# **Oracle Real-Time Scheduler**

Server Application Installation Guide Release 2.3.0.3 **F11056-02** 

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Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Installation Guide Release 2.3.0.3

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# Preface

Welcome to the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Server Application Installation Guide.

This guide describes the requirements and procedure to install Oracle Real-Time Scheduler. The preface includes information about:

- Audience
- Related Documents
- Updates to Documentation
- Additional Resources
- Acronyms
- Conventions

# Audience

This guide is intended for system administrators installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler.

To complete this installation you should have:

- Experience installing and configuring application servers and other software
- Administrative privileges on the host where you are installing the software

# **Related Documents**

For more information, see these Oracle documents:

### Installation, Configuration, and Release Notes

- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Release Notes
- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Quick Install Guide
- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Server Application Installation Guide
- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Database Administrator Guide
- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Hybrid Mobile Application Installation and Deployment Guide
- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler GEOCODE Data Source Configuration Guide
- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler JMS Setup Guide

### **User Guides**

- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Administrative User Guide
- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Business User Guide
- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Mobile Application User's Guide (Java-based)
- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Hybrid Mobile Application User's Guide
- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Hybrid Mobile Contractor Application User's Guide

### Map Editor Installation and User Guides

- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Map Editor User's Guide
- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Map Editor Installation Guide

### **Supplemental Documents**

- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Server Administration Guide
- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Security Guide

# Updates to Documentation

Additional and updated information about the product is available from the **Knowledge Base** section of **My Oracle Support** (http://support.oracle.com). Please refer to **My Oracle Support** for more information. Documentation updates are also posted on the Oracle Technology

Network documentation page as they become available (http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E72219\_01/documentation.html).

# **Additional Resources**

For more information and support, visit the Oracle Support Web site at: http://www.oracle.com/support/index.html

# Acronyms

The following acronyms and terms are used in this document:

Acronym	Definition
MWM	Oracle Utilities Mobile Workforce Management
OMS	Oracle Mobile Server
MOS	My Oracle Support
ORS	Oracle Real-Time Scheduler
OSG	Oracle Spatial Geocoder
OSDC	Oracle Software Delivery Cloud
OUAF	Oracle Utilities Application Framework

# Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

# Chapter 1 Overview

This chapter provides an overview of the installation of Oracle Real-Time Scheduler, including:

- ٠ Installation Overview
- Installation Types •
- Media Pack Components

# **Installation Overview**

Installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler involves:

- 1. Review the different tiers of the application architecture as described in Chapter 2: Application Architecture Overview.
- 2. Understand the hardware requirements for installing the application and supported platforms for the application and database servers as described in Chapter 3: Supported Platforms and Hardware Requirements.

**Note**: For information about installation and administration of the database server tier, refer to the *Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Database Administrator Guide*.

- 3. Plan your installation and install all required third-party software as described in Chapter 4: Planning the Installation. The required software is listed for each supported combination of operating system and application server.
- 4. Install the database. For instructions refer to the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Database Administrator Guide.
- 5. Determine the type of installation. Follow the instructions in the respective chapters corresponding to the types of installation.
- 6. Choose whether to install the Java-based or Hybrid mobile client.
  - To install Java-based Mobile Client for Oracle Real-Time Scheduler on mobile devices, refer to Chapter 8: Installing the Java-based Mobile Client.
  - To install Hybrid mobile client, refer to the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Hybrid Mobile Application Installation and Deployment Guide.
- 7. Follow the post-installation tasks described in Chapter 9: Additional Tasks.

# Installation Types

The first step in the installation procedure is to determine the installation type that meets your business requirements. The following are the possible installation types:

- Initial Installation a base installation, typically used for a production environment for v2.3.0.3
- Upgrade Installation an upgrade installation to v2.3.0.3
- Demo Installation a base installation with pre-populated demo data, typically used for demonstration or training purposes for v2.3.0.3

The following sections describe these installation types in detail.

# **Initial Installation**

This installation type is applicable when installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler for the first time or from scratch. For an initial install, you must install all of the following components:

Database components

Refer to the **Initial Install** section in the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Database Administrator Guide for more information.

- Application components
  - Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0 Service Pack 6 (also referred to as v4.3.0.6)
  - Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6 Single Fix Pre-requisite Rollup

Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3

The following diagram shows a typical workflow of the initial installation process:



Refer to Chapter 5: Installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler - Initial Installation for detailed steps involved in installing each of these components.

# **Upgrade Installation**

This installation type is applicable when upgrading Oracle Real-Time Scheduler. The possible upgrade paths are:

- v2.2.0.3.13 to v2.3.0.3
- v2.3.0 to v2.3.0.3
- v2.3.0.1 to 2.3.0.2 then to 2.3.0.3
- v2.3.0.2 to v2.3.0.3

For an upgrade install, you must upgrade all of the following:

• Database components

Refer to **Upgrade Install** in the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Database Administrator Guide for more information.

- Application components
  - Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0 Service Pack 6 (also referred to as v4.3.0.6)
  - Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6 Single Fix Pre-requisite Rollup
  - Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3

For application components, it is recommended to do a new installation to prevent issues such as conflicting application jar versions.

The following diagram shows a typical workflow of the upgrade installation process:



Refer to Chapter 6: Upgrading Oracle Real-Time Scheduler for steps involved in upgrading each of the above components.

# **Demo Installation**

This installation type is applicable when installing a demo application of Oracle Real-Time Scheduler for demonstration or training purposes.

For a demo install, you must install all of the following:

Database components

Refer to **Demo Install** in the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Database Administrator Guide for more information.

- Application components
  - Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0 Service Pack 6 (also referred to as v4.3.0.6)
  - Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6 Single Fix Pre-requisite Rollup
  - Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3

The following diagram shows a typical work flow of the demo installation process:



Refer to Chapter 7: Installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler - Demo Installation for the steps involved in installing each of the above components.

# **Media Pack Components**

### **Documentation Packages**

- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3 Release Notes
  - Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3 Quick Install Guide
  - Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3 Install Documentation
  - Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3 User Documentation
  - Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3 Supplemental Documentation

### Installation Packages

- Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6
- Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6 Single Fix Prerequisite Rollup
- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3 Multiplatform
- Mobile Communication Client v2.3.0.3 for Windows
- Mobile Communication Client v2.3.0.3 for Android
- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3 Oracle Database
- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3 MapEditor

# Chapter 2

# **Application Architecture Overview**

The Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application is deployed on multiple tiers.

Refer to the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Server Administration Guide for a more detailed description of the application architecture and individual tiers.

# Tier 1: Desktop/Client, or Presentation Tier

This tier is implemented in a browser-based client. Users use a desktop client web browser to log in to and use the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application. Note also that a desktop machine running Microsoft Windows and the Oracle client is required to perform some of the product installation steps.

# **Tier 2: Mobile Client Tier**

This tier is implemented on mobile computers such as laptops and handhelds. Users can install the mobile client software to use the mobile functionality of Oracle Real-Time Scheduler.

# Tier 3: Web Application / Business Application Server, or Business Logic Tier

This tier is implemented in a web application or business application server. The business application component can be installed as part of the web application server, or as a separate component. Except where explicitly noted, most of the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler installation documentation assumes that the web application and business application servers reside together.

# Tier 4: Database, or Persistence Tier

This tier is implemented in a database server. The database server stores data maintained by the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application. More specifically, the database tier contains the data server files and database executables that physically store the tables, indexes, and other database objects for your system.

# Chapter 3

# Supported Platforms and Hardware Requirements

This chapter includes information about the platforms and hardware requirements to install Oracle Real-Time Scheduler successfully.

- Operating Systems and Application Servers
- Hardware, Software, and Web Browser Requirements
- Application Server Memory Requirements
- Supported Platforms for Java-based Mobile Client
- Supported Platforms for Hybrid Mobile Client
- Support for Software Patches and Upgrades

# **Operating Systems and Application Servers**

This section details the operating system and application server combinations on which this version of Oracle Utilities Mobile Workforce Management is supported.

# Application Server Operating Systems

- Oracle Linux 6.5+ for x86\_64
- Oracle Linux 7.x for x86\_64
- Oracle Solaris 11.x for SPARC (64-bit)
- IBM AIX 7.1/7.2 TLx for POWER (64-bit)

# Prerequisite Application Server Software

- Oracle Database Client 12.1.0.x
- Oracle Java SE Development Kit 1.8.0\_131+(Oracle platforms only)
- IBM 64-bit SDK for AIX 8.0.0.x (IBM platforms only)
- Hibernate ORM 4.1.0 and Hibernate 5.2.3 jars
- Oracle WebLogic Server 12c Release 2 (12.2.1.3+) 64-bit

## Notes

- Oracle Linux is 100% user space-compatible with Red Hat Enterprise Linux, therefore, OUAF is also supported on Red Hat Enterprise Linux.
- Refer to the *Oracle Utilities Application Framework Database Administrator Guide* for the Oracle Database Server Requirements.

Refer to the *Product Support Matrix (Document ID 1454143.1)* on My Oracle Support to determine if support for newer versions of the listed products have been added.

Please note the following:

• Version numbers marked with a "+" are the MINIMUM version supported. That version and all future 4th digit updates will be supported.

**Example**: Oracle 12.1.0.2+ means that 12.1.0.2 and any higher 12.1.0.x versions of Oracle are supported.

\* An "x" indicates that any version of the digit designed by the "x" is supported.

**Example**: Linux 7.x indicates that any version of Linux 7 (7.0, 7.1, 7.2 etc) will be supported.

### Oracle Spatial and Graph

 Oracle Utilities Mobile Workforce Management and Oracle Real-Time Scheduler no longer requires the Oracle Spatial and Graph option to operate properly. While this release supports Oracle Spatial, additional installation steps have been added in the Creating the Database section in Oracle Utilities Work and Asset Management or Oracle Utilities Operational Device Management Database Administrator Guide to run against a database without this option, including Oracle Standard Edition. The Oracle Spatial Geocoder feature is available to the Oracle Utilities Mobile Workforce Management or the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application on a restricted use basis for any customer running without the Oracle Spatial and Graph option.

### Windows Server

• Windows Server is **not** supported for Production environments. Wherever Windows Server is referenced within this guide, it is supported for Test or Development environments **only**.

## WebLogic Server

- Oracle WebLogic Server (Fusion Middleware Infrastructure) Release 2 (12.2.1.3+) and any higher versions of Oracle are supported. Starting from WebLogic 12.2.\*, embedded installations are not supported. Only native installation is supported.
- Customers must download Oracle WebLogic Server from the Oracle Software Delivery Cloud.

### **Oracle Database Server**

Prerequisite database server software (on any vendor supported platform where x is vendor supported version):

- Oracle Database Server Enterprise Edition 12.1.0.
- Oracle Database Server Standard Edition 2 12.1.0.
- Oracle Database Server Enterprise Edition 12.2.0.x
- Oracle Database Server Standard Edition 2 12.2.0.x

**Note**: Oracle Database Enterprise Edition and the Partitioning and Advanced Compression options are strongly recommended in all situations.

# **Oracle VM Support**

This version of Oracle Utilities Mobile Workforce Management is supported on Oracle VM Server for x86 for supported releases of Oracle Linux and Microsoft Windows operating systems.

Refer to My Oracle Support knowledge base article 249212.1 for Oracle's support policy on VMWare.

# Hardware, Software, and Web Browser Requirements

The following section outlines client side hardware requirements for Oracle Utilities Mobile Workforce Management.

Configuration	Processor	Memory (RAM)	Monitor (Display)
Minimum	1 GHz or faster 64-bit (x64) processor	2 GB	1280x1024
Recommended*	3 GHz or faster 64-bit (x64) processor	4 GB	1280X1024

# **Client Side Hardware Requirements**

\* The recommended configuration supports better performance of the client.

# Web Browser Requirements

The web browsers listed below are supported when used on each of the operating systems indicated:

Browser	Windows Operating System
Internet Explorer 11	Microsoft Windows 7, 8.1, 10 (64-bit)
Firefox 60.x+ ESR (SP3+)	Microsoft Windows 7, 8.1, 10 (64-bit)
Google Chrome for Business 67	Microsoft Windows 7, 8.1, 10 (64-bit)

# **Java-Based Mobile Client Requirements**

The following table provides the processor and memory details for each of the operating systems supported by the Java-based mobile client.

Operating System	Processor	Memory (RAM)
Windows 7 (64-bit)	Intel Core i5-2557M ULV#rocessor	2048 MB
Windows 8.1 (64-bit)	Fourth-generation Intel <sup>®</sup> Core <sup>TM</sup> i5vPro <sup>TM</sup> Processor	2048 MB
Android 6.x, 7.x, 8.x	Quad-core 1.5 GHz Cortex-A53 & Quad- core 2.1 GHz Cortex-A57	3 GB

# Hybrid Mobile Client Requirements

The following table provides the processor and memory details for each of the operating systems supported by the hybrid mobile client.

Operating System	Processor	Memory (RAM)
iOS 10.x, 11.x, 12.x	Three core 1.5 GHz Apple A8X	2 GB
Windows 10 (64-bit) version 1709+	6th Generation Intel® Core <sup>TM</sup> i5 processor	8 GB
Android 6.x, 7.x, 8.x	Quad-core 1.5 GHz Cortex-A53 & Quad- core 2.1 GHz Cortex-A57	3 GB

# Web/Business Application Server Requirements

Refer to Operating Systems and Application Servers to determine which web application servers can be used with the operating system that will be hosting this tier.

The recommendations that follow are based on a standard installation with both the application and business servers on the same machine and the system running with the default values. The minimum resource requirements exclude third-party software installation requirements. Refer to the third-party vendors for specific requirements. The following sizing excludes the Oracle database server installation

# **Application Server Memory Requirements**

For each application server environment a minimum of 4 GB of real memory is required, plus 6 GB of swap space. The approximate disk space requirements in a standard installation are as follows (the size represents the MINIMUM required):

Location	Size	Usage
Install Dir ("\$SPLEBASE") Location	10 GB recommended 5 GB minimum	This is the location where the application and Framework get installed. Startup, shutdown and other online log files are stored here. The size and space that is used should be monitored because various debugging options can significantly affect the size of log files. <b>Note:</b> This does not include the size of the edge product
Log Dir ("\$SPLOUTPUT") Location	4 GB recommended 2 GB minimum	This location is used for storing batch log files and output from batch jobs. The size of this space should be influenced by which batches are run and how often, and the amount of debugging information that is collected.

Location	Size	Usage
Location of the application web work files on the web servers	5 GB recommended 2 GB minimum	This location is used by various web server vendors to expand the application. It should be considered when installing these products. Refer to the individual web server documentation to determine the location of the temporary files.
Installation Temporary Area	4 GB minimum	The application gets installed from this location. You need enough space to uncompress the files and install the application.
Oracle Data Area	4 GB minimum	This location is where the Oracle database data files are stored. The size of this space should be based on the requirements of the production environment. For an initial or demo database install 4 GB should be sufficient.

# **Supported Platforms for Java-based Mobile Client**

This section describes the devices, operating systems and features that are available with the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Java-based mobile client application.

The mobile application can be used in a disconnected or connected mode. In **disconnected** mode the mobile application and data reside locally on the mobile device allowing the crew to work offline as needed. This means the physical device has to be compatible with the mobile application requirements it runs locally.

In **connected** mode the mobile application does not reside locally on the accessing mobile device. Instead the mobile application resides on the server and the user must be connected to the server at all times using their standard browser to access the mobile application.

Refer to the About Connection Modes section in the user guide for more information.

The following entities are supported on mobile devices. Note the distinction between attachments and captures:

- **Captures** are pictures or sound that are captured using native features on the device.
- Attachments are sent to the device with activities and require an application installed on the device to open them. Attachments can also be added to the assignments on the device.
- **GPS** pinpoints the exact location information of the crew using GPS services.
- Maps allow tracking the actual or planned route of the crew on a map.

# **Disconnected Mode**

The following table lists the features supported in the **Disconnected** MCP mode.

	Device Platform (Device Type)	
Feature	Windows (Laptop)	Android (Tablet or Phone)
GPS	✓	$\checkmark$
Capture Picture and Sound	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Download Attachments from MDT	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Upload Attachment from MDT to Server	$\checkmark$	Partial Support*
Maps	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

**Note**: \*For more information on the features and attachment types supported on Windows and Android, refer to the *Server Application User Guide*.

### **Connected Mode**

The following table lists the features supported in the **Connected** MCP mode.

	Device Platform (Device Type)		
Feature	<b>Windows</b> (Laptop)	<b>Android</b> (Tablet or Phone)	iOS (Tablet or Phone)
GPS	Х	Х	Х
Capture Picture and Sound	Х	Х	Х
Download Attachments from MDT	Х	Х	Х
Upload Attachment from MDT to Server	Х	Х	Х
Maps	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

The following browsers are supported by the device platforms in **Connected** MCP mode.

Device Platform	Browser Platforms
iOS	• iOS 10.x, 11.x 12.x
	• Safari on iPad

# **Supported Platforms for Hybrid Mobile Client**

This section describes the devices, operating systems and features that are available with the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler hybrid mobile client application.

The following table lists the features supported by the Hybrid Mobile Client.

Device Platform		(	Device Type)	
Feature	<b>Android</b> (Tablet or Phone)	iOS	Chrome Browser	Windows (Laptop)
GPS	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Capture Picture	$\checkmark$	~	Х	$\checkmark$
Capture Sound	Х	Х	Х	Х
Attach File	Х	Х	Х	Х
View File (3rd party software must exist for viewing file)	$\checkmark$	~	Х	✓
Barcode Scanning	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	Х	$\checkmark$
Signature	$\checkmark$	~	Х	$\checkmark$
Download Attachments from MDT	✓	~	Х	✓
Upload Images from Gallery	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	Х	$\checkmark$
Upload Files from MDT to Server	Х	Х	Х	Х
Maps	$\checkmark$	√	$\checkmark$	~

The following browser is supported by the device platforms in Hybrid mobile client.

Device Platform	Browser Platforms
Windows	• Google Chrome v67.0.x on Windows 7, 8.1, 10 (64-bit)
	• Firefox version 60.x ESR on Windows 7, 8.1, 10 (64-bit)
	• Internet Explorer 11 on Windows 7, 8.1, 10 (64-bit)

# Support for Software Patches and Upgrades

Due to the ongoing nature of software improvement, vendors will periodically issue patches and service packs for the operating systems, application servers and database servers on top of specific versions that Oracle products have already been tested against.

If it is necessary to apply an upgrade, please do so in a test environment that is running on the same platform as your production environment prior to updating the production environment itself. The exception to this is Hibernate software 4.1.0 which should not be upgraded.

Always contact Oracle Support prior to applying vendor updates that do not guarantee backward compatibility.

# **Chapter 4**

# **Planning the Installation**

This chapter provides information for planning an Oracle Real-Time Scheduler installation, including:

- Installation and Configuration Overview
- Installing Prerequisite Third-Party Software
- Installation Readiness Checklist

# Installation and Configuration Overview

The following diagram provides an overview of the steps that need to be taken to install and configure Oracle Real-Time Scheduler :



# Installing Prerequisite Third-Party Software

This section describes the software that needs to be installed for each of the supported operating system and application server combinations listed below.

- AIX 7.1/ 7.2 Operating System
- Oracle Linux 7.x/6.5 or Red Hat Linux 7.x/6.5 Operating System

- Solaris 11 Operating System
- Windows 2012 Operating System

# AIX 7.1/7.2 Operating System

This section describes the software requirements for operating the application using the AIX application server.

# **Supported Application Servers**

Operating System	Chipsets	Application Server
AIX 7.1 (64-bit) TL00	POWER 64-bit	Oracle WebLogic 12c (12.2.1.3+) 64-bit version

# Web/Application Server Tier

# AIX 7.1 TL00 Operating System Running on Power5 and Power6 Architecture

### **UNIX Administrator User ID**

The following user groups and accounts have to be created to install and administer the application:

Description	Default Value	Customer Defined Values
Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Administrator User ID	cissys	
Oracle Real-Time Scheduler User Group	cisusr	

**Note**: It is recommended that you change the default values for security reasons.

Throughout this document the administrator user ID is often referred to as the "cissys" user ID. You should substitute it with the customer defined user ID when not using the default value. After the initial install, the software should always be managed using that user ID.

By default, the cissys user ID is the only one given access to the installed files.

- 1. Create the cisusr (user group) group.
- 2. Create the cissys user. Primary group cisusr. Set the primary shell for the cissys user to Korn Shell.
- 3. Set the stack size limit to 50 MB or more in the user profile startup script for cissys user:

ulimit -s 51200

4. Set the desired hard/soft limit of the file handler to 4096 or higher. The shell scripts use the ">" to overwrite shell functionality. Your operating system may be configured to not allow this functionality by default in the users shell.

To avoid file access permission problems when executing scripts, consider placing the following command into cissys profile script:

set +o noclobber

Various options exist to secure a system. In this application all files will be created with the minimum permissions required to ensure that group-readable, group-writable and group-executable files will have the correct user groups and to restrict the permissions available to legitimate users. In this way, a low privileged end user cannot directly edit configuration files and thereby bypass application security controls.

The following users and group categories must be defined to implement this security. For demonstration purposes the following users and groups will be used. These users must be created according to industry standards (including password policies). All users should be created with a default umask of 077 to ensure files created during normal operation have the correct permissions.

User	Group	Description
cissys	cisusr	This user will be used to install the application and to apply patches. This user will own all the application files. The same care should be taken with this user ID as if it is 'root'. This user will be able to add, delete and modify and files within the application.
cisadm	cisusr	Administrative and Operation functions will be available to this user. This user will be able to stop and start the application and batch processes, but will not have access to modify any file other than generated log files

Please replace these users and groups for your installation defaults:

**Note:** The Oracle Client and WebLogic should be installed as the user who will stop and start the application. For example, if you plan to run the application as the install user these components must belong to cissys.

You must use the same user for starting and stopping a process. For example, if cissys is used to start the application server, the use cissys to stop it as well.

## Oracle Client 12c — Runtime Option

Install the Oracle Client as described in the Oracle Client installation documentation. Use the cissys account to install the Oracle Client. If another user installs the Oracle Client, make sure the cissys user ID has the proper execute permissions.

For the cissys user ID, ensure that the environment variable

ORACLE\_CLIENT\_HOME is set up, and that ORACLE\_CLIENT\_HOME/perl/bin is the first Perl listed in the cissys account's PATH variable.

### IBM Java Software Development Kit v8 64-bit

Installation of Java is a prerequisite for using Oracle WebLogic as a web application server.

At the time of release, AIX Java packages could be obtained from:

http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/java/jdk/aix/service.html

The web server requires the 64-bit Java platform in order to function. The main prerequisite for the web server is the version of java mentioned above.

For the Administrator userid (cissys), ensure that the environment variable JAVA\_HOME is set up, and that "java" can be found in cissys' PATH variable.

### Hibernate

You must install Hibernate before installing the product.

To install Hibernate external jar files to the Hibernate 3rd party jars depot:

1. Create a Hibernate jar external depot:

export HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR=<Hibernate 3rd party jars depot>

- Download the hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final.zip file from http://sourceforge.net/projects/ hibernate/files/hibernate4/.
- 3. Click the "4.1.0.Final" link to download the zip file.
- 4. Extract the contents of the archive file:

unzip hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final.zip

Note: You must have Java JDK installed on the machine to use the jar command. Make sure you install the JDK supported for your platform.

5. Copy the jar files to your Hibernate jar directory (\$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR) using the following commands:

```
cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/optional/ehcache/
hibernate-ehcache-4.1.0.Final.jar $HIBERNATE JAR DIR
```

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/hibernatecommons-annotations-4.0.1.Final.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/hibernate-core-4.1.0.Final.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/hibernate-jpa-2.0-api-1.0.1.Final.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/javassist-3.15.0-GA.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/jboss-logging-3.1.0.CR2.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/jbosstransaction-api\_1.1\_spec-1.0.0.Final.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

- Download the hibernate-release-5.2.3.Final.zip file from the following link to get the jbosslogging-3.3.0.Final.jar. https://sourceforge.net/projects/hibernate/files/hibernate-orm
- 7. Click the "5.2.3.Final" link to download the zip file.
- 8. Extract the contents of the archive file using the following command

unzip hibernate-release-5.2.3.Final.zip

9. Copy the jboss-logging-3.3.0.Final.jar file to your Hibernate jar directory (\$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR) using the following command:

```
cp hibernate-release-5.2.3.Final/lib/required/jboss-logging-
3.3.0.Final.jar to $HIBERNATE JAR DIR
```

# Oracle WebLogic 12c (12.2.1.3+) 64-bit

Oracle WebLogic software can be downloaded from the Oracle web site. This application server will run as a 64-bit application.

- Download and install 64-bit Java (as documented above) before installing WebLogic.
- Download and install WebLogic Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Installer.

### Oracle MapViewer 12c (12.2.1.3)

Oracle Fusion Middleware MapViewer 12c (12.2.1.3) is a tool that renders maps showing different kinds of spatial data. It can be downloaded from:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/middleware/mapviewer/downloads/mv-downloads-archive-2173414.html

# GCC 4.2.4

GCC 4.2.4 libraries need to be installed for the scheduler functionality to work properly. The following GCC runtime libraries are required to be installed:

- libgcc : GCC compiler dynamic runtime library
- libstdc++ : G++ compiler dynamic runtime library

After installing the GCC runtime libraries, copy the following libraries to <INSTALL\_DIR>/ runtime directory:

- libstdc++.a
- libgcc\_s.a

Alternately, you can add these libraries to LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH environment variable.

# Oracle Linux 7.x/6.5 or Red Hat Linux 7.x/6.5 Operating System

This section describes the software requirements for operating the application using the Oracle Linux or Red Hat Linux application server.

# **Supported Application Servers**

Operating System	Chipsets	Application Server
Oracle Linux 7.0/6.5 (64-bit) Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.0/6.5(64-bit)	x86_64	Oracle WebLogic 12c (12.2.1.3+) 64-bit version

# Web/Application Server Tier

# Oracle Linux 7.0/6.5 or Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.0/6.5 Operating System Running on x86\_64 64-bit Architecture

## **UNIX Administrator User ID**

The following user groups and accounts have to be created to install and administer the application:

Description	Default Value	Customer Defined Values
Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Administrator User ID	cissys	
Oracle Real-Time Scheduler User Group	cisusr	

Note: It is recommended that you change the default values for security reasons.

Throughout this document the administrator user ID is often referred to as the "cissys" user ID. You should substitute that with the customer defined user id when not using the default value. After the initial install, the software should always be managed using that user ID.

By default, the cissys userid is the only one given access to the files installed.

- 1. Create a group called cisusr (user group).
- 2. Create a user called cissys. Primary group cisusr. Set the primary shell for the cissys user to Korn Shell.
- 3. Set the stack size limit to 50 MB or more in the user profile startup script for cissys user:
- 4. ulimit -s 51200
  - Set the desired hard/soft limit of the file handler to 4096 or higher. The shell scripts use the ">" to overwrite shell functionality. Your operating system may be configured to not allow this functionality by default in the users shell

To avoid file access permission problems when executing scripts, consider placing the following command into cissys profile script:

set +o noclobber

Various options exist to secure a system. In this application all files will be created with the minimum permissions required to ensure that group-readable, group-writable and group-

executable files will have the correct user groups and to restrict the permissions available to legitimate users. In this way, a low privileged end user cannot directly edit configuration files and thereby bypass application security controls.

The following users and group categories must be defined to implement this security. For demonstration purposes the following users and groups will be used. These users must be created according to industry standards (including password policies). All users should be created with a default umask of 077 to ensure files created during normal operation have the correct permissions.

User Group Description cissys cisusr This user will be used to install the application and to apply patches. This user will own all the application files. The same care should be taken with this user ID as if it is 'root'. This user will be able to add, delete and modify and files within the application. cisadm cisusr Administrative and Operation functions will be available to this user. This user will be able to stop and start the application and batch processes, but will not have access to modify any file other than generated log files

Please replace these users and groups for your installation defaults:

**Note:** The Oracle Client and WebLogic should be installed as the user who will stop and start the application. For example, if you plan to run the application as the install user these components must belong to cissys.

You must use the same user for starting and stopping a process. For example, if cissys is used to start the application server, the use cissys to stop it as well.

# Oracle Client 12c — Runtime Option

Install the Oracle Client as described in the Oracle Client installation documentation. Use the cissys account to install the Oracle Client. If another user installs the Oracle Client, make sure the cissys user ID has the proper execute permissions.

For the cissys user ID, ensure that the environment variable ORACLE\_CLIENT\_HOME is set up, and that ORACLE\_CLIENT\_HOME/perl/bin is the first Perl listed in the cissys account's PATH variable.

# Oracle Java Development Kit Version 8.0 Update 131+, 64-bit

At the time of release, the latest patch of the Oracle Java 8.0 package can be obtained from:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/jdk8-downloads-2133151.html

The Oracle WebLogic Server requires the 64-bit version. The main prerequisite for the web server is the version of Java mentioned above.

For the userid cissys, ensure that the environment variable JAVA\_HOME is setup, and that java\_home/bin and java\_home/lib can be found in cissys' PATH variable.

# Hibernate

You must install Hibernate before installing the product.

To install Hibernate external jar files to the Hibernate 3rd party jars depot:

1. Create a Hibernate jar external depot:

export HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR=<Hibernate 3rd party jars depot>

- Download the hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final.zip file from http://sourceforge.net/projects/ hibernate/files/hibernate4/.
- 3. Click the "4.1.0.Final" link to download the zip file.
- 4. Extract the contents of the archive file:

unzip hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final.zip

**Note**: You must have Java JDK installed on the machine to use the jar command. Make sure you install the JDK supported for your platform.

5. Copy the jar files to your Hibernate jar directory (\$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR) using the following commands:

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/optional/ehcache/ hibernate-ehcache-4.1.0.Final.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/hibernatecommons-annotations-4.0.1.Final.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/hibernate-core-4.1.0.Final.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/hibernate-jpa-2.0-api-1.0.1.Final.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/javassist-3.15.0-GA.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/jboss-logging-3.1.0.CR2.jar \$HIBERNATE JAR DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/jbosstransaction-api\_1.1\_spec-1.0.0.Final.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

- Download the hibernate-release-5.2.3.Final.zip file from the following link to get the jbosslogging-3.3.0.Final.jar. https://sourceforge.net/projects/hibernate/files/hibernate-orm
- 7. Click the "5.2.3.Final" link to download the zip file.
- 8. Extract the contents of the archive file using the following command

unzip hibernate-release-5.2.3.Final.zip

9. Copy the jboss-logging-3.3.0.Final.jar file to your Hibernate jar directory (\$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR) using the following command:

cp hibernate-release-5.2.3.Final/lib/required/jboss-logging-3.3.0.Final.jar to \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

### Oracle WebLogic 12c (12.2.1.3+) 64-bit

Oracle WebLogic software can be downloaded from the Oracle web site. This application server will run as a 64-bit application.

- Download and install 64-bit Java (as documented above) before installing WebLogic.
- Download and install WebLogic Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Installer.

# Oracle MapViewer 12c (12.2.1.3)

Oracle Fusion Middleware MapViewer 12c (12.2.1.3) is a tool that renders maps showing different kinds of spatial data. It can be downloaded from:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/middleware/mapviewer/downloads/mv-downloads-archive-2173414.html

# **Solaris 11 Operating System**

This section describes the software requirements for operating the application using the Sun Solaris application server.

# Supported Application Servers

Operating System	Chipsets	Application Server
Solaris 11(64-bit)	SPARC	Oracle WebLogic 12c (12.2.1.3+) 64-bit version

# Web/Application Server Tier

## Solaris 11 Operating System Running on SPARC-based 64-bit Architecture

### **UNIX Administrator User ID**

The following user groups and accounts have to be created to install and administer the application:

Description	Default Value	Customer Defined Values
Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Administrator User ID	cissys	
Oracle Real-Time Scheduler User Group	cisusr	

Note: It is recommended that you change the default values for security reasons.

Throughout this document the administrator user ID is often referred to as the "cissys" user id. You should substitute that with the customer defined user id when not using the default value. After the initial install, the software should always be managed using that user id.

By default, the cissys userid is the only one given access to the files installed.

- 1. Create a group called cisusr (user group)
- 2. Create a user called cissys. Primary group cisusr. Set the primary shell for the cissys user to Korn Shell.
- 3. Set the stack size limit to 50 MB or more in the user profile startup script for cissys user:
- 4. ulimit -s 51200Set the desired hard/soft limit of the file handler to 4096 or higher.

The shell scripts use the ">" to overwrite shell functionality. Your operating system may be configured to not allow this functionality by default in the users shell.

To avoid file access permission problems when executing scripts, consider placing the following command into cissys profile script:

set +o noclobber

Various options exist to secure a system. In this application all files will be created with the minimum permissions required to ensure that group-readable, group-writable and group-executable files will have the correct user groups and to restrict the permissions available to

legitimate users. In this way, a low privileged end user cannot directly edit configuration files and thereby bypass application security controls.

The following users and group categories must be defined to implement this security. For demonstration purposes the following users and groups will be used. These users must be created according to industry standards (including password policies). All users should be created with a default umask of 077 to ensure files created during normal operation have the correct permissions.

Please replace these users and groups for your installation defaults:

User	Group	Description
cissys	cisusr	This user will be used to install the application and to apply patches. This user will own all the application files. The same care should be taken with this user ID as if it is 'root'. This user will be able to add, delete and modify and files within the application.
cisadm	cisusr	Administrative and Operation functions will be available to this user. This user will be able to stop and start the application and batch processes, but will not have access to modify any file other than generated log files

**Note:** The Oracle Client and WebLogic should be installed as the user who will stop and start the application. For example, if you plan to run the application as the install user these components must belong to cissys.

You must use the same user for starting and stopping a process. For example, if cissys is used to start the application server, the use cissys to stop it as well.

## Oracle Client 12c — Runtime Option

Install the Oracle Client as described in the Oracle Client installation documentation. Use the cissys account to install the Oracle Client. If another user installs the Oracle Client, make sure the cissys user ID has the proper execute permissions.

For the cissys user ID, ensure that the environment variable ORACLE\_CLIENT\_HOME is set up, and that ORACLE\_CLIENT\_HOME/perl/bin is the first Perl listed in the cissys account's PATH variable.

# Oracle Java Development Kit Version 8.0 Update 131+, 64-bit

This software is only required for Oracle WebLogic installations.

At the time of release, the latest patch of the Oracle Java 8.0 package can be obtained from:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/jdk8-downloads-2133151.html

The Oracle WebLogic Server requires the 64-bit version. The main prerequisite for the web server is the version of Java mentioned above.

For the userid cissys, ensure that the environment variable JAVA\_HOME is setup, and that java\_home/bin and java\_home/lib can be found in cissys' PATH variable.

## Hibernate

You must install Hibernate before installing the product. Follow the steps below to install Hibernate:
1. Create a Hibernate jar external depot:

export HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR=<Hibernate 3rd party jars depot>

- Download the hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final.zip file from http://sourceforge.net/projects/ hibernate/files/hibernate4/
- 3. Click the "4.1.0.Final" link to download the zip file.
- 4. Extract the contents of the archive file:

jar xvf hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final.zip

**Note**: You must have Java JDK installed on the machine to use the jar command. Make sure you install the JDK supported for your platform.

5. Copy the jar files to your Hibernate jar directory (\$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR) using the following commands:

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/optional/ehcache/ehcachecore-2.4.3.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/optional/ehcache/ hibernate-ehcache-4.1.0.Final.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/hibernatecommons-annotations-4.0.1.Final.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/hibernate-core-4.1.0.Final.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/hibernate-jpa-2.0-api-1.0.1.Final.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/javassist-3.15.0-GA.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/jboss-logging-3.1.0.CR2.jar \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

```
cp hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/jboss-
transaction-api_1.1_spec-1.0.0.Final.jar $HIBERNATE_JAR_DIR
```

- Download the hibernate-search-5.5.4.Final-dist.zip file from https://sourceforge.net/ projects/hibernate/files/hibernate-search/
- 7. Click the "5.5.4.Final" link to download the zip file.
- 8. Extract the contents of the archive file using the following command

jar xvf hibernate-search-5.5.4.Final-dist.zip

9. Copy the jboss-logging-3.3.0.Final.jar file to your Hibernate jar directory (\$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR) using the following command:

```
cp hibernate-search-5.5.4.Final/dist/lib/required/jboss-
logging-3.3.0.Final.jar to $HIBERNATE JAR DIR
```

#### Oracle WebLogic 12c (12.2.1.3+) 64-bit

Oracle WebLogic software can be downloaded from the Oracle web site. This application server will run as a 64-bit application.

- Download and install 64-bit Java (as documented above) before installing WebLogic.
- Download and install WebLogic Fusion Middleware Infrastructure Installer.

#### Oracle MapViewer 12c (12.2.1.3)

Oracle Fusion Middleware MapViewer 12c (12.2.1.3) is a tool that renders maps showing different kinds of spatial data. It can be downloaded from:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/middleware/mapviewer/downloads/mv-downloads-archive-2173414.html

## Windows 2012 Operating System

This section describes the software requirements for operating the application using the Windows application server.

### Supported Application Servers

Operating System	Chipsets	Application Server
Windows Server 2012 R2 (64-bit)	x86_64	Oracle WebLogic 12c (12.2.1.3+) 64-bit version

### Web/Application Server Tier

#### **Oracle Client 12.1.0.2 - Runtime Option**

Install the Oracle Client as described in the Oracle Client installation documentation. Use the cissys account to install the Oracle Client. If another user installs the Oracle Client, make sure the cissys user ID has the proper execute permissions.

For the cissys user ID, ensure that the environment variable ORACLE\_CLIENT\_HOME is set up, and that ORACLE\_CLIENT\_HOME/perl/bin is the first Perl listed in the cissys account's PATH variable.

#### Oracle Java Development Kit Version 8.0, 64-bit

This software is only required for Oracle WebLogic installations.

At the time of release, the latest patch of the Oracle Java 8.0 package can be obtained from:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/jdk8-downloads-2133151.html

The Oracle WebLogic Server requires the 64-bit version. The main prerequisite for the web server is the version of Java mentioned above.

For the userid cissys, ensure that the environment variable JAVA\_HOME is setup, and that java\_home/bin and java\_home/lib can be found in cissys' PATH variable.

#### Hibernate 4.1.0FINAL

You must install Hibernate before installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler.

Follow the steps below to install Hibernate:

1. Create a Hibernate jar external depot:

set HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR=<Hibernate 3rd party jars depot>

- Download the hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final.zip file from http://sourceforge.net/projects/ hibernate/files/hibernate4/
- 3. Click the "4.1.0.Final" link to download the zip file.
- 4. Extract the contents of the archive file:

jar xvf hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final.zip

**Note**: You must have Java JDK installed on the machine to use the jar command. Make sure you install the JDK supported for your platform.

5. Copy the jar files to your Hibernate jar directory (%HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR%).

copy hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/optional/ehcache/ehcachecore-2.4.3.jar %HIBERNATE JAR DIR%

copy hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/optional/ehcache/hibernateehcache-4.1.0.Final.jar %HIBERNATE JAR DIR%

copy hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/hibernate-commonsannotations-4.0.1.Final.jar %HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR%

copy hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/hibernate-core-4.1.0.Final.jar %HIBERNATE JAR DIR%

copy hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/hibernate-jpa-2.0api-1.0.1.Final.jar %HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR%

copy hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/javassist-3.15.0-GA.jar %HIBERNATE JAR DIR%

copy hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/jboss-logging-3.1.0.CR2.jar %HIBERNATE JAR DIR%

copy hibernate-release-4.1.0.Final/lib/required/jboss-transactionapi\_1.1\_spec-1.0.0.Final.jar %HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR%

- Download the hibernate-search-5.2.3.Final-dist.zip file from https:// sourceforge.net/ projects/hibernate/files/hibernate-search/.
- 7. Click the "5.2.3.Final" link to download the zip file.
- 8. Extract the contents of the archive file.

jar -xvf hibernate-release-5.2.3.Final.zip

 Copy the jboss-logging-3.3.0.Final.jar file to your Hibernate jar directory (\$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR).

cp hibernate-search-5.2.3.Final/lib/required/jboss-logging-3.3.0.Final.jar to \$HIBERNATE\_JAR\_DIR

#### Oracle WebLogic 12c(12.2.1.3+) 64-bit

Oracle WebLogic software can be downloaded from the Oracle web site. This application server will run as a 64-bit application.

- Download and install 64-bit Java (as documented above) before installing WebLogic.
- Download and install WebLogic Server 12c (12.2.1.3+)

#### Oracle MapViewer 12c (12.2.1.3)

Oracle Fusion Middleware MapViewer 12c (12.2.1.3) is a tool that renders maps showing different kinds of spatial data. It can be downloaded from:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/middleware/mapviewer/downloads/mv-downloads-archive-2173414.html

## **Installation Readiness Checklist**

Follow this checklist for a successful installation process of the application tier.

Note: Make sure to follow the order of the checklist.

- 1. Create Group/User ID.
- 2. Install prerequisite software.
  - Oracle Client 12.1.0.2 (for connecting to Oracle database)
  - Java 1.8
  - Hibernate 4.1.0 FINAL and hibernate-search-5.2.3Final-dist
  - Geocoding and Map related data Currently, Oracle Real-Time Scheduler only supports Navteq as the provider of maps and location data. For instructions on installing geocoding and map related data, please contact your specific Navteq vendor. The disk space required for installation is around 60 GB.

Refer to Installing Prerequisite Third-Party Software for more information.

3. Install application server.

Oracle WebLogic 12c (12.2.1.3+)

- 4. Verify that all software is installed.
- 5. Set up environment variables.
- 6. Install Oracle Utilities Application Framework.
- 7. Install Oracle Real-Time Scheduler.
- 8. Install MapViewer 12c (12.2.1.3+).
- 9. Deploy the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application.
- 10. Perform the post-installation tasks.

# Chapter 5

## Installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler - Initial Installation

This chapter provides instructions to install Oracle Real-Time Scheduler from scratch, including:

- Before You Install
- Initial Installation Procedure
- After the Installation
- Operating the Application
- Configuring WebLogic
- Creating JMS and GEOCODE DataSource in AdminConsole
- Installing Service Packs, Patchsets and Patches

The software components required for an initial installation are available for download from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud.

## **Before You Install**

Refer to My Oracle Support for up-to-date additional information on Oracle Real-Time Scheduler.

## **Initial Installation Procedure**

The initial installation procedure consists of:

- Installing the Database Component
- Installing Application Components

### Installing the Database Component

The Oracle Real-Time Scheduler database component installation must be complete before you can proceed with the following sections.

Refer to the **Initial Install** section in the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Database Administrator Guide for instructions on installing the database component.

### Installing Application Components

A successful installation consists of the following steps:

- Installing Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6
- Installing Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6 Single Fix Pre-Requisite Rollup
- Installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3

#### Installing Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6

This section describes the procedure to install the application framework component, including:

- Copying and Decompressing Install Media
- Setting Permissions for the cistab file in UNIX
- Preparing for the Installation

#### **Copying and Decompressing Install Media**

The installation file is delivered in jar format for both UNIX and Windows platforms. Download the installation package and proceed as follows:

- 1. Log in to the host server as the Oracle Utilities Application Framework administrator user ID. This is the same user ID that was used to install the Oracle Utilities Application Framework.
- Create a <TEMPDIR> directory on the host server, which is independent of any current or other working Oracle Utilities Framework application environment. This can be the same <TEMPDIR> used during the installation of the Oracle Utilities Application Framework.

Note: This directory must be located outside any current or other working Oracle Utilities application environment. All files that are placed in this directory as a part of the installation may be deleted after a successful installation.

- 3. Copy the file FW-V4.3.0.6.0-MultiPlatform.jar in the delivered package to a <TEMPDIR> on your host server. If you are using FTP to transfer this file, remember to use the BINARY option for the FTP transfer.
- 4. Decompress the file:

```
cd <TEMPDIR>
jar -xvf FW-V4.3.0.6.0-MultiPlatform.jar
```

For Windows installations, include the location of the JDK in your path before you execute the jar command.

For both Unix and Windows platforms, a sub-directory named FW.V4.3.0.6.0 is created. The contents of the installation directory are identical for both platforms. The directory contains the install software for the application.

#### Setting Permissions for the cistab file in UNIX

Every Oracle Utilities Application Framework environment installed on a server must be registered in the /etc/cistab file located on that server. On UNIX servers, generally only the root user ID has write permissions to the /etc directory. Since the installation process is run by the Oracle administrator user ID (cissys), this user ID may not be able to write to /etc/cistab table.

The install utility checks permissions and if it identifies a lack of the necessary permissions, it generates a script in the <TEMPDIR>/FW.V4.3.0.6.0 directory named cistab\_<SPLENVIRON>.sh. Run the generated script using the root account before continuing with the installation process. The script initializes the cistab file in /etc directory (if it is the first Oracle Utilities Framework application environment on the server) and registers a new environment.

The generated script also changes the owner of /etc/cistab file to the Oracle Utilities Framework administrator user ID, so that the next time a new environment is created by the same Oracle Utilities Framework administrator user ID, you do not need to run the generated script with the root user ID. Instead the install utility itself proceeds with the registration.

If you are reinstalling an existing environment, only the validation of /etc/cistab entry is done by the install utility, no new registration occurs. The install utility interactively instructs you about every step that needs to occur in each specific case.

#### Preparing for the Installation

- 1. Login as an administrator (default cissys).
- 2. Change the directory to <TEMPDIR>/FW.V4.3.0.6.0.
- 3. Set the ORACLE\_CLIENT\_HOME and PATH variables as Oracle Client Perl is required to run the installer.

#### UNIX:

#### Windows:

```
set ORACLE_CLIENT_HOME=<ORACLE CLIENT INSTALL LOCATION>
set PERL_HOME=%ORACLE_CLIENT_HOME%\perl
set PATH=%PERL HOME%\bin;%PATH%
```

4. Start the application installation utility.

#### UNIX:

ksh ./install.sh

#### Windows:

install.cmd

The Oracle Utilities Application Framework specific menu appears.

- 5. Follow the messages and instructions provided by the application installation utility.
- 6. Select each menu item to configure the values.

For detailed description of the values, refer to Appendix B: Installation and Configuration Worksheets.

 Below are the mandatory list of configurable items along with descriptions for a few items. Where you see <Mandatory>, enter values suitable to your environment. You can assign default values to the rest of the menu items.

**Note:** The application has introduced a new feature to create a separate domain for threadpool worker. In the physical machine or virtual machine of the application, you can create a threadpool domain and through the admin console of that domain, you can deploy "Threadpoolworker.ear" to have independent control upon the threadpool worker.

Another option is to include the threadpool worker in the application domain so whenever the application is started, its corresponding threadpool worker is also started.

For ThreadPool Worker deployment through Admin console, configure "Web JDBC DataSource Name" as "TPWDatasource" through Admin Console and update the same in the Menu 4 options; also provide the credentials of "JDBC Database UserName/Password" to be the same as Application Server Database UserName/Password. Please see Menu 4 below for more information.

\* Environment Installation Options \* \*\*\*\*\*\* 1. Environment ID, Roles, Third Party Software Configuration Environment ID: Server Roles: batch, online Oracle Client Home Directory: <Mandatory for Initial Install> Web Java Home Directory: <Mandatory for Initial Install> Hibernate JAR Directory: <Mandatory for Initial Install> ONS JAR Directory: <Optional> Web Application Server Home Directory: <Mandatory for Initial Install> Additional JAR Directory: Optional> ADF Home Directory: <Optional> OIM OAM Enabled Environment: false 2. Keystore Options Import Keystore Directory: <Default> Store Type: <Mandatory> Alias: <Mandatory> Alias Key Algorithm: AES 128 Alias Key Size: HMAC Alias: ouaf.system.hmac PKCS5Padding Padding: Mode: CBC 50. Environment Installation Options Environment Mount Point: <Mandatory> Log Files Mount Point: <Mandatory> Environment Name: <Mandatory> Install Application Viewer Module: true Install Sample CM Source Code: true

Each item in the above list should be configured for a successful install.

```
Choose option (1,2,50, <P> Process, <X> Exit):
8. Once you enter 'P' after entering mandatory input values in the above menu, the
  system populates another configuration menu.
   *****
   * Environment Configuration *
   1. Environment Description
         Environment Description: <Mandatory>
   2. Business Application Server Configuration
         Business Server Host:
                                <Mandatory> > - Hostname on
                                   which application being
                                   installed
         Business Server Application Name: SPLService
         MPL Admin Port Number: <Mandatory> Multipurpose Listener
                                               Port
         MPL Automatic startup:
                                 false
   3. Web Application Server Configuration
         Web Server Host:
                                 <Mandatory>
         Weblogic SSL Port Number: <Mandatory>
         Weblogic Console Port Number: <Mandatory>
         Web Context Root: ouaf
         Web Server Application Name: SPLWeb
         Deploy Application Viewer Module: true
         Enable The Unsecured Health Check Service: false
         MDB RunAs User ID:
                                    <Optional>
         Super User Ids:
                                     <Mandatory>
   4. Database Configuration
         Application Server Database User ID: <Mandatory>
         Application Server Database Password: 

Application Server Database Password:
         MPL Database User ID:
                                              <Mandatory>
         MPL Database Password:
                                               <Mandatory>
         XAI Database User ID:
                                               <Mandatory>
         XAI Database Password:
                                              <Mandatory>
                                             <Mandatory>
         Batch Database User ID:
         Batch Database Password:
                                               <Mandatory>
         Web JDBC DataSource Name:
                                               <Optional>
         Database Name:
                                               <Mandatory>
         Database Server:
                                                <Mandatory>
         Database Port:
                                               1521
         ONS Server Configuration:
         Character Based Database:
                                               false
         Database Override Connection String:
         Oracle Client Character Set NLS LANG: AMERICAN AMERICA.AL32
                                           UTF8
   5. General Configuration Options
         Batch RMI Port: <mandatory> - RMI port for batch
         RMI Port number for JMX Business: <optional>
         RMI Port number for JMX Web: <optional>
         JMX Enablement System User ID: <optional>
         JMX Enablement System Password: <optional>
         Coherence Cluster Name:<Mandatory> - Unique name for batch
         Coherence Cluster Address:<Mandatory> - Unique multicast
                                             address
```

Coherence Cluster Port: <Mandatory>-Unique portfor batch cluster Coherence Cluster Mode: <Mandatory> - prod 6. OUAF TrustStore Options Import TrustStore Directory: <Mandatory> for Prod Store Type Alias Alias Key Algorithm Alias Key Size HMAC Alias Coherence Cluster Port:

Each item in the above list should be configured for a successful install.

Choose option (1,2,3,4,5,6,7 <P> Process, <X> Exit):

- 9. When you are done with the parameter setup, proceed with the option P. The utility writes the configured parameters and their values into the configuration file.
- Once the install has finished, the installation log location appears on the screen. If the log
  does not list any error messages, the installation of the application component of Oracle
  Utilities Application Framework is complete.

#### Installing Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6 Single Fix Pre-Requisite Rollup

- 1. Create a <TEMPDIR> directory on the host server that is independent of any current or other working application environment.
- Copy the file 'FW-V4.3.0.6.0-PREREQ-Multiplatform.zip' in the delivered package to <TEMPDIR>.

If you are using FTP to transfer this file, remember to use the BINARY option for the FTP transfer.

- 3. Upon extracting the zip file 'Application-Server-Multiplatform' sub-directory will be created.
- 4. Refer to the Readme.txt inside 'Application-Server-Multiplatform' to install Application related FW patch.

#### Installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3

This section describes how to install the application component of Oracle Real-Time Scheduler, including:

- 1. Create a <TEMPDIR> directory on the host server that is independent of any current or other working Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application environment.
- Unzip 'Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3 Multiplatform.zip' and copy the file ORS-V2.3.0.3.0-MultiPlatform.jar in the delivered package to <TEMPDIR>.

If you are using FTP to transfer this file, remember to use the BINARY option for the FTP transfer.

3. Decompress the file using following command:

cd <TEMPDIR>

jar -xvf ORS-V2.3.0.3.0-MultiPlatform.jar

**Note:** For Windows installations, include the location of the JDK in your path before executing the jar command.

For both Unix and Windows platforms, a sub-directory named ORS.V2.3.0.3.0 is created.

4. Initialize the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler environment that you want to install the product into.

```
UNIX:
```

```
<SPLEBASE>/bin/splenviron.sh -e <SPLENVIRON>
Windows:
```

<SPLEBASE>\bin\splenviron.cmd -e <SPLENVIRON>

- 5. Stop the application server instance if running.
- 6. Change to the <TEMPDIR>/ORS.V2.3.0.3.0 directory.
- 7. Execute the following command:

**Note:** On UNIX, ensure that you have the proper execute permission on install.sh

#### UNIX:

ksh ./install.sh

#### Windows:

install.cmd

The Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application specific menu opens.

 Select the following menu items and enter mandatory fields.
 Refer to the Appendix A: Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Installation and Configuration Worksheets for more information.

```
8. JMS Configuration
       Context Factory: <Mandatory> Weblogic
       WebLogic Server URL: <Mandatory> Weblogic
      Weblogic System User ID: <Mandatory> Weblogic
      Weblogic System Password: <Mandatory>
      Time Out:
                   <Mandatory>
9. ORS Environment Description
      ORS Scheduler Map Files Location: <Mandatory>
       Schedule Manager Port Number: <Mandatory>
      Minimum Requests: <Mandatory>
      Maximum Time (seconds) Booking Requests:
                                                 <Mandatory>
      Unique identifier for the instance of the JVM:
                                                 <Mandatory>
       Registry cleanse timing in seconds: <Mandatory>
       Scheduler connection timeout in milliseconds:
                                                 <Mandatory>
       Scheduler maintenance cycle time in seconds: <Mandatory>
10. Geocode Data Source Configuration
      JDBC URL for the Geocode database:
                                              <Mandatory>
       Database User Name: <Mandatory>
       Database Password: <Mandatory>
       JNDI name for the Geocode datasource: <Mandatory>
11. Mapviewer Configuration
       Deploy mapviewer locally on this instance: <Mandatory>
       Location of mapviewer ear file: <Mandatory>
12. Security Configuration
      Deploy only mobility web application:
                                              <Mandatory>
       Allow Self Signed SSL Certificates: <Mandatory>
```

Force Http Connection (Enable if load balancer is configured for ssl-stripping) : <Mandatory>

- 9. Choose the options for configuration and enter P to proceed with the installation.
- 10. Execute the following command.

**Important**: In UNIX, ensure that you have the proper execute permission on ORS\_postinstall.sh.

#### UNIX:

cd <SPLEBASE>/runtime
ksh ./ORS postinstall.sh

#### Windows:

cd %SPLEBASE%\runtime ORS\_postinstall.cmd

Once the install has finished successfully, execute post installation steps as described in Performing Post-Installation Tasks.

#### Performing Post-Installation Tasks

- 1. Generate the Appviewer:
  - a. Change directory.

cd <install\_dir>/bin

<install\_dir> is the location where the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application component is installed.

b. Initialize the environment by running the appropriate command:

#### UNIX:

```
./splenviron.sh -e <ENV NAME>
```

#### Windows:

splenviron.cmd -e <ENV NAME>

c. Generate the appviewer by following the steps below:

#### UNIX:

\$cd \$SPLEBASE/bin
ksh ./genappvieweritems.sh

#### Windows:

C:\> cd %SPLEBASE%\bin C:\> genappvieweritems.cmd

2. Deploy Inbound Web Services (IWS).

Note: This is an optional step for customers using IWS instead of XAI services.

To deploy IWS:

#### UNIX:

a. Enable the Web Services Functionality.

- 1. Execute cd \$SPLEBASE/bin.
- 2. Execute configureEnv.sh -a.

Select option 50 and set the option "Enable Web Services Functionality" to true.

Enter "P" to process.

3. Execute initialSetup.sh as shown below:

cd \$SPLEBASE/bin ksh ./initialSetup.sh

b. Set the classpath as shown below:

```
$ CLASSPATH=$WL_HOME/server/lib/weblogic.jar:$CLASSPATH
$ export CLASSPATH
$ cd $SPLEBASE/bin
```

c. Execute the following command:

```
$ java weblogic.Admin -username <username> -password <password>
STOREUSERCONFIG -userconfigfile $SPLEBASE/etc/.wlsuserconfig -
userkeyfile $SPLEBASE/etc/.wlsuserkey
```

Select y.

d. Run the following command:

initialSetup.sh -i

**Note**: For AIX, export this variable first if using IBM JAVA before running initalSetup.sh -i.

```
export IBM_JAVA_OPTIONS="-
Dcom.ibm.jsse2.overrideDefaultTLS=true"
```

e. Execute the below step in \$SPLEBASE/bin. Note that the application server should be up before running the below command.

ksh ./iwsdeploy.sh

#### WINDOWS:

a. Enable the Web Services functionality.

1. cd %SPLEBASE%\bin

2. Execute

```
configureEnv.cmd -a
Select option 50 and set the option "Enable Web Services
Functionality" to true.
Enter "P" to process.
```

3.Execute initialSetup.cmd as shown below:

cd %SPLEBASE%\bin initialSetup.cmd

b. Set the classpath.

set CLASSPATH=%WL\_HOME%\server\lib\weblogic.jar;%CLASSPATH%

c. Execute the following command.

```
java weblogic.Admin -username system -password ouafadmin
STOREUSERCONFIG -userconfigfile %SPLEBASE%\etc\.wlsuserconfig -
userkeyfile %SPLEBASE%\etc\.wlsuserkey
```

Select y.

d. Run the following command:

initialSetup.cmd -i

e. Execute the below step in %SPLEBASE%\bin. Please note that the application server should be up before running the below command.

iwsdeploy.cmd

Note: IWS request submission generates an error on AIX machine.

```
ERROR:
Type 'com/sun/xml/messaging/saaj/soap/SOAPDocumentImpl'
(current frame,
stack[2]) is not assignable to
'com/sun/org/apache/xerces/internal/dom/CoreDocumentImpl'
```

This is known issue. The workaround which is verified is given below. A fix is expected to be released for this Oracle Utilities Application FrameWork issue.

#### Workaround:

Please update the \$SPLEBASE/templates/startWLS.sh.template file with the below entries before the last JAVA\_OPTIONS.

```
JAVA_OPTIONS="$JAVA_OPTIONS -
Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPConnectionFactory=com.sun.xml.internal.mess
aging.saaj.client.p2p.HttpSOAPConnectionFactory"
JAVA_OPTIONS="$JAVA_OPTIONS -
Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPFactory=com.sun.xml.internal.messaging.saaj
.soap.ver1_1.SOAPFactory1_1Impl"
JAVA_OPTIONS="$JAVA_OPTIONS -
Djavax.xml.soap.MetaFactory=com.sun.xml.internal.messaging.saaj
.soap.SAAJMetaFactoryImpl"
```

Save the template and run initialSetup.sh -t. Then, restart the application environment.

3. Build the wlfullclient.jar file

#### UNIX:

cd \$WL\_HOME/server/lib java -jar wljarbuilder.jar

#### WINDOWS:

cd %WL\_HOME%\server\lib java -jar wljarbuilder.jar

## After the Installation

After the installation is complete, do the following:

- 1. Verify installation logs created under decompressed installer location for any errors.
- 2. Confirm installation logs do not contain any errors.

- 3. Confirm all the configurations are correct. Refer to Appendix B: Installation and Configuration Worksheets for details.
- 4. Confirm that the database is ready.
- 5. Generate Appviewer.
- 6. Configure WebLogic.
- 7. Create JMS and GEOCODE DataSource in the WebLogic Admin console.
- 8. Start the application server.

For instructions, refer to Appendix D: Common Maintenance Activities.

9. To operate the application, refer to Operating the Application.

## **Operating the Application**

At this point your installation and custom integration process is complete. Be sure to read the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Administrative User Guide for more information on further configuring and operating the system.

## **Configuring WebLogic**

Configure the WebLogic application server to deploy it. Refer to *Oracle WebLogic 12.2.1.x Configuration Guide for Oracle Utilities Framework (Doc ID 2413918.1)* on My Oracle Support for more details.

## Creating JMS and GEOCODE DataSource in AdminConsole

For information about creating JMS and GEOCODE datasource, refer to the *JMS Setup Guide* and *GEOCODE DataSource Setup Guide* included in the documentation package.

## Installing Service Packs, Patchsets and Patches

Periodically, Oracle Utilities releases a service pack of single fixes for its products.

A service pack is an update to an existing release that includes solutions to known problems and other product enhancements. A service pack is not a replacement for an installation, but a pack consisting of a collection of changes and additions for it. The service pack may include changes to be applied to the application server, the database, or both. The service pack includes all files necessary for installing the collection of changes, including installation instructions.

Between services packs, Oracle Utilities releases patchsets or patches (if required). For information on installing patchsets, refer to the Readme file included with each patchset. For information on installing patches, refer to knowledge base article ID 974985.1 on My Oracle Support.

Service packs, patchsets and patches can be downloaded from My Oracle Support (https://support.oracle.com/).

# **Chapter 6**

## Upgrading Oracle Real-Time Scheduler

This chapter provides instructions for upgrading Oracle Real-Time Scheduler from an existing version to v2.3.0.3, including:

- Before You Upgrade
- Upgrade Installation Procedure
- After the Installation
- Operating the Application
- Configuring WebLogic
- Creating JMS and GEOCODE DataSource in AdminConsole
- Installing Service Packs and Patches

The software components required for an upgrade installation are available for download from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud.

## **Before You Upgrade**

#### Java-Based Mobile Version Control Management

The Java-based version control enhancement requires that a certain upgrade process be followed to ensure that no data is lost and no incompatible version issues arise.

The upgrade process includes:

- 1. All mobile devices should end their shifts and log off.
- 2. Upgrade the server and all MDTs.
- 3. Regenerate all deployments.

For more information about this enhancement and upgrade considerations, refer to the **Deploying the Application to Mobile Devices** chapter in the *Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Server Application User Guide.* 

#### Hybrid Mobile Version Control Management

The Hybrid MCP version control management requires the following upgrade steps to ensure that no data is lost and no incompatible version issues arise.

The upgrade process includes:

- 1. All mobile devices should end their shifts and log off.
- 2. Upgrade the server and all MDTs.
- 3. Execute M1-BMCOM batch to create a new Mobile Application Bundle.
- Regenerate all deployments.

For more information about this enhancement and upgrade considerations, refer to the **Deploying the Application to Mobile Devices** chapter in the *Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Server Application User Guide.* 

#### Processing Stale RSI messages

RSI messages are messages that are sent from the MCP device to the server. After a system upgrade, due to serialization issues, older RSI messages may not be recoverable. Therefore, RSI messages must be processed before an upgrade.

To process stale RSI messages:

1. To check for RSI messages which are in a non-finalized state (stale RSI messages), run the SQL query:

```
select count(*) from m1_srvr_status where status_lookup_flg =
'M1QU'
```

- If this query returns any records (count >0), run the RSI Batch Process job (Batch Name: M1-RSIBP).
- 3. This batch job processes queued RSI messages.
  - If the record executed successfully, the status of the record is changed to Delivered (M1DE).
  - If any application error occurred, the status of the record is changed to Error (M1ER).
- 4. After completion of batch process, run the following SQL query:

```
select count(*) from m1_srvr_status where status_lookup_flg =
'M1QU'
```

If running this query returns any records (count>0), those records may not be recoverable.

5. Continue with the system upgrade.

In addition, refer to My Oracle Support for up-to-date additional information on Oracle Real-Time Scheduler.

## **Upgrade Installation Procedure**

The upgrade procedure consists of:

- Upgrading the Database Component
- Upgrading the Application Components
- Upgrading the Java-Based Mobile Client

## **Upgrading the Database Component**

Upgrading of the database component of Oracle Real-Time Scheduler must be complete before you can proceed with the following sections. Refer to the section "**Upgrade Install**" of the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler *Database Administrator's Guide*, which provides instructions on installing the database component.

## Upgrading the Application Components

The following upgrade paths are supported:

- v2.2.0.3.13 to v2.3.0.3
- v2.3.0 to v2.3.0.3
- v2.3.0.1 to v2.3.0.2 then to v2.3.0.3
- v2.3.0.2 to v2.3.0.3

This section provides the steps to upgrade Oracle Real-Time Scheduler from v2.2.0.3.13, v2.3.0, (v2.3.0.1 to v2.3.0.2), v2.3.0.2 upgrade to v2.3.0.3.

**Note**: An upgrade from Oracle Real-Time Scheduler to v2.3.0.3 is equivalent to a fresh installation of Oracle Real-Time Scheduler on the application side.

A successful upgrade consists of:

- Installing Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6
- Installing Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6 Single Fix Pre-requisite Rollup
- Installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Component v2.3.0.3

#### Installing Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6

This section describes how to install the application framework component, including:

- Copying and Decompressing Install Media
- Setting Permissions for the cistab file in UNIX
- Preparing for the Installation

#### **Copying and Decompressing Install Media**

The installation file is delivered in jar format for both UNIX and Windows platforms. Download the installation package and proceed as follows:

 Log in to the host server as the Oracle Utilities Application Framework administrator user ID. This is the same user ID that was used to install the Oracle Utilities Application Framework.

- 2. Create a <TEMPDIR> directory on the host server, which is independent of any current or other working Oracle Utilities Framework application environment. This can be the same <TEMPDIR> used during the installation of the Oracle Utilities Application Framework.
- 3. Copy the file FW-V4.3.0.6.0-MultiPlatform.jar in the delivered package to a <TEMPDIR> on your host server. If you are using FTP to transfer this file, remember to use the BINARY option for the FTP transfer.
- 4. Decompress the file:

cd <TEMPDIR>
jar -xvf FW-V4.3.0.6.0-MultiPlatform.jar

For Windows installations, include the location of the JDK in your path before you execute the jar command.

For both Unix and Windows platforms, a sub-directory named FW.V4.3.0.6.0 is created. The contents of the installation directory are identical for both platforms. The directory contains the install software for the application.

#### Setting Permissions for the cistab file in UNIX

Every Oracle Utilities Application Framework environment installed on a server must be registered in the /etc/cistab file located on that server. On UNIX servers, generally only the root user ID has write permissions to the /etc directory. Since the installation process is run by the Oracle administrator user ID (cissys), this user ID may not be able to write to /etc/cistab table.

The install utility checks permissions and if it identifies a lack of the necessary permissions, it generates a script in the <TEMPDIR>/FW.V4.3.0.6.0 directory named cistab\_<SPLENVIRON>.sh. Run the generated script using the root account before continuing with the installation process. The script initializes the cistab file in /etc directory (if it is the first Oracle Utilities Framework application environment on the server) and registers a new environment.

The generated script also changes the owner of /etc/cistab file to the Oracle Utilities Framework administrator user ID, so that the next time a new environment is created by the same Oracle Utilities Framework administrator user ID, you do not need to run the generated script with the root user ID. Instead the install utility itself proceeds with the registration.

If you are reinstalling an existing environment, only the validation of /etc/cistab entry is done by the install utility, no new registration occurs. The install utility interactively instructs you about every step that needs to occur in each specific case.

If you are planning to upgrade an existing environment it is your responsibility to take a backup prior to the installation process. The installation utility does not create a backup of existing environment.

#### Preparing for the Installation

- 1. Log on as the administrator (default cissys).
- 2. Change directory to <TEMPDIR>/FW.V4.3.0.6.0.
- 3. Set the ORACLE\_CLIENT\_HOME and PATH variables as Oracle Client Perl is required to run the installer.

#### UNIX:

#### Windows:

```
set ORACLE_CLIENT_HOME=<ORACLE CLIENT INSTALL LOCATION>
set PERL_HOME=%ORACLE_CLIENT_HOME%\perl
set PATH=%PERL HOME%\bin;%PATH%
```

4. Start the application installation utility by executing the appropriate script:

#### UNIX:

ksh ./install.sh

#### Windows:

install.cmd

The Oracle Utilities Application Framework specific menu appears.

- 5. Follow the messages and instructions that are produced by the application installation utility.
- 6. Select each menu item to configure the values. For detailed description of the values, refer to Appendix Installation and Configuration Worksheets.
- Below are the mandatory list of configurable items along with descriptions for a few items. Where you see <Mandatory>, enter values suitable to your environment. You can assign default values to the rest of the menu items.

**Note:** The application has introduced a new feature to create a separate domain for threadpool worker. In the physical machine or virtual machine of the application, you can create a threadpool domain and through the admin console of that domain, you can deploy "Threadpoolworker.ear" to have independent control upon the threadpool worker.

Another option is to include the threadpool worker in the application domain so whenever the application is started, its corresponding threadpool worker is also started.

For ThreadPool Worker deployment through Admin console, configure "Web JDBC DataSource Name" as "TPWDatasource" through Admin Console and update the same in the Menu 4 options; also provide the credentials of "JDBC Database UserName/Password" to be the same as Application Server Database UserName/Password. Please see Menu 4 below for more information.

```
* Environment Installation Options *
*****
1. Environment ID, Roles, Third Party Software Configuration
      Environment ID:
      Server Roles:
                                  batch, online
      Oracle Client Home Directory:
      Web Java Home Directory:
      Hibernate JAR Directory:
      ONS JAR Directory:
      Web Application Server Home Directory:
      WebLogic Server Thin-Client JAR Directory:
      ADF Home Directory:
      OIM OAM Enabled Environment:
2. Keystore Options
      Import Keystore Directory:
      Store Type:
                                                      JCEKS
      Alias:
                                                     ouaf.system
                                                      AES Alias
       Alias Key Algorithm:
Key
                  Size:
                                                         128
```

```
HMAC Alias:
                                                            ouaf.system.hmac
          Padding:
                                                                 PKCS5Padding
          Mode:
                                      CBC
    50. Environment Installation Options
           Environment Mount Point:
           Log Files Mount Point:
           Environment Name:
           Web Application Server Type:
           Install Application Viewer Module:
                                                                    true
           Install Demo Generation Cert Script:
                                                                    true
           Install Sample CM Source Code:
                                                                    true
   Each item in the above list should be configured for a successful
   install.
   Choose option (1,2,50, <P> Process, <X> Exit):
8. Once you enter 'P' after entering mandatory input values in the above menu, the system
   populates another configuration menu.
   * Environment Configuration *
   1. Environment Description
           Environment Description: <Mandatory>
    2. Business Application Server Configuration
           Business Server Host: </br>WebLogic Server Name:Mandatory>
           Business Server Application Name: SPLService
           MPL Admin Port Number: 

</
                                            Listener
                                            Port
           MPL Automatic startup:
                                          false
    3. Web Application Server Configuration
           Web Server Host: <Mandatory>
           Weblogic SSL Port Number: <Mandatory>
           Weblogic Console Port Number: <Mandatory>
           WebLogic Additional Stop Arguments:
                                  ouaf
           Web Context Root:
           WebLogic JNDI User ID:
                                         <Mandatory>
           WebLogic JNDI Password: <Mandatory>
           WebLogic Admin System User ID: 

           WebLogic Admin System Password: <Mandatory>
           WebLogic Server Name: myserver
           Web Server Application Name: SPLWeb
Deploy using Archive Files: true
           Deploy Application Viewer Module: true
           Enable The Unsecured Health Check Service: false
           MDB RunAs User ID:
           Super User Ids:
    4. Database Configuration
        Application Server Database User ID: Application Server Database User ID:
           Application Server Database Password:  <Mandatory>
           MPL Database User ID:
                                                         <Mandatory>
           MPL Database Password:
                                                         <Mandatory>
           XAI Database User ID:
                                                         <Mandatory>
           XAI Database Password:
                                                         <Mandatory>
           Batch Database User ID:
                                                        <Mandatory>
           Batch Database Password:
                                                          <Mandatory>
```

```
Database Name:
                                                  <Mandatory>
       Database Server:
                                                  <Mandatory>
       Database Port:
                                                  <Mandatory>
       ONS Server Configuration:
       Database Override Connection String:
       Oracle Client Character Set NLS LANG:
5. General Configuration Options
      Batch RMI Port:
                                                  <Mandatory> - RMI
                                                  port
                                                         for batch
       RMI Port number for JMX Business:
      RMI Port number for JMX Web:
       JMX Enablement System User ID:
       JMX Enablement System Password:
       Coherence Cluster Name: < Mandatory > - Unique name for batch
       Coherence Cluster Address:<Mandatory> - Unique multicast
                                               address
       Coherence Cluster Port: <Mandatory> - Unique port for batch
                                              cluster
       Coherence Cluster Mode: <Mandatory> - prod
 6. OUAF TrustStore Options
    Import TrustStore Directory:
    Store Type
                                                             JCEKS
    Alias
                                                       ouaf.system
    Alias Key Algorithm
                                                               AES
    Alias Key Size
                                                               128
    HMAC Alias
                                                  ouaf.system.hmac
    Padding
                                                      PKCS5Padding
    Mode
                                                               CBC
Each item in the above list should be configured for a successful
install.
Choose option (1,2,3,4,5,6 <P> Process, <X> Exit):
```

9. When you are done with the parameter setup, proceed with the option P. The utility writes the configured parameters and their values into the configuration file.

Once the install has finished, the installation log location appears on the screen. If the log does not list any error messages, the installation of the application component of Oracle Utilities Application Framework is complete.

## Installing Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6 Single Fix Pre-requisite Rollup

- 1. Create a <TEMPDIR> directory on the host server that is independent of any current or other working application environment.
- Copy the FW-v4.3.0.6.0-PREREQ-Multiplatform.zip file in the delivered package to <TEMPDIR>.

If you are using FTP to transfer this file, remember to use the BINARY option for the FTP transfer.

After extracting the zip file, the **Application-Server-Multiplatform** sub-directory is created.

3. Refer to the **Readme.txt** inside **Application-Server-Multiplatform** to install the application related Oracle Utilities Application Framework patch.

#### Installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Component v2.3.0.3

To install the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application component:

- 1. Create a <TEMPDIR> directory on the host server that is independent of any current or other working Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application environment.
- 2. Unzip Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3 Multiplatform.zip and copy the ORS-V2.3.0.3.0-MultiPlatform.jar file in the delivered package to <TEMPDIR>.

If you are using FTP to transfer this file, remember to use the BINARY option for the FTP transfer.

3. Decompress the file.

```
cd <TEMPDIR>
jar -xvf ORS-V2.3.0.3.0-MultiPlatform.jar
```

**Note:** For Windows installations, include the location of the JDK in your path before executing the jar command.

For both Unix and Windows platforms, a sub-directory named **ORS.V2.3.0.3.0** is created.

4. Initialize the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler environment that you want to install the product into.

UNIX:

<SPLEBASE>/bin/splenviron.sh -e <SPLENVIRON>

#### Windows:

<SPLEBASE>\bin\splenviron.cmd -e <SPLENVIRON>

- 5. Stop the application server instance if running.
- 6. Change to the <TEMPDIR>/ORS.V2.3.0.3.0 directory.
- 7. Execute the following command:

**Note**: On UNIX, ensure that you have the proper execute permission on install.sh

#### UNIX:

ksh ./install.sh

#### Windows:

install.cmd

The applicationspecific menu opens.

 Select the following menu items and enter mandatory fields. Refer to Appendix A: Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Installation and Configuration Worksheets in the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Server Application Installation Guide for more information.

```
8. JMS Configuration
Context Factory: <Mandatory> Weblogic
Weblogic Server URL: <Mandatory> Weblogic
Weblogic System User ID: <Mandatory> Weblogic
Weblogic System Password: <Mandatory>
Time Out: <Mandatory>
9. ORS Environment Description
ORS Scheduler Map Files Location: <Mandatory>
Schedule Manager Port Number: <Mandatory>
Minimum Requests: <Mandatory>
Maximum Time (seconds) Booking Requests: <Mandatory>
Unique identifier for the instance of the JVM:
```

<Mandatory> Registry cleanse timing in seconds: <Mandatory> Scheduler connection timeout in milliseconds: <Mandatorv> Scheduler maintenance cycle time in seconds: <Mandatory> 10. Geocode Data Source Configuration JDBC URL for the Geocode database: <Mandatory> Database User Name: <Mandatory> Database Password: <Mandatorv> JNDI name for the Geocode datasource: <Mandatory> 11. Mapviewer Configuration Deploy mapviewer locally on this instance: <Mandatory> Location of mapviewer ear file: <Mandatory> 12. Security Configuration Deploy only mobility web application: <Mandatory> Allow Self Signed SSL Certificates: <Mandatory> Force Http Connection (Enable if load balancer is configured for ssl-stripping): <Mandatory>

- 9. Choose the options for configuration and enter P to proceed with the installation.
- 10. Execute the following command:

**Important**: In UNIX, ensure that you have the proper execute permission on ORS\_postinstall.sh.

#### UNIX:

cd <SPLEBASE>/runtime
ksh ./ORS\_postinstall.sh

#### Windows:

cd %SPLEBASE%\runtime ORS postinstall.cmd

#### Performing Post-Installation Tasks

- 1. Generate the appviewer.
  - a. Change the directory.

cd <install dir>/bin

where <install\_dir> is the location where the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application component is installed.

b. Initialize the environment.

#### UNIX:

./splenviron.sh -e <ENV NAME>

#### Windows:

splenviron.cmd -e <ENV NAME>

c. Generate the appviewer.

#### UNIX:

\$cd \$SPLEBASE/bin

ksh ./genappvieweritems.sh

#### Windows:

C:\> cd %SPLEBASE%\bin C:\> genappvieweritems.cmd

2. Deploy Inbound Web Services (IWS).

**Note**: This is an optional step for customers using IWS instead of XAI services.

To deploy IWS:

#### UNIX:

- a. Enable the Web Services functionality.
  - a. cd \$SPLEBASE/bin
  - b. Execute configureEnv.sh –a

Select option 50 and set the option "Enable Web Services Functionality" to true. Enter "P" to process.

c. Execute initialSetup.sh.

cd \$SPLEBASE/bin ksh ./initialSetup.sh

b. Set the classpath.

```
$ CLASSPATH=$WL_HOME/server/lib/weblogic.jar:$CLASSPATH
$ export CLASSPATH
$ cd $SPLEBASE/bin
```

c. Execute the following command:

\$ java weblogic.Admin -username <username> -password <password>
STOREUSERCONFIG -userconfigfile \$SPLEBASE/etc/.wlsuserconfig userkeyfile \$SPLEBASE/etc/.wlsuserkey

Select y.

d. Run the following command:

initialSetup.sh -i

**Note**: For AIX, export this variable first if using IBM JAVA before running initalSetup.sh -i.

export IBM\_JAVA\_OPTIONS="-Dcom.ibm.jsse2.overrideDefaultTLS=true"

e. Execute the below step in \$SPLEBASE/bin. Note that the application server should be up before running the below command.

ksh ./iwsdeploy.sh

#### WINDOWS:

- a. Enable the Web Services functionality.
  - a. cd %SPLEBASE%\bin
  - b. Execute configureEnv.cmd -a

Select option 50 and set the option "Enable Web Services Functionality" to true.

Enter "P" to process.

c. Execute initialSetup.cmd as shown below:

cd %SPLEBASE%\bin initialSetup.cmd

b. Set the classpath.

set CLASSPATH=%WL HOME%\server\lib\weblogic.jar;%CLASSPATH%

c. Execute the following command:

```
java weblogic.Admin -username system -password ouafadmin
STOREUSERCONFIG -userconfigfile %SPLEBASE%\etc\.wlsuserconfig -
userkeyfile %SPLEBASE%\etc\.wlsuserkey
```

Select y.

d. Run the following command:

initialSetup.cmd -i

e. Execute the following step in %SPLEBASE%\bin.

Note that the application server should be up before running the command.

iwsdeploy.cmd

Note: IWS request submission generates an error on AIX machine.

```
ERROR:
Type 'com/sun/xml/messaging/saaj/soap/SOAPDocumentImpl'
(current frame,
stack[2]) is not assignable to
'com/sun/org/apache/xerces/internal/dom/CoreDocumentImpl'
```

This is known issue. The workaround which is verified is given below. A fix is expected to be released for this Oracle Utilities Application FrameWork issue.

#### Workaround:

Please update the \$SPLEBASE/templates/startWLS.sh.template file with the below entries before the last JAVA\_OPTIONS.

```
JAVA_OPTIONS="$JAVA_OPTIONS -
Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPConnectionFactory=com.sun.xml.internal.mess
aging.saaj.client.p2p.HttpSOAPConnectionFactory"
JAVA_OPTIONS="$JAVA_OPTIONS -
Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPFactory=com.sun.xml.internal.messaging.saaj
.soap.ver1_1.SOAPFactory1_1Impl"
JAVA_OPTIONS="$JAVA_OPTIONS -
Djavax.xml.soap.MetaFactory=com.sun.xml.internal.messaging.saaj
.soap.SAAJMetaFactoryImpl"
```

Save the template and run initialSetup.sh -t. Then, restart the application environment.

3. Build the wlfullclient.jar file.

#### UNIX:

cd \$WL\_HOME/server/lib java -jar wljarbuilder.jar

#### WINDOWS:

```
cd %WL_HOME%\server\lib
java -jar wljarbuilder.jar
```

## Upgrading the Java-Based Mobile Client

This section describes the upgrade for the Java-based mobile client. Refer to the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler *Hybrid Mobile Application Installation and Deployment Guide* for information about upgrading the Hybrid mobile client.

Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3 supports the mobile client upgrade paths from v2.2.0.3.13, v2.3.0, (v2.3.0.1 to v2.3.0.2), v2.3.0.2 to v2.3.0.3.

- Upgrading the Mobile Client on Windows
- Upgrading the Mobile Client on Android
- Registering the Mobile Device

#### Upgrading the Mobile Client on Windows

To upgrade the mobile client on Windows 7 using the GUI:

- 1. Extract OracleMWM.msi from ORS-V2.3.0.3.0-Mobile-Client-Win.zip and copy it to a temporary directory.
- 2. Double-click the OracleMWM.msi file to start the installation process.
- 3. Click **Next** to proceed with the upgrade of Oracle Real-Time Scheduler 2.3.0.3 Mobile Client on your machine.
- 4. Select a folder/hard drive location (specify the same location as that of already installed version) to upgrade the application to.
- 5. Click Next to proceed with the upgrade process.
- 6. Click **Close** after the upgrade is successful.

The mobile client application is now accessible from shortcuts created on the Desktop or Start Menu.

#### Upgrading the Mobile Client on Android

To upgrade the mobile client on an Android device, you must first un-install the installed APK and then install the new APK. You can choose to perform this using the Command-line option or through the GUI option.

#### **Command-line option**

To un-install and then re-install the APK using the command-line option:

```
adb uninstall com.splwg.base.android
adb install <path of apk>
```

#### **GUI** option

To un-install and then re-install the APK using the GUI:

#### Un-installing the Mobile Client

- Navigate to Settings > Applications > Manage Applications and click the Oracle Utilities Mobile Workforce Management application.
- 2. Click Uninstall to remove Android MCP from the device. Do not select Clear data.

#### Installing the Mobile Client

- 1. Extract **OracleMWM.apk** from the **ORS-V2.3.0.3.0-Mobile-Client-Android.zip** file and copy it to a temporary directory.
- 2. Connect the device to the desktop or laptop.
- 3. Copy the **OracleMWM.apk** file to the removable disk (select My Computer for the drive letter).
- 4. Verify that non-Market applications can be installed.
- 5. Navigate to **Settings > Applications** and select **Unknown sources**.
- 6. Use a file explorer on the device (such as MyFiles) to locate the APK file on the SD card.
- 7. Launch the file.
- 8. Confirm the installation by clicking **Install**. The application will now be installed.
- After the application is installed, click **Done**.
   You have successfully installed the mobile client.

#### **Registering the Mobile Device**

The mobile device needs to be registered with the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application server before it can start using the application features. Ensure that the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application is installed and running before registering the mobile device.

Please refer to the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Mobile Application User Guide for the steps to register a device with the server.

**Note**: After installing the mobile client for this release, an MCP Backup properties file (titled BackupMDT.properties) gets created.

For Android devices, this file gets created inside "mcpbackup" folder inside the SD card. For Windows devices, this file gets created inside "\MWMApp\data" directory. This properties file stores information related to the previous device registration (if any).

When the mobile client is un-installed at a later point in time, the **BackupMDT.properties** file does not get deleted as part of the un-installation process. As a workaround, the BackupMDT.properties must be deleted manually or through scripting for any changes to the MDT Tag or MDT URL.

## After the Installation

After you complete the installation, do the following:

- 1. Verify installation logs created under decompressed installer location for any errors.
- 2. Confirm installation logs do not contain any errors.
- 3. Confirm all the configurations are correct. Refer to Appendix B: Installation and Configuration Worksheets for details.
- 4. Confirm that the database is ready.
- 5. Generate appviewer.
- 6. Start the application server. For instructions, refer to Appendix D: Common Maintenance Activities.
- 7. To operate the application, refer to the Operating the Application section.

## **Operating the Application**

At this point your installation and custom integration process is complete. Be sure to read the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Administrative User Guide for more information on further configuring and operating the system.

## **Configuring WebLogic**

Configure the WebLogic application server to deploy it. Refer to Oracle WebLogic 12.2.1.x Configuration Guide for Oracle Utilities Framework (Doc ID 2413918.1) on My Oracle Support for more details.

## Creating JMS and GEOCODE DataSource in AdminConsole

For information about creating JMS and GEOCODE datasource, refer to the *JMS Setup Guide* and *GEOCODE DataSource Setup Guide* included in the documentation package.

## **Installing Service Packs and Patches**

Periodically, Oracle Utilities releases a service pack of single fixes for its products.

A service pack is an update to an existing release that includes solutions to known problems and other product enhancements. A service pack is not a replacement for an installation, but a pack consisting of a collection of changes and additions for it. The service pack may include changes to be applied to the application server, the database, or both. The service pack includes all files necessary for installing the collection of changes, including installation instructions.

Between services packs, Oracle Utilities releases patchsets or patches (if required). For information on installing patchsets, refer to the Readme file included with each patchset. For information on installing patches, refer to knowledge base article ID 974985.1 on My Oracle Support.

Service packs, patchsets and patches can be downloaded from My Oracle Support (https://support.oracle.com/).

# Chapter 7

## Installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler - Demo Installation

This chapter provides instructions to install Oracle Real-Time Scheduler for demo purpose. It includes information on the following:

- Before You Install
- Demo Installation Procedure
- After the Installation
- Operating the Application
- Configuring WebLogic
- Creating JMS and GEOCODE DataSource in AdminConsole
- Installing Service Packs and Patches

The software components required for a demo installation are available for download from the Oracle Software Delivery Cloud.

## **Before You Install**

Refer to My Oracle Support for up-to-date additional information on Oracle Real-Time Scheduler.

## **Demo Installation Procedure**

The initial installation procedure consists of:

- Installing the Database Component
- Installing the Application Components

#### Installing the Database Component

Make sure the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler database component installation is complete before proceeding with the following sections.

Refer to the **Demo Install** section in the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Database Administrator Guide for instructions to install the database component.

### Installing the Application Components

A successful installation consists of the following:

- Installing Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6
- Installing Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6 Single Fix Pre-requisite Rollup
- Installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3

#### Installing Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6

This section describes how to install the application framework component, including:

- Copying and Decompressing Install Media
- Setting Permissions for the cistab file in UNIX
- Preparing for the Installation

#### **Copying and Decompressing Install Media**

The installation file is delivered in jar format for both UNIX and Windows platforms. Download the installation package and proceed as follows:

- Log in to the host server as the Oracle Utilities Application Framework administrator user ID. This is the same user ID that was used to install the Oracle Utilities Application Framework.
- Create a <TEMPDIR> directory on the host server, which is independent of any current or other working Oracle Utilities Framework application environment. This can be the same <TEMPDIR> used during the installation of the Oracle Utilities Application Framework.

Note: This directory must be located outside any current or other working Oracle Utilities application environment. All files that are placed in this directory as a part of the installation may be deleted after a successful installation.

- Copy the FW-V4.3.0.6.0-MultiPlatform.jar file in the delivered package to a <TEMPDIR> on your host server. If you are using FTP to transfer this file, remember to use the BINARY option for the FTP transfer.
- 4. Decompress the file.

```
cd <TEMPDIR>
jar -xvf FW-V4.3.0.6.0-MultiPlatform.jar
```

For Windows installations, include the location of the JDK in your path before you execute the jar command.

For both Unix and Windows platforms, a sub-directory named **FW.V4.3.0.6.0** is created. The contents of the installation directory are identical for both platforms. The directory contains the install software for the application.

#### Setting Permissions for the cistab file in UNIX

Every Oracle Utilities Application Framework environment installed on a server must be registered in the /etc/cistab file located on that server. On UNIX servers, generally only the root user ID has write permissions to the /etc directory. Since the installation process is run by the Oracle administrator user ID (cissys), this user ID may not be able to write to /etc/cistab table.

The install utility checks permissions and if it identifies a lack of the necessary permissions, it generates a script in the <TEMPDIR>/FW.V4.3.0.6.0 directory named cistab\_<SPLENVIRON>.sh. Run the generated script using the root account before continuing with the installation process. The script initializes the cistab file in /etc directory (if it is the first Oracle Utilities Framework application environment on the server) and registers a new environment.

The generated script also changes the owner of /etc/cistab file to the Oracle Utilities Framework administrator user ID, so that the next time a new environment is created by the same Oracle Utilities Framework administrator user ID, you do not need to run the generated script with the root user ID. Instead the install utility itself proceeds with the registration.

If you are reinstalling an existing environment, only the validation of /etc/cistab entry is done by the install utility, no new registration occurs. The install utility interactively instructs you about every step that needs to occur in each specific case.

If you are planning to upgrade an existing environment it is your responsibility to take a backup prior to the installation process. The installation utility does not create a backup of existing environment.

#### Preparing for the Installation

- 1. Login as an administrator (default cissys).
- 2. Change directory to the <TEMPDIR>/FW.V4.3.0.6.0.
- 3. Set the ORACLE\_CLIENT\_HOME and PATH variables as Oracle Client Perl is required to run the installer.

#### UNIX:

#### Windows:

```
set ORACLE_CLIENT_HOME=<ORACLE CLIENT INSTALL LOCATION>
set PERL_HOME=%ORACLE_CLIENT_HOME%\perl
set PATH=%PERL HOME%\bin;%PATH%
```

4. Start the application installation utility:

#### UNIX:

```
ksh ./install.sh
```

#### Windows:

install.cmd

The Oracle Utilities Application Framework specific menu appears.

- 5. Follow the messages and instructions that are produced by the application installation utility.
- 6. Select each menu item to configure the values. For detailed description of the values, refer to Appendix B: Installation and Configuration Worksheets.
- 7. Once you enter 'P' after entering mandatory input values in the above menu, the system populates another configuration menu.

```
* Environment Configuration *
    1. Environment Description
            Environment Description:
                                           <Mandatory>
     2. Business Application Server Configuration
            Business Server Host: <Mandatory>
            WebLogic Server Name:
                                             myserver
            Business Server Application Name: SPLService
              MPL Admin Port Number: 

</
Listener
                                                                Port.
            MPL Automatic startup:
                                            false
     3. Web Application Server Configuration
            Web Server Host: <Mandatory>
            Weblogic SSL Port Number: <Mandatory>
            Weblogic Console Port Number: <Mandatory>
            WebLogic Additional Stop Arguments:
            Web Context Root:
                                     ouaf
            WebLogic JNDI User ID:
                                            <Mandatory>
            WebLogic JNDI User ID: <Mandatory</pre>WebLogic JNDI Password: <Mandatory>
            WebLogic Admin System User ID: 

            WebLogic Admin System Password: 

</pre
            WebLogic Server Name: myserver
            Web Server Application Name: SPLWeb
Deploy using Archive Files: true
            Deploy Application Viewer Module:
                                                            true
            Enable The Unsecured Health Check Service: false
            MDB RunAs User ID:
            Super User Ids:
     4. Database Configuration
            Application Server Database User ID: <Mandatory>
            Application Server Database Password: 

Application Server Database Password:
            MPL Database User ID:
                                                              <Mandatory>
            MPL Database Password:
                                                              <Mandatory>
            XAI Database User ID:
                                                              <Mandatory>
            XAI Database Password:
                                                              <Mandatory>
            Batch Database User ID:
                                                             <Mandatory>
            Batch Database Password:
                                                                <Mandatory>
            Database Name:
                                                                <Mandatory>
            Database Server:
                                                                <Mandatory>
            Database Port:
                                                               <Mandatory>
            ONS Server Configuration:
            Database Override Connection String:
            Oracle Client Character Set NLS LANG:
```

5. General Configuration Options

Import TrustStore Directory: Store Type JCEKS Alias ouaf.system Alias Key Algorithm AES Alias Key Size 128 HMAC Alias ouaf.system.hmac

Each item in the above list should be configured for a successful install.

Choose option (1,2,3,4,5,6,7 <P> Process, <X> Exit):

- 8. When you are done with the parameter setup, proceed with the option P. The utility writes the configured parameters and their values into the configuration file.
- Once the install has finished, the installation log location appears on the screen. If the log
  does not list any error messages, the installation of the application component of Oracle
  Utilities Application Framework is complete.

## Installing Oracle Utilities Application Framework v4.3.0.6 Single Fix Pre-requisite Rollup

- 1. Create a <TEMPDIR> directory on the host server that is independent of any current or other working application environment.
- Copy the FW-v4.3.0.6.0-PREREQ-Multiplatform.zip file in the delivered package to <TEMPDIR>.

If you are using FTP to transfer this file, remember to use the BINARY option for the FTP transfer.

- 3. After extracting the **Application-Server-Multiplatform** zip file, a sub-directory is created.
- Refer to the Readme.txt inside Application-Server-Multiplatform to install the application related Oracle Utilities Application Framework patch.

#### Installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3

To install the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application component:

- 1. Create a <TEMPDIR> directory on the host server that is independent of any current or other working Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application environment.
- Unzip Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3 Multiplatform.zip and copy the ORS-V2.3.0.3.0-MultiPlatform.jar file in the delivered package to <TEMPDIR>.

If you are using FTP to transfer this file, remember to use the BINARY option for the FTP transfer.

3. Decompress the file.

cd <TEMPDIR>
jar -xvf ORS-V2.3.0.3.0-MultiPlatform.jar

**Note:** For Windows installations, include the location of the JDK in your path before executing the jar command.

For both Unix and Windows platforms, a sub-directory ORS.V2.3.0.3.0 is created.

4. Initialize the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler environment that you want to install the product into.

#### UNIX:

<SPLEBASE>/bin/splenviron.sh -e <SPLENVIRON>
Windows:

<SPLEBASE>\bin\splenviron.cmd -e <SPLENVIRON>

- 5. Stop the application server instance if running.
- 6. Change to the <TEMPDIR>/ORS.V2.3.0.3.0 directory.
- 7. Execute the following command:

**Note**: On UNIX, ensure that you have the proper execute permission on install.sh.

#### UNIX:

ksh ./install.sh

#### Windows:

install.cmd

The Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application specific menu opens.

8. Select the following menu items and enter mandatory fields.

Refer to the Appendix A: Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Installation and Configuration Worksheets in for more information.

```
8. JMS Configuration
       Context Factory: <Mandatory> Weblogic
       WebLogic Server URL: <Mandatory> Weblogic
       Weblogic System User ID: <Mandatory> Weblogic
       Weblogic System Password: <Mandatory>
       Time Out:
                      <Mandatory>
9. ORS Environment Description
       ORS Scheduler Map Files Location:
                                             <Mandatory>
       Schedule Manager Port Number: <Mandatory>
       Minimum Requests: <Mandatory>
       Maximum Time (seconds) Booking Requests:
                                                     <Mandatory>
       Unique identifier for the instance of the JVM:
                                                     <Mandatory>
       Registry cleanse timing in seconds:                                                                            
       Scheduler connection timeout in milliseconds:
                                                     <Mandatory>
       Scheduler maintenance cycle time in seconds: <Mandatory>
10. Geocode Data Source Configuration
       JDBC URL for the Geocode database:
                                                 <Mandatory>
       Database User Name: <Mandatory>
       Database Password: <Mandatory>
       JNDI name for the Geocode datasource: <Mandatory>
```

- 11. Mapviewer Configuration
   Deploy mapviewer locally on this instance: <Mandatory>
   Location of mapviewer ear file: <Mandatory>
- 12. Security Configuration
   Deploy only mobility web application: <Mandatory>
   Allow Self Signed SSL Certificates: <Mandatory>
   Force Http Connection (Enable if load balancer is
   configured for ssl-stripping): <Mandatory>
- 9. Choose the options for configuration and enter P to proceed with the installation.
- 10. Execute the following command.

**Important**: In UNIX, ensure that you have the proper execute permission on ORS\_postinstall.sh.

#### UNIX:

```
cd <SPLEBASE>/runtime
ksh ./ORS postinstall.sh
```

#### Windows:

```
cd %SPLEBASE%\runtime
ORS postinstall.cmd
```

Once the install has finished successfully, execute post installation steps as described in the Performing Post-Installation Tasks section.

#### **Performing Post-Installation Tasks**

- 1. Generate the Appviewer.
  - a. Change directory.

cd <install\_dir>/bin

where <install\_dir> is the location where the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application component is installed.

b. Initialize the environment.

#### UNIX:

./splenviron.sh -e <ENV NAME>

#### Windows:

splenviron.cmd -e <ENV NAME>

c. Generate the Appviewer.

#### UNIX:

\$cd \$SPLEBASE/bin
ksh ./genappvieweritems.sh

#### Windows:

C:\> cd %SPLEBASE%\bin C:\> genappvieweritems.cmd

2. Deploy Inbound Web Services (IWS).

Note: This is an optional step for customers using IWS instead of XAI services.

To deploy IWS:

#### UNIX:

- a. Enable the Web Services functionality.
  - 1. Execute cd \$SPLEBASE/bin.
  - 2. Execute configureEnv.sh –a

Select option 50 and set the option "Enable Web Services Functionality" to true.

Enter "P" to process.

3. Execute initialSetup.sh.

cd \$SPLEBASE/bin ksh ./initialSetup.sh

b. Set the classpath.

```
$ CLASSPATH=$WL_HOME/server/lib/weblogic.jar:$CLASSPATH
$ export CLASSPATH
$ cd $SPLEBASE/bin
```

c. Execute the following command:

```
$ java weblogic.Admin -username <username> -password <password>
STOREUSERCONFIG -userconfigfile $SPLEBASE/etc/.wlsuserconfig -
userkeyfile $SPLEBASE/etc/.wlsuserkey
```

Select y.

d. Run the following command:

initialSetup.sh -i

**Note**: For AIX, export this variable first if using IBM JAVA before running initalSetup.sh -i.

export IBM\_JAVA\_OPTIONS="-Dcom.ibm.jsse2.overrideDefaultTLS=true"

e. Execute the step below in \$SPLEBASE/bin. Note that the application server should be up before running the command.

ksh ./iwsdeploy.sh

#### WINDOWS:

a. Enable the Web Services Functionality as shown below:

cd %SPLEBASE%\bin

b. Execute configureEnv.cmd –a.

Select option 50 and set the option "Enable Web Services Functionality" to true.

Enter "P" to process.

c. Execute initialSetup.cmd.

cd %SPLEBASE%\bin initialSetup.cmd

d. Set the classpath.

set CLASSPATH=%WL HOME%\server\lib\weblogic.jar;%CLASSPATH%

e. Execute the following command:

```
java weblogic.Admin -username system -password ouafadmin
STOREUSERCONFIG -userconfigfile %SPLEBASE%\etc\.wlsuserconfig -
userkeyfile %SPLEBASE%\etc\.wlsuserkey
```

Select y.

f. Run the following command:

initialSetup.cmd -i

g. Execute the step below in %SPLEBASE%\bin. Note that the application server should be up before running the below command.

iwsdeploy.cmd

Note: IWS request submission generates an error on AIX machine.

```
ERROR:
Type 'com/sun/xml/messaging/saaj/soap/SOAPDocumentImpl'
(current frame,
stack[2]) is not assignable to
'com/sun/org/apache/xerces/internal/dom/CoreDocumentImpl'
```

This is known issue. The workaround which is verified is given below. A fix is expected to be released for this Oracle Utilities Application Framework issue.

#### Workaround:

Update the \$SPLEBASE/templates/startWLS.sh.template file with the below entries before the last JAVA\_OPTIONS.

```
JAVA_OPTIONS="$JAVA_OPTIONS -
Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPConnectionFactory=com.sun.xml.internal.mess
aging.saaj.client.p2p.HttpSOAPConnectionFactory"
JAVA_OPTIONS="$JAVA_OPTIONS -
Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPFactory=com.sun.xml.internal.messaging.saaj
.soap.ver1_1.SOAPFactory1_1Impl"
JAVA_OPTIONS="$JAVA_OPTIONS -
Djavax.xml.soap.MetaFactory=com.sun.xml.internal.messaging.saaj
.soap.SAAJMetaFactoryImpl"
```

Save the template and run initialSetup.sh -t. Restart the application environment.

3. Build the wlfullclient.jar file.

#### UNIX:

cd \$WL\_HOME/server/lib java -jar wljarbuilder.jar

#### WINDOWS:

cd %WL\_HOME%\server\lib java -jar wljarbuilder.jar

## After the Installation

After you complete the installation, do the following:

- 1. Verify installation logs created under decompressed installer location for any errors.
- 2. Confirm installation logs do not contain any errors.

- 3. Confirm all the configurations are correct. Refer to Appendix B: Installation and Configuration Worksheets for details.
- 4. Confirm that the database is ready.
- 5. Generate appviewer.
- 6. Start the application server. For instructions, refer to Appendix D: Common Maintenance Activities.
- 7. To operate the application, refer to the Operating the Application section.

## **Operating the Application**

At this point your installation and custom integration process is complete. Be sure to read the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Server Administration Guide for more information on further configuring and operating the system.

## **Configuring WebLogic**

Configure the WebLogic application server to deploy it. Refer to *Oracle WebLogic 12.2.1.x Configuration Guide for Oracle Utilities Framework (Doc ID 2413918.1)* on My Oracle Support for more details.

## Creating JMS and GEOCODE DataSource in AdminConsole

For information about creating JMS and GEOCODE datasource, refer to the *JMS Setup Guide* and *GEOCODE DataSource Setup Guide* included in the documentation package.

## Installing Service Packs and Patches

Periodically, Oracle Utilities releases a service pack of single fixes for its products.

A service pack is an update to an existing release that includes solutions to known problems and other product enhancements. A service pack is not a replacement for an installation, but a pack consisting of a collection of changes and additions for it. The service pack may include changes to be applied to the application server, the database, or both. The service pack includes all files necessary for installing the collection of changes, including installation instructions.

Between services packs, Oracle Utilities releases patchsets or patches (if required). For information on installing patchsets, refer to the Readme file included with each patchset. For information on installing patches, refer to knowledge base article ID 974985.1 on My Oracle Support.

Service packs, patchsets and patches can be downloaded from My Oracle Support (https://support.oracle.com/).

# **Chapter 8**

## Installing the Java-based Mobile Client

This chapter describes how to install the Java-based mobile client for Oracle Real-Time Scheduler, including:

- Installing the Mobile Client on Windows
- Installing the Mobile Client on Android

It is intended for implementers and system administrators responsible for configuration and initial setup of the mobile application.

**Note**: For information about using the hybrid mobile client, refer to the *Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Hybrid Mobile Application Installation and Deployment Guide* for instructions on installing the mobile client.

## Installing the Mobile Client on Windows

This section describes how to install the mobile client runtime on Windows platforms. This section includes:

- Installing on Windows 7
- Mobile Device Registration
- Uninstalling the Mobile Client

### **Installing on Windows 7**

- Extract OracleMWM.msi from ORS-V2.3.0.3.0-Mobile-Client-Win.zip and copy it to a temporary directory.
- 2. Double-click the OracleMWM.msi file to start the installation process.
- 3. Click Next to proceed with the installation of 2.3.0.3 Mobile Client on your machine.
- 4. Select a folder/hard drive location to install the application to.
- 5. Click Next to proceed with the installation.
- 6. Click **Close** after the installation is successful.

The mobile client application is now accessible from shortcuts created on the Desktop or Start Menu.

#### Mobile Device Registration

The mobile device needs to be registered with the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application server before it can start using the application features. Ensure that the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application is installed and running before registering the mobile device.

Please refer to the Mobile Application User Guide for the steps to register a device with the server.

### **Uninstalling the Mobile Client**

To remove the mobile client from Windows 7:

- 1. Ensure that all the data is synchronized on the server.
- 2. Navigate to Start Menu > Control Panel > Add or Remove Programs.
- 3. Select Oracle Real-Time Scheduler 2.3.0.3 from the programs list and click Remove.
- 4. Click Yes to confirm the removal of the mobile client.
- 5. Click **Close** after the mobile client has been removed.

## Installing the Mobile Client on Android

This section describes how to install the Android Mobile Client Platform (Android MCP). It is intended for implementers and system administrators responsible for configuration and initial setup of the mobile application.

- Overview of the Android MCP
- Installing the Android MCP
- Launching Android MCP
- Launching Android MCP Tools
- Uninstalling Android MCP

#### **Overview of the Android MCP**

Android MCP provides the same runtime functionality as the Windows MCP. This functionality includes:

- RSI: Communication between the device and the server
- GPS: GPS services such as location logging and transferring logs to the server
- BO Processing: Business Object Functionality
- BS Processing: Business Service Functionality
- SS Processing: Service Script Functionality
- Authentication: Login processing
- UI Rendering: User Interface Processing
- Logging: Log File Support

There may be differences in UI layout or JavaScript support due to the different browser component provided by the Android platform. There will also be normal differences in the user interface behavior that are specific to Android applications.

#### Installing the Android MCP

The Android MCP is delivered as a standard Android APK file. This APK will need to be installed to the Android device in one of the following ways.

- Using SD Card
- Downloading the file from a hosted web server
- Using device management software for Android
- Using Android SDK (Advanced only)

This section describes the SD Card method only.

**Note:** You should uninstall previous versions of the Android MCP before installing a new version.

#### Installing the MCP Using the SD Card Method

To install the Android MCP using the SD Card method:

- 1. Extract OracleMWM.apk from the ORS-V2.3.0.3.0-Mobile-Client-Android.zip file and copy it to a temporary directory.
- 2. Connect the Android device to a desktop or laptop computer as a Media Drive.



- 3. Copy the OracleMWM.apk file to the removable disk (select **My Computer** for the drive letter).
- Disconnect the device from the desktop or laptop, or choose the Charge only connection type.
- 5. Verify that non-Market applications can be installed.

Navigate to Settings > Applications and select Unknown sources.



6. Use a file explorer on the device such as ASTRO or File Expert (which can be downloaded from Android Market) to locate the APK file on the SD card. Launch the file.



- 7. Click **Install** to confirm the installation.
- 8. After the application is installed, click **Done**.

### Launching Android MCP

To launch the Android MCP on your device:

- 1. Under All apps, locate the Oracle MWM icon.
- 2. Launch the application to register the device and download a deployment.

Note: Ensure that your device has data or WIFI connectivity.

· ㈜ 슈 프 🥌 슈 후 😜 🚦 📶 🗺 3:54 PM Mobile Workforce Management
ORACLE <sup>®</sup>
MDT Registration
MDT TAG: URL: Submit Exit
Register your device with the MDT Tag assigned to your device.

## Launching Android MCP Tools

The MCP Tools application provides functionality to import and export the MCP data folder to and from the SD card on the Android device. This can be very useful in debugging issues or for loading test data to the device.

To launch the Android MCP Tools application on your device:

- 1. Under All apps, locate the Oracle MWM Tools icon.
- 2. Launch the application to access import and export functionality.
  - **Export Data** exports the application's data folder to SD Card.
  - Import Data imports data from SD card's /MWMApp/ folder into the application's data folder.

### **Uninstalling Android MCP**

To uninstall the Android MCP:

- Navigate to Settings > Applications > Manage Applications and click the Oracle MWM application.
- 2. Click Uninstall to remove Android MCP from your device. Do not select Clear data.

# **Chapter 9**

## **Additional Tasks**

This chapter describes tasks that should be completed after installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler including:

- Configuring MapViewer
- Oracle Location Services (eLocation)
- Configuring the Scheduler
- Configuring the Batch Scheduler for Different Servers
- Importing Self-Signed Certificates
- Configuring Business Service SDK
- WebLogic Production Server Considerations
- Building Javadoc Indexes
- Configuring the Environment for Batch Processing
- Customizing Configuration Files
- Customizing the Logo
- Generating the Application Viewer
- Installation Verification Checklist
- Accessing the Application

## **Configuring MapViewer**

This section describes how to configure a MapViewer data source.

Before configuring a MapViewer data source:

- Install Oracle Fusion Middleware MapViewer 12.2.1.3.
- Create and configure the database.

To configure a MapViewer data source:

1. Navigate to the MapViewer application.

Example: http://<host>:<port>/mapviewer

Where <host> is the host name or IP address of the system where MapViewer is deployed and <port> is the port of the WebLogic instance. If MapViewer is deployed on the same WebLogic instance then this is same as the application port.

- 2. Click Admin to log in as an administrator to MapViewer.
- 3. Click Manage Map Viewer, and then click Configuration.
- 4. Modify mapViewerConfig.xml using the Config text area.
  - Provide the data source details for the cisadm (application database) and NAVTEQ\_UTIL (spatial mapping data) data sources. The following code sample contains example data sources. Change the properties according to your data sources:

```
<!-(Sample datasource configuration)
  <map_data_source name="mvdemo"
     jdbc host="db1.my corp.com"
     jdbc sid="orcl"
     jdbc port="1521"
     jdbc user="scott"
     jdbc password="!tiger"
      jdbc mode="thin"
     number_of mappers="3"
     allow jdbc theme based foi="false"
   />
<mds config>
  <data source name="mvdemo">
  <allow predefined themes>true</allow_predefined_themes>
  <allow_dynamic_themes>true</allow_dynamic_themes>
  <allow>
     <theme>*</theme>
  </allow>
  </data source>
<mds config>
Example:
<map data source name="NAVTEQ UTIL"
      jdbc host="dbserver.oracle.com"
      jdbc sid="NAVTEQDB"
      jdbc port="1521"
      jdbc user="NAVTEQ UTIL"
      jdbc password="bjj2tfj+DtruluZDadxsgCSF/
     qiJDk8aXEoqIG+uQTk="
      jdbc mode="thin"
      number_of mappers="3"
      allow jdbc theme based foi="false"/>
<map_data_source name="cisadm2303QAM"
```

```
jdbc_host="dbserver.oracle.com"
jdbc_sid="APPDB"
jdbc_port="1521"
jdbc_user="CISADM"
jdbc_password="LwLi2A8GTiiVI2Liw3QqtDbR/4ZhoA2e"
jdbc_mode="thin"
number_of_mappers="3"
allow_jdbc_theme_based_foi="false"/>
```

b. If the secure protocol (HTTPS) is enabled for the MapViewer URL, add the following to the **Map Image Settings** section of mapViewerConfig.xml:

```
<save_images_at file_prefix="omsmap"
    url="https:// <host>:<port>/mapviewer/images"
    path="../../images"
    life="0"
    recycle_interval="480"
/>
```

Where <host> is the host name or IP address of the system where MapViewer is deployed and <port> is the port of the WebLogic instance.

c. If the application server is using the Mapviewer which is on a different host, the application server must trust the certificate of Mapviewer host.

Mapviewer on the application server (if deployed) should be configured to use proxy as shown below:

```
<MapperConfig>
<logging log level="finest" log thread name="false"
             log time="true">
       <log output name="<<LOG LOCATION>>" />
    </logging>
<security config>
    cproxy enabled hosts>MAPVIEWER URL</proxy enabled hosts>
(for e.g https://MAPVIEWER HOST:MAPVIEWER PORT/mapviewer)
    <certificates>
        <entry>
           <host name>MAPVIEWER HOST</host name>
<keystore file>LOCATION TO TRUST KEYSTORE/keystore file>
           <key>KEY FOR TRUST KEYSTORE</key>
        </entry>
    </certificates>
  </security config>
</MapperConfig>
```

- 5. Click Save and Restart.
- 6. To refresh the list of data sources, click Manage Map Viewer, then Data sources.
- 7. To confirm that the configuration is correct, click Manage Map Tile Layers.
- 8. In the Application, navigate to Admin > F > Feature Configuration > Search and search for CM\_MAPCONF.
- 9. Modify the values of the following:
  - Application Datasource Name
  - Data Source
  - MapViewer JavaScript Library URL
  - MapViewer URL

Below is a sample screenshot of the Feature Configuration page.

### **Configuring MapViewer Security**

When MapViewer is deployed on the same WebLogic instance as the application, configure it to share the security credentials of the application.

1. Add the following entry in the weblogic.xml file under <MAPVIEWER\_EAR\_DIR>/ web.war/WEB-INF:

```
<security-role-assignment>
   <role-name>cisusers</role-name>
   <principal-name>cisusers</principal-name>
</security-role-assignment>
<session-descriptor>
   <cookie-path>/mapviewer</cookie-path>
</session-descriptor>
</session-descriptor>
```

 Add the following entry in the web.xml file under <MAPVIEWER\_EAR\_DIR>/web.war/ WEB-INF:

```
<security-role>
    <description>MapViewer users</description>
    <role-name>cisusers</role-name>
</security-role>
```

## **Oracle Location Services (eLocation)**

This section describes how to configure and deploy Oracle Location Services (eLocation) for use by Oracle Real-Time Scheduler. This is required if your implementation chooses to use eLocation for routing data instead of Oracle Real-Time Scheduler.

The installation of eLocation requires the following components

- eLocation Dispatcher Servlet (elocation.ear)
- Oracle RouteServer (routeserver.ear)
- Oracle Geocoder (geocoder.ear)

To configure eLocation:

1. Download the elocation.ear file.

To download the latest elocation.ear, log on to My Oracle Support at support.oracle.com and download Patch 13446793, "SPATIAL elocation for Mobile Workforce Management Release 12."

Oracle RouteServer and Oracle Geocoder are included with the Oracle 11g database in the following directory: ORACLE\_HOME\md\jlib

- 2. When eLocation is deployed on the same WebLogic instance as the application, follow these steps to configure eLocation to share the security credentials of the application.
  - a. Add the following entry in the weblogic.xml file, located under <ELOCATION\_EAR\_DIR>/web.war/WEB-INF:

```
<security-role-assignment>
<role-name>cisusers</role-name>
<principal-name>cisusers</principal-name>
</security-role-assignment>
```

b. Add the following entry in the web.xml file, located under <ELOCATION\_EAR\_DIR>/web.war/ WEB-INF:

```
<security-role>
<description>SPL users</description>
<role-name>cisusers</role-name>
</security-role>
```

- 2. Deploy and configure the routing engine and the geocoding service as described in the Oracle Spatial Developer's Guide 11g.
- 3. Deploy the eLocation EAR manually using the WebLogic console. Open the eLocation URL at: http://<environment>:<port>/elocation/admin.jsp

The application asks for login credentials because the web.xml and weblogic.xml files have changed. Once the login is successful, you will see the Oracle eLocation Administration page.

4. To modify the Mapper Cluster, click **Edit** on the component URL. Specify the following value:

<http://<environment>:<port>/mapviewer/omsserver>.

Make sure that MapViewer is also deployed in the environment.

5. To modify the Geocoder Cluster, click **Edit** on the component URL. Specify the following value:

< http://elocation.oracle.com/geocoder/gcserver>

6. To modify the Router Cluster, click **Edit** on the component URL. Specify the following value:

http://elocation.oracle.com/routeserver/servlet/RouteServerServlet

7. Click Apply Changes.

## Configuring the Scheduler

**Note:** From Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.2.0 onwards, the location of these scheduler log files can no longer be configured from the online application. The scheduler log files are now written in the same location as the TPW and the batch files, under \$SPLOUTPUT.

This section describes how to configure a scheduler as a standalone application on the TPW JVM.

After installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler, please verify that the below step1 and step 2 changes are available. If they are not available, follow the below steps:

 If you enabled the WebLogic Console Port Number, then the WebLogic console is accessed by https admin channel by default. Specify "t3s://<host>:<admin channel port>" as the WebLogic Server URL in menu item 8, JMS Configurations. Otherwise, specify "t3:// <host>:<web server port>".

Refer to Appendix B: Environment ID, Roles, Third Party Software Configuration for more information.

2. Configure trust keystore as WebLogic Additional Stop Argument using menu item 52 Advanced Web Application Configuration.

Refer to Appendix B: Environment ID, Roles, Third Party Software Configuration for more information.

3. Run the initialSetup script.

UNIX:

\$ cd \$SPLEBASE/bin \$ ksh ./initialSetup.sh

#### Windows:

cd %SPLEBASE%\bin initialSetup.cmd

4. Run the standalone batch script. For example

#### UNIX:

```
$ cd $SPLEBASE/bin
$ nohup batchscheduler.sh <Node_ID> > /tmp/batchscheduler.log 2>&1
```

#### Windows:

&

cd %SPLEBASE%\bin batchscheduler.cmd <Node ID>

#### Notes:

- The application domain node ID must be unique value across the environment. This value is used for a scheduler running from Threadpoolworker.
- The scheduler should be disabled from the online application. The batch scheduler program invokes Threadpoolworker so there is no need to start Threadpoolworker separately.
- The NodeID is located in the threadpoolworker logs under \$SPLOUTPUT. You can locate this value by searching for "NODEID".

 To locate the NodeID in the threadpoolworker process, search for the string "-Dspl.mwm.scheduler.nodeId="

You will get multicast issues in an AIX environment if you start the batch scheduler and the multicast listener is not enabled. The workaround for this is to enable a unicast listener. Refer to the *Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Server Administration Guide* for more details.

To enable the Unicast Listener:

- 1. Copy the file \$SPLEBASE/splapp/standalone/config/tangosol-coherence-override.xml to tangosol-coherence-override.xml.org
- 2. Remove the following code in the tangosol-coherence-override.xml file:

```
<multicast-listener>
------
</multicast-listener>
```

3. Add the following code after the </member-identity> tag in the tangosol-coherenceoverride.xml file:

```
<unicast-listener>
<well-known-addresses>
<socket-address id="0">
<address system-property=
"tangosol.coherence.wka">COHERENCE_CLUSTER_HOSTNAME</address>
<port system-property=
"tangosol.coherence.wka.port">COHERENCE CLUSTER PORT</port>
</socket-address>
</well-known-addresses>
<address system- property=
"tangosol.coherence.localhost">COHERENCE CLUSTER HOSTNAME
</address>
<port system-property=
"tangosol.coherence.localport">COHERENCE CLUSTER PORT</port>
<port-auto-adjust system-property=
"tangosol.coherence.localport.adjust">true</port-auto-adjust>
</unicast-listener>
```

- Select the menu item 5 and General Configuration Options. Use the completed General Configuration Options Worksheet to complete this step. Refer to Appendix B: Environment ID, Roles, Third Party Software Configuration for more information.
- 5. Run initialSetup and start the batch scheduler.

Refer to Appendix D: Common Maintenance Activities for additional information on common batch scheduler tasks.

## Configuring the Batch Scheduler for Different Servers

This section describes how to configure the batch scheduler to point to a different application server, or "target server". The target server has to be installed following the same steps as described for installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler. These steps can also be followed to run the batch scheduler(s) from a different server than the target server. In the following steps, substitute the appropriate values for the environment.

To configure the scheduler to point to a different target server:

- 1. Install Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application.
- 2. Stop the environment if running.

#### UNIX:

\$SPLEBASE/bin/spl.sh stop

#### Windows:

%SPLEBASE%\bin\spl.cmd stop

- 3. In the application menu, select the menu item 8 to configure JMS settings. Enter the menu items for the target server. Use the completed JMS Configuration Worksheet to assist you with this step. Refer to Appendix B: Environment ID, Roles, Third Party Software Configuration for more information for more information.
- 4. Select the menu item 9 to specify ORS environment description and enter the menu items for the target server. Use the completed ORS Environment Description Worksheet to complete this step. Refer to Appendix B: Environment ID, Roles, Third Party Software Configuration for more information for more information.
- Enter the WebLogic Console Port Number for the target server using menu item 52 Advanced Web Application Configuration. Refer to Appendix B: Environment ID, Roles, Third Party Software Configuration for more information for more information.
- 6. Run the initialSetup script:

#### UNIX:

\$SPLEBASE/initialSetup.sh

#### Windows:

%SPLEBASE%\initialSetup.cmd

7. Run the standalone batch scheduler script, which now points to the target server. Refer to Appendix D: Common Maintenance Activities for details on how to start and stop the batch scheduler.

## Importing Self-Signed Certificates

To use self-signed certificate in the demo or non-production environments:

- 1. Download the certificate file (.crt, .pem) from the browser using Export with X.509.
- Copy the crt file to the Linux or Windows virtual machine in which the environment is configured using WinScp.
- 3. Import the crt file into the Java security with the following command:

#### UNIX:

```
keytool -import -keystore $JAVA_HOME/jre/lib/security/cacerts -
alias <dumyname> -file /tmp/<certificate>.crt -storepass changeit
```

#### Windows:

```
keytool -import -keystore %JAVA_HOME%/jre/lib/security/cacerts -
alias <dumyname> -file C:\tmp\<certificate>.crt -storepass changeit
```

The self-signed certificates are imported into the environment.

## **Configuring Business Service SDK**

For details about configuring business service SDK, see the Server Application User Guide.

## WebLogic Production Server Considerations

By default, WebLogic Server is configured with two keystores, to be used for development only. These keystores should not be used in a production environment.

### **Configuring Identity and Trust**

Private keys, digital certificates, and trusted certificate authority certificates establish and verify identity and trust in the WebLogic Server environment. WebLogic Server is configured with a default identity keystore DemoIdentity.jks and a default trust keystore DemoTrust.jks. In addition, WebLogic Server trusts the certificate authorities in the cacerts file in the JDK. This default keystore configuration is appropriate for testing and development purposes. However, these keystores should not be used in a production environment.

To configure identity and trust for a server:

- Obtain digital certificates, private keys, and trusted CA certificates from the CertGen utility, Sun Microsystem's keytool utility, or a reputable vendor such as Entrust or Verisign. You can also use the digital certificates, private keys, and trusted CA certificates provided by the WebLogic Server kit. The demonstration digital certificates, private keys, and trusted CA certificates should be used in a development environment only.
- 2. Store the private keys, digital certificates, and trusted CA certificates. Private keys and trusted CA certificates are stored in a keystore.
- 3. Configure the identity and trust keystores for a WebLogic Server instance on the Configuration: Keystores page.

For additional information on configuring keystores, refer to https://docs.oracle.com/ middleware/12213/wls/WLACH/taskhelp/security/ConfigureKeystoresAndSSL.html.

For information about obtaining and storing certificates for production environments, refer to https://docs.oracle.com/middleware/12213/wls/SECMG/identity\_trust.htm#SECMG793.

For information on confguring keystores with WebLogic servers, refer to https://docs.oracle.com/middleware/12213/wls/SECMG/identity\_trust.htm#SECMG794.

By default, WebLogic Server is configured with two keystores to be used for development only.

- DemoIdentity.jks: Contains a demonstration private key for WebLogic Server. This keystore establishes an identity for WebLogic Server.
- DemoTrust.jks: Contains a list of certificate authorities trusted by WebLogic Server. This keystore establishes trust for WebLogic Server.

These keystores are located in the WL\_HOME\server\lib directory and the JAVA\_HOME\jre\lib\security directory. For testing and development purposes, the keystore configuration is complete.

Refer to the WebLogic documentation to configure identity and trust keystores for production use (Secure servers and resources > Configure identity and trust/Set up SSL)

**Note:** Depending on your choice of implementation you may need to change some configuration files. These files are managed by templates and will be overwritten if the procedures documented in Customizing Configuration Files are not followed.

### Enabling Self-Signed Certificates

If your implementation uses Demo or self-signed certificates, you must import those certificates in the cacerts file. This step is needed to enable the https protocol to work with mobility context of the application.

However if your implementation uses CA signed certificates, it is not required to import CA signed certificates into the cacerts file.

Note: All Hybrid runtime environments require CA signed certificates.

## **Building Javadoc Indexes**

The following script rebuilds the Javadocs indexes in the application viewer java module. This is necessary after customer modifications (CM) have been applied to an environment. You need to run this script only if the customer modification includes Java code.)

#### Windows:

%SPLEBASE%\bin\buildJavadocsIndex.cmd

#### UNIX:

ksh \$SPLEBASE/bin/buildJavadocsIndex.sh

## **Configuring the Environment for Batch Processing**

Refer to the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Server Administration Guide for information on configuring the environment for batch processing.

## **Customizing Configuration Files**

You may wish to make customer modifications to various configuration files. To do so, you should locate the configuration file you want to customize and edit it manually.

Configuration files are generated from delivered templates in the Oracle Utilities installation and are populated by values entered by the installation utility during the configuration process. In future upgrades of Oracle Utilities application software versions, some templates may be changed to reflect new software version requirements. In this case, the upgrade process will back up your customized configuration file and will regenerate a configuration file based on a new template. You will need to review the new configuration file and apply your customized changes back if still applicable for the new version.

For configuration files that are located in a web application (for example, web.xml, hibernate.properties), of the web application during installation process, you will not be able to edit the configuration files directly.

You will need to follow the procedure:

- Locate the configuration file you want to customize in the directory \$SPLEBASE/etc/conf.
- Apply your changes.
- Update application war file with the latest changes by executing the following command:

#### Unix:

\$SPLEBASE/bin/initialSetup.sh

#### Windows:

%SPLEBASE%\bin\initialSetup.cmd

## Customizing the Logo

To replace the Oracle Utilities logo on the main menu with another image, put the new image <customer\_logo\_file>.gif file into the directory \$SPLEBASE/etc/conf/root/cm and create a new "External" Navigation Key called CM\_logoImage. To do that, run the Oracle Utilities application from the browser with the parameters: http://<hostname>:<port>/
cis.jsp?utilities=true&tools=true. From the Admin menu, select Navigation Key. Add the above Navigation Key with its corresponding URL Override path. The syntax for the URL path is:

#### Windows:

http://<host name>:<port>/<Web Context>/cm/<customer\_logo\_file>.gif

#### UNIX:

http://<host name>:<port>/<Web Context>/cm/<customer\_logo\_file>.gif.

The root directory may be deployed in war file format for runtime environment (SPLApp.war). Use provided utilities to incorporate your cm directory into SPLApp.war file.

## Generating the Application Viewer

You may extend application viewer capabilities within an environment by generating additional items. The additional items that can be generated include algorithm type and related algorithm information, maintenance object information and data dictionary information.

To generate the additional items in Application Viewer:

- 1. Shut down the environment.
- 2. Initialize a command shell:

The scripts that are provided with the system need to be run from a shell prompt on the machine that you installed the application on. Before such scripts can be run the shell must be "initialized" by running the splenviron script provided with the system.

#### UNIX:

Log in to your UNIX box as an Oracle Utilities Administrator (default cissys) and open a shell prompt.

In the following example, replace the variables as shown:

\$SPLEBASE with the full directory name that you installed the application into

and

\$SPLENVIRON with the name you gave to the environment at installation time.

To initialize the environment enter:

\$SPLEBASE/bin/splenviron.sh -e \$SPLENVIRON

For example:

/ouaf/TEST ENVIRON1/bin/splenviron.sh -e TEST ENVIRON1

#### Windows:

The command window should be opened on the Windows server that you installed the application on.

In the below example replace the following variables:

- %SPLEBASE% : The full directory name that you installed the application into.
- %SPLENVIRON%: The name you gave to the environment at installation time.

To initialize the environment type the following in your command prompt: %SPLEBASE%\bin\splenviron.cmd -e %SPLENVIRON% For example: D:\ouaf\TEST ENVIRON1\bin\splenviron.cmd -e TEST ENVIRON1

3. Execute the following script to generate all information.

UNIX: ksh \$SPLEBASE/bin/genappvieweritems.sh

Windows: %SPLEBASE%\bin\genappvieweritems.cmd

4. Restart the application.

## Installation Verification Checklist

After you complete the installation, do the following:

- 1. Verify installation logs created under decompressed installer location for any errors.
- 2. Confirm installation logs do not contain any errors.
- 3. Confirm all the configurations are correct.

Refer to the Appendix B: Installation and Configuration Worksheets for more information.

- 4. Confirm that the database is ready.
- 5. Start the application server.

For instructions, refer to Appendix D: Common Maintenance Activities.

- 6. Verify the application deployment status.
- Login to WebLogic console.
- Click Deployment.
- Verify that the following application deployments are 'active'.
  - SPLService
  - SPLWeb
  - SPLAdf
  - Mapviewer
- 7. Verify the data source configuration.
- 8. Confirm that the map file (mal) exists in the required location.
- 9. Ensure that ulimit is set (applicable for non-Windows platforms).
- 10. Ensure that the GEOCODE algorithm is set.
- 11. To operate the application, refer to the Accessing the Application section.

## Accessing the Application

To start the WebLogic server:

- 1. Initialize the environment.
- 2. Navigate to the respective domain's bin folder.
- 3. Execute the WebLogic Domain Startup command.
- 4. Follow the messages on the screen along with the logs in \$SPLSYSTEMLOGS directory to ensure that the environment was started successfully.
- 5. If the startup failed, identify the problem by reviewing the log files. Resolve any issues before attempting to restart the environment.
- 6. Once the application is up and running (can be viewed from logs file) then try to access the application using the following URL:

http://<host name>:<port name>/<WebContext>

# Appendix A

## **Installation Menu Functionality**

This appendix focuses on the overview and details of the Installation Menu functionality.

- Installation Menu Functionality Overview
- Installation Menu Functionality Details

## Installation Menu Functionality Overview

The main configuration menu is structured so that related variables and/or options are grouped together and are associated by a menu item number. To access a particular group of variables and options, enter the menu item number associated with that group. Each option within that group is displayed in turn on the screen, along with a prompt so that you can type the desired value for the option, if it is not the same as the default or current value.

When performing the initial installation you need to go through all menu options. The menu options may have a default value, a list of valid values and a validation check.

On each option prompt you can keep the current value by simply leaving the input line empty. In order to erase a variable value you need to enter one dot ("."). The leading spaces will be trimmed out on each values entered.

Note: When working with the menu you will see the following:

- Valid Values: [ALFANUM]. This indicates you will need to enter an alphanumeric value in the prompt.
- Valid Values: [NUM]. This indicates you will need to enter an numeric value in the prompt.

When all options are set, type <P> at the main menu prompt option. This will save the option values selected throughout the configuration.

During this processing the global variables are validated and the configuration file <SPLEBASE>/etc/ENVIRON.INI is created or updated. This file contains all the variables inputted and calculated. These are needed by the next part of the installation process.

To exit the configuration utility without saving any of the values entered, type <X> and 'Enter'

### Installation Menu Functionality Details

The Environment Installation Utility requires that Oracle Client Home is set in the path for the user performing the installation.

Prior to running the installation utility you will need to review the supported platforms document to ensure you have all of the Third Party software installed.

In this menu if the variables are set prior to execution, that value will be defaulted by the installation utility when performing the installation.

When the installation has been completed successfully, the values will be written to an ENVIRON.INI file. When splenviron.sh / cmd is executed, it will read from the ENVIRON.INI file to set the environment variables. Refer to the Oracle Utilities Application Framework Server Administration Guide for details about configuring these values.

Install the Oracle Client software specified in the section **Supported Platforms** prior to running any of the installation utilities.

The following prompt will appear when executing the installation utility:

Enter Oracle Client Home Directory (<ENTER> quit):

**Note:** If the environmental variable ORACLE\_CLIENT\_HOME is set, the install script will validate the variable. If it passes the validation you will not be prompted for it. This is needed in order to run Perl installation utilities.

#### **Encryption Methods**

When the application server choice is Oracle WebLogic, the Oracle Utilities Application Framework installation uses the WebLogic API to encrypt the User ID and password that perform admin functions for the WebLogic application servers. Please refer to the WebLogic documentation for further information about the encryption. The Oracle Utilities Application Framework installation also uses industry standard cryptography to encrypt passwords that are prompted within the installation.

In each case these passwords are entered in the command line but the inputted values are not reflected on the screen when performing the installation.

Installation Menu Functionality A-4 Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Installation Guide

# **Appendix B**

## **Installation and Configuration Worksheets**

This appendix focuses on the following:

- Oracle Utilities Application Framework Configuration Worksheets
- Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Installation and Configuration Worksheets

## **Oracle Utilities Application Framework Configuration Worksheets**

## Environment ID, Roles, Third Party Software Configuration

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Environment ID	ENVIRONMENT_ ID	Identifier to associate different application servers as part of the same environment.	
		On a new installation, the default is a random 8 digit number.	
Server Roles	SERVER_ROLES	The type of role the server performs whether for batch or online.	
		A server may be configured to have an online and/or batch role. Only the menu items appropriate to the role will appear on the menus, and only the appropriate scripts will be executable in the application server.	
Oracle Client Home Directory	ORACLE_CLIENT_ HOME	The home directory of the Oracle Client. The application will use the Perl included under this Oracle Client.	
		Example Location: /oracle/client/product/12.1.0.2.0	
Web Java Home Directory	JAVA_HOME	Java home that will be used by the web application server.	
		Example Location: /ouaf/java/jdk1.8.0_31	
Hibernate JAR Directory	HIBERNATE_JAR_ DIR	Location on the disk where the hibernate jar files are installed.	
**ONS JAR Directory	ONS_JAR_DIR	Location on the disk where the ons-12.1.0.1.jar file is installed.	
		**Required for Oracle RAC installation. See the Server Administration Guide for more information.	

#### Table 1:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Web Application Server Home Directory	WEB_SERVER_ HOME	Location on the disk where the application server is installed. Example Location: WebLogic: /ouaf/middleware/wlserver_12.1.3 To validate the home directory, check if the following jar files exist in the appropriate path: \$WEB_SERVER_HOME/server/lib/weblogic.jar %WEB_SERVER_HOME%\server\lib\weblogic.jar	
WebLogic Server Thin-Client JAR Directory	WLTHINT3CLIENT _JAR_DIR	Location where wlthint3client.jar is located. Populate only if WEB_SERVER_HOME is empty and if the application needs to access JMS from a batch job.	
* ADF Home Directory	ADF_HOME	Location on the disk where ADF is installed. Example Location: /ouaf/jdev11_1_1_8 Note: This is an optional value.	
OIM OAM Enabled Environment	OPEN_SPML_ ENABLED_ENV	Denotes if an environment will be integrating with Oracle Identity Manager for user propagation. <b>Valid values</b> : true false Defaulted value: false	

#### Table 1:

- \* Denotes optional menu items that may be required for the product installation and variables.
- \*\* In order to activate the RAC FCF, the application needs the external ons.jar file, from the ORACLE\_HOME path:

\$ORACLE\_HOME/opmn/lib/ons.jar

During the installation the relevant option should be populated with the folder location of the ons.jar.

## **Keystore Options**

The keystore is a set of files used for encryption, decryption and hash generation. The files reside in the following location:

<SPLEBASE>/ks/.ouaf\_keystore

<SPLEBASE>/ks/.ouaf\_storepass

In order to run the application correctly, data encryption, decryption and hash generation of data in the database and on the application server must be performed using the same keystore; otherwise, the application will fail.

Please review the Security Guide for more information on setting up keystores.

2.	Keystore Options	
	Import Keystore Directory:	
	Store Type:	JCEKS
	Alias:	ouaf.system
	Alias Key Algorithm:	AES
	Alias Key Size:	128
	HMAC Alias:	ouaf.system.hmac
	Padding:	PKCS5Padding
	Mode:	CBC

#### Table 2:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Import Keystore Directory	KS_IMPORT_ KEYSTORE_ FOLDER	Specify this option if you want to import the keystore files from an external location or directory, during the installation process. This is needed when the customer has an existing environment that has a keystore and the database your new application server. After installation is complete, to configure keystore options, perform the following sequence: configureEnv.sh   cmd –i (enter keystore options) initialSetup.sh   cmd –s (loads keystore) configureEnv.sh   cmd (reenter ouaf encrypted security information such as passwords) initialSetup.sh   cmd (distribute the encrypted data) If this option is left empty, the install process creates a new keystore from scratch.	
Store Type	KS_STORETYPE	Value used for keytool option –storetype <b>Default value</b> : JCEKS	
Alias	KS_ALIAS	Value used for keytool option –alias <b>Default value</b> : ouaf.system	
Alias Key Algorithm	KS_ALIAS_KEYALG	Value used for keytool option -keyalg	
Alias Key Size	KS_ALIAS_KEYSIZE	Value used for keytool option -keysize	

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
HMAC Alias	KS_HMAC_ALIAS	Value used for keytool option -alias The following values are fixed: - HMAC Alias Key Algorithm: HmacSHA256 - HMAC Alias Key Size: 256 <b>Default value</b> : ouaf.system.hmac	
Padding	KS_PADDING	Value used for encryption/decryption <b>Default value</b> : PKCS5Padding	
Mode	KS_MODE	Value used for encryption/decryption Default Vaule: CBC	

#### Table 2:

## **Environment Installation Options**

50.	Environment Installation Options Environment Mount Point:	
	Log Files Mount Point:	
	Environment Name:	
	Web Application Server Type:	WLS
	Install Application Viewer Module:	true
	Install Demo Generation Cert Script:	true
	Install Sample CM Source Code:	true

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Environment Mount Point	<spldir></spldir>	The mount point into which the application is installed. For example: /ouaf for UNIX and C:\ouaf for Windows.	
		This mount point MUST exist and the administrator user ID MUST be able to write to this directory. (This is the user ID that is created specifically to administer the product environments; the default is cissys). The installation sets permissions on all subdirectories installed under this directory.	
		See <splenviron> below for more information on how this mount point is used.</splenviron>	

#### Table 3:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Log File Mount Point	<spldirout></spldirout>	A mount point that will contain any application output or application logs. Example value is /ouaf/sploutput for UNIX installation or C:\ouaf\sploutput for Windows.	
		This mount point MUST exist and the administrator user ID MUST be able to write to this directory. (This is the user ID that is created specifically to administer the product environments; the default is cissys).	
		For each environment initialized, the application logs will be written to the directory <spldirout>/ <splenviron></splenviron></spldirout>	
		Note: Later in the installation the splenviron.sh (splenviron.cmd) script will set the \$SPLOUTPUT (%SPLOUTPUT%) environment variable to point to: <spldirout>/<splenviron></splenviron></spldirout>	
Environment Name	<splenviron></splenviron>	A descriptive name to be used as both a directory name under the mount point <spldir> and an environment descriptor. This value typically identifies the purpose of the environment. For example, DEV01 or CONV.</spldir>	
		On installation a directory <spldir>/ <splenviron> is created, under which the Oracle Utilities Application Framework and Oracle Real-Time Scheduler software resides.</splenviron></spldir>	
		When multiple environments are set up on the machine you will typically have directories such as: /ouaf/DEV01/ /ouaf/CONV/	
		Each of these contains a complete version of the Oracle Utilities Application Framework and Oracle Real-Time Scheduler.	
		Note: Later in the installation process, the splenviron.sh (splenviron.cmd) script will set \$SPLEBASE ( %SPLEBASE%) environment variable to point to <spldir>/<splenviron></splenviron></spldir>	

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Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Web Application Server Type	<splwas></splwas>	A web application server for the environment to be used. The following value must be selected:	
		Valid values: WLS: WebLogic	
		Note: Not all web application servers are supported on all platforms; refer to Supported Platforms section for details.	
Installation Application Viewer Module	<web_ ISAPPVIEWER&gt;</web_ 	Denotes if the Application Viewer Web Module will be installed in the environment. When this value is set to false the application viewer will not be accessible in the environment.	
		<b>Valid values</b> : true: Application Viewer module will be installed. false: Application Viewer module will not be installed.	
		Default value: true	
		Note: When the value of false is selected, the Application Viewer will only be installed at a later date by a complete reinstall of the application.	
Install Demo Generation Cert Script	CERT_INSTALL_ SCRIPT	You can install/uninstall later by executing the following script: perl[INSTALL_PACKAGE_FOLDER]/installAR.plx	
		<b>Valid values:</b> true: Demo Generation Cert Script will be installed. false: Demo Generation Cert Script will not be installed.	
		Default value: true	
Install Sample CM Source Code	CM_INSTALL_ SAMPLE	You can install/uninstall later by executing the following script: perl[INSTALL_PACKAGE_FOLDER]/installAR.plx	
		<b>Valid values:</b> true: Sample CM Source Code will be installed. false: Sample CM Source Code will not be installed.	
		Default value: true	

#### Table 3:

## **Environment Description**

1. Environment Description

#### Environment Description:

Table 4	4	
---------	---	--

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Environment Description	DESC	This is a free form text field to describe the purpose of the environment.	

## WebLogic Business Application Server Configuration

The WebLogic parameters below and in the worksheet are for a WebLogic installation.

2.	Business Application Server Configuration	
	Business Server Host:	<machine_name></machine_name>
	WebLogic Server Name:	myserver
	Business Server Application Name:	SPLService
	MPL Admin Port Number:	
	MPL Automatic startup:	false

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Business Server Host	BSN_WLHOST	The host name on which the business application server resides.	
		<b>Default value</b> : <current name="" server=""></current>	
WebLogic Server Name	BSN_WLS_ SVRNAME	The name of the WebLogic server where the business application resides.	
		Default value: myserver	
		Note: If there is not a previously created WebLogic server, take the default value of "myserver".	
Business Server	BSN_APP	The name of the business application server.	
rippication traine		Default value: SPLService	
MPL Admin Port number	MPLADMINPORT	The port number for the Multi Purpose Listener (MPL) Admin Server.	
		Example value: 6502	
MPL Automatic Startup	MPLSTART	Automatically starts the MPL Listener whenever environment starts.	
		Default value: false	

#### Table 5:
# WebLogic Web Application Server Configuration

The WebLogic parameters below and in the worksheet are for a WebLogic installation.

3.	Web	Application Server Configuration	
		Web Server Host:	<machine_name></machine_name>
		Weblogic SSL Port Number:	
		Weblogic Console Port Number:	
		WebLogic Additional Stop Arguments:	
		Web Context Root:	
		WebLogic JNDI User ID:	
		WebLogic JNDI Password:	
		WebLogic Admin System User ID:	
		WebLogic Admin System Password:	
		WebLogic Server Name:	myserver
		Web Server Application Name:	SPLWeb
		Deploy Using Archive Files:	true
		Deploy Application Viewer Module:	true
		Enable The Unsecured Health Check Service:	false
		MDB RunAs User ID:	
		Super User Ids:	SYSUSER

Table 6:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Web Server Host	WEB_WLHOST	The host name on which the web application server resides.	
		<b>Default value</b> : <current name="" server=""></current>	
WebLogic SSL Port Number	WEB_WLSSLPORT	The port number assigned to WebLogic Secure Sockets connection. This is the port number that is used for Secure Sockets connecting to the WebLogic server. For Production, additional actions are required. Do	
		NOT run Production with Demo certificates	
WebLogic Console Port Number	WLS_ADMIN_PORT	The port number to access the WebLogic Console using https You will use this port when accessing the WebLogic Console Example value: 6500	
WebLogic Additional Stop Arguments	ADDITIONAL_STOP _WEBLOGIC	This value will be needed when running the WebLogic Console using a different port number (e.g.) -Dweblogic.security.TrustKeyStore=DemoTrust -Dweblogic.security.TrustKeystoreType=CustomTrust	

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Web Context Root	WEB_CONTEXT_ ROOT	A context root name that allows customers to run multiple instances of web application on the same server.	
		Default value: ouaf	
WebLogic JNDI User ID	WEB_WLSYSUSER	The user ID the application uses to connect to the EJB component through JNDI. This is the EJB container user ID.	
		Note: The required value for an initial installation is "ouafjndi".	
		This is a security value.	
WebLogic JNDI Password	WEB_WLSYSPASS	The password the application uses to connect to the EJB component through JNDI.	
		Note: The required value for an initial installation is "jndiadmin". This value will be saved in encrypted format.	
		This is a security value; it will be encrypted with the Oracle Application Framework Encryption Algorithm.	
WebLogic Admin System User ID	WLS_WEB_ WLSYSUSER	The user ID to log in to the Oracle WebLogic console and to administer Oracle WebLogic. The Oracle WebLogic startup and stop script also utilizes this user ID	
		Note: The installation utility will prompt you to enter "Y" to encrypt. For an initial installation, enter Y/y and specify the required value "system".	
		This is a security value; it will be encrypted with the Weblogic Encryption Algorithm.	
WebLogic Admin System Password	WLS_WEB_ WLSYSPASS	The password to login to Oracle WebLogic console and to administer Oracle WebLogic. The Oracle WebLogic startup and stop script also utilize this password.	
		This is a security value; it will be encrypted with the Weblogic Encryption Algorithm.	
WebLogic Server Name	WEB_WLS_ SVRNAME	The name of the WebLogic server where the web application resides.	
		Default value: myserver	

# Table 6:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Web Server Application	WEB_APP	The name of the web application server.	
Name		Default value: SPLWeb	
		Note: For an initial installation, use the default value of "SPLWeb".	
Deploy Using Archive Files	WEB_DEPLOY_EAR	When the value is "false" the web application will be deployed in exploded directory format (no WAR/EAR files).	
		When the value is "true", the web application will be deployed in ear file format. Note: The expanded application folders will always exist under the application folder ( <splebase>/splapp/ applications), regardless of the setting of this option.</splebase>	
		<b>Valid values:</b> true (Deploy EAR files) false (Deploy expanded application folders	
		Default value: true	
Deploy Application Viewer Module	WEB_DEPLOY_ APPVIEWER	When the value is "true" the application viewer will be deployed to the web server. When the value is "false", the application viewer will not be deployed to the web Server.	
		Note: With either value the application viewer module will still be managed by the upgrade process. Note: When the 'Install Application Viewer module' value is set to false from the installation menu, you will not be able to change this value to true to deploy the application viewer.	
		Valid values: true: The application viewer module will be deployed to the web server false: The application viewer module will not be deployed to the web server	
		Default value: true	
Enable The Unsecured Health Check Service	WEB_ENABLE_ HEALTHCHECK	Enables the health check feature of the application	
MDB RunAs User ID	WEB_IWS_MDB_ RUNAS_USER	The message drive Java Bean RunAs user.	
Super User IDs	WEB_IWS_SUPER_ USERS	The application super users.	
		Enter the super users separating them by commas.	

# Table 6:

# **Database Configuration**

The parameters below and in the worksheet are for the database configuration. Note that if changes are made to any of the database menu option items below, thus potentially connecting to a different schema, a warning will be displayed in the screen next to the actual option that has been changed:

```
4. Database Configuration
      Application Server Database User ID:
      Application Server Database Password:
      MPL Database User ID:
      MPL Database Password:
      XAI Database User ID:
      XAI Database Password:
      Batch Database User ID:
      Batch Database Password:
      Web JDBC DataSource Name:
      JDBC Database User ID:
      JDBC Database Password:
      Database Name
      Database Server:
      Database Port:
      ONS Server Configuration:
      Database Override Connection String:
      Character Based Database:
      Oracle Client Character Set NLS LANG: AMERICAN AMERICA.AL32UTF8
```

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Application Server Database User ID	DBUSER	The database user ID that has been configured on the database for the application server connection. This is a security value.	
Application Server Database Password	DBPASS	The database password that has been configured on the database for the application connection. Note: This value will be saved in encrypted format. This is a security value; it will be encrypted with the Oracle Utilities Framework Encryption Algorithm.	
MPL Database User ID	MPL_DBUSER	The database user ID that has been configured on the database for the MPL server connection. This is a security value.	

#### Table 7:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
MPL Database Password	MPL_DBPASS	The database password that has been configured on the database for the MPL server connection.	
		Note: This value will be saved in encrypted format.	
		This is a security value; it will be encrypted with the Oracle Utilities Application Framework Encryption Algorithm.	
XAI Database User ID	XAI_DBUSER	The database user ID that has been configured on the database for the XAI server connection.	
		This is a security value.	
XAI Database Password	XAI_DBPASS	The database password that has been configured on the database for the XAI server connection.	
		Note: This value will be saved in encrypted format.	
		This is a security value; it will be encrypted with the Oracle Utilities Application Framework Encryption Algorithm.	
Batch Database User ID	BATCH_DBUSER	The database user ID that has been configured on the database for the batch connection.	
		This is a security value.	
Batch Database Password	BATCH_DBPASS	The database password that has been configured on the database for the batch connection.	
		Note: This value will be saved in encrypted format.	
		This is a security value; it will be encrypted with the Oracle Utilities Application Framework Encryption Algorithm.	
Web JDBC DataSource Name	JDBC_NAME	Populate in order to activate JDBC data source for online.	
		If this is specified, and the environment is native/ clustered, make sure that the data source specified, is manually created before the application deployment. When on Weblogic, leave empty to use UCP connection pooling.	
		Example: TPWDataSource	

# Table 7:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
JDBC Database User ID	DBUSER_WLS	The database user ID that has been configured for the JDBC connection. Set this to the proper value if the Web JDBC DataSource Name is entered. Generally this is set to be same as Application Server	
		Database Login credentials, Username: xxxxxx	
JDBC Database Password	DBPASS_WLS	The database user password that has been configured for the JDBC connection. Set this to the proper value if the Web JDBC DataSource Name is entered. This is a security value; it will be encrypted with the WebLogic Encryption Algorithm. Generally this is set to be same as Application Server Database Login credentials, Password: xxxxxx	
Database Name	DBNAME	The name of the database instance that the application	
		will be connecting to.	
Database Server	DBSERVER	Host name of the server where database resides.	
Database Port	DBPORT	Database port number on the database server used for connecting to the database	
ONS Server Configuration	ONSCONFIG	ONS Server Configuration is required for Oracle RAC FCF.See the Server Administration Guide for more information.This is an optional value.	
Database Override Connection String	DB_OVERRIDE_ CONNECTION	This connection string can be used to override the database information entered above for RAC installation. Set this string to override the standard database connection string, as entered above. See the Server Administration Guide for more information. This is an optional value.	
Character Based Database	CHAR_BASED_DB	Set to true if using a character based database.	

# Table 7:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Oracle Client Character Set NLS_LANG	NLS_LANG	The Oracle Database Character Set. Select the Language and Territory that are in use in your country.	
		Default value: AMERICAN_AMERICA.AL32UTF8	

Table 7:

# **General Configuration Options**

Refer to the Server Administration Guide for additional details on this configuration.

5. General Configuration Options Batch RMI Port: RMI Port number for JMX Business: RMI Port number for JMX Web: JMX Enablement System User ID: JMX Enablement System Password: Coherence Cluster Name: Coherence Cluster Address: Coherence Cluster Port: Coherence Cluster Mode:

prod

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Batch RMI Port	BATCH_RMI_PORT	Unique port used by the Batch RMI	
		Example value: 6540	
RMI Port number for JMX Business	BSN_JMX_RMI_PORT_ PERFORMANCE	Example value: 6550 Note: This is an optional value.	
RMI Port number for JMX Web	WEB_JMX_RMI_PORT_ PERFORMANCE	Example value: 6570 Note: This is an optional value.	
JMX Enablement System User ID	BSN_JMX_SYSUSER	This is used to authenticate incoming JMX requests. Populate if RMI Port numbers are set. Note: This is an optional value.	
JMX Enablement System Password	BSN_JMX_SYSPASS	This is used to authenticate incoming JMX requests. Populate if RMI Port numbers are set. This is a security value; it will be encrypted with the	
		Oracle Utilities Application Framework Encryption Algorithm. Note: This is an optional value.	

#### Table 8:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Coherence Cluster Name	COHERENCE_ CLUSTER_NAME	Unique name for the batch CLUSTER Note: Value is required when batch mode is CLUSTERED.	
Coherence Cluster Address	COHERENCE_ CLUSTER_ADDRESS	Unique multicast address. Note: Value is required when batch mode is CLUSTERED.	
Coherence Cluster Port	COHERENCE_ CLUSTER_PORT	Unique port for the batch CLUSTER Note: Value is required when batch mode is CLUSTERED.	
Coherence Cluster Mode	COHERENCE_ CLUSTER_MODE	Valid values: dev (Development) prod (Production) Default value: dev	

Table 8:

# **OUAF TrustStore Options**

Refer to the Server Administration Guide for additional details on this configuration.

The OUAF truststore configuration is required for IWS.

7. OUAF TrustS Import T	tore Options rustStore Directory:	
Store Ty	pe:	JCEKS
Alias:		ouaf.system
Alias Ke	y Algorithm:	AES
Alias Ke	y Size:	128
HMAC Ali	as:	ouaf.system.hmac
Padding:		PKCS5Padding
Mode:		CBC

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Import TrustStore Directory	TS_IMPORT_KEYSTO RE_FOLDER	Populate this option if you want to import the TrustStore files from an external location. The import will happen only in case of initial install or initialSetup.sh   cmd -S	
Store Type	TS_STORETYPE	Mandatory if setting the ouaf truststore. Value used for keytool option –storetype when creating/ using the truststore.	

# Table 9:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Alias	TS_ALIAS	Mandatory if setting the ouaf truststore. Value used for keytool option –alias when creating/using the truststore.	
Alias Key Algorithm	TS_ALIAS_KEYALG	Mandatory if setting the ouaf truststore. Value used for keytool option -keyalg when creating/ using the truststore.	
Alias Key Size	TS_ALIAS_KEYSIZE	Mandatory if setting the ouaf truststore. Value used for keytool option -keysize when creating/ using the truststore.	
HMAC Alias	TS_HMAC_ALIAS	Mandatory if setting the ouaf truststore. Value used for keytool option -alias For the HMAC alias, the following values are fixed: - HMAC Alias Key Algorithm: HmacSHA256 - HMAC Alias Key Size: 256	
Padding	TS_PADDING	Mandatory if setting the ouaf truststore. Value used for encryption/decryption	
Mode	TS_MODE	Mandatory if setting the ouaf truststore. Value used for encryption/decryption	

#### Table 9:

# **Advanced Menu Options**

The advanced menu options are not available during installation. These options can be accessed after installation using the following commands:

#### Unix:

\$SPLEBASE/bin/configureEnv.sh -a

#### Windows

%SPLEBASE%\bin\configureEnv.cmd -a

# WebLogic Advanced Environment Miscellaneous Configuration

50. Advanced Environment Miscellaneous Configuration

OUAF DBMS Scheduler User: Online JVM Batch Server Enabled: false Online JVM Batch Number of Threads:5 Online JVM Batch Scheduler Daemon Enabled: false Enable Batch Edit Funtionality:false Batch Online Log Directory: Enable JMS Global Flush For Batch: false Enable Web Services Functionality: false IWS deployment target: Web Admin Server Host: GIS Service Running on the same Web Server:true GIS Service URL: GIS WebLogic System User ID: GIS WebLogic System Password: Online Display Software Home: Max Queries To Hold In Cache Across All Threads: Seconds Timeout Flush Cache Completely:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Value Install
OUAF DBMS Scheduler User	OUAF_DBMS_SCHE DULER_USER	This is required for OUAF DBMS Scheduler user.	
Online JVM Batch Server Enabled	BATCHENABLED	When starting a web application server JVM, this property can be set to "true" to allow the on-line application server to also act as a batch worker in the grid.	
		Default value: false	
		Note: This functionality should only be used in low volume environments.	
Online JVM Batch Number of Threads	BATCHTHREADS	The maximum number of batch processing threads to be executed within a worker JVM when no explicit Distributed Thread Pool is specified. The "DEFAULT" distributed thread pool is used by the batch-scheduling daemon when it initiates processing on batch jobs (typically added via the online system) where no thread pool is specified).	
		Default value: 5	
		Note: This will be only used and activated when BATCHENABLED is set to true.	
Online JVM Batch Scheduler Daemon Enabled	BATCHDAEMON	In a distributed batch environment, this property can be set to "true" to allow a worker JVM to host the batch scheduling daemon. The daemon accepts online batch submissions requests and automatically submits the work for them.	
		Valid values: true, false	
		Default value: false	
		Note: This will be only used and activated when BATCHENABLED is set to true.	
Enable Batch Edit Funtionality	BATCHEDIT_ ENABLED	Enable Batch Edit Functionality If enabled, use the bedit.sh cmd script in order to configure the batch	
		Valid values: true, false	
		Default value: false	

#### Table 10:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Value Install
Batch Online Log Directory	BATCH_ONLINE_LO G_DIR	This is required for the online batch retrieval feature.	
Enable JMS Global Flush For Batch	ENABLE_JMS_GLOB AL_FLUSH	Enable JMS Global Flush for batch	false
Enable Web Services Functionality	WEBSERVICES_ ENABLED	If enabled, execute the following commands in oder to allow the application to re-deploy the Webservices without prompting for the user and password: - Add weblogic.jar to the CLASSPATH - Execute: java weblogic.Admin -username [USER NAME] -password [PASSWORD] STOREUSERCONFIG -userconfigfile [SPLEBASE]/etc/.wlsuserconfig -userkeyfile [SPLEBASE]/etc/.wlsuserkey <b>Valid values</b> : true, false <b>Default value</b> : false	
IWS deployment target	WLS_CLUSTER_NAM E	This is needed for Web Services deployment and is typically the Weblogic Cluster name. It is mandatory only if Web Services is enabled and the application is running in Weblogic Native mode.	
Web Admin Server Host	WEB_ADMIN_SERVE R	It is used for the Web Services deployment. It is also used for importing the certificate from the Web Admin Server (initialSetup.sh   cmd -i). If populated, it will override the Web Server Host.	
GIS Service Running on the same Web Server	GIS	Geographical information (GEOCODING) - GIS Service running on the same web application server	
		Valid values: true, false This value is optional. This value will only appear for WebLogic.	
GIS Service URL	GIS_URL	This is the URL of the external web server.	
		Note: This value will be only be used when GIS is set to true.	
		This value is optional. This value will only appear for WebLogic.	
GIS WebLogic System	GIS_WLSYSUSER	GIS WebLogic System User ID	
		Note: This value will be only be used when GIS is set to true.	
		This value is optional. This value will only appear for WebLogic.	

# Table 10:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Value Install
GIS WebLogic System Password	GIS_WLSYSPASS	GIS WebLogic System Password. Note: This value will be only be used when GIS is set to true. This is a security value; it will be encrypted with the Oracle Utilities Application Framework Encryption Algorithm. This value will only appear for WebLogic.	
Online Display Software Home	ONLINE_DISPLAY_ HOME	The location of the Online Display Software installation directory. This value is optional.	
Max Queries To Hold In Cache Across All Threads	XQUERIES_TO_ CACHE	Max number of queries to hold in the cache across all threads 0 = no cache -1 or [empty] = unlimited	
Seconds Timeout Flush Cache Completely	XQUERY_CACHE_ FLUSH_TIMEOUT	Number of seconds before cache is flushed Completely 0 or [empty] = never auto-flush	

# Table 10:

# WebLogic Advanced Environment Memory Configuration

Web Application Java Initial Heap Size: 2 Web Application Java Max Heap Size: 2	2048 2048 .024
Web Application Java Max Heap Size: 2	2048 .024
	.024
Web Application Java Max Perm Size: 1	
Web Application Additional Options:	
Global JVM Arguments:	
Ant Min Heap Size: 2	00
Ant Max Heap Size: 8	00
Ant Additional Options:	
Thread Pool Worker Java Min Heap Size: 5	12
Thread Pool Worker Java Max Heap Size: 1	024
Thread Pool Worker Java Max Perm Size: 5	12
Thread Pool Worker Additional Options:	
Additional Runtime Classpath:	

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Web Application Java	WEB_MEMORY_	Initial heap size for the application server.	
filitial freap Size	OI I_MIN	Default value: 1024	
		Note: For WebLogic installation only. Recommended value is 2048.	
Web Application Java Max Heap Size	WEB_MEMORY_ OPT_MAX	Maximum heap size for the application server.	
Max Heap Size		Default value: 1024	
		Note: For WebLogic installation only. Recommended value is 2048.	
Web Application Java Max Perm Size	WEB_MEMORY_OPT	Maximum Perm Size for the application server.	
Max I enin Size		<b>Default value</b> : 700MB (Linux, Solaris) 700MB (Windows)	
		Note: For WebLogic installation only.	
Web Application Additional Options	WEB_ADDITIONAL_ OPT	Additional options that will be passed in to the web application server JVM.	
		Replace the value of SPLEBASE with the actual value.	
		UNIX: -Xrs -XX:+ShowMessageBoxOnError - XX:+UseGCOverheadLimit - Ddomain.home=SPLEBASE/splapp Doracle.domain.config.dir=SPLEBASE/splapp/config -Doracle.security.jps.config=SPLEBASE/splapp/ config/jps-config.xml	
		Windows: -Xrs -XX:+ShowMessageBoxOnError - XX:+UseGCOverheadLimit - Ddomain.home=SPLEBASE/splapp Doracle.domain.config.dir=SPLEBASE\splapp/config -Doracle.security.jps.config=SPLE BASE\splapp\config\jps-config.xml	
		AIX: -Xrs -XX:+ShowMessageBoxOnError - XX:+UseGCOverheadLimit - Ddomain.home=SPLEBASE/splapp - Djava.awt.headless=true	

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Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Global JVM Arguments	GLOBAL_JVMARGS	JVM arguments that are passed to all Java server processes such as Weblogic Server, Threadpoolworkers and jobs.	
		Arguments added to all jvms	
		Defaults to -XX:+HeapDumpOnOutOfMemoryError -XX:HeapDumpPath= <tempdir></tempdir>	
		For AIX environment, please add the following argument for SSL communication- -Dcom.ibm.jsse2.overrideDefaultTLS=true	
Ant Min Heap Size	ANT_OPT_MIN	Minimum Heap Size passed to ANT JVM.	
		Default value: 200	
Ant Max Heap Size	ANT_OPT_MAX	Maximum Heap Size passed to ANT JVM.	
		Default value: 800	
Ant Additional Options	ANT_ADDITIONAL_ OPT	Additional options that are passed into the ANT JVM.	
Thread Pool Worker	BATCH_MEMORY_	Minimum heap size passed to the Thread Pool Worker.	
Java Mili Heap Size		<b>Default value</b> : 512 Recommended value is 1024.	
Thread Pool Worker	BATCH_MEMORY_	Maximum heap size passed to the Thread Pool Worker.	
Java Max Heap Size		<b>Default value</b> : 1024 Recommended value is 2048.	
Thread Pool Worker Java Max Perm Size	BATCH_MEMORY_ OPT_MAXPERMSIZE	Maximum perm size passed to the Thread Pool Worker	
		Default value: 768	

Table 11:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Menu Option Thread Pool Worker Additional Options	Name Used in Documentation         BATCH_MEMORY_ ADDITIONAL_OPT	Usage Additional Memory Options passed into the Thread Pool Worker. Unix: -verbose:gc -Xrs -XX:+ShowMessageBoxOnError - Djava.compiler=NONE -XX:+UseGCOverheadLimit - Dweblogic.configuration.schemaValidationEnabled=fal se - Dweblogic.security.SSL.ignoreHostnameVerification=tr ue - Dweblogic.security.CustomTrustKeyStoreFileName=< Location of TRUST keystore file> - Dweblogic.security.CustomTrustKeyStorePassPhrase= <passphrase> - Dweblogic.security.CustomTrustKeyStoreType=jks Ddomain.home=<splebase directory="" location="">/ splapp -Doracle.domain.config.dir=<splebase directory="" location="">/splapp/config Dweblogic.security.SSL.ignoreHostnameVerification=tr ue - Dweblogic.security.SSL.protocolVersion=TLS1 AIX: -verbose:gc -Xrs -XX:+ShowMessageBoxOnError - Djava.compiler=NONE -XX:+UseGCOverheadLimit - Dweblogic.security.SSL.ignoreHostnameVerification=tr ue - Dweblogic.security.CustomTrustKeyStoreFileName=&lt; Location of TRUST keystore file&gt; - Dweblogic.security.CustomTrustKeyStoreFileName=&lt; Location of TRUST keystore file&gt; - Dweblogic.security.CustomTrustKeyStoreFileName=&lt; passphrase&gt; - Dweblogic.security.CustomTrustKeyStoreFileName=&lt; Dweblogic.security.CustomTrustKeyStoreFileName=&lt; Dweblogic.security.CustomTrustKeyStoreType=jks - Dweblogic.security.Sust_protocolVersion=TLS1</splebase></splebase></passphrase>	Customer Install Value
		<b>Note</b> : Setting Dcom.ibm.jsse2.overrideDefaultTLS to true forces the system to use TLSv1.2 instead of TLSv1 for the communication.	

# Table 11:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
		Windows: -verbose:gc -Xrs -XX:+ShowMessageBoxOnError - Djava.compiler=NONE -XX:+UseGCOverheadLimit - Dweblogic.configuration.schemaValidationEnabled=fal se - Dweblogic.security.SSL.ignoreHostnameVerification=tr ue - Dweblogic.security.CustomTrustKeyStoreFileName=< Location of TRUST keystore file> - Dweblogic.security.TrustKeyStore=CustomTrust - Dweblogic.security.CustomTrustKeyStorePassPhrase= <passphrase> - Dweblogic.security.CustomTrustKeyStoreType=jks - Ddomain.home=<splebase directory<br="">location&gt;\splapp - Doracle.domain.config.dir=<splebase directory<br="">location&gt;\splapp\config Dweblogic.security.SSL.protocolVersion=TLS1</splebase></splebase></passphrase>	
Additional Runtime Classpath	ADDITIONAL_ RUNTIME_ CLASSPATH	Additional Classpath Options passed in when starting the WebLogic JVM Note: For WebLogic installation only. Replace the value of SPLEBASE with the actual value. Unix: \$SPLEBASE/splapp/standalone/lib/jakarta-regexp- 1.5.jar:\$SPLEBASE/splapp/standalone/lib/ commons-cli-1.1.jar:SPLEBASE/splapp/standalone/ lib/log4j-1.2.15.jar:\$SPLEBASE/etc/lib Windows: SPLEBASE/splapp/standalone/lib/jakarta-regexp- 1.5.jar :SPLEBASE/splapp/standalone/lib/commons- cli-1.1.jar;SPLEBASE/splapp/standalone/lib/log4j- 1.2.15.jar; SPLEBASE/splapp/standalone/lib/log4j- 1.2.15.jar; SPLEBASE/etc/lib/xalan- 2.7.2.jar;SPLEBASE/etc/lib/serializer-2.7.2.jar	

Table 11:

# **Advanced Web Application Configuration**

52. Advanced Web Application Configuration	
Web Application Cache Settings:	off
Web Server Port Number:	
WebLogic Overload Protection:	system-exit
CSRF Protection For REST Services:	true
OWSM Protection For REST Services:	false
Domain Home Location:	
Batch Cluster URL:	
Strip HTML Comments:	false
Authentication Login Page Type:	FORM
Web Form Login Page:	/loginPage.jsp
Web Form Login Error Page:	/formLoginError.jsp
Application Viewer Form Login Page:	/loginPage.jsp
Application Viewer Form Login Error	Page: /formLoginError.jsp
Help Form Login Page:	/loginPage.jsp
Help Form Login Error Page:	/formLoginError.jsp
Web Security Role:	cisusers
Web Principal Name:	cisusers
Application Viewer Security Role:	cisusers
Application Viewer Principal Name:	cisusers
This is a development environment:	false
Preload All Pages on Startup:	false
Maximum Age of a Cache Entry for Tex	t: 28800
Maximum Age of a Cache Entry for Imag	ges: 28800
JSP Recompile Interval (s):	43200

Table 12:

Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
WEB_L2_CACHE_ MODE	Default value: off Valid values: off read_write read_only	
WEB_WLPORT	The port number assigned to WebLogic connection. Set this port if the environment is not configured as SSL. Note: For WebLogic installation only. This value is optional. Example Value: 6500	
WLS_OVERRIDE_ PROTECT	The overload protection allows for a WebLogic server to be "stopped / exited" when there is an out of memory exception <b>Valid values:</b> system-exit (Exit the server process) no-action (Ignore take no action) <b>Default value:</b> system-exit	
	Name Used in Documentation WEB_L2_CACHE_ MODE WEB_WLPORT WEB_WLPORT	Name Used in DocumentationUsageWEB_L2_CACHE_ MODEDefault value: off Valid values: off read_write read_onlyWEB_WLPORTThe port number assigned to WebLogic connection. Set this port if the environment is not configured as SSL. Note: For WebLogic installation only. This value is optional.WLS_OVERRIDE_ PROTECTThe overload protection allows for a WebLogic server to be "stopped / exited" when there is an out of memory exceptionWLS_OVERRIDE_ PROTECTValid values: system-exit (Exit the server process) no-action (Ignore take no action)Default value: System-exit Note: For WebLogic installation only.

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
CSRF Protection For REST Services	CSRF_PROTECTION	The CSRF protection for REST services.	true
OWSM Protection For REST Services	OWSM_PROTECTION _FOR_REST_SERVICE S	The OWSM protection for REST services.	false
Domain Home Location	WLS_DOMAIN_ HOME	The WebLogic Domain Home location, when this parameter is populated you will need to use the native WebLogic tools for maintenance (starting, stopping, deployment, and undeployment). Note: For WebLogic installation only This value is optional	
Batch Cluster URL	WEB_BATCH_ CLUSTER_URL	Example: service:jmx:rmi:///jndi/rmi://[host]:[JMX port]/oracle/ouaf/batchConnector	
StripHTMLComments: false	STRIP_HTML_ COMMENTS	Stripping HTML (and JavaScript) comments will increase the security of the system. <b>Default value</b> : false <b>Valid values</b> : true, false	
Authentication Login Page Type	WEB_WLAUTHMETH OD	Specifies which authentication mode should be used. To switch off OUAF Login Page enter: BASIC. Valid values: FORM, BASIC Default value: FORM	
Web Form Login Page	WEB_FORM_ LOGIN_PAGE	Specify the jsp file used to login into the application. <b>Default value</b> : /loginPage.jsp	
Web Form Login Error Page	WEB_FORM_LOGIN _ERROR_PAGE	Specify the jsp file used when there is an error when logging into the application. Default value: /formLoginError.jsp	
Application Viewer Form Login Page	WEB_APPVIEWER_ FORM_LOGIN_ PAGE	Specify the jsp file used to login into the application viewer application. Default value: /loginPage.jsp	
Application Viewer Form Login Error Page	WEB_APPVIEWER_ FORM_LOGIN_ ERROR_PAGE	Specify the jsp file used when there is an error when logging into the application viwer application.	

Table 12:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Help Form Login Page	WEB_HELP_FORM_ LOGIN_PAGE	Specify the jsp file used to login into the help application.	
		Default value: /loginPage.jsp	
Help Form Login Error Page	WEB_HELP_FORM_ LOGIN_ERROR_ PAGE	Specify the jsp file used when there is an error when logging into the help application.	
		Default value: /formLoginError.jsp	
Web Security Role	WEB_PRINCIPAL_ NAME	Specify the name of the security role.	
		Default value: cisusers	
Web Principal Name	WEB_PRINCIPAL_ NAME	Specify the name of a principal that is defined in the security realm.	
		Default value: cisusers	
Application Viewer Security Role	WEB_APPVIEWER_ ROLE_NAME	Specify the name of the security role.	
		Default value: cisusers	
Application Viewer Principal Name	WEB_APPVIEWER_ PRINCIPAL_NAME	Specify the name of a principal that is defined in the security realm.	
		Default value: cisusers	
This is a development environment	WEB_ISDEVELOPME NT	If the value is "true", the web application may be used for application development, which will trigger certain generation processes. If the value is "false" the environment will be used as a runtime environment.	
		When you choose "true" (development environment) the startup preload pages will be disabled, and the application security will be less strict. This value also controls the amount of logging information written to the application log files.	
		Valid values: true, false	
		Default value: false	
Preload All Pages on Startup	WEB_PRELOADALL	This controls if the pages should be preloaded during the startup of the application or not.	
		Valid values: true, false	
		Default value: false	
Maximum Age of a Cache Entry for Text	WEB_MAXAGE	Default value: 28800	

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Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Maximum Age of a Cache Entry for Images	WEB_MAXAGEI	Default value: 28800	
JSP Recompile Interval (s)	WEB_wlpageCheckSecon ds	<b>Default value</b> : 43200 Note: For WebLogic installation only.	

Table 12:

# **OIM Configuration Settings**

53. OIM Configuration Settings SPML SOAP Trace Setting: false SPML IDM Schema Name: F1-IDMUser SPML OIM Name Space: http://xmlns.oracle.com/OIM/provisioning SPML OIM Enclosing Element: sOAPElement

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
SPML SOAP Trace Setting	OIM_SPML_SOAP_ DEBUG_SETTING	Name of Oracle Identity Manager library for debug	
		Default value: false	
		Valid values: true, false	
SPML IDM Schema Name	OIM_SPML_UBER_ SCHEMA_NAME	Name of Oracle Identity Manager library for schema	
i fuille		Defautlt value: F1-IDMUser	
SPML OIM Name Space	OIM_SPML_NAME_ SPACE	Default Namespace for Oracle Identity Manager integration	
		<b>Default value</b> : http://xmlns.oracle.com/OIM/ provisioning	
SPML OIM Enclosing	OIM_SPML_SOAP_	Default top level SOAP Element name for Oracle	
Element	ELEMENI	Identity Manager integration	
		Default value: sOAPElement	

# Table 13:

# WebLogic Diagnostics

54.	WebLogic Diagnostics	
	Diagnostic Context Enabled:	false
	Diagnostic Volume:	Off
	Built-in Module:	None

# Table 14:

Documentation Usage	Install Value
ntext WLS_DIAGNOSTIC_ Enable or disable diagnostic context for the CONTEXT_ENABLE D WebLogic Server (WLDF or the weblogic diagnostic framework) Default value: false	
ntext WLS_DIAGNOSTIC_ Enable or disable diagnostic context for CONTEXT_ENABLE D WebLogic Server (WLDF or the weblog framework) Default value: false Valid values: true, false	: the jc diagnostic

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Diagnostic Volume	WLS_DIAGNOSTIC_ VOLUME	Specifies the volume of diagnostic data that is automatically produced by WebLogic Server at run time Default value: Off Valid values: Off,Low,Medium,High	
Built-in Module	WLS_DIAGNOSTIC_ BUILT_IN_MODULE	Specifies the WLDF built-in system resource type to use. If not specified will use the weblogic default.	

Table	14:
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# **URI, File and URL Related Options**

55.	URI, File and URL Related Options	
	Restriction URLs Enable:	
	Custom SQL Security:	false
	White List Full Path:	
	Custom White List Full Path:	
	File Parameter Validation:	
	Substitution Variable List File Location:	
	Directory For Variable F1 MIGR ASSISTANT FILES:	
	Directory For Variable F1_BI_EXTRACT:	
	Directory For Variable F1 PROD INTER FILES:	
	Directory For Variable F1 CUST APP BASE:	
	Directory For Variable F1 PROCESS DIR:	
	Directory For Variable F1_SVC_CATALOG_WSDL_DIR:	

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Restriction URLs Enable	CLOUD_RESTRICTI ON_URLS_ENABLE	Default value: false	
Custom SQL Security	CUSTOM_SQL_ SECURITY	Custom SQL security	false
White List Full Path	CLOUD_WHITE_LIS T_PATH	Full path name of whiteList.xml	
Custom White List Full Path	CLOUD_CUSTOM_ WHITE_LIST_PATH	Full path name of CM_whiteList.xml	
File Parameter Validation	CLOUD_FILE_ PARAMETER_ VALIDATION	For cloud installations it must be set to true. Default value: false	

# Table 15:

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Substitution Variable List File Location	CLOUD_SUBSTITUTI ON_VARIABLE_LIST _ FILE_LOCATION	<ul> <li>Full path to the xml file that contains the list of allowed directories and their corresponding substitution variables.</li> <li>Default value: <splebase>/etc/substitutionVariableList.xml</splebase></li> </ul>	
Directory For Variable F1_MIGR_ASSISTAN T_FILES	CLOUD_LOCATION F1_MIGR_ASSISTAN T_FILES	Default value: <sploutput>/ F1_MIGR_ASSISTANT_FILES</sploutput>	
Directory For Variable F1_BI_EXTRACT	CLOUD_LOCATION _ F1_BI_EXTRACT	Default value: <sploutput>/ F1_BI_EXTRACT</sploutput>	
Directory For Variable F1_PROD_INTER_ FILES	CLOUD_LOCATION 	Default value: <sploutput>/ F1_PROD_INTER_FILES</sploutput>	
Directory For Variable F1_CUST_APP_BASE	CLOUD_LOCATION _ F1_CUST_APP_BASE	Default value: <sploutput>/ F1_CUST_APP_BASE</sploutput>	
Directory For Variable F1_PROCESS_DIR	CLOUD_LOCATION _ F1_PROCESS_DIR	Default value: <sploutput>/ F1_PROCESS_DIR</sploutput>	
Directory For Variable F1_SVC_CATALOG_ WSDL_DIR	CLOUD_LOCATION F1_SVC_CATALOG_ WSDL_DIR	Default value: <sploutput>/ F1_SVC_CATALOG_WSDL_DIR</sploutput>	

Table 15:

# Advanced Configurations for Open LDAP Authentication provider

65. Advanced Configurations for Open LDAP Authentication provider
Enable Open LDAP Authentication provider: true
LDAP server Host: xyz.ldapserver.com
LDAP Server Port Number: 389
The LDAP object class that stores users: inetOrgPerson
The LDAP object class that stores static groups: groupOfUniqueNames
The Distinguished Name (DN)
of the LDAP Principal: cn=Manager,dc=bu,dc=org
LDAP PRINCIPAL Password: {3DES}lOqtUzl/ukc=
User Base DN: ou=person,dc=bu,dc=org
Group Base DN: ou=groups,dc=bu,dc=org
User From Name Filter: (&cn=%u)(objectclass=inetOrgPerson))
Group From Name Filter: ((cn=%g)(objectclass=groupOfUniqueNames))
Static Member DN Attribute: uniqueMember
Static Group DNS From Member
DN Filter: ((uniqueMember=%M)(objectclass=groupOfUniqueNames)

Specifies how this Open LDAP Authentication provider fits into the login sequence: SUFFICIENT Specifies how Default Authentication provider fits into the login sequence: SUFFICIENT

Menu Option	Name Used in Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Enable Open LDAP Authentication provider	Enable_OpenLDAP	Enable Open LDAP Authentication provider	
LDAP server Host	LDAP_HOST	LDAP server Host	
LDAP Server Port Number	LDAP_PORT	LDAP Server Port Number	
The LDAP object class that stores users	USER_OBJECT_CLAS S	The LDAP object class that stores users	
The LDAP object class that stores static groups	STATIC_GROUP_OBJ ECT_CLASS	The LDAP object class that stores static groups	
The Distinguished Name (DN) of the LDAP Principal	PRINCIPAL	The Distinguished Name (DN) of the LDAP Principal	
LDAP PRINCIPAL Password	PRINCIPAL_PASS	LDAP PRINCIPAL Password	
User Base DN	USER_BASE_DN	User Base DN	
Group Base DN	GROUP_BASE_DN	Group Base DN	
User From Name Filter	USER_FROM_NAME _FILTER	User From Name Filter	
Group From Name Filter	GROUP_FROM_NAM E_FILTER	Group from Name Filter	
Static Member DN Attribute	STATIC_MEMBER_D N_ATTRIBUTE	Static Member DN Attribute	
Static Group DNS From Member DN Filter	STATIC_GROUP_DN S_FROM_MEMBER_ DN_FILTER	Static Group DNS From Member DN Filter	
Specifies how this Open LDAP Authentication provider fits into the login sequence	CONTROL_FLAG_O PENLDAP	Specifies how this Open LDAP Authentication provider fits into the login sequence	
Specifies how Default Authentication provider fits into the login sequence	CONTROL_FLAG_D EFAULT	Specifies how Default Authentication provider fits into the login sequence	

# Oracle Real-Time Scheduler Installation and Configuration Worksheets

During the installation and configuration of the application provide a variety of system values. These worksheets help you in providing that information. No Customer Install Value fields should be left blank.

**Note:** Some web application server information will not be available until the software installation steps have been completed as described in the previous chapter dealing with installing application server pre-requisite software.

# **JMS Configuration**

```
8. JMS Configuration
Context Factory: weblogic.jndi.WLInitialContextFactory
Weblogic Server URL:
Weblogic System User ID:
Weblogic System Password:
Time Out: 120000
```

Menu Option	Name Used In Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Context Factory	CONTEXTFACTORY* **	JNDI Name attribute field when the Connection Factory object is created. When the Connection Factory object is loaded, JNDI provides a path to the object.	
		weblogic.jndi.WLInitialContextFactory	
WebLogic Server URL	URL***	Specify weblogic server URL in below format:	
		t3:// <host>:<web no="" port="" server=""></web></host>	
		Note: This is the port number that is used as a part of the client URL request to connect to the host.	
Weblogic System User ID	WLS_USERID***	User ID to login to Admin WebLogic console.	
		Default user ID: system	
Weblogic System Password	WLS_PASSWORD***	On the configuration step of Oracle Real- Time Scheduler install process you have to provide the same password given during Oracle Utilities Application Framework installation. This should only be done if you have changed the password on an existing system following the Oracle WebLogic instructions.	

Menu Option	Name Used In Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Time Out	TIMEOUT***	JMS Configuration Timeout, in milliseconds.	
		Default: 120000	

# **ORS Environment Description**

9. ORS Environment Description	
ORS Scheduler Map Files Location:	
Schedule Manager Port Number:	
Minimum Requests:	1
Maximum Time (seconds) Booking Requests:	5
Unique identifier for	
the instance of the JVM:	
Registry cleanse timing in seconds:	900
Scheduler connection timeout in milliseconds	300000
Scheduler maintenance cycle time in seconds	300

Menu Option	Name Used In Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
ORS Scheduler Map Files Location	MAPDIR***	Location for Map files from where scheduler will read the maps.	
		For example:	
		Unix: /ouaf/mapdir Windows: C:\ouaf\mapdir	
Schedule Manager Port Number	IPCSTARTPORT***	Specify the starting port number on which the application will communicate with the scheduler processes. The application will look for any available port above this number.	
		Default: 9100	
Minimum Requests	MINREQUESTS***	Minimum request that scheduler can handle.	
		Default: 1	
Maximum Time (seconds) Booking Requests	MAXPROCESSINGTI M***	Maximum request that scheduler can handle.	
		Default: 5	

Menu Option	Name Used In Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Unique identifier for the instance of the JVM	NODEID***	Unique id for JVM instance. For Example: Node1	
		Note: This has to be same as the Node ID configured in the Scheduler table in the Oracle Real-Time Scheduler application. This should be left empty if scheduler is going to be run from the standalone batch program.	
Registry cleanse timing in seconds	CLEANSE_INTERVA L***	This is the registry cleanse interval.	
		Default: 900	
Scheduler connection timeout in milliseconds	SCHED_CONN_TIM EOUT***	Scheduler connection timeout in milliseconds. Default: 300000	
Scheduler maintenance cycle time in seconds	SCHED_CYCLE_TIM EOUT	Scheduler maintenance cycle time in seconds. Default:300	

# **Geocode Data Source Configuration**

10. Geocode Data Source Configuration
 JDBC URL for the Geocode database:
 Database User Name:
 Database Password:
 JNDI name for the Geocode datasource:

Menu Option	Name used in this Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
JDBC URL for Geocode Database	DBURL_GEOCODE* **	Geocode database information details.	
		For example: jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:GEODB	
Database User Name	DBUSER_GEOCODE ***	Geocode database user ID.	
Database Password	DBPASS_GEOCODE* **	Geocode database password.	
JNDI name for the Geocode datasource	JNDI_GEOCODE***	JNDI name for accessing the database.	
		For example: GEOSAMPLE	

# **Mapviewer Configuration**

11. Mapviewer Configuration

Deploy mapviewer locally on this instance: true Location of mapviewer ear file:

Menu Option	Name used in this Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Deploy mapviewer locally on this instance	MAPVIEWER_ISLOC AL***	Set this value to true for deploying mapviewer on the same WebLogic instance.	
		Default: true	
Location of mapviewer ear file	MAPVIEWER_EAR** *	This needs to point to the location of the exploded mapviewer ear directory in case mapviewer is deployed locally on the same Weblogic instance.	
		For example: /ouaf/mapviewer/ mapviewer.ear	

# **Security Configuration**

12. Security Configuration Deploy only mobility web application: false Allow self signed SSL certificates: false Force Http Connection (Enable if load balancer is configured for ssl-stripping): false

Menu Option	Name used in this Documentation	Usage	Customer Install Value
Deploy only mobility web application	MOBILITY_APP_ON LY***	Set this value to true to deploy only the mobility web application. This option can be used to expose just the mobility web application to the Internet while the rest of the application runs inside a secured environment. Default: true	
Allow Self Signed SSL Certificates	ALLOW_SELFSIGNE D_SSL***	Set this value to true to allow self-signed SSL certificates. Default: false	
Force Http Connection (Enable if load balancer is configured for ssl- stripping)	FORCE_HTTP	Enable if load balancer is configured for SSL-stripping Default: false	

**Note**: \*\*\* denotes mandatory field options that are required for the product installation.

# Appendix C

# **Application Framework Prerequisite Patches**

Oracle Utilities Application Framework patches must be installed prior to installing Oracle Real-Time Scheduler v2.3.0.3.0. The patches listed below are included as a convenience rollup, FWv4.3.0.6.0-PREREQ-Multiplatform.zip, which is included in the downloaded Media Pack. Please refer to the instructions inside the rollup directory for steps to install the patch.

Bug No.	Description
28451591	SERVICE NAME F1CLUSTP IS MISSING
28456608	MWM F1_GETCLUSTERINFO SCHEMA REFERENCES NON EXISTENT JAVA FIELDS CLUSTER_ACTION
28641673	4.3.0.6.0 OUAFPATCH.JAR ERRORS WITH INCOMPATIBLE DATABASE TOOLS PATCHING UTILITY

# **Appendix D**

# **Common Maintenance Activities**

This appendix lists frequently-used commands that you use to perform common maintenance activities, such as starting and stopping the environment and thread pool worker, modifying the configuration items.

### To Initialize the Environment

- 1. Go the directory <install\_dir>/bin.
- 2. Run the following command:

# UNIX:

./splenviron.sh -e <Env Name>

#### Windows:

splenviron.cmd -e <Env\_Name>

#### To Start the WebLogic Server

- 1. Initialize the environment.
- 2. Navigate to the respective domain's bin folder.
- 3. Execute the WebLogic Domain Startup command.

#### To Stop the Batch Server

- 1. Initialize the environment.
- 2. Navigate to the respective domain's bin folder.
- 3. Execute the WebLogic Domain Stop command.

#### To Start the Thread Pool Worker

- 1. Initialize the environment.
- 2. Run the following command:

### UNIX

./spl.sh -b start

#### Windows

spl.cmd -b start

#### To Stop the Thread Pool Worker

- 1. Initialize the environment.
- 2. Run the following command:

### UNIX

./spl.sh -b stop Windows spl.cmd -b stop

#### To Modify the Configuration Values

- 1. Initialize the environment.
- 2. Run the following command:

# UNIX:

ConfigureEnv.sh

#### Windows:

configureEnv.cmd

The configuration utility launches menu items. Select any Menu option.

- 3. Change the menu values.
- 4. After you change the menu values, press P to write the changes to the configuration file.
- To apply the changes to the environment, run the initial setup script: InitialSetup.sh

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# To Modify the Advanced Menu Option Values

1. Initialize the environment.

The configuration utility launches menu items.

2. Run the following command:

### UNIX:

ConfigureEnv.sh -a

#### Windows:

configureEnv.cmd -a

- 3. Select any menu option.
- 4. Change the menu values.
- To apply the changes to the environment, run initial setup script: InitialSetup.sh