

# **Oracle® Revenue Management and Billing**

Version 2.9.0.0.0

## **Reporting SDK Guide**

Revision 2.1

F34133-01

August, 2020

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## Oracle Revenue Management and Billing Reporting SDK Guide

F34133-01

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# Preface

## About This Document

This document will help you to understand ORMB reporting platform and assist you to configure ORMB Reporting system for generating different reports.

## Intended Audience

This document is intended for the following audience:

- Implementation Team
- Consulting Team
- Development Team

## Organization of the Document

The information in this document is organized into the following sections:

Section No.	Section Name	Description
Section 1	Introduction	Provides an overview of ORMB web reporting platform. It also lists benefits of the platform.
Section 2	Web Reporting	Explains the web-reporting platform. It lists the necessary components and how to the utility for using Groovy to generate reports.
Section 3	ORMB Document Generation	Explains the steps to be follow to generate reports. It also provides information about the various functions, algorithms defined for generating reports in PDF.
Section 4	Future Direction	Lists future enhancements to be made in the platform.

## Related Documents

You can refer to the following documents for more information:

Document	Description
<i>Oracle Revenue Management and Billing Bill and Letter Reports Configuration Guide</i>	Explains the ORMB web reporting platform and also lists the benefits of the platform. It also assists in configuring the ORMB Reporting system for generating different reports.
<i>Oracle Revenue Management and Billing Reporting Installation Guide</i>	Lists the prerequisites, supported platforms, and hardware and software requirements for installing the Oracle Revenue Management and Billing (ORMB) reporting framework.

Document	Description
<i>Oracle Revenue Management and Billing Reporting User Guide</i>	Explains the ORMB reporting process and the various types of frameworks provided by ORMB. It also explains how to use Groovy to generate different reports.

## Conventions

The following conventions are used across the document:

Convention	Meaning
<b>boldface</b>	Boldface indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in the text.
<i>italic</i>	Italic indicates a document or book title.
<code>monospace</code>	Monospace indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or information that an end-user needs to enter in the application.

## Change Log

Revision	Last Update	Updated Section	Comments
2.1	19-Jan-2022	-	Added Bookmarks in PDF

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# 1. Introduction

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ORMB application provides a unique web-reporting platform. This platform offers best-in-class enterprise reporting feature that enables customers to uncover new insights and take faster, more informed business decisions.

ORMB Reporting feature easily integrates with existing infrastructure, provides reusable design and data elements, and enables an Easy API Access.

The ORMB reporting platform provides following benefits:

- It allows you generate and deliver customized reports to colleagues in different departments and customers on time.
- It allows implementers to efficiently create and update document templates.
- It supports web based reporting, and charts data representation with existing or custom groovy services.
- It allows data representation using query zones with SQL in tabular formats.
- It supports output in PDF, CSV, XML, JSON formats using Custom Formatting Objects Processor (FOP) Templates.

## 2. Web Reporting

ORMB Reporting platform provides support for tabular data representation using SQL commands across different query zone. Each of these channels can be configure as per the user's requirements.

It also supports representing data in the form of charts with both existing and customized services. Using ORMB SVG API, you can generate below mentioned charts:

- Bar Chart
- Pier Chart
- Line Chart
- XY Chart
- Bubble chart
- Time Series

The designer can control the type, size, position, and contents of the chart using the following attributes by configuring a graphical representation of an XML list. You can use following HTML attributes.

```
oraChart="type:pie, stacked, cluster, line, area, combo;"
```

A sample code for generating pie chart using HTML attributes are as below:

```
<html>
<head>
<title>Pie Chart</title>
</head>
<body>
<div style="width:100%; height:290px;"
  oraChart="type:pie;"
  oraChartSeries1="list:set; labelPath:date; amount:amount; "
  oraChartBroadcast="BILL_ID:billId;">
</div>
</body>
<xml>
<root>
  <set>
<date>05-02-2003</date>
<amount>163.24</amount>
<billId>592211649441</billId>
  </set>
  <set>
<date>06-02-2003</date>
```



```

<amount>97.29</amount>
<billId>592211649442</billId>
  </set>
  <set>
<date>07-02-2003</date>
<amount>54.38</amount>
<billId>592211649443</billId>
  </set>
</root>
</xml>
</html>

```

The generated pie chart is represented as:

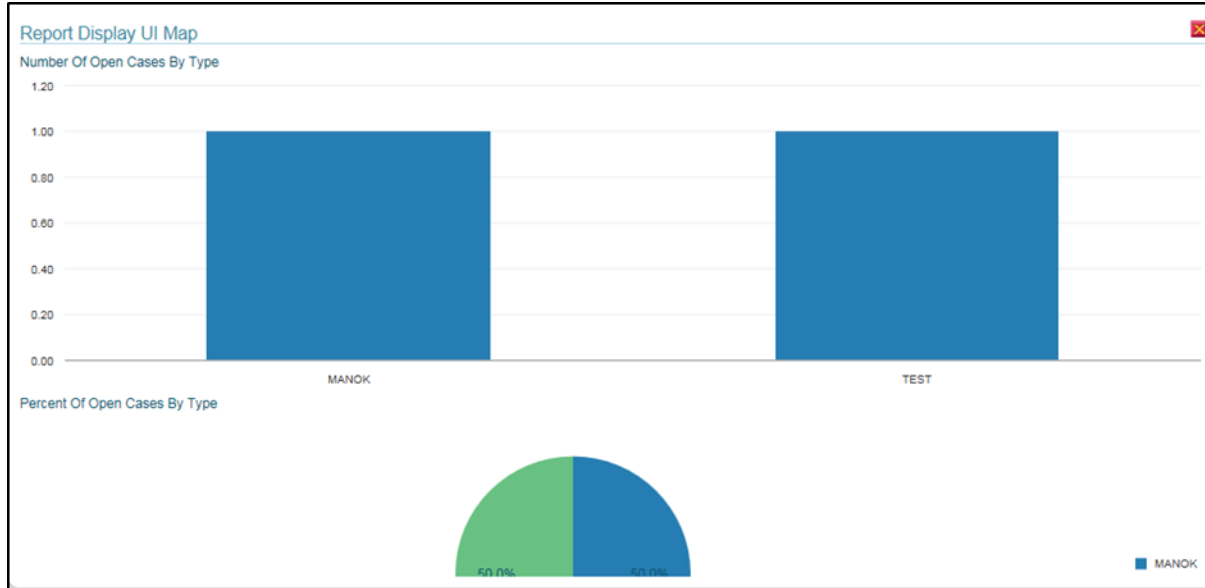


Figure 1: Pie Chart

**Note:** For more details on configuring a chart, refer to *ORMB Help Guide*.

## 2.1 Web Reporting Using Groovy

ORMB platform provides two components, 'Service Script' and 'User Interface (UI) Map' that enable you to edit existing Reports or create new reports using ORMB FOP framework. This framework allows you to use Apache Groovy utility. This utility needs configure with 'Service Script' and 'UI Map' before they can use. The Service Script consists of actual business logic and needs to create, whereas UI Map designed with the same schema as that of service script. The UI Map will call service script, perform necessary operation and show chart as an output on UI Map.

Groovy code can incorporate in scripts using the step type Groovy Members. For each script with Groovy code, there will be a single Groovy class created by concatenating all Groovy Members steps.

For security reasons, the product and third party Java classes available for scripting in Groovy will be restricted.

Note: For more information on the allowable base classes, refer Groovy Javadoc in the Application Viewer and 'View Groovy Javadoc' link in the context sensitive Script Tips zone of ORMB Help Section.

To view the list of allowable third party classes, refer 'View third party Groovy whitelist' link in the Script Tips zone.

If the script has configured to use a scripting engine version, it can include a combination of regular and Groovy Members step types. The script step types will define the process executed. The Groovy Members steps will contain code that can be called from Edit Data step types within the script using the 'Invoke Groovy' command. This command supports only Groovy methods that receive no arguments and return void. Refer to the section on edit data steps for more details.

For scripts using Groovy Members, the framework provides a superclass containing methods that support common scripting actions such as move commands, string evaluation, and methods to invoke business objects, business services and service scripts. For details of the supported methods, refer the Groovy specific JavaDocs.

Below examples, explain how you can implement web reporting using Groovy.

## 2.1.1 Service Script

To implement web reporting using service scripts, you need to follow the below sequence

1. Create Service Script
2. Define step type for the created service script
3. Define schema for the created service script

### 2.1.1.1 Defining a Service Script

To define Service Script, follow the below steps:

1. From the Admin menu, select S and then click Script.
2. Click Add option from the Script sub-menu. The Script screen appears.
3. Enter values in the following fields within Main tab:

Field Name	Description	Value
<b>Name</b>	Used to define name of the script.	For example, ZZGRCHART
<b>Script Type</b>	Used to define respective server-based script.	Service Script <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-top: 5px;">Note: It is mandatory to select 'Service Script' as type.</div>
<b>Application Service</b>	Used to indicate if the execution of the script should secure	For example, F1-DFLTAPS
<b>Script Engine Version</b>	Used to define the version of the XML Path Language (XPath) used for the script	3.0

		<p><b>Note:</b> It is mandatory to use 3.0 as version.</p>
--	--	--

4. Click Save.

**Figure 2: Service Script**

After creating a script, you must define Steps.

### 2.1.1.2 Defining a Step

You can implement web reporting using Step Types as:

- Edit Data
- Groovy Members

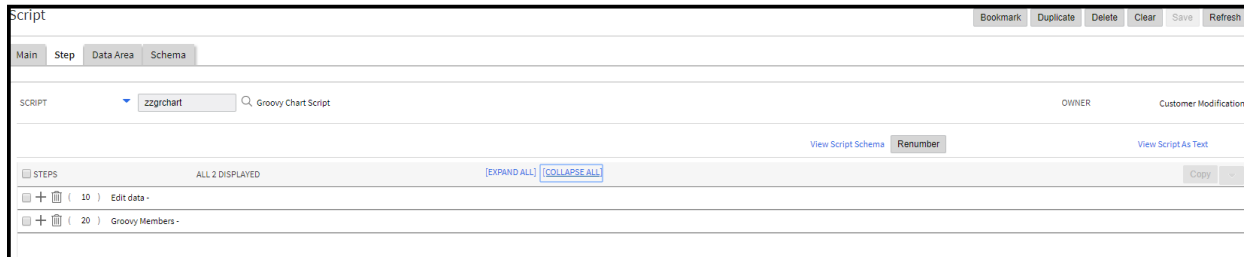
To define Step Type, follow the below steps:

1. From the Admin menu, select S and then click Script.
2. Click Add option from the Script sub-menu. The Script screen appears.
3. Click Step tab from the Script screen.
4. Enter values in the following fields:

Field Name	Description	Value
Step Sequence	Used to define the relative position of this step in respect of the other steps.	For example, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 10</li> <li>• 20</li> </ul> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-top: 5px;"> <p><b>Note:</b> This value can be any unique integer value.</p> </div>
Step Type	Used to define the <b>Step Type</b> that corresponds with the step	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Edit Data</li> <li>• Groovy Members</li> </ul>

Text	<b>Used to specify the information that displays in the script area when the step executes.</b>	
Edit Data Text	Used to specify commands to control the script processing.	

### 5. Click Save.



**Figure 3: Script – Step**

A sample sequence for Step Type ‘Edit Data’ is given below:

- **Step Sequence:** 10. This value can be any unique integer value.
- **Step Type:** Edit Data
- **Edit Data Text:** invokeGroovy 'function';

A sample sequence for Step Type ‘Groovy Members’ is listed below

- **Step Sequence:** 20. This value can be any unique integer value.
- **Step Type:** Groovy Members
- **Edit Data Text:** A sample code is listed below:

```
public void function() {
logger.info("Groovy Test  : ");
String tdTypeCd = "C1-ADJUP";
String languageCode = "ENG";
String tdStatusDesc = "O";
String userId = "AHTRF";

def query = createPreparedStatement("SELECT TT.TD_TYPE_CD, COUNT
(TE.TD_ENTRY_ID) COUNT, LO.DESCR STATUS_DESCR FROM CI_TD_TYPE TT,
CI_TD_TYPE_L TTL, CI_TD_ENTRY TE, CI_TD_MSG_PARM TP, CI_MSG_L ML,
CI_LOOKUP LO, SC_USER UR WHERE TT.TD_TYPE_CD = TTL.TD_TYPE_CD AND
( TRIM(TT.TD_TYPE_CD) =TRIM(:tdTypeCd)) AND TRIM(TTL.LANGUAGE_CD)
=TRIM(:languageCode) AND TE.TD_TYPE_CD = TT.TD_TYPE_CD AND
TE.ENTRY_STATUS_FLG <> 'C' AND ( TRIM(TE.ENTRY_STATUS_FLG)
=TRIM(:tdStatusDesc)) AND LO.FIELD_NAME = 'ENTRY_STATUS_FLG' AND
LO.FIELD_VALUE = TE.ENTRY_STATUS_FLG AND TRIM(LO.LANGUAGE_CD)
=TRIM(:languageCode) AND TE.TD_ENTRY_ID = TP.TD_ENTRY_ID(+) AND
TE.MESSAGE_CAT_NBR = ML.MESSAGE_CAT_NBR AND TE.MESSAGE_NBR =
ML.MESSAGE_NBR AND TRIM(ML.LANGUAGE_CD) =TRIM(:languageCode) AND
```

```

TRIM(UR.USER_ID)                                =TRIM(:userId) GROUP BY LO.DESCR,
TT.TD_TYPE_CD", "");

    query.bindString("tdTypeCd", tdTypeCd, "TD_TYPE_CD");
    query.bindString("tdStatusDesc", tdStatusDesc, "ENTRY_STATUS_FLG");
    query.bindString("languageCode", languageCode, "LANGUAGE_CD");
    query.bindString("userId", userId, "USER_ID");
    def list = query.list();
    for(def row : list){

move(row.getString("COUNT"), "parm/+caseTypeChartReportDtlsList/count")
        move(row.getString("STATUS_DESCR"), "parm/caseTypeChartReportDtlsL
ist[last()]/tdStatusDesc")
        move(row.getString("TD_TYPE_CD"), "parm/caseTypeChartReportDtlsLis
t[last()]/tdType")
    }
}

```

### 2.1.1.3 Defining a Schema

To define a Schema, follow the below steps:

1. From the **Admin** menu, select **S** and then click **Script**.
2. Click **Add** option from the **Script** sub-menu. The **Script** screen appears.
3. Click **Schema** tab from the Script screen.
4. Click the **Text** icon present in **Schema Designer** screen.
5. Enter the code in the pane.
6. Click **Save**.

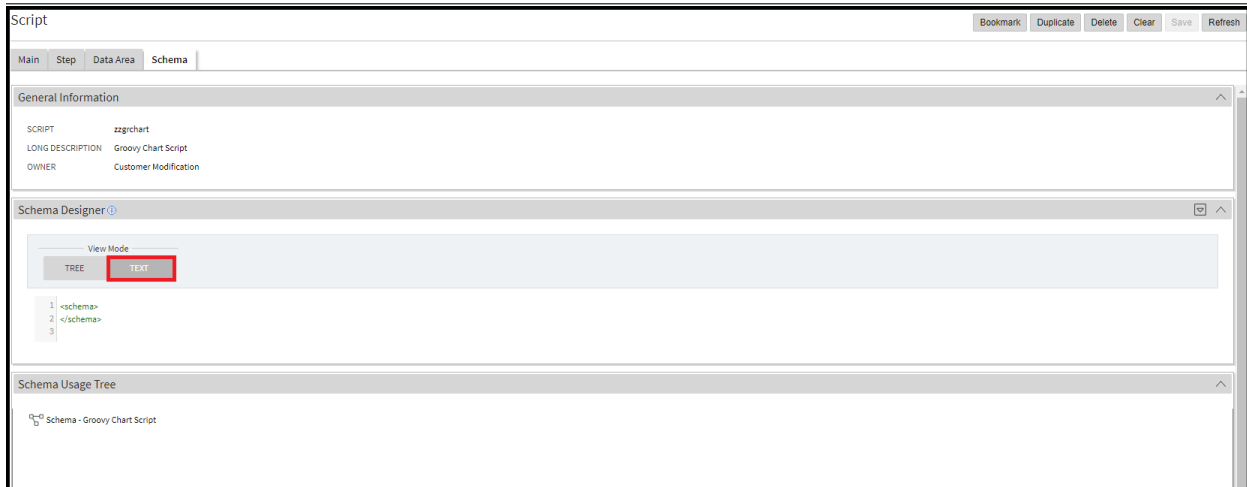


Figure 4: Script - Schema

A sample code for defining a schema using Schema Designer is listed below:

```

<schema>
  <tdStatusDesc mapField="TD_STATUS_DESCR"/>
  <todoType mapField="TD_TYPE_CD"/>
  <caseTypeReportDtlsList type="list" mapList="CASE_TYPE_RPRT_DTLS">
    <creationDateTime mapField="CRE_DTTM"/>
    <messageText mapField="MESSAGE_TEXT"/>
    <todoId mapField="TD_ENTRY_ID"/>
    <age mapField="AGE_LBL"/>
  </caseTypeReportDtlsList>
  <caseTypeChartReportDtlsList type="list"
mapList="CASE_TYPE_OPEN_CHART_LIST">
    <count mapField="COUNT"/>
    <tdStatusDesc mapField="TD_STATUS_DESCR"/>
    <todoType mapField="TD_TYPE_CD"/>
  </caseTypeChartReportDtlsList>
</schema>

```

## 2.1.2 User Interface Map

To generate UI Map, you need to follow the below sequence

1. Define a UI Map
2. Define a Schema for the UI Map

### 2.1.2.1 Defining a UI Map

To define a UI Map, follow the below steps:

1. From the **Admin** menu, select **U** and then click **UI Map**.

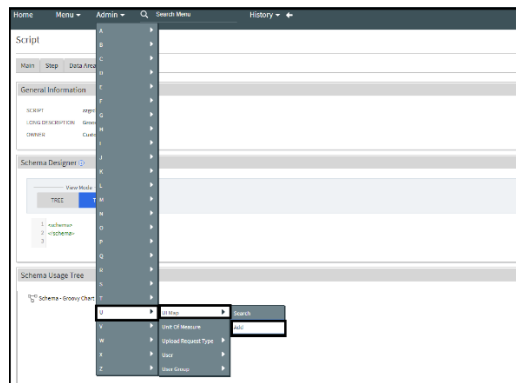


Figure 5: UI Map

2. Click **Add** option from the **UI Map** sub-menu. The **UI Map** screen appears.
3. Enter values in the following fields within **Main** tab:

Field Name	Description	Value	Mandatory (Yes or No)
Name	Used to specify the name of the algorithm.	ZZSHOWCHART	Yes
UI Map Type	Used to indicate the configuration type	Complete XHTML Document	Yes
Description	Used to specify description for the map.		No
Detailed Description	Used to specify detailed description for the map.		No

4. Click **Save**.



Figure 6: UI Map

### 2.1.2.2 Defining a Schema

To define Schema, follow the below steps:

1. From the **Admin** menu, select **U** and then click **UI Map**.
2. Click Add option from the Script sub-menu. The Script screen appears.
3. Click Schema tab from the Script screen.
4. You can define the schema in:
  - HTML Editor
    - i. Enter the code in editor pane.
    - ii. Click **Save**.
  - Schema Designer
    - i. Click the **Text button** in Schema Designer screen.
    - ii. Enter the code in the Source View pane.
    - iii. Click Save.

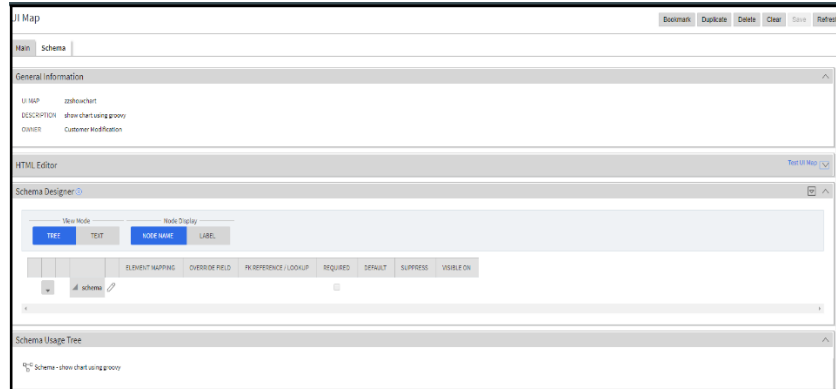


Figure 7: UI Map -Schema

### 2.1.2.3 HTML Editor

A sample code to be used in HTML Editor is listed below:

```

<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Strict//EN"
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-strict.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/strict">
  <head>
    <title> </title>
    <link href="cisDisabled.css" type="text/css" rel="stylesheet" />
  </head>
  <script>
    function fnChange()
    {
      alert('hi');
      if (!oraInvokeSS('ZZGRCHART',null)) {
        oraShowErrorAlert();
        return;
      }
    }
  </script>
  <body class="oraZoneMap" onLoad="fnChange();">
    <div style="width:100%; height:290px;"
      oraChart="type:stacked;"
      oraChartSeries1="list:caseTypeChartReportDtlsList;          xaxis:toDoType;
labelPath:tdStatusDesc; amount:count;script:C1_TDENTR_BP; "
      oraChartBroadcast="TD_STATUS_DESCR:caseTypeChartReportDtlsList/tdStatusDesc;"
      onClick="oraSubmitMap('SAVE');"></div>

```



```

<div style="width:100%; height:290px;"
    oraChart="type:pie;"
    oraChartSeries1="list:caseTypeChartReportDtlsList;    labelPath:toDoType;
amount:count;script:C1_TDENTR_BP; "

oraChartBroadcast="TD_STATUS_DESCR:caseTypeChartReportDtlsList/tdStatusDesc;"
onClick="oraSubmitMap('SAVE');"></div>

</body>
<xml style="display:none;"></xml>
</html>

```

### 2.1.2.4 Schema Designer

A sample code used in Schema Designer is listed below:

```

<schema>
    <tdStatusDesc mapField="TD_STATUS_DESCR"/>
    <toDoType mapField="TD_TYPE_CD"/>
    <caseTypeReportDtlsList type="list" mapList="CASE_TYPE_RPRT_DTLS">
        <creationDateTime mapField="CRE_DTTM"/>
        <messageText mapField="MESSAGE_TEXT"/>
        <toDoId mapField="TD_ENTRY_ID"/>
        <age mapField="AGE_LBL"/>
    </caseTypeReportDtlsList>
    <caseTypeChartReportDtlsList mapList="CASE_TYPE_OPEN_CHART_LIST" type="list">
        <count mapField="COUNT"/>
        <tdStatusDesc mapField="TD_STATUS_DESCR"/>
        <toDoType mapField="TD_TYPE_CD"/>
    </caseTypeChartReportDtlsList>
</schema>

```

### 2.1.3 UI Map Result

To test the scenario, click on **Test UI Map** link present in right corner of **UI Map** screen. The UI Map will call JavaScript function at **'On Load'** event. The JavaScript function calls **'Service Script'** business logic and performs necessary operations required for fetching valid data. Once resulting data fetched, control returns to UI Map with output.

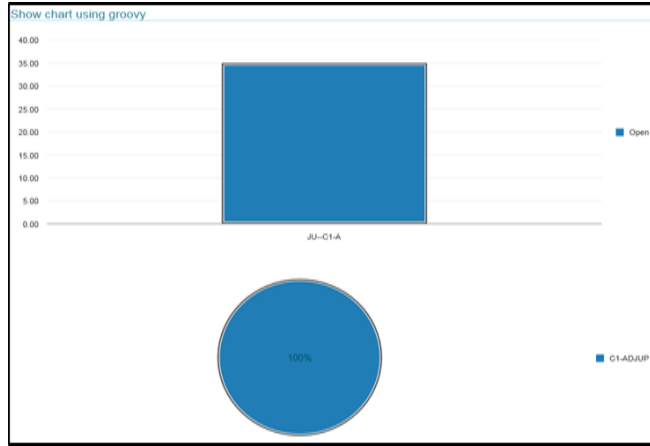


Figure 8: UI Map Result

## 3. ORMB Document Generation

Apache FOP (Formatting Objects Processor) library used to generate the PDF format for ORMB document. Apache FOP is a print formatter driven by XSL formatting objects. It is a Java application that reads a formatting object tree conforming to the XSL 1.1 Recommendation (05 December 2006) and then turns it into a PDF document or other output formats. It allows you to preview the outputs directly on screen.

Apache FOP is a Java application that reads a Formatting Object (FO) tree and renders it to a specified output such as PDF, PS, XML, etc. The primary output target is PDF. For more understanding, refer official Apache FOP site at <https://xmlgraphics.apache.org/fop/>

You can also refer GitHub at <https://github.com/apache/fop>

**Note:** The custom extracts can be configured with Groovy whereas custom templates and images can be configured for PDF.

ORMB Reporting feature supports various other document formats like CSV, XML and JSON for other types of reports. Extracts can trigger:

- Online for Ad-hoc reporting
- Batch for scheduled reporting

### 3.1 Install FOP In ORMB

The ORMB Reporting configuration file is an EAR file, which contains EJB Code that used for controlling and generating Reporting behavior. For further information, refer *ORMB Reporting Installation Guide*.

### 3.2 PDF Generation Using Apache FOP

Producing a PDF file from a XML file is a two-step process. First, you need an XSLT stylesheet that converts the **XML** to **XSL-FO**. The created XSL-FO file is also an XML file contains formatted objects. Then, ORMB Reporting framework reads the generated XSL-FO document and formats it to a PDF document.

The high-level PDF generation process comprises of different tasks and flows, each described in detail later in this document.

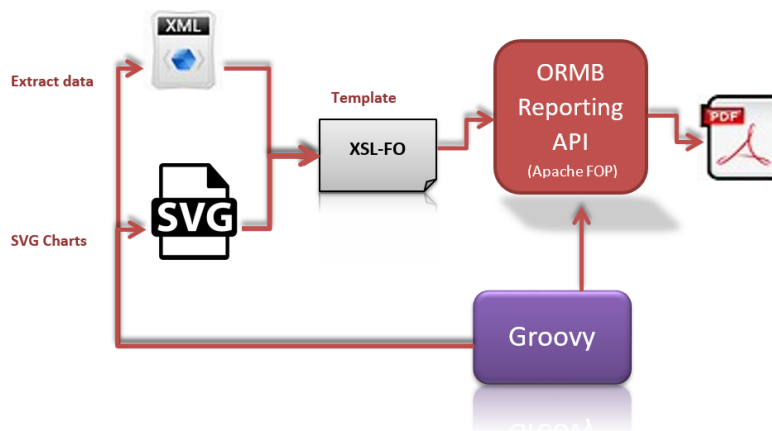
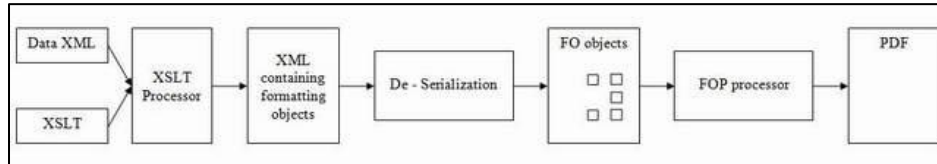


Figure 9: PDF Using Apache-FOP

**Note:** Currently, ORMB Reporting feature supports PDF generation for BILL and Letter and custom report.

### 3.2.1 Bill - PDF Generation

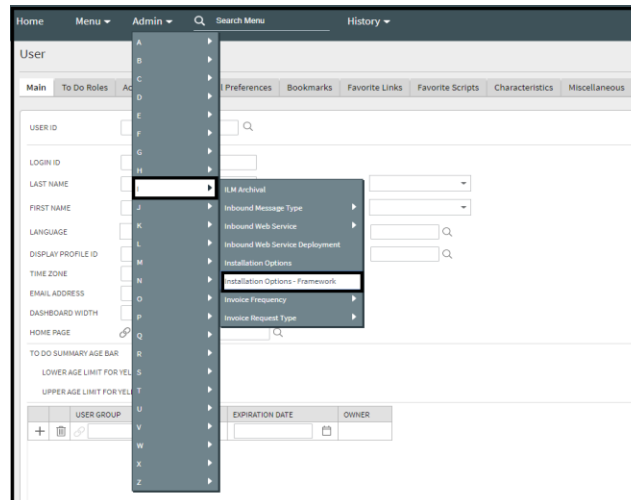
The framework has a 'BILL XML' which will get generated by the extract algorithm which holds data and an XSLT that creates an XML containing formatting objects by taking data from the first XML. This resultant XML de-serialized into Java objects. ORMB Reporting creates a PDF file using these Java objects.



**Figure 10: PDF Generation**

To configure Bill for PDF generation, you need to do the following:

1. From the **Admin** menu, select **I** and then click **Installation Options – Framework**. The **Installation Options - Framework** screen appears.



**Figure 11: Installation Options - Framework Page**

2. Click the **Algorithms** tab.
3. Go to 'Online Bill Display' in System Event and attach **C1\_FOPONBL** to the **Online Bill Display** system event.

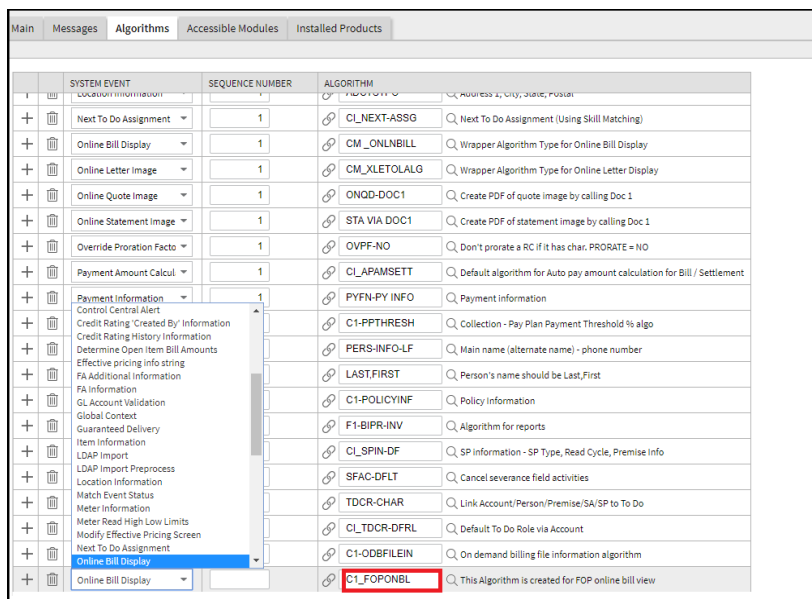


Figure 12: Algorithms Page

**C1-FOPONBL** is the algorithm code for the algorithm used to create an online bill view. The below table gives an overview of this algorithm:

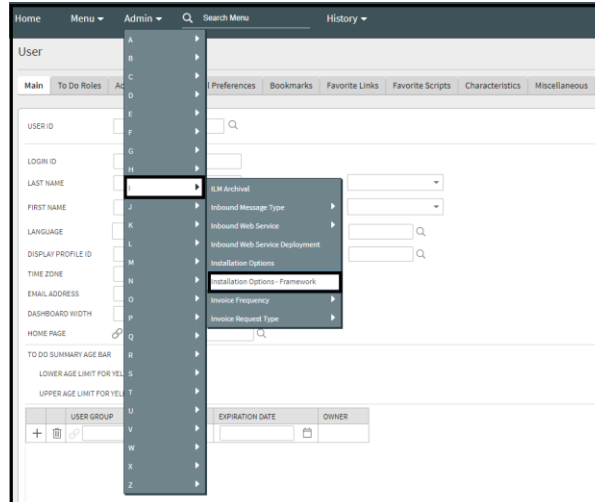
Field	Description
Algorithm Code	C1_ FOPONBL
Description	This Algorithm created for FOP online bill view.
Algorithm Type	C1_FOPONBL
Algorithm Type Description	This Algorithm created to view FOP online bill. It identifies respective algorithms based on the bill route type configuration corresponding to respective bills and calls FOP code to generate PDF files .To generate PDF file it will use FOP XSL template which is uploaded from Reporting template upload screen of Admin menu. It will use extract algorithm configured on 'BILL ROUTE TYPE' to generate the extract XML. Finally, by using FOP API, it will generate the PDF file, which will be stored in output folder of reporting directory.

NOTE: Configure Report Definition for the bill as given into 3.2.6

### 3.2.2 Letter - PDF Generation

To configure Letter templates for PDF generation, you need to do the following:

1. From the **Admin** menu, select **I** and then click **Installation Options – Framework**.



**Figure 13: Installation Options - Framework Page**

2. The Installation Options - Framework screen appears.
3. Click the **Algorithms** tab.
4. Go to 'Online Letter Image' in System Event and attach **C1\_ FOPLTRALG** to the **Online Letter Image** system event.

SYSTEM EVENT	SEQUENCE NUMBER	ALGORITHM
Next To Do Assignment	1	CI_NEXT-ASSG
Online Bill Display	1	CM_ONLNBILL
Online Letter Image	1	CM_XLETOLALG
Online Quote Image	1	ONQD-DOC1
Online Statement Image	1	STA VIA DOC1
Override Proration Facto	1	OVPF-NO
Payment Amount Calcul	1	CI_APAMSETT
Payment Information	1	PYFN-PY INFO
Credit Rating History Information		C1-PPTHRESH
Determine Open Item Bill Amounts		PERS-INFO-LF
Effective pricing info string		LAST.FIRST
FA Additional Information		C1-POLICYINF
FA Information		F1-BIPR-INV
GL Account Validation		CI_SPIN-DF
Global Context		SFAC-DFLT
Guaranteed Delivery		TDCR-CHAR
Item Information		CI_TDCR-DFRL
LDAP Import		C1-ODBFLEIN
LDAP Import Preprocess		C1_FOPLTRALG
Location Information		
Match Event Status		
Meter Information		
Meter Read High Low Limits		
Modify Effective Pricing Screen		
Next To Do Assignment		
Online Bill Display		
Online Field Order Image		
Online Letter Image		
Online Letter Image		

**Figure 14: Algorithms Page**

The below table gives an overview of this algorithm:

Field	Description
Algorithm Code	C1_ FOPLTRALG
Description	Wrapper Algorithm Type for FOP Online Letter Display

Algorithm Type	C1_FOPLTRALG
Algorithm Type Description	Wrapper algorithm will internally call letter extract algorithm as per the Letter Template configuration. It will invoke external system interface to send request to external system. It will extract URL from the response and present bill online.

### 3.2.3 Custom - Report Generation

Custom PDF Report generation feature of product supports the below listed types of reporting:

- CSV Report(CSV)
- DOCX Report(DOCX)
- JSON Report(JSON)
- PDF Report(PDF)
- Web Report(WEB)
- XSL Report(XSL)

For PDF, DOCX and XSL reports, ORMB provides a Business Component which has the required methods that you can call into the Report Processing Algorithm and generate reports. For JSON, XML, CSV you can write your own logic and create your custom report.

**Note:** You can use product util class in which the above listed extension data can be generated using implemented methods.

Class Name: **CommonUtil\_Impl**

- `public void writeFile(String outputPath, String outputFileName, String fileContent, String fileExtension, String charsetName) ;`
- `public String xmlToJsonString(String xmlString)`
- `public String xmlToCSVString(String xmlString)`

To configure Custom PDF generation, follow the procedure below:

1. From the **Admin** menu, select **R** and then click **Report Details**.

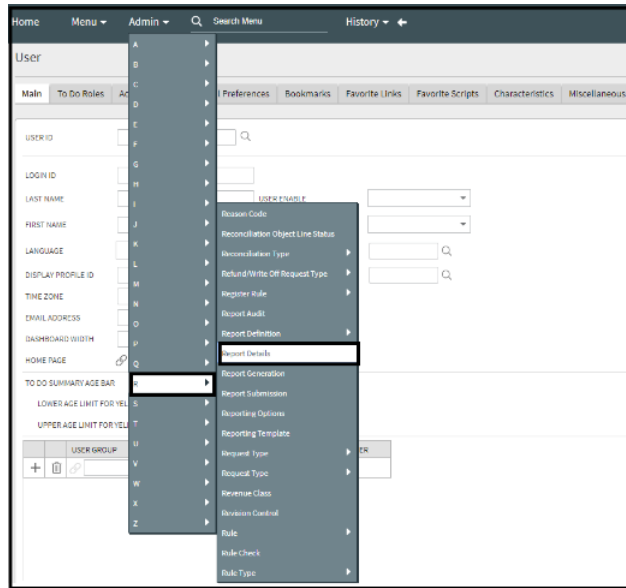


Figure 15: Report Details Page

2. Click **Add** to define a Report Code.

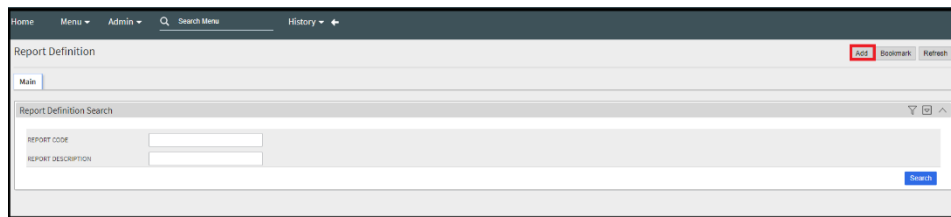


Figure 16: Report Definition Page

3. To Define Custom PDF generation Report Code Select All mandatory fields With **Report Type** as a 'Custom'.
4. When You Select Report Type as a **Custom** then 'Report Processing Algorithm' Fields will get enable.

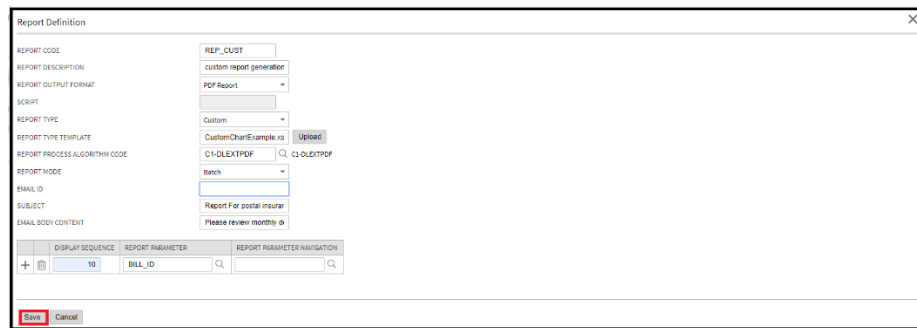


Figure 17: Report Definition - Save

5. Product has added 'ReportDataExtractAlgorithmSpot' using this implement an algorithm that will create an extract XML at below given location.

**Extract XML Location:** <INSTALL\_DIR /Reporting/extractxml

**Uploaded XSL(FOP template) path:** <INSTALL\_DIR /Reporting/xsl

**Created output File location:** <INSTALL\_DIR /Reporting/output



6. Select newly created Custom algorithm on **Report Processing Algorithm**.
7. Choose all required fields to proceed.

The below table gives an overview of this algorithm spot:

Field	Description
Algorithm Spot Name	ReportDataExtractAlgorithmSpot
Description	This algorithm spot allow you to create custom data extract, which will use to create PDF file. As well as using this spot, you can create XML, DOC, CSV, XLS Report its implementer responsibility to call FOP and POI API to generate respective report.

### 3.2.4 Develop Reporting XML

A sample XML listed below. This XML contains name and a list of friends with contact numbers.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="iso-8859-1"?>
<root>
<name>Ryan</name>
<friend>
  <name>David</name>
  <phNo>+1.603.555.0100</phNo>
</friend>
<friend>
  <name>John</name>
  <phNo>+1.603.555.0101</phNo>
</friend>
</root>
```

### 3.2.5 Develop Reporting Template

To produce a PDF file from XML file, follow the below steps:

1. Convert the XML to XSL-FO using an XSLT stylesheet.
2. FOP reads the generated XSL-FO document and formats it to a PDF document.

A sample **xslfo** style sheet is listed below. This first takes a name from the XML. Then this XSLT renders a table that contains details of friends available in the above XML.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="iso-8859-1"?>
<xsl:stylesheet version="1.1"

  xmlns:xsl=http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform
  xmlns:fo="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Format"
  exclude-result-prefixes="fo">
```

```

<xsl:template match="root">
<fo:root xmlns:fo="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Format">
  <fo:layout-master-set>
    <fo:simple-page-master master-name="my-page">
      <fo:region-body margin="1in"/>
    </fo:simple-page-master>
  </fo:layout-master-set>

  <fo:page-sequence master-reference="my-page">
    <fo:flow flow-name="xsl-region-body">
      <fo:block>Hello, <xsl:value-of select="name" />!/</fo:block>
      <fo:block>
        <fo:table>
          <fo:table-body>
            <fo:table-row>
              <fo:table-cell border="solid 1px black"
                text-align="center" font-weight="bold">
                <fo:block>
                  No.
                </fo:block>
              </fo:table-cell>
              <fo:table-cell border="solid 1px black"
                text-align="center" font-weight="bold">
                <fo:block>
                  Name
                </fo:block>
              </fo:table-cell>
              <fo:table-cell border="solid 1px black"
                text-align="center" font-weight="bold">
                <fo:block>
                  Phone Number
                </fo:block>
              </fo:table-cell>
            </fo:table-row>
          </fo:table-body>
        </fo:table>
      </fo:block>
      <xsl:for-each select="./friend">

```

```
<fo:table-row>
  <fo:table-cell border="solid 1px black" text-align="center">
    <fo:block>
      <xsl:value-of select="position()" />
    </fo:block>
  </fo:table-cell>
  <fo:table-cell border="solid 1px black" text-align="center">
    <fo:block>
      <xsl:value-of select="name" />
    </fo:block>
  </fo:table-cell>
  <fo:table-cell border="solid 1px black" text-align="center">
    <fo:block>
      <xsl:value-of select="phNo" />
    </fo:block>
  </fo:table-cell>
</fo:table-row>
</xsl:for-each>
</fo:table-body>
</fo:table>
</fo:block>
</fo:flow>
</fo:page-sequence>
</fo:root>
</xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

For more details and XSLT stylesheet, refer below links:

<https://netjs.blogspot.in/2015/07/how-to-create-pdf-from-xml-using-apache-fop.html>

<https://xmlgraphics.apache.org/fop/>

The following tables list FOP templates shipped with Oracle Revenue Management and Billing application.

### 1. Bill Template

Sr. No	FOP Template	Description	Path
1	billExtract_Banking_Individual.xml	FOP Template for Individual Billing	<Installation Directory>/splapp/reporting/xml
2	billExtract_Comm_Banking_List.xml	FOP Template for List Billing	<Installation Directory>/splapp/reporting/xml

### 2. Letter Template

Sr. No	FOP Template	Description	Path
1	ExpiringCreditCard_Letter.xml	FOP Template for Expiring Credit Card Letter	<Installation Directory>/splapp/reporting/xml
2	PastDueExtract_Letter.xml	FOP Template for Past Due Extract Letter	<Installation Directory>/splapp/reporting/xml
3	NoticeOfIntent_Letter.xml	FOP Template for Notice Of Intent Letter	<Installation Directory>/splapp/reporting/xml
4	AutoPay_Letter.xml	FOP Template for Auto Pay Letter	<Installation Directory>/splapp/reporting/xml

### 3. Custom

Sr. No	FOP Template	Description	Path
1	CustomChartExample.xml	FOP Template for Custom Report	<Installation Directory>/splapp/reporting/xml
2	CustomReport_Ref.xml	FOP Template for Custom Report	<Installation Directory>/splapp/reporting/xml

### 4.

#### 1. Others

Sr. No	FOP Template	Description	Path
1	User_Report.xml	FOP Template for User Report	<Installation Directory>/splapp/reporting/xml
2	Trial_Bill.xml	FOP Template for Trial Bill generation	<Installation Directory>/splapp/reporting/xml

### 3.2.6 Report Definition

ORMB reporting framework allows you to define a report definition where you can configure or define reports. ORMB provides Report definition page where you can configure report type, report generation mode or upload report templates and images for report generation. The ORMB reporting API internally uses this report definition to generate reports as explained at end of this topic.

To define a new Report Code:

1. From the **Admin** menu, select **R** and then click **Reporting Details. Report Definition** screen appears.

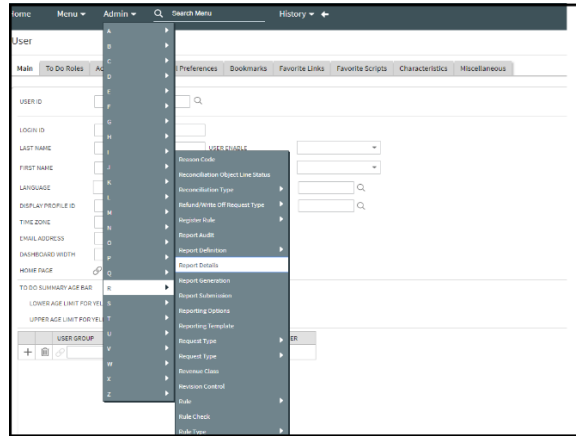


Figure 18: Reporting Template

2. Click on **Add** link present in right Top corner. **Report Definition** page appears.

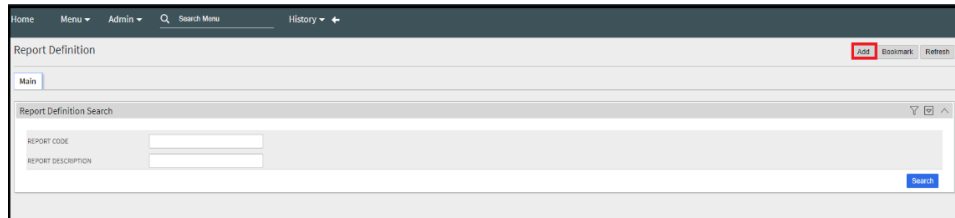


Figure 19: Reporting Template Upload

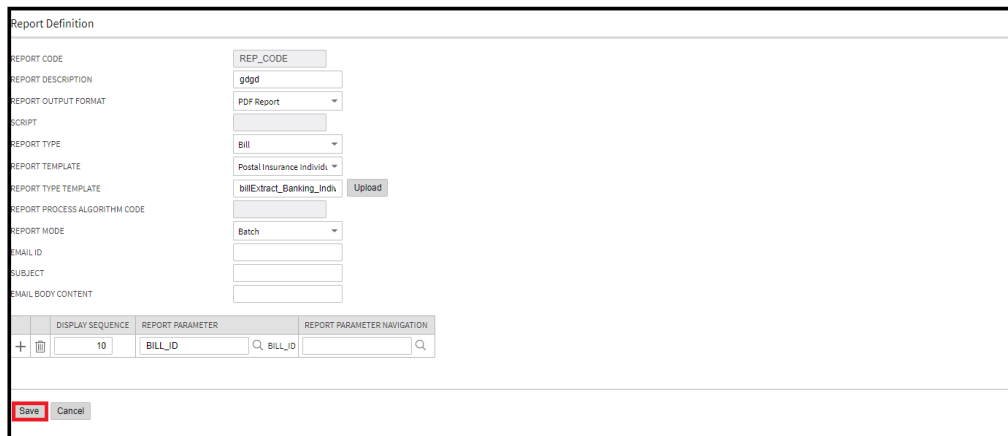


Figure 20: Reporting Template Upload Screen

This screen contains following fields:

Fields	Description
Report Code	Used to define Report Code
Report Description	Used to define Report Description
Report Out Put Format	Used to define Report Output Format The values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CSV Report(CSV)</li> <li>• DOCX Report(DOCX)</li> <li>• JSON Report(JSON)</li> <li>• PDF Report(PDF)</li> <li>• Web Report(WEB)</li> <li>• XSL Report(XSL)</li> <li>• XML Report(XML)</li> </ul>
Script	This field is used only when user selects Report Out Put Format as WEB.
Report Type	Used to define Report Type The values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bill (BILL)</li> <li>• Letter(LTR)</li> <li>• Custom(CUST)</li> </ul>
Report Type Template	Used to upload a Template file or images which have been used to design reports
Report Process Algorithm Code	This Field Used to define an custom algorithm for Report generation .This field will enable only if user select 'Report Type' as Custom
Report Mode	This field used to define report generation Mode. The values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Batch (BTCH)</li> <li>• Online(ONLN)</li> </ul>
Email Id	Used to configure Email id (this feature is enabled only in case of Batch mode reporting generation)
Subject	Used to configure Email Subject line
Email Body Content	Used to configure Email Body Message
Sequence	Used to define sequence of parameters E.g. 10, 20, etc.
Report Parameter	Used to define report parameters
Report Parameter Navigation	Used to define Parameters navigation Option

**Note:** If you want to display any bill or letter in PDF format, you need to do all necessary configuration changes. Once you perform configuration changes, for each Bill Route Type Code or Letter Template Code available in the system, you need to upload an .xsl file (FOP template).

### 3.2.7 Develop Custom Algorithm

To generate custom reports with supported extension except pdf we need to write custom algorithm using this custom algorithm we can generate below types of reports.

- CSV Report(CSV)
- DOCX Report(DOCX)
- JSON Report(JSON)
- PDF Report(PDF)
- Web Report(WEB)
- XSL Report(XSL)
- XML Report(XML)

Using ORMB FOP Reporting, below algorithm spot has been provided with product to develop above types of reports

Algorithm Spot Name: ReportDataExtractAlgorithmSpot  
 Algorithm Entity Name: Report-Data Extract Algorithm (reportDataExtractor)  
 Business Component:: POIReportGenerationComponent\_Impl

Custom Report API defined as in 'POIReportGenerationComponent' Business Component:

```
public void getPOIMSWordReport(MSWordReportDTO wordDto, String fileName)
public void getPOIExcelReport(String filename, Sheet sheetDto)
```

Custom algorithm will be used to extract XML, retrieve XSL template and generate report of all above given type. If customization team wants to change existing or add new Bill data or Letter data, they need to develop a custom algorithm on the above-mentioned respective algorithm spots.

You can write an algorithm on above given algorithm Spot.

**Note:** Ensure that your XML is generated only on the <application installation directory>/splapp/reporting/extractxml/file\_name.xml path .

### 3.2.8 ORMB Reporting API

You must use ORMB provided business component 'FOPReportGenerationComponent\_Impl' to call reporting API, which generates FOP reports.

The API can be defined as:

```
public String getFOPPdf(String trialBillId, String xslFilePath, String pdfFilePath, String billExtractXmlPath, String outputHttpUrl)
```

This API has following parameters:

Name	Description
------	-------------

trialBillId	Bill or Letter Id used to name the PDF
xslFilePath	Defines FOP XSL file path. The path should be <application installation directory>/splapp/reporting/xsl /<BILL_ROUTY TYPE CODE/LETTER TEMPLATE CODE>.xsl
pdfFilePath	This path value must be fully qualified path of PDF generation <application installation directory>/splapp/reporting/output/<any name/letter id/bill id>.pdf
billExtractXmlPath	This path value must be fully qualified path of XML generated by algorithm <application installation directory>/splapp/reporting/extractxml/<generated xml name>.xml
outputHttpUrl	The valid values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• application_URL/billView</li> <li>• null</li> </ul>

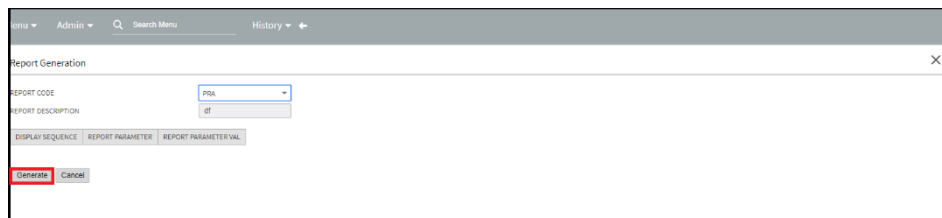
The Pseudo Code to call getFOPPdf () component method used to generate PDF file:

```
FOPReportGenerationComponent_Impl fopReportGenerationComponent = new
FOPReportGenerationComponent_Impl ();
fopReportGenerationComponent.getFOPPdf (billId, xslFilePath,
pdfFilePath, billExtractXmlPath, outputHttpUrl);
```

### 3.2.9 ORMB Adhoc Report Generation

To generate adhoc reports, ORMBA introduces a new feature by which you can generate a report anytime.

1. From the **Admin** menu, select **R** and then click **Report Generation Menu**. Report Generation screen appears.
2. Select the report code of the report you wanted to create.



**Figure 21: Reporting Generation Screen**

3. Provide report parameter value for which you want to generate PDF.
4. Click on **Generate** button. This generates the report and you can download it from the **Report Audit** screen.



### 3.2.10 ORMB Report Auditing

You can track the record of generated reports through this feature of ORMB. By using this feature of reporting, you can download the report as well as we can check the error of the specific report code record.

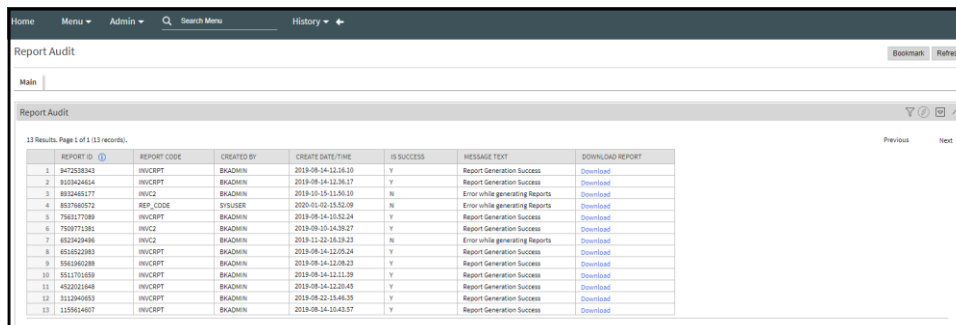


Figure 22: Report Auditing

### 3.2.11 ORMB Report Generation Batch

Product provide a batch, which will generate the bulk report as defined into Report definition. This batch accept the report query in which user can select the record, which is defined into the report code.

Fields	Description
<b>Batch Code</b>	C1-RPTGN
<b>Description</b>	Report Generation Batch
<b>Detailed Description</b>	Report Generation Batch
<b>Program Name</b>	com.splwg.ccb.domain.reportsubmission.ReportGenerationBatch

Batch Parameters	Description
<b>reportQuery</b>	This parameter of batch accept the select query without semi colon,which will select Report code defined batch parameters
<b>reportCode</b>	This parameter of batch accept the predefined report code on which respective reports will get generated.

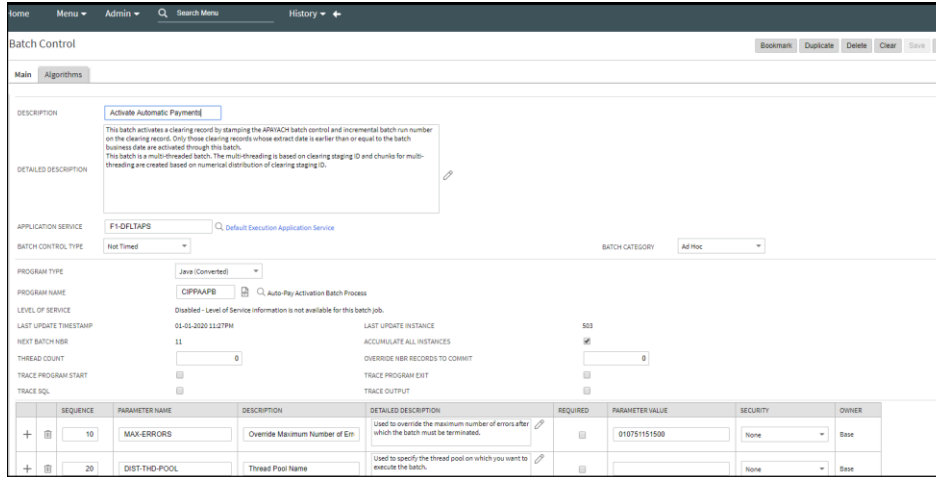


Figure 23: Batch Control Screen

### 3.2.12 ORMB Reporting Using Groovy

ORMB FOP framework allows you generate reports in Apache Groovy. You can use ORMB FOP framework to edit existing bill and letter template or to create new PDF report.

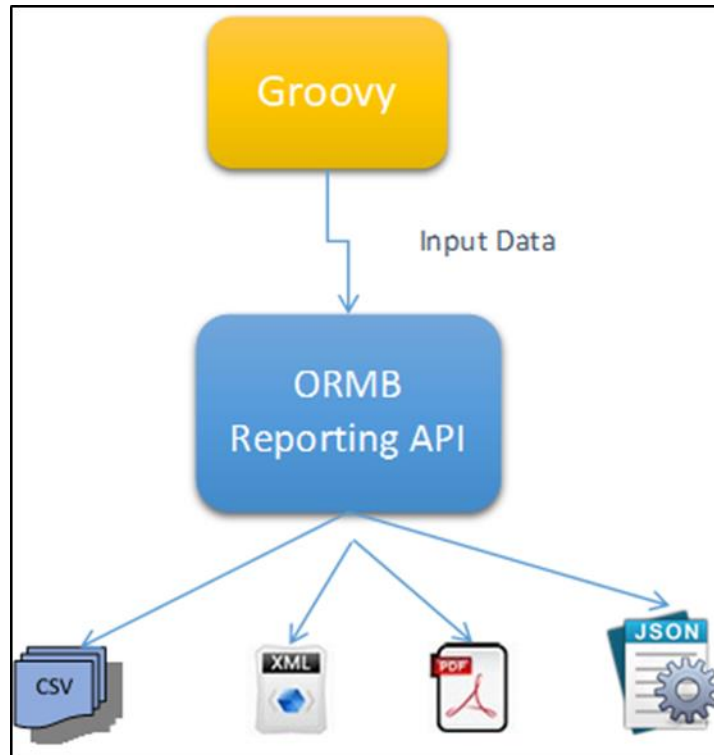


Figure 24: Reporting using Groovy

This section lists and describes the following types of reports which can be generated using Groovy

1. Report Generation On Person Context Menu
2. Custom Letter Using SS and Groovy
3. New Letter Template Creation Using Groovy Plugin Script
4. New Letter Using Custom Business Service

### 3.2.12.1 Report Generation on Person Context Menu

Generating Reports on Person Context Menu involves below steps:

1. **Creating Service Script** - It holds Groovy script. The Groovy Script gathers required report data and creates XML and FOP XSLT, which is used by Apache FOP to generate reports. To create new service script:
  - a. From the **Admin** menu, select **S** and then click **Script**. A sub-menu appears.
  - b. Click **Add** option from the Script sub-menu.
  - c. Enter the details in respective fields.
  - d. Select Service Script from the **Script Type** drop-down list.

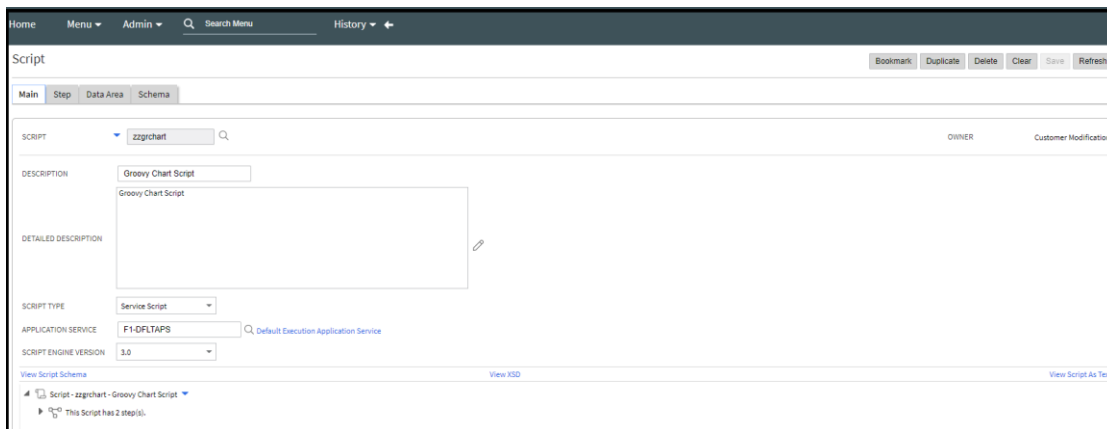


Figure 25: Script – Main

2. **Define Schema for Service Script – Schema** defines the data elements passed to and from a service script. The purpose of the schema is to describe the input and output parameters used when invoking the script.

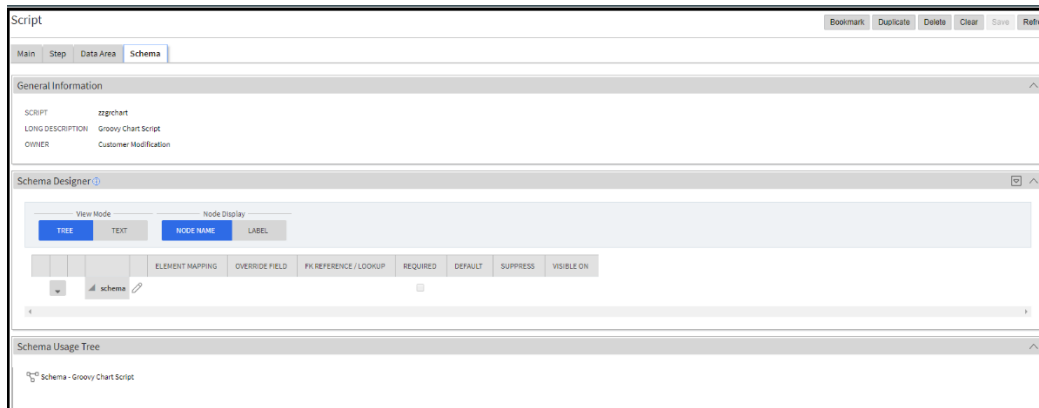
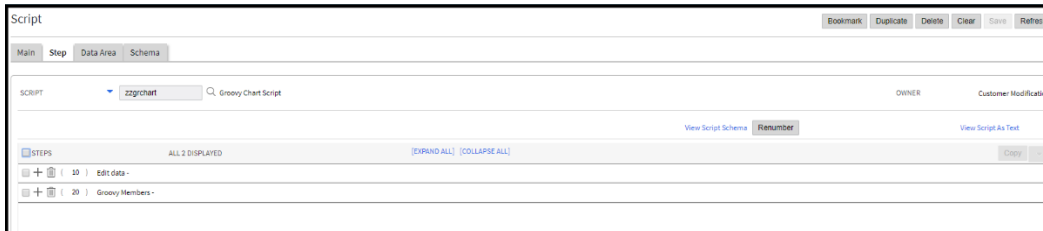


Figure 26: Script - Schema

3. **Define Script Steps** - Steps define logic of the service script. You can use different types of steps to move data, call other scripts, execute script code or invoke business services, etc. This process involves two sub processes:
  - a. **Invoking a groovy function** – To invoke a groovy function, you need to define a Step. For more information, refer to Defining a Step section.. Note that you can invoke function with no parameters.



**Figure 27: Script – Groovy Function**

- b. **Writing a groovy code** – This code performs following steps:
  - Gathers report data and generates XML file
  - Calls API, which will use XML and FOP XSLT to generate report in PDF
  - Terminates the Service Script
  - Saves the Service Script

A sample code for Groovy Script is listed below:

```
public void invoke() {
    logger.info(" ----- In the DD LetterExtractAlgo
    ----- ");
    def perId= evalString("string(parm/personId)");
    logger.info("Person Id:"+perId);
    String processDate = "";
    String ownerName = "";
    String ownerAddress1 = "";
    String ownerAddress2 = "";
    String ownerAddress3 = "";
    String ownerCity = "";
    String ownerPostal = "";
    String ownerState = "";
    String acctId = null;
    String emailId = null;
    String phone = null;
    java.lang.StringBuilder PIs = new java.lang.StringBuilder();
    String services = null;
    def pstmt = null;
```

```

def row = null;
def pstmt1 = null;
def row1 = null;
def pstmt2 = null;
def rowlist = null;

try {
    pstmt = createPreparedStatement(
        "select          trim(ACP.ACCT_ID)          ACCT_ID
,trim(PR.EMAILID) EMAIL,trim(PH.PHONE_TYPE_CD) || ':'||trim(PH.PHONE) PHONE,"+
        "PR.ADDRESS1          ADDRESS1,PR.ADDRESS2
ADDRESS2,PR.ADDRESS3  ADDRESS3,PR.CITY  CITY,  PR.STATE  STATE,PR.POSTAL
POSTAL,TO_CHAR(SYSDATE,'DD/MON/YYYY') CC_DTTM " +
        "FROM CI_PER PR, CI_PER_PHONE PH, CI_ACCT_PER ACP
" +
        "WHERE PR.PER_ID= :perId " +
        "AND PR.PER_ID=PH.PER_ID " +
        "AND PR.PER_ID=ACP.PER_ID", "Person Info");
    pstmt.bindString("perId", perId, "PER_ID");
    row = pstmt.firstRow();
    if (row != null) {
        acctId = row.getString("ACCT_ID");
        emailId = row.getString("EMAIL");
        phone = row.getString("PHONE");
        ownerAddress1 = row.getString("ADDRESS1");
        ownerAddress2 = row.getString("ADDRESS2");
        ownerAddress3 = row.getString("ADDRESS3");
        ownerCity = row.getString("CITY");
        ownerState = row.getString("STATE");
        ownerPostal = row.getString("POSTAL");
        processDate = row.getString("CC_DTTM");
    }
    pstmt1 = createPreparedStatement(
        "select PN.ENTITY_NAME ENTITY_NAME " +
        "from CI_PER PR, CI_PER_NAME PN " +
        "WHERE PR.PER_ID=:perId " +
        "AND PR.PER_ID=PN.PER_ID","Person Name");
    pstmt1.bindString("perId", perId, "PER_ID");
    row1 = pstmt1.firstRow();
}

```

```

        if (row1 != null) {
            ownerName = row1.getString("ENTITY_NAME");
        }

        pstmt2 = createPreparedStatement("SELECT
DISTINCT (TRIM(PRICEITEM_CD)) PRICEITEM_CD " +
            "FROM CI_PARTY PRTY, CI_PRICELIST_ASGN PLAS,
CI_PRICEASGN PRAS " +
            "WHERE PRTY.PARTY_ID=:party_id " +
            "AND PRTY.PARTY_TYPE_FLG='ACCT' " +
            "AND PRTY.PARTY_UID=PLAS.PARTY_UID " +
            "AND PLAS.PRICELIST_ID=PRAS.OWNER_ID", "Person
Services");

        pstmt2.bindString("party_id", acctId, "PARTY_ID");
        rowlist = pstmt2.list();
        for (def row2 : rowlist) {
            PIs.append(row2.getString("PRICEITEM_CD"));
            PIs.append(",");
        }
        services = PIs.toString();
    } catch (Exception e) {
        logger.error("Exception ", e);
    } finally {
        try {
            pstmt1.close();
            pstmt2.close();
        } catch (Exception e) {
            logger.error("Error While Closing ResultSet ", e);
        } finally {
            pstmt1 = null;
            pstmt2 = null;
        }
    }

    logger.info("\n Account Id:" + acctId);
    logger.info("\n Email Id:" + emailId);
    logger.info("\n Phone:" + phone);
    logger.info("\n Services:" + services);
    logger.info("\n Name:" + ownerName);

```

```
logger.info("\n Process Date:" + processDate);
logger.info("\n Add 1:" + ownerAddress1);
logger.info("\n Add 2:" + ownerAddress2);
logger.info("\n Add 3:" + ownerAddress3);
logger.info("\n City:" + ownerCity);
logger.info("\n State:" + ownerState);
logger.info("\n Postal:" + ownerPostal);

/// Create XML Of Fields

    org.w3c.dom.Document                finalDocument                =
com.splwg.base.support.scripating.XMLUtils.createNewDomDocument();
    org.w3c.dom.Element                  root                        =
finalDocument.createElement("DOCUMENT");
    finalDocument.appendChild(root);
    org.w3c.dom.Element                  root1                       =
com.splwg.base.support.scripating.XMLUtils.addElement(root, "DOCSET");
    org.w3c.dom.Element                  itemElement                =
com.splwg.base.support.scripating.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement.setAttribute("NAME", "ProcessDt");
    itemElement.setTextContent(processDate);
    org.w3c.dom.Element                  itemElement1               =
com.splwg.base.support.scripating.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement1.setAttribute("NAME", "OwnerFullNm");
    itemElement1.setTextContent(ownerName);
    org.w3c.dom.Element                  itemElement2               =
com.splwg.base.support.scripating.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement2.setAttribute("NAME", "OwnerAddrLine1");
    itemElement2.setTextContent(ownerAddress1);
    org.w3c.dom.Element                  itemElement3               =
com.splwg.base.support.scripating.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement3.setAttribute("NAME", "OwnerAddrLine2");
    itemElement3.setTextContent(ownerAddress2+" "+ownerAddress3);
    org.w3c.dom.Element                  itemElement4               =
com.splwg.base.support.scripating.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement4.setAttribute("NAME", "OwnerAddrLine3");
    itemElement4.setTextContent(ownerCity+" "+ownerState+" "+ownerPostal);
    org.w3c.dom.Element                  itemElement5               =
com.splwg.base.support.scripating.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement5.setAttribute("NAME", "accountId");
```

```

        itemElement5.setTextContent(acctId);
        org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement6          =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
        itemElement6.setAttribute("NAME", "emailAddress");
        itemElement6.setTextContent(emailId);

        org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement7          =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
        itemElement7.setAttribute("NAME", "phone");
        itemElement7.setTextContent(phone);

        org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement8          =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
        itemElement8.setAttribute("NAME", "services");
        itemElement8.setTextContent(services);

        String          letterExtractXMLFileLoc          =
"/scratch/rmbbuild/spl/DD26010/splapp/reporting/extractxml/" + perId + ".xml";
        String sourceXML = "";
        try {
            com.splwg.ccb.domain.dataManagement.fileRequest.batch.CommonUtil
commonUtil
=com.splwg.ccb.domain.dataManagement.fileRequest.batch.CommonUtil.Factory.new
Instance();

            sourceXML = finalDocument.documentElement as String;

            commonUtil.fileWrite("/scratch/rmbbuild/spl/DD26010/splapp/reporting/ex
tractxml/", perId, sourceXML, "xml");

            com.splwg.ccb.domain.billing.billtransform.FOPReportGenerationComponent
fopRptComp
=com.splwg.ccb.domain.billing.billtransform.FOPReportGenerationComponent.Facto
ry.newInstance();

            String          xslFileLoc          =
"/scratch/rmbbuild/spl/DD26010/splapp/reporting/xsl/DD-WELCOME.xsl";

            String          pdfFilePath          =
"/scratch/rmbbuild/spl/DD26010/splapp/reporting/output";

            String pdfFileLoc = pdfFilePath + "/" + perId + ".pdf";

            String url = fopRptComp.getFOPPdf(perId, xslFileLoc,
pdfFileLoc, letterExtractXMLFileLoc, " ");
        } catch (Exception e) {
            logger.error("Exception occurred" + e.getMessage());
        }
    }
}

```



Groovy Plugin Script collects all the required data and creates XML. A sample code for creating Test or Sample XML or Letter Extract XML is listed below:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<DOCUMENT>
<DOCSET>
<FIELD NAME="ProcessDt">20/NOV/2017</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="OwnerFullNm">Smith, Michael</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="OwnerAddrLine1">2-4-27 Dojima, Kita-ku</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="OwnerAddrLine2">Osaka 530-0003</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="OwnerAddrLine3">Japan</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="accountId">2000000000</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="emailAddress">michael.smith@green.com</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="phone">BUS: +1.603.555.0100</FIELD>
<FIELD
NAME="services">PERFDISCOUNT, STATETAX, PERFFLAT, PERFTHRESH, PERFSTEP,</FIELD>
</DOCSET>
</DOCUMENT>
```

APACHE FOP XSLT is required by FOP to generate PDF. It uses XML created by Groovy Script. A sample code for APACHE FOP XSLT is listed below:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xsl:stylesheet                                version="1.0"
xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"
xmlns:fo="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Format">
  <xsl:template match="/">
    <fo:root xmlns:fo="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Format">
      <fo:layout-master-set>
        <fo:simple-page-master master-name="simpleA4"
          page-height="29.7cm"
          page-width="21cm"
          margin-top="1cm"
          margin-bottom="0.1cm"
          margin-left="0.8cm"
          margin-right="1.0cm" >
          <fo:region-body      margin-top="2.5cm"      margin-
bottom="2.5cm"/>
          <fo:region-before  extent="2.0cm"/>
          <fo:region-after   extent="2.0cm"/>
        </fo:simple-page-master>
      </fo:layout-master-set>
    </fo:root>
  </xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

```

        </fo:layout-master-set>
        <fo:page-sequence master-reference="simpleA4"
initial-page-number="1">
            <fo:static-content flow-name="xsl-region-before">
                <fo:block font-size="7pt">
                    </fo:block>
                </fo:static-content>

            <fo:static-content flow-name="xsl-region-after">
                <fo:block font-size="9.0pt" font-family="sans-
serif"
padding-after="2.0pt" space-before="2.0pt" text-
align="right"
border-top-style="ridge" border-bottom-width="0.5pt">
                    </fo:block>
                </fo:static-content>
            <fo:flow flow-name="xsl-region-body">
                <xsl:apply-templates select="DOCUMENT/DOCSET" />
                <fo:block id="last-page"> </fo:block>
            </fo:flow>
        </fo:page-sequence>
    </fo:root>
</xsl:template>

<xsl:template match="DOCUMENT/DOCSET">
    <fo:block text-align="right" font-size="9px">
        <xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='ProcessDt']"/>
    </fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="right" font-size="9px" space-before="0.37in">
>Vision Corporation</fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="right" font-size="9px" >401 Island Parkway,
Redwood Shores, CA 94065</fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">
        <xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerFullNm']"/>
    </fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">
        <xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerAddrLine1']"/>

```

```

</fo:block>
<fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">
  <xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerAddrLine2']"/>
</fo:block>
<fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">
  <xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerAddrLine3']"/>
</fo:block>
<fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.37in">Re: Welcome</fo:block>
<fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.10in">Customer Account:<xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='accountId']"/>
</fo:block>
<fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.37in">Dear <xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerFullNm']"/>,</fo:block>

<fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.10in">Thank you for Choosing Vision Products. We welcome you to our
customer loyalty program.
</fo:block>
<fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.10in">You are currently subscribed to below services.</fo:block>
<fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" >Services:<xsl:value-
of select="//FIELD[@NAME='services']"/>
</fo:block>
<fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.10in">Your contact details with us are as below:</fo:block>
<fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" >Email:<xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='emailAddress']"/>
</fo:block>
<fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" >Phone:<xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='phone']"/>
</fo:block>
<fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.10in">If you have any questions about our customer policy or loyalty
program, please call us at +1.650.555.0185. We appreciate your business and are
here to help you with all your business needs.</fo:block>
<fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.37in">Sincerely,</fo:block>
<fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">Vision Customer
Care.</fo:block>
</xsl:template>

```

```

<!--Template -->
<xsl:attribute-set name="foCellAttributeSet">
  <xsl:attribute name="padding-right">2mm</xsl:attribute>
  <xsl:attribute name="padding-left">2mm</xsl:attribute>
  <xsl:attribute name="padding-top">2mm</xsl:attribute>
  <xsl:attribute name="padding-bottom">2mm</xsl:attribute>
</xsl:attribute-set>
</xsl:stylesheet>
    
```

4. **Create UI Map** - The User Interface (UI) map holds HTML to be rendered within portal zones and Business Process Assistant (BPA) scripts. UI maps allow you to create input forms and output maps that closely match your customer's business practices. In other words, the UI Map is designed to facilitate the capture and display of your business objects and business services. UI map will call Service Script created above and pass necessary input data. To create UI Map, follow the steps below:

a. From the **Admin** menu, select **U** and then click **UI Map**. A sub-menu appears

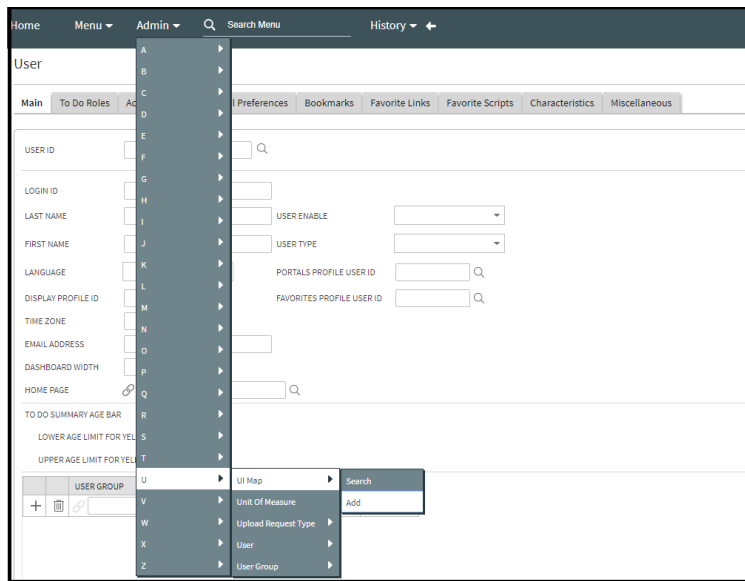


Figure 28: UI Map

b. Click **Add** option from the **UI Map** sub-menu.

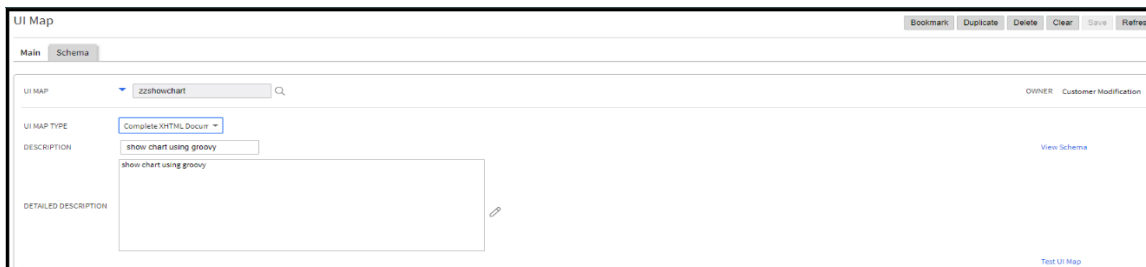


Figure 29: Creating UI Map

The Schema for UI map will refer to Service Script.



**Figure 30: HTML Editor**

A sample HTML code in UI Map is listed below:

```
<html
xmlns:web="http://xml.apache.org/xalan/java/com.splwg.base.web.common"
>

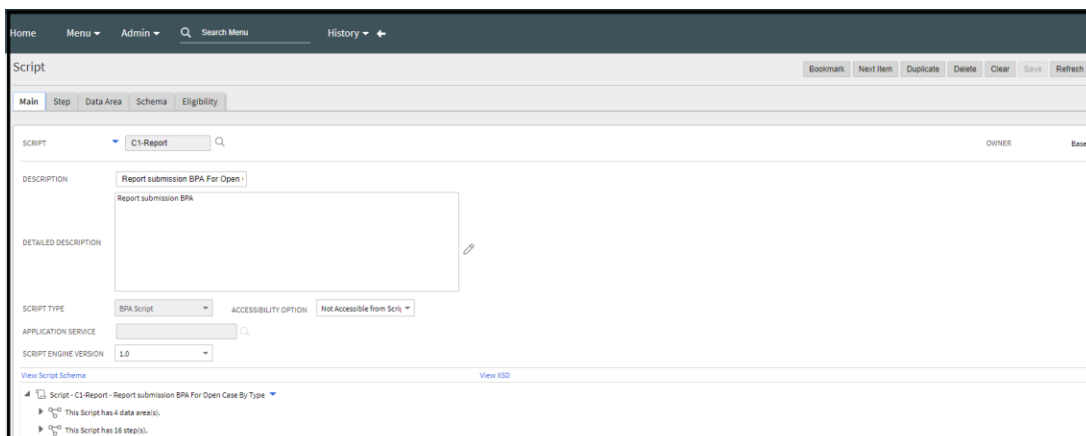
  <head>
    <META      http-equiv="Content-Type"      content="text/html;
charset=UTF-8">
    <title></title>
    <link href="cisDisabled.css" type="text/css" rel="stylesheet">
    <script>
      function fnSubmit()
      {
          oraInvokeSS('ZZTESTLTRSS',null);
          var          vpersonId          =
document.getElementById("personId").value;
          var          url          =
location.protocol+"//"+location.hostname+": "+location.port+"/ouaf/bill
View/"+vpersonId+".pdf";
          window.open(url,"_blank",
"toolbar=yes,scrollbars=yes,resizable=yes,top=50,left=50,width=600,hei
ght=600");
          close();
      }
    </script>
  </head>
  <body      oraError="automate:true;          prefix:boGroup"
onload="fnSubmit();">
```

```

        <table        role="presentation"        oraMdLabel="EMPTY_SUMMARY"
style="padding:12px;width:100%;">
        <tr class="oraErrorText">
                <td><a onclick="oraShowErrorAlert(); return false;"
href=""><span        oraErrorVar="ERRMSG-TEXT"        class="oraErrorText"
id="ERRMSG-TEXT-SPAN"        aria-describedby="ERRMSG-TEXT-SPAN"
role="alert"></span></a></td>
        </tr>
</table>
        <table        role="presentation"        oraMdLabel="EMPTY_SUMMARY"
style="border-spacing:4px;width:100%;">
        <tr>
                <td class="oraNormal oraTableData"><input id="personId"
class="oraInput" oraField="personId" type="hidden"></td>
        </tr>
</table>
</body>
<xml style="display:none;"></xml>
</html>

```

5. **Create BPA Script** - BPA script is similar to Service Script but has more Step Types to be defined such as it can invoke UI maps, etc. On selecting context menu option, BPA script will invoke UI map that will in turn invoke Service Script, which generates report. To create BPA script, follow the steps below:
  - a. From the **Admin** menu, select **S** and then click **Script**. A sub-menu appears.
  - b. Click **Add** option from the **Script** sub-menu.
  - c. Select BPA Script from the **Script Type** drop-down list.



**Figure 31: Script**

6. **Define Data Area** - Add reference to UI map. This data area will be used to pass data from BPA script to UI Map. Now save the UI Map.

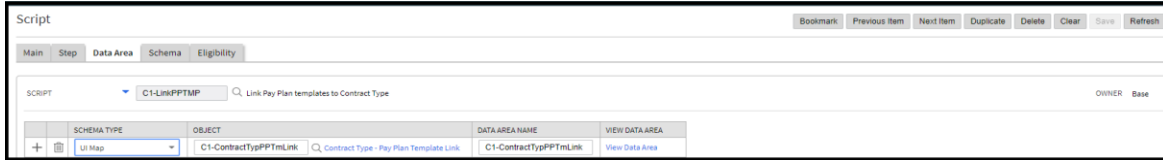


Figure 32: Data Area

7. Define Steps

- a. From the **Admin** menu, select **S** and then click **Script**. A sub-menu appears.
- b. Click **Add** option from the **Script** sub-menu.
- c. Select BPA Script from the **Script Type** drop-down list.

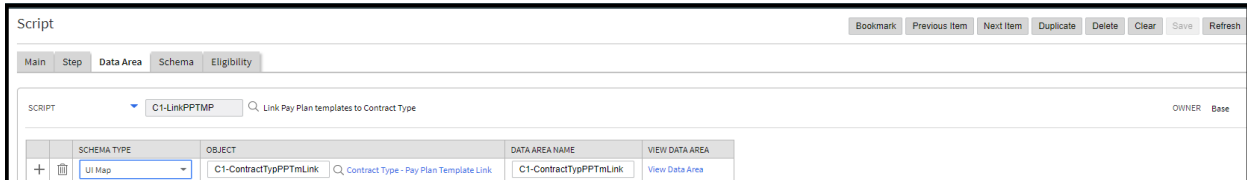


Figure 33: Define Steps

- d. Move `person_id` from Global Context to UI Map

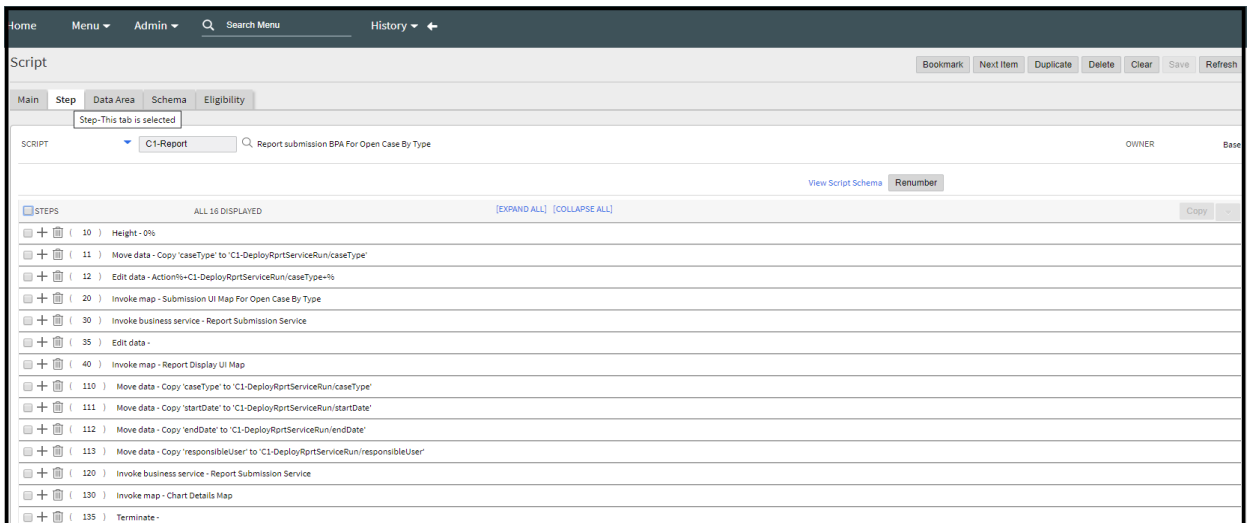
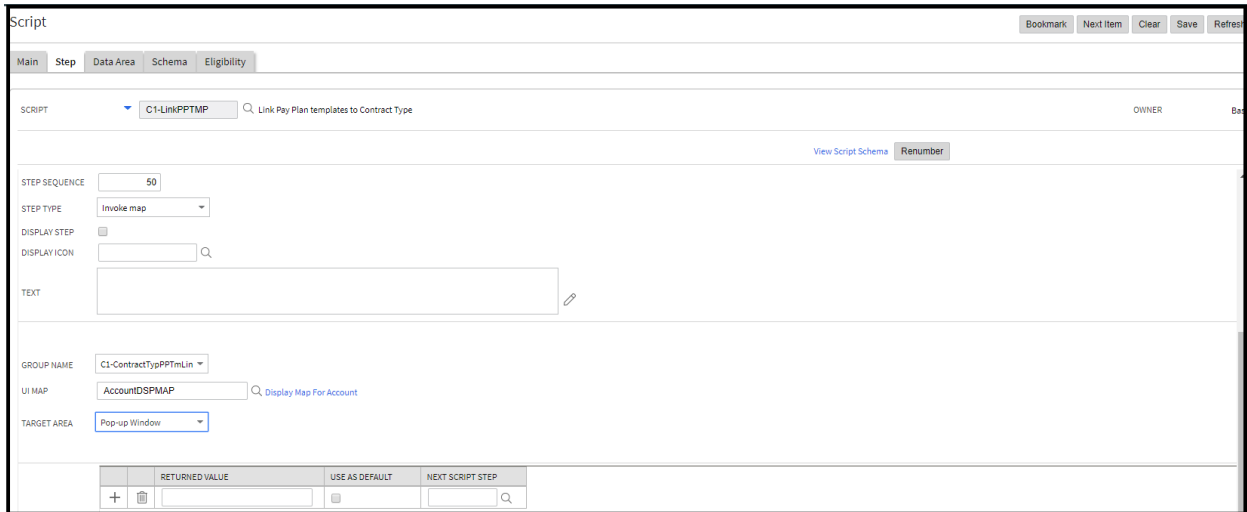


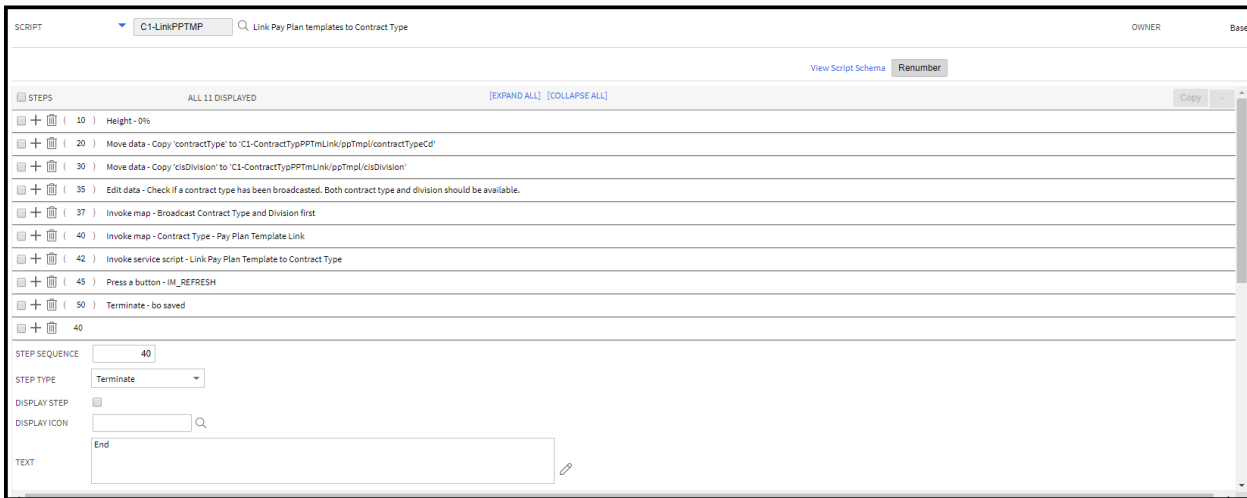
Figure 34: Define Steps

- e. Invoke UI map



**Figure 35: Invoke UI Map**

f. Terminate step which ends BPA script. Now save the Script.



**Figure 36: Terminate Step**

8. **Define Navigation Option** - To link BPA script to context menu of Person, you need to create navigation option. To create navigation option:

- a. From the **Admin** menu, select **N** and then click **Navigation Option**. A sub-menu appears.
- b. Click **Add** option from the **Navigation Option** sub-menu.
- c. Declare 'PERSON ID' as **Context Field** in navigation option so that person id will be stored in Global context.



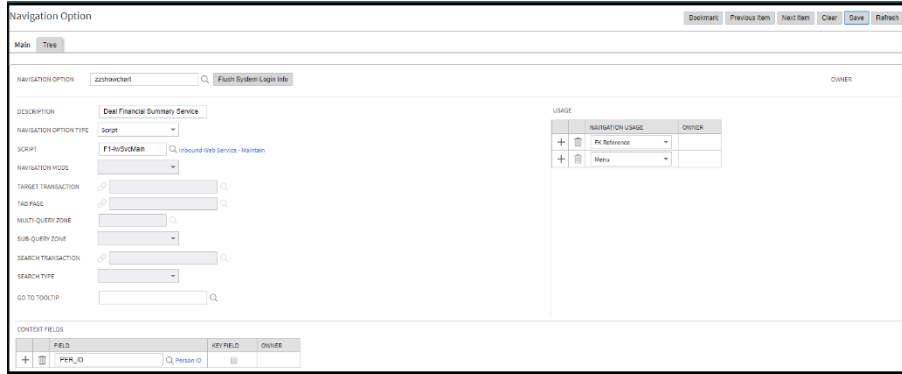


Figure 37: Navigation

- d. To add menu item on Person Context menu, which will refer 'PERSON ID', you need to follow the steps below:
  - i. Navigate to the **Admin** menu, select **M** and then click **Menu**. A sub-menu appears.
  - ii. Select **Search** from the menu options. Menu Search window appears.

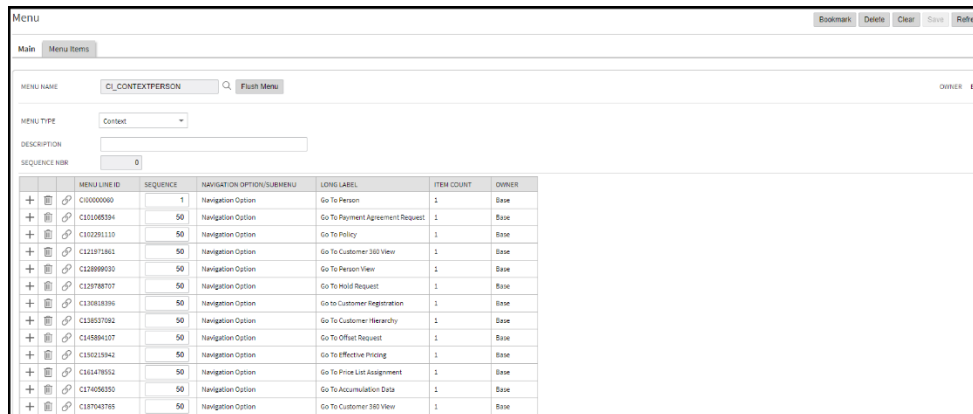


Figure 38: Person Context Menu

- iii. Select 'Context' from the **Menu Type** drop-down list and click **Search**.
- iv. Select 'CI\_CONTEXTPERSON' Menu Name from the results. The selected menu name appears in Menu Name field.
- v. Click Add (+) icon to add new menu line at the end.
- vi. Click 'Go To Menu Items' (☰) icon. Enter the details.

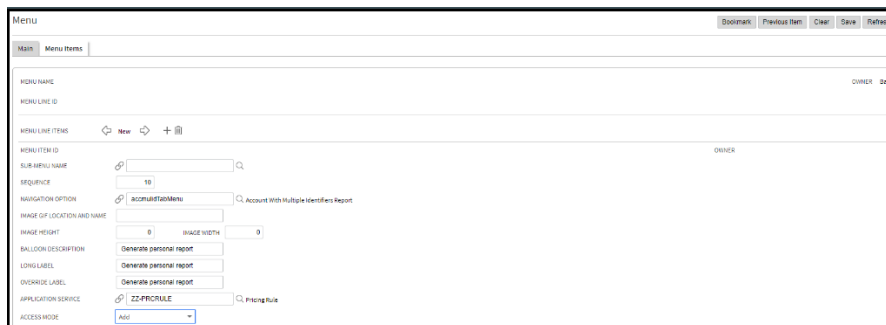
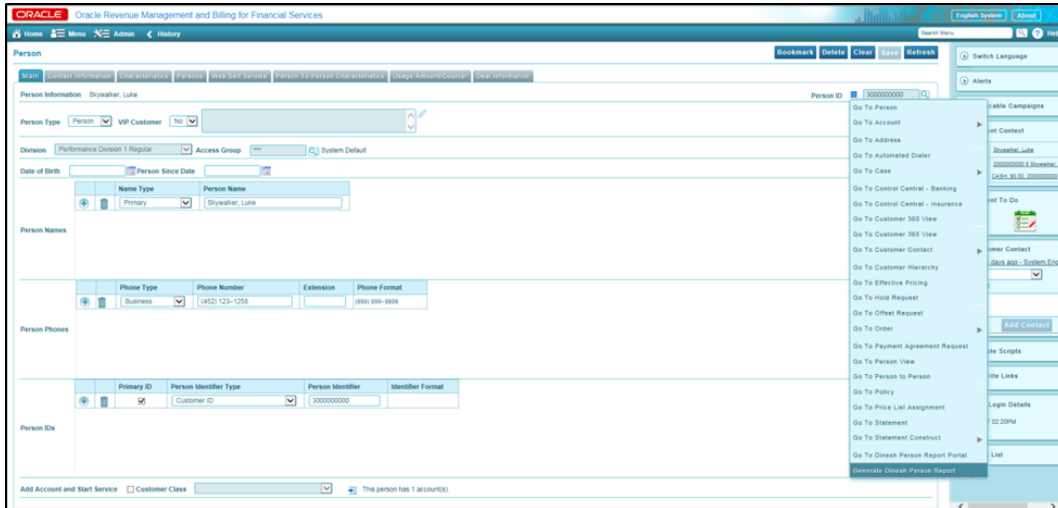


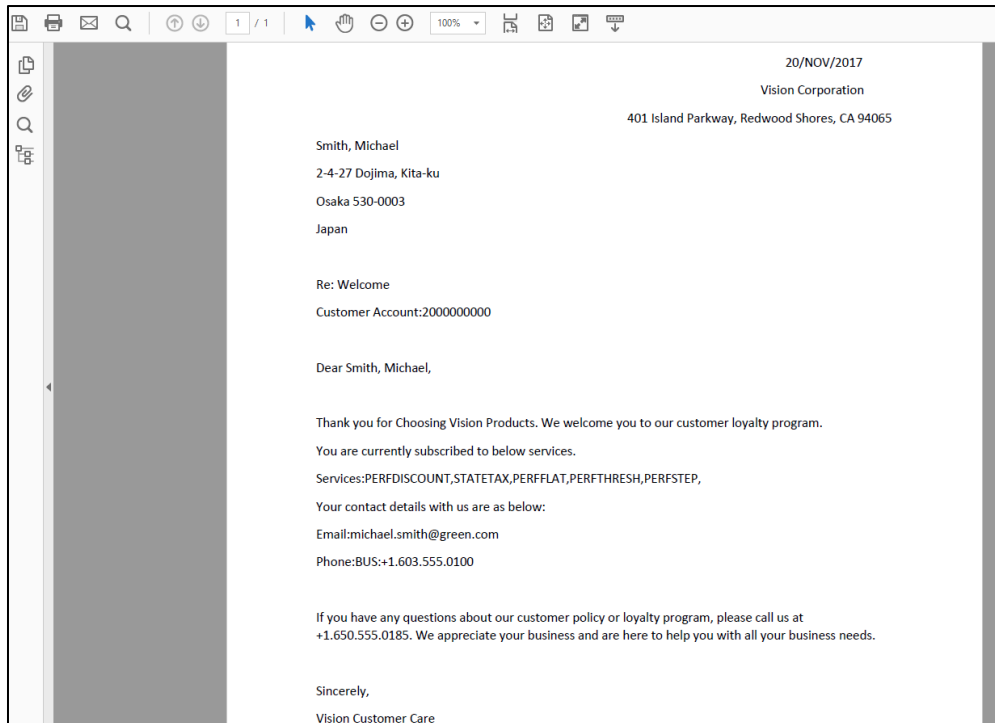
Figure 39: Add Menu Item

- e. Provide correct Application Service for access control. Save the details.
- f. Flush the cache if required.
- g. Once completed 'Go To Person' and click on 'Person Context Menu'. Menu item appears in context menu.



**Figure 40: Person Context Menu**

- h. Click on Menu Item and select the report name from the list. It generates report as below.



**Figure 41: Report Generation**

### 3.2.12.2 Custom Letter Using Service Script and Groovy

Generating letter-based reports involves below steps:

1. **Creating Service Script** - It holds Groovy script. Groovy script gathers required report data and creates XML. This XML and FOP XSLT is used by Apache FOP to generate report. To create new service script:
  - a. From the **Admin** menu, select **S** and then click **Script**. A sub-menu appears.
  - b. Click Add option from the Script sub-menu.
  - c. Enter the details in respective fields
  - d. Select Service Script from the **Script Type** drop-down list.

Figure 42: Script - Main

2. **Defining Schema for Service Script** - It defines the data elements passed to and from a service script. The purpose of the schema is to describe the input and output parameters used when invoking the script.

Figure 43: Script - Schema

3. **Defining Script Steps** - Steps define logic of the service script. You can use different types of steps to move data, call other Scripts, execute script code or invoke business services, etc. This process involves two sub processes:

- a. **Invoking a groovy function** - To invoke a groovy function, you need to define a Step. For more information, refer to Defining a Step section. Note that you can invoke function with no parameters.

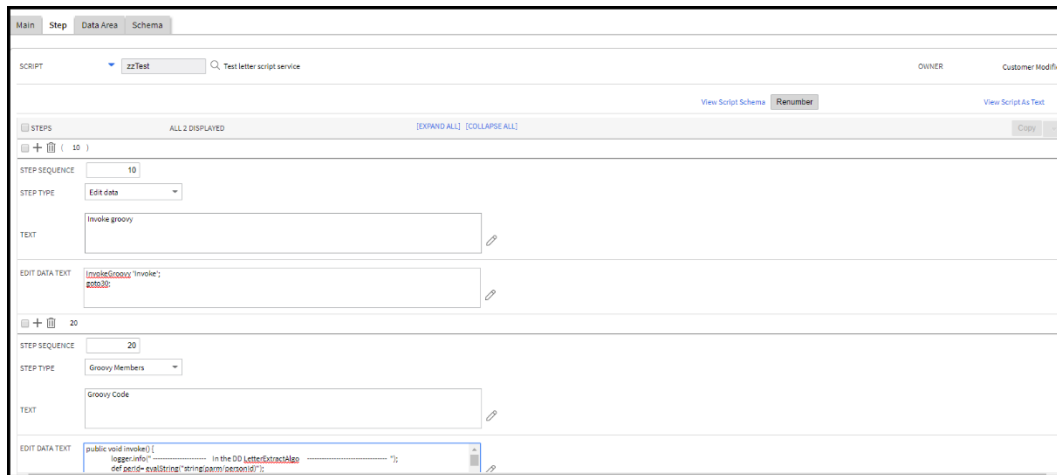


Figure 44: Script - Steps

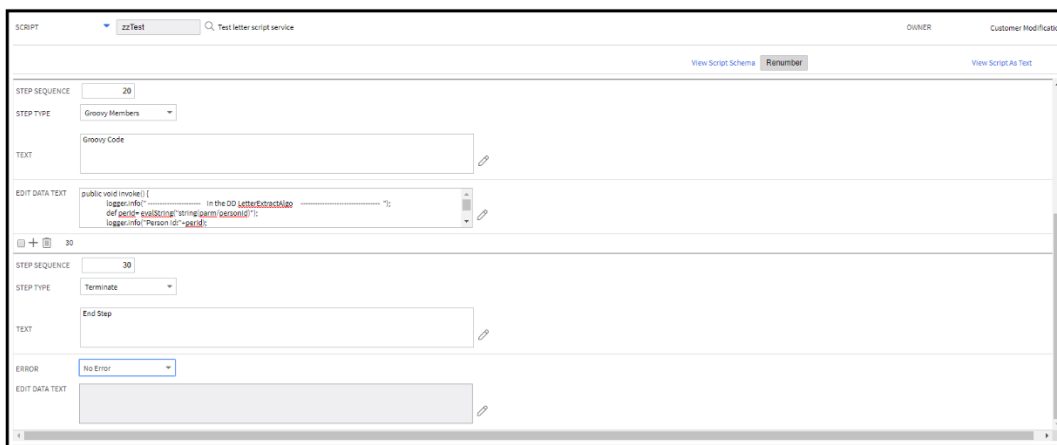


Figure 45: Script – Groovy Function

- b. **Writing a groovy code** – This code performs following steps:

- Gathers report data and generates XML file
- Calls API which will use XML and FOP XSLT to generate report in PDF
- Terminates the Service Script
- Saves the Service Script

A sample code for Groovy Script is listed below:

```
public void invoke() {
    logger.info("----- In the DD
LetterExtractAlgo ----- ");
    def perId= evalString("string(parm/personId)");
    logger.info("Person Id:"+perId);
}
```

```

String processDate = "";
String ownerName = "";
String ownerAddress1 = "";
String ownerAddress2 = "";
String ownerAddress3 = "";
String ownerCity = "";
String ownerPostal = "";
String ownerState = "";
String acctId = null;
String emailId = null;
String phone = null;
java.lang.StringBuilder PIs = new java.lang.StringBuilder();
String services = null;
def pstmt = null;
def row = null;
def pstmt1 = null;
def row1 = null;
def pstmt2 = null;
def rowlist = null;

try {
    pstmt = createPreparedStatement(
        "select      trim(ACP.ACCT_ID)      ACCT_ID
,trim(PR.EMAILID)  EMAIL,trim(PH.PHONE_TYPE_CD) || ':'||trim(PH.PHONE)
PHONE,"+
        "PR.ADDRESS1      ADDRESS1,PR.ADDRESS2
ADDRESS2,PR.ADDRESS3  ADDRESS3,PR.CITY CITY, PR.STATE STATE,PR.POSTAL
POSTAL,TO_CHAR(SYSDATE,'DD/MON/YYYY') CC_DTTM " +
        "FROM      CI_PER      PR,      CI_PER_PHONE      PH,
CI_ACCT_PER ACP " +
        "WHERE PR.PER_ID= :perId " +
        "AND PR.PER_ID=PH.PER_ID " +
        "AND PR.PER_ID=ACP.PER_ID", "Person Info");
    pstmt.bindString("perId", perId, "PER_ID");
    row = pstmt.firstRow();

```

```

        if (row != null) {
            acctId = row.getString("ACCT_ID");
            emailId = row.getString("EMAIL");
            phone = row.getString("PHONE");
            ownerAddress1 = row.getString("ADDRESS1");
            ownerAddress2 = row.getString("ADDRESS2");
            ownerAddress3 = row.getString("ADDRESS3");
            ownerCity = row.getString("CITY");
            ownerState = row.getString("STATE");
            ownerPostal = row.getString("POSTAL");
            processDate = row.getString("CC_DTTM");
        }
        pstmt1 = createPreparedStatement(
            "select PN.ENTITY_NAME ENTITY_NAME " +
            "from CI_PER PR, CI_PER_NAME PN " +
            "WHERE PR.PER_ID=:perId " +
            "AND PR.PER_ID=PN.PER_ID", "Person Name");
        pstmt1.bindString("perId", perId, "PER_ID");
        row1 = pstmt1.firstRow();
        if (row1 != null) {
            ownerName = row1.getString("ENTITY_NAME");
        }
        pstmt2 = createPreparedStatement("SELECT
DISTINCT(TRIM(PRICEITEM_CD)) PRICEITEM_CD " +
            "FROM CI_PARTY PRTY, CI_PRICELIST_ASGN PLAS,
CI_PRICEASGN PRAS " +
            "WHERE PRTY.PARTY_ID=:party_id " +
            "AND PRTY.PARTY_TYPE_FLG='ACCT' " +
            "AND PRTY.PARTY_UID=PLAS.PARTY_UID " +
            "AND          PLAS.PRICELIST_ID=PRAS.OWNER_ID",
"Person Services");
        pstmt2.bindString("party_id", acctId, "PARTY_ID");
        rowlist = pstmt2.list();
        for (def row2 : rowlist) {
            PIs.append(row2.getString("PRICEITEM_CD"));
            PIs.append(",");
        }
    
```

```
        }
        services = PIs.toString();
    } catch (Exception e) {
        logger.error("Exception ", e);
    } finally {
        try {
            pstmt1.close();
            pstmt2.close();
        } catch (Exception e) {
            logger.error("Error While Closing ResultSet ", e);
        } finally {
            pstmt1 = null;
            pstmt2 = null;
        }
    }

    logger.info("\n Account Id:" + acctId);
    logger.info("\n Email Id:" + emailId);
    logger.info("\n Phone:" + phone);
    logger.info("\n Services:" + services);
    logger.info("\n Name:" + ownerName);
    logger.info("\n Process Date:" + processDate);
    logger.info("\n Add 1:" + ownerAddress1);
    logger.info("\n Add 2:" + ownerAddress2);
    logger.info("\n Add 3:" + ownerAddress3);
    logger.info("\n City:" + ownerCity);
    logger.info("\n State:" + ownerState);
    logger.info("\n Postal:" + ownerPostal);

    /// Create XML Of Fields

    org.w3c.dom.Document          finalDocument          =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.createNewDomDocument();
    org.w3c.dom.Element          root                  =
finalDocument.createElement("DOCUMENT");
```

```
finalDocument.appendChild(root);

    org.w3c.dom.Element          root1          =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root, "DOCSET");

    org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement    =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement.setAttribute("NAME", "ProcessDt");
    itemElement.setTextContent(processDate);

    org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement1   =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement1.setAttribute("NAME", "OwnerFullNm");
    itemElement1.setTextContent(ownerName);

    org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement2   =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement2.setAttribute("NAME", "OwnerAddrLine1");
    itemElement2.setTextContent(ownerAddress1);

    org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement3   =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement3.setAttribute("NAME", "OwnerAddrLine2");

    itemElement3.setTextContent(ownerAddress2+" "+ownerAddress3);

    org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement4   =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement4.setAttribute("NAME", "OwnerAddrLine3");

    itemElement4.setTextContent(ownerCity+" "+ownerState+" "+ownerPos
tal);

    org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement5   =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement5.setAttribute("NAME", "accountId");
    itemElement5.setTextContent(acctId);
```



```

        org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement6          =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
        itemElement6.setAttribute("NAME", "emailAddress");
        itemElement6.setTextContent(emailId);

        org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement7          =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
        itemElement7.setAttribute("NAME", "phone");
        itemElement7.setTextContent(phone);

        org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement8          =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
        itemElement8.setAttribute("NAME", "services");
        itemElement8.setTextContent(services);

        String                        letterExtractXMLFileLoc =
"/scratch/rmbbuild/spl/DD26010/splapp/reporting/extractxml/" + perId +
".xml";

        String sourceXML = "";
        try {

            com.splwg.ccb.domain.dataManagement.fileRequest.batch.CommonUtil
commonUtil
=com.splwg.ccb.domain.dataManagement.fileRequest.batch.CommonUtil.Fact
ory.newInstance();

                sourceXML = finalDocument.documentElement as String;

            commonUtil.fileWrite("/scratch/rmbbuild/spl/DD26010/splapp/report
ing/extractxml/", perId, sourceXML, "xml");

            com.splwg.ccb.domain.billing.billtransform.FOPReportGenerationCom
ponent
                fopRptComp          =
com.splwg.ccb.domain.billing.billtransform.FOPReportGenerationComponen
t.Factory.newInstance();

                String              xslFileLoc          =
"/scratch/rmbbuild/spl/DD26010/splapp/reporting/xsl/DD-WELCOME.xsl";

                String              pdfFilePath          =
"/scratch/rmbbuild/spl/DD26010/splapp/reporting/output";

                String pdfFileLoc = pdfFilePath + "/" + perId + ".pdf";

                String url = fopRptComp.getFOPPdf(perId, xslFileLoc,
pdfFileLoc, letterExtractXMLFileLoc, " ");

```

```

    } catch (Exception e) {
        logger.error("Exception occurred" + e.getMessage());
    }
}

```

A sample code for Test/SAMPLE/ Letter Extract XML using Groovy Plugin Script is listed below. It gets all the required data and creates XML.

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<DOCUMENT>
<DOCSET>
<FIELD NAME="ProcessDt">20/NOV/2017</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="OwnerFullNm"> Smith, Michael</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="OwnerAddrLine1"> 2-4-27 Dojima, Kita-ku</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="OwnerAddrLine2"> Osaka 530-0003</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="OwnerAddrLine3">Japan</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="accountId"> 2000000000</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="emailAddress"> michael.smith@green.com</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="phone">BUS: +1.603.555.0100</FIELD>
<FIELD
NAME="services">PERFDISCOUNT, STATETAX, PERFFLAT, PERFTHRESH, PERFSTEP,</F
IELD>
</DOCSET>
</DOCUMENT>

```

A sample code for APACHE FOP XSLT is listed below. It is required by FOP to generate PDF and uses XML created by Groovy Script

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xsl:stylesheet version="1.0"
  xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"
  xmlns:fo="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Format">
  <xsl:template match="/">
    <fo:root xmlns:fo="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Format">
      <fo:layout-master-set>
        <fo:simple-page-master master-name="simpleA4"
          page-height="29.7cm"
          page-width="21cm"
          margin-top="1cm"
          margin-bottom="0.1cm"

```

```

        margin-left="0.8cm"
        margin-right="1.0cm" >
            <fo:region-body margin-top="2.5cm" margin-
bottom="2.5cm"/>
            <fo:region-before extent="2.0cm"/>
            <fo:region-after extent="2.0cm"/>
        </fo:simple-page-master>
    </fo:layout-master-set>
    <fo:page-sequence master-reference="simpleA4"
initial-page-number="1">

        <fo:static-content flow-name="xsl-region-before">
            <fo:block font-size="7pt">

                </fo:block>
        </fo:static-content>

        <fo:static-content flow-name="xsl-region-after">

            <fo:block          font-size="9.0pt"          font-
family="sans-serif"
padding-after="2.0pt"          space-before="2.0pt"
text-align="right"
border-top-style="ridge"          border-bottom-
width="0.5pt">

                </fo:block>

        </fo:static-content>

        <fo:flow flow-name="xsl-region-body">
            <xsl:apply-templates
select="DOCUMENT/DOCSET" />
            <fo:block id="last-page"> </fo:block>
        </fo:flow>
    </fo:page-sequence>

```

```

        </fo:root>
    </xsl:template>

    <xsl:template match="DOCUMENT/DOCSET">
        <fo:block text-align="right" font-size="9px">
            <xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='ProcessDt']"/>
        </fo:block>

        <fo:block text-align="right" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.37in">Vision Corporation</fo:block>
        <fo:block text-align="right" font-size="9px" >401 Island
Parkway, Redwood Shores, CA 94065</fo:block>

        <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">
            <xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerFullNm']"/>
        </fo:block>
        <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">
            <xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerAddrLine1']"/>
        </fo:block>
        <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">
            <xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerAddrLine2']"/>
        </fo:block>
        <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">
            <xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerAddrLine3']"/>
        </fo:block>
        <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.37in">Re: Welcome</fo:block>
        <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.10in">Customer Account:<xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='accountId']"/>
        </fo:block>
        <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.37in">Dear <xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerFullNm']"/>,</fo:block>

```

```

        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"      space-
before="0.10in">Thank you for Choosing Vision Products. We welcome you
to our customer loyalty program.
        </fo:block>
        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"      space-
before="0.10in">You      are      currently      subscribed      to      below
services.</fo:block>
        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"
>Services:<xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='services']"/>
        </fo:block>
        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"      space-
before="0.10in">Your contact details with us are as below:</fo:block>
        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"
>Email:<xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='emailAddress']"/>
        </fo:block>
        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"
>Phone:<xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='phone']"/>
        </fo:block>

        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"      space-
before="0.10in">If you have any questions about our customer policy or
loyalty program, please call us at +1.650.555.0185. We appreciate your
business and are here to help you with all your business
needs.</fo:block>

        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"      space-
before="0.37in">Sincerely,</fo:block>
        <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px"> Vision Customer
Care.</fo:block>
    </xsl:template>
    <!--Template -->
    <xsl:attribute-set name="foCellAttributeSet">
        <xsl:attribute name="padding-right">2mm</xsl:attribute>
        <xsl:attribute name="padding-left">2mm</xsl:attribute>
        <xsl:attribute name="padding-top">2mm</xsl:attribute>
        <xsl:attribute name="padding-bottom">2mm</xsl:attribute>
    </xsl:attribute-set>
</xsl:stylesheet>

```

#### 4. Creating UI Map - The User Interface (UI) map holds HTML to be rendered within portal zones and Business Process Assistant (BPA) scripts. UI maps allow you to create input forms and output

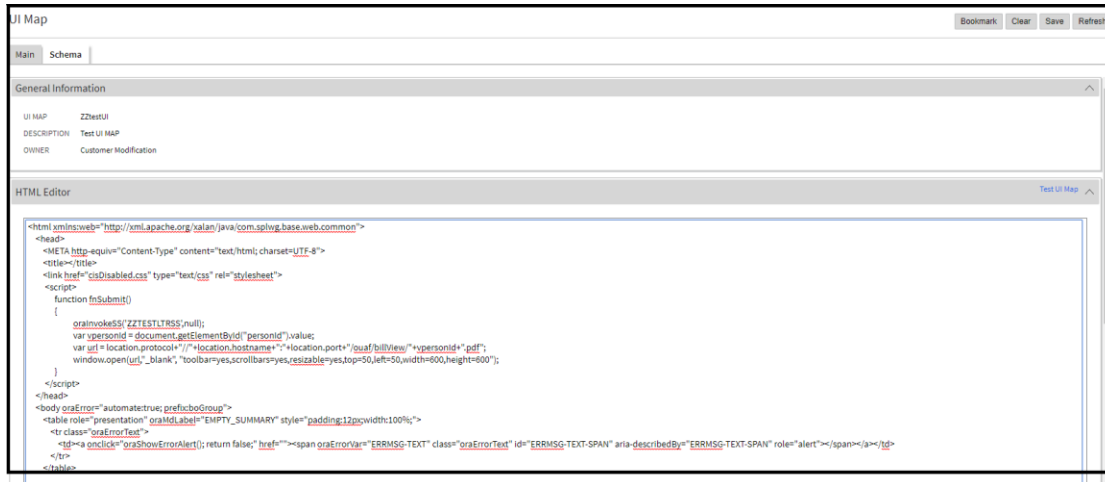
maps that closely match your customer's business practices. In other words, the UI Map is designed to facilitate the capture and display of your business objects and business services. To create UI Map, follow the steps below:

- a. From the **Admin** menu, select **U** and then click **UI Map**. A sub-menu appears.
- b. Click **Add** option from the UI Map sub-menu.



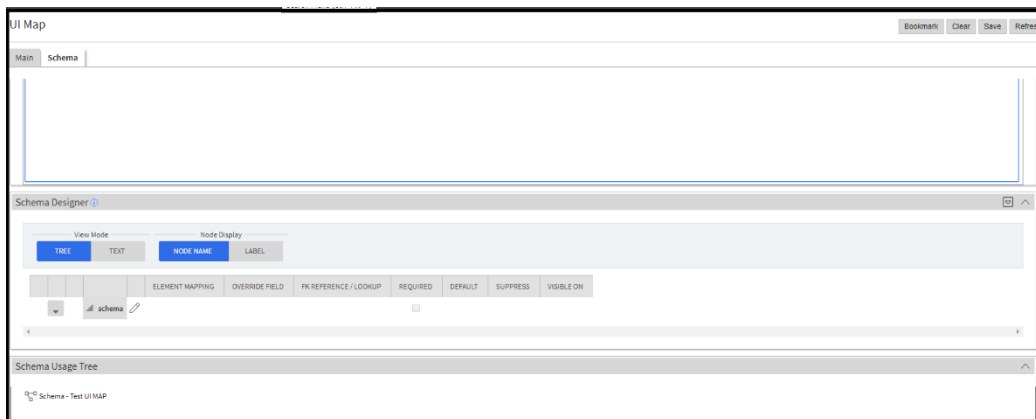
**Figure 46: Creating UI MAP**

The UI map will call Service Script created above and pass necessary input data.



**Figure 47: Service Script**

The Schema for UI map will refer to Service Script.



**Figure 48: UI Map Schema**

A sample code for HTML is listed below:

```

<html
xmlns:web="http://xml.apache.org/xalan/java/com.splwg.base.web.common"
>
  <head>
    <META http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html;
charset=UTF-8">
    <title></title>
    <link href="cisDisabled.css" type="text/css" rel="stylesheet">
    <script>
      function fnSubmit()
      {
          oraInvokeSS('ZZTESTLTRSS',null);
          var vpersonId =
document.getElementById("personId").value;
          var url =
location.protocol+"//"+location.hostname+": "+location.port+"/ouaf/bill
View/"+vpersonId+".pdf";
          window.open(url,"_blank",
"toolbar=yes,scrollbars=yes,resizable=yes,top=50,left=50,width=600,hei
ght=600");
      }
    </script>
  </head>
  <body oraError="automate:true; prefix:boGroup">
    <table role="presentation" oraMdLabel="EMPTY_SUMMARY"
style="padding:12px;width:100%;">
      <tr class="oraErrorText">
        <td><a onclick="oraShowErrorAlert(); return false;"
href=""><span oraErrorVar="ERRMSG-TEXT" class="oraErrorText"
id="ERRMSG-TEXT-SPAN" aria-describedby="ERRMSG-TEXT-SPAN"
role="alert"></span></a></td>
      </tr>
    </table>

    <table role="presentation" oraMdLabel="EMPTY_SUMMARY"
style="border-spacing:4px;width:100%;">
      <tr>

```

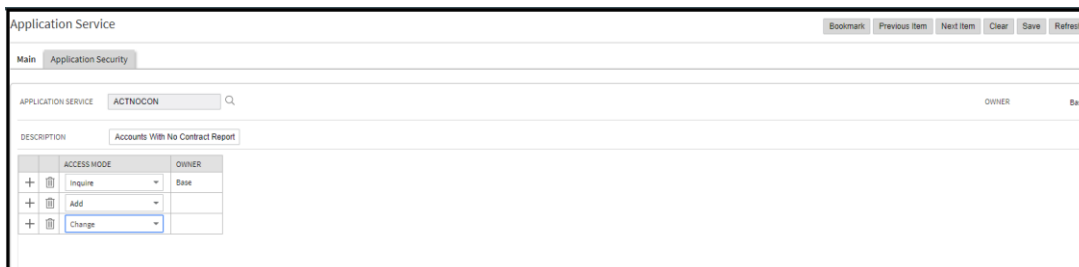
```

        <td          oraLabel="personId"          class="oraLabel
oraTableLabel"><label for="personId"></label></td><td class="oraNormal
oraTableData"><input          id="personId"          class="oraInput"
oraField="personId"></td>
        </tr>
        <tr>
        <td          class="oraSectionStart          oraEmbeddedTable"
colspan="2">
                <table          role="presentation"
oraMdLabel="EMPTY_SUMMARY" style="border-spacing:2px;">
                        <tr>
                                <td><input          onClick="fnSubmit();"
oraMdLabel="SUBMIT" class="oraButton" type="button"></td>
                        </tr>
                </table>
        </td>
        </tr>
</table>
</body>
<xml style="display:none;"></xml>
</html>

```

5. **Creating Application Service** - Application Service provides access control to entities created in ORMB. Using Application Service, you can control actions performed on entities like Zone, UI Maps. You can also control which user groups can access which ORMB entities. To create Application Service:

- a. From the **Admin** menu, select using Admin **A** and then click Application Service. A sub-menu appears.
- b. Click **Add** option from the Application Service sub-menu.



**Figure 49: Application Service**

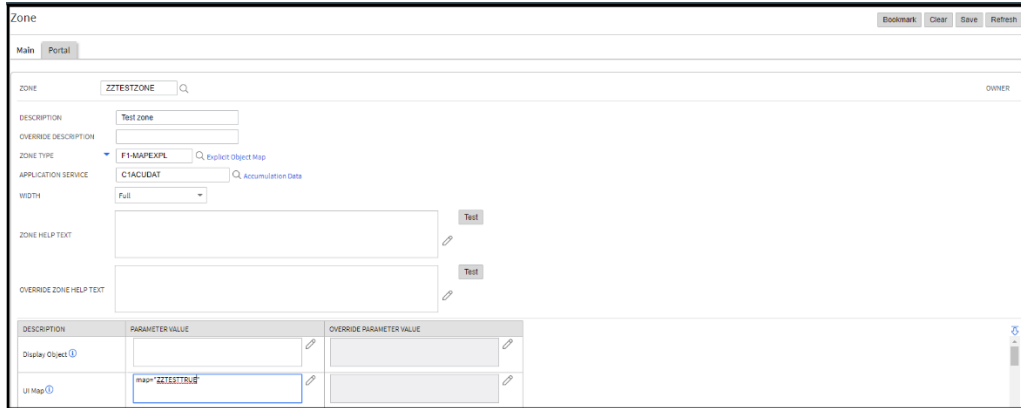
- c. Add Application Service to required USER\_GROUPS.



- d. You can create a separate Page in ORMB which can accept custom input and generate letters or reports. Before creating the same, you need to create Portal and map zone. A Portal is a container which holds UI in ORMB.

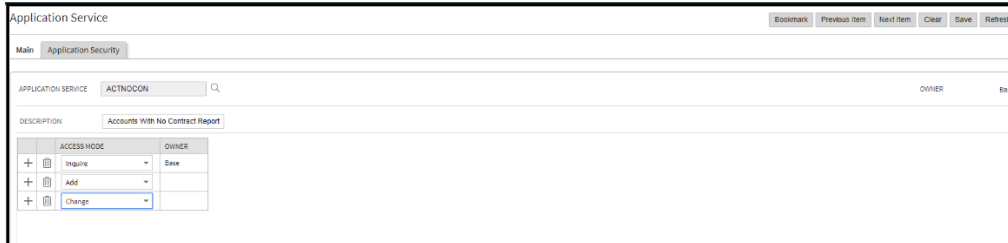
**Note:** One portal can have multiple zones, and each zone can display different UI Maps.

- 6. **Creating Map Zone** - Map Zone is a type of zone which displays UI Maps. To create Map Zone,
  - a. From the **Admin** menu, select **Z** and then click **Zone**. A sub-menu appears.
  - b. Click **Add** option from the Zone sub-menu.



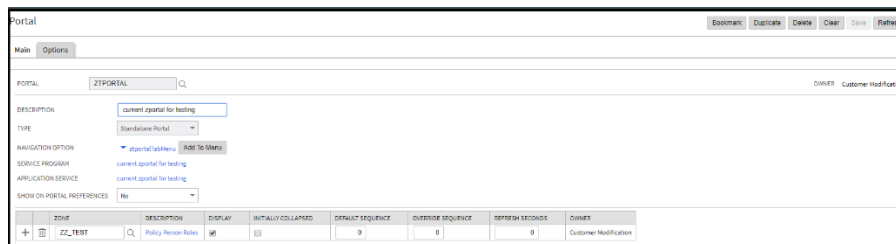
**Figure 50: Creating Map Zone**

- c. Provide Application Service and UI Map. Save the changes.



**Figure 51: Application Service UI Map Link**

- 7. **Creating Portal** - To create portal, follow the steps below:
  - a. From the Admin menu, select **P** and then click **Portal**. A sub-menu appears.
  - b. Click **Add** option from the Portal sub-menu.
  - c. Add map zone to the zone list.
  - d. Save the changes.



**Figure 52: Portal Menu**

- e. New Application Service will be created for portal. Add it to the required USER\_GROUPS. Save the changes.
- f. Portal will be automatically added under Main Menu. Access the portal.

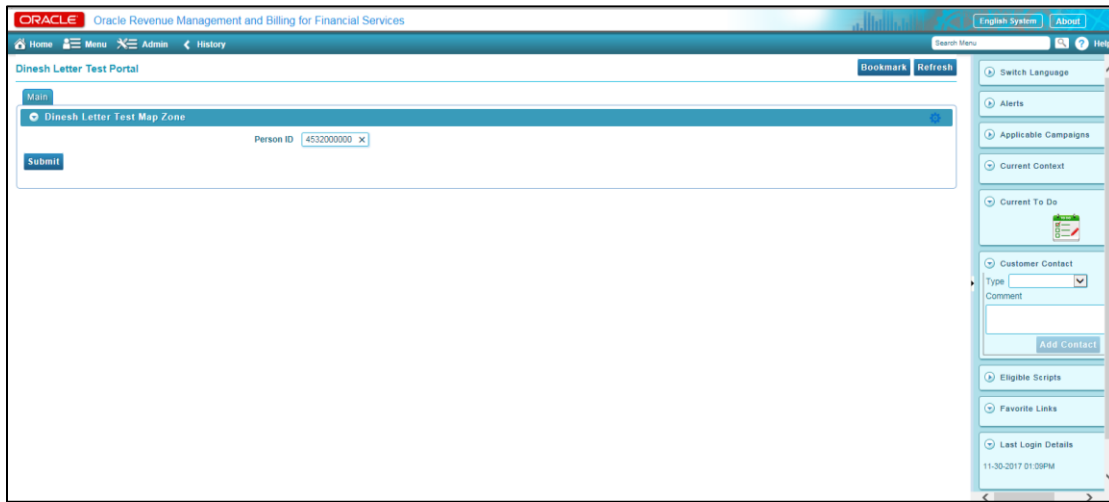


Figure 53: Portal Screen

- g. Provide data and click **Submit**. The report is generated.

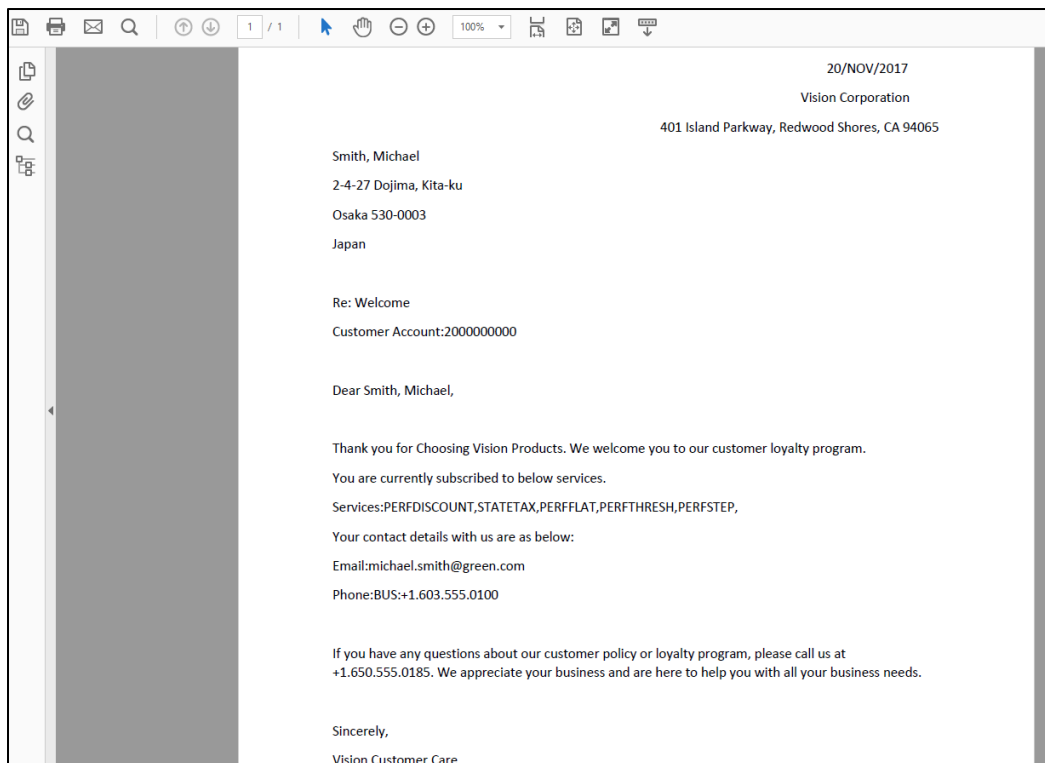


Figure 54: Report

### 3.2.12.3 New Letter Template Creation Using Groovy Plugin Script

This section explains prerequisites required and steps to be followed to generate letter template using Groovy plugin.

#### Prerequisites

- Apache FOP in ORMB such as Online Letter Display Algorithm changes, etc. must be set up prior to generating Letter Template Creation Using Groovy Plugin.
- Groovy Plugin script will be used to extract required data and generate XML file.
- Online letter display extract algorithm will use FOP XSLT along with generated XML and call Apache FOP APIs to generate PDF report. Ensure that FOP XSLT name should be same as name of the letter template defined.

Creating new letter templates using Groovy Plugin involves below steps:

1. **Creating Groovy Plugin Script** - Creation of Plugin script is almost same as that of creating a Service Script, with some differences like:
  - There is no Schema definition for Plugin Script.
  - Plug-in script can be associated with Algorithm Spot.

To create Groovy Plugin script:

- a. From the **Admin** menu, select **S** and then click **Script**. A sub-menu appears.
- b. Click **Add** option from the **Script** sub-menu.

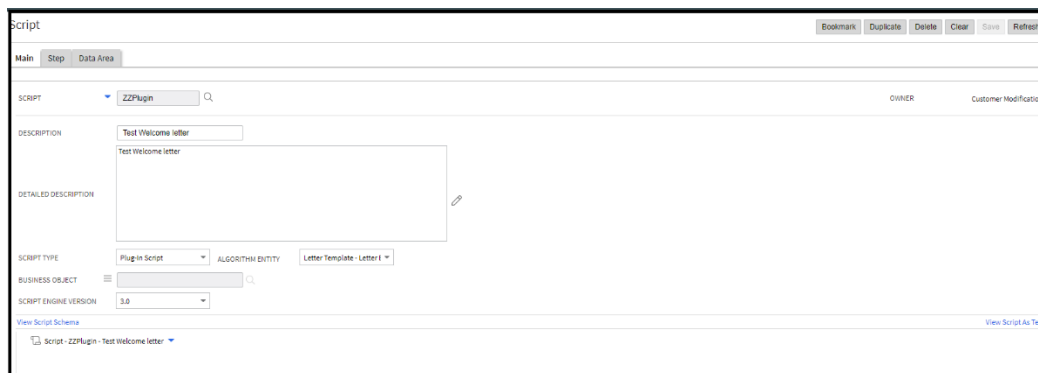
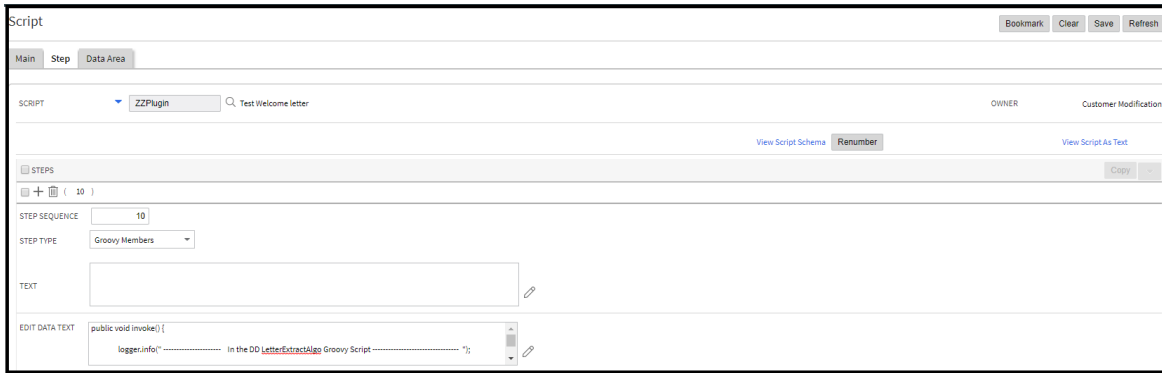


Figure 55: Script Creation

- c. Select **Plug-in Script** from **Script Type** list, Letter Template - Letter Extract from the **Algorithm Entity** and Groovy from the **Script Engine Version** drop-down lists.
- d. Go to Step section, select Groovy Members from Step Type list, and paste your groovy code in **Edit Data Text** field. Ensure that you use `'public void invoke()'`, as this method will be called when script is executed.



**Figure 56: Script – Step Type**

A sample code for Test Script is listed below:

```
public void invoke() {

    logger.info(" ..... In the DD
LetterExtractAlgo Groovy Script ..... ");

    String ccId =
this.customerContact.getId().getIdValue().toString();

    String letterTmplCd =
this.letterTemplate.getId().getIdValue().toString();

    logger.info("\n Customer Contact Id:" + ccId);
    logger.info("\n Letter Template Cd:" + letterTmplCd);

    String processDate = "";
    String ownerName = "";
    String ownerAddress1 = "";
    String ownerAddress2 = "";
    String ownerAddress3 = "";
    String ownerCity = "";
    String ownerPostal = "";
    String ownerState = "";
    String acctId = null;
    String emailId = null;
    String phone = null;
    java.lang.StringBuilder PIs = new java.lang.StringBuilder();
    String services = null;
```

```

def pstmt = null;
def row = null;
def pstmt1 = null;
def row1 = null;
def pstmt2 = null;
def rowlist = null;

try {
    pstmt = createPreparedStatement(
        "select          trim(ACP.ACCT_ID)          ACCT_ID
,trim(PR.EMAILID)    EMAIL,trim(PH.PHONE_TYPE_CD) || ':'||trim(PH.PHONE)
PHONE,"+
        "PR.ADDRESS1          ADDRESS1,PR.ADDRESS2
ADDRESS2,PR.ADDRESS3    ADDRESS3,PR.CITY    CITY, PR.STATE    STATE,PR.POSTAL
POSTAL,TO_CHAR(CC.CC_DTTM,'DD/MON/YYYY') CC_DTTM " +
        "FROM CI_CC CC, CI_PER PR, CI_PER_PHONE PH,
CI_ACCT_PER ACP " +
        "WHERE CC.CC_ID=:cc_id " +
        "AND CC.LTR_TMPL_CD=:ltr_tmpl_id " +
        "AND CC.PER_ID=PR.PER_ID " +
        "AND CC.PER_ID=PH.PER_ID " +
        "AND CC.PER_ID=ACP.PER_ID", "Person Info");
    pstmt.bindString("cc_id", ccId, "CC_ID");
    pstmt.bindString("ltr_tmpl_id",          letterTplCd,
"LTR_TMPL_CD");
    row = pstmt.firstRow();
    if (row != null) {
        acctId = row.getString("ACCT_ID");
        emailId = row.getString("EMAIL");
        phone = row.getString("PHONE");
        ownerAddress1 = row.getString("ADDRESS1");
        ownerAddress2 = row.getString("ADDRESS2");
        ownerAddress3 = row.getString("ADDRESS3");
        ownerCity = row.getString("CITY");
        ownerState = row.getString("STATE");
        ownerPostal = row.getString("POSTAL");
        processDate = row.getString("CC_DTTM");
    }
}

```

```

    }
    pstmt1 = createPreparedStatement(
        "select PN.ENTITY_NAME ENTITY_NAME " +
        "from CI_CC CC, CI_PER PR, CI_PER_NAME PN "
+
        "WHERE CC.CC_ID=:cc_id " +
        "AND CC.LTR_TMPL_CD=:ltr_tmpl_id " +
        "AND CC.PER_ID=PR.PER_ID " +
        "AND CC.PER_ID=PN.PER_ID", "Person Name");
    pstmt1.bindString("cc_id", ccId, "CC_ID");
    pstmt1.bindString("ltr_tmpl_id", letterTmplCd,
"LTR_TMPL_CD");
    row1 = pstmt1.firstRow();

    if (row1 != null) {
        ownerName = row1.getString("ENTITY_NAME");
    }

    pstmt2 = createPreparedStatement("SELECT
DISTINCT(TRIM(PRICEITEM_CD)) PRICEITEM_CD " +
        "FROM CI_PARTY PRTY, CI_PRICELIST_ASGN PLAS,
CI_PRICEASGN PRAS " +
        "WHERE PRTY.PARTY_ID=:party_id " +
        "AND PRTY.PARTY_TYPE_FLG='ACCT' " +
        "AND PRTY.PARTY_UID=PLAS.PARTY_UID " +
        "AND PLAS.PRICELIST_ID=PRAS.OWNER_ID",
"Person Services");

    pstmt2.bindString("party_id", acctId, "PARTY_ID");

    rowlist = pstmt2.list();

    for (def row2 : rowlist) {

        PIs.append(row2.getString("PRICEITEM_CD"));
        PIs.append(",");
    }

```

```
        services = PIs.toString();
    } catch (Exception e) {
        logger.error("Exception ", e);

    } finally {
        try {

            pstmt1.close();
            pstmt2.close();
        } catch (Exception e) {
            logger.error("Error While Closing ResultSet ", e);
        } finally {
            pstmt1 = null;
            pstmt2 = null;
        }
    }

    logger.info("\n Account Id:" + acctId);
    logger.info("\n Email Id:" + emailId);
    logger.info("\n Phone:" + phone);
    logger.info("\n Services:" + services);
    logger.info("\n Name:" + ownerName);
    logger.info("\n Process Date:" + processDate);
    logger.info("\n Add 1:" + ownerAddress1);
    logger.info("\n Add 2:" + ownerAddress2);
    logger.info("\n Add 3:" + ownerAddress3);
    logger.info("\n City:" + ownerCity);
    logger.info("\n State:" + ownerState);
    logger.info("\n Postal:" + ownerPostal);

    /// Create XML Of Fields

    org.w3c.dom.Document                finalDocument                =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.createNewDomDocument();
```

```

    org.w3c.dom.Element          root          =
finalDocument.createElement("DOCUMENT");
    finalDocument.appendChild(root);

    org.w3c.dom.Element          root1         =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root, "DOCSET");

    org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement   =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement.setAttribute("NAME", "ProcessDt");
    itemElement.setTextContent(processDate);

    org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement1  =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement1.setAttribute("NAME", "OwnerFullNm");
    itemElement1.setTextContent(ownerName);

    org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement2  =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement2.setAttribute("NAME", "OwnerAddrLine1");
    itemElement2.setTextContent(ownerAddress1);

    org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement3  =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement3.setAttribute("NAME", "OwnerAddrLine2");

    itemElement3.setTextContent(ownerAddress2+", "+ownerAddress3);

    org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement4  =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement4.setAttribute("NAME", "OwnerAddrLine3");
    itemElement4.setTextContent(ownerCity+", "+ownerState+", "+ownerPos
tal);

    org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement5  =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement5.setAttribute("NAME", "accountId");
    itemElement5.setTextContent(acctId);

    org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement6  =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
    itemElement6.setAttribute("NAME", "emailAddress");
    itemElement6.setTextContent(emailId);

```



```

        org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement7          =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
        itemElement7.setAttribute("NAME", "phone");
        itemElement7.setTextContent(phone);

        org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement8          =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root1, "FIELD");
        itemElement8.setAttribute("NAME", "services");
        itemElement8.setTextContent(services);

        String datFileName = null;
        String datFolderData = null;
        String inputFileName = null;

        datFileName = this.extractFileName + "/" + "extractxml" + "/"
+ ccId;
        inputFileName = this.extractFileName + "/" + "extractxml" +
"/" + ccId + ".xml";

        datFolderData = "XML_FILE_INPUT" + " " + inputFileName + "\n";
        String sourceXML = "";
        try {

            com.splwg.ccb.domain.dataManagement.fileRequest.batch.CommonUtil
commonUtil
=com.splwg.ccb.domain.dataManagement.fileRequest.batch.CommonUtil.Fact
ory.newInstance();

            sourceXML = finalDocument.documentElement as String;
            commonUtil.fileWrite(this.extractFileName + "/" +
"extractxml", ccId, sourceXML, "xml");
            commonUtil.fileWrite(this.extractFileName + "/" +
"extractxml", ccId, datFolderData, null);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            logger.error("Exception occurred" + e.getMessage());
        }
    }
}

```

**Note:** You need to create two files in 'extractxml directory', xml file and dat file. Dat file will have no extension and its content will be 'XML\_FILE\_INPUT <xml file path>'

2. **Creating Algorithm** - Algorithms will be attached to letter template. When you click Display Letter button, the algorithm is executed, which in turn runs executable linked to it. To create algorithm:

- a. From the **Admin** menu, select **A**, click **Algorithm Type**. A sub-menu appears.
- b. Click **Add** option from the **Algorithm Type** sub-menu.
- c. Select **Algorithm Entity** as 'Letter Template-Letter Extract', **Program Type** as Plug-In Script. Provide name of the script already created. Save the changes.

**Figure 57: Algorithm**

An Algorithm Type can have parameters. When you create algorithm, you can pass values to these parameters which will be provided to executing algorithm. To create Algorithm:

- d. From the **Admin** menu, select **A** and then click **Algorithm Type**. A sub-menu appears.
- e. Click **Add** option from the **Algorithm Type** sub-menu.

**Figure 58: Algorithm**

- f. Provide Algorithm Name, and select Algorithm Type.
- g. Save the changes.

**Note:** Groovy Plugin script gets all the required data and creates an XML. This XML is used by FOP algorithm (Online Letter Display Algorithm) to generate PDF.

A sample code for creating Test or Sample XML is listed below:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<DOCUMENT>
<DOCSET>
<FIELD NAME="ProcessDt">20/NOV/2017</FIELD>
```

```

<FIELD NAME="OwnerFullNm">Smith, Michael</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="OwnerAddrLine1"> 2-4-27 Dojima, Kita-ku </FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="OwnerAddrLine2">Osaka 530-0003</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="OwnerAddrLine3">Japan</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="accountId">2000000000</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="emailAddress">michael.smith@green.com</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="phone">BUS:+1.603.555.0100</FIELD>
<FIELD
NAME="services">PERFDISCOUNT, STATETAX, PERFFLAT, PERFTHRESH, PERFSTEP, </F
IELD>
</DOCSET>
</DOCUMENT>

```

A sample code for APACHE FOP XSLT to generate PDF is listed below:

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xsl:stylesheet version="1.0"
  xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"
  xmlns:fo="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Format">
  <xsl:template match="/">
    <fo:root xmlns:fo="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Format">
      <fo:layout-master-set>
        <fo:simple-page-master master-name="simpleA4"
          page-height="29.7cm"
          page-width="21cm"
          margin-top="1cm"
          margin-bottom="0.1cm"
          margin-left="0.8cm"
          margin-right="1.0cm" >
          <fo:region-body margin-top="2.5cm" margin-
bottom="2.5cm"/>
          <fo:region-before extent="2.0cm"/>
          <fo:region-after extent="2.0cm"/>
        </fo:simple-page-master>
      </fo:layout-master-set>
      <fo:page-sequence master-reference="simpleA4"
        initial-page-number="1">

```

```

        <fo:static-content flow-name="xsl-region-before">
            <fo:block font-size="7pt">

                </fo:block>
        </fo:static-content>

        <fo:static-content flow-name="xsl-region-after">

                <fo:block
                    font-size="9.0pt"
                    font-family="sans-serif"
                    padding-after="2.0pt"
                    space-before="2.0pt"
                    text-align="right"
                    border-top-style="ridge"
                    border-bottom-width="0.5pt">

                        </fo:block>

                </fo:static-content>

                <fo:flow flow-name="xsl-region-body">
                    <xsl:apply-templates
select="DOCUMENT/DOCSET" />
                    <fo:block id="last-page"> </fo:block>
                </fo:flow>
            </fo:page-sequence>
        </fo:root>
    </xsl:template>

    <xsl:template match="DOCUMENT/DOCSET">
        <fo:block text-align="right" font-size="9px">
            <xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='ProcessDt']"/>
        </fo:block>

        <fo:block
            text-align="right"
            font-size="9px"
            space-before="0.37in" >Vision Corporation</fo:block>

```

```

    <fo:block text-align="right" font-size="9px" >401 Island
Parkway, Redwood Shores, CA 94065</fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">
        <xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerFullNm']"/>
    </fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">
        <xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerAddrLine1']"/>
    </fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">
        <xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerAddrLine2']"/>
    </fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">
        <xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerAddrLine3']"/>
    </fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.37in">Re: Welcome</fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.10in">Customer Account:<xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='accountId']"/>
    </fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.37in">Dear <xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerFullNm']"/>,</fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.10in">Thank you for Choosing Vision Products. We welcome you
to our customer loyalty program.
    </fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.10in">You are currently subscribed to below
services.</fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px"
>Services:<xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='services']"/>
    </fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.10in">Your contact details with us are as below:</fo:block>

```

```

        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"
>Email:<xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='emailAddress']"/>
        </fo:block>

        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"
>Phone:<xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='phone']"/>
        </fo:block>

        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"      space-
before="0.10in">If you have any questions about our customer policy or
loyalty program, please call us at +1.650.555.0185. We appreciate your
business and are here to help you with all your business
needs.</fo:block>

        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"      space-
before="0.37in">Sincerely,</fo:block>

        <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px"> Vision Customer
Care.</fo:block>
    </xsl:template>
    <!--Template -->
    <xsl:attribute-set name="foCellAttributeSet">
        <xsl:attribute name="padding-right">2mm</xsl:attribute>
        <xsl:attribute name="padding-left">2mm</xsl:attribute>
        <xsl:attribute name="padding-top">2mm</xsl:attribute>
        <xsl:attribute name="padding-bottom">2mm</xsl:attribute>
    </xsl:attribute-set>
</xsl:stylesheet>

```

Name of the FOP XSLT will be same as letter template code. For example, 'DD-WELCOME.xsl'.

3. **Creating Customer Contact** - Letters are generated over customer contact. You can add this contact type to existing Contact Class or create new Contact Class. To create new Contact Class:
  - a. From the **Admin** menu, select **C** and then click **Customer Contact Class**. A sub-menu appears.
  - b. Click **Add** option from the Customer Contact Class sub-menu.
  - c. Add a new Class.

		CONTACT CLASS	DESCRIPTION
		APAY	Auto Pay
		C&C	Credit and collection contacts
		CALL	CALL
		CC	General customer contact
		DUMM	DUMMY
		INSB	Insurance Broker
		INSI	Insurance Individual Customer
		NOTC	Notice
		OP	Overdue processing contacts
		SMS	SMS
		WO	Write off contacts
		ZZ01	Test Inbound 01
		ZZ0P	Policy Test
		ZZ0S	Test2 Inbound

Figure 59: Customer Contact

- d. Click **Save**.
- 4. **Creating Letter template** - You need to create letter template to link the algorithm. To create letter template:
  - a. From the **Admin** menu, select **L** and then click **Letter Template**.

**Note:** The letter template code should be same as FOP XSL. For example: **'DD-WELCOME'**

- b. Add new letter template and link the algorithm to the created letter template.

		LETTER TEMPLATE	DESCRIPTION	SPECIAL EXTRACT	BATCH CONTROL	EXTRACT ALGORITHM
		AUTO-PAY-CHG	Auto Pay Change	<input type="checkbox"/>	LTRPRT	CM_XLETEXTAU
		C1-NO-TMPL	Notice of Intent Letter	<input type="checkbox"/>	LTRPRT	CM_XLETEXTNI
		C1-OVR-DUE	Past Due Template	<input type="checkbox"/>	LTRPRT	CM_XLETEXTPD
		CC-EXP-TMPL	Credit Card Expiry Letter	<input type="checkbox"/>	LTRPRT	CM_XLETEXTCC
		CIR-AGY-WARN	Agency referral warning	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LTRPRT	LTEX-WO
		CIR-EXPCRCR	Expiring Credit Card Letter	<input type="checkbox"/>	LTRPRT	LTEX-GEN
		CIR-OD-DISC	Overdue Bills Disconnect Letter	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LTRPRT	CL_LTEX-ODS
		CIR-OD-REM	Overdue Bills Reminder Letter	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LTRPRT	CL_LTEX-ODS
		CIR-REG 2ND	2nd notice - regulated	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LTRPRT	LTEX_COL
		CIR-REG REM	Reminder letter - regulated	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LTRPRT	LTEX_COL
		CIR-WELCOME	Welcome	<input type="checkbox"/>	LTRPRT	LTEX-GEN

Figure 60: Create Letter template

- c. To create Contact Type,
  - i. From the **Admin** menu, select **C** and then click **Customer Contact Type**. A sub-menu appears.
  - ii. Click **Add** option from the Customer Contact Type sub-menu.

Figure 61: Contact Type

iii. Provide Contact Class, Contact Type Code, and Letter Template. Click **Save**.

8. **Creating Customer Contact** - To create customer contact, navigate to Open person details.

a. Click on person context menu, go to customer contact and add.

Figure 62: Customer Contact

b. Provide Customer Contact Class, Contact Type and save the changes.

Figure 63: Customer Contact

c. Click on **Display Letter** button. The output is displayed.



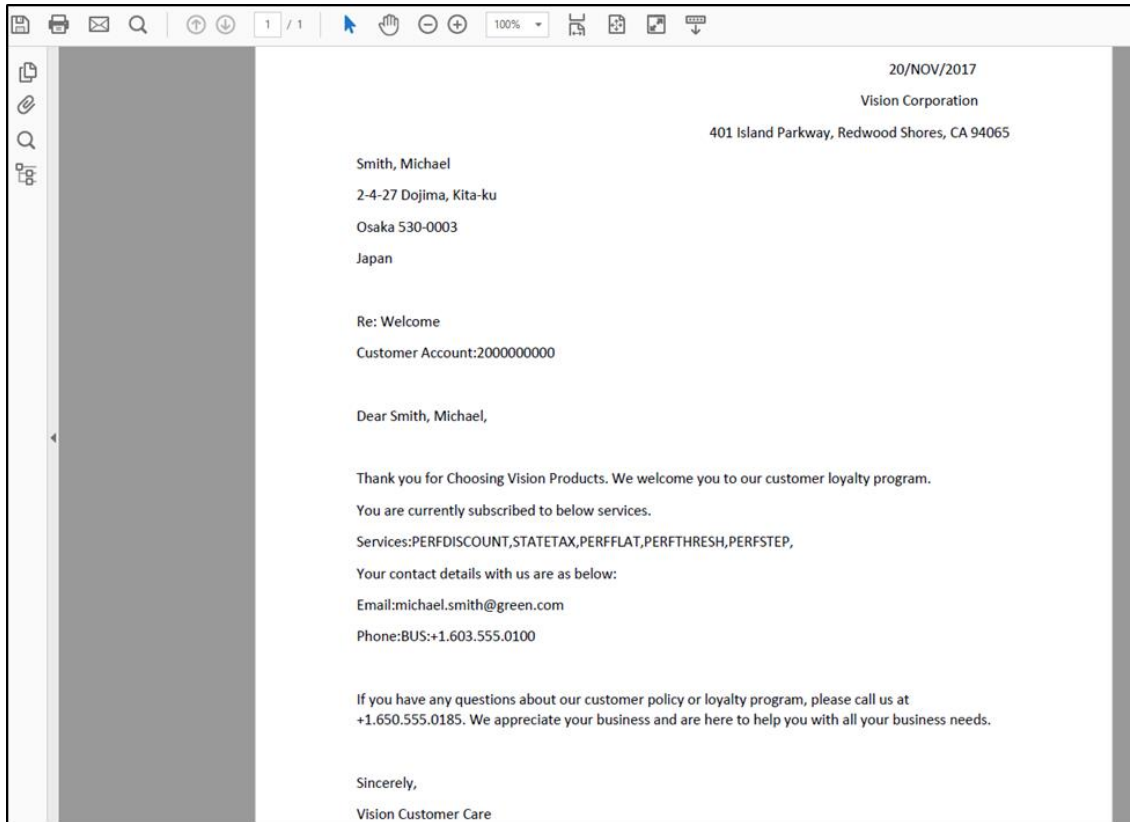


Figure 64: Report

### 3.2.12.4 New Letter Using Custom Business Service

You can create new letter template using Business Service. Creating new letter templates using custom business services involves below steps:

1. Creating Business Service, which will extract required data and send it back to generic letter extract algorithm with its Schema.

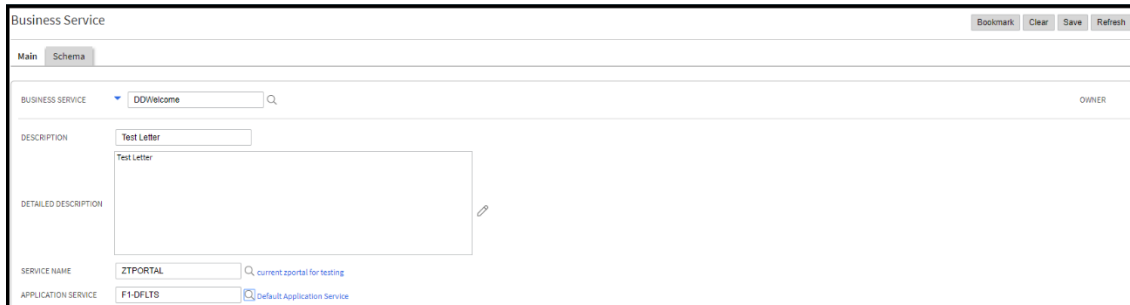


Figure 65: Business Service

A sample code for Business Service Schema is listed below:

```
<schema pageAction="read">
  <customerContactId mapField="CC_ID"/>
  <letterTemplate mapField="LTR_TMPL_CD"/>
</schema>
```

```

    <accountId mapField="ACCT_ID"/>
    <emailAddress mapField="EMAILID"/>
    <phone mapField="PHONE"/>
    <description mapField="DESCR"/>
</schema>

```

You must define two fields, 'customerContactId mapField' and 'letterTemplate mapField' in Business Service Schema. These fields are passed as input to Business Service by Generic Letter Extract Algorithm. The rest of the fields in schema are extracted by Business Service and returned to Letter Extract Algorithm to prepare XML to be used by FOP for PDF generation.

**Note:** To implement new Letter Template using Business Service, you need two XSLs:

Generic Letter Extract Algorithm to convert business service response to XML

FOP XSL, used by Apache FOP to generate PDF

A sample code for XSL for letter extract algorithm is listed below:

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xsl:stylesheet      xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"
version="1.0">
<xsl:output method="xml" indent="yes"/>
<xsl:template match="/">
<DOCUMENT      xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"      VERSION="11.5"
TYPE="RPWIP">
<DOCSET NAME="">
<FIELD      NAME="ProcessDt"><xsl:value-of      select='//C1-
BaseLetterExt/processDate'/></FIELD>
<FIELD      NAME="OwnerFullNm"><xsl:value-of      select='//C1-
BaseLetterExt/ownerName'/></FIELD>
<FIELD      NAME="OwnerAddrLine1"><xsl:value-of      select='//C1-
BaseLetterExt/ownerAddress1'/></FIELD>
<xsl:if test="//C1-BaseLetterExt[ownerAddress2 = '' and ownerAddress3 =
'']">
    <FIELD NAME="OwnerAddrLine2"></FIELD>
</xsl:if>
<xsl:if test="//C1-BaseLetterExt[ownerAddress2 != '' or ownerAddress3 !=
'']">
    <FIELD      NAME="OwnerAddrLine2"><xsl:value-of      select='//C1-
BaseLetterExt/ownerAddress2'/>,      <xsl:value-of      select='//C1-
BaseLetterExt/ownerAddress3'/></FIELD>
</xsl:if>

```

```

<xsl:if test="//C1-BaseLetterExt[city = '' and state = '' and postal =
'']">
    <FIELD NAME="OwnerAddrLine3"></FIELD>
</xsl:if>
<xsl:if test="//C1-BaseLetterExt[city != '' or state != '' or postal !=
'']">
    <FIELD NAME="OwnerAddrLine3"><xsl:value-of select="//C1-
BaseLetterExt/city"/>,<xsl:value-of select="//C1-
BaseLetterExt/state"/>,<xsl:value-of select="//C1-
BaseLetterExt/postal"/></FIELD>
</xsl:if>
        Custom Business Service
<FIELD NAME="accountId"><xsl:value-of select="//DD-
WelcomeLetterBS/accountId"/></FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="emailAddress"><xsl:value-of select="//DD-
WelcomeLetterBS/emailAddress"/></FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="phone"><xsl:value-of select="//DD-
WelcomeLetterBS/phone"/></FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="services"><xsl:value-of select="//DD-
WelcomeLetterBS/description"/></FIELD>

</DOCSET>
</DOCUMENT>
</xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>

```

Here, Letter Extract Algorithm internally calls another Business Service **C1-BaseLetterExt**, which provides basic person information. These fields are added in XSL. Once the fields are added in XSL, the fields provided by custom Business Service are added in the algorithm. (Refer Custom Business Service section in above sample code)

A sample code for XML generated by Letter Extract Algorithm from XSL and Business Service Response is listed below:

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?><DOCUMENT
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" TYPE="RPWIP"
VERSION="11.5">
<DOCSET NAME="">
<FIELD NAME="ProcessDt">November 20, 2017</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="OwnerFullNm">Michael Smith</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="OwnerAddrLine1">401 Island Parkway</FIELD>

```

```

<FIELD NAME="OwnerAddrLine2"> Redwood Shores</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="OwnerAddrLine3">CA, 94065</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="accountId">2000000000</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="emailAddress">michael.smith@starwars.com</FIELD>
<FIELD NAME="phone">BUS: +1.603.555.0200</FIELD>
<FIELD
NAME="services">PERFDISCOUNT, STATETAX, PERFFLAT, PERFTHRESH, PERFSTEP</FI
ELD>
</DOCSET>
</DOCUMENT>

```

To setup algorithm,

1. Create new letter. Extract algorithm of Type generic Letter Extract Algorithm.
2. From the **Admin** menu, select **A**, and then click **Algorithm Type**. A sub-menu appears.
3. Click **Add** option from the **Algorithm Type** sub-menu.
4. Provide newly created business service in Letter Specific Business Service Field.
5. Provide complete file path of XSL used by Letter Extract Algorithm in 'Name of XSL file for generating output XML' field.
6. Save the changes.

PARAMETER	SEQUENCE	VALUE
Customer Contact Class	1	INSB
Customer Contact Type	2	INS-BRK-RMDR
Customer Contact Characteristic Type	3	OL_CC

**Figure 66: Letter Extract Algorithm**

A sample code for APACHE FOP XSLT – required by FOP algorithm (online letter display algorithm) to generate PDF is listed below:

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xsl:stylesheet version="1.0"
  xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform"
  xmlns:fo="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Format">
  <xsl:template match="/">
    <fo:root xmlns:fo="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Format">

```

```

<fo:layout-master-set>
  <fo:simple-page-master master-name="simpleA4"
    page-height="29.7cm"
    page-width="21cm"
    margin-top="1cm"
    margin-bottom="0.1cm"
    margin-left="0.8cm"
    margin-right="1.0cm" >
    <fo:region-body margin-top="2.5cm" margin-
bottom="2.5cm"/>
    <fo:region-before extent="2.0cm"/>
    <fo:region-after extent="2.0cm"/>
  </fo:simple-page-master>
</fo:layout-master-set>
<fo:page-sequence master-reference="simpleA4"
initial-page-number="1">

  <fo:static-content flow-name="xsl-region-before">
    <fo:block font-size="7pt">

    </fo:block>
  </fo:static-content>

  <fo:static-content flow-name="xsl-region-after">
    <fo:block font-size="9.0pt" font-
family="sans-serif"
padding-after="2.0pt" space-before="2.0pt"
text-align="right"
border-top-style="ridge" border-bottom-
width="0.5pt">
    </fo:block>
  </fo:static-content>

  <fo:flow flow-name="xsl-region-body">
    <xsl:apply-templates
select="DOCUMENT/DOCSET" />

```

```

                <fo:block id="last-page"> </fo:block>
            </fo:flow>
        </fo:page-sequence>
    </fo:root>
</xsl:template>

<xsl:template match="DOCUMENT/DOCSET">
    <fo:block text-align="right" font-size="9px">
        <xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='ProcessDt']"/>
    </fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="right" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.37in" >Vision Corporation</fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="right" font-size="9px" >401 Island
Parkway, Redwood Shores, CA 94065</fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">
        <xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerFullNm']"/>
    </fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">
        <xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerAddrLine1']"/>
    </fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">
        <xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerAddrLine2']"/>
    </fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px">
        <xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerAddrLine3']"/>
    </fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.37in">Re: Welcome</fo:block>

    <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px" space-
before="0.10in">CustomerAccount:<xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='accountId']"/>
    </fo:block>

```

```

        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"      space-
before="0.37in">Dear                                <xsl:value-of
select="//FIELD[@NAME='OwnerFullNm']"/>,</fo:block>

        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"      space-
before="0.10in">Thank you for Choosing Vision Products. We welcome you
to our customer loyalty program.
        </fo:block>

        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"      space-
before="0.10in">You      are      currently      subscribed      to      below
services.</fo:block>

        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"
>Services:<xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='services']"/>
        </fo:block>

        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"      space-
before="0.10in">Your contact details with us are as below:</fo:block>

        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"
>Email:<xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='emailAddress']"/>
        </fo:block>

        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"
>Phone:<xsl:value-of select="//FIELD[@NAME='phone']"/>
        </fo:block>

        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"      space-
before="0.10in">If you have any questions about our customer policy or
loyalty program, please call us at +1.650.555.0185. We appreciate your
business and are here to help you with all your business
needs.</fo:block>

        <fo:block      text-align="left"      font-size="9px"      space-
before="0.37in">Sincerely,</fo:block>

        <fo:block text-align="left" font-size="9px"> Vision Customer
Care.</fo:block>
    </xsl:template>
    <!--Template -->
    <xsl:attribute-set name="foCellAttributeSet">
        <xsl:attribute name="padding-right">2mm</xsl:attribute>
        <xsl:attribute name="padding-left">2mm</xsl:attribute>
        <xsl:attribute name="padding-top">2mm</xsl:attribute>
        <xsl:attribute name="padding-bottom">2mm</xsl:attribute>
    </xsl:attribute-set>

```

```
</xsl:stylesheet>
```

1. Name of the FOP XSLT will be same as letter template code. For example, DD-WELCOME.xsl.
2. Create 'Customer Contact Class', 'Customer Contact Type', 'Letter Template' respectively.
3. Create Customer Contact using new contact type On person and generate letter.

### 3.3 XML Generation

The pre-requisite for the Wrapper API is DOM Object. XML record generation is a two-step process:

- Conversion in XML
- Writing a File

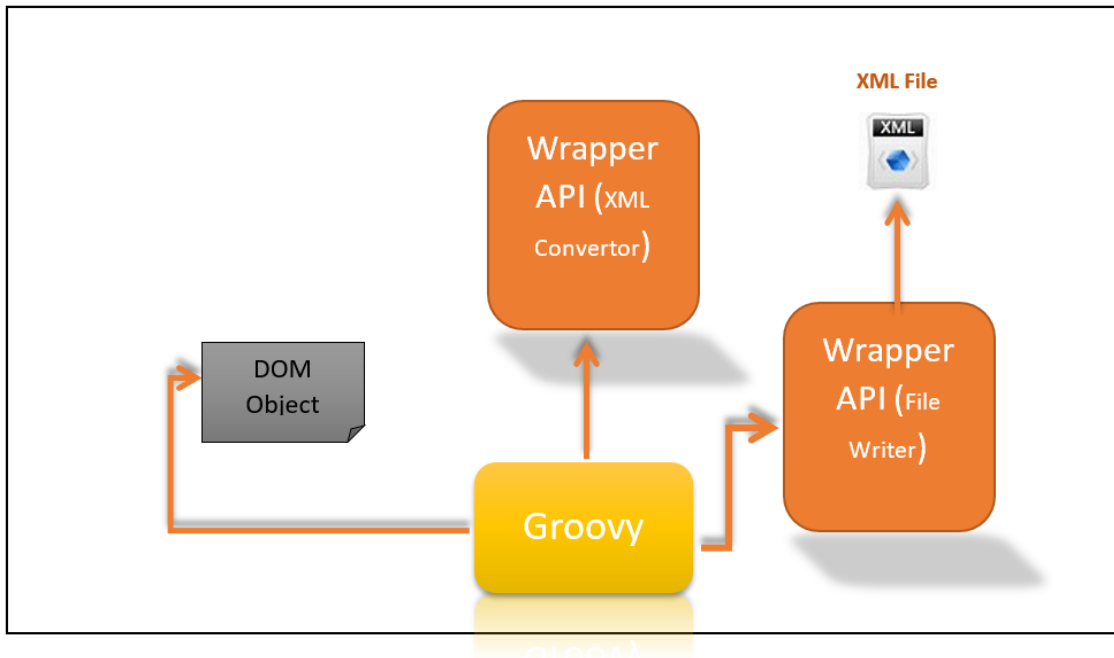


Figure 67: XML Generation Process

#### 3.3.1 Conversion in XML

A wrapper API 'getXMLRecord()' receives 'Document Object' as an input. The Document object follows standard tree structure consisting of element nodes and text nodes. The API function will process the Document object and return generated XML content as string for the same document object.

For every record, API function is called and returned result will be added to one final XML string.

#### 3.3.2 Writing a File

In this step, XML string is passed along with file name, file path, file content and file extension to API function **fileWrite()** which writes the given file content in XML format at a desired path.

The below is the example of groovy script for XML format.



### 3.3.3 XML Example

An example of a script converted in xml format is listed below:

- **Script:** ZZGRXML
- **Script Type:** Plug-In Script
- **Script Engine Version:** Groovy

The screenshot shows the 'Script' configuration page for 'ZZGRXML'. The 'DESCRIPTION' field contains 'XML Conversion write in file'. The 'DETAILED DESCRIPTION' field is empty. The 'SCRIPT TYPE' is 'Plug-In Script', 'ALGORITHM ENTITY' is 'Business Object - Post-Pi', 'BUSINESS OBJECT' is 'C1-BILLCHARGE', and 'SCRIPT ENGINE VERSION' is 'Groovy'. There are buttons for 'View Script Supersclass' and 'View Script As Text'.

Figure 68: Script Example

**Steps:** It has only one Step Type: 'Groovy Members'

The screenshot shows the 'Script - Step' configuration page for 'ZZGRXML'. The 'STEP SEQUENCE' is '10' and the 'STEP TYPE' is 'Groovy Members'. The 'EDIT DATA TEXT' field contains the following Groovy code:

```
public void invoke(){
    com.splwg.ccb.domain.dataManagement.fileRequest.batch.CommonUtil
commonUtil
com.splwg.ccb.domain.dataManagement.fileRequest.batch.CommonUtil.Factory
ry.newInstance();
    //Set up the DOM document.

    org.w3c.dom.Document doc
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.createNewDomDocument();
    org.w3c.dom.Element root = doc.createElement("C1-BillRout");
```

Figure 69: Script - Step

- **Step Sequence:** 10. This value can be any unique integer value.
- **Step Type:** Groovy Members
- **Edit Data Text:** A sample code is listed below:

```
public void invoke(){
    com.splwg.ccb.domain.dataManagement.fileRequest.batch.CommonUtil
commonUtil
com.splwg.ccb.domain.dataManagement.fileRequest.batch.CommonUtil.Factory
ry.newInstance();
    //Set up the DOM document.

    org.w3c.dom.Document doc
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.createNewDomDocument();
    org.w3c.dom.Element root = doc.createElement("C1-BillRout");
```

```

doc.appendChild(root);

    org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement          =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root, "action");
    itemElement.setTextContent("r");

                                org.w3c.dom.Element          itemElement2          =
com.splwg.base.support.scripting.XMLUtils.addElement(root, "billId");
    itemElement2.setTextContent("917929526193");
    String xmlString = "";
    try {
        xmlString = commonUtil.getXMLRecord(doc);
    } catch (Exception e) {
    }

    String outputPath = "D:/spl/C1";
    String outputFileName = "output";
    String fileContent = xmlString;
    String fileExtension = "xml";

    commonUtil.fileWrite(outputPath,          outputFileName,
fileContent, fileExtension);
}

```

When the script is trigger by any means, it will convert the document object to xml string and write it in output.xml file.



**Figure 70: Output**

## 3.4 JSON Generation

The pre-requisite for the Wrapper API is Map Object. JSON record generation is a two-step process:

- Conversion in JSON
- Writing a File

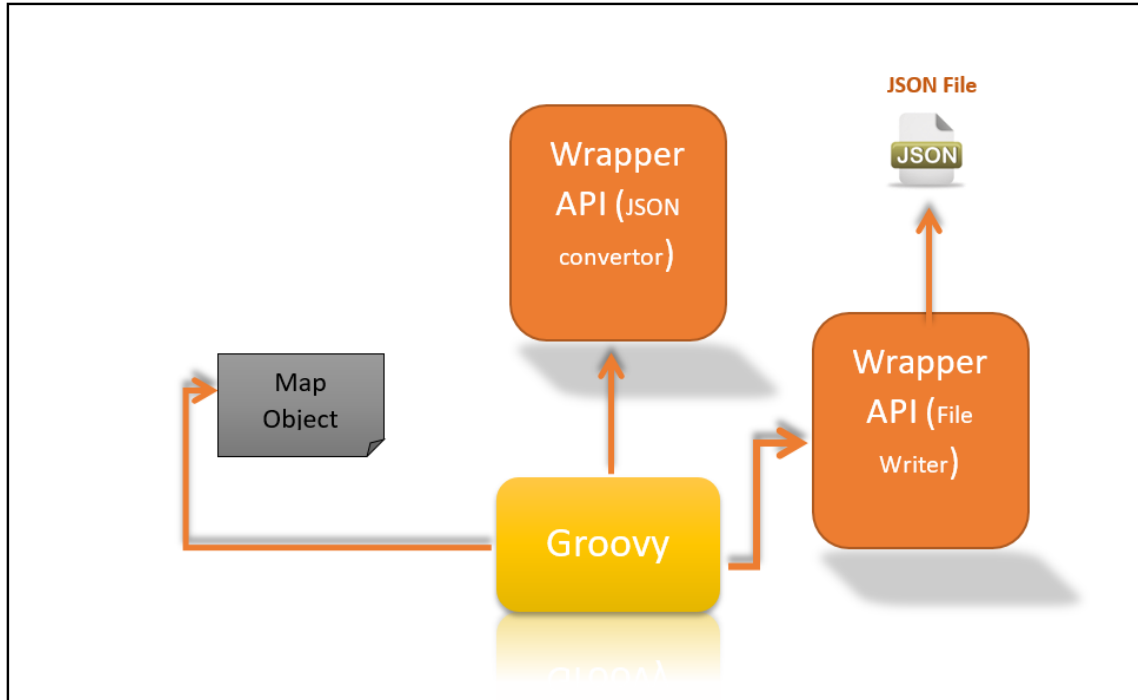


Figure 71: JSON Creation Process

### 3.4.1 Conversion in JSON

A wrapper API 'getJSONRecord()' receives 'Map' object as an input. The Map object maintains key value pair such as field and its respective value. The API function will process the Map object and return generated CSV content as string for the same Map object.

For every record, API function is called and returned result will be added to one final JSON string.

### 3.4.2 Writing a File

In this step, the final JSON string is passed along with file name, file path, file content and file extension to API function **fileWrite()** which writes the given file content to specific file at a desired path.

The below is the example of groovy script for JSON generation.

### 3.4.3 JSON Example

An example of a script converted in JSON format is listed below:

- **Script:** ZZGRJSON
- **Script Type:** Plug-In Script
- **Script Engine Version:** Groovy

The screenshot shows the 'Script' configuration page. At the top, there are navigation buttons: 'Bookmark', 'Previous Item', 'Next Item', 'Duplicate', 'Delete', 'Clear', 'Save', and 'Refresh'. Below this, there are tabs for 'Main' and 'Step'. The main content area includes a search bar for the script name 'ZZGRJJSON', a description field containing 'XML conversion and write in file', and a detailed description field. The script type is set to 'Plug-in Script', the algorithm entity is 'Business Object - Post-Pi', the business object is 'C1-BILLCHARGE', and the script engine version is 'Groovy'. There are also links for 'View Script Superclass' and 'View Script As Text'.

Figure 72: JSON Example

**Steps:** It has only one Step Type: 'Groovy Members'.

The screenshot shows the 'Script - Step' configuration page. It includes navigation buttons at the top and tabs for 'Main' and 'Step'. The search bar shows 'ZZGRJJSON' and the description 'XML conversion and write in file'. There are buttons for 'Renumber', 'View Script Superclass', and 'View Script As Text'. The 'STEPS' section shows 'ALL 2 DISPLAYED' and 'EXPAND ALL' / 'COLLAPSE ALL' options. The step configuration includes a 'STEP SEQUENCE' of '10', a 'STEP TYPE' of 'Groovy Members', and a 'TEXT' field. The 'EDIT DATA TEXT' field contains the following Groovy code:

Figure 73: Script - Step

- **Step Sequence:** 10. This value can be any unique integer value.
- **Step Type:** Groovy Members
- **Edit Data Text:** A sample code is listed below:

```
public void invoke(){
com.splwg.ccb.domain.dataManagement.fileRequest.batch.CommonUtil
commonUtil
com.splwg.ccb.domain.dataManagement.fileRequest.batch.CommonUtil.Factory
ry.newInstance();

    Map fileContentMap = new HashMap<String, String>();
    fileContentMap.put("action", "r");
    fileContentMap.put("billId", "917929526193");

    String jsonString = "";
```

```

try {
    jsonString = commonUtil.getJsonRecord(fileContentMap);
} catch (Exception e) {
}
String outputFilePath = "D:/spl/C1";
String outputFileName = "output";
String fileContent = jsonString;
String fileExtension = ".json";
commonUtil.fileWrite(outputFilePath, outputFileName,
fileContent, fileExtension);
}

```

When the script is triggered by any means, it will convert the Map object to JSON string and write it in output.json file.

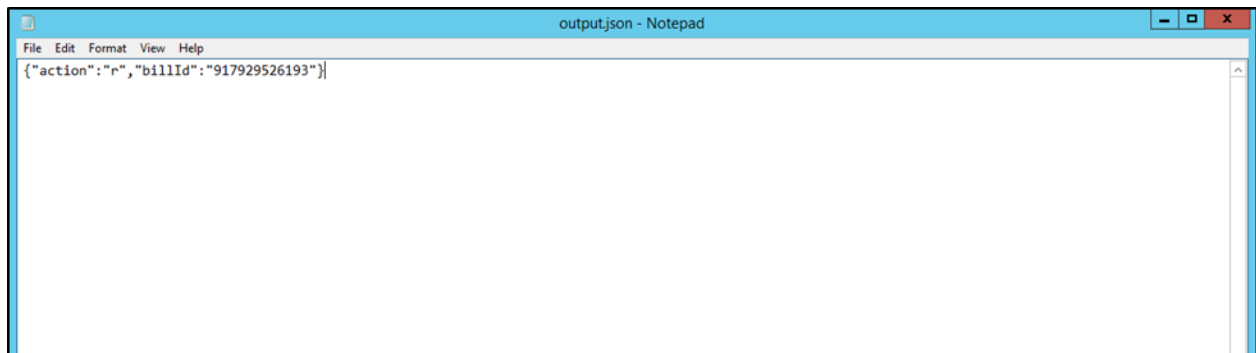


Figure 74: Output

## 3.5 CSV Generation

The pre-requisite for the Wrapper API is List Object. CSV record generation is a two-step process:

- Conversion in CSV
- Writing a File

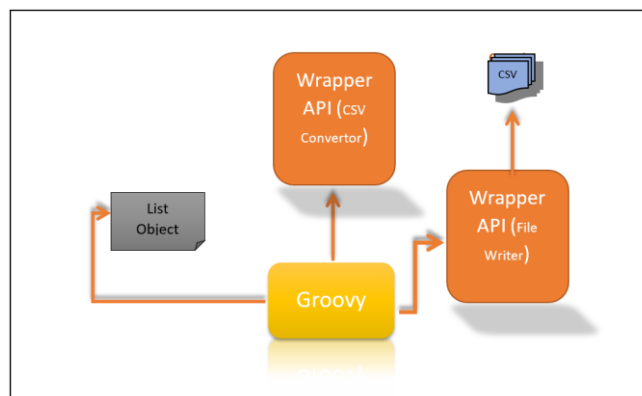


Figure 75: CSV Generation

### 3.5.1 Conversion in CSV

A wrapper API 'getCSVRecord()' receives 'List Object' as an input. The List object maintains all the values required in CSV record. The API function will process the List object and return generated CSV content as string for the same List object.

For every record, API function is called and returned result will be added to one final CSV string.

### 3.5.2 Writing a File

In this step, the final CSV string is passed along with file name, file path, file content and file extension to API function **fileWrite()**, which writes the given file content to specific file at a desired path.

The below is the example of groovy script for CSV generation.

### 3.5.3 CSV Example

An example of a script converted in CSV format is listed below:

- **Script:** ZZGRCSV
- **Script Type:** Plug-In Script
- **Script Engine Version:** Groovy

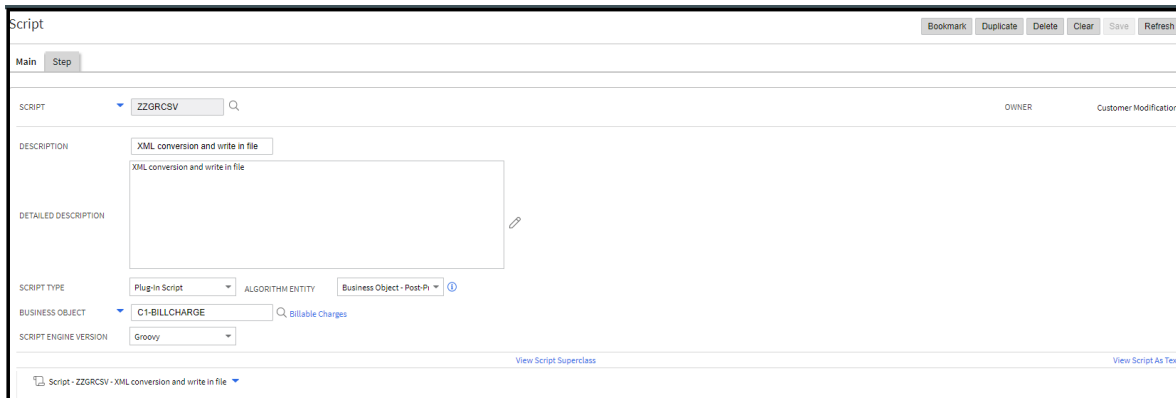


Figure 76: CSV Example

**Steps:** It has only one Step Type: 'Groovy Members'

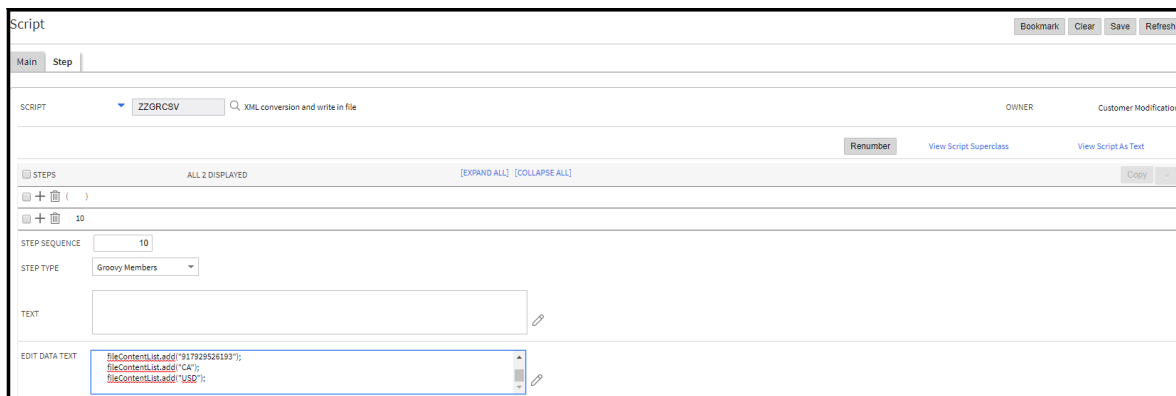


Figure 77: Script - Step

- **Step Sequence:** 10. This value can be any unique integer value.
- **Step Type:** Groovy Members
- **Edit Data Text:** A sample code is listed below:

```
public void invoke(){

com.splwg.ccb.domain.dataManagement.fileRequest.batch.CommonUtil
commonUtil
com.splwg.ccb.domain.dataManagement.fileRequest.batch.CommonUtil.Facto
ry.newInstance();

    List fileContentList = new ArrayList<String>();
    fileContentList.add("r");
    fileContentList.add("917929526193");
    fileContentList.add("CA");
    fileContentList.add("USD");

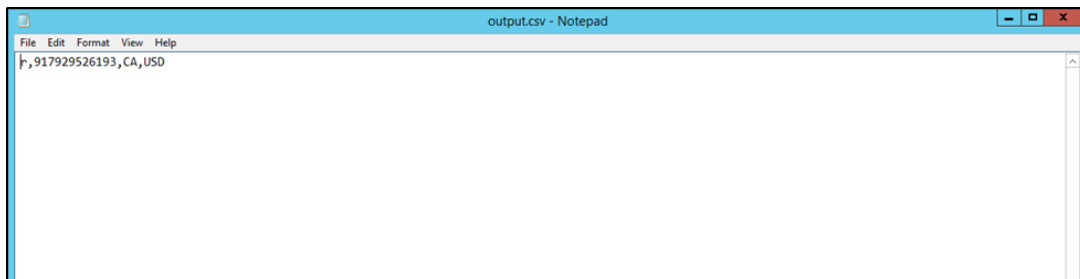
    String csvString = "";
    try {
        csvString = commonUtil.getCSVRecord(fileContentList);
    } catch (Exception e) {
    }

        String outputFilePath = "D:/spl/C1";
    String outputFileName = "output";
    String fileContent = csvString;
    String fileExtension = "csv";

    commonUtil.fileWrite(outputFilePath, outputFileName,
fileContent, fileExtension);

}
```

When the script is triggered by any means, it will convert the above List object mentioned in script to CSV string and write it in `output.csv` file.



**Figure 78: Output**