

Common Core - Core Entities and Services User Guide

Oracle Banking Payments

Release 14.1.0.0.0

Part No. E96620-01

May 2018

Common Core - Core Entities and Services User Guide
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1. Preface

1.1 Introduction

This manual is designed to help you quickly get acquainted with the Common Core - Core Entities and Services module of Oracle Banking Payments.

You can further obtain information specific to a particular field by placing the cursor on the relevant field and striking <F1> on the keyboard.

1.2 Audience

This manual is intended for the following User/User Roles:

Role	Function
Back office clerk	Input functions for contracts
Back office managers/officers	Authorization functions
Product Managers	Product definition and authorization
End of day operators	Processing during end of day/ beginning of day
Financial Controller/Product Managers	Generation of reports

1.3 Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at <http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc>.

1.4 Organization

This manual is organized as follows:

Chapter	Description
Chapter 1	<i>Preface</i> gives information on the intended audience. It also lists the various chapters covered in this User Manual.
Chapter 2	Core Maintenances explains the maintenance of various basic details about your bank.
Chapter 3	<i>Function ID Glossary</i> has alphabetical listing of Function/Screen ID's used in the module with page references for quick navigation.

1.5 Glossary of Icons

This User Manual may refer to all or some of the following icons.

Icons	Function
	Exit
	Add row
	Delete row
	Option List

1.6 Related Documents

For further information on procedures discussed in the manual, refer to the Oracle Banking Payments manuals on:

- Common Procedures
- Accessibility
- Messaging
- Core Services
- Core Entity
- Generic Interface

2. Core Maintenances

2.1 Introduction

This chapter contains the following sections:

- [Section 2.2, "Bank and Branch Core Parameters Maintenance"](#)
- [Section 2.3, "Maintaining Host Code"](#)
- [Section 2.4, "Local Holiday Maintenance"](#)
- [Section 2.5, "Country Code Maintenance"](#)
- [Section 2.6, "Currency Maintenance"](#)
- [Section 2.7, "Currency Holiday Maintenance"](#)
- [Section 2.8, "Floating Rates Definition"](#)
- [Section 2.9, "External Entities Maintenance"](#)
- [Section 2.10, "Customer Category Maintenance"](#)
- [Section 2.11, "Settlement Details Maintenance"](#)
- [Section 2.12, "MIS Details Maintenance"](#)
- [Section 2.13, "User Defined Fields Maintenance"](#)
- [Section 2.14, "Generic Interface Maintenance"](#)
- [Section 2.15, "Process Definition"](#)
- [Section 2.16, "Reporting Parameters Maintenance"](#)
- [Section 2.17, "Maintaining Amount Text"](#)

2.2 Bank and Branch Core Parameters Maintenance

This section contains the following topics:

- [Section 2.2.1, "Invoking Bank Core Parameters Maintenance Screen"](#)
- [Section 2.2.2, "Invoking Branch Core Parameter Maintenance Screen"](#)

2.2.1 Invoking Bank Core Parameters Maintenance Screen

You can invoke 'Bank Core Parameters Maintenance' screen by typing 'STDCRBNK' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Bank Core Parameters Maintenance

Enter Query

Bank Code * Bank Name

Head Office Branch

Branch Code * Branch Description

Maker Date Time: Mod No Record Status
Checker Date Time: Authorization Status

Exit

You can specify the following fields:

Bank Code

Specify the bank code.

Bank Name

The name of the bank is displayed here.

Head Office Branch**Branch Code**

Specify the head office branch code.

Branch Description

The description of the branch is displayed here.

Click “Execute Query”. The records matching the entered query criteria is displayed.

2.2.1.1 Bank Core Parameters Summary

To invoke this screen, type 'STSCRBNK' in the field at the top right corner of the application toolbar and click the adjoining arrow button.

Bank Core Parameters Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

Bank Code Bank Name

Branch Code

Records per page 15 1 Of 1 Go Lock Columns 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	Bank Code	Bank Name	Branch Code
----------------------	---------------	-----------	-----------	-------------

Exit

You can search for the records based on one or more of the following parameters.

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Bank Code
- Bank Name
- Branch Code

Once you have specified the search parameters, click 'Search' button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria for the following:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Bank Code
- Bank Name
- Branch Code

2.2.2 Invoking Branch Core Parameter Maintenance Screen

You can invoke 'Branch Core Parameter Maintenance' screen by typing 'STDCRBRN' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Branch Core Parameters Maintenance

New Enter Query

Host Code *

Branch Code *

Country Code *

Branch Name *

Source Branch Code

Branch Address Line 1

Branch Address Line 2

Branch Address Line 3

Local Currency *

Walk In Customer

Weekly Holiday 1

Weekly Holiday 2

Auto Authorization

Host Name

Report DSN

Source System

SWIFT Address

Maker

Checker

Date Time:

Date Time:

Mod No

Record Status

Authorization Status

Exit

You can specify the following fields:

Host Code

Specify the host code here. Alternatively, you can also select the host code from the adjoining option list.

Branch Code

Specify the branch code here.

Country Code

Specify the country code here.

Branch Name

Specify the branch name here.

Branch Address

Specify the address of branch here.

Local Currency

Specify the local currency of the branch. Alternatively, you can also select the currency from the adjoining option list.

Walk in Customer

Specify the walking customer name here. Alternatively, you can also select the walk in customer name from the adjoining option list.

Weekly Holiday 1 & 2

Select the weekly holiday of the branch from the drop-down list. The list displays the following values:

- Sunday
- Monday
- Tuesday
- Wednesday
- Thursday

- Friday
- Saturday

Auto Authorization

Check this box to indicate that the branch allows auto authorization facility.

Host Name

Specifies the host name from which the customer is logged in.

Report DSN

Specify the Report DSN details.

Maintaining SWIFT Address Details

You can maintain SWIFT address details for the branch in the 'SWIFT Address' screen. Click "Swift Address" button to invoke the screen.

SWIFT Address

Specify the required SWIFT Address. Alternatively, you can also select the SWIFT address from the adjoining option list.

Default BIC

Check this box to use the default BIC.

2.2.3 Branch Core Parameters Summary

You can invoke "Branch Core Parameters Summary" screen by typing 'STSCRBRN' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can search using one or more of the following parameters:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Branch Code
- Host Code
- Country Code
- Local Currency
- Walk In Customer
- Weekly Holiday 1
- Weekly Holiday 2
- Source System

Once you have specified the search parameters, click 'Search' button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria for the following:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Branch Code
- Host Code
- Country Code
- Branch Name
- Branch Address Line 1
- Branch Address Line 2
- Branch Address Line 3
- Local Currency
- Walk In Customer
- Weekly Holiday 1
- Weekly Holiday 2
- Source System

2.3 Maintaining Host Code

You can group branches in the same zone or region under a Host for specific processing. You can have multiple hosts depending on processing requirements. These hosts can be maintained in Host Code Maintenance screen.

This section contains the following topics:

- [Section 2.3.1, "Invoking Host Code Maintenance Screen"](#)
- [Section 2.3.2, "Viewing Host Code Maintenance Summary"](#)

2.3.1 Invoking Host Code Maintenance Screen

You can invoke 'Host Code Maintenance' screen by typing 'STDHSTCD' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Host Code Maintenance screen interface showing input fields for Host Code, Description, Country Code, Processing Time Zone, and Default Branch Code. The bottom section includes fields for Maker, Checker, Date Time, Mod No, Record Status, Authorization Status, and an Exit button.

You can specify the following fields:

Host Code

Specify the processing zone that is applicable for the requests.

Host Description

Specify the description of the host code.

Country

Specify the required country code from the list.

Processing Time Zone

Specify the time zone that is used for processing the request. All open and authorized time zones are available in the list.

Default Branch

Specify the required branch code which indicates the main branch of the group of branches linked to the same host code. All valid branches are available in the list.

2.3.2 Viewing Host Code Maintenance Summary

You can invoke 'Host Code Maintenance Summary' screen by typing 'STSHSTCD' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Host Code Maintenance Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

Host Code Country Code

Processing Time Zone Default Branch Code

Records per page: 15 1 Of 1 Go Lock Columns: 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	Host Code	Description	Country Code	Processing Time Zone	Default Branch Code
----------------------	---------------	-----------	-------------	--------------	----------------------	---------------------

Exit

You can search using one or more of the following parameters:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Host Code
- Country Code
- Processing Time Zone
- Default Branch Code

Once you have specified the search parameters, click 'Search' button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria for the following:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Host Code
- Description
- Country Code
- Processing Time Zone
- Default Branch Code

2.4 Local Holiday Maintenance

For a year, you need to define your weekly holidays and your calendar year annual holidays. This is done in the 'Local Holiday Calendar' screen.

The system uses the information maintained in this screen to do the following:

- To check that the 'value date' of no Data Entry transaction falls on a holiday

- To check that the start date / maturing date and schedule date of a loans and deposit contract does not fall on a holiday
- To effect a date change on the system -- today's date and the next working date

For any schedule / contract maturing at a future date, say, 5 years hence, you can input a future date, only if the calendar for that year has been maintained. It is not necessary to maintain the list of all annual holidays, for future, you can merely define all regular weekly holidays.

This screen is maintained for each branch, of your bank, from the respective branches; thus making it possible to have a different set of holidays for different branches of the bank.

This section contains the following topics:

- [Section 2.4.1, "Maintaining Local Holiday Calendar"](#)
- [Section 2.4.2, "Annual Holidays"](#)

2.4.1 Maintaining Local Holiday Calendar

Invoke the 'Local Holiday Calendar' screen, by typing 'STDLOCHL' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'Local Holiday Calendar Maintenance' application window. At the top, there's a title bar and a menu bar with 'New' and 'Enter Query'. Below this is a grid for entering holidays. The grid has three columns for months: January, February, and March. Each month column has seven rows for the days of the week: S, M, T, W, Th, F, Sa. The grid is currently empty. Below the grid, there are fields for 'Branch *' and 'Year *', and a 'Refresh' button. At the bottom, there is a 'Fields' section with labels for 'Maker', 'Checker', 'Date Time', 'Mod No', 'Record Status', and 'Authorization Status', along with an 'Exit' button.

In this screen you can specify the weekly and also the annual holidays, for your branch, for any year between 1 AD and 4000 AD.

Steps to Define Yearly Holidays

To define holidays for a year, (for instance, for 2000) you have to do the following:

Building the calendar for the year

Step 1

Select 'New' from the Actions menu in the Application tool bar or click new icon

Step 2

Enter the year -- 2000 or move to the year 2000 using the arrows

Step 3

To build the calendar for the year, 2000 click the 'Refresh' button. This button is called the 'refresh / build up' button because it builds the calendar for you. Please note:

- On invoking the calendar of any year, you will notice that Saturdays and Sundays are marked as weekly holidays. This is the default setting of the system
- For identification, the working days are marked in black and the holidays in red
- All unauthorised records appear against a blue background. On authorisation of that record, the background is cleared.

Defining Holidays

To define any other weekly holiday, other than the default, double click the day of the week, listed on the top row of the screen. For instance, if you double click on 'F', all Fridays in the year would be marked as holidays.

To clear off the default weekly holidays — Saturdays and Sundays, double click on 'sa' and 's' written on the top row.

To specify, other annual holidays, double click on the date — the date would be marked as a holiday.

If you want to unmark a day specified earlier as a holiday, double click on it, once again. You will notice that the day gets marked in black. Because the change is yet unauthorised, it appears against a blue background.

2.4.2 Annual Holidays

These are the holidays you have defined for the year calendar on display

You will observe that all holidays are marked in red, while working days in black. (All unauthorised holiday dates appear against a blue background). To mark a date as a holiday, double click on it. In case you wish to undo a date marked off as a holiday, double click on it once again. It changes back to a working day.

With each modification you make, the Modification Number in the made by column below moves up serially.

2.4.3 Local Holiday Calendar Summary

You can invoke “Local Holiday Calendar Summary” screen by typing ‘MSSFQMAP’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Local Holiday Calendar Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

Branch Year

Records per page: 15 1 Of 1 Lock Columns: 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	Branch	Year
----------------------	---------------	--------	------

You can search using one or more of the following parameters:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Branch
- Year

Once you have specified the search parameters, click ‘Search’ button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria for the following:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Branch
- Year

2.5 Country Code Maintenance

This section contains the following topics:

- [Section 2.5.1, "Maintaining Country Name Details"](#)

2.5.1 Maintaining Country Name Details

You can define country name through the 'Country Code Maintenance' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing "STDCNMNT" in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Maker	Date Time:	Mod No	Record Status
Checker	Date Time:		Authorization Status

Here, you can capture the following details

Country Code

You can capture a unique three-character code to identify the country. For example: you can maintain USA as the country code for United States of America.

Alternate country code

You can also associate an alternate country code. This is for information purposes only and will not be printed on any customer correspondence.

For example you can have US as the alternate code for USA

Country Name

After you define an alphanumeric code to identify the country for which you would like to assign a name, you have to specify the name of the Country.

Overall Limit

This is the maximum credit exposure that a bank is willing to take for a country. That is, the sum of all utilization's under this country liability cannot exceed the amount specified here.

Blacklisted

Further, in the 'Country Name Maintenance' screen you can black list a country for further usage. You are not allowed to deal in countries that are blacklisted.

You can only deal with countries that are *not* blacklisted

IBAN Mandatory for Payment Messages

If this is checked, it indicates that for every payment message an IBAN is mandatory.

If this option is unchecked for a country, the system will not process the outgoing payments wherein the ordering customer or the beneficiary customer belongs to that country.

EU Member

This indicates whether the country is recognized by Swift as a part of the Intra European countries.

If you check this flag the instructed amount field should be mandatory in the generated 103, 103+ and 102 messages. The instructed amount field is mandatory in the incoming messages.

Clearing Code in BIC+

Check this box to indicate that the National ID in the BIC plus file is the clearing code. During upload of clearing codes from BIC plus file, the records that belong to countries against which this box is checked will be selected.

Generate 205

Check this box to indicate that the cover message 205COV or 205 need to be generated for transactions involving this country. If you do not select this option, RTGS, 202 or 202COV message will be generated.

For more details on 202COV and 205COV cover message formats, refer settlements user manual.

Default Clearing Network

Once the National ID from BIC plus directory is uploaded into clearing codes, the network will be populated as the default clearing network for that country. This is mandatory when clearing code in BIC+ is chosen as 'Y'.

International Dialling Code

Specify the international dialling code associated with the country.

2.5.2 Viewing Country Code Summary

You can invoke this screen by typing 'STSCNMNT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

In the above screen, you can base your queries on any or all of the following parameters and fetch records:

- Authorization Status

- Country Code
- Record Status
- Country Name
- Alternate Country Code

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Authorization Status
- Country Code
- Record Status
- Country Name
- Alternate Country Code

2.6 Currency Maintenance

This section contains the following topics:

- [Section 2.6.1, "Maintaining Currency Definition"](#)
- [Section 2.6.2, "Viewing Currency Summary Details"](#)
- [Section 2.6.3, "Maintaining Currency Pair"](#)
- [Section 2.6.4, "Viewing Currency Pair Summary"](#)
- [Section 2.6.5, "Maintaining Currency Rate Type"](#)
- [Section 2.7.1, "Maintaining Currency Holiday Calendar"](#)
- [Section 2.6.7, "Maintaining Currency Exchange Rates"](#)

2.6.1 Maintaining Currency Definition

In the 'Currency Definition' screen, you define the attributes of the currencies in which your bank can deal. For each currency, you can define attributes like, the SWIFT code for the currency, the country to which the currency belongs, the interest method, the spot days, the settlement days, etc.

Currencies can be maintained only at the Head Office. The list of currencies will be made available to the branches based on the currencies that have been defined for the country linked to that branch.

Invoke this screen by typing 'CYDCDEFE' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Maintaining Currency Details

Maintenance Country

Specify the country code for which the currency is maintained. Alternatively, you can select the country code from the option list. The list displays all the authorized and open country codes along with their description maintained in the system.

For example, if you maintain the country code for a bank or a branch, which is operating in Singapore for the currency USD, then you should specify the country code as SG. The system defaults the field 'Country' as US.

Maintenance Country Name

The system displays the name of the country for which the currency is maintained.

Currency Code

Currencies are identified in Oracle Banking Payments by the SWIFT codes assigned to them. The currency will be identified by this code in all transactions that involve it.

Currency Name

You can enter the detailed name of the currency in not more than thirty-five alphanumeric characters.

Currency Type

As per your bank's requirement you can choose to classify currencies into different currency types. The bank can use its own discretion to decide the basis of classifying currencies into different currency types. A currency type can consist of a maximum of three characters.

Depending on the customer account mask maintained, the value in the currency type field would be used during the generation of customer account numbers through the Customer Accounts Maintenance screen.

If you have decided to include currency type as part of the customer account number (in the account number mask), then at the time of creating a new customer account number, you will

need to select the currency of the account number being generated. In the option-list provided for currency, the currency code is displayed along with the associated currency type say, USD – 1, GBP – 2 etc. When the account number gets populated, it is the currency type that forms a part of the customer account number.

ISO Numeric Currency Code

Specify the currency code specified by the International Standardization Organization.

Country

After you have identified the currency, you should indicate the country to which the currency belongs. You can select a country code from the option list available.

Decimals

You can indicate the number of decimal units up to which the currency can be denominated. The number of decimals allowed for any amount in the currency can be:

0 - Currency with no decimals

2 - Currency with two decimals

3 - Currency with three decimals

Interest Method

You can indicate the interest rate to be used for transactions that involve this currency. The interest options available are:

- Actual/Actual
- 30(US)/360
- Actual/360
- 30(Euro)/365
- 30(US)/365
- Actual/365
- 30(Euro)/Actual
- 30(US)/Actual
- Actual/Actual

Select the interest method that should be used by default whenever the currency is used in transactions. While processing a transaction that involves this currency, the interest method defined for the currency is defaulted. You have the option to change it for a specific transaction.

However, if you do not specify an interest method for a transaction, the method defined for the currency will be used (For details refer to Annexure on Page 140).

Spot Days

The number of spot working days applicable for the currency is specified here.

For example, the tenor of an MM contract is as follows:

Value Date - 01/01/99

Maturity Date - 31/01/99

Contract Currency - USD

Contract Amount - 5000

For USD, the number of Spot Days is specified as: **Spot Days - 3**

For this contract, the payment advices will be sent on 28/01/96.

Foreign Exchange Netting Days

Oracle Banking Payments provides a facility wherein all transactions relating to a customer, meant to be settled on a particular day and are made before a specific cut off day are collated, netted and a single payment message is sent instead of individual messages for each payment. This cut off day can be parameterized and is called 'Netting Days'. The number of FX netting days applicable for the specified currency is maintained here.

Note

The system will validate that the FX Netting days are lesser than or equal to the spot days.

Settlement Days

In this screen, you can specify the 'Settlement Days' for a currency. Settlement messages for the components of a contract (in the LC, BC, LD, MM, FX, and FT modules) will be generated according to the settlement days specified for the currency of the settlement account. The following example illustrates this.

For example, when maintaining the details of USD in the Currency screen, you specify the 'Settlement Days' as '2'. This implies that two working days prior to the settlement of a component through a USD account, a settlement message will be automatically generated if specified (when you run the Settlement Messages function at the end of day).

The settlement details of a contract are as follows:

Settlement Date: 06 May 1999

Settlement Account Currency: USD

Component: Principal

Settlement Message: **Yes**

Component Currency: GBP

When you generate the Settlement Messages function, at the end of day, on 04 May 1999, a settlement message for the Principal component of the contract will be generated.

You can run Settlement Messages function as part of EOD operations from the Application Browser to automatically generate settlement messages for contracts marked out for automatic liquidation.

The settlement day specification for a currency will determine the contracts that are picked up for settlement message generation.

Cut-off Time

The Currency Cut-off time refers to the time by which all transactions involving a currency should be generated. For a currency, you can indicate the cut-off hour and minute. This time should be expressed in the local time of the bank.

The maintenance of a cut-off time for a currency has particular reference to outgoing funds transfers involving it.

Cut-off days

You can also specify the cut-off days and time for payment transactions involving the currency.

For example, the value date of a funds transfer transaction (incoming payment) involving USD, is 3rd June 2001. The number of cut-off days specified for the currency is 2. This means that the payment must be received on or before 1st June 2001. If the payment is received on 1st June, it must be received before the cut-off time specified for USD.

If the USD cut-off time is 1200 hrs, then, if the payment is received on 1st June 2001, it must be received before 1200 hrs.

The cut-off time (in hours and minutes) that you maintain to be applicable for payment transactions involving a currency are applicable to the head office branch of your bank.

If the branches are in time zones other than the head office branch time zone, you must maintain the offset time applicable for each branch, in the Branch Parameters screen.

Note

Even when cut-off days and cut-off time for a currency have both been specified, the cut-off checks are performed for a funds transfer transaction only if specified as applicable for the product involved in the transaction.

Position or Position Equivalent GL for a currency

If you have opted for position accounting in your bank, you should indicate the Position GL and the Position Equivalent GL, when maintaining a foreign currency, in the currency screen (the Currency Definition screen).

When maintaining the GLs in your bank, you can opt to link the different foreign currencies, associated with the GL to either of the following:

- The Position GLs that you specify here (for the corresponding currency)
- Position GLs of your choice

Tolerance Limit

When you are maintaining an 'In' Currency, or the Euro, in the Currency Definition screen, you can define a 'Tolerance Limit' for it. The limit is expressed as a percentage.

The implication:

During the transition period, settlement of components in 'In' currencies can be made either in the same currency or in the Euro (EUR) depending on the settlement account(s) maintained. (Similarly, components in Euro can either be settled in EUR or in an 'In' currency.) In the settlement messages that are generated (MT 100, MT202), the settlement amount would be reported in the Settlement Account Currency. However, you can opt to additionally furnish the value of the component in Euro Related Information (ERI) currency. You have to manually specify the settlement amount value, in the ERI currency, in the Settlement Message Details screen.

When generating the message towards settlement (MT100, MT202), the system ensures that the value you specify as the ERI Amount conforms to the Tolerance Limit defined for the ERI Currency (in the Currency Definition screen). That is, the system computes the ERI equivalent of the settling amount using the pegged rates, and compares the same against the ERI amount input by the user. If the difference is within the tolerance limits defined for the ERI currency, the user specified amount is used.

If the user specified ERI amount breaches the Tolerance Limit defined for the ERI currency, the system calculates and reports the ERI Amount on the basis of the exchange rate defined for the settlement currency vis-à-vis the ERI currency.

For example, in the SWIFT messages (MT 100 and MT 202) that are generated towards settlement, the value of the component can be reported both in Nostro account currency (in Field 32A) and in an ERI currency that you specify (in Field 72). In Oracle Banking Payments, this information is captured in the European Related Information (ERI) fields in the Settlement Message Details screen.

Assume the following scenario:

- The settlement account is an EUR account
- You have to settle an amount of DEM 10000
- You have defined the ERI currency for DEM as DEM
- The Tolerance Limit for DEM as 0.05%
- The exchange rate: 1 Euro = 1.30 DEM

The settlement amount in Euro would therefore be 7692.36 (rounded to nearest higher cent). This amount will be reported in Field 32A of the settlement messages. Now, if you want to furnish the settlement amount in the ERI currency (in this case, DEM) you have to manually enter the DEM value in the ERI Amount field. You may enter DEM 10000. (EUR 7692.36 actually converts into DEM 10000.068.)

The value that you have entered is well within the Tolerance Limit of 0.05% defined for DEM. Therefore, this value will be reported in Field 72 of the settlement messages.

Since the Tolerance Limit for DEM is 0.05%, you can specify an ERI Amount between DEM 9995 and DEM 10005 ($\text{DEM } 10000 * 0.05/100 = \text{DEM } 5$). If you enter an ERI value exceeding DEM 10005 or less than DEM 9950, the system recalculates the ERI Amount at the time of generating the settlement messages. The recalculation will be on the basis of the pegged rates between the Settlement Currency and the ERI currency.

Note

The system validates the ERI amount only when generating the settlement messages. It does not validate the ERI amount at the time of input (in the Settlement Message Details screen).

Index Base Ccy

Specify the currency that should be used to handle index-based securities traded by the banks, wherein the deals are done in index currency and their settlement is done through the local currency.

Commodity Code

Check this box to indicate that maintained currency code is a commodity code which is restricted not to populate in payment messages during message generation in the currency code field.

Generate 103+

You can enable the MT 103 + format option only if you would like to generate outgoing MT 103 messages in the MT 103 + format.

If you are enabling this option for a specific currency, ensure to also enable this option:

- For your bank branch in the Branch Parameters Maintenance

- For the customer of the contract, in the BIC Code Maintenance
- For the product used by the contract, in the Product Preferences

Consequently, while processing transactions in the specified currency for such a customer, branch and product, for which the MT 103+ option is enabled, the system generates outgoing payment messages in the MT 103 + format.

Note

Since the system is also capable of processing incoming MT 103 messages in the MT 103 + format. Therefore, during the upload process for your branch, the system considers an MT 103 payment message to be of MT 103+ format for those customer, currency and product combinations, for which the MT 103+ option has been enabled.

CLS currency

To allow customers of your bank to settle their FX deals via the CLS (Continuous Linked Settlements) Bank, you can identify the currency to be a 'CLS Currency'. FX deals in the CLS currency only will be eligible to be routed through the CLS bank.

From the available list of CLS currencies, you can further maintain a list of 'allowed' or 'disallowed' currencies for a specific customer. Every customer who is a 'CLS Participant' will be allowed to trade in all the available CLS currencies unless specifically mentioned.

Refer the 'Continuous Linked Settlements' chapter of the Foreign Exchange User Manual for details on maintaining currency restrictions and other maintenances required for processing CLS deals in Oracle Banking Payments.

Index Flag

Check this box to derive index rate of the currency in Lending module.

Validate Tag 50F

Check this box to indicate that validations need to be performed for the 50F details captured for the ordering customer during contract input.

For more details on 50F validations, refer the chapter titled 'Maintaining Addresses for a Customer' in Messaging System user manual.

Note

Customer cover messages are always generated in new format (MT202COV or MT205-COV).

For more details on new cover message formats, refer settlements user manual.

Indicating Rounding Preferences

Rule

This refers to the method to be followed for rounding off fractional units of a currency. The rounding preferences available are:

- Truncate — The amount is truncated to the number of decimals specified for the currency
- Round Up — The amount is rounded up based on the number of decimals and the nearest rounding unit

- **Round Down** —The amount is rounded down based on the number of decimals and the nearest rounding unit

For example,

Amount before Rounding	Rounding Method	No. of Decimals	Rounding Unit	Amount after Rounding
1234.678	Truncate	2	-	1234.67
1234.678	Round up to the nearest rounding unit	2	.01	1234.68
1234.678	Round down to the nearest rounding unit	2	.01	1234.67

Unit

If you have selected Round Up or Round Down in the Rule field, you need to indicate the nearest unit to which the rounding should take place. The number of units specified here should not be greater than the number of decimals allowed for the currency.

Example

The decimal points specified for currency 'A' is 2. Rounding unit is .05

Amount for transaction is USD 100.326, which will be rounded off depending upon the decimals specified and the rounding rule and rounding unit.

For Rounding Rule 'Up', the amount available for transaction would be USD 100.35. For rounding rule 'Down', the transaction amount would have been rounded down to 100.30

If the rounding rule was specified as 'truncate' then, the amount would have rounded off to 100.32 (simply, knock off all decimal points beyond the stated decimals places to be rounded off). Thus whenever you specify a 'truncate' option you need not state the 'Rounding unit'.

Specifying Amount Format Mask

Specify the format in which amounts in this currency are to be displayed for contracts in this currency. Two options are available:

999,999,999

9,999, 999, 99

The system defaults to the 999,999,999 format.

Euro Type

When maintaining a currency in the Currency Definition screen, you have to specify the 'type' of the currency with relation to transition phase of the European Economic and Monetary Union (EMU). You can do this in the 'Euro Type' field.

Your specifications in this field enable you to handle the *first phase* of the EMU, which commenced on 01 January 1999.

For more details on the manner in which Oracle Banking Payments handles the Euro, refer the chapter 'Handling the Euro'.

By choosing the appropriate option, you can indicate if the currency is:

- The Euro

- An 'In' currency
- An 'Out' currency
- 'Euro Closed'

National currencies of 'In' countries are referred to as 'In' currencies. When maintaining other currencies, you have to choose the 'Out Ccy' option under Euro Type.

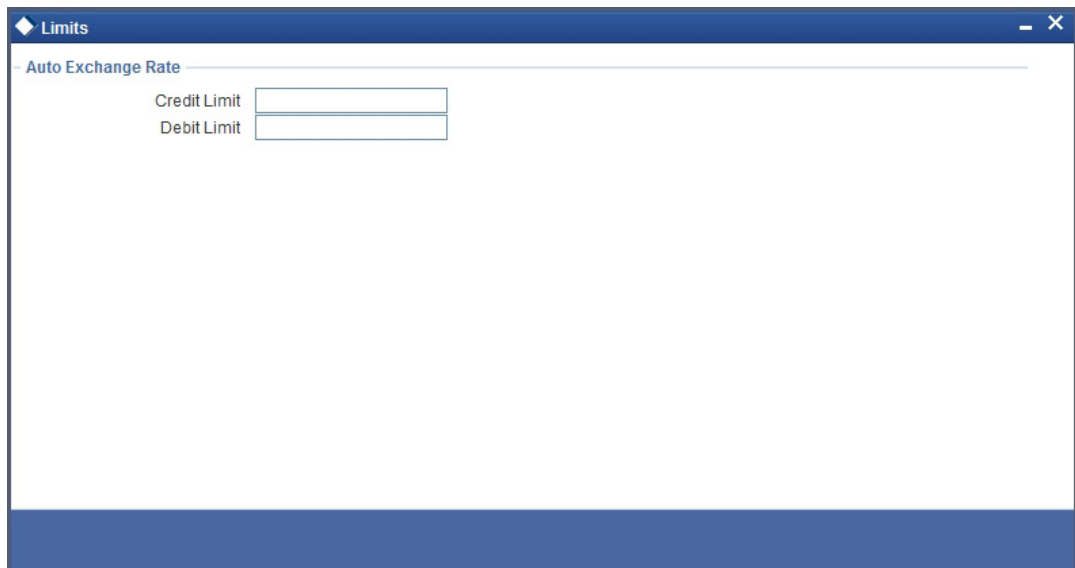
When the transition period ends, the national currencies of the participating countries would cease to exist as valid legal tenders. The Euro would be the only legal tender in the participating countries. Consequently, the Euro changes made to Oracle Banking Payments will no longer be required.

You can turn off the changes at the end of the transition period by:

1. Closing all 'In' currencies, and
2. Choosing the 'Euro Closed' option (for the Euro)

2.6.1.1 **PC Button**

Click 'PC' button in the Currency Definition screen to invoke 'Limits' screen.



The screenshot shows a web application window titled "Limits". Inside the window, there is a section labeled "Auto Exchange Rate". Below this section, there are two input fields: "Credit Limit" and "Debit Limit". The "Credit Limit" field is currently empty, and the "Debit Limit" field is also empty. The window has a standard blue header bar with the title "Limits" and a close button (X) in the top right corner.

You can specify the credit limit and the debit limit for the exchange rate in this screen. The transaction amount of a PC contract must not exceed the limit specified here.

2.6.1.2 **Currency Country Mapping Button**

Click 'Currency Country Mapping' button in the Currency Definition screen to invoke 'Clearing Zones Country Codes for Currency' screen.

The screen appears as shown below:

Clearing Zone Country Codes for the currency

Currency Code :

Country Code and Description

Country Code *	Country Description
----------------	---------------------

You can map a currency code to a country in this screen.

Currency Code

The system displays the currency code maintained in the system.

Maintenance Country

The system displays the maintenance country for the currency.

Maintenance Country Name

The system displays the name of the country for which the currency is maintained.

Country Code and Description

Country Code

Specify the clearing zone country code. Alternatively, you can select the country code from the option list. The list displays all the country codes maintained in the system.

Country Name

The system displays the name of the clearing zone country.

2.6.1.3 Fields Button

You can associate values to all the User Defined fields created and attached to the Currency Definition Screen. You can view the list of User Defined fields associated by clicking the 'Fields' button.

The screen appears as shown below:

You can enter the value for the UDFs listed here in the 'Value' column.

For more details on how to create user Defined fields, refer chapter 'Creating custom fields in Oracle Banking Payments' in the User Defined Fields User Manual under Modularity.

2.6.1.4 **Annexure**

The treatment for interest calculation varies with each of the interest calculation methods. Each method is dealt with individually below:

Actual/Actual Method

$$10,000 \times 10 / 100 \times (31 / 365 + 84 / 366)$$

In this method, the number of days is calculated as follows:

Dec. -31 days (include from date exclude to date)

Jan -31 days

Feb.-29 days (leap year)

March - 24 days (include from date exclude to date)

$$\text{Total} = 31 + (31 + 29 + 24 = 84) = 115$$

Note

When the interest period crosses from a non-leap year to a leap year (or otherwise), the basis of actual days has to be treated separately in each year.

Therefore, the denominator for the 31 days in December is 365 as it is a non-leap year and the denominator for the 84 days in 2000 is 366 as it is a leap year.

Actual /365 Method

$$10,000 \times 10 / 100 \times 115 / 365$$

In this method, the number of days is calculated as follows:

Dec. -31 days (include from date exclude to date)

Jan -31 days

Feb.-29 days (leap year)

March - 24 days (include from date exclude to date)

Total=31+31+29+24=115

Actual/360 Method

$10,000 \times 10 / 100 \times 115 / 360$

In this method, the number of days is calculated as follows:

Dec. -31 days (include from date exclude to date)

Jan -31 days

Feb.-29 days (leap year)

March - 24 days (include from date exclude to date)

Total=31+31+29+24=115

30 Euro/Actual Method

$10,000 \times 10 / 100 \times (30 / 365 + 84 / 366)$

In this method, the number of days is calculated as follows:

Dec. - 30 days (include from date exclude to date)

Jan - 30 days (In 30 Euro Method, all months have 30 days, February included.)

Feb. - 30 days (In 30 Euro Method, February always has 30 days, leap year or not)

March - 24 days (include from date exclude to date)

Total = 113 days

Note

When the interest period crosses from a non-leap year to a leap year (or otherwise), the basis of actual days has to be treated separately in each year.

30 Euro/365 Method

$10,000 \times 10 / 100 \times 114 / 365$

In this method, the number of days is calculated as follows:

Dec. - 30 days (include from date exclude to date)

Jan - 30 days (In 30 Euro Method, all months have 30 days, February included.)

Feb. - 30 days (In 30 Euro Method, February always has 30 days, leap year or not)

March - 24 days (include from date exclude to date)

Total = 113 days

30 Euro/360 Method

$10,000 \times 10 / 100 \times 114 / 360$

In this method, the number of days is calculated as follows:

Dec. - 30 days (include from date exclude to date)

Jan - 30 days (In 30 Euro Method, all months have 30 days, February included.)

Feb. - 30 days (In 30 Euro Method, February always has 30 days, leap year or not)

March - 24 days (include from date exclude to date)

Total = 113 days

30 US/Actual Method

$10,000 \times 10 / 100 \times (30 / 365 + 84 / 366)$

In this method, the number of days is calculated as follows:

Dec. - 30 days (include from date exclude to date)

Jan - 30 days (In 30 US Method, all months have 30 days, only for February are the actual number of days calculated.)

Feb. - 29 days (In 30 US Method, actual days are accounted for the leap year.)

March - 24 days (include from date exclude to date)

Total = 113 days

Note

When the interest period crosses from a non-leap year to a leap year (or otherwise), the basis of actual days has to be treated separately in each year.

30US/365 Method

$10,000 \times 10 / 100 \times 114 / 365$

In this method, the number of days is calculated as follows:

Dec. - 30 days (include from date exclude to date)

Jan - 30 days (In 30 US Method, all months have 30 days, only for February are the actual number of days calculated.)

Feb. - 29 days (In 30 US Method, actual days are accounted for the leap year.)

March - 24 days (include from date exclude to date)

Total = 113 days

30US/360 Method

$10,000 \times 10 / 100 \times 114 / 360$

In this method, the number of days is calculated as follows:

Dec. - 30 days (include from date exclude to date)

Jan - 30 days (In 30 US Method, all months have 30 days, only for February are the actual number of days calculated.)

Feb. - 29 days (In 30 US Method, actual days are accounted for the leap year.)

March - 24 days (include from date exclude to date)

Total = 113 days

2.6.2 Viewing Currency Summary Details

You can view currency summary details in the 'Currency Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CYSCDEFE' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

In the above screen, you can base your queries on any or all of the following parameters and fetch records:

- Authorization Status
- Currency Code
- Record Status
- Maintenance Country

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Currency Code
- Currency Name
- Country
- Decimals
- Rule
- Units

- Spot days
- Interest Method
- Position GL
- Position Equivalent GL
- Maintenance Country

2.6.3 Maintaining Currency Pair

In the foreign exchange markets, the exchange rates for some currency pairs such as the USD-GBP or USD-JPY are easily obtainable, since these are frequently traded. The exchange rates of other currencies such as the ZAR-INR (South African Rand - Indian Rupee), which is not traded very often, is determined through a third currency. This third currency is usually the US dollar, since the US dollar is quoted in all trading centres.

In the Currency pair definition screen, you define the static attributes of currency pairs for which a regular market quote is readily available. For other pairs, which do not have a regular market quote, you need to specify the third currency through which the system should compute the exchange rate.

The currency pair screen is maintained at the bank level by your Head Office branch using the 'Currency Pair Maintenance' screen.

You can invoke this screen by typing 'CYDCCYPR' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Currency Pair Maintenance

New Enter Query

Currency Pair

Maintenance Country *
 Currency 1 *
 Currency 2 *
☐ Through Currency

Maintenance Country Name
 Currency Description
 Currency Description

Through Currency

Currency Code
 Currency Name
 Quotation Method ☒ Direct ☐ Indirect
 Points Multiplier 1.0000

Number Of Units ☒ One ☐ Hundred ☐ Thousand
 Spread Definition ☒ Percentage ☐ Points

Fields

Maker	Date Time:	Mod No	Record Status
Checker	Date Time:		Authorization Status

Exit

System Features

From among the currencies maintained in the currency screen, the system builds all possible combinations of currencies in pairs. For example, if you have maintained the following currency codes: USD, YEN. The system will give you a choice of defining parameters for the following pairs.

- USD-INR
- USD-YEN
- INR-USD
- INR-YEN
- YEN-USD
- YEN-INR

It is however, not obligatory to define parameters for all these pairs. A currency pair needs to be maintained only if:

- You want to define a direct exchange rate for the pair: for frequently traded currencies like INR-USD or USD-GBP or USD-JPY for which market quotes are available.
- You want to define a through currency for the pair: for those currencies which are not so well traded, market quotes may not be available. Therefore you can route the conversion rate for the pair via a 'through currency'. For example, in the case of GBP-NLG, for which a direct exchange rate may not be available, you can define a through currency say, USD. The exchange rate between GBP-USD and NLG-USD will be picked up by the system to compute the exchange rate between GBP-NLG.

In the absence of a direct exchange rate, the system will look for a through currency to compute the rate. If a 'through currency' has not been maintained then the default local currency will be picked up as the through currency to compute the rate for a currency pair.

Currency Pair

Maintenance Country

Specify the country code for which the currency pair is maintained. Alternatively, you can select the country code from the option list. The list displays all the authorized and open country codes along with their description maintained in the system.

For example, if you maintain the country code for a bank or a branch, which is operating in Singapore for the currency USD, then you should specify the country code as SG. The system defaults the field 'Country' as US.

Maintenance Country Name

The system displays the name of the country for which the currency pair is maintained.

Currency Pair

A currency pair (specified as Currency1 and Currency2, in the Currency Pair screen) represents the two currencies for which you need to maintain exchange rates.

To specify the pair, choose from the list provided against Currency1. Select the pair for which you want to maintain parameters.

The pair should be selected according to the quotation method followed by the market, which could be direct or indirect (for details refer to the field 'quotation method'). Exchange rates can be defined for currency1 against currency2 or currency2 against currency1.

The descriptions of the respective currencies are displayed below.

Through Currency

If the exchange rate for a particular currency pair is not to be maintained, specify the 'Through Currency' via which the exchange rate between the currencies should be calculated.

To maintain a through currency for a currency pair, check against the box 'Through Currency'.

Then choose from the list codes provided against Code, Select the currency code, which you want to specify as the 'through currency'. The exchange rate for the currencies involved in the pair will be calculated using the through currency.

Note

- While maintaining a pair involving an 'In' currency ('In' – 'Out' and 'In' – 'In'), you can only specify the Euro as the 'Through Currency'. Please note that you cannot maintain a 'Through Currency' for a pair constituted by an 'In' currency and the Euro.
-

For more details on the manner in which Oracle Banking Payments handles the Euro, refer the chapter 'Handling the Euro' in this manual.

Whenever, you define a through currency for a currency pair, you will not be allowed to specify the following for the pair:

- Number of units
- Spread definition

Quotation Method

This is the method to be followed for quoting the exchange rate. There are two methods direct and indirect.

In the Direct method the exchange rate for the currency pair is quoted as follows:

Buy rate = mid rate - buy spread

Sell rate = mid rate + sell spread

Ccy 1 = Rate x Ccy 2

In the Indirect method the exchange rate for the currency pair is quoted as follows:

Buy rate = mid rate + buy spread

Sell rate = mid rate - sell spread

Ccy 2 = Rate x Ccy 1

Example

The market follows the direct quote convention for the currency pair USD-DEM e.g., 1USD=1.6051DEM. To maintain this pair, you would specify currency 1 as USD and currency 2 as DEM, and specify "direct" in this field.

For the USD-GBP pair, which is quoted indirectly (1 GBP = 1, 5021 USD), the USD will be defined as currency 1 and the GBP as currency 2, with the quotation method "indirect".

Number of Units

This indicates the number of units of currency to be used for currency conversion

Spread Definition

You need to indicate the method in which the spread for a currency pair needs to be defined. There are two ways of defining the spread -- in points and in percentage.

The effective spread can be calculated using any of the following two methods:

- In points — spread x points multiplier
- In percentage — spread/100 x mid rate

The method of spread definition that you specify here applies to two instances:

- While maintaining exchange rates for this currency pair
- While maintaining Customer Spread for this currency pair

2.6.3.1 Specifying Points Multiplier

Points are the smallest unit of measurement in the exchange rate of a currency pair. If you have opted for a points system of defining spread, you should specify the multiplication factor for the points to compute effective spread.

Suppose for the currency pair USD-DEM your rates are as follows:

Mid-Rate:1.6045

Buy rate:1.6040

Sell rate:1.6051

The effective buy spread is 0.0005 (1.6045 - 1.6040) and the effective sell spread is 0.0006 (1.6051 - 1.6045).

In the Rates screen, where you define rates and spreads for a currency pair, you can specify the buy and sell spreads as 5 and 6 instead of as 0.0005 and 0.0006 (i.e., as spread points), and specify here the points multiplier as 0.0001.

The effective spread, buy and sell rates are then computed as follows:

Effective buy spread = Buy spread x Points multiplier = 5 x 0.0001 = 0.0005

Buy rate= Mid rate - Buy spread = 1.6045 – 0.0005 = 1.6040

2.6.4 Viewing Currency Pair Summary

You can view the summary details of currency pair in the 'Currency Pair Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CYSCCYPR' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Currency Pair Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

Currency 1 Currency 2

Maintenance Country

Records per page 15 1 Of 1 Go Lock Columns 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	Currency 1	Currency 2	Maintenance Country
----------------------	---------------	------------	------------	---------------------

Exit

In the above screen, you can base your queries on any or all of the following parameters and fetch records:

- Authorization Status
- Currency 1
- Record Status
- Currency 2

- Maintenance Country

Click 'Search' button. The system identifies all records satisfying the specified criteria and displays the following details for each one of them:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Currency 1
- Currency 2
- Maintenance Country

2.6.5 Maintaining Currency Rate Type

You can maintain currency rate types in this screen.

You can invoke 'Currency Rate Type Maintenance' screen by typing 'CYDCRATY' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Fields				Exit
Maker	Date Time:	Mod No	Record Status	
Checker	Date Time:		Authorization	

Specify the following fields

Type

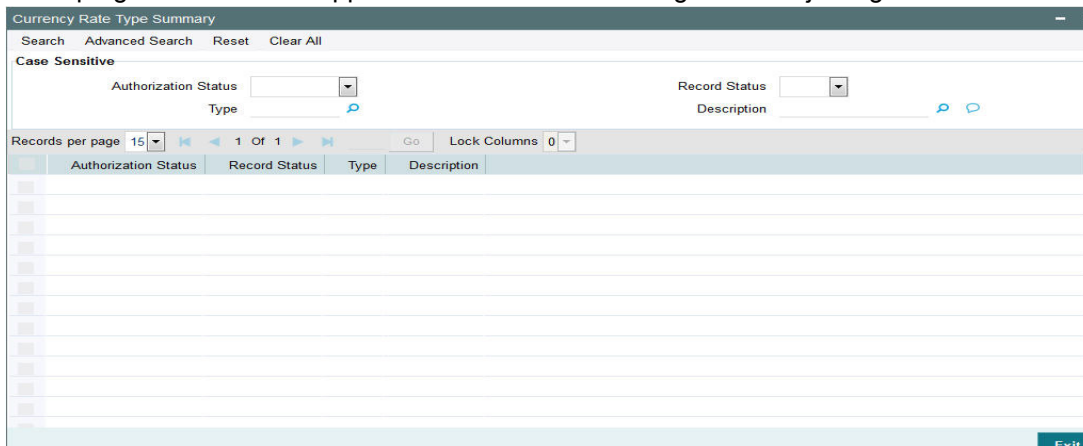
Specify the currency rate type.

Description

The system displays the currency rate description.

2.6.6 Currency Rate Type Summary

You can invoke “Currency Rate Type Summary” screen by typing ‘CYSCRATY’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.



The query option is available on the following fields in this screen:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Type
- Description

The system displays the details of the record with the following criteria:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Type
- Description

2.6.7 Maintaining Currency Exchange Rates

In the Currency Rates screen, you can maintain exchange rates for a currency pair, the rates at which you buy and sell one currency for another.

A bank determines its buy and sell rate for a currency pair by applying a spread (i.e., its profit margin) to the mid-rate of the currency pair. Mid rate is the basic rate at which a currency pair is exchanged.

The spread applied for a currency pair varies with the transaction type, while the mid-rate usually remains constant. Consequently, different rates are applicable to different transaction types. For instance dollars in currency are purchased at a certain rate, while USD traveler's checks are bought at a different rate. In Oracle Banking Payments, you can define a rate type which you would like to associate with a transaction type e.g., 'CASH', 'TRAVCHKS', etc., in the Rates screen.

In the Currency Rates Maintenance screen, you define the mid-rate, buy and sell spread applicable to each rate type; the buy and sell exchange rates are computed by the system.

Buy rates and sell rates can either be maintained by individual branches or can be input by the HO and propagated to all the branches.

If the flag 'Copy Exchange Rates to Branches' is set to Yes at 'Bank Parameter Level', then on authorization of exchange rate maintenance:

- If the branch for which the rate is being uploaded or maintained is the head office branch, then the rate would be copied to all those branches that have the same country code as the head office branch.
- If the branch for which the rate is being uploaded or maintained is not the head office branch, but it has the same country code as the head office branch, then the rate being uploaded or maintained would be specific to the branch and would not be copied to any other branch.
- If the branch for which the rate is being uploaded or maintained is not the head office branch and also does not have the same country code as the head office branch, then the rate being maintained would be copied to all the branches that has the same country code linked as the branch for which the rate is being maintained or uploaded.

In the Bank-wide Preferences screen, if you have not specified 'copy exchange rate to branches' then the 'Currency Exchange Rates Input' screen is maintained at the branch level by the different branches.

You can invoke this screen by typing 'CYDRATEE' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button. The screen appears as shown below:

In this screen you maintain the following parameters for each rate type of a currency pair:

- Mid rate
- Buy spread and Sale spread
- Buy rate and Sale rate

Currency 1 and 2

Specify the currency pair for which you want to compute the exchange rates. The list displays the currency pair that are maintained for the country to which the branch belongs.

The pair should be selected keeping in mind the quotation method for exchange rates as followed by the market. The system offers the choice of maintaining both the currencies as currency1 or currency 2 -- USD against DEM and DEM against USD.

For the pair specified the following parameters need to be maintained to arrive at the buy and sell rate of currencies:

- Rate Type
- Mid Rate
- Buy Spread
- Sell Spread

Rate Type

This is the rate type for which you are maintaining exchange rates for a currency pair. For different transaction categories your bank would like to maintain different exchange rates. For example, traveller's check is purchased at a certain rate whereas a bill of exchange is bought at a different rate.

In the front-end-modules, where you define products to cater to the various transaction types of your bank, you can link an appropriate rate type to the product. For instance, you create a product to cater to outgoing cross currency transfers by SWIFT. For this product, if you define the rate type to be STANDARD then for all contracts linked to this product, the Standard Rate Type would be applied.

Mid Rate

Mid rate is an indicative exchange rate for a currency pair. It is the average of the buy and sell rate quoted by the market for a currency pair.

For example,

currency 1 = USD

Currency 2 = INR

Buy rate -- 1 USD = 1.7020 INR

Sell rate -- 1 USD = 1.7040 INR

Mid-Rate = 1.7030

Buy Spread

This is the buy spread for a currency pair. It can be defined as the profit margin specified over the mid rate when you buy currency 1 for currency2. You can define the buy spread in two ways -- either in points or in percentage. The system computes the effective buy spread for you.

Sale Spread

This is the sell spread for a currency pair. It can be defined as the profit margin specified over the mid rate when you sell currency 1 for currency 2. You can define the sell spread either in points or in percentage. The system computes the effective sell spread for you.

Buy Rate

Buy rate is the rate of exchange for a currency pair, which is computed by the system based upon the mid rate, the spread specified, the spread definition and the quotation method maintained in the 'Currency definition' screen.

Sale Rate

Sell rate is the rate of exchange for a currency pair, which is computed by the system based upon the mid rate, the spread specified, the spread definition and the quotation method maintained in the 'Currency definition' screen.

You can also input the buy and sell rate for a currency pair. In which case, the system will compute the spread for the rate type.

Rate Date

This is a display field. When you enter the exchange rate for a currency pair, the system will default the Rate Date as the Application Date. The rate date will always be less than or equal to the application date.

Rate Serial

This is a running serial number for the Rate Date. You need to specify the serial number. You entry will be validated for uniqueness. For example, there could be only one exchange rate between USD and EUR for 31/07/2003 with Rate Type STANDARD with Rate Serial as 0001. Thus, this will be a unique rate serial for a currency pair, rate type combination for a given rate date.

When you enter the exchange rate for a currency pair, the system will default the Rate Date as the Application Date and the Rate Serial as the latest available serial for the currency pair + 1. The Rate Serial Number will be system generated. However, you can modify it if required. This number takes into account the Rate Serial Number present in the Currency Rates History screen too. The Rate Serial Number and the Rate Date will be displayed during authorization of the Rate in the Currency Authorization screen.

2.6.7.1 Authorizing Exchange Rates

Authorization of exchange rates is done from the Currency Exchange Rates input screen. Details like old value, new value for each field (buy rate, mid rate etc) are displayed. Click authorise icon to authorize the record.

2.6.7.2 Revising Exchange Rates

For revising the exchange rates for your bank or the branches invoke the 'Currency Maintenance' screen. Click the currency pair whose exchange rate you want to revise and click unlock icon on the toolbar. Input/modify the new rates for the pair.

2.6.8 Currency Exchange Rates View

You can invoke "Currency Rate Type Summary" screen by typing 'CYSRATEE' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Authorization Status	Record Status	Type	Description
----------------------	---------------	------	-------------

The query option is available on the following fields in this screen:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Branch Code

- Currency 1
- Currency 2

The system displays the details of the record with the following criteria:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Branch Code
- Currency 1
- Currency 2

2.7 Currency Holiday Maintenance

This section contains the following topics:

- [Section 2.7.1, "Maintaining Currency Holiday Calendar"](#)
- [Section 2.7.2, "Steps to Define Currency Holidays"](#)
- [Section 2.7.3, "Defining Currency Holidays"](#)

2.7.1 Maintaining Currency Holiday Calendar

You need to maintain a yearly list of holidays, for the currencies, defined in the currency screen. This is done in the 'Currency Holiday Calendar' screen.

The system uses the information maintained in this screen to check whether any settlement, involving a foreign currency (in the foreign Exchange, Money market, Funds Transfer, Loans & Deposit modules) falls on that currency's holiday. If yes, then the system will display a message stating so, and ask the user for an override

For any schedule or contract maturing at a future date say, 5 years hence, you can input the future date, only if the calendar for that year has been maintained.

The currency holiday screen is maintained at the Bank Level by the Head Office

You can maintain holiday calendar for a currency in this screen. You can invoke the 'Currency Holiday Calendar Maintenance' screen by typing 'STDCCHOL' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Specify the following fields:

Currency code

Specify the currency code. Alternatively, you can select the currency code from the option list. The list displays all valid currency codes maintained in the system.

Year

Select the year.

In this screen, you can maintain a list of holidays for each of the currencies maintained in the 'currency screen', for any year between 1 AD and 4000 AD.

2.7.2 Steps to Define Currency Holidays

To define currency holidays for a year, (for instance, for 2000) you have to do the following:

Building the calendar for the year

Step 1

Select 'new' from the Actions menu in the Application tool bar or click new icon. A blank screen appears and the cursor moves to the field 'Year'

Step 2

Enter the year -- 2000 or move to the year 2000 using the arrows

Step 3

To build the calendar for the year, 2000 click on the 'Refresh' button. This button is called the 'refresh / build up' button because it builds the calendar for you

Step 4

Select the currency for which you are defining holidays. Please note:

- On invoking the calendar of any year, you will notice that Saturdays and Sundays are marked as weekly holidays for the currency. This is the default setting of the system.
- For identification, the working days are marked in black and the holidays in red.
- All unauthorised records appear against a blue background. On authorisation of that record the background disappears.

2.7.3 Defining Currency Holidays

To define any other weekly holiday for the currency, other than the default, double click the day of the week, listed on the top row of the screen. For instance, if you double click 'F', all Fridays in the year would be marked as holidays.

To clear off the default weekly holidays — Saturdays and Sundays, double click on 'sa' and 's' written on the top row

To specify, other holidays, double click on that date — the date would be marked as a holiday

If you want to unmark a day specified earlier as a holiday, double click on it, once again. You will notice that the day gets marked in black. Because the change is yet unauthorised, it appears against a blue background.

2.7.4 Currency Holiday Calendar Summary

You can invoke “Currency Holiday Calendar Summary” screen by typing ‘STSCCHOL’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can search using one or more of the following parameters:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Year

Once you have specified the search parameters, click 'Search' button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria for the following:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Year
- Currency

2.8 Floating Rates Definition

This section contains the following topics:

- [Section 2.8.1, "Invoking LD MM Floating Rate Input Screen"](#)
- [Section 2.8.2, "Capturing Rate Code Details"](#)
- [Section 2.8.3, "Capturing Currency Details"](#)
- [Section 2.8.4, "Specifying Effective Date and Amount Slab Details"](#)
- [Section 2.8.5, "Tenor and Interest Rate Details"](#)
- [Section 2.8.6, "Rate Code Usage"](#)

2.8.1 Invoking LD MM Floating Rate Input Screen

The Interest Rate Type of a product can be one of the following:

- Fixed
- Floating
- Special

A Floating Rate corresponds to the market rates for the day. These rates are maintained and updated daily (or whenever they change) in the Floating Rates Table. The rates can be applied on a contract with or without a spread.

You can define Floating Interest Rates through the 'LD MM Floating Rate Input' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'CFDFLTRI' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'Floating Rate Input' application window. It includes a menu bar with 'New' and 'Enter Query'. The main area contains several input fields and sections. The 'Rate Code' section has fields for 'Branch Code *', 'Rate Code *', and 'Description'. The 'Quote Basis for Loans' is set to 'Per Annum', and there is a checkbox for 'Propagate Floating Rates To Branches'. Below this, the 'Currency' section has a 'Currency Code *' field. The 'Effective Date and Amount Slab' section has fields for 'Amount Slab *', 'Effective Date *', and 'Borrow Lend Indicator *'. The 'Tenor and Interest Rate Details' section contains a table with columns: 'Tenor To *', 'Units', 'Interest Rate', and 'Picked Up Rate Code'. The table is currently empty. At the bottom, the 'Fields' section shows a table with columns: 'Maker', 'Date Time:', 'Mod No', and 'Record Status'. The 'Record Status' column has a value 'Authenticated'. An 'Exit' button is located in the bottom right corner.

2.8.2 Capturing Rate Code Details

A Rate Code identifies a set of rates defined for a combination of Currency, Amount Limit (optional), Tenor and Effective Date.

Rate Code

Enter a code to identify the Floating Rate you are defining. You can associate several currencies to the rate code and specify rates for each currency. While processing a contract, you need to indicate this code to make the rate applicable to the contract.

2.8.3 Capturing Currency Details

Each Rate Code is associated with a currency. You can define rates for the same Rate Code in different currencies.

For example, you can have a Rate Code TERMDEP45 (with a description of Rates for a Term Deposit of 45 days). Thus, you can define a set of rates for contracts in U S Dollar and another set for contracts in Great British Pounds.

When you link a contract in US Dollars to the Rate Code TERMDEP45, the rates defined for this currency will be applied. Similarly, if the contract is in Great Britain Pounds, the rates defined for that currency will be applied.

2.8.4 Specifying Effective Date and Amount Slab Details

Amount Slab

For a specific Rate Code and Currency combination, you can define an amount slab structure for application of interest rates. You should specify the upper limit of the slab to which a particular rate should be applied. A rate that has been defined for an Effective Date - Amount Slab combination will be applicable to an amount less than or equal to the specified amount. You can thus define interest rates for a slab structure.

Let us extend the example we discussed for Rates and Effective Dates to include amount limits.

Amount (USD)	Effective Date	Interest Rate
10,000	01 January '97	12.5%
50,000	01 January '97	13.0%
999.9 million	01 January '97	14.0%

If the rates have to be applied on 01 January '97, they will be picked up as follows:

- For a deposit with an amount less than or equal to USD 10, 000, the rate will be 12.5%.
- For a deposit with an amount greater than USD 10,000 and less than or equal to 50,000, the rate will be 13%.
- For a deposit with an amount greater than USD 50,000 and less than or equal to USD 999.9 millionth, the rate applied will be 14%.

Note

Notice that a huge amount (999.9 million) has been given as the last amount limit. This denotes that after 50,000 there is no upper limit in the slab. Further, if the component amount is greater than the highest slab, the appropriate rate for highest amount slab will be applied. Similarly, if the component amount is lesser than the lowest amount slab, the appropriate rate for lowest slab will be applied.

Effective Date

Each rate that you define for a Rate Code and Currency combination should have an Effective Date associated with it. This is the date on which the rate comes into effect. Once a rate comes into effect, it will be applicable till a rate with another Effective Date is given for the same Rate Code and Currency combination.

The following example illustrates this point:

Rate Code: TERMDEP45

Currency: US Dollar

Effective Date	Interest Rate
01 January '97	12.5%
14 January '97	12.0%
31 January '97	13.0%

These rates will be applicable as follows:

Period	Interest Rate
01 January to 13 January '97	12.5%
14 January to 30 January '97	12.0%
31 January to one day before the next date	13.0%

Note

The rates will be applied to a contract depending on whether it has been defined with Auto Rate Code Usage or Periodic Rate Code Usage. You can specify this in the Product ICCF Details screen.

Borrow/Lend Rate Indication

For every Amount Limit - Effective Date combination, you should define the rate to be applied as a borrow rate or a lend rate. You also have the option to specify the mid rate.

2.8.5 Tenor and Interest Rate Details

The rates that will be applied for a given combination of Amount Slab – Effective Date – Lend/Borrow Indication can be tenor based. In the table, you can define tenors and indicate the rates applicable to each tenor. The rate will be applied to contracts based on the slab into which it falls and the reset tenor defined for the component.

2.8.6 Rate Code Usage

If you specify Auto Rate Code usage, all the rate changes made during the liquidation or accrual period will be considered. If you specify periodic rate code usage, the rates will be periodically refreshed and the rates as of a specific frequency will be applied.

This frequency is specified in the Contract Schedules screen while the Rate Code Usage is specified in the Product ICCF Details screen. The following example illustrates the concept:

For example, you have a deposit that has a Start Date as 1 October 1997 and a Maturity Date as 30 November 1997. The interest payment frequency is to be monthly. The contract has been defined with a floating rate.

The rates in the floating rate table change in the following manner:

Effective Date	Rate
1 October '97	12
12 October '97	11.5
25 October '97	11
15 November '97	12
30 November '97	12.5

If you want the floating rates to be applied automatically every time they change, you should specify Auto Rate Code usage in the Product ICCF screen. When you do this, if the first interest payment is to be done on 31 October, all the rate changes between 1 October and 31 October will be considered automatically.

The rates will be applied for the number of days for which they remained unchanged in the rate table, as follows:

From	To	Rate
1 October	11 October	12
12 October	24 October	11.5
25 October	31 October	11

If you want the floating rates to be refreshed periodically, you should first specify the rate code usage as periodic, through the Product ICCF Details screen.

Next, you should define the rate revision schedules to specify when these rates should be applied on the deposit (that is, the frequency at which rates should be refreshed).

To do this, through the Contract Schedules screen, mark the component as a revision schedule by checking the Rev box. Then, specify the component (for example, INTEREST). Specify the frequency at which the interest rate has to be refreshed, say every fortnight. Specify the Start Date as, say, 15 October. That is, for a deposit defined with periodic rate code application, the rates prevailing on the dates at the frequency you have specified will be used for accruals and liquidation.

In the deposit we are discussing, with the frequency at which the rates should be refreshed defined as fortnightly and the Start Date as 15 October, the rate applied for the payment on 31 October will be as follows:

From	To	Rate
1 October	15 October	11.5
16 October	31 October	11

Note

Rev schedules are applicable only for contracts where the Rate Type is Floating and the Code Usage is Periodic. If the Code Usage is Automatic the system applies the effective rate whenever the underlying Rate gets updated.

2.8.7 Viewing Floating Rate Input Summary

You can invoke the “Floating Rate Input Summary” screen by typing ‘CFSFLTRI’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Floating Rate Input Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

Rate Code Branch Code

Description

Records per page: 15 1 Of 1 Lock Columns: 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	Rate Code	Branch Code	Description

Exit

The query option is available on the following fields in this screen:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Rate Code
- Branch Code
- Description

The system displays the details of the record with the following criteria:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Rate Code
- Branch Code
- Description

2.9 External Entities Maintenance

This section contains the following topic:

- [Section 2.9.1, "Maintaining External Chart of Accounts"](#)
- [Section 2.9.3, "Maintaining External Transaction Code"](#)
- [Section 2.9.5, "Maintaining External Credit Approval"](#)

- [Section 2.9.7, "Maintaining External Customer Input"](#)
- [Section 2.9.8, "Maintaining External Customer Account"](#)

2.9.1 **Maintaining External Chart of Accounts**

You can invoke 'External Chart of Accounts' screen by typing 'STDCRGLM' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can specify the following fields:

GL Code

Specify a code for the General Ledger.

General Ledger Description

Specify a description for the General Ledger code.

GL Category

Select the category of the General Ledger from the drop-down list. The list displays the following values:

- Asset
- Liability
- Profit
- Loss
- Contingent Asset
- Contingent Liability
- Memo
- Position
- Position Equivalent

Blocked

Check this box to block the GL for accounting entries.

Source System

Specify the Source System.

2.9.2 External Chart of Accounts Summary

To invoke this screen, type 'STSCRGLM' in the field at the top right corner of the application toolbar and click the adjoining arrow button.

External Chart of Accounts Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

GL Code General Ledger Description

Category Source System

Records per page 15 1 Of 1 Go Lock Columns 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	GL Code	General Ledger Description	Category	Blocked	Source System
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Exit

You can search for the records based on one or more of the following parameters.

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- GL Code
- General Ledger Description
- Category
- Source System

Once you have specified the search parameters, click 'Search' button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria for the following:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- GL Code
- General Ledger Description
- Category
- Source System

2.9.3 Maintaining External Transaction Code

You can invoke 'External Transaction Code Maintenance' screen by typing 'STDCRTRN' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

External Transaction Code Maintenance

New Enter Query

Transaction Code *

Description

Source System

Source Transaction Code

Maker
Checker

Date Time:
Date Time:

Mod No

Record Status
Authorization
Status

Exit

You can specify the following fields:

Transaction Code

Specify the transaction code of the external transaction.

Transaction Code Description

Specify the description of the transaction code.

Source System

Specify the source system of the transaction code.

Source Transaction Code

Specify the source of the transaction code.

2.9.4 Transaction Code Summary

To invoke this screen, type 'STSCRTRN' in the field at the top right corner of the application toolbar and click the adjoining arrow button.

Transaction Code Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status

Record Status

Transaction Code

Records per page 15 1 Of 1 Go Lock Columns 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	Transaction Code	Description	Source System	Source Transaction Code
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Exit

You can search for the records based on one or more of the following parameters.

- Authorization Status

- Record Status
- Transaction Code

Once you have specified the search parameters, click 'Search' button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria for the following:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Transaction Code
- Description
- Source System
- Source Transaction Code

2.9.5 Maintaining External Credit Approval

You can invoke 'External Credit Approval System' screen by typing STDECAMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'External Credit Approval System' application window. The window has a title bar with the text 'External Credit Approval System' and standard window controls (minimize, maximize, close). Below the title bar is a menu bar with 'New' and 'Enter Query'. The main area contains two input fields: 'Source System' and 'Description'. At the bottom, there is a status bar with fields for 'Maker', 'Checker', 'Date Time:', 'Mod No', 'Record Status', 'Authorization Status', and an 'Exit' button.

You can specify the following fields:

Source System

Specify the source system of external credit approval.

Description

Specify the description of the external credit approval system.

2.9.6 External Credit Approval System Summary

To invoke this screen, type 'STSECAMT' in the field at the top right corner of the application toolbar and click the adjoining arrow button.

External Credit Approval System Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

Source System

Records per page 15 1 Of 1 Go Lock Columns 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	Source System	Description
----------------------	---------------	---------------	-------------

Exit

You can search for the records based on one or more of the following parameters.

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Source System

Once you have specified the search parameters, click 'Search' button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria for the following:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Source System
- Description

2.9.7 Maintaining External Customer Input

You can invoke 'External Customer Input' screen by typing 'STDCIFCR' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

External Customer Input

New Enter Query

Customer No *

Source System Customer *

Source System *

Short Name

Customer Type ☐ Individual ☐ Corporate ☐ Bank

Customer Name

Address Line 1

Address Line 2

Address Line 3

Address Line 4

Country

Language

Nationality

Customer Category

RM Id

Pin Code

☐ Deceased ☐ Frozen ☐ Whereabouts Unknown ☐ Sanction Check Required

Maker Date Time: Mod No Record Status

Checker Date Time: Authorization Status

Exit

You can specify the following fields:

Host

Displays the host code that is linked to the transaction branch of the customer.

Customer Number

Specify the customer number.

Source System

Specifies the source system.

Source Customer ID

Specify the customer identification details as per the source system.

Short Name

Specifies the short name of the customer.

Customer Type

Select the required type of customer. Choose any of the following:

- Individual - Click this button if the customer is an individual customer.

- Corporate - Click this button if the customer is a corporate customer.
- Bank - Click this button if the customer is a bank employee.

Address Line 1

Specify the first line of the customer's address.

Address Line 2

Specify the second line of the customer's address.

Address Line 3

Specify the third line of the customer's address.

Address Line 4

Specify the fourth line of the customer's address.

Pin code

Specifies the pin code of the customer's address.

Country

Select the country of the customer's address.

Language

Select the language of customer's preferred language of communication.

Nationality

Specify the nationality of the customer.

Customer Category

Specify the required category of customer.

Deceased

Check this box if the customer is deceased.

Frozen

Check this box if the customer's account is frozen.

Whereabouts Unknown

Check this box if the customer's whereabouts are not known.

RM ID

Specify the relationship id of the customer's relationship manager.

2.9.8 Maintaining External Customer Account

You can invoke 'External Customer Account' screen by typing 'STDCRACC' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

External Customer Account Input

New

Enter Query

Host Code

Account Class

Normal Account

Customer Account *

Customer Name

Customer Number *

Address Line 1

Account Currency

Address Line 2

Account Name *

Address Line 3

Account IBAN

Address Line 4

Account Open Date

YYYYMM-DD

External Credit Approval System *

No Credit

Source Account Branch *

No Debit

Source Customer Account *

Blocked

Country

Frozen

Dormant

External Credit Approval Required

☒

Maker	Date Time:	Mod No	Record Status	Exit
Checker	Date Time:		Authorization Status	

You can specify the following fields:

Customer Account

Specify the customer account number.

Customer Number

Specify the required customer number. Alternatively, you can select the customer number from the option list. The list displays all valid customer numbers maintained in the system.

Account Branch

Specify the account branch.

Account Currency

Specify the required currency of the external customer. Alternatively, you can select the currency from the option list. The list displays all valid currencies maintained in the system.

Account IBAN

Specify the IBAN that is linked to the customer.

Account Name

Specify the name of the account holder.

Host Code

Specify the host code that is linked to the logged in user of the branch.

External Credit Approval System

Specify the External Credit Approval System for which accounts are mapped. Alternatively, you can select the ECA from the option list. The list displays all valid ECA systems maintained in the system.

External Credit Approval Required

Check this box to indicate that ECA check is required for the external customer account.

Account Class

Select the required account class of the external customer account. Choose between the following:

- Normal Account
- Nostro Account

No Credit

Check this box to indicate that the account does not have any credit facility.

No Debit

Check this box to indicate that the account does not have any debit facility.

Blocked

Check this box to indicate that the account status is blocked.

Frozen

Check this box to indicate that the account status is frozen.

Dormant

Check this box to indicate that the account status is dormant.

2.9.9 External Customer Account Input Summary

You can invoke “External Customer Account Input Summary” screen by typing ‘STSCRACC’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

External Customer Account Input Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

Customer Account Customer Number

Source Customer Account Account Currency

Account IBAN

Records per page 15 1 Of 1 Go Lock Columns 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	Customer Account	Customer Number	Source Account Branch	External Credit Approval System	Source
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Exit

You can search using the following parameter:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Customer Account
- Customer Number
- Source Customer Account
- Account Currency
- Account IBAN

Once you have specified the search parameters, click 'Search' button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria.

2.10 Customer Category Maintenance

This section contains the following topics:

- [Section 2.10.1, "Defining Customer Category"](#)
- [Section 2.10.2, "Invoking Customer Category Screen"](#)

2.10.1 Defining Customer Category

You may wish to classify the customers of your bank into certain broad categories/groups. For instance, all financial institutions who are your bank's customer can be classified into a single common group head called Financial Institutions. Similarly, you can have a category called banks, individuals, etc.

The classification of customers into categories can be used for retrieving financial information by customer category; for generating reports on queries; and restricting access of a customer to a product in the front - end modules, for instance, Funds Transfer, Data Entry, etc. You may also retrieve financial information by customer category.

The categories are maintained in the 'Customer Categories' screen and are maintained at the bank level by your Head Office. The customers are allocated different categories maintained in this screen in the 'Customer Information Maintenance' screen.

2.10.2 Invoking Customer Category Screen

To invoke the 'Customer Categories Details' screen, type 'STDCSCAG' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and click the adjoining arrow button.

The screen is shown below:

Customer Category Maintenance

New Enter Query

Customer Category *

Description

Maintain Customer Log

Fields

Maker	Date Time:	Mod No	Record Status	Exit
Checker	Date Time:		Authorization Status	

In this screen, you maintain the following:

- Name of the customer category
- Description of the category
- Customer log

2.11 **Settlement Details Maintenance**

This section contains the following topic:

- [Section 2.11.1, "Capturing the BIC Code of a Customer"](#)
- [Section 2.11.2, "Viewing BIC Codes"](#)
- [Section 2.11.3, "Operations on a BIC Record"](#)
- [Section 2.11.4, "Maintaining Bank Directory Plus"](#)
- [Section 2.11.5, "Viewing Bank Directory Plus Details"](#)
- [Section 2.11.6, "Maintaining IBAN Plus"](#)
- [Section 2.11.7, "Viewing IBAN Plus Details"](#)
- [Section 2.11.8, "Maintaining BICPlusIBAN"](#)
- [Section 2.11.9, "Viewing BICPlusIBAN"](#)
- [Section 2.11.10, "Maintaining IBAN Information"](#)
- [Section 2.11.11, "Viewing IBAN Information"](#)
- [Section 2.11.12, "Uploading BIC Files "](#)
- [Section 2.11.13, "IS File Upload"](#)

2.11.1 **Capturing the BIC Code of a Customer**

As part of setting up some basic information for the functioning of Oracle Banking Payments, you should maintain Bank Identifier Codes (BIC).

You can define bank codes through the 'BIC Code Details' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'ISDBICDE' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button. If you are maintaining details of a new bank code, select 'New' from the Actions Menu in the Application toolbar or click new icon.

BIC codes can be maintained manually or uploaded from an external source onto Oracle Banking Payments.

BIC Code

You need to indicate the code by which the bank is identified by SWIFT. On indicating the Bank Identifier Code, you should indicate the detailed name of the bank. If the bank is a customer of your bank, you can select the CIF ID assigned to the bank from the option list.

Once you select the CIF ID, the name of the bank will be displayed in the Bank Name field. If the bank is not a customer of your bank, you will have to manually enter the name and address of the bank.

Note

The country information is captured to enable Mantas to analyse the transactions for possible money laundering activities.

For more details on Mantas, refer 'Mantas' interface document.

Customer Number

Select the customer number from the LOV. Based on your selection, Customer Name and Bank Address details are populated.

Customer Name

The system displays the name of the specified customer ID based on the details maintained at 'Customer Maintenance' level.

Bank Name

Specify the name of the bank.

Relationship

You have to identify the kind of relationship that exists between your bank and the BIC entity.

Select any one of the following options to indicate the same:

- No – to indicate that the BIC Entity is not a customer of your bank
- Mail – select this option if the BIC entity is not a recognized SWIFT entity but an address internal to you bank. In such cases all correspondence directed to the particular BIC entity will be sent as mail messages.
- Keys – If a SWIFT /Telex connectivity exists between your bank and the bank for which you are maintaining details you can select this option. Subsequently, you will have to specify the SWIFT/Telex Key in the adjacent field.

SK Arrangement

Indicate whether a SK arrangement exists between your bank and the BIC entity. If an arrangement does exist you can select the Yes option from the option list.

Sub-Type Code

Select the appropriate sub-type code to be mapped to the BIC. The adjoining option list offers the following factory-shipped codes:

- BANK - SWIFT Member/Sub member
- BEID - Business Entity Identifier
- BROK - Brokers-Dealers
- COOP - Co-operative Agreement with SWIFT
- CSDS - Clearing Houses, Central Depositories
- CUST - Subsidiary Providers of Custodian and Nominee Services
- ETCP - Electronic Trade Confirmation Providers
- EXCH - Recognized Exchanges
- FUAD - Fund Administrators
- IMIS - Investment Management Institutions
- MCFI - Financial Institution in a MA-CUG
- MCCO - Non-Financial Institution Participant in a MA-CUG
- MONE - Money Brokers
- NSFI - Non-Shareholding Financial Institutions
- NSWB - Non SWIFT BIC's
- PRXY - Securities Proxy Voting Agency
- PSPA - Payment System Participants
- REGI - Registrars and Transfer Agents
- SSPA - Securities System Participants
- TESP - Treasury ETC Service Provider
- TRAD - Trading Institutions
- TRAV - Travellers, Cheques Issuers
- TRCO - Treasury Counterparty
- TRUS - Trustees, Fiduciary Service Companies
- ZZZZ - Undefined Institutions

Choose the appropriate one. In case of upload, the system automatically updates this field with the sub-type code corresponding to the BIC.

BEI Indicator

The system identifies whether the BEI status for the chosen sub-type code is 'Yes' or 'No' from the back-end maintenance in the 'ISTM_SUBTYPE_CODE' table. It checks this option whenever the status in the table for the sub-type code is 'Yes'. You cannot modify this field.

ADB Member

Select a value to indicate membership of the specified BIC code in Asian Development Bank (ADB), from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Yes – Select if the BIC code holds a membership in ADB.
- No – Select if the BIC code does not hold a membership in ADB.
- Not Applicable – Select if the membership is not applicable for this BIC code.

Note

- The system maintains 'Not Applicable' as the default value.
 - If 'Not Applicable' is maintained as the status, then the system will not consider the status for validation.
-

Payment Message

You can indicate whether your counterparty whose BIC Code details you are capturing is capacitated to receive payment messages in the MT 103 format. If so, enable the 'Generate MT 103 as Payment Message' option by checking the box.

Note

However, the Counterparty bank will still receive the payment messages in the MT103 format if you do not enable the box 'Generate MT 103 as Payment Message'

If you have chosen the MT 103 option, you can enable the MT 103 + format option if you would like to generate outgoing MT 103 messages in the MT 103 + Format. Enable the MT 103+ option by checking the 'MT 103+ Preferred' box.

You will be allowed to choose the MT 103+ option only if you have enabled the generation of MT 103 messages as Payment Messages. Moreover, you should also ensure that you have also enabled this option:

- For your bank branch in the Branch Parameters Maintenance
- By choosing the Generate 103+ option for currency in the Currency Definition
- For the product used by the contract, in the Product Preferences

The 'other' preferences that you need to specify for each BIC entity are as follows:

- CUG Member – enable this option by checking the box positioned next to this field to indicate that the BIC entity is a Closed User Group member
- Update During Upload
- Black-Listed – this indicates that the BIC entity is also black listed
- Remit Member - This indicates that the customer is registered with MT 103 Extended Remittance Information Multi User Group.

Multi Customer Credit Transfer

This option is to indicate whether or not a Multi Credit Transfer Feature [MT102 support] exists between your bank and the BIC entity.

Maximum Size

Indicate the maximum size in bytes, agreed upon between the two parties for transmitting a MT102 message. A null value in this field signifies that there is no limit set on the size of the message.

Whenever the queue exceeds the maximum size specified in the BIC maintenance, the system automatically splits the queue into multiple queues to contain the message within the specified limits.

Generate MT102+

Check this box to process MT102+ messages. Selecting this check box also required the 'Multi Customer Credit Transfer' checkbox to be selected.

Generate MT101

This field indicates whether an MT101 can be sent/received from this BIC. Select this option to generate MT101 message.

Note

This is a primary selection criterion. A separate maintenance for agreements has to be maintained in the function ISDCCYRS to generate the MT101.

No of Transaction per Message

Here you can indicate the no of transactions to be included in an MT101 message. If you donot specify a value it will be defaulted to 10.

2.11.2 Viewing BIC Codes

Oracle Banking Payments allows you to store SWIFT BIC in the database. You can directly transfer data from the SWIFT BIC directories to the Oracle Banking Payments tables. You can view the uploaded data in the 'BIC Code Summary' screen.

You can invoke the 'BIC Code Summary' screen by typing 'ISSBICDE' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The query option is available on the following fields in this screen:

- BIC Code
- National ID (Only BIC Database plus)
- CHIPS UID (Only BIC Database plus)
- Institution name
- Tag (To identify either FI or AM record type)
- City
- Location
- Country Name
- New BIC
- New Branch Code
- Modification

The BIC Code Summary screen operates as an upload table. The data is entered into Oracle Banking Payments using these tables.

2.11.3 Operations on a BIC Record

On an existing BIC code record, you can perform any of the following operations (if a function under the Actions Menu is disabled, it means that the function is not allowed for the record):

Apart from defining a new BIC code record you can perform any of the following operations on an existing record (if any function under the Actions Menu is disabled, it means that the function is not allowed).

- Amend the details of a record
- Authorize a record
- Copy the details of the record
- Close the record
- Reopen the record
- Delete the details of a record

Refer to the User Manual on Common Procedures for details of these operations.

It is assumed that the upload source contains details of all relevant BIC codes. The BIC records that are uploaded to Oracle Banking Payments should contain the following tags:

- **U** - If records do not exist in the Oracle Banking Payments BIC directory, the same would be inserted. For a record that already exists, it will be updated with that of the BIC upload.
- **M** - If there is no existing record in the Oracle Banking Payments BIC directory, the same would be inserted. Otherwise the record will be updated with the one in the BIC upload.
- **A** - For an existing record in the Oracle Banking Payments BIC directory, an error will be logged and the upload will continue. If no records exist, then a new record will be updated with the one in the BIC upload.
- **D** - If there is no existing record in the Oracle Banking Payments BIC directory, an error will be logged and the upload will continue. If there is any record existing, then it will be marked as 'CLOSED'.
- **AM**- For an existing record in the BIC file or AM file, BIC code would be renamed in the upload file

BIC addresses that have changed will be appropriately updated. Addresses bearing the tag D will be automatically deleted. New BIC records will be created for records that bear the tag N.

The network codes that are marked for exclusion in the 'BIC Upload Maintenance' screen will not be uploaded.

The upload sequence is based on the modification tags in the BIC records. The sequence will occur in the following order:

- Deletion
- Modification
- Addition
- Unchanged

The file upload is processed in an asynchronuous manner. The system prompts the user to check the logs.

Note

The logs can be viewed by visiting Batch Operations -> Intra Day Batch -> Monitor (Fast Path: BASIDMTR). The function field can be given as ISDBICPU% for searching the upload logs

Click 'Exit' or 'Cancel' button to exit the screen without initiating the upload process.

2.11.4 Maintaining Bank Directory Plus

You can view the details of each BankDirectoryPlus file record in the 'Bank Directory Plus Maintenance' screen. To invoke this screen type 'ISDBKDPL' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and click on the adjoining arrow button.

Bank Directory Plus Maintenance

Enter Query

Unique Details

Record Key *

Office Type

Parent Office Key

Head Office Key

Legal Type

Legal Parent Key

Group Details

Group Type

Group Parent Key

Institution Status

Cooperative Group Key

ISO LEI Code

Address Details

Institution Name

Branch Info

POB Number

Street Address 1

Street Address 2

Street Address 3

Street Address 4

City

CPS

ZIP Code

Country Name

ISO Country Code

Time Zone

Change Log

Exit

Record Key

Specify the record key.

The system displays the following based on the record key specified:

Unique Details

- Office Type
- Parent Office Key
- Head Office Key
- Legal Type
- Legal Parent Key

Group Details

- Group Type
- Group Parent Key
- Institution Status
- Cooperative Group Key
- ISO LEI Code

Address Details

- Institution Name
- Branch Info

- POB Number
- Street Address 1, 2,3 & 4
- City
- CPS
- ZIP Code
- Country Name
- ISO Country Code
- Time Zone

BIC Details

- BIC8
- Branch BIC
- BIC Code
- Chips ID
- National ID
- National ID Type
- Connected BIC

Other Details

- Subtype Indicator
- Network Connectivity
- Branch Qualifiers
- Service Codes
- SSI Group Key
- IBAN Key

2.11.5 Viewing Bank Directory Plus Details

You can view the details maintained in the 'Bank Directory Plus Maintenance' screen using the 'Bank Directory Plus Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'ISSBKDPL'

in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

In the above screen, you can base your queries on any or all of the following parameters and fetch records:

- Record Key
- Parent Office Key
- Legal Type
- Office Type
- Head Office Key
- Legal Parent Key

Select any or all of the above parameters for a query and click 'Search' button. The records meeting the selected criteria are displayed.

- Record Key
- Office Type
- Parent Office Key
- Head Office Key
- Legal Type
- Legal Parent Key
- Group Type
- Group Parent Key
- Institution Status
- Cooperative Group Key
- ISO LEI Code

- BIC8
- Branch BIC
- BIC Code
- Chips ID
- National ID
- Connected BIC
- Institution Name
- Branch Info
- POB Number
- Street Address 1,2. 3 & 4
- City
- CPS
- ZIP Code
- Country Name
- ISO Country Code
- Time Zone
- Subtype Indicator
- Network Connectivity
- Branch Qualifiers
- Service Codes
- SSI Group Key
- IBAN Key
- National ID

2.11.6 Maintaining IBAN Plus

You can view the details of each IBANPlus file record in the 'IBAN Plus Maintenance' screen. To invoke this screen type 'ISDIBNPL' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and click on the adjoining arrow button.

IBAN Plus Maintenance

Enter Query

IBAN Details

Record Key*	IBAN BIC
Institution Name	Routing BIC
Country Name	IBAN National ID
ISO Country Code	Service Context
IBAN ISO Country Code	

Exit

Specify the record key.

- Institution Name
- Country Name
- ISO Country Code
- IBAN ISO Country Code
- IBAN BIC
- Routing BIC
- IBAN National ID
- Service Context

You can view the details maintained in the 'IBAN Plus Maintenance' screen using the 'IBAN Plus Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'ISSIBNPL' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

In the above screen, you can base your queries on any or all of the following parameters and fetch records:

- Record Key
- Country Name
- IBAN ISO Country Code
- Routing BIC
- Institution Name

- ISO Country Code
- IBAN BIC
- IBAN National ID

Select any or all of the above parameters for a query and click 'Search' button. The records meeting the selected criteria are displayed.

- Record Key
- Institution Name
- Country Name
- ISO Country Code
- IBAN ISO Country Code
- IBAN BIC
- Routing BIC
- IBAN National ID
- Service Context

2.11.8 Maintaining BICPlusIBAN

Oracle Banking Payments supports the Upload of BICPlusIBAN directory.

BICPlusIBAN is a SWIFT directory that lists institution identifiers recognized by the financial industry, for example, Bank Identifier Codes, CHIPS UIDs, national clearing codes, and IBAN-related information. It also provides name and addresses of the corresponding entities.

BICPlusIBAN is used to identify correspondents and counterparties accurately, and to allocate the correct code when sending messages, thus improving Straight Through Processing (STP). Initiators of cross-border payments within Europe are required to submit the BIC and IBAN codes to the receiver in order to benefit from reduced payment transaction charges.

You can invoke the 'BIC and IBAN Maintenance

screen by typing 'ISDEBANP' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

BIC And IBAN Maintenance	
Enter Query	
Unique Details	IBAN Details
Record Key *	Unique BIC Code
Institution Name	IBAN Branch Code
BIC Code	Routing BIC Code
Branch Code	Routing Branch Code
Country Details	City Heading
Unique BIC Code	Branch Info
Unique Branch Code	Parent Bank Code
Country	Unique National ID
National ID	Chips ID
Location	Branch Qualifier
Country Name	Special Code
IBAN Country Code	Other National ID1
IBAN National ID	Other National ID2
Unique IBAN National ID	ZIP Code
Subtype Indicator	POB Number
Service Codes	POB ZIP Code
National ID Expiry Date YYYY-MM-DD	POB Location
POB Country Name	
Address	
Physical Address1	
Physical Address2	
Physical Address3	
Physical Address4	
Change Log	
Exit	

Specify the following fields:

Unique Details

Record Key

Specify the Record Key.

Institution Name

Specify the Institution Name.

BIC Code

Specify the BIC Code.

Branch Code

Specify the Branch Code.

Country Details

Unique BIC Code

Specify the Unique BIC Code.

Unique Branch Code

Specify the IBAN Branch Code.

Country

Specify the Country.

National ID

Specify the National ID.

Location

Specify the Location

Country Name

Specify the Country Name.

IBAN Country Code

Specify the IBAN Country Code.

IBAN National ID

Specify the IBAN National ID.

Unique IBAN National ID

Specify the Unique IBAN National ID.

Subtype Indicator

Specify the Subtype Indicator.

Service Codes

Specify the Service Codes.

National ID Expiry Date

Specify the National ID Expiry Date.

IBAN Details**Unique BIC Code**

Specify the Unique BIC Code.

IBAN Branch Code

Specify the IBAN Branch Code.

Routing BIC Code

Specify the Routing BIC Code.

Routing Branch Code

Specify the Routing Branch Code.

City Heading

Specify the City Heading

Branch Info

Specify the Branch Info.

Parent Bank Code

Specify the Parent Bank Code.

Unique National ID

Specify the Unique National ID.

Chips ID

Specify the Chips ID.

Branch Qualifier

Specify the Branch Qualifier.

Special Code

Specify the Special Code.

Other National ID1

Specify the Other National ID1.

Other National ID2

Specify the Other National ID2.

ZIP Code

Specify the ZIP Code

POB Number

Specify the POB Number.

POB ZIP Code

Specify the POB ZIP Code.

POB Location

Specify the POB Location.

POB Country Name

Specify the POB Country Name.

IBAN Details**Physical Address1-4**

Specify the Physical Address in the lines specified.

2.11.9 Viewing BICPlusIBAN

You can invoke the 'BIC and IBAN Maintenance Summary' screen by typing 'ISSEBANP' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'BIC and IBAN Summary' application window. At the top, there is a title bar with the window name and standard OS controls. Below the title bar is a search bar with buttons for 'Search', 'Advanced Search', 'Reset', and 'Clear All'. The main area is labeled 'Case Sensitive' and contains several input fields with blue circular icons to their right, indicating a search or filter function. These fields are: 'Record Key', 'Unique BIC Code', 'Institution Name', 'IBAN Branch Code', 'BIC Code', 'Routing BIC Code', 'Branch Code', and 'Routing Branch Code'. Below the input fields is a pagination bar showing 'Records per page' set to 15, '1 Of 1' records, and a 'Go' button. To the right of the pagination bar is a 'Lock Columns' dropdown menu set to 0. The main data area is a table with 8 columns: 'Record Key', 'BIC Code', 'Unique BIC Code', 'Routing BIC Code', 'Institution Name', 'Branch Code', 'IBAN Branch Code', and 'Routing Branch Code'. The table is currently empty. At the bottom right of the window is an 'Exit' button.

In the above screen, you can base your queries on any or all of the following parameters and fetch records:

- Record Key
- Unique BIC Code
- Institution Name
- IBAN Branch Code
- BIC Code
- Routing BIC Code
- Branch Code
- Routing Branch Code

Select any or all of the above parameters for a query and click 'Search' button. The records meeting the selected criteria are displayed.

2.11.10 Maintaining IBAN Information

Invoke the 'IBAN Information Maintenance' screen by typing 'ISDESBAN' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Here you can specify the details of the following:

IBAN Details

IBAN Country Code

Specify the ISO country code prefix in the IBAN.

IBAN Country CodePosition

Specify the position of the country code in IBAN.

IBAN Country Code Length

Specify the number of characters of the country code in the IBAN.

IBAN Check Digits Position

Specify the start position of check digits in the IBAN

IBAN Check Digits Length

Enter the Number of check digits in the IBAN

IBAN National ID Length

Specify the Number of significant characters of the National ID value that are used by SWIFT to populate the IBAN NATIONAL ID, and that are sufficient to derive the IBAN BIC correctly.

This number can be different from (that is, smaller than) the length of the national bank/branch identifier defined in the IBAN Registry.

SWIFT refines its IBAN to BIC translation algorithms, this number may change from release to release.

IBAN Total Length

Specify the total number of characters of the IBAN.

Opt Commence Date

Specify the date from when the IBAN structure is an optional requirement.

Mandatory Commence Date

Specify the date from when the IBAN structure is a mandatory requirement.

Other Details**Bank Identifier Position**

Enter the Start position of bank identifier in the IBAN

Bank Identifier Length

Specify the Number of characters of bank identifier in the IBAN

Branch Identifier Position

Specify the Start position of the branch identifier in the IBAN (value is empty if the branch identifier is not applied in the country's IBAN format)

Branch Identifier Length

Specify the Number of characters of the branch identifier in the IBAN (value is 0 if the branch identifier is not applied in the country's IBAN format)

Account Number Position

Specify the Start position of the account number in IBAN.

Account Number Length

Specify the Number of characters of account number in IBAN

SEPA

Select the SEPA from the adjoining drop-down list. The options are:

Y - Select 'Y' if the IBAN is used in any of the SEPA schemes.

N- Select 'N' if the IBAN is not used in the SEPA schemes.

2.11.11 Viewing IBAN Information

Invoke the 'IBAN Information Summary' screen by typing 'ISSESBAN' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

IBAN Information Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

IBAN Country Code

Records per page 15 1 Of 1 Go Lock Columns 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	IBAN Country Code
----------------------	---------------	-------------------

Exit

In the above screen, you can base your queries on any or all of the following parameters and fetch records:

- Authorization Status
- IBAN Country Code
- Record Status

Select any or all of the above parameters for a query and click 'Search' button. The records meeting the selected criteria are displayed.

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- IBAN Country Code

Note

The IBAN Check Digit and IBAN Check National ID validations are applicable only if the IBANPLUS_REQD global parameter value is 'Y'.

2.11.12 Uploading BIC Files

SWIFT allows you to upload the entire BIC file or individual records like Amendments (AM) and File Instructions (FI) record files within the BIC upload file, on to the BIC directory. You can perform this through the 'BIC Upload' screen.

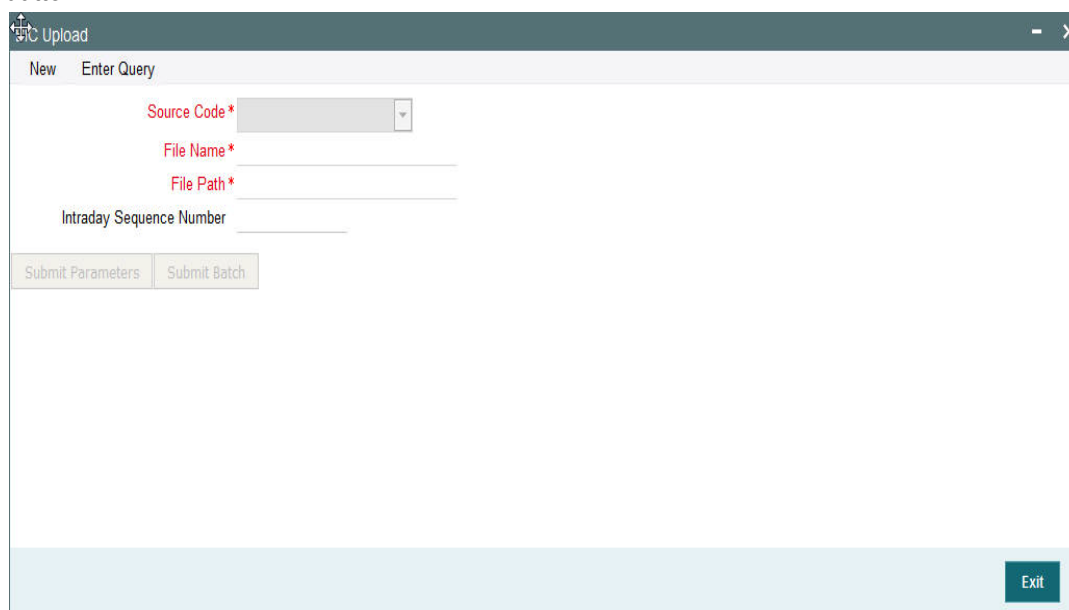
The BICPlusIBAN directory consists of the following files:

- BI file (BICPlusIBAN Information)
- IS file (IBAN Structure information)
- The BICPlusIBAN directory should be used to
- Translate beneficiary bank's BIC into national (clearing, sort) code
- Show banks' participation in RTGS system
- Show banks' details (name, address & so on)
- BICPlusIBAN Directory can also be used as an enquiry tool
- SEPA Related:
- Derive BIC from the IBAN, if missing
- Validate IBANs and BICs

On successful upload of BIC Plus IBAN, system populates the SWIFT BIC directory and the clearing codes automatically.

2.11.13 IS File Upload

This file forms the part of the BICPlusIBAN package. This contains information about the IBAN structure applicable in the countries. IS File forms are stored in a new data store and are used for IBAN structure validations. Invoke the 'BIC Upload' screen by typing 'ISDBICPU' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.



Here you can specify the following details:

Source Code

Specify the source from which you want to upload details. You can select the appropriate source code from the drop-down list displaying the following values:

- BIC - Select this to upload the BIC file
- CCH - Select this to upload the country-wise holiday file
- BICPLUSIBAN - Select this to upload BIC plus IBAN file.
- BankDirectoryPlus - Select this to upload Bank Directory Plus file.
- IBANPlus - Select this to upload IBAN Plus file

- IBANStructure - Select this to upload IBAN structure file.
- BICPLUSIBANIS - Select this to upload BIC plus IBAN structure file.
- IBANExclusionList - Select this to upload IBAN exclusion list

File Path

State the path in the database server where the uploaded file should be stored.

File Name

Specify a name for the uploaded file. The file name should bear the extension '.DAT'.

Click 'Submit Params' button and 'Submit Batch' button to start the upload process.

Intraday Sequence Number

Specify the Intraday Sequence Number.

2.11.14 BIC Record File Formats

The file formats for the FI and AM records is as under:

FI record

Position	Description	Length	Type	Mandatory	Data
1	Tag Identifier	2	VAR-CHAR2	Y	'FI'
3	Modification Flag	1	VAR-CHAR2	Y	'A' addition 'M' modification 'D' deletion 'U' unchanged
4	BIC (Bank, Country & Location Code)	8	VAR-CHAR2	Y	Bank code (4 char) Country code (2 char) Location code (2 char)
12	BIC (Branch code)	3	VAR-CHAR2	Y	Branch code, with - 'XXX' if no branch code exists
15	Institution Name	35	VAR-CHAR2	Y	Name (first part)
50	Institution Name	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	Name (second part)
85	Institution Name	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	Name (third part)
120	Branch Information	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	Branch specification (first part)
155	Branch Information	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	Branch specification (second part)
190	City Heading	35	VAR-CHAR2	Y	City name
225	Subtype indication	4	VAR-CHAR2	Y	A subtype can be bank, broker, etc.

229	Value Added Services	60	VAR-CHAR2	N	20 x 3 char. Fields indicating the Value-added Service Code
289	Extra Information	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	Specific information
324	Physical address	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	Physical address (first part)
359	Physical address	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	Physical address (second part)
394	Physical address	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	Physical address (third part)
429	Physical address	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	Physical address (fourth part)
464	Location	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	Location (first part)
199	Location	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	Location (second part)
534	Location	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	Location (third part)
569	Country name	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	Country name (first part)
604	Country name	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	Country name (second part)
639	POB Number	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	Post Office Box number
674	POB Location	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	POB Location (first part)
709	POB Location	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	POB Location (second part)
744	POB Location	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	POB Location (third part)
779	POB Country name	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	POB Country name (first part)
814	POB Country name	35	VAR-CHAR2	N	POB Country name (second part)

AM record

The AM record would consist of only the tag identifier, old BIC and the new BIC. The file format is as follows:

Position	Description	Length	Type	Mandatory	Data
1	Tag Identifier	2	VAR-CHAR2	Y	'AM'
3	Old BIC	11	VAR-CHAR2	Y	Old BIC
14	New BIC	11	VAR-CHAR2	Y	New BIC

2.12 MIS Details Maintenance

This section contains the following topics:

- [Section 2.12.1, "Maintaining MIS Class"](#)
- [Section 2.12.2, "Saving the Record"](#)
- [Section 2.12.4, "Maintaining MIS Group"](#)
- [Section 2.12.6, "Operations on the MIS Group Record"](#)
- [Section 2.12.7, "Maintaining MIS Cost Codes"](#)
- [Section 2.12.8, "Operations on the MIS Cost Code Record"](#)
- [Section 2.12.9, "Maintaining MIS Pool"](#)

2.12.1 Maintaining MIS Class

In order to maintain MIS classes, you need to invoke the 'MIS Class Maintenance' screen by typing 'GLDCLSMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button. In this screen, you can define various categories based on

which reports on general ledgers should be classified. To maintain details of a new MIS class, click new icon.

Here you can maintain the following details:

MIS class

In Oracle Banking Payments, each MIS class that you maintain is identified by a unique nine-character code called a Class Code. You can follow your own convention for devising this code.

Description

You can specify a short description that will enable you to identify the MIS class quickly. The short description that you specify is for information purposes only and will not be printed on any customer correspondence.

MIS Type

An important detail in defining an MIS class is to specify the *type* of class that you are creating. The MIS class type identifies the basic nature of the class. In Oracle Banking Payments you can set up the following type of MIS classes:

- *Transaction class* — A transaction class refers to all transactions that have taken place through any of the front-end modules like foreign exchange, money market etc. Customer Class relates to customer accounts.
- *Customer class* — Select this option if you are defining a customer-based classification.
- *Composite class* — Choose this option to indicate that the MIS class can be used both at customer definition and at the time of processing a transaction.
- *Fund class* — Refer to the Core Services User manual for details on setting up a Fund MIS class

This is the basic feature of a class and will determine the type of MIS codes that can constitute the class. For each of these MIS types you can create a maximum of ten classes.

Mandatory

Using this field, you can indicate whether entering an MIS code is mandatory for a particular MIS class or not. Whenever any transaction is stored, the system checks if an MIS code is supplied for this MIS class invoked in the transaction.

MIS Codes

Under a class, you can indicate the sub-divisions that should be reported under the class. Each of the sub-classes is given unique code identifiers.

The MIS codes that you associate with a class will fall under the class at the time of reporting or consolidation.

Click add icon to associate an MIS code to a class. To remove an MIS class from the list, place your cursor in that row and click delete icon.

The MIS codes that you associate will depend on the Type of MIS Class that you are creating. While setting up the details of a customer, you can associate the customer to a customer type MIS Code. Therefore the set up serves more for management purposes and makes the management of GLs simple and easy.

Code Description

Specify the code description.

Inactive

Check this box to make the MIS Code inactive.

2.12.2 Saving the Record

Click save icon to save the record. Click delete icon to exit without saving the details that you entered. An MIS Class that you have created will be available for use only after it has been authorized by a user bearing another ID.

Similarly, you cannot make any modifications to a Class or Category until the previous modification made, has been authorized. After you have made the required entries, click 'Exit' button to exit the screen. You will be returned to the Application Browser.

2.12.3 MIS Class Summary

You can invoke "MIS Class Summary" screen by typing 'GLSCLSMY' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

MIS Class Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

MIS Type MIS Class

Class Description Mandatory

Records per page 15 1 Of 1 Go Lock Columns 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	MIS Type	MIS Class	Class Description	Mandatory
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Exit

You can search using the following parameter:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- MIS Type
- MIS Class
- Class Description
- Mandatory

Once you have specified the search parameters, click 'Search' button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria.

2.12.4 Maintaining MIS Group

You can invoke the 'MIS Group Maintenance' screen by typing 'MIDGRPMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot displays the 'MIS Group Maintenance' application window. At the top, there's a title bar with 'New' and 'Enter Query' buttons. Below this, a form contains input fields for 'MIS Group *', 'Description', 'Pool Code', and 'Pool Description'. A tabbed interface is present, with 'Customer Class' selected. This tab lists 10 MIS Classes, each with a 'MIS Class' and 'MIS Code Desc' field. The bottom status bar includes fields for 'Maker/Checker', 'Date Time', 'Mod No', 'Record Status/Authorization Status', and an 'Exit' button.

If you are creating a new MIS Group, select 'New' from the Actions Menu in the Application toolbar or click new icon. The 'MIS Group Definition' screen is displayed without any details.

If you are calling an MIS Group that has already been defined, double-click an MIS Group from the summary screen.

2.12.5 MIS Group Summary

You can view the interface details maintained in the system using 'MIS Group Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'MISGRPMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

MIS Group Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

MIS Group Description

Pool Code

Records per page 15 1 Of 1 Go Lock Columns 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	MIS Group	Description	Pool Code
----------------------	---------------	-----------	-------------	-----------

Exit

You can click 'Search' button to view all the interface records of your bank. You can filter your search based on any of the following criteria:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- MIS Group
- Description
- Pool Code

2.12.6 Operations on the MIS Group Record

On an existing MIS Group record, you can perform any of the following operations (if any function under the Actions Menu is disabled, it means that the function is not allowed for the record):

- Amend the details of an MIS Group
- Authorize an MIS Group
- Copy the details an MIS Group on to a new one
- Print the details of an MIS Group
- Delete an MIS Group

Please refer to the manual on Procedures for details of these operations.

2.12.7 Maintaining MIS Cost Codes

An MIS cost code represents the notional cost incurred for a transaction. An MIS cost code can be attached either to an account or to a contract, in the following manner:

3. You can link a Cost Code to an account class. This will default to the accounts maintained under the account class. You can change this default. Alternatively, you can link an MIS Cost Code to an account when maintaining it.
4. When creating a product, you can identify the Cost Codes against which contracts involving the product should be reported.

5. When processing a contract, the Cost Codes identified for the product (the contract involves) will automatically default. These defaults can be changed. If cost codes have not been identified for the product, you can identify one for the contract.

The notional cost will be reported in the profitability report.

You can invoke this screen by typing 'MIDXCODE' in the field at the top right corner of the Application toolbar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Fields						
Maker		Date Time:		Mod No	Record Status	Exit
Checker		Date Time:			Authorization Status	

If you are creating a new MIS Cost Code, select 'New' from the Actions Menu in the Application toolbar or click new icon. The 'MIS Cost Code Maintenance' screen is displayed without any details.

If you are calling an MIS Cost Code that has already been defined, double-click on an MIS Cost Code from the summary screen.

Type

The MIS Cost Code can belong to one of the following types:

Number of Transactions

This typically applies for calculating the cost of processing a transaction involving an account.

You can indicate the amount to be considered as the notional cost for each transaction.

For example, you may incur a certain amount for every transaction you process of a savings account a particular category. This cost could be different for processing transactions in a different type of savings account or for current accounts. You should define different MIS Cost Codes and link them to the appropriate account classes.

Event based Charges

The notional cost applicable for processing an event can be defined as a cost code. Typically, this applies for a contract.

For example, for processing an event in the life-cycle of a loan, you may want to attach a certain cost. You can define a cost code for it and link it to the product.

Similarly, you can define a different notional cost for different events in the life-cycle of a contract. Thus, you can have a cost code for initiating a loan, one for liquidating interest, and so on, and link them to the product with the appropriate event codes.

The notional cost that you define will be taken as the cost per event.

Duration based charges

These charges are applied typically for a contract. The notional cost in this case, is calculated on the basis of a specific duration. This notional cost is defined for a cost code. The following example illustrates how this cost is applied on a contract.

For example, if a loan is live for a month, the notional cost you incur is a specific amount. You would define a duration based cost code, define the periodicity as 'monthly'. For every month a loan linked to the cost code is live, the notional cost will be applied.

Cost

The notional cost, along with the currency in which it is expressed should be indicated for the cost code. The cost will be applied based on the Cost Code type, as follows:

Cost Code Type	Description
Number of Transactions	The amount is taken as the cost per transaction
Event	The amount is taken as the cost per event
Duration	The amount is taken as the cost for the period defined as the periodicity, for the cost code

If a currency conversion is involved during reporting, the prevailing conversion rate will be used.

Periodicity

This is the periodicity at which the costs defined have to be applied. In the profitability report, the notional cost reported would depend on the periodicity defined for the cost code.

For a quarterly, half-yearly or yearly periodicity, you should also indicate the first month of application. The subsequent application months would be computed based on this.

2.12.8 Operations on the MIS Cost Code Record

On an existing MIS Cost Code record, you can perform any of the following operations (if any function under the Actions Menu is disabled, it means that the function is not allowed for the record):

- Amend the details of an MIS Cost Code
- Authorize an MIS Cost Code
- Copy the details an MIS Cost Code on to a new one
- Print the details of an MIS Cost Code
- Delete an MIS Cost Code

Please refer to the manual on Common Procedures for details of these operations.

2.12.9 Maintaining MIS Pool

You can invoke the 'MIS Pool Code Maintenance' screen by typing 'MIDXPOLD' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Maker	Date Time:	Mod No	Record Status
Checker	Date Time:		Authorization Status

If you are creating a new MIS Pool Code, select 'New' from the Actions Menu in the Application toolbar or click new icon. The 'MIS Pool Code Definition' screen is displayed without any details.

If you are calling an MIS Pool Code that has already been defined, double-click on an MIS Pool Code from the summary screen.

2.12.10 Maintaining MIS Pool

You can invoke the 'MIS Pool Code Maintenance' screen by typing 'MIDXPOLD' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Maker	Date Time:	Mod No	Record Status
Checker	Date Time:		Authorization Status

If you are creating a new MIS Pool Code, select 'New' from the Actions Menu in the Application toolbar or click new icon. The 'MIS Pool Code Definition' screen is displayed without any details.

If you are calling an MIS Pool Code that has already been defined, double-click on an MIS Pool Code from the summary screen.

2.12.11 MIS Pool Code Summary

You can invoke this screen by typing 'MISXPOLD' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'MIS Pool Code Summary' application window. At the top, there is a search bar with buttons for 'Search', 'Advanced Search', 'Reset', and 'Clear All'. Below this, a 'Case Sensitive' checkbox is present. The main area contains several input fields: 'Authorization Status' (a dropdown menu), 'Record Status' (a dropdown menu), 'Pool Code' (a text field with a magnifying glass icon), and 'Calculation Method' (a dropdown menu). Below these fields, there is a table with columns: 'Authorization Status', 'Record Status', 'Pool Code', 'Pool Name', and 'Calculation Method'. The table is currently empty. At the bottom right of the window, there is an 'Exit' button.

You can click 'Search' button to view all the interface records of your bank. You can filter your search based on any of the following criteria:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Pool Code
- Pool Name
- Calculation Method

2.13 User Defined Fields Maintenance

This section contains the following topics:

- [Section 2.13.1, "Invoking the User Defined Fields Maintenance Screen"](#)
- [Section 2.13.2, "Mapping UDF Function Field"](#)

2.13.1 Invoking the User Defined Fields Maintenance Screen

Based on your requirement and the nature of the field, you can specify default values and validations for the field. Oracle Banking Payments will validate all entries made to the field against the validations you define for a field. You can invoke the 'User Defined Fields

Maintenance' screen by typing 'UDDUDFMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

A field that you have created will become operational in Oracle Banking Payments only after it is authorized. A user bearing a different Login ID can authorize a field definition record that you have created.

2.13.2 Mapping UDF Function Field

You can maintain the user defined fields function mapping in the User Defined Fields Function Field Mapping Maintenance screen. To invoke this screen type 'UDDFFLMT' in the top right corner of the application toolbar and click the adjoining arrow button.

You can specify the following in this screen:

Function

Specify the function ID. Alternatively, you can select the function from the option list. The list displays all valid functions maintained in the system.

Field Name

Specify the name of the field. Alternatively, you can select the field name from the option list. The list displays all valid fields maintained in the system.

2.13.3 User Defined Field Summary

You can invoke "User Defined Field Summary" screen by typing 'UDSUDFMT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can search using one or more of the following parameters:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Field Name
- Validation Type
- Field Type
- Usage Allowed

Once you have specified the search parameters, click 'Search' button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria for the following:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Field Name
- Validation Type
- Field Type
- Usage Allowed

2.14 Generic Interface Maintenance

This section contains the following topics:

- [Section 2.14.1, "Invoking GI Process"](#)
- [Section 2.14.2, "Viewing Error Details of Individual Record"](#)
- [Section 2.14.3, "Specifying Interface Definition Details"](#)
- [Section 2.14.4, "Viewing Interface Definition Summary"](#)
- [Section 2.14.5, "Maintaining AUDF \(ASCII User Defined Function\) Details"](#)
- [Section 2.14.6, "Viewing AUDF Summary Details"](#)

2.14.0.1 Maintaining GI Parameter

You can set the parameters for the framework of Generic Interface processing in the following screen 'Parameters' screen invoked from the Application Browser. You can invoke this screen

by typing 'GIDPARAM' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

You can maintain the following parameters for generic interface here.

Holiday Treatment

You can specify the parameters for interface processing if the schedule date falls on a holiday.

Holiday Treatment

Check this box to indicate your preference for interface processing on a holiday.

Next Run Date

Specify how the system should process if the schedule date falls on a holiday. You can select the options as either move the interface processing to previous working date or next working date if the interface processing date falls on a holiday.

Note

The default holiday treatment is movement to 'next working date'.

Purging Days

Specify the purging days if you want to maintain any days to be purged while processing interface.

Incoming

You can specify the parameters for interface processing for the incoming files.

Uploaded Record Status

Select the input status of the transaction record after upload as:

- Authorized
- Unauthorized

Note

By default 'Authorized' option is selected.

Bad File Path

Specify the path where the external tables should write the bad records, while reading from the Incoming file.

Log file Path

Specify the path where the external tables should write the Log file, while reading from the Incoming file.

Outgoing

You can specify the parameters for interface processing for the outgoing files.

Archival Required

Check this box to specify if the upload table data and file log data should be archived at the time of EOD or before deleting the same.

File writing process

Select the tool to write the data into output file from the following options:

- Oracle - This component uses ORACLE UTIL packages to write the data into output file.
- Java - This component uses java libraries ages to write the data into output file

Note

By default 'Oracle' option is selected.

You need to note the following details while selecting the tool for file writing:

- This feature is applicable only for the outgoing process
- Low volume sites are recommended to use Oracle tool only in case of high volume Java tool is recommended.
- If Java tool is selected then the necessary Java software/component should be installed in the database server and jvm is enabled in database.

2.14.1 Invoking GI Process

You can trigger the process of Generic Interface using Gateway Messages, EOD run or through 'Interface Trigger' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GIDIFPRS' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'Interface Trigger' application window. It contains the following fields and controls:

- Branch Code ***: Text input field.
- Interface Code ***: Text input field with a search icon.
- External System ***: Text input field.
- Physical File Name**: Text input field.
- File Mask**: Text input field.
- Interface**: Text input field.
- File Name**: Text input field with a search icon.
- Status**: Text input field with the value 'U'.
- Process Code**: Dropdown menu with 'File Processing' selected.
- File upload**: Blue button.
- Process**: Blue button.
- Exit**: Button in the bottom right corner.

You can provide the following details here to invoke the GI routing package.

Branch Code

Specify the branch code from where the GI file process has to be initiated.

Interface Code

Select the Interface Code that has to be processed.

Based on the selected interface code, system defaults external system and interface type.

External System

Specify the External System.

Interface

Specify the Interface.

File Name

Specify the file name if the selected Interface Code is Incoming.

Status

The system displays the Status.

Process Code

Select the process code from the drop-down list, if the selected Interface Code is Incoming. The options available are:

- FP – Populating the Upload tables using the file data.
- DP – Populating the Base tables from the Upload tables.
- AL – This will trigger 'FP' and 'DP' processes one after another.
- RT – This is Retry operation the previous process that failed is triggered.

- RE – This will rerun the 'DP' process for error records.

Physical File Name

A physical file name is applicable if you are processing a file that is uploaded through the 'Interface Trigger' screen.

When the file upload is successful, the system will display the name of the file in this field.

File Mask

The system displays the incoming file mask specified during interface definition.

2.14.2 Viewing Error Details of Individual Record

You can view the individual record error details of the uploaded file in the 'View Error Details' (GIDFILOG) screen. From the summary screen (GISFILOG), double click the selected record to view the error details screen.

You can invoke View Error Details screen by typing 'GIDFILOG' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Based on the upload file name and process reference number, system displays the error details here:

- Upload File Name
- Branch code
- Interface Code
- Process Reference Number
- File Name
- Started Time
- Ended Time
- Status

Following field mapping details are also displayed

- Key 1

- Key 2
- Key 3
- Key 4
- Key 5
- Error Code
- Error Description

2.14.2.1 File Log

You can invoke “File Log” screen by typing ‘GISFILOG’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can search using the following parameter:

- Interface Code(1)
- Branch Code
- External System
- Status
- File Name
- Process Code
- Process Reference Number
- Upload File Name

Once you have specified the search parameters, click ‘Search’ button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria.

2.14.3 Specifying Interface Definition Details

You can define the format details and properties associated with interface file in the 'Interface Definition' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GIDIFTDF' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot displays the 'Interface Definition' application window. It features a top navigation bar with 'New' and 'Enter Query' buttons. The main area is divided into several sections: 'Branch Code' with a dropdown for 'Interface Type' (set to 'Incoming'), 'File Mask', 'CRC Required' checkbox, 'CRC Algorithm', 'CRC File Mask', and 'CRC File Path'; 'External System' with 'Format Type' (set to 'Fixed'), 'File Path', 'Data Log Required' checkbox, 'Commit/Fetch Frequency', 'Date Format' (set to 'YYYYMMDD'), and 'No Of Executions/Day'; 'Interface Code' with 'Delimiting Character', 'When To Run' dropdown (set to 'Mandatory'), 'Trigger Type' (set to 'Manual'), 'Confirmation File Mask', and 'Confirmation File Path'; 'Justification' with 'Date', 'Number', 'Text', 'Frequency Type' (set to 'Daily'), 'Week Day', 'Month', 'Dates', 'Last Run Date', and 'Next Run Date'; 'Padding Character' with 'Date', 'Number', 'Text', 'Pre Message AUDF', and 'Post Message AUDF'; 'Incoming' with 'Function Id', 'Processed File Mask', 'Default Action' (set to 'New'), 'On Override' (set to 'Reject'), 'Outgoing Interface', 'Suppress Start Reference' checkbox, 'Incoming File Mask', and 'Log Output'; and 'Parallel Process' with 'Parallel Process Required' checkbox, 'Parallel Process' dropdown, 'No Of Records', and 'No Of Parallel Process'. At the bottom, there is a 'Component Details' section with 'Input By', 'Authorized By', 'Modification Number', and 'Authorized Open' fields, and an 'Exit' button.

You can define the following interface file properties, formats and components here.

Branch Code

Specify the code of the branch to which the interface belongs.

Interface Type

Select the interface type from the following options:

- Incoming - Select this option if the file data needs to be uploaded into Oracle Banking Payments
- Outgoing - Select this option if data from Oracle Banking Payments needs to be written into file

File Mask

Specify the file mask for the outgoing interface file.

CRC Required

Check this box if you want to check the CRC while transferring the data.

In case of incoming interface, system checks for the CRC value in the file name maintained in 'CRC file mask'. For outgoing interface, system generates the CRC value in a CRC file.

CRC File Algorithm

Specify the CRC algorithm which has to be used to calculate the CRC Value.

CRC File Mask

The path of CRC File mask gets displayed here.

CRC File Path

The path of CRC File gets displayed here.

External System

Specify the external system with which Oracle Banking Payments is interfacing.

Format Type

Select the type of data length in the interface from the following options:

- Fixed – Select this option if the file data has to be in fixed width.
- Delimited - Select this option if the file data has to be in delimited format.

Delimiting Character field gets enabled for you to specify the delimiting character if you select the format type of definition as 'Delimited'.

File Path

Specify the path of the file.

Data Log Required

Check this box to indicate if the confirmation details are required in logged file.

Custom Logging

Check this box to enable Custom Logging in logged file.

Commit/Fetch Frequency

Specify the number of transaction committed or fetched at a given point of time.

Date Format

Specify the date format for the interface file.

No of Executions Day

If you select frequency type as 'Daily', specify the total number of interface file processing executions in a day.

This field is applicable only for incoming interface file process.

Interface Code

Specify a unique interface code to identify the interface as incoming or outgoing.

Delimiting Character

Specify the delimiting character if you select the format type of definition as 'Delimited'.

Confirmation File Required

Check this box to indicate that Confirmation File is required.

When to Run

Select the stage of application the interface has to be triggered.

Mandatory

Check this box to indicate that the interface has to be mandatorily processed before moving on to the next stage of EOD. If this box is checked system checks if the interface has been processed or not and if it is not processed system will not allow movement to the next EOD stage.

Trigger Type

Select an appropriate option to indicate how the interface should be triggered. The options available are:

- Manual – Select this option if the interface has to be triggered manually.
- System – Select this option if the interface has to be triggered automatically.

During EOD if there are any mandatory unprocessed interfaces and if the triggering type is selected as 'System' then the interface is triggered automatically. In case of Incoming interface if triggering type is selected as 'System' then system checks if the file is available in

the 'ready' folder for that interface. If the file is present the system will process it. In case of outgoing interface if triggering type is selected as 'System' then, system will automatically trigger the Outgoing interface.

Note

If the interface is mandatory, the triggering type must be system. Even if the triggering type is mentioned as System, you can manually trigger the interface whenever required through Interface triggering screen.

Confirmation File Required

Check this box to indicate if confirmation is required for an incoming file. If this box is checked then when incoming file is processed, system checks whether confirmation file is available in the folder specified. If the file is not available then incoming file processes will raise an error indicating the confirmation file is not available.

Confirmation File Mask

The path of confirmation file mask gets displayed here.

Confirmation File Path

The path of confirmation file gets displayed here.

Duplication File Check Req'd for Current Date

Check this box to indicate that the duplicate files should not be added for the current date.

Justification

You can specify the justification details of fixed format type interface file here.

Date

Select the justification type for date field from the drop-down list. The options are:

- Right
- Left

Number

Select the justification type for number field from the drop-down list. The options are:

- Right
- Left

Text

Select the justification type for text field from the drop-down list. The options are:

- Right
- Left

Note

Default justification type for text and date field type is Left and number field type is right.

Frequency Type

Select the frequency type for interface file processing from the following drop-down options:

- Daily
- Weekly

- Fort Nightly
- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Yearly
- Adhoc

Note

If Adhoc is specified it will override any existing restrictions.

Week Day

If you select frequency type as 'Weekly', select the day from the drop-down list for processing the interface file. The options available are:

- Sunday
- Monday
- Tuesday
- Wednesday
- Thursday
- Friday
- Saturday

Month

If you select frequency type as 'Quarterly, Half Yearly and Yearly', select the month for the interface file execution from the drop-down list. The options available are:

- January
- February
- March
- April
- May
- June
- July
- August
- September
- October
- November
- December

Date

If you select frequency type as 'Monthly, Quarterly, Half Yearly and Yearly', select the date of the month for the interface file execution from the drop-down list.

Last Run Date

The last run date gets displayed here

Next Run Date

The day on which the interface can be triggered gets displayed here.

Padding Character

You can specify the padding character of fixed length format type interface file here. All the data types can have the same padding character

Date

Specify the padding character for date field.

Number

Specify the padding character for number field.

Text

Specify the padding character for text field.

Note

All the data types can have the same padding character.

Pre Message AUDF

Specify the AUDF that needs to be invoked before triggering the interface. You can use this to add additional functionality required at the message level.

Post Message AUDF

Specify the AUDF that needs to be invoked after triggering the interface. You can use this to add additional functionality required at the message level.

Incoming File

You can specify the interface details applicable for incoming file details here.

Function ID

Specify the function id for which the incoming data need to be sent.

Incoming File Mask

Specify the file mask for selecting the incoming files from the file directory. System supports four types of file masking:

- Date and Time mask (YYYYMMDDHHMISS) – (year, month, date, hours, minutes and second)
- Sequence number based mask(nnn) – 3 digit numeric numbers
- File names starting with a specific signature. (Upload all files which are starting with incoming File name)
- Exact File Name (File Names which are exact match with the file name in interface definition)

System searches all the files which are matching the mask criteria and process the files one by one “_” as the split separator for the file name and the mask criteria.

Note

System will continue or break the uploading of records based on the error handling defined in the 'On Override' field. If it is Continue, then the system will ignore the current record and continue with the next record. If it is Reject, then the system will stop the execution of the file and start executing the next available incoming file.

Note

By default system append the Incoming File Mask type to the file name while searching the physical file name. If an interface supports for multiple type incoming files, then same file mask is applicable for all type of incoming files.

Processed File Mask

Specify the file mask for renaming the incoming file after uploading the data.

Default Action

Select the default action which needs to be invoked to process the uploaded data in the upload table from the drop-down list below:

- New
- Modify
- Close

On Override

Select the action to be taken if an override occurs from the drop-down list below:

- Reject
- Continue
- Skip

Outgoing Interface

Specify the corresponding outgoing interface file for the above incoming file.

Suppress Start Reference

Check this box to indicate that the start reference number should be suppressed.

If the checkbox is selected and start reference element is defined in the component definition, system raises an error message while saving the interface. System validates the start reference check for Header, Body and Footer.

For a given interface, mask and suppress start reference are applicable to all the file names configured for that interface

Log Output

Select the type of details to be updated in the log file from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Error
- Success
- Both

While processing the interface file, system verifies the log output value and the below details:

- If the value of “Log Output” is “Error”, then, system creates an error file (<INTERFACE_NAME>_FILENAME>_ERR_<ProcessRefNo>.dat) in Log_Failure folder and update the primary key elements and the corresponding error details (error code and message).
- If the value of “Log Output” is “Success”, then, system creates a data file (<INTERFACE_NAME>_FILENAME>_SUC_<ProcessRefNo>.dat) in Log_Success folder and update the primary key elements. “
- If the value of “Log Output” is “Both”, then, system creates both error file and data file in log folder.

During the interface configuration, log_failure and log_success folders are created in the interface configured folder.

Parallel Processes

You can specify the parallel process details here.

Parallel Process Required

Check this box to indicate if parallel processing is required if multiple interface files has to be processed at a given time.

When you select parallel process required parallel process type field gets enabled.

Parallel Process

Select the type of parallel process you want to keep for the interface processing:

- Record Based – Select this option if you want parallel processing to be based on the number of records you maintained.
- Process Based – Select this option if you want parallel processing to be based on the number of parallel processes that you maintained.

No of Records

Specify the number of records of parallel process can be performed at a given time. This field gets enabled only if you select the parallel process type as 'Record based'.

No of Parallel Process

Specify the number of parallel process can be performed at a given time. This field gets enabled only if you select the parallel process type as 'Process based'.

2.14.4 Viewing Interface Definition Summary

You can view the interface details maintained in the system using 'Interface Definition Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GISIFTDF' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Interface Definition Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

Branch Code External System

Interface Code Interface Type

Records per page: 15 First Previous 1 Of 1 Next Last Go Lock Columns: 0

Authorization Status Record Status Branch Code External System Interface Code Interface Type

Interface Type I - Incoming O - Outgoing

Authorization Status A - Authorized U - Unauthorized

Record Status C - Closed O - Open

Exit

You can click 'Search' button to view all the interface records of your bank. You can filter your search based on any of the following criteria:

Authorization Status

Select the authorization status of the Interface definition you want to view the details from the drop-down list. The options are:

- Authorized
- Unauthorized

Branch code

Select the branch code belonged to the interface details from the option list.

Interface code

Select the interface code belonged to the interface details from the option list

Record Status

Select the record status of the interface details from the drop-down list. The options are:

- C – Closed
- O - Open

External System

Select the name of the external system belonged to the interface details from the option list.

Interface Type

Select the type of interface from the option list as incoming or outgoing.

When you click 'Search' button the records matching the specified search criteria are displayed. For each record fetched by the system based on your query criteria, the following details are displayed:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Branch Code
- External System
- Interface Code
- Interface Type

2.14.4.1 Search Functionalities

The search functions available are:

- Advanced – Click **Advanced** to specify queries with logical operators such as AND, OR and NOT.
- Reset – Click **Reset** to empty the values in the criteria fields, so that you may begin a new search.
- Query – After specifying your search criteria click **Query** to view the list of results which match your search criteria.
- Refresh – Click **Refresh** to refresh the list of results.

2.14.5 Maintaining AUDF (ASCII User Defined Function) Details

You can maintain the AUDF (ASCII User Define Function) details in the 'AUDF Maintenance' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GIDAUDFM' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

AUDF Maintenance

New Enter Query

LBL_AUDF_NAME* _____

Description _____

LBL_UNIT_NAME* _____

LBL_AUDF_TYPE* Message ▾

Input By _____ Authorized By _____ Modification Number _____

Date Time _____ Date Time _____ Authorized _____

Open _____

Exit

Specify the following AUDF details in this screen.

AUDF Name

Specify the name of the AUDF here.

Description

Specify a description for the AUDF here.

Unit Name

Specify the invoked function name here.

AUDF Type

Select the AUDF types from the drop-down list. The following options are available:

- Message
- Component
- Record
- Field

2.14.6 Viewing AUDF Summary Details

You can view AUDF details maintained in the system using 'AUDF Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GISAUDFM' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

AUDF Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

LBL_AUDF_NAME Description

Records per page 15 First Previous 1 Of 1 Next Last Go Lock Columns 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	LBL_AUDF_NAME	Description
----------------------	---------------	---------------	-------------

Authorization Status A - Authorized U - Unauthorized

Record Status C - Closed O - Open

Exit

You can click 'Search' button to view all the AUDF records of your bank. You can filter your search based on any of the following criteria:

Authorization Status

Select the authorization status of the AUDF you want to view the details from the drop-down list. The options are:

- Authorized
- Unauthorized

Record Status

Select the record status of the AUDF from the drop-down list. The options are:

- C – Closed
- O - Open

AUDF Name

Select the name of the AUDF from the option list.

Description

Select the description of the AUDF from the option list.

When you click 'Search' button the records matching the specified search criteria are displayed. For each record fetched by the system based on your query criteria, the following details are displayed:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- AUDF Name
- Description

2.14.7 Maintaining Translation Details

You can maintain translation details required between the external system values to Oracle Banking Payments Values and vice Versa in the 'Translation Definition' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GIDTRANS' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Translation Definition

New Enter Query

Table Name *

Translate Parameter

In Parameter	Out Parameter

Input By Date Time Authorized By Date Time Modification Number

Authorized Open

You can capture the following details here:

Translation Name

Specify the translation name you want to keep for the set. The translation name gets linked to the interface field whose value needs to be translated during Interface Processing.

Translation Parameters

The following details are specified here:

In Param

Specify the system value for the corresponding external systems value.

Out Param

Specify the external system's value for the corresponding Oracle Banking Payments value.

2.14.8 Viewing Translation Summary Details

You can view the translation details maintained in the system using 'Translation Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GISTRANS' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'Translation Summary' application window. At the top, there are buttons for 'Search', 'Advanced Search', and 'Reset'. Below these, there is a 'Case Sensitive' checkbox. The main search area contains two dropdown menus: 'Authorization Status' and 'Record Status', followed by a text input field for 'LBL_TNAME' with a magnifying glass icon. Below the search area, there is a pagination bar with 'Records per page' set to 15, and buttons for 'First', 'Previous', '1 Of 1', 'Next', and 'Last'. There is also a 'Go' button and a 'Lock Columns' dropdown set to 0. Below the pagination bar, there are three tabs: 'Authorization Status', 'Record Status', and 'LBL_TNAME'. The main content area is currently empty. At the bottom, there are two legend boxes: one for 'Authorization Status' with options 'A - Authorized' and 'U - Unauthorized', and another for 'Record Status' with options 'C - Closed' and 'O - Open'. An 'Exit' button is located in the bottom right corner.

You can click 'Search' button to view all the translation records of your bank. You can filter your search based on any of the following criteria:

Authorization Status

Select the authorization status of the translation you want to view the details from the drop-down list. The options are:

- Authorized
- Unauthorized

Record Status

Select the record status of the translation from the drop-down list. The options are:

- C – Closed
- O - Open

Translation Name

Select the name of the translation from the option list.

When you click 'Search' button the records matching the specified search criteria are displayed. For each record fetched by the system based on your query criteria, the following details are displayed:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Translation Name

2.14.8.1 Search Functionalities

The search functions available are:

- Advanced – Click **Advanced** to specify queries with logical operators such as AND, OR and NOT.
- Reset – Click **Reset** to empty the values in the criteria fields, so that you may begin a new search.
- Query – After specifying your search criteria click **Query** to view the list of results which match your search criteria.
- Refresh – Click **Refresh** to refresh the list of results.

2.14.9 Maintaining CRC Algorithm Details

Generic Interface supports CRC-32 and Adler-32 Checksum algorithms for generating CRC value of the file. Other CRC components which are developed in Java and PL/SQL are also supported by GI using the 'CRC Maintenance' screen.

You can invoke this screen by typing 'GIDCRCFN' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

You can write the invocation stub along with the CRC component details here:

CRC Name

Specify the CRC Algorithm used to calculate the CRC value for the file.

Description

Specify the description of the CRC Algorithm here.

Invocation Stub

Specify the stub to invoke the CRC generation component.

2.14.10 Viewing CRC Summary Details

You can view the CRC details maintained in the system using 'CRC Summary' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'GISCRCFN' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

CRC Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

LBL_CRC_NAME Description

Records per page 15 First Previous 1 Of 1 Next Last Go Lock Columns 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	LBL_CRC_NAME	Description
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Authorization Status A - Authorized U - Unauthorized

Record Status C - Closed O - Open

Exit

You can click 'Search' button to view all the CRC records of your bank. You can filter your search based on any of the following criteria:

Authorization Status

Select the authorization status of the CRC algorithm from the drop-down list. The options are:

- Authorized
- Unauthorized

CRC Name

Select the name of the CRC algorithm from the option list.

Record Status

Select the record status of the CRC algorithm from the drop-down list. The options are:

- C – Closed
- O - Open

Description

Select the description of the CRC algorithm from the option list.

When you click 'Search' button the records matching the specified search criteria are displayed. For each record fetched by the system based on your query criteria, the following details are displayed:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- CRC Name
- Description

2.14.10.1 Search Functionalities

The search functions available are:

- Advanced – Click **Advanced** to specify queries with logical operators such as AND, OR and NOT.
- Reset – Click **Reset** to empty the values in the criteria fields, so that you may begin a new search.
- Query – After specifying your search criteria click **Query** to view the list of results which match your search criteria.
- Refresh – Click **Refresh** to refresh the list of results.

2.15 Process Definition

This section contains the following topics:

- [Section 2.15.1, "Maintaining Process Codes"](#)

2.15.1 Maintaining Process Codes

You can maintain the process codes using the 'Process Definition' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'SMDPRCDE' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Fields			
Maker	Date Time:	Mod No	Record Status
Checker	Date Time:	Authorization Status	

You can specify the following here:

Process Code

Specify a unique code for the process.

Description

Enter an appropriate description of the process.

After entering the details, click the 'Save' button.

2.16 Reporting Parameters Maintenance

This section contains the following topic:

- [Section 2.16.1, "Maintaining Report Spool Path"](#)

2.16.1 Maintaining Report Spool Path

You can maintain a location to spool the reports for a specific branch using 'Reporting System – Parameters' screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'RPDPARAM' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'Reporting Parameters Maintenance' window. It features a title bar with a diamond icon and the text 'Reporting Parameters Maintenance'. Below the title bar is a toolbar with 'New' and 'Enter Query' buttons. The main area contains five input fields: 'Branch' (disabled), 'Spool Path', 'Spool History Path', 'Time Out', and 'Server Report Path' (with a help icon). At the bottom, there is a status bar with 'Input By Date Time', 'Authorized By Date Time', 'Modification Number', and checkboxes for 'Authorized' and 'Open'.

Here, you need to specify the following details:

Branch

The system displays the branch for which you are maintaining the spool path. However, you cannot modify it.

Spool Path

Specify the location to which the reports should be spooled. The system stores the generated reports into this location, if you have selected 'Spool' in the 'Printing Preferences' screen.

Spool History Path

Specify the spool history path. This is the generation where the system saves the generated report. It is usually the same as the spool path.

Time Out

Specify the time span within which you wish to complete the process. The system reports if it takes longer time to generate it.

Server Report Path

This is the location where the system stores the report, if you have selected the option 'View' in the 'Printing Preferences' screen.

2.17 Maintaining Amount Text

You can describe the amounts printed on account statements, messages, advices, etc., in words, for the benefit of your customers. To describe 'amounts' in a specific language, you have to maintain the verbal equivalents of numerals in the language. You can maintain verbal equivalents of numerals in the 'Amount Text Maintenance' screen.

You can invoke this screen by typing 'STDAMTMN' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'Amount Text Maintenance' application window. At the top, there are buttons for 'New' and 'Enter Query'. Below these are input fields for 'Language Code *' and 'Description'. The main area is divided into two tables. The first table, titled 'Text', has columns 'Amount *', 'Description', and 'Prefix One'. The second table, titled 'Currencies', has columns 'Currency Code *', 'Pre Decimal', 'Post Decimal', 'Final Text', 'Text Before', and 'Fractions'. At the bottom of the window, there is a 'Fields' section with labels for 'Maker', 'Checker', 'Mod No', 'Date Time:', 'Record Status', and 'Authorization Status'. An 'Exit' button is located in the bottom right corner.

Amount translation details can be maintained as one time maintenance at the time Oracle Banking Payments is installed at your bank. Once maintained, the amount descriptions printed on account statements, and other messages, will be described according to your specifications in this screen.

Language

You can maintain verbal equivalents of numerals in any language that Oracle Banking Payments supports. This means that you can maintain the verbal equivalents of numerals in as many languages as you generate messages.

Text

You must describe the following numerals in the Description field (in the language that you specify in the Language field):

- 1, 2, 3, upto 10
- 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, and 90
- 100

- 1,000
- 10,000
- 100,000
- 1,000,000
- 10,000, 000, and so on

In certain languages, One thousand, One million, and so on are expressed, simply, as 'thousand', and 'million'. If you are defining verbal equivalents of amounts in such a language, do not choose the 'Prefix One' option. Statements and messages printed in such a language will describe amounts such as '1000', simply, as 'thousand'.

Choose the 'Prefix One' option, if you would like amounts such as '1000' described as 'One thousand'.

Currencies

In this screen, you can also describe the pre-decimal and the post-decimal units of a currency in different languages. Enter the verbal equivalent of the 'pre' and 'post' decimal units of a currency in the Pre-Decimal and Post-Decimal fields respectively. For example, if you would like to describe the decimal units of USD, enter:

6. The currency in the Currency field
7. The pre-decimal description as 'Dollars'
8. The post-decimal description as 'Cents'
9. Final Text to be attached to the currency.

You can opt to prefix, or suffix, an amount with its currency. If you would like the suffix an amount with its currency, do not choose the 'Text Before' option. If you would like to prefix an amount with its currency, choose the 'Text Before' option.

For example, if you would like to describe USD 1000, as Dollars One Thousand, choose the 'Text Before' option.

2.18 System Dates Maintenance

You can invoke this screen by typing 'STDDATES' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

System Dates Maintenance

Enter Query

Branch Code

Today

Previous Working Day

Next Working Day

Maker Date Time: Mod No Record Status

Checker Date Time: Authorization Status

Exit

Specify the following fields:

Branch Code

Enter the Branch Code.

Today

Enter the today's date.

Previous Working Day

Specify the Previous Working Day.

Next Working Day

Specify the Next Working Day.

2.19 Gateway Maintenance

You can invoke this screen by typing 'STDGWINT' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'Gateway Maintenance' application window. At the top, there is a title bar with the text 'Gateway Maintenance' and standard window controls. Below the title bar, there is a menu bar with 'New' and 'Enter Query'. The main area is divided into two sections. The top section is for data entry, with the title 'Gateway Maintenance' and three input fields: 'Branch Code *', 'External System *', and 'Module Code *'. The bottom section is a table with the following columns: 'Service Name *', 'Operation Code *', 'Task Initiation Required', and 'Effective Date'. The table is currently empty. At the bottom of the window, there is a status bar with the following fields: 'Maker', 'Checker', 'Date Time:', 'Mod No', 'Record Status', 'Authorization Status', and an 'Exit' button.

Specify the following fields:

Branch Code

Enter the Branch Code.

External System

Specify the External System.

Module Code

Enter the Module Code.

Service Name

Select the Service Name from the LOV.

Operation Code

Select the Operation Code from the LOV.

Task Initiation Required

Check this box to initiate task.

Effective Date

Specify the Effective Date.

2.19.1 Gateway Maintenance Summary

You can invoke “Book Transfer Summary” screen by typing ‘STSGWINT’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'Gateway Maintenance Summary' application window. At the top, there is a search bar with buttons for 'Search', 'Advanced Search', 'Reset', and 'Clear All'. Below this, a 'Case Sensitive' checkbox is present. The main search area contains several input fields: 'Authorization Status' (a dropdown menu), 'Record Status' (a dropdown menu), 'Branch Code' (a text field with a magnifying glass icon), 'External System' (a text field with a magnifying glass icon), and 'Module Code' (a text field with a magnifying glass icon). Below the search fields, there is a 'Records per page' dropdown set to '15', a 'Go' button, and a 'Lock Columns' dropdown set to '0'. The main area of the window is a table with columns: 'Authorization Status', 'Record Status', 'Branch Code', 'External System', and 'Module Code'. The table is currently empty. At the bottom right, there is an 'Exit' button.

You can search using the following parameter:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Branch Code
- External System
- Module Code

Once you have specified the search parameters, click ‘Search’ button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria.

2.20 Job Maintenance

You can invoke this screen by typing ‘STDJOBMT’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'Job Maintenance' application window. At the top, there is a 'New' button and an 'Enter Query' field. Below this, there is a 'Job Description' section with several input fields: 'Job Code *' (a text field), 'Job Description' (a text field), 'Job Group' (a text field), 'Job Type' (a dropdown menu), 'Max Number Instances *' (a text field), 'Scheduler' (a text field with the value 'SchedulerFactory'), 'Trigger Type' (a dropdown menu), and 'Scheduler Type' (a dropdown menu). Below the 'Job Description' section, there is a 'Parameter Details' section with a table. The table has columns: 'Parameter Name', 'Data Type', and 'Parameter Value'. The table is currently empty. At the bottom of the window, there is a status bar with fields for 'Maker', 'Checker', 'Date Time:', 'Mod No', 'Record Status', 'Authorization Status', and an 'Exit' button.

Specify the following fields:

Job Code

Specify the Job Code.

Job Description

Specify the Job Description

Job Group

Enter the Job Group.

Job Type

Enter the Job Type.

Max Number Instances

Specify the Max Number Instances.

Scheduler

Enter the Scheduler details.

Trigger Type

Select the required Trigger Type from the drop down.

Scheduler Type

Select the required Scheduler Type from the drop down.

Priority

Select the Module Code from the drop down.

Message Queue

Specify the Message Queue details.

Job Details**Cron Expression**

Specify the Cron Expression details.

Class Or Procedure

Specify the Class or Procedure details.

No of Submissions

Specify the number of submissions

Interval In Seconds

Specify the Interval In Seconds.

Trigger Listener

Specify the Trigger Listener details.

Active

Check this box if the Job is Active.

Ds Name

Specify the Ds Name.

Logging Required

Check this box if logging is required.

Veto Blocked Trigger

Check this box if Veto Blocked Trigger.

Startup Mode

Select the Startup Mode from the drop down.

Parameter Details

Parameter Name

Enter the name of the parameter.

Data Type

Select the Data Type from the drop down.

Parameter Value

Specify the parameter value.

2.20.1 Job Maintenance Summary

You can invoke “Job Maintenance Summary” screen by typing ‘STSJOBMT’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'Job Maintenance Summary' application window. At the top, there is a title bar with the window name and standard OS controls. Below the title bar is a search bar with buttons for 'Search', 'Advanced Search', 'Reset', and 'Clear All'. The main area is divided into two columns of search criteria. The left column includes 'Case Sensitive' (a checkbox), 'Authorization Status' (a dropdown), 'Job Code' (a text field with a magnifying glass icon), 'Job Group' (a text field with a magnifying glass icon), and 'Trigger Type' (a dropdown). The right column includes 'Record Status' (a dropdown), 'Job Description' (a text field with a magnifying glass icon), 'Job Type' (a dropdown), and 'Scheduler Type' (a dropdown). Below the search criteria is a table with columns: 'Authorization Status', 'Record Status', 'Job Code', 'Job Description', 'Job Group', 'Job Type', 'Trigger Type', and 'Scheduler Type'. The table is currently empty. At the bottom right of the window is an 'Exit' button.

You can search using the following parameter:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Job Code
- Job Description
- Job Group
- Job Type
- Trigger Type
- Scheduler Type

Once you have specified the search parameters, click 'Search' button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria.

2.21 Pending Maintenances

You can invoke “Pending Maintenances” screen by typing ‘STSVWPEN’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Pending Maintenances

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Function Id Language Code

Description Branch Code

Records per page 15 1 Of 1 Go Lock Columns 0

Function Id	Language Code	Description	Branch Code
-------------	---------------	-------------	-------------

Exit

You can search using the following parameter:

- Function Id
- Language Code
- Description
- Branch Code

Once you have specified the search parameters, click ‘Search’ button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria.

2.22 IBAN Exclusion List

You can invoke this screen by typing ‘ISDIBEXC’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

IBAN Exclusion List

Enter Query

IBAN Details

Record Key * Country Code IBAN National ID BIC

Exit

Specify the following fields:

Record Key

Specify the Record Key.

IBAN National ID

Specify the IBAN National ID.

Country Code

Specify the Country Code.

BIC

Specify the BIC.

2.22.1 **IBAN Exclusion List Summary**

You can invoke “IBAN Exclusion List Summary” screen by typing ‘ISSIBEXC’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'IBAN Exclusion List Summary' application window. At the top, there is a title bar with the window name and standard OS controls. Below the title bar is a search bar with buttons for 'Search', 'Advanced Search', 'Reset', and 'Clear All'. Underneath the search bar is a section labeled 'Case Sensitive' with four search criteria: 'Record Key', 'Country Code', 'IBAN National ID', and 'BIC'. Each criterion has a text input field and a magnifying glass icon. Below the search criteria is a table with columns: 'Record Key', 'Country Code', 'IBAN National ID', 'BIC', and 'Valid From Date'. The table is currently empty. At the bottom right of the window is an 'Exit' button.

You can search using the following parameter:

- Record Key
- Country Code
- IBAN National ID
- BIC

Once you have specified the search parameters, click ‘Search’ button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria.

2.23 Clearing Network Maintenance

You can invoke this screen by typing 'ISDNTMEX' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

The screenshot shows the 'Clearing Network Maintenance' application window. At the top, there is a title bar with the text 'Clearing Network Maintenance' and a close button. Below the title bar is a menu bar with 'New' and 'Enter Query' options. The main area contains several input fields arranged in two columns. The left column includes 'Network Code *' (with a red asterisk), 'Network Description', 'Network Prefix', 'Clearing Code Mask', 'Currency', and 'Currency Name'. The right column includes a checkbox labeled 'LBL_FIRST_PARTY_FIELD', 'Clearing System Proprietary', 'Clearing System Code', and 'Clearing System Description'. At the bottom of the window is a status bar with fields for 'Maker', 'Date Time:', 'Mod No', 'Record Status', 'Checker', 'Date Time:', 'Authorization Status', and an 'Exit' button.

Specify the following fields:

Network Code

Specify the Network Code.

Network Description

Specify the Network Description.

Network Prefix

Specify the Network Prefix.

Clearing Code Mask

Specify the Clearing Code Mask.

Currency

Select the Currency from the LOV.

Currency Name

The currency name is displayed after you select the required currency.

FIRST_PARTY_FIELD

Check this box to indicate the first party field.

Clearing System Proprietary

Specify the Clearing System Proprietary.

Clearing System Code

Specify the Clearing System Code.

Clearing System Proprietary

Specify the Clearing System Description.

2.23.1 Clearing Network Summary

You can invoke “Clearing Network Summary” screen by typing ‘ISSNTMEX’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Clearing Network Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

Network Code Network Prefix

Clearing Code Mask Currency

Clearing System Code Clearing System Proprietary

Records per page 15 1 Of 1 Go Lock Columns 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	Network Code	Network Prefix	Clearing Code Mask	Currency	Clearing System Code	Clearing System Proprietary
----------------------	---------------	--------------	----------------	--------------------	----------	----------------------	-----------------------------

Exit

You can search using the following parameter:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Network Code
- Network Prefix
- Clearing Code Mask
- Currency
- Clearing System Code
- Clearing System Proprietary

Once you have specified the search parameters, click ‘Search’ button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria.

2.24 Clearing Code Maintenance

You can invoke this screen by typing ‘ISDCTMEX’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Clearing Code Maintenance

New Enter Query

Country Code *

Member ID/Clearing Code *

Member ID/Clearing Code Description

Network Code *

Network Description

Bank Name *

Address 1 *

Address 2

Address 3

Address 4

Own Clearing Code

Clearing Code Indicator Yes No

Bank ID code

BIC Code Description

Customer Number

Country Name

Clearing Code Type

Clearing System Proprietary

Clearing system Code

Maker	Checker	Date Time:	Mod No	Record Status	Authorization Status	Status
-------	---------	------------	--------	---------------	----------------------	--------

Exit

Specify the following fields:

Country Code

Specify the Country Code

Member ID/Clearing Code

Specify the Member ID/Clearing Code.

Member ID/Clearing Code Description

Specify the Member ID/Clearing Code Description.

Network Code

Select the Network Code from the LOV.

Network Description

Specify the Network Description.

Bank Name

Specify the Bank Name.

Address 1-4

Specify the Address details.

Own Clearing Code

Select the Own Clearing Code from the LOV.

Clearing Code Indicator

Specify the Clearing Code Indicator from the drop down.

Bank ID code

Select the Bank ID code from the LOV.

BIC Code Description

Specify the BIC Code Description.

Customer Number

Select the Customer Number from the LOV.

Country Name

Specify the Country Name.

Clearing Code Type

Specify the Clearing Code Type.

Clearing System Proprietary

Specify the Clearing System Proprietary details.

Clearing system Code

Specify the Clearing system Code details.

2.24.1 Clearing Code Summary

You can invoke “Clearing Code Summary” screen by typing ‘ISSCTMEX’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Clearing Code Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

Network Code Member ID/Clearing Code

Country Code

Records per page 15 1 Of 1 Go Lock Columns 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	Network Code	Member ID/Clearing Code	Country Code	Member ID/Clearing Code Description	Bank Na
----------------------	---------------	--------------	-------------------------	--------------	-------------------------------------	---------

Exit

You can search using the following parameter:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Network Code
- Country Code
- Member ID/Clearing Code

Once you have specified the search parameters, click ‘Search’ button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria.

2.25 Reporting Parameters Maintenance

You can invoke this screen by typing ‘RPDRPRAM’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Reporting Parameters Maintenance

New Enter Query

Branch * 000

Spool Path

Spool History Path

Time Out

Server Report Path

Maker Date Time: Mod No Record Status

Checker Date Time: Authorization Status

Exit

Specify the following fields:

Branch

The system defaults the Branch.

Spool Path

Specify the Spool Path.

Spool History Path

Specify the Spool History Path.

Time Out

Specify the Time Out period.

Server Report Path

Specify the Server Report Path.

2.25.1 Reporting Parameters Summary

You can invoke “Reporting Parameters Summary” screen by typing ‘RPSRPRAM’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Reporting Parameters Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status Record Status

Branch Spool Path

Time Out Server Report Path

Records per page 15 1 Of 1 Lock Columns 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	Branch	Spool Path	Time Out	Server Report Path
----------------------	---------------	--------	------------	----------	--------------------

You can search using the following parameter:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Branch
- Spool Path
- Time Out
- Server Report Path

Once you have specified the search parameters, click ‘Search’ button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria.

2.26 Integration Parameters Maintenance

You can invoke this screen by typing 'IFDINPRM' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Integration Parameters Maintenance

New Enter Query

Branch Code*
Description

External System*
Description

Offset Transaction Code
Description

Offset Amount Tag
Description

Amount Block Validation Required
Offset Required
Offset Netting Required
Allow Force Post

External User

Service Name	Communication Channel	Communication Mode	Communication Layer	WS Service Name	WS Port	WS Endpoint URL	WS User
--------------	-----------------------	--------------------	---------------------	-----------------	---------	-----------------	---------

Maker
Checker

Date Time:
Date Time:

Mod No

Record Status
Authorization Status

Ok Exit

Specify the following fields:

Branch Code

Select the Branch Code from the LOV.

Description

The system displays the description of the branch.

External System

Select the External System from the LOV.

Description

The system displays the description of the external system.

Offset Transaction Code

Select the Offset Transaction Code from the LOV.

Description

The system displays the description of the Offset Transaction Code.

Offset Amount Tag

Select the Offset Amount Tag from the LOV.

Description

The system displays the description of the Offset Amount Tag.

Amount Block Validation Required

Check this box if Amount Block Validation is required.

Offset Required

Check this box if Offset Required is required.

Offset Netting Required

Check this box if Offset Netting Required is required.

Allow Force Post

Check this box if Allow Force Post is required.

External User

Specify the External User details.

Service Name

Specify the Service Name details.

Communication Channel

Select the Communication Channel from the drop down.

Communication Mode

Select the Communication Mode from the drop down.

Communication Layer

Select the Communication Layer from the drop down.

WS Service Name

Specify the WS Service Name details.

WS Port

Specify the WS Port details.

WS Endpoint URL

Specify the WS Endpoint URL details.

WS User

Specify the WS User details.

2.26.1 Integration Parameters Summary

You can invoke “Integration Parameters Summary” screen by typing ‘IFSINPRM’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Integration Parameters Summary

Search Advanced Search Reset Clear All

Case Sensitive

Authorization Status [dropdown] Record Status [dropdown]

Branch Code [text field] External System [text field]

Records per page: 15 1 Of 1 Go Lock Columns: 0

Authorization Status	Record Status	Branch Code	External System
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Exit

You can search using the following parameter:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Branch Code
- External System

Once you have specified the search parameters, click 'Search' button. The system displays the records that match the search criteria.

3. Function ID Glossary

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