Oracle® Communications Session Border Controller

TSCF SDK Guide Release 1.5.0

May 2017



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About This Guide

The Oracle[®] Communications Tunneled Session Controller SDK Guide describes the client-side SDK (software development kit) that facilitates the creation of secure tunnels between a client application and the Tunneled Session Controller Function (TSCF) of the Oracle Communications Session Border Controller. A client is typically a softphone application that utilizes the SDK software libraries and source code to create TLS tunnels to a TSCF service, thus achieving secure real time communications and ubiquitous firewall traversal.

This document specifically describes the SDK, functional libraries, and source code supplied with the SDK Version 1.5.0.

Related Documentation

Document Name	Document Description
Acme Packet 4500 Hardware Installation Guide	Contains information about the components and installation of the Acme Packet 4500.
Acme Packet 4600 Hardware Installation Guide	Contains information about the components and installation of the Acme Packet 4600.
Acme Packet 6100 Hardware Installation Guide	Contains information about the components and installation of the Acme Packet 6100.
Acme Packet 6300 Hardware Installation Guide	Contains information about the components and installation of the Acme Packet 6300.
Release Notes	Contains information about the current documentation set release, including new features and management changes.
ACLI Configuration Guide	Contains information about the administration and software configuration of the Service Provider Oracle Communications Session Border Controller.
ACLI Reference Guide	Contains explanations of how to use the ACLI, as an alphabetical listings and descriptions of all ACLI commands and configuration parameters.
Maintenance and Troubleshooting Guide	Contains information about Oracle Communications Session Border Controller logs, performance announcements, system management, inventory management, upgrades, working with configurations, and managing backups and archives.
MIB Reference Guide	Contains information about Management Information Base (MIBs), Oracle Communication's enterprise MIBs, general trap information, including specific details about standard traps and enterprise traps, Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) GET query information (including standard and enterprise SNMP GET query names, object identifier names and numbers, and descriptions), examples of scalar and table objects.
Accounting Guide	Contains information about the Oracle Communications Session Border Controller's accounting support, including details about RADIUS and Diameter accounting.

The following table describes the documentation set for this release.

About This Guide

Document Name	Document Description
HDR Resource Guide	Contains information about the Oracle Communications Session Border Controller's Historical Data Recording (HDR) feature. This guide includes HDR configuration and system-wide statistical information.
Administrative Security Essentials	Contains information about the Oracle Communications Session Border Controller's support for its Administrative Security license.
Security Guide	Contains information about security considerations and best practices from a network and application security perspective for the Oracle Communications Session Border Controller family of products.
Installation and Platform Preparation Guide	Contains information about upgrading system images and any pre-boot system provisioning.
Call Traffic Monitoring Guide	Contains information about traffic monitoring and packet traces as collected on the system. This guide also includes WebGUI configuration used for the SIP Monitor and Trace application.

Revision History

Date	Description
May 2017	Initial release

What's New in This Release

The following features are new in version 1.5.0:

- The default version of OpenSSL has been removed. Developers should download the desired version of OpenSSL and modify the build script to allow on-the-fly integration with the SDK. See the "Download and Compile OpenSSL" section for more information.
- Adds support for NTLM- and SPNEGO-based proxy authentication. If the proxy broadcasts support for both SPNEGO and NTLM, the SDK first attempts SPNEGO authentication and, if that fails, attempts NTLM authentication.

Overview

Tunnel Session Management (TSM) improves firewall traversal for real time communications for OTT VoIP applications and reduces the dependency on SIP/TLS and SRTP by encrypting access-side VoIP within standardized VPN tunnels. As calls or sessions traverse a TSM tunnel, the Oracle Communications Session Border Controller (SBC) will route all SIP and RTP traffic from within the TSM tunnel to the core (or appropriate destination).

Oracle Communications is working with other telecom providers and vendors to standardize TSM. Within the 3GPP, TSM is called a Tunneled Services Control Function (TSCF). Currently the 3GPP Technical Requirement draft is TR 33.8de V0.1.3 (2012-05) as a standardized approach for overcoming non-IMS aware firewall issues with supporting companies including China Mobile, Ericsson, Huawei, Intel, RIM, Vodafone, and ZTE. Beyond the standard, we provide exceptional tunnel performance & capacity within the SBC as well as high availability, DDoS protection and our patented TSM Tunnel Redundancy to improve audio quality in lossy networks such as the Internet.



Figure 1: Basic TSM Setup

TSM consists of two parts:

- the TSM server (often referred to as a TSCF or Tunneled Services Control Function)
- the TSM client

The TSM server resides and runs on the SBC and the TSM client runs within applications that reside on workstations, laptops, tablets and mobile devices (ex. Android, iPhone or iPad) and even network elements.

To deploy TSM enabled-clients such as softphones, SIP-enabled iOS/Android applications or contact center agent applications, customers and 3rd party ISVs will need to incorporate the open source TSM software libraries into their applications which will establish tunnels to the TSM server.

TSM Tunnel

The following diagram briefly explains the various IP addresses utilized during the TSM session.

- TSCF External IP—This IP address is visible to any endpoint on the Internet and is used to initiate the TSM session between the TC and the TSCF. This may be configured under **security** > **tscf** > **tscf**-**interface**. See the TSCF Essentials Guide to configure the TSCF function on the server.
- TC Source IP—This IP address corresponds to the source address of the TC in its respective access network or it could be the IP of the Proxy behind which it is located.
- Internal Tunnel IP—This IP address will be assigned to the TC (once TLS authentication is successful) from a configured pool of IP addresses on the TSCF. It will be used to facilitate communication with the core (P-CSCF). The address pool can be configured under **security** > **tscf** > **tscf-address-pool**.
- TC Application IP—This is the IP address associated with the respective application (SIP / RTP / other) at the TC.





SDK Host Operating System Relationship

The following illustrations depict the relationship between the SDK and the host operating system





SDK/Host OS Relationship (Detailed View)

Provided Functionality

Operating Systems Support

This SDK release supports the following operating systems:

- Windows
 - Win32



Note: Windows 10 is not supported.

- Linux
- OS X
- iOS
 - 9.3

- 10.0
- 10.1
- 10.2
- Android (32-bit)
 - 4.0.X (Ice Cream Sandwich)
 - 4.4 (KitKat)
 - 5.X (Lollipop)
 - 6.X (Marshmallow)

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Note: 64-bit Android is not supported.

Hardware Support

This SDK release supports the following software and hardware combinations:

- Support for Oracle Communications Session Border Controller version S-CZ7.4.0 running on the following hardware:
 - Acme Packet 4600
 - Acme Packet 6100
 - Acme Packet 6300
- Support for Oracle Communications Tunneled Session Controller version S-CX6.4.6F6 running on the following hardware:
 - Acme Packet 4500
- Support for Oracle Communications Unified Session Manager version S-CZ7.3.5 running on the following hardware:
 - Acme Packet 4600
 - Acme Packet 6100
 - Acme Packet 6300

Proxy Support

This SDK release supports the following proxy authentication types:

- Basic
- Digest
- NTLMv2
- SPNEGO

If proxy authentication is enabled, the SDK will try to use SPNEGO authentication. If that fails, the SDK tries to use NTLMv2.

Additional Features

This SDK release also supports:

- On-the-fly integration of downloaded OpenSSL with TSCF libraries.
- Server Assigned Configuration mode
- Security Traversing Gateway (STG)
- Payload multiplexing within a tunnel
- Each SDK instance can support:
 - Up to 3 concurrent voice calls
 - Up to 10 MSRP chat sessions
 - 1 MSRP file transfer session

Overview

- Tunnel Transport
 - TCP
 - UDP
 - TLS
 - DTLS
- IP version
 - IPv4
 - IPv6



Note: When used in Decoupled Mode, the TSCF also supports mixing IPv4 and IPv6. For example, you can use an IPv6 external address outside the tunnel and an IPv4 address inside the tunnel, or vice versa.

Compiling the TSM Library and Documentation

Operating System	Description	Location
	This file provides information on how to compile the TSM SDK for Android.	sdk/lib/README.android
ios	This file provides information on how to compile the TSM SDK for iOS.	sdk/lib/README.ios
Linux	This file provides information on how to compile the TSM SDK for Linux.	sdk/lib/README
	This file provides information on how to compile the TSM SDK for Windows.	sdk/lib/README.WIN
Windows	Note: Windows 10 is not supported.	

Read the documentation that corresponds to your application's target operating system.

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Warning: The OpenSSL library must be downloaded before proceeding with development.

SDK Directories

SDK directories are shown below. Note that not all listed directories may be present (or supported) in the current release.

Compiling the TSM Library and Documentation

Path	Description
apps	SDK based applications
apps/linphone	Open source VoIP application utilizing TCP/TLS/DTLS/UDP for tunnel transport that has been ported to the SDK. Platform support limited to Windows, Android, and iOS. Refer to www.linphone.org for additional details.
apps/sipp	Open source SIP traffic generator application utilizing TCP tunnel transport that has been ported to the SDK. Platform support limited to Linux. Refer to www.sourceforge.net for additional details.
apps/tsc_sip	Reference demonstration/development guide app (tsc_sip_client.c)
docs	SDK Documentation
docs/html	Authoritative API HTML-based documentation. Access via "/html/ index.html" after running `make doxygen`.
extlib	External, optional libraries
lib	SDK Library source – to be linked with the target application
lib/android-ndk	Android Specific library instructions and precompiled libs
lib/CSM	tunneling Client State Machine
lib/EIP	Embedded TCP/UDP/IP Stack
lib/include	SDK API definitions
lib/OSAA	Operating System Application Adaptation APIs
lib/TAPI	Tunnel Data and Control APIs
lib/TPL	Tunnel Control and Data Message Parsing Libraries
tools	Development Tools
tools/wireshark	TSCF protocol dissector

Download and Compile OpenSSL

The default version of OpenSSL has been removed. Developers should download the desired version of OpenSSL and modify the build script to allow on-the-fly integration with the SDK.

1. Download the version of OpenSSL you want to integrate into the SDK.

The customer is responsible for selecting a secure version of OpenSSL from *https://www.openssl.org/*. Oracle can confirm OpenSSL version 1.0.1g works with the SDK.

2. In the build script for your target operating system, set the VERSION variable to the version number of OpenSSL.

The build scripts are located in the sdk/extlib directory and the VERSION variable is found at the top of the script.

VERSION="1.0.1g"

3. If compiling version 1.0.1g for iOS, run the patch-openssl-1.0.1g script.

```
./patch-openssl-1.0.1g
```

4. Run the build script for your target operating system. For example:

./build_androidlib.sh

Generate the API Documentation

1. Navigate to the lib folder.

cd sdk/lib

2. Generate the API documentation.

doxygen ../docs/doxygen/doxygen.conf

3. Open the documentation using a browser pointing to sdk/docs/html/index.html.

Accessing and Using the TSM SDK APIs

Sample TSM SDK-based Applications

A number of small application templates are found throughout the apps directory. Each of these files contains a small, well-defined set of functionality that enables a software developer to easily understand its implementation via the TSCF client-side SDK.

SDK:		
+apps/tsc_sip/tsc_s.	ip_client	
+tsc_sip_client	.c ⁻	Provides a basic SIP client utilizing TCP/TLS/UDP/DTLS for tunnel transport of inner UDP sockets. Supports Linux, Windows, and Android operating systems.
+apps/tsc sip/tsc s.	ip server	
+tsc_sip_server	.c	Provides a basic SIP server utilizing TCP/TLS/UDP/DTLS for tunnel transport of inner UDP sockets. Supports Linux, Windows, and Android operating systems.
+apps/tsc sip/tsc s.	ip inner tcp	
+tsc_sip_inner_	tcp.c	Provides a basic SIP client utilizing TCP for tunnel transport and demonstrating usage of TCP sockets for applications such as HTTP supports Linux operating systems.

All of the above files contain extensive comments making it an easy task to navigate through the code. Using tsc_sip_client.c as an example, you can readily proceed through the file.

- **1.** Search for tsc_ctrl_init () and examine the code immediately following this function for the details of tunnel initialization.
- **2.** Search for Create a Tunnel and examine the code immediately following for the details of tunnel creation and the configuration exchange between the TSCF server and client.
- 3. Search for SIP SOCKET CREATION and examine the code that creates and binds TSCF sockets.
- **4.** Search for REGISTER TRANSACTION and examine the code that builds a SIP REGISTRAR request and processes the REGISTRAR response.
- **5.** Search for INVITE TRANSACTION and examine the code that builds a SIP INVITE request and processes the REGISTRAR response.
- 6. Search for Build and send ACK to examine ACK creation and processing code.
- 7. Search for RTP Exchange to examine RTP code.

- 8. Search for BYE TRANSACTION to find code that terminates a SIP connection.
- 9. Search for TEST DONE to find code that terminates a tunnel.

Using The SDK To Create A TSM Tunnel

The following steps provide an outline on integrating a SIP client (in this example tsc_sip_client) with the TSM SDK. Please refer to the file tsc_sip_client.c (located at sdk/apps/tsc_sip/tsc_sip_client) which contains working code references on establishing a TSM tunnel and making a SIP/RTP based call.



Accessing and Using the TSM SDK APIs



Enabling Redundancy

TSM enables an application to improve media quality under adverse network packet loss through the tunnel redundancy feature.



Tunnel redundancy can be enabled on a per-socket basis.

- **1.** Create a notification handler function. Once requested, the TSCF notifies the application whether the redundancy was enabled successfully.
- 2. Set a socket option with the type of redundancy factor (1 or 2).

Search for the text "RTP socket created" and "TSC_REDUNDANCY" in the reference file for actual code implementation that creates redundant tunnels for RTP packets.

Error Codes

The following are error codes you can check against when calling the TSCF layer to ensure you can handle all success and failure scenarios:

Return Value	TSC_ERROR_CODE
0	tsc_error_code_ok
1	tsc_error_code_error
2	tsc_error_code_not_logged
3	tsc_error_code_cannot_connect
4	tsc_error_code_cannot_configure
5	tsc_error_code_keepalive_failure
6	tsc_error_code_service_failure
7	tsc_error_code_cannot_recv_data
8	tsc_error_code_no_data
9	tsc_error_code_cannot_send_data
10	tsc_error_code_authenticate
11	tsc_error_code_cannot_release

Return Value	TSC_ERROR_CODE
12	tsc_error_code_queue_overflow