Oracle® Communications EAGLE Application Processor

Upgrade/Installation Guide

Release 16.4

F29906-17



Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor Upgrade/Installation Guide, Release 16.4

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Before running upgrade on your system, access the My Oracle Support web portal (https://support.oracle.com) and review any Knowledge Alerts that may be related to the System Health Check or the I Upgrade.

Before beginning this procedure, contact My Oracle Support and inform them of your upgrade plans. Refer to Appendix F for instructions on accessing My Oracle Support.

What's New in this Guide

This section introduces the documentation updates for Release 16.4 in Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor Upgrade/Installation Guide.

Release 16.4 - F29906-17, October 2025

Updated the Clear MySQL replication error banner message step in Procedure 24 and Procedure 25.

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1 INTRODUCTION

Purpose and Scope

This document describes methods utilized and procedures executed to perform the following tasks:

- a. An initial installation of the EPAP 16.4.1 application software if it is not currently installed on an inservice E5-APP-B system running a release of TPD 7.8.1.0.0_89.9.0
- b. A split-mirror upgrade on an in-service E5-APP-B system running an EPAP Release 16.2.x/16.3.x/16.4.x
- c. An incremental software upgrade on an in-service E5-APP-B system running an EPAP Release 16.4.x

The audience for this document consists of Oracle customers and the following groups: Software System, Product Verification, Documentation, and Customer Service including Software Operations and NPI. This document provides step-by-step instructions to execute any MPS upgrade or installation using an ISO image.

This document does not address requirements relating to the interaction, if any, between EAGLE and MPS upgrade. This document does not address feature activation.

Note:

- In this release, the upgrade sequence is different from the previous releases. In this release, the upgrade for standby and active PDBAs is performed first and it is followed by the non Prov upgrade. For the previous releases, the non Prov upgrade is performed first and it is followed by the active and standby PDBAs.
- EPAP 16.4 introduced a new parameter LSBLSET in the DN table. EPAP releases prior to 16.4 do not have LSBSSET in their DN table. Customers who use LSBLSET in their provisioning, and upgrading their PAP network from EPAP 16.3 to a higher release (16.4) need to make sure they provision LSBLSET ONLY after they have upgraded the whole network with EPAP 17.0. When customers have DUAL PDBA (DUAL Mixed-EPAP or DUAL PDBonly), after upgrading one site from 16.3 to EPAP 16.4, that upgraded site should not be made Active if the customer uses LSBLSET in their provisioning. If EPAP 16.4 Active PDB site upgrades a DN with LSBLSET parameter, the EPAP 16.3 EPAPs will reject that update as they do not have LSBLSET parameter in their DB. Further provisioning at the Standby PDBA and Non-PROVS will be barred once one upgrade fails to replicate to Standby PDBA or Non-PROVs.

References

1.1.1 External

- [1] EAGLE Application Processor (EPAP) Administration Guide, E54368-01, latest revision, Oracle
- [2] EPAP 16.4 Administration Manual, Oracle

1.1.2 Internal (Oracle)

The following are references internal to Oracle. They are provided here to capture the source material used to create this document. Internal references are only available to Oracle's personnel.

- [1] TEKELEC Acronym Guide, MS005077, revision 2.35, September 2005.
- [2] Software Upgrade Procedure Template, TM005074, Current Version
- [3] Integrating MPS into the Customer Network, TR005014, version 3.1, October 2009
- [4] TPD Initial Product Manufacture TPD 7.6+, E53017-04, Latest revision
- [5] PFS EPAP 16.4, Latest revision
- [6] EPAP Administration Manual for EPAP 16.4, Latest version

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Software Release Numbering

Refer to Engineering Release Notes or other appropriate document with the most recent build numbers in order to identify the proper components (software loads, GPLs, etc.) that comprise the product's software release.

Acronyms

An alphabetized list of acronyms used in the document that are not included in [1]:

Table 1. Acronyms

AS	Application Server	
E5-APP-B	E5 Based Application Card	
OCEPAP	Oracle Communication EAGLE Provisioning Application Processor	
GA	General Availability	
IPM	Initial Product Manufacture	
LA	Limited Availability	
MPS	Multi-Purpose Server	
MOS	My Oracle Support	
OSDC	Oracle Software Delivery Cloud	
SM	Service Module	
TPD	Tekelec Platform Distribution	

Terminology

Multiple servers may be involved with the procedures in this manual. Therefore, most steps in the written procedures begin with the name or type of server to which the step applies. For example:

Each step has a checkbox for every command within the step that the technician should check to keep track of the progress of the procedure.

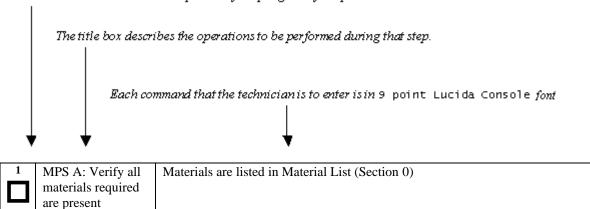


Figure 1: Example of a step that indicates the Server on which it needs to be executed

Other terminology follows.

Table 2. Terminology

Backout (abort)	The process to take a system back to a Source Release prior to completion of upgrade to Target release. Includes preservation of databases and system configuration.
Mixed EPAP	An EPAP where both PDB and RTDB databases reside.

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Non-provisionable (Non- prov) EPAP Provisionable EPAP	external provisioning applications. Non-Prov servers are connected to a pair of Provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) from where they get their updates.	
1 Tovisionable Li III	EPAP and Standalone PDB are Provisionable EPAP.	
Source release	Software release to upgrade from.	
Split Mirror	Systems that use software RAID instead of hardware RAID can use the software RAID mirrors as a backout mechanism. Conceptually in a software RAID1 with two disks there are two sides to the mirror; let them be side A and side B. For a system with multiple software RAID devices, each device will have an A side and a B side. For an upgrade with a BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR the upgrade will break the mirrors at the beginning of the upgrade and perform the upgrade on the <i>Asides</i> of the mirrors. The other sides of the mirrors (<i>B sides</i>) are left intact in their pre-upgrade state throughout the duration of the upgrade. When a backout is performed the system is rebooted into the same 'backout environment'. Inside this 'backout environment' the RAID mirrors are rebuilt from the <i>B sides</i> of the arrays, thus restoring the system to the pre-upgrade state	
Standalone PDB	Also known as 'PDB Only', this type of EPAP shall have PDB database only. No RTDB database shall exist on the standalone PDB site.	
Target release	Software release to upgrade to.	
Upgrade media	USB media or ISO image for E5-APP-B.	

Recommendations

This procedure should be followed thoroughly utilizing the steps as written. When planning to run upgrade on the server, contact My Oracle Support at least 48 hours before the upgrade process has been planned to be initiated. In the event any unexpected results are returned while executing steps in this procedure, halt the activity and contact My Oracle Support for assistance.

Please read the following notes on procedures:

- 1. While doing upgrade, do not open the epapconfig menu if it is not mentioned in the procedure. Do not run anything in the setup that is not documented in the install/upgrade manual.
- 2. Any procedure completion times are estimates. Times may vary due to differences in database size, user experience, and user preparation.
- 3. The shaded area within response steps must be verified in order to successfully complete that step.
- 4. Output displayed in the procedures' response steps is presented. Actual output varies depending on system. Output is presented for reference only.
- 5. Where possible, command response outputs are shown as accurately as possible. However, exceptions may include the following:
 - Information such as *time* and *date*.
 - ANY information marked with "XXXX." Where appropriate, instructions are provided to determine what output should be expected in place of "XXXX."
- 6. After completing each step and at each point where data is recorded from the screen, the technician performing the procedure must check each step. A checkbox has been provided beneath each step number for this purpose.
- 7. Captured data is required for future support reference if My Oracle Support is not present during the execution of procedures.
- 8. In procedures that require a command to be executed on a specific MPS, the command is prefaced with MPS A: or MPS B:

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9. User Interface menu items displayed in this document were correct at the time the document was published but may appear differently at time that this procedure is executed.

Requirements

- Screen logging is required throughout the procedure. These logs should be made available to My Oracle Support in the event their assistance is needed.
- Target-release USB media or ISO image

2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

This document defines the step-by-step actions performed to execute a software upgrade of an in-service MPS running the EPAP application from the source release to the target release on **E5-APP-B-01/02**.

For the EPAP application, some steps in this procedure refer to the PDB application feature on the MPS A of the MPS pair. The EPAP application makes it optional for a newly installed MPS A node to be configured as a Provisioning (PDB) node (upgrades of MPS A nodes already configured as a provisioning node does not change this configuration).

Also, the conversion from provisionable mixed EPAP to Non-provisionable EPAP is supported in EPAP 16.4.1 without any loss of data. Refer to Procedure A.25 to perform this operation.

The EPAP application can be installed and upgraded based on the table below.

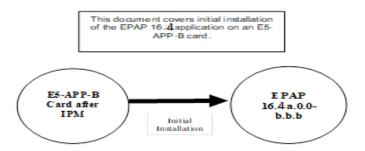
Table 3 Install-Upgrade paths

TPD Release for IPM	EPAP Initial Installation Release
7.8.1.0.0_89.9.0	16.4.1

		TARGET
		RELEASE
		16.4.1
		(7.8.1)
	16.2.0	Split Mirror
ш	(TPD 7.4)	Upgrade
RELEASE	16.3.0 (TPD 7.6)	Split Mirror Upgrade
SOURCE	16.3.1 (TPD 7.6)	Split Mirror Upgrade
"	16.4	
	(TPD	Split Mirror
	7.6.2)	Upgrade

NOTE: If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 16.4. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

The EPAP upgrade paths are shown in the figures below. The general timeline for all processes to perform a software incremental upgrade, from pre-upgrade backups to a final system health check, is also included below.



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Figure 2: Initial Application Installation Path

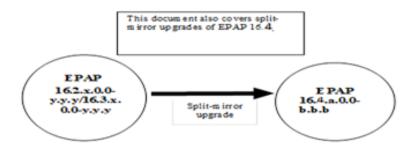


Figure 3: Split Mirror Upgrade Path - EPAP 16.4.a.0.0-b.b.b

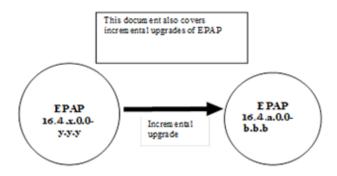


Figure 4: Incremental Upgrade Path – EPAP 16.4.a.0.0-b.b.b

Upgrading Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs

Current deployments of the EPAP support two geographically separated EPAP systems that are "mated", meaning they communicate and replicate PDB information between the two sites. An EPAP system is a pair of MPS servers (an **A** and a **B** node). So a mated pair of EPAP systems consists of four MPS servers, an **A** and a **B** node for each EPAP system (see Figure 5: EPAP Mated Pairs). EPAP allows more than two EPAP systems in a related configuration (up to 22 Non-Provision able MPS servers).

This document describes upgrade (and, if necessary, backout) of the EPAP software on one system, that system consisting of two MPS servers (A and B). However, for mated pairs of EPAP systems, upgrades (and backouts) must be coordinated between both the local EPAP system and the remote EPAP system and performed during the same maintenance period.

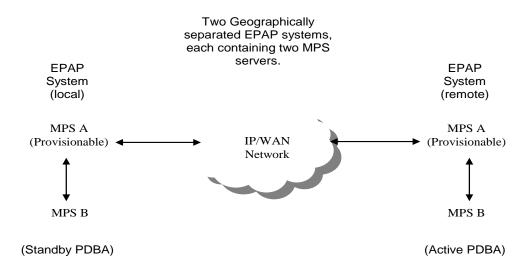


Figure 5: EPAP Mated Pairs

Upgrade of provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP) mated pairs must be carried out in the following order:

- 1. Ensure PDB databases are at the same level. Stop all provisioning to ensure that all PDB databases are in sync before proceeding. Also, ensure that no PDB/RTDB maintenance activity is in progress and clear all scheduled activities.
- 2. Local MPS-B
- 3. Local MPS-A (Standby PDBA)
- 4. Remote MPS-B
- 5. Remote MPS-A (Active PDBA)

When upgrade is initiated on the local MPS-B, the scripts controlling the upgrade will cause the local MPS-B to communicate using Secure-Shell to both the local MPS-A and the remote MPS-A to stop the PDBA software. The PDBAs should be restarted only after both the local and remote EPAP systems have successfully completed the upgrade.

NOTE: Since the PDBA software is not running immediately after an upgrade, the syscheck utility will alarm the fact that the PDBA is not running on the local and remote EPAP A-servers.

Backout Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs

Backout of Provisionable EPAP (mixed-EPAP) Mated Pairs should be done in the reverse order that the upgrade was performed:

- 1. Identify a PDB backup that was made prior to upgrade, on the EPAP release that backout will target. Note that backout always carries the risk of losing data, should a restore from database backup become necessary.
- 2. Remote MPS-A (Active PDBA)
- 3. Remote MPS-B
- 4. Local MPS-A (Standby PDBA)
- 5. Local MPS-B

On a backout of an upgrade, the server will remain in runlevel 3 (no applications running). The user will be required to manually reboot the server to bring it back into service and a syscheck can be performed.

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Upgrading EPAP Non-Provisionable MPS Servers

EPAP Non-Provisional MPS pairs can connect to: Mixed EPAP or Standalone PDB.

2.1.1 Upgrading Non-Provisional MPS pairs in Mixed EPAP configuration

EPAP provides the ability to expand the concept of a mated pair of EPAP systems to have up to 24 EPAP systems (48 MPS servers total) configured such that two of the MPS-A servers will run the PDBA software and RTDB software both and handle provisioning (Provisionable nodes) and the other 22 MPS-B and 22 MPS-A servers will only run the RTDB software, taking their updates from the two Provisionable (mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) MPS-A servers.

An example showing 4 EPAP systems, two of which are provisioning nodes.

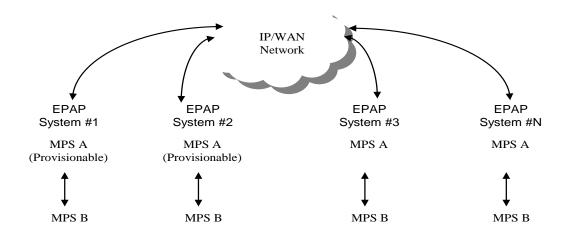


Figure 6: EPAP Mated Pairs with Non-Provisioning MPS Servers

In such configurations, the upgrade for the EPAP system containing the provisionable MPS servers must complete before upgrading any EPAP system containing the non-provisionable MPS servers.

The order of upgrade for such configuration must be as follows:

Mixed EPAP (with standby PDBA)

- 1. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)
- 2. Mixed EPAP (MPS A

Mixed EPAP (with active PDBA)

- 3. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)
- 4. Mixed EPAP (MPS A)

Non-provisionable EPAPs (All Non-Provs)

- 5. Non-Provisionable (MPS B)
- 6. Non-Provisionable (MPS A)

Note: In this release, the upgrade sequence is different from the previous releases. In this release, the upgrade for standby and active PDBAs is performed first and it is followed by the non Prov upgrade. For the previous releases, the non Prov upgrade is performed first and it is followed by the active and standby PDBAs.

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2.1.2 Upgrading Non-Provisional MPS pairs in dual PDBonly configuration

EPAP provides the ability to separate the RTDB from PDB to create the following two architectures:

- Standalone PDB running PDB process only
- Non-Provisionable PDB running RTDB only

Up to 22 Non-Provisional EPAP mated pairs are connected to two Standalone PDBs that are configured as Active/Standby.

In such configurations, the upgrade for the EPAP system containing the provisionable MPS servers must complete before upgrading any EPAP system containing the non-provisionable MPS servers.

The order of upgrade for such configuration must be as follows:

- 1. Standby PDBonly
- 2. Active PDBonly
- 3. Non-Prov (MPS B)
- 4. Non-Prov (MPS A)

Note: In this release, the upgrade sequence is different from the previous releases. In this release, the upgrade for standby and active PDBAs is performed first and it is followed by the non Prov upgrade. For the previous releases, the non Prov upgrade is performed first and it is followed by the active and standby PDBAs.

Backout EPAP Non-provisionable MPS servers

EPAP Non-Provisional MPS pairs can connect to: Mixed EPAP or Standalone PDB.

2.1.3 Backout Non-Provisionable MPS pairs in dual PDBonly configuration

Backout of Non-Provisionable MPS pairs in Standalone configuration should be done in the reverse order that the upgrade was performed. Please follow the below mentioned steps for backout:

- 1. Non-Provisionable (MPS A)
- 2. Non-Provisionable (MPS B)
- 3. Active PDBonly
- 4. Standby PDBonly

On a backout of an upgrade, the server will remain in runlevel 3 (no applications running). The user will be required to manually reboot the server to bring it back into service and a syscheck can be performed.

2.1.4 Backout Non-Provisionable MPS pairs in mixed EPAP configuration

Backout of EPAP Non-provisionable MPS pairs in mixed EPAP configuration should be done in the reverse order that the upgrade was performed:

Non-provisionable EPAP

- 1. Non-Provisionable (MPS A)
- 2. Non-Provisionable (MPS B)

Mixed EPAP (with active PDBA)

- 3. Mixed EPAP (MPS A)
- 4. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)

Mixed EPAP (with standby PDBA)

5. Mixed EPAP (MPS A)

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6. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)

3 UPGRADE OVERVIEW

Upgrade Provisioning Rules

When a Provisionable EPAP mated pair is upgraded or backed out, the EPAP upgrade scripts disable provisioning when the upgrade is initiated on the first MPS server. The PDBA software remains disabled until the last server in the MPS in the mated pair has been upgraded or backed out. The user has-to enable the PDBA software, allowing provisioning, after the upgrade/backout is complete on last MPS server in an EPAP mated pair. Provisioning is not disabled during the upgrade of a Non-Provisionable MPS.

Because EPAP MPS pairs are generally located at geographically distinct sites, significant time may elapse between the upgrade of the Provisionable EPAP pair and the upgrade of the Non-Provisionable EPAP pairs. Non-Provisionable EPAP pairs must always be upgraded before any Provisionable EPAP MPS pairs.

The "DB Architecture" will be changed post upgrade to accommodate new "Isblset" parameter introduced in EPAP 16.4 release. Refer Section 4 for more details. Due to this new parameter post upgrade user will have to run converter script to convert the existing RTDB to make it compatible with new architecture.

Required Materials

- For Mixed EPAP or Non-Provisional EPAP: Two (2) target-release USB media or a target-release ISO file. For Standalone PDB: One (1) target-release USB media or a target-release ISO file
- A terminal and null modem cable to establish a serial connection.
- Write down the system configuration information.

Description	Information
PROVISIONABLE (Yes/No)	
PDBA state (Active/Standby)	
Provisioning IP (IPv4)	
Provisioning Mask (IPv4)	
Provisioning Default Router IP (IPv4)	
Provisioning IP (IPv6)	
Provisioning Netmask (IPv6)	
Provisioning Default Router IP (IPv6)	
NTP1 IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
NTP2 IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
NTP3 IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
Local VIP	
Remote VIP	
Local PDBA IP (IPv4)	
Local PDBA IP (IPv6)	
Remote PDBA IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
Remote PDBA B IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
RTDB Homing	
Time Zone	
PDBA Proxy Feature	
Others	

Table 4: System Configuration Information

• Passwords for users on the local system:

	EPAP USERS		
login	MPS A password	MPS B password	
epapconfig			
epapdev			
(needed for backout			
only)			
root			
epapall			
(needed for GUI access)			
admusr			

Table 5. User Password Table

Installation Phases

The following table illustrates the progression of the installation process by procedure with estimated times. The estimated times and the phases that must be completed may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The phases outlined in Table 6 and Table 7 are to be executed in the order they are listed.

3.1.1 Installation Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS Servers.	Procedure 1
Verify install	5	20	Verify this should be an install.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for install are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-install health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify that all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Configure Server 1A	5	45	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Configure Server 1B	5	50	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 6
Install Servers	30	80	Install software on sides 1A and 1B	Procedure 7 Procedure 8
Configure Switches	30*	110*	Configure the Switches	Procedure 9
Post-install application processing	30	140	Perform first time configuration.	Procedure 11 Procedure 12
Post-upgrade health check	5	150	Run the syscheck utility to verify all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4
**Configure Auto Backup Note: Skip this step if the EPAP is configured as Non-Provisionable.	5	155	Configure Auto Backup from PDB GUI on Provisionable EPAP's, this backup will also get scheduled on attached Non-Prov sites present on the setup.	Procedure A.28
Check EPAP-EAGLE connectivity speed	20	190	Configure and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting auto-negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex	Procedure A.17

Table 6. Installation Phases for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisional EPAP

3.1.2 Installation Phases for Standalone PDB

Note: In the procedures below, skip the steps which need to be executed on MPS B, since MPS B is not present in the Standalone PDB configuration".

^{*}NOTE: If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup

^{**}NOTE: Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translogs pruning.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes) This Cum.		Activity	Procedure
Connectivity setup	Step 15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS Servers.	Procedure 1
		_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Verify install	5	20	Verify this should be an install.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for install are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-install health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify that all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Configure Server 1A	5	45	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Install Server	30	75	Install software on sides 1A	Procedure 7
Post-install application processing	30	105	Perform first time configuration. Refer to Procedure A.14 to configure the Standalone PDB in segmented network configuration.	Procedure 11 Procedure 12
Post-upgrade health check	5	115	Run the syscheck utility to verify all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4
**Configure Auto Backup. Note: Perform this step once Non- Provisionable EPAPs are attached to this Standalone PDB	5	120	Configure Auto Backup from PDB GUI on Provisionable EPAP's, this backup will also get scheduled on attached Non-Prov sites present on the setup.	Procedure A.28
Restore PDB backup (optional)	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.1/16.2 PDB backup if there is any. Note: This step is required when a mixed EPAP with release 16.1/16.2, is getting converted to PDBonly+Non-PROV in 16.3. Skip this step for initial installation of a PDBonly EPAP 16.3 where there is no dependency on previous release.	Procedure A.24

Table 7 Installation Phases for Standalone PDB

*NOTE: The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

**NOTE: Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning.

Split Mirror Upgrade Phases

The following table illustrates the progression of the Split Mirror upgrade process by procedure with estimated times and may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The procedures outlined in below

Table 8 are to be executed in the order they are listed.

Note: Before proceeding with the Split Mirror upgrade process, refer to section 0 and section 0 to get the overview of the EPAP setup and upgrade order.

3.1.3 Split Mirror Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

Phase	Ti	psed me	A officities	Procedure
Phase	This Step	Cum.	Activity	Procedure
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Major upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Major upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for Major Upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Exchange the keys between active and standby PDB	05	65	Pre-upgrade keys exchange between active and standby PDB. Note: Execute this procedure only for dual mixed EPAP.	Procedure 23
Stop the PDB software.	05	70	Stop the Pdba software before initiating upgrade. Note: This Step only necessary for provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly).Skip for Non-prov EPAP.	Procedure 26
Upgrade MPS B	30	100	Execute the upgrade procedure on MPS B.	Procedure 18
Upgrade MPS A	30	130	Execute the upgrade procedure on MPS A. Note: Time taken by this upgrade may vary depending on the DB present on setup. 75 min is valid for mixed EPAP with maximum DB, 528M.	Procedure 19
Run RTDB Converter on MPS A	20	150	Run RTDB converter to convert database schema for new field	Procedure 20
Reload RTDB from mate	10	160	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B	RTDB Reload from Remote
Reboot EAGLE Cards	***See Notes Below	***See Notes Below	Reboot Eagle Cards to reload updated DB	Procedure 21
Post-upgrade health check	5	165	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Increase rtVolume size.	10	175	Increase rtVolume size by executing "rtdir" script. Note: skip this step for provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP and PDBonly).	Procedure A.5

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.	·	
Start the PDB software.	10	185	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A servers(mixed- EPAP in this case). Note: Step only necessary during upgrade of a Provisionable mated EPAP pair (mixed EPAP + PDBonly).	Procedure 27
Configure Switches	30**	215**	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting autonegotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex. Note: Skip this step if speed is already set to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Procedure 9
***Configure Auto Backup Note: Skip this step if the EPAP is configured as Non-Provisionable.	5	220	Configure Auto Backup from PDB GUI on Provisionable EPAP's, this backup will get scheduled on attached Non-Prov sites present on the setup.	Procedure A.28
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given. NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.	5	This is done in a separate MTC	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 22

Table 8 Split Mirror Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

*NOTE: The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

**NOTE: If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.

***NOTE: The time needed to reload EAGLE cards is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

****NOTE: Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.



3.1.4 Split Mirror Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB

Phase	Ti (Mi	psed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Major upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Major upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Stop the PDB software.	05	65	Stop the Pdba software before initiating upgrade. This Step only necessary for provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly).Skip for Non-prov EPAP.	Procedure 26
Upgrade MPS A	30	95	Execute the upgrade procedure on MPS A. Note: Time taken by this upgrade may vary depending on the DB present on setup. 75 min is valid for maximum DB, 528M.	Procedure 19
Post-upgrade health check	5	100	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Start the PDB software.	10	110	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A servers (PDB only in this case). Note: Step only necessary during upgrade of a Provisionable mated EPAP pair (mixed EPAP + PDB only).	Procedure 27
**Configure Auto Backup.	5	115	Configure auto backup to schedule RTDB Auto-Backup on Non- Provisionable EPAP	Procedure A.28
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given. NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.	5	This is done in a separate MTC	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 22

Table 9 Split Mirror Upgrade Phases on Standalone PDB

*NOTE: The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

**NOTE: Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.

***NOTE: If you are using Eagle Query Server with EPAP, you need to do a fresh installation of Eagle Query Server after upgrading EPAP to Release 16.4. See Eagle Query Server Installation Guide for installing a fresh EAGLE Query Server.

Incremental Upgrade Phases

The following table illustrates the progression of the incremental upgrade process by procedure with estimated times and may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The procedures outlined in below Table 10 are to be executed in the order they are listed.

Note: Before proceeding with the incremental upgrade process, refer to section 0 to get the overview of the EPAP setup and upgrade order.

3.1.5 Incremental Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure	
	This Step	Cum.			
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1	
Verify incremental upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be an incremental upgrade.	Procedure 2	
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3	
Pre-upgrade health check	5	55	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4	
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	50	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14	
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15	
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16	
Upgrade MPS B	30	90	Execute the upgrade procedure on MPS B.	Procedure 18	
Upgrade MPS A	30	120	Execute the upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure 19	
Post-upgrade health check	5	125	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4	
Start the PDB software.	10	135	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A server(mixed- EPAP in this case). Note: Step only necessary during upgrade of a Provisionable mated EPAP pair (mixed EPAP + PDBonly).	Procedure 27	
Configure Switches	30**	205**	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting autonegotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex. Note: Skip this step if speed is already set to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Procedure 9	
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15	

Table 10 Incremental Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

3.1.6 Incremental Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1

^{*}NOTE: The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

Phase	Ti	psed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Verify incremental upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be an incremental upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	55	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	50	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Upgrade MPS A	30	90	Execute the Upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure 19
Post-upgrade health check	5	95	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Start the PDB software.	10	105	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A servers (mixed- EPAP in this case). Note: Step only necessary during upgrade of a Provisionable mated EPAP pair (mixed EPAP + PDBonly).	Procedure 27
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15

Table 11 Incremental Upgrade Phases on Standalone PDB

Backout Phases

Note: Before proceeding with the backout process, refer to sections 0 and 0 to get the overview of the EPAP setup and the backout order.

3.1.7 Backout Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

^{*}NOTE: The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Hours or Minutes)		Time (Hours or Minutes)		Activity	Impact	Procedure
	This Step	Cu m.					
Determine state of system	15- 30	15- 30	Investigate and determine the state of the MPS system. This may take anywhere from 15 to 30 minutes.	Cannot proceed with backout until failure analysis is complete. Some hand-fixes may be required before proceeding with backout.	Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F		
Backout MPS B only	30	45- 60	If required, backout MPS B. If backout of MPS A and B is required, execute Procedure 25. Otherwise, if backout required only on MPS B, then execute Procedure 24.		Procedure 24		
Backout MPS A and B	100	145- 160	Backout MPS A and B.		Procedure 25		
Post-backout health check	10	155- 170	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Verify that the backout was successful.	Procedure 4		
Start the PDBA software	5	160- 175	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A servers (mixed-EPAP in this case).Note: Read the instructions given in Procedure A.1 before executing the procedure.		Procedure 27		
Configure Switches	30*	190- 205*	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting autonegotiated to previous speed. Note: Skip this step if speed before upgrade was 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Verify that speed of switch is negotiated to previous speed.	Procedure 9		

Table 12. Backout Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

3.1.8 Backout Phases for Standalone PDB

^{*}NOTE: If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Hours or Minutes)		Time (Hours or		Time (Hours or		Activity	Impact	Procedure
	This Step	Cu m.							
Determine state of system	15- 30	15- 30	Investigate and determine the state of the MPS system. This may take anywhere from 15 to 30 minutes.	Cannot proceed with backout until failure analysis is complete. Some hand-fixes may be required before proceeding with backout.	Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F.				
Backout MPS A	30	45- 60	Backout MPS A.		Procedure 25 step 1 through 14.				
Post-backout health check	10	155- 170	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Verify that the backout was successful.	Procedure 4 step 1.				
Start the PDBA software	5	160- 175	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable(PDBonly) MPS A servers.		Procedure 27				

Table 13. Backout Phases for Standalone PDB

Log Files

All commands executed during an upgrade or installation, are logged in the "/var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log" file. This log file is automatically initiated when upgrade software is invoked. This log file is rolled every time an upgrade is initiated. A total of up to five upgrade log files are stored on the server.

The upgrade wrapper script, ugwrap, logs its actions also to the "/var/TKLC/log/upgrade/ugwrap.log" file. This log file is rolled every time ugwrap is initiated. A total of up to five ugwrap log files are stored on the server.

4 DB ARCHITECTURE OVERVIEW

A new parameter LSBLSET would be added to DN and DN Block tables. This parameter will be used along with CGPNBLSET parameter on EAGLE that would be configured in the linkset table on EAGLE. If the value of LSBLSET parameter for a DN/DN Block on EPAP is found to match with the CGPNBLSET parameter of linkset table on EAGLE, it will be considered as blocklisted DN/DN Block. IAM message will be released (i.e. send back to originator) from EAGLE for the corresponding DN/DN Block. In all other cases, the existing functionality will continue to hold true.

The existing DN/ DN Block table parameters that are configured in the GUI are stored in multiple SQL tables, the DN table for example has only two parameters dnID and PT(port type) parameters in it.

There are other tables (example dn_bl, dn_asd etc.) which help in storing the other parameters entered in GUI forms for DN and DNBlock.

While entering values write operation, is performed with the help of multiple joins with these supporting tables.

Finally, while displaying these values during retrieve operation the join of all the supporting tables is taken and the values fetched are displayed together.

The new parameter LSBLSET is part of dn_bl table and dnB_bl SQL tables for DN and DN Block respectively. This new parameter will be compatible only with eagle 46.9 release.

From EPAP 16.3 onwands different DB architectures are supported i.e. "Compact" and "Extreme". This was done to support enhanced DB capacity.

EPAP 16.4 also supports both compact and extreme architecture. Post upgrade user will remain on existing architecture and will have to change the architecture from compact to extreme as an optional step if required. In changing the DB Architecture from "Compact" to "eXtreme", the EPAP software shall restart to support the capacity expansion. Before the change in DB Architecture on EPAP, the connecting EAGLE must upgrade to the new release with SLIC cards. Also, the user has-to enable the EPAPX feature on eagle card to support the eXtreme feature. Refer to section 0 to change DB Architecture from Compact to eXtreme.

NOTE: Section 4.2 and 4.3 are only required if customer setup is on compact architecture and wants to change architecture to extreme. Others i.e. thos who are already on extreme architecture or doesn't want to change to extreme architecture can skip these sections.

Overview of DB architecture change in Customer Network

Upgrade from EPAP 16.2/16.3 to EPAP 16.4 followed by DB Architecture conversion to support new LSBLSET parameter must be carried out as per the below table after upgrade is completed in same MTC window. Based on the existing DB Architecture either compact to compact converter script will be executed or extreme to extreme converter script will be executed. Follow procedure to identify DB architecture and run conversion script.

Table 14. DB Conversion

Base Release	Target Release	Data Base Architecture	Target Architecture	Converter Required
16.2	16.4	NA	Compact	Compact to Compact converter to accommodate lsblset parameter
16.3	16.4	Compact	Compact	Compact to Compact converter to accommodate lsblset parameter
16.3	16.4	Extreme	Extreme	Extreme to Extreme converter to accommodate lsblset parameter

^{*}Note: Allow soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade. After getting convinced that system is working fine, accept the upgrade.

Overview of DB architecture change from Compact to Extreme

Upgrade from EPAP 16.2/16.3 to EPAP 16.4 followed by DB Architecture conversion from Compact to Extreme must be carried out in following order with different MTC window:

Note: This step is required only when EPAP 16.4 and Eagle are to run in eXtreme mode. If EPAP and Eagle are to run in COMPACT mode, skip this section.

Phase-1 (Upgrade the EPAPs to EPAP 16.4 release in COMPACT mode):

NOTE: If the network consists of Non-PROVs and Mixed-EPAP, please refer Procedure A.26, after executing A.26, return to Phase-2 (Change the Mode from COMPACT mode to eXtreme mode for one Non-PROV site) otherwise continue with the following steps if the setup consists of StandAlonePDB + Non-PROVS.

- 1. First all non-PROVs should be upgraded to EPAP 16.4 in COMPACT mode. Refer to section 0 for the upgrade process.
- 2. Next the Standalone PDBs will be upgraded to EPAP 16.4 in COMPACT mode. Refer to section 0 for the upgrade process.

After this phase all EPAPs in the customer network are in EPAP 16.4 and are working in COMPACT mode.

Phase 2: Change the Mode from COMPACT mode to eXtreme mode for one Non-PROV site:

Execute the procedure in the following sequence.

- 1. Choose one EPAP-Eagle site from the customer network, which will be converted to eXtreme mode.
- 2. On the EAGLE, replace all non-SLIC SCCP cards to SLIC 64-bit SCCP cards. Change stpopts:EPAPX ON.
- 3. On the connecting Non-Prov, change the mode from COMPACT to eXtreme. Refer section 0 to change DB Architecture to eXtreme. The StandalonePDB should remain in COMPACT mode at this stage.
- 4. Restore RTDB on Non-Prov EPAP-A (refer to Procedure A.10) and after successfully restored RTDB on EPAP-A(refer to Procedure A.11), perform reload from mate on Non-Prov EPAP-B. Reload the Eagle from EPAP. Check that the DB downloads and EPAP-Eagle network work normally. Live provisioning flows all the way to Eagle. Let the node soak for some *time-period.

Phase 3: Change the Mode from COMPACT mode to eXtreme mode for whole network:

At this stage, we have seen that EPAP and Eagle are working fine in eXtreme mode. All the remaining Non-PROVs and StandAlone PDBs will be converted to eXtreme mode now. All the remaining Non-PROVs will be converted to eXtreme mode first. After all Non-PROVs are converted to eXtreme, the StandalonePDBs will be converted to eXtreme. For every site, before converting the EPAPs, connected eagles will have EPAPx feature ON.

- First on the EAGLE, replace all non-SLIC SCCP cards to SLIC 64-bit SCCP cards. Change stpopts:EPAPX ON
- 2. On the connected Non-Prov, change the mode from Compact to eXtreme. Refer section 0Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme to support EAGLE release 46.7.0.0.0(eXtreme feature) to change DB Architecture to eXtreme.
- 3. Reload the RTDB from already converted eXtreme mode RTDB in **phase 1**. Refer Procedure A.11.
- 4. Reload the Eagle SM cards from the EPAP.
- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 for all remaining Non-PROVs in the Customers network
- 6. Convert the StandalonePDBs to eXtreme mode.

Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme to support EAGLE release 46.7.0.0.0(eXtreme feature)

The following table illustrates the progression of the movement of DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme by procedure with estimated times and may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The procedures outlined in below **Table 15 Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Standalone PDB)** are to be executed in the order they are listed.

Before proceeding with the change DB Architecture process, refer to section 4 and section 5 to get the overview of the DB Architecture and upgrade order.

Notes: 1. Skip this section for mixed EPAP as eXtreme feature not supported on mixed EPAP.

2. DB Architecture cannot be reverted to COMPACT once moved to eXtreme architecture.

4.1.1 Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Standalone PDB)

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Check database before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	40	40	Check 9dig counts for all DN/IMSI and IMEI before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	Procedure 17
Change DB Architecture to eXtreme	40	80	Note: Skip this procedure on Mixed EPAP. Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme. Note: If parsing gets failed at this stage then user needs to run it manually. Check Procedure A.4 to execute it manually.	Procedure 13
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period	5	This is done in a separate MTC	Accept the upgrade after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 21

Table 15 Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Standalone PDB)

4.1.2 Phases to change DB architecture to eXtreme (First Non-Prov site)

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Check database before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	*see notes below	*see notes below	NOTE: Execute this step on attached PDBonly EPAP if not already exececuted. Check 9dig counts for all DN/IMSI and IMEI before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	Procedure 17
Take backup before moving to eXtreme architecture	**See notes below	**See notes below	Take RTDB backup if not already taken, before moving to eXtreme architecture. Note: Skip this step for PDBonly.	Procedure A.7
Change DB Architecture to eXtreme	5	5	Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme Note: EPAPX feature must be "ON" on the connected eagle before procedure 13	Procedure 13
Restore RTDB backup on Non-prov.	240	245	Restore RTDB backup on Non-prov MPS A.	Procedure A.10
Reload RTDB from mate	10	255	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B.	Procedure A.11
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period	5	This is done in a separate MTC	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 22

Table 16 Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (First Non-prov site)

4.1.3 Phases to change DB architecture to eXtreme (Remaining Non-Prov sites)

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Take backup before moving to eXtreme architecture	*See notes below	*See notes below	Take RTDB backup if not already taken, before moving to eXtreme architecture. Note: Skip this step for PDBonly.	Procedure A.7

^{*}NOTE: The time for checking database will be added for attached PDBonly EPAP(Added in section 4.2.1).

^{}NOTE:** The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.	Ţ	
Change DB Architecture to eXtreme	5	5	Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme Note: EPAPX feature must be "ON" on the connected eagle before procedure 13	Procedure 13
Reload RTDB from remote	10	15	Reload the RTDB from remote(already in eXtreme mode) Note: Remote Non-Prov EPAP must be in eXtreme mode. (Which may be the first Non-Prov site converted in table 15 or any other remote EPAP which is already in eXtreme mode)	Procedure A.11
Reload RTDB from mate	10	25	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B.	Procedure A.11
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period	5	This is done in a separate MTC	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 21

Table 17 Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Remaining Non-Prov sites)

^{*}NOTE: The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

5 UPGRADE PREPARATION

Procedure 1 Setting up the upgrade environment

Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment

S	This procedure sets up	edure sets up the upgrade environment. Windows are opened for both MPS servers.			
T E P	NOTE: Call My Oracl	Support for assistance if modem access is the method use for upgrade.			
#	Check off $()$ each step as	is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
	IF THIS PROCEDURE FA	S, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .			
1.	Ensure MPS X: All the console/PuTTY	On all the console/PuTTY sessions, make sure that the logging in enabled and logs are written to a file. For example, on a PuTTY session, do the following.			
	Sessions.	1. Right click on the top bar in the PuTTY and choose "change setting".			
		2. Click on "Logging".			
		3. Select "Printable output".			
		4. Click on "Browse" and choose where you want the logs to be written so that you can collect those later, if needed. Put a name which will serve better on a later date to understand, for example, name of the log file can be <server name="">_active_pdba_A_server_puttylog_ddmmyyyy.</server>			
		5. Click on "Save".			
		6. Type a text "Putty Logging starts" in the PuTTY session and check that above text is logged in the PuTTY log file.			
		Repeat the above six steps on every console/PuTTY session that will be used to enter commands or execute procedure of this document.			
2.	Establish a connection to MPS A.	If access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.			
		For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx			
3.	On the workstation, open one terminal window in preparation for establishing remote connections to the MPS servers.	Create a terminal window			
4.	Create a terminal window for MPS A.	Create a terminal window and give it a title of "MPS A"			
5.	MPS A: Enable capture file and verify the correspondent file is created.	Enable the data capture and verify that the data capture file is created at the path specified.			
6.	Log into MPS A.	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname></pre>			
7.	MPS A: Start screen Session.	Execute the following command to start screen and establish a console session with MPS A. \$ screen -L			

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Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment

		If for Standalone PDB, the procedure is complete. Otherwise, continue with the next step.			
8.	Establish a connection to MPS B.	If access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.			
		For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx			
9.	Create a terminal window for MPS B.	Create a terminal window and give it a title of "MPS B"			
10.	MPS B: Enable capture file and verify a correspondent file is created.	Enable the data capture and verify that the data capture file is created at the path specified.			
11.	Log into MPS B.	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname></pre>			
12.	MPS B: Start screen Session.	Execute the following command to start screen and establish a console session with MPS B. \$ screen -L			
13.	MPS A and B: Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.			
14.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date			

Procedure 2 Determine if upgrade or installation is required

Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

S	This procedure execu	This procedure executes the steps required to determine it an upgrade of the system is required or an						
T	initial application ins	nitial application installation is required.						
E	Check off $()$ each step	step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.						
P	` .							
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE .						
1.	MPS A: Log in to MPS	If not already logged-in, login at MPS A as 'admusr'.						
	A.							
		<pre><hostname> console login: admusr</hostname></pre>						
		password: <password></password>						
2.	MPS B: Log in to MPS	If not already logged-in, login at MPS B as 'admusr'.						
	В.							
		<hostname> console login: admusr</hostname>						
		password: <password></password>						
3.	MPS B: Determine if	Execute an rpm query command and examine the output:						
	the application is							
	currently installed on	\$ rpm -qi TKLCepap						
	the servers.							

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Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

9.	MPS A: Determine if it is Provisionable (either mixed-EPAP or	Execute the following command to determine if the EPAP is Provisionable(either mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) or Non-Provisionable.
8.	Determine if an incremental Upgrade is required.	If the current release is 16.4.x.x and target release is 16.4.y.y (x.x is less than the number y.y on the upgrade media), it is an INCREMENTAL Upgrade.
7.	Determine if a Split Mirror Upgrade is required.	If the current release is 16.2.x/16.3.x and target release is 16.4.y, it is a SPLIT MIRROR UPGRADE.
		If the release number on the MPS is less than the release number on the upgrade media, then an upgrade is required.
°.	MPS B: Determine which version of the application is present.	Write Down the Release Number: Release Number:
6.	MDC D. Datamin	\$ rpm -qi TKLCepap package TKLCepap is not installed Skip to step 10.
5.	MPS B: Installation is required if the application is not present on the server, else upgrade is required.	If the application is not currently installed, output similar-to the example below will be returned from the rpm - qi command in step-3. If this is the case, then an application installation is required. Refer to section 0 to perform EPAP installation.
		Install Time: Tue Jul 3 03:52:57 2018 Product Name: EPAP Product Release: 16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0 Base Distro Product: TPD Base Distro Release: 7.6.0.0.0_88.48.0 Base Distro ISO: TPD.install-7.6.0.0.0_88.48.0-OracleLinux6.9-x86_64.iso ISO name: EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso OS: OracleLinux 6.9 If the output similar-to the above example is displayed, then skip to step 6. Otherwise, proceed to the next step.
4.	MPS B: Observe the output from the rpm query.	Size : 162888034 License: © TEKELEC 2005-2018 Signature : (none) Packager : <@tekelec.com> URL : http://www.tekelec.com/ Summary : Oracle Communications EPAP Package Description : This is the Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor(EPAP) Package. The Package installs EPAP software. EPAP provides Provisioning Database Application (PDBA on A side) and Real Time Database (RTDB). The following is an example of what the output may look like: \$ appRev
	(MPS B will be used to determine the current state of the servers. We will assume that the state of the A server is the same).	Name : TKLCepap Relocations: (not relocatable) Version : 163.0.8 Vendor: Tekelec Release : 16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0 Build Date: Wed 27 Jun 2018 11:19:33 AM EDT Install Date: Tue 03 Jul 2018 03:41:55 AM EDT Build Host: coach-11.tekelec.com Group : Development/Build Source RPM: TKLCepap-163.0.8- 16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0.src.rpm

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Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

	PDBonly) or Non- Provisionable EPAP	\$ uiEdit grep "PROVISIONABLE" "PROVISIONABLE MPS" is set to "YES"
	setup.	If the above output contains "YES", then the EPAP is Provisionable(either mixed-EPAP or PDBonly). Otherwise, the EPAP is Non-Provisionable. Write down this information. EPAP setup type:
10.	MPS B: Determine if the current DB Architecture is compact or extreme. (MPS B will be used to determine the current state of the servers. We will assume that the state of the A server is the same).	Execute the following command to determine if the EPAP DB Architecture is Extreme or Compact. \$ uiEdit grep "DB_ARCHITECTURE" "DB_ARCHITECTURE" is set to "COMPACT" If the above output contains "COMPACT" or no output is displayed, then the EPAP DB Architecture is Compact. If the above output contains "EXTREME", then the EPAP DB Architecture is Compact. Write down this information. EPAP DB Architecture type: Based on this information DB converter will be run.
11.	MPS A and B: Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
12.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure 3 Pre-upgrade requirements

Procedure 3: Verifying Pre-Upgrade Requirements and Capturing Upgrade Data

S	This procedure verifies that all pre-upgrade requirements have been met.				
T E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.				
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAIL	S, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .			
1.	Verify all required materials are present.	Verify that the materials listed in Upgrade Material List (Section 0) are present.			
2.	Verify the availability of passwords for MPS systems.	Refer to Table 5 for the list of users.			
3.	Review provisioning rules.	Please review the Provisioning information as defined in Section 0. If you do not understand the information provided in this section, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F.			
4.	Verify and close active GUI Sessions.	Skip this step for fresh install.			
	On the menu, click User Administration->HTTP(s) Support->Terminate UI Sessions	Login to EPAP GUI as uiadmin user. Terminate all the active GUI sessions from EPAP GUI.			

		A						Terminate Active UI Sessions
		Delete?	Session Id	User Id	User Name	Admin	IP Addr	Last Access
		0	44	99	uiadmin	YES	10.250.32.216	2017-06-20 07:04:11
		0	45	99	uiadmin	YES	10.250.32.216	2017-06-20 07:04:20
		0	46	99	uiadmin	YES	10.250.32.216	2017-06-20 07:04:33
		sessions.	sessions ar		"Delete Sel	lected Acti	ve Session" to	delete all active
5.	Procedure Complete.	This proce	edure is co	mplete.				
6.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the fo	ollowing co	ommand:				

Procedure 4 System Health check

Procedure 4: System Health Check

S	This procedure determines the health of the MPS System before beginning an upgrade.				
T E P #	Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE .				
1.	MPS A : Verify health of MPS A.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A.			
2.	MPS B: Verify health of MPS B.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.			
3.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.			
4.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date			

5. SOFTWARE INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

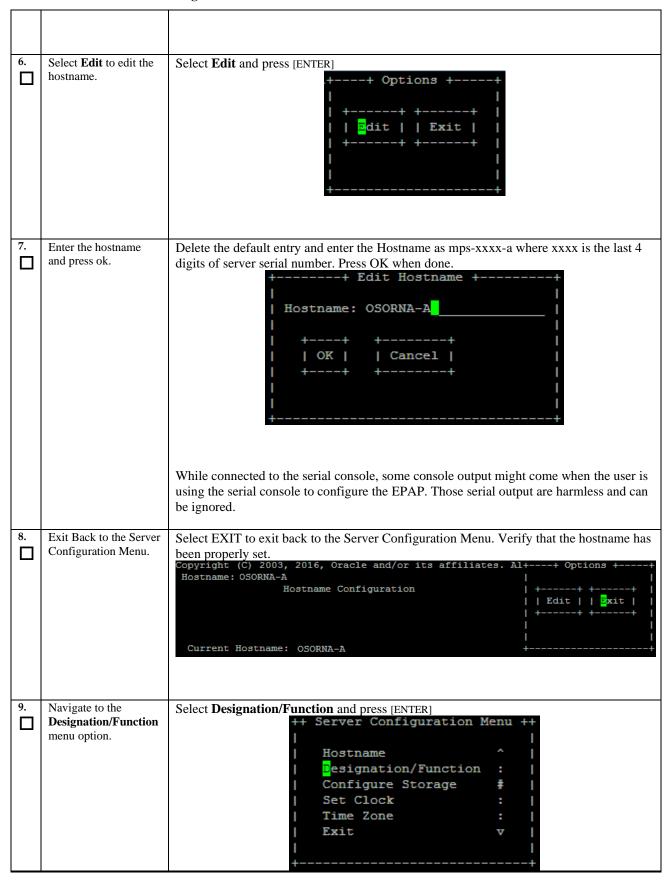
Pre install configuration and initial installation of EPAP can be done on any of the server in the mated pair in any order. These operations can be done simultaneously on both the servers.

Procedure 5 Pre-Install configuration on server A

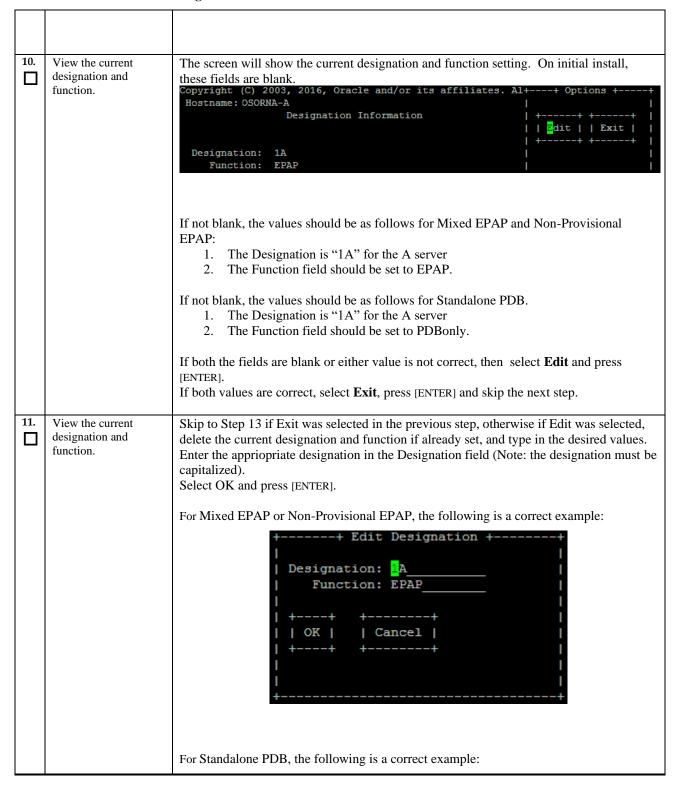
Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A

\mathbf{S}	This procedure prov	ides instructions to perform pre-configuration for an initial install of the						
T	application.							
E								
P #	Check off ($$) each step	heck off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.						
"	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.						
***	ACDELLIE TO A 11 A							
		n of the Operating System on an Oracle Application Server should be completed						
bero	re starting instanation	procedure. Refer to Procedure A.13 or [4] for TPD installation guide.						
1.	Connect to the Server.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.						
ÎП	Connect to the Server.	in not already connected, connect to the E3-Arr-B card via the serial port.						
ш		For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port						
		on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where						
		it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for						
		serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx						
2.	Log in as "admusr"	If not already logged in, then login as "admusr":						
П	user.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr						
		password: password						
		pubblici ui pubblici u						
3.	Start platcfg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg						
4.	Navigate to the Server	Select Server Configuration and press [ENTER]						
	Configuration screen.	++ Main Menu ++						
		Maintenance ^						
		Diagnostics :						
		<mark>S</mark> erver Configuration #						
		Security :						
		Remote Consoles :						
		Network Configuration :						
		Exit v						
		i i						
		++						
-	NT 1 4 4							
5.	Navigate to the Hostname screen.	Select Hostname and press [ENTER] ++ Server Configuration Menu ++						
ш	Hostname sereen.	I I						
		Hostname ^						
		Designation/Function #						
		Configure Storage :						
		Set Clock :						
		Time Zone :						
		Exit v						
		+						

Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A



Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A

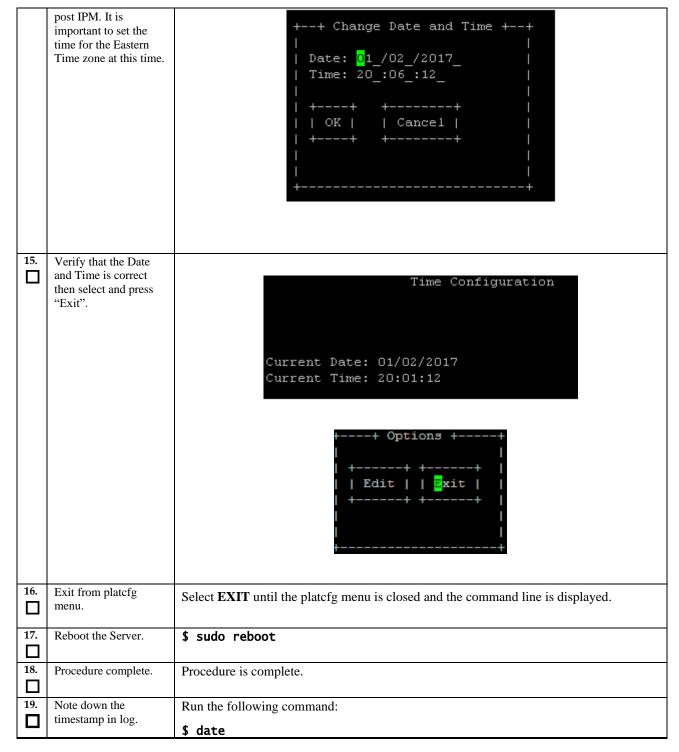


Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A



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Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A



Procedure 6 Pre-Install configuration on server B

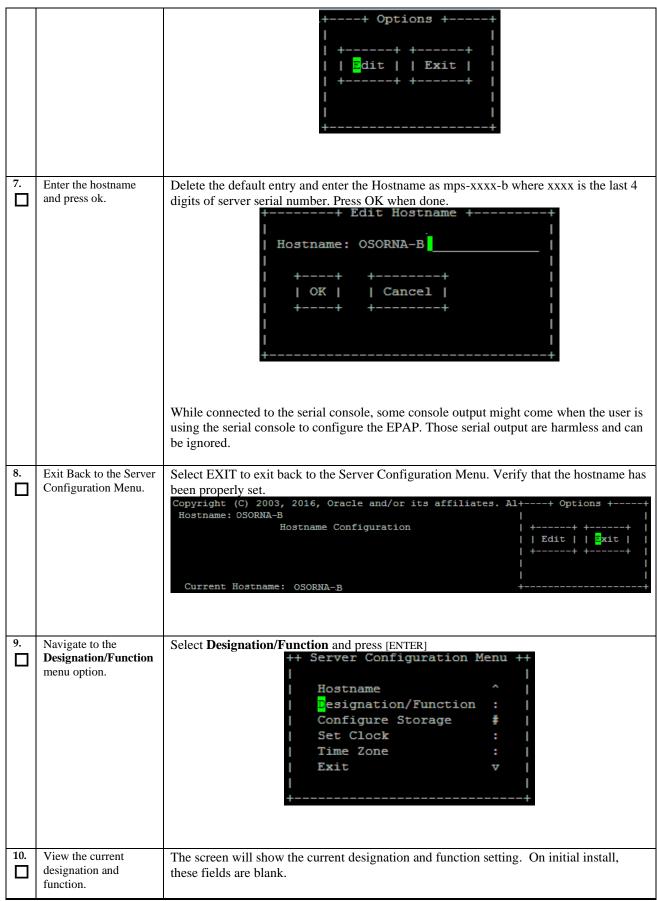
Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B

S T E	This procedure provides instructions to perform pre configuration for an initial install of the application.							
P #	Check off (√) each step	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.						
"	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.							
		n of the Operating System on an Oracle Application Server should be completed a procedure. Refer to Procedure A.13 or [4] for TPD installation.						
1.	Connect to the Server.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.						
		For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A cards' adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx						
2.	Log in as "admusr" user.	If not already logged in, then login as 'admusr': [hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password						
3.	Start platcfg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg						
4.	Navigate to the Server Configuration screen.	Select Server Configuration and press [ENTER] ++ Main Menu ++ Maintenance						
5.	Navigate to the Hostname screen.	Select Hostname and press [ENTER]						
6.	Select Edit to edit the hostname.	Select Edit and press [ENTER]						

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Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B

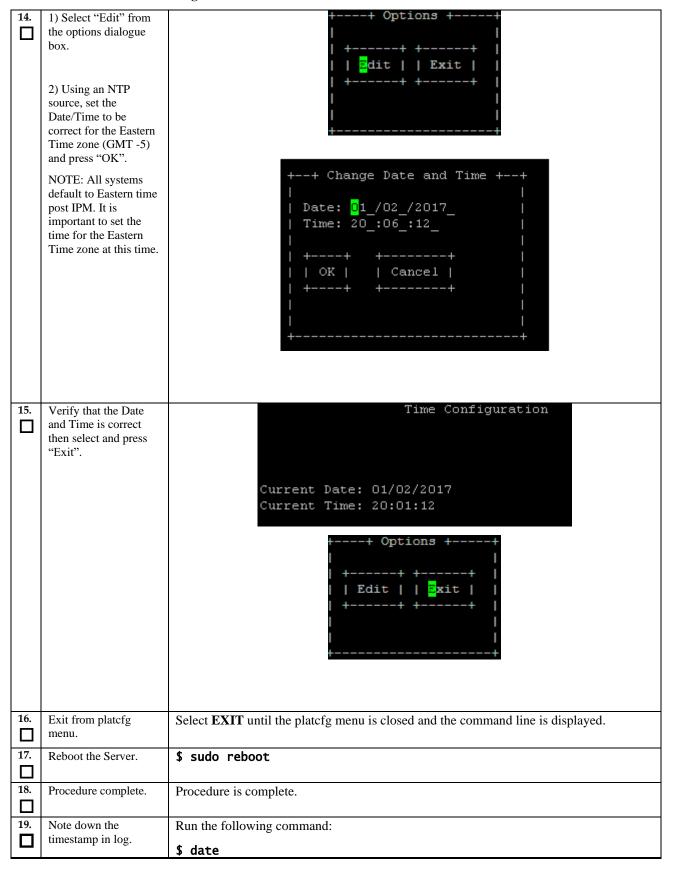


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Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B

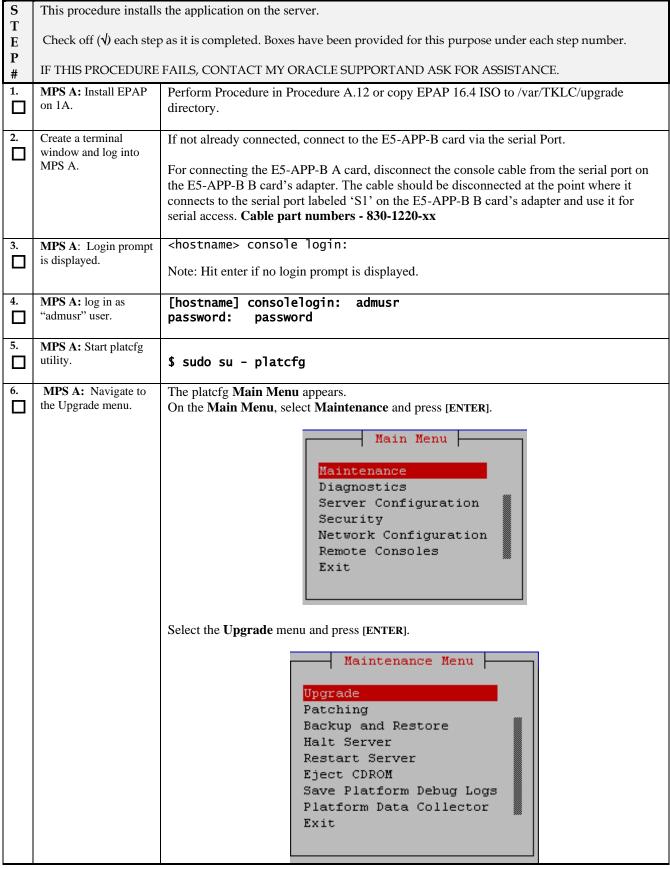
		Copyright (C) 2003, 2016, Oracle and/or its affiliates. Al++ Options ++ Hostname: OSORNA-B
		Designation Information ++ ++
		Function: EPAP
		If not blank the values should be as follows for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisional EPAP: 1. The Designation is "1B" for the B server 2. The Function field should be set to EPAP.
		If either value is not correct, then select Edit and press [ENTER]. If both values are correct, select Exit , press [ENTER] and skip the next step.
11.	View the current designation and function.	Skip to Step 13 if Exit was selected in the previous step, otherwise if Edit was selected, delete the current designation and function if already set, and type in the desired values. Enter the appriopriate designation in the Designation field (Note: The designation must be capitalized). Select OK and press [ENTER]. Designation: B
12.	Verify that the Designation and Function information is correct then select and press "Exit".	Copyright (C) 2003, 2016, Oracle and/or its affiliates. Al++ Options ++ Hostname: OSORNA-B
13.	Select "Set Clock" Menu.	++ Server Configuration Menu ++

Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B



Procedure 7 Install Application on server A

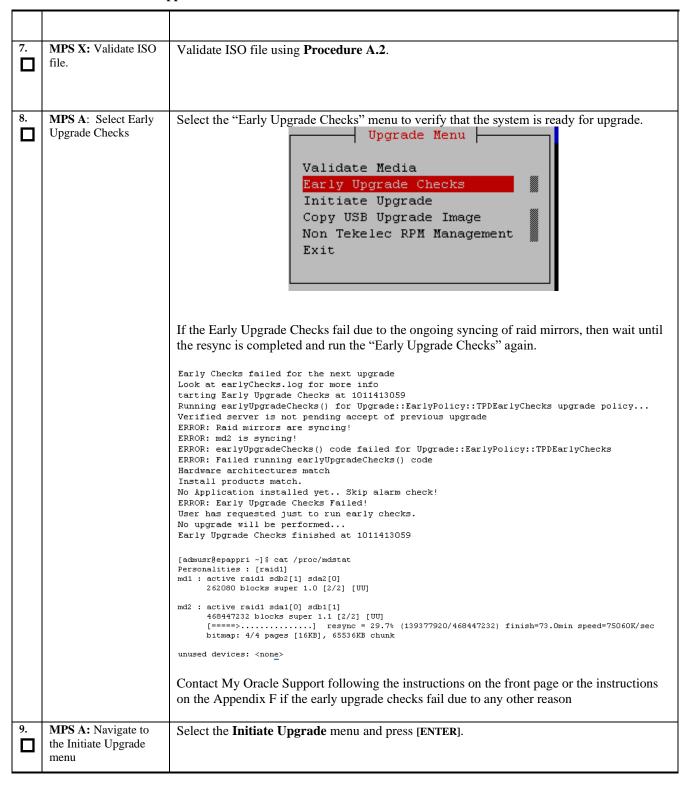
Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server A



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Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server A



Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server A

		Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Non Tekelec RPM Management Exit
10.	MPS A: Select the Upgrade Media.	The screen displays a message that it is searching for upgrade media. When the upgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu appears similar-to the example below. Select the desired upgrade media and press [ENTER]. lqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
11.	MPS A: Upgrade proceeds.	The screen displays the output like following, indicating that the upgrade software is first running the upgrade checks, and then proceeding with the upgrade. No Application installed yet Skip alarm check! Verified all raid mirrors are synced. Early Upgrade Checks Have Passed! Early Upgrade Checks finished at 1447429031 Initializing upgrade information
12.	MPS A: Upgrade proceeds.	Many informational messages appear on the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. The messages are not shown here for clarity sake. When installation is complete, the server reboots.
13.	MPS A: Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, the screen displays the login prompt as in the example below. Starting atd: [OK] ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S98ExQueue start ~~ ExQueue started. Starting TKLCe5appb: [OK] Checking network config files: [OK] Daemon is not running AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Epap start ~~ EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Pdba start ~~ EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting Starting smartd: [OK] Daemon is not running AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, process 5527 TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 5508 Oracle Linux Server release 6.9 Kernel 2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64 on an x86_64
		Terrici 2.0.02 072.0.2.010preter / .4.0.0.0_00.02.0.000_07 011 ati A00_04

Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server A

14.	MPS A: log in as "epapdev" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev password: password
15.	MPS A: Check the Upgrade log.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported.
		\$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Check the output of the upgrade log, Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F, if the output contains any errors beside the following:
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
		1487820277::2017-02-23T03:24:40.278652Z 0 [Warning] 'NO_ZERO_DATE', 'NO_ZERO_IN_DATE' and 'ERROR_FOR_DIVISION_BY_ZERO' sql modes should be used with strict mode. They will be merged with strict mode in a future release.
		Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log: 1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory
		All those messages are expected, and therefore aren't considered errors.
		Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated, for example in "1252687151::myisamchk: error: File " case, "1252687169::myisa" might show up on one line while the rest "mchk: error: File '/" might show up on the next line. This is acceptable and should be ignored.
		\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F, if the output contains any warnings beside the following: [1487820277::2017-02-23T03:24:40.278652Z 0 [Warning] 'NO_ZERO_DATE', 'NO_ZERO_IN_DATE' and 'ERROR_FOR_DIVISION_BY_ZERO' sql modes should be used with strict mode. They will be merged with strict mode in a future release. [root@hvar-A ~]# grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1487820160::WaRNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been updatedreparsing xml 1487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/t". 1487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/logs". 1487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/t". 1487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/db". 1487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/db". 1487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/db". 1487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/db".
		1487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/logs". 1487820270::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1487820272::useradd: warning: the home directory already exists.

Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server A

		1487820277::2017-02-23T03:24:40.278652Z 0 [Warning] 'NO_ZERO_DATE', 'NO_ZERO_IN_DATE' and 'ERROR_FOR_DIVISION_BY_ZERO' sql modes should be used with strict mode. They will be merged with strict mode in a future release. 1487820280::2017-02-23T03:24:40.278694Z 0 [Warning] 'NO_AUTO_CREATE_USER' sql
		mode was not set. 1487820709::2017-02-23T03:31:55.022227Z 0 [Warning] InnoDB: New log files created, LSN=45792
		1487820715::2017-02-23T03:31:55.116112Z 0 [Warning] InnoDB: Creating foreign key constraint system tables.
		1487820715::2017-02-23T03:31:55.187777Z 0 [Warning] No existing UUID has been found, so we assume that this is the first time that this server has been started. Generating a new UUID: 9fafedc2-f978-11e6-a8a8-0010e0850417. 1487820715::2017-02-23T03:31:55.190473Z 0 [Warning] Gtid table is not ready to be used. Table 'mysql.gtid_executed' cannot be opened.
		1487820715::2017-02-23T03:31:56.233157z 0 [Warning] CA certificate ca.pem is self signed.
		1487820716::2017-02-23T03:31:56.702769Z 1 [Warning] root@localhost is created with an empty password ! Please consider switching off theinitialize-insecure option.
		1487820720::2017-02-23T03:32:03.451408Z 0 [Warning] TIMESTAMP with implicit DEFAULT value is deprecated. Please useexplicit_defaults_for_timestamp server option (see documentation for more details).
		1487820723::2017-02-23T03:32:04.023504z 0 [Warning] InnoDB: New log files created, LSN=45790
		constraint system tables. 1487820724::2017-02-23T03:32:04:1109102 0 [warning] No existing UUID has been found, so we assume that this is the first time that this server has been
		started. Generating a new UUID: a50bbe8f-f978-11e6-bcbc-0010e0850417. 1487820724::2017-02-23T03:32:04.178895Z 0 [warning] Gtid table is not ready to be used. Table 'mysql.gtid_executed' cannot be opened. 1487820724::2017-02-23T03:32:05.957583Z 0 [warning] CA certificate ca.pem is self
		signed. 1487820726::2017-02-23T03:32:06.165059Z 1 [Warning] root@localhost is created with an empty password! Please consider switching off theinitialize-insecure option.
		1487820753::WARNING: A new file was added to xml alarm filesreparsing xml 1487820754::WARNING: FILE: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml 1487820761::TKLCepap-HA
		######################################
		Refer to section 0 to know more about logging.
16.	MPS A: Check that the upgrade completed successfully.	\$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
17.	MPS A: Check that the upgrade completed successfully.	Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F.
		1399367207:: Upgrade returned success!
18.	MPS B: Update ssh_config	Perform following steps to disable unsecure algorithm for ssh:
	to disable MD5 and	1. \$ grep "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96," /etc/ssh/ssh_config
	MAC algorithm for security	If output contains "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96", execute the below steps 2 and 3. Else go to step 4.
		2. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/ssh_config
		3. \$ sudo sed -i -e '/MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-sha1-96/d'
		/etc/ssh/ssh_config
		4.\$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/ssh_config
		4. \$ grep "MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512" /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		If no output is displayed for above command continue to next command in step 5 and 6 else skip these steps
		5. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/sshd_config

Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server A

		6. \$ sudo sed -i '\$ a \\tMACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512' /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		7. \$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		8. \$ sudo service sshd restart
19.	Update the httpd.conf file to disable the	Perform the following steps to disable Cache control no-store policy:
	Cache control no-store policy	1. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		If the output contains "Header set Cache-Control no-store", Execute the below steps. If no output is displayed for the above command, skip the steps mentioned below.
		2. \$ sudo sed -i '/Cache-Control no-store/c\#Header set Cache-Control no-store' /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		3. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		The output should be "#Header set Cache-Control no-store" showing that the line has been commented.
		4. \$ sudo service httpd restart
20.	MPS A: Install Complete.	Install Procedure is complete.
21.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date
		y uace

Procedure 8 Install Application on server B

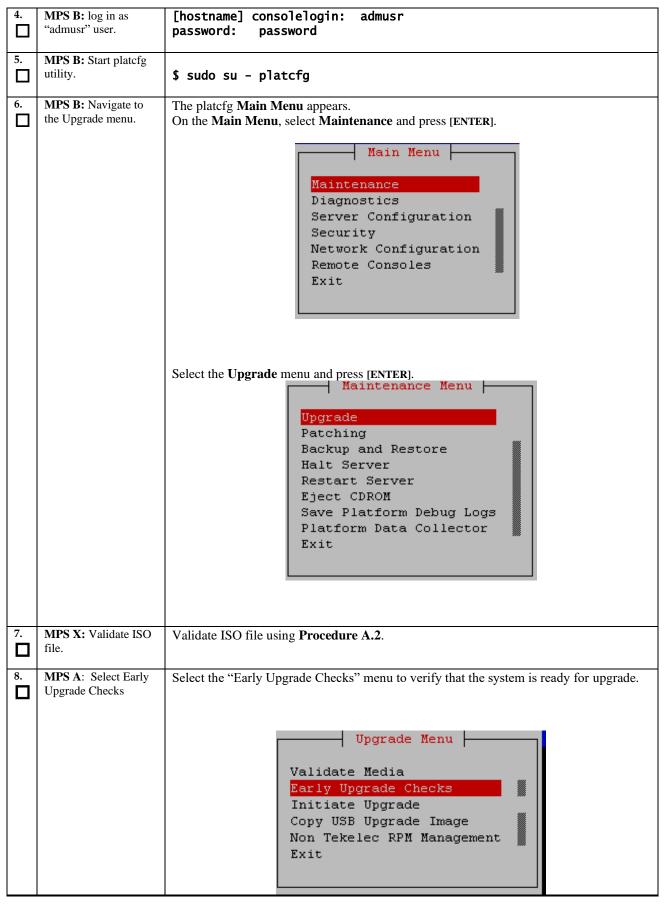
Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server B

S	This procedure installs the application on the server.		
T			
E	Check off (1) each step	o as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P	W. FLAG DD C CEDANDE	THE CONTRACT AND LOT COMPONENT AND LOW FOR LOCATION	
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	MPS B: Install 1B.	Perform Procedure in Procedure A.12 or copy EPAP 16.3 ISO to /var/TKLC/upgrade	
		directory.	
2.	Create a terminal	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.	
	window log into MPS		
	В.	For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port	
		on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where	
		it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for	
		serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx	
3.	MPS B: Login prompt	<hostname> console login:</hostname>	
	is displayed.	Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.	
		Note. The effect if no login prompt is displayed.	

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Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server B



Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server B

		If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the ongoing syncing of raid mirrors, then wait until the resync is completed and run the "Early Upgrade Checks" again. Early Checks failed for the next upgrade Look at earlyChecks.log for more info tarting Early Upgrade Checks at 1011413059 Running earlyUpgradeChecks() for Upgrade::EarlyPolicy::TPDEarlyChecks upgrade policy Verified server is not pending accept of previous upgrade ERROR: Raid mirrors are syncing! ERROR: md2 is syncing! ERROR: earlyUpgradeChecks() code failed for Upgrade::EarlyPolicy::TPDEarlyChecks ERROR: Failed running earlyUpgradeChecks() code Hardware architectures match Install products match. No Application installed yet Skip alarm check! ERROR: Early Upgrade Checks Failed! User has requested just to run early checks
		User has requested just to run early checks. No upgrade will be performed Early Upgrade Checks finished at 1011413059 [admusr@epappri ~] % cat /proc/mdstat Personalities: [raid1] md1: active raid1 sdb2[1] sda2[0]
		Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F, if the early upgrade checks fail due to any other reason.
9.	MPS A: Navigate to the Initiate Upgrade menu	Select the Initiate Upgrade menu and press [ENTER]. Upgrade Menu
10.	MPS B: Select the Upgrade Media.	The screen displays a message that it is searching for upgrade media. When the upgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu appears similar-to the example below. Select the desired upgrade media and press [ENTER]. lqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
		x x x x EPAP-16.4.0.0.0_164.4.5-x86_64.iso - 16.4.0.0.0_164.4.5 x x Exit x mqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
11.	MPS B: Upgrade proceeds.	The screen displays the following, indicating that the upgrade software is first validating the media, and then proceeding with the upgrade.

Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server B

	1	
		No Application installed yet Skip alarm check! Verified all raid mirrors are synced. Early Upgrade Checks Have Passed!
		Early Upgrade Checks finished at 1447429031 Initializing upgrade information
12.	MPS B: Upgrade proceeds.	Many informational messages appear on the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. The messages are not shown here for clarity sake.
		When installation is complete, the server reboots.
13.	MPS B: Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, the screen displays the login prompt as in the example below.
		Starting atd: [OK] ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S98ExQueue start ~~ ExQueue started.
		Starting TKLCe5appb: [OK] Checking network config files: [OK] Daemon is not running
		AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Epap start ~~
		EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Pdba start ~~ EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting
		Starting smartd: [OK] Daemon is not running
		AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, process 5527 TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 5508
		Oracle Linux Server release 6.9 Kernel 2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64 on an x86_64
14.	MPS B: log in as "epapdev" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev password: password
15.	MPS B: Check the Upgrade log.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported.
		\$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Check the output of the upgrade log, Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F, if the output contains any error except the following:
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
		'/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
		'/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYÍ' .
		. 1487896226:: 2017-02-24T00:30:28.652213Z 0 [Warning] 'NO_ZERO_DATE', 'NO_ZERO_IN_DATE' and 'ERROR_FOR_DIVISION_BY_ZERO' sql modes should be used with strict mode. They will be merged with strict mode in a future release.

Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log: 1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory

All those messages are expected, and therefore aren't considered errors. Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.

\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log

Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:

```
1487896226::2017-02-24T00:30:28.652213Z 0 [Warning] 'NO_ZERO_DATE', 'NO_ZERO_IN_DATE' and 'ERROR_FOR_DIVISION_BY_ZERO' sql modes should be used with strict mode. They will be merged with strict mode in a future release. [epapdev@hvar-b ~]$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1487896106::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been
     487896218::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path
updated...re
1487896218::
487896219::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path (var/TKLC/epap/logs".
     487896219::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path
1487896219::*
1487896219::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/db". 487896219::* write: WARNING:: 5
     487896219::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path
"/var/IKLC/epap/logs".

1487896219::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path

"/var/TKLC/epap/free".

1487896220::useradd: warning: the home directory already exists.

1487896226::2017-02-24T00:30:28.652213Z 0 [Warning] 'NO_ZERO_DATE',

'NO_ZERO_IN_DATE' and 'ERROR_FOR_DIVISION_BY_ZERO' sql modes should be used
with strict mode. They will be merged with strict mode in a future release.

1487896229::2017-02-24T00:30:28.652254Z 0 [Warning] 'NO_AUTO_CREATE_USER' sql
mode was not set. 1487896242::2017-02-24T00:30:46.762649z 0 [Warning] InnoDB: New log files
 created, LSN=45791
1487896247::2017-02-24T00:30:46.856447Z 0 [warning] InnoDB: Creating foreign
1487896247::2017-02-24100:30:46.0504472 0 [warning] Innobe. Creating Toreign key constraint system tables.
1487896247::2017-02-24T00:30:46.918223Z 0 [warning] No existing UUID has been found, so we assume that this is the first time that this server has been started. Generating a new UUID: 7c1b5ac5-fa28-11e6-ac40-0010e08503fb.
1487896247::2017-02-24T00:30:46.919104Z 0 [warning] Gtid table is not ready to be used. Table 'mysql.gtid_executed' cannot be opened.
1487896247::2017-02-24T00:30:48.561021Z 0 [warning] CA certificate ca.pem is
1487896247::2017-02-24100:30:48.5610212 0 [warning] CA Certificate Ca.pem is self signed.

1487896249::2017-02-24T00:30:49.018012Z 1 [warning] root@localhost is created with an empty password! Please consider switching off the --initialize-insecure option.

1487896252::2017-02-24T00:30:55.321537Z 0 [warning] TIMESTAMP with implicit DEFAULT value is deprecated. Please use --explicit_defaults_for_timestamp server option (see documentation for more details).

1487896255::2017-02-24T00:30:55.888792Z 0 [warning] InnoDB: New log files created, LSN=45790

1487896256::2017-02-24T00:30:55.977153Z 0 [warning] InnoDB: Creating foreign
 1487896256::2017-02-24T00:30:55.977153Z 0 [Warning] InnoDB: Creating foreign
1487896256::2017-02-24T00:30:55.97/1332 0 [warning] Innobs: Creating Toreign key constraint system tables.
1487896256::2017-02-24T00:30:56.040240Z 0 [warning] No existing UUID has been found, so we assume that this is the first time that this server has been started. Generating a new UUID: 818b4391-fa28-11e6-946c-0010e08503fb.
1487896256::2017-02-24T00:30:56.041013Z 0 [warning] Gtid table is not ready to be used. Table 'mysql.gtid_executed' cannot be opened.
1487896256::2017-02-24T00:30:56.765311Z 0 [warning] CA certificate ca.pem is salf signed.
self signed.
1487896257::2017-02-24T00:30:57.213158Z 1 [warning] root@localhost is created
 with an empty password! Please consider switching off the --initialize-insecure option.
root
```

Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server B

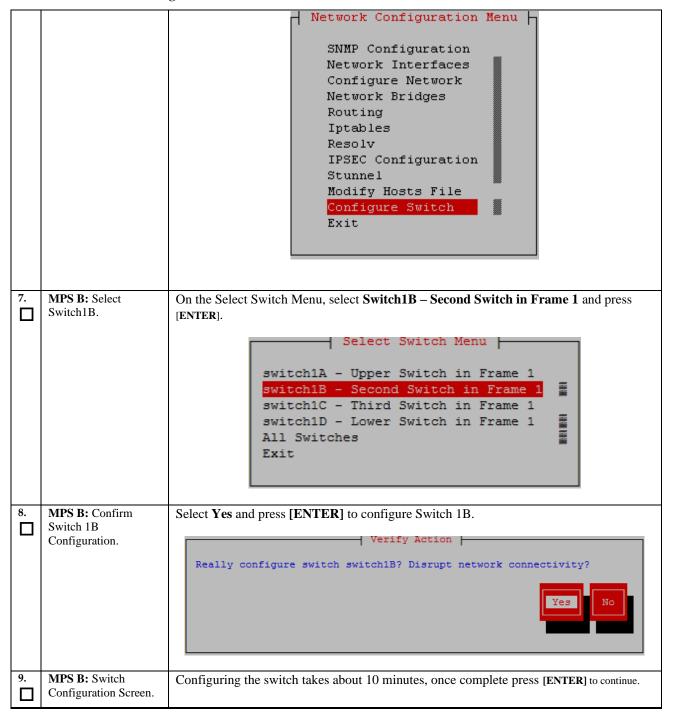
16.	MPS B: Check that the upgrade completed successfully.	\$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
17.	MPS B: Check that the upgrade completed successfully.	Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F.
		1399367207:: Upgrade returned success!
18.	MPS B:	Perform following steps to disable unsecure algorithm for ssh:
_	Update ssh_config to disable MD5 and	1. \$ grep "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96," /etc/ssh/ssh_config
	MAC algorithm for security	If output contains "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96", execute the below steps 2 and 3. Else go to step 4.
		2. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/ssh_config
		3. \$ sudo sed -i -e '/MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-sha1-96/d'
		/etc/ssh/ssh_config
		4.\$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/ssh_config
		4. \$ grep "MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512" /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		If no output is displayed for above command continue to next command in step 5 and 6 else skip these steps
		5. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		6. \$ sudo sed -i '\$ a \\tMACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512' /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		7. \$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		8. \$ sudo service sshd restart
19.	Update the httpd.conf	Perform the following steps to disable Cache control no-store policy:
	file to disable the Cache control no-store policy.	1. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		If the output contains "Header set Cache-Control no-store", Execute the below steps. If no output is displayed for the above command, skip the steps mentioned below.
		2. \$ sudo sed -i '/Cache-Control no-store/c\#Header set Cache-Control no-store' /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		3. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		The output should be "#Header set Cache-Control no-store" showing that the line has been commented.
		4. \$ sudo service httpd restart
20.	MPS B: Install Complete.	Install Procedure is complete.
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Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server B

21.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date

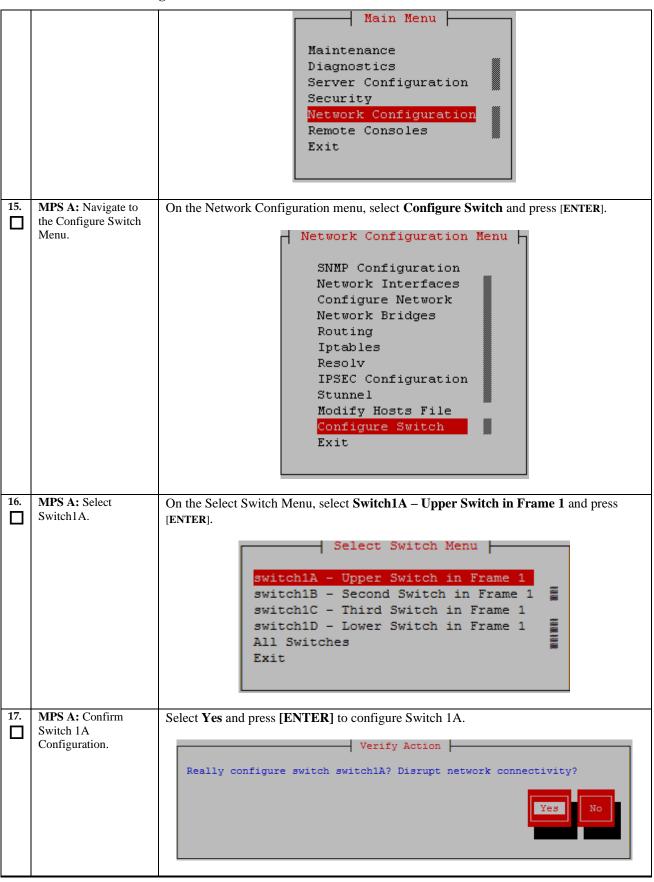
Procedure 9 Switch Configuration

S T	This procedure Config	ures the Switches of a new Installed E5-APP-B EPAP Server Pair.
E	Check off ($$) each step	o as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
1.	Make the cross-over cable connections.	NOTE: THIS IS IMPORTANT
		CONNECT the cross-over cable from Port 1 of Switch1A to Port 1 of Switch1B .
		DISCONNECT the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B . Please make a note that the switch configuration should only be attempted by a skilled technician and not all.
		All uplinks should be removed while switch configuration.
		There should not be any loop in the switches during their configuration.
2.	MPS B: log in as "admusr" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
3.	MPS B: Set Telco Switch with non- default speed.	Note: The default speed to be set on the switch is 1000Mbps. However, the recommended setting can be changed to 'auto', '1000/full' or '100/full'. At the EAGLE end, the operator can set the IP LINK to 'auto'.
4.	MPS B: Start platcfg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
5.	MPS B: Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platefg Main Menu, select Network Configuration and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Security Network Configuration Remote Consoles Exit
6.	MPS B: Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	On the Network Configuration menu, select Configure Switch and press [ENTER].



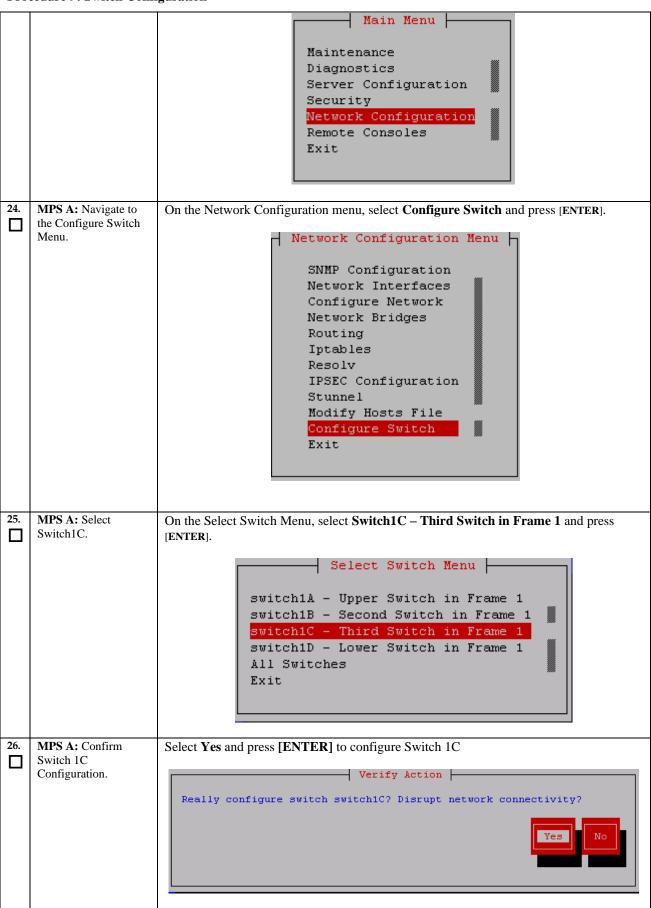
		Successfully enabled on switch switch1B. Reloading switch switch1B with defaults, please standby Switch switch1B successfully set to default configuration. Successfully started management VLAN on switch1B. Startup configuration created OK. Successfully uploaded startup config for switch1B. Removing config file switch1B.startup-config from /tftpboot. Reloading switch switch1B, please standby Reload of switch switch1B complete. Switch switch1B successfully configured. Press any key to continue
		Switch Configuration Completed successfully Press any key to continue
10.	MPS B: Exit out of platcfg.	Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Network Configuration Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Main Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to exit out of platcfg.
11.	MPS A: Connect to Server 1A.	Now that Switch 1B is configured, we need to configure switch 1A. Connect to server 1A to configure switch 1A [hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
12.	MPS A: Set Telco Switch with non- default speed.	Note: The default speed to be set on the switch is 1000Mbps. However, the recommended setting can be changed to 'auto', '1000/full' or '100/full'. At the EAGLE end, the operator can set the IP LINK to 'auto'. Otherwise proceed to step 13.
13.	MPS A: Start platcfg. utility	\$ sudo su - platcfg
14.	MPS A: Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platcfg Main Menu, select Network Configuration and press [ENTER].

Procedure 9: Switch Configuration



18.	MPS A: Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	Configuring the switch takes about 10 minutes, once complete press [ENTER] to continue.
		Successfully enabled on switch switch1A. Reloading switch switch1A with defaults, please standby Switch switch1A successfully set to default configuration. Successfully started management VLAN on switch1A. Startup configuration created OK. Successfully uploaded startup config for switch1A. Removing config file switch1A.startup-config from /tftpboot. Reloading switch switch1A, please standby Reload of switch switch1A complete. Switch switch1A successfully configured. Press any key to continue
		Message Message
		Switch Configuration Completed successfully Press any key to continue
19.	MPS A: Exit out of platefg.	Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Network Configuration Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Main Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to exit out of platcfg.
20.	MPS A: Optional Configuration of Switch 1C.	If the system is installed with 4 switches, proceed with the next step, otherwise skip to step 37.
21.	Move Serial Cables.	On the front of switches 1A and 1B, unplug the serial cables connected to Console port and plug them in switches 1C and 1D Console port respectively.
22.	MPS A: Start platefg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
23.	MPS A: Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platefg Main Menu, select Network Configuration and press [ENTER].

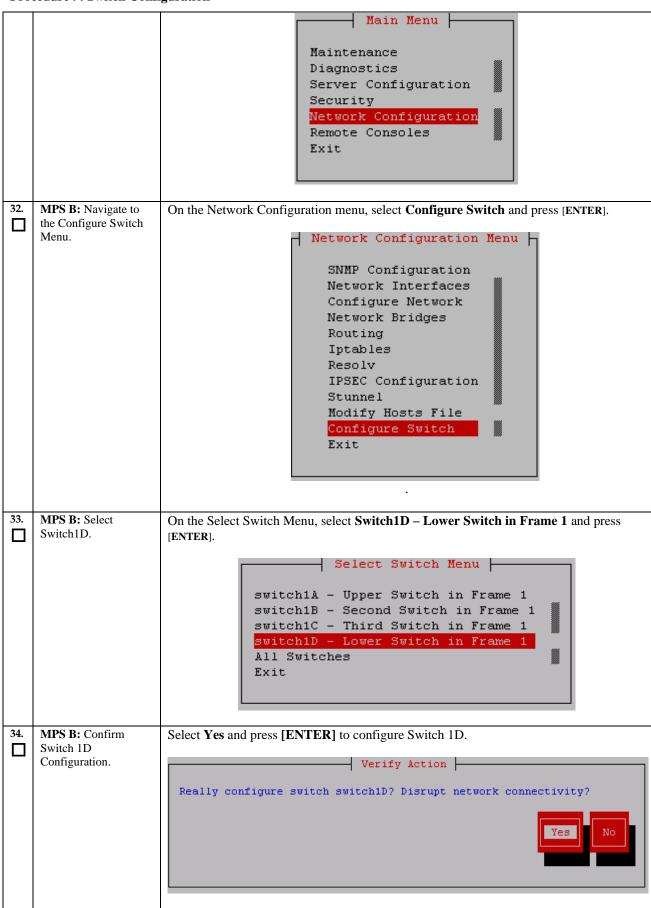
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration



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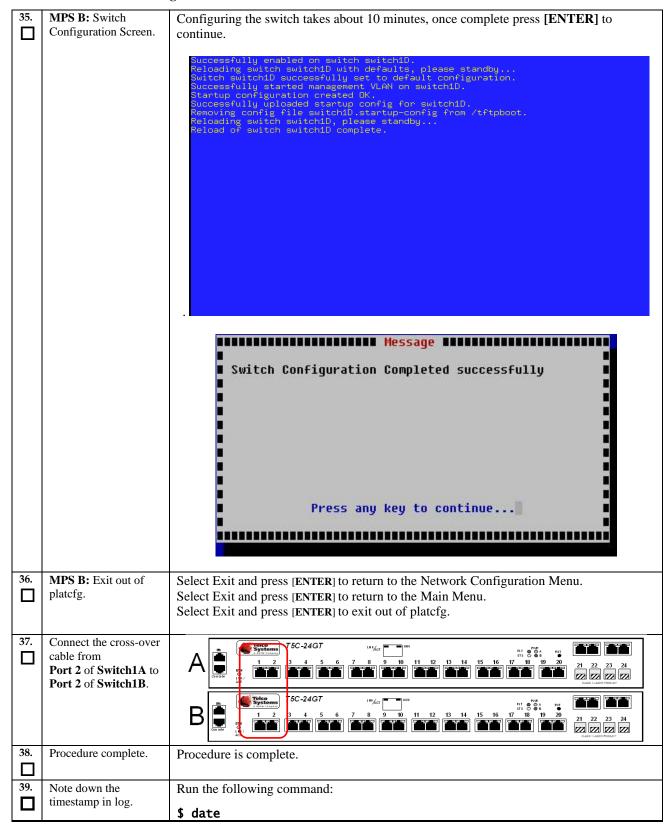
27.	MPS A: Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	Configuring the switch takes about 10 minutes, once complete press [ENTER] to continue. Successfully enabled on switch switch10.
		Reloading switch switch1C with defaults, please standby Switch switch1C successfully set to default configuration. Successfully started management VLAN on switch1C. Startup configuration created DK. Successfully uploaded startup config for switch1C. Removing config file switch1C.startup-config from /tftpboot. Reloading switch switch1C, please standby Reload of switch switch1C complete.
		Switch Configuration Completed successfully Press any key to continue
28.	MPS A: Exit out of platefg.	Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Network Configuration Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to return to the Main Menu. Select Exit and press [ENTER] to exit out of platcfg.
29.	MPS B: Connect to Server 1B.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
30.	MPS B: Start platcfg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
31.	MPS B: Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platcfg Main Menu, select Network Configuration and press [ENTER].

Procedure 9: Switch Configuration



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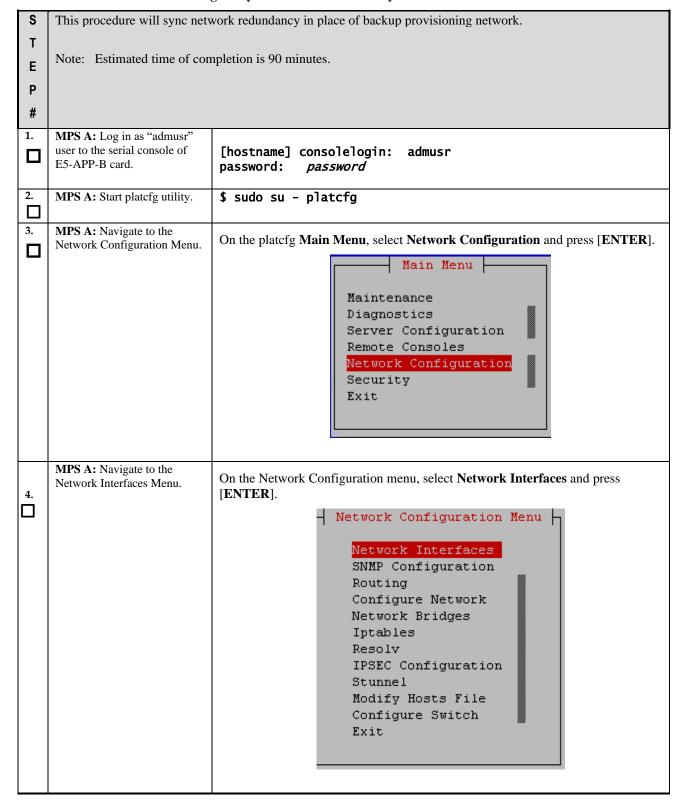
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

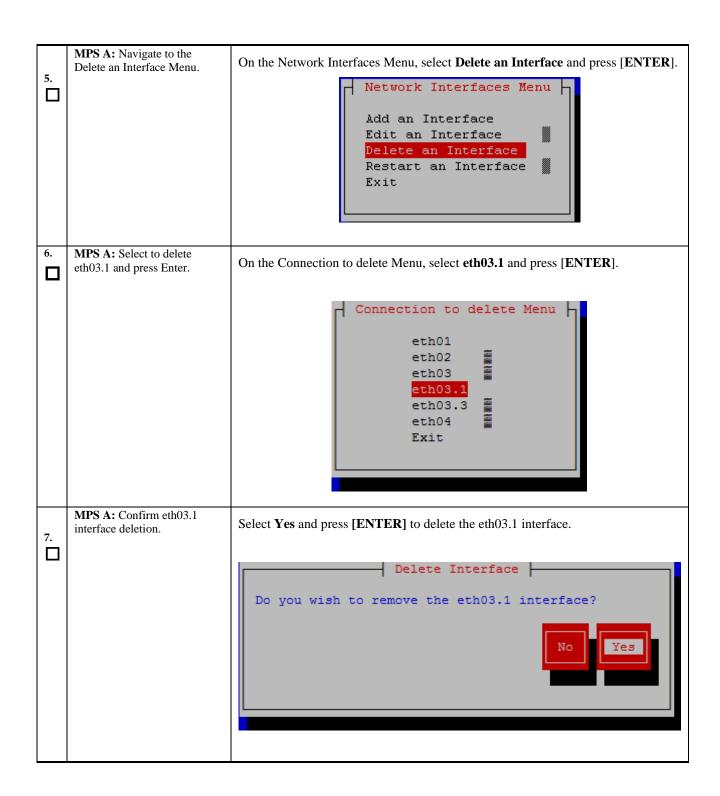


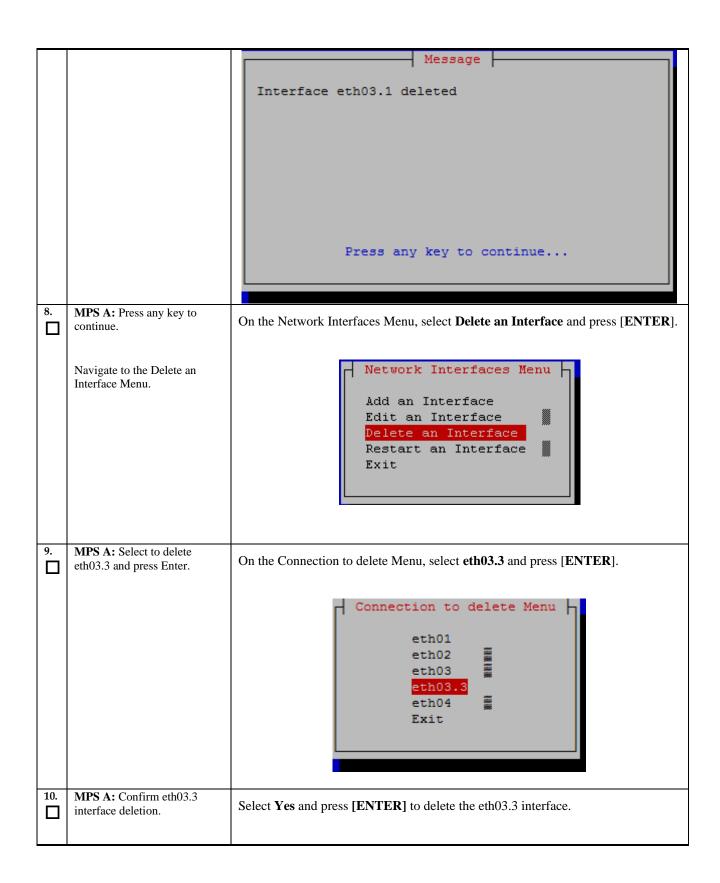
Procedure 10 Procedure to Configure Sync Network Redundancy

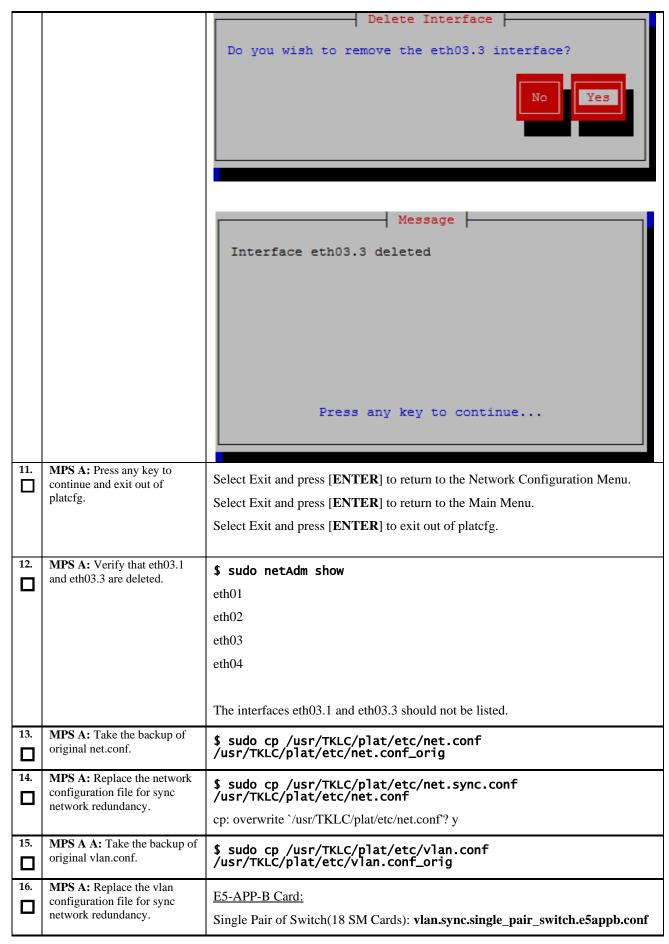
Note: This procedure will configure the E5-APP-B EPAP cards with the Sync Network Redundancy feature. This will use the Backup Provisioning Network ports, therefor the Backup Provisioning Network feature cannot be used.

Procedure 10: Procedure to Configure Sync Network Redundancy









		(Ports 7 to 24 on switch 1A and ports 5 to 24 on switch 1B can be used for SM card connectivity) Two Pair of switches (40 SM Cards): vlan.sync.e5appb.conf
		(Ports 7 to 22 on switch 1A and ports 5 to 22 on switch 1B can be used for SM card connectivity, no change for switch 1C and 1D)
		For e.g., on T1200 server for Single pair of switches:
		<pre>\$ sudo cp /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.sync.single_pair_switch.t1200.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf</pre>
		cp: overwrite `/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf'? y
17.	MPS A: Reconfigure the network interfaces.	\$ sudo netAdm init
		Interface bond0 added
		Interface eth01 added
		Interface eth02 added
		Interface bond0.3 added
		Interface eth03 added
		Interface eth04 added
		Interface bond0.1 added
		Successfully configured network
18.	MPS A: Restart network service.	\$ sudo service network restart
		\$ sudo service network restart Repeat all the above steps on the MPS B.
19.	service.	
19.	MPS B	Repeat all the above steps on the MPS B. Connect eth04 on MPS A to port 5 on Switch 1A and connect eth04 on MPS B to
20.	Network Connectivity Configure Switch 1B first and then Switch 1A using Procedure 9. MPS A: Verify that ping mate	Repeat all the above steps on the MPS B. Connect eth04 on MPS A to port 5 on Switch 1A and connect eth04 on MPS B to port 6 on Switch 1A. Perform Procedure 9 – Switch1B and Switch1A Configuration to configure
20.	MPS B Network Connectivity Configure Switch 1B first and then Switch 1A using Procedure 9.	Repeat all the above steps on the MPS B. Connect eth04 on MPS A to port 5 on Switch 1A and connect eth04 on MPS B to port 6 on Switch 1A. Perform Procedure 9 – Switch1B and Switch1A Configuration to configure Switch1B and then Switch1A.
20.	MPS B Network Connectivity Configure Switch 1B first and then Switch 1A using Procedure 9. MPS A: Verify that ping mate is working. Also ensure that the sync	Repeat all the above steps on the MPS B. Connect eth04 on MPS A to port 5 on Switch 1A and connect eth04 on MPS B to port 6 on Switch 1A. Perform Procedure 9 – Switch1B and Switch1A Configuration to configure Switch1B and then Switch1A. \$ ping -c 4 mate
20.	MPS B Network Connectivity Configure Switch 1B first and then Switch 1A using Procedure 9. MPS A: Verify that ping mate is working. Also ensure that the sync redundancy is working fine by	Repeat all the above steps on the MPS B. Connect eth04 on MPS A to port 5 on Switch 1A and connect eth04 on MPS B to port 6 on Switch 1A. Perform Procedure 9 – Switch1B and Switch1A Configuration to configure Switch1B and then Switch1A. \$ ping -c 4 mate PING mate (192.168.2.100) 56(84) bytes of data.
20.	MPS B Network Connectivity Configure Switch 1B first and then Switch 1A using Procedure 9. MPS A: Verify that ping mate is working. Also ensure that the sync	Repeat all the above steps on the MPS B. Connect eth04 on MPS A to port 5 on Switch 1A and connect eth04 on MPS B to port 6 on Switch 1A. Perform Procedure 9 – Switch1B and Switch1A Configuration to configure Switch1B and then Switch1A. \$ ping -c 4 mate PING mate (192.168.2.100) 56(84) bytes of data. 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.189 ms 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.188 ms 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.166 ms
20.	MPS B Network Connectivity Configure Switch 1B first and then Switch 1A using Procedure 9. MPS A: Verify that ping mate is working. Also ensure that the sync redundancy is working fine by turning off one switch and	Repeat all the above steps on the MPS B. Connect eth04 on MPS A to port 5 on Switch 1A and connect eth04 on MPS B to port 6 on Switch 1A. Perform Procedure 9 – Switch1B and Switch1A Configuration to configure Switch1B and then Switch1A. \$ ping -c 4 mate PING mate (192.168.2.100) 56(84) bytes of data. 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.189 ms 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.188 ms
20.	MPS B Network Connectivity Configure Switch 1B first and then Switch 1A using Procedure 9. MPS A: Verify that ping mate is working. Also ensure that the sync redundancy is working fine by turning off one switch and	Repeat all the above steps on the MPS B. Connect eth04 on MPS A to port 5 on Switch 1A and connect eth04 on MPS B to port 6 on Switch 1A. Perform Procedure 9 – Switch1B and Switch1A Configuration to configure Switch1B and then Switch1A. \$ ping -c 4 mate PING mate (192.168.2.100) 56(84) bytes of data. 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.189 ms 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.188 ms 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.166 ms
20.	MPS B Network Connectivity Configure Switch 1B first and then Switch 1A using Procedure 9. MPS A: Verify that ping mate is working. Also ensure that the sync redundancy is working fine by turning off one switch and	Repeat all the above steps on the MPS B. Connect eth04 on MPS A to port 5 on Switch 1A and connect eth04 on MPS B to port 6 on Switch 1A. Perform Procedure 9 – Switch1B and Switch1A Configuration to configure Switch1B and then Switch1A. \$ ping -c 4 mate PING mate (192.168.2.100) 56(84) bytes of data. 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.189 ms 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.188 ms 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.166 ms 64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.143 ms

23.	MPS A: Reconfigure EPAP using epapconfig menu if the configuration was done before configuring sync network redundancy.	\$ su - epapconfig Please follow the instructions written in Procedure 11.
24.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
25.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure 11 Configuring the application

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

S	This procedure configures the application on the server.		
T E	Check off ($$) each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE F	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
app	NOTE: This procedure configures the application in the IPv4 configuration. To configure the application in the IPv6 configuration, refer to [6].		
1.	MPS A: Log on Server A. [hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password		
2.	MPS A: Switch user to epapconfig.	\$ sudo su - epapconfig	
3.	MPS A: A note of caution appears. Evaluate the conditions listed. When all the conditions are satisfied, press Return to continue.	Caution: This is the first login of the text user interface. Please review the following checklist before continuing. Failure to enter complete and accurate information at this time will have unpredictable results. 1. The mate MPS servers (MPS A and MPS B) must be powered on. 2. "Initial Platform Manufacture" for the mate MPS servers must be complete. 3. The sync network between the mate MPS servers must be operational. 4. You must have the correct password for the epapdev user on the mate MPS server. 5. You must be prepared to designate this MPS as provisionable or non-provisionable. Press return to continue	
4.	MPS A: Upon pressing Return you can now abort or proceed with the initial configuration. To continue with the configuration, enter Y.	Are you sure you wish to continue? [N]:Y	

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

5.		Password of epapdev:
	MPS A:	ssh is working correctly.
	For Mixed EPAP or	Password of root:
	Non-Provisionable	ssh is working correctly.
	EPAP: You are	Password of admusr:
	prompted for the	ssh is working correctly.
	epapdev, root and	Password of root:
	admusr user password	ssh is working correctly.
	on the mate MPS server	Building the initial database on side A.
	in order to confirm the	Stopping local slave
		Stopping remote slave
	secure shell keys are	EuiDB already exists.
	successfully exchanged.	FIPS integrity verification test failed.
	The example shows the	Starting local slave
	output generated when	Starting remote slave
	the correct password is	
	entered, the secure shell	The provisioning architecture of the EPAP software allows for
	keys are successfully	exactly 2 customer provisionable sites. Additional sites that
	exchanged, and the UI	are to receive the data provisioned to the provisionable sites
	database is set up on	should answer 'N' here.
	MPS A and MPS B at this	
	site.	If there are only 2 mated sites, it is safe to answer `Y' here.
	Type Y if this site is	Is this site provisionable? [Y]: Y
	Provisionable(either	
	mixed-EPAP or	
	PDBonly), otherwise	
	Type N.	Caution: This is the first login of the text user interface.
		ANALYSIN 1975 TO ONE TITRO TORIN OF ONE OFFIC WEST INVESTIGACE.
		Press return to continue
	For Standalone PDB:	Are you sure you wish to continue? [N]: Y
		Building the initial database on side A.
	You are prompted for	Stopping local slave
	the System Number and	No preexisting EuiDB database was detected.
	Network Configuration	Set EPAP System Number: ES12345678 Enter the Network Configuration Type (1 for Single, 2 for Segmented): 2
	Туре.	Encer one necourk configuracion type (I for single, a for segmenced): a
		EDAD Configuration Many for standalone DDD.
6.	MPS A: The EPAP	EPAP Configuration Menu for standalone PDB:
	Configuration Menu is	
	displayed. Select choice	
	2, Configure Network	
	Interfaces Menu.	
	michaeco micha.	

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

	EPAP Configuration Menu\
1 1	Display Configuration
2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
i s	B Set Time Zone
1 4	Exchange Secure Shell Keys
5	Change Password
	5 Platform Menu
1	7 Configure NTP Server
	PDB Configuration Menu
1 9	 Security
10	SNMP Configuration
11	 . Configure Alarm Feed
	 ? Configure Query Server
13	 B Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
14	 Configure SNMP Agent Community
•	DB Architecture Menu
•	 e Exit
\	/
FDAD	Configuration Menu for NON-Prov EPAP:
LIAI	Tomas a comment of the contract of the contrac

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application		
	/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\	
	1 Display Configuration	
	2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu	
	3 Set Time Zone	
	4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys	
	5 Change Password	
	6 Platform Menu	
	7 Configure NTP Server	
	8 PDB Configuration Menu	
	 9 Security	
	 10 SNMP Configuration	
	 11 Configure Alarm Feed	
	Configure SNMP Agent Community	
	 13 Mate Disaster Recovery	
	DB Architecture Menu	
	 e Exit	
	\/	
	Enter Choice: 2	
7. MPS A: The Configure		
Network Interfaces Menu is displayed.	Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP:	
Select choice 1, Configure Provisioning	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu	
Network.	1 Configure Provisioning Network	
	2 Configure Sync Network	
	3 Configure DSM Network	
	4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network	
	5 Configure Static NAT Addresses	
	6 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses 	
	Enter Choice: 1	
	Configuration Menu for Standalone PDB:	
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Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
		1 Configure Provisioning Network
		Enter Choice: 1
8.	MPS A: The submenu for configuring communications networks and other information is displayed. Note: Enter choice "1" for IPv4 configuration. Otherwise, enter choice	/Configure Provisiong Network Menu-\ /\ 1 IPv4 Configuration
	"2" for IPv6 configuration.	Enter Choice: 1 Verifying connectivity with mate EPAP A provisioning network IP Address: 10.75.141.47 EPAP B provisioning network IP Address: 10.75.141.48 EPAP provisioning network netmask: 255.255.255.128 EPAP provisioning network default router: 10.75.141.1 Example output Standalone PDB in IPv4 configuration: EPAP A provisioning network IP Address:10.75.141.47 EPAP provisioning network netmask:255.255.255.128 EPAP provisioning network default router:10.75.141.1
9.	MPS A: The Configure Network Interfaces menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit.	Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP: /Configure Network Interfaces Menu 1 Configure Provisioning Network 2 Configure Sync Network 3 Configure DSM Network
		/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		I /\
		1 Configure Provisioning Network
		2 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		3 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: e
10		EPAP Configuration Menu for Non-prov EPAP:
10.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
	3, Set Time Zone.	/\
		1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		13 Mate Disaster Recovery
		14 DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 3
11.	MPS A: An important Caution statement is displayed. After noting	Caution: This action requires a reboot of the affected MPS servers to activate the change. Operation of the EPAP software before the MPS servers are rebooted may have unpredictable consequences.
	the caution, press Return to continue.	Press return to continue <return></return>
		Are you sure you wish to change the timezone for MPS A and B? [N]: Y

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

	You are prompted for			
	confirmation on setting			
	the time zone for the			
	MPS A and MPS B at			
	this site for Mixed			
	EPAP or Non-			
	provisionable EPAP.			
	For Standalone PDB,			
	time zone for MPS A is			
	prompted only. Enter y			
	to confirm the change.			
	(Pressing Return accepts			
	the default of 'N' (no),			
	cancels the action and			
	you are returned to the			
	EPAP Configuration			
	Menu). Type Y to set the			
	time zone.			
12.	MPS A: The following	Enter a time zone:		
	prompt is displayed. If			
	the time zone is known,			
	it can be entered at the			
	prompt. If the exact			
	time zone value is not			
	known, press Return,			
	and a list of the valid			
	names is displayed.			
13.	If an incorrect time zone			
	is entered or if only the	Valid time zone files are Australia/Broken_Hill	: Australia/LHI	
	Return key is pressed, a	Australia/NSW	AUSTIAITA/LHI	
	list of all available time	Australia/North	Australia/Queensland	
	zone values is	Australia/South	.	
	displayed.	Australia/Tasmania Australia/West	Australia/Victoria	
		Australia/Yancowinna	Australia/ACT	Brazil/Acre
	NI (TEL ()	Brazil/DeNoronha	Brazil/East	Brazil/West
	Note: The time zone change does not take	Canada/Atlantic	Canada/Central	Canada/East-
	effect until the next time	Saskatchewan	Canada /Mauntain	
	the MPS is rebooted.	Canada/Eastern Canada/Newfoundland	Canada/Mountain	
	the MI S is recoded.	Canada/Pacific	Canada/Yukon	
		Chile/Continental		
		Chile/EasterIsland	Etc/GMT	Etc/GMT+1
		Sample Output con	nut helow	
1		MST	MST7MDT	NZ
		NZ_CHAT	PRC	PST8PDT
		Poland	Portugal	ROC
		ROK W-SU	Singapore WET	Turkey africa
		asia	australasia	backward
		etcetera	europe	factory
		northamerica	pacificnew	solar87
1		solar88 GB-Eire	solar89 GMT	southamerica GMT+0
		GB-ETTE GMT+1	GMT+10	GMT+11
		GMT+12	GMT+13	GMT+2
		GMT+3	GMT+4	GMT+5
		GMT+6	GMT+7	GMT+8
1		GMT+9 GMT-10	GMT-0 GMT-11	GMT-1 GMT-12
		GMT-10	GMT-11 GMT-3	GMT-4
		GMT-5	GMT-6	GMT-7
		GMT-8	GMT-9	Greenwich
1		Jamaica UTC	Navajo Universal	UCT Zulu
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Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		Enter a time zone file (relative to /usr/share/lib/zone	info): US/Eastern
14.	SERVER A: Enter	EPAP Configuration Menu for Non-prov EPAP:	
	choice 7, Configure NTP Server Menu. NOTE: If an NTP server does not need to be added at this time, you can skip all steps related to option 7	/EPAP Configuration Menu\	
		1 Display Configuration	
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu	
		3 Set Time Zone	
	Configure NTP Server Menu, and proceed to	4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys	
	the PDB Configuration Menu at step 20.	5 Change Password	
		6 Platform Menu	
		7 Configure NTP Server	
		8 PDB Configuration Menu	
		9 Security	
		10 SNMP Configuration	
		11 Configure Alarm Feed	
		12 Configure SNMP Agent Community	
		13 Mate Disaster Recovery	
		14 DB Architecture Menu	
		e Exit	
		Enter Choice: 7	
15.	MPS A: The EPAP Configure NTP Server	/EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu-\	
	Menu is displayed. Enter choice 2, Add External NTP Server.		
		2 Add External NTP Server 	
		 e Exit /	
		Enter Choice: 2	
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	Note: Enter choice "1" to configure IPv4 NTP server. Otherwise, enter choice "2" to configure IPv6 NTP server.	/Add External NTP Server Menu-\ /\ 1 IPv4 Configuration
16.	MPS A: You are prompted to confirm the action of adding a new NTP Server. (Pressing Return would accept the default of 'N' or 'no', and would cancel the action to add an external NTP server.) Type Y and press return. NOTE: All NTP Server IP addresses shown are only examples.	Are you sure you wish to add new NTP Server? [N]: Y Enter the EPAP NTP Server IP Address: <ntp_server_ip_addr> External NTP Server [<ntp_server_ip_addr>] has been added. Press return to continue<return></return></ntp_server_ip_addr></ntp_server_ip_addr>
17.	MPS A: The EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu is displayed. Enter choice 1, Display External NTP Server.	/EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu-\ 1
18.	MPS A: Verify the External NTP Server IP address is correct and press Return. NOTE: All NTP Server IP addresses shown are only examples.	ntpserver1 <ipaddress> Press return to continue<return></return></ipaddress>
19.	MPS A: The EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit.	/EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu-\ 1 Display External NTP Server

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Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		e Exit
		Enter Choice: e
20.	MPS A: The EPAP	PDB Configuration Menu for Non-prov EPAP:
	☐ Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 8, PDB Configuration Menu.	/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\
	Weila.	1 Display Configuration
	Note: Execute the step to do PDB Configuration Menu	
	(except step 27) even if the EPAP is to be	3 Set Time Zone
	configured as Non- Provisionable.	4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		 9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		13 Mate Disaster Recovery
		14 DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit
		Enter choice: 8

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

21.	NEC A EL C. C.	PDB Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP:
	MPS A: The Configure PDB Menu is displayed.	/Configure PDB Menu\
	Select choice 1.	/\
		1 Configure PDB Network
		2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change MPS Provisionable State
		4 Create PDB
		5 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		6 Change PDBA Proxy State
		e Exit
		·
		PDB Configuration menu for Non-Provisionable EPAP:
		/Configure PDB Menu\
		1 Configure PDB Network
		2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change Auto DB Recovery State
	Note: Configure the PDB network in the	e Exit
	same format as that of the provisioning network format.	Enter Choice: 1
		PDB Configuration Menu for Standalone PDB (for default DB Architecture: COMPACT):
		/Configure PDB Menu\
		/\ 1 Configure PDB Network
		2 Create PDB
		3 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		e Exit /
		Enter Choice: 1
22		DDD M.4 I. Cl C
	MPS A: The PDB Network Configuration Menu is displayed.	PDB Network Configuration menu:
	mona is displayed.	
	Select choice 1.	

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\
		1 IPv4 Configuration
		2 IPv6 Configuration
		2 1FV6 CONTIGURACION
		e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 1
		Effet Chorce. 1
23.	MPS A: Provide the IP	Following is the output on Mixed EPAP.
	address of the MPS A on EAGLE A and the IP	
	address for the MPS A	Verifying connectivity with mate This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA
	on EAGLE B where the	IPv4 address is currently set to <ip>. The EPAP local PDBA IPv6</ip>
	remote PDBA database is to reside. Enter the	address is currently not configured. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is <ip>.</ip>
	password for MPS A on	EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]:
	EAGLE B. If	EPAP remote PDBA B machine IP Address [0.0.0.0]: <b address="" ip="">
	configuration of the PDB network is	The server does not know of will just exchange host keys for the name given!
	successful, the output	Password of epapdev: <epapdev password=""></epapdev>
	confirms the secure	
	shell keys are successfully exchanged,	
	as shown in the output	
	for	
	Provisionable(mixed- EPAP and PDBonly)	
	MPSs	Following is the output on Non-Provisionable EPAP.
	Note: If the default	Verifying connectivity with mate
	values shown are correct press return to	This MPS is configured to be non-provisionable. You will be
	accept them. Otherwise,	prompted for both of the remote PDBA addresses. Order does not matter.
	enter the values and	
	press Return.	Enter one of the two PDBA IP addresses [0.0.0.0]: <ip address=""> Enter the other of the two PDBA IP addresses [0.0.0.0]: <ip< th=""></ip<></ip>
	In case of Non-	Address>
	Provisionable EPAP	
	provide the IP address	Following is the output on Standalone PDB.
	of Active and Standby PDBA.	This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA
	- 22.11	IPv4 address is currently set to <ip></ip>
		The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently not set.
	In case of Standalone	The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is <ip>.</ip>
	PDB, provide remote	EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]:
24.	PDBA IP address.	Skip this step if EPAP configured as Standalone PDB.
	MPS A: Press Return to return to the Configure	Skip tills step it Et At collinguied as Stalidatolle FDB.
	PDB Menu.	
	Enter choice 2, RTDB	
	Homing Menu.	

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		/Configure PDB Menu\
		/\ 1 Configure PDB Network
		 2 RTDB Homing Menu
		4 Create PDB
		5 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		6 Change PDBA Proxy State
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 2
25.	MPS A: The RTDB	Skip this step for Standalone PDB.
╽╙╽	Homing Menu is displayed. Enter choice	/RTDB Homing Menu\
	3, Configure Standby RTDB Homing.	1 Configure Specific RTDB Homing
	C	2 Configure Active RTDB Homing
		3 Configure Standby RTDB Homing
		e Exit /
		Enter Choice: 3
		In the event that the Standby PDB is unavailable, should updates be allowed to the RTDBs from the Active MPS? [Y]: Y
		The RTDBs will home to the Standby and will allow updates from the Active PDB.
		Press return to continue <return></return>
26.	MPS A: The RTDB	Skip this step for Standalone PDB.
	Homing Menu is displayed. Enter e to	/RTDB Homing Menu\
	exit.	1
		2 Configure Active RTDB Homing
		3 Configure Standby RTDB Homing
		e Exit /
		Enter Choice: e
27.	MPS A: Enter choice 4, Create PDB.	Note: Perform this step only for the Provisionable EPAP (Mixed EPAP or Standalone PDB). Skip this step if the EPAP is configured as Non-Provisionable.
		The Menu for Mixed EPAP.
	Noto	
	Note:	

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

	Stop the EPAP software by answering 'Y', If you	/Configure PDB Menu\
	get the message to stop it. Note:	1 Configure PDB Network
	While creating PDB database using the Create PDB option of the EPAP Configuration Menu, ensure that the value for	2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change MPS Provisionable State
	remote PBD IP is set to 0.0.0.0.	4 Create PDB
		5 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		6 Change PDBA Proxy State
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 4
		The Menu for Standalone PDB(for default DB Architecture: COMPACT):
		/Configure PDB Menu\
		1 Configure PDB Network
		 3 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		\\\/
		Enter Choice: 2
		localIp = 10.75.141.47 localName=Natal-47A remoteIp = 0.0.0.0 There is no remote PDB
		remoteBIp = 0.0.0.0 There is no remote B PDB mysqld is alive Local PDB database does not exist. Creating the local database ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA process is already stopped. Removing local pdba status file. Creating the remote database
28.	NOTE:	
28.	NOTE: The example output to the right has been truncated for brevity.	TRUNCATED OUTPUT MyISAM file: /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/stats/pdbaStats.MYI is already checked Waiting for mysqlpdb to start done Removing local pdba status file. Removing remote pdba status file.

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

29.	MPS A: The Configure	The Configure PDB Menu for Mixed EPAP:
	PDB Menu is displayed. Enter choice e , Exit.	/Configure PDB Menu\
	The Configure PDB Menu is displayed.	/\ 1 Configure PDB Network
	Enter choice e , Exit.	2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change MPS Provisionable State
		4 Create PDB
		5 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		6 Change PDBA Proxy State
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: e
		The Configure PDB Menu for Standalone PDB:
		/Configure PDB Menu\
		/\
		3 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		 e Exit
20		Enter Choice: e
30.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Enter choice 1, Display Configuration.	

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		/\ 1 Display Configuration
		 2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		 3 Set Time Zone
		 4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		 5 Change Password
		 6 Platform Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 1
31.	MPS A: The configuration	For Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP configured in IPv4 configuration,
	information is displayed. Verify that the configuration data displayed is correct. EPAP EPAP EPAP Provi Provi Provi Provi Provi Provi Provi Provi EPAP EPAP EPAP EPAP EPAP EPAP EPAP EPA	the configuration data shall look like: EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

	1 roccourte 11. Comingui ing the rippincusion		
		EPAP IP Version EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP B Static NAT Address EPAP B Static NAT Address PDBI Port Remote MPS A Static NAT Address Remote MPS A HTTP Port Local Provisioning VIP Remote Provisioning VIP Local PDBA Address Local PDBA Address V6 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:00	= IPv4
		EPAP A HTTP Port	= 80
		EPAP B HTTP Port	= 80
		EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port	= 8001
1		EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT	= 8001
		EPAP A Banner Connection Port	= 8473
		EPAP B Banner Connection Port	= 8473
		EPAP A Static NAT Address	= Not configured
		EPAP B Static NAT Address	= Not configured
		PDBI Port	= 58/3
		Remote MPS A Static NAT Address	= Not configured
		Remote MPS A HTTP Port	= 80
		Local Provisioning VIP	= Not configured
		Remote Provisioning VIP	= NOT CONTIGURED
		LOCAL PDBA Address	= 10.75.141.55
		LOCAL PDBA Address Vb	=
		0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000	0 0 0 0
		Remote PDBA Address	= 0.0.0.0
		Remote PDBA B Address	= 0.0.0.0
		I I IIIE ZUIIE	= America/New_York
1		Proformed DDB	= EXISLS _ 10 75 141 55
I		Allow undates from alternate BDB	= 10./3.141.33 - Voc
I		Allow upuates from afternate PDB	= 165 - No
I		Remote PDBA Address Remote PDBA B Address Time Zone PDB Database Preferred PDB Allow updates from alternate PDB Auto DB Recovery Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled	= NO
I		PUDA PROXY ENABLED	= NO
		Press return to continue <return></return>	
		Press return to continue <return></return>	
		For Standalone PDB, the configuration data shall lo	ok like:
		EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address	= 10.250.51.130
		EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address Provisioning Network Netmask Provisioning Network Prefix Provisioning Network Default Router Provisioning Network Default Router V6 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address	= Not configured
		Provisioning Network Netmask	= 255.255.255.128
		Provisioning Network Prefix	= Not configured
		Provisioning Network Default Router	= 10.250.51.1
		Provisioning Network Default Router v6	<pre>= Not configured</pre>
		EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address	= Not configured
		EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address v6	= Not configured
		Backup Prov Network Netmask	= Not configured
		Backup Prov Network Pretix V6	= Not configured
		Backup Prov Network Default Router	= Not configured
		Backup Prov Network Detault Router Vo	= Not Configured
		Network Configuration Type	= SINGLE
I		EPAR A UTTE Box+	= 1PV4 _ 90
		EPAR A HITE CUEVAG BART	= 0U = 2001
1		EPAR A RITE SUEXEC PUTL	= 0UU1 = 9472
I		EPAR A BANNEL CONNECTION POIL	- Not configured
I		EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 Backup Prov Network Netmask Backup Prov Network Prefix v6 Backup Prov Network Default Router Backup Prov Network Default Router v6 Network Configuration Type EPAP IP Version EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP SUExec Port EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP A Static NAT Address PDBI Port	- NOC CONTIGUIEU - 5873
I		Remote MPS A Static NAT Address	= 3673 = Not configured
I		Remote MPS A Static NAT Address	= Not configured
1			10.250.51.130
I			Not configured
I			0.0.0.0
I			US/Eastern
1			Exists
I			No
1		•	
1		Press return to continue <return></return>	
I			
32.	MPS A: The EPAP	EPAP Configuration Menu for Non-Provision	al EPAP:
	Configuration Menu is		
	Comiguration Menu is		
_			
	displayed.		

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

	Note: Skip this step for	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
	provisionable EPAP (mixed EPAP or standalone PDB) and	1 Display Configuration
	directly move to step 33.	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		 4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		 6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		 8 PDB Configuration Menu
		 9 Security
		 10 SNMP Configuration
		 11 Configure Alarm Feed
		 12 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		 13 Mate Disaster Recovery
		DB Architecture Menu
		 e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: e
		For Non-Provisionable EPAP, the following is displayed.
		INFO: Increasing rt volume size for Non-provisionable EPAP.
		Please wait INFO: db space increased on 'A'.
		INFO: Stopping Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done. INFO: Starting Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services
		Done. INFO: Successfully configured Non-provisionable EPAP.
33.	MPS A: The EPAP	EPAP Configuration Menu for mixed EPAP:
	Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 6, Platform Menu.	

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		/\ 1 Display Configuration
		 2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		 3 Set Time Zone
		 4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		 5 Change Password
		 6 Platform Menu
		 9 Security
		SOMP Configuration
		15 SAME CONTIGUES
		11 Configure Xiarii
		12 Configure Query Server 13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		10 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		11 Configure SAME Agent Community 15 Mate Disaster Recovery
		e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 6
34.	MPS A: The Platform Menu is displayed.	Menu for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP: /EPAP Platform Menu-\
	Enter Choice 2, Reboot MPS.	/\ 1 Initiate Upgrade
		 e Exit /
		Enter Choice: 2
		CAUTION: Rebooting this MPS will stop all EPAP processes will prevent updating of the RTDB until the EPAP software is automatically re-started when the system comes back up. Are you sure you want to reboot the MPS? [N]: Menu for Standalone PDB:

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

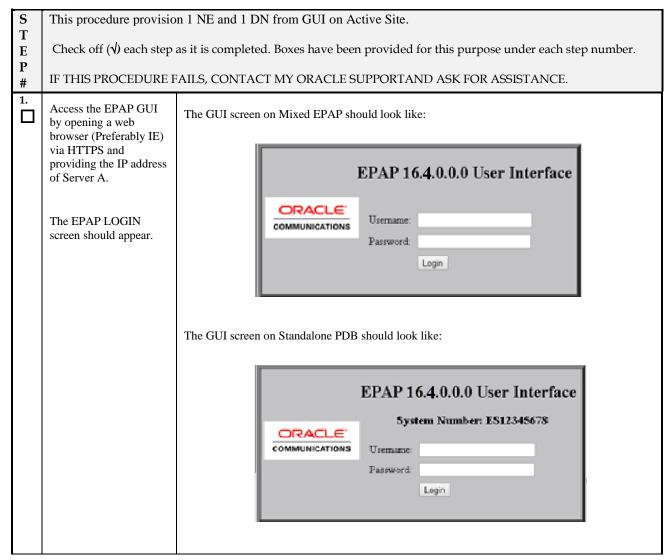
35.	MPS A: For Mixed EPAP and Non- Provisionable EPAP	/EPAP Platform Menu-\ 1 Initiate Upgrade 2 Reboot MPS 3 MySQL Backup 4 PDB Backup e Exit Enter Choice: 2 CAUTION: Rebooting this MPS will stop all EPAP processes will prevent updating of the RTDB until the EPAP software is automatically re-started when the system comes back up. For Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP, a prompt is displayed: Reboot MPS A, MPS B or [BOTH]: <return></return>
	you are prompted whether MPS A, MPS B or BOTH sides are to be rebooted. Select the default value of BOTH by pressing Return.	
	In case of the Standalone PDB, no prompt is given and the server goes down for a reboot.	For Standalone PDB, the following is displayed. Reboot local MPS Broadcast message from root (pts/1) (Thu May 29 16:13:51 2014): The system is going down for reboot NOW!
36.	MPS A: Determine the mysqld multi log file permissions are correct.	Refer to Procedure 14, step 4 and 5.
37.	MPS A: The console logon appears at the system prompt signifying the EPAP initial configuration is completed.	<pre><hostname> login: admusr Password: Note: The console logon will be preceded by many lines of reboot output.</hostname></pre>
38.	MPS A: Accept Upgrade	Refer to Procedure 21 to accept the upgrade.
39.	MPS B: Determine the mysqld multi log file permissions are correct.	Refer to Procedure 14, step 4 and 5.
40.	MPS B: Accept Upgrade	Repeat Procedure 21 on MPS B to accept upgrade.
41.	Connected PDBonly: Configure DSM Min Mem Size	Execute Procedure A.21 only if the Non-Prov EPAP is installed and is connected to Standalone PDB server. Otherwise, skip this step if — a. This is Mixed EPAP b. This is non-prov EPAP and connected to mixed EPAP.

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

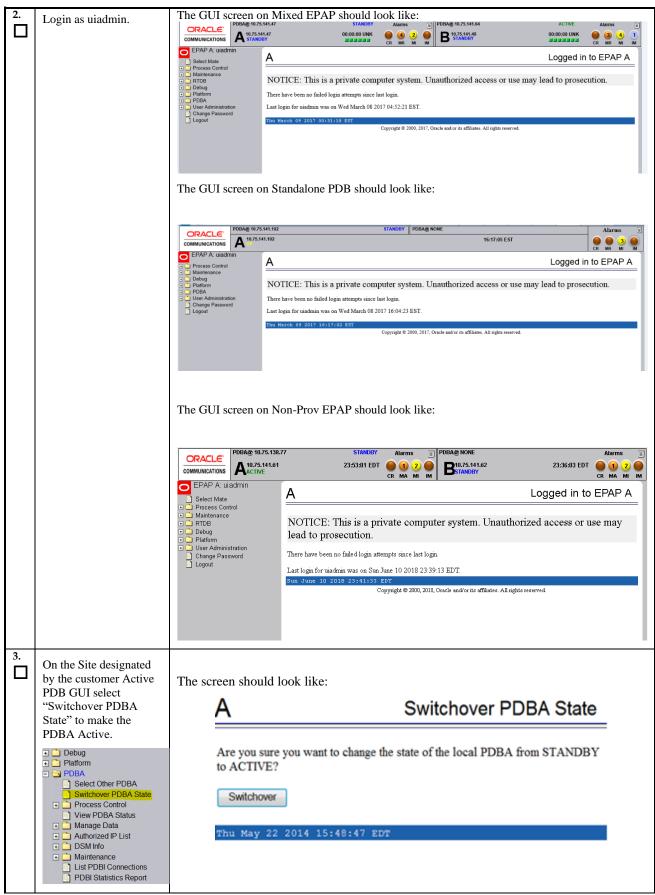
42.	Reconnect console cables.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B B card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B A card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
43.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
44.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure 12 Provision data from GUI

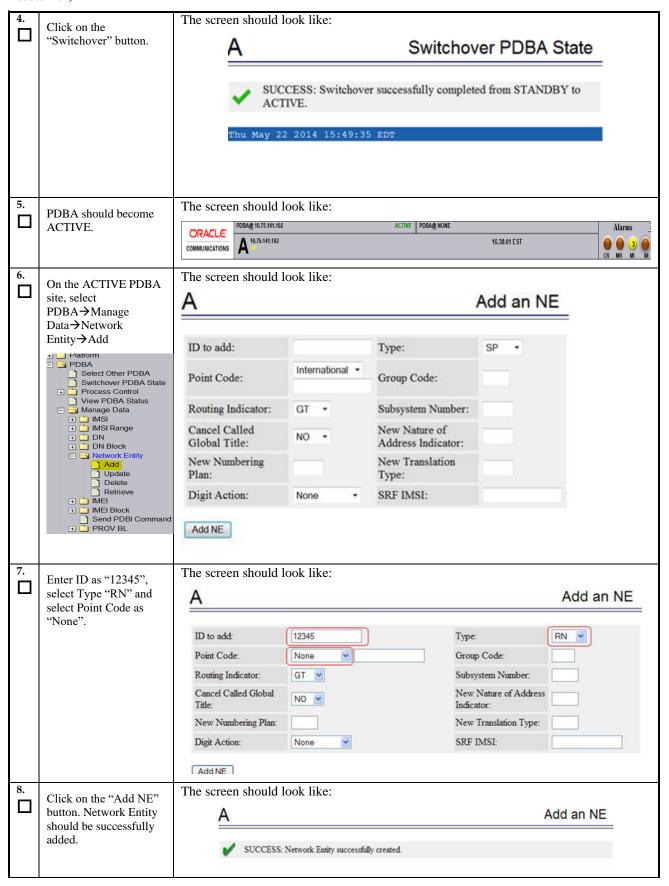
Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)



Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)



Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)

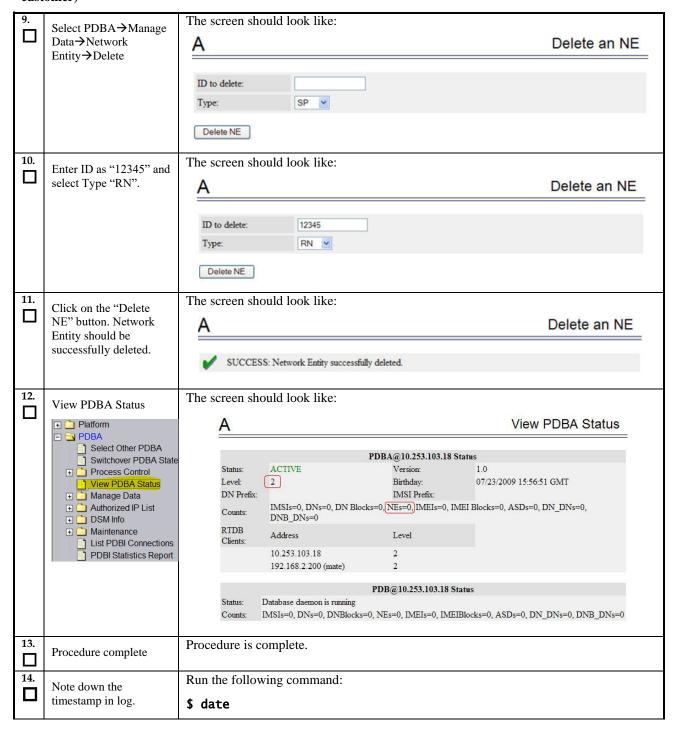


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Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)



Procedure 13 Change DB Architecture

Procedure 13: Change the DB Architecture

NOTE: Skip this procedure in following three cases:

- 1. EPAP 16.4 is a Mixed EPAP.
- 2. Extreme architecture is not required
- 3. The Eagle connected to EPAP has release 47.0.0.0.0 or earlier release.

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S T	This procedure change the DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme.	
E P	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	MPS A: Log in as epapdev user.	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev password: password
2.	MPS A: Log into epapconfig.	\$ sudo su – epapconfig
3.	MPS A: The EPAP	Note: Start Pdba software before executing this operation.
	Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 14 or 15, DB Architecture Menu	EPAP Configuration Menu for Non-Provisionable:
	13, DB Atentecture Went	/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\
	Note: Select choice 14 on	1 Display Configuration
	Non-provisionable EPAP and 15 on PDBonly.	2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		13 Mate Disaster Recovery
		14 DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit
		Enter choice: 14
		EPAP Configuration Menu for standalone PDB:

		/ EDAD Confirmation Visual
		/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\
		1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit
		Enter choice: 15
4.	MPS A: The DB Architecture Menu is displayed. Select choice 1, Display current DB Architecture Note: Default DB Architecture is displayed.	/DB Architecture Menu\ /
5.	MPS A: The DB Architecture Menu is displayed. Select choice 2,	Skip this step if DB Architecture already set to eXtreme.

Change DB Architecture to /----DB Architecture Menu-----\ eXtreme /-----| 1 | Display Current DB Architecture | NOTE: ---|------------------| 2 | Change DB Architecture to eXtreme | It may be asked to stop the EPAP software if it is |----| running. Stop it by answering | e | Exit -----/ 'Y'. Enter Choice: 2 **Example output Non-Provisionable EPAP:** Caution: If this option is selected, the DB Architecture shall be changed from Compact to eXtreme and this architecture cannot be reverted. WARNING: In order to complete this change in DB Architecture, you must perform RTDB conversion. Are you sure you want to change the DB Architecture from Compact to eXtreme? [N]: y EPAP software is running. Stop it? [N]: y EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: γ INFO: DB ARCHITECTURE changed to eXtreme. **Example output Standalone PDB:** Caution: If this option is selected, the DB Architecture shall be changed from Compact to eXtreme and this architecture cannot be reverted. Please verify that all connected Non-Provisional Sites are running on eXtreme Architecture. It will take 30 minutes or more to populate the PDB 9Dig tables. Are you sure you want to change the DB Architecture from Compact to eXtreme? [N]: Y EPAP software is running. Stop it? [N]: Y PDBA software is running. Stop it? [N]: Y INFO: Populating the DN 9 Digit tables... INFO: Populating the IMSI 9 Digit tables... INFO: Populating the IMEI 9 Digit tables... INFO: DB ARCHITECTURE changed to eXtreme. Press return to continue... 6. MPS A: The DB Architecture Menu is displayed. Select choice e, /----DB Architecture Menu-----\ Exit /----\ 1 | Display Current DB Architecture | .|-----| 2 | Change DB Architecture to eXtreme | ---|------------------| e | Exit -----/

		Enter Choice: e
7.	MPS A: EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit	/EPAP Configuration Menu
		e Exit
8.	MPS A: Start Epap and Pdba software.	Start Epap and Pdba software to reflect the changes. Use the following command to start Epap:
	Note: Move to step 11 if it is configured as PDBonly. Otherwise continue to next step.	<pre>\$ service Epap start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful. \$ service Pdba start ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application start Successful.</pre>
9.	MPS B: Log on Server B.	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev password: password
10.	MPS B: Start Epap software.	Start Epap software to reflect the changes. Use the following command to start Epap:

		<pre>\$ service Epap start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful.</pre>
11.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
12.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

6 SOFTWARE UPGRADE PROCEDURES

Procedure 14 Assess MPS server's readiness for upgrade

Procedure 14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

S T	This procedure execu	tes the steps required to assess the readiness of a system to be upgraded.
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
1.	MPS B: Log in as the user "admusr".	If not already logged-in, then log in.
	user usinusi :	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
2.	MPS B: Display the /etc/hosts configuration for the pdb entities.	If upgrading the first MPS B of a Provisionable mated pair, execute the following command to display the configuration of pdb entries:
		\$ grep pdb /etc/hosts
		Otherwise, skip to step 4.
3.	MPS B: Verify the correct configuration for	Below is an example of the output of the grep command:
-	pdb entities in the /etc/hosts file.	192.168.55.176 host1-a pdba
	, oto, noses me.	192.168.61.76 host2-a prova-ip pdbb
		If the command output contains 2 entries (pdba and pdbb are both configured), continue to the next step.
		If the command output does not contain unique entries for pdba and pdbb, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F.
4.	MPS B: Determine the mysqld multi log file permissions are correct.	Execute the following command to display the file properties of the mysqld_multi log file:
		\$ ls -l /var/TKLC/epap/db/mysqld_multi.log -rw-rw-r 1 mysql mysql 5460 Jun 21 05:37
		/var/TKLC/epap/db/mysqld_multi.log
		If permissions are as displayed above skip next step.
5.	MPS B: Verify the file permissions.	Ownerships and permissions of mysqld_multi.log should be set as mysql:mysql and 644 respectively. If it is not same as illustrated in above step 4 then change it using following command:
		Execute the following command to change the ownership: \$ sudo chown mysql:mysql /var/TKLC/epap/db/mysqld_multi.log
		Execute the following command to change the file permission: \$ sudo chmod 644 /var/TKLC/epap/db/mysqld_multi.log
		Repeat above step 4 to verify ownerships and permissions of mysqld_multi.log .
6.	MPS B: Display the	Execute the following command to display the presence of EPAP software ISO images:
	contents of the /var/TKLC/upgrade directory.	\$ ls -la /var/TKLC/upgrade
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Procedure 14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

		Note: The file permissions and ownership may vary due to the different methods used to transfer the file.
		Below is an example of the output of the 'ls -la' command for EPAP16.2: [root@Natal-A upgrade] # ls -la total 1785996 drwxrwxr-x. 3 root admgrp 4096 Jun 23 01:19 . dr-xr-xr-x. 21 root root 4096 Jun 23 00:00
		-rr 1 root root 904644608 Jun 23 01:19 EPAP-16.2.0.0.1_162.26.0-x86_64.iso
7.	MPS B: Delete old ISO images.	Remove any ISO images that are not the target software ISO image using the following command:
		# sudo rm -f /var/TKLC/upgrade/ <filename></filename>
		Refer to step 6 to display the content of /var/TKLC/upgrade directory. Removed ISO should not be displayed.
8.	MPS B: Determine when last reboot occurred.	\$ uptime
	For any server up longer than 180 days would be a candidate for reboot during a maintenance window.	15:19:34 up 23 days, 3:05, 2 users, load average: 0.10, 0.13, 0.09
9.	MPS B: Disk Integrity step: Executing self-test on the disk.	Execute the following command: \$ sudo smartctl -t short /dev/sda
	on the distri	The output on E5-APP-B card would be like:
		smartctl 5.43 2012-06-30 r3573 [x86_64-linux-2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64] (local build) Copyright (C)2002-12 by Bruce Allen, http://smartmontools.sourceforge.net
		=== START OF OFFLINE IMMEDIATE AND SELF-TEST SECTION === Sending command: "Execute SMART Short self-test routine immediately in off-line mode".
		Drive command "Execute SMART Short self-test routine immediately in off-line mode" successful.
		Testing has begun. Please wait 1 minutes for test to complete. Test will complete after Sat Feb 25 22:08:20 2017
		Use smartctl -X to abort test. Note: Please wait for 5 minutes for the test to complete.
10.	MPS B: Disk Integrity	•
	step.	Execute the following command: \$ sudo smartctl -l selftest /dev/sda
	Contact My Oracle	J SUUD SIIIAI LULI -I SEITLEST / UEV/SUA
	Support if the output shows any error/failure.	The output on E5-APP-B card would be like:
		smartctl 5.43 2012-06-30 r3573 [x86_64-linux-2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64] (local build) Copyright (C) 2002-12 by Bruce Allen, http://smartmontools.sourceforge.net
		=== START OF READ SMART DATA SECTION === SMART Self-test log structure revision number 1 Num Test_Description Status Remaining LifeTime(hours) LBA of first error
		# 1 Short offline Completed without error 00% 12435

Procedure 14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

11.	MPS B: Disk Integrity	Execute the following command:
	step	\$ sudo smartctl -a /dev/sda grep -i LBA
	Contact My Oracle Support if any output shows "Completed: read failure" or "Error: UNC xxx sectors".	The output would be like: 241 Total_LBAs_Written 0x0032 100 100 000 0ld_age Always - 340851 242 Total_LBAs_Read 0x0032 100 100 000 0ld_age Always - 1689714 Num Test_Description Status Remaining LifeTime(hours) LBA_of_first_error SPAN_MIN_LBA_MAX_LBA_CURRENT_TEST_STATUS
12.	MPS B: Disk Integrity Test.	Repeat steps 9 to 11 for the /dev/sdb disk drive on E5-APP-B card:
13.	MPS B: Logout from "admusr".	Logout from the "admusr" user by executing the following command: \$ exit
14.	MPS A: Repeat checks on Server A.	Repeat steps-1 to 13 on MPS A.
15.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
16.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure 15 Pre and Post Upgrade Backups

Procedure 15: Pre and Post Upgrade Backups

S	This procedure performs the pre and post upgrade backups.	
T E P	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.
1.	MPS A: Backup system configuration on MPS A.	Execute Procedure A.3 to backup the system configuration on MPS A.
2.	MPS B: Backup system configuration on MPS B.	Execute Procedure A.3 to backup the system configuration on MPS B.
3.	MPS B: Backup RTDB database.	Execute Procedure A.7 to backup the RTDB database on MPS B.
4.	MPS A: Backup PDB database.	Execute Procedure A.6 to backup the PDB on MPS A of the Active PDBA. NOTE: Only execute this step if the MPS-A is configured as a Provisionable node. Check the output of Procedure 2, step 9 to verify if MPS A is Provisionable or not.
5.	MPS A: Backup EuiDB database.	Execute Procedure A.8 to backup the EuiDB database on MPS A.
6.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
7.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure 16 Pre-upgrade system time check

Procedure 16: Pre-Upgrade System Time Check

S	This procedure performs the pre-upgrade system time check.
T	
E	Check off $()$ each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .
#	ir This I ROCEDORE THES, CONTROL WIT ORNCLE SOLITORI THVD ASK FOR OF GRADE ASSISTANCE.

The MPS servers make use of NTP to keep time synchronized between servers. Under some circumstances, either at initial installation in the customer's network or due to power interruption and battery failure, it is possible for an MPS server to have a system date/time value too large for NTP to correct. If the system time is 20 minutes or more off from the real time, NTP cannot correct it.

Check the date/time on both MPS-A and MPS-B servers, and correct the system time on any server off by more than 15 minutes from the real time.

1.	MPS A: Login as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	MPS A: Execute the "date" command.	Execute the "date" command and examine the result. \$ date Sat Feb 25 22:09:58 EDT 2018
3.	MPS B: Login as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS B: <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>
4.	MPS B: Execute the "date" command.	Execute the "date" command and examine the result. \$ date Sat Feb 25 22:09:58 EDT 2018
5.	Compare result to the real time.	Compare the result from the "date" command in the previous step to the real time. If the difference is 15 minutes or less, then this procedure is complete, otherwise if the difference exceeds 15 minutes, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F.
6.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
7.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure 17 Check 9dig counts before moving to eXtreme architecture

Procedure 17: Check 9dig counts before moving to eXtreme architecture

Note: This step is only required before converting DB architecture from Compact to Extreme This procedurechecks the 9dig counts for all DN/IMSI and IMEI. T E Check off (\sqrt{t}) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. P IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE. Verify the PDB data are within 9dig limitation Maximum 9dig limit for DN: Maximum 9dig limit for IMSI: 65K Maximum 9dig limit for IMEI: 250K 1. **MPS A:** Login as the If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A: user "epapdev" on <hostname> console login: epapdev standalone PDB. password: <password> 2. MPS A: Execute the Execute the "parse9Dig" script and examine the result. "parse9Dig" script on standalone PDB. Note: Stop the Pdba software before executing this script. \$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all c Get reference from the following snapshot: [epapdev@Osorna-1B-PDBonly config]\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all c This utility will retrieve all digits for DB and parse them into 9Dig entries. ********* Utility Start Time: 06/13/18-20:51:48 Parsing DN digits into 9digits... INFO: DN 9dig count 2. Parsing IMSI digits into 9digits... INFO: IMSI 9dig count: 9. Parsing IMEI digits into 9digits... INFO: IMEI 9dig count: 1. Utility End Time: 06/13/18-20:51:48 [epapdev@Osorna-1B-PDBonly config]\$ If any of the data type from DN/IMSI and IMEI exeeds the 9Dig limit, then DB Architecture cannot be changed to extreme. \$ service Pdba start 3. MPS A: Start Pdba П software. ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application start Successful. MPS A: Procedure is This procedure is complete. complete. Note down the Run the following command: timestamp in log. \$ date

S	This procedure upgrades MPS B server.		
T E	Check off $()$ each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P #		FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
1.	Notify the potential user	rs not to start the PDBA software during the duration of the upgrade.	
	The Prov servers (Mixed EPAP or PDBonly) upgrade must complete before the Non-Provisionable EPAP. For more details, see <u>Upgrading EPAP Non-Provisionable MPS Servers</u> .		
2.	Establish a connection to MPS B.	If access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.	
		For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx	
		Skip to step 7, if connected through serial console.	
3.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS A.	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A.	
	Log in to MPS A.	# ssh admusr@ <mps a=""> Password: <password></password></mps>	
4.	MPS A: Start screen session.	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B.	
		\$ screen -L	
	MPS A: Connect to the	Execute the following command on E5-APP-B:	
	console of MPS B.	\$ sudo minicom mate If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.27.	
5.	MPS B : Login prompt is displayed.	<hostname> console login:</hostname>	
	displayed.	Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.	
6.	MPS B: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname></pre>	
7.	MPS B: Determine media available for upgrade.	Perform Procedure A.12 or use an EPAP ISO image to perform upgrade.	
8.	MPS B: Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade or a Major upgrade	Check Procedure 2, Step 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is a split mirror upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 11	
ш			

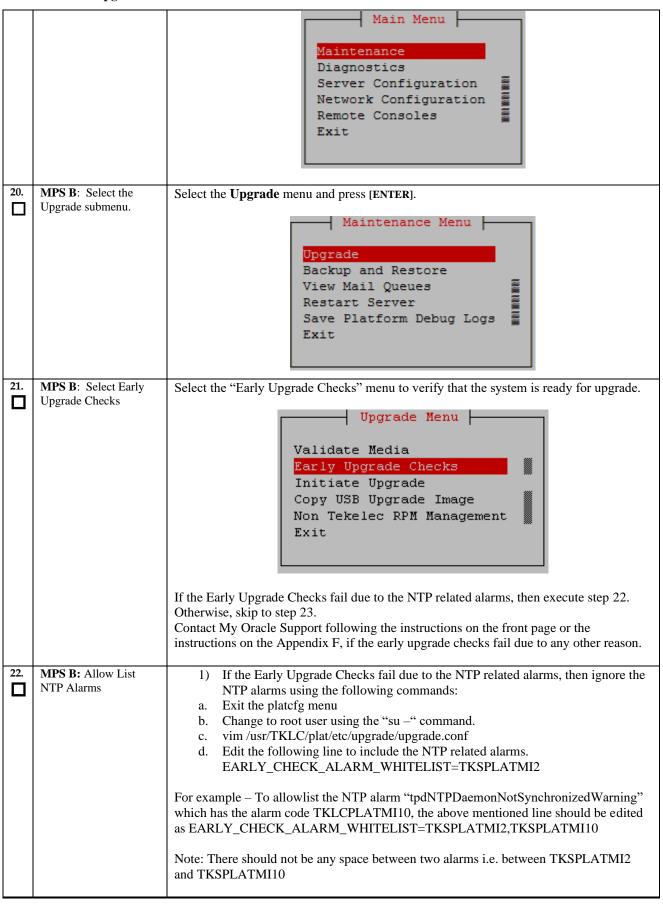
9.		Execute the following command to disable the syscheck fs module.
	MPS B: Disable syscheck fs module.	\$ su - root Password:
		# syscheckAdmdisable disk fs
10.	MPS B: Create upgrade.conf for splitting mirrors.	Create a file (if not already created) and add the line "BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR" (to trigger the split mirror upgrade) by executing the following steps:
		1.#vi/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf 2.If file already contains some allow listed alarms then append bellow line at the end of the file, otherwise add it to first line: BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR
		NOTE: Not performing this step will prevent any successful backout.
		Execute the following command to verify that the above command has been executed successfully:
		# cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf
		The output should be: [root@MPS-B ~] # cat
		/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR
		# su – admusr
11.	MPS A: Log in to the server as the user	login to MPS A:
	"admusr".	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
12.	MPS A: Check if eagle_alarm_feed	Run below command to check if uiEdit variable is present or not.
	variable is present in EuiDB	\$ uiEdit grep "EAGLE_ALARM_FEED"
	EuiDb	"EAGLE_ALARM_FEED" is set to "ON"
		Note: If no output is displayed after above command is run, then run next step else skip next step.
13.	MPS A: Insert EAGLE_ALARM_F EED variable in	NOTE: Skipping this step if EAGLE_ALARM_FEED variable is not present in EuiDB will cause upgrade to fail Run below command to insert missing variable in EuiDB.
	EuiDB	\$ /usr/bin/mysql -uroot -p <password> -B EuiDB -e "insert into econfig values ('EAGLE_ALARM_FEED','ON')"</password>
		Check if above command was successful. Output should be as displayed below.
		Check if above command was successful. Output should be as displayed below: \$ echo \$?
		0
		Repet Step 12 to check if value is inserted successfully in DB.
		Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F, if this step fails.

14.	MPS A: Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is No.	# sudo su - epapconfig
	Note: Skip this step	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
	for Non-Prov and PDBonly EPAP.	1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 1 EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Address = 192.168.2.100 EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200 EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200 EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port = 8001 EPAP A HTTP Suexec Port = 8001 EPAP A Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP B Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP B Static NAT Address = Not configured EPAP B Static NAT Address = Not configured

		PDBI Port Remote MPS A Static NAT Address Remote MPS A HTTP Port Local Provisioning VIP Remote Provisioning VIP Local PDBA Address Remote PDBA Address Remote PDBA B Address Time Zone PDB Database Preferred PDB Allow updates from alternate PDB Auto DB Recovery Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Executable Executabl	sable EPAP VIP and PDBA proxy
15.	MPS A: Clear PDB replication logs	If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Execulogs Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then sk	•
16.	MPS A: Choose "e" to exit.	MPS Side A:	

		/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\
		1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		 9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery
		 e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: e
17.	MPS B: Log in to the server as the user	login to MPS B if not already logged in:
	"admusr".	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
18.	MPS B: Execute the platcfg menu.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
19.	MPS B: Select the Maintenance submenu.	The platefg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].

Procedure 18: Upgrade Server B



☐ Upgrade.		2) If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to "Server Default Route Network Error", then this alarm shall be allowlisted in upgrade.conf file. To allowlist this alarm which has the alarm code TKSPLATMA14, the above mentioned line should be edited as EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMI10, TKSPLATMA14 Select the Initiate Upgrade menu and press [ENTER]. Upgrade Menu
Upgrade. 24. MPS B: S Upgrade N 25. MPS B: I proceeds.	~	edited as EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMI10, TKSPLATMA14 Gelect the Initiate Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].
Upgrade. 24. MPS B: S Upgrade M 25. MPS B: □ proceeds.	~	TKSPLATMA14 Select the Initiate Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].
Upgrade. 24. MPS B: S Upgrade N 25. MPS B: □ proceeds.	~	
24. MPS B: SUpgrade M 25. MPS B: proceeds.		
25. MPS B: proceeds.		opgrade hend
25. MPS B: proceeds.		Validate Media
25. MPS B: proceeds.		Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Upgrade
25. MPS B: proceeds.		Copy USB Upgrade Image
25. MPS B: proceeds.		Non Tekelec RPM Management
25. MPS B: proceeds.		
25. MPS B: proceeds.		
25. MPS B: 0 proceeds.		The screen will display a message that it is searching for upgrade media. Once the
proceeds.		apgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu will be displayed similar to the example shown below.
proceeds.	S	Select the upgrade media on ISO image. There should only be one selection available, as
proceeds.	C	hown in the example below. If there is more than one selection available, contact My Dracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the
proceeds.		Appendix F.
proceeds.]	lqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq x
proceeds.	2	x x x EPAP-16.4.0.0.0_164.4.5-x86_64.iso - 16.4.0.0.0_164.4.5 x
proceeds.		
proceeds.	2	x Exit x
26. MPS B: 1	2	x Exit x
	: Upgrade T	x Exit x x x mqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
	: Upgrade Ts. th	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x
	: Upgrade T the s.	x Exit x x x mqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
	: Upgrade Ts. th	x Exit x x x x mqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
	: Upgrade T the s. the second	x x x maddadadadadadadadadadadadadadadadadada
	: Upgrade T s. th	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x
- -	: Upgrade T the state of the st	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x
	Upgrade T the state of the stat	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x
27. MPS B: Completed	E Upgrade T I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x
Completed	Upgrade Ts. the state of the st	The screen displays the following, indicating that the upgrade software is first running the early upgrade checks, and then proceeding with the upgrade. Explacing <pre>seconds> with the value from the log. tarting Early Upgrade Checks at 1448399773 unning earlyUpgradeChecks() for Upgrade::EarlyPolicy::TPDEarlyChecks upgrade policy erified server is not pending accept of previous upgrade ardware architectures match install products match. hitelisted alarms: erified server is alarm free! erified server is alarm free! erified all raid mirrors are synced. arly Upgrade Checks Have Passed! arly Upgrade Checks finished at 1448399780 initializing upgrade information Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds.</pre>
27. MPS B: 1 completed	E Upgrade T I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	The screen displays the following, indicating that the upgrade software is first running the early upgrade checks, and then proceeding with the upgrade. Explacing <pre>seconds> with the value from the log. tarting Early Upgrade Checks at 1448399773 unning earlyUpgradeChecks() for Upgrade::EarlyPolicy::TPDEarlyChecks upgrade policy erified server is not pending accept of previous upgrade ardware architectures match install products match. hitelisted alarms: erified server is alarm free! erified server is alarm free! erified all raid mirrors are synced. arly Upgrade Checks Have Passed! arly Upgrade Checks finished at 1448399780 initializing upgrade information Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds.</pre>

		Starting smartd: [OK] Daemon is not running AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 9750 TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, proces s 9782
		Oracle Linux Server release 6.9 Kernel 2.6.32-696.20.1.el6prerel7.6.0.0.0_88.47.0.x86_64 on an x86_64
		Arica-A login:
28.	MPS B: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	After upgrade, exit from the console and open new console using EPAP IP and login by epapdev user. <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <pre> <pre></pre></pre></hostname>
		Note: The SSH login for root shall get enabled after the upgrade.
29.	MPS B: Verify the Upgrade.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported.
		Check Procedure 2, Steps 7 and 8 to determine whether it is incremental or major upgrade.
		If it is major upgrade, then consider following error and warning. \$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Following errors shall be observed: 1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out! 1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v
		: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414::
		1530669414:: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::
		1530669414::
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
		'/var/TKLC/epáp/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarminfo.MYI ¹ 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
		1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.

Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log: 1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory 1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such file or directory

[NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18 to version 5.7]

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F, if the output contains any error other than the above mentioned errors.

Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.

\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log

Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:

```
1488951825::warning: CAPABILITY: service_hp-asrd_disabled
1488951825::wARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been
updated...reparsing xml...
1530712185::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default
capabilities.
1530712186::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's
capabilities.
1530712186::WARNING: CAPABILITY: service__disabled
1530712186::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB
1488951890::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory
1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.softdep failed: No such file or directory
1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory
1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory
1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory
1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory
1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory
```

```
1488951902::warning:
                                    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory
1488951902::warning:
                                    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory
1488951903::kexec-tools
                                                            #warning: /etc/kdump.conf created as
c/kdump.conf.rpmnew
1488952115::ca-certificates
                                                            ###########warning:
/etc/pki/tls/ce
rts/ca-bundle.crt created as /etc/pki/tls/certs/ca-bundle.crt.rpmnew
1488952136::samhain
                                                            warning: /etc/samhainrc created as
/etc/
samhainrc.rpmnew
1488952138::php-common
                                                            #warning: /etc/php.ini created as
/etc/p
hp.ini.rpmnew
1488952209::initscripts
                                                            ##warning: /etc/sysctl.conf created as
etc/sysctl.conf.rpmnew
1488952260::mysql-commercial-server
                                                            warning: /etc/my.cnf created as
/etc/my.
cnf.rpmnew
1488952291::ntp
                                                            warning: /etc/ntp.conf created as
/etc/n
tp.conf.rpmnew
tp.conf.rpmnew
1488952302::TKLCplat ############warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/
etc/pid_conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/pid_conf.rpmnew
1488952302::#warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/service_conf created as
/usr/TKLC/plat/
etc/service_conf.rpmnew
1488952320::TKLCalarms
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/al
arms.xml saved as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml.rpmsave
1488952328::alarmMgr_______###warning:
// ###warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/
alarmMgr.conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/alarmMgr.conf.rpmnew
1488952471::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default
capabilities.
1488952471::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's
capabilities
.1488952471::WARNING: CAPABILITY: service__disabled 1488952471::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB
1488952602::sudo
                                                           warning: /etc/sudoers created as
/etc/su
doers.rpmnew
1488952709::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been
such file or directory
1488952949::WARNING: Module variable EXPECTED_CPUS is deprecated!
1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG:
/usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/system/cpu/conf
19
1488952951::WARNING: Module variable EXPECTED_CPU_ALM is deprecated!
1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG:
/usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/system/cpu/config
If it is an incremental upgrade, then consider following error and
    grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
Following errors shall be observed:
1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out!
1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg
1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf
1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v
.
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
1530669414::
```

```
1530669414::-----
 1530669414 •
 1530669414::myisamchk: error:
                                                                                   140 when opening MyISAM-table
 '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI'
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI'
 1530669414...
 1530669414::
 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
     /var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI
 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'..
1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.
 530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
 1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2.
. .1494304768::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out!
1494304781::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg
1494304781::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf
1494304781::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
 Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:
 1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory 1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such
 file or directory
 [NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18
 to version 5.71
 Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the
 instructions on the Appendix F, if the output contains any error other than the above
 mentioned errors.
 Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the
 error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.
```

		\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:
		1489042076::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been updatedrep arsing xml 1489042124::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 .0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 .0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 .0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 .0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 .0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 .0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
20	MDG D. V. S. d	1489042197::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been updatedreparsing xml Refer to section 0 to know more about logging. NOTE: provRMTP core might be observed on EPAP after upgrade, if the EPAP is connected to EAGLE. The core should be ignored, it has no impact on traffic running from EPAP to EAGLE.
30.	MPS B: Verify the Upgrade.	\$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F. 1400786220:: Upgrade returned success!
31.		After upgrade check for PDB_SUB_CAPACITY uiEdit variable value by below command: \$ uiEdit grep -i PDB_SUB_CAPACITY "PDB_SUB_CAPACITY" is set to "528000000" If it is not 528000000 on compact DB architecture, set it to 528000000 using below command. \$ uiEdit "PDB_SUB_CAPACITY" "528000000" "PDB_SUB_CAPACITY" is set to "528000000"
32.	MPS B: Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade or Major upgrade	Check Procedure 2, Steps 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is a Major upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 34.
33.	MPS B: Enable syscheck fs module.	Execute the following command to enable the syscheck fs module. \$ sudo syscheckAdmenable disk fs

34.	MPS B: Upgrade is complete. Verify Health of MPS B MPS B: Verify that if alarm to accept upgrade is present.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B. If this is a Major Upgrade, the syscheck utility will report the "3000000000000000000000000000000000000
36.	MPS B: Update ssh_config to disable MD5 and MAC algorithm for security	Perform following steps to disable unsecure algorithm for ssh: 1. \$ grep "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96," /etc/ssh/ssh_config If output contains "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96", execute the below steps 2 and 3. Else go to step 4. 2. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/ssh_config 3. \$ sudo sed -i -e '/MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-sha1-96/d' /etc/ssh/ssh_config 4. \$ grep "MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512" /etc/ssh/sshd_config If no output is displayed for above command continue to next command in step 5 and 6 else skip these steps 5. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/sshd_config 6. \$ sudo sed -i '\$ a \\tMACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512' /etc/ssh/sshd_config 7. \$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/sshd_config 8. \$ sudo service sshd restart
37.	Update the httpd.conf file to disable the	Perform the following steps to disable Cache control no-store policy:

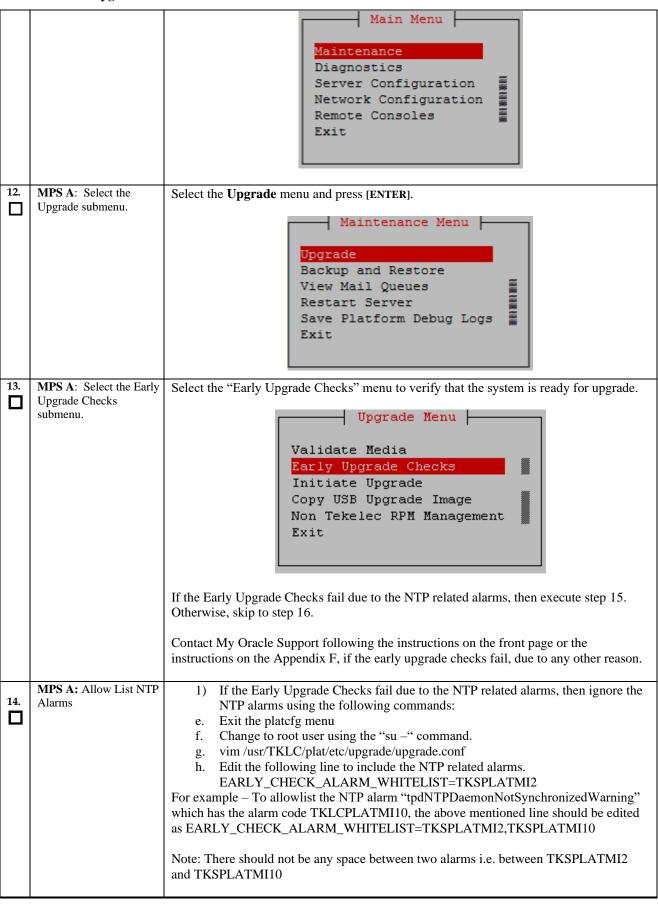
	Cache control no-store policy.	1. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		If the output contains "Header set Cache-Control no-store", Execute the below steps. If no output is displayed for the above command, skip the steps mentioned below.
		2. \$ sudo sed -i '/Cache-Control no-store/c\#Header set Cache-Control no-store' /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		<pre>3. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf</pre>
		The output should be "#Header set Cache-Control no-store" showing that the line has been commented.
		4. \$ sudo service httpd restart
38.	Reconnect console	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on
	cable.	E5-APP-B B card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
39.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
40.	Note down the timestamp	Run the following command:
	in log.	\$ date

Procedure 19 Upgrade server A

S	This procedure upgrade	es the MPS-A server in the EPAP System.
T		
E	Check off (1) each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
1.	MPS A: Determine media available for upgrade.	Perform Procedure A.12 or use an EPAP ISO image to perform upgrade.
2.	Establish a connection to MPS A.	If access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.
		For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx Skip to step 6, if connected through serial console.
3.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS B. Log in to MPS B.	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B", connect directly into MPS B. # ssh epapdev@ <mps b=""> Password: <password></password></mps>
4.	MPS B: Start screen session.	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS A.
		#su - root

		Password:
	MPS B: Connect to the	\$ screen -L
	console of MPS A.	Execute the following command on E5-APP-B:
		\$ sudo minicom mate
		If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.27.
5.	MPS A: Login prompt	<pre><hostname> console login:</hostname></pre>
	is displayed.	Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.
6.	MPS A: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
7.	MPS A: Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade. or a Major Upgrade	Check Procedure 2, Steps 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is Major upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 10.
8.	MPS A: Disable syscheck fs module.	\$ su - root Password:
		Execute the following command to disable the syscheck fs module. # syscheckAdmdisable disk fs
9.	MPS A: Create upgrade.conf for splitting mirrors if this is	Create a file (if not already created) and add the line "BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR" (to trigger the split mirror upgrade) by executing the following steps:
	a Major upgrade.	1.#vi/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf 2.If file already contains some allow listed alarms then append bellow line at the end of the file, otherwise add it to first line: BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR
		NOTE: Not performing this step will prevent any successful backout.
		Execute the following command to verify that the above command has been executed successfully:
		# cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf
		The output should be: [root@MPS-B ~] # cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR
10.	MPS A: Execute the platefg menu.	\$ su - platcfg
11.	MPS A: Select the Maintenance submenu.	The platefg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu , select Maintenance and press [ENTER].

Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A



		T
		2) If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to "Server Default Route Network Error", then this alarm shall be allowlisted in upgrade.conf file. To allowlist this alarm which has the alarm code TKSPLATMA14, the above mentioned line should be edited as EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMI10, TKSPLATMA14
15.	MPS A: Select Initiate Upgrade.	Select the Initiate Upgrade menu and press [ENTER]. Upgrade Menu Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Non Tekelec RPM Management Exit
16.	MPS A: Select the Upgrade Media.	The screen will display a message that it is searching for upgrade media. Once the upgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu will be displayed similar to the example shown below. Select the upgrade media on ISO image. There should only be one selection available, as shown in the example below. If there is more than one selection available, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F. Iqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq
17.	MPS A: Upgrade proceeds.	The screen displays the following, indicating that the upgrade software is first running the early upgrade checks, and then proceeding with the upgrade. Replacing <seconds> with the value from the log. Starting Early Upgrade Checks at 1448399773 Running earlyUpgradeChecks() for Upgrade::EarlyPolicy::TPDEarlyChecks upgrade policy Verified server is not pending accept of previous upgrade Hardware architectures match Install products match. Whitelisted alarms: Verified server is alarm free! Verified all raid mirrors are synced. Early Upgrade Checks Have Passed! Early Upgrade Checks finished at 1448399780 Initializing upgrade information</seconds>
18.	MPS A: Upgrade proceeds.	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. Finally, after upgrade is complete, the server will reboot.

19.	MPS A: Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, Press Enter, the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below.
		Starting smartd: [OK] Daemon is not running AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 9750 TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, process 9782 Oracle Linux Server release 6.9 Kernel 2.6.32-696.20.1.el6prerel7.6.0.0.0_88.47.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 Arica-A login:
20.	MPS A: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
		Note: The SSH login for root shall get enabled after the upgrade.
21.	MPS A: Verify the Upgrade.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported. Check Procedure 2, Steps 7 and 8 to determine whether it is incremental or major upgrade.
		If it is major upgrade then consider following \$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Following errors shall be observed:
		1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out! 1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v
		is30669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414:: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414:: 1530669414::
		1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' .
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
		1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.

```
1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap1
                                                                                                                                                    as root on epap136.
530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
                                                                                     'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
                                                               : Table
                                                                                       'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
                                                                    Table
                                                                   Table
Table
                                                                    Table
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
                                                                    Table
Table
                                                                     Table
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
                                                                    Table
Table
                                                                    Table
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
1496215832::Error
                                                                   Table
Table
                                                                     Table
1496215832::Error
```

Following errors shall be observed if upgrade is performed on a setup which was converted from Prov to Non Prov:

```
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.LicenseInfo' doesn't exist
1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.asd
1529314607::pdb.asd : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.bucketContent
1529314607::pdb.bucketContent
1529314607::pdb.bucketMap
1529314607::pdb.bucketMap
1529314607::pdb.bucketMap
1529314607::pdb.bucketMap
1529314607::pdb.commands
1529314607::pdb.commands
1529314607::pdb.commands
1529314607::pdb.commands
1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.dn
1529314607::pdb.dn
1529314607::pdb.dn9dig
1529314607::pdb.dn9dig
1529314607::pdb.dn9dig
1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.dn9dig
1529314607::pdb.dnB_asd
```

Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:

1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory 1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such file or directory

[NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18 to version 5.7]

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F, if the output contains any error other than the above mentioned errors.

Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.

\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log

Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:

```
1488951825::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been
updated...reparsing xml...
1530712185::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default
1530712186::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's
capabilities.
1530712186::WARNING: CAPABILITY: service__disabled
1530712186::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB
1530856895::mysql: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can
1530857005::mysql: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can
be insecure.
1488951890::warning:
                                    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7. 0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory
1488951902::warning:
                                    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.softdep failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory
1488951903::kexec-tools
                                                             #warning: /etc/kdump.conf created as
c/kdump.conf.rpmnew
1488952115::ca-certificates
/etc/pki/tls/ce
                                                             ############warning:
rts/ca-bundle.crt created as /etc/pki/tls/certs/ca-bundle.crt.rpmnew
1488952136::samhain
                                                             warning: /etc/samhainrc created as
/etc/
samhainrc.rpmnew
1488952138::php-common
                                                             #warning: /etc/php.ini created as
/etc/p
hp.ini.rpmnew
1488952209::initscripts
                                                             ##warning: /etc/sysctl.conf created as
etc/sysctl.conf.rpmnew
1488952260::mysql-commercial-server
                                                             warning: /etc/my.cnf created as
/etc/my.
cnf.rpmnew
1488952291::ntp
                                                             warning: /etc/ntp.conf created as
/etc/n
/etc/n
tp.conf.rpmnew
tp.conf.rpmnew
1488952302::TKLCplat ###########warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/
etc/pid_conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/pid_conf.rpmnew
1488952302::#warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/service_conf created as
/usr/TKLC/plat/
etc/service_conf.rpmnew
1488952320::TKLCalarms
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms ###warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/al
arms.xml saved as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml.rpmsave
1488952328::alarmMgr ###warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/
alarmMgr.conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/alarmMgr.conf.rpmnew
1488952471::warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/alarmMgr.conf.rpmnew
capabilities.
1488952471::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's
capabilities
.1488952471::WARNING: CAPABILITY: service__disabled 1488952471::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB
1488952602::sudo
                                                            warning: /etc/sudoers created as
 /etc/su
doers.rpmnew
1488952709::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been
reparsing xml...
1488952718::TKLCepap-HA
No such file or directory
1488952949::WARNING: Module variable EXPECTED_CPUS is deprecated!
1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG:
/usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/system/cpu/config
1488952951::WARNING: Module variable EXPECTED_CPU_ALM is deprecated!
```

```
1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG:
 /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/system/cpu/config
 If it is an incremental upgrade then consider following
     grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
Following errors shall be observed:
1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out!
1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg
1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf
1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v
.
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
1530669414::
 1530669414:
 1530669414
 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI'
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI'
1530669414::
1530669414::
1530669414::
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.
 530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
```

```
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
```

Following errors shall be observed if upgrade is performed on a setup which was converted from Prov to Non Prov:

```
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.LicenseInfo' doesn't exist
1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.asd' doesn't exist
1529314607::gtatus : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.bucketContent
1529314607::pdb.bucketContent
1529314607::pdb.bucketMap
1529314607::pdb.bucketMap
1529314607::pdb.bucketMap
1529314607::gtatus : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.commands
1529314607::pdb.commands
1529314607::pdb.commands
1529314607::pdb.commands
1529314607::pdb.commands
1529314607::pdb.dn
1529314607::pdb.dn
1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.dnB_asd
```

Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:

```
1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory 1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such file or directory
```

[NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18 to version 5.7]

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F, if the output contains any error other than the above-mentioned errors.

Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.

\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log

Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:

```
1489042076::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been updated...rep arsing xml...
1489042124::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory 1489042197::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been updated...
.reparsing xml...
```

Refer to section 0 to know more about logging.

	10	
		NOTE: provRMTP core might be observed on EPAP after upgrade, if the EPAP is connected to EAGLE. The core should be ignored, it has no impact on traffic running from EPAP to EAGLE.
22.	MPS A: Verify the Upgrade.	\$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F.
		1400793814:: Upgrade returned success!
23.		After upgrade check for PDB_SUB_CAPACITY uiEdit variable value by below command:
		\$ uiEdit grep -i PDB_SUB_CAPACITY "PDB_SUB_CAPACITY" is set to "528000000"
		If it is not 528000000 on compact DB architecture, set it to 528000000 using below command.
		\$ uiEdit "PDB_SUB_CAPACITY" "528000000" "PDB_SUB_CAPACITY" is set to "528000000"
24.	MPS A: Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade. or Major Upgrade	Check Procedure 2, Steps 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is Major upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 26.
25.	MPS A: Enable syscheck fs module.	\$ su - root Password:
		Execute the following command to enable the syscheck fs module.
		# syscheckAdmenable disk fs
26.	MPS A: Upgrade is complete. Verify Health	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A.
	of MPS A	On a Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) MPS, expect that the syscheck utility will alarm the fact that the PDBA software is not running. This will appear as a "5000000000000000 – Server Application Process Error" alarm.
		If this is a Major Upgrade, the syscheck utility will report the "3000000000000000000000000000000000000
		Verify that no unexpected alarms are noted.
		If it is major upgrade, Proceed with Procedure A.18 to upgrade SSL certificate.
27.	MPS A: Verify that if alarm to accept upgrade is	To verify alarm to accept upgrade execute following command:
	present.	\$ alarmMgralarmStatus grep tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept
		Following output shall be observed:
		GGO. F. HOTTING. 112 DEPTH. 1400202542 TVDF. GGT. 41404.
		SEQ: 5 UPTIME: 112 BIRTH: 1498203542 TYPE: SET ALARM: TKSPLATMI33 tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept 1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.18.3.1.3.33 32532 Processing Error Configuration Error

28.	MPS B: Loginn as epapdev user.	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
29.	MPS B: Reboot MPS B server.	Reboot MPS-B to disable the root login. Switch to root user. \$ su - root Password: Reboot the server:
		\$ reboot Wait til the reboot gets completed.
30.	MPS A: Enable PDBA proxy and VIP features.	If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes, in the step 14 of Procedure 18, then execute Procedure A.20 to enable Epap PDBA Proxy and VIP Features. Otherwise, skip this step.
31.	MPS A: Check services for query server.	\$ epapdb -c queryservers If query server is not configured i.e. INFO: No Query Server Configured, then skip this step otherwise Execute 6 to restart MYSQL service for PDB on query server.
32.	MPS A: Update ssh_config to disable MD5 and MAC algorithm for security	Perform following steps to disable unsecure algorithm for ssh: 1. \$ grep "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96," /etc/ssh/ssh_config If output contains "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96", execute the below steps 2 and 3. Else go to step 4. 2. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/ssh_config 3. \$ sudo sed -i -e '/MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-sha1-96/d' /etc/ssh/ssh_config 4. \$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/ssh_config 4. \$ grep "MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512" /etc/ssh/sshd_config If no output is displayed for above command continue to next command in step 5 and 6 else skip these steps 5. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/sshd_config 6. \$ sudo sed -i '\$ a \\tmacs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512' /etc/ssh/sshd_config 7. \$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/sshd_config 8. \$ sudo service sshd restart
33.	Update the httpd.conf file to disable the Cache control no-store policy.	Perform the following steps to disable Cache control no-store policy:

	edure 19: Opgrade Ser	,
		If the output contains "Header set Cache-Control no-store", Execute the below steps. If no output is displayed for the above command, skip the steps mentioned below.
		2. \$ sudo sed -i '/Cache-Control no-store/c\#Header set Cache-Control no-store' /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		3. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		The output should be "#Header set Cache-Control no-store" showing that the line has been commented.
		4. \$ sudo service httpd restart
34.	MPS A: If HTTP was enabled for EPAP GUI before upgrade, follow this step otherwise skip it.	 If HTTP was enabled before upgrade, follow below mentioned steps. Open EPAP GUI in HTTPS mode. Navigate to User Administration tab on GUI -> HTTP(S) support -> Change Configuration. Disable HTTP mode, if it shows HTTP mode as enabled. Enable the HTTP mode again as shown in image below. The HTTP mode should get enabled successfully. Now you can open the EPAP GUI in HTTP mode.
		COMMUNICATIONS A 10.75.141.702 Alarms U PDBA@ 10.75.141.702 Alarms U DPBA@ NONE 1 10.75.141.710 O1:45.42 EDT OR MA MI MI ETANOBY O1:45.42 EDT OR MA MI MI CR MA MI MI CR MA MI MI Change HTTP(S) Configuration HTTP Enabled: U Users Administration U Users O1:45.42 EDT OR MA MI MI O2: NA MI MI Change HTTP(S) Configuration
		Carpure Groups Mon October 25 2021 01:43:35 EDT Wow Configuration Change Configuration Modify Defaults Change Password Copyright © 2000, 2022, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Copyright © 2000, 2022, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Copyright © 2000, 2022, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Copyright © 2000, 2022, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
		COMMUNICATIONS PDBA@ 10.75.141.70 01:48:29 EDT
		EPAP A: uiadmin Process Control Maintenance RTDB Debug Platform Users Groups Authorized IPs Hon October 25 2021 01:48123 EDT Copyright © 2000, 2022, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Copyright © 2000, 2022, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Terminate UI Sessions Modif Defaults Change Password Change Password Change Password
35.	Reconnect console cable.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B A card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
36.	Procedure is complete.	Procedure is complete. Note: If upgrading an EPAP Provisionable mated pair and you have just completed this procedure for the Local MPS A and MPS B. Repeat the same procedures to upgrade the Remote Pair. See Section 0 for more information.
37.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:
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			\$ date
--	--	--	---------

Procedure 20 Run RTDB Converter

Procedure 20: Run RTDB Converter

S T E P	This procedure runs RTDB converter to update rtdb database as per new schema. This procedure should not be run on PDBonly setup. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE. **Note: This step can be run on MPS A	
1.	MPS A: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
2.	MPS A: Run RTDB converter script	\$ cd /usr/TKLC/epap/bin If system is in compact architecture as noted in step 10 of Procedure 2 run below command: \$./ rtdbEpap164CompactToCompactConvertTool If system is in extreme as noted in step 10 of Procedure 2 architecture run below command: \$./ rtdbEpap164ExtremeToExtremeConvertTool Many informational Messages will be displayed on screen. If this script fails contact My Oracle Support.
3.	Reboot Eagle cards.	Execute Procedure 21 on the Eagle STP connected to the EPAP servers to reload SM cards.
4.	Procedure is complete	Procedure is complete.
5.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure 21 Reboot EAGLE Cards

Procedure 21: Reboot EAGLE Cards

This procedure reboots I	This procedure reboots EAGLE cards to reload new RTDB.	
Check off ($$) each step a	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
IF THIS PROCEDURE F.	AILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
EAGLE: reboot all SM cards to reload new RTDB.	Note: Before rebooting EAGLE cards, check whether the EPAP software is running or not. If EPAP software is not running then start it manually by below commands. Execute the below steps on EPAP:	
	\$ service Epap status Start the EPAP software, if the above command shows that software is not running. If service EPAP shows that software is running, there is no need to run next command.	
	\$ service Epap start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started.	
	Login onto the connected EAGLE.	
	Reboot 1 SM card on the EAGLE and verify that it comes back to an IS-NR/Active state.	
	Then boot the rest of the EAGLE SM cards over 4 batches (booting 1/4 of the cards at a single time).	
Procedure is complete	Procedure is complete.	
Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date	

Procedure 22 Accept Upgrade

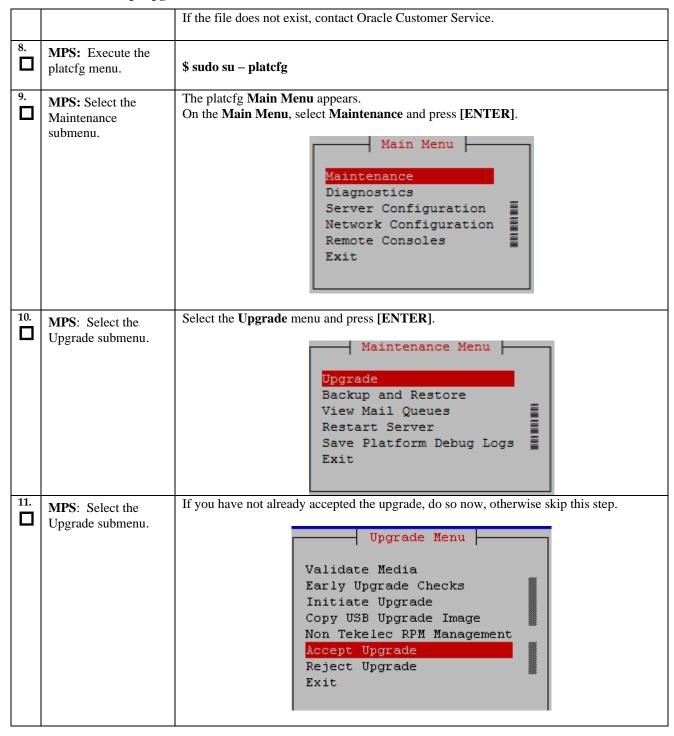
Note: If the upgrade is accepted, Backout cannot be performed.

Procedure 22: Accept upgrade

S	This procedure accept to	he upgrade to perform the upgrade process.	
T	1		
E	Check off ($$) each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P	HE WELLIS DROCEDI IDE I	TABLE CONTEACTED BY OR A CLE CUIDDONE AND A CIVEOR LIBERARD ACCIONANCE	
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
6.	MPS: Login as	Login as admusr if not already loged in.	
ΙШ	admusr.		
		<hostname> login: admusr</hostname>	
		Password:	
		Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.	
7.	MPS: Verify if	•	
	alarmMgr process	\$ sudo ls /var/run/alarmMgr	
	running.	If the file exists, proceed to the next step.	

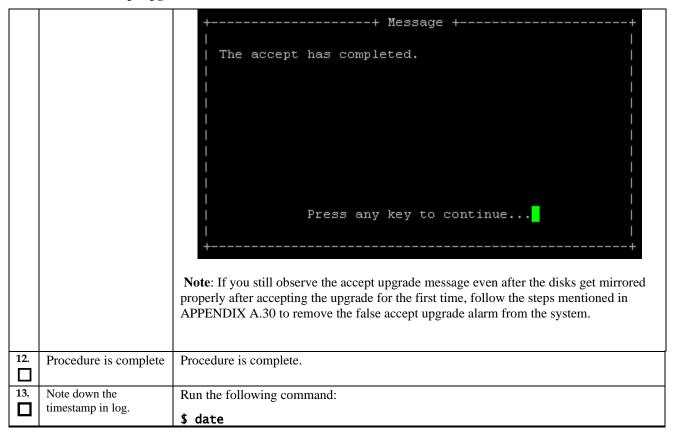
Note: If the upgrade is accepted, Backout cannot be performed.

Procedure 22: Accept upgrade



Note: If the upgrade is accepted, Backout cannot be performed.

Procedure 22: Accept upgrade



Procedure 23 Keys exchange between active and standby PDB

Procedure 23: Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB

\mathbf{s}	This procedure Exchang	This procedure Exchange the keys between active and remote PDB.	
T			
E	Check off $()$ each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P			
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
1.	MPS A: Login to	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A of active PDB EPAP:	
	Active PDB EPAP as	<hostname> console login: epapdev</hostname>	
	the user "epapdev".	password: <password></password>	
2.	MPS A : Verify that	Execute following command to verify that pdb entry present in known_hosts file:	
ΙЦ	PDB entry are present		
	in known_hosts file.	\$ cat .ssh/known_hosts	
		If entry is present skip next step	
3.	MPS A: Exchange	Execute the following command on Active PDB:	
	the keys from Active	\$ ssh epapdev@ <remote ip="" pdb=""></remote>	
	PDB	Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? < yes>	
		Password:	
		Snapshot for reference:	
		[epapdev@Recife-A ~]\$ ssh epapdev@10.75.141.104	
		FIPS integrity verification test failed.	

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Procedure 23: Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB

		The authenticity of host '10.75.141.104 (10.75.141.104)' can't be established. RSA key fingerprint is d4:d5:94:c6:57:1a:30:25:bc:b0:67:f9:f7:07:c6:68. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added '10.75.141.104' (RSA) to the list of known hosts. epapdev@10.75.141.104's password:
4.	MPS A: Login to Standby PDB EPAP as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A of standby PDB EPAP: <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>
5.	MPS: Exchange the keys from Standby PDB	Repeat the step 2 and step3 to exchange the keys from standby PDB as well.
6.	Procedure is complete	Procedure is complete.
7.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

THIS COMPLETES THE UPGRADE

6. SOFTWARE RECOVERY PROCEDURES

Execute this section only if there is a problem and it is desired to revert back to the pre-upgrade version of the software.

Warning: Do not attempt to perform these backout procedures without first contacting the My Oracle Support, following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F.

<u>NOTE</u>: These recovery procedures are provided for the backout of an Upgrade ONLY (i.e., from a failed 16.3.y release to the previously installed 16.3.x release). Backout of an initial installation is not supported.

Backout Setup

The reason to execute a backout has a direct impact on any backout preparation that must be done. Since the reason cannot be known ahead of time, no definitive procedure can be written.

My Oracle Support personnel will have to have login access to the affected MPS server, probe the server for the root cause of the problem, and execute whatever setup or cleanup is necessary in order to prepare the MPS server for backout.

Perform Backout

No matter the initial cause of the upgrade problem, once all necessary corrective steps have been taken to prepare for the backout, then the following procedure can be executed to perform a backout. Refer to section 0 and section 0 for the Backout process overview.

Procedure 24 Server B Backout

Procedure 24: Server B Backout

S T	This procedure provi	des instructions to perform backout on MPS B server.
E P	Check off ($$) each step a	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
#	upgrade release.	ocedure if only MPS B has been upgraded successfully and MPS A is still at the pre- nas been accepted, this procedure cannot be executed.
1.	Terminate all previous connections (ssh).	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A cards adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx Skip to step 5, if connected through serial console.

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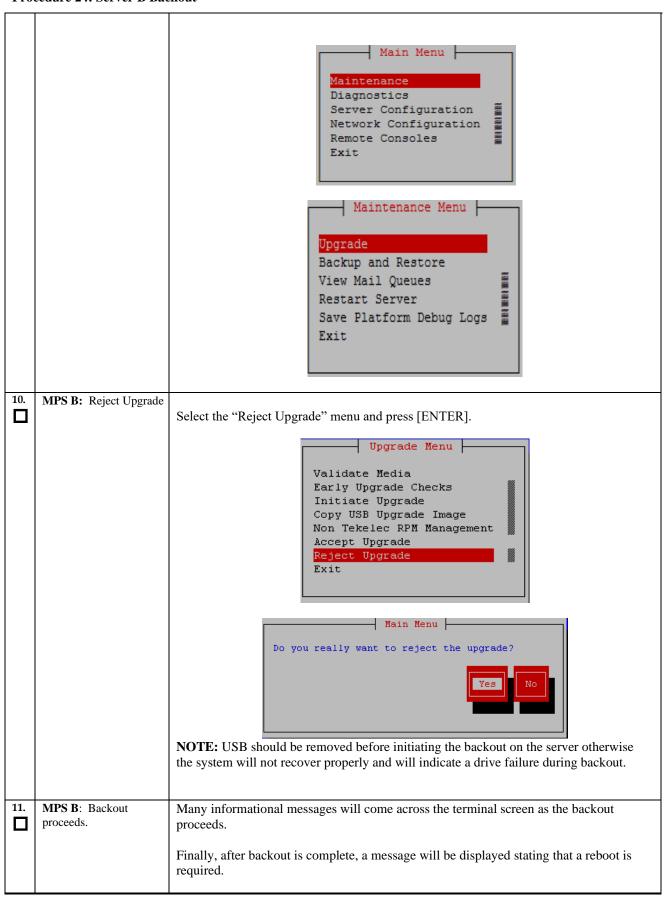
Procedure 24: Server B Backout

2.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS A. Log in to MPS A.	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A. # ssh admusr@ <mps a=""> Password: <password></password></mps>
3.	MPS A: Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is No.	# sudo su – epapconfig
	Note: Skip this step for Non-Prov and PDBonly EPAP.	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery
		 e Exit
		Enter Choice: 1 EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200

Procedure 24: Server B Backout

4.	MPS A: Clear PDB replication logs	EPAP A HTTP PORT
5.	MPS A: Start screen session	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B.
		\$ screen -L
	MPS A: Connect to the console of MPS B.	<pre>\$ sudo minicom mate If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.27.</pre>
6.	MPS B: Login prompt is displayed.	<pre><hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>
7.	MPS B: Log in to the server as user "admusr".	If not already logged-in, then log in. <hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>
8.	MPS B: Execute the platefg menu	\$ sudo su - platcfg
9.	MPS B: Select the Maintenance / Upgrade submenu	The platefg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu , select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Then select Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].

Procedure 24: Server B Backout



Procedure 24: Server B Backout

		The server will be at runlevel 3 and no applications are running. Proceed to the next step to verify the backout and manually reboot the server.
12.	MPS B: Verify the Backout	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors were reported.
		# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Examine the output of the above commands to determine if any errors were reported.
		Refer to section 0 to know more about logging.
13.	MPS B: Verify the Backout.	If the backout was <i>not</i> successful and errors were recorded in the logs, then contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F for further instructions.
		If the backout <i>was</i> successful, then continue with the following step.
14.	MPS B: Reboot the MPS.	Perform the following commands to reboot the MPS:
		# sudo init 6
15.	MPS B: Reboot completed.	After the reboot, the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below.
		#######################################
		1464603884: Upstart Job syscheck: started ####################################
		1464603884: Upstart Job tpdProvd: started ####################################
		1464603885: Upstart Job TKLCsnmp-subagent: started ####################################
		1464603886: Upstart Job ntdMgr: started ####################################
		Oracle Linux Server release 6.7 Kernel 2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 devloan-01 login:
16.	MPS B: Verify Health of MPS B.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.
17.	MPS B: Sync the time on both MPS A and MPS	Sync the time on both MPS A and B if it is different.
	B.	Login to MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <pre> password></pre></hostname>
		Check date time on MPS A using following command: \$ date Set Jul 7 01:25:18 EDT 2018
		Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018 Login to MPS B:
		<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
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Procedure 24: Server B Backout

		Check date time on MPS B using following command: \$ date
		Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018
		If both are not same then set the date time value on MPS B same as of MPS A. Use following command:
		First switch user to root: \$ su - root Password:
		Execute command to set date on MPS B as bellow:
		# date -s <data-time a="" mps="" of=""></data-time>
		[root@Natal-B ~] # date -s "Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018" Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018 [root@Natal-B ~] #
18.	MPS B: Clear MySQL replication error banner message, if any	Done. Execute the following command to check for MySQL replication error: \$ manageBannerInfo -1
	message, if any	Examine the output of the above command to determine if any errors were reported related to MySQL replication such as:
		MySQL data replication error detected; Attempting to restart Attempt to restart MySQL replication failed
		Execute the following command to copy the EuiDB database from B server to A server to clear any of the above observed MySQL replication error.
		Note: This utility should be executed only with epapdev user.
		<pre>\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/resetReplication Resetting MySql Replication</pre>
		This script will fix EuiDB replication by copying the database from
		one side of the pair to the other side and then resetting the MySql
		replication pointers.
		Are you sure you want to reset replication? (y/n) y Which side do you want to copy FROM? (A/B) [B]: B
		Copy the EuiDB from B to A? (y/n) y Removing the index and info files from EPAP A
		Replication files successfully removed from the mate server.
		Connecting to local DB Connecting to mate DB
		Copying EuiDB to mate
		Stopping local slave Stopping mate slave
		Resetting local master
		Resetting mate master
		Resetting local slave Resetting mate slave
		Starting local slave
		Starting mate slave

Procedure 24: Server B Backout

		Resetting MySql Replication Completed If there is a failure in resetReplication, execute following commands: \$ mysql -uroot -p <mysql password=""> -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@localhost IDENTIFIED by '<password>'" \$ mysql -uroot -p<mysql password=""> -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@mate IDENTIFIED by '<password>'" Execute the following command to verify that the banner messages related to the</password></mysql></password></mysql>
		replication error are cleared after some time. # manageBannerInfo -1
19.	MPS B: Verify Health of MPS B	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B. If backout of major upgrade was performed, the syscheck utility will report the "300000000000000 – Server Internal Disk Error" alarm as the disk mirroring is in progress. The alarm will be cleared after the completion of disk mirroring.
20.	Reconnect console cable.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B B card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
21.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.
22.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

The application should now be running at the original software release level

Procedure 25 Backout both Server A and B

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

S	This procedure provi	des instructions to perform backout on both MPS A and MPS B servers.	
T E P	Check off ($$) each step as it is	completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
#	Note: Execute this procedure only if both MPS A and MPS B have been upgraded or partially upgraded and you wish to backout both servers to the previous version.		
	Note: If the upgrade has been accepted, this procedure cannot be performed.		
	Note: Database changes post upgrade and before backout might be lost after performing backout procedure		
		es post upgrade and before backout might be lost after performing backout	
1.		If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.	

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Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		Chin to star (if a grant of the sure househousehousehousehousehousehousehouse
		Skip to step 6, if connected through serial console.
2.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS B.	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS A – from MPS B", connect directly into MPS B.
	Log into MPS B.	# ssh admusr@ <mps b=""> Password: <password></password></mps>
3.	MPS B: Start screen session.	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS A.
		\$ screen -L
	MPS B: Connect to the console of MPS A.	Execute the following command on E5-APP-B:
	console of MI 5 71.	\$ sudo minicom mate If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.27.
4.	MPS A: Login prompt is displayed.	<pre><hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>
5.	MPS A: Log in to the server as user "admusr".	Log in as 'admusr' <hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>
6.	MPS A: Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is No.	# sudo su - epapconfig
	Note: Skip this step for Non-Prov and PDBonly EPAP.	

```
/----EPAP Configuration Menu-----\
| 1 | Display Configuration
   2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu |
     -|-----|
  3 | Set Time Zone
   ---|----------
    4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys
  5 | Change Password
  6 | Platform Menu
  --- | ------- |
  7 | Configure NTP Server
   ---|-------|
| 8 | PDB Configuration Menu
  9 | Security
| 10 | SNMP Configuration
|----|
| 11 | Configure Alarm Feed
| 12 | Configure Query Server
  --- | ------ |
| 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed |
|----|------
| 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community |
|----|
| 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery
  -----/
Enter Choice: 1
EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115
EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116
Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0
Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1
EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address
Backup Prov Network IP Address
Backup Prov Network IP Address
Backup Prov Network Netmask
Backup Prov Network Default Router
EPAP A Sync Network Address
EPAP B Sync Network Address

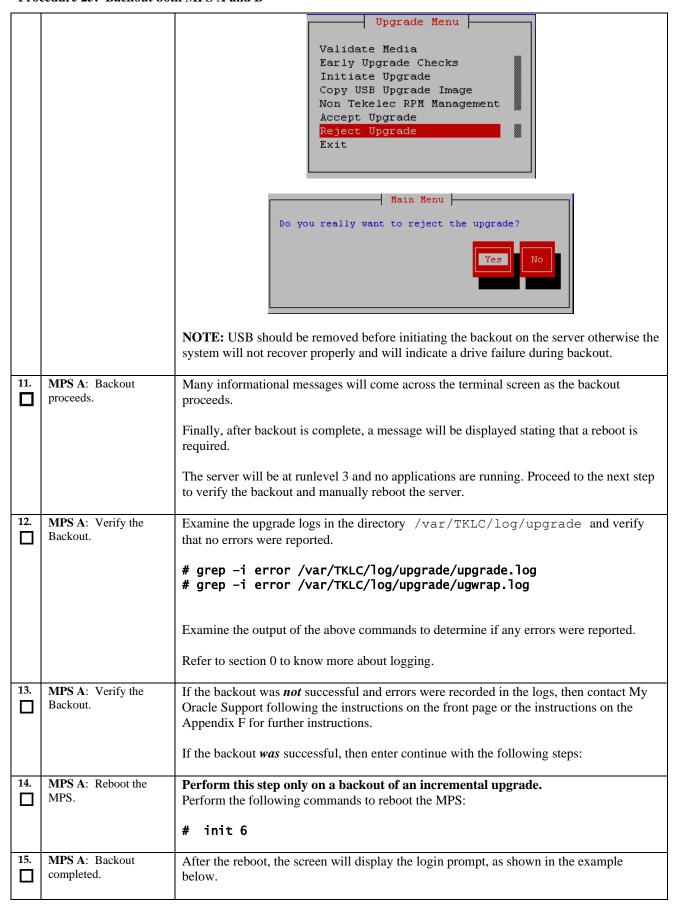
= 192.168.61.1

= Not configured
Not configured
= 192.168.2.100
= 192.168.2.200
EPAP B Sync Network Address
                                        = 192.168.2.200
EPAP A Main DSM Network Address
EPAP B Main DSM Network Address
                                         = 192.168.120.100
                                         = 192.168.120.200
EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address
EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address
                                         = 192.168.121.100
= 192.168.121.200
EPAP A HTTP Port
                                         = 80
EPAP B HTTP Port
                                            80
EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port
                                         = 8001
EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port
                                         = 8001
                                         = 8473
EPAP A Banner Connection Port
EPAP B Banner Connection Port
                                         = 8473
EPAP A Static NAT Address
EPAP B Static NAT Address
                                         = Not configured
                                         = Not configured
PDBT Port
                                         = 5873
Remote MPS A Static NAT Address
                                         = Not configured
Remote MPS A HTTP Port
                                         = 80
                                         = 192.168.15.152
Local Provisioning VIP
Remote Provisioning VIP
                                         = 192.168.15.172
Local PDBA Address
                                         = 192.168.15.115
```

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		Downto DDDA Address 100 100 10 11
		Remote PDBA Address = 192.168.16.115 Remote PDBA B Address = 192.168.16.116
		Time Zone = 192.106.10.116 = America/New_York
		PDB Database = Exists
		Preferred PDB = Standby
		Allow updates from alternate PDB = Yes
		Auto DB Recovery Enabled = Yes
		PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes
		If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Execute Procedure A.19 on both PDBA
		Active and Standby for dual PDBA setup to disable EPAP VIP and PDBA proxy
		features.
		reatures.
		Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then proceed with the next step.
7.	MPS A:	
		If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Execute Procedure A.29 to clear replication
 	Clear PDB replication	logs
	logs	100°
	0-	Od CORDAD FILLIAN A CONTRACTOR
		Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, then skip this step.
 	MPS A: Execute the	\$ sudo su - platcfg
		\$ Sudo Su - placeig
	platcfg menu	
9.	MPS A: Select the	The platefg Main Menu appears.
	Maintenance / Upgrade	
	submenu	On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Then select Upgrade menu
	submenu	and press [ENTER].
		Main Menu
		1
		Maintenance
		Diagnostics
		Server Configuration Network Configuration Remote Consoles
		Network Configuration
		Remote Consoles
		Exit
		Maintenance Menu
		nativellance nena
		Upgrade
1		Upgrade Postava
		Backup and Restore
		Backup and Restore
		Backup and Restore
		Backup and Restore View Mail Queues Restart Server
		Backup and Restore
		Backup and Restore View Mail Queues Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs
		Backup and Restore View Mail Queues Restart Server
		Backup and Restore View Mail Queues Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs
		Backup and Restore View Mail Queues Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs
		Backup and Restore View Mail Queues Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs
10.	MPS A: Reject Upgrade	Backup and Restore View Mail Queues Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs
	MPS A: Reject Upgrade	Backup and Restore View Mail Queues Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs
10.	MPS A: Reject Upgrade	Backup and Restore View Mail Queues Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs

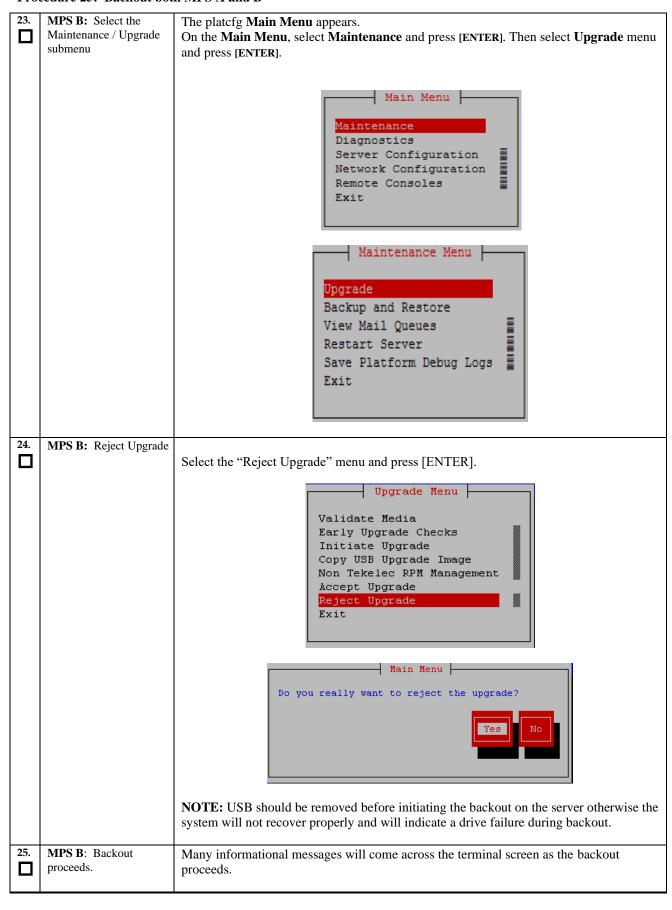
Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B



Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		######################################
		1464603884: Upstart Job tpdProvd: started ####################################
		1464603885: Upstart Job TKLCsnmp-subagent: started ####################################
		1464603886: Upstart Job ntdMgr: started ####################################
		Oracle Linux Server release 6.7 Kernel 2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 devloan-01 login:
16.	MPS A: Verify Health of	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A
	MPS A.	The syscheck utility may report the "50000000000000 - Server Application Process Error" for PDBA, if the pdba software is not running.
17.	Terminate all previous connections (ssh).	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.
	connections (ssn).	For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A cards adapter and use it for serial access.
		Skip to step 21, if connected through serial console.
18.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS A.	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A.
	Log into MPS A.	# ssh epapdev@ <mps a=""> Password: <password></password></mps>
19.	MPS A: Start screen session.	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B.
		\$ screen -L
	MPS A: Connect to	Execute the following command on E5-APP-B:
	the console of MPS B.	\$ sudo minicom mate If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.27.
20.	MPS B : Login prompt is displayed.	<pre><hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>
21.	MPS B: Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
22.	MPS B: Execute the platcfg menu	\$ sudo su - platcfg

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B



Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		Finally, after backout is complete, a message will be displayed stating that a reboot is required.
		The server will be at runlevel 3 and no applications are running. Proceed to the next step to verify the backout and manually reboot the server.
26.	MPS B: Verify the Backout.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors were reported.
		# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log # grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/ugwrap.log
		Examine the output of the above commands to determine if any errors were reported.
		Refer to section 0 to know more about logging.
27.	MPS B: Verify the Backout.	If the backout was <i>not</i> successful and errors were recorded in the logs, then contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F for further instructions.
		If the backout was successful, then enter continue with the following steps:
28.	MPS B: Reboot the MPS.	Perform the following commands to reboot the MPS:
	M.S.	\$ init 6
29.	MPS B: Login to MPS B.	After the reboot, the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below.
		######################################
		1464603884: Upstart Job tpdProvd: started ####################################
		1464603885: Upstart Job TKLCsnmp-subagent: started ####################################
		1464603886: Upstart Job ntdMgr: started ####################################
		Oracle Linux Server release 6.7 Kernel 2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 devloan-01 login:
30.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A.
	into MPS A. Log into MPS A	<pre># ssh epapdev@<mps a=""> Password: <password></password></mps></pre>
31.	MPS A: Rejoin previous screen session on MPS B	Execute the following command to disconnect and then rejoin previous screen session: \$ screen -dr
		y SCIECII -UI

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

32.	MPS B: Sync the time on both MPS A and MPS	Sync the time on both MPS A and B if it is different.	
	B.	Login to MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <pre>password></pre></hostname>	
		Check date time on MPS A using following command: \$ date Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018	
		Login to MPS B: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <pre>console login: epapdev</pre></hostname>	
		Check date time on MPS B using following command: \$ date Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018	
		If both are not same then set the date time value on MPS B same as of M following command:	PS A. Use
		First switch user to root: \$ su - root Password:	
		Execute command to set date on MPS B as bellow:	
		# date -s <data-time a="" mps="" of=""></data-time>	
		[root@Natal-B ~] # date -s "Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EI Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018 [root@Natal-B ~] #	T 2018"
		Done.	
33.	MPS B: Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>	
34.	MPS B: Clear MySQL replication error banner message, if any	Execute the following command to check for MySQL replication error: \$ manageBannerInfo -1	
		Examine the output of the above command to determine if any errors we related to MySQL replication such as:	re reported
		MySQL data replication error detected; Attempting to restart Attempt to restart MySQL replication failed	
		Execute the following command to copy the EuiDB database from B served to clear any of the above observed MySQL replication error.	ver to A server
		Note: This utility should be executed only with epapdev user	
		<pre>\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/resetReplication Resetting MySql Replication</pre>	
		This script will fix EuiDB replication by copying the databas one side of the pair to the other side and then resetting the replication pointers.	
		Are you sure you want to reset replication? (y/n) y Which side do you want to copy FROM? (A/B) [B]: B Copy the EuiDB from B to A? (y/n) y	
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Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		Removing the index and info files from EPAP A Replication files successfully removed from the mate server. Connecting to local DB Connecting to mate DB Copying EuiDB to mate Stopping local slave Stopping local slave Resetting local master Resetting mate master Resetting mate slave Resetting local slave Starting local slave Resetting MySql Replication Completed If there is a failure in resetReplication, execute following commands: \$ mysql -uroot -p <mysql password=""> -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@notalhost IDENTIFIED by '<password>'" \$ mysql -uroot -p<mysql password=""> -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@mate IDENTIFIED by '<password> '" Execute the following command to verify that the banner messages related to the replication error are cleared after some time. \$ manageBannerInfo -1</password></mysql></password></mysql>
35.	MPS B	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.
36.	MPS A: Check if RTDB and PDBA databases are synchronized update this Note: Skip this step for PDBonly setup.	Execute the following command to check the RTDB and PDB database levels: \$ sudo dbstattool The outlook may look like: DBSTATTOOL Platform=EPAP
37.	Reboot EAGLE Cards.	If the DB levels on EPAP and EAGLE matches and there is no alarm on EAGLE related to "RTDB reload is required", go to step 37. Report 1 SM card on the EAGLE and verify that it comes back to an IS NR/Active state.
		Reboot 1 SM card on the EAGLE and verify that it comes back to an IS-NR/Active state. If this is a Non-Provisionable EPAP, boot the rest of the EAGLE SM cards over 4 batches (booting 1/4 of the cards at a single time).

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		If this is a Provisionable(mixed EPAP or PDBonly) EPAP, and the second MPS A on which backout has been executed, reboot the rest of the cards on both local and remote sides over 4 batches (booting 1/4 of the cards at a single time).
38.	Procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.
39.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

The application should now be running at the original software release level

Procedure 26 Stop the Pdba software

Procedure 26: Stop the PDBA Software

S T E P	Check off $()$ each step as it is of	he PDBA software before major upgrade. completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. E FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.		
If ba	If backout has been performed, then execute this procedure ONLY after backout on all MPS servers in the entire set of E. Otherwise, skip this procedure until all MPS servers have been backed out.			
1.	MPS A: Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>		
2.	MPS A: Verify Health of MPS A.	If not done already, execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A. Expect that the syscheck utility will report the 'Server Application Process Error' alarm for the fac software is not running. Besides the PDBA not running alarm, verify that no other abnormalities a		
3.	MPS A: Verify that Pdba software running or not.	Execute the command below to find if the pdba is running or not: \$ ps -aef grep pdba grep -v "grep" If the output contains an entry for the pdba, as shown below, then move to the next step. [epapdev@MPS A ~]\$ ps -eaf grep "pdba" grep -v "grep" epapdev 14165 11068 0 02:59? 00:00:07 /opt/TKLCappl/bin/pdba Otherwise, skip the next step as Pdba software already stopped.		
4.	MPS A: Turn off the PDBA_REMOTE_PD BI_ALLOWED flag to stop provisioning during upgrade.	Execute the command below to find the current status of PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED fla [epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ uiEdit grep -i PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED Skip this step if output of the above command is "PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to		

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Procedure 26: Stop the PDBA Software

	Note: This step must be performed in case	Turn off the PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flag by running below command if output of procommand is blank or not set to "OFF"
	of upgrade and	[epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED OFF
	PDBA software	"PDBA REMOTE PDBI ALLOWED" is set to "OFF"
	needs to be	
	restarted, for this	
	change to take	
	effect.	
5.	MPS A : Stop the Pdba software.	Run the following command:
		[epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ service Pdba stop ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped.
6.	MPS A: Verify that Pdba	
	software running or not	Repeat above step 3.
7.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.
8.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure 27 Restart PDBA Software (Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade)

When upgrade is initiated on the first MPS-B, the PDBA software process is stopped on the MPS-A servers configured as **Provisionable**(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly). The PDBA software is intentionally left stopped, and so the operator performing the upgrade must restart the PDBA software after all MPS servers in a set of EPAP systems have been upgraded.

WARNING: If a backout of the MPS A and B units is conducted sometime after an upgrade has successfully completed and after Provisioning has been re-enabled, then the only method of PDB restoration is from backup file. In this case, any new data provisioned since the successful completion of the upgrade will be lost and will need to be re-provisioned.

Procedure 27: Restart the PDBA Software Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade

T	- J. /I., -4-11-42 C21-	155 0350	0.41.2025
3.	MPS A: Turn on the PDBA_REMOTE_PD	Execute the command below to find the current state	us of PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED fla
2.	Local MPS A: Verify Health of MPS A.	If not done already, execute Procedure A.1 on MPS Expect that the syscheck utility will report the 'Serv software is not running. Besides the PDBA not running.	er Application Process Error' alarm for the fac
1.	Local MPS A: Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>	
		ned, then execute this procedure ONLY after back ure until all MPS servers have been backed out.	out on all MPS servers in the entire set of E
P #		E FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT A	
T E	Check off (√) each step as it is	completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each ste	p number.
S	This procedure restar	ts the PDBA software after upgrade of all associ	ated MPS systems has been completed.

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Procedure 27: Restart the PDBA Software Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade

4.	BI_ALLOWED flag to enable PDB to accept updates from remote PDBI. Note: This step must be performed in case of upgrade and PDBA software needs to be restarted, for this change to take effect. Local MPS A: Restart the PDBA software. On the menu, click PDBA->Process Control->Start PDBA software	[epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ uiEdit grep -i PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED Turn on the PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flag. Skip this step if output of the above comm "PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to "ON" or no output is displayed [epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED ON "PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to "ON" Execute the command below to find if the pdba is running or not: \$ ps -aef grep pdba grep -v "grep" If the output contains an entry for the pdba, as shown below, then skip to the next step. [epapdev@MPS A ~]\$ ps -aef grep pdba grep -v "grep" epapdev 23890 10248 0 Apr07 ? 00:01:18 /opt/TKLCappl/bin/pdba Otherwise, Login to EPAP GUI by uiadmin user and start PDBA software.
		Are you sure you want to start the PDBA software?
		Start PDBA Software Tue June 20 2017 06:42:43 EDT
		Copyright © 2000, 2017, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
5.	Local MPS A : Verify PDBA is running.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A Verify that syscheck does <i>not</i> sho PDBA is <i>not</i> running.
6.	Remote MPS A: Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
7.	Remote MPS A:	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A.
	Verify Health of MPS A.	Expect that the syscheck utility will alarm the fact that the PDBA software is not running. This wi "500000000000000 Server Application Process Error" alarm. Besides the PDBA not run verify that no other abnormalities are noted.
8.	Remote MPS A:	Execute the command below to find if the pdba is running or not:
	Restart the PDBA software.	\$ ps -aef grep pdba grep -v "grep"
	On the menu, click PDBA->Process	If the output contains an entry for the pdba, as shown below, then skip to the next step.
	Control->Start PDBA software	epapdev 23890 10248 0 Apr07 ? 00:01:18 /opt/TKLCappl/bin/pdba
		Otherwise, Login to EPAP GUI by uiadmin user and start PDBA software.

Procedure 27: Restart the PDBA Software Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade

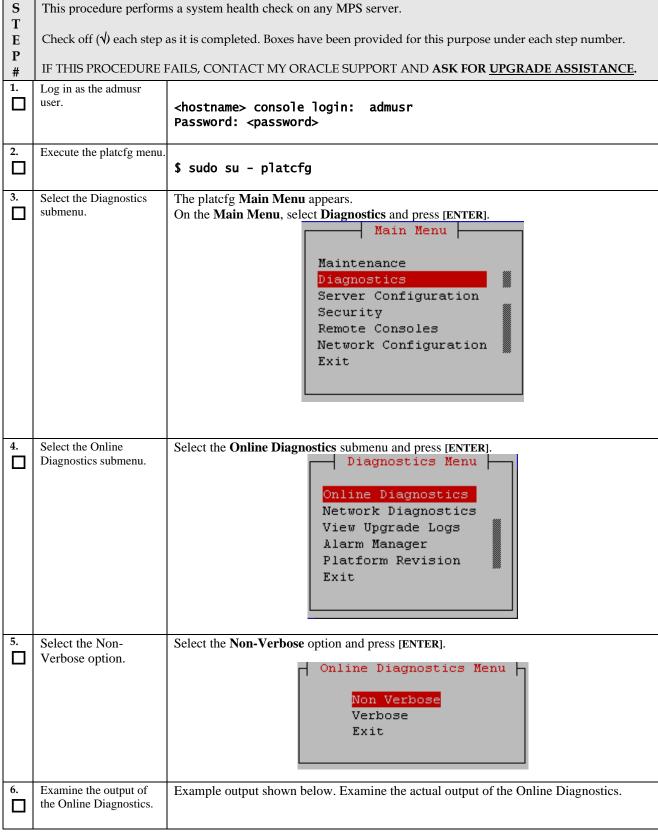
		A Start PDB
		Are you sure you want to start the PDBA software?
		Start PDBA Software
		Tue June 20 2017 06:42:43 EDT
		Copyright € 2000, 2017, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
9.	Remote MPS A:	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A. Verify that syscheck does <i>not</i> sh
	Verify PDBA is	PDBA is <i>not</i> running.
	running.	1 DDIX 13 NOV Tullilling.
10.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.
	•	
11.	Note down the timestamp	Run the following command:
	in log.	\$ date

THIS COMPLETES THE BACKOUT

APPENDIX A GENERIC PROCEDURES

Procedure A.1 Perform System Health Check

Appendix A.1 Perform System Health Check



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Appendix A.1 Perform System Health Check

		Commishe /C) 2002 2010 Awada and/aw its affiliates all wishes wearying
		Copyright (C) 2003, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Hostname: DBExpan-Nidhi-VM77
		Online Diagnostics Output Running modules in class disk
		OK Running modules in class hardware
		OK
		Running modules in class net OK
		Running modules in class proc * run: FAILURE:: MINOR::50000000000000 Server Application Process Error
		* run: FAILURE:: Only 0 instance(s) of maint running. 1 instance(s) required!
		<pre>* run: FAILURE:: MINOR::50000000000000 Server Application Process Error * run: FAILURE:: Only 0 instance(s) of pdba running. 1 instance(s) required!</pre>
		<pre>* run: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000000000 Server Application Process Error * run: FAILURE:: Only 0 instance(s) of epapSnmpAL running. 1 instance(s) required!</pre>
		* run: FAILURE:: MINOR::50000000000000 Server Application Process Error
		 run: FAILURE:: Only 0 instance(s) of epapSnmpAgent running. 1 instance(s) required! run: FAILURE:: MINOR::50000000000000 Server Application Process Error
		* run: FAILURE:: Only 0 instance(s) of epapSnmpHBS running, 1 instance(s) required! One or more module in class "proc" FAILED
		Running modules in class system
		OK Running modules in class upgrade
		OK
		Forward Backward Top Bottom Exit
		Use arrow keys to move between options <enter> selects</enter>
		Use arrow keys to move between options <inter> selects</inter>
7.	System Check	Exit from the above menu.
П	Successful.	If the System Check was successful, return to the procedure that you came here from.
_		If the System cheek was successful, retain to the procedure that you came here from
		If the "Server Disk Space Shortage Error" was there in the output, proceed to step 8 to
		clean up the '/' directory.
		1
	System Check Failure.	If any other failures were detected by System Check, contact My Oracle Support
	System check I amare.	following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F.
8.	Server clean-up to	Execute the following command:
	create space.	\$ df -h /var/TKLC
		V at 11 / vary title
		The output may look like:
		[admusr@hostname ~]\$ df -h /var/TKLC
		Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc
		3.9G 2.2G 1.5G 60% /var/TKLC
		Verify that there is at least 600M in the Avail column. If not, clean up files until there is
		space available.
		CAUTION: Make sure you know what files you can remove safely before cleaning
		up. It is recommended that you only clean up files in the /var/TKLC/upgrade
		directory as this is a platform owned directory that should only contain ISO images.
		This directory should not be expected to contain images for any length of time as
		they can get purged.
		Also, execute the following command to check space in '/lib/module' directory.
		<pre>\$ df -h /lib/modules</pre>
		[admusr@hostname ~]\$ df -h /lib/modules
		Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat root
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Appendix A.1 Perform System Health Check

		976M 397M 529M 43% /
		Verify that the Use% column does not exceed the value 80%.
9.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
10.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date

Procedure A.2 Validate Upgrade Media

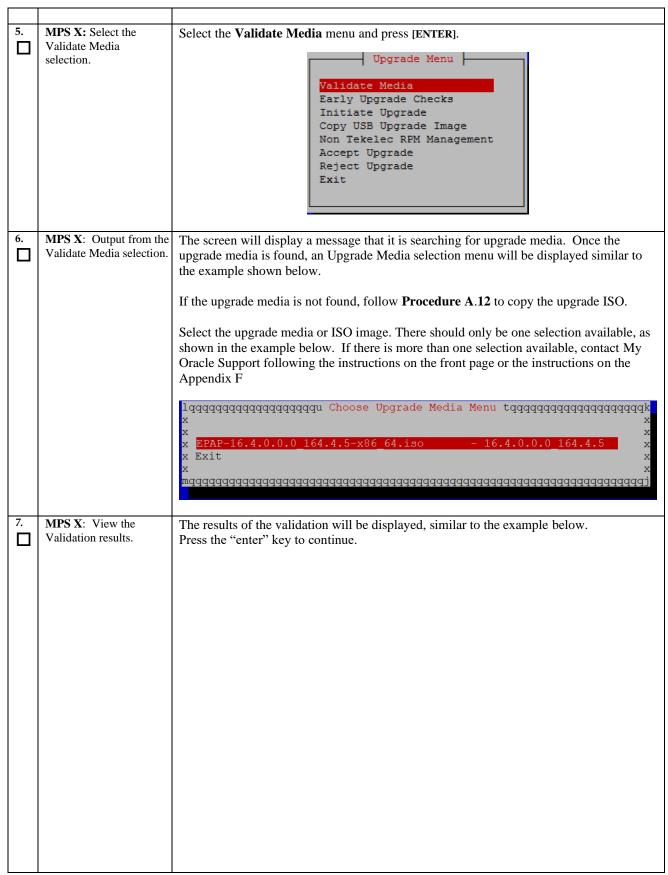
This procedure is used to execute a validation of the Upgrade Media (typically an ISO image) separately from executing an upgrade. The upgrade process automatically validates the upgrade media. However, sometime the user may wish to perform just a validation before proceeding with upgrade, thus the reason for this separate process.

Validation could be performed on MPS A or B, however, this procedure specifies MPS X for simplicity.

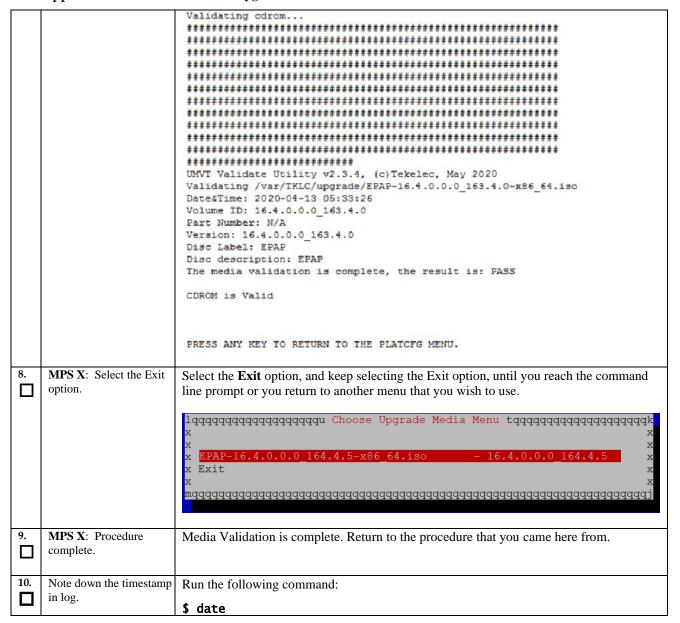
Appendix A.2 Validate the Upgrade Media

S		s instructions to perform a validation of the upgrade media on the MPS X server. This
T	procedure assumes that the E5-APP-B card IPM procedure has been executed and the user has an EPAP Upgrade	
E	ISO image available.	
P	C1 1 ((()) 1	
#	Check off (V) each step as it is o	completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
	IF THIS PROCEDURE	E FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE
	ASSISTANCE.	
1.	MPS X: If necessary, log	
	in to the server as the user	
	"admusr".	<hostname> console login: admusr</hostname>
		password: <password></password>
	A STOCKY TO 1	
2.	MPS X: Execute the	f and an whater
	platcfg menu.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
3.	MPS X: Select the	The platefg Main Menu appears.
	Maintenance submenu.	On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].
		, , ,
		Main Menu
		Maintenance
		Diagnostics
		Server Configuration
		Remote Consoles
		Exit
4.	MPS X: Select the	Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].
	Upgrade submenu.	
		Maintenance Menu
		Upgrade
		Backup and Restore
		View Mail Queues Restart Server
		Save Platform Debug Logs
		Exit
	1	

Appendix A.2 Validate the Upgrade Media

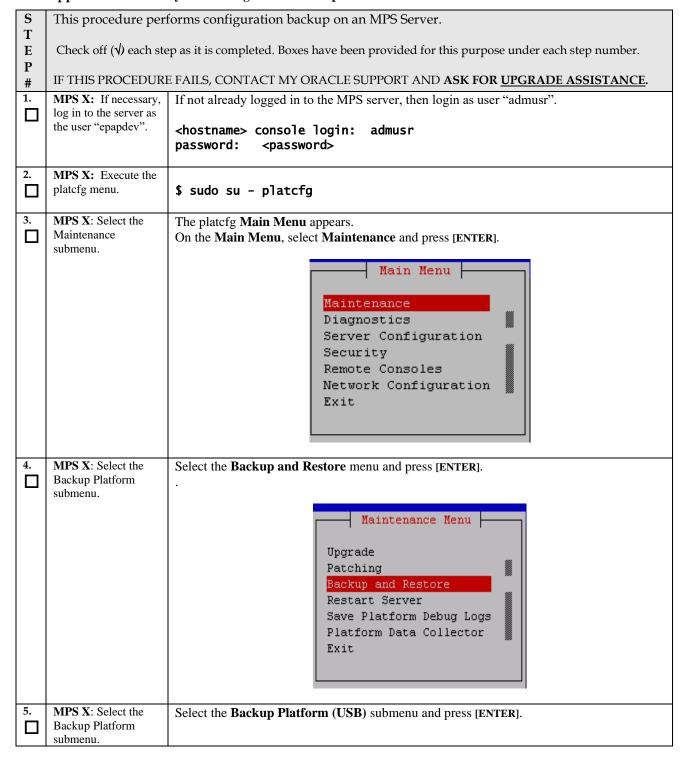


Appendix A.2 Validate the Upgrade Media

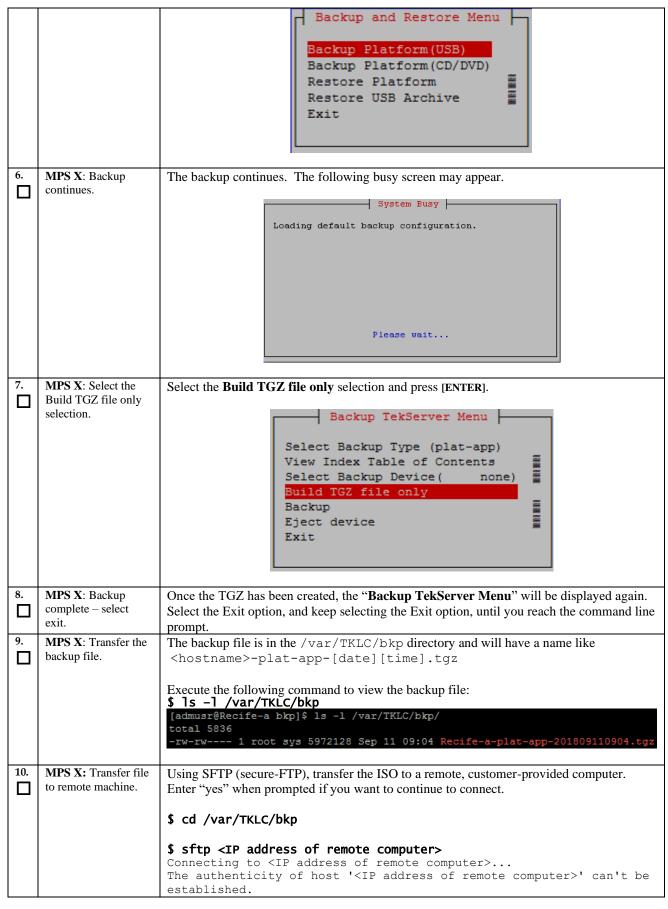


Procedure A.3 System Configuration Backup

Appendix A.3 System Configuration Backup



Appendix A.3 System Configuration Backup



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Appendix A.3 System Configuration Backup

		DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA) to the list of known hosts. root@<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password: sftp> cd <target directory=""> sftp> put <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz Uploading <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz to <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz sftp> bye If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the</hostname></hostname></hostname></target></ip></ip>
11.	Procedure complete	mate using the following command: \$ sudo chmod 667 /var/TKLC/bkp/ <tgz file=""> \$ su - epapdev \$ scp /var/TKLC/bkp/<tgz file=""> epapdev@mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free/</tgz></tgz>
	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
12.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.4 Execute parse9Dig script

Appendix A.4 Execute parse9Dig script

S	This procedure perfe	orms the Execution of parse9Dig script.
T		
E	Check off (√) each step as it is	s completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P	IE TI IIC DDOCEDI IDE	EALIC CONTACT MY OD ACLE CUIDDODT AND ACVEOU LIBOURADE ACCICTANCE
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .
1.	MPS A: Login as the	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A:
	user "epapdev" on	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev</hostname></pre>
	standalone PDB.	password: <password></password>
2.	MPS A: Check if	Check whether "parse9Dig" script is present on setup or not.
	"parse9Dig" script is	
	present on setup.	Execute following command:
		\$ ls -lrt /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig
		<pre>[epapdev@Natal-a-PDBonly ~]\$ ls -lrt /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig</pre>
		-rwxr-xr-x 1 epapdev epap 12162 Oct 10 16:23
		/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig
		If output is same as above then proceed to step 4 otherwise proceed with following step.
3.	MPS A: Execute the	Note: Stop the Pdba software before executing this script.
	"parse9Dig" script on	Note: Stop the Pdba software before executing this script.
	standalone PDB.	Execute the "parse9Dig" script and examine the result.

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	\$/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all u
	[epapdev@Osorna-1B-PDBonly config]\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all u
	[epapdev@osofid=ib=rubonity confitg]\$ /usi/ikbc/epap/confitg/parsesbig all u
	This utility will retrieve all digits for DB and parse them into 9Dig entries.

	Ottilly Start Time: 06/13/10-21:24:31
	Parsing DN digits into 9digits
	INFO: DN 9dig count 2.
	REPLACE INTO dn9dig VALUES (UNHEX("05000000000"),1), (UNHEX("06000000000"),1);
	Parsing IMSI digits into 9digits
	INFO: IMSI 9dig count: 9.
	REPLACE INTO imsi9dig VALUES (UNHEX("0D001234567"),3),(UNHEX("0600000000"),1),(UNHEX("070000000 09"),1),(UNHEX("0800000044"),1),(UNHEX("08000000023"),2),(UNHEX("05000000000"),1),(UNHEX("080000 00077"),1),(UNHEX("08000000099"),1),(UNHEX("08000000088"),1);
	Parsing IMEI digits into 9digits
	INFO: IMEI 9dig count: 1.
	REPLACE INTO imei9dig VALUES (UNHEX("0E012345678"),2);
	Utility End Time: 06/13/18-21:24:31
MPS A: Procedure is	This procedure is complete.
complete.	
Note down the	Run the following command:
timestamp in log.	
	\$ date
	complete.

Procedure A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

Appendix A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

S	This procedure increas	e rtVolume size for Non-prov.	
T			
E	Check off $()$ each step as	s it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P			
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FA	AILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
	: Skip this procedure for	mixed EPAP and standalone EPAP.	
1.	MPS A: Log in to the	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A:	
	server.	<hostname> console login: epapdev</hostname>	
		Password: <password></password>	
2.	MPS A: Execute	If EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 300GB drive modules, execute this	
	"rtdir_300gb" script for		kip
	E5-APP-B cards with	this step and go to step 3.	
	300GB drive modules.		
		Download the rtdir_300gb script zip file from My Oracle Support(MOS)	
		(<u>https://support.oracle.com</u>). The zip file is available on MOS under Oracle	
		Communications EAGLE Application Processor 16.3.0.0.0.	
		Place the zip file in the /tmp directory. Unzip the file:	
		\$ unzip <zip file="" from="" mos="" name=""></zip>	
		\$ cat Readme.txt	
		Follow the directions in the Readme.txt file.	
		Evacute the following corint:	
		Execute the following script:	
		\$ sudo /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/rtdir_300gb	

Appendix A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

	rippendix ri.s	
		Warning: This utility would increase rtVolume for non-prov setup and this action is irreversible.
		Are you sure you want to continue?[Yes/No]: Yes
		INFO: Increasing rt volume size for Non-provisionable EPAP. Please wait INFO: db space increased on 'A'. INFO: Stopping Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done. INFO: Starting Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done.
		INFO: Successfully configured Non-provisionable EPAP.
		Following error related to MyISAM table shall be observed on CLI while executing rtdir script:
		myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' e2fsck 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013)
		File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvreduce invocation. Parent PID 25006: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25350: sh
		File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25359: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013)
		File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25410: sh
		File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI' .
		. FIPS integrity verification test failed. FIPS integrity verification test failed.
		.WARNING: Reducing active logical volume to 8.00 GiB. THIS MAY DESTROY YOUR DATA (filesystem etc.).
		Skip step 3 and continue with step 4.
3.	MPS A: Execute "rtdir" script for E5-APP-B cards with 480GB drive modules.	If EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 300GB drive modules, do not execute this step. Instead, execute step 2. If EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 480GB drive modules, execute this step.
	modules.	Execute the following script: \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/rtdir
		Warning: This utility would increase rtVolume for non-prov setup and this action is irreversible.
		Are you sure you want to continue?[Yes/No]: Yes
		INFO: Increasing rt volume size for Non-provisionable EPAP. Please wait
		INFO: db space increased on 'A'. INFO: Stopping Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services
		Done. INFO: Starting Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done.

Appendix A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

rtdir script: myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table //var/TKLC/epap/db/db/mysql/columns_priv.MyI myisamchk: error: 130 when opening MyISAM-table //var/TKLC/epap/db/db/mysql/cb.myisamchk: myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table //var/TKLC/epap/db/mysql/db.mysql/db		11	•
rdir script: mysamck: error: 140 when opening MytsAm-table '/var/TRLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' mysamcki: error: 140 when opening mytsAm-table '/var/TRLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' mysamcki: error: 140 when opening mytsAm-table '/var/TRLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' error: 15006: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'? (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 'solo: sh pror'solo: sh pror'solo: sh pror'solo: sh pror'solo: sh pro			INFO: Successfully configured Non-provisionable EPAP.
"Var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.wn"; mystamchi: error: 140 when opening wytsw-table mystamchi: error: 150 when opening wytsw-table mystamchi: erapric 7 (socket: [102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 12359: sh mystamchi: erapric 7 (socket: [102707]) leaked on vydisplay invocation. Parent PID 12359: sh mystamchi: erapric 160 when opening mystamchi: error: 140 when			Following error related to MyISAM table shall be observed on CLI while executing rtdir script:
MPS A: Verify RVolume size using command "df-h".			'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' e2fsck 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvreduce invocation. Parent PID 25006: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25350: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25359: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25310: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25410: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epan/db/appronfig/FuiDB/alarmInfo MyI'
rtVolume size using command "df -h". filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_root 976M 288M 637M 32% / tmpfs 3.9G 0.3.9G 0.% /dev/shm /dev/mdl 244M 40M 192M 18% /boot /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_tmp 976M 2.0M 923M 1% /tmp /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_usr 3.9G 2.5G 1.2G 68% /usr /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var 276M 206M 720M 23% /var /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc 3.9G 1.8G 1.9G 49% /var/TKLC /dev/mapper/vgroot-db 5.8G 4.3G 1.2G 79% /var/TKLC/epap/db /dev/mapper/vgroot-free 320G 5.3G 298G 2% /var/TKLC/epap/free / /dev/mapper/vgroot-logs 20G 89M 19G 1% /var/TKLC/epap/logs / /dev/mapper/vgroot-rt 82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epap/rt ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** *			FIPS integrity verification test failed. FIPS integrity verification test failed. WARNING: Reducing active logical volume to 8 00 GiB
rtVolume size using command "df -h". filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_root 976M 288M 637M 32% / tmpfs 3.9G 0.3.9G 0.% /dev/shm /dev/mdl 244M 40M 192M 18% /boot /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_tmp 976M 2.0M 923M 1% /tmp /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_usr 3.9G 2.5G 1.2G 68% /usr /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var 276M 206M 720M 23% /var /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc 3.9G 1.8G 1.9G 49% /var/TKLC /dev/mapper/vgroot-db 5.8G 4.3G 1.2G 79% /var/TKLC/epap/db /dev/mapper/vgroot-free 320G 5.3G 298G 2% /var/TKLC/epap/free / /dev/mapper/vgroot-logs 20G 89M 19G 1% /var/TKLC/epap/logs / /dev/mapper/vgroot-rt 82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epap/rt ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** *	4.	MPS A: Verify	
976M 288M 637M 32% /		rtVolume size using	Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on
tmpfs			-
/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_tmp 976M 2.0M 923M 1% /tmp /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_usr 3.9G 2.5G 1.2G 68% /usr /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var 976M 206M 720M 23% /var /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc 3.9G 1.8G 1.9G 49% /var/TKLC /dev/mapper/vgroot-db 5.8G 4.3G 1.2G 79% /var/TKLC/epap/db /dev/mapper/vgroot-free 320G 5.3G 298G 2% /var/TKLC/epap/free /dev/mapper/vgroot-logs 20G 89M 19G 1% /var/TKLC/epap/logs /dev/mapper/vgroot-rt 82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epap/rt **Tapanday@Anica=1A 21C** **Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G.** MPS B: Execute "rtdir" or **Trdir"			
976M 2.0M 923M 1% /tmp			/dev/md1 244M 40M 192M 18% /boot
dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_usr 3.9G 2.5G 1.2G 68% /usr /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var 976M 206M 720M 23% /var /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc 3.9G 1.8G 1.9G 49% /var/TKLC /dev/mapper/vgroot-db 5.8G 4.3G 1.2G 79% /var/TKLC/epap/db /dev/mapper/vgroot-free 320G 5.3G 298G 2% /var/TKLC/epap/free /dev/mapper/vgroot-logs 20G 89M 19G 1% /var/TKLC/epap/logs /dev/mapper/vgroot-rt 82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epap/rt faranday@Arica=1A 21C Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G. MPS B: Execute Tridir" or After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.			/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_tmp
3.9G 2.5G 1.2G 68% /usr /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var 976M 206M 720M 23% /var /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc 3.9G 1.8G 1.9G 49% /var/TKLC /dev/mapper/vgroot-db 5.8G 4.3G 1.2G 79% /var/TKLC/epap/db /dev/mapper/vgroot-free 320G 5.3G 298G 2% /var/TKLC/epap/free /dev/mapper/vgroot-logs 20G 89M 19G 1% /var/TKLC/epap/logs /dev/mapper/vgroot-rt 82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epap/rt **Tapanday@Aprica=1A 21C** **Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G.** MPS B: Execute "rtdir" or After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.			
/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var 976M 206M 720M 23% /var /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc 3.9G 1.8G 1.9G 49% /var/TKLC /dev/mapper/vgroot-db 5.8G 4.3G 1.2G 79% /var/TKLC/epap/db /dev/mapper/vgroot-free 320G 5.3G 298G 2% /var/TKLC/epap/free /dev/mapper/vgroot-logs 20G 89M 19G 1% /var/TKLC/epap/logs /dev/mapper/vgroot-rt 82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epap/rt farandav@Anica=1h 21C Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G. MPS B: Execute "rtdir" or After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.			-
976M 206M 720M 23% /var /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc			
3.9G 1.8G 1.9G 49% /var/TKLC /dev/mapper/vgroot-db 5.8G 4.3G 1.2G 79% /var/TKLC/epap/db /dev/mapper/vgroot-free 320G 5.3G 298G 2% /var/TKLC/epap/free /dev/mapper/vgroot-logs 20G 89M 19G 1% /var/TKLC/epap/logs /dev/mapper/vgroot-rt 82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epap/rt [anandaw@Anica=1A als] Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G. MPS B: Execute "rtdir" or After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.			
/dev/mapper/vgroot-db 5.8G 4.3G 1.2G 79% /var/TKLC/epap/db /dev/mapper/vgroot-free 320G 5.3G 298G 2% /var/TKLC/epap/free /dev/mapper/vgroot-logs 20G 89M 19G 1% /var/TKLC/epap/logs /dev/mapper/vgroot-rt 82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epap/rt Farandav@hrica-1h ~10 Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G. MPS B: Execute "rtdir" or After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.			
5.8G 4.3G 1.2G 79% /var/TKLC/epap/db /dev/mapper/vgroot-free 320G 5.3G 298G 2% /var/TKLC/epap/free /dev/mapper/vgroot-logs 20G 89M 19G 1% /var/TKLC/epap/logs /dev/mapper/vgroot-rt 82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epap/rt Fanandav@Anica-1A ~10 WPS B: Execute "rtdir" or After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.			
/dev/mapper/vgroot-free 320G 5.3G 298G 2% /var/TKLC/epap/free /dev/mapper/vgroot-logs 20G 89M 19G 1% /var/TKLC/epap/logs /dev/mapper/vgroot-rt 82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epap/rt Faranday@Arica-1A ~10 Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G. MPS B: Execute "rtdir" or After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.			
320G 5.3G 298G 2% /var/TKLC/epap/free /dev/mapper/vgroot-logs 20G 89M 19G 1% /var/TKLC/epap/logs /dev/mapper/vgroot-rt 82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epap/rt Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G. MPS B: Execute "rtdir" or After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.			
/dev/mapper/vgroot-logs 20G 89M 19G 1% /var/TKLC/epap/logs /dev/mapper/vgroot-rt 82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epap/rt Farandaw@Arica-1A ~1C Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G. MPS B: Execute "rtdir" or After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.			
/dev/mapper/vgroot-rt 82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epap/rt Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G. MPS B: Execute "rtdir" or After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.			
We will be greater than 80G. After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B. Barandar@Arica=17 ~18 Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G. After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.			
Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G. MPS B: Execute "rtdir" or After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.			
MPS B: Execute and After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.			
MPS B: Execute rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.			Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G.
Tuni_500g0 script.	5.	"rtdir" or	
		run_500go script.	

Appendix A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

6.	MPS B: Procedure completed.	This procedure is completed.
7.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:
		\$ date

Procedure A.6 PDB Backup

Appendix A.6 PDB Backup

S T	This procedure performs a PDB backup on the EPAP server configured as a Provisionable (mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) node. This procedure should only be performed on the active PDBA.			
E P		Note: Only one PDB Backup is allowed, to be stored. In case another backup is required, workaround is to setup the remote transfer of the existing pdb backup and then delete it.		
#				
	Check off ($$) each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
		FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .		
1.	MPS A: Log in to the server.	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname>		
2.	Run syscheck.	Execute the following Command: \$ syscheck		
3.	Verify the System Check executed successfully.	Running modules in class disk OK Running modules in class net		
	In particular, verify that	OK Running modules in class proc		
	the PDBA process is running by noting that	OK Running modules in class system		
	syscheck does not	OK Running modules in class hardware		
	generate an alarm against the PDBA	ОК		
	process.	The log is available at:>/var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log		
		If the syscheck utility reports the "500000000000000 – Server Application Process		
		Error" alarm, restart the PDBA and execute syscheck again. The above alarm should be removed. If the above alarm is not removed, contact My Oracle Support following the		
4.		instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F.		
	System Check Verifies that PDBA is running.	If the syscheck does not report any errors, proceed to the next step. Otherwise, if any other failures were detected by System Check, contact My Oracle Support following the		
		instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F.		
5.	Log into epapconfig.	\$ su - admusr \$ sudo su - epapconfig		
6.	Main menu is displayed. Select Platform Menu.	Menu for mixed-EPAP:		
Ш	Scient I automi Mona.	/EPAP Configuration Menu\		
		3 Set Time Zone		
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys		
		<u> </u>		

Appendix A.6 PDB Backup

	Appendix A.6	DB Backup
		6 Platform Menu
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 6
7.	Platform menu is	Menu for standard EPAP designation:
	displayed. Select PDB Backup.	_
		/EPAP Platform Menu-\ /\
		2 Reboot MPS
		3 MySQL Backup
		4 RTDB Backup
		\\\/
		Enter Choice: 5
		Menu for PDB-only designation:
		/EPAP Platform Menu-\
		/\
		3 MySQL Backup
		e Exit \/
		Enter Choice: 4
8.	Menu will prompt for a "yes" to continue. Enter	Are you sure you want to backup the PDB to /var/TKLC/epap/free/pdbBackup_DBExpPdbOnly_20180613055813_DBBirthd
	a Y .	ate_20180613072847GMT_DBLevel_6507_v7.50.bkp.tar.gz? [N]:
9.	While the backup is begin performed, the	Successfully started backup of PDB.
	following output will be	Status will be displayed on the GUI banner.
	displayed to the screen. Note: Only one PDB	Press return to continue
	Backup is allowed, to be stored.	Note: If following error is displayed instead of success, then you
	Storeu.	need to delete all pdbBackup from free directory in order to
		schedule new pdbBackup.
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Appendix A.6 PDB Backup

		E1058: An internal error in the EPAP occurred: pdbBackup already exists in free directory. Press return to continue
10.	Exit this menu and return to the login prompt.	Enter Choice: e Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.
11.	Monitor GUI banner.	Monitor the GUI banner. When the backup has completed successfully, continue to the next step.
12.	Use SFTP to transfer the backup file to a remote customer provided computer.	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the PDB backup file to a remote, customer-provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect. \$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
		\$ sftp <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> Connecting to <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> The authenticity of host '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:lb:ca:fd:ld:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA) to the list of known hosts. root@<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password: sftp> cd <target directory=""> sftp> put pdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806_DBBirthdate_ 20140530144717GMT_DBLevel_<dblevel>.bkp.tar.gz Uploading pdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806_DBBirthdate_ 20140530144717GMT_DBLevel_<dblevel>.bkp.tar.gz to pdbBackup_<hostname>_ 20140530151806_DBBirthdate_20140530144717GMT_DBLevel>.bkp .tar.gz sftp> bye If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command \$ su - epapdev \$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/<pdb backup="" file=""> epapdev@mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free/</pdb></hostname></dblevel></hostname></dblevel></hostname></target></ip></ip></ip></ip></ip>
13.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
14.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.7 RTDB Backup

Note: Skip this procedure for PDBonly setup.

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Appendix A.7 RTDB Backup

 S This procedure performs an RTDB backup on the EPAP server. E Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each purpose under each purpose under each provided for this purpose under each purpo		ms an RTDB backup on the EPAP server.
		s it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	AILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .
1.	MPS: Log in to the server.	If not already logged-in, then login to the MPS server. <hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	Enter the epapconfig menu.	Execute the following command:
		\$ sudo su - epapconfig
3.	Main menu is displayed. Select Platform Menu.	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		 8 Security
		9 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		Mate Disaster Recovery
		 e Exit
		\/
4.	Platform menu is	Enter Choice: 6
	displayed. Select RTDB Backup.	/EPAP Platform Menu-\ /\
		1 Initiate Upgrade
		2 Reboot MPS
		3 MySQL Backup
		4 RTDB Backup
		5 PDB Backup
		e Exit \/
		Enter Choice: 4

Appendix A.7 RTDB Backup

5.	The Application software must be stopped.	If the EPAP application software is running, you will be prompted to stop the software for the RTDB backup. Select with a "Y".
		EPAP software is running. Stop it? [N]: Y
6.	Menu will prompt for a "yes" to continue. Enter a Y .	Are you sure you want to backup the PDB to /var/TKLC/epap/free/rtdbBackup_Recife-A_20140530151806.tar.gz? [N]:
7.	While the backup is begin performed, the following output will be displayed to the screen.	Successfully started backup of RTDB. Status will be displayed on the GUI banner.
		Press return to continue
8.	Exit this menu and return to the login	Enter Choice: e
	prompt. Continue exiting until you get to	Enter Choice: e
	the login prompt.	Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.
9.	Monitor GUI banner.	Monitor the GUI banner. When the backup has completed successfully, continue to the next step.
10.	Restart the EPAP Software.	Restart the EPAP application software.
	Software.	\$ sudo /etc/init.d/Epap start
11.	Use SFTP to transfer the backup file to a remote customer provided	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the RTDB backup file to a remote, customer-provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect.
	computer.	\$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
		\$ sftp <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> Connecting to <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> The authenticity of host '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is</ip></ip></ip>
		58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added ' <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA) to the list of known hosts.</ip>
		root@ <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password: sftp> cd <target directory=""></target></ip>
		sftp> put rtdbBackup_ <hostname>_20140530151806.tar.gz Uploading rtdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.tar.gz to rtdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.tar.gz sftp> bye</hostname></hostname></hostname>
		If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command \$ su - epapdev
		<pre>\$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/<rtdb backup="" file=""> epapdev@mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free</rtdb></pre>
12.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
13.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:
	micomip ii iog.	\$ date

Procedure A.8 EuiDB Backup

Appendix A.8 EuiDB Backup

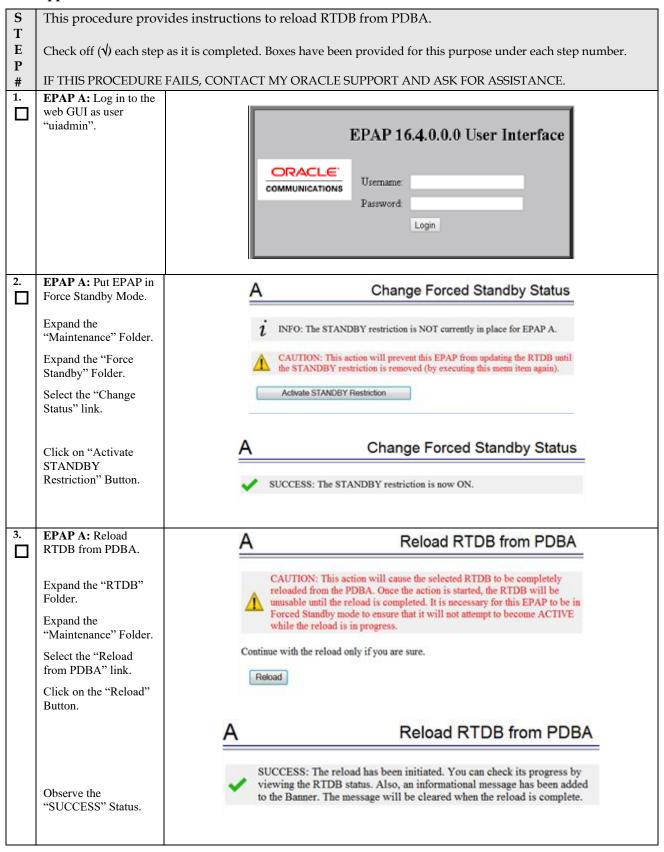
	S This procedure performs a backup of the User database on the MPS server. T	
E P	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
# IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGR</u>		FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .
1.	MPS A: Log in to the server as user "admusr".	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
2.	Enter the epapconfig menu.	Execute the following Command:
		\$ sudo su - epapconfig
3.	Master menu is	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
	displayed. Select Platform Menu.	/\ 1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		 3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		 5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		 7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		 9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 6
4.	Platform menu is	
Ш	displayed. Select MySQL Backup.	/EPAP Platform Menu-\ /\
		1 Initiate Upgrade
		2 Reboot MPS
		3 MySQL Backup
		4 RTDB Backup
		5 PDB Backup
	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Appendix A.8 EuiDB Backup

		e Exit \/
		Enter Choice: 3
5.	You will then be prompted to verify that you want to backup the MySQL Database.	Are you sure you want to backup the MySQL database on MPS A? [N]:
6.	Type "Y" and press enter.	Press Y
7.	While the backup is begin performed, the following output will be displayed to the screen.	NPDB Backed up Successfully to /var/TKLC/appl/free/ <file name=""></file>
8.	Exit this menu and return to the Unix login prompt. Continue	Enter Choice: e
	exiting until you get to the Unix login prompt.	Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.
9.	Use SFTP to transfer the backup file to a remote customer provided computer.	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the NPDB backup file to a remote, customer- provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect. \$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free \$ sftp <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> Connecting to <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> The authenticity of host '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:lb:ca:fd:ld:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA) to the list of known hosts. root@<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password: sftp> cd <target directory=""> sftp> put npdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.sql.gz Uploading npdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.sql.gz to npdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.sql.gz sftp> bye If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command \$ su - epapdev \$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/<npdb backup="" file=""> epapdev @mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free</npdb></hostname></hostname></hostname></target></ip></ip></ip></ip></ip>
10.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
11.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.9 RTDB Reload from PDBA

Appendix A.9 RTDB Reload from PDBA

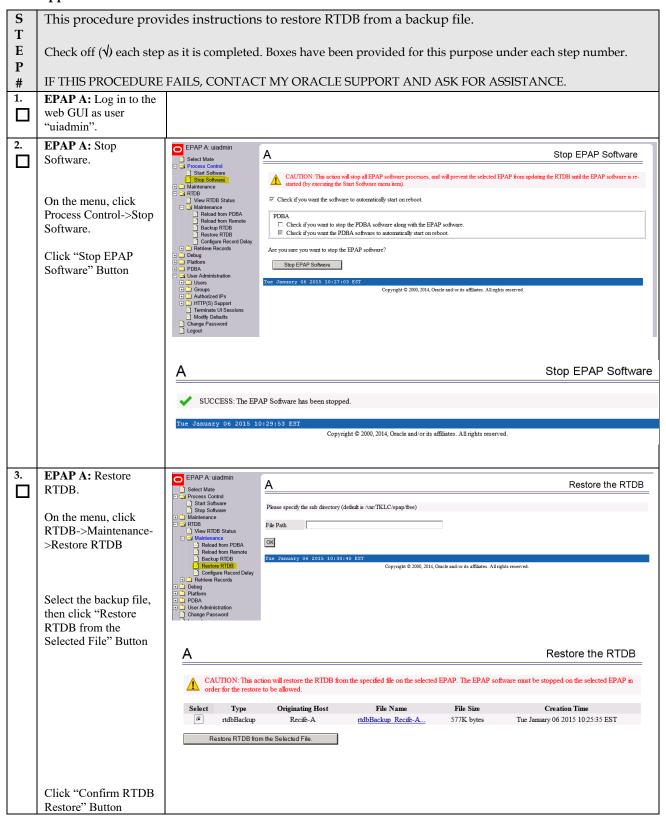


Appendix A.9 RTDB Reload from PDBA

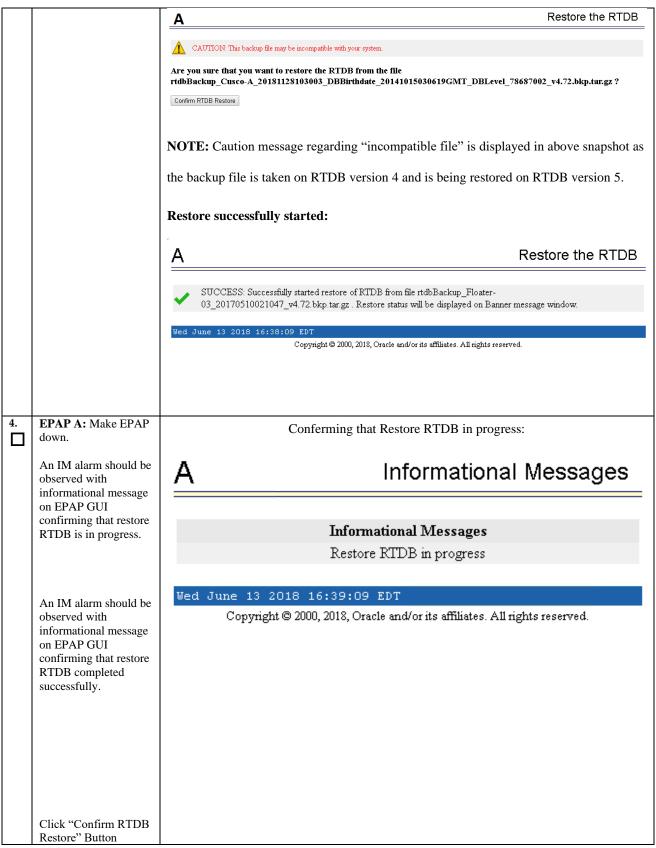
	rr · · ·	,
4.	EPAP A: Wait for completion. Observe the GUI informational message and wait for the RTDB Reload completion message before proceeding.	(2) Notes with Marie
5.	EPAP A: Remove EPAP from Force Standby Mode. Expand the "Maintenance" Folder. Expand the "Force Standby" Folder. Select the "Change Status" link. Click on "Remove STANDBY Restriction" Button.	A Change Forced Standby Status i INFO: The STANDBY restriction is currently in place for EPAP A. CAUTION: This action will allow this EPAP to resume updating the RTDB. Remove STANDBY Restriction A Change Forced Standby Status ✓ SUCCESS: The STANDBY restriction is now OFF.
6.	EPAP A: Verify RTDB status. Expand the "RTDB" Folder. Select the "View RTDB Status" link.	Local RTDB Status DB Status: Coherent Audit Enabled: Yes RTDB Level: 1 RTDB 05/22/2014 14:57:49 GMT PDB Level: 1 PDB Birthday: 05/09/2014 07:51:44 GMT Counts: IMSIs=0, DNs=0, DN Blocks=0, NEs=1, ASDs=0 Tables: IMSI=0, DN=0, IMEI=0, ASD=0 DB Size: 3 M MinDsmSz: 0 MB (0) Reload: None The RTDB Status must be Coherent.
7. 8.	Procedure complete. Note down the timestamp in log.	Return to the procedure that you came here from. Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.10 RTDB Restore

Appendix A.10 RTDB Restore



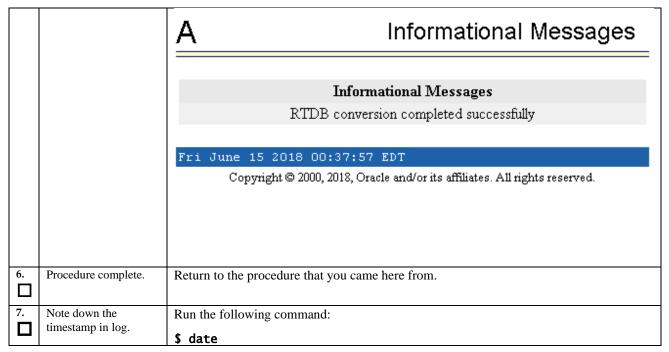
Appendix A.10 RTDB Restore



Appendix A.10 RTDB Restore

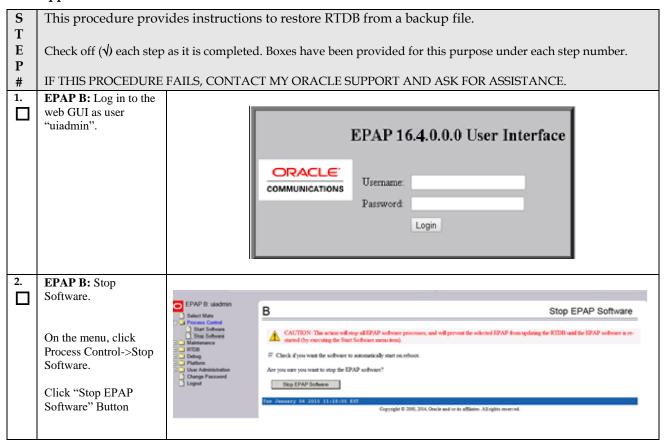
		Conferming that Restore RTDB is completed successfully:
		A Informational Messages
		Informational Messages Restore RTDB completed successfully
		Fri June 15 2018 00:30:27 EDT Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
5.	EPAP A: RTDB converter is started. An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that RTDB Conversion in	This step is performed only to support EAGLE release 46.7.0.0.0 (On the setup where DB Architecture is eXtreme):
	progress.	A Informational Messages
	An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI	Informational Messages RTDB Conversion in progress Wed June 13 2018 16:55:42 EDT
	confirming that RTDB Conversion completed successfully.	Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

Appendix A.10 RTDB Restore

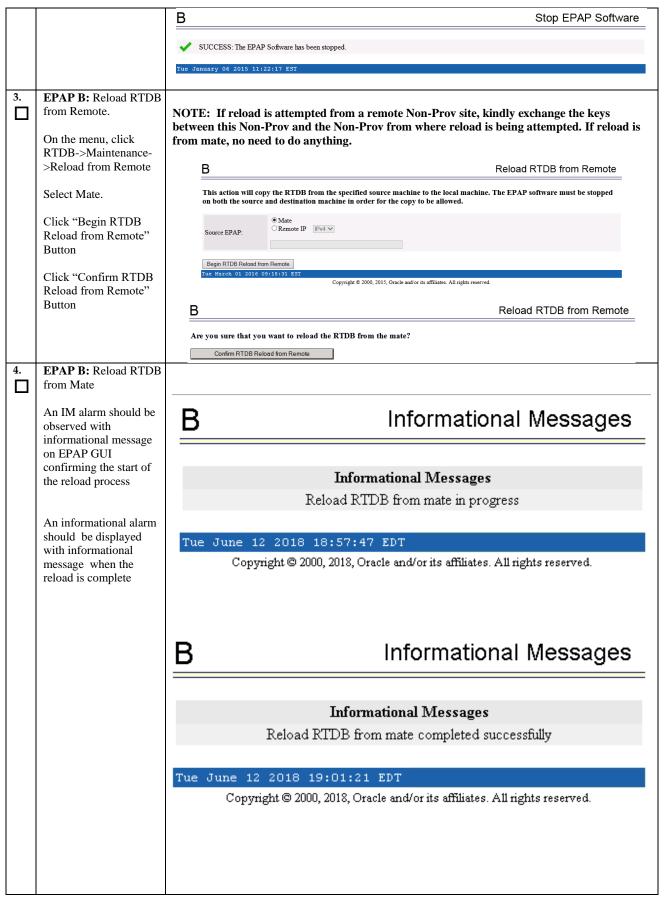


Procedure A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote

Appendix A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote



Appendix A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote



Appendix A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote

	MPS A and B: Restart the GUI Server	Login to EPAP cli as epapdev user:
	process.	Login: epapdev Password: <epapdev_password></epapdev_password>
		Run following commands to restart GUI server process
		\$ pkill gs
		\$ ssh mate pkill gs
6.	MPS B: Start the Epap software on EPAP A and B.	\$ ssh mate /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started.
		\$ service Epap start
		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~
		EPAP application started.
7.	MPS B: Checking the RTDB Status	\$ pkill gs
		B View RTDB Status
	Log onto the GUI of	
	the B server and select RTDB, View RTDB	Local RTDB Status DB Status: Coherent Audit Enabled: Yes
	the B server and select	DB Status: Coherent Audit Enabled: Yes RTDB Level: 8 RTDB Birthday: 12/31/2014 15/01/20 GMT
	the B server and select RTDB, View RTDB	DB Status: Coherent Audit Enabled: Yes RTDB Level: 8 RTDB Birthday: 12/31/2014 15/01/20 GMT PDB Level: 8 PDB Birthday: 12/31/2014 15/02/16 GMT Counts: IMSIs=0, DNs=7, DN Blocks=0, NEs=1, ASDs=0
	the B server and select RTDB, View RTDB Status. Verify that the DB	DB Status: Coherent Audit Enabled: Yes RTDB Level: 8 RTDB Birthday: 12/31/2014 15/01/20 GMT PDB Level: 8 PDB Birthday: 12/31/2014 15/02/16 GMT
	the B server and select RTDB, View RTDB Status. Verify that the DB status for the local	DB Status: Coherent Audit Enabled: Yes RTDB Level: 8 RTDB Birthday: 12/31/2014 15:01:20 GMT PDB Level: 8 PDB Birthday: 12/31/2014 15:02:16 GMT Counts: IMSis=0, DNs=7, DN Blocks=0, Nts=1, ASDs=0 Tables: IMSi=0, DN=1, IMEI=0, ASD=0
	the B server and select RTDB, View RTDB Status. Verify that the DB status for the local and the mate is	DB Status: Coherent
	the B server and select RTDB, View RTDB Status. Verify that the DB status for the local	DB Status: Coherent Audit Enabled: Yes
	the B server and select RTDB, View RTDB Status. Verify that the DB status for the local and the mate is	DB Status: Coherent Audit Enabled: Yes
	the B server and select RTDB, View RTDB Status. Verify that the DB status for the local and the mate is	DB Status: Coherent Audit Enabled: Yes
	the B server and select RTDB, View RTDB Status. Verify that the DB status for the local and the mate is	DB Status: Coherent Audit Enabled: Yes
8.	the B server and select RTDB, View RTDB Status. Verify that the DB status for the local and the mate is Coherent	DB Status: Coherent Audit Enabled: Yes
8.	the B server and select RTDB, View RTDB Status. Verify that the DB status for the local and the mate is	DB Status: Coherent Audit Enabled: Yes
l	the B server and select RTDB, View RTDB Status. Verify that the DB status for the local and the mate is Coherent	DB Status: Coherent Audit Enabled: Yes

Procedure A.12 ISO Image download from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud

This procedure defines the step to download the ISO from OSDC and copy to the test server at specific path.

Appendix A.12 ISO Image download from OSDC

S	This procedure provide	des instructions to download an ISO image from OSDC and copy to the required		
T	server.			
E				
P	Check off ($$) each step a	Check off $()$ each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
#				
	IF THIS PROCEDURE F	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.		
1.	MPS X: Log in to the	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr		
	server as the "admusr"	password: <admusr_password></admusr_password>		
	user.	-		

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Appendix A.12 ISO Image download from OSDC

2.	MPS X: Run syscheck to make sure there is no	Execute the following command: \$ sudo syscheck
	error.	The output should look like: [admusr@hostname ~]\$ syscheck
		Running modules in class disk OK
		Running modules in class hardware OK
		Running modules in class net OK
		Running modules in class proc OK
		Running modules in class system OK
		Running modules in class upgrade
		OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log
3.	MPS X: Verify ISO image doesn't already	Execute the following command to perform directory listing: \$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade
	exist.	The output should look like as follows (There is no ISO is present in following example):
		[admusr@Osorna-B-PDBonly ~]\$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade/
		drwxrwxr-x. 3 root admgrp 4096 Feb 19 21:43 . dr-xr-xr-x. 22 root root 4096 Jun 15 2018
		If an ISO image exists, remove it by executing the following command:
		<pre>\$ rm -f /var/TKLC/upgrade/<iso image=""></iso></pre>
4.	Download the ISO image from OSDC.	Download the ISO image from OSDC(Oracle Software Delivery Cloud).
5.	Copy the ISO from source path to destination path.	NOTE: Skip this step if same ISO is already present on destination folder.
		Copy the ISO image from source path to destination path using scp/ftp command.
		Execute the following command on destination server:
		\$ sudo scp <source_username>@<source_server_ip>:/<source_path>/xyz.iso /var/TKLC/upgrade</source_path></source_server_ip></source_username>
		Password: <enter source="" userpassword=""></enter>
		OR,
		Execute the following command on source server:
		<pre>\$ scp /<source_path>/<xyz.iso> admusr@<destination_server_ip>:/var/TKLC/upgrade</destination_server_ip></xyz.iso></source_path></pre>
		Password: <enter admusr="" password=""></enter>

Appendix A.12 ISO Image download from OSDC

6.	MPS X: Verify ISO image copied on destination path.	Execute the following command to perform directory listing: \$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade
		The output should look like: [admusr@hostname ~]\$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade
		total 1599016
		-rr 1 root root 925388800 Aug 23 02:15 EPAP- 16.3.0.0.0_163.12.0-x86_64.iso
		dr-xr-xr-x. 22 root root 4096 Aug 23 02:31
		drwxrwxr-x. 3 root admgrp 4096 Sep 11 04:38 .
		Repeat this procedure from step 1 if EPAP ISO file is not as expected.
7.	MPS X: Validate ISO file.	Validate ISO file using Procedure A.2.
8.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.
9.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.13 IPM MPS Server with TPD 7.6.2

Note: Both the MPS-A and MPS-B servers can be IPM'ed at the same time.

Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 7.6.2

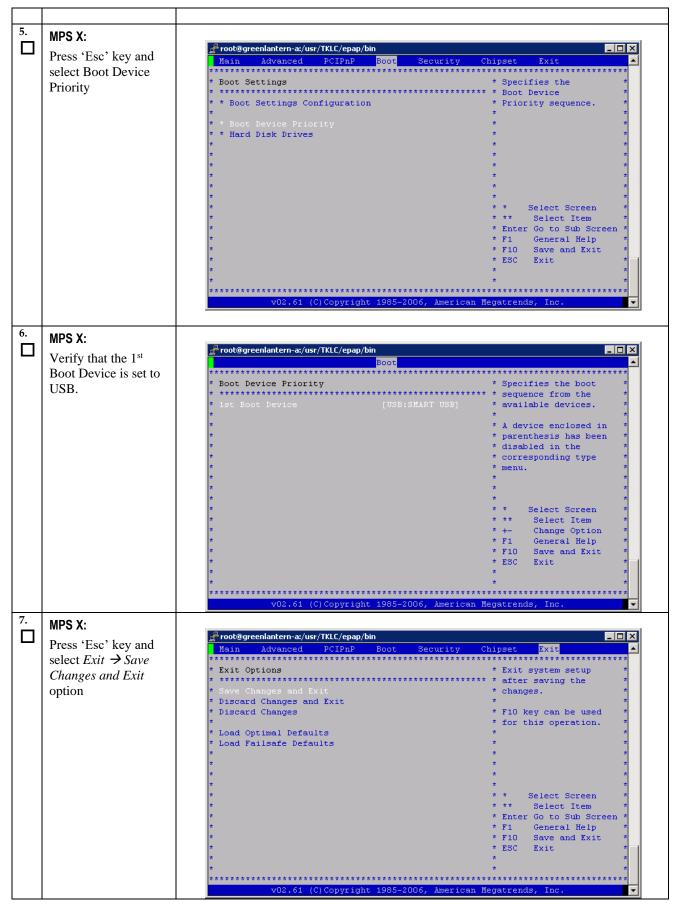
S	This procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server.	
T		
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P		
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
1.	MPS X:	Reboot server
	Insert TPD 7.6.2 USB	# reboot
	media into the USB	
	port (E5-APP-B)	

Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 7.6.2

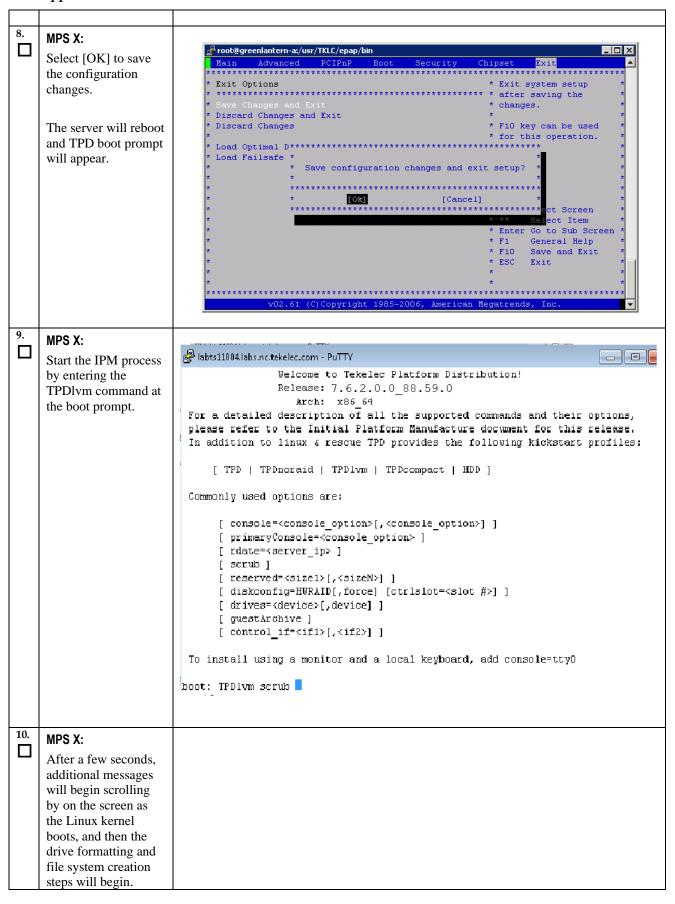


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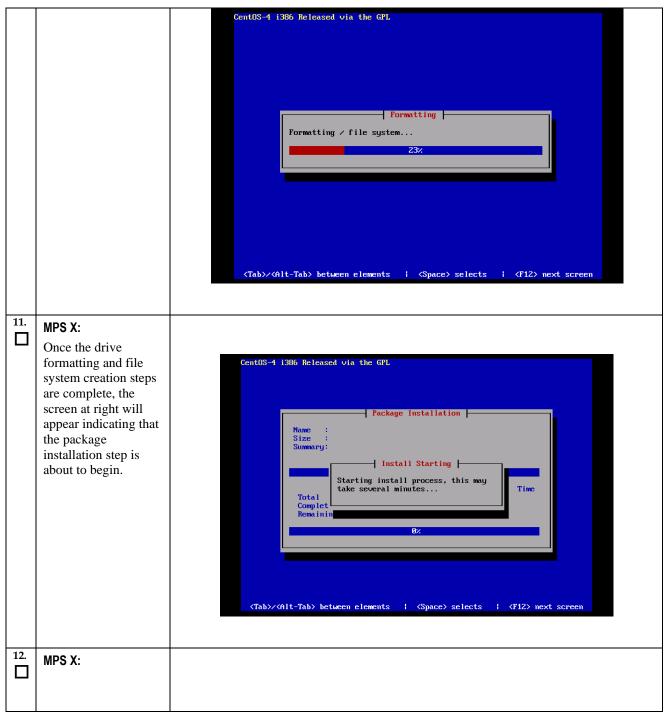
Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 7.6.2



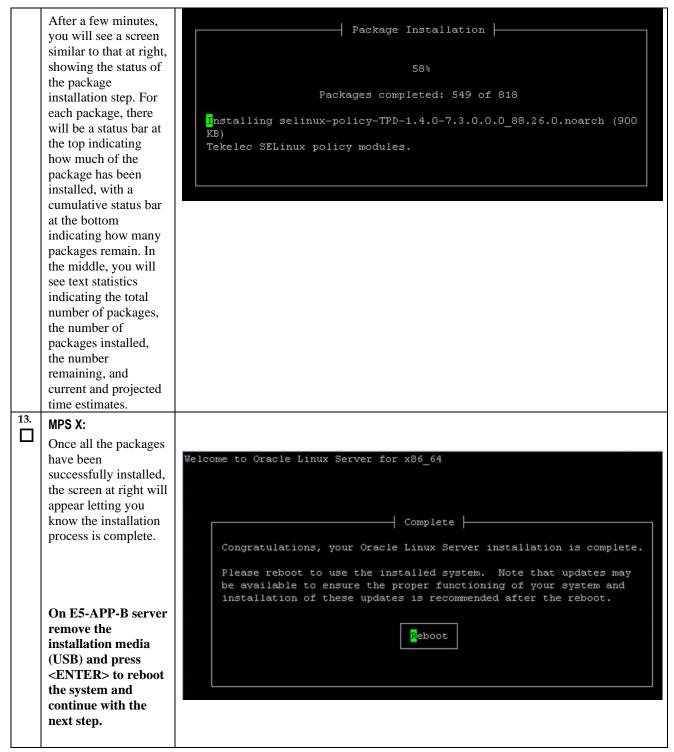
Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 7.6.2



Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 7.6.2



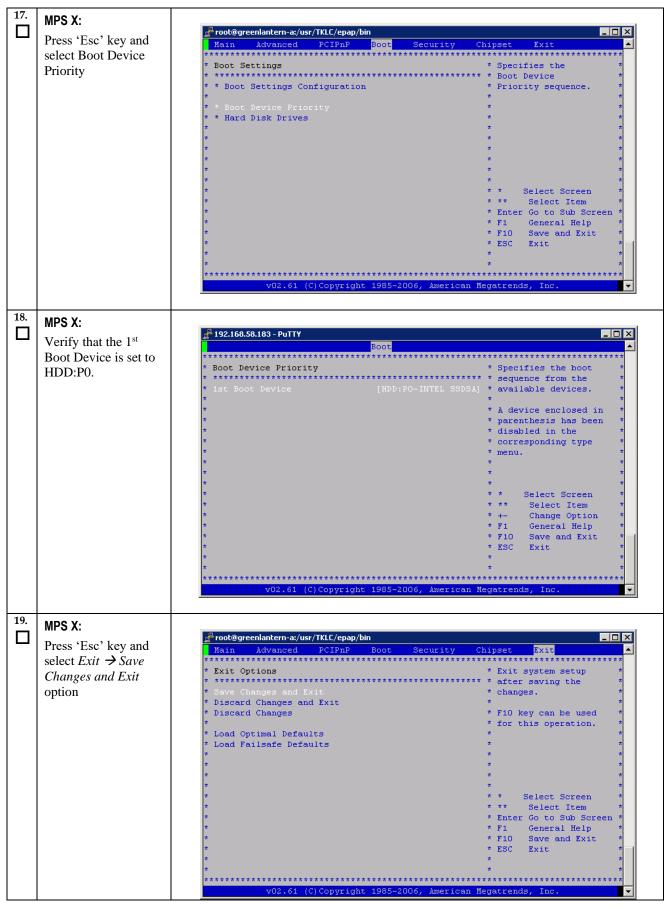
Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 7.6.2



Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 7.6.2

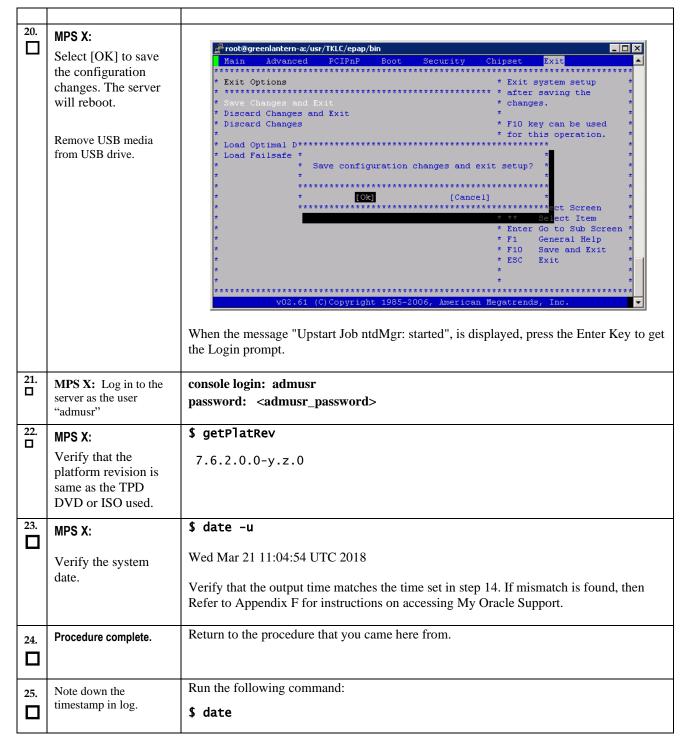


Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 7.6.2



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Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 7.6.2



Procedure A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

Note: All the networks (Prov, GUI and OAM) should be in different subnets. The networks can be a mix of IPv4 and IPv6 IPs.

Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

S	This procedure will configure the standalone PDB in segmented configuration.
T	

Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE .	
1.		[hostname] consolelogin: admusr
	MPS A: Log on Server A.	password: password
2.	MPS A: Switch user to epapconfig.	\$ sudo su - epapconfig
3.	MPS A: A note of caution appears. Press Return to continue.	Caution: This is the first login of the text user interface. Press return to continue
4.	MPS A: Upon pressing Return you can now abort or proceed with the initial configuration. To continue with the configuration, enter Y.	Are you sure you wish to continue? [N]:Y
5.	MPS A: Enter the System Number and Network Configuration Type as "Segmented".	Building the initial database on side A. Stopping local slave No preexisting EuiDB database was detected. Set EPAP System Number: <enter here="" number="" system="" the=""> Enter the Network Configuration Type (1 for Single, 2 for Segmented): 2</enter>
6.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 2, Configure Network Interfaces Menu.	

Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

		/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\
		1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 2
7.	MPS A: The Configure	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
	Network Interfaces Menu is displayed.	//\ 1 Configure Provisioning Network
	Select choice 1, Configure Provisioning	2 Configure GUI Network
	Network.	3 Configure Operations and Maintenance Network
		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		 5 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		\\\/
		Enter Choice: 1

Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

	Appendix A.14 Si	
		/Configure Provisiong Network Menu-\
	Note: Enter choice "1" for IPv4 configuration.	1 IPv4 Configuration
	Otherwise, enter choice "2" for IPv6	2 IPv6 Configuration
	configuration.	e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice:
		Example output Standalone PDB in IPv4 configuration:
		EPAP A provisioning network IP Address: 192.168.61.35
		EPAP provisioning network netmask: 255.255.255.0 EPAP provisioning network default router: 192.168.61.250
		Select choice e to exit to the "Configure Network Interfaces" menu.
8.	MPS A: The Configure Network Interfaces	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
	Menu is displayed.	/\ 1 Configure Provisioning Network
	Select choice 2, Configure GUI	
	Network.	
		5 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		Enter Choice: 2
		/Configure GUI Network-\
	NI	/\ 1 IPv4 Configuration
	Note: Enter choice "1" for IPv4 configuration.	2 IPv6 Configuration
	Otherwise, enter choice "2" for IPv6	ii
	configuration.	e Exit
		Enter Choice: 1
		Example output Standalone PDB in IPv4 configuration:
		EPAP A GUI network IP Address: 192.168.59.27 EPAP GUI network netmask: 255.255.255.0
		EPAP GUI network route: 192.168.59.250
		Select choice e to exit to the "Configure Network Interfaces" menu.
9.	MPS A: The Configure Network Interfaces	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
	Menu is displayed.	/\
	Select choice 3, Configure Operations	2 Configure GUI Network
	and Maintenance Network.	3 Configure Operations and Maintenance Network

Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

		5 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		 e Exit /
	Note: Enter choice "1" for IPv4 configuration. Otherwise, enter choice "2" for IPv6 configuration.	Enter Choice: 3 /Configure Operations and Maintenance Network-\ /
10.	MPS A: Select choice e to exit from the epapconfig menu.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\ 1

Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

		/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		 6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		 10 SNMP Configuration
		 11 Configure Alarm Feed
		 12
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 DB Architecture Menu
		 e Exit
		Enter Choice: 2
		Enter Choice: e
		Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.
11.	MPS A: Procedure is complete.	Procedure is complete.
12.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date

Procedure A.15 Password change for EPAP System Users

Appendix A.15 Password change for EPAP System Users

S	This procedure will change the password for the EPAP System User(s).
T	
E	Check off $()$ each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P	
	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE .

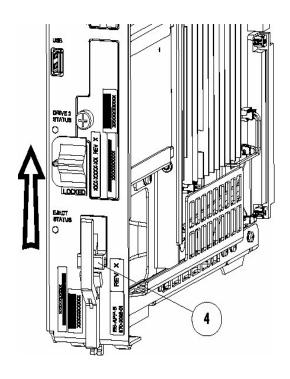
Appendix A.15 Password change for EPAP System Users

#		
1.	MPS A: Log on Server A with the EPAP System User for which the password is to be changed.	<pre>[hostname]: <epap system="" user=""> password: <epapdev password=""></epapdev></epap></pre>
2.	MPS A: Change Password for an EPAP system user	Execute the command to change to password of an existing EPAP user. \$ passwd Changing password for user <epap system="" user="">. Changing password for <epap system="" user="">. (current) UNIX password: <enter current="" here="" password="" the=""> New password: <enter here="" new="" password="" the=""> Retype new password: <retype here="" new="" password="" the=""> passwd: all authentication tokens updated successfully. Note: The Linux "passwd" command used to change the password of Linux users, follows the Linux PAM rules. Refer to the Linux manual for the PAM rules. # man pam_cracklib</retype></enter></enter></epap></epap>
3.	MPS B: Change Password	Repeat steps 1 and 2 on MPS B also. Note: The new password on MPS A and B should be same.
4.	MPS A: Procedure Complete	This procedure is complete.
5.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.16 E5-APP-B Halt/Shutdown

Appendix A.16 E5-APP-B Halt/Shutdown

S T	This procedure will halt the E5-APP-B hardrware.		
E P	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .		
1.	E5APPB Card: Slide the ejector switch	On the APP-B card, slide the Ejector switch (4) up to the UNLOCKED position. Refer to Figure 7.	
		Caution: If the Ejector switch goes from locked to unlocked and the E5-APP-B card is in service, the card will halt.	
2.	E5APPB Card: Monitor the Eject Status LED	WAIT for the E5-APP-B Eject Status LED to go from blinking red to a steady red.	
3.	E5APPB Card: Lever Release	Grasp the upper and lower card Inject/Eject (I/E) lever release (3) just underneath the I/E lever, and press it to meet the I/E lever. This is the mechanical interlock for the card. Refer to Figure 8.	
4.	E5APPB Card: Pull out the levers	While holding the I/E interlock and lever, pull the levers (2) away from the shelf until they are parallel to the floor. Refer to Figure 8.	
5.	E5APPB Card: Slide the ejector switch	Remove the E5-APP-B card from the EAGLE shelf.	
6.	MPS A: Procedure Complete	This procedure is complete.	
7.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date	



Tokelic Common C

Figure 7: Slide the Ejector Switch

Figure 8: Release Lever

Procedure A.17 Procedure to Configure EPAP switch ports and EAGLE SM cards to support 1G EPAP-to-Eagle RTDB download speed

Note: This needs to be done in coordination with the EAGLE team.

Appendix A.17 Procedure to Configure EPAP switch ports and EAGLE SM cards to support 1G EPAP-to-Eagle RTDB download speed

S	This procedure will configure EPAP Switch ports and Eagle SM cards to support 1G EPAP-to-EAGLE download		
Т	speed.		
Ε	Note: Estimated time of completion is 20 minutes.		
Р			
#			

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1.	E5-APP-B A/B: Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to 1000 Mbps.	Follow Procedure 9 to Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to 1000 Mbps
2.	port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP to Auto-negotiate.	Eagle Command to configure an Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP: CHG-IP-LNK:LOC= <sm card="" location="">:PORT=<port>:IPADDR=<ip address="">:SUBMASK=<subnet mask="">:MCAST=YES:AUTO=YES</subnet></ip></port></sm>
3.	EAGLE: Verify the auto negotiation status of the Ethernet ports on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP. Make sure the ports are getting auto-negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Eagle Command to verify auto negotiation status of an Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP: PASS: LOC= <sm card="" location="">:CMD="NETSTAT -I" Please go through the "Identifying the Ethernet port status on SM cards using "NETSTAT -I" display" section below. If ports on SM cards are getting auto-negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex correctly, then stop here. Otherwise continue with next step.</sm>
4.	E5-APP-B A/B: Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to auto-negotiate.	Follow Procedure 9 to Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to 'auto'.
5.	EAGLE: Verify the auto negotiation status of a Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP. Make sure the ports are getting auto-negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Eagle Command to verify auto negotiation status of an Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP: PASS: LOC= <sm card="" location="">:CMD="NETSTAT -I" Please go through the "Identifying the Ethernet port status on SM cards using "NETSTAT -I" display" section below</sm>
6.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Identifying the Ethernet port status on SM cards using "NETSTAT -I" display:

```
SM8G-B card running SCCPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 3) = ExAP Port B
SM8G-B card running SCCPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 3) = ExAP Port B
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1307
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:43:49 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST SST AST 1307 140-029-000 DSM SCCPHC IS-ANR MPS Unavl -----
     ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
     BLMCAP GPL version = 140-029-000
     IMT BUS A = Conn
      IMT BUS B
                         = Disc
      CLOCK A
                        = Fault
      CLOCK B
                        = Active
                        = Idle
      CLOCK I
     MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SMXG B
                         = SMXG B
```

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```
DBD STATUS
                          = Valid
      DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 8192M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION = 9
BIOS VERSION = 0ABSV01
      PSOC VERSION = 0.1
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 34C ( 94F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 34C ( 94F)
                                              [17-05-04 15:49]
      SCCP % OCCUP
                           = 0%
      SCCP SM DATA TYPE = DN
      APPLICATION SERVICING
                                           MFC
          SNM
                 REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          INM REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
MTP3 REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
SFLOG REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
      IPLNK STATUS
          A 192.168.120.21 DOWN
B 192.168.121.21 DOWN
IP CONNECTION
                                                PST
OOS-MT
                                                   OOS-MT
      DSM IP CONNECTION
          PORT PST
                                  SST
                  OOS-MT
                                  Unavail
                 OOS-MT
                                  Unavail
    Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1307:cmd="netstat -i"
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:44:26 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
    -> tklc ifShow
    lo (unit number 0):
          Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET UP
         Type: SOFTWARE LOOPBACK
         inet: 127.0.0.1
         Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
         O packets received; 1 packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
          0 multicast packets sent
         0 input errors; 0 output errors
         0 collisions; 0 dropped
         0 output queue drops
    DPLend (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
         Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
         Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
         0 octets received
         0 octets sent
         0 unicast packets received
         0 unicast packets sent
         0 non-unicast packets received
         0 non-unicast packets sent
         0 incoming packets discarded
         0 outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
          0 outgoing errors
         0 unknown protos
          O collisions; O dropped
          0 output queue drops
```

```
qei (unit number 2):
         Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
         Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
         inet: 192.168.120.21
         Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
         Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
         Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
         250214 octets received
         122200 octets sent
         0 unicast packets received
         0 unicast packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
         2075 broadcast packets received
         940 broadcast packets sent
         0 incoming packets discarded
         0 outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
         0 outgoing errors
         0 unknown protos
         O collisions; O dropped
         0 output queue drops
    gei (unit number 3):
         Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
         Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
         inet: 192.168.121.21
         Broadcast address: 192.168.121.255
         Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
         Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
         248920 octets received
         121290 octets sent
         0 unicast packets received
         0 unicast packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
         2062 broadcast packets received
         933 broadcast packets sent
         0 incoming packets discarded
         0 outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
         0 outgoing errors
         0 unknown protos
         O collisions; O dropped
         0 output queue drops
   value = 26 = 0x1a
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:44:36 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   NETSTAT command complete
SM8G-B card running SCCP64:
gei (unit number 4) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 5) = ExAP Port B
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1307
```

;

```
eagle1 17-05-04 17:00:01 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST
                                                                SST
                                                         SST .
MPS Unavl ----
                                                                       AST
    1307
           140-029-000 DSM
                                    SCCP64
                                                IS-ANR
      ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
      BLDC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A
                          = Conn
      IMT BUS B
                          = Disc
      CLOCK A
                           = Fault
      CLOCK B
                           = Active
                           = Idle
      CLOCK I
      MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SMXG B
      DBD STATUS
                           = Valid
      DBD TYPE
                           = None
      DBD MEMORY SIZE = 8192M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION = 9
      BIOS VERSION = 0ABSV01

PSOC VERSION = 0.1
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 34C ( 94F)
      PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 34C (94F)
                                             [17-05-04 15:49]
      SCCP % OCCUP
                          = 0%
      SCCP SM DATA TYPE = DN
      APPLICATION SERVICING
                                          MFC
                  REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          SNM
                 REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
                REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          MTP3
          SFLOG
      IPLNK STATUS

        IPADDR
        STATUS
        PST

        192.168.120.21
        DOWN
        OOS-MT

        192.168.121.21
        DOWN
        OOS-MT

          TPLNK TPADDR
      DSM IP CONNECTION
          PORT PST
                                  SST
                  OOS-MT
                                   Unavail
          Α
               OOS-MT
OOS-MT
                                 Unavail
          В
    Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1307:cmd="netstat -i"
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:00:14 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
    shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
    -> tklc_ifShow
    lo0 Link type:Local loopback Queue:none
   inet 127.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 automatic
        inet6 unicast ::1 prefixlen 128
        UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
        MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:1
        RX packets:761 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:761 mcast:3 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:85k TX bytes:85k
                 Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2 Queue:none
    gei4
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
        inet 192.168.120.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.120.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d2%gei4 prefixlen 64 automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
```

;

```
MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:2
        RX packets:791 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:386 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:92k TX bytes:48k
    gei5
                Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3 Queue:none
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
        inet 192.168.121.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.121.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d3%gei5 prefixlen 64 automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
        MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:3
        RX packets:783 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:386 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:91k TX bytes:48k
    qei (unit number 4):
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    gei (unit number 5):
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    value = 1 = 0x1
SM8G-B card running ENUMHC/DEIRHC/SIPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port
gei (unit number 3) = Signaling Port
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:06 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST SST AST 1317 140-029-000 DSM ENUMHC IS-ANR MPS Unavl -----
      ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
      BLMCAP GPL version = 140-029-000
     IMT BUS A = Conn
IMT BUS B = Disc
      CLOCK A
                         = Fault
      CLOCK B
                          = Active
     CLOCK I = Idle
MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SMXG B
DBD STATUS = Valid
      CLOCK I
      DBD STATUS
      DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 8192M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION = 9
BIOS VERSION = 0ABSV01
      PSOC VERSION = 0.1
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 34C ( 94F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 34C ( 94F) [17-05-02 09:31]
ENUM SM DATA TYPE = DN
              192.168.120.13 UP
10.75.49.21 UP
      IPLNK STATUS
          IPLNK IPADDR
                                                PST
                                                IS-NR
          B
                                                IS-NR
          D
      DSM IP CONNECTION
          PORT PST SST
A OOS-MT Unavail
D OOS-MA Ueq
      ENUM CONNECTION STATUS
                              PROT
         CNAME
                                        STATUS
```

Command Completed.

```
> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
Command Accepted - Processing
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:46 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
    Command entered at terminal #13.
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:46 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS: Command sent to card
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:46 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
    -> tklc ifShow
    lo (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET UP
         Type: SOFTWARE LOOPBACK
         inet: 127.0.0.1
         Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
         O packets received; 1 packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
         0 input errors; 0 output errors
         O collisions; O dropped
         0 output queue drops
    DPLend (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
         Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
         Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
         0 octets received
         0 octets sent
         0 unicast packets received
         0 unicast packets sent
         O non-unicast packets received
         0 non-unicast packets sent
         0 incoming packets discarded
         0 outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
         0 outgoing errors
         0 unknown protos
         0 collisions; 0 dropped
         0 output queue drops
    gei (unit number 2):
         Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET_UP
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
         Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
         inet: 192.168.120.13
         Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
         Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
         Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
         16128 octets received
         102048 octets sent
         0 unicast packets received
         0 unicast packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
         252 broadcast packets received
```

```
786 broadcast packets sent
         0 incoming packets discarded
         0 outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
         0 outgoing errors
        0 unknown protos
         O collisions; O dropped
         0 output queue drops
    gei (unit number 3):
         Flags: (0x70043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
         PHY Flags: (0x12012) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
        Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
         inet: 10.75.49.21
        Broadcast address: 10.75.49.255
        Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
        Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3
        Metric is 0
        Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
        0 octets received
        128 octets sent
         0 unicast packets received
        0 unicast packets sent
        0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
        0 broadcast packets received
        2 broadcast packets sent
         0 incoming packets discarded
        0 outgoing packets discarded
        0 incoming errors
         0 outgoing errors
         0 unknown protos
         O collisions; O dropped
        0 output queue drops
    value = 26 = 0x1a
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:56 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
;
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:56 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   NETSTAT command complete
SM8G-B card running ENUM64/DEIR64/SIP64:
gei (unit number 4) = ExAP Port
gei (unit number 5) = Signaling Port
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:23:31 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST
1317 140-029-000 DSM ENUM64 IS-ANR
                                                           SST
                                                                      AST
          140-029-000 DSM
                                                           MPS Unavl
     ALARM STATUS = ** 0080 Shelf FAN bit is OFF
     BLDC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
     IMT BUS A
                        = Conn
     IMT BUS B
                         = Disc
     CLOCK A
                         = Fault
     CLOCK B
                         = Active
                         = Idle
     CLOCK I
     MBD BIP STATUS
                       = Valid
     MOTHER BOARD ID
                        = SMXG B
```

```
DBD STATUS
                         = Valid
      DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 8192M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION = 9
BIOS VERSION = 0ABSV01
      PSOC VERSION = 0.1
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 34C ( 94F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 34C ( 94F) [17-05-02 09:31]
ENUM SM DATA TYPE = DN
              .. IFADUR STATUS PST
192.168.120.13 UP IS-NR
10.75.49.21 UP IS-NR
      IPLNK STATUS
          IPLNK IPADDR
          B
          С
      DSM IP CONNECTION
      PORT PST SST
A OOS-MT Unavail
D OOS-MA Ueq
ENUM CONNECTION STATUS
CNAME PROT STATUS
    Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:23:59 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
    shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
    -> tklc ifShow
    lo0 Link type:Local loopback Queue:none
        inet 127.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 automatic
        inet6 unicast :: 1 prefixlen 128
        UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
        MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:1
        RX packets:885990 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:885990 mcast:3 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:99M TX bytes:99M
                Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2 Queue:none
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
        inet 192.168.120.13 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.120.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d2%gei4 prefixlen 64 automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
        MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:2
        RX packets:35807 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:877952 mcast:12 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:2148k TX bytes:110M
                Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3 Queue:none
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
        inet 10.75.49.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.75.49.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d3%gei5 prefixlen 64 automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
        MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:3
        RX packets:526 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:7 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:57k TX bytes:510
    gei (unit number 4):
```

```
PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    gei (unit number 5):
         PHY Flags: (0x12012) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    value = 1 = 0x1
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:24:09 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:24:09 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   NETSTAT command complete
;
SLIC card running SCCPHC:
gei (unit number 2) is ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 0) is ExAP Port B
> REPT-STAT-CARD:MODE=FULL:LOC=1307
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:10:21 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST 1307 140-029-000 SLIC SCCPHC IS-ANR
                                                             SST
                                                                        AST
                                                                        98%
                                                             Standby
      ALARM STATUS = ** 0080 Shelf FAN bit is OFF
      BLSLC32 GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A
                        = Conn
      IMT BUS B
      CLOCK A
                         = Fault
      CLOCK B
                         = Active
      CLOCK I
                         = Idle
                       = Valid
= SLIC
      MBD BIP STATUS
      MOTHER BOARD ID
                         = SLIC
      DBD STATUS
                          = Valid
      DBD TYPE
                          = None
      DBD MEMORY SIZE = 16384M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION = 9400036
                        = 0ACFP00
= 1.0
      BIOS VERSION
      PSOC VERSION
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 40C (104F)
      PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 40C (104F) [17-05-04 15:05]
                          = 0%
      SCCP % OCCUP
      SCCP SM DATA TYPE = DN
      APPLICATION SERVICING
                                        MFC
                REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          INM REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
MTP3 REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
SFLOG REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
      IPLNK STATUS
         IPLNK IPADDR
                                   STATUS
                192.168.120.21 DOWN
192.168.121.21 DOWN
                                              OOS-MT
                                              OOS-MT
          B
      DSM IP CONNECTION
                OOS-MT Unavail
          PORT PST
          A
   Command Completed.
> PASS:LOC=1307:CMD="NETSTAT -I"
```

```
eagle1 17-05-04 15:10:27 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
SDS Shell Output
-> tklc ifShow
lo (unit number 0):
     Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET UP
    Type: SOFTWARE LOOPBACK
     inet: 127.0.0.\overline{1}
    Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
     O packets received; 1 packets sent
     0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
     0 input errors; 0 output errors
     O collisions; O dropped
    0 output queue drops
DPLend (unit number 0):
    Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
     Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
    0 octets received
    0 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 non-unicast packets received
     0 non-unicast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
     0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 2):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
     PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    inet: 192.168.120.21
    Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
    Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
     0 octets received
    2014 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
     0 unicast packets sent
     0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
     0 broadcast packets received
    16 broadcast packets sent
    0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 0):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
     PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
     inet: 192.168.121.21
    Broadcast address: 192.168.121.255
```

```
Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
         Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
         0 octets received
         1884 octets sent
         0 unicast packets received
         0 unicast packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
         0 broadcast packets received
         15 broadcast packets sent
         0 incoming packets discarded
         0 outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
         0 outgoing errors
         0 unknown protos
         O collisions; O dropped
         0 output queue drops
    value = 26 = 0x1a
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:10:37 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    NETSTAT command complete
SLIC card running SCCP64:
gei (unit number 0) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port B
> REPT-STAT-CARD:MODE=FULL:LOC=1307
    eagle1 17-05-04 14:55:03 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST
1307 140-029-000 SLIC SCCP64 IS-ANR
                                                              SST AST
                                                              MPS Unavl ----
    1307 140-029-000 SLIC
     ALARM STATUS = ** 0080 Shelf FAN bit is OFF
      BLSLC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A
                          = Conn
      IMT BUS B
                          = Disc
      CLOCK A
                         = Fault
      CLOCK B
                         = Active
      CLOCK I
                          = Idle
     CLOCK I = Idle
MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SLIC
      DBD STATUS
                         = Valid
      DBD TYPE
                         = None
      DBD MEMORY SIZE = 16384M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
     FPGA VERSION = 9400036
BIOS VERSION = 0ACFP00
PSOC VERSION = 1.0
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 36C (97F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 38C (101F) [17-05-04 14:47]
      APPLICATION SERVICING
                                        MFC
                                 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          SNM
                REQ STATUS =
                  REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          TNM
          MTP3
          SFLOG REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
      IPLNK STATUS
          IPLNK IPADDR
                                     STATUS
                                               PST
```

```
192.168.120.21 DOWN
                                             OOS-MT
                192.168.121.21
                                  DOWN
                                              OOS-MT
     DSM IP CONNECTION
          PORT PST
                                SST
                OOS-MT
                                Unavail
                               Unavail
                OOS-MT
          B
    Command Completed.
> PASS:LOC=1307:CMD="NETSTAT -I"
Command Accepted - Processing
    eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:03 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS:LOC=1307:CMD="NETSTAT -I"
    Command entered at terminal #11.
    eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:03 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS: Command sent to card
    eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:03 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
    shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
    -> tklc ifShow
    100 Link type:Local loopback Queue:none
        inet 127.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 automatic
        inet6 unicast :: 1 prefixlen 128
       UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:1
       RX packets:2213 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:2213 mcast:3 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:247k TX bytes:247k
    gei0
                Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0 Queue:none
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN_MTU VLAN_TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
        inet 192.168.120.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.120.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d0%gei0 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:2
       RX packets:695 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:634 mcast:12 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:74k TX bytes:79k
                Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2 Queue:none
    gei2
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
        inet 192.168.121.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.121.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d2%gei2 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:3
       RX packets:702 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:639 mcast:6 errors:0
       collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
RX bytes:75k  TX bytes:80k
    gei (unit number 0):
        PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    gei (unit number 2):
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    value = 1 = 0x1
```

```
eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:13 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    NETSTAT command complete
;
SLIC card running ENUMHC/DEIRHC/SIPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 0) = Signaling Port #1
gei (unit number 3) = Signaling Port #2
gei (unit number 1) = ExAP Port B
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:35 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
                                                                       SST AST
    CARD
           VERSION TYPE GPL
                                                   PST
                                                    IS-ANR MPS Unavl ----
           140-029-000 SLIC
                                        ENUMHC
    1317
      ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
      BLSLC32 GPL version = 140-029-000
                             = Conn
      IMT BUS A
      IMT BUS B
                             = Disc
       CLOCK A
                             = Fault
       CLOCK B
                              = Active
       CLOCK I
                              = Idle
      CLOCK I = Idle
MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SLIC
DBD STATUS = Valid
DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 16384M
       HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
       FPGA VERSION = 9400036
      BIOS VERSION = 0ACFP00
PSOC VERSION = 1.0
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 43C (110F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 43C (110F) [17-05-04 17:27]
ENUM SM DATA TYPE = DN
       IPLNK STATUS

    IPLNK
    IPADDR
    STATUS
    PST

    A
    192.168.120.13
    UP
    IS-N

    B
    10.75.49.21
    DOWN
    OOS-

    C
    10.75.50.21
    UP
    IS-N

    D
    192.168.121.13
    UP
    IS-N

                                                      IS-NR
                                                        OOS-MT
                                                      IS-NR
                                                       IS-NR
       DSM IP CONNECTION
                   PST SST
OOS-MT Unavail
OOS-MT Unavail
           PORT PST
    Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
Command Accepted - Processing
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:52 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
    Command entered at terminal #13.
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:52 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS: Command sent to card
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:52 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
```

```
SDS Shell Output
-> tklc ifShow
lo (unit number 0):
     Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET UP
    Type: SOFTWARE LOOPBACK
     inet: 127.0.0.\overline{1}
    Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
    O packets received; 1 packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
     0 input errors; 0 output errors
     O collisions; O dropped
    0 output queue drops
DPLend (unit number 0):
    Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00:00
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
    0 octets received
    0 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
     0 non-unicast packets received
    0 non-unicast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
     0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 2):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
     PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    inet: 192.168.120.13
    Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
    Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
    13736 octets received
    16118 octets sent
     0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
    128 broadcast packets received
    125 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
    0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
     0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 0):
     Flags: (0x70043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
     PHY Flags: (0x2012) DIX
     Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
     inet: 10.75.49.21
    Broadcast address: 10.75.49.255
    Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0
```

```
Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
     0 octets received
     0 octets sent
     0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
     0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
     0 broadcast packets received
     0 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
     0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 3):
     Flags: (0x70043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
     PHY Flags: (0x12012) 100MB FDX DIX
     Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
     inet: 10.75.50.21
    Broadcast address: 10.75.50.255
    Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d3
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
    25708 octets received
    128 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
     0 unicast packets sent
     0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
    214 broadcast packets received
     2 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 1):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
     PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
     inet: 192.168.121.13
    Broadcast address: 192.168.121.255
    Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d1
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
     13544 octets received
    16118 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
     0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
     125 broadcast packets received
     125 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
     0 output queue drops
value = 26 = 0x1a
```

```
eagle1 17-05-04 17:35:02 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:35:02 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    NETSTAT command complete
SLIC card running DEIR64/ENUM64/SIP64:
gei (unit number 0) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 2) = Signaling Port #1
gei (unit number 1) = Signaling Port #2
gei (unit number 3) = ExAP Port B
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
Command Accepted - Processing
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:20:40 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    Command entered at terminal #13.
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:20:40 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
                                        PST SST AST
IS-ANR MPS Unavl ----
          VERSION TYPE GPL
         140-029-000 SLIC
                                 ENUM64
    1317
     ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
     BLSLC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
     IMT BUS A
                         = Conn
     IMT BUS B
                         = Disc
     CLOCK A
                         = Fault
                         = Active
     CLOCK B
     CLOCK I
                        = Idle
     MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SLIC
     DBD STATUS
                         = Valid
     DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 16384M
     HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
     FPGA VERSION = 9400036
     BIOS VERSION
                         = 0ACFP00
     PSOC VERSION = 1.0
     CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 40C (104F)
     PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 42C (108F) [17-05-04 15:51]
     ENUM SM DATA TYPE = DN
     IPLNK STATUS
         IPLNK IPADDR
                                   STATUS
                                              PST
               192.168.120.13 UP
10.75.49.21 DOWN
10.75.50.21 DOWN
192.168.121.13 UP
                                  UP
                                              IS-NR
                                             OOS-MT
         С
                                             OOS-MT
         D
                                             IS-NR
     DSM IP CONNECTION
                                SST
         PORT PST
                OOS-MT
                               Unavail
         Α
                OOS-MT
                               Unavail
   Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
```

```
Command Accepted - Processing
   eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:06 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
   Command entered at terminal #13.
   eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:06 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   PASS: Command sent to card
   eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:06 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   SDS Shell Output
   shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
    -> tklc ifShow
   lo0 Link type:Local loopback Queue:none
       inet 127.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255.255
       inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 automatic
       inet6 unicast ::1 prefixlen 128
       UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:1
       RX packets:1487 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:1487 mcast:3 errors:0
       collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:165k TX bytes:165k
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0 Queue:none
   aei0
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
       inet 192.168.120.13 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.120.255
       inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d0%gei0 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:2
       RX packets:929 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:745 mcast:6 errors:0
       collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:101k TX bytes:93k
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2 Queue:none
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
       inet 10.75.49.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.75.49.255
       inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d2%gei2 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:3
       RX packets:37 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:7 mcast:6 errors:0
       collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:4596 TX bytes:510
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d1 Queue:none
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
       inet 10.75.50.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.75.50.255
       inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d1%geil prefixlen 64 tentative automatic
       UP SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:4
       RX packets:0 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:0 mcast:0 errors:0
       collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:0 TX bytes:0
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d3 Queue:none
   aei3
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
       inet 192.168.121.13 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.121.255
       inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d3%gei3 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:5
       RX packets:921 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:745 mcast:6 errors:0
```

```
collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
   RX bytes:101k   TX bytes:93k

gei (unit number 0):
      PHY Flags: (0x12114)   AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
gei (unit number 2):
      PHY Flags: (0x12012) 100MB FDX DIX
gei (unit number 1):
      PHY Flags: (0x2012) DIX
gei (unit number 3):
      PHY Flags: (0x12114)  AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
value = 1 = 0x1

;
eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:16 MST  EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
NETSTAT command complete
;
```

Procedure A.18 Upgrade SSL certificate from SHA-1 to SHA-512

Appendix A.18 Upgrade SSL certificate from SHA-1 to SHA-512

S	This procedure upgrade SSL certificate from SHA-1 to SHA-512.	
T E P	Check off (√) each step a	s it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
1.	MPS: Log in to the server.	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password> Change to root user. \$ su - root</password></hostname>
2.	Verify SSL certificate	To verify SSL certificate execute the following command:
		<pre># /usr/bin/openssl x509 -in /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt -text -noou grep "Signature Algorithm" Signature Algorithm: sha512WithRSAEncryption Signature Algorithm: sha512WithRSAEncryption If signature algorithm is SHA 512 skip this procedure,otherwise proceed with the following step.</pre>
3.	Find the IP for which the certificate has been generated in server.crt	<pre># openssl verify /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt: CN = 10.248.11.14 error 18 at 0 depth lookup:self signed certificate OK</pre>
4.	Upgrade to SHA-512 in server.crt	Note: The IP Address to be used in the below command is the IP displayed in the output of step 3. To upgrade SHA-1 to SHA-512 execute the following command: # /usr/bin/openssl req -x509 -sha512 -nodes -days 4015 -subj "/CN= <ip addr="">" -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.key -out /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt</ip>
		Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key++++++ writing new private key to '/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.key'
5.	Find the IP for which the certificate has been generated in server_dual.crt	# openssl verify /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.crt /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.crt: CN = 10.248.11.14 error 18 at 0 depth lookup:self signed certificate OK
6.	Upgrade to SHA-512 in server_dual.crt	Note: The IP Address to be used in the below command is the IP displayed in the output of step 5. To upgrade SHA-1 to SHA-512 execute the following command: # /usr/bin/openssl req -x509 -sha512 -nodes -days 4015 -subj "/CN= <ip addr="">" -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.key -out /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.crt Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key+++</ip>
		+++ writing new private key to '/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.key

7.	Restart httpd service	Restart httpd service to reflect IP correctly. Use following command to restart httpd service:
ш		\$ service httpd restart
		[root@Natal-A ~]
8.	F '4.5	
0.	Exit from root user	Exit from root user. Use following command:
		\$ exit
9.	Procedure Complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
10.	Note down the timestamp	Run the following command:
	in log.	\$ date

Procedure A.19 Disable Epap VIP And Deactivate PDBA Proxy Feature

If PDBA Proxy feature is NOT enabled and VIP is NOT configured, this procedure can be skipped.

Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!!!

Appendix A.19 Disable Epap VIP And Deactivate PDBA Proxy Feature

S T E P	This procedure outlines the ste Estimated time: 5 minutes	eps to disable the PDBA proxy feature.
	MPS A: Choose option "8" to display "PDB Configuration Menu.	MPS Side A: /EPAP Configuration Menu

2.	T	MPS Side A:
	MPS A:	
lЧ	Choose option "6" to "Change PDBA Proxy	/Configure PDB Menu\ /\
	State".	1 Configure PDB Network
		2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change MPS Provisionable State
		\/
		Enter Choice: 6
3.	MDC A	PDBA PROXY is currently ENABLED.
Ιп	MPS A: Enter "Y" to stop PDBA /	Do you want to DISABLE PDBA Proxy? [N]: Y
_	EPAP software and disable	
1	PDBA Proxy.	MPS Side A:
	MPS A:	Piro Stue A.
	Enter "1" to "Display Configuration"	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		/\ 1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		 6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 1
5.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Verify that the state of	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address =
	PDBA Proxy Feature is No.	192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address =
		192.168.61.116
		Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0
		Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1
		EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not
		configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not
		configured

Backup Prov Network Netmask configured	= Not
Backup Prov Network Default Router	= Not
configured EPAP A Sync Network Address	=
192.168.2.100	=
EPAP B Sync Network Address 192.168.2.200	=
EPAP A Main DSM Network Address	=
EPAP B Main DSM Network Address	=
192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address	=
192.168.121.100	
EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address	=
192.168.121.200 EPAP A HTTP PORT EPAP B HTTP PORT EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP A Banner Connection PORT EPAP B Banner Connection PORT EPAP A Static NAT Address Configured	= 80
FPAP B HTTP Port	= 80
FPAP A HTTP Suffee Port	= 8001
FPAP B HTTP SUFXEC Port	= 8001
FPAP A Banner Connection Port	= 8473
FPAP B Banner Connection Port	= 8473
EPAP A Static NAT Address	= Not
configured	
EPAP B Static NAT Address configured	= Not
PDBI Port	= 5873
Remote MPS A Static NAT Address	
configured	- 1100
Remote MPS A HTTP Port	= 80
Local Provisioning VIP	=
192.168.15.152	
Remote Provisioning VIP	=
Local PDBA Address	=
192.168.15.115	
Remote PDBA Address	=
192.168.16.115	
Remote PDBA B Address 192.168.16.116	=
Time Zone	_
America/New York	_
PDB Database	= Exists
Preferred PDB	= Standby
Allow updates from alternate PDB	= Yes
Auto DB Recovery Enabled	= Yes
America/New_York PDB Database Preferred PDB Allow updates from alternate PDB Auto DB Recovery Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled	> No
Busse watuum ta santimus	
Press return to continue	
1	

6.	MPS A	MPS Side A:
	Choose option "2" to enter	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
	the "Configure Network Interfaces Menu".	1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		 4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 2
7.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Choose option "7" to enter the "Configure Provisioning	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
	VIP Addresses Menu".	1 Configure Provisioning Network
		2 Configure Sync Network
		3 Configure DSM Network
		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		5 Configure Forwarded Ports
		6 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		7 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 7
8.	MPS A:	Verifying root connectivity with mate EPAP local provisioning Virtual IP Address
		[192.168.15.152]: 0.0.0.0 EPAP remote provisioning Virtual IP Address
		[192.168.15.172]: 0.0.0.0

	Г	T
	Remove the local	
	provisioning VIP and remote provisioning VIP, by	
	entering 0.0.0.0.	
9.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Choose option "e" to exit.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
		1 Configure Provisioning Network
		2 Configure Sync Network
		3 Configure DSM Network
		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		5 Configure Forwarded Ports
		6 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		7 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses
		\/
10.		Enter Choice: e MPS Side A:
	MPS A:	Mr3 Stue A.
╽╙	Choose option "1" to	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
	"Display Configuration.	1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		 9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery
		Enter Choice: 1
		Effet Chorce. 1
11.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Verify VIP addresses are set	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address =
	to 0.0.0.0.	192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address =
		192.168.61.116
		Provisioning Network Netmask
		Provisioning Network Default Router
		EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not
		configured EPAP_B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not
		configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not
		configured Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not
		configured
		EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.100
	1	1

EPAP B Sync Network Address 192.168.2.200	=
EPAP A Main DSM Network Address	=
192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address	=
192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address	=
192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address	=
192.168.121.200 EPAP A HTTP PORT EPAP B HTTP PORT EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP A Banner Connection PORT EPAP B Banner Connection PORT EPAP A Static NAT Address configured	
EPAP A HTTP Port	= 80
EPAP B HTTP Port	= 80
EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port	= 8001
EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port	= 8001
EPAP A Banner Connection Port	= 8473
EPAP B Banner Connection Port	= 8473
EPAP A Static NAT Address	= Not
configured	
EPAP B Static NAT Address configured	= Not
PDBI Port	= 5873
Remote MPS A Static NAT Address	
configured	- NOC
Bomoto MDC A UTTD Dort	= 80
local Provisioning VIP	= 0 0 0 0
Local PDRA Address	= 80 = 0.0.0.0 = 0.0.0.0
Local PDBA Address	= 0101010
192.168.15.115	
Remote PDBA Address	_
192.168.16.115	_
Remote PDBA B Address	=
192.168.16.116	_
Time Zone	=
America/New_York	
PDB Database	= Exists
Preferred PDB	= Standby
Allow updates from alternate PDB	= Yes
Auto DB Recovery Enabled	= Yes
PDBA Proxy Enabled	= NO
Press return to continue	

12.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Choose "e" to exit.	
		/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		 4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		 8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		 10 SNMP Configuration
		 11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		 15 Mate Disaster Recovery
		 e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: e
13.	Return to the procedure that y	ou came here from
	Return to the procedure that y	ou came nere mon.
14.	Note down the timestamp in	Run the following command:
	log.	\$ date

Procedure A.20 Enable EPAP PDBA Proxy and EPAP VIP Optional Features

Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!!!

Appendix A.20 Enable EPAP PDBA Proxy and EPAP VIP Optional Feature

S	This procedure outlines the steps for provisioning the PDBA proxy VIP.
T E	Estimated time: 10 minutes
Р	
#	

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1.	MPS A:	Login: epapdev Password: <epapdev_password></epapdev_password>
	Login as epapdev to 1A server.	
2.	MPS A: Perform	\$ syscheck Running modules in class hardware
	"syscheck" on the	OK Running modules in class proc
	1A server.	OK Running modules in class net
		OK Running modules in class disk
		OK Running modules in class services
		OK Running modules in class system
		ОК
		LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log #
3.	MPS A:	\$ssh mate
	SSH to EPAP 1B.	
4.	MPS B:	\$ syscheck Running modules in class hardware
	Perform "syscheck" on the	OK Running modules in class proc
	1B.	OK Running modules in class net
		OK Running modules in class disk
		OK Running modules in class services
		ОК
		Running modules in class system OK
		LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log #
5.	MPS B:	\$ exit
	Exit back to the	
	1A server	
6.	MPS A:	\$su - epapconfig
	Log into	Password:
7	epapconfig MPS A:	MPS Side A:
7.	Choose option "1"	
	to display	
	Configuration.	

```
----EPAP Configuration Menu------
                          1
                              Display Configuration
                          2
                              Configure Network Interfaces Menu
                          3
                              Set Time Zone
                          4
                              Exchange Secure Shell Keys
                          5
                              Change Password
                          6
                              Platform Menu
                         7
                              Configure NTP Server
                          8
                              PDB Configuration Menu
                          9
                              Security
                        10
                              SNMP Configuration
                        11
                              Configure Alarm Feed
                        12
                              Configure Query Server
                        13
                              Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
                        14
                              Configure SNMP Agent Community
                        15
                              Mate Disaster Recovery
                          e | Exit
                       Enter Choice: 1
                      MPS Side A:
8.
     MPS A:
                       EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115
     Verify that the
                      EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116
Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0
     VIP is not
                                                              = 255.255.255.0
     configured.
                       Provisioning Network Default Router
                                                                 = 192.168.61.1
                      EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured
                       Backup Prov Network Netmask
                                                                 = Not configured
                                                                = Not configured
= 192.168.2.100
= 192.168.2.200
= 192.168.120.100
                       Backup Prov Network Default Router
                       EPAP A Sync Network Address
                       EPAP B Sync Network Address
                       EPAP A Main DSM Network Address
                       EPAP B Main DSM Network Address
                                                                 = 192.168.120.200
                       EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address
                                                                 = 192.168.121.100
                       EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address
                                                                 = 192.168.121.200
                      EPAP A HTTP Port
EPAP B HTTP Port
                                                                 = 80
                                                                 = 80
                       EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port
                                                                 = 8001
                       EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port
                                                                 = 8001
                       EPAP A Banner Connection Port
                                                                 = 8473
                       EPAP B Banner Connection Port
                                                                 = 8473
                       EPAP A Static NAT Address
                                                                 = Not configured
                       EPAP B Static NAT Address
                                                                 = Not configured
                       PDBI Port
                                                                 = 5873
                                                                 = Not configured
                       Remote MPS A Static NAT Address
                       Remote MPS A HITP Port
                                                                 = 80
                      Local Provisioning VIP
                                                                 = Not configured
                      Remote Provisioning VIP
                                                                 = Not configured
                       Local PDBA Address
                                                                 = 192.168.61.115
                                                                = 192.168.61.181
                       Remote PDBA Address
                                                                 = 192.168.61.182
                       Remote PDBA B Address
                       Time Zone
                                                                 = America/New_York
                       PDB Database
                                                                 = Exists
                       Preferred PDB
                                                                 = Standby
                       Allow updates from alternate PDB
                                                                 = Yes
                       Auto DB Recovery Enabled
                                                                 = Yes
                       PDBA Proxy Enabled
                                                                 = No
                      Press return to continue...
```

9.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Choose option "2" to enter the "Configure Network	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
	Interfaces Menu".	/\
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		5 Change Password
		7 Configure NTP Server
		 8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server 13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm reed
		14 Configure SNMF Agent Community
		e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 2 MPS Side A:
10.	MPS A:	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
	Choose option "6" to enter the	/\ 1 Configure Provisioning Network
	"Configure Provisioning VIP	Configure Provisioning Network 2 Configure Sync Network
	Addresses Menu".	2 Configure Sync Network 3 Configure DSM Network
		3 Configure BSM Network 4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		6 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 6
11.	MPS A:	Verifying root connectivity with mate EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: Y
	Enter "Y" to stop PDBA / EPAP	EPAP local provisioning Virtual IP Address [0.0.0.0]:
	software then	192.168.15.152 EPAP remote provisioning Virtual IP Address [0.0.0.0]:
	enter VIP address for the local and	192.168.15.172
	remote PDBA	
l	sites.	

	T	MPS Side A:
12.	MPS A:	
	Choose option "e" to exit.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\ /\
	to care.	1 Configure Provisioning Network
		2 Configure Sync Network
		3 Configure DSM Network
		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		5 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		6 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: e
13.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Choose option "1"	
	to "Display Configuration.	
		/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		1
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		 11 Configure Alarm Feed
		 14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery
		\/
		Enter Choice: 1 MPS Side A:
14.	MPS A:	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115
	Verify VIP addresses	EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116
		Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1
		EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured
		Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured
		EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200
		EPAP A Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100
		EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200

		EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP B Static NAT Address
		Press return to continue
15.	MPS A: Choose "e" to exit	/EPAP Configuration Menu
		<pre>Enter Choice: e \$ ping <local vip=""></local></pre>
16.	MPS A: Verify that you can ping both VIP addresses.	<pre>\$ ping <remote vip=""></remote></pre>
17.	MPS A: Log into epapconfig	\$ su — epapconfig

```
18.
     MPS A:
     Enter "1" to
     "Display
     Configuration"
                         /----EPAP Configuration Menu------
                           1 | Display Configuration
                           2
                               Configure Network Interfaces Menu
                           3
                               Set Time Zone
                           4
                               Exchange Secure Shell Keys
                           5
                               Change Password
                           6
                                Platform Menu
                           7
                                Configure NTP Server
                           8
                                PDB Configuration Menu
                           9
                                Security
                         10
                                SNMP Configuration
                         11
                                Configure Alarm Feed
                         12
                                Configure Query Server
                         13
                               Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
                         14
                                Configure SNMP Agent Community
                         15
                               Mate Disaster Recovery
                        Enter Choice: 1
                       MPS Side A:
     MPS A:
19.
                        EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115
     Verify that the
                       EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116
Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0
     state of PDBA
     Proxy Feature is
                        Provisioning Network Default Router
                                                                    = 192.168.61.1
                       EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured
     No.
                        Backup Prov Network Netmask
                                                                    = Not configured
                        Backup Prov Network Default Router
                                                                    = Not configured
                                                                   = 192.168.2.100
= 192.168.2.200
= 192.168.120.100
                        EPAP A Sync Network Address
                        EPAP B Sync Network Address
                        EPAP A Main DSM Network Address
                                                                    = 192.168.120.200
= 192.168.121.100
                        EPAP B Main DSM Network Address
                        EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address
                        EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address
                                                                    = 192.168.121.200
                        EPAP A HTTP Port
                                                                    = 80
                        EPAP B HTTP Port
                                                                    = 80
                        EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port
                                                                    = 8001
                        EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port
                                                                    = 8001
                        EPAP A Banner Connection Port
                                                                    = 8473
                       EPAP B Banner Connection Port
EPAP A Static NAT Address
                                                                    = 8473
                                                                    = Not configured
                        EPAP B Static NAT Address
                                                                    = Not configured
                        PDBI Port
                                                                    = 5873
                        Remote MPS A Static NAT Address
                                                                    = Not configured
                       Remote MPS A HTTP Port
Local Provisioning VIP
                                                                    = 80
                                                                    = Not configured
                        Remote Provisioning VIP
                                                                    = Not configured
                                                                    = 192.168.61.115
                        Local PDBA Address
                        Remote PDBA Address
                                                                    = 192.168.61.181
                                                                    = 192.168.61.182
= America/New_York
                        Remote PDBA B Address
                        Time Zone
                        PDB Database
                                                                    = Exists
                        Preferred PDB
                                                                    = Standby
                        Allow updates from alternate PDB
                                                                    = Yes
```

		Auto DB Recovery Enabled = Yes
	•	PDBA Proxy Enabled = No
		Press return to continue
20.	MPS A: Choose option "8" to display "PDB Configuration Menu	MPS Side A: /EPAP Configuration Menu 1 Display Configuration
		Change Password 6 Platform Menu 7 Configure NTP Server 8 PDB Configuration Menu 9 Security 10 SNMP Configuration 11 Configure Alarm Feed 12 Configure Query Server 13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed 14 Configure SNMP Agent Community 15 Mate Disaster Recovery e Exit Enter Choice: 8 MPS Side A:
21.	MPS A: Choose option "6" to "Change PDBA Proxy State".	/Configure PDB Menu 1
22.	MPS A: Enter "Y" to stop PDBA / EPAP software and enable PDBA Proxy.	EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: Y PDBA PROXY is currently DISABLED. Do you want to ENABLE PDBA Proxy? [N]: Y

		Lupe cide A.
23.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Enter "e" to exit	/Configure PDB Menu\ /\
		1 Configure PDB Network
		2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change MPS Provisionable State
		4 Create PDB
		5 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		6 Change PDBA Proxy State
		 e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: e
24.	MPS A:	
	Enter "1" to "Display	
	Configuration"	
25.	MPS A:	MPS Side A
-5.	Verify that the	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115
	state of PDBA	EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netwask = 255.255.255.0
	Proxy Feature is Yes.	Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured
		Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured
		Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured = 192.168.2.100
		EPAP A Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.200
		EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200
		EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP B HTTP Port = 80
		EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port = 8001
		EPAP B HTTP SUExec Port = 8001 EPAP A Banner Connection Port = 8473
		EPAP B Banner Connection Port
		EPAP B Static NAT Address = Not configured = 5873
		Remote MPS A Static NAT Address = Not configured Remote MPS A HTTP Port = 80
		Local Provisioning VIP = 192.168.15.152
		Remote Provisioning VIP = 192.168.15.172 Local PDBA Address = 192.168.15.115
		Remote PDBA Address = 192.168.16.115 Remote PDBA B Address = 192.168.16.116
		Time Zone = America/New_York PDB Database = Exists
		Preferred PDB = Standby
		Allow updates from alternate PDB = Yes Auto DB Recovery Enabled = Yes
		PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes
26.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Enter "e" to exit	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		/\ 1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone

	T	A Evehance Cocure Chall Your
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery
		\/
	MDO A	Enter Choice: e
27.	MPS A: EPAP A: Log in to	User name: uiadmin
	the web GUI as	Password:
	user "uiadmin".	
28.	MPS A: Start	A Start EPAP Software ^
	EPAP and PDBA Software.	PDBA ☑ Check if you want to start the PDBA software along with the EPAP software.
		Are you sure you want to start the EPAP software?
	On the menu,	Start EPAP Software Tue June 09 2020 07:21:32 EDT
	click Process	Copyright © 2000, 2020, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
	Control->Stap Software.	
	Cl. 1 "C' EDAD	
	Click "Stap EPAP Software" Button	~
29.	MPS A:	\$ syscheck Running modules in class hardware
	Perform "syscheck" on	OK Running modules in class proc
	MPS-A.	OK Running modules in class net
		OK Running modules in class disk
		OK Running modules in class services
		OK Running modules in class system
		OK
		LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log
30.	MPS A:	\$ ssh mate
	SSH to MPS 1B.	
	1	F convice Enan stant
31.	MPS B:	<pre>\$ service Epap start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~</pre>
31.	MPS B: Start Epap software on MPS	~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.613" EPAP application start Successful

32.	MPS B: Perform "syscheck" on MPS 1B.	\$ syscheck Running modules in class hardware OK Running modules in class proc OK Running modules in class net OK Running modules in class disk OK Running modules in class services OK Running modules in class services OK Running modules in class system OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log	
33.	Return to the proceed	dure that you came here from.	
34.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date	

Procedure A.21 Configure DSM Min Mem Size

Appendix A.21 Configure DSM Min Mem Size

S	This procedure configures DSM Min Mem Size on standalone PDB server.	
Т	Check off (√)each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
E	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR INSTALL ASSISTANCE .	
Р		
#		
	Cum 1-1 DDD	Login: epapdev
1.	Standalone PDB:	Password: <epapdev_password></epapdev_password>
	Login as epapdev to standalone PDB server.	
2.	Execute getDsmMinMemSize.pl	Go to the bin directory to execute the getDsmMinMemSize.pl perl script
		\$ cd /usr/TKLC/epap/bin
-		Execute getDsmMinMemSize.pl script
		\$./ getDsmMinMemSize.pl
3.	Restart the pdb Software.	\$ service Pdba stop
		~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped.
		\$ service Pdba start
		~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~
		PDBA application started.
		\$ service Pdba status
		~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba status ~~
		PDBA application is running.
4.	Verify that the uiEdit	
	"DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE" variable is added and updated	\$ uiEdit grep DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE
_	correctly.	"DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE" is set to "12046"
	- 1-/T4-11-42 C1-	220 - 6270

5.	Procedure Complete	Procedure is complete.
6.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:
		\$ date

Procedure A.22 Restart Mysql service for PDB on Query Server

Appendix A.22 Restart MySQL service for PDB on Query Server

NOTE: The MySQL services should be started as non-root admin user only.

This procedure restarts the MySQL service for PDB on Query Server.		
Check off (√)each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
	CONTEACTEND OF A CITE OUTDOOR AND A CIVE ON INCREASE A COVERANCE	
,	CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR INSTALL ASSISTANCE.	
Login to EAGLE QS as QS	login: <admin_user></admin_user>	
admin.	Password: <admin_password></admin_password>	
Start the mysqlpdb service.	\$ sudo service mysqlpdb stop	
3.11		
	Waiting for mysqlpdb to stop	
Verify that mysqlpdb service is	\$ sudo service mysqlpdb start	
running.	Waiting for mysqlpdb to start done	
Start the mysqlpdb service.	\$sudo service mysqlpdb status	
Start the mysqipub service.	PID:8841 mysqlpdb is running.	
Procedure Complete	Procedure is complete.	
Note down the timestamp in	Run the following command:	
log.	\$ date	

Procedure A.23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

Appendix A.23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

S	This procedure extract parse9Dig script file from EPAP 16.3 ISO.		
Т	Check off ($$)each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
E	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS,	CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR INSTALL ASSISTANCE .	
Р			
#			
1.	MPS A: Login as admusr.	login: <admin_user> Password: <admin_password></admin_password></admin_user>	
2.	MPS A: Copy ISO on MPS A.	Perform Procedure in Procedure A.12 or copy EPAP 16.3 ISO to /var/TKLC/upgrade directory.	
3.	MPS A: Switch to root user.	Switch to root user.	

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Appendix A.23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

		\$ su - root Password:
4.	MPS A: Create directory using mkdir.	Create /mnt/iso directory using following command: # mkdir /mnt/iso
5.	MPS A: Mount ISO on above path	Mount ISO on above created path. # mount -o loop <16.3.a.0.0-b.b.b ISO with full path which is copied in step 2> <full 4="" created="" directory="" in="" of="" path="" step=""> As follows: # mount -o loop /var/TKLC/upgrade/EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso /mnt/iso/</full>
6.	MPS A: Extract TKLCepap rpm from the ISO.	Copy TKLCepap rpm at /tmp directory. # cp <directory 4="" created="" in="" step="">/Packages/<tklcepap 2="" copied="" in="" is="" rpm,="" same="" step="" the="" version="" which=""> /tmp As follows: # cp /mnt/iso/Packages/TKLCepap-163.0.8-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0.x86_64.rpm /tmp/</tklcepap></directory>
7.	MPS A: Change directory to /tmp.	Change directory to /tmp using following command: # cd /tmp
8.	MPS A: Extract parse9Dig script file from rpm.	Extract desired file parse9Dig from rpm: # rpm2cpio <tklcepap 6="" extracted="" in="" rpm="" step=""> cpio -idmv <parse9dig> As follows: # rpm2cpio TKLCepap-163.0.8-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0.x86_64.rpm cpio -idmv ./usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig [root@Natal-A tmp]</parse9dig></tklcepap>
9.	MPS A: Copy extracted parse9Dig at desired path.	Copy extracted parse9Dig file at path: /usr/TKLC/epap/config Use following path: # cp /tmp/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig /usr/TKLC/epap/config
10.	MPS A: Change the permission of parse9Dig file as required.	Change mode of file parse9Dig to 755 and ownership to epapdev:epap. Use following command: # cd /usr/TKLC/epap/config # chmod 755 parse9Dig # chown epapdev:epap parse9Dig List the file and check the permissions. It should be same as follows: # ll parse9Dig

Appendix A.23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

		<pre>[root@Natal-A config]# 11 parse9Dig -rwxr-xr-x 1 epapdev epap 12162 Jul 9 21:39 parse9Dig</pre>
		- " Cpupacy cpup 12102 out 5 21.05 parsesbly
11.	MPS A: Snapshot of all above executed commands to extract parse9Dig file.	Verify that all steps executed successfully as follows: [root@Natal-A -]# [root@Natal-A tmp]# [root@Natal-A config]# [root@Natal-
12.	MPS A: Remove all temporary files from /tmp directory.	Remove parse9Dig file and TKLCepap rpm from /tmp directory. Execute following command on CLI: # rm -f /tmp/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig # rm -f /tmp/TKLCepap-163.0.12-16.3.0.0.0_163.12.0.x86_64.rpm
13.	MPS A: Umount the mounted ISO.	Umount the ISO which was mounted in step 5. Execute below command: # umount /mnt/iso/
14.	MPS A: Remove ISO directory.	Remove directory /mnt/iso. Execute below command: # rmdir /mnt/iso/
15.	Procedure Complete	Procedure is complete.
16.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

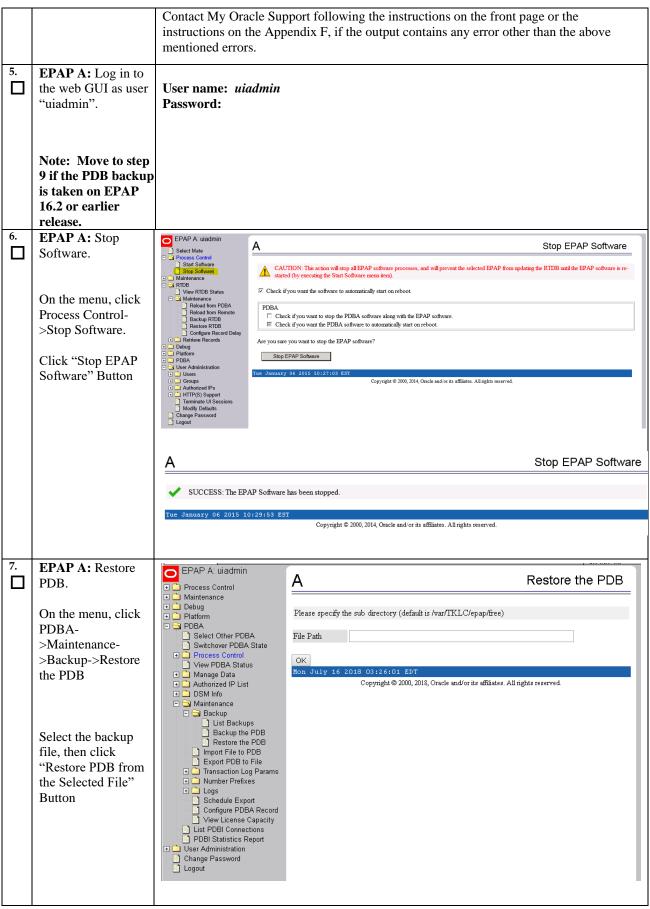
Procedure A.24 PDB Restore

S		This procedure provides instructions to restore PDB from a backup file.		
E		Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P				
#	I	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.		
1.		EPAP A: Log in to	If not already logged in, then login as 'admusr':	
		the CLI as user	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr	
		"admusr".	password: password	
			The state of the s	

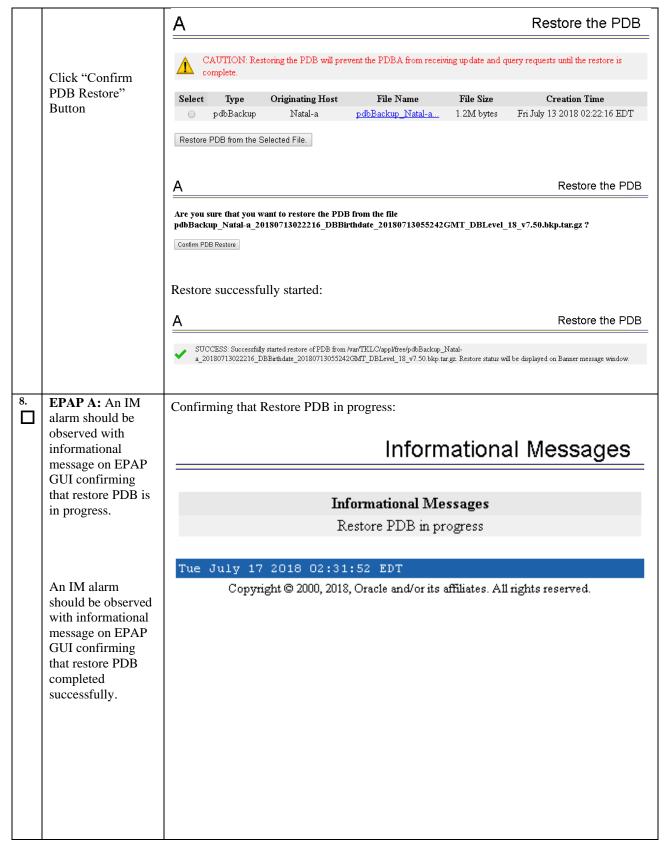
\$ sudo su - epapdev epapdev user. 3. EPAP A: Backup file should be readable for epapdev user Check mode and ownership of PDB backup tar file. It should be as follow readable for epapdev user [epapdev@DBExp-VM77 free]\$ ll pdbBackup_Natal- a_20180713022216_DBBirthdate_20180713055242GMT_DB: 7.50.bkp.tar.gz -rw-rw-rw- 1 epapdev epap 1182165 Jul 16 03:32 pdbBackup_Natal- a_20180713022216_DBBirthdate_20180713055242GMT_DB:	Level_18_v
file should be readable for epapdev [epapdev@DBExp-VM77 free]\$ 11 pdbBackup_Natal-a_20180713022216_DBBirthdate_20180713055242GMT_DB:7.50.bkp.tar.gz -rw-rw-rw- 1 epapdev epap 1182165 Jul 16 03:32 pdbBackup_Natal-	Level_18_v
readable for epapdev [epapdev@DBExp-VM77 free]\$ 11 pdbBackup_Natal-a_20180713022216_DBBirthdate_20180713055242GMT_DB:7.50.bkp.tar.gz -rw-rw-rw- 1 epapdev epap 1182165 Jul 16 03:32 pdbBackup_Natal-	
7.50.bkp.tar.gz	
If permission and ownership of tar file is not same as above then use follo	owing
command: Change mode of tar file:	
\$ chmod 666 <pdb backup="" file="" tar=""></pdb>	
\$ cimiod ood of \$25 backup an inter-	
4. EPAP A: Start Note: Skip this step if the PDB backup is taken on EPAP 16.3 release	÷.
restore from CLI. If backup is taken on EPAP 16.1, then use following command to start res	store process:
\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/restore_pdb –force7	
If backup is taken on EPAP 16.2, then use following command to start res	store process:
\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/restore_pdb –force	
Screenshot after initiating PDB restore from CLI as below (NOTE: Providing input accordingly):	ded the user
[epapdev@DBExp-VM77 free]\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/restore_pdbforce Mon Jul 16 07:24:57 EDT 2018 This script will replace the existing PDB with one from a backup and co	e provided
Are you sure you want to do continue? (y/n) Y	
Enter the name of the backup tar.gz file. /var/TKLC/epap/free/pdbBackup Natal-	
a_20180713022216_DBBirthdate_20180713055242GMT_DB	Level 18 v
7.50.bkp.tar.gz	
localIp = 10.75.138.77 localName=DBExp-VM77	
remoteIp = 0.0.0.0	
No remote site	
WARNING: If this backup is from EPAP 16.1 or ear	lier
release please use option Are you sure this backup is taken on EPAP 16.2 re	lease?
(y/n)Y Do you want to restore Stats database? (y/n) Y	
Running with force option! Skip disk space check. remoteBIp =	
There is no remote B PDB	
Unzipping backup file. This may take a while	,
Running with force option! Skip compatibility cher Stopping local PDBA	CK
~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~	
PDBA process is already stopped.	

```
Stopping local PDB mysql daemon
Waiting for mysqlpdb to stop.. done
No need to create backup directory..
Running ibbackup tool to restore DB
/bin/chown: changing ownership of
 `/usr/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log': Operation not
permitted
Starting restore
backup/
backup/meta/
backup/meta/backup content.xml
backup/meta/backup create.xml
Starting mysqlpdb
Waiting for mysqlpdb to start done
Removing local pdba status file.
PDB RTDB SYNC Param updated successfully
Restore completed successfully.
Mon Jul 16 07:45:33 EDT 2018
"Restore completed successfully" message displayed on CLI after completed restore.
Following error shall be observed on CLI during restore:
myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI'
myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
. myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI'
myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
  /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI
```

Appendix A.24 PDB Restore



Appendix A.24 PDB Restore



		Confirming that Restore PDB is completed successfully:
		Informational Messages
		Informational Messages Restore PDB completed successfully
		resione 122 completes successing
		Tue July 17 2018 02:38:51 EDT
		Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
		Similar logs as mentioned below, shall be observed in restore PDB logs, which should be ignored:
		Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
		status : Operation failed
		mysql.innodb_table_stats
		Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
		status : Operation failed.
		mysql.slave_worker_info
		Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
		status : Operation failed
		Repairing tables
		mysql.engine_cost
		Error : Table 'mysql.engine_cost' doesn't exist
		status : Operation failed
		mysql.slave_worker_info
		Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
		status : Operation failed
		Found outdated sys schema version 1.5.1.
		Upgrading the sys schema.
		Checking databases.
9.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.

10.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date

Procedure A.25 Conversion from Prov(mixed EPAP) to Non-Prov

Appendix A.25 Conversion from Prov(mixed EPAP) to Non-prov

S	This procedure convert provisionable mixed EPAP to Non-provisionable EPAP .			
Т	Check off ($$)each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
Е	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR INSTALL ASSISTANCE .			
Р				
#				
1.	MPS A: Login as admusr.	login: <admin_user> Password: <admin_password></admin_password></admin_user>		
		rassword. \aumin_password>		
2.	MPS A: Perform PDB	Note: Skip this step if PDB backup is already taken.		
	backup on MPS A.	Check Procedure A.6 to perform PDB backup.		
3.	MPS A: Perform RTDB	Note: Skip this step if RTDB backup is already taken.		
	backup on MPS A.	Check Procedure A.7 to perform RTDB backup.		
4.	MPS A: Switch user to	\$ sudo su - epapconfig		
	epapconfig.			
5.	MPS A: The EPAP	EPAP Configuration Menu for mixed EPAP:		
l	Configuration Menu is	_		
	displayed. Select choice 8,			
	PDB Configuration Menu.			

Appendix A.25 Conversion from Prov(mixed EPAP) to Non-prov

		/	-EPAP Configuration Menu\
		1	Display Configuration
		j 2 j	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
] 3]	Set Time Zone
		4	 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5	Change Password
		6	Platform Menu
		1 7 1	Configure NTP Server
		8	PDB Configuration Menu
		9	Security
		10	·
		11	Configure Alarm Feed
		12	Configure Query Server
		13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14	Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15	Mate Disaster Recovery
		e	Exit
		1	,
			hoice: 8
6.	MPS A: The PDB Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 3, Change MPS Provisionable State	Configure	e PDB Menu displayed:
	Note: You may need to stop PDBA software.		

```
/----Configure PDB Menu-----\
 1 | Configure PDB Network
 ----|------------------|
| 2 | RTDB Homing Menu
  ---|------------------|
  3 | Change MPS Provisionable State |
  ---|-----
| 4 | Create PDB
| 5 | Change Auto DB Recovery State |
|----|
| 6 | Change PDBA Proxy State
|----|
| e | Exit
\----/
Enter Choice: 3
PDBA software is running. Stop it? [N]: Y
The provisioning architecture of the EPAP software
allows for
exactly 2 customer provisionable sites. Additional
sites that
are to receive the data provisioned to the
provisionable sites
should answer 'N' here.
If there are only 2 mated sites, it is safe to
answer `Y' here.
Choosing 'N' here shall make this MPS Non-
Provisionable and this action is irreversible.
Is this site provisionable? [Y]:N
INFO: Increasing rt volume size for Non-
provisionable EPAP. Please wait...
INFO: db space increased on 'A'.
INFO: Stopping Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb
services...
Done.
INFO: Starting Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb
services...
INFO: Stopping Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb
services...
Done.
INFO: Starting Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb
services...
Done.
INFO: Successfully configured Non-provisionable
EPAP.
Following error shall be observed in cgi.dbg log file:
```

Appendix A.25 Conversion from Prov(mixed EPAP) to Non-prov

		myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/econfig.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix F, if the output contains any errors beside the above.
7.	MPS A: Verify rtVolume size using command "df - h".	[epapdev@Arica-1A ~]\$ df -h Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_root
8.	MPS A: Presence of PDB folder after converting from Prov to Non-Prov	Pdb directory shall be present after converting from Prov to Non Prov. /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/pdb
9.	MPS B: Login as admusr.	login: <admin_user> Password: <admin_password></admin_password></admin_user>
10.	MPS B: Verify rtVolume size using command "df - h".	Repeat step 7 on MPS B to verify rtVolume size. Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G.

Appendix A.25 Conversion from Prov(mixed EPAP) to Non-prov

11.	MPS A: Restore RTDB backup.	Note: Restore RTDB backup taken in step 3. Check Procedure A.10 to perform RTDB Restore.
12.	MPS B: Perform reload from mate on MPS B.	Check Procedure A.11 to perform reloade from mate.
13.	MPS B: Procedure completed.	This procedure is completed.
14.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.26 Conversion from mixed EPAP to StandalonePDB+Non-Prov EPAP

Appendix A.26 Conversion from mixed EPAP to StandalonePDB+Non-Prov EPAP

Note: A new card would be needed for this conversion. The conversion can be done through various way where one of them is described below.

Assuming, there is a mixed EPAP on 16.2/16.3 release.

Execurte the below mentioned steps to perform this conversion:

On Mixed EPAP:

- 1. Take PDB backup. Refer to Procedure A.6 to perform PDB backup.
- 2. Take RTDB backup. Refer to Procedure A.7 to perform RTDB backup.
- 3. Perform upgrade from existing release EPAP 16.2 or 16.3 to target release of EPAP 16.4. Refer to section 3.1.3 to perform upgrade on mixed EPAP.
- 4. Convert Prov (mixed EPAP) to Non-Prov EPAP. Refer to Procedure A.25 to perform this conversion.

On PDBonly (fresh installation on new card)

- 5. Install EPAP 16.4 ISO on new card. Refer to section 3.1.2 to perform installation.
- 6. Attach this PDBonly with Non-Prov EPAP (converted in step 4) and any Non-Prov EPAP connected with Mixed setup (converted in step 4).
- 7. Restore PDB backup (taken in step 1) on PDBonly setup. Refer to Procedure A.24 to restore the PDB backup.

On Non-Prov setup:

- 8. Restore RTDB backup (taken in step 2) on Non-Prov MPS-A. Refer to Procedure A.10 to restore RTDB backup.
- 9. Perform reload from mate on Non-Prov MPS-B. Refer to Procedure A.11 to perform reload from mate.
- 10. Restart Epap and Pdba services once restores are done.

Note: While changing the PDB IP on old Non-Provs if Mysql replication error is observed on either MPS-A/B then execute Procedure 25, step 34 to step 36 to reset the replication on MPS servers and do health check and replication status.

So far, all three setups are in COMPACT mode. Refer to section 4 to change the DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme.

Procedure A.27 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

NOTE: This procedure is needed in following cases:

- 1. If "minicom mate" fails due to data curroption or some body deleted the file /etc/minirc.mate. Or,
- 2. If ttyS1 is not working, then edit the file /etc/minirc.mate to use ttyS3 or ttyS4.

Appendix A.27 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

S T	This procedure will a	dd/edit the file /etc/minirc.mate.
E	Check off (√) each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P		
# 1.		FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .
1.	MPS: Log on Server.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
2.	MPS: Switch user to root.	\$ su - root Password:
3.	MPS: Verify that the file present on server.	Verify that the file /etc/minirc.mate is present on server: Execute the following command:
		\$ ls -l /etc/minirc.mate
		[root@Recife-a ~]# ls -l /etc/minirc.mate
		-rw-r 1 root root 658 Sep 7 03:35 /etc/minirc.mate
		Move to step 5 if output is same as above otherwise continue to next step.
4.	MPS: Cretae the file using vi editor.	Create the file /etc/minirc.mate using vi editor as follows: \$ vi /etc/minirc.mate
		Add following lines in file /etc/minirc.mate and save the file:
5.	MDS. Edit the file	# minirc file generated by remoteConsole Mon Sep 10 09:53:54 2018 pr port
5.	MPS: Edit the file /etc/minirc.mate	If ttS1 is not working then edit the file /etc/minirc.mate and update ttyS1 to ttyS2 or ttyS1 to ttyS3 and change the serial cable connectivity accordingly.

Appendix A.27 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

		In following example, we have updated the file /etc/minirc.mate and changed the port value from ttyS1 to ttyS2.
		\$ vi /etc/minirc.mate
		# minirc file generated by remoteConsole Mon Sep 10 09:53:54 2018 pr port
		ttyS0 ttyS1 ttyS2 ttyS3
		Here, broken line showing the old connectivity and bold line for the new connecrtivity.
6.	MPS: Run "minicom mate" on the server.	Run the following command: \$minicom mate It should be successfully switched to mate server.
7.		It should be successfully switched to mate server.
<u> </u>	MPS: Procedure completed	This procedure is complete.
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Appendix A.27 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

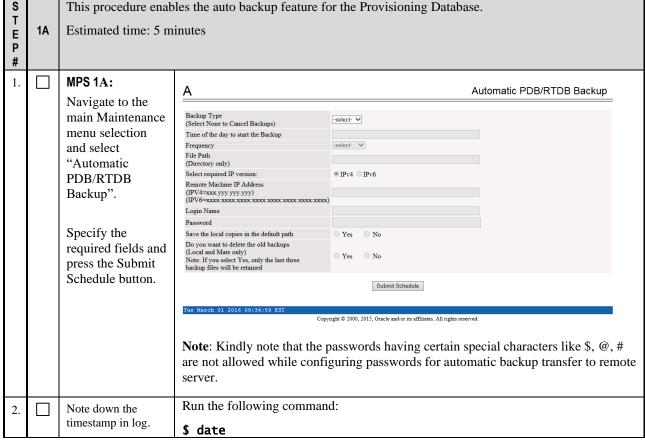
8.	Note down the	Run the following command:
L	timestamp in log.	\$ date

Procedure A.28 Configure the Auto Backup

This procedure configures auto backup for PDB and RTDB on all the Non-PROVs that are homed to the PDBA.

EPAP software on all Non-PROVs homed to the PDBA should be running for successful auto RTDB backup on the Non-PROVs.

Appendix A.28 Configure the Auto Backup



This procedure is complete!

Procedure A.29 STOP ACTIVE PDBA AND VERIFY REPL LOGS

This procedure shall be executed on Active PDBA (2A). If REPL log in not empty, part of the procedure will be executed in Standby PDBA (1A) as well.

Appendix A.29 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

S	This procedure stops the PDBA software.
T	Estimated time: 5 minutes.
E	

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Appendix A.29 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

P #			
# 1.	7.570.47	NOTE:	
1.	MPS 2A:	Contact customer provisioning and verify provisioning has been deacti	vated
	Stop the Customer	Contact customer provisioning and verify provisioning has been deach	valed.
	provisioning in to the active PDB.		
2.		[hostname] consolelogin: admusr	
	MPS 2A: Log on Server.	password: password	
	Server.	,	
3.	MPS 2A: Switch user	\$ su - root	
	to root.	Password:	
	10 1001.		
4.	MIDC 2A . Ct	# service Pdba stop	
	MPS 2A: Stop the PDBA process	~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~	
	r DBA process	PDBA application stopped.	
5.	MPS 2A: Stop the	# service Epap stop	
	EPAP process	~~ /etc/init.d/Epap stop ~~	
		EPAP application stopped.	
6.	MPS 2A: Clear the	\$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock <	
	REPL logs	/usr/TKLC/epap/config/pdb_repl.sql	
	TELL E 10gs	Enter password: <mysql_root_password></mysql_root_password>	
7.	MPS 2A: Login to	\$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock pdb	
	the mysql database	Enter password: <mysql_root_password></mysql_root_password>	
	and verify that there	On the MySQL prompt, execute the following commands:	
	are no updates to be	mysql> select * from replLog;	
	sent to the standby	Empty set (0.00 sec)	
	PDB.	mysql> select * from requests;	
	If any REPL log	Empty set (0.00 sec)	
	exists, follow steps 8	mysql> quit	
	to 12. Otherwise jump	Bye	
	to step 13		
8.	MPS 1A: Start the	# service Pdba start	
	PDBA and EPAP at	~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~	
	the Standby site (1A)	PDBA application started. # service Epap start	
		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~	
		EPAP application started.	
		Note: Skip the following step on Standalone PDB	
		# ssh mate "service Epap start"	
		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~	
		EPAP application started.	
9.	MPS 2A:	# service Pdba start	
	Start the PDBA at the	~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application started.	
	Active site (2A)	# service Epap start	
		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~	
		EPAP application started.	
		Note: Skip the following step on Standalone PDB	
		# ssh mate "service Epap start"	
		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~	
10		EPAP application started.	
10.	MPS 2A:	\$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock pdb	
ΙЦ		Enter password: <mysql_root_password> On the MySQL prompt, execute the following commands:</mysql_root_password>	
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Appendix A.29 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

	Wait a minute for the updates to sync between Active and Standby PDBA. Check in intervals of 1 minute till all updates are sent from Active PDBA to Standby PDBA. Move to next stepONLY after checking that output of replLog and requests tables shows "Empty set".	mysql> select * from replLog; Empty set (0.00 sec) mysql> select * from requests; Empty set (0.00 sec) mysql> quit Bye
11.	MPS 2A: Stop the PDBA and EPAP processes.	# service Pdba stop ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped. # service Epap stop ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap stop ~~ EPAP application stopped.
12.	MPS 1A: Stop the PDBA and EPAP processes.	# service Pdba stop ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped. # service Epap stop ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap stop ~~ EPAP application stopped.
13. 14.	MPS 2A: Exit as root user Note down the timestamp in log.	\$ exit Run the following command: \$ date

PROCEDURE A.30 Resolve the false accept upgrade alarm situation

This procedure is used to resolve the false accept upgrade alarm situation from the system.	
Check off (\vee) each step as it is com	apleted. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CON	NTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
1. Blankout the /etc/motd file	> /etc/motd
2.Add an entry "export POST_UPGRADE_ACTION=A CCEPT" in the upgrade info file.	echo "export POST_UPGRADE_ACTION=ACCEPT" >> /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.info
3.Clear the false alarm "TKSPLATMI33"	You will see the following alarm in alarmStatus. a. alarmMgralarmStatus [One output example below:] SEQ: 7 UPTIME: 356 BIRTH: 1524100682 TYPE: SET ALARM: TKSPLATMI33 tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept 1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.18. 3.1.3.33 3253 2 Processing Error Configuration Error b. To clear the alarm, run the following command: alarmMgrclear TKSPLATMI33

APPENDIX B INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM

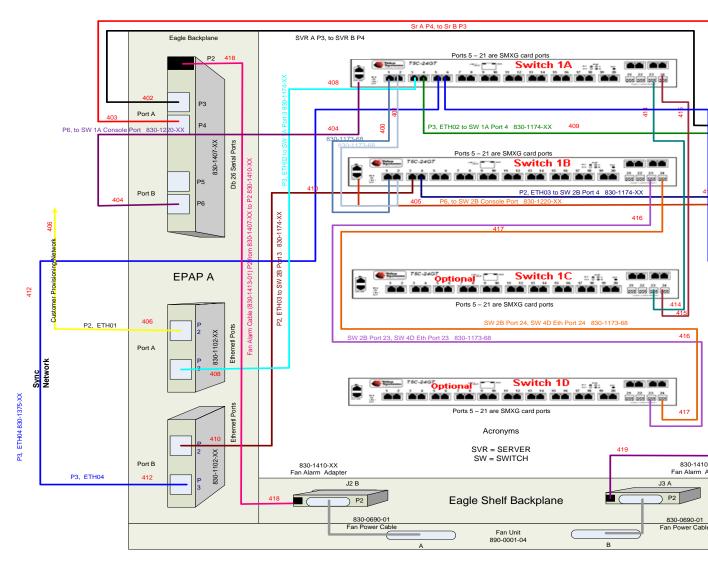


Figure 9: Interconnectivity Diagram for Sync Network Redundancy (Eth04 used for Sync Network)

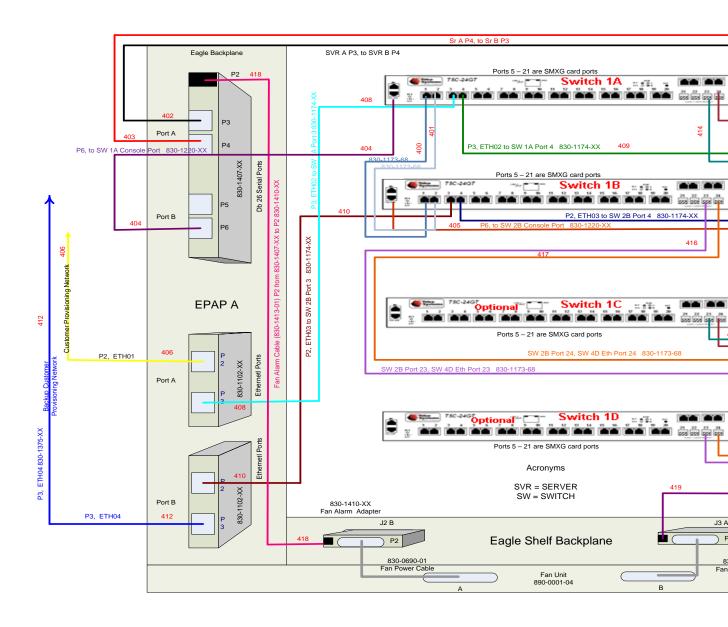


Figure 10: Default Interconnectivity Diagram (Eth04 used for Backup Provisioning Network)

APPENDIX C TELCO TO CISCO SWITCH REPLACEMENT

SWITCH REPLACEMENT

S	This procedure is for replacing the Telco switch with the Cisco switch.
T	
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step
P	number.
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.

The following tools are required to perform this procedure:

- Ground Strap (Wrist or Heel)
- #2 Phillips Screwdriver
- #3 Phillips Screwdriver
- 1/4" Nut Driver or Socket
- 5/16" Nut Driver or Socket
- Diagonal Wire Cutter (to cut Tie-wraps)
- Multi Meter
- Tie Wraps
- Electrical Tape
- Cable Tags/Marker (to label all cables)
- 1. Disable and disconnect switch power

Tools required: Ground Strap, #2 Phillips Screwdriver, Multi Meter, and Diagonal Wire Cutter

- a. At the fuse panel, locate the fuse positions for the switch being removed. To power down the Switch, remove the fuses for both A and B feeds.
- b. Once the switch is off, unscrew and remove the terminal-block insulator covers from both terminals blocks A and B.
- c. With covers removed, using a Multi Meter, ensure that there is no power.
- d. Ensure that the power leads are marked -48V & RTN.
- e. With the cables marked, one at a time, remove the power cable and tape the terminal ring. Repeat these steps until all power connections are removed.



Note: This procedure will reference replacing the Switch #1 location (top). Same procedure is applicable for other switch locations.



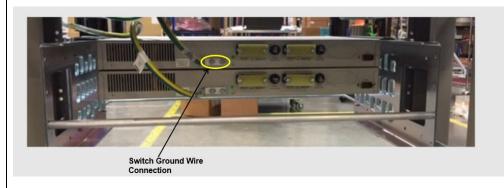
Note: For the replacement switch, if required, more cable slack/length can be added if the cableties are cut from the Tie-rod. See Step 8.

Disconnect ground cable from switch

Tools required: Ground Strap and 5/16" Nut Driver or Socket

- a. Remove the Switch Ground Wire from the grounding point, by loosening and removing Hex nut, Flat washer, and External tooth washer.
- b. Leave Ground Wire dangling. Do not disconnect ground wire attached to cabinet/frame.

Note: Hardware removed, nut, and washers are NOT required on the replacement switch.

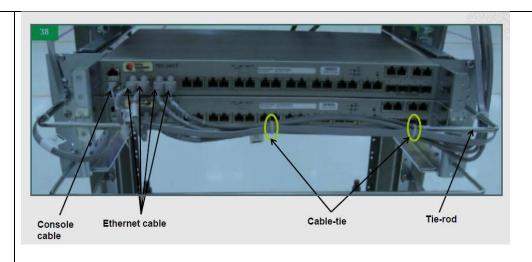


Disconnect Front ENET and Console Cables

Tools required: Diagonal Wire Cutters

Note: This procedure will reference replacing the Switch #1 location (Top). The same procedure used for other switch locations.

- a. Make sure that all the cables are labeled and are in the correct position that they are terminated at. If not, ensure to mark or label before starting any removal.
- b. Disconnect the Console and Ethernet cables from Telco switch being replaced. Leave the cables dangling.
- c. (Optional) If cable management tie-rod is mounted to the switch being replaced, it may be necessary to cut or remove the cable-ties, holding the cables from the Tie-rod.

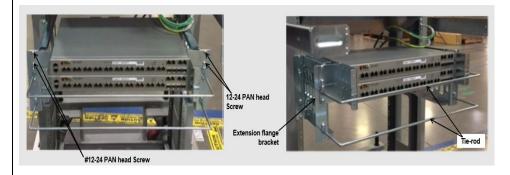


4. Remove the Switch being replaced

Tools required: Ground Strap and #3 Phillips Screwdriver

- a. Remove the four (4) PAN head screws (Two (2) on either side of the switch). If there is no support under the switch, take care to support the switch while removing the screws.
- b. Remove the Switch from the Eagle rack.
- c. Keep the screws safely set aside. Required for mounting the new switch.

Note: If Tie-rod is attached via the screws being removed, then the Tie-rod needs to be set aside for reattachment when the replacement Switch is installed.

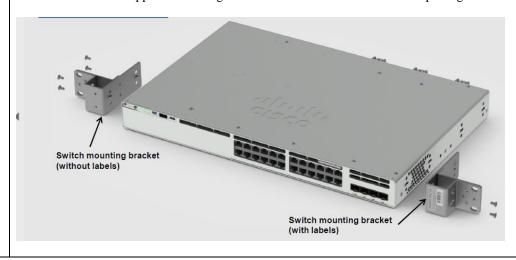


5. Assemble the replacement Cisco Switch

Tools required: Ground Straps and #2 Phillips Screwdriver

Attach the mounting brackets with Cisco switch assembly.

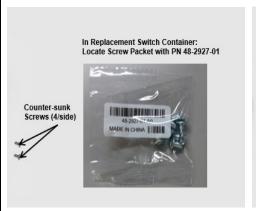
a. Locate the supplied mounting brackets and screws from the Switch package.



b. Align the mounting bracket to the switch using four mounting holes.

Note: Bracket with labels to be mounted on the right side of the switch.

c. Insert four screws, supplied with each switch, and tighten.





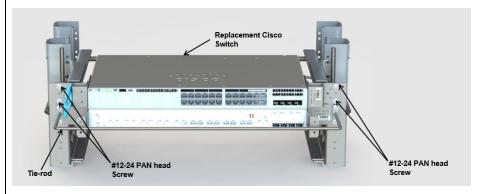
- d. Repeat the steps b and c for the other side of the switch.
- e. Attach optional Cable Manager.
 - I. Locate Cable Manager and Screw from replacement Switch packaging.
 - II. Attach the Cable Manager to the rack mounting bracket using the supplied screw.



6. Install replacement Cisco Switch

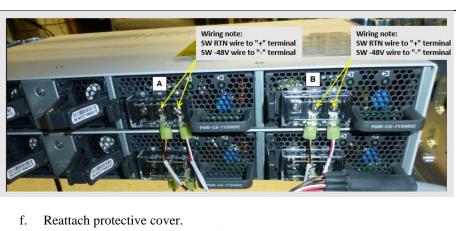
Tools required: Ground Straps and #3 Phillips Screwdriver

a. Align Replacement Cisco Switch in the slot where the original switch was removed.



b. Using screws removed from step 4, insert the four (4) PAN head screws (Two (2) on either side of the switch) and tighten.

Note: If Tie-rod was removed in step 4, reattach at this time. Reattach Tools required: Ground Straps and #2 Phillips Screwdriver 7. the ground cable Reattach the chassis ground wire (from Step 3) to switch where shown. Use Screws provided with replacement Cisco Switch. Grounding Screws In Replacement Switch Container, locate grounding screw packet with PN 48-2381-01. Connect Tools required: Ground Strap and 1/4" Nut Driver power to Remove terminal block cover. the replacement Cisco Switch Cable Lug Flat Washer Lock Washer **Terminal Block Cover** Remove Nuts and Washers from studs on A feed terminal block. Install the lugs from the power cable (A) to switch terminal block A. Secure the nuts after inserting flat washer and lock washer on top of the cable lug. Ensure connections to terminal block are as follows: SW RTN wire to "+" terminal, SW -48V wire to "-" terminal.

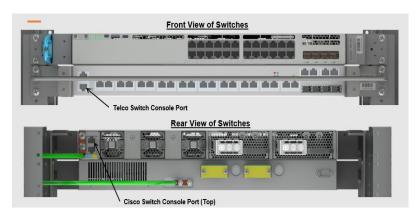


g. Repeat the above steps for the B feed connection.

9. Reattach Console Cable and Ethernet Cables

Tools required: Ground Strap

a. Plug-in the console port cable to the Replacement Switch.



Note: The Console port on the New Cisco Switch is on the rear side where the power is applied.

b. Plug-in the Ethernet cables to Replacement Cisco Switch.

Note: The Switch locations are marked on cable from Step 3.

Reapply 10. power

- a. Double check all the connections are in their proper place and are secure.
- b. Reinstall the A and B feed power fuses (removed in Step 1) one at a time.
- c. Check the switch power supply LED to ensure power is up. Then, install the other fuse and again check power supply LED.



The replacement switch is now ready to be set up and configured.

11.	Configure	Refer to the following procedure "Switch Configuration" to configure the new Cisco Switch.
	the new	
	Cisco	
	Switch	

SWITCH CONFIGURATION

S T	This procedure Configures the Cisco Switches on an Installed E5-APP-B EPAP Server Pair.	
E	Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	Make the cross-over cable connections.	NOTE: THIS IS IMPORTANT.
		 a. CONNECT the cross-over cable from Port 1 of Switch1A to Port 1 of Switch1B. b. DISCONNECT the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B. Similarly, while Configuring Switch1C and Switch1D, disconnect the cable from port 24 and connect back post configuration is done.
		 Note: Switch configuration should only be attempted by a skilled technician and not by all. All uplinks should be removed while switch configuration. There should not be any loop in the switches during their configuration. Switch1B must be configured first.
2	Do minicom to enter the Cisco switch console. Command – "minicom switch1A" for the console cable connected to MPS-A and for console cable connected to MPS-B use "minicom switch1B".	[root@Donut-B epapall]# [root@Donut-B epapall]# minicom switch1B
3	MPS X: Do not enter in the initial config dialog in the freshly connected Cisco switch.	Autoinstall will terminate if any input is detected on console System Configuration Dialog Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no]:no
4	MPS X: Enter an Enable secret key:- "OracleSwitchC1"	The enable secret is a password used to protect access to privileged EXEC and configuration modes. This password, after entered, becomes encrypted in the configuration.

		The secret should be of minimum 10 characters and maximum 32 characters with at least 1 upper case, 1 lower case, 1 digit, and should not contain [cisco]. Enter enable secret:OracleSwitchC1
		Confirm enable secret: OracleSwitchC1
5	MPS X: Press 2 and enter	The following configuration command script was created: enable secret 9 \$9\$TSBinkhqCyICKE\$.kVHrY3IJTaqJEb.T9yJjjjmzcRSu426mSirX4U3a1k! end [0] Go to the IOS command prompt without saving this config. [1] Return back to the setup without saving this config. [2] Save this configuration to nvram and exit.
6	MPS X: Initial configuration building is done	Building configuration [OK] Use the enabled mode 'configure' command to modify this configuration.
		Press RETURN to get started!
7	MPS X: Write "enable" and password set in step 3, which is "OracleSwitchC1"	Switch>enable Password:
8	MPS X: Once the switch is enabled to take configuration > sign changes to the # sign	Switch>enable Password: Password: Switch#
9	MPS X: Write command – "Configure terminal"	switch# configure terminal Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. switch(config)#
10	MPS X: Here are the attached configs to be used for Eth04 used for Backup Provisioning Network	CiscoSwitch1C.txt CiscoSwitch1B.txt CiscoSwitch1A.txt CiscoSwitch1D.txt

11	MPS X: Here are the attached configs to be used for EPAP Sync Network Redundancy (Eth04 used for Sync Network).	CiscoSwitch1C.sync.t CiscoSwitch1B.sync.tx CiscoSwitch1A.sync.t CiscoSwitch1D.sync.t xt t xt xt
12	MPS X: Open the attached config in notepad for the switch we want to configure.	Open in notepad and press Ctrl+A and then Ctrl+C.
13	MPS X: Paste all the copied config to the switch. Shown example for Switch1A.	Switch# configure terminal Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Switch(config)#hostname switch1A switch1A(config)#enable secret EnAbLe switch1A(config)#\$sestamps log datetime msec localtime show- timezone switch1A(config)#no service pad switch1A(config)#service timestamps debug uptime switch1A(config)#service timestamps log uptime switch1A(config)#service password-encryption switch1A(config)#logging console switch1A(config)#logging trap errors switch1A(config)#logging facility local6 switch1A(config)#line console 0 switch1A(config)#line console 0 switch1A(config)#length 0 switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)# switch1A(config)-vlan)# name default switch1A(config)-vlan)# exit switch1A(config)-vlan)# name dsm-a switch1A(config)-vlan)# name dsm-a switch1A(config)-vlan)# exit switch1A(config)-vlan)# exit switch1A(config)-vlan)# exit switch1A(config)-vlan)# name dsm-a switch1A(config)-vlan)# paddress 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0 switch1A(config)-if)#ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0

```
switch1A(config-if)#exit
switch1A(config)#
switch1A(config)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/1
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 1 mode on
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 1
switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch B
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/2
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 1 mode on
switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch B
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/3
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EPAP_A DSM A
switch1A(config-if)# flowcontrol receive on
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/4
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EPAP_B DSM A
switch1A(config-if)# flowcontrol receive on
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/5
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
```

```
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/6
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/7
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/8
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/9
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/10
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
```

```
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/11
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/12
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/13
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/14
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/15
```

```
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/16
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/17
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/18
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/19
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/20
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/21
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/22
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/23
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 2 mode on
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 2
switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch C
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/24
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
```

_				
		switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 2 mode on		
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch C</pre>		
		switch1A(config-if)#shutdown		
		switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown		
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>		
		<pre>switch1A(config-if)#</pre>		
		switch1A(config-if)#no ip http server		
		<pre>switch1A(config)#</pre>		
		switch1A(config)#no cdp run		
		switch1A(config)#		
		switch1A(config)#line con 0		
		switch1A(config-line)# password CoNsOlE		
		switch1A(config-line)# login		
		switch1A(config-line)#line vty 0 4		
		switch1A(config-line)#transport input telnet ssh		
		switch1A(config-line)#password CoNsOlE		
		switch1A(config-line)# login		
		switch1A(config-line)#line vty 5 15		
		switch1A(config-line)#transport input telnet ssh		
		switch1A(config-line)#password CONsOlE		
		switch1A(config-line)# login		
		switch1A(config-line)#		
		switch1A(config-line)#		
		switchIA(config-line)# switchIA(config-line)#ntp server 192.168.2.100		
		switch1A(config)#		
		switch1A(config)#logging host 192.168.2.100		
		switch1A(config)#		
		switch1A(config)#end		
		switch1A#		
14	MPS X: Similarly,	Use the config attached in step 10 and repeat steps 2 to 12. Ensure to select the exact		
	the user needs to	same config from the step 10 as per the switch location.		
	configure all other connected cisco			
	switches.			
15	Connect the cross-	75C-24G7 W// = 1000 PAR 15T		
	over cable from			
	Port 2 of Switch1A	21 22 33 24 25 24 25 24 25 24 25 24 25 24 25 24 25 24 25 25 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25		
	to Port 2 of Switch1B.	Telepo Systems 75C-24G7 111/6cT 1990 1910 1910 1910 1910 1910 1910 191		
	Switchib.	B 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24		
		COS BUT COS		
16	Ping to Confirm connectivity.	Ping from all the newly connected switches to the mentioned IP address (192.168.2.1,		
		192.168.2.2, 192.168.2.3, 192.168.2.4, 192.168.2.100, 192.168.2.200), till you see an 100% success rate.		
	Note: Ip address	100/0 Success fate.		
	192.168.2.1	switch1D#ping 192.168.2.1		
	associated with	Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.1, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec:		
Una	Switch1A, ip ade/Installation Guide	Press Esc for break 275 of 279 October 2025		

	address 192.168.2.2	!!!!!		
	associated with	Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = $0/0/0$ ms		
	Switch1B, ip	switch1D#ping 192.168.2.2		
	address 192.168.2.3	Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.2, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec:		
	with Switch1C and	Press Esc for break		
	ip address	I less Esc for oreak		
	192.168.2.4 with	Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms		
	Switch1D.	switch1D#ping 192.168.2.3		
	SWILLIID.	Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.3, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec:		
		Press Esc for break		
		IIIII		
		Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms		
		switch1D#ping 192.168.2.4		
		Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.4, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec:		
		Press Esc for break		
		IIIII		
		Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms		
		switch1D#ping 192.168.2.100		
		Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.100, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec:		
		Press Esc for break		
		IIIII		
		Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = $0/1/5$ ms		
		switch1D#ping 192.168.2.200		
		Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.200, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec:		
		Press Esc for break		
		IIIII		
		Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = $0/0/0$ ms		
		switch1D#		
17	Procedure complete	Procedure is complete.		
	1 Toccure complete	1 Tocculare is complete.		

APPENDIX D SWOPS SIGN OFF.

Discrepancy List

Date	Test Case	Description of Failures and/or Issues. Any CSR's / RMA's issued during Acceptance. Discrepancy	Resolution and SWOPS Engineer Responsible	Resolution Date:

APPENDIX E CUSTOMER SIGN OFF

Sign-Off Record

*** Please review this entire document. ***

This is to certify that all steps required for the upgrade successfully completed without failure.

Sign your name, showing approval of this procedure, and email this page and the above completed Table to Oracle, email: upgrades@tekelec.com.

Customer: Company Name:	Date:	
Site: Location:		
Customer :(Print)	Phone:	
	Fax:	
Start Date:	Completion Date:	
	Any deviations from this procedure must be approved by both spage should be given to the customer for their records. The f this completion for future reference.	
Oracle Signature:	Date:	
Customer Signature:	Date:	

APPENDIX F MY ORACLE SUPPORT

My Oracle Support (https://support.oracle.com) is your initial point of contact for all product support and training needs. A representative at Customer Access Support can assist you with My Oracle Support registration.

Call the Customer Access Support main number at 1-800-223-1711 (toll-free in the US), or call the Oracle Support hotline for your local country from the list at http://www.oracle.com/us/support/contact/index.html. When calling, make the selections in the sequence shown below on the Support telephone menu:

- For Technical issues such as creating a new Service Request (SR), select 1.
- For Non-technical issues such as registration or assistance with My Oracle Support, select 2.
- For Hardware, Networking and Solaris Operating System Support, select 3.

You are connected to a live agent who can assist you with My Oracle Support registration and opening a support ticket.

My Oracle Support is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year.