## Oracle® Financial Services Enterprise Case Management Application Pack

Installation Guide Release 8.0.7.0.0

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# **Document Control**

This section provides the revision details of the document.

Version Number	<b>Revision Date</b>	Changes Done
1.0	Created: December 2018	Captured installation and configuration steps for 8.0.7.0.0 Release.
1.1	Modified January 2019	Added 29270396 patch details
1.2	Modified December 2019	A note has been added about AM to be used as Read Only

This document includes the necessary instructions to install the OFS ECM Application Pack 8.0.7.0.0 and perform the required post installation configurations. The latest copy of this guide can be accessed from OHC Documentation Library.

# Preface

This section provides supporting information for the Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Case Management Application Pack (OFS ECM) Installation Guide and includes the following topics:

- Summary
- Audience
- Related Documents
- Conventions
- Abbreviations

# Summary

You can find the latest copy of this document in OTN Library which includes all the recent additions/revisions (if any) done till date.

Before you begin the installation, ensure that you have access to the Oracle Support Services Portal with the required login credentials to quickly notify us of any issues at any stage. You can obtain the login credentials by contacting Oracle Support Services.

## Audience

Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Case Management Pack Installation Guide is intended for administrators and implementation consultants who are responsible for installing and maintaining the Application Pack components.

#### Prerequisites for the Audience

The following are the prerequisites from the administrators installing OFS ECM:

This document assumes that you have experience in installing Enterprise components and basic knowledge about the following:

- OFS ECM pack components
- OFSAA Architecture
- UNIX Commands
- Database Concepts
- Web server / Web application server

# **Related Documents**

This section identifies additional documents related to OFS ECM.

#### **OFSAAI Related Documents**

Following documents are available in OHC.

- Oracle Financial Services Advanced Analytical Applications Infrastructure Applications Pack Installation and Configuration Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Environment Check Utility Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Administration Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide

#### **OFS ECM Application Related Documents**

Following documents are available in OHC.

- Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Case Management Administration Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Case Management User Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Case Management Configuration Guide
- Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Case Management Release Notes

The following documents are available in My Oracle Support (MOS). You should have SSO credentials to access MOS.

• Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Security Guide

# Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning	
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.	
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.	
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or	

Table 0–1 Conventions used in this guide

# **Abbreviations**

The following table lists the abbreviations used in this document:

text that you enter.

Table 0–2 Abbreviations and their meaning

Abbreviation	Meaning	
ECM	Enterprise Case Management	
GUI	Graphical User Interface	
HTTPS	Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure	

Abbreviation	Meaning	
J2C	J2EE Connector	
J2EE	Java 2 Enterprise Edition	
JDBC	Java Database Connectivity	
LDAP	Lightweight Directory Access Protocol	
LHS	Left Hand Side	
MOS	My Oracle Support	
OFSAA	Oracle Financial Services Analytical Application	
OFSAAI	Oracle Financial Services Analytical Application Infrastructure	
OLAP	On-Line Analytical Processing	
OS	Operating System	
SFTP	Secure File Transfer Protocol	
URL	Uniform Resource Locator	
Web Archive	WAR	
XML	Extensible Markup Language	

Table 0–2Abbreviations and their meaning

# About OFSAA and OFSAA Applications Packs

This chapter provides complete details about Enterprise Case Management (ECM) Application Pack.

**Note:** With the release of Behavior Detection Framework (BDF) 8.0.5, dispositioning alert through Alert Management is no longer supported. Alert Management is only applicable to Trading Compliance and Broker Compliance. For AML and Fraud alerts, the Event Correlation module in Enterprise Case Management should be used to correlate events from the FCCM Behavior Detection engine or those ingested from external applications. Alert Management (AM) can be used as read-only for viewing historical alerts but it is not to be used for investigating alerts, taking action on them, editing them and/or promoting them to a case. The manual Promote to Case functionality is no longer supported. Customers are to use Enterprise Case Management (ECM) for reviewing and investigating alerts. With the BDF license, a restricted use license of ECM is provided which replicates the functionality available in AM to the best that is currently available within ECM. Implementations should use event correlation to move Alerts from BDF into ECM and then have them correlation/promote to a case where all levels of investigation can occur. If this updated process is not clear to your implementation team it is advised that you contact Oracle Partner Network or Oracle Consulting to be trained.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- About OFSAA
- Introduction to OFS ECM Application
- About OFSAA Infrastructure
- About Data Security Configurations

# About OFSAA

In today's turbulent markets, financial institutions require a better understanding of their risk-return, while strengthening competitive advantage and enhancing long-term customer value. Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications (OFSAA) enable financial institutions to measure and meet risk adjusted performance objectives, cultivate a risk management culture through transparency, lower the costs of compliance and regulation, and improve insight into customer behavior.

OFSAA uses industry-leading analytical methods, shared data model and applications architecture to enable integrated risk management, performance management, customer insight, and compliance management. OFSAA actively incorporates risk into decision making, enables to achieve a consistent view of performance, promote a transparent risk management culture, and provide pervasive intelligence.

With the help of OFSAA, the financial services organizations can achieve, management excellence with a lower total cost of ownership, due to our integrated, architecture, combining performance and risk applications into a single, seamlessly integrated framework.

OFSAA delivers a comprehensive and integrated suite of financial services analytical applications for both banking and insurance domain.

The Figure 1–1 depicts the various Applications Pack that are available across the OFSAA Banking and Insurance domains:

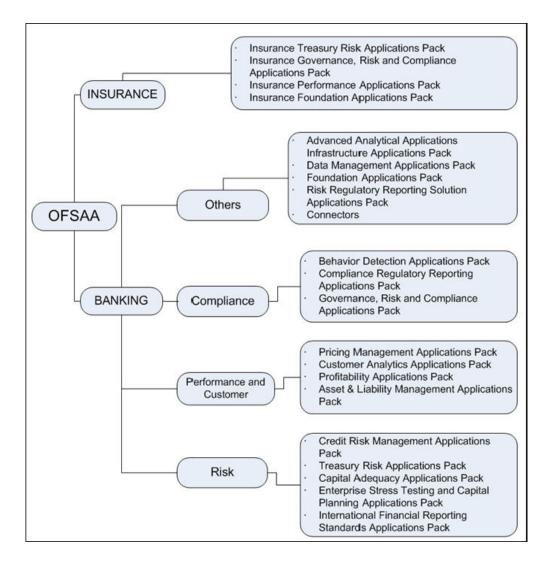


Figure 1–1 OFSAA Applications Packs

# Introduction to OFS ECM Application

OFS ECM Application Pack includes the following applications:

- Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure (OFSAAI) powers the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications family of products to perform the processing, categorizing, selection and manipulation of data and information required to analyze, understand and report on specific performance, risk, compliance and customer insight issues by providing a strong foundation for the entire family of Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications across the domains of Risk, Performance, Compliance and Customer Insight.
- Oracle Financial Services Inline Processing Engine (OFS IPE) provides real-time monitoring, detection and interdiction of single and complex fraud events across multiple channels and lines of business.
- Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Case Management (OFS ECM) supports the investigation and resolution of ML, KYC, Customer Screening, TBAML, FATCA, and third party events. A newly created case passes through various statuses as part of investigation and reaches closure through resolution actions. Enterprise Case Management supports the modification of the case details and the associated business data. Investigation workflows can vary based upon the type of case being investigated. The case investigation and resolution are supported by various actions, which may be specific to the case type. Access to types of cases and actions are controlled based on the user role and access permissions. Cases are generated from various sources and cases are also manually created in the ECM. Enterprise Case Management supports product default case types that drive the Investigation workflow. Case types are configurable and can be defined by firms to meet their business need. ECM allows to design workflows using Process Modelling Framework.

# About OFSAA Infrastructure

Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure (OFSAAI) powers the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications family of products to perform the processing, categorizing, selection and manipulation of data and information required to analyze, understand and report on specific performance, risk, compliance and customer insight issues by providing a strong foundation for the entire family of Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications across the domains of Risk, Performance, Compliance, and Customer Insight.

### **Components of OFSAAI**

The OFSAA Infrastructure includes frameworks that operate on and with the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Data Model and form the array of components within the Infrastructure.

The OFSAA Infrastructure components/ frameworks are installed as two layers: primarily the metadata server and Infrastructure services run on one layer, and the UI and presentation logic runs on the other. The UI and presentation layer is deployed on any of the supported J2EE Servers.

The Figure 1–2 depicts the various frameworks and capabilities that make up the OFSAA Infrastructure:

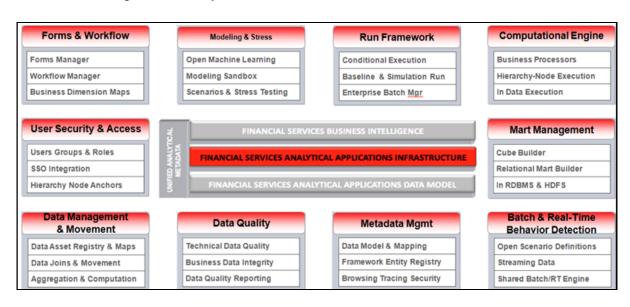


Figure 1–2 Components of OFSAAI

### **OFSAA Infrastructure High Availability**

The current release of the OFSAA Infrastructure supports only "Single Instance" installation for the Infrastructure components. However, the High Availability (HA) for the Database Server and/or the Web application server clustering and deployment are supported in this release.

This release supports Active-Passive model of implementation for OFSAAI components. For more information, see Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Configuration for High Availability- Best Practices Guide.

# **About Data Security Configurations**

Data Security refers to the protection of data against unauthorized access and data theft. OFSAA ensures Data Security with the following features:

- Multi-Factor Authentication
- Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)
- Data Redaction
- Key Management
- HTTPS
- Logging

For more details on the features in the previous list, see the Configuring Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) and Data Redaction in OFSAA

2

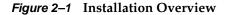
# Understanding OFS ECM Application Pack Installation

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Installation Overview
- Deployment Topology
- Hardware and Software Requirements
- Verifying System Environment
- Understanding the Installation Mode

# **Installation Overview**

This release (8.0.7.0.0) of the OFS ECM Application Pack allows the users/ Administrators to install a new OFS ECM Application Pack 8.0.7.0.0 instance. Figure 2–1 shows the order of procedures required to follow to install a new OFS ECM Application Pack 8.0.7.0.0 instance.



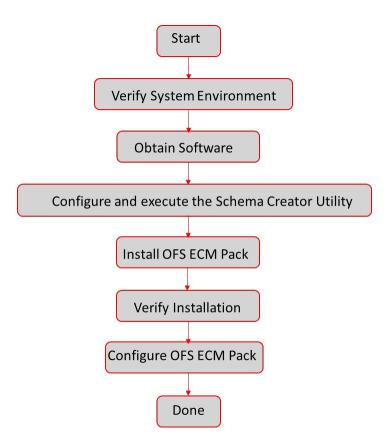


Table 2–1 provides additional information and links to specific documentation for each task in the flowchart.

 Table 2–1
 OFS ECM Application Pack Installation Tasks and Descriptions

Tasks	Details and Documentation
Verify Systems Environment	To verify that your system meets the minimum necessary requirements for installing and hosting the OFS ECM Application Pack, see Verifying System Environment.
Obtain the software	To access and download the OFS ECM Application Pack, see Obtaining Software.
Configure and Execute the Schema Creator Utility	To create the database schema, see Configuring and Executing Schema Creator Utility.
Install OFS ECM Pack	To install the OFS ECM Application Pack, see Installing the OFS ECM Application Pack.
Configure OFS ECM Pack after installation	To configure the OFS ECM Application Pack post installation, see Post Installation Configuration.

# **Deployment Topology**

The Figure 2–2 shows the logical architecture implemented for OFS ECM Application Pack.

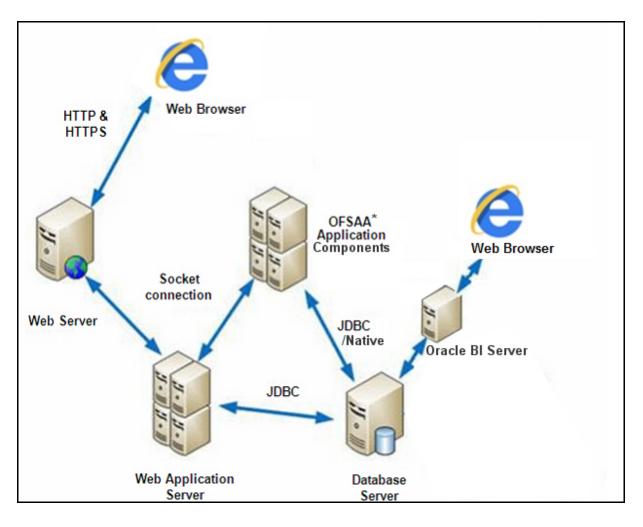


Figure 2–2 Deployment Topology

# Hardware and Software Requirements

This section describes the various Operating Systems, Database, Web server, and Web application server versions, and other variant details on which this release of the OFS ECM Application Pack has been qualified.

Note:

OFS ECM Application Pack installation can be performed on both Virtual and Physical servers.

The following tables show the minimum hardware and software requirements for installing OFS ECM Application Pack.

## **Configurations supported for Java 7**

Table 2–2 Configurations Supported for Java 7

**Operating System** 

Oracle Linux / Red Hat	• Oracle Linux Server release 6.1 and above - 64 bit		
Enterprise Linux (x86-64)	• Oracle Linux Server release 7.1 and above - 64 bit		
	Note: Same version of RHEL is supported		
Oracle Solaris (SPARC)	• v5.11 update 3 and above - 64 bit		
IBM AIX (POWERPC)	• AIX 7.1 (TL 09 and above) - 64 bit		
Solaris (X86)	• 5.11 update 3 and above - 64 bit		
Shell	KORN Shell (KSH)		
Note:			
• If the operating system i commands by logging ir	s RHEL, install the package lsb_release with one of the following n as root user:		
• yum	install redhat-lsb-core		
• yum	install redhat-lsb		
Java Runtime Environment			
Oracle Linux / Red Hat	Oracle Java Runtime Environment (JRE) 1.7.x - 64 bit		
Enterprise Linux	Gracie java Kuntine Environment (JKE) 1.7.X - 04 bit		
Oracle Database Server an	d Client		
Oracle Database Server 1     Non-RAC with/ without	Enterprise Edition 11g Release 2 (11.2.0.3.0+) - 64 bit RAC/ It partitioning option		
	Enterprise Edition 11g Release 2 (11.2.0.4.0 +) - 64 bit vithout partitioning option, Advanced Security Option**		
Oracle Database Server 2	12c Release 2 (12.2.0.1+)		
Enterprise Edition with	Oracle Database client 12c Release 1 (v12.1.0.1+)		
Oracle Client 11g Releas	e 2 (11.2.0.3.0+) - 64 bit		
Oracle Client 12c Release	e 1 (12.1.0.1+) - 64 bit		
• Oracle 11g Release 2 (11	.2.0.3+) JDBC driver (Oracle thin driver)		
• Oracle 12C Release 1 (12	.1.0.1+) JDBC driver (Oracle thin driver)		
Note:			
Ensure that the following part	tches are applied:		
• Oracle Server 12c, v12.1.	* *		
• Oracle Server 12c, v12.1.			
Also for latest information	on, see http://support.oracle.com/ , 12.1.0.2 Bundle Patches for I DB In-Memory - List of Fixes in each Bundle (Doc ID 1937782.1		
• Oracle R Enterprise 1.4 r 12.1.0.1	requires Oracle Database Enterprise Edition 11.2.0.3/ 11.2.0.4/		
OLAP			
Oracle Hyperion Essbase	• V 11.1.2.1+ (Server and Client) with Oracle 11g Database		
51	V 11.1.2.3+ (Server and Client) with Oracle 12c Database		
	V 11.2.0.3+ with Oracle 11g Database		
Oracle OLAP			
Oracle OLAP	• V 12.1.0.1+ with Oracle 12c Database		

 Table 2–2 (Cont.) Configurations Supported for Java 7

Database server with OLAP option.

Web server/ Web applica	tion server	
Oracle Linux / Red Hat Enterprise Linux / IBM	Oracle HTTP Server 11.1.1.1/ Apache HTTP Server 2.2.x/ IBM HTTP Server	
	• Oracle WebLogic Server 12.1.x and 12.2.x - 64 bit	
	• IBM WebSphere Application Server 8.5.5.9+ (Full Profile) with IBM Java Runtime - 64 bit	
	• Apache Tomcat 8.0.x - 64 bit	
Note:		
• OFSAA Infrastructure Oracle JRockit is not s	web component deployment on Oracle WebLogic Server with upported.	
Desktop Requirements		
Operating System	MS Windows 7 / Windows 8/ Windows 10	
Browser	Microsoft Internet Browser 11.x	
	Chrome 57.x	
	Firefox 52.x	
	Turn off Pop-up blocker settings. For more information, see Configuring Internet Explorer Settings	
Office Tools	• MS Office 2007/2010/2013	
	• Adobe Acrobat Reader 8 or above	
Screen Resolution	1280*1024	
Other Software		
Directory Services	OFSAAI is qualified on both OPEN LDAP 2.2.29+ and Oracle Internet Directory v 11.1.1.3.0. However, it can be integrated with other directory services software such as MS Active Directory.	
Note:		
	ctory services software for OFSAAI installation is optional. For configuration, see Setting Infrastructure LDAP Configuration.	
• Open LDAP must be i	nstalled on MS Windows Server machine.	

Table 2–2 (Cont.) Configurations Supported for Java 7

# **Configurations supported for Java 8**

Table 2–3 Configurations Supported for Java 8

Operating System		
Oracle Linux / Red Hat Enterprise Linux (x86-64)	Oracle Linux Server release 6.1 and above - 64 bit	
	Oracle Linux Server release 7.1 and above - 64 bit  Note: Same version of PLIEL is summarized	
	Note: Same version of RHEL is supported	
Oracle Solaris (SPARC)	• v5.11 update 3 and above - 64 bit	
IBM AIX (POWERPC)	• AIX 7.1 (TL 09 and above) - 64 bit	
Solaris (X86)	• 5.11 update 3 and above - 64 bit	
Shell	KORN Shell (KSH)	

Note:

• If the operating system i commands by logging ir	s RHEL, install the package lsb_release with one of the followin a as root user:
	install redhat-lsb-core
• VIIM	install redhat-lsb
Java Runtime Environment	
Oracle Linux / Red Hat Enterprise Linux	• Oracle Java Runtime Environment (JRE) 1.8.x - 64 bit
Oracle Database Server an	d Client
Oracle Database Server Enter with/ without partitioning o	rprise Edition 11g Release 2 (11.2.0.3.0+) - 64 bit RAC/ Non-RA ption
Oracle Database Server 1 Non-RAC with/ withou	Enterprise Edition 12c Release 1 (12.1.0.1+)- 64 bit RAC/ t partitioning option
Oracle Database Server 2	2c Release 2 (12.2.0.1+)
• Enterprise Edition with	Oracle Database client 12c Release 1 (v12.1.0.1+)
Oracle Client 11g Releas	e 2 (11.2.0.3.0+) - 64 bit
Oracle Client 12c Release	e 1 (12.1.0.1.0+) - 64 bit
• Oracle 11g Release 2 (11)	2.0.3+) JDBC driver (Oracle thin driver)
• Oracle 12C Release 1 (12	.1.0.1+) JDBC driver (Oracle thin driver)
Note:	
Ensure that the following pat	ches are applied:
• Oracle Server 12c, v12.1.	0.1 - 17082699
• Oracle Server 12c, v12.1.	0.2 - 20698050
	on, see http://support.oracle.com/ , 12.1.0.2 Bundle Patches fo DB In-Memory - List of Fixes in each Bundle (Doc ID 1937782.
• Oracle R Enterprise 1.4 r 12.1.0.1	equires Oracle Database Enterprise Edition 11.2.0.3/ 11.2.0.4/
• To configure the Oracle DocID: 2691006.1.	Database 19c Server and Client on a new installation, see MOS
• To configure the Oracle MOS DocID: 2699715.1.	Database 19c Server and Client on an existing installation, see
OLAP	
Oracle Hyperion Essbase	• V 11.1.2.1+ (Server and Client) with Oracle 11g Database
	• V 11.1.2.3+ (Server and Client) with Oracle 12c Database
Oracle OLAP	• V 11.2.0.3+ with Oracle 11g Database
	• V 12.1.0.1+ with Oracle 12c Database
Note:	1
Oracle Hyperion Essbase	e and Oracle OLAP is required only if you are using the OLAP Dracle OLAP, ensure that you have configured the Oracle .AP option.
Web server/ Web application	n server

#### Table 2–3 (Cont.) Configurations Supported for Java 8

Table 2–3 (Cont.) Configurations Supported for Java 8			
Oracle Linux / Red Hat Enterprise Linux/ IBM	Oracle HTTP Server 11.1.1.1/ Apache HTTP Server 2.2.x/ IBM HTTP Server		
	• Oracle WebLogic Server 12.1.x and 12.2.x - 64 bit		
	• IBM WebSphere Application Server 8.5.5.9+ with bundled IBM Java Runtime - 64 bit		
	• Apache Tomcat 8.0.x - 64 bit		

Table 2–3 (Cont.) Configurations Supported for Java 8

#### Note:

- OFSAA Infrastructure web component deployment on Oracle WebLogic Server with Oracle JRockit is not supported.
- For deployment on Oracle WebLogic Server 12.1.3+ (64 bit) with Java 8, download and install patch 18729264 from http://support.oracle.com/.

Desktop Requirements	S		
Operating System	MS Windows 7 / Windows 8/ Windows 10		
Browser	Microsoft Internet Browser 11.x		
	Chrome 57.x		
	Firefox 52.x		
	Turn off Pop-up blocker settings. For more information, see Configuring Internet Explorer Settings		
Office Tools	MS Office 2007/2010/2013		
	Adobe Acrobat Reader 8 or above		
Screen Resolution	1024*768 or 1280*1024		
Other Software			
Directory Services OFSAAI is qualified on both OPEN LDAP 2.2.29+ and C Internet Directory v 11.1.1.3.0. However, it can be integra with other directory services software such as MS Active Directory.			
Note:	!		
U U	irectory services software for OFSAAI installation is optional. For on configuration, see Setting Infrastructure LDAP Configuration.		
Open LDAP must k	pe installed on MS Windows Server machine.		

• Open LDAP must be installed on MS Windows Server machine.

**Note:** To upgrade an existing OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8, see Appendix P.

Table 2–4 provides the recommended software combinations for OFS ECM Application Pack deployment.

Table 2–4 Recommended Software Combinations

Operating System	Database	Web application server	Web server
Oracle Linux 5.3 up to 5.10/ 6.0 and above	Oracle Database	Oracle WebLogic Server /Apache Tomcat Server	Oracle HTTP Server/ Apache HTTP Server
Oracle Solaris 5.10/ 5.11	Oracle Database	Oracle WebLogic Server /Apache Tomcat Server	Oracle HTTP Server/ Apache HTTP Server

# **Verifying System Environment**

To verify your system environment meets the minimum requirements for the installation, a Pre-Install Check utility is available within the Install Kit archive file. This utility can also be obtained separately by contacting Oracle Support Services.

Though the system environment verification is an integral and automated part of the installation of this software product, Oracle strongly recommends running this utility prior to beginning the installation as part of your organization's "Installation Readiness Verification Process".

**Note:** For more details on download and usage of this utility, see Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Environment Check Utility Guide given in the Related Documents section.

# **Understanding the Installation Mode**

The following modes of installation are available for the OFS ECM Application Pack.

• Installing in Silent Mode

### **Installing in Silent Mode**

This mode mandates updating the installation configuration files with required details and performs installation in a "Silent" non user interactive format.

# **Preparing for Installation**

Note:

- Starting from version 8.0.5.0.0, OFS ECM is available as a standalone application. If OFS ECM has to be installed with another FCCM application, ensure that you install both the applications on same schema/infodom.
- Release 8.0.7.0.0 of Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Case Management is not fully backward compatible with earlier versions of FCCM applications. You must upgrade all of your FCCM applications from existing 8.0.x versions to 8.0.7.0.0 version and cannot choose to upgrade only selective application packs to v8.0.7.0.0. However, there is one except in regards to ECM and AML BDF. Previous version of AML BDF can be used with the latest version of ECM but the client will need to update the data model of AML BDF and make necessary additions to DM utility and batch processes on ECM.

This chapter provides necessary information to review before installing the Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Case Management (OFS ECM) Application Pack v8.0.7.0.0.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Installer and Installation Prerequisites
- Obtaining Software
- Performing Common Pre-Installation Tasks

## Installer and Installation Prerequisites

Table 3–1 provides the list of prerequisites required before beginning the installation for OFS ECM application. The Environment Check utility notifies you if any requirements are not met.

Category	Sub-Category	Expected Value
Environment Settings	User Permission	User to have 755 permission on the directory identified for installation (FIC_HOME).
		<b>Note:</b> User to have 755 permission on the .profile file
	Java Settings	• PATH in .profile file must be set to include the Java Runtime Environment absolute path. The path should include Java version (7 or 8) based on the configuration.
		Note:
		• Ensure that the absolute path to JRE/bin is set at the beginning of PATH variable.
		<ul> <li>For example, PATH=/usr/java/jre1.7/bin:\$ORACLE_ HOME/bin:\$PATH</li> </ul>
		Ensure that no SYMBOLIC links to JAVA     installation are not set in the PATH variable
	Oracle Database Settings	Oracle Database Server
		• TNS_ADMIN must be set in.profile file pointing to appropriate tnsnames.ora file.
		<ul> <li>Enable Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) and/ or Data Redaction**</li> </ul>
		For more information, see Appendix R, "Configuring Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) and Data Redaction in OFSAA".
		OFSAAProcessing Server
		• ORACLE_HOME must be set in .profile file pointing to appropriate Oracle DB Client installation.
		• PATH in .profile file must be set to include appropriate \$ORACLE_HOME/bin path.
		• Ensure that an entry (with SID/ SERVICE NAME) is added in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server.

Table 3–1 Prerequisite Information

Category	Sub-Category	Expected Value
OS/File System Settings	OS Level Settings	You must set your locale to UTF-8 locale (LANG, NLS_LANG to be set in.profile). Specifying a locale depends on your data and the operating system installed on your system.
		For example,
		• For Linux OS: export LANG=en_US.utf8
		You can determine the locale on your system using the locale -a command
		export NLS_LANG=AMERICAN_ AMERICA.AL32UTF8
	File Descriptor Settings	Greater than 15000
	Total Number of Process Settings	Greater than 4096
	tmp space	Prior to installation, ensure that sufficient free temp space (minimum 1 GB free) is available in /tmp directory of unix server hosting OFSECM.
	Port Settings	Default port numbers to be enabled on the system are 6500, 6501, 6505, 6507, 6509, 6510, 6666, 9999, and 10101.
	Staging Area/ Metadata Repository	A directory to hold the application metadata artifacts and additionally act as staging area.The directory should exist on the same system as the OFSAA Infrastructure (can be configured on different mount). However, the owner of the installation directory mentioned above should have RWX (read, write, and execute) permissions on this folder.
		Set 775 permission on this folder.
		<b>Note:</b> This directory is also referred as FTPSHARE folder.
	Installation Directory	A directory where the product files will be installed.
		Assign User permission to 755 on the installation directory.
	Temporary Directory	Default temporary directory where installation files are stored for a short period of time to support faster installation.
		• For installation on UNIX OS, your UNIX administrator must give you the required read-write permissions for the <i>ltmp</i> directory and disable the NOEXEC option
		• Configure adequate space on the <i>ltmp</i> directory. It is recommended that you allocate more than 10 GB of space.
		<b>Note:</b> If NOEXEC is enabled, the extraction of files by the installer into the <i>ltmp</i> directory is prevented and the binaries will not execute in the directory, which will fail the installation.
	Download Directory	A directory where the product installer file will be downloaded/ copied.
		Ensure user permission is set to 755 on the Download directory.

 Table 3–1 (Cont.) Prerequisite Information

Category	Sub-Category	Expected Value
Database Settings	Database Instance	NLS_CHARACTERSET to be AL32UTF8
C C	Settings	NLS_LENGTH_SEMANTICS to be BYTE
		• AVAILABLE OPEN CURSORS limit to be greater than 4096
		For an Oracle Database installation, set your Oracle NLS_LANG environment variable to an appropriate UTF-8 character set.
		For example, setenv NLS_LANG AMERICAN_ AMERICA.AL32UTF8
		<b>Note</b> : For other database tunable parameters required for OFS ECM, see Appendix S, "Tunable Database Parameters". Ensure that the OLAP_USER role is available in the database.
Web application server	WebSphere/ WebLogic/ Tomcat	Web application server should be installed and profile/domain created.
		You are prompted to enter the WebSphere Profile path, WebLogic Domain path, or Tomcat Deployment path during OFSAAI installation.
		Note:
		• See Appendix A for WebSphere Profile and WebLogic Domain creation.
		• For deployment on Oracle WebLogic Server 12.1.3+ (64 bit) with Java 8, download and install
		18729264 from http://support.oracle.com/.
Web server	Apache HTTP Server/Oracle HTTP Server/ IBM HTTP Server.	This is an optional requirement. HTTP Server Installation to be present. You are prompted to enter the Web server IP/Hostname and Port details during installation.
		Note: See Appendix A for Web server installation.
Operating System	Solaris 11	Upgrade to Oracle Solaris 11.3 with SRU09 or higher. See https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E53394_ 01/html/E54845/index.html to upgrade to SRU09 if you have a lower SRU version. Additionally, install the required runtime libraries. For more information, see Installing Only the Runtime Libraries on Oracle Solaris 11.
	Solaris 10	Install the required OS patches. For more information, see Installing the Required Oracle Solaris 10 Patches. Additionally, install the required runtime libraries. For more information, see Installing Only the Runtime Libraries on Oracle Solaris 10.
		<b>Note:</b> Before you install the OFS ECM Application pack, ensure that all the dependency packs have been upgraded to 8.0.7.0.0 version.
OFS AAI	One-off	Apply the consolidated one-off patch 29004093 before deployment from My Oracle Support http://support.oracle.com/
OFS TBAML	One-off	If user wants to run the TBAML batch on standalone/Upgraded 8.0.7, then apply mandatory patch 29289804.

 Table 3–1 (Cont.) Prerequisite Information

Category	Sub-Category	Expected Value
Backup Tables Table Names	Table Names	Before starting the installation and post installation, ensure there are no Backup tables created manually with table names suffixed with _BKP or _TEMP.
		Note: Table names with _BKP and _TEMP that are created outside the application will cause installation/patch application to fail.

 Table 3–1 (Cont.) Prerequisite Information

# **Obtaining Software**

The 8.0.7.0.0 release of OFS ECM Application Pack can be downloaded from My Oracle Support (https://support.oracle.com/). You must have a valid Oracle account to download the software.

# **Performing Common Pre-Installation Tasks**

The common pre-installation activities that you must carry out before installing the OFS ECM Application Pack are:

- Identifying the Installation, Download and Metadata Repository
- Downloading and Copying the OFS ECM Application Pack Installer
- Extracting the Software
- Setting Up Web application server

### Identifying the Installation, Download and Metadata Repository

To install OFSAA Application packs, create the following directories:

- OFS ECM Download Directory (Optional) Create a download directory and copy the OFS ECM Application Pack Installer File (archive). This is the directory where the downloaded installer/patches can be copied.
- OFS ECM Installation Directory (Mandatory) Create an installation directory and copy the installation files. Perform the installation from this directory. Set the variable FIC\_HOME variable in the .profile file to point to the OFS ECM Installation Directory.
- OFS ECM Staging/Metadata Directory (Mandatory) Create a Staging/Metadata Directory to copy data loading files, save data extracts and so on. Additionally, this directory also maintains the OFSAA metadata artifacts. This directory is also referred to as "FTPSHARE".

Note:

Assign 755 user permission to the Installation and Download Directory.

Assign 755 user permission to the Staging Directory.

### Downloading and Copying the OFS ECM Application Pack Installer

To download and copy the OFS ECM Application Pack Installer, follow these steps:

1. To download the OFS ECM Application Pack, log in to My Oracle Support (https://support.oracle.com/) with a valid Oracle account.

Download the mandatory installer one-off patch **29008204** from My Oracle Support.

- 2. Download the mandatory one-off patch 29965853 from http://support.oracle.com/.
- **3.** Download the installer archive into the Download Directory (in Binary mode) in the setup identified for OFS ECM installation.

### Extracting the Software

Note:

You must be logged in to the UNIX operating system as a non-root user.

- 1. Download the unzip utility (OS specific) unzip\_<os>.z and copy it in Binary mode to the directory that is included in your PATH variable. If you already have the unzip utility to extract the contents of the downloaded archive, skip this step.
- **2.** Uncompress the unzip installer file with the command:

```
uncompress unzip_<os>.Z
```

Note:

If an error message "uncompress: not found [No such file or directory]" is displayed when the package is not installed, contact your UNIX administrator.

**3.** Assign EXECUTE permission to the file with the command:

```
chmod 751 unzip_<OS>
```

For example, chmod 751 unzip\_sparc

**4.** Extract the contents of the OFS ECM Application Pack 8.0.7.0.0 installer archive file in the download directory with the following command:

```
unzip OFS_ECM_PACK.zip
```

#### Note

Do not rename the Application Pack installer folder name on extraction from the archive.

**5.** Navigate to the download directory and assign execute permission to the installer directory with the following command:

```
chmod -R 755 OFS_ECM_PACK
```

**6.** Extract and apply the patch 29965853. See the Readme available with the patch for further instructions on installing the patch.

#### Setting Up Web application server

For setting up the environment based on your selected Web application server, see Configuring Web application servers.

# **Installing OFS ECM Application Pack**

This chapter describes the steps to be followed to install the OFS ECM Application pack depending on the offline and online modes of installation.

**Note:** If you are installing an Application Pack on an environment, where another Applications Pack is already installed, you may sometimes get a warning message such as *Object Already Exists*. This message can be ignored.

This chapter includes the following sections:

- About Schema Creator Utility
- Configuring and Executing Schema Creator Utility
- Installing the OFS ECM Application Pack
- Verifying Installation

## About Schema Creator Utility

Creating database users/schemas is one of the primary steps in the complete OFS ECM installation. This release of OFSAA provides a utility to quickly get started with the OFSAA 8.0.7.0.0 installation by allowing easier and faster creation of database User(s)/ Schema(s), assign the necessary GRANT(s), and so on. Additionally, it also creates the required entities in the schemas and so on.

The schema creator utility must be configured and executed before installation of any OFSAA Application Pack.

This section includes the following topics:

- Configuring Schema Creator Utility
- Selecting Execution Modes in Schema Creator Utility
- Selecting Execution Options in Schema Creator Utility

### **Configuring Schema Creator Utility**

The schema creator utility should be configured and executed mandatorily every time prior to installation of any OFSAA Applications Pack.

The types of schemas that can be configured are:

CONFIG - This schema holds the entities and other objects required for OFSAA setup configuration information.

**Note:** There can be only one CONFIG schema per OFSAA instance.

**ATOMIC** - This schema holds the data model entities. One ATOMIC schema is attached to one Information Domain.

**Note:** There can be multiple ATOMIC schemas per OFSAA Instance and an Information Domain can have only one ATOMIC schema.

#### Selecting Execution Modes in Schema Creator Utility

Schema creator utility supports the following modes of execution:

• **Online Mode**: In this mode, the utility connects to the database and executes the Data Definition Language (DDL) for User, Entities, and GRANTS.

**Note:** To execute the utility in Online mode, you need to connect as "<User> AS SYSDBA".

• Offline Mode: In this mode, the utility generates an SQL script with all the required DDLs for User, Entities and GRANTS. This script must be executed by the DBA on the appropriate database identified for OFSAA usage.

**Note:** For running the sql script generated in offline mode, the script should reside in the same directory where the 'SQLScripts' directory is available.

#### Note:

- 1. To execute the utility in Offline mode, you must connect as a user with the following GRANTS (alternatively, you can also connect as a user with SYSDBA privileges):
  - SELECT ON DBA\_ROLES
  - SELECT ON DBA\_USERS
  - SELECT ON DBA\_DIRECTORIES
  - SELECT ON DBA\_TABLESPACES
  - CREATE SESSION
- 2. Do not modify the OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_OUT.XML file generated after the execution of this utility
- 3. If there are any errors during the SQL script execution, reconfigure the OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml file and execute the utility. This regenerates the scripts with corrected information. For more information, see Configuring OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml File.
- **4.** Do not modify the OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_OUT.XML file generated after the execution of this utility.
- 5. Do not keep any backup files of xml's in the download directory.

### Selecting Execution Options in Schema Creator Utility

Depending on the option selected to run the OFSAA Applications Pack installer, you must select the appropriate schema creator utility execution option. To run the OFSAA Applications Pack installer in Silent mode, it is mandatory to execute the schema creator utility with -s option.

# **Configuring and Executing Schema Creator Utility**

This section includes the following topics:

- Prerequisites
- Configuring Schema Creator Utility
- Executing the Schema Creator Utility
- Verifying the Schema Creator Log Files

**Note:** If you intend to use Oracle OLAP feature, execute the below grant on all ATOMIC schema(s): grant olap\_user to &database\_username.

### Prerequisites

The prerequisites you must have before configuring the Schema Creator Utility are:

- Oracle User ID/Password with SYSDBA privileges
- JDBC Connection URL for RAC/Non RAC database
- HOSTNAME/IP of the server on which OFSAA is being installed.
- TNSNames.ora should have entry for the database planning to install the Database objects.
- For enabling Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) in your OFSAA instance during installation, perform the steps explained in the Appendix R, "Configuring Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) and Data Redaction in OFSAA".

#### **Configuring Schema Creator Utility**

This section explains the steps to configure the Schema Creator Utility.

**Note:** The extracted media pack folder name must not be changed.

To configure the Schema Creator Utility, follow these steps:

- **1.** Log in to the system as non-root user.
- 2. Navigate to the following path: OFS\_ECM\_PACK/schema\_creator/conf directory.
- 3. Edit the OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml file in a text editor.
- **4.** Configure the following elements as described in the section Configuring OFS\_ ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml File:
- 5. Save the OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml file.

**Note:** On successful execution of the utility, the entered passwords in the OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml file are nullified.

Do not clean up the OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_OUTPUT.XML file post-installation as it would be required in future patch installations and upgrades.

**Note:** While editing the OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml, ensure only the values/tag attributes mentioned in must be modified and none of other tags should be modified.

Do not modify the following list of attributes:

- APP\_PACK\_ID
- SCHEMA. APP\_ID
- SCHEMA. DEFAULTTABLESPACE
- SCHEMA.TYPE
- TABLESPACE.NAME

### Executing the Schema Creator Utility

You can execute the schema creator utility in Online mode or Offline mode. This section includes the following topics:

- Executing the Schema Creator Utility in Online Mode
- Executing the Schema Creator Utility in Offline Mode
- Executing the Schema Creator Utility with -s Option
- Executing the Schema Creator Utility while Installing Subsequent Applications Pack

#### Executing the Schema Creator Utility in Online Mode

In Online mode, the Schema Creator Utility creates all the Schemas, Schema Objects, Tablespaces, Grants, and Roles in the database during the execution process.

To execute the Schema Creator Utility in Online mode, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in to the system as non-root user.
- 2. Navigate to the following path: OFS\_ECM\_PACK/schema\_creator/bin/
- **3.** Execute the osc.sh file using the following command:

./osc.sh

- **4.** The following message is displayed: You have chosen ONLINE mode. Triggering the utility in ONLINE mode will execute the DDLs directly on the Database. Do you wish to proceed? (Y/y or N/n).
- **5.** Enter Y/ y to proceed with the script generation.
- 6. Enter the DB Username with SYSDBA Privileges. For example: SYS as SYSDBA.
- 7. Enter the User Password.





**Note:** On successful execution of Schema Creator utility, the console displays the following status message:

Schema Creator executed successfully. Please proceed with the installation.

See log file in OFS\_ECM\_PACK/schema\_creator/logs directory for execution status. If there are any errors, contact Oracle Suport Services.

#### Executing the Schema Creator Utility in Offline Mode

In Offline Mode, the Schema Creator Utility creates an output in the SQL file format. This script must be executed manually by logging as database user with SYSDBA privileges. The SQL file contains the creation of Schemas, Schema Objects, and Roles.

#### **Prerequisites:**

To execute the utility in Offline mode, you must connect a database user with the following GRANTS (Alternatively, you can also connect as a user with SYSDBA privileges):

- SELECT ON DBA\_ROLES
- SELECT ON DBA\_USERS

- SELECT ON DBA\_DIRECTORIES
- SELECT ON DBA\_TABLESPACES
- CREATE SESSION

**Note:** Explicit GRANTS to the user are required. GRANTS assigned through Roles are not supported

To execute the schema creator utility in Offline mode, follow these steps:

- **1.** Log in to the system as non-root user.
- 2. Navigate to OFS\_ECM\_PACK/schema\_creator/bin directory.
- **3.** Execute the osc.sh file using the following command:

./osc.sh -o

- **4.** Enter Y / y to generate the script.
- **5.** The following message is displayed: You have chosen OFFLINE mode. Triggering the utility in OFFLINE mode will generate the script. Do you wish to proceed? (Y/y or N/n).
- 6. Enter the DB Username with SELECT privileges.
- 7. Enter the User Password.

#### Figure 4–2 Schema Creation - Offline Mode



- **8.** The console runs the initial validation checks and displays the following message: *You have chosen to install this Applications Pack on <Name of the Atomic Schema*>*ATOMIC schema. Do you want to proceed? (Y/N).*
- **9.** Enter Y/y to start the script generation. The following message is displayed. *You have chosen to install this Applications Pack on <Name of the Infodom>. Do you want to proceed? (Y/N)).*

**Note:** On successful execution of schema creator utility, the console displays the following status message:

Success. Please execute OFS\_ECM\_PACK/schema\_creator/sysdba\_ output\_scripts.sql before proceeding with the installation.

Figure 4–3 Schema Creation - Offline Mode

All the prechecks execution completed successfully.
Generating TableSpace creation Scripts started Generating TableSpace creation Scripts completed
Generating Schema creation scripts started CONFIG User dev_confl4 creation script generated successfully on Default TableSpace : USERS on Temp TableSpace : TEMP Generation of grants creation scripts started Generation of grants creation scripts completed Scripts Generation for CONFIG schema started User dev_confl4 details updated into the dbmaster table User dev_atml4 details updated into the dbmaster table User dev_atml4 creation script generated successfully on Default TableSpace : USERS on Temp TableSpace : TEMP User dev_atml4 creation script generated successfully on Default TableSpace : USERS on Temp TableSpace : TEMP User dev_atml4 creation is skipping as the user is already created. Generating Schema creation scripts completed
Generating Roles creation Scripts started Generating Roles creation Scripts completed
Generating Grants creation scripts started Generating Grants creation scripts completed
Generating Schema Creation Scripts Completed

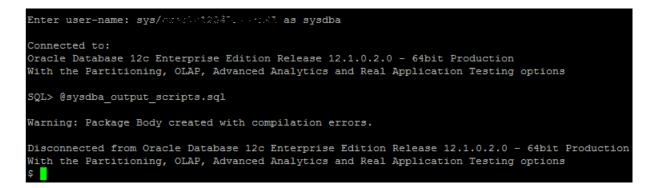
**10.** Navigate to the directory:

OFS\_ECM\_PACK/schema\_creator

- **11.** Open the sysdba\_output\_scripts.sql file and modify SET PAGESIZE 0 FEEDBACK OFF VERIFY OFF HEADING OFF ECHO OFF to SET PAGESIZE 0 FEEDBACK OFF VERIFY OFF HEADING OFF ECHO OFF SQLBLANKLINES ON.
- **12.** Login to SQLPLUS with a user having SYSDBA Privileges.
- **13.** Connect to the Oracle DB Server on which the OFS ECM Application Pack installation is to be performed and execute the sysdba\_output\_scripts.sql file using the following command:

SQL>@sysdba\_output\_scripts.sql





Alternatively, you can copy the sysdba\_output\_scripts.sql file and SQLScripts directory to a remote server and execute sysdba\_output\_scripts.sql file.

**Note:** See log sysdba\_output\_scripts.log file for execution status. If there are any errors, contact Oracle Support Services. SQL Scripts folder and SQl file should reside in the same folder.

- **14.** Once the above file gets executed, a warning is displayed as shown in the above screen.
- **15.** Run the following scripts in config schema:
  - 1. Navigate to the <OFS\_ECM\_PACK>/schema\_creator/SQLScripts/oracle folder.
  - 2. Connect to the config schema through sqlplus
  - 3. Execute the @compile\_objects.sql command.
  - 4. Commit the change.

#### Executing the Schema Creator Utility with -s Option

If you want to run the OFS ECM Application Pack Installer in Silent mode, it is mandatory to execute the schema creator utility with -s option.

To execute the utility with -s option, follow these steps:

- 1. Edit the file OFS\_ECM\_PACK/schema\_creator/conf/OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml in text editor.
- **2.** Execute the utility with -s option.

For example ./osc.sh -s

Figure 4–5 Schema Creator with - s option

\$ ./osc.sh -s profile Executed	
You have chosen ONLINE mode	
Triggering the utility in ONLINE mode will execute the DDLs directly on the Database. Do you wish to proceed? ( Y	(Y/N):
Java Validation Started Java found in : /scratch/oracle/java/jrel.8.0_45/bin JAVA Version found : 1.8.0_45 JAVA Bit Version found : 64-bit Java Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS	
DB specific Validation Started Enter the DB User Name With SYSDBA Frivileges: sys AS SYSDBA Enter the User Password: Oracle Client version : 12.1.0.2.0. Status : SUCCESS Oracle Server version Current value : 12.1.0.2.0. Status : SUCCESS DB specific Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS	
Schema Creation Started	

Note: To execute the utility in OFFLINE mode with Silent option, type ./osc.sh -o -s

# Executing the Schema Creator Utility while Installing Subsequent Applications Pack

While executing the schema creator utility for subsequent Applications Pack, you can choose to install the pack either on the same Information Domain/Atomic Schema or on a new Information Domain/Atomic Schema. You can execute the Schema Creator Utility either in Online or Offline mode.

To execute the schema creator utility while installing OFS ECM Pack over an existing Application Pack, follow these steps:

1. Perform the steps 1 to 5 from the Executing the Schema Creator Utility section.

**Note:** On successful execution of Schema Creator utility, the console displays the following status message:

Success. Please proceed with the installation.

See the log file in OFS\_ECM\_PACK/schema\_creator/logs directory for execution status, if scripts are executed in online mode.

See the log sysdba\_output\_scripts.log for execution status, if executed in offline mode.

If there are any errors, contact Oracle Support Services.

## Verifying the Schema Creator Log Files

You can verify the log files for any errors faced during the schema creation process in the following location: OFS\_ECM\_PACK/schema\_creator/logs.

# Installing the OFS ECM Application Pack

This section provides instructions to install the OFS ECM Application Pack depending on the mode of installation.

Installing in Silent Mode

### Installing in Silent Mode

In the Silent Mode Installation you must configure the product XML files and follow instructions in the command prompt.

### Configuring OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml

Follow these instructions to configure OFSAA\_InstallConfig.xml file:

- 1. Log in to the system as non-root user.
- **2.** Identify a directory for installation and set the same in the user .profile file as the following:

FIC\_HOME=< OFSAA Installation Directory >

export FIC\_HOME

- 3. Execute the user .profile.
- 4. Navigate to the file: OFS\_ECM\_PACK/OFS\_AAI/conf/OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml
- 5. Configure the OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml as mentioned in the section Configuring OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml file. Set the InteractionVariable parameter

values manually as mentioned in the table. If a value is not applicable, enter NA and ensure that the value is not entered as NULL.

### Configuring InstallConfig.xml

To configure the InstallConfig.xml file, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the file: OFS\_ECM\_PACK/OFS\_ECM/conf/InstallConfig.xml
- **2.** Enter the details mentioned in the tags (<!-- Start: User input required for silent installer. --> and <!-- End: User input required for silent installer. -->) as mentioned in the following table.

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_ECM_BASE_ COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSECM client.	Yes
	For example: base_country=US	
	base_country=US	
##OFS_ECM_	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses.	Yes
DEFAULT_ JURISDICTION##	For example:	
,	default_jurisdiction=AMEA	
##OFS_ECM_SMTP_ HOST##	Hostname of the e-mail gateway to be used by the application for e-mail notifications.	Yes
	For example:	
	<pre>smtp_host=mailhost.domain.com</pre>	
	<pre>smtp_host=mailhost.domain.com</pre>	
##OFS_ECM_NLS_ LENGTH_	##OFS_AML_NLS_LENGTH_SEMANTICS##NLS_LENGTH_ SEMANTICS database variable for executing the DDL scripts.	Yes
SEMANTICS##	Applicable values are CHAR/BYTE.	
	Note: Recommendation to go with CHAR.	
##OFS_ECM_ ANALYST_DATA_	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations.	Yes
SOURCE##	For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	
##OFS_ECM_MINER_ DATA_SOURCE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations	Yes
	For example: Create a data source with name MINER	
##OFS_ECM_	Mention flag as '1" to configure OBIEE URL.	Yes
CONFIGURE_OBIEE##	Otherwise mention as '0'	
##OFS_ECM_OBIEE_ URL##	In case ##OFS_AML_CONFIGURE_OBIEE_URL## mentioned as '1'provide the URL in the pattern	Yes

Table 4–1 InstallConfig.xml Parameters

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_ECM_CS_	If the data is from same database then pass the schema name:	Yes
SOURCE##	For example, Atomic Schema: CS_ATOM	
##OFS_ECM_CS_ LOADTYPE## </td <td>then,</td> <td></td>	then,	
	<variable name="CSSOURCE">CS_ATOM</variable>	
	<variable name="CSLOADTYPE"></variable>	
	If the data is from different database then pass the 'DBLINK_ NAME'LOADTYPE = DBLINK	
	For example,	
	<variable name="AMLSOURCE">AMLDBL</variable>	
	<variable name="AMLLOADTYPE">DBLINK</variable>	
	Similarly, configure the following placeholders depending on your requirement:	
	##OFS_ECM_AML_SOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_AML_LOADTYPE##	
	##OFS_ECM_KYC_SOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_KYC_LOADTYPE##	
	##OFS_ECM_CS_SOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_CS_LOADTYPE##	
	##OFS_ECM_EXTERNALSYSTEMSOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_EXTERNALSYSTEMLOADTYPE##	
	##OFS_ECM_TBAML_SOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_TBAML_LOADTYPE##	
	##OFS_ECM_FATCA_SOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_FATCA_LOADTYPE##	
##OFS_ECM_IDX_CM_ TBSP##	This attribute refers to the Index Tablespace values present in OFS_ECM_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml which was generated at the time of installation	Yes
##OFS_COMM_ DATA_TBSP##	Name of the comm tablespace where the third party table should be created	Yes
	For example, COMM_DATA_TBSP	

Table 4–1 (Cont.) InstallConfig.xml Parameters

**Note:** The WEB\_SERVER\_PORT value must be taken from the OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml file. Also, based on the value of HTTPS\_ENABLE in OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml, the PROTOCOL will be https for value 1 and http for value 0.

DATA_SOURCE##	If OFS BD application is installed and already configured for common gateway, then give the data source name pointing to the OFS BD atomic schema else update with the ECM INFODOM name.	Yes
TOL DUTU COLIDÓRIU	Parameter value should be updated with the ECM INFODOM name.	Yes
##CommonGateway_ INPUT_WEB_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of createJSON Service till the port. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_<br="">PORT/CONTEXT_NAME&gt;</protocol:>	Yes

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##JSON_TABLE_WEB_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of JSON To Table Service deployed as part of OFS BD. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""></protocol:>	Yes if ECM is integrated with OFS KYC. If not, value must be J2TURL
##CommonGateway_	This is the URL of Common Gateway Service till the port.	Yes
PROTOCOL_SERVÉR_ PORT##	Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""></protocol:>	
##KYC_RISK_SCORE_	This is the URL of OFS BD Application till the context name.	Yes if ECM is
URL##	Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_<br="">PORT/CONTEXT_NAME&gt;</protocol:>	integrated with OFS KYC If not, value must be BDURL
##OFSS_WLS_	This is the URL of OFS Watchlist Application till the port.	Yes
PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""></protocol:>	
##AAI_URL##	If OFS BD application is installed and already configured for common gateway, then give the OFS BD Application URL till the context name else give the OFS ECM Application URL till the context name. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_<="" td=""><td>Yes. If KYC Onboarding is used, then yes. Else, use literal AAI_URL</td></protocol:>	Yes. If KYC Onboarding is used, then yes. Else, use literal AAI_URL
##CS_PROTOCOL_	PORT/CONTEXT_NAME> This is the URL of OFS Customer Screening Application till the	Yes if OFS CS is
SERVER_PORT##	port. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""></protocol:>	installed If not, value must be CS_URL

Table 4–1 (Cont.) InstallConfig.xml Parameters

**Note:** After applying patch 29388576, the KYC logs can be generated separately in the desired path. This path need to be mentioned in ##COMM\_LOG\_PATH## which is present in patchconfig.xml inside the patch 29388576.

#### **Running the installer in Silent Mode**

To install the OFSAA Infrastructure in Silent mode for java 7 and java 8, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the OFS\_ECM\_PACK/bin folder.
- **2.** Execute the command in the console:

./setup.sh SILENT

#### Completing the installation in Silent Mode

On launching the installer in silent mode, the environment check utility is executed. Enter the required information to execute the utility as explained:

**Note:** The above table item is asked if environment check utility is executed in the standalone mode.

rofile executed IC HOME : /scratch/ofsaadb/ECM805 vironment check utility started... ava Validation Started ... Java found in : /scratch/ofsaadb/jre1.7.0 80/bin AVA Version found : 1.7.0 80 JAVA Bit Version found : 64-bit va Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS vironment Variables Validation Started ... RACLE HOME : /scratch/oracle/app/product/12.1.0/client 1 NS ADMIN : /scratch/ofsaadb vironment Variables Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS specific Validation Started ... hecking en US.utf8 locale. Status : SUCCESS nix shell found : /bin/ksh. Status : SUCCESS otal file descriptors : 15000. Status : SUCCESS otal number of process : 10240. Status : SUCCESS S version : 6. Status : SUCCESS specific Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS specific Validation Started ... racle Client version : 12.1. Status : SUCCESS uccessfully connected to schema ecm\_atm\_805. Status : SUCCESS REATE SESSION has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS REATE PROCEDURE has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS REATE VIEW has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS CREATE TRIGGER has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS REATE MATERIALIZED VIEW has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS CREATE TABLE has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS REATE SEQUENCE has been granted to user. Status : SUCCESS SELECT privilege is granted for NLS\_INSTANCE PARAMETERS view. Current value : SELECT. Status : SUCCESS NLS LENGTH SEMANTICS : BYTE. Current value : BYTE. Status : SUCCESS NLS CHARACTERSET : AL32UTF8. Current value : AL32UTF8. Status : SUCCESS SELECT privilege is granted for V \$parameter view. Current value : SELECT. Status : SUCCESS pen cursor value is greater than 1000. Current value : 4096. Status : SUCCESS SELECT privilege is granted for USER TS QUOTAS view. Current value : SELECT. Status : SUCCESS chema is granted with at least 500 MB table space. Current value : 10239.6011352539063 MB. Status : SUCCESS racle Server version Current value : 11.2.0.3.0. Status : SUCCESS specific Validation Completed. Status : SUCCESS vironment check utility Status : SUCCESS Welcome to Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure (OFS AAI) Installation \* hecking Infrastructure installation status ... nfrastructure installation does not exist. Proceeding with Infrastructure installation ... riggering Infrastructure installation ... Please enter Infrastructure Application/Database component FTP/SFTP password : Start of Environment Checks cratch/ofsaadb/installer/OFS ECM PACK/OFS ECM/conf

#### Note:

- Enter the Infrastructure FTP/SFTP password value, when prompted at the command prompt to access Product Staging/Metadata repository directory in the application server.
- Enter Always, when prompted to add host key fingerprint.

#### 1. The OFSAAI License Agreement is displayed as shown in the figure:

#### Figure 4–6 OFSAAI License Agreement Page

Start of Environment Checks	
/scratch/ofsaadb/installer/OFS_ECM_PACK/OFS_ECM/conf	
File log4j.xml not found. Using default logging settings	
Validating JAVA Version	
Current JAVA Version is: 1.7.0_80 Required JAVA Version is: 1.7	
JAVA Version validation status: SUCCESS	
Checking OS	
OS Supported: TRUE	
Current OS Version:6.7	
Supported OS Version:5.5	
OS Version Validation Status: SUCCESS	
Checking Disk Space	
Available Disk Space is :370697	
Required Disk Space is :700 MB	
Validation for category DISK SPACE. STATUS : SUCCESS	
Checking Temp Space	
Available Temp Space is 25032 MB	
Required Temp Space is 700 MB	
Validation for category TEMP SPACE. STATUS : SUCCESS	
Checking RAM	
Available RAM in MB 13511	
Required RAM in MB 700 MB	
Validation for category RAM. STATUS : SUCCESS	
End of Environment Checks	
***************************************	****
OFSAA APPLICATION PACK LICENSE AGREEMENT	
	ks are groups of OFSAA products packaged together into a single installer. Each ap
plication pack contains OFSAA applications that address specific functional	
* Every application pack also includes the following OFSAA infrastructure ap taller:	oplication options which are automatically installed by every application pack ins
1. Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure	
2. Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Modeling	
3. Oracle Financial Services In-line Processing Engine	
4. Oracle Financial Services Big Data Processing * Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure (OFS AAT)	) is the base infrastructure for all OFSAA applications and is therefore automat
ically installed and enabled by the application pack installer.*	is the base infrastructure for all orsee applications and is therefore automat
	Enterprise Modeling, Oracle Financial Services In-line Processing Engine and Ora
	he application pack applications, but enables them only if any application that
requires their functionality is enabled.*	
	nancial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure, Oracle Financial Services
Enterprise Modeling, Oracle Financial Services In-line Processing Engine a lication options.*	and Oracle Financial Services Big Data Processing are individually licensable app
	ts not enabled on installation, may later be enabled using the "Manage OFSAA Prod
uct License(s)" feature of the platform.*	
	a da da da

**2.** Enter Y/y to accept the License Agreement.

# **Note:** SYSADMN and SYSAUTH are the two default OFSAAI administrative users created.

\_

Start of Environment Checks
'scratch/ofsaadb/installer/OFS_ECM_PACK/OFS_ECM/conf
'ile log4j.xml not found. Using default logging settings
Surrent JAVA Version is: 1.7.0_80
tequired JAVA Version is: 1.7
NVA Version validation status: SUCCESS
Checking OS
S Type: LINUX
S Supported: TRUE
Current OS Version:6.7 Supported OS Version:5.5
NS Version Validation Status: SUCCESS
Checking Disk Space
vailable Disk Space is :370697
lequired Disk Space is :700 MB Talidation for category DISK SPACE. STATUS : SUCCESS
Checking Temp Space
vailable Temp Space is 25032 MB
lequired Temp Space is 700 MB
'alidation for category TEMP SPACE. STATUS : SUCCESS
======================================
vailable RAM in MB 13511
lequired RAM in MB 700 MB
'alidation for category RAM. STATUS : SUCCESS
End of Environment Checks
***************************************
OFSAA APPLICATION PACK LICENSE AGREEMENT
***************************************
'Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications (OFSAA) application packs are groups of OFSAA Dication pack contains OFSAA applications that address specific functional domains.*
' Every application pack also includes the following OFSAA infrastructure application options whi
aller:
1. Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure
2. Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Modeling
3. Oracle Financial Services In-line Processing Engine
4. Oracle Financial Services Big Data Processing
Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure (OFS AAI) is the base infras
.cally installed and enabled by the application pack installer.* The application pack installer always installs Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Modeling,
:le Financial Services Big Data Processing application options along with the application pack ap
equires their functionality is enabled.*
Any OFSAA application that is enabled must be licensed for use. Oracle Financial Services Analy
Enterprise Modeling, Oracle Financial Services In-line Processing Engine and Oracle Financial
.ication options.* ' Application products once enabled cannot be disabled. Application products not enabled on inst
ict License(s)" feature of the platform.*
***************************************

**********		
Are you accepting the terms and conditions mentio		n
V		
Starting installation		
Preparing to install		
Extracting the installation resources from the in		
Configuring the installer for this system's envir	conment	
Launching installer		
Preparing SILENT Mode Installation		
OFSAAInfrastructure	(created with InstallAnywhere)	
Installing		
[======================================	1	
[		
Installation Complete.		
.profile executed		
.profile executed		
*********	*****	*
Welcome to OFS_ECM PACK Installation		
************	******	*
Starting OFSAA Service		
OFSAA Service - OK Preparing to install		
Extracting the installation resources from the in	staller archive	
Configuring the installer for this system's envir		
Launching installer		
Preparing SILENT Mode Installation		
pack_installsilent	(created with InstallAnywhere)	
Installing		
Installing		
[		
[	]	
Installation Complete. .profile executed		
.pollie excluded	***	
		10 10 0 10 0 U

**Note:** The installation process continues on the console. Do not close the console until the installation process is complete.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Execute}}$  .profile from user home directory after the installation is completed.

3. Perform steps mentioned in the Verifying Installation section.

# **Verifying Installation**

Verify the following logs files for more information:

- See the Pack\_install.log file in the folder: /OFS\_ECM\_PACK/logs
- See the OFSAA logs under /OFS\_ECM\_PACK/OFS\_AAI/logs

**Note:** The warning message, "name is already used by an existing object" is displayed after successful Pack on Pack installation. This warning can be ignored.

• See the ECM\_log files located in the folder: /OFS\_ECM\_PACK/OFS\_ECM/logs for OFS ECM Application Pack Installation log file.

**Note:** If there are any errors, do not proceed with further installation and contact Oracle Support Services.

# Configuring TBAML (Pack on Pack Installation)

If you are performing pack on pack installation, then TBAML application should be always installed after sanctions pack.

## **Mandatory Patches to Install**

1. DMT migration utility is available as part of the installer to migrate the DMT metadata (PLC/Data Source/Data Mapping/Data File Mapping) to be persisted in tables instead of XML. To identify when to migrate, what/how to migrate, and how to handle migration issues, see OFSAA DMT Metadata Migration Guide.

**Note:** Execute the DMT Migration Utility to manually migrate the DMT metadata of the Applications which are not upgraded to 8.0.7.0.0.

# **Upgrading the OFS ECM Applications Pack**

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Upgrading from OFS ECM 8.0.5.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0
- Upgrading from OFS ECM 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0
- Post Upgradation Steps

Before upgrading from ECM 8.0.5.0.0 to ECM 8.0.7.0.0 and ECM 8.0.6.0.0 to ECM 8.0.7.0.0, perform the below steps:

- 1. Open the INFODOM\_DATABASE.XML which is placed under \$ftpshare\_ path/FCCMINFO/erwin/fipxml
- 2. Find ORDINAL="" and replace with appropriate ordinal values.

For example, there are 12 Ordinals with empty values as mentioned below. If you have more ordinal with blank values, then update them accordingly.

#### INDEX NAME="UK\_CASE\_ACCT\_LIST\_MEMBRSHPS"

<INDEX\_COLUMNS><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="2" SORT="ASC">CASE\_ACCT\_ SEQ\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="3" SORT="ASC">LIST\_ SRC\_CD</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="4" SORT="ASC">LIST\_ ADD\_DT</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="5" SORT="ASC">LIST\_ NTITY\_TYPE\_CD</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="1" SORT="ASC">CASE\_INTRL\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME></INDEX\_COLUMNS>

#### INDEX NAME="UK\_CASE\_ACCT\_RSTRNS"

<INDEX\_COLUMNS><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="2" SORT="ASC">CASE\_ACCT\_ SEQ\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="3" SORT="ASC">ACCT\_ RSTRN\_CD</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="1" SORT="ASC">CASE\_INTRL\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME></INDEX\_COLUMNS>

#### INDEX NAME="UK\_CASE\_ACCT\_SUPPL\_ATTR"

<INDEX\_COLUMNS><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="1" SORT="ASC">CASE\_ACCT\_ SEQ\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="2" SORT="ASC">CASE\_ ACCT\_SPLMNTL\_ATTR\_SEQ\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="3" SORT="ASC">CASE\_INTRL\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME></INDEX\_ COLUMNS>

#### INDEX NAME="UK\_CASE\_CB\_LST\_MEMBRSHP"

<INDEX\_COLUMNS><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="2" SORT="ASC">LIST\_SRC\_ CD</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="4" SORT="ASC">LIST\_ADD\_ DT</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="5" SORT="ASC">LIST\_ADD\_ NTITY\_TYPE\_CD</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="3"</pre> SORT="ASC">CASE\_INSTN\_SEQ\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME
ORDINAL="1" SORT="ASC">CASE\_INTRL\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME></INDEX\_
COLUMNS>

#### INDEX NAME="UK\_CASE\_CUST\_EMAILS"

<INDEX\_COLUMNS><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="1" SORT="ASC">CASE\_CUST\_ SEQ\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="2" SORT="ASC">EMAIL\_ADDR\_TX</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="3" SORT="ASC">CASE\_INTRL\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME></INDEX\_ COLUMNS>

#### INDEX NAME="IDX\_CUST\_MBRSHP\_CASEID"

<INDEX\_COLUMNS><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="1" SORT="ASC">CASE\_CUST\_ SEQ\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="2" SORT="ASC">CASE\_ CUST\_MEMSHIP\_SEQ\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="3" SORT="ASC">CASE\_INTRL\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME></INDEX\_COLUMNS>

#### INDEX NAME="UK\_CUST\_MBRSHP\_LIST"

<INDEX\_COLUMNS><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="1" SORT="ASC">CASE\_CUST\_ SEQ\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="2" SORT="ASC">LIST\_ SRC\_CD</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="3" SORT="ASC">LIST\_ ADD\_DT</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="4" SORT="ASC">LIST\_ NTITY\_TYPE\_CD</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="5" SORT="ASC">CASE\_INTRL\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME></INDEX\_COLUMNS>

#### INDEX NAME="UK\_CASE\_CUST\_PHONS"

<INDEX\_COLUMNS><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="1" SORT="ASC">CASE\_CUST\_ SEQ\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="3" SORT="ASC">PHON\_ NB</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="4" SORT="ASC">PHON\_ USAGE\_CD</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="2" SORT="ASC">CASE\_INTRL\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME></INDEX\_COLUMNS>

#### INDEX NAME="UK\_CASE\_CUST\_SUPPL\_ATTR"

<INDEX\_COLUMNS><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="1" SORT="ASC">CASE\_CUST\_ SEQ\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="2" SORT="ASC">CASE\_ CUST\_SPLMNTL\_ATTR\_SEQ\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="3" SORT="ASC">CASE\_INTRL\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME></INDEX\_ COLUMNS>

#### INDEX NAME="UK\_CASE\_EMP\_EMAIL\_ADDR"

<INDEX\_COLUMNS><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="1" SORT="ASC">CASE\_EMP\_ SEQ\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="2" SORT="ASC">EMAIL\_ADDR\_TX</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="3" SORT="ASC">CASE\_INTRL\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME></INDEX\_ COLUMNS>

#### INDEX NAME="UK\_CASE\_EMP\_PHON"

<INDEX\_COLUMNS><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="1" SORT="ASC">CASE\_EMP\_ SEQ\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="2" SORT="ASC">PHON\_ NB</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="3" SORT="ASC">CASE\_ INTRL\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME></INDEX\_COLUMNS>

#### INDEX NAME="UK\_CASE\_MANGD\_ACCT"

<INDEX\_COLUMNS><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="1" SORT="ASC">CASE\_ACCT\_ SEQ\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="2" SORT="ASC">CASE\_ MANGD\_ACCT\_SEQ\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME><COLUMN\_NAME ORDINAL="3" SORT="ASC">CASE\_INTRL\_ID</COLUMN\_NAME></INDEX\_COLUMNS>

# Upgrading from OFS ECM 8.0.5.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0

### Prerequisites

#### Note:

- If you are upgrading from OFS ECM 8.0.5.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0, then you should first apply the patch 28411493 (OFS ECM 8.0.5.0.20) from https://support.oracle.com and follow the instructions mentioned in Readme. Take complete backup of the environment before upgrade.
- Before you upgrade from 8.0.5.0.0 to 8.0.7.0.0, download and install the patch 29021715 from https://support.oracle.com. Patch 29021715 is required only if you have BD 8.0.5.0.0 installed in the same Instance.
- Ensure to take the backup of File System (FIC\_ HOME/FTPSHARE), Atomic schema, and Config schema before performing upgrade.

Ensure that the dispatcher is not running. If the dispatcher is running, stop and then start the upgrading process.

- Ensure that you end all the batches before you start the upgrade process.
- Ensure that you run the END\_MANTAS\_BATCH before starting the upgrade.
- Take backup of FCC\_CUST\_ACCT\_ROLE table. Remove the duplicates grouping by CUST\_ACCT\_ROLE\_CD, DATA\_ORIGIN and make sure that latest MIS\_DATE records are present in the table by executing the below mentioned query.

delete from fcc\_cust\_acct\_role where rowid not in( select max(rowid) from fcc\_cust\_acct\_role group by CUST\_ACCT\_ROLE\_CD,DATA\_ORIGIN);

- Take backup of FCC\_WATCH\_LIST table and truncate the records. Remove duplicates from back up FCC\_WATCH\_LIST table by picking records for the latest date. Insert the records into FCC\_WATCH\_LIST table
- Take backup of below mentioned tables and truncate the same:

FCC\_INSTITUTION\_LOOKUP

FCC\_TRADE\_FIN\_DOC\_EVNT

FCC\_TRADE\_FIN\_BRKRGE\_EVNT

FCC\_ACCT\_ID\_INSTN\_ID\_MAP

• For enabling the unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java, see the section Enabling Unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java.

Before performing upgrade from OFC ECM 8.0.5.0.0 to OFC ECM 8.0.7.0.0, follow below steps:

1. Navigate to below path:

\$FIC\_WEB\_HOME/webroot/WEB-INF/ lib

**2.** Remove the below jar:

aai-wsmreservice.jar

Refer to the following instructions to download, extract, install, and configure this release:

1. Download and copy 28183877\_GENERIC.zip to the local host. To download and copy the OFS ECM Applications Pack v8.0.7.0.0 archive file, see Downloading and Copying the OFS ECM Application Pack Installer section.

**Note:** In case of upgrade, ignore the steps mentioned in Readme\_OFSECM\_8.0.5.0.19.txt.

**Note:** The archive files are different for every operating system like AIX, Solaris, and RHEL/Oracle Linux.

- 2. Navigate to the directory and extract the contents of the folder.
- 3. Execute the below mentioned sql scripts in ECM 805 Config Schema Sequentially

Backup\_Table\_Creation.sql

Temp\_Table\_Creation.sql

pr2\_process\_b\_806.sql

pr2\_run\_b\_806.sql

Process\_Update\_806.sql

- 4. Download the ECM 807 Installer from MOS and unzip the same.
- **5.** Navigate to OFS\_ECM\_PACK and grant execute (755) permission for all executables
  - \$ chmod 755 \*
- **6.** Modify PatchConfig.xml under OFS\_ECM\_PACK/OFS\_ ECM/conf/PatchConfig.xml with appropriate values as follows:

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_ECM_SAVE_ METADATA##	This attribute is used by the installer to decide whether to execute hierarchy Resave. Applicable value is ALL.	Yes
##EXECUTE_PRE_ AND_POST_ SCRIPTS##	This flag indicates if certain scripts need to be executed just before and just after the datamodel upload Applicable value is 1.	Yes
##OFS_ECM_ ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations. For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	Yes
##OFS_ECM_MINER_ DATA_SOURCE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations	Yes
	For example: Create a data source with name MINER	

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##BASE_COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSECM client.	Yes
	For example: base_country=US	
	base_country=US	
##DEFAULT_ JURISDICTION##	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses.	Yes
	For example:	
	default_jurisdiction=AMEA	
##TNS_ADMIN##	This attribute refers to the path where TNSNAMES.ORA is placed.	Yes
	For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp	
##BIG_DATA_ ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data. Enter FALSE.	Yes
##OFS_ECM_DATA_ CM_TBSP##	This attribute refers to the Data Tablespace values present in OFS_ECM_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml which was generated at the time of installation	Yes
##OFS_ECM_CS_	If the data is from same database then pass the schema name:	Yes
SOURCE##	For example, Atomic Schema: CS_ATOM	
##OFS_ECM_CS_ LOADTYPE## </td <td>then,</td> <td></td>	then,	
201121112	<variable name="CSSOURCE">CS_ATOM</variable>	
	<variable name="CSLOADTYPE"></variable>	
	If the data is from different database then pass the 'DBLINK_ NAME'LOADTYPE = DBLINK	
	For example,	
	<variable name="AMLSOURCE">AMLDBL</variable>	
	<variable name="AMLLOADTYPE">DBLINK</variable>	
	Similarly, configure the following placeholders depending on your requirement:	
	##OFS_ECM_AML_SOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_AML_LOADTYPE##	
	##OFS_ECM_KYC_SOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_KYC_LOADTYPE##	
	##OFS_ECM_CS_SOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_CS_LOADTYPE##	
	##OFS_ECM_EXTERNALSYSTEMSOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_EXTERNALSYSTEMLOADTYPE##	
	##OFS_ECM_TBAML_SOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_TBAML_LOADTYPE##	
	##OFS_ECM_FATCA_SOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_FATCA_LOADTYPE##	
##OFS_ECM_IDX_CM_ TBSP##	This attribute refers to the Index Tablespace values present in OFS_ECM_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml which was generated at the time of installation	Yes

Name of the comm tablespace where the third party table should be created For example, COMM_DATA_TBSP _PORT value must be taken from the OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml file	Yes
PORT value must be taken from the OFSAAL InstallConfig.xml file	
BLE in OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml, the PROTOCOL will be https for	. Also, based on value 1 and http
If OFS BD application is installed and already configured for common gateway, then give the data source name pointing to the OFS BD atomic schema else update with the ECM INFODOM name.	Yes
Parameter value should be updated with the ECM INFODOM name.	Yes
This is the URL of createJSON Service till the port.	Yes
Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_<br="">PORT/CONTEXT_NAME&gt;</protocol:>	
This is the URL of JSON To Table Service deployed as part of OFS BD. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""></protocol:>	Yes if ECM is integrated with OFS KYC. If not, value must be J2TURL
This is the URL of Common Gateway Service till the port. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""></protocol:>	Yes
	N
This is the URL of OFS BD Application till the context name. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_<br="">PORT/CONTEXT_NAME&gt;</protocol:>	Yes if ECM is integrated with OFS KYC If not, value must be BDURL
This is the URL of OFS Watchlist Application till the port.	Yes
If OFS BD application is installed and already configured for common gateway, then give the OFS BD Application URL till the context name else give the OFS ECM Application URL till the context name.	Yes. If KYC Onboarding is used, then yes. Else, use literal
Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_<br="">PORT/CONTEXT_NAME&gt;</protocol:>	AAI_URL
This is the URL of OFS Customer Screening Application till the port.	Yes if OFS CS is installed If not, value must be
	common gateway, then give the data source name pointing to the OFS BD atomic schema else update with the ECM INFODOM name. Parameter value should be updated with the ECM INFODOM name. This is the URL of createJSON Service till the port. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_<br="">PORT/CONTEXT_NAME&gt; This is the URL of JSON To Table Service deployed as part of OFS BD. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""> This is the URL of Common Gateway Service till the port. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""> This is the URL of OFS BD Application till the context name. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""> This is the URL of OFS BD Application till the context name. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_<br="">PORT/CONTEXT_NAME&gt; This is the URL of OFS Watchlist Application till the port. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""> If OFS BD application is installed and already configured for common gateway, then give the OFS BD Application URL till the context name else give the OFS ECM Application URL till the context name. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_<br="">PORT/CONTEXT_NAME&gt; This is the URL of OFS Customer Screening Application till the</protocol:></protocol:></protocol:></protocol:></protocol:></protocol:></protocol:>

**Note:** After applying patch 29388576, the KYC logs can be generated separately in the desired path. This path need to be mentioned in ##COMM\_LOG\_PATH## which is present in patchconfig.xml inside the patch 29388576.

7. Navigate to the OFS\_ECM\_PACK/bin folder.

**8.** Execute setup.sh file using the following command:

\$./setup.sh SILENT

# Upgrading from OFS ECM 8.0.6.0.0 to OFS ECM 8.0.7.0.0

### Prerequisites

#### Note:

- You should install ECM 8.0.6.0.1 and ECM 8.0.6.0.2 before performing upgrade to 8.0.7.0.0.
- Before you upgrade from 8.0.6.0.0 to 8.0.7.0.0, download and install the patch 29010846 from https://support.oracle.com. Patch 29010846 is required only if you have BD 8.0.6.0.0 installed in the same Instance.
- Ensure to take the backup of File System (FIC\_ HOME/FTPSHARE), Atomic schema, and Config schema before performing upgrade.

Ensure that the dispatcher is not running. If the dispatcher is running, stop and then start the upgrading process.

- Ensure that you end all the batches before you start the upgrade process.
- Ensure that you run the END\_MANTAS\_BATCH before starting the upgrade.
- Take backup of FCC\_CUST\_ACCT\_ROLE table. Remove the duplicates grouping by CUST\_ACCT\_ROLE\_CD, DATA\_ORIGIN and make sure that latest MIS\_DATE records are present in the table by executing the below mentioned query:

delete from fcc\_cust\_acct\_role where rowid not in( select max(rowid) from fcc\_cust\_acct\_role group by CUST\_ACCT\_ROLE\_CD,DATA\_ORIGIN);

- Take backup of FCC\_WATCH\_LIST table and truncate the records. Remove duplicates from back up FCC\_WATCH\_LIST table by picking records for the latest date. Insert the records into FCC\_WATCH\_LIST table
- Take backup of below mentioned tables in case of having data and truncate the same. Post Upgrade, data can be loaded back from backup tables.

FCC\_CLIENTBANKSMRY\_LOOKUP

FCC\_TRANSACTION\_PIVOT\_TRANSFRM

FCC\_TRXN\_PIVOT\_TRANSFORM\_DS

STG\_FCC\_EVENT\_ACCOUNT

FCC\_INSTITUTION\_LOOKUP

FCC\_TRADE\_FIN\_DOC\_EVNT

FCC\_TRADE\_FIN\_BRKRGE\_EVNT

FCC\_ACCT\_ID\_INSTN\_ID\_MAP

• For enabling the unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java, see the section Enabling Unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java.

Perform the following steps:

1. Download and copy 27938294\_GENERIC.zip, 28276153\_GENERIC.zip, and 28713907\_GENERIC.zip to the local host. To download and copy the archive file, see Downloading and Copying the OFS ECM Application Pack Installer section.

**Note:** The archive files are different for every operating system like AIX, Solaris, and RHEL/Oracle Linux.

**2.** Modify PatchConfig.xml under OFS\_ECM\_PACK/OFS\_ ECM/conf/PatchConfig.xml with appropriate values as follows:

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_ECM_SAVE_ METADATA##	This attribute is used by the installer to decide whether to execute hierarchy Resave. Applicable value is ALL.	Yes
##EXECUTE_PRE_ AND_POST_ SCRIPTS##	This flag indicates if certain scripts need to be executed just before and just after the datamodel upload Applicable value is 1.	Yes
##OFS_ECM_ ANALYST_DATA_ SOURCE##	Name of the Analyst Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations.	Yes
SOURCE##	For example: Create a data source with name ANALYST	
##OFS_ECM_MINER_ DATA_SOURCE##	Name of the Miner Data source used for Admin Tools Configurations	Yes
	For example: Create a data source with name MINER	
##BASE_COUNTRY##	ISO country code to use during data ingestion to record institution-derived geography risk on parties on transactions that are internal to the OFSECM client.	Yes
	For example: base_country=US	
	base_country=US	
##DEFAULT_	Jurisdiction to assign the derived entities and derived addresses.	Yes
JURISDICTION##	For example:	
	default_jurisdiction=AMEA	
##TNS_ADMIN##	This attribute refers to the path where TNSNAMES.ORA is placed.	Yes
	For example, /scratch/ofsaaapp	
##BIG_DATA_ ENABLE##	Placeholder to enable Big Data. Enter FALSE.	Yes
##OFS_ECM_DATA_ CM_TBSP##	This attribute refers to the Data Tablespace values present in OFS_ECM_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml which was generated at the time of installation	Yes

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##OFS_ECM_CS_	If the data is from same database then pass the schema name:	Yes
SOURCE##	For example, Atomic Schema: CS_ATOM	
##OFS_ECM_CS_ LOADTYPE## </td <td>then,</td> <td></td>	then,	
	<variable name="CSSOURCE">CS_ATOM</variable>	
	<variable name="CSLOADTYPE"></variable>	
	If the data is from different database then pass the 'DBLINK_ NAME'LOADTYPE = DBLINK	
	For example,	
	<variable name="AMLSOURCE">AMLDBL</variable>	
	<variable name="AMLLOADTYPE">DBLINK</variable>	
	Similarly, configure the following placeholders depending on your requirement:	
	##OFS_ECM_AML_SOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_AML_LOADTYPE##	
	##OFS_ECM_KYC_SOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_KYC_LOADTYPE##	
	##OFS_ECM_CS_SOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_CS_LOADTYPE##	
	##OFS_ECM_EXTERNALSYSTEMSOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_EXTERNALSYSTEMLOADTYPE##	
	##OFS_ECM_TBAML_SOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_TBAML_LOADTYPE##	
	##OFS_ECM_FATCA_SOURCE##	
	##OFS_ECM_FATCA_LOADTYPE##	
##OFS_ECM_IDX_CM_ TBSP##	This attribute refers to the Index Tablespace values present in OFS_ECM_SCHEMA_OUTPUT.xml which was generated at the time of installation	Yes
##OFS_COMM_ DATA_TBSP##	Name of the comm tablespace where the third party table should be created	Yes
	For example, COMM_DATA_TBSP	

KYC Onboarding requires additional deployment of the following:

Create JSON Service (createJSONService.war)

The above .war file is available in the FIC\_HOME/CommonGateway path post-installation.

For KYC Onboarding create the table space **comm\_data\_tbsp** manually.

The below parameters are applicable for KYC Onboarding.

**Note:** The WEB\_SERVER\_PORT value must be taken from the OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml file. Also, based on the value of HTTPS\_ENABLE in OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml, the PROTOCOL will be https for value 1 and http for value 0.

##CommonGateway_ DATA_SOURCE##	parameter ,The datasource used for connecting to the schema where common gateway is pointed. For example, ECMINFO	If KYC Onboarding is used, then yes. Else, use literal CommonGatewa y_DATA_ SOURCE
-----------------------------------	--	--

Placeholder Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandatory
##CommonGateway_ T2J_DATA_SOURCE##	Parameter value should be updated with the INFODOM parameter. The datasource used for connecting to the schema where Table to json(createJSONService) for ECM is pointed. For example, ECMINFO	If KYC Onboarding is used, then yes. Else use literal CommonGatewa y_ T2J_DATA_ SOURCE
##CommonGateway_ INPUT_WEB_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of Table To JSON Service till the port. Pointing to the ECM schema Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_<br="">PORT/CONTEXT_NAME&gt;</protocol:>	If KYC Onboarding is used, then yes. Else, use literal CommonGatewa y_ INPUT_WEB_ PROTOCOL_ SERVER_ PORT
##JSON_TABLE_WEB_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of JSON To Table Service till the port ,pointing to the BD schema. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""></protocol:>	If KYC Onboarding is used, then yes. Else, use literal JSON_TABLE_ WEB_ PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT
##CommonGateway_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of Common Gateway Service till the port. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""></protocol:>	If KYC Onboarding is used then yes else use literal CommonGatewa y_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT
##KYC_RISK_SCORE_ URL##	This is the URL of BD Application till the context name. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_<br="">PORT/CONTEXT_NAME&gt;</protocol:>	If KYC Onboarding is used, then yes. Else, use literal KYC_RISK_ SCORE_ URL
##OFSS_WLS_ PROTOCOL_SERVER_ PORT##	This is the URL of OFS Watchlist Application till the port. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""></protocol:>	If KYC Onboarding is used, then yes. Else, use literal OFSS_WLS_ PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT
##AAI_URL##	This is the URL of BD Application till the context name. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_<br="">PORT/CONTEXT_NAME&gt;</protocol:>	If KYC Onboarding is used, then yes. Else, use literal AAI_URL
##CS_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT##	This is the URL of OFS Customer Screening Application till the port. Example: <protocol: hostname:web_server_port=""></protocol:>	If KYC Onboarding is used, then yes. Else, use literal CS_PROTOCOL_ SERVER_PORT

- 3. Navigate to the OFS\_ECM\_PACK/bin folder.
- **4.** Execute setup.sh file using the following command:

\$./setup.sh SILENT

# Post Upgradation Steps

**Note:** Below mentioned steps are common for ECM 8.0.5.0.0 to ECM 8.0.7.0.0 and ECM 8.0.6.0.0 to ECM 8.0.7.0.0 upgrade. These steps need to be performed before the deployment.

In case of ECM environment been upgraded from 8.0.5.0.0 to 8.0.7.0.0, then apply the mandatory patches 29270396 and 29623474 from https://support.oracle.com and follow the instructions mentioned in Readme.

Apply patch **29472987**, if you want to use PGX correlation and FATCA application after upgrading from ECM 8.0.5.0.0 to ECM 8.0.7.0.0.

If you are upgrading from ECM 8.0.5.0.0 to ECM 8.0.8.0.0, then execute the following script in ECM Atomic schema sequentially. These scripts are part of OFSECM\_8.0.5.0.19 patch:

1. ACTIONVALIDITYCHECK.sql

CASEVALIDITYCHECK.sql

Execute the following script in ECM Config schema

Config\_Insert.sql

- Navigate to below mentioned path from Application Server: \$FIC\_HOME/ficdb/lib
- 2. Remove the list of old version 4.2.3 jars as mentioned below:

spring-webmvc-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar

spring-web-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar

spring-tx-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar

spring-oxm-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar

spring-jms-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar

spring-jdbc-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar

spring-expression-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar

spring-core-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar

spring-context-support-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar

spring-context-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar

spring-beans-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar

spring-aspects-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar

spring-aop-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar

- 3. Navigate to below mentioned path from Application Server: \$FIC\_WEB\_HOME/webroot/WEB-INF/lib
- 4. Remove the list of old version 4.2.3 jars as mentioned below:

spring-aop-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar
spring-aspects-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar
spring-beans-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar
spring-context-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar
spring-core-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar
spring-jdbc-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar
spring-tx-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar
spring-web-4.2.3.RELEASE.jar

5. Recreate ear/war file by triggering ./ant.sh navigating to the \$FIC\_WEB\_ HOME directory.

6

# **Post Deployment Configuration**

This section provides detailed information about the Post Deployment Configurations. lists the various configurations to be completed before you use the OFSAA Applications.

- Creating Application Users
- Mapping Application User(s) to User Group
- Performing Administrative activities for OFS ECM
- Performing Configurations for OFS ECM
- Setting OFS ECM UI as Home Page of OFSAAI for a Particular User

## **Creating Application Users**

Create the application users in the OFSAA setup prior to use.

**Note:** This step may not be required if you have already setup users in the OFSAA setup.

For more information see user creation section from the *Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide*.

# Mapping Application User(s) to User Group

Starting the OFSAA 8.0 release, with installation of every OFSAA Applications Pack, pre-configured application user groups are seeded. These user groups are unique to every OFSAA Applications Pack and have application roles pre-configured.

User Groups seeded with the OFS ECM Application Pack are listed in Table 6–1.

Name	Description
Modeler Group	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items for Enterprise modeling, but do not have authorization rights for sandbox population, model deployment and modeling technique authorization.
Modeling Administrator Group	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items for Enterprise modeling and authorization rights for sandbox population, model deployment and modeling technique authorization.

Table 6–1 Seeded User Groups

Name	Description
Inline Processing Admin Group	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items and actions for Inline Processing module.
Business Administrator	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items and actions for advanced operations of metadata objects.
Business Authorizer	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items and actions for authorization of changes to metadata objects.
Business Owner	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items and actions to read and write metadata objects
Business User	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items and actions to access and read metadata objects.
Identity Administrator	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items to manage User entitlements, User Group Entitlements and Access Management configurations.
Identity Authorizer	User mapped to this group have access to all the menu items to authorize User entitlements, User Group Entitlements and Access Management configurations.
System Administrator	User mapped to this group have access to all menu items to manage the setup configurations.
Object Administrator	User mapped to this group have access to all menu items to manage object migration and metadata traceability using metadata browser.
Guest Group	User mapped to this group have access to certain menu items with view only access privileges.

 Table 6–1
 Seeded User Groups

Map the application user(s) to the respective Application User Group(s) and subsequently authorize the entitlements by logging in as SYSAUTH (System Authorizer) user.

**Note:** In case the User Groups related to OFS ECM are not mapped, ensure that you map it accordingly in OBIEE catalog for Statement View report.

In order to view the MIS reports in ECM Standalone, map the Case Analyst2 User Group in the Application.

For more information, see Mapping/Unmapping Users section from the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide.

# Performing Administrative activities for OFS ECM

Access the OFS ECM UI as ECMAP Administrator and perform all the steps given in the following sections of the Administration Guide.

- About Configuring Access Control Metadata
- Mapping Users To Access Control Metadata
- About Scenario Manager Login Accounts
- About Changing Passwords for System Accounts
- About Configuring File Type Extensions

- About Configuring File Size
- About Configuring Status To User Role Table

**Note:** Once Security Attributes mapping is completed for the ECMAP Administrator user, restart OFSAAI and Web Application servers before accessing the Admin Tools application.

# **Performing Configurations for OFS ECM**

Access the OFS ECM UI as ECMAP Administrator and perform all the steps given in the following sections of Configuration Guide.

- Configuring the Base Time Zone
- Configuring the Default Currency Code
- Configuring E-mail
- Configuring XML Export
- Configuring Case Correlation Owner
- Configuring Default Case Owner

# Setting OFS ECM UI as Home Page of OFSAAI for a Particular User

To set OFS ECM UI as home page of OFSAAI, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in as an ECM Administrator/Supervisor user.
- **2.** Navigate to Home page.
- 3. Click on logged in user name in the right top corner.
- 4. Click **Preferences** and a new page is displayed.
- 5. Select Enterprise Case Management as your default page and click Save.

7

# **Post Installation Configuration**

On successful installation of the Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Case Management Application Pack, see the following post installation sections:

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Deploying OFS ECM Application Pack
- Deploying Analytic Reports and Threshold Analyzer
- Deploying Create JSON Service and Commongateway Service
- Configuring Resource Reference
- Configuring Web application server
- Configurations for Java 8
- Enabling Unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java

**Note:** Ensure to clear the application cache prior to the deployment of Applications Pack Web Archive. This is applicable to all Web servers (WebSphere, WebLogic, and Tomcat). For more information, see the *Clearing Application Cache* section.

# **Deploying OFS ECM Application Pack**

To create and deploy the Applications Pack web archive, follow these steps:

- **1.** Navigate to the \$FIC\_WEB\_HOME directory.
- **2.** Execute the command:

./ant.sh

**3.** This will trigger the creation of EAR/WAR file - <contextname>.<extn>. Here <contextname> is the context name given during installation.

**Note:** Creating ear/war files are done by the installer automatically. If the files are not created, user can execute these steps.

- **4.** On completion of the EAR/WAR files creation, the "BUILD SUCCESSFUL" and "Time Taken" message is displayed and you are returned to the prompt.
- The EAR/WAR file <contextname>.<extn> is created under "\$FIC\_WEB\_HOME" directory.

Note: This process overwrites any existing version of EAR/WAR file in the path. If the web application server is Apache Tomcat, the file created would be <contextname>.war.

**6.** Deploy the generated EAR/WAR file on to the web application server. For detailed information, see Deploying EAR/WAR File.

# **Deploying Analytic Reports and Threshold Analyzer**

This section explains how to deploy Analytics on Oracle Business Intelligence Enterprise Edition (OBIEE) and integrate Analytic Reports and Threshold Analyzer in the OFSECM UI.

This section includes the following topics:

- Installing OBIEE Server
- Installing OBIEE Windows Administration Client
- Disabling the Cache Feature in OBIEE Server
- Change Default Repository Password
- Configuring OBIEE Connection Pool
- Deploying OFS ECM Report Analytics
- Configuring TreeMap Graph
- Disable Single Sign On
- Accessing Reports through OFS ECM Application

### Installing OBIEE Server

To install the Oracle Business Intelligence Enterprise Edition (OBIEE) server, see Oracle Business Intelligence Enterprise Edition 12.2.1.3.0. After installation, get the Enterprise Manager URL, Username, Password, and OBIEE installed directory from the system administrator.

#### Note:

- 1. You should map BI Admin Reporter Role with atomic schema INFODOM
- **2.** BI Admin Reporter Role should be mapped to any group(for example, CASESUPERVISOR) that you need to provide.

### Installing OBIEE Windows Administration Client

To install the OBIEE repository administration client for Windows machine, see Oracle Business Intelligence Enterprise Edition 12.2.1.3.0.

The OBIEE repository administration client can be downloaded from running OBIEE setup from the following URL:

<protocol>://<OBIEE Server Name>:<OBIEE Analytics port>/analytics

From LHS menu, click Download BI Desktop tools under the Most Popular section.

### **Disabling the Cache Feature in OBIEE Server**

### OBIEE 12.2.1.3.0:

Login to the Enterprise Manager and perform the following steps:

- 1. Click the Target Navigation icon
- 2. Expand the Business Intelligence section and then click biinstance.
- 3. Click the Configuration tab.
- **4.** Click the Lock icon and then click Lock & Edit to enable the Cache Enabled check box.
- **5.** Under the Enable BI Server Cache section, deselect the Cache Enabled check box and make the required changes
- **6.** Click the Lock icon and then click Release Configuration to save the changes made.

#### Figure 7–1 Disabling the Cache Feature in OBIEE Server (12.2.1.3.0)

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	biinstance 0	🗎 v 🖂 v
The delt session lock has been acquired. No pending changes exist.		🕑   Dec 14, 2016 2:47:10 PM IST 🌒
Incondiguration changes require the BI Instance restart to take effect. Converse: Availability Configuration changes require the BI Instance restart to take effect. Converse: Availability Configuration changes require the BI Instance. Central Performance Options Use this page to ture the performance of this BI Instance. Chable BI Server Cache Thabling the sorver cache cangrouphy ingrove performance by anability users who share data visibility to retrieve row sub- Cache enable Maximum cache entrity size 100 V Mill V The setting institution cache can be and the BI server is clustered. Clobal Cache These settings apply to the cache when the BI server is clustered. Clobal cache part Mill V The server is clustered. Mill V The setting limits how much data is retrieved from the BI Server and processed. The definition to the processed of the part and part setting setting to the cache when the BI Server is clustered. Mill V The setting limits how much data is retrieved from the BI Server and processed. The definition the setting is apply to the cache when the BI Server is clustered. Mill V Mill V The setting limits how much data is retrieved from the BI Server and processed. The definition the setting is apply to the cache when the BI Server is clustered. Mill V Minumer Of Rows to Download Devine V <	-	8
Al configuration changes require the Bl Instance restant to lake effect. Verview Availability Configuration Dependent on Mal Performance Options Use this page to fune the performance of this Bl Instance. Phable Bl Server Cache can proved performance by enabling users who share data visibility to retrieve row sub- Chable Bl Server Cache can proved performance by enabling users who share data visibility to retrieve row sub- Chable Bl Server Cache can proved performance by enabling users who share data visibility to retrieve row sub- Chable Bl Server Cache can proved performance by enabling users who share data visibility to retrieve row sub- Chable Bl Server Cache can proved performance by enabling users who share data visibility to retrieve row sub- Chable Bl Server Cache can proved performance by enabling users who share data visibility to retrieve row sub- Chable Bl Server Cache can proved performance by enabling users who share data visibility to retrieve row sub- Chable Bl Server Cache enabled Maximum cache entries 1000 ~ W Mude Maximum cache entries 1000 ~ W Mude These settings apply to the cache when the Bl server is clustered. Global Cache part Global cache part		
General Performance   Performance Performance   Derformance Options Derformance of this Bi Instance.   Enable Di Server Cache Derformance is a resolution of the possibility of sensibility of		
Performance Options Use this page to tune the performance of this BI instance.  Description Descripti	Overview Availability Configuration Diagnostics Security	
Use this page to tune the performance of this BI Instance.     Enable DI Server Cache	General Performance Presentation Mail	
Enable BI Server Cache       User Session Expiry         Enable Di Server Cache can greatly improve performance by enabling users who share data visibility to retrieve row station dates with the cost of the possibility of seeing state data.       User Session Expiry       Reducing the user session expiry time will increase performance as resources associated with the session can be released to service new requests. The downlide is that user will be required to log in more frequently and can toste transient desson state.         C cache enabled       Expiry Time       210 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Performance Options	Apply A
Enabling the server cache can greatly improve performance by enabling users who share data visibility to retrieve row sets from queries that have already been run at the cost of the possibility of seeing state data.       Reducing the user will increase performance as resources associated with the session can be released to service new requests. The downlide is that users will be required to log in more frequently and can lose transient desson state.         C cache enabled       Expiry Time       210 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Use this page to tune the performance of this BI Instance.	
tiom queries that have already been fun at the cost of the possibility of seeing state data.       requests. The downloade is that uses will be required to log in more frequently and can lose transient session state.         C Gache enabled       Expiry Time       210 • • Minutes •         Maximum cache entry size       20 • • • ME •       Maximum cache entry size         Maximum cache entry size       20 • • • ME •       Maximum cache entry size         Global Cache       These settings apply to the cache when the BI server is clustered.       Number of Rows         Global cache paties       Maximum Number of Rows to Download       • • •         Use this box to specify the number of rows in a view that can be downloaded (to html, mithml, pdf, excel, etc.) The default value is 2500. Reducing       Maximum Number of Rows to Download	Enable BI Server Cache	User Session Expiry
Maximum cache entry size       20 ~ v       MB v         Maximum cache entry size       20 ~ v       MB v         Maximum cache entry size       20 ~ v       MB v         Maximum cache entry size       20 ~ v       MB v         Maximum cache entry size       1000 ~ v       This setting single for much data is retrieved from the BI Server and processed. The default value is 65000. Reducing the maximum number of rows processed can significantly improve performance by reducing the system resources that can be consumed by a given user session.         Global Cache       Number of Rows       65000 ^ v         Global cache path       Maximum Number of Rows to Download       Use this box to specify the number of rows in a view that can be downloaded (b html, mhml, pdf, excel, etc.) The default value is 2500. Reducing	Enabling the server cache can greatly improve performance by enabling users who share data visibility to retrieve row sets from queries that have already been run at the cost of the possibility of seeing stale data.	Reducing the user session expiry time will increase performance as resources associated with the session can be released to service new requests. The downside is that users will be required to log in more frequently and can lose transient session state.
Maximum cache entries       Maximum Number of Rows Processed when Rendering a Table View         This setting limits how much data is retrieved from the BI Server and processed. The default value is 65000. Reducing the maximum number of rows processed can significantly improve performance by reducing the system resources that can be consumed by a given user session.         Global Cache       Number of Rows         These settings apply to the cache when the BI server is clustered.       Maximum Number of Rows to Download         Global cache path       Use this box to specify the number of rows in a view that can be downloaded (b html, mhtml, pdf, excel, etc.) The default value is 2500. Reducing	Cache enabled	Expiry Time 210 A V Minutes V
Maximum Cache entries       1000 ^ v         This setting limits how much data is retrieved from the BI Server and processed. The default value is 55000. Reducing the maximum number of rows processed can significantly improve performance by reducing the system resources that can be consumed by a given user session.         Global Cache       Number Of Rows       65000 ^ v         Global cache path       Maximum Number of Rows to Download       Maximum Number of Rows to bownload         Global cache path       Use this box to specify the number of rows in a view that can be downloaded (to html, mhml, pdf, excel, etc.) The default value is 2500. Reducing	Maximum cache entry size 20 $\land$ $\lor$ MB $\checkmark$	
These settings apply to the cache when the BI server is clustered.  Global cache path  Global cache path  Use this box to specify the number of Rows to Download  Use this box to specify the number of rows in a view that can be downloaded (to html, mhml, pdf, excel, etc.) The default value is 2500. Reducing	Maximum cache entries 1000 🔷 🗸	This setting limits how much data is retrieved from the BI Server and processed. The default value is 65000. Reducing the maximum number of
Global cache path Global cache path Use this box to specify the number of rows in a view that can be downloaded (to html, mitml, pdf, excel, etc. ) The default value is 2500. Reducing	Global Cache	Number Of Rows 65000 A V
Use this box to specify the number of rows in a view that can be downloaded (to thrii, mhtml, pdf, excel, etc.) The default value is 2500. Reducing	These settings apply to the cache when the BI server is clustered.	
	Global cache path	
Orden sales are an a second set of our second set of the second second set of the second second set of the second se	Global cache size 0 ^ V MB	Use this box to specify the number of rows in a view that can be downloaded (to html, mhtml, pdf, excel, etc.) The default value is 2500. Reducing the maximum number of rows that can be downloaded can improve performance where exports are common.
RPD Updates 2200 A V	RPD Updates	Number Of Rows 2500 A ¥

## **Change Default Repository Password**

#### OBIEE 12.2.1.3.0:

Copy FCCM807.rpd from \$FIC\_HOME/OBIEE/Repository to the Windows machine where the OBIEE Windows administration client is installed.

To change the default password for the repository follow these steps:

 Open the Repository using the OBIEE Windows administration client from Windows machine. From the File menu, select Open and click Offline. Browse to the Repository on Windows machine. The Oracle BI Administration Tool -FCCM807.rpd windows is displayed. 2. Enter default Repository password: FCCM\$807

To change the default password, follow these steps:

- 1. From File menu, choose Change Password.
- 2. Enter the new password and click OK.

### **Configuring OBIEE Connection Pool**

#### OBIEE 12.2.1.3.0:

To configure the Connection Pool of the repository, follow these steps:

- 1. Open the same Repository (as in the previous step) on the Windows machine. The Oracle BI Administration Tool FCCM807.rpd windows is displayed.
- 2. Expand the FCCM folder in the Physical section.
- 3. Double-click Connection Pool to open the Connection Pool Properties window.
- Enter the following in the Data Source Name text box of the Connection Pool Properties window after modifying <Database Server Host Name> and <Database Name> Data Source Name = (DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)(HOST=<Database Server HostName>)(PORT=1521))(CONNECT\_DATA=(SERVER=DEDICATED) (SERVICE\_NAME=<Database Name>)))
- 5. Enter the Atomic Schema user in the User name text box.
- 6. Enter the Atomic Schema user password in the Password text box.
- 7. Click OK.
- **8.** Expand the folder and test connection for any one table name by Right Click > view data.
- **9.** Perform similar changes in the Connection Pools for all remaining folders in the Physical Layer by providing the following schema details for all Connection Pools:
  - KYC Analytics >Atomic Schema

**Note:** Initial block and connection pool: both should point towards the atomic schema.

- UIC\_73 > CaseMng connection pool ->Atomic Schema
- UIC\_73 > Security connection pool->Atomic Schema
- TA > Atomic Schema
- CTRBI-> Atomic Schema
- ORCL->Atomic Schema
- FCCM > Atomic Schema
- **10.** Select **Save** option from the File menu. The following message is displayed: *Do you want to check global consistency?*.
- **11.** Click **Yes**. The following message is displayed: *Consistency check didn't find any errors, warning or best practices violations*.
- **12.** Click **OK**.

### Deploying OFS ECM Report Analytics

### OBIEE 12.2.1.3.0:

To deploy Analytic Reports, follow these steps:

 Change the value in Nqsconfig.ini file located at <FMW\_HOME>/user\_ projects/domains/bi/config/fmwconfig/biconfig/OBIS

From EVALUATE\_SUPPORT\_LEVEL = 0;

To EVALUATE\_SUPPORT\_LEVEL =2;

- 2. Copy the FCCM807.rpd file in the working directory.
- 3. Navigate to the working directory and execute the following script:

```
<obiee_home>/user_
projects/domains/bi/bitools/bin/datamodel.sh uploadrpd -I
FCCM806.rpd -SI ssi -U <user> -P <password>
```

- **4.** Restart OBIEE server from Enterprise Manager by following these steps: (see figure Restarting OBIEE Server)
- 5. Click the Target Navigation icon
- 6. Expand the Business Intelligence section and then click biinstance.
- **7.** Click the Availability tab.
- 8. Click Stop All.
- **9.** Copy the file FCCM\_ANALYTICS.bar in the same working directory and execute the following script:

<obiee\_home>/oracle\_common/common/bin/wlst.sh

**10.** A new prompt wls:/offline> is displayed. Execute the following script:

```
importServiceInstance('<obiee_home>/user_
projects/domains/bi','ssi','<Working directory>/FCCM_
ANALYTICS.bar',importRpd=false,importWebcat=true,importJazn=t
rue,includeCredentials=None)
```

11. Click Start All.

Figure 7–2 Restarting OBIEE Server

Business Intelligence Instance	•					
Confirmation The edit session lock has been acqui	ired. No per	nding changes exist.				
Information     All configuration changes require the Overview     Availability     Configuration		e restart to take effect.				
Processes Failover						
Processes	Restart All	Start Selected	St	op Selected	Restart Selected	
Processes	Restart All Status	r	St Port	op Selected Note	Restart Selected	
Processes Start All Stop All		r	_	-	Restart Selected	
Processes  Start All Stop All  Name	Status	r	_	-	Restart Selected	
Start All     Stop All       Name       Image: Bl Presentation Services	Status	Host	Port	-	Restart Selected	
Processes	Status	Host	Port	-	Restart Selected	
Processes	Status C C C C C	Host	Port	-	Restart Selected	

### **Configuring TreeMap Graph**

To configure the TreeMap Graph, follow these steps:

- **1.** Login to OBIEE server.
- **2.** Navigate to OBIEE Home.

**Note:** OBIEE Home is the OBIEE installed path.

**3.** Execute the following command:

cd <obiee\_home>

 Execute the following command to find the available treemap-canvas.js: find -name treemap-canvas.js

Four different files, all named treemap-canvas.js are displayed.

- **5.** Back up these four files.
- 6. Edit window.top.console to console in these four files and save.

### **Disable Single Sign On**

Execute the following to disable Single Sign On:

<obiee\_Home>/oracle\_common/common/bin/wlst.sh

disableBISingleSignOn('<obiee\_Home>/user\_projects/domains/bi')

## Accessing Reports through OFS ECM Application

For more information on Accessing Reports, see the Alert Management User Guide.

# Deploying Create JSON Service and Commongateway Service

Follow the below steps:

- 1. Navigate to \$FIC\_HOME/CommonGateway.
- 2. Trigger the ant.sh file.
- 3. createJSONService.war and CommonGatewayService.war would be generated in the same path.
- **4.** Deploy the generated WAR file on to the web application server. For more information, see Creating and Deploying EAR/ WAR File.

## **Configuring Resource Reference**

This section describes the details for configuring the resource reference in WebSphere, WebLogic, and Tomcat Application Servers. For detailed information, see Configuring Resource Reference.

## **Configuring Web application server**

This section describes the details to configure the different web application servers for OFSAA Infrastructure deployment namely, IBM WebSphere, Oracle WebLogic, and Apache Tomcat Servers. For detailed information, see Configuring Web application servers.

## **Configurations for Java 8**

Follow these steps to extract and apply the patch.

- 1. Follow the instructions given in the Readme to apply the patch.
- 2. If the Oracle Database version is 12c, copy ojdbc7.jar from \$ORACLE\_ HOME/jdbc/lib to the following locations:
  - \$FIC\_HOME/utility/OFSAAGenerateRepository/lib/
  - \$FIC\_HOME/realtime\_processing/WebContent/WEB-INF/lib/
  - \$FIC\_HOME/ficdb/lib/
  - \$FIC\_HOME/ficapp/icc/lib/
  - \$FIC\_HOME/ficapp/common/FICServer/lib/
  - \$FIC\_HOME/FMStandalone/FormsManager/WEB-INF/lib/
  - \$FIC\_HOME/ficweb/webroot/WEB-INF/lib/

**Note:** If ojdbc6.jar is already present in any of the aforementioned folders, you need to remove it.

- 3. If the Oracle Database version is 11g, copy ojdbc6.jar from \$ORACLE\_ HOME/jdbc/lib to the following locations:
  - \$FIC\_HOME/utility/OFSAAGenerateRepository/lib/
  - \$FIC\_HOME/realtime\_processing/WebContent/WEB-INF/lib/
  - \$FIC\_HOME/ficdb/lib/
  - \$FIC\_HOME/ficapp/icc/lib/
  - \$FIC\_HOME/ficapp/common/FICServer/lib/
  - \$FIC\_HOME/FMStandalone/FormsManager/WEB-INF/lib/
  - \$FIC\_HOME/ficweb/webroot/WEB-INF/lib/

## **Enabling Unlimited Cryptographic Policy for Java**

Enabling unlimited cryptographic policy for Java enables you to use AES-256 keys for encryption. The JCE Policy JAR files, for the current Java versions required for OFSAA and also for later versions, are available in the following link:

https://bugs.java.com/view\_bug.do?bug\_id=JDK-8170157

For Java versions, where unlimited cryptographic policy is not enabled by default, perform the following steps to enable:

- Download the JCE Policy related JARs local\_policy.jar and US\_export\_ policy.jar.
  - For Oracle Java, download it from http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/jce-7-downlo ad-432124.html.
  - For IBM Java, download it from https://www14.software.ibm.com/webapp/iwm/web/preLogin.do?source= jcesdk.
- 2. Copy (or replace) the downloaded JCE Policy related JARs local\_policy.jar and US\_export\_policy.jar into the /jre/lib/security directory of Java installation directory used for OFSAAI and the Web Application Servers.

## **Configuring Web server**

This section covers the following topics:

- Configuring Web server
- Configuring Web application servers

## **Configuring Web server**

This step assumes the installation of a Web server exists as per the prerequisites.

See the product specific installation guide to install and configure the Web server. If an installation already exists, skip and proceed to the next step.

#### Note:

- Make a note of the IP Address/ Hostname and Port of the web server. This information is required during the installation process.
- Add umask 0027 in the .profile of the UNIX account which manages the WEB server to ensure restricted access permissions
- See Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Security Guide mentioned in the Related Documents section for additional information on securely configuring your Web server.

## **Configuring Web application servers**

This step assumes an installation of a web application server exists as per the prerequisites. To configure the Web application server for OFSAA Deployment see the following sections.

This section includes the following topics:

- Configuring WebSphere Application Server for Application Deployment
- Configuring WebLogic for Application Deployment
- Configuring Apache Tomcat Server for Application Deployment

#### Note:

- Make a note of the IP Address/ Hostname and Port of the web application server. This information is required during the installation process (required if Web server is not configured).
- See OFSAA Secure Configuration Guide / Security Guide mentioned in the Related Documents section for additional information on securely configuring your Web server.

## **Configuring WebSphere Application Server for Application Deployment**

You can deploy multiple OFSAA applications on different profiles of a stand-alone WebSphere application server. To create multiple WebSphere "Profiles" in a stand-alone server, use the command line option as explained in the following section. A profile is the set of files that define the runtime environment. At least one profile must exist to run WebSphere Application Server.

This section covers the following topics:

- Configuring WebSphere before Application Deployment
- Creating New Profile in WebSphere
- Managing IBM WebSphere SDK Java Technology Edition Versions
- Deleting WebSphere Profiles
- Configuring WebSphere Shared Library to Support Jersey 2x and Jackson 2.9x Libraries
- Configuring WebSphere HTTPS
- Configuring WebSphere Memory Settings
- Configuring WebSphere for REST Services Authorization
- Configuring Application Security in WebSphere

## **Configuring WebSphere before Application Deployment**

- 1. Navigate to web.xml file in the <FIC\_HOME>/ficweb/webroot/WEB-INF path.
- **2.** Add

```
com.ofs.aai.rest.v1.impl.WSService;com.ofs.aai.rest.v1.service.wf.PMFService as shown:
```

```
<param-value>com.ofs.aai.rest.vl</param-value>
</init-param>
<init-param>
<param-name>jersey.config.server.provider.classnames</param-name>
<param-value>com.ofs.aai.rest.vl.service.impl.UserService;com.ofs.a
ai.rest.vl.service.impl.FunctionService;com.ofs.aai.rest.vl.service
.impl.GroupService;com.ofs.aai.rest.vl.service.impl.RoleService;com
.ofs.aai.rest.vl.service.impl.Infodom;
com.ofs.aai.rest.vl.report.impl.Il8nService;com.ofs.aai.rest.vl.rep
ort.impl.ActionService;com.ofs.aai.rest.vl.report.impl.AuditTrailSe
rvice;com.ofs.aai.rest.vl.report.impl.ReportService;
com.ofs.aai.rest.vl.impl.DBDetailServices;com.ofs.aai.rest.vl.impl.
LogService;com.ofs.aai.rest.vl.impl.Services;com.ofs.aai.rest.vl.im
pl.WSService;com.ofs.aai.rest.vl.service.wf.PMFService
</param-value>
```

- **3.** After adding this, delete the .ear and .war file from <FIC\_HOME>/ficweb.
- 4. Execute .ant.sh to recreate .ear and .war files.

## **Creating New Profile in WebSphere**

The Profile is created in WebSphere through command line using the **manageprofiles.sh** that resides in the *<WebSphere Install directory>/AppServer/bin* folder.

The command to create a profile **without admin** security through command line is as follows:

"manageprofiles.sh -create -profileName <profile> -profilePath <profile\_
path> -templatePath <template\_path> -nodeName <node\_name> -cellName <cell\_
name> -hostName <host\_name>"

#### Example:

```
$usr/home>./manageprofiles.sh -create -profileName mockaix
-profilePath/WebSphere/webs64/Appserver/profiles/mockaix
-templatePath/WebSphere/webs64/Appserver/profileTemplates/default
-nodeName ipa020dorNode04 - cellName ipa020dorNode04Cell -hostName
ipa020dor
```

## The command to create a profile **with admin** security through command line is as follows:

"manageprofiles.sh -create -profileName <profile> -profilePath <profile\_
path> -templatePath <template\_path> -nodeName <node\_name> -cellName <cell\_
name> -hostName <host\_name> -enableAdminSecurity true -adminUserName
<Admin User Name> -adminPassword < Admin User Password> -samplespassword
<sample User Password>"

#### Example:

```
$usr/home>./manageprofiles.sh -create -profileName mockaix
-profilePath/WebSphere/webs64/Appserver/profiles/mockaix
-templatePath/WebSphere/webs64/Appserver/profileTemplates/default
-nodeName ipa020dorNode04 -cellName ipa020dorNode04Cell -hostName
ipa020dor -enableAdminSecurity true -adminUserName ofsaai -adminPassword
ofsaai -samplespassword ofsaai"
```

**Note:** While using the manageprofiles.sh command to create a New Profile in WebSphere, you can also use "-validatePorts" to validate if the specified ports are not reserved or in use. Additionally, you can specify new ports with "-startingPort <br/>base port>" which specifies the starting port number to generate and assign all ports for the profile. For more information on using these ports, see <u>WebSphere</u> manageprofiles command.

### Managing IBM WebSphere SDK Java Technology Edition Versions

By default, WebSphere Application Server V8.5.5.X uses the Java 6.0 SDK. You must upgrade to Java 7.X SDK or JAVA 8.X SDK.

Prerequisites: Install the IBM WebSphere SDK Java Technology Edition Versions 1.7.X\_64 or 1.8.X\_64.

Perform the following steps to upgrade to Java 7.X SDK or JAVA 8.X SDK:

- Enter the WebSphere URL in the format http://HOST\_NAME:PORT\_ NUMBER/ibm/console (use https if SSL is enabled.). For example, http://192.168.1.0:9000/ibm/console.
- **2.** Login with your administrator user ID and password.
- 3. From the LHS menu, click Servers to expand and view the menu.
- 4. Click Server Types to expand the menu further and then click WebSphere Enterprise Application Servers to view the *Application servers* window.
- **5.** On *Application servers* window, click the required Application Server link. For example, server1 in the following illustration:

his page to configure an application server. An application se	erver is a server that provides services required to run enterprise applications.
time Configuration	
General Properties	
Name	Container Settings
server1	<ul> <li>Session management</li> </ul>
Node name	SIP Container Settings
whf00agnNode01	Web Container Settings
	Portlet Container Settings
Run in development mode	EJB Container Settings
Parallel start	
Start components as needed	Business Process Services
Access to internal server classes	Applications
Allow V	<ul> <li>Installed applications</li> </ul>
Server-specific Application Settings	Server messaging
Classloader policy	Messaging engines
Multiple 🔻	<ul> <li>Messaging engine inbound transports</li> </ul>
Class loading mode	<ul> <li>WebSphere MQ link inbound transports</li> </ul>
Classes loaded with parent class loader first	SIB service
	Server Infrastructure
Apply OK Reset Cancel	∃ Java and Process Management
	Administration

Figure A–1 Application Server - Java SDKs

6. Click Java SDKs link from Server Infrastructure to view the list of Java SDKs.

	age lists the software ferences	development kits (SDKs) that ar	re installed on the server. These SDKs are available	to the servers.	
Mak	e Default				
D	G # #				
elect	Name 🛟	Version 🗘	Location 🗘	Bits 🗘	Default (
You c	an administer the foll	owing resources:			
	1.6_64	1.6	\${WAS_INSTALL_ROOT}/java	64	false
	1.7_64	1.7	\${WAS_INSTALL_ROOT}/java_1.7_64	64	false
	1.8_64	1.8	\${WAS_INSTALL_ROOT}/java_1.8_64	64	true

Figure A–2 Application Server - List of Java SDKs

- **7.** Select either **1.7\_64** or **1.8\_64** based on the JVM version with which you plan to install OFSAA or have installed with.
- 8. Click Make Default button and save to master repository.
- **9.** Restart the WebSphere Application Server to apply the changes to the IBM application profile.

#### Managing Applications in WebSphere

To manage the installed applications in WebSphere, follow these steps:

1. Open the administrator console using the following URL:

http://<ipaddress>:<Administrative Console Port>/ibm/console

For example: http://10.111.222.333:9003/ibm/console (https if SSL is enabled.)

**Note:** Administrative Console Port value is available in serverindex.xml file within <WebSphere Profile Directory>/config/cells/<Node Cell>/nodes/<Node Name> directory.

The Integrated Solutions Console Login window is displayed.

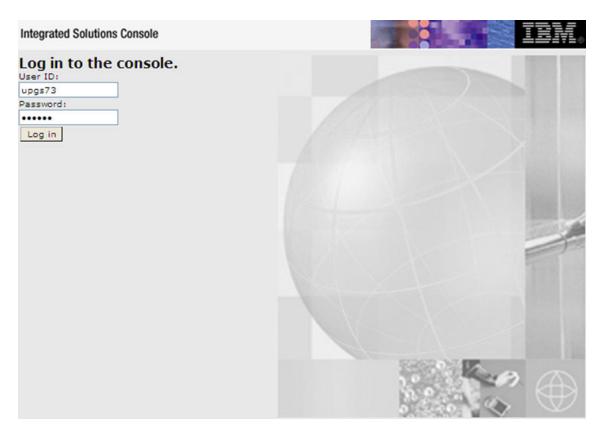


Figure 7–3 Integrated Solutions Console Login

- 2. Log on with the User ID provided with the admin rights.
- **3.** From the LHS menu, expand the **Applications** > **Application Type**> **WebSphere Enterprise Applications**.

The *Enterprise Applications* screen is displayed.

Figure 7–4	Enterprise Applications
------------	-------------------------

Jse th	prise Applications his page to manage ferences	e installed	application	ns. A single applicat	ion can be deplo	yed onto r	nultiple servers	i.
Start	t Stop Install	Uninstall	Update	Rollout Update	Remove File	Export	Export DOL	Export File
01	0 # #							
Select	Name 🗘				Application St	atus 🧟		
You o	can administer the	following	resources:					
2	AIXGAST				8			
	DefaultApplication	٥			•			
0	ixtApp				*			
	QUELY				•			

This Enterprise Applications screen helps you to:

- Install new application
- Uninstall existing applications
- Start or Stop the installed applications

## Configuring WebSphere Application Server to Use a Load Balancer or Proxy Server

The configuration prevents the process server from redirecting to an internal port when using a load balancer or proxy server.

The following steps describe the configuration:

- Enter the WebSphere URL in the format http://HOST\_NAME:PORT\_ NUMBER/ibm/console (use https if SSL is enabled.). For example, http://192.168.1.0:9000/ibm/console.
- 2. Login with your administrator user ID and password.
- 3. From the LHS menu, click **Servers** to expand and view the menu.
- **4.** Click **Server Types** to expand the menu further and then click **WebSphere Enterprise Application Servers** to view the *Application servers* window.
- **5.** On *Application servers* window, click the required Application Server link. For example, server1 in the following illustration:

Figure A–3 Application Servers - Load Balancer Proxy Server

- 6. Click Web Container Settings > Custom Properties.
- 7. Add the following properties:
  - Name: trusthostheaderport Value: true
  - Name: com.ibm.ws.webcontainer.extractHostHeaderPort Value: true
- 8. Restart the WebSphere Application Server to apply the changes.

## **Deleting WebSphere Profiles**

To delete a WebSphere profile, follow these steps:

- 1. Select the checkbox adjacent to the required application and click Stop.
- 2. Stop the WebSphere profile to be deleted.
- 3. Navigate to WebSphere directory:

<WebSphere\_Installation\_Directory>/AppServer/bin/

**4.** Execute the command:

manageprofiles.sh -delete -profileName <profile\_name>

5. Delete profile folder.

Example: <WebSphere\_Installation\_
Directory>/AppServer/profiles/<profile\_name>

**6.** Execute the command:

manageprofiles.sh -validateAndUpdateRegistry

## Configuring WebSphere Shared Library to Support Jersey 2x and Jackson 2.9x Libraries

Perform the following configuration to set WebSphere shared library to support jersey 2x and Jackson 2.9x libraries.

1. Click **Environment** from the menu on the left to expand and view the list. Click **Shared Libraries** to open the *Shared Libraries* window.

Views All tasks 🔻	Shared L&raries P
- Welcome	
Guided Activities	Shared Libraries > New
· Servers	Use this page to define a container-wide shared library that can be used by deployed applications.
Applications	Configuration
Services	Council Descention
Resources	General Properties
Security	cellsrwhf00agnNode02Cell1nodesrwhf00agnNode01:serversiserver1
Environment     Virtual hosts     Victual hosts     Victual cost     Victual hosts     Victual ho	Name DBRSEY2x Description Providing Jensey 2x shared library Classpath //scratch/18M/WebGphere/AppEanxet/profiles/AA0805/1bacedL8B/ //scratch/18M/WebGphere/AppEanxet/profiles/AA0805/1bacedL8B/
(a) UDO1	Class Loading  Use an isolated class loader for this shared library  Apply OK Reset Cancel

- **2.** Enter details as shown in the following:
  - Name: Enter a unique identifiable name.
  - **Description**: Enter a valid description.
  - **Classpath**: Enter the absolute path where the JARs related to Jersey 2.x and Jackson 2.9x are copied. These jars are available in the <OFSAA\_ HOME>/utility/externallib/WEB-INF/lib directory after creation of the EAR file.
- 3. Select Use an isolated class loader for this library.
- 4. Click **OK** to save to master configuration.
- **5.** Select the application or module and map the shared libraries. Click **OK**. In the following illustration, **ofsa** is selected.

	ared libraries that the application or ind	ividual modules reference. These libraries must be	defined in the configuration at the appropria
pe.	ce shared libraries		
Nereren	ce snared libraries		
Select	Application	URI	Shared Libraries
	ofsa	META-INF/application.xml	
Select	Module	URI	Shared Libraries
	OFSAAI Web Application	ofsa.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	

**6.** From the Shared Library Mapping window, move the required shared libraries from **Available to Selected**. In the following illustration, **JERSEY2x** is selected.

Enterprise Applications	? =
Enterprise Applications > ofsa > Shared library references > Shared Library Mapping Map shared libraries to an entire application or to one or more modules.	
Map libraries to the application or module listed	
OFSAAI Web Application	
Select the library in the Available list. Move it to the Selected list by clicking >>.	
Available:	
New	
OK Cancel	

- 7. Click OK.
- **8.** Similarly, select the next application or module and repeat the procedure from steps 5 to 7.

E Sł	Enterprise Applications Enterprise Applications > ofsa > Shared library references Shared Library Mapping for Modules Specify shared libraries that the application or individual modules reference. These libraries must be defined in the configuration at the appropriate scope.							
	Referen	ice shared libraries						
	Select	Application	URI	Shared Libraries				
		ofsa	META-INF/application.xml	JERSEY2x				
	Select	Module	URI	Shared Libraries				
		OFSAAI Web Application	ofsa.war,WEB-INF/web.xml	JERSEY2x				
C	K Can	cel						

- **9.** Disable the built-in JAX-RS via JVM property.
  - Go to WebSphere admin console in Servers > WebSphere Application Servers > yourServerName.
  - 2. In Server Infrastructure section, go to Java and Process Management > Process definition > Java Virtual Machine > Custom properties.
  - **3.** Add the following property:

com.ibm.websphere.jaxrs.server.DisableIBMJAXRSEngine=true

**10.** Restart the application.

## Configuring WebSphere HTTPS

To configure an HTTPS Transport on WebSphere, follow these steps:

1. Create a profile using the Profile Creation Wizard in WebSphere.

**Note:** Note down the https port specified during this process and use the same as servlet port or web server port during OFSAAI installation.

2. To enable https configuration on Infrastructure, assign value 1 to "HTTPS\_ ENABLE" in OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml for Silent mode OFSAAI installation.

#### Configuring WebSphere Memory Settings

To configure the WebSphere Memory Settings, follow these steps:

- Navigate to WebSphere applications server > Application servers > server1 > Process definition > Java Virtual Machine.
- 2. Change the memory setting for Java Heap:

Initial heap size = 512 Maximum heap size = 3072

## **Configuring WebSphere for REST Services Authorization**

Configure the following in WebSphere to enable REST API authorization by OFSAA:

- 1. Log on to WebSphere console with the User ID provided with the admin rights.
- **2.** Expand Security menu in the LHS and click Global security > Web and SIP security > General settings.

and the second s		web I colleve TDMP
Years Al tails	Celmut/Maphpel/Kat, hytematel04	Core page
THEME IN MARY	Shiled security 7	-way 12
<ul> <li>Weikerne</li> </ul>	Clobal security > Web security - General settings	Field help
in Outled Activities	Specifies the settings for read authentication.	For field help information, select a field label or list
a Seven	Canada Proposition	marker when the help cursor
· Applications	Web authentication behavior	in displayed.
a fervice		Page help Non-information about this
a Resources	Authoritate only when the URD's protected Note available systemication data when an unprotected URD is accessed	Early Contract of Contract, Marcola, 1918
is Belotty	Ver analysis suffertication and unan an unprotected and is accessed     Authoriticate when any UR2 is accessed	
- Olivited security     - Security domains     - Automation domains     - Automation domains     - Still, contribution and low, management     - Security autifiting     - Ious security	Australiana Lines any Log is accessed     Calculate to basic authentication when cartificate authentication for the HTTPB cleant fails     Apply CoX (Reset) Cancer	
a Indentati		
E System administration		
Ennecidad Repositiony Service     Ennecidad Repositiony Service     Conneck Redeventees     Tob schedular     Conneck Redeventees     Conneck Service		
a Gera and Groups		
a Hanksing and Tuning		
a Teublehoting		
a device integration		
¥ 4000		

- **3.** De-select the **Use available authentication data when an unprotected URI is accessed** checkbox.
- 4. Click OK.

Wedghere, software		Welcome admin Melp	I topot IBM.	
View Al take	Gen-uttillagehodel/Call, Roma-said04		Cite page	
sectore     sectore	Chinal security       If Memoryse			
Burnishing     Burnishing     Burnishing     Burnishing     Burnishing     Souther administration     Souther for a starting Service     Souther for the starting	<ul> <li>Brable administrative security - Administrative user rules</li> <li>Administrative security</li> </ul>	uthentication viterbation mehanisms and expression 8 (206) © rations and 177A Society and 177A		
Consule Liferbity     Elevan and Droups     Horizoning and Tuning	Enable application security	© BAXX (Approxim): The authenticated communication between servers uthertification authors g thet and the automy g table table service		
ar Trublahasing ar Barvis Integration ar UDDI		g Jana Authantication and Authonization Service D Emails Jana Authentication SHS (JASHS) Etablication		
	a second reprint y	The real-contract user names		

5. Click Save to save the changes to master configuration.

## **Configuring Application Security in WebSphere**

This is a mandatory security procedure for WebSphere to restrict the unauthorized access of configuration files in directories. For detailed information, see the Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure Security Guide.

## **Configuring WebLogic for Application Deployment**

You can deploy multiple Infrastructure applications on different domains of a stand-alone WebLogic application server. To create multiple WebLogic "Domains" in a stand-alone server you can use the Domain Creation wizard. A domain is the set of files that define the runtime environment. At least one domain must exist to run WebLogic Application Server.

**Note:** For deployment on Oracle WebLogic Server 12.1.3+ (64 bit) with Java 8, download and install patch 18729264 from http://support.oracle.com/.

Following configuration is required only if OFS Big Data Processing is licensed and enabled in your OFSAA instance and OFSAA is deployed on Oracle WebLogic Server version 12.2.x:

• The jersey-server-1.9.jar file should be copied to <HIVE\_LIB\_ PATH> path.

This section covers the following topics:

- Creating Domain in WebLogic Server
- Deleting Domain in WebLogic
- Configuring WebLogic Memory Settings
- Configuring WebLogic for REST Services Authorization

## Creating Domain in WebLogic Server

To create a new domain using Configuration Wizard in WebLogic, follow these steps:

 Navigate to the directory <WLS\_HOME>/wlserver/common/bin and execute the command:

./config.sh

The Configuration Type window of the Configuration Wizard is displayed.

Figure 7–5 Configuration Type

Fusion Middleware Configuration	Wizard - Page 1 of 8	@ofss220601	allerite distinct				×
Configuration Type				i			
🙊 Greate Domain	1						
Templates							
Administrator Account							
Domain Mode and JDK							
Advanced Configuration							
Configuration Summary							
Configuration Progress	What do you want t	to do?					
End Of Configuration		omain					
	<ul> <li>Update an exist</li> </ul>	ting domain					
	Domain Location:		ware/Oracle_Ho	me/user_proj	ects/domains/ba	ase_domai	in Browse
Help	s, reate a new domai	n.		< Back	Next >	Finish	Cancel

 Select Create a new domain option and click Next. The Templates window is displayed.

Templates

Create Domain Templates	4	VARE
Administrator Account Domain Mode and JDK Advanced Configuration Configuration Summary Configuration Progress End Of Configuration	Create Domain Using Product Templates      Template Categories: All Templates      Available Templates      Basic WebLogic Server Domain - 12.2.1.2.0 [Wserver]*      WebLogic Advanced Web Services for JAX-RPC Extension - 12.2.1.2.0 [oracle]      WebLogic Advanced Web Services for JAX-WS Extension - 12.2.1.2.0 [oracle]      WebLogic Coherence Cluster Extension - 12.2.1.2.0 [Wserver]      WebLogic JAX-WS SOAP/JMS Extension - 12.2.1.2.0 [oracle_common]	
	Create Domain Using Custom Template: Template location: //scratch/806wls/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_Home	Browse

Select the Create Domain Using Product Templates option and click Next.
The *Administrator Account* window is displayed.

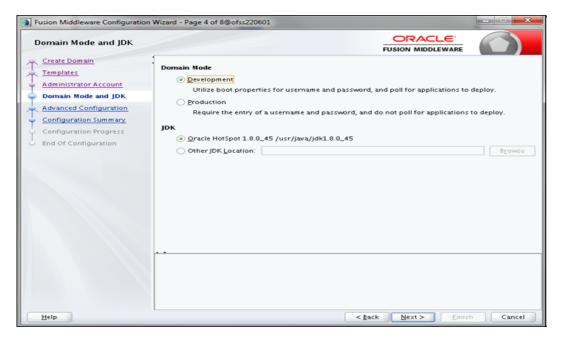
Administrator Accou	nt

Fusion Middleware Configuration	Wizard - Page 3 of 8@	Bofss220601		
Administrator Account				
Create Domain Templates Administrator Account Domain Mode and JDK Configuration Summary Configuration Progress End Of Configuration	Name Password Confirm Password User name may not	contain commas, tabs, or any t	of the following characters: <># &?0()	
Help			<gack next=""> Einist</gack>	h Cancel

**4.** Enter the user name to be assigned to the administrator, the password and confirm the password. Click **Next**.

## The Domain Mode and JDK window is displayed

Domain Mode and JDK



**5.** Select from the following options:

In the Domain Mode section, select the required mode (Development or Production).

In the JDK section, select the required option. If you select Other JDK Location, click Browse, navigate to the JDK location, and select. Click Next.

The Advanced Configuration window is displayed.

Fusion Middleware Configuration	Wizard - Page 5 of 9@ofss220601
Advanced Configuration	
Create Domain Templates Administrator Account Domain Mode and JDK Advanced Configuration Administration Server Configuration Summary Configuration Progress End Of Configuration	Administration Server Modify Settings Node Manager Configure Node Manager Gopology Add, Delete or Modify Settings for Managed Servers, Clusters, Virtual Targets and Coherence
Help	< <u>gack</u> Next> Einish Cancel

## Figure A–4 Advanced Configuration

**6.** Select Administration Server. A WebLogic Server domain must have an Administration Server. You can also select Manages Servers, Clusters and Machines and RDBMS Security Store, if required. Click Next.

The Administration Server window is displayed.

Fusion Middleware Configuratio	n Wizard - Page 6 of 9@ofss220601	
Administration Server		
Create Domain Templates Administrator Account Domain Mode and JDK Advanced Configuration Administration Server Configuration Progress End Of Configuration	Server Name AdminServer Listen Address All Local Addresses Listen Port 9091 Enable SSL SSL Listen Port Port number must be between 1 and 65535, and different from SSL listen port and coher	rence port.
Help	< <u>Back</u> Next > Ein	ish Cancel

**7.** Enter Administration Server details such as the Server Name, Listen address, Listen Port, Enable SSL(for secure login using https, select this check box), and SSL listen port. Click Next.

The Configuration Summary window is displayed.

Fusion Middleware Configuration	n Wizard - Page 7 of 9@ofss220601		
Configuration Summary			
Create Domain Templates Administrator Account Domain Mode and JDK Advanced Configuration	<ul> <li>View: Deployment</li> <li>base_domain (/scratch/806wls/Oracle/Middleware,</li> <li>Server</li> <li>AdminServer</li> </ul>	Author Oracle Corporatio	Logic Server domain
Administration Server			
Configuration Progress End Of Configuration			
	Select <b>Create</b> to accept the above options and start creat above configuration before starting Domain Creation, g the left pane, or by using the <b>Back</b> button.		
Help		< <u>Back</u> <u>N</u> ext > <u>C</u> reat	te Cancel

**8.** Verify the configuration details of the WebLogic domain and click Create.

The Configuration Progress window is displayed with the status indication of the domain creation process.

Fusion Middleware Configuration V	Wizard - Page 8 of 9@ofss220601	- • ×
Configuration Progress		
R Create Domain		
A Templates	100%	
Administrator Account	Copy Unprocessed Artifacts	
O Domain Mode and JDK	Security Processing     Artifacts Generation	
Advanced Configuration	<ul> <li>Artifiatts Generation</li> <li>String Substitution</li> </ul>	
Administration Server	Post Processing	
Configuration Summary		
Configuration Progress		
Help	< <u>Back</u>	inish Cancel

**9.** Click Next when 100% of the activity is complete.

The End of Configuration window is displayed

Fusion Middleware Configuration	Wizard - Page 9 of 9@ofss220601	_ • ×
End Of Configuration		
Create Domain		
Templates	Oracle Weblogic Server Configuration Succeeded New Domain base_domain Creation Succeeded	
Administrator Account	Domain Location /scratch/806wls/Oracle/Middleware/Oracle_Home/user_projects/domains/b	are domain
Domain Mode and JDK	Admin Server URL	ase_uomam
Advanced Configuration	http://ofss220601:9091/console	
Administration Server		
Configuration Summary		
Configuration Progress		
End Of Configuration		
Help	< <u>Back</u> Next > Einish	Cancel

Figure A–6 End of Configuration

**10.** Click Finish. The domain server is created enabling the deployment of multiple Infrastructure applications on a single WebLogic.

**Note:** ?Note down the HTTPS port specified during this process and use the same as servlet port or web server port during OFSAAI Installation.

To enable https configuration on Infrastructure, assign value 1 to "HTTPS\_ENABLE" in OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml for silent mode OFSAAI installation.

**11.** Add a java option entry -DUseSunHttpHandler=true in WLS\_HOME/bin/ "setDomainEnv.sh" file (Required only if self signed certificate is used).

#### **Deleting Domain in WebLogic**

To delete a domain in WebLogic, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to the following directory:

```
<WebLogic Installation directory>/user_projects/domains/<domain name>/bin
```

- 2. Execute **stopWebLogic.sh** to stop the WebLogic domain.
- **3.** Delete the WebLogic domain.

## Configuring WebLogic Memory Settings

To configure the WebLogic Memory Settings, follow these steps:

- Change the memory setting for Java Heap to -Xms512m -Xmx3072m in setDomainEnv.sh file, which resides in the folder <DOMAIN\_HOME>/bin and in CommEnv.sh file which resides in the folder common/bin.
- **2.** Edit this file for customizing memory settings and garbage collector settings depending on the available hardware configuration.

Example 1:

```
if [ "${JAVA_VENDOR}" = "Sun" ] ; then
WLS_MEM_ARGS_64BIT="-Xms512m -Xmx1024m"
export WLS_MEM_ARGS_64BIT
WLS_MEM_ARGS_32BIT="-Xms512m -Xmx1024m"
export WLS_MEM_ARGS_32BIT
```

else

```
WLS_MEM_ARGS_64BIT="-Xms512m -Xmx1024m"
```

export WLS\_MEM\_ARGS\_64BIT

```
WLS_MEM_ARGS_32BIT="-Xms512m -Xmx1024m"
```

export WLS\_MEM\_ARGS\_32BIT

Example 2:

JAVA\_VM= MEM ARGS="-Xms256m -Xmx1024m"

## Configuring WebLogic for REST Services Authorization

- Open the config.xml file located in the domain where OFSAA is deployed, that is <domain\_home>/config/config.xml
- 2. Add the following in the security-configuration tag:

```
<enforce-valid-basic-auth-credentials>false</enforce-valid-basic-auth-c
redentials>
```

## Configuring Apache Tomcat Server for Application Deployment

This section is applicable only when the Web application server type is Tomcat.

This section includes the following topics:

- Tomcat User Administration
- Configuring Tomcat to use JAVA 64 bit Executables
- Configuring Servlet Port
- Configuring SSL Port
- Configuring Apache Tomcat Memory Settings

- Configuring Axis API
- Configuring Tomcat for User Group Authorization and Data Mapping
- Uninstalling WAR Files in Tomcat

## **Tomcat User Administration**

The Tomcat administration and manager application does not provide a default login. You are required to edit "\$CATALINA\_HOME/conf/tomcat-users.xml" as instructed below.

This file contains an XML <user> for each individual user, which will display the username and password used by admin to log on to Tomcat, and the role names to which the admin user is associated with. For example, <user name="admin" password="admin" roles="standard,manager" />

- 1. Add the manager role to any one of the existing username/password combination as shown in the preceding example.
- **2.** Use the same username/password to which the manager role has been assigned to access the Tomcat Application Manager.
- **3.** If the Tomcat server is already running, it requires a re-start after the above configuration is done.

## Configuring Tomcat to use JAVA 64 bit Executables

To configure Tomcat to use JAVA 64 bit, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the \$CATALINA\_HOME/bin folder.
- 2. Edit the setclasspath.sh file as follows:
- 3. Replace the following block of text

```
# Set standard commands for invoking Java.
```

\_RUNJAVA="\$JRE\_HOME"/bin/java

if [ "\$os400" != "true" ]; then

\_RUNJDB="\$JAVA\_HOME"/bin/jdb

With:

# Set standard commands for invoking Java.

\_RUNJAVA="\$JAVA\_BIN"/java

if [ "\$os400" != "true" ]; then

```
_RUNJDB="$JAVA_BIN"/jdb
```

**4.** If the Tomcat server is already running, it requires a re-start after the above configuration is done.

**Note:** In case tomcat is installed under different Unix profile, set JAVA\_BIN environment variable in .profile to include the Java Runtime Environment absolute path.

For example:

export JAVA\_BIN /usr/java6\_64/jre/bin
export JAVA\_BIN = /usr/java6\_64/jre/bin//sparcv9 for Solaris
Sparc

## **Configuring Servlet Port**

The default servlet port configured for the Tomcat installation is 8080. Ignore this section if you need to use the default port.

If you need to use a different port number, you must first configure the port in the server.xml file in the conf directory of Tomcat Installation directory.

To configure the Servlet Port, follow these steps:

1. Navigate to \$CATALINA\_HOME/conf. Open server.xml and locate the tag:

"Define a non-SSL HTTP/1.1 Connector on port 8080 "

Against this tag, a parameter is specified 'Connector port = "8080" '. Edit this value to the new port number that was used during the Infrastructure installation process.

2. Save your changes in the server.xml file.

**Note:** Make a note of the servlet port configured. This information is required during the installation of OFSAA Applications Pack.

## **Configuring SSL Port**

If you need to configure and access your OFSAA setup for HTTPS access, ensure that the following connect tag under **Define a SSL HTTP/1/1 Connector on port 8443** in <Tomcat\_installation\_folder>/conf/server.xml file is uncommented for SSL Configuration. (By default, it is commented).

<Connector port="8443" protocol="HTTP/1.1" SSLEnabled="true"

maxThreads="150" scheme="https" secure="true"

clientAuth="false" sslProtocol="TLS"

#### Note:

- Make a note of the servlet port configured. This information would be required during the installation of OFSAA Applications Pack.
- To enable https configuration on Infrastructure, assign value 1 to HTTPS\_ENABLE in OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml file for Silent mode OFSAAI installation.

For more information related to SSL Configuration on Tomcat, see http://tomcat.apache.org/.

#### **Configuring Apache Tomcat Memory Settings**

To configure the Apache Tomcat Memory Settings, follow these steps:

- 1. Locate the catalina.sh file that resides in the <CATALINA\_HOME>/bin folder.
- **2.** Edit this file for customizing the memory settings and garbage collector settings depending on the available hardware configuration.
- 3. Add the memory setting for Java Heap to -Xms512m -Xmx1024m.

#### For example:

```
if [ -z "$LOGGING_MANAGER" ]; then
JAVA_OPTS="$JAVA_OPTS -Xms512m -Xmx1024m
-Djava.util.logging.manager=org.apache.juli.ClassLoaderLogManager"
else
JAVA_OPTS="$JAVA_OPTS -Xms512m -Xmx1024m $LOGGING_MANAGER"
fi
```

## **Configuring Axis API**

Copy the jaxrpc.jar from the <OFSAA Installation Directory>/axis-1\_ 4/webapps/axis/WEB-INF/lib and place it in the <Tomcat Installation Directory>/lib folder and restart the Tomcat Server.

#### Configuring Tomcat for User Group Authorization and Data Mapping

Users with system authorization roles can access User Group Authorization. However, to make it available on Tomcat web server, you have to perform the following configuration steps:

- 1. Navigate to the \$CATALINA\_HOME/conf folder and open web.xml file.
- **2.** Enter the following in the web.xml file.

```
<init-param>
<param-name>mappedfile</param-name>
<param-value>false</param-value>
</init-param>
```

**3.** Save and close the file.

### Uninstalling WAR Files in Tomcat

To uninstall WAR files in tomcat, see Uninstalling WAR Files in Tomcat.

## Configuring Resource Reference in Web application servers

This section covers the following topics:

- Configuring Resource Reference in WebSphere Application Server
- Configuring Resource Reference in WebLogic Application Server
- Configuring Resource Reference in Tomcat Application Server

# Configuring Resource Reference in WebSphere Application Server

This section is applicable only when the Web application server type is WebSphere. This section covers the following topics:

- Creating JDBC Provider
- Creating Data Source
- Creating J2C Authentication Details
- Defining JDBC Connection Pooling

## Creating JDBC Provider

- Open the WebSphere admin console in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/ibm/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The Login window is displayed.
- 2. Login with the user id that has admin rights.
- **3.** Expand the **Resources** option in the LHS menu and click **JDBC** > **JDBC Providers**. The JDBC Providers window is displayed.



DBC	providers		
mpler	mentation class for access to th <u>d activity</u> . A guided activity prov	JDBC provider. The JDBC provider object er e specific vendor database of your environ ides a list of task steps and more general	ment. Learn more about this task in a information about the topic.
3 Sco	Scope specifies the level at	whees the resource definition is visible. For is and how it works, see the scope settings	detailed
	Node=GXS150REV-Zone	2Node05, Server=server1 💌	
] Pre	ferences		
New	Delete		
D	6 # \$		
elect	Name 🛟	Scope 🔿	Description 👌
You	an administer the following res	ources:	
	Derby JDBC Provider	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05,Server=server1	Derby embedded non-XA JDBC Provider
	FICMASTER	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05,Server=server1	Oracle JDBC Driver
	Oracle JDBC Driver	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05,Server=server1	Oracle JDBC Driver
	RORFFW	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05,Server=server1	RORFFW
	RORPNC	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05,Server=server1	RORPNC
	UPGSPFT	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05,Server=server1	UPGSPFT
	UPGSROR	Node=GXS150REV- Zone2Node05,Server=server1	UPGSROR
	UPGSSAND	Node=GXS150REV-	UPGSSAND

- **4.** Select the **Scope** from the drop-down list. Scope specifies the level at which the resource definition is visible.
- **5.** Click **New** to add new JDBC Provider under the *Preferences* section. The Create new JDBC provider window is displayed.

Step 1: Create new JDBC provider	Create new JDBC provider
Step 2: Enter database class path information	Set the basic configuration values of a JDBC provider, which encapsulates the specifi vendor JDBC driver implementation classes that are required to access the database The wizard fills in the name and the description fields, but you can type different values.
Step 3: Summary	Scope
	cells:GXS150REV- Zone2Node05Cell:nodes:GXS150REV- Zone2Node05:servers:server1
	* Database type
	Oracle 💌
	+ Provider type
	Oracle JDBC Driver
	+ Implementation type
	Connection pool data source 💌
	* Name
	Oracle JDBC Driver
	Description
	Oracle JDBC Driver

Figure 7–7 Create a new JDBC Provider

**6.** Enter the following details:

 Table B-1
 Fields and their description

Field	Description
Database Type	Oracle
Provider Type	Oracle JDBC Driver
Implementation Type	Connection pool data source
Name	The required display name for the resource
Description	The optional description for the resource

7. Click Next.

	Step 1: Create new JDBC provider	Enter database class path information
2	Step 2: Enter database class path information Step 3: Summary	Set the environment variables that represent the JDBC driver class files, which WebSphere(R) Application Server uses to define your JDBC provider. This wizard page displays the file names: you supply only the directory locations of the files. Use complete directory paths when you type the JDBC driver file locations. For example: C:\SQLLIB\java on Windows(R) or /home/db2inst1/sqllib/java on Linux(TM). If a value is specified for you, you may click Next to accept the value.
		Class path: \${ORACLE_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH}/ojdbc6-jar
		Directory location for "ojdbc6.jar" which is saved as WebSphere variable \${ORACLE_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH} [/oracle/orajdbc/app/orajdbc/product/11.2.0/client_1/jdbc/lib

Figure 7–8 Enter database class path information

**8.** Specify the directory location for "ojdbc<version>.jar" file. Ensure that you do not use the trailing slash file separators.

The Oracle JDBC driver can be downloaded from the following Oracle Download site:

- Oracle Database 11g Release 2 (11.2.0.4) JDBC Drivers
- Oracle Database 12c Release 1 (12.1.0.1) JDBC Drivers

Once downloaded, you need to copy the file in the required folder on the server.

**Note:** See Appendix O for identifying the correct ojdbc<version>.jar version to be copied.

9. Click Next. The Summary window is displayed.

Freate a new JDBC Provider		
Step 1: Create new JDBC provider	Summary	
Step 2: Enter	Summary of actions:	
database class path information	Options	Values
Step 3: Summary	Scope	cells:GXS150REV-Zone2Node05Cell:nodes:GXS150REV- Zone2Node05:servers:server1
	JDBC provider name	Oracle JDBC Driver
	Description	Oracle JDBC Driver
	Class path	\${ORACLE_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH}/ojdbc6.jar
	s{ORACLE_JDBC_DRIVER_PATH}	/oracle/orajdbc/app/orajdbc/product/11.2.0/client_1/jdbc/lib
	Implementation class name	oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleConnectionPoolDataSource

Figure 7–9 Summary

- **10.** Verify the details and click **Finish** to create the JDBC Provider.
- 11. The options to Save and Review are displayed. Click Save.

## **Creating Data Source**

The steps given below are applicable for both config and atomic data source creation.

- 1. Open this URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/ibm/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The *Login* window is displayed.
- **2.** Login with the user id that has admin rights.
- **3.** Expand the **Resources** option in the LHS menu and click **JDBC** > **Data sources** option. The Data sources page is displayed.

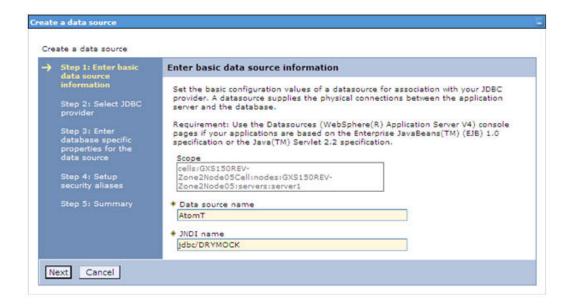


Figure B–1 Data Sources

- **4.** Select the **Scope** from the drop down list. Scope specifies the level at which the resource definition is visible.
- 5. Click New. The Create a Data Source window is displayed.

Step 1: Enter basic data source	Enter basic data source information	
information	Set the basic configuration values of a datasource for association with your JDBC	
Step 2: Select JDBC provider	provider. A datasource supplies the physical connections between the application server and the database.	
Step 3: Enter database specific properties for the	Requirement: Use the Datasources (WebSphere(R) Application Server V4) console pages if your applications are based on the Enterprise JavaBeans(TM) (EJB) 1.0 specification or the Java(TM) Servlet 2.2 specification.	
data source	Scope	
Step 4: Setup	cells:GXS150REV- Zone2Node03Cell:nodes:GXS150REV-	
security aliases	Zone2Node05:servers:server1	
Step 5: Summary	+ Data source name	
	AtomT	
	+ JNDI name	
	jdbc/DRYMOCK	

6. Specify the Data Source name and JNDI name for the new "Data Source".

The **JNDI** and **Data Source** name are case sensitive and ensure that JNDI name is same as the "Information Domain" name.

7. Click Next. The Select JDBC provider window is displayed.

	ep 1: Enter basic ita source	Select JDBC provider	
inf 🗲 St	Step 2: Select JDBC	Specify a JDBC provider to support the datasource. If you choose to create a new JDBC provider, it will be created at the same scope as the datasource. If you are selecting an existing JDBC provider, only those providers at the current scope are available from the list.	
da pro da Sto se	ep 3: Enter Itabase specific operties for the Ita source ep 4: Setup curity aliases ep 5: Summary	<ul> <li>Create new JDBC provider</li> <li>Select an existing JDBC provider</li> <li>Oracle JDBC Driver</li> </ul>	

Figure B–3 Select JDBC provider

**8.** Select the option **Select an Existing JDBC Provider** and select the required JDBC provider from the drop-down list. Click **Next**.



Figure B–4 Enter database specific properties

**9.** Specify the database connection URL.

For example: jdbc:oracle:thin:@<DB\_SEREVER\_IP>:<DB\_SERVER\_PORT>:<SID>

**10.** Select **Data Store Helper Class Name** from the drop-down list and ensure that the check box **Use this data source in container managed persistence (CMP)** is selected.

**Note:** For RAC configuration, provide the RAC url specified during installation.

Example: jdbc:oracle:thin:@(DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS\_ LIST=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)(HOST=10.11.12.13)(port=1521))(ADDRESS=(PRO TOCOL=TCP)(HOST=10.11.12.14)(PORT=1521))(LOAD\_ BALANCE=no)(FAILOVER=yes))(CONNECT\_DATA=(SERVICE\_NAME=pqadb)))

11. Click Next.

Figure B–5 Enter Database specific properties

_			
Step 1: Enter basic data source information Step 2: Select JDBC provider		Enter database specific properties for the data source	
		Set these database-specific properties, which are required by the database vendor JDBC driver to support the connections that are managed through the datasource.	
database s properties data sourc	Step 3: Enter	Name	Value
	database specific properties for the data source	+ URL	10.184,108.91:1521:ord11g
		+ Data store helper class name	
Step 4: Setup security aliases		Oracle11g data store helper 💙	
Step 5: Summa	Step 5: Summary	Use this data source in container managed persistence (CMP)	

12. Map the J2C authentication alias, if already created. If not, you can create a new J2C authentication alias by accessing the link given (Global J2C authentication alias) or you can continue with the data source creation by clicking Next and then Finish.

Step 1: Enter basic data source	Summary	
information Step 2: Select JDBC provider	Summary of actions:	
	Options	Values
- Step 3: Enter	Scope	cells:GXS150REV-Zone2Node05Cell:nodes:GXS150REV- Zone2Node05:servers:server1
database specific properties for the	Data source name	AtomT
data source	JNDI name	jdbc/DRYMOCK
Step 4: Setup security aliases	Select an existing JDBC provider	Oracle JDBC Driver
Step 5: Summary	Implementation class name	oracle.jdbc.pool.OracleConnectionPoolDataSource
	URL	jdbc:oracle:thin:@10.184.108.91:1521:ord11gr2
	Data store helper class name	com.ibm.websphere.rsadapter.Oracle10gDataStoreHelper
	Use this data source in container managed persistence (CMP)	true
	Component-managed authentication alias	(none)
	Mapping-configuration alias	(none)
	Container-managed authentication alias	(none)

Figure B–6 Summary

You can also create and map J2C authentication alias after creating the data source.

**13.** You must create another Data source by following the above procedure with jdbc/FICMASTER as JNDI name pointing to the "configuration schema" of Infrastructure.

## **Creating J2C Authentication Details**

The steps given below are applicable for creating both config and atomic J2C Authentication.

To create J2C Authentication details, follow these steps:

1. Select the newly created Data Source and click JAAS - J2C authentication data link under Related Items.

JAAS- J2C authentication data

pecifi	ies a list of user identities and passwor	ds for Java(TM) 2 connec	tor security to use.
P P	refix new allas names with the node na	ame of the cell (for compa	atibility with earlier releases)
Apply	Z		
Pre	ferences		
New	Delete		
0	D # \$		
elect	Alias 🛟	User ID 🗘	Description 🗘
You c	an administer the following resources:		
	GXS150REV- Zone2Node05/FICMASTER	upgsconf	FICMASTER
	GXS150REV-Zone2Node05/RORFFW	rorffw	
	GXS150REV-Zone2Node05/RORPNC	rorphc	
	GXS150REV-Zone2Node05/UPGSPFT	upgspft	upgspft
	GXS150REV- Zone2Node05/UPGSPROD	upgsprod	upgsprod
	GXS150REV- Zone2Node05/UPGSROR	upgsror	upgsror
	GXS150REV- Zone2Node05/UPGSSAND	upgssand	upgssand
	GXS150REV-Zone2Node05/VASTEST	upgsconf	upgsconf

Figure B–7 JAAS- J2C authentication data

2. Click New under the Preferences section.



pecifies a list of user identities and passwords for Java(TM) 2 connec eneral Properties	to second to use.
Alias	
Atm	
User ID	
upgs73	
Password	
•••••	
Description	
Atomic Instance	

- 3. Enter the Alias, User ID, Password, and Description. Ensure the following:
  - User ID is the Oracle user ID created for the respective Config and Atomic Schema for the "Information Domain".

- Specify the Config database user ID and password information for the jdbc/FICMASTER data source, and specify the Atomic database user ID and password information for the Atomic schema data source that you created earlier.
- 4. Click **Apply** and save the details.

# **Defining JDBC Connection Pooling**

To define the JDBC connection pooling ensure that you have created JDBC Provider and Data source to access the data from the database.

- Expand the Resources option in the LHS menu and click JDBC > Data sources option. The Data sources page is displayed.
- 2. Click the newly created Data Source \$DATA\_SOURCE\$ and navigate to the path Data sources>\$DATA\_SOURCE\$>Connection pools.

figuration		
ieneral Properties		Additional Properties
Scope cells:ipa26dorNode01Ce	ll:nodes:ipa26dorNode01:servers:server1	Advanced connection pool
* Connection timeout p	seconds	properties <u>Connection pool</u> custom properties
Maximum connections		custom propercies
Minimum connections	connections	
10	connections	
Reap time	seconds	
Unused timeout	seconds	
1800	seconds	
Aged timeout	seconds	
Purge policy	PECONAP	
	~	

Figure B–8 Connection pools

**3.** Set the values for **Connection timeout** to 0 seconds, **Maximum connections** to 100 connections, and Minimum connections to 10 connections as shown in the above figure. You can also define **Reap Time, Unused Timeout,** and **Aged Timeout** as required.

# Configuring Resource Reference in WebLogic Application Server

This section is applicable only when the Web application server type is WebLogic. This section includes the following topics:

- Creating Data Source
- Creating GridLink Data Source
- Configuring Multi Data Sources
- Configuring Advanced Settings for Data Source
- Defining JDBC Connection Pooling

In WebLogic, you can create "Data Source" in the following ways:

- "For a Non RAC Database instance, Generic Data Source has to be created. See Create Data Source.
- "For a RAC Database instance, Gridlink Data Source has to be created. See Create GridLink Data Source.
- "When Load Balancing/Fail over is required, Multi Data Source has to be created. See Configure Multi Data Sources.

# **Creating Data Source**

The steps given below are applicable for both config and atomic data source creation.

- Open the following URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The Welcome window is displayed.
- 2. Login with the Administrator Username and Password.

ORACLE WebLogic Server® 11g Administration Console	
	Welcome Log in to work with the WebLogic Server domain
	Username: Password:
	Login
WabLopic Server Version: 10.3.5.0 Copyright (5 1996;2010; Oracle and/or Its affliates: All rights reserved; Oracle is a registered trademerk of Oracle Corporation and/or its affliates. Of	ther names may be trademarks of their respective conners.

Figure B–9 Welcome

**3.** From the LHS menu (Domain Structure), click **Services** > **Data Sources**. The Summary of JDBC Data Sources window is displayed.

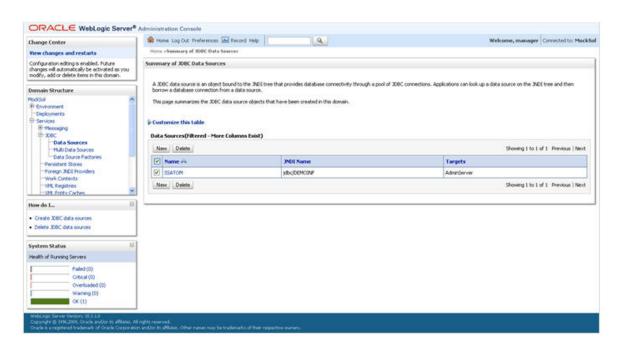


Figure B–10 Summary of JDBC Data Sources

**4.** Click **New** and select **Generic Data Source** option. The Create a New JDBC Data Source window is displayed.

You can also select **GridLink Data Source** or **Multi Data Source** while creating a Data Source. For more information, see Creating Data Sourceor Configuring Multi Data Sources.

Figure 7–11 Create a New JDBC Data Source

Back Next Finan Ca	ancel	
JDBC Data Source Proper	rties	
The following properties will b	te used to identify your new JDBC data source.	
* Indicates required fields		
What would you like to name y	your new JDBC data source?	
🖑 * Name:	ATOMSTSOL	
What INDE name would you like	e to assign to your new JDBC Data Source?	
jdbc/ATOMSTSOL		
What database type would you	u like to select?	
What database type would you Database Type:	u like to select? Oracle	

**5.** Enter JDBC data source **Name**, **JNDI Name**, and select the **Database Type** from the drop-down list. Click **Next**.

Ensure the following:

- The JNDI Name field should be in the format "jdbc/informationdomain"
- Same steps needs to be followed to create a mandatory data source pointing to the "configuration schema" of infrastructure with jdbc/FICMASTER as JNDI name.
- JNDI Name is the same as mentioned in web.xml file of OFSAAI Application.
- Required "Database Type" and "Database Driver" should be selected.

### Figure B–11 JDBC Data Source Properties

Create a New JDBC Multi Data Source
Back Next Cancel
Select Data Source Type
Please select type (XA or Non-XA) of data source you would like to add to your new JDBC Multi Data Source.
🔿 XA Driver
Non-XA Driver
Back Next Friend Cancel

6. Select the **Database Driver** from the drop-down list. You need to select the Database Driver depending on database setup, that is, with or without RAC. Click **Next**.

# Create a New JDBC Data Source Back New Back New Create a New JDBC Data Source Transaction Options You have selected non-XA JDBC driver to create database connection in your new data source. Does this data source support global transactions? If yes, please choose the transaction protocol for this data source. Image: Supports Global Transactions Select this option if you want to enable non-XA JDBC connections from the data source to participate in global transactions using the Logging Last Resource (LR) transaction optimization, Recommended in place of Emulate Two-Phase Commit. Image: Logging Last Resource Select this option if you want to enable non-XA JDBC connections from the data source to emulate participation in global transactions using JTA. Select this option only if your application can tolerate heuristic conditions. Image: Emulate Two-Phase Commit Select this option if you want to enable non-XA JDBC connections from the data source to participate in global transactions using the one-phase commit transaction processing. With this option, no other resources can participate in the global transactions. Image: Image:

Figure B–12 Transaction Options

**7.** Select the **Supports Global Transactions** check box and the **One-Phase Commit** option.

8. Click Next. The Connection Properties window is displayed.

reate a New JDBC Data Source		
Back Next From Cancel		
Connection Properties Define Connection Properties.		
What is the name of the database you would I	ke to connect to?	
Database Name:	fsgbu	
What is the name or IP address of the databa	e server?	
Host Name:	10.184.74.80	
What is the port on the database server used	to connect to the database?	
Port:	1521	
What database account user name do you wa	nt to use to create database connections?	
Database User Name:	ssatom	
What is the database account password to us	to create database connections?	
Password:	•••••	
Confirm Password:	*****	
Back Next Finish Cancel		
[		

### Figure B–13 Connection Properties

- **9.** Enter the required details such as the Database Name, Host Name, Port, Oracle User Name, and Password.
- 10. Click Next. The Test Database Connection window is displayed.

reate a New JDBC Data Source	
Test Configuration Back Next Finish C	ancei
Test Database Connection	
Test the database availability and the connection p	operties you provided.
What is the full package name of JDBC driver class u	ed to create database connections in the connection pool?
(Note that this driver class must be in the classpath of	fany server to which it is deployed.)
Driver Class Name:	oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver
What is the URL of the database to connect to? The	ormat of the URL varies by JDBC driver.
URL:	jdbc.oracle.thin:@10.184.1
What database account user name do you want to u	ie to create database connections?
Database User Name:	ssatom
What is the database account password to use to or	ate database connections?
(Note: for secure password management, enter the	assword in the Password field instead of the Properties field below)
Password:	••••••
Confirm Password:	
What are the properties to pass to the JDBC driver w	ten treating database connections?
Properties: user=ssatom	
The set of driver properties whose values are derived	at runtime from the named system property.
System Properties:	
What table name or SQL statement would you like to	use to test database connections?
Test Table Name:	
SQL SELECT 1 FROM DUAL	
Test Configuration Back Next Finish	ancel

Figure B–14 Test Database Connection

- **11.** Verify the details and click **Test Configuration** and test the configuration settings. A confirmation message is displayed stating "Connection test succeeded."
- 12. Click Finish. The created "Data Source" is displayed in the list of Data Sources.

### Note:

Figure B–15 Select Targets

- "User ID" is the Oracle user ID that is created for the respective "Information Domain".
- "User ID" to be specified for data source with "FICMASTER" as "JNDI" name should be the Oracle user ID created for the "configuration schema".

**13.** Select the new Data Source and click the Targets tab.

eate a New JDBC Data Source Back Tiest Finish Cancel	
Select Targets	u don't select a target, the data source will be created but not deployed. You will need to deploy the data source
Servers           Ørvers           Ørvers	
Back Treed Frien, Cancel	

**14.** Select the **AdminServer** option and click **Finish**.

# **Creating GridLink Data Source**

If you have selected the option, **New** > **GridLink Data Source** while creating the "Data Source", you can directly specify the JDBC URL as indicated.

Create a New JD8C GridLink Data Source		
Back Next Frink Cancel		
Connection Properties		
Define Connection Properties.		
Enter Complete JDBC URL for GridLink databas	6	
Complete JDBC URL:		
What database account user name do you we Database User Name:	t to use to create database connections?	
What is the database account password to us	to create database connections?	
Password:		
Confirm Password:		
Back Next Cancel		

Figure 7–12 Create a New JDBC GridLinkData Source

1. Enter Data Source Name, and JNDI Name.

Ensure that the "JNDI Name" field is specified in the format "jdbc/infodomname" and the **XA Driver** check box is not selected. Click **Next**.

### Figure 7–13 JDBC GridLinkData Source- Connection Properties

Create a New JDBC GridLink (	Jata Source			
Back Next Final Car	tcel			
JDBC GridLink Data Source	e Properties			
The following properties will be	used to identify your new JDBC Grid	Link data source.		
* Indicates required fields				
What would you like to name yo	our new 3DBC GridLink data source?			
륝 " Name:	xyz			
What JNDI name would you like	to assign to your new JDBC GridLink	data source?		
🛃 JNDI Name:				
jdbc/xyz				
What database type would you	like to select?			
Database Type:	Oracle			
Is this XA driver?				
XA Driver				
Back Next Finish Car	ncel			

**2.** Specify **Complete JDBC URL**, **Database User Name**, and **Password**. Click **Finish**. The created "Data Source" is displayed in the list of Data Sources.

# **Configuring Multi Data Sources**

A JDBC multi data source is an abstraction around a group of data sources that provides load balancing and failover between data sources. As with data sources, multi data sources are also bound to the JNDI tree. Applications can look up a multi data source on the JNDI tree and then reserve a database connection from a data source. The multi data source determines from which data source to provide the connection.

When the database used is **Oracle RAC (Real Application Clusters)** which allows Oracle Database to run across a set of clustered servers, then group of data sources can be created for instances running on a set of clustered servers and a JDBC multi data source can be created so that applications can look up a multi data source on the JNDI tree to reserve database connection. If a clustered server fails, Oracle continues running on the remaining servers.

- Open WebLogic Admin Console in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The Login window is displayed.
- **2.** Login with the "User ID" that has admin rights.
- In the LHS menu (Domain Structure), select Services > JDBC > Multi Data Sources. The Summary of JDBC Multi Data Sources window is displayed.

o the 1		can look up a multi data source on the JNDI tree	t provides load balancing and failover between data source and then reserve a database connection from a data sour	
ise this	s page to create or vie	w multi data sources in your domain.		
lulti D	mize this table Data Sources(Filtere	d - Hore Columns Exist)		Showing 1 to 2 of 2 Previous   1
	Name 🊕	JNDI Name	Algorithm Type	Targets
	FUSIONOS	jdbc/FUSIONRHEL	Load-Balancing	AdminServer
		jdbc/RORRHELQT	Load-Balancing	AdminServer

### Figure 7–14 Summary of JDBC Multi Data Sources

4. Click New. The New JDBC Multi Data Source screen is displayed.

**Note:** Ensure that the Data Sources which needs to be added to new JDBC Multi Data Source has been created.

Create a New JDBC Multi Data Sou	rce	
Back Next Frish Cancel		
Configure the Multi Data Source		
The following properties will be used	to identify your new JDBC multi data source.	
What would you like to name your ne	v JDBC multi data source?	
🛃 Name:	JDBC Multi Data Source-0	
What JNDI name would you like to as	ign to your new JDBC multi data source?	
6 JNDI Name:		
jdbc/infodomname		
What algorithm type for this JDBC Mu	ti Data Source would you like to select?	
🚯 Algorithm Type:	Load-Balancing 💌	
Face Next From Cancel		

Figure 7–15 Configure the Multi Data Source

5. Enter the JDBC Source Name, JNDI name, and select the Algorithm Type from the drop-down list. Click Next.

Note:

- The JNDI Name has to be specified in the format jdbc/infodomname.
- JNDI Name of the Data Sources that will be added to new JDBC Multi data source should be different from the JNDI name specified during Multi Data Source.
- Same steps needs to be followed to create a mandatory data source pointing to the "configuration schema" of infrastructure with jdbc/FICMASTER as JNDI name for Data Source.
- JNDI Name provided in multi data source should be the same name that will be mentioned in the web.xml file of OFSAAI Application.
- You can select the Algorithm Type as Load-Balancing.

### Figure 7–16 Select Targets

Create a New JDBC Multi Data Source	
Back Next Frink Cancel	
Select Targets You can select one or more targets to deploy your new JDBC Multi Data Source.	
Servers	
☑ AdminServer	
Back Next Frish Cancel	

6. Select the AdminServer check box and click Next.

### Figure 7–17 Select Data Source Type

Create a New JDBC Multi Data Source
Back Next Front Cancel
Select Data Source Type
Please select type (XA or Non-XA) of data source you would like to add to your new JOBC Multi Data Source.
🔿 XA Driver
Non-XA Driver
Back Next Frint Cancel

**7.** Select the type of data source which will be added to new JDBC Multi Data Source. Click **Next**.

Create a New JDBC Multi D			
Add Data Sources	ould you like to add to your new X	DBC Multi Data Source?	
Data Sources:			
Available	Chosen		
ROR2 FUSION1 FUSION2 FUSIONRH	S ROR1		
Create a New Data Source			
	<i>u</i>		
Back Next Finish Ca	ncei		

### Figure 7–18 Add Data Sources

Map the required Data Source from the Available Data Sources. Click Finish.
 The New JDBC Multi Data Source is created with added data sources.

# **Configuring Advanced Settings for Data Source**

Perform the following steps for advanced settings for Data Source:

- 1. Click the new Data Source from the Summary of JDBC Data Sources window. The Settings for <Data Source Name> window is displayed.
- 2. Select the Connection Pooling tab given under Configuration.
- **3.** Go to the **Advanced** option at the bottom of the page, and check the **Test Connection of Reserve** check box (Enables WebLogic Server to test a connection before giving it to a client).

To verify if the data source is valid, select "Data Source name". For example, FICMASTER.

### Figure 7–19 Settings for <Data Source Name>

nfigurat	tion Targets	Monitoring	Control	Security	Notes		
tatistics	Testing						
ise this p	page to test data	abase connection	is in this 30	BC data sou	rce.		
est Dat	ize this table ta Source (Filto ta Source	ered - More Co	lumns Exi	st)			Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   New
est Dat Test Da	ta Source (Filto	ered - More Co	lumns Exi	st)		State	Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Net
est Dat Test Da	ta Source (Filto	ered - More Co	lumns Exi	st)		State Running	Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   N

4. Select the server and click **Test Data Source**.

A message is displayed indicating that the test was successful.

- **5.** Once the "Data Source" is created successfully, the following messages are displayed:
  - All changes have been activated. No restart is necessary.
  - Settings updated successfully.

If not, follow the steps given above to recreate the data source.

# **Defining JDBC Connection Pooling**

To define the JDBC connection pooling, ensure that you have created JDBC Provider and Data source to access the data from the database.

- Click the newly created Data Source \$DATA\_SOURCE\$ and navigate to the path Home >Summary of Services: JDBC >Summary of JDBC Data Sources >JDBC Data Source-<INFODDOM\_NAME>
- 2. Set the values for Initial Capacity to 10, Maximum Capacity to 100, Capacity Increment by 1, Statement Cache Type to LRU, and Statement Cache Size to 10.

3. Click Save.

# Configuring Resource Reference in Tomcat Application Server

This section is applicable only when the Web application server type is Tomcat.

This section covers the following topics:

- Creating Data Source
- Defining JDBC Connection Pooling
- Configuring Class Loader for Apache Tomcat

Copy the Oracle JDBC driver file, "ojdbc<version>.jar" from <Oracle Home>/jdbc/lib and place it in <Tomcat Home>/lib.

**Note:** See Appendix O for identifying the correct ojdbc<version>.jar version to be copied.

### Creating Data Source

To create "data source" for Infrastructure application, navigate to <Tomcat Home>/conf and edit the following block of text by replacing the actual values in server.xml.

**Note:** The User-IDs for configuration / atomic schemas have the prefix of setupinfo depending on the value set for PREFIX\_SCHEMA\_NAME in <<APP Pack>>\_SCHEMA\_IN.XML file of Schema Creator Utility.

For example: if the value set for PREFIX\_SCHEMA\_NAME is DEV and the schema name was mentioned as ofsaaconf, then the actual schema created in the database would be DEV\_ofsaaconf.

```
<Context path ="/<context name>" docBase="<Tomcat Installation
Directory>/webapps/<context name>" debug="0" reloadable="true"
crossContext="true">
```

<Resource auth="Container"

```
name="jdbc/FICMASTER"
```

type="javax.sql.DataSource"

driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"

username="<user id for the configuration schema>"

password="<password for the above user id>"

url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@<DB engine IP address>:<DB Port>:<SID>"

maxActive="100"

maxIdle="30"

maxWait="10000"/>

<Resource auth="Container"

```
name="jdbc/< INFORMATION DOMAIN NAME >"
type="javax.sql.DataSource"
driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"
username="<user id for the atomic schema>"
password="<password for the above user id>"
url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@<DB engine IP address>:<DB Port>:<SID>"
maxActive="100"
maxIdle="30"
maxWait="10000"/>
```

</Context>

### Note:

- The <Resource> tag must be repeated for each Information Domain created.
- After the above configuration, the "WAR" file has to be created and deployed in Tomcat.

# Defining JDBC Connection Pooling

To define the JDBC connection pooling, do the following:

 Copy \$ORACLE\_HOME/jdbc/lib/ojdbc<version>.jar to the path \$TOMCAT\_ DIRECTORY/lib/.

**Note:** See Appendix O for identifying the correct ojdbc<version>.jar version to be copied.

2. Edit the server.xml present under the path \$TOMCAT\_DIRECTORY/conf/ with the below changes, which is required for connection pooling.

<Context path="/ \$CONTEXTNAME\$" docBase=" \$APP\_DEPLOYED\_PATH\$ " debug="0" reloadable="true" crossContext="true">

### <Resource auth="Container"

name="jdbc/ \$INFODOM\_NAME\$"

type="javax.sql.DataSource"

driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"

username=" \$ATOMICSCHEMA\_USERNAME\$"

password="\$ATOMICSCHEMA\_PASSWORD\$"

url="\$JDBC\_CONNECTION\_URL"

```
maxActive="100"
```

```
maxIdle="30"
```

maxWait="10000"

removeAbandoned="true" removeAbandonedTimeout="60"

```
logAbandoned="true"/>
```

</Context>

Note the following:

### Note:

- \$APP\_DEPLOYED\_PATH\$ should be replaced by OFSAAI application deployed path.
- \$INFODOM\_NAME\$ should be replaced by Infodom Name.
- \$ATOMICSCHEMA\_USERNAME\$ should be replaced by Atomic schema database user name.
- \$ATOMICSCHEMA\_PASSWORD\$ should be replaced by Atomic schema database password.
- \$JDBC\_CONNECTION\_URL should be replaced by JDBC connection string jdbc:Oracle:thin:<IP>:<PORT>:<SID>. For example, jdbc:oracle:thin 10.80.50.53:1521:soluint
- The User-IDs for configuration/ atomic schemas have the prefix of setupinfo depending on the value set for PREFIX\_SCHEMA\_NAME in <<APP Pack>>\_SCHEMA\_IN.XML file of Schema Creator Utility. For example: if the value set for PREFIX\_SCHEMA\_NAME is DEV and the schema name was mentioned as ofsaaconf, then the actual schema created in the database would be DEV\_ofsaaconf.

## **Configuring Class Loader for Apache Tomcat**

- 1. Edit the server.xml available in \$TOMCAT\_HOME/conf/ folder.
- Add tag <Loader delegate="true" /> within the <Context> tag, above the <Resource> tag. This is applicable only when the web application server is Apache Tomcat 8.

**Note:** This configuration is required if Apache Tomcat version is 8.

# Configuring Work Manager in Web Application Servers

Process Modelling framework requires creation of Work Manager and mapping it to OFSAA instance. This configuration is required for WebSphere and WebLogic Web Application Server types.

This section covers the following topics:

- Configuring Work Manager in WebSphere Application Server
- Configuring Work Manager in WebLogic Application Server

# **Configuring Work Manager in WebSphere Application Server**

This section is applicable only when the Web Application Server type is WebSphere.

This section covers the following topics:

- Creating Work Manager
- Mapping Work Manager to OFSAA WebSphere Instance

# **Creating Work Manager**

 Open the WebSphere admin console in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/ibm/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The Login window is displayed

WebSphere. softwa	re
	WebSphere Integrated Solutions Console User ID: admin Password: Log in
IBM.	Licensed Materials - Property of IBM (c) Copyright IBM Corp. 1997, 2011 All Rights Reserved. IBM, the IBM logo, ibm.com and WebSphere are trademarks or registered trademarks of International Business Machines Corp., registered in many jurisdictions worldwide. Other product and service names might be trademarks of IBM or other companies. A current list of IBM trademarks is available on the Web at <u>Copyright and trademark information</u> .

**2.** Login with the user id that has admin rights.

	Welcome admin Help   Logout IBM.
Velcome	
Vekome 7 – D	About this Integrated Solutions Console
Integrated Solutions Console provides a common administrative console for multiple products. The table	Integrated Solutions Console, 8.5.5.0 Build Number: gm1319.01 Build Date: 5/14/13
ists the product suices that can be administered through this installation, select a product suite to view more information.	Build Date: 5/14/13
	LICENSED MATERIALS PROPERTY OF IBM 5724-J08, 5724-I63, 5724-H88,5724-H89, 5655-W65 (C) Copyright
Suite Name Version	International Business Machines Corp. 1996. 2012
WebSphere Application Server 8.5.5.0	
	elcone 2 12 (3) Integrated Solutions Console provides a common administrative console for multiple products. The table lists the product suites that can be administered through this installation. Select a product suite to view more information.

**3.** From the LHS menu, expand **Resources > Asynchronous beans** and select **Work Managers.** 

WebSphere, software					Welcome admin	Help   Logout II
Viewi All tasks V	Cell+shl00sgsNode02Call. Profile=80AC	DOM				Close pa
* Walcoma	Work managers				7 -	Help
Nocus R Sociel Activities R Applications R Applications R Sociel R Sociel S Soci	Secon Cell-whiteephode22 Scope specifies the level and how it works, see the food=whiteoparticles Tool=whiteoparticles Term Delate  Delate  Delate  Delate  Select Name 0	Specifies a work manager that contains a pool of threads that are bound into the Java(TH) fitaming and Directory Interface (2001). Stope: Call+ahR0aapMode02cell, toole+ahR00aapMode01, Server+server1 Stope apporting the transit at which the resource definition is visible. For detailed information on what scope is and here it works, see that across settings help. Term. Delete Delet			Field help For field help information, seek a field label or last marker whe the help curson is displayed. Page help More information about this BBB Command Assistance Year administrative accelera command for last action	
R Mail R URL		wm/default	Node=vhf00aqnNode01,Server=server1	WorkManager	Default	
Resource Environment	Total 1					
R Security						
t Environment E System administration						
n system sommistration						
R Monitoring and Tuning						
f Troubleshooting						
R Service Integration						
¥ 0001						

**4.** Select the required **Scope** from the drop-down list.

For example, Node=whf00aqnNode01, Server=server1.

5. Click New in the Preferences section.

WebSphere, software		Welcome adm
View: All tasks	Cell+whf00agnNede02Cell, Profile=BGRCDOM	
Vadicana Guida Activitas Asplicationa Sancias Executiona Executiona Executiona - Object para - Object para	Work manager           Work manager New           Specifies a work manager that contains a pool of threads that are bound into           Configuration           General Properties           * §555	2 the Jave(TM) Naming and Directory Interface (JRDI). The additional properties will not be available until the general properties Additional Properties
Comparison managers     Comparison of the second seco	Latin :=MD3achtede02Call.nedes:=MD03achtede01:servers:server1       Name       Imm       Imm	* Cuttern properties
6 Security	Category	
6 Environment	Work timeout	
System administration	0 milliseconds	
E Monitoring and Tuning	0 work objects	
t Troubleshooting	Work request queue full action	
E Service Integration	Block	
E UDDI	Service names	
	Internationalization     Application Profiling Service (deprecated)     Service     WorkAree	
	Thread pool properties       * Number of threads       * Minimum number of threads       * Maximum number of threads       * Maximum number of threads       * Thread Priority       * Ornwable	

- **6.** Enter the **Name** as 'wm' and **JNDI name** as 'wm/WorkManager ' in the respective fields.
- 7. Enter the Thread pool properties.
- 8. Click Apply.

WebSphere. software		Welcome a
View: All tasks	Call+whf00agnNode02Call, Profile+BGRCDOM	
Welcome It Guided Activities It Servers If Applications If Applications	Wink managers	
Resources Schedulern Object pool managers El Judg B JOBC El Resource Adapters	Work managers > wm Specifies a notic manager that contains a pool of threads that are bound into the Java(TM) Nam Configuration	
© Arycheness bean = Timer mangers = Vork managers © Cache instances © Mal © URL © Bassurce Environment	Scope.     Scope.       (cells wh/locapitode02Call modes wh/locapitode01 servers server1)       * Name       [em]       > 3001 name	Additional Properties Custom accepties
E Security	wm/WorkManager	
t Environment 6 System administration	Description	
Users and Groups	U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	
Monitoring and Tuning		
Troubleshooting	Category	
Service integration	Work timeout	
n noot	Very comeou O Work request queue size O Work request queue fuil action Block v Service names	

9. Click Save.

WebSphere. software						Welcome adn
View: All tasks V	Cell+whf00aq	nNode02Cell, Profile=BGRC	DOM			
Welcome	Work mana	gers				2
B Guided Activities B Servers A Applications B Services B Secondars C Object pool nanoges C Object pool nanoges C JUSC C D	Specifies Scope In Prefer Nern Select N	Work manager         Specifies a work manager bat contains a pool of threads that are bound into the Java(TM) Naming and Directory Interface (JNDJ).         Scope acid_wahf00agnNode02.cell, Node-wahf00agnNode01. Server=server1         Scope acid_wahf00agnNode01. Server=server1         Interface         Interface         Preferences         Interface         Select         Select         Name 0       Scope 0         Description 0       Category 0         You can administer the following resources:				
Mail  URL					WorkManager	
Resource Environment		<b>m</b>	wm/WorkManager	Node=whf00aqnNode01,Server=server1		
fi Security	Total 2					
Environment						
E System administration						
E Users and Groups						
E Monitoring and Tuning						
t Troubleshooting						
Service integration						

After creating work manager successfully, you have to map it to OFSAA instance.

# Mapping Work Manager to OFSAA WebSphere Instance

 From the LHS menu, expand Applications > Application Types and select WebSphere enterprise applications.

Views All tasks V	Cell+uhR0aqnNode02Cell, Profile=BORCDOM						
	Enterprise Applications	7					
• Welcome	Enterprise Applications						
Guided Activities	Use this page to manage installed applications. A single application can be deployed onto multiple servers.						
* Servers	Preferences						
Applications	Start Stop Install Uninstall Update Rollout Update Remove File Export DDL Export File						
<ul> <li>New Application</li> <li>Application Types</li> <li>WebSphere enterprise applications</li> </ul>	60 T Y						
Business-level applications	Select Name 🗘 Application Status 🗛						
<ul> <li>Assets</li> <li>Global deployment settings</li> </ul>	You can administer the following resources:						
	CefaultApplication						
* Services	C DESAG						
B Resources							
Schedulers     Object pool managers		*					
H JMS	D btdee *	•					
B JOBC	□ aver. ♦						
Resource Adapters     Asynchronous beans	Total 5						
Asynchronous beans     Timer managers							
<ul> <li>Work managers</li> </ul>							
B Cache instances							
B Mail							
URL  Resource Environment							
* Security							
Environment							
* System administration							
Users and Groups							
Monitoring and Tuning							
* Troubleshooting							
Service Integration							

**2.** Click OFSAAI instance hyperlink.

figuration  General Properties  Application reference validation Issue varnings  Detail Properties  Startup behavior  Application binaries  Class loading and update detection  Request dispatcher properties  JASPI provider  Custom properties  JASPI provider  Custom properties  View Dealowment Descriptor  Last participant support extension	Modules         = Manage Medules         = Display module build Idg         Web Module Properties         = Session management         = Context Root For Web Modules         = Initialize parameters for servlets         = JSP and JSF options         = Virtual hosts         Enterprise Java Bean Properties         = Default messaging provider references         Client Module Properties         = Client module deployment mode
References         = Resource references         = Shared library references         = Shared library relationships         Apply       OK         Reset       Cancel	Database Profiles  = SQL3 profiles and pureQuery bind files

**3.** Click **Resource references** link under References section.

ommon	nj.work.WorkManager						
	Set Multiple JNDI N	ames *					
	6						
Select	Module		Bean URI		Resource Reference	Target Resource	NDI Name
~	OFSAAI Web Applic	ation	OFSAAL.W	r,WEB-INF/web.xml	wm/WorkManager	wm/default	Browse
		1	-	Resource			
Select	Module	Bean	URI	Resource Reference	Target Resour	ce JNDI Name	Login configuration
	OFSAAI Web Application		OFSAAL.war, WEB INF/web.xml	jdbc/FICMA	jdbc/FICMAS Browse	TER	Resource authorization: Container Authentication method: None
	OFSAAI Web Application		OFSAAI.war,WEB INF/web.xml	jdbc/OFSB0	Jdbe/OFSBGF Browse	CINFO	Resource authorization: Container Authentication method: None

**4.** Click **Browse** corresponding to the Work Manager Resource Reference. The available resources are displayed.

is dete	rmined by the targets to which that module	is mapped. Resources	Resources shown here are only those availa s available to a module can come from a hie will override the parent. The overridden resou	rarchical scope of a bean. If resources at		
Appl	Y Cancel					
***	P					
Select	Name 🛟 _	JNDI name 🛟	Scope 🐎	Description		
0	AsyncRequestDispatcherWorkManager	wm/ard	Node=whf00aqnNode01			
0	DefaultWorkManager	wm/default	Node=whf00aqnNode01,Server=server1	WebSphere Default WorkManager		
	wm wm/WorkManager Node=whf00aqnNode01.Server=server1					

5. Select the newly created Work Manager ('wm') and click Apply.

🎄 😇 Single Sign On - Login [ 🖉 Suggested Sites 👻 🔀 🛙	Web Application Starter P	Web Slice Galler	y •							
WebSphere, software								Welcome admin	Help Log	out II
View: All tasks	Cell=whf00a	qnNode02Cell, Profile-	BORCDOM							Close pag
Welcome	Enterprise	Applications						7 -	Help	
Guided Activities	UVIGes Enterprise Applications > DFSAAL > Resource references					Field help				
Servers	Resource references				For field help information, selec a field label or list marker when					
Applications	Each resource reference that is defined in your application must be mapped to a resource.			the help cursor is displayed						
New Application	commo	nj.work.WorkHanager							Page help More information abor	ut this
Application Types		Set Multiple JNDI N	ames *						2328	
<ul> <li>WebSphere enterprise applications</li> <li>Business-level applications</li> </ul>	0	(PA)								
= Assets										
<ul> <li>Global deployment settings</li> </ul>	Select	Module		Bean URI	Resou	Irce Reference	Target Resource JN			
Services		OFSAAI Web Appli	cation	OFSAAL.war, WEB-	INF/web.xml wm/W	lorkManager	wm/WorkManager	Browse		
Resources										
Schedulers     Object pool managers	javax.s	gl.DataSource								
E JMS		Set Multiple JNDI N	ames *	Modify Res	ource Authentication Meth	nod	Extended Proper	ties		
E JOBC										
Resource Adapters     Asynchronous beans	0	6								
= Timer managers	Select	Module	Bean	URI	Resource Reference	Target Resource	JNDI Name	Login configuration		
<ul> <li>Work managers</li> </ul>								Resource		
Cache instances     Mail						sdbc/FICMASTE		authorization:		
E URL		OFSAAI Web Application		OFSAAL.war,WEB- INF/web.xml	jdbe/FICMASTER	Jdbc/FICMASTE	s	Container		
E Resource Environment		Approximation		Intry the province				Authentication method:		
iecurity								None		
Environment								Resource		
System administration						idbe/OFSBGRC	NFO	authorization: Container		
Users and Groups		OFSAAI Web Application		OFSAAL.war, WEB- INF/web.cml	jdbc/OFSBGRCINFO	Bronse		Authentication		
Monitoring and Tuning								method:		
roubleshooting								None		
ervice integration										

6. Select the Work Manager ('wm/WorkManager') and click OK.

1	Messages			
Changes have been made to your local configuration. Save directly to the master configuration. Review changes before saving or discarding. A The sense may need to be control of the		tion. carding.		
	The server may need to be restarted for these changes to take effect.			
erprise Applications > OFSAAI				
		inks to access pages for further configuring of the application or its modules.		
nfiguration				
General Propert	les	Modules		
OFSAAI		= Manage Modules		
		<ul> <li>Display module build Ids</li> </ul>		
Application ref	erence validation			
Issue warning	15	Web Module Properties		
Detail Propert	ies	Session management		
= Target s	pecific application status	Context Root For Web Modules		
= Startup	behavior	Initialize parameters for servlets		
= Applicati	on binaries	ISP and JSF options		
= Class lo	ading and update detection	Virtual hosts		
= Request	dispatcher properties	Enterprise Java Bean Properties		
= JASPI pr		<ul> <li>Default messaging provider references</li> </ul>		
= Custom	properties			
= View Deg	ployment Descriptor	Client Module Properties		
	ticipant support extension	Client module deployment mode		
		Database Profiles		
References		SQL profiles and pureQuery bind files		
References				
= <u>Resource</u>				
= <u>Resource</u> = <u>Shared</u>	ibrary references			

7. Click Save.

Enterprise Applications Use this page to manage installed applications. A single application can be deployed onto multiple servers. ① Preferences					
Sta	rt Stop Install Uninstall Update Rollout Update Remov	e File Export DDL Export File			
Selec	t Name 🗘	Application Status 👲_			
You	can administer the following resources:				
	DefaultApplication	•			
	OFSAAI	*			
	formsmanager	*			
	ivtApp	•			
	query	•			

# **Configuring Work Manager in WebLogic Application Server**

This section is applicable only when the Web Application Server type is WebLogic.

# **Creating Work Manager**

 Open the WebLogic admin console in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<administrative console port>/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The Welcome window is displayed.



- **2.** Login with the user id that has admin rights.
- **3.** From the Domain Structure menu in the LHS, expand **Environment** and select **Work Managers**. The Summary of Work Managers window is displayed.

	ministration Console 12c		Q
Change Center	🏠 Home Log Out Preferences 🔛 Record Help	9	Welcome, weblogic Connected to: GRC80138
View changes and restarts	Hone >Summary of Work Managers		
Configuration editing is enabled. Future	Summary of Work Managers		
danges will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain. Domain Structure GRC5013 ⊕ Environment ⊕ Clutters ⊕ Clutters ⊕ Clutters	Global Work Managers are defined at the domain level. You can ŷ Customize this table	n also define application-level and module-level Work Managers.	displays the global Work Managers, request classes and thread constraints defined for this domain.
"Machines	Global Work Managers, Request Classes and Constraints New Clone Delete		Showing 0 to 0 of 0 Previous   Next
Work Managers Startup and Shutdown Classes	Name A	Type	Targets
Propioyments		There are no items to displa	1
Security Realms     B <sup>+</sup> Intercoprobility     E <sup>+</sup> Decountry	New Cline Diete		Showing 0 to 0 of 0 Previous   Next

4. Click New to create a new work manager component.

Create a New Work Manager Component			
Back Next Finish Cancel			
Select Work Manager Definition type			
What type of Work Manager, Request Class or Constraint do you want to create?			
Work Manager			
O Response Time Request Class			
○ Fair Share Request Class			
○ Context Request Class			
O Maximum Threads Constraint			
O Minimum Threads Constraint			
Capacity Constraint			
Back Next Finish Cancel			

5. Select Work Manager and click Next.

Home Log Out Preferences	
Create a New Work Manager Co	
Back Next Finish Canc	
Work Manager Properties	
The following properties will be us	d to identify your new Work Manager.
* Indicates required fields	
What would you like to name your	w Work Manager?
* Name:	wm/WorkManager ×
Back Next Finish Canc	

- 6. Enter the Name as 'wm/WorkManager'.
- 7. Click Next.

Create a New Work Manager Component
Back Next Cancel
Select deployment targets
You can target the Work Manager to any of these WebLogic Server instances or Clusters. Select the same targets on which you will deploy applications that reference the Work Manager.
Available targets :
Servers
AdminServer
Back Next Cancel

8. Select the required deployment target and click **Finish**.

Home Log Out Preferences 🛃 Record Help		
Home >Summary of Work Managers	٩	Welcome, weblogic Connected to: GRCB
essages		
All changes have been activated. No restarts are necessary.		
Work Manager created successfully		
ummary of Work Managers		
Global Work Managers are defined at the domain level. You can also d Customize this table Global Work Managers, Request Classes and Constraints	efine application-level and module-level Work Managers.	
Customize this table	efine application-level and module-level Work Managers.	Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   New
Customize this table Global Work Managers, Request Classes and Constraints	efine application-level and module-level Work Managers.	Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   New Targets
Customize this table Global Work Managers, Request Classes and Constraints		

# **Creating and Deploying EAR/ WAR File**

This section covers the following topics:

- Creating EAR/WAR File
- Deploying EAR/WAR File

# **Creating EAR/WAR File**

To create EAR/WAR File, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the \$FIC\_WEB\_HOME directory on the OFSAA Installed server.
- 2. Execute ./ant.sh to trigger the creation of EAR/ WAR file.
- **3.** On completion of the EAR files creation, the "BUILD SUCCESSFUL" and "Time taken" message is displayed and you will be returned to the prompt.

Figure D–1 Creating EAR/ WAR File

/scratch/ofsaaweb>cd /scra	tch/ofsaaweb/OFSA80/ficweb
/scratch/ofsaaweb/OFSA80/f	icweb>
/scratch/ofsaaweb/OFSA80/f	icweb>ls
ant.sh	ficwebChecksum.sh
apache-ant-1.7.1	ficweb_InstalledChecksum.txt
application.xml	lib
build.xml	MANIFEST.MF
conf	mycertificates
ficweb_Build_CheckSum.txt	OFSALMINFO_FusionMenu.xml
ficwebCheckSum.log	unix
ficwebChecksum.properties	webroot
/scratch/ofsaaweb/OFSA80/f	icweb>./ant.sh
executing "ant"	
Buildfile: build.xml	
createwar:	
[war] Building war:	/scratch/ofsaaweb/OFSA80/ficweb/AAI80.war
createear:	
[ear] Building ear:	/scratch/ofsaaweb/OFSA80/ficweb/AAI80.ear
BUILD SUCCESSFUL	
Total time: 2 minutes 8 se	
/scratch/ofsaaweb/OFSA80/f	icweb>

4. The EAR/ WAR file - <contextname>.ear/ .war - is created.

**Note:** The <contextname> is the name given during installation. This process overwrites any existing version of EAR file that exists in the path.

In case of OFSAA configured on Tomcat installation, <contextname>.war is created.

# **Deploying EAR/WAR File**

**Note:** Remove the existing Admin Tools deployment (which is integrated with OFS ECM pack).

This section covers the following topics:

- Deploying EAR/WAR Files on WebSphere
- Deploying EAR/WAR files for WebLogic
- Deploying Tomcat WAR Files on Tomcat

**Note:** Ensure to clear the application cache prior to the deployment of Applications Pack Web Archive. This is applicable to all Web servers (WebSphere, WebLogic, and Tomcat). For more information, see Clearing Application Cache section.

### Deploying EAR/WAR Files on WebSphere

To deploy Infrastructure application in WebSphere:

 Start WebSphere Profile by navigating to the path "/<WebSphere\_Installation\_ Directory>/IBM/WebSphere/AppServer/profiles/<Profile\_Name>/bin/" and execute the command:

./startServer.sh server1

2. Open the following URL in the browser: http://<ipaddress>:<Administrative Console Port>/ibm/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The login screen is displayed.

WebSphere. softwar	8
	WebSphere Integrated
	Solutions Console User ID: admin Password:
IBM.	Licensed Materials - Property of IBM (c) Copyright IBM Corp. 1997, 2011 All Rights Reserved. IBM, the IBM logo, ibm.com and WebSphere are trademarks or registered trademarks of International Business Machines Corp., registered in many jurisdictions worldwide. Other product and service names might be trademarks of IBM or other companies. A current list of IBM trademarks is available on the Web at <u>Copyright and trademark information</u> .

Figure D–2 Login Window

- 3. Enter the user credentials which has administrator rights and click Log In.
- **4.** From the LHS menu, select **Applications** and click **New Application**. The New Application window is displayed.

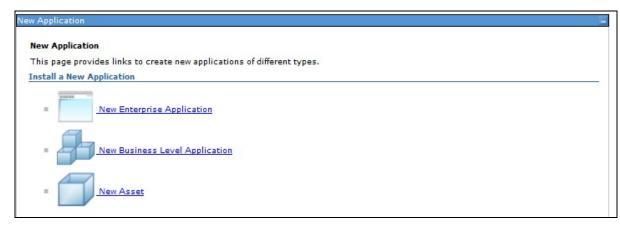


Figure D–3 New Application

**5.** Click **New Enterprise Application**. The Preparing for the application installation window is displayed.

rigure D-4 $rreparing for the application installation$	Figure D–4	Preparing for the application installation
---	------------	--

	AR, or SAR module to upload and install.	
Path to the new app	ication	
Local file system		
Full path		
	Browse	
Remote file system		
Full path	s855/profiles/TEST80AAI/AAI8(Browse	

**6.** Select **Remote File System** and click **Browse**. Select the EAR file generated for OFSAAI to upload and install. Click **Next**.

### Figure D–5 Installation Options

**7.** Select the **Fast Path** option and click **Next**. The Install New Application window is displayed.

p 1: Select tallation options	Select installation options
	Specify the various options that are available for your application.
<u>tep 2</u> Map dules to servers	Precompile JavaServer Pages files
<u>tep 3</u> Summary	Directory to install application
	☑ Distribute application
	Use Binary Configuration
	Deploy enterprise beans
	Application name AAI80
	Create MBeans for resources
	Override class reloading settings for Web and EJB modules
	Reload interval in seconds
	Deploy Web services
	Validate Input off/warn/fail
	Process embedded configuration
	File Permission Allow all files to be read but not written to Allow executables to execute Allow HTML and image files to be read by everyone The mage file for the read by everyone
	.*dll=755#,*so=755#,*a=755#,*sl=755
	Application Build ID Unknown
	Allow dispatching includes to remote resources
	Allow servicing includes from remote resources
	Business level application name
	Create New BLA
	Asynchronous Request Dispatch Type Disabled
	Allow EJB reference targets to resolve automatically
	Deploy client modules
	Client deployment mode
	Validate schema
Cancel	

Figure D–6 Install New Application

**8.** Enter the required information and click **Next**. The Map Modules to Servers window is displayed.

Step 1 Select									
<u>Step 1</u> Select installation options	Map mo	Map modules to servers							
→ Step 2: Map modules to servers <u>Step 3</u> Summary	contain servers configu Cluste WebS	Specify targets such as application servers or clusters of application servers where you want to install the modules that are contained in your application. Modules can be installed on the same application server or dispersed among several application servers. Also, specify the Web servers as targets that serve as routers for requests to this application. The plug-in configuration file (plugin-cfg.xml) for each Web server is generated, based on the applications that are routed through. Clusters and servers: WebSphere:cell=ofss2311701Node02Cell,node=ofss2311701Node02,server=server1 Apply							
	Select	Module	URI	Server					
		OFSAAI Web Application	AAI80.war,WEB- INF/web.xml	WebSphere:cell=ofss2311701Node02Cell,node=ofss2311701Node02,server=server					

Figure D–7 Map Modules to Servers

**9.** Select the **Web Application** and click **Next**. The Map Resource References to Resources window is displayed.

Map re	sour	ce referenc	es to	resources				
Each re	esourc	e reference t	hat is	defined in your app	lication must be	e mapped to a re:	source.	
		.WorkManage						
Set	Multip	le JNDI Nami	es 🔻					
Sel	ect Mo	odule		Bean URI		esource eference	Target Resource JNI	DI Name
	~	FSAAI Web	ſ	BD0010	WED			
		plication		BD801Q.war INF/web.xm		m/WorkManager	Browse	
inus	w cal I	lataSource						
								1
	et Mu	ltiple JNDI Na	ames	<ul> <li>Modify Resource</li> </ul>	e Authentication	n Method Ex	tended Properties	]
	10							
:	Select	Module	Bean	URI	Resource Reference	Target Resour	ce JNDI Name	Login configuration
								Resource
		OFSAAI					-	authorization Container
		Web		BD801Q.war,WEB- INF/web.xml	jdbc/FICMASTE	R Browse		
		Application		Int, "Corxin				Authenticatio method:
								None
	_							Resource
								authorization
		OFSAAI Web		BD801Q.war,WEB-	jdbc/analyst			Container
	0	Application		INF/web.×ml	Jubo analyst	Browse		Authenticatio
								method: None
								Resource authorization:
_								addiorization
-		OFSAAI						Container
-		Web		BD801Q.war,WEB- INF/web.xml	jdbc/miner	Browse		
-				BD801Q.war,WEB- INF/web.xml	jdbc/miner	Browse		
-		Web		BD801Q.war,WEB- INF/web.xml	jdbc/miner	Browse		Authentication
-		Web		BD801Q.war,WEB- INF/web.xml	jdbc/miner	Browse		Authentication method:
-		Web Application		BD801Q.war,WEB- INF/web.xml	jdbc/miner	Browse	]	Authentication method: None Resource authorization
-		Web Application OFSAAI		INF/web.xml BD801Q.war,WEB-	-			Authentication method: None Resource authorization Container
-		Web Application		INF/web.xml	jdbc/miner jdbc/BD801QT	Browse		Authentication method: None Resource authorization

Figure D–8 Map Resource References to Resources

- **10.** Map each resource defined in the application to a resource JNDI name defined earlier.
- **11.** Click **Modify Resource Authentication Method** and specify the authentication method created earlier.

You can specify "config" for FICMASTER resource or "atomic" for atomic resource as the authentication method.

**12.** Select the **OFSAAI Web Application** check box and click **Next**. The Map Virtual hosts for Web Modules window is displayed.

Step 1 Select installation options	Map virtual hosts for Web modules					
<u>Step 2</u> Map modules to servers <u>Step 3</u> Map resource references to resources	in your them a	r application. You can install Web mo among several hosts. oly Multiple Mappings	nstall the Web modules that are contained dules on the same virtual host or disperse			
Step 4: Map virtual	Select	Web module	Virtual host			
hosts for Web modules		OFSAAI Web Application	default_host 💙			

Figure D–9 Map Virtual host for Web Modules

**13.** Select the **Web Application** check box and click **Next**. The Summary page is displayed.

Step 1 Select installation options	Summary		
	Summary of installation options		
<u>Step 2</u> Map modules to servers	Options	Values	
	Precompile JavaServer Pages files	No	
<u>Step 3</u> Map resource references	Directory to install application		
to resources	Distribute application	Yes	
Step 4 Map virtual	Use Binary Configuration	No	
hosts for Web	Deploy enterprise beans	Yes	
modules	Application name	AAI80	
Step 5: Summary	Create MBeans for resources	Yes	
	Override class reloading settings for Web and EJB modules	No	
	Reload interval in seconds		
	Deploy Web services	No	
	Validate Input off/warn/fail	warn	
	Process embedded configuration	No	
	File Permission	.*\.dll=755#.*\.so=755#.*\.a=755#.*\.sl=75	
	Application Build ID	Unknown	
	Allow dispatching includes to remote resources	No	
	Allow servicing includes from remote resources	No	
	Business level application name		
	Asynchronous Request Dispatch Type	Disabled	
	Allow EJB reference targets to resolve automatically	No	
	Deploy client modules	No	
	Client deployment mode	Isolated	
	Validate schema	No	
	Cell/Node/Server	Click here	

#### Figure D–10 Summary

14. Click Finish and deploy the Infrastructure Application on WebSphere.

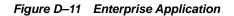
On successful installation, a message is displayed.

**15.** Click **Save** and save the master file configuration. The details are displayed in the Master File Configuration window.

### Start the Application

To start the application, follow these steps:

**1.** Expand **Applications** > **Application Type** > **WebSphere enterprise applications**. The Enterprise Applications window is displayed.



	prise Applications	
	his page to manage installed applications. A single application can be d aferences	epioyed onto multiple servers.
Sta	rt Stop Install Uninstall Update Rollout Update	Remove File Export DDL Export File
C		
elec	t Name 🗘	Application Status 👲
You	can administer the following resources:	
	AAI80	8
	DefaultApplication	•
	ivtApp	\$
	guery	

2. Select the installed application and click Start.

#### Note:

- <profile name> is the profile name given while creating the WebSphere profile.
- <cell name > is the cell name given during profile creation.
- <contextname> is the context name given during installation.

### Deploying EAR/WAR files for WebLogic

Following are the steps for deploying Infrastructure application that would be created during installation:

- Navigate to the path "<WebLogic Installation directory>/user\_ projects/domains/<domain name>/bin" in the machine in which WebLogic is installed.
- 2. Start WebLogic by executing the command:

./startWebLogic.sh -d64 file

**3.** Open the URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<admin server port>/console. (https if SSL is enabled). The Sign in window of the WebLogic Server Administration Console is displayed.

**Note:** Ensure that you have started Infrastructure Server by executing "./startofsaai.sh" as mentioned in *Starting Infrastructure Services* section.

**4.** Log on to the WebLogic Server by entering the user credentials having privileges to deploy the EAR file.

5. From the **Domain Structure** LHS menu, click **Deployments**. The Summary of Deployments window is displayed.

Change Center	Home	Log Out Preferen	nces 🛃 Record Help		Q	Welcome, u	ipg7273 Connected
View changes and restarts							upg7273
Configuration editing is enabled. Future	Home >Su	ummary of Deploy	ments				
hanges will automatically be activated as you nodify, add or delete items in this domain.	Summary	of Deployments	s				
omain Structure	Control	Monitoring					
og7273 B-Environment 	domain.	Installed applicatio	Java EE applications and ons and modules can be on name and using the c	started, stopped, upd			
D-Interoperability	To instal	l a new application	or module for deployme	nt to targets in this do	main, click the	Install button.	
Security Realms P-Interoperability P-Diagnostics		l a new application nize this table	or module for deployme	nt to targets in this do	main, click the	e Install button.	
Interoperability		nize this table	or module for deployme	nt to targets in this do	main, click the	e Install button.	
Interoperability	Custom	nize this table		nt to targets in this do			f1 Previous   Next
Interoperability	Custom Deployn	nize this table		nt to targets in this do	s		
Interoperability	Custom Deployn Install	nize this table ments			S Health	howing 1 to 1 of	f 1 Previous   Next

Figure D–12 Summary of Deployments

- 6. Click Install. The Install Application Assistant window is displayed.
- **7.** Select the Exploded EAR directory after browsing to the directory where it is saved and click **Next**.

### Explode EAR File

To explode EAR, follow these steps:

- 1. Create the "applications" folder under domain name. For example, "/Bea/user\_ projects/domains/ <Domain \_name>/applications".
- 2. Create <context\_name>.ear folder under "applications" folder.
- 3. Copy the <\$FIC\_WEB\_HOME/<context\_name>.ear file to <WEBLOGIC\_INSTALL\_ DIR>/Bea/user\_projects/domains/<DOMAIN\_NAME>/applications/<context\_ name>.ear.
- **4.** Explode the <context\_name>.ear file by executing the command:

jar -xvf <context\_name>.ear

- 5. Delete the <context>.ear and < context >.war files (recently created) <WEBLOGIC\_INSTALL\_DIR>/Bea/user\_projects/domains/<DOMAIN\_ NAME>/applications/<context\_name>.ear.
- 6. Create a directory <context\_name>.war under <WEBLOGIC\_INSTALL\_ DIR>/Bea/user\_projects/domains/<DOMAIN\_NAME>/applications/<context\_ name>.ear.
- 7. Copy <\$FIC\_WEB\_HOME/<context\_name>.war file to <WEBLOGIC\_INSTALL\_ DIR>/Bea/user\_projects/domains/<DOMAIN\_NAME>/applications/<context\_ name>.ear/<context\_name>.war.

8. Explode the <context\_name>.war file by executing the following command to get the directory structure:

jar -xvf <context\_name>.war

### **Install Application**

To install Application, follow these steps:

1. Open the Install Application Assistant.

#### Figure D–13 Install Application Assistant

Install Application Assistant	
Back Next Finish Co	incel
Locate deployment to ins	tall and prepare for deployment
Select the file path that repre the application directory or file	sents the application root directory, archive file, exploded archive directory, or application module descriptor that you want to install. You can also enter the path of in the Path field.
Note: Only valid file paths are	displayed below. If you cannot find your deployment files, upload your file(s) and/or confirm that your application contains the required deployment descriptors.
Path:	/oradata2/wl1035/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domains/upg7273/applications
Recently Used Paths:	/oradata2/w11035/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domains/upg7273/applications
Current Location:	10.184.134.147 / oradata2 / wl1035 / Orade / Middleware / user_projects / domains / upg7273 / applications
🔿 🗖 upg7273.ear (ope	n directory)
Back Next Finish Ca	incel
[	

### 2. Click Next.

#### Figure D–14 Install Application Assistant

Install Application Assistant
Back Next Cancel
Choose targeting style
Targets are the servers, clusters, and virtual hosts on which this deployment will run. There are several ways you can target an application.
Install this deployment as an application
The application and its components will be targeted to the same locations. This is the most common usage.
Install this deployment as a library
Application libraries are deployments that are available for other deployments to share. Libraries should be available on all of the targets running their referencing applications
Back Next Cancel

**3.** From the Choose targeting style section, select the **Install this deployment as an application** option and click **Next**.

The Optional Settings window is displayed.

Install Application A	ssistant
Back Next Finit	ah. Cancel
Optional Settings	
and have not a set of the	settings or accept the defaults
General	
What do you want to r	name this deployment?
Name:	upg7273
Security	
What security model d	o you want to use with this application?
OD Only: Use of the second	nly roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors.
Custom Roles: descriptor.	Use roles that are defined in the Administration Console; use policies that are defined in the deployment
O Custom Roles	and Policies: Use only roles and policies that are defined in the Administration Console.
O Advanced: Use	a custom model that you have configured on the realm's configuration page.
<ul> <li>Source accessibil</li> </ul>	lity
How should the source	files be made accessible?
Ose the default	ts defined by the deployment's targets
Recommended selection	m.
O Copy this appl	ication onto every target for me
During deployment, th	e files will be copied automatically to the managed servers to which the application is targeted.
🔘 I will make the	deployment accessible from the following location
Location:	/oradata2/wl1035/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/domaii
Provide the location fr reach the location.	om where all targets will access this application's files. This is often a shared directory. You must ensure the application files exist in this location and that each target can
Back Next Finis	sh Cancel

#### Figure D–15 Optional Settings

- 4. Enter a Name for the deployment if required.
- 5. Under the Security section, select the **DD** only option to specify that only roles and policies that are defined in the deployment descriptors should be used.
- **6.** Select the **I** will make the deployment available from the following location option under the Source accessibility section.
- 7. Click Next to continue.

The Deployment Summary window is displayed.

### Figure D–16 Deployment Summary

Install Application A	ssistant	
Back Next Fini	sh Cancel	
Review your choic	es and click Finish	
Click Finish to comple	te the deployment. This may take a few moments to complet	te.
<ul> <li>Additional config</li> </ul>	uration	
In order to work succe	ssfully, this application may require additional configuration.	Do you want to review this application's configuration after completing this assistant?
Yes, take me t	to the deployment's configuration screen.	
🔘 No, I will revie	w the configuration later.	
- Summary		
Deployment:	/oradata2/wl1035/Oracle/Middleware/user_projects/do	mains/upg7273/applications/upg7273.ear
Name:	upg72733	
Staging mode:	Use the defaults defined by the chosen targets	
Security Model:	DDOnly: Use only roles and policies that are defined in t	the deployment descriptors.
Target Summary		
Components 🔗		Targets
upg7273.ear		AdminServer
Back Next Fini	sh. Cancel	

8. Select the Yes, take me to the deployment's configuration screen option and click Finish.

The Settings for <Deployment Name> window is displayed.

verview	Deployment Plan	Configuration	Security	Targets	Control	Testing	Monitoring	Notes	5
ave					1				
									e application files, the associated deployment plan, and so on. The table a ation. Click on the name of the module to view and update its configuration
lame:		upg7273							The name of this Enterprise Application. More Info
ath:		/ oradata2/ wl10 applications/ upg		Middleware	/ user_proj	ects/ domai	ns/ upg7273/		The path to the source of the deployable unit on the Administration Server. More Info
eploymer	nt Plan:	(no plan specifie	d)						The path to the deployment plan document on Administration Server. Mi
itaging Mo	ode:	(not specified)							The mode that specifies whether a deployment's files are copied from a source on the Administration Server to the Managed Server's staging area during application preparation. More Info
iecurity M	odel:	DDOnly							The security model that is used to secure a deployed module. More Info
🔁 Deploy	ment Order:	100							An integer value that indicates when this unit is deployed, relative to othe deployable units on a server, during startup. More Info
🔁 Deploy lame:	ment Principal								A string value that indicates what principal should be used when deploying the file or archive during startup and shutdown. This principal will be used set the current subject when calling out into application code for interface such as ApplicationLifecycleListener. If no principal name is specified, then the anonymous principal will be used. More Info
	nd Components								Showing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Ne
Name 🗠									Туре
E upg727	73								Enterpris Applicati
E EJB									
	StateLessCacheBear	nBean							EJB
E Moo	lules								
0	/upg7273								Web Application
ō	beancache.jar								EJB Module
🖂 Wel	o Services								
Nor	e to display								

Figure D–17	Settings for <deployn< th=""><th>nent Name&gt;</th></deployn<>	nent Name>
-------------	--	------------

- **9.** Review the general configuration details of the deployment. You can also update the configuration of the deployment in this window. In the Overview tab, you can view the complete deployment configuration.
- **10.** Click **Save** to update the changes, if any.
- **11.** From the LHS menu, click **Deployments**.

The Summary of Deployments window is displayed.

#### Figure D–18 Summary of Deployments

ntrol	Monitoring					
edeplo	yed), or deleted fr	Java EE applications and stand-alone application modules t om the domain by first selecting the application name and u or module for deployment to targets in this domain, click th	using the controls on this pa		stalled applications and module	es can be started, stopped, updat
ustom	ize this table					
ustom eployn Install	nents	Start > Stop >			s	howing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   N
eployn Install	nents	Start V Stop V Servicing all requests Servicing only administration requests	State	Health	S	howing I to 1 of 1 Previous   N Deployment Order

**12.** Select the newly deployed Infrastructure application and click **Start** > **Servicing all requests**. Ensure that the Infrastructure server is up and running.

Messages	ć.							
🖋 Start	requests have l	een sent to the selecte	d Deployments.					
Summary	of Deployme	its						
Control	Monitoring							
To insta	l a new applicat nize this table nents	on or module for deploy	ment to targets in this dor	name and using the contra main, click the Install buttor			S	howing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Next
	Name 🗠				State	Health	Туре	Deployment Order
	🗈 🔂 upg 7273	1			Active	<b>√</b> ок	Enterprise Application	100
Install	Update 0	ete Start - Stop	×		8		S	howing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Next

Figure D–19 Summary of Deployments

**13.** The **State** of the deployed application will be displayed as **Active** if started successfully.

### **Deploying Tomcat WAR Files on Tomcat**

Before deploying the WAR files, ensure that the previously deployed applications of Infrastructure are uninstalled. See *Uninstalling Previously Deployed WAR Files in Tomcat* for the procedure to uninstall the previously deployed Infrastructure war files.

On the machine that hosts Tomcat, follow these steps to deploy Infrastructure application:

1. Copy the <context-name>.war from \$FIC\_WEB\_HOME/<context-name.war> to <Tomcat Installation Directory>/webapps/ directory.

Apache Tom	cat/7.0.19 you're seeing this, y	/ou've successfu		http:	Software Foundation //www.apache.org/ atulations!
	Recommended Readin	ig:			Server Status
	Security Consideration	s HOW-TO			Manager App
X	Manager Application H	OW-TO			
	Clustering/Session Rep	plication HOW-TO			Host Manager
Developer Quick Sta	rt				
Forncat Setup	Realms & AAA	1	Servlet Examples	Se	ervlet Specifications
First Web Application	JDBC Data Sour	rces	JSP Examples	Is	omcat Versions
Managing Tomca For security, access to the restricted. Users are defined SCATALINA_HOME/conf In Tomcat 7.0 access to application is split betwee Read more Release Notes Changelog Migration Guide Security Updates	ne <u>manager webapp</u> is ned in: /tomcat-users.xml the manager	Documentation Tomcat 7.0 Docume Tomcat 7.0 Configu Tomcat Wiki Find additional importar information in: SCATALINA_HOME/RUN Developers may be inte Tomcat 7.0 Buo Database Tomcat 7.0 SvN Repositor Tomcat 7.0 Examples	nt configuration NING. txt rested in:	announce) Important vulnerabili users@ton User supp taolibs-use User supp dev@tomcc	Lists ing mailing lists are available: <u>@tomcat.apache.org</u> amouncements, releases, security ity notifications, (tow volume). notifications, (tow volum
Other Downloads Tomcat Connectors Tomcat Native Taglibs Deployer	Other Documentation Tomcat Connectors mod. It: Documentation Tomcat Native Deptover	Get Involved Overview SVN Repositorie Mailing Lists Wild	Miscelland Contact Leaal Sponsorshi Thanka		Apache Software Foundation <u>Who We Are</u> Hentage Agache Home Resources

Figure D–20 Tomcat Home Page

- 2. Click Manager App. The Connect to dialog box is displayed.
- **3.** Enter the **User Id** and **Password** that has admin rights and click **OK**. (For user creation in tomcat, see Tomcat User Administration. The Tomcat Web Application Manager window is displayed with the list of all the applications deployed.

/docs	None specified	Tomcat Documentation		Q	Start Stop Reload Undeplo			
					Start Stop Reload Undeplo	NA.		
<u>/examples</u>	None specified	Servlet and JSP Examples	true	Q	Expire sessions with idle ≥ 30 minutes			
					Start Stop Reload Undeplo	У		
/host-manager	None specified	Tomcat Host Manager Application	true	<u>0</u>				
						0 minutes		
/manager	None specified	Tomcat Manager Application	true	1	Start Stop Reload Undeploy			
(11010201	None opecilied	Torreal manager Application	000	-	Expire sessions with idle ≥ 3	0 minutes		
Deploy								
Deploy directory or WAR file lo	ocated on server							
		Context Path (required): (ofeasi						
	Context Path (required); /ofsaai							
XML Configuration file URL								
WAR or Diredory URL: saswebiMOCK80HOME#icwebiofsaal.war								
Deploy								
VAR file to deploy								
	Deploy							
Diagnostics	Diagnostics							
Check to see if a web application	Check to see if a web application has caused a memory leak on stop, reload or undeploy							
Find leaks	Find leaks This diagnostic check will trigger a full garbage collection. Use it with extreme caution on production systems.							
Server Information								
Tomcat Version	JVM Version	JVM Vendor OS Name	OS V	ersion	OS Architecture	Hostname	IP Addre	
Apache Tomcat/7.0.57	1.6.0_45-b06	Sun Microsystems Inc. Linux	2.6.39-400.211.	1.el6uek.x86_64	amd64	ofss220354.in.oracle.com	10.184.135	
Coornaht @ 1999-2014. Anache Software Foundation								
copyright @ 1999-2014, Apache Soltware Poundation								

Figure D–21 Tomcat Web Application Manager

- **4.** In the *Deploy* section, enter the **Context Path** provided during the installation as "/<context-name>".
- 5. Enter the path where the <context-name>.war file resides (by default "\$FIC\_WEB\_ HOME/<context-name.war>") in the WAR or Directory URL field and click Deploy.
- **6.** On successful application deployment, a confirmation message is displayed. Start the Tomcat server. See Starting Infrastructure Services for more details.

# **Starting / Stopping Infrastructure Services**

This section details about how to start and stop Infrastructure services. This appendix covers the following topics:

- Starting Infrastructure Services
- Stopping Infrastructure Services
- Cleaning up the environment

# **Starting Infrastructure Services**

Once the installation of Infrastructure is completed successfully and the post-installation steps are completed, the servers must be started. Log on to each machine and run the .profile file. All servers mentioned must be started from the same shell encoding. The following servers mentioned are dependent on each other. It is mandatory to maintain the order in which the servers are started. Allow each of the servers to initialize completely before starting the next server.

1. On the machine in which Infrastructure Application components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC\_APP\_HOME/common/FICServer/bin and execute the following command to start the Infrastructure Server.

./startofsaai.sh

**Note:** You can also start the Infrastructure Server by executing the command "nohup ./ startofsaai.sh &". Starting the process using "nohup" and "&" will return the command prompt without having to wait till the process completes. However, this command cannot be used when you are starting the server for the first time or starting after changing user password in the configuration database schema.

- 2. Start ICC server:
  - On the machine in which Infrastructure default Application components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC\_HOME/ficapp/icc/bin
  - Execute the command:

./iccserver.sh

**Note:** Only Infrastructure Default Application Server would hold ICC component.

- **3.** Start Back-end Services:
  - On the machine on which Infrastructure Database components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC\_DB\_HOME/bin and execute the command to start "Agent server":

./agentstartup.sh

Or

• Start Back-end services using the command:

```
nohup ./agentstartup.sh &
```

**Note**: This agent internally starts the Router, Message Server, OLAP data server and AM services:

### **Starting Web Application Servers**

Start the Web application server depending on the type from the following table.

Start up Option	Description
Starting WebSphere profile	On the machine in which Web sphere is installed, navigate to [Webshpere_Install_Directory] /AppServer/ <profiles>/<profile name="">/bin and execute the command: ./startServer.sh server1</profile></profiles>
Starting WebLogic Domain	On the machine in which WebLogic is installed, navigate to <weblogic directory="" installation="">/user_ projects/domains/<domain name="">/bin and execute the command: startWebLogic.sh -d64</domain></weblogic>
	Note: If WebLogic is already running, access the <i>WebLogic</i> <i>Admin Console</i> . Stop and start the application <context name&gt;.ear</context 
Starting Tomcat Application	On the machine in which Tomcat is installed, navigate to <tomcat_install_ directory="">/bin and execute the command: ./catalina.sh run</tomcat_install_>

Table E–1 Webserver start up options

### **Stopping Infrastructure Services**

To stop Infrastructure services, follow these steps:

1. On the machine in which Infrastructure Application components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC\_APP\_HOME/common/FICServer/bin and execute the command:.

./stopofsaai.sh

2. To stop ICC server, on the machine in which Infrastructure default Application components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC\_HOME/ficapp/icc/bin and execute the command:

./iccservershutdown.sh

**Note:** Only Infrastructure Default Application Server would hold ICC component.

- **3.** To stop Back-end server, on the machine in which Infrastructure database components have been installed, navigate to \$FIC\_DB\_HOME/bin and execute the command:
- ./agentshutdown.sh

# Cleaning up the environment

To clean up the environment, follow these steps:

- **1.** Navigate to \$FIC\_HOME
- 2. Execute ./Uninstall.sh.
- 3. When prompted, enter OFSAAI configuration schema password.
- 4. This will delete \$FIC\_HOME and drop all the objects from configuration schema
- 5. Navigate to ftpshare folder.
- 6. Delete the infodom folders \$ rm -rf <INFODOM>.
- 7. Drop configuration and atomic schemas from the database

F

# **Accessing OFSAA Application**

This section gives details the steps to be performed to access OFSAA Application.

# Access the OFSAA Application

 From your desktop, open the browser and enter the URL in the following format: <scheme>://<IP address/ hostname>:<port>/<context-name>/login.jsp
 For example, https://111.222.333.444:5555/ofsaa/login.jsp
 The OFSAA login screen is displayed.

ORACLE <sup>®</sup> Financial Services Analytical Applicat	ions	About
3		
	Language US-English 🗸	
	User ID	
	Password	
	Login Version 8.0.6.0.0 Copyright © 1993, 2018 Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.	

Figure F–1 OFSAA Login Window

**2.** With installation of every OFSAA Applications Pack, there are two seeded user profiles configured in the system:

"SYSADMN - System Administrator

"SYSAUTH - System Authorizer

**Note:** For SYSADMN and SYSAUTH, the default password is password0.

1. Login to the application using the "SYSADMN" User ID. (Note that, there is no "I" in the SYSADMN login USER ID). Enter the password that was provided during installation. On the first login, you will be prompted to change the password.

# **Cloning OFSAA Instance**

There is a consistent need for a faster and effective approach of replicating an existing OFSAA instance for further project developments, that is, setting up OFSAA instances that are exact copies of the current OFSAA instance. For more information on cloning, see OFSAA Cloning Reference Guide.

# Η

# **OFSAA Landing Page**

This section includes the following topics:

- OFSAA Landing Page
- Enabling a Product within an Applications Pack

# **OFSAA Landing Page**

On successful authentication, the OFSAA Landing Page is displayed. This is a common landing page for all users until a preferred application landing page is set by the user in his preferences.

The landing page includes multiple tabs and each tab has specific links to OFSAA Infrastructure and/or Application modules. The tabs and links are displayed based on the OFSAA Application accessed and the access roles mapped to the logged in user.

Each tab contains LHS Menu and RHS Menu. The LHS Menu holds link(s) to modules in a tree structure. The RHS Menu holds link(s) to modules in a navigational panel format.

The following tabs are available in the Landing Page:

- Applications Tab
- Sandbox Tab
- Object Administration Tab
- System Configuration and Identity Management Tab

### **Applications Tab**

This tab lists the various OFSAA Applications that are installed in the setup.

The "<Select Application>" dropdown lists the OFSAA Applications based on the user logged in and User Group(s) mapped to OFSAA Application. Selecting an Application from the drop down refreshes the menus/ links.

### Sandbox Tab

This tab lists the various OFSAA Sandboxes created in the setup.

The "<Select Sandbox>" dropdown lists the OFSAA Sandboxes based on the user logged in and User Group(s) mapped to OFSAA Application.

Selecting a Sandbox from the drop down would refresh the menus/ links.

### **Object Administration Tab**

This tab lists the various OFSAA Information Domains created in the setup.

The "<Select Information Domain>" dropdown lists the OFSAA Information Domains based on the user logged in and User Group(s) mapped to OFSAA Application.

Selecting an Information Domain from the drop down refreshes the menus/ links.

### System Configuration and Identity Management Tab

This tab lists the OFSAA Infrastructure System Configuration and Identity Management modules. These modules work across Applications/ Information Domains and hence there are no Application/ Information Domain dropdown list in this tab.

**Note:** NOTE: See the AAI User Guide for more details on how to operate on each tab.

### Enabling a Product within an Applications Pack

You can also enable a product/ application within an Applications Pack post installation at any point of time.

To enable a product through the application UI, follow these steps:

- 1. Login to the application as SYSADMN user or any user with System Administrator privileges.
- 2. Navigate to System Configurations & Identity Management tab and expand Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure >> Administration and Configuration >> System Configuration.
- 3. Click Manage OFSAA Product License(s)
- 4. The Manage OFSAA Product License(s) page is displayed as below.

This page includes the following sections:

- INSTALLED Applications Packs
- PRODUCTS IN THE Applications Pack

MANAGE OFSAA APPLICATION	AGKLIGENSE		
INSTALLED APPLICATIO	PACKS		
APPLICATION PACK ID	APPLICATION PACK NAME	DESCRIPTION	INSTALL DATE
OFS_AAAI_PACK	Financial Services Advanced Analytics Infrastructure Pack	Applications for Advanced Analytics using Oracle R, Modeling & Stress Testing Framework and Inline Processing Engine	2014-12-02 14:22:33.0
OFS_CAP_ADQ_PACK	Financial Services Capital Adequacy Applications Pack	Applications for Basel Basic, IRB & Analytic, Operational Risk Economic Capital & Analytic and Retail Portfolio Risk Models and Pooling in Banking and Financial Services Domain	2014-12-02 17:59:58.0
PRODUCTS IN THE APPL	CATION PACK		
	CATION PACK	DESCRIPTION	ENABLE DATE
PRODUCTS IN THE APPL NABLE PRODUCT ID     OFS_AAAI     OFS_IPE		DESCRIPTION Base Infrastructure for Advanced Analytical Applications Framework for Inline Processing Engine	ENABLE DATE 2014-12-02 14 22 33 0

Figure H–1 Manage OFSAA Product License(s) Page

5. The following fields are displayed in the INSTALLED Applications PackS section:

Field	Description			
Applications Pack ID	Displays a unique Applications Pack ID related to the Applications Pack.			
	Select the appropriate Pack id using the radio button. The Products in the Applications Pack will be displayed below in the PRODUCTS IN THE Applications PackS section.			
Applications Pack Name	Displays the name of the Applications Pack.			
Description	Displays the description of the Applications Pack.			
Install Date	Displays the date when the Applications Pack was installed.			

Table H–1 Installed Applications Pack - Field Description

**6.** The following fields are displayed in the PRODUCTS IN THE Applications Pack section:

Table H–2 products in the Applications Pack - Field Description

Field	Description
Enable	Select the check box to enable a product within an Applications Pack.
Product ID	Displays a unique product id for the product.
Product Name	Displays the name of the Product.
Description	Displays the description of the product.
Enable Date	Displays the date when the product was enabled.

**7.** Select an Applications Pack by clicking the radio button next to the Applications Pack ID field.

- **8.** Selecting an Applications Pack will display below the products within the Applications Pack.
- **9.** Products which were enabled at the time of installation will have the check box "ENABLE" disabled. You can enable any product within the selected Applications Pack by clicking the "ENABLE" check box against the respective Product ID.
- **10.** Click on RESET button to cancel the operation and refresh the screen.
- **11.** Click VIEW LICENSE AGREEMENT button.

The License Agreement section is displayed.

#### Figure H–2 License Agreement

» LICENSE AGREEMENT		
	Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Modeling Option (OFS AAAI) product is a separately licensable product and would not be enabled unless it has been licensed. Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Modeling Option (OFS AAAI) product is only part of the Oracle Financial Services Advanced Analytics Infrastructure Pack and specific OFSAA Application Packs that require the advanced analytical features of this product. Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Modeling Option (OFS AAAI) product is only part of the Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Modeling Option (OFS AAAI) product soft this product. Oracle Financial Services Enterprise Modeling Option (OFS AAAI) product gets pre-selected automatically on selecting any of the ofsaa products within a specific Application Pack that require this product to be enabled and configured. Multiple products being grouped together under a Application Pack, mandate installation and configuration of these products by default. However, during the Application Pack installation, based on the products that are being selected, it would get enabled and would be licensed for. It is important to note that products once selected (enabled) cannot be disabled at a later stage. However, products can only be enabled at any later stage using the OFSAA Infrastructure "Manage Application Pack License" feature. Enabling a product within a Application Pack automatically implies you agree with this license agreement and the respective terms and conditions.	
	I ACCEPT THE LICENSE AGREEMENT.     I DO NOT ACCEPT THE LICENSE AGREEMENT.	
	ENABLE	

- **12.** Select the option I ACCEPT THE LICENSE AGREEMENT.
- **13.** Click ENABLE.
- **14.** An appropriate pop-up message confirmation is displayed showing that the product is enabled for the pack.

**Note:** To use the newly enabled product, you need to map your application users to the appropriate product specific User\_Group(s) and subsequently, authorize the actions by logging in as System Authorizer.

#### Note:

- For more information see Mapping/Unmapping Users section in the *Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide*.
- To identify the newly enabled product specific UserGroups/ Applications Pack specific User\_Groups, see the respective Applications Pack specific Installation and Configuration Guide/ User Manual.

# **Additional Configuration**

This section gives detailed information about the Additional Configuration regarding OFSAA Installation.

# **Additional Configuration**

This section covers the following topics:

- Configuring FTP/SFTP
- Configuring Infrastructure Server Memory
- Configuring Internet Explorer Settings
- Setting OLAP Data Server Configuration
- Changing IP/ Hostname, Ports, Deployed Paths of the OFSAA Instance
- Executing OFSAAI Setup Information Fetching Tool
- Executing Encryption Changer
- Setting Infrastructure LDAP Configuration
- Configure Message Details in Forms Designer
- Clearing Application Cache
- Configuring Password Changes
- Configuring Internal Service (Document Upload / Download)

### Configuring FTP/SFTP

This section details about the configurations required for FTP/SFTP.

### Adding FTP/SFTP Configuration for File Transfer

In OFSAA, certain modules require transfer of files from the web application server to the OFSAA server over SSH.

Follow these steps to ensure the OFSAA server recognizes the web application server during file transfers.

- **1.** Log in to the web application server.
- 2. Type sftp <user>@<OFSAA Server>.
- 3. Specify Yes when prompted for permission.

Are you sure you want to continue connecting (Yes/No)?

This will add an entry into the "known\_hosts" file.

4. A confirmation message is displayed:

Permanently added <OFSAA Server> RSA) to the list of known hosts.

### Setting Up SFTP Private Key

Log in to OFSAA Unix user using Putty tool, where you plan for installation and generate a pair of authentication keys using the ssh-keygen command. If required, set passphrase. Otherwise OFSAAI\_SFTP\_PASSPHRASE tag in the OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml file should be set to NA.

To generate private key, enter the commands as shown:

ofsaapp@OFSASERVER:~> ssh-keygen -t rsa

Generating public/private rsa key pair.

Enter file in which to save the key (/home/ofsaapp/.ssh/id\_rsa):

Created directory '/home/ofsaapp/.ssh'.

Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):

Enter same passphrase again:

Your identification has been saved in /home/ofsaapp/.ssh/id\_rsa.

Your public key has been saved in /home/ofsaapp/.ssh/id\_rsa.pub.

The key fingerprint is:

3e:4f:05:79:3a:9f:96:7c:3b:ad:e9:58:37:bc:37:e4

ofsaapp@OFSASERVER:~> cat /home/ofsaapp/.ssh/id\_rsa.pub >>
/home/ofsaapp/.ssh/authorized\_keys

In case, you are generating SFTP Private key for Hive server, append the content of /home/ofsaapp/.ssh/id\_rsa.pub to Hiveserver authorized\_keys file located at \$HOME\_DIR\_HIVE/.ssh folder.

Ensure the following permissions exist for the given folders:

- Permission of .ssh should be 700
- Permission of .ssh/authorized\_keys should be 640
- Permission of .ssh/id\_rsa should be 400
- Permission of Unix user created should be 755

### Configuring Infrastructure Server Memory

The memory settings for Infrastructure Application Server, Tomcat, WebSphere, and WebLogic can be edited for customizing memory settings and garbage collector settings depending on the available hardware configuration as explained below. These settings are base minimum and has to be incremented considering the deployment metrics into account. The increments are usually handled in multiples of 128 MB for heap and 64 MB for stack.

### Configuring Infrastructure Application Server Memory Settings

You can configure the Infrastructure Application Memory settings as follows:

**1.** Locate .profile file.

**2.** Edit X\_ARGS field in this file for customizing memory settings and garbage collector settings depends on the hardware configuration.

This has a default value X\_ARGS="-Xms200m"

X\_ARGS=" "\$X\_ARGS" \$DELIM -Xmx2048m"

**Note:** This parameter is modified in 7.3.2 IR and you need to modify X\_ARGS\_APP variable in the .profile file to customize Java Memory Settings for Model Upload based on the Data Model size.

For Run and Rule executions, the following value is recommended:

```
X_ARGS_RNEXE="-Xms1g -Xmx1g -XX:+UseAdaptiveSizePolicy
-XX:MaxPermSize=512M -XX:+UseParallelOldGC
-XX:+DisableExplicitGC"
X_ARGS_RLEXE="-Xms1g -Xmx1g -XX:+UseAdaptiveSizePolicy
```

```
-XX:MaxPermSize=512M -XX:+UseParallel0ldGC
```

```
-XX:+DisableExplicitGC"
```

### Configuring Internet Explorer Settings

**Note:** OFSAAI supports only default zoom setting in Internet Explorer, that is, 100%. Cookies should be enabled.

The following browser settings must be specified at every client machine prior to accessing the Infrastructure application.

- 1. Open Internet Explorer. Select Tools > Internet Options. The *Internet Options* window is displayed.
- 2. Click Settings. The *Settings* window is displayed.
- 3. Select Every time I Visit the webpage and click OK.

ereral	Security	Privacy	Content	Connections	Programs	Advanced	Temporary Internet Files	History	Caches and databases	
Home pa	To cres		page tabs,	type each add	ress on its (	own line.	Internet Explorer stores of for faster viewing later. Check for newer versions		webpages, images, and media	
	abou	t:blank Use <u>o</u> .	rrent	Use default	Usen	÷ new tab	<ul> <li>Every time I visit th</li> <li>Every time I start I</li> <li>Automatically</li> </ul>	e webpa	ge	
<ul> <li>St</li> <li>Tabs</li> </ul>	art with h	ome page	he lest sess re displaye	(2014)107		abs	© Never Disk space to use (8-1024 (Recommended: 50-250 Current location: C: Users (shwwall (AppDatz Internet Files)	IMB)	250 🔺	
Deleti form i	nformatio	n.	istory, cool ry on exit	ies, saved pas	swords, an	d web	Move folder	View obje		ncel
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Figure I–1 Internet Options

- **4.** In the *Internet Options* window, select the **Security** tab and select the **Internet option** under **Select a zone to view or change the security** settings.
- 5. Click Default Level under Security level for this zone.

Internet Options	? 🛛
General Security Privacy Content Connections	Programs Advanced
Select a zone to view or change security settings.	
0 😌 📢 🗸 (	$\odot$
	stricted sites
Internet	Sites
This zone is for Internet websites, except those listed in trusted and restricted zones.	2103
Security level for this zone Allowed levels for this zone: Medium to High	
Medium-high     Appropriate for most websites     Prompts before downloading potent     content     Unsigned ActiveX controls will not be	
<u>Custom level</u> <u>R</u> eset all zone	Default level
ок с	ancel <u>Apply</u>

Figure I–2 Internet Options - Security Tab

- 6. Click Apply to save.
- 7. Click Internet Explorer >> Tools >> Compatibility View Settings.
- 8. Enter the OFSAA setup URL in the Add this website field.
- 9. Click Add.
- **10.** Ensure the URL is listed under **Websites you've added to Compatibility View**.
- **11.** In the *Internet Options* window, select the **Privacy** tab and select the **Turn on Pop-up Blocker** option under **Pop-up Blocker** settings.

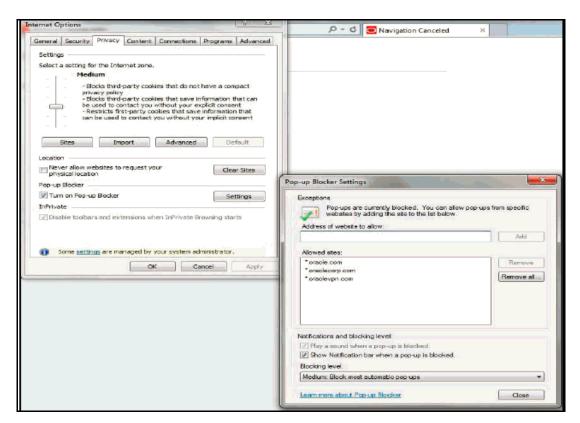


Figure I–3 Internet Options- Popup Blocker Settings

- **12.** Click **Settings**. The Pop-up Blocker Settings window is displayed.
- **13.** Enter the URL of the OFSAA Application in the **Address of website to allow:** field.
- 14. Click Add. The OFSAA URL is displayed in the Allowed sites section.
- 15. Click Close.
- **16.** Click **OK** in the Internet Options window.

### **Retrieving Patch Information**

To identify the list of patches installed on your OFSAA setup, follow these steps:

- 1. Login to the OFSAA application as a user with Object AdminAdvanced Role.
- 2. Navigate to Object Administration tab.
- 3. Click System Utilities.
- 4. Click Patch Information.
- **5.** The page displays the list of patches installed on the OFSAA setup across Applications/ Platform.

### Setting OLAP Data Server Configuration

This section is applicable if you are using the OLAP feature of OFSAAI.

The following parameters must be set to ensure that the system limitations are not exceeded at any stage. The values for these OS parameters should be specified based on the expected load at each implementation site.

For example:

Process Memory Limit

Max Thread Stack Size

Max Number of Threads per Process

- **Sort Buffer settings**: This must be set at the Essbase application level appropriate to the anticipated load.
- Shutdown and Restart: During shutdown of OFSAAI Server that has an instance of Data Services that is communicating with an OLAP Data Server, it is imperative to ensure that the cleanup of the old instance is completed on the OLAP Data Server before restarting the OFSAAI Server. Pause for a period of time based on the load the system was subjected to, before restarting the Data Services subsystem.

### Changing IP/ Hostname, Ports, Deployed Paths of the OFSAA Instance

For information on this section, see OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure Administration User Guide in OTN.

### **Executing OFSAAI Setup Information Fetching Tool**

Executing the SetupInfo.jar file available in the FIC\_HOME path will help you retrieve the related information about the OFSAAI Set up such as Operating System Name and Version, Database Type and Version, OFSAAI architecture, Log file locations and so on.

To execute "SetupInfo.jar" in console, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to the path \$FIC\_HOME.
- **2.** Enter the command:

java -jar SetupInfo.jar

After execution, the output file location is displayed in the console.

### **Executing Encryption Changer**

For more information on Encryption Changer, see *Key Management* section in *OFSAAI Administration Guide*.

### Setting Infrastructure LDAP Configuration

For more information on LDAP configuration, see OFSAAI Administration Guide.

### **Enabling Parallel Execution of DML statements**

A configuration file, OracleDB.conf has been introduced to accommodate any configurable parameter related to operations on oracle database. If you do not want to set a parameter to a specific value, then the respective parameter entry can be removed/commented off form the OracleDB.conf file which resides in the path \$FIC\_DB\_HOME/conf.

As of now, the OracleDB.conf file has only one parameter namely CNF\_DEGREE\_OF\_ PARALLELISM. This parameter indicates the degree of parallelism to be used for a DML operation if parallel DML is explicitly enabled in the session with the ENABLE PARALLEL DML clause of the ALTER SESSION statement. The default mode of a session is DISABLE PARALLEL DML. If CNF\_DEGREE\_OF\_PARALLELISM is not set, then the default degree, as decided by Oracle will be used.

### **Configure Message Details in Forms Designer**

You can configure the Message Details in Forms Designer under Data Entry Forms and Queries module by updating the details of mail server in the NotificationConfig.cfg file which resides in the path \$FIC\_APP\_ HOME/common/FICServer/conf.

Ensure that the "authorized User details" for whom you need to configure the Message details are included in *Administration* > *Security Management* > *User Administrator* > *User Maintenance* window.

Update the following parameters in the "NotificationConfig.cfg" file:

Parameter	Description
SMTP_SERVER_IP	Specify the hostname or IP address of SMTP Server.
SMTP_DEBUG_MODE	To run SMTP service in Debug mode, set value to 'true', otherwise set value to 'false'.
SMTP_AUTHORIZATION	Set to 'true' if SMTP server requires the client to be authenticated, otherwise set to 'false'.
SMTP_USERNAME	Username required for logging into SMTP server, if authentication is not required use a dummy value.
SMTP_PASSWORD	Password required for logging into SMTP server, if authentication is not required use a dummy value.
SMTP_MAILID	If the Messages has to go from a Particular ID that ID need to be added. Exchange server forces you set a valid ID that is there in the exchange server. (Based on Security settings)

Table I–1 NotificationConfig.cfg File

Ensure that the authorized User details are included in *Administration* > *Security Management* > *User Administrator* > *User Maintenance* window.

### **Clearing Application Cache**

This is applicable to all Web servers (that is, WebSphere, WebLogic, and Tomcat).

Prior to the deployment of Infrastructure or Application Service Packs / One-off patches, clear the cache. Navigate to the following path depending on the WebServer configured and delete the files:

- Tomcat: <Tomcat installation folder>/work/Catalina/localhost/<Application name>/org/apache/jsp
- WebLogic: <WebLogic installation location>/domains/<Domain name>/servers/<Server name>/tmp/\_WL\_user/<Application name>/qaelce/jsp\_ servlet
- WebSphere: <WebSphere installation directory>/AppServer/profiles/<Profile name>/temp/<Node name>/server1/<Application name>/<.war file name>

### **Configuring Password Changes**

This section explains about how to modify the OFSAA Infrastructure Config Schema and Atomic Schema passwords.

### Modifying OFSAA Infrastructure Config Schema password

To change the Config Schema password, perform the following steps:

- 1. Change the Config schema User Password in the database.
- 2. Delete the \$FIC\_HOME/conf/Reveleus.SEC file.
- 3. Shutdown the OFSAAI App service:

cd \$FIC\_APP\_HOME/common/FICServer/bin

./stopofsaai.sh

**4.** Start the Infrastructure Server in foreground directly on the server or through X-Windows software using the command:

./startofsaai.sh

- **5.** At the prompt, enter System Password. Enter the "new Config schema" password. The service will start and initialize itself if it is able to successfully connect to the DB.
- **6.** Post successful startup of the service, if required, the Infrastructure server may be shut down and restarted in the background using nohup mode.

### Modifying OFSAA Infrastructure Atomic Schema password

To change the Atomic Schema password, perform the following steps:

- 1. Change the Atomic schema User Password in the database.
- **2.** Login to the application from the browser using SYSADMN account or any user id, which has System Administrator role mapped.
- **3.** Navigate to *System Configuration > Database Details* window. Select the appropriate connection and edit the password.
- **4.** Navigate to *Data Management Tools >Data Sources> Source Designer* window. Update the password of the appropriate Source
- 5. If you are using Apache Tomcat as Web server, update the <Context> -> Resource tag details in Server.xml file from the \$CATALINA\_HOME/conf folder. (In case of Tomcat only Atomic <Resource> will exist).

If you are using WebSphere as Web server:

- **a.** Login to the WebSphere Administration Console, from the left side menu.
- **b.** Navigate to *Resources* >*JDBC* >*Data Sources*. A list of data sources will be populated on the right side.
- **c.** Select the appropriate Data Source and edit the connection details. (In this case, both Config and Atomic data sources will need to be modified).

If you are using WebLogic as Web server:

- **a.** Login to the WebLogic Administration Console, from the left side menu
- b. Under Domain Structure list box, expand the appropriate Domain and navigate to Services > JDBC >Data Sources. A list of data sources will be populated on the right side.

- **c.** Select the appropriate Data Source and edit the connection details. (In this case, both Config and Atomic data sources need to be modified).
- **6.** Restart the OFSAAI services.

### **Configuring Internal Service (Document Upload/ Download)**

This step can be ignored if it has already been configured as part of any previous IR /ML installation.

The Document Upload /Download feature has undergone a change and can now be configured to use Internal service for document upload / download instead of the earlier ExeWebService.

To facilitate Internal service for document upload/ download, perform the following configurations:

- 1. Create the folders **download**, **upload**, **TempDocument** and **Temp** in the local path of Web application server and provide **Read/Write** permission.
  - To find the exact location, execute the following query in CONFIG schema:

select localpath from web\_server\_info

• To create folders with Read/Write permission, execute the command:

mkdir -m 777 download upload TempDocument Temp

- **2.** Create **DocStorage** folder in the FTPSHARE location of APP tier and provide **Read/Write** permission.
  - To find the exact location, execute the query in CONFIG schema: select ftpdrive from app\_server\_info
  - To create folder with Read/Write permission, execute the command:

mkdir -m 777 DocStorage

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# **Patching OFSAA Infrastructure Installation**

Oracle strongly recommends installing the latest available patchset so as to be up to date with the various releases of the OFSAA product.

See http://support.oracle.com for more information on latest release.

# **Grants for Atomic/ Config Schema**

This section mentions about the various grants required for the CONFIG, ATOMIC schemas.

This section discusses the following sections:

- Configuring Grants for Atomic Schema
- Configuring Grants for Config Schema
- Configuring Grants for Config Schema Entities for Atomic Users

# **Configuring Grants for Atomic Schema**

Atomic Schema creation requires certain grants for object creation. This can be located in \$FIC\_HOME/privileges\_atomic\_user.sql file.

The following are the Grants for Atomic Schema:

```
grant create SESSION to &database_username
/
grant create PROCEDURE to &database_username
/
grant create SEQUENCE to &database_username
/
grant create TRIGGER to &database_username
/
grant create VIEW to &database_username
/
grant create MATERIALIZED VIEW to &database_username
/
grant select on SYS.V_$PARAMETER to &database_username
/
grant create SYNONYM to &database_username
/
```

**Note:** If you intend to use Oracle OLAP feature, execute the below grant on all ATOMIC schema(s) grant olap\_user to &database\_username

# **Configuring Grants for Config Schema**

Config Schema creation requires certain grants for object creation. This can be located in \$FIC\_HOME/privileges\_config\_user.sql file.

The following are the Grants for Config Schema:

grant create SESSION to &database\_username / grant create PROCEDURE to &database\_username / grant create SEQUENCE to &database\_username / grant create TABLE to &database\_username grant create TRIGGER to &database\_username / grant create VIEW to &database\_username / grant create MATERIALIZED VIEW to &database\_username / grant select on SYS.V\_\$PARAMETER to &database\_username / grant create SYNONYM to &database\_username /

# **Configuring Grants for Config Schema Entities for Atomic Users**

Atomic Schema creation requires certain grants for config schema object access. This can be located in \$FIC\_HOME/config\_table\_privileges\_for\_atomic\_user.sql file.

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# **Configuring Applications Pack XML Files**

This section explains configuration of OFS\_ECM\_PACK.xml and OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml files.

This section includes the following topics:

- Configuring OFS\_ECM\_PACK.xml File
- Configuring OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml File

# Configuring OFS\_ECM\_PACK.xml File

The OFS\_ECM\_PACK.xml file holds details on the various OFSAA products that are packaged in a particular Applications Pack.

The following table gives details about the various tags/ parameters available in the file and the values that need to be updated. Prior to installing the OFSAA Applications Pack in Silent mode, it is mandatory to update this file.

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandatory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
APP_PACK_ID	Unique Applications Pack Identifier	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
APP_PACK_NAME	Unique Applications Pack Name	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
APP_PACK_ DESCRIPTION	Unique Applications Pack Description	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
VERSION	Unique Application Pack release version	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
APP	Unique Application Entries	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT remove these tags.
APP_ID	Unique Application Identifier	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.

Table L–1 OFS\_ECM\_PACK.XML Parameters

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandatory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
APP_ID/ PREREQ	Prerequisite Application/ Product	Y	Unique Seeded Value	For most applications Infrastructure would be the prerequisite set. For certain other applications, an appropriate Application ID would be set.
				DO NOT modify this value.
APP_ID/ DEF_SEL_ FLAG	Default Selected Flag	Y	Default - YES	In all Applications Packs, Infrastructure would have this value set to "YES". DO NOT modify this value.
APP_ID/ ENABLE	Enable Application/ Product	YES if installing in Silent mode.	Default - YES for Infrastructure NO for Others	Set this attribute-value to YES against every APP_ID which is licensed and should be enabled for use.
			Permissible - YES or NO	Note: Application/ Product once enabled cannot be disabled. However, Application/ Product not enabled during installation can be enabled later through the Administration UI.
APP_NAME	Unique Application/ Product Name	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
APP_DESCRIPTION	Unique Application/ Product Name	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
VERSION	Unique release version	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.

Table L–1 OFS\_ECM\_PACK.XML Parameters

# Configuring OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml File

Creating database schemas, objects within schemas and assigning appropriate grants are the primary steps in the installation process of OFSAA Applications. The OFS\_ ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml file contains details on the various application schemas that should be created prior to the Applications Pack installation.

The following table gives details about the various tags/ parameters available in the file and the values that need to be updated. Prior to executing the schema creator utility, it is mandatory to update this file.

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
APP_PACK_ID	Unique Applications Pack Identifier	Y	Unique Seeded Value	DO NOT modify this value.
<jdbc_url></jdbc_url>	Identifier Enter the JDBC URL <b>Note:</b> You can enter RAC and NON-RAC enabled database connectivity URL.	Y	Example, jdbc:oracle:thin:@< DBSERVER IP/HOST>: <port>:<sid &gt; or jdbc:oracle:thin:@//[HOS T][:PORT]/SERVICE or jdbc:oracle:thin:@(DESCRI PTION=(ADDRESS_ LIST=(ADDRESS=(PROT OCOL=TCP)(HOST=[HO ST])(port=[PORT]))(ADD RESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP) (HOST=[HOST])(PORT=[ PORT]))(LOAD_ BALANCE=yes)(FAILOV ER=yes))(CONNECT_ DATA=(SERVICE_ NAME=[SERVICE]))) For example, jdbc:oracle:thin:@//dbsho st.server.com:1521/scan-1</sid </port>	value. Ensure to add an entry (with SID/ SERVICE NAME) in the tnsnames.ora file on the OFSAA server. The entry should match with the SID/SERVICE NAME used in the JDBC URL.
<jdbc_ DRIVER&gt;</jdbc_ 	By default this driver name is seeded. Note: Do not edit this	Y	or jdbc:oracle:thin:@(DESCRI PTION=(ADDRESS_ LIST=(ADDRESS=(PROT OCOL=TCP)(HOST=dbho st1.server.com)(port=1521 ))(ADDRESS=(PROTOCO L=TCP)(HOST=dbhost2.s erver.com)(PORT=1521))( LOAD_ BALANCE=yes)(FAILOV ER=yes))(CONNECT_ DATA=(SERVICE_ NAME=service1))) Example, oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleD river	Only JDBC Thin Driver is supported. DO NOT modify this
<host></host>	attribute value. Enter the Hostname/ IP Address of the system on which you are installing the OFSAA components.	Y	Host Name/ IP Address	value.

Table L–2 OFS ECM SCHEMA IN.XML Paramet	ers
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Table L-2 OFS_ECM_SCHEMA_IN.XML Parameters				
Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
<setupinfo>/ NAME</setupinfo>	Enter the acronym for the type of implementation. This information will be displayed in the OFSAA Home Page. Note: On executing the schema creator utility, this value will be prefixed with each schema name. For example: dev_ ofsaaconf, uat_ofsaaatm.	Y	Accepts strings with a minimum length of two and maximum of four. Example, DEV, SIT, PROD	This name would appear in the OFSAA Landing Page as "Connected To: xxxx" The schemas being created would get this prefix. For E.g. dev_ ofsaaconf, uat_ofsaaconf etc.
<setupinfo>/ PREFIX_ SCHEMA_ NAME</setupinfo>	Identifies if the value specified in <setupinfo>/ NAME attribute should be prefixed to the schema name.</setupinfo>	N	YES or NO	Default value is YES.
<password>/ DEFAULT*</password>	Enter the password if you want to set a default password for all schemas. Note: You also need to set APPLYSAMEFORALL attribute as Y to apply the default password for all the schemas.	Ν	The maximum length allowed is 30 characters. Special characters are not allowed.	
<password>/ APPLYSAMEFO RALL</password>	Enter as Y if you want to apply the password specified in DEFAULT attribute for all the schemas. If you enter as N, you need to provide individual passwords for all schemas. Note: In case you have entered Y in APPLYSAMEFORALL attribute and also have specified individual passwords for all the schemas, then the specified individual passwords will take precedence.	Y	Default - N Permissible - Y or N	If set to N, need to specify PASSWORD value for every SCHEMA. <b>Note:</b> Setting this attribute value is mandatory, If DEFAULT attribute is set.

Table L-2 OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.XML Parameters

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
<schema>/ TYPE</schema>	The different types of schemas that are supported in this release are ATOMIC, CONFIG, SANDBOX, and ADDON. By default, the schemas types are seeded based on the Applications Pack. Note: Do not edit this attribute value.	Y	ATOMIC/CONFIG/SAN DBOX/ADDON Note: SANDBOX AND ADDON schemas are not applicable for OFS AAAI Applications Pack.	Only One CONFIG schema can exist in the file. This schema identifies as the CONFIGURATION schema that holds the OFSAA setup details and other metadata information. Multiple ATOMIC/ SANDBOX/ ADDON schemas can exist in the file. ATOMIC schema refers to the Information Domain schema. SANDBOX schema refers to the SANDBOX schema. ADDON schema refers to other miscellaneous schema (not applicable for this Applications Pack).

Table L–2 OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.XML Parameters

Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Table L-2     OFS_ECM_SC       Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
<schema.>/ NAME</schema.>	By default, the schemas names are seeded based on the Applications Pack. You can edit the schema names if required. Note: The Schema Name will have a prefix of the SETUPINFO/ NAME attribute. SCHEMA NAME must be same for all the ATOMIC Schemas of applications within an Applications Pack.	Y	The permissible length is 15 characters and only alphanumeric characters allowed. No special characters allowed except underscore '_'.	SETUPINFO/ NAME attribute value would be prefixed to the schema name being created. For E.g. if name is set as 'ofsaaatm' and setupinfo as 'uat' then schema being created would be 'uat_ ofsaaatm'. NAME should be same where APP_GRP=1 for all SCHEMA tags (Not applicable for this Applications Pack). Note: For example: <variable name="DATABASE NAME"&gt;KYCDB.oracle.com  A TNS entry must be made in tnsnames.ora with tnsname same as the value provided for KYC Database Name. If sqlnet.ora file is configured with a value in NAMES.DEFAULT_ DOMAIN then ensure to use the same domain while defining Database Name. It is required for KYC Batch processing. This name should be unique The same above steps to be done for FATCA and CTR. A restart of web and app servers are necessary whenever any changes are done to config schema</variable 
<schema>/ PASSWORD*</schema>	Enter the password of the schema to be created. Note: If this attribute is left blank, then the password specified in the <password>/DEFAUL T attribute is applied as the Schema Password.</password>	N	The maximum length allowed is 30 characters. Special characters are not allowed.	Note: You need to mandatorily enter the password if you have set the <password>/ APPLYSAMEFORALL attribute as N. Takes precedence over DEFAULT attribute value of <password> tag.</password></password>

Table L–2 OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.XML Parameters

	Mandat				
Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments	
<schema>/ APP_ID</schema>	By default, the Application ID is seeded based on the Applications Pack.	Y	Unique Seeded Value	Identifies the Application/ Product for which the schema is being created.	
	Note: Do not edit this attribute value.			DO NOT modify this value.	
<schema>/ DEFAULTTABL ESPACE</schema>	Enter the available default tablespace for DB User. Note: If this attribute is left blank, then USERS is set as the default tablespace.	N	Default - USERS Permissible - Any existing valid tablespace name.	Modify this value to associate any valid tablespace with the schema.	
<schema>/ TEMPTABLESP ACE</schema>	Enter the available temporary tablespace for the DB User. Note: If this attribute is left blank, then TEMP is set as the default tablespace.	Ν	Default - TEMP Permissible - Any existing valid temporary tablespace name.	Modify this value to associate any valid tablespace with the schema.	
<schema>/ QUOTA</schema>	Enter the quota to be set on DEFAULTTABLESPACE attribute for the schema/ user. By default, the quota size is set to 500M. Minimum: 500M or Unlimited on default Tablespace	N	Example, 600M/m 20G/g UNLIMITED/unlimited	Modify this value to grant the specified quota on the mentioned tablespace to the user.	
SCHEMA/ INFODOM	Infodom Name Associated with each Atomic Schema and ADDON.	Y	Enter the name of the Information Domain to associate this schema. The schema creator utility automatically derives an Information Domain Name based on the Applications Pack if no value is specified for this attribute. Permissible length is 16 characters and only alphanumeric characters allowed. No special characters allowed.	Valid string with up to 11 characters. Mandatory for Silent Installation Mode	
<adv_sec_ OPTIONS&gt;</adv_sec_ 	Parent tag to hold Advance Security Options.	N		Uncomment the tag and edit if you want to add security options. For example, TDE and Data Redact. For details, see the example following the table.	

 Table L-2
 OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.XML Parameters

Table L-2 OFS_ECM_SCHEMA_IN.XML Parameters				
Tag Name/ Attribute Name	Description	Mandat ory (Y/N)	Default Value/ Permissible Value	Comments
<adv_sec_ OPTIONS&gt;/TD E</adv_sec_ 	Tag to enable/disable TDE.	N	Default is FALSE. To enable TDE, set this to TRUE.	Ensure this tag is not commented if you have uncommented <adv_ SEC_OPTIONS&gt;</adv_ 
<adv_sec_ OPTIONS&gt;/ DATA_ REDACT</adv_sec_ 	Tag to enable/disable Data Redaction feature.	N	Default is FALSE. To enable DATA_REDACT, set this to TRUE	Ensure this tag is not commented if you have uncommented <adv_ SEC_OPTIONS&gt;</adv_ 
<tablespace S&gt;</tablespace 	Parent tag to hold <tablespace> elements</tablespace>	N	NA	Uncomment the tag and edit. ONLY if tablespaces are to be created as part of the installation.
				For details, see the example following the table.
				Note: When TDE is TRUE in ADV_SEC_OPTIONS, then it is mandatory for the <tablespaces> tag to be present in the xml file.</tablespaces>
<tablespace &gt;/ NAME</tablespace 	Logical Name of tablespace to be created.	Y		Name if specified should be referred in the <schema DEFAULTTABLESPACE= "##NAME##"&gt; attribute. Note the ## syntax.</schema 
<tablespace &gt;/ VALUE</tablespace 	Physical Name of the tablespace to be created	Y	NA	Value if specified will be the actual name of the TABLESPACE.
<tablespace &gt;/ DATAFILE</tablespace 	Specifies the location of the data file on the server	Y	NA	Enter the absolute path of the file to be created.
<tablespace &gt;/ AUTOEXTEND</tablespace 	Specifies if the tablespace should be extensible or have a hard limit	Y	ON or OFF	Set to ON to ensure that the tablespace does not run out of space when full.
<tablespace &gt;/ ENCRYPT</tablespace 	Specifies if the tablespace(s) should be encrypted using TDE.	Y	ON or OFF	Set to ON to ensure that the tablespaces when created are encrypted using TDE.

Table L–2 OFS\_ECM\_SCHEMA\_IN.XML Parameters

**Note:** Encryption of tablespaces requires to enabling Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) on the Database Server.

Example: (The following snippet shows that TDE is enabled and hence the tablespace has been shown with encryption ON.)

<ADV\_SEC\_OPTIONS>

<OPTION NAME="TDE" VALUE="FALSE"/>

<OPTION NAME="DATA REDACT" VALUE="FALSE" />

</ADV\_SEC\_OPTIONS>

<TABLESPACES>

<TABLESPACE NAME="OFS\_ECM\_DATA\_CM\_TBSP" VALUE="DATA\_CM\_TBSP" DATAFILE="/scratch/oraofss/app/oradata/Ti26012L64/case data 01.dbf" SIZE="512M" AUTOEXTEND="OFF" ENCRYPT="OFF"/>

<TABLESPACE NAME="OFS\_ECM\_IDX\_CM\_TBSP" VALUE="IDX\_CM\_TBSP" DATAFILE="/scratch/oraofss/app/oradata/Ti26012L64/case\_idx\_ 01.dbf" SIZE="512M" AUTOEXTEND="OFF" ENCRYPT="OFF" />

<TABLESPACE NAME="OFS\_COMM\_DATA\_TBSP" VALUE="COMM\_DATA\_TBSP" DATAFILE="/scratch/oraofss/app/oradata/Ti26012L64/comm\_data\_

01.dbf" SIZE="512M" AUTOEXTEND="OFF" ENCRYPT="OFF"/>

<TABLESPACE NAME="OFS ECM DATA CONF TBSP" VALUE="DATA CONF TBSP"

DATAFILE="/scratch/oraofss/app/oradata/Ti26012L64/comm\_data\_

01.dbf" SIZE="1024M" AUTOEXTEND="OFF" ENCRYPT="OFF"/>

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</SCHEMAS>

</TABLESPACES>

<SCHEMAS>

ID="OFS\_NGECM" DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS\_ECM\_DATA\_CM\_TBSP##" TEMPTABLESPACE="TEMP" QUOTA="10G" INFODOM="ECMINFO"/>

<SCHEMA TYPE="ATOMIC" NAME="ofsaaecm" PASSWORD="" APP</pre>

TEMPTABLESPACE="TEMP" QUOTA="10G" INFODOM="ECMINFO"/>

<SCHEMA TYPE="ATOMIC" NAME="ofsaaecm" PASSWORD="" APP</pre> ID="OFS IPE" DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS ECM DATA CM TBSP##"

TEMPTABLESPACE="TEMP" QUOTA="10G"/>

<SCHEMA TYPE="CONFIG" NAME="ofsaaconf" PASSWORD="" APP\_ ID="OFS\_AAI" DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS\_ECM\_DATA\_CONF\_TBSP##"

# Configuring OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml File

This section gives details about the OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml file.

# Configuring OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml file

To configure the OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml file, follow these steps.

- 1. Navigate to OFS\_AAAI\_PACK/OFS\_AAI/conf/directory.
- 2. Open the file OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml in text editor.
- 3. Configure the OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml as mentioned in Table M-1:
- **4.** You must manually set the InteractionVariable parameter values as mentioned in the table. If a value is not applicable, enter NA and ensure that the value is not entered as NULL.

InteractionVariable Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandato y
	<layer name="GENERAL"></layer>	
InteractionGroup name="	'WebServerType''	
WEBAPPSERVERTYPE	Identifies the web application server on which the OFSAA Infrastructure web components would be deployed.	Yes
	The following numeric value should be set depending on the type:	
	• Apache Tomcat = 1	
	• IBM WebSphere Application Server = 2	
	• Oracle WebLogic Server = 3	
	For example, <interactionvariable name="WEBAPPSERVERTYPE"&gt;3</interactionvariable 	
InteractionGroup name="	'OFSAA Infrastructure Server Details"	_
DBSERVER_IP	Identifies the hostname or IP address of the system on which the Database Engine is hosted.	Yes
	Note: For RAC Database, the value should be NA.	
	For example, <interactionvariable name="DBSERVER_&lt;br&gt;IP">14.15.16.17</interactionvariable> or <interactionvariable name="DBSERVER_IP"&gt;dbhost.server.com</interactionvariable 	
InteractionGroup name='	'Database Details''	

Table M–1	<b>OFSAA Infrastructure Installation Tasks and Descriptions</b>	

InteractionVariable Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandator y
ORACLE_	Identifies the Oracle DB Instance SID or SERVICE_NAME	Yes
SID/SERVICE_NAME	<b>Note</b> : The Oracle_SID value should be exactly the same as it is mentioned in JDBC_URL.	
	For example, <interactionvariable name="ORACLE_SID/SERVICE_&lt;br&gt;NAME">ofsaser</interactionvariable>	
ABS_DRIVER_PATH	Identifies the directory where the JDBC driver (ojdbc <version>.jar) exists. This would typically be the \$ORACLE_HOME/jdbc/lib</version>	Yes
	For example, <interactionvariable name="ABS_DRIVER_&lt;br&gt;PATH">"&gt;/oradata6/revwb7/oracle </interactionvariable>	
	<b>Note</b> : Refer Appendix O for identifying the correct "ojdbc <version>.jar" version to be copied.</version>	
InteractionGroup name="(	DLAP Detail"	+
OLAP_SERVER_ IMPLEMENTATION	Identifies if the OFSAA Infrastructure OLAP component needs to be configured depending on whether you intend to use the OLAP feature. The following numeric value should be set depending on the choice:	No
	• YES - 1	
	• NO - 0	
<b>Note:</b> If value for OLAP_SEI in.profile:	RVER_IMPLEMENTATION is set to $1$ , it checks for following environment variab	les are set
ARBORPATH, HYPERION_HON	ME and ESSBASEPATH.	
InteractionGroup name="5	SFTP Details"	
SFTP_ENABLE	Identifies if the SFTP (Secure File Transfer Protocol) feature is to be enabled. The following numeric value should be set depending on the choice:	Yes
	• For SFTP -1.	
	• For FTP - 0	
SFTP instead of FTP becau recommendation and to us OFSAAI administration in		this using the
Set SFTP_ENABLE to -1 to	o configure ftpshare and weblocal path as local path mounted for OFSAAI s	erver.
FILE_TRANSFER_PORT	Identifies the port used for the file transfer service. The default value specified is 22 (SFTP). Specify default value as 21 (FTP) if SFTP_ENABLE is 0. Alternatively, this value can be any Port configured by System Administrators to support SFTP/FTP.	Yes
	<pre>For example, <interactionvariable name="FILE_TRANSFER_&lt;br&gt;PORT">21</interactionvariable></pre>	
InteractionGroup name="]	Locale Detail"	•
LOCALE	Identifies the locale information to be used during the installation. This release of the OFSAA Infrastructure supports only US English.	Yes
	For example, <interactionvariable name="LOCALE">en_ US</interactionvariable>	
InteractionGroup name="0	OFSAA Infrastructure Communicating ports"	•
mentioned are set in the ir	are used internally by the various OFSAA Infrastructure services. The defaustallation. If you intend to specify a different value, update the parameter v is port value is in the range of 1025 to 65535 and the respective port is enable	alue
accordingly and ensure in		

Table M–1 (Cont.) OFSAA Infrastructure Installation Tasks and Descriptions

InteractionVariable Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandator y	
NATIVEPORT	6666	Yes	
AGENTPORT	6510	Yes	
ICCPORT	6507	Yes	
ICCNATIVEPORT	6509	Yes	
OLAPPORT	10101	Yes	
MSGPORT	6501	Yes	
ROUTERPORT	6500	Yes	
AMPORT	6505	Yes	
	S_ENABLE is set to 1, ensure you have a valid certificate available from a trus red on your web application server. Identifies if the UI should be accessed using HTTP or HTTPS scheme.	sted CA Yes	
	<pre>The default value set is 0. The following numeric value should be set depending on the choice:     YES - 1     NO - 0 For example, <interactionvariable name="HTTPS_ ENABLE">0</interactionvariable></pre>		
WEB_SERVER_IP	Identifies the HTTP Server IP/ Hostname or Web Application Server IP/ Hostname, to be used for accessing the UI. This IP would typically be the HTTP Server IP. If no separate HTTP Server is available, the value should be Web Application Server IP/Hostname.		
	For example, <interactionvariable name="WEB_SERVER_&lt;br&gt;IP">10.11.12.13</interactionvariable> or <interactionvariable name="WEB_SERVER_&lt;br&gt;IP">myweb.server.com</interactionvariable>		
WEB_SERVER_PORT	Identifies the Web Server Port. This would typically be <b>80</b> for non SSL and <b>443</b> for SSL. If no separate HTTP Server exists, the value should be the port configured for Web Server.		
	<b>Note:</b> The port value will not be accepted as 80 if HTTPS_ENABLE is 1 and as 443, if HTTPS_ENABLE is 0.		
	For example, <interactionvariable name="WEB_SERVER_&lt;br&gt;PORT">80</interactionvariable>		
CONTEXT_NAME	Identifies the web application context name which will be used to built the URL to access the OFSAA applications. The context name can be identified from a URL as follows:		
	<scheme>://<host>:<port>/<context-name>/login.jsp</context-name></port></host></scheme>		
	Sample URL: https://myweb:443/ofsaadev/login.jsp		
	For example, <interactionvariable name="CONTEXT_&lt;br&gt;NAME">ofsaadev</interactionvariable>		

Table M–1 (Cont.) OFSAA Infrastructure Installation Tasks and Descriptions

InteractionVariable Name	Significance and Expected Value	Mandator y	
WEBAPP_CONTEXT_ PATH	Identifies the absolute path of the exploded .ear file on the web application server.	Yes	
	For Tomcat, specify the Tomcat directory path till /webapps, such as /oradata6/revwb7/tomcat/webapps/.		
	For WebSphere, enter the WebSphere path as <websphere profile<br="">directory&gt;/installedApps/ <nodecellname>. For example, /data2/test//WebSphere/AppServer/profiles/<profile_ Name&gt;/installedApps/aix-imfNode01Cell. Where aix-imf is Host name.</profile_ </nodecellname></websphere>		
	For WebLogic, provide the WebLogic home directory path as / <weblogic directory="" home="" path="">/bea/wlserver_10.3</weblogic>		
	<b>Note:</b> For WebLogic, value specified for this attribute is ignored and value provided against attribute WEBLOGIC_DOMAIN_HOME is considered.		
WEB_LOCAL_PATH	Identifies the absolute path to any directory on the web application server that can hold temporary files being uploaded as part of the applications usage.		
	Note: In case of a clustered deployment, ensure this path and directory is same on all the nodes.		
InteractionGroup name='	Weblogic Setup Details"		
WEBLOGIC_DOMAIN_	Identifies the WebLogic Domain Home.	Yes	
HOME	For example, <interactionvariable name="WEBLOGIC_DOMAIN_&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Specify&lt;br&gt;the value&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td colspan=4&gt;HOME">/home/weblogic/bea/user_projects/domains/mydomain</interactionvariable>		
		only if WEBSER VERTYPE is set as 3 (WebLogi c)	
InteractionGroup name='	'OFSAAI FTP Details"		
OFSAAI_FTPSHARE_ PATH	Identifies the absolute path to the directory identified as file system stage area.	Yes	
	Note:		
	• The directory should exist on the same system on which the OFSAA Infrastructure is being installed (can be on a separate mount).		
	• The user mentioned in the following APP_SFTP_USER_ID parameter should have RWX permission on the directory.		
	For example, <interactionvariable name="APP_FTPSHARE_&lt;br&gt;PATH">"&gt;/oradata6/revwb7/ftpshare</interactionvariable>		
OFSAAI_SFTP_USER_ ID	Identifies the user who has RWX permissions on the directory identified under the preceding parameter APP_FTPSHARE_PATH.	Yes	
OFSAAI_SFTP_	Identifies the SFTP private key for OFSAAI.	No	
PRIVATE_KEY	For example,		
	<pre><interactionvariable name="OFSAAI_SFTP_PRIVATE_&lt;br&gt;KEY">/home/ofsaapp/.ssh/id_rsa</interactionvariable></pre>		
	By default, the value is NA, which indicates password will be prompted for the user <ofsaai_sftp_user_id> for authentication.</ofsaai_sftp_user_id>		
	For more information on generating SFTP Private key, see the Setting Up SFTP Private Key section.		

Table M–1 (Cont.) OFSAA Infrastructure Installation Tasks and Descriptions

InteractionVariable Name	Significance and Expected Value				
OFSAAI_SFTP_	Identifies the passphrase for the SFTP private key for OFSAAI.	No			
PASSPHRASE	For example,				
	InteractionVariable name="OFSAAI_SFTP_PASSPHRASE">enter a pass phrase here				
	By default, the value is NA.				
	If OFSAAI_SFTP_PRIVATE_KEY value is given and this is kept as NA, then it is assumed as empty passphrase.				
InteractionGroup name='	'Hive Details"				
The default value set for t Configuration.	he interaction variables under this group is set as NA. These are required on	ly for Hive			
HIVE_SERVER_PORT	Identifies the port used for the file transfer service. The default value set is 22 (SFTP). Set this value as 21 for FTP.				
	For example,	Configura tion			
	InteractionVariable name="HIVE_SERVER_ PORT">22				
HIVE_SERVER_ FTPDRIVE	Identifies the absolute path to the directory identified as file system stage area of HIVE server.	Yes, only for HIVE Configura			
	ti				
	InteractionVariable name="HIVE_SERVER_ FTPDRIVE">/scratch/ofsaa/ftpshare				
HIVE_SERVER_FTP_ USERID	Identifies the user who has RWX permissions on the directory identified under the preceding parameter HIVE_SERVER_FTPDRIVE.	Yes, only for HIVE			
	For example,	Configura tion			
	InteractionVariable name="HIVE_SERVER_FTP_ USERID">ofsaa				
HIVE_SERVER_FTP_ PROTOCOL	If the HIVE_SERVER_PORT is 21, then set value as FTP, else set it as SFTP.	Yes, only for HIVE			
	For example,	Configura tion			
	InteractionVariable name="HIVE_SERVER_FTP_ PROTOCOL">SFTP				
HIVE_SFTP_PRIVATE_	Identifies the SFTP private key for the HIVE server.	Yes, only			
KEY	For example,	for HIVE Configura			
	<interactionvariable name="HIVE_SFTP_PRIVATE_&lt;br&gt;KEY">/scratch/testuser/.ssh/id_rsa</interactionvariable>	tion			
	By default, the value is NA, which indicates password will be prompted for the user <hive_server_ftp_userid> for authentication.</hive_server_ftp_userid>				
	For more information on generating SFTP Private key, see the Setting Up SFTP Private Key section.				
HIVE_SFTP_	Identifies the passphrase for the SFTP private key for HIVE.	Yes, only			
PASSPHRASE	For example,	for HIVE Configura			
	<interactionvariable name="HIVE_SFTP_&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;tion&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;PASSPHRASE">NA</interactionvariable>				
	By default, the value is NA.				
	If HIVE_SFTP_PRIVATE_KEY value is given and this is kept as NA, then it is assumed as empty passphrase.				

 Table M–1 (Cont.) OFSAA Infrastructure Installation Tasks and Descriptions

# **Migrating for Excel Upload Functionality**

This section provides detailed instructions to migrate excel upload functionality.

# Prerequisites

The following are the prerequisites for migration.

- "Data model in ATOMIC schemas should be same on the source and target setups
- "OFS AAI (platform) patch level version should be same on the source and target setups.
- "PL/SQL Developer to connect and query the database.
- "WinSCP to connect and access server file system.

# **Migrating Excel Upload**

To migrate, follow these steps:

- **1.** Open PL/SQL Developer and log in to the source setup's configuration (CONFIG) schema by entering the appropriate username and password.
- 2. In a new SQL window query the data of table EXCEL\_MAPPING\_MASTER.
- **3.** Open a new session in PL/SQL developer and log in to the target setup's configuration (CONFIG) schema by entering the appropriate username and password.
- 4. Insert the records from Step 1 above in to this table.
- **5.** In V\_INFODOM column of EXCEL\_MAPPING\_MASTER table update the infodom name with the target infodom name.

**Note:** If all the mappings can work out of the single target Infodom, update same Infodom value across all rows. If only few mappings will work out of the target infodom, update the infodom value for selective records. Kindly note, excel upload mappings will work only if the target infodom has same data model entities as used in the mappings defined on source setup.

**6.** Update V\_CREATED\_BY column with the name of any user present in the target setup that has appropriate roles to perform Excel Upload tasks.

**Note:** It is mandatory to update values for V\_INFODOM and V\_ CREATED\_BY columns.

- **7.** Open WinSCP and login a new session by entering the host name, port number, user name and password to access the source setup.
- **8.** Navigate to the folder referred as FTPSHARE.
- 9. Copy the excel-entity mapping xml file(s) which are located in this folder according to their folder structure on to your desktop. For example: /ftpshare /STAGE/ExcelUpload/\$SOURCE\_INFODOM\_NAME/\$EXCEL\_FILE\_NAME.xml

**Note:** Actual file name of Excel Sheet is mentioned in the V\_EXCEL\_ NAME column of EXCEL\_MAPPING\_MASTER table.

10. Copy the excel templates (.xls/ .xlsx) file(s) which are located in this folder according to their folder structure on to your desktop. For example: /ftpshare/STAGE/ExcelUpload/TEMPLATE/\*.xls or \*.xlsx

**Note:** Ignore this step if files are not present at the location.

- **11.** Login a new session in WinSCP by entering the host name, port number, user name and password to access the target setup.
- 12. Copy the xml file(s) from Step3 to the below location in the target setup. For example: /ftpshare/STAGE/ExcelUpload/\$TARGET\_INFODOM\_NAME/\$EXCEL\_FILE\_ NAME.xml

**Note:** \$TARGET\_INFODOM\_NAME should be target setup infodom in which you have uploaded the appropriate data model and the name should be same as the V\_INFODOM column value updated in EXCEL\_MAPPING\_MASTER table.

**13.** Copy the xls/ xlsx file(s) from Step 3 to the below location in target setup. For example: /ftpshare/STAGE/ExcelUpload/TEMPLATE/\*.xls or \*.xlsx

**Note:** Ignore this step if files are not present at the location.

# 0

# **JDBC Jar Files**

The ojdbc<version>.jar file should be copied based on the Oracle Database version and the supported Java (JRE/ JDK) versions. See Table O-1 for details.

Table O–1 JDBC Jar files version details

Oracle Database Version	JDK/JRE Version Supported	JDBC Jar files specific to the release
12.1 or 12cR1	JDK 8, JDK 7 and JDK 8	ojdbc7.jar for JDK 7/JDK 8
		ojdbc6.jar for JDK 6
11.2 or 11gR2	JDK 6 & JDK 5	ojdbc6.jar for JDK 7
	JDK 7 supported in 11.2.0.3	ojdbc6.jar for JDK 6
	and 11.2.0.4	ojdbc5.jar for JDK 5

# Upgrading an Existing OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 Instance to Java 8

This section explains the configurations required to upgrade an existing OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8. It consists of the following topics:

- Prerequisites
- Upgrading OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8
- Configuring Web application server
- Configuring User .profile Settings
- Configuring OFSAA for New Web application server Installation

### **Prerequisites**

The following are the prerequisites for upgrading OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8:

- Java 8 should be installed on the OFSAA server and Web application server.
- Oracle WebLogic Server should be 12.1.3.0 or above. Download and install patch 18729264 from http://support.oracle.com/ for the same.

# Upgrading OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8

To upgrade OFSAA 8.0.x Java 7 instance to Java 8, follow these steps:

- 1. Configure Web application server to Java 8. For more information, see Configuring Web application server.
- 2. Configure the OFSAA instance to Java 8. For more information, see Configurations for Java 8. For a newly installed Web application server, see Configuring OFSAA for New Web application server Installation
- **3.** Restart the OFSAA services. For more information, see the *Start/Stop Infrastructure Services* section in Appendix E
- **4.** Generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server. For more information on generating and deploying EAR / WAR file, see Appendix D.

### Configuring Web application server

This section describes the changes to be made in the Web application server. Following are the two options to perform Web application server Configurations which are listed as follows:

- Upgrade the existing Web application server installation to Java 8
- Install a new instance of the Web application server with Java 8

This section consists of the following topics:

- Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server
- Upgrading Apache Tomcat Server

#### Upgrading Oracle WebLogic Server

Perform the following configurations to upgrade the existing WebLogic server instance to Java 8:

- 1. Navigate to <WLS\_HOME>/Middleware/Oracle\_Home/wlserver.
- 2. Edit the product.properties file. Set JAVA\_HOME, WLS\_JAVA\_HOME, JAVAHOME properties to the new Java path and java.vm.version to the new Java version. For example,

```
JAVA_HOME=/usr/java/jre1.8.0_45
WLS_JAVA_HOME=/usr/java/jre1.8.0_45
JAVAHOME=/usr/java/jre1.8.0_45
```

java.vm.version=1.8.0\_45

3. Navigate to <WLS\_HOME>/Middleware/Oracle\_Home/user\_ projects/domains/<domain>/bin. Update SUN\_JAVA\_HOME, DEFAULT\_ JAVA\_HOME, JAVA\_HOME in the setDomainEnv.sh file to point to the new Java path. For example,

```
SUN_JAVA_HOME="/usr/java/jre1.8.0_45"
```

DEFAULT\_SUN\_JAVA\_HOME="/usr/java/jre1.8.0\_45"

JAVA\_HOME="/usr/java/jre1.8.0\_45"

4. Clear the Application cache. Navigate to the following path and delete the files:

```
<WebLogic installation location>/domains/<Domain name>/servers/<Server name>/tmp/_WL_user/<Application name>/qaelce/jsp_servlet
```

If you wish to install a new instance of the Oracle WebLogic Server, follow these steps:

- 1. Install Oracle WebLogic Server 12.1.3.x on Java 8.
- 2. Perform the configurations for the newly installed WebLogic server. For more information, see Configuring Resource Reference in WebLogic Application Server.

**Note:** While creating WebLogic Domain, the Listen Port should be set same as that of the existing Domain.

Note down the new Domain path to perform OFSAA Configurations.

#### Upgrading Apache Tomcat Server

Perform the following configurations to upgrade the existing Apache Tomcat Server from Java 7 to Java 8:

- 1. Login to the Apache Tomcat Server as a non-root user.
- 2. Edit the user .profile. Update the value for JAVA\_HOME from JRE 1.7 to JRE 1.8. For Example,

JAVA\_HOME=/usr/java/jre1.8.0\_45

**3.** Clear the Application cache. Navigate to the following path and delete the files:

```
<Tomcat installation folder>/work/Catalina/localhost/<Application name>/org/apache/jsp
```

If you wish to install a new instance of the Apache Tomcat Server, follow these steps:

- 1. Install Apache Tomcat Server 8 with Java 8.
- 2. Perform the configurations for the newly installed Tomcat server. For more information, see Configuring Resource Reference in Tomcat Application Server.

**Note:** Update the Connector Port in /apache-tomcat-8.0.21/conf/server.xml file to that of the existing Tomcat instance.

Note down the new deployment path to perform OFSAA Configurations.

### Configuring User .profile Settings

Perform the following configurations:

- 1. Login to the OFSAA Server as a non-root user.
- 2. Edit the user.profile. Update the value for PATH variable from JRE 1.7 to JRE 1.8. For Example,

PATH=/usr/java/jre 1.8.0\_45/jre

JAVA\_BIN=/usr/java/jre 1.8.0\_45/jre/bin

LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH=\$LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH:/usr/java/jre 1.8.0\_ 45/jre/lib/amd64/server

### Configuring OFSAA for New Web application server Installation

This configuration is required only if you have freshly installed Oracle WebLogic 12.1.3 or Apache Tomcat Server 8.0. Follow these steps:

- 1. Modify the following parameters in the Configuration table present in the Config Schema with the new Domain Path in case of WebLogic or with the new deployment path in case of Tomcat:
  - DeFiHome
  - REV\_IMG\_PATH

- EMBEDDED\_JSP\_JS\_PATH
- **2.** Login to the OFSAA Server as a non-root user.
- **3.** Navigate to \$FIC\_HOME/ficweb/webroot/WEB\_INF and update the following parameters in the web.xml file with the new Domain path in case of WebLogic or with the new deployment path in case of Tomcat:
  - FIC\_PHYSICAL\_HOME\_LOC
  - FIC\_HOME
  - ICC\_SERVLET\_LOG\_FILE
- **4.** Navigate to \$FIC\_HOME/ficweb/webroot/conf and update the Domain path in case of WebLogic or with the new deployment path in case of Tomcat:
  - OFSAALogger.xml
  - MDBLogger.xml
  - RevLog4jConfig.xml
  - RFDLogger.xml
  - ExportLog4jConfig.xml
  - RFDLogger.xml
  - PR2Logger.xml

# **Removing OFSAA**

This chapter includes the following sections:

- Uninstalling OFSAA Infrastructure
- Uninstalling EAR Files in WebSphere
- Uninstalling EAR Files in WebLogic
- Uninstalling WAR Files in Tomcat

# Uninstalling OFSAA Infrastructure

This section will guide you through the necessary steps to uninstall the OFSAA Infrastructure product.

Before you start the uninstallation process, ensure that no open connections exist to the OFSAA Infrastructure Config and Atomic Schemas and Infrastructure services are brought down.

To uninstall OFSAA Infrastructure:

- 1. Log in to the system as non-root user.
- 2. Navigate to the \$FIC\_HOME directory and execute the command:

./Uninstall.sh

**3.** Enter the password for OFSAAI Configuration Schema when prompted as shown in the following figure.

#### Figure 7–20 Uninstalling OFSAA Infrastructure

#### Note:

- Uninstallation does not remove the Infrastructure application from the Web application server. This has to be done manually.
- The entries in the .profile file will have to be removed manually.
- The files/ folders under the file system staging area (ftpshare) have to be deleted manually.
- All the Database objects from Atomic Schemas have to be dropped manually.

# Uninstalling EAR Files in WebSphere

Following are the steps to uninstall any previously deployed application:

- Open the URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<Administrative Console Port>/ibm/console (https if SSL is enabled). The Login window is displayed.
- 2. Login with the user id that has admin rights.
- **3.** Expand Applications > Application Types > WebSphere enterprise applications from the LHS. The *Enterprise Applications* window is displayed with all the deployed applications.

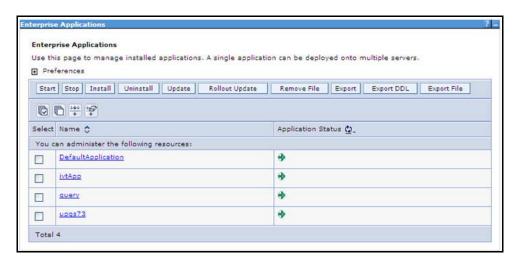


Figure 7–21 Enterprise Applications

- **4.** Select the check box adjacent to the application to be uninstalled and click **Stop**.
- 5. Click Uninstall. The Uninstall Application window is displayed.

Figure 7–22 Uninstall Application

lick OK to remove the fo o the previous page.	ollowing application(s). If y	rou do not want to remove the applications, click Cancel to retur
Name		
AIXGAST		

- 6. Click OK to confirm.
- 7. Click **Save** to save the master file configuration.

### Uninstalling EAR Files in WebLogic

On the machine that hosts WebLogic, perform the following steps to uninstall any previously deployed application:

- Open the URL in the browser window: http://<ipaddress>:<admin server port>/console (https if SSL is enabled). The *Login* window of the WebLogic Server Administration Console is displayed.
- 2. Login with the WebLogic user credentials having administrator privileges.
- **3.** From the **Domain Structure** LHS menu, click **Deployments**. The *Summary of Deployments* screen is displayed.

Figure 7–23 Summary of Deployments

mmary	of Deployments						
ontrol	Monitoring						
(redeple To insta Custor Deploy	oyed), or deleted from all a new application or nize this table ments	n the domai module for	cations and stand-alone application modules that have been n by first selecting the application name and using the cont deployment to targets in this domain, click the Install butto	rols on this pay		stalled applications and module	es can be started, stopped, updated
install	Update Delete	Start~	Stop ¥			S	howing 1 to 1 of 1 Previous   Nex
-		1					
	Hama 🖉	-	When work completes	Chaba	Hasteh	Turne	Danlaumant Ordan
	Name 🚕		When work completes Force Stop Now	State	Health	Туре	Deployment Order
<b>&gt;</b>	Name A		More thank the second se	State Active	Health	Type Enterprise Application	Deployment Order

- **4.** Select the check box adjacent to the application to be uninstalled and click **Stop**> **Force Stop Now**.
- 5. Click Yes in the confirmation dialog to stop the selected deployment.

Figure 7–24 Summary of Deployments- Messages

- **6.** Select the check box adjacent to the application and click **Delete** to delete the selected deployment.
- **7.** Click **Yes** in the confirmation dialog to remove the selected deployment from the domain configuration.

### **Uninstalling WAR Files in Tomcat**

On the machine that hosts Tomcat, perform the following steps to uninstall any previously deployed application:

 Comment out Context path section from server.xml file in \$CATALINA\_HOME/conf directory to avoid conflict during undeploy and re-deploy of the WAR file.

Place comment <!-- --> in between the context path section. For example:

```
<!--
<Context path ="/pr2test"
docBase="/home/perfuser/tomcat-7.0.19/webapps/pr2test" debug="0"
reloadable="true" crossContext="true">
<Resource auth="Container"
name="jdbc/PR2ATM"
type="javax.sql.DataSource"
driverClassName="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"
username="pr2atm"
password="pr2atm"
url="jdbc:oracle:thin:@10.184.74.99:1521:PERFTEST"
maxActive="100"
maxIdle="30"
maxWait="10000"/>
</Context>
```

-->

Restart the Tomcat service by doing the following:

- d. Login to the "Unix server" through a terminal emulator.
- e. Navigate to \$catalina\_home/bin directory.
- f. Stop the tomcat services using the command ./shutdown.sh
- g. Start the tomcat services using the command ./startup.sh
- 2. Open the URL in a browser window: http://<IP address>:<Tomcat server port>. (https if SSL is enabled). The *Tomcat home* window is displayed.
- **3.** Click the **Manager App.** The *Connect to* window is displayed.
- 4. Login with the user credentials having admin rights. The *Tomcat Web Application Manager* window is displayed with the list of all applications deployed in Tomcat.

		Tomcat	t Web Appli	lication Manager
Manager				
List Applications		HTML Manager Help		Manager Help Server State
Applications	at the second second			
Path	Display Name	Running	Sessions	Commands
L	Welcome to Tomcat	true	٩	Start Stog Reload Underlow Expire sessions with idle a 30 minutes
(doca	Tomcat Documentation	true	٩	Start <u>Stop Relaad Undeplox</u> Expire sessions with idle x 30 minutes
		1202	1.2	Start Stop Reload Undeploy
/examples	Serviet and JSP Examples	true	٩	Expire sessions with idle a 30 minutes
	1			Start Stop Reload Undeploy
/host-manager	Tomcat Manager Application	true	2	Expire sessions with Idle 2 30 minutes
		-		Start Stop Reload Undeploy
manager	Tomcat Manager Application	true	Q	Expire sessions with idle 2 30 minutes
/ofsaaiot	Reveleus web Application	true	1	Start Stop Reload Undeploy

#### Figure 7–25 Tomcat Web Application Manager

**5.** Click the **Undeploy** link against the deployed Infrastructure application. A confirmation message is displayed on the application /Infrastructure being uninstalled.

# Configuring Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) and Data Redaction in OFSAA

Two features comprise Oracle Advanced Security: Transparent Data Encryption and Oracle Data Redaction

This section details about the configurations required in case you want to enable TDE or Data Redaction in OFSAA applications.

This section includes the following:

- Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)
- Data Redaction

# **Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)**

Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) enables you to encrypt sensitive data, such as Personally Identifiable Information (PII), that you store in tables and tablespaces. After the data is encrypted, this data is transparently decrypted for authorized users or applications when they access this data. To prevent unauthorized decryption, TDE stores the encryption keys in a security module external to the database, called a Keystore. For more details on TDE, see the Database Advanced Security Guide. TDE tablespace encryption enables you to encrypt all of the data stored in a tablespace. To control the encryption, you use a Keystore and TDE master encryption key. Oracle Database supports both software keystores and hardware, or HSM-based, keystores. A software keystore is a container for the TDE master encryption key, and it resides in the software file system.

### Configuring TDE During Enterprise Case Management Installation Using Full Installer

This section provides information on how to enable TDE (Transparent Data Encryption) in the database. This section consists of the following sub sections:

- Configuring a Software Keystore and Encrypted Tablespace Creation
- Running the Schema Creator Utility With Encryption
- Testing the Encryption

#### **Configuring a Software Keystore and Encrypted Tablespace Creation**

A software keystore is a container for the TDE master encryption key, and it resides in the software file system. You must define a location for the key in the sqlnet.ora file so that the database locates the keystore (one per database) by checking the keystore

location in the sqlnet.ora file. After defining the location, create the keystore and open it. Set the TDE master key after opening it and then encrypt the data

To find whether a wallet is already existing, check the following entries:

- The location specified by the ENCRYPTION\_WALLET\_LOCATION parameter in the sqlnet.ora file.
- The location specified by the WALLET\_LOCATION parameter in the sqlnet.ora file.

Encrypted tablespaces can share the default database wallet. However, Oracle recommends that you use a separate wallet for transparent data encryption functionality by specifying the ENCRYPTION\_WALLET\_LOCATION parameter in the sqlnet.ora file.

**Note:** NOTE: You should have proper privileges to perform the following actions.

For details to configure the software keystore, perform the following steps:

#### Step 1: Set the Software keystore location in the sqlnet.ora file

The first step is to designate a location for software keystore in the sqlnet.ora file. The Oracle Database will check the sqlnet.ora file for the directory location of the keystore to determine whether it is a software keystore or a hardware module security (HSM) keystore

**Note:** Ensure that the directory location which you want to set for software keystore exists beforehand. Preferably, this directory should be empty.

In a multitenant environment, the keystore location is set for the entire multitenant container database (CDB), not for individual pluggable databases (PDBs).

By default, the sqlnet.ora file is located in the ORACLE\_ HOME/network/admin directory or in the location set by the TNS\_ ADMIN environment variable. Ensure that you have properly set the TNS\_ADMIN environment variable to point to the correct sqlnet.ora file.

To create a software keystore on a regular file system, use the following format when you edit the sqlnet.ora file:

ENCRYPTION\_WALLET\_LOCATION=

(SOURCE=

(METHOD=FILE)

(METHOD\_DATA=

(DIRECTORY=<<pre>path to keystore>>)))

#### **Examples:**

For regular file system in which the database name is orclb:

```
ENCRYPTION_WALLET_LOCATION=
```

(SOURCE=

(METHOD=FILE)

(METHOD\_DATA=

(DIRECTORY=/etc/ORACLE/WALLETS/orcl)))

When multiple databases share the sqlnet.ora file:

ENCRYPTION\_WALLET\_LOCATION=

(SOURCE=

(METHOD=FILE)

(METHOD\_DATA=

(DIRECTORY=/etc/ORACLE/WALLETS/orcl)))

#### When Oracle Automatic Storage Management (ASM) is configured:

ENCRYPTION\_WALLET\_LOCATION=

(SOURCE=

(METHOD=FILE)

(METHOD\_DATA=

(DIRECTORY=+disk1/mydb/wallet)))

#### For ASM Diskgroup:

ENCRYPTION\_WALLET\_LOCATION=

(SOURCE=

(METHOD=FILE)

(METHOD\_DATA=

(DIRECTORY=+ASM\_file\_path\_of\_the\_diskgroup)))

#### Step 2: Create the Software Keystore

There are three different types of Software Keystores:

- Password-based Software Keystores
- Auto-login Software Keystores
- Local Auto-login Software Keystores

Perform the following steps to create a software keystore:

- 1. Login as sysdba or user with ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT or SYSKM privilege.
- 2. Use the following command to create password-based software keystore:

CONN sys/password@serviceid AS SYSDBA

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT CREATE KEYSTORE 'keystore\_location' IDENTIFIED BY software\_keystore\_password;

- keystore\_location is the path of the keystore directory you want to create
- software\_keystore\_password is the password of the keystore that you want to create.

For example, to create the keystore in the /etc/ORACLE/WALLETS/orcl directory:

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT CREATE KEYSTORE '/etc/ORACLE/WALLETS/orcl' IDENTIFIED BY password;

After you run this statement, the ewallet.p12 file, which is the keystore, appears in the keystore location.

Alternatively, you can create an Auto-Login or Local-Login Keystore to avoid opening the Keystore manually every time. Use the following command:

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT CREATE [LOCAL] AUTO\_LOGIN KEYSTORE FROM KEYSTORE 'keystore\_location' IDENTIFIED BY keystore\_password;

LOCAL enables you to create a local auto-login software keystore. Otherwise, omit this clause if you want the keystore to be accessible by other computers.

After you run this statement, the cwallet.sso file appears in the keystore location.

**Note:** It is important to remember the master key password (<keystore\_password>) used during creation of the keystore. There are no ways to retrieve the password if forgotten.

#### Step 3: Open the Software Keystore

Depending on the type of keystore you create, you must manually open the keystore before you can use it.

You do not need to manually open auto-login or local auto-login software keystores. These keystore are automatically opened when it is required, that is, when an encryption operation must access the key. If necessary, you can explicitly close any of these types of keystores. You can check the status of whether a keystore is open, closed, open but with no master key, or open but with an unknown master key by querying the STATUS column of the V\$ENCRYPTION\_WALLET view.

**Note:** After you open a keystore, it remains open until you manually close it. Each time you restart a database instance, you must manually open the password keystore to re-enable encryption and decryption operations.

Perform the following steps to open the software wallet:

- 1. Login as sysdba or user with ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT or SYSKM privilege.
- **2.** Use the following command to open password-based software keystore:

CONN sys/password@serviceid AS SYSDBA

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT SET KEYSTORE OPEN IDENTIFIED BY software\_ keystore\_password [CONTAINER = ALL | CURRENT];

- software\_keystore\_password is the same password that you used to create the keystore in "Step 2: Create the Software Keystore".
- CONTAINER is for use in a multitenant environment. Enter ALL to set the keystore in all of the PDBs in this CDB, or CURRENT for the current PDB.

**Note:** In a CDB, open the Keystore in the ROOT (CDB\$ROOT) container and in all the associated PDBs, where TDE is enabled.

You do not need to manually open auto-login or local auto-login software Keystores.

#### Step 4: Set the Software TDE Master Encryption Key

Once the keystore is open, you can set a TDE master encryption key for it. The TDE master encryption key is stored in the keystore. This key protects the TDE table keys and tablespace encryption keys. By default, the TDE master encryption key is a key that Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) generates.

In a multitenant environment, you can create and manage the TDE master encryption key from either the root or the PDB.

Ensure that the database OPEN\_MODE is set as READ WRITE. To find the status for a non-multitenant environment, query the OPEN\_MODE column of the V\$DATABASE dynamic view. If you are using a multitenant environment, then query the V\$PDBS view. (If you cannot access these views, then connect as SYSDBA and try the query again. In order to connect as SYSKM for this type of query, you must create a password file for it. See Oracle Database Administrator's Guide for more information.)

Perform the following steps to set the encryption key:

- 1. Login as sysdba or user with ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT or SYSKM privilege
- **2**. Use the following command to set the encryption key:

CONN sys/password@serviceid AS SYSDBA

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT SET KEY [USING TAG 'tag'] IDENTIFIED BY password [WITH BACKUP [USING 'backup\_identifier']] [CONTAINER = ALL | CURRENT];

- tag is the associated attributes and information that you define. Enclose this setting in single quotation marks (' ').
- password is the mandatory keystore password that you created when you created the keystore in "Step 2: Create the Software Keystore".
- WITH BACKUP creates a backup of the keystore. You must use this option for password-based keystores. Optionally, you can use the USING clause to add a brief description of the backup. Enclose this description in single quotation marks (' '). This identifier is appended to the named keystore file (for example, ewallet\_time\_stamp\_emp\_key\_backup.p12, with emp\_key\_backup being the backup identifier). Follow the file naming conventions that your operating system uses.
- CONTAINER is for use in a multitenant environment. Enter ALL to set the key in all of the PDBs in this CDB, or CURRENT for the current PDB.

#### For example,

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT SET KEY IDENTIFIED BY password WITH BACKUP USING 'emp\_key\_backup';

#### Step 5: Encrypting your Data

After completing the keystore configuration, encrypt the data. You can encrypt individual columns in a table or entire tablespaces. OFSAA recommends encrypting entire tablespaces and the description in this section covers encrypting entire tablespaces.

Note the following restrictions on using Transparent Data Encryption when you encrypt a tablespace:

- Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) tablespace encryption encrypts or decrypts data during read and write operations, as compared to TDE column encryption, which encrypts and decrypts data at the SQL layer. This means that most restrictions that apply to TDE column encryption, such as data type restrictions and index type restrictions, do not apply to TDE tablespace encryption.
- To perform import and export operations, use Oracle Data Pump.

Encrypting data involves the following steps:

- 1. Setting the COMPATIBLE initialization parameter for tablespace encryption
- 2. Setting the tablespace TDE master encryption key
- 3. Creating the Encrypted Tablespace

#### Step 1: Setting the COMPATIBLE initialization parameter for tablespace encryption

Prerequisite- You must set the COMPATIBLE initialization parameter for the database to 11.2.0.0 or later. Once you set this parameter to 11.2.0.0, the change is irreversible.

Perform the following steps to set the COMPATIBLE initialization parameter:

- 1. Log into the database instance. In a multitenant environment, log into the PDB.
- 2. Check the current setting of the COMPATIBLE parameter.

For example:

 Table R–1
 SHOW PARAMETER COMPATIBLE

Name	Туре	Value
Compatible	String	12.0.0.0
noncdbcompatible	Boolean	False

- **3.** If you want to change the COMPATIBLE parameter, perform the following steps:
  - 1. Locate the initialization parameter file for the database instance.

UNIX systems: This file is in the ORACLE\_HOME/dbs directory and is named initORACLE\_SID.ora (for example, initmydb.ora).

**2.** In SQL\*Plus, connect as a user who has the SYSDBA administrative privilege, and then shut down the database.

```
For example:
CONNECT /AS SYSDBA
SHUTDOWN
```

**3.** Edit the initialization parameter file to use the correct COMPATIBLE setting. For example:

```
COMPATIBLE = 12.2.0.0
```

**4.** In SQL\*Plus, ensure that you are connected as a user who has the SYSDBA administrative privilege, and then start the database.

For example: CONNECT /AS SYSDBA STARTUP

**5.** If tablespace encryption is in use, then open the keystore at the database mount. The keystore must be open before you can access data in an encrypted tablespace.

STARTUP MOUNT;

ADMINISTER KEY MANAGEMENT SET KEYSTORE OPEN IDENTIFIED BY password;

ALTER DATABASE OPEN;

#### Step 2: Setting the tablespace TDE master encryption key

Make sure that you have configured the TDE master encryption key as shown in Step 4: Setting the software TDE master encryption key.

#### Step 3: Creating the Encrypted Tablespace

After you have set the COMPATIBLE initialization parameter, you are ready to create the encrypted tablespace.

Follow the instruction given in Running the Schema Creator Utility with Encryption section for configuring the schema creator file to create tablespaces.

If you are enabling TDE in case of upgrade or you did not enable it during installation and want to enable at a later point of time, see the following reference link for details on manually creating encrypted tablespaces:

```
https://docs.oracle.com/cloud/latest/db121/ASOAG/asotrans_
config.htm#ASOAG9555
```

#### Running the Schema Creator Utility With Encryption

This section is applicable only if you want to enable TDE during installation.

Run the schema creator utility by including the **encrypt=on** option in the Tablespace tag in the <<APP PACK>>\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml file. You have to perform this procedure manually as it is not a part of the <<APP PACK>>\_SCHEMA\_IN.xml.TEMPLATE originally.

Following is an example for OFS \_AAAI\_PACK\_ SCHEMA\_IN.xml

<APPPACKSCHEMA>

<APP\_PACK\_ID>OFS\_AAAI\_PACK</APP\_PACK\_ID>

</JDBC\_URL>jdbc:oracle:thin:@<DB\_Server\_IP>:1521:<DB\_NAME></JDBC\_URL>

<JDBC\_DRIVER>oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver</JDBC\_DRIVER>

<HOST><OFSAA\_Server\_IP/HOST Name></HOST>

<SETUPINFO NAME="<PREFIX\_NAME>" PREFIX\_SCHEMA\_NAME="Y"/>

<PASSWORD APPLYSAMEFORALL="Y" DEFAULT="<PASSWORD>"/>

<TABLESPACES>

<TABLESPACE NAME="OFS\_AAI\_TBSP" VALUE="TS\_USERS1" DATAFILE="<ABSOLUTE PATH to TABLESPACE>/<TABLESPACE\_DATA\_FILE\_NAME>.dbf" SIZE="500M" AUTOEXTEND="OFF" ENCRYPT="ON" />

</TABLESPACES>

#### <SCHEMAS>

```
<SCHEMA TYPE="CONFIG" NAME="ofsaaconf" PASSWORD="" APP_ID="OFS_AAI"
DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS_AAI_TBSP##" TEMPTABLESPACE="TEMP"
QUOTA="unlimited"/>
```

<SCHEMA TYPE="ATOMIC" NAME="ofsaaatm" PASSWORD="" APP\_ID="OFS\_AAAI"
DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS\_AAI\_TBSP##" TEMPTABLESPACE="TEMP"
QUOTA="unlimited" INFODOM="OFSAAAIINFO"/>

<SCHEMA TYPE="ATOMIC" NAME="ofsaaatm" PASSWORD="" APP\_ID="OFS\_IPE" DEFAULTTABLESPACE="##OFS\_AAI\_TBSP##" TEMPTABLESPACE="TEMP" QUOTA="unlimited" INFODOM="OFSAAAIINFO"/>

</SCHEMAS>

Table R-2

</APPPACKSCHEMA>

#### Testing the Encryption

Test the encryption by checking if a tablespace is encrypted or not. Execute the following query to check:

SELECT tablespace\_name, encrypted FROM dba\_tablespaces;

The following result is displayed, which indicates whether the TABLESPACE is encrypted or not in the ENCRYPTED column:

TABLESPACE_NAME	ENCRYPTED	
SYSTEM	No	
SYSAUX	No	
UNDOTBS1	No	
TEMP	No	
USERS	No	
ENCRYPTED_TS	Yes	
6 rows selected.		

The above example indicates TABLESPACE ENCRYPTED\_TS is created with Encryption ON.

### Configuring TDE in Case of Upgrade

This section details about the configurations required in case you want to enable TDE in OFSAA applications after upgrade to OFSAA 8.0.7.0.0 version from a previous version. Additionally, these configurations are required in case you did not enable TDE during 8.0.7.0.0 installation and want to enable at a later point of time.

- Create a new PDB (12c)/ instance (11g) on same or different Database Server for TDE. For more information, see Configuring Software Keystore and Encrypted Tablespace Creation.
- 2. Shutdown the OFSAAI Services.
- **3.** Export all Configuration, Atomic and Sandbox Schemas as per the applications installed in your OFSAA instance.

For example:

expdp SYSTEM/oracle@OFSA12C2DB DIRECTORY=data\_pump\_dir DUMPFILE=ofsaaconf\_ofsaaatm\_%U.dmp filesize=2G SCHEMAS=ofsaaconf,ofsaaatm LOGFILE=ofsaaconf\_ofsaaatm\_exp.log

**Note:** The above command will create data dumps as files of 2GB size each (multiples). Any other commands/ tools as appropriate may be used to archive the schemas.

**4.** Import all schemas that are exported using the above command, into the new DB instance.

For example:

impdp SYSTEM/oracle@OFSA12nDB DIRECTORY=data\_pump\_dir DUMPFILE=ofsaaconf\_ofsaaatm\_%U.dmp SCHEMAS=ofsaaconf,ofsaaatm LOGFILE=ofsaaconf\_ofsaaatm\_imp.log

**Note:** Restoring the exported dumps creates Configuration and Atomic Schema(s) with the same user credentials as that of the source, along with the existing grants.

- If schemas are restored using a tool/ mechanism other than as mentioned in the Step 1 and 2, retain the user credentials of Configuration and Atomic Schemas same as in the Source environment, along with the Schema grants.
- **5.** Provide select grants on sys.V\_\$parameter to view Configuration and Atomic Schemas of Target Environment database

For example:

Login as sys user:

SQL> GRANT SELECT ON SYS.V\_\$PARAMETER TO ofsaaconf;

Grant succeeded

SQL> GRANT SELECT ON SYS.V\_\$PARAMETER TO ofsaaatm;

Grant succeeded

- 6. Update .profile for ORACLE\_SID environment variable with new ORACLE\_SID.
- Update JDBC URL by executing Port Changer utility. For details on how to execute Port Changer utility, see Changing IP/ Hostname, Ports, Deployed paths, Protocol of the OFSAA Instance section.
- **8.** Navigate to the \$FIC\_WEB\_HOME directory and execute the following command to trigger the creation of EAR/WAR file:

./ant.sh

- **9.** The EAR/WAR file <contextname>.ear/.war is created in \$FIC\_WEB\_HOME directory.
- **10.** On completion of EAR/WAR file creation, the message "BUILD SUCCESSFUL" will be displayed.
- **11.** Edit the existing Connection Pool settings to point to new JDBC URL and verify connections.

- **12.** Clear the webserver cache and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server.
- **13.** Restart the OFSAA Services. For more information, refer to the Start/Stop Infrastructure Services section in the Oracle Financial Services Advanced Analytical Applications Infrastructure Application Pack Installation and Configuration Guide 8.0.2.0.0.

### **Data Redaction**

OFSAA is enhanced to enable masking of sensitive data and Personal Identification Information (PII) to adhere to Regulations and Privacy Policies. Oracle Data Redaction provides selective, on-the-fly redaction of sensitive data in database query results prior to display by applications so that unauthorized users cannot view the sensitive data. The stored data remains unaltered, while displayed data is transformed to a pattern that does not contain any identifiable information.

### Enabling Data Redaction in case of Upgrade

This section details about the configurations required in case you want to enable Data Redaction in OFSAA applications after upgrade to OFSAA 8.0.7.0.0 version from a previous version. Additionally, these configurations are required in case you did not enable TDE during ECM Application Pack 8.0.7.0.0 installation and want to enable at a later point of time.

Perform the following steps:

- 1. Login as SYSDBA into the database.
- 2. Execute the file \$FIC\_HOME/utility/data\_security/scripts/create\_data\_sec\_ roles.sql only once per database (PDB in case of 12c).
- **3.** Execute the following sql statement to find out the list of atomic users from the table:

select v\_schema\_name from aai\_db\_detail where V\_DB\_NAME <> 'CONFIG' AND V\_DB\_TYPE = 'ORACLE'

- **4.** Execute the file \$FIC\_HOME/utility/data\_security/scripts/grant\_data\_sec\_ roles.sql for all atomic users found in the previous step.
- **5.** From the *Configuration* window in the *System Configuration* module, select the **Allow Data Redaction** checkbox.
- 6. Run the Data Redaction utility. For more details on how to run the utility, see *Data Redaction* section under *Data Security and Data Privacy* chapter in OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure Administration Guide 8.0.7.0.0.

S

# **Tunable Database Parameters**

This appendix contains the Tunable Database Parameters.

**Note:** Review the Oracle recommended guidelines in setting the SGA\_TARGET, SGA\_MAX\_SIZE and PGA\_AGGREGATE\_TARGET parameters. The values for these memory parameters can vary significantly based on database server specifications and estimated data volume. For values of PGA\_AGGREGATE\_TARGET parameters Oracle recommends that they be kept at a minimum of 1024 MB.

Tunable Datab	base Parameters	Paramete	r Values		
Category	Parameter Name	Туре	Default	Oracle Recomme nded	Oracle Recomme nded for Exadata
Parameters	CHARACTER SET	string	AL32UTF8	AL32UTF8	AL32UTF8
affecting database creation (not	NLS_LENGTH_ SCHEMATICS	string	byte	byte	byte
tunable	NLS_SORT	binary	binary	binary	binary
through the	MAXDATAFILES	integer	254		
init.ora	MASXINSTANCES	integer	1		
file)	MAXLOGFILES	integer	32		
	MAXLOGHISTORY	integer	24794		
	MAXLOGMEMBER S	integer	2	4	4
	REDO LOG SIZE	integer	10M	3G	16G

Table S–1 Database Tunable Para	ameters
---------------------------------	---------

Tunable Datab	base Parameters	Paramete	er Values		
Category	Parameter Name	Туре	Default	Oracle Recomme nded	Oracle Recomme nded for Exadata
Parameters	DB_BLOCK_SIZE	integer	2048	8192	8192
affecting I/O operation	DB_FILE_ MULTIBLOCK_ READ_COUNT	integer	The default value correspon ds to the maximum I/O size that can be efficiently performed and is platform-d ependent.	32	32
	DB_FILES	integer	200		
	DISK_ASYNCH_IO	boolean	TRUE		
	TAPE_ASYNCH_IO	boolean	TRUE		
	DB_WRITER_ PROCESSES	integer	1	4	4

Table S–1 Database Tunable Parameters

CategoryParameter NameTypeDefaultOracle Recomm ndedParameters affecting resource consumption and parallel operationsFAST_START_ PARALLEL_ROLLB ACKstringLOWHIGHIOG_BUFFERinteger7M10000000IOG_C CHECKPOINT_INTERVALinteger010000IOG_C CHECKPOINT_TIMEOUTinteger00OPEN_CURSORSinteger504096PARALLEL_ EXECUTION_ MESSAG E_SIZEinteger214816384PARALLEL_MAX_ SERVERSinteger10 * No of CPUsSet if you are configur DOP manually site and PARALL DEOR	Exadata           HIGH           1000000           1000000           10000           0           4096           16384           u           Do not set or change
affecting resource consumption and parallel operationsPARALLEL_ROLLB 	0       10000000         10000000       10000         0       0         4096       16384         10000       10000         0       0
and parallel operationsLOG_BUFFERinteger7M1000000LOG_ CHECKPOINT_ INTERVALinteger010000LOG_ CHECKPOINT_ TIMEOUTinteger00OPEN_CURSORSinteger504096PARALLEL_ EXECUTION_ MESSAG E_SIZEinteger214816384PARALLEL_MAX_ SERVERSinteger10 * No of CPUsSet if you are configur DOP manually site and PARALL DEGRE	10000           0           4096           16384           u           Do not set or change
operationsLOG_ CHECKPOINT_ INTERVALinteger010000LOG_ CHECKPOINT_ TIMEOUTinteger00OPEN_CURSORSinteger504096PARALLEL_ 	0 4096 16384 u Do not set or change
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POLICY set to MANUA	LEL EE_ is
PARALLEL_MIN_ SERVERS       integer       0       Set if you are configur DOP manually site and PARALI _DEGRE POLICY set to MANUA	or change y at LEL EE_ is
PROCESSES integer 150 600	600
LARGE_POOL_ SIZEinteger0512M	
PARALLEL_MIN_ PERCENT DOP manually site and PARALI _DEGRE POLICY set to MANUA	or change y at LEL EE_ is
PARALLEL_ integer 2 THREADS_PER_ 2	

Table S–1 Database Tunable Parameters

Tunable Data	base Parameters	Paramete	r Values		
Category	Parameter Name	Туре	Default	Oracle Recomme nded	Oracle Recomme nded for Exadata
Additional needed	OPTIMIZER_MODE	string	ALL_ ROWS	ALL_ ROWS	ALL_ ROWS
parameters	COMPATIBLE	string		11.2.0 (for Oracle 11gR2)	11.2.0.3.0(if using Oracle 11.2.0.3.0) otherwise 11.2.0.2.0
	GLOBAL_NAMES	string	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE
	PRE_PAGE_SGA	string	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE
	UNDO_ MANAGEMENT	string	AUTO	AUTO	AUTO
	UNDO_ TABLESPACE	string		Set as Per Site Values	Set as Per Site Values
	UNDO_ RETENTION	integer	900	10800	18000
	TIMED_ STATISTICS	boolean	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
	OPTIMIZER_ INDEX_CACHING	integer	0		
	OPTIMIZER_ INDEX_COST_ADJ	integer	100	30	
	QUERY_REWRITE_ ENABLED	string	TRUE	FALSE	FALSE
	STAR_ TRANSFORMATIO N_ENABLED	string	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE

Table S–1 Database Tunable Parameters

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# **FAQs and Error Dictionary**

This section of the document consists of resolution to the frequently asked questions and error codes noticed during OFSAAI installation.

- Frequently Asked Questions
- Error Dictionary

OFSAAI installer performs all the pre-requisite validation check during installation. Any errors encountered in the process is displayed with an appropriate Error Code. You can see the Error Dictionary to find the exact cause and resolution to rectify the error.

### Frequently Asked Questions

You can see the Frequently Asked Questions which has been developed with the interest to help you resolve some of the OFSAAI Installation and configuration issues. This intends to share the knowledge of problem resolution to a few of the known issues. This is not an official support document and just attempts to share the knowledge of problem resolution to a few of the known issues.

This section includes the following topics:

- OFSAAI FAQs
- Applications Pack 8.0.7.0.0 FAQs
- Forms Framework FAQs

### **OFSAAI FAQs**

What are the different components that get installed during OFSAAI?

The different components of OFSAAI are illustrated in Figure 1–2, "Components of OFSAAI".

#### What are the different modes of OFSAAI installation?

OFSAAI can be installed in Silent mode.

#### Can the OFSAA Infrastructure components be installed on multi-tier?

No. OFSAA Infrastructure components (ficapp, ficweb, ficdb) cannot be installed on multi-tier. By default, they will be installed on single-tier. However, OFSAA Infrastructure can be deployed within the n-Tier architecture where the Database, Web server and Web application server is installed on separate tiers.

Is JDK (Java Development Kit) required during installation of OFSAA? Can it be uninstalled after OFSAA installation?

JDK is not required during installation of OFSAA and only a run time is needed for details. See Hardware and Software Requirements, Java Runtime Environment section.

# Is JRE required during installation of OFSAA? Can it be uninstalled after OFSAAI installation?

Only JRE (Java Runtime Environment) is required during installation of OFSAA and cannot be uninstalled as the JRE is used by the OFSAA system to work.

# How do I know what is the Operating system, webservers and other software versions that OFSAA supports?

See OFSAA Technology Stack Matrices.

#### What are the different files required to install OFSAAI?

The following files are required:

- setup.sh
- envCheck.sh
- preinstallcheck.sh
- VerInfo.txt
- OFSAAInfrastructure.bin
- validatedXMLinputs.jar
- MyResources\_en\_US.properties
- log4j.xml
- OFSAAI\_PostInstallConfig.xml
- OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml
- privileges\_config\_user.sql
- privileges\_atomic\_user.sql
- XML\_Utility.jar

# What should I do if I get the following error message during installation, "Execute Permission denied"?

Please check whether all the files provided for OFSAAI installation has execute permissions.

To give execute permissions,

• Navigate to the path OFSAAI\_80000 and execute the command

chmod 755

#### "Graphical installers are not.."

If error resembles "Graphical installers are not supported by the VM. The console mode will be used instead..." then check whether any of the X-windows software has been installed.

Example: Hummingbird Exceed is started and configured to Graphical mode installation.

**Note:** Type 'xclock' from prompt and this should display clock in graphical mode.

"No Java virtual machine could be..."

If the error message reads "No Java virtual machine could be found from your PATH environment variable. You must install a VM prior to running this program", then

- Check whether "java path" is set in PATH variable. See the Table 3–1, " Prerequisite Information" section in this document.
- Check whether sufficient temporary space is available.
- Ensure that the movement of OFSAAI Installer text files to the target system is done in the Text mode so that setup.sh file does not contain control line feed characters (^M).

#### What should I do if I get the following error message during installation, "OracleDriver Files Not Found, Please Choose the Right Path To Continue"?

Check whether the provided path for Oracle Driver files is correct and whether the user has permissions to access the files.

What should I do if I get the following error message during installation, "User must have CREATE TABLE, CREATE VIEW, CREATE TRIGGER, CREATE INDEX, CREATE SEQUENCE, CREATE PROCEDURE" even though the oracle schema user created has the mentioned privileges?

OFSAAI installer validates the database details provided during installation, so ensure:

- Whether the oracle schema user has the required set of privileges for successful installation.
- Whether the oracle schema user has been created with quota privileges on tablespace to create database objects.
- See the Table 3–1, "Prerequisite Information" section in this document.

#### Installation of OFSAAI was completed successfully! What next?

Post the successful completion of OFSAAI installation, one has to perform the Post Installation steps. See Chapter 5, "Post Installation Configuration".

#### What is to be done when OFSAAI Installation is unsuccessful?

OFSAAI installer generates log file OFSAAInfrastructure\_Install.log in the Infrastructure Installation Directory. There is also another log file created in the path configured in Log4j.xml. The logs of any of these reported, Warnings/Non Fatal Errors/Fatal Errors/Exceptions should be brought to the notice of the OFSAAI Customer Support. It is recommended not to proceed, until the reported problems are adequately addressed.

#### How do I completely uninstall OFSAAI?

OFSAAI can be completely uninstalled by performing the steps provided in Uninstalling OFSAA Infrastructure in the OFS AAAI Installation and Configuration Guide Release 8.0.7.0.0.

#### Can OFSAAI config and atomic schemas be on different databases?

OFSAAI requires both config and atomic schemas to be present on the same database instance.

#### How to grant privileges if a new information domain is created?

If you are creating a new information domain, provide a set of privileges (database permissions) to the new Atomic schema.

- Log into the database as **sys** and connect as **sysdba** user.
- Execute the file privileges\_config\_user.sql available under \$FIC\_HOME directory
- Enter the database schema for which you want to grant privileges.

#### When should I run the MLS utility?

See the Multiple Language Support (MLS) Utility section in OFS AAI Administration Guide available on OTN.

#### Does OFSAAI support Oracle Linux versions other than 5.5?

OFSAAI supports the Oracle Linux versions from 5.5 up to 5.10 and also from 6.0 and above.

What should I do if I get the following error message on the UNIX System terminal while executing ./setup.sh, "Insert New Media. Please insert Disk1 or type its location"?

- 1. Login as root user on the Unix machine where OFSAAI is getting installed.
- 2. Navigate to the path /etc/security/.
- **3.** Edit the file limits.conf to add/edit a row for the unix user installing OFSAA:

<Unix User> soft nofile 9216

**4.** After saving the changes, log in as unix user with which OFSAAI is getting installed and execute the command:

ulimit -n

The command should return the value 9216.

#### How do I verify if the system environment is ready for OFSAAI installation?

To verify the system environment meets the minimum requirements for the installation, a Pre-Install Check utility is available within the Install Kit archive file. This utility can also be obtained separately by contacting Oracle Support Services.

See Verifying System Environment section for additional information.

#### How do I know if the installation is completed successfully?

The OFSAA Infrastructure installation performs a post install health check automatically on successful installation of the product. To rerun the post install verification at a later time, perform the following steps:

- **1.** Navigate to the path *\$FIC\_HOME* (Product Installation Directory).
- **2.** Execute the command:

./piverify.sh

What should I do if I get the following error message during OFSAAI installation on Solaris 11 system?:

"Error: OFSAAI-1108

ORA-00604: error occurred at recursive SQL level 1

ORA-01882: timezone region not found"

Or

"Time zone cannot be set as null or 'localtime' "

This happens if the time zone is not set, that is NULL or it is set as 'localtime'. Set the environment variable TZ to a valid time zone region in the .profile file. For example,

TZ=Asia/Calcutta

export TZ

What should I do if there are any exceptions or errors in installation and how to proceed?

- **1.** Please backup the installation logs.
- 2. Share the backup logs with Oracle support.

#### What should I do if the installation process is abruptly terminated or aborted?

If the installation is abruptly terminated, then the installation process will be incomplete. To recover from this, follow the below steps:

- 1. Drop the DB objects in the config schema created by OFSAAI installation.
- 2. Open the .profile and remove the entries made by the OFSAAI installation which are made between the comment statements, #Beginning of entries by OFSAA Infrastructure installation and #End of entries by OFSAA Infrastructure installation.
- 3. Delete the OFSAA install directory created by the OFSAAI installer.
- 4. Perform the OFSAAI installation again.

# Does OFSAA support any other web server types, other than the ones stated in tech matrix and installation guide?

No, all the supported softwares and versions are stated in the OFSAA Technology Stack Matrices.

# What should I do if the database connection from connection pool displays the following error message, "java.sql.SQLRecoverableException: IO Error: Connection reset"?

This happens while running several database intensive tasks in parallel. To correct this error, add the line securerandom.source=file:/dev/./urandom in the java.security configuration file available in \$JAVA\_HOME/jre/lib/security/ path.

**Note:** This needs to be configured on all the machines or VMs where the OFSAAI components are installed.

If the issue is not resolved even with the above settings, check the MTU(Maximum Transmission Unit) settings on the linux box. For details on MTU settings and updating them, contact your system Administrator.

### What should I do when I get syntax errors/file not found error messages while invoking setup.sh file from my install archive?

This could mostly happen:

- When installer was not unzipped rightly or corrupted during unzip.
- setup.sh file which resides within the install archive was not transferred in ASCII or text mode, which could have corrupted the file.

To correct this, follow the steps:

- **1.** Copy the installer (in BINARY mode) to the system on which the OFSAA Infrastructure components will be installed.
- **2.** Unzip the installer using the command:

unzip <OFSAAI\_Installer>.zip

- **3.** The corrupted setup. sh file would have introduced certain ^M characters into the file. You can remove ^M characters from setup.sh file by following the below steps:
  - **a.** Login to the server where the installer is copied.
  - **b.** Navigate to the directory OFSAAI\_80000.
  - c. Open the setup.sh file in the vi editor using the command: vi setup.sh.
  - d. Inside vi editor in Esc mode, type: %s/^M//g

**Note:** To enter  $^M$ , hold the CTRL key then press V and M in succession.

e. Save the setup.sh file by typing: wq!

#### Does OFSAA support Oracle DB 11g Standard edition?

The OCI client and the jdbc driver does not change depending on whether it is a standard or enterprise edition. So, OFSAAI will work with standard edition as well.

We do not recommend standard edition because it will not scale and does not support partition pack, database security vault, or advanced analytics.

What should I do if I get the following error message while executing ./startofsaai.sh file on the UNIX System terminal "./startofsaai.sh: /java: Execute permission denied"?

- Ensure JAVA\_BIN environment variable path is set on the "unix user" terminal from where the ./startofsaai.sh file is invoked.
- Ensure the .profile where the environment/ path settings are made has been executed successfully.

What should I do if the OFSAAI Login page does not open and I get the following error message, "Could not retrieve list of locales"?

This could be due to 2 reasons:

- System is unable to resolve the hostname configured.
- Conflict with the ports configured.

To correct them, follow the below steps:

A. Steps to replace the hostnames with IP address:

- 1. Stop all the OFSAA services. For more information, see Stopping Infrastructure Services.
- 2. Replace all the hostnames with the IP address in all the places mentioned in the document (Where to find port, IP address, HTTPS Configuration for OFSAAI 7.2 Installation (DOC ID 1500479.1)).

**3.** Restart all the OFSAAI services. For more information, see Starting Infrastructure Services section.

B. Steps to correct the port number conflicts

- **1.** Stop all the OFSAA services.
- **2.** See the port numbers stated in the document (Where to find port, IP address, HTTPS Configuration for OFSAAI 7.2 Installation (DOC ID 1500479.1)) and check on the discrepancy in the port numbers and correct them.
- **3.** Restart all the OFSAAI services.

# What happens when the OFSAAI Application Server does not proceed even after providing the system password?

Ensure that, the System Password provided when prompted should match with the "Oracle Configuration password" provided during installation. Also check whether the connection to the "configuration schema" can be established through sqlplus.

Although the OFSAAI installation has completed successfully, when OFSAAI servers are started, and the application URL is accessed, it gives an error message "the page cannot be found or displayed" or "Could not retrieve list of languages from Server. Please contact the system administrator". What should one do?

Ensure OFSAAI servers have been started and are running successfully. On the server start up parameters options, see Starting Infrastructure Services section.

For more details on the issue, see the Revappserver log in *FIC\_APP\_*HOME/common/FICServer/logs directory or the Web server log files.

### Is it necessary to provide the specified grants to the Oracle schema user before installation? If yes, can it be revoked after completing the installation?

The "Oracle schema" user requires the necessary grants specified before, during, and after the installation process. Grants provided should never be revoked as the application makes use of these grants all the time.

#### Can we have distributed OFSAAI Application Server for load balancing?

OFSAAI Application server can be scaled out/distributed across different JVM's (machines) based on the various services and Information Domains, in other words, Load balancing could be achieved with distribution of services.

### Why do we need Ftpshare on all the layers? Can we have ftpshare on another machine other than the machines where OFSAAI is installed?

Ftpshare is a Metadata Repository directory. All the metadata related files used in Infrastructure are stored in the ftpshare directory. The ftpshare contains folders for each Information Domain, with each Information Domain folders holding Erwin, log, and scripts folder. The transfer of data among the Web, Application, and Database servers in Infrastructure takes place through FTP/SFTP.

You need to configure FTP/SFTP and enable communication between the servers by providing App server's FTP/SFTP credentials to the Web server and DB server users.

Yes, we can have ftpshare on another machine other than the machines where OFSAAI is installed.

#### Is it mandatory to provide the ftp/sftp password?

Yes, OFSAAI needs credentials of the user which has complete permissions on ftpshare directory, and should be able to independently login to the unix server.

What are the permissions required for ftpshare and when should I give them?

It is recommended to provide permissions on ftpshare in case of installations done across different machines or VMs (multitier installation).

In case of single tier installation, 770 permissions can be provided if the unix users of OFSAAI and web server belong to the same unix group.

And on any new file that is created in the 'ftpshare' folder of any installation layer should be granted specific/explicit permission.

Port Change utility could be used to have the Port number modified, which are currently being used by the Infrastructure application. For more information, see Changing IP/ Hostname, Ports, Deployed Paths of the OFSAA Instance section.

#### Are there any in-built system administration users within OFSAAI Application?

The three in-built system administration users are provided to configure and setup OFSAAI.

- SYSADMN
- SYSAUTH
- GUEST

#### Does OFSAAI Application support both FTP and SFTP?

OFSAAI supports both FTP and SFTP configuration.

#### Is it necessary to enable the FTP/SFTP services to use the OFSAAI?

Yes, enabling of FTP/SFTP services and its ports is a pre-requisite step towards using the OFSAAI.

#### **OFSAAI** Configuration: Unable to save the server details?

- Ensure the input User ID, Password, and Share Name are correct.
- Ensure FTP/SFTP services are enabled.
- Have a test FTP/SFTP connection made and confirm if they are successful.

# What should I do if I get the following message while creating Information Domain, "Please create a database and then create the information domain"?

Information Domain is mapped to only one Database; and thus before the creation of Information Domain, at least one database details would need to exist.

### What should I do if I get the following message during startup of backend engine message server, "ConnectToDatabase: FatalError, could not connect to the DB server"?

Verify whether connection to the "configuration schema" can be established through sqlplus.

- Verify "configuration schema" password is modified post installation.
- Ensure oracle database alias name created for oracle instance and oracle service name are same.
- On a multi tier Installation mode, ensure TNSNAME and SID are the same in both the Application and Database Layers.

# What should I do if I get the following message during the startup of backend engine message server, "Fatal Error, failed to get user ID from LibSmsConnect"?

Ensure Reveleus.sec file exist under the \$FIC\_HOME/conf directory where the Database components are installed.

#### Does OFSAAI Application support LDAP authentication?

OFSAAI supports LDAP configuration and authentication.

#### Does OFSAAI support multiple languages?

Yes, OFSAAI supports multiple languages.

#### Does OFSAAI provide any data back-up features?

OFSAAI does not have built-in back up facility. External Storage Infrastructure is recommended for back-up.

#### What kind of security features does the OFSAAI provide?

OFSAAI provides security at:

- Segment Level Users can access only the segment they are mapped to.
- Application Level Users can perform an operation only if mapped to appropriate role and functions.

#### Does OFSAAI have the ability to enforce periodic password change?

OFSAAI provides configurable parameters to define number of days after which the user password would expire and then the user is forced to change the password after expiration period.

#### What is the password policy followed in OFSAAI?

OFSAAI enforces a minimum password length with a combination of Upper and Lower case characters and alpha-numeric strings.

#### Which version of Erwin Data Modeler does OFSAAI support?

OFSAAI framework supports Data Modeler Erwin versions 9.0, 9.2, 9.6, and 9.7 for backward compatibility. However, the data models shipped with version 8.0.7.0.0 of the application packs are compatible with Erwin 9.5, 9.64, and 9.7.

#### Does OFSAAI provide the mechanism to upload Business Data model?

OFSAAI provides two mechanisms for business data model upload:

- Easy to use GUI based Model upload mechanism to upload the Business Data Model through Unified Metadata Manager --> Import Model.
- OFSAAI also provides a model upload utility "upload.sh" for uploading the business data model through the command line parameter by executing this shell script file under the path <FIC\_HOME>/ficapp/common/FICServer/bin.

See the section *Run Model Upload Utility* of the OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide available on OTN for details.

### How do I apply incremental change to the existing model when the Business Data model undergoes a change?

Modified data model can be uploaded into the system and OFSAAI has the ability to compare the changes within the data model with respect to the one already present in the system and enables propagation of incremental changes in a consistent manner.

#### What are the different types of uploading a business data Model?

OFSAAI supports uploading of business data model from client desktop and also by picking up the data model from the server location.

#### Can the OFSAAI "Configuration Schema" password be modified post installation?

The OFSAAI "configuration schema" password can be modified post installation. OFSAAI application stores the password in the database and few configuration files, thus any changes to the "configuration schema" password would necessitate updating in these. Contact OFSAAI support for more details.

#### Can the OFSAAI "Atomic Schema" password be modified?

The OFSAAI "Atomic Schema" password can be modified. OFSAAI application stores the atomic schema password in the database and few configuration files, thus any change to the atomic schema password would necessitate updating the password.

To change the Atomic Schema password, follow the steps:

- **1.** Login to OFSAA.
- **2.** Navigate to System Configuration > Database Details window. Select the appropriate connection, provide the modified password and save.
- **3.** Navigate to Unified Metadata Manager > Technical Metadata> Data Integrator > Define Sources window. Update the appropriate Source details.
  - **a.** If you are using Apache Tomcat as Web server:
  - \* Update the <Context> -> Resource tag details in server.xml file from the \$CATALINA\_HOME/conf folder. (In case of Tomcat only Atomic <Resource> will exist).
  - **b.** If you are using WebSphere as Web server:
  - \* Login to the WebSphere Administration Console from the left side menu.
  - \* Navigate to Resources >JDBC >Data Sources. A list of data sources will be populated on the right side.
  - \* Select the appropriate Data Source and edit the connection details. (In this case, both Config and Atomic data sources need to be modified).
  - c. If you are using WebLogic as Web server:
  - \* Login to the WebLogic Administration Console from the left side menu.
  - \* Under Domain Structure list box, expand the appropriate Domain and navigate to Services > JDBC >Data Sources. A list of data sources will be populated on the right side.
  - \* Select the appropriate Data Source and edit the connection details. (In this case, both Config and Atomic data sources need to be modified).
- 4. Restart the OFSAAI services

**Note:** If the modified passwords are not updated, OFSAAI logs displays the message ORA-28000: the account is locked.

#### Does the upload of Business Data model depend on Java Memory?

Business data model upload through OFSAAI depends on the Java memory settings on the client and server machines. Java memory setting varies with the data model size and the available RAM. Contact OFSAAI support for more details.

Why do the Business Metadata Management screens (Business Processors screen) in the User Interface, take more time to load than other screens?

The Log file in DynamicServices.xml which resides in \$FIC\_HOME/conf is continuously being updated/refreshed to cache metadata. This can be observed when you are starting startofsaai.sh and if any of the log file (Ex: SMSService.log) in DynamicServices.xml is being continuously refreshed for longer time.

By default, the Metadata Log file cache size is set to 1000. If in case the log is being updated beyond this limit, retrospectively the preceding entries are overwritten. For example, the 1001th entry is overwritten by deleting the first entry. This results in the application screen taking a longer time to load.

Increase the cache size limit in Dynamicservices.xml located at <FIC\_HOME>/conf, depending on the currently logged count for the specific metadata.

1. Generate the Log report by executing the below query in config schema.

select count(1), t.metadata\_name, m.dsn\_id
from metadata\_master m, metadata\_type\_master t
where m.metadata\_type = t.metadata\_type
group by t.metadata\_name, m.dsn\_id

- **2.** The above query returns a list of codes with their respective metadata count. You can see "metadata\_type\_master" table to identify the metadata name.
- **3.** View the log report to identify the metadata which is being updated/refreshed beyond the specified cache size limit. Accordingly increase the cache size limit in Dynamicservices.xml depending on the currently logged count for the specific metadata.

For example, if the "MEASURE\_CACHE\_SIZE" is set to 1000 and total measure reported in log is 1022, increase the limit to 2000 (approximately).

4. Restart Reveleus/OFSAAI servers (Web and APP) and check the issue.

# What should I do if I get OutOfMemoryError while deploying EAR file in WebSphere application server?

The Java memory needs to be increased in ejbdeploy.sh file which is present under <WebSphere Install directory>/AppServer/deploytool/itp. For example,

\$JAVA\_CMD \
-Xbootclasspath/a:\$ejbd\_bootpath \
Xms256m -Xmx1024m \

#### What configurations should I ensure if my data model size is greater than 2GB?

In order to upload data model of size greater than 2GB in OFSAAI Unified Metadata Manager-Import Model, you need to configure the required model size in struts.xml file available in the path \$FIC\_WEB\_ HOME/webroot/WEB-INF/classes.

**Note:** The size requirements have to be always specified in bytes.

For example, if you need to configure for model size of 2.5GB, then you can approximately set the max size to 3GB (3221225472 bytes) as indicated below, in order to avoid size constraints during model upload.

<constant name="struts.multipart.maxSize" value="3221225472"/>

After configuring struts.xml file, generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server. For more information on generating and deploying EAR / WAR file, see Appendix D.

# What should I do if my Hierarchy filter is not reflecting correctly after I make changes to the underlying Hierarchy?

In some cases, the Hierarchy Filters do not save the edits correctly if the underlying Hierarchy has been changed. This can occur in hierarchy maintenance, where you have moved a member to another hierarchy branch, and that member was explicitly selected in the Filter and is now a child of a node which is already selected in the Filter.

See Support Note for the workaround.

# Can I install an Applications Pack on an existing Atomic schemal Information Domain created manually?

No, you cannot install an Applications Pack on existing Atomic schema/Information Domain created manually. Applications Packs can be installed only on Atomic Schemas/Information Domain created using schema creator utility and/ or the Applications Pack installer.

# What should I do if I get the following exception while trying to view the model outputs in Model Outputs screen, "Exception ->Local Path/STAGE/Output file name (No such file or directory)"?

Ensure you have created a folder "STAGE" under the path mentioned as "Local Path" in the web server details screen. This folder needs to be created under the local path on every node, in case of web application server clustering.

# What should I do if I get the following exception during OFSAA services startup, "Exception in thread "main" java.lang.UnsatisfiedLinkError: net (Not a directory)"?

Ensure the JRE referred in .profile is not a symbolic link. Correct the path reference to point to a physical JRE installed.

#### What is the optimized memory settings required for "New" model upload?

The following table lists the optimized memory settings required for "New" model upload.

Model Upload Options	Size of Data Model XML File	X_ARGS_APP ENV Variable in OFSAAI APP Layer
Pick from Server	106 MB	"-Xms1024m -Xmx1024m
	36 MB	"-Xms2048m -Xmx2048m
	815 MB	"-Xms4096m -Xmx4096m
	1243 MB	"-Xms6144m -Xmx6144m

Table T–1 Optimized Memory Settings for New Model Upload

Model Upload Options	Size of Data Model XML File	X_ARGS_APP ENV Variable in OFSAAI APP Layer
Model Upload Utility	106 MB	"-Xms1024m -Xmx1024m"-Xms2048 m -Xmx2048m
	336 MB	"-Xms4096m -Xmx4096m
	815 MB	"-Xms4096m -Xmx4096m
	1243 MB	"-Xms6144m -Xmx6144m
Save New Erwin File In Server	106 MB	"-Xms1024m -Xmx1024m
	336 MB	"-Xms2048m -Xmx2048m
		"-Xms4096m -Xmx4096m
		"-Xms6144m -Xmx6144m

Table T–1 Optimized Memory Settings for New Model Upload

# I did not enable OFS Inline Processing Engine Application license during the installation. However, I have enabled it post installation, using the Manage OFSAA Product License(s) in the Admin UI. Are there any other additional configurations that I need to do?

Yes. Follow the instructions explained in the OFS Inline Processing Engine Configuration Guide available on OTN.

#### I get an error when I try to build an Oracle OLAP cube. What should I do?

Execute the below grant on the appropriate ATOMIC schema grant olap\_user to &database\_username

#### How do you turn off unused Information Domains (Infodoms) from caching?

Follow these steps to turn off unused infodoms from caching:

- 1. Navigate to \$FIC\_HOME/conf in the APP layer of your OFSAAI installation.
- 2. In the DynamicServices.xml file, identify the section for <Service code="20">.
- **3.** Modify the value of parameter CACHE\_ON\_STARTUP to 0 (default is 1).

Repeat the same in the WEB layer too. Generate the application EAR/WAR file and redeploy the application onto your configured web application server. For more information on generating and deploying EAR / WAR file, see Appendix D.

**4.** Restart the OFSAAI Services (APP and WEB). For more information, see the Starting / Stopping Infrastructure Services. section

**Note:** This setting helps cache the Infodom metadata only for the infodoms that get accessed after user login. Infodoms which are not accessed, are not cached.

Sample code is as follows:

```
<SERVICE CODE="20"
CLASS="com.iflex.fic.metadata.services.MetadataServiceProvider" NAME="BMD"
SERVERID="DEFAULT" PATH=" " LOGGERNAME="UMMLOGGER" LOGGERLEVEL="10">
<PARAMETERS>
<PARAMETER NAME="CACHE ON STARTUP" VALUE="0" />
<PARAMETER NAME="BACKUP_XML" VALUE="1" />
PARAMETER NAME="MAX BACKUP XML" VALUE="2" />
<PARAMETER NAME="PC_NONBI_BI_SWITCH" VALUE="2048" />
<PARAMETER NAME="HIERARCHY NODE LIMIT" VALUE="2000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="ALIAS_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="1000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="DATASET CACHE SIZE" VALUE="2000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="MEASURE_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="2000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="HIERARCHY_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="2000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="DIMENSION CACHE SIZE" VALUE="2000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="HIERARCHYATTRIBUTE CACHE SIZE" VALUE="1000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="CUBE CACHE SIZE" VALUE="1000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="RDM_CACHE_SIZE" VALUE="1000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="BUSINESSPROCESSOR CACHE SIZE" VALUE="2000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="DERIVEDENTITY CACHE SIZE" VALUE="1000" />
<PARAMETER NAME="LOG GET METADATA" VALUE="false" />
<PARAMETER NAME="METADATA_PARALLEL_CACHING" VALUE="0" />
</PARAMETERS>
```

#### </SERVICE>

While creating an Excel Mapping, after specifying the excel worksheet, the target table, and mapping each column in the worksheet to a target table, I click SAVE and nothing happens. But when I click CANCEL, a message pops up informing me that all changes will be discarded", what is to be done?

Check if the excel mapping creation is done using I.E 8 with JRE 1.4 plug in enabled on machine. If so, upgrade the JRE plug in to 1.7+.

#### Can Multiple OFSAA Infrastructure instances share the same config schema?

No, only one OFSAA environment can be installed using one config schema.

Can Atomic schema be shared?

Yes, it can be shared between two OFSAA instances.

While setting a firewall, which ports should be opened for communication between the Web server (Apache HTTP Server/ Oracle HTTP Server/ IBM HTTP Server) and the Web application server (WebSphere/ WebLogic/ Tomcat) for OFSAAI to operate properly?

The OFSAA Servlet port which is same as Web server port should be open. Also the web application port should be open.

*Can I modify the NLS\_LENGTH\_SEMANTICS to BYTE from CHAR for the Database where older versions of OFSAA is Installed?* 

Yes, NLS\_LENGTH\_SEMANTICS can be modified to BYTE from CHAR if you are not intending to use multi language support.

Can I install already installed application in a different infodom?

No, it is not possible to install the same application in two different infodoms.

How can I configure the OFSAA application for High Availability?

OFSAA can have active-passive high availability. For more details, see Configuring OFSAA in Clustered Environment Guide.

#### During OFSAA installation should I provide web application server's IP /Hostname and port or web server's IP/Hostname and port, if the Apache HTTP Server/ Oracle HTTP Server/ IBM HTTP Server are configured?

In case the web server is configured, you should enter the Web server IP Address/Hostname and Port details during OFSAA installation. Here the Servlet port should be same as the Web server port.fl

If Web server is not configured, the Web application server's IP Address/ Hostname

and Port is required during the installation process. Here the Servlet port should

be same as the Web application Server port.

Is "ReveleusAdminConsoleAgent" applicable for OFSAAI 8.0.0.0.0 and higher versions?

No, ReveleusAdminConsoleAgent is not applicable starting OFSAAI 7.3.3.0.0. There is a change in the way agentservers are managed through AGENTSTARTUP.SH & AGENTSHUTDOWN.SH.

What should I do when the message server process does not open and I get the following error message, "CI18NProvider::CI18NProvider, Error, unable to connect to the config database"?

This error is displayed due to the following reasons:

- The Config Schema password is already expired.
- If the config schema password is going to expire soon and the message such asflfl"ORA-28002: the passwordflwill expire within 6 days" displays while connecting to config schema through sqlplus.
- The Config schema password is Modified.

flfITo resolve the error, re-set the config schema password to the old password. Else, if the config schema password is modified to something else then follow the below steps:

- 1. Delete the \$FIC\_HOME/conf/Reveleus.SEC file.
- 2. Shutdown the OFSAAI App service: cd \$FIC\_APP\_ HOME/common/FICServer/bin ./stopofsaai.sh
- 3. Shutdown the OFSAAI App service: cd \$FIC\_APP\_ HOME/common/FICServer/bin ./stopofsaai.sh
- 4. Start the Infrastructure Server in foreground directly on the server or through XWindows software using the command: ./startofsaai.sh
- 5. Enter System Password.

- 6. Enter the new Config schema password. The service starts and initializes if it is able to successfully connect to the DB and generates the Reveleus.SEC file.
- **7.** Post successful startup of the service, if required, the Infrastructure server may be shut down and restarted in the background using nohup mode.

#### What is the mechanism of Log File sizing and backup?

OFSAAILog files created under \$FIC\_APP\_HOME/common/FICServer/logs & <OFSAAI\_DEPLOYED\_AREA>/<CONTEXT.war>/logs is configurable in RevLog4jConfig.xml.

The default size of the log files (MaxFileSize) is set to max 5000kb & number of max backup log files (MaxBackupIndex) retained is set to 5, both of which are configurable. Increasing these parameters to a higher value should depend on the server HW configurations and may reduce the performance.

To configure the Logs file size on OFSAA Application server, follow these steps:

- **1.** Navigate to \$FIC\_HOME/conf where OFSAA is installed.
- 2. Edit the following parameters in the file RevLog4jConfig.xml
  - <pre
  - <param name="MaxFileSize" : Provide the required file size.
  - <param name="MaxBackupIndex" : Provide the required number of backup files to be created.

#### Example:

```
<appender name="REVSERVERAPPENDER"
class="org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender">
<param name="file" value="$FIC_
HOME/ficapp/common/FICServer/logs/RevAppserver.log"/>
<param name="Append" value="true" />
<param name="MaxFileSize" value="5000kb" />
<param name="MaxBackupIndex" value="5" />
<layout class="org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout">
<param name="ConversionPattern" value="[REVELEUSLOG] %m%n"/>
</layout>
```

</appender>

To configure the Deployed area logs file, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to <EAR/WAR Deploy area>/conf folder.
- 2. Repeat step 2 from the above section.

#### Can we modify the Log file path?

flYes, Log file path is configurable, it can be configured in RevLog4jConfig.xml.default log file path (file) is set by the installer. This can be configured to another path.

Can I point the environment with HTTP enabled to HTTPS after installation and vice versa?

For more details, see the HTTPS section in the OFSAAI Administration Guide.

What should I do if the sliced data model upload takes a long time to complete?

If the metadata cache size is set to a lower value than the actual count of each metadata type (hierarchy, dataset, dimension etc), then it gets into performance degrade issues. We have to increase the cache size for each metadata type according to the count in the environment.

Following are the parameters in DynamicServices.xml to be configured depends on the metadata count in your environment.

<PARAMETER NAME="HIERARCHY\_NODE\_LIMIT" VALUE="2000"/> <PARAMETER NAME="ALIAS CACHE SIZE" VALUE="1000"/> <PARAMETER NAME="DATASET CACHE SIZE" VALUE="2000"/> <PARAMETER NAME="MEASURE CACHE\_SIZE" VALUE="3000"/> <PARAMETER NAME="HIERARCHY CACHE SIZE" VALUE="2000"/> <PARAMETER NAME="DIMENSION CACHE\_SIZE" VALUE="2000"/> <PARAMETER NAME="CUBE CACHE SIZE" VALUE="1000"/> <PARAMETER NAME="BUSINESSPROCESSOR\_CACHE\_SIZE" VALUE="2000"/> <PARAMETER NAME="DERIVEDENTIT Y CACHE SIZE" VALUE="1000"/> Metadata count can be derived based on the following queries: select count(1) from metadata\_master where metadata\_version=0 --- for all metadata select count(1) from metadata master where metadata version=0 and metadata\_type=1 --- for measure select count(1) from metadata\_master where metadata\_version=0 and metadata type=2 --- for Dimension select count(1) from metadata\_master where metadata\_version=0 and metadata type=3 --- for HCY select count(1) from metadata\_master where metadata\_version=0 and metadata type=4 --- for DATASET select count(1) from metadata\_master wh ere metadata\_version=0 and metadata\_ type=59 --- for BP's select count(1) from metadata\_master wh ere metadata\_version=0 and metadata\_ type=54 --- for Alias select count(1) from metadata master wh

ere metadata\_version=0 and metadata\_ type=5 --- for CUBES select count(1) from metadata\_master wh ere metadata\_version=0 and metadata\_ type=856 --- for Derived Entit

For LDAP authentication, which server connects with the LDAP server, the Application server (where ofsaai is installed), or Web Application server (where EAR is deployed)?

For LDAP authentication, the Application server (ficapp) connects with the LDAP server.

The LDAP server in the setup listens on secure protocol ldaps (port 636). I have the root certificate of the LDAP server for SSL, and would like to know where to offload this certificate?

You need to import the certificate into the JDK/JVM used by Reveleus server in ficapp layer.

#### How to relocate FTPSHARE folder?

You can run the PortC.jar utility. For more details, see Changing IP/Hostname, Ports, Deployed Paths of the OFSAA Instance section in the OFSAAI Admin Guide available on OTN.

*How do we identify the list of ports that are used by/configured in an OFSAA environment?* 

**1.** Navigate to \$FIC\_HOME directory on target.

# What should I do if I get the following error message, "Error while fetching open cursor value Status : FAIL"?

This error occurs while executing envCheck.sh because the user does not have access to V\$parameter. This error does not occur due to sysdba or non sysdba privileges provided they have access/grants to V\$parameter.

### **Applications Pack 8.0.7.0.0 FAQs**

What is an Applications Pack?

An Applications Pack is suite of products. For more information, see *About OFSAA Infrastructure*.

Can I get a standalone installer for OFSAAI 8.0?

No. AAI is part of every Applications Pack and installs automatically.

How does OFSAA 8.0 Applications Pack relate to OFSAA 7.x series?

8.0 is a new major release consolidating all products from OFSAA product suite.

Can existing OFSAA 7.x customers upgrade to OFSAA 8.0 Applications Pack?

There is no upgrade path available. However, we will have migration kit / path for every product to 8.0 Applications Pack. Further details will be available with Oracle Support Services.

*Does OFSAA 8.0 Applications Pack UPGRADE automatically to existing environments?* 

No. OFSAA 8.0 Applications Pack has to be installed in an new environment and subsequently migration path / migration kit needs to be run to migrate from 7.x to 8.0. Note that the objects can be migrated only from the previously released version of OFSAA products.

#### Where can I download OFSAA 8.0 Applications Pack?

You can download the OFSAAI 8.0 Applications Pack from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud (OSDC).

What are the minimum system and software requirements for OFSAA 8.0 Applications Pack?

See installation guide section Hardware and Software Requirements.

Is my environment compatible with OFSAA 8.0 Applications Pack?

Environment Check utility performs the task. It is part of install and can also be run separately.

#### Does the OFSAA 8.0.7.0.0 Applications Pack support all Operating systems?

OFSAA 8.0.7.0.0 Applications Pack supports the following Operating Systems: LINUX, AIX, SOLARIS. See Technology Matrix for the technology matrix that OFSAA suite products are/ will be qualified on.

#### How can I install OFSAA 8.0.78.0.7.0.0 Applications Pack?

See Oracle Financial Services Advanced Analytical Infrastructure Installation And Configuration Guide published in OTN for the Applications Pack installers.

#### Does this installation require any Third party Softwares?

Oracle Financial Services Advanced Analytical Infrastructure Installation And Configuration Guide published in OTN lists the third party software that needs to be installed.

# What languages are supported during OFSAA 8.0.7.0.0 Applications Pack installation?

US English is the language supported.

What mode of installations OFSAA Applications Pack supports?

OFSAA Applications Packs supports Silent Mode.

#### Does OFSAA 8.0.7.0.0 Applications Pack support Multi tier Installations?

OFSAA 8.0.7.0.0 supports only single tier installation. For more information see OFSAAI FAQs section.

Does this Applications Pack validate all Pre-requisites required for this installation i.e., Memory, Disk Space etc.?

Yes. The pre-requisite checks are done by the respective Applications Pack installer.

What happens if it aborts during installation of any application with in Applications Pack?

You must restore the system and retrigger the installation

Does this Applications Pack 'Roll Back' if any application installation fails due to errors?

Rollback of installation is not supported.

Does the Applications Pack install all applications bundled?

All Applications Pack system files are installed but there is an option to enable the licensed products.

#### Can I re-install any of the Applications Packs?

You can retrigger in case of failure.

# Does this Applications Pack allow enabling / disabling any of the applications installed?

Yes. You cannot disable once the product is enabled in an environment.

# I have installed one application in an Applications Pack, can I install any of new application within the Applications Pack later?

No, installation of additional applications is not required. If you wish to add an application later, you can enable the application at that time.

#### How many OFSAA Infrastructures can be installed in a single server?

There is no issue in installing separate OFSAAI installations, each with their own PFT/FTP installations and separate associated database instances and separate Web server installations on the same server as long as adequate memory is allocated for each instance and as long as each OFSAAI installation is installed using a separate UNIX user and profile. Care should be taken if running multiple OFSAAI installations on a single server. Adequate memory will be required for each installation as several OFSAAI processes (model upload, DEFQ services, etc) take significant amounts of memory. So it depends on your server memory.

# Is it possible to Install OFSAA 8.0 Applications Pack on an existing 'Infodom' where another OFSAA 8.0 application is installed?

Yes. However, the Behavioral Detection Applications Pack and Compliance Regulatory Reporting Applications Pack are the exceptions. They need to be installed in a different INFODOM.

#### Can I select an Infodom in Applications Pack during installation?

Yes. You can select or change the required infodom.

#### Can I install all Applications Packs in a 'Single Infodom'?

Yes. But Behavioral Detection Applications Pack and Compliance Regulatory Reporting Applications Pack are the exceptions. They need to be installed in a different INFODOM.

# Is it possible to install applications on different Infodom within the Applications Pack? (For example, I want to install LRM & MR in two infodoms)

Applications within Applications Pack have to be installed in the same information domain in the same environment.

#### How many Infodoms can be created over a single OFSAA Infrastructure of 8.0.7.0.0?

You can install only one infodom during installation. But after installation, you can create multiple infodoms.

# Is the 'Data Model' bundled specific to an Applications Pack or to an individual application?

A merged data model for all applications within the Applications Pack is bundled and uploaded.

Is it possible to install OFS Enterprise Modeling later?

OFS Enterprise Modeling is a separate product and can be enabled as an option later from any Applications Pack that bundles Enterprise Modeling.

Does the Applications Pack create sandbox automatically for the required applications?

Yes, Sandbox creation is part of application install process.

*Are upgrade Kits available for individual applications or the complete Applications Pack?* 

Maintenance Level (ML) Release / Minor Release upgrades are available across all applications.

Can I upgrade AAI only?

Yes, you can upgrade AAI alone.

Can I upgrade one application within the Applications Pack? (For example, I want to upgrade LRM in the Treasury Applications Pack, but not MR.)

No, an upgrade is applied to all applications in the Applications Pack.

Is it possible to uninstall any Application from the Applications Pack?

No, it is not possible to uninstall any Application from the Applications Pack.

Can I uninstall entire Applications Pack?

No, you cannot uninstall the Applications Pack.

*Is it possible to uninstall only application and retain AAI in the installed environment?* 

No, you cannot uninstall only the application and retain AAI in the installed environment.

Does Applications Pack contain all Language Packs supported?

Language Packs need to be installed on 8.0 Applications Packs.

# Can I install an Applications Pack over another Applications Pack (that is same infodom or different infodom)?

Yes, you can install an Applications Pack over another Applications Pack in the same information domain or different information domain. But Behavioral Detection Applications Pack and Compliance Regulatory Reporting Applications Pack, Asset Liability Management Applications Pack and Profitability Applications Pack are the exceptions. They need to be installed in a different INFODOM.

# Can I use an existing manually created schema as information domain for Applications Pack installation?

No. Schemas required by OFSAA applications have to be created using Schema Creator Utility.

Does OFSAA 8.0 support on WebLogic 10.3.6 with Oracle 12c?

Yes, OFSAA 8.0 will support on WebLogic 10.3.6 with Oracle 12c. WebLogic 10.3.6 supports oracle 12c with some additional configurations. See the link http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E28280\_01/web.1111/e13737/ds\_12cdriver.htm#JDBCA655 for additional configurations.

What should I do if I get the following error message while running the schema creator utility, "HostName in input xml is not matching with the local hostname"?

One possible reason could be the machine is configured for zonal partitioning. Ensure all the known IP Addresses of the machine are present in the /etc/hosts file.

What are the Java versions supported in OFS AAAI Applications Pack version 8.0.7.0.0?

OFS AAAI Applications Pack supports Java 1.7.x and 1.8.x.

Is OFS AAAI Applications Pack version 8.0.7.0.0 supported on Java 8?

Yes. To install this release of the OFS AAAI Applications Pack version 8.0.7.0.0 on Java 8. For more information, see specific notes mentioned in the sections Installer and Installation Prerequisites, Configurations supported for Java 8, Configuring and Executing Schema Creator Utility, Installing in Silent Mode.

What should I do when I get "[ERROR] - Error : APP Setup bin file failed." message during OFS\_Application\_PACK installation?

This is a generic error message that appears during application installation failure. You should check the installation log files for more information about what failed the installation.

However, if the message is displayed and the log files are not generated, it could be that it is a temp directory issue. The resolution is that your UNIX administrator has to disable the NOEXEC option. The installers extract the installation files into the /tmp directory, and if NOEXEC is enabled, execution of binaries will not happen in the directory and the installation fails. Re-run the installer after the configuration is changed. For detailed information, see the support note at https://cupport.orgdo.com/opmos/faces/DocumentDicplay2id=2240045.1

https://support.oracle.com/epmos/faces/DocumentDisplay?id=2340045.1.

### **Forms Framework FAQs**

What should I do when I have large volume of data to be exported?

It is recommended to use BIP reports or OBIEE reports if you have to export large volume of data.

How do I export the columns added to the grid using Field Chooser option?

Perform Grid Export operation to export the columns added to the grid by Field Chooser option.

'Expand All/ Collapse All' button is not visible in the Hierarchy Browser window. What should I do?

Expand All/ Collapse All button is enabled only if the number of hierarchy nodes is less than 50. If it is more than that, it is considered as large hierarchy and the data will be fetched dynamically when you expand each node.

# What is the difference between the two Searches available in the Hierarchy Browser window?

In the new *Hierarchy Browser* window introduced from 7.3.5.1.0 version, there are 2 search options available as highlighted in the following figure:

http://ofss220663.i	Name		Search Reset
Business Line	)	_	Search
1			
Retail Banking - 1	D1		
Merchant Banking	- 10		
Node			M Find
	ок с	ancel	

- **DB Search (Top search container):** It will search the required node in database and displays the result as shown below. This search is performed on full hierarchy nodes.
- **UI search (Below the hierarchy):** This search will find the required node in the UI and will show in tree structure.

**Note:** In case hierarchy nodes are more than 50 and if it is a non-custom hierarchy, then the UI search will not show the required node in tree structure, until all the nodes are expanded and loaded manually in the UI.

#### What is a Custom Hierarchy?

Custom hierarchies will be having the parameter configuration customQuery as shown below and the customized query will be taken from the HIERARCHY\_FILTER\_MASTER table.

Configuration in xml:

<CONTROL ID="1003" TYPE="41">

<CONTROLPROPS>

<EXTRAPARAMETERS>

<PARAMETER NAME="customQuery" VALUE="Yes"/>

- </EXTRAPARAMETERS>
- </CONTROLPROPS>

</CONTROL>

For custom hierarchy, all the hierarchy nodes are loaded in UI without any limit.

So, even if the hierarchy nodes are more than 50, the UI search will show the required node in tree structure and ExpandAll and ExpandBranch images will be enabled.

### **Error Dictionary**

This contents of this section has been created with the interest to help you resolve the installation issues if any. There is a compilation of all the possible errors that might arise during the installation process with the possible cause and the resolution to quickly fix the issue and proceed further with the installation.

This section includes the following topics:

- Accessing Error Dictionary
- Error Code Dictionary

### Accessing Error Dictionary

Instead of scrolling through the document to find the error code, you can use the pdf search functionality. In the "Find" dialog available in any of the Adobe Acrobat version that you are using to view the pdf document, follow the below instructions to quickly find the error resolution.

- 1. With the Installation pdf open, press Ctrl+F or select Edit > Find.
- 2. The *Find* dialog is displayed as indicated.
- 3. Enter the error code that is displayed on screen during Infrastructure installation.
- 4. Press Enter. The search results are displayed and highlighted as indicated below.

-1003	
JAVA_HOME/bin not found in PATH variable.	
Import <java_home>/bin into PATH variable. Example: PATH = \$JAVA_HOME/bin:\$PATH export PATH.</java_home>	
	JAVA_HOME/bin not found in PATH variable. Import <java_home>/bin into PATH variable.</java_home>

Figure T–1 Error Code

View the details of the issues, its cause, and resolution specific to the error code. Repeat the step to find an answer to any other errors that you notice during installation. If you are not able to resolve the issue even after following the steps provided in resolution, you can contact support.oracle.com along with log files and appropriate screen shots.

### **Error Code Dictionary**

### Error code - OFSAAI-1001

Table T–2 Error code - OFSAAI-1001

Cause	Unix shell is not "korn" shell.
Resolution	Change the shell type to "korn". Use chsh unix command to change SHELL type.
	Shell type can also be changed by specifying shell path for the Unix user in /etc/passwd file.
	Note: chsh command is not available in Solaris OS.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1002

Table T–3 Error code - OFSAAI-1002
------------------------------------

Cause	No proper arguments are available.
Resolution	Provide proper arguments. Invoke Setup.sh using Silent mode.
	Example: ./Setup.sh SILENT

### Error code - OFSAAI-1004

#### Table T-4 Error code - OFSAAI-1004

Cause	File .profile is not present in \$HOME.
Resolution	Create .profile in \$HOME, i.e. in the home directory of user.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1005

#### Table T–5 Error code - OFSAAI-1005

Cause	File OFSAAInfrastructure.bin is not present in current folder.
Resolution	Copy OFSAAInfrastructure.bin into installation kit directory.

#### Error code - OFSAAI-1006

#### Table T–6 Error code - OFSAAI-1006

Cause	File CustReg.DAT is not present in current folder.
Resolution	Copy CustReg.DAT into installation kit directory.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1007

#### Table T–7 Error code - OFSAAI-1007

Cause	File OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml is not present in current folder.
Resolution	Copy OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml into installation kit directory.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1008

#### Table T–8 Error code - OFSAAI-1008

Cause	File validateXMLInputs.jar is not present in current folder.
Resolution	Copy validateXMLInputs.jar into installation kit directory.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1009

#### Table T–9 Error code - OFSAAI-1009

Cause	File log4j.xml is not present in current folder.
Resolution	Copy log4j.xml into installation kit directory.

#### Error code - OFSAAI-1010

#### Table T–10 Error code - OFSAAI-1010

Cause	Unknown error occurred.
Resolution	Make sure to provide proper argument (Silent) to the Setup.sh file.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1011

#### Table T–11 Error code - OFSAAI-1011

Cause	XML validation failed.
Resolution	Check InfrastructurePreValidations.Log for more details.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1012

#### Table T–12 Error code - OFSAAI-1012

Cause	Property file with locale name does not exist.
Resolution	Copy MyResources_en_US.properties to the setup kit directory and keep en_US in LOCALE tag of OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml.

#### Error code - OFSAAI-1013

#### Table T–13 Error code - OFSAAI-1013

Cause	File OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml/OFSAAI_PostInstallConfig.xml not found.
Resolution	$Copy \ \texttt{OFSAAI\_InstallConfig.xml/OFSAAI\_PostInstallConfig.xml} to the setup kit directory.$

### Error code - OFSAAI-1014

#### Table T–14 Error code - OFSAAI-1014

Cause	XML node value is blank.
Resolution	Make sure all node values except SMTPSERVER, PROXYHOST, PROXYPORT, PROXYUSERNAME, PROXYPASSWORD, NONPROXYHOST, or RAC_URL are not blank.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1015

Table T–15 Error code - OFSAAI-1015

Cause	XML is not well formed.
Resolution	Execute the command dos2unix OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml to convert plain text file from DOS/MAC format to UNIX format.
	OR
	Make sure that OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml is valid. Try to open the file through Internet Explorer for a quick way to check validity. If it is not getting opened, create new OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml using the XML_Utility.jar.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1016

 Table T–16
 Error code - OFSAAI-1016

Cause	User installation directory contain blank spaces.
Resolution	Provide an installation path that does not contain spaces. Check the tag USER_INSTALL_DIR in OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml file. This path should not contain any spaces.

### Error code - OFSAAI-1017

Table T–17 Error code - OFSAAI-1017

Cause	User installation directory is invalid.
Resolution	Provide a valid installation path. Check if you are able to create the directory mentioned in USER_INSTALL_DIR tag value of OFSAAI_InstallConfig.xml file.