Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering Administration Guide Release 8.1.2.8.0 August 2024 F22529-05





OFS Transaction Filtering Admin Guide

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Document Control

This table records the number of revisions or changes done to this document as part of a release.

Table 1: Document Control

| Version Number | Revision Date | Change Log |
|----------------|---------------|---|
| 8.1.2.8.0 | August 2024 | Removed information regarding the Accuity Watchlist. Automatic refresh of DJW Sanction List Reference |
| 8.1.2.7.0 | February 2024 | Added Swift Message Configurations widget information in Table 49. Updated Figure 132. |
| 8.1.2.6.0 | October 2023 | Added Simulation chapter. Added Appendix L: Setting the ZEPPELIN_INTERPETER_OUTPUT_LIMIT in Python Interpreter chapter. Added the new MX message types in ISO20022 Message Types table. |
| 8.1.2.5.0 | June 2023 | Added Reviewer user role Information. Added Adding New Message Type in NACHA section. Added Appendix K: Function Codes for User Groups section. Updated Configuring the Application Level Parameters section with procedure for enabling and disabling bulk action. Added Configuring Bulk Action Feature for the Alert List section. Added retrigger configuration parameters in Automatic Assignments of Alerts section. Added the new MX message types in ISO20022 Message Types table. Added JMS Queue Creation for SWIFT, Fedwire and ISo20022 Message Types section. |

| Version Number | Revision Date | Change Log |
|----------------|---------------|---|
| 8.1.2.4.0 | March 2023 | • Updated Configuring the Application Level Parameters section with information about Select All option for the Events Table. |
| | | Added Wire Stripping Configuration section. |
| | | Added Configuring Select All Option for the Events Table section. |
| | | Added SWIFT MX Message Types Configuration section. |
| | | Added the new MX message types in ISO20022 Message Types table. |
| | | • Added Appendix J: Configurations for the Bearer Token section. |

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1 About This Guide

This guide provides comprehensive instructions for system administration and the daily operations and maintenance of Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering. The logical architecture provides details of the Transaction Filtering process for a better understanding of the pre-configured application, which allows you to make site-specific enhancements using OFSAAI.

1.1 Intended Audience

This *Administration Guide* is designed for use by the Implementation Consultants and System Administrators. Their roles and responsibilities, as they operate within Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering, include the following:

- Implementation Consultant: Installs and configures Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering at a specific deployment site. The Implementation Consultant also installs and upgrades any additional Oracle Financial Services solution sets and requires access to deployment-specific configuration information (For example, machine names and port numbers).
- **System Administrator**: Configures, maintains, and adjusts the system, and is usually an employee of a specific Oracle customer. The System Administrator maintains user accounts and roles, configures the EDQ, archives data, loads data feeds, and performs post-processing tasks.

1.2 Access to Oracle Support

Oracle customers have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support (MOS). For

information, visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info

Or visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs if you are hearing-impaired.

1.3 How This Guide is Organized

The Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering Administration Guide includes the following chapters:

- About Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering provides a brief overview of the Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering application.
- Getting Started explains common elements of the interface, includes instructions on how to configure your system, access Transaction Filtering, and exit the application.
- Managing User Administration explains the user administration of the Oracle Financial Services (OFS) Transaction Filtering application.
- General Configurations describes how to configure the SWIFT (Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunication) message and screening parameters, run the migration utility, run the Purge utility, and do Version Control for messages in the Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering application.
- Configuring the SWIFT Message Parameters describes how to configure the SWIFT message parameters.
- Configuring the Fedwire Message Parameters describes how to configure the Fedwire message parameters.
- Configurations for the ISO20022 Message Parameters describe how to configure the ISO20022 message parameters and run the ISO20022 batch.

- Configurations for the US NACHA Batch Process describes how to configure the US NACHA batch.
- Enterprise Data Quality (EDQ) Configurations describes how to configure the EDQ parameters.
- Configuring Risk Scoring Rules describes how to configure business rules in the Inline Processing Engine (IPE).
- Creating a JSON describes how to create a JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) for SWIFT messages with sequences and SWIFT messages without sequences.
- Appendix A: Watch Lists explains the details of each of the pre-configured watch lists that can be used by Oracle Transaction Filtering.
- Appendix B: System Audit Logging Information contains information on the logs related to the Debug and Info log files.
- Appendix C: Process Modeller Framework (PMF) Configurability describes how to configure the Process Monitor Facility (PMF) workflow.
- Appendix D: Time Zone Configuration describes how to set the time zone for a user.
- Appendix E: Delta Watch List Configurations describes how to run and download the delta updates.
- Appendix F: Message Categories and Message Types shows the different message types available for the SWIFT, Fedwire, ISO 20022, and US NACHA message types.
- Appendix G: Invoking the PMF Workflow from backend shows the different message types available for the SWIFT, Fedwire, ISO 20022, and US NACHA message types.
- Appendix H: JMS Cluster Environment Creation shows the different message types available for the SWIFT, Fedwire, ISO 20022, and US NACHA message types.

1.4 Where to Find More Information

For more information about Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering, see the following Transaction Filtering application documents, which can be found on the Oracle Help Center page:

- User Guide
- Installation and Configuration Guide
- · Matching Guide
- Reporting Guide

To find additional information about how Oracle Financial Services solves real business problems, see our website at Oracle for Financial Services home page.

1.5 Conventions Used in this Guide

The following table mentions the conventions used in this guide.

Table 2: Conventions Used

Table 2lists the conventions used in this guide.

Table 2: Conventions Used in this Guide

| Conventions | Description |
|-----------------------|--|
| Italics | Names of books, chapters, and sections as referencesEmphasis |
| Bold | The object of an action (menu names, field names, options, button names) in a step-by-step procedure Commands typed at a prompt User input |
| Monospace | Directories and subdirectories File names and extensions Process names Code sample, including keywords and variables within the text and as separate paragraphs, and user-defined program ele- ments within the text. |
| Asterisk | Mandatory fields in User Interface |
| <variable></variable> | Substitute input value |

2 About Oracle financial Services Transaction Filtering

Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering is a Sanctions screening system that identifies Individuals, entities, cities, countries, goods, ports, BICs, and Stop keywords that may either be suspicious, restricted, or sanctioned with relation to a financial transaction that is processed through the Transaction Filtering application. The application enables you to integrate with any clearing or payment system, accept messages from the source system, and scans them against different watch lists maintained within the application to identify any suspicious data present within the message. The Transaction Filtering application can scan messages which are in the SWIFT, ISO20022, Fedwire, or NACHA category, or any custom format.

The OFS Transaction Filtering application is built using components of the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications (OFSAA) product suite. These components are Oracle Enterprise Data Quality (OEDQ) and Inline Processing Engine (IPE).

Financial Institutions are required to comply with regulations from different authorities. Some of them are as follows:

- USA PATRIOT Act
- U.S. Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC), USA
- Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions (OSFI), Canada
- Financial Action Task Force (on Money Laundering) (FATF/GAFI)
- EU Commission
- Country-specific authorities

While the regulations can differ between countries, the spirit of regulatory intervention is uniform, and that is to hold financial institutions responsible and accountable if they have been a party, intentionally or unintentionally, to a criminal or terrorist-related transaction.

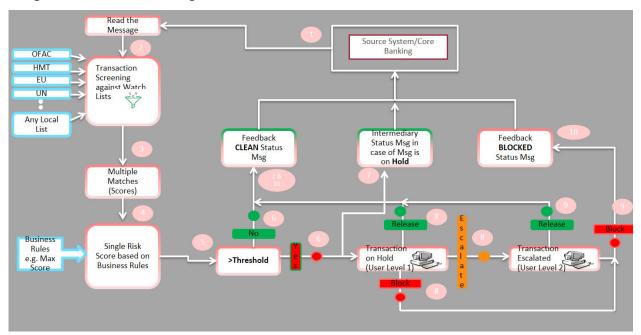
Sanctions include the withholding of diplomatic recognition, the boycotting of athletic and cultural events, and the sequestering of the property of citizens of the sanctioned country. However, the forms of sanctions that attract the most attention and are likely to have the greatest impact are composed of various restrictions on international trade, financial flows, or the movement of people.

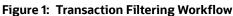
Transaction Filtering against government-regulated watch lists and internal watch lists is a key compliance requirement for financial institutions across the globe. At the turn of the century, Financial Institutions (FIs) were expected to identify customers who were either sanctioned or who lived in sanctioned countries and identify any transactions which were associated with these customers. FIs are now expected to also identify any suspicious dealings and parties involved in the transaction, and more recently identify information that is deliberately hidden or removed.

The Transaction Filtering application delivers a strong, effective filter that identifies all sanctioned individuals or entities with true positives and exploits all available information (internal and external) to reduce false positives and therefore minimizes the operational impact on FIs.

2.1 Transaction Filtering Workflow

The following image describes the Transaction Filtering workflow.





NOTE

The application first receives a message from the payment system and scans it against the watch lists, then provides a risk score for the message. If no suspicious data is found during screening, then the Transaction Filtering application sends a feedback message with the status CLEAN back to the payment system through the message queue. If suspicious data is found during screening, then the message is sent to an Analyst who investigates it using the Transaction Filtering User Interface. Feedback is sent to the payment system through a message queue, which indicates that the message is on hold. The Analyst reviews the message, which is the first level of review and decides to release, block, or escalate the message. Based on the decision, the system sends a feedback message, either CLEAN or BLOCKED, to the payment system for the reviewed message.

If the four-eyes workflow is enabled, then the Analyst can additionally Recommend to Release, Recommend to Block, or escalate the message to the Supervisor. If the Analyst escalates the message, then the message is sent to the Supervisor, which is the second level of review. The Supervisor can block or release the message and add comments. For a four-eyes workflow, the Supervisor can Release, Block, or Reject the message. You can view the associated matched data of a message from the Match Summary section. You can also view the risk score details from the Risk Summary section. Both these sections are present in the Investigation User Interface.

The Senior Supervisor can perform Bulk Update (Assign alerts, set alert priority, and change the Due Date Time) and add attachments.

As a Senior Supervisor privilege, the senior supervisor can work on a queue only if there is a backlog.

The Reviewer can view and review the messages and the alerts but cannot perform any other actions.

3 Getting Started

This chapter provides step-by-step instructions to log in to the Transaction Filtering System and different features of the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications (OFSAA) Application page.

3.1 Accessing the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications (OFSAA) Page

Access to the Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering application depends on the Internet or Intranet environment. The system administrator provides the intranet address uniform resource locator (URL), User ID, and Password.

NOTE After the first login, you will be prompted to change your password.

To access the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications page, follow these steps:

1. Enter the URL into your browser using the following format:

```
<scheme/ protocol>://<ip address/ hostname>:<port>/<context-name>/
login.jsp
```

For example: https://myserver:9080/ofsaaapp/login.jsp

The Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications login page is displayed.

Figure 2: Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Login Page

| Language | US-English | ~ |
|---------------------|------------|---|
| Language User ID | US-English | ~ |

- 2. Select the language from the **Language** drop-down list. This allows you to use the application in the language of your selection.
- 3. Enter your **User ID** and **Password** in the respective fields.
- 4. Click **Login**. The **Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering** landing page is displayed.

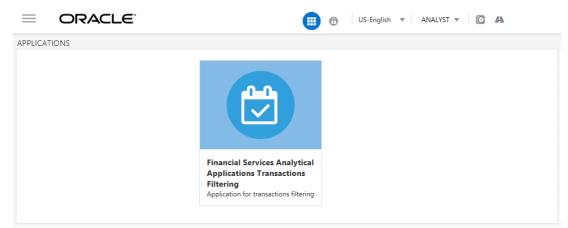


Figure 3: Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering Landing Page

5. To view the **Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering** landing page, click **Calendar**

3.2 Managing the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications (OFSAA) Page

From the **Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications** page, you can access the menus for the different message configurations. You can change the default transaction currency from USD to another currency in the **Process Modeller** page and view the **Good Guy Summary** page, which has details related to the records added in the good guy list.

3.2.1 Transaction Filtering Admin Menu

The **Transaction Filtering Admin** menu allows the system administrator to configure the applicationlevel parameters, good guy matching parameters, the cut-off time for messages, and assignment type for a message (manual or automatic). For more information, see General Configurations.

To view the menu, follow these steps:

1. From the Navigation List, click Financial Services Sanctions Pack.

Figure 4: Financial Services Sanctions Pack Menu

| 希 Home | | ORACLE [®] Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Navigation List | | |
| Common tasks | > | |
| Financial Services Sanctions Pack | > | |
| | | |
| | | |

2. From the **Navigation List, c**lick **Transaction Filtering Admin**. The Configuration Screen displays.

| A Home | ORACLE [*] Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Financial Services San | |
| Transaction Filtering Admin | |
| ISO20022/XML Configuration Admin | |
| SWIFT Configuration Admin | |
| FEDWIRE Configuration Admin | |
| Process Modeller | |
| Post Load Changes | |
| Process Monitor | |
| Run Definition | |
| List Management | |
| Inline Processing | |

Figure 5: Transaction Filtering Admin Sub-menu

3.2.2 ISO20022 Configuration Admin Menu

The **ISO20022/XML Configuration Admin** menu allows the system administrator to configure the ISO20022 parser parameters. For more information, see Configurations for ISO20022 Message Parameters.

To view the menu, follow these steps:

1. Click Financial Services Sanctions Pack.

Figure 6: Financial Services Sanctions Pack Menu



1. Click **ISO20022/XML Configuration Admin.** The Configuration Screen displays.



| 쑭 Home | ORACLE [®] Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Financial Services San | |
| Transaction Filtering Admin | |
| ISO20022/XML Configuration Admin | |
| SWIFT Configuration Admin | |
| FEDWIRE Configuration Admin | |
| Process Modeller | |
| Post Load Changes | |
| Process Monitor | |
| Run Definition | |
| List Management | |
| Inline Processing | |

3.2.3 SWIFT Configuration Admin Menu

The **SWIFT Configuration Admin** menu allows the system administrator to configure the SWIFT parser parameters. For more information, see General Configurations.

To view the **Configuration Admin** menu, follow these steps:

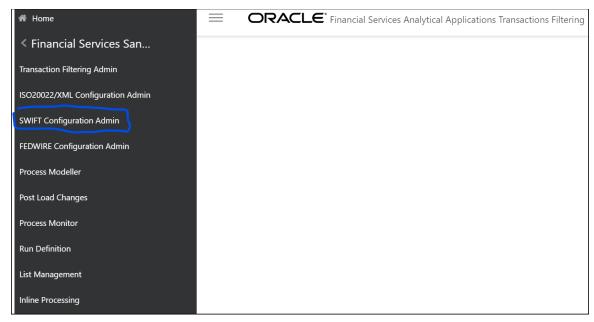
1. Click Financial Services Sanctions Pack.

Figure 8: Financial Services Sanctions Pack Menu



1. Click **SWIFT Configuration Admin.** The Configuration Screen displays.

Figure 9: SWIFT Configuration Admin Sub-menu



3.2.4 Process Modeller Menu

The **Process Modeller** menu allows the System Administrator to provide the security and operational framework required for the Infrastructure.

You can view the PMF process flow for the standard, four-eyes, and good guy workflows. For more information on the workflows, see the **Transaction Filtering WorkFlows** section in the Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering User Guide.

To view the ready-to-use PMF flows, click **Process Modeller**. The **Process Modeller** page is displayed.

Figure 10: Process Modeller Page

| Proce | ss Modeller | | | |
|----------|--|---------------------|-----------------|---|
| Q | | | | |
| Sort by: | ▼ Pipeline Filter: Process X | Run 🗙 | Stream X | |
| В | Business Restructure Process Process Code: BR1 Process Description: Business Restructure Process | 0 Version | 0 Instances | Application:Business Restructure Type:Business Process Pipeline |
| Q | Questionnaire Process Process Code: QTNR Process Description: Questionnaire Process | 0 Version | 0 Instances | Application:Questionnaire Type:Business Process Pipeline |
| E | ECM CS Real Time Screening Process Code: CSRT Process Description: ECM CS Real Time Screening | 0 Version | 0 Instances | Application:Customer Screening Type:Business Process Pipeline |
| T | TF List Management Process Code: OFS_SAC_LIST Process Description: TF List Management | 0 Version | 10 Instances | Application:TF List Management Type:Business Process Pipeline |
| T | Transaction Filtering Process Code: OFS_SAC Process Description: Transaction Filtering | O Version | 0 Instances | Application:Transaction Filtering Type:Business Process Pipeline |

To expand the window, click **Navigation Menu**

3.2.4.1 Configuring the Transaction Currency

You can change the default transaction currency (USD) to another currency. To configure the currency, follow these steps:

1. On the **Process Modeller** page, click the **Application Rule** subtab.

| Process Flow De | finition Application Rule | DataFields | 3 |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| 🛃 Add 🔻 🛛 | 🛐 Edit 💥 Delete | | |
| Select | Rule Name | Rule Type | Implementation Type |
| 0 | Sup_Access_Attr_Rule | DecisionRule | Attribute Expression |
| 0 | Analyst_Access_Attr_Rule | DecisionRule | Attribute Expression |
| 0 | Default | DecisionRule | SQL |
| 0 | Outcome Approve | DecisionRule | Outcome |
| 0 | Outcome Reject | DecisionRule | Outcome |
| 0 | Outcome Submit | DecisionRule | Outcome |
| 0 | Hold_Outcome | DecisionRule | Outcome |
| 0 | Assigned_Outcome | DecisionRule | Outcome |
| 0 | Escalate_Outcome | DecisionRule | Outcome |
| 0 | Release_Outcome | DecisionRule | Outcome |
| 0 | Block_Outcome | DecisionRule | Outcome |
| 0 | R_to_Release_Outcome | DecisionRule | Attribute Expression |
| 0 | R_to_Block_Outcome | DecisionRule | Attribute Expression |

Figure 11: Application Rule Subtab

- 2. To change the currency for a released transaction, select **R_to_Release_Outcome**. To change the currency for a blocked transaction, select **R_to_Block_Outcome**.
- 3. Click Edit.
- 4. Click inside the **TF_Currency** drop-down list and select the required currency.
- 5. Click Save.

3.2.5 FEDWIRE Configuration Admin Menu

The **FEDWIRE Configuration Admin** menu allows the system administrator to configure the Fedwire parser parameters. For more information, see General Configurations

To view the **FEDWIRE Configuration Admin** menu, follow these steps:

1. Click **Financial Services Sanctions Pack**.

Figure 12: Financial Services Sanctions Pack Menu



1. Click **FEDWIRE Configuration Admin.** The **Configuration Screen** is displayed.

Figure 13: FEDWIRE Configuration Admin Sub-menu

| 希 Home | = | ORACLE [°] Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| < Financial Services San | | |
| Transaction Filtering Admin | | |
| ISO20022/XML Configuration Admin | | |
| SWIFT Configuration Admin | | |
| FEDWIRE Configuration Admin | | |
| Process Modeller | | |
| Post Load Changes | | |
| Process Monitor | | |
| Run Definition | | |
| List Management | | |
| Inline Processing | | |

3.2.6 Process Monitor Menu

The **Process Monitor** menu allows the System Administrator to configure the workflow for a process. To do this, click **Process Monitor**. The **Process Monitor** page is displayed.



| Process Monitor | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Q | |
| Sort by: | |
| 5 50542 Object Id: 50542 | Process Name: Transaction Filtering Execution Start Time: 26-APR-19 Process Description: Transaction II:17:00 Filtering 11:17:00 |
| 5 50541 Object Id: 50541 | Process Name: Transaction Filtering Process Description: Transaction Filtering Filtering 11:16:59 Last Execution Time: 26-APR-19 11:17:00 |
| 5 50501 Object Id: 50501 | Process Name: Transaction Filtering Process Description: Transaction Filtering Britering Content of the security of the securi |
| 5 50422 Object Id: 50422 | Process Name: Transaction Filtering 02:33:27 Process Description: Transaction Filtering 05:49:59 |
| 5 50402 Object Id: 50402 | Process Name: Transaction Filtering 05:55:14 Process Description: Transaction Filtering 5:34:29 |

To expand the window, click **Navigation Menu**

3.2.7 Run Definition Menu

The **Run Definition** menu allows the system administrator to run the batches for the message categories.

To run the batches, follow these steps:

1. Click **Financial Services Sanctions Pack**.

Figure 15: Financial Services Sanctions Pack Menu

| 🖀 Home | | = | ORACLE [®] Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Navigation List | | | |
| Common tasks | > | | |
| Financial Services Sanctions Pack | > | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

1. Click **Run Definition.** The **Run** page is displayed.



Figure 16: Transaction Filtering Admin Sub-menu

3.2.8 List Management Menu

The **List Management** menu allows the system administrator to view the **Good Guy Summary** page. For more information on the **Good Guy Summary** page, see the **Good Guy Summary** section in the Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering User Guide.

To view the page, follow these steps:

1. Click Financial Services Sanctions Pack.

Figure 17: Financial Services Sanctions Pack Menu

| 希 Home | | ORACLE [®] Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Navigation List | | |
| Common tasks | > | |
| Financial Services Sanctions Pack | > | |
| | | |
| | | |

1. Click List Management. The Good Guy Summary page is displayed.

Figure 18: List Management Sub-menu

| 希 Home | ORACLE * Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering | e. |
|----------------------------------|---|----|
| < Financial Services San | | |
| Transaction Filtering Admin | | |
| ISO20022/XML Configuration Admin | | |
| SWIFT Configuration Admin | | |
| FEDWIRE Configuration Admin | | |
| Process Modeller | | |
| Post Load Changes | | |
| Process Monitor | | |
| Run Definition | | |
| List Management | | |
| Inline Processing | | |

3.2.9 Inline Processing Menu

The **Inline Processing** menu allows the System Administrator to view and configure the details related to Inline Processing Engine (IPE). For more information, see Configuring Risk Scoring Rules.

To view the Inline Processing page, follow these steps:

1. Click Financial Services Sanctions Pack.

Figure 19: Financial Services Sanctions Pack Menu

| 希 Home | | ORACLE [®] Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Navigation List | | |
| Common tasks | > | |
| Financial Services Sanctions Pack | > | |
| | | |
| | | |

1. Click Inline Processing. The Inline Processing page is displayed.

Figure 20: Inline Processing Sub-menu

| A Home | ORACLE [*] Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering |
|----------------------------------|--|
| < Financial Services San | |
| Transaction Filtering Admin | |
| ISO20022/XML Configuration Admin | |
| SWIFT Configuration Admin | |
| FEDWIRE Configuration Admin | |
| Process Modeller | |
| Post Load Changes | |
| Process Monitor | |
| Run Definition | |
| List Management | |
| Inline Processing | |

3.3 Queue Management

Queue Management is a common dashboard where the following users can see queues related to CS and TF that are created by the Queue Administrator and the system (Out Of Box):

- Reviewer
- Analyst
- Supervisor
- Senior Supervisor
- Queue Administrator

You can view the Queue details in the following formats:

- List View
- Grid View

By default, queue details are displayed in the List View. Only queue admin can assign the user groups for the queues in the Grid View.

For more information on Queue Administrator, see the OFS Sanctions Queue Management User Guide.

3.3.1 List View

- 1. Log in to the application as Reviewer, Analyst, Supervisor, or Senior Supervisor.
- 2. Select the Financial Services Analytical Applications Transaction Filtering.
- 3. From the Application Navigation List, select Queue Management.

You can select the **hamburger** icon to view the **Queue List** for **All Teams** in List View.

By default, queue details are displayed in the List View.

Queue List displays the queues assigned to all user groups and the value. **All Team** is selected in the drop-down list and is disabled. It is displayed as the title for Queue List.

Figure 21: Queue List in List View

| ORACLE [®] Financial Servi | ices Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering | 🕕 🐁 US-English 🔻 | QADMN ▼ 8 |
|---|---|-------------------------------|-------------|
| | All Teams | All Teams | • • • • |
| Queue List | | | + Add Queue |
| ALL SAN ALERTS SUPERVISOR GEN DOMAIN | CS Supervisor Access Group | 09/14/2021 02:16:27 by QADMN | |
| All SAN Alerts GEN DOMAIN ANALYST | CS Analyst Access Group | 09/14/2021 01:26:59 by SYSTEM | |
| ALL SAN ALERTS SUPERVISOR CWS DOMAIN | CS Supervisor Access Group | 09/14/2021 02:23:17 by QADMN | s 🖻 8 |
| RT GEN DOMAIN ANALYST | CS Analyst Access Group | 09/14/2021 08:06:12 by QADMN | |
| RT CWS SUPERVISOR | CS Senior Supervisor Access Group, CS Supervisor Access Group | 09/14/2021 08:07:54 by QADMN | 🖋 🛍 🛆 |

The following details are displayed in the List View for **All Teams**:

- Queue Name
- User Group names (that are assigned by the Queue Administrator)
- Date Time Created By (For example, 09/09/2021 14:06:39 by QADMIN/SYSTEM)
- Queue Action

You can view ten queues in Queue List and use the navigation to view the next set of queues.

You can perform the following actions on each queue:

- **+Add Queue**: Click + Add Queue button top-right in the Queue List to add a new queue. (only for Queue Admin.)
- **Delete:** Click the Ellipsis menu and then select Delete and click **Yes** to delete the queue.
- Edit: Click the Ellipsis menu and then select Edit to edit the queue details and click Finish.
- **Open**: Click the Ellipsis menu and then select Open to open the queue to see its details.
- **Assign**: Click the Ellipsis menu and then select Assign to assign the queue to Groups. (only for Queue Admin)
 - Select the **Groups** to assign the queue.
 - Click Assign.

You can change the order of queues are as follows:

- According to your requirement, you can select the Queue to change the order, drag and drop in the list.
- Perform the following steps:
 - Select the Queue and right-click. The menu options are displayed as Cut, Paste Before, and Paste After. The only Cut is enabled.
 - Select Cut.
 - Locate the cursor wherever it needs to be added and right-click. The menu options are Cut, Paste Before, and Paste After. Only Paste Before and Paste After are enabled.

• Select the **Paste Before** or **Paste After** to place the Queue.

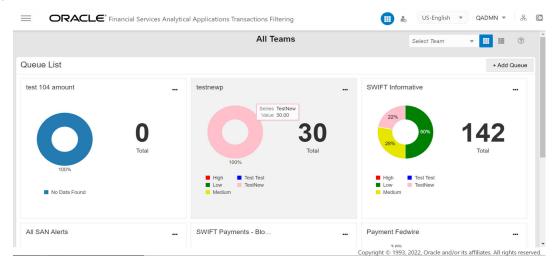
| NOTE | If the User Group is selected as the All Teams in the Select Teams menu, then the Queue Admin cannot sort the priority of the Queues. |
|------|---|
|------|---|

3.3.2 Grid View

You can select the **thumbview** icon to view the **Queue List** for **All Teams** in Grid View.

Queue List displays the queues assigned to all user groups and the value. **All Team** is selected in the drop-down list and is disabled. It is displayed as the title for Queue List.

Figure 22: Queue List in Grid View



NOTE Only Reviewer/Analyst/Supervisor/Senior Supervisor can view the number of alerts details in each Queue.

The Queue List appears in doughnut charts displays each cell's data as a slice of a doughnut. A pie chart data visualization uses a single circle divided into "slices," each slice representing a numerical proportion of the whole circle's value. Hover over the slices to see the details of the **Series** and the **Value** of the queue.

By default, the color-coding displayed for three priorities of the alerts and the **Total** numeric value indicates the number of alerts in that Queue.

The following are the default priorities in the application:

- High
- Medium
- Low

An admin can configure any number of priorities and color code that needs to be displayed on the Queue Management Dashboard against each of the priority based on their requirement in the backend based on the match score, screening type, event type, jurisdiction and business domain.

The Queue Management dashboard displays all the priorities defined by the admin and the number of alerts meeting the priority condition. If there are alerts which doesn't fall under any priority criteria are displayed as **No Priority Set**.

To configure the priorities and color code see Configuring New Priority section.

Priority configuration for all the alerts to be defined before transaction filtering.

You can view six queues in Queue List and use the navigation to view the next set of queues.

You can perform the following actions on each queue:

- **+Add Queue**: Click + Add Queue button top-right in the Queue List to add a new queue. (only for Queue Admin.)
- Delete: Click the Ellipsis menu and then select Delete and click Yes to delete the queue.
- Edit: Click the Ellipsis menu and then select Edit to edit the queue details and click Finish.
- **Open**: Click the Ellipsis menu and then select Open to open the queue to see its details.
- **Assign**: Click the Ellipsis menu and then select Assign to assign the queue to Groups. (only for Queue Admin)
 - Select the **Groups** to assign the queue.
 - Click Assign.

3.3.3 Configuring New Priority

To configure the priority and color code for the alerts, follow the below steps:

- 1. Access the Atomic Schema and access the DIM ALERT PRIORITY TYPE table.
- 2. Insert the parameter to the following columns:
 - N_PRIORITY_CONF_ID
 - V_PRIORITY_CODE
 - V_ALERT_PRIORITY_NAME
 - V ALERT PRIORITY DESC
 - V_REMARKS
 - D_START_DATE
 - D_END_DATE
 - F_LATEST_IDENTIFIER
 - V_ALERT_PRIORITY_DSPLY_COLR

Figure 23: DIM_ALERT_PRIORITY_TYPE Table

| orkshee | Query Builder | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | select * from dim alert priority type; | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Insert into DIM | ALERT PRIOR | RITY TYPE (| N PRIORIT | Y CONF ID | .V PRIORIT | TY CODE, | | | |
| 4 | V ALERT PRIORITY | — | _ | _ | | _ | _ | ATE | | |
| - | | | | | | | | 111 D / | | |
| 5 | F_LATEST_IDENTIF | | _ | | | | | | | |
| 6 | values ('6','6', | 'Very Low', | Very Low | , Very Lo | w',to_dat | e('19-AUG- | -19','DD-M | ON-RR'), | | |
| 7 | to date('19-AUG- | 19', 'DD-MON | N-RR'), 'Y', | 'purple') | ; | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | • | | | | | | | | |
| Script | Output X Duery Result X | • | | | | | | | | |
| Script | 🝓 🅦 SQL All Rows Fetched: 6 in 0.078 se | | • | | | | | | | |
| Script | Reference in the second set of the second set of the second set of the second set of the second secon | V_ALERT_PRIORITY_NAME | | | ⊕ D_START_DATE | | | () V_ALERT_PRIORITY_DSPLY_COLR | | |
| Script | SQL All Rows Fetched: 6 in 0.078 se N_PRIORITY_CONF_ID | 0 v_alert_priority_NAME Test | Test | Test | 19-AUG-19 | 919-AUG-19 | Y | blue | | |
| Script | Q SQL All Rows Fetched: 6 in 0.078 se ⊕ N_PRIORITY_CONF_ID ⊕ V_PRIORITY_CODE 5 5 4 4 | ≬v_alert_priority_name Test Anv | Test Anv | Test Anv | 19-AUG-19 19-AUG-19 | 919-AUG-19 919-AUG-19 | Y Y | blue (null) | | |
| Script | Reg SQL All Rows Fetched: 6 in 0.078 se N_PRIORITY_CONF_ID V_PRIORITY_CODE 5 5 4 4 1 3 | ≬v_ALERT_PRIORITY_NAME Test Anv High | Test Anv High | Test Anv High | 19-AUG-19 19-AUG-19 19-AUG-19 | 19-AUG-19 19-AUG-19 19-AUG-19 | Y Y Y Y | blue (null) red | | |
| Script | Reg SQL All Rows Fetched: 6 in 0.078 set N_PRIORITY_CONF_ID () V_PRIORITY_CODE 5 5 4 4 1 3 2 2 | ≬v_aLERT_PRIORITY_NAME Test Anv High Medium | Test Anv High Medium | Test Anv High Medium | 19-AUG-19 19-AUG-19 19-AUG-19 19-AUG-19 19-AUG-19 | 919-AUG-19 919-AUG-19 919-AUG-19 919-AUG-19 919-AUG-19 | Y Y Y Y Y | blue (null) red #e6e600 | | |
| 1 2 3 | Image: Sql All Rows Petched: 6 in 0.078 set Image: Image: Sql Sql | ≬v_ALERT_PRIORITY_NAME Test Anv High | Test Anv High Medium | Test Anv High Medium Low | 19-AUG-19 19-AUG-19 19-AUG-19 19-AUG-19 19-AUG-19 19-AUG-19 | 19-AUG-19 19-AUG-19 19-AUG-19 | Y Y Y Y Y Y | blue (null) red | | |

- 3. Access the DIM ALERT PRIORITY TYPE TL table.
- 4. Insert the parameter to the following columns:
 - N_PRIORITY_CONF_ID
 - V_LOCALE_CODE
 - V_PRIORITY_CODE
 - V ALERT PRIORITY NAME



The DIM_ALERT_PRIORITY_TYPE table and DIM_ALERT_PRIORITY_TYPE_TL table must have same parameter value entry.

Figure 24: DIM_ALERT_PRIORITY_TYPE_TL Table

| Worksheel | t Query Builder | | | |
|---------------|---------------------------|----------|------------------|--|
| 1 | select * fi | com d | im_alert | _priority_type_tl; |
| 2 | | | | |
| 3 | Incert into | DTM | | RIORITY_TYPE_TL (N_PRIORITY_CONF_ID,V_LOCALE_CODE,V_PRIORITY_CODE, |
| | | | | |
| 4 | V_ALERT_PRI | LORIT | Y_NAME) | <pre>values ('6','en_US','6','Very Low');</pre> |
| 5 | | | | |
| 6 | | | | |
| 7 | | | | |
| / | | | | |
| 8 | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| AT Calmb 4 | Output × >Query Result × | | | |
| | 🚱 🙀 SQL All Rows Fetche | | seronds | |
| | | | | E () V_ALERT_PRIORITY_NAME |
| 1 | | US | 5 | Test |
| 2 | l en | US | | Low |
| 3 4 | 2 en | US | 1 2 3 4 | Medium |
| 4 | en en | US | 3 | High |
| 54 | | US US | 4 | Anv Verv Low |
| - (| en en | 05 | 0 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

3.3.4 Archiving a Queue

To archive the inactive queues, follow these steps:

- 1. Log on to the Customer Screening application.
- 2. Click **Common Tasks**, then click **Rule Run Framework**, and then click **Process**. The **Process** page appears.
- 3. Search for Queue in the Code field and select QueueArchive.

Figure 25: Process Page

| | | cial Services Analytical Applica | US-English | CSADMN | ▼ & 0 | | | |
|-----------------|---|----------------------------------|------------|----------------------------|---------|----------|---------|--|
| Process | | | | | | | 0 | |
| | | | | | | Q Search | り Reset | |
| | Code que | ue | | Version | 0 | | | |
| | Name | | | Active | Yes | ~ | | |
| | Folder | ~ | | | | | | |
| 🕂 New ष V | 🕂 New 🌇 View 🕼 Edit 🎼 Copy 🕋 Remove 🌲 Authorize 🗸 🕋 Export 🧹 🗔 Trace Definition | | | | | | | |
| 👗 🗌 Code | Name | e | | Folder | Version | Active | 4 | |
| 🗹 QueueAr | rchive Queue | JeArchive | | TFLSEGMENT | 0 | Yes | | |
| Page 1 of 1 (1- | Page 1 of 1 (1-15 of 1 items) K<<>>> X Records Per Page 1 | | | | | | | |

4. Click **Edit** *C*. The **Process** page opens in Edit mode.

Figure 26: Process Definition (Edit Mode)

| Process Process Definition(Edit Mode) | | | | | | | Save Clos | ? ose | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------------|--|------------------------|-----------|--------------|--|
| Linked to | | | | | | | | | |
| Folder | TFLSEGMENT | 16 | | | | | | | |
| ∼Master Information 💣 Properti | es | | | | | | | | |
| ID | 1633605741491 | | | | Version | 0 | | | |
| Code | QueueArchive | | | | Active | Yes | | | |
| Name | QueueArchive | | | | Туре | Process Tree | | \checkmark | |
| Executable | | | | F | Route Execution to High Precedence Node 🕐 | | | | |
| ∽∵Subprocess ⊡Component ≞ | Precedence 🖉 M | Nove 🗊 Remove 🛙 | 🛾 Show Details 🏼 🦉 Mei | rge Rules 🔍 | Edit Subprocess | | | | |
| Process | | Object | | Precedence | | Туре | Parameter | Executable | |
| QueueArchival | | QueueArchival | | | | Data Transformation | "CS" | | |

- 5. Select the QueueArchival object and then select **Component**.
- 6. In the **Parameters** window, select the QueuArchival task and then click **drop-down list** \bigtriangledown . By default the parameter value will be selected as "TF".

Figure 27: Component Selector Window

| Search | | Sort | | | Ok | Close |
|---|------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|----|-------|
| List Component Data Extraction Rules | Q | Obj | eueArchival | Descending | | |
| Load Data Rules File Loading Rules File Loading Rules File Loading Rules File Loading Rules Transformation Rules Database Functions-Transformations | Parameters | n <mark>TT</mark> | Ok Close | | | |
| Base Rules Classification Rules Classification Rules Computation Rules Processes | Ţ | | | | | |

- 7. Click **OK** to close the **Parameters** window.
- 8. Click **OK**.
- 9. Click Save.

A confirmation message appears, click **Yes** to save the definition as a new version. A successful message appears, click **Close**.

3.4 Troubleshooting Your Display

If you experience problems logging into Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering or with your display, the browser settings may be incompatible with running OFSAA applications. The following sections provide instructions for setting your Web display options for OFSAA applications.

3.4.1 Enabling JavaScript

This section describes how to enable JavaScript.

To enable JavaScript, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the **Tools** menu.
- 2. Click Internet Options. The Internet Options dialog box is displayed.
- 3. Click the **Security** tab and then click **Local Intranet**.

- 4. Click Custom Level. The Security Settings dialog box is displayed.
- 5. In the **Settings** list and under the **Scripting** setting, select **all options**.
- 6. Click **OK**, then click **OK** again to exit the **Internet Options** dialog box.

3.4.2 Enabling Cookies

Cookies must be enabled. If you have problems troubleshooting your display, contact your System Administrator.

3.4.3 Enabling Temporary Internet Files

Temporary Internet files are pages that you view on the Internet and store in a folder for quick viewing later. You must adjust this setting to always check for new versions of a stored page.

To adjust your Temporary Internet File settings, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the **Tools** menu.
- 2. Click Internet Options. The Internet Options dialog box is displayed.
- 3. On the **General** tab, click **Settings**. The **Settings** dialog box is displayed.
- 4. Click **Every visit to the page**.
- 5. Click **OK**, then click **OK** again to exit the **Internet Options** dialog box.

3.4.4 Enabling File Downloads

This section describes how to enable file downloads.

To enable file downloads, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the **Tools** menu.
- 2. Click Internet Options. The Internet Options dialog box is displayed.
- 3. Click the **Security** tab and then click **Local Intranet**.
- 4. Click **Custom Level**. The **Security Settings** dialog box is displayed.
- 5. Under the **Downloads** section, ensure that **Enable** is selected for all options.
- 6. Click **OK**, then click **OK** again to exit the **Internet Options** dialog box.

3.4.5 Setting Printing Options

This section explains how to enable printing background colors and images.

To enable this option, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the **Tools** menu.
- 2. Click Internet Options. The Internet Options dialog box is displayed.
- 3. Click the **Advanced** tab. In the **Settings** list.
- 4. Under the **Printing** setting, click **Print background colors and images**.
- 5. Click **OK** to exit the **Internet Options** dialog box.

NOTE

For best display results, use the default font settings in your browser.

3.4.6 Enabling the Pop-Up Blocker

You may have trouble running the Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering application when the IE Pop-up Blocker is enabled. It is recommended to add the URL of the application to the **Allowed Sites** in the Pop-up Blocker Settings in the **IE Internet Options** menu.

To enable the Pop-up Blocker, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the **Tools** menu.
- 2. Click Internet Options. The Internet Options dialog box is displayed.
- 3. Click the **Privacy** tab. In the **Pop-up Blocker** setting, select **Turn on Pop-up Blocker**. The Settings are enabled.
- 4. Click **Settings** to open the **Pop-up Blocker Settings** dialog box.
- 5. In the **Pop-up Blocker Settings** dialog box, enter the URL of the application in the text area.
- 6. Click Add. The URL appears in the Allowed Sites list.
- 7. Click **Close**, then click **Apply** to save the settings.
- 8. Click **OK** to exit the **Internet Options** dialog box.

3.4.7 Setting Preferences

Use the Preferences section to enable you to set your OFSAA home page.

To access this section, follow these steps:

1. In the **Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering** landing page, select **Preferences** from the user name drop-down list. The **Preferences** page is displayed.

Figure 28: Preferences Page

| Preferences | | | |
|------------------|-------------|------------------|--|
| ∨Home Page | | | |
| Property Name | | Property Value | |
| Set My Home Page | | Default Screen 🔹 | |
| Date Format | | Select 🔻 | |
| | Save Cancel | | |

1. In the **Set My Home Page** drop-down list, select the window that you want to view when you log in.

When a new application is installed, the related window for that application is found in the dropdown list.

- 2. In the **Date Format** drop-down list, select the date format that you want to see. The options available are dd/MM/yyyy or M/dd/yyyy.
- 3. Click **Save** to save your preferences.

4 Managing User Administration

This chapter provides instructions for performing the user administration of Oracle Financial Services (OFS) Transaction Filtering.

4.1 About User Administration

User administration involves creating and managing users and providing access rights based on their roles. This section discusses the following:

- · Administrator permissions
- · Creating roles and granting and authorizing a user

4.2 Managing User Administration

The following sections provide information on how to create and authorize a user and map the users to user groups in the Transaction Filtering application.

The following table lists the various actions and associated descriptions of the user administration process flow:

| Action | Description |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Creating and Authorizing a User | Create a user. This involves providing a user name, user designation, and the dates between which the user is active in the system. |
| Mapping a User with a User Group | Map a user to a user group. This enables the user to have certain privileges that the mapped user group has. |

Table 3: User Administration

4.2.1 Creating and Authorizing a User

The sysadmn user creates a user and the sysauth user authorizes a user in the Transaction Filtering application. For more information on creating and authorizing a user, see the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide.

4.2.2 Mapping Users with User Groups

This section explains how to map Users with User Groups. The user has access to privileges as per the role. The sysadm user maps a user to a user group in the Transaction Filtering application. The following table describes the predefined User Roles and corresponding User Groups.

| Role | Group Name | User Group Code |
|---------------|--|---------------------|
| Administrator | Transaction Filtering Administrator Group | TFLTADMINISTATORGRP |
| Reviewer | Transaction Filtering Reviewer Group | TFLTREVIEWERGRP |
| Analyst | Transaction Filtering Analyst Group | TFLTANALYSTGRP |
| Supervisor | Transaction Filtering Supervisor Access Group | TFLTSUPERVISORGRP |

Table 4: User Group-Role Mapping

Table 4: User Group-Role Mapping

| Role | Group Name | User Group Code |
|-------------------|---|---------------------|
| Senior Supervisor | Transaction Filtering Senior Supervisor Group | TFSNRRSUPERVISORGRP |
| Audit | Transaction Filtering Audit Group | TFAUDITGRP |

For each role, you can configure the time zones that apply to them. For information on the time zone values, see Time Zone Configuration.

5 General Configurations

The following sections provide information on how to configure the application and message and screening parameters, configure the transaction workflow to accommodate the four-eyes principle and the good guy component, define the cut-off time for the message workflow (including investigations), set a priority for a message category, define the assignment type for messages (manual or automatic), define the SLAs and cut-off times for alerts, run the purge and migration utilities, add a good guy record, view the different emails generated based on the transaction status, segregate the alerts based on jurisdictions and business domains, and do version control for SWIFT messages, ISO20022 messages, and IPE.

5.1 Configuring the Application Level Parameters

Use the **Application Level Parameter Configuration** tab to configure the parameters for the Transaction Filtering application, such as enabling or disabling the four-eyes workflow, define the parameters that must be matched during the good guy workflow, enabling and disabling bulk action and select all option, define the cut-off time required to complete the entire transaction workflow, and assign messages manually or automatically.

To configure the parameters, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the **Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering** landing page.
- 2. Click **Transaction Filtering Admin**. The **Application Level Parameter Configuration** is displayed.

| ORACLE Configuration Screen | v | |
|--|---|--|
| Application Level Parameter Configuration Good gay matching configuration SLA Configuration Auto Assignment Configuration Cut-Of Configuration Wire Stepping Configuration | | |
| Audit: | | |
| * Debug 💿 Yes 🔿 No | | |
| 4 Eyes: | | |
| * Enable: O Yes 💿 No | | |
| Select All option for the Events Table: | | |
| * Enable: O Yes 💿 No | | |
| Bulk Action: | | |
| * Enable: • Yes O No | | |
| EDQ: | | |
| EDQ URL: hp: // // // // EDQ user name: dnadmin: - - - EDQ user name: dnadmin:123 - - - | | |
| EDQ webservice status password: Password | | |

Figure 29: Application Level Parameter Configuration Tab

3. In the Audit section, select Yes to view the Debug details or select No to view the Info details.

If you select **Yes**, then all the steps are logged in the system irrespective of the value in the **Status** column. If you select **No**, then only those steps for which the value is **Y** in the **Status** column are logged in the system.

NOTE For more information on the values in the Status column, see System Audit Logging Information.

4. In the **4 Eyes** section, select **Yes** to enable the four-eyes workflow and select **No** to disable the four-eyes workflow.

| NOTE If the 4 Eyes workflow is enabled, then the new alert data should b the UI to view the new options which are Message Statuses, Blocke Recommended and Released Recommended. |
|---|
|---|

- In the Select All option for the Events Table section select Yes to enable Select All option and select No to disable Select All option in Alert list details Event tab. For more information on alert details and event table, see Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering User Guide.
- 6. In the **Bulk Action** section select **Yes** to enable Bulk Action option and select **No** to disable the Bulk Action option in the Alert list page.
- 7. In the **EDQ** section, provide the following values:
 - **EDQ URL** in the following format:

```
<http>: <Hostname of the server in which EDQ is installed>: Port Num-
ber
```

- **EDQ user name**: The default username is displayed. You can update the username if required.
- **EDQ password**: The default password is displayed. You can update the password if required.
- EDQ webservice status username
- EDQ webservice status password
- 8. In the **ECM L2 Analysis** section, select **Yes** to enable and then provide the following values:
 - ECM L2 Case Creation URL in the following format

 - ECM Case Creation user name: Enter the ECM username.
 - **ECM Case Creation password**: Enter the ECM password.
- 9. In the **FEEDBACK** section, enter the URL where we need to post messages for HOLD, RELEASE, CLEAN, BLOCK in the feedback queue in the **FEEDBACK URL** field.
- 10. Custom feedback configuration can be done in the tables for HOLD, CLEAN and AUTORELEASE status.

We introduced the new table and created the new Post processing actions similar as from IPE screen from admin UI to the table. (FCC_TF_PP_ACTIONS).

The table contains the post processing action code, code attributes, Query and text message. These configurations are editable like how we can in admin UI screen.

After installing this patch the post processing actions from the new table will be considered for message posting.

Once the message is processed, whether the Feedback is sent or not will be recorded in the table. (FCC_TF_RAW_FEEDBACK).

This table contains group message id, feedback sent or not along with post processing action code.

This table is useful in re-triggering the messages to send the feedback successfully for those feedback which are not sent.

- 11. Table contains the post processing action code, code attributes, Query and text message.
- 12. In the UI section, provide the time period after which the system refreshes the notification (false positive) count in the Transaction Filtering window.

NOTE
The time period is in milliseconds.
The notification count is reset to zero every day at midnight.

13. Click **Save**. The following confirmation message is displayed: **Records Updated Successfully**.

5.2 Configuring the Good Guy Matching Parameters

The parameters shown here are applicable only when the good guy workflow is enabled. The Transaction Filtering application checks if there is a match or not for every parameter which is enabled, and if there is a match, the record is added to the good guy list. For more information on the good guy workflow, see the **Managing Transaction Filtering** chapter in the Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering User Guide.

To enable or disable the good guy parameters, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the **Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering** landing page.
- 2. Click Transaction Filtering Admin and then click the Good Guy Matching Configuration tab.

Figure 30: Good Guy Matching Configuration Tab

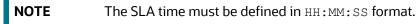
| Configuration Screen | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|------|------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Application Level Parameter Cont | iguratio | on | Good | guy matching configuration | SLA Configuration | Auto Assignment Configuration | Cut-Off Configuration |
| Good guy matching confi | gurat | ion: | | | | | |
| Payment Entity Full Name : | ۲ | Yes | 0 | No | | | |
| Watchlist Record Name : | 0 | Yes | ۲ | No | | | |
| Payment Entity Jurisdiction : | 0 | Yes | ۲ | No | | | |
| Watchlist Name : | 0 | Yes | ۲ | No | | | |
| Watchlist Record ID : | 0 | Yes | ۲ | No | | | |
| Payment Account ID : | 0 | Yes | ۲ | No | | | |
| Watchlist Last Update Date : | 0 | Yes | 0 | No | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Save | |
| | | | | | | | |

• Payment Entity Full Name: The payment entity full name must be matched, so it is mandatory to set the value in the Payment Entity Full Name to Yes. If you do not set it to Yes, an error message, "The Payment Entity Full Name should be set as Yes mandatorily." is displayed.

5.3 Configuring the SLA Parameters

Banks or FIs want to settle payments within a specified time. To achieve this, related alerts should be closed well within this specified time. The cut-off time is the defined duration by when the alert has to be closed. This is the time from when the Analyst starts working on the alert till the time the alert is closed. The SLA is defined as the time from when the alert is created or reopened to when the Payment is made. The Cut-off time will be well within the SLA. You must define the cut-off time and SLA.

Use the **SLA Configuration** window to define an SLA for a combination of message category, message type, currency, jurisdiction, business domain, message direction, transaction amount range, and message priority.



You can set an automatic action to be taken by the system if the alert is not investigated within the defined SLA using the **Auto Action Parameter** field (this is an optional step). For example, if you select **Escalate**, then the alert is escalated to the Supervisor after the SLA time is passed. You can also set a notification to be sent for overdue alerts as soon as the cut-off time is passed for an alert to any user role, for example, to a supervisor. For more information, see the Generating Email for Different Statuses section.

To set the SLA time, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the **Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering** landing page.
- 2. Click Transaction Filtering Admin and then click the SLA Configuration tab.

Figure 31: SLA Configuration Tab

| SLA Configuration | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|----------|----------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|-------|------------|--------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H M SS | | | Auto Action Paramet | ar: None | | T | | | | Enable: Yes | | | Ŧ | |
| Conditions : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| tessage Category: FEDWIRE | | | w. | Message Typ | e: Any | | | | Ŧ | Currency: Enter an ISO currency | | | | |
| Jurisdiction : Any 💌 | | | Business Domain: Any v | | | | | | Message Direction: ANY | | | * | | |
| Amount: From Amount | | To Amount | | Priority: An | y | | | | Ŧ | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Add U | pdate Remove | Clear | Enable All | Disabl |
| Message Category | Message Type | Jurisdiction | Business Domain | Currency | From Amount | To Amount | Priority | SLA Time | Message Direction | Auto Action Parameter | Enable | | | |
| Swift | Any | Any | Any | | | | Any | 00:01:02 | ANY | Escalate | Y | | | |
| Swift | Any | Any | Any | | | | Any | 00:01:02 | ANY | Escalate | Y | | | |
| FEDWIRE | Any | Any | Any | | | | Алу | 00:01:02 | ANY | None | Y | | | |
| | | | | | | | | 00:01:02 | ANY | | V | | | |

- 3. Enter the SLA time in HH:MM:SS format.
- 4. Select an automatic action for an alert that is overdue. You can do one of the following:
 - Recommend to block the transaction
 - Block the transaction
 - Recommend to release the transaction
 - Release the transaction
 - Escalate the transaction
- 5. Select **Yes** to enable a specific combination, else select **No**.
- 6. To create a combination, use the following conditions. This is an optional step.

- Message Category: Select the message category used for the transaction. You can also select Any to indicate that regardless of the message category, the SLA time is enabled for the combination. If you select Any, you cannot select a message type.
- Message Types: Select a message type for the message category. You can also select All to indicate that the SLA time is enabled for all message types.
- **Currency**: Enter the ISO currency code of the currency used for the transaction.
- **Jurisdiction**: Select the jurisdiction/geography if the defined SLA time must apply to only this jurisdiction. You can also select **All** to select all jurisdictions/geographies.
- Business Domain: Select the business domain if the defined SLA time must apply to only this business domain. You can also select All to select all business domains.
- Message Direction: Select INBOUND for transactions that are coming into your account and select OUTBOUND for transactions that are going out of your account. You can also select Any to select any message direction.
- **Amount**: Select the amount range used in the transaction.
- Priority: Set a specific alert priority or select Any to indicate that the alert can have any priority.

After you select the values in the required fields, you can do the following:

| То | Do this |
|---|---|
| Add a configuration | Click Add . The values appear in a tabular format. |
| Update a configuration | Select the configuration you want to update, update the value of one or more fields, and click Update . The updated value is displayed in the table. |
| Remove a configuration | Select the configuration you want to remove and click Remove . The selected configuration is removed from the table. |
| Clear the values of some of the fields in a configuration | Click Clear . You can only clear the values of the Cut-Off Time, Currency, and Amount fields. |
| Enable all configurations | Click Enable All. |
| Disable all configurations | Click Disable All . |

Table 5: General Actions

5.4 Automatic Assignments of Alerts

The Transaction Filtering application provides two options for assigning alerts:

• **Manual assignment**: Here the user must manually assign alerts one by one using the lock button in the Investigation Use Interface.

When you manually assign an alert, then all alerts which belong to the selected jurisdiction/business domain are displayed. You can manually assign an alert if, for example, the Analyst to whom the alert is assigned is on leave. In this case, the Supervisor moves the status of the alert from **ASSIGNED** to **HOLD** in the Investigation User Interface. The Analyst can self-assign the alert using the lock/unlock feature. For more information on the Investigation User Interface, see the **Managing Transaction Filtering** chapter in the Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering User Guide. • Automatic assignment: Alerts are automatically assigned to the selected user role and respective user IDs. When you auto-assign an alert, the alert is automatically assigned to all users who belong to the selected role. You can use two options: load balancing or load balancing along with specific criteria, to assign the alert.

| NOTE | • | The Transaction Filtering application assigns all new alerts to the Ana- lyst by default. |
|------|---|--|
| | • | Alerts cannot be assigned to a user who is mapped to the Admin role. |

| NOTE You cannot change the mode of assignment from automatic to manual for alert that is already assigned. You can only select a mode of assignment fo new alerts. |
|---|
|---|

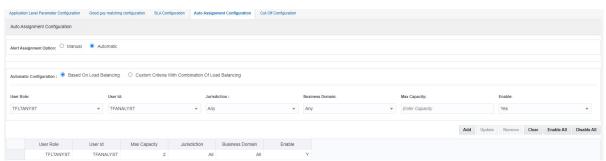
To configure an alert to be assigned manually or automatically, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the **Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering** landing page.
- 2. Click Transaction Filtering Admin and then click the Auto Assignment Configuration tab.
- 3. Select **Automatic** to auto-assign the alert to the selected role. Select **Manual** to manually assign an alert to the selected user.

If you select **Automatic**, you can choose between **Based On Load Balancing** to select a user role or **Custom Criteria With Combination Of Load Balancing** to select a user role along with the following conditions.

If you select **Based On Load Balancing**, all users who belong to the role are assigned the alert and the maximum capacity for each user role must be defined.

Figure 32: Auto Assignment Configuration Tab with Based on Load Balancing Selection



If you select **Custom Criteria With Combination Of Load Balancing**, you can select a user role and a specific combination of conditions. The system then applies load balancing along with these conditions, while also applying the maximum capacity defined for the users.

Figure 33: Auto Assignment Configuration Tab Custom Criteria with Combination of Load Balancing

| Application L | Level Parameter Configur | ration Good guy | matching configuration | SLA Configuration | Auto Assignment Conf | iguration Cut-Off Configu | uration | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------|--------|---------|----------|-----------|------------|--|
| Auto Assig | ignment Configuration | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Alert Assig | gnment Option: O M | anual 💿 Auto | omatic | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Automatic (| Configuration : OB | ased On Load Ba | lancing 💿 Custorr | 1 Criteria With Comb | ination Of Load Balanc | ing | | | | | | | | | | | |
| User Role: | User Role: User Id: | | | Jurisdiction : | Jurisdiction : Business | | | ness Domain: Max Capacity: | | | Enable: | | | | | | |
| TFLTANY | IYST | Ŧ | TFANALYST | | ▼ Any | Any - Any | | | ▼ Enter Capacity | | | Yes | | | 'es | | |
| Message Ca | Category: | | Message Type : | | Match Score: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FEDWIRE | RE | * | Any | | ▼ From Match 5 | icore | | To Match Score | | | | | | | | | |
| Priority: | | | Currency: | | Amount: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Any | | Ŧ | Enter an ISO curren | cy | From Amount | | | To Amount | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Add | Update | Remove | Clear I | nable All | Disable Al | |
| | User Role | User Id | Max Capacity | Jurisdiction | Business Domain | Enable | Message Category | Message Type | From Match Score | To Match Score | Currency | F | riority | From Amo | unt | To Amount | |
| | TFLTANYST | TFANALYST | 2 | AJI | All | Y | Any | | 10 | 110 | | | Any | | 10 | 200 | |

The following conditions must be defined:

- User Role: Select the role to whom you want to automatically assign alerts. When you select the role, all users who belong to that role are displayed in the User ID field. You can assign an alert to any user except the Admin user.
- **User ID**: Select the user to whom you want to automatically assign alerts.
- Jurisdiction: Select the jurisdiction applicable to the combination, or select All to indicate that for all jurisdictions, the alert auto-assignment is enabled for the combination.
- Business Domain: Select the business domain applicable to the combination or select All.
- Max Capacity: Select the maximum number of alerts that can be investigated by the selected user.
- Enable Flag: Select Yes to enable the combination.

The following additional fields can be used to create a combination when you select **Custom Criteria With Combination Of Load Balancing**:

- Message Category: Select the message category used for the combination or select Any to indicate that regardless of the message category, the alert auto-assignment is enabled for the combination.
- Message Types: Select a message type for the message category or select None.
- Match Score: Select the match score range. If the match score is between this range, then the alert is assigned to the selected user based on the configuration.
- **Priority**: Set the message priority or select **Any**.
- **Currency**: Enter the ISO currency code of the currency used during the transaction.
- **Amount**: Select the amount range used in the transaction.

After you select the values in the required fields, you can do the following:

Table 6: General Actions

| То | Do this |
|------------------------|---|
| Add a configuration | Click Add . The values appear in a tabular format. |
| Update a configuration | Select the configuration you want to update, update the value of one or more fields, and click Update . The updated value is displayed in the table. |

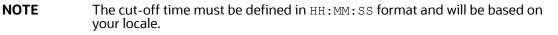
| То | Do this |
|---|---|
| Remove a configuration | Select the configuration you want to remove and click Remove . The selected configuration is removed from the table. |
| Clear the values of some of the fields in a configuration | Click Clear . You can only clear the values of the Currency and Amount fields. |
| Enable all configurations | Click Enable All. |
| Disable all configurations | Click Disable All . |

Table 6: General Actions

5.5 Configuring the Cut-Off Parameters for Alerts

Banks or FIs want to settle payments within a specified time. To achieve this, related alerts should be closed well within this specified time. The cut-off time is the defined duration by when the alert has to be closed. This is the time from when the Analyst starts working on the alert till the time the alert is closed. The SLA is defined as the time from when the alert is created or reopened to when the Payment is made. The Cut-off time will be well within the SLA. You must define the cut-off time and SLA.

Use the **Cut-Off Configuration** window to set a cut-off time for the investigator to complete the alert investigation. You can either set a single cut-off time for all alerts or set different cut-off times for each alert based on multiple conditions such as message category, message type, jurisdiction, business domain, currency, amount range, message priority, and message direction.



To set a single cut-off time for all alerts, define the cut-off time in the **Cut-Off Time** field and then select **Any** in the condition fields which have drop-down values. Do not enter a value in the **Currency** and **Amount** fields.

To set different cut-off times based on specific values, define the cut-off time in the **Cut-Off Time** field and then select one or more values in the condition fields. Here, you can enter a value in the **Currency** and **Amount** fields. For more information, see step 6.

NOTE If you set different cut-off times, ensure that you define the conditions in such a way that the cut-off time defined for a specific set of conditions does not overwrite the cut-off time defined for another set of conditions.

When the cut-off time is set for an alert, the alert displays the time in *green* in the Investigation User Interface until the cut-off time is passed. After the cut-off time is passed, that is, the alert becomes overdue and is not investigated within the defined cut-off time, then the alert displays the time in *red* in the Investigation User Interface. For information on the Investigation User Interface, see the Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering User Guide.

You can set an automatic action to be taken by the system if the alert is not investigated within the defined SLA using the **Auto Action Parameter** field (this is an optional step). For example, if you select **Escalate**, then the alert is escalated to the Supervisor after the cut-off time is passed. You can also set a notification to be sent for overdue alerts as soon as the cut-off time is passed for an alert to any user role, for example, to a supervisor. For more information, see the Generating Email for Different Statuses section.

To set the cut-off time, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the **Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering** landing page.
- 2. Click **Transaction Filtering Admin** and then click the **Cut-Off Configuration** tab.

Figure 34: Cut-Off Configuration Tab

| Application Leve | el Parameter Config | ration Good guy | v matching configuration | SLA Configuration | Auto Assignment Configu | ration Cut-Off Cor | nfiguration | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------|--------------|----------|----------------------|--------------------|-------|------------|------------|
| Cut-Off Conf | figuration | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cut-Off H M SS | S | | | Timezone Africa// | Addis_Ababa | | | E | nable: Yes | | • | | | | |
| Conditions : | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Message Cate | gory: FEDWIRE | | | Ŧ | Message Type: | Any | | | | Ŧ | Currency: Ente | er an ISO currency | | | |
| Jurisdiction : | Any | | | v | Business Domain | : Any | | | | | Message Directi | on: ANY | | | * |
| Amount: Fro | om Amount | | To Amount | | Priority: Any | | | | | • | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Add | Update Remove | Clear | Enable All | Disable Al |
| | Message Category | Message Type | Jurisdiction | Business Domain | Currency | From Amount | To Amount | Priority | Cut-Off Time | Timezone | Message Direction | Enable | | | |
| | Swift | MT695 | i Any | Any | | | | Any | 00:00:01 | | OUTBOUND | Y | | | |

- 3. Enter the cut-off time in HH: MM: SS format. This is the time period by when the alert must be closed by the investigator.
- 4. Enter the locale. The cut-off time is displayed based on your selection.
- 5. Select **Yes** to enable a specific combination, else select **No**.
- 6. To create a combination, use the following conditions. This is an optional step.
 - Message Category: Select the message category used for the transaction. You can also select Any to indicate that regardless of the message category, the cut-off time is enabled for the combination. If you select Any, you cannot select a message type.
 - Message Types: Select a message type for the message category. You can also select All to
 indicate that the cut-off time is enabled for all message types.
 - Jurisdiction: Select the jurisdiction/geography if the defined cut-off time must apply to only this jurisdiction. You can also select All to select all jurisdictions/geographies.
 - Business Domain: Select the business domain if the defined cut-off time must apply to only this business domain. You can also select All to select all business domains.
 - **Currency**: Enter the ISO currency code of the currency used for the transaction.
 - **Amount**: Select the amount range used in the transaction.
 - Priority: Set a specific alert priority or select Any to indicate that the alert can have any priority.
 - Message Direction: Select INBOUND for transactions that are coming into your account and select OUTBOUND for transactions that are going out of your account. You can also select Any to select any message direction.

After you select the values in the required fields, you can do the following:

Table 7: General Actions

| То | Do this |
|------------------------|---|
| Add a configuration | Click Add . The values appear in a tabular format. |
| Update a configuration | Select the configuration you want to update, update the value of one or more fields, and click Update . The updated value is displayed in the table. |

Table 7: General Actions

| То | Do this |
|---|---|
| Remove a configuration | Select the configuration you want to remove and click Remove . The selected configuration is removed from the table. |
| Clear the values of some of the fields in a configuration | Click Clear . You can only clear the values of the Cut-Off Time, Currency, and Amount fields. |
| Enable all configurations | Click Enable All. |
| Disable all configurations | Click Disable All . |

5.6 Wire Stripping Configuration

Wire Stripping is a deliberate and illegal practice of removing, tampering, or altering the payment information from wire transfers, so that the identity of potentially sanctioned countries, entities, or individuals is hidden. Wire Stripping practice involves the following methods:

- A financial institution deleting information from the wire transfer message
- Inserting false information in the wire transfer message
- Requesting that the transferring institution delete or falsify an incoming transfer message

For example,

If the sanctioned country A needs to purchase goods from the country B, the transaction originates with the business in sanctioned country A sending funds to an intermediary bank in Country C. Banks from Country C then transfers funds to Country B.

When the bank from Country C transfers the money to the bank in Country B, the details are stripped, i.e., the wire details are removed during the fund transfer to the bank in Country B to avoid OFAC filter detection. The bank from Country B then forwards the currency to the Country B-based goods supplier, and the materials are supplied at the intermediary location (Country C). The intermediary bank (Country C) may remove evidence of any nexus with the sanctioned country (Country A) from within the Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunications (SWIFT) messages, inserting false details or returning it to the customer to resubmit.

The Financial Institutions (FIs) may conceal or remove true originators from the transactions to avoid the sanctions-monitoring programs put in place by those institutions. The FI may weed out, tamper, or even alter the payment details of the transfer. In some instances, some FIs even go a step further and advise originating banks in the sanctioned countries on how to format their transfers to allow the transactions to avoid detection entirely.

As a result of the wire stripping activities, the institutions are subjected to substantial regulatory fines and reputation damage.

To detect potential wire-stripping activity, a FI needs to focus on comparing previously submitted and rejected payments. In many cases, payments are linked to other payments, and discrepancies between these payment pairs may indicate that wire stripping has occurred. A possible detection method for this situation is to compare certain key fields of these payment pairs. This method will require FIs to maintain and leverage historical profiles of payment messages that were blocked or rejected.

TF will generate a suspected wire stripping alert using methodology built into the product and harnessing the power of EDQ.

When a message is blocked or rejected by the sanctions team, the transaction is stored in the database of blocked transactions (the property of the transaction is configurable) with a unique identifier code or Fingerprint assigned. Using the Fingerprint, identical wire transfers are identified with variable attributes and a look back period.

The fingerprint is calculated on items such as currency, amount, ordering customer, beneficiary bank or other beneficiary information. Fingerprint contains a combination of multiple fields to compare. You can create multiple rules in Transaction Filtering Admin which will create multiple fingerprints.

To configure the Fingerprint attributes for the Wire Stripping, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the **Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering** landing page.
- 2. Click Transaction Filtering Admin. The Configuration screen is displayed.
- 3. Click Wire Stripping Configuration tab.

Figure 35: Wire Stripping Configuration Tab

| Application Level Parameter Configuration Good guy matching configuration | SLA Configuration Auto Assignment Configuration Cut-Off C | onfiguration Wire Stripping Configuration | | | |
|---|---|---|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| Wire Stripping Configuration | | | | | |
| Is Wire Stripping required? Yes No | | | | | |
| Swift: O Yes I No | ISO20022: ○ Yes ⓒ M | ło | FEDWIRE: O Yes | No | Save |
| Finger Prints: Message Category: * | | Message Type: * | ¥ | | |
| | | | | Add Update Rem | ove Enable All Disable All |
| Finger Print Name Jurisdiction | Business Domain | Lookback Period | Enable | | |
| No items to display. | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

4. In the **Wire Stripping configuration** section, select **Yes** if wire stripping is required or select **No** if wire stripping is not required. By default **No** is selected.

If you select **Yes**, message category section and Fingerprint sections are enabled.

- 5. Select **Yes** adjacent to Message Category (Swift, ISO20022 and FEDWIRE) and click **Save** to add the message category to the fingerprint list. You can add multiple message category to the fingerprint.
- In the Fingerprint section, to display the fingerprint list table select the message category from the Message Category drop-down list and message type from the Message Type drop-down list.

The Fingerprint list table displays the results for the combination of message category and message type that you selected.

To add new fingerprint to the Fingerprint list table click **Add**. The Add Fingerprint Screen is displayed.

For information on available message types, see Appendix F: Message Categories and Message Types.

To add new fingerprint to the Fingerprint list table using the Add Fingerprint Screen, follow the subsequent steps:

a. Enter the parameter value for the following fields:

NOTE The following fields are mandatory.

- Fingerprint Details
 - Fingerprint Name: You can enter the desired fingerprint name.
 - Enable: Select Yes or No to enable or disable the fingerprint. By default, the value is Y.
 - Jurisdiction: Select a jurisdiction name from the drop-down list.
 - Business Domain: Select a Business Domain name from the drop-down list.
 - Look back Period (days): Enter the time period in days. The lookback period (days) is the time limit the WS alert generator uses to consider the previous alerts for comparison.
- Attribute Details
 - Business Data: Select the Business Data parameter from the drop-down list.
 - Condition Type: Select the matching condition type as Exact, Contains, or Percentage Range.
- b. Select the field combinations and click **Add** to add the new fingerprint to the Fingerprint Attribute Table.

You can add multiple Fingerprint attribute by repeating the above steps with different combination.

- c. To edit a fingerprint attribute in the table follow the below steps:
 - i. Select the attribute from the Fingerprint Attribute table.
 - ii. Edit the Fingerprint details and Attribute details in the Add Fingerprint screen.
 - iii. Click **Update**.
- d. To Remove the fingerprint attribute from the table, select the attribute row and click **Remove**. Click **OK** to confirm.
- e. Click **Cancel** to reset the Fingerprint attribute table.
- f. Click **Save** to add the Fingerprint with selected Fingerprint attributes for the message type selected in Step 6 in **Fingerprints** section. You can add multiple Fingerprint for the message type with different attribute combinations.
- 7. The following buttons are enabled when a fingerprint is added/available in the Fingerprint list table:.
 - **Update**: To update the selected Fingerprint.
 - **Remove:** To delete the selected Fingerprint.
 - **Enable All:** To enable all the Fingerprints in the table.
 - **Disable All:** To Disable all the Fingerprints in the table.

The selected attribute combinations of Fingerprint for the massage type will be considered to compare the posted message with the previously blocked alerts within the look-back period.

If the current posted message matches with previously compared alerts, a risk score will be generated using the assessment in the IPE. For Wire Stripping Fingerprint Evaluation, a risk score of 100 is preconfigured to create an alert for all matched messages.

For more information on configuring the Wire Stripping Fingerprint risk score, see Configuring Risk Scoring Rules. For more information on alert list, see Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering User Guide.

5.6.1 Configuring Business Data Attribute

You can configure the business data for the fingerprint for SWIFT, Fedwire, and ISO20022 message categories. To configure the business data attribute follow the subsequent steps:

- 1. To configure the business data attribute for SWIFT or Fedwire message category, follow the below steps:
 - a. Access the Atomic Schema and access the DIM SANCTIONS FIELD DESC table.
 - b. Insert the parameters in the columns. For more information See Data Model Reference Guide.
 - c. To enable a particular business data attribute in the Fingerprint, add **Y** for the selected business data in the F ENABLE FOR FINGER PRINT column.

To configure the business data attribute for ISO20022 message category, follow the below steps:

- a. Access the Atomic Schema and access the $DIM_TF_XML_MSG_TAG_FLD$ table.
- b. Insert the parameters in the columns. For more information See Data Model Reference Guide.
- c. To enable the business data attribute in the Fingerprint, add **Y** for the business data in the F_ENABLE_FOR_FINGER_PRINT column.
- 2. After configuring and executing the above step, you must add required conditions for the business data. To add conditions business data follow the below steps:
 - a. Access the Atomic Schema and access the FCC TF WS BUS FLD COND MAP table.
 - b. Enter the input value for the following columns:
 - N_BUSINESS_FLD_ID: For the business field ID, refer N_MSG_TAG_FLD_ID column from DIM_TF_XML_MSG_TAG_FLD table for ISO20022 and N_SANCTION_DESC_CODE column from DIM_SANCTIONS_FIELD_DESC table for SWIFT/Fedwire.
 - N_MSG_CATEG_CODE: For the message category type, refer N_MSG_CATEG_CODE column from DIM MESSAGE CATEGORY table.
 - N_CONDITION_ID: For the conditions required for the new business data, refer N_CON-DITION_ID column from FCC_TF_WS_FINGER_PRINT_COND table.

5.6.2 Configuring Wire Stripping Validation for WS Alert Details Screen

You can enable or disable Wire Stripping Validation for WS Alert in Alert Details Screen.

To configure the Wire Stripping Validation, follow the subsequent steps:

- 1. Access the Atomic Schema and access the SETUP_RT_PARAMS table.

To enable the Wire Stripping Validation, set the **V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE2** to **Y** for **V_PARAM_NAME** = 'WIRESTRIPPING FINGERPRINT CONF' parameter.

5.7 Setting the Priority for Messages

You can set the priority for a specific message category as **High**, **Medium**, and **Low** based on certain criteria such as the message jurisdiction, message type, and amount. The seeded message categories are **High**, **Medium**, and **Low**. To add other priority types, add the required priority type in the DIM_ALERT_PRIORITY_TYPE table.



The ready-to-use application extracts some of the key fields of the message into the FSI_RT_MSG_TAG table.

If you want to use any field to define the priority, write an SQL query in the <code>V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE1</code> column of the <code>SETUP RT PARAMS</code> table. At the end of the query, add the following *where* clause:

where t.n grp msg id = [GRP MSG ID] and rownum = 1

To define the priority for a message category, follow these steps:

1. Run the following query to view the SETUP RT PARAMS table:

select * from SETUP_RT_PARAMS;

- 2. Search for the MESSAGE PRIORITY value in the V PARAM NAME column.
- 3. In the V ATTRIBUTE VALUE1 column, write the query or function to define the priority.

You can write functions or queries based lon your criteria.

5.8 Running the Purge Utility

Use the purge utility to maintain all data such as alerts, transactions, and reference data for a specific archival period for all involved jurisdictions. The archival period can be configured by users who have the required permissions under each legal entity policy or local data protection requirements.

NOTE The archival period can be configured by users who have the required permissions under each legal entity policy or local data protection requirements. The archival period also applicable for the AdminGuide_Transaction Filtering_8.0. 7.0.0 and AdminGuide_Transcation Filtering_8.1.1.0.0. For more information, see Sanctions Application Pack.

To run the purge utility, follow these steps:

- Go to the purgeTF.sh file in the <installed area>/ficdb/bin/ directory and replace the
 ##Infodom## placeholder with the name of your Infodom.
- 2. Run the purge utility from the <installed area>/ficdb/bin/ directory using the following command:

./purgeTF.sh <from date in mm/dd/yyyy> <to date in mm/dd/yyyy> S/H

S stands for soft delete and H stands for hard delete.

For example, ./purgeTF.sh 11/11/2019 11/12/2019 S

3. Verify the purge logs in the following directory:

<installed area>/ficdb/log/TFpurge/ path

5.9 Adding, Editing or Deleting Good Guy Records

You can add, edit or delete a Good Guy record from the **Good Guy List Details** page.

5.9.1 Adding a Good Guy Record

Apart from adding a good guy record using the process mentioned in the **Good Guy/White List Matching** section in the Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering User Guide, you can also manually add a record to the FCC WHITELIST table, for example, if the record is a trusted customer.

To add a record, follow these steps:

- 1. Click List Management on the Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering landing page.
- 2. In the **Good Guy Summary** section, click **Add t**. A pop-up window is displayed.

Figure 36: Good Guy Summary Pop-up Window

| | | | Match crite | eria for this record: |
|-----------------------------|------------|--------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Payment Entity Full Name * | 1 | | Yes | |
| Payment Entity Jurisdiction | EMEA | v | ○ Yes | No |
| Payment Account ID | | | ⊖ Yes | No |
| Watchlist Record Name | | | ⊖ Yes | No |
| Watchlist Name | | | ○ Yes | No |
| Watchlist Record ID | | | ⊖ Yes | No |
| Watchlist Last Update Date | 06/21/2022 | | ⊖ Yes | No |
| Expiration Date * | 06/21/2022 | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Save | Cancel | | |
| | Save | Cancel | | |
| | | | | |

- 3. Enter the required details.
- 4. Click **Save**.

5.9.2 Editing a Good Guy Record

After you add a record, you can change the jurisdiction or expiry date of the record by editing the record.

To edit the good guy record, follow these steps:

- 1. In the **Good Guy Summary** section, click **Actions**.
- 2. From the drop-down list, click **Edit**.
- 3. Make the necessary changes to the record.
- 4. Enter your reasons for editing the record.
- 5. Click Save.

5.9.2.1 Updating the Status of an Expired Alert

If the Supervisor has not worked on the alert and it is past the expiry date, you must move it to the expiry status. To do this, run the Good Guy Expiry Check batch in the Run page.

5.9.3 Deleting a Good Guy Record

You can delete a record, for example, if the record was added in error or the record must no longer be in the Good Guy table.

To delete the good guy record, follow these steps:

- 1. In the **Good Guy Summary** section, click **Actions**.
- 2. From the drop-down list, click **Delete**.
- 3. Enter your reasons for deleting the record.
- 4. Click Save.

The following columns in the FCC_WHITELIST table are used for matching. This match can be against a single column or column combinations:

- **V_ORIGIN**: This column contains the watch list name.
- **V_WHITE_ENTITY_NAME**: This column contains the watch list record name.
- **V_WHITE_NAME**: This column contains the input message name.
- **V_IDENTIFIER_CODE**: This column contains the ID of the party name present in the V WHITE NAME column and comes from the input message.
- **N_RECORD_ID**: This column contains the watch list record ID.
- **V_JURISDICTION**: This column contains the watch list jurisdiction.
- **D_EXPIRE_ON**: This column contains the date after which the record is no longer checked against the records in the FCC_WHITELIST table.

5.9.4 Good Guy Attributes

The system will generate a hashcode to capture the current state of attributes on the WL side based on EDQ configuration.

When a name event/match is taking place, and the **Last Updated Date** with fingerprinting option is selected as **Yes**.

If there is no change to the **Last Updated Date** field, then this is considered positive for good guy (match will be considered good guy if all other conditions are met).

If there is a change to the **Last Updated Date** field, then the hashcode will be compared. If they are identical, then this is considered positive for a good guy (match will be considered good guy if all other conditions are met).

The following fields are used for hashcode calculation:

- 1. WL entities prepared data:
 - dnListKey (e.g. "DJW")
 - dnListSubKey (e.g. "DJW-SAN" or "DJW-EDD")
 - dnListRecordType (e.g. "SAN" or "EDD")
 - dnListRecordId (e.g. "1044689")
 - dnOriginalEntityName
 - dnEntityName
 - dnPrimaryName
 - dnOriginalScriptName
 - dnAddress
 - dnCity
 - dnState
 - dnAddressCountryCode
 - dnAddressCountry
 - dnAllCountries
 - dnAllCountryCodes (e.g. "RU")
- 2. WL individuals prepared data
 - dnListKey (e.g. "DJW")
 - dnListSubKey (e.g. "DJW-SAN" or "DJW-EDD")
 - dnListRecordType (e.g. "SAN" or "EDD")
 - dnListRecordId (e.g. "1044689")
 - dnOriginalFullName
 - dnOriginalGivenNames
 - dnOriginalFamilyName
 - dnFullName
 - dnGivenNames
 - dnFamilyName
 - dnPrimaryName
 - dnOriginalScriptName
 - dnAddress
 - dnCity
 - dnState
 - dnAddressCountryCode

- dnAddressCountry
- dnAllCountries
- dnAllCountryCodes (e.g. "RU")
- The fields used for hashcode calculation should be configurable by consulting as global configuration (1 set of fields).
- This configuration cannot be changed per list type.
- This is expected to be a 1-time activity that will happen during implementation.

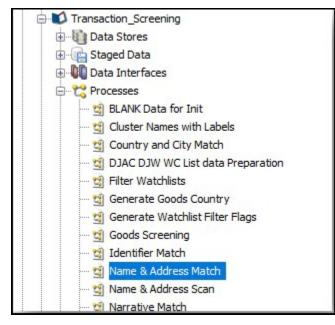
This functionality is expected to work for all types of lists - 3rd party lists and internal lists. This means an analyst should be able to mark a good guy based on an internal list match.

5.9.5 Managing the Good Guy Attributes

To change the Good Guy Attributes, follow these steps:

1. From the EDQ URL, open the Director and the Transaction_Screening Project.

Figure 37: Transaction Screening Project



2. From Processes, open the Name & Address Match.

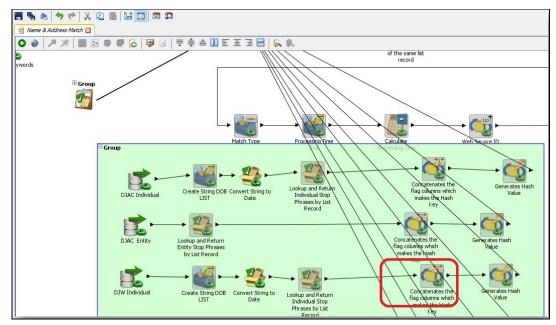


Figure 38: Name and Address Match

- 3. Expand the group and double click "Concatenates the flag columns which makes the Hash Key".
- 4. You can map and unmap required set of attributes to make the hash key.

Figure 39: Attributes for Concatenates the flag columns which makes the Hash Key

| Image: Additional and the additional anditional anditional and the additionand and the additiona | t Attributes: ▶ Added (1) ▶ FlagHash ▶ Flags (0) |
|---|--|
| 정 dnPrimaryName 정 dnOriginalScriptName 정 dnAddress 정 dnCity 정 dnState 정 dnAddressCountryCode 정 dnAddressCountry 정 dnAllCountries 정 dnAllCountries | |
| | 정 dnAddress 정 dnCity 정 dnState 정 dnAddressCountryCode 정 dnAddressCountry 정 dnAllCountries |

5.10 Generating Email for Different Statuses

An email is generated for a transaction depending on its status. The following types of emails are generated:

- Notification Email
- Task Email

5.10.1 Notification Email

A notification email is generated for Blocked and Released transactions and the template is as follows:

Subject: Notification-<id>-Issue Identified - New issue assigned to you

Hi TFSUPERVISOR,
This is to inform you that a Notification is generated for you in your inbox
for
Notification ID: <id>
Transaction Type: <Message Type>
Message Reference: <Message Reference>
Status: <Blocked/Released>
User Comments: <User comments>
Received On: 2017-07-25 12:03:19.0

Please access the below link to logon to Transaction Filtering System. <Application URL>

Regards,

Admin

A notification email is generated for nearing cut-off/nearing SLA to supervisor and the template is as follows. Two different emails are sent for cut-off and SLA.

Subject: Notification-<id>-Issue Identified - New issue assigned to you

Hi TFSUPERVISOR/TFANALYST,

This is to inform you that a Notification is generated for you in your inbox for Notification ID : <id> Message Category: <Message Category> Transaction Type : <Message Type> Message Reference: <Message Reference> Batch Reference: <Batch Reference> Transaction Reference: <Transaction Reference> Status : <HOLD/ASSIGNED/ESCALATED/BLOCK RECOMMENDED/RELEASE RECOMMENDED > User Comments: <User comments> Received On : <2017-07-25 12:03:19.0> Please access the below link to logon to Transaction Filtering System. <Application URL> Regards, Admin

5.10.2 Task Email

A task email is generated for Hold and Escalated transactions and the template is as follows:

```
Subject: Taskid-<id>-Issue Identified - New issue assigned to you
```

Hi TFSUPERVISOR/TFANALYST,

This is to inform you that a Notification is generated for you in your inbox for Task ID: <id> Transaction Type: <Message Type> Message Reference: <Message Reference> Status: <Hold/Escalated> User Comments: <User comments> applicable to escalated only Received On: 2017-07-25 12:03:19.0

Please access the below link to logon to Transaction Filtering System. <Application URL>

Regards,

Admin

A task email is generated for nearing cut-off/nearing SLA to supervisor and the template is as follows. Two different emails are sent for cut-off and SLA.

Subject: Taskid-<id>-Issue Identified - New issue assigned to you

Hi TFSUPERVISOR/TFANALYST, This is to inform you that a Notification has been generated for you in your inbox for Task ID : <id> Message Category: <Message Category> Transaction Type : <Message Type> Message Reference: <Message Reference> Batch Reference: <Batch Reference> Transaction Reference: <Transaction Reference> : < Overdue Cut-off/ Overdue SLA> Status Note: not sure exact status name so use exact status which are used for cut-off overdue and SLA overdue. User Comments: <User comments> applicable to escalated only : 2017-07-25 12:03:19.0 Received On Please access the below link to logon to Transaction Filtering System. <Application URL> Regards, Admin

5.11 Configuring Alerts in Multiple Jurisdictions and Business Domains

Alerts are segregated based on jurisdiction and business unit or line of business. You can also configure the alerts that are assigned to the users in the tfanalytgroup and tfsupervisorgrp groups.

Jurisdictions are used to limit user access to data in the database. The user must load all jurisdictions and associate user groups to jurisdictions in the tables as specified in Configuring Jurisdictions and Business Domains. User groups can be associated with one or more jurisdictions.



All jurisdictions in the system reside in the FCC_SWIFT_JSRDSN_MAP table.

In the Investigation User interface system, users can view only data or alerts associated with jurisdictions to which they have access. You can use jurisdiction to divide data in the database. For example:

- **Geographical**: Division of data based on geographical boundaries, such as countries, states, and so on.
- **Organizational**: Division of data based on different legal entities that compose the client's business.
- Other: Combination of geographic and organizational definitions. Also, it can be customized.

The definition of jurisdiction varies from between users. For example, a user can refer to a branch BIC as jurisdiction and another user can refer to a customer ID as jurisdiction.

Business domains are used to limit data access. Although the purpose is like jurisdiction, they have a different objective. The business domain is used to identify records of different business types such as Private Client versus Retail customer, or to provide more granular restrictions to data such as employee data.

If a user has access to any of the business domains that are on a business record, the user can view that record.



All business domains in the system reside in the FCC_SWIFT_BUS_DMN_MAP table.

5.11.1 Configuring Jurisdictions and Business Domains

The default Sanctions groups are tfanalytgroup and tfsupervisorgrp. According to the readyto-use product, these groups get all alerts and notifications for all jurisdictions and business domains. To configure the alerts, follow these steps:

1. Load all the jurisdictions. To do this, run the query SELECT * FROM FCC_SWIFT_JSRDSN_MAP and load the jurisdictions in the v_JRSDCN_CD column in the FCC_SWIFT_JSRDSN_MAP table.

The following columns are provided to populate any additional information:

| Column | Data Type and Length |
|----------------------------|----------------------|
| V_EXTRACTED_SWIFT FIELD | VARCHAR2(100 CHAR) |
| V_JRSDCN_CD | VARCHAR2(40 CHAR) |
| V_CUST_COLUMN_1 | VARCHAR2(4000 CHAR) |
| V_CUST_COLUMN_2 | VARCHAR2(4000 CHAR) |
| V_CUST_COLUMN_3 | VARCHAR2(4000 CHAR) |
| V_CUST_COLUMN_4 | VARCHAR2(4000 CHAR) |
| N_CUST_COLUMN_1 | NUMBER(20) |
| N_CUST_COLUMN_2 | NUMBER(20) |
| N_CUST_COLUMN_3 | NUMBER(20) |
| N_CUST_COLUMN_4 | NUMBER(20) |

Table 8: Columns used to provide additional information for Jurisdictions

2. Load all the business domains in the <code>v_BUS_DMN_CD</code> column in the <code>FCC_SWIFT_BUS_DMN_MAP</code> table.

The following columns are provided to populate any additional information:

Table 9: Columns used to provide additional information for Business Domains

| Column | Data Type and Length |
|----------------------------|----------------------|
| V_EXTRACTED_SWIFT FIELD | VARCHAR2(100 CHAR) |
| V_JRSDCN_CD | VARCHAR2(40 CHAR) |
| V_CUST_COLUMN_1 | VARCHAR2(4000 CHAR) |
| V_CUST_COLUMN_2 | VARCHAR2(4000 CHAR) |
| V_CUST_COLUMN_3 | VARCHAR2(4000 CHAR) |

| Column | Data Type and Length |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| V_CUST_COLUMN_4 | VARCHAR2(4000 CHAR) |
| N_CUST_COLUMN_1 | NUMBER(20) |
| N_CUST_COLUMN_2 | NUMBER(20) |
| N_CUST_COLUMN_3 | NUMBER(20) |
| N_CUST_COLUMN_4 | NUMBER(20) |

Table 9: Columns used to provide additional information for Business Domains

3. Map user groups to the appropriate jurisdiction and business domain. To do this, run the query SELECT * FROM DOMAIN_JUR_GRP_MAP and do the mapping in the DOMAIN_JUR_GRP_MAP table and map with the additional columns STATUS_CD, ALERT_TYPE_CD.

| NOTE | • Refer N_SANCTION_STATUS_CODE column from DIM_SANC- TIONS_STATUS table for list of Status codes. |
|------|---|
| | • Refer <code>N_ALERT_TYPE_CODE column from DIM_SANC_TF_ALERTTYPE table for list of alert types.</code> |

If multiple jurisdictions are mapped to a single user group, create as many rows as the number of jurisdictions and add the new jurisdiction in each row for the same user group.

If multiple business domains exist for the same user group and same jurisdiction, create as many rows as the number of business domains and add the new business domain in each row for the same user group and jurisdiction.

4. Put the appropriate SQL query in the Message_jurisdiction and Message_Business_Domain rows to derive the jurisdiction and business domain respectively in the Setup_Rt_Params table.

This step is required to define the source of jurisdiction and business domain from the message or an external source.

The definition and source of jurisdiction and business domain are different for each customer. In this way, the Transaction Filtering application gives the flexibility to the user to pick any attribute of the message to define the jurisdiction and business domain. For example, jurisdiction can be the BIC present in block 1/block 2 of the SWIFT message or the branch ID present in the SWIFT GPI header.

The ready-to-use application can extract some of the key fields of the message, which are available in the <code>fsi_rt_al_msg_tag</code> table. If the customer wants to use any field as a jurisdiction or business domain from this table, then an SQL query must be written in the <code>Setup_Rt_Param</code> table to extract the respective column.

When a message is posted, the system updates the jurisdiction and business domains extracted in step 4 in the $FSI_RT_RAW_DATA$ and FSI_RT_ALERTS tables.

5.11.2 Configurations to Automatically Assign Transactions

In the setup_rt_params table, set the V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE1 value for HOST_NAME, PORT and SANC_CONTEXT_NAME corresponding to the N_PARAM_IDENTIFIER value as 55 and the V_PARAM_NAME value as XML_WEB_SERVICE_BASE_URL. It is in the following format:

http://##HOST_NAME##:##PORT##/##SANC_CONTEXT_NAME##/SanctionsService

Example:

http://whf00bls:8930/SAN807SEPA/SanctionsService

5.11.3 Configurations to Automatically Release Transactions

To configure a transaction for the Auto Release status, run the following query:

select * from fsi_rt_auto_release;

By default, the configuration is empty, which means that no transactions can be auto released. You can set the following values in the fsi_rt_auto_release table:

• Message category in the V_MSG_CATEGORY column. For example, a message category of 1 is mapped to the SWIFT message type by default. To see all default values, run the following query:

```
select * from dim_message_category;
```

• Message type in the N_SWIFT_MSG_ID column. For example, a message type of 1 is mapped to the MT101 message type by default. To see all default values, run the following query:

select * from dim sanctions swift;

- Jurisdiction in the V JURISDICTION column.
- Business Domain in the V BUSINESS DOMAIN column.
- To see the default values for jurisdiction and business domain, run the following query:

```
select v_attribute_value1 from setup_rt_params where V_PARAM_NAME in
('MESSAGE JURISDICTION', 'MESSAGE BUSINESS DOMAIN')
```

• To enable the configuration, set the **F_ENABLED** column to **Y**.

5.12 Version Control

Version control for SWIFT messages, IPE, and ISO200222 is accomplished using the Import/export feature in Transaction Filtering. Say a file has been moved from one environment to another environment. Later, the file is updated. The import/export utility will create 2 separate files for each configuration. You can import both the files into the application and use a text file comparator such as *beyond compare* or a version control tool such as *SVN* to view the differences between the exported files.

Version control for EDQ follows a different process. EDQ has an inbuilt version control feature available, so you will just need to compare the .dxi files to view the differences.

5.12.1 Version Control for SWIFT Messages and IPE

The steps involved for SWIFT messages and IPE are the same. These steps are explained here:

- 1. Export the new file using the and save it in your local drive.
- 2. Import the file into the Transaction Filtering application.

You can now compare this file with another file. Ensure that you place these files in separate folders.

5.12.2 Version Control for ISO20022

The steps involved for ISO20022 are explained here:

1. Export the new file and save it in your local drive.

- 2. Import the file into the Transaction Filtering application.
- 3. You can now compare this file with another file. Ensure that you place these files in separate folders.

If you want to restore the current version to a previous version of the file, you can delete data from all the tables, import a previously exported file that has the date you want to restore into the application, and restart the webserver. This restores the configuration of the previous version.

5.12.3 Version Control for EDQ

To use the version control feature available within EDQ, follow these steps:

- 1. In the EDQ application, copy the two different versions of the .dxi files into the **EDQ Director** menu.
- 2. Click View and select Configuration Analysis in the EDQ Director menu.
- 3. In the popup which appears, select the versions that you want to compare.
- 4. Click Configuration.
- 5. In the popup which appears, select the differences only and click **OK**.
- 6. In the same window, select **Start Comparison**. This gives all changes between the two files.

For more information, see Oracle Enterprise Data Quality Documentation.

5.13 Running the Migration Utility for SWIFT, Fedwire and ISO20022

Use this migration utility to import and export the SWIFT and Fedwire message configurations. For information on configuring the SWIFT message parameters, see Configuring the SWIFT Message Parameters. For information on configuring the Fedwire message parameters, see Configuring the Fedwire Message Parameters.

The message types provided in this utility are available in the TF_Swift_Migration_Utility/ output/MSG_TYPES directory.

To export the configurations, follow these steps:

- Navigate to the TF_Swift_Migration_Utility/config or TF_Swift_Migration_Utility/TF_Swift_Migration_Utlity/config directory. For more information on configuring the migration utility see the readme.txt fie within the folder.
- 2. Open the Dynamic.properties file and update the placeholders as shown:

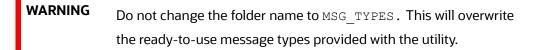
Table 10: Configurations required in the Dynamic.properties file when running the export file

| Placeholder | Update with |
|--------------|--|
| ##jdbcurl## | Your JDBC URL. |
| ##username## | The Atomic Schema user name using which you want to execute the files. |
| ##password## | The Atomic Schema password for the user name. |
| ##infodom## | Your Infodom name. |

| Placeholder | Update with |
|------------------|---|
| ##SWIFT_MSG_ID## | Your SWIFT ID. This is available in the n_sanction_swift_msg_id column in the dim_sanctions_swift_details table. If you are providing multiple IDs, add the IDs separated by commas. For example, 1,2,3,4. |

3. Navigate to the TF_Swift_Migration_Utility/bin directory and run the export.sh SWIFTMSGEXPORT MSG_TYPES command.

MSG_TYPES is the folder name of the folder to which you can export the configurations. Before you perform the export, change the folder name. For example, Exported.



To import the configurations, follow these steps:

- Navigate to the FIC_HOME/Transaction_Processing/TF_Swift_Migration_Utlity/ config directory.
- 2. Open the SWIFT_MSG_TYPES.txt file and add the message types that you want to import to the Exported folder mentioned in the export configuration steps.
- 3. Open the Dynamic.properties file and update the placeholders as shown:

Table 11: Configurations required in the Dynamic.properties file when running the import file

| Placeholder | Update with |
|--------------|--|
| ##jdbcurl## | Your JDBC URL. |
| ##username## | The Atomic Schema user name using which you want to execute the files. |
| ##password## | The Atomic Schema password for the user name. |

4. Navigate to the TF_Swift_Migration_Utlity/bin directory and run the import.sh SWIFTMSGIMPORT MSG TYPES command.

MSG_TYPES is the folder name of the folder from where you can import the configurations. Before you perform the import, change the folder name. For example, Imported.

WARNING Do not change the folder name to MSG_TYPES. This will overwrite

the ready-to-use message types provided with the utility.

After you complete the export and import steps, restart the web server. To verify if the message types have been successfully imported or not, check if the message types are available in the Message Type Configuration field in the Message and Screening Configurations Window.

5.13.1 Restoring a Previous Message Configuration

To restore a configuration, you must first export and then import the configuration from that environment, and then restart the webserver. This restores the configuration of the previous version.

Follow these steps to restore the configuration:

1. Export the message configuration from the environment.

NOTE Ensure that you save the configuration.

2. To restore the previous version, Import the saved configuration.

When you import a message configuration, and the message already exists in the system, then the value of the <code>F_LATEST_IDENTIFIER</code> column is updated to <code>Y</code> in the <code>FSI_RT_SWIFT_CON-F</code> DTLS and DIM SANCTIONS SWIFT DETAILS tables.

The audit history is captured in the FSI_RT_SWIFT_CONF_DTLS_HIST table in the V_HIST_-DESC column and will have the following remark: Configuration Updated Through Migration Utility.

5.14 Running the Migration Utility for ISO20022

Use this migration utility to import and export the ISO20022 message configurations from one environment to another, for example, from the development server to UAT, and subsequently to production. For information on configuring the ISO20022 message parameters, see Configurations for ISO20022 Message Parameters.

To use the utility, first export the configuration from the source environment and then import the file to the destination environment. To export the configuration, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the \$FIC_HOME/Transaction_Processing/TF_Config_Migration_Utility/config directory.
- 2. Open the Dynamic.properties file and update the placeholders as shown:

| Placeholder | Update with | | | |
|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| ##jdbcurl## | Your JDBC URL. | | | |
| ##username## | The Atomic Schema user name using which you want to execute the files. | | | |
| ##password## | The Atomic Schema password for the user name. | | | |
| ##infodom## | Your Infodom name. | | | |
| ##N_XSD_CONF_ID## | Your ISO20022 ID. This is available in the n_xsd_conf_id column in the fcc_tf_xml_xsd_conf table. If you are providing multiple IDs, add the IDs separated by commas. For example, 1,2,3,4. | | | |

Table 12: Configurations required in the Dynamic.properties file when running the export file

3. Navigate to the TF_Config_Migration_Utility/bin directory and run the required command.

./export.sh SEPA

To import the configuration, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the TF_Config_Migration_Utility/config directory.

2. Open the Dynamic.properties file and update the placeholders as shown:

| Placeholder | Update with |
|----------------------|--|
| ##jdbcurl## | Your JDBC URL. |
| ##user- name## | The Atomic Schema user name using which you want to execute the files. |
| ##pass- word## | The Atomic Schema password for the user name. |
| ##infodom## | Your Infodom name. |
| ##N_XSD CONF_ID## | Your ISO20022 ID. This is available in the n_xsd_conf_id column in the fcc_t- f_xml_xsd_conf table. If you are providing multiple IDs, add the IDs separated by commas. For example, 1,2,3,4. |

3. Navigate to the TF_Config_Migration_Utility/bin directory and run the required command.

./ import.sh SEPA.

5.15 Configuring JMS Correlation ID

JMS message has two properties (column) called Correlation ID and Message Identifier.

To set the Correlation ID, use the following sample code:

See Code for Adaptor for SWIFT section in the **Technical Integration Guide**.

SourceEntity srcEntity = new SourceEntity(busName); // already there

srcEntity.setCorrelationID("12345"); // corrid to be set (Optional)

Both initial and final feedback are set with same correlation ID while sending response to output queue.

| ⇒Environment ⇒Senvices ⊕ Hessaging ⊕ Hessaging →Data Sources →Persitent Stores →Foreign JNDI Providers | | | Hessage Selector: | | | | | |
|--|---|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--------|------------------------------|---|
| ····Work Contexts ····XML Registries | | JMS Messages (Filtered - More Columns Exist) | | | | | | |
| XML Entity Caches jCOM | | | New Delete Move Import Export | | | | | |
| How do I | - | | | ID 🗞 | | CorrId | Time Stamp | 5 |
| Manage queue mercager | | | | ID:<130801.1620746366209.0> | | 1stWar | Tue May 11 20:49:26 IST 2021 | v |
| Manage queue messages Manage distributed queue messages | | | | ID:<130801.1620746443639.0> | | 1stWar | Tue May 11 20:50:43 IST 2021 | v |
| Manage topic durable subscribers | | | | ID:<130801.1620746449211.0> | | 1stWar | Tue May 11 20:50:49 IST 2021 | v |
| System Status | Ξ | | Ne | w Delete v Move v Impo | rt Export v | | | |
| Health of Running Servers as of 8:54 PM | | | | | | | | |
| Failed (0) Critical (0) | | | | | | | | |

Figure 40: JMS Message Output Queue

5.16 Configuring Parallel Processing

To enable parallel calling of EDQ web services, the following are the new configuration parameters introduced:

• Setup_rt_params table:

- ENABLE_PARALLEL_WS_CALL This Parameter is to indicate if a calling of EDQ Webservices from parser should be parallel or sequential. If the value is set to Y, it will be parallel. If the value is set to N, it will be sequential.
- ENABLE_PARALLEL_WS_TAGS_CALL This Parameter is to indicate if a calling of EDQ Webservices tags from the parser should be parallel or sequential. If the value is set to Y, it will be parallel. If the value is set to N, it will be sequential. By default OOB, both the parameters will be set to N.

• static.properties file:

The following are the new parameters introduced in the static.properties file under <DeployedContext>/TFLT.ear/TFLT.war/conf:

- tf.edq.webservices.maxthread.count=6 This Parameter is used to indicate EDQ
 Webservices thread count. This creates a thread pool with 6 threads executing the tasks.
- tf.edq.webservices.tags.maxthread.count=5 This Parameter is used to indicate EDQ Webservices tags thread count. This creates a thread pool with 5 threads executing the tasks. By default OOB thread count for both parameters is set to 6 and 5, respectively.

5.17 Configuring Additional Columns on the Alert List page

This configuration allows you to add additional column(s) on the Alert Search and List page and view additional information. It also provides the ability to execute the customized query to fetch the data in the columns against each Alert ID and shows the new columns in the Columns drop-down list while saving the view. To add a column on the Search and List page and filters, follow these steps :

1. Add an entry in this table "FCC_SANC_LIST_PAGE_CONFIG" to configure a new value in the column drop-down section for FSI_RT_ALERTS

See FCC_SANC_LIST_PAGE_CONFIG.xlsx file for sample entries for Case ID and BIC Code Key

NOTE Add an entry only for the DEFAULT view.

"TABLE_NAME" column must have ' FSI_RT_ALERTS' value

"COLUMN_NAME" column must have alias column name value in the parent table like caseld, bicCodeKey and so on.

2. Add an entry in this table "FCC_SAN_LIST_CONFIG" to configure a new value in the filter search section for TF_LIST_FILTER.

See fcc_san_list_config.xlsx file with sample entries for Case ID and BIC Code Key.

3. Add an entry in this table "FCC_SAN_LIST_CONFIG_TL" to configure a new value in the filter search section.

See fcc_san_list_config_tl.xlsx file for sample entries for Case ID and BIC Code Key.



N_CONFIG_ID column value in this table must match with N_CONFIG_ID value in "fcc_san_list_config" table.

- 4. Update "v_query" column in table "FCC_SANC_LIST_PAGE_QUERY_CONF" where "V_QUE-RY_IDENTIFIER" column value is 'TF_ALERTLIST_GRID', with the new column details in select query to get the data for new column.
- 5. Update "v_query" column in table "FCC_SANC_LIST_PAGE_QUERY_CONF" where "V_QUE-RY_IDENTIFIER" column value is 'TF_ALERTLIST_GRID_FROM_QUEUE', with the new column details in select query to get the data for new column.
- 6. Update "v_query" column in table "FCC_SANC_LIST_PAGE_QUERY_CONF" where "V_QUE-RY_IDENTIFIER" column value is 'TF_CLOSED_ALERT_GRID', with the new column details in select query to get the data for new column
- 7. This is an optional step.Do not follow the below steps if you are trying to configure the column from the existing listed tables in the query do not follow the below steps. If not, follow the below step,
 - update "v_query" column in this table "FCC_SANC_LIST_PAGE_QUERY_CONF" where "V_QUERY_IDENTIFIER " column value is ' TF_ALERTS_COUNT_IN_QUEUE' with the new column details in select query to get the updated count value.
 - update "v_query" column in this table "FCC_SANC_LIST_PAGE_QUERY_CONF" where "V_QUERY_IDENTIFIER " column value is 'TF_ALERTS_ZIPPER_COUNT' with the new column details in select query to get the updated count value.

5.18 Configuring the Parameters for Highlighting the Matched Data

You can configure parameters to highlight the matched data inside tag value when the event parameters match with the alert in the Alert Details page. For more information on Alert Details, see Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering User Guide.

To configure the parameters to highlight the matched data inside tag value, follow the below steps:

- 1. Access the Atomic Schema and access the SETUP RT PARAMS table.
- 2. Insert the attribute value for the required parameters in the table.

For example, to consider the matched data for BIC, follow the below steps:

- 1. Access the Atomic Schema and access the SETUP_RT_PARAMS table.
- 2. Insert the regular expression for EXACT_HIGHLIGHT_REGEX in the table.

For example, the regular expression value [A-Za-z0-9] {4} [A-Za-z] {2} [A-Za-z0-9] {2} [A-Za-z0-9] {0, 3} satisfies BIC codes to highlight the matched data.

Figure 41: SETUP_RT_PARAMS Table

| Works | heet Que | ry Builder | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---|----|
| 1 | SELECT * FROM setup_rt_params; | | | | | | | | - |
| 2 | Highli | ght 2 digit in Bic Code | | | | | | | 14 |
| 3 | 1 | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Qu | ery Result × | | | | | | | | |
| 📌 🖳 🝓 🔂 SUL All Rows Fetched: 43 in 0.202 seconds | | | | | | | | | |
| | LIDENTIFIE | R & V_PARAM_NAME | V_CREATED_BY | D_CREATED_DATE | V_MODIFIED_BY | <pre> V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME1 </pre> | D_MODIFIED_DATE | & V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE1 | |
| 3 | 35 2: | 20 HIGHLIGHT_SPECIAL_CHARACTER | (null) | 07-MAR-22 | TFADMN | HIGHLIGHT_SPECIAL_CHARACTER | 09-NOV-22 | `,~,!,@,#,\$,\$,^,&,*,(,),-,_,+,[,],:,;,',″,?,/,.,<,>,'," | ^ |
| 3 | 36 | 44 LIST_MANAGEMENT_SCREEN_ACCESS | (null) | 21-MAY-09 | TFADMN | TFLTGGUPDT | 09-NOV-22 | Pending Approval, Approved | |
| 3 | 37 2 | 11 ECM_CASE_CREATION_URL | (null) | 21-MAY-09 | TFADMN | ECM_CASE_CREATION_URL | 09-NOV-22 | http://100.76.133.237:7004/ECM812 | |
| 3 | 38 2 | 12 ECM_L2_ENABLE_FL | (null) | 21-MAY-09 | TFADMN | ECM_L2_ENABLE_FL | 09-NOV-22 | Y | |
| 3 | 39 2 | 13 ECM_SANCTIONS_PP | (null) | 21-MAY-09 | TFADMN | ECM_SANCTIONS_PP | 09-NOV-22 | N | |
| 4 | 40 23 | 21 HIGHLIGHT_BICCODE_REGEX | (null) | 15-NOV-22 | TFADMN | HIGHLIGHT_BICCODE_REGEX | 15-NOV-22 | [A-Z] {6,6} [A-Z2-9] [A-NP-Z0-9] ([A-Z0-9] {3,3}) {0,1} | |
| 4 | 1 51 | 00 EXACT_HIGHLIGHT_REGEX | (null) | 15-NOV-22 | TFADMN | HIGHLIGHT_BICCODE_REGEX | 15-NOV-22 | [A-Za-z0-9]{4}[A-Za-z]{2}[A-Za-z0-9]{2}[A-Za-z0-9]{0,3} | |
| 4 | 42 5 | 01 EXACT_HIGHLIGHT_REGEX | (null) | 15-NOV-22 | TFADMN | HIGHLIGHT_BICCODE_REGEX | 15-NOV-22 | [A-Za-z]{2}[A-Za-z0-9]{0,9} | |
| 4 | 43 | 34 MESSAGE_PRIORITY | (null) | 21-MAY-09 | TFADMN | MESSAGE_PRIORITY | 09-NOV-22 | select '5' from dual | 7 |

MERGE INTO SETUP_RT_PARAMS T USING (

SELECT '500' N_PARAM_IDENTIFIER, 'EXACT_HIGHLIGHT_REGEX' V_PARAM_NAME, '' V_CREATED_BY, to_date('15-11-2022', 'dd-mm-yyyy') D_CREATED_DATE, 'TFADMN' V_MODIFIED_BY, 'HIGHLIGHT_BICCODE_REGEX' V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME1, to_date('15-11-2022', 'dd-mm-yyyy') D_MODIFIED_DATE, '[A-Z]{6,6}[A-Z2-9][A-NP-Z0-9]([A-Z0-9]{3,3}){0,1}' V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE1, '' V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME2, '' V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE2, '' V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME3, '' V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE3, '' V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME4, '' V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE4, 'List of BIC codes to be used to highlight 2 digit county code within the matches.' V_ATTRIBUTE1_DESCRIPTION, '' V_ATTRIBUTE2_DESCRIPTION, '' V_ATTRIBUTE3_DESCRIPTION, '' V_ATTRIBUTE4_DESCRIPTION, '' V_ATTRIBUTE3_DESCRIPTION, '' V_ATTRIBUTE4_DESCRIPTION, '' V_ATTRIBUTE VALUE5 FROM DUAL) S

ON (T.N PARAM IDENTIFIER = S.N PARAM IDENTIFIER)

```
WHEN MATCHED THEN UPDATE SET T.V_PARAM_NAME = S.V_PARAM_NAME, T.V_CREATED_BY
= S.V_CREATED_BY, T.D_CREATED_DATE = S.D_CREATED_DATE, T.V_MODIFIED_BY =
S.V_MODIFIED_BY, T.V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME1 = S.V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME1, T.D_MODIFIED_DATE
= S.D_MODIFIED_DATE, T.V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE1 = S.V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE1,
T.V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME2 = S.V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME2, T.V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE2 =
S.V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE2, T.V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME3 = S.V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME3,
T.V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE3 = S.V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE3, T.V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME4 =
S.V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME4, T.V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE4 = S.V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE4,
T.V_ATTRIBUTE1_DESCRIPTION = S.V_ATTRIBUTE1_DESCRIPTION,
T.V_ATTRIBUTE2_DESCRIPTION = S.V_ATTRIBUTE3_DESCRIPTION,
T.V_ATTRIBUTE3_DESCRIPTION = S.V_ATTRIBUTE4_DESCRIPTION,
T.V_ATTRIBUTE4_DESCRIPTION = S.V_ATTRIBUTE4_DESCRIPTION, T.V_PARAM_DESC =
S.V_PARAM_DESC, T.V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME5 = S.V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME5,
T.V_ATTRIBUTE5_DESCRIPTION = S.V_ATTRIBUTE5_DESCRIPTION, T.V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE5
= S.V_ATTRIBUTE5_DESCRIPTION = S.V_ATTRIBUTE5_DESCRIPTION, T.V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE5
```

WHEN NOT MATCHED THEN INSERT

(N_PARAM_IDENTIFIER,V_PARAM_NAME,V_CREATED_BY,D_CREATED_DATE,V_MODIFIED_BY,V _ATTRIBUTE_NAME1,D_MODIFIED_DATE,V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE1,V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME2,V_ATTR IBUTE_VALUE2,V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME3,V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE3,V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME4,V_ATTRIB UTE_VALUE4,V_ATTRIBUTE1_DESCRIPTION,V_ATTRIBUTE2_DESCRIPTION,V_ATTRIBUTE3_DE SCRIPTION,V_ATTRIBUTE4_DESCRIPTION,V_PARAM_DESC,V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME5,V_ATTRIBUT E5_DESCRIPTION,V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE5)

VALUES

(S.N_PARAM_IDENTIFIER, S.V_PARAM_NAME, S.V_CREATED_BY, S.D_CREATED_DATE, S.V_MOD IFIED_BY, S.V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME1, S.D_MODIFIED_DATE, S.V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE1, S.V_ATTR IBUTE_NAME2, S.V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE2, S.V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME3, S.V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE3, S. V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME4, S.V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE4, S.V_ATTRIBUTE1_DESCRIPTION, S.V_ATTRIB UTE2_DESCRIPTION, S.V_ATTRIBUTE3_DESCRIPTION, S.V_ATTRIBUTE4_DESCRIPTION, S.V_P ARAM_DESC, S.V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME5, S.V_ATTRIBUTE5_DESCRIPTION, S.V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE 5)

/

5.19 Configuring Select All Option for the Events Table

This configuration allows you to enable and disable **Select All** option feature for the events table in alerts details page. For more information on alert details and event table, see Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering User Guide.

To configure Select All check box for the event table, follow the below steps:

- 1. Access the Atomic Schema and access the **SETUP_RT_PARAMS** table.
- 2. For the TF_SELECT_ALL_EVENTS_FLAG parameter enter the V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE1 value as Y to enable the **Select All** check box in the event table for the match summary. Enter N to disable the **Select All** check box.

5.20 Configuring Bulk Action Feature for the Alert List

This configuration allows you to enable and disable **Bulk Action** feature in the alerts list page. For more information on alert list page, see Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering User Guide.

To configure bulk action feature in the alert list page, follow the below steps:

- 1. Access the Atomic Schema and access the SETUP_RT_PARAMS table.
- 2. For the ENABLE_BULK_ACTION_FLAG parameter enter the v_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE1 value as Y to enable the **Bulk Action** feature in the alert list page. Enter N to disable the **Bulk Action** feature.

5.21 Retrigger Functionality

While posting the SWIFT/Fedwire/ISO20022 messages, if any of the EDQ web service pointing to the application is down, messages will be retriggered once all the required web services are up.

The Retrigger configuration parameters are:

- RETRIGGER_INTERVAL_MINS parameter in the setup_rt_params table under atomic schema. By default, v_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE1 value is set to 30 min which are customizable and can be changed (increased/decreased) as per user requirement.
- RETRIGGER_MAX_RETRIES parameter in the setup_rt_params table under atomic schema. By default, v_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE1 value is set to 5, which is customizable and can be changed (increased/decreased) as per user requirement. Once the max value is reached per message, the retrigger loop will be terminated, and the v_RETRY_STATUS_CD parameter is updated to T for the particular message in FSI_RT_RAW_DATA table.

5.21.1 Configuring Data Source in WebLogic Application Server

If the <code>ENABLE_PARALLEL_WS_CALL</code> and <code>ENABLE_PARALLEL_WS_TAGS_CALL</code> parameter values are \mathbf{Y} in the <code>SETUP_RT_PARAMS</code> table, it is recommended to perform the following configuration in Weblogic Application Server to avoid retrigger failure.

- 1. Open WebLogic Application Server. For more information, see Oracle Financial Services Sanctions Pack Installation and Configuration Guide.
- 2. From the LHS menu (Domain Structure), click Services **Data Sources**. The Summary of JDBC Data Sources window is displayed.
- 3. Select **SANCINFO** from the **Data Sources** table. The Settings for SANCINFO window is displayed.
- 4. Select the **Connection Pool** tab.

- 5. Click **Advanced**. The Advanced informations are displayed.
- 6. Click and select the **Test Connections On Reserve** Check box and enter the value as **SQL IS VALID** in Test Table Name.
- 7. Click Save.

5.22 Multiple wars deployment configuration

We introduced a new parameter named node.id in static.properties file.

It has to be changed based on the EAR file.

For example, if you have multiple EARs like TFLT, TFLT1, TFLT2, make sure node.id value should be same and unique as the EAR name.

It helps in finding which messages are processed through which EAR and the same helps in retriggering them properly.

6 Configuring the SWIFT Message Parameters

To configure the message and screening parameters, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the **Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering** landing page.
- 2. Click **SWIFT Configuration Admin**. The **Message and Screening Configurations** tab is displayed.

NOTE The following screens are the same for the Fedwire and SWIFT message parameters.

This tab has the following windows:

- Message and Screening Configurations Window
- <Message Type> Subfield Level Configuration Window
- <Message Type> Screening Configuration Window
- <Message Type> Other Field/Subfield Configuration Window

6.1 Message and Screening Configurations Window

This window allows you to edit the status, field names, and expressions of the different JSON parameters in the message.

In the Message Type Configuration field, select the SWIFT message category. All message definitions are SWIFT 2019 compliant.

The following message types, MTC11, MTC22, MTC33, and MTC44, have been introduced for creating custom message categories, and they support UTF-8 characters. To add custom message categories, use the $dim_sanc_swift_msg_details$ table. The new format must contain *MTC* and must be followed by a two-digit number.

You can also add a single line or multiple lines for Chinese characters. To add a single line, use 100k for the expression in the configuration JSON. To add multiple lines, use 100*100k for the expression in the configuration JSON.

Figure 42: Sample format for MTC11/MTC22/MTC33/MTC44 SWIFT message type

{1:F01SIIBSYDA9998525820} {2:OC11540170801FSBKDZALAXXX1237 0781261708020718N}{4: :20:OAC44591555/5465 :11A:参考阿斯塔 :12:Osama Bin laden Pakistan :13:你好 :14:印度 :15:数据 数据 数据 :16:test data -}{5:{MAC:44544500} {CHK:3E59F535C1E9}{PDE:}{PDE:} {DLM:}}{S:{SAC:}{COP:S}}

In this example, C11 can be either 11 or 11A and not 111. So, the tag can either start with two numbers or two numbers and one alphabet. The value in the 11A tag represents 100k in the JSON expression, and the value in the 15 tag represents 100*100k in the JSON expression.

A sample JSON is shown:

{

```
"attr": {
    "id": "t4:2:2",
    "field": "12",
    "status": "M",
    "fieldName": "Entity Type",
    "expression": "100k",
    "regex": "",
    "editable": "Y"
  }
},
{
  "attr": {
    "id": "t4:2:3",
    "field": "13",
    "status": "M",
    "fieldName": "Entity Relationship",
```

```
"expression": "100*100k",
    "regex": "",
    "editable": "Y"
},
```

Each message type has five blocks: Basic Header Block, Application Header Block, User Header Block, Text Block, and Trailer Block.

| Figure 43: Message and Screening Configurations Window | for SWIFT |
|--|-----------|
|--|-----------|

| Message and Screening Configurations | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| Message Type Configuration | | | |
| MT101 | Add/Update | Reference Configuration | Save |
| | | | Expression dd |
| Basic Header Block | | | |
| | | Block Identifier | |
| | | Application Identifier | |
| | | Service Identifier | |
| | | LT Identifier | |
| | | Session Number | |
| | | Sequence Number (ISN or OSN) | |
| Application Header Block | | | |
| Application Header - Input | | | |
| Application Header - Output | | | |
| ⊿ User Header Block | | | |

In this figure, the first column lists all the SWIFT blocks and a list of fields within each block which follows SWIFT naming standards. In this field, if a part of the sequence has multiple formats, then while uploading the JSON for the message type, update the formats within [..] with unique identifiers. The other columns are:

- Status: This column mentions whether the field is *Mandatory* (M) or *Optional* (O).
- FieldName: This column describes the name of the given field as per SWIFT standards.
- **Expression**: This column depicts the field structure in terms of expression. For example, if the field is a data type, then the maximum length of the field is displayed.

To edit a parameter, click the parameter name. After you make the changes, click **Save**.

6.1.1 Adding or Updating a New Message Type

To add or update an existing message type, follow these steps:

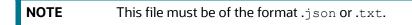
1. Click the **Add/Update** button. The **Attachment Details** window is displayed.

2. Select the type of message that you want to add or update from the drop-down list.

Figure 44: Attachment Details Window

| ttachment Details | | | |
|-------------------|--------|---|--|
| 1T101 | v | Select file to upload: Choose File No file chosen | |
| | | Upload Submit | |
| | Status | FieldName | |
| items to display. | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
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| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

3. To upload an attachment, click **Choose File** Choose File. You can upload only one attachment at a time.



- 4. Click Upload.
- 5. Click Submit. The message is displayed in the following table as <Message Type_draft>.

For more information on the JSON format, see Structure of a JSON.

6.1.2 Repeating Sequences

If the SWIFT message contains sequences and the same tag repeats in both the sequences and the subsequences, then you must set the <code>v_REPEAT_TYPE</code> column to <code>Y</code> in the dim_sanc_swift_msg_details table before you upload a new message type. If a SWIFT message has already been uploaded, then after you set the <code>v_REPEAT_TYPE</code> column to <code>Y</code> in the dim_sanc_swift_msg_details table, you can click the **Save** button in the Message Type Configuration.

6.1.3 Configuring the References

To view and change the message reference or transaction reference, click **Reference Configuration**.

Reference Configuration tab has the following fields:

- Message Identifier
- Transaction Reference

- Payment Account ID
 - Field
 - Field/Subfield Name

Any message which contains message references or transaction references, or both, must be configured.

For the **Message Reference** field, a unique identifier must be configured at the message level for all message categories.

For the **Transaction Reference** field, a unique identifier must be configured at the transaction level only if applicable for the specific message category.

For the **Payment Account ID** field, a unique identifier can be configured for each message type. You can enter multiple field values for **Payment Account ID** by clicking the plus icon.

Figure 45: Reference Configuration Window

| ļ | Reference | e Configuration | | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|-----------------|---|---|----------------------|---|------|
| - | Messag | e Identifier: | | | | | |
| | 20 | | * | | | | |
| | Transac | tion Reference | : | | | | |
| Block Identif | 21 | | ~ | | | | |
| NOCK IGENTI | Paymen | t Account ID | | | | | |
| pplication I | Field: | 50G | | * | Field/Subfield Name: | | |
| Service Ider | | | | | Account | v | + |
| T Identifier | | | | | | | Save |
| Session Num | nber | | | | | | |

Newly added entries for the Payment account ID are stored in the $\texttt{FSI}_T_\texttt{SWIFT}_CONF_ACCT_DTLS$ table.

| | 1 | [| | 1 | | |
|----|----------------|----------------|-------------------|---|--------------------------|---|
| • | • 🔒 🗁 💀 🔹 | ₹ ₹ C M | | 4 | ┋ 🔒 🔮 💼 ▾ 📕 ▾ 📲 | T |
| | N_SWIFT_MSG_ID | N_PRIORITY_ID | V_PAYMENT_ACCT_ID | | V_PAYMENT_ACCT_SUB_FIELD | |
| 1 | 50105 | 1 | 50A | | Account | • |
| 2 | 50105 | 2 | 50K | | Account | |
| 3 | 50107 | 1 | 50A(Sequence A) | | Account | |
| 4 | 50107 | 2 | 50K(Sequence A) | | Account | |
| 5 | 50115 | 1 | 50A(Sequence B) | | (Account) | |
| 6 | 50115 | 2 | 50K(Sequence B) | | (Account) | |
| 7 | 50101 | 1 | 50G | | Account | |
| 8 | 50113 | 1 | 50A(Sequence B) | | (Account) | |
| 9 | 50113 | 2 | 50K(Sequence B) | | (Account) | |
| 10 | 50103 | 1 | 50A(Sequence A) | | Account | |
| 11 | 50103 | 2 | 50K(Sequence A) | | Account | |
| 12 | 50109 | 1 | 50A(Sequence A) | | Account | |
| 13 | 50109 | 2 | 50K(Sequence A) | | Account | |
| 14 | 50111 | 1 | 50A | | Account | |

| Figure 46: FSI RT SWIFT CONF ACCT DTLS Tal | Figure 46: | lable |
|--|------------|-------|
|--|------------|-------|

6.2 <Message Type> Subfield Level Configuration Window

This window allows you to add a subfield to a field in the **Message Type Configuration** Window.

Figure 47: <Message Type> Subfield Level Configuration Window

| Message and Screen | ing Configurations | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|--|-------------|-------------|--------|-----|
| MT101 Subfield Le | evel Configuration | | | | | | < | > |
| Expression Identifier: | Must enter a unique identifier | Expression Name: Must enter a Name | me | Expression Description: Must enter description | otion | | | |
| Field: | * | Field/Subfield Name: | Ŧ | Subfield Expression Format & Occurrence: | | 1 | | ^ |
| | | | | | Add U | Update | Remove | Cle |
| | Expression ID | Expression Name | Expression Description | Field | Field/Subfi | ield Name | | |
| | EXPAMOUNTid | Amount | Transaction Amount | 32B | Currency/Tr | ransaction. | Amount | |
| | EXPCURRENCYid | Currency | Transaction Currency | 32B | Currency/Tr | ransaction | Amount | |

1. To add a subfield, provide the required values in the fields shown in the window and click Add

Add . Enter values in the following fields:

Table 14: Fields in the <Message Type> Subfield Level Configuration Window

| Fields | Field Description |
|------------------------|--|
| Expression Identifier | Enter a unique identifier. It must begin with an alpha character and must not contain any spaces. This is a mandatory field. |
| Expression Name | Enter a name for the expression. The name must be in capital letters. This is a mandatory field. |
| Expression Description | Enter a description for the Expression. This is a mandatory field. |
| Field | This field displays a complete list of fields in the drop-down for the given message type. Select the field from this drop-down field to configure the expression. |
| Field/Subfield Name | This field displays the respective field name or subfield options for the field that was previously selected. Select the subfield from the drop-down list. |

| Fields | Field Description |
|--|--|
| Subfield Expression Format & Occurrence | This field is populated when the Field is selected. Select an expression as it as or an element from that expression. You can also enter the number of occurrences for the expression within that message. By default, it is always 1. |
| Add button | To add a subfield, provide the required values in the fields shown above and click Add . |
| Update button | To update an existing subfield, click the name of the subfield. After you make the changes, click Update . |
| Remove button | To remove an existing subfield, click the name of the subfield and click Remove . |
| Clear button | To clear the data in these fields, click Clear . |

Table 14: Fields in the <Message Type> Subfield Level Configuration Window

- 2. To update an existing subfield, click the name of the subfield. After you make the changes, click **Update**.
- 3. To remove an existing subfield, click the name of the subfield and click **Remove**.
- 4. To clear the data in these fields, click **Clear**.

You can configure the subfield in two ways:

• By configuring the **subfield level data within the option** expression: Do this if you want to configure specific data within the expression.

For example, if field 57 has four options A, B, C, and D in MT103 message but you want to configure BIC (Identifier Code) from option A:

Option A:

| [/1!a][/34x] | (Party Identifier) |
|----------------|--------------------|
| 4!a2!a2!c[3!c] | (Identifier Code) |

You must enter the names in the **Subfield Expression Identifier**, **Subfield Name**, and **Subfield Description** fields.

• By configuring the element level data within the subfield expression: Do this if you want to further configure any data out of the subfield.

In this example, if you want to configure the country code for field 57, then you can configure 2! a from Identifier Code expression as a country code by giving unique names in the **Subfield Expression Identifier, Subfield Name**, and **Subfield Description** fields.

```
Option A:
[/1!a][/34x] (Party Identifier)
4!a 2!a 2!c[3!c] (Identifier Code)
```

6.3 <Message Type> Screening Configuration Window

This window allows you to add, update, remove, and enable or disable a web service.

| Message | and Screening Configurations | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------------------------|---------|---------------|----------------------|----|----------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| MT101 | Screening Configuration | | Screening web | oservice: Identifier | Ŧ | | | < > |
| Expressior | n (ID-Name): | Ŧ | (OR) | Field: | v | Field/Subfield Name: | | Ŧ |
| Enable: | | • | | Message Direction: | - | Jurisdiction : INDIA | | v |
| Business (| Domain: BranchA | Ŧ | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Add Update | Remove Enable All | Disable All |
| | Screening webservice | Express | ion ID | Expression Nar | ne | Field | Field/Subfield Name | |
| | Identifier | | | | | 50F[Format1] | | |
| | Identifier | | | | | 50H | | |
| | Identifier | | | | | 56D | | |
| | Identifier | | | | | 57D | | |
| | Identifier | | | | | 59 | | |
| | Identifier | | | | | 59F | | |
| | Identifier | | | | | 50F[Format2] | | |
| | Identifier | | | | | 50F[Format2] | | |
| | Identifier | | | | | 50F[Format1] | | |
| | Identifier | | | | | 50H | | |

Figure 48: <Message Type> Screening Configuration Window

To view a web service, enter values in the following fields:

Table 15: Fields in the <Message Type> Screening Configuration Window

| Fields | Field Description | |
|----------------------|---|--|
| Screening WebService | Select a screening web service from the drop-down list. This field lists all the supported matching web services in the Transaction Filtering application. The following web services are available: Identifier Country and City Goods Screening Name and Address Narrative or Free Text Information Port Screening The fields for all web services except Goods Screening are as shown here. For information on the fields for Goods Screening, see Fields for Goods Screening, see Fields for Goods Screening | |
| Expression (ID-Name) | Select an expression identifier. When you select an expression identifier, the values are populated in the Field and Field/Subfield Name fields. | |
| Field | Select the field name. | |
| Field/Subfield Name | Select the subfield name. This displays the expression. | |
| Enable | Select Yes to enable the web service. Select No to disable the web service. | |
| Message Direction | Select INBOUND(o) and OUTBOUND(i) based on the screening requirement from the drop-down list. If a field must be screened only for incoming messages, select inbound , else select outbound . If that field must be screened for both inbound and outbound, then select ANY . | |

| Fields | Field Description | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Jurisdiction | Select All to apply the Webservice for all jurisdictions or select the specific jurisdiction to apply the webservice for a specific jurisdiction. Use the kdd_jrsdcn table to configure the jurisdiction values. It has the following columns: JRSDCN_CD: Values must be unique. JRSDCN_NM: Actual jurisdiction name. JRSDCN_DSPLY_NM: Jurisdiction name displayed in the Message and Configurations screen. JRSDCN_DESC_TX: Optional field to adbusinesd descriptions for the jurisdictions. | | |
| Add button | To add a web service, provide the required values in the fields shown above and click Add . | | |
| Update button | To update a web service, select the web service that you want to update and click Update . | | |
| Remove button | To remove a web service, select the web service that you want to remove and click Remove . | | |
| Enable All button | To enable all web services, click Enable All Enable All . | | |
| Disable All button | To disable all web services, click Disable All | | |

| Table 15: | Fields in the <messa< th=""><th>ge Type> Screening</th><th>Configuration Window</th></messa<> | ge Type> Screening | Configuration Window |
|-----------|---|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | 50.760 00.000 | |

The fields you can use to configure the Goods web service are different from the fields you can use to configure the other web services. These fields are as shown:

Figure 49: Fields for Goods Web Services

| MT101 Screening Con | figuration | | Screening WebSe | rvice: | Goods S | creening |) | v | | | | | < > |
|---|-----------------------|---------|-----------------|--------|---------|----------|------------------------|----------------|----------|--------|--------|------------|-------------|
| Goods: | Expression Identifier | : | • | (OR |) | Tag: | | • | Field Na | me: | | | • |
| Import Country from: | Expression Identifier | : | • | (OR |) | Tag: | | • | Field Na | me: | | | • |
| Export Country to: | Expression Identifier | : | ~ | (OR | :) | Tag: | | | Field Na | me: | | | • |
| | Message Direction: | INBOUND | • | | | Enable: | Yes | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Add | Update | Remove | Enable All | Disable All |
| Input: (Expression Name: N/A, Tag Name: 59, Field Name: Name and Address) Import Country From: (Expression Name: 1//A, Tag Name: 59A, Field Name: Identifier Code) | | | | | | | Messege D Enable: Y | lirection: INE | OUND | | | | |

Import Country From: (Expression Name: N/A, Tag Name: 59A, Field Name: Identifier Code) Export Country To: (Expression Name: N/A, Tag Name: 59F, Field Name: Name and Address)

| Fields | Field Description |
|-----------------------|--|
| Expression Identifier | Select the Expression for the good. |
| Тад | Select the tag related to the good. Based on the tag selected, the field name is populated. |
| Field Name | The field name is populated based on the tag selected. |
| Message Direction | Select INBOUND(o) and OUTBOUND(i) based on the screening requirement from the drop-down list. If a field must be screened only for incoming messages, select inbound , else select outbound . If that field must be screened for both inbound and outbound, then select ANY . |
| Enable | Select Yes to enable the message in a direction. Select No to disable the message in a direction. |
| Add button | To add a web service, provide the required values in the fields shown above and click Add . |
| Update button | To update a web service, select the web service that you want to update and click Update . |
| Remove button | To remove a web service, select the web service that you want to remove and click Remove . |
| Enable All button | To enable all web services, click Enable All Enable All . |
| Disable All button | To disable all web services, click Disable All Disable All . |

Table 16: Fields in the Goods Web Service Window

6.3.1 Enabling or Disabling a Web Service

By default, every web service is enabled. You can change the message configuration by disabling a web service. When you do this, the selected web service is not evaluated.

To enable or disable one or more web services, replace the [WEBSERVICE_IDS] placeholder with the corresponding web service ID. The web services and the corresponding IDs are shown here:

Table 17: Web Services in Transaction Filtering

| Web Service | Web Service ID |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Name and Address | Name and Address |
| BIC | BIC |
| Country and City | Country and City |
| Narrative or Free Text Information | Narrative or Free Text Information |
| Port Screening | Port Screening |
| Goods Screening | Goods Screening |

To disable all the web services, replace the [WEBSERVICE_IDS] placeholder with 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 in the following command:

```
UPDATE FSI_RT_MATCH_SERVICE SET F_ENABLED = 'N' WHERE N_WEBSERVICE_ID IN ([WEBSERVICE IDS])
```

To enable all the web services, change **N** to **Y**.

6.3.2 Updating and Removing a Web Service

To update an existing web service, click the name of the web service. The fields are populated with the web service parameters. After you make the changes, click **Update**.

To remove an existing web service, click the name of the web service and click **Remove**.

6.3.3 Populating Data for the Trade Goods and Trade Port Web Services

Data for the Trade goods and Trade port web services are taken from a reference table. To populate data for these web services, do this:

- 1. In the EDQ Director menu, go to the Watch List Management project.
- 2. Right-click on the Reference Data Refresh job.
- 3. Click **Run**. Provide a unique run label and run profile.
- 4. When you run this job, the port and goods reference data are refreshed at the same time.
- 5. Go to the Transaction Filtering project.
- 6. Right-click on the MAIN-Shutdown Real-time Screening job to shut down all web services.
- 7. Click Run.
- 8. Right-click on the **MAIN** job to restart all web services.
- 9. Click Run.

6.4 <Message Type> Other Field/Subfield Configuration Window

This window allows you to update the other fields which are required for the application. It displays the list of fixed business data/names for the required fields to run the system for any given message type. You can select a business data value to mention the source for a given message type.

Figure 50: <Message Type> Other Field/Subfield Configuration Window

| MT101 Other Field | /Subfield Configuration | | | | | | | | | Subm | t < |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-------|----------------------|--------------|--------|------------|-----------|
| Generic Business Data | 2 | Ŧ | | Message Direct | ion: | v | | | | | |
| Expression (ID-Name): | | * | (OR) | Field: | | Ŧ | Field/Subfield Name: | | | | Ŧ |
| | | | | | | | | | Add | Update | Remove |
| | Generic Business Data: | 1 | Expression ID | | Expression Name | | Field | | Field/ | Subfield N | ame |
| | Amount | | EXPAI | MOUNTid | Am | nount | | | | | |
| | Beneficiary Address | | | | | | | 59 | | Nam | e and Ad |
| | Beneficiary IBAN/Account/Identifier | | | | | | | 59A | | | Ad |
| | Currency | | EXPCUR | RENCYid | Curr | ency | | | | | |
| | Message Identifier | | | | | | | 20 | | Send | er's Refe |
| | Originator Address | | | | | | | 50F[Format1] | | Nam | e and A |
| | Originator Address | | | | | | | 50F[Format2] | | Nam | e and A |
| | Originator Address | | | | | | | 50H | | Nam | e and |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

To update the parameter, click the parameter name. The fields are populated with the field parameters. The following fields are displayed in this window:

Table 18: Fields in the <Message Type> Other Field/Subfield Configuration Window

| Fields | Field Description |
|-----------------------|--|
| Generic Business Data | This field displays the Business Name of the record that is selected. It is mandatory to configure this field. If the message contains one or more of the B, C, D, or E sequences, you must configure the field with the first tag of the sequence according to the SWIFT standard. |
| Message Direction | Select INBOUND(o) and OUTBOUND(i) based on the screening requirement from the drop-down list. If a field must be screened only for incoming messages, select inbound , else select outbound . If that field must be screened for both inbound and outbound, then select ANY . |
| Expression (ID-Name) | Select an expression identifier. When you select an expression identifier, the values are populated in the Field and Field/Subfield Name fields. |
| Field | Select the field name. |
| Field/Subfield Name | Select the Subfield Name. This displays the Expression. |
| Add button | To add a web service, provide the required values in the fields shown above and click Add ^{Add} . |
| Update button | To update a web service, select the web service that you want to update and click Update . |

| Fields | Field Description |
|---------------|---|
| Remove button | To remove a web service, select the web service that you want to remove |
| | and click Remove . |

Table 18: Fields in the <Message Type> Other Field/Subfield Configuration Window

After you make the changes, click **Update**.

Configuring the Fedwire Message Parameters

To configure the message and screening parameters, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the **Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering** landing page.
- 2. Click **FEDWIRE Configuration Admin**. The **Message and Screening Configurations** tab is displayed.

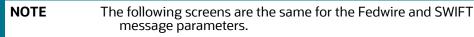


Figure 51: Message and Screening Configurations tab for Fedwire

| Message and Screening Config | urations | | |
|------------------------------|------------|--|--------------------|
| Message Type Configuratio | n | | |
| FDBTR1002 | Add/Update | Reference Configuration | Save |
| | | | Expression dd |
| Text Block | | | |
| 1100 | М | Message Disposition | 2!n1!c1r1!c |
| 1110 | Μ | Receipt Time Stamp | 4!n4!n4!c |
| 1120 | Μ | Output Message Accountability Data | 8!n8!c6!n4!n4!n4!c |
| 1130 | 0 | Error | 1!c3!c35r |
| 1500 | М | Sender Supplied Information | 2!n8!c1!c1!c |
| 1510 | М | Type/Subtype | 2!n2!n |
| 1520 | М | Input Cycle Date/Input Source/Input Sequer | 8!n8!c6!n |
| 2000 | М | Amount | 12!n |

NOTE

7

The text block tag 8200 (Unstructured Addenda Structure) is added as an optional tag to FDBTR and FDCTP message types for the release 8.1.2.2.

This tab has the following windows:

- Message Type Configuration Window
- <Message Type> Subfield Level Configuration Window
- <Message Type> Screening Configuration Window
- <Message Type> Other Field/Subfield Configuration Window

7.1 Message Type Configuration Window

This window allows you to edit the status, field names, and expressions of the different JSON parameters in the message.

In the Message Type Configuration field, select the Fedwire message category.

The following image shows a sample Fedwire message:

Figure 52: Sample Fedwire Message

```
{1100]02P 7{1110]03082108FT01[1120]20060309B6B0072D00000103082108FT01[1500]30QWERTYUIPP[1510]1002[1520]20200317CTRFULLC000156[2000]00001234567[3100]123456789IRAN
DEVOTIONAL*(3220)IPE1030800065862[3400]123456789RIHS IVORY COASTS SOMALLA*(3500)PREMSGIDENTIFIER[3600]BTR[4000]BSIIBSYDA*SYRIA INTERNATIONAL ISLAMIC BANK
*****(4100)D121149*MELLI BANKAS*Panis*FRANCE**{4200}D123436656*MELLI BANKAS*Panis*FRANCE**{4220}D123456789IRAN
Saba*San Antonio Texas 78207**(5100]BB0FAUS3N*COOPER&PRICE MANAGEMENT MANULIFE *PLAZA ROOM 120:-05 12TH FLOOR*THE HK,HONG
KONC**{(5200)CCHIPSParticipant*Name*Address1*Address2*46dress2*{G000}YOUR INVOICE OFF-0506-7450*****{(6100}ROUTING NO
026005322*****{(6210)ITERTENDETAILS******{(6210)ILTERTERDETAILS*****{(6310)ITUNOICE OFF-0506-7450*****{(6310)ITGRWERTYUIOP*****{(6400]L/C NO.CR2016/151479 YR.
RE**RCI/FB0L/151479****{(6410)ITLETTERDETAILS*****{(6400)CHECK123456*{$00CHECK123456******
```

Each message type has a Text Block. The fields in the Text Block may change depending on the message type.

Figure 53: Message and Screening Configurations tab for Fedwire

| Message and Screening Configu | urations | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|--|--------------------|
| Message Type Configuration | 1 | | |
| FDBTR1002 | Add/Update | Reference Configuration | Save |
| | | | Expression dd |
| Text Block | | | |
| 1100 | М | Message Disposition | 2!n1!c1r1!c |
| 1110 | М | Receipt Time Stamp | 4!n4!n4!c |
| 1120 | М | Output Message Accountability Data | 8!n8!c6!n4!n4!n4!c |
| 1130 | 0 | Error | 1!c3!c35r |
| 1500 | М | Sender Supplied Information | 2!n8!c1!c1!c |
| 1510 | М | Type/Subtype | 2!n2!n |
| 1520 | М | Input Cycle Date/Input Source/Input Sequer | 8!n8!c6!n |
| 2000 | М | Amount | 12!n |

In this figure, the first column lists all the message identifiers for the Fedwire message category. The other columns are:

- Status: This column mentions whether the field is Mandatory (M) or Optional (O).
- FieldName: This column describes the name of the given field as per Fedwire standards.
- **Expression**: This column depicts the field structure in terms of expression. For example, if the field is a data type, then the maximum length of the field is displayed.

To edit a parameter, click the parameter name. After you make the changes, click Save.

7.1.1 Adding or Updating a New Message Type

To add or update an existing message type, follow these steps:

- 1. Click Add/Update. The Attachment Details window is displayed.
- 2. Select the type of message that you want to add or update from the drop-down list.

| Figure 54. Attachine | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------|------------|
| Attachment Details | | | | | × |
| FDBTR1002 👻 | | Select file to upload: Choo | se File No file | e chosen | |
| | | Uplo | ad Submit | | |
| | Status | | | | Field Name |
| No items to display. | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Figure 54: Attachment Details Window

3. To upload an attachment, click **Choose File** Choose File. You can upload only one attachment at a time.

NOTE

This file must be of the format .json or .txt.

- 4. Click Upload.
- 5. Click **Submit**. The message is displayed in the following table as <Message Type_draft>.

For information on the JSON structure, see Structure of a JSON.

7.1.2 Configuring Message and Transaction References

Any message which contains message references or transaction references, or both, must be configured. To view and change the message reference or transaction reference, click **Reference Configuration**.

Figure 55: Reference Configuration Window

For the **Message Reference** field, a unique identifier must be configured at the message level for all message categories. For the Transaction Reference field, a unique identifier must be configured at the transaction level only if applicable for the specific message category.

7.2 <Message Type> Subfield Level Configuration Window

This window allows you to add a subfield to a field in the **Message Type Configuration** Window.

| FDBTR1002 Subfield Level Configuration | | | | | | < | > |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|--|-----|----------|--------------|------|
| Expression Identifier: | Expression Name: | Exi | pression Description: | | | | |
| Must enter a unique identifie | Must enter a Name | M | lust enter description | | | | |
| Field: | Field/Subfield Name: | ▼ Sul | Subfield Expression Format & Occurrence: | | | | |
| | | | | Add | Update | Remove | Cle |
| Expression ID | Expression Name | Expression Description | Field | | Field/ | Subfield Nar | ne |
| EXPAMOUNTId | Amount | Transaction Amount | 328 | 3 | Currency | /Transaction | Amou |
| EXPANOUNTIO | | | | | | | |

Figure 56: <Message Type> Subfield Level Configuration Window

1. To add a subfield, provide the required values in the fields shown in the window and click Add

Add . Enter values in the following fields:

Table 19: Fields in the <Message Type> Subfield Level Configuration Window

| Fields | Field Description |
|--|--|
| Expression Identifier | Enter a unique identifier. It must begin with an alpha character and must not contain any spaces. This is a mandatory field. |
| Expression Name | Enter a name for the expression. The name must be in capital letters. This is a mandatory field. |
| Expression Description | Enter a description for the Expression. This is a mandatory field. |
| Field | This field displays a complete list of fields in the drop-down for the given message type. Select the field from this drop-down field to configure the expression. |
| Field/Subfield Name | This field displays the respective field name or subfield options for the field that was previously selected. Select the subfield from the drop-down list. |
| Subfield Expression Format & Occurrence | This field is populated when the Field is selected. Select an expression as it as or an element from that expression. You can also enter the number of occurrences for the expression within that message. By default, it is always 1. |
| Add button | To add a subfield, provide the required values in the fields shown above and click Add . |
| Update button | To update an existing subfield, click the name of the subfield. After you make the changes, click Update . |
| Remove button | To remove an existing subfield, click the name of the subfield and click Remove . |
| Clear button | To clear the data in these fields, click Clear . |

You can configure the subfield in two ways:

• By configuring the **subfield level data within the option** expression: Do this if you want to configure specific data within the expression.

For example, if 1100 has four options A, B, C, and D in the FDBTR1002 message but you want to configure BIC (Identifier Code) from option A:

Option A: [/1!a][/34x] (Party Identifier) 4!a2!a2!c[3!c] (Identifier Code)

You must enter the names in the **Subfield Expression Identifier**, **Subfield Name**, and **Subfield Description** fields.

 By configuring the element level data within the subfield expression: Do this if you want to further configure any data out of the subfield.

1.In this example, if you want to configure the country code for field 57, then you can configure 2! a from Identifier Code expression as a country code by giving unique names in the **Subfield Expression Identifier**, **Subfield Name**, and **Subfield Description** fields.

Option A: [/1!a][/34x] (Party Identifier) 4!a 2!a 2!c[3!c] (Identifier Code)

7.1 <Message Type> Screening Configuration Window

This window allows you to add, update, remove, and enable or disable a web service.

| Message | and Screening Configurations | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------------------------------|---------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|--------|------------|-----------------|
| FDBTR | 1002 Screening Configuration | Scr | eening webser | vice: BIC | | v | | | | < > |
| Expression | n (ID-Name): | v | (OR) Fiel | ld: | | Field/Su | bfield Name: | | • | |
| Enable: | | V | Mes | ssage Direction: | | Jurisdic All | tion : | | • | v |
| | | | | | | Add | Update | Remove | Enable All | Disable All |
| | Screening webservice | Express | ion ID | | Expression Name | | Field | | Fie | eld/Subfield Na |
| | BIC | | | | | | | 4000 | | |
| | BIC | | | | | | | 4100 | | |
| | BIC | | | | | | | 4200 | | |
| | BIC | | | | | | | 5000 | | |
| | BIC | | | | | | | 5100 | | |
| | BIC | | | | | | | 5200 | | |

Figure 57: < Message Type> Screening Configuration Window

To view a web service, enter values in the following fields:

| Table 20: I | Fields in the <message< th=""><th>Type> Screening</th><th>Configuration Window</th></message<> | Type> Screening | Configuration Window |
|-------------|--|---------------------------|----------------------|
|-------------|--|---------------------------|----------------------|

| Fields | Field Description | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Select a screening web service from the drop-down list. This field lists all the supported matching web services in the Transaction Filtering application. The following web services are available: • BIC | | | | | | |
| | Country and City | | | | | | |
| Screening WebService | Goods Screening | | | | | | |
| 0 | Name and Address | | | | | | |
| | Narrative or Free Text Information | | | | | | |
| | Port Screening | | | | | | |
| | The fields for all web services except Goods Screening are as shown here. For information on the fields for Goods Screening, see . | | | | | | |
| Expression (ID-Name) | Select an expression identifier. When you select an expression identifier, the values are populated in the Field and Field/Subfield Name fields. | | | | | | |
| Field | Select the field name. | | | | | | |
| Field/Subfield Name | Select the subfield name. This displays the expression. | | | | | | |
| Enable | Select Yes to enable the web service. Select No to disable the web service. | | | | | | |
| Message Direction | Select INBOUND(o) and OUTBOUND(i) based on the screening require- ment from the drop-down list. If a field must be screened only for incom- ing messages, select inbound , else select outbound . If that field must be screened for both inbound and outbound, then select ANY . | | | | | | |
| | Select All to apply the Webservice for all jurisdictions or select the specific jurisdiction to apply the webservice for a specific jurisdiction. | | | | | | |
| | Use the kdd_jrsdcn table to configure the jurisdiction values. It has the following columns: | | | | | | |
| luuia di ati a a | JRSDCN_CD: Values must be unique. | | | | | | |
| Jurisdiction | JRSDCN_NM: Actual jurisdiction name. | | | | | | |
| | JRSDCN_DSPLY_NM: Jurisdiction name displayed in the Mes- sage and Configurations screen. | | | | | | |
| | JRSDCN_DESC_TX: Optional field to add descriptions for the jurisdictions. | | | | | | |
| | To add a web service, provide the required values in the fields shown | | | | | | |
| Add button | above and click Add Add . | | | | | | |
| | To update a web service, select the web service that you want to update | | | | | | |
| Update button | and click Update | | | | | | |
| Deve even havet | To remove a web service, select the web service that you want to remove | | | | | | |
| Remove button | and click Remove . | | | | | | |

| Fields | Field Description |
|--------------------|--|
| Enable All button | To enable all web services, click Enable All Enable All |
| Disable All button | To disable all web services, click Disable All |

Table 20: Fields in the <Message Type> Screening Configuration Window

The fields you can use to configure the Goods web service are different from the fields you can use to configure the other web services. These fields are as shown:

Figure 58: Fields for Goods Web Services

| MT101 Screening Conf | figuration | Scre | ening WebSer | vice: | Goods Screenir | ıg | • | | | | | < > |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------------|-------|----------------|-----|---|-----------------------------|-----------|--------|------------|-------------|
| Goods: | Expression Identifier | : | • | (OR) | Tag: | | • | Field Name: | | | | • |
| Import Country from: | Expression Identifier | : | • | (OR) | Tag: | | • | Field Name: | | | | • |
| Export Country to: | Expression Identifie | : | • | (OR) | Tag: | | • | Field Name: | | | | • |
| | Message Direction: | INBOUND | • | | Enable: | Yes | • | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | Add U | Jpdate | Remove | Enable All | Disable All |
| Import Country From: (| Expression Name: N/A | eld Name: Name and Address Tag Name: 59A, Field Name g Name: 59F, Field Name: Na | : Identifier Code) |) | | | | Messege Direct Enable: Y | tion: INB | DUND | | |

| Fields | Field Description |
|-----------------------|---|
| Expression Identifier | Select the Expression for the good. |
| Тад | Select the tag related to the good. Based on the tag selected, the field name is populated. |
| Field Name | The field name is populated based on the tag selected. |
| Message Direction | Select INBOUND(o) and OUTBOUND(i) based on the screening require- ment from the drop-down list. If a field must be screened only for incom- ing messages, select inbound , else select outbound . If that field must be screened for both inbound and outbound, then select ANY . |
| Enable | Select Yes to enable the message in a direction. Select No to disable the message in a direction. |
| Add button | To add a web service, provide the required values in the fields shown above and click Add Add. |
| Update button | To update a web service, select the web service that you want to update and click Update . |
| Remove button | To remove a web service, select the web service that you want to remove and click Remove . |
| Enable All button | To enable all web services, click Enable All Enable All |
| Disable All button | To disable all web services, click Disable All |

Table 21: Fields in the Goods Web Service Window

7.1.1 Enabling or Disabling a Web Service

By default, every web service is enabled. You can change the message configuration by disabling a web service. When you do this, the selected web service is not evaluated.

To enable or disable one or more web services, replace the [WEBSERVICE_IDS] placeholder with the corresponding web service ID. The web services and the corresponding IDs are shown here:

| Table 22: Web Services used in Tran | saction Filtering |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|

| Web Service | Web Service ID |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Name and Address | Name and Address |
| BIC | BIC |
| Country and City | Country and City |
| Narrative or Free Text Information | Narrative or Free Text Information |
| Port Screening | Port Screening |
| Goods Screening | Goods Screening |

To disable all the web services, replace the [WEBSERVICE_IDS] placeholder with 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 in the following command:

UPDATE FSI_RT_MATCH_SERVICE SET F_ENABLED = 'N' WHERE N_WEBSERVICE_ID IN ([WEBSERVICE IDS])

To enable all the web services, change **N** to **Y**.

7.1.2 Updating and Removing a Web Service

To update an existing web service, click the name of the web service. The fields are populated with the web service parameters. After you make the changes, click **Update**.

To remove an existing web service, click the name of the web service and click **Remove**.

7.1.3 Populating Data for the Trade Goods and Trade Port Web Services

Data for the Trade goods and Trade port web services are taken from a reference table. To populate data for these web services, do this:

- 1. In the **EDQ Director** menu, go to the **Watch List Management** project.
- 2. Right-click on the Reference Data Refresh job.
- 3. Click **Run**. Provide a unique run label and run profile.
- 4. When you run this job, the port and goods reference data are refreshed at the same time.
- 5. Go to the Transaction Filtering project.
- 6. Right-click on the **MAIN-Shutdown Real-time Screening** job to shut down all web services.
- 7. Click Run.
- 8. Right-click on the **MAIN** job to restart all web services.
- 9. Click Run.

7.2 <Message Type> Other Field/Subfield Configuration Window

This window allows you to update the other fields which you can configure in the application. It displays the list of fixed business data/names for the required fields to run the system for any given message type. You can select a business data value to mention the source for a given message type.

| Figure 59: | Other Field/Subfield Configuration Window | |
|------------|---|--|
|------------|---|--|

| FDBTR1002 Othe | er Field/Subfield Configuration | | | | | | | | | Submi | t < |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|----|-------------|---------|------------|---------|----------------------|------|-------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| Generic Business Dat | a: | Ψ. | | Message | Direction: | Ŧ | | | | | |
| Expression (ID-Name) | : | | (OR) | Field: | | v | Field/Subfield Name: | | | | v |
| | | | | | | | | | Add | Update | Remove |
| | Generic Business Data: | E | pression ID | | Expressi | on Name | Field | | Field | d/Subfield N | lame |
| | Originator BIC | | | | | | | 5000 | | | Iden |
| | Originator IBAN/Account/Identifier | | | | | | | 5000 | | | Iden |
| | Originator Address | | | | | | | 5000 | | Nam | e and add |
| | Beneficiary IBAN/Account/Identifier | | | | | | | 4200 | | | Iden |
| | Beneficiary Address | | | | | | | 4200 | | Nam | e and add |
| | Beneficiary BIC | | | | | | | 4200 | | | Iden |
| | Message Identifier | | | | | | | 3320 | | | der Refere |
| | Requested Execution Date | | | | | | | 1520 | Input Cycle Da Sequence Nu | ate/Input Se mber | ource/Input |
| | Amount | | | | | | | 2000 | | | Ame |

To update the parameter, click the parameter name. The fields are populated with the field parameters. The following fields are displayed in this window:

| Fields | Field Description |
|-----------------------|---|
| | This field displays the business name of the record that is selected. It is mandatory to configure this field. |
| Generic Business Data | If the message contains one or more of the B, C, D, or E sequences, you must configure the field with the first tag of the sequence according to the Fedwire standard. |
| Message Direction | Select INBOUND(o) and OUTBOUND(i) based on the screening require- ment from the drop-down list. If a field must be screened only for incom- ing messages, select inbound, else select outbound. If that field must be screened for both inbound and outbound, then select ANY. |
| Expression (ID-Name) | Select an expression identifier. When you select an expression identifier, the values are populated in the Field and Field/Subfield Name fields. |
| Field | Select the field name. |
| Field/Subfield Name | Select the Subfield Name. This displays the Expression. |
| | To add a web service, provide the required values in the fields shown |
| Add button | above and click Add . |
| Lindata buttan | To update a web service, select the web service that you want to update |
| Update button | and click Update . |
| Dama una huttara | To remove a web service, select the web service that you want to remove |
| Remove button | and click Remove . |

Table 23: Fields in the <Message Type> Other Field/Subfield Configuration Window

After you make the changes, click **Update**.

8 Configurations for ISO20022 Message Parameters

This chapter explains how to configure the parameters for the ISO20022 message category. The **Configuration** window allows you to view the elements associated with an XSD file after you upload the file. The elements are displayed in a tree structure. You must provide the transaction XPath before submitting the file. After the file is submitted, you can view the elements associated with a specific web service and define the XPath priority. This XSD file can be downloaded again. The **Run** page has information on the different tasks associated with the ISO20022 batch.

| NOTE The XPath of an element is the logical structure or hierarchy of the element within the XSD file. | NOTE |
|---|------|
|---|------|

8.1 Configuring the ISO20022 Message Parameters

To configure the ISO20022 message parameters, follow these steps:

1. On the **Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering** landing page, click **ISO20022/XML Configuration Admin**. The **Configuration** window is displayed.

Figure 60: Configuration Window - ISO20022

| lessage Provider | Select a Message Provider | Message Scheme Select a Message | e Scheme 🛛 🔻 | Message Type Sele | ect a Message Type |
|------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| | | | | Search | Refresh |
| Message Lis | t (10) | | | Add Message | Remove Message |
| Message Provider | | Message Type | Message Version | DownLoad XSD | |
| ISO20022 | SEPA Credit Transfer | Customer Credit Transfer Initiation | pain.001.001.08 | _ | |
| 15020022 | SEPA Credit Transfer | FI to FI Customer Credit Transfer | pacs.008.001.07 | _ | |
| 15020022 | SEPA Direct Debit | Payment Return | pain.001.001.08_Draft | _ | |
| ISO20022 | SEPA Credit Transfer | Resolution of Investigation | pain.001.001.08_Draft | | |
| ISO20022 | | Resolution of Investigation | pain.001.001.08_Draft | _ | |
| ISO20022 | | Negative/Positive Response: Resolution of Investigation | pain.001.001.08_Draft | | |
| ISO20022 | | Financial Institution Credit Transfer | pacs.008.001.02 | | |
| ISO20022 | | Financial Institution Credit Transfer | pacs.008.001.02_Draft | | |
| EPC | | Financial Institution Credit Transfer | pacs.008.001.07_Draft | 1 | |
| ISO20022 | | Customer to Bank Payment Reversal | pain.001.001.08 Draft | A | |

The Message List displays the XSD files associated with each message provider /scheme/message type combination. Click the link in the **Message Provider** column to view the transaction XPaths for the message for every screening type. You can download the XSD for a message by

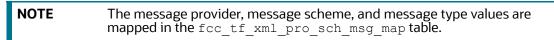
clicking **Download** \bowtie in the **Download XSD** column. The XSD is downloaded as a zip folder; unzip the folder to view the XSD files.

2. To upload a new XSD file, click Add Message. An Attachment Details dialog box opens.

Figure 61: Add Message Dialog Box

| Add Message | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|
| * Message Provider | ISO20022 | Message Scheme | Select a Message Scheme 🛛 🔻 | * Message Type | Resolution of Investigation v |
| * Select File to Upload | t | * Select Primary Message | pacs.008.001.02.xsd | Upload | |
| XPath Configuration | | | | | |
| Batch | 1: | | | | |
| * Transaction | 1: | | | | |
| | | | | | Submit |

3. Select the message provider and message type for the web service. If required, you can also select the message scheme. If you select a message scheme, then the message types change depending on the selected combination of the message provider and message scheme.



4. To upload the parent XSD file and one or more child XSD files, click Upload and select the XSD file from your local drive. After you select the file and click Open, the XSD file name appears next to the Upload button. Select the radio button next to the primary file name and click Upload. A confirmation message appears, "File uploaded successfully." The basic elements related to the uploaded file appear in a tree view.

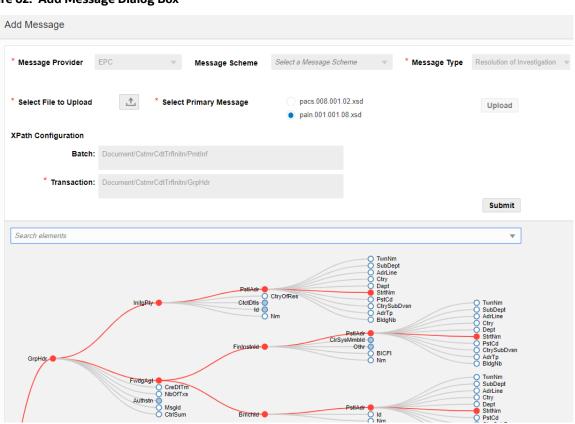


Figure 62: Add Message Dialog Box

If you want to see the XPath of an element, select the element from the drop-down field. In the example window, the XPath for the StrNm element is highlighted in red.

To choose the Batch XPath or the Transaction XPath of the element, right-click any element node in the Tree view and click **Batch** or **Transaction** respectively. The values appear in the tree view. It is mandatory to select the **Transaction XPath Configuration** before you submit the uploaded files.

| NOTE | To view the child elements for a parent element, mouse over the parent |
|------|---|
| | element and click the parent element in the Tree view. If Zero is displayed beside the element name, it means that there are no more child elements you can drill down to. |

5. Click **Submit**. The ISO20022 parameter name appears in the **Message List** section with **_Draft** attached to the parameter name.

Figure 63: Message List Window

| Message List (1) | D) | | |
|------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Message Provider | Message Scheme | Message Type | Message Version |
| ISO20022 | SEPA Credit Transfer | Customer Credit Transfer Initiation | pain.001.001.08 |
| SO20022 | SEPA Credit Transfer | FI to FI Customer Credit Transfer | pacs.008.001.07 |
| ISO20022 | SEPA Direct Debit | Payment Return | pain.001.001.08 Draf |

6. Navigate to **ISO20022/XML Configuration Admin** in the Admin UI. To complete the configuration, click the message provider link. The **XML Screening Configuration** tab is displayed.

| Figure 64: | Message List Window |
|------------|---------------------|
|------------|---------------------|

| Screening Type | Name and Address | | | | | | < |
|--------------------|--|--------|-----|--------|--------|------------|-------------|
| | | | Add | Update | Remove | Enable All | Disable Al |
| Screening XPath | XPath Configuration List (33) | Enable | | | | Messag | e Direction |
| Document/CstmrC | dtTrfInitn/GrpHdr/InitgPty | Yes | | | | ANY | |
| Document/CstmrC | dtTrflnitn/PmtInf/Dbtr | Yes | | | | ANY | |
| Document/CstmrC | dtTrflnitn/PmtInf/UltmtDbtr | Yes | | | | ANY | |
| Document/CstmrC | dtTrflnitn/PmtInf/CdtTrfTxInf/UltmtDbtr | Yes | | | | ANY | |
| Document/CstmrC | dtTrflnitn/PmtInf/CdtTrfTxInf/Cdtr | Yes | | | | ANY | |
| Document/CstmrC | dtTrflnitn/PmtInf/CdtTrfTxInf/UltmtCdtr | Yes | | | | ANY | |
| Document/CstmrC | dtTrflnitn/PmtInf/CdtTrfTxInf/RmtInf/Strd/Invcr | Yes | | | | ANY | |
| Document/CstmrC | dtTrflnitn/PmtInf/CdtTrfTxInf/RmtInf/Strd/Invcee | Yes | | | | ANY | |
| Document/CstmrC | dtTrflnitn/GrpHdr/InitgPty/CtctDtls | Yes | | | | ANY | |
| Document/CstmrC | dtTrflnitn/PmtInf/Dbtr/CtctDtIs | Yes | | | | ANY | |

In this tab, you can view the details of the element XPaths available for the selected web service. You can also perform the following actions:

| То | Do this | | | | | |
|---|--|-----|--|--|--|--|
| | Click Add . The following fields appear: | | | | | |
| | Figure 65: Add a web service configuration Add Update Remove Enable All Disable All Screening XPath Configuration List (0) XPath Enable Message Direction No data to display. No data to display. No data to display. | | | | | |
| | * Message Direction: INBOUND * Enable: No BIC: Document/CstmrCdtTrflnitn × | | | | | |
| | Tree | | | | | |
| Add a web service configu- ration | Select the message direction and enable or disable the web service and | đ | | | | |
| | click Save . Clicking Clear clears any values selected. If you click Cance the fields disappear. In the Tree view, right-click any element node and click the element to view the element's XPath. The fields appear in the Screening XPath Configuration List section. | el, | | | | |
| | Figure 66: Add a web service configuration - tree | | | | | |
| | view Screening XPath Configuration List (1) | | | | | |
| | XPath Enable Message Direction | | | | | |
| | Document No INBOUND | | | | | |
| Update a web service con- figuration | Select the configuration you want to update and click Update . The field shown in the previous row appear. Make the required changes and click Save . The updated values are displayed in the Screening XPath Configuration List section. | k | | | | |
| Remove a web service con- figuration | Select the configuration you want to remove and click Remove . The selected configuration is removed from the Screening XPath Configuration List section. | g- | | | | |

Table 24: Other Actions

Table 24: Other Actions

| То | Do this |
|---|----------------------------|
| Enable all web service con- figurations | Click Enable All. |
| Disable all web service con- figurations | Click Disable All . |

 Navigate to ISO20022/XML Configuration Admin in the Admin UI and click the message provider link. To add the screening configuration of External Attribute, select the Attributes under the Screening External Attribute Configuration list. The Screening External Attribute Configuration list is displayed.

Figure 67: External Attribute List Window

| Screening External Attribute Configuration List (2) | | | | | Remove | Enable All | Disable All |
|---|--------|-------------------|--|------|----------------|------------|-------------|
| Attribute | Enable | Message Direction | | | | | |
| AdditionalAttribute3 | Ν | INBOUND | | | | | |
| AdditionalAttribute5 | Ν | INBOUND | | | | | |
| | | | | Page | 1 of 1 (1-2 of | 2 items) K | к (1) |

In this tab, you can view the details of the attribute name, enable status, and message direction details. You can also perform the following actions:

NOTE

The **Add** button will only appear when the user configures the FCC_TF_XML_EXTERNAL_ATTR and FCC_TF_XML_EXTERNAL_ATTR_MLS tables. Refer the following examples.

Example: 1

To configure FCC_TF_XML_EXTERNAL_ATTR table, run the following query similar way in your atomic schema:

REM INSERTING into FCC TF XML EXTERNAL attr

SET DEFINE OFF;

Insert into FCC_TF_XML_EXTERNAL_attr (N_ID,V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME) values
(1,'AdditionalAttribute1');

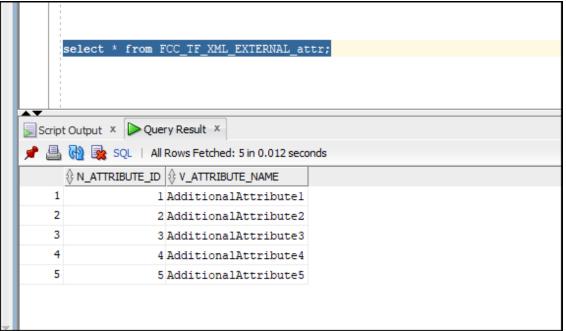
Insert into FCC_TF_XML_EXTERNAL_attr (N_ID,V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME) values
(2,'AdditionalAttribute2');

Insert into FCC_TF_XML_EXTERNAL_attr (N_ID,V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME) values
(3,'AdditionalAttribute3');

```
Insert into FCC_TF_XML_EXTERNAL_attr (N_ID,V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME) values
(4,'AdditionalAttribute4');
```

```
Insert into FCC_TF_XML_EXTERNAL_attr (N_ID,V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME) values
(5,'AdditionalAttribute5');
```

Figure 68: Example 1



Example: 2

To configure FCC_TF_XML_EXTERNAL_ATTR_MLS table, run the following query similar way in your atomic schema:

REM INSERTING into FCC TF XML EXTERNAL attr MLS

SET DEFINE OFF;

```
Insert into FCC_TF_XML_EXTERNAL_attr_MLS
(N_ID,V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME,V_LOCALE_CODE) values
(1,'AdditionalAttribute1','en US');
```

```
Insert into FCC_TF_XML_EXTERNAL_attr_MLS
(N_ID,V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME,V_LOCALE_CODE) values
(2,'AdditionalAttribute2','en_US');
```

```
Insert into FCC_TF_XML_EXTERNAL_attr_MLS
(N_ID,V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME,V_LOCALE_CODE) values
(3,'AdditionalAttribute3','en US');
```

```
Insert into FCC_TF_XML_EXTERNAL_attr_MLS
(N_ID,V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME,V_LOCALE_CODE) values
(4,'AdditionalAttribute4','en US');
```

```
Insert into FCC_TF_XML_EXTERNAL_attr_MLS
(N_ID,V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME,V_LOCALE_CODE) values
(5,'AdditionalAttribute5','en US');
```

Figure 69: Example 2

| · · · · | gure 07. Example 2 | | | |
|---------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|--|
| | | | | |
| | select * from E | CC_TF_XML_EXTERNAL_at | ttr_MLS; | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | 1 | | | |
| | pt Output 🗴 Þ Que | ry Result × | | |
| 📌 🚇 | 🜡 🔂 🈹 SQL All | Rows Fetched: 5 in 0.024 seco | onds | |
| | N_ATTRIBUTE_ID | <pre>V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME</pre> | V_LOCALE_CODE | |
| 1 | 1 1 | AdditionalAttributel | en_US | |
| 2 | 2 2 | AdditionalAttribute2 | en_US | |
| 3 | 3 3 | AdditionalAttribute3 | en_US | |
| 4 | 4 4 | AdditionalAttribute4 | en_US | |
| 5 | 5 5 | AdditionalAttribute5 | en_US | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

The following table describes how to take additional actions.

Table 25: Other Actions

| То | Do this |
|---|--|
| | Click Add . The following fields appear: Figure 70: Add an External Attribute configuration |
| Add an external attribute configuration | Screening External Attribute Configuration List (2) Add Update Remove External Attribute Configuration List (2) Activity Exactly Message Direction Activity It is a control It is a control Message Direction It is a control It is a control Message Direction It is a control It is a control Message Direction It is a control It is a control Message Direction It is a control It is a control Select the message direction and enable or disable the web service and click Save. Clicking Clear clears any values selected. If you click Cancel, the fields disappear. |
| Update a web service con- figuration | Select the configuration you want to update and click Update . The fields shown in the previous row appear. Make the required changes and click Save . The updated values are displayed in the Screening External Attribute Configuration List section. |
| Remove a web service con- figuration | Select the configuration you want to remove and click Remove . The selected configuration is removed from the Screening External Attri-bute Configuration List section. |
| Enable all web service con- figurations | Click Enable All. |
| Disable all web service con- figurations | Click Disable All . |

1. After configuring the External Attributes, give the following attribute names (Same attribute names which are populated in the above tables) in message posting jsp.

Example: SanctionsPost.jsp

| <pre>String AdditionalAttribute1 = request.getParameter("AdditionalAttribute1");</pre> |
|--|
| <pre>String AdditionalAttribute2 = request.getParameter("AdditionalAttribute2");</pre> |
| <pre>String AdditionalAttribute3 = request.getParameter("AdditionalAttribute3");</pre> |
| <pre>String AdditionalAttribute4 = request.getParameter("AdditionalAttribute4");</pre> |
| <pre>String AdditionalAttribute5 = request.getParameter("AdditionalAttribute5");</pre> |
| |

2. To view the message tag configurations for a field, click the **XML Message Configuration** tab.

Figure 71: XML Message Configuration Tab

| ML Screening Configuration | XML Message Configuration | | | | |
|--|---------------------------|------------------|-----|------------------------|------------------|
| lessage Tag Configuration | | | | < | Submit |
| | | | - | | |
| Message Tag Conf | iguration List (2) | | Add | Update | Remove |
| Message Tag Conf Message Tag Field Name | 2.1910-1.7e.11.1/ | Priority 2 Xpath | | Update ge Direction | Remove Enable |
| | Priority 1 Xpath | Priority 2 Xpath | | ge Direction | |

You can also perform the following actions:

| То | Do this | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|---------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--|
| | Click Add . The following fields appear: | | | | | | |
| | Figure 72: Add a message configuration | | | | | | |
| | XML Screening Configuration XML Message Configuration | | | | | | |
| | Message Tag Configuration | | | | < Submit | | |
| | Message Tag Configuration List (2) | | | | Add Update Remove | | |
| | Message Tag Field Name | Message Tag Field Name Priority 1 Xpath Priority 2 Xpath | | | Message Direction Enable | | |
| | Batch Reference | Docume | nt/CstmrCyOfRes | Document/CstmrCdtTrfIn | itn/P INBOUND | Ν | |
| | Batch Reference | Docume | nt/CstmrCyOfRes | Document/CstmrCdtTrfin | itn/P INBOUND | N | |
| | * Generic Business Data: | Transac | tion Reference 💌 | * Message Direction: | OUTBOUND 🔻 Ken | able: Yes 🔻 | |
| | * Priority 1 | Xpath: | Document | | | | |
| | Priority 2 | 2 Xpath: | Document/Cstmr0 | CdtTrflnitn | | | |
| | | | | | Save Clear | Cancel | |
| Add a message configura- tion | | | | | | | |
| ton | √ Tree | | | | | | |
| | Search elements | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Document O CstmrCdtTrfInitr | | | | | | |
| | Select the business data value, message direction, enable or disable the value, choose the Priority 1 XPath and Priority 2 XPath , and click Save . Clicking Clear clears any values selected. If you click Cancel , the fields disappear. In the Tree view, right-click any element node and click the element to view it's XPath. The fields appear in the Message Tag Configura - | | | | | | |
| | tion List section. | | | | | | |
| | Figure 73: Add a message configuration - tree view | | | | | | |
| | Message Tag Configuration List (3) | | | | | | |
| | Message Tag Field Name | Priority | / 1 Xpath | Priority 2 Xpath | Message Directio | n Enable | |
| | Batch Reference | Docume | nt/CstmrCdtTrfInit | Document/CstmrCdtTrflr | hitn/INBOUND | Ν | |
| | Batch Reference | Docume | ent/CstmrCdtTrfInit | Document/CstmrCdtTrflr | nitn/INBOUND | Ν | |
| | Transaction Reference | Docume | nt | Document/CstmrCdtTrflr | nitn OUTBOUND | Y | |
| Update a message configu- ration | Select the configue shown in the previ Save . The update ration List section | ious r d valι | ow appear | . Make the requ | uired changes | and click | |

Table 26: Other Actions

Table 26:Other Actions

| То | | Do this |
|-------------------------|---------------|--|
| Remove a mes uration | ssage config- | Select the configuration you want to remove and click Remove . The selected configuration is removed from the Message Tag Configura- <i>tion List</i> section. |

| NOTE | OTE The ready-to-use business data values are available in the | | | | |
|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | DIM_TF_XML_MSG_TAG_FLD column. You can add a new value in this column. | | | | |

3. Click **Submit**. The ISO20022 parameter name is updated in the **Message List** without **_Draft**.

Figure 74: Message List Window

| Message List (10 |)) | | |
|------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Message Provider | Message Scheme | Message Type | Message Version |
| ISO20022 | SEPA Credit Transfer | Customer Credit Transfer Initiation | pain.001.001.08 |
| SO20022 | SEPA Credit Transfer | FI to FI Customer Credit Transfer | pacs.008.001.07 |
| ISO20022 | SEPA Direct Debit | Payment Return | pain.001.001.08 |

NOTE If an earlier configuration exists with the same message version, then this configuration is disabled, and the new configuration is enabled.

8.1.1 SWIFT MX Message Types Configuration

The SWIFT MX is a XML message definition used on the SWIFT network. Majority of the MX messages are ISO 20022 messages. TF will not support mix of different message types in single file. One MX message will have one type of message.

For more information on configuration of XML message parameter, see Configuring the ISO20022 Message Parameters. For SWIFT MX message types see ISO20022 Message Types table.

8.1.2 Running the ISO20022 Batch

The ISO20022 messages are processed using batches. So, you must first create the following folders before you run the ISO20022 batch:

1. Create a folder for the MIS date with the folder name as ##FIC_MIS_DATE## (the date on which we run the ISO20022 batch) in the following directory structure:

##FTPSHARE PATH##/SANCINFO/STAGE/SEPA/inputXML

For example, /scratch/fccmappchef/SANC807/ftpshare/SANCINFO/STAGE/SEPA/ inputXML/20200214.

20200214 is the MIS Date folder.

2. Create two folders called OUTBOUND and INBOUND inside the MIS Date folder and create a folder called INPUT inside both the folders.

NOTE All the ISO20022 XMLs must be either kept inside the INPUT folder inside the OUTBOUND folder or the INPUT folder inside the INBOUND folder based on the direction of the message XML. The ISO20022 batch takes these XMLs as input when it is run.

The directory structures for OUTBOUND and INBOUND are as follows:

##FTPSHARE_PATH##/SANCINFO/STAGE/SEPA/inputXML/##FIC_MIS_DATE##/OUT-BOUND/INPUT

##FTPSHARE_PATH##/SANCINFO/STAGE/SEPA/inputXML/##FIC_MIS_DATE##/INBOUND/ INPUT

For example,

- /scratch/fccmappchef/SANC807/ftpshare/SANCINFO/STAGE/SEPA/inputXML/ 20200214/OUTBOUND/INPUT
- /scratch/fccmappchef/SANC807/ftpshare/SANCINFO/STAGE/SEPA/inputXML/ 20200214/INBOUND/INPUT

After you run the ISO20022 batch, the following actions are performed:

- The VAL_ERROR, PRCSNG_ERROR, PROCESSED, and FEEDBACK folders are created as part of the batch processing.
- If any message XML fails during validation, then it is moved to the VAL_ERROR folder. The directory structures for OUTBOUND and INBOUND are as follows:

##FTPSHARE_PATH##/SANCINFO/STAGE/SEPA/inputXML/##FIC_MIS_DATE##/OUT-BOUND/VAL ERROR

##FTPSHARE_PATH##/SANCINFO/STAGE/SEPA/inputXML/##FIC_MIS_DATE##/INBOUND/ VAL ERROR

• If any message XML fails during the parsing process after validation, then it is moved to the PRCSNG ERROR folder. The folder structures for OUTBOUND and INBOUND are as follows:

##FTPSHARE_PATH##/SANCINFO/STAGE/SEPA/inputXML/##FIC_MIS_DATE##/OUT-BOUND/PRCSNG ERROR

##FTPSHARE_PATH##/SANCINFO/STAGE/SEPA/inputXML/##FIC_MIS_DATE##/INBOUND/ PRCSNG ERROR

• If any message XML is successfully processed, then it is moved to the PROCESSED folder. The directory structures for OUTBOUND and INBOUND are as follows:

##FTPSHARE_PATH##/SANCINFO/STAGE/SEPA/inputXML/##FIC_MIS_DATE##/OUT-BOUND/VAL ERROR

##FTPSHARE_PATH##/SANCINFO/STAGE/SEPA/inputXML/##FIC_MIS_DATE##/INBOUND/ VAL ERROR

• After the batch is run successfully, a ##FILE_NAME##_feedback.xml file is created for each file that is processed. The feedback is created inside the FEEDBACK folder. The directory structures for OUTBOUND and INBOUND are as follows:

##FTPSHARE_PATH##/SANCINFO/STAGE/SEPA/inputXML/##FIC_MIS_DATE##/OUT-BOUND/FEEDBACK ##FTPSHARE_PATH##/SANCINFO/STAGE/SEPA/inputXML/##FIC_MIS_DATE##/INBOUND/ FEEDBACK

• The logs of the batch are available in the following path:

##FIC_DB_HOME##/log/TF_XML

For example, /scratch/fccmappchef/SANC807/SANC807/ficdb/log/TF_XML

| NOTE | When we take an action (RELEASE/BLOCK) on an alert from the Investigation User Interface, a feedback XML is recreated for the corresponding file with the |
|------|--|
| | name ##FILE NAME## feedback.xml and the name of the previous file |
| | with the same name becomes ##FILE NAME##_feedback 1.xml inside the FEEDBACK folder. So, the ##FILE NAME## feedback.xml is always the |
| | latest feedback file for a corresponding message XML. |

To run the batch, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the **Run** page. For more information, see the **Run Definition Menu**.

Figure 75: Run Page

Run

| | | Code | | |
|------|-----|--|----------|-----------------------------------|
| | | Name | | |
| | | Folder | | T |
| + 1 | New | 🖺 View 🧭 Edit 🍓 Copy 💼 Remove 🕹 Author | rize 🖵 (| 🍽 Export 🖕 🍀 Fire Run |
| | | Code | | Name |
| | | Good Guy Expiry Check | | Good Guy Expiry Check:SD |
| | | TF_SEPA_messages_batch_process | | TF_SEPA_messages_batch_process:SD |
| Page | 1 | of 1 (1-15 of 2 items) K < > > | | |

2. Select the TF_SEPA_messages_batch_process batch and click Fire Run. The Fire Run page is displayed.

Figure 76: Fire Run Page

| ✓ Run Definition | | | | | | ОК | Close |
|------------------|------------------|---|----------------------|--|---|----|----------|
| ✓ Execution Mode | | | Name Request Type | TF_SEPA_messages_batch_process:SD Single | | | |
| Batch | Create & Execute | • | | MIS Date | | | * |
| ~ Others | | | Parameters | - | 0 | | |
| | | | Filters | | | | |

- 3. Select **Single** as the **Request Type**.
- 4. Select **Create & Execute** in the **Batch** field. The **MIS Date** field is displayed.
- 5. Select the date on which you want to execute the run. This date must be the same as the folder you create before you run the ISO20022 batch. In the example shown, since the **MIS Date** folder name is 20190913, the date you must select is 09/13/2019.
- 6. Click **OK**.

A message "**Batch execution is in progress**" is displayed. Click **Close** to go back to the **Run** page. After the batch is executed, you can view the batch details on the **Batch Monitor** page.

To access the **Batch Monitor** page, click **Operations**, and then click **Batch Monitor**. The **Batch Monitor** page has details of all batches. The batch you have executed is the last in the **Batch Details** list. To run the batch, follow these steps:

 Select the Batch and the MIS Date. After you select the MIS Date, the batch ID appears in the Batch Run ID field.

Figure 77: Batch Monitor Page

| | Batch ID Like SAN80 | "SEPA_ | Batch Description Like | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|------------------|
| | Module | | Status | | |
| | Start Date | 1 | End Date | m | |
| Batch Details | | | | | |
| Batch ID 🔺 | | | Batch Description | | |
| SAN807SEPA_1581242528188 | | | AutoRun_1562321907205_Description | | |
| SAN807SEPA_1581487886045 | | | AutoRun_1562321907205_Description | | |
| SAN807SEPA_1581506399590 | | | AutoRun_1562321907205_Description | | |
| SAN807SEPA_1581512529883 | | | AutoRun_1562321907205_Description | | |
| SAN807SEPA_1581599172904 | | | AutoRun_1562321907205_Description | | |
| SAN807SEPA_1581686640714 | | | AutoRun_1562321907205_Description | | |
| age 1 of 1 (1-6 of 6 items) K | < > > | | | | Records Per Page |
| Batch Run Details 🛛 🔎 Start M | Nonitoring 🛲 Stop Mor | nitoring 🗇 Reset | | | |
| Infe | ormation Date 20190 | | Monitor Refresh Rate (seconds) | 5 | |

- Select the batch ID.
- Click Start Monitoring. The task details associated with the batch appears in the Task Details section. You can also view and export the event logs for the batch in the Event Log section.

Figure 78: Tasks in the Batch Monitor Page

| | Information Date | 20190913 • | 1 | Monitor Refresh Rate (seconds) 5 | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | Batch Run ID | SAN807SEPA_1581686640714_20190913_1 | | | | |
| Batch Status | | | | | | |
| Batch Run ID | | | Batch Status | | | |
| SAN807SEPA_1581 | 686640714_20190913_1 | | Successful | | | |
| ✓ Task Details Task ID ▲ | | Task Description | Metadata Value | Component ID | Task Status | Task Log |
| Task1 | | TF CallXMLParser | TF CallXMLParser | TRANSFORM DATA | [13314] Successful | View Log |
| Task2 | | TF_CallXMLEDQ | TF_CallXMLEDQ | TRANSFORM DATA | [13314] Successful | View Log |
| Task3 | | Message Data Attributes | 1593:SAN807SEPA:OFS_TFLT | INLINE PROCESSING | [13314] Successful | View Log |
| Task4 | | TF_CallXMLRTIPopulation | TF_CallXMLRTIPopulation | TRANSFORM DATA | [13314] Successful | View Log |
| Task5 | | TF_CallXMLAlertGeneration | TF_CallXMLAlertGeneration | TRANSFORM DATA | [13314] Successful | View Log |
| Task6 | | TF_CallXMLImmediateFeedbackCreation | TF_CallXMLImmFeedbkCreation | TRANSFORM DATA | [13314] Successful | View Log |
| Task7 | | TF_CallXMLImmediateFeedbackFileGeneration | TF_CallXMLImmFdbkFiGeneratn | TRANSFORM DATA | [13314] Successful | View Log |
| Task8 | | TF_CallXMLHighlight | TF_CallXMLHighlight | TRANSFORM DATA | [13314] Successful | View Log |
| Task9 | | TF_CallUpdateAdditionalMsgDtls | TF_CallUpdateAdditionalMsgDtls | TRANSFORM DATA | [13314] Successful | View Log |
| Task10 | | TF_CallXMLStructuredSepa | TF_CallXMLStructuredSepa | TRANSFORM DATA | [13314] Successful | View Log |
| Page 1 of 1 (1-10 of | 10 items) K < > ≫ | | | | | Records Per Page |
| /lessage ID ≜ | Descriptio | on | | Severity | Time | |
| 081 | [1707] Ba | tch started by TFADMN | | INFORM | 2020- | 02-14 08:24:01 |
| 109 | (4700) 0- | tch Complete | | INFORM | 2020 | 02-14 08:32:18 |

NOTE

If the batch run fails, you must restart the batch. In this case, the batch run ID changes.

The task details are as follows:

Table 27: Task Details

| Task ID | Task Name | Task Description |
|---------|--|--|
| Task1 | TF_CallXMLParser | Parses the XML data into the pre-pro- cessing tables. |
| Task2 | TF_CallXMLEDQ | Calls EDQ data to check if there are any matches. |
| Task3 | Message Data Attributes | NA |
| Task4 | TF_CallXMLRTIPopulation | Moves data from the ISO20022 configu- ration tables to the SWIFT configuration tables to generate OBI reports. |
| Task5 | TF_CallXMLAlertGeneration | Creates alerts and loads data into the alert tables. |
| Taskó | TF_CallXMLImmediate- FeedbackCreation | Populates the feedback table. |
| Task7 | TF_CallXMLImmediate- FeedbackFileGeneration | Generates the feedback in an XML for- mat in the INBOUND/feedback direc- tory for the date on which the run is triggered. |
| Task8 | TF_CallXMLHighlight | Populates the highlighted column in the fsi_rt_al_raw_data table. |
| Task9 | TF_CallUpdateAddi- tionalMsgDtls | Populates the post-processing alert table with the additional details provided for the alert. |

Table 27: Task Details

| Task ID | Task Name | Task Description |
|---------|--------------------------|---|
| Task10 | TF_CallXMLStructuredSepa | Populates the data in the Structured Message tab in the Investigation User Interface. |

8.2 Audit Queries

The following are the audit queries you can run to see the different audit operations:

Table 28: Audit Queries for ISO20022

| Table Name | Query | Description |
|--|---|--|
| FCC_TF_XML_XS- D_CONF | Select * from FCC_TF_XML_XS- D_CONF_HIST | Run this query to see the history of all the actions that have been performed. |
| FCC_TF_XML_MS- G_TAG_FLD_X- PATH | Select * from FCC_TF_XML_MS- G_TAG_FLD_XPATH _HIST | Run this query to see the history of all the actions performed in the XML Message Configuration tab. |
| FCC_TF_XM- L_SCRENG_XPA- TH_GRP | Select * from FCC_TF_XM- L_SCRENG_XPATH_GRP _HIST | Run this query to see the XPath for each parent element. |
| FCC_TF_XM- L_SCRENG FLD_XPATH | Select * from FCC_TF_XM- L_SCRENG_FLD_XPATH _HIST | Run this query to see the XPath for each subfield. |

9 Configurations for the US NACHA Batch Process

To configure the $\tt TF_US_Nacha_Batch_Process$ batch and to ensure successful completion, follow these steps:

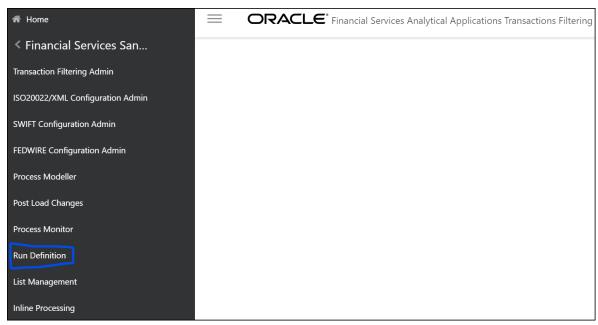
1. On the **Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering** landing page, click **Financial Services Sanctions Pack.**

Figure 79: Financial Services Sanctions Pack Menu



2. Click **Run Definition.** The **Run page** is displayed.

Figure 80: Run Definition Link



3. In the **Run** page, select the **TF_US_NACHA_Batch_Process** batch.

| Rui | n | | | | | | | |
|------|-----|----------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|----------|------------|---------|----------|
| | | | | | | | Q | Search 🔊 |
| | | Code | | | Version | 0 | | |
| | | Name | | | Active | Yes | ~ | |
| | | Folder | | ~ | Туре | | ~ | |
| + | New | 🖺 View 🖉 Edit 🔂 Copy | Remove | 🦆 Authorize 🖵 🧖 Export 🚽 🐗 Fire Run | | | | |
| 0-90 | | Code | | Name | Туре | Folder | Version | Active |
| | | Good Guy Expiry Check | | Good Guy Expiry Check:SD | Base Run | TFLSEGMENT | 0 | Yes |
| | | TF_SEPA_messages_batch_pro | cess | TF_SEPA_messages_batch_process:SD | Base Run | TFLSEGMENT | 0 | Yes |
| | | TF US Nacha Batch Process | | TF US Nacha Batch Process:SD | Base Run | TFLSEGMENT | 0 | Yes |

4. Click **Edit** *C*. The **Run** page is displayed in Edit mode.

Figure 82: Run Definition (Edit Mode)

| Run | | | | | | | | | 3 |
|-------|------------------------|----------|----------------------|-----------------|--|------------------------|----------------|------------|--------|
| Run I | Definition (Edit Mode) | | | | | | | Next | Close |
| ~Li | nked to | | | | | | | | |
| | | Folder | TFLSEGMENT | 6 | | | | | |
| ~N | laster Information 💣 P | ropertie | es. | | | | | | |
| | | ID | 1583487462588 | | Versie | on 0 | | | |
| | | Code | TF_US_Nacha_Batch | Process | Acti | ve Yes | | | |
| | | Name | | | Туј | Base Run | ~ | | |
| | | | | | Route Execution to Hi Precedence Node | | | | |
| ~Li | | | 🚽 🖉 Move 🔲 | Show Details | | | | | |
| | Location I | Infodom | Run Condition | | Name | Туре | Simulation Job | Use Descen | ndants |
| | H dol | KRISINF | Job Job Condition | ha_Message_Vali | TF_US_Nacha_Message_Validation | Data Transformation | | | |
| | dol | KRISINF | O TF_US_Na | cha_Data_Parser | TF_US_Nacha_Data_Parser | Data Transformation | | | |
| | | | | | | Data | | | |

5. Click **Selector** Selector and then click **Job** Job from the drop-down list. The **Component Selector** window is displayed.

| Figure 83: Component Selector V | Vindow | |
|---|----------|--|
| | | Ok Clos |
| Search | | Sort |
| | Q | Ascending Descending |
| list | | Tasks [10] |
| ₽. ₽ . | ^ | Object |
| Component | | □ TF_US_Nacha_Message_Validation □ |
| Data Extraction Rules | | □ TF_US_Nacha_Data_Parser |
| | | □ TF_US_Nacha_Screening_Populate_Input 🖾 |
| Load Data Rules | | □ TF_US_Nacha_Screening_Call_EDQ 	□ |
| · · · | | 21099:TF87INFO:OFS_TFLT:NA |
| File Loading Rules | | □ TF_US_Nacha_Scoring_Populate_Input |
| Insertion Rules | > | ACH Message Tags |
| - a | | □ TF_US_Nacha_Generate_Alerts |
| Transformation Rules | < | □ TF_US_Nacha_Generate_Feedback 🖾 |
| ⊕ a Database Functions-Transformations | | □ TF_US_Nacha_Additional_Details |

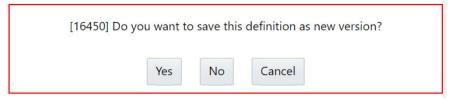
- 1. Deselect the 21099:TF87INF0:OFS_TFLT:NA task.
- 2. Click **Ok**. The **Run** page with the **Run Definition** is displayed in Edit mode.
- 3. Provide a **Name** for the batch.

Figure 84: Run Definition (Edit Mode) – Batch Name

| | Definition (Edit Mode) nked to | | | | | | | Next Close |
|-----|-----------------------------------|----------|---------------------|----------------|---|------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| | | Folder | TFLSEGMENT | 16 | | | | |
| ~M | aster Information 💣 P | ropertie | 'S | | | | | |
| | | ID | 1583487462588 | | Versio | n 0 | | |
| | | Code | TF_US_Nacha_Batch_F | rocess | Activ | e Yes | | |
| | | Name | TF_US_Nacha_Batch_ | Process | Тур | Base Run | ~ | |
| | | | | | Route Execution to Hig Precedence Node | | | |
| ~Li | st 🔟 s | Selector | 🖉 Move 🔲 Sł | iow Details | | | | |
| | Location I | Infodom | Code | | Name | Туре | Simulation Job | Use Descendants |
| | Job dol | KRISINF | O TF_US_Nach | a_Message_Vali | TF_US_Nacha_Message_Validation | Data Transformation | | |
| | dot | KRISINF | O TF_US_Nach | a_Data_Parser | TF_US_Nacha_Data_Parser | Data Transformation | | |
| | | | | | | Data | | • |

- 4. Click Next.
- 5. Click Save.
- 6. Click **No** in the **Run Rule Framework** dialog box.

Figure 85: Run Rule Framework Dialog Box



9.1 Adding New Message Type in NACHA

To add new NACHA message type in the Data Base (DB) perform the subsequent steps:

- Goto ConvAchData.ctl file in the #FTPSHARE_PATH#/#INFODOM#/STAGE/US_NACHA/ conf directory.
- 2. The ConvAchData.ctl file has the entries for all NACHA Message types. To add an entry for the new message type, open ConvAchData.ctl file and follow the below example format to provide the entry.

Entry for message type **CCD**:

```
INTO TABLE FCC ACH IP
   WHEN (V BTH HDR STANDARD ENTRY CODE='CCD')
   (
   V NACHA MSG ID "SEQ TF NACHA.NEXTVAL",
   V HDR RECORD TYPE CODE
                                      POSITION (1:1) CHAR TERMINATED BY
WHITESPACE,
   N HDR PRIORITY CODE
                                      POSITION (2:3) INTEGER EXTERNAL
TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE,
   V HDR IMMEDIATE DESTINATION
                                     POSITION (4:13) CHAR TERMINATED BY
WHITESPACE,
  V HDR IMMEDIATE ORIGIN
                                      POSITION(14:23) CHAR TERMINATED BY
WHITESPACE,
                                      POSITION (24:29) CHAR TERMINATED BY
  V HDR TXN DATE
WHITESPACE,
   V HDR TXN TIME
                                      POSITION (30:33) CHAR TERMINATED BY
WHITESPACE,
   V HDR FILE ID MODIFIER
                                      POSITION (34:34) CHAR TERMINATED BY
WHITESPACE,
   V HDR RECORD SIZE
                                      POSITION(35:37) CHAR TERMINATED BY
WHITESPACE,
  V HDR BLOCKING FACTOR
                                      POSITION (38:39) CHAR TERMINATED BY
WHITESPACE,
   V HDR FORMATCODE
                                      POSITION(40:40) CHAR TERMINATED BY
WHITESPACE,
```

V HDR IMMEDIATE DEST NAME POSITION (41:63) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V HDR IMMEDIATE ORIGIN NAME POSITION (64:86) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V HDR REFERENCE CODE POSITION (87:94) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V BTH HDR RECORD TYPE CODE POSITION(95:95) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, N BTH HDR SERVICE CODE POSITION (96:98) INTEGER EXTERNAL TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, POSITION (99:114) CHAR TERMINATED BY V BTH HDR COMPANY NAME WHITESPACE, V BTH HDR COMPANY DISC DATE POSITION(115:134) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V BTH HDR COMPANY ID POSITION(135:144) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V BTH HDR STANDARD ENTRY CODE POSITION(145:147) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V BTH HDR COMPANY ENTERY DESC POSITION(148:157) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V BTH HDR COMPANY DESC DATE POSITION(158:163) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V BTH HDR EFFECTIVE ENTRY DATE POSITION(164:169) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V BTH HDR SETTLEMENT DATE POSITION(170:172) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V BTH HDR ORG STATUS COD POSITION (173:173) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V BTH HDR ORG DFI ID POSITION(174:181) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, N BTH HDR BATCH NUMBER RAW POSITION (182:188) INTEGER EXTERNAL TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V ENTRY RECORD TYPE CODE POSITION(189:189) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, N ENTRY TRXN CODE POSITION (190:191) INTEGER EXTERNAL TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V ENTRY RECEVING DFI ID POSITION (192:199) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V ENTRY CHECK DIGIT POSITION (200:200) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE,

V ENTRY DFI ACC NUM POSITION (201:217) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V ENTRY AMOUNT POSITION (218:227) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V ENTRY INDIVIDUAL ID NUM POSITION (228:242) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V ENTRY RCV COMPANY NAME POSITION (243:264) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V ENTRY DISCRETIONARY DATE POSITION (265:266) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V ENTRY ADD RECORD INDICATOR POSITION (267:267) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, N ENTRY TRACE NUMBER POSITION (268:282) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, N TRACE NUMBER POSITION (276:282) INTEGER EXTERNAL TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V ADDENDA TYPE CODE POSITION (284:285) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V ADDENDA RECORD POSITION (283:376) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, POSITION (377:377) CHAR TERMINATED BY V BTH CTL RECORD TYPE WHITESPACE, V BTH CTL SERVICE CODE POSITION (378:380) INTEGER EXTERNAL TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, N BTH CTL ENTRY ADDENDA COUNT POSITION (381:386) INTEGER EXTERNAL TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, POSITION (387:396) INTEGER EXTERNAL N BTH CTL ENTRY HASH TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V BTH CTL DEBIT AMOUNT POSITION (397:408) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, POSITION(409:420) CHAR TERMINATED BY V BTH CTL CREDIT AMOUNT WHITESPACE, V BTH CTL COMPANY ID POSITION (421:430) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE,

V_BTH_CTL_MSG_AUTH_CODE POSITION(431:449) CHAR TERMINATED BY
WHITESPACE,
V_BTH_CTL_RESERVED POSITION(450:455) CHAR TERMINATED BY
WHITESPACE,
V_BTH_CTL_ORG_DFI_ID POSITION(456:463) CHAR TERMINATED BY
WHITESPACE,

V BTH CTL BATCH NUM POSITION(464:470) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V CTL RECORD TYPE POSITION (471:471) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, N CTL BATCH COUNT POSITION (472:477) INTEGER EXTERNAL TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, N CTL BLOCK COUNT POSITION(478:483) INTEGER EXTERNAL TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, N CTL ENTRY COUNT POSITION(484:491) INTEGER EXTERNAL TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, N CTL ENTRY HASH POSITION (492:501) INTEGER EXTERNAL TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V CTL TOTAL DEBIT AMOUNT POSITION (502:513) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V CTL TOTAL CREDIT AMOUNT POSITION (514:525) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V CTL RESERVED POSITION (526:564) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, N FILE ID POSITION (565:571) INTEGER EXTERNAL TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, N BTH HDR BATCH NUMBER "trim(:N FILE ID)||''||trim(:N BTH HDR BATCH NUMBER RAW)", N TXN ID "trim(:N FILE ID)||''||trim(:N BTH HDR BATCH NUMBER RAW)||''||trim(:N ENTRY TRACE NUMBER)", V PATH POSITION (572:641) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE, V filename POSITION(642:900) CHAR TERMINATED BY WHITESPACE

```
)
```

NOTE The V HDR RECORD TYPE CODE column name in FCC ACH IP table has the value of POSITION (1:1). This position is given per message specification. Similarly, entries will be added for other parameters per the Message standards.

3. Save and run the ConvAchData.ctl file to load the newly added message data in to the DB.

The Enterprise Data Quality (EDQ) configurations for each message must be configured in the FCC_ACH_EDQ_CONF table and Inline Processing Engine (IPE) configurations for each message must be configured in FCC_ACH_IPE_CONF table. For more information on FCC_ACH_EDQ_- CONF table and FCC_ACH_IPE_CONF table, see Oracle Financial Services Data Model Reference Guide.

10 Enterprise Data Quality (EDQ) Configurations

The Oracle Financial Services Transactions Filtering application is built using EDQ as a platform. EDQ provides a comprehensive data quality management environment that is used to understand, improve, protect, and govern data quality. EDQ facilitates best practices such as master data management, data integration, business intelligence, and data migration initiatives. EDQ provides integrated data quality in customer relationship management and other applications.

EDQ has the following key features:

- Integrated data profiling, auditing, and cleansing and matching
- Browser-based client access
- Ability to handle all types of data (for example, customer, product, asset, financial, and operational)
- Connection to any Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) compliant data sources and targets
- Multi-user project support (Role-based access, issue tracking, process annotation, and version control)
- Representational State Transfer Architecture (REST) support for designing processes that may be exposed to external applications as a service
- Designed to process large data volumes
- A single repository to hold data along with gathered statistics and project tracking information, with shared access
- Intuitive graphical user interface designed to help you solve real-world information quality issues quickly
- Easy, data-led creation and extension of validation and transformation rules
- Fully extensible architecture allowing the insertion of any required custom processing

For more information on EDQ, see Oracle Enterprise Data Quality Documentation.

10.1 Performance Improvement Measures for EDQ

NOTE The following are some recommendations to help improve performance when you are dealing with bulk transactions. Perform these steps ONLY after you have completed all configurations for EDQ.

- Web Services are CPU-intensive, that is, they are frequently executed, and receive intermittent sets of simultaneous requests. Simultaneously running all batch requests slows down the real-time processing response time. To avoid this, set the following properties in the director.properties file in the <domain_name>/edq/oedq.local.home/ directory:
 - Run the data preparation job for web services, for example, Watch-list Management, when real-time processing stops.
 - Set the runtime.threads value to a number which is lesser than the total cpu-cores so that both the cpu-cores can run in parallel. This ensures that the batch does not occupy all cores and allows real-time processing to run. The default value is 0, that is, the batch threads equal the number of cpu-cores on the system.
 - Set the runtime.intervalthreads value to display the number of cpu-cores. This allows for simultaneous processing, efficient resource utilization, and faster turnaround time. The default

value is 1, that is, requests are processed sequentially on a single core which leads to underutilization.

- Set the workunitexecutor.outputThreads value to a number which is greater than the number of cpu-cores and number of connection to write results and staged data to the database to tune IO heavy real-time process. This is particularly useful when the database machine is more powerful than the EDQ server.
- Set the resource.cache.maxrows value to increase the number of rows for the reference data in memory. This yields a faster response time. By default, the maximum number of rows you can load is 100000.
- Optimize the data cluster definition and size of each cluster for real-time processing.
- Optimize attributes which are critical to performance such as watch list types, reference data size, and data store size.
- Optimize data for the EDQ_RES and EDQ_STAGING tablespace to improve performance. The minimum size for EDQ_RES must be 200-300 GB.
- Optimize the OEDQ job performance by minimizing result writing and disabling the sort and filtering feature.
- Adjust the response time by tuning the java options in the EDQ domain. To do this, follow these steps:
 - Open the setStartupEnv.sh file in the <domain name given for EDQ>/bin directory.
 - Update the -server -d64 -Xms16G -Xmx16G -XX:+UseG1GC -XX:+UseAdaptive-SizePolicy -XX:MaxGCPauseMillis=500 -Doracle.jdbc.javaNetNio=false -XX:InitiatingHeapOccupancyPercent=80 -XX:ReservedCodeCacheSize=128m attribute in the # Startup parameters for STARTUP_GROUP EDQ-MGD-SVRS section based on your requirments.
- Set the OEDQ parser processor to Parse Mode instead of to Parse And Profile.
- Update the user credentials for *dnadmin* from the default realm to the authentication realm.
- Enable the EDQ domain to operate in production mode.
- Disable the following clusters in Name and Address service to improve performance:
- Individual Family Name
- Individual Given Name
- Entity Name Meta
- Entity Start End Name Tokens
- Individual Initials

10.2 EDQ Configuration Process Flow

The following image shows the EDQ configuration process flow:

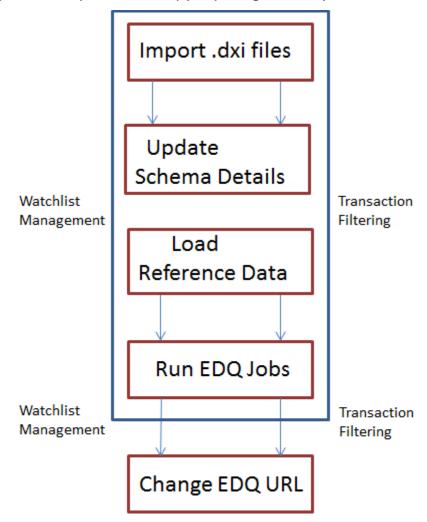


Figure 86: Enterprise Data Quality (EDQ) Configuration Steps

To configure EDQ, follow these steps:

- 1. Import the Watchlist Management.dxi file from the FIC_HOME/SanctionsCommon path.
- 2. Import the Transaction_Screening.dxi file from the FIC_HOME/Transaction_Processing path (This is for SWIFT messages only).
- 3. Import the Transaction_Screening_SEPA.dxi file from the FIC_HOME/Transaction_Processing path (This is for ISO20022 messages only).
- 4. For these projects, enter the applicable organization-specific Atomic schema details in the **Edit Data Store** window. To access the the **Edit Data Store** window, follow these steps:
 - Go to the EDQ URL and open the **Director** menu. The **Director** landing page appears.

| | interprise Data Quality | Launchpad Web Service: |
|---------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| unchpad | | |
| | Director | er Console |
| | Match Review | Ø Management |
| | Case Management Administration Conf | © iguration Analysis |

 In the Director landing page, expand the Transaction_Screening project in the Project Browser pane.

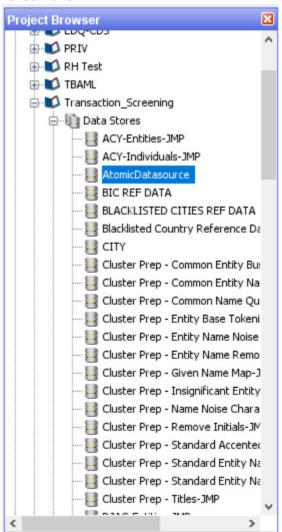


Figure 88: Project Browser Pane

Expand the Data Stores node and open AtomicDatasource. The Edit Data Store window appears.

| Database host | | |
|----------------|--|--|
| Port | 1521 | |
| Database name | ORCLDB | |
| Name type | SID 🗸 | |
| User name | tflt_atomic | |
| Password | ••••• | |
| Schema | | |
| The schema nee | d not be entered if it is the default for the user | |
| | Test | |

Figure 89: Edit Data Store Window

- 5. Load the Reference data. For more information on Reference data, see Viewing Reference Data for Web Services.
- 6. Update the command area path in the following locations:
 - Watchlist Management > External Tasks > WatchListLoadPreparedData
 - Transaction_Screening > External Tasks > WatchListLoadData
 - Transaction Screening > External Tasks > SanctionedListRefLoadData

| | it Task Window | |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Edit Task | | X |
| External Task Op Configure the ex | ptions ternal task properties | ORACLE |
| Command | WatchListLoadPreparedData.sh | |
| Working Directory | /scratch/ofsaebas/work/mwhome/user | _projects/domains/base_domain/config/fmwconfig/ed |
| Arguments | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

7. Go to the EDQ URL and open the **Server Console** menu. The **Server Console** landing page appears.

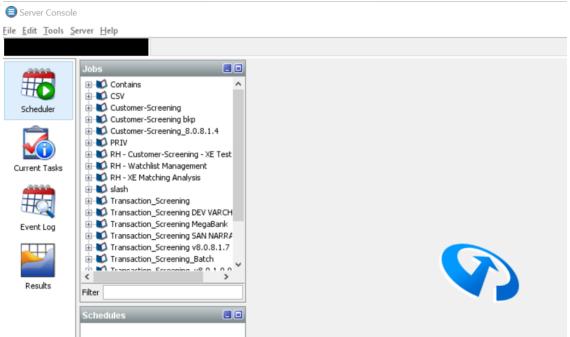


Figure 91: Server Console Menu in EDQ

- 8. Run the following jobs under the Watchlist Management project:
 - Analyze Reference Data Quality
 - Download, Prepare, Filter and Export All Lists
 - Generate StopPhrases
- 9. Run the MAIN job under the Transaction_Screening project.
- 10. Change the EDQ URL in the Transaction Filtering application. To change the EDQ URL, see Configuring the Application Level Parameters.

NOTE The first time you set up the Transaction Filtering application, you must change the EDQ URL.

11. Configure the message and screening parameters, if required.

10.2.1 Importing the Transaction Screening Project

For information on importing the Transaction Screening project, see the *Importing the OFS Customer Screening and OFS Transaction Filtering Projects* section in the Oracle Financial Services Sanctions Installation Guide.

10.2.2 Configuring Watch List Management and Transaction Filtering

The Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering distribution contains two run Profiles for configuring Watch List Management and screening: watchlist-management.properties and watchlist-screening.properties. These profiles are available in the <domain_name>/edq/oedq.local.home/runprofiles/ directory when you log into the WinSCP server.

Run profiles are optional templates that specify the number of override configuration settings for externalized options when a Job is run. They offer a convenient way of saving and reusing multiple configuration overrides, rather than specifying each override as a separate argument.

Run profiles may be used when running jobs either from the Command Line Interface, using the runopsjob command, or in the Server Console User Interface.

The watchlist-management.properties run profile controls the following processes:

- Which watch lists are downloaded, and the configuration of the download process
- Whether filtering is applied to the watch lists or not
- Whether Data Quality Analysis is applied to the watch lists.
- Real-Time and Batch Screening set up
- Screening reference ID prefixes and suffixes
- Watch list routing
- Configuration of match rules.



The properties controlling match rules are not included in the watchlistscreening.properties run profile by default. For more information, see Configuring Match Rules.

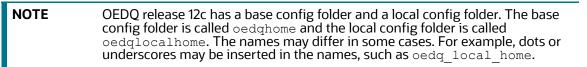
10.2.2.1 Preparing Watch List Data

Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering is pre-configured to handle reference data from the following sources:

- HM Treasury
- OFAC
- EU consolidated list
- UN consolidated list
- World-Check
- Dow Jones watch list
- Dow Jones Anti-Corruption List
- Accuity Reference Data
- For information on the watch lists, see Appendix A: Watch Lists.

10.2.2.2 Setting Up Private Watch List

Oracle financial services Customer Screening is pre-configured to work with commercially available and government-provided watch lists. However, you can also screen data against your private watch lists. Sample private watch lists are provided in the config/landingarea/Private directory in the privateindividuals.csv and privateentities.csv files.



To replace the data, follow these steps:

- 1. Transform your private watch list data into the format specified in the **Private List Interface** chapter in the **Oracle Financial Services Data Interfaces Guide**.
- 2. Replace the data in the private individuals.csv and private entities.csv files with your transformed private watch list data.

NOTE

The files must be saved in UTF-8 format.

To enable the staging and preparation of the private watch list in the watchlistmanagement.properties Run Profile, follow these steps:

- 1. Move your private watch list data to the staging area by setting phase.PRIV\ -\ Stage\ reference\ lists.enabled to Y.
- 2. Set phase.PRIV\ -\ Prepare\ without\ filtering.enabled to **Y** to prepare the private watch list without filtering.

Set phase.PRIV\ -\ Prepare\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 1).enabled and phase.PRIV\ -\ Prepare\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 2).enabled to Y to prepare the private watch list with filtering.

10.2.2.2.1 Showing Watch List Staged Data/Snapshots in the Server Console User Interface

Certain types of staged data and snapshots are hidden in the Server Console User Interface by default. These are:

- Watch list snapshots
- Intermediate filtered watch list staged data
- Centralized reference data staged data and snapshots

To display this data, set the corresponding visibility property value(s) in the relevant run profile to Y.

For example, to make all HM Treasury watch list snapshots generated during Watch List Management visible, set the following properties in the watchlist-management.properties run profile:

```
stageddata.ACY\ Sources.visible = Y
```

stageddata.ACY_All.visible = Y

stageddata.ACY_Sources.visible = Y

10.2.2.2.2 Configuring Match Rules

Match rules and match clusters can be configured and controlled by adding a property to the watchlist-screening.properties run profile.

NOTE Ensure that data is available in the ref_port_cntry table before you begin the matching process. This table contains the port code for a port name and the corresponding port country. For more information on matching, see https://docs.oracle.com/middleware/1221/edq/user/adv_features.htm#DQUSG380.

For example, to disable the Exact name only rule for Batch and Real-Time Sanctions screening, add the following property to the Run Profile:

```
phase.*.process.*.[I0100] \ Exact\ name\ only.san_ule_enabled = false
```

NOTE Ensure that values are capitalized and characters are escaped as applicable.

The * character denotes a wildcard and therefore specifies that the above rule applies to all phases and all processes. If disabling the rule for batch screening only, the property would read:

```
phase.Batch\ screening.process.*.[I0100]\ Exact\ name\ only.san_rule_en-
abled = false
```

For further details on tuning match rules, see the Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering Matching Guide.

10.2.2.2.3 Configuring Jobs

To configure a job, it must be configured in the properties file and on the administration window to enable or disable the web services.

The **WatchListLoadPreparedData** process is disabled by default. To enable the process, follow these steps:

 In the Watchlist_Management-<patch number> project, double-click the Load List data from Stg to Processed table job. All processes related to the job are displayed.

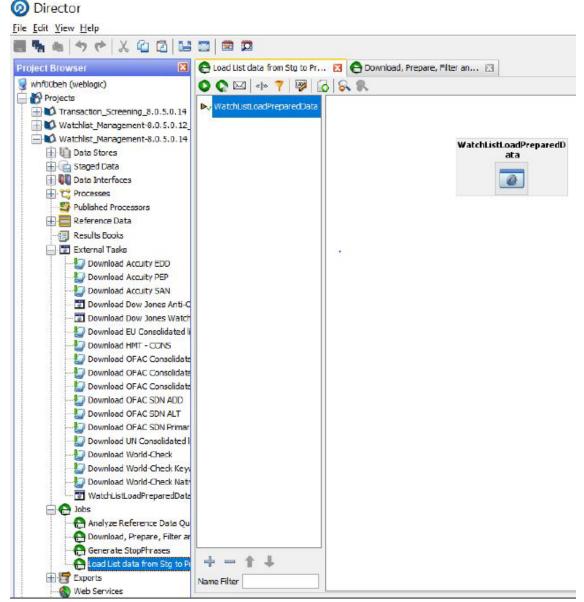


Figure 92: EDQ Director Menu

2. Right-click the **WatchListLoadPreparedData** process and click **Enable**.

10.2.2.3 Filtering Watch List Data

The following sections provide information on how to enable and configure the watch list filters.

10.2.2.3.1 Enabling Watch List Filtering

Watch list data is filtered either during List Management, Screening, or both.

To enable filtering for a specific watch list, set the Prepare Filtering phase(s) in the appropriate run profile to **Y**, and the Prepare Without Filtering phase(s) to **N**.

10.2.2.3.2 Configuring Watch List Filtering

Watch list filtering is controlled by configuring reference data in the watch list projects.



After data is filtered out, it is not possible to filter it back in. For example, if all entities are filtered out in the **Watchlist Management** project, even if the **Transaction_Screening** project is configured to include entities, they will not appear in the results data.

The top-level of filtering is controlled by editing the **Reference Data Editor - Filter - Settings** reference data.

| List Key | List Sub Key | List/sub-lis | Individuals | Entities (Pr | Vessels (P | All origins | All origin r | All origin s | All name ty | |
|----------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|---|
| ACY | ACY-SAN | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| ACY | ACY-PEP | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| ACY | ACY-EDD | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| HMT | HMT-CONS | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| HMT | HMT-IB | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| EU | EU | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| DJW | DJW-SAN | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| DJW | DJW-PEP | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| DJW | DJW-EDD | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| OFAC | OFAC-SDN | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| OFAC | OFAC-NS-PLC | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| UN | UN-ALO | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| UN | UN-TAL | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| WC | WC-SAN | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| WC | WC-PEP | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| WC | WC-EDD | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| PRIV | | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| DJAC | DJAC-SAN | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| DJAC | DJAC-PEP | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| DJAC | DJAC-EDD | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | Y | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | | Ť |

Figure 93: Reference Data Editor - Filter - Settings Window

All the reference data filters are set to **Y** by default, except Linked Profiles which is set to **N**. No actual filtering is performed on watch list data unless these settings are changed.

NOTE

In the Filter – Settings reference data, a value of **Y** indicates that all records must be included - in other words, no filter must be applied.

Broadly speaking, watch list filtering falls into four categories:

- By list and list subkey.
- By list record origin characteristics.
- By list profile record characteristics.
- By linked profiles.

10.2.2.3.3 Primary and Secondary Filtering, and Linked Records

- Primary filtering These filters are used to return all profiles that match the criteria specified.
- Linked Profiles If this value is set to **Y**, then all profiles linked to those captured by Primary filters are also captured. An example is a filter configured to capture all Sanctions and their related PEPs.
- Secondary filtering These filters are applied to further filter any linked profiles that are returned.



Only the World-Check and DJW watch lists can provide Linked Profiles.

10.2.2.3.4 Setting Multiple Values for Primary and Secondary Filters

The following filter options require further configuration in additional reference data:

- Origins
- Origin Regions
- Origin Statuses
- Primary and Secondary Name Qualities
- Primary and Secondary Name Types
- Primary and Secondary PEP Classifications

To filter using one or more of these options, set the relevant value in the Filter – Settings reference data to **N**, and then make further changes to the corresponding reference data.

NOTE When you set the Filter - Settings reference data to **N**, only the records that match the values set in the corresponding reference data are included. For example, if you set the value of All name qualities to **N** in Filter - Settings, then you can determine which name qualities must be included for each watch list in the Filter - Primary Name Qualities reference data. For instance, if you include a row for high-quality names in the EU watch list, but you do not include rows for medium-quality and low-quality names for this watch list, then only records with high-quality names are included in the watch list.

Some of these reference data sets are pre-populated with rows, to be edited or removed as required. These rows contain data (generally, but not always) supplied by each watch list provider and are all contained within the **Watchlist Management** project.

For example, to view all possible keywords for World-Check data, open the **WC Keyword** reference data in the **Watchlist Management** project. See the following example for further details.

10.2.2.3.5 Filtering World-Check Data

This example describes configuring filtering on the World-Check Sanctions list in the **Watchlist Management** project and setting further filters in the **Transaction_Screening** project. You can also perform the following actions:

- Enable filtering in the Run Profiles
- Configure the Primary filters in the Watch List Management project to return only active records for sanctioned individuals (not entities) originating from the EU list
- Enable the filtering of Linked Profiles in the Watch List Management project

• Configure the Secondary filters in the Transaction Filtering project to further filter out all Linked Profiles of deceased individuals.

1.1.1.15.0.0.4 Setting Filtering options in the Run Profiles

In the watchlist-management.properties $Run\ Profile,\ set\ the\ World-Check\ filtering\ phases\ as\ follows:$

phase.WC\ -\ Prepare\ without\ filtering.enabled = N
phase.WC\ -\ Prepare\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 1).enabled = Y
phase.WC\ -\ Prepare\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 2).enabled = Y
In the watchlist-screening.properties Run Profile, set the World-Check
filtering phases as follows:
phase.WC\ -\ Load\ without\ filtering.enabled = N
phase.WC\ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 1).enabled = Y
phase.WC\ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 2).enabled = Y

10.1.1.1.6 Setting Primary Filters and Linked Profiles in the Watchlist Management Project

To set the primary filters, follow these steps:

- 1. In the Director menu, open the Watchlist Management project and expand the Reference Data node.
- 2. Locate the Filter Settings reference data and double-click to open it.
- 3. Ensure the List/sub-list value in the WC-SAN row is set to Y.
- 4. Set the Entities value in the WC-SAN row to $\boldsymbol{N}.$
- 5. Set the Inactive value in the WC-SAN row to N.
- 6. Set the All Origins value in the WC-SAN row to N.
- 7. Ensure all other values in the WC-SAN row are set to Y.
- 8. Click **OK** to close the reference data and save changes.
- 9. Locate the Filter Origins reference data and double-click to open it.
- 10. Add a new row with the following values:
 - List Key WC
 - List Sub Key WC-SAN
 - Origin EU
- 11. Change the Linked Profiles value in the WC-SAN row to Y.
- 12. Click **OK** to close the Filter Settings reference data and save changes.

10.1.1.1.7 Setting Secondary Filters in the Transaction_Screening Project

To set secondary filters, follow these steps:

- 1. Open the Transaction Screening project, and expand the reference data link.
- 2. Locate the Filter Settings reference data file, and double-click to open it.
- 3. Set the Deceased value in the WC-SAN row to N.

4. Click **OK** to close the reference data and save changes.

10.1.1.1.8 Screening All Data Using Sanctions Rules

By default, watch list records are routed to the different screening processes depending on their record type, that is, SAN, PEP, or EDD. This allows different rules, and hence different levels of rigor, to be applied to the list data according to risk appetite.

However, if you want to use the same screening logic for all list records, and do not want the overhead of maintaining separate rule sets, the system can be configured to reroute all list records to the SAN screening processes. To do this, set the <code>phase.*.process.*.Screen\ all\ as\ SAN value</code> in the <code>watchlist-screening.properties</code> Run Profile to **Y**.

10.1.1.2 Viewing Reference Data for Web Services

Previously, all reference data was available in EDQ. From 807 onwards, only data related to name and address is enabled in EDQ. All other reference data is available in the database in the following tables:

- Goods prohibition reference data is available in fcc_prohibiton_goods_ref_data
- Ports prohibition reference data is available in fcc_port_ref_data
- Bad BICs reference data is available in dim sanctioned bic
- Stop Keywords reference data is available in dim stop keywords
- Blacklisted Cities reference data is available in dim sanctioned city
- Blacklisted Countries reference data is available in dim sanctioned country

10.1.1.2.1 Bad BICs Reference Data

The following columns are available in the template for BICs:

- Record ID: This column displays the record serial number for the blacklisted BIC. The record ID is unique for every BIC.
- BIC: This column displays the name of the BIC.
- Details of BIC: This column displays the details of the BIC.
- Data Source: This column displays the source of the data for the BIC.
- Risk Score: This column displays the risk score for the BIC.

Sample Data for Sanctioned BICs

The following table provides examples based on BICs:

Table 29: Sample Data for Sanctioned BICs

| Record ID | BIC | Data Source | Risk Score |
|-----------|----------|---|------------|
| 1 | SIIBSYDA | OFAC (Office of Foreign Assets Control) | 85 |
| 2 | FTBDKPPY | OFAC (Office of Foreign Assets Control) | 90 |
| 3 | DCBKKPPY | OFAC (Office of Foreign Assets Control) | 85 |
| 4 | ROSYRU2P | OFAC (Office of Foreign Assets Control) | 90 |
| 5 | INAKRU41 | OFAC (Office of Foreign Assets Control) | 90 |
| 6 | SBBARUMM | OFAC (Office of Foreign Assets Control) | 90 |

10.1.1.2.2 Blacklisted Cities Reference Data

The following columns are available in the template for blacklisted cities:

- Record ID: This column displays the record serial number for the blacklisted city. The record ID is unique for every city.
- Country: This column displays the name of the country of the blacklisted city.
- City: This column displays the name of the blacklisted city.
- ISO City Code: This column displays the ISO code of the blacklisted city.
- Data Source: This column displays the source of the data for the blacklisted city.
- Risk Score: This column displays the risk score for the blacklisted city.

Sample Data for Sanctioned Cities

The following table provides examples for blacklisted cities:

Table 30: Sample Data for Sanctioned Cities

| Record ID | Country | City | ISO City Code | Data Source | Risk Score |
|-----------|---------|-----------------------|---------------|---|------------|
| 1 | IRAQ | ARBIL | ABL | OFAC (Office of Foreign Assets Control) | 90 |
| 2 | IRAQ | ABU AL FULUS | ALF | OFAC (Office of Foreign Assets Control) | 90 |
| 3 | IRAQ | AMARA (AL- AMARAH) | AMA | OFAC (Office of Foreign Assets Control) | 85 |
| 4 | IRAQ | ARAK | ARK | OFAC (Office of Foreign Assets Control) | 90 |

10.1.1.2.3 Blacklisted Countries Reference Data

The following columns are available in the template for blacklisted countries:

- Record ID: This column displays the record serial number for the blacklisted country. The record ID is unique for every country.
- Country: This column displays the name of the blacklisted country.
- ISO Country Code: This column displays the ISO code of the blacklisted country.
- Country Synonyms: This column displays the synonyms of the blacklisted country.
- Data Source: This column displays the source of the data for the blacklisted country.
- Risk Score: This column displays the risk score for the blacklisted country.

Sample Data for Sanctioned Countries

The following table provides sample data for blacklisted countries:

Table 31: Sample Data for Sanctioned Countries

| Record ID | Country | ISO Country Code | Country Synonyms | Data Source | Risk Score |
|-----------|---------|---------------------|---|---|------------|
| 1 | IRAQ | IQ | IRAK, REPUBLIC OF IRAQ, AL JUM- HURIYAH AL IRAQIYAH, AL IRAQ | OFAC (Office of Foreign Assets Control) | 90 |

| Record ID | Country | ISO Country Code | Country Synonyms | Data Source | Risk Score |
|-----------|--|---------------------|---|---|------------|
| 2 | DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO | CD | CONGO, THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE | OFAC (Office of Foreign Assets Control) | 90 |
| 3 | AFGHANI- STAN | AF | NA | ITAR (International Traffic in Arms Reg- ulations) | 85 |
| 4 | ZIMBABWE | ZW | NA | ITAR (International Traffic in Arms Reg- ulations) | 90 |
| 5 | CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC | CF | NA | EAR (Export Administration Regula- tions) | 85 |
| 6 | BELARUS | BY | NA | EAR (Export Administration Regula- tions) | 80 |

10.1.1.2.4 Stop Keywords Reference Data

The following columns are available in the template for keywords:

- Record ID: This column displays the record serial number for the keyword.
- Stop keyword: This column displays the keyword.
- Risk Score: This column displays the risk score for the keyword.

Sample Data for Sanctioned Stop Keywords

The following table provides examples based on keywords:

Table 32: Sample Data for Sanctioned Stop Keywords

| Record ID | Stop KeyWords | Risk Score |
|-----------|---------------|------------|
| 1 | EXPLOSIVE | 80 |
| 2 | DIAMOND | 90 |
| 3 | TERROR | 80 |
| 4 | TERRORIST | 85 |
| 5 | ARMS | 80 |
| 6 | NUCLEAR | 90 |

10.1.1.2.5 Goods Prohibition Reference Data

The following columns are available in the template for prohibited goods:

- Record ID: This column displays the record serial number for the prohibited good. The record ID is unique for every good.
- Good Code: This column displays the code of the prohibited good.
- Good Name: This column displays the name of the prohibited good.
- Good Description: This column displays the description of the prohibited good.

Sample Data for Prohibited Goods

The following table provides sample data for prohibited goods:

| Record ID | Good Code | Good Name | Good Description |
|-----------|------------|------------------------|--|
| 1 | 0207 43 00 | Fatty livers | Fatty livers, fresh or chilled |
| 2 | 0208 90 10 | lvory | CONGO, THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE |
| 3 | 0209 10 00 | lvory powder and waste | NA |
| 4 | 3057100 | Shark fins | NA |
| 5 | 4302 19 40 | Tiger-Cat skins | NA |

 Table 33: Sample Data for Prohibited Goods

10.1.1.2.6 Ports Prohibition Reference Data

The following columns are available in the template for prohibited ports:

- Record ID: This column displays the record serial number for the prohibited port. The record ID is unique for every port.
- Country: This column displays the name of the country where the prohibited port is located.
- Port Name: This column displays the name of the prohibited port.
- Port Code: This column displays the code of the prohibited port.
- Port Synonyms: This column displays the synonym of the prohibited port.

Sample Data for Prohibited Ports

The following table provides sample data for prohibited ports:

Table 34: Sample Data for Prohibited Ports

| Record ID | Country | Port Name | Port Code | Port Synonyms |
|-----------|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | IRAN, ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF | KHORRAM- SHAHR | IR KHO | KHORRAMSHAHR Port |
| 2 | RUSSIA | Sevastopol | SMTP | Sebastopol,Port of Sevasto- pol |
| 3 | New Zealand | Dunedin | NZ ORR | Otago Harbour |
| 4 | New Zealand | Ravensbourne | NZ ORR | Otago Harbour |

10.1.1.3 Extending Prohibition Screening

Oracle Financial Services Transaction Filtering, as delivered, allows for prohibition screening against Nationality and Residency for Individuals and [country of] Operation and [country of] Registration for Entities. Additional prohibition types can be added as follows:

- Create new entries in the prohibition reference data with a new Prohibition Type name, for example, "Employment Country".
- [Batch screening only] Extend the customer data preparation process to create a new attribute, for example, dnEmploymentCountryCode.

• Edit the appropriate screening process, to create the necessary match rules and clusters for the new attribute.

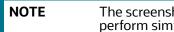
11 Configuring Risk Scoring Rules

This chapter provides a brief overview of configuring Risk Scoring Rules for Transaction Filtering. These rules are configured in the Inline Processing Engine (IPE). Transaction Filtering has a few readyto-use business rules. The following steps show the pre-configured business rules and how you can create your business rules based on the requirements.

Before you configure the rules, you must update the sequence ID for IPE. To do this, execute the following script in the *Config* schema as a post-installation step:

Begin p_set_sequence_value('TASKS','5000000','Y'); end;

For information on the post-installation activities, see the Oracle Financial Services Behavior Detection Installation Guide.



The screenshots shown for these steps are taken for existing tables. You can perform similar steps for newly added tables.

To configure rules in IPE, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the **Financial Services Analytical Applications Transactions Filtering** landing page. For more information, see the Inline Processing Menu.
- 2. Click Inline Processing. The Inline Processing page is displayed.

The following window shows the **Profiles** menu. Profiles are an aggregation of information. Profiles can be based on different grouping entities (For example, account and customer) and can be filtered to only look at specific types of transactions. Profiles can also be based on time (last three months) or activity counts (last 100 transactions). For more information on Profiles, see the **Managing Profiles** chapter in the Oracle Financial Services Inline Processing Engine User Guide.

Figure 94: Profiles Menu

ORACLE[®] Inline Processing

| Association | and Configuration | Expressions | Post Processing Actions | Profiles | Virtual Profiles | Evaluations | Assessment | s | | |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------------|----------|-------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------------------|------------|---------|
| Home>>Profi | es | | | | | | | | | |
| Search | ♦Go 🖱 Reset | | | | | | | | | |
| Profile Name | | | | Activ | vity | | | Processing | Segment | • |
| Status | | | | • | | | | | | |
| ✓ Profiles (| 0) 🕂 Add i Delete | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| 🔏 Profile | Name | | Activity | Pr | rocessing Segment | | Status | Updated By | Updated On | History |
| No Da | ta Found | | | | | | | | | |

3. Import data model tables into IPE using the Business Entities sub-menu. A Business Entity is a virtual layer that can be added to an existing table. You can add a new business entity and search for existing business entities to modify or remove a business entity For more information on Business Entities, see the Managing Business Entities section in the Oracle Financial Services Inline Processing Engine User Guide.

To import a table, follow these steps:

- Click the **Association and Configuration** menu, then click the **Business Entities** sub-menu.
- Select the Business Entity you want to import.
- Click Import Entity Import Entity

| ociation and Configuration | Expressions | Post Processing Actions | Profiles | Virtual Profiles | Evaluations | Assessments |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|----------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| me>>Association and Configurat Choose Entity 👼 Import Ent | | ies | | | | |
| | Entity N | Name* | | | | • |
| Business Entities (0) 🕂 Add | l 🕼 Edit 🛍 Dele | ete 🔊 Synchronize | | | | |
| Entity Details | | | | | | |
| | Set Primary Key Attri | ibute* | | | | T |
| | Set Sequence ID Atti | tribute | | | | • |
| Set P | Processing Status Att | tribute | | | | • |
| | | | | | | |
| Attributes (0) 📝 _{Edit} | | | | | | |
| played in the Figure 96: Entitie | e format <log< th=""><th>lefined for the er gical Name>-<</th><th></th><th></th><th>displayed. ⁻</th><th>Γhe Entity n</th></log<> | lefined for the er gical Name>-< | | | displayed. ⁻ | Γhe Entity n |
| played in the | e format <log< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>displayed. ⁻</th><th>The Entity n</th></log<> | | | | displayed. ⁻ | The Entity n |
| played in the Figure 96: Entitie Search ^I ⇔ GoI → Reset | e format <log< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>displayed. ⁻</td><td>Гhe Entity n</td></log<> | | | | displayed. ⁻ | Гhe Entity n |
| played in the Figure 96: Entitie Search ^I ⇔ GoI → Reset | e format <log< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>displayed. ⁻</td><td>The Entity n</td></log<> | | | | displayed. ⁻ | The Entity n |
| played in the Figure 96: Entitie Search ^I © Go ^I & Reset Entity Name | e format <log< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>displayed. ⁻</td><td>Γhe Entity n</td></log<> | | | | displayed. ⁻ | Γhe Entity n |
| played in the Figure 96: Entitie Search & Go & Reset Entity Name | e format <log< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>displayed. ⁻</td><td>Гhe Entity n</td></log<> | | | | displayed. ⁻ | Гhe Entity n |
| played in the Figure 96: Entitie Search ^I ⇔ Gol → Reset Entity Name Entities Entities Entity Name | e format <log< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>displayed. ⁻</td><td>The Entity n</td></log<> | | | | displayed. ⁻ | The Entity n |
| played in the Figure 96: Entitie Search ♀ Go ♀ Reset Entity Name Entities Entity Name ■ ACCT-ACCT | e format <log< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>displayed. ⁻</td><td>The Entity n</td></log<> | | | | displayed. ⁻ | The Entity n |
| played in the Figure 96: Entitie Search & Go & Reset Entity Name Entities Entity Name CS_ALERTS-CS_ALERTS | e format <log< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>displayed. ⁻</td><td>Γhe Entity n</td></log<> | | | | displayed. ⁻ | Γhe Entity n |
| played in the Figure 96: Entitie Search ¹ ⇔ Gol → Reset Entity Name Entities ACCT-ACCT CS_ALERTS-CS_ALERTS CUST-CUST | e format <log< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>displayed. ⁻</td><td>The Entity n</td></log<> | | | | displayed. ⁻ | The Entity n |
| played in the Figure 96: Entitie Search ^I ⇔ Gol → Reset Entity Name Entities ACCT-ACCT CS_ALERTS-CS_ALERTS CUST-CUST CUST_ACCT-CUST_ACCT | e format <log< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>displayed. ⁻</td><td>The Entity n</td></log<> | | | | displayed. ⁻ | The Entity n |
| played in the Figure 96: Entitie Search C Gol → Reset Entity Name Entities Entity Name ACCT-ACCT CS_ALERTS-CS_ALERTS CUST_CUST CUST_ACCT-CUST_ACCT CUST_ADDR-CUST_ADDR | e format <log< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>displayed. ⁻</td><td>The Entity n</td></log<> | | | | displayed. ⁻ | The Entity n |
| played in the Figure 96: Entitie Search ^I ⇔ Gol → Reset Entity Name Entities Entity Name ACCT-ACCT CS_ALERTS-CS_ALERTS CUST_CUST CUST_ACCT-CUST_ACCT CUST_ACCT-CUST_ACCT CUST_ADDR-CUST_E | e format <log es List MAIL_ADDR c</log | | | | displayed. ⁻ | The Entity n |
| played in the Figure 96: Entitie Search ^I ⇔ Gol → Reset Entity Name Entities Entity Name ACCT-ACCT CS_ALERTS-CS_ALERTS CUST_CUST CUST_ACCT-CUST_ACCT CUST_ADDR-CUST_ADDR CUST_EMAIL_ADDR-CUST_E CUST_ID_DOC-CUST_ID_DOC | e format <log es List MAIL_ADDR c MP_LICENSE</log | gical Name>-< | | | displayed. ⁻ | The Entity n |

• Select an entity. The **Business Entity** fields are enabled. You can enter the following details:

Table 35: Business Entity Fields

| Field | Description |
|---------------|--|
| Business Name | Enter a unique Business Name of the Entity. By default, the Business Name is populated as the logical name provided for the Table in the data model. The details of this field can be modified. |

Table 35: Business Entity Fields

| Field | Description | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Entity Type | Select the Entity Type from the drop-down list. The following entity types are available: Activity: Select a table as Activity if the data is to be processed by IPE as a part of assessment execution. To use Activity as a Reference, relevant Inline Datasets and Traversal Paths must be created. For example, if wire transactions and cash transactions are two activities, then there must be inline datasets created for them and a traversal path connecting the two. Reference: Select a table as a Reference if the table has static values for IPE. Reference data cannot be processed by IPE. | | | | | |
| | Lookup: Select a table as Lookup if it is used as a scoring table in Evaluations. This can be used as a Reference. After a table is imported, you cannot change the entity type of the table. | | | | | |
| Processing Segment | Select the Processing Segment from the multi-select drop-down list. | | | | | |
| Set Primary Key Attribute | Select the Primary Key Attribute from the drop-down list. This shows all the columns of the table. This is a unique attribute of the table which is imported. It is a mandatory field. Composite Primary Keys are not supported. | | | | | |
| Set Sequence ID Attribute | Select the sequence ID attribute from the drop-down list. Select the sequence ID attribute from the drop-down list. This field is enabled if you select Activity as the Entity Type. | | | | | |
| DB Sequence Name | Enter the DB sequence name . A DB Sequence must be created in the Atomic Schema. The name of that Sequence must be provided in this field. This field is enabled if you select Activity as the Entity Type. | | | | | |
| Set Processing Status Attribute | Select the processing status attribute from the drop-down list. This attribute is updated by IPE to indicate if the assessment has passed or failed. This field is enabled if you select Activity as the Entity Type. | | | | | |
| Set Processing Period Attribute | Select the processing period attribute from the drop-down list. This attribute defines the date or time when the activity has occurred. For example, Transaction Time. This field is enabled if you select Activity as the Entity Type. | | | | | |
| Score Attribute | This field is enabled ONLY if you select Lookup as the Entity Type. Select the Score Attribute from the drop-down list. This attribute can be used in evaluation scoring. | | | | | |

- Click Save.
- 1. Add a business entity. To do this, follow these steps:
 - In the **Business Entities** sub-menu, select an entity from the **Entity Name** drop-down.

| Figure | 97: | Entities | List |
|--------|-----|----------|------|
|--------|-----|----------|------|

| Association and Configuration Expressions Post Processing Action | is Profiles Virtual Profiles Evaluations Assessments | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------|---|
| Home>>Association and Configuration>>Business Entities < Choose Entity # Import Entity 🔋 Delete | | | |
| Entity Name* | • |] | |
| Business Entities (0) + Add 🛛 Edit 🗎 Delete 🔗 Synchronize | | | |
| Entity Details 🗟 Save | FCC_TF_XML_MSG_TAG | | |
| Set Primary Key Attribute* | FCC_TF_XML_SCRENG_BIC_RES | Entity Type | Ŧ |
| Set Sequence ID Attribute | FCC_TF_XML_SCRENG_CNTR_CTY_RES | DB Sequence Name | |
| Set Processing Status Attribute | FCC_TF_XML_SCRENG_GOODS_RES | Set Processing Period Attribute | |
| | FCC_TF_XML_SCRENG_NAM_ADDR_RES | | |
| Attributes (0) 🕼 Edit | FCC_TF_XML_SCRENG_NARTVE_RES | | |
| | FCC_TF_XML_SCRENG_PORTS_RES | | |
| | FCC_TF_XML_TRXN_TAG | | |
| | FSI_RT_MSG_TAGS | | |
| | FSI_RT_RAW_DATA | | |
| | FSI_RT_WLS_RESPONSE | | |
| | SETUP_RULE_CONFIGURATION | | |

- Click Add.
- 2. Provide the name, processing segment, and score attribute for the business entity.

Figure 98: Business Entity attributes

| Name* | Message Tag Table | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Processing Segment* | Transaction Filtering | • |
| Set Score Attribute | | ~ |
| | Add Cancel | |

- 3. Click **Add**. The new parameter is added to the list of Business Entities on the **Business Entities** page.
- 4. Add a join in IPE from the **Inline Datasets** sub-menu in the **Association and Configuration** menu. Inline Datasets are joins between two Business Entities. When you create an Inline Dataset, you must define at least one join.

To add a join, follow these steps:

• On the Inline Datasets page, click Add.

Figure 99: Inline Datasets page

| Asso | ociation and Configuration Expression | ns Post Processing Actions Pro | files Virtual Profiles Evaluations | Assessments | |
|------|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| m | e>>Association and Configuration>>Inline [| Datasets | | | |
| Se | arch 🔿 Go 🖱 Reset | | | | |
| ine | e Dataset Name | | | | |
| | Start Table | • | End Table | * | |
| nl | line Datasets (10) 🖶 Add 📋 Delete | | | | |
| | Inline Dataset Name | Start Table | End Table | Associations | |
| | Message Data Attributes to Transaction T | Message Data Attributes | Transaction Tag Attributes | N MSG TAG ID = N MSG TAG ID ; V BATCH RUN ID = V BATCH RUN ID | |
| | Message Tag to BIC Screening Response | Message Data Attributes | BIC Screening Response | N MSG TAG ID = N MSG TAG ID ; V BATCH RUN ID = V BATCH RUN ID | |
| | Message Tag to Country and City Screeni | r Message Data Attributes | Country City Screening Respons | N MSG TAG ID = N MSG TAG ID ; V BATCH RUN ID = V BATCH RUN ID | |
| | Message Tag to Goods Screening Respon | n Message Data Attributes | Goods Screening Response | N MSG TAG ID = N MSG TAG ID ; V BATCH RUN ID = V BATCH RUN ID | |
| | Message Tag to Name and Address Scree | Message Data Attributes | Name Addr Screening Response | N MSG TAG ID = N MSG TAG ID : V BATCH RUN ID = V BATCH RUN ID | |
| | Message Tag to Narrative Screening Resp | Message Data Attributes | Narrative Screening Response | N MSG TAG ID = N MSG TAG ID ; V BATCH RUN ID = V BATCH RUN ID | |
| | Message Tag to Ports Screening Response | Message Data Attributes | Ports Screening Response | N MSG TAG ID = N MSG TAG ID ; V BATCH RUN ID = V BATCH RUN ID | |
| | Message Tag to Rule Configuration Table | Real Time Raw Data | Rule Configuration Table | V GRP MSG TYPE = V TXN TYPE CD | |
| | Raw Message to Message Tag Table | Real Time Raw Data | Message Tag Table | N GRP MSG ID = N GRP MSG ID | |
| | Raw Message to Screening Response Tab | | Screening Response | N GRP MSG ID = N GRP MSG ID | |

- Enter a name for the inline dataset.
- In the **Start Table** field, select the start table of the join.
- In the **End Table** field, select the end table of the join.

Figure 100: Inline Datasets Attributes

| Inline Datas | et Name* | Message Tag to Rule Configuration Table | | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|---|--|----------|---------|------------------------------|--|
| Start Table* | | Real Time Raw Data | | • | End Tab | le* Rule Configuration Table | |
| | | | | | | | |
| iline Dataset (| Condition Start | + Add Delete | | Operator | | End | |

Click Add.

Vipling Dataset Datails

- Click Save. The new dataset is added to the list of Inline Datasets on the Inline Datasets page. For more information on inline datasets, see the Managing Inline Datasets section in the Oracle Financial Services Inline Processing Engine User Guide.
- 1. Add a traversal path for each join defined in the **Inline Datasets** sub-menu. Traversal paths are the paths between two or more entities. The traversal paths defined can be used to create expressions, evaluations, and profiles.

To add a traversal path, follow these steps:

- Click the Traversal Paths sub-menu in the Association and Configuration menu.
- On the **Traversal Paths** page, click **Add**.

| Asso | ociation and Configuration Expression | ns Post Processing Actions Pro | ofiles | Virtual Profiles Evaluat | tions Assessments |
|-------|---|--------------------------------|--------|------------------------------|---|
| lom | e>>Association and Configuration>>Travers | sal Paths | | | |
| Se | arch 🔿 Go 🖱 Reset | | | | |
| Frave | ersal Path Name | | | | |
| | Start Table | | • | End Table | |
| H | Traversal Path Name | Start Table | | i Table | Traversal Path Flow |
| ł | Traversal Path Name 🔺 | Start Table | End | i Table | |
| | | - | | Screening Response | Message Data Attributes : BIC Screening Response |
| | Message Tag to Country and City Screen | ir Message Data Attributes | Coi | untry City Screening Respons | Message Data Attributes : Country City Screening Respon |
| | Message Tag to Goods Screening Respon | n Message Data Attributes | Go | ods Screening Response | Message Data Attributes : Goods Screening Response |
| | Message Tag to Name and Address Scree | e Message Data Attributes | Na | me Addr Screening Response | Message Data Attributes : Name Addr Screening Respon |
| | Message Tag to Narrative Screening Res | Message Data Attributes | Na | rrative Screening Response | Message Data Attributes : Narrative Screening Response |
| | Message Tag to Ports Screening Respons | Message Data Attributes | Por | ts Screening Response | Message Data Attributes : Ports Screening Response |
| | Message Tag to Rule Configuration Table | Real Time Raw Data | Rul | e Configuration Table | Real Time Raw Data : Rule Configuration Table |
| | Message Tag to Transaction Tag | Message Data Attributes | Tra | nsaction Tag Attributes | Message Data Attributes : Transaction Tag Attributes |
| | Raw Message to Message Tag Table | Real Time Raw Data | Me | ssage Tag Table | Real Time Raw Data : Message Tag Table |
| _ | | | | | |

Figure 101: Traversal Paths Page

- Enter a name for the traversal path.
- In the Start Table field, select the same start table that you selected in step c.<XREF>
- In the End Table field, select the same end table that you selected in step d.<XREF>

Figure 102: Traversal Paths Attributes

| ~Trav | versal Path Details | | | | | | | | |
|--------|---------------------|--------------------------|---|----|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Traversal Path Name | Real Time to Message Tag | | | | | | | |
| | Start Table | Real Time Raw Data | • | • | End 1 | Table | Rule Configuration Table | ration Table | |
| ~ Trav | ersal Path Flow+ | Add Delete | | | | | | | |
| ž | Source Entity | | | | Destination Entity | | | | Sequence ID |
| | Real Time Raw Data | | • | | Rule Configuration Table | | • | · | 1 |
| | | | S | av | e Cancel | | | | |

- Click Add.
- Select the values for the traversal path flow as shown in the figure.
- Click Save. The new path is added to the list of traversal paths on the Traversal Paths page. For more information on traversal paths, see the Managing Traversal Paths section in the Oracle Financial Services Inline Processing Engine User Guide.
- 2. Add an Expression on the *risk score* column of the newly created business entity which is to be scored as a risk parameter from the **Expressions** menu. An expression is used as a filter when creating evaluations or profiles. Expressions must only be created on the activity table on which an evaluation is created.

In this example, two expressions are created. The first expression is for the column which holds the value of the new risk parameter, and the second expression is for the calculations that are needed to derive the risk score

To add an expression, follow these steps:

- Click the **Expressions** menu.
- On the **Expressions** page, click **Add**.

| ssoc | iation and Configuration E | xpressions Post Processing Actions Profiles Virtual Profiles I | Evaluations Assessments | | |
|-------|------------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| ome> | > Expressions | | | | |
| Sea | rch 🔿 Go 🗊 Reset | | | | |
| press | ion Name | Activity | • | Processing Segment | |
| | Status | | | | |
| Expl | ressions (26) + Add 🗊 D | alata 🛄 Sava | | | |
| | | Description | Status | Activity | Processing Segment |
| | Amendments | (Message Tag Table:N_NUMBER_OF_AMENDMENT) | VALID | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction F., |
| | Amount | (Message Tag Tablet/ AMOUNT) | VALID | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction F |
| | Amount ISO20022 | (Message Data Attributes:N CNTRL SUM AMT) | VALID | Message Data Attributes | |
| | BIC Score | (BIC Screening Response:N. Match. Score) | VALID | Message Data Attributes | |
| | Batch Run ID | (Message Data Attributes:V_BATCH_RUN_ID) | VALID | Message Data Attributes | |
| | Beneficiary Account Number | (Message Tag Table:V_BENF_ACC_NO) | VALID | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction F 38 |
| | Beneficiary Name and Address | (Message Tag Table:V_BENF_ACC_ADDRS) | VALID | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction F 💷 |
| | Country and City Score | (Country City Screening Respons:N_Match_Score) | VALID | Message Data Attributes | Transaction F 🗵 |
| | Currency | (Message Tag Table:V_CURRENCY) | VALID | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction F 📧 |
| | Currency ISO20022 | (Transaction Tag Attributes:V_CURRENCY) | VALID | Message Data Attributes | Transaction F 📧 |
| | Destination Country | (Message Tag Table:V_DESTINATION_CNTRY) | VALID | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction F 💷 |
| | Direction | (Message Tag Table:V_DIRECTION) | VALID | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction F 38 |
| | Goods Score | (Goods Screening Response:N_MATCH_SCORE) | VALID | Message Data Attributes | Transaction F 28 |
| | Jurisdiction | (Real Time Raw Data:V_BIC_CODE) | VALID | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction F 🗵 |
| | Message Reference | (Message Tag Table:V_MSG_REF) | VALID | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction F 💷 |

Figure 103: Expressions Page

 For the first expression, enter a name for the expression and select the values as shown in the figure.

Figure 104: First Expression Attributes

| I | Expressio | on Name* | Country of birth | Act | ivity* | Real Time Raw Data | • |
|-----------|-----------|------------|--|------------|----------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Proc | cessing S | egment * | Transaction Filtering | | | | |
| Variables | ⊢ Add 🗎 | Delete | Apply Function To Group 💷 Remove Function From G | roup 🖂 App | ly Funct | ion to Expression | |
| 👬 Group | Order | Operator | Business Property (Business Entity, Business Attribu | ite) | Functi | on Function Parameter | |
| /ariable | | | | | | | 🗟 Save 📓 Cancel |
| | | Operator | T | | | | |
| | Busine | ss Entity* | Message Tag Table | | | | • |
| В | usiness A | Attribute* | D_REQST_EXECUTION | | | | • |
| | | | Add to Current Group | Create | e New G | roup | |
| | | | Submit Cle | ose | | | |

- Select the business entity and the business attribute where the value of the new parameter resides.
- Click the **Save icon**. The variable is displayed on the window.

| Expression Name* | Country of birth | Activity* | Real Time Raw | Data | • |
|--|--|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| Processing Segment * | Transaction Filtering | | | | |
| | nansaction mitering | | | | |
| ables 🕈 Add 🗎 Delete 🛛 | Apply Function To Group 🖾 Remove Function From Group | p 🔀 Apply Fun | ction to Expressi | on | |
| Group Order Opera | tor Business Property (Business Entity. Business Attribu | te) Fu | nction Func | tion Parameter | |
| 0 1 1 | Message Tag Table : D_REQST_EXECUTION | | | | |
| ble | | | | | 🕞 Save 🛛 🖾 Cancel |
| Operator | • | | | | |
| Business Entity* | | | | | • |
| Business Attribute* | | | | | • |
| | Submit Close | | | | |
| in the Figure 106: Se Expression Name* | e second expression, enter a name figure. cond Expression Attributes | e for the _{Activity} * | expressio | | t the values |
| in the Figure 106: Se Expression Name* Processing Segment * iables Add Delete 2 Group Order Opera | e second expression, enter a name figure. cond Expression Attributes Country of birth calculations Transaction Filtering Apply Function To Group® Remove Function From Group tor Business Property (Business Entity. Business Attribu | Activity* p∑ Apply Fur | Real Time Raw | Data | |
| in the Figure 106: Se Expression Name* Processing Segment * iables + Add Delete | e second expression, enter a name figure. cond Expression Attributes Country of birth calculations Transaction Filtering Apply Function To Group® Remove Function From Group | Activity* p∑ Apply Fur | Real Time Raw | Data on tion Parameter | |
| in the Figure 106: Se Expression Name* Processing Segment * iables Add Delete Group Order Opera 1 1 ble | e second expression, enter a name figure. cond Expression Attributes Country of birth calculations Transaction Filtering Apply Function To Group® Remove Function From Group tor Business Property (Business Entity. Business Attribut Message Tag Table : D_REQST_EXECUTION | Activity* p∑ Apply Fur | Real Time Raw | Data on tion Parameter | • |
| in the Figure 106: Se Expression Name* Processing Segment * ables Add Delete Group Order Opera 1 1 | e second expression, enter a name figure. cond Expression Attributes Country of birth calculations Transaction Filtering Apply Function To Group® Remove Function From Group tor Business Property (Business Entity. Business Attribu | Activity* p∑ Apply Fur | Real Time Raw | Data on tion Parameter | • |
| in the Figure 106: Se Expression Name* Processing Segment * iables Add Delete Group Order Opera 1 1 ble | e second expression, enter a name figure. cond Expression Attributes Country of birth calculations Transaction Filtering Apply Function To Group® Remove Function From Group tor Business Property (Business Entity. Business Attribut Message Tag Table : D_REQST_EXECUTION | Activity* p∑ Apply Fur | Real Time Raw | Data on tion Parameter | • |
| in the Figure 106: Se Expression Name* Processing Segment * ables Add Delete Group Order Opera 1 1 operator | te second expression, enter a name figure. Econd Expression Attributes Country of birth calculations Transaction Filtering Apply Function To Group® Remove Function From Group Apply Function To Group® Remove Function From Group Message Tag Table : D_REQST_EXECUTION + • • | Activity* p∑ Apply Fur | Real Time Raw | Data on tion Parameter | ▼ E Save Cancel |

• Click the **Save icon**. The variable is displayed.

| | Fig | ure | e 10' | 7: Se | ond Expression Displaye | ed | | | | |
|--------|------------------|-------|----------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| | Expression Name* | | Name* | Country of birth calculations | | Activity* | Real Time Raw Data | | • | |
| Varia | | | | ment * | Transaction Filtering | unction From Group 🔀 A | oply Fun | rtion to I | | |
| E | | | | | Business Property (Business Entity | | | nction | Function Parameter | |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | | | Message Tag Table : D_REQST_EXECUTIO | N | | | | |
| 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | + | Message Tag Table : D_DATE_OF_ISSUE | | | | | |
| /ariab | e | | | | | | | | | 层 Save 🛛 🖾 Cano |
| | | | Op | erator | • | | | | | |
| | | Bus | siness | Entity* | | | | | | |
| | В | usine | ess Attr | ribute* | | | | | | • |
| | | | | | Add to Current Group | ® Cr | eate New | Group | | |
| | | | | | S | ubmit Close | | | | |

For information on applying a function to the group or expression, see the **Managing Expressions** chapter in the Oracle Financial Services Inline Processing Engine User Guide.

- Click Submit. The new expression is added to the list of expressions on the Expressions page.
- Add the following ready-to-use evaluations from the Evaluations Menu. Evaluations are logical comparisons against conditions that result in a score. For information on the conditions, see the Managing Evaluations section in the Oracle Financial Services Inline Processing Engine User Guide.

You can define new rules according to your requirement using the expressions defined in the earlier steps.

ISO20022 Risk-Currency VS Amount Threshold Evaluation

For all filter conditions mentioned in the following table, if the filter values are met as configured then add a risk score of 20.

| NOTE | ٠ | This evaluation applies to the ISO message category. |
|------|---|--|
| | ٠ | This score is configurable. |

Table 36: ISO20022 Risk-Currency VS Amount Threshold Evaluation Filters

| Sl.No | Filter Name | Filter Clause |
|-------|-------------|---|
| | Batch ID | (Message Data Attributes:V_BATCH_RUN_ID) = BATCH RUN ID |
| | Amount | (Message Data Attributes:N_CNTRL_SUM_AMT) >= 10000 |
| | Currency | (Transaction Tag Attributes:V_ CURRENCY) = 'EUR' |

Risk- High Risk Party Evaluation

For all filter conditions mentioned in the following table, if the filter values are met as configured then add a risk score of 40.

| SI.No | Filter Name | Filter Clause |
|-------|----------------------------|---|
| | Beneficiary Account Number | (Message Tag Table:V_BENF_ACC_NO) = (Rule Configu- ration Table:V_COND1) |
| | Rule Name | (Rule Configuration Table:V_RISK_RULE_CODE) = 'TF_HIGH_RSK_PARTY' |
| | Message Type | (Real Time Raw Data:V_GRP_MSG_TYPE) = 'MT700' |
| | Direction | (Message Tag Table:V_DIRECTION) in (('INBOUND', 'OUTBOUND')) |

 Table 37: Risk- High-Risk Party Evaluation Filters

Risk-Currency VS Amount Threshold Evaluation

For all filters conditions mentioned in the following table, if the filter values are met as configured then add a risk score of 25.

| NOTE Th | is score is configurable. |
|---------|---------------------------|
|---------|---------------------------|

Table 38: Risk-Currency VS Amount Threshold Evaluation Filters

| SI.No | Filter Name | Filter Clause |
|-------|--------------|--|
| | Message Type | (Real Time Raw Data:V_GRP_MSG_TYPE) in ('MT101', 'MT103', 'MT202COV', 'MT202') |
| | Jurisdiction | (Real Time Raw Data:V_BIC_CODE) = 'CHASUS33XXX' |
| | Direction | (Message Tag Table:V_DIRECTION) in ('INBOUND','OUTBOUND') |
| | Currency | (Message Tag Table:V_CURRENCY) = 'USD' |
| | Amount | (Message Tag Table:V_AMOUNT) >= 10000 |

Risk-Currency VS Destination Country Evaluation

For all filters conditions mentioned in the following table, if the filter values are met as configured then add a risk score of 20.

This evaluation works with reference table <code>SETUP_RULE_CONFIGURATION</code>, which is another way of configuring evaluation or risk scoring rule. This evaluation is done using one of the lookup tables from the database. Similarly, you can add more rules using the same table where columns are generalized.

| Table 39: Risk-Curren | cy VS Destination Country Evaluation Filters |
|-----------------------|--|
|-----------------------|--|

| SI.No | Filter Name | Filter Clause |
|-------|---------------------|---|
| | Currency | (Message Tag Table:V_CURRENCY) = (Rule Configuration Table:V_COND1) |
| | Destination Country | (Message Tag Table:V_DESTINATION_CNTRY) = (Rule Configu- ration Table:V_COND2) |

| Sl.No | Filter Name | Filter Clause |
|-------|--------------|---|
| | Direction | (Message Tag Table:V_DIRECTION) in ('INBOUND','OUTBOUND') |
| | Message Type | (Real Time Raw Data:V_GRP_MSG_TYPE) = (Rule Configuration Table:V_TXN_TYPE_CD) |
| | Rule Name | (Rule Configuration Table:V_RISK_RULE_CODE) = 'TF_CCY_C- TRY_RSK' |

Table 39: Risk-Currency VS Destination Country Evaluation Filters

Risk-High Risk Destination Country Evaluation

For all filters conditions mentioned in the following table, if the filter values are met as configured then add a risk score of 20.

| NOTE This score is configurable | <u>.</u> |
|--|----------|
|--|----------|

Table 40: Risk-High Risk Destination Country Evaluation Filters

| SI.No | Filter Name | Filter Clause |
|-------|---------------------|--|
| | Amount | (Message Tag Table:V_AMOUNT) >= 10000 |
| | Currency | (Message Tag Table:V_CURRENCY) = 'EUR' |
| | Destination Country | (Message Tag Table:V_DESTINATION_CNTRY) in ('TH', 'PK') |
| | Direction | (Message Tag Table:V_DIRECTION) = 'OUTBOUND' |
| | Message Type | (Real Time Raw Data:V_GRP_MSG_TYPE) in ('MT101', 'MT103', 'MT202COV', 'MT202') |

Risk-High Risk Originator Country Evaluation

For all filters conditions mentioned in the following table, if the filter values are met as configured then add a risk score of 20.

NOTE This score is configurable.

Table 41: Risk-High Risk Originator Country Evaluation Filters

| Sl.No | Filter Name | Filter Clause |
|-------|--------------------|--|
| | Amount | (Message Tag Table:V_AMOUNT) >= 10000 |
| | Currency | (Message Tag Table:V_CURRENCY) = 'EUR' |
| | Message Type | (Real Time Raw Data:V_GRP_MSG_TYPE) in ('MT101', 'MT103', 'MT202COV', 'MT202') |
| | Direction | (Message Tag Table:V_DIRECTION) = 'INBOUND' |
| | Originator Country | (Message Tag Table:V_ORIGINATOR_CNTRY) in ('PK', 'TH') |

Risk-Trade Amendments Evaluation

For all filters conditions mentioned in the following table, if the filter value conditions are met as configured then add a risk score of 20.

NOTE This score is configurable.

Table 42: Risk-Trade Amendments Evaluation Filters

| Sl.No | Filter Name | Filter Clause |
|-------|----------------------|---|
| | Message Type | (Real Time Raw Data:V_GRP_MSG_TYPE) = 'MT707' |
| | Direction | (Message Tag Table:V_DIRECTION) in (('INBOUND','OUTBOUND')) |
| | Number of Amendments | (Message Tag Table:N_NUMBER_OF_AMENDMENT) >= 5 |

Risk-WatchList Screening Evaluation

This evaluation or risk rule returns the match score generated from the matching engine. In the case of multiple matches for a given message, it returns the maximum match score. The matching rules are configured with different match scores in EDQ.

| NOTE | • | This evaluation applies to the SWIFT message category. |
|------|---|--|
| | • | This score is configurable. |

Watch List Score

This evaluation or risk rule watch list response score. The matching rules are configured with different match scores in EDQ.

| NOTE | This evaluation applies to the ISO message category. |
|------|--|
| | This score is configurable. |

Table 43: Watch List Score Filters

| SI.No | Filter Name | Filter Clause |
|-------|------------------|---|
| | Watch List Score | (Get Max Watch List Score((Name Addr Screening Response:N_MATCH_SCORE),Goods Score,Country and City Score,BIC Score,Ports Score,Narrative Score)) > 50 |
| | Batch Run ID | (Message Data Attributes:V_BATCH_RUN_ID) = :BATCH_RUN_ID |

To add an evaluation, follow these steps:

- Click the **Evaluations** menu.
- On the **Evaluations** page, click **Add**.

Figure 108: Evaluations Page

| As | ssociation and Configuration Expressions Po | st Processing Actions Profile | es Virtual Profiles | Evaluations Asses | sments | | | |
|-----|---|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------|------------|---------------------|----------|
| Hon | me>>Evaluations | | | | | | | |
| s | Search ➡Go "⊃ Reset | | | | | | | |
| | Evaluation Name | | | | | Activity | | • |
| | Status | | | ٣ | | | | |
| E | Evaluations (9) 🕂 Add 🕆 Delete 🔚 Save 🗋 | Сору | | | | | | |
| 250 | Evaluation Name | Score | Activity | Processing Segment | Status | Updated By | Updated On | History |
| | ISO20022 Risk-Currency VS Amount Threshold Eve | 20 | Message Data Attributes | Transaction Filtering | VALID | TFADMN | 02/12/2020 10:46:43 | ð |
| 1 | Risk- High Risk Party Evalution | Rule Configuration Table:N_I 🖮 | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction Filtering | VALID | | 05/03/2018 04:47:24 | ð |
| 1 | Risk-Currency VS Amount Threshold Evaluation | 25 | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction Filtering | VALID | | 01/04/2018 06:55:27 | ð |
| 1 | Risk-Currency VS Destination Country Evaluation | Rule Configuration Table:N_RISK_PARAM_SCOR E | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction Filtering | VALID | | 01/04/2018 06:56:59 | <u>M</u> |
| 1 | Risk-High Risk Destination Country Evaluation | 20 | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction Filtering | VALID | | 01/04/2018 06:55:13 | Ð |
| 1 | Risk-High Risk Originator Country Evaluation | 20 28 | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction Filtering | VALID | | 01/04/2018 06:54:31 | Ð |
| 1 | Risk-Trade Amendments Evaluation | 20 28 | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction Filtering | VALID | | 05/03/2018 04:44:52 | Ð |
| 1 | Risk-Watchlist Screening Evaluation | Screening Response:N_SC 🗃 | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction Filtering | VALID | | 01/04/2018 06:57:57 | Ð |
| 1 | Watch List Score | Watchlist response Score | Message Data Attributes | Transaction Filtering | VALID | TFADMN | 01/03/2020 07:00:47 | ð |

- Enter a name for the evaluation.
- Select an activity for the evaluation and the **Transaction Filtering** processing segment.

Figure 109: Evaluations Attributes

| Name* Country of birth | Activity* | Real Time Raw Data | Processing Segment* | Transaction Filtering | |
|---|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| Join Type" 💿 Inner 🔘 Left | | | | | |
| Filters (0) + Add 🕼 Edit 💼 Delete | | | | | |
| Evaluation Scoring | | | | | |
| Score Type" 💿 Fixed 💿 Lookup 💿 Expression | | | | | |
| Associated Assessments (0) | | | | | |
| Associated Profiles (0) | | | | | |
| Associated Virtual Profiles (0) | | | | | |
| Change Description | | | | | |
| • | | | | | |
| | | Save | Cancel | | |
| To add a fil | ter for the evalu | uation, click Add . | | | |
| Select the end | expression as m | nentioned in <mark>step</mark> f. | | | |
| Figure 110: Evaluati | ons Filters | | | | |

| ilter Details | | | | | | | Rave | 🐼 Close |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|---|---|------------------|--------------|---------------|---------|
| Filter Name* | Active flag | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Comparator Type* | C Expression | Literal Value | |
| Source Expression* | Country of birth calculations | Operator* | = | • | Y | | | |

- Click **Save**. The new evaluation is added to the list of evaluations on the **Evaluations** page.
- 4. Create an Assessment for the ready-to-use evaluations. The Assessments checks the logic of all the evaluations and considers the sum of all the Evaluations for the output score.
 - **NOTE** You can adjust the risk score for any given evaluation depending on the requirement, but it must be within 40, because match rule score configuration starts with 45, and match score must always have high weightage than the individual evaluation risk score.

The risk score is calculated at the assessment level is as follows:

- The total risk score of a message is the sum of all risk scores derived from configured evaluations or risk rules including match score.
- In the case of multiple transactions, the risk score is the sum of all risk scores derived from different evaluations across transactions.
- If the same evaluation is true for multiple transactions within a message, then the score is considered once and the maximum one is considered.
- If different evaluations are true for different transactions, then it sums up all the risk scores across transactions within a message.

To add an Assessment, follow these steps:

• Click the **Assessments** menu.

Figure 111: Assessments Page

| O | RACLE | * Inline Pro | ocessing | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|---------------------|---------|
| Ass | ociation and Co | nfiguration | Expressions | Post Processing Act | tions Profiles Vi | rtual Profiles | Evaluations | Assessments | | | |
| Hom | e>>Assessment: | ; | | | | | | | | | |
| ∨ Se | earch ➡Go | 'D Reset | | | | | | | | | |
| Asses | sment Name | | | | | | | Activity | | | • |
| | Status | | | | | • | | | | | |
| ~ A | ssessments (2 | ?) + Add 🗎 | Delete 🍽 Exp | ort | | | | | | | |
| 0.90 0.00 | Assessment N | ame | | | Activity | Processing Segn | ment | Status | Updated By | Updated On | History |
| 0 | Transaction Fi | Itering Assessm | ent | | Real Time Raw Data | Transaction Filte | ering | VALID | | 01/04/2018 06:58:19 | Ð |
| 0 | Transaction Fi | Itering ISO2002 | 2 Assessment | | Message Data Attributes | Transaction Filte | ering | VALID | TFADMN | 02/12/2020 10:47:07 | 9 |

 On the Assessments page, click Add. The following image shows the evaluations for the Transaction Filtering Assessment:

| Assessment Details | | | | |
|---|---|---|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Name* Transaction Filtering Assessment | Ac | ctivity* Real Time Raw Data | Processing Segment* T | ransaction Filtering |
| Status VALID | Execution | n mode | Persist Type All Records Fa | iled Records |
| Updated By ADMIN | Undat | ted On 01/04/2018 05:28:19 PM | | |
| Associated Evaluations (5) Campan | | | | |
| Evaluation Name | Score | | Status | Updated By |
| Risk-Currency VS Amount Threshold Evaluation | 25 | | VALID | admin |
| Risk-Currency VS Destination Country Evaluation | | onfiguration Table:N_RISK_PARAM_SCORE | VALID | admin |
| Risk-High Risk Destination Country Evaluation | 20 | oninguration rable in_htsk_PARAIM_SCORE | VALID | admin |
| Risk-High Risk Originator Country Evaluation | 20 | | VALID | admin |
| Risk-High Risk Originator Country Evaluation Risk-Watchlist Screening Evaluation | | ning Response:N_SCORE | VALID | admin |
| - | | | | |
| Scoring* O Max of Evaluation Score O Nor | malized Score Sum of Evaluation Score rmalization Base 0 | e Cut-Off Score" 60 | | |
| Scoring* O Max of Evaluation Score O Nor Normalized To 0 No | | | | |
| Scoring* O Max of Evaluation Score O Non Normalized To 0 No | | | | |
| Scoring OMax of Evaluation Score ONon Normalized To ONO Sessment Outcome (4) Illisave Action | rmalization Base 0 | Cut-Off Score" 60 | | |
| Scoring* OMax of Evaluation Score ONor Normalized To 0 No sessment Outcome (4) Bi Save Action Generate alert for Sanctions | score Lower Limit | Cut-Off Score" 60 Score Upper Limit | | |
| Scoring* OMax of Evaluation Score ONor Normalized To 0 No sessment Outcome (4) Elsave Action Generate alert for Sanctions Transaction Filtering Feedback JMS Message | score Lower Limit | Cut-Off Score* 60 Score Upper Limit | | |
| Scoring* OMax of Evaluation Score O Nor Normalized To O No sessment Outcome (4) Bisave Action Generate alert for Sanctions Transaction Filtering Feedback JMS Message CLEAN RESPONSE Transaction JMS Message | rmalization Base 0 Score Lower Limit 60 | Cut-Off Score* 60 Score Upper Limit | | |
| Normalized To 0 No | Immalization Base 0 Score Lower Limit 60 0 | Cut-Off Score* 60 | | |
| Scoring" Max of Evaluation Score Mon Normalized To 0 Nor Sessessment Outcome (4) Illisave Action Generate alert for Sanctions Transaction Filtering Feedback JMS Message CLEAN RESPONSE Transaction JMS Message | Immalization Base 0 Score Lower Limit 60 0 | Cut-Off Score* 60 | | |
| Scoring* OMax of Evaluation Score ONor Normalized To 0 No essessment Outcome (4) Ill save Action Generate alert for Sanctions Transaction Filtering Feedback JMS Message CLEAN RESPONSE Transaction JMS Message HOLD RESPONSE Transaction JMS Message | Immalization Base 0 Score Lower Limit 60 0 | Cut-Off Score* 60 | | |
| Scoring" Max of Evaluation Score O Nor Normalized To 0 No essessment Outcome (4) M Save Action Generate alert for Sanctions Transaction Filtering Feedback JMS Message CLEAN RESPONSE Transaction JMS Message HOLD RESPONSE Transaction JMS Message | Immalization Base 0 Score Lower Limit 60 0 | Cut-Off Score* 60 | | |
| Scoring" OMax of Evaluation Score ONon Normalized To 0 No sessment Outcome (4) Ill Save Action I Generate alert for Sanctions I Transaction Filtering Feedback JMS Message CLEAN RESPONSE Transaction JMS Message BHOLD RESPONSE Transaction JMS Message sessment Action Parameters (0) hedule | Immalization Base 0 Score Lower Limit 60 0 | Cut-Off Score* 60 | | |

The following image shows the evaluations for the **Transaction Filtering ISO20022** Assessment:

Figure 113: Sample Assessment

| Name* | Transaction Filtering ISO200 | 022 Assessment | Activity* | Message Data Attributes | • | Processing Segment* Transaction Filtering | Ŧ |
|---|--|--|--------------------|-------------------------|--------|---|---|
| Status | VALID | | Execution mode | @ Live O Test | Persi | st Type All Records Failed Records | |
| Updated By | TEADMN | | | 02/12/2020 10:47:07 AM | | | |
| sociated Evaluations (| | | | 02/12/2020 10/4/10/ Am | | | |
| Evaluation Name | | | Score | | Status | Updated By | |
| ISO20022 Risk-Currency | VS Amount Threshold Evalua | ation | 20 | | VALID | TFADMN | |
| Watch List Score | | | Watchlist response | Score | VALID | TFADMN | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| aluation Filters (0) | | | | | | | |
| sessment Score | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Max or evaluation score | Normalized Score Sum of Evaluation | tion Score | | | | |
| Normalized To | 0 | Normalization Base 0 | | Cut-Off Score* 60 | | | |
| sessment Outcome (4 | 4) 🖽 Save | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Action | | Score Lower Limit | Score Upper Limit | | | | |
| Action Generate alert for Sancti | lions | Score Lower Limit | Score Upper Limit | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Generate alert for Sancti | edback JMS Message | | | | | | |
| Generate alert for Sancti Transaction Filtering Fee | adback JMS Message saction JMS Message | | | | | | |
| Generate alert for Sancti Transaction Filtering Fee CLEAN RESPONSE Trans | adback JMS Message saction JMS Message | | - - | | | | |
| Generate alert for Sancti Transaction Filtering Fee CLEAN RESPONSE Trans | adback JMS Message saction JMS Message | | - - | | | | |
| Generate alert for Sancti Transaction Filtering Fee CLEAN RESPONSE Trans | edback JMS Message saction JMS Message action JMS Message | | - - | | | | _ |
| Generate alert for Sancti Transaction Filtering Fee CLEAN RESPONSE Trans HOLD RESPONSE Transa | edback JMS Message saction JMS Message action JMS Message | | - - | | | | _ |
| Generate alert for Sancti Transaction Filtering Fee CLEAN RESPONSE Transa HOLD RESPONSE Transa | edback JMS Message saction JMS Message action JMS Message | | - - | | | | _ |
| Generate alert for Sancti Transaction Filtering Fee CLEAN RESPONSE Trans HOLD RESPONSE Transa | adback JMS Message saction JMS Message action JMS Message metters (0) | | - - | | _ | | _ |
| Generate alert for Sancti Transaction Filtering Fee CLEAN RESPONSE Transa HOLD RESPONSE Transa | adback JMS Message saction JMS Message action JMS Message metters (0) | | - - | | | | |
| Generate alert for Sancti Transaction Filtering Fee CLEAN RESPONSE Transa HOLD RESPONSE Transa HOLD RESPONSE Transa sessment Action Parate hedule | adback JMS Message saction JMS Message action JMS Message metters (0) | | - - | | | | |

- Provide the assessment name, activity, processing segment, assessment scoring method, and change description for the assessment.
- Click Save. The new assessment is added to the list of assessments on the Assessments page. For more information on assessments, see the Managing Assessments section in the Oracle Financial Services Inline Processing Engine User Guide.

12 Simulation

The OFS Transaction Filtering Simulation feature allows the user to test new configurations in a sandbox environment and compare the results with the existing set-up by integrating with the OFS Compliance Studio Application. This allows the user to replicate and test the screening process without impacting the production environment. The Sandbox workspace created will allow the user to define a suitable dataset based on the production and the available test data. You can extract the data, filter it, and plug it into a visualization tool.

To view the changes in the simulation data for a deeper analysis, you can use the data extraction feature. You can run multiple simulations and compare the results using data extraction.

For information about installation and configuration of Compliance Studio Application, see Oracle Financial Services Compliance Studio Installation Guide.

For the subsequent informations, see Oracle Financial Services Compliance Studio User Guide.

- Accessing the OFS Compliance Studio Application
- Using the Application UI
- Mapping User Groups
- Access the Workspace Dashboard Window
- Using the OFS Compliance Studio Application
- Using Workspaces
- Managing Workspace
- Managing Model Pipelines

12.1 TF Process Flow

The process flow for building Transaction Filtering models in Compliance Studio involves the configuring, creation Sandboxes and the creation of Models mapped to the Sandboxes. You can use these TF models to perform model visualizations and test for the outcomes. You can then publish a model into production and make it available to users after you have determined that the models and the parameters used to construct the models meet the requirements of your business logic.

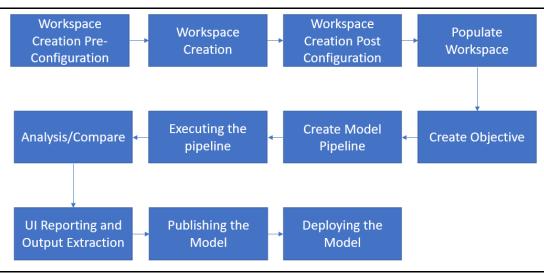
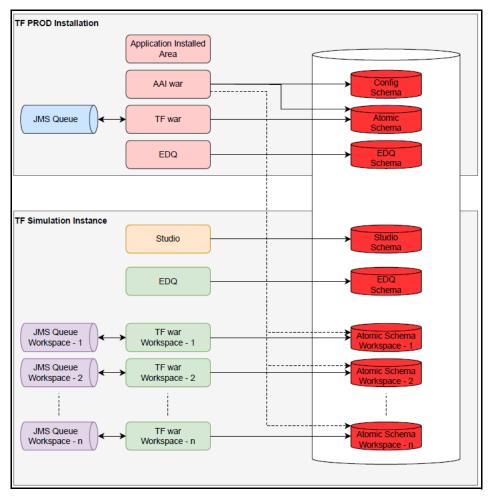


Figure 114: Simulation Process Flow

Figure 115: TF Data Flow



12.2 Integrating With Compliance Studio

OFS Compliance Studio is an advanced analytics application that supercharges anti-financial crime programs for better customer due diligence, transaction monitoring, and investigations by leveraging the latest innovations in artificial intelligence, open-source technologies, and data management. It combines Oracle's Parallel Graph Analytics (PGX), Machine Learning for AML, Entity Resolution, and notebook-based code development and enables Contextual Investigations in one platform with complete and robust model management and governance functionality. For More Information on Compliance Studio, see Oracle Financial Services Compliance Studio User Guide.

Topics:

- Workspace Creation Pre-Requisite
- Workspace Creation Pre-Configuration
- Workspace Creation
- Workspace Creation Post-Configuration

12.2.1 Workspace Creation Pre-Requisite

Following are the pre-requisites for workspace creation:

1. Create User tablespace in simulation database by executing below script as sysdba user:

CREATE TABLESPACE AIF_USER_TS DATAFILE '<DATAFILE PATH>/ aif_user_data_tablespace.dbf' SIZE 1G REUSE AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 500M MAXSIZE UNLIMITED;

DATAFILE PATH example: /scratch/oraofss/app/oradata

- 2. Perform the Zippelin Interpreter Configuration in Compliance Studio UI. See Appendix L: Setting the ZEPPELIN_INTERPETER_OUTPUT_LIMIT in Python Interpreter.
- 3. Create Instance Token for Production and Simulation in Sanctions Application. See Appendix J: Configurations for the Bearer Token.

12.2.2 Workspace Creation Pre-Configuration

Execute the following steps in the same order to integrate the TF data with OFS Compliance Studio application:

- 1. Create Database Schema for the new workspace
- 2. Add the schema to wallet in the Compliance Studio Setup
- 3. Add the infodom in Weblogic Console
- 4. Display the OFSAA Environment Menu in Compliance Studio UI
- 5. Registering the OFSAA Environment Details
- 6. Procedure to Create PPK File
- 7. Different ways of PPK File Registration
- 8. Configuring the Data Source

12.2.2.1 Create Database Schema for the new workspace

Follow the subsequent steps to configuring new Database schema:

1. Create a new database schema in the sys user. To create the new schema, run the below script as sysdba user:

```
CREATE USER <NEW SCHEMA> IDENTIFIED BY <NEW SCHEMA PASSWORD> DEFAULT TABLESPACE
```

AIF_USER_TS TEMPORARY TABLESPACE TEMP QUOTA UNLIMITED ON AIF_USER_TS;

grant create SESSION to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant create PROCEDURE to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant create SEQUENCE to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant create TABLE to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant create TRIGGER to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant create VIEW to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant create MATERIALIZED VIEW to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant select on SYS.V \$PARAMETER to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant create SYNONYM to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant select on sys.v \$parameter to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant select on sys.dba free space to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant select on sys.dba tables to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant select on sys.Dba tab columns to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant create RULE to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant create any trigger to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant drop any trigger to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant select on SYS.DBA RECYCLEBIN to <NEW SCHEMA>;

grant execute on <SIM CONFIG SCHEMA>.checkenvfordataredaction to <NEW SCHEMA>;

--Sandbox specially

grant connect, resource, dba to <NEW SCHEMA>;

2. Run the Below script once the user is created:

CREATE OR REPLACE SYNONYM <NEW SCHEMA>.checkenvfordataredaction FOR <SIM CONFIG SCHEMA>.checkenvfordataredaction;

CREATE OR REPLACE SYNONYM <NEW SCHEMA>.cssms_role_mast FOR <SIM CONFIG SCHEMA>.cssms role mast;

CREATE OR REPLACE SYNONYM <NEW SCHEMA>.cssms_group_role_map FOR <SIM CONFIG SCHEMA>.cssms_group_role_map;

CREATE OR REPLACE SYNONYM <NEW SCHEMA>.cssms_usr_group_map_view FOR <SIM CONFIG SCHEMA>.cssms_usr_group_map_view;

CREATE OR REPLACE SYNONYM <NEW SCHEMA>.cssms_group_role_map FOR <SIM CONFIG SCHEMA>.cssms group role map;

CREATE OR REPLACE SYNONYM <NEW SCHEMA>.cssms_usr_profile FOR <SIM CONFIG SCHEMA>.cssms_usr_profile;

CREATE OR REPLACE SYNONYM <NEW SCHEMA>.cssms_usr_group_map FOR <SIM CONFIG SCHEMA>.cssms_usr_group_map;

CREATE OR REPLACE SYNONYM <NEW SCHEMA>.Cssms_Role_Function_Map FOR <SIM CONFIG SCHEMA>.Cssms Role Function Map;

12.2.2.2 Add the schema to wallet in the Compliance Studio Setup

Follow the subsequent steps to add the schema to the wallet:

1. Add the database schema credentials in the wallet using the following command:

```
mkstore -wrl <WALLET LOCATION> -createCredential <NEW SCHEMA>_alias <NEW
SCHEMA>
```

- 2. After you run the command, a prompt is displayed. Enter the password <NEW SCHEMA PASSWORD> associated with the database user account in the prompt. You are the prompted to re-enter the password and the wallet password that you entered during wallet creation.
- 3. Update the tnsnames.ora file to include the following entry.

<NEW SCHEMA>_alias = (DESCRIPTION = (ADDRESS_LIST = (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP)(HOST = <<IP ADDRESS>>)(PORT = <<PORT NUMBER>>))) (CONNECT_DATA = (SERVICE NAME = <<SERVICE NAME>>)))

4. Repeat the above steps for Production Database Schema if not added.

For more information, see Oracle Wallet documentation to create/manage wallets. Refer to the Compliance Studio Installation Guide to locate the wallet location.

12.2.2.3 Add the infodom in Weblogic Console

To add the infodom in WebLogic console follow the subsequent steps:

- 1. Login into WebLogic console.
- 2. Go to Services.
- 3. Click Data Sources.
- 4. Click on New button and add Data Source name as <<Simulation Infodom>> and JNDI Name as jdbc/<<Simulation Infodom>> for the newdatabase schema details.

| NOTE • | < <simulation< th=""><th>Infodom>> must have 11 characters.</th></simulation<> | Infodom>> must have 11 characters. |
|--------|--|------------------------------------|
| • | < <simulation space.<="" th="" the="" work=""><th>Infodom>> name used while creating</th></simulation> | Infodom>> name used while creating |

12.2.2.4 Configure the infodom in tnsnames.ora in Simulation Sanctions Setup

To enter the new schema details in the tnsnames.ora file, see the below sample template:

```
<<NEW SCHEMA>> =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS LIST =
      (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = <<IP ADDRESS>>) (PORT = <<PORT
NUMBER>>))
    )
    (CONNECT DATA =
      (SERVICE NAME = <<SERVICE NAME>>)
    )
  )
<<Simulation Infodom>> =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS LIST =
      (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = <<IP ADDRESS>>) (PORT = <<PORT
NUMBER>>))
    )
    (CONNECT DATA =
```

```
(SERVICE_NAME = <<SERVICE NAME>>)
)
```

To enter the new infodom details in the weblogic server, see Configure Multi Data Sources section in OFS Sanctions Pack Installation and Configuration Guide.

12.2.2.5 Display the OFSAA Environment Menu in Compliance Studio UI

To display **OFSAA Environment** in the UI follow the subsequent steps:

- 1. Click the **User** lcon right top corner.
- 2. Click **Identity Management.** The Identity Management window is displayed. For more information on Identity Management, see OFS Admin Console User Guide.
- 3. Click **Groups**. The Groups window is displayed.
- 4. Select **Workspace Administrator** from the list to display the Group Details page.
- 5. Select Mapped Roles tab. The Mapped Roles window is displayed.
- 6. Click **New Mapping**. The Unmapped Roles window is displayed.
- 7. Click Authorization View.
- 8. Search for OFSAA Environment Menu Access, and select OFSAA Environment Menu Access.
- 9. Click Authorize to display **OFSAA Environment** in the UI.

12.2.2.6 Registering the OFSAA Environment Details

To Register the OFSAA Environment details, follow the subsequent steps:

- 1. Click the **User** lcon and select the **OFSAA Environment** from the list.
- 2. Click **Register Environment**. The OFSAA Environment page is displayed.
- 3. Click **Register Environment** to register the new TF Environment.

NOTE

You must Register Environment for Production and Simulation.

- 4. Provide the input for the following fields:
 - Name: Name of the environment Must be minimum 5 characters and maximum 20 characters
 - Description: Description for the environment
 - Type: Select either simulation or production
 - Properties: Select the key and enter the corresponding value. For information on Key and corresponding values, see Table 44 and Table 45.
 - Authentication Type: To register FIC Server and EDQ Server details follow these steps: There are three Authentication types:
 - a. Password Authentication
 - b. Putty Private Key Authentication
 - c. Putty Private Key with Passphrase Authentication

Figure 116: Password Authentication

| IC Server Details | | EDQ Server Details | |
|---------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|---------|
| Type Password Authentication | • | Type Password Authentication | • |
| PROD_ficserver_password | ۲ | PROD_edq_server_password | ۲ |
| | Required | | Require |

Figure 117: Putty Private Key Authentication

| Authentication Type | |
|--|--|
| FIC Server Details | EDQ Server Details |
| Type Putty Private Key Authentication | ▼ Type Putty Private Key Authentication ▼ |
| PROD_auth_file_path | PROD_edq_auth_file_path |
| | Required Required |

Figure 118: Putty Private Key with Passphrase Authentication

| Authentication Type | |
|---|---|
| FIC Server Details | EDQ Server Details |
| Type Putty Private Key with Passphrase | ▼ Type Putty Private Key with Passphrase |
| | |
| PROD_auth_file_path | PROD_edq_auth_file_path |
| | Required Required |
| PROD_auth_passphrase | PROD_edq_auth_passphrase |
| | Required Require |

Note: We have to register with any one of the three authentication types in OFSAA Registration.

5. Click **Create**.

Table 44 and Table 45 provides information about Key and Values for OFSAA Environment Registration.

Table 44: OFSAA Production Environment Key and Values

| Кеу | Description | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| PROD_baseUrl | Sanctions application base URL. | | |
| | (Example: http://host name>: <port>/<context- name>)</context- </port> | | |
| PROD_app_id | Application ID (Example: OFS_TFLT) | | |
| PROD_infodom | infodom ID (Example: SANC812INFO) | | |
| PROD_ficserver_hostname | Server IP address where ftpshare is located | | |
| PROD_ficserver_username | ficserver user name | | |
| PROD_ficserver_password | ficserver password | | |
| PROD_ftpshare_path | ftpshare path (Example: /scratch/sanc812/sanc/ftpshare) | | |
| PROD_edq_server_hostname | EDQ server host name | | |
| PROD_edq_server_username | EDQ server user name | | |
| PROD_edq_server_password | EDQ server password | | |
| PROD_edq_runprofiles_path | EDQ run profiles path (Example: /scratch/ ofsaaapp/EDQ/Middleware/Oracle_Home/ user_projects/domains/base_domain/config/ fmwconfig/edq/oedq.local.home/runprofiles/) | | |
| PROD_edq_autorun_directory | EDQ Autorun directory (Example: /scratch/ ofsaaapp/EDQ/Middleware/Oracle_Home/ user_projects/domains/base_domain/config/ fmwconfig/edq/oedq.local.home/autorun/) | | |
| PROD_edq_exportproject_directory | EDQ export project directory (Example: /scratch/ ofsaaapp/test/TFSIM/Export/) | | |
| PROD_edq_jshell_jar_directory | EDQ jshell and jar directory (Example: /scratch/ ofsaaapp/EDQ/Middleware/Oracle_Home/edq/ oracle.edq/) | | |
| PROD_edq_management_port | EDQ management port ID | | |
| PROD_edq_director_username | EDQ director user name | | |
| PROD_edq_director_password | EDQ director password | | |
| PROD_edq_landingarea_path | EDQ landing area path (Example: /scratch/ ofsaaapp/EDQ/Middleware/Oracle_Home/ user_projects/domains/base_domain/config/ fmwconfig/edq/oedq.local.home/landingarea/) | | |
| PROD_edq_project_name | EDQ project name (Example: Transaction _Filter- ing) | | |
| PROD_instanceName | Instance name (Example: SIMULATION) | | |
| PROD_instanceAccessToken | Instance access token ID | | |

| Кеу | Description |
|---------------------------|--|
| PROD_edq_baseUrl | EDQ base URL (Example: http://host name>: <port>)</port> |
| PROD_auth_file_path | FIC Server Private Key File Path (Refer section 12.2.2.8) |
| PROD_local_auth_file_path | Production Web Server Private Key File Path (Refer section 12.2.2.8) |
| PROD_edq_auth_file_path | EDQ Server Private Key File Path (Refer section 12.2.2.8) |
| PROD_auth_passphrase | Password for FIC Server Private Key File |
| PROD_edq_auth_passphrase | Password for EDQ Server Private Key File |

Table 45: OFSAA Simulation Environment Key and Values

| Кеу | Description | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| SIM_base Url | Sanction application Base URL (Example: http:// host name>: <port>/<context-name>)</context-name></port> | | |
| SIM_ficserver_hostname | Server ip address where ftpshare is located | | |
| SIM_ficserver_username | ficserver user name | | |
| SIM_ficserver_password | ficserver password | | |
| SIM_ftpshare_path | ftpshare path (Example: /scratch/tf812dev/ san_812/ftpshare) | | |
| SIM_edq_server_hostname | EDQ server host name | | |
| SIM_edq_server_username | EDQ server user name | | |
| SIM_edq_server_password | EDQ server password | | |
| SIM_edq_autorun_directory | EDQ autorun directory (Example: /scratch/ ofsaaapp/EDQ/Middleware/Oracle_Home/ user_projects/domains/base_domain/config/ fmwconfig/edq/oedq.local.home/autorun/) | | |
| SIM_edq_importproject_directory | EDQ import project directory (Example: /scratch/ ofsaaapp/test/TFSIM/Import/) | | |
| SIM_edq_jshell_jar_directory | EDQ jshell and jar directory (Example: /scratch/ ofsaaapp/EDQ/Middleware/Oracle_Home/edq/ oracle.edq/) | | |
| SIM_edq_management_port | EDQ management port | | |
| SIM_edq_director_username | EDQ director username | | |
| SIM_edq_director_password | EDQ director_password | | |
| SIM_edq_landingarea_path | EDQ landingarea_path (Example: /scratch/ ofsaaapp/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_Home/ user_projects/domains/base_domain/config/ fmwconfig/edq/oedq.local.home/landingarea/) | | |
| SIM_instanceAccessToken | Instance access token ID | | |
| SIM_instanceName | Instance Name | | |
| SIM_sys_admin_user | System admin user ID | | |
| SIM_sys_auth_user | System authentication user ID | | |
| SIM_edq_baseUrl | EDQ base URL (Example: http://host name>: <port>)</port> | | |
| SIM_edq_runprofiles_path | EDQ run profiles path (Example: /scratch/ ofsaaapp/EDQ/Middleware/Oracle_Home/ user_projects/domains/base_domain/config/ fmwconfig/edq/oedq.local.home/runprofiles/) | | |
| SIM_t3_url | T3 URL (Example: t3://host name>: <port>)</port> | | |

| Кеу | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| SIM_app_server | Type of web server (WEBLOGIC/WEBSPHERE) |
| SIM_web_server_username | Web server user name |
| SIM_web_server_password | Web server password |
| SIM_auth_file_path | FIC Server Private Key File Path (Refer section 12.2.2.8) |
| SIM_edq_auth_file_path | EDQ Server Private Key File Path (Refer section 12.2.2.8) |
| SIM_auth_passphrase | Password for FIC Server Private Key File |
| SIM_edq_auth_passphrase | Password for EDQ Server Private Key File |

12.2.2.7 Procedure to Create PPK File

Open the putty session and run the below command:

ssh-keygen -t rsa -C "username@hostname"

Replace username & hostname with respective server details.

For reference, see below screenshot:



12.2.2.8 Different ways of PPK File Registration

- 1. Once the PPK file is generated it will create both private Key and public Key.
- 2. Create a file with name authorized_keys. Permission should be 644.
- 3. Place the public key inside authorized keys file present in ssh folder. Now verify once connecting to winscp using the Private Key file.

In OFSAA Registration we can either give in any one of the following ways:

Method 1:

- a. Create the PPK file individually in FIC server and EDQ server.
- b. Now move the PPK file generated to the simulation OFSAA FIC server deployed area. Note the path of the file here.
- c. Now register this path in the OFSAA registration for keys like PROD_auth_file_path,PROD_edq_auth_file_path,SIM_auth_file_path,SIM_edq_auth_file_path.

Method 2:

- a. Create the PPK file only in simulation OFSAA FIC server alone.
- b. Now place the public key inside authorized keys file across different servers like PROD FIC Server, SIM FIC Server, PROD EDQ Server & SIM EDQ Server.
- c. Now place the PPK in the deployed area of the SIM OFSAA FIC server. Note the path of the file here.
- d. Now register this path in the OFSAA registration for all the keys like PROD_auth_file_path,PROD_edq_auth_file_path,SIM_auth_file_path,SIM_edq_auth_file_path.

Note: Ensure that PPK Files are generated in Production FIC, Web servers, Simulation FIC, Web servers, EDQ servers and Public Keys of all the above servers are shared across in **authorized_keys** in all servers.

12.2.2.9 Configuring the Data Source

The Data Source allows you to manage the Data Schemas registered with the OFS Compliance Studio application. The Data Source Summary window shows the list of Data Schemas registered with OFS Compliance Studio. These Data Schemas can be used either for workspace or for sourcing data.

To view the Data Source details, click **Action** icon next to corresponding Workspace and select **View**.

After Pre-configuration procedures you must add new data source in the compliance studio application.

NOTE

Add the production schema data source from where the data will be moved to the Simulation schema.

Follow the subsequent steps to add the new data source:

- 1. Click on the **User** lcon.
- 2. Click Data Source. The Data Source page is displayed.
- 3. Click Add Data Source and enter the value for the following fields:
 - Data Source Name: Enter the workspace schema name.
 - Description: Enter the description of database connection.
 - Type: Enter the type of the database connection.

- Database Type: Select the Database Type as Oracle.
- Wallet Alias: Enter the Wallet Alias. This value should be same as configured using Oracle Wallet (<NEW SCHEMA>_alias)
- Table Owner: Enter the table owner name (<<NEW SCHEMA>>).
- 4. Click **Test Connection** to check the status of the connection.
- 5. Click **Create** to create the Data Source or Click **Cancel** to skip the changes.

Figure 119: Data Source Summary Page

| Data Store Summary | | | 400 | E DE Care | Add Data Sto |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| Used Data Store (7) | Unused Data Store (4) | | | Q Search | |
| Data Store Name | Description | Туре 🗘 | Used In | Used As | Action |
| 5 | Default schema for compliance Studio | JDBC | CS | Data Schema | |
| 3D | BD for Compliance Studio | JDBC | BD | Data Schema | |
| IFUT25OCT | TF UT Simulation Schema | JDBC | TF25OCT | Data Schema | |
| IF20OCT | TF Simulation Schema | JDBC | TF20OCT | Data Schema | |
| CSSIM20OCT | CSSIM20OCT | JDBC | CSSIM20OCT | Data Schema | |
| IFDEV23OCT | TFDEV23OCT | JDBC | TFDEVSIM2 | Data Schema | |
| TFDEV24OCT | TFDEV24OCT | JDBC | TFDEVSIM3 | Data Schema | |

12.2.3 Workspace Creation

The Workspace creation requires entry of the source of dataset, validation, and deployment. To create a Workspace, follow the subsequent steps:

- 1. Navigate to **Workspace Summary** page. The page displays workspace records in a table.
- 2. Click Add Workspace. The Create Workspace page is displayed.

Figure 120: Create Workspace

| Comp | Compliance Studio 🖸 💝 🗘 M 👻 | | | | | |
|------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| ↑ (| Create Workspace | | Cancel Next → | | | |
| - | | Use Template | 256.05 CON | | | |
| 0 | Basic Details | Workspace Code | t | | | |
| | | Required | Import Archive File Drag & Drop file here | | | |
| 2 | Workspace Schema | Purpose | Diag & Drup me nere | | | |
| 3 | Data Sourcing | Required | | | | |
| (4) | Metadata Sourcing | User-group | | | | |
| | | Required | | | | |
| 3 | Validate | Type O Modeling Simulation | | | | |
| 6 | Summary | Application Type | | | | |
| | | Required | | | | |
| | | Production | | | | |
| | | Required | | | | |

NOTE

The window displays a progress indicator at the left that indicates the active window where you are entering details. Click **Previous** to go back a step and click **Next** to go to the next step.

Use the pre-configured template to load the data base and metadata objects to the workspace.

To use the pre-configured template, follow the subsequent steps:

- 1. Click **Use template**. Use template pop up window is displayed.
- 2. Select TFWorkspaceTemplate.zip from the library drop-down. The Update schema mapping is displayed.
- 3. Select the following target schema field details:
 - New Data Schema: Enter/select the newly created schema ID.
 - New Data Source Name: Enter/select the production data source name.
- 4. Click **Update** to load the pre-configured template. Click **Cancel** to close the window.

The following steps show the various phases from workspace creation to deployment:

- a. Configuring Basic Details
- b. Configuring Workspace Schema
- c. Configuring Data Sourcing
- d. Configuring Metadata Sourcing
- e. Validating Workspace
- f. Displaying Summary

12.2.3.1 Configuring Basic Details

To configure the basic details follow the subsequent steps:

1. Enter the value for the fields displayed in the Table 46.

2. Click **Next** to open the next page.

| NOTE | The field drop down values are populated based on the registration in the OFSAA Environment and the template. |
|------|---|
| | |

Table 46: Basic Details Fields Details

| Fields | Description | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Workspace Code | Enter the code of the workspace. This field is lim- ited to 20 characters. | | |
| Purpose | Enter the purpose of the creation of the Workspace. | | |
| User group | Click on this field to display a list of User-group values. Select the required value. Modeling Approver Modeling Reviewer Modeling User | | |
| Туре | Select the type of Workspace as Modeling or Simulation. | | |
| SubType | If you have selected Modeling, select the subtype of Workspace as Sandbox Workspace or Production Workspace. | | |
| Application Type | Select Transaction Filtering | | |
| Production | The TF Production drop down value will be popu- lated as a result of registering the OFSAA Environ- ment Details. | | |
| Simulation | The TF Simulation drop down value will be popu- lated as a result of registering the OFSAA Environ- ment Details. | | |
| Simulation Infodom | Enter Infodom name (< <simulation infodom="">>).</simulation> | | |
| Simulation User Group Code | Enter the User Group Code. This field is lim-ited to 20 characters. | | |
| Simulation User ID | Enter the User ID. This field is lim-ited to 20 char- acters. | | |
| Simulation User Password | Enter the User Password. | | |
| Simulation DB Server | Enter the DB IP address. | | |
| Simulation DB Schema name | Enter simulation Schema name (<new schema="">).</new> | | |
| Simulation DB Password | Enter the password (<new pass-<br="" schema="">WORD>).</new> | | |
| Simulation Jdbc Connection String | Enter the connection Sting (Example: jdbc:ora- cle:thin:@100.76.133.237:1521/fccmdb). | | |
| Simulation Message Posting Queue Name | Enter the simulation message posting queue name (Example: sourceEntityQueue) | | |
| Simulation TF Domain | Enter the TF domain name (Example: SF) | | |

Figure 121: Basic Details Window

| 🗅 Comp | oliance Studio | | ⊕ ₽ M ▼ |
|--------|---|-----------------------------|---|
| ↑ (| Create Workspace | | Cancel Next → |
| - | 1 | | 77777777 |
| | | Use.Template | |
| 0 | Basic Details | Workspace Code | ±. |
| | | Required | Import Archive File Drag & Drop file here |
| 2 | Workspace Schema | Purpose | brag is brop me nee |
| 3 | Data Sourcing | Required User-group 🗇 | |
| (4) | Metadata Sourcing | User-group | |
| | | Required | |
| 5 | Validate | Type O Modeling Simulation | |
| 6 | Summary | Application Type 👻 | |
| | | Required | |
| | | Production | |
| | | Required | |

12.2.3.2 Configuring Workspace Schema

Select the schema operation and enter connection details.

No configuration required if you are using the template.

12.2.3.3 Configuring Data Sourcing

The schema type selected in the previous step requires the definition of database objects to be used for model creation. The data sourcing step of Workspace provisioning allows the select tables from Hive-based data sources from which data has to be pulled into the Oracle-based Workspace data schema.

In case any of the selected tables are not present in the target schema, those tables are included in the failed objects count in the workspace provisioning summary.

As a part of using the template, all the TF specific data sourcing objects are available by default.

If you are not using the template, follow the subsequent steps and enter the value manually to configure the Data Sourcing:

- 1. Select a **Data Source** from the Data Source Name drop-down list.
- 2. Select the Target Data Schema.
- 3. Select the object type and corresponding object names from the drop down list.
- 4. Click **Previous** to go back a step and click **Next** to go to the next step.

Figure 122: Data Sourcing

| Com | pliance Studio | | _ ∞ ↔ |
|-----|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| ↑ (| Create Workspace | | Skip Cancel ← Previous Next → |
| - | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | 2.46 Con 400 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - |
| 0 | Basic Details | Data Sourcing & Data Pipeline | |
| | Workspace Schema | Data Sourcing ③ | |
| | Workspace Schema | Data Store Name TF812DEV_ATOM | Target Data Schema TF27OCT |
| 0 | Data Sourcing | | |
| ٩ | Metadata Sourcing | Object Type Table Search | Outline TFS12DEV_ATOM TGS12DEV_ATOM TGS12DEV_ATOM |
| 5 | Validate | | FSL.RT_ALERTS |
| 6 | Summary | AALABC, FCT, ANS, OPT, COND, MLS AALABC, FCT, DT, LOGIC | |
| - | | AAI_ABC_FCT_DT_LOGIC_AUD | ✓ |
| | | AAI_ABC_FCT_DT_LOGIC_UB | ▼ (D) FSLRT_AL_WLS_RESPONSE |
| | | AAI_ABC_FCT_DT_QTNR_RES_CAT | SI,RT,AL,RAW_DATA DIM SWIFT WEBSERVICE |

12.2.3.4 Configuring Metadata Sourcing

The Metadata Sourcing is a stage during Workspace provisioning to allow seeding of metadata like scheduler batches at the time of workspace provisioning.

To configure Metadata Sourcing, select the TF specific schema from the **Object Type** drop-down list and corresponding available objects.

As a part of using the template, all the TF specific metadata sourcing objects are available by default.

If you are not using the template, follow Table 47 and select the metadata objects manually.

Click **Previous** to go back a step and click **Next** to go to the next step.

Table 47: Metadata Sourcing Object Type and Names

| Object Type | Object Name |
|--------------------|---|
| TF IPE ASSESSMENTS | Transaction Filtering Assessment |
| | ACH Transaction Filtering |
| | Auto Release Transaction Filtering |
| TF EDQ OBJECTS | IMPORT EDQ PRODUCTION DXI PROJECT |
| | IMPORT EDQ PRODUCTION WATCHLIST JMP FILES |
| | IMPORT EDQ PRODUCTION TF PROPERTIES FILE |
| TF IPE SCRIPTS | TF IPE Post Processing Actions |
| TF PARSER OBJECTS | Import SWIFT Parser |

Figure 123: Metadata Sourcing

| ompliance Studio | kspace | | Skip Cancel ← Previous Next → |
|------------------|--------|--|------------------------------------|
| | 146.6 | | 1. 196.000 1. 777.701 |
| Basic Details | | Metadata Sourcing Object Type TF EDQ OBJECTS | |
| 2 Workspace Set | :hema | Available Objects | Selected Objects |
| 3 Data Sourcing | 9 | Object Name Object Name | TF EDQ OBJECTS |
| Metadata Sou | urcing | Import EDQ Production TF Properties File Import EDQ Production DXI Project | TF PARSER OBJECTS The scrupts |
| 5 Validate | | Import EDQ Production Watchlist JMP Files | the pre-assessments |
| 6 Summary | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

12.2.3.5 Validating Workspace

The **Validate** pane displays a preview of the configuration values entered in the previous panes. Click **Previous** to go back a step and click **Next** to go to the next step.

12.2.3.6 Displaying Summary

The **Summary** pane displays the status of the workspace creation. Click **Download** to download the deployment report.

12.2.4 Workspace Creation Post-Configuration

Do the subsequent configuration in the TF application after the Workspace creation.

- 1. Configuration in Sanctions Application
- 2. Update Files in TFLT WAR Associated with the Workspace
- 3. Importing Workspace Metadata for ML4AML for the created Workspace
- 4. Populate the Work Space
- 5. WebLogic console configuration

12.2.4.1 Configuration in Sanctions Application

Follow the subsequent steps to configure the Sanctions application:

- 1. Login to the Simulation Environment Sanctions Application as SYSADMN user.
- 2. Click Identity Management.
- 3. Click User Group Role Map from User Administrator.
- 4. Select the same **User Group Code** value created/entered during the workspace creation and click **Map**.
- 5. Grant the <code>IPE Write</code> role access to the workspace and click $\ensuremath{\textbf{Ok}}$.
- 6. Logout from the application.
- 7. Login to the Simulation Environment Sanctions Application as SYSAUTH user.
- 8. Click **Identity Management**. The Identity Management page is displayed.
- 9. Click User Group Authorization.
- 10. Select IPE Write from mapped roles and click Authorize.
- 11. Click **Ok** and logout from the application.
- 12. Login to the Simulation Environment Sanctions Application using the following credentials
 - User ID: Simulation User ID (Credential created while creating sandbox workspace)
 - Password: Simulation User Password (Credential created while creating sandbox workspace)
- 13. From the home page click **TF** tile.
- 14. Click **Common Frameworks** from the LHS.
- 15. Select Inline Processing. The Oracle Inline Processing window is displayed.
- 16. Click Post Processing Action tab.
- 17. Select CLEAN RESPONSE Transaction JMS Message from Post Processing Actions list.
- 18. Click **JNDI Provider URL** from Action Parameters list. The Action Parameters window is displayed.
- 19. Update the Action Parameter Value with Simulation Environment's t3 URL value.
- 20. Click JNDI Connection User Name and JNDI Connection Password and provide the Simulation Environment's web server username and password.
- 21. Close the window.

12.2.4.2 Update Files in TFLT WAR Associated with the Workspace

To update files in TFLT WAR, which is associated with the workspace follow the subsequent steps:

- In the Simulation Environment, go to the following path: TFLT.ear/TFLT.war/conf
- 2. Open the static.properties file and make sure that the jms Queue name (jms.source.entity.dest.jndi.name) is same as the value (Simulation Message Posting Queue Name) given while creating sandbox workspace.

Figure 124: static.properties file



 Open the install.properties file and update the sql.atomic.datasource.jndi.name and system.infodom with Sandbox workspace's infodom (<<Simulation Infodom>>).

Figure 125: install.properties file

| 1 | sql.config.datasource.jndi.name=jdbc/FICMASTER |
|----|--|
| 2 | sql.atomic.datasource.jndi.name=jdbc/SANC812INFO |
| 3 | sql.metadom.datasource.jndi.name=jdbc/SANC812INFOCNF |
| 4 | system.infodom=SANC812INFO |
| 5 | system.domain=SF |
| 6 | system.appid=OFS TFLT |
| 7 | deployment.assessment.execution.mode=LIVE |
| 8 | deployment.datastore=RDBMS |
| 9 | deployment.test.java.naming.initial.context.factory= |
| 10 | deployment.test.java.naming.provider.url= |

- 4. Go to ext folder.
- 5. Open spring-postSacalert.properties file and update the ipesacalert.pmfInfodom and ipesacalert.dsnID with Sandbox workspace's infodom.

Figure 126: spring-postSacalert.properties file



12.2.4.3 Importing Workspace Metadata for ML4AML for the created Workspace

- 1. Login to Compliance Studio installed UNIX Machine.
- 2. Navigate to the following path:

/deployed/ml4aml/bin

3. Execute the following UNIX command once, against the schema used in the current Sandbox workspace:

```
./importWorkspaceSQL.sh -w <NEW_SCHEMA>_alias
```

```
NOTE
```

<NEW SCHEMA> is the placeholder to be replaced with the actual value used to create the workspace.

12.2.4.4 Populate the Work Space

Populate Workspace for the respected sandbox workspace. See Populating the Workspace for work space population.

12.2.4.5 WebLogic console configuration

To configure the Simulation Sanction Weblogic console, follow the subsequent steps:

- 1. Login to the Simulation Sanction Weblogic Server.
- 2. Goto Deployments.
- 3. Update the Sanctions application war and corresponding TFLT war that are configured in Update Files in TFLT WAR Associated with the Workspace section.

12.3 Managing a Workspace

The workspace displays a menu for Models and an application configuration and model creation submenu. For more information on the subsequent topics, see Managing Workspaces section in Oracle Financial Services Compliance Studio User Guide.

- Launching a Workspace
- Viewing the Workspace
- Editing the Workspace
- Deleting the Workspace
- Downloading the Workspace

12.4 Populating the Workspace

The workspace is populated with data from source data schema to target data schema. When you are creating a workspace the table definitions are created. The Data movement from production to simulation happens when you populate the screen.

To populate the Workspace, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the **Workspace Summary** page.

The page displays Workspace records in a table.

2. Click **Action** next to corresponding Workspace and select **Populate Workspace** to populate the Workspace with data from source data schema to target data schema in the **Populate Workspace** window.

3. You cause the pre-configured template to auto populate the field values and filters. click **Use Template** and select TFGroupMessageTypeFilterTemplate.zip file from the library list to auto populate the values.

| NOTE |
|------|
| |

You must replace the SQL Filter ($v_{\rm GRP}_{\rm MSG}_{\rm TYPE}$ value with the message type.

4. You can enter the field values manually. For reference, see Table 48.

Figure 127: Populate Workspace Window

| | V 4 6 6 6 1 1 1 | 111.131 | |
|--|----------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Repulate Workspace | | | × |
| Workspace Code TFDEVSIM2 | Purpose TFDEVSIM2 | Creation Date 2023-10-23 06:53:22 | Data Store Type External Data Source |
| Write Mode ⑦ | | | |
| Write Mode Append | • | | |
| Data Load O SELECTIVE In this mode, all the underlying ta specific tables. | | be populated (only append) alon | g with the filters mentioned below for |
| Data Filters - Global level | 0 | | <u>Use Template</u> |
| Data Filters - Global | | | |
| Data Filters - Table level (| ୭ | | + |
| Tables | | SQL Filter | 面 |
| | | | |
| | | Cancel | Populate Workspace 🔻 |

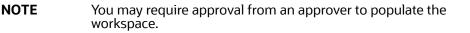
The Table 48 provides descriptions for the fields in the **Populate Workspace** window.

Table 48: Populate Workspace

| Field | Description | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Workspace Code | The code of the Workspace. | |
| Purpose | The description for the Workspace. | |
| Creation Date | The date on which the Workspace was created. | |
| Data Source Type | The source of data. The value can be the OFSAA Data Schema or an external data source. | |
| Data Filter - Global | Enter the data filter that needs to be applied on all the tables selected for data sourcing.For example: If MISDATE is equal to Today, then it is applied to all tables (wherever it is available) for selected Data Sources during population. If this field is not found (MISDATE) in the tables, it is not updated. | |
| Data Filter - Table level | Provide the data filters individually on the tables here. NOTE: You can provide multiple table names for the same SQL filter. For example, there are two tables called Student and Employee in the target data source, and below filters are applied: MISDATE as Today for Student and Employee tables ID as 1 for Student table Then, Student table will be populated with MISDATE and ID filters and Employee tables will be populated with only MISDATE filter. Global Filters will not be applicable for those tables on which filters have been applied individually. If the same table name is provided in more than one rows here, then filter condition is generated as a conjunction of all the provided filters. | |
| Fetch Size | Enter the Fetch size of JDBC properties for data upload | |
| Batch Commit Size | Enter the Batch Commit size of JDBC properties for data upload | |
| Write Mode | Populate the workspace in append mode. | |
| Rejection Threshold | Following two options are available: Custom Rejection Threshold Enter the maximum of number of inserts that may fail for any of the selected tables. You can provide the maximum number of inserts that can fail while loading data to a given table from all the sources. In case of threshold breach, all the inserts into the particular target schema will be rolled back. However, it will continue with populating the next target schema. Unlimited Here, all the errors will be ignored during the data population. | |
| Data Load | Available options are SELECTIVE and ALL. Use ALL for first time data population | |

5. Click **Populate Workspace** to start the process.

Here, you can create the batch using Create Batch, or create and execute using Create and Execute Batch option. On selecting either of these options, a workspace population task gets added to the batch.



- When you select Create and Execute Batch option, it allows you to create batch and triggers the batch as well.
- When you select 'Create Batch' option, it allows you to prepare the batch and then execute or schedule the batch at a later time through Scheduler Service window.

The Workspace population task execution can be tracked in the 'Monitor Batch' window. For more information on Scheduler Service and Workspace population task execution, see Oracle Financial Services Compliance Studio User Guide.

| NOTE | • | You can only run the workspace population for once. |
|------|---|--|
| | • | Any table that is deselected from the data sourcing definition will NOT be dropped. |

Figure 128: Accessing Scheduler Service from Dashboard

| Dash | board | | | | Sch | eduler Service | |
|-------|--|-----------|----------|-----------------------------------|------|---|---|
| ecent | tly Used | | | | | - Scheduler Dashboard Get an overvew of scheduled tasks and processes Define Batch | dels Status |
| D | Transaction Filtering Model V | Version 0 | • | 21 Hours 14 Minutes Ago | _ | Manage and configure batch definitions Define Tasks | |
| C | Transaction Filtering/Model V Model V | Version 1 | P | 6 Days 19 Hours 57 Minutes Ago | C. | Create tasks, configure parameters and set execution dependencies within a batch process | |
| D | Russia Sanctions RUSSIA | Version 0 | • | 6 Days 20 Hours 10 Minutes Ago | 麟 | Schedule Batch Set execution schedules for your batch processes | |
| D | Sanctions/Test Draft Test Draft | Wirston 2 | 9 | 8 Days 19 Hours 2 Minutes Ago | Ģ | Monitor Batch Track and monitor batch process executions | |
| D | Sanctions/Test Draft Test Draft | Wersion 3 | • | 8 Days 19 Hours 3 Minutes Ago | | | 0 🚽 In Review 📕 For Approval 📕 Deployed |
| | | | Last III | odated: Nov 3, 2023, 10:26:32 AM | . 11 | Last Updated: Nov 3, 2023, 10:26:32 AM | Last Updated: Nov 3, 2023, 10:26:32 AM |

12.5 Managing Model Pipelines

Model Pipeline allows you to create and publish models based on the workspaces created from datasets in the database. The published models are then deployed in production to be consumed by users. For the subsequent information on model pipelines, see Managing Model Pipelines section in Oracle Financial Services Compliance Studio User Guide.

- Prerequisites
- Access the Workspace Dashboard Window
- Accessing the Model Pipelines
- Reviewing, Approving Model
- Import a Workspace Model Data into a New Model
- Import/Export Models
- Using View Models

- Editing Models
- Deleting Objectives and Draft Models
- Creating Seeded Models

12.5.1 Creating a Model

Model creation and deployment undergoes a workflow of Model Governance where the users in the system have privileges that restrict the activities, they can do in the model creation and deployment workflow.

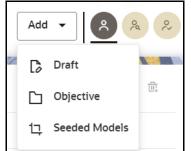
12.5.1.1 Creating Objective (Folders)

Create folders called Objectives within which you can create Models.

To create an Objective, follow these steps:

- 1. Click Launch Workspace and next to corresponding Workspace to Launch Workspace and display the **Dashboard** window with application configuration and model creation menu.
- 2. In the Mega menu, click **Modeling** and select **Pipelines** from the drop down to display the **Model Pipeline** window.
- 3. Click Add and select Objective from the list to display the Objective Details dialog box.

Figure 129: Select Objective from Add



- 4. Enter details in Objective Name and Description fields in the Add Objective dialog box.
- 5. Click Save.

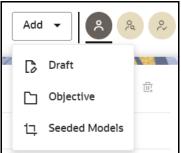
12.5.1.2 Creating Draft Models Using Seeded Model

Create Models that are classified as draft models. These models will be reviewed before being sent for Scoring.

To create a draft Model, follow these steps:

- 1. Click Launch Workspace and next to corresponding Workspace to Launch Workspace and display the **Dashboard** window with application configuration and model creation menu.
- 2. Open the Objective.
- 3. Click **Add** and select **Draft** from the list to display the **Add Draft** dialog box.

Figure 130: Create Model



4. Create New Model is the default setting in the Model Details dialog box.

To create a new model, follow these steps:

- a. Click Use Template.
- b. Select the TF Simulation zip file (TFSIMULATION_1697204758446.zip) from the templates.
- c. Enter details for Draft Name and Description.

Figure 131: Model Details - Create New Model

| Objective Cuba Sanctions | + Import dum |
|-----------------------------|--------------|
| cuba sanctions | |
| Draft Details | Use Template |
| Draft Name Cuba | |
| | |
| Description | |
| Rules | |
| Tags | |
| Cuba × | |
| | |

- d. Enter a tag in the Tags field.
- e. Click **Create**. a model pipeline will be created from the template.

To clone the objects for Real time EDQ, Swift Message Configurations, and Swift Message Parse Widgets, follow the subsequent steps:

- a. Navigate to the **Design Pipeline** page.
- b. From the pipeline canvas double click on the widget to open the widget details screen on the right side.
- c. In the widget screen under the Custom Parameters tab, click **Copy** to open the **Clone Objects** Window.

d. Select the source model ID from the **Clone Objects** Window and select the version from which you want to clone the widget.

```
NOTE For the first model, select model ID as PROD.
```

- e. Click **Copy**. The TF Widget clone process begins. Once the cloning is completed, the current model ID and version will automatically be populated in the widget screen.
- f. Click **Save** to save the widget.

12.5.1.3 Cloning a Model

You can pick any published model and clone the contents to a new draft in the same objective or clone the content to the current parent draft. The cloned draft can be edited and used further. Audit Trail window also captures the clone information.

To clone the model details, follow these steps:

- 1. Open a Published Model in Pipeline Designer.
- 2. Select **Clone to new Draft** to Re-image parent draft with current.

12.6 Model Pipeline

Modeling refers to the process of designing a prototype based on a structured data model for statistical analysis and for simulating actual events and functions. A user with access to the Workspace can create or modify models in a workspace. Model versions are preserved in the Workspace, along with execution and output histories. Once a model has been validated in the Workspace and considered fit for use, modelers can request to push the Model into the production environment.

The following sections are available on the Model Pipeline window:

- Pipeline
- Dashboard
- Notebook
- Simulations
- Execution History
- Compare

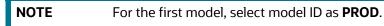
12.6.1 Pipeline

A pipeline is an embedded data processing engine that runs inside the application to filter, transform, and migrate data on-the-fly. Pipelines are a set of data processing elements called widgets connected in series, where the output of one widget is the input to the next element. Use the Pipeline canvas to create the model and execute the pipeline using widgets.

To create a model using pipeline designer, follow the subsequent steps:

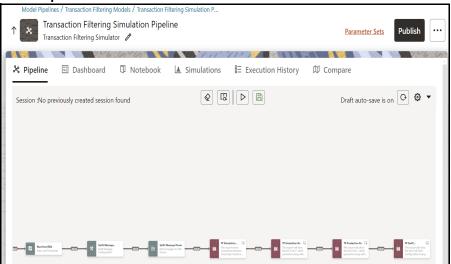
- 1. Navigate to the **Pipeline Designer** page. Pipeline Canvas is displayed.
- 2. Click on the Connector \checkmark to display the widgets.

- 3. Select Transaction Filtering from the list.
- 4. Select a widget and add the widget to the pipeline canvas. For information on widgets, see Table 49.
- 5. From the pipeline canvas double click on the widget to open the widget details screen on the right side.
- 6. In the widget screen under the Custom Parameters tab, click **Copy** to open the **Clone Objects** Window.
- 7. Select the source model ID from the **Clone Objects** Window and select the version from which you want to clone the widget.



- 8. Click **Copy**. The TF Widget clone process begins. Once the cloning is completed, the current model ID and version will automatically be populated in the widget screen.
- 9. Click **Save** to save the widget.
- 10. Click **Add** the next widget and repeat from step 2 to step 8.

Figure 132: Pipeline Canvas



The Table 49 gives information about TF pipeline widgets.

Table 49: TF Pipeline Widgets

| Widget | Description |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Real time EDQ | Opens EDQ homepage where users can log in to EDQ director and tune the EDQ rules of the project with respective <code>model_id</code> with version 0. |
| Swift Message Configurations | Add/Edit/Remove Swift Configurations |
| Swift Message Parser | Posts the selected messages (transactions) to the JMS queue |
| TF Simulation Report | Displays the Summary of alerts and event hits for the current simulation run. |
| TF Simulation Data | Displays the events generated for the current simulation run. |
| TF Production Data | Displays the production events for which the simulation was carried out. |
| TF Swift Configurations Audit | This report will show the list of all Swift Configuration changes with respect to Source Model Swift Configurations. |

To execute the pipeline follow the subsequent steps:

1. Click execute icon . Execute Pipeline window is displayed.

Figure 133: Execute Pipeline Window

| Show only required | Open from sound personator ant |
|-----------------------|--|
| snow only required | <u>Open from saved parameter set</u> |
| xecution Parameters | ରେ ତ |
| Key msgtype | Value MT101 |
| | From Set: MT101 |
| | Save.parameter |
| ystem Parameters | |
| Key \$FICMISDATE\$ | Value 2023-11-03 |
| Key | Value |
| \$BATCHRUNID\$ | Batch_auto_d0daa70d-3e3c-48a3-b7db-5edb7cc |
| Veri | Value |
| Key \$TASKID\$ | task1 |
| | |

- 2. Click **Open from saved Parameter set?** to import the template.
- 3. If your not importing the template enter the execution Key and Value manually. Execution parameters are the filters to apply to production data for the simulation run. You configure these

filters in FCC_TF_SIMULATION_FILTERS table. For more information on FCC_TF_SIMULATION_FILTERS, see OFS Sanctions Data Model Reference Guide.

NOTE Select the flow, which you want to execute Scoring, Training, and Experimentation. It displays all the keys defined for all the paragraphs in the notebook with a placeholder for providing the values.

4. You can add new parameters using Add

Note: If the parameter is not defined in the notebook, it will not be used for the execution. In case of multi select, if there are common parameters among the chosen scenarios, it will take the value based on the order of selection. that is first chosen scenario parameter will be taken.

- 5. But if open from saved scenarios again (not on single go), then already added will get replaced by the newly added (same as what existed)
- 6. Execution is performed based on selected link types. It filters out all the not required/unused parameters. And, all the unused parameters for the current execution are displayed with a

warning ¹. To view the only required parameters, click **Show only required** link.

- 7. Click Reset ^O to reset the entered data.
- 8. Click Delete **under the entered Key and Value**.

For example, refer to below Figure.

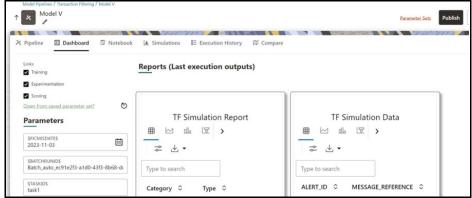
9. Click **Execute** to initiate the execution. The widgets in pipelines are executed sequentially and

you can see \checkmark icon on each widget for a successful execution. For individual widget execution details click the widget and click **View Details**.

12.6.2 Dashboard

The Dashboard of the Pipeline Designer allows you to execute shows the execution output of the Model.

Figure 134: Dashboard Tab



12.6.3 Notebook

Navigate to Notebook tab to view the paragraphs. You can run, invalidate session, edit, add, and export the notebook in the Notebook tab.

NOTE By default the code is not displayed in the UI. To display code in the UI, click the visibility icon and select code.

Figure 135: Notebook Tab

| del Fipelines / Transaction Filtering / Mod Model V | er v | 1712 | | 12.000 | | | - 100 | 113 | | 1 - 60 - | P | aramet | er Sets | Pub | lish |
|--|---|-------|----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-------|-----|---------------|----------|----------|--------|---------|---------|------|
| Transaction Filtering | notebook La Simulation g > Model V Ø | is IE | Executio | on Histo | | 10 Com | pare | | | | | > | 8 | ß | α |
| 9 9 | | Ø | \$3 | 2 Star | ି t wid | ි iget | 6 | 合 | | | | | a | Φ | 6 |
| ## Do not delete this paragray | | _ | - | | | _ | _ | - | e 'Move Up/ M | _ | from Set | tings | to ch | ange th | e pa |
| | | | | Real | time | EDQ | | | | | | | | | |
| \$BATCHRUNID\$ | | | | | s | TASKID | | | | | | | | | |

12.6.4 Simulations

The simulation flow allows for iterative execution along that path with input drivers (variables) that are passed through a parameter set. You can either create a new parameter set or use the existing parameter set and execute it from this tab.

Figure 136: Simulation Tab

| Complian | ce Studio Dast | hboard Modeling | Orchestration | More | TFDEVSIM2 😪 🗅 | ê Ĉ | M • |
|----------|---|-------------------|-----------------|-------|----------------|---------|-----|
| ↑ × | pelines / Transaction Filtering / Model V Model V | | | | Parameter Sets | Publish | ••• |
| X Pipeli | ne 🖾 Dashboard 🗊 Notebook 🔽 Simula | tions IE Executio | n History 🛛 Cor | npare | Add Run | Execute | all |
| >> | Choose from parameter sets Parameter sets: Default(From notebook) | ⊳ × C | | | | | |
| | Run Stats Outputs | | | | | | |
| | TF Simulation Report | _ | | | | | |

12.6.5 Execution History

This section of Pipeline Designer shows the history of the executions of the current pipeline. You can view the list of executions, check the report for the corresponding simulation run, and extract the report. You can compare multiple executions by selecting multiple executions and click on Compare icon.

Figure 137: Execution History

| Compl | liance Studio D | ashboard N | todeling ~ Orch | nestration ~ | More | | | TFDEVSIM2 🚱 🗅 💝 🕻 | A M |
|-------|---|------------|--------------------|--------------|-----------|-------------------|------------|---------------------------|------------|
| Mod | el Pipelines / Transaction Filtering / Model V | | | | | | | | |
| × | Model V | | | | | | | Parameter Sets Publish | • |
| | | 111-111 | | | - | 244 | n man | 111-11-1 | |
| R Pip | eline 🖾 Dashboard 🗔 Notebook 🔺 Simu | ilations 📘 | Execution History | Comp | are | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Q | . Search | | | | | | | 22 | 0 |
| | Batch Run Identifier | Inputs 🗘 | Task Identifier | Status 🗘 | Outputs 🗘 | Canvas view \$ | MISDATE 🗘 | Start Time | |
| | Batch_auto_25b83944-7a5e-4857-b392-4af64b75f587 | Custom | task1 | 0 | 125 | × | 2023-11-02 | Nov 2, 2023, 12:18:43 PM | |
| | Batch_auto_4d6dc183-866f-4999-a5f6-826862c1aac4 | Custom | task1 | 0 | 122 | × | 2023-10-27 | Oct 27, 2023, 2:22:06 PM | |
| | Batch_auto_baec457f-660f-4dbd-9e47-dfd42cb9e4c6 | Custom | task1 | 0 | 152 | × | 2023-10-25 | Oct 25, 2023, 12:23:56 PM | |
| | Batch_auto_dfa90ee2-89b2-47e7-ad43-a8cd2ab422d1 | Custom | task1 | 0 | 28 | × | 2023-10-25 | Oct 25, 2023, 11:59:12 AM | |
| | Batch_auto_12c269fe-fd36-4f3c-92bf-c5af723385ec | Custom | task1 | | 152 | × | 2023-10-25 | Oct 25, 2023, 11:51:44 AM | |
| | Batch_auto_8d32661d-3ef1-40d8-a6fd-43401722501d | MT101 | task1 | 0 | 155 | × | 2023-10-23 | Oct 23, 2023, 4:36:28 PM | |
| | Batch auto eaab04e7-d69d-42a6-9a4c-cd4ccad4554e | Custom | task1 | 0 | 153 | × | 2023-10-23 | Oct 23, 2023, 4:34:55 PM | |

To download the report follow the subsequent steps:

- click the output icon so for the respective batch. Output Details Page is displayed.
 Following Output report tiles are displayed
 - Start Widget
 - TF Specific widget
 - Report Widget
- 2. From the Report Widget tile click the download icon to download the report in the text file format.

NOTE

You must open the report text file in excel or drag and drop in excel to view the output.

Figure 138: Report Extraction Tile

| Type to search | | | RAW | | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|
| Category 🗘 | Туре ≎ | Description 🗘 | Production Data | Simulation Data | Change ≎ |
| Hits Information | Number of Events in each web service | Identifier | 38 | 38 | 0 |
| Hits Information | Number of Events in each web service | Country and City | 175 | 150 | -25 |
| Hits Information | Number of Events in each web service | Name and Address | 151 | 151 | 0 |
| Hits Information | Number of Events in each web service | Narrative or Free Text Information | 39 | 39 | 0 |
| Hits Information | Alert Count (Number of alerts) | NA | 17 | 17 | 0 |

Figure 139: Extracted Output Sample

| Category | Туре | Description | Production Data | Simulation Data | Change |
|------------------|---|---|-----------------|-----------------|--------|
| | Number of Alerts in each web service | Name and Address | 2 | 1 | -1 |
| Hits Information | Number of Alerts in each web service | Narrative | 5 | 2 | -3 |
| Hits Information | Alert Count (no of lerts) | NA | 5 | 2 | -3 |
| Hits Information | Unique WL Count | NA | 4 | 1 | -3 |
| | | | | | |
| Hits Information | No of Events Per Events Type - TF | SAN | 100 | 102 | 2 |
| Hits Information | No of Events Per Events Type - CS | SAN, EDD, PEP | 100 | 75 | -25 |
| | No of Events Per Events Type - CS | SAN | 50 | 7 | -43 |
| Hits Information | No of Events Per Events Type - CS | EDD | 10 | 8 | -2 |
| Hits Information | No of Events Per Events Type - CS | PEP | 10 | 2 | -8 |
| | | | | - | |
| | Exemption Recommendation TF | Total Events Exempted | 30 | 5 | -25 |
| | Exemption Recommendation TF | Total Events Exempted - Narrative | 7 | 3 | -4 |
| | Exemption Recommendation TF | Total Events Exempted - Name | 3 | 2 | -1 |
| | Exemption Recommendation TF | Total Events Not Exempted | 10 | 12 | 2 |
| | Exemption Recommendation TF | Total Events Not Exempted - Narrative | | | |
| Hits Information | Exemption Recommendation TF | Total Events Not Exempted - Name | | | |
| Hits Ratio | Ratio of alerts generated between 2 changes CS On | % of Zipper alert have hits against SAN | 5 | 10 | 5 |
| Hits Ratio | Ratio of alerts generated between 2 changes CS On | % of Zipper alert have hits against PEP | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Hits Ratio | Ratio of alerts generated between 2 changes CS On | % of Zipper alert have hits against EDD | | | |
| Hits Ratio | Ratio of alerts generated between 2 changes CS On | | | | |
| Hits Ratio | Ratio of alerts generated between 2 changes CS On | % of alert have hits against SAN & PEP & ED | D & PRB | | |
| Hits Ratio | Ratio of alerts generated between 2 changes TF On | % of Zipper alert have hits against SAN | 100 | 150 | 1 |
| Alert List | No of alerts per jurisdiction (Juris Name) | Germany | 10 | 5 | -5 |
| Alert List | No of alerts per jurisdiction (Juris Name) | India | 5 | 2 | -3 |
| Alert List | No of alerts per biz domain (dom Name) | Domain A | 10 | 5 | -5 |
| Alert List | No of alerts per biz domain (dom Name) | Domain B | 5 | 10 | 5 |
| | | | | | |
| Alert List | No of alerts per Message Typeł tag | MT101 59a | 200 | 50 | -150 |
| Alert List | No of Hits Generated Per Customer Type, CS | Individual | 7000 | 8000 | 1000 |
| Alert List | No of Hits Generated Per Customer Type, CS | Entity (organisation) | 8000 | 7000 | -1000 |
| Alert List | No of Hits Generated Per WL Entity Type, TF | Individual | 8000 | 7000 | -1000 |
| Alert List | No of Hits Generated Per WL Entity Type, TF | Entity (organisation) | 8000 | 7000 | -1000 |

12.6.6 Compare

The Compare option allows you to compare the executions with champion model.

To compare, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to Execution Summary window.
- 2. Select the executions using the corresponding check-boxes.
- 3. Click Ø Compare .

The Execution Comparison window is displayed.

The Window shows the following comparison details:

- Model Properties
- Model Input (Last Execution Details)
- Audit Log
- Model Script

Model Output (Last Execution Outputs)

Figure 140: Compare Tab

| Model Pipelines / Transaction Filte | ring / Model V | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| ↑ 🗙 Model V | | Parameter Sets Publish |
| | 6.650 | |
| X Pipeline 🖾 Dashboard | d 🗊 Notebook 🔺 Simulations 📰 Execution Histo | y Ø Compare |
| Highlight Same Data | | Model V ver 0 |
| Model Properties | | ^ |
| Objective | There is no champion to compare against. | Transaction Filtering |
| Description | There is no champion to compare against. | |
| Version | There is no champion to compare against. | 0 |
| Language | There is no champion to compare against. | Default |
| Technique | There is no champion to compare against. | |
| Model Inputs (Last Execut | ion Details) | ^ |
| Status of execution | There is no champion to compare against. | COMPLETED |
| Start time | There is no champion to compare against. | Nov 2, 2023, 12:18:43 PM |
| End time | There is no champion to compare against. | Nov 2, 2023, 12:20:00 PM |
| script.void(0) | There is no champion to compare against. | default |

12.7 Report Extraction

You can view the output of the executions from all the tabs of the model pipeline. Execution History tab allows you to download the execution output to the local system. For more information, see Execution History.

| NOTE | • You must open the report text file in excel or drag and drop in excel to view the output. |
|------|---|
| | If the execution output is truncated, update the Zeppelin interpreter output limit. For more information, see Appendix L: Setting the ZEPPELIN_INTERPETER_OUTPUT_LIMIT in Python Interpreter. |

Figure 141: Extracted Output Sample

| | Туре | Description | Production Data | Simulation Data | Change |
|-------------------|---|---|-----------------|-----------------|--------|
| | Number of Alerts in each web service | Name and Address | 2 | 1 | -1 |
| lits Information | Number of Alerts in each web service | Narrative | 5 | 2 | -3 |
| -lits Information | Alert Count (no of lerts) | NA | 5 | 2 | -3 |
| PL 1 4 | | | | | |
| Hits Information | Unique WL Count | NA | 4 | 1 | -3 |
| | No of Events Per Events Type - TF | SAN | 100 | 102 | 2 |
| | No of Events Per Events Type - CS | SAN, EDD, PEP | 100 | 75 | -25 |
| -lits Information | No of Events Per Events Type - CS | SAN | 50 | 7 | -43 |
| | No of Events Per Events Type - CS | EDD | 10 | 8 | -2 |
| -lits Information | No of Events Per Events Type - CS | PEP | 10 | 2 | -8 |
| -lits Information | Exemption Recommendation TF | Total Events Exempted | 30 | 5 | -25 |
| | Exemption Recommendation TF | Total Events Exempted - Narrative | 7 | 3 | -4 |
| | Exemption Recommendation TF | Total Events Exempted - Name | 3 | 2 | -1 |
| | Exemption Recommendation TF | Total Events Not Exempted | 10 | 12 | 2 |
| | Exemption Recommendation TF | Total Events Not Exempted - Narrative | 10 | 16 | |
| | Exemption Recommendation TF | Total Events Not Exempted - Name | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Hits Ratio | Ratio of alerts generated between 2 changes CS On | % of Zipper alert have hits against SAN | 5 | 10 | 5 |
| Hits Ratio | Ratio of alerts generated between 2 changes CS On | % of Zipper alert have hits against PEP | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Hits Ratio | Ratio of alerts generated between 2 changes CS On | % of Zipper alert have hits against EDD | | | |
| Hits Ratio | Ratio of alerts generated between 2 changes CS On | % of Zipper alert have hits against PRB | | | |
| Hits Ratio | Ratio of alerts generated between 2 changes CS On | % of alert have hits against SAN & PEP & ED | D & PRB | | |
| Hits Ratio | Ratio of alerts generated between 2 changes TF On | % of Zipper alert have hits against SAN | 100 | 150 | 1 |
| Alert List | No of alerts per jurisdiction (Juris Name) | Germany | 10 | 5 | -5 |
| Alert List | | India | 5 | 2 | -3 |
| Alert List | No of alerts per juristiction (Juris Name) | Domain A | 10 | 5 | -5 |
| Alert List | No of alerts per biz domain (dom Name) | Domain B | 5 | 10 | -5 |
| SIGH LISU | no or arena per biz domain (dominarie) | Coman D | 5 | 10 | 5 |
| | | MT101 59a | 200 | 50 | -150 |
| Alert List | | Individual | 7000 | 8000 | 1000 |
| Alert List | | Entity (organisation) | 8000 | 7000 | -1000 |
| Alert List | | Individual | 8000 | 7000 | -1000 |
| Alert List | No of Hits Generated Per WL Entity Type, TF | Entity (organisation) | 8000 | 7000 | -1000 |

12.8 Publishing a Pipeline

If your satisfied with the results of the execution you can publish the pipeline. Publish the pipeline will backup the current model pipeline with non editable mode. To publish the pipeline, follow these steps:

- 1. Click Launch Workspace and next to corresponding Workspace to Launch Workspace and display the **Dashboard** window with application configuration and model creation menu.
- 2. In the Mega menu, click **Modeling** and select **Pipelines** from the drop down to display the **Model Pipeline** window.
- 3. Select the Objective from the list. The publish canvas is displayed.
- 4. Click **Publish**. Publish Pipeline popup is displayed.
- 5. Enter the field details. See Table 50.

Table 50: Publish Pipeline

| Field or Icon | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| Model Name | The field displays the name of the Model. Modify the name if required. |
| Model Description | The field displays the description for the Model. Enter or modify the description if required. |
| Technique | Enter the registered technique to use. |
| Run Version | Select a rub version. |
| Variable Mapping | The table displays the OFSAA variables and datasets used in the creation of the Training Model. |
| Script | The table displays the Paragraphs created in the Training Model. Select the Paragraphs that you want to use to create the Scoring Model. Track Output - Select this to track the output of the paragraph. |

6. Select the required configuration and click **Publish** to publish the pipeline or click **Cancel** to go back to previous page.

To view the published model follow the subsequent steps:

- 1. Navigate to Model Pipeline page
- 2. Click **Models** in-line with the Object Name. published models are displayed.

Figure 142: Published Model

| 8 | Aodel Pip | elines / Transaction Filtering | | | | | Add - | 2 | 2 |
|---|-----------------|--------------------------------|---|---------------|---------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------|------------|
| ٩ | Search | | | | | | Show empty objectives Q Refresh | I | Ē |
| 0 | Object | tive Name | | iD | Owner | Tags | | | |
| | D | Model V | | 1698046214923 | MMGSANC | Sanctions TF | \sim 1 Models | World | king Draft |
| ſ | Versio Model | n 1 Oct 25, 2023, 12.02.38 👽 | | | | | | | |
| | Public | shed model |] | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

The published models are then deployed in production to be consumed by users. The iterations of comparison between various models lead to the elimination of undesired models and the filter of a few robust ones that can be considered for deployment in production. Modelers then use their better judgment to consolidate their choice and fix on one model - the champion model. The champion model is also called the scoring model or the actual model in this document.

12.9 Deploying the Model

You can promote the published model to production by deploying the Model. For the subsequent information, see Oracle Financial Services Compliance Studio User Guide.

- Understanding Model Governance
- Request Model Acceptance
- Review Models and Move to Approve or Reject
- Approve Models and Promote to Production
- Deploying Models in Production and Make it a Global Champion
- Executing Models using Scheduler Service

To deploy the model follow the subsequent steps:

- 1. Click Launch Workspace and next to corresponding Workspace to Launch Workspace and display the **Dashboard** window with application configuration and model creation menu.
- 2. In the Mega menu, click **Modeling** and select **Pipelines** from the drop down to display the **Model Pipeline** window.
- 3. Select the Objective name from the list and select the published Model.
- 4. Click 💇 to view the Model Deployment screen.

Figure 143: Model Deployment Window

| 문. Model Deployment | | × |
|---|--|------------------|
| ID <u>1698227467461</u> | 0 | |
| Version 2 TF Model Pipeline | Requesting Pending Approve Approval | ed |
| Objective Sanctions TF25OCT | Comments | Reviewer |
| Description Transaction Filtering Simulator | No items to display. | Required |
| Created By MMGSANC Oct 25, 2023, 4:57:33 PM | | Level 1 Approver |
| OCI 23, 2023, 4.37.33 PM | | Required |
| | | Comments |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | Request 👻 Cancel |

- 5. Select the value for the following fields:
 - Reviewer
 - Level 1 Approver
 - Comments
- 6. Click **Request** and select **Model Acceptance** action.
- 7. Click **Cancel** to cancel the model Deployment.

NOTE For each workspace there can be only one champion model.

12.10 Audit Trail

For information on using audit trail, see Oracle Financial Services Compliance Studio User Guide.

13 Appendix A: Watch Lists

Monitoring transactions against watch lists of sanctioned individuals and companies, internal watch lists, and other commercial lists of high-risk individuals and organizations is a key compliance requirement for financial institutions worldwide. These watch lists help financial institutions identify customers who are sanctioned, live in sanctioned countries and any inbound or outbound transactions associated with these customers.

13.1 HM Treasury Watch List

The HM Treasury publishes a sanctions list that can be used for screening in Transaction Filtering. The sanctions list provides a consolidated list of targets listed by the United Nations, the European Union, and the United Kingdom under legislation relating to current financial sanctions regimes. For more information, see the HM Treasury website.

Oracle Transaction Filtering uses the list in a semi-colon delimited form. It can be downloaded from the following location:

https://ofsistorage.blob.core.windows.net/publishlive/ConList.csv

13.2 OFAC Watch List

The US Treasury website states that The US Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) administers and enforces economic and trade sanctions based on US foreign policy and national security goals against targeted foreign countries, terrorists, international narcotics traffickers, and those engaged in activities related to the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction. For more information, see the Treasury website.

Oracle Transaction Filtering supports two lists that are produced by OFAC. The OFAC Specially Designated Nationals (SDN) list, which is available for download in three separate parts from the following links:

https://www.treasury.gov/ofac/downloads/sdn.csv

https://www.treasury.gov/ofac/downloads/add.csv

https://www.treasury.gov/ofac/downloads/alt.csv

The OFAC Consolidated Sanctions List, which can be downloaded in three separate parts from the following links:

https://www.treasury.gov/ofac/downloads/consolidated/cons_prim.csv

https://www.treasury.gov/ofac/downloads/consolidated/cons_add.csv

https://www.treasury.gov/ofac/downloads/consolidated/cons_alt.csv

13.3 EU Watch List

The European Union applies sanctions or restrictive measures in pursuit of the specific objectives of the Common Foreign and Security Policy (CFSP) as set out in Article 11 of the Treaty on European Union.

The European Commission offers a consolidated list containing the names and identification details of all persons, groups, and entities targeted by these financial restrictions. For more information, see the European Commission website.

To download the consolidated list:

- 1. Go to https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/europeaid/fsd/fsf#!/account.
- 2. Create an account.
- 3. Navigate to https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/europeaid/fsd/fsf#!/files and open show settings for crawler/robot.
- 4. Copy the URL for 1.0 XML (Based on XSD). This is in the format https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/europeaid/fsd/fsf/public/files/xmlFullSanctionsList/ content?token=[username]. You must replace the [username] placeholder with the user name you have created.
- 5. Enter this URL in your run profile or download the task.

13.4 UN Watch List

The United Nations (UN) or United Nations Security Council consolidated list is a watch list that includes all individuals and entities who are subject to sanctions measures imposed by the Security Council. For more information, see the UN Security Council website.

Download the consolidated list from https://www.un.org/sc/suborg/sites/www.un.org.sc.suborg/files/consolidated.xml.

13.5 World-Check Watch List

World-Check provides a subscription-based service, offering a consolidated list of PEPs (Politically Exposed Persons) and entities and individuals appearing on the HM Treasury, OFAC, and other world lists. Three levels of subscription are provided: Standard, Premium, and Premium+. Some features of the World-Check lists are only available to users with a higher subscription level. For more information, see the World-Check website.

To download the World-Check Premium+ feed, set values in the WC Setup section of the watch list-management. properties run profile as follows:

```
phase.WC\ -\ Download.enabled = Y
phase.WC\ -\ Download\ native\ aliases.enabled = Y
phase.WC\ -\ Stage\ reference\ lists.enabled = Y
phase.*.snapshot.*.use_native_aliases = 1
```

To download the Standard or Premium feeds, set values in the WC Setup section of the watchlistmanagement.properties run profile as follows:

```
phase.WC\ -\ Download.enabled = Y
phase.WC\ -\ Download\ native\ aliases.enabled = N
phase.WC\ -\ Stage\ reference\ lists.enabled = Y
phase.*.snapshot.*.use_native_aliases = 0
```

See the World-Check website for more details: https://risk.thomsonreuters.com/en/products/third-party-risk/world-check-know-your-customer.html

| NOTE | If your instance of Oracle Transaction Filtering uses the WebLogic application server, and you are screening against the World-Check watch list, then, to download the World-Check reference data successfully, you must add the following to the 'Server Start' arguments of your EDQ managed server: - DUseSunHttpHandler=true. This is only required if you are using the |
|------|---|
| | WebLogic application server and screening against the World-Check watch list. |

13.6 Dow Jones Watch List

Dow Jones provides a subscription-based service offering a consolidated list of PEPs (Politically Exposed Persons) and entities and individuals appearing on the various sanctions lists. For more information, see the Dow Jones website.

The Dow Jones watch list automated download task uses one of two script files that are provided with Oracle Transaction Filtering to provide further configuration of the download process. These script files are:

- download-djw.sh (for use on Unix platforms)
- download-djw.bat (for use on Windows platforms)

The script files are invoked by the automated task and will download the data files and copy them to the appropriate sub-folder of the OEDQ landing area.

NOTE: In Watchlist Management Project under Reference Data, the "DJW List Provider Static", contains the entire Dow Jones List Providers. It contains the score and the flag irrespective whether it belongs to Sanctions List or not. User has the privilege to change the flag and score based on their preference.

13.7 Dow Jones Anti-Corruption Watch List

Dow Jones provides a subscription-based service containing data to help you assess, investigate, and monitor third-party risk about anti-corruption compliance regulation. For more information, see the Dow Jones website.

The Dow Jones Anti-Corruption List automated download task uses one of two script files that are provided with Oracle Transaction Filtering to provide further configuration of the download process. These script files are:

- download-djac.sh (for use on Unix platforms)
- download-djac.bat (for use on Windows platforms)

The script files are invoked by the automated task and will download the data files and copy them to the appropriate sub-folder of the OEDQ landing area.

13.8 Private Watch List

This section describes the structure of the .csv files used in the Private List Interface (PLI).

Private watch list data are provided in two .csv (comma-separated value) files; privateindividuals.csv and privateentities.csv. These files come with a pre-defined structure and set of validation rules. On installation, these files are populated with sample private watch list data, which must be replaced with your data, once it has been transformed into the required format.

| NO | TE • | It is recommended that you keep a copy of the sample private watch list files, as they can be used to verify the correct functioning of your installation on a known data set. |
|----|------|--|
| | • | The files must be saved in UTF-8 format. |

Three types of attributes are used in the PLI for screening:

Mandatory attributes: These attributes are tagged in the PLI tables with the *[Mandatory attribute]* tag and are mandatory for screening.

Recommended attributes: These attributes are used in matching, typically to either eliminate false positive matches that may occur if the mandatory fields alone were used or to reinforce the likelihood of a possible match. They are tagged in the PLI tables with the *[Recommended attribute]* tag.

Optional attributes: These attributes are not used in matching. Information provided in these fields may be of use in processes downstream of the match process.

13.8.1 Individual Private Watch List Input Attributes

This section lists the PLI fields used for individuals. In addition to the prescribed fields, fifty customizable input attributes are available for individual private watch lists, out of which forty are string attributes, five are date attributes and five are number attributes. They are available for any additional inputs required by your private watch list.

The following table lists the individual PLI fields in order, the data format expected for each field, and notes on their use in screening:

| Field Name | Expected Data Format | Notes |
|------------------|----------------------|---|
| ListSubKey | String | This field is used to identify the source list of the watch list record (for example, Private List, Accounting Private List, Financial Private List, and so on). It is included in the alert key. |
| ListRecordType | String | [Mandatory attribute] This field is used when filtering alerts, to determine whether the record is a sanctions, PEP or enhanced due diligence record. It must contain a value of SAN, EDD, or PEP or a combination of these values. If you want to include a combination of values, the values should be comma-separated, and enclosed by double quotation marks. For example: "SAN, EDD, PEP" |
| ListRecordOrigin | String | This field is used to record the prove- nance of a record when it is part of a consolidated list. |
| ListRecordId | String | [Mandatory attribute] This attribute is not used as part of the matching pro- cess, but it must be populated with a unique identifier. |

Table 51: Individual Private Watch List Input Attributes

Table 51: Individual Private Watch List Input Attributes

| Field Name | Expected Data Format | Notes |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---|
| PassportNumber | String | This is an optional field that may be used to capture the passport numbers of cus- tomers or individuals for use in the review process. Passport numbers are not used in the default screening rules. |
| Nationalld | String | This is an optional field that may be used to capture customer National IDs for use in the review process. The National IDs of customers and indi- viduals must not use in the default screening rules. |
| Identifiers | String | Any identity of a person. The Identifiers can be either driving license or social security number. |
| Title | String | This field must contain the titles of cus- tomers or individuals (such as Mr/Mrs/ Dr/Herr/Monsieur). It is used to derive gender values where gender is not already stated and is used during the review process. |
| | | Avoid putting titles in the name fields. |
| FullName | String | [Mandatory attribute] The individual matching process is based primarily on |
| GivenName FamilyName | String | the name supplied for the individual. Either a full name, a pair of given and family names, or an original script name must be submitted to the screening pro- cess for screening to proceed. |
| NameType | String | This is an optional field used in the review process only. Multiple names may exist for the same person. The Name Type, therefore, denotes if the name is the primary name of the listed party, or an additional name (such as an Alias, or Alternate Spelling). If two Private list records were derived from a single source with multiple names (such as Mrs. Louise Wilson née Hammond being split into two records, Louise Wil- son and Louise Hammond) you may wish to denote one as the primary name and one as a maiden or alias name. |
| NameQuality | String | This field may be assigned a value of Low, Medium, or High to indicate the quality of the individual name. High is used for Primary names and specified good/high-quality aliases. |
| PrimaryName | String | For alias records, this field indicates the main name for that record. |

| Table 51: Individual Private Watch List Input Attributes | |
|--|--|
|--|--|

| Field Name | Expected Data Format | Notes |
|--------------------|--|--|
| OriginalScriptName | String | [Mandatory attribute] The individual matching process is based primarily on the name supplied for the individual. Either a full name, a pair of given and family names, or an original script name must be submitted to the screening pro- cess for screening to proceed. If you populate the Original Script Name, then you will also need to enable two facets of Match processor configuration that are disabled by default: the Original Script Name Cluster and some or all of the Match Rules that include Original script name in their name. To adapt the Match Processor configuration, you will need to open the Transaction screening project within the Director user interface and make the changes to every process used during the Transaction Filtering installa- tion. |
| Gender | String | The value supplied must be either 'M' or 'F'. The gender is not used directly in the matching process, but optionally, the value of the Gender field can be used by the elimination rules to eliminate poor matches. |
| Occupation | String | This is an optional field that may be used to eliminate records with "safe" occupa- tions, in the review process and risk scoring. Note that customer occupations are not matched against list occupations using the default screening rules. |
| DateofBirth | String, representing a date, in the format 'YYYYMMDD'; day, month, and year are required. | [Recommended attribute] Birth date information can be used in matching to identify particularly strong matches or to eliminate matches that are too weak. |
| YearofBirth | String, in the format 'YYYY'. | NA |
| Deceased Flag | String | If populated, this optional field must contain either Y or N . |
| DeceasedDate | String, representing a date, in the format 'YYYYMMDD'. | If populated, this optional field must contain either the current date or a date in the past. |
| Address1 | String | |
| Address2 | String | These are optional fields that may be |
| Address3 | String | used in the review process. |
| Address4 | String | |

| Table 51: | Individual | Private | Watch I | List Ir | nput Attributes |
|-----------|------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------|
|-----------|------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------|

| Field Name | Expected Data Format | Notes |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| City | String | [Decommonded ethnikute] City data is |
| State | String | [Recommended attribute] City data is used to strengthen potential match |
| Postal Code | String | information. |
| AddressCountryCode | String; ISO 2-character country code. | [Recommended attribute] Address country data is used to strengthen potential match information. |
| ResidencyCountryCode | String; ISO 2-character country code. | [Recommended attribute] The country of residence can be used in optional country prohibition screening. |
| CountryOfBirthCode | String; ISO 2-character country code. | [Recommended attribute] The country of birth code can be used in optional country prohibition screening. |
| NationalityCountryCodes | String; comma separated list of ISO 2-character country codes. | [Recommended attribute] The nation- ality can be used in optional country pro- hibition screening. |
| ProfileHyperlink | String; a hyperlink to an Internet or intranet resource for the record. | This field may contain a hyperlink to an Internet or intranet resource that can provide reviewers with additional infor- mation about the individual. |
| RiskScore | Number, between 0 and 100 | This field is included where the risk score for a customer is calculated externally. |
| RiskScorePEP | Number, between 0 and 100 | A number indicating the relative 'riski- ness' of the Individual, considered as a PEP. The risk score is expressed as an integer between 1 and 100, with Higher numbers indicating a higher risk. |
| AddedDate | String, representing a date, in the format 'YYYYMMDD' | |
| LastUpdatedDate | String, representing a date, in the format 'YYYYMMDD' | These are optional fields for use in the review process. |
| DataConfidenceScore | Number, between 0 and 100 | |
| DataConfidenceComment | String | |
| InactiveFlag | String | If populated, this optional field must contain either Y or N . |
| InactiveSinceDate | String, representing a date, in the format 'YYYYMMDD' | If populated, this optional field must contain either the current date or a date in the past. |

| Table 51: | Individual Private | Watch List Inpu | t Attributes |
|-----------|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| | mannadant mate | materi mot inpa | |

| Field Name | Expected Data Format | Notes |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| PEPclassification | String | This field can be used to indicate the type of PEP (for example, whether the individual is part of an international organization or government, and at what level). It can be used to filter watch list records and is primarily used by the World-Check watch list, but could be used by a private watch list if required. |
| customString1 to customString40 | String | Fifty custom fields are provided in the private list data interface for individuals. Forty of these are intended to hold string |
| customDate1 to customDate5 | String, representing a date, in the format 'YYYYMMDD' | data, five hold dates, and five numeric data. |
| customNumber1 to customNumber5 | Number | The interface file is a comma-separated value (.csv) file, and so all fields intrinsically contain strings. However, during the processing of Private watch lists, the custom date and number fields are checked to ensure that they include appropriate data, and warning messages are provided as output if they do not. |

13.8.2 Entity Private Watch List Input (PLI) Attributes

This section lists the PLI fields used for entities. In addition to the prescribed fields, fifty customizable input attributes are available for individual private watch lists, out of which forty are string attributes, five are date attributes and five are number attributes. They are available for any additional inputs required by your private watch list.

The following table lists the individual PLI fields in order, the data format expected for each field, and notes on their use in screening:

| Field Name | Expected Data Format | Notes | |
|------------------|----------------------|---|--|
| ListSubKey | String | This field is used to identify the source list of the watch list record (for example, Private List, Accounting Private List, Financial Private List, and so on). It is included in the alert key. | |
| ListRecordType | String | [Mandatory attribute]This field is used when filtering alerts, to determine whether the record is a sanctions or PEP record. It must contain a value of SAN, PEP, or a combination of these values. If you want to include a combination of values, the values must be comma-sepa- rated and enclosed by double quotation marks. For example: "SAN, PEP". | |
| ListRecordOrigin | String | This field is used to record the prove- nance of a record when it is part of a consolidated list. | |

Table 52: Entity Private Watch List Input Attributes

| Table 52: | Entity Private | Watch List Input Attributes |
|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|

| Field Name | Expected Data Format | Notes |
|--------------------|----------------------|---|
| ListRecordId | String | [Mandatory attribute] This attribute is not used as part of the matching pro- cess, but it must be populated with a unique identifier. |
| RegistrationNumber | String | This is an optional field that may be used to capture entity registration numbers for use in the review process. Note that entity registration numbers are not used for matching in the default screening rules. |
| Identifiers | String | Identifiers can be registration ID or any other identity. |
| EntityName | String | [Mandatory attribute] The entity match- ing process is based primarily on the name supplied for the entity. An entity name or original script name must be submitted to the screening process for screening to proceed. |
| NameType | String | This is an optional field used in the review process only. Multiple names may exist for the same person. The Name Type, therefore, denotes if the name is the primary name of the listed party, or an additional name (such as an Alias, or Alternate Spelling). If two private list records were derived from a single source with multiple names (such as Mrs. Louise Wilson née Hammond being split into two records, Louise Wilson and Lou- ise Hammond) you may wish to denote one as the primary name and one as a maiden or alias name. |
| NameQuality | String | This field may be assigned a value of Low, Medium, or High to indicate the quality of the individual name. High is used for Primary names and specified good or high-quality aliases. |
| PrimaryName | String | For alias records, this field indicates the main name for that record. |

| Field Name | Expected Data Format | Notes |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| OriginalScriptName | String | [Mandatory attribute] The individual matching process is based primarily on the name supplied for the individual. Either a full name, a pair of given and family names, or an original script name must be submitted to the screening pro- cess for screening to proceed. If you populate the Original Script Name, then you will also need to enable two facets of Match processor configuration that are disabled by default. The Original Script Name Cluster and some or all the Match Rules that include Original script name in their name. To adapt the Match Proces- sor configuration, you will need to open the Transaction screening project within the Director user interface and make the changes to every process used during the Transaction Filtering installation. |
| AliaslsAcronym | String | If this field is set to Y , this flags an alias as an acronym as opposed to a full entity name. Leaving the field blank or setting it to any other value does not affect screening (that is, an alias is a full entity name). This flag is used during matching. |
| VesselIndicator | String | This field must be set to Y if the entity is a vessel (a ship). It must be left empty or set to N if the entity is not a vessel. |
| Vessellnfo | String | If the entity is a vessel, you can populate this field with information about it: for example, its call sign, type, tonnage, owner, flag, and so on. |
| Address1 | String | |
| Address2 | String | These are optional fields that may be |
| Address3 | String | used in the review process. |
| Address4 | String | |
| City | String | [Recommended attribute] City data is |
| State | String | used to strengthen potential match |
| Postal Code | String | |
| AddressCountryCode | String; ISO 2-character country code. | [Recommended attribute] Address country data is used to strengthen potential match information. |
| ResidencyCountryCode | String; ISO 2-character country code. | [Recommended attribute] The entity's registration country can be used in optional country prohibition screening. |

Table 52: Entity Private Watch List Input Attributes

| Field Name | Expected Data Format | Notes |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| OperatingCountryCodes | String; ISO 2-character country code. | [Recommended attribute] Any of the entity's operating countries can be used in optional country prohibition screen- ing. |
| ProfileHyperlink | String; a hyperlink to an Internet or intranet resource for the record. | This field may contain a hyperlink to an Internet or intranet resource that can provide reviewers with additional infor- mation about the individual. |
| RiskScore | Number, between 0 and 100 | This field is included where the risk score for a customer is calculated externally. |
| RiskScorePEP | Number, between 0 and 100 | A number indicating the relative 'riski- ness' of the individual, considered as a PEP. The risk score is expressed as an integer between 1 and 100, with higher numbers indicating a higher risk. |
| AddedDate | String, representing a date, in the format 'YYYYMMDD' | |
| LastUpdatedDate | String, representing a date, in the format 'YYYYMMDD' | These are optional fields for use in the review process. |
| DataConfidenceScore | Number, between 0 and 100 | |
| DataConfidenceComment | String | |
| InactiveFlag | String | If populated, this optional field must contain either Y or N . |
| InactiveSinceDate | String, representing a date, in the format 'YYYYMMDD' | If populated, this optional field must contain either the current date or a date in the past. |
| PEPclassification | String | This field can be used to indicate the type of PEP (for example, whether the individual is part of an international organization or government, and at what level). It can be used to filter watch list records and is primarily used by the World-Check watch list, but could be used by a private watch list if required. |
| customString1 to customString40 | String | Fifty custom fields are provided in the private list data interface for individuals. Forty of these are intended to hold string |
| customDate1 to customDate5 | String, representing a date, in the format 'YYYYMMDD' | data, five hold dates, and five numeric data. The interface file is a comma-separated |
| customNumber1 to customNumber5 | Number | value $(. CSV)$ file, and so all fields intrin- sically contain strings. However, during the processing of Private watch lists, the custom date and number fields are checked to ensure that they include appropriate data, and warning messages are provided as output if they do not. |

14 Appendix B: System Audit Logging Information

This appendix contains information on the logs related to the Debug and Info log files.

14.1 Activities for System Audit

The following table contains information related to the system audit activities:

| Activity Identifier | Activity Name | Activity Sequence |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| 1 | Raw Message Processing | 1 |
| 2 | Message Parser Processing | 2 |
| 3 | watch list Processing | 3 |
| 4 | Alert Manager Processing | 4 |
| 5 | Hold | 5 |
| 6 | Assigned | 6 |
| 7 | Escalated | 7 |
| 8 | Recommend to Block | 8 |
| 9 | Block | 9 |
| 10 | Recommend to Release | 10 |
| 11 | Release | 11 |
| 12 | Reject | 12 |

Table 53: Activities for System Audit

14.2 Steps for System Audit Activities

The following table contains information related to the steps for the system audit activities:

Table 54: Steps for System Audit Activities

| Step Identifier | Activity Name | Step Name | Step Sequence | Status |
|-----------------|---------------------------|---|---------------|--------|
| 1 | Raw Message Processing | Record the receipt of the raw message | 1 | Υ |
| 2 | Raw Message Processing | Raw Message persisted into structure table | 2 | Ν |
| 3 | Message Parser Processing | Raw Message parsed | 1 | Ν |
| 4 | Message Parser Processing | Parsed Raw Message persisted into structure table | 2 | Ν |
| 5 | watch list Processing | Matching data prepared | 1 | Ν |
| 6 | watch list Processing | Matching Engine Invoked | 2 | Y |
| 7 | watch list Processing | Scoring Engine Invoked | 3 | Y |
| 8 | watch list Processing | Scoring performed | 4 | Y |

| Step Identifier | Activity Name | Step Name | Step Sequence | Status |
|-----------------|--------------------------|---|---------------|--------|
| 9 | watch list Processing | Response Received | 5 | Υ |
| 10 | watch list Processing | Response persisted | 6 | Ν |
| 11 | Alert Manager Processing | Transaction Hold | 1 | Ν |
| 12 | Alert Manager Processing | Alert Persisted | 2 | Ν |
| 13 | Hold | Hold Transaction Workflow Invoked | 1 | Y |
| 14 | Hold | Hold Transaction Workflow com- pleted | 2 | Y |
| 15 | Assigned | Assigned Transaction Workflow Invoked | 1 | Y |
| 16 | Assigned | Assigned Transaction Workflow completed | 2 | Y |
| 17 | Escalate | Escalated Transaction Workflow Invoked | 1 | Y |
| 18 | Escalate | Escalated Transaction Workflow completed | 2 | Y |
| 19 | Recommend to Block | NA | NA | NA |
| 20 | Block | Blocked Transaction Workflow Invoked | 1 | Y |
| 21 | Block | Blocked Transaction Workflow completed | 2 | Y |
| 22 | Recommend to Release | | | |
| 23 | Release | Released Transaction Workflow Invoked | 1 | Y |
| 24 | Release | Released Transaction Workflow completed | 2 | Y |
| 25 | Reject | NA | NA | NA |

Table 54: Steps for System Audit Activities

15 Appendix C: Process Modeller Framework (PMF) Configurability

This appendix contains information on the steps required to configure the ready-to-use Process Modeller Framework (PMF) workflow. On the **Process Modeller** page, click the transaction that you want to configure and follow the steps in the following sequence. For information on how to access the **Process Modeller** page, see the **Process Modeller Menu**.

15.1 Configuring the Human Task in the PMF Page

To configure all human tasks on the **PMF** page, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the **Process Flow** subtab in the **Process Modeller** tab. The **PMF** page is displayed.
- 2. Drag and drop **Human Task** on to the PMF page. For information on all components available, see the **Components for Designing Your Process Flow** chapter in the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Process Modelling Framework (PMF) Orchestration Guide.
- 3. Double-click Human Task 📩.
- 4. In the Activity dialog, provide the following information:
 - A unique activity name in the **Activity Name** field. After you provide a name, it appears after the icon on the **PMF** page.
 - The activity description in the **Activity Description** field.
 - The current status of the transaction in the **Status** field.
 - The next status of the transaction in the **Outcomes** field.
- 5. Click **Transitions** \cong and then click **Add**.
 - In the **Add New Transition** dialog, provide the following information:
 - A unique transition name in the **Transition Name** field.
 - The destination status of the transaction in the **Connected To** field.
 - The execution or decision rule for a status in the **Decision Rule** field. Here you need to map the specific rule to the current status or create the rule according to the business requirement.
 - The order of the transaction in the **Order** field.

You can also configure the fields in the **Action and Notifications** subtabs. For more information, see the **Action Tab for Creating Tasks/Notification** section in Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Process Modelling Framework (PMF) Orchestration Guide.

15.1.1 Mapping the Transaction Statuses and Transaction Outcomes

After you provide the new transaction status and outcome in step 4, you need to map the values in the required tables to update the value on the **PMF** page.

To update the status on the **PMF** page, populate the following status in the Config schema:

1. Run select * from AAI_WF_STATUS_B t where t.v_app_package_id = 'OFS_SAC' and select * from AAI_WF_STATUS_TL where t.v_app_package_id = 'OFS_SAC' queries.

- 2. In the AAI_WF_STATUS_B table, populate a unique entry in the v_status_id column for each new status and map the same entry in the AAI_WF_STATUS_TL table for a column. For example, populate the entry OFS_SAC in the v_app_package_id column.
- 3. When you map the new status, it appears on the PMF page.
 - Ensure that data is provided in all required columns in the AAI_WF_STATUS_TL table.
 - When doing the mapping in any other configuration tables, ensure that you provide the same status that is mentioned in the v_status_name column in the AAI_WF_STATUS_TL table.

To update the outcome on the PMF page, populate the following status in the Config schema:

- 1. Run the select * from AAI_WF_OUTCOME_B t and where t.v_app_package_id = 'OFS_SAC' queries.
- 2. In the AAI_WF_OUTCOME_B table, populate a unique outcome ID in the v_outcome_id column for each new status and map the same entry in the AAI WF OUTCOME TL table.
 - Ensure that data is provided in all required columns in the AAI_WF_OUTCOME_TL table.
 - When doing the mapping in any other configuration tables, ensure that you provide the same status that is mentioned in the AAI_WF_OUTCOME_TL table.
 - After you complete the above steps, refresh the application and web servers.

15.2 Adding Data Fields for the PMF Status

To add a new data field for each new status, for example, TF_BLOCKED_NEW, click the **Data Fields** subtab in the **Process Modeller** page and click **Add**. For information on the fields, see the **Data Fields** section in the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Process Modelling Framework (PMF) Orchestration Guide.

NOTE If the data field name contains more than one word, give an underscore (_) between each word. The name will not be valid if you provide a space between each word.

You can also edit an existing data field, follow these steps:

- 1. Select the radio button of the data field that you want to edit.
- 2. Click Edit.

15.3 Adding Application Rules for the PMF Status

To add a new application rule for each new status, for example, RB_TO_Block_New, click the **Application Rule** subtab in the **Process Modeller** page and click **Add**. For information on the fields, see the **Application Rules** section in the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Process Modelling Framework (PMF) Orchestration Guide.

15.3.1 Mapping Rule Types to Application Rules

If you select a new rule type for the application rule, you must then map it to the rule.

To map a rule, run the select * from aai_aom_app_comp_attr_mapping query.

If a static rule is present with n_static_grp_id = 501, then run the select * from AAI_AOM_STATIC query.

15.3.2 Mapping User Groups to Application Rules

If you have also mapped a new user group to the rule, then you need to map the entry in the DOMAIN_JUR_GRP_MAP table. After you map the user group to the rule, run the select * from DOMAIN_JUR_GRP_MAP query to update the DOMAIN_JUR_GRP_MAP table.

The steps required to create a new user group are available in Creating New User Groups. For more information, see the **User Administrator** section in the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide.

15.4 Configurations Required for the Audit Tables

Before you update the tables, you must first provide a unique value in the <code>n_activity_id</code> column in the <code>SETUP_RT_AUD_ACTIVITY</code> table and then provide the same value in the <code>n_activity_id</code> column in the <code>SETUP_RT_AUD_STEPS</code> table.

After this is done, run the select * from SETUP_RT_AUD_ACTIVITY query to update the SETUP_RT_AUD_ACTIVITY table and run the select * from SETUP_RT_AUD_STEPS query to update the SETUP_RT_AUD_STEPS table.

After the tables are updated, provide two entries, 1 and 2, in the <code>n_step_sequence</code> column in the SETUP RT AUD STEPS table.

| ľ | NOTE | The value provided in the <code>v_status_name</code> column in the <code>AAI_WF_STA-TUS_TL</code> table must be a combination of one of the following values: | |
|---|------|---|--|
| | | • The value provided in v_sanction_status_name in dim_sanc- tions_status table and the name of the transaction workflow invoked for entry 1. | |
| | | • The value provided in v_sanction_status_name in dim_sanc- tions_status table and the name of the transaction workflow completed for entry 2. | |

15.5 Configurations Required for the setup_rt_params Table

To configure the table in the ATOMIC schema, follow these steps:

- 2. Provide the status codes according to the v_attribute_name1 value in the v_attribute_value1 column where v_attribute_name1 = 'TF_FUNCTION_AND_STA-TUS CODES'.
- 3. Provide all status codes in the v_attribute_value1 column against each function code in the v_attribute_name1 column. This displays the dynamic status filter.
- 4. Provide the code for each status to be displayed to the user for that function code in the v_at-tribute_value1 column.
- 5. Provide the code for each status to be displayed to the user in the *Transaction Summary* window in the v attribute value2 column.
- 6. Provide the code for each action that must be displayed to the user for that transaction in the v_attribute_value3 column.
- 7. To create an order for the transactions, follow these steps:

- **Provide** TF USERWORKFLOWCLAUSE in the v param name column.
- Provide TF_ORDERBY_PRECEDENCE in the v_attribute_name1 column.
- **Provide** TF ORDERBY FUNCCODE in the v attribute name2 column.
- Provide the function code for which you want to do the order in the v_attribute_value2 column. For example, use TFLTANYSE for the analyst user.
- **Provide** TF ORDERBY CLAUSES in the v attribute name3 column.
- Provide the order by query in the v_attribute_value3 column. For a sample value, see the value for the TFLTANYSE function code.
- 8. Update the fields in the feedback response JSON for blocked and released payments in the v_attribute_value1 column in the FEEDBACK_RESPNSE_CONFIGURATION row and restart the WebLogic server.
- 9. Update the v_attribute_value1 column as Y where v_param_name = ' ECM_SANC-TIONS PP', if ECM pack is installed in the same server where Sanctions also installed.

15.6 TIME_ZONE Configurations Required for the dim_sanctions_status Table

To configure the table in the ATOMIC schema, follow these steps:

- 1. Create a unique value for the new PMF status in the n_sanction_status_code column. This value must be the same in the AAI_WF_STATUS_B and AAI_WF_STATUS_TL columns. For more information, see Configurations Required for the Audit Tables.<XREF>
- 2. Provide the activity name as mentioned in step 4 of the Configuring the Human Task in the PMF Page <XREF>section in the v remarks column.
- 3. Provide a unique data field value in the v_applicable_params column where n_sanction_staus_key = 101 (ApplicationParams) and n_sanction_staus_key = 202 (PMF-Params).
- 4. To update the image path for the alert status, update the <code>v_sanction_status_img_path</code> value.
- 5. To update the image path for the list of actions, update the <code>v_sanction_dropdown_img_path</code> value.
- 6. To configure the action status:
 - Provide the value StatusActon if a status action must be fired.
 - Provide the value PendingTrxnsCount if the count of pending transactions is required for a particular action.
 - Provide the value PendingTrxnsSuspiciousCountAndStatusActon if the count of pending transactions and count of pending suspicious transactions are both required.
- 7. In the ${\tt v_data_field}$ column, give the same data field created in the PMF page data field section.
- 8. Update the v_owner_update column in the fsi_rt_alerts table if the owner must be updated.

9. Provide the audit message in the <code>v_audit_msg</code> column. This value must be the same as the value provided in the <code>v_sanction_status_name</code> column. For more information, see Configurations Required for the Audit Tables.

NOTE

For a new status, the v_applicable_params column must be left blank.

15.7 Creating New User Groups

To add a new user group, follow these steps:

- 1. Create a function.
- 2. Create a role.
- 3. Map the function to the role.
- 4. Create a user.
- 5. Map the user to a user group and a role.
- 6. Map the user to a user group and a domain.
- 7. Map the user to a user group.

15.8 Other Configurations

The user group is now created. After it is created, follow these steps:

- 1. Map the group in the domain jur grp map table.
- 2. Login to the Config schema.
- 3. Run the select * from cssms_folder_function_map query.
- 4. Add the new function to the Transaction Filter folder (TransactionFiltering TFLTADMIN).
- 5. Run the select t.v_access_code,t.v_menu_id from aai_menu_b t where t.v_menu_id in('OFS_TFLTSCRN','OFS_TFLT') query.
- 6. Add the new function in the ${\tt v}$ access code column.
- 7. To map the new function, add an entry in the v_access_code column in the aai_menu_b table by running a query with the entry mentioned in the following format: select * from aai_menu_b t where t.v_menu_id like '%OFS_TFLT%'; query.
- 8. To map the function to a folder, run a query with the function mentioned in the following format: select * from cssms_folder_function_map p where p.v_function_code like '%TF%'; query.

16 Appendix D: PMF Configurations for Pool of Analyst

To configure the PMF Pool of Analyst configuration to set the new statuses, follow these steps:

- 1. Perform the following queries and introduce new status in the following tables.
 - Select * from AAI_WF_STATUS_B t where t.v_app_package_id = 'OFS_SAC';
 - Select * from AAI_WF_STATUS_TL t where t.v_app_package_id = 'OFS_SAC';
 - Create unique v_status_id in AAI_WF_STATUS_B table and map the same in the AAI_W-F_STATUS_TL table and fill all the other columns data. This data will show in the PMF screen while mapping new status.

Figure 144: Example 1

| <pre>select t.* from aai_wf_status_b t where t.v_app_package_id = 'OFS_SAC' and t.v_status_id = 250;</pre> |
|---|
| Select aai_wf_status_b Select aai_wf_status_t |
| ∰ ▼ 🔒 🗁 💭 🖋 폭 💇 C # 💉 💽 ▽ 🔺 🥞 딙 🔐 📲 ▼ |
| Row 1 Fields Comments V_STATUS_ID 250 ** V_APP_PACKAGE_ID OFS_SAC ** |
| <pre>select t.* from aai_wf_status_tl t where t.v_app_package_id = 'OFS_SAC' and t.v_status_id = 250;</pre> |
| ∰ ▼ 🔒 🗀 💭 ✔ 폭 포 ሮ # ♦ 🐘 ▽ △ 40 11 20 11 ▼ 🗮 ▼ |
| V_STATUS_ID V_STATUS_NAME V_STATUS_DESC V_LOCALE_CODE V_APP_PACKAGE_ID |
| ▶ 1 250 ^{····} Pending Block Recommended ^{····} Pending Block Recommended ^{····} en_US ^{····} OFS_SAC ^{····} |

- 2. Perform the following query and introduce new Outcome in both the following tables.
 - Select * from AAI WF OUTCOME B ;
 - Select * from AAI WF OUTCOME TL;
 - Create unique outcome ID in AAI_WF_OUTCOME_B table and map the same in AAI_WF_OUT-COME_TL table and provide other columns data.

Figure 145: Example 2

| SQL O | utput Statistics |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| select | t.* from AAI_WF_OUTCOME_B t where t.v_outcome_id = 250; |
| | |
| • | |
| V_O▶ 1 250 | UTCOME_ID |
| select t | .* from AAI_WF_OUTCOME_TL t where t.v_outcome_id = 250; |
| | ▼ ▼ ▼ € & < = ~ △ = • • ▼ ▼ • • |
| V_OU | TCOME_IDV_OUTCOME_NAMEV_OUTCOME_DESCV_LOCALE_CODE |
| 1 250 | ··· Pending Block Recommended ··· Pending Block Recommended ··· en_US ··· |

3. Perform the following query and add a new entry for the new status to come up in the TF_AC-TION drop-down list while adding new Application rule. Select * from AAI_AOM_STATIC t where t.n_static_grp_id=501;

Figure 146: Example 3



4. Create Human task in PMF screen that you want to introduce in-between existing status or you want to introduce new status or create separate status.

Activity

Activity Name*

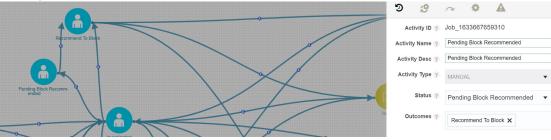
Activity Description

Status* - New Status Name.

Outcomes - Where has to go (Destination Status).

Example: If we have to introduce a new status between Investigation and Recommend to Block as Pending Recommend to Block, first add the new activity as shown in the following Figures (Pending Block Recommended).

Figure 147: Activity Statuses



Transitions

Add ->

Transition Name - Unique Name for the particular Transition.

Connected To – Destination status.

Decision Rule - Map to decision rule for particular status.

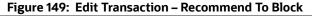
Order - 1

Stroke – Default.

Example: First Transition between **Investigation** and **Pending Block Recommended** the next one between **Pending Block Recommended** and **Recommend to Block**.

| | Edit Transition | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| | Eur hanshon | | |
| | Transition Name 🥐 | Move to Pending Recommend to Block | |
| Recommend To Block | Connected To 💡 | Pending Block Recommended | |
| | Decision Rule 🥐 | PNDNG_R_to_Block_Outcome | 1 |
| | Order ? | 1 | |
| Pending Block Recomm- ended | Stroke 🥐 | Default | |
| | | | |
| | | Ok | |

Figure 148: Edit Transaction – Pending Block Recommended



| | Edit Transition | | × |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|----|
| | Transition Name ? | Move to Recommend to Block | |
| Recommend To B | Connected To 🥐 | Recommend To Block | v. |
| | Decision Rule ? | PNDNG_to_R_to_Block_Outcome | ٩ |
| | Order ? | 1 | |
| Pending Block Recomm- ended | Stroke ? | Default | • |
| | | Ok | l |

In Transition Decision Rule Map the specified rule for the current status. Or create as per business requirement.

Example: For the decision rules, add the following 2 decision rules.

| | | | | | | | ? |
|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------|-------|---------------|---|
| Process Flow | Definition | Rule Details | | | × | | 9 |
| 🛃 Add 🔻 📑 | j Edit 💥 Dek | Name ? | PNDNG_R_to_Block_Outcome | | | 1 | |
| Select | | RuleType ? | DecisionRule | v | | entation Type | |
| 0 | Default | ExecutionType ? | Attribute Expression | | | | |
| | Outcome Appro | | Parina a prosini | | | | |
| | Outcome Reject | Attribute ? | TF_AUTORELEASE_FLAG | v | 🛃 Add | | |
| | Outcome Subr | Attribute Values | | | | | |
| | Escalate_To_C | | | | | | |
| | Escalate_To_F | | Name | Value | | | |
| | | X TF_CURRENCY | | USD X | | | |
| 0 | Sup_Access_A | TF_ENABLE_FOUR_EYES_FLAG | | TF_FOU × | 1 | | |
| | Analyst_Acces: | ZP_POOL_ANALYST_FL | | Y X | 1 | | |
| | Hold_Outcome | X TF_ACTION | | TF PND × | | | |
| | Assigned_Outc | X TF_FUNCCODE | | TFLTAN X | | | |
| | Escalate_Outco | | | | 5 | | |
| | Release_Outco | X TF_ASSIGNEE_USER | | TF_LOG × | | | |
| | | X TF_AUTORELEASE_FLAG | | N X | | | |
| | Block_Outcome | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Figure 150: Rule Details – Decision Rule 1

Figure 151: Rule Details – Decision Rule 2

| Select | | Name ? | PNDNG_to_R_to_Block_Outcome | | | Intation Type |
|--------|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|-------|---------------|
| | Default | RuleType ? | DecisionRule | | | |
| | Outcome Appro | | | | | |
| | Outcome Rejec | Execution Type ? | Attribute Expression | Ψ. | | |
| | Outcome Subr | Attribute ? | ZP_LOGGED_USER_ACTED | • | 🛃 Add | |
| | Escalate_To_C | Attribute Values | | | | |
| | Escalate_To_F | | | | | |
| | Sup_Access_A | | Name | Value | | |
| | Analyst_Acces: | X TF_CURRENCY | | USD X | | |
| | | X TF_ENABLE_FOUR_EYES_FLAG | | TF_FOU × | 1 | |
| | Hold_Outcome | ZP_POOL_ANALYST_FL | | Y X | ľ | |
| | Assigned_Outc | X TF_ACTION | | | | |
| | Escalate_Outco | A IP_ACTION | | TF_REC × | | |
| | Release_Outco | X TF_FUNCCODE | | TFLTAN 🗙 | | |
| | | X TF_ASSIGNEE_USER | | TF_LOG × | 1 | |
| | Block_Outcom | X TF_AUTORELEASE_FLAG | | N X | | - |
| | | ZP_LOGGED_USER_ACTED | | N × | Ĭ | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | Ок | | | |

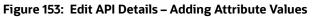
Edit the existing decision rule, by adding the <code>ZP_POOL_ANALYST_FL</code>.



The attribute ${\tt ZP_LOGGED_USER_ACTED}$ value is Y then the user has acted first on the POA status.

| Process Flow | Definition | Edit API Details | | | | | × | ? |
|--------------|----------------|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------|---------|---------------|---|
| 🛃 Add 👻 📑 | Edit 💥 Dele | | Name ? | R_to_Block_Outcome | | | | |
| Select | | | RuleType ? | DecisionRule | | T | entation Type | |
| | Hold_Outcome | | ExecutionType ? | | | | | |
| | Assigned_Outc | | Excoulontype | Attribute Expression | | ¥ | | |
| | Escalate_Outco | | Attribute ? | | | 🔻 🛃 Add | | |
| | Release_Outco | _ | | | | | | |
| | Block_Outcome | Attribute Valu | lês | | | | | |
| | R_to_Release_ | | | Name | | Value | | |
| ۲ | R_to_Block_Ou | × | TF_ENABLE_FOUR_EYES_FLAG | | TF_FOU × | | | |
| | RB_TO_RELEA | × | TF_AUTORELEASE_FLAG | | N × | | | |
| | Reject_Outcom | × | ZP_POOL_ANALYST_FL | | N X | | | |
| | RB_TO_Block | × | TF_CURRENCY | | USD X | | | |
| | RB_TO_REJE | × | TF_ACTION | | TF_REC × | | | |
| | Escalate_Outco | × | TF_FUNCCODE | | TFLTAN 🗙 | | | |
| | Block_Outcome | × | TF_ASSIGNEE_USER | | TF_LOG X | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Save | | | | |

Figure 152: Edit API Details



| lect | Rule Name | | | Rule T | Гуре | Implementation Type | |
|------|------------------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------------------|------|----------------------|----|
| | Block_Outcome | | D | ecisionRule | | Outcome | |
| | R_to_Block_Outcome | | D | ecisionRule | | Attribute Expression | |
| | R_to_Release_Outcome | Edit API D | etails | | | | |
| | Block_Outcome_Rule | | | | | | |
| | Release_Outcome_Rule | Attribute | | | | | |
| | Escalate_Outcome_Rule | | Nam | | ew | | |
| | RTB_and_RTRto_Block_Release_Reject | | RuleTyp | e ? DecisionRule | | | 27 |
| | Escalate_toBlock_Release | | ExecutionTyp | e ? Attribute Express | ion | | |
| | Sup_Access_Attr_Rule | | | | | | |
| | Analyst_Access_Attr_Rule | | Attribut | te ? | | | |
| | Reject_Outcome_Rule | | | | Add | | |
| | RB_TO_Block | | | | | | |
| | RB_TO_RELEASE | Attribute | e Values | | | | |
| | RB_TO_REJECT | | | Name | | Value | |
| | Escalate_to_Reject | × | TF_ACTION | Name | | | |
| | | | | | | TF BLOCKED NEW × | |
| | RB_TO_Block_New | ~ | TE EUNCCODE | | | | |
| | RB_TO_Block_New Outcome Reject | × | TF_FUNCCODE | | | TFLTSUPRVE × | |

- 5. Access for the new status (example: Pending Review (96)) should be given to **TFLTANYSE** in order to take/update action on events.
- 6. Follow these steps:
 - i. select * from setup_rt_params where V_PARAM_NAME = 'TF_FUNC-TION_AND_STATUS_CODES' and V_ATTRIBUTE_NAME1 = 'TFLTANYSE';
 - ii. Append **V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE3** with the newly added Pending review Status.

iii. Example: 2,96

| NOTE | • To get the V_ATTRIBUTE_VALUE3; refer the dim_sanctions_status table. |
|------|--|
| | • This is the Customized example for Pending Review (96) to be added manually. |

16.1 Mapping the dim_sanctions_status Table:

Create a new entry for newly created status and provide the unique <code>n_sanction_status_code</code>. The new <code>n_sanction_status_code</code> must be the same as <code>AAI_WF_STATUS_B</code> and <code>AAI_WF_STATUS_TL</code> that you have created while configuring PMF screen.

| Figure 154: dir | n_Sanctions_state | us Table | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|
| 🛢 🛅 • 📾 • 🔒 🖷 • 🕤 🤣 🖊 | 🍳 + 🕨 🍵 🔌 👫 ∓ dox_ato | mic@(DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS_LIST= | (ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)(HOST=whf00bbm.in.ora | acle.com)(PORT=1521)))(CO 📧 🗕 🗗 🗙 | |
| File Project Edit Session Tools (| Configure View Help Plug-Ins | | | 00 | a |
| Objects □ ♣ × | 🎜 select t.* from dim_sancti 🗙 | | × | PL/SQL Clipboard \$ | × |
| Okiasta Tilaa | SQL Output Statistics | | | - | |
| a | select t.* from dim sanction: | e etatue t where t n eanct | ion status key = 250. | | |
| <current user=""></current> | Select C. Hom dim_Sanceion. | | | | |
| All objects ~ | | | | | |
| Enter filter text " | | | 🔮 💵 🛪 🧮 🗸 | | |
| A Recret bijkets Recret bijkets Recret bijkets Functions Produges Padage bodies Padage bodies Type bodies Type bodies May sources Awa sources Mindow List Templates SQL Window - select t.* from dim.s | N SANCTION STATUS KEY N.SANCTION STATUS CODE V.SANCTION STATUS NAME V.SANCTION STATUS NAME D.START DATE D.START DATE D.END DATE D.END DATE V.REMARKS D.LAST UPDATED DATE V.SANCTION DROPODWIN IMG PATH V.SANCTION DROPODWIN IMG PATH V.SANCTION DROPODWIN IMG PATH V.SANCTION CATON | Panding Block Recommended 10/19/2016 12/31/1999 Y Pending Block Recommended 10/19/2016 css/images/alerts.pb.png css/images/alerts.pb.png csc/IOB> CLOB> Pending TrmsCountAndStatusActon TF_PNDNG, RECBLOCK | Comments | <pre>Enter filter test Enter filter test select t.*,t.rowid AAI_AGM_STATIC select t.v_applicable_params from dim man where t.n_manction_statum_key in 1001/20: and t.v_app_spi_id in (1633667339406,151)</pre> | > |
| | V_STATUS_TYPE V_SANC_ACTION_NAME | alert | w w w w w w w w w w w w w w w w w w w | select t.* from AAI_AOM_STATIC t where t select t.*,t.rowid from AAI_AOM_STATIC t | ~ |
| Find | | | | tr > | × |
| × 4 | 🔥 🤝 📥 🥌 💉 🛄 📩 ABC 🔤: | 'AB' | | | |

16.2 Adding Data Fields to the JSON Object

To add a new data field to the JSON object in the following clob columns, follow these steps:

Select t.v_applicable_params from dim_sanctions_status t where t.n_sanction_status_key in (101,202);

| Figure 155: Applicable Params | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | <pre>select t.v_applicable_params from dim_sanctions_status t</pre> | | | | | | | |
| where t.n_sanction_stat | tus_key in (101,202); | | | | | | | |
| | Large Data Editor - dim_sanctions_status.v_applicable_para | | | | | | | |
| ∰ - 🔒 🗁 💭 ✔ ₹ | 🖾 🛃 🖶 🔏 🖻 🛍 💉 🖻 🖅 | | | | | | | |
| V_APPLICABLE_PARAMS | Text RTF HTML Hex External | | | | | | | |
| ▶ 1 <clob></clob> | 1 { | | | | | | | |
| 2 <clob></clob> | 2 "TF ACTION" : "Y", | | | | | | | |
| | 3 "TF ESCALATED" : "Y", | | | | | | | |
| | 4 "TF BLOCKED" : "Y", | | | | | | | |
| | 5 "TF_RELEASED" : "Y", | | | | | | | |
| | 6 "TF_RECBLOCK" : "Y", | | | | | | | |
| | 7 "TF_RECRELEASE" : "Y", | | | | | | | |
| | 8 "TF_REJECT" : "Y", | | | | | | | |
| | 9 "TF_FOUR_EYES" : "Y", | | | | | | | |
| | 10 "TF_REQ_RECRELEASE" : "Y", | | | | | | | |
| | 11 "TF_FALSE_POSITIVE" : "Y", | | | | | | | |
| | 12 "TF_CONFIRMED_MATCH" : "Y", | | | | | | | |
| | 13 "TF_PNDNG_RECBLOCK" : "Y" | | | | | | | |

Also provide all the following fields:

- v_sanction_status_img_path Image path for status of the alert image.
- v sanction dropdown img path Image path for action clicked list of action image.
- v applicable params keep it blank for new status column.
- v_status_action If only particular action has to be fired, then provide statusActon, if PendingTrxnsCount is required for the particular action, then provide PendingTrxnsCount, and if PendingTrxnsCount and PendingSuspiciousCount both is required, then provide PendingTrxnsSuspiciousCountAndStatusActon.
- v_data_field Provide the same data field as added in AAI_AOM_STATIC table.
- v_owner_update fsi_rt_alerts table v_owner column has to be updated or not.
- v_remarks column name should be the same as that you have given name in pmf screen Activity Name.
- Always provide v_owner_update true only when status is as like end mode (Ex: Blocked, Released) else provide as false.
- v_audit_msg Provide the Audit Message (Audit message should be same as v_sanction_staus_name value).

16.3 List of Attributes Passed to Workflow

The following table provides the list of Attributes passed to workflow:

Table 55: SWIFT Message Types

| Attributes | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| TF_ACTION | Action to be performed. |
| WF_DSNID | Infodom value. |
| WF_MESSAGE_TYPE | Message Type. |
| WF_MESSAGE_REFERENCE | Message Reference. |
| WF_USER_COMMENT | System hardcoded comment. |
| WF_APPLICATION_URL | Application url hardcoded logic. |
| TF_LOGIN_USER | Logged in user. |
| TF_FUNCCODE | Logged in user function code. |
| TF_ASSIGNEE_USER | Logged in user. |
| TF_ENABLE_FOUR_EYES FLAG | Y/N value based on the configuration. |
| TF_CURRENCY | Currency of the message. |
| WF_OUTCOME_ID | Outcome ld for the action. |
| TF_AUTORELEASE_FLAG | Y/N based on the configuration for the message. |
| TF_AMOUNT | Amount of the message. |
| TF_WATCHLIST_TYPE | Watchlist type of the event with maximum score of the message. |
| TF_WATCHLIST_SUB_TYPE | Watchlist sub type of the event with maximum score of the mes- sage. |
| TF_MESSAGE_TYPE | Message Type of the message. |
| TF_MSG_CATEGORY | Message Category of the message. |
| TF_MSG_PRIORITY | Message Priority of the message. |
| TF_JURISDICTION | Jurisdiction of the message. |
| TF_BUSINESS_DOMAIN | Business Domain of the message. |
| TF_ALERT_TYPE | Alert Type of the message (1 or 2). |
| ZP_POOL_ANALYST_FL | Y/N based on the configuration in setup_rt_params. |
| ZP_LOGGED_USER_ACTED | if the logged in user is the same person who performed the previ- ous action then ZP_LOGGED_USER_ACTED = Y else its N. |
| TF_GRP_MSG_ID | Group Message Id of the message. |

16.4 Attribute to Configure the Auto Refresh in Queue Management

The following table provides the list of Attribute to configure the Auto Refresh in Queue Management:

Table 56: Q_AUTO_REFRESH_TIME Attribute

| Attributes | Description |
|---------------------|---|
| Q_AUTO_REFRESH_TIME | Provide the time in mille second for the attribute in CS_APPLN_PARAMS_table. By default it's 25000 i.e $\overline{2}5$ seconds but the value is editable. |

17 Appendix E: Delta Watch List Configurations

These configurations are performed when you do not want to download the full watch list, and only want to download the delta watch list. This helps to reduce the download time and is not part of the screening process.

Oracle recommends that you always use the full watch list during the screening process. Due to the clustering strategy which is implemented in the screening process, you do not need to download the delta watch list. There are certain cases in which you are required to download the delta watch list files, for example, if the full watch list files are not yet available for download or if you want to save time.

Customers who download the delta watch list files must first download the full watch list files and then download the delta watch list files. The delta watch list is then merged into the full watch list before screening.

The following image shows the information flow for the delta watch list:

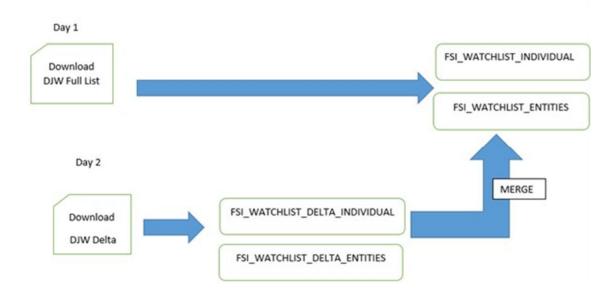


Figure 156: Flow for Delta Watch List

NOTE

When you download the full watch list, data is stored in the FSI_WATCHLIST_INDIVIDUAL and FSI_WATCHLIST_ENTITIES tables. When you download the delta watch list, data is first stored in the FSI_WATCHLIST_DELTA_INDIVIDUAL and FSI_WATCHLIST_DELTA_ENTITIES tables. Then, based on the value in the ACTION Flag tag in the delta watch list, it merges with the full watch list. The ACTION flag key is a non-editable value, and can be one of the following values:

- **new**: If the value is new, it means that these records are new and are added to the full watch list when the delta files are merged with the full watch list.
- **chg**: If the value is chg, it means that these records are modified and are added to the full watch list when the delta files are merged with the full watch list.

• **del**: If the value is del, it means that these records are no longer active and are removed from the full watch list when the delta files are merged with the full watch list.

| NOTE | You must always run the full watch list files before you run the delta watch list files. The full watch list files must be downloaded if, for example, the download of the delta watch list files has failed for multiple days. You can also run the full watch list once every week to ensure that the complete data has been processed. |
|------|---|
| | |

The following watchlist management jobs are used for the full list and the delta list:

- Analyze Reference Data Quality
- Download, Prepare, Filter, and Export All Lists
- Generate StopPhrases
- The following watchlist management job is used for the full list:
 - Load List data from Stg to Processed table
- The following Transaction Filtering job is used for the full list and the delta list:
 - Main

Before you run the delta watchlist files, ensure that you run the full watchlist files. You can run the delta watch list files if, for example, the delta downloads have failed for multiple days or the filter criteria are changed. You can also run the delta watch list once every week to ensure that the complete data has been processed.

17.1 Configurations for the Full and Delta Watch Lists

The following configurations must be done for both full and delta watch list updates in the watchlist-management.properties run profile. The run profile is available in the <domain_name>/edq/oedq.local.home/runprofiles/ directory when you log in to the WinSCP server.

- Set phase.Initialise\ staged\ data.enabled = N to disable the .jmp file updates.
- Set phase.Initialise \ staged \ data \ DB.enabled = Y to initialize the database.
- Set phase.Initilize \ Prepared \ List \ Data.enabled = N to disable the .jmp file updates.
- Set phase.Initilize \ Prepared \ List \ Data \ DB.enabled = Y to prepare the database.

17.1.1 Running the Full Watch list

To run the full watch list, follow these steps:

- 1. Set the following properties in the watchlist-management.properties file:
 - phase.DJW\ -\ Download.enabled = Y.
 - phase.DJW\ -\ Download\ Delta.enabled = N.
 - phase.DJW\ -\ Stage\ reference\ lists.enabled = Y.
 - phase.DJW\ -\ Sanction_List_Reference.enabled = Y
 - phase.DJW\ -\ Keywords_Preparation.enabled = Y

- phase.*.export.*.ind table name = FSI WATCHLIST INDIVIDUAL.
- phase.*.export.*.entities_table_name = FSI_WATCHLIST_ENTITIES.
- phase.Import1_Full_DB.enabled = Y
- phase.Import2_Full_DB.enabled = Y
- phase.Import3_Full_DB.enabled = Y
- 2. Set the following properties in the transaction-screening.properties file:
 - phase.DJW\ -\ Load\ without\ filtering.enabled = N
 - phase.DJW\ -\ Load\ without\ filtering\ DB.enabled = Y
 - phase.DJW\ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 1).enabled = N
 - phase.DJW\ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 1)\ DB.enabled = Y
 - phase.DJW\ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 2).enabled = Y
- 3. Set the following properties in the transaction-screening-batch.properties file:
 - phase.DJW\ -\ Load\ without\ filtering.enabled = N
 - phase.DJW\ -\ Load\ without\ filtering\ DB.enabled = Y
 - phase.DJW\ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 1).enabled = N
 - phase.DJW\ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 1)\ DB.enabled = Y
 - phase.DJW\ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 2).enabled = Y

17.1.2 Running the Delta Watch List

To run the delta watch list, set the following properties in the watchlist-management.properties file:

- phase.DJW\ -\ Download.enabled = N.
- phase.DJW\ -\ Download\ Delta.enabled = Y.
- phase.DJW\ -\ Stage\ reference\ lists.enabled = Y.
- phase.DJW\ -\ Sanction_List_Reference.enabled = Y
- phase.DJW\ -\ Keywords_Preparation.enabled = Y
- Set phase.*.export.*.ind table name = FSI WATCHLIST DELTA INDIVIDUAL.
- Set phase.*.export.*.entities_table_name = FSI_WATCHLIST_DELTA_ENTI-TIES.
- phase.Import1 Full DB.enabled = N
- phase.Import2 Full DB.enabled = N
- phase.Import3 Full DB.enabled = N
- phase.Import1 Delta DB.enabled = Y
- phase.Import2 Delta DB.enabled = Y
- phase.Import3 Delta DB.enabled = Y

17.1.3 Merging the Delta Watch List to the Full Watch List

To merge the delta watch list with the full watch list, set the following properties in the watchlist-management.properties file:

- phase.Delta \ Merge.enabled = Y.
- phase.Linked\ Profiles.enabled = Y.

17.2 Delta Watch List Configurations for the World-Check Watch List

NOTE These configurations are performed when you do not want to download the full watch list, and only want to download the delta watch list. This helps to reduce the download time and is not part of the screening process.

Transaction Filtering recommends that you always use the full watch list during the screening process. Due to the clustering strategy, which is implemented in the screening process, you must not download the delta watch list. There are certain cases in which you must download the delta watch list files, for example, if the full watch list files are not yet available for download or if you want to save time.

Customers who download the delta watch list files must first download the full watch list files and then download the delta watch list files. The delta watch list is then merged into the full watch list before screening.

The following image shows the information flow for the delta watch list:

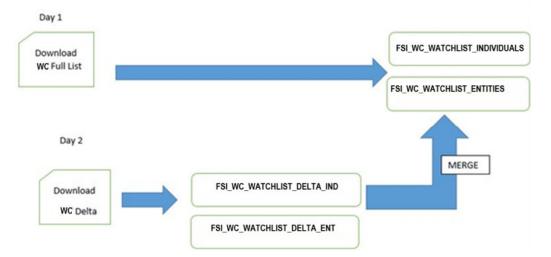


Figure 157: Flow for Delta Watch List

When you download the full watch list, data is stored in the FSI_WC_WATCHLIST_INDIVIDUALS and FSI_WC_WATCHLIST_ENTITIES tables. When you download the delta watch list, data is first stored in the FSI_WC_WATCHLIST_DELTA_IND and FSI_WC_WATCHLIST_DELTA_ENT tables. Then the data is merged into the main table. For more information, see Merging the Delta Watch List to the Full Watch List.

NOTE You must always run the full watch list files before you run the delta watch list files. The full watch list files must be downloaded if, for example, the download of the delta watch list files has failed for multiple days. You can also run the full watch list once every week to ensure that the complete data has been processed.

17.2.1 Configurations for the Full and Delta Watch Lists

The following configurations must be done for both full and delta watch list updates in the watchlist-management.properties run profile. The run profile is available in the <domain_name>/edq/oedq.local.home/runprofiles/ directory when you log in to the WinSCP server.

- Set phase.Initialise\ staged\ data.enabled = N to disable the .jmp file updates.
- Set phase.Initialise \ staged \ data \ DB.enabled = Y to initialize the database.
- Set phase.Initilize\ Prepared\ List\ Data.enabled = N to disable the .jmp file updates.
- Set phase.Initilize \ Prepared \ List \ Data \ DB.enabled = Y to prepare the database.
- Set phase.All\ List\ Entity\ and\ Individual\ reference\ data.enabled = N.
- Set phase.All\ List\ Entity\ and\ Individual\ reference\ data\ DB.enabled = Y.
- Set phase.DQ-Watchlist\ BIC\ Extraction\ JSON\ Preparation.enabled = N.
- Set phase.DQ-Watchlist\ BIC\ Extraction\ JSON\ Preparation\ DB.enabled = Y.

17.2.2 Running the Full Watch List

To run the full watch list, follow these steps:

- 1. Set the following properties in the watchlist-management TF.properties file:
 - phase.WC\ -\ Download.enabled = Y.
 - phase.WC\ -\ Download\ Delta.enabled = N.
 - phase.WC\ -\ Stage\ reference\ lists.enabled = Y.
 - phase.*.export.*.wc ind table name=FSI WC WATCHLIST INDIVIDUAL
 - phase.*.export.*.wc entities table name=FSI WC WATCHLIST ENTITIES
 - phase.Import1_Full_DB.enabled = Y
 - phase.Import2_Full_DB.enabled = Y
 - phase.Import3_Full_DB.enabled = Y

To run the full watch list without filtering, set the following properties:

- phase.WC\ -\ Prepare\ without\ filtering.enabled = N
- phase.WC\ -\ Prepare\ without\ filtering\ Full\ DB.enabled = Y

To run the full watch list with filtering, set the following properties:

- phase.WC\ -\ Prepare\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 1).enabled = N
- phase.WC\ -\ Prepare\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 2).enabled = N
- phase.WC\ -\ Prepare\ with\ filtering\ Full\ DB.enabled = Y

```
To run the full watch list without filtering, set the following properties:
```

- phase.WC\ -\ Load\ without\ filtering.enabled = N
- phase.WC\ -\ Load\ without\ filtering\ DB.enabled = Y
- To run the full watch list with filtering, set the following properties:
- phase.WC\ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 1).enabled = N
- phase.WC\ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 1)\ DB.enabled = Y
- phase.WC\ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 2).enabled = Y
- 2. Set the following properties in the transaction-screening.properties file:
 - phase.WC\ -\ Load\ without\ filtering.enabled = N
 - phase.WC\ -\ Load\ without\ filtering\ DB.enabled = Y
 - phase.WC\ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 1).enabled = N
 - phase.WC\ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 1)\ DB.enabled = Y
 - phase.WC\ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 2).enabled = Y
- 3. Set the following properties in the transaction-screening-batch.properties file:
 - phase.WC\ -\ Load\ without\ filtering.enabled = N
 - phase.WC \ -\ Load\ without\ filtering\ DB.enabled = Y
 - phase.WC \ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 1).enabled = N
 - phase.WC \ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 1)\ DB.enabled = Y
 - phase.WC \ -\ Load\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 2).enabled = Y

17.2.3 Running the Delta Watch List

To run the delta watch list, follow these steps:

- 1. Set the following properties in the watchlist-management TF.properties file:
 - phase.WC\ -\ Download.enabled = N.
 - phase.WC\ -\ Download\ Delta.enabled = Y.
 - phase.WC\ -\ Stage\ reference\ lists.enabled = Y.
 - phase.*.export.*.wc ind table name=FSI WC WATCHLIST DELTA IND
 - phase.*.export.*.wc entities table name=FSI WC WATCHLIST DELTA ENT
 - phase.Import1_Full_DB.enabled = N
 - phase.Import2_Full_DB.enabled = N
 - phase.Import3_Full_DB.enabled = N
 - phase.Import1 Delta DB.enabled = Y
 - phase.Import2_Delta_DB.enabled = Y
 - phase.Import3 Delta DB.enabled = Y
- 2. To run the delta watch list without filtering, set the following properties:
 - phase.WC\ -\ Prepare\ without\ filtering.enabled = N
 - set phase.WC\ -\ Prepare\ without\ filtering\ Delta\ DB.enabled = Y

To run the delta watch list with filtering, set the following properties:

- phase.WC\ -\ Prepare\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 1).enabled = N
- phase.WC\ -\ Prepare\ with\ filtering\ (Part\ 2).enabled = N
- phase.WC\ -\ Prepare\ with\ filtering\ Delta\ DB.enabled = Y

17.2.4 Merging the Delta Watch List to the Full Watch List

To merge the delta watch list with the full watch list, set the following properties in the watchlist-management.properties file:

- phase.WC\Delta\ Merge.enabled = Y.
- phase.WC\Linked\ Profiles.enabled = Y.

18 Appendix F: Message Categories and Message Types

A user of the Transaction Filtering application can use the following message categories:

- SWIFT Message Types
- ISO20022 Message Types
- Fedwire Message Types
- US NACHA Message Types

Each message category has different message types defined. The following tables list the message categories and associated message types.

18.1 SWIFT Message Types

For the SWIFT message category, the message types numbered 1 to 8 are the ready-to-use message types that you can use after you log in. The other message types must be imported manually using the SWIFT migration utility. For information on the steps, see Running the Migration Utility for SWIFT, Fedwire and ISO20022.

| 1 | MT101 | 2 | MT102 | 3 | MT103 | 4 | MT103STP |
|----|----------|----|-------|----|-------|----|----------|
| 5 | MT104 | 6 | MT105 | 7 | MT107 | 8 | MT110 |
| 9 | MT111 | 10 | MT112 | 11 | MT190 | 12 | MT191 |
| 13 | MT192 | 14 | MT195 | 15 | MT196 | 16 | MT198 |
| 17 | MT199 | 18 | MT200 | 19 | MT201 | 20 | MT202 |
| 21 | MT202COV | 22 | MT203 | 23 | MT204 | 24 | MT205 |
| 25 | MT205COV | 26 | MT210 | 27 | MT290 | 28 | MT291 |
| 29 | MT292 | 30 | MT295 | 31 | MT296 | 32 | MT298 |
| 33 | MT299 | 34 | MT300 | 35 | MT304 | 36 | MT305 |
| 37 | MT306 | 38 | MT320 | 39 | MT321 | 40 | MT350 |
| 41 | MT362 | 42 | MT395 | 43 | MT396 | 44 | MT399 |
| 45 | MT400 | 46 | MT410 | 47 | MT412 | 48 | MT416 |
| 49 | MT420 | 50 | MT430 | 51 | MT455 | 52 | MT456 |
| 53 | MT490 | 54 | MT491 | 55 | MT492 | 56 | MT495 |
| 57 | MT496 | 58 | MT498 | 59 | MT499 | 60 | MT515 |
| 61 | MT516 | 62 | MT526 | 63 | MT536 | 64 | MT537 |
| 65 | MT540 | 66 | MT541 | 67 | MT542 | 68 | MT543 |
| 69 | MT544 | 70 | MT545 | 71 | MT546 | 72 | MT547 |
| 73 | MT548 | 74 | MT564 | 75 | MT566 | 76 | MT568 |
| 77 | MT581 | 78 | MT590 | 79 | MT591 | 80 | MT592 |
| | | | | | | | |

Table 57: SWIFT Message Types

| 81 | MT595 | 82 | MT596 | 83 | MT599 | 84 | MT604 |
|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|
| 85 | MT605 | 86 | MT606 | 87 | MT607 | 88 | MT608 |
| 89 | MT671 | 90 | MT695 | 91 | MT696 | 92 | MT699 |
| 93 | MT700 | 94 | MT701 | 95 | MT705 | 96 | MT707 |
| 97 | MT708 | 98 | MT710 | 99 | MT711 | 100 | MT720 |
| 101 | MT721 | 102 | MT730 | 103 | MT732 | 104 | MT734 |
| 105 | MT740 | 106 | MT742 | 107 | MT747 | 108 | MT750 |
| 109 | MT752 | 110 | MT754 | 111 | MT756 | 112 | MT759 |
| 113 | MT760 | 114 | MT765 | 115 | MT767 | 116 | MT768 |
| 117 | MT769 | 118 | MT790 | 119 | MT791 | 120 | MT792 |
| 121 | MT795 | 122 | MT796 | 123 | MT798 | 124 | MT799 |
| 125 | MT801 | 126 | MT802 | 127 | MT824 | 128 | MT890 |
| 129 | MT895 | 130 | MT896 | 131 | MT899 | 132 | МТ900 |
| 133 | MT910 | 134 | MT940 | 135 | MT942 | 136 | MT950 |
| 137 | MT985 | 138 | MT986 | 139 | MT995 | 140 | MT996 |
| 141 | MT998 | 142 | MT999 | 143 | MT761 | 144 | MT775 |
| 145 | MT569 | 146 | MT558 | 147 | MT330 | 148 | MT567 |
| | | | | | | | |

Table 57: SWIFT Message Types

18.2 ISO20022 Message Types

For the ISO20022 message category, the following message types are the ready-to-use message types that you can use after you log in.

| Table 58: | : ISO20022 Message Type | s |
|-----------|-------------------------|---|
|-----------|-------------------------|---|

| 1 | Pain.001.001.08 | 2 | Pacs.008.001.07 | 3 | Pacs.003.001.02 | 4 | Pacs.008.001.02 |
|----|-----------------|----|-----------------|----|-----------------|----|-----------------|
| 5 | Pacs.008.001.08 | 6 | Pacs.010.001.03 | 7 | Pain.001.001.09 | 8 | Pacs.009.001.08 |
| 9 | Pacs.004.001.09 | 10 | Camt.050.001.05 | 11 | camt.026.001.09 | 12 | camt.027.001.09 |
| 13 | camt.028.001.11 | 14 | camt.029.001.11 | 15 | camt.031.001.06 | 16 | camt.032.001.04 |
| 17 | camt.033.001.06 | 18 | camt.038.001.04 | 19 | camt.052.001.08 | 20 | camt.052.001.10 |
| 21 | camt.053.001.08 | 22 | camt.053.001.10 | 23 | camt.054.001.08 | 24 | camt.054.001.09 |
| 25 | camt.054.001.10 | 26 | camt.056.001.10 | 27 | camt.060.001.05 | 28 | camt.060.001.06 |
| 29 | camt.087.001.08 | 30 | pacs.002.001.12 | 31 | pacs.003.001.10 | 32 | pacs.004.001.12 |
| 33 | pacs.008.001.11 | 34 | pacs.009.001.10 | 35 | pacs.010.001.05 | 36 | pacs.028.001.05 |

Table 58: ISO20022 Message Types

| 37 | pacs.002.001.13 | 38 | pacs.007.001.12 | 39 | camt.034.001.06 | 40 | camt.030.001.05 |
|----|-----------------|----|-----------------|----|-----------------|----|-----------------|
|----|-----------------|----|-----------------|----|-----------------|----|-----------------|

18.3 Fedwire Message Types

For the Fedwire message category, the following message types are the ready-to-use message types that you can use after you log in.

| 1 | FDCTR1000 | 2 | FDBTR1002 | 3 | FDCTR1002 | 4 | FDCTR1008 |
|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|
| 5 | FDCTR1600 | 6 | FDCTR1602 | 7 | FDBTR1600 | 8 | FDBTR1000 |
| 9 | FDBTR1008 | 10 | FDBTR1602 | 11 | FDCTP1000 | 12 | FDCTP1002 |
| 13 | FDCTP1008 | 14 | FDCTP1600 | 15 | FDCTP1602 | 16 | FDCKS1600 |
| 17 | FDCKS1602 | 18 | FDDEP1600 | 19 | FDDEP1602 | 20 | FDFFR1600 |
| 21 | FDFFR1602 | 22 | FDFFS1600 | 23 | FDFFS1602 | 24 | FDDRC1031 |
| 25 | FDDRW1032 | 26 | FDSVC1090 | 27 | FDDRB1631 | 28 | FDDRW1632 |
| 29 | FDSVC1690 | 30 | FDSVC1590 | 31 | FDBTR1500 | 32 | FDDRC1531 |
| 33 | FDDRW1532 | | | | | | |

Table 59: Fedwire Message Types

18.4 US NACHA Message Types

For the US NACHA message category, the following message types are the ready-to-use message types that you can use after you log in.

Table 60: US NACHA Message Types

| 1 | IAT | 2 | СТХ | 3 | BOC | 4 | RCK |
|---|-----|----|-----|----|-----|---|-----|
| 5 | POP | 6 | WEB | 7 | CCD | 8 | TEL |
| 9 | PPD | 10 | ARC | 11 | CIE | | |

19 Appendix G: Invoking the PMF Workflow from backend

This appendix describes invoking the Process Modeller Framework (PMF) workflow from the backend for the alert.

Table61 provides the PMF workflow invoking parameters.

Table 61: PMF Workflow Invoking Parameters

| Parameter Name | Parameter Description |
|--------------------|---|
| Object ID | This represents the unique object ID. For Sanctions, the object ID can be alert ID or Good Guy Whitelist ID. |
| Object Type | This represents the object type for the object ID. For Sanctions, the object type will be 301 for alert and 302 for Good Guy Whitelist. |
| Infodom | This represents the name of the infodom in which Sanctions are installed. |
| Segment | This represents the name of the segment. For Sanctions, it will be TFLSEGMENT . |
| User ID | This represents the User ID that is triggering the workflow. Pass the value as SYSTEM . |
| Locale | This represents the locale. Pass the value as en_US . |
| Application Params | This represents the list of workflow data fields with their respective value. |
| Security Params | This represents the list of workflow security data fields with their respec- tive value. |

To trigger the workflow for Sanctions Alerts, follow the below code snippet.

DECLARE

```
lv_infodom varchar2(4000);
lv_segment varchar2(4000);
TYPE alert_record_ids IS TABLE OF fsi_rt_alerts.n_grp_msg_id%TYPE;
l_alert_record_ids alert_record_ids;
appParams array_varchar := array_varchar();
secMap array_varchar := array_varchar();
```

BEGIN

```
appParams.extend();
appParams(1) := 'TF_ACTION=MANUAL_CLOSE';
appParams.extend();
appParams(2) := 'Role=SYSTEM';
select t.v_attribute_value1
```

```
into lv infodom
    from setup rt params t
   where t.v param name = 'TFLT INFODOM';
  select t.v_attribute_value1
    into lv_segment
    from setup rt params t
  where t.v param name = 'TFLT SEGMENT';
  select t.n_grp_msg_id bulk collect
    into 1 alert record ids
   from fsi rt alerts t
  where t.n status cd in (1,2);
  FOR recId IN 1 .. l_alert_record_ids.COUNT loop
    startWorkflowForExpireRecord(l alert record ids(recId),
                                 '301',
                                lv infodom,
                                 lv_segment,
                                 'SYSTEM',
                                 'en US',
                                appParams,
                                secMap);
  end loop;
EXCEPTION
  WHEN OTHERS THEN
    dbms output.put line(SQLCODE || SQLERRM);
```

ROLLBACK;

END;

20 Appendix H: JMS Cluster Environment Creation

JMS servers act as management containers for the queues and topics in JMS modules that are targeted to them. JMS cluster servers in a domain work together to provide a more scalable and reliable application platform than a single server. A cluster appears to its clients as a single server, but it is a group of servers acting as one.

20.1 JMS Server Creation

To create the JMS server and file store, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in to **Weblogic Console**.
- 2. From the **Domain Structure** select **Services**, click **JMS Servers** from **Messaging** drop-down, and click **New** in the **JMS Servers** table.

Figure 158: Weblogic Console Page

| Change Center | | Home Log Out Prefer | ences 🚵 Record Help | Q | | | | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITE |
|---|-----|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|--------|--|
| View changes and restarts | | Home >Summary of JDBC D | ata Sources >Summary of JMS Se | rvers | | | | |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future | | Summary of JMS Servers | | | | | | |
| changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | | | | | | | | |
| | 51 | JMS servers act as mana | gement containers for the queues | and topics in JMS mo | dules that are targeted to then | n. | | |
| Domain Structure | | This name summarizes th | e JMS servers that have been cre | ated in the current We | bl ogic Server domain | | | |
| AAAITEST | A | This page summarizes of | e shis servers that have been die | accu in the current we | beogle server domain. | | | |
| Domain Partitions | | | | | | | | |
| Environment | | Customize this table | | | | | | |
| Deployments <mark>Services</mark> | | JMS Servers (Filtered - | More Columns Exist) | | | | | |
| E Messaging | | - | Hore columns Exist) | | | | | |
| JMS Servers | | New Delete | | | | | | Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous Next |
| Store-and-Forward Agents | 11 | Name 🗞 | Persistent Store | Target | Current Target | Health | Scope | Domain Partitions |
| JMS Modules | | | Persistent Store | Target | Current rarget | nearch | scope | |
| Bridges | | JMSServer02 | FileStore02 | mns1 | mns1 | | Global | |
| Data Sources | | JMSServer03 | FileStore03 | mns2 | mns2 | | Global | |
| Persistent Stores | | New Delete | | | | | | Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous Next |
| Foreign INDI Providers | | Trees I | | | | | | Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Theriods These |
| How do I | | | | | | | | |
| | 1.7 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

3. In the JMS Server Properties page, enter the JMS server name in the Name field and click Next.

Figure 159: JMS Server Properties Page

| Change Center | Home Log Out Preference | ies 🛃 Record Help | Q | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITES |
|--|--|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| View changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JDBC Data | Sources >Summary of JMS Servers | | |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future | Create a New JMS Server | | | |
| changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | Back Next Finish | Cancel | | |
| Domain Structure | JMS Server Properties | | | |
| AAAITEST Domain Partitions Convert Convert C | The following properties will * Indicates required fields | be used to identify your new JMS Ser | ver. | |
| Services Ormersaging | What would you like to name | your new JMS server? | | |
| Pressaging Pressaging Servers Store-and-Forward Agents Districts Path Services Berbridges | الله * Name: | JMSServer01 | | |
| | Would you like this new JMS | server to be restricted to a specific res | source group template or resource | e group ? |
| Data Sources | Scope: | Global ∨ | | |
| Foreign INDI Providers | Back Next Finish | Cancel | | |
| How do I 🖂 | | | | |
| | | | | |

4. In the **Select Persistent Store** page, select **Create a New Store** from **Persistent Store** Field to specify a persistent store for the new JMS server.

| Figure 160: | Select Persistent Store page | |
|--|--|---|
| Change Center | 🔒 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITES |
| View changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JDBC Data Sources >Summary of JMS Servers | |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future | Create a New JMS Server | |
| changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | Back Next Finish Cancel | |
| Domain Structure | Select Persistent Store | |
| AAATTEST | Specify a persistent store for the new JMS server. Persistent Store: (none) ~ Back Next. Finish Cancel | |
| —-IMS Modules —-Path Services ⊕-Path Services ⊕-PathServices —-Data Sources —-Persistent Stores ←-Foreion INDI Drowlders ▼ | | |

Figure 160: Select Persistent Store page

5. In the **Select a store type** page, select **File Store** from **Type** Field and click **Next**.

Figure 161: Select a store type page

| ORACLE WebLogic Server Adr | ministration Console 12c | Q |
|--|--|--|
| Change Center | 🔒 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITEST |
| View changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JDBC Data Sources >Summary of JMS Servers | |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future | Create a New JMS Server | |
| changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | Back Next Finish Cancel | |
| Domain Structure | Select a store type. | |
| AAAITEST | Please select the type of store you wish to create from the list. Type: File Store | |
| Services Herein State Servers Servers Store-and-Forward Agents | Back Next Cancel | |
| INS Modules Path Services Path Services Parts Sources Foreion IND1 Providers | | |
| | | |

6. In the **File Store Properties** page, enter the new file store name in the **Name** field and click Next.

| ORACLE WebLogic Server Adr | ninistration Console 12c | Q |
|---|---|--|
| Change Center | 😰 Home Log Out Preferences 🖾 Record Help | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITEST |
| View changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JDBC Data Sources >Summary of JMS Servers | |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | Create a New JMS Server Back Next [Finish] [Cancel] | |
| Domain Structure | File Store Properties | |
| AAATEST ▲ Domain Partitions Environment Deployments Services Messaging Holds Servers Messaging Holds Servers Messaging Holds Servers Defloges Holds H | The following properties will be used to identify your new file store. * Indicates required fields What would you like to name your new file store? * Name: FileStore04 What scope do you want to create your jms file store in ? Scope: Global The pathname to the directory on the file system where the file store is kept. This directory must exist on your system, s | w be sure to create it before completing this tab. |
| How do I · Configure JMS system modules | Directory: | |
| Configure custom persistent stores | Back Next Finish Cancel | |

Figure 162: File Store Properties page

7. In the **JMS File Store Targets** page, select a target as one of the named server from **Target** Field drop down and Click **Finish**.

| NOTE | • | Only applications deployed to the selected servers or clusters can use the JMS file store. |
|------|---|---|
| | • | When you target all or part of the cluster, the Administra- tion Console initiates a two-phase deployment. Two-phase deployment ensures that if the deployment fails for one active server, it fails for all active servers. |

Figure 163: JMS File Store Targets page

| ministration Console 12c | \simeq |
|--|---|
| 🏠 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help | AAITEST |
| Home >Summary of JDBC Data Sources >Summary of JMS Server02 >Summary of | |
| Create a New JMS Server | - |
| Back Next Cancel | |
| JMS File Store Targets | |
| file store. | |
| Select a server instance for this file store. | |
| Target: mns1 ~ | |
| Back Next Cancel | |
| | Mome Log Out Preferences Record Help Welcome, weblogic Connected to: A Home > Summary of JDBC Data Sources > Summary of JDBS Data Sources > So |

NOTE You will receive a message on successful activation and file store creation.

8. Select the same target name from the **JMS File Store Targets** page in the **Target** field drop down in the **Select targets** page and click **Finish** to create the JMS server and its respective file store.

Figure 164: Select targets page

| ORACLE WebLogic Server Ad | ministration Console 12c | Ŏ | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Change Center | î Home Log Out Preferences 🔛 Record Help | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITEST | | | | | |
| View changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JDBC Data Sources >Summary of JMS Servers >JMSServer02 >Summary of JMS Servers | | | | | | |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future | Create a New JMS Server | | | | | | |
| changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | Back Next Finish Cancel | | | | | | |
| Domain Structure | Select targets | | | | | | |
| AATTEST | Select the server instance or migratable target on which you would like to deploy this JMS server. Target: mns1 Back Next Einish Cancel | | | | | | |
| JNS ModulesPath Services D-BridgesData SourcesPersistent StoresForeign JNDI Providers | | | | | | | |

20.2 JMS Module Creation

JMS system resources are configured and stored as modules similar to standard Java EE modules. Such resources include queues, topics, connection factories, templates, destination keys, quota, distributed queues, distributed topics, and JMS store-and-forward (SAF) parameters. You can administratively configure and manage JMS system modules as global system resources.

To Create the JMS Module, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in to **Weblogic Console**.
- 2. From the **Domain Structure** Select **Services**, click **JMS Modules** from **Messaging** drop-down, and Click **New** in the **JMS Modules** table.

Figure 165: Weblogic Console Page

| ORACLE WebLogic Server Adm | ninistration Console 12c | | | Ļ | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Change Center | A Home Log Out Preferences | Record Help | 2 | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITE | | |
| View changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JDBC Data So | urces >Summary of JMS Servers >JMSServer02 >Su | mmary of JMS Servers >JMSServer01 >Summary of J | MS Servers >Summary of JMS Modules | | |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future | Summary of JMS Modules | | | | | |
| changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | distributed queues, distributed resources. | | ard (SAF) parameters. You can administratively c | es, topics, connection factorias, templates, destination keys, quota, onfigure and manage JMS system modules as global system | | |
| -JMS Servers | JMS Modules | | | | | |
| Store-and-Forward Agents | rd Agents Delete Showing 1 to 1 of 1 | | | | | |
| Path Services ⊕-Bridges | 🔲 Name 🗞 | Туре | Scope | Domain Partitions | | |
| Data Sources | C RTI | JMSSystemResource | Global | | | |
| New Delete Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous | | | | | | |

3. In the **Create JMS System Module** page, enter the JMS Module name as RTI in the **Name** field and click **Next**.

Figure 166: Create JMS System Module Page

| Change Center | Home Log Out Preferences | Record Help | Q | | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITES |
|---|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| View changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JDBC Data Se | ources >Summary of JMS Se | rvers >JMSServer02 >Summary o | of JMS Servers >JMSServer01 >Summary of J | MS Servers >Summary of JMS Modules |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | Create JMS System Module Back Next Finish C | ancel | | | |
| Domain Structure | The following properties w | ill be used to identify y | your new module. | | |
| AAAITEST ▲ ⊕ Domain Partitions ⊕ Environment → Deployments ⊕ Services ⊕ Messaging ↓ → JMS Servers | | | | | es, topics, connection factories, templates, destination keys, quota, onfigure and manage JMS system modules as global system |
| Store-and-Forward Agents IMS Modules Path Services B-Bridges Data Sources Persistent Stores | What would you like to name yo * Name: | RTITest | tod to a cracific correct or an | n konvelsko or ozoourog group 2 | |
| How do I | Scope: | Global ~ | ted to a specific resource grou | p template or resource group ? | |
| Configure JMS system modules Configure JMS servers | What would you like to name the Descriptor File Name: | e descriptor file name? If | you do not provide a name, a | default will be assigned. | |
| System Status Health of Running Servers as of 6:23 AM Falled (0) Critical (0) Overloaded (0) | Location In Domain: | | Module, relative to the jms con | figuration sub-directory of your domain? | |
| Warning (0) | Back Next Finish C | ancel | | | |

4. Select Servers or Clusters on which you deploy the JMS system module from the **Targets** Field. The cluster name that was created in step 6.1.8 will be listed under **IPECluster**.

| NOTE | You can configure the targets later if required. |
|------|--|
| | fou can compare the targets later in required. |

Figure 167: Create JMS System Module

NOTE

| ORACLE WebLogic Server Adm | ninistration Console 12c | Q |
|---|--|--|
| Change Center | 🔒 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITEST |
| View changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JDBC Data Sources >Summary of JMS Servers >JMSServer02 >Summary of JMS Servers >JMSServer01 >Summary of JMS | Servers >Summary of JMS Modules |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | Create JMS System Module Back Next Finish Cancel | |
| Domain Structure | The following properties will be used to target your new JMS system module. | |
| AAAITEST | Use this page to select the server or cluster on which you would like to deploy this JMS system module. You can reconfigure target | ts later if you wish. |
| ← Deployments ⊖ -Services ⊖ Messaging → JMS Servers | Targets : | |
| Store-and-Forward Agents JMS Modules Path Services BBridges | Servers AdminServer | |
| | Clusters | |
| How do I | All servers in the cluster | |
| Configure JMS system modules | Part of the cluster mns1 | |
| Configure JMS servers | mns2 | |
| System Status | Back Next Finish Cancel | |
| Health of Running Servers as of 6:26 AM | | |
| | | |

5. To add resources to the JMS system module and to create JMS modules check the box in the **Create JMS System Module** page and click **Finish.**

You will receive message on successful creation of the JWS module.

| | ministration Console 12c | Q |
|---|--|---|
| Change Center | 🏠 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITEST |
| View changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JDBC Data Sources >Summary of JMS Servers >JMSServer02 >Summary of JMS Servers >JMSServer01 >Summ | ary of JMS Servers >Summary of JMS Modules |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | Back Next Finish Cancel | |
| Domain Structure | Add resources to this JMS system module | |
| AAATEST Demonstrations Deployments Services Messaging Messaging | Use this page to indicate whether you want to immediately add resources to this JMS system module after it is created. Would you like to add resources to this JMS system module? Back Next Enish Cancel | JMS resources include queues, topics, connection factories, and such. |
| Store-and-Forward AgentsJNS ModulesPath ServicesBridgesData SourcesPersistent StoresForeion INDI Providers | | |
| How do I 🗉 | | |
| Configure JMS system modules Configure JMS servers | | |

Figure 168: Create JMS System Module

20.3 Sub-Deployment Creation

A sub-deployment is a mechanism by which JMS module resources such as queues, topics, and connection factories are grouped and targeted to a server resource such as JMS servers, server instances or cluster.

To create the Sub-Deployment follow these steps:

- 1. Log in to **Weblogic Console**.
- 2. From the **Domain Structure** Select **Services** and click **JMS Modules** from **Messaging** dropdown. The **Summary of JMS Module** page is displayed.
- 3. Select RTI from JMS Modules table. The Settings for RTI page is displayed.
- 4. Select **subdeployments** from the tabs.
- 5. Enter the sub-deployment name as **RTI Deploy** in **subdeployment** table and click **Next**.

Figure 169: Settings for RTI

| | | <u> </u> | | | | | | |
|---|----------|--|----------------------------------|-------------|--------------|---------|--|-----------------------------|
| Change Center | Home | e Log Out Pr | references 🔤 | Record He | elp de | | Q Welcome, weblogic | Connected to: AAAITEST |
| View changes and restarts | Home >1 | JMSServer02 > | Summary of JMS | Servers >JM | ISServer01 > | Summary | of JMS Servers >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RT | п |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future | Settings | for RTI | | | | | | |
| changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | Configur | ation Subc | deployments | Targets | Security | Notes | | |
| Domain Structure AAATTEST | groupe | ed and targete mize this tak ployments | ed to a server re | | | | e. A subdeployment is a mechanism by which JMS module resources (such as queues, topics, and connerver instances, or cluster). | ction factories) are |
| Store-and-Forward Agents | | | | | | | Uniting 1 to 2 | or 2 methods mext |
| Path Services | | lame 🚕 | Resources | | | | | Targets |
| Bridges Tota Sources Persistent Stores | R | TI Deploy | | | | | | JMSServer02, JMSServer03 |
| Foreign INDI Providers | R | | RTI Feedback (Cache Operatio | | | | urce Entity Queue, Wire Transaction Source Entity Queue, RTI Assessment Response Destination Topic, | JMSServer02, JMSServer03 |
| How do I 🗉 | New | Delete | | | | | Showing 1 to 2 | of 2 Previous Next |
| Configure subdeployments in JMS system modules | | | | | | | | |

 Select the JMS servers created previously from the JMS Servers list from the Settings for RTI Deploy page and click Save. The RTI sub-deployment is created.

NOTE You can configure the targets later if required.

Figure 170: Settings for RTI Deploy Page

| ORACLE WebLogic Server Admi | inistration Console 12c | | Ŏ |
|---|--|--|--|
| Change Center | 🟦 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help | - | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITEST |
| View changes and restarts | Home >JMSServer02 >Summary of JMS Servers >JMSServer01 >Summary of JMS Server | Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI > | Summary of JMS Modules >RTI |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | Settings for RTI Deploy Save | | |
| Domain Structure AAAITEST Domain Partitions | Use this page to select the targets for the subdeployment. You can reconfigure to | irgets later if you wish. | |
| -Environment -Deployments -Services | Servers | | |
| Hessaging Hard Servers Hore-rand-Forward Agents Hard Services H | AdminServer Clusters IPECluster All servers in the cluster Part of the cluster mns1 mns2 | | |
| How do I • Configure subdeployments in JMS system modules | JMS Servers | | |
| System Status | JMSServer02 | | |
| Health of Running Servers as of 7:09 AM Failed (0) | JMSServer03 | | |
| Critical (0) Overloaded (0) | Save | | |
| | | | |

20.4 Distributed Queues Creation

Depending on the type of resources selected you are prompted to enter the basic information for creating the resources. For target resources like stand-alone queues and topics, connection factories, distributed queues and topics, foreign servers, and JMS SAF destinations you can proceed to target pages for selecting appropriate server targets. You can associate target resources with sub-deployments, which is an advanced mechanism for grouping JMS module resources and the members to server resources. To create the Distribute Queues, follow these steps:

| NOTE | Queues must be created as per the IPE Configuration guide with |
|------|--|
| | the same naming convention. See Chapter 20.7 for information |
| | about JMS Queue creation for SWIFT, Fedwire and ISo20022 |
| | Message types. |

- 1. Log in to **Weblogic Console**.
- 2. From the **Domain Structure** Select **Services** and click **JMS Modules** from **Messaging** dropdown. The **Summary of JMS Module** page is displayed.
- 3. Select RTI from JMS Modules table. The Settings for RTI page is displayed.
- 4. Click **New** and select **Distribute Queue** from **Create a New a JMS System Module Resource** page.

| ORACLE WebLogic Server A | dministration Console 12c | Q |
|---|--|---|
| Change Center | 🔒 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITES |
| View changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS M | lodules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | Create a New JMS System Module Resource Back Next. Finish Cancel | |
| Domain Structure | Choose the type of resource you want to create. | |
| AAAITEST | | nation for creating the resource. For targetable resources, like stand-alone queues and topics, connection us can also proceed to targeting pages for selecting appropriate server targets. You can also associate |
| Store-and-Forward Agents JMS Modules Path Services | Connection Factory | Defines a set of connection configuration parameters that are used to create connections for JMS clients. More Info |
| Paridges Total Sources Persistent Stores Foreign INDI Providers | ○ Queue | Defines a point-to-point destination type, which are used for asynchronous peer communications. A message delivered to a queue is distributed to only one consumer. More Info |
| How do I Configure guotas for destinations | ○ торіс | Defines a publish/subscribe destination type, which are used for asynchronous peer communications. A message delivered to a topic is distributed to all topic consumers. More Info |
| Configure JMS templates Configure destination keys | Distributed Queue | Defines a set of queues that are distributed on multiple JMS servers, but which are accessible as a single, logical queue to JMS clients. More Info |
| Configure topics Configure queues | O Distributed Topic | Defines a set of topics that are distributed on multiple JMS servers, but which are accessible as a single, logical topic to JMS clients. More Info |
| Configure connection factories Configure uniform distributed topics Configure uniform distributed queues | O Foreign Server | Defines foreign messaging providers or remote WebLogic Server instances that are not part of the current domain. More Info |
| Configure foreign servers | Ouota | Controls the allotment of system resources available to destinations. More |

Figure 171: Create a New JMS System Module Resource page

5. Enter the name and JDNI name in **Name** and **JNDI Name** Fields respectively as per the IPE Configuration guide and click **Next**.

Figure 172: JMS Distributed Destination Properties page

| ORACLE WebLogic Server Ad | dministration Console 12c | | ğ |
|---|---|--|---|
| Change Center | 🙆 Home Log Out Prefere | ences 🔤 Record Help | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITEST |
| View changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JMS Mod | dules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of | f JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | Create a New JMS System Back Next Finish | Cancel | |
| Domain Structure | JMS Distributed Destin | ation Properties | |
| AAAITEST | The following properties v * Indicates required fields | vill be used to identify your new Distributed Queue. The current module is RTI | |
| E-Services | What would you like to nan | ne your new destination? | |
| | * Name: | DistributedQueue01 | |
| Path Services | What JNDI Name would yo | u like to use to look up your new destination? | |
| Data Sources Persistent Stores | JNDI Name: | jms/feedbackQueue | |
| How do I | Queue members may be ei | ther created uniformly from a common configuration, or created and weighted indi- | idually to fine tune performance. How would you like to create queue members? |
| Configure guotas for destinations | Destination Type: | Uniform V | |
| Configure JMS templates | Templates provide an effici | ent means of defining multiple destinations with similar configuration values. Would | you like to use a template for this destination? |
| Configure destination keys Configure topics | Template: | None 🗸 | |
| Configure queues | | | |
| Configure connection factories | Back Next Finish | Cancel | |
| Configure uniform distributed topics | | | |
| | | | |

6. Select Advanced Targeting.

| ORACLE WebLogic Server Adr | ninistration Console 12c | Q |
|---|--|--|
| Change Center | 🔒 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITEST |
| View changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of | odules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | Back Nox1 Finish Advanced Targeting Cancel | |
| Domain Structure | The following properties will be used to target your new JMS system module resource | |
| AAATTEST | The following properties with de default targets where this JMS resource will be targeted. The default targets are accept the default targets, then click Advanced Targeting to use the subdeployment mechanism for targeting this i The following JMS module targets will be used as the default targets for your new JMS system module resource. If the appropriately. Targets : | resource. |
| - Configure connection factories | | |

Figure 173: Create a New JMS System Module Resource page

7. Select **RTISubdeploy** from the **subdeployment** field drop down list and select the JMS servers created. Click **Finish**. The distributed queue is successfully created.

NOTE You will receive message on successful creation of the JWS distributed queue.

Figure 174: Create a New JMS System Module Resource page

| Messaging JMS Servers Store-and-Forward Agents JMS Modules JMS Modules | Select the subdeployment you want to use. If you select (none), no targeting will occur. Subdeployments: RTISubdeploy Create a New Subdeployment |
|--|---|
| Bridges ⊡-Data Sources | What targets do you want to assign to this subdeployment? |
| Persistent Stores Foreign INDI Providers | Targets : |
| How do I | Servers |
| Configure quotas for destinations Configure JMS templates | AdminServer |
| Configure destination keys Configure topics | Clusters |
| Configure topics Configure queues Configure connection factories Configure uniform distributed topics Configure uniform distributed queues | IPECluster All servers in the cluster Part of the cluster mns1 |
| Configure dimonstration doubted quedes | mns2 |
| Configure JMS SAF | JMS Servers |
| System Status | JMSServer01 |
| Health of Running Servers as of 7:13 AM | JMSServer02 |
| Failed (0) Critical (0) Overloaded (0) | ☑ JMSServer03 |
| Warning (0) OK (1) | Back Next Finish Cancel |
| | |

20.5 Distributed Topic Creation

To create the Distribute Topic, follow these steps:

NOTE

Topics must be created as per the IPE Configuration guide with the same naming convention.

- 1. Log in to **Weblogic Console**.
- 2. From **Domain Structure** Select **Services** and click **JMS Modules** from **Messaging** drop-down. The **Summary of JMS Module** page is displayed.
- 3. Select RTI from JMS Modules table. The Settings for RTI page is displayed.
- 4. Click **New** and select **Distribute Topic** from **Create a New a JMS System Module Resource** page.

Figure 175: Create a New JMS System Module Resource page

| DRACLE WebLogic Server | Administration Console 12c | Q |
|---|---|--|
| Change Center | 🔒 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITE |
| /iew changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modu | ules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | Create a New JMS System Module Resource Back Next Finish Cancel | |
| omain Structure | Choose the type of resource you want to create. | |
| AUTEST Domain Partitions Environment Deployments Services Image Massaging Image Massaging | | on for creating the resource. For targetable resources, like stand-alone queues and topics, connection can also proceed to targeting pages for selecting appropriate server targets. You can also associate |
| Store-and-Forward Agents JMS Modules Path Services | Connection Factory | Defines a set of connection configuration parameters that are used to create connections for JMS clients. More Info |
| Bridges Data Sources Persistent Stores | Queue | Defines a point-to-point destination type, which are used for asynchronous peer communications. A message delivered to a queue is distributed to only one consumer. More Info |
| | Сторіс | Defines a publish/subscribe destination type, which are used for asynchronous peer communications. A message delivered to a topic is distributed to all topic consumers. More Info |
| Configure JMS templates Configure destination keys | O Distributed Queue | Defines a set of queues that are distributed on multiple JMS servers, but which are accessible as a single, logical queue to JMS clients. More Info |
| Configure topics Configure queues | Distributed Topic | Defines a set of topics that are distributed on multiple JMS servers, but which are accessible as a single, logical topic to JMS clients. More Info |
| Configure connection factories Configure uniform distributed topics Configure uniform distributed queues | O Foreign Server | Defines foreign messaging providers or remote WebLogic Server instances that are not part of the current domain. More Info |
| Configure foreign servers | () Quota | Controls the allotment of system resources available to destinations. More |

5. Enter the name and JDNI name in **Name** and **JNDI Name** Fields respectively as per the IPE Configuration guide and click **Next**.

0

| ORACLE WebLogic Server Adm | ninistration Console 12c | | Q |
|---|---|--|--|
| Change Center | 🙆 Home Log Out Preferen | ces 🛃 Record Help | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITEST |
| View changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JMS Modu | les >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Mo | odules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future | Create a New JMS System | Module Resource | |
| changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | Back Next Finish | Cancel | |
| Domain Structure | JMS Distributed Destina | tion Properties | |
| AAAITEST | The following properties wil * Indicates required fields | I be used to identify your new Distributed Topic. The current module is RTI | |
| Services Servers Servers Store-and-Forward Agents JMS Modules | What would you like to name * Name: | your new destination? DistributedTopic01 | |
| Path Services Path Services Total Sources Persistent Stores | What JNDI Name would you JNDI Name: | like to use to look up your new destination? [ims/topictest | |
| How do I | Topic members may be eithe Destination Type: | r created uniformly from a common configuration, or created and weighted individually to | fine tune performance. How would you like to create topic members? |
| Configure quotas for destinations | Destination Type: | Uniform 🗸 | |
| Configure JMS templates | The Forwarding Policy for a t | opic defines how messages are forwarded to members. What forwarding policy would you | u like to use for this new destination? |
| Configure destination keys | Forwarding Policy: | Replicated V | |
| Configure topics Configure queues | r of full and ing r oney. | Replicated V | |
| Configure queues Configure connection factories | Templates provide an efficient | nt means of defining multiple destinations with similar configuration values. Would you like | e to use a template for this destination? |
| Configure uniform distributed topics Configure uniform distributed queues | Template: | None V | |

Figure 176: JMS Distributed Destination Properties page

6. Select Advanced Targeting. Figure 177: Create a New JMS System Module Resource page ORACLE WebLogic Server Administration Console 12c 🏠 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITEST Q **Change Center** me >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of J of JMS Modules >RTI View changes and restarts Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. Create a New JMS System Module Resource Back Next Finish Advanced Targeting Cancel Domain Structure The following properties will be used to target your new JMS system module resource AAAITEST Domain Partitions Use this page to view and accept the default targets where this JMS resource will be targeted. The default targets are based on the parent JMS system module targets. If you do not want to accept the default targets, then click **Advanced Targeting** to use the subdeployment mechanism for targeting this resource. Environment Deployments Services The following JMS module targets will be used as the default targets for your new JMS system module resource. If the module's targets are changed, this resource will also be retargeted appropriately. -Messaging JMS Servers Targets : -Path Services Bridges Clusters Data Sources IPECluster Foreign INDI Providers All servers in the cluster Part of the cluster How do I... mns1 Configure quotas for destinations mns2 Configure JMS templates Configure destination keys Back Next Finish Advanced Targeting Cancel Configure topics Configure queues Configure connection factories

Select **RTISubdeploy** from the **subdeployment** field drop down list and select the JMS servers 7. created. Click Finish. The distributed topic is successfully created.

NOTE You will receive message on successful creation of the JWS distributed topic.

| Store-and-Forward Agents JMS Modules | Subdeployments: | RTISubdeploy Create a New Subdeployment |
|--|---------------------------------|--|
| Path Services Bridges Data Sources | What targets do you want to ass | ign to this subdeployment? |
| Persistent Stores | Targets : | |
| How do I | Servers | |
| Configure quotas for destinations | AdminServer | |
| Configure JMS templates | | |
| Configure destination keys | Clusters | |
| Configure topics | | |
| Configure queues | IPECluster | |
| Configure connection factories | • All servers in the clust | ter |
| Configure uniform distributed topics | Part of the cluster mns1 | |
| Configure uniform distributed queues | mns2 | |
| Configure foreign servers | | |
| Configure JMS SAF | JMS Servers | |
| System Status | JMSServer01 | |
| Health of Running Servers as of 7:19 AM | JMSServer02 | |
| Failed (0) Critical (0) | JMSServer03 | |
| Overloaded (0) | | |

Figure 178: Create a New JMS System Module Resource page

20.6 Connection Factory Creation

To create the Connection Factory, follow these steps:

NOTE Connections must be created as per the IPE Configuration guide with the same naming convention.

- 1. Log in to **Weblogic Console**.
- 2. From **Domain Structure** Select **Services** and click **JMS Modules** from **Messaging** drop-down. The **Summary of JMS Module** page is displayed.
- 3. Select RTI from JMS Modules table. The Settings for RTI page is displayed.
- 4. Click **New** and select **Connection Factory** from **Create a New a JMS System Module Resource** page.

| DRACLE WebLogic Server A | Administration Console 12c | |
|---|---|---|
| Change Center | 🔒 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITE |
| /iew changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS | Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future thanges will automatically be activated as you nodify, add or delete items in this domain. | Create a New JMS System Module Resource Back Next Finish Cancel | |
| Domain Structure | Choose the type of resource you want to create. | |
| AAITEST | | variation for creating the resource. For targetable resources, like stand-alone queues and topics, connection you can also proceed to targeting pages for selecting appropriate server targets. You can also associate |
| Store-and-Forward Agents JMS Modules Path Services | Connection Factory | Defines a set of connection configuration parameters that are used to create connections for JMS clients. More Info |
| Bridges Total Sources Total Sources Terreinn INDE Providers | Queue | Defines a point-to-point destination type, which are used for asynchronous peer communications. A message delivered to a queue is distributed to only one consumer. More Info |
| configure quotas for destinations | ○ Торіс | Defines a publish/subscribe destination type, which are used for asynchronous peer communications. A message delivered to a topic is distributed to all topic consumers. More Info |
| Configure JMS templates Configure destination keys | O Distributed Queue | Defines a set of queues that are distributed on multiple JMS servers, but which are accessible as a single, logical queue to JMS clients. More Info |
| Configure topics Configure queues | O Distributed Topic | Defines a set of topics that are distributed on multiple JMS servers, but which are accessible as a single, logical topic to JMS clients. More Info |
| Configure connection factories | | Defines facelas mossocias providars or remeto Wold esis Conver instances |

Figure 179: Create a New JMS System Module Resource page

5. Enter the name and JDNI name in **Name** and **JNDI Name** Fields respectively as per the IPE Configuration guide and click **Next**.

| Figure 180: Co | onnection | Factory | Properties | page |
|----------------|-----------|---------|------------|------|
|----------------|-----------|---------|------------|------|

| Change Center Welcome, weeloop: Connected to:::AALTEST View changes and restarts Image Status Image S | | dministration Console 12c | | Q |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| Veek changes and restands Configuration of dirity is excluded as you Configuration of dirity is excluded as you Domain Structure Consciton Factory Properties The following properties will be used to identify your new connection factory. The current module is RTI. * Depair Instructure * Depair Instructure * Depair Instructure * Depair Netthons * Depair Netthons * Depair Netthons * Netsonging * Notes * Netsonging * Name: Connection Factory Poperties * Name: Connection Factory Poperties * Name: Connection Factory Poperties * Name: * Dota Sources * Data Sources * Depair Net Note * Configure quates for destinations • Configure quates for destinations • Configure quates for destinations keys • Configure quates < | Change Center | 🏠 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record | I Help | Welcome, weblogic Connected to: AAAITES |
| abarges will automatically be activated as you Demain Structure AtTEST Pomain Structure Pomain Structure Pomain Partitions Partin Paritions | View changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summ | ary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of JMS Module | s >RTI >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI |
| AATTEST P- Consider and Secures P- Services Services Services P- MS Serves P- MS Serves P- MS Serves P- MS Serves P- MS Serves P- MS Serves P- MS Modules P- MS Serves P- MS Modules P- MS | changes will automatically be activated as you | | rce | |
| Services What would you like to name your new connection factory? * Name: ConnectionFactoryTest * Name: ConnectionFactoryTest * Data Sources What NDI Name would you like to use to look up your new connection factory? * Peristert Stores * Name: • Configure Quotas for destinations ims/connectionFactory • Configure Quotas for destinations Subscription Sharing Policy: • Configure destination keys Exclusive • Configure Quotas for destinations The Client ID Policy indicates whether more than one IMS connection are use the same Client ID. Oracle recommends setting the Client ID Policy out wheth different Client ID policy sources reated with different Client ID policy is created with different Client ID policy is created with different Client ID policy are always treated as independent subscriptions. What Client ID Policy would you like to use? • Configure one-for factory and multi-batted topics Client ID Policy: Restricted • Configure uniform distributed topics A connection factory can limit the number of messages that can queue for an asynchronous session. Should this connection factory impose a limit? • Configure uniform distributed topics Maximum Messages per Session: 10 | AAATTEST | The following properties will be used to ide | htlfy your new connection factory. The current module is RTI. | |
| Path Services What JNDI Name would you like to use to look up your new connection factory? Persistent Stores Persistent Stores Persistent Stores Image: | -Services -Messaging -JMS Servers -Store-and-Forward Agents - | | | |
| How do I The Connection Factory Subscription Sharing Policy I Exclusive • Configure quotas for destinations • Configure quotas for destination keys • Configure quotas • Configure quotas • Configure quotas • Contrection factory can | Path Services B-Bridges Data Sources Persistent Stores | | | |
| Configure quotas for destinations Configure Quotas for destinations Configure Quotas for destination keys Configure Quotas for destination keys Configure Queues Configure Qu | | | | ubscriptions. Should subscriptions created using this factory be sharable? |
| Configure uniform distributed topics Configure uniform distributed topics Configure uniform distributed queues Maximum Messages per Session: 10 | Configure JMS templates Configure destination keys Configure topics | The Client ID Policy indicates whether more Subscriptions created with different Client IC | than one JMS connection can use the same Client ID. Oracle recommends sett policies are always treated as independent subscriptions. What Client ID Polic | |
| | | A connection factory can limit the number of | messages that can queued for an asynchronous session. Should this connection | on factory impose a limit? |
| | | Maximum Messages per Session: | 10 | |

6. Select Advanced Targeting.

| Figure 181: | Create a New JMS System Module Resource page |
|---|--|
| Change Center | 🗟 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help |
| View changes and restarts | Home >Summary of JMS Modules >RTI >Summary of |
| Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. | Create a New JMS System Module Resource Back Next Finish Advanced Targeting Cancel |
| Domain Structure | The following properties will be used to target your new JMS system module resource |
| AAAITEST | Use this page to view and accept the default targets where this JMS resource will be targeted. The default targets are based on the parent JMS system module targets. If you do not want to accept the default targets, then click Advanced Targeting to use the subdeployment mechanism for targeting this resource. |
| MessagingJMS ServersStore-and-Forward AgentsJMS Modules | The following JMS module targets will be used as the default targets for your new JMS system module resource. If the module's targets are changed, this resource will also be retargeted appropriately. Targets: |
| Path Services Data SourcesData SourcesPersistent StoresForeign INDT Providers | Clusters Clusters IPECluster Image: All servers in the cluster |
| How do I • Configure quotas for destinations • Configure JMS templates | Part of the cluster mns1 mns2 |
| Configure destination keys Configure topics Configure queues | Back Next Finish Advanced Targeting Cancel |
| | |

7. Select the JMS Servers created and Click **Finish**. The Connection Factory is successfully created.

NOTE You will receive message on successful creation of the JWS Connection Factory.

20.7 JMS Queue Creation for SWIFT, Fedwire and ISO20022 Message Types

The JMS Queues for Fedwire and ISO20022 are created similar to JMS Queue for SWIFT. For more information about JMS Queue creation, see the IPE Configuration guide.

Table 62 provides the information about the JMS queues for SWIFT, Fedwire and ISO2022 message types.

| Message | Queue Name | Fields | | | |
|----------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Туре | Queue Name | Name | JNDI name | Subdeployment | |
| SWIFT | RTI Source Entity Queue | Enter the name as RTI Source Entity Queue | Enter the JNDI name as jms/ sourceEntityQueue | Select the Subdeployment as RTISubDeploy | |
| FedWire | RTI Source Fed Entity Queue | Enter the name as RTI Source Entity Queue | Enter the JNDI name as jms/ sourceFedEntity- Queue | Select the Subdeployment as RTISubDeploy | |
| ISO20022 | RTI Source Sepa Entity Queue | Enter the name as RTI Source Entity Queue | Enter the JNDI name as jms/ sourceSepaEntity- Queue | Select the Subdeployment as RTISubDeploy | |

Table 62: WebLogic JMS Queues - Field Value

21 Appendix I: User Group Customization

When a new user group for Transaction Filtering is created from Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications (OFSAA) user Interface (UI), you must insert an entry in the $CSSMS_GROUP_MAST_PACK$ table manually with the product id OFS_TF .

22 Appendix J: Configurations for the Bearer Token

- The following section takes you through the process of generating a token and using it to get the individual or entity JSON, depending on the API request. A token is used to authorize the request.
- You can begin by generating a password for the user who sends the request. After the password is generated, generate a token to authorize this request. The default time for token expiration is 3600 seconds (1 hour) and can be changed. To change the validity, see Change Token Validity.

22.1 Generate User Password

To generate a password for the user, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in as a system administrator.
- 2. Click **System Configuration** in the **Administration** page and select **Configure Instance Access Token**. The **Configure Instance Access Token** window is displayed.

DMINISTRATION \oplus Configure Database Server Configure Application Server Identity Management **Database Details** Manage OFSAA Product **Create New Application** Information Domain Configure Web Server Licenses Enable additional products Framework to manage fine grained user authentication and onfigure OFSAA Database Server mation Domain Configure OLAP Details authorization security using like passwords, user roles and functions Configure System Configuration Configure Email Configuration Configure Instance Access Token Processing Modelling Framework Processing Modelling

Figure 1: Administration Page

3. In the **Configure Instance Access Token** section, click **Add.** A new window is displayed.

| Figure 2 | - (| Configu | ro So | tun Δ | ~~~~~ | Tokon |
|----------|-----|---------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| rigule 2 | | coningu | ie se | ιυρ Α | licess | loken |

| Configure Instance Access Toker | | C Reset Search |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------|
| Configure Instance Access To Add | | |
| Instance Name TFLT | Instance Access Token 97b69571-55d3-4b9b-a673-84d4ff1b5305 | |
| Page (1 of 1ot | itáms) K < [1] > X | |

4. Enter the username in the **Instance Name** field and click **Generate Token**. The token is displayed in the **Instance Access Token Details** section.

Figure 3: Generate Token Button

| Configure Instance A | ccess Token | |
|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| | * Instance Name | Generate Token Close |
| nstance Access Toke | n Details | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

5. Copy and save the text generated in the Instance Access Token Details section.

Figure 4: Setup Access Token Details

| Configure Instance Access Token | |
|--|----------------------|
| * Instance Name TFLT | Generate Token Close |
| ■ Instance Access Token Details STP_ACC_NM=TFLT STP_ENC_STK=VEZMVDpIZTU1NTZmZC0wYzhILTRiZmMtYTlkYi0zYmYzNDEwYmQyMDU= STP_ACC_TKN=ee5556fd-0c8e-4bfc-a9db-3bf3410bd205 | |
| | |

The **STP_ACC_NM** field displays the username. The **STP_ACC_TKN** field displays the password.

6. Click **Close** \times and log out as the system administrator.

22.2 Change Token Validity

To generate a password for the user, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in as a system administrator.
- 2. Click **System Configuration** in the **Administration** page and select **Configure System Configuration**. The **Configuration** window is displayed.

Figure 5: Administration Page

| No. | <u>s</u> | 9 | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Configure Database Server | | | ę | +- | |
| Configure Application Server | | | | | |
| Configure Web Server | Identity Management Framework to manage fine | Database Details Configure OFSAA Database | Manage OFSAA Product Licenses | Create New Application Create New Application | Information Domain Create and maintain an |
| Configure OLAP Details | grained user authentication and authorization security using | Server | Enable additional products across Application Packs | | Information Domain |
| Configure System Configuration | access management constructs like passwords, user roles and | | | | |
| Configure Email Configuration | functions | | | | |
| Configure Instance Access Token | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | Processing | y Modelling | | |

3. In the **Configuration window, c**hange the token validity time in the **API token validity** in **seconds** field.

| i iguie o. ce | miguration wind | ow with the API token valuity in seconds held shown |
|---|---------------------|---|
| Configuration | | 0 |
| Configuration | | Save Cancel |
| ✓ Environment Details | | |
| Database - ORACLE | | Server - Unix |
| General Details Guest Login | Optimization Others | |
| Number of invalid logins | 10 | |
| Path for Application Packaging | | |
| Session Timeout Value(in minute) | 50 | |
| Link based token validity in minutes | 60 | |
| API token validity in seconds | 3600 | |
| Enable batch operation notification | | |
| Enable batch owner notification only | | |
| Security Question Enable | | |

Figure 6: Configuration window with the API token validity in seconds field shown

4. Click Save.

22.3 Generate Token

After the password is generated, you can generate the token. To generate the token, open your API client and follow these steps:

| NOTE • | You may use the desktop version of the Postman client to perform these steps. Postman is an open-source, collaborative platform for API development. For more information, see Postman Docs. |
|--------|---|
| | |

- 1. Open the Postman client and click **Create a request**.
- 2. Select the request type as **GET** and enter the request URL in the following format:

```
##APP_URL##/rest-api/auth/v1/token
```

| GET | | o://fsgbu-mu /auth/v1/toke | | 2bom.oraclevcn.com:7001/SANC812/rest- | Send ~ |
|---|--------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Params A | uthorization | Heade | rs (8) Body Pre-request Scri | pt Tests Settings | Cookie |
| Туре | Basi | ic A ∨ | <u> </u> | s hold sensitive data. To keep this data secur ve recommend using variables. <u>variables</u> オ | e while working in a 🗙 |
| The authoriza automatically | generated | | Username | TFLT | |
| send the request. Learn more about authorization 7 | | ization 7 | Password | | |
| | | | | Show Password | |

Figure 7: Request

3. Select the **Authorization** menu and then select the **TYPE** as **Basic Auth**.

4. Enter the username and password.

The username is the value generated for the **STP_ACC_NM** attribute and the password is the value generated for the **STP_ACC_TKN** attribute.

5. Click **Send**. The token is displayed in the **Response** field.

Figure 8: Response

| ody Cool | cies (1) Headers (9) Test Results 🕀 200 OK 1815 ms 988 B Save Response 🗸 |
|----------|--|
| Pretty | Raw Preview Visualize JSON V |
| 1 { 2 | "token_type": "Bearer", |
| 3 | "expires in": 3600, |
| 4 | <pre>"token": "eyJ0eXAi0iJKV1QiLCJhbGci0iJSUzI1NiJ9. eyJqdGki0iJ1NTB1NjMzYS03MDFmLTQzNjAtYjhm0C0w0TA0NGZkYjBhZjIiLCJpc3Mi0iJGSVJPWiIsImF1ZCI6Ik9GU0FBIi wic3ViIjoiRk1ST1oiLCJpYXQi0jE20DA1M0UwMTgsImV4cCI6MTY4MDUw0DYx0H0. LE1N_80H851AwzpwoN1tx8qx3111x1LpZ0B1G8EarWv1dpxu4Pt3EWYGzroSf2bRk9JX11EbN2ZF_Jmd8XcPr9Nxpky1IUVSmW dY1D7aFQq6FCId-BRkScYv4yq8gv_a9JW_46srvfpB413ktVPBQhDPmfLv8mYKwq7TkPU-6Kwrj2IS7mfC23bpwjH-g01usqeW</pre> |
| 5} | LXgk5uUafN8yZDhNkWOPUYZgNjuhOAYqkNPHG2a4KAFB4GmEY3ecIOGtEk_HR1dPkzkZmAmxk2a2KxuNKgNT9hLcmu9ckRQ2cK 4tX5rbpy-CTkLdpsFo2noZF-kx0jpd9rNnxo-U9Buqv2FRbA" |

22.4 Send Requests

- 1. Do the following configuration before sending the request using the **POST** request feature.
 - a. Go to the path
 ##DOMIAN_HOME##/applications/##context.ear##/##context.war##/conf
 - b. Open the RestAPIConf.properties file.
 - c. Add the hostname and port values inside the RestAPIConf.properties file For Example:

hostname=fsgbu-mum-239.snbomprshared1.gbucdsint02bom.oraclevcn.com
port=7001

2. Requests are sent using the **POST** request feature. Use the token generated to authorize the request and pass the JSON in the correct format.

| NOTE | You may use the desktop version of the Postman client to perform these steps. Postman is an open-source, |
|------|---|
| | collaborative platform for API development. For more information, see Postman Docs. |
| | You can also use any other API client, such as cURL. For more information, see REST APIs for Oracle Database. |

- 3. In the Postman client, select the request type as **POST** and enter the request URL in the following format:
 - For SWIFT: ##APP_URL##/rest-api/TFService/message/postMessage-ToQueue?queueName=sourceEntityQueue&msgCheckFlag=N
 - For ISO20022: ##APP_URL##/rest-api/TFService/message/postMessage-ToQueue?queueName=sourceSepaEntityQueue&businessName=RT_SEPA_Message Attributes&domain=SR&msgCheckFlag=N&externalData=Message_Direction:OUTBOUND

 For Fedwire: ##APP_URL##/rest-api/TFService/message/postMessage-ToQueue?queueName=sourceFedEntityQueue&msgCheckFlag=N

| Figure | 9: | Req | uest |
|--------|----|-----|------|
|--------|----|-----|------|

| Unti | tled Request | | | | | 3 | BUIL |
|-------------|--------------|--|-----------------------|---|-------------|------|------|
| POS | ST v | http://[servername]:[portnumber]/[context]/restapi/F | TScreening/RTScreenir | gRestService/service/IndividualScreen/EntityScr | een | Send | • |
| Para Que | ms Author | ization Headers (8) Body Pre-request | Script Tests S | iettings | | | |
| | KEY | | VALUE | | DESCRIPTION | | |
| | Кеу | | Value | | Description | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Resp | onse | | | | | | |

4. In the **Authorization** menu, select the **TYPE** as **Bearer Token**.

Figure 10: Authorization

| Untitled Request | | | BUILD | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| POST • http://[servername]:[portnumber]/[con | ntext]/restapi/RTScreening/RTScreeningRestService/ | service/IndividualScreen/EntityScreen | Send 👻 | | | | | | |
| Params Authorization Headers (7) Body | Pre-request Script Tests Settings | | | | | | | | |
| TYPE Bearer Token 💌 | Heads up! These parameters hold sensitive variables. Learn more about variables | data. To keep this data secure while working in a collaborative environ | ment, we recomme | | | | | | |
| The authorization header will be automatically generated when you send the request. Learn more about authorization | Token | Token | | | | | | | |
| Response | | | | | | | | | |

- 5. Paste the token generated in the **Token** field.
- 6. Select **Body** tab and select **raw**.
- 7. Insert the message in the text field.
- 8. Click Send.

Figure 11: Body Tab

| POST | ~ | http://100.76.144.22:7011/ofsaa/rest-api/TFService/message/postMessageToQueue? queueName=sourceEntityQueue&msgCheckFlag=N | Send ~ |
|----------|----------|--|---------|
| Params • | Autho | rization • Headers (9) Body • Pre-request Script Tests Settings | Cookies |
| none | form- | -data 🔍 x-www-form-urlencoded 🥘 raw 🔍 binary 🔘 GraphQL Text 🗸 | |
| 1 | {1:F01SA | BRRUMMAXXX5356135117}{2:01030831180814SLBZCHZZXXXX12341234560510170831N}{4: | |
| 2 | :20:fe2a | 2619a1df8548 | |
| 3 | :23B:CRE | D | |
| 4 | :32A:180 | 814USD100, | |
| 5 | :33B:USD | | |
| 6 | | 081419530 | |
| 7 | SLBZCHZZ | | |
| 8 | :52A:SLB | ZCHZZ | |
| 9 | :56A:CHA | SUS33 | |
| 10 | :57A:DEU | TDEFF | |
| 11 | :59:/180 | | |
| 12 | SIRIO PA | NEL | |
| 13 | :71A:SHA | | |
| 14 | - } | | |

23 Appendix K: Function Codes for User Groups

All actions or functions in the Transaction Filtering (TF) application is configured with a function code. You can define the functionalities for the particular user group by assigning the required functional code to the user group. If a function code is mapped to the user group, the functionality corresponding to the functional code is enabled in the UI.

Table 1 provide the list of OOB functional codes assigned for different user groups.

| Function Codes | Function Name and Description | TFLTA- NYST | TFLT- SUPV | TFSNRSU- PER | TFREADO NLY |
|-------------------|--|----------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| TFQALLALRT | TF Queue All Alerts Access: Access to View All Alerts on the List Page through Queue | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| TFACSALLQ | TF All Queue Open Access: Access to open any queue in the Queue dashboard | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| TFQGETNEX T | TF Get Next Queue Access: Access to get the next queue alerts on the details page | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| TFQGNXTALL | TF Get Next Access to View All Alerts: Access to view all alerts from get next in the queue | | | ✓ | √ |
| TFALRTASGN | TF Alert Assignment Access: Access to assign alerts when the user opens an alert from the List Page | ~ | ~ | ~ | |
| TFALATCHM T | TF Alert List Attachment Access: Access to select and save attachments for an alert in the List Page | ✓ | ~ | ✓ | |
| TFBLKACNT | Transaction Filtering Bulk Update Access: This function gives access to Bulk Update in List Page. | | | ✓ | |
| TFADATCHM T | TF Alert Details Attachment Access: Access to select and save attachments for an alert on the Details Page | √ | ~ | ✓ | |
| TFEVNTDEC N | TF Event Decision Access: Access to take event-level action in alert Details Page | ~ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| TFEVNTCMT S | TF Event Level Comments Access: Access to add or update event- level comments in the alert Details Page | ✓ | × | ✓ | |

Table 1: Function Codes for User Groups

| Function Codes | Function Name and Description | TFLTA- NYST | TFLT- SUPV | TFSNRSU- PER | TFREADO NLY |
|-------------------|--|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| TFALRTDECN | TF Alert Decision Access: Access to take alert level action for an alert on the Details Page | * | ✓ | ✓ | |
| TFLTLMACTN | TF List Management Actions Access: Access to List Management Action Buttons | | ✓ | ✓ | |
| TFLISTMGMT | TFLISTMGMT: Access to TF List Management under the Navigation menu | | ~ | ✓ | ✓ |
| TFBLKTKACN | Bulk Action Function Code | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| TFWSINVADT | TF Wire Stripping Investigation Audit Access: Access to insert audit for ws investigation against compared alert into current alert audit history | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |

NOTE If you configure any of the following function codes to a user group, you must also configure the TFALRTASGN function code to the user group as a mandatory function code:

- TFADATCHMT
- TFEVNTDECN
- TFEVNTCMTS
- TFWSINVADT

24 Appendix L: Setting the ZEPPELIN_INTERPETER_OUT-PUT_LIMIT in Python Interpreter

An interpreter is a program that directly executes instructions written in a programming or scripting language without requiring them previously to be compiled into a machine language program. Interpreters are plug-ins that enable users to use a specific language to process data in the backend. In Compliance Studio, Interpreters are used in Notebooks to execute code in different languages. Each The interpreter has a set of adjusted and applied properties across all notebooks. For more information on Interpreter Configuration and Connectivity, see OFS Compliance Studio Administration and Configuration Guide.

Using the **zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit** field you can enter the output message limit. Any message that exceeds the limit is truncated.

24.1 Configuring through the UI

Follow the subsequent steps to configure the **zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit** through the UI:

Using the Wizard Screen:

- 1. Click the **User** lcon right top corner.
- 2. Go to Data Studio Options.
- 3. Click Interpreters. The Interpreters page is displayed.
- 4. select the python interpreter for which you want to configure the **zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit**.
- 5. Select python from the LHS options.
- 6. Click on the \times Wizard Icon.
- 7. From the RHS side click on **oracle.datastudio.python.DsPythonInterpreter** under Interpreter Client Configurations. The Interpreter Client Configuration popup is displayed.
- 8. Under Properties, click on +Properties. The Properties popup is displayed.
- 9. Fill the options as shown in Figure 12. Set the default value to 870400 (for 1000 records approx.).

| Configuration using the Wizard screen is preferable to other ways of configuration. |
|--|
| If the data is more than 1000 records, update the zeppelin.python.maxResult in properties to the desired value and zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit as 870.4 x maxResult. |
| If you cannot see the Create and Cancel buttons, click on the header label of the Properties window. |
| The default value for zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit i is 102400 (in bytes) |
| Increasing the default value from 102400 bytes to an immense value will slow down the rendering of outputs of python paragraphs. |
| |

Figure 12: spring-postSacalert.properties file

| 🔘 Com | pliance Studio | | | | | | | - Û, | × |
|-------|---------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-----|-------|---------------|-------|-------|---------|
| Õ | Compliance Studio | | | | Q Sea | rch Notebooks | Ям | MGANA | ALYST 🔻 |
| | [⇒] Interpreters | | | | × | | | c | Ireate |
| | fcc-python | Interp | reter Client Configurations | | | | | | |
| | fcc-python-ml4aml | + *** | | × | | | | | |
| | fcc-python-sane | ~ Pr | Properties Key * | . 1 | | | | | |
| | jdbc | P | zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit | | | | | | |
| | md | Ø | Environment Name | | | | | | |
| | pgx | 1 | Property Name | | elin) | | | | |
| | python | P | zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit | | | | | | |
| | spark | + | Default Value | | | | | | |
| | | Initial (| 204800 | | | | | | |
| | | 2 5 | Description | | | Share | Clone | Upc | date |

- 10. Click **Create**. The Interpreter Client Configuration popup is displayed and **zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit** is displayed under **Properties**.
- 11. Click **Confirm.** The Interpreter Client Configuration window is displayed.
- 12. Click Update.
- 13. Restart the Compliance Studio application to reflect the changes.

Configuration through JSON Screen:

- 1. Click the **User** lcon right top corner.
- 2. Go to Data Studio Options.
- 3. Click **Interpreters**. The Interpreters page is displayed.
- 4. select the python interpreter for which you want to configure the **zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit**.
- 5. Select python from the LHS options.
- 6. Click on the 🕞 Icon. The JSON configuration screen is displayed.
- Scroll down and locate interpreterClientConfigs with className oracle.datastudio.python.DsPythonInterpreter. you can find the properties section with zeppelin configurations.
- 8. Add the zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit. See Figure 13.

Figure 13: JSON Screen

| 00 | ompliance Studio | | | ♀ Search Notebooks ♀ MMGANALYST ▼ |
|------------------|--|---|--|---|
| Ð | [≈] Interpreters | | | Create |
| ≪ \ 1 \ ઊ | fcc-python fcc-python-ml4aml fcc-python-sane idbc | * | 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 | <pre>"type": "number" 'type": "number" ' type": "number" ' "enviame': null, "propertylame': "sppelin.python.useIPython", "defaultylame': "false", "defaultylame': "false", "type": "checkbox")</pre> |
| م ط | md pgx | | 57 58 59 60 61 62 | <pre>"zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit": { "envMame": "', "propertyName": "zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit", "defaultyAue": "204000", "description": "', "type": ""</pre> |
| | python | | 63 64 65 | |
| >> | spark | | 66 67 69 Delete | "type": "zeppelin", "initialoute": [] Share Clone Update |

- 9. The update button will be enabled in the bottom right corner after the JSON modification. Click **Update**.
- 10. Restart the Compliance Studio application to reflect the changes.

24.2 Configuring through the Filesystem

Follow the subsequent steps to configure the **zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit** through the filesystem:

- 1. Go to the python interpreter option as pointed out in section 24.1. You can see the python interpreter listed there if you have run the MMG services before. Delete it, if you run the MMG Application for the first time on a fresh schema, then you don't need to do this step.
- 2. After deleting the python interpreter or if the start has not been done, go to the filesystem inside mmg-home/mmg-studio/server/builtin/interpreters, and open python.json in a text editor.
- Scroll down under interpreterClientConfigs with className ,racle.datastudio.python.DsPythonInterpreter, you will find the following properties section with Zeppelin configurations. After the last entry in properties, add the zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit using the JSON screen. See Figure 13.
- 4. Save the python.json with the desired default value.
- 5. Restart the Compliance Studio application to reflect the changes.

Figure 14: Output in table view

| | | * 🗅 🖻 🖉 | ● ◎ ≈ ⊻・ | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Type to search | | | | | | | |
| Column_1 0 | Column_2 🗘 | Column_3 0 | Column_4 🗘 | Column_5 0 | Column_6 0 | Column_7 0 | Column_8 0 |
| -0.8933910191898379 | 0.7613799878489635 | 0.75806146330438 | 1.2753426005586657 | -1.5934944618973514 | 0.5965222292150769 | 0.5829090157274303 | -0.197946806574 |
| -0.4792920585860974 | 0.6014851803485978 | -0.07350947398693965 | 0.06001880557421651 | -0.06466793427830368 | -0.44494929367260394 | -0.8361218782799762 | -1.4185312486264 |
| 0.4790844079384656 | -1.34332772958042 | -1.2684080797668027 | 0.8988179711893556 | -0.709742130514913 | -1.9365143492049126 | 0.1481468677129027 | -0.419456821682 |
| 0.03732633828712172 | 0.33468022887354104 | -1.547544190292229 | -0.8939236490440552 | -0.7403558285426715 | -0.7646700982508163 | 1.7847515628537471 | 0.1669535658351 |
| 0.42289642019235335 | -1.626284936446582 | 0.7038916058037783 | 0.4856477230960553 | 0.8823036516706713 | 1.8401232449352867 | -1.4962853947932677 | -0.011098415694 |
| Page 1 of 105 (1-5 | of 521 items) IC 4 | 1 2 3 4 5 105 | Load More | | | | |
| | | about ZEPPELIN_INTERPRE | TER_OUTPUT_LIMIT | | | | |

You can see the ZEPPELIN_INTERPRETER_OUTPUT_LIMIT value as a warning if the table content is more than the set default value for zeppelin.interpreter.output.limit, and accordingly, you can modify the default value for the same.

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