Oracle® Retail Xstore Suite 22.0/Merchandising 16.0.2 Implementation Guide Release 22.0/16.0.2 F71952-01

January 2023



Oracle Retail Xstore Suite 22.0/Merchandising 16.0.2 Implementation Guide, Release 22.0/16.0.2

F71952-01

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Contents

Send Us Your Comments	. xi
Preface	xiii
Audience	xiii
Documentation Accessibility	xiii
Related Documents	
Customer Support	xiv
Review Patch Documentation	xiv
Improved Process for Oracle Retail Documentation Corrections	xiv
Oracle Retail Documentation on the Oracle Help Center (docs.oracle.com)	
Conventions	

1 Overview

2 Data Flow from Merchandising to Xstore

Conceptual Data Flow	2-1
Technical Implementation	2-2
RMS Foundation Data Extracts	2-3
RMS Batch Jobs	2-4
RPM Extracts	2-4
RPM Batch Jobs	2-5
Data Import Flow	2-5
Xstore DataLoader	2-6
DataLoader Detailed Description	2-6
Merchandising File Consumption by Location	

3 Transaction Flow from Xstore to ReSA

Conceptual Data Flow	3-1
Technical Implementation	
Xstore Broadcaster	3-2
RTLog Generator	3-3
ReSA saimptlog/i	3-3

4 Configuration

RMS	4-1
Diffs	4-1
Item	4-2
Merchandise Hierarchy	4-3
Organizational Hierarchy	4-3
Related Item	4-3
Store	4-4
VAT	4-5

5 Integration Considerations

Getting Started	. 5-1
Foundation Data	. 5-1
Seed Data	. 5-1
Transaction Details	. 5-2
Currency Exchange Rates	. 5-2
Stores	
Merchandise Hierarchy Levels	. 5-3
Merchandise Hierarchy Identifiers	. 5-3
Items	. 5-3
Merchandise Items	. 5-3
Non-Merchandise Items	. 5-4
Kit Items	. 5-4
Styles and Differentiators	. 5-4
Product Restrictions	. 5-5
Related Items	. 5-5
Other Item Attribute Notes	. 5-5
Tax	. 5-5
Value Added Tax (VAT)	. 5-5
US Sales Tax	. 5-6
Inventory	. 5-6
Serialized Inventory	. 5-6
Customer Orders	. 5-7
In-Store Orders	. 5-7
Recognition of a Sale	. 5-7
Pricing	. 5-7
Multi-Unit Pricing	. 5-7
Promotions	. 5-8
Simple Promotions	. 5-8
Coupon-Based Promotions	. 5-8
Sales Audit	. 5-8
Register-Level Balancing	. 5-8
Sales Person	. 5-9
Tender Type	
Coupons	
Employee IDs	. 5-9

6 RTLog Generator On-Premise

Configuration	6-1
Deployment	6-5
WebLogic Cluster Setup	6-7
Deployment of the RTLog Generator Application on a Cluster	
Security Configuration	6-21
Container Level Security	6-21
Transport Level Security	6-24
Complete the Security Configuration	6-27

7 RTLog Generator Cloud

RTLog Generator Cloud	7-1
Configuration	
Integration	7-1
Updating Mapping Configuration	7-1
Updating Format Configuration	7-3
Retrieving Published RTLog Files	
Security Configuration	7-5
Acquiring IDCS Token	7-5
Provide IDCS Authentication	

A Appendix: POSLog to RTLog Mapping Details

Transaction Type Mapping	A-1
Tender Type Mapping	A-3
Total Tender ID Mapping	A-5
Item Type Mapping	A-6
Reason Code Mapping	A-7
ReSA Reason Codes	A-7
ReSA Return Reason Codes	A-8
ReSA Discount Reason Codes	A-8
ReSA Item Price Override Reason Codes	A-9
Item Status/Sales Type Mapping	A-9

B Appendix: Flat File Mapping

RMS Diff Group Detail	B-1
RMS Diff Group Header	
RMS Diffs	B-5
RMS Item Header	B-7
RMS Item Location	B-42
RMS Merchandise Hierarchy	B-60
RMS Organizational Hierarchy	B-65
RMS Related Item Detail	B-71
RMS Related Item Header	B-74
RMS Store	B-78
RMS Store Address	3-87

RMS VAT	B-89
RMS VAT Item	B-96
RPM Clearance Price	B-99
RPM Regular Price	B-101
RPM Promotions	

List of Figures

2–1	Conceptual Data Flow from Merchandising to Xstore Suite	2-2
2–2	RMS Foundation Data Bulk Export	
2–3	RPM Extract Flow	
2–4	DataLoader Flow	2-7
2–5	Example of Loaded RMS and RPM Files	2-10
3–1	Xstore to ReSA Transaction Flow	
5–1	Merchandise Hierarchy Levels	
6–2	Example of context-param Field Update	
6–4	Administration Console Control Page	
6–5	Administration Console Install Application Assistant Page	6-6
6–7	Configuration Wizard Configuration Type Page	
6–8	Configuration Wizard Templates Page	
6–9	Configuration Wizard Administrator Account Page	
6–10	Configuration Wizard Domain Mode and JDK	
6–11	Configuration Wizard Advanced Configuration Page	6-10
6–12	Configuration Wizard Administration Server Page	
6–13	8	
6–14	0 0	
6–15		6-12
6–16		6-13
6–17		6-13
6–18	0 11 0	6-14
6–19	8	6-14
6–20		6-15
6–21		6-17
6–22	Administration Console Configuration Page	6-18
6–24		
6–25		6-19
6–26	Install Application Assistant Select Deployment Targets Page	6-20
6–27	Summary of Deployments Page	6-20
6–29	WebLogic Plugin Enabled Parameter	6-21
6–30	Administration Console Summary of Security Realms Page	6-22
6–31	Create a New Group Page	6-22
6–32	Create a New User Page	6-23
6–33	Users Page	6-23
6–34	User Settings Page	6-24
6–36	Administration Console Servers Page	6-25
6–37	Keystores Settings	6-25
6–38	Settings for the Administration Server	6-26

List of Tables

2–1	Supported Properties in momzip.properties File	2-5
7–1	REST Services related to the RTLogMappingConfig.xml	
7–2	REST Services related to the RTLogFormatConfig.xml	7-3
7–3	REST Services to download RTLog Files	7-4
A–1	Transaction Type Mapping	A-1
A–2	Tender Type Mapping	A-4
A–3	Total Tender ID Mapping	
A–4	Item Type Mapping	
A–5	ReSA Reason Codes	
A–6	ReSA Return Reason Codes	A-8
A–7	ReSA Discount Reason Codes	
A–8	ReSA Item Price Override Reason Codes	A-9
A–9	ReSA Item Status/Sales Type Mapping	A-10
B–1	RMS Diff Group Detail Mapping	B-1
B–2	RMS Diff Group Header Mapping	B-3
B–3	RMS Diffs Mapping	
B–4	RMS Item Header Mapping	
B–5	RMS Item Location Mapping	B-43
B–6	RMS Merchandise Hierarchy Mapping	B-60
B–7	RMS Organizational Hierarchy Mapping	
B–8	RMS Related Item Detail Mapping	
B–9	RMS Related Item Header Mapping	B-74
B–10	RMS Store Mapping	B-78
B–11	RMS Store Address Mapping	B-87
B–12	RMS VAT Mapping	
B–13	RMS VAT Item Mapping	B-96
B–14	RPM Clearance Price FDETL Record Mapping	B-99
B–15	RPM Clearance Price FDELE Record Mapping	B-101
B–16	RPM Regular Price FDETL Record Mapping	
B–17	RPM Regular Price FDELE Record Mapping	
B–18	RPM Promotions Record Mappings	

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Preface

This implementation guide describes the implementation steps that you should take when integrating the Xstore Suite with the Merchandising applications.

Audience

This Implementation Guide is intended for the integrators and implementation staff, as well as the retailer's IT personnel.

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Related Documents

For more information, see the following Release documents:

- Oracle Retail Merchandising System documentation set
- Oracle Retail Price Management documentation set
- Oracle Retail Xstore Suite Implementation and Security Guide

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The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

• Overview

The integration of the Merchandising applications and the Xstore Suite consists of two major data flows:

- Foundation and price data from Oracle Retail Merchandising System (RMS) and Oracle Retail Price Management (RPM) to Oracle Retail Xcenter and Xstore Office
- Point of Service transactions from Oracle Retail Xstore Point of Service to Oracle Retail Sales Audit (ReSA)

In combination, these data flows represent the round trip of data between the stores and headquarters. New items, other foundation data, and prices from headquarters are communicated to Xstore. Sales and returns from Xstore are communicated to Merchandising, where these transactions impact inventory. Merchandising further integrates summarized sales and inventory information from Xstore to other Oracle Retail applications, such as Planning and Analytics.

The details of the integration are covered in the remaining sections of this guide:

- Chapter 2, "Data Flow from Merchandising to Xstore": This chapter describes the flow of data from the Merchandising applications to the Xstore applications.
- Chapter 3, "Transaction Flow from Xstore to ReSA": This chapter describes the flow of transactions from Xstore Point of Service to ReSA.
- Chapter 4, "Configuration": This chapter provides information on the configuration changes that can be made for the integration.
- Chapter 5, "Integration Considerations": This chapter covers functional and technical points about the integration that need to be taken into consideration when implementing the integration.
- Chapter 6, "RTLog Generator On-Premise": This chapter covers how to install, deploy, and configure the RTLog Generator application.
- Chapter 7, "RTLog Generator Cloud": This chapter covers the RTLog Generator Cloud.
- Appendix A, Appendix: POSLog to RTLog Mapping Details: This appendix provides tables that describe the mappings.
- Appendix B, Appendix: Flat File Mapping: This appendix provides tables that describe the mapping from the RMS and RPM flat file format to the Xstore database format.

Data Flow from Merchandising to Xstore

This chapter covers the data flow from RMS and RPM to Xcenter/Xstore.

RMS is the source of foundation data. RMS foundation data sent to Xcenter/Xstore is limited to the following:

- Merchandise hierarchy
- Organizational hierarchy
- Store (including addresses)
- Diff IDs
- Diff groups
- Items
- VAT tax rules and item associations
- Related items

RPM is the source of pricing data. RPM pricing data sent to Xcenter/Xstore is limited to the following:

- Price changes
- Promotions
- Clearance prices

Conceptual Data Flow

Figure 2–1 illustrates the data flow from the Merchandising applications to Xcenter/Xstore.

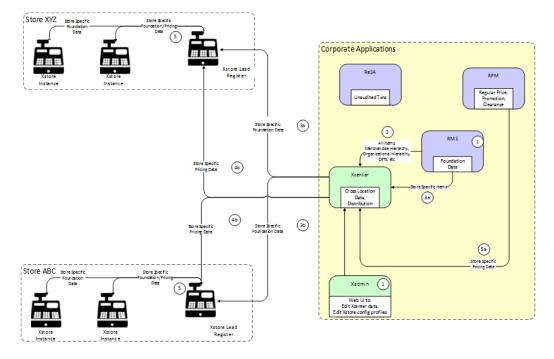


Figure 2–1 Conceptual Data Flow from Merchandising to Xstore Suite

The following steps describe the flow in Figure 2–1:

- 1. Manual process to set up some infrequently changing foundation data in both Xstore Office and RMS, for example, currency codes.
- **2.** RMS produces foundation data consumed by Xcenter. Xcenter loads this foundation data to, among other things, facilitate cross location transactions. Xcenter loads foundation data to the appropriate lead registers at individual stores.
- **3.** RMS produces store-specific foundation data consumed by Xcenter (3a). Xcenter does not load this data into its own repository, but instead distributes these files to the appropriate store lead registers (3b).
- **4.** RPM produces store-specific pricing data consumed by Xcenter (4a). Xcenter does not load this data into its own repository, but instead distributes these files to the appropriate store lead registers (4b).
- **5.** Lead register distributes store specific foundation data to all other Xstore instances in the store. This step occurs when the store is closed, or in a 24x7 configuration, when the retail period ends.

Technical Implementation

The technical implementation of the foundation/price data from Merchandising to Xcenter/Xstore consists of three main components:

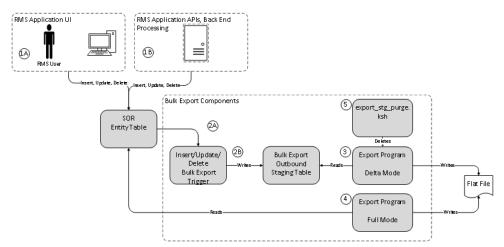
- RMS Foundation Data Extracts
- RPM Extracts
- Xstore DataLoader

RMS Foundation Data Extracts

RMS writes data to .dat files using a series of .ksh extract scripts. These scripts support both kill/fill (full) and delta processing. Many of these scripts also support creating files that apply either to all stores (for Xcenter, to facilitate cross store processing) or store-specific files. For an example, see Figure 2–5.

There are some entity specific variations, but RMS uses a general pattern for foundation data bulk export as shown in Figure 2–2.





The following steps describe the data bulk export flow shown in Figure 2–2:

- 1. A business user using the RMS application UI (1A) or an API/Batch Process (1B) performs an insert/update/delete on a System of Record (SOR) table.
- **2.** Trigger on SOR entity table fires on insert/update/delete (2A). Trigger writes new/changed/deleted information to the outbound staging table (2B).
- **3.** In delta mode, the program reads the bulk export staging table to get recently created, modified, and deleted records and writes them to a file. Records are marked as exported.
- **4.** In full mode, the program reads all current records from the SOR table and writes them to a file. Note that recently deleted records are not part of the data set.
- **5.** export_stg_purge.ksh drops aged partitions from the export outbound staging tables.

Note: If bulk extract programs are not run for some time, it is possible that delta records will be purged without having been exported. It is important to run these jobs daily.

For more detailed information, see the following documents:

- Retail Reference Architecture available on My Oracle Support
- Oracle Retail Merchandising System Operations Guide, Volume 1 Batch Overviews and Designs

RMS Batch Jobs

The following batch jobs are used for the integration:

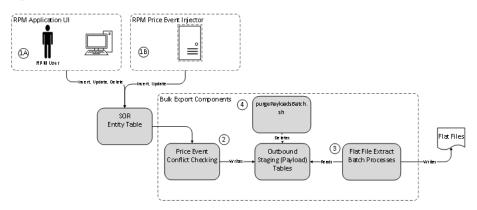
- export_merchhier.ksh
- export_orghier.ksh
- export_stores.ksh
- export_diffs.ksh
- export_diffgrp.ksh
- export_itemmaster.ksh
- export_itemloc.ksh
- export_itemvat.ksh
- export_relitem.ksh
- export_vat.ksh
- export_stg_purge.ksh

For more information, see the *Oracle Retail Merchandising System Operations Guide*, *Volume 1 - Batch Overviews and Designs*.

RPM Extracts

RPM writes data to.dat files using a set of base processes. These base processes send pricing data to both Xcenter/Xstore and Oracle Retail Store Inventory Management (SIM). This ensures consistent price information across the Xstore applications. For an example, see Figure 2–5.

Figure 2–3 RPM Extract Flow



The following steps describe the flow in Figure 2–3:

- 1. A Pricing Analyst creates and approves price events (regular price changes, clearances, and promotion details) in the RPM UI (1A). Price events are created and approved in a bulk fashion using the Price Event Injector batch process (1B).
- **2.** With data created on the SOR tables in RPM, the conflict checking process stages data on the outbound (payload) tables (2).
- **3.** Data on the outbound staging tables is read by the flat file extraction batch processes to create delimited flat files. The associated outbound staging data is flagged as having been extracted as part of these batch processes (3).

4. purgePayloadsBatch.sh purges data from the staged outbound tables that has already been extracted. This purge batch is run in conjunction with the extract batch processes (4).

For more detailed information, see the following documents:

- Retail Reference Architecture available on My Oracle Support
- Oracle Retail Price Management Operations Guide

RPM Batch Jobs

The following batch jobs are used for the integration:

- RegularPriceChangePublishBatch
- PromotionPriceChangePublishBatch
- ClearancePricePublishBatch

For more information, see the Oracle Retail Price Management Operations Guide.

Data Import Flow

The following process describes the flow of the Merchandising data file import:

- 1. Xstore Office plays a central role in the Merchandising data importing. It periodically polls the configured auto-deploy directory on the file system. The interval is configurable, and is 15 minutes by default. For information on how to configure these settings, see the *Oracle Retail Xstore Office User Guide*.
- **2.** Data files (.dat) generated by the RMS/RPM extract programs are delivered to Xstore Office's auto-deploy directory in the form of a zip-format archive file using the file extension ".momzip". It is the System Integrator's responsibility to create the archive, and deliver it using a preferred file transfer protocol.

When delivery of momzip file is to Xstore Office Cloud Service using the REST API it is strongly recommended the file be scanned for viruses before uploading.

A momzip.properties file can be included in the root folder of the momzip file to prevent any .dat files from being dataloaded in Xcenter and to limit the creation of store deployments to only a subset of stores.

Note: When the momzip.properties file does not contain a supported property key, or the key exists but has no value, then the key's default value is used.

Property	Description	Possible Values	Default Value
dataload.xcenterEligib leFiles	Indicates if Xcenter is to be dataloaded	true/false	true
deploy.storeCollection	If a value is present for this property, then deployments will only be created for stores specified by the store collection. If no value is present then no deployments will be created.	The ID of an existing Xadmin store collection, or no value	null

Table 2–1	Supported Properties in momzip.properties File
-----------	--

For example, the properties below are used to dataload Xcenter, but only result in deployment to stores that are members of the store collection XOstores.

dataload.xcenterEligibleFiles=true
deploy.storeCollection=XOstores

- **3.** Once the archive is detected by Xstore Office, it regroups its content into deployments based on their targeted locations. For data files targeted to corporate, it invokes DataLoader immediately to import them into the Xcenter data source. For data files targeted to a store, it creates a deployment of these files for the store to download when updates are applied. For a traditional store, this happens at store close, and for a 24x7 store, this happens when the retail period changes. For details on the set of Merchandising files targeted to corporate or stores, see "Merchandising File Consumption by Location".
- **4.** Once a store is closed or when the retail period changes in a 24x7 configuration, Xenvironment of the lead register pulls down the files and runs DataLoader to import all the files deployed into the store primary database.

Xstore DataLoader

DataLoader is the Xstore component responsible for translating RPM and RMS flat files into database data that can be used by Xstore. It can consume .mnt files from third-party sources, or the foundation data batch .dat files produced by RMS and RPM.

The DataLoader interacts with Xstore Office, Xcenter, Xenvironment, and Xstore Point of Service to provide a complete automated solution for the propagation of foundation data changes to the centralized and store-level databases used in an enterprise Xstore deployment. Xstore data not supplied by RPM and RMS can also be loaded by the DataLoader using its native .mnt format.

The DataLoader is designed to adapt flat files of data into relational data that Xstore can use. These flat files are referred to generically as data files within the DataLoader. Each field in a data file is delimited by a vertical bar (1) character. The DataLoader is configured to detect file types so it can process a data file's lines in distinct units of work appropriate for the type of file. For most file types, a unit of work corresponds to a single line of flat file data; however, RPM promotion files are an example of a file type where a unit of work can consist of multiple lines of flat file data.

If a failure occurs during DataLoader processing of a data file, all SQL statements associated with the unit of work are rolled back and the error is logged. Processing continues with the next unit of work in the data file.

For more detailed information, see the following documents:

- Retail Reference Architecture
- Oracle Retail Xstore Point of Service Host Interface Guide available on My Oracle Support.

Both documents are available on My Oracle Support.

DataLoader Detailed Description

DataLoader is configured at the corporate and store level. It is responsible for detecting and sorting incoming data files, and iterating through them to convert each file record into persistable objects (DAO or SQLQuery) and writing them into the database. All its major components are spring loaded from dataloader-bean.xml, and are therefore highly customizable.

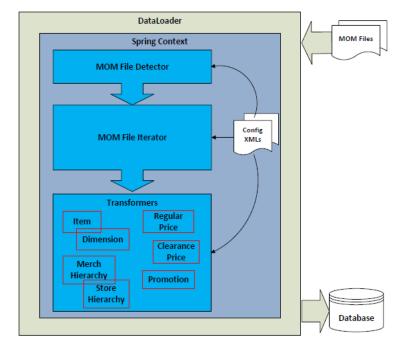


Figure 2–4 shows the flow of the DataLoader.

Figure 2–4 DataLoader Flow

The following sections describe each major execution phase.

File Detection

DataLoader is configured with a list of detectors to identify known file types that can be processed. Unknown file types are skipped and not processed. A Merchandising file detector is configured to identify all types of Merchandising data files and their meta data.

The detection is based solely on file names. Regular expressions are configured to perform pattern matching in file name to identify Merchandising file types and its meta data including target store ID, fill type, timestamp, and line count:

Merchandising file type detection

A file name is matched against regular expressions configured to detect its Merchandising type. If no match is found, the file is not a Merchandising file type. The keys in the bean configuration are the Merchandising file types that Xstore/Xcenter care about.

Target store detection

Target store ID is used by DataLoader as well as Xstore Office to determine the deployment target of a Merchandising file.

A file name is matched against regular expressions configured to detect its target store ID. Not all Merchandising file types have a target store ID configured:

- If a store ID is not detected, the file is deployed to all stores and imported into Xcenter.
- If a store ID is detected and is corp, the file is imported into Xcenter only.
- If a store ID is detected and is not corp, it is deployed to the store. With the
 exception of Item Header batch, it is also imported into Xcenter.

Timestamp detection

Timestamp is used by DataLoader to sort the files. For more details, see "File Sorting". A file name is matched against regular expressions configured to detect its timestamp.

Line count detection

Line count is used by DataLoader to validate a file. If the number of lines in the file (excluding FHEAD and FTAIL) does not match the line count, a warning is logged. A file name is matched against regular expressions configured to detect its line count. Only RMS extracts support line count in their file names.

File Sorting

There are some data dependencies when importing RMS files into Xstore, such as related item detail that needs to be imported after the related item header. When DataLoader is called to import multiple Merchandising files in the same deployment, it applies sorting to the files before importing them.

A detector is configured to have a sorting strategy, which is used to sort all the files the detector detects. A Merchandising file sorting strategy bean is configured for the Merchandising file detector to perform sorting for all Merchandising files based on their file types. Files of the same Merchandising file type are sorted based on their timestamps. Out of the box the following sorting order is specified:

- Org Hierarchy
- Store
- Store Address
- Merchandise Hierarchy
- VAT
- Diff Group Head
- Diff Group Detail
- Diff
- Item Head
- Item Loc
- VAT Item
- Related Item Head
- Related Item Detail
- Regular Price Change
- Clearance Price Change
- Promotion Price Change

File Loading Dependency

Although the sorting strategy configuration lists all Merchandising file types, not all file types have file loading dependencies. The actual dependencies are shown in the following table:

File Type	Depends on
VAT Item	Item Loc

File Type	Depends on
Store Address	Store
Related Item Detail	Related Item Head, Item Loc
Item Loc	Item Head
Item Head	Diff, Diff Group Detail, Diff Group Head, Merchandise Hierarchy
Diff Group Detail	Diff Group Head
Diff	Diff Group Detail, Diff Group Head

File Iteration and Transformation

DataLoader processes each file in the sorted order. It invokes a file iterator to process each file. A file iterator implements Java Iterator interface. During each iteration, it transforms flat file records into a list of IPersistable (DAO or SQLQuery) objects, and returns them.

A Merchandising file iterator is configured for each Merchandising file type. It processes lines between unit dividers as a data unit that should be transformed together:

- A single line iterator that expects each line in the file, other than FHEAD or FTAIL, is a data unit that gets transformed during each iteration. One and only one line in a unit is expected. An exception is raised if that is not the case.
- A multi-line iterator expects multiple lines to form a data unit that gets transformed together during each iteration. A unit may contain one or more lines. Out of the box, only promotion price change is configured to have a multi-line iterator.
- Unit dividers are lines that end a unit. They are configured as unit definitions for each Merchandising file type.

A Merchandising transformer is called to convert a unit of data from a flat file to a list of IPersistable (DAO or SQLQuery) objects. A transformer is configured for each Merchandising file type.

All Merchandising transformers implement the IMOMDataTransformer interface, which defines two APIs:

- The transform API is invoked by the iterator in each iteration. It does all the transformation to turn a unit of flat file data to a list of IPersistable objects to create, update, or delete foundation data records in database.
- The purgeData API is invoked once for a file by the iterator. It is only called if the file is for a full reload. It returns a list of IPersistable objects to remove all existing records sourced from Merchandising.

Persisting into the Database

DataLoader saves IPersistable objects to database in batches. A batch contains a list of AtomicPersistables objects. The maximum number of AtomicPersistables objects in a batch is configurable. An AtomicPersistables is a container of a group of IPersistable objects that must all be persisted or rolled back together as a unit. All IPersistable objects returned in one iteration are grouped into one AtomicPersistable object.

DataLoader first attempts to persist and commit all IPersistable objects from all AtomicPersistables objects in a batch together. If it fails, it tries to persist and commit

IPersistable objects from one AutomiPersistables at a time. The number of succeeded and failed records are written to summary.ini files.

Merchandising File Consumption by Location

The files produced by the RPM and RMS extract programs containing data loaded into the Xcenter and Xstore databases comprise four data sets. A data file's targeted location is specified in its file name:

- Data loaded into Xcenter
- Data loaded into Xcenter and all stores
- Data loaded into one store
- Data Loaded into all stores

Figure 2–5 illustrates the type of RMS and RPM files loaded at each location, using a two store chain example.

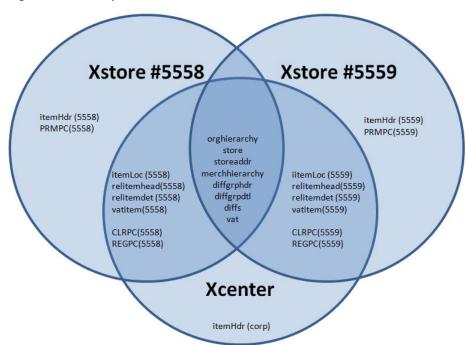


Figure 2–5 Example of Loaded RMS and RPM Files

Transaction Flow from Xstore to ReSA

Xstore is the source of Point of Sale (POS) transactions, including but not limited to the following:

- Sales
- Returns
- Voids
- Cash management transactions
- Many store activity transactions

All transactions produced in Xstore are sent to ReSA. ReSA processing is primarily concerned with transactions that alter inventory or contain payment. ReSA loads other types of Xstore transactions (such as entering training mode, gift registry creation, and so on) into an OTHER transaction type for full visibility and to avoid gaps in the transactions sequence, but will not out of the box perform any audit functions on these OTHER types of transactions.

ReSA validates Xstore transactions that impact inventory (such as sales, returns, and customer orders) and exports the information to RMS to record the full financial and inventory impact.

Conceptual Data Flow

Figure 3–1 illustrates the transaction flow from Xstore to ReSA.

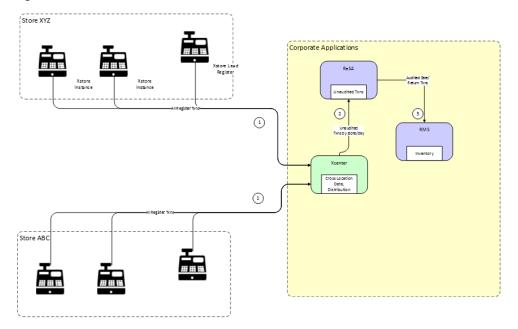


Figure 3–1 Xstore to ReSA Transaction Flow

The following steps describe the flow shown in Figure 3–1:

- 1. All Xstore registers replicate, or persist, all transactions to Xcenter. Note that this includes both customer related transactions (sale, return, void, and so on) and cash management/store operation transactions (paid in, no sale, change to training mode, and so on). Xcenter uses these transactions for activities such as cross location returns.
- 2. Xcenter broadcasts all transactions to ReSA in the form of RTLogs generated multiple times per day. For more information, see "ReSA saimptlog/i".
- **3.** After successful totaling and auditing, ReSA sends all sale/return transactions to RMS, where the transactions impact perpetual inventory. For detailed information about uploadsales_all.ksh, see *Oracle Retail Merchandising System Operations Guide*, *Volume 1 Batch Overviews and Designs*.

Technical Implementation

The technical implementation of the foundation/price data from Merchandising to Xcenter/Xstore consists of three main components:

- Xstore Broadcaster
- RTLog Generator
- ReSA saimptlog/i

Xstore Broadcaster

The broadcast system in Xcenter provides a means to transmit POSLog data to other systems. The data is transmitted just as Xcenter receives it from the registers through the replication system, which is approximately in real-time. The temporal ordering of the POSLog data is also preserved, just as it is with the replication system.

There are a few systems which the base version of Xcenter can readily broadcast data to, simply by making configuration changes.

For more detailed information, see the following documents:

- Retail Reference Architecture available on My Oracle Support
- Oracle Retail Xstore Technical Guide available on My Oracle Support
- Oracle Retail Xstore Suite Implementation Guide

RTLog Generator

RTLog generator is a component that collects and aggregates broadcaster transactions and transforms them to the RTLog file format. The RTLog generator is packaged with Xstore, but is generally deployed in the same file system as ReSA.

For more information, see Chapter 6.

ReSA saimptlog/i

ReSA is the gateway for POS transactions to integrate to Oracle Retail headquarter systems. There are two ReSA sub-processes that can upload POS files:

- saimptlogi.c validates files and directly inserts the transactions into the ReSA tables. This includes (as necessary) creating errors for the auditors to research and correct.
- saimptlog.c validates POS files and creates Sql*Loader Files. This includes (as necessary) creating errors for the auditors to research and correct. A subsequent Sql*Load process loads the transactions and errors into the ReSA tables.

saimptlog and saimptlogi are built with the same shared code and vary only in their approach to physically loading data into the database. The programs are collectively referred to as saimptlog/i.

There are a number of regular prerequisites in the ReSA batch schedule which must be completed before POS transactions can be loaded. For more information about supporting batch jobs, see *Oracle Retail Merchandising System Operations Guide, Volume 1* - *Batch Overviews and Designs*.

For more detailed information about saimptlog/i and the RTLog file format, see the following documents:

- Retail Reference Architecture available on My Oracle Support
- Oracle Retail Merchandising System Operations Guide, Volume 1 Batch Overviews and Designs

4

Configuration

This chapter provides information on the configuration changes that can be made for the integration with RMS. There are no configuration options available for integration with RPM.

RMS

For information on configuration for the integration with RMS for the following type of data, see the following:

- Diffs
- Item
- Merchandise Hierarchy
- Organizational Hierarchy
- Related Item
- Store
- VAT

Configuration is not available for all the data. If there is no available configuration, that is called out in the following sections.

For on-premise Xcenter and Xstore, the config.jar file contains a configuration file defining Spring beans used by the Dataloader. Customization of these beans requires altering the configurations found in the following file:

dataloader/spring/dataloader-beans.xml

Diffs

Diffs (also known as Diff IDs) information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore using the DataLoader. Diff is short for Differentiator and is similar in concept to Xstore's Dimension concept. Diffs data is the primary source of rms_diff_ids records representing an identifier record for a Diff.

RMS Diff information is communicated to Xstore in three separate extract files: Diff Group Header, Diff Group Detail, and Diffs. The rms_diff_group_head table is a staging table supporting the loading of ItemHeader records. The Diff staging tables are accessed by the DataLoader to generate Dimension data when an ItemHeader record is a Style or Style Item. Xstore and Xcenter do not directly access the rms_diff_group_ head table. Diff Group Header data is the primary source of rms_diff_group_head records representing a header record for a Diff Group. Diff Group Detail data is the primary source of rms_diff_group_detail records representing a detail record for a Diff Group.

RMS Diffs

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.DiffTransformer to process RMS Diffs records. This bean has one configuration option.

The prefix used for DIFF Groups generated by the DataLoader as a Default Diff Group for each Diff Type. The prefix must be four characters or less. If not provided, DEF_ is used as the prefix value.

```
<bean id="diffTransformer" class="dtv.dataloader.mom.DiffTransformer" >
    <property name="defaultDiffGroupIdPrefix" value="****" />
</bean>
```

RMS Diff Group Header Records

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.DiffGroupHeadTransformer to process RMS Diff Group Header records. There are no configuration options for the diffGroupHeadTransformer bean.

```
<bean id="diffGroupHeadTransformer"
class="dtv.dataloader.mom.DiffGroupHeadTransformer" />
```

RMS Diff Group Detail Records

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.DiffGroupDetailTransformer to process RMS Diff Group Detail records. There are no configuration options for the diffGroupDetailTransformer bean.

```
<bean id="diffGroupDetailTransformer"
class="dtv.dataloader.mom.DiffGroupDetailTransformer" />
```

Item

Configuration is available for item header and item location.

Item Header

Item Header information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore using the DataLoader. Item Header data is the primary source of itm_item records representing physical items. Records representing non-physical items are ignored.

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.ItemHeadTransformer to process RMS ItemHeader records. This bean has one configuration option.

The prefix used for DIFF Groups generated by the DataLoader as a Default Diff Group for each Diff Type. This value must match the property configuration used by the diffTransformer bean. The prefix must be four characters or less. If not provided, DEF_ is used as the prefix value.

```
<bean id="itemHeadTransformer" class="dtv.dataloader.mom.ItemHeadTransformer" >
   <property name="defaultDiffGroupIdPrefix" value="****" />
</bean>
```

Item Location

Item Location information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore using the DataLoader. Item Location data is the primary source of itm_item_option records representing store-specific attributes of physical items. Records representing non-physical items are ignored.

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.ItemLocTransformer to process RMS ItemLoc records. This bean has two configuration options:

- When an RMS ItemLoc record's TaxableInd='N', the TaxGroupId of the Xstore item ItemOptions record is populated with the value configured for nonTaxableTaxGroupId.
- When translateItemDescriptionEnabled is true, a com_translations record is populated using the RMS ItemLoc records' Local Item Description.

Note: For anyone configuring Xcenter, this property should be configured with "true" when loading ItemLoc data into the Xstore database; the property should be configured with "false" when loading ItemLoc data into the Xcenter database.

```
<bean id="itemLocTransformer" class="dtv.dataloader.mom.ItemLocTransformer" >
    <property name="nonTaxableTaxGroupId" value="0" />
    <property name="translateItemDescriptionEnabled" value="true"/>
</bean>
```

Merchandise Hierarchy

RMS Merchandise Hierarchy information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore using the DataLoader.

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.MerchHierarchyTransformer to process the RMS Merchandise Hierarchy records. There are no configuration options for the merchHierarachyTransformer bean.

```
<bean id= merchHierarchyTransformer
class= dtv.dataloader.mom.MerchHierarchyTransformer />
```

Organizational Hierarchy

Organizational Hierarchy information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore and Xcenter using the DataLoader.

The Dataloader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.OrgHierarchyTransformer to process RMS store records. The orgHierarchyTransformer bean has no configuration options.

<bean id="orgHierarchyTransformer"
class="dtv.dataloader.mom.OrgHierarchyTransformer" />

Related Item

RMS related items are communicated to Xstore in two separate extract files: Related Item Header and Related Item Detail. The rms_related_item_head table is a staging table supporting the processing of RelatedItemDetail records by the DataLoader. Xstore and Xcenter do not directly access the rms_related_item_head table.

Related Item Header

Related Item Header information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore using the DataLoader. Related Item Header data is the primary source of rms_related_item_head records representing a header related Item record. RMS supports three types of related item relationships, Cross-Sell, Up-Sell, and Substitution. RMS Cross-Sell/Up-Sell records are interpreted as Xstore Attached Items. RMS Substitution Items are interpreted as Xstore substitution items.

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.RelatedItemHeadTransformer to process RMS Related Item Header records. There is one configuration option for the relitemHeadTransformer bean. For the case where itm_attached_items records are created, which occurs when a related item header update event results in the change of relationship type from SUBS to CRSL/UPSL, the value assigned the promptToAddMessageKey column will be the configured value.

```
<bean id="relitemHeadTransformer"</pre>
```

class="dtv.dataloader.mom.RelatedItemHeadTransformer" >

<property name="promptToAddMessageKey" value="_commonAttachedItemsPrompt" /> </bean>

Related Item Detail

Related Item Detail information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore using the DataLoader. Related Item Detail data is the primary source of itm_attached_items and itm_substitute_items records representing a detail related Item record. RMS supports three types of related item relationships, Cross-Sell, Up-Sell, and Substitution. RMS Cross-Sell/Up-Sell records are interpreted as Xstore Attached Items. RMS Substitution Items are interpreted as Xstore substitution items.

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.RelatedItemDetailTransformer to process RMS Related Item Detail records. There is one configuration options for the relitemDetailTransformer bean. The value configured for the promptToAddMessageKey property is used to populate the prompt_to_add_msg_key column of the itm_attached_items table for Cross-Sell and Up-Sell records.

```
<bean id="relitemDetailTransformer"
class="dtv.dataloader.mom.RelatedItemDetailTransformer" >
    <property name="promptToAddMessageKey" value="_commonAttachedItemsPrompt" />
</bean>
```

Store

Store information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore using the DataLoader.

The Dataloader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.StoreTransformer to process RMS store records. The following configuration options are available:

- Configure the use_till_accountability_flag value assigned to all records created in loc_rtl_loc.
- Configure the location_type value assigned to all record created in loc_rtl_loc. This
 property is optional. If not set, location_type will be null.

```
<bean id="storeTransformer" class="dtv.dataloader.mom.StoreTransformer">
  <property name="useTillAccountability" value="false" />
  <property name="locationType" value="STORE" />
  </bean>
```

Store Address

Store Address information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore using the DataLoader. RMS Store Address records are interpreted as an instructions to update the Address information of existing Store records. Each location in RMS can have many types of addresses. There is a configuration to specify which RMS AddrType is to be recognized as a store address. In addition, RMS supports multiple addresses for the same addrType. However, only the primary address is used to populate the address fields of an Xstore store record.

The DataLoader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.StoreAddressTransformer to process RMS store records. One configuration option is available.

Configure the addrType value. Only records having this Address Type value, and where the record's PrimaryAddrInd is true, are used as the source for a Store's Address information.

```
<bean id="storeAddressTransformer"
class="dtv.dataloader.mom.StoreAddressTransformer">
<property name="addrType" value="01" />
</bean>
```

VAT

VAT information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore and Xcenter using the DataLoader. RMS VAT information is used to populate the Xstore tax tables for when using VAT. RMS provides a VAT Item file containing the information used to populate an item's TaxGroupId.

The Dataloader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.VATTransformer to process RMS store records. The VATTransformer bean has three configuration options:

- A Boolean flag indicating if tax is calculated at the transaction level.
- A rounding code, such as HALF_UP, HALF_DOWN, and so on, set into TaxAuthorityDAO.
- The number of rounding digits set into TaxAuthorityDAO.

```
<bean id="VATTransformer" class="dtv.dataloader.mom.VATTransformer">
        <constructor-arg type="boolean" value="true" />
        <constructor-arg type="java.lang.String" value="HALF_UP" />
        <constructor-arg type="int" value="2" />
        </bean>
```

VAT Item

VAT Item information provided by RMS is consumed by Xstore and Xcenter using the DataLoader. RMS VAT item information is used to populate an item's TaxGroupId with a VAT Code.

The Dataloader uses dtv.dataloader.mom.VATItemTransformer to process RMS store records. The VATItemTransformer bean does not have any configuration options.

<bean id="VATItemTransformer" class="dtv.dataloader.mom.VATItemTransformer" />

Integration Considerations

This chapter provides the considerations that should be taken into account when implementing these solutions to minimize errors in data movement between solutions, as well as to call out some functional differences in the solutions that may limit the use of functionality in one or the other solutions.

Getting Started

If you are already live with RMS and RPM and are implementing Xstore, you should use the kill/fill export option in the RMS and RPM extracts to populate Xstore, along with running the staging batch for every store and extracting the data using the standard batch processes to convert items, price, and other key data elements from the Merchandising solutions into Xstore.

Foundation Data

There are a number of basic data elements that are common between the two solutions but which are not part of the integration. This is because they are generally a one-time set up at initial implementation with only infrequent updates afterward. However, because this data is foundational to how the solutions work, it is critical that they are set up properly. These data elements fall into a couple different categories:

- Seed Data
- Transaction Details
- Currency Exchange Rates

Seed Data

Seed data refers to data that is loaded into both solutions on implementation by Oracle Retail provided install scripts. These are coordinated between solutions as part of the base installation, but if any updates are made in one solution to add or remove items, the corresponding change should be made in the other solution. Data elements that fall into this category are:

- Currency codes
- Country codes
- Units of measure

Transaction Details

The mapping of transaction details from Xstore POSlog to ReSA RTLog depends on the mappings of valid values. These mappings are detailed in Appendix A. It is critical that the mappings are complete. If additional valid values are configured for Xstore in RTLogMappingConfig.xml, they must also be configured for ReSA for the appropriate code types.

Similar to seed data, some initial data is provided for the data entities in this category, but this is an area that is more commonly configured for retailers based on their specific business processes. On initial implementation, the configurations in both Xstore and RMS should be made to be in synch, with any changes made post-implementation continuing to be made in both solutions. The entities in this category include:

- Transaction Types
- Tender Types
- Tender Total IDs
- Item Types
- Reason Codes
- Item Statuses
- Sales Types

See the Appendix: POSLog to RTLog Mapping Details for details on configuring and mapping these entities.

Currency Exchange Rates

Exchanges rates for currencies are not one of the things integrated between RMS and Xstore, as RMS is not considered the system of record for this information at a retailer - generally that comes from the financials solution. However, if you require currency exchange rates in Xstore, then it expected that the same source of data used for exchange rates in RMS will also be used to load those rates into Xstore, in order to ensure both solutions are operating with the same information and to prevent a financial impact from occurring due to differences in the rates used. Tender exchange transactions that occur in Xstore, where a customer is given USD in exchange for CAD, will be mapped to the transaction type OTHER in ReSA.

Stores

By default, Xstore is configured to allow four digit store IDs, but it can be configured to hold up to five digit store numbers. Although RMS can hold up to a ten digit store ID, when integrating with Xstore, it is strongly recommended that only four or five digit location IDs are used. Custom modifications would be required to Xstore to support larger store IDs.

Additionally, latitude and longitude information that is used by Xstore to determine nearby stores for its inventory lookup function are not available as part of the integration from RMS. If you wish to use this functionality in Xstore, the record type, RETAIL_LOCATION_COORDINATES, is available to DataLoader to populate the latitude and longitude of stores using the .mnt format.

Merchandise Hierarchy Levels

Xstore supports up to four levels of merchandise hierarchy. This means that up to four of the lowest level Merchandise Hierarchy Levels used by the Merchandising System can be mapped to the Xstore Suite Merchandise Hierarchy Levels.

The default Merchandise Hierarchy levels used by Xstore ("Department", "Sub Department", "Class", "Subclass" do not match the bottom four levels of the merchandise hierarchy from Merchandising, which are "Group", "Department", "Class", and "Subclass".

Retailers should use the Merchandise Hierarchy Level feature under Xadmin's Hierarchy Manager to configure the desired mapping. The most common mapping is either four levels ("Group", "Department", "Class", and "Subclass") or three levels ("Department", "Class", and "Subclass"). It is critical that this mapping is established before integration is activated and any data is imported into the Xstore Suite from the Merchandising system. It is also critical that the Merchandise Hierarchy Levels are not changed once item data has been imported.

Figure 5–1 Merchandise Hierarchy Levels



Merchandise Hierarchy Identifiers

Xstore requires the use of unique identifiers across all levels of the Merchandise Hierarchy. Merchandising does not have this requirement, so to create uniqueness the integration transforms keys imported from merchandising by appending a character representing the level as a suffix. An example would be Department 10 in merchandising becomes Department 10D in Xstore.

Additionally in Merchandising, the ID displayed for Class and Subclass are not by themselves unique, these IDs are only unique in the context of their parents' ID. In Xstore, and some other Point Of Service systems, merchandise hierarchy IDs must be unique within the same level. Merchandising enables integration with Point Of Service systems having this requirement by also maintaining a unique key for Class and Subclass -- the unique key is held in the Merchandising tables for class and subclass. This unique value is not visible to users of Merchandising. The Xstore Suite imports only the unique key for use in Class and Subclass identifiers.

Items

This section lists considerations regarding items.

Merchandise Items

Physical merchandise items should be mastered in RMS and use the integration described in this document to flow the data to Xstore. Xstore Office should not be used to create physical items in order to prevent errors when loading sales data into ReSA where the item being sold or returned cannot be identified and accounted for in RMS.

If using non-merchandise items, such as warranties, fees, and services, in Xstore, special attributes are required that are not available in RMS. Therefore to configure these items, the following approach is required:

- 1. Create the non-merchandise item in the Xstore Office UI, specifying the required attributes to control its behavior in Xstore.
- **2.** Create an item in RMS with the same ID as that created in Xcenter. The item created in RMS should be set up as a non-merchandise item to prevent it from being re-exported to Xstore.

The creation of the item in RMS will prevent any errors from occurring in the sales auditing process. Any maintenance on the non-merchandise items should occur in Xstore Office going forward.

To allow end users to create non-merchandise items, but be prevented from creating or editing merchandise items in Xstore, the CFG_MERCH_ITEMS privilege should not be granted to any users. The merch items option will still be on the screen, but it will not be accessible.

Kit Items

Kits, or pack items in RMS, are items that contain multiple components but are sold as a single unit. As part of the standard item integration, Xstore does not import the component level information from RMS, so these items will appear as standard items in Xstore and the component details will not be available.

Styles and Differentiators

Differentiators are used in RMS to define how a transaction level item (for example, SKU) differs from its parent (for example, style). For example, a differentiator might be a color, size, or flavor for an item. In Xstore, differentiators are called dimensions. RMS supports up to 4 differentiators/dimensions for items, while Xstore can support only three. It is strongly recommended that the 4th differentiator is not used when implementing RMS with Xstore, as it will be ignored in the integration.

Additionally, in RMS an item can be assigned differentiators without having a parent (style) associated with it. This could be used for hardline or grocery items to indicate the color or size of an item for reporting purposes, for example. However, in Xstore, dimensions are primarily used to allow a user to determine the sellable SKU by entering a style ID and selecting the valid dimensions (usually color and size). Therefore, if an item does not have a parent, the dimensions sent from RMS will be ignored and will not be visible in Xstore.

It is possible in RMS to range a child item to a store without also ranging its parent. However, it should be noted that in this case because the parent is not ranged, child items (SKUs) associated with the style cannot be selected by scanning the style ID in Xstore; it can only be looked up by the child IDs (SKUs). In addition, when the style does not exist, the item dimension values are not displayed in the Xstore UI.

Finally, it should be noted that RMS sends parent item/location combinations as well as transaction item/location combinations to Xstore. If you have transaction items in RMS with a parent item that is not deemed a "style" by Xstore per the definition above, the parent item/location combination will be recorded in the Xstore item/location table (itm_item_options), but may not have a corresponding record in the item table (itm_item). This does not cause any systematic issues, but be aware that the data in the tables may not match in this case.

Product Restrictions

Product restrictions can be set up in RMS to indicate limitations on certain products. For example, a restriction may be set up to limit alcohol from being sold to customers under a certain age. Product restrictions are not currently supported in the integration to Xstore.

Related Items

RMS has a concept of related items that can be used to define items that are substitutes for one another, or that could be used to cross-sell or up-sell to a customer when purchasing the main item. Substitute items from RMS are mapped to the Xstore substitute items to indicate items that may be substituted or offered in place of another item.

The cross-sell and up-sell types of related items are mapped to Xstore's Attached Items and configured as prompt-to-attach. Only transaction level related items are used by Xstore. Those created at the parent item level (for example, style) in RMS are ignored.

Other Item Attribute Notes

The set of data entity attributes managed by the Xstore Suite and RMS overlap but are not identical. Some data and fields supported by Xstore can not be obtained from RMS, and some data and attributes are imported but require transformation to bridge differences in the two systems. The following is not an exhausted list but does call out some key differences:

- Item Restocking unlike Xstore, RMS does not have a flag that indicates whether an item is subject to an item restocking fee, nor the ability to define what an item's fee would be. Therefore, Xstore would not have the ability to prompt for a restocking fee during returns.
- Xstore can support prorated refunds for items, but to do so requires specific attributes sent for an item, which are not currently available in RMS. Therefore, this function would not be available in Xstore.
- RMS has the ability for retailers to extend the available item attribution by creating user defined attributes and custom flex attributes. Although included in the available data from RMS, these are currently not used by Xstore.
- Xstore uses the item level description (which is communicated in the primary RMS language) for Xoffice and the item/location level descriptions for the store in Xstore. If you have the requirement to send item descriptions in different languages to your stores, it is recommended that the item/location level description in RMS be updated to show the localized item description.

Tax

This section describes considerations regarding taxes.

Value Added Tax (VAT)

RMS integration includes VAT rates and the regions in which the stores have been classified for companies with operations in geographies where this type of tax is applicable. For retailers that have operations in both VAT and non-VAT regions - such as stores in the US and Canada - non-VAT regions are configured as exempt in RMS and communicated as such to Xstore. For more information on configuration for VAT in Xstore, see the *Oracle Retail Xstore Technical Guide*.

When RMS sends VAT rate updates for an item, it also includes the active date for the rate to be applicable. Retailers sometimes enter new VAT rates in advance for future planning. However, Xstore currently does not support an active date for VAT code and will ignore the active date sent, which means any new codes will go into effect immediately. Therefore, it is recommended that retailers enter the VAT code changes in RMS only when needed.

Note: Buying from a VAT store and returning to a non-VAT store (and vice versa) is not supported in Xstore.

US Sales Tax

RMS does not provide US Sales tax information to Xstore; it is assumed that product tax groups are imported into Xstore from a third-party system using Xstore Point of Service DataLoader and .mnt files.

After loading RMS data, the following additional steps are required to configure sales tax using the .mnt file format:

- Set up sales tax rules. To set up a simple rate based tax rule, use existing record types TAX_LOCATION, TAX_AUTHORITY, TAX_GROUP, TAX_GROUP_RULE, and TAX_ RATE_RULE to populate tax tables tax_tax_loc, tax_tax_authority, tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_group_rule, and tax_tax_rate_rule. For more details on tax rule configuration, see the TAXING section in the Oracle Retail Xstore Point of Service Host Interface Guide available on My Oracle Support.
- 2. Set up retail store and tax location mapping in table tax_rtl_loc_tax_mapping using existing record type TAX_RETAIL_LOCATION_MAPPING. For more details on this record type, see the TAXING section in the *Oracle Retail Xstore Point of Service Host Interface Guide* available on My Oracle Support.
- **3.** ITEM_TAX_GROUP is used to update the item record in the itm_item_options table with sales tax group ID. This .mnt file has to be imported after the RMS data import. There is no built-in mechanism in DataLoader or Xstore Office to ensure this ordering. It has to be enforced by retailer manually.

Inventory

Inventory functionality in Xstore should be disabled when implemented with RMS. No inventory information is integrated between Xstore and RMS, other than sales related data and it is assumed store inventory is managed in another application, such as Oracle Retail Store Inventory Management (SIM) or Store Inventory and Operations Cloud Service (SIOCS), which is also integrated with RMS. Therefore, when these systems are all part of a retailer's implementation, the .sim entry in the configuration path should be used in Xstore to turn off Xstore inventory functionality. Inventory integration outside of sales and returns between ReSA/RMS and Xstore is not supported.

Serialized Inventory

RMS supports the concept that an item can be a serialized item in one store, but not in another, however in Xstore, the designation for whether or not an item is serialized is held at the item level, so there is not any differentiation by store. This means that if the serialized flag actually varies by location for an item in RMS, the last location to be processed by the integration code sets the item level serialized flag in Xstore. **Note:** RMS does not support serialized inventory at this time. It only flags items as being serialized or not.

Customer Orders

When customer orders are initially captured in Xstore, the Xstore RTLog generator sets the Fulfillment order number in the RTLog to UNKNOWN, as the fulfillment order number is not known at the time the order is created, because information has not yet been sent to the order management system.

In-Store Orders

Orders taken in the store on behalf of a customer that do not go through an Order Management System (OMS) for fulfillment will include only a customer order number, but not a fulfillment order number when it the transactions related to it are integrated to ReSA.

Recognition of a Sale

For customer orders, Xstore can be configured to recognize a sale at either the time the order is place or at the time of pickup. Integration with RMS requires that this configuration be time of pickup, which corresponds to when inventory is decremented from the store, in order to prevent out of synch issues between actual store inventory and what is shown in RMS.

In order to configure this in Xstore, the following settings should be set to false (which is the default) under both <Layaway> and <SpecialOrder> in SystemConfig.xml (whose settings are also controllable in Xadmin):

<Layaway> <BookAsSaleOnSetup dtype="Boolean">false</BookAsSaleOnSetup> <SpecialOrder> <BookAsSaleOnSetup dtype="Boolean">false</BookAsSaleOnSetup>

Pricing

In both RMS and RPM the data type for retail prices is NUMBER(20,4), but in Xstore, the standard is to use a data type of NUMBER(17,6). This applies to the following item prices:

- Selling Unit Retail (from RMS and RPM)
- Manufacturer's Recommended Retail (from RMS)

If an RPM retail value is over 17 digits, DataLoader into Xstore will fail. Non-failing records from the same file will continue to be loaded.

Multi-Unit Pricing

RPM and Xstore have different approaches to multi-unit pricing. RPM regular price update information for multiple units is not supported in this integration. Xstore converts multi-unit prices to single price, but cannot accurately do this without rounding information which varies from stores to stores.

Promotions

RPM has a system option (RPM_SYSTEM_OPTIONS.COMPLEX_PROMO_ALLOWED_IND) to not allow users to use any complex promotions, which includes all Multi-Buy Threshold, Transaction, and Finance promotions. This system option can be used to prevent end users from creating complex promotions that are not supported by Xstore including. However, this system option would also prevent the ability to create some complex promotions that are supported in both solutions. So, consideration should be taken to determine whether that is the right approach or whether a business process should be used to prevent users from creating unsupported promotions.

Promotions supported in RPM but not in Xstore include the following:

- Multi-Buy promotions with a reward of cheapest free (Buy N and get Cheapest Free)
- Multi-Buy promotions that use the OR condition between buy lists and/or reward lists
- Threshold promotions with a qualifier of item level
- Finance promotions
- Customer Segment promotions Xstore can support customer segment promotions, but it is not supported in the integration with RPM

Simple Promotions

When Simple Promotions are created in RPM, the promotional retail for each item/location is calculated based on the promotion criteria, rounding rules, and taking into consideration any promotion overlaps. The retail from RPM is provided to RMS, SIM, and Xstore. However, Xstore also calculates a retail price based on the promotion criteria and ignores the value sent by RPM. This could result a slight difference in expected promotional price between solutions.

Coupon-Based Promotions

RPM does not support tying a coupon to a promotion and the RMS coupon functionality is not integrated with Xstore. It is recommended that if coupons are required for your business that these be managed in Oracle Retail Customer engagement and leverage the base integration of that solution with Xstore. Or, if managed in an external solution, these could be integrated to Xstore as part of your implementation.

Sales Audit

This section describes sales audit considerations.

Register-Level Balancing

Xstore workstation and ReSA register are equivalent concepts; however ReSA does not have an entity equivalent to the Xstore till, which means that Xstore cannot be configured for till-level balancing when integrated with ReSA. When integrated with Xstore, ReSA should be configured with a balancing level of Register and Xstore will always sends the workstation ID as the register.

Sales Person

In Xstore, the sales person field length can be up to 60 characters in length, but ReSA only allows up to 10 characters. Retailers should, as a business process, not use Xstore sales person IDs with more than 10 characters.

Additionally, Xstore allows multiple sales associates at the line item level, however ReSA only supports one. Therefore only the transaction level sales associate is exported to ReSA.

Tender Type

Xstore supports a tender type of Home Office Check, which is not supported by ReSA. Retailers using this integration should not use the Xstore Home Office Check tender type.

Coupons

Bounce back coupon number length in Xstore can be 60 characters long, but ReSA only allows 40 characters. If retailers want to use the integration, they should as a business process, not use IDs with more than 40 characters.

Employee IDs

A new employee can be created using the Employee Maintenance function in Xstore. By default, the employee ID is generated automatically based on the employee.seq, for example, 0219001000009. The first four digits are the store ID, the next three digits are the register ID, and the last six digits are the sequence ID. If this new employee is selected as a sales associate, an exception will be thrown in the RTLogGenerator, since the length of a sales person ID, defined in the RTLogFormatConfig file is ten, whereas the length of the auto generated employee ID is 13. In Sales Audit, an associate ID cannot be over ten characters long.

6

RTLog Generator On-Premise

This chapter describes how to install, deploy, and configure the on-premise RTLog Generator application.

RTLog Generator is a Java and XML based web application that exposes a Spring-JAXWS implemented SOAP web service. It is distributed as a web archive along with a configuration zip file ready to be deployed on an Oracle WebLogic Server 14c.

This chapter uses Microsoft Windows path format as the example for paths.

Configuration

The RTLog Generator application is shipped with a configuration zip file (rtlog-gen-config.zip) which should be used to externally configure and extend the RTLog Generator's functionality.

Note: Bounce the WebLogic server after making any configuration level changes.

Starting from release 20.0, the RTLog generator is shipped with one rtlog-generator-config.zip, which is used to integrate with ReSA Cloud and ReSA On-Premise.

To set up the external configuration features:

- Extract the configuration file's content into the C:\<*rtlog-gen-config>* directory if
 installing on Microsoft Windows or /usr/local/<*rtlog-gen-config>* on Linux OS.
 These directories are the default locations where the RTLog Generator application
 will look for the configuration files. These default locations can be
 overridden/changed by using one of the following ways:
 - Pass a JVM argument to the server startup script and bounce the server:

-Drtloggen.config.dir=C:/<custom_directory>/

If the WebLogic domain is created with a Node manager, the same argument can be passed from the Administration Console in the Arguments field. See Figure 6–1.

Figure 6–1 Administration Console Configuration Page

ORACLE WebLogic Server Adr	ninistration Co	nsole '	12c										
Change Center	🟦 Home L	og Out	Preferences	Necord	Help			Q				Welcome, w	veblogic Connected
View changes and restarts	Home >Sum	mary of	Environment >	Summary of	Servers	>rtlog_Manag	edServer_1						
Configuration editing is enabled. Future	Settings for	rtlog_	_ManagedSe	erver_1									
changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Configurat	ion	Protocols	Logging D	ebug	Monitoring	Control	Deployments	Services	Security	Notes		
Domain Structure	General	Cluster	r Services	Keystores	SSL	Federatio	n Services	Deployment	Migration	Tuning	Overload	Health Monitoring	Server Start V
rtlog_cluster_domain	Coherence												
Deployments Services	Save												
Security Realms ⊕-Interoperability ⊕-Diagnostics			a WebLogic S er will use to					d, shut down, ar	ıd restart se	rvers in nor	mal or unexp	pected conditions. Use	this page to configu
	Java Hom	e:										home directory (path rting this server. Mo	
	Java Vend	or:									The Java	Vendor value to use v	vhen starting this ser
How do I	BEA Home											home directory (path rting this server. Mo	
 Configure startup arguments for Managed Servers 	Root Direc	tory:									on the co	tory that this server u mputer that hosts No	de Manager. If you do
Start Managed Servers from the Administration Console											Directory	value, the domain dir	ectory is used by def
Shut down a server instance	Class Path	:										path (path on the mathing server. More Info	
System Status 🖃													
Health of Running Servers													
Failed (0)								1.					
Critical (0) Overloaded (0)	Argument	s:									The argu	ments to use when sta	arting this server. M
Warning (0)	-Xms256	m -Xm	×512m -XX				-						
OK (2)			128m -XX: onfig.dir										

• Specify the context-param field in the RTLog Generator WAR file. This requires opening up the WAR file and making the required changes. Update the web.xml file as shown in the following example:

```
<context-param>
<param-name>rtlog.generator.config.home</param-name>
<param-value>C:/<custom_directory>/</param-value>
</context-param>
```

Figure 6–2 Example of context-param Field Update

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
    <web-app xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee" ·xmlns:web="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee/web-
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" ·xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns
                                                            xsd" version="3.0">
       <display-name>RTLOG-GENERATOR</display-name>
       <context-param>
           <param-name>contextConfigLocation</param-name>
          ~<param-value>/WEB-INF/classes/applicationContext.xml</param-value>
     ---</context-param>
----<!---Customizable external location for RTLog config files-->
        <context-parat</pre>

····<param-name>rtlog.generator.config.home</param-name>
····<param-value>C:/custom_directory/</param-value>

11
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     ...<!--Customizable RTLog generator app_name. If not unspecified, it remains "rtlog-generator". This
       <context-param>
        <param-name>rtlog.generator.application.name</param-name>
          ··param-value ·/>
        </context-param>
       <!--Customizable external log4j xml file. Specify just the file name without any extension. By de
       <context-param>
</context-param>

19
20
```

The JVM argument takes the precedence over the default location, that is, C:*<rtlog-gen-config>*. If either of the two does not exist, the context parameter is used. If nothing is specified, the RTLog Generator application will fail on startup with error messages in the server logs.

- **2.** Once the configuration file is extracted to the configured directory, verify the following files:
 - rtlogconfig.properties:

This file contains three properties (key value pairs):

- processingDir: This directory path specifies the location that RTLog Generator will use to build its RTLog files as it receives data from Xstore Office. This directory needs to be created manually.
- resaFileDropDir: This directory path specifies the destination for the RTLog files this system is producing. It should be configured to the location where ReSA is looking to receive the RTLog files. This directory needs to be created manually.
- clusterNodeNumber: This property should only be enabled when running in a clustered environment. For more information, see "WebLogic Cluster Setup".
- deliveryTarget: This property specifies the RTLog delivery target. The two
 possible values are resa-cs or resa-onprem. If resa-cs is specified, the
 RTLog files generated are in format compatible with ReSA Cloud;
 otherwise the files generated are in format compatible with ReSA
 On-Premise.

Following is an example of properties:

```
processingDir = C:/RTLOG_Weblogic/Output/Store/RTLOGS
resaFileDropDir = C:/RTLOG_Weblogic/Output/ReSA
clusterNodeNumber = 1
deliveryTarget = resa-cs
-OR-
deliveryTarget = resa-onprem
```

- Multiple log4j xml files: These files configure the logging levels for the RTLog Generator application.
 - rtlog-generator-log4j2.xml
 - rtlog-generator-log4j2-loggers.xml
 - rtlog-generator-log4j2-appenders.xml
- spring-scheduler.xml:

It is the most commonly modified file in the RTLog Generator application. It is used to configure the scheduled interval for publishing the RTLog files. In the case of trickle polling, the default interval should be 15 minutes, however, keeping a larger interval (at least greater than or equal to 15 minutes) is recommended as configuring with a smaller interval might affect the performance.

Figure 6–3 spring-scheduler.xml Example

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<br/>beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans" xmlns:p="http://www.springframework.org/schema/p"
      xmlns:task="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
      xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
          http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans-3.0.xsd
          http://www.springframework.org/schema/task
          http://www.springframework.org/schema/task/spring-task-3.0.xsd">
<task:scheduled-tasks scheduler="rtlogScheduler">
<!-- To publish files once every 10 minutes = 600000 milliseconds 15 minutes = 900000 milliseconds
    1 hour = 3600000 milliseconds in fixed-delay below.
    It is not supported if fixed-delay is less than three second (3000 milliseconds). -->
<task:scheduled ref="rtLogFilesPublisher" method="publishFilesToReSA" fixed-delay="900000" />
<!-- You can also use "cron syntax". This simplistic example publishes files once every 5 minutes -->
<!-- <task:scheduled ref="rtLogFilesPublisher" method="publishFilesToReSA" cron="0 */5 * * * ?"/> -->
</task:scheduled-tasks> <task:scheduler id="rtlogScheduler" />
<task:annotation-driven />
```

ctask.annotation drive

</beans>

3. Customization out of box configuration.

To customize RTLogMappingConfig.xml and RTLogFormatConfig.xml, you can obtain your out-of-box version in the rtlog-generator.war file under WEB-INF\lib\config.jar\resources\resa-cs for ReSA Cloud integrations (deliveryTarget = resa_cs) or WEB-INF\lib\config.jar\resources\resa-onprem for ReSA On-premise integrations (deliveryTarget = resa_onprem).

Customized copies of RTLogMappingConfig.xml and RTLogFormatConfig.xml are placed in the configuration directory defaulting to C:\<rtlog-generator-config> on Microsoft Windows or /usr/local/<rtlog-generator-config> on Linux OS.

RTLogFormatConfig.xml:

This file specifies the format of the RTLog record as specified by ReSA. You can modify this file.

RTLogMappingConfig.xml:

The RTLog Generator application relies heavily on the XML-based mapping which provides extensibility and a way to maintain/upgrade features for the application. This file can be used to override all the field values for either mapping strategy:

 FieldMapperThenValueMapping: The RecordValue attribute values as shown in the following example can be changed:

```
<MAP sourceField="tenderId" targetRecord="TransactionHeaderTotal"
targetField="ReferenceNumber1"
mappingStrategyOrder="FieldMapperThenValueMapping"
fieldMapper="trnHeaderTotalMapper">
<VALUE_MAPPINGS handleNotFound="success"> <VALUE_MAPPING
sourceValue="GIFT CERTIFICATE" RecordValue="GIFTCERT" />
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="HOUSE_ACCOUNT" RecordValue="HACCNT" />
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="ISSUE_STORE_CREDIT" RecordValue="ISTCRDT"
/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="ISSUE_MERCHANDISE_CREDIT_CARD"
RecordValue="IMCCARD" />
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="ISSUE_XPAY_GIFT_CARD"
RecordValue="IXPAYGC" />
<!--For e.g above given value can be changed as shown here.-->
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="ISSUE_XPAY_GIFT_CARD" RecordValue="SAMPLE_
IXPAYGC" />
```

```
<VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="MALL CERTIFICATE" RecordValue="MALLCERT"</pre>
/>
 <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="MERCHANDISE_CREDIT_CARD"
RecordValue="MCCARD" />
 <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="PAYPAL" RecordValue="PAYPAL" />
 <VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="COUPON" RecordValue="OPON" />
 <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="ROOM_CHARGE" RecordValue="ROOMCHAG" />
 <VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="RELOAD_XPAY_GIFT_CARD"
RecordValue="RXPAYGC" />
 <VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="RELOAD MERCHANDISE CREDIT CARD"
RecordValue="RMCCARD" />
 <VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="STORE CREDIT" RecordValue="STCRDT" />
 <VALUE MAPPING sourceValue="XPAY GIFT CARD" RecordValue="XPAYGC" />
 </VALUE MAPPINGS>
</MAP>
No mappingStrategyOrder and fieldMapper attributes are defined: The
```

RecordValue attribute values shown in the following example can be changed or a new value can be added:

```
<MAP sourceField="reason" targetRecord="TransactionHeader"
targetField="ReasonCode">
<VALUE_MAPPINGS handleNotFound="nextMapping">
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="PI1" RecordValue="PI1"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="PI2" RecordValue="PI2"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="PI3" RecordValue="PI3"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="P01" RecordValue="P01"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="PO2" RecordValue="PO2"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="PO3" RecordValue="PO3"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="PO4" RecordValue="PO4"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="P05" RecordValue="P05"/>
<VALUE_MAPPING sourceValue="SAMPLE" RecordValue="SAMPLE_VALUE"/>
</VALUE_MAPPINGS>
</MAP>
```

Note: For more information on how to customize the RTLog Generator, see the *Retail Xstore* - *RTLog Generator Extension Guidelines* (Doc ID 2174095.1) on https://support.oracle.com.

Deployment

If you are deploying in a cluster, first set up a WebLogic cluster. For more information, see "WebLogic Cluster Setup".

This section covers the deployment in both a clustered and non-clustered environment.

To deploy the RTLog Generator application:

- Log in to the WebLogic 12 Server Administration Console 1. (http://<hostName>:<port>/console).
- Click the Deployment link from the left navigation menu. 2.
- Click Install. 3.

omain Structure	
log_domain E-Environment Deployments D-Services Security Realms D-Interoperability D-Diagnostics	Control Monitoring This page displays a list of Java EE applications and stand-alone (redeployed), or deleted from the domain by first selecting the a To install a new application or module for deployment to target
	Customize this table
	Deployments
	Install Update Delete Start v Stop v
iow do I	🕞 Name 🐟
	☐
Install an enterprise application Configure an enterprise application Update (redeploy) an enterprise application Start and stop a deployed enterprise	Install Update Delete Start Stop >

Figure 6–4 Administration Console Control Page

4. Navigate to the rtlog-generator.war file directory. Select the rtlog-generator.war option.

Figure 6–5 Administration Console Install Application Assistant Page

Change Center	Home Log Out Preferences	Record Help
View changes and restarts	Home >Summary of Environment :	-Summary of Servers >Summary of Deployments
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Install Application Assistant Back Next Finish Ca	ncel
Domain Structure		all and prepare for deployment
ttlog_domain ⊕-Environment ⊷Deployments ⊕-Services ⊷Security Realms	application directory or file in t	ents the application root directory, archive file, exploded archive directory, or app he Path field. displayed below. If you cannot find your deployment files, upload your file(s) and
-Interoperability	Path:	C:\Oracle\Middleware\Oracle_Home\user_projects\domains\rtlo
⊕-Diagnostics	Recently Used Paths:	C:\Oracle\Middleware\Oracle_Home\user_projects\domains
	Current Location:	203.0.113.51 \ C: \ Oracle \ Middleware \ Oracle_Home \ user_projects \ de
	 base_domain ohs_domain ohs_domain - Copy rtlog_cluster_domain 	
How do I 😑	rtlog_cluster_domain	_сору
Start and stop a deployed enterprise application Configure an enterprise application	 rtlog_domain rtlog_domain_copy intlog-generator.wa 	ar

5. Click **Next** and then **Finish**. Once deployed, RTLog Generator should be listed as one of the deployed applications as shown in Figure 6–6.

hange Center	🔒 Hor	me Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help					
iew changes and restarts		Home >Summary of Environment >Summary of Servers >Summary of Deployments					
onfiguration editing is enabled. Future langes will automatically be activated as you odify, add or delete items in this domain.	🛷 All	Messages All changes have been activated. No restarts are necessary. The deployment has been successfully installed.					
omain Structure	Summa	ary of Deployments					
og_domain Environment Deployments	Contro						
}-Services Security Realms }-Interoperability	This page displays a list of Java EE applications and stand-alone application modules that have been installed to this domain. Installed application (redeployed), or deleted from the domain by first selecting the application name and using the controls on this page. To install a new application or module for deployment to targets in this domain, click the Install button.						
Diagnostics	🖗 Cust	tomize this table					
-Diagnostics	▶ Cust Deplo	tomize this table oyments					
	🖗 Cust	tomize this table oyments		-			
	Cust	tomize this table oyments	State	Health	Туре		
w do I 🗆	Cust	tomize this table oyments tall Update Delete Start Stop V		Health OK	Type Web Application		
	Cust	tomize this table oyments all Update Delete Start Stop V	State				

Figure 6–6 Administration Console Summary of Deployments

Once the deployment is complete, following are the next steps:

- To deploy on a cluster, see "Deployment of the RTLog Generator Application on a Cluster".
- To enable security for the RTLog Generator application, see "Security Configuration". When deploying in a non-clustered environment, continue at this section.

WebLogic Cluster Setup

Note: Oracle WebLogic Server 14c must be installed on all the clustered machines and the exact same installed directory location must be used on all the machines.

To set up the cluster to use RTLog Generator:

- **1.** Start the WebLogic configuration wizard on one machine where the Administration server needs to reside.
- **2.** On the Configuration Wizard Configuration Type page, select **Create a new domain**. Enter or browse to the location for the domain. Click **Next**.



Figure 6–7 Configuration Wizard Configuration Type Page

3. On the Templates page, select the supported products and click **Next**. It is recommended to select the following:

WebLogic Advanced Web Services for JAX-WS Extension

Fusion Middleware Configuration	Wizard - Page 2 of 8	_ _ x
Templates		
Create Domain Templates Administrator Account Domain Mode and JDK Advanced Configuration Configuration Progress End Of Configuration	Create Domain Using Broduct Templates: Template Categories: All Templates Available Templates WebLogic Advanced Web Services for JAX-RPC Extension - 12.1.3.0 [oracle_common] WebLogic Advanced Web Services for JAX-WS Extension - 12.1.3.0 [oracle_common] WebLogic Coherence Cluster Extension - 12.1.3.0 [wiserver] WebLogic JAX-WS SOAP/JMS Extension - 12.1.3.0 [oracle_common]	
	Create Domain Using Custom Template: Template location: C:\Oracle\Middleware\Oracle_Home	Browse
Help	< <u>Back</u> <u>N</u> ext > Fini	sh Cancel

Figure 6–8 Configuration Wizard Templates Page

4. On the Administrator Account page, enter the Administrator user name and password. Enter the password a second time to confirm. Click **Next**.

Administrator Account	ORACLE	
Create Domain Templates Administrator Account Domain Mode and JDK Advanced Configuration Configuration Progress End Of Configuration Name Password Configuration	FUSION MIDDLEWARE	

Figure 6–9 Configuration Wizard Administrator Account Page

5. On the Domain Mode and JDK page, select either Development or Production mode. For production mode, you need to manually create the boot.properties file. Click **Next**.

Figure 6–10 Configuration Wizard Domain Mode and JDK

Advanced Configuration Configuration Configuration Configuration Summary Configuration Progress OC Configuration Progres	Domain Mode and JDK	
	Administrator Account Administrator Account Domain Mode and JDK Advanced Configuration Configuration Summary Configuration Progress	Development Utilize boot.properties for username and password, and poll for applications to deploy. Production Require the entry of a username and password, and do not poll for applications to deploy. JDK ① Qrade HotSpot 1.8.0_45 C:\Java\JDK18~1.0_4

6. On the Advanced Configuration page, select the Administration Server, Node Manager, and Managed Servers, Clusters and Coherence options. Click **Next**.



Figure 6–11 Configuration Wizard Advanced Configuration Page

7. On the Administration Server page, enter the values to configure the administration server. The administrator server controls all the managed servers that are part of the cluster.

Enter the server name, select Enable SSL, and enter the listen ports. For the listen address, enter the Machine_1 IP address. Machine_1 will be part of the cluster and will have the administrator server running on it. Click **Next**.

Figure 6–12 Configuration Wizard Administration Server Page

Fusion Middleware Configuration	Wizard - Page 6 of 14				
Administration Server					
Create Domain Templates Administrator Account Domain Mode and JDK Advanced Configuration Administration Server Node Manager Managed Servers Clusters Configuration Summary Configuration Progress End Of Configuration	Listen Address All Loca Listen Port 7003 Enable SSL V SSL Listen Port 7004	Addresses	any : , = * ? % _		
Help			< <u>B</u> ack	<u>N</u> ext > Einis	h Cancel

8. On the Node Manager page, do not change the default node manager settings. For the credentials, enter weblogic as the user name and enter the password. Click **Next**.

Fusion Middleware Configuration	Wizard - Page 7 of 14		_ _ X
Node Manager			
Create Domain Templates Administrator Account Domain Mode and JDK Advanced Configuration Administration Server. Node Manager Managed Servers Clusters Coherence Clusters Machines Configuration Summary Configuration Progress End Of Configuration	Node Manager Type Per Domain Qustom Location Per Domain Qustom Location Node Manager Home: Drade_Home/user_projects/company Manual Node Manager Setup Node Manager Credentials Username: weblogic Password:		
Help		< Back Next > Finish	Cancel

Figure 6–13 Configuration Wizard Node Manager Page

- 9. On the Managed Servers page, add and configure each managed server:
 - **a.** For the listen address, enter the IP address of the managed server. Do not select All local Addresses.
 - **b.** rtlog_ManagedServer_1 will be running on Machine_1 in this configuration. Enter the Machine_1 IP address for the server.
 - **c.** rtlog_ManagedServer_2 will be running on Machine_2 in this configuration. Enter the Machine_2 IP address for this server.
 - **d.** oracleProxy is running on Machine_1, but is not a part of the cluster. It is an Oracle proxy HTTP cluster servlet used for failover and load balancing purposes. Enter the Machine_1 IP address for this server.
 - **e**. Enable SSL for all the managed servers.
 - f. Click Next.

Managed Servers						
Create Domain	Add 🖹 Clor	ne 🔀 <u>D</u> elete			9	Discard Changes
Administrator Account	Server Name	Listen Address		Listen Port	Enable SSL	SSL Listen Port
	rtlog_ManagedServer_1	203.0.113.51	-	7003	 Image: A set of the set of the	750
Advanced Configuration	rtlog_ManagedServer_2	203.0.113.204	•	7004	 Image: A set of the set of the	750-
Administration Server	oracleProxy	203.0.113.51	•	7005	 Image: A set of the set of the	750
Managed Servers <u>Clusters</u> Assign Servers to Clusters <u>HTTP Proxy Applications</u> Coherence Clusters						
Clusters Assign Servers to Clusters HTTP Proxy Applications Coherence Clusters Machines Assign Servers to Machines						
Clusters Assign Servers to Clusters HTTP Proxy Applications Coherence Clusters Machines						

Figure 6–14 Configuration Wizard Managed Servers Page

 On the Clusters page, add and configure the cluster. Enter the cluster name followed by the cluster address, that is, IP address1:port1, IP address2:port2, so on. Click Next.

Fusion Middleware Configuration	on Wizard - Page 9 of 17	7	_	-	X
Clusters					
Create Domain Templates	🛉 Add 🚿	Celete		ũ	Discard Changes
Administrator Account	Cluster Name	Cluster Address	Frontend	Frontend	Frontend HTTPS Port
Domain Mode and JDK	rtlog_Cluster_1	203.0.113.51:7006,203.0.113.204:7006		0	0
Advanced Configuration					
Administration Server					
Vode Manager					
Managed Servers					
Clusters					
Assign Servers to Clusters					
HTTP Proxy Applications					
Coherence Clusters					
Machines					
Assign Servers to Machines					
Configuration Summary					
Configuration Progress					
End Of Configuration					
Help		<	Back Nex	t> D	nish Cancel

Figure 6–15 Configuration Wizard Clusters Page

11. On the Assign Servers to Cluster page, assign the managed servers to the cluster. and click **Next**.

Note: Do not include the Oracle Proxy as part of the cluster.

Fusion Middleware Configuration	Wizard - Page 10 of 17			-		X
Assign Servers to Clusters						
Create Domain	Servers		Cluste	rs		
	📦 oracleProxy		🝗 rtlog_	Cluster_1		
Templates				tlog_ManagedSe		
Administrator Account			📦 r	tlog_ManagedSe	rver_2	
Domain Mode and JDK						
Advanced Configuration						
Administration Server						
 Node Manager 		۶				
Managed Servers						
<u>Clusters</u>						
Assign Servers to Clusters						
HTTP Proxy Applications		8				
Coherence Clusters						
Machines						
Assign Servers to Machines						
Configuration Summary						
Configuration Progress						
End Of Configuration						
	Select one or more servers in the left pane and one assign the server or servers to the cluster.	duster in	the right p	oane. Then use t	he right a	rrow button (>) to
Help	L		< <u>B</u> ack	<u>N</u> ext >	Einish	Cancel

Figure 6–16 Configuration Wizard Assign Servers to Clusters Page

12. On the HTTP Proxy Applications page, select Create HTTP Proxy and then select the server from the drop-down list. By default, it should have already been selected. Click **Next**.

HTTP Proxy Applications				
Create Domain	Cluster Name	Create HTTP Proxy	Prox	y Server
Templates	rtlog_Cluster_1	✓	oracleProxy	
Administrator Account				
Domain Mode and JDK				
Advanced Configuration				
Administration Server				
Node Manager				
Managed Servers				
<u>Clusters</u>				
Assign Servers to Clusters				
HTTP Proxy Applications				
Coherence Clusters				
Machines				
Assign Servers to Machines				
Configuration Summary				
Configuration Progress				
End Of Configuration				

Figure 6–17 Configuration Wizard HTTP Proxy Applications Page

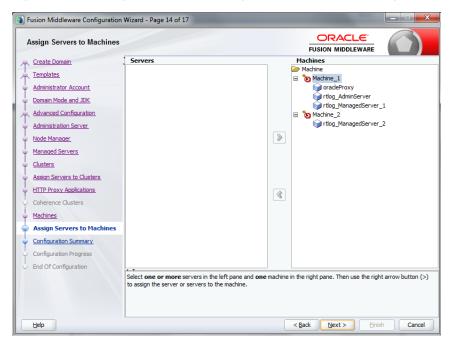
13. On the Machines page, add and configure each machine. To add Machine_1 and Machine_2, click **Add** and enter the respective IP addresses. This configuration is for setting up the Node managers on both the machines. Since these node managers are physically separated, you can select the same host. Click **Next**.

Fusion Middleware Configuration	Wizard - Page 13 of 17		_ _ X
Machines			
Create Domain Templates Administrator Account	Machine Unix Machine		🗐 Discard Changes
Domain Mode and JDK	Name	Node Manager Listen Address	Node Manager Listen Port
Advanced Configuration	Machine_1	203.0.113.51	5556
 Administration Server 	Machine_2	203.0.113.204 🗸	5 556
Node Manager			
Managed Servers			
<u>Clusters</u>			
Assign Servers to Clusters			
HTTP Proxy Applications			
Coherence Clusters			
Machines			
Assign Servers to Machines			
Configuration Summary			
Configuration Progress			
 End Of Configuration 			
Help		< <u>B</u> ack Ne>	tt > Einish Cancel

Figure 6–18 Configuration Wizard Machines Page

14. On the Assign Servers to Machines page, assign the servers to the machines. In this example, Oracle proxy (load balancer), Administration server, and one managed server are configured on Machine_1. Another managed server is configured on Machine_2. Click Next.

Figure 6–19 Configuration Wizard Assign Servers to Machines Page



15. On the Configuration Summary page, verify the selected configuration. Click **Create**. The domain is created.

Fusion Middleware Configuration	n Wizard - Page 15 of 17			
Configuration Summary				
Create Domain Templates Administrator Account Domain Mode and JDK Advanced Configuration Administration Server Node Manager Managed Servers Clusters Assign Servers to Clusters HITTP Proxy Applications Coherence Clusters Machines Assign Servers to Machines Configuration Summary Configuration Progress End Of Configuration	View: Deployment	Name Description Author Location Name Description Author Location Name Description Author Location Name Location	Orade Corporation C: [Orade [Middlew Orade L11317838] Autogenerated H1 Orade Corporation C: [Jisers]ebhinavs WebLogic Advance Extend an existing Orade Corporation C: [Orade [Middlew Orade State Mane Orade State Mane Orade State Mane Orade State Mane Orade Corporation C: [Orade]Middlew	bLogic Server domain \ are \Oracle_Home \wise 3714609413.jar TP Proxy Application 4 AppData \Local\Temp1 are \Oracle_Home \oracle gement Memory Provice gement Memory Provice 1
Help		< <u>B</u> ack	Next > Crea	te Cancel

Figure 6–20 Configuration Wizard Configuration Summary Page

To complete the configuration of the cluster:

- 1. Start and stop the node manager. You can find the start up script inside the newly created domain, that is, the *<rtlog_clust_domain>*\bin directory.
- **2.** In the nodemanager.properties file, set SecureListener=false. This file is found in the *<rtlog_clust_domain>*\nodemanager directory.
- **3.** Edit the *<rtlog_clust_domain>*\config\config.xml file. Use plain communication for the node managers by updating the communication type for the node managers as shown in the following example:

```
<machine>
      <name>Machine_1</name>
      <node-manager>
     <name>Machine_1</name>
     <nm-type>Plain</nm-type>
     sten-address>203.0.113.51</listen-address>
    </node-manager>
</machine>
 <machine>
   <name>Machine_2</name>
   <node-manager>
     <name>Machine_2</name>
     <nm-type>Plain</nm-type>
     <listen-address>203.0.113.204</listen-address>
    </node-manager>
  </machine>
```

- **4.** If the *<rtlog_clust_domain>* is created with the production mode option:
 - **a.** Run <*rtlog_clust_domain*>\startWeblogic.cmd for the first time. This creates the servers folders under the domain. Enter the administration user name and password.
 - **b.** Create a folder named security under the *<rtlog_clust_ domain>*\servers\Admin server.

c. Create the boot.properties file with the following entries under the security folder:

```
password=%admin_server_password%
username=%admin_server_username%
```

%admin_server_password% and %admin_server_username% are the administrator password and user name.

- **d.** After making these changes, if there are any running processes, shut down all the processes.
- **5.** Pack the created domain:
 - **a.** Stop both the Node manager and Admin Server if not already stopped. Use the packing utility to pack the domain on the machine. This utility is found in the following location:

<WL_HOME>\wlserver\common\bin\pack.cmd

Run the following command:

pack.cmd -domain=<*WL_HOME*>\user_projects\domains\rtlog_cluster_ domain -template=<*WL_HOME*>\user_projects\domains\rtlog_cluster_ domain\rtlog_cluster_domain.jar -template_name="RTLog C domain"

This command creates a jar named rtlog_cluster_domain.jar by packing the complete domain into it. Copy the rtlog_cluster_domain.jar to Machine_2 and unpack it.

b. Create a *<user_templates>* directory on the remote machine and copy the rtlog_cluster_domain.jar file to this location. Run the following command:

unpack.cmd -template=<WL_HOME>\user_projects\domains\<*user_ templates*>\rtlog_cluster_domain.jar -domain=<WL_HOME>\user_ projects\domains\rtlog_cluster_domain

- c. Start the Administration server and node manager on Machine_1.
- 6. To enroll the remote (Machine_2) node manager:
 - **a.** Run the WebLogic scripting utility. This utility can be found at the following location: *<WL_HOME>*\wlserver\common\bin\as wlst.cmd
 - **b.** Start the node manager on this machine, in this example, Machine_2. The node managed must be started before connecting to the Machine_1 Admin server.
 - c. Run the following command:

connect ('adminServer_username', 'adminServer_password','t3://Machine_1_ IPAddress:Admin_server_unsecured_port')

For example: connect ('weblogic', 'weblogic1', 't3://203.0.113.51:7003')

d. Once the connect command shows the connection completed successfully, run the following command:

nmEnroll ('<WL_HOME>/user_projects/domains/<rtlog_cluster_ domain>','<WL_HOME>/user_projects/domains/<rtlog_cluster_ domain>/nodemanager')

e. When the command completes successfully, run exit ().

Note: Repeat Step 6 for all the remote machines that will be in the cluster on which managed servers will be running. This step used Machine_2 as the example.

7. Log in to the Administration Server console and make sure all the node managers are reachable. This can be found under Machines. Repeat this step for all the clustered machines to ensure all of them are reachable.

Figure 6–21 Administration Console Settings Page

ORACLE WebLogic Server Ad	dministration Console 12c	
Change Center	û Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help	Q
View changes and restarts	Home >Summary of Environment >Summary of Machines >Machine_1	
Configuration editing is enabled. Future	Settings for Machine_1	
changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Configuration Monitoring Notes	
Domain Structure	Node Manager Status Node Manager Log	
rtlog_cluster_domain B-Environment Deployments B-Services Security Realms	This page allows you to view current status information for the Nod	-
	Status: Version:	Reachable
How do I		

8. For each managed server, select the Server Start tab. In the Arguments text box, add the following if it does not already exist:

```
-Xms512m -Xmx512m -XX:CompileThreshold=8000 -XX:PermSize=512m -XX:MaxPermSize=512m
```

	Settings fo	n ntlea N	InnandC							
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you										
modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Configura	tion Pr	rotocols	Logging	Debu	g M	Ionitoring	Control	Deployments	Serv
Domain Structure	General	Cluster	Services	Keysto	res 🤮	SSL	Federation	Services	Deployment	Migra
rtlog_cluster_domain B-Environment Deployments B-Services	Save Node Mai machine.		WebLogic S	erver utili	ity that	you ca	an use to st	art, suspen	id, shut down, an	ıd resta
i∽Security Realms ⊕-Interoperability ⊕-Diagnostics	Java Hon		[
	Java Ven	dor:	[
	BEA Hom	e:	[
How do I	Root Dire	ctory:]							
Configure startup arguments for Managed Servers			L							
 Start Managed Servers from the Administration Console 	Class Pat	h:								
Shut down a server instance										
System Status 🗉										
Health of Running Servers										
Failed (0) Critical (0)	Argumen	ts:								
Overloaded (0) Warning (0) OK (4)			512m -XX 28m -XX:					-		

Figure 6–22 Administration Console Configuration Page

If you want to configure the non-default external RTLog configuration directory, include an additional JVM argument:

-Drtloggen.config.dir=C:/<rtlog-gen-config_1>/

Note: The server-start arguments only work when you are using a NodeManager. If you do not have a NodeManager, specify the JVM argument in the start up scripts. You can also configure the same ext directory location in the RTLog Generator WAR's context-param. For more information, see "Configuration".

9. Start all the managed servers including the Oracle proxy. Figure 6–23 shows an example of the list of managed servers.

Figure 6–23 Administration Console List of Servers

leı	W Clone Delete						Showing 1 to 4 o
	Name 🚕	Туре	Cluster	Machine	State	Health	Listen Port
	loadBalancerProxy	Configured		Machine_1	RUNNING	🖋 ок	7001
	rtlog_AdminServer(admin)	Configured		Machine_1	RUNNING	🖋 ок	7003
	rtlog_ManagedServer_1	Configured	rtlog_Cluster_1	Machine_1	RUNNING	🖋 ок	7005
	rtlog_ManagedServer_2	Configured	rtlog_Cluster_1	Machine_2	RUNNING	🖋 ок	7005
New	w Clone Delete			·	·		Showing 1 to 4 of

Deployment of the RTLog Generator Application on a Cluster

To deploy the application:

1. Oracle proxy creates a web application by creating the web.xml and weblogic.xml files which can be found in the following directory:

<WL_HOME>\user_projects\domains\<*rtlog_cluster_ domain*>\apps\OracleProxy4_rtlog_Cluster_1_oracleProxy\WEB-INF

You can modify the configurations provided in these two files and redeploy the application from the console by pointing it to this directory, that is, WEB-INF.

2. Navigate to the Administration Console home page and click Deployments in the left navigation menu. Figure 6–24 shows an example of the page before deploying the RTLog Generator application.

Figure 6–24 Administration Console Deployments Page

C	epl	oyments							
1	Install Update Delete Start v Stop v								
		Name 🗞	State	Health	Туре				
		OracleProxy4_rtlog_Cluster_1_loadBalancerProxy	Active	🖋 ок	Web Application				
		🛛 🤯 state-management-provider-memory-rar-12.1.3 Active 🖌 OK Resource Adapter							
	Inst	all Update Delete Start Stop							

 Click Install. The Install Application Assistant page appears. Select the path to the RTLog Generator WAR directory. Select the rtlog-generator.war option. Click Next.

Figure 6–25 Administration Console Install Application Assistant Page

Locate deployment to install and pre	pare for deployment							
Select the file path that represents the application root directory, archive file, exploded archive directory, or application module descriptor that y								
Note: Only valid file paths are displayed below. If you cannot find your deployment files, upload your file(s) and/or confirm that your application control of the second								
Path:	C:\Oracle\Middleware\Oracle_Home\user_projects\domains\rtlog-generator.war							
Recently Used Paths:	C:\Oracle\Middleware\Oracle_Home\user_projects\domains\rtlog_cluster_domain\apps C:\Oracle\Middleware\Oracle_Home\user_projects\domains C:\Oracle\Middleware\Oracle_Home\user_projects\domains\rtlog_cluster_domain\apps							
Current Location:	localhost \ C: \ Oracle \ Middleware \ Oracle_Home \ user_projects \ domains							
rtlog_cluster_domain rtlog_cluster_domain_copy rtlog_domain								
rtlog_domain_copy rtlogC domain old no proxy								

4. Select only the managed servers and click Next to finish the deployment.

Back	xt Finish Cancel	
Select d	ployment targets	
Select the	servers and/or clusters to which you want to deploy this application. (You can	reconf
vailable	argets for rtlog-generator :	
Servers		
🗌 loadB	lancerProxy	
rtlog_	ldminServer	
Clusters		
🖉 rtlog_		
	servers in the cluster	
	log ManagedServer 1	
	log_ManagedServer_2	

Figure 6–26 Install Application Assistant Select Deployment Targets Page

After it is successfully deployed, the RTLog Generator application appears in the Summary of Deployments page.

Figure 6–27 Summary of Deployments Page

🖋 T	he deployment has been successfully installed.										
mma	ary of Deployments										
ont	rol Monitoring										
This page displays a list of Java EE applications and stand-alone application modules that have been installed to this domain. Installed applications and modules can be started, stopped, u application name and using the controls on this page. To install a new application or module for deployment to targets in this domain, click the Install button.											
	tomize this table										
	loyments										
Depl	loyments	State	Health	Туре							
Depl	loyments tall Update Delete Start Stop >	State Active	Health	Type Web Application							
Depl Ins	loyments tall Update Delete Start v Stop v Name 🗇										

- 5. To enable container and transport level security, see "Security Configuration".
- 6. To enable the WebLogic Plugin Enabled parameter from the cluster domain:
 - **a.** Click the *<rtlog_cluster_domain>* link in the left navigation menu. Navigate to the Web Application tab.

Figure 6–28 Administration Console Settings Page

ORACLE WebLogic Server Adr	ministration Co	onsole	12c						
Change Center	🙆 Home L	.og Ou	t Preferences	🔁 Reco	ord Help			Q	Welcome, weblogic
View changes and restarts									y of Environment >Summary of Servers >loadBalancerProxy >Summary of tlog_cluster_domain
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.		-	ave been activ ited successful		estarts are ne	cessary.			
Domain Structure				-					
rtlog_cluster_domain	Settings for	r rtlog	_cluster_do	main					
Deployments	Configurat	tion	Monitoring	Control	Security	Web Service	e Security	Notes	5
E-Services	General	JTA	JPA EJBs	Web A	pplications	Logging	Log Filter	rs	
H-Interoperability	Save Use this pa	age to	define the do	main-wide	Web applicat	tion configur	ation settin	ıgs.	
How do I	🗌 🕂 Rel	login I	Enabled						Beginning with the 9.0 release the FORM been modified to conform strictly to the : logged-in but does not have privileges to (FORBIDEN) page will be returned. Turr behavior, which was to return the user to
Deploy Web applications Stop deployed Web applications Delete Web applications Update run-time descriptors System Status	🔲 街 Alla	ow All	Roles						In the security-constraints elements defi deployment descriptor, the auth-constrai that should be permitted access to this n "*" is a compact syntax for indicating all previous releases, role-name = "*" was t the realm. This parameter is a backward- behavior. Default behavior is one require defined in the web application. If set, the (containe-descriptor -> allow-all-roles): value. More Info
Health of Running Servers Failed (0) Failed (0)	🗆 🐠 Filte	er Dis	patched Rec	uests					Indicates whether or not to apply filters I backward compatibility flag. Until versior

b. Scroll down the page and select WebLogic Plugin Enabled. Click Save.

Figure 6–29 WebLogic Plugin Enabled Parameter

🔲 👸 Error on Name request time value	Global property jsp:param attrii to "true", the JS for the "name" for backward co
🔲 🖓 Client Cert Proxy Enabled	Specifies wheth with the reques
Http Trace Support Enabled	Returns the val
闭 WebLogic Plugin Enabled	Specifies wheth honored. (This Info

Security Configuration

The RTLog Generator application is secured by leveraging two levels of security:

- Container level security: Basic HTTP authentication by setting up the security realm in WebLogic. To configure this security, see "Container Level Security".
- Transport level security: SOAP requests are sent over the secured protocol (HTTPS) by configuring the keystore/truststore in the WebLogic domain and importing the public certificate into Xstore Office's (client) truststore. To configure this security, see "Transport Level Security".

Container Level Security

The following steps assume that a domain has been created with secure port (HTTPS) enabled. To configure container level security:

- 1. Start the WebLogic server and log in to Administration Console.
- 2. Click Security Realms in the left navigation menu.

ORACLE WebLogic Server Ad	Iministration Console 12c
Change Center	🏦 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help
View changes and restarts	Home >Summary of Servers >Summary of Security Realms >myrealm >Summary of Security Real
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Summary of Security Realms
Domain Structure	A security realm is a container for the mechanismsincluding users, groups, security roles be set as the default (active) realm.
rtlog_domain Deployments Services Interoperability Diagnostics	This Security Realms page lists each security realm that has been configured in this WebL Customize this table Realms (Filtered - More Columns Exist) New Delete
	Name &
How do I	

Figure 6–30 Administration Console Summary of Security Realms Page

- 3. In the list of realms on the Summary of Security Realms page, select myrealm.
- **4.** Select Users and Groups and then the Groups tab. To create a new group, click **New**. Enter a group name, for example RTLogUserGroup, and click **OK**.

Figure 6–31 Create a New Group Page

ORACLE WebLogic Server Ad	ministration Console 12c
Change Center	🔒 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help
View changes and restarts	Home >Summary of Servers >Summary of Security Realms >myrealm >Summary of Security Realms >myrealm
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Create a New Group
	OK Cancel
Domain Structure	Group Properties
rtlog_domain ⊕ Environment ⊷ Deployments ⊕ Services ⊷ Security Realms ⊕ Interoperability ⊕ Dianostics	The following properties will be used to identify your new Group. * Indicates required fields
	What would you like to name your new Group?
	* Name: RTLogUserGroup
	How would you like to describe the new Group?
	Description:
	Please choose a provider for the group.
How do I	Provider: DefaultAuthenticator V
Create groups	
Modify groups	OK Cancel
Delete groups	

5. Select the Users tab and click New. Enter a user name and password and click OK.

ORACLE WebLogic Server Ad					
Change Center	🟦 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record H				
View changes and restarts	Home >Summary of Servers >Summary of Security	Realms >myrealm >Summary of Security Realms >myrealm >Users and Groups >rtlogwsuser >Users and G			
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Create a New User OK Cancel				
Domain Structure	User Properties				
rtlog_domain BP-Environment H*-Oeployments BP-Services H*-Security Realms BP-Interoperability BP-Diagnostics	The following properties will be used to identify your new User. * Indicates required fields				
	What would you like to name your new User? * Name:	rtloggenuser			
	How would you like to describe the new User?				
	Description:				
	Please choose a provider for the user.				
How do I 🗉	Provider:	DefaultAuthenticator			
Create users					
Modify users	The password is associated with the login name	e for the new User.			
Delete users	* Password:				
Create groups	i ussiiviu.	••••••			
Manage users and groups	* Confirm Password:				
System Status 😑	OK Cancel				
Health of Running Servers	Cancer				

Figure 6–32 Create a New User Page

6. In the list of users, click the newly created user.

Figure 6–33 Users Page



ORACLE WebLogic Server Administration Console 12c									
Change Center	1	😰 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help							
View changes and restarts		Home >Summary of Servers >Summary of Security Realms >myrealm >Summary of Security Realms >myrealm >Users and Groups >rtlogwsuser >Users							
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.		Messages							
	s	Settings for myrealm							
Domain Structure		Confi	guration U	sers and Groups	Roles and Policies	Credential Mappings	Providers	Migration	
rtlog_domain Def Environment Deployments		Users Groups							
		This page displays information about each user that has been configured in this security realm.							
		Users (Filtered - More Columns Exist) New Delete							
			Name 🚕			Description			
How do I 🗉			OracleSyste	mUser		Oracle application	n software sy	stem user.	_
Manage users and groups			rtloggenuse	r					
Create users	rtlog webservice password (rtlogws123)				ogws123)				
Modify users			rtlogwsuser						
Delete users			SSSS						_
			weblogic			This user is the d	efault admini	strator.	
System Status 🗉		New Delete							

7. Select the Groups tab. Assign this user to the same group created in Step 4.

Figure 6–34 User Settings Page

Change Center	🕜 Home Log Out Preferences 🔤 Record Help				
View changes and restarts	Home >Summary of Security Realms >myrealm >Summary of Security Realms >myrealm >Users and Groups >rtlogwsuser >Users and Groups >rtlogg				
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you modify, add or delete items in this domain.	Settings for rtloggenuser				
	General Passwords Attributes Groups				
Domain Structure	Save				
rtlog_domain ⊕-Environment Deployments ⊕-Services	Use this page to configure group membership for this user.				
Security Realms	Parent Groups:				
	Available: Chosen: Administrators				
	AppTesters				
	CrossDomainConnectors Deployers				
	Monitors				
	Operators Operators				
	OracleSystemGroup				
How do I					
Create users	Save				
System Status 😑					
Health of Running Servers					
Failed (0)					

8. Enter the same user name and password created in Step 5 into Xstore Office's broadcaster configuration for the RTLog Generator Web service.

You should try the MrJaxWsPortProxyFactoryBean bean and create the encrypted values for the user name and password using the String Encryption Utility. For more information, see the *Oracle Retail Xstore Point of Service Implementation Guide*.

Figure 6–35 Example of MrJaxWsPortProxyFactoryBean Update

Transport Level Security

To configure transport level security:

- **1.** Create keystore.jks using a keytool utility. For information on keytool utilities, see the *Oracle Retail Xstore Point of Service Implementation Guide*.
- **2.** Export the public certificate into a truststore.jks file. These files are needed to configure the custom key and trust store for Step 3.

Note: In a clustered environment, import all the public certificates into one truststore file and configure all the instances of the server, including HttpClusterServlet proxy, to use the same truststore file.

3. Log in to the WebLogic console. Click Environment and then the Servers link from the left navigations menu.

Figure 6–36 Administration Console Servers Page

hange Center	🕜 Home Log Out Preferences ⊵ Record Help
/iew changes and restarts	Home >myrealm >Users and Groups >rtlogwsuser >Users and Groups >rtloggenuse
Configuration editing is enabled. Future	Summary of Servers
hanges will automatically be activated as you nodify, add or delete items in this domain.	Configuration Control
omain Structure	
log_domain	A server is an instance of WebLogic Server that runs in its own Java Virtual
	This page summarizes each server that has been configured in the current V
	65
Coherence Clusters	12 C2
Machines Virtual Hosts	Customize this table
Work Managers	y customize this tuble
Startup and Shutdown Classes	Servers (Filtered - More Columns Exist)
Deployments	New Clone Delete
3-Services	New Clone Decite
Security Realms	Name 🛞
-Interoperability	•
2-Diagnostics	rtlog_AdminServer(admin)
low do I	E New Clone Delete
Create Managed Servers	
Clone servers	
Delete Managed Convers	

4. Click Change. Select Custom Identity and Custom Trust. Click Save.

Figure 6–37 Keystores Settings

ange Center	Home Log Out Preferences Record Help Q Home >Users and Groups >rtbooxenuer >Users and Groups >rtbooxenuer >Summary of Serv									
ew changes and restarts	Home >Users and	d Groups >rtlogv	suser >User	rs and Gro	oups >	rtloggenus	ser >Users an	nd Groups >rtlogg	enuser >Sum	mary of Se
nfiguration editing is enabled. Future	Settings for rtlo	og_AdminServ	/er							
anges will automatically be activated as you odify, add or delete items in this domain.	Configuration	Protocols	Logging	Debug	Мо	nitoring	Control	Deployments	Services	Security
main Structure	General Clus	ster Services	Keysto	ores S	SSL	Federati	on Services	Deployment	Migration	Tuning
g_domain	Save Cance									
Environment										
Servers Clusters										
	Keystores ensi	Keystores ensure the secure storage and management of private keys and trusted certificate authorities (CAs). This p								
	heystores ense	are the secure a	corage and	manage		or privace	incys and d	useeu certificate	aumonues	(CAS). III
Coherence Clusters	neyscores ense	are the secure s	corage and	manage	ment	orprivace	neys and a	useu certificate	autionties	(CAS). III
Coherence Clusters Machines		are the secure s		-		•			aumonties	(CAS). III
Coherence Clusters Machines Virtual Hosts	Keystores:	are the secure s	Custom	Identit	y and	d Custor	n Trust	¥	autionties	(CAS). III
Coherence Clusters Machines Virtual Hosts Work Managers		are the sectore a	Custom Custom	Identit	y and y and	d Custor d Comm	n Trust and Line T	¥	autionties	(CAS). 111
Coherence Clusters Machines Virtual Hosts Work Managers Startup and Shutdown Classes			Custom Custom Custom	Identit Identity	y and y and y and	d Custor d Comm d Custor	m Trust and Line T n Trust	▼ Trust	autionities	(CAS). III
Coherence Clusters Machines Work Managers Startup and Shutdown Classes Deployments	Keystores:		Custom Custom Custom Custom	Identit Identit Identit	y and y and y and y and y and	d Custor d Comm d Custor d Java S	m Trust and Line T n Trust standard T	▼ Trust	autionities	(CAS). III
Coherence Clusters Wachines Virtual Hosts Work Managers Startup and Shutdown Classes Deployments Services	Keystores:		Custom Custom Custom	Identit Identit Identit	y and y and y and y and y and	d Custor d Comm d Custor d Java S	m Trust and Line T n Trust standard T	▼ Trust	autionities	(CAS). III
Coherence ClustersCoherence Clusters	Keystores:		Custom Custom Custom Custom	Identit Identit Identit	y and y and y and y and y and	d Custor d Comm d Custor d Java S	m Trust and Line T n Trust standard T	▼ Trust	autionties	(CAS). 111
Coherence ClustersCoherence Clusters	Keystores:		Custom Custom Custom Custom	Identit Identit Identit	y and y and y and y and y and	d Custor d Comm d Custor d Java S	m Trust and Line T n Trust standard T	▼ Trust	autionties	(CAS). 11
Coherence Clusters Coherence Clu	Keystores:		Custom Custom Custom Custom	Identit Identit Identit	y and y and y and y and y and	d Custor d Comm d Custor d Java S	m Trust and Line T n Trust standard T	▼ Trust	autionities	(((AS)). 111
Coherence ClustersVictual HostsVirtual HostsVork ManagersStartup and Shutdown Classes Deployments Services Security Realms Interoperability Diannostics	Keystores:		Custom Custom Custom Custom	Identit Identit Identit	y and y and y and y and y and	d Custor d Comm d Custor d Java S	m Trust and Line T n Trust standard T	▼ Trust	autionities	((45), 111
Coherence ClustersCoherence ClustersCoherence Clusters	Keystores:		Custom Custom Custom Custom	Identit Identit Identit	y and y and y and y and y and	d Custor d Comm d Custor d Java S	m Trust and Line T n Trust standard T	▼ Trust	autionities	

5. Click the linked name for the Administration Server. The page containing the settings for the Administration Server appears. Select the Keystores tab.

onfiguration editing is enabled. Future	Settings for	r rtlog_	AdminSer	ver										
anges will automatically be activated as you odify, add or delete items in this domain.	Configurat	tion	Protocols	Logging	Debug	Monito	ring Co	ntrol	Deployments	Services	Security	Notes		
main Structure	General	Cluste	r Service	s Keys	tores	SSL Fee	deration Se	ervices	Deployment	Migration	Tuning	Overload	Health Monitoring	Server S
og_domain	Save Keystores	ensure	the secure	storage an	d manag	ement of p	rivate keys	and tr	usted certificate	authorities	(CAs). This	page lets yo	u view and define var	ious keysto
Coherence Clusters Machines Virtual Hosts Work Managers	Keystores	:							Custon	Identity an	d Custom T	rust Change		Wh Info
LStartup and Shutdown Classes "Deployments "Services "Security Realms	— Identity Custom Id		Keystore:	:					C:\T/	ASKS\Xst	ore_POC	JAX		The Ora
"Interoperability "Diagnostics	Custom Id	lentity	Keystore	Туре:					jks					The bek
vw do I 🖂	Custom Id	lentity	Keystore	Passphra	se:									The
Configure keystores Set up SSL	Confirm Cu	ustom	Identity K	eystore F	assphra	ise:								
stem Status 🖂	— Trust —													
alth of Running Servers	Custom Tr	rust Ke	ystore:						C:\T/	ASKS\Xst	ore_POC	_JA×		The an
Failed (0) Critical (0) Overloaded (0)	Custom Tr	Custom Trust Keystore Type:						jks					The bek	
Warning (0) OK (1)	Custom Tr	rust Ke	ystore Pa	ssphrase					•••••					The pas
	Confirm Cu				-									

Figure 6–38 Settings for the Administration Server

- **6.** Enter the path to keystore.jks, including the file name, and enter the custom Identity Keystore passphrase you created for the keystore. Repeat this for trustore.jks, but enter the appropriate passphrase for the truststore. For an example, see Figure 6–38.
- **7.** Switch to the SSL tab. Enter the alias name and private keyphrase as created during the certificate generation. To save the changes, click **Save**.

Figure 6–39 Save Settings for Administration Server

hange Center	🟠 Home Log Out Preferences 🖂 Record Help		Welcome, weblogic Connected to: base_dor	
View changes and restarts	Home >Summary of Environment >Summary of Servers >AdminServer			
Configuration editing is enabled. Future changes will automatically be activated as you	Settings for AdminServer			
nodify, add or delete items in this domain.	Configuration Protocols Logging Debug Monitoring Control Deployments	Services Security Notes		
Domain Structure	General Cluster Services Keystores SSL Federation Services Deployment	Rigration Tuning Overload Health Monitoring Server Start Web	Services Coherence	
ase_domain = Cinvironment	Save			
Servers Custers Coherence Custers	This page lets you view and define various Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) settings for this server	instance. These settings help you to manage the security of message transm	ssions.	
Machines Virtual Hosts Work Managers	(c) Identity and Trust Locations:	Keystores Change	Indicates where 55L should find the server's identity (certificate and private key) as well as the server's trust (trusted Cia). More Info	
Startup and Shutdown Classes Deployments	- Identity			
9-Services (9-Messaging	Private Key Location:	from Custom Identity Keystore	The keystore attribute that defines the location of the private key file. More Info	
Data Sources Persistent Stroet	Private Key Alias:		The keystore attribute that defines the string alias used to store and retrieve the server's private key. More Info	
tow do I E	🔊 Private Key Passphrase:		The keystore attribute that defines the passphrase used to retrieve the server's private key. More Info	
Set up SSL Verify host name verification is enabled	👩 Confirm Private Key Passphrase:			
Configure a custom host name verifier Configure two-way SSL	Certificate Location:	from Custom Identity Keystore	The keystore attribute that defines the location of the trusted certificate. More Info	
	- Trust			
ystem Status	Trusted Certificate Authorities:	from Custom Trust Keystore	The keystore attribute that defines the location of the certificate authorities. More Info	
tealth of Running Servers	- D Advanced			
Failed (0) Critical (0)	Save			
Overloaded (0)				

Note: For a clustered environment, disable the non-SSL port for the HttpClusterServlet proxy.

Complete the Security Configuration

Test both the container and transport level security using SOAPUI.

To set up the unlimited strength JCE files:

- 1. Download and install the correct version of the unlimited strength JCE files. For more information, see the *Oracle Retail Xstore Point of Service Implementation Guide*.
- 2. Configure Oracle WebLogic Server 14c with the Xstore suite of product's supported cipher suites. To configure it, update the <domain>\<domain_ name>\config\config.xml file and add the following inside the ssl block:

<ciphersuite>TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256</ciphersuite>
<ciphersuite>TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384</ciphersuite>
<ciphersuite>TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384</ciphersuite>
<ciphersuite>TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384</ciphersuite>
<ciphersuite>TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384</ciphersuite>
<ciphersuite>TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384</ciphersuite>

3. Disable the schema validation in WebLogic by passing the JVM argument in the WebLogic startup script:

-Dweblogic.configuration.schemaValidationEnabled=false

4. Xstore Office's RTLog Generator broadcaster end point should be configured to use the secured (HTTPS) URL for configuring the container level security section:

```
<property name="endpointAddress"
value="https://<hostname>:7002/rtlog-generator/service" />
```

The endpoingAddress property is defined at xcenter-spring-beans.xml under Xcenter external configuration directory\xcenter-config. There are two required modifications:

- Modify broadcasterManager bean in the file by uncommenting the line below.
 <ref bean="ReSA_Broadcaster"/>
- Configure endpointAddress of the ReSA_Broadcaster_jaxws bean.

7

RTLog Generator Cloud

This chapter describes the RTLog Generator on cloud.

RTLog Generator Cloud

This chapter describes how configure the RTLog Generator application deployed on cloud.

The RTLog Generator on cloud is a Java and XML based web application that exposes a Spring-JAXWS implemented SOAP web service and JAXRS implemented REST web services. It is usually deployed alongside the other Xstore office cloud applications.

The RTLog Generator on cloud can be integrated with a ReSA application deployed either on-premise or on cloud.

Configuration

The RTLog Generator cloud application can be configured in the following way.

Customize the RTLog Generator's mapping and format configuration via REST services.

Note: For more information on how to customize the RTLog Generator, see the Configuration section in and the *Retail Xstore* - *RTLog Generator Extension Guidelines (Doc ID 2174095.1)* on https://support.oracle.com.

Integration

This section describes the RTlog Generator Cloud integration.

Updating Mapping Configuration

RTLog Generator Cloud application provides three REST services to retrieve, update and delete RTLogMappingConfig.xml file. All the three services point to the URL at

https://<hostname>/rtlog-generator/rest/config/file/v1/RTLogMappingConfig

If RTLog generator is deployed on cloud, its mapping configuration file RTLogMappingConfig.xml is not accessible to a user. To customize the mapping, restful APIs are provided to upload a customized RTLogMappingConfig.xml to override the default out-of-box one.

HTTP Protocol	Security Protocol	Response Type	Description
GET	OAuth2	application/xml	Returns the active RTLogMappingConfi g.xml file. If the customer hasn't uploaded a customized configuration xml file yet, provides a copy of the default mapping configuration XML file that is provided with the deployment.
PUT	OAuth2	application/json	Customer submits the updated RTLogMappingConfi g.xml file as the request body. Returns JSON that contains the number of bytes in the uploaded XML file.
DELETE	OAuth2	No content	If the customer has uploaded a configuration XML file previously, it will be deleted and HTTP 200 status is returned. If there is no customized RTLogMappingConfi g.xml file active yet, HTTP 204 status is returned. The default RTLogMappingConfi g.xml that is part of the deployment will resume being the active mapping configuration.

Table 7–1 REST Services related to the RTLogMappingConfig.xml

The examples below show how to retrieve and update the RTLogMappingConfig.xml.

Example 7–1 Get active RTLogMappingConfig.xml - Get Current RTLog Mapping Configuration

```
$ curl -H "Authorization: Bearer <token>"
https://<rlog-generator-host>/rtlog-generator/rest/config/file/v1/RTLogMappingConf
ig" > RTLogMappingConfig.xml
```

Example 7–2 Update RTLogMappingConfig.xml - Update the RTLog Mapping Configuration

\$ curl -H "Authorization: Bearer <token>" -X PUT -T "/path/to/mapping/file" https://<rlog-generator-host>/rtlog-generator/rest/config/file/v1/RTLogMappingConf ig"

Similar to the example above, using the -X option with the value of DELETE will delete any customer uploaded mapping configuration XML file.

Updating Format Configuration

RTLog Generator Cloud application provides REST services to retrieve, update and delete the RTLogFormatConfig.xml file. All the three services point to the URL at:

https://<hostname>/rtlog-generator/rest/config/file/v1/RTLogFormatConfig

If RTLog generator is deployed on cloud, its format configuration file RTLogFormatConfig.xml is not accessible to a user. A format configuration file defines the ReSA RTLog format, and in most cases is not up for customizations. However RTLogFormatConfig.xml file can be customized when:

- Customization has been done to ReSA to accept an enhanced RTLog format with additional fields
- A retailer has to integrate with an earlier version of ReSA which is not supported out of box, and it accepts a slightly different older RTLog format.

HTTP Protocol	Security Protocol	Response Type	Description
GET	OAuth2	application/xml	Returns the active RTLogFormatConfig. xml file. If the customer hasn't uploaded a customized configuration xml file yet, provides a copy of the default mapping configuration XML file that is provided with the deployment.
PUT	OAuth2	application/json	Customer submits the updated RTLogFormatConfig. xml file as the request body. Returns JSON that contains the number of bytes in the uploaded XML file.
DELETE	OAuth2	No content	If the customer has uploaded a configuration XML file previously, it will be deleted and HTTP 200 status is returned. If there is no customized RTLogFormatConfig. xml file active yet, HTTP 204 status is returned. The default RTLogMappingConfi g.xml that is part of the deployment will resume being the active mapping configuration.

 Table 7–2
 REST Services related to the RTLogFormatConfig.xml

The examples below show how to retrieve and update the RTLogFormatConfig.xml.

Example 7–3 Get active RTLogFormatConfig.xml - Get Current RTLog Format Configuration

```
$ curl -H "Authorization: Bearer <token>"
https://<rlog-generator-host>/rtlog-generator/rest/config/file/v1/RTLogFormatConf
ig" > RTLogFormatConfig.xml
```

Example 7–4 Update RTLogFormatConfig.xml - Update the RTLog Format Configuration

\$ curl -H "Authorization: Bearer <token>" -X PUT -T "/path/to/format/file" https://<rlog-generator-host>/rtlog-generator/rest/config/file/v1/RTLogFormatConf ig"

Similar to the example above, using the -X option with the value of DELETE will delete any customer uploaded format configuration XML file.

Retrieving Published RTLog Files

The RTLog Generator Cloud application provides two mechanisms to retrieve the published RTLog files.

- SFTP service provides a way to transfer RTLog files. This method is commonly
 used to post RTLog files to ReSA deployed on Merchandising Cloud. A service
 request has to be filed by a retailer to setup RTLog Generator Cloud to use SFTP.
 - SFTP host and path are made available to the RTLog Generator Cloud deployment team by the retailer.
 - SFTP connectivity utilizes public/private key based authentication. Once the key pair is generated, the public key has to be added to the SFTP server. If the SFTP server is hosted by Merchandising Cloud, the public key will be accessible to the Merchandising Cloud deployment team to add to the SFTP server; if the SFTP server is hosted on-premise, the public key will be handed over to the retailer to add to the SFTP server.
- REST service provides a way to download RTLog files in compressed format (zip files). This is the default delivery method. The REST service endpoint URL is

https://<hostname>/rtlog-generator/rest/rtlog/files/v1/published

HTTP Protocol	Security Protocol	Response Type	Description
GET	OAuth2	application/octet -stream	Returns the oldest RTLog zip file stream, if available. The content-disposition response header contains the name of the attached zip file.
			If no zip file is available, a HTTP 204 no content is returned.

Table 7–3 REST Services to download RTLog Files

Example 7–5 Get Published RTLogs - OAuth2 token request

\$ curl -O -J -H "Authorization: Bearer <token>"

"https://<rlog-generator-host>/rtlog-generator/rest/rtlog/files/v1/published" It is recommended to have a programmable approach to acquire the OAuth2 token and utilizing the token to download the available published RTLog files compared to the command line tools shown as examples above.

Security Configuration

RTLog Generator's web services are secured by requiring HTTPS protocol for transport layer security and require OAuth2 authentication for application level security. All of the Xoffice applications on cloud including the RTLog Generator have a valid OAuth Client (Application) registered with a specific tenant of the Oracle Identity Cloud Service. The ReSA application is required to do the same in order to communicate with the RTLog Generator application via REST web services.

OAuth2 authentication is a two-step process.

- Acquire a valid OAuth2 Bearer token using the IDCS Client Credentials.
- Provide the token value in the HTTP Authorization header for all of the web service requests until the token's validity is expired.

Acquiring IDCS Token

In order to acquire a valid IDCS token, the following information is needed beforehand.

- IDCS tenant host information to build the URL for requesting a token
 - https://<IDCS_TENANT_HOST>/oauth2/v1/token
- ClientID and ClientSecret for the RTLog Generator Client App (that is ReSA application).
- A command line utility or any software that can make HTTP requests with the ability to setup specific header values
 - "curl" in Linux environments
- Access to a command/utility to encode the credentials in base64 format.
 - "base64" command in Linux environments
 - "certutil" command in Windows environments

The following example shows how to request a token using the curl command line tool in a Linux environment. Ensure to replace the clientID, clientSecret and IDCS_TENANT_HOST with the appropriate values.

Example 7–6 Request IDCS Oauth2 Token - OAuth2 Token Request

\$ curl -i -H "Authorization: Basic \$(echo -n clientID:clientSecret | base64)" -H
"Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded;charset=UTF-8" https://<IDCS_
TENANT_HOST>/oauth2/v1/token -d "grant_type=client_credentials&scope=urn:opc:idm:_
_myscopes__"

You may generate Base64 encoded text of the "clientID:clientSecret" ahead of the request and use it directly in the curl command for the Basic Authorization header value. The following example shows the response that contains the token.

Example 7–7 IDCS Oauth2 Token Response - OAuth2 Token Response

```
{"access_token": "<oauth2_token>",
"token_type": "Bearer",
"expires_in": 3600 }
```

The response above shows the token value and the expiration time in seconds. Usually, the token is a sequence of random characters of varying length up to a maximum of 16K.

Provide IDCS Authentication

The following example shows how to provide the OAuth2 token while communicating with RTLog Generator REST services. The following example shows how to request the current active RTLogMappingConfig.xml file. Please make sure to replace the "<token>" with a valid OAuth2 token acquired in the last step and provide the correct RTLog Generator Host value.

Example 7–8 Provide Oauth2 Token - Provide OAuth2 Token for REST Services

\$ curl -i -H "Authorization: Bearer <token>"
"https://<rlog-generator-host>/rtlog-generator/rest/config/file/v1/RTLogMappingCon
fig"

A

Appendix: POSLog to RTLog Mapping Details

The mapping from the POSLog format to the RTLog format is defined in the Xstore configuration file RTLogMappingConfig.xml. This appendix provides details on the following mappings:

- Transaction Type Mapping
- Tender Type Mapping
- Total Tender ID Mapping
- Item Type Mapping
- Reason Code Mapping
- Item Status/Sales Type Mapping

Transaction Type Mapping

- The ReSA transaction type values are defined in code_type TRAT.
- The ReSA sub-transaction type values are defined in code_type TRAS.

Table A-1 describes the Xstore to ReSA transaction type mapping.

Xstore Transaction Type	ReSA Transaction Type TRAT	ReSA Sub-Transaction Type TRAS	Description
ACCOUNT_LOOKUP	OTHER	OTHER	ACCOUNT_LOOKUP transactions are passed from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.
BALANCE_INQUIRY	OTHER	OTHER	BALANCE_INQUIRY transactions are passed from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.
CREDIT_ APPLICATION	OTHER	OTHER	CREDIT_APPLICATION transactions are passed from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.
ESCROW	OTHER	OTHER	ESCROW transactions are passed from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.

Table A-1Transaction Type Mapping

EXCHANGE_RATE		Type TRAS	Description
	OTHER	OTHER	EXCHANGE_RATE transactions are passed from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.
GNRIC	OTHER	OTHER	GNRIC transactions are passed from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.
INVENTORY_ CONTROL	OTHER	OTHER	INVENTORY_CONTROL transactions are mapped from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.
			Xstore should be configured so that inventory control transactions are not generated, and therefore not sent to ReSA.
INVENTORY_ SUMMARY_COUNT	OTHER	OTHER	INVENTORY_SUMMARY_COUNT transactions are mapped from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.
			Xstore should be configured so that inventory summary count transactions are not generated, and therefore not sent to ReSA.
MOVEMENT_ PENDING	OTHER	OTHER	MOVEMENT_PENDING transactions are mapped from Xstore to ReSA for full visibility audit, but not otherwise implemented in ReSA.
			Xstore should be configured so that inventory summary count transactions are not generated, and therefore not sent to ReSA.
NO_SALE	NOSALE	NOSALE	NA
POST_VOID	PVOID	VOID	NA
RETAIL_SALE	SALE	SALE	Regular transaction.
(can be mapped to	NOSALE	SUSPND	Suspend transaction.
multiple ReŜA transaction types	VOID	CANCEL	Cancel transaction.
depending on other conditions)	VOID	CANCEL	Cancel orphaned transaction.
SESSION_CONTROL	OTHER	OTHER	Issue till.
	OTHER	OTHER	Assign till/assign till tender transfer.
	OTHER	OTHER	Attach till.
	OTHER	OTHER	Remove till.
	OTHER	OTHER	Return till.
SYSTEM_CLOSE	CLOSE	CSTORE	Close store.
SYSTEM_OPEN	OPEN	OSTORE	Open store.

 Table A-1 (Cont.) Transaction Type Mapping

Xstore Transaction Type	ReSA Transaction Type TRAT	ReSA Sub-Transaction Type TRAS	Description
TENDER_CONTROL	OPEN	OTILL	Begin till count.
(can be mapped to multiple ReSA transaction types	CLOSE with TOTAL /OTHER	CTILL with CTILLT /OTHER	Till closing count (register accountability/till accountability).
depending on other conditions)	CLOSE and TOTAL	CTILL and CTILLT	Till reconcile. Each counted tender type has a corresponding TOTAL and CTILLT as a THEAD.
	PAIDIN	PITILL	Pay in.
	PAIDOU	POTILL	Pay out.
	OTHER	AUDIT	Till audit.
	PULL	PUTILL	Mid-day deposit. Place funds in store bank.
	OTHER	BANK	Bank deposit.
	LOAN	LOTILL	Till loan (cash transfer).
	PULL	PUTILL	Pick up till (cash pickup).
	OTHER	OTHER	Open store bank.
	OTHER	OTHER	Store bank reconcile.
TENDER_EXCHANGE	PAIDIN	PITILL	NA
TILL_CONTROL	OTHER	OTHER	NA
TIMECLOCK	OTHER	OTHER	Employee clock in.
	OTHER	OTHER	Employee clock out.
TRAINING_MODE_ ENTRY	OTHER	NTRAIN	NA
TRAINING_MODE_ EXIT	OTHER	XTRAIN	NA
WORKSTATION_ CLOSE	CLOSE	CREG	NA
WORKSTATION_ COMPLETE_REMOTE_ CLOSE	CLOSE	CRGRC	NA
WORKSTATION_OPEN	OPEN	OREG	NA
WORKSTATION_ START_REMOTE_ CLOSE	OTHER	CRGRC	NA
GIFT_REGISTRY	OTHER	OTHER	Assign gift registry (register operation)
	OTHER	OTHER	Reissue gift registry (register operation)
RAIN_CHECK	OTHER	OTHER	Redeem rain check.
BATCH_CLOSE	OTHER	OTHER	Credit and debit settlement.

 Table A-1 (Cont.) Transaction Type Mapping

Tender Type Mapping

• The ReSA tender type groups are defined in code_type TENT.

• The ReSA tenders are defined in the seeded data table POS_TENDER_TYPE_ HEAD.

Table A–2 describes the Xstore to ReSA transaction tender type mapping.

Xstore		Xstore POS Lo Type	g Tender Group	ReSA RTLog		
TenderTypeCode	TenderTypeID	Tender Type	Tender ID	TenderTypeGroup	TenderTypeID	
CURRENCY	USD_ CURRENCY	Cash	USD_ CURRENCY	CASH	If primary 1000, if alternate 1010.	
	AUD_ CURRENCY	Cash	AUD_ CURRENCY	CASH	If primary 1000, if alternate 1010.	
	CAD_ CURRENCY	Cash	CAD_ CURRENCY	CASH	If primary 1000, if alternate 1010.	
	EUR_ CURRENCY	Cash	EUR_ CURRENCY	CASH	If primary 1000, if alternate 1010.	
	GBP_ CURRENCY	Cash	GBP_ CURRENCY	CASH	If primary 1000, if alternate 1010.	
CREDIT_CARD	VISA	CreditDebit	VISA	CCARD	3000	
	MASTERCARD	CreditDebit	MASTERCARD	CCARD	3010	
	AMERICAN_ EXPRESS	CreditDebit	AMERICAN_ EXPRESS	CCARD	3020	
	DINERS_CLUB	CreditDebit	DINERS_CLUB	CCARD	3040	
	DISCOVER	CreditDebit	DISCOVER	CCARD	3030	
	ЈСВ	CreditDebit	JCB	CCARD	3090	
	DEBITCARD	CreditDebit	DEBITCARD	DCARD	8000	
ACCOUNT	HOUSE_ ACCOUNT	dtv:Account	HOUSE_ ACCOUNT	CCARD	3120	
	A new type of credit card	CreditDebit	A new type of credit card	CCARD	Map to UNKNW.	
CHECK	CHECK	Check	CHECK	CHECK	If primary 2000, if foreign 2050.	
TRAVELERS_ CHECK	USD_ TRAVELERS_ CHECK	dtv:TravelersC heck	USD_ TRAVELERS_ CHECK	CHECK	If primary 2020, if foreign 2060.	
	CAD_ TRAVELERS_ CHECK	dtv:TravelersC heck	CAD_ TRAVELERS_ CHECK	CHECK	If primary 2020, if foreign 2060.	

Table A–2 Tender Type Mapping

Xstore		Xstore POS Lo Type	og Tender Group	ReSA RTLog	
TenderTypeCode	TenderTypeID	Tender Type	Tender ID	TenderTypeGroup	TenderTypeID
VOUCHER	GIFT_ CERTIFICATE	Voucher	GIFT_ CERTIFICATE	VOUCH	If primary 4030, if foreign 4100.
	ISSUE_GIFT_ CERTIFICATE	Voucher	ISSUE_GIFT_ CERTIFICATE	VOUCH	If primary 4030, if foreign 4100.
	ISSUE_ MERCHANDIS E_CREDIT_ CARD	Voucher	ISSUE_ MERCHANDISE _CREDIT_CARD	VOUCH	4050
	ISSUE_STORE_ CREDIT	Voucher	ISSUE_STORE_ CREDIT	VOUCH	4050
	ISSUE_XPAY_ GIFT_CARD	Voucher	ISSUE_XPAY_ GIFT_CARD	VOUCH	4040
	MALL_ CERTIFICATE	Voucher	MALL_ CERTIFICATE	VOUCH	4060
	MERCHANDIS E_CREDIT_ CARD	Voucher	MERCHANDISE _CREDIT_CARD	VOUCH	4050
	RELOAD_ MERCHANDIS E_CREDIT_ CARD	Voucher	RELOAD_ MERCHANDISE _CREDIT_CARD	VOUCH	4050
	RELOAD_ XPAY_GIFT_ CARD	Voucher	RELOAD_ XPAY_GIFT_ CARD	VOUCH	4040
	STORE_ CREDIT	Voucher	STORE_CREDIT	VOUCH	If primary 4050, if foreign 4090.
	XPAY_GIFT_ CARD	Voucher	XPAY_GIFT_ CARD	VOUCH	4040
COUPON	COUPON	Manufacturer Coupon	COUPON	QPON	5000
	ROOM_ CHARGE	CreditDebit	ROOM_ CHARGE	VOUCH	4050
CREDIT_CARD	PAYPAL	TBD	PAYPAL	PAYPAL	3075
HOME_OFFICE_ CHECK	HOME_ OFFICE_ CHECK	NA	NA	Not supported in th office check tenders used in Xstore if it is ReSA.	should not be

Table A–2 (Cont.) Tender Type Mapping

Total Tender ID Mapping

Table A–3 describes the ReSA mapping for the total ID record in the transaction header.

Xstore ReSA RTLog			
TenderType	TenderID	Total ID	
CURRENCY	USD_CURRENCY	CASH	
	AUD_CURRENCY	CASHAC	
	CAD_CURRENCY	CASHAC	
	EUR_CURRENCY	CASHAC	
	GBP_CURRENCY	CASHAC	
TRAVELERS_CHECK	USD_TRAVELERS_CHECK	TCHECK	
	AUD_TRAVELERS_CHECK	TCHECKAC	
	CAD_TRAVELERS_CHECK	TCHECKAC	
	EUR_TRAVELERS_CHECK	TCHECKAC	
	GBP_TRAVELERS_CHECK	TCHECKAC	
	MXN_TRAVELERS_CHECK	TCHECKAC	
CREDIT_CARD	CREDIT_CARD	CCARD	
VOUCHER	GIFT_CERTIFICATE	GIFTCERT	
	MALL_CERTIFICATE	MALLCERT	
	MERCHANDISE_CREDIT_CARD	MCCARD	
	RELOAD_MERCHANDISE_CREDIT_CARD	RMCCARD	
	RELOAD_XPAY_GIFT_CARD	RXPAYGC	
	STORE_CREDIT	STCRDT	
	XPAY_GIFT_CARD	XPAYGC	
	ISSUE_XPAY_GIFT_CARD	IXPAYGC	
	ISSUE_STORE_CREDIT	ISTCRDT	
	ISSUE_MERCHANDISE_CREDIT_CARD	IMCCARD	
ACCOUNT	HOUSE_ACCOUNT	HACCNT	
COUPON	COUPON	COUPON	

Table A–3 Total Tender ID Mapping

Item Type Mapping

ReSA tender type values are defined in code SAIT and used in the following:

- RTLOG TITEM record, item type field
- Sa_tran_item.item_type

Table A–4 describes the Xstore item type mapping.

Table A–4	Item Type Mapp	oina
14010 /1 /		

Xstore Item Type	ReSA Item Type	Description
Alteration	NMITEM	NA
Deposit	NMITEM	NA
dtv:GiftCertificate	GCN	Gift Card and Gift Certificate

Xstore Item Type	ReSA Item Type	Description
dtv:NonMerchandise	NMITEM	NA
dtv:Payment	NMITEM	NA
Fee	NMITEM	NA
ItemCollection	ITEM	NA
Service	NMITEM	NA
Stock	ITEM	NA
Warranty	NMITEM	NA

 Table A-4 (Cont.) Item Type Mapping

Reason Code Mapping

Xstore has a single set of reason codes, used both for reason codes, price override codes, and other modifications. ReSA separates these concepts into individual sets used in different RTLog fields and saved to different database table/fields. Because reason codes can be mixed coming out of Xstore, ReSA has mapped some code values to multiple code types to avoid the possibility of errors.

ReSA Reason Codes

ReSA reason codes:

Code type REAC

Note: ReSA supports a number of other transaction level reason codes. Only reason codes related to Xstore integration are listed here.

- SA_TRAN_HEAD.REASON_CODE
- Used for further information on a number of transaction types.
- Mapped to Xstore miscellaneous reason codes.

Table A–5 describes the reason code mapping.

Table A–5ReSA Reason Codes

Xstore Reason Code	ReSA Reason Code	Description
PV1	PV1	Cashier Error
PV2	PV2	Supervisors Discretion
PV3	PV3	Customer Satisfaction
NS1	NS1	Making Change
NS2	NS2	Employee Check Cashed
NS3	NS3	Petty Cash In
NS4	NS4	Petty Cash Out
NS5	NS5	Spiff/Bonus Out 1
CF1	CF1	Holiday Adjustment
CF2	CF2	Register Down

Xstore Reason Code	ReSA Reason Code	Description
PAID_IN	PI1	Change from Paid Out
PAID_IN	PI2	Found Money
PAID_IN	PI3	Drawer Loan 1
PAID_IN	TENDEX	Tender exchange
PAID_OUT	PO1	Stocks
PAID_OUT	PO2	Delivery
PAID_OUT	PO3	Postage
PAID_OUT	PO4	Contractor Services
PAID_OUT	PO5	Store Incentives

Table A–5 (Cont.) ReSA Reason Codes

ReSA Return Reason Codes

ReSA return reason codes:

- Code type = SARR
- SA_TRAN_ITEM. RETURN_REASON_CODE

Table A–6 describes the return reason code mapping.

Xstore Reason Code	ReSA Reason Code	Description
RET1	RET1	Did not like
RET2	RET2	Better price somewhere else
RET3	RET3	Did not fit
RET4	RET4	Damaged
RET5	RET5	Exchange
RET6	RET6	Poor quality
RET41	RET41	Open box
RET42	RET42	Unusable
RET43	RET43	Repairable

Table A–6 ReSA Return Reason Codes

ReSA Discount Reason Codes

ReSA discount reason codes:

Code type SADT

Note: ReSA supports a number of other discount types. Only discount types related to Xstore integration are listed here.

■ SA_TRAN_DISC.DISC_TYPE

Table A–7 describes the discount reason code mapping.

Xstore Reason Code	ReSA Reason Code	Description
DC1	S	Incorrect Label
DC2	MS	Manager Discretion
DC3	СР	Price Guarantee
DC4	D	Damage Adjustment
NEW_PRICE_RULE	NEWPRC	New Price Rule
DOCUMENT	DOC	Document
MANUFACTURER_ COUPON	MCOUP	Manufacturer Coupon
REFUND_PRORATION	REFUND	Refund Proration
CALCULATED_ WARRANTY_PRICE	CALWAR	Warranty Price

Table A-7ReSA Discount Reason Codes

ReSA Item Price Override Reason Codes

ReSA item price override reason codes:

- Code type ORRC
- SA_TRAN_ITEM.OVERRIDE_REASON

Table A–8 describes the item price override reason code mapping.

Xstore Reason Code	ReSA Reason Code	Description	
AR_PR_1	AR_PR_1	Insufficient Funds	
AR_PR_2	AR_PR_2	Wrong Amount	
AR_PR_3	AR_PR_3	Wrong Amount	
AR_PR_4	AR_PR_4	Wrong Invoice	
COMMENT	NEWPRC	Other - Enter Comments	
PC1	S	Incorrect Label	
PC2	MS	Supervisors Discretion	
PC3	СР	Competitive Price Match	
PC4	D	Damage Adjustment	
BASE_PRICE_RULE	BSPRC	Base Price Rule	
PROMPT_PRICE_ CHANGE	PROMPT	Price Prompt	
AUTHORIZED_ AMOUNT	AUTHMT	Authorized Amount	

Table A–8 ReSA Item Price Override Reason Codes

Item Status/Sales Type Mapping

ReSA item status:

Code type SASI

• SA_TRAN_ITEM.ITEM_STATUS

Valid values for the ReSA item status are shown in the following table:

V	Voided
S	Sale
R	Return
0	Other
ORI	Order Initiate
ORC	Order Cancel
ORD	Order Complete
LIN	Layaway Initiate
LCA	Layaway Cancel
LCO	Layaway Complete

ReSA sales type:

- Code type SASY
- SA_TRAN_ITEM.SALES_TYPE

Valid values for the ReSA sales type are shown in the following table:

R	Regular
Ι	In-Store Customer Order
Е	External Customer Order

Table A–9 describes the item status and sales type mapping.

Table A–9 ReSA Item Status/Sales Type Mapping

Xstore Item	Xstore Action	ReSA Item Status	ReSA Sales Type
Regular Sale	Sale	S	R
	Return	R	R
	Void	S and V (two lines)	R
Layaway Item	Init	LIN	Ι
	Cancel	LCA	Ι
	Pickup	LCO	Ι
	Void	S and V (two lines)	Ι
Locate Order	Init	ORI	Е
	Cancel	ORC	Е
	Pickup	ORD	Е
	Void when update or pickup	ORC	Е
	Void when Init	S and V (two lines)	Е

Xstore Item	Xstore Action	ReSA Item Status	ReSA Sales Type
Special Order	Init	ORI	Е
	Cancel	ORC	Е
	Pickup	ORD	Е
	Void when update or pickup	ORC	Е
	Void when Init	S and V (two lines)	Е
Work Order	Init	ORI	I
	Cancel	ORC	I
	Pickup	ORD	I
	Void when update or pickup	ORC	I
	Void when Init	S and V (two lines)	Ι
Pre-Sale	Init	ORI	Ι
	Cancel	ORC	Е
	Pickup	ORD	Е
	Void when update or pickup	ORC	Е
	Void when Init	S and V (two lines)	Е
On Hold	Init	ORI	Ι
	Cancel	ORC	I
	Pickup	ORD	Ι
	Void when update or pickup	ORC	I
	Void when Init	S and V (two lines)	Ι
Send Sale	Init	S	R
	Return	R	R
	Void	S and V (two lines)	R

Table A-9 (Cont.) ReSA Item Status/Sales Type Mapping

Appendix: Flat File Mapping

This appendix describes the mapping from the RMS and RPM flat file format to the Xstore database format. Details are provided for the following mappings:

- RMS Diff Group Detail
- RMS Diff Group Header
- RMS Diffs
- RMS Item Header
- RMS Item Location
- RMS Merchandise Hierarchy
- RMS Organizational Hierarchy
- RMS Related Item Detail
- RMS Related Item Header
- RMS Store
- RMS Store Address
- RMS VAT
- RMS VAT Item
- RPM Clearance Price
- RPM Regular Price
- RPM Promotions

RMS Diff Group Detail

Table B–1 describes the RMS Diff Group Detail mapping.

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Family	Value is always DIFFGRPDTL. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B–1 RMS Diff Group Detail Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA	NA	Determines action.
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are:							
		DIFFGRPDTLCRE - Creation of diff group group header information.							
		DIFFGRPDTLMOD - Modification of diff group header information.							
		DIFFGRPDTLDEL - Deletion of diff group header information.							
		Data will always be present in this field.			rms_diff_				
2	DiffGro upId	This field holds the ID of the diff group.	Character	10	rms_diff_ group_ detail	DIFF_ GROUP_ ID	VARCHA R2(10 CHAR)	NA	NA
		Data will always be present in this field.							
3	DiffId	This field holds a unique number ID for the diff.	Character	10	rms_diff_ group_ detail	DIFF_ID	VARCHA R2(10 CHAR)	NA	NA
		Data will always be present in this field.							
4	Display Seq	Optional sequence to describe the order in which diffs within the diff group should be displayed in user interfaces.	Character	4	rms_diff_ group_ detail	DISPLAY _SEQ	NUMBER (4)	NA	NA
		Data is optional in this field.							
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_diff_ group_ detail	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	NA
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_diff_ group_ detail	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	NA

Table B–1 (Cont.) RMS Diff Group Detail Mapping

RMS Diff Group Header

Table B–2 describes the RMS Diff Group Header mapping.

 Table B-2
 RMS Diff Group Header Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Family	Value is always DIFFGRPHDR. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA	NA	Determines action.
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are:							
		DIFFGRPHDRCRE - Creation of diff group group header information.							
		DIFFGRPHDRMO D - Modification of diff group header information.							
		DIFFGRPHDRDEL - Deletion of diff group header information.							
		Data will always be present in this field.							
2	DiffGro upId	This field holds a unique number ID for the differentiator group. As primary ID, DiffGroupId cannot be modified.	Character	10	rms_diff_ group_ head	DIFF_ GROUP_ ID	VARCHA R2(10 CHAR)	NA	NA
		Data will always be present in this field.							

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
3	DiffGro upDesc	Description of the differentiator group (for example: Men's Shirt Sizes, Women's Shoe Sizes, Girls Dress Sizes, Shower Gel Scents, Yogurt Flavors, and so on).	Character	120	rms_diff_ group_ head	DIFF_ GROUP_ DESC	VARCHA R2(120 CHAR)	NA	NA
		Data will always be present in this field in the DIFFGRPHDRCRE and DIFFGRPHDRMO D records.							
4	DiffTyp eId	This field holds a value of the types of differentiators contained in this differentiator group including, but not limited to:	Character	6	rms_diff_ group_ head	DIFF_ TYPE	VARCHA R2(6 CHAR)	NA	NA
		S - size							
		C - color							
		F - flavor							
		E - scent							
		P - pattern							
		Data will always be present in this field in the DIFFGRPHDRCRE and DIFFGRPHDRMO D records.							
5	DiffTyp eDesc	Contains the description of the differentiator type.	Character	120	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored. It is already captured in
		Data will always be present in this field in the DIFFGRPHDRCRE and DIFFGRPHDRMO D records.							the diff id tab.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_diff_ group_ head	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	NA	NA
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_diff_ group_ head	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	NA	NA

Table B–2 (Cont.) RMS Diff Group Header Mapping

RMS Diffs

Table B–3 describes the RMS Diffs mapping.

Table B–3 RMS Diffs Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Family	Value is always DIFFS. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode. If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are: DIFFCRE - Creation of diff information. DIFFMOD -	Character	15	NA	NA	NA		Determines action.
		Modification of diff information. DIFFDEL - Deletion of diff information. Data will always be present in this field.							
2	DiffId	Contains the unique ID of the diff. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	10	rms_diff_ ids	DIFF_ID	VARCHA R2(10 CHAR)	NA	Also used to populate rms_diff_ group_ detail for the default Diff Group membershi p.
3	DiffDes c	Contains the text description of the diff. Data will always exist in this field for DIFFCRE and DIFFMOD.	Character	120	rms_diff_ ids	DIFF_ DESC	VARCHA R2(120 CHAR)	NA	NA
4	DiffTyp e	Contains the type code for the diff. All diffs belong to one and only one type. Data will always exist in this field for DIFFCRE and DIFFMOD.	Character	6	rms_diff_ ids	DIFF_ TYPE	VARCHA R2(6 CHAR)	NA	Also used to populate rms_diff_ group_ head for the default Diff Group.

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
5	DiffTyp eDesc	Contains the description of the diff. Data will always exist in this field for DIFFCRE and DIFFMOD.	Character	120	rms_diff_ ids	DIFF_ TYPE_ DESC	VARCHA R2(120 CHAR)	NA	Also used to populate rms_diff_ group_ head for the default Diff Group.
6	Industr yCode	Can optionally hold the unique code used by industry standards to identify the differentiator. For example, in the US, the National Retail Federation defines a standard Color and Size Codes that gives retailers, vendors, and manufacturers a common language for product color and size identification for EDI purposes. This supplements the information conveyed by UPC codes. For example, mens pants size combination 32x32 has an NRF code number 10492.	Character	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
7	Industr ySubgro up	Can optionally hold a sub-grouping code used by industry standards to further identify the differentiator. For example, in the US, the National Retail Federation uses a subgroup for colors (for example, purple is defined as 500; dark purple represents a range from 501 to 509, medium purple represents a range from 510 to 519, bright purple represents a range from 520 to 529, and so on).	Character	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_diff_ ids	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	NA

Table B–3 (Cont.) RMS Diffs Mapping

 Table B–3
 (Cont.)
 RMS Diffs Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_diff_ ids	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	NA

RMS Item Header

Table B–4 describes the RMS Item Header mapping.

 Table B-4
 RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Family	Value is always ITEMS. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
1	Туре	Value is always FULLHDR when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA	NA	Determines action.
		In delta mode, valid values are:							
		ITEMHDRCRE							
		ITEMHDRMOD							
		ITEMHDRDEL							
		Data will always be present in this field.							
2	Locatio n	For corporate level files, this field holds the string CORPORATE. In location specific files, this field holds the numeric ID of the store of WH.	Character	10	itm_item, itm_ item_ dimensio n_value, itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	ORG_ CODE, ORG_ VALUE	VARCHA R(30)	"*"	Dimension Value and Dimension Type are only used for Style items.
3	Item	ID of the item. This field will always have data.	Character	25	itm_item, itm_ item_ dimensio n_value, itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	ITEM_ID, DIMENSI ON_ SYSTEM	VARCHA R(60)	NA	DIMENSIO N_ SYSTEM is populated with ItemID for Style items.

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
4	ItemPar ent	ID of the parent of the item. ItemParents can be used as a mechanism to group items together. The ItemParent will also exist as an Item in another row. Data is optional in this field for many items.	Character	25	itm_item, itm_ cross_ reference	PARENT _ITEM_ ID, ITEM_ID	VARCHA R(60)	NA	If the record represents a UPC item, an itm_item_ cross_ reference record is created. Otherwise, the parent is stored in itm_ item.parent _item_id. If a UPC item, ItemParent is set in itm_item_ cross_ reference.it em_id, and the item is stored in itm_item_ cross_ reference.m anufacturer _upc.
5	ItemGra ndpare nt	ID of the grandparent of the Item. ItemGrandparents can be used as a mechanism to group items together. The ItemGrandparent will also exist as an Item in another row. Data is optional in this field for many items.	Character	25	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
6	PackInd	This field indicates if the item is a pack. A pack is a type of item that acts as a collection of other items. Packs have a Y value. Regular items have an N value.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
7	SimpleP ackInd	This field indicates if the pack item is a simple pack. A simple pack is a collection that consists of multiple of the same item (for example, 10 pack of the same item). Only simple packs have a Y value. Both complex packs (which consist of a mixture of different items) and regular items have an N value.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
	ItemLev el	Number indicating in which of the three levels the item resides. The item level determines if the item stands alone or if it is part of a family of related items.	Number	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Used to distinguish Item from Style, and UPC from Item.
		The concept is best explained with the following typical (although not exhaustive) examples.							
		Staple items generally have a item level = 1. UPCs for staple items generally have an item level = 2 (and the staple item is the UPC's parent item).							
		Fashion styles generally have an item level = 1. Fashion skus generally have an item level = 2. UPCs for fashion skus generally have an item level = 3.							
		Valid values are 1, 2, and 3.							
		This field will always have data.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
9	TranLev el	Number indicating which of the three levels of transactions occur for the item's group. The transaction level is the level at which the items inventory is tracked in the system. The transaction level item will be inventoried, counted, transferred, shipped, and so on. Only one level of the hierarchy of an item family may contain transaction level items. The concept is best explained with the following typical (although not exhaustive)	Number	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Used to distinguish Item from Style, and UPC from Item.
		examples. Staple items generally have a TranLevel = 1. UPCs for staple items generally have a TranLevel = 1 (inventory transactions occur at the staple sku level; sales of the item roll up to the parent staple sku).							
		Fashion styles generally have a TranLevel = 2 (the style itself is not sold/inventoried).							
		Fashion skus generally have an TranLevel = 2 (the fashion sku is sold/inventoried).							
		UPCs for fashion skus generally have a TranLevel = 2 (the fashion sku is sold/inventoried).							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
	TranLev el (Contin ued)	There are some rare cases in vendor-managed inventory where the TranLevel equals 3.							
		Valid values are 1, 2, and 3.							
		This field will always have data.							
10	Invento ryInd	This indicator is used to determine if inventory is held for the item/item family. Inventory is not held (value = N) in some cases, such as:	Character	1	itm_item	NOT_ INVENT ORIED_ FLAG	NUMBE R(1,0)	NA	When N, then 1; otherwise 0.
		Concession items that are sold by independent in location concessions.							
		Consignment items that are not owned by the retailer; financial and inventory processing occurs after the item is sold to a consumer.							
		Containers sold/returned for deposit.							
		Some items that are transformed for sale.							
		Valid values are Y and N.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
11	Diff1Le vel	This field describes whether the Diff1 information represents a Diff Group or Diff ID.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Used to identify Style Item. When GROUP, Det Lee b
		A Diff Group is a collection of possible Diff IDs. When assigned to a parent item, the diffs in the diff group limit the possible diff IDs that can be assigned to a child of the parent item.							DataLoade r fetches RMS DIFF Group Details to create Dimension System informatio n. When ID, DataLoade
		Valid Values are GROUP and ID.							r fetches the Default DIFF
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							Group for the Diff1Type.
12	Diff1Ty pe	This field contains the type of the Diff1 information. Valid values can be configured by the retailer. Common examples include:	Character	6	itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	DIMENSI ON	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	NA	Only used when Diff1Level is provided.
		C - Color WS - Waist Sizes							
		F - Flavor							
		SC - Scent							
		Note that these examples are not consistent or required. They are presented here simply to help explain the field.							
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
13	Diff1	This field contains the ID of the Diff1 information. If the Diff1Level is GROUP, this field contains a Diff Group ID. If the Diff1Level is ID, it contains the ID of a diff (a size, color, and so on.)	Character	10	itm_item	DIMENSI ON1	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	NA	NA
		This field is optional.							
14	Diff2Le vel	This field describes whether the Diff2 information represents a Diff Group or Diff ID.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Used to identify Style Item. When GROUP,
		A Diff Group is a collection of possible Diff IDs. When assigned to a parent item, the diffs in the diff group limit the possible diff IDs that can be assigned to a child of the parent item.							DataLoade r fetches RMS DIFF Group Details to create Dimension System informatio n. When ID, DataLoade
		Valid values are GROUP and ID.							r fetches the Default
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							DIFF Group for the Diff2Type.

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
15	Diff2Ty pe	This field contains the type of the Diff2 information. Valid values can be configured by the retailer. Common examples include:	Character	6	itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	DIMENSI ON	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	NA	Only used when Diff2Level is provided.
		C - Color							
		WS - Waist Sizes							
		F - Flavor							
		SC - Scent							
		Note that these examples are not consistent or required. They are presented here simply to help explain the field.							
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							
16	Diff2	This field contains the ID of the Diff2 information. If the Diff1Level is GROUP, this field contains a Diff Group ID. If the Diff1Level is ID, it contains the ID of a diff (a size, color, and so on).	Character	10	itm_item	DIMENSI ON2	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	NA	NA
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
17	Diff3Le vel	This field describes whether the Diff3 information represents a Diff Group or Diff ID.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Used to identify Style Item. When GROUP,
		A Diff Group is a collection of possible Diff IDs. When assigned to a parent item, the diffs in the diff group limit the possible diff IDs that can be assigned to a child of the parent item.							DataLoade r fetches the RMS DIFF Group Details to create the Dimension System informatio n. When ID,
		Valid values are GROUP and ID.							DataLoade r fetches
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							the Default DIFF Group for the Diff3Type.
18	Diff3Ty pe	This field contains the type of the Diff3 information. Valid values can be configured by the retailer. Common examples include:	Character	6	itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	DIMENSI ON	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	NA	Only used when Diff3Level is provided.
		C - Color							
		WS - Waist Sizes							
		F - Flavor							
		SC - Scent Note that these examples are not consistent or required. They are presented here simply to help explain the field.							
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
19	Diff3	This field contains the ID of the Diff3 information. If the Diff1Level is GROUP, this field contains a Diff Group ID. If the Diff1Level is ID, it contains the ID of a diff (a size, color, and so on). Data is optional in	Character	10	itm_item	DIMENSI ON3	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	NA	NA
		this field for many items.							
20	Diff4Le vel	This field describes whether the Diff4 information represents a Diff Group or Diff ID.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		A Diff Group is a collection of possible Diff IDs. When assigned to a parent item, the diffs in the diff group limit the possible diff IDs that can be assigned to a child of the parent item.							
		Valid values are GROUP and ID.							
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
21	Diff4Ty pe	This field contains the type of the Diff4 information. Valid values can be configured by the retailer. Common examples include:	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		C - Color							
		WS - Waist Sizes							
		F - Flavor							
		SC - Scent							
		Note that these examples are not consistent or required. They are presented here simply to help explain the field.							
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							
22	Diff4	This field contains the ID of the Diff4 information. If the Diff1Level is GROUP, this field contains a Diff Group ID. If the Diff1Level is ID, it contains the ID of a diff (a size, color, and so on).	Character	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							
23	Dept	Number identifying the department in the merchandise hierarchy to which the item belongs.	Number	4	itm_item	MERCH_ LEVEL_2 (or configure d level)	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	NA	D is always appended to the value. The value is
		If the item has a parent, the item's department will be the same as that of its parent.							used to look up the parent from the loc_org_ hierarchy
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							to populate merch_ level_1.

 Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
24	Class	Number identifying the class in the merchandise hierarchy to which the item belongs.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		If the item has a parent, the item's class will be the same as that of its parent.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
25	Unique Class	Number uniquely identifying the class node to which the item belongs.	Number	10	itm_item	MERCH_ LEVEL_3 (or configure	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	NA	C is always appended to the value.
		Class ID is not unique in the level of the merchandise hierarchy. The combination of Dept/Class is unique, but requires the use of a composite key.				d level)			
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
26	Subclas s	Number identifying the subclass in the merchandise hierarchy to which the item belongs.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Subclass ID is not unique in the level of the merchandise hierarchy. The combination of Dept/Class/Subcla ss is unique.							
		If the item has a parent, the item's class will be the same as that of its parent.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
27	Unique Subclas s	Number uniquely identifying the subclass node to which the item belongs.	Character	10	itm_item	MERCH_ LEVEL_4 (or configure d level)	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	NA	S is always appended to the value.
		Subclass ID is not unique in the level of the merchandise hierarchy. The combination of Dept/Class/Subcla ss is unique, but requires the use of a composite key.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
28	Status	Item life cycle status of the item.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		For this release, this field always contains the character A as only approved items are exported.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
29	ItemDes c	Long description of the item. This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.	Character	250	com_ translatio ns	TRANSL ATION	VARCHA R2(4000 CHAR)	NA	If Location is CORPORA TE, the com_ translations record is created using ItemDesc.
30	Seconda ryItem Desc	Secondary description of the item.	Character	250	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
31	ShortDe scriptio n	Shortened item description. This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.	Character	120	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
32	BrandN ame	This field contains the brand associated to an item.	Character	30	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
33	Mercha ndiseIn d	Indicates if the item is a merchandise item (Y, N).	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	If N, then NON_ PHYSICAL
		Merchandise items are generally physical items (things that must be shipped/received and of which there is an inventory). Non-merchandise items are often items which do not have inventory. Common examples include extra fees for service (extended warranties, alterations) or endlessly available items (downloads, in-app purchases of bonus content, subscriptions). All items, both merchandise and non-merchandise, are exported from RMS. This field will always have data for all records.							item so the record is skipped.

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
34	Primary Refltem Ind	Indicates if the sub-transaction level item is designated as the primary sub-transaction level item.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		For transaction level items and above, the value in this field will be N.							
		For sub-transaction level items, this field may be either Y (if the current record is a primary UPC) or N (if the current record is not the primary UPC).							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
35	CostZo neGrou pId	Cost zone group associated with the item for ELC calculations.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
36	Standar dUOM	Unit of measure in which stock of the item is tracked at a corporate level.	Character	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Unit of measure may have to be manually synchronized between the systems as this is foundation data that is not currently bulk integrated out of Merchandising.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
37	UOMC onvFact or	Conversion factor between an Each and the standard_ uom when the standard_uom is not in the quantity class (such as if standard_uom = lb and 1 lb = 10 eaches, this factor will be 10). This factor is used to convert sales and stock data when an item is retailed in eaches, but does not have eaches as its standard unit of measure. Data is optional in	Number	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		this field.							
38	Package Size	Holds the size of the product printed on any packaging (for example, 24 ounces). This field can be used for reporting purposes and to determine same sized and different sized items.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
39	Package UOM	Holds the unit of measure associated with the package size. This field can be used for reporting purposes and to determine same sized and different sized items.	Character	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
40	StoreOr dMulti	Merchandise shipped from the warehouses to the stores must be specified in this unit type. Valid values are: C = Cases; I = Inner; E = Eaches. This field will	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
41	Forecast Ind	Indicates if sales forecasts will be produced for this item. Valid values are: Y, N.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
42	Original Retail	The original retail price of the item per unit. This field is stored in the primary currency of the Merchandising systems.	Number	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
43	Original RetailC urrency	The currency code of the OriginalRetail.	Character	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Code	Data is optional in this field.							
44	MfgRec Retail	Data is optional in this field.	Number	20	itm_item	LIST_ PRICE	NUMBE R(17,6)	NA	NA
45	MfgRec RetailC urrency Code	The currency code of the MfgRecRetail.	Character	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Coue	Data is optional in this field.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
46	RetailLa belType	This field indicates any special label type associated with an item (that is, pre-priced or cents off). This field is used in RMS for reporting purposes only. Data is optional in this field.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
47	RetailLa belValu e	This field represents the value associated with the RetailLabelType. Data is optional in this field.	Number	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
48	ItemAg gregateI nd	This field holds an indicator of whether the retailer wants to aggregate inventory and sales for the item with the inventory and sales of other child items.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		For staple items, this indicator is N. For fashion items, this indicator may be Y. If this indicator is Y, the retailer may also define which diff positions should be aggregated into item/diff combinations.							
		Aggregated sales and inventory planning data can be used for inventory decision making and other reporting.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

 Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
49	Diff1Ag gregateI nd	This field holds an indicator (Y/N) of whether the retailer wants to aggregate inventory and sales for the item by the first Diff defined for the item (such as Style/Color).	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Aggregated sales and inventory planning data can be used for inventory decision making and other reporting.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
50	Diff2Ag gregateI nd	This field holds an indicator (Y/N) of whether the retailer wants to aggregate inventory and sales for the item by the first Diff defined for the item (such as Style/Waist Size).	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Aggregated sales and inventory planning data can be used for inventory decision making and other reporting.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
51	1 Diff3Ag gregateI nd	This field holds an indicator (Y/N) of whether the retailer wants to aggregate inventory and sales for the item by the first Diff defined for the item (such as Style/Inseam).	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Aggregated sales and inventory planning data can be used for inventory decision making and other reporting.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
52	Diff4Ag gregateI nd	This field holds an indicator (Y/N) of whether the retailer wants to aggregate inventory and sales for the item by the first Diff defined for the item (such as Style/Pattern).	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Aggregated sales and inventory planning data can be used for inventory decision making and other reporting.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
53	ItemNu mberTy pe	This field holds a code descriptor of the type of item number. Valid values for this field include, but are not limited to:	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
	I I	ITEM - Oracle Retail Item Number							
		UPC-A - UCC12							
		UPC-AS - UCC12 with Supplement							
		UPC-E - UCC8							
		UPC-ES - UCC8 with Supplement							
		EAN8 - EAN/UCC-8							
		EAN13 - EAN/UCC-13							
		EAN13S - EAN/UCC-13 with Supplement							
		ISBN10 - SBN-10							
		ISBN13 - ISBN-13							
		NDC - NDC/NHRIC - National Drug Code							
		PLU - PLU							
		VPLU - Variable Weight PLU							
		SSCC - SSCC Shipper Carton							
		UCC14 - EAN/UCC-14							
		MANL - Manual							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD							
	records.								

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
54	FormatI D	This field holds the format ID that corresponds to the item's variable UPC. This value is only used for items with variable weight PLU/variable weight UPCs (ItemNumberType = VPLU). Valid values include, but are not limited to: A 1-4-6-1 B 1-5-5-1 C 1-4-6-1 D 1-5-5-1 E 2-4-5-1 F 2-4-5-1 F 2-4-5-1 G 2-5-4-1 H 2-5-5-1 I 2-4-6-1 J 2-4-6-1	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		K 2-5-5-1 In the case of a type A, this means the total barcode will be at least 6 digits. The prefix of the barcode will be 1 digit in the first position. The item ID is 4 digits and will be in digits 2 to 5 of the barcode. The variable weight will start in digit 6 of the barcode and be at least 1 (possibly more digits). Data is optional in this field, and can only exist for the ItemNumberType =							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
55	Prefix	This column holds the prefix for variable weight UPCs. The size of the prefix (1 or 2 digits) depends on the FormatID. The prefix is used to standardize variable weight UPCs.	Number	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field, and can only exist for the ItemNumberType = VPLU.							
56	RecHan dlingTe mp	Holds the temperature information associated with the item. Valid values include, but are not limited to:	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		FRIDGE - Keep Refrigerated at 35°F/1.6°C							
		FROZEN - Keep Frozen at 0°F/-18C							
		ROOM - Keep at Room Temperature							
		Data is optional in this field.							
57	RecHan dlingSe ns	Holds the sensitivity information associated with the item. Valid values include, but are not limited to:	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		AERO - Aerosol Container - flammable							
		COMPUS - Combustible							
		EXPLOD - Explosive							
		FRAG - Fragile							
		TOXIC - Toxic							
		Data is optional in this field.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
58	Perisha bleInd	Grocery item attribute used to indicate whether an item is perishable. Valid values are Y and N.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
59	WasteTy pe	Identifies the wastage type as either sales or spoilage wastage. Sales wastage occurs during processes that make an item saleable (for example, fat is trimmed off at customer request). Spoilage wastage occurs during the products shelf life (for example, evaporation causes the product to weigh less after a period of time). Valid values are: SP - Spoilage SL - Sales Wastage is not applicable to pack items. Data is optional in this field.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
60	WastePc t	Average percent of wastage for the item over its shelf life. Used in inflating the retail price for wastage items.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							

 Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
61	Default WastePc t	Default daily wastage percent for spoilage type wastage items. This value defaults to all item locations and represents the average amount of wastage that occurs on a daily basis. Data is optional in	Number	12	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		this field.							
62	Constan tDimIn d	This field will always have data.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
63	Contain sInnerI nd	Indicates that the dimensions of the product are always the same, regardless of the supplier. Valid values are Y and N.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
64	Sellable Ind	Indicates if the item may be sold as a unit. If it is Y, the item will have its own unique unit retail. If it is N, the item will not have a unit retail.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
65	Orderab leInd	Indicates if the item may be ordered as a unit.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Valid values are:							
		Y - Yes, this item/pack may be ordered from a single supplier.							
		N - No, this item/pack may not be ordered from a single supplier.							
		Non-orderable items might be transformed or produced (in-house bakery items for example) by the retailer. Examples might include, but are not limited to:							
		Ground beef item is not orderable because the retailer orders a side of beef and transforms it into ground beef.							
		In-house bakery items are not orderable because the retailer produces them in house.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

 Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
66	PackTy pe	Indicates if a pack item is a vendor pack or a buyer pack.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		A vendor pack is a pack that the vendor or supplier recognizes and sells to the retailer. If the pack item is a vendor pack, communication with the supplier will use the vendor pack number.							
		A buyer pack is a pack that a buyer has created for ease of use within the retail business. If the pack item is a buyer pack, communication with the supplier will explode the pack out to its component items.							
		This field will only contain data if the item is a pack item. If the pack item is not orderable, this field must be NULL. Valid values are: V - Vendor, B - Buyer.							
		Data is optional in this field.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

	RMS	ont.) RMS Item Head	RMS	RMS			Xstore	Xstore	
Po s	Field Name	RMS Description	Field Type	Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Data Type	Default Value	Xstore Comment
67	OrderA sType	Indicates if a pack item is receivable at the component level or at the pack level (for a buyer pack only). This field is required if a pack item is an orderable buyer pack. This field must be NULL if the pack is sellable only or a vendor pack. This field will only be available if the item is a pack item. Valid values are:	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		E - Eaches (component level)							
		P - Pack (buyer pack only)							
		Data is optional in this field.							
68	ItemSer viceLev el	Default shipping option for consumers. Valid values include, but are not limited to:	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		2DAY - Second Day							
		GRND - Ground OVRNT - Overnight							
		POVRNT - Priority Overnight							
		Data is optional in this field.							
69	GiftWra pInd	This field contains a value of Y if the item is eligible to be gift wrapped. If not explicitly defined, this field defaults to N.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
70	ShipAlo neInd	This field contains a value of Y if the item must be shipped alone to consumers. If not explicitly defined, this field defaults to N. This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		ITEMHDRMOD records.							
71	ItemXfo rmInd	This field contains a value of Y if the item is associated with an item transformation. The item will either be the sellable item or orderable item in the transformation process. Transformations include a side of beef (orderable transformation item) cut into steaks/ground beef and so on (sellable transformation items). This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		ITEMHDRMOD records.							
72	CatchW eightIn d	Indicates whether the item should be weighed when it arrives at a location. Valid values for this field are Y and N.	Character	1	itm_item	MEASUR E_REQ_ FLAG	NUMBE R(1,0)	NA	If Y, then 1.
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
73	CatchW eightTy pe	This field holds the catch weight type for a simple pack catch weight item. The value is based on the component items order_type and sale_type.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		2 - order_type = Variable Weight, sale_type = Loose Weight							
		4 - order_type = Variable Weight, sale_type = Variable Weight Each							
		Data is optional in this field and will only exist for catch weight, simple pack items.							
74	CatchW eightOr derType	This field holds a code that indicates how catch weight items are ordered. Valid values are:	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		F - Fixed weight							
		V - Variable weight							
		Data is optional in this field and will only exist for catch weight items.							
75	CatchW eightSal eType	This field holds a code that indicates how catch weight items are sold in store locations. Valid values are:	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		V - variable weight each							
		L - Loose weight							
		Data is optional in this field and will only exist for catch weight items.							
76	CatchW eightU	UOM for Catchweight Items.	Character	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
	OM	Data is optional in this field and will only exist for catch weight items.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
77	Deposit ItemTyp e	This is the deposit item component type.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		A NULL value in this field indicates that this item is not part of a deposit item relationship. Valid values include:							
		E - Contents							
		A - Container							
		Z - Crate							
		T - Returned Item (Empty bottle)							
		P - Complex pack (with deposit items)							
		The Returned Item is flagged only to enable these items to be mapped to a separate GL account if required.							
		Data is optional in this field.							
78	Contain erItem	This field holds the container item number for a contents item. This field is only populated and required if the DepositItemType is E. It will hold an item number that has a DepositItemType of A.	Character	25	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
79	Deposit InPrice PerOU M	This field indicates if the deposit amount is included in the price per UOM calculation for a contents item ticket. This value is only required if the DEPOSIT_ITEM_ TYPE = E. Valid values are: I - Includes deposit	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		amount E - Excludes deposit amount							
		Data is optional in this field.							
80	SOHInq uiryAtP ackInd	This field indicates if stock on hand inquiries from downstream systems should be allowed at the pack level for this item.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		It defaults to N for non-pack items.							
		This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							
81	Notiona lPackIn d	If this indicator is Y, SIM and other downstream systems should track pack inventory at the pack level. If the indicator is N, SIM and other downstream systems track inventory at the component level. It defaults to N for	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		non-pack items. This field will always have data for the ITEMHDRCRE and ITEMHDRMOD records.							

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
82	Comme nts	Holds any free-form comments associated with the item. Data is optional in this field.	Character	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item	MERCH_ LEVEL_1	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	NA	Populated by looking up the parent of the merch_ level_2 value in loc_org_ hierarchy.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item	ITEM_ TYPCOD E	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	STAND ARD	NA
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item	DESCRIP TION	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)	NA	Contains synthesize d Translation key following the pattern: "+item:[ITE M ID]:descrip tion". Key maps to the com_ tranlsation record populated from RMS ItemLoc.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item	NAME	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)	NA	Contains synthesize d Translation key following pattern: "+item:[ITE M ID]:descrip tion". Key maps to com_ tranlsation record populated from RMS ItemLoc.

 Table B-4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_ item_ dimensio n_value, itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	ORGANI ZATION _ID	NUMBE R(10,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses default value.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_ item_ dimensio n_value, itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	CREATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type =ITEMHD RMOD.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_ item_ dimensio n_value, itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	CREATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Not set when Type =ITEMHD RMOD.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_ item_ dimensio n_value, itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type =FULLHD R.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_ item_ dimensio n_value, itm_ item_ dimensio n_type	UPDATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Not set when Type =FULLHD R.

Table B–4 (Cont.) RMS Item Header Mapping

RMS Item Location

Table B–5 describes the RMS Item Location mapping.

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Family	Value is always ITEMLOC. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
1	Туре	Value is always FULLITEMLOC when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA	NA	Determines action.
		In delta mode, valid values are:							
		ITEMLOCCRE							
		ITEMLOCMOD							
		ITEMLOCDEL							
		Data will always be present in this field.							
2	LocTyp e	This field indicates whether the location is a Store or Warehouse. Valid values are:	Character	1	itm_item_ options	LEVEL_ CODE	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	STORE	If not S, entire record is ignored.
		S - Store							
		W - Warehouse							
		E - External Finisher							
		Data will always be present in this field.							
3	Locatio n	This field holds the numeric ID of the store of WH.	Number	10	itm_item_ options	LEVEL_ VALUE	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	NA	NA
		Data will always be present in this field.							
4	Item	ID of the item.	Character	25	itm_item_	ITEM_ID	VARCHA	NA	NA
		Data will always be present in this field.			options		R2(60 CHAR)		
5	ItemPar ent	ID of the parent of the item. Item parent does not vary by location, but is included in this feed as a denormalized convenience for downstream systems.	Character	25	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored, obtained from ItemHdr feed.
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							

Table B–5 RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
6	ItemGra ndpare nt	ID of the grandparent of Item. Item grandparent does not vary by location, but is included in this feed as a denormalized convenience for downstream systems.	Character	25	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored, obtained from ItemHdr feed.
		Data is optional in this field for many items.							
7	InitialU nitRetai l	Initial Unit Retail of the item in the item's standard unit of measure.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field for some type of items. Data is only included in this field for the ITEMLOCCRE and FULLITEMLOC records.							
		After initial item creation, unit retail and other pricing information should come from RPM. If this program is run in full mode and produces FULLITEMLOC records, a full extract from RPM of							
		pricing should also be performed to update all price records.							

Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
8	Selling UnitRet ail	Data is optional in this field for some type of items. Data is only included in this field for the ITEMLOCCRE and FULLITEMLOC records. After initial item creation, unit retail and other pricing information should come from RPM. If this program is run in full mode and produces FULLITEMLOC records, a full extract from RPM of pricing should also be performed to update all price records.	Number	20	itm_item_ prices	PRICE	NUMBER (17,6)	NA	When non-null, a Regular Price Event record will be created in itm_ item_ prices.
9	Currenc yCode	Currency Code of retail values. This field should be populated for the ITEMLOCCRE and FULLITEMLOC records that have InitialUnitRetail and SellingUnitRetail values.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
10	Selling UOM	Data is optional in this field for some type of items. Data is only included in this field for the ITEMLOCCRE and FULLITEMLOC records.	Character	4	itm_item_ options	UNIT_ OF_ MEASUR E_CODE	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	NA	NA
11	TaxableI nd	Indicates if the item is taxable at the location. This field will always have data for FULLITEMLOC, ITEMLOCCRE, and ITEMLOCMOD.	Character	1	itm_item_ options	TAX_ GROUP_ ID	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	0	If N, then 0, or configured value, (dataloader -beans.xml)

Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
12	LocalIte mDesc	Contains the local description of the item. This may be the same as the primary description of the item, a regional description of the item (jimmies versus sprinkles in the US or roll versus bap versus cob versus bun in the UK), or a value in a local language (Overlay dress - true black knit at US stores versus Lagenkleid - Strick, tiefschwarz at stores in Germany). The intent is that this string is appropriate to print this description on signage/receipts at this location. This field will always have data.	Character	250	com_ translatio ns	TRANSL ATION	VARCHA R2(4000 CHAR)	NA	If translated, ItemDescri ptionsEnabl ed is true (see dataloader- beans.xml), and then com_ translations record is created using ItemDesc. It is recommend ed that translated ItemDescri ptionsEnabl ed be set to false when loading Xcenter because non-local description s are used in translation records when loading ItemHdr.
13	LocalSh orDesc	May contain an abbreviated local description of the item. This may be the same as the primary abbreviated description of the item, an abbreviation of regional description of the item, or an abbreviation in a local language. The intent is that this string is appropriate to print this description on signage/receipts at this location. Data is optional in this field.	Character	120	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
14	Ti	Number of shipping units (cases) that make up one tier of a pallet of this item for this location. A location may use a local pallet configuration if there are special space or receiving configurations that make typical pallets impractical. Multiply TI by HI to get the total number of cases for	Number	12	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		a pallet. Data is optional in this field.							
15	Hi	Number of tiers that make up a complete pallet (height). A location may use a local pallet configuration if there are special space or receiving configurations that make typical pallets impractical.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Multiply TI by HI to get the total number of cases for a pallet.							
		Data is optional in this field.							
16	StoreOr derMult iple	Contains the multiple in which the item needs to be shipped from a warehouse to the location.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		This field will always have data for FULLITEMLOC, ITEMLOCCRE, and ITEMLOCMOD.							

Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
17	Status	Current status of item at the location. Valid values are:	Character	1	itm_item_ options	ITEM_ AVAILAB ILITY_	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR,	NA	If itemLoc:sta tus=A or C,
		A - Active, item is valid and can be ordered and sold.				CODE, STOCK_ STATUS	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)		the item_ availability _code is Available.
		I - Inactive, item is valid, but cannot be ordered or sold.							If itemLoc:sta tus=I or D,
		C - Discontinued, item is valid and sellable, but no longer orderable .							the item_ availability _code is NA. If itemLoc:sta
		D - Delete, item is pending delete and cannot be ordered or sold.							tus=C, the stock_ status is DISCONTI
		This field will always have data for FULLITEMLOC, ITEMLOCCRE, and ITEMLOCMOD.							NUED. Otherwise, stock_ status is null.
18	DailyW astePct	Average percentage lost from inventory on a daily basis due to natural wastage.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
19	Measur eOfEac h	Size of an each in terms of the uom_ of_price, for example, 12 oz. This information can be used in ticketing and display to consumers.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
20	Measur eOfPric e	Size to be used on the ticket in terms of the uom_of_ price. For example, if the user wants the ticket to have the label print the price per ounce, this value would be 1. If the user wants the price per 100 grams, this value would be 100. Used in ticketing.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							

 Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
21	UomOf Price	Unit of measure that is used on the ticket for this item.	Character	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
22	Primary Variant	This field is used to address sales of PLUs (that is, above transaction level items) when inventory is tracked at a lower level (that is, UPC). This field only contains a value for items one level higher than the transaction level. Valid choices are any transaction level item that is a child of this item. In order to select a transaction level item as the primary variant, the item/location relationship must exist at the transaction level. When a transaction level item is specified as a primary variant for an item higher than the transaction level item as the primary variant, the item/location relationship must exist at the transaction level. When a transaction level item is specified as a primary variant for an item higher than the transaction level item (that is, UPC) and the higher than transaction level item (that is, PLU) will be sent to the POS to allow the store to sell the PLU. The information sent for the PLU will be the same information sent for the transaction level item (that is, UPC). Data is optional in	Character	25	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							

 Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
23	Primary CostPac k	This field contains an item number that is a simple pack containing the item in the item column for this record. If populated, the cost of the future cost table will be driven from the simple pack and the deals and cost changes for the simple pack. Data is optional in this field.	Character	25	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
24	Primary Supplie r	Numeric identifier of the supplier who will be considered the primary supplier for the specified item/loc. The supplier/origin country combination will determine the value of the unit cost field on item_loc. If the supplier is changed and ELC = N, the unit cost field on item_loc will be updated with the new supplier's cost. Data is optional in this field.	Number	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
25	Primary OriginC ountry	Contains the identifier of the origin country which will be considered the primary country for the specified item/location. Data is optional in this field.	Character	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
26	Receive AsType	This column determines whether the stock on hand for a pack component item or the buyer pack itself will be updated when a buyer pack is received at a warehouse. Valid values are Each or Pack. Data is optional in this field.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
27	Inboun dHandl ingDays	This field indicates the number of inbound handling days for an item at a warehouse type location. Data is optional in this field.	Number	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
28	Source Method	This value is used to specify how the ad-hoc PO/TSF creation process should source the item/location request. If the value is Warehouse, the process will attempt to fill the request by creating a transfer from the warehouse in the source_wh field. If this warehouse does not have enough inventory to fill the request, a purchase order will be created for the item/location's primary supplier. For warehouses, it is used by Oracle Retail Allocation to determine the valid sources and destinations for warehouse to warehouse allocations. Data is optional in this field.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
29	Source Wh	This value is used by the ad-hoc PO/Transfer creation process to determine from which warehouse to fill the stores request. It is also used by the Allocation process to support warehouse to warehouse allocations. A value is required in this field if the sourcing method is Warehouse. Data is optional in this field.	Number	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
30	UinTyp e	This column contains the unique identification number (UIN) used to identify the instances of the item at the location. Data is optional in this field.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Used to determine a Serialized Item. If empty, itm_ item.seriali zed_item_ flag is set to 0. Otherwise, itm_ item.seriali zed_item_ flag is set to 1.
31	UinLab el	This column contains the label for the UIN when displayed in SIM. Data is optional in this field.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
32	Capture TimeIn Proc	This field. This column indicates when the UIN should be captured for an item during transaction processing. Data is optional in this field.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
33	ExtUinI nd	This Yes/No indicator indicates if the UIN is being generated in the external system.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		This field will always have data for FULLITEMLOC, ITEMLOCCRE, and ITEMLOCMOD.							
34	Intentio nallyRa ngedIn d	Determines if the location is ranged intentionally by the user for replenishment/selli ng (Y) or incidentally ranged (N) by the RMS programs when the item is not ranged to a specific location on the transaction.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		This field will always have data for FULLITEMLOC, ITEMLOCCRE, and ITEMLOCMOD.							
35	Costing Locatio n	Numeric identifier of the costing location for the franchise store. This field may contain a store or a warehouse.	Number	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
36	Costing LocTyp e	This field holds the type of costing location in the CostingLocation field.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
37	Launch Date	Holds the date that the item should first be sold at the location; in the human readable format DD-MON-YYYY.	Character	12	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							

Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
38	QtyKey Options	Determines whether the qty key on a POS should be used for this item at the location. Valid values include, but are not limited to: R - Required P - Prohibited O - Optional Data is optional in this field.	Character	6	itm_item_ options	PROMPT _FOR_ QUANTI TY_ FLAG, FORCE_ QUANTI TY_OF_ ONE_ FLAG	NUMBER (1,0)	NA	PROMPT_ FOR_ QUANTIT Y_FLAG - 1 if R, otherwise 0. FORCE_ QUANTIT Y_OF_ ONE_ FLAG - 1 if P, otherwise 0.
39	Manual PriceEn try	Determines whether the price can/should be entered manually on a POS for this item at the location. Valid values include, but are not limited to:	Character	6	itm_item_ options	PROMPT _FOR_ PRICE_ FLAG	NUMBER (1,0)	NA	1 if R, othewise 0.
		R - Required							
		P - Prohibited							
		O - Optional Data is optional in this field.							
40	Deposit Code	Indicates if a deposit is associated with this item at the location. Deposits are not subtracted from the retail of an item uploaded to RMS, and so on. This kind of processing is the responsibility of the client and should occur before sales are sent to ReSA and RMS.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
41	FoodSta mpInd	Indicates whether the item is approved for food stamps at the location. This indicator does not impact processing in ReSA and RMS.	Character	1	itm_item_ options	FOODST AMP_ ELIGIBLE _FLAG	NUMBER (1,0)	NA	1 if Y, otherwise 0.
		Data is optional in this field.							
42	WicInd	Indicates whether the item is approved for WIC at the location. This indicator does not impact processing in ReSA and RMS.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
43	Proporti onalTar ePct	Holds the value associated for the packaging in items sold by weight at the location. The proportional tare is the proportion of the total weight of a unit of an item that is packaging (that is, if the tare item is bulk candy, this is the proportional of the total weight of one piece of candy that is the candy wrapper). Data is optional in this field.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
44	FixedTa reValue	Holds the value associated for the packaging in items sold by weight at the location. Fixed tare is the tare of the packaging. This value is fixed, regardless of how much of the item is sold (that is, if the tare item is bulk candy, this is weight of the bag and twist tie). Data is optional in this field.	Number	12	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
45	FixedTa reUom	Holds the unit of measure value associated with the tare value.	Character	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
46	Reward EligibleI nd	Holds whether the item is legally valid for various types of bonus point/award programs at the location.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
47	NatlBra ndCom pItem	Holds the nationally branded item to which the current item should be compared.	Character	25	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
48	ReturnP olicy	Holds the return policy for the item at the location. Retailers may configure any number of return policies.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
49	StopSal eInd	Indicates that sale of the item should be stopped immediately at the location (that is, in case of recall, and so on).	Character	1	itm_item_ options	ITEM_ AVAILAB ILITY_ CODE	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR	NA	If stopSaleInd =Y, item_ availability _code is RECALL. Otherwise,
		Data is optional in this field.							see the itemLoc:sta tus mapping.
50	ElectMt kClub	Holds the code that represents the marketing clubs to which the item belongs at the location. Retailers may configure any number of marketing clubs.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							

Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
51	Report Code	Code to determine which reports the location should run.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
52	ReqShel fLifeOn Selectio n	Holds the required shelf life for an item on selection in days. This field is not required.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
53	ReqShel fLifeOn Receipt	Holds the required shelf life for an item on receipt in days.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
54	IBShelf Life	Holds the Investment Buy-specific shelf life for the item/location in days.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
55	StoreRe orderab leInd	Indicates whether the store may reorder the item. This field is required to be either Y - yes or N - no. The field defaults to N.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
56	RackSiz e	Indicates the rack size that should be used for the item. This field is not required.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
57	FullPall etItem	Indicates whether a store must reorder an item in full pallets only. This field is required to be either Y - yes or N - no. The field defaults to N.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							

 Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
58	InStore Market Basket	Holds the in-store market basket code for this item/location combination.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
59	Storage Locatio n	Holds the current storage location or bin number for the item at the location.	Character	7	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
60	AltStora geLocat ion	Holds the preferred alternate storage location or bin number for the item at the location.	Character	7	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
61	Returna bleInd	This field contains a value of Yes when the item can be returned to the location.	Character	1	itm_item_ options	NOT_ RETURN ABLE_ FLAG	NUMBER (1,0)	NA	1 if N, otherwise 0.
		Data is optional in this field.							
62	Refund ableInd	This field contains a value of Yes when the item is refundable at the location.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							
63	BackOr derInd	This field contains a value of Yes when the item can be back-ordered to the location.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		Data is optional in this field.							

Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
64	Mercha ndiseIn d	Note that the MerchandiseInd does not vary by locations (items are not physical entities in one location and fees in another). The MerchandiseInd is denormalized to the item/location level because it is a common use case for some downstream systems to care only about physical or non-physical items. This field is denormalized to assist those systems in their filtering logic. All items, both merchandise and non-merchandise, are exported from RMS. This field will always have data for all records.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	If N, then NON_ PHYSICAL item so record is skipped.
65	Clearan ceInd	A flag indicating if the item is in clearance price or regular price. "Y" for clearance price and "N" for regular price.							
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_item_ options	ORGANI ZATION_ ID	NUMBER (10,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses default value.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_item_ options	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type =ITEMLOC MOD.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_item_ options	CREATE_ USER_ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Not set when Type =ITEMLOC MOD.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_item_ options	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type =FULLITE MLOC.

Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item, itm_item_ options	UPDATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Not set when Type =FULLITE MLOC.

Table B–5 (Cont.) RMS Item Location Mapping

RMS Merchandise Hierarchy

Table B–6 describes the RMS Merchandise Hierarchy mapping.

 Table B–6
 RMS Merchandise Hierarchy Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Family	Value is always MERCHHIERARC HY.	Character	20	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	NA	NA	NA	No need to store this information. This information is only consumed by the transformer to determine the feed type.

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	NA	NA	NA	No need to store this information This
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary, and be composed of the entity (DIVISION, GROUP, DEPT, CLASS, SUBCLASS) and the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Examples include:							information is only consumed by the transformer to determine the action type.
		DIVISIONCRE							
		DIVISIONMOD							
		DIVISIONDEL							
		GROUPCRE							
		GROUPMOD							
		GROUPDEL							
		DEPTCRE							
		DEPTMOD							
		DEPTDEL							
		CLASSCRE							
		CLASSMOD							
		CLASSDEL							
		SUBCLASSCRE							
		SUBCLASSMOD							
		SUBCLASSDEL							
		Note: Deleting a node of the merchandise hierarchy is unusual, and can only be done if no items are associated with the node.							

Table B–6 (Cont.) RMS Merchandise Hierarchy Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
2	Hierarc hyLevel	Value is always DIVISION, GROUP, DEPT, CLASS, SUBCLASS. This field cannot be null.	Character	10	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	level_ code	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	NA	level
		This information identifies the level of the merchandise hierarchy that is described by this record.							
		It is not possible to modify a HierarchyLevel on an existing record.							
3	Hierarc hyNode Id	HierarchyNodeId is only unique within a HierarchyLevel (meaning it is possible, for example, that there is both a DIVISION 1 and a GROUP 1 in the full merchandise hierarchy).	Number	10	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	heirarchy _id	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	NA	heirarchy id+first letter of hierarchy level.
		It is not possible to modify HierarchyNodeId on an existing record.							
4	Hierarc hyNode Name	Name of the organizational hierarchy entity. This field cannot be null.	Character	150	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	descriptio n	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)	NA	node name
		Description data is only sent in the primary integration language of the system.							
		HierarchyNodenam e can be modified.							

Table B–6 (Cont.) RMS Merchandise Hierarchy Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
5	ParentL evel	Level of the organizational hierarchy above the current node. Both ParentLevel and ParentId should be evaluated to correctly traverse the hierarchy. It is not possible to modify ParentLevel on an existing record.	Character	10	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	NA	NA	NA	This ID is used to validate the parent child relationship. It is not persisted into the database, but plays a key role in the parent child relationship validation of the merchandis e hierarchy.
6	ParentI d	ID of the level of the organizational hierarchy above the current node. Both ParentLevel and ParentId should be evaluated to correctly traverse the hierarchy. ParentId can be modified, meaning	Number	10	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	parent_id	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	NA	parent heirarchy id
		it is possible to change the division to which a group belongs.							

Table B–6 (Cont.) RMS Merchandise Hierarchy Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
7	Grandp arentMe rchDisp layId	Only populated for SUBCLASS entities. For subclasses, this column holds the department ID used for display purposes in RMS (department is the grandparent of subclass).	Number	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		Note that in RMS, dept, class, and subclass display IDs are combined to form a composite unique key. Every department can have a class 1. Every class in Department 1000 can have a subclass 1. Looking only at the display IDs, all three values are required for uniqueness.							
8	parent MerchD isplayId	Only populated for CLASS and SUBCLASS entities.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		For classes, this column holds the department ID used for display purposes in RMS (department is the parent of class).							
		For subclasses, this column holds the class ID used for display purposes in RMS.							
		Note that in RMS, dept, class, and subclass display IDs are combined to form a composite unique key. Every department can have a class 1. Every class in Department 1000 can have a subclass 1. Looking only at							
		1. Looking only at the display IDs, all three values are required for uniqueness.							

Table B–6 (Cont.) RMS Merchandise Hierarchy Mapping

P os	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
9	merchD isplayId	Only populated for DEPARTMENT, CLASS, and SUBCLASS entities.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		For departments, this column holds the department display ID.							
		For classes, this column holds the class display ID.							
		For subclasses, this column holds the subclass display ID.							
		Note that in RMS, dept, class, and subclass display IDs are combined to form a composite unique key. Every department can have a class 1. Every class in Department 1000 can have a subclass 1. Looking only at the display IDs, all three values are required for uniqueness.							
	NA	NA	NA	NA	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	NA	NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	CREATE_ USER_ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	NA	NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	NA	NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	ITM_ MERCH_ HEIRAR CHY	UPDATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	NA	NA

Table B–6 (Cont.) RMS Merchandise Hierarchy Mapping

RMS Organizational Hierarchy

Table B–7 describes the RMS Organizational Hierarchy mapping.

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Family	Value is always ORGHIERARCHY.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA	NA	Determines action.
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary, and be composed of the entity (COMP, CHAIN, AREA, REGION, DISTRICT, STORE, WH) and the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Examples include:							
		COMPCRE - Creation of a Company node.							
		COMPMOD - Modification of a Company node.							
	CHAINCRE - Creation of Chain node.								
		CHAINMOD - Modification of a Chain node.							
		CHAINDEL - Delete of Chain node.							
		AREACRE - Creation of an Area node.							
		AREAMOD - Modification of Area node.							
		AREADEL - Delete of Area node.							
	REGIONCRE -	Creation of Region							
		REGIONMOD - Modification of Region node.							
		REGIONDEL - Delete of Region node.							
		DISTRICTCRE - Creation of District node.							

Table B–7 RMS Organizational Hierarchy Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
	Type (Contin ued)	DISTRICTMOD - Modification of District node.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		DISTRICTDEL - Delete of a District node.							
		STORECRE - Creation of a Store node.							
		STOREMOD - Modification of Store node.							
		STOREDEL - Delete of Store node.							
		WHCRE - Creation of WH node.							
		WHMOD - Modification of WH node.							
		WHDEL - Delete of WH node.							
		Note: Deletion of Company node is not allowed.							
2	Hierarc hyLevel	Value is always COMPANY, CHAIN, AREA, REGION, DISTRICT, STORE, or WAREHOUSE. This field cannot be null.	Character	10	loc_org_ hierarchy	org_code	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	NA	For the root COMPANY node, the column is hard-coded as "*".
		This information identifies the level of the organizational hierarchy that is described by this record.							
		It is not possible to modify a HierarchyLevel on an existing record.							

Table B–7 (Cont.) RMS Organizational Hierarchy Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
3	Hierarc hyNode Id	This information identifies the node of the organizational hierarchy that is described by this record. This field cannot be null.	Number	10	loc_org_ hierarchy	org_code	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	NA	For the root COMPANY node, the column is hard-coded as "*".
		HierarchyNodeld is only unique within a HierarchyLevel (meaning it is possible, for example, that there is both a DISTRICT 1 and a REGION 1 in the full organizational hierarchy). It is not possible to							
		modify HierarchyNodeId on an existing record.							
4	Hierarc hyNode Name	Name of the organizational hierarchy entity. This field cannot be null.	Character	150	loc_org_ hierarchy	descriptio n	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)	NA	NA
		Description data is only sent in the primary integration language of the system.							
		HierarchyNodenam e can be modified.							

Table B–7 (Cont.) RMS Organizational Hierarchy Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
5	ParentL evel	Level of the organizational hierarchy above the current node. Both ParentLevel and ParentId should be evaluated to correctly traverse the hierarchy.	Character	10	loc_org_ hierarchy	parent_ code	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	NA	For the root COMPANY node, the column is hard-coded as null. For the second level
		ParentLevel is null for the COMPANY, but will exist for all other hierarchy levels. Warehouses always have the COMPANY node as their ParentLevel.							CHAIN node, the column is hard-coded to "*".
		It is not possible to modify ParentLevel on an existing record.							
6	ParentI d	ID of the level of the organizational hierarchy above the current node. Both ParentLevel and ParentId should be evaluated to correctly traverse the hierarchy.	Number	10	loc_org_ hierarchy	parent_ value	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	NA	For the root COMPANY node, the column is hard-coded as null. For the second level
		ParentId is null for the COMPANY, but will exist for all other hierarchy levels. Warehouses always have the COMPANY node ID as their ParentId.							CHAIN node, the column is hard-coded to "*".
		ParentId can be modified, meaning it is possible to change the REGION ID that a DISTRICT ID belongs to (but a DISTRICT will always belong to a REGION as it is not possible to change the ParentLevel).							

Table B–7 (Cont.) RMS Organizational Hierarchy Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
7	MgrNa me	Manager of the current node of the hierarchy.	Number	10	loc_org_ hierarchy	level_mgr	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)	NA	NA
		MgrName is null for the COMPANY, and is optional for CHAIN, AREA, REGION, DISTRICT, and WAREHOUSE. It will always exist for STORE in Cre and Mod records.							
		MrgName can be modified.							
8	Currenc yCode	Currency of the current node of the hierarchy.	Character	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		CurrencyCode is null for the COMPANY and optional for CHAIN, AREA, REGION, DISTRICT, and WAREHOUSE. It will always exist for STORE in Cre and Mod records.							
		CurrencyCode can be modified for a CHAIN, AREA, REGION, and DISTRICT. It cannot be modified for a STORE or Warehouse.							
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_org_ hierarchy	level_ order	NUMBER (10,0)	NA	0 - COMPANY 10 - CHAIN 20 - AREA 30 -
									80 - REGION 40 -
									DISTRICT 1000 -
									STORE 2000 - Warehouse
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_org_ hierarchy	sort_ order	NUMBER (10,0)	NA	Always set to 0.

Table B–7 (Cont.) RMS Organizational Hierarchy Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_org_ hierarchy	inactive_ flag	NUMBER (1,0)	NA	Use default 0.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_org_ hierarchy	ORGANI ZATION_ ID	NUMBER (10,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses default value.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_org_ hierarchy	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type represents UPDATE.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_org_ hierarchy	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type represents CREATE.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	UPDATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Always set.

Table B–7 (Cont.) RMS Organizational Hierarchy Mapping

RMS Related Item Detail

Table B–8 describes the RMS Related Item Detail mapping.

 Table B–8
 RMS Related Item Detail Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Family	Value is always ITEMS. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
1	Туре	Value is always FULLRELITEMDET when the program is run in full mode. If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are: RELITEMDETCRE RELITEMDETCRE RELITEMDETDEL Data will always be present in this field.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA	NA	Determines Action. Relationshi pType is looked up from rms_ related_ item_head by Relationshi pId, Location, and Organizatio nId.

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
2	Relation shipID	Unique identifier for each relationship header. Data will always be present in this field.	Number	10	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_	EXTERN AL_ID	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	NA	NA
3	RelatedI tem	Item ID of the related item Data will always be present in this field.	Character	25	items itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	ATTACH ED_ ITEM_ID, SUBSTIT UTE_ ITEM_ID	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	NA	NA
4	Locatio n	For corporate level files, this field holds the string CORPORATE. In location specific files, this field holds the numeric ID of the store of WH. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	10	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	LEVEL_ VALUE	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	NA	NA
5	Priority	Priority is only defined if the relationship is of the type SUBS at the related item header level. In the case of multiple related substitute items, this column could be used (optionally) to define relative priority. If there are multiple substitute items, it is possible not to define a priority, in which case all possible substitutions have the same relative priority. Data is optional in this field.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B–8 (Cont.) RMS Related Item Detail Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
6	StartDat e	Optional start date that the item should be used in the relationship in DD-MON-YYYY format. If defined, this date indicates the first date the item should be offered as an upsell, substitute, or cross sell. Data is optional in this field.	Character	11	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	BEGIN_ DATETI ME	TIMESTA MP(6)	NA	NA
7	EndDat e	Optional end date that the item should be used in the relationship; in DD-MON-YYYY format. If defined, this date indicates the last date the item should be offered as an upsell, substitute or cross sell. Data is optional in this field.	Character	11	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	END_ DATETI ME	TIMESTA MP(6)	NA	NA
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	ORGANI ZATION_ ID	NUMBER (10,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses default value.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type =RELITEM DETMOD.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	CREATE_ USER_ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Not set when Type =RELITEM DETMOD.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type =FULLREL ITEMDET.

Table B–8 (Cont.) RMS Related Item Detail Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_ substitute _items, itm_ attached_ items	UPDATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Not set when Type =FULLREL ITEMDET.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_ attached_ items	PROMPT _TO_ ADD_ FLAG	NUMBER (1,0)	TRUE	Configurab le in dataloader- beans.xml.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_ attached_ items	PROMPT _TO_ ADD_ MSG_ KEY	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)	_ commo nAttach edItems Prompt	Configurab le in dataloader- beans.xml.

Table B–8 (Cont.) RMS Related Item Detail Mapping

RMS Related Item Header

Table B–9 describes the RMS Related Item Header mapping.

Table B–9 RMS Related Item Header Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Family	Value is always ITEMS. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
1	Туре	Value is always FULLRELITEMHD R when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA	NA	Determines action. MOD will move records
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are:							between itm_ substute_ items and item_ attached_ items when the
		RELITEMHEADCR E RELITEMHEADM							modified record represents a relationship
		OD RELITEMHEADDE L							type change between
		Data will always be present in this field.							CRSL/UPS L and SUBS.

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
2	Relation shipID	Unique identifier for each relationship header. Data will always be present in this field.	Number	20	rms_ related_ item_ head	RELATIO NSHIP_ ID	NUMBER (20,0)	NA	Used as externaId in itm_ substute_ items and item_ attached_ items records.
3	Item	Item for which the relationships are defined. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	25	rms_ related_ item_ head	ITEM	VARCHA R2(25 CHAR)	NA	When SUBS, this is the primaryIte m. When CRSL/UPS L, this is the soldItem.
4	Locatio n	For corporate level files, this field holds the string CORPORATE. In location specific files, this field holds the numeric ID of the store of WH. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	10	rms_ related_ item_ head	LOCATI ON	VARCHA R2(10 CHAR)	NA	Used as levelValue in itm_ substute_ items and item_ attached_ items records.
5	Relation shipNa me	Name given to the relationship. Data will always be present in this field for the RELITEMHEADCR E and RELITEMHEADM OD records, but will not be present for RELITEMHEADDE L records.	Character	255	rms_ related_ item_ head	RELATIO NSHIP_ NAME	VARCHA R2(255 CHAR)	NA	Ignored.

Table B–9 (Cont.) RMS Related Item Header Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
6	Relation shipTyp e	Describes the type of relationship. Valid values are: CRSL Cross Sell SUBS Substitution UPSL Up Sell Data will always be present in this field for the RELITEMHEADCR E and RELITEMHEADM OD records, but will not be present for RELITEMHEADDE L records.	Character	6	rms_ related_ item_ head	RELATIO NSHIP_ TYPE	VARCHA R2(6 CHAR)	NA	Determines the .type of Xstore related item. SUBS = Xstore Substitute Items, CRSL/UPS L = Xstore Attached Items.

Table B–9 (Cont.) RMS Related Item Header Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
7	Mandat oryInd	This field indicates whether the relationship should be mandatory.	Character	1	rms_ related_ item_ head	MANDA TORY_ IND	VARCHA R2(1 CHAR)	NA	No logic is based on this data.
		For example, an item such as a laptop may have a mandatory cross sell relationship. The related items could be power cords for the US, UK, Mainland Europe, India, and so on. When the laptop is sold, it should be mandatory that one of the related power cords also be selected. Note that RMS/ReSA do not validate that the mandatory related item is also sold. Generally, only cross sell relationships are mandatory. Substitution and upsell relationships can be defined as mandatory is at the discretion of the client and generally means that substitution or upsell must, as business process, be offered to consumers. Data will always be present in this field for the RELITEMHEADCR E and RELITEMHEADM OD records, but will not be present							
		for RELITEMHEADDE L records.							

Table B–9 (Cont.) RMS Related Item Header Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_ related_ item_ head	ORGANI ZATION_ ID	NUMBER (10,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses default value.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_ related_ item_ head	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type =ITEMHD RMOD.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	rms_ related_ item_ head	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type =FULLREL ITEMHDR
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	item_ item_ options	ATTACH ED_ ITEMS_ FLAG	NUMBER (1,0)	NA	Set to 1 when CRSL or UPSL, otherwise 0 for Item.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	item_ item_ options	SUBSTIT UTE_ AVAILAB LE_FLAG	NUMBER (1,0)	NA	Set to 1 when SUBS, otherwise 0 for Item.

Table B–9 (Cont.) RMS Related Item Header Mapping

RMS Store

Table B–10 describes the RMS Store mapping.

Table B–10RMS Store Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Family	Value is always STORES. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA	NA	Determines action.
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are:							
		STORECRE - Creation of an Area node							
		STOREMOD - Modification of Area node							
		STOREDEL - Delete of Area node							
		Data will always be present in this field.							
2	StoreId	Contains the unique ID of the store. Data will always be present in this field.	Number	10	loc_rtl_ loc, tax_ rtl_loc_ tax_ mapping	STORE_ NBR, RTL_ LOC_ID	NUMBER (10,0)	NA	NA
3	StoreNa me	Contains the full name of the store. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	150	loc_rtl_ loc	DESCRIP TION	VARCHA R(254)	NA	NA
4	StoreNa me10	Contains a shortened, no more than 10 character name, for the store. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	10	loc_rtl_ loc	STORE_ NAME	VARCHA R(254)	NA	NA
5	StoreNa meAbbr	Contains an abbreviation for the store name. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
6	StoreNa meSec	Contains an secondary name for this store. Data in this field is optional.	Character	150	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

 Table B–10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
7	StoreCl assId	Contains the code letter indicating the class of which the store is a member. Valid values are A, B, C, D, E, and X. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
8	StoreCl assDesc	Contains the description of the store class. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	250	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
9	Manage r	Contains the name of the store manager. Data will always be present in this field. for creation and modification records.	Character	120	loc_rtl_ loc	STORE_ MANAG ER	VARCHA R(254)	NA	NA
10	OpenD ate	Contains the date on which the store opened. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records. Format is YYYYMMDD.	Date	8	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
11	CloseD ate	Contains the date on which the store closed. Data in this field is optional. Format is YYYYMMDD.	Date	8	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
12	Aquire Date	Contains the date on which the store was acquired. Data in this field is optional. Format is YYYYMMDD.	Date	8	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
13	Remode lDate	Contains the date on which the store was last remodeled. Data in this field is optional. Format is YYYYMMDD.	Date	8	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B–10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
14	FaxNu mber	Contains the fax number for the store. Data in this field is optional.	Character	20	loc_rtl_ loc	TELEPH ONE_2	VARCHA R(32)	NA	Optional fax number.
15	PhoneN umber	Contains the phone number for the store. Data in this field is optional.	Character	20	loc_rtl_ loc	TELEPH ONE_1	VARCHA R(32)	NA	Optional phone number.
16	Email	Holds the email address for the location. Data in this field is optional.	Character	100	loc_rtl_ loc	EMAIL_ ADDR	VARCHA R(254)	NA	Optional email address.
17	TotalSq Feet	Contains the total square footage of the store. Data in this field is optional.	Number	8	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
18	SellingS qFeet	Contains the total square footage of the stores selling area. Data in this field is optional.	Number	8	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
19	LinearD istance	Holds the total merchandisable space of the location. Data in this field is optional.	Number	8	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
20	VatRegi on	Contains the number of the Value Added Tax region in which this store is contained. Data in this field is optional.	Number	4	tax_rtl_ loc_tax_ mapping	taxLocati onId	VARCHA R2(60)	NA	NA
21	VatInclI nd	Indicates whether Value Added Tax will be included in the retail prices for the store. Valid values are Y or N. Data in this field is optional.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
22	StockH oldingI n	This column indicates whether the store can hold inventory. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

 Table B–10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

Table B–10	(Cont.)	RMS Store	Mapping
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Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
23	Channe IId	Contains the channel with which the store is associated. Data in this field is optional.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
24	Channe lName	Contains the name of the channel. Data in this field is optional.	Character	120	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
25	StoreFo rmat	Contains the number indicating the format of the store. Data in this field is optional.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
26	StoreFo rmatNa me	Contains the description of the format of the store (for example, mall, standalone, city express, and so on). Data in this field is optional.	Character	60	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
27	MallNa me	Contains the name of the mall in which the store is located. Data in this field is optional.	Character	120	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
28	District	Contains the number of the district in which the store is a member. Data will always be present in this field. for creation and modification records. Further organizational hierarchy information is available in the Organizational Hierarchy Extract.	Number	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
29	Transfer Zone	NA	Number	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
30	Default Wh	Contains the number of the warehouse that may be used as the default for creating cross-dock masks.	Number	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
31	StopOr derDay s	Contains the number of days before a store closing when the store will stop accepting orders. This column is used when the store_ close_date is defined.	Number	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
32	StartOr derDay s	Contains the number of days before the store_ open_date that the store will begin accepting orders. Data will always be present in this field. for creation and modification records.	Number	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
33	Currenc yCode	This field contains the currency code under which the store operates. Data will always be present in this field. for creation and modification records.	Character	3	loc_rtl_ loc	CURREN CY_ID	VARCHA R(3)	NA	ISO Currency Code.
34	StoreLa ngISOC ode	This column identifies the language to be used for the given store. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B–10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
35	TranNo Generat e	Contains the level at which unique POS transaction numbers are generated. If the store has one sequence number that is used for all registers, then the value in this column will be S (Store). Otherwise, the store has unique sequence numbers for each register and the value in this column will be R (Register). Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
36	IntPOSI nd	records. Indicates whether or not the POS system at the store is integrated. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
37	DunsN umber	This field holds the Dun and Bradstreet (D&B) number to identify the store. A D&B number is a unique identification number for each physical location of a business. A DUNS number may be issued to any business worldwide, and is required by many credit reporting, national government, and trade organizations. Data in this field is optional.	Character	9	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
38	DunsLo c	Legacy, generally not used. Data in this field is optional.	Character	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B–10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
39	SisterSt ore	This field holds a store number which is used to relate the current store to the historical data of an existing store. Data in this field is optional.	Number	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
40	TsfEntit yId	Data in this field is optional.	Number	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
41	OrgUnit Id	Column contains the organizational unit ID value. Data in this field is optional.	Number	15	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
42	AutoRc v	This column indicates whether the client is allowing automatic receipt for the store. Valid values are Y (Yes), N (No), and D (System Default). Default value should be D. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
43	Remerc hInd	Identifies stores that are undergoing a significant re-merchandising effort. Defaults to N. Other values may be present if AIP is integrated with RMS. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
44	StoreTy pe	This indicates whether a particular store is a franchise (F) or company store (C). Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	6	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

 Table B–10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
45	WFCust omer	Numeric ID of the customer. Data in this field is optional.	Number	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
46	Timezo ne	Indicates the time zone of the store. For example, America/New_ York. Data will always be present in this field for creation and modification records.	Character	64	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
47	Custom erOrder LocInd	This column determines whether the location is a customer order location. If the indicator is Y, the location can be used by OMS for sourcing/ fulfillment or both. Otherwise, it cannot be used. It is used only for the company stores.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	STORE_ NBR	VARCHA R(254)	NA	Always RMS StoreId.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc, tax_ rtl_loc_ tax_ mapping	ORGANI ZATION_ ID	NUMBER (10,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses the default value.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	LOCATI ON_ TYPE	VARCHA R(60)	STORE	Value can be configured in dataloader- beans-xml. If not configured, then null.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	use_till_ accountab ility_flag	NUMBER (1,0)	FALSE	Value can be configured in dataloader- beans-xml.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type = STOREMO D.

Table B–10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	CREATE_ USER_ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Not set when Type = STOREMO D.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Always set.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	UPDATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Always set.

 Table B–10 (Cont.) RMS Store Mapping

RMS Store Address

Table B–11 describes the Store Address mapping.

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Family	Value is always STORES. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode. If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are: STOREDTLCRE Creation of store address information. STOREDTLMOD Modification of store address information. STOREDTLDEL Deletion of store address information. STOREDTLDEL Deletion of store address information. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA	NA	Determines action. FULL, STOREDTL CRE, and STOREDTL MOD are all interpreted as updates to an existing loc_rtl_loc record. STOREDTL DEL results in the setting of all non-PK address mapped fields with an empty string.
2	StoreId	Contains the unique ID of the store. Data will always be present in this field.	Number	10	loc_rtl_ loc	RTL_ LOC_ID	NUMBER (10,0)	NA	NA

 Table B-11
 RMS Store Address Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
3	AddrTy pe	Contains the code used to identify the address type. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	Must match the configurabl e AddrType code, otherwise record is ignored.
4	AddrTy peDesc	Description of the address type code. Common examples include:	Character	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		01 - Business, 02 - Postal, 03 - Returns, 04 - Order, 05 - Invoice, 06 - Remittance							
		Optional.							
5	Primary AddrIn d	Indicates whether the address is the primary address for the address type. Valid values are Y and N. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	If not Y, the entire record is ignored.
6	Add1	Contains the first line of the address. Data will always be present in this field for STOREDTLCRE and STOREDTLMOD.	Character	240	loc_rtl_ loc	ADDRES S1	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)	NA	NA
7	Add2	Contains the second line of the address. Optional.	Character	240	loc_rtl_ loc	ADDRES S2	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)	NA	NA
8	Add3	Contains the third line of the address. Optional.	Character	240	loc_rtl_ loc	ADDRES S3	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)	NA	NA
9	City	Contains the name of the city that is associated with the address. Data will always be present in this field for STOREDTLCRE and STOREDTLMOD.	Character	120	loc_rtl_ loc	CITY	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	NA	NA
10	County	Contains the county name for the location. Optional.	Character	250	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
11	State	Contains the state abbreviation for the address. Optional.	Character	3	loc_rtl_ loc	STATE	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	NA	NA

Table B–11 (Cont.) RMS Store Address Mapping

Po s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
12	Countr y	Contains the country where the address exists, using ISO 3166-1 alpha-2. Data will always be present in this field for STOREDTLCRE and STOREDTLMOD.	Character	3	loc_rtl_ loc	COUNTR Y	VARCHA R2(254 CHAR)	NA	NA
13	PostCo de	Contains the postal code name for the location. Optional.	Character	30	loc_rtl_ loc	POSTAL_ CODE	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	NA	NA
14	Jurisdic tionCod e	Contains the tax jurisdiction code for the location. Optional.	Character	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
15	Contact Name	Contains the name of the contact person at this address. Optional.	Character	120	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
16	Contact Phone	Contains a phone number of the contact person at this address. Optional.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
17	Contact Fax	Contains a fax number of the contact person at this address. Optional.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
18	Contact Email	Contains an email for the contact person at this address. Optional.	Character	100	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	ORGANI ZATION_ ID	NUMBER (10,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses default value.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	NA
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	loc_rtl_ loc	UPDATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	NA

Table B–11 (Cont.) RMS Store Address Mapping

RMS VAT

Table B–12 describes the RMS VAT mapping.

Iab	le B–12	RMS VAT Mapping							
P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Family	Value is always VAT. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA	NA	Determines action.
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are:							
		VATCRE - Creation of VAT information.							
		VATMOD - Modification of VAT information.							
		VATDEL - Deletion of VAT information.							
		Data will always be present in this field.							
2	VatRegi on	ID of the VAT region. Stores are assigned to a VAT region (if VAT is used in RMS). This field will always have data.	Number	4	tax_tax_ loc, tax_ tax_ authority, tax_tax_ group_ rule, tax_ tax_rate_ rule	TAX_ LOC_ID, TAX_ AUTHOR ITY_ID	VARCHA R2(60 CHAR)	NA	Use RMS VAT region ID as the tax authority ID in Xstore.
3	VatRegi onNam e	This field contains the alphanumeric identification for the VAT code.	Character	120	tax_tax_ loc, tax_ tax_ authority	NAME, DESCRIP TION	VARCHA R(254)	NA	Use RMS VAT region name as the tax
		Valid values include, but are not limited to:							authority name in Xstore.
		S - Standard							
		C - Composite							
		Z - Zero							
		E - Exempt This field will							
		always have data.							

Table B–12 RMS VAT Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
4	VatCod e	This field contains the description of the VAT Code. This field will always have data in the VATCRE and VATMOD records.	Character	6	tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_ group_ rule, tax_ tax_rate_ rule	TAX_ GROUP_ ID	VARCHA R(60)	NA	NA
5	VatCod eDesc	This field contains the description of the VAT Code. This field will always have data in the VATCRE and VATMOD records.	Character	120	tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_ group_ rule	NAME, DESCRIP TION	VARCHA R(254)	NA	For the root COMPANY node, the column is hard-coded as null.
		VATWOD Tecolus.							For the second level CHAIN node, the column is hard-coded to "*".
6	ActiveD ate	This field is the date the VAT code is active for the VAT region, in human readable format DD-MON-YYYY.	Character	12	tax_tax_ rate_rule	PERCEN TAGE	NUMBER (8,6)	NA	NA
		This field will always have data.							
7	VatRate	VAT rate for the VAT code/VAT region. This field will always have data in the VATCRE and VATMOD records.	Number	20	tax_tax_ rate_rule	EFFECTI VE_ DATETI ME	TIMESTA MP(6)	NA	NA
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ group_ rule	TAX_ TYPCOD E	VARCHA R(30)	VAT	Always uses default value.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ group_ rule	TAX_ RULE_ SEQ_ NBR	NUMBER (10,0)	1	Always uses default value. The assumption is that there can only be one tax rule per VAT region/VA T code combinatio n.

Table B–12 (Cont.) RMS VAT Mapping

Table B–12 (Cont.) RMS VAT Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ group_ rule	TAXED_ AT_ TRANS_ LEVEL_ FLAG	NUMBER (1,0)	TRUE	A configurati on spring loaded by the transformer . The out-of-box default is TRUE.

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
	NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ rate_rule	EXPR_ DATETI ME	TIMESTA MP(6)	NA	This has to be derived by the integration layer.
									During a CRE/FULL, if there is a subsequent rate rule as sorted by effective date, expire this rate rule by setting its expiration date to be 1 millisecond less than the effective date of the subsequent rate rule; otherwise do not expire this rate rule by setting its expiration date to De 1 millisecond less than the effective date of the subsequent rate rule; otherwise do not expire this rate rule by setting its expiration date to NULL.
									During a CRE/FULL , if there is a prior rate rule as sorted by effective date, expire the prior rate rule by setting its expiration date to be 1 millisecond less than this effective

 Table B–12
 (Cont.)
 RMS VAT Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	EXPR_ DATETI ME (Continue d)	NA	NA	During a DEL, if there is a prior rate rule as sorted by effective date, extend the prior rate rule by setting its expiration date to be the expiration date of this rate rule.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ rate_rule	TAX_ RULE_ SEQ_ NBR	NA	1	Always uses the default value. The assumption is that there can only be one tax rule per VAT region/VA T code combinatio n.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ rate_rule	TAX_ RATE_ RULE_ SEQ	NUMBER (10,0)	NA	This has to be derived by the integration layer. For a newly created VAT rate, its sequence number is one after the maximum rate rule sequence number in the table.

Table B–12 (Cont.) RMS VAT Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ authority	ROUNDI NG_ CODE	VARCHA R(30)	HALF_ UP	A configurati on spring loaded by the transformer . The out-of-box default is HALF_UP.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ authority	ROUNDI NG_ DIGITS_ QUANTI TY	NUMBER (10,0)	2	A configurati on spring loaded by the transformer . The out-of-box default is 2.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ loc, tax_ tax_ authority, tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_ group_ rule, tax_ tax_rate_ rule	EXTERN AL_ SYSTEM	VARCHA R(30)	RMS	Always uses the default value.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ loc, tax_ tax_ authority, tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_ group_ rule, tax_ tax_rate_ rule	ORG_ CODE	VARCHA R(30)	*	Always uses the default value.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ loc, tax_ tax_ authority, tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_ group_ rule, tax_ tax_rate_ rule	ORG_ VALUE	VARCHA R(60)	*	Always uses the default value.

 Table B–12 (Cont.) RMS VAT Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ loc, tax_ tax_ authority, tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_ group_ rule, tax_ tax_rate_ rule	ORGANI ZATION_ ID	NUMBER (10,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses the default value.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ loc, tax_ tax_ authority, tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_ group_ rule, tax_ tax_rate_ rule	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type represents UPDATE.
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	tax_tax_ loc, tax_ tax_ authority, tax_tax_ group, tax_tax_ group_ rule, tax_ tax_rate_ rule	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	Not set when Type represents CREATE.

Table B–12 (Cont.) RMS VAT Mapping

RMS VAT Item

Table B–13 describes the RMS VAT Item mapping.

Note: Do not import a . dat file containing multiple VATITEM records with the same item ID. More than one record for the same item ID could result in an undesired outcome.

Table B–13 RMS VAT Item Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Family	Value is always VATITEM. Data will always be present in this field.	Character	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
1	Туре	Value is always FULL when the program is run in full mode.	Character	15	NA	NA	NA	NA	Determines actions.
		If the program is run in delta mode, the type will vary based on the type of change (CRE, MOD, DEL). Valid values are:							
		VATITEMCRE- Creation of VAT Item information.							
		VATITEMMOD - Modification of VAT Item information.							
		VATITEMDEL - Deletion of VAT Item information.							
		Data will always be present in this field.							
2	Item	ID of the item.	Character	25	itm_item_	item_id	VARCHA	NA	NA
		Data will always be present in this field.			options		R(60 CHAR)		
3	VatRegi on	ID of the VAT region. Stores are assigned to a VAT region if VAT is used in RMS. Additional information about VAT Regions is stored in RMS, but is not integrated out of the system. VAT region information may need to the synchronized to downstream systems as a manual process. This field will always have data.	Number	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
4	ActiveD ate	Date that the VAT rate becomes active, in DD-MON-YYYY format.	Character	11	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		This field will always have data in the VATITEMCRE and VATITEMMOD records.							

Table B–13 (Cont.) RMS VAT Item Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
5	VatType	The field describes what the VAT rate applies to:	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Record ignored when
		C - Cost values							VatType=C.
		R - Retail values							
		B - Both Cost and Retail values							
		This field will always have data.							
6	VatCod e	This field contains the alphanumeric identification for the VAT code.	Character	6	itm_item_ options	tax_ group_id	VARCHA R(60)	NA	Column tax_group_ id is set to null if Type
		Valid values include, but are not limited to:							is VATITEMD EL.
		S - Standard							Column
		C - Composite							tax_group_ id is
		Z - Zero							unchanged
		E - Exempt							when VatType is
		If additional VAT Codes are defined in RMS, the VAT code information may need to the synchronized to downstream systems as a manual process.							C. Otherwise, column tax_group_ id is set to the value of the VatCode.
		This field will always have data.							
7	VatRate	VAT rate for the item/VAT region.	Number	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		This field will always have data in the VATITEMCRE and VATITEMMOD records.							
8	Reverse VatInd	Indicates if the item is subject to reverse charge VAT at the VAT region. VAT reversal can apply to invoices on some items in some VAT regions. Valid values are Y and N.	Character	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
		This field will always have data in the VATITEMCRE and VATITEMMOD							

Table B–13 (Cont.) RMS VAT Item Mapping

records.

 Table B–13 (Cont.) RMS VAT Item Mapping

P o s	RMS Field Name	RMS Description	RMS Field Type	RMS Max Width	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ options	UPDATE _USER_ ID	VARCHA R2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	NA
N A	NA	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ options	UPDATE _DATE	TIMESTA MP(6)	now()	NA

RPM Clearance Price

The following tables describe the RPM Clearance Price mapping.

Table B–14 describes the Clearance Price FDETL record mapping. FDETL records are interpreted as Create or Update events.

Table B–14 RPM Clearance Price FDETL Record Mapping

P o s	RPM Field Name	RPM Description	RPM Field Type	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Record Descriptor	File Detail Marker (1 per clearance create/modify)	Char(5)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Used to determine unit type.
1	Line Id	Unique line identification	Number(10)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
2	Event Type	CRE = Create, MOD = Modify	Char(3)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Used to determine the action type.
3	Id	Clearance identifier	Number(15)	itm_item_ prices	EXTERNA L_ID	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	NA	NA
4	Item	Item identifier	Char(25)	itm_item_ prices	ITEM_ID	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	NA	NA
5	Effective Date	Clearance Effective Date (YYYYMMDDHH2 4MISS)	Date	itm_item_ prices	EFFECTIV E_DATE	TIMESTAM P(6)	NA	NA
6	Selling Retail	Selling retail with price change applied	Number(20,4)	itm_item_ prices	PRICE	NUMBER(1 7,6)	NA	NA
7	Selling Retail UOM	Selling retail unit of measure	Char(4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored
8	Selling Retail Currency	Selling retail currency	Char(3)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored (assumed to be base Currency).

P o s	RPM Field Name	RPM Description	RPM Field Type	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
9	Reset Clearance ID	Clearance reset identification	Number(15)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Used to detect clearance reset. Clearance reset is when this value exactly matches the ID field's value.
N A	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	ORGANIZ ATION_ID	NUMBER(1 0,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses default value.
N A	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	PROPERTY _CODE	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	NA	CLEARA NCE_ PRICE when Clearance event, or REGULA R_PRICE when Clearance Reset event.
N A	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTAM P(6)	now()	Not set when EventType = Mod.
N A	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	CREATE_ USER_ID	VARCHAR 2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Not set when EventType = Mod.
N A	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	UPDATE_ DATE	TIMESTAM P(6)	now()	Always set.
N A	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	UPDATE_ USER_ID	VARCHAR 2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	Always set.
N A	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	EXTERNA L_SYSTEM	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	RPM-C LRPC	NA

Table B–14 (Cont.) RPM Clearance Price FDETL Record Mapping

Table B–15 describes the Clearance Price FDELE record mapping. FDELE records are interpreted as Delete events.

P o s	RPM Field Name	RPM Description	RPM Field Type	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Record Descriptor	File Detail Delete Marker (1per clearance delete)	Char(5)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Used to determine unit type.
1	Line Id	Unique line identification	Number(10)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
2	Id	Clearance identifier	Number(15)	itm_item_ prices	EXTERNA L_ID	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	NA	NA
3	Item	Item identifier	Char(25)	itm_item_ prices	ITEM_ID	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	NA	NA
	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	ORGANIZ ATION_ID	NUMBER(1 0,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses default value.
	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	EXTERNA L_SYSTEM	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	RPM-C LRPC	NA

Table B–15 RPM Clearance Price FDELE Record Mapping

RPM Regular Price

The following tables describe the RPM Regular Price mapping.

Table B–16 describes the Regular Price FDETL record mapping. FDETL records are interpreted as Create or Update events.

 Table B–16
 RPM Regular Price FDETL Record Mapping

Po s	RPM Field Name	RPM Description	RPM Field Type	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Record Descriptor	File Detail Marker (1 per price change create or modify)	Char(5)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Type of event.
1	Line Id	Unique line identification	Number(10)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
2	Event Type	CRE = Create, MOD = Modify	Char(3)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Used by the transform er to determine the type of event.
3	Id	Price change identifier	Number(15)	itm_item_ prices	EXTERNA L_ID	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	NA	NA
4	Item	Item identifier	Char(25)	itm_item_ prices	ITEM_ID	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	NA	NA
5	Effective Date	Effective Date of the price change (YYYYMMDDHH2 4MISS)	NA	itm_item_ prices	EFFECTIV E_DATE	TIMESTAM P(6)	NA	NA

Po s	RPM Field Name	RPM Description	RPM Field Type	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
6	Selling Unit Change Ind	Indicates whether the selling unit retail changed with this price event $(0 =$ no change, 1 = changed).	Number(1)	NA	NA	NA	NA	This field need not be persisted in the Xstore database.
								This field is used in transform er logic.
7	Selling Retail	Selling retail with price change applied	Number(20,4)	itm_item_ prices	PRICE	NUMBER(1 7,6)	NA	NA
8	Selling Retail UOM	Selling retail unit of measure	Char(4)	itm_item	UNIT_OF_ MEASURE _CODE	VARCHAR 2(30 BYTE)	NA	Ignored.
9	Selling Retail Currency	Selling retail currency	Char(3)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored (assumed to be base Currency).
10	Multi-Unit Change Ind	Did multi-unit retail change with this price event (0 = no change, 1 = changed)	Number(1)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
11	Multi-Unit s	NA	Number(12,4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
12	Multi-Unit Retail	Number of multi-units	Number(20,4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
13	Multi-Unit UOM	Multi-Unit Retail unit of measure	Char(4)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
14	Multi-Unit Currency	Multi-Unit Retail Currency	Char(3)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
N A	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	ORGANIZ ATION_ID	NUMBER(1 0,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	Always uses the default value.
N A	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	PROPERTY _CODE	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	NA	REGULA R_PRICE will be the value.
N A	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	CREATE_ DATE	TIMESTAM P(6)	now()	Current time stamp. Not set when the event type =MOD.

Table B–16 (Cont.) RPM Regular Price FDETL Record Mapping

Po s	RPM Field Name	RPM Description	RPM Field Type	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
N A	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	CREATE_ USER_ID	VARCHAR 2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	This is the user ID stored in the database. Not set when event type = Mod.
N A	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	UPDATE_ DATE	TIMESTAM P(6)	now()	Current time stamp. Field value only set when event type=MO D.
N A	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	UPDATE_ USER_ID	VARCHAR 2(30 CHAR)	DATAL OADER	DATALO ADER will be the user ID stored in the database. Set only when the event type=MO D.
N A	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	EXTERNA L_SYSTEM	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	RPM-RE GPC	NA

Table B–16 (Cont.) RPM Regular Price FDETL Record Mapping

Table B–17 describes the Regular Price FDELE record mapping. FDELE records are interpreted as Delete events.

 Table B–17
 RPM Regular Price FDELE Record Mapping

P o s	RPM Field Name	RPM Description	RPM Field Type	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
0	Record Descriptor	File Detail Delete Marker (1per price change delete)	Char(5)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Used by the transformer to determine the unit type.
1	Line Id	Unique line identification	Number(10)	NA	NA	NA	NA	Ignored.
2	Id	Price change identifier	Number(15)	itm_item_ prices	EXTERNA L_ID	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	NA	NA
3	Item	Item identifier	Char(25)	itm_item_ prices	ITEM_ID	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	NA	NA

P o s	RPM Field Name	RPM Description	RPM Field Type	Xstore Table	Xstore Column	Xstore Data Type	Xstore Default Value	Xstore Comment
N A	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	ORGANIZ ATION_ID	NUMBER(1 0,0)	\${dtv.loc ation.or ganizati onId}	NA
N A	NA	NA	NA	itm_item_ prices	EXTERNA L_SYSTEM	VARCHAR 2(60 CHAR)	RPM-C LRPC	NA

Table B–17 (Cont.) RPM Regular Price FDELE Record Mapping

RPM Promotions

Table B–18 describes the RPM Promotions mapping.

 Table B–18
 RPM Promotions Record Mappings

RPM Record Name	RPM Field Name	RPM Field Type	RPM Default Value	RPM Description	Xstore Table	Xstore Field	Xstore Comment
FHEAD	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	FHEAD	File head marker	NA	NA	NA
	Line ID	Number(10)	1	Unique line identifier	NA	NA	NA
	File Type	Char(5)	PROMO	Promotions	NA	NA	NA
	Export Timestamp	Number(10)		System clock timestamp (YYYYMMDDHHMI SS)	NA	NA	NA
	Format Version	Char(5)	1.0	File Format Version	NA	NA	NA
	Location	Number(10)		Location identifier	NA	NA	NA
	Location Type	Char(1)		S = Store, W = Warehouse	NA	NA	NA
TIMBPE	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TIMPBE	Promotion (transaction head). Defines an action associated with a promotion.	NA	NA	NA
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	NA
	Event Type	Char(3)		CRE = Create, MOD = Modify	NA	NA	NA
TPDTL	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TPDTL	Promotion Detail Component. Defines a new component.	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Promo ID	Number(10)		Promotion identifier	prc_deal	deal_id (partially)	NA
	Promo Comp ID	Number(10)		Promotion Component Id	prc_deal	deal_id (partially)	NA
	Promo Name	Char(160)		Promotion Header Name	NA	NA	Ignored.

RPM Record Name	RPM Field Name	RPM Field Type	RPM Default Value	RPM Description	Xstore Table	Xstore Field	Xstore Comment
	Promo Desc	Char(640)		Promotion Header Description	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Promo Comp Desc	Char(160)		Promotion Component Name	prc_deal	descriptio n	NA
	Promo Type	Number(2)		Valid values:	NA	NA	Determines
				0 = Multi-Buy Promotion			structure of resulting deal
				1=- Simple Promotion			
				2 = Threshold Promotion			
				3 = Finance Promotion (formerly tied to a value of 6)			
				4 = Transaction Promotion			
	Promo Comp Detail ID	Number(10)		Promotion Component Detail identifier	prc_deal	deal_id (partially)	NA
	Date Start	Date		Start Date of Promotion Component Detail (YYYYMMDDHH24 MISS)	prc_deal	effective_ date	NA
	End Date	Date		End Date of Promotion Component Detail (YYYYMMDDHH24 MISS)	prc_deal	end_date	NA
	Apply to Code	Number(1)		Holds the Apply to Code for the promotion detail. Determines if the promotion is applied to regular retail only (no clearances in effect), clearance retail only (only when a clearance is in effect), or both regular and clearance retail. Valid values: 0 = Regular Only	prc_field_ test	NA	ApplyTo is mapped to an additional field test (PRICE BETWEEN X Y).
				1 = Clearance Only 2 = Regular and			
	Discount Limit	Number(3)		Clearance The number of times that the promotion can be applied to a transaction.	prc_deal	iterationCa P	NA

 Table B–18 (Cont.) RPM Promotions Record Mappings

RPM Record Name	RPM Field Name	RPM Field Type	RPM Default Value	RPM Description	Xstore Table	Xstore Field	Xstore Comment
	Apply Order	Number(1)		Application Order of the Promotion	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Threshold ID	Number(6)		Threshold identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Customer Type ID	Number(10)		Customer Type identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Threshold Qualification Type	Number(1)		The qualification type for the threshold. Will only be populated for threshold promotions. Valid values are 0 for item level and 1 for threshold level.	NA	NA	Ignored.
TPGRP	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TPGRP	Promotion Detail Group	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Group ID	Number(10)		Group Number	prc_deal_ item	ordinal	Mapped structurally not by value.
TGLIST	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TGLIST	Promotion Group List. Defines an item list.	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	List ID	Number(10)		List identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Reward Application	Number(1)		How this reward is applied to the promotion detail.	NA	NA	Not mapped directly, but rather used to determine whether an action from the underlying TPDSC record should be used.
	Description	Char(120)		Description	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Price Range Min	Number(20, 4)		Contains price range promotion minimum valid retail value.	prc_deal_ field_test	NA	Mapped to an additional field test (PRICE BETWEEN X Y).

Table B–18 (Cont.) RPM Promotions Record Mappings

RPM Record Name	RPM Field Name	RPM Field Type	RPM Default Value	RPM Description	Xstore Table	Xstore Field	Xstore Comment
	Price Range Max	Number(20, 4)		Contains price range promotion maximum valid retail value.	prc_deal_ field_test	NA	Mapped to an additional field test (PRICE BETWEEN X Y).
TLITM	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TLITM	Promotion Group List. RPM defines lists by providing SKUs of eligible items.	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Item ID	Char(25)		Transaction Item Identifier	prc_deal_ field_test	value1	Mapped as SKU EQUAL field test.
TPDSC	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TPDSC	Discount Detail for List. Defines a discount to apply to a preceding list of items.	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Change Type	Number(2)		Change Type Valid values: -1 = No Change 0 = Percent Off 1 = Amount Off 2 = Fixed Price	prc_deal_ item	action	Type of action: AMOUNT_ OFF > CURRENC Y_OFF PERCENT_ OFF > PERCENT_ OFF FIXED_ PRICE > NEW_ PRICE
	Change Amount	Number(20, 4)		Change Amount	prc_deal_ item	action_arg	Discount amount when Change Type is AMOUNT_ OFF or FIXED_ PRICE. Negated for AMOUNT_ OFF.
	Change Currency	Char(3)		Change Currency	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B–18 (Cont.) RPM Promotions Record Mappings

RPM Record Name	RPM Field Name	RPM Field Type	RPM Default Value	RPM Description	Xstore Table	Xstore Field	Xstore Comment
	Change Percent	Number(20, 4)		Change Percent	prc_deal_ item	action_arg	Discount amount when Change Type is PERCENT_ OFF. Negated.
	Change Selling UOM	Char(4)		Change Selling UOM	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Qual Type	Number(2)		Qualification Type	NA	NA	Affects where the Qual Value goes.
	Qual Value	Number(2)		Qualification Value	prc_deal_ item	min_qty / max_qty or min_ item_total	Target field is picked based on the Qual Type value. PRC_ DEAL_ ITEM.max_ qty either gets the same value or receives some big number depending on the deal type.
	Change Duration	Number(20, 4)		Change Duration	NA	NA	Ignored.
TPISR	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TPISR	This record type is ignored for now.	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Item ID	Char(25)		Transaction Item Identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Selling Retail	Number(20, 4)		Selling retail of the item	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Selling UOM	Char(4)		Selling UOM of the item	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Effective Date	Date		Effective Date of the selling retail - YYYYMMDDHH24 MISS	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Selling Retail Currency	Char(3)		Selling retail currency	NA	NA	Ignored.
TPCDT	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TPCDT	Credit Detail	NA	NA	Ignored.

Table B–18 (Cont.) RPM Promotions Record Mappings

RPM Record Name	RPM Field Name	RPM Field Type	RPM Default Value	RPM Description	Xstore Table	Xstore Field	Xstore Comment
	Credit Detail ID	Number(10)		Credit Detail Identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Credit Type	Char(40)		Credit Type	NA	NA	Ignored.
	binNumberFro m	Number(10)		Bin Number From	NA	NA	Ignored.
	binNumberTo	Number(10)		Bin Number To	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Commission Rate	Number(10)		Commission Rate	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Comments	Char(160)		Comments	NA	NA	Ignored.
TPCIL	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TPCIL	Cancel Item Loc	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Promo ID	Number(10)		Identifier of the promotion	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Promo Comp ID	Number(10)		Promotion Component Identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Promo Comp Detail ID	Number(10)		Promotion Component Detail identifier	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Item ID	Char(25)		Transaction Item Identifier for item	NA	NA	Ignored.
	Cancellation Date	Date		Cancellation effective date - YYYYMMDDHH24 MISS	NA	NA	Ignored.
TTAIL	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	TTAIL	Transaction Tail	NA	NA	NA
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	NA
FPDEL	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	FPDEL	Delete Promotion	NA	NA	NA
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	NA
	Promo ID	Number(10)		The ID of the promotion	NA	NA	NA
	Promo Comp ID	Number(10)		Promotion Component Identifier	NA	NA	NA
	Promo Comp Detail ID	Number(10)		Promotion Component Detail identifier	NA	NA	NA
	Group ID	Number(10)		Group Number	NA	NA	NA
	List ID	Number(10)		List identifier	NA	NA	NA

 Table B–18 (Cont.) RPM Promotions Record Mappings

RPM Record Name	RPM Field Name	RPM Field Type	RPM Default Value	RPM Description	Xstore Table	Xstore Field	Xstore Comment
	Item ID	Char(25)		Transaction Item Identifier for item	NA	NA	NA
FTAIL	Record Descriptor	Char(5)	FTAIL	File tail marker	NA	NA	NA
	Line ID	Number(10)		Unique line identifier	NA	NA	NA
	Number of lines	Number(10)		Number of lines in the file not including FHEAD and FTAIL	NA	NA	NA

Table B–18 (Cont.) RPM Promotions Record Mappings