

Oracle Insurance

**Insbridge Enterprise
Rating
Implementation Guide**

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Oracle Insurance Insbridge Enterprise Rating Implementation Guide

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PREFACE

Welcome to the *Oracle Insurance Insbridge Enterprise Rating Implementation Guide*. The Insbridge Enterprise Rating (Insbridge) system is a web-based application with a database backend that can be configured to utilize many different and complex configurations. This guide will assist with the planning and implementation of your Insbridge system.

AUDIENCE

This guide is intended for system administrators, installers, database administrators and others tasked with installing and configuring the Insbridge system and associated databases.

RELATED DOCUMENTS

For more information, refer to the following Oracle resources:

- The Oracle Insurance Insbridge Enterprise Rating Operating Environments for Hardware and Software.
- You can view this guide on-line at this address:

<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/documentation/insurance-097481.html>

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

For minimum operating system and hardware requirements, please see the Oracle Insurance Insbridge Enterprise Rating Operating Environments for Hardware and Software guide.

Manual History

New editions incorporate any updates issued since the previous edition.

Edition	Publication Number	Product Version	Publication Date	Comment
1 st Edition	P01-781-01	V 3.13	December 2009	Initial Release
2 nd Edition	P01-781-02	R 4.0	April 2010	Update Release
3 rd Edition	P01-781-03	R 4.0.1	August 2010	Update Release
4 th Edition	P01-781-04	R 4.1	December 2010	Update Release
5 th Edition	P01-781-05	R 4.5	May 2011	Update Release
6 th Edition	P01-781-06	R 4.5.1	September 2011	Update Release
7 th Edition	P01-781-07	R 4.6	May 2012	Update Release

8 th Edition	P01-781-08	R 4.6.1	November 2012	Update Release
9 th Edition	P01-781-09	R 4.7	September 2013	Update Release
10 th Edition	P01-781-10	R 4.8	August 2014	Update
11 th Edition	P01-791-11	R 4.9	December 2014	Update
12 th Edition	P01-791-12	R 5.0.1	August 2015	
13 th Edition	P01-791-13	R 5.1	December 2015	Update Release
14 th Edition	P01-791-14	R 5.2	July 2016	
15 th Edition	P01-792-15	R 5.4	January 2017	
16 th Edition	P01-792-16	R 5.5	September 2017	
17 th Edition	P01-792-17	R 5.6	August 2018	

PLANNING YOUR INSBRIDGE SYSTEM

Prior to installation, you should have an idea of the type of setup you want to create. If you do not have everything completely planned out, you can still proceed. Environments and machines can be removed or added later on. The Oracle Insurance Insbridge Enterprise Rating system (Insbridge) is expandable and can accommodate a few different configurations.

CLIENT CONFIGURATION SIZING QUESTIONS

The following questions may help you define the usage and demands that will be placed on the Insbridge system. This may also help to get a clearer understanding of all the areas where the Insbridge system may be utilized. Overall, it is very beneficial to get an idea of the anticipated environments, and identify the peak and average activities around rate loading, testing, pricing analytics, and rating before selecting a hardware/software configuration.

RateManager – (Design Tool)

1. How many concurrent users will be accessing the RateManager design-time tool?
2. Will the RateManager MS-SQL Server database be hosted on the same or separate server?
3. In addition to rating implementation, will Insbridge be used for any actuarial activities?
 - What size book of business might be used for Impact Analysis?
 - When will these activities be done?

SoftRater Engine – (n# runtime engines)

1. What is the peak and average production rating engine traffic (number of quotes/policies)?
 - Daily
 - Annual
2. Batch
 - Will there be a nightly batch cycle (for renewals, endorsements, etc.)?
 - If so, what size will the batch cycles be?
 - Is there a time window involved?
3. What do you estimate the program structure to be?
 - Program size
 - Callouts to outside systems

- Controller program with multiple program to program callouts
4. Will you use the .NET or Java SoftRater engine?
 5. What type of database will the SoftRater engine utilize?
 - .NET SoftRater engine- MS SQL Server
 - Java SoftRater engine - Oracle, MS SQL Server or IBM DB2
 6. What application platform will be used for the SoftRater engines?
 - .NET SoftRater engine - Windows
 - Java SoftRater engine - WebLogic, WebSphere or JBoss
 7. If planning to use the Java SoftRater engine:
 - Will there be multiple JVMs per server?
 - Will the JVM(s) be shared with other applications?
 8. Will an N-Tier environment be utilized with a separate database and application server for each SoftRater engine?
 9. How do you plan to interface with the SoftRater Engine (SOAP, HTTP POST or Direct EJB)?
 10. Do you require or plan on clustering?

General –

1. Is the hardware designated for Insbridge exclusive to Insbridge, or will it be shared with other products?
2. What will the testing environment architecture; i.e. will there be DEV, QA, UAT, PROD environments?
3. What is the business process that you need to follow- what users will be creating programs, who will be testing?
4. Approximately how many unique inputs per rating transaction?
5. Approximately how many unique outputs per rating transaction?

NOTE: *It is possible to have RateManager, IBFA/SoftRater for Windows and the MS SQL Server database all reside on the same machine. This configuration is not recommended due to security and performance issues.*

Definitions

Some commonly used terms when installing or using the Oracle Insurance Insbridge Enterprise Rating system:

- **IBER:** Insbridge Enterprise Rating System. Most often referred to as Insbridge. This is the entire system.
- **IBFA:** Insbridge Framework Administrator. IBFA is an administrative tool used to configure Insbridge applications and setup RateManager database connections. IBFA will be located on a Windows Server machine. IBFA/SR-WIN is an Insbridge Framework Administrator/SoftRater for Windows.
- **IBSS:** Insbridge SoftRater Server. IBSS is the administrative tool for the SoftRater engine. The SoftRater engine is a multi-platform component within Insbridge that executes the rules, rating and underwriting instructions as defined by the user in RateManager. IBSS is usually located on a Java machine. IBSS/SR-JAVA is an Insbridge SoftRater Server/SoftRater for Java.
- **SoftRater Node:** A SoftRater node is either an IBFA (without RateManager) or IBSS instance on a physical environment.
- **RM:** RateManager. RateManager is a component within Insbridge that enables users to manage the product definition and modification process, including rating and underwriting logic.
- **SR:** SoftRater. The engine that executes the rating, rules and underwriting instructions defined within RateManager. The rating environment for runtime execution and processing of business content. SoftRater can be further defined by the operating system where it has been loaded.
- **SR-WIN:** SoftRater for Windows. This is also another name for IBFA.
- **SR-JAVA:** SoftRater for Java. This is also another name for IBSS.
- **SRP:** SoftRater Packages. A package that holds all the RateManager logic for a specific program and version.
- **VFS:** Virtual File Servers. Virtual file server management allows you to access environments that are located on other machines in different locations where packages can be downloaded.
- **Package Location:** A pointer to a location where SoftRater Packages (SRP's) are stored.
- **Physical Environment:** A physical environment is generally referred to as a physical machine.
- **Authoring Environment:** The physical machine where RateManager is installed.
- **Rating Environment:** The physical machine(s) where SoftRater is installed. This is typically the same as a SoftRater node.
- **Logical Environment:** An environment created for a subscriber in IBFA. It defines package location, engine location and database location in addition to several other supporting data items. This environment is used for rating and/or SRP management. Each database connection will have a logical environment.

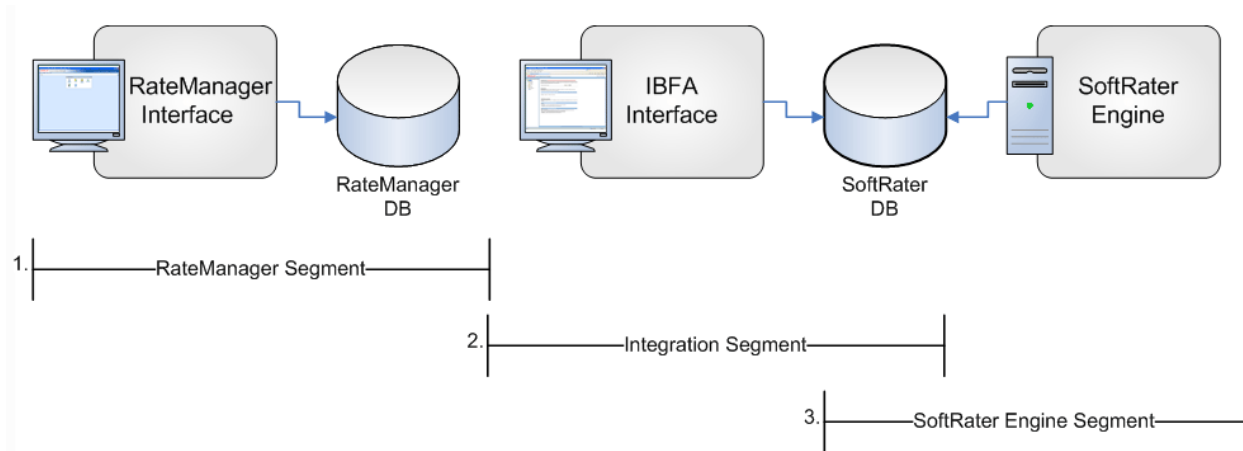
Chapter 2

CONFIGURATIONS

There is more than one possible combination of RateManager, IBFA/SoftRater for Windows and/or IBSS/SoftRater for Java that can be implemented. There is also more than one possible database to utilize; Oracle 11g, Oracle 10g, Oracle XE, IBM DB2, and/or MS SQL Server. This flexibility allows you to create as many environments as you need to the configuration that best fits your business.

Configuration Segments

The Insbridge system can be divided into three configuration segments.



Segment 1 is the **RateManager Segment**. This segment is where the authoring environment, RateManager, is located. RateManager users are the internal users of the system; product managers, actuaries, and business analysts, rate loaders, etc. This does not include agents or consumers.

Segment 2 is the **Integration Segment**. This segment is where the IBFA Interface resides. IBFA is a component within the Insbridge System that enables administrators to configure RateManager and SoftRater. The IBFA interface overlaps slightly with the run-time engines, SoftRater. This segment may contain one or more SoftRater engines.

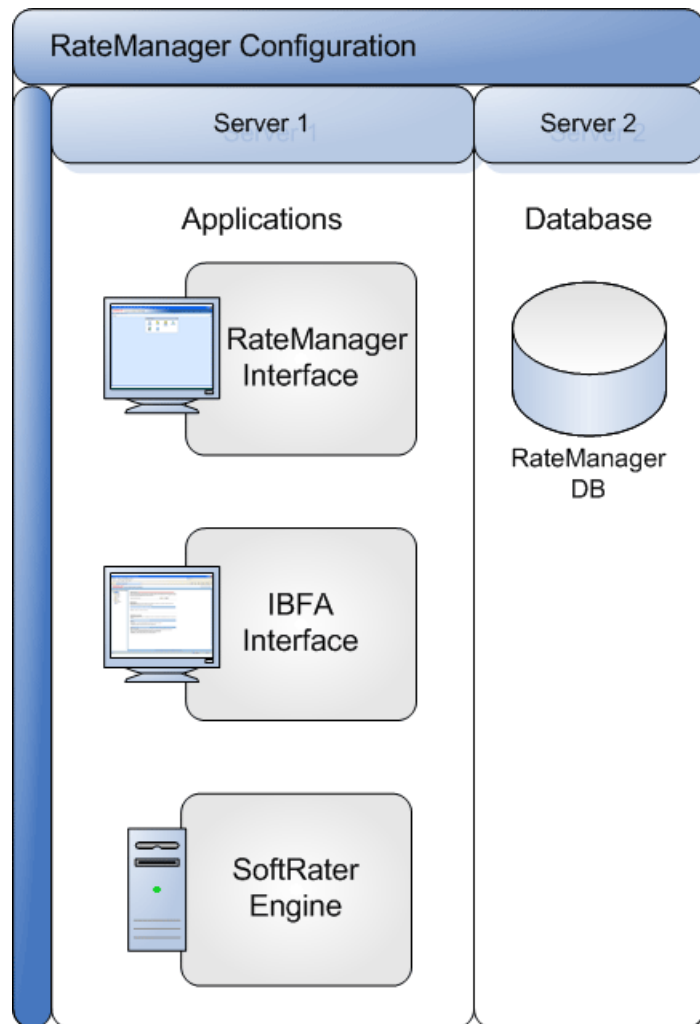
Segment 3 is the **SoftRater Engine Segment**. This segment is where the run-time engines, SoftRater, are located. The SoftRater configuration should be determined by simultaneous traffic, both from online transactions as well as batch rating cycles. This segment may also contain one or more SoftRater engines.

RateManager Configuration

The RateManager segment has a very straightforward configuration consisting of two machines:

- Server 1 holds the applications
- Server 2 holds the database

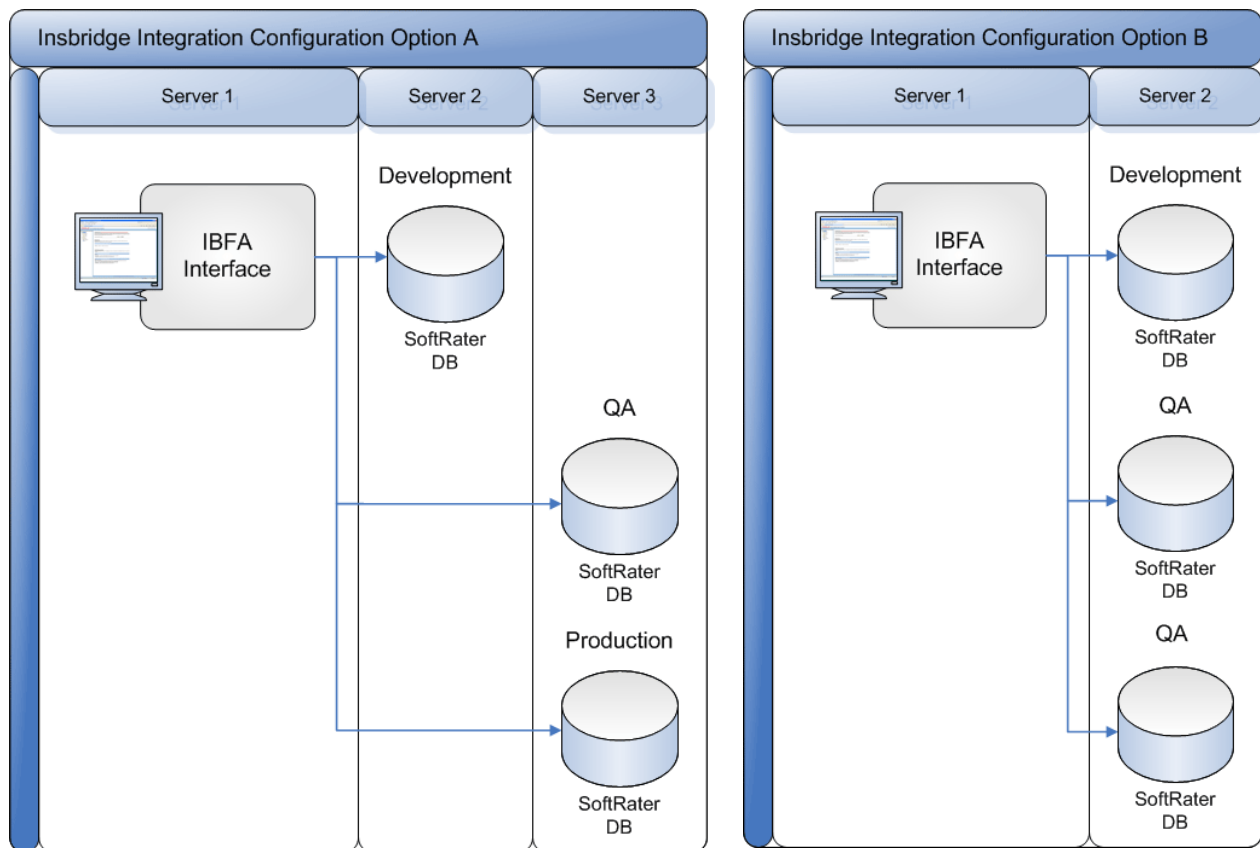
This is a very common configuration for Insbridge customers.



Integration Configuration Options

IBFA is used to migrate content as an SRP from RateManager to the SoftRater database. There are numerous configurations that can be used to accommodate content deployment.

IBFA must reside on the same server as RateManager.



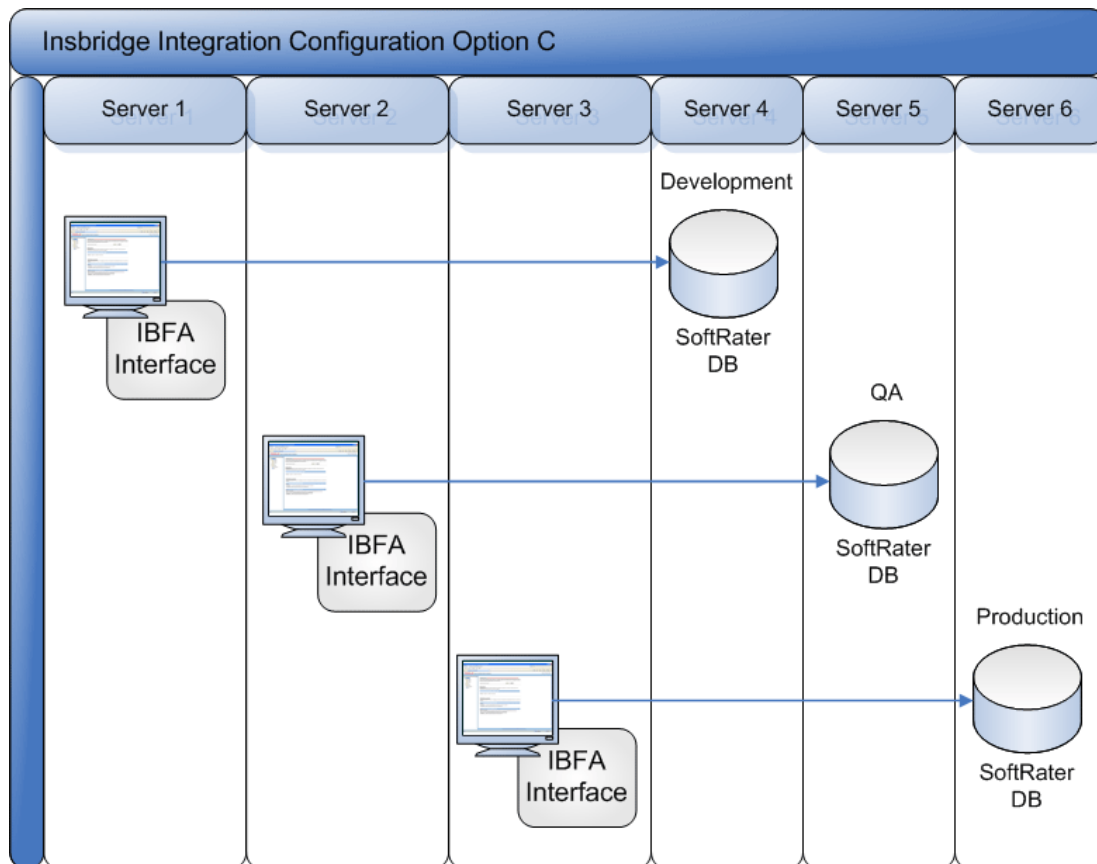
In **Option A**, three servers are used:

- Server 1 holds the IBFA instance. This is the server where RateManager also would be located.
- Server 2 holds the Development database
- Server 3 holds the QA and Production databases

Placing QA and Production together will allow for true QA standards.

In **Option B**, two servers are used:

- Server 1 holds the IBFA instance. This is the server where RateManager also would be located.
- Server 2 holds all the databases

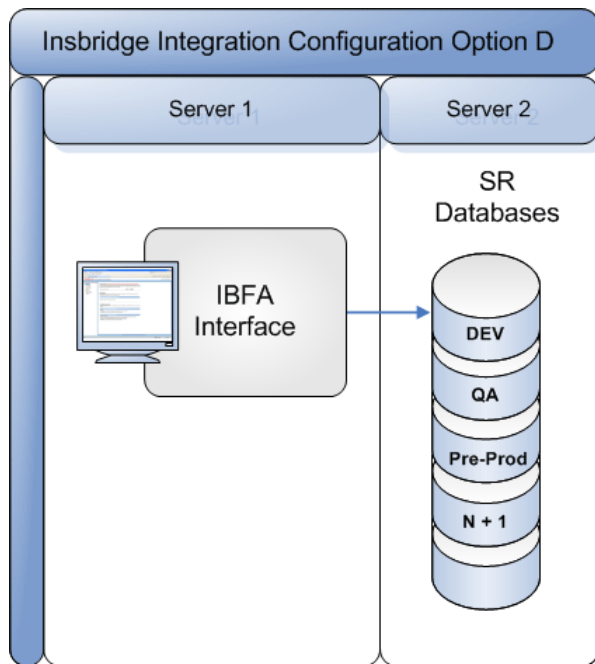


In **Option C**, six servers are used:

- Server 1 holds an IBFA instance. This is the server where RateManager also would be located.
- Server 2 holds an IBFA/IBSS for Windows instance
- Server 3 holds an IBFA/IBSS for Windows instance
- Server 4 holds the Development database
- Server 5 holds the QA database
- Server 6 holds the Production database

Servers 2 and 3 would be mirror images of each other to allow for true QA standards.

Servers 5 and 6 would be mirror images of each other to allow for true QA standards.



In **Option D**, two servers are used:

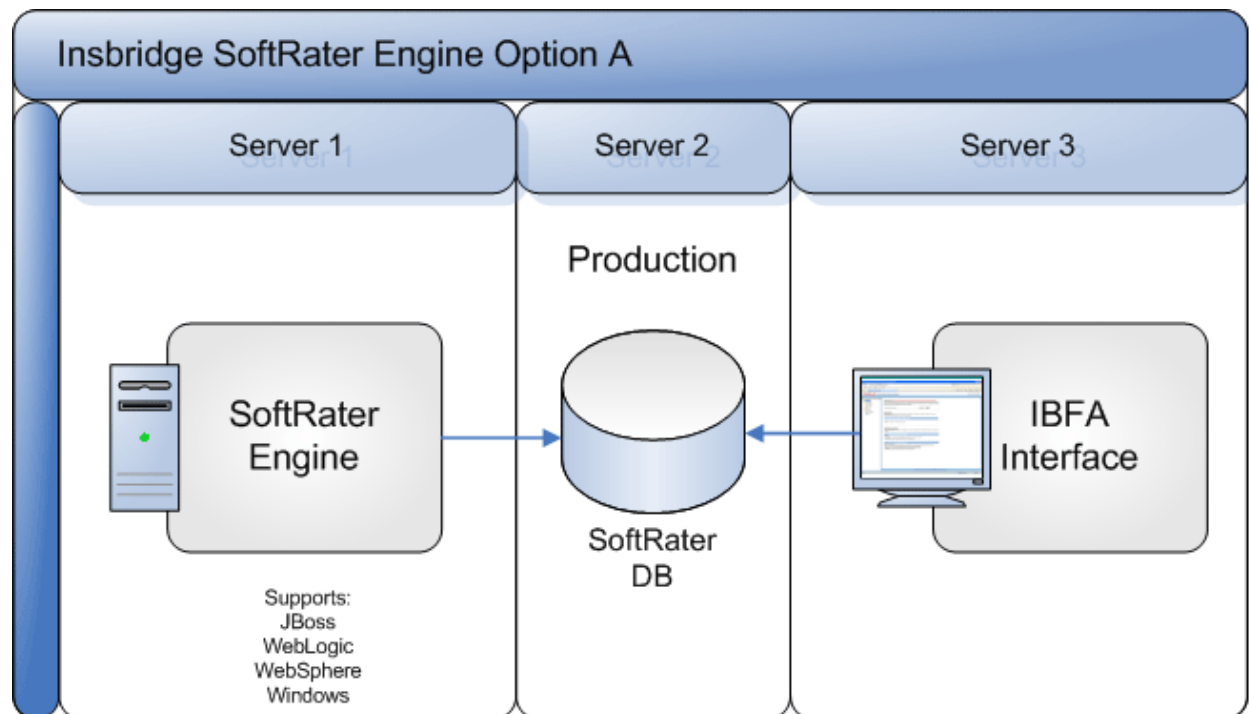
- Server 1 holds the IBFA instance. This is the server where RateManager also would be located.
- Server 2 holds all the databases. One database can be used to house all SoftRater database schema instances.

SoftRater Configuration Options

The SoftRater engine can be implemented in a number of configurations to meet various business performance needs.

The SoftRater engine can be duplicated numerous times to form an engine farm. The SoftRater database also can be duplicated numerous times to enable x number of engines to be running.

When multiple SoftRater database instances are configured, the exact data content must be loaded to all database instances.

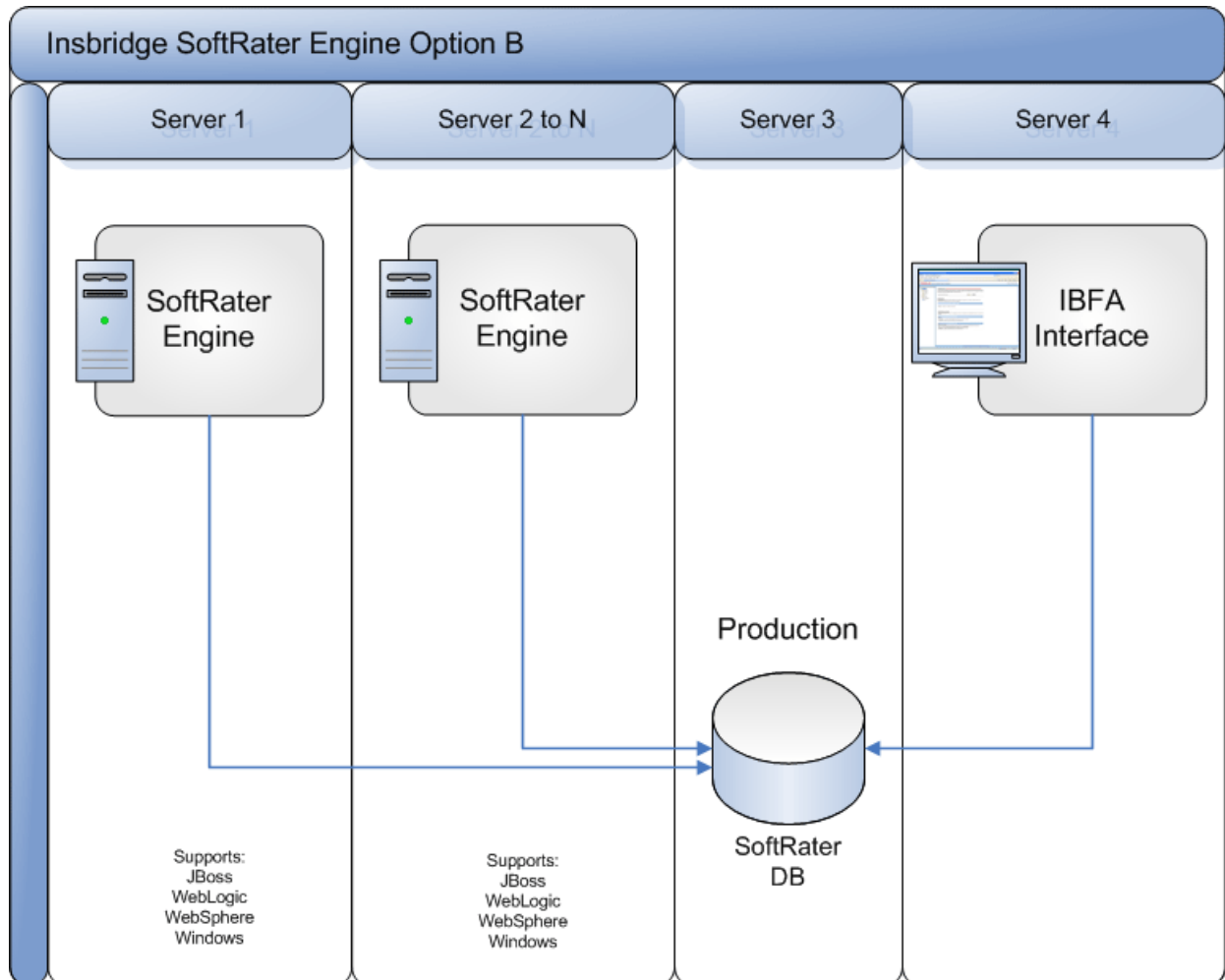


In **Option A**, three servers are used:

- Server 1 holds the SoftRater Engine
- Server 2 holds the Production database
- Server 3 holds the IBFA instance. This is the server where RateManager also would be located.

In Option B, the SoftRater engine is running multiple instances and accessing a single SoftRater database. 1 to N instances of the SoftRater engine can be deployed in a farm configuration for load balancing.

This configuration also can be leveraged in Development and QA environments, not just Production.



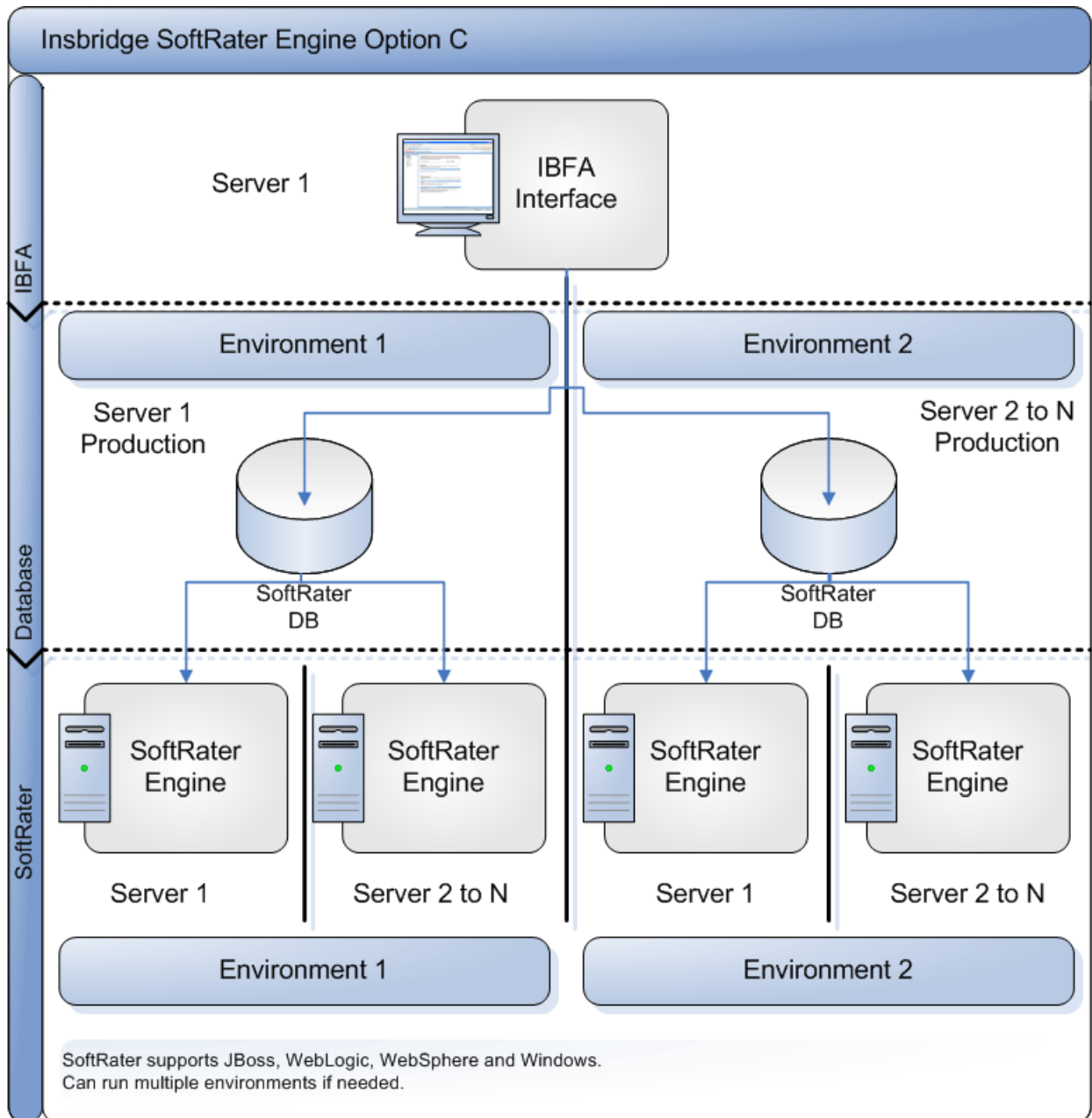
In **Option B**, four servers are used:

- Server 1 holds the SoftRater Engine
- Server 2 also holds a SoftRater Engine
- Server 3 holds the Production database that each SoftRater Engine accesses.
- Server 4 holds the IBFA instance. This is the server where RateManager also would be located.

In Option C, the SoftRater engine is running multiple instances and accessing a single SoftRater database. 1 to N instances of the SoftRater engine and 1 to N instance of the SoftRater database can be deployed in a farm type configuration for load balancing.

The SoftRater database instance content must be identical in this configuration.

The SoftRater engine can run multiple environments at one time.



In **Option C**, there are a total of seven servers:

- There is one server at the IBFA level:

- Server 1 holds an IBFA instance. This is the server where RateManager also would be located.
- There are two servers at the Database level:
 - Server 1 holds the Production database for Environment 1
 - Server 2 to N holds the Production database(s) for Environment 2
- There are four servers at the SoftRater level:
 - Server 1 holds a SoftRater Engine for Environment 1
 - Server 2 to N holds SoftRater engine(s) for Environment 1
 - Server 1 holds a SoftRater Engine for Environment 2
 - Server 2 to N holds SoftRater engine(s) for Environment 2

CLUSTERED ENVIRONMENTS

IBSS allows for clustered environments. A clustered environment is where multiple instances of IBSS are created on one or more servers of the same type, sharing the same configuration file. The benefits to a cluster are that all instances in the cluster work together to provide high availability, reliability, scalability and increased performance.

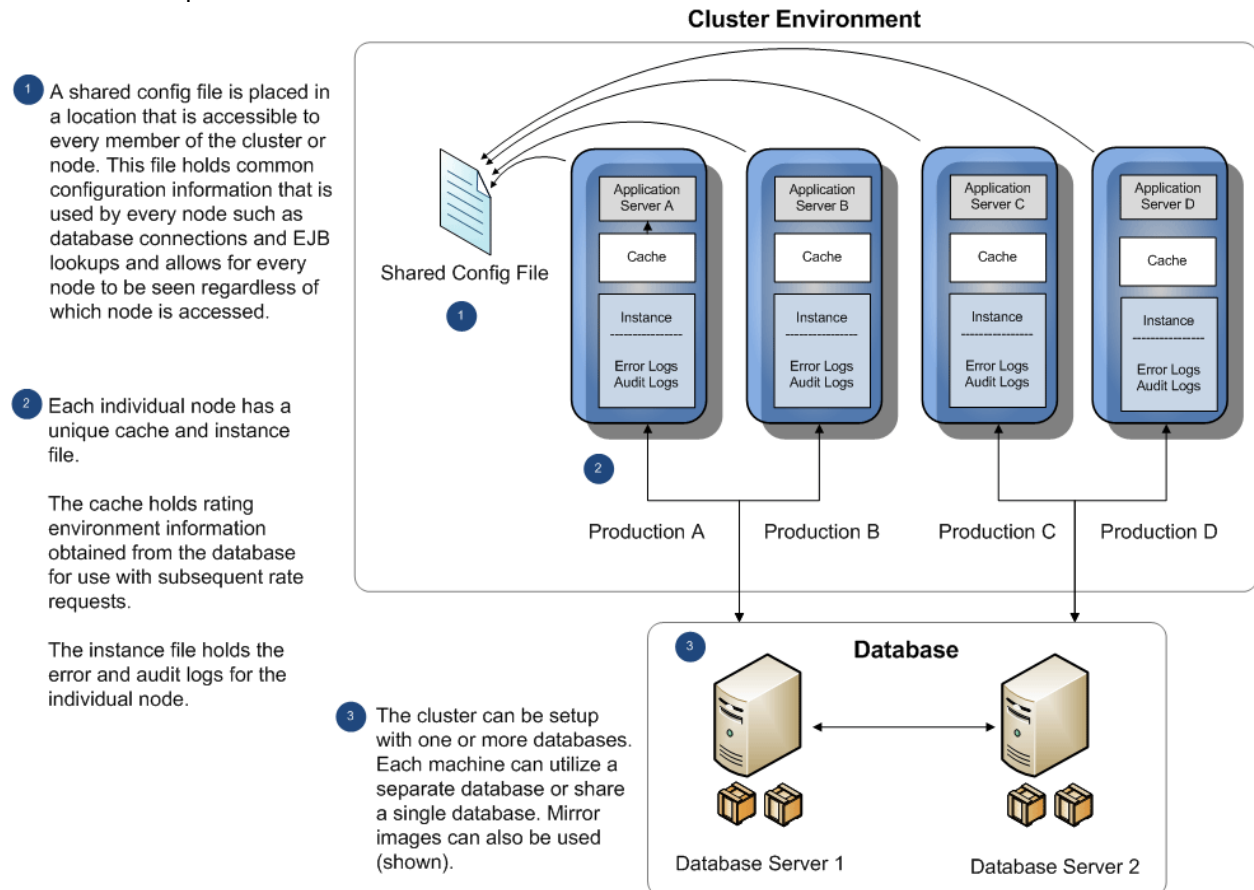


Figure 1 IBSS Cluster

Shared Information in an IBSS Cluster

Clusters in IBSS share common information and common features but each individual instance holds unique cache and log files. The common information includes the config.xml file, database environments, and SoftLibraries. This allows for information that is shared to be consistent throughout the IBSS cluster. For example, if you make a change to a database environment, the config.xml file gets updated. Since every IBSS instance in the cluster has access to the updated config.xml file, every instance is updated. Likewise if you make an update to a SoftLibrary, you do not need to update every IBSS instance. You can do one update. All IBSS instances have access to the updated SoftLibrary.

When you set up a cluster, each individual IBSS deployment is entered as a node. Each node has an IBSS home page. As part of a cluster, each node is presented on each IBSS home. It does not matter

from where you enter the environment or subscriber information. Each node shares the same configuration file so each node sees the same information.

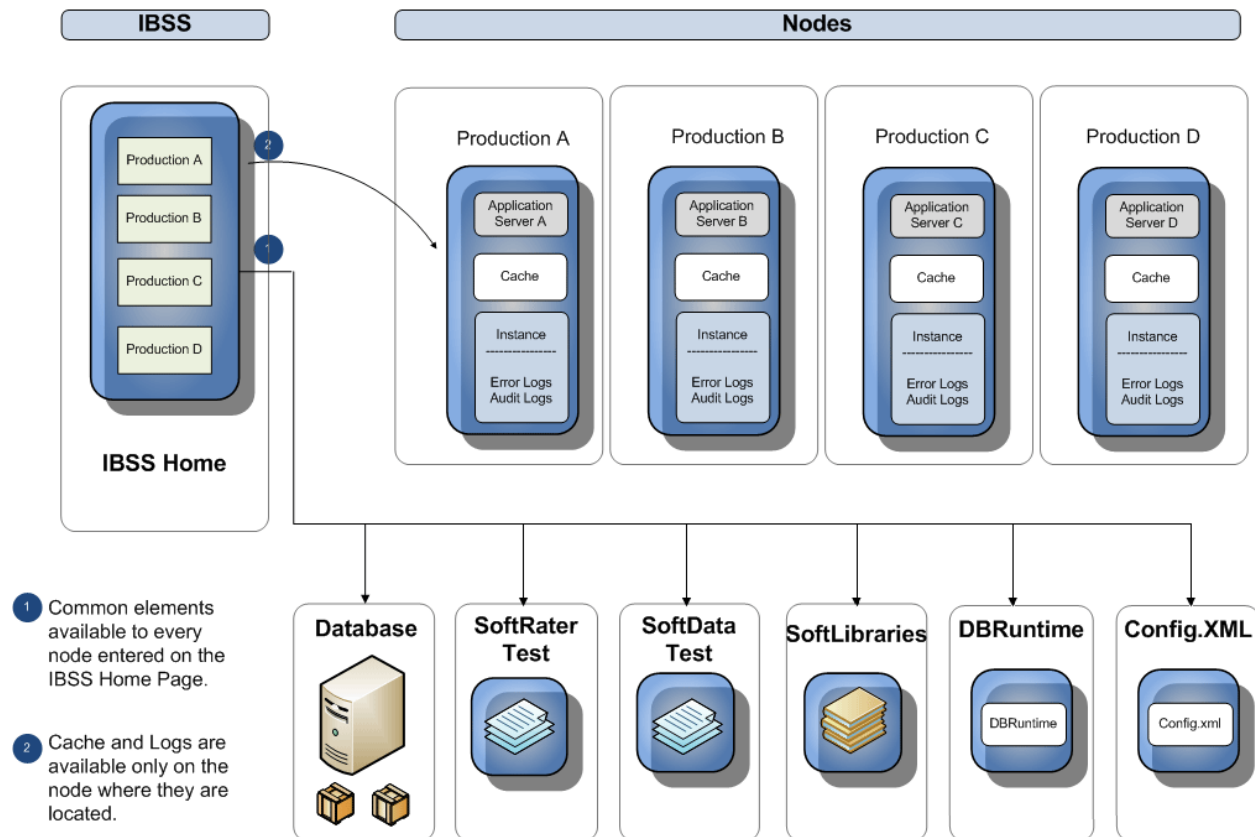


Figure 2 Shared Information in an IBSS Cluster

Once nodes are created in the IBSS cluster, SoftRater and SoftData can utilize any node for testing. For example, if you wanted to test a SoftData call on node A, you would select node A from the node option on the SoftRater Test Interface page. You would not have to enter the node A IBSS instance and perform the test from there. You can test from any node in the cluster. If you then wanted to test node B, you would select node B from the option. You would not have to enter the node B IBSS instance.

The areas that are unique to each node in the cluster are cache and Instance files. Cache holds the rating environment information obtained from the database. This information is used in subsequent rate requests. Cache can be purged across all members of the cluster or only for the selected node.

Another area unique to each node is the Instance file. The Instance file holds error and audit logs for each member of the cluster. These logs are unique to the instance and no information is shared. Individual error and audit logs can assist when debugging issues. You can see the actions performed by each IBSS instance without having to sort through logs that do not refer to the node in question.

Clusters Created in IBSS

Any SoftRater for Java engine (WebLogic, WebSphere, or JBoss) can utilize clustering. The actual setup of a cluster on the application server is up to the discretion of the installer, but there are a few requirements for a cluster such as each instance points to the same configuration file and that all

instances must be of the same application server type. Once the cluster has been created, the installer will need to provide the server host(s) and the port(s) used along with any database information.

You create a cluster in IBSS by entering any IBSS instance and entering the subscriber, node, and environment information. A cluster can consist of one or more instances. The next step is to enter the cluster in IBFA.

Standalone Instances

It is possible to have multiple IBSS instances that are not part of a cluster. These standalone instances will each have their own config file and cannot be managed from a common instance because there is no shared config file. This means that every standalone IBSS instance would require subscriber, environment, and node information to be entered. This is not the recommended setup.

Chapter 3

ENVIRONMENTS

There are different types of environments in the Insbridge system.

Authoring Environment

The authoring environment is the physical machine where RateManager is installed. This machine must be a Windows Server machine and must utilize a MS SQL Server database.

Although it is possible to have more than one authoring environment, it is best practice to have only one authoring environment.

Rating Environments

The rating environments are comprised of the physical machines where SoftRater is installed. There are typically multiple rating environments set up for deployment; Quality Assurance (QA), Production, etc.

Logical Environments

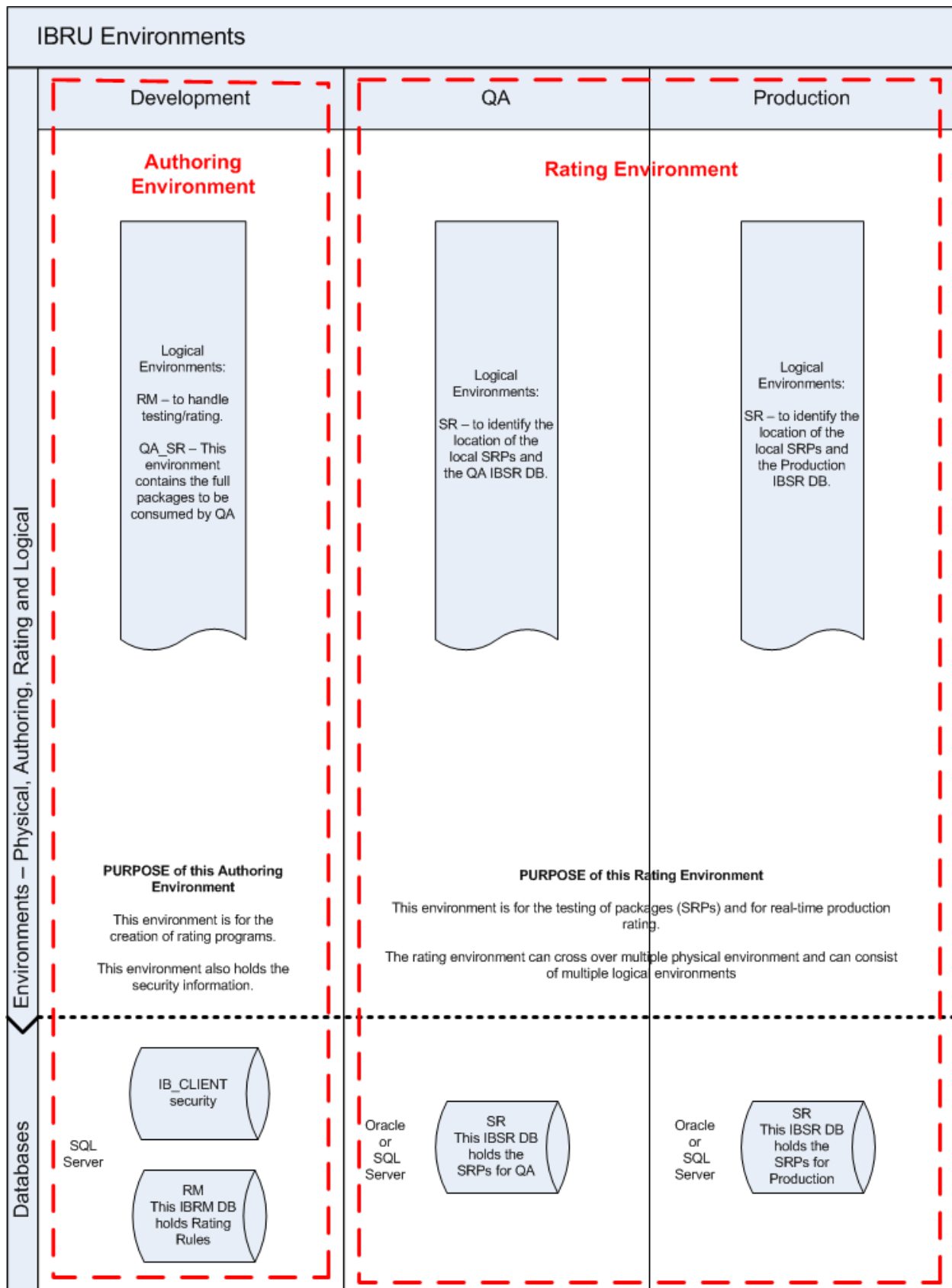
A logical environment is an environment created for a subscriber in IBFA or IBSS. This environment is used for rating and/or SoftRater package (SRP) management. The logical environment defines package location, engine location and database location in addition to several other supporting data items.

When you create logical environments, you enter the package storage locations. These are the system folders where SoftRater packages (SRP) are stored. When an SRP is created, the file is stored in the folder location configured in the environment that the package was created for.

When a program is ready to go from development to the QA environment, the SRP will be placed in the folder location that was designated for the logical environment selected. An SRP can be copied from one logical environment to another from the SRP listing screen in IBFA. SRPs can also be copied from a different physical machine (that has IBFA installed) by creating a Virtual File Server.

In a Java environment, the rating environment IBFA will handle the copying and loading. No Virtual File Server will be created. IBFA does the package management and migration. This can only be performed by IBFA. Java environments are for rating only.

You can create as many logical environments as you want to manage. Common logical environments include one for the RateManager (authoring) environment and multiple SoftRater (rating) environments.



Physical Environments

One of the main considerations for a configuration is how the physical environments will be utilized. A physical environment generally refers to a physical machine where a specific activity is performed. For example, a physical environment called development could be created where users only create rating programs. Another physical environment called QA could be where users only test programs. There is no limit to the number of physical environments you can have.

It is best practice to have three physical environments be setup; one for development, one for testing or quality assurance (QA) and one for production.

- **Development** – this environment holds RM and an IBFA instance on the same Windows Server machine and will utilize a MS SQL Server database. This environment is used for the creation of rating and underwriting logic. Once development is complete, SRPs will be copied into a QA environment.
- **QA** – this environment can contain either an IBFA instance or an IBSS instance, depending upon the database and machine to be used. If a Windows machine is used, an IBFA instance will be installed. If a Java machine is used, an IBSS instance will be installed. This environment is most often used for the testing of SRPs prior to being placed into Production. Once testing is complete, SRPs will be copied to production.
- **Production** – this environment can contain either an IBFA instance or an IBSS instance, depending upon the database and machine to be used. If a Windows machine is used, an IBFA instance will be installed. If a Java machine is used, an IBSS instance will be installed. This environment is most often used for rating.

PACKAGE MIGRATION

Each environment type handles packages.

- The Authoring environment is where RateManager programs become RateManager packages and then SoftRater packages.
- The Integration environment is where SoftRater packages are loaded into the appropriate rating or SoftRater environment.
- The Rating or SoftRater environment is where rating takes place. When rate requests are sent through, this is the environment that handles the request. This may also be called the Production environment. The rating environment may consist of one or more SoftRater engines.

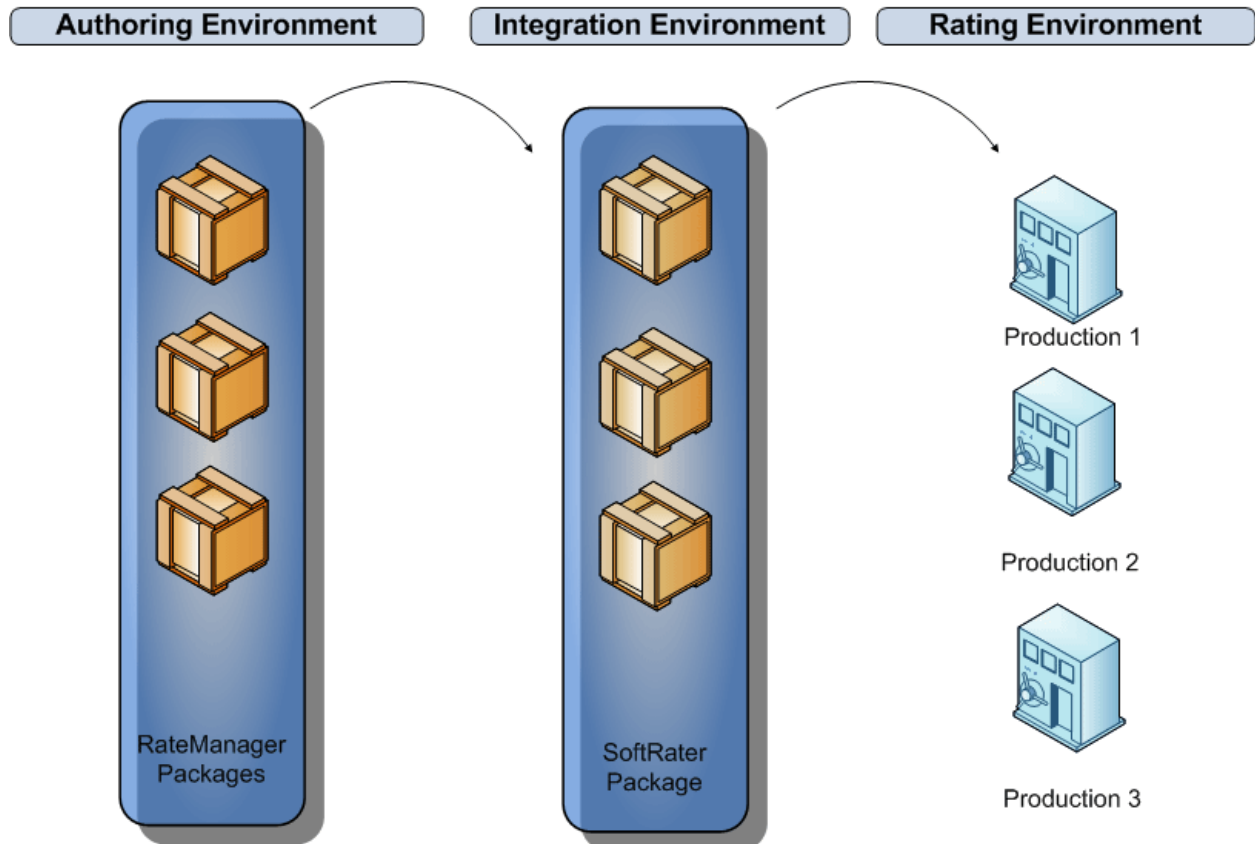


Figure 3 Package Migration

Package start in the authoring environment, move through the integration environment and in to the rating environment.

The Program to Package Process

All packages start off as programs.

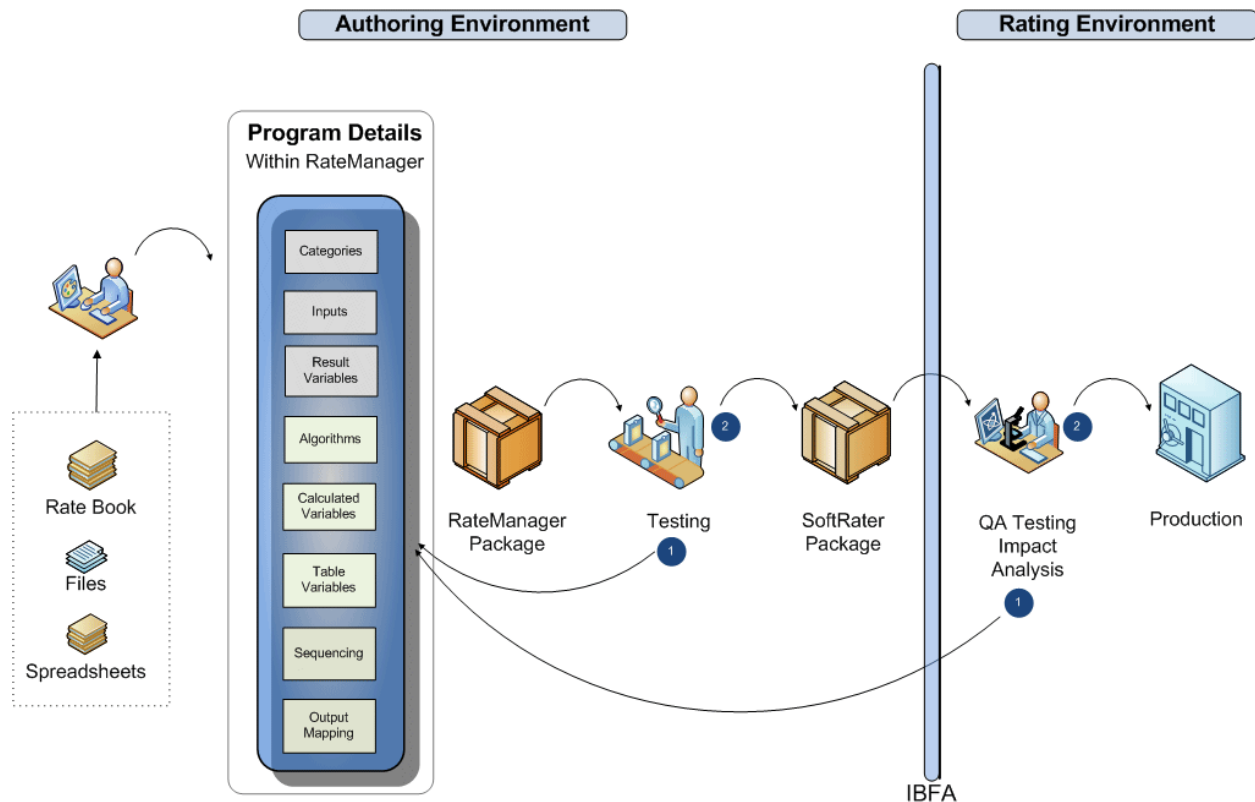


Figure 4 The Process of Program to Package

Authoring Environment

To create a package, you begin by creating a program in the Authoring Environment. The process can be broken down into three phases:

Design Phase: Gathering Rating Materials: Prior to creating a program, users should gather rating materials to use for reference. Having data files and spreadsheets can help determine what calculations are needed and what the desired rating results should be.

Build Phase: Creating a Program: Programs are created and managed in RateManager.

The Program Details tab holds the elements of a program. Programs are comprised of various elements that perform the calculations needed to return the desired results.

When the program is ready, a RateManager package is created. A RateManager package is available only in the authoring environment.

Testing Phase: Programs should be tested in RateManager prior to being deployed in a Rating or SoftRater environment. Testing allows users to verify their program elements, and calculations. At the completion of testing, users can:

1. **Return to RateManager.** If required, a program can have additional edits made or a new version created. After the edits have been done, the program needs to be packaged again. The updated package is now available to be retested.
2. **Deploy to a SoftRater environment.** If the program is returning the desired rating results and no other changes are needed, a SoftRater package can be created.

Rating Environment

When a SoftRater package is created, it enters the Integration environment, IBFA. Users must load the SoftRater packages in to a Rating or SoftRater environment from IBFA. The package should be thoroughly tested before being made available for rating. In the Rating environment, two phases can be performed:

Testing Phase: Programs should be tested in a true QA environment prior to being deployed in Production. The QA environment should mirror the Production environment exactly. Testing in a true QA environment allows users to see the exact results that will be returned to customers. Testing can be performed on the Impact Analysis tab in RateManager. At the completion of testing, users can:

- a. **Return to RateManager.** If required, a program can have additional edits made or a new version created. After the edits have been done, the program needs to be packaged again. The updated package is now available to be retested. Returning to RateManager does not require any IBFA action to be performed.
- b. **Deploy to Production.** If the program is returning the desired rating results and no other changes are needed, the package can be loaded to a Production environment.

Production Phase: Production is where rating will take place. When a rate request is sent down, the package(s) in Production are used. Production cannot be edited and will remain in place until deleted or an updated package is loaded.

Chapter 5

WINDOWS ONLY ENVIRONMENT

This example has three physical environments each with its own application machine and database machine. It is possible to put all MS SQL Server databases on one database machine or divide over two machines. If you select to use one or two MS SQL Server database machines, clear and precise naming of the associated databases is recommended.

RateManager and IBFA must run on a Windows Server machine. No other operating system will be required. RateManager will be installed on the Development machine only.

NOTE: *While it is possible to have RateManager, IBFA and the database server all on the same machine, it is not recommended due to performance and security issues. This option will not be discussed in this document.*

THE SETUP

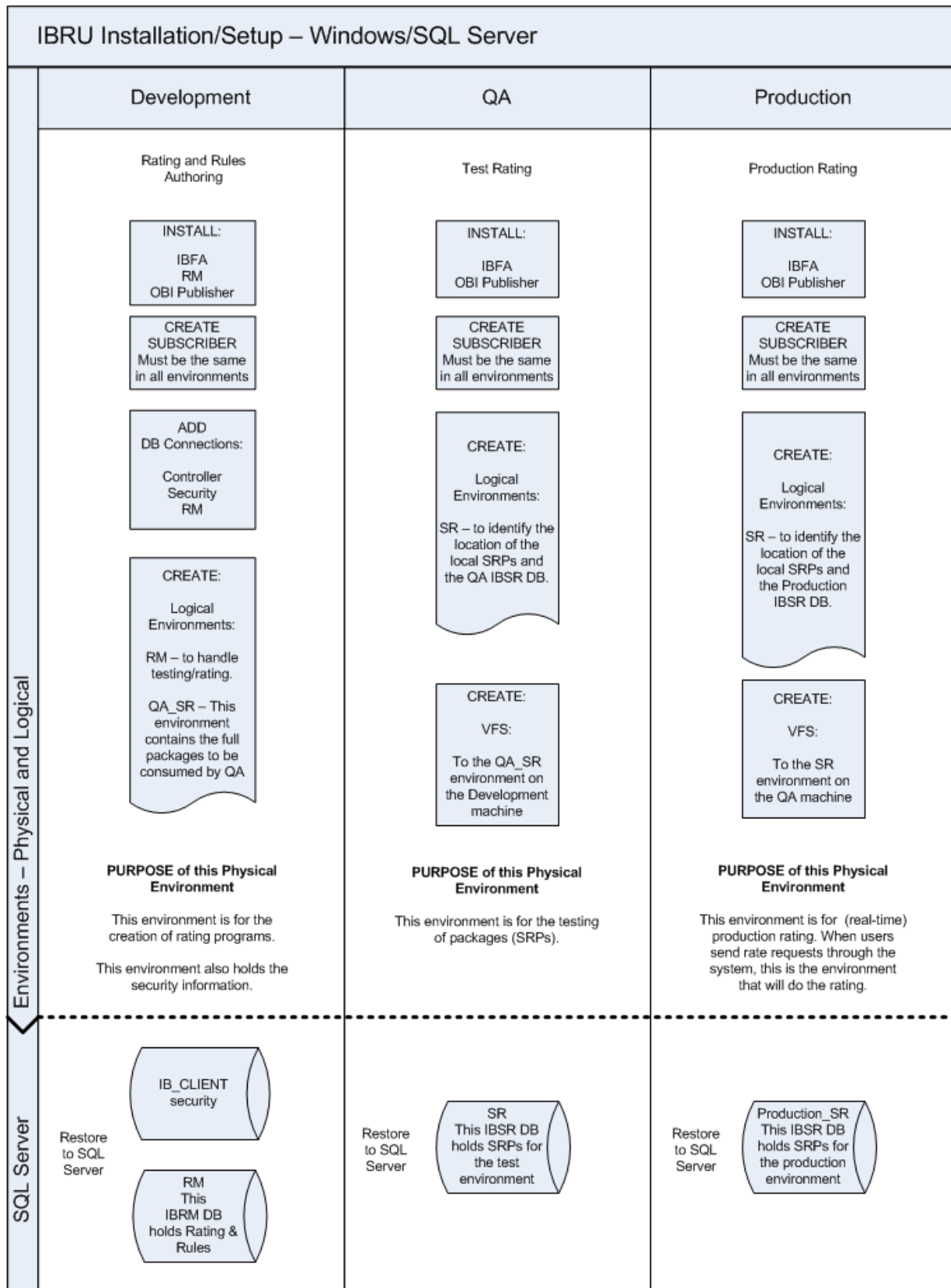
1. All three instances of IBFA will need to be configured the same.
2. In the **Development** environment:
 - a. RateManager and IBFA/SR-WIN would be located on the same Windows machine.
 - b. OBI Publisher is installed for reports to be created.
 - c. On the IBFA/SR-WIN for this environment, three database connections would be created (RM, Security and Controller) and two logical environments would be created.
 - d. Two databases would be attached to a separate MS SQL Server machine.
3. In the **QA** environment:
 - a. IBFA/SR-WIN would be located on a Windows machine.
 - b. OBI Publisher is installed for reports to be created.
 - c. On the IBFA/SR-WIN for this environment, one logical environment and one virtual file server would be created.
 - d. One database would be attached to a separate MSSQL Server machine.
4. In the **Production** environment:
 - a. IBFA/SR-WIN would be located on a Windows machine.
 - b. OBI Publisher is installed for reports to be created.
 - c. On the IBFA/SR-WIN for this environment, one logical environment and one virtual file server would be created.
 - d. One database would be attached to a separate MS SQL Server machine.

You can add another environment if necessary. For example, if you wanted to create a training environment or a second level of testing, you could add these environments in where you wanted.

There are other combinations of application servers and databases that you can use. Please contact your Insbridge representative for more information on the configuration that you would like to have.

NOTE: *The names used in the logical environments are for example only. You should name your environments according to your company's standards.*

Example



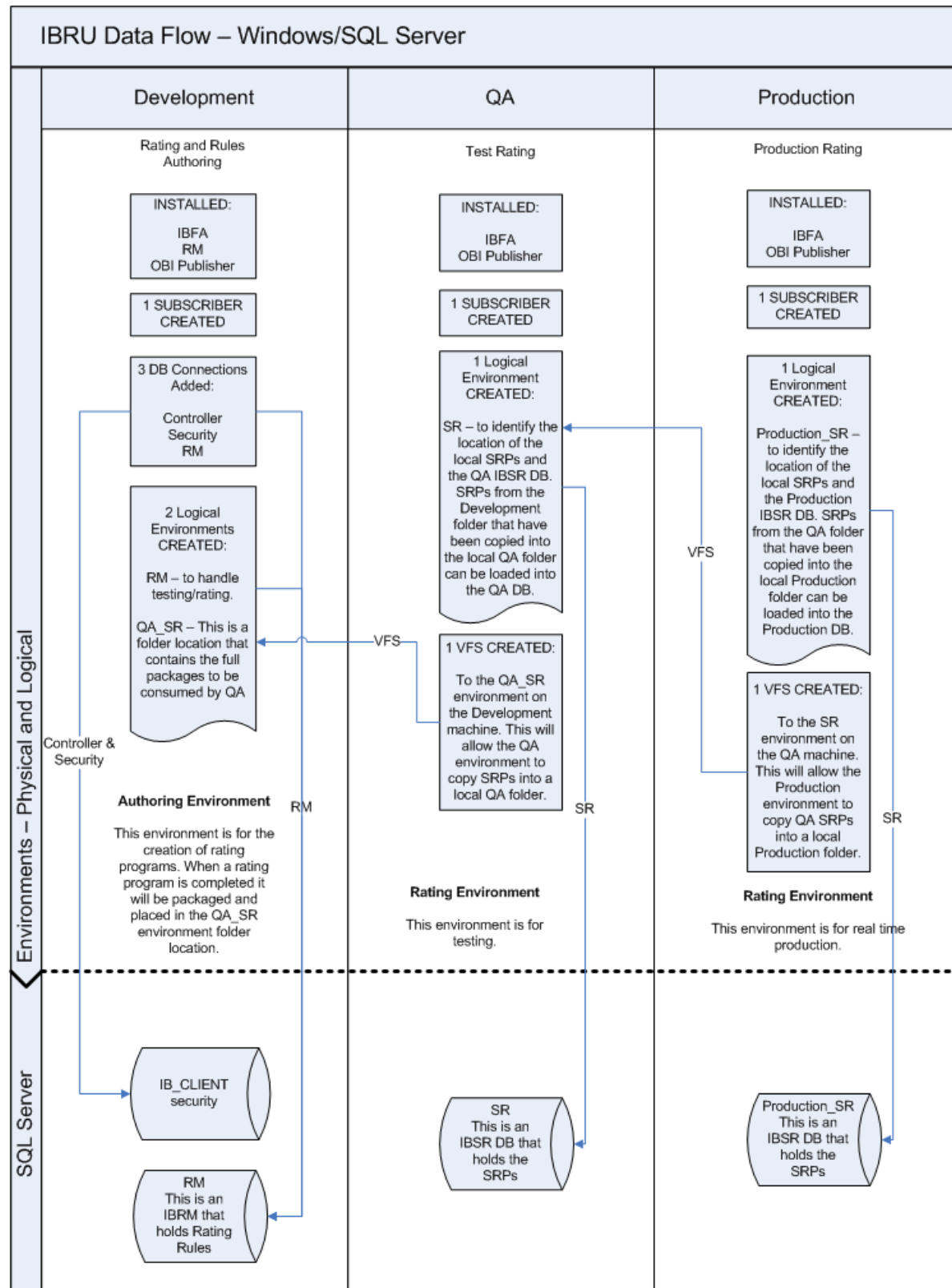
PACKAGE MANAGEMENT

The way SRPs move in a Windows only environment is from Development to QA to Production. Each environment will have an IBFA to manage SRPs.

1. All three application machines would use the same subscriber ID. The subscriber ID must be uniform across all environments in order for each environment to consume the previous environments SRPs.
2. In the **Development** environment:
 - a. A client database, a security database and a RateManager database connection would be created. The client and security databases will allow users to login. The RateManager database will hold the rating and rules logic used in SRPs.
 - b. A RateManager logical environment and a QA_SR logical environment would be created. The RateManager logical environment will allow for local rating to be performed in this environment. The QA_SR logical environment will be used as a holding site for SoftRater (full) SRPs. SRPs that are ready to be copied over to the QA environment for testing will be stored here.
3. In the **QA** environment:
 - a. One logical environment would be created here to identify the location of the RateManager (local) SRPs and the QA IBSR DB.
 - b. One virtual file server would be created to copy the SRPs from the Development folder on to the local QA folder. These SRPs would be loaded into the QA DB.
4. In the **Production** environment:
 - a. One logical environment would be created here to identify the location of the RateManager (local) SRPs and the Production IBSR DB.
 - b. One virtual file server would be created to copy the SRPs from the QA folder on to the local Production folder. These SRPs would be loaded into the Production DB.
 - c. This environment would be used for real time production rating.

NOTE: *The names used in the logical environments are for example only. You should name your environments according to your company's standards.*

Example



A WINDOWS/JAVA/ORACLE ENVIRONMENT

The Windows/Java environment utilizing an Oracle database example will be displayed by machine and contains 3 application servers and 2 database servers. There are still three environments; development, QA and Production. The Oracle database server will contain two separate databases. Clear and precise naming of the associated databases is recommended.

SoftRater can be run on a non-Windows machine if a compatible application server platform such as WebLogic, WebSphere, or JBoss is running as well. If a non-Windows machine is used for SoftRater, you will need to download a Java version of SoftRater from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud. The Java version of SoftRater will need to be loaded onto the machine with the compatible application server platform.

The Oracle database can be setup after the subscriber has been created and proper permissions have been granted.

THE SETUP

1. The **Development** environment:
 - a. Contains one Windows Server app server and one separate MS SQL Server database.
 - b. RateManager and IBFA/SR-WIN would be located on the same Windows machine.
RateManager and IBFA must run on a Windows Server machine.
 - c. OBI Publisher is installed for reports to be created.
 - d. The subscriber ID would be created here.
 - e. On the IBFA/SR-WIN for this environment, three database connections would be created and three logical environments would be created.
 - f. The Oracle client would be run on the Windows machine.
 - g. Two databases would be attached to the MS SQL Server machine.
2. The **QA** environment:
 - a. Contains one JAVA application server with WebLogic, WebSphere or JBoss installed and running. There is one separate Oracle database server that will be shared between QA and Production.
 - b. IBSS/SR-JAVA would be loaded on the JAVA machine.
 - c. On the IBSS/SR-JAVA for this environment, one logical environment would be created.
 - d. One QA database would be created on the Oracle machine.
3. The **Production** environment:
 - a. Contains one JAVA application server with WebLogic, WebSphere or JBoss installed and running. There is one separate Oracle database server that will be shared between QA and Production.
 - b. IBSS/SR-JAVA would be loaded on the JAVA machine.
 - c. On the IBSS/SR-JAVA for this environment, one logical environment would be created.
 - d. One PRODUCTION database would be created on the Oracle machine.
4. The **Oracle** Server:
 - a. Requires that the Oracle DBA run have permissions so tables can be created.

Example

IBRU Installation/Setup – Windows/JAVA Incorporating an Oracle DB				
Development Windows	SQL	Oracle	QA Java	Production Java
Rating and Rules Authoring	Required SQL DB	DB for SRPs	Test Rating	Production Rating
<div>INSTALL: IBFA RM OBI Publisher</div>		<div>RUN: DDLs</div>	<div>INSTALL: IBSS</div>	<div>INSTALL: IBSS</div>
<div>RUN: Oracle client</div>		<div>CREATE: DT table for each LOB:</div>	<div>CREATE: Logical Environments: SR – to identify IBSR DB and location.</div>	<div>CREATE: Logical Environments: Production – to identify the IBSR DB and location.</div>
<div>CREATE SUBSCRIBER</div>				
<div>ADD DB Connections: Controller Security RM</div>	<div>RESTORE: IB_CLIENT security</div>			
<div>CREATE: Logical Environments: RM – to handle testing/rating. QA_SR – This environment contains the full packages to be loaded to the QA DB. Production SR – This environment contains the full packages to be loaded to the Production DB.</div>	<div>RESTORE: RM Rating/Rules</div>	<div>CREATE: SR - the IBSR DB for QA</div>		
		<div>CREATE: Production - the IBSR DB for Production</div>		
<div>PURPOSE For setting up this Physical Environment This environment is for the creation of rating programs and management of the SRPs..</div>	<div>PURPOSE For setting up this Physical Environment SQL Server is required for RM and IB_CLIENT. The SQL Server should be on a separate machine. These DBs will connect to the Development environment or the environment that contains RateManager.</div>	<div>PURPOSE For setting up this Physical Environment The Oracle DB will hold the SRPs for the QA and Production environment.</div>	<div>PURPOSE For setting up this Physical Environment This environment is for the testing of packages (SRPs).</div>	<div>PURPOSE For setting up this Physical Environment This environment is for (real-time) production rating. When users send rate requests through the system, this is the environment that will do the rating.</div>

This is a basic Windows/Java utilizing an Oracle database setup. It is possible to create more than three environments or use fewer than three. There are many combinations of platforms, databases and environments that can be used. Please contact your Insbridge representative for more information on the configuration that you would like to have.

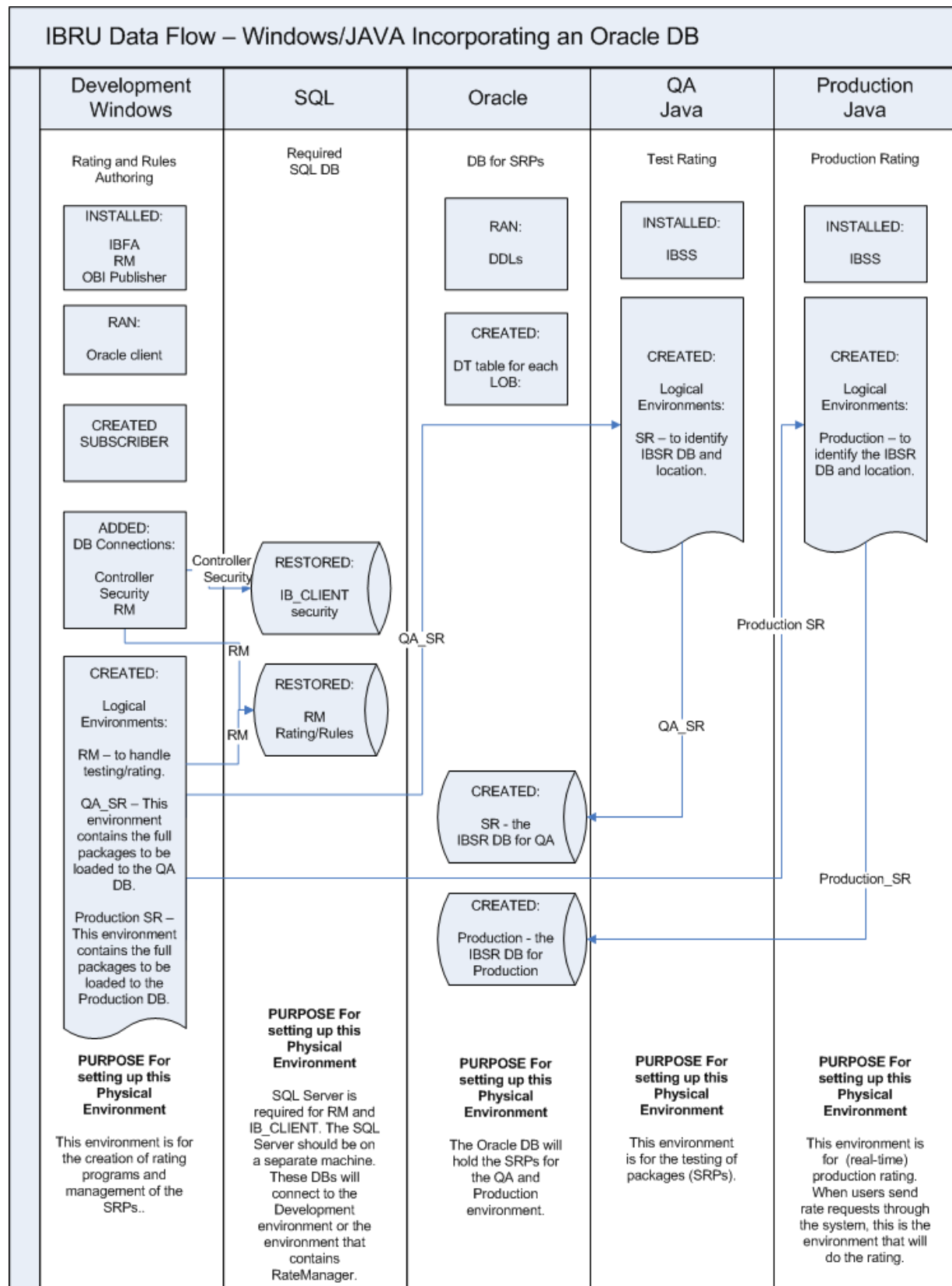
PACKAGE MANAGEMENT

The way SRPs move in a Windows/Java environment utilizing an Oracle database is from Development to QA to Production. IBFA will manage the migration of the packages. Only the development environment will have an IBFA to manage SRPs. The Rating and Production environments will require an IBSS/SR-JAVA. IBSS will allow for a logical environment to be created. Only the development environment will be able to move SRPs from one environment to the next (IBFA).

1. Only the development machine will hold the subscriber ID or Company ID.
2. In the **Development** environment:
 - a. A client database, a security database and a RateManager database connection would be created. The client and security databases will allow users to login. The RateManager database will hold the rating and rules logic used in SRPs.
 - b. A RateManager logical environment would need to be created. The RateManager logical environment will allow for local rating to be performed in this environment. When an SRP is created in the RateManager logical environment, the IBFA in the development environment will copy and load into the QA_SR logical environment.
 - c. A QA_SR logical environment would need to be created. The QA_SR logical environment will be used to hold the SRPs that are ready for testing. When testing is complete, the IBFA in the development environment will copy and load into the Production_SR logical environment.
 - d. A Production_SR would need to be created to hold the SRPs that need to go into production.
3. In the **QA** environment:
 - a. One logical environment would be created here to identify the location of the QA IBSR DB.
 - b. This environment would be used for testing.
4. In the **Production** environment:
 - a. One logical environment would be created here to identify the Production IBSR DB.
 - b. This environment would be used for real time production rating.

NOTE: *The names used in the logical environments are for example only. You should name your environments according to your company's standards.*

NOTE: *For the examples in this guide, the QA and Production environments will be setup alike to allow for true QA standards.*

EXAMPLE

WINDOWS/JAVA/SQL SERVER ENVIRONMENT

A Windows/Java environment utilizing MS SQL Server is another straight forward setup. This example has three physical environments each with its own application machine and database machine. It is possible to put all MS SQL Server databases on one database machine or divide over two machines. If you select to use one or two MS SQL Server database machines, clear and precise naming of the associated databases is recommended.

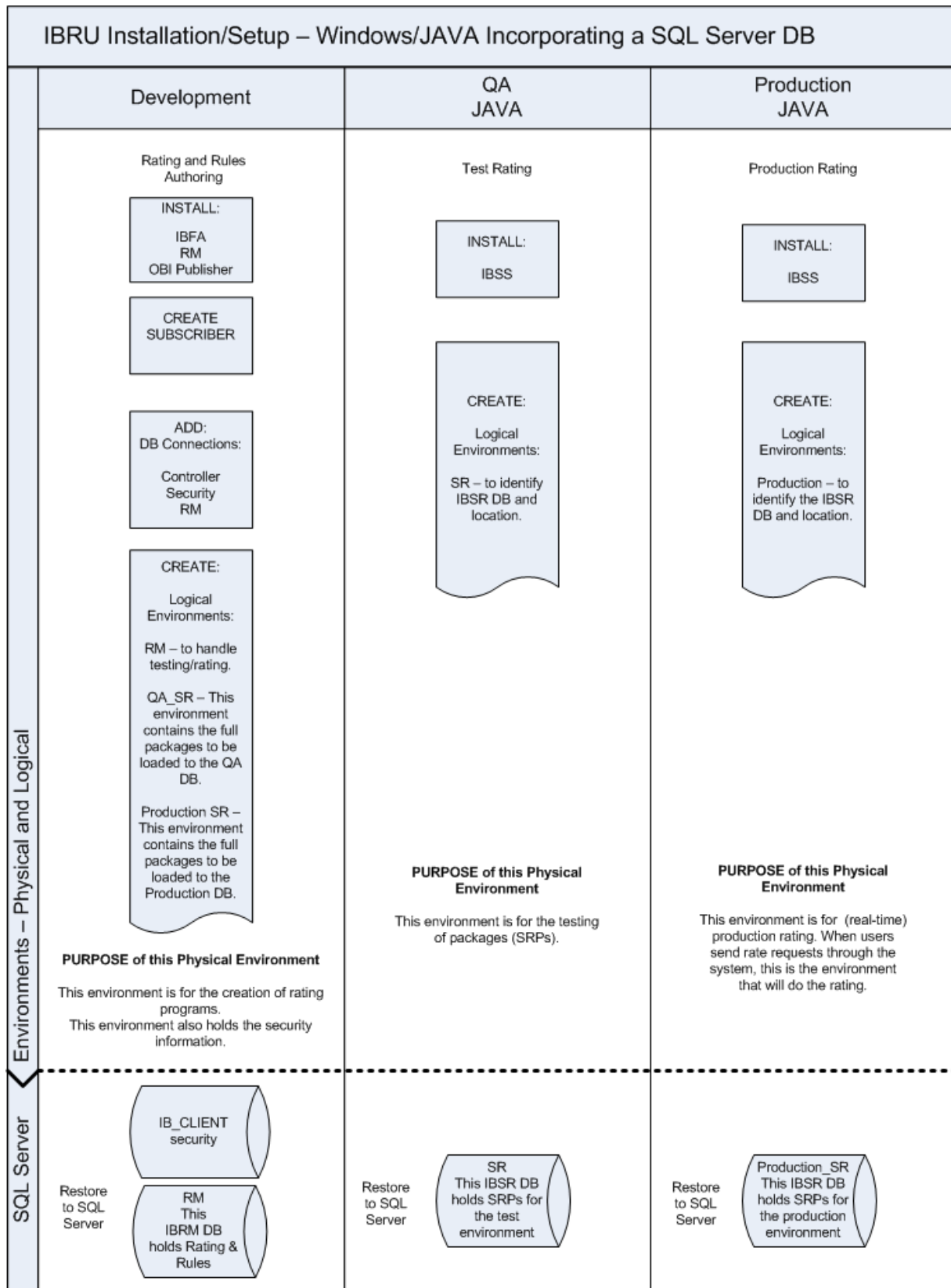
SoftRater can be run on a non-Windows machine if a compatible application server platform such as WebLogic, WebSphere, or JBoss is running as well. If a non-Windows machine is used for SoftRater, you will need to download a Java version of SoftRater from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud. The Java version of SoftRater will need to be loaded onto the machine with the compatible application server platform.

THE SETUP

1. The **Development** environment:
 - a. Contains one Windows Server app server and one separate MS SQL Server database.
 - b. RateManager and IBFA/SR-WIN would be located on the same Windows machine. RateManager and IBFA must run on a Windows Server machine.
 - c. OBI Publisher is installed for reports to be created.
 - d. The subscriber ID would be created here.
 - e. On the IBFA/SR-WIN for this environment, three database connections would be created and three logical environments would be created.
 - f. Two databases would be attached to the MS SQL Server machine.
2. The **QA** environment:
 - a. Contains one JAVA application server with WebLogic, WebSphere or JBoss installed and running and one separate MS SQL Server database.
 - b. IBSS/SR-JAVA would be loaded on the JAVA machine.
 - c. On the IBSS/SR-JAVA for this environment, one logical environment would be created.
 - d. One QA database would be attached to the MS SQL Server machine.
3. The **Production** environment:
 - a. Contains one JAVA application server with WebLogic, WebSphere or JBoss installed and running and one separate SQL Server database.
 - b. IBSS/SR-JAVA would be loaded on the JAVA machine.
 - c. On the IBSS/SR-JAVA for this environment, one logical environment would be created.
 - d. One PRODUCTION database would be attached to the MS SQL Server machine.

This is a basic Windows/Java utilizing a MS SQL Server database setup. It is possible to create more than three environments or use fewer than three. There are many combinations of platforms, databases and environments that can be used. Please contact your Insbridge representative for more information on the configuration that you would like to have.

Example

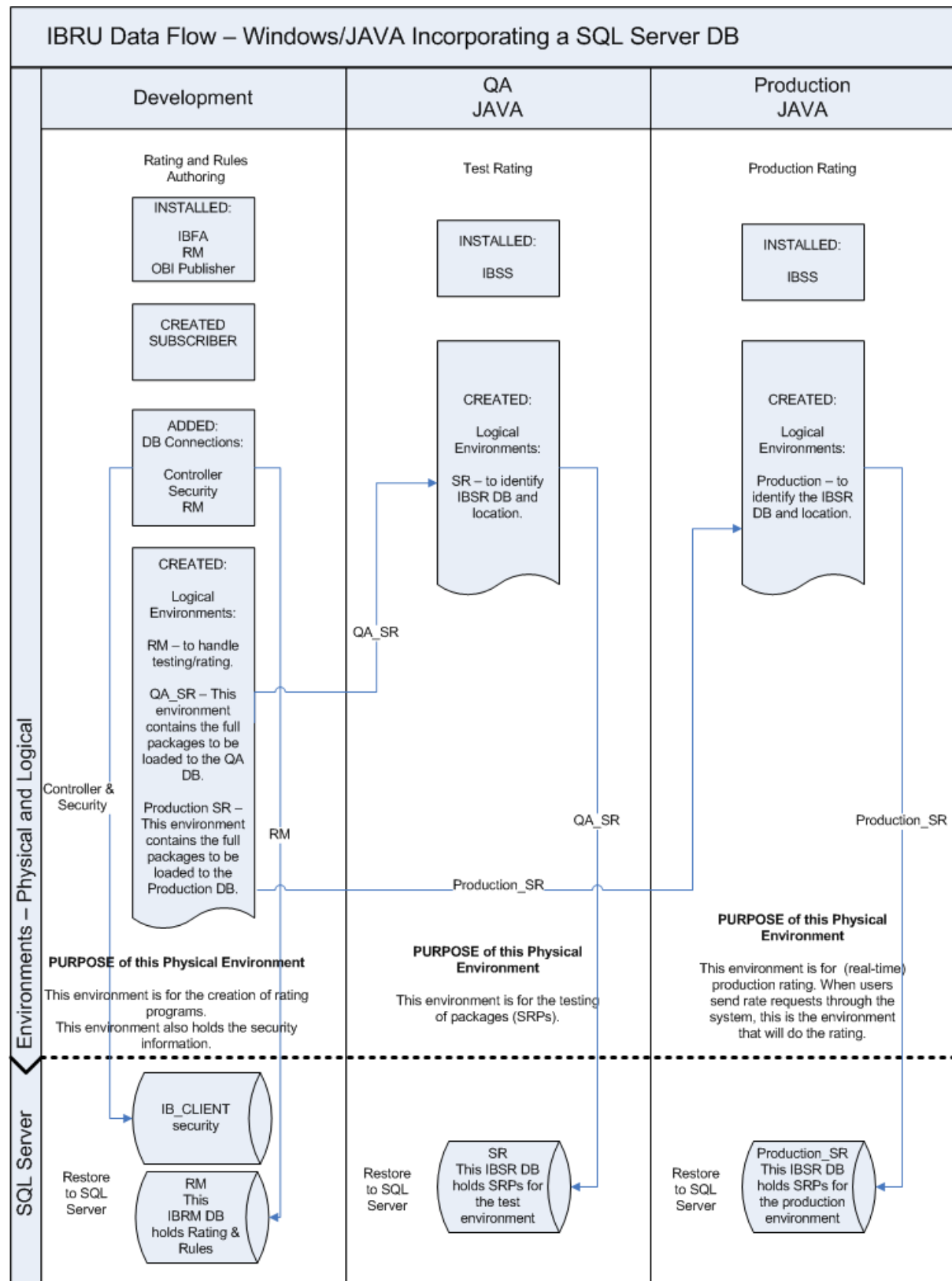


PACKAGE MANAGEMENT

The way SRPs move in a Windows/Java environment utilizing a MS SQL Server database is from Development to QA to Production. Only the development environment will have an IBFA to manage SRPs. The QA and Production environments will require an IBSS/SR-JAVA. IBSS will allow for a logical environment to be created, but not for a Virtual File Server to be created or to copy and load packages. Only the development environment will be able to move SRPs from one environment to the next.

1. Only the development machine will hold the subscriber ID. IBSS/SR-JAVA does not allow for the creation of subscriber IDs.
2. In the **Development** environment:
 - a. A client database, a security database and a RateManager database connection would be created. The client and security databases will allow users to login. The RateManager database will hold the rating and rules logic used in SRPs.
 - b. A RateManager logical environment would need to be created. The RateManager logical environment will allow for local rating to be performed in this environment. When an SRP is created in the RateManager logical environment, the IBFA in the development environment will copy and load into the QA_SR logical environment.
 - c. A QA_SR logical environment would need to be created. The QA_SR logical environment will be used to hold the SRPs that are ready for testing. When testing is complete, the IBFA in the development environment will copy and load into the Production_SR logical environment.
 - d. A Production_SR would need to be created to hold the SRPs that need to go into production.
3. In the **QA** environment:
 - a. One logical environment would be created here to identify the location of the QA IBSR DB.
 - b. This environment would be used for testing.
4. In the **Production** environment:
 - a. One logical environment would be created here to identify the Production IBSR DB.
 - b. This environment would be used for real time production rating.

NOTE: *The names used in the logical environments are for example only. You should name your environments according to your company's standards.*

EXAMPLE

A WINDOWS/JAVA/DB2

The Windows/Java environment utilizing an IBM DB2 database example contains 3 application servers and 2 database servers. There are still three environments; development, QA and Production. The IBM DB2 database server will contain two separate databases. Clear and precise naming of the associated databases is recommended.

SoftRater can be run on a non-Windows machine if a compatible application server platform such as WebLogic, WebSphere, or JBoss is running as well. If a non-Windows machine is used for SoftRater, you will need to download a Java version of SoftRater from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud. The Java version of SoftRater will need to be loaded onto the machine with the compatible application server platform.

The IBM DB2 database can be setup after the subscriber has been created and proper permissions have been granted.

THE SETUP

1. The **Development** environment:
 - a. Contains one Windows Server app server and one separate MS SQL Server database.
 - b. RateManager and IBFA/SR-WIN would be located on the same Windows machine.
RateManager and IBFA must run on a Windows Server machine.
 - c. OBI Publisher is installed for reports to be created.
 - d. The subscriber ID would be created here.
 - e. On the IBFA/SR-WIN for this environment, three database connections would be created and three logical environments would be created.
 - f. The IBM DB2 client would be run on the Windows machine.
 - g. Two databases would be attached to the MS SQL Server machine.
2. The **QA** environment:
 - a. Contains one JAVA application server with WebLogic, WebSphere or JBoss installed and running. There is one separate IBM DB2 database server that will be shared between QA and Production.
 - b. IBSS/SR-JAVA would be loaded on the JAVA machine.
 - c. On the IBSS/SR-JAVA for this environment, one logical environment would be created.
 - d. One QA database would be created on the IBM DB2 machine.
3. The **Production** environment:
 - a. Contains one JAVA application server with WebLogic, WebSphere or JBoss installed and running. There is one separate Oracle database server that will be shared between QA and Production.
 - b. IBSS/SR-JAVA would be loaded on the JAVA machine.
 - c. On the IBSS/SR-JAVA for this environment, one logical environment would be created.
 - d. One PRODUCTION database would be created on the IBM DB2 machine.
4. The **IBM DB2 Server**:
 - a. Requires that the DBA run have permissions so tables can be created.

PACKAGE MANAGEMENT

The way SRPs move in a Windows/Java environment utilizing an Oracle database is from Development to QA to Production. IBFA will manage the migration of the packages. Only the development environment will have an IBFA to manage SRPs. The Rating and Production environments will require an IBSS/SR-JAVA. IBSS will allow for a logical environment to be created. Only the development environment will be able to move SRPs from one environment to the next (IBFA).

5. Only the development machine will hold the subscriber ID or Company ID.
6. In the **Development** environment:
 - a. A client database, a security database and a RateManager database connection would be created. The client and security databases will allow users to login. The RateManager database will hold the rating and rules logic used in SRPs.
 - b. A RateManager logical environment would need to be created. The RateManager logical environment will allow for local rating to be performed in this environment. When an SRP is created in the RateManager logical environment, the IBFA in the development environment will copy and load into the QA_SR logical environment.
 - c. A QA_SR logical environment would need to be created. The QA_SR logical environment will be used to hold the SRPs that are ready for testing. When testing is complete, the IBFA in the development environment will copy and load into the Production_SR logical environment.
 - d. A Production_SR would need to be created to hold the SRPs that need to go into production.
7. In the **QA** environment:
 - a. One logical environment would be created here to identify the location of the QA IBSR DB.
 - b. This environment would be used for testing.
8. In the **Production** environment:
 - a. One logical environment would be created here to identify the Production IBSR DB.
 - b. This environment would be used for real time production rating.

NOTE: *The names used in the logical environments are for example only. You should name your environments according to your company's standards.*

NOTE: *For the examples in this guide, the QA and Production environments will be setup alike to allow for true QA standards.*

CONTACTING SUPPORT

If you need assistance with an Oracle Insurance Insbridge Enterprise Rating System product, please log a Service Request using My Oracle Support at <https://support.oracle.com/>.

Oracle customers have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit <http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info> or visit <http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs> if you are hearing impaired.

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