Oracle® Communications EAGLE Application Processor

Upgrade/Installation Guide

Release 16.3

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ORACLE[®]

Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor Upgrade/Installation Guide, Release 16.3

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Before beginning this procedure, contact My Oracle Support and inform them of your upgrade plans. Refer to 0 for instructions on accessing My Oracle Support.

CHANGE HISTORY

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^{*}Through Formal Peer Review

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTRODUCTION	1	2
	1.1 Purpose and Scope	1	2
	1.2 References	1	2
	1.2.1 External	1	2
	1.2.2 Internal (Oracle)	1	2
	1.3 Software Release Numbering	1	3
	1.4 Acronyms	1	3
	1.5 Terminology	1	3
	1.6 Recommendations	1	5
	1.8 Requirements		
_	OENERAL RECORDERION		_
2.	GENERAL DESCRIPTION		
	2.1 Upgrading Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs		
	2.2 Backout Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs		
	2.3 Upgrading EPAP Non-Provisionable MPS Servers		
	2.3.1 Upgrading Non-Provisional MPS pairs in Mixed EPAP configuration	2	2
	2.3.2 Upgrading Non-Provisional MPS pairs in dual PDBonly configuration		
	2.4 Backout EPAP Non-provisionable MPS servers		
	2.4.1 Backout Non-Provisionable MPS pairs in dual PDBonly configuration		
	2.4.2 Backout Non-Frovisionable IVIF3 pails in mixed EFAF configuration	∠	4
3.	UPGRADE OVERVIEW	2	6
	3.1 Upgrade Provisioning Rules	2	6
	3.2 Required Materials		
	3.3 Installation Phases		
	3.3.1 Installation Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP		
	3.3.2 Installation Phases for Standalone PDB		
	3.4 Major Upgrade Phases	3	2
	3.4.1 Major Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP	3	2
	3.4.2 Major Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB		
	3.5 Incremental Upgrade Phases	3	8
	3.5.1 Incremental Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP		
	3.5.2 Incremental Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB		
	3.6 Backout Phases		
	3.6.1 Backout Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP		
	3.6.2 Backout Phases for Standalone PDB	4	3

	3.7 Log Files	45
4.	DB ARCHITECTURE OVERVIEW	46
	4.1 Overview of DB architecture change in Customer Network	46
	4.2 Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme to support EAGLE release	
	46.7.0.0.0(eXtreme feature)	47
	4.2.1 Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Standalone PDB)	
	4.2.2 Phases to change DB architecture to eXtreme (First Non-Prov site)	
	4.2.3 Phases to change DB architecture to eXtreme (Remaining Non-Prov sites)	50
5.	UPGRADE PREPARATION	52
	Procedure 1 Setting up the upgrade environment	52
	Procedure 2 Determine if upgrade or installation is required	53
	Procedure 3 Pre-upgrade requirements	
	Procedure 4 System Health check	
5.	SOFTWARE INSTALLATION PROCEDURES	58
	Procedure 5 Pre-Install configuration on server A	58
	Procedure 6 Pre-Install configuration on server B	65
	Procedure 7 Install Application on server A	
	Procedure 8 Install Application on server B	
	Procedure 9 Switch Configuration	
	Procedure 10 Procedure to Configure Sync Network Redundancy	101
	Procedure 11 Configuring the application	
	Procedure 12 Provision data from GUI	
	Procedure 13 Change DB Architecture	
6.	SOFTWARE UPGRADE PROCEDURES	153
٠.	Procedure 14 Assess MPS server's readiness for upgrade	
	Procedure 15 Pre and Post Upgrade Backups	
	Procedure 16 Pre-upgrade system time check	
	Procedure 17 Check 9dig counts before moving to eXtreme architecture	
	Procedure 18 Upgrade Server B	162
	Procedure 19 Upgrade server A	
	Procedure 20 Reboot EAGLE Cards	
	Procedure 21 Accept Upgrade	
	Procedure 22 Keys exchange between active and standby PDB	

6.	SOFTWARE RE	COVERY PROCEDURES		203
	6.1 Backout Set	up		203
	6.2 Perform Bac	kout		203
	Procedure 23	Server B Backout		204
	Procedure 24	Backout both Server A and B		212
	Procedure 25	Stop the Pdba software		225
		Restart PDBA Software (Post-Backout and Post-Upgrad		
ΑF	PENDIX A GE	NERIC PROCEDURES		230
	Procedure A.1	Perform System Health Check		230
	Procedure A.2	Validate Upgrade Media		233
	Procedure A.3	System Configuration Backup		238
	Procedure A.4	Execute parse9Dig script		241
	Procedure A.5	Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov		243
	Procedure A.6	PDB Backup		248
	Procedure A.7	RTDB Backup		
	Procedure A.8	EuiDB Backup		
	Procedure A.9	RTDB Reload from PDBA		
	Procedure A.10			
	Procedure A.11	RTDB Reload from Remote		
	Procedure A.12	ISO Image download from Oracle Software Delivery C		
	Procedure A.13	IPM MPS Server with TPD 7.0.X or later (upto 7.6.1.x)		
	Procedure A.14	Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration		
	Procedure A.15	Password change for EPAP System Users		
	Procedure A.16	E5-APP-B Halt/Shutdown		
	Procedure A.17	Procedure to Configure EPAP switch ports and EAGLI	E SM cards to	
		P-to-Eagle RTDB download speed		297
	Procedure A.18	Upgrade SSL certificate from SHA-1 to SHA-512		
	Procedure A.19	Disable Epap VIP And Deactivate PDBA Proxy Feature		
	Procedure A.20	Enable EPAP PDBA Proxy and EPAP VIP Optional		
	Procedure A.21	Configure DSM Min Mem Size		352
	Procedure A.22	Restart Mysql service for PDB on Query Server2		353
	Procedure A.23	Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO		
	Procedure A.24	PDB Restore		
	Procedure A.25	Conversion from Prov(mixed EPAP) to Non-Prov		
	Procedure A.26	Conversion from mixed EPAP to StandalonePDB+Nor		
	Procedure A.27	Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file		366

Procedure A	A.28 Configure the Auto Backup	369
	A.29 STOP ACTIVE PDBA AND VERIFY REPL LOGS	
Procedure A	A.30 Resolve the false accept upgrade alarm situation	374
APPENDIX B	INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM	375
A DDENDIV O		400
APPENDIX C	SWOPS SIGN OFF	400
V DDENIUL D	CUSTOMER SIGN OFF	402
AFFLINDIX D	COSTOMER SIGN OFF	402
APPENDIX F	MY ORACLE SUPPORT	404

List of Figures

Figure 1: Example of a step that indicates the Server on which it needs to be executed	
Figure 2: Initial Application Installation Path – Example shown	
Figure 3: Major (Also known as Split Mirror) Upgrade Path Example – EPAP 16.3.a.0.0-b.b.b	
Figure 4: EPAP Mated Pairs with Non-Provisioning MPS Servers	
Figure 5: Slide the Ejector Switch	
Figure 6: Release Lever	
Figure 7: Interconnectivity Diagram for Sync Network Redundancy (Eth04 used for Sync Network)	
Figure 8: Default Interconnectivity Diagram (Eth04 used for Backup Provisioning Network)	376
List of Tables	
Table 1. Acronyms	13
Table 2. Terminology	14
Table 3 Install-Upgrade paths	18
Table 4: System Configuration Information	27
Table 5. User Password Table	27
Table 6. Installation Phases for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisional EPAP	29
Table 7 Installation Phases for Standalone PDB	31
Table 8 Major Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP to support EAGLE release	
46.6.0.0.0 and earlier compatible release(COMPACT feature)	
Table 9 Incremental Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP	39
Table 10 Incremental Upgrade Phases on Standalone PDB	40
Table 11. Backout Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP	43
Table 12. Backout Phases for Standalone PDB	44
Table 14 Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Standalone PDB)	48
Table 15 Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (First Non-prov site)	
Table 16 Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Remaining Non-Prov sites)	50

List of Procedures

Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment	52
Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required	53
Procedure 3: Verifying Pre-Upgrade Requirements and Capturing Upgrade Data	56
Procedure 4: System Health Check	57
Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A	58
Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B	65
Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server A	72
Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server B	79
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration	86
Procedure 10: Procedure to Configure Sync Network Redundancy	101
Procedure 11: Configuring the Application	109
Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site	as designated
by customer)	138

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose and Scope

This document describes methods utilized and procedures executed to perform the following tasks:

- a. An initial installation of the EPAP 16.3 application software if it is not currently installed on an in-service E5-APP-B system running a release of TPD 7.0.x or later (up to 7.6.1.x).
- b. A major software upgrade on an in-service E5-APP-B system running a release equal to TPD 7.0.x and EPAP Release 16.1.x/16.2.x
- c. An incremental software upgrade on an in-service E5-APP-B system running a release equal to TPD 7.6.x and EPAP Release 16.3.x

The audience for this document consists of Oracle customers and the following groups: Software System, Product Verification, Documentation, and Customer Service including Software Operations and NPI. This document provides step-by-step instructions to execute any MPS upgrade or installation using an ISO image.

This document does not address requirements relating to the interaction, if any, between EAGLE and MPS upgrade. This document does not address feature activation.

1.2 References

1.2.1 External

- [1] EAGLE Application Processor (EPAP) Administration Guide, E54368-01, latest revision, Oracle
- [2] EPAP 16.3 Administration Manual, Oracle

1.2.2 Internal (Oracle)

The following are references internal to Oracle. They are provided here to capture the source material used to create this document. Internal references are only available to Oracle's personnel.

- [1] TEKELEC Acronym Guide, MS005077, revision 2.35, September 2005.
- [2] Software Upgrade Procedure Template, TM005074, Current Version
- [3] Integrating MPS into the Customer Network, TR005014, version 3.1, October 2009
- [4] TPD Initial Product Manufacture TPD 7.6+, E53017-04, Latest revision
- [5] PFS EPAP 16.3, CGBU_028894, Latest revision
- [6] Oracle Communications EPAP DB Capacity Expansion Feature Description, CGBU_025487, Latest revision.

1.3 Software Release Numbering

Refer to Engineering Release Notes or other appropriate document with the most recent build numbers in order to identify the proper components (software loads, GPLs, etc.) that comprise the product's software release.

1.4 Acronyms

An alphabetized list of acronyms used in the document that are not included in [1]:

Table 1. Acronyms

AS	Application Server
E5-APP-B	E5 Based Application Card
E5APPB-01	E5 Based Application card installed with 300 G SSD Hard Drive
E5APPB-02	E5 Based Application card installed with 480 G SSD Hard Drive
OCEPAP	Oracle Communication EAGLE Provisioning Application Processor
GA	General Availability
IPM	Initial Product Manufacture
LA	Limited Availability
MPS	Multi-Purpose Server
MOS	My Oracle Support
SM	Service Module
TPD	Tekelec Platform Distribution
OSDC	Oracle Software Delivery Cloud

1.5 Terminology

Multiple servers may be involved with the procedures in this manual. Therefore, most steps in the written procedures begin with the name or type of server to which the step applies. For example:

Each step has a checkbox for every command within the step that the technician should check to keep track of the progress of the procedure.

The title box describes the operations to be performed during that step.

Each command that the technician is to enter is in 9 point Lucida Console font

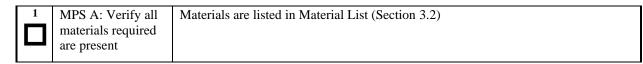


Figure 1: Example of a step that indicates the Server on which it needs to be executed

Other terminology follows.

Table 2. Terminology

Backout (abort)	The process to take a system back to a Source Release prior to completion of	
	upgrade to Target release. Includes preservation of databases and system	
	configuration.	
Mixed EPAP	An EPAP where both PDB and RTDB databases reside.	
Non-provisionable (Non- An EPAP server hosting a Real Time DB without any provisioning interface		
prov) EPAP	external provisioning applications. Non-Prov servers are connected to a pair of	
	Provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) from where they get their	
	updates.	
Provisionable EPAP	An EPAP server hosting PDB with provisioning interfaces to AS. Both Mixed	
	EPAP and Standalone PDB are Provisionable EPAP.	
Rollback	The process to take a system from a Target Release back to a Source Release	
including preservation of databases and system configuration.		
Source release	Software release to upgrade from.	

Split Mirror	Systems that use software RAID instead of hardware RAID can use the software	
Spiro Ivania	RAID mirrors as a backout mechanism.	
	Conceptually in a software RAID1 with two disks there are two sides to the mirror; let them be side A and side B. For a system with multiple software RAID devices, each device will have an A side and a B side. For an upgrade with a BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR the upgrade will break the mirrors at the beginning of the upgrade and perform the upgrade on the <i>Asides</i> of the mirrors. The other sides of the mirrors (<i>B sides</i>) are left intact in their pre-upgrade state	
	throughout the duration of the upgrade. When a backout is performed the system is rebooted into the same 'backout environment'. Inside this 'backout environment' the RAID mirrors are rebuilt from the <i>B sides</i> of the arrays, thus restoring the system to the pre-upgrade state	
Standalone PDB	Also known as 'PDB Only', this type of EPAP shall have PDB database only. No RTDB database shall exist on the standalone PDB site.	
Target release	Software release to upgrade to.	
Upgrade media	USB media or ISO image for E5-APP-B.	

1.6 Recommendations

This procedure should be followed thoroughly utilizing the steps as written. When planning to run upgrade on the server, contact My Oracle Support at least 48 hours before the upgrade process has been planned to be initiated. In the event any unexpected results are returned while executing steps in this procedure, halt the activity and contact My Oracle Support for assistance.

Please read the following notes on procedures:

- 1. While doing upgrade, do not open the epapconfig menu if it is not mentioned in the procedure. Do not run anything in the setup that is not documented in the install/upgrade manual.
- 2. Any procedure completion times are estimates. Times may vary due to differences in database size, user experience, and user preparation.
- 3. The shaded area within response steps must be verified in order to successfully complete that step.
- 4. Output displayed in the procedures' response steps is presented. Actual output varies depending on system. Output is presented for reference only.
- 5. Where possible, command response outputs are shown as accurately as possible. However, exceptions may include the following:
 - Information such as *time* and *date*.

- ANY information marked with "XXXX." Where appropriate, instructions are provided to determine what output should be expected in place of "XXXX."
- 6. After completing each step and at each point where data is recorded from the screen, the technician performing the procedure must check each step. A checkbox has been provided beneath each step number for this purpose.
- 7. Captured data is required for future support reference if My Oracle Support is not present during the execution of procedures.
- 8. In procedures that require a command to be executed on a specific MPS, the command is prefaced with MPS A: or MPS B:
- 9. User Interface menu items displayed in this document were correct at the time the document was published but may appear differently at time that this procedure is executed.

1.8 Requirements

•	Screen logging is required throughout the procedure.	These logs should be made available to My Oracle
	Support in the event their assistance is needed.	

• Target-release USB media or ISO image

2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

This document defines the step-by-step actions performed to execute a software upgrade of an in-service MPS running the EPAP application from the source release to the target release on **E5-APP-B-01/02**.

For the EPAP application, some steps in this procedure refer to the PDB application feature on the MPS A of the MPS pair. The EPAP application makes it optional for a newly installed MPS A node to be configured as a Provisioning (PDB) node (upgrades of MPS A nodes already configured as a provisioning node does not change this configuration).

The EPAP application can be installed and upgraded based on the table below.

Table 3 Install-Upgrade paths

TPD Release for IPM	EPAP Initial Installation Release
7.0.3.0.0_86.40.0 or later (up to 7.6.0.0.0_88.54.0)	16.3
7.0.3.0.0_86.40.0 or later (up to 7.6.1.0.0-88.55.0)	16.3.x

		TARGET RELEASE							
		16.2.0	16.3.0	16.3.1					
		(TPD 7.5)	(TPD 7.6)	(7.6.1)					
	16.1.0								
SE	(TPD	Major	Major	Major					
EĄ	7.0.3)	Upgrade	Upgrade	Upgrade					
SOURCE RELEASE	16.2.0 (TPD 7.4)	NA	Major Upgrade	Major Upgrade					
nos	16.3.0 (TPD 7.6)	NA	NA	Major Upgrade					

The EPAP upgrade paths are shown in the figures below. The general timeline for all processes to perform a software incremental upgrade, from pre-upgrade backups to a final system health check, is also included below.

E5-APP-B
Card after
IPM
Initial
Installation

EPAP

16.3.a.0.0
b.b.b

Figure 2: Initial Application Installation Path – Example shown

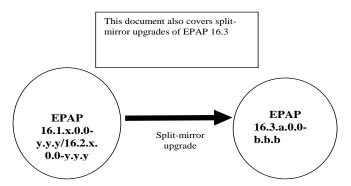


Figure 3: Major (Also known as Split Mirror) Upgrade Path Example – EPAP 16.3.a.0.0-b.b.b

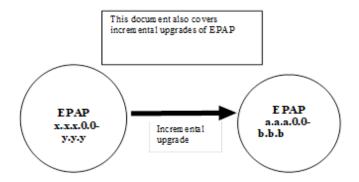


Figure 4: Incremental Upgrade Path – EPAP 16.3.a.0.0-b.b.b

2.1 Upgrading Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs

Current deployments of the EPAP support two geographically separated EPAP systems that are "mated", meaning they communicate and replicate PDB information between the two sites. An EPAP system is a pair of MPS servers (an **A** and a **B** node). So a mated pair of EPAP systems consists of four MPS servers, an **A** and a **B** node for each EPAP system (see Figure 6: EPAP Mated Pairs). EPAP allows more than two EPAP systems in a related configuration (up to 22 Non-Provision able MPS servers).

This document describes upgrade (and, if necessary, backout) of the EPAP software on one system, that system consisting of two MPS servers (A and B). However, for mated pairs of EPAP systems, upgrades (and backouts) must be coordinated between both the local EPAP system and the remote EPAP system and performed during the same maintenance period.

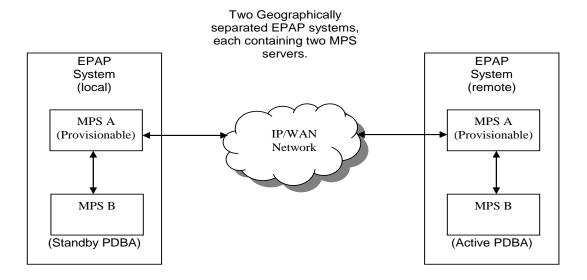


Figure 6: EPAP Mated Pairs

Upgrade of provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP) mated pairs must be carried out in the following order:

- 1. Ensure PDB databases are at the same level. Stop all provisioning to ensure that all PDB databases are in sync before proceeding. Also, ensure that no PDB/RTDB maintenance activity is in progress and clear all scheduled activities.
- 2. Local MPS-B
- 3. Local MPS-A (Standby PDBA)
- 4. Remote MPS-B
- 5. Remote MPS-A (Active PDBA)

When upgrade is initiated on the local MPS-B, the scripts controlling the upgrade will cause the local MPS-B to communicate using Secure-Shell to both the local MPS-A and the remote MPS-A to stop the PDBA software. The PDBAs should be restarted only after both the local and remote EPAP systems have successfully completed the upgrade.

NOTE: Since the PDBA software is not running immediately after an upgrade, the syscheck utility will alarm the fact that the PDBA is not running on the local and remote EPAP A-servers.

2.2 Backout Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs

Backout of Provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP) Mated Pairs should be done in the reverse order that the upgrade was performed:

- 1. Identify a PDB backup that was made prior to upgrade, on the EPAP release that backout will target. Note that backout always carries the risk of losing data, should a restore from database backup become necessary.
- 2. Remote MPS-A (Active PDBA)
- 3. Remote MPS-B
- 4. Local MPS-A (Standby PDBA)
- 5. Local MPS-B

On a backout of an upgrade, the server will remain in runlevel 3 (no applications running). The user will be required to manually reboot the server to bring it back into service and a syscheck can be performed.

2.3 Upgrading EPAP Non-Provisionable MPS Servers

EPAP Non-Provisional MPS pairs can connect to: Mixed EPAP or Standalone PDB.

2.3.1 Upgrading Non-Provisional MPS pairs in Mixed EPAP configuration

EPAP provides the ability to expand the concept of a mated pair of EPAP systems to have up to 24 EPAP systems (48 MPS servers total) configured such that two of the MPS-A servers will run the PDBA software and RTDB software both and handle provisioning (Provisionable nodes) and the other 22 MPS-B and 22 MPS-A servers will only run the RTDB software, taking their updates from the two Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) MPS-A servers.

An example showing 4 EPAP systems, two of which are provisioning nodes.

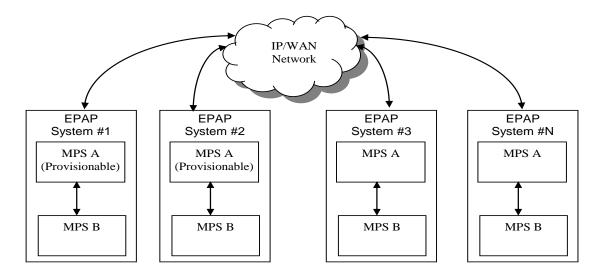


Figure 4: EPAP Mated Pairs with Non-Provisioning MPS Servers

In such a configuration, it is required that the EPAP system containing all non-provisionable MPS servers be upgraded first, before any EPAP system containing the provisionable MPS servers are upgraded. Upgrade of such configuration must be carried out in the following order:

Non-provisionable EPAPs (All Non-Provs)

- 1. Non-Provisionable (MPS B)
- 2. Non-Provisionable (MPS A)

Mixed EPAP (with standby PDBA)

- 3. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)
- 4. Mixed EPAP (MPS A)

Mixed EPAP (with active PDBA)

- 5. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)
- 6. Mixed EPAP (MPS A)

2.3.2 Upgrading Non-Provisional MPS pairs in dual PDBonly configuration

EPAP provides the ability to separate the RTDB from PDB to create two architectures: Standalone PDB running PDB process only and Non-Provisionable running RTDB only. Up to 22 Non-Provisional EPAP mated pairs are connected to 2 Standalone PDB that are configured as Active/Standby. In such a configuration, it is required that all Non-provisionable MPS servers be upgraded first, before standalone PDB.

Upgrade of Non-prov MPS pairs in standalone PDB configuration must be carried out in the following order:

- 1. Non-Provisionable (MPS B)
- 2. Non-Provisionable (MPS A)
- 3. Standby PDBonly
- 4. Active PDBonly

2.4 Backout EPAP Non-provisionable MPS servers

EPAP Non-Provisional MPS pairs can connect to: Mixed EPAP or Standalone PDB.

2.4.1 Backout Non-Provisionable MPS pairs in dual PDBonly configuration

Backout of Non-Provisionable MPS pairs in Standalone configuration should be done in the reverse order that the upgrade was performed. Please follow the below mentioned steps for backout:

- 1. Active PDBonly
- 2. Standby PDBonly
- 3. Non-Provisionable (MPS A)
- 4. Non-Provisionable(MPS-B)

On a backout of an upgrade, the server will remain in runlevel 3 (no applications running). The user will be required to manually reboot the server to bring it back into service and a syscheck can be performed.

2.4.2 Backout Non-Provisionable MPS pairs in mixed EPAP configuration

Backout of EPAP Non-provisionable MPS pairs in mixed EPAP configuration should be done in the reverse order that the upgrade was performed:

Mixed EPAP (with active PDBA)

- 1. Mixed EPAP (MPS A)
- 2. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)

Mixed EPAP (with standby PDBA)

- 3. Mixed EPAP (MPS A)
- 4. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)

Non-provisionable EPAP

- 5. Non-Provisionable (MPS A)
- 6. Non-Provisionable (MPS B)

3. UPGRADE OVERVIEW

3.1 Upgrade Provisioning Rules

When a Provisionable EPAP mated pair is upgraded or backed out, the EPAP upgrade scripts disable provisioning when the upgrade is initiated on the first MPS server. The PDBA software remains disabled until the last server in the MPS in the mated pair has been upgraded or backed out. The user has-to enable the PDBA software, allowing provisioning, after the upgrade/backout is complete on last MPS server in an EPAP mated pair. Provisioning is not disabled during the upgrade of a Non-Provisionable MPS.

Because EPAP MPS pairs are generally located at geographically distinct sites, significant time may elapse between the upgrade of the Provisionable EPAP pair and the upgrade of the Non-Provisionable EPAP pairs. Non-Provisionable EPAP pairs must always be upgraded before any Provisionable EPAP MPS pairs.

The default "DB Architecture" shall be "Compact" for all types of EPAP either fresh installed or upgraded with release 16.3, which support the DB schema used in EPAP 16.1 and 16.2. Refer to section 4.2 to change DB Architecture from Compact to eXtreme.

3.2 Required Materials

- For Mixed EPAP or Non-Provisional EPAP: Two (2) target-release USB media or a target-release ISO file. For Standalone PDB: One (1) target-release USB media or a target-release ISO file
- A terminal and null modem cable to establish a serial connection.
- Write down the system configuration information.

Description	Information
PROVISIONABLE (Yes/No)	
PDBA state (Active/Standby)	
Provisioning IP (IPv4)	
Provisioning Mask (IPv4)	
Provisioning Default Router IP (IPv4)	
Provisioning IP (IPv6)	
Provisioning Netmask (IPv6)	
Provisioning Default Router IP (IPv6)	
NTP1 IP (IPv4/IPv6)	

NTP2 IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
NTP3 IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
Local VIP	
Remote VIP	
Local PDBA IP (IPv4)	
Local PDBA IP (IPv6)	
Remote PDBA IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
Remote PDBA B IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
RTDB Homing	
Time Zone	
PDBA Proxy Feature	
Others	

Table 4: System Configuration Information

• Passwords for users on the local system:

EPAP USERS									
login	MPS A password	MPS B password							
epapconfig									
epapdev									
(needed for backout									
only)									
root									
epapall									
(needed for GUI access)									
admusr									

Table 5. User Password Table

3.3 Installation Phases

The following table illustrates the progression of the installation process by procedure with estimated times. The estimated times and the phases that must be completed may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The phases outlined in Table 6 and Table 7 are to be executed in the order they are listed.

3.3.1 Installation Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

Phase	Ti	psed ime nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS Servers.	Procedure 1
Verify install	5	20	Verify this should be an install.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for install are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-install health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify that all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Configure Server 1A	5	45	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Configure Server 1B	5	50	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 6
Install Servers	30	80	Install software on sides 1A and 1B	Procedure 7 Procedure 8
Configure Switches	30*	110*	Configure the Switches	Procedure 9
Post-install application processing	30	140	Perform first time configuration.	Procedure 11 Procedure 12
Post-upgrade health check	5	150	Run the syscheck utility to verify all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4
**Configure Auto Backup Note: Skip this step if the EPAP is configured as Non-Provisionable.	5	155	Configure Auto Backup from PDB GUI on Provisionable EPAP's, this backup will also get scheduled on attached Non-Prov sites present on the setup.	Procedure A.28

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Check EPAP-EAGLE connectivity speed	20	190	Configure and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting auto-negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex	Procedure A.17

Table 6. Installation Phases for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisional EPAP

^{*}NOTE: If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup

^{**}NOTE: Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translogs pruning.

3.3.2 Installation Phases for Standalone PDB

Note: In the procedures below, skip the steps which need to be executed on MPS B, since MPS B is not present in the Standalone PDB configuration $^{\prime\prime}$.

Phase	Ti	psed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS Servers.	Procedure 1
Verify install	5	20	Verify this should be an install.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for install are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-install health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify that all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Configure Server 1A	5	45	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Install Server	30	75	Install software on sides 1A	Procedure 7
Post-install application processing	30	105	Perform first time configuration. Refer to Procedure A.14 to configure the Standalone PDB in segmented network configuration.	Procedure 11 Procedure 12
Post-upgrade health check	5	115	Run the syscheck utility to verify all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4
**Configure Auto Backup. Note: Perform this step once Non- Provisionable EPAPs are attached to this Standalone PDB	5	120	Configure Auto Backup from PDB GUI on Provisionable EPAP's, this backup will also get scheduled on attached Non-Prov sites present on the setup.	Procedure A.28

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Restore PDB backup (optional)	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.1/16.2 PDB backup if there is any. Note: This step is required when a mixed EPAP with release 16.1/16.2, is getting converted to PDBonly+Non-PROV in 16.3. Skip this step for initial installation of a PDBonly EPAP 16.3 where there is no dependency on previous release.	Procedure A.24

Table 7 Installation Phases for Standalone PDB

^{*}NOTE: The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

^{**}NOTE: Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning.

3.4 Major Upgrade Phases

The following table illustrates the progression of the Major upgrade process by procedure with estimated times and may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The procedures outlined in below **Table 8** are to be executed in the order they are listed.

Note: Before proceeding with the Major upgrade process, refer to section 2.1 and section 2.3 to get the overview of the EPAP setup and upgrade order.

3.4.1 Major Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

Phase	Ti	psed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Major upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Major upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for Major Upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Exchange the keys between active and standby PDB	05	65	Pre-upgrade keys exchange between active and standby PDB. Note: Execute this procedure only for dual mixed EPAP.	Procedure 22

Phase	Ti	psed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Stop the PDB software.	05	70	Stop the Pdba software before initiating upgrade. Note: This Step only necessary for provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly). Skip for Non-prov EPAP.	Procedure 25
Upgrade MPS B	30	100	Execute the upgrade procedure on MPS B.	Procedure 18
Upgrade MPS A	30	130	Execute the upgrade procedure on MPS A. Note: Time taken by this upgrade may vary depending on the DB present on setup. 75 min is valid for mixed EPAP with maximum DB, 528M.	Procedure 19
Post-upgrade health check	5	135	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Increase rtVolume size.	10	145	Increase rtVolume size by executing "rtdir" script. Note: skip this step for provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP and PDBonly).	Procedure A.5
Start the PDB software.	10	155	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A servers(mixed- EPAP in this case). Note: Step only necessary during upgrade of a Provisionable mated EPAP pair (mixed EPAP + PDBonly).	Procedure 26
Configure Switches	30**	185**	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting autonegotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex. Note: Skip this step if speed is already set to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Procedure 9

Phase	Ti	psed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
***Configure Auto Backup Note: Skip this step if the EPAP is configured as Non-Provisionable.	5	190	Configure Auto Backup from PDB GUI on Provisionable EPAP's, this backup will get scheduled on attached Non-Prov sites present on the setup.	Procedure A.28
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separate MTC	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 21

Table 8 Major Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP to support EAGLE release 46.6.0.0.0 and earlier compatible release (COMPACT feature)

^{*}NOTE: The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

^{**}NOTE: If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.

^{***}NOTE: Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.

^{****}NOTE: If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 16.3. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

3.4.2 Major Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Major upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Major upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Stop the PDB software.	05	65	Stop the Pdba software before initiating upgrade. This Step only necessary for provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly). Skip for Non-prov EPAP.	Procedure 25
Upgrade MPS A	30	95	Execute the upgrade procedure on MPS A. Note: Time taken by this upgrade may vary depending on the DB present on setup. 75 min is valid for maximum DB, 528M.	Procedure 19
Post-upgrade health check	5	100	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Start the PDB software.	10	110	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A servers (PDB only in this case). Note: Step only necessary during upgrade of a Provisionable mated EPAP pair (mixed EPAP + PDB only).	Procedure 26
**Configure Auto Backup.	5	115	Configure auto backup to schedule RTDB Auto-Backup on Non- Provisionable EPAP	Procedure A.28
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separate MTC	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 21

Table 9 Major Upgrade Phases on Standalone PDB

*NOTE: The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

**NOTE: Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning.

Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.

***NOTE: If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 16.3. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

3.5 Incremental Upgrade Phases

The following table illustrates the progression of the incremental upgrade process by procedure with estimated times and may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The procedures outlined in below **Table 8** are to be executed in the order they are listed.

Note: Before proceeding with the incremental upgrade process, refer to section 2.1 to get the overview of the EPAP setup and upgrade order.

3.5.1 Incremental Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify incremental upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be an incremental upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	55	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	50	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Upgrade MPS B	30	90	Execute the upgrade procedure on MPS B.	Procedure 18
Upgrade MPS A	30	120	Execute the upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure 19
Post-upgrade health check	5	125	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure	
	This Step	Cum.			
Start the PDB software.	10	135	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A server(mixed- EPAP in this case). Note: Step only necessary during upgrade of a Provisionable mated EPAP pair (mixed EPAP + PDBonly).	Procedure 26	
Configure Switches	30**	205**	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting autonegotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex. Note: Skip this step if speed is already set to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Procedure 9	
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15	

Table 9 Incremental Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

^{*}NOTE: The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

3.5.2 Incremental Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify incremental upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be an incremental upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	55	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	50	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Upgrade MPS A	30	90	Execute the Upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure 19
Post-upgrade health check	5	95	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Start the PDB software.	10	105	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A servers (mixed-EPAP in this case). Note: Step only necessary during upgrade of a Provisionable mated EPAP pair (mixed EPAP + PDBonly).	Procedure 26
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15

Table 10 Incremental Upgrade Phases on Standalone PDB

*NOTE: The time needed to back cannot specify an exact length of	kup application data is depetime since different custome	ndent on the amount of apers have different amounts	plication data. This procedure of application data.
Ungrado/Installation Guida	41 of 404		October 2024

3.6 Backout Phases

Note: Before proceeding with the backout process, refer to sections 6.1 and 6.2 to get the overview of the EPAP setup and the backout order.

3.6.1 Backout Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

Phase	Elapsed Time (Hours or Minutes)		Activity	Impact	Procedure	
	This Step	Cu m.				
Determine state of system	15- 30	15- 30	Investigate and determine the state of the MPS system. This may take anywhere from 15 to 30 minutes.	Cannot proceed with backout until failure analysis is complete. Some hand-fixes may be required before proceeding with backout.	Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0	
Backout MPS B only	30	45- 60	If required, backout MPS B. If backout of MPS A and B is required, execute Procedure 24. Otherwise, if backout required only on MPS B, then execute Procedure 23.		Procedure 23	
Backout MPS A and B	100	145- 160	Backout MPS A and B.		Procedure 24	
Post-backout health check	10	155- 170	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Verify that the backout was successful.	Procedure 4	
Start the PDBA software	5	160- 175	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A servers (mixed-EPAP in this case). Note: Read the		Procedure 26	

Phase	Elapsed Time (Hours or Minutes) This Cu Step m.		Activity	Impact	Procedure
			instructions given in Procedure A.1 before executing the procedure.		
Configure Switches	30*	190- 205*	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting autonegotiated to previous speed. Note: Skip this step if speed before upgrade was 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Verify that speed of switch is negotiated to previous speed.	Procedure 9

Table 11. Backout Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

3.6.2 Backout Phases for Standalone PDB

Phase	Elapsed Time (Hours or Minutes)		Time (Hours or Minutes)		Activity	Impact	Procedure	
	This	Cu						
Determine state of system	15- 30	15- 30	Investigate and determine the state of the MPS system. This may take anywhere from 15 to 30 minutes.	Cannot proceed with backout until failure analysis is complete. Some hand-fixes may be required before proceeding with backout.	Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0.			
Backout MPS A	30	45- 60	Backout MPS A.					

^{*}NOTE: If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Hours or Minutes) This Cu Step m.		Time (Hours or		Activity	Impact	Procedure	
					Procedure 24 step 1 through 14.			
Post-backout health check	10	155- 170	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Verify that the backout was successful.	Procedure 4 step 1.			
Start the PDBA software	5	160- 175	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable(PDBonly) MPS A servers.		Procedure 26			

Table 12. Backout Phases for Standalone PDB

3.7 Log Files

All commands executed during an upgrade or installation, are logged in the "/var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log" file. This log file is automatically initiated when upgrade software is invoked. This log file is rolled every time an upgrade is initiated. A total of up to five upgrade log files are stored on the server.

The upgrade wrapper script, ugwrap, logs its actions also to the "/var/TKLC/log/upgrade/ugwrap.log" file. This log file is rolled every time ugwrap is initiated. A total of up to five ugwrap log files are stored on the server.

4. DB ARCHITECTURE OVERVIEW

The default "DB Architecture" for EPAP 16.3 shall be "Compact", which is compatible with EAGLE 46.6 or earlier releases. In order-to support EAGLE 46.7.0.0.0 EPAPX feature and DB capacity expansion, user has-to change DB Architecture from "Compact" to "eXtreme" on EPAP 16.3. In changing the DB Architecture from "Compact" to "eXtreme", the EPAP software shall restart to support the capacity expansion. Before the change in DB Architecture on EPAP, the connecting EAGLE must upgrade to the new release with SLIC cards. Also, the user has-to enable the EPAPX feature on eagle card to support the eXtreme feature. Refer to section 4.2 to change DB Architecture from Compact to eXtreme.

4.1 Overview of DB architecture change in Customer Network

Upgrade from EPAP 16.1/16.2 to EPPA 16.3 followed by DB Architecture conversion from Compact to Extreme must be carried out in following order with different MTC window:

Phase-1 (Upgrade the EPAPs to EPAP 16.3 release in COMPACT mode):

NOTE: If the network consists of Non-PROVs and Mixed-EPAP, please refer Procedure A.26, After executing A.26, return to Phase-2 (Change the Mode from COMPACT mode to eXtreme mode for one Non-PROV site) otherwise continue with the following steps if the setup consists of StandAlonePDB + Non-PROVS.

- 1. First all non-PROVs should be upgraded to EPAP 16.3 in COMPACT mode. Refer to section 3.4 for the upgrade process.
- 2. Next the Standalone PDBs will be upgraded to EPAP 16.3 in COMPACT mode. Refer to section 3.4 for the upgrade process.

After this phase all EPAPs in the customer network are in EPAP 16.3 and are working in COMPACT mode.

Phase-2 (Change the Mode from COMPACT mode to eXtreme mode for one Non-PROV site):

Note: This step is required only when EPAP 16.3 and Eagle are to run in eXtreme mode. If EPAP and Eagle are to run in COMPACT mode, skip this phase.

Execute the procedure in the following sequence.

- 1. Choose one EPAP-Eagle site from the customer network, which will be converted to eXtreme mode.
- 2. On the EAGLE, replace all non-SLIC SCCP cards to SLIC 64-bit SCCP cards. Change stpopts:EPAPX ON.
- 3. On the connecting Non-Prov, change the mode from COMPACT to eXtreme. Refer section 4.2 to change DB Architecture to eXtreme. The StandalonePDB should remain in COMPACT mode at this stage.

4. Restore RTDB on Non-Prov EPAP-A (refer to Procedure A.10) and after successfully restored RTDB on EPAP-A(refer to Procedure A.11), perform reload from mate on Non-Prov EPAP-B. Reload the Eagle from EPAP. Check that the DB downloads and EPAP-Eagle network work normally. Live provisioning flows all the way to Eagle. Let the node soak for some *time-period.

Note: If everything goes well, then accept the upgrade (refer to Procedure 21 to accept the upgrade). Otherwise, roll back this node to the previous release (refer to section 6.2 to perform backout) and then reload its RTDB from a remote Non-PROV that is still in COMPACT mode.

Phase – 3 (Change the Mode from COMPACT mode to eXtreme mode for whole network):

At this stage, we have seen that EPAP and Eagle are working fine in eXtreme mode. All the remaining Non-PROVs and StandAlone PDBs will be converted to eXtreme mode now. All the remaining Non-PROVs will be converted to eXtreme mode first. After all Non-PROVs are converted to eXtreme, the StandalonePDBs will be converted to eXtreme. For every site, before converting the EPAPs, connected eagles will have EPAPx feature ON.

- First on the EAGLE, replace all non-SLIC SCCP cards to SLIC 64-bit SCCP cards. Change stpopts:EPAPX ON.
- 2. On the connected Non-Prov, change the mode from Compact to eXtreme. Refer section 4.2 to change DB Architecture to eXtreme.
- 3. Reload the RTDB from already converted eXtreme mode RTDB in phase 2. Refer Procedure A.11.
- 4. Reload the Eagle SM cards from the EPAP.
- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 for all remaining Non-PROVs in the Customers network
- 6. Convert the StandalonePDBs to eXtreme mode.

*Note: Allow soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade. After getting convinced that system is working fine, accept the upgrade.

4.2 Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme to support EAGLE release 46.7.0.0.0(eXtreme feature)

The following table illustrates the progression of the movement of DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme by procedure with estimated times and may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The procedures outlined in below **Table 8**14 are to be executed in the order they are listed.

Before proceeding with the change DB Architecture process, refer to section 4 and section 4.1 to get the overview of the DB Architecture and upgrade order.

Notes: 1. Skip this section for mixed EPAP as eXtreme feature not supported on mixed EPAP.

2. DB Architecture cannot be reverted to COMPACT once moved to eXtreme architecture.

4.2.1 Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Standalone PDB)

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Check database before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	40	40	Check 9dig counts for all DN/IMSI and IMEI before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	Procedure 17
Change DB Architecture to eXtreme	40	80	Note: Skip this procedure on Mixed EPAP. Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme. Note: If parsing gets failed at this stage then user needs to run it manually. Check Procedure A.4 to execute it manually.	Procedure 13
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period	5	This is done in a separate MTC	Accept the upgrade after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 21

Table 14 Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Standalone PDB)

4.2.2 Phases to change DB architecture to eXtreme (First Non-Prov site)

Phase	Ti (Min This	psed me nutes) Cum.	Activity	Procedure
Check database before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	*see notes below	*see notes below	NOTE: Execute this step on attached PDBonly EPAP if not already exececuted. Check 9dig counts for all DN/IMSI and IMEI before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	Procedure 17
Take backup before moving to eXtreme architecture	**See notes below	**See notes below	Take RTDB backup if not already taken, before moving to eXtreme architecture. Note: Skip this step for PDBonly.	Procedure A.7
Change DB Architecture to eXtreme	5	5	Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme Note: EPAPX feature must be "ON" on the connected eagle before procedure 13	Procedure 13
Restore RTDB backup on Non-prov.	240	245	Restore RTDB backup on Non-prov MPS A.	Procedure A.10
Reload RTDB from mate	10	255	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B.	Procedure A.11

Elapsed Time Phase (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure	
	This Step	Cum.		
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period	5	This is done in a separate MTC	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 21

Table 15 Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (First Non-prov site)

4.2.3 Phases to change DB architecture to eXtreme (Remaining Non-Prov sites)

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Take backup before moving to eXtreme architecture	*See notes below	*See notes below	Take RTDB backup if not already taken, before moving to eXtreme architecture. Note: Skip this step for PDBonly.	Procedure A.7

^{*}NOTE: The time for checking database will be added for attached PDBonly EPAP(Added in section 4.2.1).

^{**}NOTE: The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

Phase	Ti	psed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Change DB Architecture to eXtreme	5	5	Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme Note: EPAPX feature must be "ON" on the connected eagle before procedure 13	Procedure 13
Reload RTDB from remote	10	15	Reload the RTDB from remote(already in eXtreme mode) Note: Remote Non-Prov EPAP must be in eXtreme mode. (Which may be the first Non-Prov site converted in table 15 or any other remote EPAP which is already in eXtreme mode)	Procedure A.11
Reload RTDB from mate	10	25	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B.	Procedure A.11
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period	5	This is done in a separate MTC	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 21

Table 16 Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Remaining Non-Prov sites)

^{*}NOTE: The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

5. UPGRADE PREPARATION

Procedure 1 Setting up the upgrade environment

Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment

S T	This procedure sets up	the upgrade environment. Windows are opened for both MPS servers.
E P	NOTE: Call My Oracl	e Support for assistance if modem access is the method use for upgrade.
#	Check off (√) each step as	s it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
	IF THIS PROCEDURE FA	AILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .
1.	Establish a connection to MPS A.	If access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.
		For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
2.	On the workstation, open one terminal window in preparation for establishing remote connections to the MPS servers.	Create a terminal window
3.	Create a terminal window for MPS A.	Create a terminal window and give it a title of "MPS A"
4.	MPS A: Enable capture file and verify the correspondent file is created.	Enable the data capture and verify that the data capture file is created at the path specified.
5.	Log into MPS A.	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
6.	MPS A: Start screen Session.	Execute the following command to start screen and establish a console session with MPS A. \$ screen -L

Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment

7.	Establish a connection to	If for Standalone PDB, the procedure is complete. Otherwise, continue with the next step.
/ <u>.</u>	MPS B.	If access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.
		For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
8.	Create a terminal window for MPS B.	Create a terminal window and give it a title of "MPS B"
9.	MPS B: Enable capture file and verify a correspondent file is created.	Enable the data capture and verify that the data capture file is created at the path specified.
10.	Log into MPS B.	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
11.	MPS B: Start screen Session.	Execute the following command to start screen and establish a console session with MPS B. \$ screen -L
12.	MPS A and B: Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.

Procedure 2 Determine if upgrade or installation is required

Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

S	This procedure executes the steps required to determine if an upgrade of the system is required or an
T	initial application installation is required.
E	Check off $()$ each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P	

Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE .			
1.	MPS A: Log in to MPS A.	If not already logged-in, login at MPS A as 'admusr'.		
		<pre><hostname> console login: admusr password: <password> .</password></hostname></pre>		
2.	MPS B: Log in to MPS B.	If not already logged-in, login at MPS B as 'admusr'. <hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname>		
3.	MPS B: Determine if the application is currently installed on the servers.	Execute an rpm query command and examine the output: \$ rpm -qi TKLCepap		
	(MPS B will be used to determine the current state of the servers. We will assume that the state of the A server is the same).	Name : TKLCepap Relocations: (not relocatable) Version : 163.0.8 Vendor: Tekelec Release : 16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0 Build Date: Wed 27 Jun 2018 11:19:33 AM EDT Install Date: Tue 03 Jul 2018 03:41:55 AM EDT Build Host: coach-11.tekelec.com Group : Development/Build Source RPM: TKLCepap-163.0.8- 16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0.src.rpm Size : 162888034 License: © TEKELEC 2005-2018 Signature : (none) Packager : <@tekelec.com> URL : http://www.tekelec.com/ Summary : Oracle Communications EPAP Package Description : This is the Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor(EPAP) Package. The Package installs EPAP software. EPAP provides Provisioning Database Application		
		(PDBA on A side) and Real Time Database (RTDB).		

Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

4.	MPS B: Observe the	The following is an example of what the output may look like:
	output from the rpm query.	\$ appRev
	1	фарркеч
		Install Time: Tue Jul 3 03:52:57 2018
		Product Name: EPAP
		Product Release: 16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0
		Base Distro Product: TPD
		Base Distro Release: 7.6.0.0.0_88.48.0
		Base Distro ISO: TPD.install-7.6.0.0.0_88.48.0-OracleLinux6.9-x86_64.iso
		ISO name: EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso
		OS: OracleLinux 6.9
		If the output similar-to the above example is displayed, then skip to step 6. Otherwise,
		proceed to the next step.
5.	MPS B: Installation is	
	required if the	If the application is not currently installed, output similar-to the example below will be
	application is not present on the server,	returned from the rpm -qi command in step-3. If this is the case, then an application
	else upgrade is required.	installation is required. Refer to section 3.3 to perform EPAP installation.
	10 1	\$ rpm -qi TKLCepap
		package TKLCepap is not installed
		Skip to step10
6.	MPS B: Determine	Write Down the Release Number:
	which version of the application is present.	
	application is present.	Release Number:
		If the release number on the MDS is less than the release number on the ungrade media
		If the release number on the MPS is less than the release number on the upgrade media, then an upgrade is required.
		then an applicate is required.
7.	Determine if a major	If the current release is 16.1.x/16.2.x and target release is 16.3.y, it is a MAJOR
	Upgrade is required.	UPGRADE.
	D	
8.	Determine if an	If the current release is 163.x.x and target release is 16.3.y.y (x.x is less than the number
	incremental Upgrade is required.	y.y on the upgrade media), it is an INCREMENTAL Upgrade.
	104011001	

Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

9.	MPS A: Determine if it	Execute the following command to determine if the EPAP is Provisionable(either mixed-
	is Provisionable (either	EPAP or PDBonly) or Non-Provisionable.
	mixed-EPAP or	· ·
	PDBonly) or Non-	\$ uiEdit grep "PROVISIONABLE"
	Provisionable EPAP	"PROVISIONABLE MPS" is set to "YES"
	setup.	
		If the above output contains "YES", then the EPAP is Provisionable(either mixed-EPAP or PDBonly). Otherwise, the EPAP is Non-Provisionable. Write down this information.
		EPAP setup type:
10.	MPS A and B:	This procedure is complete.
	Procedure Complete.	•

Procedure 3 Pre-upgrade requirements

Procedure 3: Verifying Pre-Upgrade Requirements and Capturing Upgrade Data

S	This procedure verifies th	nat all pre-upgrade requirements have been met.		
T E P	Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAIL	S, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u>.		
1.	Verify all required materials are present.	Verify that the materials listed in Upgrade Material List (Section 3.2) are present.		
2.	Verify the availability of passwords for MPS systems.	Refer to Table 5 for the list of users.		
3.	Review provisioning rules.	Please review the Provisioning information as defined in Section 3.1. If you do not understand in this section, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the in		
4. □	Verify and close active GUI Sessions.	Skip this step for fresh install.		
	On the menu, click User Administration->HTTP(s) Support->Terminate UI Sessions	Login to EPAP GUI as uiadmin user. Terminate all the active GUI sessions from EPAP GUI.		

		Α					1
		Delete?	Session Id	User Id	User Name	Admin	IP Addr
		0	44	99	uiadmin	YES	10.250.32.216
		0	45	99	uiadmin	YES	10.250.32.216
		0	46	99	uiadmin	YES	10.250.32.216
			ssions and click		elected Active S	Session" to de	elete all active sessions.
5.	Procedure Complete.	This procedu	ire is complete.				

Procedure 4 System Health check

Procedure 4: System Health Check

S T E P	Check off ($$) each step	rmines the health of the MPS System before beginning an upgrade. as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.
1.	MPS A: Verify health of MPS A.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A.
2.	MPS B: Verify health of MPS B.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.
3.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.

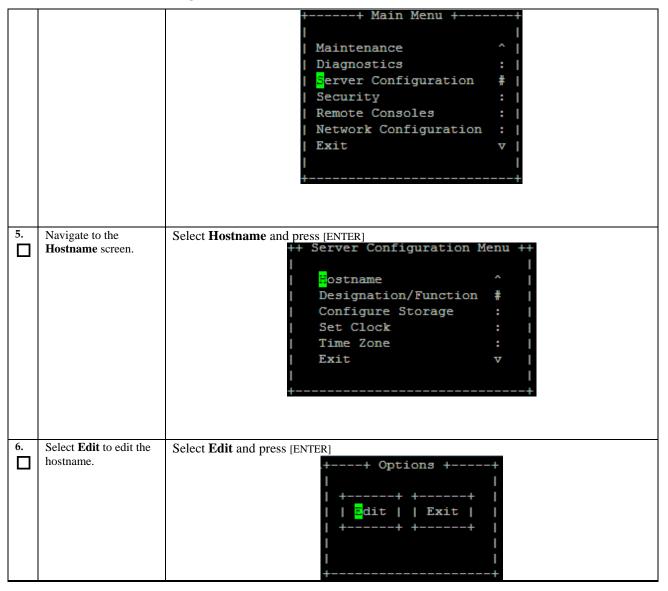
5. SOFTWARE INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

Pre install configuration and initial installation of EPAP can be done on any of the server in the mated pair in any order. These operations can be done simultaneously on both the servers.

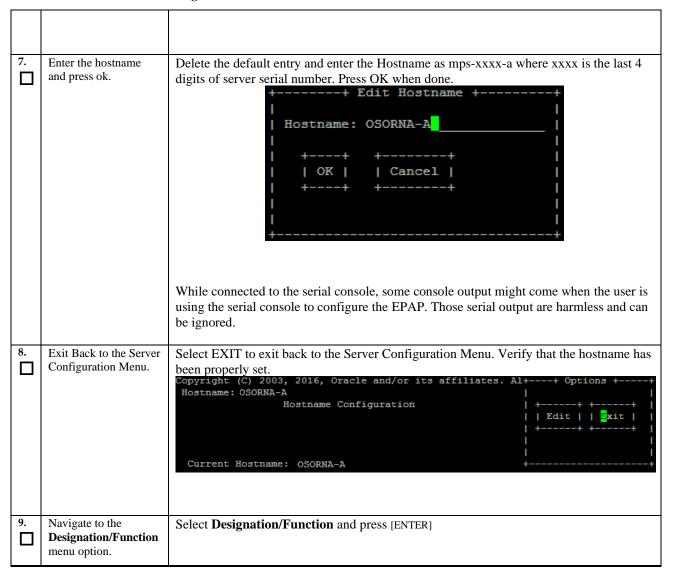
Procedure 5 Pre-Install configuration on server A

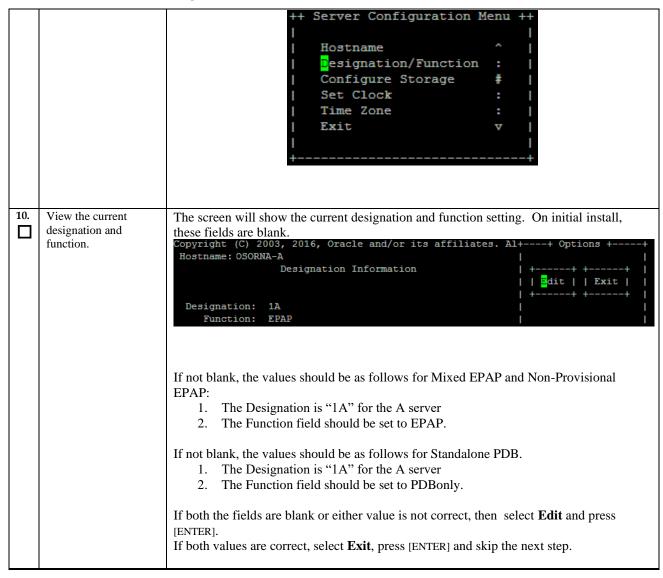
S T E P #	application. Check off (√) each step	rides instructions to perform pre-configuration for an initial install of the as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
		n of the Operating System on an Oracle Application Server should be completed a procedure. Refer to Procedure A.13 or [4] for TPD installation guide.
1.	Note: Please connect E5-APP-B-02 card if it is PDBonly as PDBonly not supported on E5- APP-B-01 card.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
2.	Log in as "admusr" user.	If not already logged in, then login as "admusr": [hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
3.	Start platcfg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
4.	Navigate to the Server Configuration screen.	Select Server Configuration and press [ENTER]

Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A

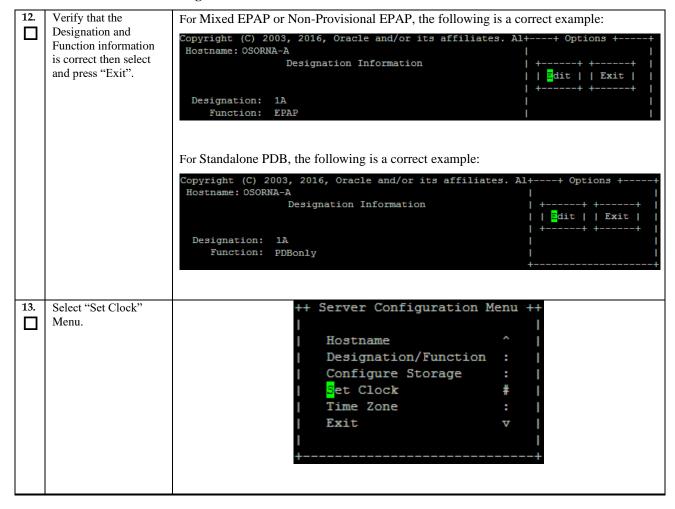


Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A

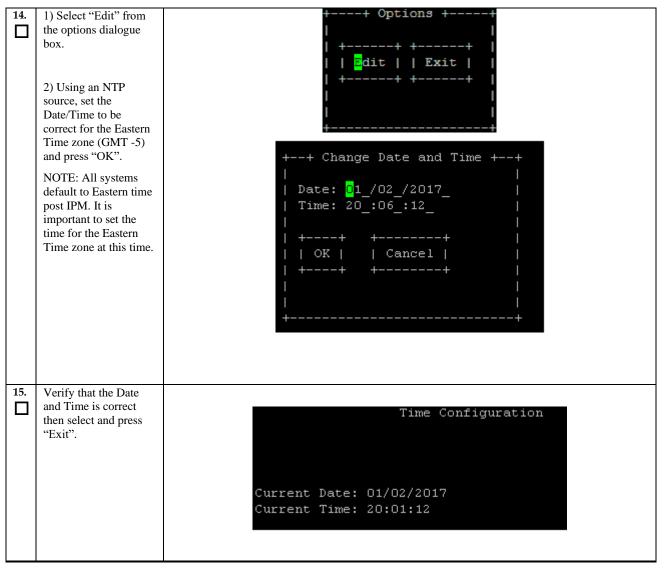




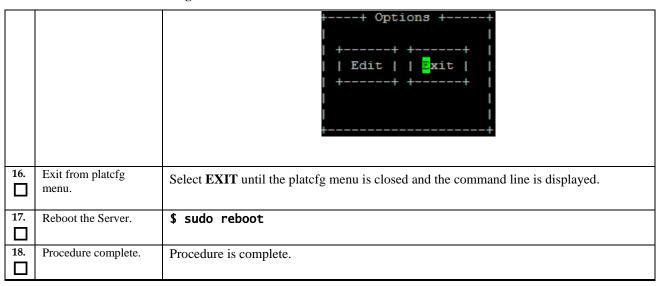
View the current Skip to Step 13 if Exit was selected in the previous step, otherwise if Edit was selected, designation and delete the current designation and function if already set, and type in the desired values. function. Enter the appriopriate designation in the Designation field (Note: the designation must be capitalized). Select OK and press [ENTER]. For Mixed EPAP or Non-Provisional EPAP, the following is a correct example: ----+ Edit Designation +---Designation: 1A Function: EPAP | Cancel For Standalone PDB, the following is a correct example: ----+ Edit Designation + Designation: Function: PDBonly | Cancel



Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A



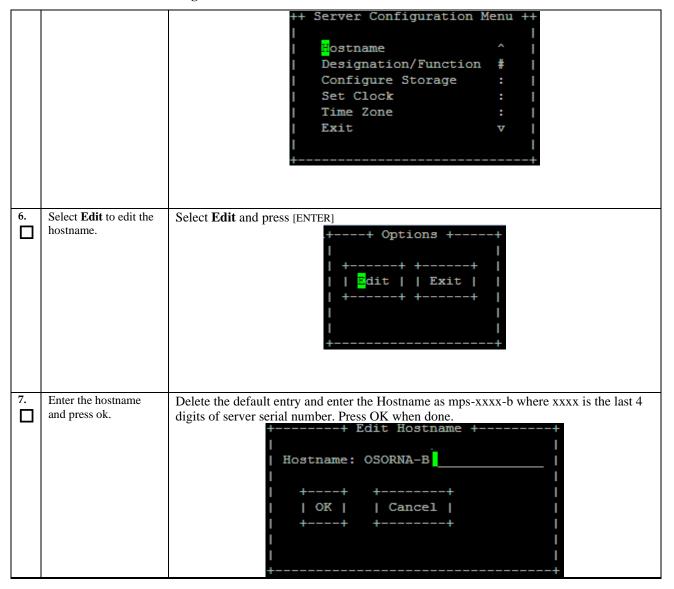
Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A



S	This procedure prov	rides instructions to perform pre configuration for an initial install of the			
T	application.				
E					
P	Check off (V) each ster	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
#	Check on (1) each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
,,	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.			
TMI	DODTANT, Installatio	n of the Operating System on an Owesle Application Server should be completed			
	ORTANT: Installation of the Operating System on an Oracle Application Server should be completed re starting installation procedure. Refer to Procedure A.13 or [4] for TPD installation.				
- bero	are starting installation				
	or o starting motamation	procedure. Refer to Procedure A.13 or [4] for TPD installation.			
	The starting instantation				
1.	Connect to the Server.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.			

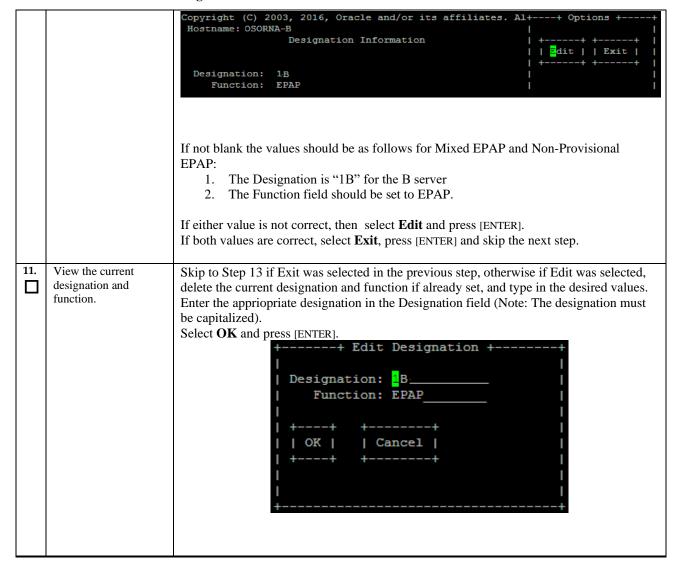
	Note: Please connect E5-APP-B-02 card if it is PDBonly as PDBonly not supported on E5- APP-B-01 card.	it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A cards' adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
2.	Log in as "admusr" user.	If not already logged in, then login as 'admusr': [hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
3.	Start platefg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
4.	Navigate to the Server Configuration screen.	Select Server Configuration and press [ENTER]
5.	Navigate to the Hostname screen.	Select Hostname and press [ENTER]

Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B



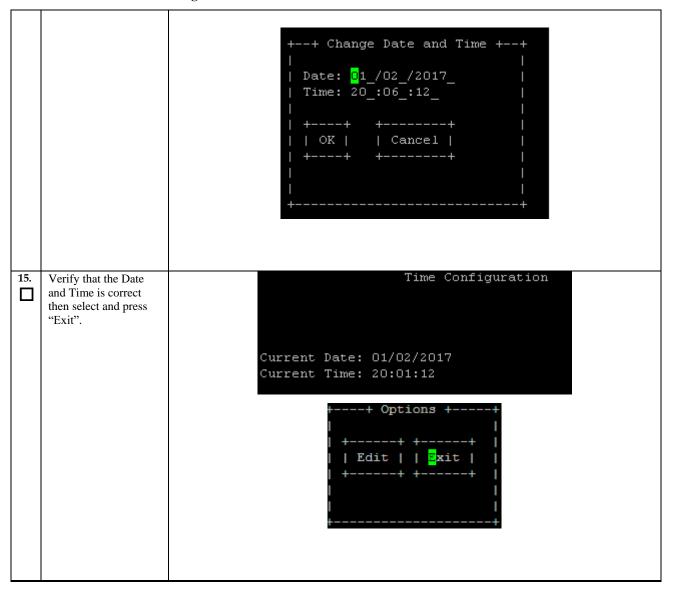
Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B

		While connected to the serial console, some console output might come when the user is using the serial console to configure the EPAP. Those serial output are harmless and can be ignored.
8.	Exit Back to the Server Configuration Menu.	Select EXIT to exit back to the Server Configuration Menu. Verify that the hostname has been properly set. Copyright (C) 2003, 2016, Oracle and/or its affiliates. Al++ Options ++ Hostname: OSORNA-B Hostname Configuration ++ Edit
9.	Navigate to the Designation/Function menu option.	Select Designation/Function and press [ENTER] ++ Server Configuration Menu ++
10.	View the current designation and function.	The screen will show the current designation and function setting. On initial install, these fields are blank.





Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B



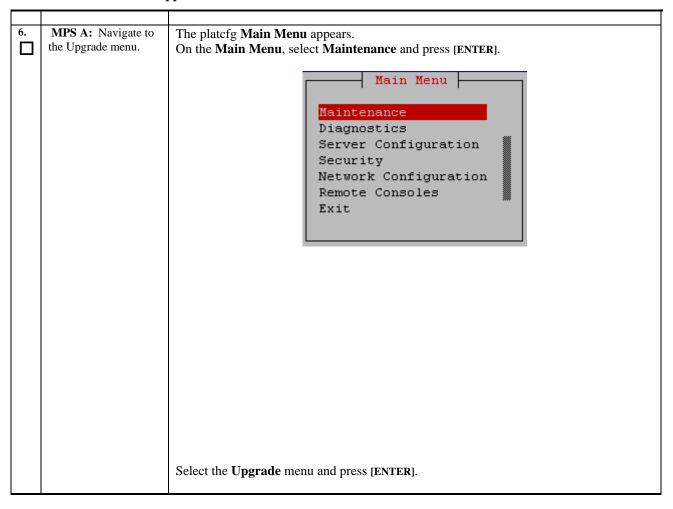
16.	Exit from platcfg	Select EXIT until the platefg menu is closed and the command line is displayed.
	menu.	
17.	Reboot the Server.	\$ sudo reboot
18.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.

Procedure 7 Install Application on server A

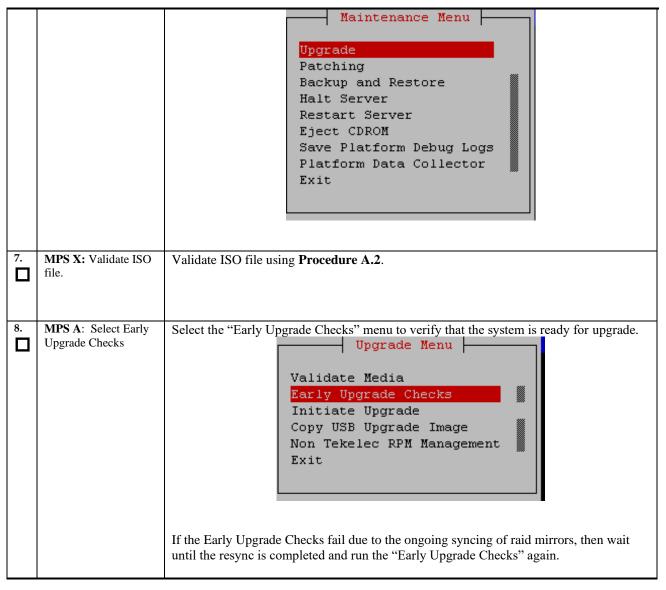
Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server A

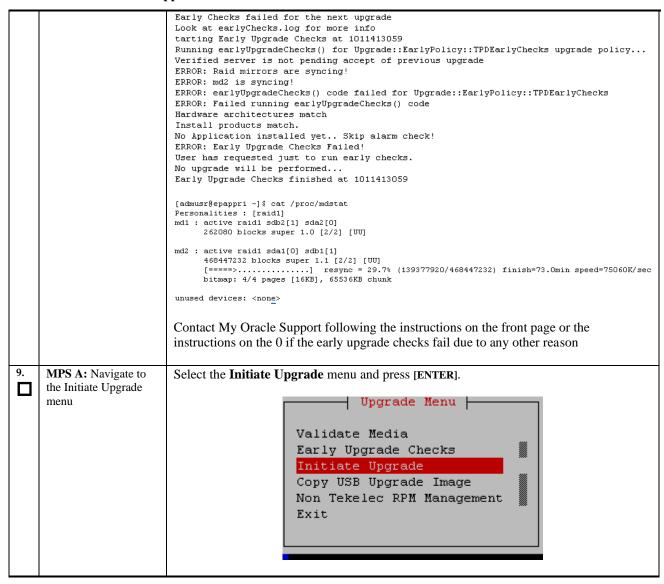
S	This procedure installs the application on the server.		
T	•		
E	Check off $()$ each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P			
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.		
1.	MPS A: Install EPAP	Perform Procedure in Procedure A.12 or copy EPAP 16.3 ISO to /var/TKLC/upgrade	
	on 1A.	directory.	
2.	Create a terminal	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial Port.	
∣⊔	window and log into MPS A.		
	MPS A.	For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port	
		on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where	
		it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for	
		serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx	
3.	MPS A: Login prompt	<hostname> console login:</hostname>	
	is displayed.	Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.	
		Two. The onor it no login prompt is displayed.	
4.	MPS A: log in as	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr	
	"admusr" user.	password: password	
		· · ·	
5.	MPS A: Start platcfg		
	utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg	

Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server A



Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server A





10.	MPS A: Select the Upgrade Media.	The screen displays a message that it is searching for upgrade media. When the upgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu appears similar-to the example below. Select the desired upgrade media and press [ENTER].	
		Choose Upgrade Media Menu /dev/sr0 - CDROM EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.4.0-x86_64.iso - 16.3.0.0.0_163.4.0 Exit	
11.	MPS A: Upgrade proceeds.	The screen displays the output like following, indicating that the upgrade software is first running the upgrade checks, and then proceeding with the upgrade.	
		No Application installed yet Skip alarm check! Verified all raid mirrors are synced. Early Upgrade Checks Have Passed! Early Upgrade Checks finished at 1447429031 Initializing upgrade information	
12.	MPS A: Upgrade proceeds.	Many informational messages appear on the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. The messages are not shown here for clarity sake. When installation is complete, the server reboots.	
13.	MPS A: Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, the screen displays the login prompt as in the example below. Starting atd: [OK] ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S98ExQueue start ~~ ExQueue started. Starting TKLCe5appb: [OK] Checking network config files: [OK] Daemon is not running AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Epap start ~~ EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Pdba start ~~ EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting Starting smartd: [OK]	

		Daemon is not running
		AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute
		TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, process 5527
		TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 5508
		Oracle Linux Server release 6.9
		Kernel 2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64 on an x86_64
14.	MPS A: log in as	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev
	"epapdev" user.	password: password
15.	MPS A: Check the Upgrade log.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no
ш	Opgrade log.	errors and warnings were reported.
		\$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Check the output of the upgrade log, Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0, if the output contains any errors beside the following:
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
		•
		1487820277::2017-02-23T03:24:40.278652Z 0 [Warning] 'NO_ZERO_DATE',
		'NO_ZERO_IN_DATE' and 'ERROR_FOR_DIVISION_BY_ZERO' sql modes should
		be used with strict mode. They will be merged with strict mode in a future release.
		Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log: 1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory
		Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log: 1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory

All those messages are expected, and therefore aren't considered errors.

Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated, for example in "1252687151::myisamchk: error: File "case, "1252687169::myisa" might show up on one line while the rest "mchk: error: File '/" might show up on the next line. This is acceptable and should be ignored.

\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log

Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the Instructions on the U, if the output contains any warnings beside the following: [1487820277::2017-02-23T03:24:40.278652Z 0 [warning] 'NO_ZERO_DATE', 'NO_ZERO_IN_DATE' and 'ERROR_FOR_DIVISION_BY_ZERO' sql modes should be used with strict mode. They will be merged with strict mode in a future release. [root@hvar-A ~]# grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1487820160::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been updated...reparsing xml... 487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/rt". 1487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/db". instructions on the 0, if the output contains any warnings beside the following: 487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path 1487820270:: 148/820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free".
1487820270::* write: WARNING:: 0 487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path 1487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/logs".
1487820270::* write: WARNING:: 5 1487820270::* 487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path /val/htc/epap/hee. 1487820272::useradd: warning: the home directory already exists. 1487820277::2017-02-23T03:24:40.278652Z O [Warning] 'NO_ZERO_DATE', 'NO_ZERO_IN_DATE' and 'ERROR_FOR_DIVISION_BY_ZERO' sql modes should be used with strict mode. They will be merged with strict mode in a future release. 1487820280::2017-02-23T03:24:40.278694Z O [Warning] 'NO_AUTO_CREATE_USER' sql mode was not set 1487820709::2017-02-23T03:31:55.022227Z 0 [Warning] InnoDB: New log files created, LSN=45792 1487820715::2017-02-23T03:31:55.116112Z 0 [warning] InnoDB: Creating foreign 1487820715::2017-02-23103:31:55.1101122 0 [warning] innobs: Creating foreign key constraint system tables.
1487820715::2017-02-23T03:31:55.187777Z 0 [warning] No existing UUID has been found, so we assume that this is the first time that this server has been started. Generating a new UUID: 9fafedc2-f978-11e6-a8a8-0010e0850417.
1487820715::2017-02-23T03:31:55.190473Z 0 [warning] Gtid table is not ready to be used. Table 'mysql.gtid_executed' cannot be opened. be used. Table 'mysql.gtid_executed' cannot be opened. 1487820715::2017-02-23T03:31:56.233157Z 0 [warning] CA certificate ca.pem is self signed.
1487820716::2017-02-23T03:31:56.702769z 1 [Warning] root@localhost is created with an empty password ! Please consider switching off the --initialize-

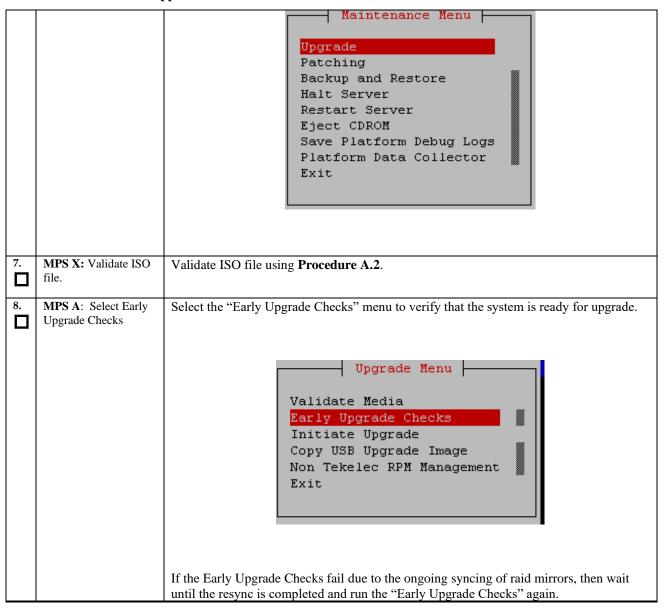
		1487820720::2017-02-23T03:32:03.451408Z 0 [Warning] TIMESTAMP with implicit DEFAULT value is deprecated. Please useexplicit_defaults_for_timestamp server option (see documentation for more details). 1487820723::2017-02-23T03:32:04.023504Z 0 [Warning] InnoDB: New log files created, LSN=45790 1487820724::2017-02-23T03:32:04.116918Z 0 [Warning] InnoDB: Creating foreign key constraint system tables. 1487820724::2017-02-23T03:32:04.178096Z 0 [Warning] No existing UUID has been found, so we assume that this is the first time that this server has been started. Generating a new UUID: a50bbe8f-f978-11e6-bcbc-0010e0850417. 1487820724::2017-02-23T03:32:04.178895Z 0 [Warning] Gtid table is not ready to be used. Table 'mysql.gtid_executed' cannot be opened. 1487820724::2017-02-23T03:32:05.957583Z 0 [Warning] CA certificate ca.pem is self signed. 1487820726::2017-02-23T03:32:06.165059Z 1 [Warning] root@localhost is created with an empty password ! Please consider switching off theinitialize-insecure option. 1487820753::WARNING: A new file was added to xml alarm filesreparsing xml 1487820754::WARNING: FILE: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml 1487820751::TKLCepap-HA ####################################
16.	MPS A: Check that the upgrade completed successfully.	<pre>\$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log</pre>
17.	MPS A: Check that the upgrade completed successfully.	Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0. 1399367207:: Upgrade returned success!
18.	MPS A: Install Complete.	Install Procedure is complete.

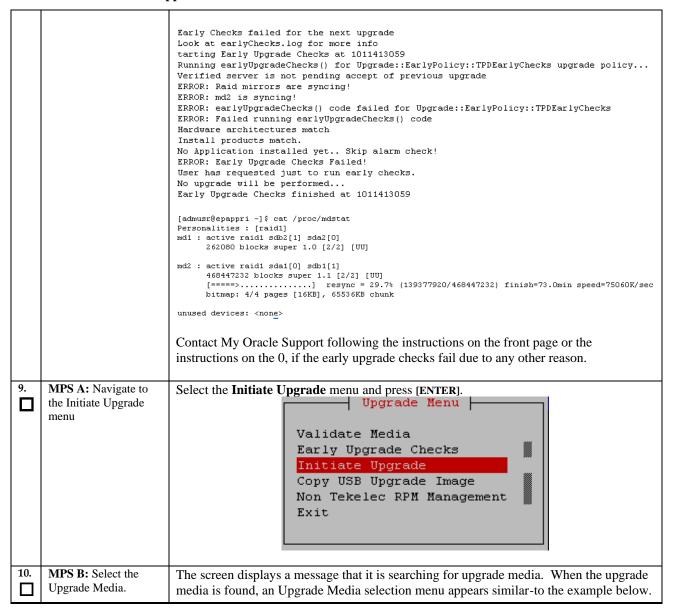
Procedure 8 Install Application on server B

S	This procedure installs the application on the server.
T	
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P	
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.

1.	MPS B: Install 1B.	Perform Procedure in Procedure A.12 or copy EPAP 16.3 ISO to /var/TKLC/upgrade directory.
2.	Create a terminal window log into MPS B.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
3.	MPS B: Login prompt is displayed.	<pre><hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>
4.	MPS B: log in as "admusr" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
5.	MPS B: Start platefg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
6.	MPS B: Navigate to the Upgrade menu.	The platefg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Security Network Configuration Remote Consoles Exit
		Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].

Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server B





		Select the desired upgrade media and press [ENTER].
		/dev/sr0 - CDROM EPAP-16.3.0.0.0 163.4.0-x86 64.iso - 16.3.0.0.0 163.4.0 Exit
11.	MPS B: Upgrade proceeds.	The screen displays the following, indicating that the upgrade software is first validating the media, and then proceeding with the upgrade. No Application installed yet Skip alarm check! Verified all raid mirrors are synced. Early Upgrade Checks Have Passed! Early Upgrade Checks finished at 1447429031 Initializing upgrade information
12.	MPS B: Upgrade proceeds.	Many informational messages appear on the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. The messages are not shown here for clarity sake. When installation is complete, the server reboots.
13.	MPS B: Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, the screen displays the login prompt as in the example below. Starting atd: [OK] ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S98ExQueue start ~~ ExQueue started. Starting TKLCe5appb: [OK] Checking network config files: [OK] Daemon is not running AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Epap start ~~ EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Pdba start ~~ EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting Starting smartd: [OK] Daemon is not running

		AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute
		TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, process 5527 TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 5508
		Oracle Linux Server release 6.9
		Kernel 2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64 on an x86_64
14.	MPS B: log in as "epapdev" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev password: password
15.	MPS B: Check the Upgrade log.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported.
		\$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Check the output of the upgrade log, Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0, if the output contains any error except the following:
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
		1487896226:: 2017-02-24T00:30:28.652213Z 0 [Warning] 'NO_ZERO_DATE', 'NO_ZERO_IN_DATE' and 'ERROR_FOR_DIVISION_BY_ZERO' sql modes should be used with strict mode. They will be merged with strict mode in a future release.
		Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log: 1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory
		All those messages are expected, and therefore aren't considered errors. Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the
		error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.

\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log

Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0. if the output contains any warnings beside the following:

```
1487896226::2017-02-24T00:30:28.652213Z 0 [warning] 'NO_ZERO_DATE',
'NO_ZERO_IN_DATE' and 'ERROR_FOR_DIVISION_BY_ZERO' sql modes should be used
with strict mode. They will be merged with strict mode in a future release.
[epapdev@hvar-b ~]$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
1487896106::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been
updated...reparsing xml...
1487896218::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path
"/var/TKLC/epan/rt"
1487896218::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/rt".
1487896219::* write: WARNING:: 5
     487896219::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path
1487896219::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/logs".
1487896219::* write: WARNING:: 6
1487896219::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free".
1487896219::* write: WARNING:: 0
     487896219::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path
1487896219::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/db".
1487896219::* write: WARNING:: 6
1487896219::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/logs".
1487896219::* write: WARNING:: 0
     487896219::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path
1487896220::useradd: warning: the home directory already exists.
1487896226::2017-02-24T00:30:28.652213Z 0 [Warning] 'NO_ZERO_DATE',
'NO_ZERO_IN_DATE' and 'ERROR_FOR_DIVISION_BY_ZERO' sql modes should be used
with strict mode. They will be merged with strict mode in a future release.
1487896229::2017-02-24T00:30:28.652254Z 0 [Warning] 'NO_AUTO_CREATE_USER' sql
 mode was not set
 1487896242::2017-02-24T00:30:46.762649Z 0 [Warning] InnoDB: New log files
 created, LSN=45791
1487896247::2017-02-24T00:30:46.856447Z 0 [warning] InnoDB: Creating foreign
148/896247::2017-02-24100:30:46.8564472 0 [warning] innobs: creating loreign key constraint system tables.
1487896247::2017-02-24T00:30:46.918223Z 0 [warning] No existing UUID has been found, so we assume that this is the first time that this server has been started. Generating a new UUID: 7c1b5ac5-fa28-11e6-ac40-0010e08503fb.
1487896247::2017-02-24T00:30:46.919104Z 0 [warning] Gtid table is not ready to be used. Table 'mysql.gtid_executed' cannot be opened.
1487896247::2017-02-24T00:30:48.561021Z 0 [warning] CA certificate ca.pem is
 self signed.
1487896249::2017-02-24T00:30:49.018012z 1 [warning] root@localhost is created
with an empty password! Please consider switching off the --initialize-insecure option.

1487896252::2017-02-24T00:30:55.321537Z 0 [Warning] TIMESTAMP with implicit DEFAULT value is deprecated. Please use --explicit_defaults_for_timestamp server option (See documentation for more details).

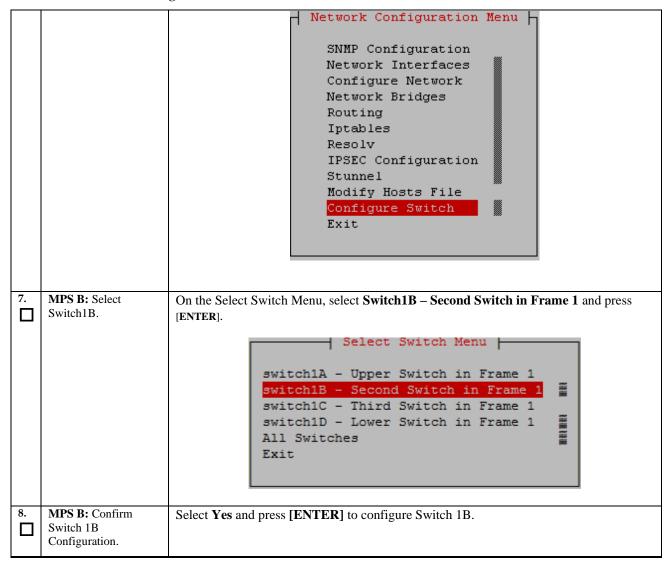
1487896255::2017-02-24T00:30:55.888792Z 0 [Warning] InnoDB: New log files
 created, LSN=45790
```

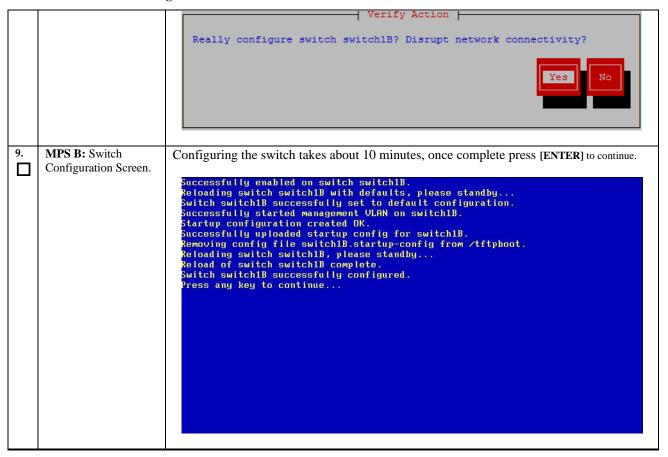
		1487896256::2017-02-24T00:30:55.977153Z 0 [Warning] InnoDB: Creating foreign key constraint system tables. 1487896256::2017-02-24T00:30:56.040240Z 0 [Warning] No existing UUID has been found, so we assume that this is the first time that this server has been started. Generating a new UUID: 818b4391-fa28-11e6-946c-0010e08503fb. 1487896256::2017-02-24T00:30:56.041013Z 0 [Warning] Gtid table is not ready to be used. Table 'mysql.gtid_executed' cannot be opened. 1487896256::2017-02-24T00:30:56.765311Z 0 [Warning] CA certificate ca.pem is self signed. 1487896257::2017-02-24T00:30:57.213158Z 1 [Warning] root@localhost is created with an empty password ! Please consider switching off theinitialize-insecure option. 1487896284::WARNING: A new file was added to xml alarm filesreparsing xml 1487896285::WARNING: FILE: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml 1487896292::TKLCepap-HA ####################################
16.	MPS B: Check that the upgrade completed successfully.	<pre>\$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log</pre>
17.	MPS B: Check that the upgrade completed successfully.	Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0. 1399367207:: Upgrade returned success!
18.	MPS B: Install Complete.	Install Procedure is complete.

Procedure 9 Switch Configuration

S	This procedure Configures the Switches of a new Installed E5-APP-B EPAP Server Pair.	
T E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	Make the cross-over cable connections.	NOTE: THIS IS IMPORTANT
		CONNECT the cross-over cable from Port 1 of Switch1A to Port 1 of Switch1B .

		DISCONNECT the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B . Please make a note that the switch configuration should only be attempted by a skilled technician and not all. All uplinks should be removed while switch configuration. There should not be any loop in the switches during their configuration.
2.	MPS B: log in as "admusr" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
3.	MPS B: Set Telco Switch with non- default speed.	Note: The default speed to be set on the switch is 1000Mbps. However, the recommended setting can be changed to 'auto', '1000/full' or '100/full'. At the EAGLE end, the operator can set the IP LINK to 'auto'.
4.	MPS B: Start platefg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
5.	MPS B: Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platefg Main Menu, select Network Configuration and press [ENTER]. Main Menu
6.	MPS B: Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	On the Network Configuration menu, select Configure Switch and press [ENTER].

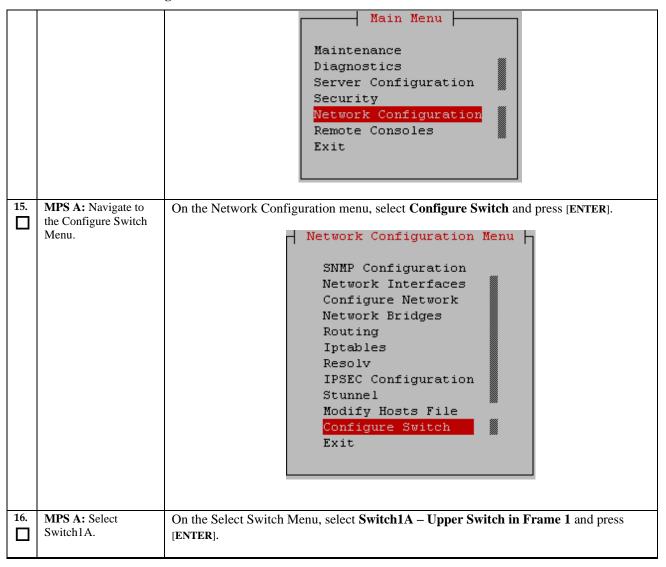


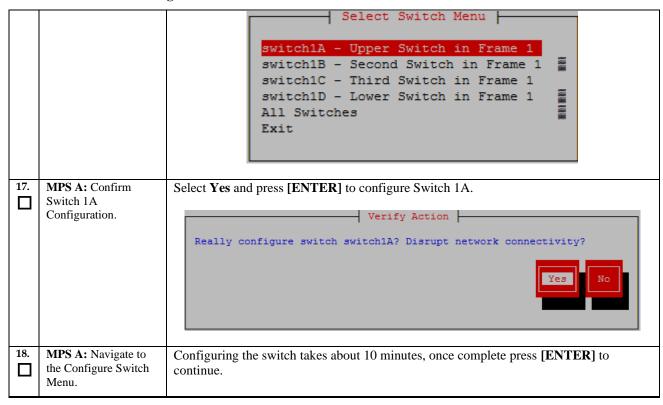


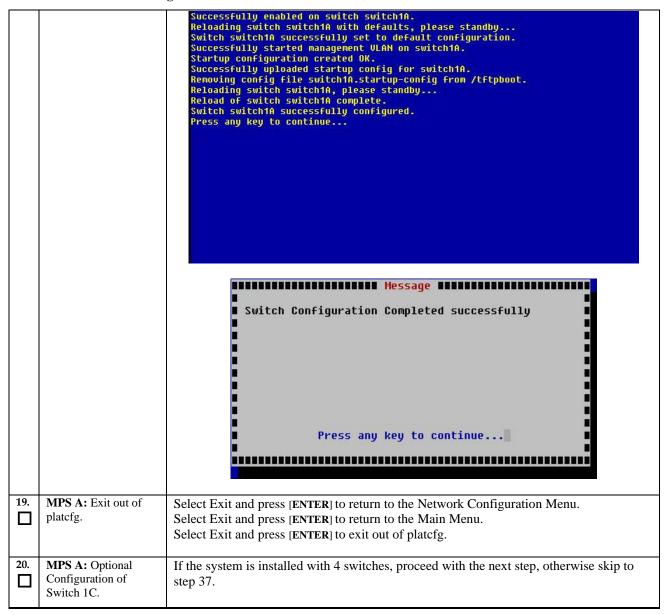
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

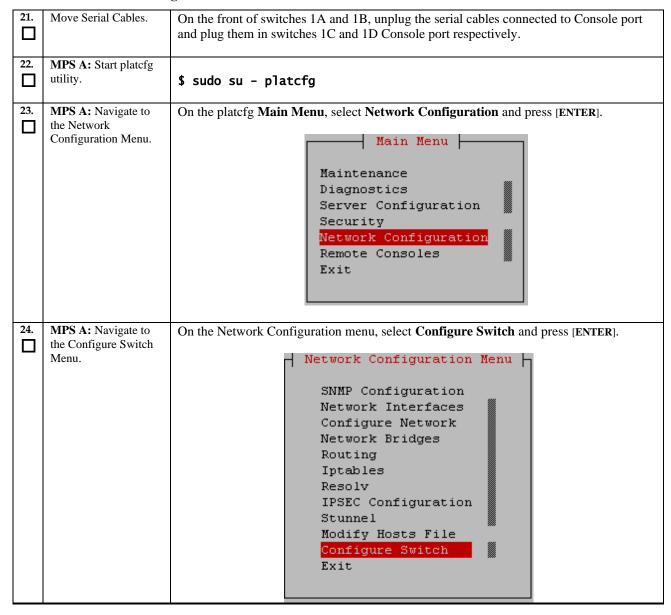
		Switch Configuration Completed successfully Press any key to continue
10.	MPS B: Exit out of	Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Network Configuration Menu.
	platcfg.	Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Main Menu.
		Select Exit and press [ENTER] to exit out of platcfg.
11.	MPS A: Connect to Server 1A.	Now that Switch 1B is configured, we need to configure switch 1A. Connect to server
ш	Server 171.	1A to configure switch 1A
		[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
12.	MPS A: Set Telco Switch with non-	Note: The default speed to be set on the switch is 1000Mbps. However, the recommended setting can be changed to 'auto', '1000/full' or '100/full'.
	default speed.	At the EAGLE end, the operator can set the IP LINK to 'auto'. Otherwise proceed to step 13.
13.	MPS A: Start platefg. utility	\$ sudo su - platcfg
14.	MPS A: Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platefg Main Menu, select Network Configuration and press [ENTER].

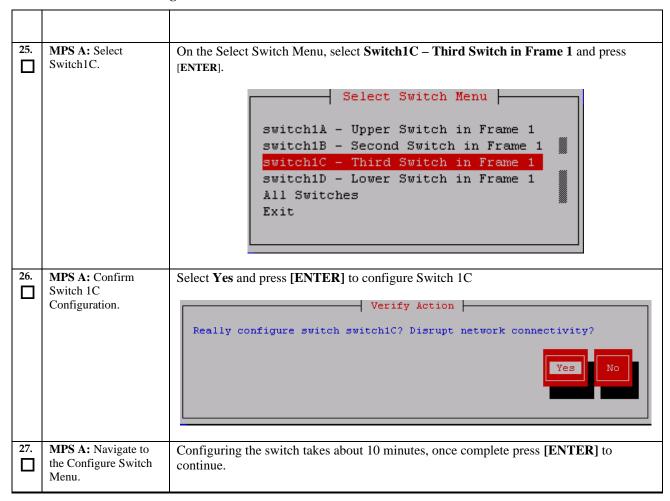
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

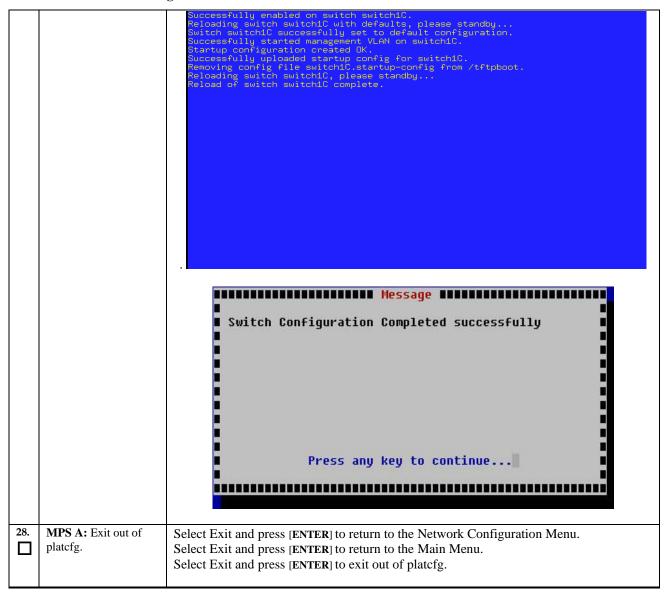


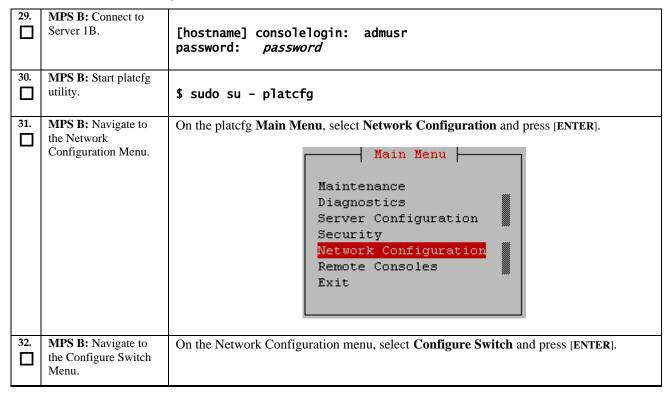


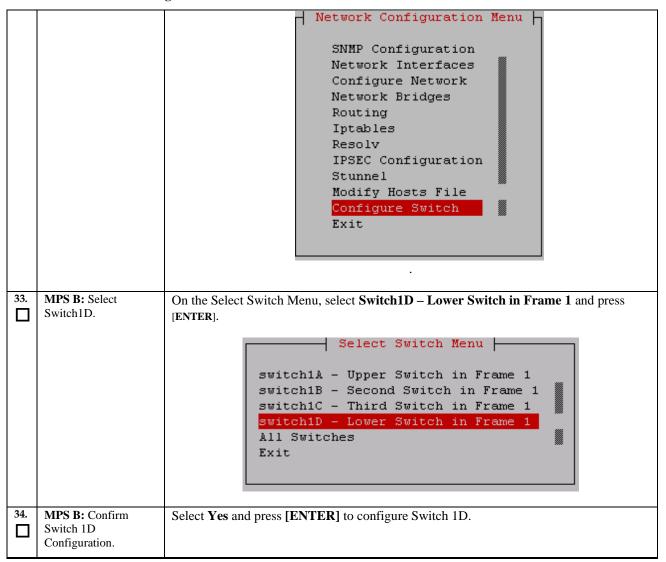


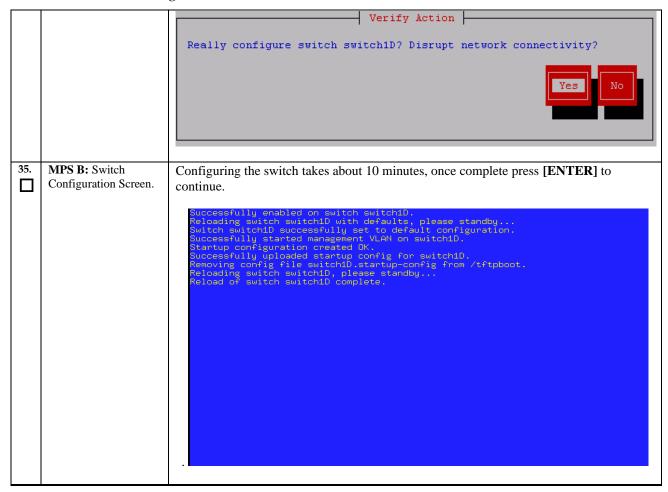




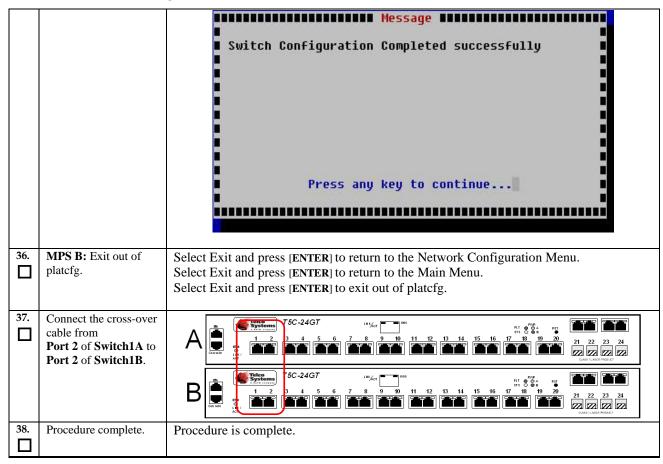








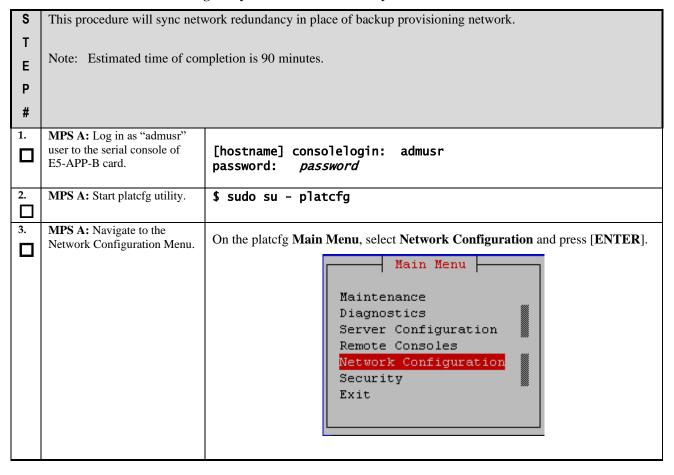
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration



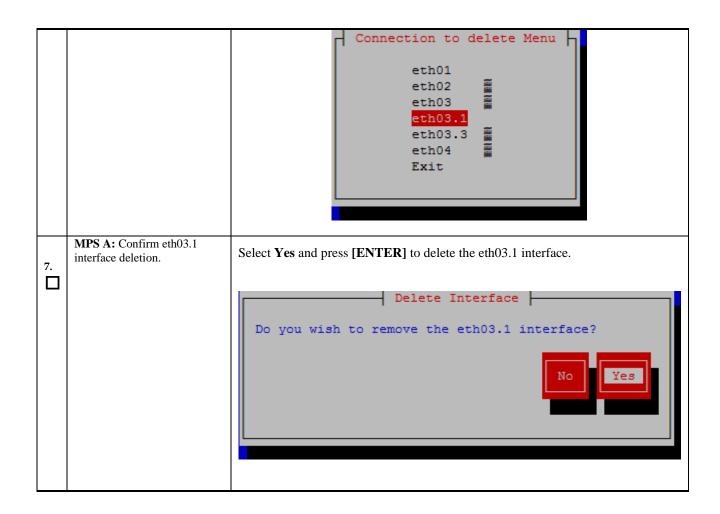
Procedure 10 Procedure to Configure Sync Network Redundancy

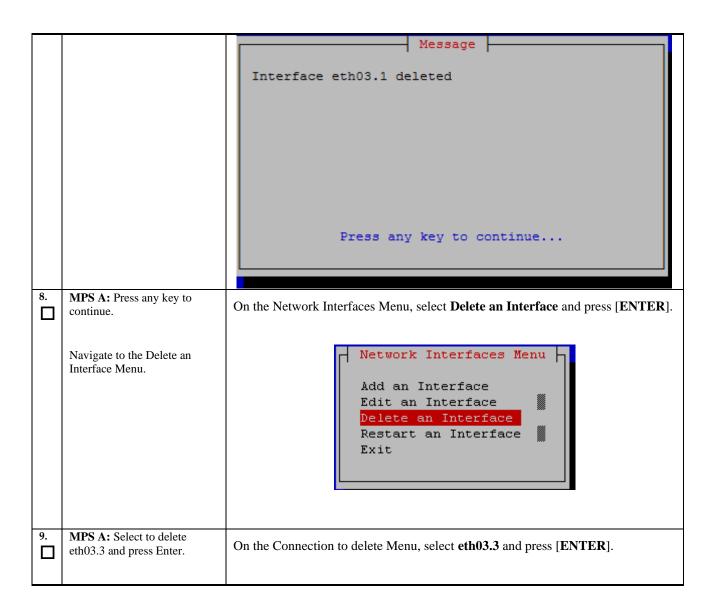
Note: This procedure will configure the E5-APP-B EPAP cards with the Sync Network Redundancy feature. This will use the Backup Provisioning Network ports, therefor the Backup Provisioning Network feature cannot be used.

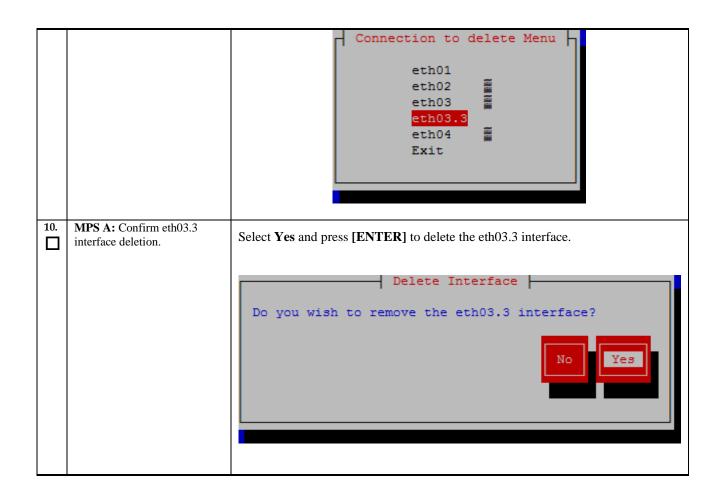
Procedure 10: Procedure to Configure Sync Network Redundancy



4.	MPS A: Navigate to the Network Interfaces Menu.	On the Network Configuration menu, select Network Interfaces and press [ENTER]. Network Configuration Menu Network Interfaces SNMP Configuration Routing Configure Network Network Bridges Iptables Resolv IPSEC Configuration Stunnel Modify Hosts File Configure Switch Exit
5.	MPS A: Navigate to the Delete an Interface Menu.	On the Network Interfaces Menu, select Delete an Interface and press [ENTER]. Network Interfaces Menu
6.	MPS A: Select to delete eth03.1 and press Enter.	On the Connection to delete Menu, select eth03.1 and press [ENTER].







		Message
		Interface eth03.3 deleted
		Press any key to continue
11.	MPS A: Press any key to continue and exit out of	Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Network Configuration Menu.
	platefg.	Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Main Menu.
		Select Exit and press [ENTER] to exit out of platcfg.
12.	MPS A: Verify that eth03.1 and eth03.3 are deleted.	\$ sudo netAdm show
		eth01
		eth02
		eth03
		eth04
		The interfaces eth03.1 and eth03.3 should not be listed.
13.	MPS A: Take the backup of original net.conf.	<pre>\$ sudo cp /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.conf_orig</pre>
14.	MPS A: Replace the network configuration file for sync network redundancy.	\$ sudo cp /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.sync.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.conf cp: overwrite `/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.conf'? y

15.	MPS A A: Take the backup of original vlan.conf.	<pre>\$ sudo cp /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf_orig</pre>
16.	MPS A: Replace the vlan configuration file for sync network redundancy.	E5-APP-B Card: Single Pair of Switch(18 SM Cards): vlan.sync.single_pair_switch.e5appb.conf
		(Ports 7 to 24 on switch 1A and ports 5 to 24 on switch 1B can be used for SM card connectivity)
		Two Pair of switches (40 SM Cards): vlan.sync.e5appb.conf
		(Ports 7 to 22 on switch 1A and ports 5 to 22 on switch 1B can be used for SM card connectivity, no change for switch 1C and 1D)
		For e.g., on T1200 server for Single pair of switches:
		<pre>\$ sudo cp /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.sync.single_pair_switch.t1200.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf</pre>
		cp: overwrite `/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf'? y
17	MADO A D. C. d.	
17.	MPS A: Reconfigure the network interfaces.	\$ sudo netAdm init
		Interface bond0 added
		Interface eth01 added
		Interface eth02 added
		Interface bond0.3 added
		Interface eth03 added
		Interface eth04 added
		Interface bond0.1 added
		Successfully configured network
18.	MPS A: Restart network service.	\$ sudo service network restart

19.	MPS B	Repeat all the above steps on the MPS B.
20.	Network Connectivity	Connect eth04 on MPS A to port 5 on Switch 1A and connect eth04 on MPS B to port 6 on Switch 1A.
21.	Configure Switch 1B first and then Switch 1A using Procedure 9.	Perform Procedure 9 – Switch1B and Switch1A Configuration to configure Switch1B and then Switch1A.
22.	MPS A: Verify that ping mate is working. Also ensure that the sync redundancy is working fine by turning off one switch and running ping mate.	\$ ping -c 4 mate PING mate (192.168.2.100) 56(84) bytes of data. 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.189 ms 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.188 ms 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.166 ms 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.143 ms mate ping statistics 4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3001ms rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.143/0.171/0.189/0.022 ms
23. 24.	MPS A: Reconfigure EPAP using epapconfig menu if the configuration was done before configuring sync network redundancy. Procedure complete.	\$ su - epapconfig Please follow the instructions written in Procedure 11. Procedure is complete.

S	This procedure configures the application on the server.		
T E	Check off $()$ each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.		
#	II THE TREED CHET	THES, COLUMN THE CHARLES COLUMN THE TRANSPORT THE CHARLES THE CHAR	
NO	TE: This procedure c	onfigures the application in the IPv4 configuration. To configure the	
	-	onfiguration, refer to [7].	
1.		[hostname] consolelogin: admusr	
	MPS A: Log on Server A.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: <i>password</i>	
2.	MPS A: Switch user to	\$ sudo su - epapconfig	
	epapconfig.		
3.	MPS A: A note of caution appears. Evaluate the conditions listed. When all the	Caution: This is the first login of the text user interface. Please review the following checklist before continuing. Failure to enter complete and accurate information at this time will have unpredictable results.	
	conditions are satisfied, press Return to	 The mate MPS servers (MPS A and MPS B) must be powered on. 	
	continue.	 "Initial Platform Manufacture" for the mate MPS servers must be complete. 	
		3. The sync network between the mate MPS servers must be operational.	
		4. You must have the correct password for the	
		epapdev user on the mate MPS server. 5. You must be prepared to designate this MPS as provisionable or non-provisionable.	
		Press return to continue	

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

4.	MPS A: Upon pressing Return you can now abort or proceed with the initial configuration. To continue with the configuration, enter Y.	Are you sure you wish to continue? [N]:Y
5.	MPS A: For Mixed EPAP or Non-Provisionable EPAP: You are prompted for the epapdev, root and admusr user password on the mate MPS server in order to confirm the secure shell keys are successfully exchanged. The example shows the output generated when the correct password is entered, the secure shell keys are successfully exchanged, and the UI database is set up on MPS A and MPS B at this site. Type Y if this site is Provisionable(either mixed-EPAP or PDBonly), otherwise Type N.	Password of epapdev: ssh is working correctly. Password of root: ssh is working correctly. Password of admusr: ssh is working correctly. Password of root: ssh is working correctly. Building the initial database on side A. Stopping local slave Stopping local slave Stopping remote slave EuiDB already exists. FIPS integrity verification test failed. Starting local slave Starting remote slave The provisioning architecture of the EPAP software allows for exactly 2 customer provisionable sites. Additional sites that are to receive the data provisioned to the provisionable sites should answer 'N' here. If there are only 2 mated sites, it is safe to answer 'Y' here. Is this site provisionable? [Y]: Y Caution: This is the first login of the text user interface.
	For Standalone PDB: You are prompted for the System Number and Network Configuration Type.	Press return to continue Are you sure you wish to continue? [N]: Y Building the initial database on side A. Stopping local slave No preexisting EuiDB database was detected. Set EPAP System Number: ES12345678 Enter the Network Configuration Type 1 for Single, 2 for Segmented : 2

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

6. MPS A: The EPAP	EPAP Configuration Menu for standalone PDB:
Configuration Men	
displayed. Select choice	
2, Configure Netwo	
Interfaces Menu.	/\
	1 Display Configuration
	2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
	3 Set Time Zone
	4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
	5 Change Password
	6 Platform Menu
	7 Configure NTP Server
	8 PDB Configuration Menu
	9 Security
	10 SNMP Configuration
	11 Configure Alarm Feed
	12 Configure Query Server
	13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
	14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
	15 DB Architecture Menu
	e Exit
	\/
	L

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

EPAP C	configuration Menu for NON-Prov EPAP:
	EPAP Configuration Menu\
1	Display Configuration
2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
j 3	Set Time Zone
4	 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
j 5	Change Password
6	Platform Menu
7	Configure NTP Server
8	PDB Configuration Menu
9	Security
-	SNMP Configuration
	Configure Alarm Feed
12	Configure SNMP Agent Community
1 13	Mate Disaster Recovery
1 14	DB Architecture Menu
e	Exit
\	/

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		Enter Choice: 2
7.	MPS A: The Configure Network Interfaces Menu is displayed. Select choice 1, Configure Provisioning Network.	Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP: /Configure Network Interfaces Menu 1 Configure Provisioning Network 2 Configure Sync Network 4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network 5 Configure Static NAT Addresses 6 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses e Exit Enter Choice: 1 Configuration Menu for Standalone PDB: /Configure Network Interfaces Menu 1 Configure Provisioning Network 2 Configure Backup Provisioning Network 3 Configure Static NAT Addresses e Exit Enter Choice: 1

8.	/Configure Provisiong Network Menu-\	
	for configuring communications networks and other information is	/\ 1 IPv4 Configuration
		2 IPv6 Configuration
	displayed.	
		\/
	Note: Enter choice "1"	Enter Choice:
	for IPv4 configuration. Otherwise, enter choice "2" for IPv6 configuration.	Example output for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP in IPv4 configuration:
		Enter Choice: 1
		Verifying connectivity with mate
		EPAP A provisioning network IP Address: 10.75.141.47 EPAP B provisioning network IP Address: 10.75.141.48
		EPAP provisioning network netmask: 255.255.255.128
		EPAP provisioning network default router: 10.75.141.1
		Example output Standalone PDB in IPv4 configuration:
		EPAP A provisioning network IP Address:10.75.141.47 EPAP provisioning network netmask:255.255.255.128 EPAP provisioning network default router:10.75.141.1
O C C C M C M IFDAD IN D C III		Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP:
<i>\</i>	MPS A: The Configure Network Interfaces menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit.	
		/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\ /\
		1 Configure Provisioning Network
		2 Configure Sync Network
		3 Configure DSM Network
		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		5 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		6 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses
		 e Exit

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		\/ Enter Choice: e
		Configuration Menu for Standalone PDB:
		/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
		1 Configure Provisioning Network
		2 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		3 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: e
10.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 3, Set Time Zone.	EPAP Configuration Menu for Non-prov EPAP:

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

	EPAP Configuration Menu\
1 1	Display Configuration
2	 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
•	 Set Time Zone
	 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
5	 Change Password
	 Platform Menu
	Configure NTP Server
8	 PDB Configuration Menu
•	 Security
10	SNMP Configuration
-	 Configure Alarm Feed
1 12	 Configure SNMP Agent Community
13	 Mate Disaster Recovery
' '	 DB Architecture Menu
	Exit
,	/ Choice: 3

11.	MPS A: An important Caution statement is displayed. After noting the caution, press Return to continue.	Caution: This action requires a reboot of the affected MPS servers to activate the change. Operation of the EPAP software before the MPS servers are rebooted may have unpredictable consequences. Press return to continue <return></return>
	You are prompted for confirmation on setting the time zone for the MPS A and MPS B at this site for Mixed EPAP or Non-provisionable EPAP. For Standalone PDB, time zone for MPS A is prompted only. Enter y to confirm the change. (Pressing Return accepts the default of 'N' (no), cancels the action and you are returned to the EPAP Configuration Menu). Type Y to set the time zone.	Are you sure you wish to change the timezone for MPS A and B? [N]: Y
12.	MPS A: The following prompt is displayed. If the time zone is known, it can be entered at the prompt. If the exact time zone value is not known, press Return, and a list of the valid names is displayed.	Enter a time zone:
13.	If an incorrect time zone is entered or if only the Return key is pressed, a list of all available time zone values is displayed.	Valid time zone files are: Australia/Broken_Hill Australia/LHI Australia/NSW Australia/North Australia/Queensland Australia/South Australia/Tasmania Australia/Victoria Australia/West

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		Australia //arasarriara	Australia /ACT	Duomil/Acro
	Note: The time zone	Australia/Yancowinna	Australia/ACT	Brazil/Acre
		Brazil/DeNoronha	Brazil/East _	Brazil/West
	change does not take	Canada/Atlantic	Canada/Central	Canada/East-
	effect until the next time	Saskatchewan		
	the MPS is rebooted.	Canada/Eastern	Canada/Mountain	
	the MPS is repooted.	Canada/Newfoundland	canada, nouncam	
		Canada/Pacific	Canada/Yukon	
			Callada/ Tukoli	
		Chile/Continental	/	/ 1
		Chile/EasterIsland	Etc/GMT	Etc/GMT+1
		Sample Output cor	itinues	
		End of out	put below	
		MST	MST7MDT	NZ
		NZ-CHAT	PRC	PST8PDT
		Poland	Portugal	ROC
		ROK	Singapore	Turkey
		W-SU		africa
			WET	
		asia	australasia	backward
		etcetera	europe	factory
		northamerica	pacificnew	solar87
		solar88	solar89	southamerica
		GB-Eire	GMT	GMT+0
		GMT+1	GMT+10	GMT+11
		GMT+12	GMT+10 GMT+13	GMT+11 GMT+2
		=		_
		GMT+3	GMT+4	GMT+5
		GMT+6	GMT+7	GMT+8
		GMT+9	GMT-0	GMT-1
		GMT-10	GMT-11	GMT-12
		GMT-2	GMT-3	GMT-4
		GMT-5	GMT-6	GMT-7
		GMT-8	GMT-9	Greenwich
		Jamaica	Navajo	UCT
			Universal	Zulu
		UTC	universai	ZuTu
		Enter a time zone file (rela	tive to /usr/share/lib/zonein	fo): US/Eastern
14.		EPAP Configuration Menu f	or Non-prov FPAP:	
	SERVER A: Enter	LFAF COILLIGHT WENG	of Non prov Erar.	
	choice 7, Configure			
	NTP Server Menu.			
	NOTE IN			
1	NOTE: If an NTP			
	server does not need to			
	be added at this time,			
1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1	you can skip all steps			
	related to option 7			

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

Configure NTP Server Menu, and proceed to	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
the PDB Configuration Menu at step 20.	1 Display Configuration
	2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
	3 Set Time Zone
	4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
	5 Change Password
	6 Platform Menu
	7 Configure NTP Server
	8 PDB Configuration Menu
	9 Security
	10 SNMP Configuration
	11 Configure Alarm Feed
	12 Configure SNMP Agent Community
	13 Mate Disaster Recovery
	14 DB Architecture Menu
	e Exit
	Enter Choice: 7
15. MPS A: The EPAP Configure NTP Server	/EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu-\

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

	Menu is displayed. Enter choice 2, Add External NTP Server. Note: Enter choice "1" to configure IPv4 NTP server. Otherwise, enter choice "2" to configure IPv6 NTP	1 Display External NTP Server 2 Add External NTP Server 3 Remove External NTP Server e Exit	
16.	MPS A: You are prompted to confirm the action of adding a new NTP Server. (Pressing Return would accept the default of 'N' or 'no', and would cancel the action to add an external NTP server.) Type Y and press return. NOTE: All NTP Server IP addresses shown are only examples.	Are you sure you wish to add new NTP Server? [N]: Y Enter the EPAP NTP Server IP Address: <ntp_server_ip_addr> External NTP Server [<ntp_server_ip_addr>] has been added. Press return to continue<return></return></ntp_server_ip_addr></ntp_server_ip_addr>	

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

17.	MPS A: The EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu is displayed. Enter choice 1, Display External NTP Server.	/EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu-\ /
18.	MPS A: Verify the External NTP Server IP address is correct and press Return. NOTE: All NTP Server IP addresses shown are only examples.	ntpserver1 <ipaddress> Press return to continue<return></return></ipaddress>
19.	MPS A: The EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit.	/EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu-\ 1 Display External NTP Server

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

20.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is	PDB Configuration Menu for Non-prov EPAP:
	displayed. Select choice 8, PDB Configuration	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
	Menu.	1 Display Configuration
	Note: Execute the step to do PDB	2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
	Configuration Menu (except step 27) even if the EPAP is to be	3 Set Time Zone
	configured as Non- Provisionable.	4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		13 Mate Disaster Recovery
		14 DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit
		Enter choice: 8

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

21.	MPS A: The Configure	PDB Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP:
	PDB Menu is displayed. Select choice 1.	/Configure PDB Menu\
	Select choice 1.	/\ 1 Configure PDB Network
		2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change MPS Provisionable State
		4 Create PDB
		5 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		6 Change PDBA Proxy State
		e Exit
		\/
		PDB Configuration menu for Non-Provisionable EPAP:
		/Configure PDB Menu\
		1 Configure PDB Network
		2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change Auto DB Recovery State
	Note: Configure the PDB network in the	e Exit
	same format as that of the provisioning network format.	Enter Choice: 1
		PDB Configuration Menu for Standalone PDB (for default DB Architecture: COMPACT):
		/Configure PDB Menu\

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		Enter Choice: 1
22.	MPS A: The PDB Network Configuration Menu is displayed.	PDB Network Configuration menu:
	Select choice 1.	/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /\ 1 IPv4 Configuration

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

22			
23.	MPS A: Provide the IP	Following is the output on Mixed EPAP.	
	address of the MPS A		
	on EAGLE A and the IP	verifying connectivity with mate	
	address for the MPS A	This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA	
	on EAGLE B where the remote PDBA database	iivi address is cultenery see to viiv. The Birn rocal rabbi	
		address is currently not configured.	
	is to reside. Enter the password for MPS A on EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0, 0, 0, 0]: <a address<="" ip="" th="">		
	EAGLE B. If	EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: EPAP remote PDBA B machine IP Address [0.0.0.0]: <b address="" ip="">	
	configuration of the	The server does not know of 	
	PDB network is	will just exchange host keys for the name given!	
	successful, the output	Password of epapdev: <epapdev password=""></epapdev>	
	confirms the secure		
	shell keys are		
	successfully exchanged,		
	as shown in the output		
	for		
Provisionable(mixed- EPAP and PDBonly) Following is the output on Non-Provisionable EPAP			
	EPAP and PDBonly) MPSs Following is the output on Non-Provisionable EPAP.		
Note: If the default values shown are Verifying connectivity with mate This MPS is configured to be non-provisionable. You			
		prompted for both of the remote PDBA addresses. Order does not	
	accept them. Otherwise, matter.		
	press Return.	Enter one of the two PDBA IP addresses [0.0.0.0]: <ip address=""></ip>	
	In case of Non-	Address>	
	Provisionable EPAP		
	1 -	Following is the output on Standalone PDB.	
		This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA	
		IPv4 address is currently set to <ip></ip>	
		The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently not set.	
	In case of Standalone	The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is <ip>.</ip>	
		EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]:	
	PDBA IP address.		
24.	MPS A: Press Return to	Skip this step if EPAP configured as Standalone PDB.	
	PDB Menu.		
l	accept them. Otherwise, enter the values and press Return. In case of Non-Provisionable EPAP provide the IP address of Active and Standby PDBA. In case of Standalone PDB, provide remote PDBA IP address. MPS A: Press Return to return to the Configure	matter. Enter one of the two PDBA IP addresses [0.0.0.0]: <ip address=""> Enter the other of the two PDBA IP addresses [0.0.0.0]: <ip address=""> Following is the output on Standalone PDB. This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDB IPv4 address is currently set to <ip> The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently not set. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is <ip>. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]:</ip></ip></ip></ip>	

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

	Enter choice 2, RTDB Homing Menu.	/Configure PDB Menu\
	S	1 Configure PDB Network
		2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change MPS Provisionable State
		4 Create PDB
		5 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		6 Change PDBA Proxy State
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 2
25.	MPS A: The RTDB Homing Menu is displayed. Enter choice 3, Configure Standby RTDB Homing.	Skip this step for Standalone PDB. /RTDB Homing Menu 1 Configure Specific RTDB Homing

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

26.	MPS A: The RTDB	Skip this step for Standalone PDB.
	Homing Menu is displayed. Enter e to	/RTDB Homing Menu\
	exit.	1 Configure Specific RTDB Homing
		2 Configure Active RTDB Homing
		3 Configure Standby RTDB Homing
		e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: e
27.	MPS A: Enter choice 4, Create PDB.	Note: Perform this step only for the Provisionable EPAP (Mixed EPAP or Standalone PDB). Skip this step if the EPAP is configured as Non-Provisionable.
		The Menu for Mixed EPAP.
	NOTE:	/Configure PDB Menu\
	It may be asked to stop the EPAP software if it is	1 Configure PDB Network
	running. Stop it by answering 'Y'.	2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change MPS Provisionable State
		4 Create PDB
		5 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		6 Change PDBA Proxy State
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 4

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		The Menu for Standalone PDB(for default DB Architecture: COMPACT):		
		/Configure PDB Menu\		
		/\ 		
		2 Create PDB		
		3 Change Auto DB Recovery State		
		e Exit		
		Enter Choice: 2		
		localIp = 10.75.141.47 localName=Natal-47A		
		remoteIp = 0.0.0.0 There is no remote PDB		
		remoteBIp = 0.0.0.0 There is no remote B PDB		
		mysqld is alive Local PDB database does not exist.		
		Creating the local database		
		~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~		
		PDBA process is already stopped. Removing local pdba status file.		
		Creating the remote database		
28.	NOTE:	TRUNCATED OUTPUT		
_	The example output to the right has been	een MyISAM file: /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/stats/pdbaStats.MYI is alreaded		
	truncated for brevity.	Waiting for mysqlpdb to start done		
		Removing local pdba status file. Removing remote pdba status file.		

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

29.	MPS A: The Configure	The Configure PDB Menu for Mixed EPAP:
	PDB Menu is displayed. Enter choice e , Exit.	/Configure PDB Menu\
	The Configure PDB Menu is displayed.	1 Configure PDB Network
	Enter choice e , Exit.	2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change MPS Provisionable State
		4 Create PDB
		5 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		6 Change PDBA Proxy State
		e Exit \/
		Enter Choice: e
		The Configure PDB Menu for Standalone PDB:
		/Configure PDB Menu\
		1 Configure PDB Network
		2 Create PDB
		3 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		e Exit \/
		Enter Choice: e
30.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Enter choice 1, Display Configuration.	

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

/	EPAP Configuration Menu\	
1 1 1	Display Configuration	
1 2 1	Configure Network Interfaces Menu	
3	Set Time Zone	
1	Exchange Secure Shell Keys	
	 Change Password 	
6	 Platform Menu 	
	 Configure NTP Server 	
	 PDB Configuration Menu 	
	 Security	
10	SNMP Configuration	
	Configure Alarm Feed	
	Configure Query Server	
13	 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed	
14	 Configure SNMP Agent Community	
15	 Mate Disaster Recovery	
e	 Exit	
	/ Choice: 1	

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

31.	MPS A: The		
		For Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP configured in IPv4 configuration,	
1 -			9
		the comiguration data shall room mice	
31.	MPS A: The configuration information is displayed. Verify that the configuration data displayed is correct.	For Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP confithe configuration data shall look like: EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address v6 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address v6 Provisioning Network IP Address v6 Provisioning Network Netmask Provisioning Network Prefix Provisioning Network Default Router Provisioning Network Default Router v6 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 Backup Prov Network Prefix v6 Backup Prov Network Prefix v6 Backup Prov Network Default Router Backup Prov Network Address EPAP B Sync Network Address EPAP B Main DSM Network Address EPAP B Main DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP A Static NAT Address EPAP B HTTP Port Remote MPS A Static NAT Address EPAP B Attic NAT Address EPAP B Attic NAT Address EPAP B Static NAT A	= 10.75.141.55 = Not configured = 10.75.141.56 = Not configured = 255.255.255.128 = Not configured = 10.75.141.1 = Not configured = Not configured
		Remote Provisioning VIP Local PDBA Address Local PDBA Address v6	= Not configured = 10.75.141.55 =
		LOCAL PDBA Address V6 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000 Remote PDBA Address	= 0.0.0.0
		Remote PDBA B Address	= 0.0.0.0
		Remote PDBA Address Remote PDBA B Address Time Zone PDB Database Preferred PDB Allow updates from alternate PDB	= America/New_York
		PDB Database	= Exists
		Preferred PDB	= 10.75.141.55
		Allow updates from alternate PDB	= Yes
		'	

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		Auto DB Recovery Enabled	= No
		PDBA Proxy Enabled	= NO
1		I DEA I TONY EMBOTED	- 110
		Press return to continue <return></return>	
		For Standalone PDB, the configuration data shall le	ook like:
		EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address Provisioning Network Netmask Provisioning Network Prefix Provisioning Network Default Router Provisioning Network Default Router v6 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 Backup Prov Network Netmask Backup Prov Network Default Router Backup Prov Network Default Router Backup Prov Network Default Router v6 Network Configuration Type EPAP IP Version EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP A Static NAT Address PDBI Port Remote MPS A Static NAT Address Remote MPS A HTTP Port Local PDBA Address Local PDBA Address Local PDBA Address Time Zone PDB Database Auto DB Recovery Enabled Press return to continue <return></return>	= 255.255.255.128 = Not configured = 10.250.51.1 = Not configured
32.	MPS A: The EPAP	EPAP Configuration Menu for Non-Provisio	nal EPAP:
	Configuration Menu is displayed.		
	Enter choice e , Exit.		
	l	ı	

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

Note: Skip this step for provisionable EPAP	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
(mixed EPAP or standalone PDB) and	1 Display Configuration
directly move to step- 33.	2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
	3 Set Time Zone
	4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
	5 Change Password
	6 Platform Menu
	7 Configure NTP Server
	8 PDB Configuration Menu
	9 Security
	10 SNMP Configuration
	11 Configure Alarm Feed
	12 Configure SNMP Agent Community
	13 Mate Disaster Recovery
	14 DB Architecture Menu
	e Exit
	Enter Choice: e
	For Non-Provisionable EPAP, the following is displayed.

		INFO: Increasing rt volume size for Non-provisionable EPAP. Please wait INFO: db space increased on 'A'. INFO: Stopping Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done. INFO: Starting Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done. INFO: Successfully configured Non-provisionable EPAP.
33.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 6, Platform Menu.	EPAP Configuration Menu for mixed EPAP:

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

	EPAP Configuration Menu\
1 1	Display Configuration
j 2	 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
'	 Set Time Zone
	 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
5	 Change Password
-	 Platform Menu
	 Configure NTP Server
	 PDB Configuration Menu
1	 Security
	SNMP Configuration
11	 Configure Alarm Feed
12	 Configure Query Server
13	 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
14	 Configure SNMP Agent Community
15	 Mate Disaster Recovery
	 Exit
	Choice: 6

34.	MPS A: The Platform Menu is displayed. Enter Choice 2, Reboot MPS.	Menu for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP:
		/EPAP Platform Menu-\
		1 Initiate Upgrade
		2 Reboot MPS
		3 MySQL Backup
		 5 PDB Backup
		 e Exit
		\/ Enter Choice: 2
	a A	prevent updating of the RTDB until the EPAP software is automatically re-started when the system comes back up. Are you sure you want to reboot the MPS? [N]: Menu for Standalone PDB:
		/EPAP Platform Menu-\ /\
		1 Initiate Upgrade
	 3 4 e \ Ente	2 Reboot MPS
		3 MySQL Backup
		4 PDB Backup
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 2
		CAUTION: Rebooting this MPS will stop all EPAP processes will prevent updating of the RTDB until the EPAP software is
		automatically re-started when the system comes back up.

35.	MPS A: For Mixed EPAP and Non- Provisionable EPAP you are prompted whether MPS A, MPS B or BOTH sides are to be rebooted. Select the default value of BOTH	For Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP, a prompt is displayed: Reboot MPS A, MPS B or [BOTH]: <return></return>
	In case of the Standalone PDB, no prompt is given and the server goes down for a reboot.	For Standalone PDB, the following is displayed. Reboot local MPS Broadcast message from root (pts/1) (Thu May 29 16:13:51 2014): The system is going down for reboot NOW!
36.	MPS A: Determine the mysqld multi log file permissions are correct.	Refer to Procedure 14, step 4 and 5.
37.	MPS A: The console logon appears at the system prompt signifying the EPAP initial configuration is completed.	<pre><hostname> login: admusr Password: Note: The console logon will be preceded by many lines of reboot output.</hostname></pre>
38.	MPS A: Accept Upgrade	Refer to Procedure 21 to accept the upgrade.
39.	MPS B: Determine the mysqld multi log file permissions are correct.	Refer to Procedure 14, step 4 and 5.
40.	MPS B: Accept Upgrade	Repeat Procedure 21 on MPS B to accept upgrade.

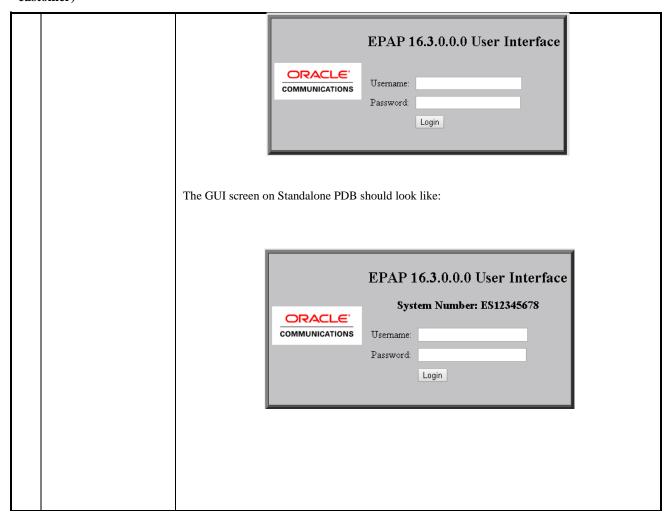
41.	Connected PDBonly: Configure DSM Min Mem Size	Execute Procedure A.21 only if the Non-Prov EPAP is installed and is connected to Standalone PDB server. Otherwise, skip this step if — a. This is Mixed EPAP b. This is non-prov EPAP and connected to mixed EPAP.
42.	Reconnect console cables.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B B card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B A card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
43.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.

Procedure 12 Provision data from GUI

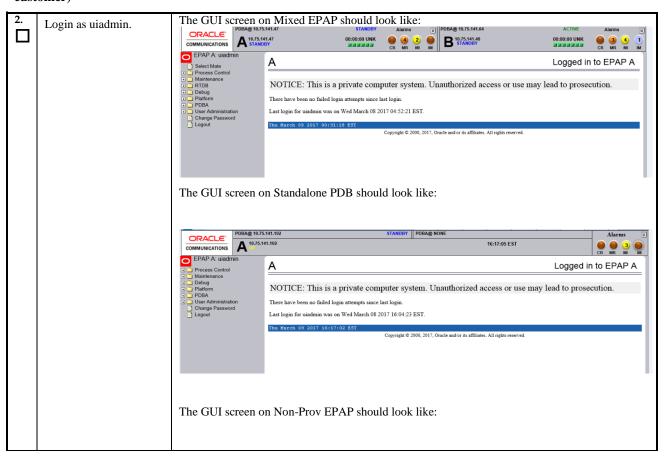
Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)

_		
S	This procedure provision 1 NE and 1 DN from GUI on Active Site.	
T E P #	Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	Access the EPAP GUI by opening a web browser (Preferably IE) via HTTPS and providing the IP address of Server A. The EPAP LOGIN screen should appear.	The GUI screen on Mixed EPAP should look like:

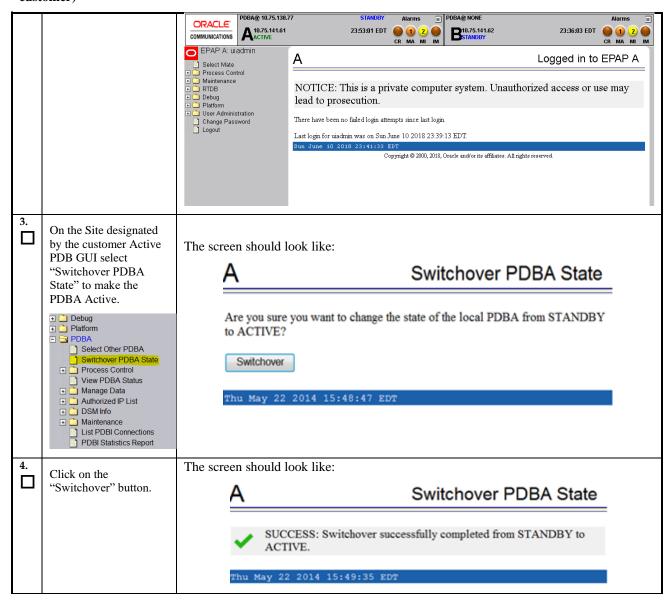
Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)



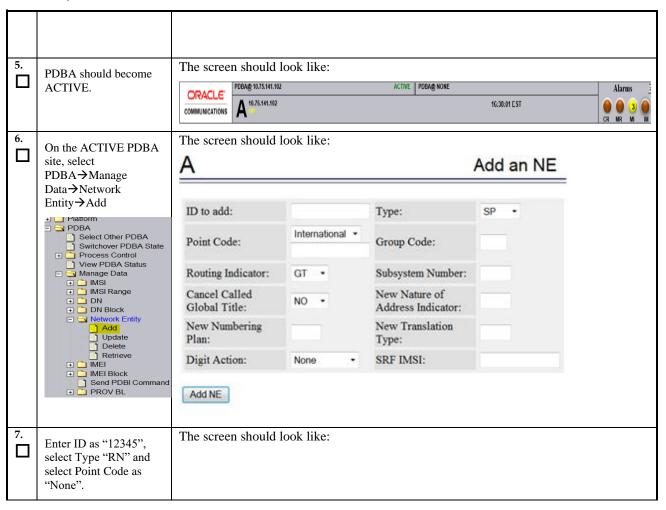
Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)



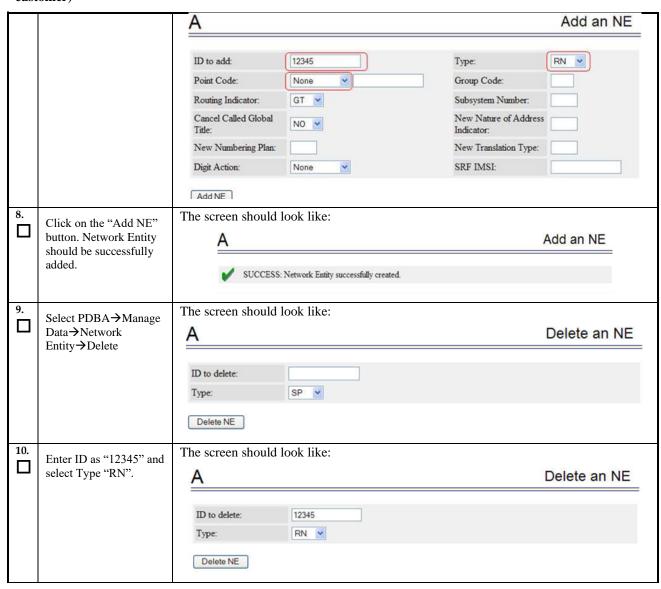
Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)



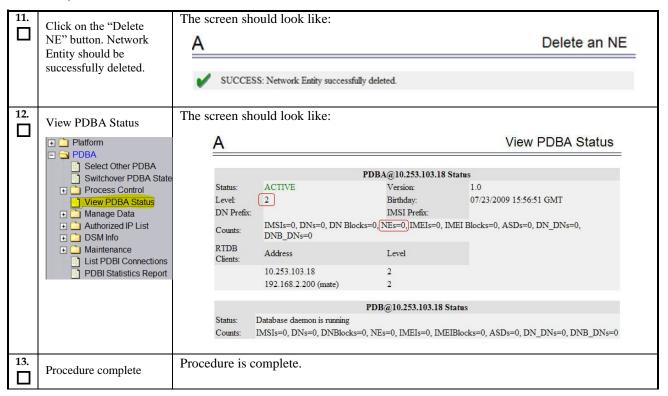
Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)



Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)



Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)



Procedure 13 Change DB Architecture

Procedure 13: Change the DB Architecture

NOTE: Skip this procedure in following two cases:

- 1. EPAP 16.3 is a Mixed EPAP.
- 2. The Eagle connected to EPAP has release 46.6.0.0.0 or earlier release.
- S
 This procedure change the DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme.

 T
 E
 Check off (1) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

P		
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	MPS A: Log in as epapdev user.	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev password: password
2.	MPS A: Log into epapconfig.	\$ sudo su — epapconfig
3.	MPS A: The EPAP	Note: Start Pdba software before executing this operation.
	Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 14 or 15, DB Architecture Menu	EPAP Configuration Menu for Non-Provisionable:
	Note: Select choice 14 on Non-provisionable EPAP and 15 on PDBonly.	

/-	EPAP Configuration Menu\
1	1 Display Configuration
i	2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
	3 Set Time Zone
	4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
i	5 Change Password
-	6 Platform Menu
	7 Configure NTP Server
	8 PDB Configuration Menu
-	9 Security
_	 10 SNMP Configuration
i :	 11 Configure Alarm Feed
i :	 12 Configure SNMP Agent Community
i :	 13 Mate Disaster Recovery
	 14 DB Architecture Menu
i	e Exit
	er choice: 14
EP	AP Configuration Menu for standalone PDB:

	EPAP Configuration Menu\
1 1	Display Configuration
1 2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
•	Set Time Zone
	 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
5	 Change Password
	 Platform Menu
	 Configure NTP Server
8	 PDB Configuration Menu
9	 Security
10	 SNMP Configuration
11	 Configure Alarm Feed
12	 Configure Query Server
13	 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
14	 Configure SNMP Agent Community
15	 DB Architecture Menu
e	 Exit
,	/ choice: 15

4.	MPS A: The DB Architecture Menu is displayed. Select choice 1, Display current DB Architecture Note: Default DB Architecture is displayed.	/DB Architecture Menu\ /\ 1 Display Current DB Architecture
		Enter Choice: 1 DB Architecture: COMPACT
5.	MPS A: The DB Architecture Menu is displayed. Select choice 2, Change DB Architecture to eXtreme	Skip this step if DB Architecture already set to eXtreme. /DB Architecture Menu\ /\
	NOTE: It may be asked to stop the EPAP software if it is running. Stop it by answering 'Y'.	1 Display Current DB Architecture
		Enter Choice: 2 Example output Non-Provisionable EPAP:

Caution: If this option is selected, the DB Architecture shall be changed from Compact to eXtreme and this architecture cannot be reverted. WARNING: In order to complete this change in DB Architecture, you must perform RTDB conversion. Are you sure you want to change the DB Architecture from Compact to eXtreme? [N]: y EPAP software is running. Stop it? [N]: y EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: y INFO: DB ARCHITECTURE changed to eXtreme. **Example output Standalone PDB:** Caution: If this option is selected, the DB Architecture shall be changed from Compact to eXtreme and this architecture cannot be reverted. Please verify that all connected Non-Provisional Sites are running on eXtreme Architecture. It will take 30 minutes or more to populate the PDB 9Dig tables. Are you sure you want to change the DB Architecture from Compact to eXtreme? [N]: Y EPAP software is running. Stop it? [N]: Y PDBA software is running. Stop it? [N]: Y INFO: Populating the DN 9 Digit tables... INFO: Populating the IMSI 9 Digit tables... INFO: Populating the IMEI 9 Digit tables... INFO: DB ARCHITECTURE changed to eXtreme. Press return to continue... 6. MPS A: The DB Architecture Menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit

		/DB Architecture Menu\ /
7.	MPS A: EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit	

	/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\
	1 Display Configuration
	2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
	3 Set Time Zone
	4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
	5 Change Password
	6 Platform Menu
	7 Configure NTP Server
	8 PDB Configuration Menu
	9 Security
	10 SNMP Configuration
	Configure Alarm Feed
	12 Configure Query Server
	13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
	14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
	 15 DB Architecture Menu
	 e Exit
	Enter Choice: e
	Enter Choice. C
8. MPS A: Start Epap software.	Start Epap software to reflect the changes. Use the following command to start Epap:

	Note: Move to step 11 if it is configured as PDBonly. Otherwise continue to next step.	\$ service Epap start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful.
9.	MPS B: Log on Server B.	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev password: password
10.	MPS B: Start Epap software.	Start Epap software to reflect the changes. Use the following command to start Epap:
		\$ service Epap start
		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful.
11.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.

6. SOFTWARE UPGRADE PROCEDURES

Procedure 14 Assess MPS server's readiness for upgrade

Procedure14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

S T	This procedure executes the steps required to assess the readiness of a system to be upgraded.	
E P	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .
1.	MPS B: Log in as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged-in, then log in.
	user epapuev .	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
2.	MPS B: Display the /etc/hosts configuration for the pdb entities.	If upgrading the first MPS B of a Provisionable mated pair, execute the following command to display the configuration of pdb entries:
		\$ grep pdb /etc/hosts
		Otherwise, skip to step 4.
3.	MPS B: Verify the correct configuration for	Below is an example of the output of the grep command:
	pdb entities in the	192.168.55.176 host1-a pdba
	/etc/hosts file.	192.168.61.76 host2-a prova-ip pdbb
		If the command output contains 2 entries (pdba and pdbb are both configured), continue to the next step.
		If the command output does not contain unique entries for pdba and pdbb, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0.
4.	MPS B: Determine the mysqld multi log file permissions are correct.	Execute the following command to display the file properties of the mysqld_multi log file:
		\$ ls -l /var/TKLC/epap/db/mysqld_multi.log -rw-rw-r 1 mysql mysql 5460 Jun 21 05:37 /var/TKLC/epap/db/mysqld_multi.log

Procedure14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

5.	MPS B: Verify the file permissions.	Ownerships and permissions of mysqld_multi.log should be set as mysql:mysql and 644 respectively. If it is not same as illustrated in above step 4 then change it using following command: Switch user to root. \$ su - root Password:
		Execute the following command to change the ownership: \$ chown mysql:mysql mysqld_multi.log
		Execute the following command to change the file permission: \$ chmod 644 mysqld_multi.log
		Repeat above step 4 to verify ownerships and permissions of mysqld_multi.log .
		Logout from the "root" user by executing the following command:
		\$ exit
6.	MPS B: Display the contents of the /var/TKLC/upgrade directory.	Execute the following command to display the presence of EPAP software ISO images: \$ ls -la /var/TKLC/upgrade
		Note: The file permissions and ownership may vary due to the different methods used to transfer the file.
		Below is an example of the output of the 'ls -la' command for EPAP16.2: [root@Natal-A upgrade] # 1s -la total 1785996 drwxrwxr-x. 3 root admgrp 4096 Jun 23 01:19 . dr-xr-xr-x. 21 root root 4096 Jun 23 00:00rr 1 root root 904644608 Jun 23 01:19 EPAP-16.2.0.0.1_162.26.0-x86_64.iso
		Below is an example of the output of the 'ls -la' command for EPAP16.1:

Procedure14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

		[root@Natal-A upgrade] # ls -la
		total 2920036 drwxrwxr-x. 3 root admgrp 4096 Jun 23 01:34 .
		dr-xr-xr-x. 21 root root 4096 Jun 23 00:00
		-rr 1 root root 1161250816 Jun 23 01:34 EPAP-16.1.1.0.0 161.38.0-x86 64.iso
7.	MPS B: Delete old ISO	
$ \ddot{\Box} $	images.	
ш	images.	
		Switch user to root.
		\$ su - root
		Password:
		Passworu:
		Remove any ISO images that are not the target software ISO image using the following
		command:
		# rm -f /var/TKLC/upgrade/ <filename></filename>
		Refer to step 6 to display the content of /var/TKLC/upgrade directory. Removed ISO
		should not be displayed.
		Switch to epapdev user.
		# su - epapdev
		" or opapas
8.	MPS B: Determine	
	when last reboot	¢
	occurred.	\$ uptime
	For any server up longer	15-10-24 up 22 days 2-05 2 years Tool system 0 10 0 12
	than 180 days would be	15:19:34 up 23 days, 3:05, 2 users, load average: 0.10, 0.13, 0.09
	a candidate for reboot	0.03
	during a maintenance window.	
	window.	
9.	MDCD. I - 1	t an administra
9.	MPS B: Log in as the	\$ su - admusr
	user "admusr".	Password:
∣⊔∣		

Procedure14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

10.	MPS B: Disk Integrity	Execute the following command:
	step: Executing self-test	\$ sudo smartctl -t short /dev/sda
	on the disk.	
		The output on E5-APP-B card would be like:
		smartctl 5.43 2012-06-30 r3573 [x86 64-linux-2.6.32-
		642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64] (local build)
		Copyright (C) 2002-12 by Bruce Allen,
		http://smartmontools.sourceforge.net
		=== START OF OFFLINE IMMEDIATE AND SELF-TEST SECTION ===
		Sending command: "Execute SMART Short self-test routine immediately in
		off-line mode".
		Drive command "Execute SMART Short self-test routine immediately in
		off-line mode" successful.
		Testing has begun.
		Please wait 1 minutes for test to complete.
		Test will complete after Sat Feb 25 22:08:20 2017
		Use smartctl -X to abort test.
		Note: Please wait for 5 minutes for the test to complete.
11.	MPS B: Disk Integrity	•
	step.	Execute the following command:
	•	\$ sudo smartctl -l selftest /dev/sda
	Contact My Oracle	,
	Support if the output	The output on E5-APP-B card would be like:
	shows any error/failure.	The output on 25 7111 B card would be like.
		smartctl 5.43 2012-06-30 r3573 [x86 64-linux-2.6.32-
		642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64] (local build)
		Copyright (C) 2002-12 by Bruce Allen,
		http://smartmontools.sourceforge.net
		=== START OF READ SMART DATA SECTION ===
		SMART Self-test log structure revision number 1
		Num Test_Description Status Remaining
		LifeTime(hours) LBA_of_first_error
		# 1 Short offline Completed without error 00% 12435
12.	MPS B: Disk Integrity	Execute the following command:
	step	\$ sudo smartctl -a /dev/sda grep -i LBA
		The output would be like.
	Contact My Oracle	The output would be like:
	Support if any output	
	shows "Completed:	

Procedure14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

	read failure" or	241 Total LBAs Written 0x0032 100 100 000 Old age Always
		- 340851
	"Error: UNC xxx	\ \frac{1}{2} \fra
	sectors".	242 Total_LBAs_Read 0x0032 100 100 000 Old_age Always
		- 1689714
		Num Test_Description Status Remaining
		LifeTime(hours) LBA of first error
		SPAN MIN LBA MAX LBA CURRENT TEST STATUS
13.	MPS B: Disk Integrity	Repeat steps 10 to 12 for the /dev/sdb disk drive on E5-APP-B card:
_	Test.	Repeat steps to to 12 for the /dev/sub disk diffe on Es /HT B card.
ΙШ	Test.	
14.	MPS B: Logout from	Logout from the "admusr" user by executing the following command:
П	"admusr".	Legent from the damast does by executing the following community
ιш	admusi .	ea
		\$ exit
15.	MPS A: Log in to the	If not already logged-in, login at MPS A as 'epapdev'.
	server as user	If not another togget in, regin at the ST as epaper.
ΙЦ		
	"epapdev".	<hostname> console login: epapdev</hostname>
		password: <password></password>
		passion at a spassion at
1.0	35DG 4 D 1	
16.	MPS A: Repeat checks	Repeat steps-2 to 14 on MPS A.
	on Server A.	
	B 1 C 1:	
17.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.

Procedure 15 Pre and Post Upgrade Backups

Procedure 15: Pre and Post Upgrade Backups

S	This procedure performs the pre and post upgrade backups.		
T			
E	Check off $()$ each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P			
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.		
1.	MPS A: Backup system configuration on MPS A. Execute Procedure A.3 to backup the system configuration on MPS A.		

Procedure 15: Pre and Post Upgrade Backups

2.	MPS B: Backup system configuration on MPS B.	Execute Procedure A.3 to backup the system configuration on MPS B.
3.	MPS B: Backup RTDB database.	Execute Procedure A.7 to backup the RTDB database on MPS B.
4.	MPS A: Backup PDB database.	Execute Procedure A.6 to backup the PDB on MPS A of the Active PDBA. NOTE: Only execute this step if the MPS-A is configured as a Provisionable node. Check the output of Procedure 2, step 9 to verify if MPS A is Provisionable or not.
5.	MPS A: Backup EuiDB database.	Execute Procedure A.8 to backup the EuiDB database on MPS A.
6.	MPS A: Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.

Procedure 16 Pre-upgrade system time check

Procedure16: Pre-Upgrade System Time Check

S	This procedure performs the pre-upgrade system time check.
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .
#	The the electric of the state o

The MPS servers make use of NTP to keep time synchronized between servers. Under some circumstances, either at initial installation in the customer's network or due to power interruption and battery failure, it is possible for an MPS server to have a system date/time value too large for NTP to correct. If the system time is 20 minutes or more off from the real time, NTP cannot correct it.

Check the date/time on both MPS-A and MPS-B servers, and correct the system time on any server off by more than 15 minutes from the real time.

1.	MPS A: Login as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>	
2.	MPS A: Execute the "date" command.	Execute the "date" command and examine the result. \$ date Sat Feb 25 22:09:58 EDT 2018	
3.	MPS B: Login as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS B: <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>	
4.	MPS B: Execute the "date" command.	Execute the "date" command and examine the result. \$ date Sat Feb 25 22:09:58 EDT 2018	
5.	Compare result to the real time.	Compare the result from the "date" command in the previous step to the real time. If the difference is 15 minutes or less, then this procedure is complete, otherwise if the difference exceeds 15 minutes, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0.	
6.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.	

Procedure 17 Check 9dig counts before moving to eXtreme architecture

Procedure 17: Check 9dig counts before moving to eXtreme architecture

S	This procedurechecks the 9dig counts for all DN/IMSI and IMEI.			
T				
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is	s completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE .		
#				
Ver	ify the PDB data are w	rithin 9dig limitation		
Man		I. CEV		
	simum 9dig limit for DN			
	simum 9dig limit for IM			
Max	simum 9dig limit for IM	EI: 250K		
1.	MPS A: Login as the	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A:		
	user "epapdev" on	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev</hostname></pre>		
	standalone PDB.	password: <password></password>		
2.	MPS A: Execute the	Execute the "parse9Dig" script and examine the result.		
	"parse9Dig" script on			
	standalone PDB. Note: Stop the Pdba software before executing this script.			
	h / MYY G/ / G / OD: 11			
		\$ /usr/ I KLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all c		
		Cat references from the fallowing around at		
		Get reference from the following snapshot:		
		\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all c Get reference from the following snapshot:		

		[epapdev@Osorna-1B-PDBonly config]\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all c
		This utility will retrieve all digits for DB and parse them into 9Dig entries.

		Parsing DN digits into 9digits
		INFO: DN 9dig count 2.
		Parsing IMSI digits into 9digits
		INFO: IMSI 9dig count: 9.
		Parsing IMEI digits into 9digits
		INFO: IMEI 9dig count: 1.
		Utility End Time: 06/13/18-20:51:48 [epapdev@Osorna-1B-PDBonly config]\$
		If any of the data type from DN/IMSI and IMEI exeeds the 9Dig limit, then DB Architecture cannot be changed to extreme.
3.	MPS A: Procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.

S T E P #	This procedure upgrades MPS B server. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE .
1.	Notify potential users not to start the PDBA software during the duration of the upgrade.

	It is required that the Non-Provisionable EPAP be upgraded first, before any Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) EPAP mated pairs. Refer to section 2.3 for more details on upgrading non-provisional EPAP systems.			
2.	Establish a connection to MPS B.	If access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.		
		For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx		
	Skip to step 7, if connected through serial console.			
3.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS A.	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A. # ssh admusr@ <mps a=""></mps>		
	Log in to MPS A.	Password: <password></password>		
4.	MPS A: Start screen session.	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B.		
	MPS A: Connect to the console of MPS B.	\$ screen -L Execute the following command on E5-APP-B: \$ sudo minicom mate If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.27.		
5.	MPS B: Login prompt is displayed.	<pre><hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>		
6.	MPS B: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname></pre>		

7.	MPS B: Determine media available for upgrade.	Perform Procedure A.12 or use an EPAP ISO image to perform upgrade.
8.	MPS B: Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade or a Major upgrade	Check Procedure 2, Step 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is a major upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 11.
9.	MPS B: Disable syscheck fs module.	<pre>\$ su - root Password: # syscheckAdmdisable disk fs</pre>
10.	MPS B: Create upgrade.conf for splitting mirrors.	Create a file (if not already created) and add the line "BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR" (to trigger the split mirror upgrade) by executing the following steps: 1. #vi /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf 2.If file already contains some white listed alarms then append bellow line at the end of the file, otherwise add it to first line: BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR NOTE: Not performing this step will prevent any successful backout. Execute the following command to verify that the above command has been executed successfully: # cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf The output should be: [root@MPS-B ~]# cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR # su - admusr
11.	MPS A: Log in to the server as the user "admusr".	login to MPS A: <hostname> console login: admusr password: <pre></pre></hostname>

12. MPS A: Check if eagle_alarm_feed variable is present in EuiDB		Run below command to check if uiEdit variable is present or not. \$ uiEdit grep "EAGLE_ALARM_FEED" "EAGLE_ALARM_FEED" is set to "ON" Note: If no output is displayed after above command is run, then run next step else skip next step. NOTE: Skipping this step if EAGLE_ALARM_FEED variable is not present in EuiDB will cause upgrade to fail
	EAGLE_ALARM_F EED variable in EuiDB	Run below command to insert missing variable in EuiDB. \$ /usr/bin/mysql -uroot -p <password> -B EuiDB -e "insert into econfig values ('EAGLE_ALARM_FEED','ON')" Check if above command was successful. Output should be as displayed below: \$ echo \$? 0 Repet Step 12 to check if value is inserted successfully in DB. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0, if this step fails.</password>
14.	MPS A: Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is No. Note: Skip this step for Non-Prov and PDBonly EPAP.	# sudo su - epapconfig

/	EPAP Configuration Menu\
	Display Configuration
2	 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
3	 Set Time Zone
	 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
	 Change Password
I	 Platform Menu
	 Configure NTP Server
	 PDB Configuration Menu
	 Security
10	 SNMP Configuration
	 Configure Alarm Feed
12	 Configure Query Server
13	 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
	 Configure SNMP Agent Community
	 Mate Disaster Recovery
 e	 Exit
\	/
EPAP A EPAP B	Choice: 1 Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 ioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0

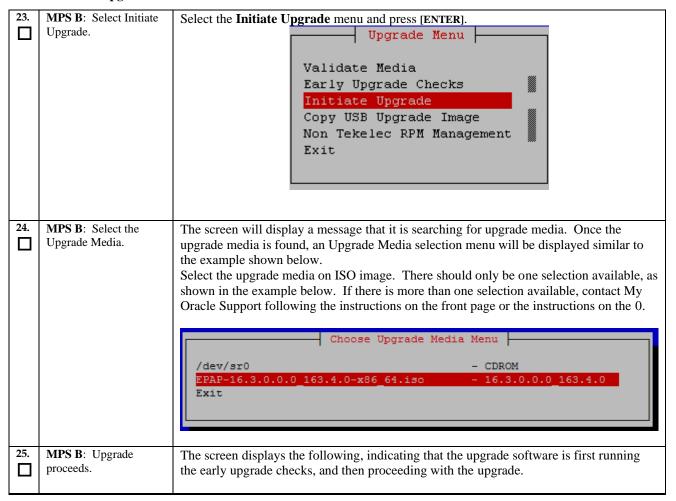
		Provisioning Network Default Router EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address Backup Prov Network Netmask Backup Prov Network Default Router EPAP A Sync Network Address EPAP B Sync Network Address EPAP B Main DSM Network Address EPAP B Main DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP B Static NAT Address Remote MPS A Static NAT Address Remote Provisioning VIP Remote Provisioning VIP Local PDBA Address Remote PDBA Address Remote PDBA B Address Remote PDBA Time Zone PDB Database Preferred PDB Allow updates from alternate PDB Allow DB Recovery Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Execut Active and Standby for dual PDBA setup to disable features. Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then skip	= Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = 192.168.2.100 = 192.168.2.200 = 192.168.120.200 = 192.168.121.100 = 192.168.121.200 = 80 = 80 = 80 = 8001 = 8473 = 8473 = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = S873 = Not configured = S873 = Not configured = 192.168.15.152 = 192.168.15.152 = 192.168.15.115 = 192.168.16.116 = America/New_York = Exists = Standby = Yes = Yes = Yes = Procedure A.19 on both PDBA
		Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then $SKII$	p uns step.
15.	MPS A: Clear PDB replication logs	If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Execute Procedure A.29 to clear replication logs	
		Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then skip this step.	

16.	MPS A: Choose "e" to exit.	MPS Side A:

/EPAP Configuration Menu\
1 Display Configuration
2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
3 Set Time Zone
4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
5 Change Password
6 Platform Menu
7 Configure NTP Server
8 PDB Configuration Menu
9 Security
10 SNMP Configuration
11 Configure Alarm Feed
12 Configure Query Server
13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
15 Mate Disaster Recovery
e Exit
\/

		Enter Choice: e
17.	MPS B: Log in to the server as the user "admusr".	login to MPS B if not already logged in: <hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname>
18.	MPS B: Execute the platcfg menu.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
19.	MPS B: Select the Maintenance submenu.	The platefg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Remote Consoles Exit
20.	MPS B: Select the Upgrade submenu.	Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER]. Maintenance Menu Upgrade Backup and Restore View Mail Queues Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs Exit
21.	MPS B: Select Early Upgrade Checks	Select the "Early Upgrade Checks" menu to verify that the system is ready for upgrade.

		Upgrade Menu
		Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Non Tekelec RPM Management Exit If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the NTP related alarms, then execute step 22. Otherwise, skip to step 23. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0, if the early upgrade checks fail due to any other reason.
22.	MPS B: White List NTP Alarms	1) If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the NTP related alarms, then ignore the NTP alarms using the following commands: a. Exit the platefg menu b. Change to root user using the "su -" command. c. vim /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf d. Edit the following line to include the NTP related alarms. EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2 For example – To whitelist the NTP alarm "tpdNTPDaemonNotSynchronizedWarning" which has the alarm code TKLCPLATMI10, the above mentioned line should be edited as EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMI10 Note: There should not be any space between two alarms i.e. between TKSPLATMI2 and TKSPLATMI10 2) If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to "Server Default Route Network Error", then this alarm shall be whitelisted in upgrade.conf file. To whitelist this alarm which has the alarm code TKSPLATMA14, the above mentioned line should be edited as EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMI10, TKSPLATMA14



26.	MDS D. Harrada	Replacing <seconds> with the value from the log. Starting Early Upgrade Checks at 1448399773 Running earlyUpgradeChecks() for Upgrade::EarlyPolicy::TPDEarlyChecks upgrade policy Verified server is not pending accept of previous upgrade Hardware architectures match Install products match. Whitelisted alarms: Verified server is alarm free! Verified all raid mirrors are synced. Early Upgrade Checks Have Passed! Early Upgrade Checks finished at 1448399780 Initializing upgrade information</seconds>
	MPS B: Upgrade proceeds.	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. Finally, after upgrade is complete, the server will reboot.
27.	MPS B: Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, Press Enter the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below. Starting smartd: [OK] Daemon is not running AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 9750 TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, process 9782 Oracle Linux Server release 6.9 Kernel 2.6.32-696.20.1.el6prerel7.6.0.0.0_88.47.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 Arica-A login:
28.	MPS B: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	After upgrade, exit from the console and open new console using EPAP IP and login by epapdev user. <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <pre></pre></hostname>
29.	MPS B: Verify the Upgrade.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported.

Check Procedure 2, Steps 7 and 8 to determine whether it is incremental or major upgrade. If it is major upgrade, then consider following error and warning. \$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log Following errors shall be observed:
1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out!
1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg
1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf
1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v .1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414::-1530669414:: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414: 1530669414:: 1530669414:: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table /var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI' 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.

```
1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.
530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:
1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory 1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such
file or directory
[NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18
to version 5.7]
Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the
instructions on the 0, if the output contains any error other than the above mentioned
Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the
error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.
$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported.
```

```
Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the
instructions on the 0, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:
1488951825::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been
updated...reparsing xml...
1530712185::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default
capabilities.
1530712186::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's capabilities.
1530712186::WARNING: CAPABILITY: service__disabled
1530712186::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB
1488951890::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.softdep failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
1488951902::warning: 573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory
1488951902::warning: 573.18.1.el6prerel7.
                                   erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory 1488951903::kexec-tools #warning: /etc/kdump.conf created as
c/kdump.conf.rpmnew
1488952115::ca-certificates /etc/pki/tls/ce
                                                           ###########warning:
rts/ca-bundle.crt created as /etc/pki/tls/certs/ca-bundle.crt.rpmnew
1488952136::samhain warning: /etc/samhainrc crea
                                                           warning: /etc/samhainrc created as
/etc/
samhainrc.rpmnew
1488952138::php-common
                                                           #warning: /etc/php.ini created as
/etc/p
hp.ini.rpmnew
1488952209::initscripts
                                                           ##warning: /etc/sysctl.conf created as
etc/sysctl.conf.rpmnew
1488952260::mysql-commercial-server
                                                           warning: /etc/my.cnf created as
/etc/my.
cnf.rpmnew
1488952291::ntp
                                                           warning: /etc/ntp.conf created as
/etc/n
tp.conf.rpmnew
1488952302::TKLCplat ###########wal
/usr/TKLC/plat/
etc/pid_conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/pid_conf.rpmnew
                                                           ############warning:
```

```
1488952302::#warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/service_conf created as
148895230::#wairing./usr/TKLC/plat/
etc/service_conf.rpmnew
1488952320::TKLCalarms ###warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/al
arms.xml saved as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml.rpmsave
darms.xml saved as /usr/rkLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml.rpmsave
1488952328::alarmMgr ###warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/
alarmMgr.conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/alarmMgr.conf.rpmnew
1488952471::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default
capabilities.
1488952471::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's
capabilities
1488952471::WARNING: CAPABILITY: service__disabled
                                                                        warning: /etc/sudoers created as
1488952602::sudo
/etc/su
doers.rpmnew
1488952709::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been
reparsing xml...
1488952718::TKLCepap-HA
#############################warnin
g: group root} does not exist - using root
1488952942::warning: erase unlink of /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/dbMigration failed:
such file or directory
1488952949::WARNING: Module variable EXPECTED_CPUS is deprecated!
1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG:
/usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/system/cpu/conf
1488952951::WARNING: Module variable EXPECTED_CPU_ALM is deprecated! 1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/system/cpu/config
If it is an incremental upgrade, then consider following error and
$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
Following errors shall be observed:
1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out!
1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg
1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf
1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v
.
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
1530669414::
```

```
1530669414::----
1530669414::
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/mysql/db.MYI'
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI'
 1530669414::-
 1530669414::
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'..
1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.
530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2
1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2.
. 1494304768::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out!  
1494304781::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg  
1494304781::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf  
1494304781::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v  
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist  
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist  
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist  
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist  
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist  
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist  
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
```

```
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
```

Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log: 1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory 1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such file or directory

[NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18 to version 5.7]

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0, if the output contains any error other than the above mentioned errors.

Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.

\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log

Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:

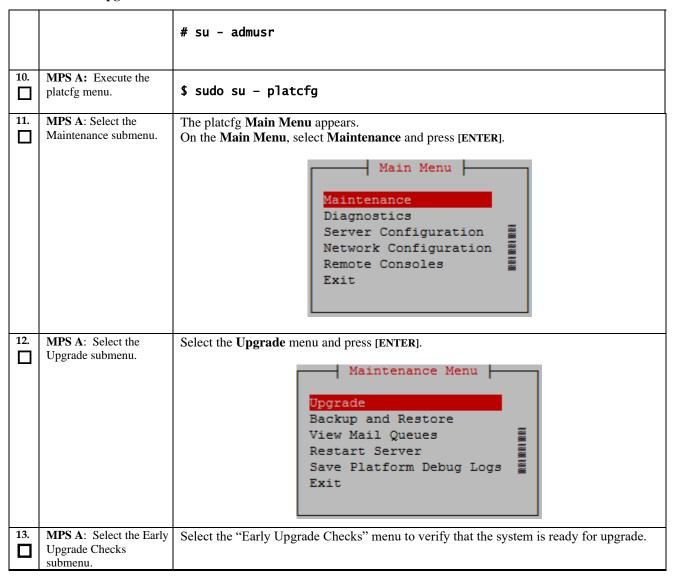
```
1489042076::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been updated...rep arsing xml...
1489042124::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0.88.32.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0.88.32.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0.88.32.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
```

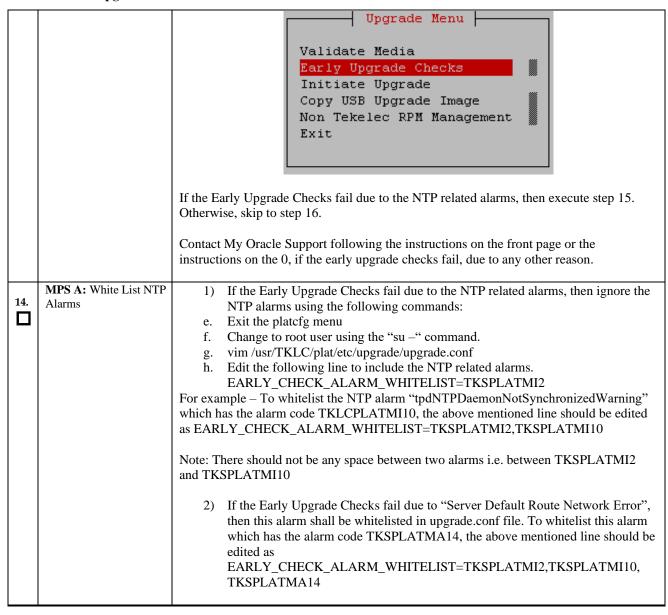
		1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 .0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory 1489042197::wARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been updatedreparsing xml
		Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging.
30.	MPS B: Verify the Upgrade.	\$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0.
		1400786220:: Upgrade returned success!
31.		After upgrade check for PDB_SUB_CAPACITY uiEdit variable value by below command:
		\$ uiEdit grep -i PDB_SUB_CAPACITY "PDB_SUB_CAPACITY" is set to "528000000"
		If it is not 528000000 on compact DB architecture, set it to 528000000 using below command.
		\$ uiEdit "PDB_SUB_CAPACITY" "528000000" "PDB_SUB_CAPACITY" is set to "528000000"
32.	MPS B: Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade or Major upgrade	Check Procedure 2, Steps 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is a Major upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 34.
33.	MPS B: Enable syscheck fs module.	Execute the following command to enable the syscheck fs module. \$ syscheckAdmenable disk fs
34.	MDS D: Ungrada is	·
J. 134. □	MPS B: Upgrade is complete. Verify Health of MPS B check if this step is needed	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.

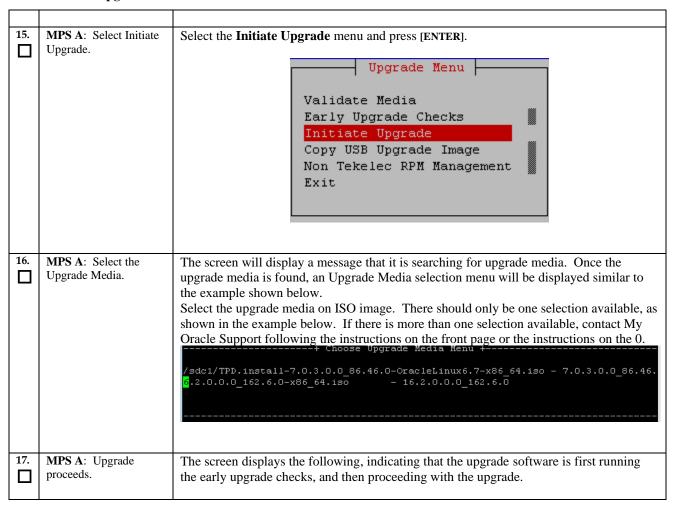
35.	MPS B: Verify that if alarm to accept upgrade is present.	\$ alarmMgralarmStatus grep tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept Following output shall be observed: SEQ: 5 UPTIME: 112 BIRTH: 1498203542 TYPE: SET ALARM: TKSPLATMI33 tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept 1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.18.3.1.3.33 32532 Processing Error Configuration Error Note: Disk mirroring does not start until the upgrade is accepted.
36.	Reconnect console cable.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B B card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
37.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.

S	This procedure upgrade	his procedure upgrades the MPS-A server in the EPAP System.		
E P	, -	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .		
1.	MPS A: Determine media available for upgrade.	Perform Procedure A.12 or use an EPAP ISO image to perform upgrade.		
2.	Establish a connection to MPS A.	If access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.		
		For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx Skip to step 6, if connected through serial console.		
3.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS B. Log in to MPS B.	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B", connect directly into MPS B. # ssh epapdev@ <mps b=""> Password: <password></password></mps>		
4.	MPS B: Start screen session.	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS A.		
	MPS B: Connect to the console of MPS A.	#su - root Password: \$ screen -L Execute the following command on E5-APP-B: \$ sudo minicom mate		

		If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.27.
5.	MPS A: Login prompt is displayed.	<pre><hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>
6.	MPS A: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
7.	MPS A: Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade. or a Major Upgrade	Check Procedure 2, Steps 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is Major upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 10.
8.	MPS A: Disable syscheck fs module.	\$ su - root Password:
		Execute the following command to disable the syscheck fs module. # syscheckAdmdisable disk fs
9.	MPS A: Create upgrade.conf for splitting mirrors if this is a Major upgrade.	Create a file (if not already created) and add the line "BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR" (to trigger the split mirror upgrade) by executing the following steps: 1. # vi /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf 2.If file already contains some white listed alarms then append bellow line at the end of the file, otherwise add it to first line: BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR
		NOTE: Not performing this step will prevent any successful backout.
		Execute the following command to verify that the above command has been executed successfully:
		# cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf
		The output should be: [root@MPS-B ~] # cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR







		Replacing <seconds> with the value from the log. Starting Early Upgrade Checks at 1448399773 Running earlyUpgradeChecks() for Upgrade::EarlyPolicy::TPDEarlyChecks upgrade policy Verified server is not pending accept of previous upgrade Hardware architectures match Install products match. Whitelisted alarms: Verified server is alarm free! Verified server is alarm free! Verified all raid mirrors are synced. Early Upgrade Checks Have Passed! Early Upgrade Checks finished at 1448399780 Initializing upgrade information</seconds>
18.	MPS A: Upgrade proceeds.	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. Finally, after upgrade is complete, the server will reboot.
19.	MPS A: Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, Press Enter, the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below. Starting smartd: [OK] Daemon is not running AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 9750 TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, process 9782 Oracle Linux Server release 6.9 Kernel 2.6.32-696.20.1.el6prerel7.6.0.0.0_88.47.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 Arica-A login:
20.	MPS A: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password> Note: The SSH login for root shall get enabled after the upgrade.</password></hostname></pre>
21.	MPS A: Verify the Upgrade.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported. Check Procedure 2, Steps 7 and 8to determine whether it is incremental or major upgrade.

```
If it is major upgrade then consider following
       grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
Following errors shall be observed:
1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out!
1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg
1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf
1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v
.
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
1530669414::
1530669414::
1530669414::
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::
1530669414::-
1530669414::
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.
```

```
530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
                                                   Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
.
1496215832::Error
 1496215832::Error
Following errors shall be observed if upgrade is performed on a setup which was
 converted from Prov to Non Prov:
                                                : Table 'pdb.LicenseInfo' doesn't exist
: Operation failed
1529314607::Error
1529314607::status
1529314607::pdb.asd
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.asd' doesn't exist
1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.bucketContent
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.bucketContent' doesn't exist
1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.bucketMap
1529314607::status : Ope
1529314607::pdb.bucketMap
1529314607::Error : Tab
                                           : Table 'pdb.bucketMap' doesn't exist
: Operation failed
1529314607::status
1529314607::pdb.dn
1529314607::Error
Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:
1530885808::/bin/df: /mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory
1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such
 file or directory
```

[NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18 to version 5.7]

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0, if the output contains any error other than the above mentioned errors.

Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.

\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log

Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:

```
1488951825::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been
updated...reparsing xml...
1530712185::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default
1530712186::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's
capabilities.
1530712186::WARNING: CAPABILITY: service__disabled
1530712186::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB
1530856895::mysql: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can
be insecure.
1530857005::mysql: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can
be insecure.
1488951890::warning:
                                    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7. 0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory
1488951902::warning:
                                    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7. 0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory
1488951902::warning:
                                    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
1488951902: warning:
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory
1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory 1488951902:
1488951903::kexec-tools
                                                            #warning: /etc/kdump.conf created as
/et
c/kdump.conf.rpmnew
```

```
1488952115::ca-certificates
                                                              ############warning:
/etc/pki/tls/ce
rts/ca-bundle.crt.created as /etc/pki/tls/certs/ca-bundle.crt.rpmnew
1488952136::samhain
                                                              warning: /etc/samhainrc created as
/etc/
samhainrc.rpmnew
1488952138::php-common
                                                              #warning: /etc/php.ini created as
/etc/p
hp.ini.rpmnew
1488952209::initscripts
                                                              ##warning: /etc/sysctl.conf created as
etc/sysctl.conf.rpmnew
1488952260::mysql-commercial-server
                                                              warning: /etc/my.cnf created as
/etc/my.
cnf.rpmnew
1488952291::ntp
                                                              warning: /etc/ntp.conf created as
/etc/n
tp.conf.rpmnew
1488952302::TKLCplat
                                                              ###########warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/
etc/pid_conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/pid_conf.rpmnew
1488952302::#warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/service_conf created as
1488952302::#warning: /usr/IKLC/plat/etc/service_cont created as
/usr/TKLC/plat/
etc/service_conf.rpmnew
1488952320::TKLCalarms ###warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/al
arms.xml saved as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml.rpmsave
1488952328::alarmMgr ###warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/
alarmMgr.conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/alarmMgr.conf.rpmnew
1488952471::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default
capabilities.
1488952471::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's
capabilities
. 1488952471::WARNING: CAPABILITY: service__disabled 1488952471::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB
1488952602::sudo
                                                              warning: /etc/sudoers created as
/etc/su
doers.rpmnew
1488952709::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been
updated.
1488952949::WARNING: Module variable EXPECTED_CPUS is deprecated! 1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG:
/usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/system/cpu/conf
ig
1488952951::WARNING: Module variable EXPECTED_CPU_ALM is deprecated!
1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG:
/usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/system/cpu/conf
ig
```

```
If it is an incremental upgrade then consider following
$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
Following errors shall be observed:
1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out!
1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg
1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf
1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v
.
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
1530669414::
1530669414::
1530669414::
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI'
1530669414::
1530669414::-
1530669414::
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.
```

```
530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist
'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
                                          Table
Table
                                          Table
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
                                          Table
Table
                                          Table
                                      : Table
: Table
: Table
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
                                          Table
1496215832::Error
                                       : Table
Following errors shall be observed if upgrade is performed on a setup which was
converted from Prov to Non Prov:
                                       : Table 'pdb.LicenseInfo' doesn't exist
: Operation failed
1529314607::Error
1529314607::status
1529314607::pdb.asd
1529314607::Error
1529314607::status
                                       : Table 'pdb.asd' doesn't exist
: Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.bucketContent
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.bucketContent' doesn't exist
1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.bucketMap
1529314607::Error : Tal
1529314607::status : Ope
                                      : Table 'pdb.bucketMap' doesn't exist
: Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.commands
1529314607::Error : T
                                      : Table 'pdb.commands' doesn't exist
: Operation failed
1529314607::status
1529314607::pdb.dn
                                      : Table 'pdb.dn' doesn't exist
: Operation failed
1529314607::Error
1529314607::status
1529314607::status .
1529314607::pdb.dn9dig
1529314607::Error :
                                          Table 'pdb.dn9dig' doesn't exist
                                         Operation failed
1529314607::status : 0
1529314607::pdb.dnB_asd
Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:
```

## CO	[NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18 to version 5.7] Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0, if the output contains any error other than the above-mentioned errors. Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored. Sigrep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0, if the output contains any warnings beside the following: 1489042076::warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been updatedrep arasing xml 1489042124::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 10.0.0.88.32.0.x86.64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 10.0.0.88.32.0.x86.64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 10.0.0.88.32.0.x86.64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 10.0.0.88.32.0.x86.64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 10.0.0.88.32.0.x86.64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 10.0.0.88.32.0.x86.64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 10.0.0.88.32.0.x86.64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory 148904213::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 10.0.0.88.32.0.x86.64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory 148904219::w
22. MPS A: Verify the	Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging. \$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log

		Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My
		Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0.
		1400793814:: Upgrade returned success!
23.		After upgrade check for PDB_SUB_CAPACITY uiEdit variable value by below command:
		\$ uiEdit grep -i PDB_SUB_CAPACITY "PDB_SUB_CAPACITY" is set to "528000000"
		If it is not 528000000 on compact DB architecture, set it to 528000000 using below command.
		\$ uiEdit "PDB_SUB_CAPACITY" "528000000" "PDB_SUB_CAPACITY" is set to "528000000"
24.	MPS A: Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade. or Major Upgrade	Check Procedure 2, Steps 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is Major upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 26.
25.	MPS A: Enable syscheck fs module.	\$ su - root Password:
		Execute the following command to enable the syscheck fs module.
		# syscheckAdmenable disk fs
26.	MPS A: Upgrade is complete. Verify Health	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A.
	of MPS A check if this step is needed	On a Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) MPS, expect that the syscheck utility will alarm the fact that the PDBA software is not running. This will appear as a "500000000000000 – Server Application Process Error" alarm.
		If this is a Major Upgrade, the syscheck utility will report the "3000000000000000000000000000000000000
		Verify that no unexpected alarms are noted.
		If it is major upgrade, Proceed with Procedure A.18 to upgrade SSL certificate.

27.	MPS A: Verify that if alarm to accept upgrade is present.	To verify alarm to accept upgrade execute following command: \$ alarmMgralarmStatus grep tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept
		Following output shall be observed: SEQ: 5 UPTIME: 112 BIRTH: 1498203542 TYPE: SET ALARM: TKSPLATMI33 tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept 1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.18.3.1.3.33 32532 Processing Error Configuration Error Note: Disk mirroring does not start until the upgrade is accepted.
28.	MPS B: Loginn as epapdev user.	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
29.	MPS B: Reboot MPS B server.	Reboot MPS-B to disable the root login. Switch to root user. \$ su - root Password: Reboot the server: \$ reboot Wait til the reboot gets completed.
30.	MPS A: Enable PDBA proxy and VIP features.	If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes, in the step 14 of Procedure 18, then execute Procedure A.20 to enable Epap PDBA Proxy and VIP Features. Otherwise, skip this step.
31.	MPS A: Check services for query server.	\$ epapdb -c queryserver If query server is not configured i.e. INFO: No Query Server Configured, then skip this step otherwise Execute Procedure A.22 to restart MYSQL service for PDB on query server.
32.	Reconnect console cable.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B A card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx

33.	Procedure is	Procedure is complete.
ΙЦ	complete.	
		Note: If upgrading an EPAP Provisionable mated pair and you have just completed this procedure for the Local MPS A and MPS B. Repeat the same procedures to
		upgrade the Remote Pair. See Section 2.1 for more information.
		appliant the Remote Lair. See Section 2.1 for more information.

Procedure 20 Reboot EAGLE Cards

Procedure 20: Reboot EAGLE Cards

This procedure reboots EAGLE cards to reload new RTDB.	
Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
EAGLE: reboot all SM cards to reload new RTDB.	Login onto the connected EAGLE. Reboot 1 SM card on the EAGLE and verify that it comes back to an IS-NR/Active state. Then boot the rest of the EAGLE SM cards over 4 batches (booting 1/4 of the cards at a single time).
Procedure is complete	Procedure is complete.

Procedure 21 Accept Upgrade

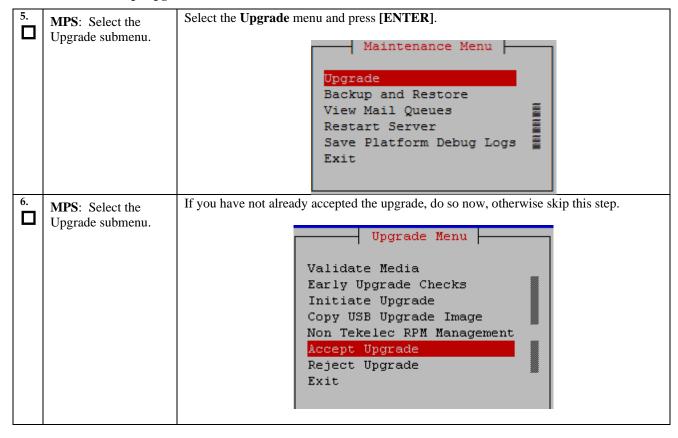
Note: If the upgrade is accepted, Backout cannot be performed.

Procedure 21: Accept upgrade

S	This procedure accept	the upgrade to perform the upgrade process.		
T E	Check off (√) each step	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .		
1.	MPS: Login as admusr.	Login as admusr if not already loged in. <hostname> login: admusr Password:</hostname>		
		Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.		
2.	MPS: Verify if alarmMgr process running.	\$ sudo ls /var/run/alarmMgr If the file exists, proceed to the next step. If the file does not exist, contact Oracle Customer Service.		
3.	MPS: Execute the platefg menu.	\$ sudo su — platcfg		
4.	MPS: Select the Maintenance submenu.	The platefg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Remote Consoles Exit		

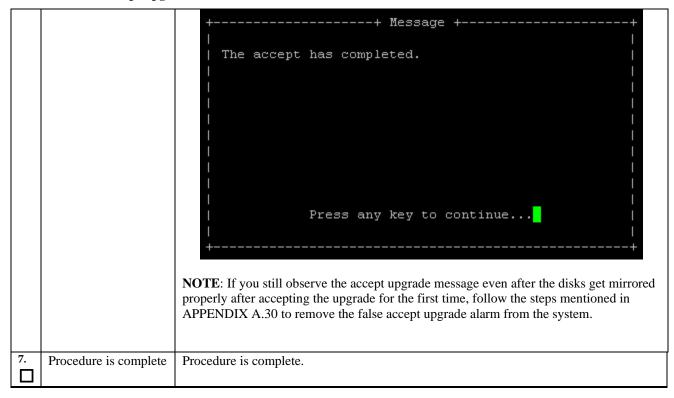
Note: If the upgrade is accepted, Backout cannot be performed.

Procedure 21: Accept upgrade



Note: If the upgrade is accepted, Backout cannot be performed.

Procedure 21: Accept upgrade



Procedure 22 Keys exchange between active and standby PDB

Procedure 22: Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB

S	This procedure Exchange	ge the keys between active and remote PDB.	
T E	Check off (√) each step	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
1.	MPS A: Login to Active PDB EPAP as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A of active PDB EPAP: <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>	
2.	MPS A: Verify that PDB entry are present in known_hosts file.	Execute following command to verify that pdb entry present in known_hosts file: \$ cat ./ssh/known_hosts	
3.	MPS A: Exchange the keys from Active PDB	Execute the following command on Active PDB: \$ ssh epapdev@ <remote ip="" pdb=""> Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? < yes> Password:</remote>	
		Snapshot for reference: [epapdev@Recife-A ~]\$ ssh epapdev@10.75.141.104 FIPS integrity verification test failed. The authenticity of host '10.75.141.104 (10.75.141.104)' can't be established. RSA key fingerprint is d4:d5:94:c6:57:1a:30:25:bc:b0:67:f9:f7:07:c6:68. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added '10.75.141.104' (RSA) to the list of known hosts. epapdev@10.75.141.104's password:	
4.	MPS A: Login to Standby PDB EPAP as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A of standby PDB EPAP: <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>	

Procedure 22: Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB

5.	MPS: Exchange the keys from Standby PDB	Repeat the step 2 and step3 to exchange the keys from standby PDB as well.
6.	Procedure is complete	Procedure is complete.

THIS COMPLETES THE UPGRADE

6. SOFTWARE RECOVERY PROCEDURES

Execute this section only if there is a problem and it is desired to revert back to the pre-upgrade version of the software.

Warning: Do not attempt to perform these backout procedures without first contacting the My Oracle Support, following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0.

NOTE: These recovery procedures are provided for the backout of an Upgrade ONLY (i.e., from a failed 16.3.y release to the previously installed 16.3.x release). Backout of an initial installation is not supported.

6.1 Backout Setup

The reason to execute a backout has a direct impact on any backout preparation that must be done. Since the reason cannot be known ahead of time, no definitive procedure can be written.

My Oracle Support personnel will have to have login access to the affected MPS server, probe the server for the root cause of the problem, and execute whatever setup or cleanup is necessary in order to prepare the MPS server for backout.

6.2 Perform Backout

No matter the initial cause of the upgrade problem, once all necessary corrective steps have been taken to prepare for the backout, then the following procedure can be executed to perform a backout. Refer to section 2.2 and section 2.4 for the Backout process overview.

S	This procedure provides instructions to perform backout on MPS B server.			
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
P #	Note: Execute this pro	ocedure if only MPS B has been upgraded successfully and MPS A is still at the pre-		
	upgrade release. Note: If the upgrade h			
	•			
1.	Terminate all previous connections (ssh).	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.		
		For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A cards adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx		
		Skip to step 5, if connected through serial console.		
2.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS A.	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A.		
	# SSN admusru <mps a=""></mps>			
	Log in to MPS A.			
3.	MPS A: Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is No.	# sudo su – epapconfig		
	Note: Skip this step for Non-Prov and PDBonly EPAP.			

/	EPAP Configuration Menu\
	Display Configuration
2	 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
3	 Set Time Zone
	 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
	 Change Password
I	 Platform Menu
	 Configure NTP Server
	 PDB Configuration Menu
	 Security
10	 SNMP Configuration
	 Configure Alarm Feed
12	 Configure Query Server
13	 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
	 Configure SNMP Agent Community
	 Mate Disaster Recovery
 e	 Exit
\	/
EPAP A EPAP B	Choice: 1 Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 ioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0

		Provisioning Network Default Router	
		EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address Backup Prov Network Netmask Backup Prov Network Default Router EPAP A Sync Network Address EPAP B Sync Network Address EPAP B Main DSM Network Address EPAP B Main DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP B Static NAT Address EPAP B A Static NAT Address EPAP B BANNER EPAP B HTTP PORT EPAP B HTTP POR	= Not configured
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address	= Not configured
		Backup Prov Network Netmask	= Not configured
		FDAD A Sync Natwork Address	= NOC CONTINUTED = 192 168 2 100
		FPAP R Sync Network Address	= 192 168 2 200
		EPAP A Main DSM Network Address	= 192.168.120.100
		EPAP B Main DSM Network Address	= 192.168.120.200
		EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address	= 192.168.121.100
		EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address	= 192.168.121.200
		EPAP A HTTP Port	= 80
		EPAP B HTTP Port	= 80
		EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC PORT	= 8001
		EPAP & Bannon Connection Bont	= 8001
		EPAP A Banner Connection Port	= 0473 - 8473
		FPAP A Static NAT Address	= Not configured
		FPAP B Static NAT Address	= Not configured
		PDBI Port	= 5873
		Remote MPS A Static NAT Address	= Not configured
		Remote MPS A HTTP Port	= 80
		Local Provisioning VIP	= 192.168.15.152
		Remote Provisioning VIP	= 192.168.15.172
		Local PDBA Address	= 192.168.15.115
		Remote PDBA Address	= 192.168.16.115
		Time Zone	= 192.108.10.110 - Amonica (Now York
		DDR Database	= Aller (Ca/New_YOLK
		Preferred PDR	= Standby
		Allow undates from alternate PDB	= Yes
		Auto DB Recovery Enabled	= Yes
		PDBA Proxy Enabled	= Yes
		If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Execut	
		Active and Standby for dual PDBA setup to disable	EPAP VIP and PDBA proxy
		features.	1 ,
		Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then pro	eard with the next step
		Otherwise, if FDBA Floxy Enabled – No, then pro-	ceed with the next step.
4.	MPS A:		
		If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Execut	e Procedure A.29 to clear replication
	Clear PDB replication	logs	
	logs		
		Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then skip	n this sten
		otherwise, if I DDM I Toxy Endoice - 100, then skip	mb step.

5.	MPS A: Start screen session	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B.
	MPS A: Connect to the console of MPS B.	\$ screen -L Execute the following command on E5-APP-B: \$ sudo minicom mate If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.27.
6.	MPS B: Login prompt is displayed.	<pre><hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>
7.	MPS B: Log in to the server as user "admusr".	If not already logged-in, then log in. <hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>
8.	MPS B: Change directory.	Change to root user. \$ su - root Password: Change to the backout directory. # cd /var/TKLC/backout
9.	MPS B: Execute the backout.	Execute the following command to initiate the backout: Note: Before starting the backout, make sure that all USB devices are removed from the card. # ./reject NOTE: When backout operation asks if you would like to proceed with backout, answer "Y".

1		Verifying that backout is possible.
		Checking for stale RPM DB locks
		Current platform version: 7.4.0.0.0-88.32.0
		Continue backout? [y/N]:

10.	MPS B: Backout	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the backout
	proceeds.	proceeds.
		Finally, after backout is complete, a message will be displayed stating that a reboot is
		required.
		If this is a backout of a <i>major</i> upgrade, skip to step 12. DO NOT INITIATE A
		REBOOT MPS-B at this time.
		If this is a backout of an <i>incremental</i> upgrade, the server will be at runlevel 3 and no
		applications are running. Proceed to the next step to verify the backout and manually
		reboot the server.
11.	MPS B: Verify the	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify
	Backout	that no errors were reported.
		# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Examine the output of the above commands to determine if any errors were reported.
		Examine the output of the above commands to determine if any errors were reported.
		Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging
		Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging.
12.	MPS B: Verify the	If the backout was not successful and errors were recorded in the logs, then contact My
	Backout.	
		for further instructions.
		If the backout <i>was</i> successful, then continue with the following step.
13.	MPS B: Reboot the	Perform the following commands to reboot the MPS:
	MPS.	
	1	# ini+ 6
		# 11116 0
13.		If the backout was successful, then continue with the following step.

14.	MPS B: Reboot completed.	On a backout of a major upgrade, the server will reboot several times as part of backout. Re-mirroring of the disks will occur in the background – do not initiate a reboot until this process has completed.	
		On a backout of an incremental upgrade, the user has initiated a reboot.	
15.	MPS B: Login to MPS B.	If the login prompt appears, continue on to step 16.	
		If the login prompt does not appear due to disconnect, go to step 14.	
16.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A.	
	into MPS A.	# ssh epapdev@ <mps a=""></mps>	
	Log into MPS A.	Password: <password></password>	
17.	MPS A: Rejoin previous screen session on MPS B.	Execute the following command to disconnect and then rejoin previous screen session:	
		\$ screen -dr	
18.	MPS B : Verify Health of MPS B.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.	
19.	MPS B: Sync the time on both MPS A and MPS	Sync the time on both MPS A and B if it is different.	
	В.	Login to MPS A:	
		<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev</hostname></pre>	
		Password: <password></password>	
		Check date time on MPS A using following command: \$ date	
		Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018	
		Login to MPS B:	
		<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>	
		Check date time on MPS B using following command: \$ date	
		Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018	

		If both are not same then set the date time value on MPS B same as of MPS A. Use following command: First switch user to root: \$ su - root Password: Execute command to set date on MPS B as bellow: # date -s <data-time a="" mps="" of=""> [root@Natal-B ~] # date -s "Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018" Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018 [root@Natal-B ~] # Done.</data-time>
20.	MPS B: Clear MySQL replication error banner message, if any	Execute the following command to check for MySQL replication error: \$ manageBannerInfo -1
	nicosage, n any	Examine the output of the above command to determine if any errors were reported related to MySQL replication such as:
		MySQL data replication error detected; Attempting to restart Attempt to restart MySQL replication failed
		Execute the following command to copy the EuiDB database from B server to A server to clear any of the above observed MySQL replication error.
		Note: This utility should be executed only with epapdev user.
		\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/resetReplication Resetting MySql Replication
		This script will fix EuiDB replication by copying the database from
		one side of the pair to the other side and then resetting the MySql
		replication pointers. Are you sure you want to reset replication? (y/n) y

		Which side do you want to copy FROM? (A/B) [B]: B Copy the EuiDB from B to A? (y/n) y Removing the index and info files from EPAP A Replication files successfully removed from the mate server. Connecting to local DB Connecting to mate DB Copying EuiDB to mate Stopping local slave Stopping mate slave Resetting local master Resetting mate master Resetting local slave Starting local slave Starting mate slave Resetting MySql Replication Completed If there is a failure in resetReplication, execute following commands: \$ mysql -uroot -p <mysql password=""> -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@mate IDENTIFIED **Topy Indication In</mysql>
		by ' <password>'" Execute the following command to verify that the banner messages related to the replication error are cleared after some time. # manageBannerInfo -1</password>
21.	MPS B: Verify Health of MPS B	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B. If backout of major upgrade was performed, the syscheck utility will report the "3000000000000000 – Server Internal Disk Error" alarm as the disk mirroring is in progress. The alarm will be cleared after the completion of disk mirroring.

22.	Reconnect console cable.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B B card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
23.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.

The application should now be running at the original software release level

Procedure 24 Backout both Server A and B

Procedure24: Backout both MPS A and B

S T E P #	This procedure provides instructions to perform backout on both MPS A and MPS B servers. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. Note: Execute this procedure only if both MPS A and MPS B have been upgraded or partially upgraded and you wish to backout both servers to the previous version. Note: If the upgrade has been accepted, this procedure cannot be performed.		
1.	Terminate all previous connections (ssh).	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx Skip to step 6, if connected through serial console.	
2.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS B.	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS A – from MPS B", connect directly into MPS B.	

Procedure24: Backout both MPS A and B

	Log into MPS B.	# ssh admusr@ <mps b=""> Password: <password></password></mps>
3.	MPS B: Start screen session.	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS A. \$ screen -L
	MPS B: Connect to the console of MPS A.	Execute the following command on E5-APP-B: \$ sudo minicom mate If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.27.
4.	MPS A: Login prompt is displayed.	<pre> <hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>
5.	MPS A: Log in to the server as user "admusr".	Log in as 'admusr' <hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>
6.	MPS A: Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is No. Note: Skip this step for Non-Prov and PDBonly EPAP.	# sudo su - epapconfig

/----EPAP Configuration Menu-----\ 1 | Display Configuration 2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu | 3 | Set Time Zone ---|-----------4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys 5 | Change Password 6 | Platform Menu |----|------------| 7 | Configure NTP Server ---|------------------| | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu 9 | Security | 10 | SNMP Configuration |----| | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed | 12 | Configure Query Server ---|------| | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed | | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community |----| | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery | e | Exit Enter Choice: 1 EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0

Procedure24: Backout both MPS A and B

		Provisioning Network Default Router EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address Backup Prov Network Netmask Backup Prov Network Default Router EPAP A Sync Network Address EPAP B Sync Network Address EPAP B Main DSM Network Address EPAP B Main DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP B Static NAT Address EPAP B A Static NAT Address EPAP B Address Remote MPS A Static NAT Address Remote MPS A HTTP Port Local Provisioning VIP Local PDBA Address Remote PDBA Address Remote PDBA B Address Time Zone PDB Database Preferred PDB Allow updates from alternate PDB Auto DB Recovery Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled If PDBA Proxy Enabled If PDBA Proxy Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled	= Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = 192.168.2.100 = 192.168.2.200 = 192.168.120.100 = 192.168.121.200 = 192.168.121.200 = 80 = 80 = 80 = 80 = 8001 = 8473 = 8473 = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = S873 = Not configured = 192.168.15.152 = 192.168.15.152 = 192.168.15.115 = 192.168.16.116 = America/New_York = Exists = Standby = Yes = Yes = Yes
			e Procedure A.19 on both PDBA e EPAP VIP and PDBA proxy
7.	MPS A: Clear PDB replication logs	If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Execut logs	•
		Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then skip	this step.

Procedure24: Backout both MPS A and B

8.	MPS A: Check if RTDB and PDBA databases are synchronized update this	Execute the following command to check the RTDB and PDB database levels: \$ sudo dbstattool The outlook may look like: DBSTATTOOL Platform=EPAP	
	Note: Skip this step for PDBonly setup.	pdb_birthdate	
9.	MPS A: Change directory.	\$ su - root Change to the backout directory. # cd /var/TKLC/backout	
10.	MPS A: Execute the backout.	Execute the following command to initiate the backout: Note: Before starting the backout, make sure that all USB devices are removed from the card. # ./reject	

		NOTE: When backout operation asks if you would like to proceed with backout, answer "Y".
		Verifying that backout is possible. Checking for stale RPM DB locks Current platform version: 7.6.0.0.0_88.54.0 Continue backout? [y/N]:
11.	MPS A: Backout proceeds.	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the backout proceeds.
		Finally, after backout is complete, a message will be displayed stating that a reboot is required.
		If this is a backout of a <i>major</i> upgrade, skip to step 13. DO NOT INITIATE A REBOOT MPS-A at this time.
		If this is a backout of an <i>incremental</i> upgrade, the server will be at runlevel 3 and no applications are running. Proceed to the next step to verify the backout and manually reboot the server.
12.	MPS A: Verify the Backout.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors were reported.
		<pre># grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log # grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/ugwrap.log</pre>
		Examine the output of the above commands to determine if any errors were reported.
		Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging.
13.	MPS A: Verify the Backout.	If the backout was not successful and errors were recorded in the logs, then contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0 for further instructions.
		If the backout <i>was</i> successful, then enter continue with the following steps:

14.	MPS A: Reboot the MPS.	Perform this step only on a backout of an incremental upgrade. Perform the following commands to reboot the MPS:
		# init 6
15.	MPS A: Backout completed.	On a backout of a major upgrade, the server will reboot several times as part of backout. Re-mirroring of the disks will occur in the background – do not initiate a reboot until this process has completed.
		On a backout of an incremental upgrade, the user has initiated a reboot.
16.	MPS A: Login to MPS A.	If the login prompt appears, skip to step 17. If the login prompt does not appear due to disconnect, go to step 15.
17.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS B. Log into MPS B.	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS A – from MPS B", connect directly into MPS B. # ssh epapdev@ <mps b=""> Password: <password></password></mps>
18.	MPS B: Rejoin previous screen session on MPS A.	Execute the following command to disconnect and then rejoin previous screen session: \$ screen -dr
19.	MPS A: Verify Health of MPS A.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A The syscheck utility may report the "500000000000002 - Server Application Process Error" for PDBA, if the pdba software is not running.
20.	Terminate all previous connections (ssh).	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A cards adapter and use it for serial access. Skip to step 21, if connected through serial console.

21.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS A.	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A. # ssh epapdev@ <mps a=""></mps>
	Log into MPS A.	Password: <password></password>
22.	MPS A: Start screen session.	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B.
		\$ screen -L Execute the following command on E5-APP-B:
	MPS A: Connect to the console of MPS B.	\$ sudo minicom mate
		If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.27.
23.	MPS B: Login prompt is displayed.	<pre><hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>
24.	MPS B: Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
25.	MPS B: Change directory.	Change to the backout directory. \$ su - root Password: <password #="" backout<="" cd="" th="" tklc="" var=""></password>
26.	MPS B: Execute the backout.	Note: Before starting the backout, make sure that all USB devices are removed from the card.
		Execute the following command to initiate the backout: # ./reject

		NOTE: When backout operation asks if you would like to proceed with backout, answer "Y".			
		Verifying that backout is possible. Checking for stale RPM DB locks			
		Current platform version: 7.4.0.0.0-88.32.0 Continue backout? [y/N]:			
27.	MPS B: Backout proceeds.	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the backout proceeds.			
		Finally, after backout is complete, a message will be displayed stating that a reboot is required.			
		If this is a backout of a <i>major</i> upgrade, skip to step 30. DO NOT INITIATE A REBOOT MPS-B at this time.			
		If this is a backout of an <i>incremental</i> upgrade, the server will be at runlevel 3 and no applications are running. Proceed to the next step to verify the backout and manually reboot the server.			
28.	MPS B: Verify the Backout.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors were reported.			
		\$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log			
		Following errors shall be observed:			
		@ [root@cusco-A ~]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_stats' doesn't exist @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist			

		@ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist @ 1497252414::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist @ mdadm: error opening /dev/md1: No such file or directory
29.	MPS B: Verify the Backout.	If the backout was <i>not</i> successful and errors were recorded in the logs, then contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0 for further instructions. If the backout <i>was</i> successful, then enter continue with the following steps:
30.	MPS B: Reboot the MPS.	Perform the following commands to reboot the MPS: \$ init 6
31. 32.	MPS B: Login to MPS B. Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS A.	If the login prompt appears, skip to step 32. If the login prompt does not appear due to disconnect, go to step 30. In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A. # ssh epapdev@ <mps a=""></mps>
	Log into MPS A	Password: <password></password>

33.	MPS A: Rejoin previous screen session on MPS B				
34.	MPS B: Sync the time on both MPS A and MPS B.	Sync the time on both MPS A and B if it is different. Login to MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <pre> Passwords</pre> Check date time on MPS A using following command: \$ date Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018 Login to MPS B: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <pre> password> Check date time on MPS B using following command: \$ date Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018 If both are not same then set the date time value on MPS B same as of MPS A. Use following command: First switch user to root: \$ su - root Password: Execute command to set date on MPS B as bellow: # date -s <data-time a="" mps="" of=""> [root@Natal-B ~] # date -s "Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018" Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018 [root@Natal-B ~] # Done.</data-time></pre></hostname></hostname>			
	<u>I</u>				

35.	MPS B: Log in to the			
	server as user "epapdev".	<hostname> console login: epapdev</hostname>		
	• •	Password: <password></password>		
		The second of th		
36.	MPS B: Clear MySQL	Execute the following command to check for MySQL replication error:		
	replication error banner	\$ manageBannerInfo -1		
ш	message, if any	• managebanner into -1		
	message, if any			
		Examine the output of the above command to determine if any errors were reported		
		related to MySQL replication such as:		
		MySQL data replication error detected; Attempting to restart		
		Attempt to restart MySQL replication failed		
		Execute the following command to copy the EuiDB database from B server to A server		
		to clear any of the above observed MySQL replication error.		
		to clear any of the above observed mysQE replication error.		
		Note: This utility should be executed only with epapdev user		
		Note. This utility should be executed only with epapties user		
		¢ /way/TV/C/anan/aanfig/wasatBanlication		
		<pre>\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/resetReplication Resetting MySql Replication</pre>		
		This script will fix EuiDB replication by copying the database from		
		one side of the pair to the other side and then resetting the MySql		
		replication pointers.		
		Are you sure you want to reset replication? (y/n) y		
		Which side do you want to copy FROM? (A/B) [B]: B		
		Copy the EuiDB from B to A? (y/n) y Removing the index and info files from EPAP A		
		Replication files successfully removed from the mate server.		
		Connecting to local DB		
		Connecting to mate DB		
		Copying EuiDB to mate		
		Stopping local slave		
		Stopping mate slave		
		Resetting local master Resetting mate master		
		Resetting local slave		
		Resetting mate slave		
		Starting local slave		
		Starting mate slave		
		Resetting MySql Replication Completed		
		If there is a failure in recet Deplication, execute following commands:		
		If there is a failure in resetReplication, execute following commands:		

		<pre>\$ mysql -uroot -p<mysql password=""> -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@localhost IDENTIFIED by '<password>'"</password></mysql></pre>		
	<pre>\$ mysql -uroot -p<mysql password=""> -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@mate IDENTIFIED by '<password>'"R</password></mysql></pre>			
		Execute the following command to verify that the banner messages related to the replication error are cleared after some time. \$ manageBannerInfo -1		
37.	MPS B: Verify Health of MPS B	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.		
38.	MPS A: Check RTDB and PDB database levels.	Check the result of Step 6. If the RTDB and PDBA database levels were NOT same prior to backout, execute Procedure A.9 to perform an RTDB reload from PDBA.		
39.	Reboot EAGLE Cards.	If the DB levels on EPAP and EAGLE matches and there is no alarm on EAGLE related to "RTDB reload is required", go to step 37.		
		Reboot 1 SM card on the EAGLE and verify that it comes back to an IS-NR/Active state.		
		If this is a Non-Provisionable EPAP, boot the rest of the EAGLE SM cards over 4 batches (booting 1/4 of the cards at a single time).		
		If this is a Provisionable(mixed EPAP or PDBonly) EPAP, and the second MPS A on which backout has been executed, reboot the rest of the cards on both local and remote sides over 4 batches (booting 1/4 of the cards at a single time).		
40.	Procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.		

The application	should now	be running	g at the	original	software	release	level

Procedure 25 Stop the Pdba software

Procedure 25: Stop the PDBA Software

T E P	This procedure stop the PDBA software before major upgrade. Check off (1) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE		
If ba		ned, then execute this procedure ONLY after backout on all MPS servers in the entire set of E ure until all MPS servers have been backed out.	
1.	MPS A: Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>	
2.	MPS A: Verify Health of MPS A.	If not done already, execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A. Expect that the syscheck utility will report the 'Server Application Process Error' alarm for the fac software is not running. Besides the PDBA not running alarm, verify that no other abnormalities a	
3.	MPS A: Verify that Pdba software running or not.	Execute the command below to find if the pdba is running or not: \$ ps -aef grep pdba grep -v "grep" If the output contains an entry for the pdba, as shown below, then move to the next step. [epapdev@MPS A ~]\$ ps -aef grep pdba epapdev 23890 10248 0 Apr07 ? 00:01:18 /opt/TKLCappl/bin/pdba Otherwise, skip the next step as Pdba software already stopped.	
4.	MPS A: Turn off the PDBA_REMOTE_PD BI_ALLOWED flag to	Execute the command below to find the current status of PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flater than the cu	

Procedure 25: Stop the PDBA Software

	stop provisioning during upgrade.	Turn off the PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flag. Skip this step if there is no output or outp command is "PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to "OFF"		
	Note: This step must be performed in case of upgrade and PDBA software needs to be restarted, for this			
	change to take			
	effect.			
5.	MPS A: Stop the Pdba software. Run the following command:			
		[epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ service Pdba stop		
		~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~		
		PDBA application stopped.		
6.	MPS A: Verify that Pdba	a		
	software running or not	Repeat above step 3.		
7.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.		

Procedure 26 Restart PDBA Software (Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade)

When upgrade is initiated on the first MPS-B, the PDBA software process is stopped on the MPS-A servers configured as **Provisionable**(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly). The PDBA software is intentionally left stopped, and so the operator performing the upgrade must restart the PDBA software after all MPS servers in a set of EPAP systems have been upgraded.

WARNING: If a backout of the MPS A and B units is conducted sometime after an upgrade has successfully completed and after Provisioning has been re-enabled, then the only method of PDB restoration is from backup file. In this case, any new data provisioned since the successful completion of the upgrade will be lost and will need to be re-provisioned.

Procedure 26: Restart the PDBA Software Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade

S T	This procedure restarts the PDBA software after upgrade of all associated MPS systems has been completed.				
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.				
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANC				
		ned, then execute this procedure ONLY after backout on all MPS servers in the entire set of El ure until all MPS servers have been backed out.			
1.	Local MPS A: Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>			
2.	Local MPS A: Verify Health of MPS A.	If not done already, execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A. Expect that the syscheck utility will report the 'Server Application Process Error' alarm for the fac software is not running. Besides the PDBA not running alarm, verify that no other abnormalities a			
3.	MPS A: Turn on the PDBA_REMOTE_PD BI_ALLOWED flag to enable PDB to accept updates from remote PDBI. Note: This step must be performed in case of upgrade and PDBA software needs to be restarted, for this change to take	Execute the command below to find the current status of PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flat [epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ uiEdit grep -i PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED Turn on the PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flag. Skip this step if output of the above comm "PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to "ON" [epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED ON "PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to "ON"			
4.	Local MPS A: Restart the PDBA software. On the menu, click PDBA->Process	Execute the command below to find if the pdba is running or not: \$ ps -aef grep pdba grep -v "grep" If the output contains an entry for the pdba, as shown below, then skip to the next step.			

Procedure 26: Restart the PDBA Software Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade

	Control->Start PDBA software	[epapdev@MPS A ~]\$ ps -aef grep pdba grep -v "grep" epapdev 23890 10248 0 Apr07 ? 00:01:18 /opt/TKLCappl/bin/pdba Otherwise, Login to EPAP GUI by uiadmin user and start PDBA software.
		Are you sure you want to start the PDBA software? Start PDBA Software Tue June 20 2017 06:42:43 EDT Copyright © 2000, 2017, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
5.	Local MPS A : Verify PDBA is running.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A Verify that syscheck does <i>not</i> sho PDBA is <i>not</i> running.
6.	Remote MPS A: Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
7.	Remote MPS A: Verify Health of MPS A.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A. Expect that the syscheck utility will alarm the fact that the PDBA software is not running. This wi "5000000000000000 Server Application Process Error" alarm. Besides the PDBA not run verify that no other abnormalities are noted.
8.	Remote MPS A: Restart the PDBA software. On the menu, click PDBA->Process Control->Start PDBA software	Execute the command below to find if the pdba is running or not: \$ ps -aef grep pdba grep -v "grep" If the output contains an entry for the pdba, as shown below, then skip to the next step. epapdev 23890 10248 0 Apr07 ? 00:01:18 /opt/TKLCappl/bin/pdba Otherwise, Login to EPAP GUI by uiadmin user and start PDBA software.

Procedure 26: Restart the PDBA Software Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade

		A Start PDE
		Are you sure you want to start the PDBA software? Start PDBA Software
		Tue June 20 2017 06:42:43 EDT Copyright © 2000, 2017, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
9.	Remote MPS A:	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A. Verify that syscheck does not sh
	Verify PDBA is	PDBA is <i>not</i> running.
10	running.	
10.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.
$ \sqcup $		

THIS COMPLETES THE BACKOUT

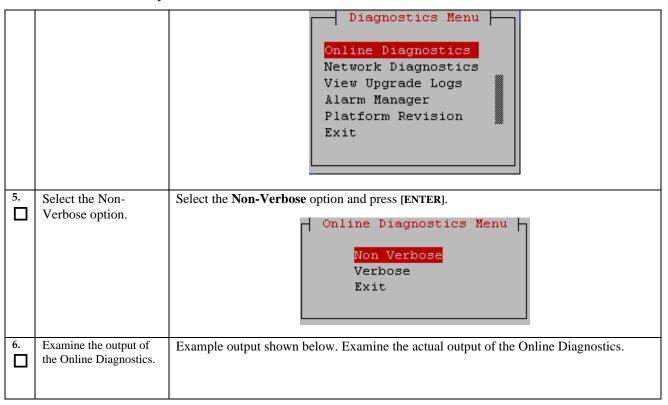
APPENDIX A GENERIC PROCEDURES

Procedure A.1 Perform System Health Check

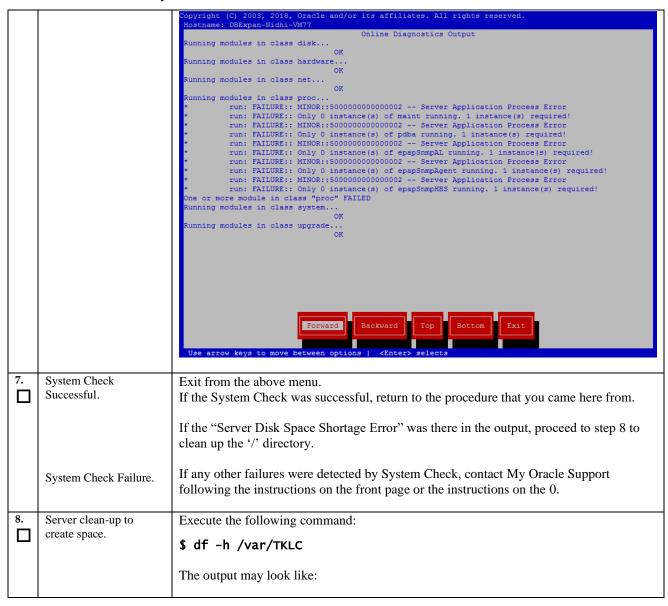
Procedure A.1: Perform System Health Check

S	This procedure perform	ns a system health check on any MPS server.	
T E	Chack off (1) each stan	Check off $()$ each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P	Check on (v) each step	check off (v) each step as it is completed, boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
1.	Log in as the admusr		
	user.	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr</hostname></pre>	
		Password: <password></password>	
2.	Execute the platcfg menu.		
		\$ sudo su - platcfg	
3.	Select the Diagnostics	The platefg Main Menu appears.	
	submenu.	On the Main Menu, select Diagnostics and press [ENTER].	
		Main Menu	
		Maintenance	
		Diagnostics	
		Server Configuration	
		Security	
		Remote Consoles	
		Network Configuration	
4.	Select the Online Diagnostics submenu.	Select the Online Diagnostics submenu and press [ENTER].	
	Diagnostics submenu.		

Procedure A.1: Perform System Health Check



Procedure A.1: Perform System Health Check



Procedure A.1: Perform System Health Check

		[admusr@hostname ~]\$ df -h /var/TKLC
		Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc
		3.9G 2.2G 1.5G 60% /var/TKLC
		Verify that there is at least 600M in the Avail column. If not, clean up files until there is space available.
		CAUTION: Make sure you know what files you can remove safely before cleaning up. It is recommended that you only clean up files in the /var/TKLC/upgrade directory as this is a platform owned directory that should only contain ISO images. This directory should not be expected to contain images for any length of time as they can get purged. Also, execute the following command to check space in '/lib/module' directory.
		A 16 1 /7 1 / 1 7
		\$ df -h /lib/modules
		[admusr@hostname ~]\$ df -h /lib/modules
		Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat root
		976M 397M 529M 43% /
		Verify that the Use% column does not exceed the value 80%.
9.	Procedure complete	
9.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
\sqcup		

Procedure A.2 Validate Upgrade Media

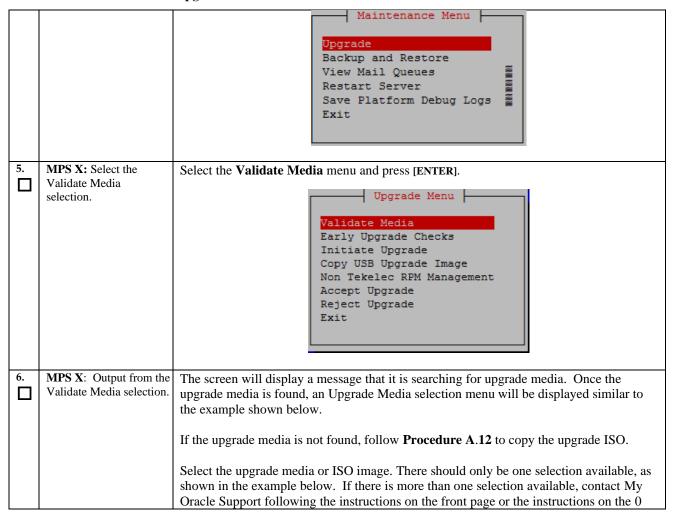
This procedure is used to execute a validation of the Upgrade Media (typically an ISO image) separately from executing an upgrade. The upgrade process automatically validates the upgrade media. However, sometime the user may wish to perform just a validation before proceeding with upgrade, thus the reason for this separate process.

Validation could be performed on MPS A or B, however, this procedure specifies MPS X for simplicity.

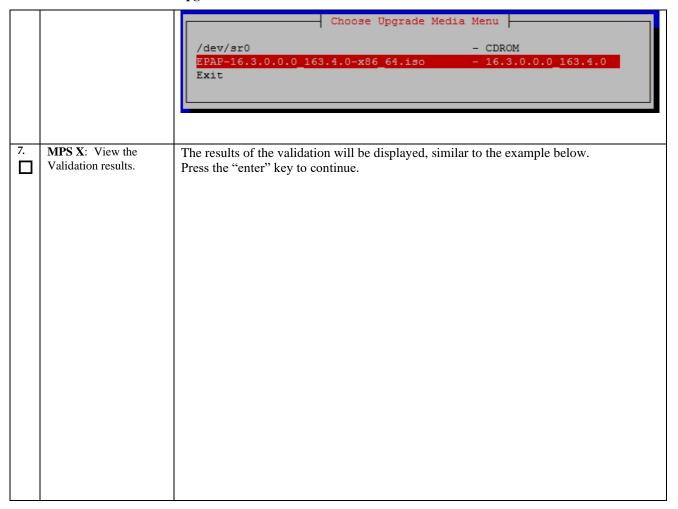
ProcedureA.2: Validate the Upgrade Media

S T E P #	procedure assumes that ISO image available. Check off (1) each step as it is of the image. IF THIS PROCEDURE ASSISTANCE.	s instructions to perform a validation of the upgrade media on the MPS X server. This the E5-APP-B card IPM procedure has been executed and the user has an EPAP Upgrade completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. E FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE
1.	MPS X: If necessary, log in to the server as the user "admusr".	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2.	MPS X: Execute the platcfg menu.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
3.	MPS X: Select the Maintenance submenu. MPS X: Select the	The platefg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Remote Consoles Exit
4.	Upgrade submenu.	Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].

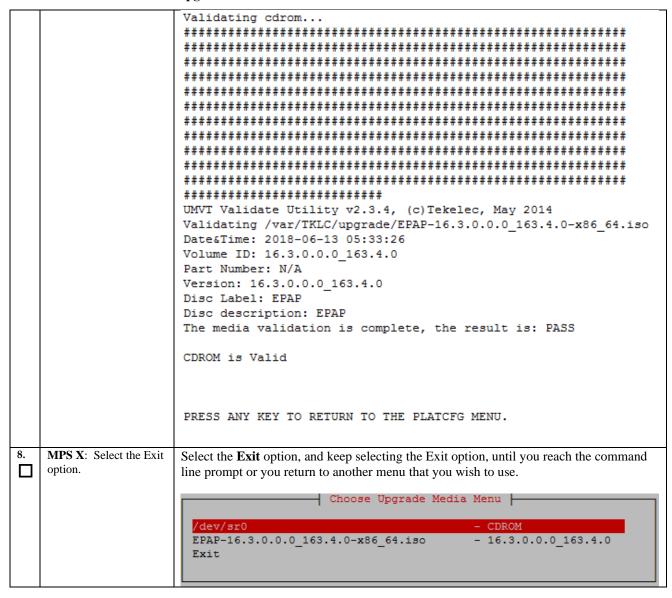
Procedure A.2: Validate the Upgrade Media



Procedure A.2: Validate the Upgrade Media



Procedure A.2: Validate the Upgrade Media

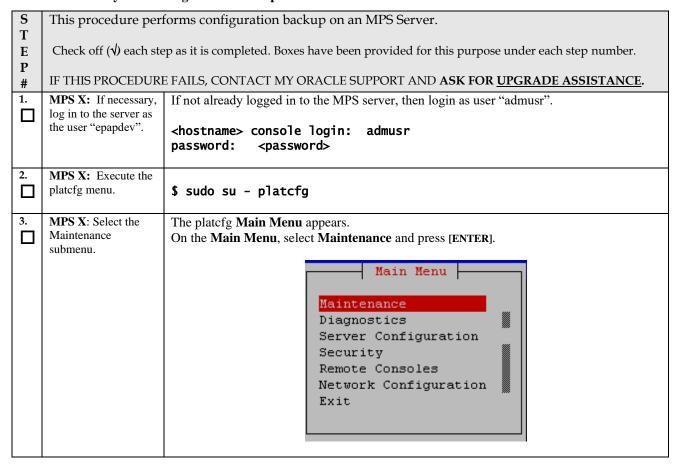


Procedure A.2: Validate the Upgrade Media

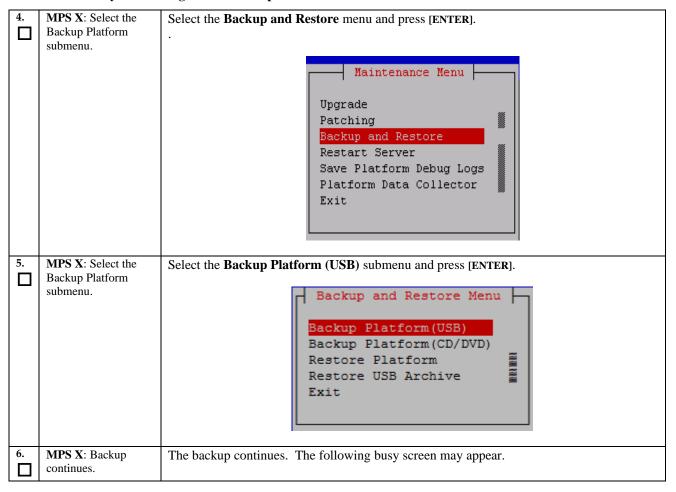
9.	MPS X: Procedure	Media Validation is complete. Return to the procedure that you came here from.
	complete.	

Procedure A.3 System Configuration Backup

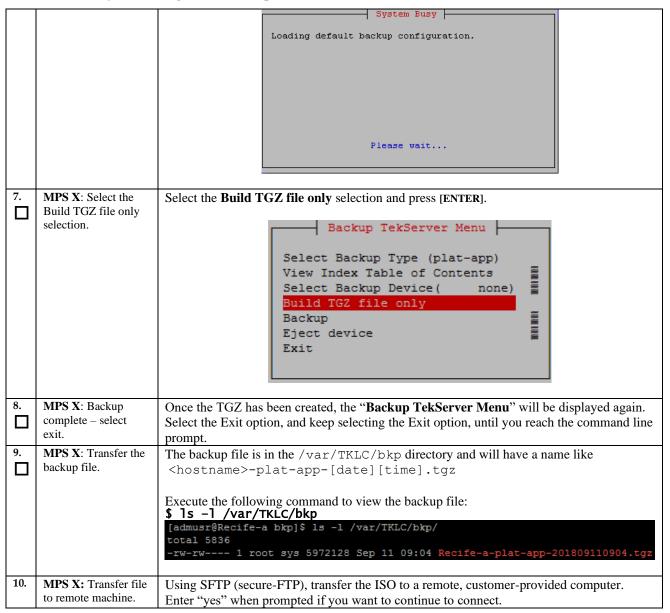
Procedure A.3: System Configuration Backup



Procedure A.3: System Configuration Backup



Procedure A.3: System Configuration Backup



ProcedureA.3: System Configuration Backup

		\$ cd /var/TKLC/bkp
		\$ sftp <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> Connecting to <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> The authenticity of host '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA) to the list of known hosts.</ip></ip></ip></ip>
		root@ <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password:</ip>
		sftp> cd <target directory=""></target>
		<pre>sftp> put <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz Uploading <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz to <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz sftp> bye</hostname></hostname></hostname></pre>
		If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command:
		<pre>\$ su - epapdev \$ scp /var/TKLC/bkp/<tgz file=""> epapdev@mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free/ \$ chmod 667 /var/TKLC/bkp/<tgz file=""></tgz></tgz></pre>
11.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.

Procedure A.4 Execute parse9Dig script

Procedure A.4: Execute parse9Dig script

S	This procedure performs the Execution of parse9Dig script.
T	
E	Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P	
	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .

#		
1.	MPS A: Login as the user "epapdev" on standalone PDB.	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	MPS A: Check if "parse9Dig" script is present on setup.	Check whether "parse9Dig" script is present on setup or not. Execute following command: \$ \textbf{ls-Irt/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig} [epapdev@Natal-a-PDBonly ~]\$ ls -lrt /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig -rwxr-xr-x 1 epapdev epap 12162 Oct 10 16:23 /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig If output is same as above then proceed to step 4 otherwise proceed with following step.
3.	MPS A: Execute the "parse9Dig" script on standalone PDB.	Note: Stop the Pdba software before executing this script. Execute the "parse9Dig" script and examine the result. \$/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all u

		[epapdev@Osorna-1B-PDBonly config]\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all u
		This utility will retrieve all digits for DB and parse them into 9Dig entries.

		Parsing DN digits into 9digits
		INFO: DN 9dig count 2.
		REPLACE INTO dn9dig VALUES (UNHEX("05000000000"),1), (UNHEX("06000000000"),1);
		Parsing IMSI digits into 9digits
		INFO: IMSI 9dig count: 9.
		REPLACE INTO immi9dig VALUES (UNHEX("0D001234567"),3), (UNHEX("0600000000"),1), (UNHEX("070000000 09"),1), (UNHEX("0800000044"),1), (UNHEX("08000000023"),2), (UNHEX("05000000000"),1), (UNHEX("080000 00077"),1), (UNHEX("08000000099"),1), (UNHEX("08000000088"),1);
		Parsing IMEI digits into 9digits
		INFO: IMEI 9dig count: 1.
		REPLACE INTO imei9dig VALUES (UNHEX("0E012345678"),2);
		Utility End Time: 06/13/18-21:24:31
4.	MPS A: Procedure is	This procedure is complete.
	complete.	

Procedure A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

S	This procedure increase rtVolume size for Non-prov.			
T				
E	Check off ($$) each step a	is it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P				
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .			
Not	e: Skip this procedure for	mixed EPAP and standalone EPAP.		
1.	MPS A: Log in to the	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A:		
	server.	<hostname> console login: epapdev</hostname>		
		Password: <password></password>		

2.	MPS A: Execute "rtdir_300gb" script for E5-APP-B cards with 300GB drive modules.	If EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 300GB drive modules, execute this step. If instead, EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 480GB drive modules, skip this step and go to step 3. Download the rtdir_300gb script zip file from My Oracle Support(MOS) (https://support.oracle.com). The zip file is available on MOS under Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor 16.3.0.0.0. Place the zip file in the /tmp directory. Unzip the file: \$ unzip <zip file="" from="" mos="" name=""> \$ cat Readme.txt Follow the directions in the Readme.txt file.</zip>
		Execute the following script: \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/rtdir_300gb Warning: This utility would increase rtVolume for non-prov setup and this action is irreversible.
		Are you sure you want to continue?[Yes/No]: Yes INFO: Increasing rt volume size for Non-provisionable EPAP. Please wait INFO: db space increased on 'A'.
		INFO: Stopping Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done. INFO: Starting Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done. INFO: Successfully configured Non-provisionable EPAP.
		Following error related to MyISAM table shall be observed on CLI while executing rtdir script:
		myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' e2fsck 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013)

3.	MPS A: Execute "rtdir" script for E5-APP-B cards with 480GB drive modules.	File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvreduce invocation. Parent PID 25006: sh resize2fs 1.43-wIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25350: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25359: sh resize2fs 1.43-wIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25410: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25406: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25406.
		Warning: This utility would increase rtVolume for non-prov setup and this action is irreversible. Are you sure you want to continue?[Yes/No]: Yes INFO: Increasing rt volume size for Non-provisionable EPAP. Please wait INFO: db space increased on 'A'. INFO: Stopping Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done. INFO: Starting Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done. INFO: Successfully configured Non-provisionable EPAP.

		Following error related to MyISAM table shall be observed on CLI while executing rtdir script: myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
		myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' e2fsck 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvreduce invocation. Parent PID
		25006: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25350: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID
		25359: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25410: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID
		25416: sh myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
		FIPS integrity verification test failed. FIPS integrity verification test failed.
		.WARNING: Reducing active logical volume to 8.00 GiB. THIS MAY DESTROY YOUR DATA (filesystem etc.).
4.	MPS A: Verify rtVolume size using command "df -h".	

		[epapdev@Arica-1A ~]\$ df -h	
		Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on	
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_root	
		976M 288M 637M 32% /	
		tmpfs 3.9G 0 3.9G 0% /dev/shm	
		/dev/md1 244M 40M 192M 18% /boot	
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_tmp	
		976M 2.0M 923M 1% /tmp	
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_usr	
		3.9G 2.5G 1.2G 68% /usr	
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var	
		976M 206M 720M 23% /var	
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc	
		3.9G 1.8G 1.9G 49% /var/TKLC	
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-db	
		5.8G 4.3G 1.2G 79% /var/TKLC/epa	p/db
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-free	
		320G 5.3G 298G 2% /var/TKLC/epa	p/free
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-logs	
		20G 89M 19G 1% /var/TKLC/epa	p/logs
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-rt	
		82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epa	p/rt
		Ianandattmirica_IA ~IC	
		Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G.	
_			
5.			
	MPS B: Execute "rtdir"	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	on MPS
	or "rtdir_300gb" script.	B.	
6.	MPS B: Procedure	This procedure is completed.	
	completed.	This procedure is completed.	
	1	<u>l</u>	

Procedure A.6 PDB Backup

S	This procedure perfo	rms a PDB backup on the EPAP server configured as a Provisionable (mixed-EPAP						
T	or PDBonly) node. This procedure should only be performed on the active PDBA.							
E	Note: Only one PDB Backup is allowed, to be stored. In case another backup is required,							
P		workaround is to setup the remote transfer of the existing pdb backup and then delete it.						
#	Workaround is to set	workaround is to setup the remote transfer of the existing pub backup and then defete it.						
π								
	Check off (1) each step	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.						
	IE THE PROCEDURE	EALL C. CONTEACTE AND A CLE CUIDDONE AND A CLE FOR LIBORADE A COLOTANICE						
		FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .						
1.	MPS A: Log in to the	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A:						
	server.	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev</hostname></pre>						
		Password: <password></password>						
2.	Run syscheck.	Execute the following Command:						
		\$ syscheck						
3.	Verify the System							
	Check executed	Running modules in class disk OK						
	successfully.	Running modules in class net						
		OK						
	In particular, verify that	Running modules in class proc						
	the PDBA process is running by noting that	OK Running modules in class system						
	syscheck does not	OK						
	generate an alarm	Running modules in class hardware						
	against the PDBA	OK						
	process.	The log is available at:						
	•	>/var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log						
		,, ., ., .,,						
		If the syscheck utility reports the "500000000000000 – Server Application Process						
		Error" alarm, restart the PDBA and execute syscheck again. The above alarm should be						
		removed. If the above alarm is not removed, contact My Oracle Support following the						
		instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0.						
4.								
	System Check Verifies	If the syscheck does not report any errors, proceed to the next step. Otherwise, if any						
	that PDBA is running.	other failures were detected by System Check, contact My Oracle Support following the						
		instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0.						
5.	Log into epapconfig.	\$ su - admusr						
		7						

		\$ sudo su — epapconfig		
6.	Main menu is displayed. Select Platform Menu.	Menu for mixed-EPAP: /EPAP Configuration Menu\		
		/\ 1 Display Configuration		
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu		
		3 Set Time Zone		
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys		
		5 Change Password		
		6 Platform Menu		
		7 Configure NTP Server		
		8 PDB Configuration Menu		
		9 Security		
		10 SNMP Configuration		
		11 Configure Alarm Feed		
		12		
		13		
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community 		
		15		
		e Exit \/		
		Enter Choice: 6		
7.	Platform menu is displayed. Select PDB	Menu for standard EPAP designation:		
	Backup.	/EPAP Platform Menu-\		
		1 Initiate Upgrade		
		2 Reboot MPS		
		3 MySQL Backup		
		4 RTDB Backup		

		5 PDB Backup					
		\/					
		Enter Choice: 5					
		Menu for PDB-only designation:					
		/EPAP Platform Menu-\ /\ 1 Initiate Upgrade					
		1 Initiate Upgrade					
		2 Reboot MPS					
		3 MySQL Backup					
		e Exit					
		Enter Choice: 4					
8.	Menu will prompt for a "yes" to continue. Enter a Y .	Are you sure you want to backup the PDB to /var/TKLC/epap/free/pdbBackup_DBExpPdbOnly_20180613055813_DBBirthd ate 20180613072847GMT DBLevel 6507 v7.50.bkp.tar.gz? [N]:					
9.	While the backup is						
	begin performed, the following output will be	Successfully started backup of PDB. Status will be displayed on the GUI banner.					
	displayed to the screen. Note: Only one PDB	Press return to continue					
	Backup is allowed, to be						
	stored.	Note: If following error is displayed instead of success, then you need to delete all pdbBackup from free directory in order to schedule new pdbBackup.					
		E1058: An internal error in the EPAP occurred: pdbBackup already exists in free directory.					
		Press return to continue					
10.	Exit this menu and return to the login	Enter Choice: e					
-	10:0111 10 1110 105111	1					

next step. 12. Use SFTP to transfer the backup file to a remote customer provided computer. Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the PDB backup file to a remote, customer-provided computer if you want to continue to connect. \$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free			Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.
backup file to a remote customer provided computer. computer. computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect. computer. comput			Monitor the GUI banner. When the backup has completed successfully, continue to the next step.
ς cu / ναι / Γκες/ εραρ/ ΓΓεε		backup file to a remote customer provided	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the PDB backup file to a remote, customer-provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect.
\$ oftn atp address of nameta computant		computer.	\$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
Connecting to <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> The authenticity of host '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:lb:ca:fd:ld:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA to the list of known hosts. root@<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password: sftp> cd <target directory=""> sftp> put pdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806_DBBirthdate_ 20140530144717GMT_DBLevel_<dblevel>.bkp.tar.gz Uploading pdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806_DBBirthdate_ 20140530144717GMT_DBLevel_<dblevel>.bkp.tar.gz to pdbBackup_<hostname>_ 20140530151806_DBBirthdate_20140530144717GMT_DBLevel_<dblevel>.k .tar.gz sftp> bye</dblevel></hostname></dblevel></hostname></dblevel></hostname></target></ip></ip></ip></ip>			The authenticity of host ' <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:lb:ca:fd:ld:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA) to the list of known hosts. root@<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password: sftp> cd <target directory=""> sftp> put pdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806_DBBirthdate_ 20140530144717GMT_DBLevel_<dblevel>.bkp.tar.gz Uploading pdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806_DBBirthdate_ 20140530144717GMT_DBLevel_<dblevel>.bkp.tar.gz to pdbBackup_<hostname>_ 20140530151806_DBBirthdate_20140530144717GMT_DBLevel_<dblevel>.bkp .tar.gz sftp> bye If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command \$ su - epapdev \$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/<pdb backup="" file=""></pdb></dblevel></hostname></dblevel></hostname></dblevel></hostname></target></ip></ip></ip>
13. Procedure complete. Return to the procedure that you came here from.	13.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.

Procedure	A	.6:	PD]	В	Bacl	Kup
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Procedure A.7 RTDB Backup

Note: Skip this procedure for PDBonly setup.

ProcedureA.7: RTDB Backup

S	This procedure performs an RTDB backup on the EPAP server.				
T E P	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.				
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .			
1.	MPS: Log in to the server.	If not already logged-in, then login to the MPS server. <hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>			
2.	Enter the epapconfig menu.	Execute the following command:			
		\$ sudo su - epapconfig			
3.	Main menu is displayed. Select Platform Menu.	/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /			

ProcedureA.7: RTDB Backup

		8	PDB Configuration Menu				
		9	Security				
		1 10	SNMP Configuration				
		11	Configure Alarm Feed				
		12	Configure Query Server				
		13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed				
		1 14	Configure SNMP Agent Community				
		15	 Mate Disaster Recovery				
		e	 Exit				
		,	/				
		Enter	Choice:6				
4.	Platform menu is displayed. Select RTDB		EPAP Platform Menu-\				
	Backup.	1 1	Initiate Upgrade				
		2	Reboot MPS				
		3	MySQL Backup				
		4	 RTDB Backup				
		5	 PDB Backup				
		i e	 Exit				
		,	/ Choice: 4				
5.	The Application		f the EPAP application software is running, you will be prompted to stop the software				
ш	software must be	for the	r the RTDB backup. Select with a "Y".				
	stopped.	EPAP s	software is running. Stop it? [N]: Y				

ProcedureA.7: RTDB Backup

6.	Menu will prompt for a "yes" to continue. Enter a Y .	Are you sure you want to backup the PDB to /var/TKLC/epap/free/rtdbBackup_Recife-A_20140530151806.tar.gz? [N]:				
7.	While the backup is begin performed, the following output will be displayed to the screen.	Successfully started backup of RTDB. Status will be displayed on the GUI banner. Press return to continue				
8.	Exit this menu and return to the login prompt. Continue exiting until you get to the login prompt.	Enter Choice: e Enter Choice: e Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.				
9.	Monitor GUI banner.	Monitor the GUI banner. When the backup has completed successfully, continue to the next step.				
10.	Restart the EPAP Software.	Restart the EPAP application software. \$ sudo /etc/init.d/Epap start				
11.	Use SFTP to transfer the backup file to a remote customer provided computer.	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the RTDB backup file to a remote, customer-provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect. \$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free				
		\$ sftp <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> Connecting to <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> The authenticity of host '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA) to the list of known hosts.</ip></ip></ip></ip>				
		root@ <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password: sftp> cd <target directory=""> sftp> put rtdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.tar.gz</hostname></target></ip>				

ProcedureA.7: RTDB Backup

		Uploading rtdbBackup_ <hostname>_20140530151806.tar.gz to rtdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.tar.gz sftp> bye If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command \$ su - epapdev \$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/<rtdb backup="" file=""> epapdev@mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free</rtdb></hostname></hostname>
12.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.

Procedure A.8 EuiDB Backup

Procedure A.8: Eui DB Backup

S	This procedure performs a backup of the User database on the MPS server.				
T E P #	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .				
1.	MPS A: Log in to the server as user "admusr".				
2.	Enter the epapconfig menu.	Execute the following Command: \$ sudo su - epapconfig			
3.	Master menu is displayed. Select Platform Menu.	/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\ 1 Display Configuration 2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu 3 Set Time Zone			

ProcedureA.8: EuiDB Backup

		4	Exchange Secure Shell Keys
			 Change Password
		 6	
			Configure NTP Server
			PDB Configuration Menu
			Security
		10	SNMP Configuration
			Configure Alarm Feed
			Configure Query Server
		13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		1 14	Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15	Mate Disaster Recovery
		e	Exit
		,	Choice: 6
4.	Platform menu is displayed. Select MySQL Backup.	/ 1 2 3 4 5	-EPAP Platform Menu-\\ Initiate Upgrade Reboot MPS MySQL Backup RTDB Backup PDB Backup Exit
		e	·

ProcedureA.8: EuiDB Backup

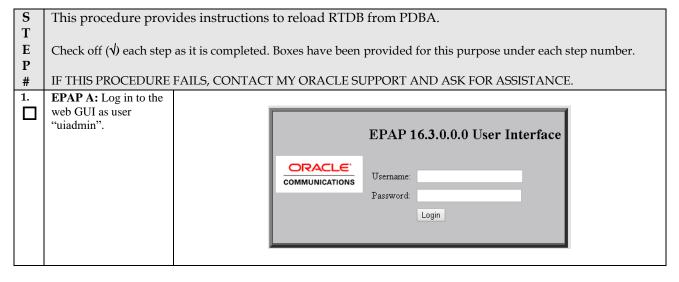
		Enter Choice: 3
5.	You will then be prompted to verify that you want to backup the MySQL Database. Type "Y" and press enter.	Are you sure you want to backup the MySQL database on MPS A? [N]: Press Y
7.	While the backup is begin performed, the following output will be displayed to the screen.	NPDB Backed up Successfully to /var/TKLC/appl/free/ <file name=""></file>
8.	Exit this menu and return to the Unix login prompt. Continue exiting until you get to the Unix login prompt.	Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.
9.	Use SFTP to transfer the backup file to a remote customer provided computer.	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the NPDB backup file to a remote, customer- provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect. \$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free \$ sftp <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> Connecting to <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> The authenticity of host '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA) to the list of known hosts. root@<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password: sftp> cd <target directory=""> sftp> put npdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.sql.gz Uploading npdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.sql.gz sftp> bye</hostname></hostname></target></ip></ip></ip></ip></ip>

Procedure A.8: Eui DB Backup

		If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command \$ su - epapdev \$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/ <npdb backup="" file=""> epapdev @mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free</npdb>
10.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
	Trocedure complete.	rectain to the procedure that you came here from:

Procedure A.9 RTDB Reload from PDBA

Procedure A.9: RTDB Reload from PDBA



ProcedureA.9: RTDB Reload from PDBA

2.	EPAP A: Put EPAP in Force Standby Mode.	A Change Forced Standby Status
	Expand the "Maintenance" Folder.	i INFO: The STANDBY restriction is NOT currently in place for EPAP A.
	Expand the "Force Standby" Folder.	CAUTION: This action will prevent this EPAP from updating the RTDB until the STANDBY restriction is removed (by executing this menu item again).
	Select the "Change Status" link.	Activate STANDBY Restriction
	Click on "Activate STANDBY	A Change Forced Standby Status
	Restriction" Button.	✓ SUCCESS: The STANDBY restriction is now ON.
3.	EPAP A: Reload RTDB from PDBA.	A Reload RTDB from PDBA
	Expand the "RTDB" Folder. Expand the "Maintenance" Folder.	CAUTION: This action will cause the selected RTDB to be completely reloaded from the PDBA. Once the action is started, the RTDB will be unusable until the reload is completed. It is necessary for this EPAP to be in Forced Standby mode to ensure that it will not attempt to become ACTIVE while the reload is in progress.
	Select the "Reload from PDBA" link.	Continue with the reload only if you are sure.
	Click on the "Reload" Button.	· relation
		A Reload RTDB from PDBA
	Observe the "SUCCESS" Status.	SUCCESS: The reload has been initiated. You can check its progress by viewing the RTDB status. Also, an informational message has been added to the Banner. The message will be cleared when the reload is complete.

ProcedureA.9: RTDB Reload from PDBA

4.	EPAP A: Wait for completion. Observe the GUI informational message and wait for the RTDB Reload completion message before proceeding.	
5.	EPAP A: Remove EPAP from Force Standby Mode. Expand the "Maintenance" Folder. Expand the "Force Standby" Folder. Select the "Change Status" link. Click on "Remove STANDBY Restriction" Button.	A Change Forced Standby Status **INFO: The STANDBY restriction is currently in place for EPAP A. **CAUTION: This action will allow this EPAP to resume updating the RTDB. **Remove STANDBY Restriction* **Change Forced Standby Status* **SUCCESS: The STANDBY restriction is now OFF.

ProcedureA.9: RTDB Reload from PDBA

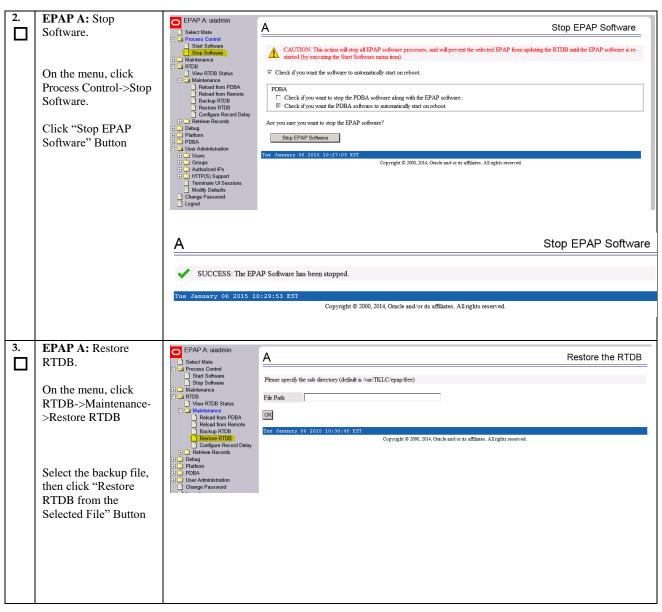
6.	EPAP A: Verify RTDB status.		Α			View RTDB Status
	Expand the "RTDB" Folder.				Local RTD	B Status
	Select the "View RTDB Status" link.		RTDB Level: PDB Level: Counts: Tables: DB Size:	IMSIs=0, DN	Ns=0, DN Blocks =0, IMEI=0, ASI	05/22/2014 14:57:49 GMT 05/09/2014 07:51:44 GMT =0, NEs=1, ASDs=0
		The RTD		ust be Cohe	erent.	
7.	Procedure complete.	Return to	the procedu	ure that you	came here fro	om.

Procedure A.10 RTDB Restore

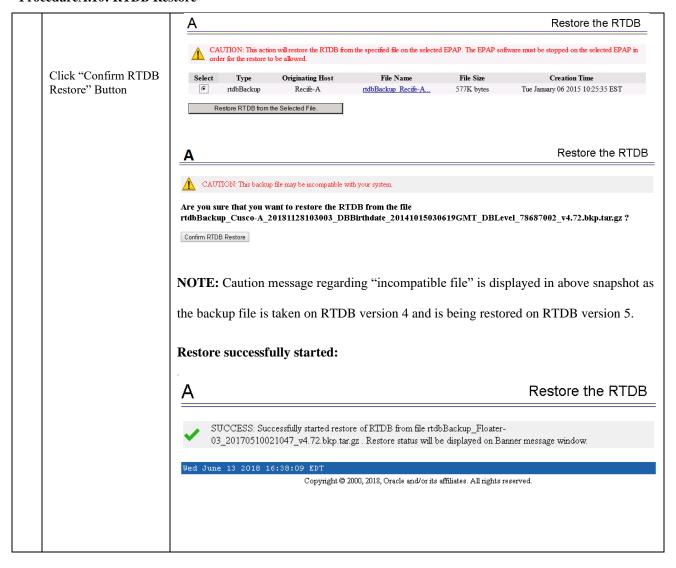
ProcedureA.10: RTDB Restore

S	This procedure provides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file.				
T E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.				
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.				
1.	EPAP A: Log in to the web GUI as user "uiadmin".				

Procedure A.10: RTDB Restore



Procedure A.10: RTDB Restore



Procedure A.10: RTDB Restore

EPAP A: Make EPAP Conferming that Restore RTDB in progress: down. An IM alarm should be Informational Messages observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that restore Informational Messages RTDB is in progress. Restore RTDB in progress Wed June 13 2018 16:39:09 EDT An IM alarm should be Copyright @ 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that restore RTDB completed successfully. Conferming that Restore RTDB is completed successfully: Informational Messages Click "Confirm RTDB Restore" Button Informational Messages Restore RTDB completed successfully Fri June 15 2018 00:30:27 EDT Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

ProcedureA.10: RTDB Restore

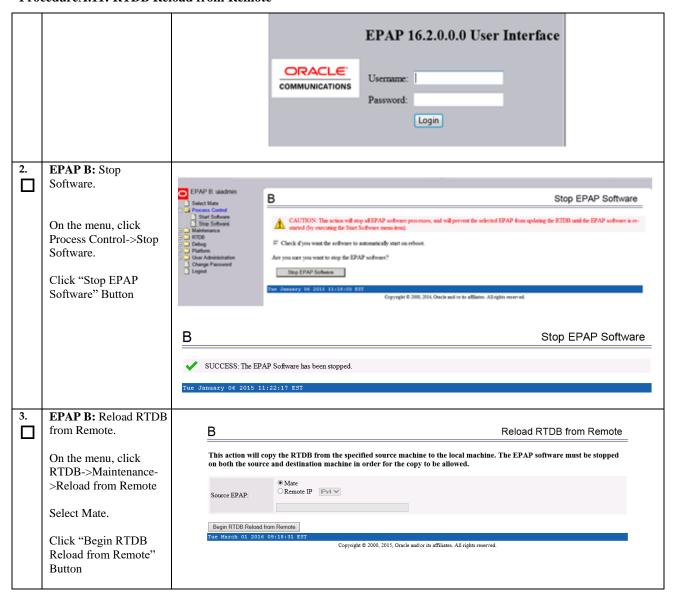
5.	EPAP A: RTDB converter is started. An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI	This step is performed only to support EAGLE release 46.7.0.0.0 (On the setup where DB Architecture is eXtreme):
	confirming that RTDB Conversion in progress.	A Informational Messages
	An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that RTDB Conversion completed successfully.	Informational Messages RTDB Conversion in progress Wed June 13 2018 16:55:42 EDT Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

ProcedureA.10: RTDB Restore

		A Informational Messages
		Informational Messages
		RTDB conversion completed successfully
		Fri June 15 2018 00:37:57 EDT
		Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
6.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.

Procedure A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote

S	This procedure provides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file.
T E	Check off (\checkmark) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
1.	EPAP B: Log in to the web GUI as user "uiadmin".



	Click "Confirm RTDB Reload from Remote" Button	Are you sure that you want to reload the RTDB from the ma	Reload RTDB from Remote
4.	EPAP B: Reload RTDB from Mate		
	An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI	B In	nformational Messages
	confirming the start of the reload process	Informatio	onal Messages
	•	Reload RTDB f	rom mate in progress
	An informational alarm		
	should be displayed with informational	Tue June 12 2018 18:57:47 ED	
	message when the reload is complete	Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle a	nd/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
		B Ir	nformational Messages
			nformational Messages
		Informatio	
		Informatio	nal Messages ate completed successfully
		Informatio Reload RTDB from ma	nal Messages ate completed successfully
		Informatio Reload RTDB from ma	nal Messages ate completed successfully
		Informatio Reload RTDB from ma	nal Messages ate completed successfully

5.	MPS A and B: Restart the GUI Server process.	\$ pkill gs \$ ssh mate pkill gs	
6.	MPS B: Start the Epap software on EPAP A and B.	\$ ssh mate /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ -~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started.	
		\$ service Epap start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started.	
7.	MPS B: Checking the RTDB Status	\$ pkill gs	
	Log onto the GUI of the B server and select RTDB, View RTDB Status. Verify that the DB status for the local and the mate is Coherent	DB Status Coherent	
8.	Procedure complete.	Procedure Complete.	

Procedure A.12 ISO Image download from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud

This procedure defines the step to download the ISO from OSDC and copy to the test server at specific path.

Procedure A.12: ISO Image download from OSDC

S	This procedure provi	This procedure provides instructions to download an ISO image from OSDC and copy to the required	
T	server.	· · ·	
Е			
P	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
#			
		FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.	
1.	MPS X: Log in to the	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr	
	server as the "admusr"	password: <admusr_password></admusr_password>	
	user.		
2.	MPS X: Run syscheck to make sure there is no	Execute the following command: \$ sudo syscheck	
	error.	The output should look like:	
		[admusr@hostname ~]\$ syscheck	
		Running modules in class disk	
		OK	
		Running modules in class hardware OK	
		Running modules in class net	
		OK	
		Running modules in class proc	
		OK	
		Running modules in class system	
		OK	
		Running modules in class upgrade	
		OK	
		LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log	
3.	MPS X: Verify ISO	Execute the following command to perform directory listing:	
	image doesn't already	\$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade	
	exist.	The output should look like as follows (There is no ISO is present in following example):	
		The darpat should rook like as follows (There is no 150 is present in following example).	
		[admusr@Osorna-B-PDBonly ~]\$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade/	

Procedure A.12: ISO Image download from OSDC

		total 12 drwxrwxr-x. 3 root admgrp 4096 Feb 19 21:43 .
		dr-xr-xr-x. 22 root root 4096 Jun 15 2018 If an ISO image exists, remove it by executing the following command:
		\$ rm -f /var/TKLC/upgrade/ <iso image=""></iso>
4.	Download the ISO image from OSDC.	Download the ISO image from OSDC(Oracle Software Delivery Cloud).
5.	Copy the ISO from source path to destination path.	NOTE: Skip this step if same ISO is already present on destination folder.
		Copy the ISO image from source path to destination path using scp/ftp command.
		Execute the following command on destination server:
		\$ sudo scp <source_username>@<source_server_ip>:/<source_path>/xyz.iso /var/TKLC/upgrade</source_path></source_server_ip></source_username>
		Password: <enter source="" userpassword=""></enter>
		OR,
		Execute the following command on source server:
		<pre>\$ scp /<source_path>/<xyz.iso> admusr@<destination_server_ip>:/var/TKLC/upgrade</destination_server_ip></xyz.iso></source_path></pre>
		Password: <enter admusr="" password=""></enter>
6.	MPS X: Verify ISO image copied on destination path.	Execute the following command to perform directory listing: \$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade

Procedure A.12: ISO Image download from OSDC

		The output should look like: [admusr@hostname ~]\$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade
		total 1599016
		-rr 1 root root 925388800 Aug 23 02:15 EPAP- 16.3.0.0.0_163.12.0-x86_64.iso
		dr-xr-xr-x. 22 root root 4096 Aug 23 02:31
		drwxrwxr-x. 3 root admgrp 4096 Sep 11 04:38 .
		Repeat this procedure from step 1 if EPAP ISO file is not as expected.
7.	MPS X: Validate ISO file.	Validate ISO file using Procedure A.2.
8.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.

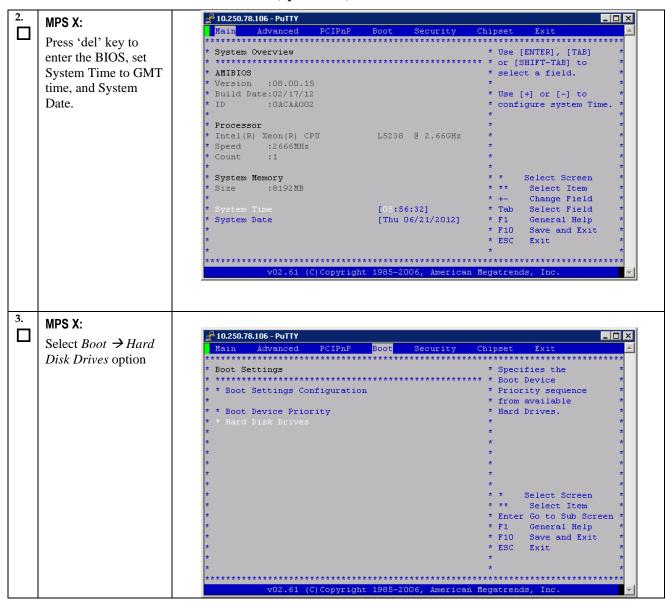
Procedure A.13 IPM MPS Server with TPD 7.0.X or later (upto 7.6.1.x)

Note: Both the MPS-A and MPS-B servers can be IPM'ed at the same time.

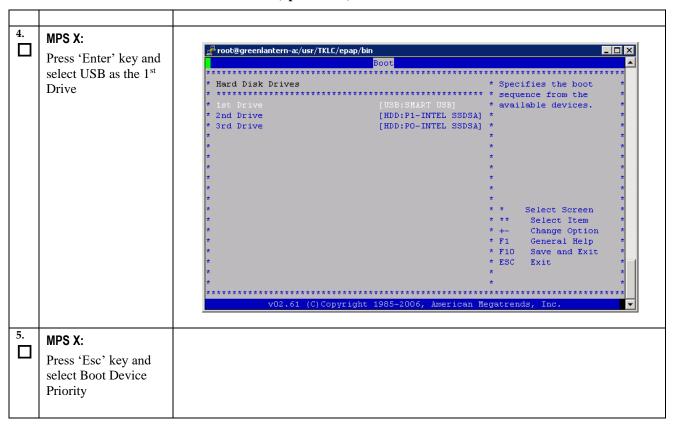
Procedure A.13: IPM with TPD 7.0.x or later (upto 7.6.1.x)

S	This procedure will IF	PM the E5-APP-B Server.	
T			
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P			
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .		
1.	MPS X:	Reboot server	
	Insert TPD 7.0.x USB	# reboot	
	media into the USB		
	port (E5-APP-B)		

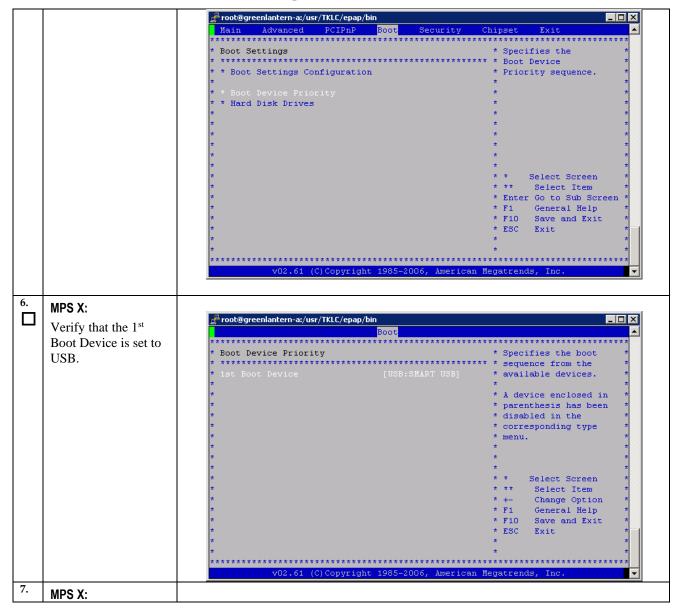
Procedure A.13: IPM with TPD 7.0.x or later (upto 7.6.1.x)



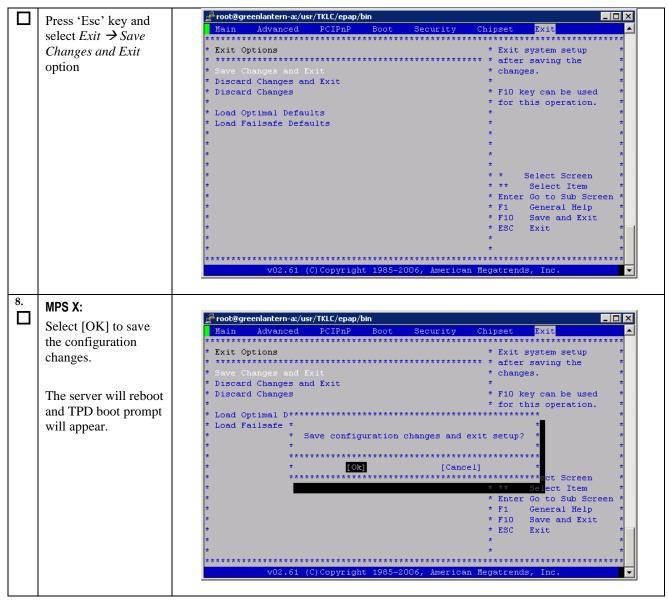
Procedure A.13: IPM with TPD 7.0.x or later (upto 7.6.1.x)



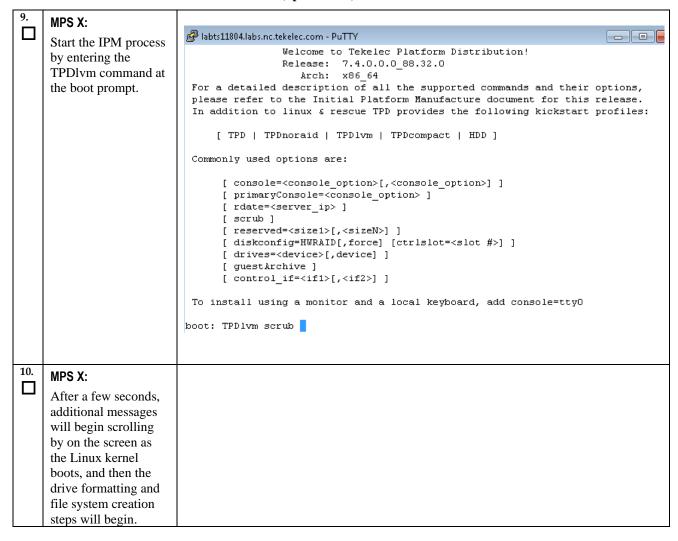
Procedure A.13: IPM with TPD 7.0.x or later (upto 7.6.1.x)



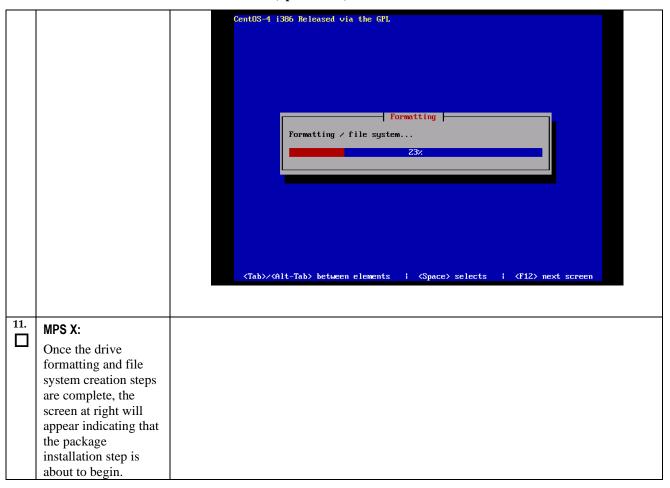
Procedure A.13: IPM with TPD 7.0.x or later (upto 7.6.1.x)



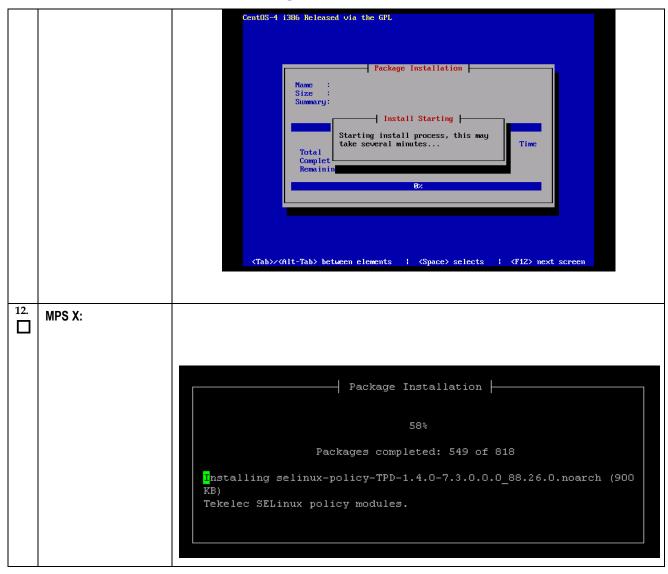
Procedure A.13: IPM with TPD 7.0.x or later (upto 7.6.1.x)



Procedure A.13: IPM with TPD 7.0.x or later (upto 7.6.1.x)



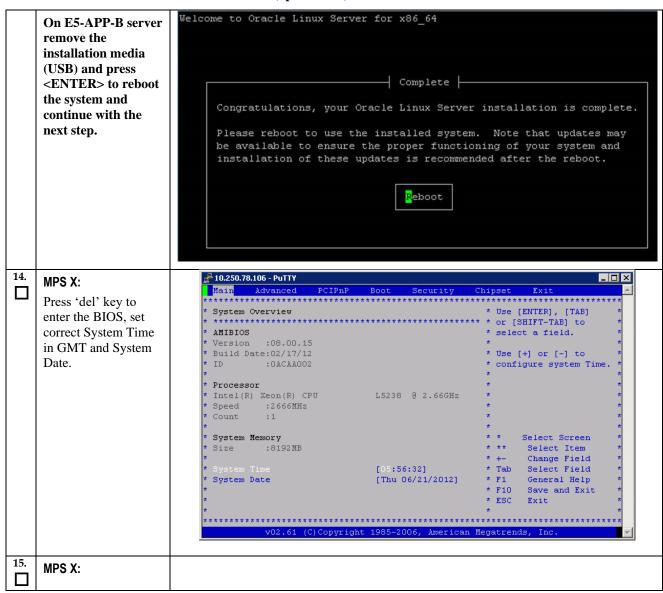
Procedure A.13: IPM with TPD 7.0.x or later (upto 7.6.1.x)



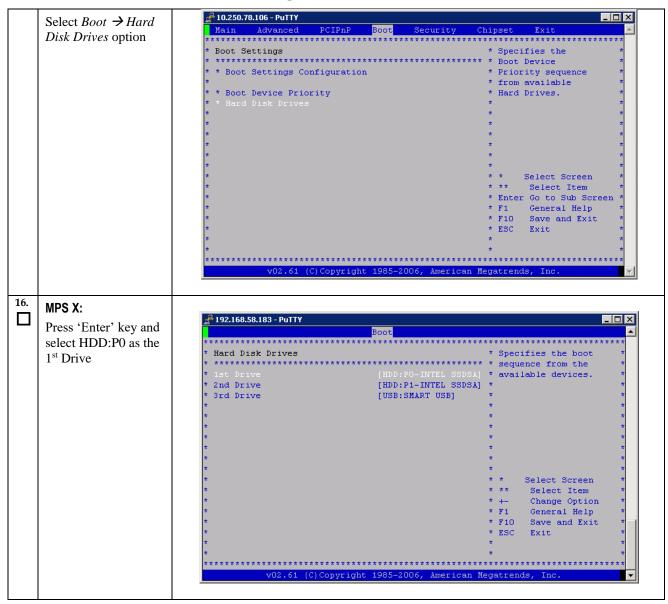
Procedure A.13: IPM with TPD 7.0.x or later (upto 7.6.1.x)

	After a few minutes,	
	you will see a screen	
	similar to that at right,	
	showing the status of	
	the package	
	installation step. For	
	each package, there	
	will be a status bar at	
	the top indicating	
	how much of the	
	package has been	
	installed, with a	
	cumulative status bar	
	at the bottom	
	indicating how many	
	packages remain. In	
	the middle, you will	
	see text statistics	
	indicating the total	
	number of packages,	
	the number of	
	packages installed,	
	the number	
	remaining, and	
	current and projected	
	time estimates.	
13.	MPS X:	
	Once all the packages have been	
	successfully installed,	
	the screen at right will	
	appear letting you	
	know the installation	
	process is complete.	
		<u>L</u>

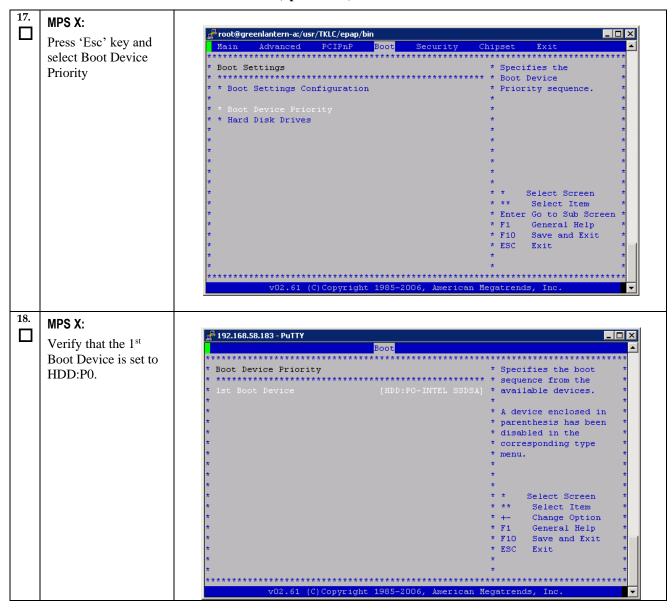
Procedure A.13: IPM with TPD 7.0.x or later (upto 7.6.1.x)



Procedure A.13: IPM with TPD 7.0.x or later (upto 7.6.1.x)



Procedure A.13: IPM with TPD 7.0.x or later (upto 7.6.1.x)



Procedure A.13: IPM with TPD 7.0.x or later (upto 7.6.1.x)

19.	MPS X:		
	D (F) 1 1	₽ root@greenlantern-a:/usr/TKLC/epap/bin	. □ ×
	Press 'Esc' key and	Main Advanced PCIPnP Boot Security Chipset Exit	_
	select $Exit \rightarrow Save$	************************	***
	Changes and Exit	* Exit Options	*
	option	* ******* * after saving the * Save Changes and Exit	*
	Option	* Discard Changes and Exit *	*
		* Discard Changes	*
		* for this operation.	*
		* Load Optimal Defaults	*
		* Load Failsafe Defaults *	*
		*	*
		*	<u> </u>
		" *	<u>"</u>
		* * Select Screen	*
		* ** Select Item	*
		* # Enter Go to Sub Scree	en *
		* * F1 General Help	*
		* * F10 Save and Exit	*
		* ESC Exit	* 1
		·	

		v02.61 (C)Copyright 1985-2006, American Megatrends, Inc.	-
		1-1	
0.	MPS X:		
	G 1 + FOXI +		
	Select [OK] to save		
	the configuration		
	changes. The server		
	will reboot.		
	will redoot.		
	D HOD I		
	Remove USB media		
	from USB drive.		

Procedure A.13: IPM with TPD 7.0.x or later (upto 7.6.1.x)

		root@greenlantern-a:/usr/TKLC/epap/bin
	I	Main Advanced PCIPnP Boot Security Chipset Exit
	I	******************
	I	* Exit Options * Exit system setup *
	I	* ********* * after saving the * * Save Changes and Exit
	1	* Discard Changes and Exit
	I	* Discard Changes
	I	* for this operation. *
	I	* Load Optimal D************************************
	I	* Load Failsafe *
	I	* * * *
	I	*
	1	*
	1	* ************************************
	I	* * Select Item *
	1	* * Enter Go to Sub Screen * * * F1 General Help *
	1	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
	I	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
	1	* *
	1	* *
	I	*********************
	1	v02.61 (C)Copyright 1985-2006, American Megatrends, Inc. ▼
	I	
		When the message "Upstart Job ntdMgr: started", is displayed, press the Enter Key to get the Login prompt.
21.	MPS X: Log in to the	console login: admusr
	~	1
	server as the user "admusr"	password: <admusr_password></admusr_password>
22.	"admusr"	password: <admusr_password> \$ getPlatRev</admusr_password>
22.	"admusr" MPS X:	\$ getPlatRev
	"admusr" MPS X: Verify that the	• -
	"admusr" MPS X: Verify that the platform revision is	\$ getPlatRev
	"admusr" MPS X: Verify that the	\$ getPlatRev
	"admusr" MPS X: Verify that the platform revision is same as the TPD	\$ getPlatRev
	"admusr" MPS X: Verify that the platform revision is	\$ getPlatRev
23.	"admusr" MPS X: Verify that the platform revision is same as the TPD	\$ getPlatRev
	"admusr" MPS X: Verify that the platform revision is same as the TPD DVD or ISO used. MPS X:	\$ getPlatRev 7.6.x.0.0-y.z.0 \$ date -u
23.	"admusr" MPS X: Verify that the platform revision is same as the TPD DVD or ISO used.	\$ getPlatRev 7.6.x.0.0-y.z.0
23.	"admusr" MPS X: Verify that the platform revision is same as the TPD DVD or ISO used. MPS X:	\$ getPlatRev 7.6.x.0.0-y.z.0 \$ date -u Wed Mar 21 11:04:54 UTC 2018
23.	"admusr" MPS X: Verify that the platform revision is same as the TPD DVD or ISO used. MPS X: Verify the system	\$ getPlatRev 7.6.x.0.0-y.z.0 \$ date -u Wed Mar 21 11:04:54 UTC 2018 Verify that the output time matches the time set in step 14. If mismatch is found, then
23.	"admusr" MPS X: Verify that the platform revision is same as the TPD DVD or ISO used. MPS X: Verify the system	\$ getPlatRev 7.6.x.0.0-y.z.0 \$ date -u Wed Mar 21 11:04:54 UTC 2018

Procedure A.13: IPM with TPD 7.0.x or later (upto 7.6.1.x)

24.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.

Procedure A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

Note: All the networks (Prov, GUI and OAM) should be in different subnets. The networks can be a mix of IPv4 and IPv6 IPs.

Procedure A.14: Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

S	This procedure will configure the standalone PDB in segmented configuration.				
T					
E	Check off (\forall) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.				
P					
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .				
1.	MPS A: Log on Server	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr			
	A.	password: password			
2.	MPS A: Switch user to epapconfig.	\$ sudo su — epapconfig			
3.	MPS A: A note of	Caution: This is the first login of the text user interface.			
	caution appears. Press Return to continue.	Press return to continue			
4.	MPS A: Upon pressing Return you can now abort or proceed with the initial configuration.	Are you sure you wish to continue? [N]:Y			
	To continue with the configuration, enter Y.				
5.	MPS A: Enter the System Number and Network Configuration Type as "Segmented".	Building the initial database on side A. Stopping local slave No preexisting EuiDB database was detected. Set EPAP System Number: <enter here="" number="" system="" the=""> Enter the Network Configuration Type (1 for Single, 2 for Segmented): 2</enter>			

Procedure A.14: Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

6.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 2, Configure Network Interfaces Menu.	/EPAP Configuration Menu\			
		1 1	Display Configuration		
		2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu		
		3	Set Time Zone		
			 Exchange Secure Shell Keys		
		5	 Change Password		
		6	 Platform Menu		
		7	 Configure NTP Server		
			 PDB Configuration Menu		
		9	 Security		
		10	 SNMP Configuration		
		111	 Configure Alarm Feed		
		1 12	 Configure Query Server		
		13	 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed		
		1 14	 Configure SNMP Agent Community		
			 DB Architecture Menu		
		 e	 Exit		
		\	/		

Procedure A.14: Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

		Enter Choice: 2			
7.	MPS A: The Configure Network Interfaces	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\			
	Menu is displayed. Select choice 1, Configure Provisioning Network.	1 Configure Provisioning Network			
		2 Configure GUI Network			
		3 Configure Operations and Maintenance Network			
		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network			
		5 Configure Static NAT Addresses			
		e Exit			
		Enter Choice: 1			
	Note: Enter choice "1" for IPv4 configuration. Otherwise, enter choice "2" for IPv6 configuration.	/Configure Provisiong Network Menu-\			
		/\ 1 IPv4 Configuration			
		e Exit			
		Enter Choice:			
		Example output Standalone PDB in IPv4 configuration:			
		EPAP A provisioning network IP Address: 192.168.61.35 EPAP provisioning network netmask: 255.255.255.0 EPAP provisioning network default router: 192.168.61.250			
		Select choice e to exit to the "Configure Network Interfaces" menu.			
8.	MPS A: The Configure Network Interfaces Menu is displayed. Select choice 2, Configure GUI Network.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\ /\			
		1 Configure Provisioning Network			
		2 Configure GUI Network			
	INGLWOIK.	3 Configure Operations and Maintenance Network			

Procedure A.14: Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		5 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 2
		/Configure GUI Network-\
	Note: Enter choice "1" for IPv4 configuration.	1 IPv4 Configuration
	Otherwise, enter choice	2 IPv6 Configuration
	"2" for IPv6 configuration.	
	C	\/
		Enter Choice: 1
		Example output Standalone PDB in IPv4 configuration:
		EPAP A GUI network IP Address: 192.168.59.27
		EPAP GUI network netmask: 255.255.255.0
		EPAP GUI network route: 192.168.59.250
		Select choice e to exit to the "Configure Network Interfaces" menu.
9.	MPS A: The Configure Network Interfaces	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
	Menu is displayed.	/\ 1 Configure Provisioning Network
	Select choice 3, Configure Operations	
	and Maintenance	2
	Network.	3 Configure Operations and Maintenance Network
		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		5 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		e Exit
		\\\/

Procedure A.14: Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

		Enter Choice: 3
		/Configure Operations and Maintenance Network-\
		1 IPv4 Configuration
	Note: Enter choice "1"	2 IPv6 Configuration
	for IPv4 configuration. Otherwise, enter choice	e Exit
	"2" for IPv6 configuration.	Enter Choice: 1
		EPAP A Operations and Maintenance network IP Address: 192.168.60.26 EPAP Operations and Maintenance network netmask: 255.255.255.0 EPAP Operations and Maintenance network route: 192.168.60.250 Select choice e to exit to the "Configure Network Interfaces" menu.
10.	MPS A: Select choice e to exit from the	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
	epapconfig menu.	/\ 1 Configure Provisioning Network
		2 Configure GUI Network
		3 Configure Operations and Maintenance Network
		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		5 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: e

Procedure A.14: Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

1	FDND Configuration Monu.
/	EPAP Configuration Menu\ \
	1 Display Configuration
l i	2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
	3 Set Time Zone
	4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
i	5 Change Password
	6 Platform Menu
	7 Configure NTP Server
i	8 PDB Configuration Menu
i i	9 Security
i i i	 10 SNMP Configuration
i i i	 l1 Configure Alarm Feed
i i i	 12 Configure Query Server
i i i	 13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
i i i	 14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
i i	DB Architecture Menu
l i	-
*	er Choice: 2
Ent	er Choice: e

Procedure A.14: Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

		Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.
11.	MPS A: Procedure is complete.	Procedure is complete.

Procedure A.15 Password change for EPAP System Users

Procedure A.15: Password change for EPAP System Users

S T	This procedure will change the password for the EPAP System User(s).	
E P	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
1.	MPS A: Log on Server A with the EPAP System User for which the password is to be changed.	<pre>[hostname]: <epap system="" user=""> password: <epapdev password=""></epapdev></epap></pre>
2.	MPS A: Change Password for an EPAP system user	\$ passwd Changing password for user <epap system="" user="">. Changing password for <epap system="" user="">. (current) UNIX password: <enter current="" here="" password="" the=""> New password: <enter here="" new="" password="" the=""> Retype new password: <retype here="" new="" password="" the=""> passwd: all authentication tokens updated successfully. Note: The Linux "passwd" command used to change the password of Linux users, follows the Linux PAM rules. Refer to the Linux manual for the PAM rules. # man pam_cracklib</retype></enter></enter></epap></epap>

Procedure A.15: Password change for EPAP System Users

3.	MPS B: Change Password	Repeat steps 1 and 2 on MPS B also. Note: The new password on MPS A and B should be same.
4.	MPS A: Procedure Complete	This procedure is complete.

Procedure A.16 E5-APP-B Halt/Shutdown

Procedure A.16: E5-APP-B Halt/Shutdown

S T	This procedure will halt the E5-APP-B hardrware.		
E P	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
1.	E5APPB Card: Slide the ejector switch	On the APP-B card, slide the Ejector switch (4) up to the UNLOCKED position. Refer to Figure 5.	
		Caution: If the Ejector switch goes from locked to unlocked and the E5-APP-B card is in service, the card will halt.	
2.	E5APPB Card: Monitor the Eject Status LED	WAIT for the E5-APP-B Eject Status LED to go from blinking red to a steady red.	
3.	E5APPB Card: Lever Release	Grasp the upper and lower card Inject/Eject (I/E) lever release (3) just underneath the I/E lever, and press it to meet the I/E lever. This is the mechanical interlock for the card. Refer to Figure 6.	
4.	E5APPB Card: Pull out the levers	While holding the I/E interlock and lever, pull the levers (2) away from the shelf until they are parallel to the floor. Refer to Figure 6.	
5.	E5APPB Card: Slide the ejector switch	Remove the E5-APP-B card from the EAGLE shelf.	
6.	MPS A: Procedure Complete	This procedure is complete.	

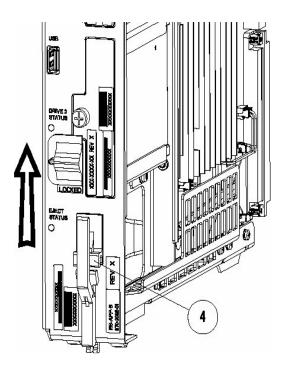


Figure 5: Slide the Ejector Switch

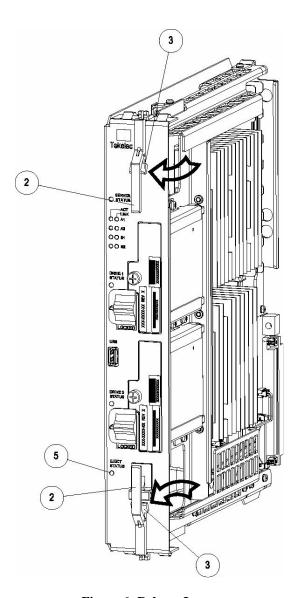


Figure 6: Release Lever

Procedure A.17 Procedure to Configure EPAP switch ports and EAGLE SM cards to support 1G EPAP-to-Eagle RTDB download speed

Note: This needs to be done in coordination with the EAGLE team.

Procedure A.17: Procedure to Configure EPAP switch ports and EAGLE SM cards to support 1G EPAP-to-Eagle RTDB download speed

S	This procedure will configure EPAP Switch ports and Eagle SM cards to support 1G EPAP-to-EAGLE download speed.		
T E	specu.		
P	Note: Estimated time of completion is 20 minutes.		
#			
1.	E5-APP-B A/B: Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to 1000 Mbps.	Follow Procedure 9 to Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to 1000 Mbps	
2.	EAGLE: Configure Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP to Auto-negotiate.	Eagle Command to configure an Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP: CHG-IP-LNK:LOC= <sm card="" location="">:PORT=<port>:IPADDR=<ip address="">:SUBMASK=<subnet mask="">:MCAST=YES:AUTO=YES</subnet></ip></port></sm>	
3.	EAGLE: Verify the auto negotiation status of the Ethernet ports on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP. Make sure the ports are getting auto-negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Eagle Command to verify auto negotiation status of an Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP: PASS: LOC= <sm card="" location="">:CMD="NETSTAT -I" Please go through the "Identifying the Ethernet port status on SM cards using "NETSTAT -I" display" section below. If ports on SM cards are getting auto-negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex correctly, then stop here. Otherwise continue with next step.</sm>	
4.	E5-APP-B A/B: Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to auto-negotiate.	Follow Procedure 9 to Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to 'auto'.	
5.	EAGLE: Verify the auto negotiation status of a Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP.	Eagle Command to verify auto negotiation status of an Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP: PASS: LOC= <sm card="" location="">:CMD="NETSTAT -I"</sm>	

Make sure the ports are getting auto-negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.

Please go through the "Identifying the Ethernet port status on SM cards using "NETSTAT -I" display" section below

<u>Identifying the Ethernet port status on SM cards using "NETSTAT -I" display:</u>

```
SM8G-B card running SCCPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 3) = ExAP Port B
SM8G-B card running SCCPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 3) = ExAP Port B
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1307
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:43:49 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST SST AST 1307 140-029-000 DSM SCCPHC IS-ANR MPS Unavl ----
     ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
      BLMCAP GPL version = 140-029-000
                          = Conn
      IMT BUS A
      IMT BUS B
                          = Disc
      CLOCK A
                          = Fault
      CLOCK B
                          = Active
      CLOCK I
                           = Idle
      MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SMXG B
      DBD STATUS
                         = Valid
                          = None
      DBD TYPE
      DBD MEMORY SIZE = 8192M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ---
      FPGA VERSION = 9
      BIOS VERSION = 0ABSV01
PSOC VERSION = 0.1
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 34C ( 94F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 34C ( 94F) [17-05-04 15:49]
SCCP % OCCUP = 0%
```

```
SCCP SM DATA TYPE = DN
      APPLICATION SERVICING
                                           MFC
                                                       MFC
          SNM REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
INM REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
MTP3 REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          SFLOG REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
      IPLNK STATUS
              NK IPADDR STATUS PST
192.168.120.21 DOWN OOS-MT
192.168.121.21 DOWN OOS-MT
          IPLNK IPADDR
          Α
      DSM IP CONNECTION
          PORT PST
                                  SST
               OOS-MT Unavail
    Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1307:cmd="netstat -i"
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:44:26 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
    -> tklc_ifShow
    lo (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET UP
         Type: SOFTWARE LOOPBACK
         inet: 127.0.0.1
         Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
         O packets received; 1 packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
         0 input errors; 0 output errors
         0 collisions; 0 dropped
         0 output queue drops
    DPLend (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
         Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
         Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00:00
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
         0 octets received
```

```
0 octets sent
     0 unicast packets received
     0 unicast packets sent
    0 non-unicast packets received
     0 non-unicast packets sent
    0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     O outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 2):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
     PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    inet: 192.168.120.21
    Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
    Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
    250214 octets received
    122200 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
    0 multicast packets sent
    2075 broadcast packets received
    940 broadcast packets sent
    0 incoming packets discarded
    0 outgoing packets discarded
    0 incoming errors
    0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 3):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
    PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    inet: 192.168.121.21
    Broadcast address: 192.168.121.255
    Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3
    Metric is 0
```

```
Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
        248920 octets received
        121290 octets sent
        0 unicast packets received
        0 unicast packets sent
        0 multicast packets received
        0 multicast packets sent
        2062 broadcast packets received
        933 broadcast packets sent
        0 incoming packets discarded
        0 outgoing packets discarded
        0 incoming errors
         0 outgoing errors
        0 unknown protos
        0 collisions; 0 dropped
        0 output queue drops
    value = 26 = 0x1a
;
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:44:36 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   NETSTAT command complete
SM8G-B card running SCCP64:
gei (unit number 4) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 5) = ExAP Port B
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1307
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:00:01 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST SST AST 1307 140-029-000 DSM SCCP64 IS-ANR MPS Unavl -----
     ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
     BLDC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
     IMT BUS A = Conn
     IMT BUS B
                         = Disc
     CLOCK A
CLOCK B
                        = Fault
                        = Active
     CLOCK I
                        = Idle
```

```
= Valid
      MBD BIP STATUS
      MOTHER BOARD ID = SMXG B
DBD STATUS = Valid
      DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 8192M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION = 9
                          = 0ABSV01
= 0.1
      BIOS VERSION
      PSOC VERSION
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 34C ( 94F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 34C ( 94F)
SCCP % OCCUP = 0%
                                            [17-05-04 15:49]
      SCCP SM DATA TYPE = DN
      APPLICATION SERVICING
                                           MFC
                                                        MFC
          SNM REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
INM REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          MTP3 REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          SFLOG REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
      IPLNK STATUS
          IPLNK IPADDR
                                      STATUS
                 192.168.120.21 DOWN
192.168.121.21 DOWN
                                                  OOS-MT
                                                 OOS-MT
      DSM IP CONNECTION
                  PST SST
OOS-MT Unavail
OOS-MT Unavail
          PORT PST
           Α
           В
    Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1307:cmd="netstat -i"
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:00:14 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
    shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
    -> tklc ifShow
    lo0 Link type:Local loopback Queue:none
        inet 127.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 automatic
        inet6 unicast ::1 prefixlen 128
        UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
        MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:1
```

```
RX packets:761 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:761 mcast:3 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:85k TX bytes:85k
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2 Queue:none
    gei4
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
        inet 192.168.120.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.120.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d2%gei4 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:2
       RX packets:791 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:386 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:92k TX bytes:48k
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3 Queue:none
    gei5
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
       inet 192.168.121.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.121.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d3%gei5 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:3
       RX packets:783 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:386 mcast:6 errors:0
       collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:91k TX bytes:48k
    gei (unit number 4):
        PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    gei (unit number 5):
        PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    value = 1 = 0x1
SM8G-B card running ENUMHC/DEIRHC/SIPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port
gei (unit number 3) = Signaling Port
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:06 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST SST AST 1317 140-029-000 DSM ENUMHC IS-ANR MPS Unavl -----
     ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
```

```
BLMCAP GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A = Conn
                          = Disc
= Fault
= Active
      IMT BUS B
      CLOCK A
      CLOCK B
                          = Idle
      CLOCK I
      MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SMXG B
      DBD STATUS
                           = Valid
      DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 8192M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION = 9
      BIOS VERSION = 0ABSV01
PSOC VERSION = 0.1
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 34C ( 94F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 34C ( 94F) [17-05-02 09:31]
ENUM SM DATA TYPE = DN
      IPLNK STATUS
              NK IPADDR STATUS PST
192.168.120.13 UP IS-1
10.75.49.21 UP IS-1
          IPLNK IPADDR
                                                   IS-NR
          Α
                                                  IS-NR
IS-NR
          В
          С
                 ----
                                                  ----
      DSM IP CONNECTION
      A OOS-MT Unav
D OOS-MA Ueq
ENUM CONNECTION STATUS
CNAME
          PORT PST
                                   SST
                                   Unavail
                               PROT STATUS
         CNAME
    Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
Command Accepted - Processing
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:46 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
    Command entered at terminal #13.
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:46 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS: Command sent to card
```

```
eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:46 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
SDS Shell Output
-> tklc ifShow
lo (unit number 0):
    Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET UP
    Type: SOFTWARE_LOOPBACK
    inet: 127.0.0.1
    Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
    O packets received; 1 packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
    0 multicast packets sent
    0 input errors; 0 output errors
    O collisions; O dropped
    0 output queue drops
DPLend (unit number 0):
    Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
    0 octets received
    0 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 non-unicast packets received
     0 non-unicast packets sent
    0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
    0 incoming errors
    0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 2):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
    PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    inet: 192.168.\overline{1}20.13
    Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
    Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2
    Metric is 0
```

```
Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
    16128 octets received
    102048 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
    0 multicast packets sent
    252 broadcast packets received
    786 broadcast packets sent
    0 incoming packets discarded
    0 outgoing packets discarded
    0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
    0 unknown protos
    0 collisions; 0 dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 3):
    Flags: (0x70043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
    PHY Flags: (0x12012) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    inet: 10.75.49.21
    Broadcast address: 10.75.49.255
    Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
    0 octets received
    128 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
    0 broadcast packets received
    2 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
    0 outgoing packets discarded
    0 incoming errors
    0 outgoing errors
    0 unknown protos
    0 collisions; 0 dropped
    0 output queue drops
value = 26 = 0x1a
eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:56 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
```

```
eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:56 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   NETSTAT command complete
SM8G-B card running ENUM64/DEIR64/SIP64:
gei (unit number 4) = ExAP Port
gei (unit number 5) = Signaling Port
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:23:31 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST SST AST 1317 140-029-000 DSM ENUM64 IS-ANR MPS Unavl -----
          140-029-000 DSM
     ALARM STATUS = ** 0080 Shelf FAN bit is OFF
     BLDC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
     IMT BUS A = Conn
     IMT BUS B
                         = Disc
     CLOCK A
                         = Fault
     CLOCK B
                         = Active
     CLOCK I
                         = Idle
     MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SMXG B
     DBD STATUS
                         = Valid
     DBD TYPE
                          = None
     DBD MEMORY SIZE = 8192M
     HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
     FPGA VERSION = 9
     BIOS VERSION = 0ABSV01
PSOC VERSION = 0.1
     CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 34C ( 94F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 34C ( 94F) [17-05-02 09:31]
ENUM SM DATA TYPE = DN
     IPLNK STATUS
                                   STATUS PST
         IPLNK IPADDR
             192.168.120.13 UP
10.75.49.21 UP
                                    UP
                                               IS-NR
                                               IS-NR
          В
          С
                _____
                                    ----
```

```
DSM IP CONNECTION
         PORT PST
                               SST
         Α
               OOS-MT
                               Unavail
         D
               OOS-MA
                               Ueq
     ENUM CONNECTION STATUS
                            PROT
                                      STATUS
        CNAME
   Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
   eagle1 17-05-04 15:23:59 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   SDS Shell Output
   shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
   -> tklc ifShow
   lo0 Link type:Local loopback Queue:none
       inet 127.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255.255
       inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 automatic
       inet6 unicast ::1 prefixlen 128
       UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:1
       RX packets:885990 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:885990 mcast:3 errors:0
       collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:99M TX bytes:99M
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2 Queue:none
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
       inet 192.168.120.13 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.120.255
       inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d2%gei4 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:2
       RX packets:35807 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:877952 mcast:12 errors:0
       collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:2148k TX bytes:110M
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3 Queue:none
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
       inet 10.75.49.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.75.49.255
       inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d3%gei5 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:3
```

```
RX packets:526 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:7 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:57k TX bytes:510
    gei (unit number 4):
        PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    gei (unit number 5):
        PHY Flags: (0x12012) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    value = 1 = 0x1
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:24:09 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:24:09 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   NETSTAT command complete
SLIC card running SCCPHC:
gei (unit number 2) is ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 0) is ExAP Port B
> REPT-STAT-CARD:MODE=FULL:LOC=1307
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:10:21 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST SST AST 1307 140-029-000 SLIC SCCPHC IS-ANR Standby 985
                                                                        98%
     ALARM STATUS = ** 0080 Shelf FAN bit is OFF
     BLSLC32 GPL version = 140-029-000
     IMT BUS A = Conn
IMT BUS B = Disc
      CLOCK A
                         = Fault
      CLOCK B
                         = Active
      CLOCK I
                         = Idle
     MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SLIC
DBD STATUS = Valid
     DBD STATUS
     DBD TYPE
                          = None
      DBD MEMORY SIZE = 16384M
```

```
HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
       FPGA VERSION = 9400036
       BIOS VERSION = 0ACFP00
PSOC VERSION = 1.0
       BIOS VERSION
       CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 40C (104F)

PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 40C (104F) [17-05-04 15:05]

SCCP % OCCUP = 0%
       SCCP SM DATA TYPE = DN
       APPLICATION SERVICING
                                                   MFC
                      REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
             SNM
            INM REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
MTP3 REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
SFLOG REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
       IPLNK STATUS

        IPADDR
        STATUS
        PST

        192.168.120.21
        DOWN
        OOS-MT

        192.168.121.21
        DOWN
        OOS-MT

            IPLNK IPADDR
            Α
       DSM IP CONNECTION
                    PST SST
OOS-MT Unavail
OOS-MT Unavail
            PORT PST
            В
     Command Completed.
> PASS:LOC=1307:CMD="NETSTAT -I"
     eagle1 17-05-04 15:10:27 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
     SDS Shell Output
     -> tklc ifShow
     lo (unit number 0):
           Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET UP
           Type: SOFTWARE LOOPBACK
           inet: 127.0.0.\overline{1}
           Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
           Metric is 0
           Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
           0 packets received; 1 packets sent
           0 multicast packets received
           0 multicast packets sent
           0 input errors; 0 output errors
           O collisions; O dropped
           0 output queue drops
```

```
DPLend (unit number 0):
    Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
    0 octets received
    0 octets sent
    {\tt 0} unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
     0 non-unicast packets received
    0 non-unicast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
    0 outgoing packets discarded
    0 incoming errors
    0 outgoing errors
    0 unknown protos
    0 collisions; 0 dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 2):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
    PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    inet: 192.168.120.21
    Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
    Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
    0 octets received
    2014 octets sent
     0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
    0 broadcast packets received
    16 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
    0 outgoing packets discarded
    0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 0):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
```

```
PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
        Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
        inet: 192.168.121.21
        Broadcast address: 192.168.121.255
        Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
        Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0
        Metric is 0
        Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
        0 octets received
        1884 octets sent
        0 unicast packets received
        0 unicast packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
        0 multicast packets sent
        0 broadcast packets received
        15 broadcast packets sent
        0 incoming packets discarded
        0 outgoing packets discarded
        0 incoming errors
        0 outgoing errors
         0 unknown protos
        0 collisions; 0 dropped
        0 output queue drops
    value = 26 = 0x1a
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:10:37 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   NETSTAT command complete
SLIC card running SCCP64:
gei (unit number 0) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port B
> REPT-STAT-CARD:MODE=FULL:LOC=1307
    eagle1 17-05-04 14:55:03 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
         VERSION TYPE GPL PST
140-029-000 SLIC SCCP64 IS-ANR
    CARD
                                                           SST
                                                                      AST
                                                          MPS Unavl ----
    1307
     ALARM STATUS = ** 0080 Shelf FAN bit is OFF
     BLSLC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
```

```
IMT BUS A
                               = Conn
       IMT BUS A = Conn
IMT BUS B = Disc
       CLOCK A
                                = Fault
       CLOCK B
                                = Active
       CLOCK I
                                 = Idle
       MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SLIC
       DBD STATUS
                               = Valid
                               = None
       DBD TYPE
       DBD MEMORY SIZE
                                = 16384M
       HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
       FPGA VERSION = 9400036
       BIOS VERSION = 0ACFP00
PSOC VERSION = 1.0
       CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 36C ( 97F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 38C (101F) [17-05-04 14:47]
SCCP % OCCUP = 0%
       SCCP % OCCUP
       SCCP SM DATA TYPE = DN
       APPLICATION SERVICING
            | MFC | MFC | MFC | MFC | SNM | REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: --- | MTP3 | REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: --- | MTP3 | REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
             SFLOG REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
       IPLNK STATUS

        IPADDR
        STATUS
        PST

        192.168.120.21
        DOWN
        OOS-MT

        192.168.121.21
        DOWN
        OOS-MT

             IPLNK IPADDR
       DSM IP CONNECTION
                                         SST
             PORT PST
                     OOS-MT
                                          Unavail
             A
             В
                     OOS-MT
                                          Unavail
     Command Completed.
> PASS:LOC=1307:CMD="NETSTAT -I"
Command Accepted - Processing
     eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:03 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
     PASS:LOC=1307:CMD="NETSTAT -I"
     Command entered at terminal #11.
     eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:03 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
```

```
PASS: Command sent to card
eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:03 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
SDS Shell Output
shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
-> tklc ifShow
lo0 Link type:Local loopback Queue:none
    inet 127.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255.255
    inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 automatic
    inet6 unicast :: 1 prefixlen 128
    UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
    MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:1
    RX packets:2213 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
    TX packets:2213 mcast:3 errors:0
    collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
    RX bytes:247k TX bytes:247k
            Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0 Queue:none
aei0
    capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
    inet 192.168.120.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.120.255
    inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d0%gei0 prefixlen 64 automatic
    UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
    MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:2
    RX packets:695 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
    TX packets:634 mcast:12 errors:0
    collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
    RX bytes:74k TX bytes:79k
            Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2 Queue:none
gei2
    capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
    inet 192.168.121.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.121.255
    inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d2%gei2 prefixlen 64 automatic
    UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
    MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:3
    RX packets:702 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
    TX packets:639 mcast:6 errors:0
    collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
    RX bytes:75k TX bytes:80k
gei (unit number 0):
     PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
gei (unit number 2):
    PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
value = 1 = 0x1
```

```
eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:13 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    NETSTAT command complete
SLIC card running ENUMHC/DEIRHC/SIPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 0) = Signaling Port #1
gei (unit number 3) = Signaling Port #2
gei (unit number 1) = ExAP Port B
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:35 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
           VERSION TYPE GPL
140-029-000 SLIC ENUMHC
                                           PST SST AST
IS-ANR MPS Unavl ----
    CARD
          VERSIUN _ 140-029-000 SLIC _ Nu
    1317
     ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
      BLSLC32 GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A
                           = Conn
      IMT BUS B
                           = Disc
      CLOCK A
                           = Fault
                          = Active
      CLOCK B
                          = Idle
      CLOCK I
                       = Valid
      MBD BIP STATUS
      MOTHER BOARD ID = SLIC
DBD STATUS = Valid
     DBD STATUS = Valid
DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 16384M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION = 9400036
      BIOS VERSION = 0ACFP00
PSOC VERSION = 1.0
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 43C (110F)
      PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 43C (110F) [17-05-04 17:27]
      ENUM SM DATA TYPE = DN
      IPLNK STATUS
                YUS

IPADDR STATUS

192.168.120.13 UP

10.75.49.21 DOWN

175.50.21 UP
                                              PST
IS-NR
OOS-MT
IS-NR
          IPLNK IPADDR
                                     STATUS
          Α
          С
                10.75.50.21
                                                IS-NR
```

```
192.168.121.13 UP
                                               IS-NR
      DSM IP CONNECTION
                                SST
          PORT PST
                               Unavail
                 OOS-MT
          Α
                 OOS-MT
                                 Unavail
    Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
Command Accepted - Processing
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:52 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0 pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
    Command entered at terminal #13.
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:52 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS: Command sent to card
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:52 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
    -> tklc ifShow
    lo (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET UP
         Type: SOFTWARE LOOPBACK
         inet: 127.0.0.\overline{1}
         Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
         O packets received; 1 packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
         0 input errors; 0 output errors
         O collisions; O dropped
         0 output queue drops
    DPLend (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
         Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
         Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00:00
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
```

```
0 octets received
     0 octets sent
     0 unicast packets received
     0 unicast packets sent
     O non-unicast packets received
     0 non-unicast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     O outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
     0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 2):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET_UP
     PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
     Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
     inet: 192.168.\overline{1}20.13
     Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
     Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
     Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2
     Metric is 0
     Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
     13736 octets received
     16118 octets sent
     0 unicast packets received
     0 unicast packets sent
     0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
     128 broadcast packets received
     125 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     0 collisions; 0 dropped
     0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 0):
     Flags: (0x70043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
     PHY Flags: (0x2012) DIX
     Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
     inet: 10.75.49.21
     Broadcast address: 10.75.49.255
     Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
     Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0
```

```
Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
    0 octets received
    0 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
     0 broadcast packets received
     0 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
    0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
    0 outgoing errors
    0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 3):
     Flags: (0x70043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
     PHY Flags: (0x12012) 100MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
     inet: 10.75.50.21
    Broadcast address: 10.75.50.255
    Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d3
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
    25708 octets received
    128 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
    0 multicast packets sent
    214 broadcast packets received
     2 broadcast packets sent
    0 incoming packets discarded
    0 outgoing packets discarded
    0 incoming errors
    0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 1):
    Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET_UP
     PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
```

```
inet: 192.168.121.13
         Broadcast address: 192.168.121.255
         Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
         Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d1
         Metric is 0
        Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
        13544 octets received
        16118 octets sent
         0 unicast packets received
         0 unicast packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
         125 broadcast packets received
         125 broadcast packets sent
         0 incoming packets discarded
         0 outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
         0 outgoing errors
         0 unknown protos
         0 collisions; 0 dropped
        0 output queue drops
    value = 26 = 0x1a
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:35:02 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:35:02 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    NETSTAT command complete
SLIC card running DEIR64/ENUM64/SIP64:
gei (unit number 0) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 2) = Signaling Port #1
gei (unit number 1) = Signaling Port #2
gei (unit number 3) = ExAP Port B
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
Command Accepted - Processing
```

```
eagle1 17-05-04 16:20:40 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    Command entered at terminal #13.
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:20:40 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST SST AST 1317 140-029-000 SLIC ENUM64 IS-ANR MPS Unavl -----
                                                                 SST AST
      ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
      BLSLC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A
                            = Conn
      IMT BUS B
                           = Disc
      CLOCK A
                           = Fault
      CLOCK B
                            = Active
      CLOCK I
                            = Idle
      MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SLIC
      DBD STATUS = Valid
      DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 16384M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION = 9400036
      BIOS VERSION = 0ACFP00
PSOC VERSION = 1.0
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 40C (104F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 42C (108F) [17-05-04 15:51]
ENUM SM DATA TYPE = DN
      IPLNK STATUS
               NK IPADDR STATUS
192.168.120.13 UP
10.75.49.21 DOWN
10.75.50.21 DOWN
192.168.121.13 UP
           IPLNK IPADDR
                                                  PST
                                                   IS-NR
           A
                                                    OOS-MT
                                                  OOS-MT
           C
                                                   IS-NR
           D
      DSM IP CONNECTION
                                   SST
           PORT PST
                  OOS-MT Unavail
OOS-MT Unavail
           Α
    Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
```

Command Accepted - Processing

```
eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:06 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
Command entered at terminal #13.
eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:06 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
PASS: Command sent to card
eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:06 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
SDS Shell Output
shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
-> tklc ifShow
lo0 Link type:Local loopback Queue:none
    inet 127.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255.255
    inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 automatic
    inet6 unicast :: 1 prefixlen 128
   UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
   MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:1
   RX packets:1487 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
   TX packets:1487 mcast:3 errors:0
   collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
   RX bytes:165k TX bytes:165k
           Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0 Queue:none
aei0
    capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
    inet 192.168.120.13 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.120.255
    inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d0%gei0 prefixlen 64 automatic
    UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
   MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:2
    RX packets:929 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
   TX packets:745 mcast:6 errors:0
   collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
   RX bytes:101k TX bytes:93k
gei2
           Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2 Queue:none
    capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
    inet 10.75.49.21 mask 255.255.25\overline{5}.0 broadcast 10.75.4\overline{9}.255
    inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d2%gei2 prefixlen 64 automatic
   UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
   MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:3
    RX packets:37 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
   TX packets:7 mcast:6 errors:0
    collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
   RX bytes:4596 TX bytes:510
```

```
Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d1 Queue:none
    capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
    inet 10.75.50.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.75.50.255
    inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d1%gei1 prefixlen 64 tentative automatic
   UP SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
   MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:4
   RX packets:0 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
    TX packets:0 mcast:0 errors:0
    collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
   RX bytes:0 TX bytes:0
           Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d3 Queue:none
    capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN_MTU VLAN_TXHWTAG VLAN_RXHWTAG
    inet 192.168.121.13 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.121.255
    inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d3%gei3 prefixlen 64 automatic
   UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
   MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:5
   RX packets:921 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
    TX packets:745 mcast:6 errors:0
    collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
   RX bytes:101k TX bytes:93k
gei (unit number 0):
    PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
gei (unit number 2):
    PHY Flags: (0x12012) 100MB FDX DIX
gei (unit number 1):
    PHY Flags: (0x2012) DIX
gei (unit number 3):
    PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
value = 1 = 0x1
eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:16 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
NETSTAT command complete
```

;

Procedure A.18 Upgrade SSL certificate from SHA-1 to SHA-512

Procedure A.18: Upgrade SSL certificate from SHA-1 to SHA-512

S T	This procedure upgrade SSL certificate from SHA-1 to SHA-512.		
E P	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .		
1.	MPS A: Log in to the server.	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname>	
		Change to root user. \$ su - root	
2.	Verify SSL certificate	To verify SSL certificate execute the following command:	
		<pre># /usr/bin/openssl x509 -in /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt -text -noou grep "Signature Algorithm" Signature Algorithm: sha512WithRSAEncryption Signature Algorithm: sha512WithRSAEncryption</pre> If signature algorithm is SHA 512 skip this procedure, otherwise proceed with the following step.	
3.	Find the IP for which the certificate has been generated in server.crt	<pre># openssl verify /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt: CN = 10.248.11.14 error 18 at 0 depth lookup:self signed certificate OK</pre>	
4.	Upgrade to SHA-512 in server.crt	Note: The IP Address to be used in the below command is the IP displayed in the output of step 3. To upgrade SHA-1 to SHA-512 execute the following command: # /usr/bin/openssl req -x509 -sha512 -nodes -days 4015 -subj "/CN= <ip addr="">" -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.key -out /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key+++</ip>	
		writing new private key to '/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.key'	

5.	Find the IP for which the certificate has been generated in server_dual.crt	<pre># openssl verify /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.crt /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.crt: CN = 10.248.11.14 error 18 at 0 depth lookup:self signed certificate OK</pre>
6.	Upgrade to SHA-512 in server_dual.crt	Note: The IP Address to be used in the below command is the IP displayed in the output of step 5. To upgrade SHA-1 to SHA-512 execute the following command: # /usr/bin/openssl req -x509 -sha512 -nodes -days 4015 -subj "/CN= <ip addr="">" -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.key -out /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.crt</ip>
		Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key+++ writing new private key to '/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.key
7.	Restart httpd service	Restart httpd service to reflect IP correctly. Use following command to restart httpd service: \$ service httpd restart [root@Natal-A ~]
8.	Exit from root user	Exit from root user. Use following command: \$ exit
9.	Procedure Complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.

Procedure A.19 Disable Epap VIP And Deactivate PDBA Proxy Feature

If PDBA Proxy feature is NOT enabled and VIP is NOT configured, this procedure can be skipped.

Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!!!

S	
T	This procedure outlines the steps to disable the PDBA proxy feature.
E	Estimated time: 5 minutes
Р	Estimated time: 5 minutes
#	

1.	MPS A: Choose option "8" to display "PDB Configuration Menu.		EPAP Configuration Menu\
	Configuration Mena.		Display Configuration
		-	 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		-	Set Time Zone
			Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5	Change Password
		6	Platform Menu
		7	Configure NTP Server
		8	PDB Configuration Menu
		9	Security
		10	SNMP Configuration
		-	Configure Alarm Feed
		12	Configure Query Server
			Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
			Configure SNMP Agent Community
		-	Mate Disaster Recovery
		, e 	Exit
		Enter	Choice: 8

2.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Choose option "6" to	/Configure PDB Menu\
	"Change PDBA Proxy State".	1 Configure PDB Network
		2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change MPS Provisionable State
		4 Create PDB
		5 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		6 Change PDBA Proxy State
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 6
3.	MPS A: Enter "Y" to stop PDBA / EPAP software and disable PDBA Proxy.	PDBA PROXY is currently ENABLED. Do you want to DISABLE PDBA Proxy? [N]: Y

4.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:	
	Enter "1" to "Display Configuration"		
	Configuration	/	EPAP Configuration Menu\ \
			Display Configuration
			Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3	Set Time Zone
			Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5	Change Password
		6	Platform Menu
		7	Configure NTP Server
		1 8	PDB Configuration Menu
			Security
		10	SNMP Configuration
		_	Configure Alarm Feed
		12	Configure Query Server
		13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		1 14	Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15	Mate Disaster Recovery
			Exit
		\	/

	T	Inter Chaica, 1	
		Enter Choice: 1	
5.	MDC A	MPS Side A:	
	MPS A:		
	Verify that the state of	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address	=
	PDBA Proxy Feature is No.	192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address	
		192.168.61.116	=
		Provisioning Network Netmask	=
		255.255.255.0	
		Provisioning Network Default Router	=
		192.168.61.1	Not
		EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address configured	= NOT
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address	= Not
		configured	
			= Not
		configured	Not
		Backup Prov Network Default Router configured	= NOL
		EPAP A Sync Network Address	=
		192.168.2.100	
		EPAP B Sync Network Address	=
		192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address	=
		192.168.120.100	_
		EPAP B Main DSM Network Address	=
		192.168.120.200	
		EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address 192.168.121.100	=
		192.106.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address	_
		192.168.121.200	_
		EPAP A HTTP Port	= 80
		EPAP B HTTP Port	= 80
		EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC PORT	= 8001
		FPAP A Ranner Connection Port	= 0001 = 8473
		EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC POIT EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP A Static NAT Address configured	= 8473
		EPAP A Static NAT Address	= Not
		configured	
		EPAP B Static NAT Address	= Not
		configured PDBI Port	= 5873
		Remote MPS A Static NAT Address	= Not
		configured	
		Remote MPS A HTTP Port	= 80
		Local Provisioning VIP	=
		192.168.15.152 Remote Provisioning VIP	=
		192.168.15.172	_
	l		

Local PDBA Address	=
192.168.15.115	
Remote PDBA Address	=
192.168.16.115	
Remote PDBA B Address	=
192.168.16.116	
Time Zone	=
America/New_York	
PDB Database	= Exists
Preferred PDB	= Standby
Allow updates from alternate PDB	= Yes
Allow updates from alternate PDB Auto DB Recovery Enabled	= Yes
♥DBA Proxy Enabled	→ No
Press return to continue	

6.	MPS A:	MPS Si		
	Choose option "2" to enter	/EPAP Configuration Menu\		
	the "Configure Network Interfaces Menu".	1 1	Display Configuration	
		2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu	
		3	Set Time Zone	
		4	Exchange Secure Shell Keys	
		5	Change Password	
		6	Platform Menu	
			Configure NTP Server	
		8	PDB Configuration Menu	
		9	 Security	
		1 10	SNMP Configuration	
		111	Configure Alarm Feed	
		12	Configure Query Server	
		13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed	
		14	Configure SNMP Agent Community	
		15	Mate Disaster Recovery	
		į e	 Exit	
		•	Choice: 2	

7.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:		
	Choose option "7" to enter	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\		
	the "Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses Menu".	1 Configure Provisioning Network		
	, 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	2 Configure Sync Network		
		3 Configure DSM Network		
		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network		
		5 Configure Forwarded Ports		
		6 Configure Static NAT Addresses		
		7 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses		
		e Exit		
		Enter Choice: 7		
8.	MPS A: Remove the local provisioning VIP and remote provisioning VIP, by entering 0.0.0.0.	Verifying root connectivity with mate EPAP local provisioning Virtual IP Address [192.168.15.152]: 0.0.0.0 EPAP remote provisioning Virtual IP Address [192.168.15.172]: 0.0.0.0		
9.	MPS A:			
	Choose option "e" to exit.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\		
		1 Configure Provisioning Network		
		2 Configure Sync Network		
		3 Configure DSM Network		
		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network		
		5 Configure Forwarded Ports		
		6 Configure Static NAT Addresses		
		7 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses		
		e Exit		
		Enter Choice: e		

10.	MPS A:	MPS Sid	MPS Side A:		
	Choose option "1" to "Display Configuration.	/EPAP Configuration Menu\			
		1 1	Display Configuration		
		2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu		
			Set Time Zone		
			Exchange Secure Shell Keys		
		5	Change Password		
			Platform Menu		
			Configure NTP Server		
		8	PDB Configuration Menu		
		9	Security		
		10	SNMP Configuration		
		_	Configure Alarm Feed		
		12	Configure Query Server		
		13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed		
		1 14	Configure SNMP Agent Community		
		15	Mate Disaster Recovery		
		e	Exit		
		`	Choice: 1		

	T	1 11		
11.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:		
	Verify VIP addresses are	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address	=	
	set to 0.0.0.0.	192.168.61.115		
		EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address	=	
		192.168.61.116	=	
		Provisioning Network Netmask	=	
		255.255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router	_	
		192.168.61.1	=	
		EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address	_	Not
		configured	_	NOL
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address	=	Not
		configured		110 C
		Backup Prov Network Netmask	=	Not
		configured		
		Backup Prov Network Default Router	=	Not
		l configured		
		EPAP A Sync Network Address	=	
		192.168.2.100		
		EPAP B Sync Network Address	=	
		192.168.2.200		
		EPAP A Main DSM Network Address	=	
		192.168.120.100		
		EPAP B Main DSM Network Address	=	
		192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address	=	
		192.168.121.100	_	
		EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address	=	
		192.168.121.200		
		EPAP A HTTP Port	=	80
		EPAP B HTTP Port	=	80
		EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port	=	8001
		EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port	=	8001
		EPAP A Banner Connection Port	=	8473
		EPAP B Banner Connection Port	=	8473
		EPAP A Static NAT Address	=	Not
		192.168.121.200 EPAP A HTTP PORT EPAP B HTTP PORT EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP A Banner Connection PORT EPAP B Banner Connection PORT EPAP A Static NAT Address configured EPAP B Static NAT Address		
			=	Not
		configured		F072
		PDBI Port Remote MPS A Static NAT Address		5873
		configured		Not
		Pamota MDS A HTTD Port	_	80
		tocal Provisioning VTD	=	0.00
		Remote Provisioning VIP	_	0.0.0.0
		Remote MPS A HTTP Port Local Provisioning VIP Remote Provisioning VIP Local PDBA Address	긑	0.0.0.0
		192.168.15.115	_	
		Remote PDBA Address	=	
		192.168.16.115		
		Remote PDBA B Address	=	
		192.168.16.116		

Time Zone America/New_York PDB Database Preferred PDB Allow updates from alternate PDB Auto DB Recovery Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled Press return to continue	= Exists Standby Yes Yes No
Press return to continue	

12.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:	
	Choose "e" to exit.	/EPAP Configuration Menu\	
		1 Display Configuration	
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu	
		3 Set Time Zone	
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys	
		5 Change Password	
		6 Platform Menu	
		7 Configure NTP Server	
		8 PDB Configuration Menu	
		9 Security	
		10 SNMP Configuration	
		11 Configure Alarm Feed	
		12 Configure Query Server	
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed	
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community	
		 15 Mate Disaster Recovery	
		 e Exit	
		\/	

	Enter Choice: e
13.	Repeat steps 1-12 on mate PDBA site as well if it is a Dual Prov setup
14.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.

Procedure A.20 Enable EPAP PDBA Proxy and EPAP VIP Optional Features

Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!!!

S T	This procedure outlines the steps for provisioning the PDBA proxy VIP.							
E	Estimated time: 10 minutes							
P #								
1.	MPS A: Login as epapdev to 1A server.	Login: epapdev Password: <epapdev_password></epapdev_password>						
2.	MPS A: Perform "syscheck" on the 1A server.	\$ syscheck Running modules in class hardware OK Running modules in class proc OK Running modules in class net OK Running modules in class disk OK Running modules in class services OK Running modules in class services OK Running modules in class system OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log						
3.	MPS A: SSH to EPAP 1B.	\$ssh mate						

4.	MPS B: Perform "syscheck" on the 1B.	\$ syscheck Running modules in class hardware OK Running modules in class proc OK Running modules in class net OK Running modules in class disk OK Running modules in class services OK Running modules in class system OK Running modules in class system OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log #
5.	MPS B: Exit back to the 1A server	\$ exit
6.	MPS A: Log into epapconfig	\$su - epapconfig Password:
7.	MPS A: Choose option "1" to display Configuration.	MPS Side A:

		/	-EPAP Configuration Menu\
		2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3	Set Time Zone
			Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5	Change Password
		6	Platform Menu
			Configure NTP Server
		8	PDB Configuration Menu
			Security
			SNMP Configuration
		11	Configure Alarm Feed
			Configure Query Server
		13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14	Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15	Mate Disaster Recovery
			Exit
		\	,
8.	MPS A:	MPS Si	Choice: 1 de A:
0.	Verify that the VIP is not configured.	EPAP E Provis Provis EPAP E Backup Backup EPAP E	A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured D Prov Network Netmask = Not configured D Prov Network Netmask = Not configured D Prov Network Default Router = Not configured D Prov Network Address = 192.168.2.100 D Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200 D Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 D Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100 D Mackup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200

		EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP B Static NAT Address EPAP B Static NAT Address PDBI Port Remote MPS A Static NAT Address Remote MPS A HITP Port Local Provisioning VIP Remote Provisioning VIP Local PDBA Address Remote PDBA Address Remote PDBA B Address Time Zone PDB Database Preferred PDB Allow updates from alternate PDB Auto DB Recovery Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled Press return to continue	= 84/3 = Not configured = Not configured = 5873 = Not configured = 80 = Not configured = Not configured = 192.168.61.115 = 192.168.61.181 = 192.168.61.182 = America/New_York = Exists = Standby
9.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:	
'.			
	Choose option "2"		
	to enter the		
	"Configure		
	Network		
	Interfaces Menu".		

	EPAP Configuration Menu\
	Display Configuration
2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
3	Set Time Zone
	Exchange Secure Shell Keys
5	Change Password
	Platform Menu
	Configure NTP Server
8	PDB Configuration Menu
	Security
10	SNMP Configuration
11	Configure Alarm Feed
12	Configure Query Server
13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
14	Configure SNMP Agent Community
15	Mate Disaster Recovery
e	 Exit
Enter	Choice: 2

10.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:		
10.	MPS A: Choose option "6" to enter the "Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses Menu".	MPS Side A: /Configure Network Interfaces Menu 1 Configure Provisioning Network		
		e Exit		
11.	MPS A: Enter "Y" to stop PDBA / EPAP software then enter VIP address for the local and remote PDBA sites.	Verifying root connectivity with mate EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: Y EPAP local provisioning Virtual IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 192.168.15.152 EPAP remote provisioning Virtual IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 192.168.15.172		
12.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:		
	Choose option "e" to exit.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu 1 Configure Provisioning Network		

13.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:			
	Choose option "1" to "Display Configuration.				
		/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\			
		1 Display Configuration			
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu			
		3 Set Time Zone			
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys			
		5 Change Password			
		6 Platform Menu			
		7 Configure NTP Server			
		9 Security			
		SNMP Configuration			
		11 Configure Alarm Feed			
		12 Configure Query Server			
		Configure Query Server Alarm Feed			
		 14 Configure SNMP Agent Community			
		\/			
		Enter Choice: 1 MPS Side A:			
14.	MPS A:	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115			
	Verify VIP addresses	EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netwask = 255.255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netwask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured			

EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.1 EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.1 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP B HTTP PORT = 80 EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT = 8001 EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC PORT = 8001 EPAP A Banner Connection PORT = 8473 EPAP B Banner Connection PORT = 8473 EPAP B Static NAT Address = NOT CONDECT = 100 EPAP B STATIC NAT Address = NOT CONDECT = 100 EPAP B STATIC NAT Address = NOT CONDECT = 100 EPAP B STATIC NAT Address = NOT CONDECT = 100 EPAP B STATIC NAT Address = 100 EPAP B STATIC NAT	68.2.100 68.2.200 68.120.100 68.120.200 68.121.100 68.121.200
EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.1 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP A HTTP PORT = 80 EPAP B HTTP PORT = 80 EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT = 8001	68.2.200 68.120.100 68.120.200 68.121.100 68.121.200
EPAP A Main DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP A HTTP PORT = 80 EPAP B HTTP PORT = 80 EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC PORT = 8001	68.120.100 68.120.200 68.121.100 68.121.200
EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP A HTTP PORT = 80 EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT = 8001 EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT = 8001	68.120.200 68.121.100 68.121.200
EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP A HTTP PORT = 80 EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT = 8001 EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT = 8001	68.121.100 68.121.200
EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.1 EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP B HTTP SUEVEC PORT = 8001 EPAP B HTTP SUEVEC PORT = 8001	68.121.200
EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP B HTTP Port = 80 EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC PORT = 8001 EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT = 8001	
EPAP B HTTP Port = 80 EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC PORT = 8001 EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT = 8001	
EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC PORT = 8001	
EDAD R HTTD SHEVAC PORT - 8001	
I FEAR DITTINGUE - 0001	
EPAP A Banner Connection Port = 8473	
EPAP B Banner Connection Port = 8473	
FPAP A Static NAT Address = Not co	onfigured
EPAP B Static NAT Address = Not co	onfigured
PDRT Port = 5873	5 ga ca.
Remote MPS A Static NAT Address = Not Co	onfigured
Remote MPS A HTTP Port $= 80$	5111 · gu. · cu.
local Provisioning VTP = 192.1	68.15.152
Remote Provisioning VTP = 192.1	68.15.172
Local PDBA Address = 192.1	68.15.115
Remote PDBA Address = 192.1	68.16.115
Remote PDBA B Address = 192.16	68.16.116
Time Zone = Americ	ca/New_York
PDB Database = Fxist	S
Remote PDBA Address = 192.1 Remote PDBA B Address = 192.1 Time Zone = Americ PDB Database = Exist Preferred PDB = Stand	bν
Allow updates from alternate PDR = Yes	~)
Auto DR Recovery Enabled = Yes	
Allow updates from alternate PDB = Yes Auto DB Recovery Enabled = Yes PDBA Proxy Enabled = No	
1 1.55	
Press return to continue	
15. MPS A:	
Choose "e" to exit	

	1	l /	EPAP Configuration Menu\
		/	\
			Display Configuration
		2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3	Set Time Zone
		4	Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5	Change Password
		6	Platform Menu
		7	Configure NTP Server
		8	PDB Configuration Menu
		9	Security
			SNMP Configuration
			Configure Alarm Feed
		12	Configure Query Server
			Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
			Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15	Mate Disaster Recovery
			Exit
		\ Enter	Choice: e
16.	MPS A:	\$ ping	y <local vip=""></local>
10.	Verify that you	\$ ping	g <remote vip=""></remote>
	can ping both VIP		
	addresses.	\$ su -	- epapconfig
17.	MPS A: Log into		cpapeoni ig
	epapconfig		
18.	MPS A:		
:	Enter "1" to		
	"Display		
	Configuration"		

		/	EPAP Configuration Menu\
		2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3	Set Time Zone
		4	Exchange Secure Shell Keys
			Change Password
			Platform Menu
			 Configure NTP Server
			PDB Configuration Menu
			Security
			SNMP Configuration
		1 1 1	Configure Alarm Feed
		12	Configure Query Server
			Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14	Configure SNMP Agent Community
			Mate Disaster Recovery
		 e	Evi+
		\	/
19.	MPS A:	Enter MPS Si	Choice: 1 de A:
	Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is No.	Provise EPAP	A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B
		EPAP E EPAP E EPAP E EPAP E	B Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200 A Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.200 A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100 B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200

		EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC Port EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC Port EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP A Static NAT Address EPAP B Static NAT Address PDBI Port Remote MPS A Static NAT Address Remote MPS A HTTP Port Local Provisioning VIP Remote Provisioning VIP Local PDBA Address Remote PDBA Address Remote PDBA B Address Time Zone PDR Database	= 8473 = Not configured = Not configured = 5873 = Not configured = 80 = Not configured = Not configured = 192.168.61.115 = 192.168.61.181 = 192.168.61.782 = America/New_York
		Remote PDBA B Address	= 192.168.61.182 = America/New_York = Exists = Standby
		Auto DB Recovery Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled Press return to continue	= Yes = No
20.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:	
	Choose option "8" to display "PDB Configuration Menu		

/,	-EPAP Configuration Menu\
	Display Configuration
2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
3	Set Time Zone
4	Exchange Secure Shell Keys
5	Change Password
	Platform Menu
7	Configure NTP Server
8	PDB Configuration Menu
9	Security
10	SNMP Configuration
	Configure Alarm Feed
12	Configure Query Server
13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
14	Configure SNMP Agent Community
15	Mate Disaster Recovery
e	 Exit
Enter	Choice: 8

21.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Choose option "6"	/Configure PDB Menu\
	to "Change PDBA Proxy State".	
	TTOXY State .	2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change MPS Provisionable State
		4 Create PDB
		5 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		6 Change PDBA Proxy State
		e Exit
22.	MPS A:	Enter Choice: 6 EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y
	Enter "Y" to stop PDBA / EPAP software and enable PDBA Proxy.	EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: Y PDBA PROXY is currently DISABLED. Do you want to ENABLE PDBA Proxy? [N]: Y
23.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Enter "e" to exit	/Configure PDB Menu\
		1 Configure PDB Network
		2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change MPS Provisionable State
		4 Create PDB
		5 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		6 Change PDBA Proxy State
		Enter Choice: e
24.	MPS A:	

	E-4 6122 4	
	Enter "1" to	
	"Display	
	Configuration"	MDC Cide A
25.	MPS A:	MPS Side A
	Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is Yes.	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address Provisioning Network Netmask Provisioning Network Default Router EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address Backup Prov Network Netmask Backup Prov Network Netmask Backup Prov Network Default Router EPAP A Sync Network Address EPAP B Main DSM Network Address EPAP A Main DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP SUExec Port EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP B Static NAT Address EPAP A Static NAT Address EPAP B STATIC NAT Address EP
26.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Enter "e" to exit	
	Enter e to exit	/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\
		1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu

		l	Set Time Zone
			Exchange Secure Shell Keys
			Change Password
			Platform Menu
		7	Configure NTP Server
		8	PDB Configuration Menu
		9	Security
		10	SNMP Configuration
		11	Configure Alarm Feed
		12	Configure Query Server
		13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14	Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15	Mate Disaster Recovery
		 e	Exit
		\	/
			Choice: e vice Epap start
27.	MPS A: Start Epap	~~ /e	tc/init.d/Epap start ~~
	software		_RELEASE" is set to "0.613" application start Successful.
28.	MPS A:		v ice Pdba start tc/init.d/Pdba start ~~
	Start PDBA software		application started.
29.	MPS A:	\$ syst	check
29.	Perform		ng modules in class hardware OK
	"syscheck" on	Runnir	ng modules in class proc OK
	MPS-A.	Runnir	ng modules in class net OK
		Runnir	ng modules in class disk OK
		Runnir	ng modules in class services
		Runnir	OK ng modules in class system

		OK
		LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log
30.	MPS A: SSH to MPS 1B.	\$ ssh mate
31.	MPS B: Start Epap software on MPS 1B.	<pre>\$ service Epap start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.613" EPAP application start Successful</pre>
32.	MPS B: Perform "syscheck" on MPS 1B.	\$ syscheck Running modules in class hardware OK Running modules in class proc OK Running modules in class net OK Running modules in class disk OK Running modules in class services OK Running modules in class services OK Running modules in class system OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log
33.	Return to the proce	dure that you came here from.

Procedure A.21 Configure DSM Min Mem Size

S	This procedure configures DSM	Min Mem Size on standalone PDB server.
Т	Check off (√)each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
E P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT APPENDIX F MY Oracle SupportAND ASK FOR INSTALL ASSISTANCE.	
1.	Standalone PDB : Login as epapdev to standalone PDB server.	Login: epapdev Password: <epapdev_password></epapdev_password>

2.	Execute getDsmMinMemSize.pl	Go to the bin directory to execute the getDsmMinMemSize.pl perl script
		\$ cd /usr/TKLC/epap/bin
		Execute getDsmMinMemSize.pl script
		\$./getDsmMinMemSize.pl
3.	Restart the pdb Software.	\$ service Pdba stop ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped.
		\$ service Pdba start ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application started.
		\$ service Pdba status ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba status ~~ PDBA application is running.
4.	Verify that the uiEdit "DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE" variable is added and updated correctly.	\$ uiEdit grep DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE "DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE" is set to "12046"
5.	Procedure Complete	Procedure is complete.

Procedure A.22 Restart Mysql service for PDB on Query Server2.

Procedure A.22: Restart MySQL service for PDB on Query Server

NOTE: The MySQL services should be started as non-root admin user only.

This procedure restarts the MySQL service for PDB on Query Server.

Procedure A.22: Restart MySQL service for PDB on Query Server

NOTE: The MySQL services should be started as non-root admin user only.

Check off (v)each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT APPENDIX F MY Oracle SupportAND ASK FOR INSTALL	
ASSISTANCE.	
Login to EAGLE QS as QS	login: <admin_user></admin_user>
admin.	Password: <admin_password></admin_password>
Start the mysqlpdb service.	\$ sudo service mysqlpdb stop
	Waiting for mysqlpdb to stop
Verify that mysqlpdb service is	\$ sudo service mysqlpdb start
running.	Waiting for mysqlpdb to start done
Start the mysqlpdb service.	\$sudo service mysqlpdb status
7 11	PID:8841 mysqlpdb is running.
Procedure Complete	Procedure is complete.

Procedure A.23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

S	This procedure extract parse9Dig script file from EPAP 16.3 ISO.	
Т	Check off ($$)each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
E	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT APPENDIX F MY Oracle SupportAND ASK FOR INSTALL ASSISTANCE.	
#		
1.	MPS A: Login as admusr.	login: <admin_user></admin_user>
		Password: <admin_password></admin_password>

2.	MPS A: Copy ISO on MPS A.	Perform Procedure in Procedure A.12 or copy EPAP 16.3 ISO to /var/TKLC/upgrade directory.
3.	MPS A: Switch to root user.	Switch to root user. \$ su - root Password:
4.	MPS A: Create directory using mkdir.	Create /mnt/iso directory using following command: # mkdir /mnt/iso
5.	MPS A: Mount ISO on above path	Mount ISO on above created path. # mount -o loop <16.3.a.0.0-b.b.b ISO with full path which is copied in step 2> <full 4="" created="" directory="" in="" of="" path="" step=""> As follows: # mount -o loop /var/TKLC/upgrade/EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso /mnt/iso/</full>
6.	MPS A: Extract TKLCepap rpm from the ISO.	Copy TKLCepap rpm at /tmp directory. # cp <directory 4="" created="" in="" step="">/Packages/<tklcepap 2="" copied="" in="" is="" rpm,="" same="" step="" the="" version="" which=""> /tmp As follows: # cp /mnt/iso/Packages/TKLCepap-163.0.8-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0.x86_64.rpm /tmp/</tklcepap></directory>
7.	MPS A: Change directory to /tmp.	Change directory to /tmp using following command: # cd /tmp

8.	MPS A: Extract parse9Dig script file from rpm.	Extract desired file parse9Dig from rpm: # rpm2cpio <tklcepap 6="" extracted="" in="" rpm="" step=""> cpio -idmv <parse9dig> As follows: # rpm2cpio TKLCepap-163.0.8-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0.x86_64.rpm cpio -idmv ./usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig</parse9dig></tklcepap>
		[root@Natal-A tmp] rpm2cpio TKLCepap-163.0.8-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0.x86_64.rpm cpio -idmv ./usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig ./usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig 318312 blocks
9.	MPS A: Copy extracted parse9Dig at desired path.	Copy extracted parse9Dig file at path: /usr/TKLC/epap/config Use following path:
		# cp /tmp/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig /usr/TKLC/epap/config
10.	MPS A: Change the permission of parse9Dig file as required.	Change mode of file parse9Dig to 755 and ownership to epapdev:epap. Use following command:
		# cd /usr/TKLC/epap/config # chmod 755 parse9Dig
		# chown epapdev:epap parse9Dig
		List the file and check the permissions. It should be same as follows: # Il parse9Dig
		[root@Natal-A config]# 11 parse9Dig -rwxr-xr-x 1 epapdev epap 12162 Jul 9 21:39 parse9Dig
11.	MPS A: Snapshot of all above executed commands to extract parse9Dig file.	Verify that all steps executed successfully as follows:

		[(Wash 1 2) 14
		[root@Matal-A -]# mwkir /mmt/iso [root@Matal-A -]# [root@Matal-A -
12.	MPS A: Remove all temporary files from /tmp directory.	Remove parse9Dig file and TKLCepap rpm from /tmp directory. Execute following command on CLI: # rm -f /tmp/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig # rm -f /tmp/TKLCepap-163.0.12-16.3.0.0.0_163.12.0.x86_64.rpm
13.	MPS A: Umount the mounted ISO.	Umount the ISO which was mounted in step 5. Execute below command: # umount /mnt/iso/
14.	MPS A: Remove ISO directory.	Remove directory /mnt/iso. Execute below command: # rmdir /mnt/iso/
15.	Procedure Complete	Procedure is complete.

Procedure A.24 PDB Restore

Procedure A.10: PDB Restore

S T	This procedure provides instructions to restore PDB from a backup file.	
E P	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	EPAP A: Log in to the CLI as user "admusr".	If not already logged in, then login as 'admusr': [hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
2.	EPAP A: Switch to epapdev user.	\$ sudo su - epapdev
3.	EPAP A: Backup file should be readable for epapdev user	Check mode and ownership of PDB backup tar file. It should be as follows: [epapdev@DBExp-VM77 free]\$ 11 pdbBackup_Natal- a_20180713022216_DBBirthdate_20180713055242GMT_DBLevel_18_v 7.50.bkp.tar.gz -rw-rw-rw- 1 epapdev epap 1182165 Jul 16 03:32 pdbBackup_Natal- a_20180713022216_DBBirthdate_20180713055242GMT_DBLevel_18_v 7.50.bkp.tar.gz If permission and ownership of tar file is not same as above then use following command: Change mode of tar file: \$ chmod 666 < PDB backup tar file>
4.	EPAP A: Start restore from CLI.	Note: Skip this step if the PDB backup is taken on EPAP 16.3 release. If backup is taken on EPAP 16.1, then use following command to start restore process: \$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/restore_pdb –force7 If backup is taken on EPAP 16.2, then use following command to start restore process: \$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/restore_pdb –force

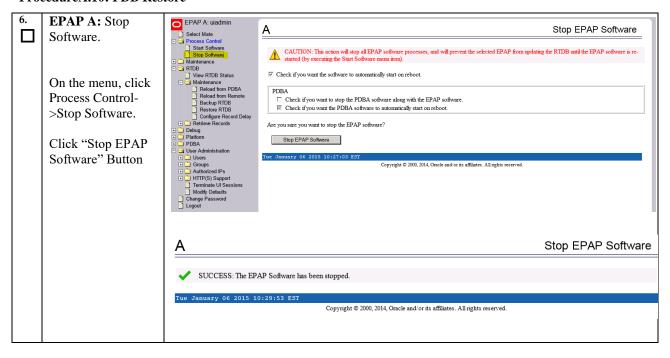
Procedure A.10: PDB Restore

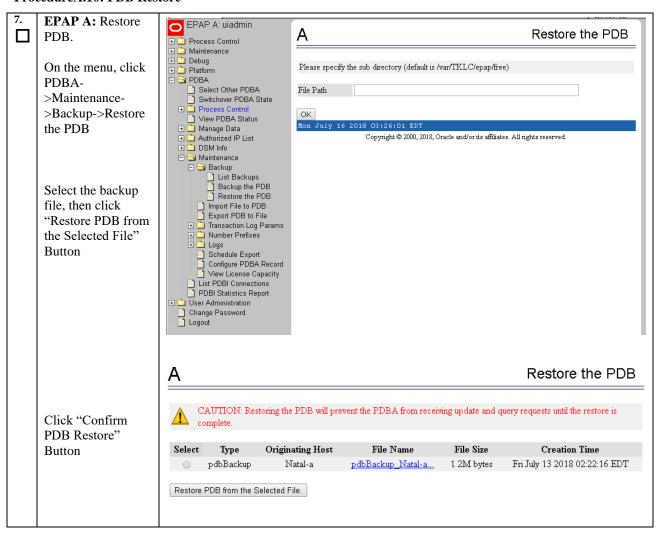
Screenshot after initiating PDB restore from CLI as below (NOTE: Provided the user input accordingly): [epapdev@DBExp-VM77 free]\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/restore pdb --force Mon Jul 16 07:24:57 EDT 2018 This script will replace the existing PDB with one provided from a backup and co Are you sure you want to do continue? (y/n) Y Enter the name of the backup tar.gz file. /var/TKLC/epap/free/pdbBackup Natala 20180713022216 DBBirthdate 20180713055242GMT DBLevel 18 v 7.50.bkp.tar.gz localIp = 10.75.138.77localName=DBExp-VM77 remoteIp = 0.0.0.0No remote site WARNING: If this backup is from EPAP 16.1 or earlier release please use option Are you sure this backup is taken on EPAP 16.2 release? (y/n)Y Do you want to restore Stats database? (y/n) Y Running with force option! Skip disk space check.. remoteBIp =There is no remote B PDB Unzipping backup file. This may take a while.. Running with force option! Skip compatibility check.. Stopping local PDBA ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA process is already stopped. Stopping local PDB mysql daemon Waiting for mysqlpdb to stop.. done No need to create backup directory.. Running ibbackup tool to restore DB /bin/chown: changing ownership of `/usr/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log': Operation not permitted

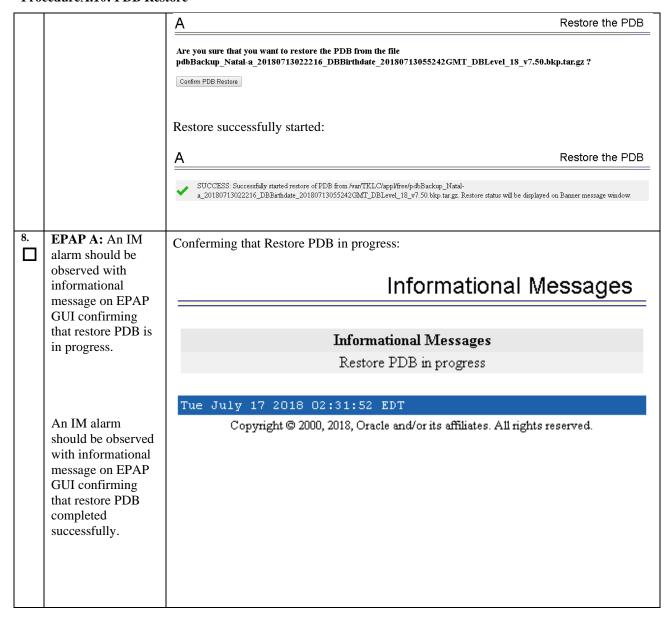
Procedure A.10: PDB Restore

```
Starting restore
backup/
backup/meta/
backup/meta/backup_content.xml
backup/meta/backup_create.xml
Starting mysqlpdb
Waiting for mysqlpdb to start done
Removing local pdba status file.
PDB RTDB SYNC Param updated successfully
Restore completed successfully.
Mon Jul 16 07:45:33 EDT 2018
"Restore completed successfully" message displayed on CLI after completed restore.
Following error shall be observed on CLI during restore:
myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI'
myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
. myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
```

		mvisamchk: error: 140 when opening MvISAM-table
		myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI'
		myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
		myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
		Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the 0, if the output contains any error other than the above mentioned
		errors.
5.	EPAP A: Log in to	
	the web GUI as user "uiadmin".	User name: uiadmin Password:
	Note: Move to step	
	9 if the PDB backup	
	is taken on EPAP 16.2 or earlier	
	release.	







		Conferming that Restore PDB is completed successfully:
		Informational Messages
		Informational Messages
		Restore PDB completed successfully
		Tue July 17 2018 02:38:51 EDT
		Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
9.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.

Procedure A.25 Conversion from Prov(mixed EPAP) to Non-Prov

The procedure is kept to ensure that the references in the document are not changed.

Procedure A.26 Conversion from mixed EPAP to StandalonePDB+Non-Prov EPAP

Note: A new card would be needed for this conversion. The conversion can be done through various way where one of them is described below.

Assuming, there is a mixed EPAP on 16.1/16.2 release.

Execurte the below mentioned steps to perform this conversion:

On Mixed EPAP:

- 1. Take PDB backup. Refer to Procedure A.6 to perform PDB backup.
- 2. Take RTDB backup. Refer to Procedure A.7 to perform RTDB backup.

3. Take the "uiEdit" output and the "Display Configuration" output, and store it for later use.

\$uiEdit

\$ su - epapconfig

Choose the "Display Configuration" option.

- 4. Make a fresh Non-PROV setup in EPAP 16.3. Refer to the "Installation Phases for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisional EPAP" table (Table 6).
- 5. Use the values stored in step-3 above from uiEdit and "Display Configuration" to restore the configuration values, for example, PROV IP address.

At this stage PROV setup is converted to Non-PROV.

Now, execute steps 9 and 10 mentioned below for Non-PROV (On Non-Prov setup)

On PDBonly (fresh installation on new card)

- 6. Install EPAP 16.3 ISO on new card. Refer to section 3.3.2 to perform installation.
- 7. Attach this PDBonly with Non-Prov EPAP(converted in step 4).
- 8. Restore PDB backup(taken in step 1) on PDBonly setup. Refer to Procedure A.24 to restore the PDB backup.

On Non-Prov setup:

- 9. Restore RTDB backup (taken in step 2) on Non-Prov MPS-A. Refer to Procedure A.10 to restore RTDB backup.
- 10. Perform reload from mate on Non-Prov MPS-B. Refer to Procedure A.11 to perform reload from mate.

So far, all three setups are in COMPACT mode. Refer to section 4 to change the DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme.

Procedure A.27 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

NOTE: This procedure is needed in following cases:

- 1. If "minicom mate" fails due to data curroption or some body deleted the file /etc/minirc.mate. Or,
- 2. If ttyS1 is not working, then edit the file /etc/minirc.mate to use ttyS3 or ttyS4.

Procedure A.27: Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

1.	MPS: Log on Server.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE F	AILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .
P	•	
E	Check off $()$ each step a	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
T	_	
S	 This procedure will ad	d/edit the file /etc/minirc.mate.

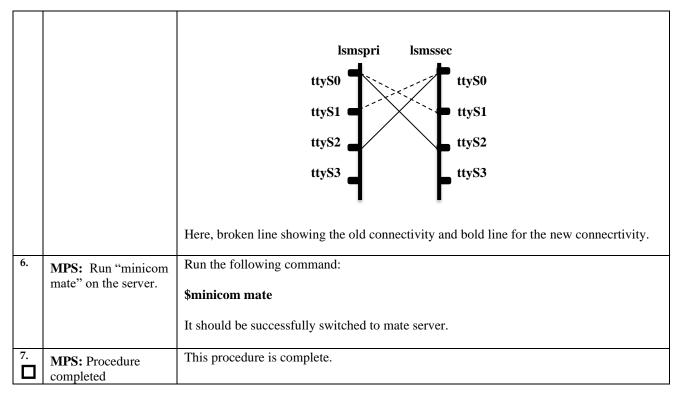
Procedure A.27: Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

		password: password
2.	MPS: Switch user to root.	\$ su - root Password:
3.	MPS: Verify that the file present on server.	Verify that the file /etc/minirc.mate is present on server: Execute the following command:
		\$ ls -l /etc/minirc.mate
		[root@Recife-a ~] # 1s -1 /etc/minirc.mate -rw-r 1 root root 658 Sep 7 03:35 /etc/minirc.mate
		Move to step 5 if output is same as above otherwise continue to next step.
4.	MPS: Cretae the file using vi editor.	Create the file /etc/minirc.mate using vi editor as follows: \$ vi /etc/minirc.mate
		Add following lines in file /etc/minirc.mate and save the file:
		# minirc file generated by remoteConsole Mon Sep 10 09:53:54 2018 pr port

Procedure A.27: Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

ttyS1 to ttyS3 and change the serial cable connectivity accordingly. In following example, we have updated the file /etc/minirc.mate and changed the port value from ttyS1 to ttyS2. \$ vi /etc/minirc.mate # # minirc file generated by remoteConsole Mon Sep 10 09:53:54 2018 pr port /dev/ttyS2 pu baudrate 115200 pu bits 8 pu parity N pu stopbits 1 pu rtscts No pu xonxoff No pu minit pu mreset pu mhangup pu pname1 YUNYY pu pname2 YUNYY pu pname2 YUNYY pu pname3 YUNYY pu pname4 NDNYY pu pname5 NDNYY		
value from ttyS1 to ttyS2. \$ vi /etc/minirc.mate # # minirc file generated by remoteConsole Mon Sep 10 09:53:54 2018 pr port		If ttS1 is not working then edit the file /etc/minirc.mate and update ttyS1 to ttyS2 or ttyS1 to ttyS3 and change the serial cable connectivity accordingly.
# minirc file generated by remoteConsole Mon Sep 10 09:53:54 2018 pr port /dev/ttyS2 pu baudrate 115200 pu bits 8 pu parity N pu stopbits 1 pu rtscts No pu xonxoff No pu minit pu mreset pu mhangup pu pname1 YUNYY pu pname2 YUNYY pu pname3 YUNYN pu pname4 NDNYY pu pname5 NDNYY		
# minirc file generated by remoteConsole Mon Sep 10 09:53:54 2018 pr port /dev/ttyS2 pu baudrate 115200 pu bits 8 pu parity N pu stopbits 1 pu rtscts No pu xonxoff No pu minit pu mreset pu mhangup pu pname1 YUNYY pu pname2 YUNYY pu pname3 YUNYN pu pname4 NDNYY pu pname5 NDNYY		\$ vi /etc/minirc.mate
pu pname6 pu pname7 pu pname8 NDYNN pu pname9 pu pname9 pu zauto pu fselw pu askdndir No NOTE: In order to make this changes working we must need to change the serial cable connectivity with lsmspri and lsmssec. In following figure we have changed the serial connectivity from ttyS0(lsmspri) <-> ttyS1(lsmssec) to ttyS0(lsmspri) <-> ttyS2(lsmssec) and ttyS0(lsmssec) <-> ttyS1(lsmspri) to ttyS0(lsmssec) <-> ttyS2(lsmspri)		# minirc file generated by remoteConsole Mon Sep 10 09:53:54 2018 pr port /dev/ttyS2 pu baudrate 115200 pu bits 8 pu parity N pu stopbits 1 pu rtscts No pu xonxoff No pu minit pu mreset pu mhangup pu pname1 YUNYY pu pname2 YUNYY pu pname3 YUNYN pu pname4 NDNYY pu pname5 NDNYY pu pname6 YDNYN pu pname7 YUYNN pu pname8 NDYNN pu pname8 NDYNN pu pname9 YUNYN pu zauto pu fselw No pu askdndir No NOTE: In order to make this changes working we must need to change the serial cable connectivity with lsmspri and lsmssec. In following figure we have changed the serial connectivity from ttySO(lsmspri) <-> ttyS1(lsmssec) to ttySO(lsmspri) <-> ttyS2(lsmssec) and

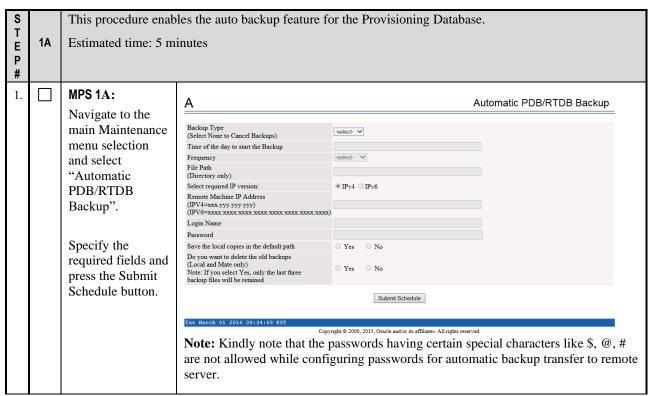
Procedure A.27: Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file



Procedure A.28 Configure the Auto Backup

This procedure configures auto backup for PDB and RTDB on all the Non-PROVs that are homed to the PDBA.

EPAP software on all Non-PROVs homed to the PDBA should be running for successful auto RTDB backup on the Non-PROVs.



This procedure is complete!

Procedure A.29 STOP ACTIVE PDBA AND VERIFY REPL LOGS

This procedure shall be executed on Active PDBA (2A). If REPL log in not empty, part of the procedure will be executed in Standby PDBA (1A) as well.

Procedure A.29: Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

This procedure stops the PDBA software.
Estimated time: 5 minutes.

Procedure A.29: Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

1.	MPS 2A: Stop the Customer provisioning in to the active PDB.	NOTE: Contact customer provisioning and verify provisioning has been deactivated.
2.	MPS 2A: Log on Server.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
3.	MPS 2A: Switch user to root.	\$ su - root Password:
4.	MPS 2A: Stop the PDBA process	# service Pdba stop ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped.
5.	MPS 2A: Stop the EPAP process	# service Epap stop ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap stop ~~ EPAP application stopped.
6.	MPS 2A: Clear the REPL logs	\$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock < /usr/TKLC/epap/config/pdb_repl.sql Enter password: <mysql_root_password></mysql_root_password>
7.	MPS 2A: Login to the mysql database and verify that there are no updates to be sent to the standby PDB. If any REPL log exists, follow steps 8 to 12. Otherwise jump to step 13	\$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock pdb Enter password: <mysql_root_password> On the MySQL prompt, execute the following commands: mysql> select * from replLog; Empty set (0.00 sec) mysql> select * from requests; Empty set (0.00 sec) mysql> quit Bye</mysql_root_password>
8.	MPS 1A: Start the PDBA and EPAP at the Standby site (1A)	# service Pdba start ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application started. # service Epap start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~

Procedure A.29: Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

9.	MPS 2A: Start the PDBA at the Active site (2A)	EPAP application started. Note: Skip the following step on Standalone PDB # ssh mate "service Epap start" ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started. # service Pdba start ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application started. # service Epap start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~
		EPAP application started. Note: Skip the following step on Standalone PDB # ssh mate "service Epap start" ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started.
10.	MPS 2A: Wait a minute for the updates to sync between Active and Standby PDBA. Check in intervals of 1 minute till all updates are sent from Active PDBA to Standby PDBA. Move to next stepONLY after checking that output of replLog and requests tables shows "Empty set".	\$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock pdb Enter password: <mysql_root_password> On the MySQL prompt, execute the following commands: mysql> select * from replLog; Empty set (0.00 sec) mysql> select * from requests; Empty set (0.00 sec) mysql> quit Bye</mysql_root_password>
11.	MPS 2A: Stop the PDBA and EPAP processes.	# service Pdba stop ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped. # service Epap stop ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap stop ~~ EPAP application stopped.

Procedure A.29: Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

12.	MPS 1A: Stop the PDBA and EPAP processes.	# service Pdba stop ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped.
		# service Epap stop ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap stop ~~ EPAP application stopped.
13.	MPS 2A:	\$ exit
	Exit as root user	

Procedure A.30 Resolve the false accept upgrade alarm situation

r	This procedure is used to resolve the false accept upgrade alarm situation from the system.		
	Check off (\vee) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
I	F THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT	MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
	1. Blankout the /etc/motd file	>/etc/motd	
l F	2.Add an entry "export POST_UPGRADE_ACTION=ACCEPT" n the upgrade info file.	echo "export POST_UPGRADE_ACTION=ACCEPT" >> /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.info	
3	3.Clear the false alarm "TKSPLATMI33"	You will see the following alarm in alarmStatus. a. alarmMgralarmStatus [One output example below:] SEQ: 7 UPTIME: 356 BIRTH: 1524100682 TYPE: SET ALARM: TKSPLATMI33 tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept 1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.1 8.3.1.3.33 3253 2 Processing Error Configuration Error b. To clear the alarm, run the following command: alarmMgrclear TKSPLATMI33	

APPENDIX B INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM

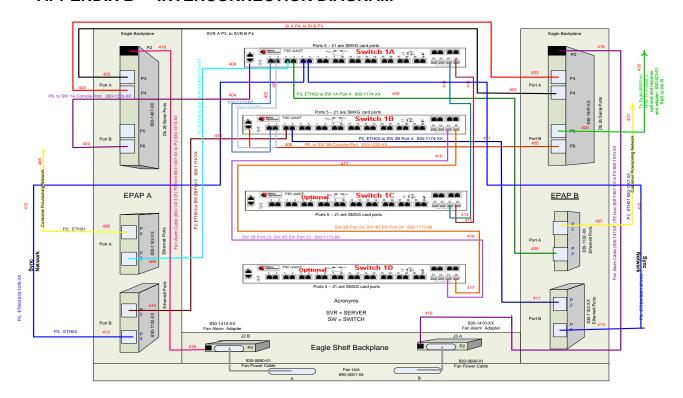


Figure 7: Interconnectivity Diagram for Sync Network Redundancy (Eth04 used for Sync Network)

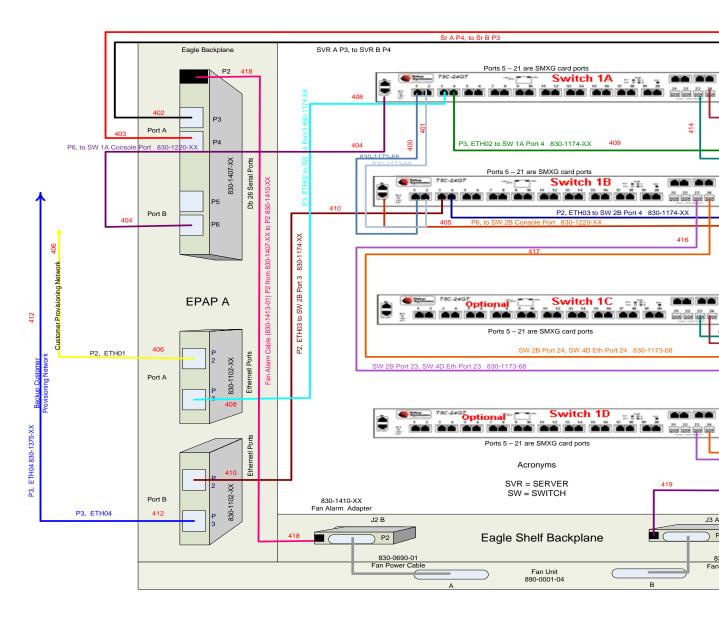


Figure 8: Default Interconnectivity Diagram (Eth04 used for Backup Provisioning Network)

APPENDIX C TELCO TO CISCO SWITCH REPLACEMENT

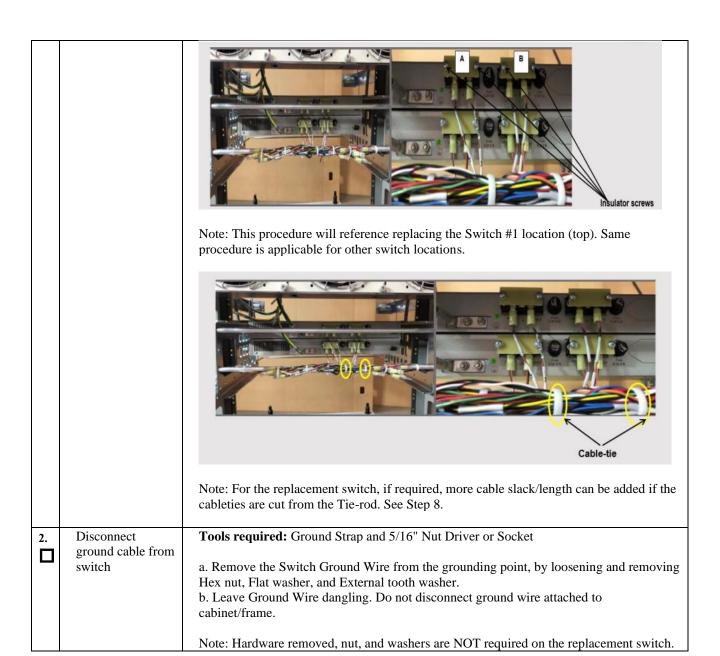
SWITCH REPLACEMENT

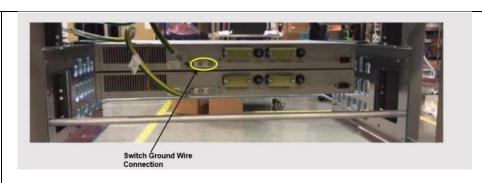
S	This procedure is for replacing the Telco switch with the Cisco switch.
T	
E	Check off $()$ each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P	
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE .

The following tools are required to perform this procedure:

- Ground Strap (Wrist or Heel)
- #2 Phillips Screwdriver
- #3 Phillips Screwdriver
- 1/4" Nut Driver or Socket
- 5/16" Nut Driver or Socket
- Diagonal Wire Cutter (to cut Tie-wraps)
- Multi Meter
- Tie Wraps
- Electrical Tape
- Cable Tags/Marker (to label all cables)

1.	Disable and disconnect switch power	Tools required: Ground Strap, #2 Phillips Screwdriver, Multi Meter, and Diagonal Wire Cutter
	•	 a. At the fuse panel, locate the fuse positions for the switch being removed. To power down the Switch, remove the fuses for both A and B feeds. b. Once the switch is off, unscrew and remove the terminal-block insulator covers from both terminals blocks A and B. c. With covers removed, using a Multi Meter, ensure that there is no power. d. Ensure that the power leads are marked -48V & RTN. e. With the cables marked, one at a time, remove the power cable and tape the terminal ring. Repeat these steps until all power connections are removed.



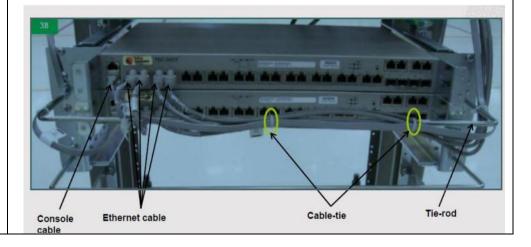


3. Disconnect Front ENET and Console Cables

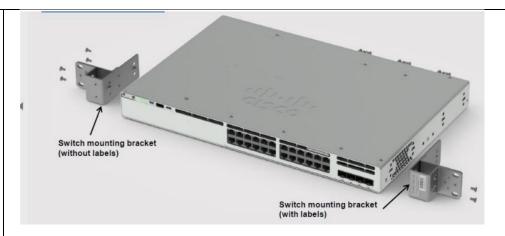
Tools required: Diagonal Wire Cutters

Note: This procedure will reference replacing the Switch #1 location (Top). The same procedure used for other switch locations.

- a. Make sure that all the cables are labeled and are in the correct position that they are terminated at. If not, ensure to mark or label before starting any removal.
- b. Disconnect the Console and Ethernet cables from Telco switch being replaced. Leave the cables dangling.
- c. (Optional) If cable management tie-rod is mounted to the switch being replaced, it may be necessary to cut or remove the cable-ties, holding the cables from the Tie-rod.



4.	Remove the	Tools required: Ground Strap and #3 Phillips Screwdriver
	Switch being replaced	a. Remove the four (4) PAN head screws (Two (2) on either side of the switch). If there is no support under the switch, take care to support the switch while removing the screws. b. Remove the Switch from the Eagle rack. c. Keep the screws safely set aside. Required for mounting the new switch. Note: If Tie-rod is attached via the screws being removed, then the Tie-rod needs to be set aside for reattachment when the replacement Switch is installed.
		12-24 PAN head Screw Extension flange bracket #12-24 PAN head Screw
5.	Assemble the replacement Cisco	Tools required: Ground Straps and #2 Phillips Screwdriver
	Switch	Attach the mounting brackets with Cisco switch assembly. a. Locate the supplied mounting brackets and screws from the Switch package



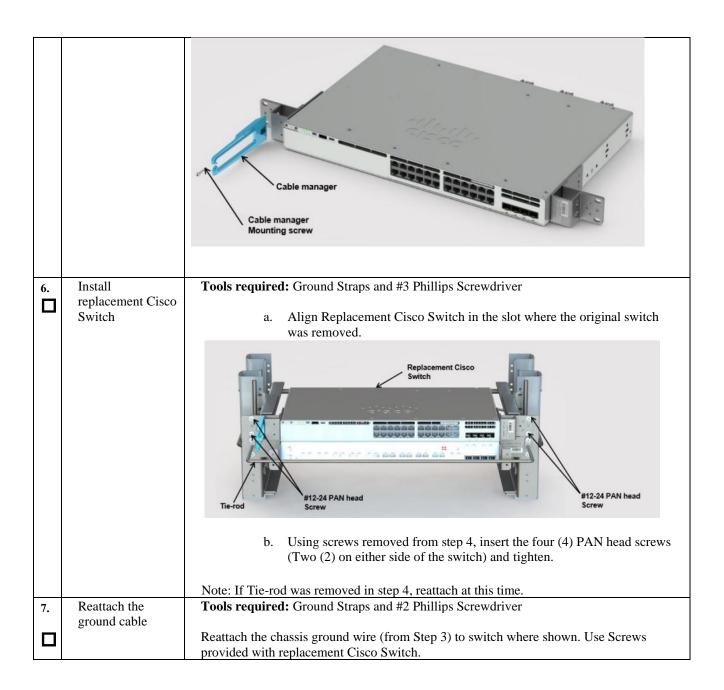
b. Align the mounting bracket to the switch using four mounting holes.

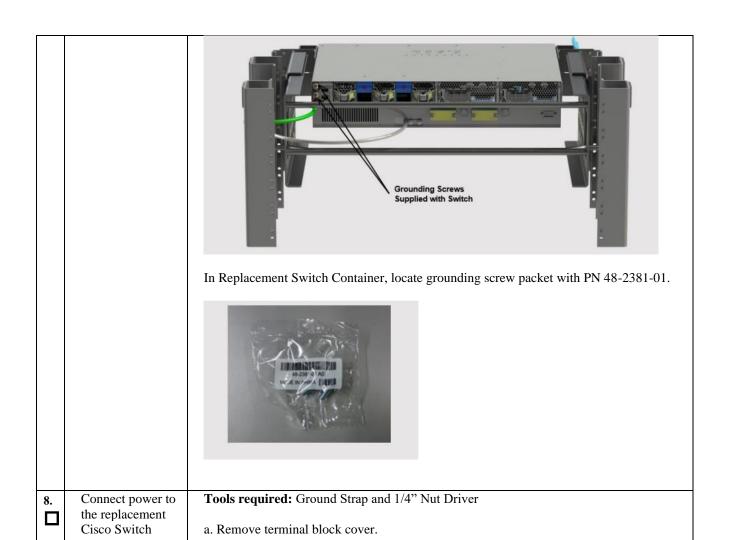
Note: Bracket with labels to be mounted on the right side of the switch.

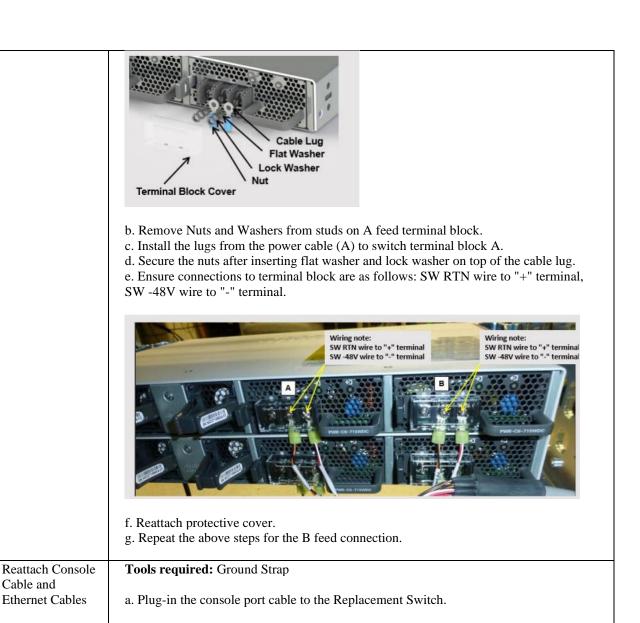
c. Insert four screws, supplied with each switch, and tighten.



- d. Repeat the steps b and c for the other side of the switch.
- e. Attach optional Cable Manager.
 - I. Locate Cable Manager and Screw from replacement Switch packaging.
 - II. Attach the Cable Manager to the rack mounting bracket using the supplied screw.







Note: The Console port on the New Cisco Switch is on the rear side where the power is

9.

applied.

		Front View of Switches Telco Switch Console Port
		Rear View of Switches Cisco Switch Console Port (Top)
		b. Plug-in the Ethernet cables to Replacement Cisco Switch.Note: The Switch locations are marked on cable from Step 3.
10.	Reapply power	a. Double check all the connections are in their proper place and are secure.
		b. Reinstall the A and B feed power fuses (removed in Step 1) one at a time. c. Check the switch power supply LED to ensure power is up. Then, install the other fuse and again check power supply LED.
		PWR-C6-715WDC
		The replacement switch is now ready to be set up and configured.
11.	Configure the new Cisco Switch	Refer to the following procedure "Switch Configuration" to configure the new Cisco Switch.

SWITCH CONFIGURATION

S	This procedure configures the Cisco Switches on an Installed E5-APP-B EPAP Server Pair.		
T E P	Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE	E FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>ASSISTANCE</u> .	
1.	Make the cross- over cable connections. NOTE: THIS IS IMPORTANT. a. CONNECT the cross-over cable from Port 1 of Switch1A to Port 1 of Switch1B.		
		b. DISCONNECT the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B . Similarly, while Configuring Switch1C and Switch1D, disconnect the cable from port 24 and connect back post configuration is done.	
		 Note: Switch configuration should only be attempted by a skilled technician and not by all. All uplinks should be removed while switch configuration. There should not be any loop in the switches during their configuration. Switch1B must be configured first. 	
2.	Do minicom to enter the Cisco switch console. Command – "minicom switch1A" for the console cable connected to MPS-A and for console cable connected to MPS-B use	[root@Donut-B epapall]# [root@Donut-B epapall]# minicom switch1B	

	"minicom switch1B".	
3.	MPS X: Do not enter in the initial config dialog in the freshly connected Cisco switch.	Autoinstall will terminate if any input is detected on console System Configuration Dialog Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no]:no
4.	MPS X: Enter an Enable secret key:- "OracleSwitchC1"	The enable secret is a password used to protect access to privileged EXEC and configuration modes. This password, after entered, becomes encrypted in the configuration. The secret should be of minimum 10 characters and maximum 32 characters with at least 1 upper case, 1 lower case, 1 digit, and should not contain [cisco]. Enter enable secret:OracleSwitchC1 Confirm enable secret: OracleSwitchC1
5.	MPS X: Press 2 and enter	The following configuration command script was created: enable secret 9 \$9\$TsBinkhqCyICKE\$.kVHrY3IJTaqJEb.T9yJjjjmzcRSu426mSirX4U3a1k! end [0] Go to the IOS command prompt without saving this config. [1] Return back to the setup without saving this config. [2] Save this configuration to nvram and exit. Enter your selection [2]: 2
6.	MPS X: Initial configuration building is done	Building configuration [OK] Use the enabled mode 'configure' command to modify this configuration. Press RETURN to get started!
7.	MPS X: Write "enable" and password set in step	Switch>enable Password:

	3, which is "OracleSwitchC1"		
8.	MPS X: Once the switch is enabled to take configuration > sign changes to the # sign	Switch>enable Password: Password: Switch#	
9.	MPS X: Write command – "Configure terminal"	switch# configure terminal Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. switch(config)#	
10	MPS X: Here are the attached configs to be used for Eth04 used for Backup Provisioning Network	CiscoSwitch1C.txt CiscoSwitch1B.txt CiscoSwitch1A.txt CiscoSwitch1D.txt	
11	MPS X: Here are the attached configs to be used for EPAP Sync Network Redundancy (Eth04 used for Sync Network).	CiscoSwitch1C.sync.t CiscoSwitch1B.sync.tx CiscoSwitch1A.sync.t CiscoSwitch1D.sync.t xt	
12	MPS X: Open the attached config in notepad for the switch we want to configure.	Open in notepad and press Ctrl+A and then Ctrl+C.	
13	MPS X: Paste all the copied config to the switch. Shown	Switch# configure terminal Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config)#hostname switch1A	

switch1A(config)#enable secret EnAbLe example for Switch1A. switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)#\$estamps log datetime msec localtime showtimezone switch1A(config)#no service pad switch1A(config)#service timestamps debug uptime switch1A(config)#service timestamps log uptime switch1A(config)#service password-encryption switch1A(config)#no logging console switch1A(config)#logging on switch1A(config)#logging trap errors switch1A(config)#logging facility local6 switch1A(config)#line console 0 switch1A(config-line)#length 0 switch1A(config-line)#exit switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)#clock timezone gmt-5 -5 00 switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)#vlan 1 switch1A(config-vlan)# name default switch1A(config-vlan)# exit switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)#vlan 2 switch1A(config-vlan)# name dsm-a switch1A(config-vlan)# exit switch1A(config)#interface vlan 1 switch1A(config-if)#ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0 switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown switch1A(config-if)#exit switch1A(config)#

switch1A(config)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/1 switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1 switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2 switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 1 mode on Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 1 switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch B switch1A(config-if)#shutdown switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown switch1A(config-if)# switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/2 switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1 switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2 switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 1 mode on switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch B switch1A(config-if)#shutdown switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown switch1A(config-if)# switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/3 switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2 switch1A(config-if)# description EPAP_A DSM A switch1A(config-if)# flowcontrol receive on switch1A(config-if)#shutdown switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown switch1A(config-if)# switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/4 switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2 switch1A(config-if)# description EPAP_B DSM A

```
switch1A(config-if)# flowcontrol receive on
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/5
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/6
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/7
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
```

```
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/8
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/9
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/10
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/11
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
```

```
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/12
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/13
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/14
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/15
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/16
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/17
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/18
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
```

```
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/19
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/20
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/21
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
```

```
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/22
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/23
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 2 mode on
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 2
switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch C
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/24
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 2 mode on
switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch C
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
```

		switch1A(config-if)#
		switch1A(config-if)#no ip http server
		switch1A(config)#
		switch1A(config)#no cdp run
		switch1A(config)#
		switch1A(config)#line con 0
switch1A(config-line)# password <switch console<="" th=""><th> switch1A(config-line)# login</th></switch>		switch1A(config-line)# login
		switch1A(config-line)# login switch1A(config-line)#line vty 0 4
		switchia(config-fine)#fine vty 0 4 switchia(config-line)#transport input telnet ssh
		<pre>switch1A(config-line)#password <switch console="" password=""> switch1A(config-line)# login</switch></pre>
switch1A(config-line)#line vty 5 15		
switch1A(config-line)#transport input telnet ssh		
	<pre>switch1A(config-line)#password <switch console="" password=""> switch1A(config-line)# login</switch></pre>	
		switch1A(config-line)#
		switch1A(config-line)#
		switch1A(config-line)#ntp server 192.168.2.100
		switch1A(config)#
		switch1A(config)#logging host 192.168.2.100
		switch1A(config)#
		switch1A(config)#end
		switch1A#
	NET CL. II.	
14	MPS X: Similarly, the user needs to	Use the config attached in step 10 and repeat steps 2 to 12. Ensure to select the exact same
	configure all other	config from the step 10 as per the switch location.
	connected cisco	
	switches.	

Connect the cross- over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B.	A 56 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 7 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Ping to Confirm connectivity. Note: Ip address 192.168.2.1 associated with Switch1A, ip address 192.168.2.2 associated with Switch1B, ip address 192.168.2.3 with Switch1C and ip address 192.168.2.4 with Switch1D.	Pring from all the newly connected switches to the mentioned IP address (192.168.2.1, 192.168.2.2, 192.168.2.3, 192.168.2.4, 192.168.2.100, 192.168.2.200), till you see an 100% success rate. switch1D#ping 192.168.2.1 Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.1, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.2 Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.2, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.3 Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.3, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.4 Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.4, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.4 Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.4, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.100 Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.100, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec:

		Press Esc for break !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max =
		0/1/5 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.200 Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.200, timeout 2
		sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!!
		Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#
17	Procedure complete	Procedure is complete.

APPENDIX D SWOPS SIGN OFF.

Discrepancy List

Date	Test Case	Description of Failures and/or Issues. Any CSR's / RMA's issued during Acceptance. Discrepancy	Resolution and SWOPS Engineer Responsible	Resolution Date:

1		

APPENDIX E CUSTOMER SIGN OFF

Sign-Off Record

*** Please review this entire document. ***

This is to certify that all steps required for the upgrade successfully completed without failure.

Sign your name, showing approval of this procedure, and email this page and the above completed Table to Oracle, email: upgrades@tekelec.com.

Customer: Company Name:	Date:
Site: Location:	
Customer :(Print)	Phone:
	Fax:
Start Date:	Completion Date:
	signed. Any deviations from this procedure must be approved by bot of this page should be given to the customer for their records. The copy of this completion for future reference.
Oracle Signature:	Date:

Customer Signature:	Date:

APPENDIX F MY ORACLE SUPPORT

My Oracle Support (https://support.oracle.com) is your initial point of contact for all product support and training needs. A representative at Customer Access Support can assist you with My Oracle Support registration.

Call the Customer Access Support main number at 1-800-223-1711 (toll-free in the US), or call the Oracle Support hotline for your local country from the list at http://www.oracle.com/us/support/contact/index.html. When calling, make the selections in the sequence shown below on the Support telephone menu:

- For Technical issues such as creating a new Service Request (SR), select 1.
- For Non-technical issues such as registration or assistance with My Oracle Support, select 2.
- For Hardware, Networking and Solaris Operating System Support, select 3.

You are connected to a live agent who can assist you with My Oracle Support registration and opening a support ticket.

My Oracle Support is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year.