Contents

1. Preface ........................................................................................................ 1-1
  1.1 Introduction ............................................................................................. 1-1
  1.2 Audience ............................................................................................... 1-1
  1.3 Documentation Accessibility ................................................................. 1-1
  1.4 Organization ........................................................................................ 1-1
  1.5 Related Documents ........................................................................... 1-2
  1.6 Glossary of Icons .............................................................................. 1-2

2. An Overview ............................................................................................... 2-1
  2.1 Introduction ............................................................................................. 2-1

3. Maintaining Reference Information ........................................................ 3-1
  3.1 Maintaining Information ....................................................................... 3-1
      3.1.1 Processing Clearing Transactions .................................................. 3-1
      3.1.2 Maintaining Clearing Details of your Bank .................................... 3-2
  3.2 Defining Sectors ................................................................................... 3-3
      3.2.1 Invoking Sector Code Maintenance Screen .................................... 3-3
  3.3 Clearing Bank Codes Maintenance ....................................................... 3-3
      3.3.1 Invoking Bank Code Maintenance Screen ...................................... 3-3
  3.4 Clearing Branch Parameters .................................................................. 3-6
      3.4.1 Invoking Clearing Branch Parameters .......................................... 3-6
  3.5 Clearing Cut-off Time Maintenance ....................................................... 3-7
      3.5.1 Invoking Clearing Cut-off Time Maintenance Screen ....................... 3-7
  3.6 Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject Cut-off .............................................. 3-9
      3.6.1 Invoking Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject Cut-off Maintenance Screen 3-9
      3.6.2 Viewing Inward Clearing Scan Pass Reject Cut-off ......................... 3-11
  3.7 Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject Branch Cut-off Maintenance ............ 3-11
      3.7.1 Invoking Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject Branch Cut-off Maintenance Screen 3-12
      3.7.2 Viewing Branch Cutoff for Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject ........... 3-13
  3.8 Clearing House Maintenance ................................................................. 3-14
      3.8.1 Invoking Clearing House Maintenance Screen ............................... 3-14
  3.9 Clearing House Holiday Maintenance ................................................... 3-15
      3.9.1 Invoking Clearing Holiday Maintenance Screen ............................ 3-15
  3.10 Clearing House End Point Maintenance ............................................... 3-16
      3.10.1 Invoking Clearing House End Point Maintenance Screen .............. 3-16

4. Maintaining Clearing Products ............................................................... 4-1
  4.1 Define CG Product .............................................................................. 4-1
      4.1.1 Defining CG Product ..................................................................... 4-1
      4.1.2 Preferences Button ....................................................................... 4-3
      4.1.3 Role to Head Button ..................................................................... 4-5
      4.1.4 Events Button ............................................................................. 4-5
  4.2 Processing Reversals .......................................................................... 4-7
  4.3 Notifying Cheque Collection and Clearance ........................................ 4-7

5. Maintaining Account, Rate, and Charge Details .................................... 5-1
  5.1 ARC Maintenance Screen ................................................................... 5-1
5.1.1 Invoking ARC Maintenance Screen .......................................................... 5-1
5.1.2 Defining Charge Details ........................................................................... 5-7
5.2 Charge Code Maintenance ........................................................................ 5-13
  5.2.1 Invoking Charge Code Maintenance Screen ........................................... 5-13
5.3 ARC Branch Group Maintenance ............................................................. 5-16
  5.3.1 Invoking ARC Branch Group Maintenance ............................................ 5-16
5.4 Entity Maintenance ................................................................................. 5-17
  5.4.1 Invoking Entity Maintenance Screen ...................................................... 5-17
6. Viewing Clearing Transactions ................................................................... 6-1
  6.1 View Clearing Transactions ....................................................................... 6-1
    6.1.1 Invoking Clearing Transaction Query Screen ....................................... 6-1
  6.2 Inward Clearing Transaction Query ......................................................... 6-3
    6.2.1 Invoking Inward Clearing Transaction Query Screen ......................... 6-3
  6.3 Query Clearing Transactions Summary .................................................... 6-4
    6.3.1 Querying the Clearing Transactions Summary ..................................... 6-5
    6.3.2 Maintaining Settlement Details .......................................................... 6-6
    6.3.3 Resolving Customer Credits for Clearing Checks ............................... 6-9
    6.3.4 Levy Charges on Dishonored Cheque ............................................... 6-11
  6.4 Query Clearing (Repair) Upload Summary ............................................... 6-18
    6.4.1 Querying Clearing (Repair) Upload Summary ..................................... 6-18
    6.4.2 Inward Clearing of Instruments .......................................................... 6-22
    6.4.3 Validating Returned Outward Clearing Transaction ........................... 6-22
  6.5 Inward Query Clearing Upload ................................................................ 6-23
    6.5.1 Invoking Inward Query Clearing Upload ............................................. 6-23
  6.6 Intra-day Clearing Batch Process ............................................................. 6-26
    6.6.1 Processing Intra-day Clearing Batch Process ...................................... 6-26
  6.7 Clearing Auto Reject Mapping Maintenance ............................................ 6-27
    6.7.1 Invoking Clearing Auto Reject Mapping Maintenance Screen ............ 6-27
  6.8 Clearing Batch Process (CGUPLOAD) ....................................................... 6-28
    6.8.1 Processing Clearing Batch .................................................................. 6-28
    6.8.2 Provision for populating Clearing Upload .......................................... 6-28
    6.8.3 Processing Clearing Intra-day Batch Process ...................................... 6-29
7. Reports ....................................................................................................... 7-1
  7.1 Introduction ............................................................................................... 7-1
  7.2 Inward Clearing Extract Report ............................................................... 7-1
    7.2.1 Generating Inward Clearing Extract Report ........................................ 7-1
    7.2.2 Contents of the Report ....................................................................... 7-2
  7.3 Inward Clearing Extract – Passed Entries ................................................ 7-3
    7.3.1 Generating Inward Clearing Extract- Passed Entries ........................... 7-3
    7.3.2 Contents of the Report ....................................................................... 7-3
  7.4 Inward Clearing Extract - Failed Entries .................................................. 7-4
    7.4.1 Generating Inward Clearing Extract - Failed Entries .......................... 7-5
    7.4.2 Contents of the Report ....................................................................... 7-5
  7.5 Inward Clearing Extract – Rejected Entries ............................................. 7-6
    7.5.1 Generating Inward Clearing Extract - Rejected Entries ....................... 7-6
    7.5.2 Contents of the Report ....................................................................... 7-7
  7.6 Inward Clearing Extract – Forcefully Passed Entries ............................... 7-7
    7.6.1 Generating Inward Clearing Extract - Forcefully Passed Entries ........ 7-8
    7.6.2 Contents of the Report ....................................................................... 7-8
  7.7 Inward Clearing Summary Report ............................................................ 7-9
1. Preface

1.1 Introduction

This manual is designed to help you quickly get acquainted with the Clearing module of Oracle FLEXCUBE.

It provides an overview to the module, and provides information on using the clearing module of Oracle FLEXCUBE.

You can further obtain information specific to a particular field by placing the cursor on the relevant field and striking <F1> on the keyboard.

1.2 Audience

This manual is intended for the following User/User Roles:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Back office clerk</td>
<td>Input functions for contracts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back office managers/officers</td>
<td>Authorization functions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product Managers</td>
<td>Product definition and authorization.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End of day operators</td>
<td>Processing during end of day/ beginning of day.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Controller / Product Managers</td>
<td>Generation of reports.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.3 Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc.

1.4 Organization

This manual is organized into the following chapters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 1</td>
<td>About this Manual gives information on the intended audience. It also lists the various chapters covered in this User Manual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 2</td>
<td>An Overview - is a snapshot of the features that the module provides.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 3</td>
<td>Maintaining Reference Information gives information on basic information that needs to be maintained in the system before beginning operations in the clearing module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 4</td>
<td>Maintaining Clearing Products describes how you can create a clearing product.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1.5 Related Documents

- Procedures User Manual
- Settlements User Manual
- Products User Manual
- Charges and Fees User Manual
- Tax User Manual
- Settlements User Manual
- User Defined Fields User Manual

1.6 Glossary of Icons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icons</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>Exit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+</td>
<td>Add row</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>Delete row</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⊱</td>
<td>Option List</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2. An Overview

2.1 Introduction

The Clearing module of Oracle FLEXCUBE offers you the facility to process checks, DDs and other instruments that are presented by your customers or clearing houses. Clearing transactions, in Oracle FLEXCUBE, can be classified into two categories:

- Inward Clearing transactions
- Outward Clearing transactions

A third-party presenting an instrument drawn on your bank, through a clearing house, is an example of an inward clearing transaction. Your customer presenting an instrument drawn on another bank is an example of an outward clearing transaction.
3. Maintaining Reference Information

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Section 3.1, "Maintaining Information"
- Section 3.2, "Defining Sectors"
- Section 3.3, "Clearing Bank Codes Maintenance"
- Section 3.4, "Clearing Branch Parameters"
- Section 3.5, "Clearing Cut-off Time Maintenance"
- Section 3.6, "Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject Cut-off"
- Section 3.7, "Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject Branch Cut off Maintenance"
- Section 3.8, "Clearing House Maintenance"
- Section 3.9, "Clearing House Holiday Maintenance"
- Section 3.10, "Clearing House End Point Maintenance"

3.1 Maintaining Information

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 3.1.1, "Processing Clearing Transactions"
- Section 3.1.2, "Maintaining Clearing Details of your Bank"

3.1.1 Processing Clearing Transactions

In order to process clearing transactions automatically, you need to maintain some information in Oracle FLEXCUBE:

- Specify the code by which your bank is identified in the Clearing House and define a Routing Mask for generation of routing numbers (as part of Bank-wide Parameters)
- Maintain Sectors
- Maintain details of banks participating in the Clearing House
- Maintain Clearing information for the branches of your bank (Branch Parameters)
- Maintain Clearing Houses and Clearing House Holidays
- Identify End Points and map them to the clearing houses maintained
- Setup Outward and Inward Clearing Products
- Specify account, rates, and charge details (ARC Maintenance)

Once you set up this information, the appropriate customer and clearing accounts maintained in your bank will automatically be credited or debited, depending on the nature of the transaction.
3.1.2 Maintaining Clearing Details of your Bank

For Oracle FLEXCUBE to handle clearing transactions, you have to capture clearing information at the Head Office of your bank. This information would apply to all the branches of your bank. You can maintain clearing-related information for your bank in the ‘Bank-wide Parameters’ screen, invoked from the Application Browser.

In the Clearing Bank Code field, specify the code *by which your bank is identified in the Clearing Network you participate in*. The code you specify for your bank in this screen has to be the same as that specified for your bank in the Clearing Bank Code Maintenance screen. In addition to specifying the clearing code that identifies your bank, you have to specify a “Routing Mask” for your bank. A mask defines the manner in which a Routing Number is generated for your bank. It is on the basis of the routing number that Oracle FLEXCUBE processes inward clearing transactions.

The following is a typical mask format: ‘BBBbbbSSS’, wherein, ‘BBB’ indicates the bank code, ‘bbb’ indicates the branch, and ‘SSS’ indicates the sector to which the branch belongs. On the basis of the routing number, inward clearing transactions are routed to the appropriate branch of your bank.

*For more details about the Bank-wide Parameters screen, refer the Core Services user manual.*
3.2  Defining Sectors

This section contains the following topic:

- Section 3.2.1, "Invoking Sector Code Maintenance Screen"

3.2.1 Invoking Sector Code Maintenance Screen

In Oracle FLEXCUBE, you can identify specific geographical areas as 'sectors'. A sector encompasses the branches of the various banks in the geographical area.

As part of the maintenance required to process clearing transactions in Oracle FLEXCUBE, you need to identify various sectors. You can do this in the ‘Clearing Sector Code Maintenance’ screen. You can invoke this screen by typing 'STDSECMN' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Identify a sector with a unique code. In the Description field, briefly describe the sector that you are maintaining. With the sector code and description that you enter, you should be able to identify the sector.

Note
The sectors are typically maintained at the Head Office.

3.3 Clearing Bank Codes Maintenance

This section contains the following topic:

- Section 3.3.1, "Invoking Bank Code Maintenance Screen"

3.3.1 Invoking Bank Code Maintenance Screen

You have to capture clearing details of every bank participating in the Clearing Network in the ‘Clearing Bank Codes Maintenance’ screen. You can invoke this screen by typing
‘DEDBNKCD’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

The information you capture in this screen is required to route outward clearing transactions to the appropriate clearing house.

In-house cheque deposit having exceptions or having float days maintained for high value can be initiated using the outward clearing transaction screens.

Every bank participating in the Clearing network is identified with a unique code. In this screen, capture the code of the participating bank, and enter a brief description that will help you easily identify the bank. You also have to capture the following information for every branch of a participating bank:

- The Branch Code (as identified in the network)
- A brief description of the branch
- The sector to which it belongs
- The customer float days
- The float days for bank and sector code combination
- The branch address

**Country**

Specify the country of the bank code. This adjoining option list displays all valid country codes maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

**Note**

The country information is captured to enable Mantas to analyze the transactions for possible money laundering activities.

*For more details on Mantas, refer 'Mantas' interface document.*
You can maintain different Float days for each bank and sector code combination. Subsequently, you can also maintain float days for customers of each bank and sector combination. The float days you define here will be defaulted in the Customer Float Days maintenances screen.

Refer to the Core Entities user manual under section Maintaining Float Days for Outward Clearing Customer Transactions for further details.

The system calculates the value date for the clearing transaction in the following manner:

- Firstly, the system checks for the branch code for the clearing transaction, clearing product, sector code, currency of the instrument and the float days for bank and customer maintained in ARC maintenance.
- Secondly, the system checks the maintenance for clearing bank, and if the details for the destination sector code, bank code and branch code and float days (for both customer and bank) is maintained, these values take precedence over the details in ARC maintenance.
- Finally, system verifies the details maintained in the Customer level float maintenance for the clearing transaction, branch code, currency, sector code, clearing product code and the customer group to which the customer belongs to and arrives at the float days to calculate the value date.

After you maintain the above details for a branch, click ‘Add’ button to capture the details of the next branch.

### 3.3.1.1 Maintaining Details of Branches of Your Bank

In this screen, in addition to capturing information relating to other banks, you have to maintain clearing information for your bank and the branches of your bank. Capture the code that identifies your bank in the Clearing Network. To every branch of your bank (the Branch Codes maintained in Oracle FLEXCUBE), assign the code that identifies it at the Clearing Network.

---

**Note**

The clearing bank code that identifies your bank at the Clearing Network should be the same as that specified in the Bank Wide Parameters screen. Also, the branch code and sector that identifies a branch at the Clearing Network should be the same as that specified for the branch in the Branch Parameters screen.

---

### 3.3.1.2 Maintaining Clearing Details of Branch

To facilitate automatic clearing of instruments that involve your branch, you need to specify clearing-related options for your branch. To do this, you can invoke the ‘Branch Parameters’ screen from the Application Browser.

In the Branch Code for Clearing field, indicate the code that identifies your branch in the Clearing Network. The code you specify for your branch should be the same as that defined in the Clearing Bank Code Maintenance screen. For your branch, you must also specify the Sector Code, as specified in the Clearing Bank Code Maintenance screen. Finally, if clearing transactions involving your branch must be routed through another branch, specify the Oracle FLEXCUBE branch code of that branch in the Clearing through Branch field.

On the basis of the Routing Number Mask defined for your bank, and your specifications in this screen, Oracle FLEXCUBE automatically generates the Routing Number for clearing transactions involving your branch in the Routing Number field. This routing number is used to resolve outward clearing transactions.
For example, if you (Westside Bank, Seattle branch) issue a Demand Draft (DD) that is payable at an outstation branch of, say, Friendly Neighborhood Bank, Nashville, based on the routing number, the DD, if presented at any other bank in Nashville, will be sent to Friendly Neighborhood Bank for clearing and not your bank and branch.

For more details about the Branch Parameters screen, refer the Core Services user manual.

### 3.4 Clearing Branch Parameters

This section contains the following topic:

- **Section 3.4.1, "Invoking Clearing Branch Parameters"

#### 3.4.1 Invoking Clearing Branch Parameters

You can maintain the clearing cut-off time for the branch using the ‘Clearing Branch Parameters Maintenance’ screen. You can invoke this screen by typing ‘CGDBRNPM’ in the field at the top right corner of the application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

![Clearing Branch Parameters](image)

**Branch Code**

System displays the current branch code here; however, you can select the branch code from the adjoining option list.

**Branch Name**

System displays the selected branch name here.

**Clearing Cut Off Time**

**Hour**

Specify the clearing hour for the cut-off time in 24 hours clock.

Return Marking Cut-Off time hour is captured in 24 hour format.

**Min**

Specify the clearing minutes for the cut-off time.

---

**Note**

Time specified here will be the daily cut off time for the clearing transactions in the branch.
Transactions input after the specified time, will not be processed on the same day and will take one additional day to arrive at the credit value date; however, you can manually reverse the transaction to process it on the same day.

**Return Marking Cut Off Time**

**Hour**  
Specify hours for the cut-off time of return marking of outward cheque in 24 hours clock.

**Minute**  
Specify minutes for the cut-off time of return marking of outward cheque.

**Note**  
Return marking is allowed in non-clearing branches until the return marking cut-off time before the value date of the outward clearing transaction.

## 3.5 Clearing Cut-off Time Maintenance

This section contains the following topic:

- Section 3.5.1, "Invoking Clearing Cut-off Time Maintenance Screen"

### 3.5.1 Invoking Clearing Cut-off Time Maintenance Screen

You can maintain the clearing cut-off time for the current day of the branch using the ‘Clearing cut-off time Maintenance’ screen. You can invoke this screen by typing ‘CGDLTCLG’ in the field at the top right corner of the application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

![Clearing cut-off time Maintenance Screen](image)

**Branch Code**  
System displays the current branch code here. You can select the branch code from the adjoining option list.
Branch Name
System displays the selected branch name here.

Current Date
System displays the current date here.

Click ‘P’ button to populate the clearing cut-off time maintained in the ‘Clearing Branch Parameter’ screen.

Clearing Cut Off Time

Hour
Specify the clearing hour for the cut-off time in 24 hours clock.

Min
Specify the clearing minutes for the cut-off time.

Note
Time specified here will be applicable only for the current day cut-off time for the clearing transactions in the branch.

Click ‘P’ button to populate current date, clearing cut-off hour, and Minute maintained in the ‘Clearing Branch Parameters’ screen. If the cut-off time has been advanced or extended for the specific day, system will take the cut-off time maintained here. If the cut-off time is not maintained here, then system considers the cut-off time maintained at the branch level.

Return Marking Cut Off Time

Hour
Specify hours for the cut-off time of return marking of outward cheque in 24 hours clock.

Minute
Specify minutes for the cut-off time of return marking of outward cheque.

Note
– Return marking is not allowed after the cut-off time maintained.
– If Return marking is maintained in Clearing Branch parameters and Late Clearing is maintained for specific day, then the system takes the cut-off time maintained for the specific day.
– If Return marking is not maintained in Late Clearing and is maintained for specific day, then the system takes the cut-off time from Clearing Branch parameters.

In non-clearing branches return marking is allowed, until the return marking cut-off time and before the value date of the outward clearing transaction.

3.5.1.1 Reversal of Cut-off time for Outward Clearing

The outward clearing transactions posted before and on the original cut-off time for the day are processed as normal clearing transactions, while those posted after the original cut-off time for the day would be processed as late clearing transactions.

Value Date of the Clearing Transactions Posted before the Original Cut-Off Time
The customer value date = Current date + customer float days arrived
The bank value date = current date + bank float days arrived

**Value Date of the Clearing Transactions Posted after the Original Cut-Off Time**

current date + customer float days arrived + bank float days arrived + additional float day

However; if the cut-off time of any outward clearing transaction is extended or changed, you can execute the clearing cut-off time revision batch, CGBCTREV, which is maintained as Intraday Batch to process the reversal of cut-off time on existing transactions.

**Note**

The system will not prompt you to execute the batch

When the cut-off time for the day is changed at ‘Cut-off Time Maintenance’ level, the system logs and stores the cut-off time change. CGBCTREV batch is run after the revision of the cut-off time for the day.

**Note**

Clearing cut-off time revision batch should be run before the new cut-off time. If the cut-off revision batch is run after the new cut-off time, System would not reverse the cut-off for the transactions.

In the CGBCTREV batch, the system will pick up all the late clearing transactions which are processed between original cut-off time and the current cut-off time and reverse the cut-off time for the clearing transaction.

The system will reverse the accounting entries for the original value date and book new accounting entries with new value date.

**Note**

Cut-off time revision batch would not reverse cut-off time on the transactions which are posted with late clearing product. i.e., with the clearing product with ‘late clearing’ option set. Cut-off time can only be extended and it cannot be set to expired time.

The accounting entries for the original entry with the original value date would be reversed. There would be a new accounting entry with the new value date.

### 3.6 Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject Cut-off

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 3.6.1, "Invoking Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject Cur Off Maintenance Screen"
- Section 3.6.2, "Viewing Inward Clearing Scan Pass Reject Cut-off"

#### 3.6.1 Invoking Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject Cur Off Maintenance Screen

The cut-off time for inward clearing can be maintained in the Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject cut-off Maintenance screen. You can invoke the ‘Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject
Cut-off screen by typing ‘CGDINWCT’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Specify the following here:

**End Point**
Select the end points from the adjoining option list.

**Description**
The system defaults the description of the end point chosen.

**Clearing Type**
Select the inward clearing product type from the adjoining option list.

**Description**
The system displays the clearing product description.

**Scan Pass to Fall Cutoff**

**Hour**
Specify the hours of the cutoff time for the scan pass to reject.

**Minutes**
Specify the minutes of the cutoff time for the scan pass to reject.

**Allow Scan reject to pass for Non-Clearing Branch**
Check ‘Allow Scan Reject to Pass for Non-Clearing Branch’ to enable the scan reject to pass option (Error/override to success) for non-clearing branches.

---

**Note**
- If the cut off time is exceeded then the pass to reject will not be allowed for any branch.
Cut off time can be overridden for a specific day through the Branch cut-off time for Inward Clearing Maintenance screen.

### 3.6.2 Viewing Inward Clearing Scan Pass Reject Cut off

You can view the clearing cutoff scan pass/reject cut off time details in the Inward clearing Scan Pass/Reject cutoff Summary screen. You can invoke this screen by typing ‘CGSINWCT’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

In the above screen, you can base your queries on any or all of the following parameters and fetch records:

- Authorization Status
- Clearing Type
- Record Status
- End Point

Select any or all of the above parameters for a query and click ‘Search’ button. The records meeting the selected criteria are displayed.

The system displays the following details pertaining to the fetched records:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Clearing type
- End Point

### 3.7 Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject Branch Cut off Maintenance

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 3.7.1, "Invoking Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject Branch Cut off Maintenance Screen"
- Section 3.7.2, "Viewing Branch Cutoff for Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject"
3.7.1 Invoking Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject Branch Cut off Maintenance Screen

You can override the cutoff time maintained for the end point and clearing type in the Branch cutoff time for Inward clearing screen. You can invoke this screen by typing ‘CGDBRNCT’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Specify the following here:

Branch code
Select the branch code from the adjoining option list.

End Point
Select the end point from the adjoining option list.

Description
The system displays the description of the end point chosen.

Posting Date
The system displays the current date of the branch.

Clearing Type
Select the clearing type from the adjoining option list.

Description
The system displays the clearing product description.

Scan Pass to Fall Cutoff

Hour
Specify the hours of the cutoff time for the scan pass to reject.

Minutes
Specify the minutes of the cutoff time for the scan pass to reject.
3.7.2 Viewing Branch Cutoff for Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject

You can view the branch cut-off for inward clearing scan pass /reject in the Inward Clearing Scan Pass/Reject Branch cut-off Summary screen. You can invoke this screen by typing ‘CGSBRNCT’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

In the above screen, you can base your queries on any or all of the following parameters and fetch records:

- Authorization Status
- Clearing Type
- Branch Code
- Record Status
- End Point

Select any or all of the above parameters for a query and click ‘Search’ button. The records meeting the selected criteria are displayed.

The system displays the following details pertaining to the fetched records:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Clearing type
- End Point
- Branch Code
- Posting Date

**Note**

- If the current time of the transaction is greater than the cut-off time maintained for the clearing type and end point then the system displays an error message as “Scan Pass to Reject of the transaction cannot be performed for the day”.
- In order to process pass to reject status should be chosen to dishonour return and the reject code should be provided. This operation is supported in Cheque return
Cut-off time for the validation is in the below order:

- Scan Pass to Reject cut-off time maintained at the Branch Cut-off time (CGDBRNCT) for Scan Pass/Reject of Inward Clearing for the clearing type and end point of the transaction being processed.

- Scan Pass to Reject cut-off time maintained at the Cut-off time for Scan Pass/Reject of Inward Clearing (CGINWCT) for the clearing type and end point of the transaction being processed.

In order to process Reject to Pass status should be chosen from error/override to success. The Query Clearing Upload (CGDCLGDT) and Interface Clearing Details (IFDCLGDT) are supported for this operation.

If the processing branch is non-clearing branch and if ‘Allow Scan Reject to Pass’ is not chosen for the clearing type and end point of the clearing transaction then the system displays an error as message “Scan Reject to Pass not allowed for the branch.”

3.8 Clearing House Maintenance

This section contains the following topic:

- Section 3.8.1, "Invoking Clearing House Maintenance Screen"

3.8.1 Invoking Clearing House Maintenance Screen

In the ‘Clearing House Maintenance’ screen, invoked from the Application Browser, you have to maintain the clearing houses your bank participates in. You can invoke this screen by typing ‘STDCLDMT’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Identify every Clearing House you participate in with a unique code. In the Description field, briefly capture the details of the Clearing House. The Clearing House Code and Description you enter should help you easily identify a clearing house. Additionally, specify a SWIFT code.
for the clearing house. In order to process MT306, MT340, MT 360 and MT361 you need to maintain the following codes as SWIFT Codes for the field 29H, 29E and 22B:

- EUTA - Target
- LKCO – Colombo
- PKKA - Karachi
- ROBU - Bucharest
- TRIS - Istanbul
- VNHA - Hanoi

### 3.9 Clearing House Holiday Maintenance

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 3.9.1, "Invoking Clearing Holiday Maintenance Screen"

#### 3.9.1 Invoking Clearing Holiday Maintenance Screen

In the Clearing House Holidays Calendar Maintenance screen, invoked from the Application Browser, you can identify the holidays for the various clearing houses maintained at your bank. You can invoke this screen by typing ‘STDCLHOL’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.
In the Clearing House field, specify the clearing house for which you are maintaining holiday details.

The dates on the calendar are marked in black and red. The dates you mark in black are “working days” and dates you mark in red are “holidays”. Click on a date to change its color.

**Note**

Clearing Houses and Clearing House Holidays are typically maintained at the Head Office.

Refer the chapter ‘Maintaining Clearing Holidays’ in the Core Services User Manual for details about this screen.

### 3.10 Clearing House End Point Maintenance

This section contains the following topic:

- **Section 3.10.1, "Invoking Clearing House End Point Maintenance Screen"**

### 3.10.1 Invoking Clearing House End Point Maintenance Screen

In Oracle FLEXCUBE, clearing houses are also referred to as end points. To facilitate error-free processing of clearing transactions, you need to maintain end point details and map an end point to a clearing house. Invoke the End Point Details screen from the Application Browser to maintain end point details.

You can invoke this screen by typing ‘STDENDMT’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

### Fields

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>End Point</td>
<td>4676</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End Point Description</td>
<td>INTER BANK CLEARING LIMIT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End Point Local</td>
<td>INTER BANK CLEARING LIMIT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing House</td>
<td>CLG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing House Account GL</td>
<td>1121000001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inward Return Suspense GL</td>
<td>2121000004</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inward Suspense GL</td>
<td>2121000001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outward Return Suspense GL</td>
<td>1121000003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outward Return Tracking Required</td>
<td>J</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return Cheque GL</td>
<td>1712000005</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

You can specify the following details:

**End Point**

Specify the end point.
**End Point Description**
Specify the description for the end point.

**End Point Literal**
Specify the end point literal.

**Clearing House**
Specify the clearing house ID. Alternatively, you can select the clearing house ID from the option list. The list displays all valid clearing house ID maintained in the system.

**Clearing House Account/GL**
Specify the clearing house account number. Alternatively you can select the clearing house account number from the option list. The list displays all valid clearing house account number maintained in the system.

**Inward Return Suspense GL**
Specify Inward Return Suspense GL number. Alternatively you can select the inward return suspense GL from the option list. The list displays all valid inward return suspense GL number maintained in the system.

Credit entries are recorded in this GL when outward clearing cheque gets rejected. The balance in this GL represents the amount returned to the clearing house due to outward clearing returned.

**Inward Suspense GL**
Specify Inward Suspense GL number. Alternatively you can select the inward suspense GL from the option list. The list displays all valid inward suspense GL number maintained in the system.

Credit entries are passed in this GL during inward clearing. The balance in this GL represents the amount owed by the bank to the clearing house due to inward clearing instruments.

**Outward Return Suspense GL**
Specify Outward Return Suspense GL number. Alternatively you can select the outward return suspense GL from the option list. The list displays all valid outward return suspense GL number maintained in the system.

Debit entries are recorded in this GL when inward clearing cheque gets rejected. The balance in this GL represents the amount owed by the bank to the clearing house due to inward clearing return instruments.

**Return Tracking Required**
Check this box if return tracking is required at the account branch/clearing branch when Account found/not found respectively

**Return Cheque GL**
Specify return cheque GL. Alternatively, you can select return cheque GL from the option list. The list displays all valid return cheque GL maintained in the system.

---

**Note**
You can track a returned or rejected cheque in the account branch or the Clearing Branch level. The rejected cheque is reversed and the cheque status is marked as rejected in the Cheque Return screen (6560).

If the above details are maintained in case of returns from inward clearing, the system will define a predefined logic for all Inward clearing screens to trigger the corresponding ac-
counting entries. This is applicable for all the inward clearing transactions booked from one of the following screens:

– Inward Clearing Data Entry (5555)
– Query Clearing Upload (CGDIWCGD)
– Interface Clearing Details (IFDIWCGD)

The same process is followed in handling the returns from Inward clearing (Outward Returns). In case of Outward returns handling, Outward Return suspense GL and return cheque GL will be used and existing REVR event will be triggered to post the following accounting entries.

### Transaction Code

#### Offset Transaction Code

Specify the offset transaction code. Alternatively, you can select offset transaction code from the option list. The list displays all valid offset transaction code maintained in the system.

#### Main Transaction Code

Specify the main transaction code. Alternatively, you can select main transaction code from the option list. The list displays all valid main transaction code maintained in the system.

---

**Note**

In Oracle FLEXCUBE, a nine-digit number identifies end points and a three-digit number identifies clearing houses. By mapping an end point to a clearing house, you identify the end point captured at the branch as a valid clearing house maintained in Oracle FLEXCUBE.

---

### 3.10.1.1 Processing Inward Return

Inward Return Suspense GL is maintained at endpoint level to trigger accounting entries in case of Outward returns. The system will use RETN event to handle the inward returns processing. This event is triggered in case of returns from ‘6560’ screen or during the upload of the inward return transactions in the ‘CGDCLGDT’ screen, when the CGREJECT batch is run. The system will maintain the corresponding accounting entries for this event using ‘Our_Charge’ amount tag and ‘Inward Return Susp GL’ accounting role.

- In case of operational errors when reversals are triggered due to ‘CANCEL’ or ‘REVERSE’ operations, the REVR event gets triggered.
  - REVR event has no maintained accounting entries, but just reverses the contingent entries passed earlier as part of the INIT.
  - This is currently triggered in instances such as reversal initiated due to operational errors such as cheque deposit by mistake or wrong input etc

- In case of returns done through the 6560 screen or upload of the inward returns, when the CGREJECT batch is triggered, the system will check the original transaction amount which was already credited to the customer and debit the customer for the total amount by triggering the RETN event.

- As part of the RETN event, during the debit to customer account, the system will internally remove the uncollected funds to the extent of cheque amount (Similar to the REVR event)

Outward clearing can be of two types:

1. If Defer liquidation is specified as ‘Yes’ for the Outward clearing Product, then:
The RETN event gets triggered
- The contingent entries which got triggered earlier as part of the INIT event get reversed.
- No accounting entries are passed as part of the RETN event in this case.
- Contract is updated as ‘REJECTED’

2. If Defer liquidation is specified as ‘No’ for the Outward clearing Product, then:
- In case of return from 6560 screen or upload of inward returns from the clearing house in the CGDCLGDT screen, when the CGREJECT batch is run, the system triggers the new event RETN to handle the Inward returns.
- As part of the RETN event the following accounting entries are passed:
- When the CGREJECT batch is run, the system will process the return of outward clearing transactions at individual contract level as follows:

For Return of Outward Clearing Transaction 1 (Reject code say 014 with charges applicable), the system will pass the following entries:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Dr/Cr</th>
<th>Amount tag</th>
<th>Transaction Code</th>
<th>Branch Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RETN</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Cheque Amount</td>
<td>Main Transaction code</td>
<td>Account Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Cheque_Retn_amt + Charge amount)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RETN</td>
<td>Income GL</td>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Our Charge Amount</td>
<td>Offset Transaction code</td>
<td>Transaction Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RETN</td>
<td>Inward Return Suspense GL</td>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Cheque_Retn_amt</td>
<td>Offset Transaction code</td>
<td>Transaction Branch</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The system will calculate ‘Our Charge Amount’ as follows:

Our Charge Amount = Cheque amount – Cheque Return amount

During Inward handling if charges are applicable for the reject code, the system will validate the computed ‘Our Charge Amount’ when original parent contract is found.

For Return of Outward Clearing Transaction 2 (Reject code say 024 with charges not applicable), the system will pass the following entries:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Dr/Cr</th>
<th>Amount tag</th>
<th>Transaction Code</th>
<th>Branch Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RETN</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Cheque Amount</td>
<td>Main Transaction code</td>
<td>Account Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RETN</td>
<td>Inward Return Suspense GL</td>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Cheque_Retn_amt</td>
<td>Offset Transaction code</td>
<td>Transaction Branch</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The system will update the contract status as ‘REJECTED’.

---

**Note**

In case of Inward Returns, when Deferred Liquidation is maintained as No:

- For Reversals/Returns from 6560, the system will validate if the consolidation status is ‘No’. In such case, the system should trigger only the REVR event and not the RETN event.

- In case of reversal/returns from 6560, when the consolidation status is maintained as ‘Yes’, i.e. the consolidation batch has been initiated and contracts have been dispatched to clearing house, then the system should trigger the RETN event to handle the Inward Returns received from clearing house.

- This has to be operationally handled. Any deviations from the above would be considered to be an operational error.

- In case of an inward return handling from 6560 screen (outward contract with consolidation status as Y) during RETN process, if the system computed charge amount and difference between cheque amount and cheque return amount is not matching, then the system will display an error message.
4. Maintaining Clearing Products

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Section 4.1, "Define CG Product"
- Section 4.2, "Processing Reversals"
- Section 4.3, "Notifying Cheque Collection and Clearance"

4.1 Define CG Product

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 4.1.1, "Defining CG Product"
- Section 4.1.2, "Preferences Button"
- Section 4.1.3, "Role to Head Button"
- Section 4.1.4, "Events Button"

4.1.1 Defining CG Product

In this chapter, we shall discuss the manner in which you can define attributes specific to a Clearing (CG) product.

You can create a clearing product in the ‘CG Product Definition’ screen. You can invoke this screen by typing ‘CLDFNPRD’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

In this screen, you can enter basic information relating to a clearing product such as the Product Code, the Description, etc.

The advantages of defining a product

Let us consider the steps involved in processing an outward clearing transaction (for example, your customer presents a check drawn on another bank) at your bank. Your specifications would include the following:

- The Code of the bank on which the instrument is drawn (as identified in the Clearing Network)
- The Code of the branch on which the instrument is drawn (as identified in the Clearing Network)
- The Clearing Network through which the instrument has been routed
- The Floating Days to calculate the booking date for the bank leg of the transaction
- The Floating Days to calculate the booking date for the customer leg
- The Exchange Rate applicable, etc.

If you process a thousand such outward clearing transactions in a day, you would need to repeat these operations as many times. By defining outward clearing transactions as a product in Oracle FLEXCUBE, and defining standard attributes for it, you can simplify the task of processing clearing transactions.

Every time you process a clearing transaction under a product, Oracle FLEXCUBE automatically applies the attributes defined for the product.
However, if required, you can change the inherited attributes at the time of processing.

For any product you create in Oracle FLEXCUBE, you can define generic attributes, such as branch, currency, and customer restrictions, interest details, tax details, etc., by clicking on the appropriate icon in this screen. For a loans product, in addition to these generic attributes, you can specifically define other attributes. These attributes are discussed in detail in this chapter.

You can define the attributes specific to a loans product in the CG Product Definition Main screen and the CG Product Preferences screen. In these screens, you can specify the product type and set the product preferences respectively.

For further information on the generic attributes that you can define for a product, please refer to the Product Definition User Manual under Modularity.

**Product Type**

A product you are creating can belong to either of the following categories:

- ‘IC’ for inward clearing of checks
- ‘ID’ for inward clearing of DDs
- ‘OC’ for Outward Clearing

These product categories are referred to as product types. When you create a product, you must specify its ‘type’.

**Exchange Rate Variance**

A clearing transaction may involve a currency conversion. For such transactions, the rate corresponding to the Rate Type that you specify for the product will be picked up. (Cash rate, Standard Rate, Spot Rate, etc., are examples of Rate Types). When processing a transaction, the rate value that is picked up can be changed.

You can define the limits within which this change can be made, as follows:
Normal variance
The rate variance can exceed the rate maintained for the Rate Type by the value you specify here (normal variance). In such a case, the system prompts the user with an override message before the contract is saved.

Maximum variance
For transactions involving the product, the exchange rate variance cannot exceed the rate corresponding to the Rate type by this value (Maximum Variance). If the rate that is input exceeds the maximum variance defined, the system will not allow storing of the contract.

4.1.2 Preferences Button

You can maintain preferences for clearing through the Preferences screen. To invoke this screen, click ‘Preferences’ button in the ‘Clearing Product Definition’ screen. The screen appears as shown below:

Referral Required
Referral refers to the process of handling customer transactions, which force the accounts involved in such a transaction to exceed the overdraft limit. Clearing transactions can force an account to move into overdraft. While maintaining the details of a Clearing product you can indicate whether transactions involving the product need to be considered for referral checks. Enabling this option indicates whether the product needs to be considered for referral.

If a product is marked for referral, the details of transactions resulting in the account (involved in the transaction) moving into Overdraft will be sent to the Referral Queue.

Note
If a clearing transaction breaches the limits, the details of all transactions processed during the day will also be moved to the Posted Entries section in the Referral Queue. You can choose to accept or reject the transactions. The details of the transaction which has breached the limits will be displayed in the Unposted Entries section of the queue.

For further details on Referrals refer to the Processing Referrals in Oracle FLEXCUBE chapter of the Core Entities manual.

Defer Liquidation
Check this box to defer liquidation of the selected clearing product.
Defer liquidation is applicable for outward Clearing products. If Defer liquidation sets to Y, System supports Stage wise accounting.

**Indicating requirement for Referral**
Clearing transactions can force an account to move into overdraft. You can indicate whether inward clearing transactions involving the product need to be considered for referral checks for exceeding their overdraft limit. Check this option to indicate that referral is required.

**Consolidation Required**
This field is enabled only for inward clearing products. Check this option to indicate consolidation for all transactions for a customer in an inward clearing batch, is required. Any inward clearing product which has Consolidation Required enabled, cannot be selected for a manual clearing entry.

**Insufficient Funds Reversal**
This field is enabled only for inward clearing products. The Transaction Code is used to reverse the accounting entry if an individual clearing transaction is reversed from the Referral Queue due to insufficient funds. Specify a Transaction Code for reversal. If the Transaction Code is left blank, the Transaction Code of the original clearing entry will be used for reversal.

**CASA Reversal**
This field is enabled only for inward clearing products. The Transaction Code is used to reverse the accounting entry if an individual clearing transaction is reversed due to any CASA error. Specify a Transaction Code for CASA reversal. If the Transaction Code is left blank, the Transaction Code of the original clearing entry will be used for reversal.

Only those Transaction Codes which have Cheque Mandatory set as ‘NO’ in the Transaction Code Maintenance screen, will appear for selection.

**Consolidation Transaction Code**
You need to specify the Transaction Code required for passing a consolidated clearing entry. The same Transaction Code should be maintained with Cheque Mandatory option as ‘No’, in the Transaction Code Maintenance screen.

**Dispatch Days**
Specify the number of days to be used to calculate the dispatch days from the booking date. System uses the local currency calendar to compute the dispatch days from the date of deposit.

For instance, if the dispatch days is given as 1 system fires DCLG on the next Local currency working day. In case that day is a local holiday, then the event is fired on the next business date.

**Liquidation Days**
Specify the number of days to be used to calculate the liquidation days from the booking date. System uses the local currency calendar to compute the liquidation days from the date of deposit.

For instance, if the liquidation day is given as 2, the system fires LIQD after 2 Local currency working days. In case that day is a local holiday, then the event is fired on the next business date.

**Product Restrictions**
Branch and Currency restriction preference can be defined as Allowed or Disallowed on Clearing Product Definition (Preferences sub-screen) with a new tab as “Product Restrictions” using:
- Branch Restriction List
4.1.3 **Role to Head Button**

You can maintain accounting roles for clearing products through the Role to Head mapping screen. To invoke this screen, click 'Role to Head' button in the 'Clearing Product Definition' screen. The screen appears as shown below:

The following accounting roles can be maintained:

- CONT_ACCNT_DUE - Contingent Account Due
- CONT_ACCNT_PAY - Contingent Account Payable
- CLRNG_ACCOUNT - Clearing Account
- CLRNG_OFS_ACCOUNT - Clearing Offset Account

The following amount tags can be maintained:

- TXN_AMOUNT - Cheque Amount
- OFS_AMOUNT - Cheque Amount

4.1.4 **Events Button**

You can maintain the events for clearing through the Events screen. To invoke this screen, click 'Events' button in the 'Clearing Product Definition' screen.
The screen appears as shown below:

The following events are maintained:

- INIT - Deposit of Cheque
- DCLG - Dispatch to Clearing
- LIQD - Liquidation of Cheque

The CGBEOD batch is run for outward clearing to handle the accounting entries on Day 1 and Day 2. The batch is setup to run at the End of Transaction Input Stage to process eligible clearing contracts.

The system fires INIT event and passes the accounting entries based on the product setup and marks the status of the contracts as “Deposited” in case of deferred liquidation, This happens online during contract booking itself.

The system fires DCLG event and marks the status as “Dispatched” on the day of dispatch (Book Date + Number of Dispatch days).

The system automatically liquidates all the contracts which are in “Dispatched” status on Liquidation date (Book Date + Liquidation Days). On Liquidation Date the system reverses the accounting entries passed for INIT and DCLG events, i.e. it passes the REVR event, accounting entries and LIQD event, accounting entries and marks the status as ‘Liquidated’.

The system picks up the accounting entries setup for the events INIT and DCLG from Clearing Product and LIQD from ARC Maintenance.

For further information on Accounting Entries and Advices, please refer to the Product Definition User Manual under Modularity.
4.2 Processing Reversals

Reversal of individual clearing entries will be processed automatically by the system in case of any CASA related errors or any other error while processing the individual instruments. The CASA Reversal Transaction Code specified in the Clearing Product Preferences screen will be used for reversal due to CASA errors. If this Transaction Code is not maintained, the Transaction Code used for passing the consolidated clearing entry (of which this instrument was a part) will be used for reversal. The individual transaction will be marked as rejected in this case.

In case the Force Posting option has been checked in the Interface Clearing Details screen, and an individual transaction is posted to a referral queue because of insufficient funds (if the Referral option is checked in the Clearing Product Definition screen and the Customer Account Maintenance screen), you will have to manually reverse or accept the clearing transaction. In such a case, the individual clearing transaction will be marked as success.

In case a reversal needs to be done for a transaction which was part of the consolidated clearing process, the transaction will be reversed using the Insufficient Funds Reversal Transaction Code maintained in the Clearing Product Preference screen. In case the Transaction Code is not maintained, the Transaction Code used for passing the consolidated clearing entry (of which this instrument was a part) will be used for reversal. Charge entries, if any, will also be reversed using the Transaction Code of the individual clearing transaction.

In case of any other error the individual clearing transaction will be marked as rejected and the transaction will be reversed using Transaction Code used for passing the Consolidated Clearing Entry of which this instrument was a part.

Rejected transactions can be reprocessed as usual. Consolidated Clearing Entry will not be passed while reprocessing rejected transactions.

The values of Insufficient Funds Reversal Transaction Code and the CASA Reversal Transaction Code can be specified in the Clearing Product Preference screen. These fields are applicable only for Inward Clearing products only.

Each individual transaction (Upload table) will be marked with the Reference Number generated for passing the Consolidated Clearing Entry and an option indicating whether reversal has been done or not.

4.3 Notifying Cheque Collection and Clearance

Notifications are generated for successful credit of cheque collection and successful debit of cheque clearance. You can view notifications through the external system which is triggered during the successful processing of the 'INIT'. A complete list of fields will be sent in the notification. However, the following minimum field level details that need to be sent for cheque clearing are:

- Module Code.
- Source Code from Which Transaction Originated.
- Transaction Reference Number.
- Transaction Type Code.
- Debit Account Number.
- Debit Account Currency.
- Debit Amount.
- Credit Account Number.
- Credit Account Currency.
- Credit Amount.
- Date of the Transaction along with Time stamp
- Value date of the Transaction.
- Transaction Narration
5. Maintaining Account, Rate, and Charge Details

Once you have captured the basic information required for processing clearing transactions in Oracle FLEXCUBE, you have to maintain information that would be required to process clearing transactions involving a specific product. In the Account, Rate, and Charge (ARC) Maintenance screen, you have to maintain information that will be used to:

- Route transactions belonging to a specific product, branch and currency combination to a specific Clearing House/Sector Code
- Post accounting entries generated by clearing transactions involving a specific product to specific accounts
- Calculate and apply the specified charges

Note
In order to compute applicable charge, the following screens need to be maintained, before proceeding with ARC Maintenance:

- Charge Code Maintenance
- Entity Maintenance

Details on the above mentioned maintenances are provided in subsequent sections of this chapter.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Section 5.1, "ARC Maintenance Screen"
- Section 5.2, "Charge Code Maintenance"
- Section 5.3, "ARC Branch Group Maintenance"
- Section 5.4, "Entity Maintenance"

5.1 ARC Maintenance Screen

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 5.1.1, "Invoking ARC Maintenance Screen"
- Section 5.1.2, "Defining Charge Details"

5.1.1 Invoking ARC Maintenance Screen

The ARC Maintenance screen can be accessed from the Application Browser. You can invoke this screen by typing 'IFDATMMN' in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.
In the ARC Maintenance screen, you primarily define parameters for processing clearing transactions involving a specific product, currency, and branch combination, and involving a specific Clearing House (in case of an inward clearing transaction) or a Sector (in case of an outward transaction). Towards this, you must specify the following details:

- The details of accounts or GL's to which offset accounting entries should be posted. (Typically, you would post the accounting entries generated by transactions involving a specific clearing house to an account or GL maintained for the purpose.)
- The details of any charges that your bank would need to collect or levy, for the clearing service.

If you are maintaining ARC details for a product and a specific clearing house/sector, the details maintained in this screen will be used for posting entries generated by clearing transactions involving the product, clearing house/sector, branch and currency code combination.

**Note**
You must maintain ARC details for all possible combinations of products, currencies, branches, and clearing houses/sectors.

**Product**
In the ARC Maintenance screen, you have to first of all indicate the clearing product for which you are maintaining ARC details.

**Transaction Type**
Specify the type of transaction for the ARC maintenance. This adjoining option list displays all valid transaction types maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

**Currency**
ARC details are maintained for a product, branch, currency, and clearing house combination. Indicate the currency of the combination in the currency field.
Branch
The ARC record is maintained for a Branch + Product + Type + Ccy.

Account Class/Product
ARC record can be maintained for a Module specific Product Combination or for a specific Account Class level.

Note
The ARC pickup is based on Customer Group code in addition to branch- product-custom-er-transaction currency and customer. If an ARC record is not maintained at a branch- product-customer-currency level, system checks the ARC record for branch-product-cus- tomer group-currency before doing a wild card search.

The order of replacement of the parameters with wild card entries will be done based on the following order:

- Branch
- Product
- Transaction Currency
- Transaction Type

Customer Group
Specify the customer group to define charges. This adjoining option list displays all valid customer groups of type charge maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one. Input to this field is mandatory.

Account Class Group
Select the account class group from the adjoining option list.

Note
If ARC is maintained for an account class group, then the charges computed is applicable for all the account classes defined under that account class group.

The ARC resolution logic is as below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sequence</th>
<th>Account Class Group</th>
<th>Branch</th>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Currency</th>
<th>Customer Group</th>
<th>Transaction Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td><em>.</em></td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td><em>.</em></td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td><em>.</em></td>
<td>Specific</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td><em>.</em></td>
<td>Specific</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td><em>.</em></td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td><em>.</em></td>
<td>Specific</td>
<td>Specific</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Indicating Offset Details

You can indicate the offset currency to be used for processing FX contracts involving different currency combinations. Exchange rate for the contract is based on the rate code and type defined for the currency combination in the Retail Teller product definition, Product preference screen. Based on the transaction currencies chosen and the exchange rate defined for the currency combination, the system will pass the relevant accounting entries.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Specific</th>
<th>‘.’</th>
<th>Specific</th>
<th>‘.’</th>
<th>Specific</th>
<th>‘.’</th>
<th>Specific</th>
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<td>29</td>
<td>‘.’</td>
<td>‘.’</td>
<td>Specific</td>
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<tr>
<td>30</td>
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<td>‘.’</td>
<td>Specific</td>
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<td>‘.’</td>
<td>‘.’</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note
The Offset currency field will be enabled for all products and not for account classes.

The ARC pickup in branch and host will be based on offset currency in addition to branch, product, transaction currency, customer and customer group. The order of replacement of the parameters with wild card entries is done in the following order:

- Branch
- Product
- Offset currency
- Transaction Currency
- Allowed Value

For FX transactions, the second currency from FX screens is used as offset currency for ARC pickup. For RT transactions, offset currency will also be used for ARC pickup.

The order of replacement of the parameters with the wild card entries will be as per the matrix given in the Annexure I.

The Rate code and type pickup in branch and host for the Retail transactions will be from the product preferences for the currencies involved in the transaction. If a record is not maintained for the given product and specific currency combination, the system will check for the currency combinations given in Annexure II. If no record is found for all the given combinations, the system will pickup the rate code and type from the product definition.

Indicating the Offset Details
You can specify the branch and the offset account or GL into which offset entries are to be booked. In case of an inward clearing transaction, this would typically be the Liability GL for Inward Checks to which the credit entries would be posted. (The customer account would be debited.) In case of an outward clearing transaction, this would be the Liability GL maintained for Outward Checks to which the debit entries would be posted. (The customer, in this case, would be credited.)

Indicating Transaction Details
You can specify the branch and the account number in which the transaction is taking place. The account in this field is the customer account. In case of inward clearing transactions, this account number would be available on upload of clearing transactions.

Indicating Transaction Codes
A unique Transaction Code identifies all transactions in Oracle FLEXCUBE. As part of ARC maintenance, you can indicate the offset transaction code and the main transaction code. You have to choose a transaction code for which the status of the option ‘Cheque Mandatory’ is checked at the definition. By this, the system can track the used cheques.

End Point
If you are maintaining ARC details for an outward clearing type product, you should specify the branch, the currency, and the sector code that are part of the combination. In addition, you should specify the end point (or clearing house) to which branches in this sector report to and the bank and customer float days.

If you are maintaining ARC details for an inward clearing type product, you should specify the branch, currency, and end points that form part of the combination.
From the pick list available in the Clearing House field, specify the Clearing House for which you are maintaining ARC details.

Clearing Houses are also referred to as End Point Codes in Oracle FLEXCUBE. Select the End Point Code of the Clearing House in the End Point field.

**Generate MT101**
Check this box to generate MT101.

**Bank and the Customer Float Days**
“Float days,” indicate the number of days that are added to the booking date of an outward clearing transaction to arrive at its value date (that is, the day on which an account is actually debited or credited with funds). As part of the ARC Maintenance for a transaction type, you have to indicate the Bank and Customer Float days.

The term “bank float days” refers to the days that will be used to calculate the value date of the bank leg of a transaction. The term “customer float days” refers to the days that will be used to calculate the value date of the customer leg of a transaction. The following example illustrates the implications.

If you have maintained float days, the system will validate the Clearing House Holiday Maintenance also.

---

**Note**

You can choose to maintain an ARC Wildcard record for a Branch, Currency and Customer combination or for any one or more of these entities. Ensure that the wildcard symbol that you are using is a *.

---

**Float Days Basis**

Float days applicable for outward clearing customer transactions are defined through the Customer Float Days Maintenance screen. The float days can either be considered as:

- **Calendar days** – indicating that the float days will not be dependent on any holiday maintenance.
- **Working days** - indicating that the float days will be based on the clearing house calendar and they will be working days on the basis of clearing house calendar.

You can select the appropriate option, which will be used to arrive at the value date for outward clearing customer transactions.

*For details about defining float days for a customer or customer group, refer the Core Entities user manual.*

**Charge Debit Account**

You can choose the charge debit account from the adjoining drop-down list. The available options are:

- **Offset Account**
- **Transaction Account**

**Netting Charges**

You have the option to net the accounting entries for the debit leg of the charges along with the main transaction entries.
Check this box to indicate that the debit leg of the charges is to be netted before passing the accounting entries. Leave the box unchecked to pass the entries without netting the charges of the debit leg.

**Main Offset Accounting Entries Required**

If this box is checked, the system will pass the main accounting entries along with charges defined at ARC for a Product. Otherwise only the charges accounting entries defined for the product will be passed which is used for online charge collection.

---

**Note**

When RT products are used for On-line charge definition (STDCHGMN), then this check box has to be unchecked.

---

**Generate Transaction Advice**

Whether an Advice needs to be generated for the Transaction (redundant for J2EEBranch, might still be used for other Interfaces).

---

### 5.1.1.1 Indicating Service Charges for Inter-branch Transactions

In a transaction, if the account branch of the teller transaction is different from the transaction branch, then charges maintained by inter-branch product will be applied to the transaction.

If you select the IB transaction as 'Yes' for a RT product at ARC, the system picks up and process the charge entries as maintained.

If you select the IB transaction as 'NO' for a RT product at ARC, then the charges maintained in non-ib product are applied to the transaction.

**IB Transaction**

Check this box if you want the system to pick up the product, for inter-branch transactions.

You will notice the difference in the service charges processed for two transactions with same kind of product.

---

**Note**

This will be supported for Cash Deposit (1401), Cash Withdrawal (1001) and Account to Account Transfer (1006)

---

### 5.1.1.2 Indicating Exchange Rate Revaluation

You can specify the following details:

**Profit Revaluation GL**

Specify the profit revaluation GL details.

**Loss Revaluation GL**

Specify the loss revaluation GL details.

---

### 5.1.2 Defining Charge Details

You can define a maximum of five charges. A charge can be computed based either on the transaction amount or on an earlier charge amount
As part of defining the Charge details for each charge, you need to capture the following details:

**Charge Type**
The Charge Type that should be applied on the transaction. It could either be a Percentage of the transaction amount or a Flat Charge.

**Slab Type**
Whether the Charge computation has to be over different Amount Slabs or Tiers (0-100 @ 10, 101-500 @ 15 etc.).

**Basis**
You can indicate the basis amount on which the charge is to be computed.

Since you can maintain five different charge amounts, the basis amount that you enter could either be the ‘Transaction Amount’ or any of the earlier charge amounts. For example, let us assume you are maintaining Charge 1. The only basis for charge 1 can be the transaction amount. While defining Charge 2 you can choose either the transaction amount or Charge 1 as the basis. Similarly while defining Charge 3, you can choose the transaction amount or Charge 1 or Charge 2 as the basis. NUM-ACC=OPN-DAYS’ is used as basis to define the Account closure Charge product. When this basis is used, Slab type should be maintained as “SLAB”. As system will check the slab for charges to be collected based on the Number of days account kept open by the customer. ‘System Entity’ can be selected to calculate those teller transactions that exceeds the restriction amount. If ‘System Entity’ is selected, then the linked system entity returns the basis amount on which the charge is calculated.

**Entity Name**
The field is enabled if ‘System Entity’ is selected in the ‘Basis’ field. Select the Entity Name, from the adjoining option list. The list of values are populated from the ‘Entity Maintenance’ screen (STDENMNT). Further details on the ‘Entity Maintenance’ screen is provided in subsequent sections of this chapter.

**Based on Charge Code**
Check this box to indicate whether the charge is based on the charges maintained in the charge code maintenance. If this field is checked, then the system checks the parameters applicable to the said charge code from the Charge Code Maintenance (which is detailed in the subsequent section) and passes the relevant parameter value(s). The system also passes the “Basis” amount to the charge code as the basis is captured at ARC charge level.

If the system is unable to pass a parameter value to a charge code because of unavailability of data, the same parameter is treated as *.*.

Subsequently, charges are calculated based on the charge calculating preferences for the said record. Charge Code

This field is enabled if ‘Based on Charge Code’ field is checked. Select the charge code from the adjoining option list. All charge codes as maintained in the charge code maintenance screen is listed in this field.

**Currency**
You can indicate the currency in which the charge amount would be expressed. If the transaction currency is different from the charge currency, a conversion would be done, using the rate code and rate type that you specify for each charge.

**Their Charges**
For outward clearing checks, you can indicate whether the charge is being collected on behalf of the collecting bank. If you set this option, you need not specify the charge account. Since the charge amount would not known upfront, you need not specify the amount either.
This can also be used to indicate the charge product is used to collect the presenting bank charges in case of Outward Returns.

**Charge Debit Account**

Select the charge debit account into which charge related entries are to be posted from the adjoining option list.

---

**Note**

- If charge debit account is maintained at both ARC and charge level with different values, the system will take precedence of the charge debit account at the charge level to debit the charges. The charge debit account can either be “TXN_ACC” or “OFS_ACC” or GL’s (Income or Expense)
- If netting charge is checked at ARC level, charge debit account should be maintained at ARC level. This charge debit account and charge credit account is used when bank has to remit tax on income they receive as part of each and every RT transactions.

---

**Charge Credit Account**

Select the charge credit account from the adjoining option list. The other leg of the charge is posted to a GL, as specified in the ARC record.

For example,

To collect tax from the income received will be as follows:

For cash deposit transactions, bank wants to collect a charge of 5% on the transaction amount (inclusive of tax). The bank has to remit Tax @ 9.090909% of gross charge collected from the income GL.

The ARC maintenance can be done as follows to achieve the same:

**Charge 1:**

Charge Basis: Transaction Amount

% Charge: 5%

Charge Debit Account: Transaction Account

Charge Credit Account: Income GL (say INC00001)

**Charge 2:**

Charge Basis: Charge 1

% Charge: 9.090909%

Charge Debit Account: Income GL (INC00001)

Charge Credit Account: Tax Payable GL (say PAYB0001)

For a cash deposit of USD 1000 in account CASA0001, the gross charge (inclusive of tax) will be USD 50 and Tax will be 4.55 after rounding.

The accounting entries for the maintained ARC will be as below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dr/Cr</th>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Currency</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**ORACLE**
Netting Charge
If two or more accounting entries, for the same event, are to be passed to the same account, on the same Transaction Date, these entries can be netted. You can choose to net charges by choosing this option.

Transaction Code
You can indicate the code using which the accounting entries would be booked, for each charge.

Rate Code and Rate Type
While settling charges for cross currency transactions, you can choose to debit the customer by applying the mid rate, buy rate or by using the buy/sell spread over the mid-rate. Therefore, you need to specify the Exchange Rate details for each ARC definition record that you maintain in the system.

Firstly, indicate the Rate Code for which different rates can be maintained. A list of all the rate codes maintained in the Floating Rates Maintenance screen is displayed in the list. You can choose the appropriate code.

In addition to specifying the Rate Code, you have to indicate the Rate Type which should be picked up for exchange rate conversions involving settlement of charges for cross currency transactions. You can maintain any one of the following as the Rate Type:

- Buy
- Mid
- Sell

After identifying the Rate Code and Rate Type you can indicate the basis amount on which charges are to be computed.

Amount
You have to specify the flat amount only when the charge type is a Flat Amount.

The flat amount will be collected in the currency that you have specified in the Charge Currency field.

Rate
If you have indicated that the charge should be a percentage of the transaction amount, you have to necessarily capture the rate that is to be applied on the transaction amount. The rate that you specify will be applied after converting the amount into the Account Currency.

Minimum and Maximum Charge Amount
When the charge type applicable on the transaction is a percentage of the transaction amount you have to capture the minimum and maximum charge amounts that should be applied on the transaction.
If the charge percentage involving a particular transaction is less than the minimum charge, the system will, by default, debit the customer account with the minimum charge amount. If the charge percentage exceeds the maximum amount, the system will debit the customer account with the maximum charge amount.

**Note**
The charge amount will be deducted in the currency that you specified in the Charge Currency field.

**MIS Head**
Specify the MIS Head that is applicable for the charge-related accounting entry.

**Description**
You can indicate a short description for the charge. If you have provided a charge, it is mandatory to enter the description.

**Charge Tracking Preference**
Select charge tracking preference from the adjoining drop-down list. The options available are:

- **Part Debit/Part Waive** - If your account does not have an amount sufficient to collect the full charge, then the system collects the available amount and waives off the remaining amount. There will not be any tracking for the waived amount. For example: If the charge amount is Rs100 and there is Rs70 in the customer account, then Rs70 will be collected as the charge and the remaining Rs30 would be waived off.

- **Part Debit/Part Track** - If your account does not have an amount sufficient to collect the full charge, then the system collects the available amount and tracks the remaining amount. For example: If the charge amount is Rs100 and there is Rs70 in the customer account, then Rs70 will be collected as the charge and the remaining Rs30 would be tracked for collection.

- **Full Waive** - If your account does not have sufficient balance then the system waives off the full charge amount. For example: If the charge amount is Rs100 and there is Rs70 in the account, the entire Rs100 charge will be waived off.

- **Full Track** - If your account does not have sufficient balance to cover the charge, then the system tracks the entire amount as receivable. For example: If the charge is Rs100 and the amount in the account is Rs70, charge will not be collected, instead Rs100 will be tracked as receivable and this would be tracked till closure.

- **Force Debit** - The system debits the charge amount forcefully from your account. If the amount available in the account is not sufficient then force debit results in negative balance. For example: If the charge is Rs100 and the customer account has Rs70, then the system forcibly debits the customer account of Rs100 resulting in the customer account balance of Rs30. The amount is not tracked in this case. This option if selected, ignores all other validations for balance check and will debit the customer account for the charge amount. The same balance check validations are skipped here too which are currently skipped by the system if balance check required flag is unchecked at transaction code level. However, other validations such as No debit, account freeze will not be skipped.

- **Not Required** - Select ‘Not Required’ if charge for tracking is not preferred. The system behaves in the same manner as it is when “Tracking required auto liquidation” flag is unchecked. This will consider the validations for balance check, that is preference at transaction code level or account overdraft errors (e.g. AC-OVD)

- **Reject** - If the account does not have sufficient balance, then the system rejects entire transaction.
Note

- If “Charge Tracking Preference” is any of the above other than “Not Required”, the given preference will take precedence over the account overdraft check validation (AC-OVD). For example, if account overdraft check validation (AC-OVD) is set up as an override, but tracking preference is selected as full track or part debit/ part track, the charge amount will be tracked if available balance is insufficient to cover the charges. If tracking preference is selected as “Not Required”, then the system will debit the account for charge even if available balance is insufficient to cover the charges.

- If account overdraft check validation (AC-OVD) is set up as an error, but tracking preference is selected as “Force Debit”, then the charge amount will be debited to the customer account by skipping the balance check validation and if available balance is insufficient to cover the charges. But if the tracking preference is selected as “Not Required”, the transaction fails due to insufficient fund.

Note

- The charge tracking preference is not applicable if the charge debit account is a GL
- The charge tracking preference is not applicable for Account close out products or NUM-ACC-OPN-DAYS if selected as basis.

Liquidation Preference for Tracked Charges

- Select liquidation preference for tracked charges from the adjoining drop-down list. The options available are:
  
  Partial - If ‘Partial’ is selected, the system liquidates the tracked charge amounts partially during EO only if part amount is available in the account. For example: If Rs.30 is tracked for an account and during next day EOD, system finds Rs10 is available in the account, system will try to collect the available Rs10.

  Full - If this is selected, then the system tries to liquidate the individual tracked charge amount fully during EOD. If only part amount is available in the account, system will not try to collect the part amount. For example: If Rs30 is tracked for a charge in an account and during next day EOD, system finds Rs10 is available in the account; system will not try to collect the available Rs10. But, system will wait till the time balance available in the account becomes Rs30.

Note

- The system does not validate the “Charge Tracking Preference” selected and “Liquidation Preference for Tracked Charges” selected for a given charge. This has to be operationally controlled. The “Liquidation Preference for Tracked Charges” is applicable only if the Charge tracking preference is selected as “Full Track” or “Part Debit/ Part Track”. In all other cases, the liquidation preference can be maintained as “Full” or “Partial” which will not have any impact unless any charges are tracked.

  - Liquidation of IC tracked charges are done as per the logic available for other tracked amounts like RT, CL tracked amounts.
  - You can define the priority of liquidation order product-wise at account class AMT block screen for IC charge products also.

The system displays override messages when:

- Available balance is sufficient to cover the transaction amount but not sufficient for the charge.

- Product level tracking is checked and when transaction amount is greater than the available balance.
The non sufficient funds tracked transactions can be reversed on the same day only, next day reversal is not allowed.

If netting is disabled for credit transactions, the charges will be deducted from the account. Hence, NSF charge tracking preference will be applicable if system is unable to collect the charge amount.

*For further details refer ‘Maintaining Accounting Details’ chapter of Retail Teller user manual.*

**5.2 Charge Code Maintenance**

This section contains the following topic:

- Section 5.2.1, "Invoking Charge Code Maintenance Screen"

**5.2.1 Invoking Charge Code Maintenance Screen**

In the ‘Charge Code Maintenance’ screen, charges based on some additional parameters which are not part of ‘ARC maintenance’ can be maintained. The charge matrix in this screen can be attached to the ARC maintenance screen for arriving at charges based on additional parameters.

You can invoke this screen by typing ‘STDCHGCD’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Specify the following details in this screen:

**Charge Code**

Specify a unique identifier to identify a charge code.

**Charge Code Description**

The description of the charge code will be defaulted here.
Parameters Mapping

In this section, actual parameter(s) based on which charges are differentiated is mapped to fixed parameter IDs. There are 5 parameter IDs provided in this section. At least one parameter should be mandatorily defined. Select the appropriate value from the adjoining option list. This list contains the following values:

- **TRANSACTION_BRANCH_GROUP** - This is the ARC branch group code to which the transaction branch belongs to. If the transaction branch is not grouped under any ARC branch group *.* is returned for the same.

- **ACCOUNT_BRANCH_GROUP** - This is the ARC branch group code to which the Account branch belongs to. If the account branch is not grouped under any ARC branch group *.* is returned for the same.

- **PAYABLE_BANK_CODE** - This is the beneficiary Bank Code which is used while sending an outgoing interbank BC/DD/TT.

- **PAYABLE_BRANCH_CODE** - This is the beneficiary Bank’s branch Code which is used while sending an outgoing interbank BC/DD/TT.

The list of factory shipped parameters which is made available in this screen are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Specific To</th>
<th>Differentiating Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Applicable to transaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>CUSTOMER_CATEGORY</td>
<td>Customer category specified at customer CIF level</td>
<td>ALL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>GROUP_CODE</td>
<td>Group code specified at customer CIF &gt;Additional tab level</td>
<td>ALL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CLEARING_GROUP</td>
<td>Clearing group specified at customer CIF &gt;Additional tab level</td>
<td>ALL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TAX_GROUP</td>
<td>Tax group specified at customer CIF &gt;Additional tab level</td>
<td>ALL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CUSTOMER_CLASSIFICATION</td>
<td>Customer Classification specified at customer CIF &gt;Additional tab level</td>
<td>ALL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NATIONALITY</td>
<td>Nationality specified at customer CIF level&gt; personal/corporate tab</td>
<td>ALL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transac-</td>
<td>TRANSACTION_BRANCH</td>
<td>Branch code at which transaction is being done</td>
<td>ALL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRANSAC-</td>
<td>TRANSACTION_BRANCH_GROUP</td>
<td>Branch group to which transaction branch belongs to</td>
<td>ALL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCOUNT_BRANCH</td>
<td>Branch code of the transaction account</td>
<td>ALL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACCOUNT_BRANCH_GROUP</td>
<td>Branch group to which account branch belongs to</td>
<td>ALL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAYABLE_BANK_CODE</td>
<td>Payable bank code for BC/DD/TT</td>
<td>BC/DD/TT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAYABLE_BRANCH_CODE</td>
<td>Payable Branch for BC/DD/TT</td>
<td>BC/DD/TT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TO_ACCOUNT_BRANCH</td>
<td>Branch code of the Credit account</td>
<td>LOCH and Account to Account transfer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TO_ACCOUNT_BRANCH_GROUP</td>
<td>Branch group to which credit account branch belongs to</td>
<td>LOCH and Account to Account transfer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Charge Matrix**

**Values 1 to 5**

Values 1 to 5 correspond to the respective parameter values in the Parameter Mapping section. For example Value 1 corresponds to Parameter Value 1 and so on and so forth. Select the specific values from the adjoining option list.

**Charge Type**

Select the charge type from the drop down list. The charge type can be flat or percentage.

**Amount**

Specify the charge amount in this field.

**Rate**

Specify the rate in this field.

**Minimum Charge**

Specify the minimum charge in this field.

**Maximum Charge**

Specify the maximum charge in this field.
Slab Type
Select the Slab Type as Slab or Tier from the drop down list. If Slab Type is Slab or Tier, then provide the slab or tier details in the slab or tier sub-screen by clicking ‘S’ button.

In this screen, you need to specify the number of slabs, the basis to value, and charge slab details.

5.3 ARC Branch Group Maintenance

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 5.3.1, "Invoking ARC Branch Group Maintenance"

5.3.1 Invoking ARC Branch Group Maintenance

To define branch groups which are equivalent to cities or regions that the bank operates in, invoke the 'ARC Branch Group Maintenance' screen by typing ‘STDBRGMT’ in the field at the top right corner of the application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Specify the following details in this screen:
ARC Branch Group
Specify a group code to identify a group of branches.

ARC Branch Group Description
Specify a description for the branch group.

After specifying details in the ‘ARC Branch Group Maintenance’ screen, all the ARC branch groups are displayed in the ‘Branch Parameter Maintenance’ screen (STDBRANC). Select the branch group from the ‘ARC Branch Group’ field.

For more information on the Branch Parameters Maintenance screen, refer section 5 ‘Branch Parameters’ in the Core Service module.

5.4 Entity Maintenance
This section contains the following topics:
- Section 5.4.1, "Invoking Entity Maintenance Screen"

5.4.1 Invoking Entity Maintenance Screen
In the ARC Maintenance screen, fees or charges as a percentage of the transaction amount can be calculated for transactions exceeding the restriction amount. To calculate this fee or charge, you need to select ‘System Entity’ in the ‘Basis Field’ in the ARC Maintenance screen. Thereafter, the ‘Entity Name’ field is enabled which displays values obtained from the ‘Entity Maintenance’ screen. You can invoke this screen by typing ‘STDENMNT’ in the field at the top right corner of the application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

Specify the following in this screen:

**Entity Name**
Specify the entity name to be considered for Fee Maintenance.

**Unit Name**
Select a value for charge consideration from the drop down list. The value provided in the drop down list are as follows:
- Exceeded Amount
- Transaction Amount

During ARC Maintenance, the following scenarios are considered if exceeded amount is selected:

- If the transaction is not exceeding the restriction utilization, then the value provided is 0.
- If the transaction is exceeding the restriction utilization partially, then the portion of the transaction amount which exceeds the restriction amount, is provided.

During ARC Maintenance, the following scenarios are considered if transaction amount is selected:

- If the transaction is not exceeding the restriction utilization, then the value provided is 0.
- If the transaction is exceeding the restriction utilization partially, then the transaction amount is provided.
- If the transaction is exceeding the restriction utilization fully, then the transaction amount is provided.

**Entity Type**
Select the Entity Type from the drop down list. The values provided in the drop down list are as follows:

- Null
- Restriction Code

**Parameter**
Select the Parameter if ‘Restriction Code’ is selected in the Entity Type field, from the adjoining option list. All active restriction codes as maintained in the system are displayed in this field. For more information on restriction code maintenance, refer to the section ‘Restriction Amount Maintenance’ in the Core Services Module.
5.4.1.1 Viewing Entity Types

You can view the entity types in the ‘Entity Summary’ screen. You can invoke this screen by typing ‘STSENMNT’ in the field at the top right corner of the application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

You can search for entity types by specifying values in the following fields:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Entity Name
- Unit Name
- Entity Type

On updating these details and clicking the ‘Search’ button, the following columns are populated:

- Authorization Status
- Record Status
- Entity Name
- Unit Name
- Entity Type

5.4.1.2 Specifying Regulation CC Availability for Clearing Products

In addition to the accounting entry and charge definition you will also have to maintain the following ARC details to incorporate the Regulation CC requirements:

- Indicate whether Regulation CC rules apply to the product that you are defining
Each check deposited will have a nine digit routing number or a four digit routing code associated with it, which determines the clearing float days for the check and the funds availability schedule. You will have to indicate the Float Days for the product for large deposits (>5000). (For deposits falling within the 5000 range you can specify the float days in the existing Customer Float Days screen.

- Float days for new accounts
- Indicate that Special Checks that are given the next day availability should not be included in the next day availability calculation and are also not considered for large deposit exception. Checks given such special availability will not be governed by the Reg CC schedules.

**Note**

- In case of cash deposits, electronic payments and transactions through proprietary/non-proprietary ATM, the next day availability can be enabled through the appropriate transaction code, and these transactions must not be considered for Regulation CC.
- Checks for which collection is doubtful and re-deposited checks should be posted using separate products that are not considered for Regulation CC, with the desired float for the products being defined in the ARC Maintenance.

Availability depends upon the specifications in the Clearing House Holiday Maintenance and the Branch Holiday Maintenance. The value date is first arrived at using the clearing house calendar, and if it happens to be a branch holiday, it is moved to the next working day.

During transaction processing the value date for Reg CC availability for the check deposit gets defaulted based on the Credit Account and the ARC Maintenance for the Clearing Product.

To specify the Reg CC details, click ‘Regulation’ button in the ARC Maintenance screen. The Reg Details screen is opened, where you can specify the details.

The schedule for the availability of funds for check deposits under Reg CC will be calculated in the following manner:

For local and non local checks when the aggregate deposit amount in a day < 5000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Schedule</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sch1</td>
<td>Transaction day + 1</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
For local and non local checks when the aggregate deposit amount in a day > 5000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Schedule</th>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sch1</td>
<td>Transaction day + 1</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sch2</td>
<td>Available day – 2</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sch3</td>
<td>Available day - 1</td>
<td>4500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sch4</td>
<td>Available day</td>
<td>Balance</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For federal or special checks the funds are made available only on the next business day irrespective of the amount deposited, and the checks are not considered for Regulation CC scheduling.

**Account Statements**

All the details of the checks deposited on a given day and the funds cleared as per the schedule will be displayed in the account statement.
6. Viewing Clearing Transactions

This chapter contains the following sections:
- Section 6.1, "View Clearing Transactions"
- Section 6.2, "Inward Clearing Transaction Query"
- Section 6.3, "Query the Clearing Transactions Summary"
- Section 6.4, "Query Clearing (Repair) Upload Summary"
- Section 6.5, "Inward Query Clearing Upload"
- Section 6.6, "Intra-day Clearing Batch Process"
- Section 6.7, "Clearing Auto Reject Mapping Maintenance"
- Section 6.8, "Clearing Batch Process (CGUPLOAD)"

6.1 View Clearing Transactions

This section contains the following topic:
- Section 6.1.1, "Invoking Clearing Transaction Query Screen"

6.1.1 Invoking Clearing Transaction Query Screen

You can view clearing transactions in the ‘Clearing Transaction Query’ screen, where you provide the details of the check instruments as well as the clearing details. You can invoke this screen by typing ‘CGDQUERY’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

In the Clearing Transaction Input screen, you can view the following:
- Remitter Details
  - Customer
  - Remitter Account
- Beneficiary Details
  - Customer
  - Beneficiary Account
- Instrument Details
  - Draft Serial Number
  - Instrument
  - Routing Number
- Account Details
  - Currency
  - Instrument Currency
  - Instrument Amount
- Accounting Details
  - Maker ID
  - Checker ID
  - Date Time
  - Contract Status
  - Authorization Status

Click on the image for a clearer view of the 'Clearing Transaction Query' screen.
- Country
- Beneficiary Details
  - Customer
  - Beneficiary Account
  - Country
- Instrument Details
  - Draft Serial Number
  - Instrument
  - Routing Number
  - Bank code
  - Branch Code
  - Sector Code
  - Late Clearing
  - Instrument type
- Account Details
  - Currency
  - Instrument Currency
  - Instrument Amount
  - Cheque Return Amount
  - Charge Amount
  - Account Currency Amount
  - Exchange Rate
  - DIN
  - Document Identification Number Date
- Date Details
  - Transaction Date
  - Instrument Date
  - Bank Value Date
  - Customer Value Date
- Module Details
  - Module List
  - Module Description
  - Reference No
  - ESN
- Regulation CC Availability for Check Deposits
  - Consider For Reg CC
  - Special Avail
  - Remarks
  - Reject Reason
  - Status Movement
- MT110 Reconciliation Detail
  - MT110STATUS
  - MT110MSGREFNO
For more information on Tanked Transaction, refer Branch Parameters chapter under Core Services module.

6.2 **Inward Clearing Transaction Query**

This section contains the following topic:

- **Section 6.2.1, "Invoking Inward Clearing Transaction Query Screen"

6.2.1 **Invoking Inward Clearing Transaction Query Screen**

You can view inward clearing transactions in the ‘Inward Clearing Transaction Query’ screen, where you provide the details of the check instruments as well as the clearing details. You can invoke this screen by typing ‘CGDIWQRY’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

In the Clearing Transaction Input screen, you can view the following:

- **Remitter Details**
  - Customer
  - Remitter Account
  - Country
- **Beneficiary Details**
  - Customer
  - Beneficiary Account
  - Country
- **Instrument Details**
  - Draft Serial Number
– Instrument
– Routing Number
– Bank code
– Branch Code
– Sector Code
– Late Clearing
– Instrument type

• Account Details
  – Currency
  – Instrument Currency
  – Instrument Amount
  – Cheque Return Amount
  – Presenting Bank Charge Amount
  – Account Currency Amount
  – Exchange Rate
  – DIN
  – Document Identification Number Date

• Date Details
  – Transaction Date
  – Instrument Date
  – Bank Value Date
  – Customer Value Date

• Module Details
  – Module List
  – Module Description
  – Reference No
  – ESN

• Regulation CC Availability for Check Deposits
  – Consider For Reg CC
  – Special Avail
  – Remarks
  – Reject Reason
  – Status Movement

• MT110 Reconciliation Detail
  – MT110STATUS
  – MT110MSGREFNO

For more information on Tanked Transaction, refer Branch Parameters chapter under Core Services module.

6.3 Query the Clearing Transactions Summary

This section contains the following topics:

• Section 6.3.1, "Querying the Clearing Transactions Summary"
• Section 6.3.2, "Maintaining Settlement Details"
6.3.1 **Querying the Clearing Transactions Summary**

You can view the processed clearing records through the Clearing transaction screen. You can reverse a transaction or input a transaction through this screen. Also, you can query/view the list of transactions with a particular reconciliation status.

You can invoke this screen by typing ‘CGQUERY’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can query the clearing transactions based on the following details:

- Reference Number
- External Reference
- Product Code
- Instrument Date
- Remitter
- Beneficiary
- Remitter Account
- Beneficiary account
- Instrument Currency
- Instrument Amount
- Bank Code
- Branch Code
- Batch Number
- MT110 Status

Click ‘Search’ button to view the records based on criteria you have selected. The following details of the record get displayed:

- Reference Number
- External Reference
- Product Code
- Instrument Date
- Remitter
- Beneficiary
- Remitter Account
- Beneficiary account
- Instrument Currency
- Instrument Amount
- Bank Code
- Branch Code
- MT110 Status


6.3.2 Maintaining Settlement Details

You can maintain settlement details for Inward and Outward Direct Credit transactions.

For details on Inward and Outward Direct Credit transactions, refer to the Retail Teller and Retail Branch user manuals.
Invoke the ‘Settlement Details’ screen from the Application Browser by typing ‘FTDRCST’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking the adjoining arrow button.

This screen contains fields that explore possible routes of the transfer. Depending on the type of transfer you are initiating and on the number of banks involved in the transfer, you can enter details of the parties involved in the transfer route.

**Note**

The country information is captured to enable Mantas to analyze the transactions for possible money laundering activities.

*For more details on Mantas, refer 'Mantas' interface document.*

**Route Code**

This is an identifier for the transfer route that you are creating. During a retail teller transaction input, you can use this route code to call up the settlement and messaging details that you maintain in this screen.
Intermediary Reimbursement Institution

An ‘Intermediary Reimbursement Institution’ is the financial institution between the Sender’s Correspondent and the Receiver’s Correspondent, through which the reimbursement of the transfer will take place.

Intermediary

The ‘Intermediary’ in a transfer refers to the financial institution, between the ‘Sender’ and the ‘Account With Institution’, through which the transfer must pass.

The Intermediary may be a branch or affiliate of the Sender or the account with Institution, or an entirely different financial institution. This field corresponds to field 56a of S.W.I.F.T.

Here you can enter either the:
- ISO Bank Identifier Code of the bank or the
- Name and address of the Bank.
- Local Clearing Code of the bank

Receiver’s Correspondent

The ‘Receiver’s Correspondent’ is the branch of the Receiver or another financial institution at which the funds will be made available to the Receiver. This field corresponds to field 54a of S.W.I.F.T. You can enter one of the following:
- ISO Bank Identifier Code of the bank
- The branch of the Receiver’s Correspondent
- Name and address of the Receiver’s Correspondent.

Account With Institution

An ‘Account With Institution’ refers to the financial institution, at which the ordering party requests the Beneficiary to be paid. The Account With Institution may be a branch or affiliate of the Receiver, or of the Intermediary, or of the Beneficiary Institution, or an entirely different financial institution.

This field corresponds to Field 57A of S.W.I.F.T. You can enter one of the following:
- ISO Bank Identifier Code of the bank
- The branch of the Receiver’s Correspondent
- Name and address of the Receiver’s Correspondent
- Other identification codes (for example, account number)
- Local Clearing Code of the bank

Sender to Receiver Information

You can include any message that the Sender wishes to pass on to the Receiver as part of the funds transfer.

Receiver Intermediary

The ‘Receiver Intermediary’ in a transfer refers to the financial institution, between the ‘Receiver’ and the ‘Account With Institution’, through which the transfer must pass.

The Intermediary may be a branch or affiliate of the Receiver or the account with Institution, or an entirely different financial institution. This field corresponds to field 56a of S.W.I.F.T.

Here you can enter either the:
- ISO Bank Identifier Code of the bank
- Name and address of the Bank
- Local Clearing Code of the bank

**Beneficiary Institution**

Here, you can enter details of the institution in favor of which the payment is made. It is in reality the bank that services the account of the Ultimate Beneficiary. This field corresponds to Field 58A of S.W.I.F.T.

You will be allowed to make entries into this field only for Bank Transfers (when the remitter and beneficiary of the transfer are financial institutions — MT 100 or MT 202). Here you can enter either:

- The ISO Bank Identifier Code of the Beneficiary Institution
- The Name and Address of the Beneficiary Institution
- The Local Clearing Code of the bank. If the receiver of funds is the same as the Beneficiary Institution, you can specify the bank’s own local clearing code.

### 6.3.3 Resolving Customer Credits for Clearing Checks

For processing outward clearing checks, you need to ensure that:

- You have maintained the clearing products that would be used for processing the Registration (INIT) and Liquidation (LIQD) events.
- In the Demand Drafts Details screen, you must associate the statuses used for registration and liquidation with the appropriate product codes. Assume, you have maintained the products CGOC (Registration of Outward Clearing checks) and DDLQ (Liquidation of Outward Clearing checks). You need to associate the status INIT (Registration) with the product CGOC and LIQD (Liquidation) with the product DDLQ.
- The Clearing Required option has not be enabled for the product maintained for the liquidation event, in the Demand Draft Details screen.
- Charges in respect of an outward clearing check transaction could be collected either upfront or after the credit to the customer account. The manner in which accounting is done in both cases, along with the appropriate ARC maintenance, is illustrated below:

When charges are collected upfront

**Step 1**

This is the registration event (INIT), for which you can define the following entries:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Debit/Credit Indicator</th>
<th>Accounting Role</th>
<th>Amount Tag</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Debit</td>
<td>Nostro with the collecting bank</td>
<td>Check amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit</td>
<td>Clearing Suspense account</td>
<td>Check amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debit</td>
<td>Clearing Suspense account</td>
<td>Our charges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit</td>
<td>Income -</td>
<td>Our charges</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Step 2**

This is the liquidation event, for which you can define the following entries:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Debit/Credit Indicator</th>
<th>Accounting Role</th>
<th>Amount Tag</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Debit</td>
<td>Clearing Suspense account</td>
<td>Check amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Check amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debit/Credit Indicator</td>
<td>Accounting Role</td>
<td>Amount Tag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debit</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Our charges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit</td>
<td>Clearing Suspense account</td>
<td>Our charges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debit</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Collecting bank charges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit</td>
<td>Collecting Bank charge Account</td>
<td>Collecting bank charges</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When clearing charges are collected from the customer after credit

**Step 1**
This is the registration event. The following entries can be defined for this event:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Debit/Credit Indicator</th>
<th>Accounting Role</th>
<th>Amount Tag</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Debit</td>
<td>Nostro with the collecting bank</td>
<td>Check amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit</td>
<td>Clearing Suspense account</td>
<td>Check amount</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Step 2**
This is the liquidation event. The following entries can be defined for this event:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Debit/Credit Indicator</th>
<th>Accounting Role</th>
<th>Amount Tag</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Debit</td>
<td>Clearing Suspense account</td>
<td>Check amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Check amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debit</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Our charges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit</td>
<td>Clearing Suspense account</td>
<td>Our charges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debit</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Collecting bank charges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credit</td>
<td>Collecting Bank charge Account (Nostro of collecting bank with your bank)</td>
<td>Collecting bank charges</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For the registration product, when the charge is collected upfront, the ARC Maintenance must be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Txn Account</th>
<th>Offset Account</th>
<th>Charge Account</th>
<th>Charge From Account</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Suspense</td>
<td>Nostro</td>
<td>Income</td>
<td>Transaction Account</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For the registration product, when clearing charges are collected from the customer after credit, the ARC Maintenance must be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Txn Account</th>
<th>Offset Account</th>
<th>Charge Account</th>
<th>Charge From Account</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Suspense</td>
<td>Nostro</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
For the liquidation product, when clearing charges are collected from the customer after credit, the ARC Maintenance must be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Charge Type</th>
<th>Txn Account</th>
<th>Offset Account</th>
<th>Charge Account</th>
<th>Charge From Account</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Our charges</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Suspense</td>
<td>Income</td>
<td>Transaction Account</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collecting Bank charges</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Suspense</td>
<td>Income</td>
<td>Transaction Account</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 6.3.4 Levying Charges on Dishonored Cheque

You can levy charges on dishonored cheques based on the reason for rejection. Invoke the ‘Clearing Rejection Reason’ screen from the application browser.

You can invoke this screen by typing ‘CGDRJMNT’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

In this screen, you have to specify a reject code and give a description of the same. A reject code has to be assigned to every check that you reject.

**Reject Code**

Specify the reject code.

**Description**

Specify the description for the specified reject code.

**Instrument**

Select the instrument type from the drop-down list. The list displays the following values:

- Cheque
- Others
- Null
Include for Cheque Return Counter
Check this box to include for cheque return counter.

Update Cheque Returns in the Customer Account
Check this box to identify if entries for Cheque bounce has to be updated at the Customer account based on the reject code.

Charge Preferences

Charge Applicable
Select the appropriate check box to indicate if the charge applicable is for inward returns or outward returns. The list displays the following values:
- Inward Returns - if charges are applicable for Inward Returns
- Outward Returns - if charges are applicable for Outward Returns

Inward Return Charge Product
Specify the inward return charge product. Alternatively, you can select inward return charge product from the option list. The list displays all valid inward return charge product maintained in the system.

Outward Return Charge Product
Specify the outward return charge product. Alternatively, you can select outward return charge product from the option list. The list displays all valid outward return charge product maintained in the system.

Charge Reason
The system displays the reason for charge applicable.

Select ‘CHQ’ as the instrument used and check the Charge Applicable box. You can also mention a reason for application of charge.

For all reject codes where charge is applicable a charge basis is automatically created by the system. You have to link the charge basis to a charge product in the IC module.

You can check the box ‘Include for Cheque Return Counter’ to indicate that the reject code is considered for incrementing the return counter, when the cheque comes in for clearing.

Refer to the Interest and Charges user manual to find out how to create a charge basis.

If you wish to levy charge for a dishonored check, then, when marking the check as dishonored, specify a reject code that has a charge basis linked to it. You can do this in the Interface Clearing Details screen, which is explained in the next section.

On authorization of dishonored checks, the system will validate if the reject code associated with a dishonored check has a charge basis linked to it and process charges accordingly.

6.3.4.1 Processing of Presenting Bank Charges

During inward return handling, the presenting bank charges maintained using Inward Return Charge Product will be received from the Debtor bank and credited to income GL. The system will directly map Inward return charge products maintained in the ARC maintenance to the Reject codes and the inward return suspense GL maintained in Endpoint maintenance will be used to pass reversal entries for RETN event for Inward returns.

The system processes the charges during inward returns handling as follows:
During return/reject of an outward clearing contract, the system validates the associated reject code with the type of charge applicable and the respective charge product linked to it. The charge amount derived based on the reject code during inward return will always be added to Cheque return amount and debited from the customer account during RETN event and this amount will be reduced/knocked from the customer account book balance (uncollected funds).

The computed charge amount will be credited to the Income GL.

If an inward return transaction is received with the Transaction code/Reject code for which Charge applicable flag is set as ‘Y’ in Reject code maintenance, then the system will compute the charge amount and credit it to the Income GL based on the charge setup defined at Inward Return product code.

In case a return is received from Inward clearing, the system will automatically trigger the RETN event with the following accounting entries:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Dr/Cr</th>
<th>Amount tag</th>
<th>Transaction Code</th>
<th>Branch Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RETN</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Cheque Amount</td>
<td>Main Transaction code</td>
<td>Account Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Cheque_Retn_amt+Charge amount)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RETN</td>
<td>Income GL</td>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Our_charge</td>
<td>Transaction code from ARC for the specific charge product</td>
<td>Transaction Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RETN</td>
<td>Inward Return Suspense GL</td>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Cheque_Retn_amt</td>
<td>Offset Transaction code</td>
<td>Transaction Branch</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If no Charges are applicable, then Cheque return amount will be the Cheque Amount.

If the Original parent transaction is found, then the system will validate if:

Computed Charge amount = Cheque amount – Cheque return amount

Else the system will log an exception for the transaction.

Based on the reason for rejection and if you have selected ‘Charge Applicable’ field as ‘Outward returns’ for the corresponding Reject code in the ‘Clearing Reject Code Maintenance’ screen, the, the presenting bank charges can be levied from the customer account for an outward return based on the charge set up at ARC maintenance.

You can maintain the presenting bank charges using the charge products in ARC setup with ‘Their Charge’ selected as ‘Yes’. The Outward return charge products maintained in the ARC maintenance will be directly mapped to the Reject codes and when the transactions are rejected, depending on the reject codes with which it gets rejected, the corresponding charge amount will be credited to income GL.
The following accounting entries will be triggered during Outward return handling if presenting bank charges are applicable:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dr/Cr</th>
<th>Account/GL</th>
<th>Amount Tag</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Customer for Presenting</td>
<td>Bk_Chg_Amt at Account branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Return Cheque GL for Presenting</td>
<td>Bk_Chg_Amt at Account branch</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If presenting bank charges are applicable for an outward return clearing transaction, then 'Cheque Return Amount' field will be derived based on the charge maintained for the respective reject code.

To add the accounting entries as part of the REVR event that includes with customer account with charges, the following events and accounting entries will be maintained.

### 6.3.4.2 Inward Return Handling without the parent match:

During the Inward Return File upload, in case the cheques are returned, when original parent contract cannot be identified, the system will check if the parameter ‘Process_return__without_ParentMatch’ is maintained as ‘Yes’. If Yes, the system will allow the return process as follows:

- An entry is created internally for the outward clearing transaction having the cheque amount as Cheque return amount + computed charges.
- The system will not pass any accounting entries for the internally created outward clearing transaction.
- This is updated as ‘Returned’ and RETN event will be triggered to handle the accounting entries.
- Any inward returns without parent match cannot be handled through 6560.
- The remarks field can be updated accordingly with an appropriate narration indicating that ‘This is Single cheque return that is a part of the bulk deposit’.

The system will pass the following Accounting entries:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Dr/Cr</th>
<th>Amount tag</th>
<th>Transaction Code</th>
<th>Branch Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RETN</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Cheque Amount (((Cheque_Ret n_.amt + Charge amount)))</td>
<td>Main Transaction code</td>
<td>Account Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RETN</td>
<td>Income GL</td>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Our Charge Amount</td>
<td>Offset Transaction code</td>
<td>Transaction Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RETN</td>
<td>Inward Return Suspense GL</td>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Cheque_Ret n_.amt</td>
<td>Offset Transaction code</td>
<td>Transaction Branch</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 6.3.4.3 Amount Tags and Accounting Entries

#### Amount Tags
As part of cheque return amount and presenting bank charge amount, the following amount tags are passed:

- **CHK_RETN_AMT [Cheque Return Amount]** – The value for this amount tag will be derived as (Cheque Amount – Presenting bank charges)
- **PresentingBk_Chg_Amt**

#### Accounting Entries
As part of the REVR event, the following Accounting entries will be passed:

### With Customer Account – With Charges (Insufficient Balance)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Dr/ Cr</th>
<th>Amount tag</th>
<th>Transaction Code</th>
<th>Branch Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Cheque Amount</td>
<td>Main Transaction Code</td>
<td>Account Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Inward Suspense GL</td>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Cheque Amount</td>
<td>Offset Transaction Code</td>
<td>Transaction Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Return Check GL at Account Branch</td>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Cheque Amount</td>
<td>Offset Transaction Code</td>
<td>Account Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Cheque Amount</td>
<td>Main Transaction Code</td>
<td>Account Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Charge Amount</td>
<td>Main Transaction Code</td>
<td>Account Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Return Cheque GL at Account Branch</td>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Charge Amount</td>
<td>Offset Transaction Code</td>
<td>Account Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Outward Return Susp GL</td>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Cheque_Rtn_amt</td>
<td>Offset Transaction Code</td>
<td>Transaction Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Return Cheque GL at Account Brn</td>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Cheque_Rtn_amt</td>
<td>Offset Transaction Code</td>
<td>Account Branch</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cheque Return Amount = Cheque Amount – Charge Amount
### With Customer Account – Without Charges

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Dr/Cr</th>
<th>Amount tag</th>
<th>Transaction Code</th>
<th>Branch Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Cheque</td>
<td>Main Transaction Code</td>
<td>Account Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Inward Suspense GL</td>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Cheque</td>
<td>Offset Transaction Code</td>
<td>Transaction Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Return Cheque GL at Account Branch</td>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Cheque</td>
<td>Offset Transaction Code</td>
<td>Account Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>ChequeAmount</td>
<td>Main Transaction Code</td>
<td>Account Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Outward Return Susp GL</td>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Cheque_Re tn_amt</td>
<td>Offset Transaction Code</td>
<td>Transaction Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Return Cheque GL at Account Branch</td>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Cheque_Re tn_amt</td>
<td>Offset Transaction Code</td>
<td>Account Branch</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Without Customer Account – Without Charges

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Dr/Cr</th>
<th>Amount tag</th>
<th>Transaction Code</th>
<th>Branch Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Return Cheque GL at Clearing Branch</td>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Cheque</td>
<td>Offset Transaction Code</td>
<td>Clearing Branch</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If the account is not found during the Inward clearing reject and if the ‘Update Cheque return in the Customer Account’ is not selected at the Clearing Reject Code Maintenance, then the system will not trigger the customer level entries. The charge related details will be maintained in the arc set up for the corresponding CG product. The charges related accounting entries will not be triggered if the account is not found during Inward clearing reject.

In case of handling returns for successfully processed Inward clearing transactions, the system will first reverse the entries that is passed as part of Inward clearing transaction and pass the newly introduced reject entries as well as part of this REVR event. This process is performed using 'Inward Cheque Return' screen.

The accounting entries that will be triggered as part of REVR event during return of an successfully processed Inward Clearing transaction will be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Dr/Cr</th>
<th>Amount tag</th>
<th>Transaction Code</th>
<th>Branch Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Customer</td>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>(-) Cheque Amount</td>
<td>Main Transaction Code</td>
<td>Account Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Inward Suspense GL</td>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>(-) Cheque Amount</td>
<td>Offset Transaction Code</td>
<td>Transaction Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REVR</td>
<td>Return Cheque GL at Account Branch</td>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Cheque Amount</td>
<td>Offset Transaction Code</td>
<td>Account Branch</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
During this scenario, the system should not trigger the Customer cheque bounce entries even if 'Update Cheque return in the Customer Account' is specified at the Clearing Reject Code Maintenance.

### 6.4 Query Clearing (Repair) Upload Summary

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 6.4.1, "Querying Clearing (Repair) Upload Summary"
- Section 6.4.2, "Inward Clearing of Instruments"
- Section 6.4.3, "Validating Returned Outward Clearing Transaction"

#### 6.4.1 Querying Clearing (Repair) Upload Summary

You can modify the details for multiple clearing transactions using 'Query Clearing Upload' screen. You can use this screen for both inward clearing as well as outgoing clearing transactions and you can also authorize, reject clearing transactions in bulk.
You can invoke this screen by typing ‘CGDCLGDT’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application toolbar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can query the multiple clearing transactions based on:

**External Reference No**
Specify the external reference of the transaction you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid external reference numbers maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

The system displays the following details corresponding to the specified External Reference No. However, you can modify them, if the default status is not ‘Success’.

**End Point**
Specify the end point/clearing house of the transaction you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid end points maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

**Remitter Account No**
Specify the remitter account number of the transaction you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid external remitter account numbers maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

**Product**
Specify the clearing product of the transaction you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid clearing product codes maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

**Beneficiary Account**
Specify the beneficiary account you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid beneficiary account numbers maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

**Transaction Date**
Enter the transaction date you are querying.

**User Id**
Specify user Id who input the transaction you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid user Ids maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.
Status
Select the status of the transaction you are querying from the drop-down list:
-Overrides
-Unprocessed
-Success
-Dishonour Return
>Error

Currency
Specify currency of the instrument you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid currencies maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Rémitter Branch
Specify remitter branch you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid remitter branches maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Rémitter Account Currency
Specify remitter account currency you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid remitter account currencies maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Instrument No
Specify instrument number you are querying.

Amount
Specify the instrument amount you are querying.

Authorization Status
Select the authorization status of the transaction you are querying from the drop-down list:
- Authorized
- Unauthorized

Direction
Select the direction of the transaction you are querying from the drop-down list:
- Inward
- Outward

Rejected Code
Specify reject reason code for querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid reject codes maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Batch Number
Specify the batch number for the transaction you want to query.

Click ‘Search’ button to view the records based on criteria you have selected. The following details of the record get displayed:

Clearing Details:
- Status
- Rejected Code
- Force Posting
- Advice Required
- Waive Reject Charge – Rejection charge will be waived if this box is checked. Remitter Account No
- Remitter Branch
- Instrument Number
- Instrument Currency
- Instrument Amount
- Cheque Return Amount
- Charge Amount
- Transaction Date
- Product
- Contract Reference
- Beneficiary Account
- Beneficiary Customer
- Remarks
- Beneficiary Routing Number
- Routing Number
- End Point
- External Reference Number
- Maker ID
- Release Time
- Check ID
- Checker Date Stamp
- Authorization Status
- Source Code
- Instrument Type
- Error Code
- Error Parameters
- Upload Status

The system displays the following details:
- Remitter Bank
- Beneficiary Bank
- Bank Validate
- Beneficiary Branch
- Branch
- Entry No

**Instrument Date**
Specify the instrument date.
6.4.2 Inward Clearing of Instruments

You can process the failed inward clearing transactions of instruments using ‘Query Clearing Upload’ screen. You can invoke this screen by typing ‘CGDCLGDT’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

To process the failed inward clearing transactions of instruments,
1. Specify the instrument type from the adjoining option list.
2. Select the status as ‘Error’ from the drop-down list.
3. Click the ‘Query’ button to view all the failed transactions.
4. Change the status as ‘Unprocessed’, to process the transactions failed due to expired instrument.

Note
- You need to revalidate the instrument before processing them from the clearing repair screen. If not, system will display the error message and the status will be updated as ‘ERRR’.
- The cheque cannot be rejected after the return marking cut off time, however will be postponed to the next working day.

6.4.3 Validating Returned Outward Clearing Transaction

If the outward clearing transaction is returned from ‘Clearing Repair Screen’ (CGDCLGDT); ‘Cheque Return Screen’ (6560); ‘Clearing Log Screen’ (IFDCLGDT), on save, the following validation will be done

- If the current time is greater than the return cut-off time maintained in the ‘Clearing Cut off Time Maintenance’ screen, system will display the following error message as “Return marking is not allowed for the day”.
- If the return cut-off time is not maintained in the ‘Clearing Cut off Time Maintenance’ screen, system will use the cut-off time maintained in the ‘Clearing Branch Parameter’ screen.
- On successful validation, the upload status would be changed to ‘Unprocessed’ and after authorization; the cheque return will be processed.
Note
Return cut-off time would be validated only for the outward clearing returns of cheques.

6.5 Inward Query Clearing Upload

This section contains the following topic:
- Section 6.5.1, "Invoking Inward Query Clearing Upload"

6.5.1 Invoking Inward Query Clearing Upload

You can invoke this screen by typing ‘CGDIWCGD’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can query the multiple clearing transactions based on:

**External Reference Number**
Specify the external reference of the transaction you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid external reference numbers maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

The system displays the following details corresponding to the specified External Reference No. However, you can modify them, if the default status is not ‘Success’.

**End Point**
Specify the end point/clearing house of the transaction you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid end points maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.
Remitter Account Number
Specify the remitter account number of the transaction you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid external remitter account numbers maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Product
Specify the clearing product of the transaction you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid clearing product codes maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Beneficiary Account
Specify the beneficiary account you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid beneficiary account numbers maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Transaction Date
Enter the transaction date you are querying.

User Id
Specify user Id who input the transaction you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid user Ids maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Status
Select the status of the transaction you are querying from the drop-down list:
- Overrides
- Unprocessed
- Success
- Dishonour Return
- Error
- Reversed

Currency
Specify currency of the instrument you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid currencies maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Remitter Branch
Specify remitter branch you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid remitter branches maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Remitter Account Currency
Specify remitter account currency you are querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid remitter account currencies maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

Instrument Number
Specify instrument number you are querying.

Amount
Specify the instrument amount you are querying.

Authorization Status
Select the authorization status of the transaction you are querying from the drop-down list:
- Authorized
- Unauthorized

Direction
Select the direction of the transaction you are querying from the drop-down list:
- Inward
- Outward

**Rejected Code**
Specify reject reason code for querying. This adjoining option list displays all valid reject codes maintained in the system. You can choose the appropriate one.

**Batch Number**
Specify the batch number for the transaction you want to query.

Click ‘Search’ button to view the records based on criteria you have selected. The following details of the record get displayed:

**Clearing Details:**
- Status
- Rejected Code
- Force Posting
- Advice Required
- Waive Reject Charge – Rejection charge will be waived if this box is checked.
- Remitter Account No
- Remitter Account Number
- Remitter Branch
- Instrument Number
- Instrument Currency
- Instrument Amount
- Cheque Return Amount
- Charge Amount
- Liquidation Date
- Product
- Contract Reference
- Beneficiary Account
- Beneficiary Customer
- Remarks
- Beneficiary Routing No
- Routing Number
- End Point
- External Reference Number
- Maker ID
- Release Time
- Check ID
- Checker Date Stamp
- Authorization Status
- Source Code
- Instrument Type
- Error Code
- Error Parameters
- Upload Status
The system displays the following details:

- Remitter Bank
- Bank Validate
- Branch
- Entry No

Instrument Date
Specify the instrument date.

6.6 Intra-day Clearing Batch Process

This section contains the following topic:

- Section 6.6.1, "Processing Intra-day Clearing Batch Process"

6.6.1 Processing Intra-day Clearing Batch Process

The system runs Intra-day clearing batch process (CGFNDCHK) before the CGUPLOAD batch while the clearing upload records are still in the unprocessed state. This batch can also be triggered manually. This validates the Cheque amount and check the Drawer’s account balances for the unprocessed clearing records.

The system generates a report to give the details of the accounts with possible insufficient balances to pass the inward clearing cheques at the time of generation.

The processing of this batch is as follows:

- On receipt of the inward clearing file from clearing house, the clearing data is uploaded into the Staging table with Clearing Status as ‘UNPR’ unprocessed so as to process the same from the upload batch.
- Once the Intra-day Clearing batch (CGFNDCHK) is run, the system validates the Cheque amount and check the Drawer’s account balances of the unprocessed clearing records.
- The clearing batch process updates all the unprocessed and unsimulated records with the status of the ‘Funds Check Simulation’ field on the ‘Summary/Repair’ screen as Yes or No depending on the availability of sufficient account balances in the customer account. If Funds check simulation field is updated as N, the system further validates the inward clearing records in terms of Drawn Against Uncollected Deposits (DAUD) and Drawn Against Insufficient Funds (DAIF).
- The system generates the Funds Availability Simulation Report with details of accounts with Funds check simulation check is No and clearing processing status as ‘Unprocessed’ for that transaction date.
  - ‘Available Balance’ in the Report is the Customer account balance without limits/cover account balance.
  - The field ‘Available Balance Including Limits/Cover account’ includes the limit/cover account balance, if the Primary Account is linked to a cover account. In this case, the system will perform the balance check for both the Primary Account and the corresponding cover account.
  - If the cheque amount is greater than the Available balance on simulation, but lesser than the Available Balance Including Limits/Cover account and withdraw-able uncollected balance, then system updates the OD type/Status as DAUD. If the cheque amount is greater than the Available Balance Including Limits/Cover + withdraw-able Uncollected fund, then the system updates OD type/Status as DAIF.
– If multiple instruments are drawn on the same customer account in the inward clearing file, then on the run of the CGFNDCHK batch, the system validates the consolidated cheque amount for every customer account and updates the flag for these cheques based on the total amount availability in the Customer account. The ‘Funds Check Simulation’ field gets checked only if the total available balance in the Customer account is equal or greater than the consolidated Instrument amount.

6.7 Clearing Auto Reject Mapping Maintenance

This section contains the following topic:

- Section 6.7.1, "Invoking Clearing Auto Reject Mapping Maintenance Screen"

6.7.1 Invoking Clearing Auto Reject Mapping Maintenance Screen

You can map Oracle FLEXCUBE error codes to the corresponding Reject codes that will result in the auto reject of the incoming clearing transaction using ‘Clearing Auto Reject Mapping Maintenance’ screen. You can invoke this screen by typing ‘CGDERRCD’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can specify the following details:

**Error Code**
Specify the error code encountered due to the an exception resulting in the failure of an inward clearing transaction. Alternatively, you can select error code from the option list. The list displays all valid error codes maintained in the system.

**Error Description**
Specify the error description for the selected error code.

**Reject Code**
Specify the reject code maintained in the system specifically for auto rejection of Inward clearing transactions. Alternatively, you can select reject code from the option list. The list displays all valid reject codes maintained in the system.

**Reject Reason**
Specify the reject reason for the selected reject code.
If there corresponding set of exceptions mapped to the Reject codes that are marked for auto rejection, then the system will perform the following steps to automatically reject the incoming transactions

- The system will check if the exception error code is mapped with Auto Reject/reason
  - If Yes, the incoming clearing transaction will be rejected automatically
  - If No, i.e. if error code is not mapped to the reject code in the ‘Clearing Auto Reject Mapping Maintenance’, the contracts will be in the error status in the CGDCLGDT/IFDCLGDT screen.

- If the transactions are sent to the Referral queue, then based on the process defined, it can either be paid or rejected. In case the transaction is rejected, then the system will validate if the error codes are mapped for auto rejection and accordingly the transaction will get auto rejected.

6.8 Clearing Batch Process (CGUPLOAD)

This section contains the following topic:

- Section 6.8.1, "Processing Clearing Batch"
- Section 6.8.2, "Provision for populating Clearing Upload"
- Section 6.8.3, "Processing Clearing Intra-day Batch Process"

6.8.1 Processing Clearing Batch

CGUPLOAD batch can be configured as intra-day batch to process the uploaded clearing data. This will process the clearing upload data which are in unprocessed status and creates the clearing transaction based on the instrument type, instrument product.

- If the instrument type is ‘CHEQUE’, ‘DD’ or ‘BC’ and the product type is ‘OC’ (Outward clearing), the system will create the outward clearing transaction.
- If the instrument type is ‘CHEQUE’ and the product type is ‘IC’ (Inward clearing), the system will create the inward clearing transaction.
- If the instrument type is ‘DD’ or ‘BC’ and the product type is not ‘OC’ (Outward Clearing), the system will trigger the liquidation process for the DD/BC instrument received for clearing.
- The Clearing batch process will update the status of the clearing upload data in the clearing log data store.
- If the clearing transaction is created successfully, the status will be updated as ‘SUCS’ in the clearing log data store which can be viewed from the ‘Clearing Log Summary’ screen.
- During accounting process, the system will fail the transaction based on the conversion error code maintenance for the accounting overrides.
- These transactions can be processed (fail to pass) from the ‘Clearing Log/Repair’ screen.
- If transaction is failed during batch process, the system would update the status as ‘ERRR’ with error code and error description in the clearing log, which can be viewed from clearing log summary (IFSCCLGDT) or Clearing Repair Screen (CGDCLGDT).
- You can manually correct the error data from the ‘Clearing Bulk Repair’ screen.

6.8.2 Provision for populating Clearing Upload

The excel upload process exposed by the system can be utilized to upload the clearing data into the clearing log data store.
The following are the fields which are mandatory for both Inward and Outward Clearing:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>INSTRNO</td>
<td>Instrument number</td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROD</td>
<td>Product code (inward clearing product)</td>
<td>String</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INSTRCCY</td>
<td>Instrument currency</td>
<td>String</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INSTRAMT</td>
<td>Instrument amount</td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ROUTINGNO</td>
<td>Routing Number</td>
<td>String</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following are the fields which are mandatory for Inward Clearing:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>REMACCOUNT</td>
<td>Remitter account</td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENDPOINT</td>
<td>End point</td>
<td>String</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following are the fields which are mandatory for Outward Clearing:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Data Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BENACCOUNT</td>
<td>Beneficiary account</td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INSTRDATE</td>
<td>Instrument date</td>
<td>Date</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.8.3 Processing Clearing Intra-day Batch Process

The clearing intra-day batch (CGOUTBAT) will read the outward and outward LOCH clearing cheques for the current date and pass a consolidated entry at the branch level for the total number of cheque amount.

The clearing intra-day batch (CGINBAT) will read the inward and inward LOCH clearing cheques for the current date and pass a consolidated entry at the branch level for the total number of cheque amount in the file.

The clearing intra-day batch (CGOUTRBT) will read the outward return and outward LOCH return clearing cheques for the current date and pass a consolidated entry at the branch level for the total number of cheque amount in the file.

The clearing intra-day batch (CGINRBAT) will read the inward return and inward LOCH return clearing cheques for the current date and pass a consolidated entry at the branch level for the total number of cheque amount.

You can trigger the consolidated entry for the total cheque amount in the Outward Clearing file, using CGOUTBAT batch. This batch will consider all the Outward clearing contracts with clearing date as current system date and based on the end point, product code and consolidation status combination and pass a consolidated entry for the total cheque amount for the branch as follows and update the consolidation status field:
This batch job will trigger the consolidated entry for both Normal Outward and In-house clearing contracts.

The system will check if consolidation batch is executed prior to clearing upload batch. The system will update consolidated reference number against the individual cheques which were part of the consolidation amount.

If the CGINBAT is run prior to the clearing upload batch, the system will consider all the Return/reject of Inward clearing contracts based on the clearing type ‘IC’, file reference number or batch number and status as REJE and pass the consolidated batch entry for the Outward Return as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cr/Dr Indicator</th>
<th>Account/GL</th>
<th>Amount Tag</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Clearing Nostro/Central Bank Account</td>
<td>FILE_AMT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Outward Suspense GL</td>
<td>FILE_AMT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The CGOUTRBT batch will trigger to pass the above mentioned consolidated entries for outward return and below mentioned outward LOCH return clearing contracts. The following batch entry will be triggered for LOCH process. The Internal Susp GL and Internal Return Susp GL will be fetched from the End point GL maintenance.

**Outward LOCH Process:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cr/Dr Indicator</th>
<th>Account/GL</th>
<th>Amount Tag</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Clearing Nostro Account/GL</td>
<td>FILE_AMT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Outward Suspense GL</td>
<td>FILE_AMT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Outward Return LOCH:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cr/Dr Indicator</th>
<th>Account/GL</th>
<th>Amount Tag</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Clearing Nostro Account/GL</td>
<td>FILE_AMT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Outward Return Suspense GL</td>
<td>FILE_AMT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note**

- Any outward clearing transaction will not be allowed to return before dispatch (or) CGOUTBAT is run
- Any outward clearing transaction will not be allowed to reverse from Branch workflow screen after dispatch (or) CGOUTBAT is run
6.8.3.1 **Uploading Inward Clearing File**

The system will upload inward clearing file and pass consolidated entry for the total cheque amount at branch level as follows:

- Inward clearing file is a fixed flat file of 64 bytes for each record and file records are divided into 5 parts as follows.
  - Header: Indicates the beginning of inward clearing file
  - Record details: Indicates the cheque details for each branch
  - Branch Footer: This record will appear after record details for every branch details and will be repeated for every unique branch details in the file and will give details on the total cheque for the branch and the total amount
  - Bank footer: This record will appear after all record and branch detail and will display the total amount for the bank and the number of branch in the file
  - Footer Details: Indicates the end of clearing file

- On receipt of the inward clearing file from clearing house, the clearing data is uploaded into the inward Staging table with Clearing Status as ‘UNPR’ unprocessed so as to process the same from the upload batch.

- The system will read the data from file and convert it into Oracle FLEXCUBE format. It will then identify all the record details for every unique branch and upload the same records.

- The system will upload the inward files at Java application layer.

- Clearing upload batch will be run to process the individual inward cheques.

- Once the Clearing batch ‘CGINBAT’ is run, based on the clearing type ‘IC’ and file reference number or batch number, the system will pass a consolidated entry for the total cheque amount for the branch as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cr/Dr Indicator</th>
<th>Account/GL</th>
<th>Amount Tag</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Inward Suspense GL</td>
<td>FILE_AMT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Clearing Nostro/Central Bank Account</td>
<td>FILE_AMT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Inward LOCH will be treated as normal inward clearing with no details being sent to clearing house. Following batch entry will be passed for LOCH transactions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cr/Dr Indicator</th>
<th>Account/GL</th>
<th>Amount Tag</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Inward Suspense GL</td>
<td>FILE_AMT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Clearing Nostro Account/GL</td>
<td>FILE_AMT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- The system will update consolidated reference number against the individual cheques which were part of the consolidation amount.

- Consolidation entry will be passed for every branch in the received inward file.

**Uploading Inward Return Clearing File**

The system will upload inward return clearing file and pass consolidated entry for the total cheque amount at branch level as follows:

- Inward clearing file is a fixed flat file of 64 bytes for each record and file records are divided into 5 parts as follows.
- Header: Indicates the beginning of inward clearing file.
- Record details: Indicates the cheque details for each branch.
- Branch Footer: This record will appear after record details for every branch details and will be repeated for every unique branch details in the file and will give details on the total cheque for the branch and the total amount.
- Bank footer: This record will appear after all record and branch detail and will display the total amount for the bank and the number of branch in the file.
- Footer Details: Indicates the end of clearing file.

- On receipt of the inward clearing file from clearing house, the clearing data is uploaded into the inward return Staging table with Clearing Status as ‘UNPR’ unprocessed so as to process the same from the upload batch.
- The system will read the data from file and convert it into Oracle FLEXCUBE format. It will then identify all the record details for every unique branch and upload the same records.
- The system will upload the inward files at Java application layer.
- Clearing upload batch will be run to process the individual inward cheques.
- Once the new Clearing batch ‘CGINRBAT’ is run, based on the clearing type ‘IC and file reference number or batch number a consolidated entry will be passed for the total cheque amount for the branch as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cr/Dr Indicator</th>
<th>Account/GL</th>
<th>Amount Tag</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Inward Return Suspense GL</td>
<td>FILE_AMT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Clearing Nostro/ Central Bank Account</td>
<td>FILE_AMT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Inward LOCH Return will also be treated as normal inward return clearing with no details being sent to clearing house. Following batch entry will be triggered for LOCH return:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cr/Dr Indicator</th>
<th>Account/GL</th>
<th>Amount Tag</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Inward Return Suspense GL</td>
<td>FILE_AMT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cr</td>
<td>Clearing Nostro Account/ GL</td>
<td>FILE_AMT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- The system will update consolidated reference number against the individual cheques which were part of the consolidation amount.
- Consolidation entry will be passed for every branch in the received inward file.
7. Reports

7.1 Introduction

The report programs available under the Clearing module are explained in this chapter. All activities that are performed by the Clearing module are recorded. The inputs you have made at different stages are pieced together and can be extracted in the form of meaningful reports as and when you may require them. Every day teller doing the financial transactions, print hard copy of the reports.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Section 7.2, "Inward Clearing Extract Report"
- Section 7.3, "Inward Clearing Extract – Passed Entries"
- Section 7.4, "Inward Clearing Extract - Failed Entries"
- Section 7.5, "Inward Clearing Extract – Rejected Entries"
- Section 7.6, "Inward Clearing Extract – Forcefully Passed Entries"
- Section 7.7, "Inward Clearing Summary Report"
- Section 7.8, "Outward Clearing Failed Transactions Report"
- Section 7.9, "Cheques Due for Realization Report"
- Section 7.10, "Inward Clearing Cheque Reject Report"
- Section 7.11, "Outward Clearing Cheque Reject Report"
- Section 7.12, "Outward Clearing Summary Report"
- Section 7.13, "Clearing Balance Summary Report"
- Section 7.14, "Liquidated Instrument Report"
- Section 7.15, "Instrument Issued Today Report"
- Section 7.16, "Outward Clearing Handoff Report"
- Section 7.17, "Float Extension Report"
- Section 7.18, "On Us Transaction Report"
- Section 7.19, "Funds Availability Simulation Report"

7.2 Inward Clearing Extract Report

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 7.2.1, "Generating Inward Clearing Extract Report"
- Section 7.2.2, "Contents of the Report"

7.2.1 Generating Inward Clearing Extract Report

This Report lists the all inward clearing records. It will have all the records irrespective of their status. You can invoke 'Inward Clearing Extract Report' screen by typing 'CGRINCLR' in the
field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Specify the transaction date.

Click ‘OK’ button to generate the inward clearing extract report, click ‘Exit’ to return to the Reports Browser.

7.2.2 Contents of the Report

The contents of the report are discussed under the following heads:

Header
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

Body of the report
The generated report will be ordered by the batch number and currency. The Batch No (4-7 character of Reference Number). The Summation will be for Number of entries, amount.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>End Point</td>
<td>This indicates the end point.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing Type</td>
<td>This indicates the clearing type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remitter Branch</td>
<td>This indicates the remitter branch.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remitter Account</td>
<td>This indicates the remitter account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiary Account</td>
<td>This indicates the beneficiary account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheque Number</td>
<td>This indicates the cheque number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entry Number</td>
<td>This indicates the entry number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing Number</td>
<td>This indicates the routing number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payee</td>
<td>This indicates the payee.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This section contains the following topics:

- Section 7.3.1, "Generating Inward Clearing Extract- Passed Entries"
- Section 7.3.2, "Contents of the Report"

7.3.1 Generating Inward Clearing Extract- Passed Entries

After authorization, all the transactions will come to ‘Clearing Log’ (IFSCLGDT) screen. Here some transactions will go as error, because of lack of funds, or other reasons. A report is required containing data of how many entries passed.

You can invoke ‘Inward Clearing Extract - Passed Entries’ screen by typing ‘CGRCLGPS’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Specify the transaction date.

Click ‘OK’ button to generate the inward clearing extract report, click ‘Exit’ to return to the Reports Browser.

7.3.2 Contents of the Report

The contents of the report are discussed under the following heads:
Header
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

Body of the report
The generated report will be ordered by the batch number and currency. Batch No (4-7 character of Reference Number). The Summation will be for Number of entries, amount.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>End Point</td>
<td>This indicates the end point.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing Type</td>
<td>This indicates the clearing type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remitter Branch</td>
<td>This indicates the remitter branch.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remitter Account</td>
<td>This indicates the remitter account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiary Account</td>
<td>This indicates the beneficiary account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheque Number</td>
<td>This indicates the cheque number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entry Number</td>
<td>This indicates the entry number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing Number</td>
<td>This indicates the routing number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>This indicates the remarks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Date</td>
<td>This indicates the instrument date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency</td>
<td>This indicates the currency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>This indicates the amount.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.4 Inward Clearing Extract - Failed Entries
This section contains the following topics:

- Section 7.4.1, "Generating Inward Clearing Extract - Failed Entries"
- Section 7.4.2, "Contents of the Report"
7.4.1 Generating Inward Clearing Extract - Failed Entries

This Report lists the failed inward clearing records. You can invoke ‘Inward Clearing Extract - Failed Entries’ screen by typing ‘CGRCLREF’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Transaction Date
Specify the transaction date.

Click ‘OK’ button to generate the inward clearing extract report, click ‘Exit’ to return to the Reports Browser.

7.4.2 Contents of the Report

The contents of the report are discussed under the following heads:

Header
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

Body of the report
The generated report will be ordered by the batch number and currency. The Batch No (4-7 character of Reference Number). The Summation will be for Number of entries, amount.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>End Point</td>
<td>This indicates the end point.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing Type</td>
<td>This indicates the clearing type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remitter Branch</td>
<td>This indicates the remitter branch.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remitter Account</td>
<td>This indicates the remitter account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiary Account</td>
<td>This indicates the beneficiary account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheque Number</td>
<td>This indicates the cheque number.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This section contains the following topics:

- Section 7.5.1, "Generating Inward Clearing Extract - Rejected Entries"
- Section 7.5.2, "Contents of the Report"

### 7.5.1 Generating Inward Clearing Extract - Rejected Entries

This Report lists the reject inward clearing records. The bank may wish to reverse some of the passed cheques. A report is required of how many cheques reversed with details.

You can invoke ‘Inward Clearing Extract - Rejected Entries’ screen by typing ‘CGRCHREV’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can specify the following parameters here:

**Transaction Date**
Specify date of transaction of inward clearing extract for which you wish to generate report, from the adjoining calendar.

**Reject Code**
Specify reject code of the inward clearing extract for which you wish to generate report, from the adjoining option list.

### Field Name Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Entry Number</td>
<td>This indicates the entry number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing Number</td>
<td>This indicates the routing number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Failed Reason</td>
<td>This indicates the failed reason.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>This indicates the remarks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Date</td>
<td>This indicates the instrument date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency</td>
<td>This indicates the currency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>This indicates the amount.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**7.5 Inward Clearing Extract – Rejected Entries**

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 7.5.1, "Generating Inward Clearing Extract - Rejected Entries"
- Section 7.5.2, "Contents of the Report"
Reject Reason
Reason for the rejection of the inward clearing extract is defaulted here based on the specified reject code.

Click ‘OK’ button to generate the inward clearing extract report, click ‘Exit’ to return to the Reports Browser.

7.5.2 Contents of the Report
The contents of the report are discussed under the following heads:

Header
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated, the module of the report and reject code.

Body of the report
The generated report will be ordered by the batch number and currency. The Batch No (4-7 character of Reference Number). The Summation will be for Number of entries, amount.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Branch</td>
<td>This indicates the transaction branch.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remitter Account</td>
<td>This indicates the remitter account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiary Account Number</td>
<td>This indicates the beneficiary account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Customer Name</td>
<td>This indicates the customer name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheque Number</td>
<td>This indicates the cheque number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Batch Number</td>
<td>This indicates the batch number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency</td>
<td>This indicates the currency of the transaction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Amount</td>
<td>This indicates the total amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Number of Records</td>
<td>This indicates the total number of records</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value Date</td>
<td>This indicates the value date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reject Reason</td>
<td>This indicates the reject reason.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency</td>
<td>This indicates the currency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>This indicates the amount.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.6 Inward Clearing Extract – Forcefully Passed Entries
This section contains the following topics:

- Section 7.6.1, "Generating Inward Clearing Extract - Forcefully Passed Entries"
- Section 7.6.2, "Contents of the Report"
7.6.1 Generating Inward Clearing Extract - Forcefully Passed Entries

The bank will forcefully pass some of the entries which had failed earlier. A report is required of how many passed forcefully with details. You can invoke ‘Inward Clearing Extract – Forcefully passed Entries’ screen by typing ‘CGRCLFPS’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application toolbar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Specify the transaction date.

Click ‘OK’ button to generate the inward clearing extract report, click ‘Exit’ to return to the Reports Browser.

7.6.2 Contents of the Report

The contents of the report are discussed under the following heads:

Header
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

Body of the report
The generated report will be ordered by the batch number and currency. The Batch No (4-7 character of Reference Number). The Summation will be for Number of entries, amount.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>End Point</td>
<td>This indicates the end point.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing Type</td>
<td>This indicates the clearing type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remitter Branch</td>
<td>This indicates the remitter branch.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remitter Account</td>
<td>This indicates the remitter account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiary Account</td>
<td>This indicates the beneficiary account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheque Number</td>
<td>This indicates the cheque number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entry Number</td>
<td>This indicates the entry number.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This section contains the following topics:

- Section 7.7.1, "Generating Inward Clearing Summary Report"
- Section 7.7.2, "Contents of the Report"

### 7.7.1 Generating Inward Clearing Summary Report

Cheques are processed in various Inward Clearing types, Currencies, and Batches throughout the day. These Inward Clearing Cheques are either processed successfully or rejected, based on the accounts fund position, status, etc.

You can generate ‘Inward Clearing Summary Report’ to help the branches in balancing inward clearing transactions. This report lists all the inward clearing transactions processed on that day. The transactions are grouped by batches. You can invoke ‘Inward Clearing Summary Report’ screen by typing ‘CGRINCLG’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button. CGRINCLG__CVS_MAIN

You can specify the following parameters here:

**Branch Code**
Specify a valid code of the Branch in which report is being generated from the adjoining option list.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Routing Number</td>
<td>This indicates the routing number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Previous Status</td>
<td>This indicates the previous status.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Status</td>
<td>This indicates the current status.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payee</td>
<td>This indicates the payee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Date</td>
<td>This indicates the instrument date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency</td>
<td>This indicates the currency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>This indicates the amount.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Date
Specify the date for which you wish to generate the report from the adjoining calendar.

End Point
Specify cheque number which you wish to maintain as an end point to generate the report, from the adjoining option list.

Report Format
Select the format in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- HTML – Select to generate report in HTML format.
- RTF – Select to generate report in RTF format.
- PDF – Select to generate report in PDF format.
- EXCEL – Select to generate report in EXCEL format.

Report Output
Select the output in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Print – Select to print the report.
- View – Select to print the report.
- Spool – Select to spool the report to a specified folder so that you can print it later.

Printer At
Select location where you wish to print the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Client – Select if you need to print at the client location.
- Server – Select if you need to print at the server location

Printer
Select printer using which you wish to print the report from the adjoining option list.

7.7.2 Contents of the Report

The parameters specified while generating the report are printed at the beginning of the report. Other content displayed in the Inward Clearing Summary Report is as follows:

Header
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

Body of the Report
The following details are displayed as body of the generated report:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>End Point</td>
<td>Indicates End Point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing House Name</td>
<td>Indicates Clearing House Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing House</td>
<td>Indicates Clearing house</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency</td>
<td>Indicates Currency</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.8 Outward Clearing Failed Transactions Report

This section contains the following topics:
- Section 7.8.1, "Generating Outward Clearing Failed Transaction Report"
- Section 7.8.2, "Contents of the Report"

### 7.8.1 Generating Outward Clearing Failed Transaction Report

Outward clearing cheques are settled by forwarding them to clearing houses. On the due date of settlement, credits are received from the other banks, through the clearing house. Subject to the returns, the funds are credited to the customer accounts. If an outward clearing transaction fails, then you can generate ‘Outward Clearing Failed Transactions Report’ to list transactions which failed on that day. This report groups all failed transactions based on the instrument and clearing type of the transaction.

You can invoke ‘Outward Clearing Failed Transactions Report’ screen by typing ‘CGROCFTN’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Batch Number</td>
<td>Indicates Batch Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debit Amount</td>
<td>Indicates Sum of Cheque Amount of the batch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rejected Amount</td>
<td>Indicates Sum of amount of the rejected cheques of the batch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passed Amount</td>
<td>Indicates Sum of amount of the passed cheques of the batch</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

End Point
Specify cheque number which you wish to maintain as an end point to generate the report, from the adjoining option list.

Process Date
Specify the date when the outward clearing transaction was processed from the adjoining Calendar.
Report Format
Select the format in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- HTML – Select to generate report in HTML format.
- RTF – Select to generate report in RTF format.
- PDF – Select to generate report in PDF format.
- EXCEL – Select to generate report in EXCEL format.

Report Output
Select the output in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- Print – Select to print the report.
- View – Select to print the report.
- Spool – Select to spool the report to a specified folder so that you can print it later.

Printer At
Select location where you wish to print the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- Client – Select if you need to print at the client location.
- Server – Select if you need to print at the server location

Printer
Select printer using which you wish to print the report from the adjoining option list.

7.8.2 Contents of the Report
The parameters specified while generating the report are printed at the beginning of the report. Other content displayed in the Outward Clearing Failed Transactions Report is as follows:

Header
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

Body of the Report
The following details are displayed as body of the generated report:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>End Point</td>
<td>Indicates the end point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Date</td>
<td>Indicates the date of transaction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Type</td>
<td>Indicates the instrument type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument No</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XREF</td>
<td>Indicates External Reference Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acc Branch</td>
<td>Indicates Payee Account Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiary Account Number</td>
<td>Indicates the beneficiary account number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument CCY</td>
<td>Indicates the instrument currency</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.9 Cheques Due for Realization Report

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 7.9.1, "Generating Cheques Due for Realization Report"
- Section 7.9.2, "Contents of the Report"

7.9.1 Generating Cheques Due for Realization Report

Instruments that need to be credited to the customer's account are lodged in clearing. On the clearing due date, the cheques are realized and the accounts are credited, subject to the returns. Simultaneously branches open various clearing sessions based on the requirements and lodge cheques.

You can generate ‘Cheques Due for Realization Report’ to list cheques that are due for realization for that day. This report lists cheques which were already due for credit to the accounts value date. You can invoke ‘Cheques Due for Realization Report’ screen by typing ‘CGRCDTOD’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SC CCY</td>
<td>Indicates the charge currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Status</td>
<td>Indicates the transaction status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reference Number</td>
<td>Indicates FCC Reference Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing No</td>
<td>Indicates Clearing Routing Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remitter Account</td>
<td>Indicates Payee Account Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiary Account Description</td>
<td>Indicates the Beneficiary Account Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Amount</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SC Amount</td>
<td>Indicates Service Charge Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reject Reason</td>
<td>Indicates Cheque Reject Remarks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

You can specify the following parameters here:
Clearing Type
Specify clearing type for which you wish to generate the report, form the adjoining option list.

Value Date
Specify clearing value date of the outward clearing transaction from the adjoining calendar.

Branch Code
Specify a valid code of the Branch in which report is being generated from the adjoining option list.

End Point
Specify cheque number which you wish to maintain as an end point to generate the report, from the adjoining option list.

Report Format
Select the format in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- HTML – Select to generate report in HTML format.
- RTF – Select to generate report in RTF format.
- PDF – Select to generate report in PDF format.
- EXCEL – Select to generate report in EXCEL format.

Report Output
Select the output in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- Print – Select to print the report.
- View – Select to print the report.
- Spool – Select to spool the report to a specified folder so that you can print it later.

Printer At
Select location where you wish to print the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- Client – Select if you need to print at the client location.
- Server – Select if you need to print at the server location

Printer
Select printer using which you wish to print the report from the adjoining option list.

7.9.2 Contents of the Report

The parameters specified while generating the report are printed at the beginning of the report. Other content displayed in the Cheques Due for Realization Report is as follows:

Header
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

Body of the Report
The following details are displayed as body of the generated report:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>End Point</td>
<td>Indicates Clearing End Point</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.10 Inward Clearing Cheque Reject Report

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 7.10.1, "Generating Inward Clearing Cheque Reject Report"
- Section 7.10.2, "Contents of the Report"

7.10.1 Generating Inward Clearing Cheque Reject Report

Cheques which were presented in inward clearing are cleared after verifying the following:

- Balance in the account
- Signature of Account holder
- Mandatory validations

If the presented cheque fails in any of the above validations, then the Drawee Bank rejects the cheque. Subsequently, these cheques are returned to clearing house, with reasons for not honoring it.

You can generate 'Inward Clearing Cheque Reject Report' with details of cheques which were rejected during inward clearing process for a given period. This report groups cheques, based on the end point, branch code, and totals provided for instrument amount.
You can invoke ‘Inward Clearing Cheque Reject Report’ screen by typing ‘CGRICLRS’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can specify the following parameters here:

**Branch Code**
Specify a valid code of the Branch in which report is being generated from the adjoining option list.

**From Date**
Specify the date from when you wish to generate the report from the adjoining calendar.

**To Date**
Specify the date till when you wish to generate the report from the adjoining calendar.

**End Point**
Specify cheque number which you wish to maintain as an end point to generate the report, from the adjoining option list.

**Account Number**
Specify account number to which the rejected inward clearing cheque was submitted, from the adjoining option list.

**Reject Reason**
Specify rejection code for rejection of the cheque from the adjoining option list.

**Report Format**
Select the format in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- HTML – Select to generate report in HTML format.
- RTF – Select to generate report in RTF format.
- PDF – Select to generate report in PDF format.
- EXCEL – Select to generate report in EXCEL format.

**Report Output**
Select the output in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- Print – Select to print the report.
- View – Select to print the report.
- Spool – Select to spool the report to a specified folder so that you can print it later.

**Printer At**
Select location where you wish to print the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- Client – Select if you need to print at the client location.
- Server – Select if you need to print at the server location

**Printer**
Select printer using which you wish to print the report from the adjoining option list.

### 7.10.2 Contents of the Report

The parameters specified while generating the report are printed at the beginning of the report. Other content displayed in the Inward Clearing Cheque Reject Report is as follows:

**Header**
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

**Body of the Report**
The following details are displayed as body of the generated report:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RM ID</td>
<td>Relationship manager ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Account No</td>
<td>Indicates Remitter Account Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Account Desc</td>
<td>Indicates Account Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument type</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument No</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument CCY</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument Currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Amount</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheque Return date</td>
<td>Indicates Transaction date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing No</td>
<td>Indicates Clearing routing no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing Ref No</td>
<td>Indicates FCC Contract reference no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TXN No</td>
<td>Indicates Xref</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone No</td>
<td>Indicates Contact No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reject reason</td>
<td>Indicates Reject reason</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auth ID</td>
<td>Indicates Authorizer Id</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auth ID date</td>
<td>Indicates Authorizer date and time</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.11 Outward Clearing Cheque Reject Report

This section contains the following topics:
- Section 7.11.1, "Generating Outward Clearing Cheque Reject Report"
- Section 7.11.2, "Contents of the Report"

7.11.1 Generating Outward Clearing Cheque Reject Report

You can generate a report of outward clearing cheque rejections using ‘Outward Clearing Reject Report’ screen. This screen gives the details of the cheques those were bounced during a given period. You can invoke ‘Outward Clearing Cheque Reject Report’ screen by typing ‘CGROCLRS’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can specify the following parameters here:

**Branch Code**
Specify a valid code of the Branch in which report is being generated from the adjoining option list.

**From Date**
Specify the date from when you wish to generate the report from the adjoining calendar.

**To Date**
Specify the date till when you wish to generate the report from the adjoining calendar.

**End Point**
Specify cheque number which you wish to maintain as an end point to generate the report, from the adjoining option list.

**Account Number**
Specify account number to which the rejected inward clearing cheque was submitted, from the adjoining option list.

**Reject Reason**
Specify rejection code for rejection of the cheque from the adjoining option list.
Include Subordinates
The relationship managers can generate the reports for the customers who are associated with their subordinate RMs. Choose one of the following options:
- Yes – Select this box to include the customers assigned to your subordinate RMs.
- No – Select this to generate the report only for the customers assigned to you, excluding the customers assigned to your subordinate RMs.

Report Format
Select the format in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- HTML – Select to generate report in HTML format.
- RTF – Select to generate report in RTF format.
- PDF – Select to generate report in PDF format.
- EXCEL – Select to generate report in EXCEL format.

Report Output
Select the output in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- Print – Select to print the report.
- View – Select to print the report.
- Spool – Select to spool the report to a specified folder so that you can print it later.

Printer At
Select location where you wish to print the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- Client – Select if you need to print at the client location.
- Server – Select if you need to print at the server location

Printer
Select printer using which you wish to print the report from the adjoining option list.

7.11.2 Contents of the Report
The parameters specified while generating the report are printed at the beginning of the report. Other content displayed in the Inward Clearing Cheque Reject Report is as follows:

Header
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

Body of the Report
The following details are displayed as body of the generated report:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rm ID</td>
<td>Relationship Manager ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Branch</td>
<td>Transaction Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End Point</td>
<td>End Point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remittance Account</td>
<td>Remittance Account</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.12 Outward Clearing Summary Report

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 7.12.1, "Generating Outward Clearing Summary Report"
- Section 7.12.2, "Contents of the Report"

### 7.12.1 Generating Outward Clearing Summary Report

When a customer submits instruments of various other banks to credit their accounts, they are lodged into outward clearing and are moved to clearing settlement. You can generate ‘Outward Clearing Summary Report’ to provide list of the transactions processed successful or rejected while processing outward clearing. The results are grouped based on the endpoint, clearing type, and transaction currency.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Account Description</td>
<td>Account Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument type</td>
<td>Instrument type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument No</td>
<td>Instrument Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument CCY</td>
<td>Instrument Currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Amt</td>
<td>Instrument Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheque Return Date</td>
<td>Cheque Return Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing No</td>
<td>Routing No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reference No</td>
<td>Reference No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction No</td>
<td>Transaction No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact No</td>
<td>Contact No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auth ID</td>
<td>Auth ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auth Time</td>
<td>Auth Time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reject Reason</td>
<td>Reject Reason</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
You can invoke ‘Outward Clearing Summary Report’ screen by typing ‘CGROCSAR’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can specify the following parameters here:

**Branch Code**
Specify a valid code of the Branch in which report is being generated from the adjoining option list.

**Transaction Status**
Select status of the transaction from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- Success – Select if the transaction was processed successfully.
- Rejected – Select if the transaction was rejected.
- Error – Select if the transaction had an error.
- Unprocessed – Select if the transaction was unprocessed.

**Transaction Date**
You can generate this report for the transactions having a specific transaction date. Select the transaction date using the adjoining calendar button.

**Report Format**
Select the format in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- HTML – Select to generate report in HTML format.
- RTF – Select to generate report in RTF format.
- PDF – Select to generate report in PDF format.
- EXCEL – Select to generate report in EXCEL format.

**Report Output**
Select the output in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- Print – Select to print the report.
- View – Select to print the report.
- Spool – Select to spool the report to a specified folder so that you can print it later.
Printer At
Select location where you wish to print the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Client – Select if you need to print at the client location.
- Server – Select if you need to print at the server location

Printer
Select printer using which you wish to print the report from the adjoining option list.

7.12.2 Contents of the Report

The parameters specified while generating the report are printed at the beginning of the report. Other content displayed in the Outward Clearing Summary Report is as follows:

Header
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

Body of the Report
The following details are displayed as body of the generated report:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. of Txns</td>
<td>Indicates No. of Transactions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product</td>
<td>Indicates the product</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Ccy</td>
<td>Indicates the transaction currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Date</td>
<td>Indicates the transaction date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount credited</td>
<td>Indicates Credit amount for outward transactions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount Return</td>
<td>Indicates Return amount for outward transactions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net amount in TCY</td>
<td>Indicates Total net amount for outward cheque transactions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net amount in LCY</td>
<td>Indicates Total net amount for outward LCY transactions</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.13 Clearing Balance Summary Report

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 7.13.1, "Generating Clearing Balance Summary Report"
- Section 7.13.2, "Contents of the Report"

7.13.1 Generating Clearing Balance Summary Report

Clearing houses are conducted region-wise and a pool of branches of each bank participates in each clearing house to settle the funds. You can generate ‘Clearing Balance Summary Report’ to get region-wise summary details of clearing house details, clearing, and amount cleared for that day. The details are grouped based on the clearing house and branch. You
can invoke ‘Clearing Balance Summary Report’ screen by typing ‘CGRBLSUM’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can specify the following parameters here:

**Branch Code**
Specify a valid code of the Branch in which report is being generated from the adjoining option list.

**Region Code**
Specify a valid region code of the clearing house for which you wish to generate clearing balance summary, from the adjoining option list.

**Transaction Date**
Specify the transaction date. In the report, the system will include all the transactions entered on the date specified here.

**Report Format**
Select the format in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- HTML – Select to generate report in HTML format.
- RTF – Select to generate report in RTF format.
- PDF – Select to generate report in PDF format.
- EXCEL – Select to generate report in EXCEL format.

**Report Output**
Select the output in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Print – Select to print the report.
- View – Select to print the report.
- Spool – Select to spool the report to a specified folder so that you can print it later.

**Printer At**
Select location where you wish to print the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Client – Select if you need to print at the client location.
- Server – Select if you need to print at the server location.
Printer
Select printer using which you wish to print the report from the adjoining option list.

7.13.2 Contents of the Report

The parameters specified while generating the report are printed at the beginning of the report. Other content displayed in the Clearing Balance Summary Report is as follows:

Header
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

Body of the Report
The following details are displayed as body of the generated report:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
<td>Indicates the status of the clearing balance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing House</td>
<td>Indicates Clearing house description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing Branch.</td>
<td>Indicates Clearing branch code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Region code</td>
<td>Indicates Region code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Region name</td>
<td>Indicates Region name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inward Txn date</td>
<td>Indicates the inward transaction date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outward Txn Date</td>
<td>Indicates the outward transaction date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. Of Inward Cheques</td>
<td>Indicates the number of inward cheques</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inward Amount (LCY)</td>
<td>Indicates the inward amount in local currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. of Outward cheques</td>
<td>Indicates Cheque count</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outward amount (LCY)</td>
<td>Indicates the outward amount in local currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount Brought (LCY).</td>
<td>Indicates Sum of all instruments amount</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.14 Liquidated Instrument Report

This section contains the following topics:
- Section 7.14.1, "Generating Liquidated Instrument Report"
- Section 7.14.2, "Contents of the Report"


When a bank issues instruments to its customers and non-customers, they can be issued against CASA, Cash or GL Account. You can generate 'Liquidated Instrument Report' with complete details of instruments and the corresponding beneficiary. The details are grouped based on the instrument type.
You can invoke ‘Liquidated Instrument Report’ screen by typing ‘CGRLQINT’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can specify the following parameters here:

**Branch Code**
Specify a valid code of the Branch in which report is being generated from the adjoining option list.

**Liquidation Date**
Specify the liquidation date when the instrument was liquidated from the adjoining calendar.

**Report Format**
Select the format in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- HTML – Select to generate report in HTML format.
- RTF – Select to generate report in RTF format.
- PDF – Select to generate report in PDF format.
- EXCEL – Select to generate report in EXCEL format.

**Report Output**
Select the output in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- Print – Select to print the report.
- View – Select to print the report.
- Spool – Select to spool the report to a specified folder so that you can print it later.

**Printer At**
Select location where you wish to print the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- Client – Select if you need to print at the client location.
- Server – Select if you need to print at the server location

**Printer**
Select printer using which you wish to print the report from the adjoining option list.
7.14.2 Contents of the Report

The parameters specified while generating the report are printed at the beginning of the report. Other content displayed in the Liquidated Instrument Report is as follows:

Header
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

Body of the Report
The following details are displayed as body of the generated report:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reference No</td>
<td>Indicates Reference no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Type</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Number</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issued Date</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Amount</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiary Name</td>
<td>Indicates Customer Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total count &amp; Amount</td>
<td>Indicates Transaction count and amount</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.15 Instrument Issued Today Report

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 7.15.1, "Generating Instrument Issued Today Report"
- Section 7.15.2, "Contents of the Report"

7.15.1 Generating Instrument Issued Today Report

Banks issue various types of instruments like DD/BC/TCs etc to their customers. You can generate ‘Instrument Issued Today’ report with the details of the customers and the issued instruments, for the run date. As per regulatory requirements, PAN no. is also maintained for instruments issued with higher amounts.
The instrument details are grouped based on the instrument type and currency wise. You can invoke ‘Instruments Issued Report’ screen by typing ‘CGRINSTR’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can specify the following parameters here:

**Branch Code**
Specify a valid code of the Branch in which report is being generated, from the adjoining option list.

**Instrument Type**
Specify instrument type for which you need to generate the report from the adjoining option list.

**Teller ID**
Specify a valid ID of the teller for which you need to generate the report from the adjoining option list.

**Report Format**
Select the format in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- HTML – Select to generate report in HTML format.
- RTF – Select to generate report in RTF format.
- PDF – Select to generate report in PDF format.
- EXCEL – Select to generate report in EXCEL format.

**Report Output**
Select the output in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- Print – Select to print the report.
- View – Select to print the report.
- Spool – Select to spool the report to a specified folder so that you can print it later.

**Printer At**
Select location where you wish to print the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- Client – Select if you need to print at the client location.
- Server – Select if you need to print at the server location.
7.15.2 Contents of the Report

The parameters specified while generating the report are printed at the beginning of the report. Other content displayed in the Instrument Issued Today Report is as follows:

Header
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

Body of the Report
The following details are displayed as body of the generated report:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Teller ID</td>
<td>Indicates the teller ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Currency</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument type</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issuer Short Name</td>
<td>Indicates Account description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Date</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Number</td>
<td>Indicates the instrument number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payable bank</td>
<td>Indicates Payable bank code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contract Ref no</td>
<td>Indicates Contract reference no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xref</td>
<td>Indicates Reference no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Amount</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument No</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Account Currency</td>
<td>Indicates Account Currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Account Currency Amount</td>
<td>Indicates Account amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charge Ccy</td>
<td>Indicates Charge Currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charge Amt</td>
<td>Indicates Charge Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payable Branch</td>
<td>Indicates the payable branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identifier Name</td>
<td>Indicates the name of the identifier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pan Card Number</td>
<td>Indicates the PAN card number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No of Instruments of this type</td>
<td>Indicates Total no of instruments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Amount for this type</td>
<td>Indicates Total amount for each instrument type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total amount for this currency</td>
<td>Indicates Total amount for each instrument currency</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.16 Outward Clearing Handoff Report

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 7.16.1, "Generating Outward Clearing Handoff Report"
- Section 7.16.2, "Contents of the Report"

7.16.1 Generating Outward Clearing Handoff Report

Outward clearing instruments received from the customers are lodged and sent to end point clearing for crediting the customer accounts. On the clearing value date, the funds are made available to the customers. You can generate ‘Outward Clearing Handoff Report’ to list complete details of outward clearing transaction handoff.

You can invoke ‘Outward Clearing Handoff Report’ screen by typing ‘CGROCGHR’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can specify the following parameters here:

**From Date**
Specify the date from when you wish to generate the report from the adjoining calendar.

**To Date**
Specify the date till when you wish to generate the report from the adjoining calendar.

**Currency**
Specify a valid currency in which the outward clearing transaction was handed-off, from the adjoining option list.

**Report Format**
Select the format in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- HTML – Select to generate report in HTML format.
- RTF – Select to generate report in RTF format.
- PDF – Select to generate report in PDF format.
- EXCEL – Select to generate report in EXCEL format.
Report Output
Select the output in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Print – Select to print the report.
- View – Select to print the report.
- Spool – Select to spool the report to a specified folder so that you can print it later.

Printer At
Select location where you wish to print the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Client – Select if you need to print at the client location.
- Server – Select if you need to print at the server location

Printer
Select printer using which you wish to print the report from the adjoining option list.

7.16.2 Contents of the Report

The parameters specified while generating the report are printed at the beginning of the report. Other content displayed in the Outward Clearing Handoff Report is as follows:

Header
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

Body of the Report
The following details are displayed as body of the generated report:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Account Branch</td>
<td>Indicates Originating branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing Branch</td>
<td>Indicates Transaction branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remitter Account</td>
<td>Indicates Payee Account</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TXN Seq No</td>
<td>Indicates FCC Contract reference no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instr No</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instr Date</td>
<td>Indicates Cheque Issue date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing No</td>
<td>Indicates Routing No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiary Account</td>
<td>Indicates Drawee account</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acc Ccy</td>
<td>Indicates Beneficiary Account currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>Indicates Instrument Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clg type</td>
<td>Indicates Clearing product code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End Point</td>
<td>Indicates Outward clearing branch</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.17 **Float Extension Report**

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 7.17.1, "Generating Float Extension Report"
- Section 7.17.2, "Contents of the Report"

### 7.17.1 Generating Float Extension Report

You can generate a float extension report to view the list of cheque transactions processed in float extension batch.

You can invoke ‘Float Extension Report’ screen by typing ‘CGRFLTEX’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

Specify the following here:

**Branch Code**
Select the transaction branch of the float extension from the adjoining option list.

**From Date**
Indicate the date from which transactions are extended. The system defaults current date. From Date should be lesser than or equal to ‘To Date’.

**To Date**
Indicate the date to which the transactions are extended. The system defaults current date. To Date should be lesser than or greater to ‘From Date’

### 7.17.2 Contents of the Report

The contents of the report are discussed under the following heads:

**Header**
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

The selection criteria used for the generation of the report is displayed below the header.
### Field Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Float Extension Reference Number</td>
<td>Indicates the Float Extension Reference Number generated by the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Execution Date</td>
<td>Indicate the Date of Execution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Branch Code</td>
<td>Indicates Branch Code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remitter Account</td>
<td>Indicates the Remitter Account Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beneficiary Account</td>
<td>Indicates the Beneficiary Account Number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Float Days Extended</td>
<td>Indicates the number of Float Days extended.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
<td>Indicates the Status of execution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Old Value Date</td>
<td>Indicates Value Date before float extension.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Value Date</td>
<td>Indicates Value Date after float extension.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing Type</td>
<td>Indicates the Clearing product code.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sector Code</td>
<td>Indicates the Sector Code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing Bank Code</td>
<td>Indicates the clearing bank code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clearing Branch Code</td>
<td>Indicates the clearing branch code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Number</td>
<td>Indicates the Instrument Number of Cheque/DD/BC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency</td>
<td>Indicates the Currency of the Instrument</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Amount</td>
<td>Indicates the Amount of the Instrument</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entry Number</td>
<td>Indicates Entry Sequence Number of Float Extension.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Date</td>
<td>Indicates the Date of the Instrument</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 7.18 On Us Transaction Report

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 7.18.1, "Generating On Us Transaction Report"
- Section 7.18.2, "Contents of the Report"
7.18.1 Generating On Us Transaction Report

You can invoke ‘On Us Transaction Report’ screen by typing ‘CGRPOUTN’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

7.18.2 Contents of the Report

The parameters specified while generating the report are printed at the beginning of the report.

Header

The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

Body of the Report

The following details are displayed as body of the generated report:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Account Number</td>
<td>Indicates the account number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Customer Name</td>
<td>Indicates the name of the customer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debit/Credit Indicator</td>
<td>Indicates whether the transaction is credit or debit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency</td>
<td>Indicates the currency of the account</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>Indicates the amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrument Number</td>
<td>Indicates the instrument number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Gives brief on the transaction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value Date</td>
<td>Indicates value date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Branch</td>
<td>Indicates the input branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maker ID</td>
<td>Indicates the identification of the maker of the record</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Date</td>
<td>Indicates the date of input</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.19 Funds Availability Simulation Report

This section contains the following topics:

- Section 7.19.1, "Generating Funds Availability Simulation Report"
- Section 7.19.2, "Contents of the Report"

7.19.1 Generating Funds Availability Simulation Report

Funds Availability Simulation Report is used to generate details of the accounts with possible insufficient balances.

You can invoke ‘Funds Availability Simulation Report’ screen by typing ‘CGRINSIM’ in the field at the top right corner of the Application tool bar and clicking on the adjoining arrow button.

You can specify the following parameters here:

**Transaction Date**
Select the transaction date from the adjoining calendar.

**Report Format**
Select the format in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- HTML – Select to generate report in HTML format.
- RTF – Select to generate report in RTF format.
- PDF – Select to generate report in PDF format.
- EXCEL – Select to generate report in EXCEL format.

**Report Output**
Select the output in which you need to generate the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:

- Print – Select to print the report.
- View – Select to print the report.
- Spool – Select to spool the report to a specified folder so that you can print it later.

**Printer At**
Select location where you wish to print the report from the adjoining drop-down list. This list displays the following values:
- Client – Select if you need to print at the client location.
- Server – Select if you need to print at the server location

**Printer**
Select printer using which you wish to print the report from the adjoining option list.

### 7.19.2 Contents of the Report

The parameters specified while generating the report are printed at the beginning of the report.

**Header**
The Header carries the Branch of the report, information on the branch and date, the ID of the user who generated the report, currency of the instrument the date and time at which it was generated and the module of the report.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Date</td>
<td>Indicates the transaction Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transaction Branch</td>
<td>Indicates the transaction Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User ID</td>
<td>ID of the user who generated the report,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date and time</td>
<td>Date and time of the report generation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Module</td>
<td>Module of the Report</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Body of the Report**
The following details are displayed as body of the generated report:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Account Number</td>
<td>Indicates the Account of the remitter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Indicates the customer name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Available Balance</td>
<td>This would be Remitter Account's available Balance without adding uncollected funds or cover account/limits funds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uncollected Funds</td>
<td>This field will include uncollected funds excluding the withdrawable uncollected funds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Available Balance Including Limits/Cover account</td>
<td>This field will hold the available balance including limits/cover account + withdrawable uncollected funds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Check Amount</td>
<td>Sum of all check amount for the account</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Difference</td>
<td>This will have difference of (Available Bal Including Limits/Cover + withdraw able Uncollected fund) - Total Check Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OD Type</td>
<td>DAUD/DAIF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check Number</td>
<td>This indicates the cheque number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check Amount</td>
<td>This indicates the cheque amount</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## 8. Annexure I

### 8.1 Order of Replacement of Parameters with Wild Card Entries

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Branch</th>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Offset Currency</th>
<th>Txn Currency</th>
<th>Customer/Customer Group</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Txn Brn</td>
<td>Product</td>
<td>Ofs CCY</td>
<td>Txn CCY</td>
<td>Customer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Txn Brn</td>
<td>Product</td>
<td>Ofs CCY</td>
<td>Txn CCY</td>
<td>Customer Group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>Product</td>
<td>Ofs CCY</td>
<td>Txn CCY</td>
<td>Customer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>Product</td>
<td>Ofs CCY</td>
<td>Txn CCY</td>
<td>Customer Group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Txn Brn</td>
<td>Product</td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>Txn CCY</td>
<td>Customer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Txn Brn</td>
<td>Product</td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>Txn CCY</td>
<td>Customer Group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Txn Brn</td>
<td>Product</td>
<td>Ofs CCY</td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>Customer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Txn Brn</td>
<td>Product</td>
<td>Ofs CCY</td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>Customer Group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>Product</td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>Customer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>Product</td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>Customer Group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>Product</td>
<td>Ofs CCY</td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>Product</td>
<td>Ofs CCY</td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Txn Brn</td>
<td>Product</td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>Product</td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
<td>*<em>.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

8-1
9. Annexure II

9.1 Different Currency Combinations- Rate Code and Rate Type Pickup

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Currency 1</th>
<th>Currency 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specific Main Currency</td>
<td>Specific Offset Currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Offset Currency</td>
<td>Specific Main Currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Main Currency</td>
<td><em>.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>.</em></td>
<td>Specific Main Currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>.</em></td>
<td>Specific Offset Currency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Offset Currency</td>
<td><em>.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>.</em></td>
<td><em>.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10. Function ID Glossary

C
CGDBRNCT ..................3-12
CGDBRNPM ..................3-6
CGDCLGDT ..........6-19, 6-22
CGDINWCT ..................3-10
CGDIWCGD ..................6-23
CGDIWQRY ..................6-3
CGDLTCLG ..................3-7
CGDQUERY ..................6-1
CGDRJMNT ..................6-11
CGRBLSUM ..................7-23
CGRCDTOD ..................7-13
CGRCHREV ..................7-6
CGRCLFPS ..................7-8
CGRCLGPS ..................7-3
CGRCLREF ..................7-5
CGRFLTEX ..................7-31
CGRICLRS ..................7-16
CGRINCLG ..................7-9
CGRINCLR ..................7-1
CGRINSIM ..................7-34
CGRINSTR ..................7-27
CGRLOINT ..................7-25
CGROCFTN ..................7-11
CGROCGHR ..................7-29

CGROCLRS .................7-18
CGROCSAR .................7-21
CGRPOUTN .................7-33
CGSBRNCT .................3-13
CGSINWCT .................3-11
CGSQUERY .................6-5
CLDFNPRD .................4-1

D
DEDBNKCD .................3-4

F
FTDRCST .................6-7

I
IFDATMMN .................5-1

S
STDBRGMT .................5-16
STDCHGCD .................5-13
STDCLDMT .................3-14
STDCLHOL .................3-15
STDENDMT .................3-16
STDENMNT .................5-17
STDSECMN .................3-3
STSENMNT .................5-19