Oracle Financial Services Regulatory Reporting for US Federal Reserve – Lombard Risk Integration Pack

User Guide

Release 8.0.3.0.0

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Oracle Financial Services Regulatory Reporting for US Federal Reserve – Lombard Risk Integration User Guide, Release 8.0.3.0.0

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ABOUT THE GUIDE

This section provides a brief description of the scope, the audience, the references, concepts and the organization of the user guide and conventions incorporated into the user guide. The topics in this section are organized as follows:

- Scope of the guide
- Intended Audience
- Documentation Accessibility
- Related Information Sources
- How This Guide is Organized
- <u>Conventions Used</u>

SCOPE OF THE GUIDE

The objective of this user guide is to provide a comprehensive working knowledge on Oracle Financial Services Regulatory Reporting for US Federal Reserve – Lombard Risk Integration Pack, Release 8.0.3. This user guide is intended to help you understand the key features and functionalities of Oracle Financial Services Regulatory Reporting for US Federal Reserve – Lombard Risk Integration Pack (Oracle Financial Services Data Foundation (OFSDF) Interface with Lombard Risk for US FED) release 8.0.3 and details the process flow and methodologies used.

INTENDED AUDIENCE

Welcome to Release 8.0.3 of the Oracle Financial Services Regulatory Reporting for US Federal Reserve – Lombard Risk Integration Pack User Guide.

This guide is intended for:

- Regulatory Reporting Analyst who bears the responsibility to verify and submit the results. He/She is also entrusted to maintain the dimensional values across multiple reporting requirements, maintain results area structure of Oracle Financial Services Data Foundation.
- Data Analysts, who clean, validate, and import data into the Oracle Financial Services Download Specification format, and ensure that data is populated in the relevant tables as per the specifications and executions required for regulatory reporting.
- System Administrator (SA), instrumental in making the application secure and operational and configures the user roles providing necessary access to users.

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RELATED INFORMATION SOURCES

In addition to this user guide you can refer to the following documents in the <u>OTN</u> documentation library:

- Oracle Financial Services Regulatory Reporting for US Federal Reserve Lombard Risk Integration Pack Installation Manual Release 8.0.3
- Oracle Financial Services Data Foundation User Guide Release 8.0.3
- Oracle Financial Services Data Foundation Installation Manual Release 8.0.3
- Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide Release 8.0.3 (present in this OTN documentation libaray)

How this guide is Organized

The OFSDF Interface with Lombard Risk for US FED User Guide includes the following topics:

- Chapter 1: Introduction
- <u>Chapter 2: Getting Started</u>
- <u>Chapter 3: Regulatory Reporting (REG REP) Solution Data Flow</u>
- <u>Chapter 4: OFSAA Features</u>
- Chapter 5: Report Submission
- <u>Chapter 6: Maintenance</u>
- Chapter 7: Troubleshooting Guidelines

CONVENTIONS USED

Table 1 lists the conventions used in this guide.

Table 1: Conventions Used in this Guide

Convention	Meaning	
Italics	Names of books, chapters, and sections as references	
Bold	 Object of an action (menu names, field names, options, button names) in a step-by-step procedure 	
	Commands typed at a prompt	
	User input	

Monospace	Directories and subdirectories	
	File names and extensions	
	Process names	
	Code sample, including keywords and variables within text	

1 Introduction

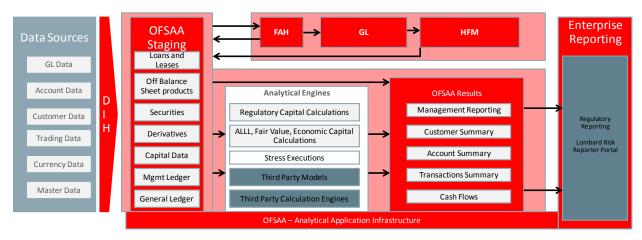
This chapter provides an understanding of the Oracle Financial Services Data Foundation (OFSDF) Interface with Lombard Risk for US FED application and its scope. It includes:

- Overview
- OFSAA Regulatory Reporting Architecture
- <u>Scope</u>

1.1 Overview

Regulatory reporting and financial services have evolved to be an inseparable combination. It has worsened since the 2008 financial crisis. Today, banks and financial institutions need to file hundreds of regulatory reports. For the U.S. Federal Reserve alone, institutions must file multiple submissions of FFIEC 101, call reports, stress testing reports, and so on. Reporting requirements increase rapidly in number and complexity for banks operating regionally or globally, where they must file in multiple jurisdictions.

The OFS REG REP US FED solution enables financial services organizations to manage and execute regulatory reporting in a single integrated environment. It automates end-to-end processes from data capture through submission with industry-leading solutions. It leverages Oracle Financial Services Analytical Application (OFSAA) and Oracle Financial Services Data Foundation (OFSDF) for managing analytical application data. The AgileREPORTER in Regulatory Reporting (REG REP) Solution enables firms to automate the final mile of the reporting process. It provides pre-built integration to Lombard Risk Reporting, eliminating the need for further manual intervention. The solution ensures data integrity allowing banks to focus more time on analyzing and gaining new business insight from their growing stores of data instead of preparing data and reports with the sole objective of meeting submission deadlines.



1.2 OFSAA Regulatory Reporting Architecture

Figure 1: Regulatory Reporting (REG REP) Architecture

This interface connects the Oracle FSDF to Lombard Risk. As one can see in Architecture figure above, Data flows from OFSAA to Lombard Risk.

OFSDF is an analytical data warehouse platform for the Financial Services industry. OFSDF combines an industry data model for Financial Services along with a set of management and infrastructure tools that allows Financial Services Institutions to develop, deploy, and operate analytical solutions spanning key functional areas in Financial Services, including: 1. Enterprise Risk Management 2. Enterprise Performance Management 3. Customer Insight 4. Financial Crime and Compliance Management OFSDF is a comprehensive data management platform that helps institutions to manage the analytical data life cycle from sourcing to reporting and business intelligence/BI using a unified, consistent platform and toolset.

AgileREPORTER is a forms and workflow tool that enables both creation and submission of regulatory returns. AgileREPORTER addresses the financial reporting requirements of both domestic and international banks and financial institutions by automating compliance with mandated reports to central banks, regulatory agencies. AgileREPORTER works easily with multiple sources of information as it standardizes data elements and automates regulatory report production in prescribed templates with the associated workflow for automatic submission. It is Reliable and efficient infrastructure to compile, generate and submit regulatory reports. It collects data from a wide universe (not just OFSAA Results). It provides automated repeated manual adjustments, variance analysis and validation checks. It provides features to explain and justify a number quickly, including links to OBIEE.

The solution provides a pre-built interface or integration between FSDF and AgileREPORTER. With this integration end user can automate end to end reporting process covering data preparation to last mile of reporting.

1.3 Scope

Oracle Financial Services Regulatory Reporting for US Federal Reserve – Lombard Risk Integration Pack covers the following regulatory reports for specified release as mentioned in the table:

Report	Report Name	Released Version	
FR Y-9C	FR Y-9C Consolidated Financial Statements for Holding Companies		
FR Y-20	Financial Statements for a Bank Holding Company Subsidiary Engaged in Bank-Ineligible Securities Underwriting and Dealing8.0.1		
FR Y-15 Banking Organization Systemic Risk Report 8.0		8.0.1	
FFIEC 009 Country Exposure Report		8.0.1	
FFIEC 009 A Country Exposure Information Report		8.0.1	
FR Y-11 Financial Statements of U.S. Nonbank Subsidiaries of U.S. Holding Companies		8.0.1	

Table 2: Scope

OFS Regulatory Reporting for US Federal Reserve – Lombard Risk Integration Pack User Guide, Release 8.0.3.0.0

FR Y-11 S	Abbreviated Financial Statements of U.S. Nonbank 11 S Subsidiaries of U.S. Holding Companies			
FR 2314	Financial Statements of Foreign Subsidiaries of U.S. Banking Organizations			
FR 2314 S	Abbreviated Financial Statements of Foreign Subsidiaries of U.S. Banking Organizations	8.0.1		
FR Y-14A	Capital Assessments and Stress Testing - Annual	8.0.1		
FR Y-9LP	Parent Company Only Financial Statements for Large Holding Companies	8.0.1		
FFIEC 031	Consolidated Reports of Condition and Income for a Bank with Domestic and Foreign Offices	8.0.2		
FR Y-12	Consolidated Holding Company Report of Equity Investments in Nonfinancial Companies	8.0.1		
FFIEC 041	8.0.3			
FR 2052 A	FR 2052 A Complex Institution Liquidity Monitoring Report			
FR Y-7N	Financial Statements of U.S. Nonbank Subsidiaries Held by Foreign Banking Organizations	8.0.3		
FR Y-7N S	Abbreviated Financial Statements of U.S. Nonbank Subsidiaries Held by Foreign Banking Organizations	8.0.3		
FR 2644	Weekly Report of Selected Assets and Liabilities of Domestically Chartered Commercial Banks and U.S. Branches and Agencies of Foreign Banks	8.0.3		
FR 2900	Report of Transaction Accounts, Other Deposits, and Vault Cash (Commercial Banks)	8.0.3		
FR Y-14Q Schedule M.1 – Balances		8.0.3		
FR Y-14Q	FR Y-14Q Schedule K – Supplemental			
FR Y-14Q	FR Y-14Q Schedule A – Retail			
FR Y-14Q Schedule H – Wholesale Risk 8.0.3		8.0.3		
FR Y-14M Capital Assessments and Stress Testing Report - Monthly 8.0.3				
FFIEC 101Regulatory Capital Reporting for Institutions Subject to the Advanced Capital Adequacy Framework8.0.3				

The following table lists the detailed scope.

SI. No.	Report Code	Schedule Code	Schedule Name
1	FR 2314		Financial Statements of Foreign Subsidiaries of U.S. Banking Organizations
2	FR 2314S		Abbreviated Financial Statements of Foreign Subsidiaries of U.S. Banking Organizations
3	FR 2052A		Complex Institution Liquidity Monitoring Report
4	FR 2644		Weekly Report of Selected Assets and Liabilities of Domestically Chartered Commercial Banks and U.S. Branches and Agencies of Foreign Banks
5	FR 2900		Report of Transaction Accounts, Other Deposits, and Vault Cash
6	FDIC 8020		Statement of Deposits
7	FR Y-7N		Financial Statements of U.S. Nonbank Subsidiaries Held by Foreign Banking Organizations
8	FR Y-7N	Schedule IS	Income Statement
9	FR Y-7N	Schedule IS-A	Changes in Equity Capital
10	FR Y-7N	Schedule IS-B	Changes in Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses
11	FR Y-7N	Schedule BS	Balance Sheet
12	FR Y-7N	Schedule BS-A	Loans and Lease Financing Receivables
13	FR Y-7N	Schedule BS-M	Memoranda
14	FR Y-7NS		Abbreviated Financial Statements of U.S. Nonbank Subsidiaries Held by Foreign Banking Organizations
15	FR Y-9C		Consolidated Financial Statements for Holding Companies
16	FR Y-9LP		Parent Company Only Financial Statements for Large Holding Companies
17	FR Y-11		Financial Statements of U.S. Nonbank Subsidiaries of U.S. Holding Companies
18	FR Y-11S		Abbreviated Financial Statements of U.S. Nonbank Subsidiaries of U.S. Holding Companies
19	FR Y-12		Consolidated Holding Company Report of Equity Investments in Nonfinancial Companies
20	FR Y-14A		Capital Assessments and Stress Testing - Annual
21	FR Y-14M		Capital Assessments and Stress Testing Report
22	FR Y-14M		Capital Assessments and Stress Testing Report - Monthly

SI. No.	Report Code	Schedule Code	Schedule Name
23	FR Y-14M	Schedule A.1	Domestic First Lien Closed-end 1-4 Family Residential Loan Data Dictionary: Loan Level Table
24	FR Y-14M	Schedule A.2	Domestic First Lien Closed-end 1-4 Family Residential Loan Data Dictionary: Portfolio Level Table
25	FR Y-14M	Schedule B.1	Domestic Home Equity Loan and Home Equity Line Data Dictionary: Loan/Line Level Table
26	FR Y-14M	Schedule B.2	Domestic Home Equity Loan and Home Equity Line Data Dictionary: Portfolio Level Table
27	FR Y-14M	Schedule C.1	Address Matching Loan Level Data Collection: Data Table
28	FR Y-14M	Schedule D.1	Domestic Credit Card Data Collection Data Dictionary: Loan Level Table
29	FR Y-14M	Schedule D.2	Domestic Credit Card Data Collection Data Dictionary: Portfolio Level Table
30	FR Y-14Q	Schedule M.1	Balances
31	FR Y-14Q	Schedule K	Supplemental
32	FR Y-14Q	Schedule H	Wholesale Risk
33	FR Y-14Q	Schedule H.1	Corporate Loan Data Schedule
34	FR Y-14Q	Schedule H.2	Commercial Real Estate Schedule
35	FR Y-14Q	Schedule A	Retail
36	FR Y-14Q	Schedule A.1	International Auto Loan
37	FR Y-14Q	Schedule A.2	US Auto Loan
38	FR Y-14Q	Schedule A.3	International Credit Card
39	FR Y-14Q	Schedule A.4	International Home Equity
40	FR Y-14Q	Schedule A.5	International First Lien Mortgage
41	FR Y-14Q	Schedule A.6	International Other Consumer Schedule
42	FR Y-14Q	Schedule A.7	US Other Consumer
43	FR Y-14Q	Schedule A.8	International Small Business
44	FR Y-14Q	Schedule A.9	US Small Business
45	FR Y-14Q	Schedule A.10	Student Loan
46	FR Y-15		Banking Organization Systemic Risk Report
47	FR Y-20		Financial Statements for a Bank Holding Company Subsidiary Engaged in Bank-Ineligible Securities Underwriting and Dealing

SI. No.	Report Code	Schedule Code	Schedule Name
48	FFIEC 009		Country Exposure Report
49	FFIEC 009A		Country Exposure Information Report
50	FFIEC 031		Consolidated Reports of Condition and Income for a Bank with Domestic and Foreign Offices
51	FFIEC 041		Consolidated Reports of Condition and Income for a Bank with Domestic Offices Only
52	FFIEC 041	Schedule RI	Income Statement
53	FFIEC 041	Schedule RI-A	Changes in Bank Equity Capital
54	FFIEC 041	Schedule RI-B	Charge-offs and Recovees on Loans and Leases and Changes in Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses
55	FFIEC 041	Schedule RI-C	Disaggregated Data on the Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses
56	FFIEC 041	Schedule RI-E	Explanations
57	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC	Balance Sheet
58	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-A	Cash and Balances Due from Depository Institutions
59	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-B	Securities
60	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-C	Loans and Lease Financing Receivables
61	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-D	Trading Assets and Liabilities
62	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-E	Deposit Liabilities
63	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-F	Other Assets
64	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-G	Other Liabilities
65	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-K	Quarterly Averages
66	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-L	Derivatives and Off-Balance-Sheet Items
67	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-M	Memoranda
68	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-N	Past Due and Nonaccrual Loans, Leases, and Other Assets
69	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-P	1–4 Family Residential Mortgage Banking Activities in Domestic Offices
70	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-Q	Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis
71	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-R	Regulatory Capital
72	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-S	Servicing, Securitization, and Asset Sale Activities
73	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-V	Variable Interest Entities

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SI. No.	Report Code	Schedule Code	Schedule Name
74	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-O	Other Data for Deposit Insurance and FICO Assessments
75	FFIEC 041	Schedule RC-T	Fiduciary and Related Services
76	FFIEC 101		Regulatory Capital Reporting for Institutions Subject to the Advanced Capital Adequacy Framework

2 Getting Started

This chapter provides an understanding of the pre-requsites, general and data preparation assumptions and logging into the application. It includes:

- Prerequisites
- <u>Assumptions</u>
- Logging in to the OFSDF Interface with Lombard Risk for US FED
- Organization of the Interface for User Roles
- Metadata Browser

OFSDF interface with Lombard Risk for US FED allows you to perform the following activities:

- Manage Data Loading and Transformation from various source systems to staging, processing, and results.
- Manage relevant OFSAA metadata for regulatory reporting purpose. This includes creating, modifying, and viewing the metadata used in reporting.
- View the report metadata for mapping.
- Drill down from AgileREPORTER to OFSAA results area.

2.1 Prerequisites

The prerequisites are:

- Oracle Financial Services Analytical Applications Infrastructure (AAI) is deployed and configured.
- Oracle Financial Services Data Foundation is deployed and configured.
- Processed data required for reports as per the release scope.
- Ensure that the report templates for AgileREPORTER **RPforFED_v1.6.1.6.zip** is available in the AgileREPORTER.
- Ensure that AgileREPORTER version 1.14 is installed.
- Knowledge of working with regulatory reports.

2.2 Assumptions

OFSDF interface with Lombard Risk for US FED is a reporting application and it does not perform any risk/stress calculations. Following listed are the assumptions for the application:

- Textual and other related portions of reports like person details, contact details, Yes / No choices must be updated on Report Portal directly and FSDF does not have placeholder for it.
- Data provided is post reconciliation to ensure that accuracy of data being reported (nonprescribed by regulators) are performed in OFSAA using various components – General Ledger (GL) reconciliation.

- Validity checks such as edit checks, cross-validation checks and so on prescribed by regulator are performed within the AgileREPORTER.
- All monetory amounts are expected to be positive in number, except valuation outputs which can be positive or negative. Rules are constructed assuming the negative sign of valuation amounts wherever applicable.
- The application populates few specific dimension tables, known as seeded / sample tables as part of the installation script. Since they are used in the metadata, changes in data values have impact on the overall functioning.
- All percentage data are expected in decimal format meaning 9% must be provided as 9 and not 0.09.
- For a data provided as of date, such as last day of the quarter of the reporting year: Quarterly and Year to Date (YTD) report for the given date displays same value for those measures which are of as of date in nature. For example, Annual and Quarterly Balance Sheet and BASEL reports generated as of 31-MAR show same values for all measures such as Account Balance.
- Account Balances such as End of Period Balances are expected to be provided as Net of (without) Unearned Income.

2.3 Logging in to the OFSDF Interface with Lombard Risk for US FED

After the application is installed and configured, to access the OFSDF Interface with Lombard Risk for US FED application you need to log into OFSAAI environment using the OFSAAI login page.

To access application follow these steps:

1. Enter the OFSAAI URL in your browser. The OFSAAI login page is displayed.

Language US-Engleh V User ID I Password	ORACLE"	Financial Services Analytical Applications About
Version 8.0.1.0.0 Copyright © 1993, 2015 Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.		User D Password

Figure 2: OFSAAI Log in

2. Select the desired language from the Language drop-down list.

3. Enter your User ID and Password. When you log into OFSAAI, the first screen is dsplayed.

	tical Applications	🛄 🔻 🧘 V US-English V RRDFUSER V
Applications Object Administration System Configuration & Id	ently Management	
Applications Object Administration System Configuration & Id Select Applications Financial Services Data Foundation Image: Services Data Foundation Image: Services Data Foundation Image: Services Data Services Data Foundation Image: Services Data Foundation Image: Services Data Management Image: Services Data Management Image: Services Detrived Entity Image: Services Data Services Image: Services Data Services Processor Image: Services Data Services Image: Data Management Image: Services Data Services Image: Services Data Services Processor Image: Services Data Services Data Services Image: Services Data Serv	eetity Management Image: Class Model Management Prencial Services Data Foundation Prencial Services Data Foundation Image: Class Model Management Manage Data Model Image: Class Model Management Date and maintain analytical Metadata Define and maintain analytical metadata definitions Image: Class Model Management Manage Data Model Image: Class Model Management Define and maintain analytical metadata definitions Image: Class Model Management Define and maintain analytical metadata definitions Image: Class Model Management Define and maintain analytical metadata definitions Image: Class Model Management Define and maintain analytical metadata definitions Image: Class Model Management Define and maintain analytical metadata definitions Image: Class Model Management Define and maintain analytical metadata definitions Image: Class Model Management Define and maintain analytical metadata metadata metadata definitions Image: Class Model Management Define and maintain analytical metadata Model Management Tools for Data Center operations Image: Class Model Management Management Management Management Define analytical Metadata Benesee Browse metadata Imagement	Data Management Framework Manage Data movement using framework for Data Management Image Data Management Data Management
Image: Serie Metadata ▶ Bruke Run Francesork ▶ Bruke Run Francesork ▶ Bruke Run Francesork		
Metadata Browser		

Figure 3: Landing Page

2.4 Organization of Interface for User Roles

This section explains the various features used by a analyst. It describes the organization of the user interface and provides step-by-step instructions for navigating through the application to carry out these activities.

Data Analysts are expected to perform the following activities:

- 1. Marking Run as Final
- 2. Executing Batch to Refresh Derived Entities
- 3. Drill Down from AgileREPORTER to OFSDF

Reporting Analyst are expected to perform the following activities:

- 1. Drill Down from AgileREPORTER to OFSDF
- 2. Using Metadata Browser to check Schedule Wise metadata
- 3. Using Metadata Browser to check metadata usage across schedules

2.4.1 Marking Run as Final

Various applications provide data for regulatory reporting. You must mark specific executions for regulatory reporting as final run.

	cal Applications			🛗 🔻 👫 🔻 US-English 🛛 OFSAD 🛡
Applications Object Administration System Configuration & Ident	tity Management My Inbox			
Select Applications	Financial Services Data Foundation >	Run Management > Run Management		
Financial Services Data Foundation		Run Man	agement Summary	
 Financial Services Data Foundation B Data Model Management 	* Search			
Data Management Framework	Segment	FSDFSEG V	Run Name	
El Unified Analytical Metadata Bandara Metadata Bandara Metadata	Run Type			
A 🔀 Run Management			目 水休 ※ 早0 ti	(1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
 Run Management Operations 	No Records to Display			
Settings Metadata Browser				
	4			

Figure 4: Run Management Summary Screen

							Run Execut	tion Summary					
Run Na	Name US FED Runs					Run ID		14657984	54268				
Run Ty	n Type BASELINE RUN												
								_					
Rur	n Execution D	Details								i 🖻 🔅 🔁 🖻	🖉 🛃 🛛 👻	1 to	0 1 of 1 🖪 🔍 🕨
	Run Skey	V	Run Execution	ld	FIC MIS DATE	Execution Status	Execu	ition Date	Time of Execution	Reportir	g f Approve Report	flag	
7	127004		146579871047	9	06/30/2013	COMPLETE	06/13/	2016	11:48:30	-	Approversepore	146579845	4268_Description
	porting Flag (
Repor	rting flag Status												
Repor Reque	rting flag Status ested By												
Repor Reque Reque	rting flag Status ested By ested Date	5				•							
Repor Reque Reque Reque	rting flag Status ested By ested Date estor Comments	5											
Repor Reque Reque Reque Autho	rting flag Status ested By ested Date	5				•							

Figure 5: Run Management Summary Screen

2.4.2 Executing Batch to Resave Derived Entities

To execute the batch to refresh derived entities, follow the below steps:

- 1. Navigate to Financial Services Data Foundation → Operations → Batch Execution
- Select the batch <<INFODOM>>_USFED_FFIEC031_RESAVEDE to resave all the DEs used in FFIEC031.
- Similarly "<<INFODOM>>_USFED_FR2314_RESAVEDE", "<<INFODOM>>_USFED_FRY11_RESAVEDE" can be used to resave DEs related to 2314,11 respectively.

nancial Services Analytical Applications - Windo	1	itions					1 × A +	US-EN	jinh v OFSAD v			
plications Object Administration System Config elect Applications			Operations > Balch Execut	lovi -								
	*	Financial Services Data Foundation > Operations > Balch Execution										
Data Model Management	Batch Executi	Batch Execution										
Data Model Management Data Management	+ Batch Mode											
Data Management Framework EUnified Analytical Metadata	Mode		@ Run O Restart O Rerun									
Unified Analytical Metadata Wing Run Framework	- Anna											
* 20 Run Management	- Search Batch ID Like	122			1.000.000.000.000				0			
4 13 Operations		FSL	SFINFO_	- Tanana	Batch Description Like	Contraction of the local division of the loc	-					
Batch Maintenance	Module				Last Modification Date	Between	570	And	13			
Batch Execution	+ Batch Detai	ls.					U	51-5	0/00 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1			
The Batch Scheduler	Batch ID 🔺				Betch Description		and the second	11177				
C Batch Monitor	E FSDFINFO					in tables to Fact Common		mmary				
R Batch Cancellation		TRANSACTION S	UMMARY			ch for Transaction Summa ch for Transactions tables						
Wew Log		USFED_FFIEC03	RESAVEDE			ves the RRS USFED Deriv		eating MVIE	WS			
Processing Report		USFED_FR2314_				ves the RRS USFED Dert						
Estings	E) TEORNEO	USPED FRY11 P	1 SAVE 01		This Batch Resa	ves the RRS USFED Deriv	ved Entity for Cr	reating MVIE	ws			
Metadata Browser	- Task Detail											
	Task ID	Task Description	Metodole Value		Component ID	Precedence			Task Status			
					No data found							
	- Information	Date										
	Date		1									
					Execute Balah							
					Execute Ballin							

Figure 6: Batch Maintenance Screen

- 4. Monitor status of the batch using **Batch Monitor** link.
- 5. The batches available for this release are:
 - a. batch_resave_de_usfed_ffiec031

This batch saves the Derived Entities of FFIEC 031 report.

b. batch_resave_de_usfed_fr2314

This batch saves the Derived Entities of FR 2314 report.

c. batch_resave_de_usfed_fry11

This batch saves the Derived Entities of FR Y-11 report.

d. batch_resave_de_usfed_fry2052a

This batch saves the Derived Entities of FR 2052A report.

e. batch_resave_de_usfed_fry2644

This batch saves the Derived Entities of FR 2644 report.

f. batch_resave_de_usfed_fry2900

This batch saves the Derived Entities of FR 2900 report.

g. batch_resave_de_usfed_fdic_8020

This batch saves the Derived Entities of FDIC 8020 report.

h. batch_resave_de_usfed_fry9C

This batch saves the Derived Entities of FR Y-9C report.

i. batch_resave_de_usfed_fry14m

This batch saves the Derived Entities of FR Y-14M report.

j. batch_resave_de_usfed_fry14q_H1H2

This batch saves the Derived Entities of FR Y-14Q_H1H2 report.

2.4.3 Logging to AgileREPORTER to Retrieve the Returns

The Retrieve Return functionality in AgileREPORTER fetches data from OFSAA derived entities and embeds them on AgileREPORTER templates. This runs the decision table process in Lombard Risk. You can view the relevant OFSAA data on various schedules of the AgileREPORTER using this functionality.

Lombard Risk	Dashboai	rd								Job Manag	er 🖂	XBRL Checker	hi rpadmin 🔹 🄇
				Show Dele	eted Returns	Delete Return Lo	g 🚡 Create New		🕞 Import adjustments 🔹	 Export To Regi 	ulator Format	Export	Retrieve Return
Regulator : US FED Reserve	Ŧ	ENTITY	RETURNS \$	VERSION \$	REFERENCE DATE \$	JOB STATUS	WORKFLOW STATUS	UPDATE	APPROVAL	EDITIONS	TRANSMISSION	MODIFIED \$	MODIFIED BY \$
Entity		US	FFIEC031	4	30/09/2013	® ()		🛟 Update	NO ATTESTATION NEEDED	Manage Editions		12/09/2016 11:21:5	RPADMIN
US	Ŧ	US	FFIEC041	4	30/09/2013	R ()		🔂 Update	NO ATTESTATION NEEDED	Manage Editions		14/09/2016 12:01:4	5 RPADMIN
Form		US	FRY9C	2	30/09/2013	R ()		C Update	NO ATTESTATION NEEDED	Manage Editions		08/09/2016 11:41:0	4 RPADMIN
All	٣					Retri	eve Return	×	⊨i 15 ¥				
Available date All	Ŧ					Entity US Refere	ence Date	v					
						Log le Norm		• •					

Figure 7: Retrieve Returns Page

2.4.4 Report Verification - Drill Down from AgileREPORTER to OFSAA Results Area

Drill down functionality enables the user to view the accounts included in the aggregation. Following these steps to drill down from AgileREPORTER to OFSAA:

1. Log in to the AgileREPORTER.



Figure 8: AgileREPORTER Login page

2. The user can view the list of reports in the main page. Click any report name in the Returns column, for example, **FRY9C**.

Lombard Risk	Dashboar	d								Job Manag	jer 🖂	XBRL Checker	• hi rpadmin	* 0
				Show Del	eted Returns	Delete Return Log	Create New	t	Import adjustments	 Export To Reg 	ulator Format	Export	Retrieve Retu	urn
Regulator : US FED Reserve	۲	ENTITY	RETURNS \$	VERSION \$	REFERENCE DATE	JOB STATUS	WORKFLOW STATUS	UPDATE	APPROVAL	EDITIONS	TRANSMISSION	MODIFIED \$	MODIFIED E	BY ≎
		US	FFIEC031	4	30/09/2013	B ()		C Update	NO ATTESTATION NEEDER	2 I Manage Editions		12/09/2016 11:21:5	9 RPADMIN	า
Entity US	•	US	FFIEC041	4	30/09/2013	R ()		Update	NO ATTESTATION NEEDER	2 L Manage Editions		14/09/2016 12:01:4	5 RPADMIN	í
		US	ERY9C	2	30/09/2013	R ()		Opdate	NO ATTESTATION NEEDER	2 La Manage		08/09/2016 11:41:0	4 RPADMIN	í
All	¥						14 44	1 🔛 🗆	⊨ 15 ¥					
Available date														
All	٣													

Figure 9: AgileREPORTER Main Page

3. The schedule list is displayed in the left hand side. Click any schedule name, for example **Schedule HC-E**.

Lombard Risk FRY9C v2 US FED Reserve / US 30/09/2013 No Attestation Needed		×
Agiustments • Export To File • Export To File • Export To Regulator Format D Live Validation D Validation	Workflow Return Sources Editions 08/09/2016 11:41:04 #8 G Manage Editions	Instances 1 🔹 🗿
Type "Yes" or "No" into the box below (default value = " Include Current years P&L [VULL]	×	Pages
Advanced Approaches Is the reporting institution an advanced approaches institution?		0 VALIDATION FAILURE 0 WARNINGS 0 X-VALIDATION FAILURE
(1 for Yes, 0 for No) NULL		Wkst
Exit Parallel Run		Cover
Has the reporting institution completed parallel running?		Sch HI (1 of 4)
(1 for Yes, 0 for No)		Sch HI (2 of 4)
Grandfathered unitary and insurance		Sch HI (3 of 4)
SLHC Is the reporting institution a grandfathered		Sch HI (4 of 4) Sch HI-A
unitary SLHC or insurance SLHC that is not required to file HC-R? (1 for Ys.0 for No) WULL		Sch HI-B (1 of 2)
(1 for Yes, 0 for No)		Sch HI-B (2 of 2)
Special Rounding BHCs, SHC or covered SLHC		Sch HI-C
Indicates if the special rounding for reporting Is the reporting institution a BHCs, SHC or institutions with 10 bin and more in assets covered SLHC as defined by the final capital rule?		Notes to Income Stmt (1 of 3)
is enabled (1 for Yes, 0 for No) <u>NULL</u> (1 for Yes, 0 for No)		Notes to Income Stmt (2 of 3)
		Notes to Income Stmt (3 of 3)
Any adjustments to additional tier 1 capital related to changes in the fair value of liabilities P864A1 0 P864A1 0		Sch HC (1 of 3)
that are reflored at term 54 would are national		Sch HC (2 of 3)

Figure 10: AgileREPORTER Page Displaying List of Schedules

4. Click any cell to drill down.

A Show Import Log + Adjustments + Export To File	Live Valid	ation 🔂 Validate		Workflow	Return Source	and the second second			
			Editions	11/11/2015	13:11:59 #1	* Statage	insta	ances 1	- 0
This return is out of d	late. View	"Return Sources"						Notes to Income !	Stimt (3 of 3)
			FR Y-9C				^	Sch HC (1 of 3)	
			Page 26 of 65					Sch HC (2 of 3)	
								SCN HC (2 01 3)	
Schedule HC-E—Deposit Liabilities1								Sch HC (3 of 3)	
Dollar Amounts in Thousands	внсв	Bit1MI1Thou	í.					Sch HC-B (1 of 3)	j .
 Deposits held in domestic offices of commercial bank subsidiaries of the reporting 								Sch HC-B (2 of 3)	1
holding company:		an and a second second						Sch HC-B (3 of 3)	
a. Noninterest-bearing balances2	2210	333,220	1.8					SCR HC-B (3 01 3))
b. Interest-bearing demand deposits, NOW, ATS, and other transaction accounts	3187	415,690	1.b.					Sch HC-C (1 of 4	10 C
c. Money market deposit accounts and other savings accounts	2389	543,900	1.c.					Sch HC-C (2 of 4	
d. Time deposits of less than \$100,000	6648	640,000	1.d.				10.0	SUI HUIG (2 UI 4	
e. Time deposits of \$100,000 or more	2604	671,850	1.0.					Sch HC-C (3 of 4	5
2. Deposits held in domestic offices of other depository institutions that are subsidiaries of th								Sch HC-C (4 of 4	
reporting holding company:	BHOD							our no-o (a or a	
a. Noninterest-bearing balances2	3189	328,560	2.8					Sch HC-D (1 of 3	F.
b. Interest-bearing demand deposits. NOW, ATS, and other transaction accounts	3187	673,560	2.b.					Sch HC-D (2 of 3	
c. Money market deposit accounts and other savings accounts	2389	958.202	2.c.					001110-0 (2 013	
d. Time deposits of less than \$100,000	6648	673,816	2.0					Sch HC-D (3 of 3	j
e. Time deposits of \$100,000 or more	2604	580,925	2.0.					HC-E&F	
								Sch HC-G & H	
Memoranda								Sch HC-I	
Dollar Amounts in Thousands	BHDM	Bit I Mil I Thou						our roll	
1. Brokered deposits less than \$100,000 with a remaining maturity of one year or less	A243	1,999,578	M.1.					Sch HC-K	
2. Brokered deposits less than \$100,000 with a remaining maturity of more than one year	A164	680,618	M.2				~	Sch HC-L (1 of 4)	

Figure 11: AgileREPORTER Schedule Details Page

5. Figure 12 displays drill down for the first cell in Column A. The OFSAA icon is displayed. It provides information about the amounts against different MDRM codes here. In the figure, the first MDRM code – BHCB 2210 indicates the amount of deposits held by the bank that are of non-interest bearing variant. Click the cell, and the OFSAA icon, to view how this cell was populated from OFSAA results. You are redirected to the OFSAA drill down page.

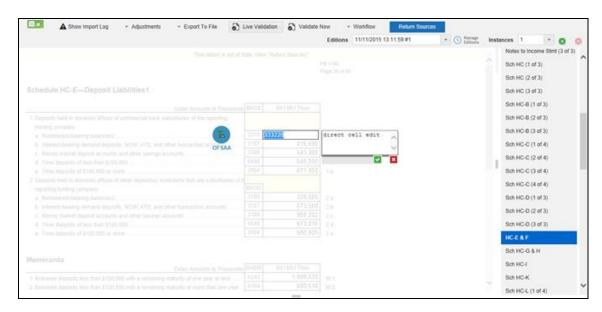


Figure 12: AgileREPORTER Drill Down

6. This cell is populated from the derived entity mentioned in the grid header DE – Deposit Liabilities – Schedule HC-E. The value in the derived entity grid 333,220.00 must match with that of the cell in the report. Derived entity is an aggregate built on top of OFSAA results model to serve regulatory template requirements. It is built using dimensions, measures and business processors. The dimensions that participates in determining the cell value is displayed with data. Click the derived entity link in the grid header.

		Data L	ineage				
Run Execution Id	-1		Date		04 Jan 2011		
Legal Entity			Reference Identifier		BHCB2210		
The Ver							
¹⁰ Derived Entity : DE - Deposit Li	abilities - Schedule HC-E (1						
Geography - Branch Country D	eposit Type Hierarchy	Non Interest bearing deposit Hierarchy	Depository institution flag - DOS	Entity Ty	pe Hierarchy	Lop Balance RCY - Deposits Borrowings	
	00	Y	Y	BANSU		333,220.00	

Figure 13: Data Trace Browser/ OFSAA Report Drill-down Screen

7. Derived entity details are displayed in the Metadata Browser within the page. Scroll to view complete details such as Datasets, Hierarchies, Measures and so on. Click the measure value in the derived entity row, for example **333,220.00**.

			Data Li	neage				
Run Execution Id		a		Date		04 Jan 2011		
Legal Entity				Reference Identifier		BHCB2210		
The Ver								
Derived Entit	ity : <u>DE - Deposit Liabili</u>	ities - Schedule HC-E (1			_		Lop Balance RCY - Deposits	
Geography - Brans	(<u>×</u>	A	Type Hierarchy	Borrowings	
US		Derive	d Entity	2	BANS	UB	333,229.00	
		IE - Deposit Liabilities - Schedule HC-E	Name DE - Deposit Liabilites Schedule HC-E Folder					
	Details Statistics A							
	Name	Value	¥					
	Source Type	0						
	Apgregate Flag Materialized View	3						
		-						
	Depends on (13)	1/3 Object Type						
	Eco Balance RCY							
	Borrowings Trans Account File			`	~			
· ·								
								~

Figure 14: Derived Entity MDB View

8. Double-click any figure in the screen to drill-down to the fact tables. The below grid displays the detailed granular rows of fact data that comprises the derived entity aggregate. The number 333220 is now seggregated down to 10 records with different balances. Scroll to the right in second grid to view measure values.

				Data Lir					
					eaye				
Run Execution Id		-1			Date 04 Jan 2011				
Legal Entity					Reference Identifier	B	HCB2210		
The second secon									
P. Desived Fetitur	DF Desceit Lisbilit	es Schedule NC F	(1)						
Geography React Country Deposit Type Hierarchy Top Biore RCY - Deposits									
US	DD		Hierarchy Y			BANSUB		Borrowings	333,220.00
				(L					
				(1				
» Dataset : DS - D	eposit Liabilities - S	chedule HC-E (10)	<u>%</u>						
Band Short Descript	tion Entity Type Desi	cription Branch Descr	ption Legal Entity Code	Product Na	ne ERM Deposit type descript	ion Run	Main Description	Band Surrogate Key	Calendar Date
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries	Branch US3	US	INTREABAL	Demand deposits	Bas	seline	1	2011-01-04 00:00:00.0
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries	Branch US3	US	INTBEABAL	Demand deposits	Bas	eine	1	2011-01-04 00:00:00:0
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries	Branch US3	US	INTREABAL	Demand deposits	Bas	ieline	1	2011-01-04 00:00:00.0
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries	Branch US3	US	NTBEABAL	Demand deposits	Bas	eine	1	2011-01-04 00:00:00:0
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries	Branch US3	US	INTBEABAL	Demand deposits	Bas	eine	1	2011-01-04 00:00:00:0
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries	Branch US1	US	INTREABAL	Demand deposits	Bas	leine	1	2011-01-04 00:00:00:0
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries	Branch US1	US	NTBEABAL	Demand deposits	Bas	ielne	1	2011-01-04 00:00:00:0
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries	Branch US1	US	INTBEABAL	Demand deposits	Bas	eine	1	2011-01-04 00:00:00.0
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries	Branch US1	US	INTBEABAL	Demand deposits	Bas	leine	1	2011-01-04 00:00:00.0
MISSING	Rank subsidiaries	Branch US1	0.5	NTREARAL	Demand deposits	Ras	unine	1	2011-01-04

Figure 15: Drill Down Page

				Data Line	age							
Run Execution M	4	B-Search										
Legal Exity	US			4								
		S Attribute	Selector									
E.							Selected Attributes					
		Available Attribute	s								-	
 Derived Entity - <u>DE-</u> executive - Branch Country VS 	Deposit Lisbilities - Sc c Deposit Type He CO	E)- Dataset Entries C- Ceposits and Borowings C-Organization Structure Dimension E-Geography Dimension E-Data Organ Dimension C-Data Organ Dimension Record End Date Data Organ Dimension Record Start Date Data Organ Dimension Record Start Date Data Organ Dimension Record Indicator					Entity Type Description Branch Description Legal Entity Code			SE RCY	233,220.00	
· Dataset : DS - Depos	it Liabilities - Schedule					Run Main De						
Band Short Description	Entity Type Description						Band Surropate Key Calendar Date				. Kex	Calendar Date
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries		gin Dimension Data gin Dimension Data			Ently Type Surrogate Key						2011-01-04 00:00:00:0
MISSING	Dank subsidiaries	- Data Ori		Source Description	8	Branch Surrogate Key Depository Institution Flag						2011-01-04 00:00:00:0
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries	E-Run Dime	insion			Legal Entity Surrogate Key						2011-01-04 00:00:00.0
MISSING	Bark subsidiaries	E- Dimensio			~	Non Interest Bearing Deposit Flag Deposit type surrogate key				~	1	2011-01-04 00:00:00.0
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries	Section of the sectio	Clebournee Dime	nunn	-	ox I						2011-01-04 00:00:00.0
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries	Branch US1	US	INTREABAL	100		mand deposits	Baseline	,	-		2011-01-04 00:00:00.0
WSSNG	Bank subsidiaries	Branch US1	us	INTREABAL		De	mand deposits	Daseine	1			2011-01-04 00:00:00:0
MISSING	Bank autosidiaries	Branch US1	us	INTREABAL		De	mand deposits	Baseline	t			2011-01-04 00:00:00.0
MSSNG	Dank subsidiaries	Branch US1	us	INTBEABAL		De	mand deposits	Baseine	1			2011-01-04 00:00:00:0
NISSNO	Tark subsidiaries	Brench US1	ius.	NTRF ARAL		De	ment deposite	Baselice				2011-01-04

9. Click Attribute Selector icon on the header of the second grid.

Figure 16: Drill Down Attribute Selector 1

10. Expand Data Origin Dimension and select Data Source name. Click OK.

Run Execution Id	1:1	B Search								
Legal Entity	US		4							
		B Attribute Se	elector							
E.						Selected Attributes			1	
Derived Entity : <u>QE - (</u> coarsehy - Branch Country S	Contraction Management of the second second	Arstalle Articular Account Orimination Original Net Operating Income Account Dimension Arginal Net Operating Income Account Dimension Account Description Account Dimension Account Description Account Dimension Account Description Account Dimension Account Identifier Type Code Account Dimension Acceunt Identifier Identifi			^ 6		DF		A SCE.ES	Y - Deposits 333,220,00
Dataset : <u>DS - Deposi</u> land Short Description	Liabilities - Schedule				-3	Ceposit type description Aum Main Description Band Sumtigate Key			e Key	Calendar Date
MISSING	Bark subsidiaries	- Account D	Imension Application Imension Area Code Imension Attition Re-			Celender Date Entby Type Burrogate Key Braich Surrogate Key Depository Institution Flag Legal Entry Surrogate Key Non Internet Bearing Deposet Flag Deposet type surrogate Key			1.000	2011-01-04 00:00:00:0
MISSING	Bark subsidiaries	- Account D	imension Benchman	k identifier						2011-01-04 00:00:00.0
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries	- Account D	Imension Branch Col	de						2011-01-04 00:00:00.0
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries	- Account D	imension Currency C	lode	~				~	2011-01-04 00:00:00.0
MISSING	Bark subsidiaries	LL Arround C	Imension Cansue La	ual Coda.		Cancel				2011-01-04 00:00:00.0
MISSING	Bark subsidiaries	Branch US1	US .	INTEGABAL		Semand deposits	Basekte			2011-01-04 00:00:00:0
MISSNO	Bark subsidiaries	Branch US1	US	INTREABAL		Demand deposits	Baseline			2011-01-04 00:00:00.0
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries	Branch US1	US.	NTBEABAL		Demand deposits	Beselve	1		2011-01-04 00:00:00.0
NISSING	Bank subsidiaries	Branch US1	us	NTBEABAL		Demand deposits	Baseline	1		2011-01-04 00:00:00.0
MISSING	Bank subsidiaries	Branch US1	05	NTBEABAL		Demand deposits	Baselite	1		2011-01-04
/										

Figure 17: US FED Drill Down Attribute Selector 2

11. If account number is required, scroll and expand the account dimension. Select **account number/contract code** and click **OK**. Data source and account / contract code is displayed in the drill down grid.

Run Execution Id	-1			Date		04 Jan 2011		-
Legal Entity	US			Referenc	e Identifier	BHCB2210	BHC82210	
Tote Ver								
Derived Entity : <u>DE - De</u>		No	erest bearing deposit				Eop Balance RCY -	
Geography - Branch Country	Deposit Type H	Hierard Hierard			institution flag - DOS	Entity Type Hierarchy	Borrowings	
US .	00	Y		Y		BANSUB		333,220.00
•								
P Dataset : DS - Deposit	Lisbilities - Schedul	<u>e HC-E</u> (10)	<u>80</u>					
Account / Contract Code	Band Surrogate Key	Band Short Description	Data Source Name	Calendar Date	Entity Type Surrogate Key	Entity Type Description	Branch Surrogate Key	Branch Descript
22000001	1.00	MISSING	Flexcube	2011-01-04 00:00:00.0	13	Bank subsidiaries	43	Branch US1
22000002	1.00	MISSING	Flexcube	2011-01-04 00:00:00.0	13	Bank subsidiaries	43	Branch US1
22000003	1.00	MISSING	Flexcube	2011-01-04 00:00:00.0	13	Bank subsidiaries	43	Branch US1
22000004	1.00	MISSING	Flexcube	2011-01-04 00:00:00.0	13	Bank subsidiaries	43	Branch US1
22000005	1.00	MISSING	Hogan	2011-01-04 00:00:00:0	13	Bank subsidiaries	43	Branch US1
22000006	1.00	MISSING	Hogan	2011-01-04 00:00:00.0	13	Bank subsidiaries	45	Branch US3
22000007	1.00	MISSING	Hogan	2011-01-04 00:00:00:0	13	Bank subsidiaries	45	Branch US3
22000008	1.00	MISSING	Hogan	2011-01-04 00:00:00:0	13	Bank subsidiaries	45	Branch US3
22000009	1.00	MISSING	Hogan	2011-01-04 00:00:00:0	13	Bank subsidiaries	45	Branch US3
	1.00	MISSING	Flexcube	2011-01-04 00:00:00.0	13	Bank subsidiaries	45	Branch US3
<								>`

Figure 18: Drill Down - Granular

2.5 Metadata Browser

This section helps you to navigate through Metadata Browser and guides you in tracing the source of the metadata. The Metadata Browser function allows you to view and analyze all aspects of the metadata used in the OFSAAI. It provides extensive browsing capabilities of metadata, helps in tracking the impact of changes to metadata, and trace through to the source of originating data.

Metadata Browser (Object and Application View) provides common repository of metadata objects created in OFSAAI and applications hosted in OFSAAI. Using this view, you can identify the usage of base objects in higher level objects and the mapping of Objects to Application, thus enabling traceability. It also allows you to view the data flow and the work flow of the application and understand the usage of objects within the application.

The new visualization of Metadata Browser (MDB) supports Application view and Object view. In Application view, you can browse through the metadata created using the applications hosted in OFSAAI. In object view, you can view the metadata created in OFSAAI.

To access the Metadata Browser (Object and Application View), your role must be mapped to the SCR_MDB function.

Analysts review the metadata used for a particular report schedule to verify the data. Data verification may require looking for metadata used in given schedule or it can be schedules in which particular

metadata is used. Data Analysts and Reporting Analysts perform the report verification. Metadata refers to business measures, hierarchies, data sets, derived entities used for a given schedule.

To use MDB for schedule wise metadata, and to use MDB for metadata wise schedule follow the below steps.

- 1. To use MDB for schedule wise metadata, for a given schedule, identify the metadata used.
 - a) User can verify the data for related data elements in results using this information. Navigate to path *Objects* → *OFSAA Data Model* → *Reporting Metadata* → *Reports*. The Left Hand Side (LHS) displays the list of reports. For example, Figure 19 refers to *HC-E Schedule* of FRY9C report.

				Last Executed bate . 17-nov-2	UIS12.09.29 USEF: Manuser Connected To: UFSFSDFWF0
Application Object			Report		8
B OFSAA Metamodel	Reporting Metadata > Reports > HC-E				
🖻 😫 Data Foundation 🗄 🌄 Business Metadata					
E 🖶 A Process Metadata		Code/ID FRY-9C-HC-E		Name HC-E	
B no Reporting Metadata		Description Schedule HC-E-Deposit Liabilities		Folder	
🕀 😘 Dashboard	Details Statistics Audit Trail				
🖻 🍓 Reports	Report Properties (1)				—
Prev Prev	and Name	Value			
-D HC-E	Report URL				
HC-F	» Depends on (1)				
- нс-с	Diject Name	Object Type			
нс-н	FRY-9C-HC-E	View			
нс-і нс-к	Used in (1)				
- HC-K	dit. Object Name	Object Type Dashboard			
нс-ш	FRY-9C	Dashboard			
- HC-N	» Applications (0)				
- HC-P					
- HC-Q					
- HC-R					
- HC-S					
- HC-V					
-🗋 н					
- HI-A					
-🗋 ннв					
- H-C					
- 🗅 ı					
- 🗋 i					
Next					
E 😘 Views					

Figure 19: MDB - Reporting Metadata - Schedule View 1

b) Click the object view **FRY-9C-HC-E**. The *Report Details* page is displayed.

	ata Browser		Last Executed Date : 17-Nov-2015 12:09:29 User : rrdfu	ser Connected To: OFSFSDFN
Giobal	Search Home			
Application Object		View		B
OFSAA Metamodel Q	Reporting Metadata > Reports > HC-E > FRY-9C-HC-E			
Data Foundation				
🗄 🌄 Business Metadata				
🗄 쳽 Process Metadata	Code/ID FR	Y-9C-HC-E	Name FRY-9C-HC-E	
🗄 🚧 Reporting Metadata	Description FR	Y-9C-HC-E	Folder	
🗄 📸 Dashboard				
🗄 🍓 Reports	Details Statistics Audit Trail			
Prev Prev	» View Properties (1)			
- HC-E	Name Value			
- HC-F	Display Format Tabular			
-D HC-G				
- нс-н	» Reporting Elements (14)		1/1 🔄 🖬 🖸 Jump To Pi	
- нон	Name	Description		ege -
-Ш нс-к	BHCB2210	TOTAL DEMAND DEPOSITS		
	BHCB3187	NOW, ATS AND OTHER TRANSACTION ACCOUNTS IN DOMESTIC		
- HC-L		OFFICES OF COMMERCIAL BANKS		
нс-м	BHCB2389	NONTRANSACTION SAVINGS DEPOSITS		
- HC-N	BHCB5548	TOTAL TIME DEPOSITS OF LESS THAN \$100,000		
- HC-P	BHCB2604	TOTAL TIME DEPOSITS OF \$100,000 OR MORE NONINTEREST-BEARING BALANCES IN DOMESTIC OFFICES OF		
- HC-Q	BHOD3189	OTHER DEPOSITORY INSTITUTIONS		
- HC-R	BHOD3187	NOW, ATS AND OTHER TRANSACTION ACCOUNTS IN DOMESTIC		
- HC-S	BHOD2389	OFFICES OF COMMERCIAL BANKS NONTRANSACTION SAVINGS DEPOSITS		
- HC-V	BHOD6648	TOTAL TIME DEPOSITS OF LESS THAN \$100.000		
-D H	BHOD2604	TOTAL TIME DEPOSITS OF \$100.000 OR MORE		
- HI-A		BROKERED DEPOSITS ISSUED IN DENOMINATIONS OF LESS		
	BHDMA243	THAN \$100,000 WITH A REMAINING MATURITY OF ONE YEAR OR LESS		
		BROKERED DEPOSITS OF LESS THAN \$100,000 WITH A		
ню нь	BHDMA164_	REMAINING MATURITY OF MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
-🖸 1	BHDMA242	FIXED RATE AND FLOATING RATE TIME DEPOSITS OF \$100,000 OR MORE WITH A REMAINING MATURITY OF ONE YEAR OR		
- 🖾 1	UTION TAKE	LESS		
Next	BHFNA245	TIME DEPOSITS IN FOREIGN OFFICES WITH A REMAINING MATURITY OF ONE YEAR OR LES		
🗄 🐞 Views	<	metonett of our rest of reg		>
	v Depends on (9)		1/2 Jump to Page	
	9		··· ··· ··· ···· ···· ····· ···· ···· ····	

Figure 20: MDB - Reporting Metadata - Schedule View 2

You can view the below information in the Details tab:

- **Reporting Elements**: This section displays the line items in report with regulatory references.
- **Depends On**: This section displays the metadata used in a given schedule.
- c) Click any Reporting Element. For example, **BHCB2210**. The following page is displayed.

	adata Browser		Last Executed Date : 17-Nov-2015 12:09:29 User : rrdfuser Connected To : 0FSFSDFI
	al Search Home		
Application Object			Reporting Element
🔟 OFSAA Metamodel 🛛 🔍	Reporting Metadata > Reports > HC-E	- ERV 90 H0 E - BH082210	
🕀 🖶 Data Foundation	Reporting included > Reports > Inc.	TREADURE - DICEALIN	
🕫 🌄 Business Metadata			
🗄 椅 Process Metadata		Code/ID BHCB2210	Name BHCB2210
etadata		Description TOTAL DEMAND DEPOSITS	Folder
🖻 😼 Dashboard			
Reports	Details Statistics Audit Trail		
Prev Prev	Reporting Element Properties	\$ (6)	
-D HC-E	385 Name	Value	
-D HC-F	Derived	NO	
- HC-G	Confidentiality		
- нс-н	Type Notes	Includes as Demand Deposits:1. All checking accounts, inclu	displayer mindred as collaboral for the
- П нсч	Start Date	includes as benand beposits. It. All checking accounts, inclu	ang mole people as constrainter (22)
- нс-к	End Date		
- HC-L			
-D HC-M	» Dimension Filters (5)		
-D HC-N	Dimension	Members	
- HC-P	Entity Type Hierarchy	BANSUB	
	Geography - Branch Country Depository institution flag - DOS	US Y	
нс-о	Deposit Type Hierarchy	Y	
- HC-R	Non Interest bearing deposit Hierarch		
- нс-s	<		>
- HC-V	> Depends on (7)		1/2 🐨 🕅 🖸 Jump to Page 🗸 🐺
-Ш н	35 Object Name	Object Type	
- 🗋 HI-A	Eop Balance RCY - Deposits	Measure	
-🗋 нь	Borrowings Non Interest bearing deposit Hier		
ню	Deposit Type Hierarchy	Hierarchy	
	Entity Type Hierarchy	Hierarchy	
-0.	Depository institution flag - DOS	Hierarchy	
Next	» Used in (0)		
🗷 🍓 Views	» Applications (0)		
·	>		

Figure 21: MDB - Reporting Metadata - Schedule View 3

You can view the following information in this page:

 Reporting Element Properties: It provides information on line items or cell references in regulatory reports.

Table 4: Fields and their Descriptions in Reporting Element Properties

Fields	Description
Derived	Provides information on whether the cell is derived / computed using other elements.
Confidentiality	Refers to regulator specific interpretation. For MDRM codes, it indicates whether the MDRM codes is confidential for disclosure within a specific report.
Notes	Refers to regulator specific interpretation. For MDRM codes, this field provides a detailed description of a given cell reference.
Start Date	Refers to regulator specific interpretation. For MDRM codes, this field refers to the effective date of particular cell reference in case.
End Date	Refers to regulator specific interpretation. For MDRM codes, this field refers to the effective end/ sunset date of particular cell reference.

• **Dimension Filters**: This section displays the dimensions and node value filters used to derive a particular cell.

- **Depends on**: This section displays all the hierarchies (dimensions, filters) and business measure used for arriving at a particular cell / MDRM code.
- 2. Starting from a common metadata used across application, you may want to know the list of reports/ derived entities this metadata has used. Let us take an example of measure. To use MDB for metadata wise schedule, for each metadata, identify the schedules in which it is used. Follow these steps to identify the schedules:
 - a) To view the measures, navigate to path Objects → OFSAA Data Model → Business Metadata → Measures. The LHS displays the list of measures. For example, Figure 22 refers to Eop Balance RCY - Deposits Borrowings.

ORACLE Metadata I				Last Executed Date : 17-Nov-2015 12:09:29 User : rrdfuser	Connected To : OFSFSDFINFO
Application Object	1		Measure		8
Business Metadata		sures > <u>Eop Balance RCY</u> - Deposits Borrowings			
🖻 🌄 Base Metadata 🕸 🖽 Datasets		Code/ID MSRHCE04 cription Eop Balance RCY - Deposits Borrowings		Name Eop Balance RCY - Deposits Borrowings folder	
Alias Hierarchies	Details Statistics Audit Trail			-	
e C Measures	Aggregation Function	Value SUM			
Election Option Type for Eligibility Flag for BP	Measure Data type Business Exclusions	Decimal 1 = 1			
End Of Period Principal	Filter Rollup Type	1 = 1 Yes			
Entity Skey for BP	V Depends on (2) Object Name Deposits and Borrowings	Object Type Entities		Ψ	
Eop Balance RCY	End of period balance in reporting currency	Columns			
Eop Balance RCY - Dep Eop Balance RCY - Loar	v Used in (120)	Object Type	1/24 영 영 🖸	Jump to Page	
Equity Exposure RWA fo Equity Exposure RWA fo	BHCK6555 BHCK6556	Reporting Element Reporting Element			
Estimated Lifetime Net	BHCKC699 BHCB2210 BHCB2389	Reporting Element Reporting Element Reporting Element			
Excess amt written-off - Expected exposure Amc	» Applications (0)	unden mit Zenningen			
Expected shortfall at Acc Exposure Amount					
Exposure Amount - Mari Exposure Covered Factor					
₩ Wext					
C Techniques					

Figure 22: MDB - Business Metadata - Measure View 1

You can view the below information in this page:

- **Measure Properties:** It provides information on properties of Business measures. For example aggregation function, Measure Data Type, Business Exclusions, Filter and Rollup Type.
- **Depends on:** This section displays all the object names and their types, such as Entities, Columns and so on.

Follow these steps to view the derived entities used in a given schedule:

Note: The similar steps as below are applicable for other metadata such as Business Metadata (Hierarchies, Measures, Variables and so on) and Derived Metadata (Dimensions, Filters and so on).

a) To view the schedule wise derived entities, navigate to path Objects → OFSAA Data
 Model → Derived Metadata → Derived Entities. The LHS displays list of Schedules.
 For example, Figure 23 displays the derived entities used in Schedule HC-E:

ation Object			Derived Entity	R
Expressions	Business Metadata > Derived Metadata	Derived Entities > DE - Deposit Liabilities - Schedule HC-E		
Control Metadata		Code/ID DERHCE03	Name DE - Deposit Liabilities - Schedule HC-E	
Derived Metadata		escription DE - Deposit Liabilities - Schedule HC-E	Folder	
Business Processor	Details Statistics Audit Trail			
Derived Entitles	S Derived Entity Properties (3)			
Prev Prev	👼 Name	Value		
DE - Deposit Liabilities	Source Type	0		
DE - Derivatives and Off	Aggregate Flag	3		
DE - Derivatives and Off	Materialized View	3		
DE - Derivatives and Off	* Depends on (13)		1/3 🗇 🔄 🖸 🖸 Jump to Page	
DE - Derivatives and Off	A Object Name	Object Type		
DE - Derivatives and Off	Eop Balance RCY - Deposits	Veasure		
DE - Derivatives and Off	Borrowings			
DE - EOP Bal for all Acc	Bands hierarchy	Hierarchy		
DE - Face Notional or O	Calendar Date Depository institution flag - DOS	Hierarchy Hierarchy		
	Geography - Branch Country	Hierarchy		
DE - Fact Reg Account S		Herarchy		
DE - Fair Value Rate of C	v Used in (15)		1/3 🔄 🔂 💽 Jump to Page 🛛 👳	
DE - Family Res Mort Ba	Diject Name	Object Type		
DE - Family Res Mort Ba	FRY-9C-HC-E	View		
DE - Family Res Mort B:	BHC82210	Reporting Element		
DE - Fixed Assets - Othe	BHC82389	Reporting Element		
DE - Guarantor Agency	BHCB2604 BHCB3187	Reporting Element Reporting Element		
-DE - HC-D-Loans and M		Reporting Element		
DE - HCM - Outstanding	» Applications (0)			
DE - HCQ Fair Value Arr				
DE - HIC - Disagg Allow				
Next				
Next				

Figure 23: MDB - Business Metadata - Measure View 2

You can view the following information in this page:

- **Derived Entity Properties**: It provides information on properties of derived entities, such as Source Type, Aggregate Flag, and Materialized View.
- **Depends on**: This section displays all the object names and their types, such as Measure, Hierarchy, and so on.

3 Regulatory Reporting (REG REP) Data Flow

This chapter provides an understanding of the data flow. It explains what happens within data flow and how various processing aspects are integrated with the overall data flow.

It includes:

- Data Preparation
- Mapping of Results to Line Items in Reporting
- AgileREPORTER: Submission

3.1 Data Preparation

This section explains the input data preparation from OFSAA. It includes:

- <u>Assumptions for Data Preparation</u>
- Run/Execution Expectations
- Projection Data
- Data Flow from Sources Systems to Staging Area
- Data Flow from Staging to Results Area
- Data flow from Staging to Processing Area
- Data Flow From Processing to Results Area
- Dimension Tables/Entities

3.1.1 Assumptions for Data Preparation

- REG REP is a reporting solution, which uses data from underlying fact tables directly for reporting. The end user is expected to prepare the load for the required data in reporting area accordingly. Although this has a thin processing layer to reclassify to regulatory dimensions and bands, all the processing measures are expected to be from respective applications and provide as required.
- 2. It is integrated with results area of the respective processing application, and any change in the underlying processing can disturb the REG REP data sourcing.
- 3. Baseline and stress data must be populated with appropriate codes. Inaccurate mappings may can lead to inaccurate results. For details please refer to <u>Relationship between Run and Stress</u>.
- 4. For usage of consolidation dimension (which has values like Actual, Budged, Forecast, and so on), all historical data is expected to be tagged as actual for the purpose of reporting vintage data, as per report requirements. For projection data, for a given run and Projection Period (quarter/year), only one set of data is expected to be stored.

5. All processing reporting requirements requiring cashflows, integration package expects bucketed cash flow as a input (meaning a time bucket for cash flow and cash flow amount is expected as input).

3.1.2 US FED RUN CHART

Oracle Financial Services Regulatory Reporting for US Federal Reserve – Lombard Risk Integration Pack provides the US FED RUN Chart listing the tasks required for population of data for US FED Reports. This covers the following tasks:

- Set up table population
- Stage Dimension Load
- Seeded Dimension Data Population
- Common data Population
- Common Tasks like Exchange Rate Population
- US FED Specific Data Population and Transformation
- Derived Entity Refresh

Download the US FED 8.0.3 RUN Chart from the MOS.

3.1.3 Run/Execution Expectations

Run refers to execution. It is assumed that at different time periods, different combination of parameters, and different data require different executions. From a reporting perspective, as required by regulators, RRDF application requires data for the following executions:

- 1. Current Data / Execution
 - a. Reporting month end data
 - b. Projection Data
- 2. Historical (trend/vintage) Data
 - a. Yearly
 - b. Quarterly
- 3. Stressed Data

3.1.3.1 Relationship between Run and Stress

The REG REP application for example in FRY 14 Annual, picks up reporting data based on the Reporting Run that populates the underlying Fact Table(s). Reporting Run is a flag, which must be marked as 'Y' in a DIM_RUN table so that, the OBIEE reporting layer selects a particular run execution.

In this application, a Run comprises:

a. Baseline Run: The Bank Holding Company (BHC) may have multiple runs. The run used for reporting is marked with a Reporting Flag = Y. This is the Baseline run for a given reporting date. It is referred to as Baseline because the values that it represents are not stressed and the

BHC may use these base values for stressing them according to various scenarios. A history of such runs accumulated over period of time provides historical runs. For more information on updating the reporting flag, refer section <u>Updating Reporting Flag</u>.

- b. **Stress Run**: Stress runs hold data, which are stressed by a certain percentage/basis point over the Baseline figures. The BHC expects these figures to reflect the business/risk position under predetermined business scenarios/economic conditions.
- c. Identification of Baseline and Stress run occurs from STRESS DIMENSION.

In this application, the required stress runs are tagged to a Baseline run. If the BHC performs several stress runs, the relevant runs which are intended for reporting are identified and tagged with a reporting Baseline run using the V_RUN_ID in the DIM_RUN.

DIM RUN stores n_run_skey / v_execution_id, which are execution specific for every run definition which is v_run_id. Therefore, the run definition can remain constant over a period of time and different executions provide different outputs due to underlying data changes.

DIM_STRESS conveys the stress definition. Additionally, it links the original run Definition (v_run_id) and Stressed run ID (v_stressed_run_id). You must refer to the DIM_RUN table to get expected run execution of these runs definitions pertaining to a particular date / n_mis_date_skey.

The same fact table stores both the Baseline data and the Stressed data, uniquely identified through Scenario codes (and Run skeys).

Refer to the *Business Metadata.xls* present in the installer package for details on different Fact tables used for related reports.

3.1.4 Projection Data

The following points provide information on the projection data:

- 1. Baseline run also populates projected date data.
- 2. This application requires projected data at two levels Quarterly and Annual.
- 3. The **DIM_CONSOLIDATION** table is used to identify the projections. It contains the codes for projected quarters and years as required by the templates.
- 4. In the Fact tables, projection data is referred with respective Consolidation codes (scenario code for **FCT_MGMT_REPORTING**). BHC must populate the data accordingly.
- 5. In the following example, FQ1 means Financial Quarter 1, FY1 means Financial Year 1 and so on.

Consolidation Code	Consolidation Description	Reporting Line	Scenario	EOP Balance
100	Actual	100	BSL	426,367
400	FQ1	100	BSL	608,618
401	FQ2	100	BSL	870,502
402	FQ3	100	BSL	567,736
403	FQ4	100	BSL	846,196

Table 5: Projection Data Example 1

404	FQ5	100	BSL	775,027
410	FY1	100	BSL	470,092
411	FY2	100	BSL	473,880
412	FY3	100	BSL	942,034
413	FY4	100	BSL	497,889
414	FY5	100	BSL	807,813

Note:

- For Movement measures data is not carried from one reporting period to another. For example, Profit or Loss. Where General ledger balances such as loan outstanding are carried forward from one year to another, profit and loss is period specific.
- Therefore, unlike End of Period (EoP) balance, movement values for quarter actuals must be derived for reporting. For a historical data, net sales for quarter 3 is the difference between sales figure as of end of quarters 2 and 3. You do not need to provide this difference as a download. Movement data for actual is identified through different runs and the respective values is summed up.
- Only those records, whose corresponding runs fall between the fiscal month start date and end date of the reporting quarter are selected for summation. Each Run has an associated date, and runs can be performed daily. Assuming that runs are performed daily in a given quarter (90 days), REG REP sums up data points across all 90 days to arrive at a quarter end movement figure.

Code	Projected Period	Reporting Line	Scenario	Run ID	Date	Projected Amount	Movement
100	Actual	100	BSL	RUNID001	10-Oct-13	300,000	
100	Actual	100	BSL	RUNID002	15-Nov-13	100,000	000.000
100	Actual	100	BSL	RUNID003	20-Nov-13	300,000	900,000
100	Actual	100	BSL	RUNID004	30-Dec-13	200,000	
400	FQ1	100	BSL				608,618
401	FQ2	100	BSL				870,503
402	FQ3	100	BSL				567,736
410	FY1	100	BSL				470,093
411	FY2	100	BSL				473,881
412	FY3	100	BSL				942,035

Table 6:	Pro	iection	Data	Fxam	ole	2
Table 0.	110	jection	ναια	LAAIII	ле	~

 However, when projection of net sales for quarter 2 next year is to be performed, no derivation is required. Projections data for said quarter can be directly downloaded in the respective Fact table(s) for reporting.

3.1.5 Data Flow from Source Systems to Staging Area

The staging area is populated with data from various data sources, such as GL data, Account data, Customer data, Trading data, Currency data, and Master data. Refer to <u>Data Integration Hub (DIH) User</u> <u>Guide</u> in OTN Documentation Library for details. DIH enables to load the data from the source systems to the OFSAA staging tables, through logical interfaces, known as Application Data Interfaces (ADI). DIH provides a set of User Interfaces (UI), which is used to define and maintain External Data Descriptor (EDD), Application Data Interfaces, and map the EDDs and ADIs through connectors.

3.1.6 Data Flow from Staging to Results Area

This section details the pass through data, transformed data and classification.

3.1.6.1 Pass Through Data

Pass through data refers to the static data that is pre-processed and flows to the results area directly. The Common Staging Area (CSA) model represents the data entry point into the FSDF. CSA provides a simplified, unified data sourcing area for inputs required by analytical applications and engines. It consists of over 400 tables and nearly 9000 columns organized into distinct subjects.

The staging area is a physical data model, which is deployed using the Analytical Application Infrastructure, which manages it. The design of the staging area data model is to allow efficient data loading for analytics. It thus has crucial differences from a general-purpose repository of operational/transactional data across a bank.

The staging area acts as the single source of data, and contains unified data requirements for various banking areas such as Loans and Losses, Off balance Sheet products, Securities, Derivatives, Capital Data, Management Ledger and General Ledger. Common example of this category includes various monetary amounts, dates and so on.

3.1.6.2 Derived / Transformed Data and Reclassifications

OFSDF Interface with Lombard Risk for US FED requires specific hierachies and dates to be transformed and reclassified to regulator specific values.

Source Hierarchy	Target Hierarchy		
ISSUER TYPE = US GOVT / FED	INSTRUMENT RISK FACTOR = INTEREST RATE	INSTRUMENT DERIVATIVE TYPE = SPOT	DIM REG INSTR CLASSIFICAITON = US GOVT SECURITIES
PROPERTY TYPE	LTV Ratio < 2		DIM REG PRODUCT

Table 7: Data Transformation Example

= 1-4Units		CLASSIFICAITON

For example, data from banks has attributes such as issuer type and bank instrument type. However, these values are bank specific, and must be converted or reclassified to regulatory specific set of value such as DIM REG INSTR CLASSIFICATION as mentioned above.

Reporting derived entities use this reclassified dimensions. Some of the reclassifications are performed in the respective application area.

For example, DIM BASEL PRODUCT TYPE. This reclassification is performed in Basel application processing and available for reporting directly.

Other transformations include various bands such as time to remaining maturity, time to next repricing date, and so on.

3.1.6.3 Re-classified to Regulatory Classifications

After transformation, the regulatory data is reclassified as follows:

Table 8: Data	Reclassification	Example 1
---------------	------------------	-----------

Source		Target
DIM PROPERTY TYPE	LTV Band Ratio	DIM REG PROD CLASSIFICAITON
1TO4UNITS	>2	1-4FAMCONLOAN

Table 9: Data Reclassification Example 2

FCT REG ACCOUNT SUMMARY					
Account Number REG PROD Classification Residual Maturity Band Delinquency Band					
1	1-4FAMCONLOAN	1		3	

The sample reclassifications performed to transform the existing hierarchies to regulatory specific hierarchies are:

- Regulatory Product Classification
- Regulatory Instrument Classification
- Regulatory Deposit Classification
- Trading Account Book Type Classification
- Claim Amount Population for Country Risk
- Immediate Counterparty Classification for Country Risk
- Claim Sector Reclassification for Country Risk
- Risk Sector Reclassification for Country Risk
- Cross Border Claim Reclassification for Country Risk
- Guarantee Amount Population for Country Risk

The additional transformations that are performed are:

- Remaining Time to Maturity Band
- Next Repricing Date Band
- Regulatory Delinquency Band

Within reclassification rules, few rules where source is customer specific values. In such cases, these rules must be validated and updated as required by end user because Out of Box rule may differ from what end user has. Such rules are very few and restricted to:

- 1. Standard Product Type Reclassification
- 2. Standard Party Type Reclassification
- 3. Regulatory Loan Purpose Classification

Refer to **Business Metadata** for details of these reclassifications.

3.1.7 Data Flow from Staging to Processing Area

The staging area of the FSDF serves as a container for analytical processing from sourcing to consumption. Such processing is usually delivered in the form of discrete units called analytical applications, spanning different analytical use cases ranging from Finance to Risk to Compliance.

These applications consist of custom-built computational engines and numerical libraries, and can execute processes on the data that range from simple aggregations to complex, multi-step stochastic processes such as Monte-Carlo simulation.

Hence, analytical applications place varying demands on the data infrastructure in terms of volumes and speed, and hence place different demands on the data architecture. In practice, the normalized (3NF) design favored for enterprise data warehouses often fails to be efficient or performant when it comes to analytical processing across a wide range of use cases.

Therefore, the OFSDF recognizes the need for distinct application-specific working stores, separate from the staging and reporting area. For example, the OFSAA Asset and Liability Management (ALM) application has a distinct set of ALM-specific tables, as does the Market Risk solution.

Note: The structure of these processing area stores is decided by the actual analytical application and engine used. The OFSAA suite of applications is organized this way, with each application managing a specific set of tables/schemas within the processing area.

The processing area tables/schemas are not part of the OFSDF. This is because OFSDF is intended to be an open platform. Other analytical applications and engines can equally provision data out of OFSDF by mapping their input requirements appropriately to the OFSDF staging area model.

3.1.8 Data Flow from Processing to Results Area

This step is similar to <u>Data Flow from Staging to Results Area</u>. It involves either pass through data from processing to results or loading directly to results (refer <u>Section 3.1.8</u>). This is mostly due to processing measures such as Fair Value, Risk Weighted Assets, and so on.

3.1.9 Guidelines for Data Loading to Result Area Tables in Data Foundation for Regulatory Reporting Implementations

Regulatory reports make use of data available across several fact tables in the OFSAA data foundation model and these result tables are either loaded from the raw data sourced from source systems via out of the box T2T's or processed data output from various OFSAA applications.

For example, Fact LRM Account Summary (FCT_LRM_ACCOUNT_SUMMARY) which stores the liquidity risk related attributes and metrics computed by OFSAA LRM application, Fact Loan Loss Forecasting and Provision Account Summary (FCT_LLFP_ACCOUNT_SUMMARY) which stores the attributes and measures computed by OFSAA LLFP application. However, there can be several implementation use cases in the regulatory reporting space where customer may not have licensed any of OFSAA application and hence must put additional custom effort to design an ETL process to load the required data elements into the respective fact tables referenced by the report. The following section highlight some of the guidelines that the customer can consider when designing a data flow for such a use case.

• Consistent Usage of Run Identifier

Most of the fact tables used in regulatory reporting are run enabled and have a composite primary key inclusive of run identifier that enables same snapshot of data to be loaded multiple times into the target fact table for any given execution date. All the out of the box processes that impact data used in regulatory reports are executed as part of an integrated run to ensure that run identifier is consistent across fact tables. Since the reporting is done on an integrated schema, it is imperative for the custom data flow design to keep this integrity intact. This essentially means that the custom ETL processes designed to load the data directly into the fact tables must be able to leverage the run identifier generated by the run engine during execution. Run Identifier information is available in DIM_RUN table.

Correct Dimensional Lookup Configuration

Dimensional identifiers are typically part of referential integrity constraints with the fact table so the custom ETL processes must ensure that lookups retrieve a valid surrogate keys for a given value of business key. The intermediate staging structure must ensure all the business keys are persisted correctly and the lookup condition is designed on the correct dimension table.

For example, FCT_LRM_ACCOUNT_SUMMARY.n_asset_level_skey → DIM_ASSET_LEVEL.n_asset_level_skey. The business key (v_asset_level_code) must be sourced and persisted to ensure correct values are populated in the target column, that is, FCT_LRM_ACCOUNT_SUMMARY.n_asset_level_skey.

From OFSAA technical infrastructure standpoint, the mentioned options are available to the customer to design and implement the custom ETL process explained above. OFSAA strongly recommends the below options to maintain consistency in terms of data lineage in Metadata browser as the configured metadata can be made available in meta model via MDB publish:

- 1) Data Integration Hub (DIH) Connectors
- 2) Data Mapping (T2T) option in Application Infrastructure
- 3) Data File Mapping (F2T) option in Application Infrastructure

3.1.9.1 DIH Connectors

For customer's that have licensed DIH to source data from external systems into OFSAA, this probably is the easiest approach to load data into the result area table. Source data could either reside in relational structure or in a file structure. Mappings maintained in DIH are logical in nature while physical implementation is managed internally. Dimensional lookups work seamlessly without the need for any additional configuration in the connector mapping as this too is managed internally by DIH. Refer to DIH user for details on how to load data into a result area table.

Connector Definition - Internet Explorer		
	Connectors	
Connectors > Connectors (Definition Mode) >		
* Connector Flow Diagram	Definition Source IX Target Mapping Properties Summar	У
	What are the objectives of this connector?	
	Which operation should this connector perform on OFSAA?*	
	Insert data Extract data	
	On which OFSAA module should this operation be performed? *	
	Staging Results	
	For which applications (if any) should this connector be mapped?	
	For which External Data Stores (if any) should this connector be mapped?	

3.1.9.2 Data Mapping (T2T)

Data Mapping refers to the process of retrieving unstructured data from data sources for further data processing, storage, or migration. This feature is commonly known as RDBMS source to RDBMS target(T2T) framework in the OFSAA world and can be leveraged when source data is available in Oracle database. Dimensional lookups must be handled via the T2T's join condition and expressions. Refer to *OFS AAI User Guide* for more details on configuring a T2T.

3.1.9.3 Data File Mapping (Flat File to RDBMS Target - F2T)

If the source data is available in file structures, OFSAA F2T component can be used to bring the data in the OFSAA eco system. As lookups cannot be configured in a F2T, this component must be used in conjunction with T2T component, that is, data is first loaded from the file to an interim staging structure using the F2T component followed by data load to the target result area table using the T2T component. This is least recommended approach as there is need for interim table structure in data model and involves multiple data hops which add to the overhead.

Refer to the OFS AAI User Guide for more details on configuring a F2T.

3.1.10 FSDF Entity Information

3.1.10.1 Dimension Tables/Entities

SI. No.	List of Seeded Tables	Table/Entity Logical Names	Table/Entity Descriptions
1	DIM_ACCRUAL_STATUS	Accrual Status Dimension	This table stores the loan accrual status. Values expected are : 0 = Accrual 1 = Non-Accrual 2 = Serviced for Others/Securitized
2	DIM_BANDS	Bands Dimension	This setup table contains the list of band dimensions. Information on the table name, columns containing the band codes, upper and lower bound values are stored in the setup table and a generic code is executed to populate the band codes in the respective fact tables.
3	DIM_CHANNEL	Acquisition Channel Dimension	This table stores the master list of all unique codes that denote channels through which customers can be acquired.
4	DIM_CREDIT_LINE	Credit Facility Dimension	This table stores the credit facility definition. Credit facility is committed line of credit given to a customer who can have multiple draws / exposures out of a given credit line.
5	DIM_CUSTOMER_TYPE	Customer Type Dimension	This entity stores the master list of customer types: OUR/ OTH.
6	DIM_DATES	Date Dimension	This table stores the List of Dates generated between any two dates typically covering extraction dates and cash flow dates.
7	DIM_DELQCY_WORKOUT_PROGRAM	Delinquency Workout Program Dimension	This table stores the loss / delinquency workout program associated with loans. Workout program is defined generally as: if particular program is deferment, forbearance, term changes, rate changes, and so on. This is a seeded Dimension and list of values are pre-populated by the installer.

Table 10: Dimension Tables/Entities

8	DIM_EDUCATION	Education Dimension	This table stores the customer's education master information.
9	DIM_FISCAL_PERIODS	Fiscal Periods Dimension	This table stores the fiscal information for each calendar based on the convention followed in the particular jurisdiction.
10	DIM_FORECLOSURE_STATUS	Foreclosure Status Dimension	This table stores the foreclosure process status. Values expected are: 0 = Not in foreclosure 1 = In foreclosure, pre-sale 2 = Post-sale foreclosure, Redemption, non- REO (if available, otherwise REO) 3 = REO
11	DIM_INTEREST_TYPE	Interest Type Dimension	This table stores the Interest Type.
12	DIM_LOAN_MODIFICATION_TYPE	Loan Modification Type Dimension	This table is used for any loan that is currently operating under modified terms and identifies the specific terms that were altered through loss mitigation efforts. The information in this table is independent of investor and speaks only to the nature of the program. For example, a FNMA loan can be modified under either a FDIC or proprietary modification program – in these cases, this information is populated with the FDIC or proprietary codes while the Investor field identifies the modification as being performed on a FNMA loan. 0 = Loan has not been modified 6 = ASF Streamline 8 = FHFA Streamline (Specific to program announced 12/15/08) 9 = FDIC Streamline ("Mod in a Box") 10 = Proprietary Other 12 = Home Affordable Modification and: 0 = Not Modified 7 = 2MP 8 = Proprietary Systematic 9 = Proprietary Other 10 = HAMP

13	DIM_ORG_STRUCTURE	Organization Structure Dimension	This entity stores the Organization Structure of the Financial Institution.
14	DIM_PRODUCT	Product Dimension	This entity stores the details of all the products (existing/stopped) offered by the Financial Institution.
15	DIM_PRODUCT_TYPE	Product Type Dimension	This table stores the loan product type information.
16	DIM_REG_PRODUCT_TYPE	Regulatory Product Type	This table stores the regulatory product types. This is used for regulatory reporting purpose and contains values like Auto Loans, Credit Cards, other consumer loans, and so on.
17	DIM_REG_REGION	Regulatory Region	This entity stores the borrower's current place of residency must be used to define the region.
18	DIM_RUN	Run Dimension	The Run Master Dimension entity stores all the baseline and simulation runs.
19	DIM_VEHICLE_TYPE	Vehicle Type Dimension	This table stores the vehicle types. For example: SUV, Car, Truck, and so on.
20	DIM_WRITE_OFF_REASONS	Write-Off Reasons Dimension	This table stores the master list of reasons based on which the contracts are written-off from the books.
21	DIM_AGENCY_TYPE	Agency Type Dimension	This table stores details of Agency type which issues and guarantees loans like US Government Agency, US Government Sponsored Agency.
22	DIM_COUNTRY	Country Dimension	This table stores the master list of countries.
23	DIM_CR_LN_VALUATION_TYPE	Credit Line Valuation Type	This entity stores the method used to account the credit line. The credit line can account for under the fair value option or is held for sale and carried at the lower-of-cost-or-market (LOCOM).
24	DIM_CREDIT_RATING	Credit Rating Dimension	This table stores the master list of credit rating and rating issuers.

26 DIM_FRY9C_LINES FRY9C Lines This table stores the FR Y-9C reports codes. Dimension The FR Y-9C report is a highly analytical report submitted to the regulator for the purpose of analyzing health of banking institution. Report the integer code (Additional Instructions for FR Y 9C for descriptions). Only enter designated descriptions). Only enter designated descriptions Corresponding to the line number on the FR Y-9C, HC-C, in which the outstanding balance is recorded or, in the case of an unused commitment, the line number in which the credit facility would be recorded if it were drawn. Refer to following FR Y-9C instructions for definitions of HC-C line item categories: 1. bhck1292 (U.S. Banks and other U.S. Depository Institutions) 2. bhck1296 (Foreign Banks) 3. bhck1590 (loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers) 4. bhck1763 (Commercial and Industrial	25	DIM_CUSTOMER	Customer Dimension	This entity stores the list of the organization's customers and counterparties and their attributes.
 loans to U.S. addressees. Exclude loans that are scored but not graded) 5. bhck1764 (Commercial and Industrial loans to non-U.S. addresses. Exclude loans that are scored but not graded) 6. bhck2081 (Loans to foreign governments and official institutions) 7. bhckJ454 (Loans to non depository financial institutions) 8. bhckJ451 (All other loans, excludes consumer loans) 	26	DIM_FRY9C_LINES		 This table stores the FR Y-9C reports codes. The FR Y-9C report is a highly analytical report submitted to the regulator for the purpose of analyzing health of banking institution. Report the integer code (Additional Instructions for FR Y 9C for descriptions). Only enter designated descriptions corresponding to the line number on the FR Y-9C, HC-C, in which the outstanding balance is recorded or, in the case of an unused commitment, the line number in which the credit facility would be recorded if it were drawn. Refer to following FR Y-9C instructions for definitions of HC-C line item categories: bhck1292 (U.S. Banks and other U.S. Depository Institutions) bhck1296 (Foreign Banks) bhck1590 (loans to finance agricultural production and other loans to farmers) bhck1763 (Commercial and Industrial loans to U.S. addressees. Exclude loans that are scored but not graded) bhck1764 (Loans to foreign governments and official institutions) bhck2081 (Loans to non depository financial institutions) bhckJ451 (All other loans, excludes
				9. bhckF163 (All other leases, excludes

			 bhckF160 (nonfarm,nonres, owner occupied) nonfarm, nonres, owner occupied originated in non-domestic offices as reported within bhck1410
27	DIM_INDUSTRY	Industry Dimension	This table stores the industry information.
28	DIM_LIEN_POSITION	Lien Position Dimension	This table stores the list of lien positions that can be on the collateral.
29	DIM_LOB	Line Of Business Dimension	This entity stores the unique list of Line of Bussiness and the details of each Line of Bussiness.
30	DIM_MITIGANT	Mitigant Dimension	This entity stores information on various risk mitigants like collateral, guarantee, nettable liabilities, and so on.
31	DIM_PARTY	Party Dimension	This table stores the history of a party. Party here can be customer, issuer and guarantor, and so on.
32	DIM_REG_INDEX	Regulaory Index Information	This table stores list of indices which are designed to store the regulatory based index code as designated by the regulator. For example: LIBOR, PRIME, Treasury Index, and so on.
33	DIM_REG_INTEREST_TYPE	Regulaory Interest Type Dimenison	This table stores the list of indices which are designed to store the regulatory based interest type code as designated by the regulator for an account at account level or group of accounts at a credit line level. For example: FIXED, FLOATING, MIXED, and so on.

34	DIM_STD_CREDIT_LINE_PURPOSE	Standard Credit Facility Purpose Dimension	This table stores the regulator specified purpose of the said credit facility. This is the list of values which are unique to US Banking system. Only Number is expected here. This is also synch up with Shared National Credit data codes.
			0 = OTHER
			1 = ACQUISITION AND/OR MERGER FINANCING
			2 = ASSET SECURITIZATION FINANCING
			3 = CAPITAL EXPENDITURES EXCLUDING REAL ESTATE
			4 = COMMERCIAL PAPER BACK-UP
			5 = INDUSTRIAL REVENUE BOND BACK- UP
			6 = MORTGAGE WAREHOUSING
			7 = TRADE FINANCING
			8 = PERFORMANCE GUARANTEE
			9 = WORKING CAPITAL - SHORT TERM/SEASONAL
			10 = WORKING CAPITAL – PERMANENT
			11 = GENERAL CORPORATE PURPOSES
			12 = DEBT REFINANCE/CONSOLIDATION
			13 = ESOP FINANCING
			14 = AGRICULTURE AND/OR LIVESTOCK PRODUCTION
			15 = AGRICULTURE AND/OR RANCHING REAL ESTATE
			16 = STOCK BUYBACK
			17 = PORTFOLIO ACQUISITION INCLUDING NOTE PURCHASE AGREEMENTS
			18 = REAL ESTATE ACQUISITION/DEVELOPMENT/CONS TRUCTION – LAND
			19 = REAL ESTATE ACQUISITION/DEVELOPMENT/CONS

			ACQUISITION/DEVELOPMENT/CONS TRUCTION - COMML & INDL
			21 = REAL ESTATE
			INVESTMENT/PERMANENT
			FINANCING – RESIDENTIAL
			22 = REAL ESTATE
			INVESTMENT/PERMANENT
			FINANCING - COMMERCIAL AND
			INDUSTRIAL
			23 = BUSINESS
			RECAPITALIZATION/DIVIDENDS
			24 = NEW PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT
			25 = PROJECT FINANCING
35	DIM_STD_CREDIT_LINE_TYPE	Standard Credit	This table stores the regulator specified credit
		Facility Type	facility types. For example:
		Dimension	1 = REVOLVING CREDIT
			2 = REVOLVING CREDIT CONVERTING
			TO TERM LOAN
			3 = REVOLVING CREDIT - ASSET BASED
			4 = REVOLVING CREDIT - DIP
			5 = NON-REVOLVING LINE OF CREDIT
			6 = NON-REVOLVING LINE OF CREDIT
			CONVERTING TO TERM LOAN
			7 = TERM LOAN
			8 = TERM LOAN – A
			9 = TERM LOAN – B
			10 = TERM LOAN – C
			11 = TERM LOAN – BRIDGE
			12 = TERM LOAN - ASSET BASED
			13 = TERM LOAN – DIP
			14 = CAPITALIZED LEASE OBLIGATION
			15 = STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT
			16 = OTHER REAL ESTATE OWNED
			17 = OTHER ASSET

36	DIM_STD_MITIGANT_TYPE	Standard Mitigant Type Dimension	This entity stores the standard mitigant type.
37	DIM_ACCOUNT	Account Dimension	This table stores the list of identifiers which uniquely identify every single financial arrangement between customer and reporting bank.
38	DIM_COLL_VALUE_BASIS	Collateral Vaulation Basis	This table stores the valuation basis of the Collateral Valuation. The allowed values are "as is", "as stabilized", or "as completed".
39	DIM_HOLDING_TYPE	Holding Type Dimension	This table stores the Holding Type of the security.
40	DIM_LOCATION	Location Dimension	This table stores the location dimension.
41	DIM_PROPERTY_TYPE	Property Type Dimension	This table stores the property types associated.
42	DIM_REG_LOAN_PURPOSE	Regulatory Loan Purpose Dimension	This table stores the description for the regulatory loan purpose / utilization of loan amount. Values expected are: 1 = Purchase 4 = Rate / Term Refinance 5 = Cash-Out Refinance 6 = Other Refinance 7 = Home Improvement 8 = Debt Consolidation 9 = Education A = Medical Y = Other U = Unknown
43	DIM_CREDIT_STATUS	Credit Status Dimension	This entity stores the credit status codes for the customer account along with the descriptions for each status code. For example: current, delinquent, foreclosed.
44	DIM_GEOGRAPHY	Geography Dimension	This table stores the distinct list of all geographical locations, where any of the transaction channels of the Bank are located.

45	DIM_REG_PRODUCT_CLASSIFICATIO N	Regulatory Product Classification Dimension	This tables stores the classification of loans underlying Mortgage Servicing Rights into Regulatory classes as required for reports. For example: FHLMC/ FNMA, FHA loans, and so on.
46	DIM_ASSET_LEVEL	Liquidity Asset Level	This table stores the various Assent Level that can be assigned to the account. Under Basel Accord, an account can be either Level 1 Asset or Level 2 Asset or Other Asset.
47	DIM_BROKER_DEPOSIT_TYPE	Broker Deposit Type	This table stores the standard list of broker deposit types that are required in the regulatory document. A broker is an individual or party (brokerage firm) that arranges transactions between a buyer and a seller for a commission when the deal is executed. There are several kinds of brokers, each of whom deals in specific types of transactions. Each type of broker provides different levels or type of service. The list of values for this table is Reciprocal, Sweep, and Other.
48	DIM_COLL_RELEASE_REASON	Collateral Release Reason Dimension	This entity stores the reason due to which the Collateral is released. Values expected are Excess, Due, and so on.
49	DIM_CURRENCY	Currency Dimension	This table stores the currency information.
50	DIM_ENCUMBRANCE_STATUS	Dimension Encumbarance Status	This entity stores the list of encumbrance status. The list fo values are Fully Encumbered, Partially Encumbered, and Not Encumbered.
51	DIM_INSTRUMENT_CONTRACT	Instruments Contracts Dimension	This entity stores the contracts and instruments in the Market and their details like Effective Date, Maturity Date, Face Value, Day Convention, Strike, and so on.
52	DIM_INSTRUMENT_TYPE	Instrument Type Dimension	This entity stores the details of all the Instrument Types which Reveleus Market Risk solution supports.

53	DIM_INSURANCE_SCHEME	Dimension Insurance Scheme	This entity stores the details of insurance scheme.
54	DIM_IR_STRUCTURED_INSTRS	Structured Security Type Dimension	This table stores details of Structured Security Type like Pass Through Certificates and mortgage-backed securities.
55	DIM_MITIGANT_TYPE	Mitigant Types Dimension	This entity stores the master list of mitigant types given by the customers against their exposures. Possible types include Collateral, Guarantee, and so on.
56	DIM_NETTING_AGREEMENT	Netting Agreement Dimension	This table stores the details of Netting Agreement. Netting agreement happens between a bank and a counterparty for OTC derivative and SFT transactions. For example: ISDA, FOA, EEI, and so on.
57	DIM_PARTY_TYPE	Party Type Dimension	This table stores the history of a party for party type. Party here could be customer, issuer and guarantor, and so on.
58	DIM_REG_COLLATERAL_STOCK_TYP E	Regulatory Collateral Stock Type Dimension	 This table stores the regulatory collateral stock type and acts as a reclassified dimension which refers to the stock of collateral held or posted by the entity related to certain transactions like derivatives. Expected values are: Rehypothecatable – Unencumbered (and Treasury Controlled) Rehypothecatable – Encumbered (or not Treasury Controlled) Non-Rehypothecatable Segregated Cash Non-Segregated Cash
59	DIM_REG_COVER_TXN_TYPE	Regulatory Covered Transaction Type Dimension	This table stores the regulatory covered transaction types.

60	DIM_REG_DEPOSIT_TYPE	Regulatory Deposit Type Dimension	This table stores the details of various deposit types like Demand deposits and Negotiable Order of Withdrawal (NOW) accounts.
61	DIM_STD_GL_TYPE	Standard General Ledger Type Dimension	This table stores the standard general ledger types.
62	DIM_UNDRLYNG_ASST_POOL_TYPE	Underlying Asset Pool Type Table	This table stores the underlying asset pool type for derivative instruments. For example, Student Loan ABS means an asset backed security backed by student loans. In this case, this table stores the Student Loan.
63	DIM_REG_INSTR_CLASSIFICATION	Regulatory Instrument Classification	This table stores data for different Instrument Classification defined by the Regulators.
64	DIM_STANDARD_PARTY_TYPE	Standard Party Type Dimension	This table stores the standard party type. Party here can be customer, issuer and guarantor, and so on.
65	DIM_STANDARD_PRODUCT_TYPE	Standard Product Type Dimension	This table stores the list of all product types specified by regulator for risk computations.
66	DIM_REG_PARTY_TYPE	Regulatory Party Type Dimension	This entity stores the regualtor specfic party types.
67	DIM_REG_LIQ_REPORTING_GROUP	Regulatory Liquidity Reporting Group	This is a reclassififed dimension storing various PIDs/Product reported in Liquidity reporting.
68	DIM_STANDARD_CENTRAL_BANKS	Standard Central Banks Dimension	This table stores the names of various central banks across the world.
69	DIM_REG_INSURER	Regulatory Insurer Dimension	This is a reclassified dimension which stores the deposit insurers as specified by the regulator. Values Expected are FDIC, OTHERS, and UNINSURED.
70	DIM_RESULT_BUCKET	Result Bucket Dimension	This table stores the result buckets associated with each process.

71	DIM_SETTLEMENT_TYPE	Settlement Type Dimension	This table is used to identify the settlement mechanisms used for Secured and Foreign Exchange products. Following Secured products are identified using the table: TRIPARTY: secured financing transactions settled on the US-based tri-party platform, OTHER: secured financing transactions settled on other (for example, non-US) third- party platforms, BILATERAL: secured financing transactions settled bilaterally. Following Foreign Exchange products are identified using the table: CLS: FX transactions centrally cleared via CLS, OTHER: FX transactions settled via other (non-CLS) central clearinghouses, BILATERAL: FX transactions settled bilaterally.
72	DIM_RISK_SCENARIO	Risk Scenario Dimension	This table stores the Operation Risk Scenarios.
73	DIM_REG_TRADING_POSITION_CLAS S	Regulatory Trading Position Class	This table stores the regulatory trading position class values.
74	DIM_REG_LIQ_CASHFLOW_GROUP	Dim Liq Cashflow Group	This table store the cash flow groups used for liquidity reporting like FR 2052a. This serves as a reclassified dimension in regulatory reporting.
75	DIM_FIXED_ASSETS	Fixed Assets Dimension	This table stores the data related to fixed assets. Fixed assets are physical assets such as Buildings, Land, Machinary, Automobiles, Gold bullion, and so on. They can be sold and appropriate profit/loss can be recognized based on appropriate accounting principles.
76	DIM_ISSUER	Issuer Dimension	This entity is used as an issuer of marketable collaterals.
77	DIM_REP_LINE	Reporting Line Dimension	This table stores list of all computed reporting line items.

78	DIM_SECURITIZED_PRODUCTS	Securitized Products Dimension	This table stores details of Securitized products like Residential pass-through securities and Residential mortgage-backed securities.
79	DIM_TRADING_ACCT_BOOK_TYPE	Trading Account Book Type	This table helps to identify trading assets and liabilities. Along with Holding type as held for trading, at times the regulator has an additional criteria like positive fair value for identification of trading assets and negative fair value for trading liabilities.
80	DIM_CONSOLIDATION	Consolidation Dimension	This entity stores details of various kinds of values to be analyzed like actual or budget.
81	DIM_ACCOUNT_PORTFOLIO	Account Portfolio	This table is planned for deprecation.
82	DIM_ACCT_PORTFOLIO	Account Portfolio Dimension	This table stores the master list of all the portfolios of the Institution. Portfolios are user-defined group of accounts. For example, auto loan porfolio is a group of auto loans.
83	DIM_ACCT_STATUS	Account Status Dimension	This table stores a set of unique codes that denote the status of an account.
84	DIM_APR_RESET_TYPE	Apr Reset Type Dimension	This table stores the frequency of reset for the APRs as applicable to the card account.
85	DIM_BANKRUPTCY_CHAPTER	Bankruptcy Chapter Dimension	This table stores the code of the bankruptcy chapter filed by customer of the said account. The list of values are pre-populated by the installer.
86	DIM_CARD_FEE_PAY_TYPE	Card Fee Pay Type Dimension	This table stores the fee pay types associated with card account. Expected values are: 0 = No fee 1 = Annual 2 = Monthly 3 = Other
87	DIM_CENTRAL_AUTHORITY	Dimension Central Authority	This table stores the list of all the central authorities like Group Supervisor, and so on, for an entity.

88	DIM_CREDIT_CARD_CO_BRAND_TYP E	Credit Card Co Brand Type Dimension	This table stores the co-branding type / association code linked to the said credit card. The list of values are pre-populated by the installer.
89	DIM_CREDIT_CARD_LENDING_TYPE	Credit Card Lending Type Dimension	This table stores the credit card type code. The list of values are pre-populated by the installer.
90	DIM_CREDIT_CARD_NETWORK	Credit Card Network Dimension	This table stores the credit card networks associated.
91	DIM_CREDIT_CARD_REWARD_TYPE	Credit Card Reward Type Dimension	This table stores the credit card reward type code. The list of values are pre-populated by the installer.
92	DIM_CREDIT_CARD_TYPE	Credit Card Type Dimension	This table stores the codes of the credit card usage. The list of values are pre-populated by the installer.
93	DIM_CREDIT_CLASS_TYPE	Credit Class Type Dimension	This table stores the credit class type description assigned to the given account. The list of values are pre-populated by the installer.
94	DIM_CREDIT_LINE_CHANGE_TYPE	Credit Line Change Type Dimension	This table stores the code of the credit line change type initiated by bank as applicable to the said account. The list of values are pre- populated by the installer.
95	DIM_CREDIT_SCORE_TYPE	Credit Score Type Dimension	This table stores the credit score type codes to be used for reporting for regulatory purposes code. The list of values are pre- populated by the installer.
96	DIM_DELQCY_WORKOUT_PROG_ST ATUS	Delinquency Workout Program Status Dimension	This table stores code of status of the work out programs. The list of values are pre- populated by the installer.
97	DIM_DELQCY_WORKOUT_PROG_TY PE	Delinquency Workout Program Type Dimension	This table stores the workout program type code associated with said account. The list of values are pre-populated by the installer.
98	DIM_ENTITY_TYPE	Dimension Entity Type	This table stores list of all types of entities in the organization structure.

99	DIM_INCOME_DOCUMENTATION_PR OG	Income Documentation Program Dimension	This table stores the code of the income documentation related to particular account / customer. The list of values are pre-populated by the installer.
100	DIM_INCOME_SOURCE_TYPE	Income Source Type Dimension	This table stores the income sources. The list of values are pre-populated by the installer.
101	DIM_INDEX	Index Information	This table stores list of indices which are designed to measure price changes of an overall market, such as the stock market or the bond market. For example, Vanguard's Total Bond Market Index, Dow Jones Industrial Average, Tokyo Stock Exchange(Nikkei 225), and so on.
102	DIM_INTEREST_TYPE_CONVERSION	Interest Type Conversion Dimension	This table stores the interest type change code for a given loan. Indicates whether the interest type was converted from ARM to Fixed through loss mitigation, and the duration of the fixed rate period. The list of values are pre-populated by the installer.
103	DIM_LIEN_PERFORMANCE	Lien Performance Dimension	This table stores the performance description of the lien associated with the loan account. It includes First and Junior lien performance. The list of values are pre-populated by the installer.
104	DIM_LIQUIDATION_STATUS	Liquidation Status Dimension	This table stores the code of liquidation status to convey the way account was liquidated. The list of values are pre-populated by the installer.
105	DIM_LOAN_REPURCHASE_STATUS	Loan Repurchase Status Dimension	This table stores the loan repurchase process status associated with the said account. The list of values are pre-populated by the installer.
106	DIM_LOAN_SOURCE_TYPE	Loan Source Type Dimension	This table stores the source by which the servicer originated or otherwise acquired the mortgage. At the servicer's discretion, acquired servicing can be reported as retail, broker, or correspondent originations to the extent the information is available.

 Retail – Report all mortgages originated through the reporting institution's retail, including branch or internet, production channel.
• Wholesale (Broker) - Report all mortgages originated through the reporting institution's wholesale/broker production channel. Report as broker originated all third-party originated loans where the bank cannot distinguish between broker and correspondent originated.
Correspondent - Mortgages acquired through the reporting institution's correspondent production channel. This includes all mortgage whole loans purchased on a recurring basis (flow) from another correspondent institution, eligible for securitization into the secondary markets or portfolio retention on the bank's balance sheet. Report as broker originated all third-party originated loans when the bank cannot distinguish between broker and
 correspondent originated. Bulk Purchase – Pools of mortgage whole loans purchased from a third party originator for the right to securitize or retention in the bank-owned portfolio. Residential Mortgages acquired for the Servicing Portfolio in this manner are typically negotiated as one-time transactions between a Mortgage Institution and an independent third party originator (Mortgage Company or Correspondent). Report all bulk acquisitions and correspondent flow acquisitions as correspondent originated when the institution cannot distinguish between these categories.

			Purchases.
			Servicing Rights Purchased - Refers to
			a separately negotiated purchase of
			mortgage servicing rights (PMSR) from
			a third party. When the servicer cannot
			distinguish between bulk whole loan
			and bulk servicing acquisitions, the
			servicer must report all of these
			acquisitions consistently in the category
			that represents the majority of the
			servicer's acquisitions.
			Note: This reporting category applies
			exclusively to the Servicing Portfolio.
			Wealth Management/Private Banking –
			report all loans originated through a
			servicer's private wealth management
			or private banking division. This is a
			seeded Dimension and list of values are
			pre-populated by the installer.
107	DIM_LOSS_SHARE_AGREEMENT	Loss Share	This table stores specific loss sharing
		Agreement	agreements. A unique ID must be generated
		Dimension	for each active sharing agreement. The
		Dimension	for each active sharing agreement. The specific ID must be consistent over time for
		Dimension	
		Dimension	specific ID must be consistent over time for
		Dimension	specific ID must be consistent over time for as long as the agreement remains active
		Dimension	specific ID must be consistent over time for as long as the agreement remains active without a relevant change in the terms of the loss sharing agreement. The institution must also provide a written
		Dimension	specific ID must be consistent over time for as long as the agreement remains active without a relevant change in the terms of the loss sharing agreement. The institution must also provide a written summary of the relevant terms of each loss
		Dimension	specific ID must be consistent over time for as long as the agreement remains active without a relevant change in the terms of the loss sharing agreement. The institution must also provide a written summary of the relevant terms of each loss sharing agreement along with the
		Dimension	specific ID must be consistent over time for as long as the agreement remains active without a relevant change in the terms of the loss sharing agreement. The institution must also provide a written summary of the relevant terms of each loss sharing agreement along with the corresponding Loss Share Id number.
		Dimension	specific ID must be consistent over time for as long as the agreement remains active without a relevant change in the terms of the loss sharing agreement. The institution must also provide a written summary of the relevant terms of each loss sharing agreement along with the corresponding Loss Share Id number. Additional supporting documentation may be
		Dimension	specific ID must be consistent over time for as long as the agreement remains active without a relevant change in the terms of the loss sharing agreement. The institution must also provide a written summary of the relevant terms of each loss sharing agreement along with the corresponding Loss Share Id number. Additional supporting documentation may be requested if necessary.
		Dimension	specific ID must be consistent over time for as long as the agreement remains active without a relevant change in the terms of the loss sharing agreement. The institution must also provide a written summary of the relevant terms of each loss sharing agreement along with the corresponding Loss Share Id number. Additional supporting documentation may be
108	DIM MORT INVESTOR TYPE		specific ID must be consistent over time for as long as the agreement remains active without a relevant change in the terms of the loss sharing agreement. The institution must also provide a written summary of the relevant terms of each loss sharing agreement along with the corresponding Loss Share Id number. Additional supporting documentation may be requested if necessary. Report blank if the account is not associated with a loss sharing agreement."
108	DIM_MORT_INVESTOR_TYPE	Dimension Mortgage Investor Type Dimension	specific ID must be consistent over time for as long as the agreement remains active without a relevant change in the terms of the loss sharing agreement. The institution must also provide a written summary of the relevant terms of each loss sharing agreement along with the corresponding Loss Share Id number. Additional supporting documentation may be requested if necessary. Report blank if the account is not associated
108	DIM_MORT_INVESTOR_TYPE	Mortgage Investor	specific ID must be consistent over time for as long as the agreement remains active without a relevant change in the terms of the loss sharing agreement. The institution must also provide a written summary of the relevant terms of each loss sharing agreement along with the corresponding Loss Share Id number. Additional supporting documentation may be requested if necessary. Report blank if the account is not associated with a loss sharing agreement." This table stores the mortgage investor type
108	DIM_MORT_INVESTOR_TYPE	Mortgage Investor	specific ID must be consistent over time for as long as the agreement remains active without a relevant change in the terms of the loss sharing agreement. The institution must also provide a written summary of the relevant terms of each loss sharing agreement along with the corresponding Loss Share Id number. Additional supporting documentation may be requested if necessary. Report blank if the account is not associated with a loss sharing agreement." This table stores the mortgage investor type or insurance company code which logically

109	DIM_MORTGAGE_OCCUPANCY	Mortgage	This table stores the code of mortgage
		Occupancy	occupancy for a given loan /account. The list
		Dimension	of values are pre-populated by the installer.
110	DIM_PROG_ACTIVITY_STATUS	Program Activity Status Dimension	This table stores the program activity status code. The list of values are pre-populated by the installer.
111	DIM_REPAYMENT_STATUS	Repayment Status Dimension	This table stores the loan repayment plan status code. Repayment Performance Status – This field tracks the performance of repayment and step-to-mod plans. If a repayment plan or step-to-mod was completed successfully during the month, it must be coded as such in the work-out type completed field). This field is only to be populated for repayment plans that were active as of the end of the month or broken during the month. Broken plans must only be reported in the month the plan breaks. The list of values are pre-populated by the installer.
112	DIM_VALUATION_METHOD	Valuation Method Dimension	This table stores list of all methods used for valuation purposes.
113	DIM_RISK_SECTOR	Risk Sector	This table stores the reporting risk sectors which are determined based on the legal entity of the counterparty.
114	DIM_LOAN_SERVICE_TYPE	Loan Service Type Dimension	This table stores the details of loan service type which details whether the loan is Extended, Guaranteed, Serviced, or Insured by the Holding Company
115	DIM_PLEDGED_STATUS	Pledged Status Dimension	This entity stores the Pledged Status information.
116	DIM_SECURITIZATION_TYPE	Securitisation Type Dimension	This table stores the different securitization types as defined by Basel.
117	DIM_MARKET_RISK_POSITION	Dimension Market Risk Position	This entity stores a master list of different positions a Financial Institution can have on different marketable instruments. For example: Long Position, Short Cash Long Call, Long Put, and so on.

			1
118	DIM_BASEL_BANK_ROLE	Basel Bank Roles	This table stores the Bank Role type as defined by Basel Accord.
119	DIM_BASEL_PRODUCT_TYPE	Basel Product Types Dimension	This table stores the details of product type as defined by Basel.
120	DIM_BASEL_CONSL_OPTION_TYPE	Basel Consolidation Option Dimension	This entity stores the Basel Consolidation Option Type (Solo / Consolidation).
121	DIM_EXPOSURE_UNDERLYING_TYP E	Exposure Underlying Type	This table stores the various underlying type for the exposure.
122	DIM_BEHAVIOUR_TYPE	Behaviour Type	This table represents account behaviour / performance. Expected Values are Core, Volatile, Substandard, Doubtful, Loss, Sight Devolvement, Sight Recovery, Usance Devolvement, and Usance Recovery.
123	DIM_REG_RISK_CLASS	Regulatory Risk Classification	This table stores the regulatory risk class like High / Medium and so on.
124	DIM_BASEL_POOL_TYPE	Dimension Basel Pool Type	This table stores the various securitization pool types.
125	DIM_BASEL_ASSET_CLASS	Basel Asset Class	This table stores the Basel defined exposure types.
126	DIM_RISK_TYPE	Risk Type Dimension	This Master table stores the risk ttypes. For example: Price Risk, Volatility Risk, and so on.
127	DIM_BASEL_METHODOLOGY	Basel Methodology Dimension	This table stores the approach methodology as defined by Basel.
128	DIM_CAPITAL_COMP_GROUP	Capital Computation Group Dimension	This table stores the dimensions of Capital Computation Group.
129	DIM_BANK_BASE_ROLE	Bank Base Roles	This table stores the Bank Role type as defined by Basel.
130	DIM_FIDUCIARY_SERVICE_TYPE	Fiduciary Service Type	This entity stores the details of various types of fiduciary service.
131	DIM_FIDUCIARY_SERVICE_ROLE	Fiduciary Service Role	This entity stores the details of various roles played by a fiduciary service provider.

132	DIM_MR_ASSET_CLASS	Market Risk Asset	This entity stores the list of Ratings like AAA,
		Class Dimension	EQ & custom Equities, XS and COM, which
			are used to identify the Interest Rate Risk
			Factor, Equity Risk Factor, Currency Risk Factor, and Commodity Risk Factors
			respectively.
133	DIM_FUND_TYPE	Fund Type	This table stores list of all applicable types of
		Dimension	fund.
134	DIM_FUND	Fund Dimension	This table stores list of all funds used by the entity.
135	DIM_CAP_INSTRUMENT_TXN_TYPE	Capital Instrument	This table stores the capital instrument
		Transaction Type Dimension	transaction type.
136	DIM_CONSTRUCTION_LOAN_TYPE	Construction Loan	This table stores details of Construction Loan
		Type Dimension	Type like 1-4 Family residential, construction,
			town houses, duplex for the construction
			loans issued by Holding company.
137	DIM_ISSUER_TYPE	Issuer Type Dimension	This entity stores the issuer yypes.
138	DIM_ACCOUNT_TYPE	Dimension Account Type	This table stores the details of the account type.
139	DIM_SALE_TYPE	Sale Type	This table stores the loan sale types.
			Organization can sell the loans as whole
			loan, through securitization, or pass through
			certificates.
140	DIM_REG_EQ_INVST_CLASSFCTN	Regulatory Equity	This table stores the regulator defined
		Investment Classification	classifications of equity investment as used in regulatory reports. Expected Values are
			Direct Public Investment, Direct Nonpublic
			Investment, Indirect Investment.
141	DIM_REG_EQ_TXN_GROUP	Regulatory Equity	This table stores the regulator defined types
		Transaction	of equity transactions as used in regulatory
		Group	reports. Expected Values are Purchase, Return of Capital, Net Valuation Changes,
			recent of oupliar, not valuation onlinges,

142	DIM_SCENARIO	Scenario Dimension	This entity stores the details of various kinds of values to be analyzed like actual or budgeted.
143	DIM_REG_VINTAGE	Regulatory Vintage	This table stores the vintage definitions used in building Vintage dimensions in CRR. Vintage codes are "Year" + "Month" combination. Additional Comment is: Vintage dimension was built on fact table.
144	DIM_ACCT_SOLD_EXEMPT_STATUS	Account Sold Exemption Status	This table stores the status of exemption for sold accounts. Loans sold have liability on bank on legal terms. This dimension helps to identify if particular loan is exempted from reporting as it is already repurchased or settlement is completed.
145	DIM_STANDARD_ACCT_HEAD	Standard Accounting Head Dimension	This dimension lists the various standard accounting heads (Equity, Reserves and Surplus, and so on.) under which a bank classifies its GL sources of accounting capital.
146	DIM_INSTRUMENT_CATEGORY	Instrument Category Dimension	This table stores instrument category - Assets/Liabilities/Others/Services.
147	DIM_EXPOSURE	Exposure Dimension	This table stores the account wise summary for product processor.
148	DIM_OPRISK_LOSS_DATA_CATEGOR Y	Operational Risk Loss Data Category Dimension	This tables stores the operational loss data category. Expected Values are Internal, External, Model Input, and Scenario.
149	DIM_VARIABLE	Variable Definition Dimension	This table stores the variables to be consumed by Enterprise Stress Testing or any other similar usage.

3.1.11 Fact Tables/Entities

For all tables with data flow type tagged as a Processing, it is recommended that end users map data directly to result area if processing application is not part of OFSAA product suite. For example, Basel computations, RWA Numbers, and Capital Ratio are taken from processing area which is populated by OFSAA or other Basel application.

For processed tables, you can look for the following options:

- OFSAA Data Integration Hub (DIH) product
- Flat File
- Table-to-Table Transformation with source being processing application

SI. No.	List of Seeded Tables	Table/Entity Logical Names	Table/Entity Descriptions	Data Flow Type
1	FCT_ACCOUNT_MITIGANT_MAP	Fact Account Mitigant Map	This entity stores the account to mitigant mapping. It supports more than one mitigant to be mapped to an account.	Staging
2	FCT_ACCT_RECOVERY_DETAIL S	Fact Account Recovery Details	This entity stores the details of recoveries for each account.	Staging
3	FCT_ACCT_WRITE_OFF_DETAI LS	Fact Account Write Off Details	This entity stores the details of write-off for each account.	Staging
4	FCT_CARDS_SUMMARY	Cards Summary	This table stores the contract summary of all active card accounts.	Staging, Results
5	FCT_COMMON_ACCOUNT_SUM MARY	Fact Common Account Summary	This table stores common account level information that usually comes as an input through staging.	Staging
6	FCT_CREDIT_LINE	Fact Credit Facility	This table stores the credit facility data. Credit facility is committed line of credit given to a customer who can have multiple draws / exposures out of a given credit line.	Staging, Results
7	FCT_LOAN_ACCOUNT_SUMMA RY	Fact Loan Summary	This table stores the details of loans. This table includes mortgage and vehicle loans.	Staging, Results

8	FCT_MITIGANTS	Fact Mitigants	This entity stores all the Mitigants and their details.	Staging,
9	FCT_RECOVERY	Fact Recovery	This table stores the recovery details for all delinquent accounts.	Staging
10	FCT_REG_CAP_ACCOUNT_SU MMARY	Fact Regulatory Capital Account Summary	This table stores the regulatory capital for each account. Typically, this table is an input from Basel application.	Results
11	FCT_PARTY_FINANCIAL_DETAI	Party Financial Detail	This entity stores the financial information (Balance-Sheet, Profit and Loss statement, and Ratios) in base and reporting currency of the parties like Customer and Guarantor.	Staging
12	FCT_PARTY_FINANCIALS	Fact Party Financials	This entity stores the financial information (Balance-Sheet, Profit and Loss statement, and Ratios) of the parties like Customer and Guarantor. Balance sheet is prepared as of a particular date (Balance sheet creation date).	Staging
13	FCT_PARTY_RATING_DETAILS	Fact Party Rating Details	This table stores the party rating details of the customer, counterparty, guarantor, and so on.	Staging
14	FCT_IFRS_ACCOUNT_SUMMAR Y	Fact Ifrs Account Summary	This table stores the measures related to account that are computed by IFRS application.	Processed
15	FCT_ACCOUNT_POSTION_PAIR	Fact Account Position Pair	This table defines position pairings that relate a primary position and its offsetting position. The position pairs can be held in any manner (for example, cash or margin). It contains only active customer account positions.	Staging

16	FCT_ACCT_CUST_DETAILS	Fact Lrm Account Customer Relationship Details	This entity stores the derived attribute at account and customer granularity (includes joint accounts).	Staging
17	FCT_ACCT_PLACED_COLL_MA P	Fact Account Placed Collateral Map	This table stores the account to placed collateral mapping. It is an intersection table to denote a placed collateral can be used in multiple account and an account contains multiple collateral.	Staging
18	FCT_COLL_PORTFOLIO_MTM_ DETAILS	Fact Mtm Collateral Details	This table stores the MTM impact on derivative positions on a day- to-day basis.	Processed
19	FCT_COLL_PORTFOLIO_MTM_S UMMARY	Fact Mtm Ollateral Summary	This table stores the MTM impact on derivative positions at a cumulative level.	Processed
20	FCT_DEPOSITS_BORROWINGS	Deposits And Borrowings	This table stores all the deposit and other borrowings accounts of bank.	Staging, Results
21	FCT_IFRS_MITIGANTS_SUMMA RY	Fact Ifrs Mitigants Summary	This table stores the valuation of Mitigants as per IFRS requirements. Mitigant definitions happen in DIM MITIGANT and this table serves as additional set of attributes for FACT MITIGANTS.	Processed
22	FCT_IFRS_PLACED_COLLATER AL	Fact Ifrs Placed Collateral	This table stores the valuation of placed Collateral as per IFRS requirements. Placed Collateral definitions happen in DIM PLACED COLLATERAL and this table serves as additional set of attributes for FACT PLACED COLLATERAL.	Processed
23	FCT_LRM_ACCOUNT_SUMMAR Y	Fact Lrm Account Summary	This table stores the details of the Account Derived in Liquidity Risk Management Solution.	Processed

24	FCT_LRM_PLACED_COLLATER AL	Fact Lrm Placed Collateral	This table stores the liquidity specific procedded attributes for placed Collateral as per Liquidity Risk regulations. Placed Collateral definitions happen in DIM PLACED COLLATERAL and this table serves as additional set of attributes for FACT PLACED COLLATERAL.	Processed
25	FCT_MGMT_REPORTING	Fact Management Reporting	This table stores the management reporting data related to organization and product profitability/income statement/balance sheet.	Processed
26	FCT_PLACED_COLLATERAL	Fact Placed Collateral	This table stores the details of collateral which are placed against an account.	Staging
27	FCT_RATING_DWNGRD_COLL_ SUMMARY	Fact Rating Downgrade Collateral Summary	This entity stores the details regarding loss of Rehypothecation Rights due to a downgrade for a placed collateral.	Processed
28	FCT_RATING_DWNGRD_MTGN T_SUMM	Fact Rating Downgrade Mitigant Summary	This entity stores the details regarding loss of Rehypothecation Rights due to a downgrade for a mitigant.	Processed
29	FCT_REG_ACCOUNT_SUMMAR Y	Regulatory Account Summary	This table stores the regulatory reclassifications and other information as required for regulatory reporting.	Results
30	FCT_LEGAL_ENTITY_DETAILS	Fact Legal Entity Details	This table stores the details of the legal entity.	Staging
31	FCT_REG_AGG_CASH_FLOWS	Fact Regulatory Aggregated Cashflows	This entity stores the aggregated cashflows for regulatory reporting purposes.	Results
32	FCT_REG_CUSTOMER_SUMMA RY	Fact Reg Customer Summary	This table stores the details at a customer level.	Results

33	FCT_REG_GL_CASH_FLOWS	Fact Regulatory General Ledger Cashflows	This table stores the cashflow details of general ledger accounts for regulatory reporting requirements.	Results
34	FCT_REG_MITIGANTS_SUMMA RY	Fact Regulatory Mitigants Summary	This table stores the cashflow groups required for FR2052 a reporting.	Results
35	FCT_REG_PLACED_COLLATER AL	Fact Regulatory Placed Collateral	This table stores the cashflow groups required for FR2052 a reporting.	Results
36	FCT_REG_RUN_LEGAL_ENTITY _MAP	Fact Regulatory Legal Entity Run Map	This table stores the reporting entity identifier for every regulatory reporting run.	Results
37	FCT_SUBST_PLACED_COLLATE RAL	Fact Substitutable Collateral	This entity stores the details of a collateral which has to be substituted.	Processed
38	FCT_SUBSTITUTABLE_MITIGAN TS	Fact Substitutable Mitigants	This entity stores the details of a mitigant which has to be substituted.	Processed
39	FCT_TRANSACTION_SUMMARY	Fact Transaction Summary	This table stores the transaction summary.	Results
40	FCT_TRD_ACCOUNT_TXN_SUM MARY	Fact Trading Account Transaction Summary	This entity stores all Fact Trading Account Transaction details.	Results
41	FCT_FIXED_ASSETS	Fact Fixed Assets	This fact table stores measures pertaining to assets. Fixed assets are physical assets such as Buildings, Land, Machinary, Automobiles, Gold bullion, and so on. They can be sold and appropriate profit/loss can be recognized based on appropriate accounting principles.	Staging

42	FCT_LLFP_ACCOUNT_SUMMAR	Fact Loan Loss Forecasting And	This entity stores loan loss forecasting and provision	Processed
		Provision Account	account summary. Typically this	
		Summary	table is an input from loan loss	
			forecasting and provision (Ilfp) application.	
43	FCT_REG_ACCT_MITIGANT_MA PPING	Fact Regulatory Account Mitigant Mapping	This table stores the account mitigant mapping information.	Results
44	FCT_CR_CUSTOMER_SUMMAR Y	Fact Credit Risk Customer Summary	This entity stores the details of various measures pertaining to the customer.	Staging
45	FCT_ASSETS_SOLD	Assets Sold	This table stores the data of assets sold over a period of time. For example, banks sells loans to other parties.	Staging
46	FCT_ENTITY_INFO	Fact Entity Information	This entity stores the information about the various entities in the Oraganization Structure of the Financial Institution.	Staging
47	FCT_FIDUCIARY_SERV_INVST_ SUMM	Fact Fiduciary Services Investmnet Summary	This entity stores the details of investments done through a fiduciary account.	Staging`
48	FCT_MERCHANT_BANKING	Fact Merchant Banking	This entity stores the details of issues associated with a fiduciary account.	Staging
49	FCT_MITIGANT_REG_CAPITAL	Fact Mitigant Regulatory Capital	This table stores the regulatory capital information related to mitigants.	Processed
50	FCT_REG_TRANSACTION_SUM MARY	Regulatory Transaction Summary	This table stores the summary of regulatory transactions. For example, amount of securities sold or transferred from HTM to AFS.	Results
51	FCT_SECURITIZATION_POOL	Securitisation Pool	This table stores the information on the securitization pool.	Processed

52	FCT_SEC_EXPOSURES	Securitisation Exposures	This entity stores all the Securitisation Exposures for Basel II processing.	Processed
54	FCT_INSTR_PROPOSED_TXNS	Fact Instrument Proposed Transactions	This table stores the proposed set of instruments that are transacted by the Financial Institution.	Staging
55	FCT_NON_SEC_EXPOSURES	Fact Non Sec Exposures	This entity stores all the Securitisation Exposures.	Processed
56	FCT_NETTABLE_POOL	Nettable Pool	This entity stores all Pools created for Netting.	Processed
57	FCT_PAYMENTS_SUMMARY	Payment Summary Fact	This entity stores the payment value, Receipt or inward value and Netted (payment and receipts) value aggregated at currency level in natural currency and reporting currency.	Results
58	FCT_CAP_INSTR_POSITIONS	Fact Capital Instrument Positions	This entity stores the regulatory position of capital instruments and details of treatment to capital instrument under Basel I and III regulations.	Staging
59	FCT_REG_EXP_MITIGANT_MAP PING	Fact Regulatory Exposure Mitigant Mapping	This table is planned for deprecation.	Processed
60	FCT_CP_CREDIT_QUALITY_SU MMARY	Fact Counterparty Credit Quality Summary	This table stores the output of CVA calculation done for a given counterparty.	Processed
61	FCT_MORT_SERV_RIGHTS	Fact Mortgage Servicing Rights	This tables stores the Mortgage Servicing Rights valuation information. Mortgage Servicing Rights values are typically book value, fair value, and so on.	Processed

62	FCT_REG_LE_CAPITAL_SUMMA RY	Fact Regulatory Legal Entity Capital Summary	This table stores the regulatory capital related information for the legal entity. This table stores all information from the GL related to the capital structure processing and the various levels of capital computations processed and computed by the application. This stores information at the granularity of the capital line item, for each capital component group. Some of the line items stored are Tier 1 Capital, Tier 2 Capital, Total Capital, and Capital Ratio.	Results
63	FCT_REG_CP_CAPITAL_SUMM ARY	Fact Regulatory Counterparty Capital Summary	This table stores all the regulatory capital related information of a counterparty. Some of the risk parameters in this table are probability of default and internal and external rating for the counterparty. This table is generally used for CVA calculations and default fund calculations.	Processed
64	FCT_REG_CAP_PLCD_COLL_S UMMARY	Fact Regulatory Capital Placed Collateral Summary	This table stores the information of all exposures to a bank which are placed collateral. The placed collateral by the bank is for default fund contribution or for other OTC transactions, with a central counterparty. It is generally used for cleared transactions and default fund contributions.	Processed

65	FCT_REG_CAP_POOL_SUMMA RY	Fact Regulatory Capital Pool Summary	This table stores the information of all exposures to a bank, which are at a pool level. Some of the pool identified for this table are OTC nettable pool and retail pools. This table stores the regulatory capital information related to these pools.	Processed
66	FCT_LOANS_SERVICED	Loans Serviced	This table stores the details of loans serviced by bank. They may or may not be originated by the bank.	Staging
67	FCT_FUND_CIS_COMPOSITION	Fact Fund Cis Composition	This entity stores the composition of the Investment funds.	Staging
68	FCT_CAP_INSTR_TXNS	Fact Capital Instrument Transactions	This entity stores the transactions on the capital instruments.	Staging
69	FCT_CREDITRISK_ACCOUNT_S UMMARY	Fact Credit Risk Account Summary	This entity stores the different measures of exposures pertaining to Credit Risk Analytics.	Processed
70	FCT_LIQUIDITY_REPORTING	Fact Liquidity Reporting	This entity stores the measure to be reported for each of the Liquidity Reporting line. Reporting Measures are the amounts displayed in standard template prescribed by supervisor. For example, Reporting lines and measures mentioned in QIS Reporting Template reporting lines, reporting lines and measures mentioned in "Instructions for completing and submitting the Liquidity Monitoring Tool (4-G) template".	Processed

71	FCT_LIQUIDITY_REP_LINE_CO MMENT	Fact Liquidity Reporting Line Comments	This entity stores the comments for each of the Liquidity Reporting line. Reporting Lines are the standard template reporting lines prescribed by supervisor. For example, Reporting lines mentioned in QIS Reporting Template reporting lines, reporting lines mentioned in "Instructions for completing and submitting the Liquidity Monitoring Tool (4-G) template".	Processed
72	FCT_REG_EQ_INV_SUMMARY	Regulatory Equity Investmnet Summary	This table stores the summary of equity investments done by entity as per regulatory equity investment types.	Results
73	FCT_OTTI_FV_PROJECTIONS	Fact Other Than Temporary Impairment Fair Value Projections	This table store the assumptions to determination criteria and value for Other-than-temporary impairment for product investment.	Processed
74	FCT_OPSRISK_LOSS_PROJECT ION	Operational Risk Loss Projection	This table stores the projection of operational losses across required measurement units and period for a given operational loss data category.	Processed
75	FCT_OTTI_FV_ASSUMPTIONS	Fact Other Than Temporary Impairment Fair Value Assumptions	This table stores the assumptions to determination criteria and value for Other-than- temporary impairment for product investment.	Processed
76	FCT_SCEN_VARIABLE_PROJEC TION	Fact Scenario Variable Summary	This table stores the projection of various variables for Enterprise Stress Testing or any other similar usage.	Processed

77	FCT_CAP_INSTR_PROPOSED_ REDEEM	Fact Capital Instrument Proposed Redemption	This entity stores the proposed set of capital instruments that are redeemed or converted by the Financial Institution.	Staging
78	FCT_CAP_INSTR_PROPOSED_I SSUES	Fact Capital Instrument Proposed Issues	This entity stores the proposed set of capital instruments that are issued by the Financial Institution.	Staging
79	FCT_REGULATORY_PLANNED_ ACTION	Regulatory Planned Actions	This table stores the impact of Planed Actions on various measures like capital, RWA, exposure, and so on that are required for Basel III and Dodd- Frank schedule. Financial Institutions must capture all material planned actions, including, but not limited to, the roll-off or sale of an existing portfolio, the issuance of regulatory capital instruments and other strategic corporate actions.	Processed
80	FCT_REPORTING_GROUP_OUT PUT	Fact Reporting Group Output	This entity stores the outputs at Reporting Group Level.	Processed
81	FCT_STANDARD_ACCT_HEAD	Fact Standard Accounting Head	This table stores the data as per the standard accouning heads.	Processed

3.2 Mapping of Results to Reporting Requirements of Lombard Risk

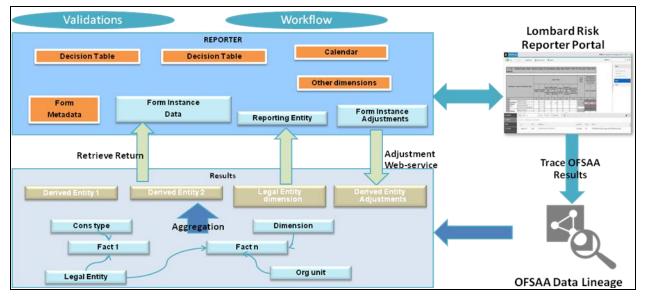
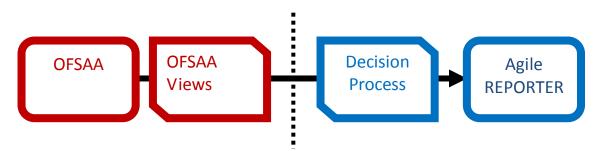
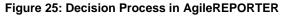


Figure 24 explains the flow of data between OFSAA and AgileREPORTER:

OFSAA provides the data to AgileREPORTER in the form of derived entities. Derived entity is an existing OFSAA higher order metadata object and can be physicalized as a materialized view in the database. Derived entities store aggregated data from base fact entities specified in the dataset and have the necessary dimensions and measures. Dimensional and measure combination stored within the derived entity is mapped to cells within the report. This mapping is maintained within the 'Dimensional mapping' template. 'Decision Process' within AgileREPORTER reads the derived entities and dimension mapping information to derive the data for reporting. Derived entities are created based on measures, hierarchies, and datasets.





Some cells in the schedule can be derived as per the logic provided by the regulator. Derivation can be an expression built using values from other cells. Examples of derivation are ratio, node-level rollup, direct reference to cells in other schedules within the report. These derivations are performed within the AgileREPORTER. OFSAA provides data only for the cells that are not derived.

Figure 24: Data Flow between OFSAA and AgileREPORTER

Note: Metadata for data transformation is available as part of the data ware house configuration pack provided Out-of-Box / pre-configured from OFSAA. You need not perform any mapping for the reports. However, this information can be useful for maintainance or extensions when Out-of-Box pack is not available.

3.3 AgileREPORTER: Submission

The AgileREPORTER is a web-based regulatory reporting tool provided by Lombard Risk. It provides necessary features to address e-filing workflow, validation and submission process, and supports reports (called as forms/returns) for various jurisdictions. AgileREPORTER provides a reliable and efficient infrastructure to compile, generate, and submit regulatory reports.

4 OFSAA Features

This chapter provides an understanding of the AAI components used in the solution and dimensional mapping. It includes:

- OFSAA Infrastructure
- Business Metadata
- Derived Entity
- Rules Run Framework Features
- Dimension Mapping

The REG REP Solution configures the data hand off structure to Lombard using metadata. The following sections provide details on datasets, measures, hierarchies and Derived Entities. Multiple derived entities are linked to a specific regulatory schedule. You can modify the configuration using OFSAA infrastructure. Additionally, metadata route provides traceability from reporting elements to the data elements used.

4.1 OFSAA Infrastructure

OFSAA Infrastructure includes the facilities for creating and maintaining dimensional reference data, interest rate and currency exchange rate data, and process tuning data. Additionally, OFSAA Infrastructure includes functionality for building and maintaining rules that can be used by any Oracle Financial Services Analytical Application. These common rule objects include:

- Expressions
- Hierarchies
- Filters

The analytical applications that you see on the Left Hand Side (LHS) of the Financial Services Applications home page depends on your logon privileges and on the OFSAA modules that are installed for your environment.

	cal Applications	🔟 🔻 🎝 🔻 🛛 US-English 🔻 🛛 RRDFUSER 🕸
ORACLE® Financial Services Analytic Applications Object Administration Select Applications Financial Services Data Foundation Prancial Services Data Management Prancial Services Data Management Prancial Services Data Material Services Prancial Services Data Services Prancial Services Data Management Prancial Services Data Material Services Prancial Services Data Services Prancial Services Data Services Prancial Services Pranci		Image Data Management Framework Manage Data movement using framework for Data Management Image Data movement using framework for Data Management Image Data Monagement Framework Rule Run Framework Framework to represent simple and complex business logic in to Rules, Process and Run paradigms Image Data Settings Settings
Image: Star Image: Star <		

Figure 26: Landing Page

4.2 Business Metadata

In addition to Derived Entity, REG REP uses the following OFSAA features to create the business metadata. For details on the features, refer to <u>OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide</u> in <u>OTN</u> documentation library.

- Hierarchies: Some OFSAA dimensions support hierarchies. Hierarchies can be used to provide sophisticated stratification for either processing or reporting purposes. For example, an organizational hierarchy can start with a Division level containing Western Region, Eastern Region, and Southern Region; the next level down within the hierarchy can be state or county. A product hierarchy can begin with branches for Asset vs.Liability vs. Service products; under the Asset branch, you can define additional branches for Mortgage Lending, Commercial Lending, Consumer Lending, and so on.
- Measures: Business Measure refers to a uniquely named data element of relevance which can be used to define views within the data warehouse. It typically implies aggregated information as opposed to information at a detailed granular level that is available before adequate transformations.
- **Business Processor**: It refers to a uniquely named data element of relevance which can be used to define views within the data warehouse. It typically implies aggregated information as opposed to information at a detailed granular level that is available before adequate transformations.
- **Datasets**: It refers to a group of tables whose inter-relationship is defined by specifying a join condition between the various tables. It is a basic building block to create a query and execute on a data warehouse for a large number of functions and to generate reports.

4.3 Derived Entity

It is the primary component of OFSAA used for OFSDF Interface with Lombard Risk for US FED. REG REP Solution uses Derived Entity to create physical materialized view which is then queried by Lombard using pre-set data hand-off templates. An Entity refers to a table in which data is stored. Derived Entity within the infrastructure system facilitates you to define entities which are populated through a series of data transformation processes resulting from an existing Data Set or a Source Application. An Entity can be used to define other Business Metadata such as measures, hierarchies, dimensions, data sets, and cubes.

Derived Entities comprise the following:

- Measures
- Hierarchies
- Datasets

Ensure to define the above components within OFSAA before configuring the derived entity, and select **Materialized View** property in Derived Entity. This property creates the derived entity as materialized views.

lect Applications		es Data Foundation > Unified Analytics	al Metadata > Business Metad	ata Management > Derived Entity			
ancial Services Data Foundation	*		Derived Entity				
B Data Model Management	Code	DE11BS01 Searc	h Short Description	DE - BS-Common Account Summary			
B Data Management Framework	Long Descrip	tion DE - BS-Common Account	Summary				
# 📕 Unified Analytical Metadata	Source Type	Dataset	-				
Dimension Management	Aggregate	V	Materialize View	V			
A Business Metadata Management	Dataset Nam						
Asas		Contraction and and a	DS11BS01 - DS - BS-Common Account Summary				
Dataset	Application N	ame		*			
H Measure	Source Name	1		+			
Build Hierarchy	Metadata I	For Source Type		Selected Metadata			
Cimension	🕀 😑 Hierar			Undrawn Amount - CAS			
Business Processor	🕀 📄 Measu		>	Calendar Date			
BI Map Maintenance	🕀 😑 Busine	ss Processors		Run Description			
Expression			<	Org Structure Entity Code			
Save Metadata				BP - Affiliated Issuer Party CAS			
				Outstanding EOP Balance- Common Act			
Analytics Metadata Bule Run Framework				Non Interest bearing deposit Hierarchy			
Gal Rule Run Framework Goperations				Product Type Hierarchy			
Ed Settings	Ne	w Copy Delete !	Save Reset Pr	operties Help			
io Metadata Browser							

Figure 27: Derived Entity User Interface

Derived Entities must have AS_OF_DATE and LEGAL_ENTITY as the mandatory dimensions. Rest of the structure of the derived entity can vary depending on the dimensions present. A metadata configuration table is present in AgileREPORTER to link the name of the column in the derived entity and dimension that is referred in dimension mapping process.

Derived entities have data for the 'Final Reporting Run' only, which is reported to the Regulatory, and are refreshed for the latest hand-off date.

A metadata configuration table is maintained within AgileREPORTER to capture the derived entities that supply data for each schedule.

4.3.1 Creation of Derived Entity

Refer to <u>OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide</u> in (<u>OTN</u>) documentation library for detailed steps on creating a derived entity.

4.3.2 User Roles

Following are the user roles for derived entity:

- Reporting Analyst: This user can create, modify, and delete a derived entity.
- Data Analyst: This user can view the derived entities.

4.4 Rules Run Framework Features

OFSDF Interface with Lombard Risk for US FED uses the following Rules Run Framework of OFSAA. For details on the features refer to <u>OFS Analytical Applications Infrastructure User Guide</u> in <u>OTN</u> documentation library.

 Rules: Financial institutions require constant monitoring and measurement of risk in order to conform to prevalent regulatory and supervisory standards. Such measurement often entails significant computations and validations with an organization's data. Data must be transformed to support such measurements and calculations. The data transformation is achieved through a set of defined Rules.

REG REP uses Rules for reclassification of dimensions.

- **Process**: A set of Rules collectively form a Process. A Process definition is represented as a Process Tree. The Process option in the Rules Run Framework provides a framework that facilitates the definition and maintenance of a Process. By defining a Process, you can logically group a collection of Rules that pertain to a functional process.
- **Run**: The Run feature in the Rules Run Framework helps you to combine various components and/or processes together and execute them with different underlying approaches. Further, run conditions and/or job conditions can be specified while defining a run.

4.5 Dimension Mapping

Each cell reference is mapped to a set of dimensions and measures. This mapping is documented in excel and then converted to a Decision table through an offline utility provided by AgileREPORTER. Decision table is a metadata object within AgileREPORTER that stores the criteria for deriving value for each cell reference. The metadata is packaged for regulatory report as part of the OFS Risk Regulatory Solution. Decision table process within AgileREPORTER reads the metadata and derived entity published by OFSAA to populate data required for returns for the specified date and legal entity.

The following table is an example of dimension mapping. Each cell reference is mapped to a set of dimension members and measure. If a dimension is left empty for a cell reference, it indicates that it is not participating in the mapping process. If there are multiple mappings for a cell reference, then the value of this cell can come from any of these criteria.

Decision mapping table is processed against the contents of derived entity to reporting data. Each record of the derived entity is matched against the criteria specified in the decision table to identify the cell reference and derive return data (such as, cell reference and cell value).

Cell References	Is Derived?	Product Type	Customer Type	Branch Country	Measure
BHCK1234	No	Real Estate Loans	Individuals	US	Amortized Cost
BHCK1235	No	Real Estate Loans	Individuals	Non-US	Amortized Cost
BHCK9088	Yes				
BHCK1598	No	Credit Cards	Individuals		Amortized Cost
BHCK7075	No		Foreign Banks	Non-US	Amortized Cost
BHCK7075	No		Sovereign	Non-US	Amortized Cost

The following table is derived after converting the dimension member and measure names into corresponding dimension member codes (not surrogate keys) and measure codes. This decision table mapping is provided for each decision table in excel format as per template. AgileREPORTER converts the decision table mapping present in excel into configuration entries within their schema.

	li	able 12: Dimension	i wapping Example	Ξ Ζ		
Cell References	Is Derived?	Product Type	Customer Type	Branch Country	Measure	
BHCK1234	No	RELO	IND	US	MREG0001	
BHCK1235	No	RELO	IND	Non-US	MREG0001	
BHCK9088	Yes					
BHCK1598	No	СС	IND		MREG0001	
BHCK7075	No		FB	Non-US	MREG0001	
BHCK7075	No		SOV	Non-US	MREG0001	
	ReferencesBHCK1234BHCK1235BHCK9088BHCK1598BHCK7075	Cell ReferencesIs Derived?BHCK1234NoBHCK1235NoBHCK9088YesBHCK1598NoBHCK7075No	Cell ReferencesIs Derived?Product TypeBHCK1234NoRELOBHCK1235NoRELOBHCK9088YesBHCK1598NoCCBHCK7075No	Cell ReferencesIs Derived?Product TypeCustomer TypeBHCK1234NoRELOINDBHCK1235NoRELOINDBHCK9088YesIndIndBHCK1598NoCCINDBHCK7075NoIndFB	ReferencesIs Derived?Product TypeCustomer TypeCountryBHCK1234NoRELOINDUSBHCK1235NoRELOINDNon-USBHCK9088YesBHCK1598NoCCIND-BHCK7075No-FBNon-US	

 Table 12: Dimension Mapping Example 2

Note: All the dimension member codes that are used in the decision table are preseeded by OFSAA and cannot be modified. Therefore, if you have other member codes in the dimension, then you must re-classify them by using re-classification rule post load, or value-code mapping during load.

Decision tables must be prepared closer to the report submission period. In some cases, reclassification of multiple dimensions which result in a single unified reporting dimension must be performed in order to address the complexity of decision table. Reclassification rule is defined in OFSAA and packaged as part of OFSAA Risk Regulatory Reporting (REG REP) Solution.

In some cases, certain sections of the schedule or the entire schedule can be a list of data rows without any mapping to fixed set of dimension members. For example, Top 20 counterparties, List of Available for Sale (AFS) - securities. In such cases, since there are no cell references, decision table mapping specifies the names of dimensions and measures of derived entities in 'sheet' column or 'row' column of the template.

Note: As a part of the solution, metadata exists as out of box / pre-configured with installer.

5 Report Submission

This chapter provides an understanding of the report submission process. It includes:

- Report Submission: AgileREPORTER to Regulator
- Edit Checks/ Validity Check/ Quality Checks
- <u>Report Templates to be used in AgileREPORTER</u>

5.1 Report Submission: AgileREPORTER to Regulator

After OFSAA has prepared and hands off the data as required to Lombard Risk, the subsequent activities are performed within the AgileREPORTER.

Lombard takes care of the report format as per the regulatory requirement which may be eXtensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL)/ XML/ Excel / .Data/ XML and so on.

5.2 Edit Checks/ Validity Check/ Quality Checks

The AgileREPORTER carries out the report level / submission check comprising Edit Chceks / Validity Checks / Quality Checks as provided by the regulator.

Note: Refer to the AgileREPORTER user documentation provided by Lombard Risk, for details of activities within the AgileREPORTER.

5.3 Report Templates to be used in AgileREPORTER

The report templates to be used in AgileREPORTER are listed as follows:

a.	FFIEC 009A	FFIEC009A_V1
b.	FFIEC 009	FFIEC009_V1
C.	FR 2052B	FR2052B_V1
d.	FR 2314S	FR2314S_V2
e.	FR 2314	FR2314_V2
f.	FR Y-11S	FRY11S_V2
g.	FR Y-11	FRY11_V2
h.	FR Y-12	FRY12_V1
i.	FR Y-14A OR	FRY14AOR_V2
j.	FR Y-14A RCI	FRY14ARCI_V1
k.	FR Y-14A RCT	FRY14ARCT_V2
I.	FR Y-14A SCENR	FRY14ASCENR_V1
m.	FR Y-14A SUMM	FRY14ASUMM_V3
n.	FR Y-15	FRY15_V2
0.	FR Y-20	FRY20_V1

p.	FR Y-9C	FRY9C_V2
q.	FR Y-9LP	FRY9LP_V1
r.	FFIEC 101	FFIEC101_V2
s.	FFIEC 031	FFIEC031_V4
t.	FFIEC 041	FFIEC041_V4
u.	FR Y-7N	FRY7N_V1
v.	FR 2900	FR2900_V3
w.	FR 2052a	Data schedule (No template)
x.	FR 2644	FR2644_V2
у.	FDIC 8020	FDIC8020_V1
z.	FR Y-14Q Balances	FRY14QBAL_V1
aa.	FR Y-14Q PPNR	FRY14QPPNR_V2
bb.	FR Y-14Q Supplemental	I FRY14QSUPMNT_V1
cc.	FR Y-14Q Retail	Data schedule (No template)
dd.	FR Y-14Q Wholesale	Data schedule (No template)
ee.	FR Y-14M	Data schedule (No template)

5.4 Supported Report Template Version and Activation Date

The AgileREPORTER contains the details of the Report template version and the activation date of the same. This can be accessed by selecting the Entity setup option in the Settings Menu which enables the user to Add, Modify, and Delete Entitites. Click on a created Entity to access report templates according to version and the activation date, and assign the necessary privilages as required.

tity and Return Administration						Hide	ed Entities
						Import	Export
	Entity Setu	ıp			×	Add n	new entity 🌘
	Entity: US			Delete			
- (= us	Can be used	or reporting?		Yes			
	Edit Entity	Assign Returns	Variable				
		IEGUUSA VI	U0/14/2010	Assign privileges	_		
	E FF	EC009A v2	06/14/2016	Assign privileges	^		
	E FF	EC030 v3	06/14/2016	Assign privileges			
	FF	IEC031 v1	06/14/2016	Assign privileges			
	FF	EC031 v2	06/14/2016	Assign privileges			
			06/14/2016	Assign privileges			
			06/14/2016	Assign privileges			
		EC031 v5	06/14/2016	Assign privileges			
		IEC031 v6	06/14/2016	Assign privileges			
		IEC041 v1	06/14/2016	Assign privileges			
	FF	IEC041 v2	06/14/2016	Assign privileges			

Figure 28: AgileReporter Entity Setup

Refer to the OFS AgileReporter Application User Guide for more details.

6 Maintenance

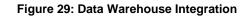
This chapter provides an understanding of the maintainence process for the regulatory templates.

Changes to regulatory template is one of the most common and continuous activity. The following steps help to assess the impact (You can replace the measure, dimension for existing dataware housing configuration pack using the below process):

- Choosing different execution as a final. After report verification, if requirement is to change the execution, then you must visit <u>Marking Run as Final</u> section. After making these changes you must refresh Derived Entities (<u>Executing Batch to Resave Derived Entities</u>). Then AgileREPORTER also needs to retrieve returns so that revised data is reflected on AgileREPORTER.
- If <u>Executing Batch to Resave Derived Entities</u> is not working, you can look for Batch Operation Log files. For file path, refer to OFS Analytical Applications Infrstructure Installation Manual in <u>OTN</u> documentation library and search for ficdb/log.
- 3. To apply revised patch, refer to the **ReadMe** file for instructions to be followed.
- 4. To update revised data warehouse configuration pack, perform the following instructions.

Lombard Risk	Dashboa	rd								Job Manag	er 🖂	XBRL Checker 👻 hi rpadmin	•
				Show Del	eted Returns	Delete Return Log	Create New	ť	Import adjustments	 Export To Regulation 	lator Format	Users	
egulator : JS FED Reserve	۲	ENTITY	RETURNS \$	VERSION ≎	REFERENCE DATE \$	JOB STATUS	WORKFLOW STATUS	UPDATE	APPROVAL	EDITIONS	TRANSMISSIC	Privilege Groups User Groups Calendar	,
		US	FFIEC031	4	30/09/2013	0		C2 Update	NO ATTESTATION NEEDED	Anage Editions		Form Schedule Binding	
ntity JS	Ŧ	US	FFIEC041	4	30/09/2013	0		C Update	NO ATTESTATION NEEDED	Nanage Editions		Calculation Engines	
		US	FRY9C	2	30/09/2013	R ()		C Update	NO ATTESTATION NEEDED	Nanage Editions		Config Package Binding	
orm NI	•							1 > 1	15 💌			Data Warehouse Integration	
												Setup Network File Location	
vailable date												4 Back	
All	٣												

i. Click Settings → Administration → Data Warehouse Integration.



- ii. Click Add to add a contextual button.
- iii. Enter details of the contextual button.

Name: It is the text that needs to be displayed in the contextual button.

URL Pattern: Replace <<ofsaa_HOST>>, <<ofsaa_PORT>> and

<<OFSAA_CONTEXT>> with host, port and web context of the environment where OFSAA is installed. Replace <<OFSAA HOST>> with the name of information domain.

http://<<OFSAA_HOST>>:<<OFSAA_PORT>>/<<OFSAA_CONTEXT>>/OFSAADrilldow n/drilldownreport.jsp?cellid=\${cellId}&infodom=<<INFODOM>>&legalentity=\${entityCode} &run=\${run}&date=\${referenceDate}

Example:

http://127.0.0.1:8080/ofsaa/OFSAADrilldown/drilldown.jsp?cellid=\${cellId}&infodom=OFS FSDFINFO&legalentity=\${entityCode}&run=\${run}&date=\${referenceDate}

- i. Use http or https depending on the protocol configured for OFSAA.
- ii. Pick an icon.
- iv. Click Add to save the details.

Lombard Risk Dashboard						Job Manager	XBRL Checker	✓ hi rpadmin	* 0
Data Warehouse Integration OFSAA	Contextual Buttons								Î
	EDIT	Add Contextual Bu	tton		×	DESCRIPTION	ICON ≎		
	₽ ⊙ Add	Name: URL Pattern:				Data Lineage	2		
		Built in Variable: S{cellid} S{corn/version} S{Y_ordinate}	≡ \${entityCode} ≡ \${referenceDate} ≡ \${Z_ordinate}	S{entityName} \${entityName} \${regulatoryProfix} \${run}	≡ \${formCode} ≡ \${tableCode}				
		Pick an icon	Add	Can	cel				

Figure 30: Adding Contextual Button

5. After the data ware configuration pack is updated, Lombard Configuration pack must reflect this.

Note: Refer to *AgileREPORTER* user documentation for details.

7 Troubleshooting Guidelines

This section covers troubleshooting guidelines for user of Oracle Financial Services Regulatory Reporting Integration with AgileREPORTER, hereafter called as Integration.

Integration users provide the data inputs through the OFSDF where data is loaded, processed and results are made available for reporting purposes. Integration package then makes this data available in required formats to AgileREPORTER. In AgileREPORTER, this data is then aggregated according to the reporting requirements and end users view this from AgileREPORTER User Interfaces designed for the Viewing / Editing of this aggregated data.

This section provides detailed guidelines on how to troubleshoot the data issues tracing back the data flow from AgileREPORTER.

7.1 Prerequisites

It is assumed that user can login and see following menus and respective reports in AgileREPORTER.

Lombard Risk	Dashboar	rd								Job Manage	er 🖂	XBRL Checker	- hi rpadmin 🕴	0 ¢
				Show Del	eted Returns	Delete Return Log	Create New	C	Import adjustments	▼ Export To Regu	lator Format	Export	Retrieve Return	
Regulator : US FED Reserve	Ŧ	ENTITY	RETURNS \$	VERSION \$	REFERENCE DATE \$	JOB STATUS	WORKFLOW STATUS	UPDATE	APPROVAL	EDITIONS	TRANSMISSION	MODIFIED 0	MODIFIED BY	\$
		US	FFIEC031	4	30/09/2013	R ()		🛟 Update	NO ATTESTATION NEEDE	ED Manage Editions		12/09/2016 11:21:5	9 RPADMIN	-
Entity US	•	US	FFIEC041	4	30/09/2013	B ()		🛟 Update	NO ATTESTATION NEEDE	ED Manage Editions		14/09/2016 12:01:4	5 RPADMIN	-
Form		US	FRY9C	2	30/09/2013	B ()		🛟 <u>Update</u>	NO ATTESTATION NEEDE	ED C Manage Editions		08/09/2016 11:41:0	4 RPADMIN	
All	•						14	1 > >	H 15 V					
Available date														
All	٣													

Figure 31: AgileREPORTER

This means configurations activities for the AgileREPORTER and OFSAA are completed. Set up activities for Entity is done and reports templates as shown above are available for viewing. Report Names shown in the figure are for illustration purpose and actual name depends on the integration pack licensed.

7.2 Troubleshooting Use Cases

7.2.1 Unable to Generate Report

If you are unable to generate reports, meaning none of the derived entities referred in the report has rows for the LE/date combination, then you must refer to Installation Manuals of AgileREPORTER or OFSAA Integration pack for further instructions and steps to be followed.

If the process mentioned in Installation Manual is correctly followed and still report list is not available then you are requested to login the bug / service request with Lombard Risk.

7.2.2 Data Unavailable in AgileREPORTER

This is a use case where you are logged in to AgileREPORTER, and selected particular regulatory report for appropriate entity and As of Date, but unable to generate the report.

7.2.2.1 Fetching Null or Zero Values

AgileReporter is showing either Zero or Null values. It indicates that Derived Entities has data (however, all required filer conditions are not matching and resulting in zero value output) or Derived Entity does not have data at all.

Show Import Log		ljustments 👻	Export	To File 🔻 Expo	rt to Reg	ulator Format	🔊 Lin	ve Validation	Valida	ate Now 👻 W	orkflow	Return Sou		C Manage				
				numerie celle ere		nated in one (1's) ex						Editions 03/24	4/2016 11:13:27 #17	 Manage Editions 	Insta	nces 1	* 0	•
				ose in blue outline.		lated in one (1s) es		Show Scale		×						Pages		
													FR Y-9C			1 agos		
													Page 9 of 65			0 VALIDATION FA	AILURE	
																0 WARNINGS		
Schedule HI-C—Disa	aggre	gated Dat	a on	the Allowa	ance	for Loan a	nd L	ease Loss	es							0 X-VALIDATION	FAILURE	
		-														Wkst		
Schedule HI-C is to be completed I	by holdin	g companies with	n \$1 billio	on or more in total	assets	.1										Wkst2		
		(Column A)	1	(Column B)	T	(Column C)	1	(Column D)	ľ	(Column E)	1	(Column F)				Cover		
	Reco	rded Investment	Allo	wance Balance:	Reco	orded Investment:	Allo	wance Balance:	Rec	orded Investment:	Allo	wance Balance:						
		dually Evaluated		dually Evaluated		ctively Evaluated		ectively Evaluated		Purchased		Purchased				Sch HI (1 of 4)		
		r Impairment SC 310-10-35)		or Impairment SC 310-10-35)		or Impairment ASC 450-20)		or Impairment (ASC 450-20)		dit-Impaired Loans (ASC 310-30)		it-Impaired Loans ASC 310-30)				Sch HI (2 of 4)		
Dollar Amounts in Thousands				Bil Mil Thou	внск		внск					Bil Mil Thou						
1. Real estate loans:	- Dirioiti	Dirtinit	Dirion	Chiffminifiniou	Dirioit	Con 1 min 1 minut		i con i mini i mou	Children	- Dirtinin friida	Dirioit	Dir Tim Triou				Sch HI (3 of 4)		
a. Construction loans	M708		M709		M710		M711		M712	NULI	M713	NULL	1.a.			Sch HI (4 of 4)		
b. Commercial									ļ									
real estate loans	M714	NULL	M715	NULL	M716	NULL	M717	NULL	M719	NULL	M720	NULL	1.b.			Sch HI-A		
c. Residential real estate loans	M721	NUU	M722	NUU	M723	NUU	M724	NUU	M725	NUU	M726	NULL	1.c.			Sch HI-B (1 of 2)		
2 Commercial loans2	M727		M728		M729		M730		M731		M732		2					
3. Credit cards	M733				M735		M736		M737		M738		3			Sch HI-B (2 of 2)		
4. Other consumer loans	M739		M740		M741		M742		M743		M744		4.			Sch HI-C		
5. Unallocated, if any							M745	4,500					5.					
6. Total			ļ						ļ		ļ					Notes to Income	Stmt (1 o	13)
(sum of items 1.a through 5)	M746	NULL	M747	NULL	M748	NULL	M749	0	M750	NULL	M751	NULL	6.			Notes to Income	Stmt (2 o	(f 3)
																	0	
1. The asset size test is generally bas	ed on the	total assets report	ted as of	June 30, 2014.												Notes to Income	Sunt (3 0	13)
2. Include all loans and leases not rep					mer loar	15.										Sch HC (1 of 3)		
																Sch HC (2 of 3)		

Figure 32: Fetching Null Values

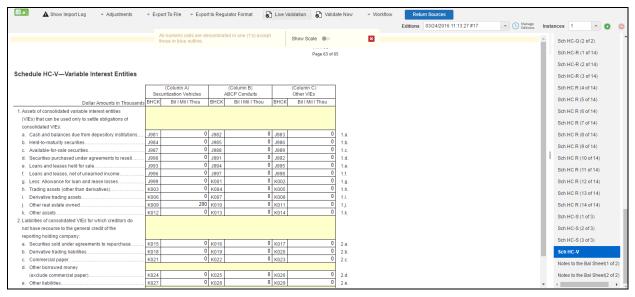


Figure 33: Fetching Zero Values

You must validate as:

- 1. Derived Entity has data:
 - a. Execute the Derived Entity / Materialized views to check if Derived Entity has data or not.
 - b. If Derived Entity / materialized view has data but not showing in AgileREPORTER, you must log a Bug / Service Request with Lombard Risk.

- 2. Derived Entity does not have data:
 - a. Execute the Derived Entity / Materialized views to check if Derived Entity has data or not.
 - b. If Derived Entity does not have data, then check the Business Metadata excel for a given schedule.
 - c. Check Worksheet titled 'Derived Entity' in Business Metadata excel. Get all the derived entities for a given schedule.
 - d. Get dataset for each derived entity.
 - e. Execute datasets in OFSAA FSDF Atomic Schema to check if data is available for a given dataset joins.
 - f. If data is available in dataset queries, you must log a Bug / Service Request with AgileREPORTER.
 - g. If data is not available in dataset, then check if selection of Entity, Available Date (as of date) is appropriate and required executions are available. If Entity, As of Date and Run executions are correct and still data is not available, then you must log a Bug / Service Request with <u>Oracle Support</u>.

7.2.3 Data Available in AgileREPORTER but Not as Expected

This use case where you are able to refer data for a required cell of a schedule in AgileREPORTER; however, value shown differs from expected value.

Let us take following example to illustrate the steps to be followed. This refers to Schedule HC-M from FR Y-9C report from US FED. Particular cell referred here is BHDMK169 –

6.a. Loans and leases (included in Schedule HC, items 4.a and 4.b):

- (1) Loans secured by real estate in domestic offices:
 - (a) Construction, land development, and other land loans:
 - (1) 1–4 family residential construction loans

💷 🖬 🛦 Show Import Log 👻 Adjustments 👻 E	Export To File 👻 Export to Regulator Format	Live Validation	Validate Now - Workflow	Return Sources			
				Editions 03/24/2016 11:13:27 #17	▼ L Manage	Insta	inces 1 - O
	All numeric cells are denominated in one (1's) except those in blue outline	Show Scale			Caldana	*	HC-E&E
							HC-E&F
Schedule HC-M—Memoranda			Page 34 of 65				Sch HC-G & H
							Sch HC-I
	Dollar Amounts in Thousands BHC	K Bil I Mil I Thou					Sch HC-K
1. Total number of holding company common shares	Number (Unrounded)						SCN HC-K
outstanding			1.				Sch HC-L (1 of 4)
2. Debt maturing in one year or less (included in Schedule HC, iter		-					Sch HC-L (2 of 4)
issued to unrelated third parties by bank subsidiaries	655	5 0	2.				001110-2 (2 014)
Debt maturing in more than one year (included in Schedule HC, issued to unrelated third parties by bank subsidiaries	, items 16 and 19.a) that is 655	0 0	3				Sch HC-L (3 of 4)
4. Other assets acquired in satisfaction of debts previously contract							Sch HC-L (4 of 4)
 Securities purchased under agreements to resell offset against : 							
agreements to repurchase on Schedule HC.	A28	8 0	5.				Sch HC-M (1 of 4)
6. Assets covered by loss-sharing agreements with the FDIC:							Sch HC-M (2 of 4)
a. Loans and leases (included in Schedule HC, items 4.a and 4	l.b):						0.5.10.11.0.20
Loans secured by real estate in domestic offices:		_					Sch HC-M (3 of 4)
(a) Construction, land development, and other land loans							Sch HC-M (4 of 4)
 1–4 family residential construction loans 		9 256,608,000,000,000					Sch HC-N (1 of 5)
(2) Other construction loans and all land developmen		0 2,774,502,720,000,00					Sci HC-N (1015)
(b) Secured by farmland (c) Secured by 1-4 family residential properties:		1 200,000,000,000,000	6.a.(1)(b)				Sch HC-N (2 of 5)
 (c) Secured by 1–4 family residential properties. (1) Revolving, open-end loans secured by 1–4 family 	residential properties and						Sch HC-N (3 of 5)
extended under lines of credit.		2 85,536,000,000,000	6.a.(1)(c)(1)				
(2) Closed-end loans secured by 1–4 family residenti							Sch HC-N (4 of 5)
(a) Secured by first liens.	K17	3 18,817,920,000,000	6.a.(1)(c)(2)(a)				Sch HC-N (5 of 5)
(b) Secured by junior liens		4 18,817,920,000,000	6.a.(1)(c)(2)(b)				
(d) Secured by multifamily (5 or more) residential propert	ies	5 0	6.a.(1)(d)				Sch HC-P
(e) Secured by nonfarm nonresidential properties:							Sch HC-Q (1 of 2)
Loans secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonre			6.a.(1)(e)(1)				0.5.110.0.0.40
(2) Loans secured by other nonfarm nonresidential pr	roperties	7 256,608,000,000,000	6.a.(1)(e)(2)				Sch HC-Q (2 of 2)

Figure 34: Schedule HC-M from FR Y-9C Report

You can drill down for each cell to check details of data as what is included in aggregation. To drill down, click the value of particular cell and it is shown highlighted. It shows OFSAA data lineage icon on clicking as shown in Figure 35.

A Show Import Log - Adjustments - Export To File - E	xport to Regulator Format	Live Validation	Validate Now - Workflor	w Return Sources			
				Editions 03/24/2016 11:13:27 #17	▼ ► Manage Editions	Instance	es 1 👻 🖸 /
All numeric cells ar those in blue outlin	e denominated in one (1's) ex	show Scale	• •			. 17	,
	e.		_			H	HC-E & F
						5	Sch HC-G & H
Schedule HC-M—Memoranda						<	Sch HC-I
						-	
1. Total number of holding company common shares						s	Sch HC-K
outstanding						\$	Sch HC-L (1 of 4)
2. Debt maturing in one year or less (included in Schedule HC, items 16 and 19.a) that i							
issued to unrelated third parties by bank subsidiaries						5	Sch HC-L (2 of 4)
Debt maturing in more than one year (included in Schedule HC, items 16 and 19.a) the issued to unrelated third parties by bank subsidiaries.						8	Sch HC-L (3 of 4)
4. Other assets acquired in satisfaction of debts previously contracted						5	Sch HC-L (4 of 4)
5. Securities purchased under agreements to resell offset against securities sold under							
agreements to repurchase on Schedule HC						8	Sch HC-M (1 of 4)
6. Assets covered by loss-sharing agreements with the FDIC:						S	Sch HC-M (2 of 4)
a. Loans and leases (included in Schedule HC, items 4.a and 4.b):							Sch HC-M (3 of 4)
Loans secured by real estate in domestic offices:							
(a) Construction, land development, and other land loans:		BHDM K169 256608000000000	direct cell edit	7		S	Sch HC-M (4 of 4)
 (1) 1–4 family residential construction loans. (2) Other construction loans and all land development and other land loans 		K170 2.774.502.720.000.0	direct cell edit			5	Sch HC-N (1 of 5)
	OFSAA		-				
			Image: A state of the state	3		5	Sch HC-N (2 of 5)
						8	Sch HC-N (3 of 5)
extended under lines of credit						5	Sch HC-N (4 of 5)
(2) Closed-end loans secured by 1-4 family residential properties:							
(a) Secured by first liens						s	Sch HC-N (5 of 5)
 (b) Secured by junior liens						ş	Sch HC-P
(e) Secured by nonfarm nonresidential properties:							Sch HC-Q (1 of 2)
(1) Loans secured by owner-occupied nonfarm nonresidential properties						5	ourne-q (1012)
(2) Loans secured by other nonfarm nonresidential properties		K177 256,608,000,000,000	0 6.a.(1)(e)(2)			8	Sch HC-Q (2 of 2)

Figure 35: Data Lineage

Make sure that you are logged in to OFSAA infrastructure before clicking **Data Lineage** icon.

- If you are not already logged in, clicking here opens the OFSAA infrastructure login window. Log in using appropriate credentials and come back to Report Portal and click the same **Data** Lineage icon again.
- If you are already logged in to OFSAA Infrastructure, the Data Lineage first page opens as shown in Figure 36.

				Data Li	neage				
Run Execution Id		7			Date		30 Sep 2013		
Legal Entity		US			Reference Identifier		BHDMK169		
» Derived Entity : DERHCMO	1 <u>1</u> (30)							10 C) 🔻	-
Holding Type Code Hierarchy	Bands hierarchy	Instrument type Hierarchy	Regulatory Product Classification Hierarchy	Risk Factor to	pe code Hierarchy	Derivative Type Code Hierarchy	HIREG116	Geography - Branch Country	Nettable Pool Surrogate Key Hierarchy
HTM	1046	IRSPOTREP	1-4FAMCONLOAN	IR		SPOT	CORINC	US	N
HTM	1048	IRSPOTRREP	1-4FAMCONLOAN	IR		SPOT	CORINC	US	N
HTM	1048	IRSPOTRREP	1-4FAMCONLOAN	IR		SPOT	CORINC	US	N
HTM	1205	EQRCPS	1-4FAMCONLOAN	EQ		SPOT	INSCOV	US	N
HTM	1046	COLMBS	1-4FAMCONLOAN	IR		SPOT	CORINC	US	N
HTM	1205	CMSPOTCIU	1-4FAMCONLOAN	CM		SPOT	INSCOV	US	N
HTM	1205	EQRCPS	1-4FAMCONLOAN	EQ		SPOT	INSCOV	US	N
HTM	1046	IRSPOTREP	1-4FAMCONLOAN	IR		SPOT	CORINC	US	N
HTM	1048	COLMBS	1-4FAMCONLOAN	IR		SPOT	CORINC	US	N
HTM	1205	COLMBS	1-4FAMCONLOAN	IR		SPOT	INSCOV	US	N

Figure 36: AgileREPORTER

Top block of this screen shows following information which helps to connect the AgileREPORTER aggregated data to OFSAA references.

- 1. Run Execution ID: This refers to OFSAA Execution ID chosen for a given report.
- 2. Date: This refers to AS OF DATE selected for a given report.
- 3. Legal Entity: This refers to the OFSAA Legal Entity for whom the report is generated.
- 4. Reference Identifier: This is the cell reference for which data drill down / lineage is being checked.

Second block displays all hierarchies with values used in a given Derived Entity and measures aggregated for a given combination of a hierarchy values.

To refer the measure values, scroll rightwards using horizontal scroll bar at bottom of second block. On extreme right, measures are displayed as shown in Figure 37:

				Data I	Lineage				
Run Execution Id		7			Date		30 Sep 20	013	
Legal Entity		US			Reference Identifier		BHDMK1	69	
» Derived Entity : <u>DERHCM01</u>	(30)				_				
n failed insured dep insts - HCM	Construction loan ty	/pe - HCM	Customer Country Hierarchy	Agreement Sponsorer Code Hierarchy	Entity Type Hierarchy	Accrual Status Code Flag Hiera	archy Re	eg Prod Type Hierarchy	Amortized Cost - Common Account Summary
			USA	FDIC		ACCRU			8,553,600,000,000.00
			USA	FDIC		ACCRU			12.830.400.000.000.00
			USA	FDIC		ACCRU			12,830,400,000,000.00
			USA	FDIC		ACCRU			8.553.600.000.000.00
			USA	FDIC		ACCRU			8,553,600,000,000.00
			USA	FDIC		ACCRU			4.276.800.000.000.00
			USA	FDIC		ACCRU			8,553,600,000,000.00
			USA	FDIC		ACCRU			8.553.600.000.000.00
			USA	FDIC		ACCRU			8,553,600,000,000.00
			0.0M	1 510					

Figure 37: Measure Values

Only measure values are hyperlinked indicating that they can be drilled down further. On clicking the amount, second level drill down show the lowest granularity data available for a given cell reference.

7.2.3.1 Using Drill Down with Data Lineage View

Data Analysts/You can then compare these accounts and their respective monetary amounts with expected values. One can check the following:

- 1. All required accounts are shown in aggregation
- 2. Unwanted accounts are not included in aggregation
- 3. Measures / Monetary amounts at account granularity are as expected.

Any deviation from expectations can be then checked back for:

- 1. If measure is stage pass through, then validate using T2T to verify if stage data is as expected or must be corrected.
- 2. If measure is processed, then validate using T2T to verify processing measure is correctly moved to result area.
- If reclassified hierarchies are showing unexpected values, check Rules and source hierarchies of rules. This use case needs close verification to ensure that all source hierarchies have required values or Rule sequence which can lead to overwriting the values.
- If all the source data is as expected and result area is now showing unexpected output, then log a Bug / Service Request with <u>Oracle Support</u>.

7.2.3.2 Data Lineage View is Unavailable

If the second block does not show any data, then data analysts/you are advised to refer to the data set worksheet of Business Metadata.

				Data Lii	neage				
Run Execution Id		4			Date		30 Sep 2013		
		1			Reference Identifier				
Legal Entity		US			Relefence luchulie/		BHCKJ456		
» Derived Entity : DE	E - Derivatives and Off-Bal	lance-Sheet Items HC-L1 (0)							
Party Type Hierarchy	Instrument type Hierarchy	Regulatory Product Classification Hierarchy	Product Type Hierarchy	Entity Type Hie	rarchy Reg Prod Type Hierarchy	Undrawn Amt -	Common Account Summary		
								1	

Figure 38: Data Lineage Unavailable

There can be few reasons why second block does not show the data:

- Internet connection is timed out or broken down in this case clicking Data Lineage on AgileREPORTER results in a blank second block. To rectify this, re-login to OFSAA infrastructure and AgileREPORTER.
- 2. Data Lineage view works after Metadata is published using OFSAA Infrastructure. To validate if Metadata is properly published or not.
- 3. If Metadata is properly published and second block still does not show the data, then start with Derived Entity code shown at the beginning of second block. This Derived Entity code is available even if data is not available.
- 4. Using this Derived Entity code data analysts are advised to refer to OFSAA Business metadata with worksheet name as 'Derived Entity'. Sample Business Metadata excel is shown in Figure 39:

- 4	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	1	J	K	
	erived Entity Code	Short Description	Long Description	Source Type	Aggregate	terialised Vi	Dataset Code	Dataset Name	Selected Metadata	Selected Metadata Code		+
1148									Band Type Hierarchy	HIREG116		+
1149									Instrument type Hierarchy	HIREG048		+
1150									Regulatory Product Classification Hierarchy	HIREG065		+
1151									Party Type Hierarchy	HIREG037		+
1152									Entity Type Hierarchy	HIRHCP01		-
1153									Product Type Hierarchy	HIRHCK01		+
1154									Undrawn Amt - Common Account Summary	MSRHCL01		4
1155									Calendar Date	HIREG001		-
1156		DE - Derivatives and Off-Balance-Sheet						DS - Derivatives and Off-Balance-Sheet Items - HC-	Run Description	HIREG002		-
1157	DERHCL01	Items HC-L1	Items HC-L1	Dataset	N	Y	DSRHCL01	11	Org Structure Entity Code	HIREG004		4
1158]	[Reg Instrument Classification Hierarchy	HIREG011		
1159									Instrument type Hierarchy	HIREG048		-
1160									Holding Type Code Hierarchy	HIREG012		4
1161									Calendar Date	HIREG001		
1162									Run Description	HIREG002		
1163									Org Structure Entity Code	HIREG004		-
1164									Buy or Sell Indicator Hierarchy	HIRHC001		
1165									Fair value - IFRS Account Summary	MSRHCN09		
1166 [DERHCL02	DE - Derivatives and Off-Balance-Sheet I	DE - Derivatives and Off-Balance-Sheet Items	Dataset	N	Y	DSRHCL02	DS - Derivatives and Off-Balance-Sheet Items - HC-L	Notional Amount RCY	MSRBS001		
1167									Calendar Date	HIREG001		
1168									Fair value RCY - Mitigants	MSRHCL02		
1169 [DERHCL03	DE - Account to Mitigant Map	DE - Account to Mitigant Map	Dataset	N	Y	DSRHCL03	DS - Account to Mitigant Map	Account Skey - Account to Mitigant Map	HIRHCL02		T
1170									Calendar Date	HIREG001		
1171									Fair value RCY - Mitigants	MSRHCL02		
1172									Account Skey - Account to Mitigant Map	HIRHCL02		
1173 0	DERHCL04	DE - Account to Mitigant Map with Mitiga	DE - Account to Mitigant Map with Mitigant Ty	Dataset	N	Y	DSRHCL04	DS - Account to Mitigant Map with Mitigant Type	Mitigant Type Hierarchy	HIREG049		Т
1174									Net CE Amount	MSRHCL03		T
1175									Calendar Date	HIREG001		
1176									Run Description	HIREG002		
1177									Org Structure Entity Code	HIREG004		T
1178	DERHCL07	DE - Derivatives and Off-Balance-Sheet I	DE - Derivatives and Off-Balance-Sheet Items	Dataset	N	Y	DSRHCL07	DS - Derivatives and Off-Balance-Sheet Items - HC-L	Standard Party Type Hierarchy	HIREG103		
1179									DE - Fairvalue RCY - Mitigants	MSRHCL10		
1180									Reg Instrument Classification Hierarchy	HIREG011		
	N N I I Marrieda		Decidentia (Decidentia)	-	Ļ		1	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			† *
14 4	Hierarchi	ies-B1 / Base Measures / Datasets /	Business Process Derived Entity Rep	iorts 🖉 🍤 🖉								2

Figure 39: Business Metadata

5. By referring to Business Metadata, you can get complete information on Derived Entity such as dataset, Fact tables, measusres, hierarchies defined under particular Derived Entity.

a ")	• (* • 🖺 () 🎁 👎 🔻							
	D1232 • 🖉 🛣 fct_common_account_summary								
4	A	В	C	D	A				
1 0	ataset Code	Dataset Name	From Clause	Ansi Join	В				
1232			FCT_COMMON_ACCOUNT_SUMMARY	fct_common_account_summary					
1233			fct_reg_account_summary	inner join fct_reg_account_summary on fct_reg_account_summary.n_mis_date_skey =					
1234			dim_dates	fct_common_account_summary.n_mis_date_skey					
1235			dim_run	and fct_reg_account_summary.n_acct_skey = fct_common_account_summary.n_acct_skey					
1236				inner join dim_reg_product_classification on dim_reg_product_classification.n_reg_prod_classification_skey =					
1237	SRHCL01	DS - Derivatives and Off-Balance-Sheet Items - HC-L1	DIM_REG_PRODUCT_CLASSIFICATION	fct_reg_account_summary.n_reg_prod_classification_skey					
1238				inner join fct_legal_entity_details on fct_legal_entity_details.n_entity_skey =					
1239			FCT_LEGAL_ENTITY_DETAILS	fct_common_account_summary.n_entity_skey					
1240			dim_reg_product_type	AND fct_legal_entity_details.n_mis_date_skey = fct_common_account_summary.n_mis_date_skey					
1241			Dim_instrument_type	inner join dim_entity_type on dim_entity_type.n_entity_type_skey = fct_legal_entity_details.n_entity_type_skey					
1242			dim_product_type	inner join dim_instrument_type on dim_instrument_type.n_instr_type_skey =					
1243			dim_party_type	fct_reg_account_summary.n_instr_type_skey					

Figure 40: Business Metadata

The Dataset ANSI Joins provide valuable information on how various entities are joined/linked together. By executing these Joins, you can confirm if data is available for given filters and conditions. If data is fetched using Dataset Joins and Data Lineage does not show data, you must log a Bug / Service Request with <u>Oracle Support</u>.

ORACLE

Oracle Financial Services Regulatory Reporting for US Federal Reserve - Lombard Risk Integration Pack 8.0.3 User Guide

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