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System Monitoring Plug-in Metric Reference Manual for Non Oracle Database Management 13*c* Release 2 **E74774-02**

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Oracle Enterprise Manager System Monitoring Plug-in Metric Reference Manual for Non Oracle Database Management, 13c Release 2

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Preface

This manual is a compilation of the plug-ins metrics provided in Oracle Enterprise Manager for database management.

Audience

This document is intended for Oracle Enterprise Manager users interested in plug-ins metrics for database management.

Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup? ctx=acc&id=docacc.

Access to Oracle Support

Oracle customers that have purchased support have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/ topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info or visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/ topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs if you are hearing impaired.

Related Documents

For more information, see the following documents in the Oracle Enterprise Manager 13*c* documentation set:

- Oracle Enterprise Manager System Monitoring Plug-in Installation Guide for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE)
- Oracle Enterprise Manager System Monitoring Plug-in Installation Guide for IBM DB2 Database
- Oracle Enterprise Manager System Monitoring Plug-in Installation Guide for Microsoft SQL Server
- Enterprise Manager Cloud Control Administrator's Guide

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning	
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.	
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.	
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.	

How to Use This Manual

The lists all the plug-ins metrics for database management that Enterprise Manager monitors.

This preface describes:

- Structure of the Metric Reference Manual
- Background Information on Metrics, Thresholds, and Alerts

Structure of the Metric Reference Manual

This manual contains chapters for the Microsoft SQL Server, IBM DB2 Database and Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise Database. The metrics in these chapters appear in alphabetical order according to category.

Metric Information

The information for each metric comprises a description and user action if available:

Description

Provides an explanation following the metric name. This text defines the metric and, when available, provides additional information pertinent to the metric.

User Action

Suggests how to solve the problem causing the alert.

Definitions of Columns in Metric Summary Tables

The Metric Summary table in Enterprise Manager Cloud Control is part of the overall metric information. The following table provides descriptions of columns in the Enterprise Manager Metric Summary table.

Column Header	Column Definition
Target Version	Version of the target, for example, 9.0.2.x and 10.1.0.x. The x at the end of a version (for example, 9.0.2.x) represents the subsequent patchsets associated with that release.
Collection Schedule	The rate at which the Management Agent collects data. The collection frequency for a metric comes from the Enterprise Manager default collection file for that target type.

Column Header	Column Definition
Default Warning Threshold	Value that indicates whether a warning alert should be initiated. If the evaluation of the warning threshold value returns a result of TRUE for the specified number of consecutive occurrences defined for the metric, an alert triggers at the warning severity level.
Default Critical Threshold	Value that indicates whether a critical alert should be initiated. If the evaluation of the critical threshold value returns a result of TRUE for the specified number of consecutive occurrences defined for the metric, an alert triggers at the critical severity level.
Alert Text	Message indicating why the alert was generated. Words that display between percent signs (%) denote variables. For example, Disk Utilization for %keyValue% is %value%% could translate to Disk Utilization for d0 is 80%.

Abbreviations and Acronyms

To reduce the page count in this document, the following abbreviations and acronyms are used:

Abbreviation/Acronym	Name
Agent	Oracle Management Agent
Database	Oracle Database
OMS	Oracle Management Service
Repository	Oracle Management Repository

Background Information on Metrics, Thresholds, and Alerts

A metric is a unit of measurement used to determine the health of a target. It is through the use of metrics and associated thresholds that Enterprise Manager sends out alerts notifying you of problems with the target.

Thresholds are boundary values against which monitored metric values are compared. For example, for each disk device associated with the Disk Utilization (%) metric, you can define a different warning and critical threshold. Some of the thresholds are predefined by Oracle; others are not.

After a threshold is reached, an alert is generated. An alert is an indicator signifying that a particular condition has been encountered and is triggered when one of the following conditions is true:

- A threshold is reached.
- An alert has been cleared.
- The availability of a monitored service changes. For example, the availability of an application server changes from up to down.
- A specific condition occurs. For example, an alert is triggered whenever an error message is written to a database alert log file.

Alerts are detected through a polling-based mechanism by checking for the monitored condition from a separate process at regular, predefined intervals.

See Also:

See the *Enterprise Manager Cloud Control Administrator's Guide* for additional information about metrics, thresholds, and alerts

Editing

Out of the box, Enterprise Manager comes with thresholds for critical metrics. Warning and critical thresholds are used to generate an alert, letting you know of impending problems so that you can address them in a timely manner.

To better suit the monitoring needs of your organization, you can edit the thresholds provided by Enterprise Manager and define new thresholds. When defining thresholds, the key is to choose acceptable values to avoid unnecessary alerts, while still being notified of issues in a timely manner.

You can establish thresholds that will provide pertinent information in a timely manner by defining metric baselines that reflect how your system runs for a normal period of time.

The metrics listed on the Edit Thresholds page are either default metrics provided by Oracle or metrics whose thresholds you can change.

Accessing Metrics Using the Cloud Control Console

To access metrics in the Cloud Control Console, use the All Metrics page associated with a particular target by doing the following:

- 1. From the Cloud Control Console, choose the target.
- 2. On the target's home page, click All Metrics in the Related Links section.

1

Microsoft SQL Server Metrics

This chapter provides descriptions for all Microsoft SQL Server metric categories, and the tables list and describe associated metrics for each category. Shaded rows represent key columns for a particular category.

- Viewing Metrics
- Access Methods
- Active SQL Cluster Node
- Agent Status
- Associated Services
- Buffer Manager
- Cache Manager
- Cluster Active Group and Node
- Cluster Active Resource and Node Metrics
- Cluster Name and Network
- Cluster Quorom Resource and Cluster Name
- Cluster Resource and Group
- Cluster Resource and Type
- Cluster Resource Group and Cluster Name Metrics
- Cluster Resource and Owner Node Name
- Cluster Resource and Cluster Name
- Cluster Resource Group and Preferred Node
- Configuration Metrics
- Connection Statistics
- Database
- Database Backup
- Database IOPS Metrics
- Database Job

- Database Lock
- Database Parameter
- Database Performance
- Database Status
- Detailed Response
- Event Log Entry
- General Statistics
- HADR Availability Groups
- HADR Availability Group Replicas
- HADR Cluster Members
- Index/Table Fragmentation Metrics
- Index Usage
- Last Database Backup
- Latches
- Latch Wait Time
- Login
- Memory Manager
- Memory Statistics
- Memory Usage
- Mirroring Monitoring
- Mirroring Statistics
- Missing Indexes
- MSSQL Database File
- MSSQL File Group
- MSSQL Transaction Log
- Processor
- Response
- Server Statistics Metrics
- Space Usage
- SQL Cluster Nodes Information
- SQL Cluster Number of Nodes
- SQL Instance Statistics

- SQL Server Process Statistics
- SQL Server Backups
- SQL Server Locks
- SQL Server Process
- SQL Server Role
- SQL Statistics
- Top Queries by CPU Time Metrics
- Top Queries by Execution Count
- Top Queries by Total Blocked Time
- Top Sessions by CPU Utilization
- Top Sessions by Memory Utilization
- User
- Windows Cluster Name
- Windows Cluster Nodes

1.1 Viewing Metrics

To view configuration metrics within the plug-in, navigate to the Last Collected configuration metrics page by selecting **Configuration**, then **Last Collected** from **Microsoft SQL Server**.

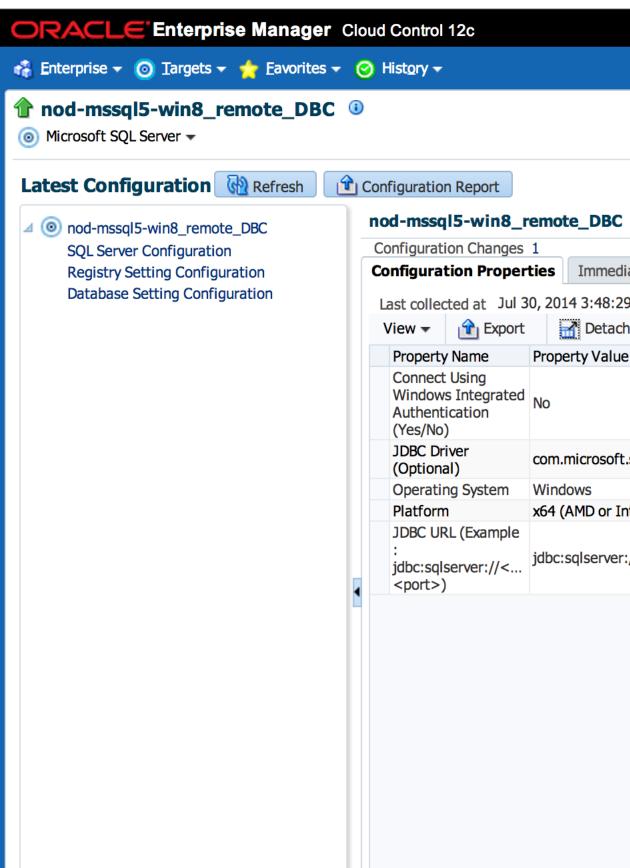


Figure 1-1 Last Collected Configuration Metrics

To view the performance and status metrics within the plug-in, navigate to the plugin's **All Metrics** page by selected **Monitoring**, then **All Metrics** from **Microsoft SQL Server**.

Figure 1-2 All Metrics Page

mssql8-win-sup_loca	l_100	1 🖯		
Microsoft SQL Server				
mssql8-win-sup_local_1001 > All Metr	ics			
All Metrics				
Search	(Overview		
View 🔻 🐺 🏗 😫		Open I	Aetric Eve	nts
✓ mssql8-win-sup_local_1001				•
Access Methods				6
Agent Status			o	pen Alerts
Associated Services				
Buffer Manager		Import	ant Metric	charts
Cache Manager		No motelo lo	oddod to tr	
Connection Statistics		NO METRIC IS	added to ta	arget overvie
Oatabase				
Database Backup		Deploy	ed Metric	Extensions
Database IOPS		View 🔻	Undeploy	Upgrad
Oatabase Job		Name		Display Na
Database Lock		No data to d	display.	
Database Parameter		Columns H	lidden 2	
Database Performance				
Database Status				
Detailed Response				

General Statistics

1.2 Access Methods

The metrics in this category search through and measure the allocation of Microsoft SQL Server database objects, such as the number of index searches or number of pages that are allocated to indexes and data.

1.2.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

Table 1-1 Access Methods Metrics

Metric	Description
Access Method Counter Name (key column)	Performance metric name. See Table 1-2.

The Access Method Counter Name key column contains several metrics. Table 1-2 provides a list of these metrics and a description for each.

Metric	Description	
Extents Deallocations/sec	Number of extents deallocated per second from database objects used for storing index or data records.	
Extents Allocated/sec	Number of extents allocated per second to database objects used for storing index or data records.	
Forwarded Records/sec	Number of records per second fetched through forwarded record pointers.	
FreeSpace Page Fetches/sec	Number of pages returned per second by free space scans used to satisfy requests to insert record fragments.	
FreeSpace Scans/sec	Number of scans per second that were initiated to search for free space in which to insert a new record fragment.	
Full Scans/sec	Number of unrestricted full scans per second, which can be either base- table or full-index scans.	
Index Searches/sec	Number of index searches per second. These are used to start range scans and single index record fetches and to reposition an index.	
Mixed Page Allocations/sec	Number of pages allocated per second from mixed extents. These are used for storing the first eight pages that are allocated to an index or table.	
Page Deallocations/sec	Number of pages deallocated per second from database objects used for storing index or data records.	
Page Splits/sec	Number of page splits per second that occur because of overflowing index pages.	
Pages Allocated/sec	Number of pages allocated per second to database objects used for storing index or data records.	

Description	
Number of probe scans per second. These are used to directly find rows in an index or base table.	
Number of qualified range scans through indexes per second.	
Number of times per second that the scan point had to be revalidated to continue the scan.	
Number of ghosted records per second skipped during scans.	
Number of times locks on a table were escalated.	
Number of workfiles created per second.	
Number of work tables created per second.	
Denominator ("base") of a fraction that the performance counter Worktables from Cache ratio represents.	
Percentage of work tables created where the initial pages were immediately available in the work table cache.	

Table 1-2 (Cont.) Access Method Counter Name Metrics

1.3 Active SQL Cluster Node

The metrics in this category provide details about the active SQL cluster node.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency - Every 30 Minutes

Table 1-3 Active SQL Cluster Node Metrics

Metric	Description		
Node Name	Name of the cluster node.		
Failed Over Since Last Collection	Boolean, if the Microsoft SQL Server Cluster has failed over to a new node since the last plug-in collection.		

1.4 Agent Status

The metrics in this category provide information regarding the current status of the Agent.

Default Collection Interval — Every 5 minutes

Table 1-4 Agent Status Metrics	5
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Metric	Description and User Action
Process ID	Process ID of the Sqlserver Agent process.
Server name	Name of the Sqlserver instance.
Service Path	Path of the Sqlserver process.

. , .	
Metric	Description and User Action
Sqlserver Agent Status	Status of the Sqlserver Agent process. When the status is not running, the Microsoft SQL server Agent must be started.
Sqlserver Agent Start	The start mode of the Sqlserver Agent.

Table 1-4 (Cont.) Agent Status Metrics

1.5 Associated Services

The metrics in this category provide information on Microsoft Windows services that are associated with Microsoft SQL Server.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency — Every 15 Minutes

Table 1-5 Associated Services Metrics

Metric	Description
Process ID	Process ID of the service.
Service Name	Name of the associated service.
Service State	State of the service.
Service Status	Status of the service.
Start Mode	Start mode of the service.
Start Name	Party responsible for starting the service.
System Name	Name of the system on which the service is running.

1.6 Buffer Manager

The Buffer Manager object provides counters to monitor how Microsoft SQL Server uses:

- Memory to store data pages, internal data structures, and the procedure cache.
- Counters to monitor the physical I/O as Microsoft SQL Server reads database pages from, and writes database pages to, the disk.

1.6.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Default Collection Interval — Every 15 minutes

Table 1-6 Buffer Manager Metrics

Metric	Description
Buffer Manager Counter Name (key column)	Performance metric name. See Table 1-7.

The Buffer Manager Counter Name key column contains several metrics. Table 1-7 provides a list of these metrics and a description for each.

Table 1-7 Buffer Manager Counter Name Metrics

Metric	Description
Buffer Cache Hit Ratio	Percentage of pages found in the buffer cache without having to read from disk. The ratio is the total number of cache hits divided by the total number of cache lookups since Microsoft SQL Server was started. After a long period of time, the ratio does not change very much. Because reading from the cache is much less expensive than reading from disk, this ratio should be high. Generally, you can increase the buffer cache hit ratio by increasing the amount of memory available to Microsoft SQL Server.
Buffer Cache Hit Ratio Base	Denominator ("base") of a fraction that the performance counter Buffer Cache Hit Ratio represents.
Checkpoint Pages/sec	Number of pages flushed to disk per second by a checkpoint or other operations that cause all dirty pages to be flushed to disk.
Database Pages	Total number of database pages.
Free List Stalls/sec	Number of requests that had to wait for a free page.
Free Pages	Total number of pages on all free lists.
Lazy Writes/sec	Number of buffers written per second by the buffer manager's lazy writer. The lazy writer is a system process that flushes out batches of dirty, aged buffers (buffers that contain changes that must be written back to disk before the buffer can be reused for a different page) and make them available to user processes. The lazy writer eliminates the need to perform frequent checkpoints in order to create available buffers.
Page Lookups/sec	Number of requests to find a page in the buffer pool.
Page Reads/sec	Number of physical database page reads issued per second. This statistic displays the total number of physical page reads across all databases. Because physical I/O is expensive, you may be able to minimize the cost by using a larger data cache, intelligent indexes, more efficient queries, or by changing the database design.
Page Writes/sec	Number of database page writes issued per second. Page writes are generally expensive. Reducing page-write activity is important for optimal tuning. One way to do this is to ensure that you do not run out of free buffers in the free buffer pool. If you do, page writes will occur while waiting for an unused cache buffer to flush.
Procedure Cache Pages	Number of pages used to store compiled queries.
Readahead Pages/sec	Number of pages read in anticipation of use.
Reserved Pages	Number of buffer pool reserved pages.
Stolen Pages	Number of pages used for miscellaneous server purposes (including procedure cache).
Target Pages	Ideal number of pages in the buffer pool.
Total Pages	Number of pages in the buffer pool (includes database, free, and stolen pages).

1.7 Cache Manager

The Cache Manager object provides counters to monitor how Microsoft SQL Server uses memory to store objects such as stored procedures, ad hoc and prepared Transact-SQL statements, and triggers. Multiple instances of the Cache Manager object can be monitored at the same time, with each instance representing a different type of plan to monitor.

1.7.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Default Collection Interval — Every 15 minutes

 Table 1-8
 Cache Manager Metrics

Metric	Description
Cache Manager Counter Name (key column)	Performance metric name. See Table 1-9.
Cache Manager Instance Name (key column)	Instance for the Cache Manager counter name.

The Cache Manager Counter Name key column contains several metrics. Table 1-9 provides a list of these metrics and a description for each.

Table 1-9 Cache Manager Counter Name Metrics

Metric	Description
Cache Hit Ratio	Percentage of pages found in the cache without having to read from disk. The ratio is the total number of cache hits divided by the total number of cache lookups since Microsoft SQL Server was started. After a long period of time, the ratio does not change very much. Because reading from the cache is less expensive than reading from disk, this ratio should be high. Generally, you can increase the cache hit ratio by increasing the amount of memory available to Microsoft SQL Server.
Cache Hit Ratio Base	Denominator ("base") of a fraction that the performance counter Cache Hit Ratio represents.
Cache Pages	Number of pages used by objects in the cache. After a long period of time, the count does not change very much.
Cache Object Counts	Number of objects found in the cache. After a long period of time, the count does not change very much.
Cache Use Counts/sec	Number of times per second that each type of object in the cache has been used. The higher this value is, the better. After a long period of time, the count does not change very much.

1.8 Cluster Active Group and Node

The metrics in this category provide details about the cluster active group and the node.

1.8.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

 Table 1-10
 Cluster Active Group and Node Metrics

Metric	Description
Active Group (key column)	Name of the active group.
Node (key column)	Name of the node.
Cluster Server Name	Name of the cluster server.

1.9 Cluster Active Resource and Node Metrics

The metrics in this category provide details about the cluster active resource and node.

1.9.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

Table 1-11 Cluster Active Resource and Node Metrics

Metric	Description
Active Resource Name (key column)	Name of the active resource.
Cluster Node (key column)	Name of the cluster node.
Cluster Server Name	Name of the cluster server.

1.10 Cluster Name and Network

The metrics in this category provide details about the cluster name and network.

1.10.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Default Collection Interval - Every 30 minutes

Table 1-12 Cluster Name and Network Metrics

Metric	Description
Cluster Name (key column)	Name of the Windows cluster.
Network Used (key column)	Name of the network used.
Cluster Server Name	Name of the cluster server.

1.11 Cluster Quorom Resource and Cluster Name

The metrics in this category provide details about the cluster quorom resource and cluster name.

1.11.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

Table 1-13	Cluster Quorom Resource and Cluster Name Metrics
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Metric	Description
Quorom Resource Name (key column)	Name of the quorom resource.
Cluster Name (Key Column)	Name of the cluster.
Cluster Server Name	Name of the cluster server.

1.12 Cluster Resource and Group

The metrics in this category provide details about the cluster resource and group.

1.12.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

Table 1-14 Cluster Resource and Group Metrics

Metric	Description
Resource (key column)	Name of the cluster resource and group.
Resource Group (key column)	Name of the resource group.
Cluster Server Name	Name of the cluster server.

1.13 Cluster Resource and Type

The metrics in this category provide details about the cluster resource and type.

1.13.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

Table 1-15 Cluster Resource and Type Metrics

Metric	Description
Resource Name (key column)	Name of the Windows cluster resource.
Resource Type (key column)	Type of the resource.
Cluster Server Name	Name of the cluster server.

1.14 Cluster Resource Group and Cluster Name Metrics

The metrics in this category provide details about the cluster resource group and cluster name.

1.14.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

Table 1-16 Cluster Resource Group and Cluster Name Metrics

Metric	Description
Resource Group (key column)	Name of the resource group.
Cluster (key column)	Name of the cluster.
Cluster Server Name	Name of the cluster server.

1.15 Cluster Resource and Owner Node Name

The metrics in this category provide details about the cluster resource and owner node.

1.15.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

 Table 1-17
 Cluster Resource and Owner Node Name Metrics

Metric	Description
Cluster Resource (key column)	Name of the cluster resource.
Owner Node (Key column)	Name of the owner node.
Cluster Server Name	Name of the cluster server.

1.16 Cluster Resource and Cluster Name

The metrics in this category provide details about the cluster resource and cluster name.

1.16.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

Table 1-18 Cluster Resource and Cluster Name Metrics

Metric	Description
Resource Name (key column)	Name of the resource.
Cluster Name (Key column)	Name of the cluster.
Cluster Server Name	Name of the cluster server.

1.17 Cluster Resource Group and Preferred Node

The metrics in this category provide details about the cluster resource group and preferred node.

1.17.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

 Table 1-19
 Cluster Resource Group and Preferred Node Metrics

Metric	Description
Resource Group (key column)	Name of the resource group.
Preferred Node (key column)	Name of the preferred node.
Cluster Server Name	Name of the cluster server.

1.18 Configuration Metrics

Configuration metrics consist of the following categories:

- SQL Server Configuration
- Registry Setting Configuration
- Database Setting Configuration

1.18.1 SQL Server Configuration Metrics

The metrics in this category represent a Microsoft SQL Server installation. The metrics contain details of the product and version of the Microsoft SQL Server instance.

- Table Name MGMT_EMX_MSSQL_SQLSERVER
- View Name MGMT_EMX_MSSQL_SQLSERVER_VIEW

Default Collection Interval — Every 7 Days

Metric	Description
Server Name	Name of the SQL Server.
Clustered	Whether the server belongs to a cluster.
Package	Product installed. • 0 — Unknown • 1 — Office
Product	Installed product.
Version String	Installed version.
Operatingsystem Details	Operating system on which the installation is done.
Version Name	Installed version including revision.
HADR Enabled	Whether AlwaysOn high-availability disaster recovery is enabled.
Database Service Pack	Installed SQL Server service pack

Table 1-20 SQL Server Configuration Metrics

Metric	Description
Edition	Installed SQL Server edition.

Table 1-20 (Cont.) SQL Server Configuration Metrics

1.18.2 Registry Setting Configuration Metrics

The metrics in this category contain the installation and run-time parameters of the SQL Server stored in the registry.

- Table Name MGMT_EMX_MSSQL_REGSETTING
- View Name MGMT_EMX_MSSQL_REGSETTING_VIEW

Default Collection Interval — Every 7 Days

Table 1-21	Registry Setting	g Configuration Metrics
	Registry Setting	y connyuration metrics

Metric	Description	
Agent Log File	Path and file name for the Agent log.	
Backup Directory	Location of the backup files directory.	
Case Sensitive	Comparison method for multi-byte character data is either case-sensitive or not.	
Error Log Path	Operating system path and file name to be used for the SQL Server error log.	
Master DB Path	The full path and file name of the operating system file containing the master database.	
NT Event Logging	Whether the SQL Server uses the Windows NT application log. If TRUE, the SQL Server sends all events to the Windows NT application log and the SQL Server error log. If FALSE, the SQL Server sends events only to the SQL Server error log.	
Number of Processors	Number of CPUs available to the SQL Server on the server.	
Perf Mon Mode	 Operating system path and file name to be used for the SQL Server error log. Windows NT Performance Monitor polling behavior when the monitor is launched. 0 — Continuous 1 — On demand 	
Registered Organization	Company name supplied by the installer.	
Registered Owner	User name supplied by the installer.	
Replication Installed	TRUE when components supporting replication are installed.	
RPC Encrypt	Whether RPC encryption is enabled.	
SNMP	Whether Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is installed on an instance of the SQL Server.	

Metric	Description
SNMP Current Version	Version of Simple Management Protocol (SNMP) currently installed on an instance of the SQL Server.
Sort Order	Character set used and ordering applied.
SQL Data Root	Default operating system directory implementing storage for SQL Server system user-defined databases.
TCP Port	TCP/IP Sockets Net-Libraries port number on an instance of the SQL Server.

Table 1-21 (Cont.) Registry Setting Configuration Metrics

1.18.3 Database Setting Configuration Metrics

The metrics in this category contain the settings for a database. These settings control the access to and the behavior of the database.

- Table Name MGMT_EMX_MSSQL_DBSETTING
- View Name MGMT_EMX_MSSQL_DBSETTING_VIEW

Default Collection Interval — Every 7 Days

 Table 1-22
 Database Setting Configuration Metrics

Metric	Description
Database Name (key column)	Database name.
Offline	Whether the database is online. Also, whether the database is unavailable, or is being made unavailable, for use by authorized users.
Recovery Type	 Whether the comparison method for multi-byte character data is case- sensitive or not. Type of recovery model that a database will use: Value — 0 Description — Simple Explanation — The database can be recovered only to the last full database backup or last differential backup. Value — 1 Description — Bulk Logged Explanation — Logging for all SELECT INTO, CREATE INDEX, and bulk loading data operations is minimal and therefore requires less log space. In exchange for better performance and less log space usage, the risk of exposure to loss is greater than with full recovery. Value — 2 Description — Full Explanation — Database backups and transaction log backups provide full recoverability from media failure. All operations are fully logged, including bulk loading data. Value — 3 Description — Unknown Explanation — Unknown Explanation — The recovery type is not known.

Metric	Description
AutoClose	Whether the database is closed and its resources are freed when no user connection accesses the database.
AutoCreateStatistics	Whether the optimizer directs automatic creation of supporting data statistics as required.
AutoShrink	Whether operating system files maintaining table and index data are evaluated for downward resizing when the server periodically checks for unused space.
AutoUpdateStatistics	Whether the optimizer directs the automatic rebuilding of statistics.
CursorCloseOnCommit	Whether cursors are closed when a transaction is completed.
DataSpaceUsage	Amount of space in use and reserved for use of data in megabytes.
IndexSpaceUsage	Amount of space for the index in megabytes.
DB Owner UseOnly	Whether only users with the database ownership privilege can access the database.
SingleUser Mode	Whether only one user can access the database at a given time.
ReadOnly	Whether the database is read-only.
DefaultCursor	Whether cursors declared in a batch are created with local scope.
SelectIntoBulkCopy	Whether non-logged operations are allowed.
TruncateLogOnChekpoint	Whether the SQL Server removes log entries referencing committed transactions when activity on the databases forces a dirty page write.
Member of an Availability Group	Whether the database is a member of an AlwaysOn availability group.

Table 1-22 (Cont.) Database Setting Configuration Metrics

1.18.4 HADR Availability Group Databases Metrics

The metrics in this category provide information about which databases are members of which AlwaysOn high-availability disaster recovery availability groups.

Table 1-23 HADR Availability Group Databases Metrics

Metric	Description
Database ID	Database unique ID.
Group ID	Availability group unique ID.
Database Name	Database name.
Group Name	Availability group name.

1.19 Connection Statistics

The metrics in this category provide information about the number of connections available and used.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency — Every 15 Minutes

Table 1-24 Connection Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
Number of Connections	The current number of connections to the SQL Server instance.
Maximum Connections	The maximum number of connections to the SQL Server instance.
Connections Used (%)	The percent of connections used.

1.20 Database

The MSSQL_Database class represents a SQL Server database. Each SQL Server installation can contain one or more databases.

Metric	Description and User Action
Database Name (key column)	Database name.
Create Date	Time and date the database was created.
Database File Path	Primary location of the database files.
Database Mirroring State	State of the mirror database and the database mirroring session.
Database Mirroring Partner Name	Server name of the database mirroring partner.
Database Mirroring Partner Instance	The instance name for the other partner.
Database Status	Status of the database:0 — Normal32 — Loading192 — Recovering256 — Suspect512 — Offline1024 — Standby32768 — Emergency Mode
Database Size (MB)	Total size of the database in megabytes. Allocate more space to the database if this metric decreases beyond the critical threshold.
Database Space Available %	Percentage of space that is available. Allocate more space to the database if this metric decreases beyond the critical threshold.

 Table 1-25
 Database Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Auto-growth Potential Space (MB)	Amount of disk space available for the database to grow in to based on its autogrowth settings.
Version	Version of Microsoft SQL Server used to create the referenced database.
Database Owner	The owner of the database
Database ID	The ID of the database

Table 1-25 (Cont.) Database Metrics

1.21 Database Backup

The metrics in this category provide detailed backup information for all databases. Default Collection Interval — in real time

Metric	Description
Backup Set ID (key column)	Unique backup set identification number that identifies the backup set.
Media Set ID (key column)	Unique media set identification number that identifies the media set containing the backup set.
Family Sequence Number (key column)	Position of this media family in the media set.
File Number (key column)	File identification number unique within a database.
Mirror Number (key column)	Mirror identification number unique within a database.
Backup Set Name	Name of the backup set. Can be NULL
Backup Set Description	Description of the backup set. Can be NULL.
Username	Name of the user performing the backup operation. Can be NULL.
Start Date	Date and time the backup operation started. Can be NULL.
Finish Date	Date and time the backup operation finished. Can be NULL.
Size of Backup (bytes)	Size of the backup set, in bytes. Can be NULL.
Database Name	Name of the database involved in the backup operation. Can be NULL.
Server Name	Name of the server running the SQL Server backup operation. Can be NULL.
Machine Name	Name of the computer running SQL Server. Can be NULL.
Media Set Name	Name of the media set. Can be NULL.
Media Set Device Name	Physical name of the backup device. Can be NULL.
Physical Block Size (Bytes)	Physical block size used to write the media family. Can be NULL.

Table 1-26Database Backup Metrics

Metric	Description
File Group Name	Name of the filegroup containing a backed up database file. Can be NULL.
File Group Physical Name	Remainder of the physical (operating system) file name. Can be NULL.
Backup Set Expiration Date	Date and time the backup set expires. Can be NULL.

Table 1-26 (Cont.) Database Backup Metrics

1.22 Database IOPS Metrics

The metrics in this category provide information on the read and write load on each database.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency — Every 15 Minutes

Table 1-27 Database IOPS Metrics

Metric	Description
Bytes Read per second	Number of bytes read per second by this database.
Bytes Written per second	Number of bytes written per second by this database.
Database Name	Name of the database.
Reads per second	Number of reads performed per second by this database.
Writes per second	Number of writes performed per second by this database.

1.23 Database Job

The metrics in this category return information about jobs that are used by the SQLServerAgent service to perform automated activities in Microsoft SQL Server.

Default Collection Interval — Every 2 hours

Table 1-28 Database Job Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Computer Used to Send Network Messages	Name of the user or computer used when sending network messages.
Computer Used to Send Pages	Name of the user or computer used when sending a page.
Current Execution Status	 0 — Returns only jobs that are not idle or suspended 1 — Executing 2 — Waiting for thread 3 — Between retries 4 — Idle 5 — Suspended 7 — Performing completion actions
Current Execution Steps in the Job	Current job execution step.

Metric	Description and User Action
Current Retry Attempt	If the job is running and the step has been retried, this is the current retry attempt.
Delete Job Event	Bitmask indicating under what circumstances the job should be deleted when a job completes. Possible values are the same as for notify_level_eventlog.
Description	Description for the job.
Email of Operator	Email name of the operator to notify.
Enabled	Indicates whether the job is enabled to be executed.
ID of Next Run Schedule	Identification number of the next run schedule.
Job Category	The category to which the job belongs.
Job Creation Date	Date the job was created.
Job ID (key column)	Job identification number.
Job Modification Date	Date the job was last modified.
Job Owner	The owner of the job.
Јор Туре	 1 — Local job 2 — Multiserver job 0 — Job has no target servers
Job Version Number	Version of the job, which is automatically updated each time the job is modified.
Last Run Date (mm-dd-yyyy)	Date the job last started executing.
Last Run Outcome	Outcome of the job the last time it ran: • 0 — Failed • 1 — Succeeded • 3 — Canceled • 5 — Unknown
Last Run Time (hh:mm:ss)	Time the job last started executing.
Name	Name of the job.
Next Run Date (mm-dd-yyyy)	Date the job is next scheduled to run.
Next Run Time (hh:mm:ss)	Time the job is next scheduled to run.
Notify Level Email	Bitmask indicating under what circumstances a notification email should be sent when a job completes. Possible values are the same as for notify_level_eventlog.

 Table 1-28
 (Cont.) Database Job Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Notify Level Event Log	 Bitmask indicating under what circumstances a notification event should be logged to the Microsoft Windows NT application log. Possible values: 0 — Never 1 — When a job succeeds 2 — When the job fails 3 — Whenever the job completes (regardless of the job outcome)
Notify Level Net Send	Bitmask indicating under what circumstances a network message should be sent when a job completes. Possible values are the same as for notify_level_eventlog.
Notify Level Page	Bitmask indicating under what circumstances a page should be sent when a job completes. Possible values are the same as for notify_level_eventlog.
Number of Job Schedules	Number of job schedules the job has.
Number of Job Steps	Number of job steps the job has.
Number of Target Servers	Number of target servers the job has.
Originating Server	Name of the server from which the job originated.
Start Step ID	ID of the step in the job where execution should begin.

 Table 1-28
 (Cont.) Database Job Metrics

1.24 Database Lock

The metrics in this category report information about locks.

Metric	Description
Server Process Identifier (key column)	Server process ID of the current user process.
Database Identifier (key column)	Database identification number requesting a lock.
Object Identifier (key column)	Object identification number of the object requesting a lock.
Index Identifier (key column)	Deprecated. Always returns 0.

Table 1-29 Database Lock Metrics

Metric	Description
Mode	 Lock mode: Shared (S) Update (U) Exclusive (X) Intent Schema Bulk update (BU) RangeS_S — Shared range, shared resource lock; serializable range scan. RangeS_U — Shared range, update resource lock; serializable update scan. RangeI_N — Insert range, null resource lock. Used to test ranges before inserting a new key into an index. RangeX_X — Exclusive range, exclusive resource lock. Used when updating a key in a range.
Resource	Lock resource that corresponds to the value in syslockinfo.restext: RID, KEY, PAG, EXT, TAB, and DB
Lock Request Status	The current status of the lock: GRANT, WAIT, and CNVT
Туре	 The lock type: RID = Lock on a single row in a table identified by a row identifier (RID). KEY = Lock within an index that protects a range of keys in serializable transactions. PAG = Lock on a data or index page. EXT = Lock on an extent. TAB = Lock on an entire table, including all data and indexes. DB = Lock on a database. FIL = Lock on a database file. APP = Lock on an application-specified resource. MD = Locks on metadata, or catalog information. HBT = Lock on a heap or B-Tree index. This information is incomplete in SQL Server. AU = Lock on an allocation unit. This information is incomplete in SQL Server.

Table 1-29 (Cont.) Database Lock Metrics

Metric	Description
Resource Type	Type of resource being locked. This presents the same data as the Type metric: DATABASE FILE OBJECT PAGE KEY EXTENT RID APPLICATION METADATA HOBT ALLOCATION_UNIT

Table 1-29 (Cont.) Database Lock Metrics

1.25 Database Parameter

The Databases object in Microsoft SQL Server provides counters to monitor:

- Bulk copy operations.
- Backup and restore throughput.
- Transaction log activities.

Monitoring transactions and the transaction log determine how much user activity is occurring in the database and how full the transaction log is becoming. The amount of user activity can determine the performance of the database and affect log size, locking, and replication. Monitoring low-level log activity to gauge user activity and resource usage can help you identify performance bottlenecks.

Default Collection Interval — Every 24 hours

Metric	Description and User Action
Parameter Name (key column)	Name of the Database Configuration parameter.
Current Value	Current value of the Database Configuration parameter.
Description	Text description of the configuration value.
Dynamic Reconfigure	Whether the parameter can be dynamically reconfigured. If TRUE, a modification to the value is immediately effective. If FALSE, modifications are visible only after the SQL Server service has been stopped and restarted.
ID	Parameter name.
Maximum Value	Upper bound for a configuration value.
Minimum Value	Lower bound for a configuration value.

 Table 1-30
 Database Parameter Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Running Value	Value for the configuration option (value in syscurconfigs.value).

Table 1-30 (Cont.) Database Parameter Metrics

Table 1-31ID Description Mapping

Metric	Description
101	Recovery interval.
102	Allow updates.
103	User Connections.
106	Locks.
107	Open objects
109	Fill factor.
115	Nested triggers.
117	Remote access.
124	Default language.
125	Language in cache.
502	Max async I/O.
503	Max worker threads.
505	Network packet size.
518	Show advanced option.
542	Remote proc trans.
543	Remote conn timeout.
1110	Time slice.
1123	Default sort order ID.
1124	Unicode local ID.
1125	Unicode comparison style.
1126	Language neutral.
1127	Two-digit year cutoff.
1505	Index create mem.
1514	Spin Counter.
1517	Priority boost.

Metric	Description
1519	Remote login timeout.
1520	Remote query timeout.
1531	Cursor threshold.
1532	Set working set size.
1533	Resource timeout.
1534	User Options.
1535	Processor affinity mask.
1536	Max text repl size.
1537	Media retention.
1538	Cost threshold for parallelism.
1539	Max degree of parallelism.
1540	Min memory per query.
1541	Query wait.
1542	VLM size.
1543	Min memory.
1544	Max memory.
1545	Query max time.
1546	Lightweight pooling.

Table 1-31 (Cont.) ID Description Mapping

1.26 Database Performance

The Databases object in Microsoft SQL Server provides counters to monitor:

- Bulk copy operations.
- Backup and restore throughput.
- Transaction log activities.

Monitoring transactions and the transaction log determine how much user activity is occurring in the database and how full the transaction log is becoming. The amount of user activity can determine the performance of the database and affect log size, locking, and replication. Monitoring low-level log activity to gauge user activity and resource usage can help you identify performance bottlenecks.

1.26.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2005/2008/2012

Default Collection Interval - Uploads data when an alert is raised

Metric	Description
Database Performance Counter Name (key column)	Performance metric name. See #unique_109/ unique_109_Connect_42_g1225235.
Database Performance Instance Name (key column)	Instance for the Database Performance Counter Name
Database Performance Server Locks Counter Value	Performance metric value.

 Table 1-32
 Database Performance Metrics

The Database Performance Counter Name key column contains several metrics. #unique_109/unique_109_Connect_42_g1225235 provides a list of these metrics and a description for each.

 Table 1-33
 Database Performance Counter Name Metrics

Metric	Description
Active Transactions	Number of active transactions for the database.
Backup/Restore Throughput/sec	Read/write throughput for backup and restore operations of a database per second. For example, you can measure how the performance of the database backup operation changes when more backup devices are used in parallel or when faster devices are used. Throughput of a database backup or restore operation allows you to determine the progress and performance of your backup and restore operations.
Bulk Copy Rows/sec	Number of rows bulk-copied per second.
Bulk Copy Throughput/sec	Amount of data bulk-copied in kilobytes per second.
Data File(s) Size (KB)	Cumulative size (in kilobytes) of all the data files in the database including any automatic growth. Monitoring this counter is useful, for example, for determining the correct size of tempdb.
DBCC Logical Scan Bytes/sec	Number of logical read scan bytes per second for database consistency checker (DBCC) statements.
Log Bytes Flushed/sec	Total number of log bytes flushed.
Log Cache Hit Ratio	Percentage of log cache reads satisfied from the log cache.
Log Cache Reads/sec	Reads performed per second through the log manager cache.
Log File(s) Size	Cumulative size in kilobytes of all the transaction log files in the database.
Log File(s) Used Size (KB)	The cumulative used size of all the log files in the database.
Log Flush Wait Time	Total wait time in milliseconds to flush the log.
Log Flush Waits/sec	Number of commits per second waiting for the log flush.
Log Flushes/sec	Number of log flushes per second.
Log Growths	Total number of times the transaction log for the database has expanded.

Metric	Description
Log Shrinks	Total number of times the transaction log for the database has contracted.
Log Truncations	Total number of times the transaction log for the database has truncated.
Percent Log Used	Percentage of space in the log that is in use.
Repl. Pending Xacts	Number of transactions in the transaction log of the publication database marked for replication, but not yet delivered to the distribution database.
Repl. Trans. Rate	Number of transactions per second read out of the transaction log of the publication database and delivered to the distribution database.
Shrink Data Movement Bytes/sec	Amount of data being moved per second by autoshrink operations, DBCC SHRINKDATABASE, or DBCC SHRINKFILE statements.
Transactions/sec	Number of transactions started for the database per second.

 Table 1-33 (Cont.) Database Performance Counter Name Metrics

1.27 Database Status

The metrics in this category provide status metrics on which various thresholds can be set.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency - Every 15 Minutes

Metric	Description
Database Name	Name of the database.
Status	Status of the database.
ONLINE	Indicates whether the database status is ONLINE (Yes/No).
OFFLINE	Indicates whether the database status is OFFLINE (Yes/No)
RESTORING	Indicates whether the database status is RESTORING (Yes/No).
RECOVERING	Indicates whether the database status is RECOVERING (Yes/No)
RECOVERY PENDING	Indicates whether the database status is RECOVERY PENDING (Yes/No)
SUSPECT	Indicates whether the database status is SUSPECT (Yes/No)
EMERGENCY	Indicates whether the database status is EMERGENCY (Yes/No)

 Table 1-34
 Database Status Metrics

1.28 Detailed Response

This metric category provides information about the response of the server. Evaluation and Collection Frequency — Every 15 Minutes

Metric	Description
Process ID	Process identifier.
Server Name	Name of the server.
Service Path	Path of the SQL service.
SQL Service Status	Status of the SQL server.

Table 1-35 Detailed Response Metrics

1.29 Event Log Entry

The MSSQL_ErrorLogEntry class represents the entries in a SQL Service error log. Default Collection Interval — Metric is disabled. Uploads data when an alert is raised.

Metric	Description
Type of Record (key column)	Specifies the type of event. This is an enumerated string
Record Number (key column)	Identifies the event within the Windows logfile (for example, NT Eventlog logfile). This is specific to the logfile and is used together with the logfile name to uniquely identify an instance of this class.
Event Log Entry	Name of the Windows logfile (for example, NT Eventlog logfile). This is used together with the RecordNumber to uniquely identify an instance of this class.
Event Code	This property has the value of the lower 16-bits of the EventIdentifier property. It is present to match the value displayed in the NT Event Viewer. Two events from the same source may have the same value for this property but may have different severity and EventIdentifier values
Event Identifier	Identifies the event. This is specific to the source that generated the event log entry, and is used, together with SourceName, to uniquely identify an NT event type.
Event Severity	Indicates the severity of the event. Two events from the same source may have may have different severity and EventIdentifier values.
Category	Specifies a subcategory for this event. This subcategory is source specific.
User	User name of the logged on user when the event occurred. If the user name cannot be determined this will be NULL.
Event Message	Event message as it appears in the NT Eventlog. This is a standard message with zero or more insertion strings supplied by the source of the NT event. The insertion strings are inserted into the standard message in a predefined format. If there are no insertion strings or there is a problem inserting the insertion strings, only the standard message will be present in this field.

 Table 1-36
 Event Log Entry Metrics

1.30 General Statistics

The General Statistics object in Microsoft SQL Server provides counters to monitor general server-wide activity, such as the number of current connections and the number of users connecting and disconnecting per second from computers running an instance of SQL Server. This can be useful when you are working on large online transaction processing (OLTP) systems where many clients connect and disconnect from an instance of SQL Server.

1.30.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

 Table 1-37
 General Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
General Statistics Counter Name (key column)	Performance metric name. See Table 1-38.
General Statistics Counter Value	Performance metric value.

The General Statistics Counter Name key column contains several metrics. Table 1-38 provides a list of these metrics and a description for each.

Table 1-38 General Statistics Counter Name Metrics

Metric	Description
Logins/sec	Total number of logins started per second.
Logouts/sec	Total number of logout operations started per second.
User Connections	Number of user connections. Because each user connection consumes some memory, configuring overly high numbers of user connections could affect throughput. User connections should be set to the maximum expected number of concurrent users.

1.31 HADR Availability Groups

The metrics in this category provide status and health information about AlwaysOn high-availability disaster recovery availability groups.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency - Every 30 Minutes

Metric	Description
Group ID	Availability group unique ID.
Group Name	Availability group name.
Synchronization Health	Summary of the synchronization state for the replicas in the availability group.

Table 1-39 HADR Availability Groups Metrics

Table 1-39 (Cont.) HADR Availability Groups Metrics

Metric	Description
Failure Condition Level	Condition under which an automatic failover is triggered.

1.32 HADR Availability Group Replicas

The metrics in this category provide status and health information about AlwaysOn high-availability disaster recovery availability replicas.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency — Every 30 Minutes

Metric	Description
Replica ID	Availability replica unique ID.
Group ID	Availability group unique ID.
Server Name	SQL Server server/instance name hosting the replica.
Availability Mode	 Replica availability mode. 0 - Asynchronous Commit 1 - Synchronous Commit
Availability Mode Description	Label of the replica availability mode.
Role	 Current role of this replica in the availability group. 0 - Resolving 1 - Primary 2 - Secondary
Role Description	Label of the replica role.
Connected State	 Indicates whether a secondary replica is currently connected to the primary replica. 0 - Disconnected 1 - Connected
Connected State Description	Label of the replica connected state.
Synchronization Health	 Summary of the synchronization state for the databases in the availability group. 0 - Not Healthy. At least one database is not synchronizing 1 - Partially Healthy. Some databases are not in the target synchronization state. 2 - Healthy. All of the databases are in the target synchronization state.
Endpoint URL	Database mirroring endpoint used for synchronization.

 Table 1-40
 HADR Availability Group Replicas Metrics

1.33 HADR Cluster Members

The metrics in this category provide status and health information about members in a AlwaysOn high-availability disaster recovery cluster.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency — Every 30 Minutes

Metric	Description
Member Name	Availability group cluster member name.
Member Type	Type of member. • 0 - WSFC node • 1 - Disk witness • 2 - File share witness
Member Type Description	Label of the member type.
Member State	State of the cluster member. • 0 - Offline • 1 - Online
Member State Description	Label of the member state.

Table 1-41 HADR Cluster Members Metrics

1.34 Index/Table Fragmentation Metrics

The metrics in this category provide information of the defragment level of Microsoft SQL Server . To retrieve data for this metric, DMV "sys.dm_db_index_physical_stats" is queried for each database (for all objects, indices and partitions). The scan level mode to obtain the statistics is DEFAULT or NULL (that is, equivalent to LIMITED), which is the fastest mode and scans the smallest number of pages.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency - Every SUN

 Table 1-42
 Index/Table Fragmentation Metrics

Metric	Description
Database ID (key column)	Database ID number
Object ID (key column)	Object ID number
Index ID (key column)	Index ID number
Partition Number (key column)	Partition number
Index Type Description (key column)	Index type description, such as CLUSTERED INDEX, and HEAP.
Allocation Unit type Description	 Description of the allocation unit type: IN_ROW_DATA LOB_DATA ROW_OVERFLOW_DAT The LOB_DATA allocation unit contains the data that is stored in columns of type text, ntext, image, varchar(max), nvarchar(max), varbinary(max), and xml. For more information, see Data Types (Transact-SQL). The ROW_OVERFLOW_DATA allocation unit contains the data that is stored in columns of type varchar(n), nvarchar(n), varbinary(n), and sql_variant that have been pushed off-row. For more information, see Row-Overflow Data Exceeding 8 KB.

Metric	Description
Number of Index levels	1 = Heap, or LOB_DATA or ROW_OVERFLOW_DATA allocation unit.
Current Level of Index	Zero for index leaf levels, heaps, and LOB_DATA or ROW_OVERFLOW_DATA allocation units.
	Greater than zero for nonleaf index levels. index_level will be the highest at the root level of an index.
	The nonleaf levels of indexes are only processed when mode = DETAILED.
Average Fragmentation in Percent	Logical fragmentation for indexes, or extent fragmentation for heaps in the IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit. The value is measured as a percentage and takes into account multiple files. For definitions of logical and extent fragmentation, see Remarks.
	Zero for LOB_DATA and ROW_OVERFLOW_DATA allocation units.
	NULL for heaps when mode = SAMPLED.
	Upload Frequency - After every sample.
	Alert Text - Average fragmentation for %indexid% is %avg_fragmentation_in_percent%%% where Database ID is %database_id%, Object ID is %object_id% ,Index ID is %index_id %,Partition Number is %partition_number% and Index type Description is %index_type_desc%. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%% %) or critical (%critical_threshold%%%) threshold.
	Multiple Thresholds - For this metric you can set different warning and critical threshold values for each unique combination of "Database ID", " Object ID", "Index ID", "Partition Number", and "Index type Description "objects.
	If warning or critical threshold values are currently set for any unique combination of "Database ID", "Object ID", "Index ID", "Partition Number ", and "Index type Description "objects, those thresholds can be viewed on the Metric Detail page for this metric.
	To specify or change warning or critical threshold values for each unique combination of "Database ID", "Object ID", "Index ID", "Partition Number", and "Index type Description" objects, use the Edit Thresholds page.
Number of fragments in the leaf level	Number of fragments in the leaf level of an IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit. For more information about fragments, see Remarks. NULL for nonleaf levels of an index, and LOB_DATA or ROW_OVERFLOW_DATA allocation units.
	NULL for heaps when mode = SAMPLED.
Average number of pages in one fragment	Average number of pages in one fragment in the leaf level of an IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit.
	NULL for nonleaf levels of an index, and LOB_DATA or
	ROW_OVERFLOW_DATA allocation units. NULL for heaps when mode = SAMPLED.
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Table 1-42 (Cont.) Index/Table Fragmentation Metrics

Metric	Description
Total number of index or data pages	For an index, the total number of index pages in the current level of the b- tree in the IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit.
	For a heap, the total number of data pages in the IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit.
	For LOB_DATA or ROW_OVERFLOW_DATA allocation units, total number of pages in the allocation unit.
Average(%) of available data	Average percentage of available data storage space used in all pages.
storage space used	For an index, average applies to the current level of the b-tree in the IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit.
	For a heap, the average of all data pages in the IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit.
	For LOB_DATA or ROW_OVERFLOW DATA allocation units, the average of all pages in the allocation unit.
	NULL when mode = LIMITED.
	Upload Frequency - After every sample.
	Alert Text - Average percentage of available data storage space used in all pages for %indexid% is %avg_page_space_used_in_percent%%% where Database ID is %database_id%, Object ID is %object_id%, Partition Number is %partition_number% and Index type Description is %index_type_desc%.It has fallen below warning (%warning_threshold% %%) or critical (%critical_threshold%%%) threshold.
	Multiple Thresholds - For this metric you can set different warning and critical threshold values for each unique combiation of "Database ID", "Object ID", "Index ID", "Partition Number", and "Index type Description " objects.
	If warning or critical threshold values are currently set for any unique combination of "Database ID", "Object ID", "Index ID", "Partition Number", and "Index type Description" objects, those thresholds can be viewed on the Metric Detail page for this metric.
	To specify or change warning or critical threshold values for each unique combination of "Database ID", " Object ID ", " Index ID ", "Partition Number", and "Index type Description" objects, use the Edit Thresholds page.
Total number of records	Total number of records. For an index, total number of records applies to the current level of the b-tree in the IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit. For a heap, the total number of records in the IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit.
	Note : For a heap, the number of records returned from this function might not match the number of rows that are returned by running a SELECT COUNT(*) against the heap. This is because a row may contain multiple records. For example, under some update situations, a single heap row may have a forwarding record and a forwarded record as a result of the update operation. Also, most large LOB rows are split into multiple records in LOB_DATA storage.
	For LOB_DATA or ROW_OVERFLOW_DATA allocation units, the total number of records in the complete allocation unit. NULL when mode = LIMITED.

Table 1-42 (Cont.) Index/Table Fragmentation Metrics

Metric	Description
Number of ghost records ready for removal	Number of ghost records ready for removal by the ghost cleanup task in the allocation unit. Zero for nonleaf levels of an index in the IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit. NULL when mode = LIMITED.
Number of ghost records retained in an allocation unit	Number of ghost records retained by an outstanding snapshot isolation transaction in an allocation unit. Zero for nonleaf levels of an index in the IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit. NULL when mode = LIMITED.
Minimum record size in bytes	For an index, minimum record size applies to the current level of the b- tree in the IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit. For a heap, the minimum record size in the IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit. For LOB_DATA or ROW_OVERFLOW_DATA allocation units, the minimum record size in the complete allocation unit. NULL when mode = LIMITED.
Maximum record size in bytes	For an index, the maximum record size applies to the current level of the b-tree in the IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit. For a heap, the maximum record size in the IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit. For LOB_DATA or ROW_OVERFLOW_DATA allocation units, the maximum record size in the complete allocation unit. NULL when mode = LIMITED.
Average record size in bytes	For an index, the average record size applies to the current level of the b- tree in the IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit. For a heap, the average record size in the IN_ROW_DATA allocation unit. For LOB_DATA or ROW_OVERFLOW_DATA allocation units, the average record size in the complete allocation unit. NULL when mode = LIMITED.
Number of records in a heap that have forward pointers	Number of records in a heap that have forward pointers to another data location. (This state occurs during an update, when there is not enough room to store the new row in the original location.) NULL for any allocation unit other than the IN_ROW_DATA allocation units for a heap. NULL for heaps when mode = LIMITED.
Database Name	The name of the database.
Object Name	The name of the object.
Index Name	The name of the index.

Table 1-42 (Cont.) Index/Table Fragmentation Metrics

1.35 Index Usage

This metric category provides information about index operations.

Metric	Description
Database Name	Name of the database.
Database ID	Database identifier
Table or View Name	Name of the table or view.
Table or View ID	Identifier of the table or view.
Index Name	Name of the index.
User Seeks per second	User Seeks per second.
User Scans per second	User Scans per second
User Lookups per second	User Lookups per second
User Updates per second	User Updates per second
System Seeks per second	System Seeks per second
System Scans per second	System Scans per second
System Lookups per second	System Lookups per second
System Updates per second	System Updates per second
Total Operations per second	Total Operations per second

Table 1-43Index Usage Metrics

1.36 Last Database Backup

The metrics in this category provide the last data or incremental backup information for all databases.

Default Collection Interval — Every 24 hours

Metric	Description
Database_name (key column)	Name of the database.
Days Since Last Backup	Date when the last data or incremental backup of the database was initiated.
Last Backup Date	Date when the last backup of the database was initiated.
Last Backup Type	Whether the last backup was a data (full) or incremental backup.

1.37 Latches

The metrics in this category provide counters to monitor latches.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency — Every 15 Minutes

Table 1-45	Latch Wait	Time Metrics
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Metric	Description
Latch Counter Name	Name of the latch counter

1.38 Latch Wait Time

The metrics in this category provide details about the average Latch Wait time. Evaluation and Collection Frequency — Every 15 Minutes

 Table 1-46
 Latch Wait Time Metrics

Metric	Description
Average Latch Wait Time (ms)	Average Latch Wait Time in milliseconds.

1.39 Login

The MSSQL_Login class represents the login authentication records present in a SQL Server installation.

Default Collection Interval — in real time

Table 1-47 Login Metrics

Metric	Description
Name (key column)	User name.
Туре	 Login type for the user: 0 — Other NT user authentication 1 — NT group 2 — SQL server authentication

1.40 Memory Manager

The Memory Manager object in Microsoft SQL Server provides counters that enable you to monitor overall server memory usage to gauge user activity and resource usage. This can help you identify performance bottlenecks.

1.40.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Table 1-48 Memory Manager Metrics

Metric	Description
Memory Manager Counter Name (key column)	Performance metric name. See Table 1-49.
Memory Manager Counter Value	Performance metric value.

The Memory Manager Counter Name key column contains several metrics. Table 1-49 provides a list of these metrics and a description for each.

Table 1-49 Memory Manager Counter Name Metrics

Metric	Description
Connection Memory (KB)	Total amount of dynamic memory the server is using for maintaining connections.
Granted Workspace Memory (KB)	Total amount of memory currently granted to executing processes such as hash, sort, bulk copy, and index creation operations.
Lock Memory (KB)	Total amount of dynamic memory the server is using for locks.
Lock Blocks Allocated	Current number of allocated lock blocks. At server startup, the number of allocated lock blocks plus the number of allocated lock owner blocks depends on the SQL Server Locks configuration option. If more lock blocks are needed, the value increases.
Lock Owner Blocks Allocated	Current number of allocated lock owner blocks. At server startup, the number of allocated lock owner blocks plus the number of allocated lock blocks depends on the SQL Server Locks configuration option. If more lock owner blocks are needed, the value increases dynamically.
Lock Blocks	Current number of lock blocks in use on the server (refreshed periodically). A lock block represents an individual locked resource, such as a table, page, or row.
Lock Owner Blocks	Number of lock owner blocks currently in use on the server (refreshed periodically). A lock owner block represents the ownership of a lock on an object by an individual thread. Therefore, if three threads each have a shared (S) lock on a page, there will be three lock owner blocks.
Maximum Workspace Memory (KB)	Maximum amount of memory available for executing processes such as hash, sort, bulk copy, and index creation operations.
Memory Grants Outstanding	Total number of processes per second that have successfully acquired a workspace memory grant.
Memory Grants Pending	Total number of processes per second waiting for a workspace memory grant.
Optimizer Memory (KB)	Total amount of dynamic memory the server is using for query optimization.
SQL Cache Memory (KB)	Total amount of dynamic memory the server is using for the dynamic SQL cache.
Target Server Memory (KB)	Total amount of dynamic memory the server is willing to consume.
Total Server Memory (KB)	Memory allocated to the SQL Server.

1.41 Memory Statistics

The metrics in this category provide information about various memory-related performance issues.

Metric	Description and User Action
Average Latch Wait Time (ms)	Average latch wait time in milliseconds for latch requests that had to wait. If this number is high, your server might have resource limitations.
Buffer Cache Hit Ratio (%)	Percentage of pages found in the buffer cache without having to read from disk. The ratio is the total number of cache hits divided by the total number of cache lookups since the SQL Server was started. After a long period of time, the ratio does not change very much. Because reading from the cache is much less expensive than reading from disk, this ratio should be high. Generally, you can increase the buffer cache hit ratio by increasing the amount of memory available to the SQL Server.
Cache Hit Ratio (%)	 Percentage of pages found in the cache without needing to read from disk. The ratio is the total number of cache hits divided by the total number of cache lookups since the SQL Server was started. After a long period of time, the ratio does not change very much. Because reading from the cache is less expensive than reading from disk, this ratio should be high. The higher this value is, the better. Generally, you can increase the cache hit ratio by increasing the amount of memory available to the SQL Server.
Log Flush Wait Time (ms)	Log cache is very important, because it rolls back a transaction before it is committed if the circumstances warrant. But after a transaction is complete (and no longer can be rolled back), this log cache is immediately flushed to the physical log file. This is a normal procedure.
	SELECT queries that do not modify data do not create transactions and do not produce log flushes. Essentially, a log flush occurs when data is written from the log cache to the physical log file. Therefore, a log flush occurs every time a transaction completes, and the number of log flushes that occur are related to the number of transactions performed by the SQL Server.
	One way to troubleshoot the disk I/O bottleneck is to capture the Log Flushes/sec counter data and see how busy this mechanism is. If the server experiences a lot of transactions, it will also experience a lot of log flushes, so the value you see for this counter can vary from server to server, depending on how busy it is with action-type queries that create transactions.
	Try to identify situations where the number of log flushes per second seems to be significantly higher than the expected number of transactions that you think should be running on a server.
Total Lock Wait Time (ms)	Total wait time in milliseconds for locks in the last second. If the value is high, your server has high resource contention.

Table 1-50 Memory Statistics Metrics

1.42 Memory Usage

This metric category provides information about how much memory is used by the server.

Table 1-51Memory Usage Metrics

Metric	Description
Server Memory (KB)	Amount of memory the server is using.

1.43 Mirroring Monitoring

This metric category provides information about a database mirroring session. You must launch the Microsoft Database Mirroring Monitor tool before this metric category can collect data. Because of this requirement, this metric category is disabled by default.

Metric	Description
Database Name	Name of the database.
Mirroring Role	Current role that the database plays in the database mirroring session.
Mirroring State	State of the mirror database and the database mirroring session.
Witness Status	Status of the witness in the database mirroring session.
Log Generation Rate (KB)	Rate of log generation in KB/s.
Unsent Log (KB)	Amount of unsent logs in KB.
Send Rate (KB/s)	Send rate in (KB/s)
Unrestored Log (KB)	Amount of unrestored logs in KB.
Recovery Rate (KB/s)	Recovery rate in KB/s
Transaction Delay (ms)	Length of a transaction delay in milliseconds
Transactions per second	Amount of transaction per second.
Average Transaction Delay	Average transaction delay.
Mirroring Role Description	Description of the mirroring role.
Mirroring State Description	Description of the mirroring state.
Witness Status Description	Description of the witness status.

Table 1-52 Mirroring Monitoring Metrics

1.44 Mirroring Statistics

This metric category provides statistics about the mirroring session.

Metric	Description
Mirroring Statistics Instance Name	Name of the mirroring instance.
Mirroring Statistics Counter Name	Name of the mirroring statistics counter
Mirroring Statistics Counter Value	Value of the mirroring statistics counter.

Table 1-53 Mirroring Statistics Metrics

1.45 Missing Indexes

This metric category leverages MSSQL Dynamic Management Views to get recommended indexes.

Table 1-54 Missing Indexes Metrics

Metric	Description
Database Name	Name of the database.
Database ID	Database identifier.
Fully Qualified Table Name	Available space for data file
Table ID	Table identifier.
Equality Columns	Columns that are queried when this index would be used.
Inequality Columns	Columns that are queried when this index would be used.
Included Columns	Columns often included in the result set when this index would be used.
Unique Compiles	Number of unique compiles.
Last User Seek Time	Time of the last user seek.
Last User Scan Time	Time of the last user scan.
Last System Seek Time	Time of the last system seek.
Last System Scan Time	Time of the last system scan.
Estimated Performance Benefit	Unitless measure of estimated benefit from this index. Useful only to compare to other recommended indexes.
Generated Index Name	Name generated based on table name and columns involved and included.
User Seeks per second	User Seeks per second
User Scans per second	User Scans per second
System Seeks per second	System Seeks per second
System Scans per second	System Scans per second

1.46 MSSQL Database File

The MSSQL_DatabaseFile class is an extension to the CIM_DataFile class. It contains properties that are relevant to an operating system file that is also a file storing SQL Server database data.

Table 1-55 MSSQL Database File Metrics

Metric	Description
Database File Name (key column)	User name.
Database Name (key column)	Name of the database.
FileGroup Name (key column)	Name of the File Group.
Database File Path	Complete path of the database file.
Datafile Free Space (MB)	Available space for data file
Datafile Used Space (MB)	Used space for data file
File Growth	Growth increment of the operating system file that stores table, index, or log data. When FileGrowthType is in megabytes, the FileGrowth value represents the number of megabytes of disk space to allocate for incremental file growth. When FileGrowthType is percent, the value represents a percentage and must be in the range from 1 through 100.
File Growth Type	 Method of incremental allocation applied when an operating system file is extended. 0 — Megabyte 1 — Percent 99 — Invalid
Maximum Size	Upper limit for the size of an operating system file containing table and index data, or maintaining a database transaction log.
Normalized (for autogrowth) Maximum File Size (MB)	Maximum file size of the database.
Primary File	Whether the database file is the one that maintains the database-specific system tables. A Microsoft SQL Server database can have only one primary file.
Space Available in MB	Amount of disk resources, in megabytes, allocated and unused in operating system files.
Database File Space Available (%)	Percentage of space available for the database file. If file autogrowth is enabled, the percentage of space available to the largest possible database file.
Size (MB)	Current size of the database file.

1.47 MSSQL File Group

The MSSQL_FileGroup class represents the groups of operating system files that store a database. A SQL Server filegroup categorizes the operating system files containing data from a single SQL Server database to simplify database administration tasks, such as a backup. A filegroup cannot contain the operating system files of more than one database, though a single database can contain more than one filegroup.

Default Collection Interval — in real time

Metric	Description
DatabaseName (key column)	Name of the database.
Filegroup Name (key column)	File Group name.
Default	Whether the file group is the default file group during table or index creation.
File Group Free Space (MB)	Available free space for file group.
File Group Used Space (MB)	Used space for file group.
Read Only	Whether the file group is read only.
Total Size of the File Group (in MB)	Total size of the file group in megabytes.
Туре	 File group type. A database is created on exactly one file group named PRIMARY. This is the primary file group. After database creation, you can add a file group to the database, called a user-defined file group. 0 — User-defined 8 — On read-only media 16 — Primary

 Table 1-56
 MSSQL File Group Metrics

1.48 MSSQL Transaction Log

The MSSQL_TransactionLog class represents the transaction log of a Microsoft SQL Server database. A SQL Server transaction log maintains a record of modifications to the operating system files containing the data of an SQL Server database. The transaction log provides data recovery assistance if a system failure occurs, and a SQL Server database has at least one operating system file that stores transaction log records. A transaction log can be written to more than one operating system file. Each SQL Server database maintains its own transaction log, and the operating system file or files that store log records cannot be shared with another database.

Metric	Description
Database Name (key column)	FileGroup name.
Size	Initial size of the database.

 Table 1-57
 MSSQL Transaction Log Metrics

Metric	Description
Last Backup	Time of the last backup.
Auto-growth Potential Space (MB)	Amount of disk space available for the log to grow into based on its autogrowth settings.
Transaction Log Space Available (%)	Percentage of space available in the database.
Unused Space (MB)	Unused space in the database.

Table 1-57 (Cont.) MSSQL Transaction Log Metrics

1.49 Processor

The Win32_Processor class represents a device that is capable of interpreting a sequence of machine instructions on a Win32 computer system. On a multiprocessor machine, one instance of this class exists for each processor.

Default Collection Interval — Every 15 minutes

Table 1-58 Processor Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Device (key column)	Device ID for the device.
CPU Status	Status of the CPU.
Load Percentage	Usage of the CPU. If the value increases above the critical threshold, this indicates a possible risk to the processor.

1.50 Response

This metrics category provide information about the response of the target SQL Server Instance.

Default Collection Interval — Every 5 minutes

Table 1-59 Response Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Process ID	Process ID of the SQL Server process.
Server Name	Name of the instance of the SQL Server.
Software Home	Path of the SQL Server process.
SQL Server Status	Status of the SQL Server process. When the status is not Running, the SQL Server must be started.

1.51 Server Statistics Metrics

The metrics in this category provide information about various server-related performance issues.

Default Collection Interval — Every 15 minutes

Metric	Description
CPU Busy Ratio	CPU utilization.
CPU ms	CPU busy time in milliseconds.
Errors / sec.	Packet error rate in seconds.
IDLE ms	CPU idle time in milliseconds.
IO ms	IO busy time in milliseconds.
Max Connections	Maximum number of connections.
Open Transactions	Total number of transactions.
Packet Error Ratio	The ratio of erroneous packets received to the number of packets received.
Packets Errors	Number of packet errors.
Packets Received	Number of received packets.
Packets Sent	Number of sent packets.
Reads / sec.	Packet read rate in seconds.
Total Errors	Total number of errors.
Total Reads	Total number of reads.
Total Writes	Total number of writes.
Writes / sec.	Packet write rate in seconds.

Table 1-60 Server Statistics Metrics

1.52 Space Usage

The metrics in this category provide information on how the space in each database is used.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency — Every 15 Minutes

Table 1-61 Space Usage Metrics

Metric	Description
Database Name	Name of the database.
Total Size of Database (MB)	Total size of the database.
Unallocated (MB)	Amount of unallocated space in the database.
Transaction Log Total Size (MB)	Total size of the transaction log.
Transaction Log Available (%)	Percent of the transaction log available.
Database File System Available (%)	Percent of the file system available.

Metric	Description
Primary Filegroup Available (%)	Percent of the primary filegroup available.
Data (MB)	Amount of space used by data.
Indexes (MB)	Amount of space used by indexes.
Reserved but Unused (MB)	Amount of space that is reserved, but not used yet.

Table 1-61 (Cont.) Space Usage Metrics

1.53 SQL Cluster Nodes Information

The metrics in this category provide details about the Windows cluster nodes.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency - Every 30 Minutes

Table 1-62 SQL Cluster Nodes Information Metrics

Metric	Description
Node Name	Name of the Windows cluster node.
Index	The name of an index.

1.54 SQL Cluster Number of Nodes

The metrics in this category provide the number of nodes in the cluster.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency - Every 30 Minutes

Metric	Description
Number of Nodes	Number of cluster nodes.

1.55 SQL Instance Statistics

This metric category provides statistics about the SQL instance. Evaluation and Collection Frequency — Every 60 Minutes

Table 1-64 SQL Instance Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
Combined Database File Size (MB)	Combined database file size of a SQL instance.
Number of databases	Number of databases on a SQL instance.

1.56 SQL Server Process Statistics

The metrics in this category provide the number of nodes in the cluster.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency - Every 15 Minutes

Metric	Description
Process Count	Number of processes.
Process State	Specifies whether the process is running or sleeping

Table 1-65 SQL Server Process Statistics Metrics

1.57 SQL Server Backups

The metrics in this category provide a list of backups that can be restored or deleted through the plug-in job process.

Metric	Description	
Backup File	Backup file with full path.	
Server Name	Server name.	
Database Name	Name of database that has been backed up	
Backup Finish Date	Backup finish date	
Backup Size (byte)	File size of backup	
Backup Type	 Type of back up. D = Database I = Database Differential L = Log F = File or Filegroup. 	
Media Set Id	Media set ID	
File Position	Position of database backup in backup file.	
Backup GUID	Unique identifier for the backup.	
Differential Base GUID	Unique identifier of the differential base.	

Table 1-66 SQL Server Backups Metrics

1.58 SQL Server Locks

The Locks object in Microsoft SQL Server provides information about SQL Server locks on individual resource types. Locks are held on SQL Server resources, such as rows read or modified during a transaction, to prevent concurrent use of resources by multiple transactions. For example, if an exclusive (X) lock is held on a row within a table by a transaction, no other transaction can modify that row until the lock is released. Minimizing locks increases concurrency, which can improve performance. Multiple instances of the Locks object can be monitored at the same time, with each instance representing a lock on a resource type.

1.58.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Metric	Description
SQL Server Locks Counter Name (key column)	Performance metric name. See Table 1-68.
SQL Server Locks Instance Name (key column)	Instance for the SQL Server Locks Counter Name.
SQL Server Locks Counter Value	Performance metric value.

 Table 1-67
 SQL Server Locks Metrics

The SQL Server Locks Counter Name key column contains several metrics. Table 1-68 provides a list of these metrics and a description for each.

Table 1-68	SQL Server Locks Counter Name Metrics

Metric	Description	
Average Wait Time (ms)	Average amount of wait time in milliseconds for each lock request that resulted in a wait.	
Average Wait Time Base	Denominator ("base") of a fraction that the performance counter Average Wait Time ratio represents.	
Lock Requests/sec	Number of new locks and lock conversions per second requested from the lock manager.	
Lock Timeouts/sec	Number of lock requests per second that timed out, including internal requests for NOWAIT locks.	
Lock Waits/sec	Number of lock requests per second that could not be satisfied immediately and required the caller to wait.	
Lock Wait Time (ms)	Total wait time in milliseconds for locks in the last second.	
Number of Deadlocks/sec	Number of lock requests per second that resulted in a deadlock.	

1.59 SQL Server Process

The MSSQL_Process class represents SQL Server processes. Note that these are not the same as an operating system's notion of a process. These are the processes identified by the SQL Server and assigned a SQL Server process ID by the SQL Server.

Metric	Description and User Action
Process Handle (key column)	Process ID.
Blocked Process ID	ID of a process being blocked by the process.
CPU Time (ms)	Cumulative CPU usage time of the process.
Client Name	Name of the client application.

Table 1-69 SQL Server Process Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action	
Command	Abbreviated indicator of the current command. When no command is current, it has a value of AWAITING COMMAND.	
Creation Date	Time that the process began executing.	
Database Name	Database currently being used by the process.	
Execution State	 Current operating condition of the process. Possible values are as shown: 0 — Unknown 1 — Other 2 — Ready 3 — Running 4 — Blocked 5 — Suspended Blocked 6 — Suspended Ready 	
Host Name	Name of the client workstation that started the SQL Server process.	
Login	Login used by the process to connect to the SQL Server.	
Memory Usage (pages)	Number of pages in the procedure cache that are currently allocated to this process. A negative number indicates that the process is freeing memory allocated by another process.	
Process State	Whether the process is running or sleeping.	
OS Level Thread ID	Identifier of the OS level thread.	

Table 1-69 (Cont.) SQL Server Process Metrics	Table 1-69	(Cont.) SQL	Server Process	Metrics
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1.60 SQL Server Role

The MSSQL_Role class represents a database role or a SQL Server role. Roles establish groups of users with similar security attributes. Permissions can be granted by role, simplifying security planning and administration.

Default Collection Interval — Real Time

 Table 1-70
 SQL Server Role Metrics

Metric	Description
Name	Role name.
Full Name	Descriptive title for the role.

1.61 SQL Statistics

The SQL Statistics object in the Microsoft SQL Server provides counters to monitor compilation and the type of requests sent to an instance of the SQL Server. Monitoring the number of query compilations and recompilations and the number of batches received by an instance of the SQL Server indicates how quickly the SQL Server is processing user queries and how effectively the query optimizer is processing the queries.

1.61.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Default Collection Interval — Every 10 minutes

 Table 1-71
 SQL Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
SQL Statistics Counter Name (key column)	Performance metric name. See Table 1-72.
SQL Statistics Counter Value (key column)	Performance metric value.

The SQL Statistics Counter Name key column contains several metrics. Table 1-72 provides a list of these metrics and a description for each.

Table 1-72 SQL Statistics Counter Name Metrics

Metric	Description
Auto-Param Attempts/sec	Number of auto-parameterization attempts per second. Total should be the sum of the failed, safe, and unsafe auto-parameterizations. Auto- parameterization occurs when the SQL Server attempts to reuse a cached plan for a previously executed query that is similar as the current query, but not exactly the same. For more information, see "Auto- parameterization" in the Microsoft SQL Server Introduction.
Batch Requests/sec	Number of Transact-SQL command batches received per second. This statistic is affected by all constraints (such as I/O, number of users, cache size, complexity of requests, and so forth). High batch requests mean good throughput. For more information, see "Batch Processing" in the Microsoft SQL Server Introduction.
Safe Auto-Params/sec	Number of safe auto-parameterization attempts per second.
SQL Compilations/sec	Number of SQL compilations per second. Indicates the number of times the compile code path is entered. Includes compiles due to recompiles. After SQL Server user activity is stable, this value should reach a steady state.
SQL Recompilations/sec	Number of SQL recompiles per second. Counts the number of times recompiles are triggered. Generally, the number of recompiles should be low.
Unsafe Auto-Params/sec	Number of unsafe auto-parameterization attempts per second. The table has characteristics that prevent the cached plan from being shared. These are designated as unsafe. The fewer of these that occur the better.

1.62 Top Queries by CPU Time Metrics

The metrics in this category provide details about the Top Queries by CPU Time.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency — Every 1 Hour

Metric	Description
Query Hash (key)	An MD5 hash of the query text.
Query	Text of the query.
Total CPU Time (ms)	Total amount of CPU time used by the query since the SQL Server service started.
CPU Time (ms) per Hour	Amount of CPU time used by the query per hour during the previous collection interval.

 Table 1-73
 Top Queries by CPU Time Metrics

1.63 Top Queries by Execution Count

The metrics in this category provide details about the top queries by execution count. Evaluation and Collection Frequency — Every 1 Hour

Metric	Description
Query Hash (key)	An MD5 hash of the query text.
Query	Text of the query.
Total Execution Count	Number of times the query has executed since the SQL Server service started.
Execution Count per Hour	Number of times the query was executed per hour during the previous collection interval.

Table 1-74 Top Queries by Execution Count Metrics

1.64 Top Queries by Total Blocked Time

The metrics in this category provide details about the top queries by total blocked time.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency - Every 1 Hour

Table 1-75 Top Queries by Total Blocked Time Metrics

Metric	Description
Query Hash (key)	An MD5 hash of the query text.
Query	Text of the query.
Total Blocked Time (ms)	Total amount of time the query has spent waiting for the CPU since the SQL Server service started.
Blocked Time (ms) per Hour	Amount of time the query spent waiting for the CPU per hour during the previous collection interval.

1.65 Top Sessions by CPU Utilization

The metrics in this category provide details about the Top Sessions by CPU Utilization.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency - Every 1 Hour

 Table 1-76
 Top Queries by Top Sessions by CPU Utilization Metrics

Metric	Description
Session ID (key)	SQL Server session ID.
Login Name	SQL Server login name.
Login Time	Time when the session was established
Session Status	Status of the session.
Total CPU Time (ms)	Total amount of CPU time used by the session since the SQL Server service started
CPU Time (ms) per Hour	Amount of CPU time used by the session per hour during the previous collection interval.

1.66 Top Sessions by Memory Utilization

The metrics in this category provide details about the Top Sessions by Memory Utilization.

Evaluation and Collection Frequency - Every 1 Hour

Table 1-77Top Sessions by Memory Utilization Metrics

Metric	Description
Session ID (key)	SQL Server session ID.
Login Name	SQL Server login name.
Login Time	Time when the session was established.
Session Status	Time when the session was established.
Memory Used (8 KB Pages)	Number of memory pages being used by this session at the collection time

1.67 User

The User object exposes the attributes of a single Microsoft SQL Server database user. Default Collection Interval — Real Time

Table 1-78 User Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
DatabaseName (key column)	Name of the database.

Metric	Description and User Action
Name (key column)	User name.
User Status	The status property is a string indicating the current status of the object. Various operational and non-operational statuses can be defined. Operational statuses are OK, Degraded, and Pred Fail. Pred Fail indicates that an element may be functioning properly but predicting a failure in the near future.
System Object	The SystemObject property indicates whether the object is owned by Microsoft. A value of True indicates that the object implementation is owned by Microsoft.

Table 1-78 (Cont.) User Metrics

1.68 Windows Cluster Name

The metrics in this category provide details about the Windows cluster.

1.68.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

Table 1-79 Windows Cluster Name Metrics

Metric	Description
Cluster Name (key column)	Name of the Windows cluster.
Cluster Server Name	Name of the cluster server.

1.69 Windows Cluster Nodes

The metrics in this category provide details about Windows cluster nodes.

1.69.1 For Microsoft SQL Server 2008/2012/2014/2016

Table 1-80 Windows Cluster Nodes Metrics

Metric	Description
Node Name (key column)	Name of the Windows cluster node.
Cluster Server Name	Name of the cluster server.
Node Status	Status of the node.

2

IBM DB2 Database Metrics

This chapter provides descriptions for all IBM DB2 Database metric categories, and tables list and describe associated metrics for each category. The tables also provide user actions if any of the metrics for a particular category support user actions. Shaded rows represent key columns for a particular category.

- Viewing Metrics
- Connections
- Database Manager Configuration Information
- Health Indicators/Alarms
- Monitoring Information
- Performance
- Response
- Detailed Response
- Storage Information
- System Configuration Information
- DB2 Diag Log File Monitoring
- HADR Status Metrics
- Top Statements by CPU Time Metrics
- Top Statements by Execution Count Metrics
- Lock Waits Metrics
- Lock Waits by Table Metrics
- Lock Waits by Blocked Application Metrics
- Lock Waits by Blocking Application Metrics

2.1 Viewing Metrics

To view the configuration metrics within the plug-in, navigate to the Last Collected configuration metrics page by selecting **Configuration**, then **Last Collected** from **IBM DB2**.

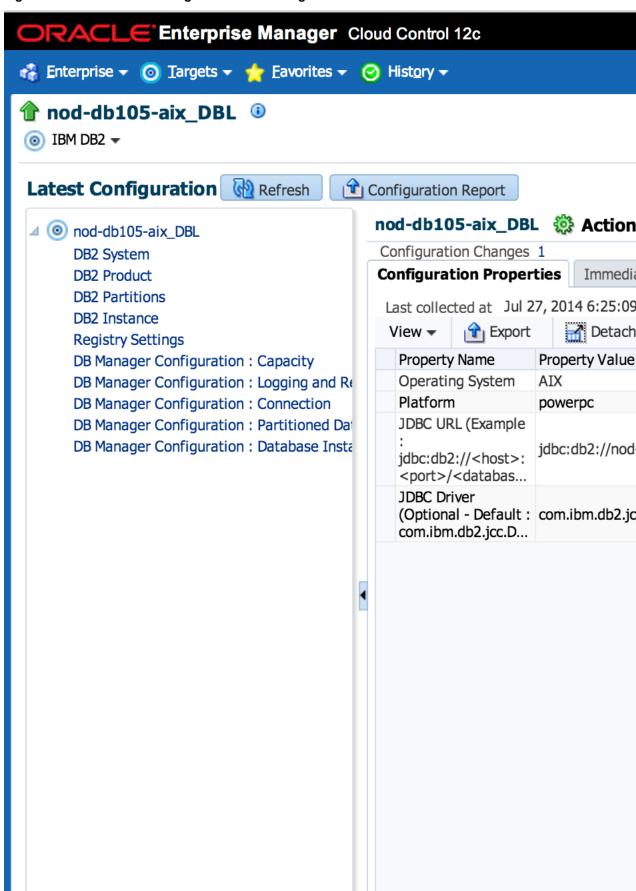
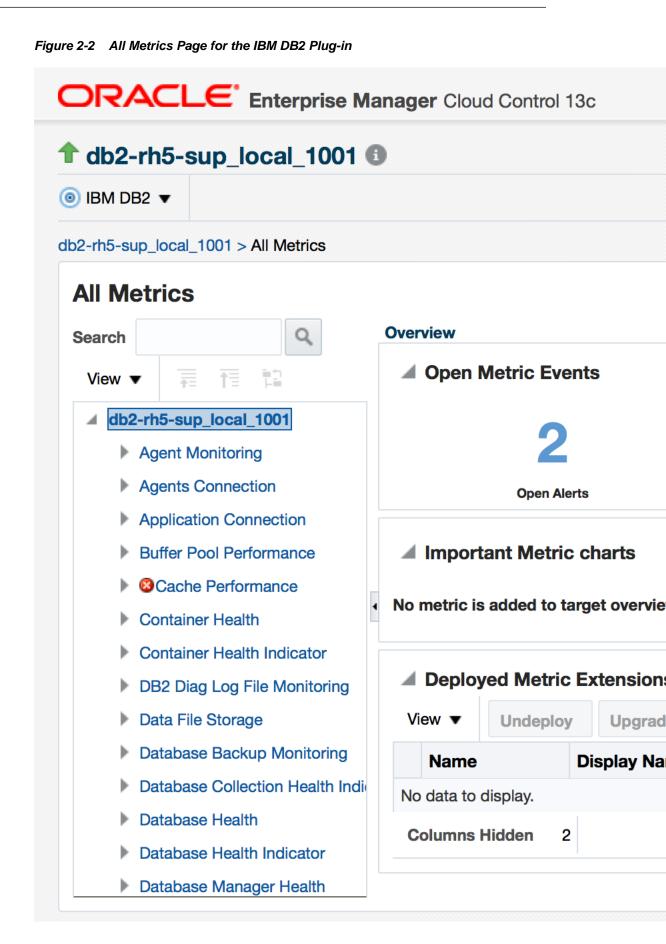


Figure 2-1 Last Collected Page for IBM DB2 Plug-in

To view the performance and status metrics within the plug-in, navigate to the plug-in's All Metrics page by selecting **Monitoring**, then **All Metrics** from **IBM DB2**.



2.2 Connections

Connections metrics provide the connection details for the database at the agent level and at the Database Manager level. Connections metrics consist of the following categories:

- Agents Connection
- Application Connection

2.2.1 Agents Connection

The metrics in this category return the agent connection statistics, including the configured values and the current parameter values at the database manager snapshot level.

Metric	Description and User Action
Agent Created Due to Empty Pool	Number of agents created due to an empty pool.
Agent Creation Rate	Creation rate for agents in the last interval, which equals: (agents_created_empty_pool-agents_created_empty_pool)/interval Increase the value of the configuration parameter agents_created_empty_pool.
Agent Creation to Assignment Ratio	Creation to assignment ratio, which equals: (agents_created_empty_pool /agents_from_pool) Increase the value of the configuration parameter agents_from_pool.
Agent Limit	Number of agents the database manager can create.
Agent Waiting Top	Maximum number of agents that have waited.
Agents Assignment Rate	Assignment rate for agents in the last interval, which equals: (agents_from_pool-agents_from_pool) /interval Increase the value of the configuration parameter agents_from_pool.
Agents Registered	Number of registered agents.
Agents Waiting on Token	Number of agents waiting on a token.
Coordination Agents Top	Maximum number of coordination agents.
Idle Agents	Number of idle agents.
Maximum Agents Registered	Maximum number of registered agents.
Maximum Coordination Agents	Maximum number of coordination agents the database has created.
Pool Agents	Number of agents from the pool.

Table 2-1 Agents Connection Metrics

2.2.2 Application Connection

The metrics in this category return the current connection information at both the database and database manager snapshot level, including the number of active connections.

Default Collection Interval - Every 15 minutes

Table 2-2 Application Connection Metrics

Metric	Description
Active Applications	Number of active applications.
Active Local Connections	Number of active local connections.
Active Remote Connections	Number of active remote connections.
Applications Connected	Number of applications connected.
Database Name (key column)	Name of the database
Remote Connections	Current number of connections initiated from remote clients to the instance of the database manager that is being monitored.
Local Connections	Number of local applications currently connected to a database within the database instance being monitored.
Total Connections	Total number of connections.

2.3 Database Manager Configuration Information

Database Manager Configuration Information metrics describe a set of database manager configuration parameters. These values are of two types: in hard disk and in memory, which is the type presented here. Database Manager Configuration Information metrics consist of the following categories:

- Capacity
- Connection
- Database Instance
- Logging and Recovery
- Partitioned Database Environment

2.3.1 Capacity

The metrics in this category return the database manager capacity configuration parameters that can impact the throughput on your system.

- Table Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBMCAP
- View Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBMCAP_VIEW

Default Collection Interval - Every 24 hours

Metric	Description
Application Support Layer Size	The application support layer heap represents a communication buffer between the local application and its associated agent.
Database System Monitor Heap Size	Determines the amount of memory, in pages, to allocate for database monitor data.
Audit Buffer Size	Specifies the size of the buffer used when auditing the database.
Maximum Java Interpreter Heap Size	Determines the maximum size of the heap used by the Java interpreter started to service Java DB2 stored procedures and UDFs.
Maximum Total Files Open	Defines the maximum number of files that can be opened by all agents and other threads executing in a single database manager instance.
Priority of Agents	Controls the priority the operating system scheduler gives to all agents and other database manager instance processes and threads.
Maximum Number of Agents	Indicates the maximum number of database manager agents, whether coordinator agents or subagents, available at any given time to accept application requests.
Maximum Number of Concurrent Agents	Maximum number of database manager agents that can concurrently execute a database manager transaction.
Agent Pool Size	Determines the maximum size of the idle agent pool.
Initial Number of Agents in Pool	Determines the initial number of idle agents created in the Agentpool at DB2START time.
Sort Heap Threshold	The size of the shared sort memory is statically predetermined at the time of the first connection to a database based on the value of the sort heap threshold configuration parameter (sheapthreas).

Table 2-3 Capacity Metrics

2.3.2 Connection

The metrics in this category return the parameters that provide information about using DB2 in a client/server environment.

- Table Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBMCON
- View Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBMCON_VIEW

Default Collection Interval — Every 24 hours

Metric	Description
TCP/IP Service Name	Contains the name of the TCP/IP port that a database server uses to communicate to the client.
Search Discovery Communications Protocols	From an administration server perspective, this metric defines the search discovery managers started when DB2ADMIN starts.

Table 2-4Connection Metrics

2.3.3 Database Instance

The metrics in this category return the parameters that provide information about database manager instances.

- Table Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBMDBINST
- View Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBMDBINST_VIEW

Default Collection Interval — Every 24 hours

Metric	Description
Diagnostic Error Capture Level	Determines the type of diagnostic errors recorded in the db2diag.log file.
Diagnostic Directory Data Path	Enables you to specify the fully qualified path for DB2 diagnostic information.
Notify Level Raw	Specifies the type of administration notification messages written to the administration notification log.
Default Database System Monitor Switches	Unique metric that enables you to set several switches, each of which are internally represented by a bit of the metric.
Communications Bandwidth	Value calculated for the communications bandwidth in MB per second.
CPU Speed Raw	The CPU speed, in milliseconds per instruction, used by the SQL optimizer to estimate the cost of performing certain operations.
Maximum Number of Concurrently Active Databases	Specifies the number of local databases that can be concurrently active.
System Administration Authority Group Name	Defines the group name with SYSADM authority for the database manager instance.
Notify Level	 If notifylevel_raw equals: 0 — No messages 1 — Fatal or unrecoverable errors 2 — All Immediate action required messages 3 — All Important information (no immediate action required) Otherwise, All Informational messages.
CPU Speed	CPU speed in MIPs, which equals: 1/(cpuspeed_raw*1000)

Table 2-5 Database Instance Metrics

2.3.4 Logging and Recovery

The metrics in this category save the logging and recovery information. Recovering your environment can be very important to prevent the loss of critical data. A number of parameters are available to help you manage your environment and to ensure that you can adequately recover your data or transactions.

- Table Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBMLOGREC
- View Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBMLOGREC_VIEW

Default Collection Interval — Every 24 hours

Table 2-6 Logging and Recovery Metrics

Metric	Description
Transaction Manager Database Name	Identifies the name of the transaction manager (TM) database for each DB2 instance.
Transaction Resync Interval	Specifies the time interval in seconds for which a transaction manager (TM), resource manager (RM), or sync point manager (SPM) should retry the recovery of any outstanding transactions in doubt found in the TM, RM, or SPM.
Sync Point Manager Name	Identifies the name of the sync point manager (SPM) instance to the database manager.
Sync Point Manager Log File Size	Identifies the sync point manager (SPM) log file size in 4 KB pages.
Sync Point Manager Resync Agent Limit	Identifies the number of agents that can simultaneously perform resync operations.

2.3.5 Partitioned Database Environment

The metrics in this category return parameters about parallel operations and partitioned database environments.

- Table Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBMPARENV
- View Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBMPARENV_VIEW

Default Collection Interval — Every 24 hours

 Table 2-7
 Partitioned Database Environment Metrics

Metric	Description
Connection Elapsed Time	Specifies the number of seconds within which a TCP/IP connection is to be established between two database partition servers.
Number of FCM Buffers	Specifies the number of 4 KB buffers used for internal communications (messages) both among and within database servers.
Node Connection Retries	max_connretries specifies the number of connection retries that can be made to a database partition server.
Maximum Time Difference Among Nodes	Each database partition server has its own system clock. This metric specifies the maximum time difference, in minutes, that is permitted among the database partition servers listed in the node configuration file.
Start and Stop Timeout	Applicable only in a partitioned database environment.

2.4 Health Indicators/Alarms

Health Indicators/Alarms metrics return the health information and current values for all the snapshot levels of containers, tablespaces, databases and the Database Manager. Health Indicators/Alarms metrics consist of the following categories:

• Container Health Indicator

- Container Health
- Database Health Indicator
- Database Health
- Database Manager Health Indicator
- Database Manager Health
- Tablespace Health Indicator
- Tablespaces Health

2.4.1 Container Health Indicator

The metrics in this category return health indicator information for tablespace containers from a health snapshot of tablespaces in a database.

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

Metric	Description and User Action
Container Health Indicator Additional Info	Additional information present in the Container Health Indicator metrics.
Container Health Indicator Alert State	 State of the alert. If alert_state_raw equals: 1. Normal 2. Attention 3. Warning 4. Alarm A warning or alarm condition indicates that you should examine the Health Indicator Alert Type.
Container Name	Name of the container.
Health Indicator Alert Type	 Type of alert. If alert_state_raw equals: 3001 — Tablespace Container State 3002 — Tablespace Container Utilization
Health Indicator Identifier	Identifier for the alert.
Health Indicator Timestamp	Time when the alert was generated.
Health Indicator Value	Value for the alert.
Node Number	Node at which the alert was generated.
Snapshot Timestamp	Time when the query was executed.

Table 2-8 Container Health Indicator Metrics

2.4.2 Container Health

The metrics in this category return container information from a health snapshot of a database.

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

Table 2-9 Container Health Me	etrics
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Metric	Description and User Action
Container Name (key column)	Name of the container.
Tablespace Name (key column)	Name of the tablespace to which the container belongs.
Node Number	Node at which the container resides.
Container Rolled Up Alert State	If alert_state_raw equals: • 1 — Normal • 2 — Attention • 3 — Warning • 4 — Alarm
Snapshot Timestamp	Time when the query was executed.

2.4.3 Database Collection Health Indicator

The metrics in this category return container information from a health snapshot of a database.

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

Table 2-10 Database Collection Health Indicator Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Health Indicator Object Detail	Description of the object.
Health Indicator Object Name	Name of the object.
Health Indicator Object State	Severity of the alert.
Health Indicator Object State Detail	Type of alert state. A warning or alarm condition indicates that the Health Indicator Alert Type should be examined.

2.4.4 Database Health

The metrics in this category return information from a health snapshot of a database. Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

MetricDescription and User ActionDatabase Name (key column)Name of the database.Database PathPhysical path of the database.Logical Location of DatabaseLocation of the database with respect to the DBM.

 Table 2-11
 Database Health Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Database Rolled Up Alert State	If alert_state_raw equals: • 1 — Normal • 2 — Attention • 3 — Warning • 4 — Alarm A warning or alarm condition indicates there are one or more alerts on the database.
Database Alias	Alias name for the database.
Server Platform	Platform where the database is installed.
Snapshot Timestamp	Time when the query was executed.

Table 2-11 (Cont.) Database Health Metrics

2.4.5 Database Health Indicator

The metrics in this category return health indicator information from a health snapshot of a database.

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

Metric	Description and User Action
Health Indicator Identifier	Unique identifier for Health Indicator.
Database Health Indicator Alert State	If alert_state_raw equals: • 1 — Normal • 2 — Attention • 3 — Warning • 4 — Alarm A warning or alarm condition indicates that the Health Indicator Alert Type should be examined.
Health Indicator Alert Type	 If alert_state_raw equals: 3001 — Tablespace Container State 3002 — Tablespace Container Utilization
Health Indicator Timestamp	Time when the alert was generated.
Health Indicator Value	Value for the alert.
Snapshot Timestamp	Time when the query was executed.
Database Health Indicator Additional Info	Additional information present in the Database Health Indicator metrics.

 Table 2-12
 Database Health Indicator Metrics

2.4.6 Database Manager Health

The metrics in this category return information from a health snapshot of the DB2 Database Manager.

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

Metric	Description and User Action
Server Instance Name (key column)	Host name where DB2 is installed.
DB2 Startup Time	Time DB2 was last started.
Last Reset	Time DB2 was last reset.
Number of Nodes in DB2 Instance	Number of nodes in the DB2 instance.
Rolled up Alert State	 If alert_state_raw equals: 1 — Normal 2 — Attention 3 — Warning 4 — Alarm A warning or alarm condition indicates that the Health Indicator Alert Type should be examined.
Server Instance Name	Host name where DB2 is installed
Snapshot Timestamp	Time when the query was executed.

Table 2-13 Database Manager Health Metrics

2.4.7 Database Manager Health Indicator

The metrics in this category return health indicator information from a health snapshot of the DB2 Database Manager.

Metric	Description and User Action
Database Name (key column)	Name of the database.
DB Manager Health Indicator Additional Info	Additional information present in the DBM Health Indicator metrics.
DB Manager Health Indicator Alert State	If alert_state_raw equals: • 1 — Normal • 2 — Attention • 3 — Warning • 4 — Alarm A warning or alarm condition indicates there are one or more alerts on the database.
Health Indicator Alert Type	If alert_state_raw equals: • 3001 — Tablespace Container State • 3002 — Tablespace Container Utilization
Health Indicator Identifier	Identifier for the alert.
Health Indicator Timestamp	Time when the alert was generated.

 Table 2-14
 Database Manager Health Indicator Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Health Indicator Value	Value for the alert.
Server Instance Name	Host name where DB2 is installed.
Snapshot Timestamp	Time when the query was executed.
Additional Information	Additional information present in the DBM Health Indicator metrics.

Table 2-14 (Cont.) Database Manager Health Indicator Metrics

2.4.8 Tablespaces Health

The metrics in this category return health indicator information for tablespaces from a health snapshot of tablespaces in a database.

Default Collection Interval - Every 30 minutes

Table 2-15 Tablespaces Health Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Tablespace Name (key column)	Name of the tablespace.
Tablespace Rolled Up Alert State	If alert_state_raw equals: • 1 — Normal • 2 — Attention • 3 — Warning • 4 — Alarm
Snapshot Timestamp	Time when the query was executed.

2.4.9 Tablespace Health Indicator

The metrics in this category return health indicator information for tablespaces from a health snapshot of tablespaces in a database.

 Table 2-16
 Tablespace Health Indicator Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Tablespace Name (key column)	Name of the tablespace.
Tablespace Health Indicator Alert State	If alert_state_raw equals: • 1 — Normal • 2 — Attention • 3 — Warning • 4 — Alarm
Health Indicator Alert Type	If alert_state_raw equals: • 3001 — Tablespace Container State • 3002 — Tablespace Container Utilization
Health Indicator Identifier	Identifier for the alert.

Metric	Description and User Action
Health Indicator Timestamp	Time when the alert was generated.
Health Indicator Value	Value for the alert.
Snapshot Timestamp	Time when the query was executed.
Tablespace Health Indicator Additional Info	Additional information present in the Tablespace Health Indicator metrics.

Table 2-16 (Cont.) Tablespace Health Indicator Metrics

2.5 Monitoring Information

Monitoring Information metrics capture the monitoring information for the database, including general monitoring information, monitored values of the Agent, and monitored values of the database. Monitoring Information metrics consist of the following categories:

- Agent Monitoring
- Database Monitoring
- Database Backup Monitoring
- General Monitoring

2.5.1 Agent Monitoring

The metrics in this category return information about Agents from an application snapshot.

Metric	Description and User Action
Agent Cpu Utilization (%)	Total CPU utilization, which is equal to: Agent_total_cpu_timeAgent_total_cpu_time)/1000)/interval)*100
Agent Identifier	Unique ID for each Agent.
Application Average Lock Wait Time (ms)	The average waiting time for locks, which equals: lock_wait_time / lock_wait If the average lock wait time is high, you should look for applications that hold many locks, or have lock escalations, with a focus on tuning your applications to improve concurrency, if appropriate. If escalations are causing a high average lock wait time, the values of one or both of the locklist and maxlocks configuration parameters may be too low.
Application Commit SQL Statements Rate	Commit SQL statements reading rate, which equals: commit_sql_stmtscommit_sql_stmts /interval You can set the required value for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.

Table 2-17 Agent Monitoring Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action	
Application Dynamic SQL Statements Rate	Dynamic SQL statements reading rate, which equals: dynamic_sql_stmtsdynamic_sql_stmts /interval You can set the required value for the warning and critical thresholds t monitor any adverse conditions.	
Application Failed SQL Statements Rate	Failed SQL statements reading rate, which equals: failed_sql_stmtsfailed_sql_stmts/interval You can set the required value for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.	
Application Identifier	Unique ID for each application.	
Application Name	Name of the application.	
Application Priority	Priority of Agents working for this application.	
Application Rollback SQL Statements Rate	Rollback SQL statements reading rate, which equals: rollback_sql_stmtsrollback_sql_stmts/interval You can set the required value for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.	
Application Row Reading Rate	Rows reading rate in the last interval, which equals: rows_read - rows_read)/interval You can set the required value for the warning and critical thresholds monitor any adverse conditions.	
Application Row Writing Rate	Rows writing rate in the last interval, which equals: rows_written - rows_written)/interval You can set the required value for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.	
Application Static SQL Statements Rate	Static SQL statements reading rate, which equals: static_sql_stmtsstatic_sql_stmts /interval You can set the required value for the warning and critical thresholds t monitor any adverse conditions.	
Application Status	Status of the application corresponding to the value of application_status_raw.	
Authorization ID	Authorization ID of the user who invoked the application being monitored. On a DDCS gateway node, this is the user's authorization ID on the host.	
Client Database Alias	Alias of the database provided by the application to connect to the database.	
Client Name	Name of the Client for the database.	
Client Node Number	client_nname in the database manager configuration file at the client node.	
Commit SQL Statements	Number of commit SQL statements.	

 Table 2-17 (Cont.) Agent Monitoring Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action	
Coordinator Agent Process Identifier	Process ID (UNIX systems) or thread ID (Windows systems) of the coordinator Agent for the application.	
Dynamic SQL Statements	Number of dynamic SQL statements.	
Execution Identifier	ID that the user specified when logging in to the operating system. This ID is distinct from the Authorization ID, which the user specifies when connecting to the database.	
Failed SQL Statements	Number of failed SQL statements.	
Host CPU Usage Per Sec (%)	Ratio of CPU time utilized in the last interval, which equals:	
	elapsed_exec_time_ms - elapsed_exec_time_ms /interval	
	You can set the required value for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.	
IO Waits	IO wait time.	
Number of Applications Waiting on Locks	Total number of applications that are currently waiting on locks.	
Number of Deadlocks	Total number of deadlocks that have occurred.	
Number of Exclusive Lock Escalations	Number of exclusive lock escalations.	
Number of Lock Escalations	Number of lock escalations.	
Number of Locks Held	Number of locks currently held by an application.	
Number of Lock Timeouts	Number of lock timeouts for the application.	
Number of Lock Waits	Number of times the application waited for locks.	
Number of Rows Read	Total number of rows read.	
Number of Rows Written	Total number of rows written.	
Number of Sorts	Number of sorts performed by the statement.	
Rollback SQL Statements	Number of rollback SQL statements.	
Statement Average Sort Time (ms)	Average sort time per sort for the statement, which equals: stmt_sorts/total_sort_time	
Statement Rows Read	Total number of statement rows read	
Statement Rows Written	Total number of statement rows written.	
Statement Operation	Statement operation value.	
Statement Start Time	Start time of the statement.	
Statement Text	Whole query or the statement executed.	

Table 2-17 (Cont.) Agent Monitoring Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action	
Statement Total Sort Time (ms)	Total time used for statement sorting.	
Statement Total Sorts	Total number of sorts.	
Statement Type	Number of requests to perform a direct write of one or more sectors of data.	
Static SQL Statements	Number of static SQL statements.	
System-CPU Time Used by Agent (ms)	Total system time used by DBM for processing by the Management Agent.	
System-CPU Time Used by Statement (ms)	Total system time used by DBM for processing by the statement.	
Total CPU Time Used Statement (ms)	Total CPU time, which equals: stmt_usr_cpu_time + stmt_sys_cpu_time	
Total CPU Time Used by Agent (ms)	Total CPU time, which equals: agent_usr_cpu_time + agent_sys_cpu_time	
Total Elapsed Execution Time (ms)	Sum of the host execution times (in milliseconds) for all the statements that were executed for a particular application.	
Total Idle Time (ms)	Time spent idle for an application.	
Total Lock Wait Time (ms)	Total time the application waited for locks.	
Total Sort Time	Total time used for sorting.	
User-CPU Time Used by Agent (ms)	Total user time used by DBM for processing by the Agent.	
User-CPU Time Used by Statement (ms)	Total user time used by DBM for processing by a Statement.	
Statement Hash	Hash of the SQL statement text.	

Table 2-17 (Cont.) Agent Monitoring Metrics

2.5.2 Database Monitoring

The metrics in this category return snapshot information from the database and detail_log logical data groups.

Metric	Description
Database Name (key column)	Real name of the database for which information is collected or to which the application is connected. This is the name the database was given when created.
Allocated Database Size (Bytes)	Capacity of the database. (Not available in partitioned databases.)

Table 2-18Database Monitoring Metrics

Metric	Description		
Commit SQL Statements	Number of applications waiting for a lock on an object in the database. Number of commit SQL statements.		
Database Average Lock Wait Time (ms)	Average waiting time for locks, which equals: lock_wait_time/lock_wait High wait for an application can mean that the application is degrading performance.		
Number of Applications Waiting on Locks	Number of applications waiting for a lock on an object in the database.		
Database Commit SQL Statements Rate	Commit SQL statement reading rate, which equals: commit_sql_stmtscommit_sql_stmts/interval The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.		
Database Connection Time	Last time the database was connected.		
Database Dynamic SQL Statements Rate	Dynamic SQL statement reading rate, which equals: dynamic_sql_stmtsdynamic_sql_stmts/interval The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.		
Database Failed SQL Statements Rate	Failed SQL statement reading rate, which equals: failed_sql_stmtsfailed_sql_stmts/interval The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.		
Logical Location of Database	Location of the database. • Local — if db_location_raw = 0 • Remote — if db_location_raw = 1		
Physical Disk Location of Database	Physical disk location of the database.		
Database Rollback SQL Statements Rate	Rollback SQL statement reading rate, which equals: rollback_sql_stmtsrollback_sql_stmts/interval The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.		
Current Database Size (Bytes)	Size of the database in bytes.		
Database Space Utilization (%)	Total percentage space utilization in the database, which equals: (db_size/db_capacity) *100		
Database Static SQL Statements Rate	Static SQL statement reading rate, which equals: static_sql_stmtsstatic_sql_stmts /interval The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.		
Database Status	Status of the database.		

Table 2-18 (Cont.) Database Monitoring Metrics

Metric	Description	
Database Deadlock Rate (per sec)	Rate of deadlocks, which equals: (deadlocksdeadlocks)/_interval The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.	
Dynamic SQL Statements	Number of dynamic SQL statements.	
Database Exclusive Lock Escalation Rate (per sec)	Rate of exclusive lock escalations, which equals: (x_lock_escalsx_lock_escals)/interval The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.	
Number of Exclusive Lock Escalations	Number of exclusive lock escalations.	
Failed SQL Statements	Number of failed SQL statements.	
Server Instance Name	Name of the database manager instance for which the snapshot was taken.	
Database Internal Deadlock Rollback Rate (per sec)	Rate of internal deadlock rollbacks, which equals: (int_deadlock_rollbacksint_deadlock_rollbacks) /interval The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.	
Number of Lock Escalations	Number of lock escalations.	
Database Lock Escalation Rate (per sec)	Rate of lock escalations, which equals: (lock_escalslock_escals)/interval The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.	
Number of Lock Timeouts	Number of lock timeouts for the application.	
Database Lock Timeouts Rate (per sec)	Rate of lock timeouts. The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.	
Number of Locks Held	Number of locks currently held by an application.	
Number of Active Current Connections	Total number of active connections in the database.	
Number of Current Connections	Total number of currently connected applications.	
Number of Deadlocks	Total number of deadlocks that have occurred.	
Number of Internal Rollbacks	Total number of internal deadlock rollbacks.	
Number of Lock Waits	Number of times the application waited for locks.	

Table 2-18	(Cont.)	Database	Monitoring	Metrics
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Metric	Description
Database Percentage of Applications Wating on Locks (%)	Ratio of applications waiting on locks, which equals: (locks_waiting /appls_cur_cons)*100 If a large number of applications are waiting on locks, this indicates a possible performance degradation.
Rollback SQL Statements	Number of rollback SQL statements.
Static SQL Statements	Number of static SQL statements.
Total Lock Wait Time (ms)	Total time the application waited for locks.
Lock List in Use	Total lock list memory in use.
Last Reset	Time DB2 was last reset.

Table 2-18 (Cont.) Database Monitoring Metrics

2.5.3 Database Backup Monitoring

The metrics in this category provide information about the last database backup. Default Collection Interval — Every 2 hours

 Table 2-19
 Database Backup Monitoring Metrics

Metric	Description
Database Name (key column)	Real name of the database for which information is collected or to which the application is connected. This is the name the database was given when created.
Server Instance Name	Name of the database manager instance for which the snapshot was taken.
Last Backup Timestamp	Last backup of the database.
Days Since Last Backup	Amount of days since the last database backup.

2.5.4 General Monitoring

The metrics in this category provide basic information about the status of the databases and some of the important configuration values.

Metric	Description and User Action
DB2 Start Time	Date and time that the database manager was started using the db2start command.
Registered Agents	Number of Agents registered in the DBM instance that is being monitored.
Communication Private Memory	Amount of communication private memory.

Table 2-20 General Monitoring Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Allocated Sort Heap Memory	Amount of memory allocated to sort heap.
Sort Heap Threshold (in 4 KB Pages)	Maximum number of private memory pages to be used for private sorts, or the maximum number of shared memory pages to be used for shared sorts. If the sort is a private sort, this parameter affects Agent private memory. If the sort is a shared sort, this parameter affects the database shared memory.
	Each sort has a separate sort heap that is allocated as needed by the Database Manager. This sort heap is the area where data is sorted. If directed by the optimizer, a smaller sort heap than the one specified by this metric is allocated using information provided by the optimizer.
DB2 Status	 Status of the DB2 instance. If DB2 status equals: 0 — Active 1 — Quiesce Pending 2 — Quiesced
Sort Heap Utilization (%)	Sort heap utilization, which equals: sort_heap_allocated / sortheap_threshold *100 Increase the value of the sort heap threshold configuration parameter, sheapthres.

Table 2-20 (Cont.) General Monitoring Metrics

2.6 Performance

Performance metrics provide information regarding the performance at various snapshot levels. Performance metrics consist of the following categories:

- IO Agents Performance
- Database Performance
- Bufferpool Performance
- Cache Performance
- Log IO Performance
- Memory Manager Performance
- SortHeap Performance
- Non-Buffered I/O Performance

2.6.1 IO Agents Performance

The metrics in this category provide performance metrics for the Agent at the application snapshot level.

Metric	Description and User Action
Database Name (key column)	Real name of the database for which information is collected or to which the application is connected. This is the name the database was given when created.
Cleans for Steals	Number of times a page cleaner was invoked because a synchronous write was needed during the victim buffer replacement for the database.
Cleans for Threshold	Number of times a page cleaner was invoked because a buffer pool had reached the dirty page threshold criterion for the database.

 Table 2-21
 IO Agents Performance Metrics

2.6.2 Database Performance

The metrics in this category provide performance metrics for all the bufferpools in the database.

Metric	Description and User Action
Database Name (key column)	Real name of the database for which information is collected or to which the application is connected. This is the name the database was given when created.
Average Data Write Rate	Pool data write rate, which equals: (pool_data_writes/pool_write_time)
Average Index Write Rate	Pool index write rate, which equals: (pool_index_writes/pool_write_time)
Average Page Read Rate	The rate equals: (pool_data_p_reads + pool_index_p_reads)/pool_read_time
Average Page Write Rate	The rate equals: (pool_data_writes + pool_index_writes)/pool_write_time
Database Buffer Pool Data Hit Ratio (%)	The ratio equals:((1-(pool_data_p_reads/pool_data_l_reads))*100))
Database Buffer Pool Hit Ratio (%)	The ratio equals: (1-((pool_data_p_reads + pool_index_p_reads)/ (pool_data_l_reads + pool_index_l_reads)))*100 The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.
Logical Data Read Rate	The rate equals: (pool_data_l_reads /pool_read_time)
Logical Index Read Rate	The rate equals: (pool_index_l_reads /pool_read_time)

Table 2-22 Database Performance Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Physical Data Read Rate	The rate equals: (pool_data_p_reads/pool_read_time)
Physical Index Read Rate	The rate equals: pool_index_p_reads/pool_read_time
Physical Data Reads	Number of read requests that required I/O to get data pages into the buffer pool.
Physical Index Reads	Number of physical read requests to get index pages into the buffer pool.
Pool Asynchronous Data Reads	Number of data pages read asynchronously to the buffer pool by prefetchers.
Pool Asynchronous Data Writes	Number of times a buffer pool data page was physically written to disk by either an asynchronous page cleaner or a prefetcher.
Pool Asynchronous Index Reads	Number of index pages read asynchronously to the buffer poll by prefetchers.
Pool Asynchronous Index Writes	Number of times a buffer pool index page was physically written to disk by either an asynchronous page cleaner or a prefetcher.
Pool Asynchronous Read Time (microseconds)	Number of times a buffer pool data page was physically read from disk by an asynchronous page prefetcher.
Pool Asynchronous Write Time (microseconds)	Number of times a buffer pool index page was physically written to disk by either an asynchronous page cleaner or prefetcher.
Pool Data Writes	Number of times the buffer pool data page was physically written to the disk.
Pool Index Writes	Number of times the buffer pool index page was physically written to the disk.
Logical Data Reads	This count includes accesses to data that is already in the buffer pool when the database manager needs to process the page and read into the buffer pool before the database manager can process the page.
Logical Index Reads	Indicates the number of logical read requests to get index pages into the buffer pool.
Pool Read Time (microseconds)	Provides the total amount of elapsed time spent processing read requests that caused data or index pages to be physically read from disk to buffer pool.
Pool Write Time (microseconds)	Total amount of time spent physically writing data or index pages from the buffer pool to disk.
Synchronous Data Read Rate	Total synchronous read rate, which equals: ((pool_read_time-pool_async_read_time == 0) ? 0 :((pool_data_p_ reads- pool_async_data_reads)/(pool_read_time-pool_async_read_time)))

Table 2-22 (Cont.) Database Performance Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Synchronous Data Write Rate	Pool data synchronous write rate, which equals: ((pool_data_writes - pool_async_data_writes)/(pool_write_time- pool_async_write_time))
Synchronous Index Read Rate	Index synchronous read rate, which equals: (pool_data_p_reads-pool_async_index_reads)/(pool_read_time- pool_async_read_time)
Synchronous Index Write Rate	Index synchronous write rate, which equals: ((pool_index_writes - pool_async_index_writes)/(pool_write_time- pool_async_write_time))

Table 2-22 (Cont.) Database Performance Metrics

2.6.3 Bufferpool Performance

The metrics in this category provide performance metrics for the individual bufferpools in the database.

Metric	Description and User Action
Buffer Pool Name (key column)	Name of the buffer pool.
Individual Buffer Pool Hit Ratio (%)	Buffer pool hit ratio, which equals:
	(1-((pool_data_p_reads + pool_index_p_reads)/ (pool_index_l_reads + pool_index_l_reads)))*100)
	The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.
Database Name	Real name of the database for which information is collected or to which the application is connected. This is the name the database was given when created.
Database Alias	Alias for the database.
Database Path	Physical location of the database.
Pool Asynchronous Data Reads	Number of data pages read asynchronously to the buffer poll by prefetchers.
Pool Asynchronous Index Reads	Number of index pages read asynchronously to the buffer poll by prefetchers.
Pool Asynchronous Index Writes	Number of times a buffer pool index page was physically written to disk by either an asynchronous page cleaner or prefetcher.
Pool Asynchronous Read Time (microseconds)	Number of times a buffer pool data page was physically read from disk by an asynchronous page prefetcher.
Pool Asynchronous Write Time (microseconds)	Number of times a buffer pool index page was physically written to disk by either an asynchronous page cleaner or prefetcher.

Table 2-23 Bufferpool Performance Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Pool Data Writes	Number of times the buffer pool data page was physically written to the disk.
Pool Index Writes	Number of times the buffer pool index page was physically written to the disk.
Logical Data Reads	This count includes accesses to data that is already in the buffer pool when the database manager needs to process the page and read into the buffer pool before the database manager can process the page.
Logical Index Reads	Indicates the number of logical read requests to put index pages into the buffer pool.
Physical Index Reads	Indicates the number of physical read requests to put index pages into the buffer pool.
Physical Data Reads	Number of read requests that required I/O to put data pages into the buffer pool.
Pool Read Time (microseconds)	Provides the total amount of elapsed time spent processing read requests that caused data or index pages to be physically read from the disk to the buffer pool.
Pool Write Time (microseconds)	Total amount of time spent physically writing data or index pages from the buffer pool to the disk.

Table 2-23 (Cont.) Bufferpool Performance Metrics

2.6.4 Cache Performance

The metrics in this category provide performance information for the package and the catalog cache of the database.

Metric **Description and User Action** Database Name (key column) Real name of the database for which information is collected or to which the application is connected. This is the name the database was given when created. Catalog Cache Hit Ratio (%) Catalog cache hit ratio, which equals: 1-(cat_cache_inserts / cat_cache_lookups))*100 The hit ratio is a percentage indicating how well the catalog cache is helping to avoid actual accesses to the catalog on disk. A high ratio indicates it is successful in avoiding actual disk I/O accesses. Catalogue Cache Heapfull The number of times that an insert into the catalog cache failed due to a heap-full condition in the database heap. Catalog Cache Inserts Number of inserts performed. The hit ratio is 1-(CCI/CCL). Catalog Cache Lookups Number of times the catalog cache was referenced to obtain table description information.

Table 2-24 Cache Performance Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Catalog Cache Overflows	Number of times that the catalog cache overflowed the bounds of its allocated memory.
Package Cache Hit Ratio (%)	Package cache hit ratio, which equals:
	1-(pkg_cache_inserts /pkg_cache_lookups))*100
	The hit ratio is a percentage indicating how well the package cache is helping to avoid reloading packages and sections for static SQL from the system catalogs as well as helping to avoid recompiling dynamic SQL statements. A high ratio indicates it is successful in avoiding these activities.
Package Cache Inserts	Number of inserts performed. The hit ratio is 1-(PCI/PCL).
Package Cache Lookups	Number of times the package cache was referenced to obtain a section or a package.
Package Cache Max Used (Bytes)	Largest size reached by the package cache.
Package Cache Overflows	Number of times that the package cache overflowed the bounds of its allocated memory.

Table 2-24 (Cont.) Cache Performance Metrics

2.6.5 Log IO Performance

The metrics in this category provide performance information for the log input and output including the number of reads and writes in the logs.

Default Collection Interval — Every 15 minutes

Table 2-25 Log IO Performance Metrics

Metric	Description
Database Name (key column)	Real name of the database for which information is collected or to which the application is connected. This is the name the database was given when created.
Cleans Logging Threshold	Number of times a page cleaner was invoked because the logging space used had reached a predefined criterion for the database.
Log Reads	Number of log reads.
Log Writes	Number of log writes.

2.6.6 Memory Manager Performance

The metrics in this category provide the values of the workspace provided and the locklist set in the database.

Metric	Description
Database Name (key column)	Real name of the database for which information is collected or to which the application is connected. This is the name the database was given when created.
Private Workspace Max Used	Largest size that can be reached by private workspace.
Shared Workspace Max Used	Largest size that can be reached by shared workspace.
Locklist Current Value	Current value for the total amount of lock list memory that is in use.

Table 2-26 Memory Manager Performance Metrics

2.6.7 SortHeap Performance

The metrics in this category display the various performance values associated with the sortheap.

Metric	Description and User Action
Database Name (key column)	Real name of the database for which information is collected or to which the application is connected. This is the name the database was given when created.
Active Sorts	Number of sorts in the database that currently have an allocated sort heap.
Average Active Sorts Rate	Rate of active sorts in the last interval, which equals:
	(active_sortsactive_sorts)/interval
	The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.
Average Hash Join Overflow Rate	Rate of hash join overflow in the last interval, which equals:
	(hash_join_overflowhash_join_overflow) /interval
	The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.
Average Hash Join Rate	Rate of hash joins in the last interval, which equals:
	(total_hash_joinstotal_hash_joins)/interval
	The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.
Average Hash Join Small Overflow	Rate of the small hash join overflow in the last interval, which equals:
Rate	(hash_join_small_overflowhash_join_small_overflow)/interval
	The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.
Average Hash Join Small Overflow Ratio	Ratio of the small hash join overflow.

 Table 2-27
 SortHeap Performance Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Average Hash Loops Rate	Rate of hash loops in the last interval, which equals: (total_hash_loopstotal_hash_loops)/interval The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.
Average Piped Sorts Rejected Rate	Rate of piped sorts rejection in the last interval, which equals: ((piped_sorts_requested-piped_sorts_accepted)-(_piped_sorts_requested- _piped_sorts_accepted)) /interval The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.
Average Post Threshold Joins Rate	Rate of post threshold joins in the last interval, which equals: (post_threshold_hash_joinspost_threshold _hash_joins)/interval The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.
Average Post Threshold Sorts Rate	Rate of post threshold sorts in the last interval, which equals: (post_threshold_sortspost_threshold_sorts) /interval The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.
Average Sort Heap Pages Used	Average sort heap space used, which equals: (sort_heap_allocated /active_sorts) The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.
Average Sort Time (ms)	Average time per sort, which equals: (total_sort_time/total_sorts) The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.
Average Sorts Overflow Rate	Rate of sort overflow in the last interval, which equals: (sort_overflowsort_overflow)/interval The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.
Average Sorts Overflow Ratio	Ratio of sort overflow.
Average Sorts Rate	Rate of sorts in the last interval, which equals: (total_sortstotal_sorts)/interval The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.
Piped Sorts Accepted	Number of piped sorts that have been accepted.
Piped Sorts Requested	Number of piped sorts that have been requested.
Post Threshold Hash Joins	Total number of times that a hash join heap request was limited due to concurrent use of shared or private sort heap space.

Table 2-27 (Cont.) SortHeap Performance Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Post Threshold Sorts	Number of sorts that have requested heaps after the sort heap threshold has been exceeded.
Sort Heap Pages Allocated	Total number of allocated pages of sort heap space for all sorts at the level chosen and at the time the snapshot was taken.
Sort Overflows	Total number of sorts than ran out of sort heap and may have required disk space for temporary storage.
Total Hash Join Overflows	Number of times that hash join data exceeded the available sort heap space.
Total Hash Join Small Overflow	Number of times that hash join data exceeded the available sort heap space by less than 10%.
Total Hash Joins	Total number of hash joins executed.
Total Hash Loops	Total number of hash loops executed.
Total Sorts	Number of sorts that have been executed.
Total Sort Time (ms)	Time spent in sorts.

Table 2-27 (Cont.) SortHeap Performance Metrics

2.6.8 Non-Buffered I/O Performance

The metrics in this category display the various performance values related to the nonbuffered I/O activities that do not use the buffer pool.

Metric	Description
Database Name (key column)	Real name of the database for which information is collected or to which the application is connected. This is the name the database was given when created.
Average Data Read Rate	Direct read rate, which equals: direct_reads/direct_read_time
	The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.
Average Direct Write Rate	Direct write rate, which equals:
	direct_writes/direct_write_time
	The required value can be set for the warning and critical thresholds to monitor any adverse conditions.
Direct Read Requests	Number of requests to perform a direct read of one of more sectors of data.
Direct Read Time (ms)	Elapsed time in milliseconds required to perform the direct reads.
Direct Reads	Number of read operations that do not use the buffer pool.

Table 2-28 Non-Buffered IO Performance Metrics

Metric	Description
Direct Write Requests	Number of requests to perform a direct write of one or more sectors of data.
Direct Write Time (ms)	Elapsed time in milliseconds required to perform the direct writes.
Direct Writes	Number of write operations that do not use the buffer pool.

Table 2-28 (Cont.) Non-Buffered IO Performance Metrics

2.7 Response

The metrics in this category provide information about the response of the IBM DB2 database in the instance.

Default Collection Interval — Every 5 minutes

Metric	Description
Database Name	Name of the database.
DB Status	 Status of the database: 0 — Active 1 — Quiesce pending 2 — Quiesced 3 — Roll forward
DB Status Value	Status value of the database.
DB2 Status	Status value of the DB2 instance.
DB2 Status Value	 Status of the DB2 instance: 0 — Active 1 — Quiesce pending 2 — Quiesced
Server Instance Name	Database instance type.
Status	Status of the database. The database is up if the status is 0. Otherwise, it is down.

2.8 Detailed Response

This metric category provides information about the response of the instance.

Table 2-30 Detailed Response Metrics

Metric	Description
Database Name	Name of the database.
DB2 Status	Status value of the DB2 instance.

Metric	Description
Table Type	Type of table to which the file belongs.
DB Status	Status of the database.
Server Instance Name	Name of the server instance.

Table 2-30 (Cont.) Detailed Response Metrics

2.9 Storage Information

Storage Information metrics provide information about the storage objects, such as the tablespace and data files. Storage Information metrics consist of the following categories:

- Data Files Storage
- Log Storage
- Tablespace Storage

2.9.1 Data Files Storage

The metrics in this category provide information about the file properties for the database data storage files.

Default Collection Interval — Every 2 hours

 Table 2-31
 Data Files Storage Metrics

Metric	Description
Data File Identifier (key column)	Unique identifier for the data file.
Table Name	Name of the particular table in the database where the file resides.
Table Schema	Schema of the table in which the file resides.
Table Type	Type of table to which the file belongs.
Page Reorganizations	Number of page reorganizations.
Overflow Accesses	Number of overflow accesses.

2.9.2 Log Storage

The metrics in this category provide information about the log storage properties for the database.

Table 2-32	Log Storage Metrics	

Metric	Description and User Action
Database Name (key column)	Real name of the database for which information is collected or to which the application is connected. This is the name the database was given when created.
Allocated Secondary Log Size	Allocated size of the secondary log.
Log Space Utilization (%)	Space utilization of log files.
Total Log Available (in 4Kb Pages)	Total number of pages available for logging.
Total Log Used (in 4Kb Pages)	Total number of pages used for logging.

2.9.3 Tablespace Storage

The metrics in this category provide information about the individual tablespace properties for all database tablespaces.

Default Collection Interval — Every 15 m	ninutes
--	---------

Metric	Description
Tablespace Identifier (key column)	Identifier for the tablespace.
Tablespace Name (key column)	Name of the tablespace.
Bufferpool Identifier	Bufferpool identifier for the tablespace.
Extent Size	Extent size for the tablespace.
Number of Containers	Number of containers.
Number of Ranges	Number of ranges.
Page Size	Page size for the tablespace.
Prefetch Size	Prefetch size for the tablespace.
Tablespace Free Pages	Number of pages in a tablespace that will become free if all pending transactions are committed or rolled back, and new space is requested for an object.
Tablespace State	State of the tablespace.
Tablespace Total Pages	Total number of pages in a tablespace.
Tablespace Type	Type of tablespace.
Tablespace Usable Pages	Total number of pages in a tablespace minus overhead pages.
Tablespace Used Pages	Total number of pages currently used (not free) in a tablespace.
Tablespace Utilization (%)	Tablespace utilization in percentage.

Table 2-33 Tablespace Storage Metrics

2.10 System Configuration Information

System Configuration Information metrics collect the information related to the database software. Each installation of the database software provides an instance to store the data. System Configuration Information metrics consist of the following categories:

- Database System Information
- Instance Information
- Partition Information
- Product Information
- Registry Settings

2.10.1 Database System Information

The metrics in this category provide information about the various system configuration metrics for the database system, including the name and operating system properties.

- Table Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBSYS
- View Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBSYS_VIEW

Default Collection Interval — Every 24 hours

Metric	Description
Server Name	Name of the database server.
OS Type	Type of the operating system.
OS Version	Version of the operating system.
OS Release	Release of the operating system.
Total Number of CPUs	Total number of CPUs for the operating system on which the database is installed.
Total Number of Configured CPUs	Total number of configured CPUs on which the database is installed.
Total Memory (mb)	Amount of memory.

Table 2-34 Database System Information Metrics

2.10.2 Instance Information

The metrics in this category return the parameters that provide information about database instances.

- Table Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBINST
- View Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBINST_VIEW

Default Collection Interval — Every 24 hours

Metric	Description
Instance Name (key column)	Name of the instance.
Number of DB Partitions	Number of database partitions.
Bit Size of Current Instance	Bit size of the current instance (32 or 64).
Release Number	Internal release number, as returned by the db2level command; 9 for example, 03030106.
Service Level	Service level, as returned by the db2level command; for example, DB2 v8.1.1.80.
Build Level	Build level, as returned by the db2level command; for example, n041021.
Program Temporary Fix	Program temporary fix (PTF) identifier, as returned by the db2level command; for example, U498350.
Fix Pack Number	FixPak number, as returned by the db2level command.

Table 2-35 Instance Information Metrics

2.10.3 Product Information

The metrics in this category provide information about the installed IBM DB2 database product.

- Table Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBPRO
- View Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBPRO_VIEW

Default Collection Interval — Every 24 hours

Table 2-36 Product Information Metrics

Metric	Description
Database Path	Installation path of the database.
Product	Installed product.
Version	Version of the installed product.

2.10.4 Partition Information

The metrics in this category return parameters about parallel operations and partitioned database environments.

- Table Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBPART
- View Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBPART_VIEW

Default Collection Interval — Every 24 hours

Metric	Description
Partition Number (key column)	Partition number where the database is installed.
Host Name	Host name of the machine where the db2 database software is installed.
Logical Port	TCP/IP port number to communicate with the database.
Switch Name	Name of the switch where the database is connected.

Table 2-37 Partition Information Metrics

2.10.5 Registry Settings

The metrics in this category provide information about the various registry parameters for the database.

- Table Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBREGSET
- View Name MGMT_EMX_IBMDB2_DBREGSET_VIEW

Default Collection Interval - Every 24 hours

Metric Description Database Registry Variable (key Name of the DB2 registry variable. column) Current Value Current setting of the DB2 registry variable. Is Aggregate Indicates whether or not the DB2 registry variable is an aggregate variable. Possible return values are 0 if it is not an aggregate variable, and 1 if it is an aggregate variable. Name of the aggregate if the DB2 registry variable is currently getting its Aggregate Name value from a configured aggregate. If the registry variable is not being set through an aggregate, or is set through an aggregate but has been overridden, the value of AGGREGATE_NAME is NULL. Level Values are: Instance — If level1_raw = I Global — If level1_raw = G Database Partition — If level1_raw = N Otherwise, the value is Environment.

Table 2-38 Registry Settings Metrics

2.11 DB2 Diag Log File Monitoring

The metrics in this category provide information about the IBM DB2 database Diagnostic Log file.

Note:

This metric category is supported only for local monitoring, that is, when the IBM DB2 database on a host is monitored by an Oracle Management Agent that is running on the same host.

Default Collection Interval — Every 5 minutes

Table 2-39 DB2 Diag Log File Monitoring Metrics

Metric	Description
Log File Match Count	Number of times a pattern was found in the log file.
Server	Name of the server where IBM DB2 is running.
Instance	Name of the IBM DB2 instance.
DB	Name of the IBM DB2 database.
Function	Name of the function present in the last log entry.
Last Occurrence Time Stamp	Time of the last log entry that shares a common function name with other entries that satisfy a particular pattern.
Message	Message present in the log file.

2.12 HADR Status Metrics

The metrics in this category provide details about the HADR and HADR cluster status and configuration.

Default Collection Interval — Every 30 minutes

Metric	Description
Database Name	Database Name monitor element
HADR Connect Status	 Text identifier detailing the status of the HADR connection: CONGESTED CONNECT DISCONNECT
HADR Connect Time	The last time the connect status changed (the time it first became congested or disconnected).
HADR Heartbeat	The number of missed heartbeats on the HADR connection. Typically, the higher the value, the worse the condition.
HADR Local Host	The number of missed heartbeats on the HADR connection. Typically, the higher the value, the worse the condition.
HADR Local Service	The number of missed heartbeats on the HADR connection. Typically, the higher the value, the worse the condition.
HADR Primary Log File	The number of missed heartbeats on the HADR connection. Typically, the higher the value, the worse the condition.
HADR Primary Log LSN	The current log position of the primary HADR database. The log sequence number (LSN) is a byte offset in the database log stream.
HADR Primary Log Page	The current page number in the current log file

Table 2-40 HADR Status Metrics

Metric	Description
HADR Remote Host	The remote host name
HADR Remote Instance	The remote HADR instance name
HADR Remote Service	The remote HADR service name
HADR Role	 Text identifier detailing the role of the monitored database. Possible values are: PRIMARY STANDAR STANDBY If the role is standard, then ignore all other metrics
HADR Standby Log	The current log file on the standby HADR database.
HADR State	 Text identifier detailing the state of HADR. Possible values are: DISCONNECTED LOCAL_CATCHUP PEER REM_CATCH_PEN REM_CATCHUP
HADR Sync Mode	 Text identifier detailing sync mode. Possible values are: ASYNC NEARSYNC SYNC
HADR Timeout	The number of seconds before the HADR Database Server considers that a communication attempt has failed,

Table 2-40 (Cont.) HADR Status Metrics

2.13 Top Statements by CPU Time Metrics

The metrics in this category provide details about the SQL statements that use the most processor time.

Default Collection Interval - Every 30 minutes

 Table 2-41
 Top Statements by CPU Time Metrics

Metric	Description
Statement Hash	A hash of the SQL statement text.
Statement	The SQL statement executed.
Total CPU Time (s)	The amount of time the statement was executing while Enterprise Manager collected data.
CPU Time per hour (s)	The average amount of time the statement is executing, per hour.

2.14 Top Statements by Execution Count Metrics

The metrics in this category provide details about the SQL statements that are executed most frequently.

Default Collection Interval - Every 30 minutes

Table 2-42 Top Statements by Execution Count Metrics

Metric	Description
Statement Hash	A hash of the SQL statement text.
Statement	The SQL statement executed.
Total Execution Count	The number of times the statement executed while Enterprise Manager collected data.
Total Execution Count per Hour	The average number of times the statement executes, per hour.

2.15 Lock Waits Metrics

The metrics in this category provide information about database locks.

Default Collection Interval - Every 30 minutes

Metric	Description
Lock Request Agent ID	The ID of the agent waiting on a lock.
Lock Name	The name of the lock being waited on.
Lock Object Type	The object type of the lock being waited on.
Locked Schema	The schema containing the locked table. No value if the lock does not reference a table.
Locked Table	The locked table being waited on. No value if the lock does not reference a table.
Lock Wait Duration (s)	The time, in seconds, this agent has been waiting for access.
Application Requesting Lock	The name of the application wanting to acquire the lock.
User Requesting Lock	The authorization ID of the session that wants to acquire the lock.
Application Holding Lock	The application holding the lock blocking access.
User Holding Lock	The authorization ID of the session holding the lock blocking access
SQL Statement Requesting Lock	The SQL statement text being executed by the application requesting the lock. Only available on on versions of DB2 9.7 and later.
SQL Statement Holding Lock	The SQL statement text associated with the application holding the lock. This is not necessarily the statement responsible for the lock. Only available on versions of DB2 9.7 and later.

2.16 Lock Waits by Table Metrics

The metrics in this category describe the tables being most waited on.

Default Collection Interval - Every 30 minutes

Table 2-44 Lock Waits by Table Metrics

Metric	Description
Schema	The schema containing the locked table.
Table	The locked table.
Total Lock Wait Duration	The sum of the wait times for every agent waiting to access the table.

2.17 Lock Waits by Blocked Application Metrics

The metrics in this category describe the applications that are waiting the longest for locks.

Default Collection Interval - Every 30 minutes

Table 2-45 Lock Waits by Blocked Application Metrics

Metric	Description
Application	The application waiting on a lock.
Application ID	Application identifier
Total Lock Wait Duration	The sum of the wait times for every agent in the application.

2.18 Lock Waits by Blocking Application Metrics

The metrics in this category describe the applications that are holding a lock on which other applications are waiting.

Default Collection Interval - Every 30 minutes

Table 2-46 Lock Waits by Blocking Application Metrics

Metric	Description
Application	The application waiting on a lock.
Application ID	Application identifier.
Total Lock Wait Duration	The sum of the wait times for every application waiting on the lock.

Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise Database Metrics

This chapter provides descriptions for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise Database Plug-In metric categories, and the tables list and describe associated metrics for each category.

- About Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise Database Metrics
- Viewing Metrics
- Adaptive Server Engines Statistics
- Adaptive Server State
- Adaptive Server Statistics
- Cache Pools Statistics
- Cached Procedures Statistics
- Connection Statistics
- Currently Executing Queries
- Currently Executing SQL Text Information
- Data Caches Statistics
- Database Indexes
- Database Logins
- Database Login Roles
- Database Objects
- Database Segments
- Database Thresholds
- Database Transactions
- Databases Instances
- Deadlock Statistics
- Device Data and IO Log Statistics
- Devices Statistics

- General Statistics
- Locks Information
- Most Recent Error Messages
- Most Recently Executed Statement Statistics
- Network I/O Statistics
- Open Databases Statistics
- Open Objects Statistics
- Procedure Cache Statistics
- Process Network IO Activity
- Process Objects Information
- Process Statistics
- Process Tracking Details
- Processes Activity Statistics
- Response
- Recently Executed SQL Text
- Running Procedures Statistics
- Segment Usages
- Server-Wide Worker Threads Statistics
- Top SQL Statements by CPU Time
- Top SQL Statements by Wait Time
- Top SQL Statements by Memory Usage
- Top Ten Big Cached Objects
- Top Ten Frequently Accessed Cached Objects
- Transaction Logs
- Wait Class Event Information
- Wait Events Information
- Waiting Events Statistics
- Waiting Process Statistics
- Configuration Metrics

3.1 About Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise Database Metrics

This chapter covers the metric categories that appear for all releases of System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise Database. If you see a release number against a metric name, then it indicates that the metric appears only for that particular release of the plug-in. Otherwise, the metric appears for all releases of the plug-in. For example, if you see **For Release 6**, then it indicates that the metric appears only for System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0).

Note that in Release 9, the metric collection is disabled for the following metrics:

- Database Indexes
- Database Objects
- Database Thresholds
- Database Transactions

Note that in Release 11, the metric collection is disabled for the following metrics:

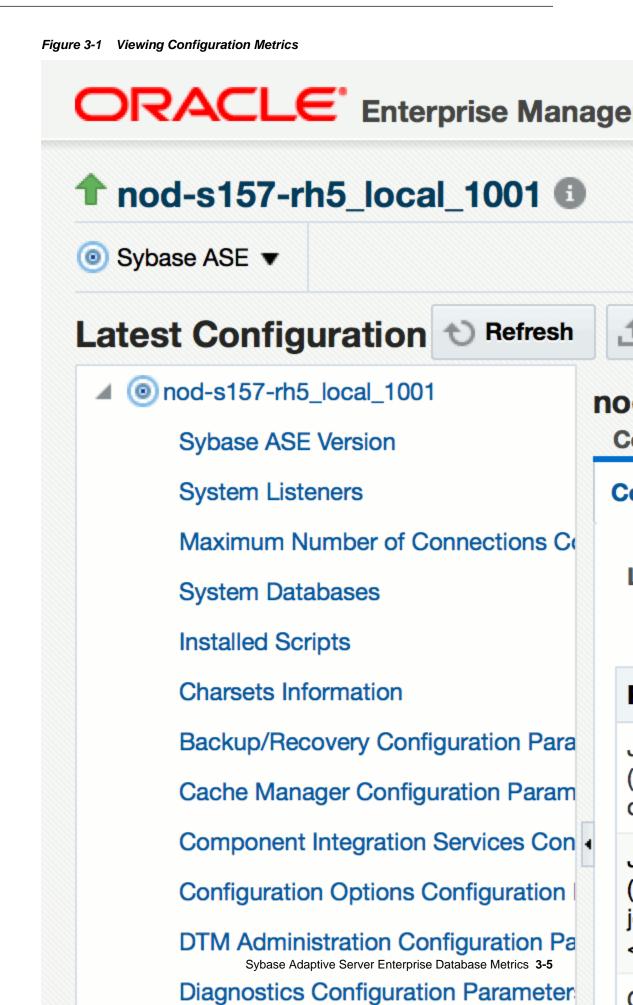
- Database Indexes
- Database Objects
- Database Thresholds
- Database Transactions
- Database Segments
- Process Objects Information
- Process Statistics
- Process Tracking Details
- Segment Usages
- Running Procedure Statistics
- Wait Class Event Information
- Wait Events Information
- Wait Process Statistics

To enable these metrics:

- 1. In Enterprise Manager Cloud Control, on the plug-in Home page, from the Related Links section, click **Metric and Policy Settings**.
- 2. On the Metric and Policy Settings page, from the View list, select All metrics. In the table that lists all the metrics, in the Collection Schedule column, you will see Disabled mentioned for some metrics.
- **3.** Click **Disabled**. Enterprise Manager Cloud Control displays the Edit Collection Settings page.
- 4. On the Edit Collection Settings page, in the Collection Schedule section, click **Enable** and then **Continue**. Enterprise Manager Cloud Control displays the Metric and Policy Settings page with the metric enabled.
- 5. On the Metric and Policy Settings page, click OK.

3.2 Viewing Metrics

To view configuration metrics within the plug-in, navigate to the last collected configuration metrics page by selecting **Configuration**, then **Last Collected** from **Sybase ASE**.



To view the performance and status metrics within the plug-in by navigating to the All Metrics page by selecting **Monitoring**, then **All Metrics** from **Sybase ASE**.

gure 3-2 Viewing All Metrics Page	
	anager Cloud Control 13c
1 nod-s157-rh5_local_1001	8
O Sybase ASE ▼	
nod-s157-rh5_local_1001 > All Metrics	
All Metrics	
Search	Overview
View 🔻 👬 📋	Open Metric Events
nod-s157-rh5_local_1001	00
Adaptive Server Engines Statisti	80
Adaptive Server State	Open Alerts
Adaptive Server Statistics	
Cache Pools Statistics	Important Metric chart
Cached Procedures Statistics	
Connection Statistics	 No metric is added to target ov
Currently Executing Queries	
Currently Executing SQL Text In	Deployed Metric Exten
► Data Caches statistics View ▼ Undep	
Database Indexes	Name Displa
ADatabase Instances	No data to display.
Database Login Roles	
Database Logins	Columns Hidden 2
Database Objects	

3.3 Adaptive Server Engines Statistics

The metrics in this category provide statistics regarding Adaptive Server engines. Collection Frequency - Every 30 minutes.

 Table 3-1
 Adaptive Server Engines Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Number of CPU that the engine is affinited to	The number of CPUs that the engine affinited to.
For Release 6 Number of handled connections	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of connections handled since last collection.
Engine's connections handle rate (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the connections were handled since last collection, that is, the number of connections handled since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of context switches	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of context switches handled since last collection.
Engine's context switch rate (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate of context switches handled since last collection, that is, the number of context switches handled since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Total Time Engine Running (seconds)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
0,0000	Total time (in seconds) the engine has been running.
Current KPID	Kernel process identifier for the currently executing process.
For Release 6 \Total time engine has been in idle spin	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
mode (seconds)	Time (in seconds) the engine has been in idle spin mode.
OS Process ID	OS Process ID.
Number of affinited processes to engine	Number of processes that have been affinitied to this engine.
Engine came online (Date)	Date that the engine came online.
Engine Status	Status of the engine (online, offline, and so on).
Engine went offline (Date)	Date that the engine went offline.
For Release 6 Total time engine executing system database services (seconds)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
ualabase services (seconds)	Time (in seconds) the engine has been executing system database services.

Metric	Description and User Action
Engine CPU (for System DB Services) Utilization %	Engine CPU Utilization (System DB Services).
For Release 6 Total time engine executing user commands (seconds)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) Time (in seconds) the engine has been executing user commands.
Engine CPU (for User Commands) Utilization %	Engine CPU Utilization (for User Commands)
Engine Number	Number of the Sybase ASE engine
Number of processes affinited to engine	Number of processes with affinity to the engine
Previous KPID	Kernel process identifier for the previous executing process.

Table 3-1 (Cont.) Adaptive Server Engines Statistics Metrics

3.4 Adaptive Server State

The metrics in this category provide information regarding the overall state of Adaptive Server.

Collection Frequency - 30 minutes

Table 3-2 Adaptive Server State Metrics

Metric	Description	Default Warning Threshold	Default Critical Threshold	Alert Text
Number of processes waited longer than lock wait threshold	Number of processes that have waited longer than LockWaitThreshold seconds.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The total number of processes waited longer than lock wait threshold are %LockWaits%. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold %) threshold.
Number of deadlocks occured since last collection	The number of deadlocks that have occured since the last collection.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The total total number of occured deadlocks are %NumDeadlocks%. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold %) threshold.

Metric	Description
Checkpoints	Reports whether any checkpoint is currently running.
Number of active inbound connections	Number of active inbound connections.

Metric	Description
Monitoring counters clearing date	Date and time the monitor counters were last cleared.
Number days Adaptive Server has been running	Number of days Adaptive Server has been running
Diagnostic Dumps	Reports whether sybmon is performing a shared memory dump
Lock wait threshold (seconds)	Time (in seconds) that processes must have waited for locks in order to be reported.
Max Recovery time per database (minutes)	The maximum time (in minutes), per database, that Adaptive Server uses to complete its recovery procedures in case of a system failure. Also, the current Run Value for recovery interval in minutes.
Total number of occurred deadlocks	Total number of deadlocks that have occurred.
Adaptive Server started date	Date and time that Adaptive Server was started.

Table 3-3 (Cont.) Adaptive Server State Metrics

3.5 Adaptive Server Statistics

The metrics in this category provide statistics about the ASE adaptive server.

Collection frequency - Every 30 minutes

 Table 3-4
 Adaptive Server Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
For Release 6 Number of logins or attempted	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
logins to SQL Server For Release 7	The number of logins or attempted logins to the Server since last collection.
Attempted logins (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the logins or attempted logins were made to the Server, that is, the number of logins or attempted logins to the Server since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collection.
Sybase ASE (Overall) CPU Utilization (%)	Overall CPU Utilization (%) of Sybase ASE.
Sybase ASE (Overall) IO Utilization (%)	Overall IO Utilization (%) of Sybase ASE.

Metric	Description and User Action
For Release 6 Number of errors detected by SQL Server while reading and writing packets For Release 7 Detected packet (rcvd/sent) error rate (per sec)	 For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) The number of errors detected by the server while reading and writing packets since last collection. For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0) Rate at which the errors were detected by the server while reading and writing packets since last collection, that is, the number of errors detected by the server while reading and writing packets since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collection.
For Release 6 Number of input packets read by SQL Server For Release 7 Input packets read rate by AS (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) The number of input packets read by the server since last collection. For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0) Rate at which the input packets were read by the server since last collection, that is, the number of input packets read by the server since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collection.
For Release 6 Number of output packets written by SQL Server For Release 7 Output packets write rate by AS (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) The number of output packets written by the server since last collection. For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0) Rate at which the output packets were written by the server since last collection, that is, the number of output packets written by the server since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collection.
For Release 6 Number of connections handled since last collection	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) The number of connections handled since last collection.
For Release 6 Number of errors detected by SQL Server while reading and writing For Release 7 Detected disk read/write error rate (per sec)	 For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) The number of errors detected by SQL Server while reading and writing since last collection. For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0) Rate at which errors detected by the server while reading and writing since last collection, that is, the number of errors detected by the server while reading and writing divided by the elapsed time between two collection.

 Table 3-4 (Cont.) Adaptive Server Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
For Release 6	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
Number of disk reads by SQL Server	The number of disk reads by the server since last collection.
For Release 7 Read rate from disk (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the disk was read by the server since last collection, that is, number of disk reads by the server since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collection.
For Release 6 Number of disk writes by SQL	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterpri (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
Server	The number of disk writes by the server since last collection.
For Release 7 Write rate to disk (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
ч ́	Rate at which the disk was written by the server since last collection, that is, the number of disk writes by the server since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collection.

Table 3-4 (Cont.) Adaptive Server Statistics Metrics

3.6 Cache Pools Statistics

The metrics in this category provide statistics for all pools allocated for all caches.

Collection frequency - Every 60 minutes

Table 3-5 Cached Pools Statistics Metric
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Metric	Description
Allocated bytes for pool (Bytes)	Number of bytes that have been allocated for the pool.
For Release 6 Number of buffers in the least	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
recently used portion For Release 7	The number of buffers that were fetched and replaced in the least recently used portion of the pool since last collection.
Buffers Fetch & Replacement Rate at LRU Portion of Pool (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
u ,	Rate at which the buffers were fetched and replaced in the least recently used portion of the pool since last collection, that is, the number of buffers that were fetched and replaced since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of buffers in the most	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
recently used portion For Release 7	The number of buffers that were fetched and replaced in the most recently used portion of the pool since last collection.
Buffers fetch & replacement rate at MRU portion of pool(per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the buffers were fetched and replaced in the most recently used portion of the pool since last collection, that is, the number of buffers that were fetched and replaced since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.

Metric	Description
For Release 6 Number of pages read into the pool For Release 7 Page read rate into the pool (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
	Number of pages read into the pool since last collection.
	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the pages were read into the pool since last collection, that is, the number of pages read into the pool since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of bytes that are currently	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
being used within the pool	Number of bytes that are currently being used within the pool.
For Release 6 Number of buffers that have been	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
read from disk into the pool For Release 7	Number of buffers that have been read from the disk into the pool since last collection.
Buffers read rate from the disk into the pool (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the buffers were read from the disk into the pool since last collection, that is, the number of buffers that were read from the disk into the pool since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of dirty buffer retrievals	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of dirty buffer retrievals since last collection.
Dirty buffer retrievals rate from the pool (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the dirty buffers were retrieved since last collection, that is, the number of dirty buffer retrievals since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
Cache ID	Cache identifier.
IO Buffer Size	Size (in bytes) of the I/O buffer for the pool.
Cache Name	Name of the cache.

Table 3-5 (Cont.) Cached Pools Statistics Metrics

3.7 Cached Procedures Statistics

The metrics in this category provide statistics for all procedures currently stored in the procedure cache.

For every collection, only the top 10 rows sorted on Memory Usage are selected.

Collection frequency - Every 30 minutes

Metric	Description
Procedure Compiled Date	Date that the procedure was compiled.
DB Name	Name of the database.
Memory Usage (KB)	Number of kilobytes of memory used by the procedure.
Procedure Name	Name of the object.
Procedure Type	The type of procedure (stored procedure, trigger, and so on).
Owner Name	Name of the object owner.
Procedure ID	Unique identifier for the procedure.
Owner UID	Owner user ID.
DBID	Database identifier.
Query Plan ID	Unique identifier for the query plan.

Table 3-6 Cached Procedures Statistics Metrics

3.8 Connection Statistics

The metrics in this category provide information regarding the number of available and used connections.

Collection Frequency - Every 30 minutes

Table 3-7 Connection Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description	Default Warning Threshold	Default Critical Threshold	Alert Text
Connections Used (%)	The percent of allowable connections used.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The total number of connections has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold %) threshold.

Table 3-8 Connection Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description	
Maximum Connections	The configured maximum allowable connections to the Sybase ASE.	
Number of Connections	The current number of connections to the Sybase ASE	

3.9 Currently Executing Queries

The metrics in this category provide information for currently executing statements.

Metric	Description
Procedure stack frame ID	Stack frame of the procedure, if a procedure.
CPU Usage (ms) by Query	Number of milliseconds of CPU used by the statement.
Line number of the statement in SQL batch	Line number of the statement in SQL batch.
Number of buffers read from cache	Number of buffers read from cache.
Procedure Memory Usage (KB)	Number of kilobytes of memory used for execution of the statement.
Network packets size (bytes)	Size (in bytes) of the network packet currently configured for the session.
Number of network packets received by Adaptive Server	Number of network packets received by Adaptive Server.
Number of network packets sent by Adaptive Server	Number of network packets sent by Adaptive Server.
Number of pages modified by the statement	Number of pages modified by the statement.
Number of buffers read from disk	Number of buffers read from disk.
Stored plan ID	Unique identifier for the stored plan for the procedure.
Number of altered plans	The number of plans altered at execution time.
Procedure ID	Unique identifier for the procedure.
Execution start time	Date when the statement began execution.
Total Waited time during execution (ms)	Number of milliseconds the task has waited during execution of the statement.
SPID	Session process identifier.
KPID	Kernel process identifier.
DBID	Database identifier.
Batch ID	Batch identifier.
Key Value	Unique identifier for the current executing query.

Table 3-9 Currently Executing Queries Metrics

3.10 Currently Executing SQL Text Information

The metrics in this category provide the SQL text that is currently being executed.

 Table 3-10
 Currently Executing SQL Text Information Metrics

Metric	Description
SQL Text	SQL text.

Metric	Description
SPID	Session process identifier.
KPID	Kernel process identifier.
SQL Batch ID	Identifier for specific SQL batch.
Line Number in SQL Batch	Line Number in SQL Batch
Sequence in Line	Indicates the position of this portion of the SQL text.

Table 3-10 (Cont.) Currently Executing SQL Text Information Metrics

3.11 Data Caches Statistics

The metrics in this category provide statistics relating to Adaptive Server data caches. Collection frequency - Every 60 minutes

Table 3-11 Data Caches Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action	
Number of Buffer Pools Within the Cache	The number of buffer pools within the cache.	
Number of partitions currently configured for the cache	Number of partitions currently configured for the cache.	
For Release 6 Cache searches directed to the cache	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)	
For Release 7 Cache searches directed to the cache	Number of buffers that were fetched and replaced in the most recently used portion of the pool, since last collection.	
(per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)	
	Rate at which the buffers were fetched and replaced in the most recently used portion of the pool, that is, the number of buffers that were fetched and replaced since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.	
Data Cache Hit Ratio (%)	Percentage of Data Cache Hit Ratio.	
For Release 6 Number of buffers retrieved from the cache	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) Number of buffers retrieved from the cache since last collection.	
For Release 7 Buffers retrieval rate from the data cache (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)	
	Rate at which the buffers were retrieved from the cache since last collection, that is, the number of buffers retrieved from the cache since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.	
Miss Ratio (%)	Percentage Cache Miss Ratio.	

Metric	Description and User Action
For Release 6 Number of buffers read into the	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
cache from disk	Number of buffers read into the cache from disk since last collection.
For Release 7 Buffers read rate from the disk to data cache (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the buffers were read into the cache from disk since last collection, that is, the number of buffers read into the cache from disk since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of buffers written from the	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
cache to disk	Number of buffers written from the cache to disk since last collection.
For Release 7 Buffers write rate from the data cache to disk (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which buffers were written from the cache to disk, that is, the number of buffers written from the cache to disk divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
Is relaxed replacement policy	Whether the cache is using relaxed cache replacement strategy.
For Release 6 Number of dirty buffer retrievals	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of dirty buffer retrievals since last collection.
Dirty buffer retrievals rate from data cache (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which dirty buffers were retrieved since last collection, that is, the number of dirty buffer retrievals since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
Cache ID	Cache identifier.
Cache Name	Name of the cache.

Table 3-11 (Cont.) Data Caches Statistics Metrics

3.12 Database Indexes

The metrics in this category provide information about each clustered index, one row for each nonclustered index, one row for each table that has no clustered index, and one row for each table that contains text or image columns. This table also contains one row for each function-based index or index created on a computed column.

Collection Frequency - Every 24 hours

Metric	Description and User Action
Creation date	Creation date.
Character set ID	Character set ID with which the index was created; 0 if there is no character data in the keys.
Index ID	ID of an index, or ID of table to which index belongs.

 Table 3-12
 Database Indexes Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Number of keys for a clustered index	Number of keys for a clustered index on an allpages-locked table; number of keys, plus 1 for all other indexes. The upload frequency is after every sample. The operator is >. For this metric, you can set different warning and critical threshold values for each "Index/Table Name" object. If warning or critical threshold values are currently set for any "Index/Table Name" object, those thresholds can be viewed on the Metric Detail page for this metric. To specify or change warning or critical threshold values for each "Index/Table Name" object, use the Edit Thresholds page.
Maximum size of a row	Maximum size of a row.
Maximum number of rows per page	Maximum number of rows per page.
Minimum size of a row	Minimum size of a row.
For Release 6 Partition Type	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) \1 - range 2 - hash 3 or NULL - [default] round robin 4 - list
Segment number	Number of segment in which object resides.
Sort order ID	Sort order ID with which the index was created; 0 if there is no character data in the keys.
Index/Table Name	The name of an index, or the name of a table to which the index belongs.
Total Size (MB)	Total size of the index.
Used Space (MB)	Space used by the index.
Free Space (MB)	Free space in the index.
Space Utilization (%)	Percentage of database index space utilization.

Table 3-12 (Cont.) Database Indexes Metrics

3.13 Database Logins

The metric in this category provide information regarding each valid Adaptive Server user account.

Data from this metric is uploaded only if the severity has reached WARNING state.

Collection Frequency - Every 5 hours

Metric	Description and User Action
CPU and I/O Last Cleared Date	Date totcpu and totio were last cleared.
DB Name	Name of database in which to put user when connection established.
Full Name	Full name of the user.
User Default Language	Default language of the user.

 Table 3-13
 Database Logins Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action	
Number of failed login attempts	Number of failed login attempts; reset to 0 by a successful login. The upload frequency is after every sample. The operator is >. Alert text is - The total number of failed login attempts for %SUID% are %LoginCount %. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold%) threshold. For this metric you can set different warning and critical threshold values for each "SUID" object. If warning or critical threshold values are currently set for any "SUID" object, those thresholds can be viewed on the Metric Detail page for this metric. To specify or change warning or critical threshold values for each "SUID" object, use the Edit Thresholds page.	
Login Name	Login name of the user.	
Date the password was last changed	Date the password was last changed.	
Login Status	Status of the login account. The upload frequency is after every sample. The operator is >. Alert text is - The login status for %SUID% is %Status%. For this metric you can set different warning and critical threshold values for each "SUID" object. If warning or critical threshold values are currently set for any "SUID" object, those thresholds can be viewed on the Metric Detail page for this metric. To specify or change warning or critical threshold values for each "SUID" object, use the Edit Thresholds page.	
CPU Accumulated Time (ticks)	CPU time accumulated by login.	
I/O Accumulated Time (ticks)	I/O accumulated by login	
SUID	System user ID.	
Accumulated I/O	Accumulated I/O for a certain SUID.	

Table 3-13 (Cont.) Database Logins Metrics

3.14 Database Login Roles

The metrics in this category provide information regarding each instance of a server login possessing a system role. One row is added for each role granted to each login. For example, if a single server user is granted sa_role, sso_role, and oper_role, three rows are added to sysloginroles associated with that user's system user ID (suid). Data from this metric is uploaded only if the severity has reached WARNING state.

Collection Frequency - Every 24 hour

Table 3-14 Database Login Roles Metrics

Metric	Description	Default Warning Threshold	Default Critical Threshold	Alert Text
Role Name	Name of the role.	Not Defined	Not Defined	User %Name% (with SUID %SUID%) has been granted server role of %RoleName%.

Metric	Description and User Action
SUID	System user ID.
Name	Name of the role.
Server Role ID	Server role identifier.

Table 3-15 Database Login Roles Metrics

3.15 Database Objects

The metrics in this category provide information regarding each table, view, stored procedure, extended stored procedure, log, rule, default, trigger, check constraint, referential constraint, computed column, function-based index key, and (in tempdb only) temporary object, and other forms of compiled objects. It also contains one row for each partition condition ID when object type is N.

Collection Frequency - Every 24 hours

Table 3-16 Database Objects Metrics

Metric	Description	Default Warning Threshold	Default Critical Threshold	Alert Text
Number of changes in the schema	Count of changes in the schema of an object (incremented if a rule or default is added). For this metric, you can set different warning and critical threshold values for each "Object Name" object. If warning or critical threshold values are currently set for any "Object Name" object, those thresholds can be viewed on the Metric Detail page for this metric. To specify or change warning or critical threshold values for each "Object Name" object, use the Edit Thresholds page.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The total number of changes in the schema are %SchemaCnt%. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold %) threshold.

Table 3-17 Database Objects Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Stored Procedure ID of a Delete Trigger	Stored procedure ID of a delete trigger if the entry is a table. Table ID if the entry is a trigger.
Stored Procedure ID of a Insert Trigger	Stored procedure ID of a table's insert trigger if the entry is a table.

Metric	Description and User Action
For Release 6 Object ID	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) Object ID.
Object Type	One of the following object types: C – computed column D – default F – SQLJ function L – log N – partition condition P – Transact-SQL or SQLJ procedure PR – prepare objects (created by Dynamic SQL) R – rule RI – referential constraint S – system table TR – trigger U – user table V – view XP – extended stored procedure.
Object Name	The name of the object.
Login Name of user who created the object	Login name of user who created the object.

Table 3-17 (Cont.) Database Objects Metrics

3.16 Database Segments

The metrics in this category provide information regarding each segment (named collection of disk pieces). In a newly created database, the entries are: segment 0 (system) for system tables; segment 2 (logsegment) for the transaction log; and segment 1 (default) for other objects.

Collection Frequency - Every 24 hours

Metric	Description	Default Warning Threshold	Default Critical Threshold	Alert Text
Status	ndicates which segment is the default segment. If warning or critical threshold values are currently set for any "Segment Name" object, those thresholds can be viewed on the Metric Detail page for this metric. To specify or change warning or critical threshold values for each "Segment Name" object, use the Edit Thresholds page.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The Segment status is %Status%.

Table 3-18 Database Segments Metrics

Table 3-19 Database Segments Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
Segment Name	Segment name.

Metric	Description and User Action	
For Release 6 Segment Number	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) Segment number	

Table 3-19 (Cont.) Database Segments Metrics

3.17 Database Thresholds

The metrics in this category provide information regarding each threshold defined for the database.

Collection Frequency - Every 12 hours

 Table 3-20
 Database Thresholds Metrics

Metric	Description	Default Warning Threshold	Default Critical Threshold	Alert Text
Size of threshold (Logical Pages)	Size of threshold in logical pages. For this metric you can set different warning and critical threshold values for each object.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The size of threshold is %FreeSpace%". It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold %) threshold.

Table 3-21 Database Thresholds Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action
For Release 6 Process Name	Name of the procedure that is executed when the number of unused pages on segment falls below free_space.
For Release 7	
Procedure executed when unused pages count falls below threshold	
Segment	Segment number.
SUID	The server user ID of the user who added the threshold or modified it most recently.

3.18 Database Transactions

The metrics in this category provide information about Adaptive Server transactions. Collection Frequency - Every 12 hours

 Table 3-22
 Database Transactions Metrics

Metric Description				
Connection State	Value indicating the connection state.			
Transaction Failover State	Value indicating the transaction failover state.			

Metric	Description			
Lock Owner ID	Lock owner ID.			
Length of Transaction Name	Length of transaction name.			
Transaction Server Process ID	Server process ID, or 0 if the process is detached.			
Remote Server Name	Name of the remote server.			
Transaction State	Value indicating the current state of the transaction.			
Transaction Status	Status of the transaction.			
Transaction Type	Value indicating the type of transaction.			
Transaction Key	Unique identifier for a transaction.			
Transaction Start Time	Start time of the transaction.			
Coordination Method or Protocol	Value indicating the coordination method or protocol.			
Starting database of the transaction	Starting database of the transaction			
Transaction Name	Name of the transaction.			

Table 3-22 (Cont.) Database Transactions Metrics

3.19 Databases Instances

The metrics in this category provide information about the database instances. Default Collection Interval — Every 1 Hour

Metric	Description			
Data Space Utilization (%)	Name of the configuration parameter.			
Free Data Space (MB)	Default value assigned to this parameter.			
Log Space Utilization (%)	Most recent value of the configuration parameter set by sp_configure.			
Total Data Space (MB)	Value used by Sybase Adaptive Server. It changes after you modify a parameter's value with sp_configure. For static parameters, it changes after you restart Sybase Adaptive Server.			
Total Log Space (MB)	Unit of measurement. For example, bytes, number, and so on.			
Used Data Space(MB)	Indicates whether the parameter is dynamic or static. For static parameters, Sybase Adaptive Server needs to be restarted. For dynamic parameter, it need not be started.			
Database Name	The name of the database.			
Free Log Space (MB)	Memory used by the parameter.			
Used Log Space (MB)	Log space used in the instance.			

Table 3-23 Databases Instances Metrics

3.20 Deadlock Statistics

The metrics in this category provide information pertaining to the most recent deadlocks that have occurred in Adaptive Server. You can tune the maximum number of messages returned with deadlock pipe max messages.

Collection frequency - Every 45 minutes

Table 3-24 Deadlock Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action			
Application holding the lock	Name of the application holding the lock.			
BatchID for the SQL executed by the process holding the lock In Release 9 , this metric name has changed to: Lock Held Process executed SQL BatchID	Unique batch identifier for the SQL code being executed by the process holding the lock when it was blocked by another process (not when it acquired the lock).			
Command being executed that caused the lock to be held	The command being executed that caused the lock to be held.			
Context ID for the process holding the lock In Release 9 , this metric name has changed to: Lock Held Process Context ID	Unique context identifier for the process holding the lock when it was blocked by another process (not when it acquired the lock).			
Release 8 or lower SPID of the parent process of the process holding the lock	SPID of the parent process of the process holding the lock.			
Release 8 or lower KPID of process holding the lock	KPID of process holding the lock.			
Line number within the batch of the statement of the process In Release 9 , this metric name has changed to: Lock Held Process executing Line Number within the batch	Line number within the batch of the statement of the process.			
Type of lock being held In Release 9 , this metric name has changed to: Holding lock type	Type of lock being held.			
DBID where the stored procedure that caused the lock to be held resides In Release 9 , this metric name has changed to: Lock held stored procedure's DBID	DBID where the stored procedure that caused the lock to be held resides.			

Metric	Description and User Action			
Object ID of stored procedure holding the lock In Release 9 , this metric name has changed to: Lock held stored procedure's Object ID	Unique object identifier for the stored procedure that caused the lock to be held, if applicable.			
Release 8 or lower SPID of process holding the lock	SPID of process holding the lock.			
Transaction in which the lock was acquired In Release 9 , this metric name has changed to: Transaction holding the lock	The name of the transaction in which the lock was acquired.			
User name for whom lock being held In Release 9 , this metric name has changed to: User holding the lock	Name of the user for whom the lock is being held.			
Object DBID	Unique database identifier for database where the object resides.			
Object Name	Name of the object.			
Page number for which the lock requested In Release 9 , this metric name has changed to: Lock Requested Page Number	Page number for which the lock requested, if applicable.			
Deadlock resolved time	Time at which the deadlock was resolved.			
Row number for which the lock was requested In Release 9 , this metric name has changed to: Lock Requested Row Number	Row number for which the lock was requested, if applicable.			
Release 8 or lower SPID of the parent process of the process waiting for the lock	SPID of the parent process of the process waiting for the lock.			
Release 8 or lower KPID of the process waiting for the lock	KPID of the process waiting for the lock.			
Type of lock requested	Type of lock requested.			

Table 3-24 (Cont.) Deadlock Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action			
Release 8 or lower SPID of the process waiting for the lock	SPID of the process waiting for the lock.			
Amount of time (ms) the waiting process was blocked In Release 9 , this metric name has changed to: Blocked Process Waiting Time (ms)	Amount of time in milliseconds that the waiting process was blocked before the deadlock was resolved.			
Name of the user for whom the lock is being requested In Release 9 , this metric name has changed to: User requested/waiting for the lock	Name of the user for whom the lock is being requested.			
Deadlock ID	Unique identifier for the deadlock.			
Held Process FID/SPID/KPID	FID / SPID / KPID of the process holding the lock.			
Victim KPID	KPID of the victim process for the deadlock.			
Wait Process FID/SPID/KPID	FID / SPID / KPID of the process waiting for the lock.			

Table 3-24 (Cont.) Deadlock Statistics Metrics

3.21 Device Data and IO Log Statistics

The metrics in this category provide device I/O statistics broken down into data and log I/O for normal and temporary databases on each device.

Collection frequency - Every 30 minutes

Metric	Description and User Action			
Number of IO Operations	Total number of I/O operations.			
	For this metric, you can set different warning and critical threshold values for each unique combination of "Device Logical Name" and "IO Category" objects. If warning or critical threshold values are currently set for any unique combination of "Device Logical Name" and "IO Category" objects, those thresholds can be viewed on the Metric Detail page for this metric. To specify or change warning or critical threshold values for each unique combination of "Device Logical Name" and "IO Category" objects, use the Edit Thresholds page. See Editing Thresholds for information on accessing the Edit Thresholds page.			
IO Waiting time (ms)	Amount of time (in milliseconds) spent waiting for I/O requests to be satisfied.			
Device Logical Name	Logical name of the device.			
IO Category	I/O category of the device.			

Table 3-25 Device Data and IO Log Statistics Metrics

3.22 Devices Statistics

The metrics in this category provide statistical information relating to devices.

Collection Frequency - Every 30 minutes.

Metric	Description and User Action			
For Release 6 Number of APF device reads from	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)			
device	Number of APF reads from the device since last collection.			
For Release 7 APF read rate from the device (per	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)			
sec)	Rate at which the APF reads were made from the device since last collection, that is, the number of APF reads from the device since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.			
For Release 6 Number of IO requests	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)			
For Release 7	Number of IO requests since last collection.			
I/O request rate to a mirrored device [if mirrored] (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)			
	Rate at which the IO requests were made since last collection, that is, the number of IO requests since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.			
For Release 6 Number of force task waits for IO	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)			
Synchronization	Number of tasks forced to wait for synchronization of an I/O request since last collection.			
Forced task waits rate for IO sync. to mirrored device (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)			
	Rate at which the tasks were forced to wait for synchronization of an I/O request since last collection, that is, the number of tasks forced to wait for synchronization of an I/O request since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.			
IO Time (ms)	Total amount of time (in milliseconds) spent waiting for I/O requests to be satisfied since last collection.			
For Release 6 Number of reads from device	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)			
(excluding APF)	Number of reads from the device (excluding APF).			
For Release 7 Read rate from the device	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)			
[excluding APF] (per sec)	Rate at which the reads were made from the device since last collection, that is, the number of reads from device since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.			

Metric	Description and User Action				
For Release 6 Number of writes to device	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)				
For Release 7	Number of writes to the device since last collection.				
Write rate to the device (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)				
	Rate at which the writes were made to the device since last collection, that is, the number of writes to the device since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.				
Device Logical Name	Logical name of the device.				
Full Hierarchic file name of device	Full hierarchial file name of the device.				

Table 3-26 (Cont.) Device Statistics Metrics

3.23 General Statistics

The metrics in this category provide general statistics.

For this metric, you can set different warning and critical threshold values for each "Number of Transactions" object. If warning or critical threshold values are currently set for any "Number of Transactions" object, those thresholds can be viewed on the Metric Detail page for this metric. To specify or change warning or critical threshold values for each "Number of Transactions" object, use the Edit Thresholds page.

Collection frequency - Every 30 minutes

Metric	Description	Default Warning Threshold	Default Warning Threshold	Alert Text
Number of Active Locks	Number of active locks.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The total number of active locks are %active_locks%. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold%) threshold.
Number of Active Page Locks	Number of active page locks.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The total number of active page locks are %active_page_locks%. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold%) threshold.
Number of Active Table Locks	Number of active table locks.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The total number of active table locks are %active_table_locks%. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold%) threshold.

 Table 3-27
 General Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description	Default Warning Threshold	Default Warning Threshold	Alert Text
Number of Active Users	Number of active users.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The total number of active users are %active_users%. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold%) threshold.
Number of External Transactions	Number of external transactions.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The total number of external transactions are %extrn_trans%. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold%) threshold.
Number of Local Transactions	Number of local transactions.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The total number of local transactions are %local_trans%. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold%) threshold.
Number of Transactions	The number of transactions.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The total number of transactions are %transactions %. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold%) threshold.
Number of Servers	Number of servers.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The total number of servers are %servers%. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold %) or critical (%critical_threshold%) threshold.
Number of Transaction Logs	Number of transaction logs.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The total number of transaction logs are %trans_logs%. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold%) threshold.
Number of User Tables	Number of user tables.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The total number of user tables are %user_tables%. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold%) threshold.

Table 3-27 (Cont.) General Statistics Metrics

3.24 Locks Information

The metrics in this category provide information about a list of all locks that are being held, and those that have been requested, by any process, for every object.

Collection frequency - Every 45 minutes

Table 3-28 Locks Information Metrics

Metric	Description	Default Warning Threshold	Default Critical Threshold	Alert Text
Lock State	Whether the lock has been granted [Granted, Requested]. The upload frequency is after every sample and the operator is >. Alert text is - The lock state is %LockState%.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The lock state is %LockState%.
	For this metric, you can set different warning and critical threshold values for each unique combination of "SPID", "KPID", "DBID", "Lock ID", and "Object ID" objects. If warning or critical threshold values are currently set for any unique combination of "SPID", "KPID", "DBID", "Lock ID", and "Object ID" objects, those thresholds can be viewed on the Metric Detail page for this metric. To specify or change warning or critical threshold values for each unique combination of "SPID", "KPID", "DBID", "Lock ID", and "Object ID" objects, use the Edit Thresholds page.			

Table 3-29	Locks	Information	Metrics
	200/10	momation	

Metric	Description
Lock context	Lock context (bit field). These values are the same as the values for the context column in syslocks.
Lock Level	The type of object for which the lock was requested ('PAGE', 'ROW', and so on).
Lock Type	Type of lock ['exclusive table', 'shared page', and so on
Locked page number	Page that is locked when LockLevel = 'PAGE'.
Parent SPID	Parent process ID.
Locked row number	Locked row numberRow that is locked when LockLevel = 'ROW'.
Lock wait time	The time (in seconds) that the lock request has not been granted.
SPID	Session process identifier.
KPID	Kernel process identifier.
DBID	Database identifier.
Lock ID	Lock identifier.
Object ID	Object identifier.

3.25 Most Recent Error Messages

The metrics in this category provide statistics pertaining to the most recent server error messages. The error messages shown could be from the time the information was last collected based on one of the following (whichever is the latest):

- Automatic collection interval set in Cloud Control
- Manual refresh done to collect real-time information during the set collection intervals
- Query manually run on the monSysStatement MDA table during the set collection interval
- Data from this metric is uploaded only if the severity has reached WARNING state.

Collection Frequency - Every 1 hour

Metric	Description
For Release 9 Error Message	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 9 (1.2.1.1.0) Error message that was displayed.
For Release 9 Error Severity	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 9 (1.2.1.1.0) Severity of the Error.
	The upload frequency is after every sample. The operator is >=. The alert text will be " %ErrorMessage%. For this metric, you can set different warning and critical threshold values for each unique combination of "SPID/KPID/FamilyID", "Engine Number","Error Number" and "Error timestamp" objects. If warning or critical threshold values are currently set for any unique combination of "SPID/KPID/FamilyID", "Engine Number","Error Number" and "Error timestamp" objects, those thresholds can be viewed on the Metric Detail page for this metric. This alert is Stateless alert.
For Release 9 State	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 9 (1.2.1.1.0) State of the error.
SPID/KPID/FamilyID	Session process identifier / Kernel process identifier / Family identifier
Engine Number	Engine on which the process was running.
Error Number	Error message number.
Error Timestamp	Time stamp when the error occurred.

Table 3-30 Most Recent Error Messages Metrics

3.26 Most Recently Executed Statement Statistics

The metrics in this category provide statistics pertaining to the most recently executed statements. The statements shown could be from the time the information was last collected based on one of the following (whichever is the latest):

- Automatic collection interval set in Cloud Control.
- Manual refresh done to collect real-time information during the set collection intervals.
- Query manually run on the monSysStatement MDA table during the set collection interval.

Collection Frequency - 12 hours

Table 3-31	Most Recently	y Executed Statement Statistics Metri	ics
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Metric	Description
Procedure stack frame ID	Current procedure nesting level when executing the statement.
CPU Usage (ms)	Number of milliseconds of CPU used by the statement.
Execution finish time	Date when the statement finished execution.
Line number of the statement in SQL batch	Line number of the statement in SQL batch.
Number of buffers read from cache	Number of buffers read from cache.
Memory Usage (KB)	Number of kilobytes of memory used for execution of the statement.
Network packet size (bytes)	Size (in bytes) of the network packet currently configured for the session.
Number of network packets received by Adaptive Server	Number of network packets received by Adaptive Server.
Number of network packets sent by Adaptive Server	Number of network packets sent by Adaptive Server.
Number of pages modified by the statement	Number of pages modified by the statement.
Number of buffers read from disk	Number of buffers read from disk.
Stored Plan ID	Unique identifier for the stored plan for the procedure.
Number of alerted plans	The number of plans altered at execution time.
Procedure ID	Unique identifier for the procedure.
Execution start time	Date when the statement began execution.
Total waited time during execution (ms)	Number of milliseconds the task has waited during execution of the statement.
SPID	Session process identifier.
KPID	Kernel process identifier.
DBID	Database identifier.
SQL Batch ID	SQL Batch identifier.
Total Waited time during execution (ms)	Number of milliseconds the task has waited during execution of the statement.

Metric	Description
Key Value	Unique identifier for the recently executed statement.

Table 3-31 (Cont.) Most Recently Executed Statement Statistics Metrics

3.27 Network I/O Statistics

The metrics in this category provide network I/O statistics.

Table 3-32 Network I/O Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
For Release 6 Number of bytes received	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of bytes received since last collection.
Incoming network IO traffic rate (bytes/sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the bytes were received since last collection, that is, the number of bytes received since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of bytes Sent	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of bytes sent since last collection.
Outgoing network IO traffic rate (bytes/sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the bytes were sent since last collection, that is, the number of bytes sent since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of Packets Received	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of packets received since last collection.
Incoming network IO traffic rate (packets/sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
u ,	Rate at which the packets were received since last collection, that is, the number of packets received since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of Packets Sent	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of packets sent.
Outgoing network IO traffic rate (packets/sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the packets were sent since last collection, that is, the number of packets sent since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.

3.28 Open Databases Statistics

The metrics in this category provide state and statistical information pertaining to databases that are currently in use.

Collection frequency - Every 1 hour

Table 3-33 Open Databases Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
For Release 6 Number of append log semaphore	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
requests For Release 7	Number of semaphore requests when attempting to append to the database transaction log.
Append log semaphore request rate (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
u /	Rate at which the semaphore requests were made since last collection, that is, the number of semaphore requests made since last collection (<i>when attempting to append to the database transaction log</i>) divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of append log semaphore	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
waits For Release 7	Number of times a task had to wait for the append log semaphore to be granted.
Append log semaphore Waits rate (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
u '	Rate at which a task had to wait for the append log semaphore to be granted since last collection, that is, the number of times a task had to wait for the append log semaphore to be granted divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 7 Append log semaphore Waits (%)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Percentage of tasks that had to wait for the append log semaphore to be granted since last collection.
Is backup in progress	Whether a backup is currently in progress for the database.
Last backup start time	Date that the last backup started for the database.
Is last backup failed	Whether the last backup of the database failed.
Is transaction log full	Whether the database transaction log is full.
DBID	Database identifier.
DB Name	The name of the database.

3.29 Open Objects Statistics

The metrics in this category provide statistics for all open objects.

Collection frequency - Every 12 hours

Metric	Description
For Release 6 Number of APF buffers read	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of APF buffers read since last collection.
APF buffers read (OpenObject) rate (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
L ·	Rate at which the APF buffers were read since last collection, that is, the number of APF buffers read since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
LastOptSelectDate	Last date.
Last Used Date	Last used date.
For Release 6 Number of lock requests on object	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of requests for a lock on the object since last collection.
Lock request rate for the object (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the requests were made for a lock on the object since last collection, that is, the number of requests for a lock on the object since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number lock waits	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of times a task waited for a lock for the object since last collection.
Lock waits rate for the object (per sec)t	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which a task waited for a lock for the object since last collection, that is, the number of times a task waited for a lock for the object since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 7 Lock waits % for the object	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Percentage of lock waits.
For Release 6	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
OptSelectCount For Release 7	Number of objects selected for plan during compilation (per sec).
Object selection rate for plan during	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
compilation (per sec)	Rate at which the objects were selected for plan during compilation.
For Release 6 Total number of buffers read	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Total number of buffers read since last collection.
Buffers read (OpenObject) rate (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
,	Rate at which the buffers were read since last collection, that is, the number of buffers read since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.

 Table 3-34
 Open Objects Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
For Release 6 Object Name	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) Name of the object.
For Release 6 Number of times the object is accessed For Release 7 Object access rate (per sec)	 For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) Number of times the object was accessed since last collection. The upload frequency is after every sample. The operator is >. Alert text is - The total number of times the object accessed are %Operations%. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold%) threshold. For this metric, you can set different warning and critical threshold values for each unique combination of "DBID", "Object ID", and "Index ID" objects. If warning or critical threshold values are currently set for any unique combination of "DBID", "Object ID", and "Index ID" objects, those thresholds can be viewed on the Metric Detail page for this metric. To specify or change warning or critical threshold values for each unique combination of "DBID", and "Index ID" objects, use the Edit Thresholds page. For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0) Rate at which the object was accessed since last collection, that is, the number of times the object was accessed since last collection divided by
For Release 6 Total number of pages read For Release 7 Page read (OpenObject) rate (per sec)	the elapsed time between two collections. For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) Total number of pages read since last collection. For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0) rate at which the pages were read since last collection, that is, the number of pages read since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Total number of pages written to disk For Release 7 Page write (OpenObject) rate to disk (per sec)	 For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) Total number of pages written to the disk since last collection. For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0) Rate at which the pages were written to the disk since last collection, that is, the number of pages written to the disk since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of buffers read from disk For Release 7 Buffers read (OpenObject) rate from disk (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) Total number of buffers read from the disk since last collection. For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0) Rate at which the buffers were read from the disk since last collection, that is, the number of buffers read from the disk since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.

 Table 3-34
 (Cont.) Open Objects Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
For Release 6 Number of buffers written to disk	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Total number of buffers written to the disk since last collection.
Buffers write (OpenObject) rate to disk (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the buffers were written to the disk since last collection, that is, the number of buffers written to the disk since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of deleted rows	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of rows deleted since last collection.
Row deletion (OpenObject) rate (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
,	Rate at which the rows were deleted since last collection, that is, the number of rows deleted since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of inserted rows	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of rows inserted since last collection.
Row insertion (OpenObject) rate (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the rows were inserted since the last collection, that is, number of rows inserted divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of updated rows	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of updates.
Row updates (OpenObject) rate (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the rows were updated since last collection, that is, the number of rows updated since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Used Count	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7 Object usage rate in plan during execution (per sec)	Number of times the object was used in the plan during compilation since last collection.
	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the object was used in the plan during compilation since last collection, that is, the number of times the object was used in the plan during compilation since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
DBID	Database identifier.
DB Name	The name of the database.

Table 3-34 (Cont.) Open Objects Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
Index ID	Index identifier.
Object ID	Object identifier.

Table 3-34 (Cont.) Open Objects Statistics Metrics

3.30 Procedure Cache Statistics

The metrics in this category provide statistics relating to Adaptive Server procedure cache.

Metric	Description
Procedure Cache Hit Ratio (%)	Procedure cache hit ratio percentage. The upload frequency is after every sample and the operator is >. Alert text is - Procedure Cache hit ratio is %HitRatio%. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold%) threshold.
For Release 6 Number of stored procedures loaded into cache For Release 7 Stored procedures load rate into procedure cache (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) Number of stored procedures loaded into the cache since last collection. For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0) Rate at which the stored procedures were loaded into the cache since last collection, that is, the number of stored procedures loaded into the cache since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
Miss Ratio (%)	Procedure Cache Miss Ratio.
For Release 6 Number of stored procedures requested For Release 7 Stored procedures request rate from procedure cache (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) Number of stored procedures requested since last collection. For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0) Rate at which the stored procedures where requested since last collection, that is, the number of stored procedures required since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of stalls for a free procedure cache buffer For Release 7 Procedure cache stalls rate (per sec)	 For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) Number of times a process had to wait for a free procedure cache buffer when installing a stored procedure into the cache. For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0) Rate at which a process had to wait for a free procedure cache buffer since last collection, that is, the number of times a process had to wait for a free procedure cache buffer divided by the elapsed time between two collections.

 Table 3-35
 Procedure Cache Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
For Release 6 Number of times a procedure	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
normalized For Release 7	Number of times a procedure was normalized and the tree written back to sysprocedures since last collection.
Procedures normalize and write back rate to sysproced's(per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which a procedure was normalized since last collection, that is, the number of times a procedure was normalized and the tree written back to sysprocedures since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 11 Procedure Cache Used Memory(MB)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise(ASE) Release 11 (1.3.1.0.0)Memory used in the procedure cache

Table 3-35 (Cont.) Procedure Cache Statistics Metrics

3.31 Process Network IO Activity

The metrics in this category provide network I/O activity information for each process.

Table 3-36 Network IO Activity Metrics

Metric	Description
For Release 6	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise
Number of bytes received	(ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of bytes received since last collection.
Incoming network IO traffic (process) rate (bytes/sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
M / (, , , , ,	Rate at which the bytes were received since last collection, that is, the number of bytes received since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of bytes sent	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of bytes sent since last collection.
Outgoing network IO traffic (process) rate (bytes/sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
Y	Rate at which the bytes were sent since last collection, that is, the number of bytes sent since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
Network packet size	Network packet size the session is currently using.

Metric	Description
For Release 6 Number of packets received	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of packets received since last collection.
Incoming network IO traffic (process) rate (packets/sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the packets were received since last collection, that is, the number of packets received since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of packets sent	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of packets sent since last collection.
Outgoing network IO traffic (process) rate (packets/sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
u , u , ,	Rate at which the packets were sent since last collection, that is, the number of packets sent since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
KPID	Kernel process identifier.
Login Name	Login user name.
SPID	Session process identifier.

Table 3-36 (Cont.) Network IO Activity Metrics

3.32 Process Objects Information

The metrics in this category provide statistical information regarding objects that have been accessed by processes.

Metric Description DB Name Name of the database. **KPID** Kernel process identifier. For Release 6 For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) Number of buffers read from cache Number of buffers read from the cache since last collection. For Release 7 For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise Buffers read (process object) rate (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0) from cache (per sec) Rate at which the buffers were read from the cache since last collection, that is, the number of buffers read from cache since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections. Object Name Name of the object. Object Type Object type.

 Table 3-37
 Process Objects Information Metrics

Metric	Description
For Release 6 Number of APF buffers read from	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
disk	Number of APF buffers read from the disk since last collection.
For Release 7 APF buffers read (process object)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
rate from disk (per sec)	Rate at which the APF buffers were read from the disk since last collection, that is, the number of APF buffers read from the disk since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of buffers read from disk	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of buffers read from the disk since last collection.
Buffers read (process object) rate from disk (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the buffers were read from the disk since last collection, that is, the number of buffers read from the disk since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
SPID	Session process identifier.

Table 3-37 (Cont.) Process Objects Information Metrics

3.33 Process Statistics

The metrics in this category provide detailed statistics about processes that are currently executing or waiting.

Metric	Description
Application Name	Application name.
Blocking SPID	Session process identifier of the process holding the lock that this process has requested, if waiting for a lock.
Requested Lock ID	Unique lock identifier for the lock that this process has requested, if waiting for a lock.
Command	Category of process or command that the process is currently executing.
DBID	Unique identifier for the database being used by the current process.
DB Name	Name of process for the database being used by the current process.
Process Engine Group Name	Engine group for the process.
Engine Number	Unique identifier of the engine on which the process is executing.
Process Execution Class	Execution class for the process.
FID	The SPID of the parent process, if it exists.

Table 3-38 Process Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
Statement position in SQL batch	Line number of the current statement within the SQL batch.
Login Name	Login user name.
Master Transaction ID	Unique transaction identifier for the current transaction, if in a transaction.
Number of child processes	Number of child processes, if executing a parallel query.
Process Priority	Priority at which the process is executing.
Elapsed time since connection established (seconds)	Number of seconds since this connection was established.
Process waiting time (seconds)	Amount of time in seconds that the process has been waiting, if the process is currently in a wait state.
Wait Event ID	Unique identifier for the event that the process is waiting for, if the process is currently in a wait state.
KPID	Kernel process identifier.
Procedure stack frame	Stack frame of the procedure.
SPID	Session process identifier.
SQL Batch ID	SQL batch identifier.

Table 3-38 (Cont.) Process Statistics Metrics

3.34 Process Tracking Details

The metrics in this category provide information enabling processes to be tracked to an application, user, client machine, and so on.

 Table 3-39
 Process Tracking Details Metrics

Metric	Description
Client Host Name	Host name of client
Client application OS PID	OS process identifier of the client application
Application Name	Application name.
Client Host IP	IP Address for client host.
KPID	Kernel process identifier.
Login Name	Login user name.
SPID	Session process identifier.

3.35 Processes Activity Statistics

The metrics in this category provide detailed statistics about process activity.

Table 3-40 Process Activity Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
For Release 6 Number of transactions committed by the process	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
	Number of transactions committed by the process since last collection.
For Release 7 Transaction commit (process) rate	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
(per sec)	Rate at which the transactions were committed by the process since last collection, that is, the number of transactions committed by the process since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
CPU Usage by process (ms)	CPU time (in milliseconds) used by the process.
For Release 6 Number of pages where data was	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
retrieved using an index For Release 7	Number of pages where data was retrieved using an index since last collection.
Page retrieval rate (per sec) for data using an index	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the data was retrieved using an index since last collection, that is, the number of pages where data was retrieved using an index since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
Number of locks currently held by the process	Number of locks currently held by the process.
For Release 6 Number of buffers read from cache	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of buffers read from the cache since last collection.
Buffers read (process) rate from cache (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the buffers were read from the cache since last collection, that is, the number of buffers read from the cache since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
Allocated memory (bytes)	Amount of memory (in bytes) allocated to the process.
For Release 6 Number of pages read	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of pages read since last collection.
Page read (process) rate (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the pages were read since last collection, that is, the number of pages read since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.

Metric	Description
For Release 6 Number of pages written For Release 7 Page write (process) rate (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
	Number of pages written since last collection.
	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the pages were written since last collection, that is, the number of pages written since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of buffers read from disk	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of buffers read from the disk since last collection.
Buffer read (process) rate from disk (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
(per sec)	Rate at which the buffers were read from the disk since last collection, that is, the number of buffers read from the disk since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of buffers written to disk	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
For Release 7	Number of buffers written to the disk since last collection.
Buffer write (process) rate to disk (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
(per sec)	Rate at which the buffers were written to the disk since last collection, that is, the number of buffers written to the disk since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of transactions rolled back	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
by the process	Number of transactions rolled back by the process since last collection.
For Release 7 Transactions roll-back (process) rate	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
(per sec)	Rate at which the transactions were rolled back by the process since last collection, that is, the number of transactions rolled back by the process since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
Number of pages where data was retrieved without an index	Number of pages where data was retrieved without an index.
For Release 6 Number of temporary table objects accessed For Release 7 Temporary tables (process) creation/access rate (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
	Number of temporary table objects accessed since last collection.
	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the temporary table objects were accessed since last collection, that is, the number of temporary table objects accessed since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.

 Table 3-40 (Cont.) Process Activity Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
For Release 6 Number of transactions started by the process	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
	Number of transactions started by the process since last collection.
For Release 7 Transactions start (process) rate (per	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
sec)	Rate at which the transactions were started by the process since last collection, that is, the number of transactions started by the process since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of bytes written to the user	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
log cache for the process For Release 7	Number of bytes written to the user log cache for the process since last collection.
Write rate (bytes/sec) to the ULC for the process	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the bytes were written to the user log cache since last collection, that is, the number of bytes written to the user log cache for the process since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
Current usage (bytes) of the User log cache by the process	The current usage (bytes) of the User log cache by the process.
For Release 6 Total number of times the user log	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
cache was flushed	Total number of times the user log cache was flushed since last collection.
For Release 7 User Log Cache flush rate (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
(Rate at which the user log cache was flushed since last collection, that is, number of times the user log cache was flushed since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of times the user log cache	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
was flushed For Release 7 User Log Cache flush rate [due to ULC full] (per sec)	Number of times the user log cache was flushed because it was full since last collection.
	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the user log cache was flushed since last collection, that is, the number of times the user log cache was flushed since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
Maximum ever usage (bytes) of the user log cache	The maximum ever usage (in bytes) of the user log cache by the process.
Waited time by process (ms)	Time (in milliseconds) the process has spent waiting.
KPID	Kernel process identifier.
Login Name	Login user name.

Table 3-40 (Cont.) Process Activity Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
Page retrieval rate (per sec) for data without an index	Page retrieval rate (per sec) for data without an index
SPID	Session process identifier.
The current usage (bytes) of the User log cache by the process	The current usage (bytes) of the User log cache by the process
The maximum ever usage (bytes) of the user log cache	The maximum ever usage (bytes) of the user log cache

Table 3-40 (Cont.) Process Activity Statistics Metrics

3.36 Response

This metrics in this category provide information about the response of the target Sybase ASE instance.

Default Collection Interval — Every 5 minutes

Table 3-41 Response Metrics

Metric	Description
Status	Status of the Sybase ASE instance.

3.37 Recently Executed SQL Text

The metrics in this category provide the most recent SQL text that has been executed, or is currently being executed. The maximum number of rows returned can be tuned with SQL text pipe max messages.

Collection Frequency - 12 hours

Metric	Description
For Release 7 SQL Batch ID	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0) Batch ID of the currently being executed SQL text.
For Release 7 SQL Text position in bat	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0) Position of the currently being executed SQL test.
For Release 7 Server UID	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0) UIS of the server.
For Release 7 Server UID	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0) UIS of the server.

Table 3-42 Recently Executed SQL Text Metrics

Metric	Description
For Release 6 SQL Text	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0) SQL Text
SPID	Session process identifier.
KPID	Kernel process identifier.
Login Name	Login user name.
Server User ID - Batch ID - SQL Text Position in Batch	Server User identifer / Batch identifier of the currently being executed SQL test / Position of the currently being executed SQL test.

Table 3-42 (Cont.) Recently Executed SQL Text Metrics

3.38 Running Procedures Statistics

The metrics in this category provide a list of all procedures that are being executed by processes.

Collection frequency - Every 30 minutes

Metric	Description
Compile date	Compile date of the procedure.
Stack frame	Stack frame of the procedure.
DB Name	Name of the database that contains the procedure.
Memory Usage (KB)	Number of kilobytes of memory used by the procedure.
Procedure Name	Name of the procedure.
Procedure Type	Type of the procedure.
Owner Name	Name of the owner.
Query Plan ID	Unique identifier for the query plan.
DBID	The identifier of the database that contains the procedure.
KPID	Kernel process identifier.
Object ID	Object identifier.
Owner UID	Owner user ID.
SPID	Session process identifier.

Table 3-43 Running Procedures Statistics Metrics

3.39 Segment Usages

The metrics in this category provide details about the segment usages.

By default, this metric is disabled.

For enabling this metric, monitoring user should have permission on each database. All these metric categories provide the following details:

Table 3-44 Segment Usages Metrics

Metric	Description
Segment Free Space (MB)	Name of the configuration parameter.
Segment Size (MB)	Default value assigned to this parameter.
Segment Space Utilization (%)	Memory used by the parameter.
Segment Used Space (MB)	Most recent value to which the configuration parameter has been set with sp_configure.

3.40 Server-Wide Worker Threads Statistics

The metrics in this category provide server-wide statistics related to worker threads. Collection Frequency - Every hour

Metric	Description
Max number of worker processes ever in use	The maximum number of worker processes that have ever been in use.
Max number of worker processes ever in use	The maximum number of worker processes that have ever been in use.
Max parallel degree	The maximum degree of parallelism that can be used (the current Run Value for max parallel degree) in configuration parameter.
Max scan parallel degree	The maximum degree of parallelism that can be for a scan (the current Run Value for max scan parallel degree) in configuration parameter).
For Release 6 Number of attempted parallel	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
queries	Number of attempted parallel queries since last collection.
For Release 7 Attempted parallel queries (SysWorkerThread) rate (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which the parallel queries were attempted since last collection, that is, the number of attempted parallel queries since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
For Release 6 Number of altered plans For Release 7 Altered plans (SysWorkerThread) rate (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
	Number of altered plans since last collection.
	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
	Rate at which altered plans were made since last collection, that is, the number of altered plans since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.

 Table 3-45
 Server-Wide Worker Threads Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
Number of active worker processes	Number of worker processes active. The upload frequency is after every sample. The operator is >. Alert text is - The total number active worker processes are %ThreadsActive%. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold%) threshold.
Total memory configured for worker processes (Bytes)	The amount of memory configured for use by worker processes.
Max configured worker processes	Configured maximum number of worker processes.
Total memory in use by worker processes (Bytes)	The amount of memory currently in use by worker processes.
Max memory ever used by worker processes (Bytes)	The maximum amount of memory ever used by worker processes.

Table 3-45 (Cont.) Server-Wide Worker Threads Statistics Metrics

3.41 Top SQL Statements by CPU Time

The metrics in this category provide information regarding the SQL statements that have been using the most CPU time.

Collection Frequency - Every 30 minutes

Metric	Description
SQL Hash	An MD5 hash of the statement text.
SQL Text	The statement text that executed.
Database ID	The ID of the database in which the statement executed.
Database Name	The name of the database in which the statement executed.
Last Start Time	The last time the statement started executing.
CPU Time (ms) per Hour	The amount of time the statement has spent executing as an hourly rate.

Table 3-46 Top SQL Statements by CPU Time Metrics

3.42 Top SQL Statements by Wait Time

The metrics in this category provide information regarding the SQL statements that have been spending the most time waiting.

Metric	Description
SQL Hash	An MD5 hash of the statement text.
SQL Text	The statement text that executed.

 Table 3-47
 Top SQL Statements by Wait Time Metrics

Metric	Description
Database ID	The ID of the database in which the statement executed.
Database Name	The name of the database in which the statement executed.
Last Start Time	The last time the statement started executing.
Wait Time (ms) per Hour	The amount of time the statement has spent executing, as an hourly rate.

Table 3-47 (Cont.) Top SQL Statements by Wait Time Metrics

3.43 Top SQL Statements by Memory Usage

The metrics in this category provide information regarding the SQL statements that have been using the most memory.

Collection Frequency - Every 30 minutes

Table 3-48 Top SQL Statements by Memory Usage

Metric	Description
SQL Hash	An MD5 hash of the statement text.
SQL Text	The statement text that executed.
Database ID	The ID of the database in which the statement executed.
Database Name	The name of the database in which the statement executed.
Last Start Time	The last time the statement started executing.
Average Memory Usage (KB)	The amount of memory used by the SQL statement.

3.44 Top Ten Big Cached Objects

The metrics in this category provide statistics for all objects and indexes with pages currently in a data cache.

Only top 10 rows sorted on size are returned every time this metric is collected.

Metric	Description
Cached Object Size	Number of kilobytes of the cache the object is occupying.
Cache Name	Name of the cache.
DB Name	Name of the database.
Object Name	Name of the object.
Object Type	Type of object.

Table 3-49 Top Ten Big Cached Objects Metrics

Metric	Description
Owner Name	Name of the object owner.
For Release 6 Number of Processes	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise (ASE) Release 6 (1.0.1.0.0)
Currently Accessing the	Number of processes currently accessing the object.
Object (per sec)	For System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase Adaptive Server
For Release 7	Enterprise (ASE) Release 7 (1.1.1.0.0)
Process Access Rate of the Object (per sec)	Rate at which the processes are currently accessing the object, that is, the number of processes that have started accessing the object since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
Cache ID	Cache identifier.
DBID	Database identifier.
Index ID	Index identifier.
Object ID	Object identifier.
Owner UID	Owner user ID.

 Table 3-49 (Cont.) Top Ten Big Cached Objects Metrics

3.45 Top Ten Frequently Accessed Cached Objects

The metrics in this category provide statistics for all objects and indexes with pages currently in a data cache.

Only top 10 rows sorted on the frequency of access are returned every time this metric is collected.

Metric	Description
Cached Object Size	Number of kilobytes of the cache the object is occupying.
Cache Name	Name of the cache.
DB Name	Name of the database.
Object Name	Name of the object.
Object Type	Type of object.
Owner Name	Name of the object owner.
Process Access Rate of the Object (per sec)	Rate at which the processes are currently accessing the object, that is, the number of processes that have started accessing the object since last collection divided by the elapsed time between two collections.
Cache ID	Cache identifier.

Table 3-50 Top Ten Frequently Accessed Cached Objects Metrics

Metric	Description
Cache Name	Name of the cache.
Cached Object Size (KB)	Number of kilobytes of the cache the object is occupying.
DB Name	Name of the database.
DBID	Database identifier.
Index ID	Index identifier.
Object Name	The name of the object.
Object ID	Object identifier.
Owner UID	Owner user ID.

Table 3-50 (Cont.) Top Ten Frequently Accessed Cached Objects Metrics

3.46 Transaction Logs

The metrics in this category provide information regarding the utilization of the transaction log for each database.

Collection Frequency - Every 30 minutes

Table 3-51 Transaction Logs Metrics

Metric	Description
Database Name	The configured maximum allowable connections to the Sybase ASE.
Total Size (MB)	The current number of connections to the Sybase ASE.
Used Space (MB)	The percent of allowable connections used.
Free Space (MB)	The amount of free space in the transaction log.
Space Utilization (%)	The amount of free space in the transaction log.

3.47 Wait Class Event Information

The metrics in this category provide information and textual description for all of the wait classes (for example, waiting for a disk read to complete). All wait events have been grouped into wait classes that classify the type of event that a process is waiting for.

Collection Frequency - Every 720 hours

Metric	Description
Description	Description of the wait event class.
Wait Class Event ID	Wait Class Event identifier.

 Table 3-52
 Wait Class Event Information Metrics

3.48 Wait Events Information

The metrics in this category provide information and textual description for every possible situation where a process is forced to wait within Adaptive Server.

Collection Frequency - Every 720 hours

Table 3-53 Wait Events Information Metrics

Metric	Description
Description	Description of the wait event type.
Wait Event ID	Unique identifier for the wait event.
Wait Class ID	Wait Class identifier.

3.49 Waiting Events Statistics

The metrics in this category provide a server-wide view of where processes are waiting for an event.

Collection Frequency - Every 1 hour

 Table 3-54
 Waiting Events Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
Wait Event ID	Unique identifier for the wait event.
Total number of task waits	Number of times tasks that have waited for the event.
Amount of waiting time for an event (ms)	Amount of time (in milliseconds) that tasks have spent waiting for the event. Calculated based on collection schedule, default of 1 hour.
Wait Type	The category of the wait event.
Waits Per Hour for the Event	The hourly occurrence rate of the wait event.

3.50 Waiting Process Statistics

The metrics in this category provide a server-wide view of where processes are waiting for an event.

Collection Frequency - 30 minutes

Metric	Description	Default Warning Threshold	Default Critical Threshold	Alert Text
Total number of waits for event	Number of times the process has waited for the event.	Not Defined	Not Defined	The total total number of waits for event are %Waits %. It has crossed warning (%warning_threshold%) or critical (%critical_threshold %) threshold.

Table 3-55 Waiting Process Statistics Metrics

 Table 3-56
 Waiting Process Statistics Metrics

Metric	Description
Total waiting time for event (ms)	Amount of time (in milliseconds) that the process has waited for the event.
SPID	Session process identifier.
KPID	Kernel process identifier.
Wait Event ID	Unique identifier for the wait event.

3.51 Configuration Metrics

Configuration metrics consist of the following categories.

3.51.1 Charsets Information

The metrics in this category provide details about the charsets.

Default Collection Interval — Every 24 hours

 Table 3-57
 Charsets Information Metrics

Metric	Description
Entity Type	Type of charset entity.
ID	Unique ID assigned to the entity.
Charset ID	Unique ID assigned to the charset.
Status	Status of the charset.
Charset Name	Name of the charset.
Description	A brief description of the charset.
Sort File	Name of the associated sort file.

3.51.2 Configuration Parameters

This section is a grouping of the following configuration parameters metric categories:

- Backup/Recovery Configuration Parameters
- Cache Manager Configuration Parameters
- Component Integration Services Configuration Parameters
- Configuration Options Configuration Parameters
- DTM Administration Configuration Parameters
- Diagnostics Configuration Parameters
- Disk I/O Configuration Parameters
- Error Log Configuration Parameters
- Extended Stored Procedure Configuration Parameters
- General Information Configuration Parameters
- Java Services Configuration Parameters
- Languages Configuration Parameters
- Lock Manager Configuration Parameters
- Memory Use Configuration Parameters
- Meta-Data Caches Configuration Parameters
- Monitoring Configuration Parameters
- Network Communication Configuration Parameters
- O/S Resources Configuration Parameters
- Physical Memory Configuration Parameters
- Physical Resources Configuration Parameters
- Processors Configuration Parameters
- Rep Agent Thread Administration Configuration Parameters
- Security Related Configuration Parameters
- SQL Server Administration Configuration Parameters
- Unicode Configuration Parameters
- User Environment Configuration Parameters
- Maximum Number of Connections Configuration Parameters

The default collection interval for all these metric categories is — Every 24 hours All these metric categories provide the following details:

Metric	Description
Parameter Name	Name of the configuration parameter.
Default Value	Default value assigned to this parameter.
Memory Used	Memory used by the parameter.
Config Value	Most recent value to which the configuration parameter has been set with sp_configure.
Run Value	Value being used by Adaptive Server. It changes after you modify a parameter's value with sp_configure and, for static parameters, after you restart Adaptive Server.
Unit	Unit of measurement. For example, bytes, number, and so on.
Туре	Indicates whether the parameter is dynamic or static. For static The Adaptive Server needs to be restarted if it is a static parameter. and not if it is a dynamic parameter.

Table 3-58 Configuration Parameters Metrics

3.51.3 Database Instances

The metrics in this category provide details about the database instances. The default collection interval for all these metric categories is — Every 1 hour All these metric categories provide the following details:

Metric	Description
Data Space Utilization (%)	Name of the configuration parameter.
Free Data Space (MB)	Default value assigned to this parameter.
Free Log Space (MB)	Memory used by the parameter.
Log Space Utilization (%)	Most recent value of the configuration parameter set by sp_configure.
Total Data Space (MB)	Value being used by Sybase Adaptive Server. It changes after you modify a parameter's value with sp_configure and for static parameters, after you restart Sybase Adaptive Server.
Total Log Space (MB)	Unit of measurement. For example, bytes, number, and so on.
Used Data Space(MB)	Indicates whether the parameter is dynamic or static. For static parameters, Sybase Adaptive Server needs to be restarted. For dynamic parameter, it need not be started.
Used Log Space (MB)	Used log space by the database instance.

3.51.4 Installed Scripts

The metrics in this category provide details about the installed scripts.

Default Collection Interval — Every 24 hours

Table 3-60 Installed Scripts Metric

Metric	Description
Script Name	Name of the installed script.
Version	Version of the installed script.
Status	Current status of the script.

3.51.5 Sybase ASE Version

The metrics in this category provide details about the version of Sybase ASE.

Default Collection Interval — Every 24 hours

Table 3-61 Sybase ASE Version Metrics

Metric	Description
Version	Version of Sybase ASE.

3.51.6 System Databases

The metrics in this category provide details about the databases used.

Default Collection Interval — Every 24 hours

Table 3-62 System Databases Metrics

Metric	Description
Database Name	Name of the database used.
Database Size	Size of the database used.
Owner Name	Name of the owner of the database.
Database ID	Unique ID of the database.
Date of Creation	Date when the database was created.
Status	Current status of the database.

3.51.7 System Listeners

The metrics in this category provide details about the system listeners.

Default Collection Interval — Every 24 hours

Table 3-63 System Listeners Metrics

Metric	Description
ASE Server Name and Port	Name of the ASE Server and the associated port.
Network Protocol	Network protocol used.

4

Microsoft SQL Server Reports

This chapter provides a list of out-of-box reports available for System Monitoring Plug-In for Microsoft SQL Server.

Report Name	Report Elements
Microsoft SQLServer System Configuration	 Instance Information Registry Security Server Parameters
Microsoft SQLServer System Database Configuration	DatabaseDatabase Settings
Microsoft SQLServer System Memory Statistics	 Server Statistics Buffer Cache Hit Ratio (%) Cache Hit Ratio (%) Average Latch Wait Time (ms) Total Lock Wait Time (ms)
Microsoft SQLServer System Space Usage	 Database Space Usage Top 5 Databases by Space Used (%) Database Files
Microsoft SQLServer System Performance	 Host CPU load percentage Top SQL Server Processes by CPU Time Memory Manager Top Server Processes by Memory Usage
Microsoft SQLServer System Process Info and Locks	 Summary Process States Process Info Process Locks Lock Analysis
Microsoft SQLServer System Cache and Buffer	 Memory Status Buffer Performance Buffer Allocation Cache Performance Memory Allocation Memory Allocation Chart
Microsoft SQLServer System Database Backups and Jobs	Database BackupsDatabase Jobs

Table 4-1 Microsoft SQL Server Reports

Report Name	Report Elements
Microsoft SQLServer System Cluster	 Cluster Nodes Summary Nodes in Cluster SQL Cluster Nodes Summary Cluster Resources and Activity
Microsoft SQLServer System Statistics	 Server Statistics Rate of Errors Packet Error Ratio Rate of Reads Rate of Writes Database Statistics Database Statistics Summary Server Statistics
Microsoft SQLServer Session Performance	Top 5 Sessions by CPU TimeTop 5 Sessions by Memory Utilization
Microsoft SQLServer Query Performance	 Top 5 Queries by Execution Top 5 Queries by Blocked Time Top 5 Queries by CPU Time

Table 4-1 (Cont.) Microsoft SQL Server Reports

Figure 4-1 shows the System Performance report available for Microsoft SQL Server:

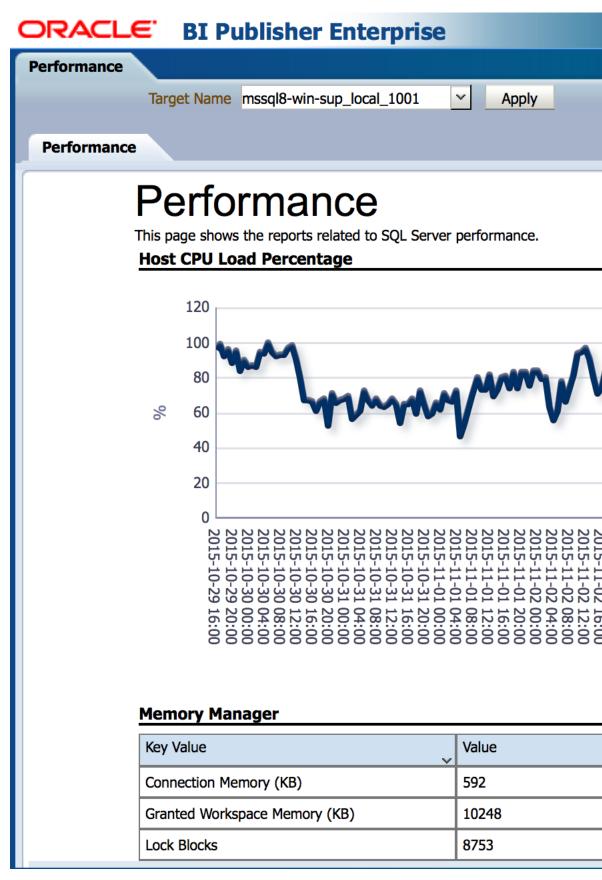


Figure 4-1 Microsoft SQL Server System Performance Report

4-4 System Monitoring Plug-in Metric Reference Manual for Non Oracle Database Management

IBM DB2 Database Reports

This chapter provides a list of out-of-box reports available for System Monitoring Plug-In for IBM DB2 Database.

Report Name	Report Elements
IBM DB2 Database System Configuration	 System Configuration Product Overview Instances Partitions Registry Settings
IBM DB2 Database DB Manager Configuration	 DB Manager Capacity DB Manager Database Instance DB Manager Log and Recovery DB Manager Partitioned DB Environment DB Manager Connections
IBM DB2 Database DB Disk Storage Statistics	Disk Space UtilizationDisk Space Utilization SummaryDisk Space Utilization Details
IBM DB2 Database Bufferpool and Non- Buffered IO Statistics	 Bufferpool Activity Summary Non Buffered IO Activity Summary Reads per sec Index Read Rate Index and Data Write Rate Non Buffered IO
IBM DB2 Database Cache Statistics	 Package Cache Summary Catalog Cache Summary Catalog Cache OverflowsCatalog Cache Hit RatioPackage Cache Overflows Package Cache Hit Ratio Catalog Cache Heapfull
IBM DB2 Database Sort Heap and Hash Join Statistics	 Total Sorts and Hash Joins Active Sorts Active Sorts Summary Average Sort Space Used Average Sort Time Per Sort Sorts Overflow Ratio Hash Join Small Overflows and Overflows Hash Join Small Overflows to Overflows Ratio

Table 5-1 IBM DB2 Database Reports

Report Name	Report Elements
IBM DB2 Database DB Manager Sorts Statistics	 Database Manager Sorts Summary Post Threshold Sorts and Joins Piped Sorts Rejection Rate
IBM DB2 Database Locks Statistics	 Lock Summary Average Lock Wait Time Locks Held and Waiting Application Escalations and Timeouts Deadlocks and Internal Deadlock Rollbacks
IBM DB2 Database DB Manager Agents and Connections Statistics	 Agent Configuration Agent Pool Activity Agents Creation to Assignment Ratio Idle Agents Agents Waiting on Token Remote Connections Remote Connections Summary Local Connections Summary Local Connections Summary
IBM DB2 Database Applications Lock Performance	 Top 10 Applications Based on Average Lock Wait Time (ms) Top 10 Applications Based on Number of Locks Held Top 10 Applications Based on Number of Lock Timeouts
IBM DB2 Database CPU Usage	Top 10 Applications Based on Total CPU Usage (ms)Top 10 Applications Based on Total Idle Time (ms)
IBM DB2 Database Applications Row Accesses and Sorts Performance	 Top 10 Applications Based on Rows Read Top 10 Applications Based on Rows Written Top 10 Applications Based on Time Spent in Sorts (ms)
IBM DB2 Database SQL Statement Performance	 Top 10 Statements Based on Rows Read Top 10 Statements Based on Rows Written Top 10 Statements Based on Average Sort Time (ms) Top 10 Statements Based on CPU Usage (ms)
IBM DB2 Database DB Health	Database Health InformationDatabase Health IndicatorDatabase Collection Health Indicator
IBM DB2 Database DB Manager Health	Database Manager Health InformationDatabase Manager Health Indicator
IBM DB2 Database Tablespace Health	Tablespace Health InformationTablespace Health Indicator
IBM DB2 Database Container Health	Container Health InformationContainer Health Indicator
IBM DB2 Database Tablespace Statistics	Top 5 Tablespaces by Space Available (%)Tablespaces Summary

Table 5-1 (Cont.) IBM DB2 Database Reports

Report Name	Report Elements
IBM DB2 Statement and Lock Wait Analysis	 Top 5 Statements by Execution Top 5 Statements by CPU Time Lock Wait Times by Blocking Application

Table 5-1	(Cont.) IBM DB2 Database Reports	
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Figure 5-1 shows the DB Manager Agents and Connections Statistics report available for IBM DB2 Database:

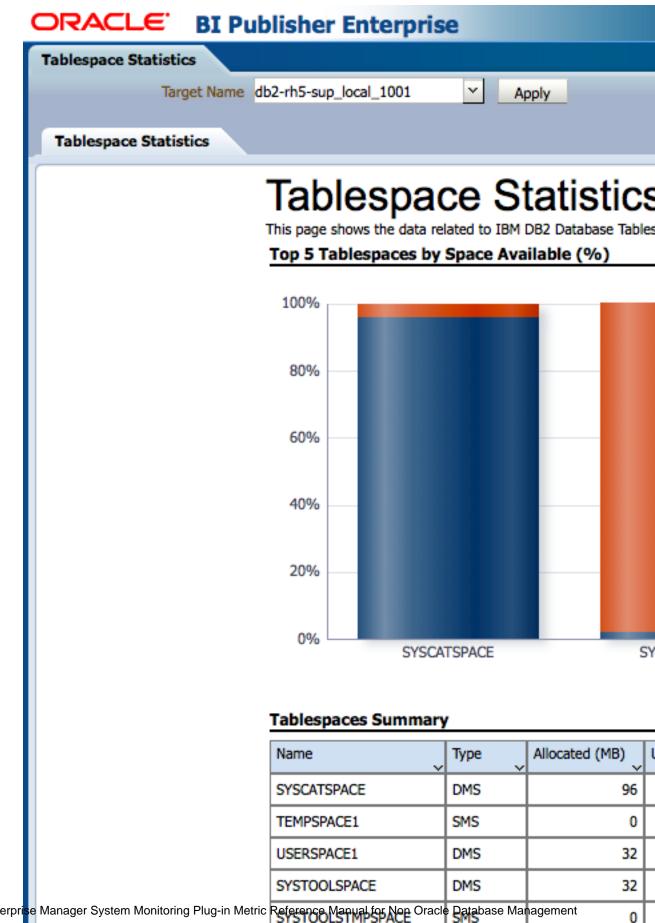


Figure 5-1 IBM DB2 Database Cache Statistics Report

6

Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise Database Reports

This chapter provides a list of out-of-box reports available for System Monitoring Plug-In for Sybase (ASE) Database.

Report Name	Report Elements
Sybase ASE Performance Statistics	 CPU Utilization IO Utilization ASE State Summary ASE State Summary
Sybase ASE Engines Statistics	 System CPU (by all Engine's) Utilization User CPU (by all Engine's) Utilization Top 10 Engines by System CPU Utilization Top 10 Engines by User CPU Utilization
Sybase ASE Databases Space Statistics	 Top 10 Databases by Log Space Utilization Top 10 Databases by Data Space Utilization Databases Backup Related Summary
Sybase ASE Device IO Statistics	 User Data Devices IO Operations Vs Waiting time User Log Devices IO Operations Vs Waiting Time User Data Devices IO Summary User Log Devices IO Summary Tempdb Data Devices IO Operations Vs Waiting Time Tempdb Log Devices IO Operations Vs Waiting Time Tempdb Data Devices IO Summary Tempdb Log Devices IO Summary Device Reads Rate Vs Writes Rate Vs APF Reads Rate Devices Semaphore Requests Rate Vs Waits Rate Device IO Operations Summary
Sybase ASE Data Cache Statistics	 Data Cache Hit Rate History Data Cache Hit Rates Summary Data Cache Memory Usage Cached Object Accesses by Processes Top 10 Big Objects in Data Cache Top 10 Popular Objects in Data Cache
Sybase ASE Procedure Cache Statistics	 Procedure Cache Hit Rate History Procedure Cache Memory Usage History Top 10 Objects in Procedure Cache by Memory Usage

Table 6-1 Sybase (ASE) Database Reports

Report Name	Report Elements
Sybase ASE Network IO Monitoring Report	 Incoming Traffic History Outgoing Traffic History Incoming Packet Traffic History Outgoing Packet Traffic History
Sybase ASE Database Log Statistics	 Overall Append Log Requests Rate Vs Waits Rate Tempdb Append Log Requests Rate Vs Waits Rate Overall Append Log Waits Percentage Tempdb Append Log Waits Percentage Databases Log Related Summary
Sybase ASE User Statistics	 Attempted Logins History Top 5 User SQL Statistics Summary Top 3 Users by CPU Time Top 3 Users by DiskIO Top 3 Users by CPU Time - Summary Top 3 Users by DiskIO Time - Summary Top 3 Users by Incoming Network Traffic Top 3 Users by Incoming Network Traffic Top 3 Users by Incoming Network Traffic Top 3 Users by Incoming Network Traffic - Summary Top 3 Users by Outgoing Network Traffic - Summary
Sybase ASE Process Statistics	 Top 10 Processes by CPU Time Top 10 Processes by Waiting Time Top 10 Processes by Incoming Network Traffic Top 10 Processes by Outgoing Network Traffic Top 10 Processes by Memory Usage Top 10 Processes by User Log Cache(ULC) Writes Top 10 Processes by Transactions Rate Top 10 Processes by DiskIO Rate
Sybase ASE SQL Statistics	 Top SQL Statements by CPU Time Top SQL Statements by Memory Usage Top SQL Statements by Wait Time
Sybase ASE Open Objects Statistics	 Top 5 Hot Objects by Logical Reads Top 5 Hot Objects by Physical Reads Top 5 Hot Objects by APF Reads Top 5 Hot Objects by Page Reads Top 5 Hot Objects by Physical Writes
Sybase ASE Deadlock Statistics	Top 10 Processes by Locks HeldDeadlock Detail Table
Sybase ASE Worker Threads Statistics	 Attempted Parallel Queries History Altered Plans History Worker Threads Summary

Table 6-1 (Cont.) Sybase (ASE) Database Reports

Report Name	Report Elements
Sybase ASE Configuration	Sybase ASE Version
	System Listeners
	Information about Databases
	Installed Scripts
	Charsets Information
	Backup/Recovery Configuration Parameters
	Cache Manager Configuration Parameters
	Component Integration Services Configuration Parameter
	Configuration Options Configuration Parameters
	DTM Administration Configuration Parameters
	Diagnostics Configuration Parameters
	Disk I/O Configuration Parameters
	Error Log Configuration Parameters
	Extended Stored Procedure Configuration Parameters
	General Information Configuration Parameters
	Java Services Configuration Parameters
	Languages Configuration Parameters
	Lock Manager Configuration Parameters
	Memory Use Configuration Parameters
	Meta-Data Caches Configuration Parameters
	Monitoring Configuration Parameters
	Network Communication Configuration Parameters
	O/S Resources Configuration Parameters
	Physical Memory Configuration Parameters
	Physical Resources Configuration Parameters
	Processors Configuration Parameters
	 Rep Agent Thread Administration Configuration Parameters
	Security Related Configuration Parameters
	SQL Server Administration Configuration Parameters
	Unicode Configuration Parameters
	User Environment Configuration Parameters
Sybase ASE Error Statistics	Errors Production Rate (per hour)
	Recent Error Messages Summary
	 Recent Error Messages with Severity 10 to 16
	 Recent Error Messages with Severity 17 to 18
	• Recent Error Messages with Severity 19 to 26
Sybase ASE Transaction Log Statistics	• Top 5 Transaction Logs by Current Space Utilization (%)
	• Top 5 Transaction Logs by Recent Space Utilization (%)
	• Top 5 Transaction Logs by Current Total Space (MB)
	• Top 5 Transaction Logs by Recent Total Space (MB)
	• Top 5 Transaction Logs by Current Free Space (MB)
	• Top 5 Transaction Logs by Recent Free Space (MB)
	• Top 5 Transaction Logs by Current Used Space (MB)
	• Top 5 Transaction Logs by Recent Used Space (MB)
	Transaction Log Summary

Table 6-1	(Cont.) Sybase (ASE) Database Reports

Figure 6-1 shows the SQL Statistics report available for Sybase Adaptive Server Enterprise Database:

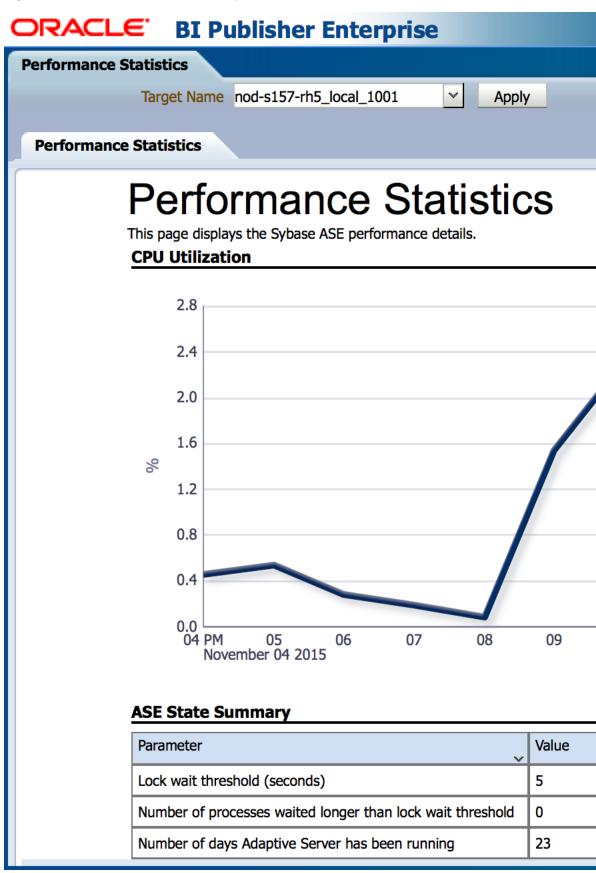


Figure 6-1 Performance Statistics Reports

6-6 System Monitoring Plug-in Metric Reference Manual for Non Oracle Database Management