflow based on specific jurisdiction.

- **Customer Type:** OFS clients can also process data based on customer type.
- **Length of Relationship:** OFS clients can also process data based on the length of the customer's relationship which is configurable.

NOTE

All the above criteria for processing can be done separately or by combining them. See the `KYC_DEPLOYMNT_INIT_WF` parameter under the application parameter.

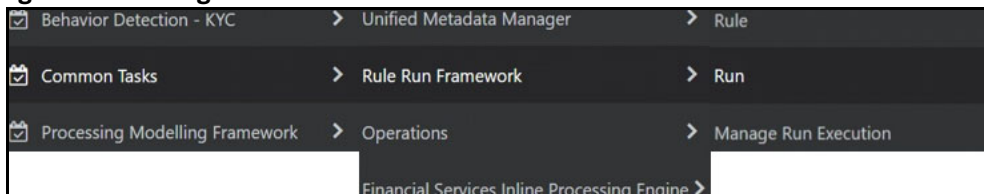
7.2.1 Adding the Beneficial Owner Process to the Deployment Initiation Processing Batch

The `KYC_PopulateBeneficialOwner` process is not available in the ready-to-use Deployment Initiation Processing Batch.

To add the process, follow these steps:

1. Log in to the KYC Application.
2. Click **Common Tasks**. Select **Rule Run Framework** and select **Run**.

Figure 12: Run Page



3. In the **Run** screen, select the `IPEKYCRunDI` code and click **Edit**.
4. Click **Selector** and select **Job**.
5. In the List section, expand **Processes** and select **FCCMSEGMNT** and double-click the `KYC_PopulateBeneficialOwner` task. The task moves to the **Tasks** section.
6. Move the `KYC_PopulateBeneficialOwner` process to below the `KYC_DI_Interested_Party:SD` process and above the `KYC_DI_Watchlist_Scan` process.
7. Click **Ok** to save the changes.
8. Resave the run and trigger a fresh run. This ensures that the changes are saved and displayed.

7.2.2 Setting the Interested Party Level

This parameter allows the user to set the customer's level of relationship with the interested parties. By default, it is 1.

- If the interested party relationship is not required for the customer, the user can set the value to 0.

There are two ways to set the interested party level.

1. To set the interested party level using the database, update the value of the following parameter.
Parameter Name: `LVL_IDF_IP`
Table Name: `APPLN_INSTALL_PARAMS`
2. To set the interested party level using UI, follow these steps.

- Login to the KYC application as KYC Administrator.
- Click **Behavior Detection - KYC**. Select **Manage KYC Configuration** and click **Manage KYC Installation Parameters**.
- On the **Manage KYC Installation Parameters** page, Select **KYC** as **Parameter Category** and **Manage KYC Installation Parameters** as **Parameter Name**.
- Update the Attribute 1 Value and provide your comments.

Figure 13: Setting the Interested Party Level

Attribute 1 Name:	LVL_IDF_IP	Attribute 1 Description:	Level of Identification : Default and allowed value is 2	Attribute 1 Value:	1	Comments:	
-------------------	------------	--------------------------	--	--------------------	--------------------------------	-----------	----------------------

- Click **Save** to save the changes.

This action updates the Interested Party Level.

7.3 End of Day Processing

This topic covers the following sections:

- [Feedback to the OFS BD Framework or Account Opening System](#)
- [Renaming and Transferring Feedback files](#)

7.3.1 Feedback to the OFS BD Framework or Account Opening System

At the end of each day, risk scores for risk assessments that are auto closed or closed by the compliance officer after investigation are sent to OFS Behavior Detection (BD) Framework and the Account Opening System through Feedback files. Watch List files and Feedback files to the Account Opening System are available after KYC End of Day (EOD) processing is complete. These files must then be scheduled for loading into OFS BD Framework and the Account Opening System. The processing date is the date of KYC EOD Processing. The following files are available:

- CBS Feedback (incremental dump as of processing day)
- Watch List Entry Feedback (full dump as of processing day)
- Customer - Risk Assessment Details (Incremental dump as of processing day for the Account Opening System) The delimiter for the extract file can be defined under the Unified Metadata Data Integrator.

7.3.1.1 CBS Feedback

This file contains the Customer ID and the risk score computed by the risk assessment engine. The file name is obtained by appending the processing date to `GenCustDetails_ED`. The Feedback Flag is updated in the `FCT_CUST_RVWDTLS` table. Customer Feedback is not sent unless the Business schema is present. This file is sent in the batch which runs in the subsequent days.

[Table 14](#) shows the CBS feedback.

Table 14: CBS Feedback

SL No.	Business Name	Data Type
1	Risk Assessment ID	String

Table 14: CBS Feedback

SL No.	Business Name	Data Type
2	Customer ID	String
3	Customer Name	String
4	Customer Effective Risk Score	Number
5	Risk Assessment Closed Date	Date
6	Next Re-review Date	Date

7.3.1.2 Watch List Entry Feedback

The Watch List is generated for closed cases and where closure is recommended for the Account. The records populated in the Watch List results table for a processing date are dumped into this file. The file name is obtained by appending the processing date to `GenWLSFeedback_ED`.

Table 15 shows the watch list feedback.

Table 15: Watch List Feedback

SL No.	Business Name	Data Type
1	Entity Identifier Type	String
2	Entity Identifier	String
3	Watch List Identifier (Referred from Application parameter KYC_WLS_ENTRY_FILE_ID)	String
4	Watch List Entry Description Text	String
5	Risk Assessment Closed Date	Date
6	Next Re-review Date	Date

7.3.1.3 Customer - Risk Assessment Details

This file contains the Customer ID and the Risk assessment details computed by the risk assessment engine. The file name is obtained by appending the processing date to `GenCustDetails_ED`. This file is created for the OFS BD Framework and placed in the path defined by the Configuring Customer.

Feedback Files parameter in the Application Parameter UI. A schedule must be created to load this file in the Customer Supplemental Attribute table of the Behavior Detection Framework application. The data provided in this file is used for calculating the Entity Risk of a customer, where the KYC Risk is one component of Entity Risk. The file contains the KYC risk score provided when a risk assessment is closed by the application or closed by the investigation officer on every processing date.

Table 16 shows the risk assessment feedback.

Table 16: Risk Assessment Feedback

SL No.	Business Name	Data Type
1	Customer ID	String
2	Customer Effective Risk Score	Number
3	Custom1Date	String

Table 16: Risk Assessment Feedback

SL No.	Business Name	Data Type
4	Custom2Date	String
5	Custom3Date	String
6	Custom1Real	String
7	Custom2Real	String
8	Custom3Real	String
9	Custom1Text	String
10	Custom2Text	String
11	Custom3Text	String
12	Custom4Text	String
13	Custom5Text	String
14	Source System	String

7.3.1.4 Customer - Risk Assessment History

The KYC application captures the history of all the risk assessments created on all the customers within 12 months and would retain for x period of months. Twelve months is configured by default, and the administrator can update this parameter based on the client's requirement. The value can be updated from the UI for the `V_ATTRIBUTE1_VALUE` for the `KYC_RISK_ASSESSMENT_HISTORY` parameter of the Application Install Parameters. A partition is created on the table based on the updated value.

7.3.2 Renaming and Transferring Feedback files

When a KYC review for a new account request is complete, KYC informs the Account On-Boarding System about the disposition of the review. At the disposition of a periodic or accelerated KYC review, the KYC application communicates the results of the review to the appropriate banking application used within the financial institution, such as an Account Management application. The parameters required for renaming and transferring feedback files must be configured in the `appln_install_params` table.

The OFS KYC application is also responsible for sharing Account, Customer, and Watch List feedback to the Oracle Flexcube application at the disposition of the KYC review.

The extract names are incompatible with the OFS BD Framework file naming convention. This utility completes the following activities based on the configurations set for the implementation:

- Moves the files to a different location on the same server.
- Renames the files with the extension defined.
- Maintain a copy of the extract in the history directory with its original name.

The utility covers the following extracts in KYC 2.0:

- `GenCustDetails_ED<YYYYMMDD>`
- `GenWLSFeedback_ED<YYYYMMDD>`

7.4 Regular Processing

The Default Account Review workflow is triggered upon request from the following external account opening system:

Topics:

- [Prefilter Rules](#)
- [Risk Assessment Initiation](#)
- [Closure Updates](#)
- [Promote to Case](#)

OFS KYC requires an online batch interface to facilitate Watch List Scanning and successful execution of the default review.

The Account Opening Review is executed at the end of the day and the results are computed. There are two ways to execute the batch for Account Opening:

- Regular Processing on daily basis (Combined batch with Re-review)
- Weekly Processing on weekly basis (Combined batch with Re-review)

7.4.1 Prefilter Rules

These rules comprise of accelerated re-review, periodic review, and new accounts.

7.4.2 Risk Assessment Initiation

Based on the reasons generated in the previous module, risk assessments are created for the corresponding customers. The type of risk assessment source is specified as Accelerated Re-review.

Then the next Re-review Date for each customer is compared to the day's processing date. If the two matches, then a risk assessment is created for the customer with the risk assessment source specified as Periodic Re-review.

There are two types of Risk Assessments:

- [Rule-based Risk Assessment](#)
- [Algorithm-based Risk Assessment](#)

7.4.2.1 Rule-based Risk Assessment

Rule-based assessment calculates a risk score based on client configurable rules. The rule-based assessment model supports a business process framework, which allows the bank or FI to provide different values for the predefined rules. All customers are first assessed using the Rule-based Assessment Model and then assessed using the Algorithm-based Assessment Model.

For the rule-based assessment, the values for each rule are provided by the Admin user. For more information about providing values to the rule-based assessment, see [Adding Rules for Rule-based Risk Assessments](#).

A customer can fall under one or more rules during the rule-based assessment. When a customer has been matched to multiple rules, the application considers the maximum score of the matched rules.

For example, a customer has matched the Country of Citizenship and Country of Residence rules, with the values being Afghanistan and India, with a score of 45 and 60 respectively. In this case, the application considers the risk score as 60 for the customer. It also captures and displays all the rules matched.

Risk assessments created using this workflow are promoted to a case based on the risk score mentioned in the `DIM_RISK_CATEGORY` table. The values in the `F_USR_REVIEW_REQ_FLAG` and `F_HIGH_RISK_WATCH_LIST_FLAG` parameter must always be set to **N**; if you set the `F_HIGH_RISK_WATCH_LIST_FLAG` parameter to **Y**, then a case is generated irrespective of the risk score. For more information on the columns, see the *Examples of Derivation of Risk Score* appendix in the [Oracle Financial Services Know Your Customer \(OFS KYC\) Risk Assessment Guide](#).

7.4.2.2 Algorithm-based Risk Assessment

The algorithm-based assessment model calculates the risk of customers based on different parameters that are based on customer type.

For each parameter, the application checks the value provided by the customer who is being risk assessed and retrieves the score of that value from the `PARAM_RISK_SCORE_JRSDN` table. If the value provided by the customer for a parameter is not available, then the application considers it as **DEFAULT** which would have a corresponding score in the `PARAM_RISK_SCORE_JRSDN` table. If the value provided by the customer is not available or the value is not provided at all, then a value of **DEFAULT** is assigned.

7.4.3 Closure Updates

After Risk Assessment, some risk assessments are eligible for Auto-Closure based on the following criteria:

- The User Review Flag of the risk category to which the risk score belongs is set to **N**.
- The High-Risk Watch List Flag of the Risk assessment is set to **N**.

The difference between the current risk score and a previous risk score is less than the value specified in the parameter `KYC_CHG_IN_CUST_RSK_TOLERANCE`.

For all the risk assessments that satisfy the above set of conditions, the records of the risk assessed customers in the KYC Master Customer Table (`Fct_Cust_Rvwdtls`), are updated with all the parameters pertaining to the risk score calculation. Subsequently, the records of all the accounts associated with the risk assessed customer are also updated with the risk scores. The threshold values for Auto-Closure can be altered by changing the value of the Application parameter mentioned above.

7.4.4 Promote to Case

Whenever risk assessments are promoted to cases based on certain criteria, there may be a few risk assessments that are not promoted due to the non-availability of data, system issues, server problems and so on

The error for the Risk Assessment not being promoted to a case is captured in the table `RA_TO_CASE_ERROR`. This table is available in the KYC Atomic schema. The user must identify the cause of the error and resolve the same. Once the error is rectified, these Risk Assessments are promoted to a case during the next KYC batch processing.

7.5 Running KYC Batches

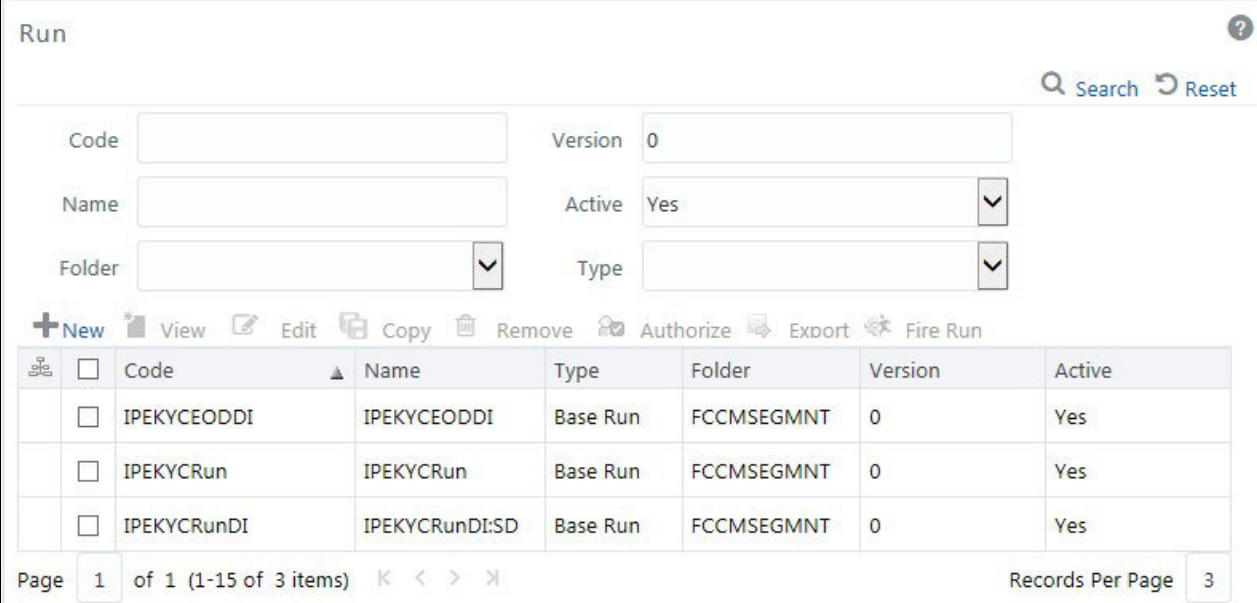
For the first time after installation, you need to create batches in KYC by running a fire run.

To do a fire run, follow these steps:

1. Log in as the KYC Administrator. The KYC application home page is displayed.
2. Click **Common Tasks**.

3. Click **Rule Run Framework**.
4. Click **Run**. The **Run** page is displayed.
5. Click  to expand the page.
6. Select the batch you want to run and click **Fire Run**. The **Fire Run** page is displayed.

Figure 14: Run Page



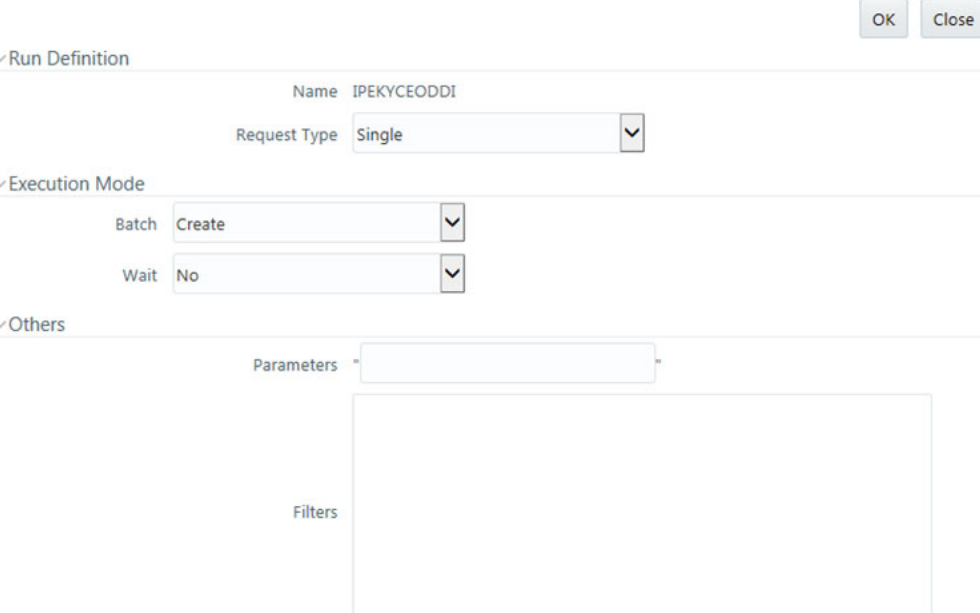
The Run page interface includes a search bar with 'Search' and 'Reset' buttons. Below are input fields for Code, Name, Folder, Version, Active, and Type. A toolbar contains icons for New, View, Edit, Copy, Remove, Authorize, Export, and Fire Run. The main table lists runs with columns for Code, Name, Type, Folder, Version, and Active. The table shows three items: IPEKYCEODDI, IPEKYCRUN, and IPEKYCRUNDI. The bottom of the page shows pagination information: Page 1 of 1 (1-15 of 3 items) and Records Per Page 3.

Code	Name	Type	Folder	Version	Active
IPEKYCEODDI	IPEKYCEODDI	Base Run	FCCMSEGMNT	0	Yes
IPEKYCRUN	IPEKYCRUN	Base Run	FCCMSEGMNT	0	Yes
IPEKYCRUNDI	IPEKYCRUNDI:SD	Base Run	FCCMSEGMNT	0	Yes

7. On the **Fire Run** page, provide the required values. If the **IPEKYCRUN** daily batch is selected then provide the following values in **Parameters** option.

[MODELID]=PROD, [VERSION]=0, [APP_ID]=OFS_KYC

Figure 15: Run Page Fields



The Run Definition dialog box has an 'OK' and 'Close' button at the top right. It is divided into three sections: Run Definition, Execution Mode, and Others. The Run Definition section includes fields for Name (IPEKYCEODDI) and Request Type (Single). The Execution Mode section includes fields for Batch (Create) and Wait (No). The Others section includes a Parameters field and a Filters field.

Figure 16: Parameters in Run Page Fields for IPEKYCRun

The screenshot shows a 'Run Definition' dialog box for the task 'IPEKYCRun'. The dialog is organized into three main sections: 'Run Definition', 'Execution Mode', and 'Others'. In the 'Run Definition' section, the 'Name' is 'IPEKYCRun' and the 'Request Type' is set to 'Single'. The 'Execution Mode' section includes a 'Batch' dropdown set to 'Create & Execute', a 'MIS Date' field showing '10/04/2023' with a calendar icon, a 'Wait' dropdown set to 'No', and an unchecked checkbox for 'Backdated Execution Required'. The 'Others' section contains a 'Parameters' text field with the value '[MODELID]=PROD,[VERSION]=0,[APP_...' and a 'Filters' section below it. The dialog has 'OK' and 'Close' buttons in the top right corner.

8. Click **OK**.

7.6 Running a Single Task Using a Batch

From the Batch Execution page, you can run a single task from a batch.

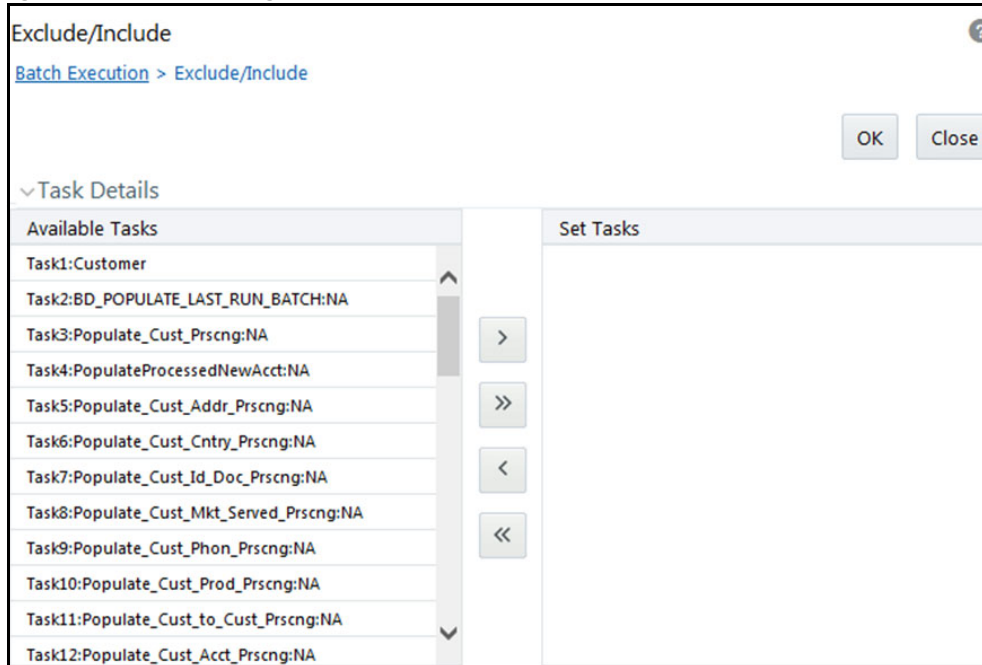
NOTE

Running a single task using a batch is not a recommended approach and must be done only for debugging a task.

To run a single task using a batch, follow these steps:

1. Log in as the KYC Administrator. The KYC application home page is displayed.
2. Click **Common Tasks**.
3. Click **Operations**.
4. Click **Batch Execution**. The **Batch Execution** page is displayed.
5. From the **Batch Details** section, select the batch you want to execute.
6. From the **Task Details** section, click . The **Task Mapping** window is displayed.

Figure 17: Task Mapping Window



7. Retain the tasks you want to execute under the **Available Tasks** section and move the rest to the **Set Tasks** section.
8. Click **OK**. A warning message is displayed.
9. Click **OK**.
10. Click **Execute Batch**.

7.7 Scheduling a Batch

Topics:

- [Scheduling a Batch Once](#)
- [Scheduling a Daily Batch](#)
- [Scheduling a Weekly Batch](#)
- [Scheduling a Monthly Batch](#)
- [Scheduling an Adhoc Batch](#)
- [KYC Batch Execution Logs](#)

7.7.1 Scheduling a Batch Once

The following section shows you how to schedule a batch once.

To schedule a batch that you want to run only once, follow these steps:

1. Log in as the KYC Administrator. The KYC application home page is displayed.
2. Click **Common Tasks**.
3. Click **Operations**.
4. Click **Batch Scheduler**. The **Batch Scheduler** page is displayed.

Figure 18: Batch Scheduler Page

Batch Scheduler

Batch ID Like

INFOFCCM11_

Batch Description Like

Module

Last Modification Date

Between

And

Server Time

Current Server Time: 25/04/2018 15:12:50

Batch Name

Batch ID ▲	Batch Description
☐ INFOFCCM11_1524479149689	AutoRun_1469444745341_Description
☐ INFOFCCM11_1524479356237	AutoRun_1469444745341_Description
☐ INFOFCCM11_1524479623424	AutoRun_1469444745341_Description

Page 1 of 1 (1-3 of 3 items) K < > X

Records Per Page 15

Batch Scheduler

Save

Cancel

5. Select a batch you want to schedule from the list of available batches. The Batch Scheduler section is expanded and displays additional options.
6. Click **New Schedule**.
7. Set the frequency of the new schedule as **Once**.
8. Enter the scheduled time of the batch by specifying the Start Date and the Run-Time.

Figure 19: Batch Scheduler Filter Fields

Batch Scheduler

Search

Reset

Batch ID Like

INFOFCCM11_

Batch Description Like

Module

Last Modification Date

Between

And

Server Time

Refresh

Current Server Time:

25/04/2018 15:12:50

Batch Name

Batch ID	Batch Description
☒ INFOFCCM11_1524479149689	AutoRun_1469444745341_Description
☐ INFOFCCM11_1524479356237	AutoRun_1469444745341_Description
☐ INFOFCCM11_1524479623424	AutoRun_1469444745341_Description

Page

1

of 1 (1-3 of 3 items)

K

<

>

X

Records Per Page

15

Batch Scheduler

Domain:

INFOFCCM11

Batch:

INFOFCCM11_1524479149689

Schedule

☒ New Schedule

☐ Existing Schedule

New Schedule

Schedule Name

☒ Once

☐ Daily

☐ Weekly

☐ Monthly

☐ Adhoc

Schedule Time

Dates

Start Date

End Date

Run Time

00 Hours

00 Minutes

Lag

0 Days

Save

Cancel

9. Click **Save**.

7.7.2 Scheduling a Daily Batch

To schedule a batch that you want to run daily, follow these steps:

1. Log in as the KYC Administrator. The KYC application home page is displayed.
2. Click **Common Tasks**.
3. Click **Operations**.
4. Click **Batch Scheduler**. The **Batch Scheduler** page is displayed.
5. Select a batch you want to schedule from the list of available batches. The Batch Scheduler section is expanded and displays additional options.
6. Click **New Schedule**.
7. Set the frequency of the new schedule as **Daily**.
8. Enter the scheduled time of the batch by specifying the Dates, Run Time, and Every information.
9. Click **Save**.

7.7.3 Scheduling a Weekly Batch

To schedule a batch that you want to run weekly, follow these steps:

1. Log in as the KYC Administrator. The KYC application home page is displayed.
2. Click **Common Tasks**.
3. Click **Operations**.
4. Click **Batch Scheduler**. The **Batch Scheduler** page is displayed.
5. Select a batch you want to schedule from the list of available batches. The Batch Scheduler section is expanded and displays additional options.
6. Click **New Schedule**.
7. Set the frequency of the new schedule as **Weekly**.
8. Enter the scheduled time of the batch by specifying the Dates, Run Time, Every, Working days of the Week information.
9. Click **Save**.

7.7.4 Scheduling a Monthly Batch

To schedule a batch that you want to run monthly, follow these steps:

1. Log in as the KYC Administrator. The KYC application home page is displayed.
2. Click **Common Tasks**.
3. Click **Operations**.
4. Click **Batch Scheduler**. The **Batch Scheduler** page is displayed.
5. Select a batch you want to schedule from the list of available batches. The Batch Scheduler section is expanded and displays additional options.
6. Click **New Schedule**.
7. Set the frequency of the new schedule as **Monthly**.
8. Enter the scheduled time of the batch by specifying the Dates, Run Time, and Occurrence information.
9. Click **Save**.

7.7.5 Scheduling an Adhoc Batch

To schedule an adhoc batch, follow these steps:

1. Log in as the KYC Administrator. The KYC application home page is displayed.
2. Click **Common Tasks**.
3. Click **Operations**.
4. Click **Batch Scheduler**. The **Batch Scheduler** page is displayed.
5. Select a batch that you want to schedule from the list of available batches. The Batch Scheduler section is expanded and displays additional options.
6. Click **New Schedule**.
7. Set the frequency of the new schedule as **Adhoc**.

8. Click . A new row is added in the **Schedule Time** section.
9. Provide the information date, run date, and run time.
10. Click **Save**.

7.7.6 KYC Batch Execution Logs

Logs are created only after the batches are executed. The following types of tasks are present in the batches:

- **Table 2 Table (T2T)**
- **Transform Data (Data Transformation or DT Logs)**
- **Promote to Case**

Batch Execution Logs are based on the types of rules. The following sections describe the types of tasks present in the batches.

7.7.6.1 Table 2 Table (T2T)

The logs for this type of task are created in the path as follows:

```
<FIC_HOME>/ficdb/log/ t2t/KYC12DOM_1221824179931_20121122_1_Task1_ttl.log
```

Table 17 describes the log file.

Table 17: Table 2 Table (T2T)

Component	Description
KYC12DOM	This is the INFODOM on which the batch was executed.
1221824179931	This is the ID of the RUN (batch is created once the RUN is saved).
20121122	This is the date on which the Batch was executed.
1	The batch is executed for the first time on the same day.
Task1	This log file is for Task1 of the batch.

7.7.6.2 Transform Data (Data Transformation or DT Logs)

The logs for this type of task are created in the path as follows.

The following types of definitions can be defined under data transformations:

- Executing a Stored procedure
- Executing a Shell script

The following log files are created for the Stored Procedure execution type of Transform data. The definition name is available in these log files.

```
<FIC_HOME>/ficdb/log/date/DT_KYC12DOM_1221824179931_20121123_1_Task23.log
```

```
<FIC_HOME>/ficdb/log/date/
```

```
RunProc_KYC12DOM_1221824179931_20121123_1_Task23.log
```

```
/ftpshare/<DT_Definition_name>.log /
```

The following logs are created for the Shell script type of Transform data:

```
<FIC_HOME>/ficdb/log/date/DT_KYC12DOM_1221824179931_20121123_1_Task23.log
```

Information related to the failure is inserted into the `am_log_file` which is present in the path
`<FIC_HOME>/ficdb/log/`

Table 18 shows the shell script transform data.

Table 18: Shell script Transform data

Component	Description
DT	This is a product indication for the Data transformation type of log.
RunProc	This indicated that the log is for running a procedure (function).
KYC12DOM	This is the INFODOM on which the batch was executed.
1263964041287	This is the ID of the RUN (batch is created once the RUN is saved).
20121120	This is the date on which the Batch was executed.
2	The batch is executed for the second time on the same day.
Task23	This log file is for the Task23 of the batch.
DT_Definition_name	A log file is created with the name of the DT definition created.

7.7.6.3 Promote to Case

If any of the risk assessments are not promoted to a case, refer to the table `RA_TO_CASE_ERROR` present in the KYC Atomic schema for the reasons for not being promoted.

8 KYC Onboarding

This chapter provides information on the different processes involved in Know Your Customer (KYC) Onboarding.

Topics:

- User Authentication
- Configuring the Service Parameters through the User Interface
- Performing Assessments on Related Applicants
- Uploading Excel Data
- Adding Rule Values for Rule-based Risk Assessments
- Modifying the Algorithm-based Risk Assessments
- Modifying the Risk Scores and Viewing the Risk Categories
- Mapping KYC Rules to Customer Evaluation Names
- Modifying Risk Scores for KYC Risk Models
- Modifying and Adding the Mapping Codes within KYC

8.1 User Authentication

Only a valid user with the required user roles will be allowed to post a KYC Onboarding request. To allow a user to post a KYC Onboarding request, the following authorizations are done by the system:

1. As a first check, authentication is done to check if the user id and password is valid in the system.
2. Secondly, authorization is done to check if user has **WFACCNEXE** and **WFACC** roles.

If the user belongs to **OB KYC Administrator** Group, by default **WFACCNEXE** and **WFACC** roles are assigned.

8.2 Populating Country Data in KDD_CODE_SET_TRNLN Table

NOTE

Ignore this step if it is already performed during the user administration process.

KYC has multiple risk parameters which are country-based values. KYC uses the code set translation table for all code sets and their values. The country data is already available in the Geography table. The same data must also be available in the kdd_code_set_trnlN table. To do this, run the following script:

```
insert into kdd_code_set_trnlN select distinct 'ISOCountryCode',  
g.geo_cntry_cd, null, g.geo_nm, null from GEOGRAPHY g;  
Commit;
```

8.3 Configuring the Service Parameters through the User Interface

The following User Interfaces (UI) are used for configuring the service parameters of the KYC Onboarding services. This is done so that the Onboarding system knows the service parameter values which need to be hit during the Onboarding process.

8.3.1 Configuring the Onboarding Service Parameters

Use the Configure Service Parameters UI to configure the service URL, service username, and service password for all services.

The service URLs are pre-populated during the installation process with content from the `InstallConfig.xml` file. In cases where the deployment URL is not mentioned during installation, or if the deployment URL has changed after installation, you will need to provide the new service URL.

The service username and password must be updated for all services except the AAI Authorization Service and the Initiate OB URL.

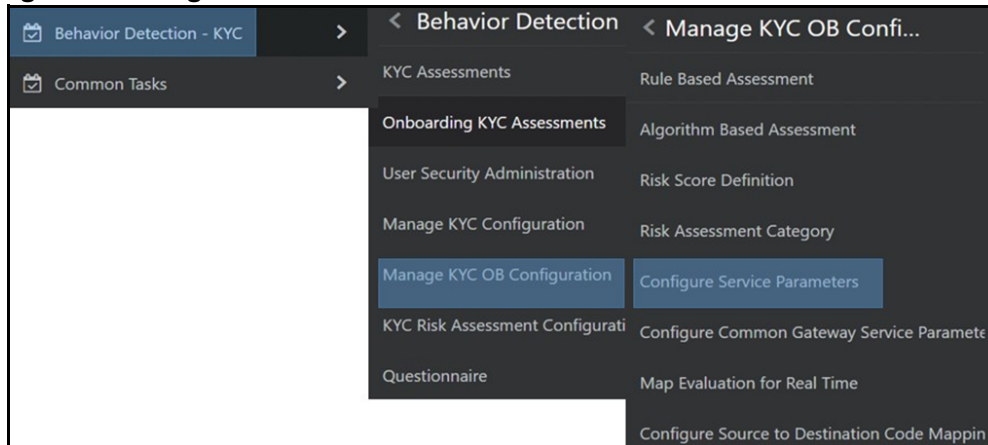
NOTE Ensure that all service usernames and service passwords provided are of valid OFSAA KYC Administrator users.

For the ECM Case Creation URL service, the service username and service password provided must be of a valid OFSAA ECM Administrator user.

To view the UI, follow these steps:

1. Log in to the KYC application as a KYC Administrator. For more information, see [Getting Started](#).
2. Click **Behavior Detection - KYC**. Select **Manage KYC OB Configuration** and click **Configure Service Parameters**.

Figure 20: Configure Service Parameters Menu



The Configure Service Parameters UI appears. You can select one of the following services:

- AAI Authorization Service
- Initiate OB URL
- Process Modeling Framework Service

- Table to JSON Mapping Utility
- ECM Case Creation URL
- Generate Case Input URL
- Common Gateway Service URL
- Questionnaire Response Service URL

8.3.1.1 Modifying the Web Service Parameter Details

To modify the parameters for a web service, follow these steps.

NOTE The fields shown in the image are displayed when you select Initiate OB URL as the Service Name.

Figure 21: Web Service Parameters

1. In the **Service Name** field, select the web service for which you want to edit the service parameters.
2. In the **Service URL** field, update the service URL if the deployment URL is not mentioned during installation, or if the deployment URL has changed after installation.
3. For the **ECM Case Creation URL** and **Questionnaire Response Service URL** services, update the service username in the **Service Username** field with a valid KYC Administrator username.
4. For the **ECM Case Creation URL** and **Questionnaire Response Service URL** services, update the service password in the **Service Password** field with a valid KYC Administrator password.
5. Click **Save** to save the details.

The **Edit Service Parameters** section is applicable only for the Process Modeling Framework service. Table 19 shows the three applicable parameters and their corresponding values.

Table 19: Edit Service Parameters

Parameters	Values
PMF_PROCESS	KYC_ONBOARDING
INFODOM	Installation Specific
LOCALE	en_US

All three parameters are pre-populated and should be changed only if there is a change in these values post Installation.

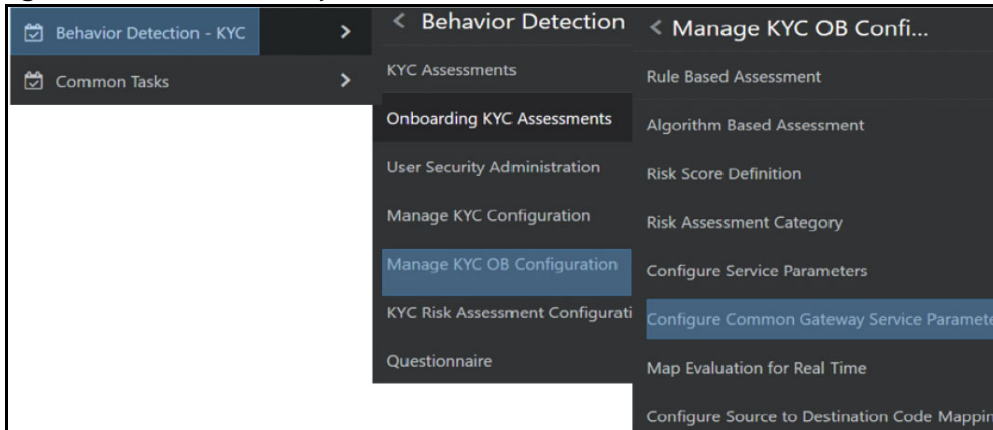
8.3.2 Configuring the Common Gateway Service Parameters

Use the Common Gateway Service Parameters UI to edit the service parameters related to the common gateway service.

To view the UI, follow these steps:

1. Log in to the KYC application as a KYC Administrator. For more information, see [Getting Started](#).
2. Click **Behavior Detection - KYC**. Select **Manage KYC OB Configuration** and click **Configure Common Gateway Service Parameters**.

Figure 22: Common Gateway Service Parameters Menu



The **Configure Common Gateway Service Parameters** UI appears. You can select one of the following services:

- AAI Authorization Service
- Process Modeling Framework

8.3.2.1 Modifying the Web Service Parameter Details

The fields shown in the image are displayed when you select *AAI Authorization Service* as the Service Name.

To modify the Web Service Parameter Details, follow these steps:

Figure 23: Web Service Parameters

- In the **Service Name** field, select the web service for which you want to edit the service parameters.
- In the **Service URL** field, update the service URL if the deployment URL is not mentioned during installation, or if the deployment URL has changed after installation.

- For any service apart from the AAI Authorization Service, update the service username in the **Service Username** field with a valid KYC Administrator username.
- For any service apart from the AAI Authorization Service, update the service password in the **Service Password** field with a valid KYC Administrator password.
- Click **Save** to save the details.

NOTE Once you have made the above changes, you must restart the web server.

8.4 Performing Assessments on Related Applicants

NOTE Ensure that you perform the following configuration for all relationship types before running onboarding jobs.

Use the **Relationship Type Definition** UI to choose the mode of assessment based on the **Relationship Type** for a specific jurisdiction.

To view the UI, follow these steps:

1. Log in to the KYC application as a KYC Administrator. For more information, see [Getting Started](#).
2. Click **Behavior Detection - KYC**. Select **Manage KYC OB Configuration** and click **Relationship Type Definition**.
3. The **Relationship Type Definition** UI is displayed. In the **Search** section, select the jurisdiction.
4. Based on the jurisdiction selected, the **Relationship Type List** displays all configured relationship types and their respective assessment modes.

NOTE Assessment modes are configured in the `kdd_code_set` table, and `code_set` is the `KYCAssessmentMode`. `FULL_KYC` and `NAME_ADDR` are the code values defined for the code set.

- For Primary applicants, the default assessment mode is always `FULL_KYC`.
- For Related applicants, the default assessment mode is `NAME_ADDR` provided no configuration is defined for the relationship type in the Relationship Type Definition UI.

Figure 24: Relationship Type Definition Page

The screenshot displays the 'Relationship Type Definition' page. At the top, there are navigation tabs: 'On Boarding Assessments', 'KYC Assessments', and 'Administration'. Below these is a breadcrumb trail: 'Home > Relationship Type Definition'. A search section is present with a 'Jurisdiction' dropdown menu currently set to 'APAC'. To the right of the dropdown are 'Search' and 'Reset' buttons. Below the search section is a table titled 'Relationship Type List'. The table has two columns: 'Relationship Type' and 'Assessment Mode'. The table contains two rows: 'Beneficial Owner' with 'Full KYC' and 'Director' with 'Name and Address Screening'. Above the table are 'Add', 'Edit', and 'Delete' buttons, and to the right are icons for adding, editing, and deleting. At the bottom of the page, there is a pagination bar showing 'Page 1 of 1 (1-2 of 2 items)' and a 'Records Per Page' dropdown set to '10'.

To add a new **Relationship Type**, follow these steps:

1. Click **Add** to add a new relationship type.
2. Provide the **Relationship Type** and **Assessment Mode** and click **Save**.

To change the **Assessment Mode** of a **Relationship Type**, follow these steps.

1. Click **Edit** to change the assessment mode.
2. Provide the new **Assessment Mode** and click **Save**.

To remove the **Relationship Type**, follow these steps:

1. Click **Delete** and click **Yes** in the dialog box which appears.

8.5 Uploading Excel Data

Excel upload is a process wherein the data for a particular table is uploaded into the system as the base data according to the configurations. Once the data is uploaded, the data can be modified using the user interface.

- **FCC_OB_RISK_CATEGORY.xls**: This excel has the configurations for risk category and case creation for a range of scores for the customer type and jurisdiction. Once the data is uploaded into the system the data can be modified using the user interface.
- **FCC_OB_RSK_PRMS_JRSD_CUST_MAP.xls**: This excel has the risk parameter configurations applicable to customer type and jurisdiction. Once the data is uploaded into the system the data can be modified using the user interface.
- **FCC_OB_RSKPRMS_JRSDCUST_MAP_ST.xls**: This Excel has the Risk Parameter configurations applicable to Customer Type and Jurisdiction along with config_id to track changes made to risk parameters. Whenever data is uploaded using the FCC_OB_RSK_PRMS_JRSD_CUST_MAP.xls, the same data has to be uploaded in this excel along with a new column config_id. If the “FCC_OB_RSKPRMS_JRSDCUST_MAP_ST” table has data, then update the column config_id with the max(config_id)+1. If there is no data in the “FCC_OB_RSKPRMS_JRSDCUST_MAP_ST” table, update the column ‘config_id’ as 1.
- **FCC_OB_RISK_PARAMS.xls**: This Excel allows the user to add new rules or parameters. The application is pre-packaged with ready-to-use rules and parameters which are available once you install the KYC application. This excel can be used only to add any new rules or parameters if required for the specific installation.

NOTE Any new parameter id must begin with 500.

To view the Excel sheet, go to `FIC_HOME/ftpshare/STAGE/ExcelUpload/TEMPLATE`.

To upload the Excel sheet, follow these steps:

1. Log in to the KYC application. For more information, see [Getting Started](#).
2. Click **Common Tasks**. Select **Unified Metadata Manager**, click **Data Entry Forms and Queries**.
3. Click **Bulk Upload** and select **Excel Upload (Atomic)**.
4. Click **Excel Upload** to select the Excel sheet that you want to upload.

Figure 25: Excel Upload

Excel Upload

Excel Upload

Excel File to Upload

Excel File: No file chosen Sheet:

Excel-Entity Mappings

Select Mapping:

- In the **Excel File to Upload** section, click **Choose File** to select the file you want to upload.

NOTE

During the upload, the name of the Excel must be the same as the name provided in the template. If there is any discrepancy, the upload will fail.

- In the **Excel-Entity Mappings** section, click the arrow and select the file you want to upload. A few of the fields are displayed as a preview.
- Click **Upload**.

The selected Excel sheet is now uploaded. To view the Excel upload logs, click **View Log**.

8.6 Adding Rule Values for Rule-based Risk Assessments

Use the Rule-based risk assessment UI to add a rule value and to enable or disable the risk parameter during the risk assessment.

To view the UI, follow these steps:

- Log in to the KYC application. For more information, see [Getting Started](#).
- Click **Behavior Detection - KYC**. Select **Manage KYC OB Configuration** and click **Rule-Based Assessment**.
- The Rule-based risk assessment UI appears with the **Search** section displayed.

Figure 26: Search Fields

On Boarding Assessments KYC Assessments Administration

Home > Rule Based Risk Assessment

Search

Jurisdiction* Applicant Type Rule Name

- In the **Jurisdiction** field, select the jurisdiction applicable to the risk assessment. All rules defined for the selected jurisdiction appear. You can further filter your search based on an applicant type or rule name.

Figure 27: Rule Name List

The screenshot shows the 'Rule Name List' interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'On Boarding Assessments', 'KYC Assessments', and 'Administration'. Below the tabs is a breadcrumb trail: 'Home > Rule Based Risk Assessment'. A search bar is located at the top left, with a dropdown menu for 'Jurisdiction' set to 'APAC'. To the right of the search bar are two dropdown menus: 'Applicant Type' (set to 'Select an Applicant Type') and 'Rule Name' (set to 'Select a Rule Name'). Below the search bar is a 'Search' button and a 'Reset' button. The main section is titled 'Rule Name List' and contains a table with three columns: 'Applicant Type', 'Rule Name', and 'Active'. The table lists 12 rules, each with a unique combination of Applicant Type and Rule Name. The 'Active' column for all rules is set to 'Yes'. Below the table are three buttons: 'View Rule Value List', 'Add Rule Values', and 'Save'. There are also three icons (a plus sign, a minus sign, and a refresh icon) on the right side of the table.

Applicant Type	Rule Name	Active
Financial Institution	Country of Head Quarters	Yes
Financial Institution	Country of Operation	Yes
Financial Institution	Industry	Yes
Financial Institution	Legal Structure And Ownership	Yes
Financial Institution	Watch List	Yes
Individual	Country of Residence	Yes
Individual	Occupation	Yes
Individual	Primary Citizenship	Yes
Individual	Secondary Citizenship	Yes
Individual	Watch List	Yes

8.6.1 Adding a Rule

To add a rule, follow these steps:

1. Click the rule name for which the rule value must be modified.
2. Click **Add Rule Value**.
3. Provide a new rule value for the rule.
4. Click **Save**.
5. To view the rule values for all rules, click **View Rule Value List**.

8.6.2 Enabling or Disabling the Risk Parameter during Risk Assessments

To enable or disable the risk parameter, follow these steps:

1. Click inside the **Active** field and click the drop-down arrow.
2. Select **N** to disable the risk parameter during the risk assessment. Select **Y** to enable the risk parameter during the risk assessment.

NOTE By default, the value is set to **Y**.

3. Click **Save**.

8.7 Modifying the Algorithm-based Risk Assessments

In the Algorithm-based risk assessment UI, you can modify the weight assigned to a risk parameter and enable or disable the risk parameter during the risk assessment.

To view the UI, follow these steps:

1. Log in to the KYC application. For more information, see [Getting Started](#).
2. Click **Behavior Detection - KYC**. Select **Manage KYC OB Configuration** and click **Algorithm Based Assessment**.

The Algorithm-based risk assessment UI appears with the Search section displayed.

Figure 28: Search Fields

3. Select the jurisdiction and applicant type of risk assessment.

Figure 29: Risk Parameters List

Risk Parameter Name	Weight	Active
Account Opening Method	10	Yes
Account Type	10	Yes
Country of Head Quarters	10	Yes
Watch List Risk	70	Yes

8.7.1 Modifying the Weight of the Risk Parameter

To modify the weight, follow these steps:

1. Double-click the weight value and provide the new weight value.
2. Click **Save**.

NOTE The weights of all parameters, when added, must equal 100.

8.7.2 Enabling or Disabling the Risk Parameter during Risk Assessments

To enable or disable the risk parameter, follows these steps:

1. Click inside the **Active** field and click the drop-down arrow.
2. Select **N** to disable the risk parameter during the risk assessment. Select **Y** to enable the risk parameter during the risk assessment.

NOTE By default, the value is set to **Y**.

3. Click **Save**.

8.8 Modifying the Risk Scores and Viewing the Risk Categories

Use the Risk Assessment Category UI to modify the risk scores and view the risk category assigned for a jurisdiction and applicant type.

To view the UI, follow these steps:

1. Log in to the KYC application. For more information, see [Getting Started](#).
2. Click **Behavior Detection - KYC**. Select **Manage KYC OB Configuration** and click **Risk Assessment Category**.
3. The Risk Assessment Category UI appears with the Search section displayed.

Figure 30: Search Fields

Select the jurisdiction and applicant type of risk assessment.

Figure 31: Onboard Risk Category List

Applicant Type	Risk Category	Minimum Score	Maximum Score	Onboard Flag	User Review Flag
Financial Institution	VERY Low	0	55	No	No
Financial Institution	VERY Mid	55	75	Yes	Yes
Financial Institution	VERY New	75	85	Yes	Yes
Financial Institution	VERY High	85	100	Yes	Yes

The risk scores and risk categories for the applicant types appear.

8.8.1 Modifying the Risk Scores

To modify the minimum and maximum risk scores, follow these steps:

1. Select the row for which you want to modify the risk scores using the check box.
2. Double-click the score value and provide the new score value.
3. Click **Save**.

Scores must be provided so that the maximum score of a particular applicant type must be equal to the minimum score of the applicant type in the next row.

In the above image, the maximum score of the Financial Institution applicant type in the first row is 55 and the minimum score of the Financial Institution applicant type in the second row is also 55.

NOTE

The minimum score of the first row must always be equal to or more than zero. The maximum score of the last row must always be 100.

8.8.1.1 Mapping KYC Rules to Customer Evaluation Names

Use the Map Evaluation for Real Time UI to map the rule name or the parameter name from the Excel template to the evaluation name provided by the customer.

To view the UI, follow these steps:

1. Log in to the KYC application. For more information, see [Getting Started](#).

2. Click **Behavior Detection - KYC**. Select **Manage KYC OB Configuration** and click **Map Evaluation for Real Time**.

The rule names and associated evaluations for Algorithm-based and Risk-based assessments appear.

Figure 32: Rule Based Assessment Section

Rule Name	Evaluation Name
Country of Head Quarters	OB Customer - RB: Geo Risk - Country of Head Quarters
Country of Operation	OB Customer - RB: Geo Risk - Country of Operation
Country of Residence	OB Customer - RB: Geo Risk - Country of Residence
Industry	OB Customer - RB: Industry Risk
Legal Structure And Ownership	OB Customer - RB: Legal Structure and Ownership Risk
Occupation	OB Customer - RB: Risk Associated with Occupation
Primary Citizenship	OB Customer - RB: Geo Risk - Country of Primary Citizenship
Secondary Citizenship	OB Customer - RB: Geo Risk - Country of Secondary Citizenship
Watch List	OB Customer - RB: Watch List Risk

Parameter Name	Evaluation Name
Account Opening Method	OB Customer - MB: Method of Account Opening Risk
Account Type	OB Customer - MB: Account Type Risk
Country of Head Quarters	OB Customer - MB: Country of Headquarters Risk

8.8.2 Mapping Rules to Evaluations

To map the rules to their respective evaluation names, follow these steps:

1. On the Rule Based Assessment page, click **Map Rule**. This action displays the Map Rule to Evaluation.

Figure 33: Map Rule to Evaluation

2. Select the rule and the associated evaluation name which needs to be mapped to the rule.
3. Click **Save**.

8.8.3 Mapping Parameters to Evaluations

To map the parameters to their respective evaluation names:

Figure 34: Map Parameter to Evaluation

1. Click **Map Parameter**.

2. Select the parameter and the associated evaluation name which needs to be mapped to the parameter.
3. Click **Save**.

8.8.3.1 Modifying Risk Scores for KYC Risk Models

Use the **Risk Score Definition** UI to provide the risk scores for the KYC risk models.

To view the UI, follow these steps:

1. Log in to the KYC application. For more information, see [Getting Started](#).
2. Click **Behavior Detection - KYC**. Select **Manage KYC OB Configuration** and click **Risk Score Definition**.

The **Risk Assessment Category** UI appears with the **Search** section displayed. In the **Search** section, provide the following values:

- **Jurisdiction:** The jurisdiction values are made available once you upload the `KDD_JRSDCN` Excel file.
- **Risk Scoring Model Type:** The model type can be Algorithm-based or Rule-based. These values are populated from the `fcc_ob_rsk_prms_jrsd_cust_map` table.

NOTE The model types appear only after you select a jurisdiction.

- **Applicant Type:** The applicant type can be Individual, Financial Institution, or Organization. These values are populated from the `kdd_code_set_trnln` table.

NOTE The applicant types appear only after you select a model type.

- **Parameter/Rule Name:** The risk parameters and rules that are defined in the `fcc_ob_rsk_params` table appear.

NOTE

- The applicant types appear only after you select a model type.
- The Parameter/Rule names appear only after you select an applicant type.

Figure 35: Search Fields

The screenshot shows a web interface for searching risk scores. At the top, there are four dropdown menus: Jurisdiction (APAC), Applicant Type (Individual), Risk Scoring Model Type (Algorithm Based Assessment), and Parameter/Rule Name (Account Opening Method). There are 'Search' and 'Reset' buttons. Below the filters, a table titled 'Risk Score for Parameter/Rule Value' displays results for the selected criteria. The table has four columns: Applicant Type, Parameter/Rule Name, Parameter Value, and Risk Score. The data shows five rows for 'Individual' applicant type and 'Account Opening Method' parameter, with risk scores of 0, 0, 3, 0, and 0 respectively for different parameter values. At the bottom, there is a pagination bar showing 'Page 1 of 1 (1-5 of 5 items)' and a 'Records Per Page' dropdown set to 10.

Applicant Type	Parameter/Rule Name	Parameter Value	Risk Score
Individual	Account Opening Method	In Person	0
Individual	Account Opening Method	Legal Representative	0
Individual	Account Opening Method	Online	3
Individual	Account Opening Method	Others	0
Individual	Account Opening Method	Phone	0

The Applicant type, Parameter/Rule name, Parameter value, and Risk score associated with the selected Jurisdiction and Model type appear in a tabular format. To modify the Risk score, double-click the value. The score is displayed up to two decimal places. The maximum value is 100 and the minimum value must be greater than or equal to 0.

NOTE

- To populate any parameters or rules which have been added, click Auto-Populate. This button populates the new risk parameters and rules added to all jurisdictions, risk models, and applicant types.
- In case no new rules or parameters have been added, a confirmation message is displayed when you click Auto-Populate.

8.8.4 Copying Risk Scores across Jurisdictions

You can copy risk scores only for the Algorithm-based model type. To copy risk scores from one jurisdiction to another, follow these steps:

1. Click **Copy**.

Figure 36: Copy Risk Scores

The screenshot shows a 'Copy Risk Scores' dialog box. It contains five fields: Model Type (Algorithm Based Assessment), Applicant Type (Individual), Parameter Name (Account Opening Method), Source Jurisdiction (APAC), and Destination Jurisdiction (a dropdown menu labeled 'Select Jurisdictions'). There are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons at the bottom right.

2. Select one or more jurisdictions. Only jurisdictions with the same model type, applicant type, and parameter name as the source jurisdiction are shown.
3. Click **Save**.

8.9 Modifying and Adding the Mapping Codes within KYC

Use the Configure Source to Destination Code Mapping menu UI to view the mappings from source to destination. To view the UI:

1. Log in to the KYC application. For more information, see [Getting Started](#).

2. Click **Behavior Detection - KYC**. Select **Manage KYC OB Configuration** and click **Configure Source to Destination Code Mapping**.

The Risk Assessment Category UI appears with the Search section displayed. In the Search section, select an option and click **Search**.

Figure 37: Search Fields

Source Code	Destination Code
23754	RS
23763	MS
Tuat4	Pij
as	sd
test3	test32

The **Source Code** and **Destination Code** values appear in a tabular format.

8.9.1 Downloading the Code Values

To download the code values, click . You can select between .XLSX or .CSV formats.

8.9.1.1 Modifying the Code Values

To modify the code values, follow these steps:

1. Double-click the code value and provide the new code value.
2. Click **Save**.
3. To refresh the UI, click **Reset**.

8.9.2 Adding New Code Values

To add new code values, follow these steps:

1. Click **Map Values**.

Figure 38: Add New Source and Destination Code

Source Code : *

Destination Code : *

Save Cancel

2. Add a **Source code** and a **Destination code**.
3. Click **Save**.

9 Adding Risk Parameters and Rules (KYC Batch)

This chapter provides information on adding risk parameters, rules, risk scores, and mapping evaluations to assessments.

Topics:

- [Adding Risk Parameters for Algorithm-based Risk Assessments](#)
- [Adding Rules for Rule-based Risk Assessments](#)
- [Adding Rules for Accelerated Rules](#)
- [Mapping an Evaluation to an Assessment](#)
- [Adding Risk Scores for Parameter/Rule Values](#)
- [Performing Assessments on Interested Parties](#)

9.1 Adding Risk Parameters for Algorithm-based Risk Assessments

Before you add risk parameters, you must perform the following actions:

- Prepare the metadata in the application. For more information, see [Maintenance Activities and Configuring Setup Parameters \(KYC Batch\)](#).
- Update the sequence ID for Inline Processing Engine (IPE). To do this, execute the following script in the Config schema as a post-installation step:

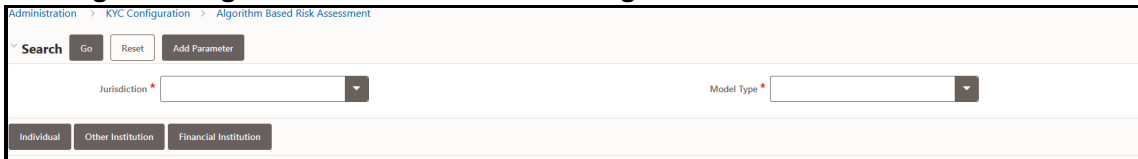
```
Begin p_set_sequence_value('TASKS','5000000','Y'); end;
```

For information on the post-installation activities, see the [Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection \(OFS BD\) Installation Guide](#).

To add risk parameters for algorithm-based risk assessments, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the OFSAA login page.
2. On the Know Your Customer (KYC) home page, click **Behavior Detection - KYC**.
3. Click the **KYC Risk Assessment Configuration**.
4. Click  to expand the page.
5. Click **Algorithm Based Risk Assessment**. The **Algorithm Based Risk Assessment** page appears.

Figure 39: Algorithm Based Risk Assessment Page



6. To add a new parameter, click **Add Parameter**. The **Add New Parameter** dialog box displays.

Figure 40: Add New Parameter Fields

The screenshot shows a web form titled "Algorithm Based Risk Assessment-Add New Parameter". The form has a header bar with the title and a close button. Below the header, there's a section titled "Add New Parameter". The form contains several input fields, some with red asterisks indicating they are required. The fields are arranged in two columns. The first column includes Jurisdiction, Parameter Code, Code Set, Active Flag, Consider for Reassessment, Re-review Rule Name, and a large Comments field at the bottom. The second column includes Model Type, Parameter Name, Customer Type, and Range Flag. At the bottom right of the form, there are "Save" and "Cancel" buttons.

Table 20 describes the fields.

Table 20: Add New Parameter Fields

Field Name	Description
Jurisdiction	Select the jurisdiction that the parameter belongs to. All the jurisdictions that are available in the <code>kdd_jrsdcn</code> table display.
Model Type	Select the model type as Algorithm-based Risk Assessment .
Parameter Code	Enter the parameter code. This is unique for each parameter.
Parameter Name	Enter the parameter name.
Code Set	Select the code set applicable for the parameter. All the jurisdictions that are available in the <code>kdd_code_set_trnl</code> table display.
Customer Type	Select the customer type. Based on the customer type, the parameter is displayed in the Individual, Other Organization, or Financial Institution tabs.
Active Flag	Select Yes to enable the parameter for the current assessment. Select No to disable the parameter for the current assessment.
Range Flag	Select Yes to enable the parameter as range-based .
Consider For Reassessment	Select Yes to reassess the impacted customer. NOTE: If you select Yes , see the steps mentioned in Adding a Risk Parameter or Rule for Reassessments .
Re-review Rule Name	Enter the value <code>APPLN_REREVIEW_PARAMS</code> .
Comments	Enter any comments related to the parameter.

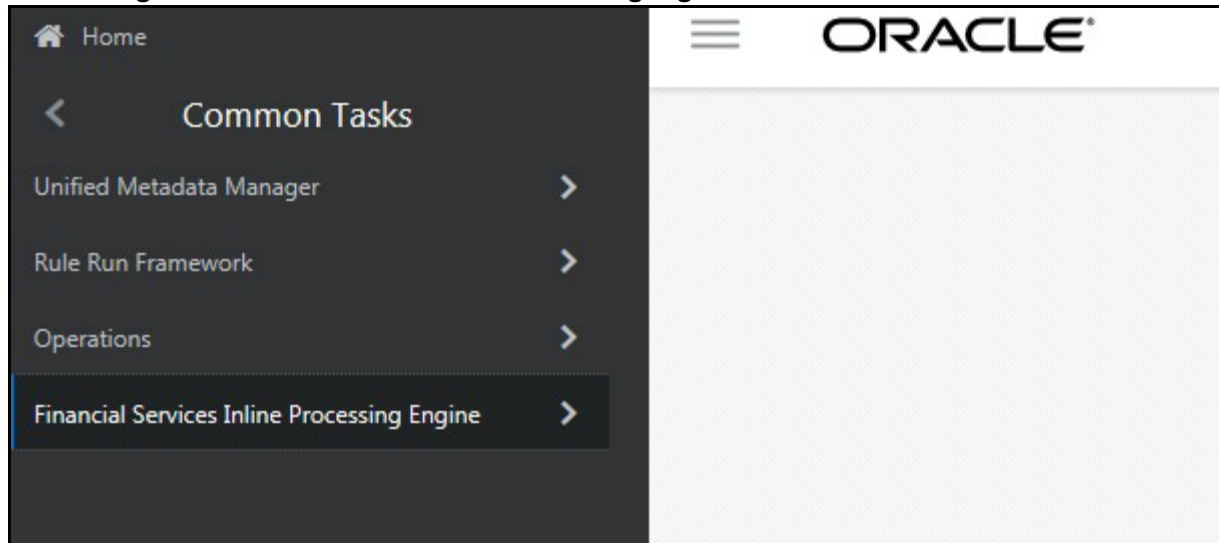
7. To save the parameter, click **Save**.

NOTE

- To close the dialog box, click Cancel. This refreshes the screen with the new parameter.
- After the initial preparation of the metadata, such as creating a new risk parameter, defining the risk weights, and defining the risk scores, you need to define a rule for the new risk parameter.

8. On the KYC home page, click **Financial Services Inline Processing Engine** in the **Common Tasks** tab.

Figure 41: Financial Services Inline Processing Engine Menu



9. Click **Inline Processing**. The **Inline Processing** page is displayed.

The following window shows the **Profiles** menu. Profiles are an aggregation of information. Profiles can be based on different grouping entities (For example, account and customer) and can be filtered to only look at specific types of transactions. Profiles can also be based on time (last three months) or activity counts (last 100 transactions). For more information on Profiles, see the *Managing Profiles* chapter in the [Oracle Financial Services Inline Processing Engine \(OFS IPE\) User Guide](#).

Figure 42: Inline Processing Menu

Association and Configuration Expressions Post Processing Actions **Profiles** Virtual Profiles Evaluations Assessments

Home > > Profiles

Search Go Reset

Profile Name Activity Processing Segment Status

Profiles (6) Add Delete

	Profile Name	Activity	Processing Segment	Status	Updated By	Updated On	History
☐	Count Of Suspicious Account Alert	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID	KYCADMN	--	
☐	Count Of Suspicious Customer Alert	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID	KYCADMN	--	
☐	Count of Frequent Account Alert	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID	KYCADMN	--	
☐	Count of Frequent Customer Alert	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID	KYCADMN	--	
☐	Count of High Score Account Alert	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID	KYCADMN	--	
☐	Count of High Score Customer Alert	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID	KYCADMN	--	

10. Add a business entity on top of the PARAM_RISK_SCORE_JRSDN table in IPE. For example, Country of Birth. This is required because for every new risk parameter, you must indicate the source from where the risk score is derived or picked.

To add a business entity, follow these steps:

- a. Click the **Business Entities** sub-menu in the **Association and Configuration** menu.
- b. Select the Entity Name as PARAM_RISK_SCORE_JRSDN.

Figure 43: Association and Configuration Menu

The screenshot shows the 'Association and Configuration' menu with a breadcrumb trail: Home >> Association and Configuration >> Business Entities. Below the breadcrumb, there are links for 'Choose Entity', 'Import Entity', and 'Delete'. A dropdown menu for 'Entity Name*' is set to 'PARAM_RISK_SCORE_IRSDN'. Below this, there are links for 'Add', 'Edit', 'Delete', and 'Synchronize' next to 'Business Entities (18)'. A table lists various business entities with their processing segments and score attributes.

	Name	Processing Segments	Score Attribute
☐	Account Type Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐	Citizenship Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐	Corporate Age Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐	Country of Head Quarters Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐	Country of Operations Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐	Country of Residence Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐	Country of Taxation Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐	Default Risk Score	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐	Industry Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐	Legal Structure Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--

- c. Click **Add**.
- d. Enter the name, processing segment, and score attribute for the business entity.

NOTE For Algorithm-based parameters, select **Algorithm Based Risk Model** as the Processing Segment and **N_RISK_SCORE** as the set score attribute.

Figure 44: Parameter Fields

The screenshot shows a form for adding a new parameter. It has three fields: 'Name*' with the value 'Country of Birth', 'Processing Segment*' with a dropdown menu showing 'Algorithm Based Risk Model', and 'Set Score Attribute' with a dropdown menu showing 'N_RISK_SCORE'. At the bottom, there are 'Add' and 'Cancel' buttons.

- e. Click **Add**. The new parameter is added to the list of Business Entities on the **Business Entities** page.
11. Add the following joins in IPE from the **Inline Datasets** sub-menu in the **Association and Configuration** menu:
 - **Accelerated Review Parameter to Country of Head Quarters Value**: This is required to associate the risk parameter column of these two tables.
 - **Customer Processing to Country of Birth**: This is required to associate the customer data of the new parameter to the risk score parameter table.

To create a join for Algorithm-based Risk Scoring to Country of Birth, follow these steps:

- f. On the **Inline Datasets** page, click **Add**.
- g. Enter a name for the inline dataset.
- h. In the **Start Table** field, select **Algorithm Based Risk Scoring**.
- i. In the **End Table** field, select **Country of Head Quarters Value**.

Figure 45: Inline Datasets Page

- j. Click **Add**.
- k. Select the values for the dataset condition as shown in the figure.
- l. Click **Save**. The new dataset is added to the list of Inline Datasets on the **Inline Datasets** page.

NOTE

To view the results of the newly added values, use Search.

12. Add a traversal path for each join defined in the **Inline Datasets** sub-menu. For example, Customer Processing to Customer Account Processing through Algorithm Based Risk Scoring.
13. To add a traversal path, follow these steps:
 - a. Click the **Traversal Paths** sub-menu in the **Association and Configuration** menu.
 - b. On the **Traversal Paths** page, click **Add**.
 - c. Enter a name for the traversal path.
 - d. In the **Start Table** field, select **Customer Processing**.
 - e. In the **End Table** field, select **Account Processing**.

Figure 46: Traversal Paths Page

- f. Click **Add**.
- g. Select the values for the traversal path flow as shown in the figure.
- h. Click **Save**. The new path is added to the list of traversal paths on the **Traversal Paths** page. For more information on the datasets and traversal paths used in KYC, see the *Association*

and Configuration chapter in the [Oracle Financial Services Inline Processing Engine \(OFS IPE\) User Guide](#).

NOTE

- The first two rows (joins) are mandatory. The remaining joins differ based on where the new parameter is stored.
- If the start table is Customer Processing, as in the above figure, there are usually three joins. More joins may need to be added based on how many tables data is spread across.

14. Add an Expression on the risk score column of the newly created business entity which is to be scored as a risk parameter from the Expressions menu. Two expressions need to be created:

- The first expression is for the column which holds the value of the new risk parameter
- The second expression is for the calculations that are needed to derive the risk score

NOTE

The business entity used in this example is the Method of Account Opening.

To add an expression, follow these steps:

- a. Click the **Expressions** menu.
- b. On the **Expressions** page, click **Add**.
- c. For the first expression, enter a name for the expression and select the values as shown in the following figure.

Figure 47: Expressions Page – First Expression

Expression Name* Country of birth Activity* Customer Processing

Processing Segment* Algorithm Based Risk Model

Variables Add Delete Apply Function To Group Remove Function From Group Apply Function to Expression

Group	Order	Operator	Business Property (Business Entity, Business Attribute)	Function	Function Parameters
-------	-------	----------	---	----------	---------------------

Variable Save Cancel

Operator

Business Entity* Algorithm Based Risk Scoring

Business Attribute* V_RISK_PARAM_CODE

☐ Add to Current Group ☒ Create New Group

- d. To add a variable for the first expression, click **Add**.
- e. Select the business entity and the business attribute where the value of the new parameter resides.
- f. Click **Save**. The variable is displayed.

- g. For the second expression, enter a name for the expression and select the values as shown in the following figure.

Figure 48: Expressions Page – Second Expression

Expression Name* Country of birth Activity* Customer Processing

Processing Segment * Algorithm Based Risk Model
 Identity Verification Risk Model

Variables Add Delete Apply Function To Group Remove Function From Group Apply Function to Expression

Group Order Operator Business Property (Business Entity, Business Attribute) Function Function Parameters

Variable Save Cancel

Operator

Business Entity* Method of Account Opening Value

Business Attribute* N_RISK_SCORE

☐ Add to Current Group ☒ Create New Group

Submit Close

- h. To add a variable for the second expression, click **Add**. For the second expression, we need to add two variables: one variable is the column that holds the risk score of the parameter, and the other variable is the column that holds the risk weight for the parameter.
- i. For the first variable, select the values according to the **Variable** section in the above figure and click **Save**. The variable is displayed. For the second variable, select the values according to the following figure and click Save. The variable is displayed.

Figure 49: Expressions Page – Displayed Values

The screenshot shows the 'Expressions Page' with the following details:

- Expression Name***: Method Of Account Opening - Weighed Score
- Activity***: Customer Processing
- Processing Segment***: A dropdown menu is open, showing options: Algorithm Based Risk Model (selected), Pre-filtering of Customers, Real Time Account On-Boarding, and Rule Based Risk Assessment Model.
- Status**: VALID

Below the form, there is a toolbar with icons for Variables, Add, Delete, Apply Function To Group, Remove Function From Group, and Apply Function to Expression.

	Group	Order	Operator	Business Property (Business Entity, Business Attribute)	Function	Function Parameter
☐	1	1		Method of Account Opening Value : N_RISK_SCORE	Replace Null	Default Risk Score for Missing Data
☐	2	1	*	Algorithm Based Risk Scoring : N_RISK_PARAM_WEIGHT		

At the bottom, there is a 'Variable' section with fields for Operator, Business Entity*, and Business Attribute*, each with a dropdown menu. Below these fields are two radio buttons: 'Add to Current Group' and 'Create New Group'.

- j. Select the Group 1 radio button.
 - k. Click **Apply Function To Group**.
 - l. In the **Apply Function To Group** section, select the values according to the following figure and click **Save**.
 - m. Select the Group 1 radio button.
 - n. Click **Apply Function To Group**.
 - o. In the **Apply Function To Group** section, select the values according to the following figure and click **Save**.
 - p. Click **Submit**. The new expression is added to the list of expressions on the **Expressions** page.
15. Create an evaluation for the new risk parameter from the Evaluations Menu, with the same filter conditions as that of the other parameters, such as the filter details and the score type.
- To add an evaluation, follow these steps:
- a. Click the **Evaluations** menu.
 - b. On the Evaluations page, click **Add**.

Figure 50: Evaluations Page

Home > Evaluations

Search Go Reset

Evaluation Name Activity Processing Segment

Status

Evaluations (93) Add Delete Save Copy

	Evaluation Name	Score	Activity	Processing Segment	Status	Updated By	Updated On	History
☐	Change In Risk Model - Account Type	10	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customer	VALID	KYCADMN	09/13/2017 10:27:23	
☐	Change In Risk Model - Corporate Age	10	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customer	VALID	KYCADMN	09/13/2017 10:27:25	
☐	Change In Risk Model - Country Of Head Quarters	10	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customer	VALID	KYCADMN	09/13/2017 10:27:25	
☐	Change In Risk Model - Country Of Residence	10	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customer	VALID	KYCADMN	09/13/2017 10:27:25	
☐	Change In Risk Model - Country of Operation	10	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customer	VALID	KYCADMN	09/13/2017 10:27:25	
☐	Change In Risk Model - Legal Structure And Own	10	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customer	VALID	KYCADMN	09/13/2017 10:27:25	
☐	Change In Risk Model - Length Of Relationship	10	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customer	VALID	KYCADMN	09/13/2017 10:27:25	

- c. Enter a name for the evaluation.
- d. Select the Activity and Processing Segment field according to the following figure.

NOTE

For algorithm-based risk evaluations, the join type is always left. This allows the application to provide a default risk score.

Figure 51: Evaluation Details

Evaluation Details Add Expression

Name* Country of birth Activity* Customer Processing Processing Segment* Algorithm Based Risk Model

Join Type* ☐ Inner ☒ Left

Filters (0) Add Edit Delete

Evaluation Scoring

Score Type* ☒ Fixed ☐ Lookup ☐ Expression

Associated Assessments (0)

Associated Profiles (0)

Associated Virtual Profiles (0)

Change Description

Save Cancel

- e. To add filters for the evaluation, click **Add**. You need to add two filters.
- f. For the first filter, select the values according to the following figure and click **Save**.

Figure 52: Filter Details – First Expression

Filter Details Save Close

Filter Name* ActiveFlag

Comparator Type* ☐ Expression ☒ Literal Value

Source Expression* Algorithm Based Risk Scoring - ActiveFlag Operator* = Literal Value "Y"

NOTE

In the Literal Value field, select the same value as provided in the F_ENABLE parameter of the APPLN_RISK_RATING_PARAMS excel sheet during upload.

- g. For the second filter, select the values according to the following figure and click **Save**.

Figure 53: Filter Details – Second Expression

NOTE

In the Literal Value field, select the same value as provided in the V_RISK_PARAM_CODE parameter of the APPLN_RISK_RATING_PARAMS excel sheet during upload.

- h. Select the expression that you have created for the calculation of the risk score.
- i. Select the expression that holds the risk parameter data in the Highlights section. This is required to get the actual value for every customer. For information on how to create a highlight, see [APPENDIX-B Creating Highlights](#).
- j. Click **Save**.
16. Map the evaluation of the existing assessment of the added parameter. To do this, run the following insert script:

```
insert into MAP_EVAL_RISK_ASSMNT_MODEL (N_EVAL_ID, N_EVAL_VRSN_NB,
N_CNTRY_ID, N_TABLE_BUS_ID, V_TABLE_PHY_NM, V_TABLE_BUS_NM,
V_RISK_ASSMNT_MODEL, N_ASSMT_ID, V_APP_ID, V_EVAL_NM, V_ACTV_FL,
V_PARAM_RULE_CODE, V_CUST_TYPE_CD
```

[Table 21](#) shows the expected values for the above script.

Table 21: Expected Values

Parameter Name	Expected Value
N_EVAL_ID	The expected value can be retrieved by querying the MAP_EVAL_RISK_ASSMNT_MODEL table.
N_EVAL_VRSN_NB	0
N_CNTRY_ID	Null
N_TABLE_BUS_ID	Null
V_TABLE_PHY_NM	Null
V_TABLE_BUS_NM	Null
V_RISK_ASSMNT_MODEL	MB
N_ASSMT_ID	8000
V_APP_ID	OFS_KYC
V_EVAL_NM	<Name of the Evaluation>
V_ACTV_FL	Null

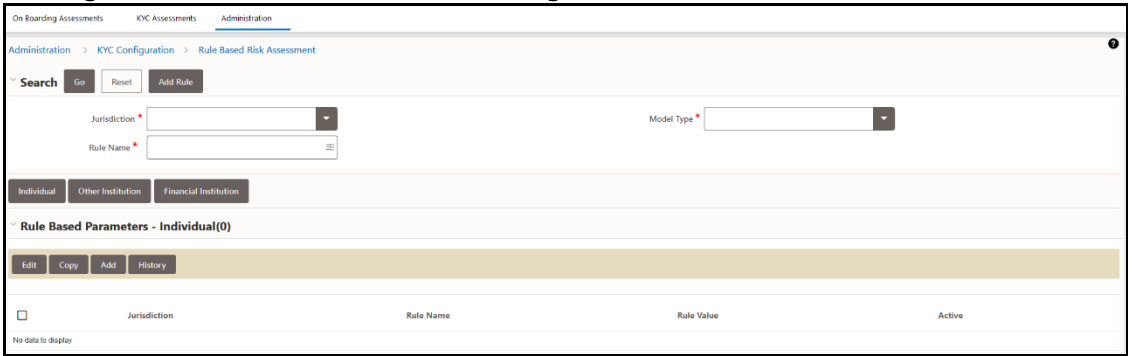
17. Click **Save**.

9.2 Adding Rules for Rule-based Risk Assessments

To add risk parameters for rule-based risk assessments, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the OFSAA login page.
2. On the KYC home page, click **Behavior Detection - KYC**.
3. Click **KYC Risk Assessment Configuration**.
4. Click  to expand the page.
5. Click **Rule Based Risk Assessment**. The **Rule Based Risk Assessment** page appears.

Figure 54: Rule Based Risk Assessment Page



6. To add a new rule, click **Add Rule**. The **Add New Rule** dialog box displays.

Figure 55: Add a New Rule

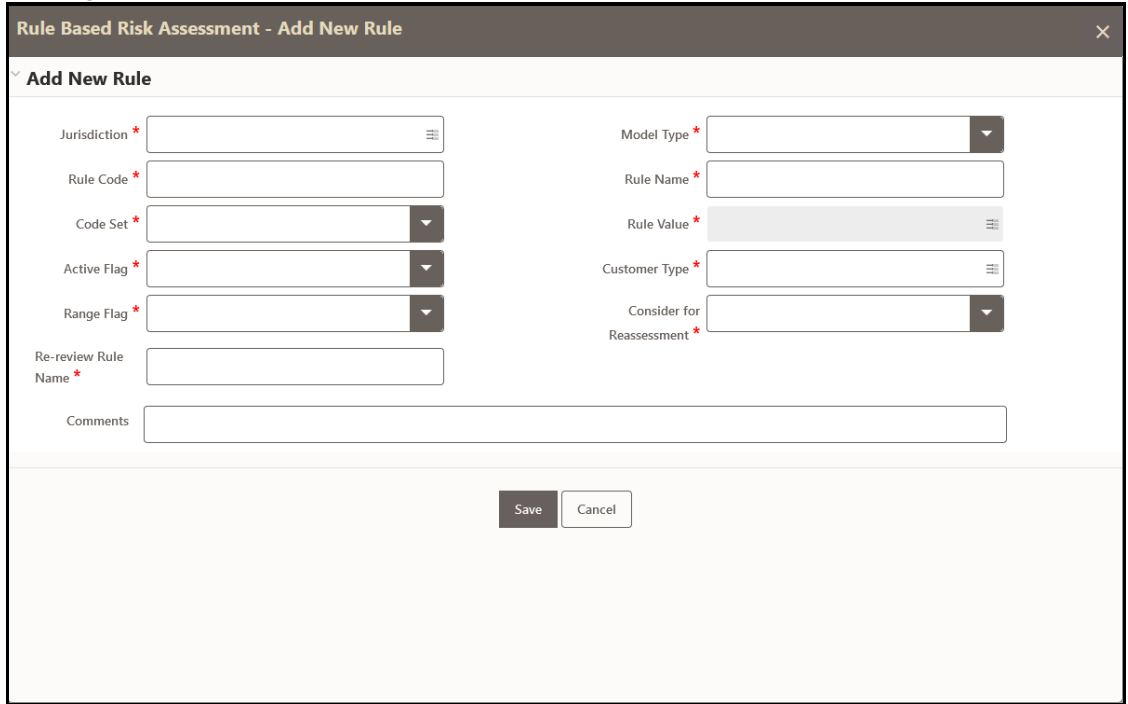


Table 22 describes the rule fields.

Table 22: Add New Rule Fields

Field Name	Description
Jurisdiction	Select the jurisdiction that the parameter belongs to. All the jurisdictions that are available in the <code>kdd_jrsdcn</code> table display.
Model Type	Select the model type as Algorithm-based Risk Assessment .
Rule Code	Enter the rule code. This is unique for each rule.
Rule Name	Enter the rule name.
Code Set	Select the code set applicable for the rule. All the jurisdictions that are available in the <code>kdd_code_set_trnln</code> table display.
Customer Type	Select the customer type. Based on the customer type, the rule is displayed in the Individual, Other Organization, or Financial Institution tabs.
Active Flag	Select Yes to enable the parameter for the current assessment. Select No to disable the parameter for the current assessment.
Range Flag	Select Yes to enable the length of the relationship for the current assessment. Select No to disable the length of the relationship for the current assessment.
Consider For Reassessment	Select Yes to whether the parameter is considered for reassessment or not. NOTE: If you select Yes , see the steps mentioned in Adding a Risk Parameter or Rule for Reassessments .
Re-review Rule Name	Enter the value <code>APPLN_REREVIEW_PARAMS</code> .
Comments	Enter any comments related to the rule.

7. To save the rule, click **Save**.

NOTE To close the dialog box, click **Cancel**. This refreshes the screen with the new rule.

8. Click **Auto-Populate** to get all the code values for the new parameter with the minimum risk score. To change the risk score, select the check box of the parameter you want to change and enter the new risk score.

NOTE After the initial preparation of the metadata, such as creating a new risk parameter, defining the risk weights, and defining the risk scores, you need to define a rule for the new risk parameter.

9. To define a rule, follow these steps:
 - a. Add a business entity on top of the `PARAM_RISK_SCORE_JRSDN` table in IPE. For example, Country of Birth. To add a business entity, follow these steps:
 - b. Click the Business Entities sub-menu in the Association and Configuration menu.

- c. Select the Entity Name as `PARAM_RISK_SCORE_JRSDN`.

Figure 56: Association and Configuration Menu

The screenshot shows the 'Association and Configuration' menu with the 'Business Entities' sub-menu selected. The 'Entity Name' dropdown is set to 'PARAM_RISK_SCORE_JRSDN'. Below, the 'Business Entities (18)' table is displayed with the following data:

Name	Processing Segments	Score Attribute
☐ Account Type Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐ Citizenship Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐ Corporate Age Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐ Country of Head Quarters Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐ Country of Operations Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐ Country of Residence Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐ Country of Taxation Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐ Default Risk Score	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--
☐ Industry Value	Algorithm Based Risk Model,Real Time Account On-Boarding	--

10. Click **Add**.
11. Enter the name, processing segment, and score attribute for the business entity.

NOTE For Rule-based risk parameters, select **Rule-Based Risk Assessment Model** as the Processing Segment and `N_RISK_SCORE` as the set score attribute.

Figure 57: Filter Fields

The screenshot shows the 'Filter Fields' dialog box with the following configuration:

Name*	Country of Birth
Processing Segment*	Rule Based Risk Assessment Model
Set Score Attribute	N_RISK_SCORE

Buttons: Add, Cancel

12. Click **Add**. The new parameter is added to the list of Business Entities on the Business Entities page.
13. Add the following joins in IPE from the Inline Datasets sub-menu in the Association and Configuration menu:
 - Rule-based Risk Scoring to Country of Birth (New Parameter virtual table). This is required to associate the risk parameter column of these two tables.
 - Customer Processing to Country of Birth (New Parameter virtual table). This is required to associate the customer data of the new parameter to the risk score parameter table.

To create a join for Rule-based Risk Scoring to Country of Birth, follow these steps:

- a. On the Inline Datasets page, click **Add**.

- b. Enter a name for the inline dataset.
- c. In the **Start Table** field, select **Rule-Based Risk Assessment**.
- d. In the **End Table** field, select the Country of Birth. This is the new business entity that you have added.

Figure 58: Inline Dataset Fields

- e. Click **Add**.
- f. Select the values for the dataset condition as shown in the figure.
- g. Click **Save**. The new dataset is added to the list of Inline Datasets on the Inline Datasets page.

NOTE To view the results of the newly added values, use **Search**.

14. Add a traversal path for each join defined in the **Inline Datasets** sub-menu. For example, Customer Processing to Rule Based Risk Assessment through the Country of birth.

To add a traversal path, follow these steps:

- a. Click the Traversal Paths sub-menu in the Association and Configuration menu.
- b. On the Traversal Paths page, click **Add**.

Figure 59: Traversal Paths Fields

	Traversal Path Name	Start Table	End Table	Traversal Path Flow
☐	Customer - Accelerated Re-review Param	Customer	Accelerated Review Parameter	Customer : Accelerated Review Parameter
☐	Customer - Account	Customer	Account	Customer : Customer To Account , Customer To Account : Account
☐	Customer - Application Parameters	Customer	Application Parameters	Customer : Application Parameters
☐	Customer - Change Log	Customer	CHG_LOG	Customer : CHG_LOG
☐	Customer - Customer Address	Customer	CUST_ADDR	Customer : CUST_ADDR

- c. Enter a name for the traversal path.
- d. In the **Start Table** field, select **Customer Processing**.
- e. In the **End Table** field, select **Rule-Based Risk Assessment**.

Figure 60: Traversal Path Details

Source Entity	Destination Entity	Sequence ID
Customer Processing	Rule Based Risk Assessment	1
Customer Processing	Customer Account Processing	2
Customer Account Processing	Account Processing	3

- f. Click **Add**.
 - g. Select the values for the traversal path flow as shown in the figure.
 - h. Click **Save**. The new path is added to the list of traversal paths on the Traversal Paths page.
15. Add an Expression on the risk score column of the newly created business entity which is to be scored as a risk parameter from the Expressions menu. Two expressions need to be created:
- The first expression is for the column which holds the value of the new risk parameter
 - The second expression is for the calculations that are needed to derive the risk score

NOTE The business entity used in this example is the Method of Account Opening.

To add an expression, follow these steps:

- a. Click the Expressions menu.
- b. On the Expressions page, click **Add**.

Figure 61: Expressions Fields

Expression Name	Description	Status	Activity	Processing Segment
Accelerated Re review Parameter	(Accelerated Review Parameter:F_ENABLE)	VALID	Customer	Pre-filtering...
Accelerated Re review Parameter	(Accelerated Review Parameter:N_RULE_ID)	VALID	Customer	Pre-filtering...
Accelerated Re review Parameter	(Accelerated Review Parameter:N_ALERT_SCORE)	VALID	Customer	Pre-filtering...
Accelerated Rereview Params - C	(Accelerated Review Parameter:N_COUNT_OF_ALERTS)	VALID	Customer	Pre-filtering...
Account - Account Open Date	(Account:ACCT_OPEN_DT)	VALID	Customer	Pre-filtering...
Account - Account Status Code	(Account:ACCT_STAT_CD)	VALID	Customer	Pre-filtering...

- c. For the first expression, enter a name for the expression and select the values as shown in the following figure.

Figure 62: Expressions Page – First Expression

Expression Name* Account Processing - Account Opening Method Activity* Customer Processing

Processing Segment* Algorithm Based Risk Model
Pre-filtering of Customers
Real Time Account On-Boarding
Rule Based Risk Assessment Model

Status VALID

Variables + Add - Delete Apply Function To Group Remove Function From Group Apply Function to Expression

Group	Order	Operator	Business Property (Business Entity. Business Attribute)	Function	Function Parameter
Variable					
Operator					
Business Entity* Rule Based Risk Assessment Model					
Business Attribute* V_RISK_PARAM_CODE					
☐ Add to Current Group ☒ Create New Group					

Save Cancel

- To add a variable for the first expression, click **Add**.
- Select the business entity and the business attribute where the value of the new parameter resides.
- Click **Save**. The variable is displayed.
- For the second expression, enter a name for the expression and select the values as shown in the following figure.

Figure 63: Expressions Page – Second Expression

Expression Name* Method Of Account Opening - Weighed Score Activity* Customer Processing

Processing Segment* Algorithm Based Risk Model
Pre-filtering of Customers
Real Time Account On-Boarding
Rule Based Risk Assessment Model

Variables + Add - Delete Apply Function To Group Remove Function From Group Apply Function to Expression

Group	Order	Operator	Business Property (Business Entity. Business Attribute)	Function	Function Parameter
Variable					
Operator					
Business Entity* Method of Account Opening Value					
Business Attribute* N_RISK_SCORE					
☐ Add to Current Group ☒ Create New Group					

Submit Close

- To add a variable for the second expression, click **Add**. For the second expression, we need to add two variables: one variable is the column that holds the risk score of the parameter, and the other variable is the column that holds the risk weight for the parameter.

- i. For the first variable, select the values according to the Variable section in the above figure and click **Save**. The variable is displayed. For the second variable, select the values according to the following figure and click **Save**. The variable is displayed.

Figure 64: Expressions Page – Displayed Values

The screenshot shows the 'Expressions Page' with the following details:

- Expression Name***: Method Of Account Opening - Weighed Score
- Activity***: Customer Processing
- Processing Segment***: A dropdown menu is open, showing options: Algorithm Based Risk Model, Pre-filtering of Customers, Real Time Account On-Boarding, and Rule Based Risk Assessment Model (which is highlighted).
- Status**: VALID
- Variables**: A section with buttons for Add, Delete, Apply Function To Group, Remove Function From Group, and Apply Function to Expression.
- Table of Variables**:

Group	Order	Operator	Business Property (Business Entity, Business Attribute)	Function	Function Parameter
☐ 1	1		Method of Account Opening Value : N_RISK_SCORE		
☐ 2	1	*	Algorithm Based Risk Scoring : N_RISK_PARAM_WEIGHT		
- Variable** section with fields for:
 - Operator**: A dropdown menu.
 - Business Entity***: A text input field.
 - Business Attribute***: A text input field.
- Buttons: **Save** and **Cancel**.
- Radio buttons at the bottom: ☐ Add to Current Group and ☒ Create New Group.

- j. Select the Group 1 radio button.
- k. Click **Apply Function To Group**.
- l. In the Apply Function To Group section, select the values according to the following figure and click **Save**.

Figure 65: Expression Function

Expression Name* Activity*

Processing Segment*

Algorithm Based Risk Model
Pre-filtering of Customers
Real Time Account On-Boarding
Rule Based Risk Assessment Model

Variables ☒ Add ☐ Delete ☐ Apply Function To Group ☐ Remove Function From Group ☐ Apply Function to Expression

	Group	Order	Operator	Business Property (Business Entity, Business Attribute)	Function	Function Parameter
☒	1	1		Method of Account Opening Value : N_RISK_SCORE	Replace Null	Default Risk Score for Missing Data
☐	2	1	*	Rule Based Risk Assessment : N_RISK_PARAM_WEIGHT		

Variable

Operator

Business Entity*

Business Attribute*

☐ Add to Current Group ☒ Create New Group

Apply Function To Group

Select Function

Literal value to be applied

☐ Literal Value ☒ Expression

- m. Select the Group 1 radio button.
- n. Click Apply Function To Group.
- o. In the Apply Function To Group section, select the values according to the following figure and click **Save**.

Figure 66: Literal Value Function

Expression Name* Activity*

Processing Segment*

✓ Variables

Group	Order	Operator	Business Property (Business Entity, Business Attribute)	Function	Function Parameter
☒ 1	1		Method of Account Opening Value : N_RISK_SCORE	Replace Null	Default Risk Score for Missing Data
☐ 2	1	*	Rule Based Risk Assessment : N_RISK_PARAM_WEIGHT		

Variable

Operator

Business Entity*

Business Attribute*

☐ Add to Current Group ☒ Create New Group

Apply Function To Group

Select Function

Denominator

☒ Literal Value ☐ Expression

- p. Click **Submit**. The new expression is added to the list of expressions on the **Expressions** page.
16. Create an evaluation for the new risk parameter from the Evaluations Menu, with the same filter conditions as that of the other parameters, such as the filter details and the score type.
To add an evaluation, follow these steps:
 - a. Click the **Evaluations** menu.
 - b. On the Evaluations page, click **Add**.
 - c. Enter a name for the evaluation.
 - d. Select the Activity and Processing Segment field according to the following figure.

NOTE

For algorithm-based risk evaluations, the join type is always left. This allows the application to provide a default risk score.

Figure 67: Evaluation Details

- e. To add filters for the evaluation, click **Add**. You need to add two filters.
- f. For the first filter, select the values according to the following figure and click **Save**.

Figure 68: Filter Details – First Filter

NOTE In the Literal Value field, select the same value as provided in the `F_ENABLE` parameter of the `APPLN_RB_PROCESSING` excel sheet during upload.

- g. For the second filter, select the values according to the following figure and click **Save**.

Figure 69: Filter Details – First Filter

NOTE In the Literal Value field, select the same value as provided in the `V_RB_RULE_CODE` parameter of the `APPLN_RB_PROCESSING` excel sheet during upload.

- h. Select the expression that you have created for the calculation of the risk score.
 - i. Select the expression that holds the risk parameter data in the Highlights section. This is required to get the actual value for every customer.
 - j. Click **Save**.
17. Map the evaluation to the existing assessment of the added parameter. To do this, run the following insert script:

```
insert into MAP_EVAL_RISK_ASSMNT_MODEL (N_EVAL_ID, N_EVAL_VRSN_NB,
N_CNTRY_ID, N_TABLE_BUS_ID, V_TABLE_PHY_NM, V_TABLE_BUS_NM,
V_RISK_ASSMNT_MODEL, N_ASSMT_ID, V_APP_ID, V_EVAL_NM, V_ACTV_FL,
V_PARAM_RULE_CODE, V_CUST_TYPE_CD
```

Table 23 shows the expected values for the above script.

Table 23: Expected Values

Parameter Name	Expected Value
N_EVAL_ID	<Evaluation ID>
N_EVAL_VRSN_NB	0
N_CNTRY_ID	Null
N_TABLE_BUS_ID	Null
V_TABLE_PHY_NM	Null
V_TABLE_BUS_NM	Null
V_RISK_ASSMNT_MODEL	RB
N_ASSMT_ID	6684
V_APP_ID	OFS_KYC
V_EVAL_NM	<Name of the Evaluation>
V_ACTV_FL	Null
V_PARAM_RULE_CODE	<RULE CODE from APPL_RISK_RATING_PARAMS>
V_CUST_TYPE_CD	Null

18. Click **Save**.

9.2.1 Adding a Risk Parameter or Rule for Reassessments

For every risk parameter or rule that you add, a corresponding evaluation is created.

NOTE It is recommended that you look at the predefined values for an existing evaluation when creating a new one.

The following steps are applicable if you select **Consider for Reassessment** as **Yes**:

1. Create an evaluation. While creating the evaluation, you can reuse the expressions available in the filters and provide the appropriate values for each filter.
2. Add three filters to the evaluation:
 - a. The first filter is called Rule code. In this filter, you need to provide the risk parameter or rule code in the evaluation filter as defined for the newly added parameter.
 - b. The second filter is called Processed Flag. In this filter, you must provide the same values that are defined in the ready-to-use product.
 - c. The third filter is named according to the new risk parameter or rule which you add for the evaluation. This filter is applicable for the new risk parameter or rule which you add for the evaluation.
3. Map the new evaluation to the Change in Risk Model Assessment.

9.3 Adding Rules for Accelerated Rules

To add a rule which is of rule type Alert Re-review or Risk Re-assess, follow the steps mentioned.

To add a rule for any other rule type, contact Oracle Support.

1. Navigate to the KYC home page.
2. On the KYC home page, click **KYC Risk Assessment Configuration** in the LHS menu.
3. Click **Accelerated Rules** in the RHS menu. The **Accelerated Re-review Rules** page is displayed.

Figure 70: Administration Menu

4. To add a new rule, click **Add Re-review Rule**. The **Add New Rule** dialog box displays.

Figure 71: Add a New Rule

Table 24 describes the rule fields.

Table 24: Add a New Rule Fields

Field Name	Description
Jurisdiction	Select the jurisdiction that the parameter belongs to. All the jurisdictions that are available in the kdd_jrsdcn table display.
Rule Type	Select the rule type. The options are Alert Re-review or Change Log.
Rule Name	Enter the rule name.
Count of Alerts	Enter the number of alerts. This indicates the number of alerts after which reassessment happens. NOTE: This field is applicable only for alert re-reviews.
Asterisk (*)	Mandatory fields in User Interface.
<Variable>	Substitute input value.

Table 24: Add a New Rule Fields

Field Name	Description
Alert Score	Enter the alert score. This indicates the alert score threshold after which reassessment happens. NOTE: To know how to post external alerts, see OFS BD Administration Guide .
Rule Score	Enter the rule score. This is the rule score for a specific parameter.
Active	Select Yes to enable the rule for the current assessment. Select No to disable the rule for the current assessment.
Rule Description	Enter a description for the rule.
Comments	Enter any comments related to the rule.

- To save the rule, click **Save**. To close the dialog box, click **Cancel**. This refreshes the screen with the new rule.

9.3.1 Mapping an Evaluation to an Assessment

To map an evaluation to an assessment, follow these steps:

- On the KYC home page, click **KYC Risk Assessment Configuration**.
- Click **Association of Rule/Risk Parameter to Evaluation**. The **Map Evaluation** page is displayed.

Figure 72: Administration Menu

- Select the Model Type as **Accelerated Re-review Based Assessment**.
- Click **Go**. The Association of Rule/Risk Parameter to Evaluation grid is populated with the available evaluations.

Figure 73: Map Evaluation

Administration > KYC Configuration > Map Evaluation

Search Go Reset

Model Type Accelerated Re-review Based Assessment

Association of Rule/Risk Parameter to Evaluation(10)

Edit

Evaluation Name	Rule Name
Customer Address Change Log	Customer Change Log
Frequent Account Alert	Frequent Account Alert
Customer Address Change Log	Frequent Account Alert

Add New Evaluation

Evaluation Name Rule Name

Save Cancel

5. Select the evaluation and click **Save**. The evaluation is now mapped to the assessment and the selected rule.

9.3.2 Adding Risk Scores for Parameter/Rule Values

To view the risk scores after the risk assessment of parameters or rules, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the KYC home page.
2. Click **KYC Risk Assessment Configuration**.
3. Click **Risk Score for Parameter/Rule Value**. The **Risk Score for Parameter/Rule Value** page is displayed.

Figure 74: Administration Menu

Administration > KYC Configuration > Risk Score for Parameter/Rule Value

Search Go Reset Auto-Populate

Jurisdiction Risk Scoring Model Type Parameter/Rule Name

4. Select the jurisdiction, model type used for risk scoring, and the parameter or rule name.
5. Click **Go**. The risk scores are displayed on the page.

Figure 75: Risk Score for Parameter/Rule Value

Administration > KYC Configuration > Risk Score for Parameter/Rule Value

Search Go Reset Auto-Populate

Jurisdiction * APAC Risk Scoring Model Type * Algorithm Based Assessment

Parameter/Rule Name * Geo Risk - Country of Head Quarters

Risk Score for Parameter/Rule Value

Save Copy Add History

Jurisdiction	Parameter/Rule Name	Parameter/Rule Value	Risk Score	Customer Type
--------------	---------------------	----------------------	------------	---------------

NOTE

- For Algorithm-based risk parameters, select Algorithm Based Assessment as the risk scoring model type.
- For Rule-based risk parameters, select Rule-Based Assessment as the risk scoring model type.

6. Click **Auto-Populate** to generate the risk scores following the risk assessment. To change the risk score, select the check box of the parameter you want to change and enter the new risk score.

To add Parameter/Rule value follow these steps:

1. Click **Add** in the Risk Score for Parameter/Rule Value section. The following pop-up window opens.

NOTE

Add any new Parameter/Rule value to the KDD_CODE_SET_TRNLN table corresponding to the rule code. You can view the Parameter/Rule value in the drop-down once added to the table.

Figure 76: Add Parameter/Rule Value Pop-up

Add Parameter/Rule Value

Jurisdiction APAC Risk Scoring Model Type Algorithm Based Assessment

Parameter/Rule Name Geo Risk - Country of Head Quarters

Parameter/Rule Code * Parameter/Rule Value *

Customer Type * Condition 3 Value

Risk Score * Comments

Save Close

2. After adding values in the required fields, click **Save**.

9.3.3 Disabling Accelerated Re-Review Rules

You can disable or deactivate individual Rules or the entire Accelerated re-review Rules.

- To enable or disable an individual Rule, you must set the `F_ENABLE` flag in the `appln_rereview_params` table as Y or N.
- To disable the entire Assessment (all of its rules), follow these steps::
 - On the KYC home page, click **Financial Services Inline Processing Engine** in the **Common Tasks** tab.
 - Navigate to **Assessment** tab and click the **Accelerated Review** assessment and open it. The **Assessment** pop-up appears.
 - Under the **Schedule** section, select the **Deactivate** radio button, and click **Save**.

9.4 Modifying the Risk Scores and Viewing the Risk Categories

Use the Risk Assessment Category UI to modify the risk scores and view the risk category assigned for a jurisdiction and Customer Type.

To view the UI, follow these steps.

1. Log in to the KYC application.
2. Under **Behavior Detection**, click **KYC Risk Assessment Configuration** and select **Risk Assessment Category**.

This action displays the Risk Assessment Category UI with the Search section.

Figure 77: Search Fields

3. Select the **Jurisdiction** and **Customer Type** and click **Go**.

Figure 78: Risk Score Categories Based on the Search Criteria

Risk Score Category (3)						
Save Copy History						
Jurisdiction	Customer Type	Risk Score Category	Minimum Score	Maximum Score	Re-review	User Review Required
DN of AMEA	Financial Institution	Standard	0	50	24	No
DN of AMEA	Financial Institution	Elevated	51	75	24	No
DN of AMEA	Financial Institution	High	76	100	6	No

This action displays the risk scores and risk categories for the selected Jurisdiction and Customer Type.

9.4.1 Modifying the Risk Scores

NOTE

The minimum and the maximum risk score values should be in sequence and the numbers should not overlap.

To modify the minimum and maximum risk scores, follow these steps.

1. Select the row for which you want to modify the risk scores.
2. Double-click the score value and provide the new score value.
3. Click **Save**.

9.4.2 Copying the Risk Scores

To Copy the Risk Scores to Destination Jurisdiction, follow these steps.

1. Select the row that you want to copy the risk scores from.
2. Click **Copy**.
3. In the pop-up, select the Destination Jurisdiction to which you want to copy the risk scores.
4. Click on **Confirm**.

This action copies the risk scores to the destination jurisdiction.

9.4.3 Showing the History of Risk Scores

To show the History of risk scores, follow these steps.

1. Select the row for which you want to view the History.
2. Click **History**.

This displays a pop-up with the History of Risk Scores that are modified previously.

9.5 Performing Assessments on Interested Parties

NOTE Ensure that you perform the following configuration for all relationship types before running batch jobs.

Use the **Relationship Type Definition** UI to choose the mode of assessment based on the Relationship Type for a specific jurisdiction.

To view the UI, follow these steps:

1. Log in to the KYC application as a KYC Administrator. For more information, see [Getting Started](#).
2. Click **Behavior Detection - KYC**. Select **KYC Risk Assessment Configuration** and click **Relationship Type Definition**. The **Relationship Type Definition** UI is displayed.
3. In the **Search** section, select the jurisdiction. Click **Go**.

4. In the **Default Assessment Mode** section, Select the risk assessment type that you want to perform on any interested parties and click **Save**.

NOTE

- For Interested parties, the **Default assessment Mode** is performed when a particular assessment mode for a relationship type is not explicitly configured in the **Relation Type Definition UI**.
- For Primary customer, the **Default assessment Mode** is always FULL_KYC.

5. Based on the jurisdiction selected, the **Relationship Type List** displays all configured relationship types and their respective assessment modes.

Figure 79: Relationship Type Definition Page

Administration > KYC Configuration > Relationship Type Definition

Search Go Reset

Jurisdiction * DN of AMEA

Jurisdiction: DN of AMEA

Default Assessment Mode

Default Assessment Mode * Full KYC

Save

Relationship Type List (2)

Add Edit Delete

Relationship Type	Assessment Mode
Beneficial Owner	Name and Address Screening
Joint Owner	Full KYC

Page 1 of 1 (1-2 of 2 items) Records Per Page 10

To add a new **Relationship Type**, follow these steps:

1. Click **Add** under the **Relationship Type List** to add a new relationship type.
2. Provide the **Relationship Type** and **Assessment Mode** and click **Save**.

To change the **Assessment Mode** of a **Relationship Type**, follow these steps:

1. Click **Edit** to change the assessment mode.
2. Provide the new **Assessment Mode** and click **Save**.

To remove the **Relationship Type**, follow these steps:

1. Click **Delete** and click **Yes** in the dialog box which appears.

10 Simulation Capability

The OFS KYC Simulation capability allows the user to run & test effectiveness of KYC risk assessment model(s) in a sandbox environment. User can tune the configurations (i.e. threshold weights and scores for risk parameters) for respective jurisdictions, analyze the results of each simulation run including comparison against production data and decide on the right champion model to be deployed back to production.

The KYC Simulation capability is available via integration with OFS Compliance Studio Application. This allows the user to seamlessly replicate and test the KYC risk assessment model in a dedicated sandbox environment without impacting the production set up. The Sandbox workspace allows the user to import required dataset from the production environment, perform simulation and analyze results using built in GUI and visualization tool.

Topics:

- [Integrating With Compliance Studio](#)
- [KYC Simulation Process Flow](#)
- [Registering the OFSAA Environment Details with Compliance Studio](#)
- [Configuring New User Schema](#)
- [Configuring Data Source](#)
- [Managing Workspace](#)
- [Managing Model Pipelines](#)
- [Pipeline Designer](#)
- [Audit Trail](#)

10.1 Integrating With Compliance Studio

OFS Compliance Studio is an advanced analytics application that supercharges anti-financial crime programs for better customer due diligence, transaction monitoring, and investigations by leveraging the latest innovations in artificial intelligence, open-source technologies, and data management. It combines Oracle's Parallel Graph Analytics (PGX), Machine Learning for AML, Entity Resolution, and notebook-based code development and enables Contextual Investigations in one platform with complete and robust model management and governance functionality. For information on installation and configuration of the Compliance Studio application, see [Oracle Financial Services Compliance Studio Installation Guide](#).

For the following information, see [Oracle Financial Services Compliance Studio User Guide](#):

- Using the Application UI
- Mapping User Groups
- Access the Workspace Dashboard Window
- Using the OFS Compliance Studio Application
- Using Workspaces
- Managing Datasets

- Managing Model Pipelines

10.2 KYC Simulation Process Flow

The process flow for building KYC models in Compliance Studio involves the configuration, creation of Sandboxes and the creation of Models mapped to the Sandboxes. You can use these KYC models to perform model visualizations and test for the outcomes. You can then publish a model into production and make it available to users after you have determined that the models and the parameters used to construct the models meet the requirements of your business logic.

Figure 80: User Process Flow

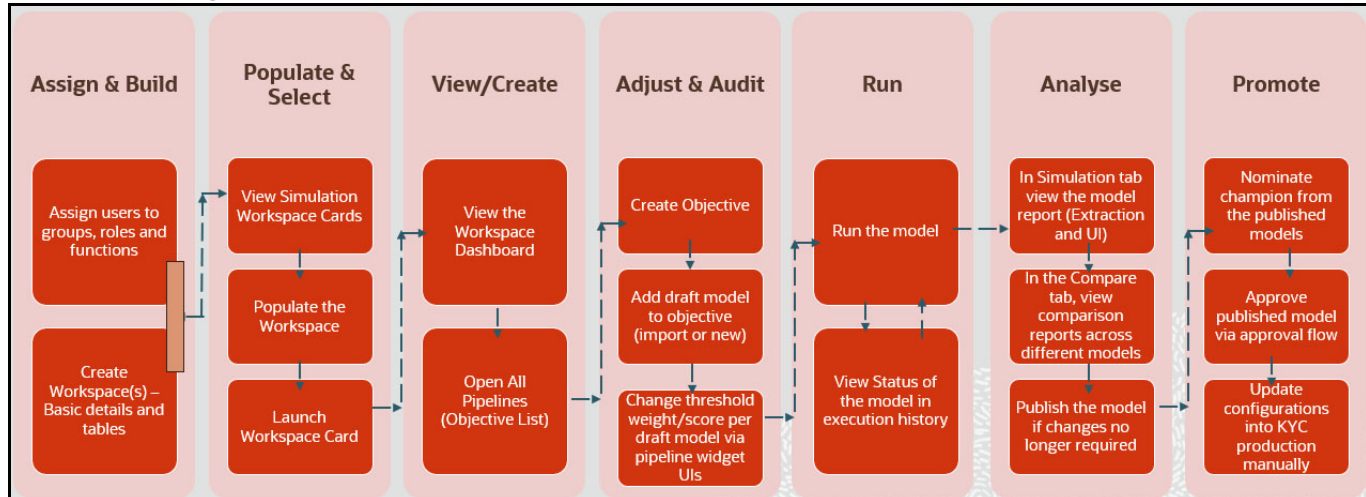
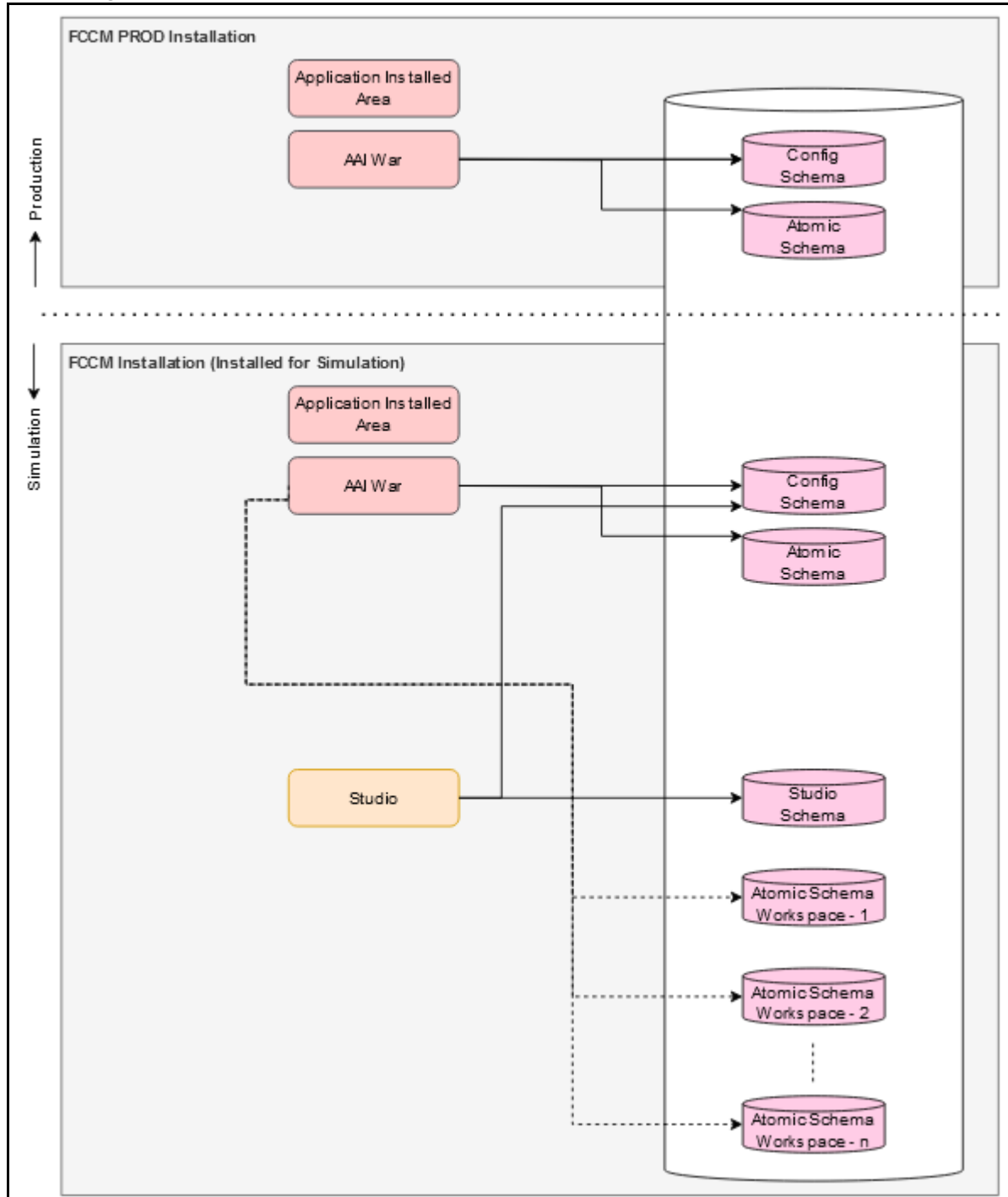


Figure 81: Simulation Data Process Flow



10.3 Registering the OFSAA Environment Details with Compliance Studio

This section describes how to register the OFSAA Environment details with Compliance Studio.

To Register the OFSAA Environment details with Compliance Studio, follow these steps:

1. Click the **User Icon** and select the **OFSAA Environment** from the list.

2. Click **Register Environment**. The **OFSAA Environment** page is displayed.
3. Click **Register Environment** to register the new KYC Environment.
4. Provide input for the following fields:
 - **Name:** Name of the environment Must be minimum 5 characters and maximum 20 characters
 - **Description:** Description for the environment
 - **Type:** Select either simulation or production
 - **Properties:** Select the key and enter the corresponding value.

For information on Key and their, see Tables 24 and 25.

5. Click **Create**.

Table 25 and Table 26 provide information about Key for OFSAA Environment Registration.

Table 25: OFSAA Production Environment Key and Description

Key	Description
PROD_baseUrl	BD Production URL. For example: http://<ipaddress>:<portno>/<context>
PROD_app_id	BD Production Application ID. For example: OFC_KYC
PROD_infodom	BD Production Setup infodom.
PROD_ficserver_hostname	Hostname of Linux machine where the BD application is installed.
PROD_ficserver_username	Username to access the BD application. For example: ofsaaweb
PROD_ficserver_password	Password to access the BD application.
PROD_ftpshare_path	Path of FTPshare location where the BD application is installed. For example: /scratch/ofsaaweb/812FEB/ftpshare
PROD_instanceName	Name of Production Instance which is used to generate the token. For example: MMG1
PROD_instanceAccessToken	Access Token for Production Instance.

Table 26: OFSAA Simulation Environment Key and Description

Key	Description
SIM_ficserver_hostname	Hostname of Simulation Server where the BD application is installed.
SIM_ftpshare_path	Path of Simulation FTPshare location where the BD application is installed.
SIM_sys_admin_user	Admin Username to access the Simulation Server.
SIM_sys_auth_user	Authorized Username to access the Simulation Server.
SIM_ficserver_username	Username to access the BD application.
SIM_ficserver_password	Password to access the BD application.

Table 26: OFSAA Simulation Environment Key and Description

Key	Description
SIM_instanceName	Name of Production Instance which is used to generate the token.
SIM_instanceAccessToken	Access Token for Production Instance.
SIM_baseUrl	BD Simulation URL.
SIM_app_server	BD Simulation Application Server IP.
SIM_ficdb_path	Path of Simulation FICDB location where the BD application is installed.

10.3.1 Workspace Creation Pre-requisites

The following are the pre-requisites for creating a workspace:

1. Create User TableSpace in simulation database by executing the script as a *sysdba* user:

```
CREATE TABLESPACE AIF_USER_TS DATAFILE '<DATAFILE PATH>/  
aif_user_data_tablespace.dbf' SIZE 1G REUSE AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 500M  
MAXSIZE UNLIMITED;
```

DATAFILE PATH example: /scratch/oraofss/app/oradata.

2. Create Instance Token for Production and Simulation in the KYC application.

For more information on Instance Token, see [Appendix-E Configurations for the Bearer Token](#).

10.4 Configuring New User Schema

This section describes how to create a new user schema in the sys user.

To create the new user, follow these steps:

1. Run the following SQL statements in simulation as *sys user*:

```
CREATE USER <SCHEMA_NAME> IDENTIFIED BY <password> DEFAULT TABLESPACE  
AIF_USER_TS TEMPORARY TABLESPACE TEMP QUOTA UNLIMITED ON AIF_USER_TS;  
grant create SESSION to <SCHEMA_NAME>;  
grant create PROCEDURE to <SCHEMA_NAME>;  
grant create SEQUENCE to <SCHEMA_NAME>;  
grant create TABLE to <SCHEMA_NAME>;  
grant create TRIGGER to <SCHEMA_NAME>;  
grant create VIEW to <SCHEMA_NAME>;  
grant create MATERIALIZED VIEW to <SCHEMA_NAME>;  
grant select on SYS.V_$PARAMETER to <SCHEMA_NAME>;  
grant create SYNONYM to <SCHEMA_NAME>;  
grant select on sys.v_$parameter to <SCHEMA_NAME>;  
grant select on sys.dba_free_space to <SCHEMA_NAME>;  
grant select on sys.dba_tables to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
```

```
grant select on sys.Dba_tab_columns to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
grant create RULE to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
grant create any trigger to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
grant drop any trigger to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
grant select on SYS.DBA_RECYCLEBIN to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
grant connect, resource, dba to <new workspace schema>;
```

2. Once the user is created, run the following SQL statements in new user created:

- a.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE EDITIONABLE SYNONYM PR2_FIRERUN_FILTER FOR
<<config_schema>>.PR2_FIRERUN_FILTER;

CREATE OR REPLACE EDITIONABLE SYNONYM PR2_RUN_EXECUTION_FILTER FOR
<<config_schema>>.PR2_RUN_EXECUTION_FILTER;

CREATE OR REPLACE EDITIONABLE SYNONYM AAI_WF_FILTER_EXEC_MAP FOR
<<config_schema>>.AAI_WF_FILTER_EXEC_MAP;

CREATE OR REPLACE EDITIONABLE SYNONYM CONFIGURATION FOR
<<config_schema>>.CONFIGURATION;

CREATE OR REPLACE EDITIONABLE SYNONYM PR2_RUN_EXECUTION_B FOR
<<config_schema>>.PR2_RUN_EXECUTION_B;

CREATE OR REPLACE EDITIONABLE SYNONYM METADATA_ELEMENT_MASTER FOR
<<config_schema>>.METADATA_ELEMENT_MASTER;

CREATE OR REPLACE EDITIONABLE SYNONYM RTI_EVALUATION FOR
<<config_schema>>.RTI_EVALUATION;

CREATE OR REPLACE SYNONYM checkenvfordataredaction FOR
<<config_schema>>.checkenvfordataredaction;

CREATE OR REPLACE SYNONYM cssms_role_mast FOR
<<config_schema>>.cssms_role_mast;

CREATE OR REPLACE SYNONYM cssms_group_role_map FOR
<<config_schema>>.cssms_group_role_map;

CREATE OR REPLACE SYNONYM cssms_usr_group_map_view FOR
<<config_schema>>.cssms_usr_group_map_view;

CREATE OR REPLACE SYNONYM AAI_DB_PROPERTY FOR
<<config_schema>>.AAI_DB_PROPERTY;

CREATE OR REPLACE SYNONYM CONFIGURATION FOR
<<config_schema>>.CONFIGURATION;

CREATE OR REPLACE SYNONYM AAI_DB_DETAIL FOR
<<config_schema>>.AAI_DB_DETAIL;

CREATE OR REPLACE SYNONYM DSNMASTER FOR <<config_schema>>.DSNMASTER;

CREATE OR REPLACE EDITIONABLE SYNONYM CSSMS_USR_PROFILE FOR
<<config_schema>>."CSSMS_USR_PROFILE";
```
- b.

```
grant select on <<config_schema>>.PR2_RUN_MAP to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
grant insert on <<config_schema>>.PR2_RUN_MAP to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
```

```

grant insert on <<config_schema>>.PR2_RUN_OBJECT_MEMBER to
<SCHEMA_NAME>;

grant select on <<config_schema>>.PR2_FIRERUN_FILTER to
<SCHEMA_NAME>;

grant select on <<config_schema>>.AAI_DB_PROPERTY to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
grant select on <<config_schema>>.CONFIGURATION to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
grant select on <<config_schema>>.DSNMASTER to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
grant select on <<config_schema>>.AAI_DB_DETAIL to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
grant select on <<config_schema>>.CSSMS_HOLIDAY_LIST to
<SCHEMA_NAME>;

grant select on <<config_schema>>.rti_evaluation to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
grant select on <<config_schema>>.pr2_run_object_member to
<SCHEMA_NAME>;

grant select on <<config_schema>>.pr2_run_map to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
grant select on <<config_schema>>.PR2_FILTERS to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
grant select on <<config_schema>>.pr2_run_object to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
grant select on <<config_schema>>.PR2_RUN_EXECUTION_FILTER to
<SCHEMA_NAME>;

grant select on <<config_schema>>.CONFIGURATION to <SCHEMA_NAME>;
grant select on <<config_schema>>.AAI_WF_FILTER_EXEC_MAP to
<SCHEMA_NAME>;

grant select on <<config_schema>>.PR2_RUN_EXECUTION_B to
<SCHEMA_NAME>;

grant select on <<config_schema>>.metadata_element_master to
<SCHEMA_NAME>;

grant execute on <<config_schema>>.checkenvfordataredaction to
<SCHEMA_NAME>;

c. CREATE OR REPLACE FORCE EDITIONABLE VIEW PR2_RUN_MAP ("V_RUN_ID",
"V_INFODOM_NAME", "V_TASK_REF_UNIQUE_NAME", "V_OBJECT_UNIQUE_NAME",
"V_MEMBER_UNIQUE_NAME") AS
    SELECT V_RUN_ID,
    V_INFODOM_NAME,
    V_TASK_REF_UNIQUE_NAME,
    V_OBJECT_UNIQUE_NAME,
    V_MEMBER_UNIQUE_NAME
FROM <<config_schema>>.PR2_RUN_MAP PRM
WHERE PRM.V_INFODOM_NAME = '<<WORKSPACE_INFODOM>>';

d. CREATE OR REPLACE FORCE EDITIONABLE VIEW PR2_RUN_OBJECT ("V_RUN_ID",
"V_INFODOM_NAME", "V_OBJECT_UNIQUE_NAME", "V_OBJECT_TYPE_CODE",
"V_OBJECT_LOCATION_CODE", "N_OBJECT_ORDER", "V_TASK_REF_UNIQUE_NAME",
"V_TASK_TYPE_CODE", "V_TASK_SUB_TYPE_CODE", "V_TASK_REF_1_NAME",

```



```

"V_TASK_REF_1_VALUE", "V_TASK_REF_2_NAME", "V_TASK_REF_2_VALUE",
"V_TASK_REF_3_NAME", "V_TASK_REF_3_VALUE", "V_TASK_REF_4_NAME",
"V_TASK_REF_4_VALUE") AS

    SELECT V_RUN_ID,
V_INFODOM_NAME,
V_OBJECT_UNIQUE_NAME,
V_OBJECT_TYPE_CODE,
V_OBJECT_LOCATION_CODE,
N_OBJECT_ORDER,
V_TASK_REF_UNIQUE_NAME,
V_TASK_TYPE_CODE,
V_TASK_SUB_TYPE_CODE,
V_TASK_REF_1_NAME,
V_TASK_REF_1_VALUE,
V_TASK_REF_2_NAME,
V_TASK_REF_2_VALUE,
V_TASK_REF_3_NAME,
V_TASK_REF_3_VALUE,
V_TASK_REF_4_NAME,
V_TASK_REF_4_VALUE
FROM <<config_schema>>.PR2_RUN_OBJECT PRO
WHERE PRO.V_INFODOM_NAME = '<<WORKSPACE_INFODOM>>';

e. CREATE OR REPLACE FORCE EDITIONABLE VIEW PR2_RUN_OBJECT_MEMBER
("V_RUN_ID", "V_INFODOM_NAME", "V_OBJECT_UNIQUE_NAME",
"V_MEMBER_UNIQUE_NAME", "V_MEMBER_TYPE_CODE", "N_MEMBER_ORDER") AS

SELECT V_RUN_ID,
V_INFODOM_NAME,
V_OBJECT_UNIQUE_NAME,
V_MEMBER_UNIQUE_NAME,
V_MEMBER_TYPE_CODE,
N_MEMBER_ORDER
FROM <<config_schema>>.PR2_RUN_OBJECT_MEMBER PROM
WHERE PROM.V_INFODOM_NAME = '<<WORKSPACE_INFODOM>>';

f. CREATE OR REPLACE FORCE EDITIONABLE VIEW PR2_FILTERS ("F_IS_RRF",
"V_DSN_NAME", "V_EXECUTION_ID", "V_TASK_ID", "V_COMPONENT_CODE",
"N_RUN_SKEY", "V_RUN_CODE", "V_RULE_CODE", "V_FILTER") AS

SELECT FILTERS.F_IS_RRF,
FILTERS.V_DSN_NAME,

```

```

FILTERS.V_EXECUTION_ID,
FILTERS.V_TASK_ID,
FILTERS.V_COMPONENT_CODE,
FILTERS.N_RUN_SKEY,
FILTERS.V_RUN_CODE,
FILTERS.V_RULE_CODE,
FILTERS.V_FILTER
FROM (SELECT 'RRF' AS F_IS_RRF,
PREF.V_INFODOM_NAME AS V_DSN_NAME,
PREF.V_RUN_EXECUTION_ID AS V_EXECUTION_ID,
PREF.V_TASK_ID AS V_TASK_ID,
PREF.V_PROCESS_ID AS V_COMPONENT_CODE,
PREF.N_RUN_SKEY AS N_RUN_SKEY,
PREB.V_RUN_ID AS V_RUN_CODE,
PREF.V_RULE_ID AS V_RULE_CODE,
'(' || CASE
WHEN PREF.V_PROCESS_FILTER IS NULL THEN
'7=7'
ELSE
PREF.V_PROCESS_FILTER
END || ')' || ' AND ' || '(' || CASE
WHEN PREF.V_RUN_FILTER IS NULL THEN
'8=8'
ELSE
PREF.V_RUN_FILTER
END || ')' || ' AND ' || '(' || CASE
WHEN PFF.V_RUN_FILTER IS NULL THEN
'9=9'
ELSE
PFF.V_RUN_FILTER
END || ')' AS V_FILTER
FROM <<config_schema>>.PR2_RUN_EXECUTION_B PREB
LEFT OUTER JOIN <<config_schema>>.PR2_FIRERUN_FILTER PFF ON
PFF.V_RUN_EXECUTION_ID =
PREB.V_RUN_EXECUTION_ID
AND PFF.V_INFODOM_NAME =

```

```

    PREB.V_INFODOM_NAME
  JOIN <<config_schema>>.PR2_RUN_EXECUTION_FILTER PREF ON
    PREF.V_RUN_EXECUTION_ID =
    PREB.V_RUN_EXECUTION_ID
  AND PREF.V_INFODOM_NAME =
    PREB.V_INFODOM_NAME
  WHERE PREB.V_INFODOM_NAME = '<<WORKSPACE_INFODOM>>'
  UNION ALL
  SELECT 'PR2' AS F_IS_RRF,
    V_DSN_NAME,
    V_EXECUTION_ID,
    NULL AS V_TASK_ID,
    V_COMPONENT_CODE,
    N_RUN_SKEY,
    V_RUN_CODE,
    V_RULE_CODE,
    V_FILTER
  FROM <<config_schema>>.PR2_FILTERS PF
  WHERE PF.V_DSN_NAME = '<<WORKSPACE_INFODOM>>') FILTERS
  JOIN <<config_schema>>.CONFIGURATION ON UPPER(PARAMVALUE) =
    UPPER(F_IS_RRF)
  WHERE PARAMNAME = 'F_IS_RRF'
  UNION ALL
  SELECT AWFEM.F_IS_RRF,
    AWFEM.V_DSN_NAME,
    AWFEM.V_EXECUTION_ID,
    AWFEM.V_TASK_ID,
    AWFEM.V_COMPONENT_CODE,
    AWFEM.N_RUN_SKEY,
    AWFEM.V_RUN_CODE,
    AWFEM.V_RULE_CODE,
    AWFEM.V_FILTER
  FROM <<config_schema>>.AAI_WF_FILTER_EXEC_MAP AWFEM;

```

3. Configure the new INFODOM with the new schema details in the *tnsnames.ora* file and WebLogic server. To enter the new schema details in the *tnsnames.ora* file, see the following sample template:

```
<SCHEMA_NAME> =
```

```

(DESCRIPTION =
  (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = <IP ADDRESS>) (PORT = <PORT>))
  (CONNECT_DATA =
    (SERVER = DEDICATED)
    (SERVICE_NAME = <SERVICE_NAME>))
  )
)

<SIM_NEW_INFODOM> =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = <IP ADDRESS>) (PORT = <PORT>))
    (CONNECT_DATA =
      (SERVER = DEDICATED)
      (SERVICE_NAME = <SERVICE_NAME>))
    )
  )

```

4. To enter new INFODOM details in the WebLogic server and add the INFODOM in Console, follow these steps:
 - a. Log into **WebLogic** console and go to **Services**.
 - b. Click **Data Sources**.
 - c. Click **New** and add **Data Source** name as *Simulation_infodom* and **JNDI Name** as *JDBC/<Simulation_infodom>* for the newdatabase schema details.

NOTE <<*Simulation Infodom*>> must not have more than 11 characters.

5. Add the entry for new INFODOM in *web.xml* under *##Deployed Area##/##Context##/WEB-INF:*

```

<resource-ref>
<description>DB Connection <<Infodom Name>></description>
<res-ref-name>JDBC/<<Infodom name>> </res-ref-name>
<res-type>javax.sql.DataSource</res-type>
<res-auth>Container</res-auth>
</resource-ref>

```

6. Configure the wallet with the new schema details in the Studio Setup. For more information, see *Setup Password Stores with Oracle Wallet* section in [Compliance Studio Installation Guide](#).
7. Before running the batch, create the *IPE_KYC_Source* folder under */ftpsshare/<<Workspace infodom>>/logs/*.

10.5 Configuring Data Source

The Data Source allows you to manage the Data Schemas registered with the OFS Compliance Studio application. The Data Source Summary window shows the list of Data schemas registered with OFS Compliance Studio. These Data schemas can be used either for workspace or for sourcing data.

The Data Source Summary is divided into the following two sections:

- **Used Data Sources:** This shows the list of Data Sources registered with any workspace. Here, you can only view the Data Source details. The count of Used Data Sources also displayed at the top of Data Source Summary page.
- **Unused Data Sources:** This shows the list of Data Sources those are not registered with any workspace. Here, you can only view, edit, or delete the Data Source details. The count of Unused Data Sources also displayed at the top of Data Source Summary page.

To view the Data Source details, follow these steps:

Click the **Action** icon next to corresponding Workspace and select **View**.

After the per-configuration procedures you must add the new data source in the Compliance Studio application.

To add the new data source, follow these steps:

1. Click on the **User** icon.
2. Click **Data Source**. The **Data Source** page is displayed.
3. Click **Add Data Source** and enter the value for the following fields:
 - **Data Source Name:** Enter the connection URL to the database for the data schema.
 - **Description:** Enter the description of database connection.
 - **Type:** Enter the type of the database connection.
 - **Database Type:** Select the Database Type as Oracle.
 - **Wallet Alias:** Enter the Wallet Alias. This value must be same as configured using Oracle Wallet.
 - **Table Owner:** Enter the table owner value.
4. Click **Test Connection** to check the status of the connection.
5. Click **Create** to create the Data Source or click **Cancel** to skip the changes.

Figure 82: Add Data Source

Add Data Store

Data Store Name

KYC Data Source BD

Description

KYC Data Source BD

Type

JDBC

Database Type

Oracle

Wallet Alias

simulation_kyc_alias

Table Owner

simulation_kyc

Test Connection

Cancel

Create

Figure 83: Data Source Summary Page

Compliance Studio

Data Store Summary

Add Data Store

Used Data Store (16)

Unused Data Store (5)

Search

Data Store Name	Description	Type	Used In	Used As	Action
KYC DS TEST 6	KYC DS TEST 6	JDBC	KYC WSP SIM 6	Data Schema	...
BD	BD for Compliance Studio	JDBC	BD	Data Schema	...
DEMOS	DEMOS	JDBC	KYCWSUCHI	Data Schema	...
KYC J Data Source	KYC J Data Source	JDBC	KYCWSJ	Data Schema	...
KYC TEST 2 DS	KYC TEST 2 DS	JDBC	KYC WSP SIM 2 BRI	Data Schema	...
KYC DS 7	KYC DS 7	JDBC	KYCBRIWSP	Data Schema	...
KYC TEST DS	KYC TEST DS	JDBC	KYC WSP SIM BRIJESH	Data Schema	...
KYC Data Source Test	KYC Data Source Test	JDBC	KYCWSPINKY	Data Schema	...

10.6 Creating Workspace

Topics:

- [Configuring Basic Details](#)
- [Configuring Workspace Schema](#)
- [Configuring Data Sourcing](#)
- [Configuring Metadata Sourcing](#)
- [Validating Workspace](#)
- [Displaying Summary](#)
- [Populating Workspace](#)
- [Creating a Model](#)

The Workspace creation requires entry of the source of dataset, validation, and deployment.

To create a Workspace, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the **Workspace Summary** page. The page displays the workspace records in a table.
2. Click **Add Workspace**. The **Create Workspace** page is displayed.

Figure 84: Create Workspace

The window displays a progress indicator at the left that indicates the active window where you are entering details.

3. Click **Previous** to go back a step and click **Next** to go to the next step.

The following are the various phases from workspace creation to deployment:

- Configuring Basic Details
- Configuring Workspace Schema
- Configuring Data Sourcing
- Configuring Metadata Sourcing
- Validating Workspace

- Displaying Summary

10.6.1 Configuring Basic Details

This section describes how to configure the basic details.

To configure the basic details follow these steps:

1. Click **Use Template**. The **Use Template** popup window is displayed.
2. Select the **KYC** workspace template (*KYCWorkspaceTemplate.zip*) from the drop-down. The **Update Schema Mapping** window is displayed.
3. Enter the following target schema field details:
 - **New Data Schema**: Enter the newly created schema ID.
 - **New Data Source Name**: Enter the production data source name.
4. Click **Update** to update the basic details or click **Cancel** to exist the window.
5. Enter the value for the fields displayed in [Table 27](#).
6. Click **Next** to open the next page.

NOTE

The field drop down values are populated based on the registration in the OFSAA Environment.

Table 27: Basic Details Fields and their Description

Fields	Description
Workspace Code	Enter the code of the workspace. This field is limited to 20 characters.
Purpose	Enter the purpose of the creation of the Workspace.
User group	Click on this field to display a list of User-group values. Select the required value. • Modeling Approver • Modeling Reviewer • Modeling User
Type	Select the type of Workspace as Simulation to perform simulation.
Sub Type	If you have selected Modeling, select the subtype of Workspace as Sandbox Workspace or Production Workspace.
Application Type	Select Know Your Customer.
Production	The KYC Production environment drop down value will be populated as a result of registering the OFSAA Environment Detail.
Simulation	The KYC Simulation environment drop down value will be populated as a result of registering the OFSAA Environment Details.
Simulation Infodomain	Enter Infodomain name.
Simulation User Group Code	Enter the User Group Code.
Simulation User ID	Enter the User ID.
Simulation User Password	Enter the User Password.

Table 27: Basic Details Fields and their Description

Fields	Description
Simulation DB Server	Enter the BD application server IP address.
Simulation DB Schema name	Enter new Workspace Schema name.
Simulation DB Password	Enter new Workspace Schema password.
Simulation JDBC Connection String	Enter the connection String. For example: jdbc:oracle:thin:@<DBServerIP>:<port>/<Servicename>

10.6.2 Configuring Workspace Schema

Select the new schema created under *Data Schema*. Note that the schema will be selected by default if you are using template.

10.6.3 Configuring Data Sourcing

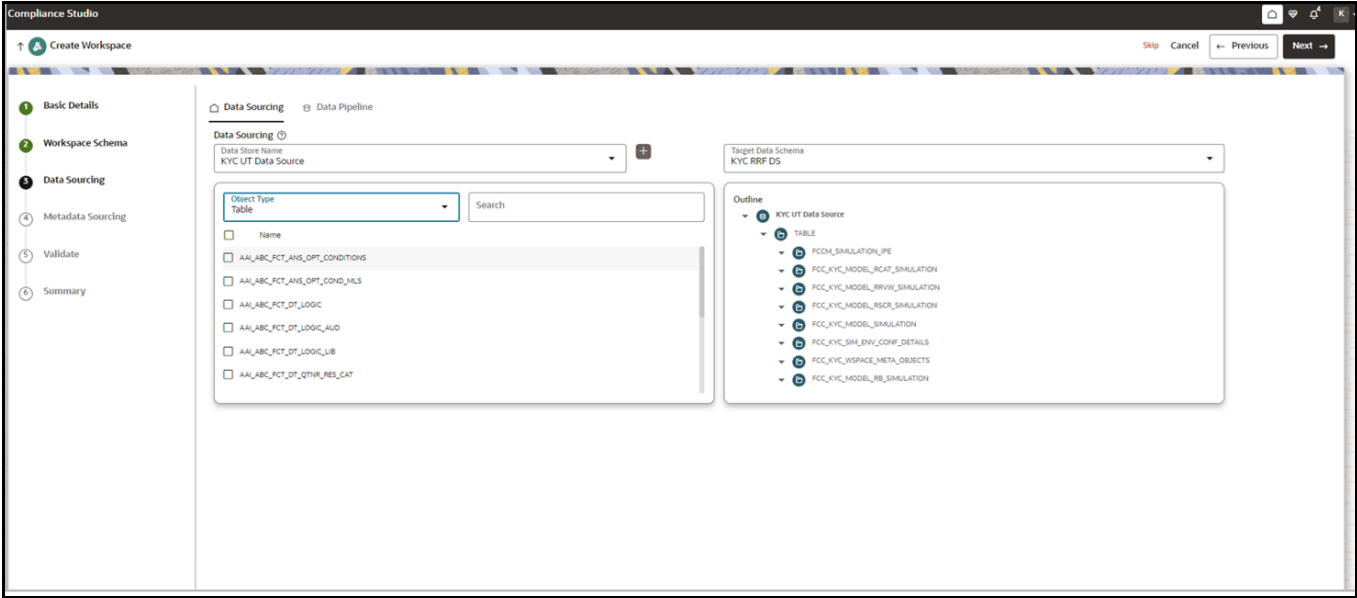
The schema type selected in the previous step requires the definition of database objects to be used for model creation. The data sourcing step of Workspace provisioning allows the select tables from Hive-based data sources from which data has to be pulled into the Oracle-based Workspace data schema. In case any of the selected tables are not present in the target schema, those tables are included in the failed objects count in the workspace provisioning summary.

As a part of using the template, all the KYC specific data sourcing objects are available by default.

To configure Data Sourcing, follow these steps:

1. Select a Data Source from the **Data Source** Name drop-down list.
2. Select **Target Data Schema**.
3. Select the object type and corresponding object names from the drop-down list.
4. Click **Next**.

Figure 85: Data Sourcing



10.6.4 **Configuring Metadata Sourcing**

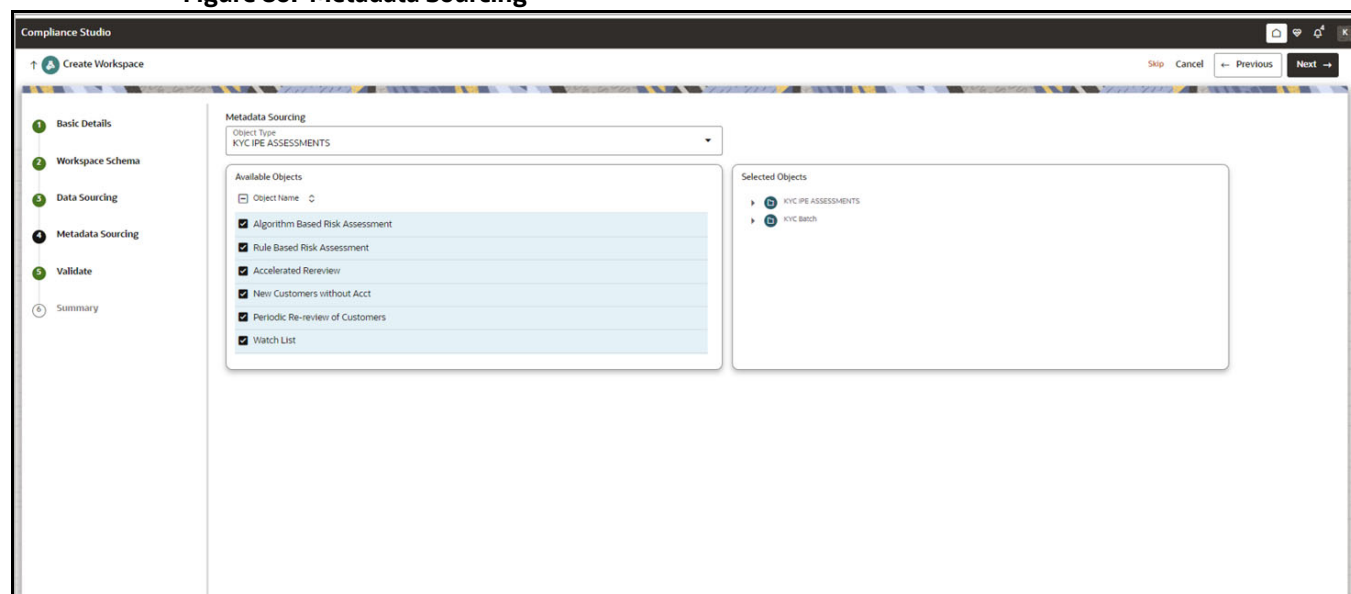
The Metadata Sourcing is a stage during Workspace provisioning to allow seeding of metadata like KYC IPE ASSESSMENTS at the time of workspace provisioning.

To configure Metadata Sourcing, select the KYC specific schema from the Object Type drop-down list and corresponding available objects.

Table 28: Metadata Sourcing Object Type and Names

Object Type	Object Name
KYC IPE ASSESSMENTS	Algorithm Based Risk Assessment
	Rule Based Risk Assessment
	Accelerated Re-review
	New Customers Without Acct
	Periodic Re-review of Customers
	Watch List
	New Accounts Opened By Customers
	Change in Risk Model
KYC Batch	KYC Batch Run Definition
	KYC DMT Source Definition

Figure 86: Metadata Sourcing



10.6.5 Validating Workspace

The Validate pane displays a preview of the configuration values entered in the previous panes.

10.6.6 Displaying Summary

The Summary pane displays the status of the workspace creation.

Click Download to download the deployment report.

10.6.7 Importing Workspace Metadata for ML4AML for the Created Workspace

To import Workspace Metadata for ML4AML for the created workspace, follow these steps:

1. Login to Compliance Studio installed UNIX Machine.
2. Navigate to the path: `/deployed/ml4aml/bin`.
3. Execute the following UNIX command once, against the schema used in the current Sandbox workspace:

```
./sandbox.sh -w <wallet alias>
```

NOTE

The *wallet alias* must be the same as the one provided when the data store was created.

10.6.8 Security Mapping for the New User

For security mapping for the new user, follow these steps:

1. Open the BD application and navigate to Behavior Detection - KYC.
2. Select User Security Administration and then select Security Attribute Administration.

3. Select the User Type as *User* and choose User as the new user and map the Security Attributes.

10.7 Managing Workspace

The workspace displays a menu for Models and an application configuration and model creation sub-menu.

For more information on the following topics, see the *Managing Workspaces* section in [Oracle Financial Services Compliance Studio User Guide](#):

- Launching a Workspace
- Viewing the Workspace
- Editing the Workspace
- Deleting the Workspace
- Downloading the Workspace

10.7.1 Populating Workspace

The workspace is populated with data from the datasets in External sources. When you are creating a workspace the table definitions are created. The Data movement from production to simulation occurs when you populate the screen.

To populate the Workspace, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the **Workspace Summary** page. The page displays Workspace records in a table.
2. Click **Action**  next to corresponding Workspace to launch Workspace and select **Populate**

Workspace  to populate the Workspace with data from a dataset data in the **Populate Workspace** window.

3. For using Template for Populating Workspace, follow these steps:
 - a. Click **Use Template**.
 - b. Select **KYCJurisdictionFilterTemplate.zip**.
 - c. Add the required SQL filters.
 - d. Click **Populate Workspace** and then select either **Create Batch** or **Create and Execute Batch**.

Figure 87: Populate Workspace Window

Populate Workspace

Workspace Code

KYC WSP SIM 3

Purpose

Simulation Test

Creation Date

2023-10-23 05:52:24

Data Store Type

External Data Source

Write Mode ?

Write Mode

Overwrite

In this mode, all the underlying tables mapped to the workspace will be populated (truncate and insert) along with the filters mentioned below for specific tables.

Data Filters - Global level ?

Use Template

Data Filters - Global

Data Filters - Table level ?

Tables

SQL Filter

Additional Parameters ?

Fetch Size

10

Batch Commit Size

1,000

Select Unlimited or Customize the Rejection Threshold

☒ Unlimited

☐ Custom Rejection Threshold

Rejection Threshold

UNLIMITED

Cancel

Populate Workspace

Table 29 provides field descriptions for the Oracle Populate Workspace window.

Table 29: Populate Workspace

Object Type	Object Name
Workspace Code	The code of the Workspace.
Purpose	The description for the Workspace
Creation Date	The date on which the Workspace was created.
Data Source Type	The source of data. The value can be the OFSAA Data Schema or an external data source.

Table 29: Populate Workspace

Object Type	Object Name
Data Filter - Global	Enter the data filter that needs to be applied on all the tables selected for data sourcing. For example: If MISDATE is equal to Today, then it is applied to all tables (wherever it is available) for selected Data Sources during population. If this field is not found (MISDATE) in the tables, it is not updated.
Data Filter - Table level	Provide the data filters individually on the tables here. NOTE: You can provide multiple table names for the same SQL filter. For example, there are two tables called Student and Employee in the target data source, and below filters are applied: I MISDATE as Today for Student and Employee tables I ID as 1 for Student table Then, Student table will be populated with MISDATE and ID filters and Employee table will be populated with only MISDATE filter. Global Filters will not be applicable for those tables on which filters have been applied individually. If the same table name is provided in more than one rows here, then filter condition is generated as a conjunction of all the provided filters.
Fetch Size	Enter the Fetch size for data upload.
Batch Commit Size	Enter the Batch Commit size for data upload.
Write Mode	You can either overwrite the existing data (truncate and insert) or to append to the existing data. You can choose to either overwrite the data or append to the existing data.
Rejection Threshold	The following two options are available: Custom Rejection Threshold: Enter the maximum of number of inserts that may fail for any of the selected tables. You can provide the maximum number of inserts that can fail while loading data to a given table from all the sources. In case of threshold breach, all the inserts into the particular target schema will be rolled back. However, it will continue with populating the next target schema. Unlimited: Here, all the errors will be ignored during the data population.

4. Click **Populate Workspace**  to start the process.

Here, you can create the batch using Create Batch, or create and execute using the Create and Execute Batch option. On selecting either of these options, a workspace population task gets added to the batch.

NOTE

You may require approval from an approver to populate the workspace.

- When you select the Create and Execute Batch option, it allows you to create batch and triggers the batch as well.
- When you select the Create Batch option, it allows you to prepare the batch and then execute or schedule the batch at a later time through **Scheduler Service** window. The Workspace population task execution can be tracked in the **Monitor Batch** window.

5. Navigate to **Scheduler Service** and select **Define Task**.

Figure 88: Task Parameters

View Task

Close

Task Details

* Task Name

task1

Task Description

Task for populating workspace KYCWSJ

Task Type

REST

*Components

POPULATE_WORKSPACE

Batch Service URL

WORKSPA

https://ofss-mum-3639.snbomprshared1.

Task Service URL

/v1/sandbox-service/populate

Task Parameters

Parameter	\$BATCHDATE\$	Value	Batch Date	☒
Parameter	\$BATCHRUNID\$	Value	BATCHRUNID	☒
Parameter	Global Filter	Value		☒
Parameter	Table Filters	Value		☒

6. Enter the following parameters for workspace population.

- **Additional Parameters:** Enter the Additional Parameters in following format:

```
{"fetch_size" :10, "batch_commit_size" :1000, "rejection_threshold" : "UNLIMITED", "write_mode" : "OVERWRITE"}
```

Global Filter provided input will be applied as a data filter on all the tables selected for data sourcing.

- **Table Filter:** You can provide data filters individually on the tables here. You must provide multiple table names for the same SQL filter. Global Filters will not be applicable for those tables on which filters have been applied individually. In case the same table name is provided in more than one rows here, the filter condition will be generated as a conjunction of all the provided filters. Enter the Table Filters in following the format:

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```
[{"id":1,"filter":"","tables":["TABLE1", "TABLE2"]}, {"id":2,"filter":"","tables":["TABLE2"]}]
```

NOTE

You can run workspace population for a given workspace any number of times. New tables may be added to the definition. Any new table added to the definition, that is not present in the target schema will be physicalized on update of the workspace. Also, you can add new sources if required. Any table that is deselected from the data sourcing definition will not be dropped.

7. To drop and create Sequence in the Workspace Schema:
 - a. DROP SEQUENCE FCC_KYC_MODEL_SIMULATION_SEQ;
 - b. Get the max value N_MODEL_SIM_SKEY from table FCC_KYC_MODEL_SIMULATION
SELECT MAX(N_MODEL_SIM_SKEY) FROM FCC_KYC_MODEL_SIMULATION; -- value
 - c. CREATE SEQUENCE FCC_KYC_MODEL_SIMULATION_SEQ MINVALUE 1 MAXVALUE 99999999999999999999999999 INCREMENT BY 1 START WITH ##value+1## CACHE 20 NOORDER NOCYCLE NOKEEP NOSCALE GLOBAL;

10.8 Managing Model Pipelines

Model Pipeline allows you to create and publish models based on the workspaces created from datasets in the database. The published models are then deployed in production.

For more information on model pipelines, see the *Managing Model Pipelines* section in [Oracle Financial Services Compliance Studio User Guide](#).

Prerequisites:

- Access the Workspace Dashboard Window
- Accessing the Model Pipelines
- Reviewing, Approving Model
- Import a Workspace Model Data into a New Model
- Import/Export Models
- Using View Models
- Editing Models
- Deleting Objectives and Draft Models

10.8.1 Creating a Model

Model creation and deployment undergo a workflow of Model Governance where the following types of users in the system have privileges that restrict the activities, they can do in the model creation and deployment workflow.

Topics:

- Creating Objective (Folders)
- Creating Draft Models
- Creating Seeded Models
- Cloning a Model

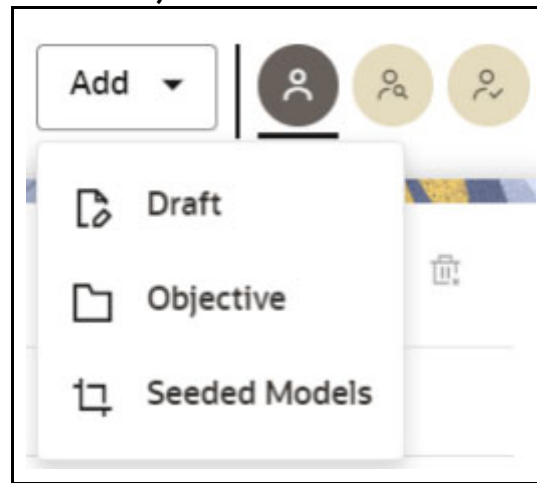
10.8.1.1 Creating Objective (Folders)

Create folders called Objectives within which you can create Models.

To create an Objective, follow these steps:

1. Click **Launch Workspace**  next to corresponding Workspace to launch Workspace to display the **Dashboard** window with application configuration and model creation menu.
2. Click **Modeling** and select **Pipelines** from the drop-down to display the **Model Pipeline** window.
3. Click **Add** and select **Objective** from the list to display the **Objective Details** dialog box.

Figure 89: Select Objective from Add



4. Enter details in **Objective Name** and **Description** fields in the **Add Objective** dialog box.
5. Click **Save**.

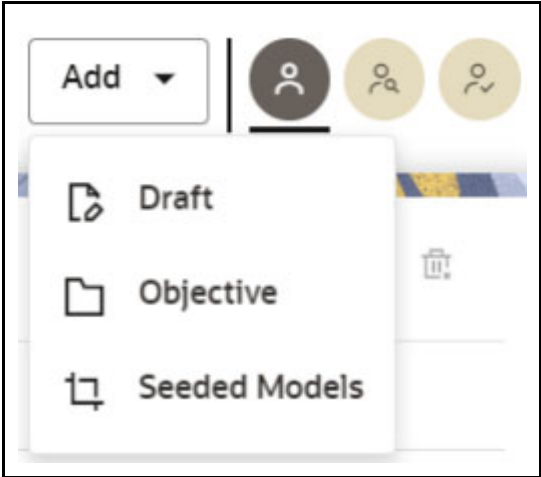
10.8.1.2 Creating Draft Models

Create Models that are classified as draft models. These models will be reviewed before being sent for Scoring.

To create a draft Model, follow these steps:

1. Click **Launch Workspace**  next to corresponding Workspace to launch Workspace to display the **Dashboard** window with application configuration and model creation menu.
2. Click **Objective**.
3. Click **Add** and select **Draft** from the list to display the **Add Draft** dialog box.

Figure 90: Create Model



4. **Create New Model** is the default setting in the **Model Details** dialog box. Drag the toggle button to select **Import Dump**. Use **Create New Model** to start from a blank Notebook in Compliance Studio. Import Dump lets you drag and drop an existing file with model data and modify it.

To create a new model, follow these steps:

- a. Click **Use Template**.
- b. Select the **KYC Simulation** zip file from the templates.
- c. Enter details for **Draft Name** and **Description**.

Figure 91: Model Details - Create New Model

A screenshot of a 'Add Draft' dialog box. At the top, it says 'Add Draft' with a close button (X). Below this, there is a dropdown menu showing 'Objective Simulation KYC' and a plus sign. To the right of the plus sign is a toggle switch labeled 'Import dump', which is currently turned off. Below this section is a 'Draft Details' section with a 'Use Template' link. It contains three text input fields: 'Draft Name' with the value 'KYC Simulation', 'Description' with the value 'KYC Simulation', and 'Tags'. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: 'Cancel' and 'Create'.

- d. Enter a tag in the **Tags** field.
 - e. Click **Create**. A model pipeline will be created from the template.
- To create a pipeline from scratch, see [Pipeline](#).

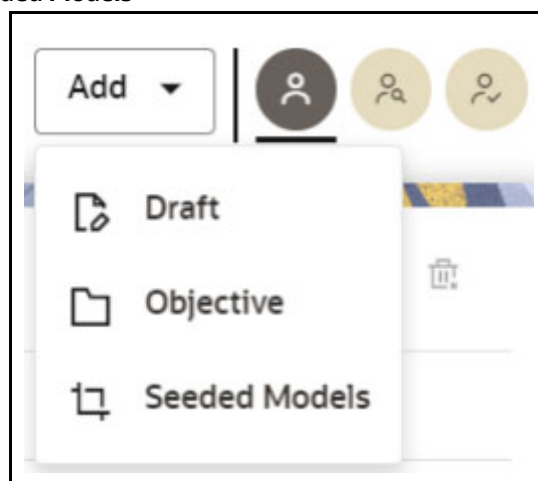
10.8.1.3 Creating Seeded Models

You can seed the models from the external sources which can be imported in the OFS Compliance Studio application.

To import the models, follow these steps:

1. Click **Launch Workspace**  next to corresponding Workspace to launch Workspace to display the **Dashboard** window with application configuration and model creation menu.
2. Click **Objective**.
3. Click **Add** and select **Seeded Models** from the list to display the **Add Draft** dialog box.

Figure 92: Add Seeded Models



4. You must add the models in the installed path location: `/scratch/kyc8126/ftpsare/KYC/seeded/models`.
5. Select the models which you want to import and click **Import Seeded Models**. The selected models are imported and displayed in the **Model Pipelines** page.

10.8.1.4 Cloning a Model

You can pick any published model and clone the contents to a new draft in the same objective or clone the content to the current parent draft. The cloned draft can be edited and used further. The Audit Trail window also captures the clone information.

To clone the model details, follow these steps:

1. Open a Published Model in Pipeline Designer.
2. Select **Clone** to new Draft to re-image parent draft with current.

10.9 Pipeline Designer

The following sections are available on the Pipeline Designer window:

- Pipeline
- Dashboard
- Notebook
- Simulations

- Execution History
- Compare

10.9.1 Pipeline

Use the Pipeline canvas to create the paragraph and execute the pipeline using widgets.

Topics:

- [Creating a Paragraph using Pipeline](#)
- [Executing the Pipeline](#)
- [Notebook](#)
- [Publishing a Pipeline](#)
-

10.9.1.1 Creating a Paragraph using Pipeline

To create a paragraph using pipeline, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the **Pipeline Designer** page. The Pipeline Canvas is displayed.
2. Click the **Connector** to display the widgets. This is a dummy node with no paragraph is created/ associated on node save. During execution, this is used in to execute API, but will not get executed. It behaves like non-physicalized paragraph widget on execute. This node can be used as a dummy start node or connector node. The *START* widget is displayed by default in the canvas screen. You cannot edit this Widget but can be deleted. Whenever a new draft is created (not by importing dump files), the default paragraph created is converted into a start widget. The visibility of code/result/title in notebook of this node will be kept to invisible.
3. Select **KYC** from the list.
4. Select a widget from the following available KYC widgets:
 - RULE_BASED
 - MODEL_BASED
 - ACC_RULES
 - RISK_ASS_CAT
 - RISK_SCR_PARAM
 - MAP_EVALUATION
 - KYC Batch RRFThe widget is added to the pipeline canvas.
5. From the pipeline canvas double-click on the widget to open the widget details screen on the right side.
6. On the widget screen under the **Custom Parameters** tab, click **Copy** to open the **Clone Objects** window.
7. Select the source model ID from the **Clone Objects** window and select the version from which you want to clone the widget.

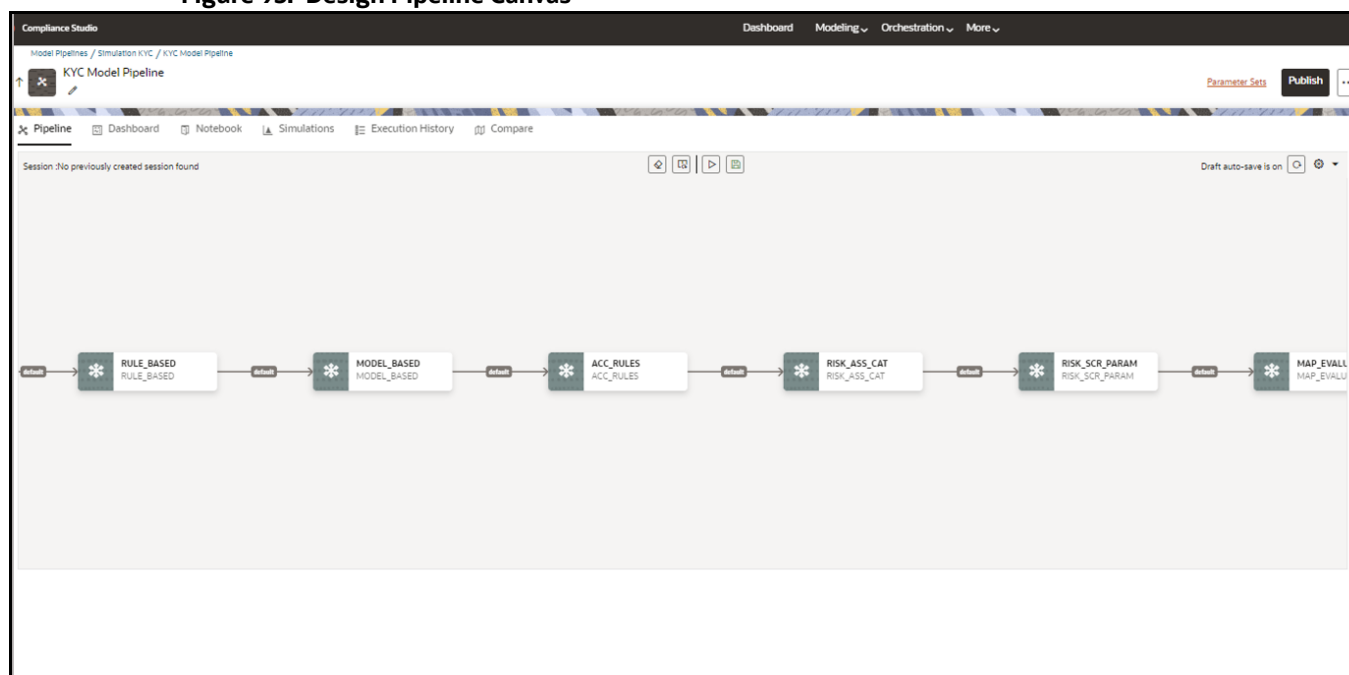
NOTE

For the first model, select model ID as *PROD*.

8. Click **Copy**. The KYC Widget clone process begins. Once the cloning is completed, the current model ID and version will automatically be populated on the widget screen.
9. Click **Save** to save the widget.
10. Click **Add the next widget** and repeat from steps 5-8.

NOTE Any changes to the IPE Evaluations or KYC Batch must be processed in Production and then moved to Simulation.

Figure 93: Design Pipeline Canvas



10.9.1.2 Executing the Pipeline

To execute the pipeline follow these steps:

1. Click **Launch Workspace**  next to corresponding Workspace to launch Workspace to display the **Dashboard** window with application configuration and model creation menu.
2. Click **Modeling** and select **Pipelines** from the drop-down to display the **Model Pipeline** window.
3. Select **Objective** from the list. The Publish Canvas is displayed.
4. Select the widget and click **Execute**. The **Execute Pipeline** window is displayed.

Figure 94: Execute Pipeline

Execute Pipeline

Links
☒ Training ☒ Experimentation ☒ Scoring

[Open from saved parameter set?](#)

Execution Parameters

Key Value
Default

[Save parameter set](#)

System Parameters

Key	Value
\$FICMISDATE\$	2023-11-09
\$BATCHRUNID\$	Batch_auto_649929ea-9011-43fe-93a8-6ce647a
\$TASKID\$	task1

Cancel Execute

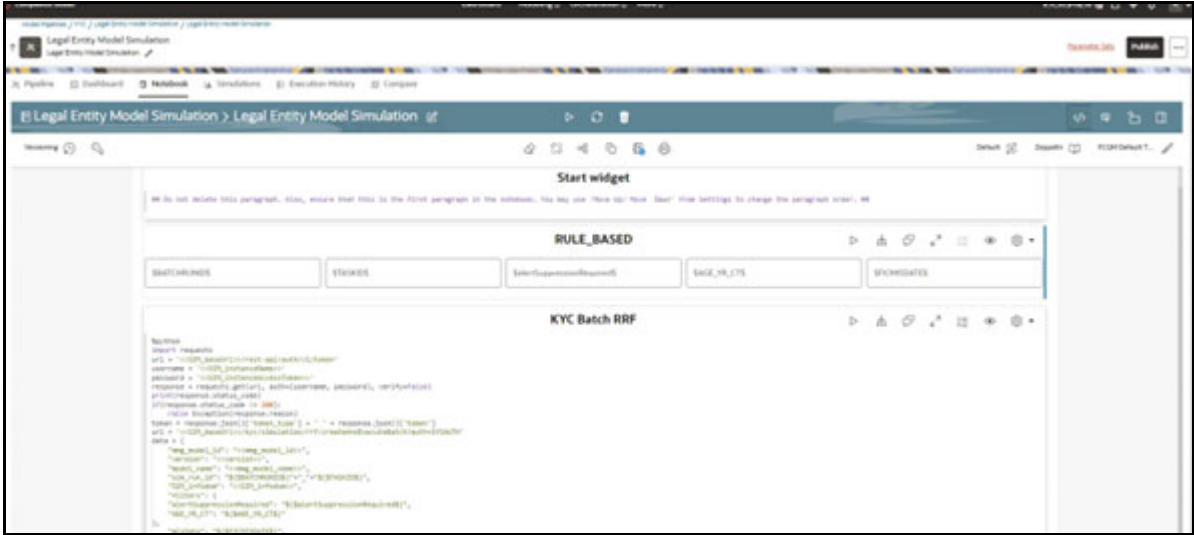
- NOTE**
- Select the flow which you want to execute Scoring, Training, and Experimentation. It displays all the keys defined for all the paragraphs in the notebook with a placeholder for providing the values.
 - While executing the pipeline, the date value passed in as a parameter must be updated for customers in the *d_next_rereview_date* column of the *fct_cust_rvwdtls* table in the workspace atomic schema.

5. Click **Add** to add new parameters.
6. Click **Execute** to initiate the execution. The pipeline will be execute sequentially and you can see on each widget for a successful execution.
7. For individual widget execution details hover over the widget and click **View Details**.

10.9.1.3 Notebook

Navigate to the **Notebook** tab to view the paragraphs. You can run, invalidate session, edit, add, and export the notebook in the Notebook tab.

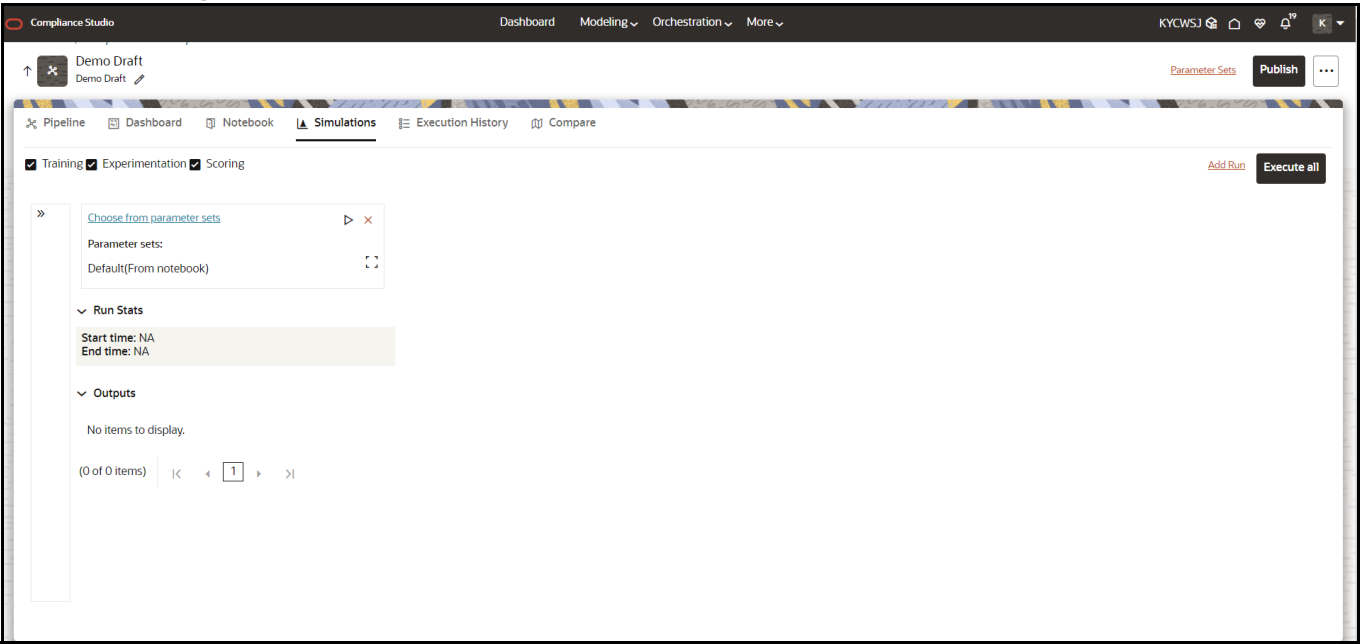
Figure 95: Notebook Tab



10.9.1.4 Simulations

The simulation flow allows for iterative execution along that path with input drivers (variables) that are passed through a parameter set. You can either create a new parameter set or use the existing parameter set and execute it from this tab.

Figure 96: Simulations



10.9.1.5 Execution History

The Execution History tab displays the history of the executions of the current pipeline. You can view the list of executions, check the report for the corresponding simulation run, and extract the report. You can compare multiple executions by selecting multiple executions and click on the **Compare** icon.

Figure 97: Execution History

Compliance Studio

DashboardModelingOrchestrationMore

KYCWSJ

Parameter SetsPublish

PipelineDashboardNotebookSimulationsExecution HistoryCompare

Search

☐	Batch Run Identifier	Inputs	Task Identifier	Status	Outputs	Canvas view	MISDATE	Start Time	End Time
☐	Batch_auto_05d597bc-06e5-44a6-a781-7b26191077ca	Custom	task1	✓	📄	✖	2023-12-08	Dec 8, 2023, 10:44:18 AM	Dec 8, 2023, 10:44:29 AM
☐	Batch_auto_078f70b-061c-4c93-8fe0-b2c8a1ac243d	Custom	task1	✓	📄	✖	2023-12-08	Dec 8, 2023, 10:43:37 AM	Dec 8, 2023, 10:43:48 AM
☐	Batch_auto_1407bffc-e0fc-4ee8-920d-58c6fa1816c3	Custom	task1	▲	📄	✖	2023-12-31	Dec 7, 2023, 9:09:38 PM	Dec 7, 2023, 9:09:48 PM
☐	Batch_auto_87d9da43-c2c7-428a-81db-75f15f050403	Custom	task1	▲	📄	✖	2023-12-07	Dec 7, 2023, 9:07:47 PM	Dec 7, 2023, 9:08:33 PM
☐	Batch_auto_10fc0223-21a6-47c0-8122-3b28b645575a	Custom	task1	▲	📄	✖	2023-12-07	Dec 7, 2023, 8:50:05 PM	Dec 7, 2023, 8:50:51 PM
☐	Batch_auto_9fcd71e-2675-43e6-89b9-7237295c2110	Custom	task1	▲	📄	✖	2023-12-04	Dec 4, 2023, 4:03:52 PM	Dec 4, 2023, 4:04:02 PM
☐	Batch_auto_915989f6-e04e-4676-b9a6-de5630b6664e	Custom	task1	✓	📄	✖	2023-12-04	Dec 4, 2023, 2:50:14 PM	Dec 4, 2023, 2:50:24 PM
☐	Batch_auto_831120c6-2a85-42f9-8efd-f54ef5e97c46	Custom	task1	✓	📄	✖	2023-12-04	Dec 4, 2023, 2:49:36 PM	Dec 4, 2023, 2:49:46 PM
☐	Batch_auto_159a6dca-e350-4abc-8453-3cffe14343b7	Custom	task1	✓	📄	✖	2023-12-04	Dec 4, 2023, 2:22:12 PM	Dec 4, 2023, 2:22:22 PM
☐	Batch_auto_c0fb8e34-25ca-4d1a-aa74-c580a8ab6053	Custom	task1	✓	📄	✖	2023-12-04	Dec 4, 2023, 2:21:06 PM	Dec 4, 2023, 2:21:16 PM

Page 1 of 7 (1-10 of 70 items)12345...7>

10.9.1.6 Compare

The Compare option allows you to compare the executions with champion model.

To compare, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the Execution Summary window.
- 2. Select the executions using the corresponding check-boxes.
- 3. Click Compare.

The Execution Comparison window is displayed.

The Window displays the following comparison details:

- Model Properties
- Model Input (Last Execution Details)
- Audit Log
- Model Script
- Model Output (Last Execution Outputs)

Figure 98: Compare Executions

Compliance Studio		
Dashboard Modeling Orchestration More		
SIMW		
Highlight Same Data		
KYC Model Pipeline ver 2		
KYC Model Pipeline 2 ver 0		
Model Properties		
Objective	KYC Objective iEst	KYC Objective iEst
Description		
Version	2	0
Language	Default	Default
Technique		
Model Inputs (Last Execution Details)		
No data to display		
Audit Log		
Created By	KYCMMG	KYCMMG
Created Date	Dec 4, 2023, 4:57:25 PM	Dec 11, 2023, 2:51:49 PM
Modified By	KYCMMG	
Modified Date	Dec 4, 2023, 5:00:49 PM	
Model Script		
Script 0	## Do not delete this paragraph. Also, ensure that... more >>	## Do not delete this paragraph. Also, ensure that... more >>
Script 1	<<Node not saved>>	model_id PROD version 0
Script 2	model_id 1701674824142 version 2	model_id PROD version 0
Script 3	model_id 1701674824142 version 2	model_id PROD version 0
Script 4	model_id 1701674824142	model_id PROD

10.9.1.7 Report Extraction

You can view the output of the executions from all the tabs of the model pipeline. The Execution History tab allows you to download the execution output to the local system.

NOTE

You must open the report text file in excel or drag and drop in excel to view the output. If the execution output is truncated, update the Zeppelin interpreter output limit.

For more information, see [Appendix-F Setting the ZEPPELIN_INTERPETER_OUTPUT_LIMIT in Python Interpreter](#).

10.10 Simulation Reports

Topics:

- Report Types
- Downloading Reports

10.10.1 Report Types

The following two are the out of the box simulation reports:

- Aggregate Comparison Reports:** These reports provide the aggregate comparison of risk assessments between production and respective simulation run.
 - Total Number of Low Risk Customers
 - Total Number of Medium Risk Customers
 - Total Number of High Risk Customers

- **Detailed Reports:** These reports provide comparison of risk assessments between production and respective simulation run at individual customer level.

10.10.2 Downloading Reports

You can download the reports both via Execution History and Pipeline.

To download the report via Execution History, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the Execution History tab.
2. Click the Output  icon of the respective batch. The Output Details page is displayed.

To download the report via Pipeline, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the Pipeline tab.
2. Click the Aggregate Report/Detailed Report widget, and then click the Green tick mark.
3. Click View Results. It displays the Aggregate Report/Detailed Report.

Figure 99: Aggregate Report Widget

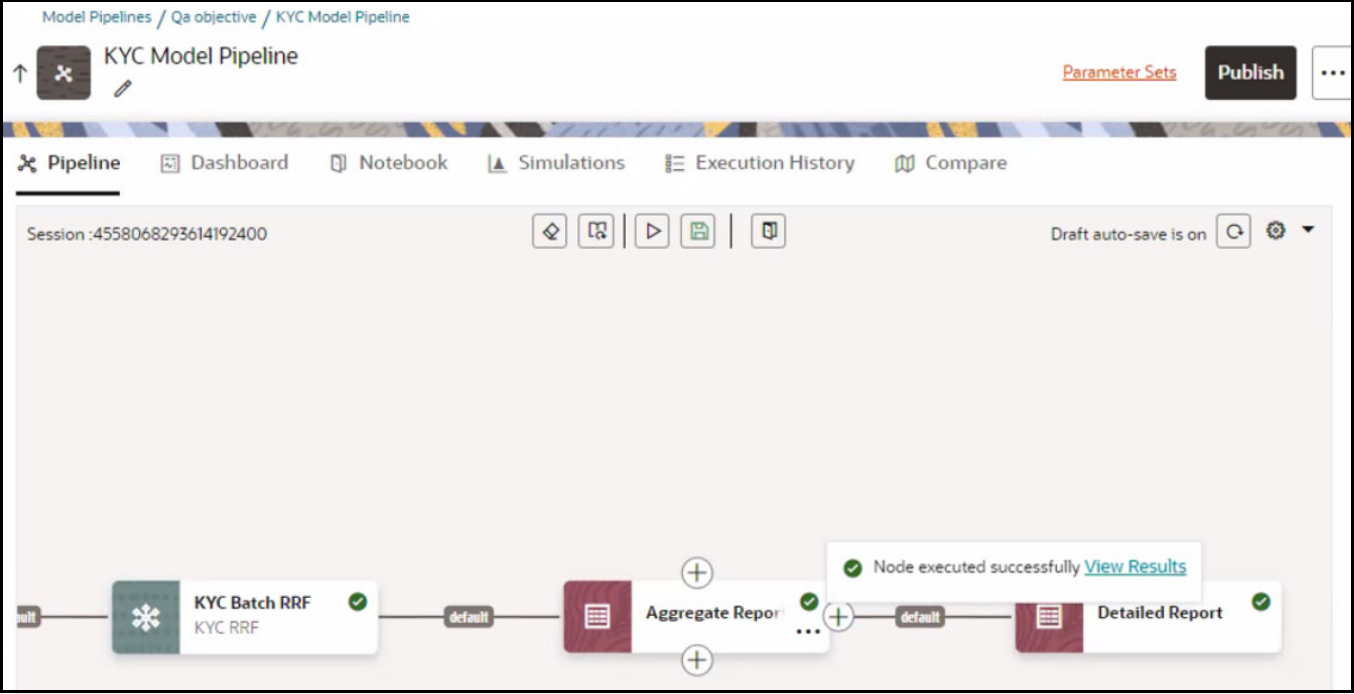
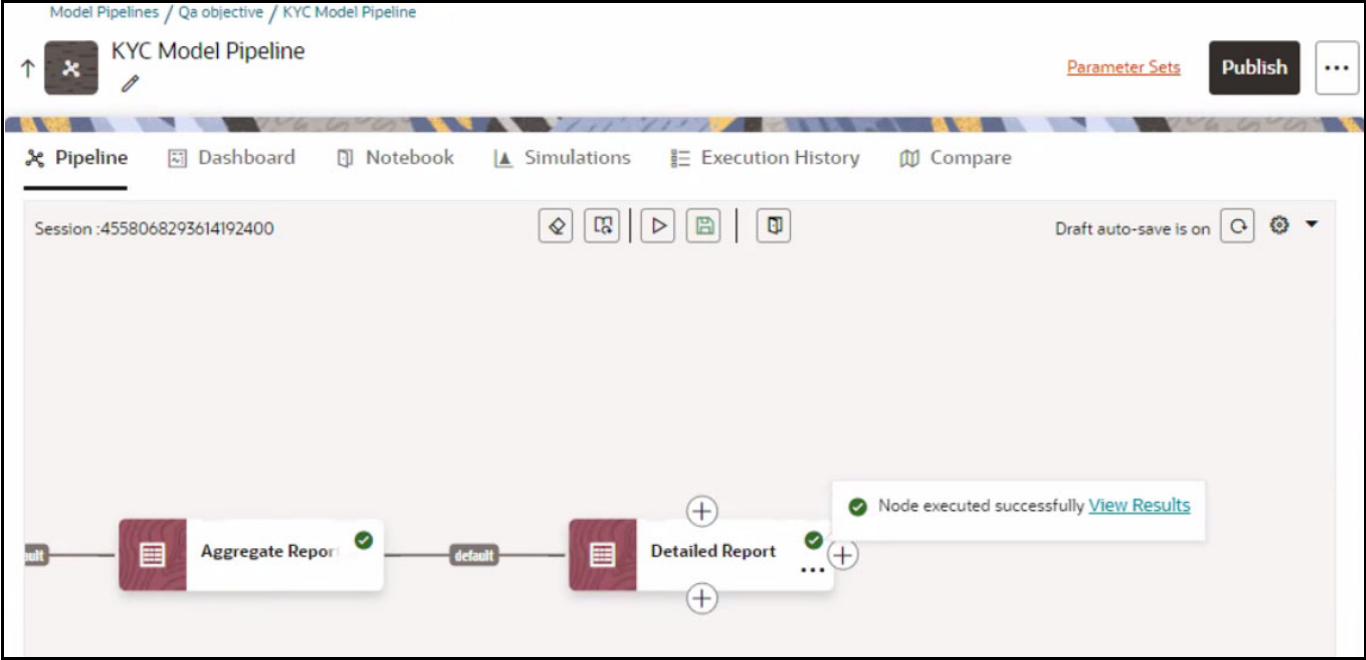


Figure 100: Detailed Report Widget



4. From the Report Widget tile click the Download icon to download the report in the text file format.

NOTE

You must open the extracted report file in Excel or drag and drop the file in Excel to view the Simulation output.

Figure 101: Aggregate Report

Aggregate Report				
Report Name	PRODUCTION	SIMULATION	Total Change	%Change
2.1 Number of Medium Risk customers that changed risk level (Medium to High)	N/A	80	N/A	N/A
2.2 Number of Medium Risk customers that changed risk level (Medium to Low)	N/A	89	N/A	N/A
2.3 Number of Medium Risk customers that did NOT change risk level	N/A	4271	N/A	N/A
3 Total number of Low risk customers	394	433	-39	-9.898
3.1 Number of Low Risk customers that changed risk level (Low to High)	N/A	0	N/A	N/A

Page 2 of 3 (6-10 of 12 items) [Load More](#)

Figure 102: Detailed Report

Risk Score Change													
Category	Customer ID	Customer Name	Customer Type	Jurisdiction	Business Domain	Assessment Source	Production Assessment ID	Production Risk Score	Production Risk				
	Eligible for Case (Production)	Simulation Assessment ID		Simulation Risk Score	Simulation Risk Category	Eligible for Case (Simulation)							
Increase	CUACFRFXORTC-007	PETER VRIJHOFF	Individual	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage/Private Client	Deployment Initiation	13381	52.0	Elevated	N	9864	52.65	
Elevated	N												
Increase	CUACFRFXORTC-007	PETER VRIJHOFF	Individual	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage/Private Client	Deployment Initiation	13386	52.0	Elevated	N	9864	52.65	
Elevated	N												
Increase	XXEMPFRFXORT-04	DACIA ASHLEY	Individual	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage/Private Client	Deployment Initiation	13887	52.0	Elevated	N	8883	52.65	
Elevated	N												
No Change	CURBHDQTRSPE-01	RODER NAME HILLS	Financial Institution	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage/Private Client	Deployment Initiation	18657	65.0	Elevated	N	11346		
65.0	N												
Increase	CUDINITIPE-314	LARA COOL RANSON	Individual	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage/Private Client	Deployment Initiation	14691	52.0	Elevated	N	10352	52.65	
Elevated	N												
Increase	IPE_AL_OCP_CUST_01	REVA TUINER	Individual	DN of AMEA	General Deployment Initiation	14692	52.0	Elevated	N	9691	52.65	Elevated	N
Increase	CUFREFXORTC-08	DANIEL CRAIG	Individual	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage/Private Client	Deployment Initiation	14700	52.0	Elevated	N	11044	52.65	Elevated
N													
Increase	CUACFRFXORTC-007	PETER VRIJHOFF	Individual	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage/Private Client	Deployment Initiation	13792	52.0	Elevated	N	9864	52.65	
Elevated	N												
Increase	XXXCUREGSSALES-135	DEBORAH AMANDA	Individual	DN of AMEA	General Deployment Initiation	14152	52.0	Elevated	N	12759	52.65	Elevated	N
Increase	XXXCUREGSSALES-136	JESSICA AMANDA	Individual	DN of AMEA	General Deployment Initiation	14153	52.0	Elevated	N	8009	52.65	Elevated	N
Increase	XXXCUDMIFIDPRICEDISIMPROVAPS-001	TINA RAM RAO	Individual	DN of AMEA	General Deployment Initiation	14621	52.0	Elevated	N	8711	52.65	Elevated	
N													
No Change	CUDINITIPE-033	LARA COOL RANSON	Financial Institution	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage/Private Client	Deployment Initiation	18663	65.0	Elevated	N	9179	65.0	
Elevated	N												
No Change	CUSCRACRIPE-036	LARA COOL RANSON	Financial Institution	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage/Private Client	Deployment Initiation	18664	65.0	Elevated	N	10531	65.0	
Elevated	N												
No Change	CUCSTCACTRR-027	BILL SINGH SCOTT	Financial Institution	DN of AMEA	Institutional Broker Dealer	Deployment Initiation	18665	65.0	Elevated	N	10246	65.0	
Elevated	N												
No Change	CUDINITIPE-273	LARA COOL RANSON	Financial Institution	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage/Private Client	Deployment Initiation	18681	65.0	Elevated	N	11350	65.0	
Elevated	N												
No Change	CUSTENGKMT-01	ABSM1	Financial Institution	DN of AMEA	General Deployment Initiation	18685	65.0	Elevated	N	7257	65.0	Elevated	N
No Change	RC_IM-EB0-US-ITCUST_01-03	GERMINE	Financial Institution	DN of AMEA	None	Deployment Initiation	18686	65.0	Elevated	N	11061	65.0	Elevated
Increase	XCUPOTSTRUCCU-005	MS. KIM ALEJANDRO BROWN	Individual	DN of AMEA	Corporate/Wholesale Banking	Deployment Initiation	17821	52.0	Elevated	N	9285	N	52.65
Elevated	N												
No Change	XCU-TAMME-IA-1501	GAGNON JACKSON	Other Organization	DN of AMEA	General Deployment Initiation	18256	52.0	Elevated	N	10705	52.0	Elevated	N
No Change	CU-MUMDSCELL-301D	SANDY	Other Organization	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage/Private Client	Deployment Initiation	18257	52.0	Elevated	N	11210	52.0	
Elevated	N												

Figure 103: Detailed Report in xls Format

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
1 Risk Score Change	Customer ID	Customer Name	Customer Type	Jurisdiction	Business Domain	Assessment Source	Product Number	Product Type	Product Status	Eligible for Simulation	Simulation Number	Simulation Status	Simulation Eligible for	
2 No Change	CU-FRONTRUN-CU-T-201	REYNOLDS MARSH	Originator	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	36975	52 Elevated	N	11808	52 Elevated	N		
3 No Change	CU-FRONTRUN-CU-T-201	REYNOLDS MARSH	Originator	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	36975	52 Elevated	N	11808	52 Elevated	N		
4 No Change	CU-FRONTRUN-CU-T-201	REYNOLDS MARSH	Other Organization	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	36975	52 Elevated	N	11808	52 Elevated	N		
5 No Change	CU-FRONTRUN-CU-T-201	REYNOLDS MARSH	Other Organization	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	36975	52 Elevated	N	11808	52 Elevated	N		
6 No Change	CU-FRONTRUN-CU-T-201	REYNOLDS MARSH	Originator	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	36975	52 Elevated	N	11808	52 Elevated	N		
7 No Change	CU-FRONTRUN-CU-T-201	REYNOLDS MARSH	Originator	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	36975	52 Elevated	N	11808	52 Elevated	N		
8 No Change	CU-FRONTRUN-CU-T-201	REYNOLDS MARSH	Originator	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	36975	52 Elevated	N	11808	52 Elevated	N		
9 No Change	CU-FRONTRUN-CU-T-201	REYNOLDS MARSH	Originator	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	36975	52 Elevated	N	11808	52 Elevated	N		
10 No Change	CU-FRONTRUN-CU-O-1401	MILLER CRAWFORD	Originator	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	36976	52 Elevated	N	12903	52 Elevated	N		
11 No Change	CU-FRONTRUN-CU-O-1401	MILLER CRAWFORD	Originator	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	36976	52 Elevated	N	12903	52 Elevated	N		
12 No Change	CU-FRONTRUN-CU-O-1401	MILLER CRAWFORD	Other Organization	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	36976	52 Elevated	N	12903	52 Elevated	N		
13 No Change	CU-FRONTRUN-CU-O-1401	MILLER CRAWFORD	Other Organization	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	36976	52 Elevated	N	12903	52 Elevated	N		
14 No Change	CU-FRONTRUN-CU-O-1401	MILLER CRAWFORD	Originator	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	36976	52 Elevated	N	12903	52 Elevated	N		
15 No Change	CU-FRONTRUN-CU-O-1401	MILLER CRAWFORD	Originator	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	36976	52 Elevated	N	12903	52 Elevated	N		
16 No Change	CU-FRONTRUN-CU-O-1401	MILLER CRAWFORD	Originator	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	36976	52 Elevated	N	12903	52 Elevated	N		
17 No Change	CU-FRONTRUN-CU-O-1401	MILLER CRAWFORD	Originator	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	36976	52 Elevated	N	12903	52 Elevated	N		
18 Increase	KYC_IND_15	SYDRA BIE LORSON	Individual	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	37411	52 Elevated	N	8391	52.65 Elevated	N		
19 Increase	KYC_IND_15	SYDRA BIE LORSON	Individual	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	37411	52 Elevated	N	8391	52.65 Elevated	N		
20 Increase	KYC_IND_15	SYDRA BIE LORSON	Individual	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	37411	52 Elevated	N	8391	52.65 Elevated	N		
21 Increase	KYC_IND_15	SYDRA BIE LORSON	Individual	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	37411	52 Elevated	N	8391	52.65 Elevated	N		
22 Increase	KYC_IND_15	SYDRA BIE LORSON	Individual	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	37411	52 Elevated	N	8391	52.65 Elevated	N		
23 Increase	KYC_IND_15	SYDRA BIE LORSON	Individual	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	37411	52 Elevated	N	8391	52.65 Elevated	N		
24 Increase	KYC_IND_15	SYDRA BIE LORSON	Individual Account H	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	37411	52 Elevated	N	8391	52.65 Elevated	N		
25 Increase	KYC_IND_15	SYDRA BIE LORSON	Individual Account H	DN of AMEA	General	Deployment Initiation	37411	52 Elevated	N	8391	52.65 Elevated	N		
26 No Change	CUDINITIPE-313	LARA COOL RANSON	Financials	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage	Deployment Initiation	36967	65 Elevated	N	10833	65 Elevated	N		
27 No Change	CUDINITIPE-313	LARA COOL RANSON	Financials	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage	Deployment Initiation	36967	65 Elevated	N	10833	65 Elevated	N		
28 No Change	CUDINITIPE-313	LARA COOL RANSON	Financials	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage	Deployment Initiation	36967	65 Elevated	N	10833	65 Elevated	N		
29 No Change	CUDINITIPE-313	LARA COOL RANSON	Financials	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage	Deployment Initiation	36967	65 Elevated	N	10833	65 Elevated	N		
30 No Change	CUDINITIPE-313	LARA COOL RANSON	Financials	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage	Deployment Initiation	36967	65 Elevated	N	10833	65 Elevated	N		
31 No Change	CUDINITIPE-313	LARA COOL RANSON	Financial Institution	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage	Deployment Initiation	36967	65 Elevated	N	10833	65 Elevated	N		
32 No Change	CUDINITIPE-313	LARA COOL RANSON	Financial Institution	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage	Deployment Initiation	36967	65 Elevated	N	10833	65 Elevated	N		
33 No Change	CUDINITIPE-313	LARA COOL RANSON	Financial Institution	DN of AMEA	Retail Brokerage	Deployment Initiation	36967	65 Elevated	N	10833	65 Elevated	N		

Figure 104: Aggregate Report in xls Format

	A	B	C	D	E
1	Report Name	PRODUCTION	SIMULATION	CHANGE	
2	Number of High Risk customers that changed risk level (High to Low)	0	0	0	
3	Number of High Risk customers that changed risk level (High to Medium)	0	0	0	
4	Number of High Risk customers that did NOT change risk level	0	0	0	
5	Number of Low Risk customers that changed risk level (Low to High)	0	0	0	
6	Number of Low Risk customers that changed risk level (Low to Medium)	0	0	0	
7	Number of Low Risk customers that did NOT change risk level	0	0	0	
8	Number of Medium Risk customers that changed risk level (Medium to High)	0	80	0	
9	Number of Medium Risk customers that changed risk level (Medium to Low)	0	89	0	
10	Number of Medium Risk customers that did NOT change risk level	0	4271	0	
11	Total number of Low risk customers	394	433	-9.898	
12	Total number of Medium risk customers	1096	5608	-411.678	
13	Total number of high risk customers	4693	133	97.165	
14					
15					

10.10.2.1 Publishing a Pipeline

If you are satisfied with the results of the execution you can publish the pipeline.

To publish the pipeline, follow these steps:

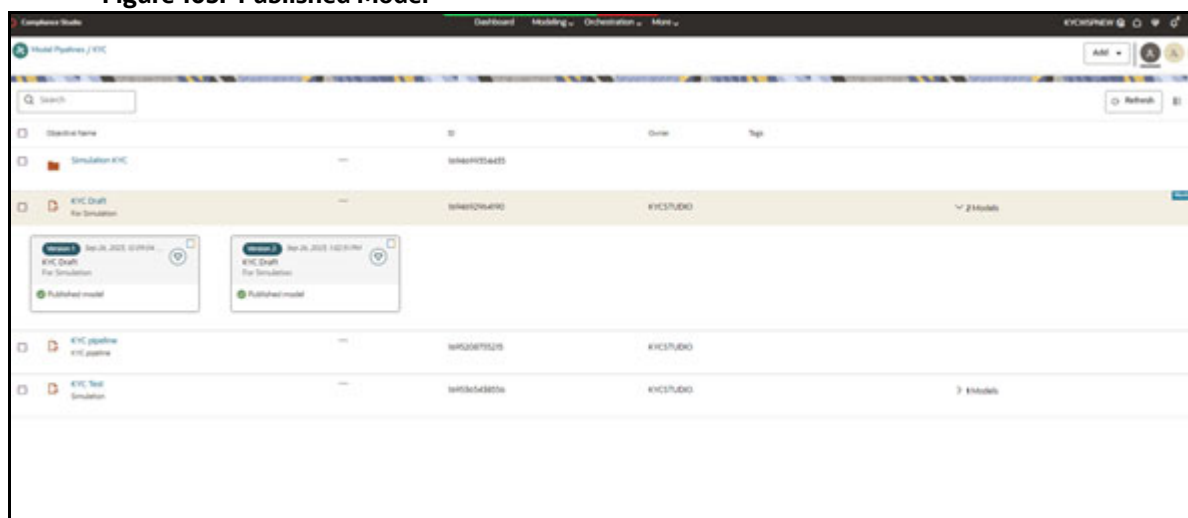
1. Click **Launch Workspace**  next to corresponding Workspace to launch Workspace to display

- the **Dashboard** window with application configuration and model creation menu.
- Click **Modeling** and select **Pipelines** from the drop-down to display the **Model Pipeline** window.
 - Select **Objective** from the list. The Publish Canvas is displayed.
 - Click **Publish**. The **Publish Pipeline** popup is displayed.
 - Enter the field details as described in [Table 30](#).

Table 30: Publish Pipeline

Field or Icon	Description
Model Name	The field displays the name of the Model. Modify the name if required.
Model Description	The field displays the description for the Model. Enter or modify the description if required.
Technique	Enter the registered technique to use.
Run Version	Select a run version.
Variable Mapping	The table displays the OFSAA variables and datasets used in the creation of the Training Model.
Script	The table displays the Paragraphs created in the Training Model. Select the Paragraphs that you want to use to create the Scoring Model. Track Output - Select this to track the output of the paragraph.

- Select the required configuration and click **Publish** to publish the pipeline or click **Cancel** to go back to previous page.
- To view the published model, follow the steps:
 - Navigate to the **Model Pipeline** page.
 - Click **Models** in-line with the **Object Name**. The published models are displayed.

Figure 105: Published Model

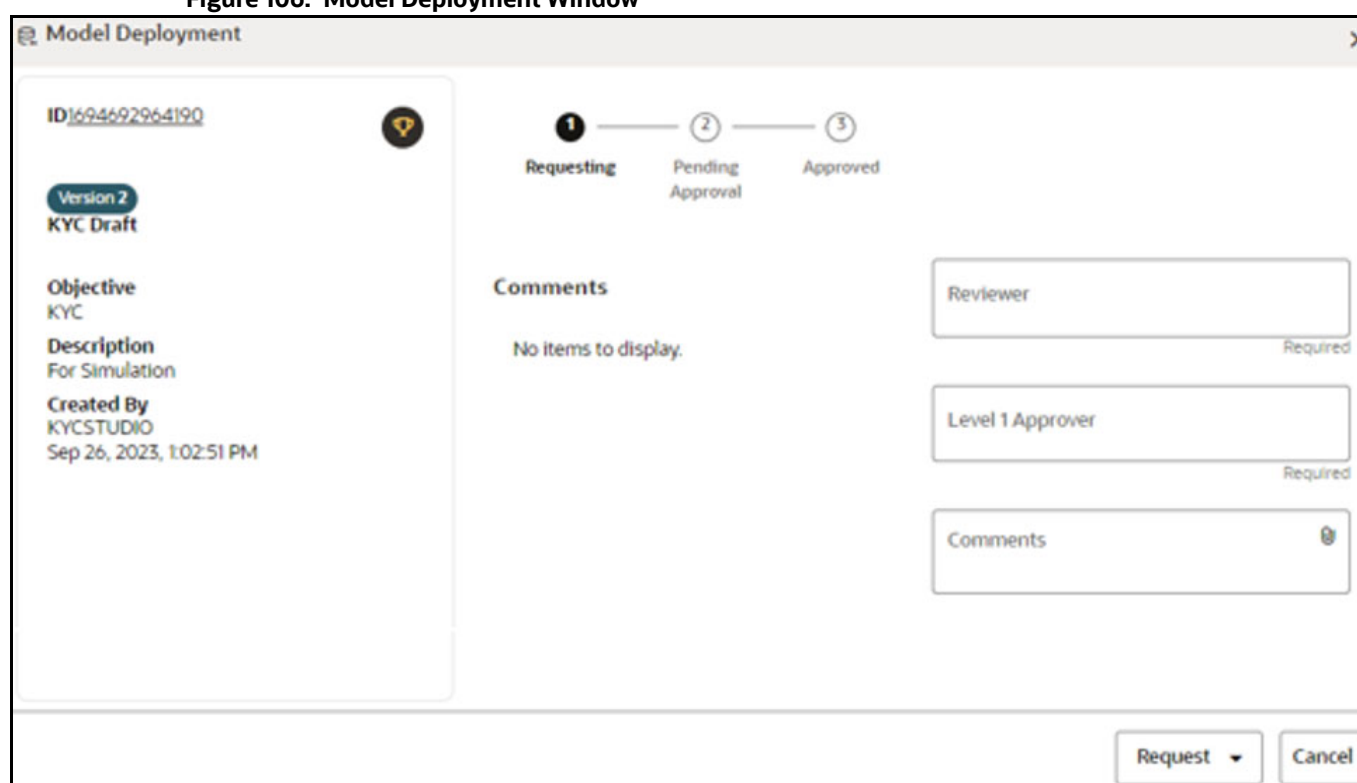
10.10.2.2 Deploying the Model

You can promote the published model to production by deploying the Model.

To deploy the model follow the subsequent steps:

1. Click **Launch Workspace**  next to corresponding Workspace to launch Workspace to display the **Dashboard** window with application configuration and model creation menu.
2. Click **Modeling** and select **Pipelines** from the drop-down to display the **Model Pipeline** window.
3. Select the Objective name from the list and then select the published Model.
4. Click  to view the **Model Deployment** screen.

Figure 106: Model Deployment Window



5. Select a value for the following fields:
 - Reviewer
 - Level 1 Approver
 - Comments
6. Click **Request** and select the **Model Acceptance** action.
7. Click **Cancel** to cancel the model Deployment.

For more information on the following topics, see [Oracle Financial Services Compliance Studio User Guide](#).

- Understanding Model Governance

- Request Model Acceptance
- Review Models and Move to Approve or Reject
- Approve Models and Promote to Production
- Deploying Models in Production and Make it a Global Champion
- Executing Models using Scheduler Service

NOTE There can only be one champion model per workspace.

10.11 Audit Trail

You can audit the models at any time from the Audit Trail window. The Audit Trail window displays all model details. This displays information such as when the Model was created, who created the Model, the Model's workflow, such as when this Model became a champion or was deployed, and so on.

For information on how to use audit trail, see *Audit Trail* in [Oracle Financial Services Compliance Studio User Guide](#).

10.12 Moving Champion Model (Configuration Data) from Simulation to Production

This section describes how to move configuration data for the Champion Model from Simulation to Production.

To move configuration data from Simulation to Production, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the Model Pipeline.
2. Click the Download button to download the zip file and extract it.
3. Update the existing version of configuration in the following production tables as `V_MODEL_ID = 'PROD'` and `N_VERSION = '-1'`.

For example, `UPDATE APPLN_RB_PROCESSING SET N_VERSION = -1 where V_MODEL_ID = 'PROD' and N_VERSION = 0 ;`

Table 31: Table and Widget Names

Table Name	Widget Name
- APPLN_RB_PROCESSING - H\$APPLN_RB_PROCESSING	RULE_BASED_ASSESSMENT
- APPLN_RISK_RATING_PARAMS - H\$APPLN_RISK_RATING_PARAMS	ALGORITHM_BASED_ASSESSMENT
- APPLN_REREVIEW_PARAMS - H\$APPLN_REREVIEW_PARAMS	ACCELERATED_REREVIEW
- DIM_RISK_CATEGORY - H\$DIM_RISK_CATEGORY	RISK_ASSESSMENT_CATEGORY
- PARAM_RISK_SCORE_JRSDN - H\$PARAM_RISK_SCORE_JRSDN	RISK_SCORE_PARAM
MAP_EVAL_RISK_ASSMNT_MODEL	MAP_EVALUATION

- Open the required the configuration (cfg) file.
- Take the data, form as the following Request JSON, and hit the production URL.

NOTE Except for IPE_ASSESSMENT, the following API works for all configurations.

URL: <prod_base_url>/kyc/simulation/configuration/import

Headers:

```
infodom : <prod_infodom>,
user : <admin_user_id>,
locale : en_US
```

Request Body:

```
{
  "page_code": "<ra_config_name>",
  "mmg_model_id": "PROD",
  "mmg_model_version": "0",
  "mmg_model_name" : "PROD_MOVEMENT",
  "objectdata": "<file_data>" //this <file_data> must be provided
  with escape characters
}
```

- For IPE_ASSESSMENT, file path and file name are provided in the IPE_ASSESSMENT-related configuration file. Take the file and proceed with the RTIImport.
- Navigate to \$FIC_HOME/ficapp/common/FICServer/bin and execute the following command:

```
./RTIImport.sh <filepath> <infodom> OFS_KYC false.
```

11 APPENDIX-A KYC Batches

This appendix covers the Know Your Customer (KYC) Batch and the tasks within the batches.

Topics:

- Regular Processing
- Deployment Initiation Processing
- End of Day Processing

NOTE

If you also have Enterprise Case Management (ECM) installed, ensure that you execute the ECM batches after running the KYC batches. This is necessary because if you do not execute the ECM batches, no assessments appear on the screen.

KYC uses watch lists only for name matching. As a part of the KYC process, if you do not want to run the watch list tasks for primary customers and their interested parties, then you must unmap the watch list tasks.

11.1 Regular Processing

To process watch list data, run the following data maps:

- `runjob $MANTAS_HOME/bdf/scripts/execute.sh WLMProcessingLock`
- `runjob $MANTAS_HOME/bdf/scripts/execute.sh WatchListEntry_WatchListEntryCurrDayInsert`
- `runjob $MANTAS_HOME/bdf/scripts/execute.sh WatchListAudit_StatusUpd`
- `runjob $MANTAS_HOME/bdf/scripts/execute.sh WatchList_WatchListSourceAuditInsert`
- `runjob $MANTAS_HOME/bdf/scripts/execute.sh WatchList_WatchListSourceAuditUpd`
- `runjob $MANTAS_HOME/bdf/scripts/execute.sh WatchList_WatchListSourceUpd`
- `runjob $MANTAS_HOME/bdf/scripts/execute.sh WatchListEntry_WatchListAuditUpd`
- `runjob $MANTAS_HOME/bdf/scripts/execute.sh WatchListEntryAudit_WatchListEntryUpdate`
- `runjob $MANTAS_HOME/bdf/scripts/execute.sh WatchListStagingTable_WatchList`
- `runjob $MANTAS_HOME/bdf/scripts/execute.sh WLMProcessingUnlock`

Table 32 provides details about regular processing.

Table 32: Regular Processing

Task ID	Rule Name (As configured)	Description	Component ID	Precedence
Task1	Customer	This is an IPE prefiltering task that is used to run the Accelerated Re-review, New Accounts, and Periodic Re-review Assessments and to find the eligible customers for risk Assessment.	INLINE PROCESSING	Task2
Task2	BD_POPULATE_LAST_RUN_BATCH	This is a task that populates the kdd_extl_batch_last_run table and is used to keep track of the current batch that is being run.	TRANSFORM DATA	START
Task3	Populate_-Cust_Prcsng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task1, Task2
Task4	Populate-Processed-NewAcct	This is a task that populates the new accounts processed in the system into the processing table when run.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task3
Task5	Populate_-Cust_Ad-dr_Prcsng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Addr_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task3
Task6	Populate_-Cust_Cn-try_Prcsng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Cntry_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task3
Task7	Populate_-Cust_Id_Doc_Prcsng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Id_Doc_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task3
Task8	Populate_-Cust_Mkt-Served_Prcs ng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Mkt_Served_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task3
Task9	Populate_-Cust_Phon_Prcsng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Phon_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task3
Task10	Populate_-Cust_Prod_Prcsng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Product_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task3
Task11	Populate_-Cust_to_-Cust_Prcsng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Cust_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task3
Task12	Populate_-Cust_Acct_Prcsng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Acct_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task3

Table 32: Regular Processing

Task ID	Rule Name (As configured)	Description	Component ID	Precedence
Task13	Populate_Acct_Prcsng	This is a task that populates the pre-filtered Customer Data into the Acct_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task12
Task14	POPULATE_IP_KYC	This is a task that populates the Interested Party Customers and Accounts when they are run.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task10, Task11, Task12, Task13, Task3, Task4, Task5, Task6, Task7, Task8, Task9
Task15	t2t_PARTY_ADDRESS_PRCNG_IP	This is a task that populates the party address into the pricing table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task14
Task16	t2t_PARTY_DETAILS_PRCNG_IP	This is a task that populates the party details into the pricing table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task14
Task17	t2t_PARTY_ID_DOC_PRCNG_IP	This is a task that populates the party doc ID into the pricing table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task14
Task18	t2t_PARTY_PARTY_RLSHP_PRCNG_BO	This is a task that populates the beneficial owner details into the PARTY_PARTY_RLSHP_PRCNG_BO table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task14, Task15, Task16, Task17
Task19	t2t_PARTY_DETAILS_PRCNG_BO_INT	This is a task that populates the internal beneficial owner details into the PARTY_DETAILS_PRCNG_BO_INT table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task18
Task20	t2t_PARTY_DETAILS_PRCNG_BO_EXT	This is a task that populates the external beneficial owner details into the PARTY_DETAILS_PRCNG_BO_EXT table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task18
Task21	t2t_PARTY_ADDRESS_PRCNG_BO_INT	This is a task that populates the internal beneficial owner details into the PARTY_ADDRESS_PRCNG_BO_INT table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task18

Table 32: Regular Processing

Task ID	Rule Name (As configured)	Description	Component ID	Precedence
Task22	t2t_PAR-TY_AD-DRESS_PRCNG_BO_EXT	This is a task that populates the external beneficial owner details into the PARTY_AD- DRESS_PRCNG_BO_EXT table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task18
Task23	t2t_PAR-TY_ID_DOC_PRCNG_BO_INT	This is a task that populates the internal beneficial owner details into the PAR-TY_ID_DOC_PRCNG_BO_INT table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task18
Task24	t2t_PAR-TY_ID_DOC_PRCNG_BO_EXT	This is a task that populates the external beneficial owner details into the PAR-TY_ID_DOC_PRCNG_BO_EXT table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task18
Task25	t2t_FCT_T-P_WLS_RE-QUESTS_PRCNG	This is a task that populates Requests into the watch list Processing table for the prefiltered Customers when run.	LOAD DATA	Task18, Task19, Task20, Task21, Task22, Task23, Task24
Task26	t2t_FCT_T-P_WLS_RE-SULTS_PRCNG	This is a task that populates the watch list Score in the FCT_T-P_WLS_RESULTS_PRCNG table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task27
Task27	Watchlist_-FuzzyMatch	This is a task that calls the watch list Fuzzy Match to calculate the watch list Score when run.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task25
Task28	UPDATE_WLS_STATUS	This is a task that updates the Status of the watch list Request to Closed when run.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task26
Task29	Customer Processing	This is a task that is used to run the IPE assessment for Rule-based Rules and generate the scores when run.	INLINE PROCESSING	Task25, Task26, Task27, Task28
Task30	Customer Processing	This is a task that is used to run the IPE assessment for Model-based Rules and generate the scores when run.	INLINE PROCESSING	Task29
Task31	t2t_POPULATE_FCT_RA	This is a task that generates the Risk Assessment IDs for each Customer and populates the FCT_RA table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task30
Task32	t2t_POPULATE_FCT_RA_RISK_SUMMARY	This is a task that populates the FCT_RA_RISK_SUMMARY table with the final MB and RB scores for each Customer when run.	LOAD DATA	Task31

Table 32: Regular Processing

Task ID	Rule Name (As configured)	Description	Component ID	Precedence
Task33	t2t_POPULATE_FCT_RA_RISK_REASONS	This is a task that populates the FCT_RA_RISK_REASONS table with the scores of each Parameter for every Customer when run.	LOAD DATA	Task31
Task34	t2t_FCT_RA_RISK_DETAILS	This is a task that populates the FCT_RA_RISK_DETAILS table with the actual values of each Parameter for every Customer when run.	LOAD DATA	Task31
Task35	t2t_FCT_CUST_RA_HISTORY	This is a task that populates the FCT_CUST_RA_HISTORY table with the names of the prefiltered customers when run.	LOAD DATA	Task36
Task36	F_CLOSURE_UPDATES	This is a task that updates the RA once they are closed.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task37
Task37	t2t_FCT_CUST_RVWDTLS	This is a task that populates the FCT_CUST_RVWDTLS table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task31
Task38	t2t_FCT_TP_WLS_REQUESTS	This is a task that populates the FCT_TP_WLS_REQUESTS table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task31
Task39	t2t_FCT_TP_WLS_RESULTS	This is a task that populates the FCT_TP_WLS_RESULTS table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task21
Task40	t2t_FCT_RA_RISK_RATING_HISTORY	This is a task that populates the FCT_RA_RISK_RATING_HISTORY table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task31
Task41	t2t_FCT_CUST_REVIEW_REASONS	This is a task that populates the customer review reasons into the FCT_CUST_REVIEW_REASONS table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task31
Task42	KYC_PURGE_LAST_RUN_TAB	This is a task that purges or truncates the kdd_ex-trl_batch_last_run table when run.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task31, Task32, Task33, Task34, Task35, Task36, Task37, Task38, Task39, Task40, Task41

Table 32: Regular Processing

Task ID	Rule Name (As configured)	Description	Component ID	Precedence
Task43	t2f_Gen-CustDe-tails_ED	This is a task that generates the Customer details flat file.	EXTRACT DATA	Task42
Task44	t2f_GenWLS-Feedback_ED	This is a task that generates the watch list feedback details flat file.	EXTRACT DATA	Task42
Task45	t2f_-GenCBSFeed-back_ED	This is a task that generates the GenCBSFeedback details flat file.	EXTRACT DATA	Task42
Task46	KYC_-File_Rename	This is a task that generates the new KYC file name.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task43, Task44, Task45

11.2 Deployment Initiation Processing

Table 33 provides details about deployment initiation processing.

Table 33: Deployment Initiation Processing

Task ID	Rule Name (As configured)	Description	Component ID	Precedence
Task1	FN_IPE_LAST_BATCH_RUN_KY	This is a task that captures the current batch ID when run.	TRANSFORM	DATA
Task2	Populate_-Cust_Prcsng_DI	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task1
Task3	GathrStats_-CUST_PRCsNG	This is a task that is used to gather statistics for the Cust_Prcsng table.	TRANSFORM	DATA
Task4	Populate_-Cust_Ad-dr_Prcsng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Addr_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task3
Task5	Populate_-Cust_Cn-try_Prcsng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Cntry_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task4
Task6	Populate_-Cust_Id_Doc_Prcsng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Id_Doc_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task5
Task7	Populate_-Cust_Mkt_-Served_Prcsng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Mkt_Served_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task6
Task8	Populate_-Cust_Phon_Prcs ng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Phon_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task7

Table 33: Deployment Initiation Processing

Task ID	Rule Name (As configured)	Description	Component ID	Precedence
Task9	Populate_-Cust_Prod_Prcs ng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Product_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task8
Task10	Populate_-Cust_to_-Cust_Prcsng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Cust_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task9
Task11	Populate_-Cust_Acct_Prcs ng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Cust_Acct_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task10
Task12	GathrStats_-CUST_ACCT_PRC	This is a task that is used to gather statistics for the Cust_acct_Prc table.	TRANSFORM	DATA
Task13	Popu-late_Acct_Prcs ng	This is a task that populates the prefiltered Customer Data into the Acct_Prcsng table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task12
Task14	POPU-LATE_IP_KYC	This is a task that populates the Interested Party Customers and Accounts when they are run.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task1, Task10, Task11, Task12, Task13, Task2, Task3, Task4, Task5, Task6, Task7, Task8, Task9
Task15	GathrStats_IP	This is a task that is used to gather statistics for the FCT_CUST_i-INTERESTED_PARTY table.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task14
Task16	t2t_PARTY_DE-TAILS_PRCNG_IP	This is a task that populates the party details in the PARTY_DE- TAILS_PRCNG_IP table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task15
Task17	t2t_PARTY_AD-DRESS_PRCNG_IP	This is a task that populates the party address in the PARTY_AD-DRESS_PRCNG_IP table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task15
Task18	t2t_PAR-TY_ID_DOC_PRCN G_IP	This is a task that populates the party doc ID in the PAR- TY_ID_DOC_PRCNG_IP table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task15

Table 33: Deployment Initiation Processing

Task ID	Rule Name (As configured)	Description	Component ID	Precedence
Task19	t2t_FCT_T-P_WLS_RE-QUESTS_PRCNG	This is a task that populates the watch list Score in the FCT_T-P_WLS_REQUESTS_PRCNG table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task14, Task15, Task16, Task17, Task18
Task20	GathrStats_WL-SREQUESTS_P	This is a task that is used to gather statistics for the FCT_T- P_WLS_REQUESTS and FCT_TP_WLS_RE-QUESTS_PRCNG tables.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task19
Task21	Watchlist_FuzzyMatch	This is a task that calls the watch list Fuzzy Match to calculate the watch list Score when run.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task20
Task22	GathrStats_WL-SRESULT_STG	This is a task that is used to gather statistics for the FCT_T- P_WLS_RESULTS and FCT_TP_WLS_RE-SULTS_PRCNG tables.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task21
Task23	t2t_FCT_T-P_WLS_RE-SULTS_PRCNG	This is a task that populates the watch list Score in the FCT_T-P_WLS_RESULTS_PRCNG table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task22
Task24	UPDATE_WLS_STATUS	This is a task that updates the Status of the watch list Request to Closed when run.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task 23
Task25	GathrStats_KY-CPRCSNG_TAB	This is a task that is used to gather statistics for all the KYC processing tables.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task 24
Task26	Customer Processing	This is a task that generates rule or model-based scores when run.	INLINE PROCESSING	Task19, Task20, Task21, Task22, Task23, Task24, Task25
Task27	Customer Processing	This is a task that generates rule or model-based scores when run.	INLINE PROCESSING	Task26
Task28	t2t_FCT_RA_DI	This is a task that is used to populate the FCT_RA_DI table.	LOAD DATA	Task27
Task29	GathrStats_FCT_RA	This is a task that is used to gather statistics for the FCT_RA table for Regular Processing.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task28
Task30	t2t_POPU-LATE_FCT_RA_RISK_SUMMARY	This is a task that populates the FCT_RA_RISK_SUMMARY table with the final MB and RB scores for each Customer when run.	LOAD DATA	Task29

Table 33: Deployment Initiation Processing

Task ID	Rule Name (As configured)	Description	Component ID	Precedence
Task31	t2t_POPU-LATE_FCT_RA_RISK_REASONS	This is a task that populates the FCT_RA_RISK_REASONS table with the scores of each Parameter for every Customer when run.	LOAD DATA	Task30
Task32	t2t_FCT_RA_RISK_DETAILS	This is a task that populates the FCT_RA_RISK_DETAILS table with the actual values of each Parameter for every Customer when run.	LOAD DATA	Task31
Task33	t2t_FCT_-CUST_RVWDTLS_AUTO_CLOSED_DI	This is a task that stores the details of the assessments that are auto-closed.	LOAD DATA	Task32
Task34	t2t_FCT_-CUST_RVWDTLS_PTC_DI	This is a task that stores the details of the assessments that are promoted to a case through the batch.	LOAD DATA	Task33
Task35	t2t_FCT_T-P_WLS_REQUESTS	This is a task that populates the watch list score in the FCT_T- P_WLS_REQUESTS table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task 34
Task36	t2t_FCT_T-P_WLS_RESULTS	This is a task that populates the watch list score in the FCT_T- P_WLS_RESULTS table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task 35
Task37	t2t_FCT_RA_RISK_RATING_HISTORY	This is a task that populates the FCT_RA_RISK_RATING_HISTORY table when run.	LOAD DATA	Task 36
Task38	t2t_FCT_-CUST_RA_HISTORY	This is a task that populates the FCT_CUST_RA_HISTORY table with the names of the prefiltered customers when run.	LOAD DATA	Task 37
Task39	KYC_PURGE_LAST_RUN_TAB	This is a task that purges or truncates the kdd_ex- trl_batch_last_run table when run.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task28, Task 29, Task 30, Task 31, Task 32, Task 33, Task 34, Task 35, Task 36, Task 37, Task 38

11.3 End of Day Processing

Table 34 provides details about the end of day processing.

Table 34: End of Day Processing

Task ID	Rule Name (As configured)	Description	Component ID	Precedence
Task1	t2f_GenCustDetails_ED	Extract the customer feedback details.	EXTRACT DATA	
Task2	t2f_GenWLSFeedba ck_ED	Extract the watch list scanning feedback details.	EXTRACT DATA	
Task3	t2f_GenCBSFeedbac k_ED	Extract customer details for CBS.	EXTRACT DATA	
Task4	KYC_File_Rename	Renaming of the extracted files according to the Anti Money Laundering (AML) needs.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task1, Task2, Task3
Task5	FN_REREVIEW_DAT E_DI	Splitting of the customers processed through the DI processing back for periodic re-review.	TRANSFORM DATA	Task1, Task2, Task3, Task4

12 APPENDIX-B Creating Highlights

This appendix provides the steps to create highlights for Risk and Algorithm-based assessments in know Your Customer (KYC). To create a highlight, follow these steps:

1. Add a virtual table for every risk factor in which the description of risk factors is required.
2. To add a Business Entity, navigate to the **Association and Configuration** menu on the **Inline Processing** page and click **Business Entities**.

Figure 107: Association and Configuration Menu

The screenshot shows the 'Association and Configuration' menu with the 'Business Entities' sub-menu selected. The 'Choose Entity' section shows 'KDD_CODE_SET_TRNLN' as the selected entity. Below this, a table lists five business entities: 'Industry Code Translation', 'KDD_CODE_SET_TRNLN', 'Occupation', 'Resi Sharang', and 'Residence'. Each entity is associated with the 'Algorithm Based Risk Model Rule Based Risk Assessment Model' and has a 'Score Attribute' of '--'. The 'Entity Details' section shows 'CODE_SET' as the primary key attribute, 'Entity Type' as 'Reference', and 'DB Sequence Name' as an empty field. The 'Attributes' section shows a table with five attributes: 'CODE_DISP_TX', 'CODE_SET', 'CODE_SET_DISP_NM', 'CODE_SET_DISP_TX', and 'CODE_SET_DISP_NM', each associated with the 'Algorithm Based Risk Model Rule Based Risk Assessment Model'.

In the following example, a Business Entity called Residence is created.

3. Add two Inline Datasets, one for the start table, and one for the end table.
4. To add an Inline Dataset, navigate to the Association and Configuration menu on the Inline Processing page and click Inline Datasets.

In the following example, Inline Datasets are created for Country of Residence Value as the start table and Residence as the end table.

Figure 108: Inline Datasets Page

The screenshot shows the 'Inline Datasets' page with a search bar and a table of inline datasets. The table has columns for 'Inline Dataset Name', 'Start Table', 'End Table', and 'Associations'. The table lists five inline datasets: 'Algorithm Based Risk Scoring - Risk Score of', 'Customer Processing - Risk Score of Country', 'Onboarding Customer - Risk Score of Country', 'Residence01', and 'Residence02'. Each dataset is associated with the 'Algorithm Based Risk Model Rule Based Risk Assessment Model' and has a 'Score Attribute' of '--'. The 'Residence01' dataset is highlighted, showing its 'Start Table' as 'Country of Residence Value' and 'End Table' as 'Residence'.

5. Add a Traversal Path for each join defined in Inline Datasets.
6. To add a Traversal Path, navigate to the Association and Configuration menu on the Inline Processing page and click Traversal Paths.

In the following example, a Traversal path is created from the Country of Processing table to the Algorithm Based Risk Scoring table.

7. Add an expression on the risk score column of the Business Entity which is to be scored as a risk parameter. To add an Expression, navigate to the Expressions menu on the Inline Processing page.

Figure 109: Expressions Menu

In the following example, an Expression called ResidenceEPR is created for the Residence Business Entity.

8. Map an evaluation to the existing assessment of the added parameter.

To map an evaluation, navigate to the Evaluations menu on the Inline Processing page. In the following example, an Evaluation is created for the Rule-Based Risk Assessment.

Figure 110: Evaluations Menu

Association and Configuration		Expressions	Post Processing Actions	Profiles	Virtual Profiles	Evaluations	Assessments
Evaluation Name		Activity			Processing Segment		
Status							
Evaluations (52)		Add		Delete		1 / 4	
	Evaluation Name	Score	Activity	Processing Segment	Status	Updated By	
☐	Account Country Change	10	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID	--	06/06/20
☐	Account State Change	10	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID	--	06/06/20
☐	Change in Customer's Citizenship	10	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID	--	06/06/20
☐	Customer Country Change	10	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID	--	06/06/20
☐	Customer State Change	10	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID	--	06/06/20
☐	Frequent Account Alert	10	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID	--	06/06/20
☐	Frequent Customer Alert	10	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID	--	06/06/20
☐	Geo Risk - Country of Head Quarters	Parameter / Rule Value Risk Score	Customer Processing	Rule Based Risk Assessment	VALID	--	01/24/20
☐	Geo Risk - Country of Operations	Parameter / Rule Value Risk Score	Customer Processing	Rule Based Risk Assessment	VALID	--	01/24/20
☐	Geo Risk - Country of Primary Citizenship	Parameter / Rule Value Risk Score	Customer Processing	Rule Based Risk Assessment	VALID	--	01/24/20
☒	Geo Risk - Country of Residence	Parameter / Rule Value Risk Score	Customer Processing	Rule Based Risk Assessment	VALID	SUPERVISOR	07/16/20
☐	Geo Risk - Country of Secondary Citizenship	Parameter / Rule Value Risk Score	Customer Processing	Rule Based Risk Assessment	VALID	--	01/24/20
☐	Geo Risk - Country of Taxation	Country of Taxation - Weighted Score	Customer Processing	Algorithm Based Risk Mode	VALID	SUPERVISOR	02/12/20
☐	Geo Risk - Country of Citizenship	Country of Citizenship - Weighted Score	Customer Processing	Algorithm Based Risk Mode	VALID	--	01/24/20
☐	Geo Risk - Country of Head Quarters	Country of Head Quarters - Weighted Score	Customer Processing	Algorithm Based Risk Mode	VALID	--	01/24/20

Figure 111: Assessments Menu

Association and Configuration | Expressions | Post Processing Actions | Profiles | Virtual Profiles | Evaluations | **Assessments**

Home >> Assessments

Search Go Reset

Assessment Name Activity Processing Segment

Status

Assessments (7) Add Delete Export

	Assessment Name	Activity	Processing Segment	Status	
☐	Accelerated Rereview	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID	--
☐	Algorithm Based Risk Assessment	Customer Processing	Algorithm Based Risk Model	VALID	SUPER
☐	New Accounts Opened by Customers	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID	--
☐	On Boarding Algorithm Based Risk Assessment	Onboarding Customer	Real Time Account On-Boarding	VALID	--
☐	On Boarding Rule Based Assessment	Onboarding Customer	Real Time Account On-Boarding	VALID	--
☐	Periodic Re-review of Customers	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID	--
☒	Rule Based Risk Assessment	Customer Processing	Rule Based Risk Assessment M	VALID	SUPER

13 APPENDIX-C Configuring Steps for CS Delta Updates

This appendix provides the configuration steps needed to view the delta updates when customers are screened for matches against the Customer Screening (CS) Watch list. If there is a match, then an accelerated re-review is generated. The latest matches are picked when the `cust_watchlist_mtchs` batch is run.

Topics:

- Adding the CS Task to the KYC Daily Batch
- Mapping the Watch List evaluation to the Accelerated Re-review Assessment

13.1 Adding the CS Task to the KYC Daily Batch

To add the CS task to the Know Your Customer (KYC) daily batch, follow these steps. Before you run the batch, ensure that you have completed data ingestion in all relevant tables.

1. Log in to the KYC Application.
2. Click **Common Tasks**. Select **Rule Run Framework** and click **Process**.

13.1.1 Running the Daily Batch

To run the Daily batch, follow these steps:

1. On the Process page, provide the value `IPEPREProcess` in the **Name** field and click **Search**.

Figure 112: Process Page

PROCESS

Code

Name

Folder

+ New View Edit Copy Remove Authorize Export Trace Definition

	Code	Name
☒	IPEPREProcess	IPEPREProcess

Page 1 of 1 (1-15 of 1 items)

2. Select the `IPEPREProcess` check box and click **Edit**. The **Process Definition (Edit Mode)** page appears.
3. Click **Component**.

Figure 113: Process Page in Edit Mode

Process

Process Definition(Edit Mode)

▼ Linked to

Folder FCCMSEGMNT

▼ Master Information Properties

ID 1461724461468

Code IPEPREProcess

Name IPEPREProcess

Executable ☐

▼ Subprocess Component Precedence Move Remove Show Details Merge Rules

Process

- Customer
 - BD_POPULATE_LAST_RUN_BATCH
 - Load Customer Match Data from Oracle CS

Object

Customer

BD_POPULATE_LAST_RUN_BATCH

Load Customer Match Data from Oracle CS

- On the **Component Selector** screen, search for the **Processes** node in the List window on the left.

Figure 114: Component Selector

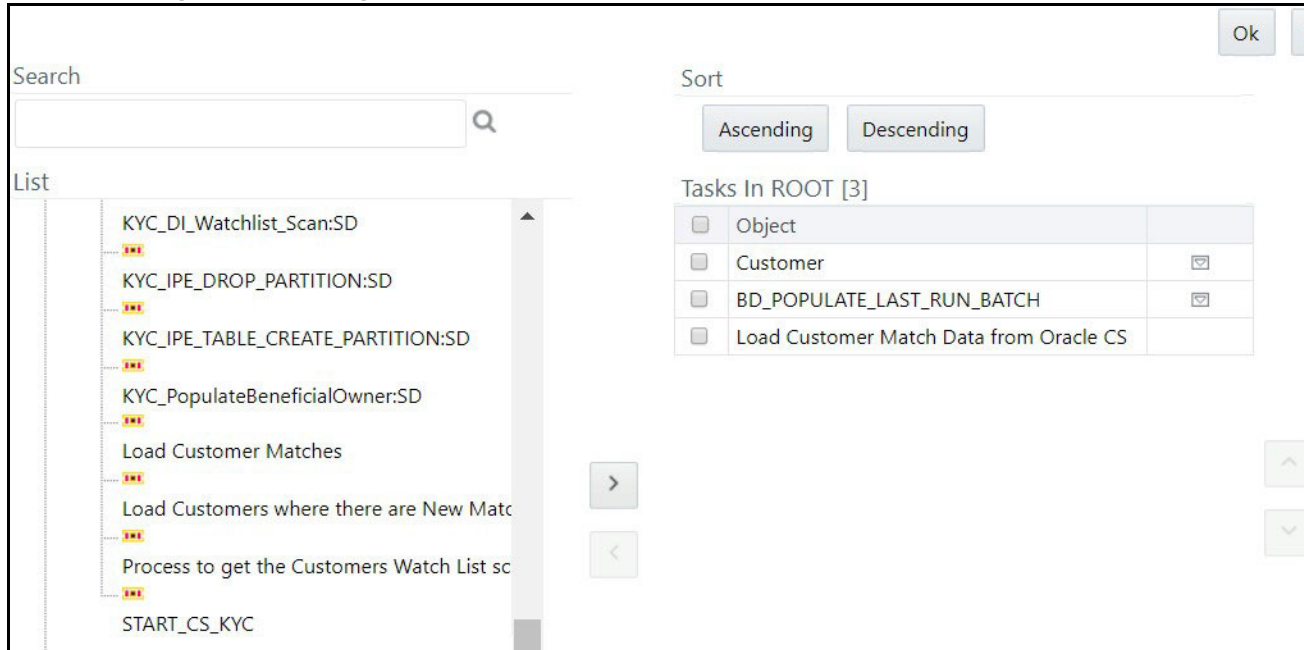
Search

List

- Database Functions-Transformations
- Base Rules
 - Classification Rules
 - Computation Rules
- Processes
- Essbase Cubes
- Aggregate Data

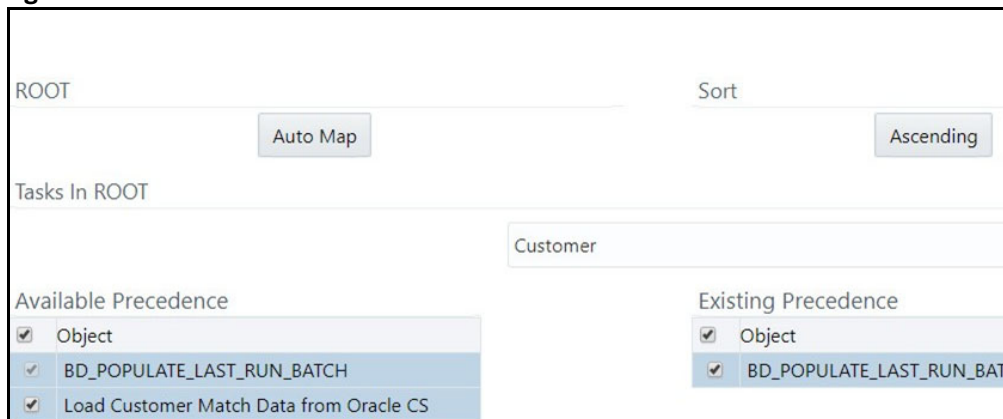
- Expand the **Processes** node, and then the **FCCMSEGMNT** node.
- Search for Load Customer Match Data from the Oracle CS process and double-click the process. It moves to the **Tasks** window on the right.

Figure 115: Moving Load Customer Match Data



7. Click **Ok**.
8. In the **Process Definition (Edit Mode)** screen, click **Precedence**.
9. On the Precedence Selector screen, select Load Customer Match Data from Oracle CS in the Available Precedence window and BD_POPULATE_LAST_RUN_BATCH in the Existing Precedence window.

Figure 116: Precedence Selector



10. Click **Ok**.
11. Click **Save** to save the process.
12. Recreate the Batch corresponding to this RUN.

13.1.2 Running the Deployment Initiation Batch

To run the Deployment Initiation batch, follow these steps:

1. On the **Process** page, provide the value `KYC_DI_Populate_Processing` in the **Code** field and click **Search**.

Figure 117: Process Page

Process

Code: Version: Active:

Name: Folder:

+ New View Edit Copy Remove Authorize Export Trace Definition

	Code	Name	Folder	Version	Active
☐	KYC_DI_Populate_Processing	KYC_DI_Populate_Processing:SD	FCCMSEGMNT	0	Yes

Page 1 of 1 (1-15 of 1 items) Records Per Page 1

2. Select the `KYC_DI_Populate_Processing` check box and click **Edit**. The **Process Definition (Edit Mode)** page appears.
3. On the **Process Definition (Edit Mode)** screen, click **Component**.

Figure 118: Process Page in Edit Mode

Process

Process Definition(Edit Mode)

Linked to

Folder:

Master Information Properties

ID: 149321479955 Version: 0

Code: Active: Yes

Name: Type:

Executable: ☐ Route Execution to High Precedence Node: ☒

Subprocess Component Precedence Move Remove Show Details Merge Rules Edit Subprocess

	Object	Precedence	Type	Parameter	Executable
☐	FN_IPE_LAST_BATCH_RUN_KY		Data Transformation	"OFS_KYC"	
☐	Populate_Cust_Prcsng_DI	FN_IPE_LAST_BATCH_RUN_KY	Entity Load		
☐	GathrStats_CUST_PRCsNG	Populate_Cust_Prcsng_DI	Data Transformation	"CUST_PRCsNG"	
☐	Populate_Cust_Addr_Prcsng	GathrStats_CUST_PRCsNG	Entity Load		
☐	Populate_Cust_Cntry_Prcsng	Populate_Cust_Addr_Prcsng	Entity Load		
☐	Populate_Cust_Id_Doc_Prcsng	Populate_Cust_Cntry_Prcsng	Entity Load		

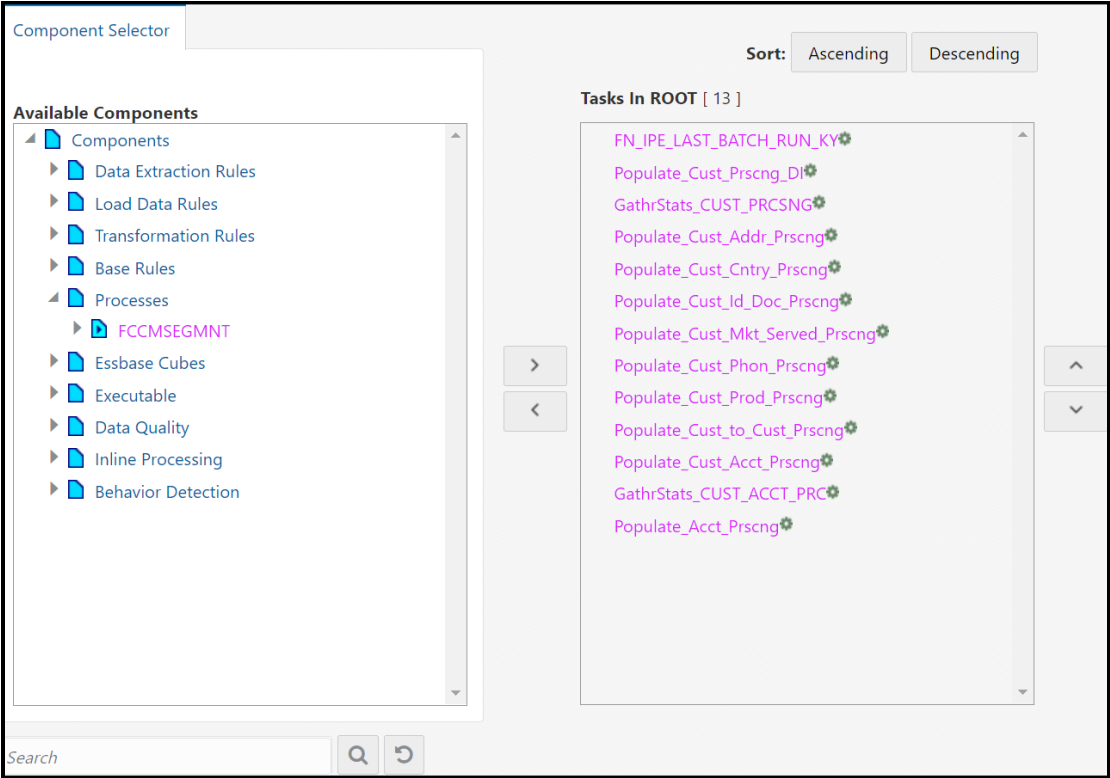
Run Rule Framework

Available Processes

- Process
- ROOT

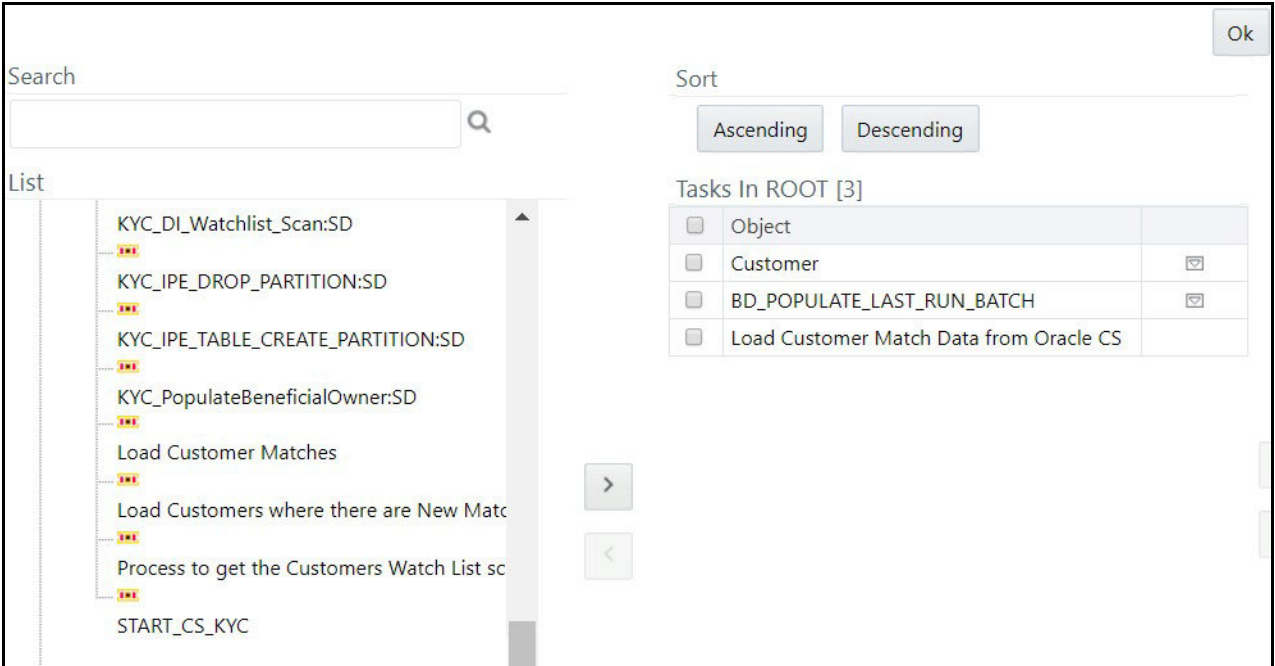
4. On the **Component Selector** screen, search for the **Processes** node in the List window on the left.

Figure 119: Component Selector



5. Expand the **Processes** node, and then the **FCCMSEGMNT** node.
6. Search for the **Load Customer Match Data from the Oracle CS** process and double-click the process. It moves to the **Tasks** window on the right.

Figure 120: Moving Load Customer Match Data



7. Click **Ok**.

8. In the **Process Definition (Edit Mode)** screen, click **Precedence**.
9. On the Precedence Selector screen, select Load Customer Match Data from Oracle CS in the Available Precedence window and FN_IPE_LAST_BATCH_RUN_KY in the Existing Precedence window.

Figure 121: Precedence Selector

The screenshot shows the 'Precedence Selector' interface. At the top, there's a 'ROOT' label and an 'Auto Map' button. To the right, there's a 'Sort' section with 'Ascending' and 'Descending' buttons. Below this, there's a 'Tasks In ROOT' section with a dropdown menu currently set to 'Customer'. The main area is divided into two panels: 'Available Precedence' on the left and 'Existing Precedence' on the right. Both panels have a list of items with checkboxes. In 'Available Precedence', the items are 'Object', 'FN_IPE_LAST_BATCH_RUN_KY', and 'Load Customer Match Data from Oracle CS'. In 'Existing Precedence', the items are 'Object' and 'FN_IPE_LAST_BATCH_RUN_KY'. An 'Ok' button is located in the top right corner.

10. Click **Ok**.
11. Click **Save** to save the process.
12. Recreate the Batch corresponding to this RUN.

13.2 Mapping the Watch List evaluation to the Accelerated Re-review Assessment

To map the evaluation, follow these steps:

1. Log in to the KYC Application.
2. Click **Common Tasks**. Select **Financial Services Inline Processing Engine** and click **Inline Processing** and select **Assessments**.

Figure 122: Precedence Selector

The screenshot shows the 'Assessments' screen in the KYC Application. The navigation bar at the top includes tabs for 'Association and Configuration', 'Expressions', 'Post Processing Actions', 'Profiles', 'Virtual Profiles', 'Evaluations', and 'Assessments'. Below the navigation bar, there's a search section with 'Assessment Name', 'Activity', and 'Status' filters. A table lists assessments: 'Accelerated Rereview', 'Algorithm Based Risk Assessment', and 'Change in Risk Model'. The table has columns for 'Assessment Name', 'Activity', 'Processing Segment', and 'Status'.

Assessment Name	Activity	Processing Segment	Status
Accelerated Rereview	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID
Algorithm Based Risk Assessment	Customer Processing	Algorithm Based Risk Model	VALID
Change in Risk Model	Customer	Pre-filtering of Customers	VALID

3. Click **Accelerated Rereview** and then click **MAP**.

Figure 123: Associated Evaluations

✓ Assessment Details + Define KYC Attributes

Name* Accelerated Rereview Activity* Customer

Status VALID Execution mode ☒ Live ☐ Test

Updated By KYCADMN Updated On 10/20/2017 07:14:10 PM

✓ Associated Evaluations (14) [Map](#)

	Evaluation Name	Score
☐	Customer Address Change Log	10
☐	Customer Change Log	10
☐	Customer Country Change Log	10
☐	Customer Market Served Change Log	10

- In the **Assessment Evaluation Mapping** screen, select New Watch List Matches from the Available Evaluations window and move it to the Included Evaluations window.

Figure 124: Moving the Evaluations

Available Evaluations

- Change In Risk Model - Occupation
- Periodic Re-review of Customers
- Change In Risk Model - Product Risk
- Change In Risk Model - Corporate Age
- Change in Risk Model - Industry Risk
- Change In Risk Model - Country Of Residence
- Change In Risk Model - Country Of Head Quar
- Change In Risk Model - Markets Risk
- New Watch List Matches**
- Change In Risk Model - Secondary Citizenship

>>

<<

Included Evaluations

- Customer Country Change Log
- High Score Customer Alert
- Frequent Account Alert
- Frequent Customer Alert
- Suspicious Account Alert
- High Score Account Alert
- Customer Change Log
- Customer Market Served Change Log
- Suspicious Customer Alert
- Customer to Customer Change Log

Save Close

- Click **Save**.
- Restart the servers.

14 APPENDIX-D Switching between EDQ and CS

This chapter shows the scripts that are to be executed to switch between EDQ () and CS (Customer Screening).

- Execute the following script to switch to EDQ.

```

MERGE INTO AAI_WF_TRANSITION_B T USING (

    SELECT 'KYC_ONBOARDING' V_PROCESS_ID, '1665487085276' V_TRANSITION_ID,
    'Job_1533292500818' V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID, 'Job_1665486756737'
    V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID, '0' V_CONDITION_EXPR, '1' V_CONDITION_TYPE, '1'
    V_PRECEDENCE, 'C' V_TRANSITION_TYPE, ' ' V_TRANSITION_STROKE FROM DUAL)
S

    ON ( T.V_PROCESS_ID = S.V_PROCESS_ID AND T.V_TRANSITION_ID =
    S.V_TRANSITION_ID )

    WHEN MATCHED THEN UPDATE SET T.V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID =
    S.V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID, T.V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID = S.V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID,
    T.V_CONDITION_EXPR = S.V_CONDITION_EXPR, T.V_CONDITION_TYPE =
    S.V_CONDITION_TYPE, T.V_PRECEDENCE = S.V_PRECEDENCE, T.V_TRANSITION_TYPE
    = S.V_TRANSITION_TYPE, T.V_TRANSITION_STROKE = S.V_TRANSITION_STROKE

    WHEN NOT MATCHED THEN INSERT

    (V_PROCESS_ID,V_TRANSITION_ID,V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID,V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID,V_CON
    DITION_EXPR,V_CONDITION_TYPE,V_PRECEDENCE,V_TRANSITION_TYPE,V_TRANSITION
    _STROKE)

    VALUES

    (S.V_PROCESS_ID,S.V_TRANSITION_ID,S.V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID,S.V_TO_ACTIVITY_
    ID,S.V_CONDITION_EXPR,S.V_CONDITION_TYPE,S.V_PRECEDENCE,S.V_TRANSITION_T
    YPE,S.V_TRANSITION_STROKE)

    /

MERGE INTO AAI_WF_TRANSITION_B T USING (

    SELECT 'KYC_ONBOARDING' V_PROCESS_ID, '1665487085277' V_TRANSITION_ID,
    'Job_1665486756737' V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID, 'Job_1601833121763'
    V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID, '0' V_CONDITION_EXPR, '1' V_CONDITION_TYPE, '1'
    V_PRECEDENCE, 'C' V_TRANSITION_TYPE, ' ' V_TRANSITION_STROKE FROM DUAL)
S

    ON ( T.V_PROCESS_ID = S.V_PROCESS_ID AND T.V_TRANSITION_ID =
    S.V_TRANSITION_ID )

    WHEN MATCHED THEN UPDATE SET T.V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID =
    S.V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID, T.V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID = S.V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID,
    T.V_CONDITION_EXPR = S.V_CONDITION_EXPR, T.V_CONDITION_TYPE =
    S.V_CONDITION_TYPE, T.V_PRECEDENCE = S.V_PRECEDENCE, T.V_TRANSITION_TYPE
    = S.V_TRANSITION_TYPE, T.V_TRANSITION_STROKE = S.V_TRANSITION_STROKE

    WHEN NOT MATCHED THEN INSERT

    (V_PROCESS_ID,V_TRANSITION_ID,V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID,V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID,V_CON
    DITION_EXPR,V_CONDITION_TYPE,V_PRECEDENCE,V_TRANSITION_TYPE,V_TRANSITION
    _STROKE)

    VALUES

```

```
(S.V_PROCESS_ID,S.V_TRANSITION_ID,S.V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID,S.V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID,
S.V_CONDITION_EXPR,S.V_CONDITION_TYPE,S.V_PRECEDENCE,S.V_TRANSITION_T
YPE,S.V_TRANSITION_STROKE)
/
```

```
MERGE INTO AAI_WF_TRANSITION_TL T USING (
  SELECT 'KYC_ONBOARDING' V_PROCESS_ID, '1665487085276' V_TRANSITION_ID,
  'Job_1533292500818_Job_1665486756737' V_TRANSITION_NAME, ''
  V_TRANSITION_DESC, 'en_US' V_LOCALE_CODE FROM DUAL) S
  ON ( T.V_PROCESS_ID = S.V_PROCESS_ID AND T.V_TRANSITION_ID =
  S.V_TRANSITION_ID AND T.V_LOCALE_CODE = S.V_LOCALE_CODE )
  WHEN MATCHED THEN UPDATE SET T.V_TRANSITION_NAME = S.V_TRANSITION_NAME,
  T.V_TRANSITION_DESC = S.V_TRANSITION_DESC
  WHEN NOT MATCHED THEN INSERT
  (V_PROCESS_ID,V_TRANSITION_ID,V_TRANSITION_NAME,V_TRANSITION_DESC,V_LOCA
  LE_CODE)
  VALUES
  (S.V_PROCESS_ID,S.V_TRANSITION_ID,S.V_TRANSITION_NAME,S.V_TRANSITION_DE
  SC,S.V_LOCALE_CODE)
/
```

```
MERGE INTO AAI_WF_TRANSITION_TL T USING (
  SELECT 'KYC_ONBOARDING' V_PROCESS_ID, '1665487085277' V_TRANSITION_ID,
  'Job_1665486756737_Job_1601833121763' V_TRANSITION_NAME, ''
  V_TRANSITION_DESC, 'en_US' V_LOCALE_CODE FROM DUAL) S
  ON ( T.V_PROCESS_ID = S.V_PROCESS_ID AND T.V_TRANSITION_ID =
  S.V_TRANSITION_ID AND T.V_LOCALE_CODE = S.V_LOCALE_CODE )
  WHEN MATCHED THEN UPDATE SET T.V_TRANSITION_NAME = S.V_TRANSITION_NAME,
  T.V_TRANSITION_DESC = S.V_TRANSITION_DESC
  WHEN NOT MATCHED THEN INSERT
  (V_PROCESS_ID,V_TRANSITION_ID,V_TRANSITION_NAME,V_TRANSITION_DESC,V_LOCA
  LE_CODE)
  VALUES
  (S.V_PROCESS_ID,S.V_TRANSITION_ID,S.V_TRANSITION_NAME,S.V_TRANSITION_DE
  SC,S.V_LOCALE_CODE)
/
```

- Execute the following script to switch to CS.

```
MERGE INTO AAI_WF_TRANSITION_B T USING (
  SELECT 'KYC_ONBOARDING' V_PROCESS_ID, '1665487085276' V_TRANSITION_ID,
  'Job_1533292500818' V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID, 'Job_1665486756736'
  V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID, '0' V_CONDITION_EXPR, '1' V_CONDITION_TYPE, '1'
```



```

V_PRECEDENCE, 'C' V_TRANSITION_TYPE, ' ' V_TRANSITION_STROKE FROM DUAL)
S

    ON ( T.V_PROCESS_ID = S.V_PROCESS_ID AND T.V_TRANSITION_ID =
S.V_TRANSITION_ID )

WHEN MATCHED THEN UPDATE SET T.V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID =
S.V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID, T.V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID = S.V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID,
T.V_CONDITION_EXPR = S.V_CONDITION_EXPR, T.V_CONDITION_TYPE =
S.V_CONDITION_TYPE, T.V_PRECEDENCE = S.V_PRECEDENCE, T.V_TRANSITION_TYPE
= S.V_TRANSITION_TYPE, T.V_TRANSITION_STROKE = S.V_TRANSITION_STROKE

    WHEN NOT MATCHED THEN INSERT

        (V_PROCESS_ID,V_TRANSITION_ID,V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID,V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID,V_CON
DITION_EXPR,V_CONDITION_TYPE,V_PRECEDENCE,V_TRANSITION_TYPE,V_TRANSITION
_STROKE)

VALUES

    (S.V_PROCESS_ID,S.V_TRANSITION_ID,S.V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID,S.V_TO_ACTIVITY_
ID,S.V_CONDITION_EXPR,S.V_CONDITION_TYPE,S.V_PRECEDENCE,S.V_TRANSITION_T
YPE,S.V_TRANSITION_STROKE)

/

MERGE INTO AAI_WF_TRANSITION_B T USING (

    SELECT 'KYC_ONBOARDING' V_PROCESS_ID, '1665487085277' V_TRANSITION_ID,
'Job_1665486756736' V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID, 'Job_1601833121763'
V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID, '0' V_CONDITION_EXPR, '1' V_CONDITION_TYPE, '1'
V_PRECEDENCE, 'C' V_TRANSITION_TYPE, ' ' V_TRANSITION_STROKE FROM DUAL)
S

    ON ( T.V_PROCESS_ID = S.V_PROCESS_ID AND T.V_TRANSITION_ID =
S.V_TRANSITION_ID )

WHEN MATCHED THEN UPDATE SET T.V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID =
S.V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID, T.V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID = S.V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID,
T.V_CONDITION_EXPR = S.V_CONDITION_EXPR, T.V_CONDITION_TYPE =
S.V_CONDITION_TYPE, T.V_PRECEDENCE = S.V_PRECEDENCE, T.V_TRANSITION_TYPE
= S.V_TRANSITION_TYPE, T.V_TRANSITION_STROKE = S.V_TRANSITION_STROKE

    WHEN NOT MATCHED THEN INSERT

        (V_PROCESS_ID,V_TRANSITION_ID,V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID,V_TO_ACTIVITY_ID,V_CON
DITION_EXPR,V_CONDITION_TYPE,V_PRECEDENCE,V_TRANSITION_TYPE,V_TRANSITION
_STROKE)

VALUES

    (S.V_PROCESS_ID,S.V_TRANSITION_ID,S.V_FROM_ACTIVITY_ID,S.V_TO_ACTIVITY_
ID,S.V_CONDITION_EXPR,S.V_CONDITION_TYPE,S.V_PRECEDENCE,S.V_TRANSITION_T
YPE,S.V_TRANSITION_STROKE)

/

MERGE INTO AAI_WF_TRANSITION_TL T USING (

    SELECT 'KYC_ONBOARDING' V_PROCESS_ID, '1665487085276' V_TRANSITION_ID,
'Job_1533292500818_Job_1665486756736' V_TRANSITION_NAME, ''
V_TRANSITION_DESC, 'en_US' V_LOCALE_CODE FROM DUAL) S

```

```

    ON ( T.V_PROCESS_ID = S.V_PROCESS_ID AND T.V_TRANSITION_ID =
S.V_TRANSITION_ID AND T.V_LOCALE_CODE = S.V_LOCALE_CODE )

WHEN MATCHED THEN UPDATE SET T.V_TRANSITION_NAME = S.V_TRANSITION_NAME,
T.V_TRANSITION_DESC = S.V_TRANSITION_DESC

WHEN NOT MATCHED THEN INSERT

(V_PROCESS_ID,V_TRANSITION_ID,V_TRANSITION_NAME,V_TRANSITION_DESC,V_LOCALE_CODE)

VALUES

(S.V_PROCESS_ID,S.V_TRANSITION_ID,S.V_TRANSITION_NAME,S.V_TRANSITION_DESC,S.V_LOCALE_CODE)

/

MERGE INTO AAI_WF_TRANSITION_TL T USING (

SELECT 'KYC_ONBOARDING' V_PROCESS_ID, '1665487085277' V_TRANSITION_ID,
'Job_1665486756736_Job_1601833121763' V_TRANSITION_NAME, ''
V_TRANSITION_DESC, 'en_US' V_LOCALE_CODE FROM DUAL) S

ON ( T.V_PROCESS_ID = S.V_PROCESS_ID AND T.V_TRANSITION_ID =
S.V_TRANSITION_ID AND T.V_LOCALE_CODE = S.V_LOCALE_CODE )

WHEN MATCHED THEN UPDATE SET T.V_TRANSITION_NAME = S.V_TRANSITION_NAME,
T.V_TRANSITION_DESC = S.V_TRANSITION_DESC

WHEN NOT MATCHED THEN INSERT

(V_PROCESS_ID,V_TRANSITION_ID,V_TRANSITION_NAME,V_TRANSITION_DESC,V_LOCALE_CODE)

VALUES

(S.V_PROCESS_ID,S.V_TRANSITION_ID,S.V_TRANSITION_NAME,S.V_TRANSITION_DESC,S.V_LOCALE_CODE)

/

```

15 Appendix-E Configurations for the Bearer Token

The following section takes you through the process of generating a token and using it to get the individual or entity JSON, depending on the API request. A token is used to authorize the request.

You can begin by generating a password for the user who sends the request. After the password is generated, generate a token to authorize this request. The default time for token expiration is 3600 seconds (1 hour) and can be changed. To change the validity, see [Change Token Validity](#).

Topics:

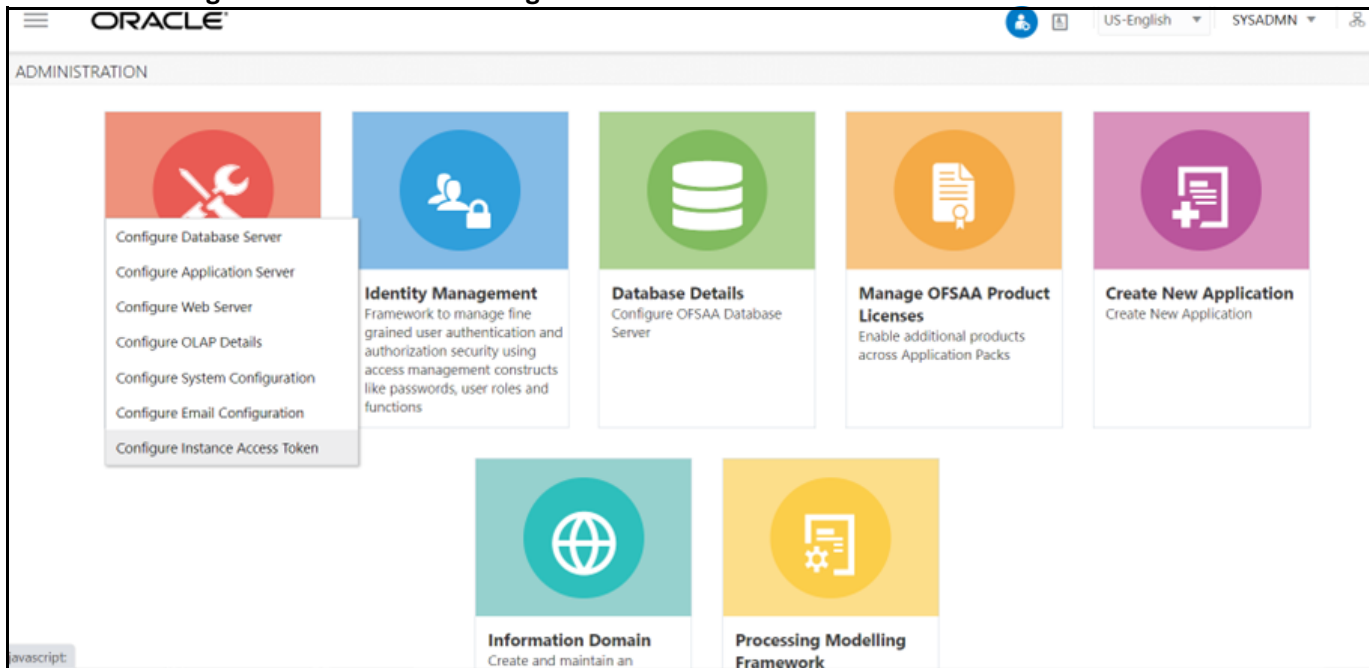
- [Generate User Password](#)
- [Change Token Validity](#)

15.1 Generate User Password

To generate a password for the user, follow these steps:

1. Log in as a system administrator.
2. Click **System Configuration** in the **Administration** page and select **Configure Instance Access Token**. The **Configure Instance Access Token** window is displayed.

Figure 125: Administration Page



3. In the **Configure Instance Access Token** section, click **Add**. A new window is displayed.

Figure 126: Configure Setup Access Token

Configure Instance Access Token

Instance Name

Reset

Search

Configure Instance Access Token

+ Add

Instance Name	Instance Access Token
WEB1	ab8db7b6-5746-43dc-98cc-2c8cd352c387
MMG3	93a9bb1c-1b45-4557-96d9-7a812ffa34aa
MMG4	bbab76cb-d3f8-4bce-bea5-40e35037ef78
SIMULATION	06ffb9e7-042d-4139-91da-bb1f85dde79a
MMG1	c05ae4c6-688f-425a-8b20-2d72da9cb90b

4. Enter the username in the **Instance Name** field and click **Generate Token**. The token is displayed in the **Instance Access Token Details** section.

Figure 127: Generate Token Button

Configure Instance Access Token

Instance Name

KYC

Generate Token

Close

Instance Access Token Details

STP_ACC_NM=KYC
STP_ENC_STR=S1IDOmQxNTlwMTAzLWY5YzctNDYxZi04YzRjLTlY1YmNhNmMwYjJkZg==
STP_ACC_TKN=d1520103-f9c7-461f-8c4c-65bca6c0b2df

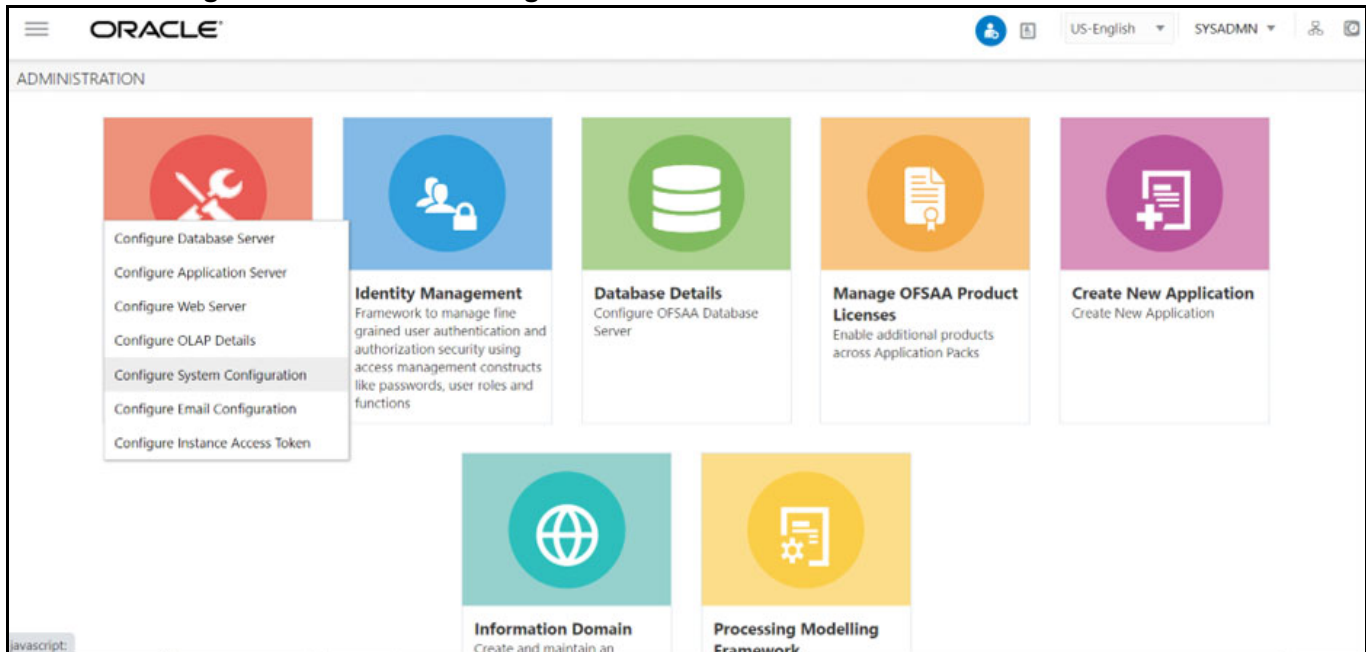
5. Copy and save the text generated in the **Instance Access Token Details** section.
- The **STP_ACC_NM** field displays the username. The **STP_ACC_TKN** field displays the password.
6. Click **Close** and log out as the system administrator.

15.2 Change Token Validity

To generate a password for the user, follow these steps:

1. Log in as a system administrator.
2. Click **System Configuration** in the **Administration** page and select **Configure System Configuration**. The **Configuration** window is displayed.

Figure 128: Administration Page



3. In the **Configuration** window, change the token validity time in the **API token validity** in **seconds** field.

Figure 129: Configuration window with the API token validity in seconds field shown

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "Environment Details" with a sub-header "Database - ORACLE" and "Server - Unix". The "General Details" tab is selected. The "API token validity in seconds" field is highlighted, showing a value of 3600. Other fields include "Number of invalid logins" (10), "Path for Application Packaging" (empty), "Session Timeout Value(in minute)" (50), "Link based token validity in minutes" (60), "Enable batch operation notification" (checked), "Enable batch owner notification only" (unchecked), and "Security Question Enable" (unchecked).

Figure 130: API token validity

The screenshot shows the "Configuration" window with the "Environment Details" tab selected. The "API token validity in seconds" field is highlighted, showing a value of 3600. Other fields include "Number of invalid logins" (999), "Path for Application Packaging" (empty), "Session Timeout Value(in minute)" (999), "Session Timeout Popup Interval(in minutes)" (99), "Environment Details" (DEV), "SSO Enabled" (unchecked), "ENABLE JIT UNMAPPING OPERATION" (unchecked), "Enable native authentication for Rest API" (checked), "Authentication Type" (SMS Authentication and Authoriza), and "Allow user to log in from multiple machines" (checked). The "Save" and "Cancel" buttons are visible in the top right corner.

4. Click **Save**.

NOTE

You can monitor the Simulation batch by login using the newly created username and password (username is created at time of workspace creation).

16 Appendix-F Setting the ZEPPELIN_INTERPETER_OUTPUT_LIMIT in Python Interpreter

An interpreter is a program that directly executes instructions written in a programming or scripting language without requiring them previously to be compiled into a machine language program. Interpreters are plug-ins that enable users to use a specific language to process data in the backend. In Compliance Studio, Interpreters are used in Notebooks to execute code in different languages. Each The interpreter has a set of adjusted and applied properties across all notebooks. For more information on Interpreter Configuration and Connectivity, see [OFS Compliance Studio Administration and Configuration Guide](#).

Using the **zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit** field you can enter the output message limit. Any message that exceeds the limit is truncated.

16.1 Configuring through the UI

Follow the subsequent steps to configure the **zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit** through the UI:

Using the Wizard Screen:

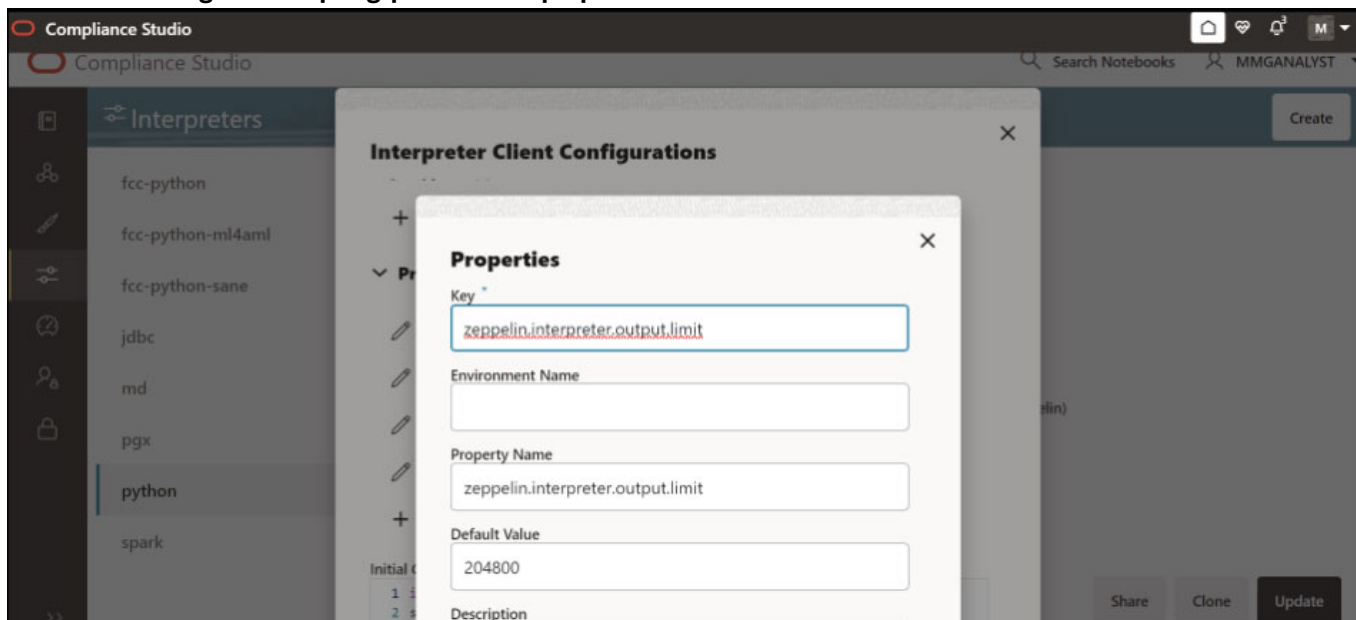
1. Click the **User** Icon right top corner.
2. Go to **Data Studio Options**.
3. Click **Interpreters**. The Interpreters page is displayed.
4. Select the python interpreter for which you want to configure the **zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit**.
5. Select python from the LHS options.
6. Click on the  Wizard Icon.
7. From the RHS side click on **oracle.datastudio.python.DsPythonInterpreter** under Interpreter Client Configurations. The Interpreter Client Configuration popup is displayed.
8. Under Properties, click on +Properties. The Properties popup is displayed.

9. Fill the options as shown in **Figure 131** . Set the default value to 870400 (for 1000 records approx.).

NOTE

- Configuration using the Wizard screen is preferable to other ways of configuration.
- If the data is more than 1000 records, update the **zeppelin.python.maxResult** in properties to the desired value and **zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit** as 870.4 x maxResult.
- If you cannot see the **Create** and **Cancel** buttons, click on the header label of the Properties window.
- The default value for zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit i is 102400 (in bytes)
- Increasing the default value from 102400 bytes to an immense value will slow down the rendering of outputs of python paragraphs.

Figure 131: spring-postSacalet.properties file



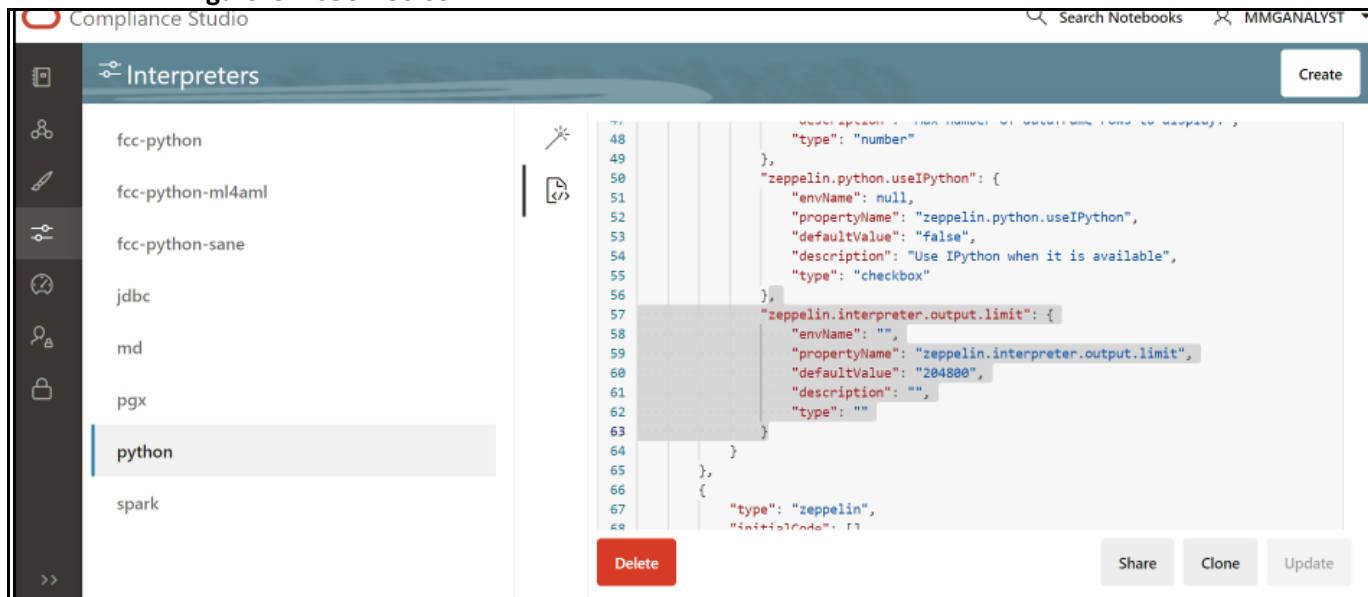
10. Click **Create**. The Interpreter Client Configuration popup is displayed and **zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit** is displayed under **Properties**.
11. Click **Confirm**. The Interpreter Client Configuration window is displayed.
12. Click **Update**.
13. Restart the Compliance Studio application to reflect the changes.

Configuration through JSON Screen:

1. Click the **User** Icon right top corner.
2. Go to **Data Studio Options**.

3. Click **Interpreters**. The Interpreters page is displayed.
4. select the python interpreter for which you want to configure the **zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit**.
5. Select python from the LHS options.
6. Click on the  Icon. The JSON configuration screen is displayed.
7. Scroll down and locate interpreterClientConfigs with className **oracle.datastudio.python.DsPythonInterpreter**. you can find the properties section with zeppelin configurations.
8. Add the **zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit**. See [Figure 132](#).

Figure 132: JSON Screen



9. The update button will be enabled in the bottom right corner after the JSON modification. Click **Update**.
10. Restart the Compliance Studio application to reflect the changes.

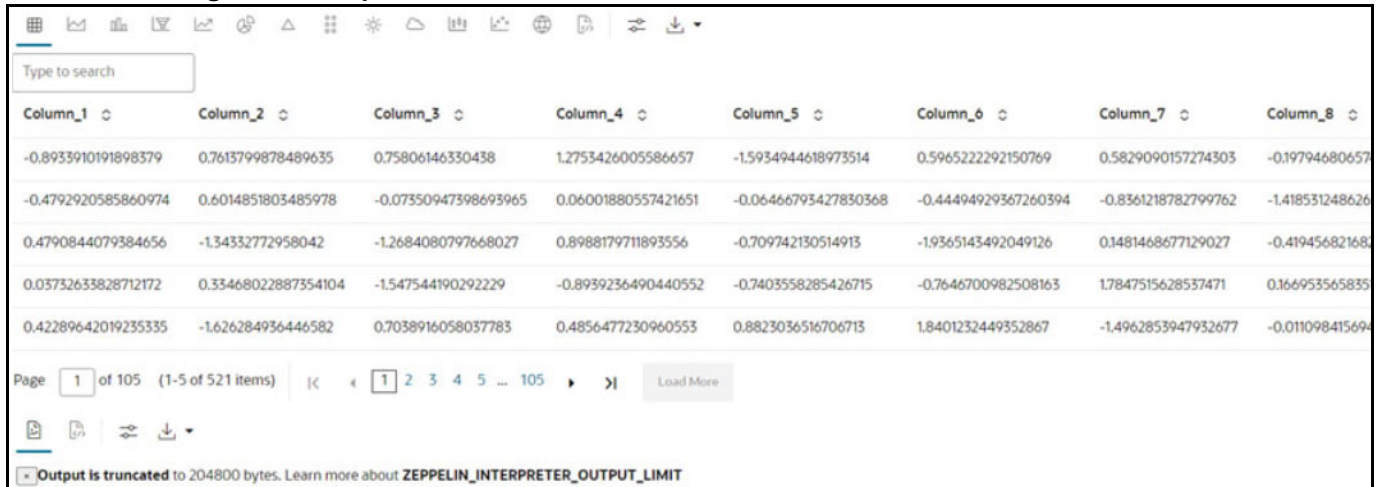
16.2 Configuring through the Filesystem

Follow the subsequent steps to configure the **zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit** through the filesystem:

1. Go to the python interpreter option as pointed out in section [Configuring through the UI](#). You can see the python interpreter listed there if you have run the MMG services before. Delete it, if you run the MMG Application for the first time on a fresh schema, then you don't need to do this step.
2. After deleting the python interpreter or if the start has not been done, go to the filesystem inside `mmg-home/mmg-studio/server/builtin/interpreters`, and open `python.json` in a text editor.
3. Scroll down under **interpreterClientConfigs** with className **Oracle.datastudio.python.DsPythonInterpreter**, you will find the following properties section with Zeppelin configurations. After the last entry in properties, add the **zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit** using the JSON screen. See [Figure 132](#).

4. Save the python.json with the desired default value.
5. Restart the Compliance Studio application to reflect the changes.

Figure 133: Output in Tabluatr View



Column_1	Column_2	Column_3	Column_4	Column_5	Column_6	Column_7	Column_8
-0.8933910191898379	0.7613799878489635	0.75806146330438	1.2753426005586657	-1.5934944618973514	0.5965222292150769	0.5829090157274303	-0.19794680657
-0.4792920585860974	0.6014851803485978	-0.07350947398693965	0.06001880557421651	-0.06466793427830368	-0.44494929367260394	-0.8361218782799762	-1.418531248626
0.4790844079384656	-1.34332772958042	-1.2684080797668027	0.8988179711893556	-0.709742130514913	-1.9365143492049126	0.1481468677129027	-0.41945682168
0.03732633828712172	0.33468022887354104	-1.547544190292229	-0.8939236490440552	-0.7403558285426715	-0.7646700982508163	1.7847515628537471	0.166953565835
0.42289642019235335	-1.626284936446582	0.7038916058037783	0.4856477230960553	0.8823036516706713	1.8401232449352867	-1.4962853947932677	-0.011098415694

Page 1 of 105 (1-5 of 521 items) |< < 1 2 3 4 5 ... 105 > >| Load More

Output is truncated to 204800 bytes. Learn more about ZEPPELIN_INTERPRETER_OUTPUT_LIMIT

You can see the ZEPPELIN_INTERPRETER_OUTPUT_LIMIT value as a warning if the table content is more than the set default value for zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit, and accordingly, you can modify the default value for the same.

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