Oracle® Communications EAGLE Application Processor

Upgrade/Installation Guide

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Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor Upgrade/Installation Guide, Release 17.0

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Acronyms

This section provides an alphabetized list of acronyms used in the document.

Table 1. Acronyms

AS	Application Server			
E5-APP-B	E5 Based Application Card			
OCEPAP	Oracle Communication EAGLE Provisioning Application Processor			
GA	General Availability			
IPM	Initial Product Manufacture			
LA	imited Availability			
MPS	Multi-Purpose Server			
MOS	My Oracle Support			
OSDC	Oracle Software Delivery Cloud			
SM	Service Module			
TPD	Tekelec Platform Distribution			

What's New in this Guide

This section introduces the documentation updates for Release 17.0 in Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor Upgrade/Installation Guide.

Release 17.0 - F73806-21, October 2025

Updated command in step 13 in the Switch Configuration procedure.

Release 17.0 – F73806-20, September 2025

MySQL Command updates have been made in the following sections:

- Procedure 24, step 18
- Procedure 25, step 34
- Procedure A.27, step 3
- Procedure A.31, step 4
- Procedure A.33, step 4
- Procedure A.51, step 8

Release 17.0 – F73806-19, August 2025

- Added steps to run PDB Restore_Monitor.h script in step 4 in <u>Procedure A.33.</u>
- Added EPAP versions 17.0.0.5.0 and beyond as the latest supported versions for PV tool in step 4 in <u>Procedure A.33.</u>
- Added EPAP version 17.0.0.4.0 as the last supported version to run PDB Restore_Monitor.h script in step 4 in Procedure A.33.
- Removed all information related to fresh installation of Eagle Query Server from this document.

Release 17.0 – F73806-18, May 2025

Updated the reference to Procedure 21 to Reload Eagle Card in the <u>Full Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP</u> with or without live provisioning section.

Release 17.0 – F73806-17, April 2025

- Updated the cross-references to the procedures "Configure Server 1B" and "Install Servers" in the <u>Installation</u> Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP section.
- Updated the section Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without live provisioning.
- Updated steps 3 to 7 in <u>Procedure 15</u>.
- Updated steps 5 and 7 in Appendix A.11 RTDB Reload from PDBA.
- Added a note to mention that this procedure is need not to be implemented if migrating from 17.0.0.x in Procedure A.31.

- Updated step 2 in <u>Procedure A.33</u>.
- Updated the steps in Procedure A.51.
- Updated step 2 in <u>Procedure A.52</u> and added the note to mention that this procedure is only applicable if upgrading from EPAP 17.0.0.x to 17.0.0.6 via migration.
- Added the notes in <u>Procedure A.51</u> to mention this procedure is only applicable if upgrading from EPAP 17.0.0.x to 17.0.0.6 via migration and The EPAP GUI will not be accessible after this procedure.

Release 17.0 - F73806-16, February 2025

- Added the procedures <u>A.51 MySQL RPM Upgrade Procedure</u> and <u>A.52 Post MySQL RPM upgrade PDB</u> Restore Procedure.
- Moved the step to save the EPAP 16.3/16.4 additional configurations before the step to perform the preupgrade backup in the following sections:
 - Section 3.1.3 Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without Live Provisioning
 - Section 3.1.6 Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with Live Provisioning
 - Section 3.1.7 Full Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB without Live Provisioning
 - Section 3.1.8 Full Upgrade Phases for Dual PDBonly with Live Provisioning
- Added step 2 in <u>Procedure A. 33</u> to add information about performing Procedure A.52 to restore the PDB database.
- Updated step 3 in <u>Procedure 15</u> to add information about performing Procedure A.51 to back up the PDB database.

Release 17.0 – F73806-15, January 2025

- Updated the commands in step 16 in Dual Image Upgrade Procedure.
- Added a note in step 6 in <u>Dual Image Upgrade Procedure</u> to verify if all the services have stopped or are not using the command systemctl status <service name>.

Release 17.0 – F73806-14, January 2025

- The following updates are made in the <u>Dual Image Upgrade Procedure</u>: Updated steps 5, 10, and 17.
- Removed step 20 to accept/reject the DIU upgrade.
- Removed the note, previously added at the end of the Dual Image Upgrade procedure, about reverting back the space taken during DIU

Release 17.0 - F73806-13, November 2024

- Added the note "DIU upgrade is not yet supported in EPAP" in <u>Dual Image Upgrade Phases</u> section.
- Removed the procedure Updating the wait_timeout value in my.cnf.
- Removed the references to the procedure <u>Updating the wait timeout value in my.cnf</u>. from Tables 9, 11, 12, 13.
- Added note 12 in the <u>Recommendations</u> section to notify the users to copy the commands in a text editor to verify their format before running them in the CLI.

Release 17.0 - F73806-12, October 2024

- Removed the steps to run PDB Restore_Monitor.h script in step 3 in <u>Procedure A.33</u> as PV tool has been added.
- Added the chapter Dual Image Upgrade Phases to provide information about the various dual image upgrade
 phases and their estimated duration, and the procedure to be performed in every phase.
- Added the Dual Image Upgrade Procedure to list the steps to perform the dual image upgrade.

Release 17.0 - F73806-11, October 2024

Added the procedure Updating the wait timeout value in my.cnf.

Release 17.0 – F73806-10, September 2024

Updated the image of Cisco Switch in step 15 in Cisco Switch Configuration procedure.

Release 17.0 - F73806-09, July 2024

Updated the note in the <u>Purpose and Scope</u> section to provide information about the need to provision LSBLSET only after upgrading the whole network with EPAP 17.0.

Release 17.0 - F73806-08, July 2024

Added steps to clear the replication logs and exchange keys while connecting the local and remote pdba in case of dual mixed server in the Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without live provisioning section.

Release 17.0 – F73806-07, June 2024

- Updated the description of the activity in the <u>Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without live provisioning</u> and <u>Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning</u> sections.
- Added step 2 in the **Run RTDB Converter** procedure.
- Added reference to procedure 21 in step 4 in the Run RTDB Converter procedure.
- Updated the command in step 8 in the Change DB Architecture procedure.

Release 17.0 - F73806-06, March 2024

Updated the following procedures:

- Replaced [root@Salta-A \sim]# with [epapdev@Salta-A \sim]# in step 18 in procedures 7 and 8.
- Removed the sudo systemctl restart httpd command from the step 20 in procedures 7 and 8.
- Updated the following tables with the information to configure the switches:
 - Table 9: Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without live provisioning
 - Table 10: Full Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live provisioning
 - Table 11: Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning

- Updated the General Description section.
- Updated the note about the usage of systemctl start/stop <service name> in the <u>Purpose and Scope</u> section.
- Updated the <u>Upgrading Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs</u> section.
- Restructured the <u>Upgrade Overview</u> section.
- Updated the <u>Upgrade Provisioning Rules</u> section.
- Updated step 9 in Appendix 13.
- Added the procedure for <u>Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed EPAP without live provisioning</u>.

Release 17.0 - F73806-05, January 2024

Updated the following procedures:

- Procedure 6: Pre-Install configuration on server B
- Procedure 7: Install Application on server B
- Procedure 8: Install Application on server A
- Procedure 9: Switch Configuration

Release 17.0 - F73806, December 2023

Added the procedures for "Telco to Cisco Switch Replacement and Configuration" in Appendix C.

Release 17.0 -F73806-03, May 2023

Updated section 2.1 "Upgrading Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs"

Updated the section "Setting up the Upgrade Environment"

Updated Procedure "Pre Upgrade Backups"

Updated the estimated time of completion from 5 minutes to 900 minutes in procedure "Backout of MPS A and MPS B in Mixed and Non-Proy"

Updated the Procedure Change MySql engine schema

Release 17.0 –F73806-02, March 2023

Updated the section 3.4.1 "Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without live provisioning"

Updated the section 3.4.2 "Full Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live"

Updated the section 3.4.3 "Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning"

Updated Procedure "PDB Restore"

Release 17.0 -F73806-01, March 2023

- The command 'service <service name>' is replaced with 'systemctl <service name>' throughout the document as service <service name> start/stop/status MUST not be used on EPAP 17.0 onwards. Instead "systemctl start/stop/status <service name> should be used.
- The following procedures are added in this guide:
 - o PDB Backup before Upgrade
 - Clear Replication Logs
 - Remove remote PDBA IP
 - Reset RTDB Homing Policy to remote PDBA
 - Change MySQL Engine Schema
 - o Post upgrade EuiDB database restore
 - Post upgrade PDB database restore
 - o Add Remote PDBA IP Address
 - o Keys exchange between Active PDB and Standby PDB
 - o RTDB restore after Upgrade
 - o Resolve the false accept upgrade alarm situation
 - o RTDB Homing Policy to self PDBA
 - o Backout of MPS A and MPS B in Mixed and Non-Prov
 - o Backout of PDBonly site
- Replaced section 3.4 **Split mirror Upgrade phases** with **Full Upgrade Phases**
- Removed Procedure Conversion from Prov(Mixed EPAP) to Non-Prov.
- Key exchange command is updated with additional key parameters to specify rsa keys in Procedure **Keys** exchange between active PDB and standby PDB.
- Steps related to 'Reject Upgrade" are updated with a note throughout the document.
- Updated the screenshot for **TPD Boot Screen** in step 9 of Procedure **IPM MPS Server with TPD 8.6.0.**
- Updated the screenshot of **Upgrade Menu** in step 6 of Procedure **Install the Application on Server B.**
- Updated Procedure **Pre-Upgrade Backups** to add a note at step 4 regarding PDB backup from upgraded Provisioning site.
- Updated Procedure **PDB Restore** so that customer can use manual backup from GUI as well.
- Updated Procedure Post upgrade PDB database restore to add a note regarding restoring PDB.
- Table 9 Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP and Table 10 Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning have been updated.
- A Warning has been added where **epapconfig** is mentioned in the document.
- Replaced TPD 7.6.2 With TPD 8.6.0 in Procedure IPM MPS Server with TPD 8.6.0.
- Updated Procedure Configuring the Application to add a note at step 37 regarding rebooting the PDBA software
- Updated Procedure **Configuring the Application** to correct the process to accept upgrade at step 38 amd modify the output of command at step 25.
- Updated Procedure **Perform System Health Check** to modify the output of commands at step 7 and step 8.
- Updated section **Full upgrade Phases for Dual PDBonly with live provisioning** with a note regarding upgrade of Non-Upgraded PDBA site.
- Update Procedure **Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB** to exchange the snapshots of step 18 and step 23.
- Updated section Full Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live provisioning to correct the sequence of steps in the table.
- Updated Procedure **Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB** to modify the output at step 16.
- Updated Procedure **Run RTDB Converter** to add a note at step 2 regarding the servers required to run the converter.
- Updated section **Full upgrade Phases for Dual PDBonly with live provisioning** to add a note regarding extreme DB before exchange of keys between Active and Standby PDB.
- Updated upgrade procedures of section **Full Upgrade Phases** to add a step that asks users to again configure EMS/HTTP/AutoBackup after EuiDB Restore.
- Updated Procedure Clear replication logs with a note regarding the halt of provisioning activity at step 1.

- Updated Procedure **Remove remote PDBA IP** with a note regarding the halt of provisioning activity at step 1.
- Updated Procedure **Reset RTDB Homing Policy to remote PDBA** with a note regarding change of RTDB homing.
- Updated sub-sections of **Full-Upgrade Phases** section with a note regarding migration to EPAP 17.0.

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1 INTRODUCTION

Purpose and Scope

This document describes methods utilized and procedures executed to perform the following tasks:

- a. An initial installation of the EPAP 17.0.0 application software if it is not currently installed on an inservice E5-APP-B system running a release of TPD 8.X
- b. A Full upgrade on an in-service E5-APP-B system running an EPAP Release 16.3.x/16.4.x
- c. A dual image upgrade upgrade on an in-service E5-APP-B system running an EPAP Release 17.0.x

The audience for this document consists of Oracle customers and the following groups: Software System, Product Verification, Documentation, and Customer Service including Software Operations and NPI. This document provides step-by-step instructions to execute any MPS upgrade or installation using an ISO image.

This document does not address requirements relating to the interaction, if any, between EAGLE and MPS upgrade. This document does not address feature activation.

Note:

- service <service name> start/stop should not be used on EPAP 17.0 onwards. Instead, systemctl start/stop <service name> should be used.
- EPAP 16.4 introduced a new parameter LSBLSET in the DN table. EPAP releases prior to 16.4 do not have LSBSSET in their DN table. Customers who use LSBLSET in their provisioning and upgrading their EPAP network from EPAP 16.3 to a higher release (16.4/17.0) need to make sure they provision LSBLSET ONLY after they have upgraded the whole network with EPAP 17.0. When customers have DUAL PDBA (DUAL Mixed-EPAP or DUAL PDBonly), after upgrading one site from 16.3 to EPAP 17.0, that upgraded site should not be made Active if the customer uses LSBLSET in their provisioning. If EPAP 17.0 Active PDB site upgrades a DN with LSBLSET parameter, the EPAP 16.3 EPAPs will reject that update as they do not have LSBLSET parameter in their DB. Further provisioning at the Standby PDBA and Non-PROVS will be barred once one upgrade fails to replicate to Standby PDBA or Non-PROVs.

References

1.1.1 External

[1] EAGLE Application Processor (EPAP) Administration Guide, E54368-01, latest revision, Oracle

1.1.2 Internal (Oracle)

The following are references internal to Oracle. They are provided here to capture the source material used to create this document. Internal references are only available to Oracle's personnel.

- [1] TEKELEC Acronym Guide, MS005077, revision 2.35, September 2005.
- [2] Software Upgrade Procedure Template, TM005074, Current Version
- [3] Integrating MPS into the Customer Network, TR005014, version 3.1, October 2009
- [4] TPD Initial Product Manufacture TPD 8.6, Latest revision
- [5] PFS EPAP 17.0, Latest revision
- [6] EPAP Administration Manual for EPAP 17.0, Latest version
- [7] EPAP Linkset Based Blocklisting, CGBU 042015

Software Release Numbering

Refer to Engineering Release Notes or other appropriate document with the most recent build numbers in order to identify the proper components (software loads, GPLs, etc.) that comprise the product's software release.

Terminology

Multiple servers may be involved with the procedures in this manual. Therefore, most steps in the written procedures begin with the name or type of server to which the step applies. For example:

Each step has a checkbox for every command within the step that the technician should check to keep track of the progress of the procedure.

The title box describes the operations to be performed during that step.

Each command that the technician is to enter is in 9 point Lucida Console font

1	MPS A: Verify all	Materials are listed in Material List (Section 0)
Ш	materials	
	required are	
	present	

Figure 1: Example of a step that indicates the Server on which it needs to be executed

Other terminology follows.

Table 2. Terminology

Backout (abort) The process to take a system back to a Source Release prior to completion of upgrade to Target release. Includes preservation databases and system configuration. Mixed EPAP An EPAP where both PDB and RTDB databases reside. Non-provisionable (Non-provisionable (Non-prov) EPAP An EPAP server hosting a Real Time DB without any provisioning interfaces to external provisioning applications. Non-Prov serve	g rs are
databases and system configuration. Mixed EPAP An EPAP where both PDB and RTDB databases reside. Non-provisionable (Non-prov) EPAP An EPAP server hosting a Real Time DB without any provisioning applications. Non-Prov serve	g rs are
Mixed EPAP An EPAP where both PDB and RTDB databases reside. Non-provisionable (Non-prov) EPAP An EPAP where both PDB and RTDB databases reside. An EPAP server hosting a Real Time DB without any provisioning applications. Non-Prov serve	rs are
Non-provisionable (Non-prov) EPAP An EPAP server hosting a Real Time DB without any provisioning interfaces to external provisioning applications. Non-Prov serve	rs are
prov) EPAP interfaces to external provisioning applications. Non-Prov serve	rs are
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	nlv) from
connected to a pair of Provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP or PDBo	,,
where they get their updates.	
Provisionable EPAP An EPAP server hosting PDB with provisioning interfaces to AS. I	Both
Mixed EPAP and Standalone PDB are Provisionable EPAP.	
Source release Software release to upgrade from.	
Split Mirror Systems that use software RAID instead of hardware RAID can u	se the
software RAID mirrors as a backout mechanism.	
Conceptually in a software RAID1 with two disks there are two s	ides to
the mirror; let them be side A and side B. For a system with mul	tiple
software RAID devices, each device will have an A side and a B s	
an upgrade with a BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR the upgrade	
the mirrors at the beginning of the upgrade and perform the up	-
the Asides of the mirrors. The other sides of the mirrors (B sides)	-
intact in their pre-upgrade state throughout the duration of the	upgrade.
When a backout is performed the system is rebooted into the sa	ame
'backout environment'. Inside this 'backout environment' the R	AID
mirrors are rebuilt from the <i>B sides</i> of the arrays, thus restoring	the
system to the pre-upgrade state	
Standalone PDB Also known as 'PDB Only', this type of EPAP shall have PDB data	base only.
No RTDB database shall exist on the standalone PDB site.	
Target releaseSoftware release to upgrade to.	
Upgrade mediaUSB media or ISO image for E5-APP-B.	
Dual Image Upgrade This process upgrades both the Application as well as the TPD vi	ersion on
(DIU) the system together. This provides a faster method to upgrade to	the setup.

Recommendations

This procedure should be followed thoroughly utilizing the steps as written. When planning to run upgrade on the server, contact My Oracle Support at least 48 hours before the upgrade process has been planned to be initiated. In the event any unexpected results are returned while executing steps in this procedure, halt the activity and contact My Oracle Support for assistance.

Read the following notes on procedures:

- While performing the upgrade, do not open the epapconfig menu if it is not mentioned in the
 procedure. Do not run anything in the setup that is not documented in the install/upgrade
 manual.
- 2. Any procedure completion times are estimates. Times may vary due to differences in database size, user experience, and user preparation.
- 3. The shaded area within response steps must be verified in order to successfully complete that step.
- 4. Output displayed in the procedures' response steps is presented. Actual output varies depending on system. Output is presented for reference only.
- 5. Where possible, command response outputs are shown as accurately as possible. However, exceptions may include the following:
 - Information such as time and date.
 - ANY information marked with "XXXX." Where appropriate, instructions are provided to determine what output should be expected in place of "XXXX."
- 6. After completing each step and at each point where data is recorded from the screen, the technician performing the procedure must check each step. A checkbox has been provided beneath each step number for this purpose.
- 7. Captured data is required for future support reference if My Oracle Support is not present during the execution of procedures.
- 8. In procedures that require a command to be executed on a specific MPS, the command is prefaced with MPS A: or MPS B:
- 9. User Interface menu items displayed in this document were correct at the time the document was published but may appear differently at time that this procedure is executed.
- 10. During DIU (Dual Image Upgrade), do not open the GUI or start the software explicitly.
- 11. Do not provision data during the DIU process as it might lead to data loss.
- 12. Copy the commands in a text editor to verify their format before running them in the CLI rather than pasting them directly from the document to the CLI.

Requirements

- Screen logging is required throughout the procedure. These logs should be made available to My Oracle Support in the event their assistance is needed.
- Target-release USB media or ISO image

2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

This document defines the step-by-step actions performed to execute a software upgrade of an inservice MPS running the EPAP application from the source release to the target release on **E5-APP-B-01/02**.

For the EPAP application, some steps in this procedure refer to the PDB application feature on the MPS A of the

MPS pair. The EPAP application makes it optional for a newly installed MPS A node to be configured as a Provisioning (PDB) node (upgrades of MPS A nodes already configured as a provisioning node does not change this configuration).

Note: Refer to Media and Documentation section of Release Notes 17.0 for correct TPD and EPAP Release

The EPAP upgrade paths are shown in the figures below. The general timeline for all processes to perform a software incremental upgrade, from pre-upgrade backups to a final system health check, is also included below.

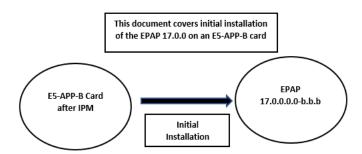


Figure 2: Initial Application Installation Path

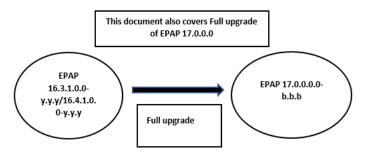


Figure 3: Full upgrade Path - EPAP 17.0.0.0.0-b.b.b

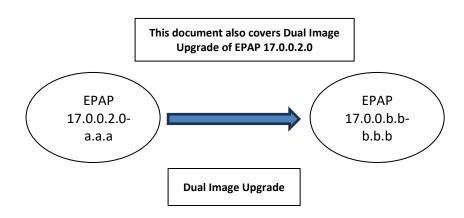


Figure 4: Dual Image Upgrade Path - EPAP 17.0.0.0.0-b.b.b

Upgrading Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs

Current deployments of the EPAP support two geographically separated EPAP systems that are "mated", meaning they communicate and replicate PDB information between the two sites. An EPAP system is a pair of MPS servers (an **A** and a **B** node). Hence, a mated pair of EPAP systems consists of four MPS servers, an **A** and a **B** node for each EPAP system (see Figure 4: EPAP Mated Pairs). EPAP allows more than two EPAP systems in a related configuration (up to 22 Non-Provision able MPS servers).

This document describes upgrade (and, if necessary, backout) of the EPAP software on one system, that system consisting of two MPS servers (A and B).

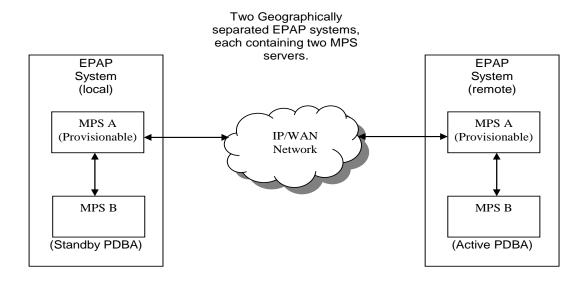


Figure 4: EPAP Mated Pairs

Upgrade of provisionable EPAP(mixed-EPAP) mated pairs must be carried out in the following order:

- 1. Ensure PDB databases are at the same level. Make ensure that all PDB databases are in sync before proceeding.
- 2. Local MPS-B
- 3. Local MPS-A (Standby PDBA)
- 4. Remote MPS-B
- 5. Remote MPS-A (Active PDBA)

NOTE: Since the PDBA software is not running immediately after an upgrade, the syscheck utility will alarm the fact that the PDBA is not running on the local and remote EPAP A-servers.

Backout Provisionable mixed EPAP Mated Pairs

Backout of Provisionable EPAP (mixed-EPAP) Mated Pairs should be done in the reverse order that the upgrade was performed:

- 1. Identify a PDB backup that was made prior to upgrade, on the EPAP release that backout will target. Note that backout always carries the risk of losing data, should a restore from database backup become necessary.
- 2. Remote MPS-A (Active PDBA)
- 3. Remote MPS-B
- 4. Local MPS-A (Standby PDBA)
- 5. Local MPS-B

On a backout of an upgrade, the server will remain in runlevel 3 (no applications running). The user will be required to manually reboot the server to bring it back into service and a syscheck can be performed.

Upgrading EPAP Non-Provisionable MPS Servers

EPAP Non-Provisional MPS pairs can connect to: Mixed EPAP or Standalone PDB.

2.1.1 Upgrading Non-Provisional MPS pairs in Mixed EPAP configuration

EPAP provides the ability to expand the concept of a mated pair of EPAP systems to have up to 24 EPAP systems (48 MPS servers total) configured such that two of the MPS-A servers will run the PDBA software and RTDB software both and handle provisioning (Provisionable nodes) and the other 22 MPS-B and 22 MPS-A servers will only run the RTDB software, taking their updates from the two Provisionable (mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) MPS-A servers.

An example showing 4 EPAP systems, two of which are provisioning nodes.

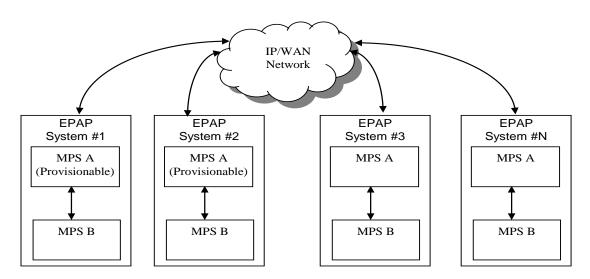


Figure 5: EPAP Mated Pairs with Non-Provisioning MPS Servers

In such a configuration, it is required that the EPAP system containing the provisionable MPS servers are upgraded first, before any EPAP system containing the non-provisionable MPS servers are upgraded. Upgrade of such configuration must be carried out in the following order:

Mixed EPAP (with standby PDBA)

1. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)

2. Mixed EPAP (MPS A

Mixed EPAP (with active PDBA)

- 3. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)
- 4. Mixed EPAP (MPS A)

Non-provisionable EPAPs (All Non-Provs)

- 5. Non-Provisionable (MPS B)
- 6. Non-Provisionable (MPS A)

2.1.2 Upgrading Non-Provisional MPS pairs in dual PDBonly configuration

EPAP provides the ability to separate the RTDB from PDB to create two architectures: Standalone PDB running PDB process only and Non-Provisionable running RTDB only. Up to 22 Non-Provisional EPAP mated pairs are connected to 2 Standalone PDB that are configured as Active/Standby. In such a configuration, it is required that the Prov servers must be upgraded first followed by the Non-Provs and should be carried out in the following order:

- 1. Standby PDBonly
- 2. Active PDBonly
- 3. Non-Prov (MPS B)
- 4. Non-Prov (MPS A)

Backout EPAP Non-provisionable MPS servers

EPAP Non-Provisional MPS pairs can connect to: Mixed EPAP or Standalone PDB.

2.1.3 Backout Non-Provisionable MPS pairs in dual PDBonly configuration

Backout of Non-Provisionable MPS pairs in Standalone configuration should be done in the reverse order that the upgrade was performed. Please follow the below mentioned steps for backout:

- 1. Non-Provisionable (MPS A)
- 2. Non-Provisionable (MPS B)
- 3. Standby PDBonly
- 4. Active PDBonly

On a backout of an upgrade, the server will remain in runlevel 3 (no applications running). The user will be required to manually reboot the server to bring it back into service and a syscheck can be performed.

2.1.4 Backout Non-Provisionable MPS pairs in mixed EPAP configuration

Backout of EPAP Non-provisionable MPS pairs in mixed EPAP configuration should be done in the reverse order that the upgrade was performed:

Non-provisionable EPAP

- 1. Non-Provisionable (MPS A)
- 2. Non-Provisionable (MPS B)

Mixed EPAP (with Standby PDBA)

- 3. Mixed EPAP (MPS A)
- 4. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)

Mixed EPAP (with Active PDBA)

- 5. Mixed EPAP (MPS A)
- 6. Mixed EPAP (MPS B)

3 UPGRADE OVERVIEW

Upgrade Provisioning Rules

Provisionable Dual Mixed EPAP and dual PDBonly EPAPs can be upgraded with both live provisioning ON or Off,please refer <u>section 3.1.6</u> and <u>section 3.1.8</u>.

Provisionable Single Mixed and Single PDBonly EPAPs can be upgraded with live provisioning OFF only, please refer section 3.1.3 and section 3.1.7.

Non-Provisionable EPAPs can be upgraded with both live provisioning ON or OFF, please refere <u>section</u> 3.1.5.

The PDBA software remains stopped on the server which is being upgraded even after upgrade is done until asked to start the software as mentioned in the upgrade procedures.

Note: It is very important that any Legacy UpdateAny legacy update must be accepted before proceeding for Dual Image Upgrade.

Following table describes the typical time required to upgrade to EPAP release 17.0. The data represents what was observed in the lab test. The timing required in actual upgrade might vary. The data is provided to gauge the approximate time required for the upgrade and prepare for proper maintenance window.

Note:

All Non-PROVs can be upgraded within normal maintenance window of 6-8 hours. PROV EPAPS (Mixed-EPPA/No-PROVS) might need extended time based on the amount of data. Customers who have DUAL PROV sites (Mixed-EPAP/PDB only EPAP) can upgrade with Live provisioning ON.

Table 3: Upgrade time for EPAP 17.0 PROV EPAP - Mixed EPAP (Compact DB)/ PDBonly(eXtreme DB)

DB	DN Count	IMSI Count	IMEI Count	Backup time	Restore	Overall
Architecture					Time	upgrade
						time
						(Backup
						Time + Full
						Upgrade
						Time +
						Restore
						Time)
Compact	40M	0	0	3 minutes	30 minutes	4 hours
Compact	80M	0	0	6 minutes	1 hour	5 hours
Compact	120M	0	0	12 minutes	2 hour 45	7 hours
					minutes	

Compact	160M	0	0	15 minutes	4 hours and 30 minutes	8 hours
Compact	200M	0	0	25 minutes	6 hours 20 minutes	10 hours
Compact	240M	0	0	30 minutes	8 hours	12 hours
Compact	240M	240M	48M	27 minutes	7 hours	12 hours
eXtreme	240M	0	0	30 minutes	8 hours	12 hours
eXtreme	300M	0	0	35 minutes	11 hours	15 hours
eXtreme	360M	0	0	40 minutes	11 hours 50 minutes	17 hours
eXtreme	0	240M	0	15 minutes	30 minutes	7 hours
eXtreme	480M	555M	45M	26 minutes	6.5 Hrs	11 hours
eXtreme	420M	300M	180M	45 minutes	13.5 Hr	17 hours
eXtreme	480M	555M	45M	55 Minutes	13 Hours	17 hours

Table 4: Upgrade time for EPAP 17.0 Non-PROV EPAP

DB	DN Count	IMSI Count	IMEI Count	Backup time	Restore	Overall
Architecture					Time	upgrade
						time
Compact	240M DN	240M	48M	30 Minutes	42 minutes	5 hours
eXtreme	0	240M	0	15 minutes	30 minutes	5 hours
eXtreme	480M	555M	45M	1 hour 18	2 hours	8 hours
				minutes		

Required Materials

- For Mixed EPAP or Non-Provisional EPAP: Two (2) target-release USB media (Greater than 2GB of size) or a target-release ISO file. For Standalone PDB: One (1) target-release USB media(Greater than 2GB of size) or a target-release ISO file
- A terminal and null modem cable to establish a serial connection.
- Write down the system configuration information.

Description	Information
PROVISIONABLE (Yes/No)	
PDBA state (Active/Standby)	
Provisioning IP (IPv4)	
Provisioning Mask (IPv4)	

Provisioning Default Router IP (IPv4)	
Provisioning IP (IPv6)	
Provisioning Netmask (IPv6)	
Provisioning Default Router IP (IPv6)	
NTP1 IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
NTP2 IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
NTP3 IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
Local VIP	
Remote VIP	
Local PDBA IP (IPv4)	
Local PDBA IP (IPv6)	
Remote PDBA IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
Remote PDBA B IP (IPv4/IPv6)	
RTDB Homing	
Time Zone	
PDBA Proxy Feature	
Others	

Table 5: System Configuration Information

• Passwords for users on the local system:

EPAP USERS						
login	MPS A password	MPS B password				
epapconfig						
epapdev						
(needed for backout						
only)						
root						
epapall						
(needed for GUI						
access)						
admusr						

Table 6: User Password Table

Installation Phases

The following table illustrates the progression of the installation process by procedure with estimated times. The estimated times and the phases that must be completed may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The phases outlined in Table 7 and Table 8 are to be executed in the order they are listed.

3.1.1 Installation Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS Servers.	Procedure 1
Verify install	5	20	Verify this should be an install.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for install are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-install health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify that all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Configure Server 1A	5	45	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Configure Server 1B	5	50	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 6
Install Servers	30	80	Install software on sides 1A and 1B	Procedure 7 Procedure 8
Configure Switches	30*	110*	Configure the Switches	Procedure 9
Post-install application processing	30	140	Perform first time configuration.	Procedure 11
Post-upgrade health check	5	145	Run the syscheck utility to verify all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
**Configure Auto Backup Note: Skip this step if the EPAP is configured as Non- Provisionable.	5	150	Configure Auto Backup from PDB GUI on Provisionable EPAP's, this backup will also get scheduled on attached Non-Prov sites present on the setup.	Procedure A.25
Check EPAP-EAGLE connectivity speed	20	170	Configure and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting auto-negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex	Procedure A.17

Table 7: Installation Phases for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisional EPAP

Note:

• If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup. Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translogs pruning.

3.1.2 Installation Phases for Standalone PDB

Note: In the procedures below, skip the steps which need to be executed on MPS B, since MPS B is not present in the Standalone PDB configuration".

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS Servers.	Procedure 1
Verify install	5	20	Verify this should be an install.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for install are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-install health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify that all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Configure Server 1A	5	45	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Install Server	30	75	Install software on sides 1A	Procedure 7
Post-install application processing	30	105	Perform first time configuration. Refer to Procedure A.14 to configure the Standalone PDB in segmented network configuration.	Procedure 11
Post-upgrade health check	5	110	Run the syscheck utility to verify all servers are operationally sound.	Procedure 4
**Configure Auto Backup. Note: Perform this step once Non- Provisionable EPAPs are attached to this Standalone PDB	5	115	Configure Auto Backup from PDB GUI on Provisionable EPAP's, this backup will also get scheduled on attached Non-Prov sites present on the setup.	Procedure A.25

Table 8: Installation Phases for Standalone PDB

Full Upgrade Phases

The following table illustrates the progression of the full upgrade process by procedure with estimated times and may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The procedures outlined below are to be executed in the order they are listed.

Note: Before proceeding with the Full Upgrade process, refer to <u>Upgrading Provisionable mixed EPAP</u> <u>Mated Pairs</u> and <u>Upgrading EPAP Non-Provisionable MPS Servers</u> to get the overview of the EPAP setup and upgrade order.

^{*}NOTE: The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

^{**}NOTE: Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning.

3.1.3 Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without live provisioning

Note: Do not add DN and DNBlock with Isblset parameter until all nodes in the network are migrated to EPAP 17.0 successfully.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Full upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Full upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for Full Upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x RTDB and EuiDB Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information in case of backout required	Procedure A.6 Procedure A.7 Procedure A.8
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters	15	70	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Change MySql engine schema	15	85	Change mysql schema from myiasm to innoDB Note: This procedure is not to be performed if migrating from 17.0.0.x.	Procedure A.31
Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x additional configurations	20	105	Save the NTP, EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations, HTTP configurations	Procedure A.40
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15

Phase	Tiı (Mir	osed me iutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	110	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
IPM E5-APP-B Server	45	155	This Procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server	Procedure A.13
			Note: IPM will be performed on both MPS A and B	
Configure Server 1A	5	160	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Configure Server 1B	5	170	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 6
Install Servers	30	200	Install software on sides 1A and 1B	Procedure 7 Procedure 8
Configure Switches	30	230	Configure the Switches	Procedure 9
Post-install application processing	30	260	Perform first time configuration.	Procedure 11
Post upgrade health check	5	265	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
RTDB Conveter	40	305	Run RTDB converter tool from Compact-to-Compact or Extreme-to- Extreme	Procedure 20
			Note : Applicable only in case of full upgrade from EPAP 16.3.1 to 17.0	
Post upgrade EuiDB restore	5	310	Restore EuiDB database	Procedure A.32
Restore PDB Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1/17.0.0.x PDB backup taken before fresh installation	Procedure A.33
Restore RTDB Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x RTDB backup taken before fresh installation	Procedure A.36
Reload RTDB from mate	30	340	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B.	Procedure A.11

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS. Also, QS is not supported in EPAP 17.0 release still Note down the Query srver details for future reference	45	385	Reconfigure the EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations Note: If HTTP was enabled before migration, then reconfigure the HTTP configuration by disabling the configuration first and then enabling the configuration again from EPAP GUI	Procedure A.41
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters on upgraded EPAP 17.0.0.y servers	10	395	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Compare uiEdit parameters	10	405	Compare the snapshot taken in EPAP 17.0.0.y with the one taken on the EPAP 16.3/16.4 /17.0.0.x before migration	Procedure A.42
Start the PDB software	10	415	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A servers (PDBonly in this case).	Procedure 27
Clear the Replication logs.	20	435	Clear the replication logs before connecting both the PDBAs NOTE: Execute this procedure in case of dual mixed EPAP.	Procedure A.28

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Exchange the keys between active EPAP site and standby EPAP site	30	465	Keys exchange between active and standby EPAP sites. NOTE: Execute this procedure in case of dual mixed EPAP.	Procedure A.35
***Configure Auto Backup	5	470	Configure Auto Backup from EPAP GUI on Provisionable EPAP's, this backup will get scheduled on attached Non-Prov sites present on the setup.	Procedure A.25
Reboot EAGLE Cards	*See notes below	*See notes below	Reboot Eagle Cards to reload updated DB	Procedure 21
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separat e MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 22

Table 9: Full Upgrade Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

Note:

- The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data. The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) is dependent on the amount of PDB database.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

• Configuring auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.

Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed EPAP without live provisioning

This procedure lists the procedure to upgrade Dual Mixed EPAP servers without live provisioning.

Phase	Activity	Procedure
Upgrading when both servers are on EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 release	Upgrade Standby PDBA site on EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 to EPAP 17.0	Procedure 3.1.3
Upgrading when one server is on EPAP 17.0 and other is on EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1	Switchover PDBA sites to make server on EPAP 17.0 as Active PDBA site and server on EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 to standby site	If EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 is Active PDBA site from EPAP GUI, do a switchover PDBA to make it standby site before upgrade.
Upgrade EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 site	Upgrade Standby PDBA site on EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 to EPAP 17.0	Procedure 3.1.3

3.1.4 Full Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live provisioning

Note: This procedure can be used in with or without live provisioning scenario.

Table 10: Full Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live provisioning

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Full upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Full upgrade.	Procedure 2

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes) This Cum.		Activity	Procedure
	Step	Cum.		
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for Full Upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x	*See notes	*See notes	Backup application databases and other pertinent information in case	Procedure A.7
RTDB	belo	below	of backout required	Procedure
and EuiDB Backups	W			<u>A.8</u>
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters	10	65	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Change MySql engine schema	15	80	Change mysql schema from myiasm to innoDB	Procedure A.31
			Note: This procedure is not to be performed if migrating from 17.0.0.x.	
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes belo w	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information. Note: PDB Backup is not required so steps mentioned in the procedure to take PDB backup can be skipped	Procedure 15
Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x additional configurations	20	100	Save the NTP, EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations, HTTP configurations	Procedure A.40
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	105	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16

Phase	Т	apsed ime inutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
IPM E5-APP-B Server	45	150	This Procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server	Procedure A.13
			Note: IPM will be performed on both MPS A and B	
Configure Server 1A	5	155	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Configure Server 1B	5	160	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	<u>Procedure 6</u>
Install Servers	30	190	Install software on sides 1A and 1B	Procedure 7 Procedure 8
Configure Switches	30	210	Configure the Switches	Procedure 9
Post-install application processing	30	240	Perform first time configuration.	Procedure 11
Full upgrade health check	5	245	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Change DB architecture from Compact to eXtreme on Non-Prov site Read note carefully. Note 1: Applicable in case of full upgrade from 16.3.1/16.4.1 in Extreme mode to 17.0 Extreme	45	290	Change DB architecture from compact to Extreme	Procedure 13
Note 2: This step not needed in Compact (16.3/16.4) -> compact (17.0), compact- (16.3/16.4) >eXtreme (17.0)				

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
RTDB Converter	*See notes belo w	*See notes below	Run RTDB converter tool from Compact-to-Compact or Extremet- to-Extreme on non-prov node depending upon the DB acrchitecture before Full upgrade Note: Applicable only in case of full upgrade from EPAP 16.3.1 to 17.0	Procedure 20
Post upgrade EuiDB restore	5	295	Restore EuiDB database	Procedure A.32
Restore RTDB Backup	*See notes belo w	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x RTDB backup taken before fresh installation	Procedure A.36
Reload RTDB from mate	30	325	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B.	Procedure A.11
Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS. Also, QS is not supported in EPAP 17.0 release still Note down the Query srver details	45	370	Reconfigure the EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations Note: If HTTP was enabled before migration, then reconfigure the HTTP configuration by disabling the configuration first and then enabling the configuration again from EPAP GUI	Procedure A.41
for future reference Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters on upgraded EPAP 17.0.0.y servers	10	380	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39

	Ela	psed		
	· ·	ime		
Phase		inutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This	Cum.		
	Step			
Compare uiEdit parameters	10	390	Compare the snapshot taken in EPAP 17.0.0.y with the one taken on the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x before migration	Procedure A.42
Reboot EAGLE Cards	*See notes belo w	*See notes below	Reboot Eagle Cards to reload updated DB	Procedure 21
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given. NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS	5	This is done in a separat e MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 22
discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.				

- The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This
 procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts
 of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) is dependent on the amount of PDB database.
- This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.

- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.

3.1.5 Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning

Note: Refer to Appendix E for things to be taken care while performing full upgrade with live provisioning.

Note: Do not add DN and DNBlock with Isblset parameter until all nodes in the network are migrated to EPAP 17.0 successfully.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Full upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Full upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
EPAP 16.3/16.4/	*See	*See	Backup application databases and	Procedure A.6
17.0.0.x RTDB, EuiDB and	notes below	notes below	other pertinent information in case of backout required	Procedure A.7
PDB Backups				Procedure A.8
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters	15	70	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Clear the repl logs	15	85	Verify that replication logs are cleared between active and standby EPAP's	Procedure A.28

Reset RTDB	15	100	Modify the RTDB homing policy	Procedure A.30
Remove remote PDBA IP from Standby PDBA site	15	115	Delete the remote (Active) PDBA IP on Standby PDBA via epapconfig menu	Procedure A.29
Note: Make sure remote PDBA is present in Active PDBA site. Refer Appendix E.				
Change MySql engine schema	15	130	Change mysql schema from myiasm to innoDB	Procedure A.31
			Note: This procedure is not to be performed if migrating from 17.0.0.x.	
Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x additional configurations	20	150	Save the NTP, EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations, HTTP configurations	Procedure A.40
Pre-upgrade Backup Note: Take PDB backup from the node migrated first in the network. Refer to Procedure A.6.	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Note: If the network speed between two PDBAs is very slow, follow the original procedure to perform PDBA backup via MySQL dump process. Refer to Procedure A.27.				
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	155	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
IPM E5-APP-B Server	45	200	This Procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server	Procedure A.13

	I		I	
			Note: IPM will be performed on both MPS A and B	
Configure Server 1A	5	205	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Configure Server 1B	5	210	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 6
Install Servers	30	240	Install software on sides 1A and 1B	Procedure 7 Procedure 8
Configure Switches	30	270	Configure the Switches	Procedure 9
Post-install application processing	30	300	Perform first time configuration Refer to Procedure A.14 to configure the Standalone PDB in segmented network configuration. Note: Do not start the PDBA software after creating PDB	Procedure 11
Full upgrade health check	5	305	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
RTDB Converter	40	345	Run RTDB converter tool from Compact-to-Compact or Extreme-to- Extreme Note: Applicable only in case of full upgrade from EPAP 16.3.1 to 17.0	Procedure 20
Post upgrade EuiDB restore	5	350	Restore EuiDB database	Procedure A.32
Note: Make sure that before restoring the Standby PDBA, if the extreme DB is present on the setup then the PDB capacity should be set as per the DB capacity via epapconfig menu Restore PDB Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1/17.0.0.x PDB backup taken before fresh installation	Procedure A.33
Note : If Second PDBA site is				

getting migrated, take backup from the already upgraded site and restore it on the PDBA node getting migrated. Refer Procedure A.43 and Procedure A.6 for PDB Backup.				
Note: If the network speed between two PDBAs is very slow, follow the original procedure to restore PDBA via MySQL dump process. Refer to Procedure A.33.				
Restore RTDB Backup	*See notes	*See notes	Restore EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1/17.0.0.x RTDB backup taken before fresh	Procedure A.36
Reload RTDB from	below 30	below 380	installation Reload RTDB from mate on Non- prov MPS B	Procedure A.11
Exchange the keys between active EPAP site and standby EPAP site	30	410	Keys exchange between active and standby EPAP sites.	Procedure A.35
Reset RTDB homing policy on Non-Prov nodes	*See notes below	*See notes below	Modify the RTDB homing to Non- Upgraded PDBA on Non-Prov Nodes	Procedure A.30
Note: 1. Non-Prov must be homed to the Non-Upgraded PDBA (This applicable in case of first PDBA site upgrade)				

2. Skip this step				
during the second				
PDBA site				
migration				
Reset RTDB	15	425	In case of Mixed EPAP node being	Procedure A.44
homing policy on			migrated then RTDB homing must	
Prov PDBA			point to its own PDBA (Self)	
Reconfigure	45	470	Reconfigure the EMS, QS, Automatic	Procedure A.41
Additional EPAP			PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file	
configurations			transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks	
NOTE: After EDAD			configurations	
NOTE: After EPAP			Note: If LITTD was applied before	
upgrade, if EMS is			Note: If HTTP was enabled before	
not able to			migration, then reconfigure the	
receive alarms from EPAP, delete			HTTP configuration by disabling the configuration first and then enabling	
the EPAP from			the configuration again from EPAP	
EMS discovery			GUI	
screen and then				
rediscover the				
EPAP on EMS.				
Also, QS is not				
supported in				
EPAP 17.0 release				
still Note down				
the Query srver				
details for future				
reference				
Take snapshot of	10	480	Take a snapshot of uiEdit	Procedure A.39
uiEdit parameters			parameters to be compared after	
on upgraded EPAP			migration is complete	
17.0.0.y				
servers	10	400	Company the angular to the large in	Due and use A 42
Compare wiEdit	10	490	Compare the snapshot taken in	Procedure A.42
Compare uiEdit parameters			EPAP 17.0.0.y with the one taken on the EPAP 16.3/16.4 /17.0.0.x before	
parameters			migration	
			ing addi	
Start the PDB	10	500	Re-activate the PDB on the	Procedure 27
software	_•		Provisionable MPS A servers	
			(PDBonly in this case).	
			Note: Step only necessary during	
			upgrade of a Provisionable mated	
			EPAP pair (mixed EPAP).	

**Configure Auto Backup.	5	505	Configure auto backup to schedule RTDB Auto-Backup on NonProvisionable EPAP	Procedure A.25
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separate MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 22
NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.				

Table 11: Full Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning

- When the Non-Upgraded PDBA site (Currently on 16.3.1/16.4.1) will be upgraded, do the following:
 - a. Perform switchover on the Non-Upgraded site(Currently on 16.3.1/16.4.1) to make it as Standby PDBA.
 - b. The already upgraded site (on EPAP 17.0) will be the newly Active PDBA.
 - c. Then follow the Table 11 Full Upgrade Phases Dual Mixed with Live Provisioning to perform the upgrade.
- The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) is dependent on the amount of PDB database.

- This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- Configuring auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.

3.1.6 Full Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB without live provisioning

Note: Do not add DN and DNBlock with lsblset parameter until all nodes in the network are migrated to EPAP 17.0 successfully.

Phase	Tir	osed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Full upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Full upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	35 Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	40 Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x EuiDB and PDB Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information in case of backout required	Procedure A.6 Procedure A.8
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters	15	70	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Change MySql engine schema	15	85	Change mysql schema from myiasm to innoDB	Procedure A.31

			Note : This procedure is not to be performed if migrating from 17.0.0.x.	
Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x additional configurations	20	20 Save the NTP, EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations, HTTP configurations		Procedure A.40
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See Backup application databases and other pertinent information.		Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	110	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
IPM E5-APP-B Server	45	155	This Procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server	Procedure A.13
Configure Server 1A	5	160	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	
Install Server	30	190 Install software on sides 1A		Procedure 7
Post-install application processing	30	Perform first time configuration Refer to Procedure A.14 to configur the Standalone PDB in segmented network configuration. Note: Do not start the PDBA software after creating PDB		Procedure 11
Full upgrade health check	5	225	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Post upgrade EuiDB restore	5	230	Restore EuiDB database taken before fresh installation	Procedure A.32
Restore PDB Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x PDB backup taken before fresh installation	Procedure A.33
Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.	45	275	Reconfigure the EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations Note: If HTTP was enabled before migration, then reconfigure the HTTP configuration by disabling the configuration first and then enabling the configuration again from EPAP GUI	Procedure A.41

Also, QS is not supported in EPAP 17.0 release still Note down the Query srver details for future reference				
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters on upgraded EPAP 17.0.0.y servers	10	285	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Compare uiEdit parameters	10	295	Compare the snapshot taken in EPAP 17.0.0.y with the one taken on the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x before migration	Procedure A.42
Start the PDB software.	10	305	Re-activate the PDB on the upgraded PDB server	Procedure 27
**Configure Auto Backup.	5	310	Configure auto backup to schedule RTDB Auto-Backup on NonProvisionable EPAP	Procedure A.25
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given. NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS	5	This is done in a separate MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (Depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 22
discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.				

Table 12: Full Upgrade Phases on Standalone PDB

Note:

- The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.

3.1.7 Full upgrade Phases for Dual PDBonly with live provisioning

Note: Refer Appendix E for things to be taken care while performing full upgrade with live provisioning **Note**: Do not add DN and DNBlock with Isblset parameter until all nodes in the network are migrated to EPAP 17.0 successfully.

Phase	Ti	psed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Full upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Full upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x EuiDB and PDB Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information in case of backout required	Procedure A.6 Procedure A.8
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters	10	65	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Clear the repl logs	15	80	STOP ACTIVE PDBA AND VERIFY REPL LOGS	Procedure A.28

Remove remote PDBA IP from Standby PDBA site	15	95	Delete the remote (Active) PDBA IP on Standby PDBA via epapconfig menu	Procedure A.29
Note: Make sure remote PDBA is present in Active PDBA site Refer Appendix E.				
Reset RTDB homing policy to remote PDB	15	110	Modify the RTDB homing policy to active preferred alternate allowed	Procedure A.30
Change MySql engine schema	15	125	Change mysql schema from myiasm to innoDB	Procedure A.31
			Note : This procedure is not to be performed if migrating from 17.0.0.x.	
Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x additional configurations	20	145	Save the NTP, EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations, HTTP configurations	Procedure A.40
Pre-upgrade Backup Note: Take PDB backup from the node migrated first in the network Refer to Procedure 6.	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	150	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
IPM E5-APP-B Server	45	195	This procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server	Procedure A.13
Configure Server 1A	5	200	Set hostname, designation, function and time.	Procedure 5
Install Server	30	230	Install software on sides 1A	Procedure 7
Post-install application processing	30	260	Perform first time configuration Refer to Procedure A.14 to configure the Standalone PDB in segmented network configuration. Note: Do not start the PDBA software after creating PDB	Procedure 11

Full upgrade health check	5	265	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Post upgrade EuiDB restore	5	270	Restore EuiDB database	Procedure A.32
Note: Make sure that before restoring the Standby PDBA, if the extreme DB is present on the setup then the PDB capacity should be set as per the DB capacity via epapconfig menu Restore PDB Backup Note: If Second PDBA site is getting migrated, take backup from the already upgraded site and restore it on the PDBA node getting migrated. Refer to Procedure A.43 for PDB Restore and Procedure A.6 for PDB Backup.	*See notes below	*See notes below	Restore EPAP 16.3/16.4/17.0.0.x PDB backup taken before fresh installation	Procedure A.33
Exchange the keys between active and standby PDB	30	300	Key exchange between Active PDB and Standby PDB	Procedure A.35
Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and	45	345	Reconfigure the EMS, QS, Automatic PDB-RTDB backup, Configure file transfer, schedule EPAP Tasks configurations Note: If HTTP was enabled before migration, then reconfigure the HTTP configuration by disabling the configuration first and then enabling	Procedure A.41

then rediscover the EPAP on EMS. Also, QS is not supported in EPAP 17.0 release still Note down the Query srver details for future reference			the configuration again from EPAP GUI	
Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters on EPAP 17.0 servers	10	355	Take a snapshot of uiEdit parameters to be compared after migration is complete	Procedure A.39
Compare uiEdit parameters	10	365	Compare the snapshot taken in EPAP 17.0 with the one taken on the EPAP 16.3/16.4 before migration	Procedure A.42
Start the PDB software.	10	375	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable MPS A servers (PDBonly in this case). Note: Step only necessary during upgrade of a Provisionable mated EPAP pair (mixed EPAP + PDBonly).	Procedure 27
**Configure Auto Backup.	5	380	Configure auto backup to schedule RTDB Auto-Backup on NonProvisionable EPAP	Procedure A.25
Reboot EAGLE Cards	*See notes below	*See notes below	Reboot Eagle Cards to reload updated DB	Procedure 21

Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	- 5	This is done in a separate MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 22
NOTE: After EPAP upgrade, if EMS is not able to receive alarms from EPAP, delete the EPAP from EMS discovery screen and then rediscover the EPAP on EMS.				

Table 13: Full Upgrade Phases Dual PDBonly

Note:

- When the Non-Upgraded PDBA site (Currently on 16.3.1/16.4.1) will be upgraded, do the following:
 - a. Perform switchover on the Non-Upgraded site(Currently on 16.3.1/16.4.1) to make it as Standby PDBA.
 - b. The already upgraded site (on EPAP 17.0) will be the newly Active PDBA.
 - c. Then follow the Table 13 Full Upgrade Phases Dual PDBonly above to perform the upgrade.
- The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.
- Configuring Auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.

Dual Upgrade Upgrade Phases

Note: DIU upgrade is not yet supported in EPAP.

The following table illustrates the progression of the various Dual Image Upgrade (DIU) process by procedure with phases, their estimated duration, and the procedure to be performed in every phase. The estimated duration of each upgrade phase may vary due to the differences in the typing ability and system configuration. The procedures outlined in the following tables are to be run in the same order.

Note: Before proceeding with the Dual Image Upgrade procedure, refer to section <u>Upgrading Provisionable</u> <u>mixed EPAP Mated Pairs</u> and <u>Upgrading EPAP Non-Provisionable MPS Servers</u> to get the overview of the EPAP setup and upgrade order.

3.1.8 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without Live Provisioning

Phase	Ti	osed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Dual Image Upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Dual Image Upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Upgrade MPS B	30	90	Execute the upgrade procedure on MPS B.	Procedure A.47
Upgrade MPS A	30	120	Execute the upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure A.47
Post-upgrade health check	5	125	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Clear the Replication logs.	20	430	Clear the replication logs before connecting both the PDBAs	Procedure A.28
			Note: Perform this procedure in case of dual mixed EPAP.	

Phase	Ti	osed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Exchange the keys between active EPAP site and standby EPAP site	30	465	Keys exchange between active and standby EPAP sites. Note: Perform this procedure in case of dual mixed EPAP.	Procedure A.35
Switchover PDBA to Active	5	130	Switchover the PDBA state to Active	Procedure A.48
Configure Switches	30**	160**	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting auto negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex. Note: Skip this step if speed is already set to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Procedure 9
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separat e MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure A.50

Table 14: Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Mixed EPAP without live provisioning

• The time needed back up PDB data depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time to be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.

- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) depends on the volume of data in the PDB database.
- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- Configuring auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.

3.1. 9 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed EPAP without Live Provisioning

This procedure lists the procedure to upgrade Dual Mixed EPAP servers without live provisioning.

Phase	Activity	Procedure
Upgrading when both servers are on EPAP are on the 17.0.0.2 and above release.	Upgrade Standby PDBA site on EPAP 17.0.0.2 and above release to the latest EPAP release. After this switchover, upgrade the setup PDBA to Active and then upgrade the Standby PDBA site.	Refer to Procedure 3.1.9

3.1.10 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live provisioning

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes) This Cum. Step		Time		Activity	Procedure
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1		
Verify Dual Image Upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Dual Image Upgrade.	Procedure 2		
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3		

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Upgrade MPS B	30	90	Perform the upgrade procedure on MPS B.	Procedure A.47
Upgrade MPS A	30	120	Perform the upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure A.47
Post-upgrade health check	5	125	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Configure Switches	30**	165**	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting auto negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex. Note: Skip this step if speed is already set to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Procedure 9
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Back up application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separat e MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to verify that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure A.50

Table 14: Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Non-Provisionable EPAP with or without live provisioning Note:

- The time needed to back up application data depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time sincebe specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) depends on the volume of data in the PDB database.
- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time sincebe specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- Configuring auto backup is a mandatory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.

3.1.11 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Cum. Step			
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify Dual Image Upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be a Dual Image Upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Pre-upgrade Backup Note: Take PDB backup from the node migrated first in the network. Refer to Procedure A.6. Note: If the network speed between two PDBA's is very slow, follow the original procedure to perform PDBA backup via MySQL dump process. Refer to Procedure A.27.	*See notes below	*See notes below	Back up application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Clear the repl logs	15	85	Verify that replication logs are cleared between active and standby EPAPs.	Procedure A.28
Reset RTDB homing policy	15	100	Modify the RTDB homing policy.	Procedure A.30

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Remove remote PDBA IP from Standby PDBA site Note: Make sure	15	115	Delete the remote (Active) PDBA IP on Standby PDBA via epapconfig menu.	Procedure A.29
remote PDBA is present in Active PDBA site. Refer <u>Appendix E.</u>				
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Upgrade MPS B	30	90	Perform the upgrade procedure on MPS B.	Procedure A.47
Upgrade MPS A	30	120	Perform the upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure A.47
Post-upgrade health check	5	125	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Exchange the keys between active EPAP site and standby EPAP site	30	410	Keys exchange between active and standby EPAP sites.	Procedure A.35
Reset RTDB homing policy on Non-Prov nodes	*See notes below	*See notes below	Modify the RTDB homing to Non- Upgraded PDBA on Non-Prov Nodes	Procedure A.30
Note: 1. Non-Prov must be homed to the Non-Upgraded PDBA (This applicable in case of first PDBA site upgrade)				
2. Skip this step during the second PDBA site migration				
Reset RTDB homing policy on Prov PDBA	15	425	If Mixed EPAP node is migrated, then RTDB homing must point to its own PDBA (Self).	Procedure A.44

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Configure Switches	30**	165**	Re-configure the switch and verify that EAGLE SM cards are getting auto negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex. Note: Skip this step if speed is already set to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Procedure 9
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Back up application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separat e MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure A.50

Table 14: Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Dual Mixed with live provisioning

- When the non-upgraded PDBA site (Currently on 17.x) will be upgraded, do the following:
 - a. Perform switchover on the non-upgraded site (Currently on 17.y) to make it as Standby PDBA.
 - b. The already upgraded site (on EPAP 17.0) will be the newly Active PDBA.
 - c. Then follow the above table Dual Image Upgrade Phases Dual Mixed with Live Provisioning to perform the upgrade.
- The time needed to back up application data depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time to be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) depends on the amount of data in the PDB database.
- The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time sincebe specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.

- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time to be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- Configuring auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.

3.1.12 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB without live provisioning

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Cum. Step			
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure 1
Verify incremental upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be an incremental upgrade.	Procedure 2
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Upgrade MPS A	30	90	Perform the upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure A.47
Post-upgrade health check	5	95	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Switchover PDBA to Active	5	100	Switchover the PDBA state to Active	Procedure A.48

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
Post-upgrade Backups	This Step *See notes	Cum. *See	Back up application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is	below 5	below This is done in a separat	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer	Procedure A.50
to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.		e MTC.	provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	

Table 10:5: Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Standalone PDB without live provisioning

3.1.13 Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Dual PDBonly with live provisioning

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure	
	This	Cum.			
	Step				
Connectivity setup	15	15	Set up connectivity to the MPS servers.	Procedure <u>1</u>	
Verify incremental upgrade	5	20	Verify this should be an incremental upgrade.	Procedure 2	
Pre-upgrade check	15	35	Verify requirements for upgrade are met.	Procedure 3	

^{*}NOTE: The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Pre-upgrade health check	5	40	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Assess readiness for upgrade	15	55	Assess the server's readiness for upgrade.	Procedure 14
Remove remote PDBA IP from Standby PDBA site Note: Make sure remote PDBA is present in Active PDBA site Refer Appendix E.	15	95	Delete the remote (Active) PDBA IP on Standby PDBA via epapconfig menu	Procedure A.29
Clear the repl logs	15	80	STOP ACTIVE PDBA AND VERIFY REPL LOGS	Procedure A.28
Reset RTDB homing policy to remote PDB	15	110	Modify the RTDB homing policy to active preferred alternate allowed	Procedure A.30
Pre-upgrade Backup	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15
Pre-upgrade system time check	5	60	Pre-upgrade system time check.	Procedure 16
Upgrade MPS A	30	90	Execute the Upgrade procedure on MPS A.	Procedure A.47
Post-upgrade health check	5	95	Run the syscheck utility to verify the MPS server is operationally sound.	Procedure 4
Exchange the keys between active and standby PDB	30	300	Key exchange between Active PDB and Standby PDB	Procedure A.35
Post-upgrade Backups	*See notes below	*See notes below	Backup application databases and other pertinent information.	Procedure 15

Phase	Elapsed Time (Minutes)		Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period NOTE: If the node is to be converted from Compact to eXtreme DB architecture, delay this step until the conversion is done and sufficient soak time is given.	5	This is done in a separat e MTC.	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure A.50

NOTE:

- When the non-upgraded PDBA site (Currently on 17.x) will be upgraded, do the following:
 - a. Perform switchover on the non-upgraded site (Currently on 17.xy) to make it as Standby PDBA.
 - b. The already upgraded site (on EPAP 17.y0) will be the newly Active PDBA.
 - c. Then follow the above table Dual Image Upgrade Phases for Dual PDBonly with live provisioning to perform the upgrade.
- The time needed to back up application data depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot specify an exact length of time to be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to restore PDB backup (MysqlDump) depends on the volume of data in the PDB database. The duration of this procedure cannot be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data.
- The time needed to reload EAGLE cards depends on the amount of application data. The duration of this procedure cannot be specified as different customers have different amounts of application data
- If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.
- Configuring auto backup is a compulsory step to enable PDB-RTDB translog pruning. Ignore this step if auto-backup is already configured.

Backout Phases

Note: Before proceeding with the backout process, refer to <u>section 2.1</u>, <u>section 2.2</u>, <u>section 2.3</u> and <u>section 2.4</u> to get the overview of the EPAP setup and the backout order.

3.1.14 Backout Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

	Elapsed Time (Hours or					
Phase			Activity	Impact	Procedure	
	Min	utes)				
	This	Cum				
	Step	•				
Determine	15-	15-	Investigate and	Cannot proceed with	Contact My Oracle	
state of	30	30	determine the state of	backout until failure	Support following the	
system			the MPS system. This	analysis is complete.	instructions on the	
			may take anywhere	Some hand-fixes may	front page or the	
			from 15 to 30 minutes.	be required before	instructions in the	
				proceeding with	My Oracle Support	
				backout.	section.	
Backout	900	915-	Backout MPS A and B.			
MPS A and B		930			Procedure A.45	
Configure	30*	945-	Re-configure the switch	Verify that speed of	Procedure 9	
Switches		960	and verify that EAGLE	switch is negotiated to		
		*	SM cards are getting	previous speed.		
			auto negotiated to			
			previous speed.			
			Note: Skip this step if			
			speed before upgrade			
			was 1000Mbps/Full			
			Duplex.			

Table 11: Backout Phases for Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP

3.1.15 Backout Phases for Standalone PDB

Phase	Elapsed Time (Hours or Minutes)		Time (Hours or Minutes)		Activity	Impact	Procedure	
	This	Cum						
	Step	•						
Determine	15-	15-	Investigate and	Cannot proceed with	Contact My Oracle			
state of	30	30	determine the state of	backout until failure	Support following the			
system			the MPS system. This	analysis is complete.	instructions on the			
			may take anywhere	Some hand-fixes may	front page or the			
			from 15 to 30 minutes.	be required before	instructions in the			

^{*}NOTE: If configuring 4 switches, add 30 minutes to the current setup.

Phase	Elapsed Time (Hours or Minutes)		Activity	Impact	Procedure
	This	Cum			
	Step	•		proceeding with backout.	My Oracle Support section.
Backout PDBonly site.	600	615- 630	Backout MPS A.		Procedure A.46
Start the PDBA software	5	620- 635	Re-activate the PDB on the Provisionable(PDBonly) MPS A servers.		Procedure 27

Table 127: Backout Phases for Standalone PDB

Log Files

All commands executed during an upgrade or installation, are logged in the

"/var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log" file. This log file is automatically initiated when upgrade software is invoked. This log file is rolled every time an upgrade is initiated. A total of up to five upgrade log files are stored on the server.

The upgrade wrapper script, ugwrap, logs its actions also to the "/var/TKLC/log/upgrade/ugwrap.log" file. This log file is rolled every time ugwrap is initiated. A total of up to five ugwrap log files are stored on the server.

4 DB ARCHITECTURE OVERVIEW

A new parameter LSBLSET would be added to DN and DN Block tables. This parameter will be used along with CGPNBLSET parameter on EAGLE that would be configured in the linkset table on EAGLE. If the value of LSBLSET parameter for a DN/DN Block on EPAP is found to match with the CGPNBLSET parameter of linkset table on EAGLE, it will be considered as blocklisted DN/DN Block. IAM message will be released (i.e. send back to originator) from EAGLE for the corresponding DN/DN Block. In all other cases, the existing functionality will continue to hold true.

The existing DN/ DN Block table parameters that are configured in the GUI are stored in multiple SQL tables, the DN table for example has only two parameters dnID and PT(port type) parameters in it.

There are other tables (example dn_bl, dn_asd etc.) which help in storing the other parameters entered in GUI forms for DN and DNBlock.

While entering values write operation, is performed with the help of multiple joins with these supporting tables.

Finally, while displaying these values during retrieve operation the join of all the supporting tables is taken and the values fetched are displayed together.

The new parameter LSBLSET is part of dn_bl table and dnB_bl SQL tables for DN and DN Block respectively. This new parameter will be compatible only with eagle 46.9 release.

From EPAP 16.3 onwanrds different DB architectures are supported i.e., "Compact" and "Extreme". This was done to support enhanced DB capacity.

EPAP 16.4 also supports both compact and extreme architecture. Post upgrade user will remain on existing architecture and will have to change the architecture from compact to extreme as an optional step if required. In changing the DB Architecture from "Compact" to "eXtreme", the EPAP software shall restart to support the capacity expansion. Before the change in DB Architecture on EPAP, the connecting EAGLE must upgrade to the new release with SLIC cards. Also, the user has-to enable the EPAPX feature on eagle card to support the eXtreme feature. Refer to section 0 to change DB Architecture from Compact to eXtreme.

NOTE: Section $\underline{4.2}$ and $\underline{4.3}$ are only required if customer setup is on compact architecture and wants to change architecture to extreme. Others i.e. thos who are already on extreme architecture or doesn't want to change to extreme architecture can skip these sections.

Overview of DB architecture change in Customer Network

Upgrade from EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 to EPAP 17.0 followed by DB Architecture conversion to support new LSBLSET parameter must be carried out as per the below table after upgrade is completed in same MTC window. Based on the existing DB Architecture either compact to compact converter script will be executed or extreme to extreme converter script will be executed. Follow procedure to identify DB architecture and run conversion script.

Table 18: DB Conversion

Base Release	Target Release	Data Base Architecture	Target Architecture	Converter Required
16.3.1	17.0	Compact	Compact	Compact to Compact converter to accommodate Isblset parameter
16.3.1	17.0	Extreme	Extreme	Extreme to Extreme converter to accommodate IsbIset parameter
16.4.1	17.0	Compact	Compact	Compact to Compact converter to accommodate IsbIset parameter
16.4.1	17.0	Extreme	Extreme	Extreme to Extreme converter to accommodate Isblset parameter

^{*}Note: Allow soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade. After getting convinced that system is working fine, accept the upgrade.

Overview of DB architecture change from Compact to Extreme

Upgrade from EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 to EPAP 17.0 followed by DB Architecture conversion from Compact to Extreme must be carried out in following order with different MTC window:

Note: This step is required only when EPAP 17.0 and Eagle are to run in eXtreme mode. If EPAP and Eagle are to run in COMPACT mode, skip this section.

Phase-1 (Upgrade the EPAPs to EPAP 17.0 release in COMPACT mode):

NOTE: If the network consists of Non-PROVs and Mixed-EPAP, move to Phase-2 (Change the Mode from COMPACT mode to eXtreme mode for one Non-PROV site) otherwise continue with the following steps if the setup consists of StandAlonePDB + Non-PROVS.

- **1.** First the Standalone PDBs will be upgraded to EPAP 16.4 in COMPACT mode. Refer to section 3.4 for the upgrade process.
- **2.** All non-PROVs should be upgraded to EPAP 17.0 in COMPACT mode. Refer to <u>section 3.4</u> for the upgrade process.

After this phase all EPAPs in the customer network are in EPAP 17.0 and are working in COMPACT mode.

Phase 2: Change the Mode from COMPACT mode to eXtreme mode for one Non-PROV site:

Execute the procedure in the following sequence.

- 1. Choose one EPAP-Eagle site from the customer network, which will be converted to eXtreme mode.
- 2. On the EAGLE, replace all non-SLIC SCCP cards to SLIC 64-bit SCCP cards. Change stpopts:EPAPX ON.
- On the connecting Non-Prov, change the mode from COMPACT to eXtreme. Refer to section 4.3 to change DB Architecture to eXtreme. The StandalonePDB should remain in COMPACT mode at this stage.
- 4. Restore RTDB on Non-Prov EPAP-A (refer to <u>Procedure A.10</u>) and after successfully restored RTDB on EPAP-A(refer to <u>Procedure A.11</u>), perform reload from mate on Non-Prov EPAP-B. Reload the Eagle from EPAP. Check that the DB downloads and EPAP-Eagle network work normally. Live provisioning flows all the way to Eagle. Let the node soak for some *time-period.

Phase 3: Change the Mode from COMPACT mode to eXtreme mode for whole network:

At this stage, we have seen that EPAP and Eagle are working fine in eXtreme mode. All the remaining Non-PROVs and StandAlone PDBs will be converted to eXtreme mode now. All the remaining Non-PROVs will be converted to eXtreme mode first. After all Non-PROVs are converted to eXtreme, the StandalonePDBs will be converted to eXtreme. For every site, before converting the EPAPs, connected eagles will have EPAPx feature ON.

- 1. First on the EAGLE, replace all non-SLIC SCCP cards to SLIC 64-bit SCCP cards. Change stpopts:EPAPX ON. Upgrade/Installation Guide 33 of 292 February 2023
- 2. On the connected Non-Prov, change the mode from Compact to eXtreme. Refer to <u>section</u>
 4.3 to change DB Architecture to eXtreme.
- 3. Reload the RTDB from already converted eXtreme mode RTDB in phase 1. Refer to Procedure A.11.
- 4. Reload the Eagle SM cards from the EPAP.
- 5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 for all remaining Non-PROVs in the Customers network
- 6. Convert the StandalonePDBs to eXtreme mode.

Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme to support EAGLE release 46.7.0.0.0(eXtreme feature)

The following table illustrates the progression of the movement of DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme by procedure with estimated times and may vary due to differences in typing ability and system configuration. The procedures outlined in below Table 18 are to be executed in the order they are listed.

Before proceeding with the change DB Architecture process, refer to section 4 and section 5 to get the overview of the DB Architecture and upgrade order.

Notes: 1. Skip this section for mixed EPAP as eXtreme feature not supported on mixed EPAP.

2. DB Architecture cannot be reverted to COMPACT once moved to eXtreme architecture.

4.1.1 Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Standalone PDB)

Phase	Tir	osed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Check database before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	40	40	Check 9dig counts for all DN/IMSI and IMEI before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	Procedure 17
Change DB Architecture to eXtreme	40	80	Note: Skip this procedure on Mixed EPAP. Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme. Note: If parsing gets failed at this stage then user needs to run it manually. Check Procedure A.4 to execute it manually.	Procedure 13
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period	5	This is done in a separat e MTC	Accept the upgrade after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 21

Table 13: Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Standalone PDB)

4.1.2 Phases to change DB architecture to eXtreme (First Non-Prov site)

Phase	Ti: (Mir	osed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Check database before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	*see notes below	*see notes below	NOTE: Execute this step on attached PDBonly EPAP if not already exececuted. Check 9dig counts for all DN/IMSI and IMEI before changing DB architecture to eXtreme.	Procedure 17
Take backup before moving to eXtreme architecture	**See notes below	**See notes below	Take RTDB backup if not already taken, before moving to eXtreme architecture. Note: Skip this step for PDBonly.	Procedure A.7
Change DB Architecture to eXtreme	5	5	Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme Note: EPAPX feature must be "ON" on the connected eagle before procedure 13	Procedure 13
Restore RTDB backup on Non-prov.	240	245	Restore RTDB backup on Non-prov MPS A.	Procedure A.10
Reload RTDB from mate	10	255	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B.	Procedure A.11
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period	5	This is done in a separat e MTC	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 21

Table 20: Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (First Non-prov site)

^{*}NOTE: The time for checking database will be added for attached PDBonly EPAP(Added in section 4.2.1).

^{}NOTE:** The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

4.1.3 Phases to change DB architecture to eXtreme (Remaining Non-Prov sites)

Phase	Ti	osed me nutes)	Activity	Procedure
	This Step	Cum.		
Take backup before moving to eXtreme architecture	*See notes below	*See notes below	Take RTDB backup if not already taken, before moving to eXtreme architecture. Note: Skip this step for PDBonly.	Procedure A.7
Change DB Architecture to eXtreme	5	5	Change DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme Note: EPAPX feature must be "ON" on the connected eagle before procedure 13	Procedure 13
Reload RTDB from remote	10	15	Reload the RTDB from remote(already in eXtreme mode) Note: Remote Non-Prov EPAP must be in eXtreme mode. (Which may be the first Non-Prov site converted in table 19 or any other remote EPAP which is already in eXtreme mode)	Procedure A.11
Reload RTDB from mate	10	25	Reload RTDB from mate on Non-prov MPS B.	Procedure A.11
Accept the upgrade after successful soak period	5	This is done in a separat e MTC	Accept the upgrade on both MPS-A and MPS-B after sufficient soak period of around 1-7 days (depending upon customer provisioning volume) to see that everything works fine after the upgrade.	Procedure 21

Table 21: Phases to change DB Architecture to eXtreme (Remaining Non-Prov sites)

^{*}NOTE: The time needed to backup application data is dependent on the amount of application data. This procedure cannot specify an exact length of time since different customers have different amounts of application data.

5 UPGRADE PREPARATION

Setting up the upgrade environment

Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment

S T E P #	This procedure sets up the upgrade environment. Windows are opened for both MPS servers. NOTE: Call My Oracle Support for assistance if modem access is the method use for upgrade. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.		
1.	Upgrade can be	Refer to Step 2 to 6 for executing remotely.	
	done in two ways: A. Remotely B. Locally	Refer to Step 7 to 19 for executing locally.	
2.	Ensure MPS X: All the console/PuTTY	On all the console/PuTTY sessions, make sure that the logging in enabled and logs are written to a file. For example, on a PuTTY session, do the following.	
	Sessions.	1. Right click on the top bar in the PuTTY and choose "change setting".	
		2. Click on "Logging".	
		3. Select "Printable output".	
		4. Click on "Browse" and choose where you want the logs to be written so that you can collect those later, if needed. Put a name which will serve better on a later date to understand, for example, name of the log file can be <server name="">_active_pdba_A_server_puttylog_ddmmyyyy.</server>	
		5. Click on "Save".	
		6. Type a text "Putty Logging starts" in the PuTTY session and check that above text is logged in the PuTTY log file.	
		Repeat the above six steps on every console/PuTTY session that will be used to enter commands or execute procedure of this document.	

Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment

3.	Access to the MPS servers is available through an IP network.	If not already logged-in, then log in. <hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>
	Step 3 and 4 provide console access to MPS-B from a remote location.	
	MPS A: Log in to the server as user "admusr".	
4.	MPS A: Start screen session	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B.
		\$ screen -L
	MPS A: Connect to the console of MPS B.	Execute the following command on E5-APP-B: \$ sudo minicom mate
		Note: Now user is connected to the console of MPS-B from a remote location.
5.	Step 5 and 6 provide console access to MPS-A from a	If not already logged-in, then log in.
	remote location.	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
	MPS B: Log in to the server as user "admusr".	
6.	MPS B: Start screen session	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS A.
		\$ screen -L
	MPS B: Connect to the console of MPS A.	Execute the following command on E5-APP-B: \$ sudo minicom mate Run the following command:
	Note down the timestamp in log.	\$ date
		Note: Now user is connected to the console of MPS-A from a remote location.

Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment

		Note : If upgrade is to be performed from a remote location skip rest of the procedure.
7.	Ensure MPS X: All the console/PuTTY	If upgrade is to be performed locally then follow step 7 to 19. On all the console/PuTTY sessions, make sure that the logging in enabled and logs are written to a file. For example, on a PuTTY session, do the following.
	Sessions.	1. Right click on the top bar in the PuTTY and choose "change setting".
		2. Click on "Logging".
		3. Select "Printable output".
		4. Click on "Browse" and choose where you want the logs to be written so that you can collect those later, if needed. Put a name which will serve better on a later date to understand, for example, name of the log file can be <server name="">_active_pdba_A_server_puttylog_ddmmyyyy.</server>
		5. Click on "Save".
		6. Type a text "Putty Logging starts" in the PuTTY session and check that above text is logged in the PuTTY log file.
		Repeat the above six steps on every console/PuTTY session that will be used to enter commands or execute procedure of this document.
8.	Establish a connection to MPS A.	Access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, Connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port
		For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access by connecting the serial cable to the customer laptop's serial port. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
9.	Create a terminal window for MPS A. Note : Steps 9 to 12 make the serial connection to MPS-A	Create a terminal window e.g. open a putty session on the workstation and give it a title of "MPS A"
10.	MPS A: Enable capture file and verify the correspondent file is created.	Enable the data capture and verify that the data capture file is created at the path specified.
11.	Log into MPS A.	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname></pre>

Procedure 1: Setting up the upgrade environment

12.	MPS A: Start screen Session.	Execute the following command to start screen and establish a console session with MPS A. \$ screen -L
		If for Standalone PDB, the procedure is complete. Otherwise, continue with the next step.
13.	Establish a connection to MPS B.	Access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.
	Note : Steps 13 to 17 make the serial connection to MPS-B	For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access by connecting the serial cable to the customer laptop's serial port. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
14.	Create a terminal window for MPS B.	Create a terminal window e.g. open a putty session on the workstation and give it a title of "MPS B"
15.	MPS B: Enable capture file and verify a correspondent file is created.	Enable the data capture and verify that the data capture file is created at the path specified.
16.	Log into MPS B.	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
17.	MPS B: Start screen Session.	Execute the following command to start screen and establish a console session with MPS B. \$ screen -L
18.	MPS A and B: Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
19.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Determine if upgrade or installation is required

Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

S	This procedure executes the steps required to determine if an upgrade of the system is		
T	required or an initial application installation is required.		
E	Check off (\sqrt{t}) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE .		
1.	MPS A: Log in to MPS A. If not already logged-in, login at MPS A as 'admusr'.		

Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

		<pre><hostname> console login: admusr password: <password> .</password></hostname></pre>
2.	MPS B: Log in to MPS B.	If not already logged-in, login at MPS B as 'admusr'. <hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname>
3.	MPS B: Determine if the application is currently installed on the servers.	Execute an rpm query command and examine the output: \$ rpm -qi TKLCepap
	(MPS B will be used to determine the current state of the servers. We will assume that the state of the A server is the same).	Name : TKLCepap Relocations: (not relocatable) Version : 170.0.8 Vendor: Tekelec Release : 0.68940 Build Date: Thu 29 Dec 2022 04:10:07 AM EST Install Date: Mon 02 Jan 2023 02:11:44 AM EST Build Host: localhost Group : Development/Build Source RPM: TKLCepap-170.0.8- 0.68940.src.rpm Size : 119091549 License: © TEKELEC 2005-2018 Signature : (none) Packager : <@tekelec.com> URL : http://www.tekelec.com/ Summary : Oracle Communications EPAP Package Description : This is the Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor(EPAP) Package. The Package installs EPAP software. EPAP provides Provisioning Database Application (PDBA on A side) and Real Time Database (RTDB).
4.	MPS B: Observe the output from the rpm query.	The following is an example of what the output may look like: \$ appRev
		Install Time: Tue Jul 3 03:52:57 2018 Product Name: EPAP Product Release: 16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0 Base Distro Product: TPD Base Distro Release: 7.6.0.0.0_88.48.0 Base Distro ISO: TPD.install-7.6.0.0.0_88.48.0-OracleLinux6.9-x86_64.iso ISO name: EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso

Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

		OS: OracleLinux 6.9
		If the output similar-to the above example is displayed, then skip to step 6. Otherwise, proceed to the next step.
5.	MPS B: Installation is required if the application is not present on the server, else upgrade is required.	If the application is not currently installed, output similar-to the example below will be returned from the rpm -qi command in step-3. If this is the case, then an application installation is required. Refer to <u>section 3.1.1</u> to perform EPAP installation.
		\$ rpm -qi TKLCepap package TKLCepap is not installed
		Skip to step 10.
6.	MPS B: Determine which version of the	Write Down the Release Number:
	application is present.	Release Number:
		If the release number on the MPS is less than the release number on the upgrade media, then an upgrade is required.
7.	Determine if Full Upgrade is required.	If the current release is 16.3.1/16.4.1and target release is 17.0.0, it is a FULL UPGRADE.
8.	Determine if an incremental Upgrade is required.	If the current release is 17.0.x.x and target release is 17.0.y.y (x.x is less than the number y.y on the upgrade media), it is a Dual Image Upgrade.
9.	MPS A: Determine if it is Provisionable (either	Execute the following command to determine if the EPAP is Provisionable(either mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) or Non-Provisionable.
	mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) or Non-Provisionable EPAP setup.	\$ uiEdit grep "PROVISIONABLE" "PROVISIONABLE_MPS" is set to "YES"
		If the above output contains "YES", then the EPAP is Provisionable(either mixed-EPAP or PDBonly). Otherwise, the EPAP is Non-Provisionable. Write down this information.
		EPAP setup type:
10.	MPS B: Determine if the current DB Architecture is compact or extreme.	Execute the following command to determine if the EPAP DB Architecture is Extreme or Compact.

Procedure 2: Determine if upgrade or installation is required

11.	(MPS B will be used to determine the current state of the servers. We will assume that the state of the A server is the same).	"DB_ARCHITECTURE" is set to "COMPACT" If the above output contains "COMPACT" or no output is displayed, then the EPAP DB Architecture is Compact. If the above output contains "EXTREME", then the EPAP DB Architecture is Compact. Write down this information. EPAP DB Architecture type: Based on this information DB converter will be run. This procedure is complete.
	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
12.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Pre-upgrade requirements

Procedure 3: Verifying Pre-Upgrade Requirements and Capturing Upgrade Data

S	This procedure verifies that all pre-upgrade requirements have been met.				
T E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.				
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .				
1.	Verify all required materials are present.	Verify that the materials listed in Upgrade Material List (Section 0) are present.			
2.	Verify the availability of passwords for MPS systems.	Refer to Table 6Error! Reference source not found. for the list of users.			
3.	Review provisioning rules.	Please review the Provisioning information as defined in Section Error! Reference source not found. If you do not understand the information provided in this section, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section			
4.	Verify and close active GUI Sessions.	Skip this step for fresh install.			
	On the menu, click User Administration->HTTP(s) Support->Terminate UI Sessions	Login to EPAP GUI as uiadmin user. Terminate all the active GUI sessions from EPAP GUI.			

		A						Terminate Active UI Sessions
		Delete?	Session Id	User Id	User Name	Admin	IP Addr	Last Access
		0	44	99	uiadmin	YES	10.250.32.216	2017-06-20 07:04:11
		0	45	99	uiadmin	YES	10.250.32.216	2017-06-20 07:04:20
		0	46	99	uiadmin	YES	10.250.32.216	2017-06-20 07:04:33
	Procedure Complete	sessions.	sessions			Selected	Active Sessio	n" to delete all active
5.	Procedure Complete.	This proc	edure is c	complete.				
6.	· ·							

System Health check

Procedure 4: System Health Check

S	This procedure de	This procedure determines the health of the MPS System before beginning an upgrade.		
T	,			
E	Check off (\checkmark) each step	o as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.		
1.	MPS A: Verify health of MPS A.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A.		
2.	MPS B: Verify health of MPS B.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.		
3.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.		
4.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date		

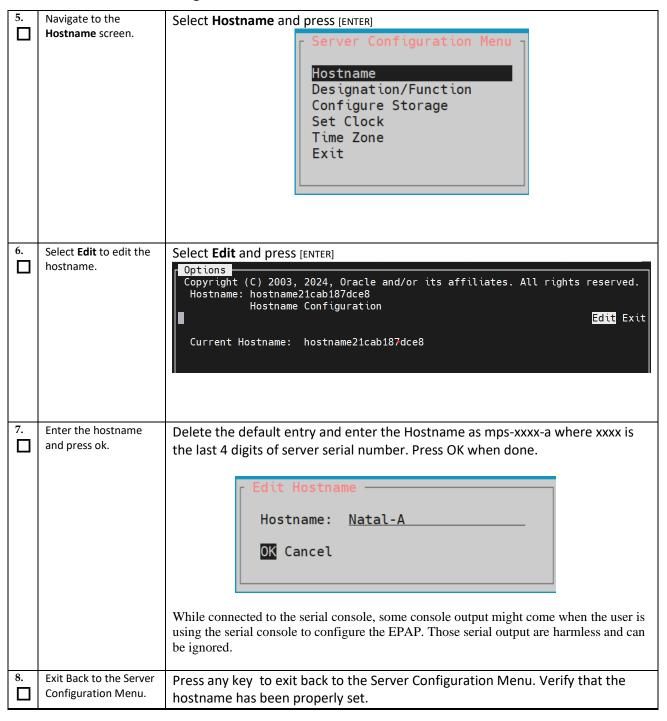
6. SOFTWARE INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

Pre install configuration and initial installation of EPAP can be done on any of the server in the mated pair in any order. These operations can be done simultaneously on both the servers.

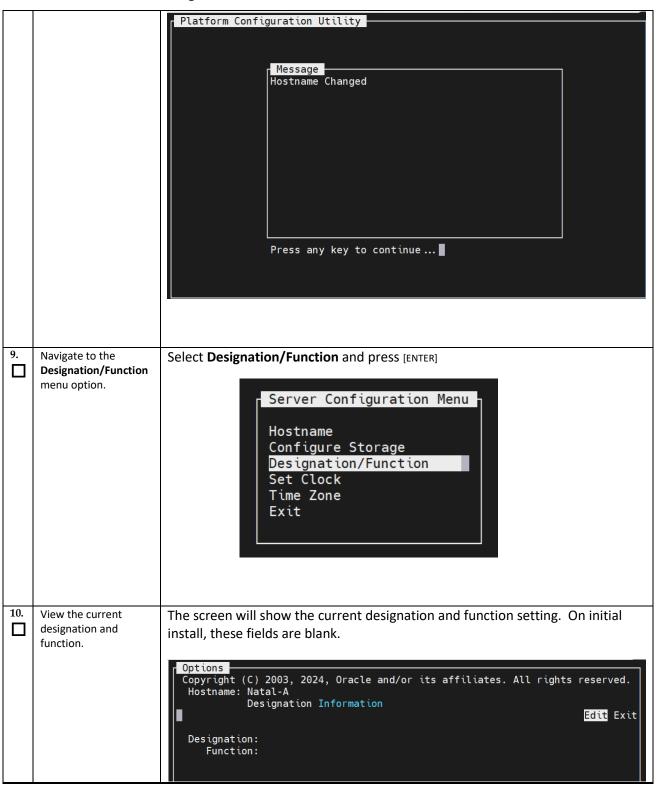
Pre-Install configuration on server A

Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A

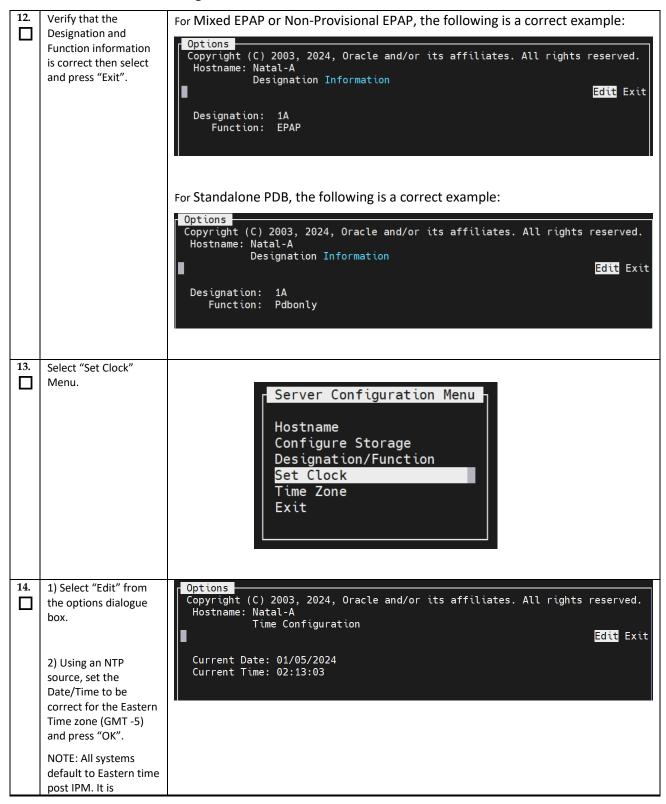
S T E	application.	ovides instructions to perform pre-configuration for an initial install of the
P #	Check off $()$ each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
π	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
befo	ore starting installation	of the Operating System on an Oracle Application Server should be completed on procedure. Refer to Procedure A.13 or [4] for TPD installation guide.
1.	Connect to the Server.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.
1		For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
2.	Log in as "admusr" user.	If not already logged in, then login as "admusr": [hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
3.	Start platcfg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
4.	Navigate to the Server Configuration screen.	Select Server Configuration and press [ENTER] Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Remote Consoles Security Network Configuration Exit



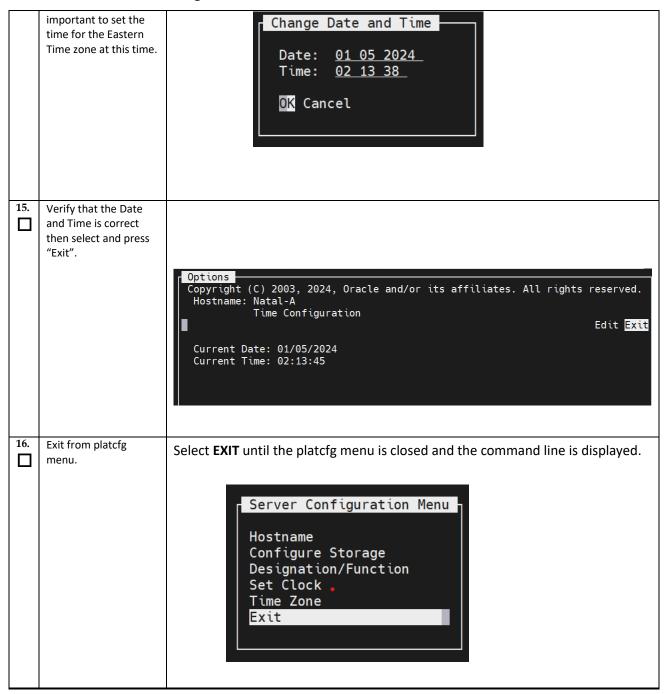
Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A

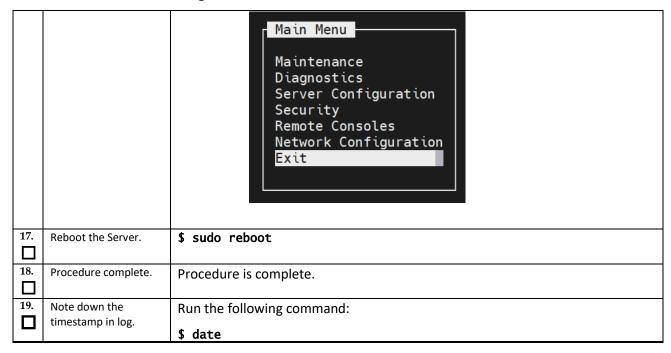


If not blank, the values should be as follows for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisional EPAP: The Designation is "1A" for the A server 1. 2. The Function field should be set to EPAP. If not blank, the values should be as follows for Standalone PDB. 1. The Designation is "1A" for the A server 2. The Function field should be set to PDBonly. If both the fields are blank or either value is not correct, then select Edit and press [ENTER]. If both values are correct, select **Exit**, press [ENTER] and skip the next step. 11. View the current Skip to Step 13 if Exit was selected in the previous step, otherwise if Edit was designation and selected, delete the current designation and function if already set, and type in function. the desired values. Enter the appriopriate designation in the Designation field (Note: the designation must be capitalized). Select OK and press [ENTER]. For Mixed EPAP or Non-Provisional EPAP, the following is a correct example: Edit Designation Designation: Function: **EPAP** OK Cancel For Standalone PDB, the following is a correct example: Edit Designation Designation: Function: PDBonly OK Cancel



Procedure 5: Pre-Install Configuration on Server A



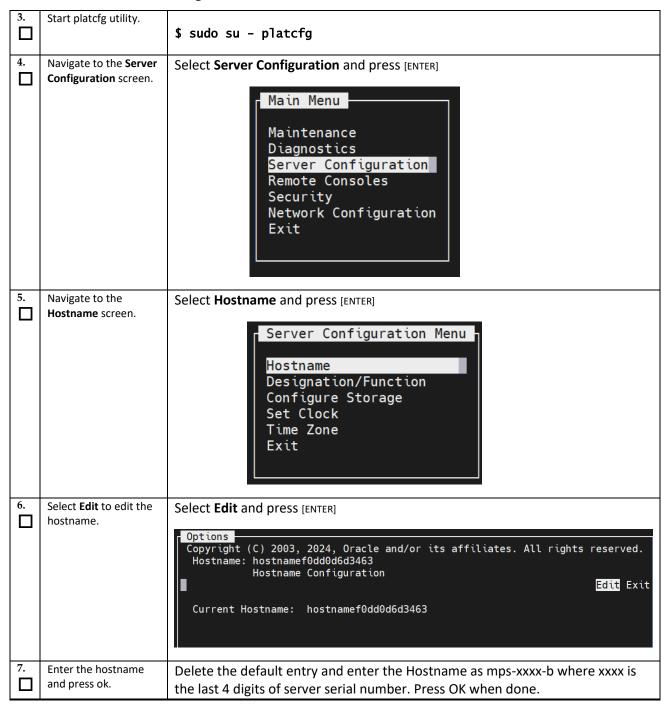


Pre-Install configuration on server B

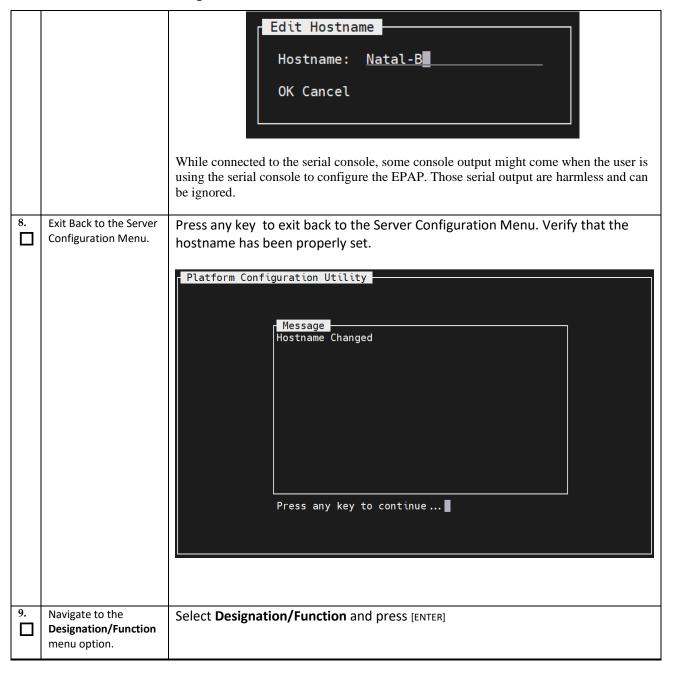
Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B

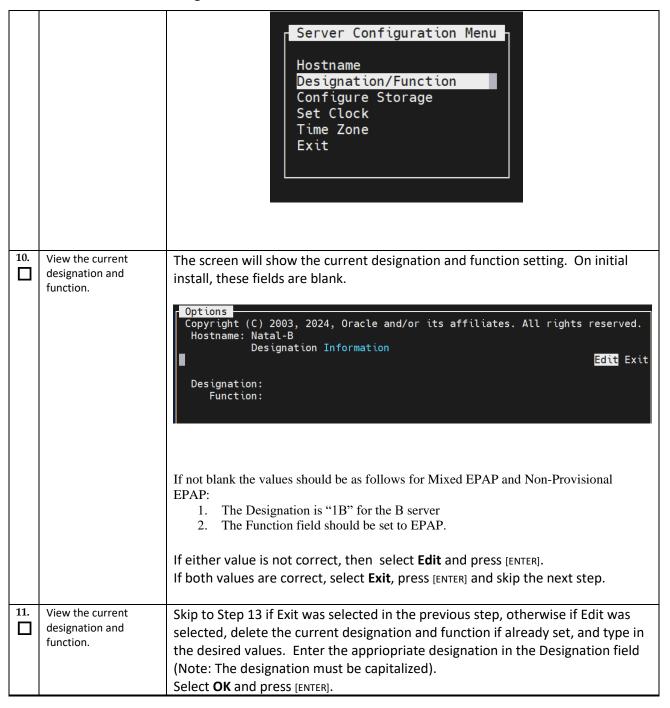
S	This procedure pro	ovides instructions to perform pre configuration for an initial install of the
T	application.	1 1 0
Ē	application.	
	Cl 1 ((/ h 1)	
P	Check off (1) each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
#	IE EI HO DDO CEDI IDE	TANKS CONTRACTION OF A CUE SUPPORTANTS A SWEET A VOICE
	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
IMP	ORTANT: Installation	of the Operating System on an Oracle Application Server should be completed
		on procedure. Refer to <u>Procedure A.13</u> or [4] for TPD installation.
Deit	ne starting mstanatit	on procedure. Never to <u>Frocedure A.15</u> of [4] for TFD installation.
1.	Connect to the Server.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.
Ш		
		For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the
		serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected
		at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A
		cards' adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
2.	Log in as "admusr"	If not already logged in, then login as 'admusr':
П	user.	7 99 9
_		
		password: <i>password</i>

Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B

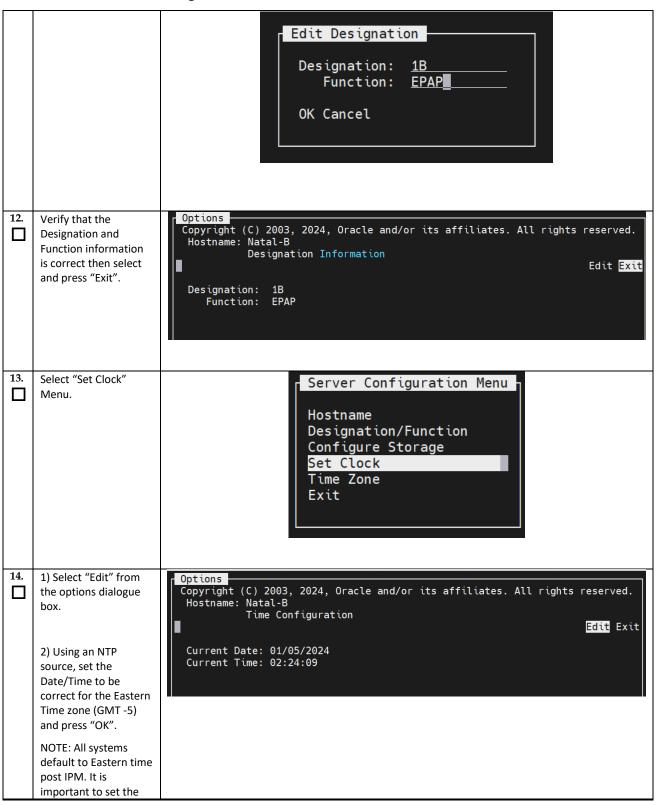


Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B

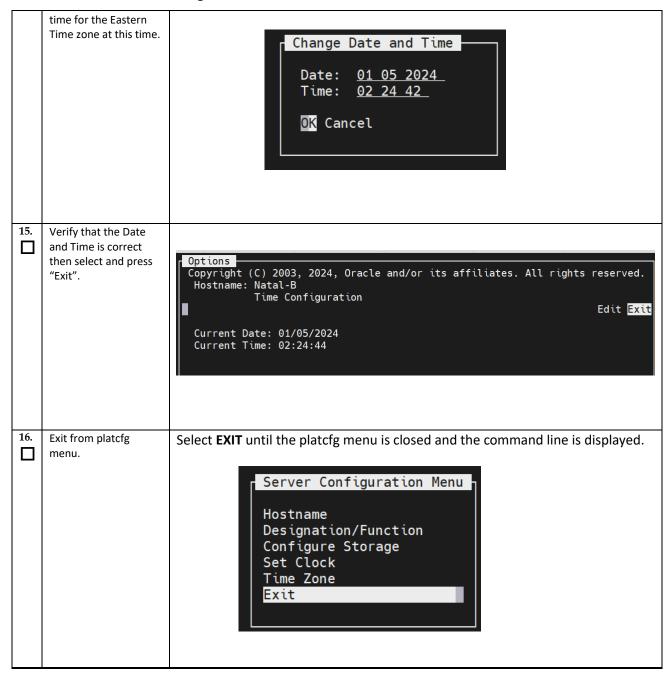




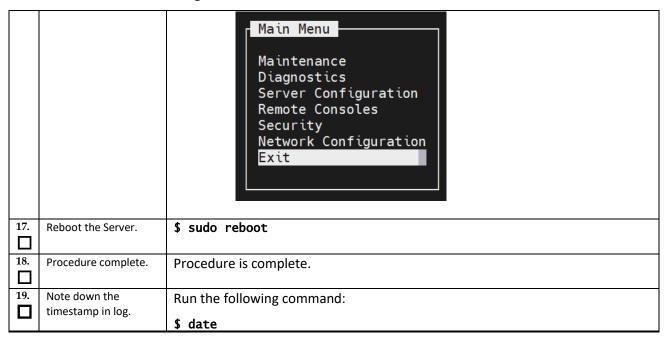
Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B



Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B



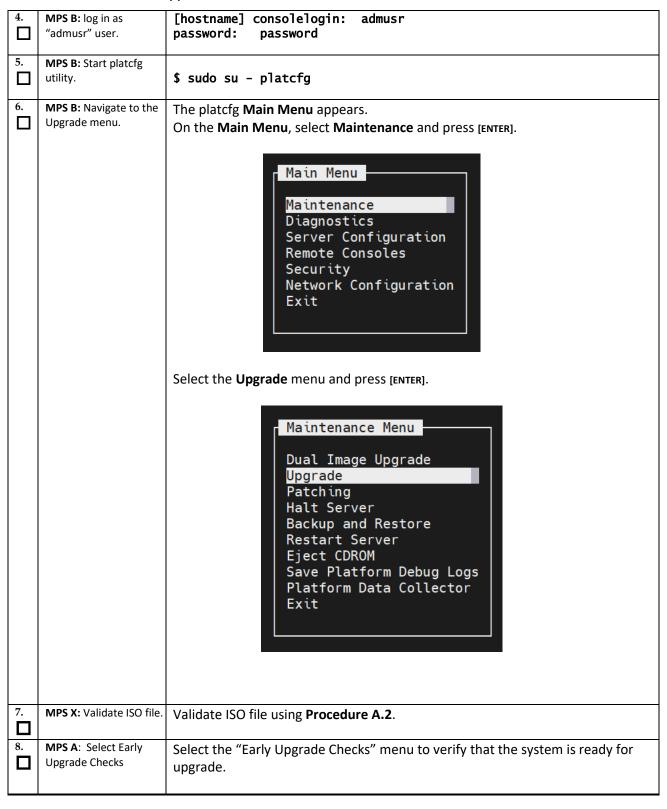
Procedure 6: Pre-Install Configuration on Server B

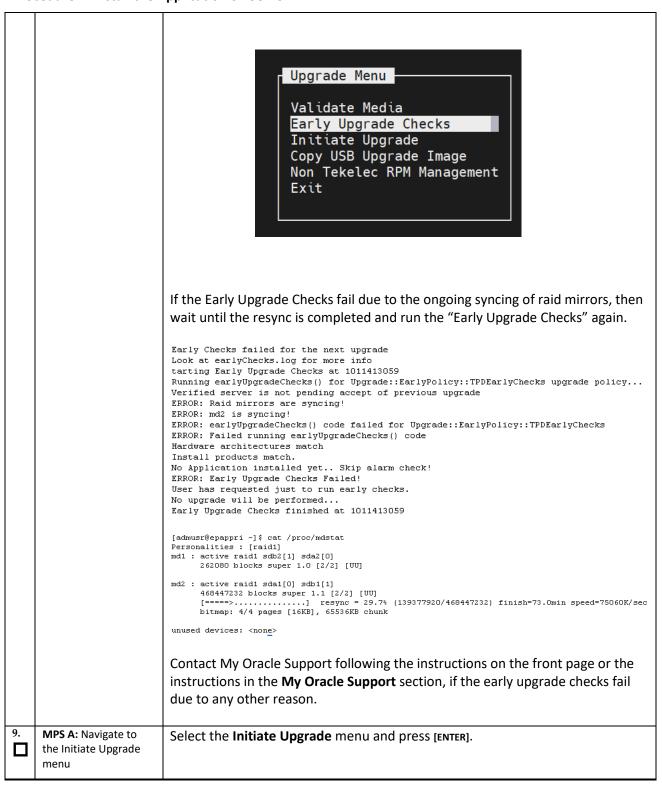


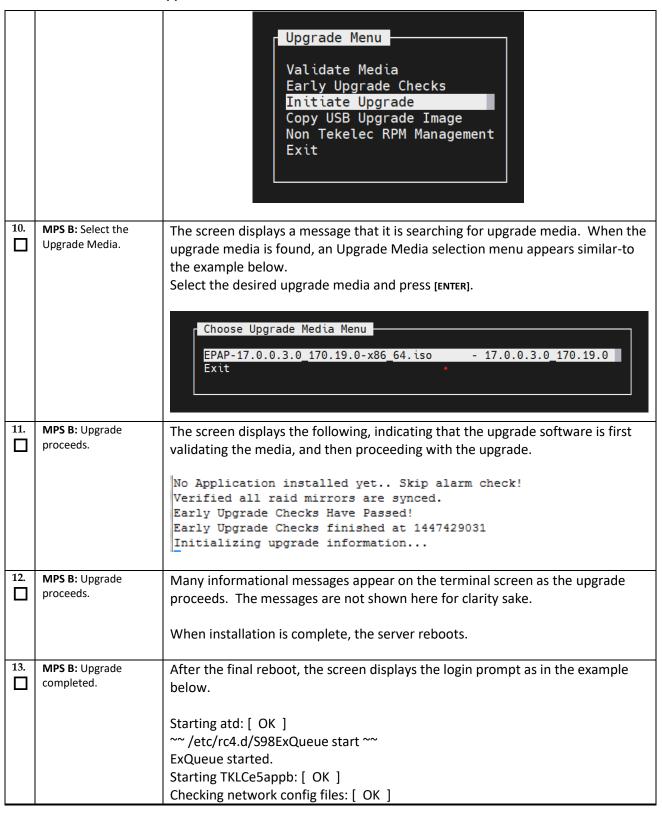
Install Application on server B

S	This procedure insta	ills the application on the server.	
T E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	MPS B: Install 1B.	Perform Procedure in Procedure A.12 or copy EPAP 16.3 ISO to /var/TKLC/upgrade directory.	
2.	Create a terminal window log into MPS B.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx	
3.	MPS B: Login prompt is displayed.	<pre><hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>	

Procedure 7: Install the Application on Server B







		Daemon is not running AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Epap start ~~ EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Pdba start ~~ EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting
		Starting smartd: [OK] Daemon is not running AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, process 5527 TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 5508
		Oracle Linux Server release 6.9 Kernel 2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64 on an x86_64
14.	MPS B: log in as "epapdev" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev password: password
15.	MPS B: Check the Upgrade log.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported.
		\$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Check the output of the upgrade log. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section, if the output contains any error except the following:
		[root@Salta-B core]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1673985608::ERROR: run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2 is not recognized as a systemd service! 1673985608::ERROR: Could not stop run-
		r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2! 1673985608::ERROR: service_conf reconfig failed! [root@Salta-B core]#
		\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:

	The state of the s
	[root@Salta-B core]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1673985608::ERROR: run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2 is not recognized as a systemd service! 1673985608::ERROR: Could not stop run- r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2! 1673985608::ERROR: service_conf reconfig failed! [root@Salta-B core]# grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1673985030::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/db". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/logs". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/logs". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/logs". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/logs". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/logs". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free". 1673985031::* write: Warning: Group for
MPS B: Check that the upgrade completed successfully.	\$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log

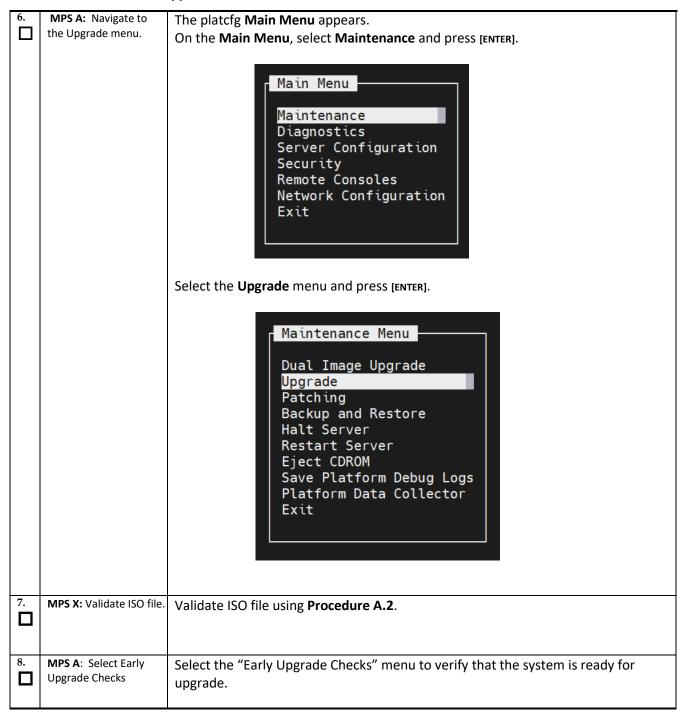
17.	MPS B: Check that the upgrade completed successfully.	Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section. 1399367207:: Upgrade returned success!
18.	Login to MPS A via epapdev user and go to directory /usr/TKLC/epap/bi n and execute the following command: ./mysql_setup.pl	[epapdev@Salta-A ~]# ./mysql_setup.pl
19.	MPS B: Login to MPS A via root user and update ssh_config to disable MD5 and MAC algorithm for security	Perform following steps to disable unsecure algorithm for ssh: 1. \$ grep "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96," /etc/ssh/ssh_config If output contains "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96", execute the below steps 2, 3 and 4. Else go to step 5. 2. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/ssh_config 3. \$ sudo sed -i -e '/MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-sha1-96/d' /etc/ssh/ssh_config 4.\$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/ssh_config
		 \$ grep "MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512" /etc/ssh/sshd_config If no output is displayed for above command continue to next command in steps else skip these steps \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/sshd_config \$ sudo sed -i '\$ a \\tMACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512' /etc/ssh/sshd_config \$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/sshd_config \$ sudo systemctl restart sshd
20.	Update the httpd.conf file to disable the Cache control no-store policy.	Perform the following steps to disable Cache control no-store policy: 1. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf If the output contains "Header set Cache-Control no-store", Execute the below steps. If no output is displayed for the above

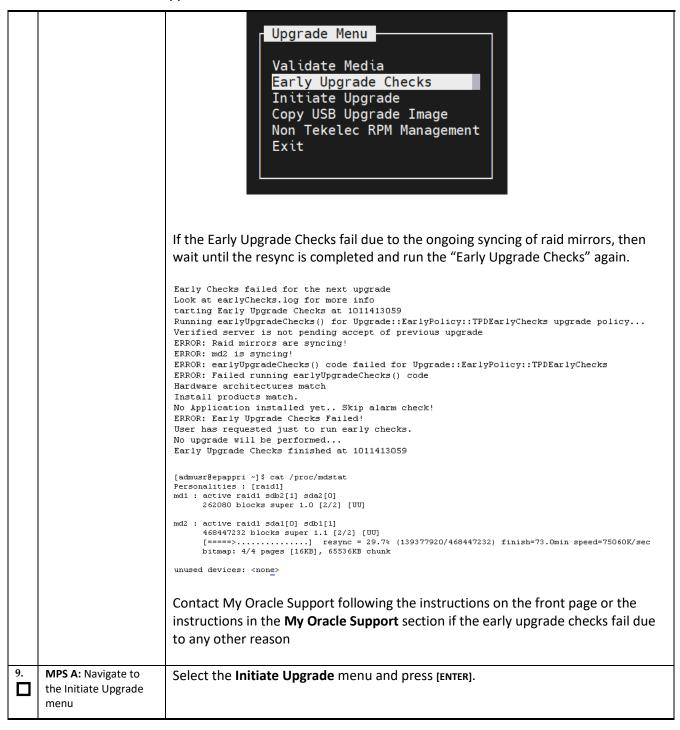
		command, skip the steps mentioned below. 2. \$ sudo sed -i '/Cache-Control no-store/c\#Header set Cache-Control no-store' /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		3. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf The output should be "#Header set Cache-Control no-store" showing that the line has been commented.
21.	MPS B: Install Complete.	Install Procedure is complete.
22.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

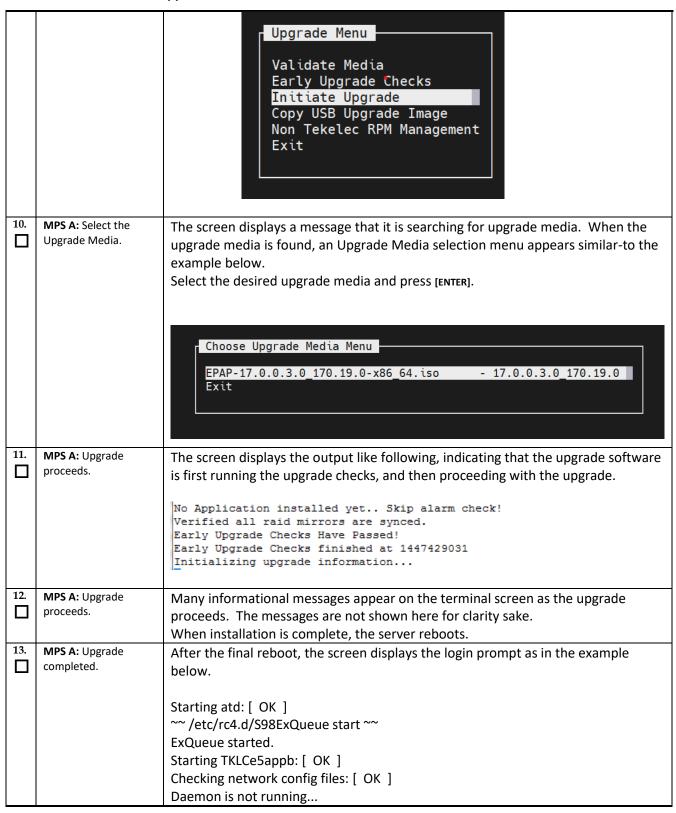
Procedure 8 Install Application on server A

_				
S	This procedure insta	alls the application on the server.		
T				
E	Check off (√) each step	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P				
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.		
1.	MPS A: Install EPAP on 1A.	Perform Procedure in Procedure A.12 or copy EPAP 16.4 ISO to /var/TKLC/upgrade directory.		
2.	Create a terminal window and log into MPS A.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial Port. For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx		
3.	MPS A: Login prompt is displayed.	<pre><hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>		
4.	MPS A: log in as "admusr" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password		
5.	MPS A: Start platcfg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg		

Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server A







		AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Epap start ~~ EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting ~~ /etc/rc4.d/S99Pdba start ~~ EPAP configuration data not found. Exiting Starting smartd: [OK] Daemon is not running AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, process 5527 TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 5508 Oracle Linux Server release 6.9 Kernel 2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64 on an x86_64
14.	MPS A: log in as "epapdev" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev password: password
15.	MPS A: Check the Upgrade log.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported. \$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Check the output of the upgrade log. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section, if the output contains any errors beside the following:
		[root@Salta-B core]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		1673985608::ERROR: run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2 is not recognized as a systemd service!
		1673985608::ERROR: Could not stop run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2!
		1673985608::ERROR: service_conf reconfig failed!
		[root@Salta-B core]#
		\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:

		[root@Salta-B core]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1673985608::ERROR: run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2 is not recognized as a systemd service! 1673985608::ERROR: Could not stop run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2! 1673985608::ERROR: service_conf reconfig failed!
		[root@Salta-B core]# grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1673985030::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/db".
		1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/logs".
		1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free".
		1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/db".
		"/var/TKLC/epap/rt". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path
		1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/logs".
		1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/var/TKLC/epap/free".
		1673985033::useradd: warning: the home directory already exists. 1673985476::2023-01-17T19:57:57.683121Z 0 [Warning] [MY-013746] [Server] A deprecated TLS version TLSv1 is enabled for channel mysql_main
		1673985478::2023-01-17T19:57:57.683144Z 0 [Warning] [MY-013746] [Server] A deprecated TLS version TLSv1.1 is enabled for channel mysql_main 1673985478::2023-01-17T19:57:57.808924Z 6 [Warning] [MY-010453] [Server] root@localhost is created with an empty password! Please consider switching off theinitialize-insecure option.
		1673985551::WARNING: A new file was added to xml alarm filesreparsing xml 1673985551::WARNING: FILE: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml 1673985571::TKLCepap-HA
		######################################
		[root@Salta-B core]#
		Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging.
16.	MPS A: Check that the upgrade completed successfully.	\$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
17.	MPS A: Check that the upgrade completed successfully.	Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section.

Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server A

		1399367207:: Upgrade returned success!
18.	Login to MPS B via epapdev user and go to directory /usr/TKLC/epap/bi n and execute the following command: ./mysql_setup.pl	[epapdev@Salta-A ~]# ./mysql_setup.pl
19.	MPS B: : Login to MPS A via root user and update ssh_config to disable MD5 and MAC algorithm for security	Perform following steps to disable unsecure algorithm for ssh: 1. \$ grep "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96," /etc/ssh/ssh_config If output contains "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96", execute the below steps 2, 3 and 4. Else go to step 5. 2. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/ssh_config 3. \$ sudo sed -i -e '/MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-sha1-96/d' /etc/ssh/ssh_config 4.\$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/ssh_config 5. \$ grep "MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512" /etc/ssh/sshd_config If no output is displayed for above command continue to next command in steps else skip these steps 6. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/sshd_config 7. \$ sudo sed -i '\$ a \\tMACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512' /etc/ssh/sshd_config 8. \$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/sshd_config 9. \$ sudo systemctl restart sshd
20.	Update the httpd.conf file to disable the Cache control no-store policy	Perform the following steps to disable Cache control no-store policy: 1. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf If the output contains "Header set Cache-Control no-store", Execute the below steps. If no output is displayed for the above command, skip the steps mentioned below.

Procedure 8: Install the Application on Server A

		 sudo sed –i '/Cache-Control no-store/c\#Header set CacheControl no- store' / etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		3. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		The output should be "#Header set Cache-Control no-store" showing that the line has been commented.
21.	MPS A: Install Complete.	Install Procedure is complete.
22.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure 9 Switch Configuration

S	This procedure Conf	This procedure Configures the Switches of a new Installed E5-APP-B EPAP Server Pair.	
T E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	Make the cross-over cable connections.	NOTE: THIS IS IMPORTANT	
		CONNECT the cross-over cable from Port 1 of Switch1A to Port 1 of Switch1B .	
		DISCONNECT the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B .	
		Please make a note that the switch configuration should only be attempted by a skilled technician and not all.	
		All uplinks should be removed while switch configuration.	
		There should not be any loop in the switches during their configuration.	
		Make sure to enable and start tftp service by using following commands if not started earlier:	
		sudo systemctl start tftp sudo systemctl enable tftp	
		sado systemen enable trip	

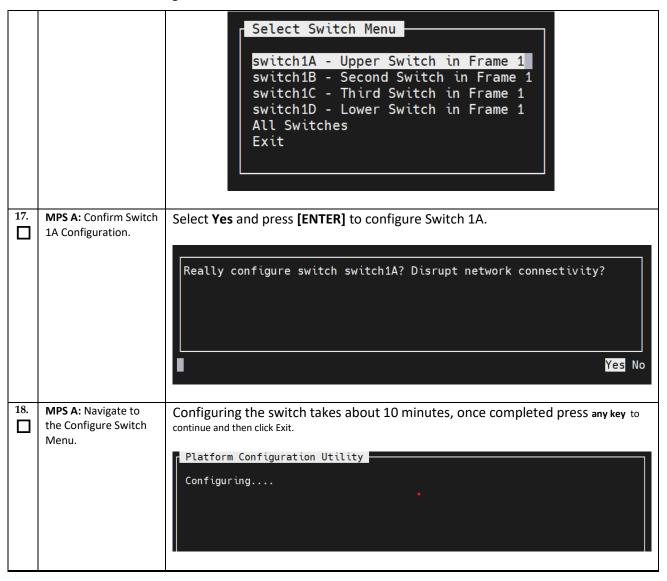
2.	MPS B: log in as "admusr" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: <i>password</i>
3.	MPS B: Set Telco Switch with non- default speed.	Note: The default speed to be set on the switch is 1000Mbps. However, the recommended setting can be changed to 'auto', '1000/full' or '100/full'. At the EAGLE end, the operator can set the IP LINK to 'auto'.
4.	MPS B: Start platcfg utility.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
5.	MPS B: Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platefg Main Menu, select Network Configuration and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Remote Consoles Network Configuration Security Exit
6.	MPS B: Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	On the Network Configuration menu, select Configure Switch and press [ENTER]. Network Configuration Menu SNMP Configuration Network Interfaces Routing Network Bridges Configure Network Iptables Resolv IPSEC Configuration Stunnel Modify Hosts File Configure Switch Exit

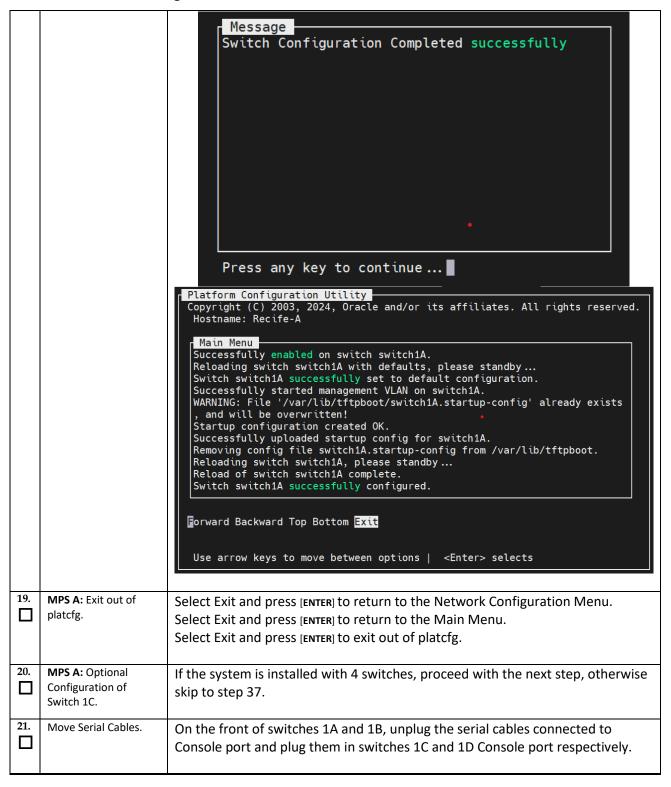


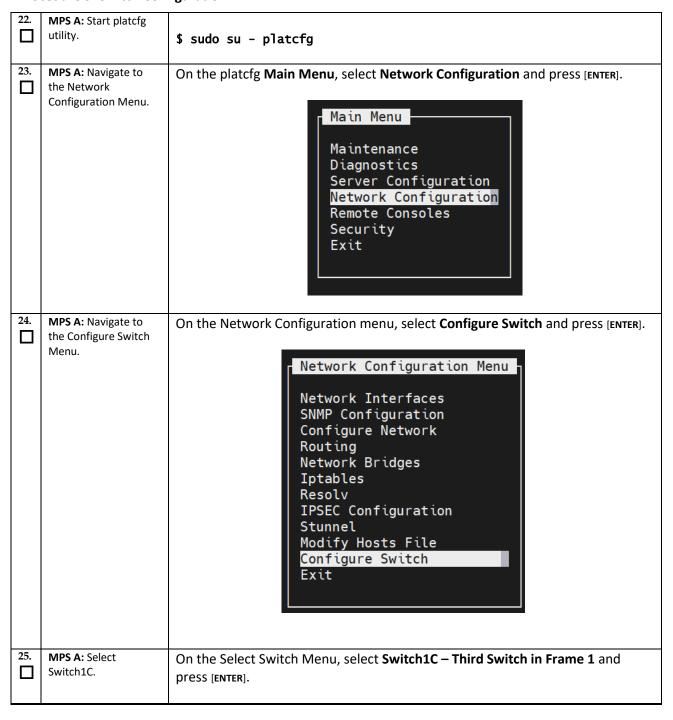


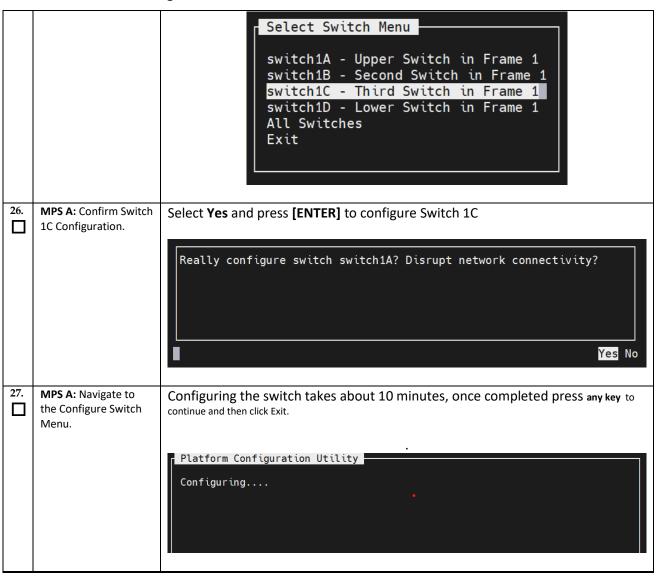
12.	MPS A: Set Telco Switch with non- default speed.	Note: The default speed to be set on the switch is 1000Mbps. However, the recommended setting can be changed to 'auto', '1000/full' or '100/full'. At the EAGLE end, the operator can set the IP LINK to 'auto'. Otherwise proceed to step 13.
13.	MPS A: Start platcfg. utility	\$ sudo su - platcfg
14.	MPS A: Navigate to the Network Configuration Menu.	On the platefg Main Menu, select Network Configuration and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Remote Consoles Security Exit
15.	MPS A: Navigate to the Configure Switch Menu.	On the Network Configuration menu, select Configure Switch and press [ENTER]. Network Configuration Menu Network Interfaces SNMP Configuration Configure Network Routing Network Bridges Iptables Resolv IPSEC Configuration Stunnel Modify Hosts File Configure Switch Exit
16.	MPS A: Select Switch1A.	On the Select Switch Menu, select Switch1A – Upper Switch in Frame 1 and press [ENTER].

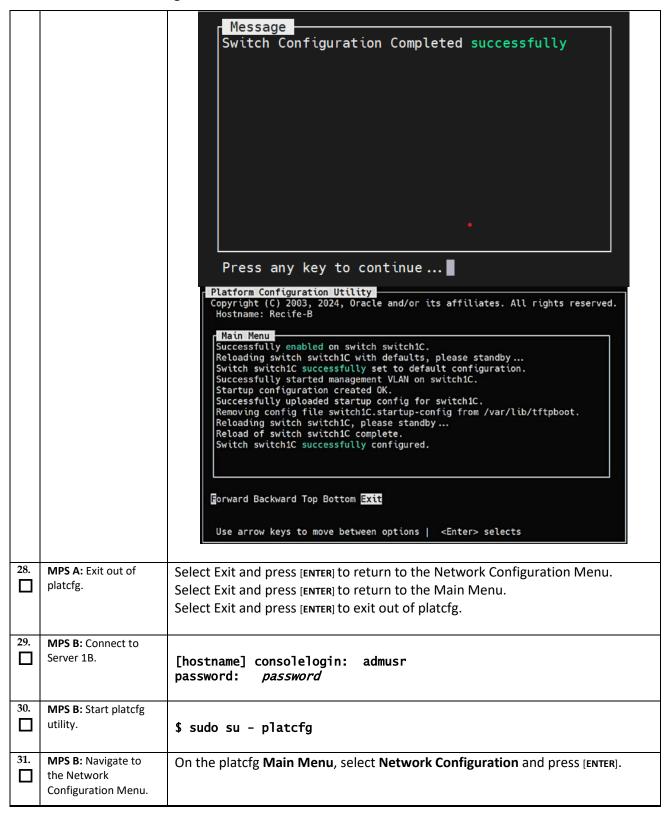
Procedure 9: Switch Configuration



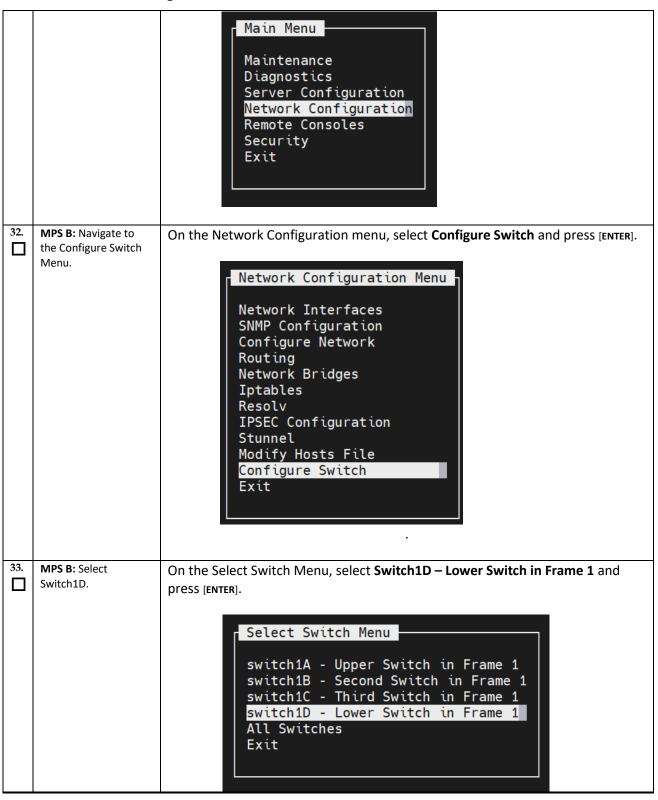




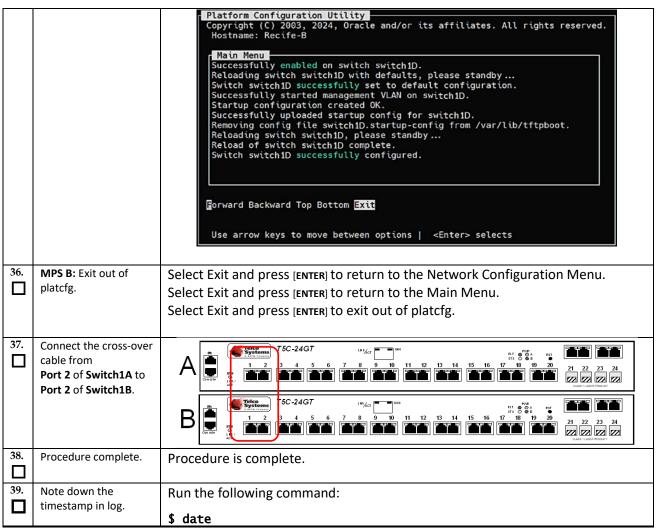




Procedure 9: Switch Configuration



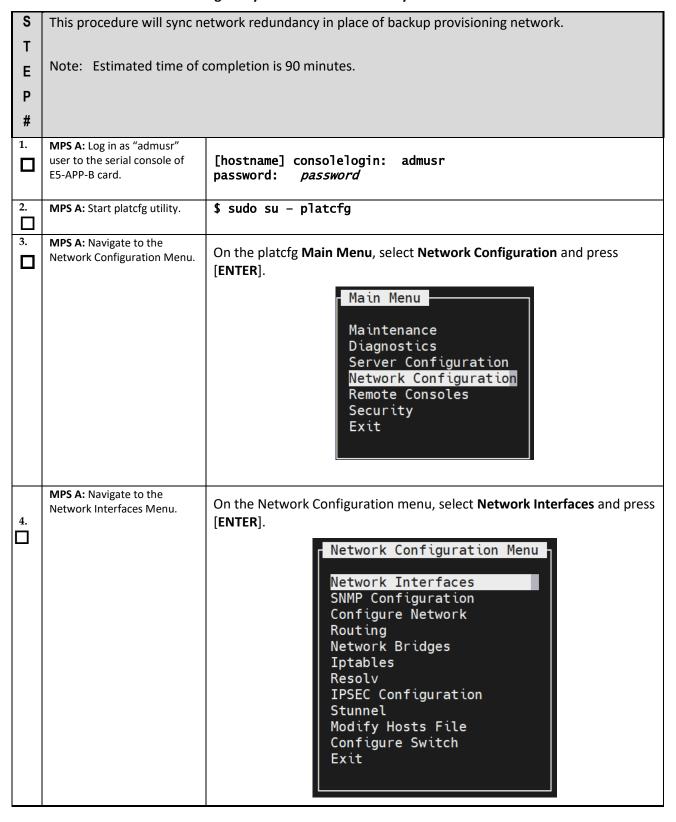


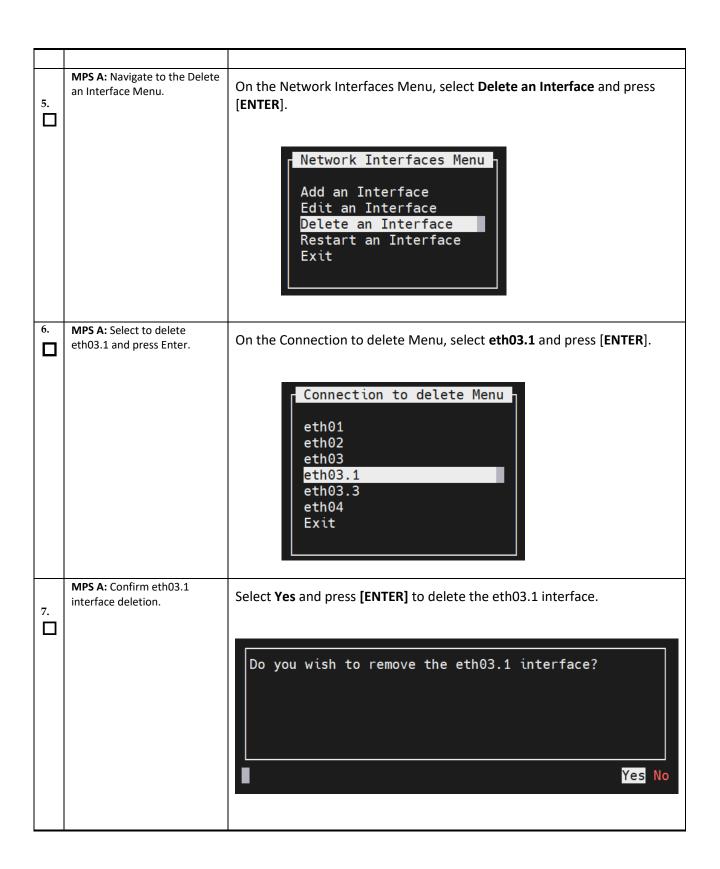


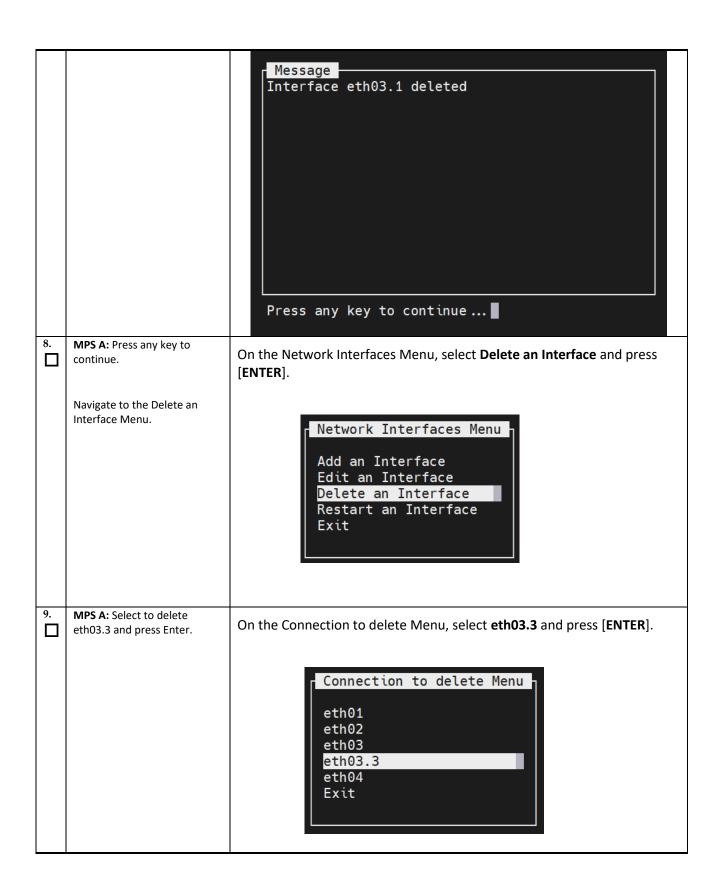
Procedure 10 Configure Sync Network Redundancy

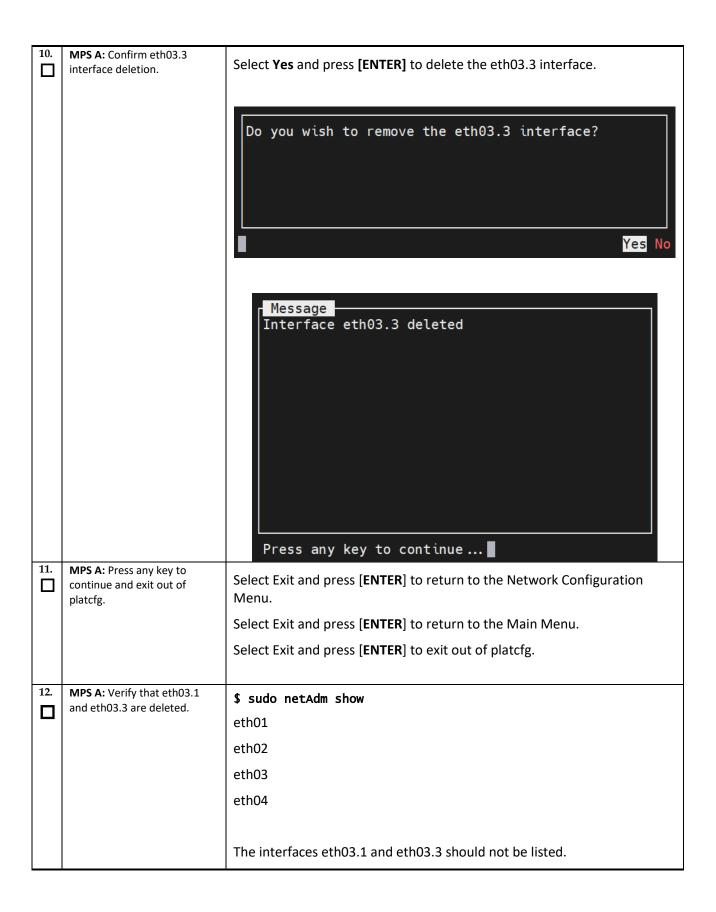
Note: This procedure will configure the E5-APP-B EPAP cards with the Sync Network Redundancy feature. This will use the Backup Provisioning Network ports, therefor the Backup Provisioning Network feature cannot be used.

Procedure 10: Procedure to Configure Sync Network Redundancy









13.	MPS A: Take the backup of original net.conf.	<pre>\$ sudo cp /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.conf_orig</pre>
14.	MPS A: Replace the network configuration file for sync	<pre>\$ sudo cp /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.sync.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.conf</pre>
	network redundancy.	cp: overwrite `/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/net.conf'? y
15.	MPS A A: Take the backup of original vlan.conf.	<pre>\$ sudo cp /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf_orig</pre>
16.	MPS A: Replace the vlan configuration file for sync	E5-APP-B Card:
	network redundancy.	Single Pair of Switch(18 SM Cards): vlan.sync.single_pair_switch.e5appb.conf
		(Ports 7 to 24 on switch 1A and ports 5 to 24 on switch 1B can be used for SM card connectivity)
		Two Pair of switches (40 SM Cards): vlan.sync.e5appb.conf
		(Ports 7 to 22 on switch 1A and ports 5 to 22 on switch 1B can be used for SM card connectivity, no change for switch 1C and 1D)
		For e.g., on T1200 server for Single pair of switches:
		<pre>\$ sudo cp /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.sync.single_pair_switch.t1200.conf /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf</pre>
		cp: overwrite `/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf'? y
17.	MPS A: Reconfigure the	\$ sudo netAdm init
	network interfaces.	Interface bond0 added
		Interface eth01 added
		Interface eth02 added
		Interface bond0.3 added
		Interface eth03 added
		Interface eth04 added
		Interface bond0.1 added
		Successfully configured network
18.	MPS A: Restart network service.	\$ sudo systemctl restart network
19.	MPS B	Repeat all the above steps on the MPS B.

20.	Network Connectivity	Connect eth04 on MPS A to port 5 on Switch 1A and connect eth04 on MPS B to port 6 on Switch 1A.
21.	Configure Switch 1B first and then Switch 1A using 0.	Perform 0 – Switch1B and Switch1A Configuration to configure Switch1B and then Switch1A.
22.	MPS A: Verify that ping mate is working.	\$ ping -c 4 mate
	is working.	PING mate (192.168.2.100) 56(84) bytes of data.
	Also ensure that the sync	64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.189 ms
	redundancy is working fine by turning off one switch and	64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.188 ms
	running ping mate.	64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.166 ms
		64 bytes from mate (192.168.2.100): icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.143 ms
		mate ping statistics
		4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3001ms
		rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.143/0.171/0.189/0.022 ms
23.	MPS A: Reconfigure EPAP	\$ su - epapconfig
	using epapconfig menu if the configuration was done	Please follow the instructions written in 0.
	before configuring sync network redundancy.	
24.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
25.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:
	0.	\$ date

S	This procedure configures the application on the server.
T E P	Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
#	

NOTE: This procedure configures the application in the IPv4 configuration. To configure the application in the IPv6 configuration, refer to [6].		
1.	MPS A: Log on Server A.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: <i>password</i>
2.	MPS A: Switch user to epapconfig.	<pre>\$ sudo su - epapconfig Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/security/User.pm line 904.</pre>
3.	MPS A: A note of caution appears. Evaluate the conditions listed. When all the conditions are satisfied, press Return to continue.	Caution: This is the first login of the text user interface. Please review the following checklist before continuing. Failure to enter complete and accurate information at this time will have unpredictable results. 1. The mate MPS servers (MPS A and MPS B) must be powered on. 2. "Initial Platform Manufacture" for the mate MPS servers must be complete. 3. The sync network between the mate MPS servers must be operational. 4. You must have the correct password for the epapdev user on the mate MPS server. 5. You must be prepared to designate this MPS as provisionable or non-provisionable. Press return to continue
4.	MPS A: Upon pressing Return you can now abort or proceed with the initial configuration. To continue with the configuration, enter Y.	Are you sure you wish to continue? [N]:Y

5.	MPS A:	Password of epapdev:
	For Mined FDAD on	ssh is working correctly.
	For Mixed EPAP or	Password of root:
	Non-Provisionable	ssh is working correctly.
	EPAP: You are	Password of admusr:
	prompted for the	ssh is working correctly.
	epapdev, root and	Password of root:
	admusr user password	ssh is working correctly.
	on the mate MPS server	Building the initial database on side A.
		Stopping local slave
	in order to confirm the	Stopping remote slave
	secure shell keys are	EuiDB already exists.
	successfully exchanged.	FIPS integrity verification test failed.
	The example shows the	Starting local slave
	output generated when	Starting remote slave
	the correct password is	
	entered, the secure	The provisioning architecture of the EPAP software allows for
	,	exactly 2 customer provisionable sites. Additional sites that
	shell keys are	are to receive the data provisioned to the provisionable sites
	successfully exchanged,	should answer 'N' here.
	and the UI database is	
	set up on MPS A and	If there are only 2 mated sites, it is safe to answer `Y' here.
	MPS B at this site.	_
	Type Y if this site is	Is this site provisionable? [Y]: Y
	Provisionable (either	
	•	
	mixed-EPAP or	
	PDBonly), otherwise	Caution: This is the first login of the text user interface.
	Type N.	
		Press return to continue
		Are you sure you wish to continue? [N]: Y
		Building the initial database on side A.
	For Standalone PDB:	Stopping local slave
	You are prompted for	No preexisting EuiDB database was detected. Set EPAP System Number: ES12345678
	the System Number and	Enter the Network Configuration Type (1 for Single, 2 for Segmented): 2
	Network Configuration	and the new of the section is the section of the se
	Type.	
	.) ٢٠٠.	
		EPAP Configuration Menu for standalone PDB:
6.	MPS A: The EPAP	EPAP CONTINUATION MENU FOR Standarone PDB:
	Configuration Menu is	
	displayed. Select choice	
	2, Configure Network	
	Interfaces Menu.	
	interraces ivienu.	

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/EPAP Configuration N	
1 Display Configuration	on I
2 Configure Network In	nterfaces Menu
3 Set Time Zone	i
4 Exchange Secure Shel	ll Keys
5 Change Password	i
6 Platform Menu	i
7 Configure NTP Server	r ¦
8 PDB Configuration Me	enu
9 Security	i
10 SNMP Configuration	i
11 Configure Alarm Feed	i
Query Serv	ver
13 Configure Query Serv	ver Alarm Feed
SNMP Agent	t Community
15 DB Architecture Menu	ı ,
e Exit	i
\	/
EPAP Configuration Menu for N	ON-Prov EPAP:

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		/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		Configure Alarm Feed
		Configure SNMP Agent Community
		13 Mate Disaster Recovery
		14 DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 2
7.	MPS A: The Configure	
	Network Interfaces Menu is displayed.	Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP: /Configure Network Interfaces Menu
	Select choice 1,	/\
	Configure Provisioning Network.	1 Configure Provisioning Network
		2 Configure Sync Network
		3 Configure DSM Network
		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		5 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		6 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses

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		L a Fyst
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 1
		Configuration Menu for Standalone PDB:
		/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
		1 Configure Provisioning Network
		2 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		3 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		e Exit /
		Enter Choice: 1
8.	MPS A: The submenu	/Configure Provisiong Network Menu-\
	for configuring communications	1 IPv4 Configuration
	networks and other information is	2 IPv6 Configuration
	displayed.	l e l Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice:
	Note: Enter choice "1" for IPv4 configuration.	Example output for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP in IPv4 configuration:
	Otherwise, enter choice "2" for IPv6	Enter Choice: 1
	configuration.	Verifying connectivity with mate
		EPAP A provisioning network IP Address: 10.75.141.47 EPAP B provisioning network IP Address: 10.75.141.48
		EPAP provisioning network netmask: 255.255.255.128
		EPAP provisioning network default router: 10.75.141.1
		Example output Standalone PDB in IPv4 configuration:
		EPAP A provisioning network IP Address:10.75.141.47 EPAP provisioning network netmask:255.255.128
		EPAP provisioning network default router:10.75.141.1
9.	MPS A: The Configure Network Interfaces	Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP:
	menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\ /\ 1 Configure Provisioning Network
	Select choice e, exit.	
		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		,

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		_		
		5	Configure Static NAT Addresses	
		6	Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses	
		e \	 Exit	
		Enter	Choice: e	
		Configu	ration Menu for Standalone PDB:	
		/	-Configure Network Interfaces Menu\	
			Configure Provisioning Network	
		2	Configure Backup Provisioning Network	
		3	Configure Static NAT Addresses	
		e	Exit	
			Choice: e	
10.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 3, Set Time Zone.	EPAP	Configuration Menu for Non-prov EPAP:	

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		/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		13 Mate Disaster Recovery
		14 DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 3
11.	MPS A: An important Caution statement is displayed. After noting	Caution: This action requires a reboot of the affected MPS servers to activate the change. Operation of the EPAP software before the MPS servers are rebooted may have unpredictable consequences.
	the caution, press Return to continue.	Press return to continue <return></return>
		Are you sure you wish to change the timezone for MPS A and B? [N]: Y

	You are prompted for			
	confirmation on setting			
	the time zone for the			
	MPS A and MPS B at			
	this site for Mixed EPAP			

	or Non-provisionable			
	EPAP. For Standalone			
	PDB, time zone for MPS			
	A is prompted only.			
	1			
	Enter y to confirm the			
	change. (Pressing			
	Return accepts the			
	default of 'N' (no),			
	1			
	cancels the action and			
	you are returned to the			
	EPAP Configuration			
	Menu). Type Y to set			
	the time zone.			
	the time zone.			
12.	NADC At The fellouding	Enter a time zone:		
	MPS A: The following			
	prompt is displayed. If			
	the time zone is known,			
	it can be entered at the			
	prompt. If the exact			
	time zone value is not			
	known, press Return,			
	and a list of the valid			
	names is displayed.			
12				
13.	If an incorrect time	Valid time zone files a	aro:	
	zone is entered or if	Australia/Broken_Hill	Australia/LHI	
	only the Return key is	Australia/NSW	Australia/ Liii	
	1	Australia/North	Australia/Queensland	
	pressed, a list of all	Australia/South	Austra i la/ Queens lanu	
	available time zone	Australia/South Australia/Tasmania	Australia/Victoria	
1	values is displayed.	Australia/West	Australia/Victoria	
1	· <i>'</i>	Australia/West Australia/Yancowinna	Australia/ACT	Brazil/Acre
1		Brazil/DeNoronha	Brazil/East	Brazil/West
1	Note: The time zero	Canada/Atlantic	Canada/Central	Canada/East-
1	Note: The time zone	Saskatchewan	Canaua/ Centi a i	Callaua/ EdSL-
1	change does not take	Canada/Eastern	Canada/Mountain	
	effect until the next	Canada/Newfoundland	Canada/Modifica in	
	time the MPS is		Canada/Yukon	
		Canada/Pacific	Callada/ Yukuli	
1	rebooted.	Chile/Continental Chile/EasterIsland	Etc/GMT	Etc/GMT+1
1		Sample Output o	ELC/OMI	ECC/GMI+T
1		End of o	output below	
1		MST	MST7MDT	NZ
1		NZ-CHAT	PRC	PST8PDT
1		Poland	Portugal	ROC
1		ROK	Singapore	Turkey
1		W-SU	WET	africa
		asia	australasia	backward
		etcetera	europe	factory
		northamerica	pacificnew	solar87
		solar88	solar89	southamerica
1		GB-Eire	GMT	GMT+0
			· · ·	J

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		CMT . 1	CMT, 10	CMT, 11
		GMT+1	GMT+10	GMT+11
		GMT+12 GMT+3	GMT+13	GMT+2
			GMT+4	GMT+5
		GMT+6 GMT+9	GMT+7	GMT+8 GMT-1
		GMT+9 GMT-10	GMT-0 GMT-11	GMT-1 GMT-12
		GMT-10 GMT-2	GMT-11 GMT-3	GMT-12 GMT-4
		GMT-5	GMT-6	GMT-7
		GMT-8	GMT-9	Greenwich
		Jamaica	Navajo	UCT
		UTC	Universal	zu]u
		010	oni vei sa i	2414
		Enter a time zor	ne file (relative to /usr/share/lib/	zoneinfo): US/Eastern
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,
14.	OFDVFD A. F.	EPAP Configura	tion Menu for Non-prov EPAP:	
ΙП	SERVER A: Enter			
	choice 7, Configure		Configuration Menu\	
	NTP Server Menu.	/		\
	ivii Scivei iviella.	I 1 Displa	ay Configuration	I .
				•
	NOTE: If an NTP		gure Network Interfaces Menu	
	server does not need to			1
	be added at this time,	3 Set Ti	ime Zone	1
	you can skip all steps			
	related to option 7			
	Configure NTP Server		nge Secure Shell Keys	I
	Menu, and proceed to			I
	the PDB Configuration	5 Change	Password	
	Menu at step 20.			i
		6 Platfo		
				I
			gure NTP Server	1
				I
		I 8 I PDB Co	onfiguration Menu	i
		9 Securi		I
				I
		10 SNMP (Configuration	I
				1
		I 11 I Confid	gure Alarm Feed	i
			gure SNMP Agent Community	
				1
		13 Mate I	Disaster Recovery	I
				i
			chitecture Menu	
				I
		e Exit		I
		\		/
		Enter Choice:	7	
		1		

		,
15.	MPS A: The EPAP Configure NTP Server	/EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu-\
	Menu is displayed.	1 Display External NTP Server
	Enter choice 2, Add External NTP Server.	2 Add External NTP Server
		3 Remove External NTP Server
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 2
		/Add External NTP Server Menu-\
		/\
		1 IPv4 Configuration
		2 IPv6 Configuration
		e Exit
	Note: Enter choice "1" to configure IPv4 NTP server. Otherwise, enter choice "2" to configure IPv6 NTP server.	Enter Choice:
16.	MPS A: You are prompted to confirm the action of adding a	Are you sure you wish to add new NTP Server? [N]: Y Enter the EPAP NTP Server IP Address: <ntp_server_ip_addr></ntp_server_ip_addr>
	new NTP Server. (Pressing Return would	External NTP Server [<ntp_server_ip_addr>] has been added.</ntp_server_ip_addr>
	accept the default of 'N'	Press return to continue <return></return>
	or 'no', and would cancel the action to add an external NTP server.)	
	Type Y and press return.	
	NOTE: All NTP	
	Server IP addresses	
	shown are only examples.	
	examples.	
17.	MPS A: The	
	EPAP Configure NTP	/EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu-\ /\
	Server Menu is displayed.	1 Display External NTP Server
	r - r	2 Add External NTP Server
		3 Remove External NTP Server

	Enter choice 1, Display External NTP Server.	e Exit
		Enter Choice: 1
18.	MPS A: Verify the External NTP Server IP address is correct and press Return.	ntpserver1 <ipaddress> Press return to continue<return></return></ipaddress>
	NOTE: All NTP Server IP addresses shown are only examples.	
19.	MPS A: The EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit.	/EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu-\ 1 Display External NTP Server 2 Add External NTP Server 3 Remove External NTP Server e Exit Enter Choice: e
20.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 8, PDB Configuration Menu. Note: Execute the step to do PDB	PDB Configuration Menu for Non-prov EPAP:
	Configuration Menu (except step 27) even if the EPAP is to be configured as Non- Provisionable.	

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	EPAP Configuration Menu\
,	Display Configuration
2	
3	Set Time Zone
	 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
5	Change Password
	Platform Menu
	 Configure NTP Server
8	 PDB Configuration Menu
	Security
10	
11	 Configure Alarm Feed
	 Configure SNMP Agent Community
13	 Mate Disaster Recovery
	 DB Architecture Menu
	 Exit
`	/ choice: 8

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

-		
21.	MPS A: The Configure	PDB Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP:
	PDB Menu is displayed. Select choice 1.	/Configure PDB Menu\ /\
		1 Configure PDB Network
		2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change MPS Provisionable State
		 4 Create PDB
		 5 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		 6 Change PDBA Proxy State
		 e Exit
		\/
		PDB Configuration menu for Non-Provisionable EPAP:
		/Configure PDB Menu\
		1 Configure PDB Network
		2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		 e Exit
	Note: Configure the	\/
	PDB network in the same format as that of	Enter Choice: 1
	the provisioning network format.	PDB Configuration Menu for Standalone PDB (for default DB Architecture: COMPACT):
		/Configure PDB Menu\
		/\ 1 Configure PDB Network
		2 Create PDB
		3 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		 e Exit /
		Enter Choice: 1

22		DDD N. J. C. C. J.
22.	MPS A: The PDB Network Configuration Menu is displayed.	PDB Network Configuration menu:
	Select choice 1.	/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /\ 1 IPv4 Configuration
23.	Note: Do not provide the remote PDBA IP address in case user is performing migration.	Following is the output on Mixed EPAP. Verifying connectivity with mate This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA
	MPS A: Provide the IP address of the MPS A on EAGLE A and the IP address for the MPS A on EAGLE B where the remote PDBA database is to reside. Enter the password for MPS A on EAGLE B. If	IPv4 address is currently set to <ip>. The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently not configured. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is <ip>. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: EPAP remote PDBA B machine IP Address [0.0.0.0]: <b address="" ip=""> The server does not know of will just exchange host keys for the name given! Password of epapdev: <epapdev password=""></epapdev></ip></ip>
	configuration of the PDB network is successful, the output confirms the secure shell keys are successfully exchanged, as shown in the output for Provisionable(mixed-EPAP and PDBonly) MPSs Note: If the default values shown are correct press return to accept them. Otherwise, enter the	Following is the output on Non-Provisionable EPAP. Verifying connectivity with mate This MPS is configured to be non-provisionable. You will be prompted for both of the remote PDBA addresses. Order does not matter. Enter one of the two PDBA IP addresses [0.0.0.0]: <ip address=""> Enter the other of the two PDBA IP addresses [0.0.0.0]: <ip address=""> Following is the output on Standalone PDB. This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA</ip></ip>
	values and press Return.	IPv4 address is currently set to <ip> The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently not set. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is <ip>.</ip></ip>

		EDAD compts DDDA ID Adduses [O O O O]		
	In case of Non- Provisionable EPAP,provide the IP address of Active and Standby PDBA.	EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]:		
24.	MPS A: Press Return to return to the Configure PDB Menu. Enter choice 2, RTDB Homing Menu.	Skip this step if EPAP configured as Standalone PDB.		
25.	MPS A: The RTDB Homing Menu is displayed. Enter choice 3, Configure Standby	Skip this step for Standalone PDB.		
		For Non-Prov Nodes:		
	RTDB Homing.	/RTDB Homing Menu\ /\		
		1 Configure Specific RTDB Homing 		
		2 Configure Active RTDB Homing		
		3 Configure Standby RTDB Homing		
		e Exit		
		Enter Choice: 2		
		In the event that the Active PDB is unavailable, should updates be allowed to the RTDBs from the Standby PDBA? [Y]: N		
		Caution: If this option is selected, the Standby PDB will not provision the RTDBs at this site in the event that the Active PDB is not available.		
		Are you sure you want to disallow updates to the RTDBs from the Standby PDB? [N]: Y		
		The RTDBs will home to the Active and will not allow updates from the Standby PDB.		
		Press return to continue^[

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_	1	_
		For Mixed EPAP :
		MPS Side A: hostname: Floater05 hostid: 4b0a6e8d Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.6.0.0.0_110.6.0 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.12-17.0.0.0.0_170.12.0 Wed Mar 29 05:59:19 EDT 2023
		/RTDB Homing Menu\ /\ 1 Configure Specific RTDB Homing 2 Configure Active RTDB Homing
		3 Configure Standby RTDB Homing e Exit \/
		Enter Choice: 1
		EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y
		EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: Y Since this is an unpaired EPAP, specific homing will be directed to the local PDB.
		The RTDB Homing policy is set to 'specific' and will prefer updates from 10.75.141.110
		Press return to continue
26.	MPS A: The RTDB Homing Menu is displayed. Enter e to exit.	Skip this step for Standalone PDB. /RTDB Homing Menu 1 Configure Specific RTDB Homing

27.		
	MPS A: Enter choice 3. Create PDB.	Note: Perform this step only for the Provisionable EPAP (Mixed EPAP or Standalone PDB). Skip this step if the EPAP is configured as Non-Provisionable.
		The Menu for Mixed EPAP.
		/Configure PDB Menu\
	Note: Stop the EPAP software by answering 'Y', If you get the message to stop it.	/\ 1 Configure PDB Network
		2 RTDB Homing Menu
	Note: While creating PDB	3 Create PDB
	database using the Create PDB option of the EPAP	 4 Change Auto DB Recovery State
	Configuration Menu, ensure that the value for	5 Change PDBA Proxy State
	remote PBD IP is set to 0.0.0.0.	e Exit
		Enter Choice:
		Enter Choice: 3
		The Menu for Standalone PDB(for default DB Architecture: COMPACT):
		/Configure PDB Menu\
		Enter Choice: 2
		localIp = 10.75.141.47 localName=Natal-47A remoteIp = 0.0.0.0 There is no remote PDB remoteBIp = 0.0.0.0 There is no remote B PDB mysqld is alive Local PDB database does not exist. Creating the local database ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~
		PDBA process is already stopped. Removing local pdba status file.
		Creating the remote database

28.	NOTE:	TRUNCATED OUTPUT
	The example output to the right has been truncated for brevity.	MyISAM file: /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/stats/pdbaStats.MYI is already checked Waiting for mysqlpdb to start done Removing local pdba status file. Removing remote pdba status file.
29.	MPS A: The Configure	The Configure PDB Menu for Mixed EPAP:
	PDB Menu is displayed. Enter choice e , Exit. The	/Configure PDB Menu\
	Configure PDB Menu is	
	displayed. Enter choice e , Exit.	2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change MPS Provisionable State
		4 Create PDB
		5 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		6 Change PDBA Proxy State
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: e The Configure PDB Menu for Standalone PDB:
		/Configure PDB Menu\ /\
		1 Configure PDB Network
		2 Create PDB
		3 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: e
30.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Enter choice 1, Display Configuration.	

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		/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		/\ 1 Display Configuration
		Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		6 Platform Menu
		Configure NTP Server
		PDB Configuration Menu
		 9 Security
		SNMP Configuration
		Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		Configure SNMP Agent Community
		Mate Disaster Recovery
		e Exit
		\/
31.	MPS A: The	Enter Choice: 1
	configuration information is	For Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP configured in IPv4 configuration, the configuration data shall look like:
	displayed. Verify that the configuration data displayed is correct.	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 10.75.141.55 EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address v6 = Not configured EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address v6 = Not configured Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.128 Provisioning Network Prefix = Not configured Provisioning Network Default Router = 10.75.141.1 Provisioning Network Default Router v6 = Not configured EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured

```
Backup Prov Network Prefix v6
                                            = Not configured
Backup Prov Network Default Router
Backup Prov Network Default Router v6
EPAP A Sync Network Address
                                                 = Not configured
                                                 = Not configured
                                                 = 192.168.2.100
= 192.168.2.200
EPAP A Sync Network Address
EPAP B Sync Network Address
                                                 = 192.168.120.100
EPAP A Main DSM Network Address
EPAP B Main DSM Network Address
                                                 = 192.168.120.200
                                                 = 192.168.121.100
= 192.168.121.200
EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address
EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address
EPAP IP Version
                                                 = IPV4
EPAP A HTTP Port
                                                 = 80
EPAP B HTTP Port
                                                 = 80
EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port
                                                  = 8001
EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port
                                                  = 8001
EPAP A Banner Connection Port
                                                 = 8473
                                                 = 8473
EPAP B Banner Connection Port
EPAP A Static NAT Address
                                                 = Not configured
                                                 = Not configured
EPAP B Static NAT Address
                                                 = 5873
PDBI Port
Remote MPS A Static NAT Address
                                                 = Not configured
Remote MPS A HTTP Port
                                                 = 80
Local Provisioning VIP
                                                  = Not configured
Remote Provisioning VIP
                                                  = Not configured
Local PDBA Address
Local PDBA Address v6
0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000
                                                  = 10.75.141.55
Remote PDBA Address
                                                  = 0.0.0.0
Remote PDBA B Address
                                                  = 0.0.0.0
Time Zone
                                                  = America/New_York
PDB Database
                                                  = Exists
                                                  = 10.75.141.55
Preferred PDB
Allow updates from alternate PDB
                                                  = Yes
Auto DB Recovery Enabled
                                                  = No
PDBA Proxy Enabled
                                                  = No
Press return to continue...<return>
For Standalone PDB, the configuration data shall look like:
EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address
                                                  = 10.250.51.130
                                                 = Not configured
= 255.255.255.128
Provisioning Network Netmask
                                                 = Not configured
= 10.250.51.1
Provisioning Network Prefix
Provisioning Network Default Router
Provisioning Network Default Router v6
EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address
                                                 = Not configured
                                                 = Not configured
EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address v6 = Not configured
Backup Prov Network Netmask
                                                 = Not configured
Backup Prov Network Prefix v6 = Not configured
Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured
Sockup Prov Network Default Router v6 = Not configured
Network Configuration Type
                                                 = SINGLE
EPAP IP Version
                                                 = IPv4
EPAP A HTTP Port
                                                 = 80
                                                  = 8001
EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port
EPAP A Banner Connection Port
                                                 = 8473
EPAP A Static NAT Address
                                                 = Not configured
PDBI Port
                                                 = 5873
                                                 = Not configured
Remote MPS A Static NAT Address
Remote MPS A HTTP Port
                                                  = Not configured
Local PDBA Address
                                               = 10.250.51.1\overline{30}
Local PDBA Address v6
                                               = Not configured
                                               = 0.0.0.0
Remote PDBA Address
                                               = US/Eastern
Time Zone
PDB Database
                                               = Exists
Auto DB Recovery Enabled
```

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		Press return to continue <return></return>
32.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Enter choice e, Exit.	Press return to continue <return> EPAP Configuration Menu for Non-Provisional EPAP: /EPAP Configuration Menu</return>
		For Non-Provisionable EPAP, the following is displayed. INFO: Increasing rt volume size for Non-provisionable EPAP. Please wait INFO: db space increased on 'A'. INFO: Stopping Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done. INFO: Starting Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done.

Procedure 11: Configuring the Application

		INFO: Successfully configured Non-provisionable EPAP.
33.	Execute the following commands on Non-Prov Nodes only: sed -i 's/mysqld, 2, 50000000000000000000000000000000000	[root@Manaus-a ~]# sed _i 's/mysqld, 2, 500000000000002, -, -, -, -, 2, 50000000000002, -/mysqld, 1, 50000000000000, -, -, -, -, -, 1, 50000000000002, -/g' /usr/TKLC/epap/lib/syscheck_config_non_prov [root@Manaus-a ~]# sed _i 's/mysqld, 2, 500000000000000, -, -, -, -, -, 2, 500000000000000, -/mysqld, 1, 50000000000000, -, -, -, -, -, -, 1, 500000000000000, -/g' /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/syscheck/procrun.d/syscheck_config_prov
	sed -i 's/mysqld, 2, 50000000000000000 2, -, -, -, -, 2, 500000000000000 2, - /mysqld, 1, 500000000000000 2, -, -, -, -, 1, 50000000000000 2, -/g' /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ syscheck_procrun.d /syscheck_config_p rov	
34.	Move the pdba binary file on Mixed and PDBonly server	[epapdev@Quito-a~]# cd /usr/TKLC/epap/bin [epapdev@Quito-a bin]# mv pdba pdba_stopped [epapdev@Quito-a bin]#

Note: This step is valid	
only when the user is	
	EPAP Configuration Menu for mixed EPAP:
MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice	
6 , Platform Menu.	/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\
	1 Display Configuration
	2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
	3 Set Time Zone
	4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
	5 Change Password
	6 Platform Menu
	7 Configure NTP Server
	8 PDB Configuration Menu
	9 Security
	10 SNMP Configuration
	11 Configure Alarm Feed
	12 Configure Query Server
	13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
	14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
	15 Mate Disaster Recovery
	e Exit
	Enter Choice: 6
MPS A: The Platform	Menu for Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP:
Menu is displayed.	/EPAP Platform Menu-\
MPS.	/\ 1 Initiate Upgrade
	MPS A: The Platform Menu is displayed. Select choice 6, Platform Menu. MPS A: The Platform Menu is displayed. Enter Choice 2, Reboot

		4 RTDB Backup
		e Exit \/
		Enter Choice: 2
		CAUTION: Rebooting this MPS will stop all EPAP processes will prevent updating of the RTDB until the EPAP software is automatically re-started when the system comes back up. Are you sure you want to reboot the MPS? [N]: Menu for Standalone PDB:
		/EPAP Platform Menu-\
		1 Initiate Upgrade
		2 Reboot MPS
		3 MySQL Backup
		Enter Choice: 2
		CAUTION: Rebooting this MPS will stop all EPAP processes will
		prevent updating of the RTDB until the EPAP software is automatically re-started when the system comes back up.
37.	MPS A: For Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP you are prompted whether MPS A, MPS B	For Mixed EPAP and Non-Provisionable EPAP, a prompt is displayed:
		Reboot MPS A, MPS B or [BOTH]: <return></return>
	or BOTH sides are to be	
	rebooted. Select the default value of BOTH	
	by pressing Return.	
	Note: In case of the	For Standalone PDB, the following is displayed.
	Standalone PDB, no prompt is given and the server goes down for a reboot.	Reboot local MPS
		Broadcast message from root (pts/1) (Thu May 29 16:13:51 2014):
		The system is going down for reboot NOW!
38.	Move the pdba_stopped binary file on Mixed and PDBonly server	[epapdev@Quito-a bin]# mv pdba_stopped pdba [epapdev@Quito-a bin]#
	Note: This step is valid only when user is performing migration	

39.	MPS A: The console logon appears at the system prompt signifying the EPAP initial configuration is completed.	<pre><hostname> login: admusr Password: Note: The console logon will be preceded by many lines of reboot output.</hostname></pre>
40.	Connected PDBonly: Configure DSM Min Mem Size	Execute Procedure A.21 only if the Non-Prov EPAP is installed and is connected to Standalone PDB server. Otherwise, skip this step if — a. This is Mixed EPAP b. This is non-prov EPAP and connected to mixed EPAP.
41.	Reconnect console cables.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B B card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B A card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
42.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
43.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure 12 Provision data from GUI

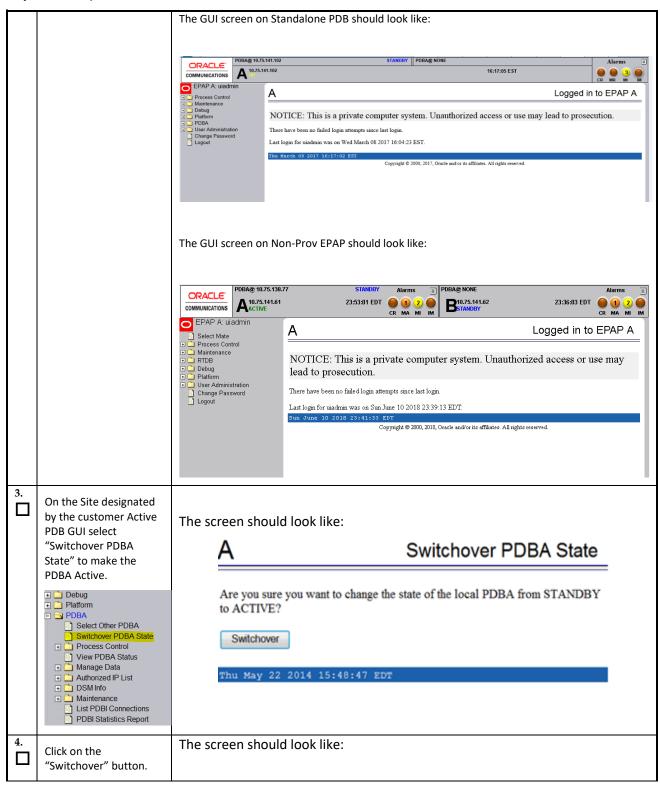
Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)

S	This procedure provision 1 NE and 1 DN from GUI on Active Site. Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
T E P #		
1.	Access the EPAP GUI by opening a web browser (Preferably IE) via HTTPS and providing the IP address of Server A. The EPAP LOGIN screen should appear.	The GUI screen on Mixed EPAP should look like:

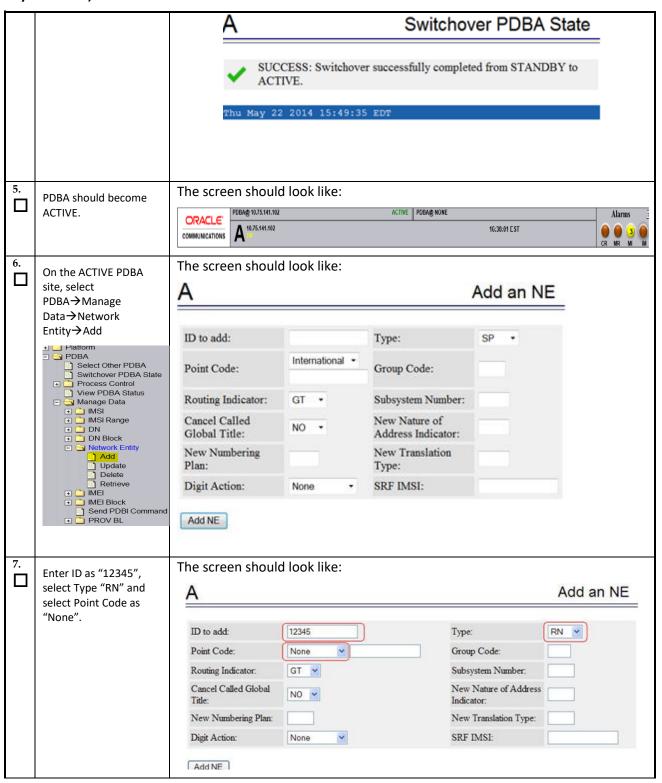
Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)

		EPAP 17.0.0.3.0 User Interface Username: Password: Login
		The GUI screen on Standalone PDB should look like: EPAP 17.0.0.3.0 User Interface System Number: ES12345678 Username: Password: Login
2.	Login as uiadmin.	The GUI screen on Mixed EPAP should look like: COMMUNICATIONS

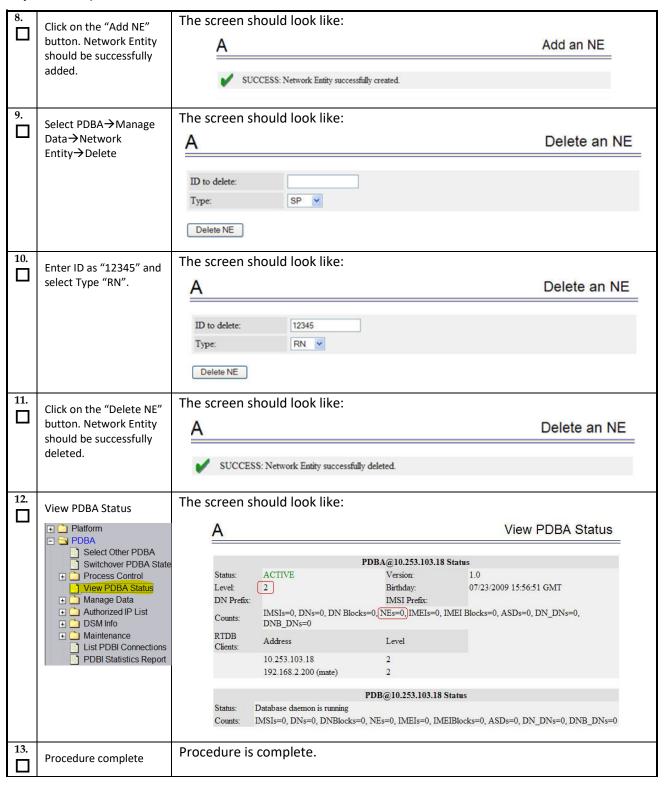
Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)



Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)



Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)



Procedure 12: Provision data from GUI (Active Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) Site as designated by customer)

14.	Note down the	Run the following command:
"	timestamp in log.	\$ date

Procedure 13 Change DB Architecture

Procedure 13: Change the DB Architecture

NOTE: Skip this procedure in following three cases:

- 1. EPAP 17.0 is a Mixed EPAP.
- 2. Extreme architecture is not required

S	This procedure change the	DB Architecture from COMPACT to eXtreme.
Т		
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	MPS A: Log in as epapdev user.	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev password: password
2.	MPS A: Log into epapconfig.	<pre>\$ sudo su - epapconfig Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.</pre>
3.	MPS A: The EPAP	Note: Start Pdba software before executing this operation.
	Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 14 or 15, DB Architecture Menu	EPAP Configuration Menu for Non-Provisionable:
	Note: Select choice 14 on Non-provisionable EPAP and 15 on PDBonly.	

	/	-EPAP Configuration Menu\
	-	Display Configuration
	2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
	3	Set Time Zone
	4	Exchange Secure Shell Keys
	5	Change Password
		Platform Menu
	7	Configure NTP Server
		PDB Configuration Menu
	9	Security
		SNMP Configuration
	11	Configure Alarm Feed
		Configure SNMP Agent Community
	13	Mate Disaster Recovery
		DB Architecture Menu
		Exit
	•	choice: 14
	EPAP Co	onfiguration Menu for standalone PDB:

		/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit
		Enter choice: 15
4.	MPS A: The DB Architecture Menu is displayed. Select choice 1, Display current DB Architecture	/DB Architecture Menu\
		/\ 1 Display Current DB Architecture
	Note: Default DB Architecture is displayed.	2 Change DB Architecture to eXtreme
		 e Exit
		Enter Choice: 1

		DB Architecture: COMPACT
5.	MPS A: The DB Architecture Menu is displayed. Select choice 2, Change DB Architecture to eXtreme NOTE: It may be asked to stop the EPAP software if it is running. Stop it by answering 'Y'.	Skip this step if DB Architecture already set to eXtreme. /DB Architecture Menu

		Caution: If this option is selected, the DB Architecture shall be changed from Compact to eXtreme and this architecture cannot be reverted. Please verify that all connected Non-Provisional Sites are running on eXtreme Architecture. It will take 30 minutes or more to populate the PDB 9Dig tables. Are you sure you want to change the DB Architecture from Compact to eXtreme? [N]: Y EPAP software is running. Stop it? [N]: Y PDBA software is running. Stop it? [N]: Y INFO: Populating the DN 9 Digit tables INFO: Populating the IMSI 9 Digit tables INFO: DB ARCHITECTURE changed to eXtreme. Press return to continue
6.	MPS A: The DB Architecture Menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit	/DB Architecture Menu\ /
7.	MPS A: EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice e, Exit	

		/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		/\
		1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: e
8.	MPS A: Start Epap and	Start Epap and Pdba software to reflect the changes. Use the following command to start Epap:
	Pdba software.	\$ systemctl start Pdba
	Note: Move to step 11 if	~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful.
	it is configured as PDBonly. Otherwise	\$ systemctl start Pdba
	continue to next step.	~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application start Successful.
9.	MPS B: Log on Server B.	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev password: password
		I .

10.	MPS B: Start Epap software.	Start Epap software to reflect the changes. Use the following command to start Epap: \$ systemctl start Epap ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful.
11.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
12.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

7 SOFTWARE UPGRADE PROCEDURES

Procedure 14 Assess MPS server's readiness for upgrade

Procedure 14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

S T	This procedure executes the steps required to assess the readiness of a system to be upgraded.		
E P	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .		
1.	MPS B: Log in as the user "admusr".		
		<pre><hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname></pre>	
2.	MPS B: Display the /etc/hosts configuration for the pdb entities.	If upgrading the first MPS B of a Provisionable mated pair, execute the following command to display the configuration of pdb entries:	
		\$ grep pdb /etc/hosts	
		Otherwise, skip to step 4.	
3.	MPS B: Verify the correct configuration	Below is an example of the output of the grep command:	
	for pdb entities in the /etc/hosts file.	192.168.55.176 host1-a pdba 192.168.61.76 host2-a prova-ip pdbb	
		If the command output contains 2 entries (pdba and pdbb are both configured), continue to the next step.	
		If the command output does not contain unique entries for pdba and pdbb, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section.	
4.	MPS B: Display the contents of the /var/TKLC/upgrade	Execute the following command to display the presence of EPAP software ISO images:	
	directory.	\$ ls -la /var/TKLC/upgrade	
		Note: The file permissions and ownership may vary due to the different methods used to transfer the file.	
		Below is an example of the output of the 'ls -la' command for EPAP16.2: [root@Natal-A upgrade] # ls -la total 1785996 drwxrwxr-x. 3 root admgrp 4096 Jun 23 01:19	
		dr-xr-xr-x. 21 root root 4096 Jun 23 00:00rr 1 root root 904644608 Jun 23 01:19 EPAP-16.2.0.0.1_162.26.0-x86_64.iso	

Procedure 14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

5.	MPS B: Delete old ISO images.	Remove any ISO images that are not the target software ISO image using the following command:
		# sudo rm -f /var/TKLC/upgrade/ <filename></filename>
		Refer to step 6 to display the content of /var/TKLC/upgrade directory. Removed ISO should not be displayed.
6.	MPS B: Determine when last reboot occurred.	\$ uptime
	For any server up longer than 180 days would be a candidate for reboot during a maintenance window.	15:19:34 up 23 days, 3:05, 2 users, load average: 0.10, 0.13, 0.09
7.	MPS B: Disk Integrity step: Executing self-test on the disk.	Execute the following command: \$ sudo smartctl -t short /dev/sda
	on the disk.	The output on E5-APP-B card would be like:
		smartctl 5.43 2012-06-30 r3573 [x86_64-linux-2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64] (local build) Copyright (C) 2002-12 by Bruce Allen,
		http://smartmontools.sourceforge.net === START OF OFFLINE IMMEDIATE AND SELF-TEST SECTION === Sending command: "Execute SMART Short self-test routine immediately in off-line mode". Drive command "Execute SMART Short self-test routine immediately in off-line mode" successful. Testing has begun. Please wait 1 minutes for test to complete. Test will complete after Sat Feb 25 22:08:20 2017
		Use smartctl -X to abort test. Note: Please wait for 5 minutes for the test to complete.
8.	MPS B: Disk Integrity step. Contact My Oracle	Execute the following command: \$ sudo smartctl -l selftest /dev/sda
	Support if the output shows any error/failure.	The output on E5-APP-B card would be like:
		<pre>smartctl 5.43 2012-06-30 r3573 [x86_64-linux-2.6.32- 642.6.2.el6prerel7.4.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64] (local build) Copyright (C) 2002-12 by Bruce Allen, http://smartmontools.sourceforge.net</pre>
		=== START OF READ SMART DATA SECTION === SMART Self-test log structure revision number 1 Num Test_Description Status Remaining LifeTime(hours) LBA of first error

Procedure 14: Assess the MPS Server's Readiness for Upgrade

		# 1 Short offline Completed without error 00% 12435		
9.	MPS B: Disk Integrity	Execute the following command:		
	step	\$ sudo smartctl -a /dev/sda grep -i LBA		
	Contact My Oracle Support if any output shows "Completed: read failure" or "Error: UNC xxx sectors".	The output would be like: 241 Total LBAs_Written 0x0032 100 100 000 01d_age Always - 340851 242 Total LBAs_Read 0x0032 100 100 000 01d_age Always - 1689714 Num Test_Description Status Remaining LifeTime(hours) LBA_of_first_error SPAN MIN_LBA MAX_LBA CURRENT_TEST_STATUS		
10.	MPS B: Disk Integrity Test.	Repeat steps 9 to 11 for the /dev/sdb disk drive on E5-APP-B card:		
11.	MPS B: Logout from "admusr".	Logout from the "admusr" user by executing the following command:		
		<pre>\$ exit</pre>		
12.	MPS A: Repeat checks on Server A.	Repeat steps-1 to 13 on MPS A.		
13.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.		
14.	Note down the	Run the following command:		
	timestamp in log.	\$ date		

Procedure 15 Preupgrade Backups

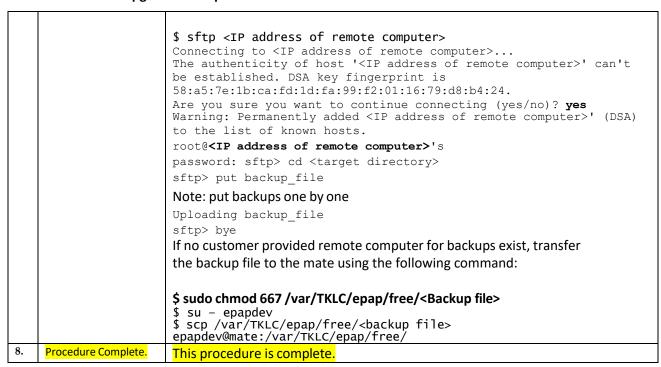
Procedure 15: Preupgrade Backups

S	This procedure performs the pre and post upgrade backups.		
T E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE .		
1.	MPS A: Backup system configuration on MPS A.	Execute Procedure A.3 to backup the system configuration on MPS A.	
2.	MPS B: Backup system configuration on MPS B.	Execute Procedure A.3 to backup the system configuration on MPS B.	

Procedure 15: Preupgrade Backups

3.	MPS B: Backup RTDB database. Note: If migrating from 17.0.0.x, skip this step.	Perform Procedure A.7 to backup the RTDB database on MPS B. Note: Perform this step only while upgrading Mixed and Non-Prov Nodes.
4.	MPS A: Backup	Perform Procedure A.8 to backup the EuiDB database on MPS A.
	EuiDB database.	
	Note: If migrating from 17.0.0.x, skip this step.	
5.	MPS A: Backup PDB database.	In case of upgrading via migration from EPAP 17.0.0.x to 17.0.0.6, perform Procedure A.51 to back up the PDB database.
	Note: If one of the provisioning sites is	In other cases, perform Procedure A.27 PDB Backup before upgrade to back up
	already upgraded to EPAP 17.0.0.x, follow Appendix A.6 to take	the PDB database.
	PDB backup from upgraded Provisioning site	Note : Only perform this step if the MPS-A is configured as a Provisionable node.
		Check the output of Procedure 2, step 9 to verify if MPS A is provisionable or not.
6.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date
7.	Transfer the backup to	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the backups to a remote, customer-provided
	remote server	computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect.
		\$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free

Procedure 15: Preupgrade Backups



Procedure 16 Preupgrade system time check

Procedure 16: Pre-upgrade System Time Check

1100	Toccaure 10. Tre-upgrade System Time Check				
S T	This procedure pe	rforms the pre-upgrade system time check.			
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is	s completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .			
circ bat corr Che by r	The MPS servers make use of NTP to keep time synchronized between servers. Under some circumstances, either at initial installation in the customer's network or due to power interruption and battery failure, it is possible for an MPS server to have a system date/time value too large for NTP to correct. If the system time is 20 minutes or more off from the real time, NTP cannot correct it. Check the date/time on both MPS-A and MPS-B servers, and correct the system time on any server off by more than 15 minutes from the real time.				
1.	MPS A: Login as the user "epapdev".	<pre>If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev password:</hostname></pre>			
2.	MPS A: Execute the "date" command.	Execute the "date" command and examine the result. \$ date Sat Feb 25 22:09:58 EDT 2018			

3.	MPS B: Login as the user "epapdev".	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS B: <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>
4.	MPS B: Execute the "date" command.	Execute the "date" command and examine the result. \$ date Sat Feb 25 22:09:58 EDT 2018
5.	Compare result to the real time.	Compare the result from the "date" command in the previous step to the real time. If the difference is 15 minutes or less, then this procedure is complete, otherwise if the difference exceeds 15 minutes, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section
6.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.
7.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure 17 Check 9dig counts before moving to eXtreme architecture

Procedure 17: Check 9dig counts before moving to eXtreme architecture

Note: This step is only required before converting DB architecture from Compact to Extreme

S	This procedurechecks the 9dig counts for all DN/IMSI and IMEI.			
T	-			
E	Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .			
	ifv the PDB data are	within 9dig limitation		
	,			
Max	kimum 9dig limit for [DN: 65K		
	kimum 9dig limit for I			
Max	kimum 9dig limit for I	MEI: 250K		
1.	MPS A: Login as the	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A:		
	user "epapdev" on	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev</hostname></pre>		
	standalone PDB.	password: <password></password>		
2.	MPS A: Execute the	Execute the "parse9Dig" script and examine the result.		
	"parse9Dig" script on	Execute the parseadig script and examine the result.		
	standalone PDB.	Note: Stop the Pdba software before executing this script.		
		\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all c		
		Get reference from the following snapshot:		
		[epapdev@Osorna-1B-PDBonly config]\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all c		
		This utility will retrieve all digits for DB and parse them into 9Dig entries.		

		Utility Start Time: 06/13/18-20:51:48		
		Parsing DN digits into 9digits		
		INFO: DN 9dig count 2.		
		Parsing IMSI digits into 9digits		
		INFO: IMSI 9dig count: 9.		
		Parsing IMEI digits into 9digits		
		INFO: IMEI 9dig count: 1.		
		Utility End Time: 06/13/18-20:51:48 [epapdev@Osorna-1B-PDBonly config]\$		
		If any of the data type from DN/IMSI and IMEI exeeds the 9Dig limit, then DB Architecture cannot be changed to eXtreme.		

3.	MPS A: Start Pdba software.	Execute the following command to start Pdba software on EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 servers: \$ service Pdba start ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application start Successful. Exeucte the following command to start Pdba software on EPAP 17.0 servers: \$ systemctl start Pdba
4.	MPS A: Procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.
5.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

S	This procedure upgrades MPS B server.		
T E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .		
1.	Notify the potential users not to start the PDBA software during the duration of the upgrade.		
	The Prov servers (Mixed EPAP or PDBonly) upgrade must complete before the Non-Provisionable EPAP. For more details, see Upgrading EPAP Non-Provisionable MPS Servers .		
2.	Establish a connection to MPS B.	If access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.	
		For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx Skip to step 7, if connected through serial console.	
3.	Create a terminal window and establish a	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A.	

	connection by logging into MPS A. Log in to MPS A.	# ssh admusr@ <mps a=""> Password: <password></password></mps>
4.	MPS A: Start screen session.	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B.
	MPS A: Connect to the console of MPS B.	\$ screen -L Execute the following command on E5-APP-B: \$ sudo minicom mate If above command fails, then refer to Procedure A.24.
5.	MPS B: Login prompt is displayed.	<pre><hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>
6.	MPS B: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
7.	MPS B: Determine media available for upgrade.	Perform Procedure A.12 or use an EPAP ISO image to perform upgrade.
8.	MPS B: Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade or a Major upgrade	Check 0, Step 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is a split mirror upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 11
9.	MPS B: Disable syscheck fs module.	<pre>\$ su - root Password: # syscheckAdmdisable disk fs</pre>
10.	MPS B: Create upgrade.conf for splitting mirrors.	Create a file (if not already created) and add the line "BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR" (to trigger the split mirror upgrade) by executing the following steps: 1. # vi /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf 2.If file already contains some allow listed alarms then append bellow line at the end of the file, otherwise add it to first line:
		NOTE: Not performing this step will prevent any successful backout.

		Execute the following command to verify that the above command has been executed successfully:
		# cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf
		The output should be: [root@MPS-B ~] # cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf
		BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR
		# su – admusr
11.	MPS A: Log in to the	login to MPS A:
	server as the user "admusr".	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
12.	MPS A: Check if eagle_alarm_feed	Run below command to check if uiEdit variable is present or not.
	variable is present	\$ uiEdit grep "EAGLE_ALARM_FEED"
	in EuiDB	"EAGLE_ALARM_FEED" is set to "ON"
13.	MPS A: Insert EAGLE_ALARM_FEE	Note: If no output is displayed after above command is run, then run next step else skip next step. NOTE: Skipping this step if EAGLE_ALARM_FEED variable is not present in EuiDB will cause upgrade to fail Run below command to insert missing variable in EuiDB.
	D variable in EuiDB	\$ /usr/bin/mysql -uroot -p <password> -B EuiDB -e "insert into econfig values ('EAGLE_ALARM_FEED','ON')"</password>
		Check if above command was successful. Output should be as displayed below:
		\$ echo \$?
		0
		Repeat Step 12 to check if value is inserted successfully in DB.
		Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section if this step fails.
14.	MPS A: Verify that	# sudo su ononconfia
	the state of PDBA	# sudo su - epapconfig
	Proxy Feature is No.	Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.

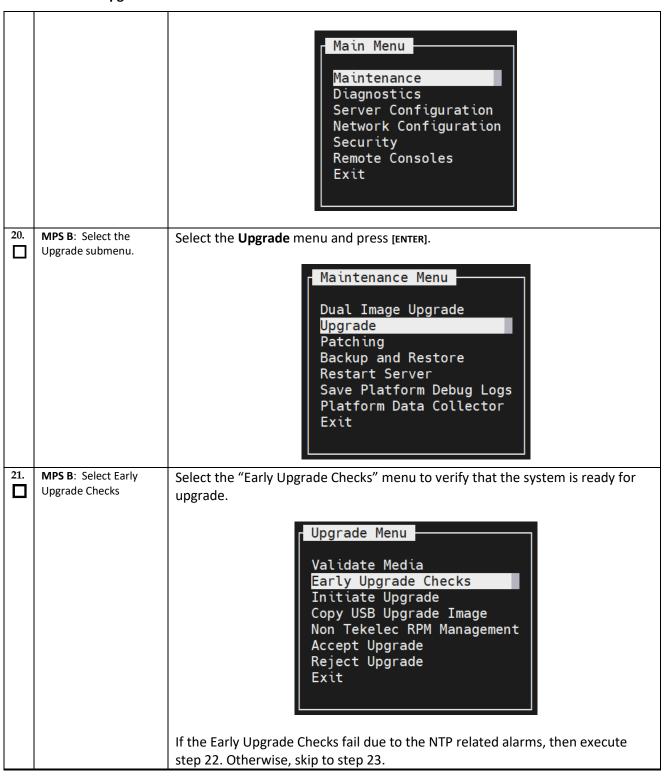
```
Note: Skip this step
for Non-Prov and
PDBonly EPAP.
                      /----EPAP Configuration Menu-----\
                     /----\
                     | 1 | Display Configuration
                         2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu |
                        ---|------------------|
                      3 | Set Time Zone
                        4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys
                       5 | Change Password
                       6 | Platform Menu
                     | 7 | Configure NTP Server
                     |----|
                     | 8 | PDB Configuration Menu
                       9 | Security
                     | 10 | SNMP Configuration
                     |----|
                     | 11 | Configure Alarm Feed
                     | 12 | Configure Query Server
                     | 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed |
                     | 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community |
                     |----|------------|
                     | 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery
                     Enter Choice: 1
                     EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115
                     EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116
Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0
Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1
                    Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1

EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured  
Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured  
Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured  
Backup Prov Network Default Router = Not configured  
EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.100  

EPAP B Sync Natwork Address = 192.168.2.200
                                                               = 192.168.2.200
= 192.168.120.100
                     EPAP B Sync Network Address
                     EPAP A Main DSM Network Address
EPAP B Main DSM Network Address
                                                               = 192.168.120.200
= 192.168.121.100
= 192.168.121.200
                     EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address
EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address
                     EPAP A HTTP Port
                                                                 = 80
```

		EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP A Static NAT Address EPAP B Static NAT Address PDBI Port Remote MPS A Static NAT Address Remote MPS A HTTP Port Local Provisioning VIP Remote Provisioning VIP Local PDBA Address Remote PDBA Address Remote PDBA B Address Remote PDBA B Address Time Zone PDB Database Preferred PDB Allow updates from alternate PDB Auto DB Recovery Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Exe Active and Standby for dual PDBA setup to features. Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, the	= Not configured = 80 = 192.168.15.152 = 192.168.15.172 = 192.168.16.115 = 192.168.16.116 = America/New_York = Exists = Standby = Yes = Yes = Yes cute Procedure A.19 on both PDBA o disable EPAP VIP and PDBA proxy
15.	MPS A: Clear PDB replication logs	If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Exe replication logs Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, the	
16.	MPS A: Choose "e" to exit.	MPS Side A:	

		/EPAP Configuration Menu\	
		1 Display Configuration	
		Configure Network Interfaces Menu	
		3 Set Time Zone	
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys	
		6 Platform Menu	
		7 Configure NTP Server	
		8 PDB Configuration Menu	
		 9 Security	
		10 SNMP Configuration	
		 11 Configure Alarm Feed	
		 12 Configure Query Server	
		 13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed	
		Configure SNMP Agent Community	
		 15 Mate Disaster Recovery	
		e Exit	
		\/	
		Enter Choice: e	
17.	MPS B: Log in to the server as the user	Login to MPS B if not already logged in:	
	"admusr".	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr</hostname></pre>	
18.	MDC D. Evocute the	password: <password></password>	
	MPS B: Execute the platcfg menu.	\$ sudo su - platcfg	
19.	MPS B: Select the Maintenance submenu.	The platcfg Main Menu appears.	
		On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].	



		Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section, if the early upgrade checks fail due to any other reason.
22.	MPS B: Allow List NTP Alarms	 If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the NTP related alarms, then ignore the NTP alarms using the following commands: Exit the platcfg menu Change to root user using the "su –" command. vim /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf Edit the following line to include the NTP related alarms.
23.	MPS B: Select Initiate Upgrade.	Select the Initiate Upgrade menu and press [ENTER]. Upgrade Menu Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Non Tekelec RPM Management Accept Upgrade Reject Upgrade Exit
24.	MPS B: Select the Upgrade Media.	The screen will display a message that it is searching for upgrade media. Once the upgrade media is found, an Upgrade Media selection menu will be displayed similar to the example shown below.

		Select the upgrade media on ISO image. There should only be one selection available, as shown in the example below. If there is more than one selection available, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section Choose Upgrade Media Menu EPAP-17.0.0.3.0_170.17.0-x86_64.iso - 17.0.0.3.0_170.17.0 Exit
25.	MDC De Lingrado	The control of the fall of the
	MPS B: Upgrade proceeds.	The screen displays the following, indicating that the upgrade software is first running the early upgrade checks, and then proceeding with the upgrade.
		Replacing <seconds> with the value from the log. Starting Early Upgrade Checks at 1448399773 Running earlyUpgradeChecks() for Upgrade::EarlyPolicy::TPDEarlyChecks upgrade policy Verified server is not pending accept of previous upgrade Hardware architectures match Install products match. Whitelisted alarms: Verified server is alarm free! Verified all raid mirrors are synced. Early Upgrade Checks Have Passed! Early Upgrade Checks finished at 1448399780 Initializing upgrade information</seconds>
26.	MPS B: Upgrade	Many informational messages will come across the terminal screen as the
	proceeds.	upgrade proceeds.
		Finally, after upgrade is complete, the server will reboot.
27.	MPS B: Upgrade	After the final reboot, Press Enter the screen will display the login prompt, as
	completed.	shown in the example below.
		Starting smartd: [OK]
		Daemon is not running
		AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 9750
		TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, proces s 9782
		Oracle Linux Server release 6.9 Kernel 2.6.32-696.20.1.el6prerel7.6.0.0.0 88.47.0.x86 64 on an x86 64
		Arica-A login:
28.	MPS B: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	After upgrade, exit from the console and open new console using EPAP IP and login by epapdev user. hostname> console login: epapdev
		password: <password></password>

		Note: The SSH login for root shall get enabled after the upgrade.
29.	MPS B: Verify the Upgrade.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported. Check 0, Steps 7 and 8 to determine whether it is incremental or major upgrade.
		If it is major upgrade, then consider following error and warning. \$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Following errors shall be observed: 1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out! 1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v .
		1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414::
		1530669414:: 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414:: 1530669414:: 1530669414::
		1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
		1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
		1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.
		. 530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2

Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:

1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory 1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such file or directory

[NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18

to version 5.7]

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any error other than the above mentioned errors.

Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.

\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log

Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported.

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:

```
1488951825::warning: CAPABILITY: service_hp-asrd_disabled 1488951825::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been updated...reparsing xml... 1530712185::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default capabilities. 1530712186::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's capabilities. 1530712186::WARNING: CAPABILITY: service__disabled 1530712186::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB 1488951890::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7. 0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7. 0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.softdep failed: No such file or directory 0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_84/modules.softdep failed: No such file or directory 0.3.0.0.0_86.44.0.x86_84/m
```

```
1488951902::warning:
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
                                                                    erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory
1488951902::warning: 573.18.1.el6prerel7.
                                                                     erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.
     .3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory
1488951903::kexec-tools
                                                                                                                  #warning: /etc/kdump.conf created as
c/kdump.conf.rpmnew
/ tallip: confirment of the co
1488952136::samhain
                                                                                                                  warning: /etc/samhainrc created as
 /etc/
 samhainrc.rpmnew
1488952138::php-common
                                                                                                                  #warning: /etc/php.ini created as
/etc/p
hp.ini.rpmnew
1488952209::initscripts
                                                                                                                  ##warning: /etc/sysctl.conf created as
etc/sysctl.conf.rpmnew
1488952260::mysql-commercial-server
                                                                                                                 warning: /etc/my.cnf created as
/etc/my.
cnf.rpmnew
1488952291::ntp
                                                                                                                  warning: /etc/ntp.conf created as
1488952291::ntp warning: /etc/ntp.cont cr/etc/n
tp.conf.rpmnew
1488952302::TKLCplat ###########warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/pid_conf.rpmnew
1488952302::#warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/service_conf created as
/usr/TKLC/plat/
etc/service_conf.rpmnew
1488952320::TKLCalarms ###warning:
etc/service_conr.rpmnew
1488952320::TKLCalarms ###warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/al
arms.xml saved as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml.rpmsave
1488952328::alarmMgr ###warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/
alarmMgr.conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/alarmMgr.conf.rpmnew
1488952471::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default
capabilities.
1488952471::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's
capabilities
:488952471::WARNING: CAPABILITY: service__disabled
1488952471::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB
1488952602::sudo warning: /e
                                                                                                                 warning: /etc/sudoers created as
 /etc/su
doers.rpmnew
1488952709::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been
updated.
reparsing xml...
1488952718::TKLCepap-HA
g: group root} does not exist - using root
1488952942::warning: erase unlink of /u
                                                                    erase unlink of /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/dbMigration failed:
such file or directory
1488952949::WARNING: Module variable EXPECTED_CPUS is deprecated!
1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG:
/usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/system/cpu/conf
ig
1488952951::WARNING: Module variable EXPECTED_CPU_ALM is deprecated!
1488952951::WARNING: MOUUIE VARIABLE EXPECTED_CPU_All 1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/system/cpu/config
```

```
If it is an incremental upgrade, then consider following error and
warning
$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
Following errors shall be observed:
1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out!
1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg
1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf
1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v
.
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
1530669414::
1530669414::-
1530669414::
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI'
1530669414::
1530669414::-
 1530669414
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'..
1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.
530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
1530094474:: \verb|libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code 2.
1494304768::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out!
1494304781::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg
1494304781::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf
1494304781::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist
```

```
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error : Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
```

Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:

```
1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory 1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such file or directory
```

[NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18

to version 5.7]

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any error other than the above mentioned errors.

Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.

\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log

Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported.

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:

```
1489042076::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been
updated...rep
arsing xml...
1489042124::warning:
                                       erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.e16prere17.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory
1489042136::warning: 642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
                                       erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
 .0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory
1489042136::warning:
                                       erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32
1489042130..warning. 6.221.642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 .0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
1489042136..warning. 6.22_ 642.6.2.el6prerel7.4  
0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
.0.0.0_88.32.U.xoo_u-/,mol_
1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /iib/mod_
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory
1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 .0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory
1489042197::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been
updated.
.reparsing xml...
```

Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging.

30.	MPS B: Verify the Upgrade.	NOTE: provRMTP core might be observed on EPAP after upgrade, if the EPAP is connected to EAGLE. The core should be ignored, it has no impact on traffic running from EPAP to EAGLE. \$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section. 1400786220:: Upgrade returned success!
31.	MPS B: Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade or Major upgrade	Check Procedure 2, Steps 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is a Major upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 33.
32.	MPS B: Enable syscheck fs module.	Execute the following command to enable the syscheck fs module. \$ sudo syscheckAdmenable disk fs
33.	MPS B: Upgrade is complete. Verify Health of MPS B	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B. If this is a Major Upgrade, the syscheck utility will report the "3000000000000000000000000000000000000
34.	MPS B: Verify that if alarm to accept upgrade is present.	To verify alarm to accept upgrade execute following command: \$ alarmMgralarmStatus grep tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept Following output shall be observed:

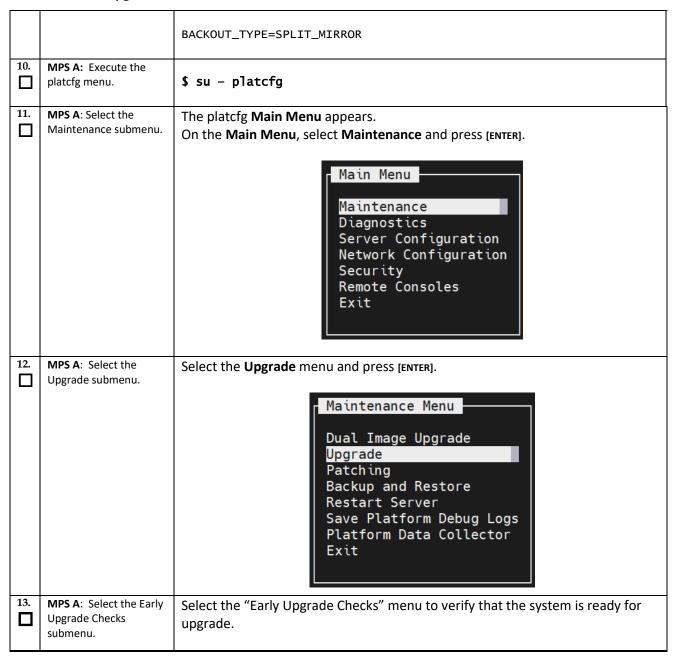
	T	
		SEQ: 5 UPTIME: 112 BIRTH: 1498203542 TYPE: SET ALARM: TKSPLATMI33 tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept 1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.18.3.1.3.33 32532 Processing Error Configuration Error Note: Disk mirroring does not start until the upgrade is accepted.
35.	MPS B: Update ssh_config to disable MD5 and MAC algorithm for security	Perform following steps to disable unsecure algorithm for ssh: 1. \$ grep "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96," /etc/ssh/ssh_config If output contains "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96", execute the below steps 2 and 3. Else go to step 4. 2. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/ssh_config 3. \$ sudo sed -i -e '/MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-sha1-96/d' /etc/ssh/ssh_config
		/ ccc/ 55H/ 55H_com 1g
		4.\$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/ssh_config
		4. \$ grep "MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512" /etc/ssh/sshd_config If no output is displayed for above command continue to next command in step 5 and 6 else skip these steps
		5. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		6. \$ sudo sed -i '\$ a \\tMACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512' /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		7. \$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		8. \$ sudo systemctl restart sshd
36.	Update the	Perform the following steps to disable Cache control no-store policy:
	httpd.conf file to disable the Cache control no-store	1. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
	policy.	If the output contains "Header set Cache-Control no-store", Execute the below steps. If no output is displayed for the above command, skip the steps mentioned below.
		2. \$ sudo sed -i '/Cache-Control no-store/c\#Header set Cache-Control no-store' /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf
		3. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf

		The output should be "#Header set Cache-Control no-store" showing that the line has been commented.
		4. \$ sudo systemctl restart httpd
37.	Reconnect console cable.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled 'S0' on E5-APP-B B card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-
		B A card's adapter. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
38.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.
39.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

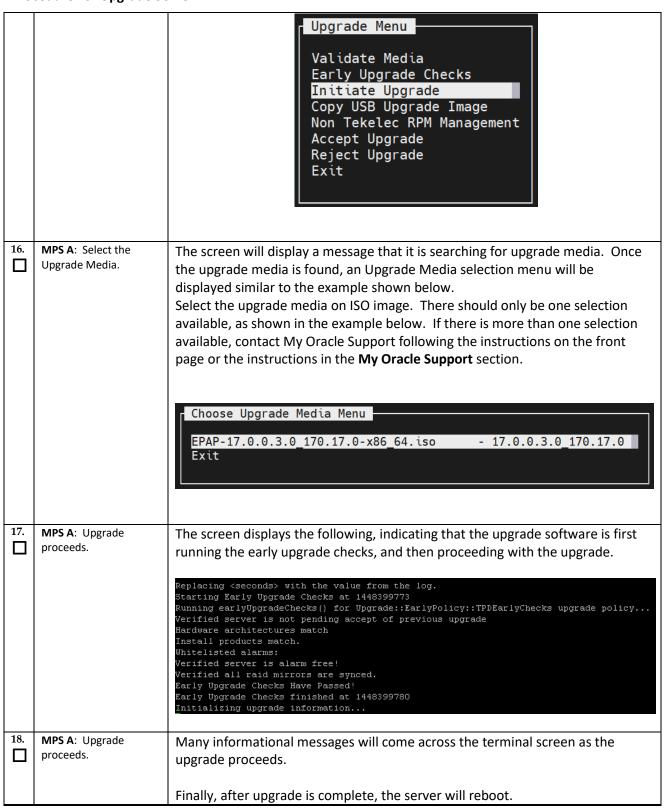
Procedure 19 Upgrade server A

S	This procedure upgra	This procedure upgrades the MPS-A server in the EPAP System.	
T E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .		
1.	MPS A: Determine media available for upgrade.	Perform Procedure A.12 or use an EPAP ISO image to perform upgrade.	
2.	Establish a connection to MPS A.	If access to the MPS servers is not available through an IP network, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.	
		For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx Skip to step 6, if connected through serial console.	
3.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS B. Log in to MPS B.	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B", connect directly into MPS B. # ssh epapdev@ <mps b=""> Password: <password></password></mps>	
4.	MPS B: Start screen session.	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS A.	
		#su - root Password:	

	MPS B: Connect to the console of MPS A.	\$ screen -L
	0.00.00.00	Execute the following command on E5-APP-B:
		\$ sudo minicom mate
		If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.24.
5.	MPS A: Login prompt is displayed.	<hostname> console login:</hostname>
	alsplayed.	Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.
6.	MPS A: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
7.	MPS A: Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade. or a Major Upgrade	Check 0, Steps 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is Major upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 10.
8.	MPS A: Disable syscheck fs module.	\$ su - root Password:
		Execute the following command to disable the syscheck fs module. # syscheckAdmdisable disk fs
9.	MPS A: Create upgrade.conf for splitting mirrors if this is a Major upgrade.	Create a file (if not already created) and add the line "BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR" (to trigger the split mirror upgrade) by executing the following steps:
		1.#vi/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf 2.If file already contains some allow listed alarms then append bellow line at the end of the file, otherwise add it to first line: BACKOUT_TYPE=SPLIT_MIRROR
		NOTE: Not performing this step will prevent any successful backout.
		Execute the following command to verify that the above command has been executed successfully:
		# cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf
		The output should be: [root@MPS-B ~] # cat /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf



Procedure 19: Upgrade Server A		
	Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Non Tekelec RPM Management Accept Upgrade Reject Upgrade Exit If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the NTP related alarms, then execute step 15. Otherwise, skip to step 16. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section, if the early upgrade checks fail, due to any other reason.	
MPS A: Allow List NTP Alarms	1) If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the NTP related alarms, then ignore the NTP alarms using the following commands: e. Exit the platcfg menu f. Change to root user using the "su –" command. g. vim /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf h. Edit the following line to include the NTP related alarms. EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2 For example – To allowlist the NTP alarm "tpdNTPDaemonNotSynchronizedWarning" which has the alarm code TKLCPLATMI10, the above mentioned line should be edited as EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMI10 Note: There should not be any space between two alarms i.e. between TKSPLATMI2 and TKSPLATMI10 2) If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to "Server Default Route Network Error", then this alarm shall be allowlisted in upgrade.conf file. To allowlist this alarm which has the alarm code TKSPLATMA14, the above mentioned line should be edited as EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMI10, TKSPLATMA14	
MPS A: Select Initiate Upgrade.	Select the Initiate Upgrade menu and press [ENTER].	
	Alarms MPS A: Select Initiate	



19.	MPS A: Upgrade completed.	After the final reboot, Press Enter, the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below. Starting smartd: [OK] Daemon is not running AlarmMgr daemon is not running, delaying by 1 minute TKLChwmgmtcli stop/pre-start, process 9750 TPDhpDiskStatus stop/pre-start, process 9782 Oracle Linux Server release 6.9 Kernel 2.6.32-696.20.1.el6prerel7.6.0.0.0_88.47.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 Arica-A login:
20.	MPS A: Log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password> Note: The SSH login for root shall get enabled after the upgrade.</password></hostname></pre>
21.	MPS A: Verify the Upgrade.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported. Check 0, Steps 7 and 8 to determine whether it is incremental or major upgrade. If it is major upgrade then consider following \$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log Following errors shall be observed: 1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out! 1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg 1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf 1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v : 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669514::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669514::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI' 1530669514::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'

```
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error:
                                                                140 when opening MyISAM-table
 '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.
530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
                                           : Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
: Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
: Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
: Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist
: Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
: Table 'mysql.innodb_index_stats' doesn't exist
: Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
: Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
: Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist
: Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
: Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
: Table 'mysql.innodb_table_stats' doesn't exist
: Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
: Table 'mysql.slave_master_info' doesn't exist
: Table 'mysql.slave_relay_log_info' doesn't exist
: Table 'mysql.slave_worker_info' doesn't exist
1496215832::Error
Following errors shall be observed if upgrade is performed on a setup which
was
converted from Prov to Non Prov:
1529314607::Error
                                              : Table 'pdb.LicenseInfo' doesn't exist
1529314607::status
                                              : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.asd
1529314607::Error
                                              : Table 'pop.asu
: Operation failed
                                                 Table 'pdb.asd' doesn't exist
1529314607::status
1529314607::pdb.bucketContent
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.bucketContent' doesn't exist
1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.bucketMap
1529314607::Error : Tal
1529314607::status : Ope
                                              : Table 'pdb.bucketMap' doesn't exist
: Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.commands
1529314607::Error : Ta
1529314607::status : O
                                              : Table 'pdb.commands' doesn't exist
: Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.dn
1529314607::Error
1529314607::status
                                              : Table 'pdb.dn' doesn't exist
: Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.dn9dig
1529314607::Error
1529314607::status
                                                 Table 'pdb.dn9dig' doesn't exist
Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.dnB_asd
Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log:
```

1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory 1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such file or directory

[NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18

to version 5.7]

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any error other than the above mentioned errors.

Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.

\$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log

Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported.

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the **My Oracle Support** section, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:

```
1488951825::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been
updated...reparsing xml...
1530712185::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default
capabilities.
1530712186::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's
capabilities.
1530712186::WARNING: CAPABILITY: service_
1530712186::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB
                                                                 disabled
1530856895::mysql: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can
     insecure
1530857005::mysql: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can
be insecure.
1488951890::warning:
573.18.1.el6prerel7.
                                     erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.softdep failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.
5/3.18.1.elbprerel/.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory
1488951902::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
5/3.18.1.el6prerel/.
0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory
1488951903::kexec-tools
                                                             #warning: /etc/kdump.conf created as
1488952136::samhain
                                                             warning: /etc/samhainrc created as
/etc/
samhainrc.rpmnew
1488952138::php-common
                                                             #warning: /etc/php.ini created as
/etc/p
hp.ini.rpmnew
```

```
1488952209::initscripts
                                                                           ##warning: /etc/sysctl.conf created as
etc/sysctl.conf.rpmnew
1488952260::mysql-commercial-server
                                                                           warning: /etc/my.cnf created as
/etc/my.
cnf.rpmnew
1488952291::ntp
                                                                           warning: /etc/ntp.conf created as
 /etc/n
tp.conf.rpmnew
1488952302::TKLCplat
/usr/TKLC/plat/
                                                                           ############warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/
etc/pid_conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/pid_conf.rpmnew
1488952302::#warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/service_conf created as
/usr/TKLC/plat/
etc/service_conf.rpmnew
1488952320::TKLCalarms ###warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/al
arms.xml saved as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml.rpmsave
1488952328::alarmMgr ###warning:
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/
alarmMgr.conf created as /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarmMgr/alarmMgr.conf.rpmnew
1488952471::WARNING: This capability is not defined in the default
capabilities.
capabilities.
1488952471::WARNING: Nor is it defined in the current hardware ID's
capabilities
:488952471::WARNING: CAPABILITY: service__disabled
1488952471::WARNING: HARDWARE ID: E5APPB
1488952602::sudo warning: /ei
                                                                          warning: /etc/sudoers created as
 /etc/su
doers.rpmnew
1488952709::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been
updated.
.reparsing xml...
1488952718::TKLCepap-HA
g: group root} does not exist - using root
1488952942::warning: erase unlink of /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/dbMigration failed
No such file or directory 1488952949::WARNING: Module variable EXPECTED_CPUS is deprecated! 1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG:
/usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/system/cpu/conf
ig
1488952951::WARNING: Module variable EXPECTED_CPU_ALM is deprecated!
1488952951::WARNING: CONFIG:
/usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Syscheck/modules/system/cpu/config
If it is an incremental upgrade then consider following
$ grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
Following errors shall be observed:
1530712922::ERROR: Config file is currently checked out!
1530712922::ERROR: LOCKED BY: platcfg
1530712922::ERROR: CONFIG: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf
1530712922::ERROR: ELEMENT: /var/TKLC/rcs/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/vlan.conf,v
.
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
'/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI'
1530669414:
1530669414:
1530669414:
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
1530009414..my/samchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::my/samchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' 1530669414::
1530669414::
1530669414::
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
```

```
1530669414::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/event.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI'
 1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table
  /var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI
1528826597::myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI'
1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136. 1533053832::Sorry, user root is not allowed to execute '/bin/chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/logs/queryServer.log' as root on epap136.
 530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
1530094474::libsemanage.semanage_reload_policy: load_policy returned error code
Following errors shall be observed if upgrade is performed on a setup which
 was
 converted from Prov to Non Prov:
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.asd' doesn't exist
1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.asd' doesn't exist
1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.bucketContent
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.bucketContent' doesn't exist
1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::status : Operation failed
1529314607::pdb.commands
1529314607::Error : Table 'pdb.commands' doesn't exist
```

```
1529314607::status
1529314607::pdb.dn
1529314607::Error
                                        : Operation failed
                                         : Table 'pdb.dn' doesn't exist
: Operation failed
1529314607::status :
1529314607::pdb.dn9dig
1529314607::Error :
                                         : Table 'pdb.dn9dig' doesn't exist
: Operation failed
1529314607::status : 0
1529314607::pdb.dnB_asd
```

Following statement for missing binary file shall be observed in upgrade.log: 1530885808::/bin/df: `/mnt/ugchroot/sys': No such file or directory 1542631084::./upgrade_mysql: line 46: /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pass_fetch: No such file or directory

[NOTE: It is observed only when MySQL upgraded from earlier version than 5.6.18

to version 5.7]

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section, if the output contains any error other than the above-mentioned errors.

Also note that sometime a carriage return is inserted in the log file causing some of the error messages to appear truncated. This is acceptable and should be ignored.

grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log

Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported.

Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section, if the output contains any warnings beside the following:

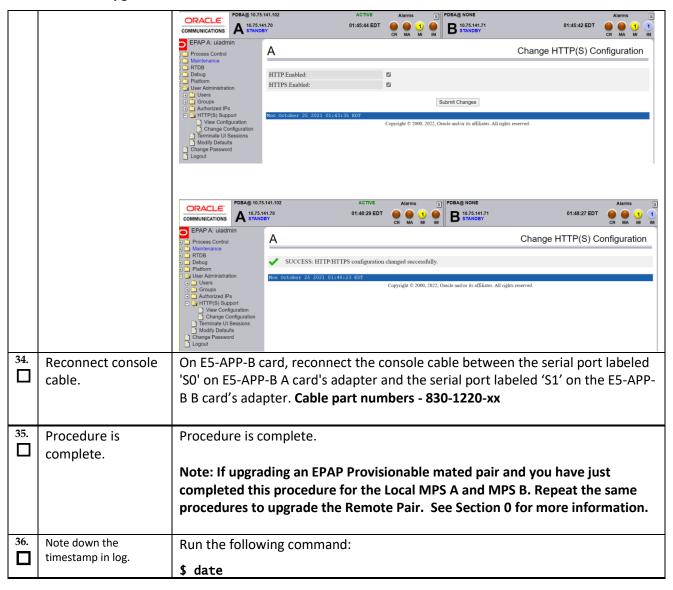
```
1489042076::WARNING: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms.xml has been
updated...rep
arsing xml...
1489042124::warning:
                                                        erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
1489042124::Warning.
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/weak-updates failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
1489042136::Warning. erase unlink of / Fib/modules/2.0.32 642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.order failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::Warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4 0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.networking failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::Warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.modesetting failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
642.6.2.el6prerel7.4
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.drm failed: No such file or directory 1489042136::warning: erase unlink of /lib/modules/2.6.32-
.0.0.0_88.32.0.x86_64/modules.block failed: No such file or directory 1489042197::warning: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml has been
updated.
 .reparsing xml...
```

Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging.

		NOTE: provRMTP core might be observed on EPAP after upgrade, if the EPAP is connected to EAGLE. The core should be ignored, it has no impact on traffic running from EPAP to EAGLE.
22.	MPS A: Verify the Upgrade.	\$ grep "Upgrade returned success" /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Verify that the message "Upgrade returned success!" is displayed. If it is not, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section.
		1400793814:: Upgrade returned success!
23.	MPS A: Verify that it is an Incremental Upgrade. or Major Upgrade	Check 0, Steps 7 and 8. If the upgrade type is Major upgrade, proceed with the following step. If it's Incremental, proceed to step 26.
24.	MPS A: Enable syscheck fs module.	\$ su - root Password:
		Execute the following command to enable the syscheck fs module. # syscheckAdmenable disk fs
25.	MPS A: Upgrade is complete. Verify Health	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A.
	of MPS A	On a Provisionable(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) MPS, expect that the syscheck utility will alarm the fact that the PDBA software is not running. This will appear as a "5000000000000000 – Server Application Process Error" alarm.
		If this is a Major Upgrade, the syscheck utility will report the "300000000000000 – Server Internal Disk Error" alarm as the disk mirroring is in progress.
		The alarm will be cleared after the completion of disk mirroring.
		Verify that no unexpected alarms are noted.
		If it is major upgrade, Proceed with Procedure A.18 to upgrade SSL certificate.
26.	MPS A: Verify that if alarm to accept upgrade	To verify alarm to accept upgrade execute following command:
	is present.	\$ alarmMgralarmStatus grep tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept
		Following output shall be observed:
		SEQ: 5 UPTIME: 112 BIRTH: 1498203542 TYPE: SET ALARM: TKSPLATMI33 tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept 1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.18.3.1.3.33 32532 Processing Error Configuration Error
		Note: Disk mirroring does not start until the upgrade is accepted.

27.	MPS B: Loginn as epapdev user.	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
28.	MPS B: Reboot MPS B server.	Reboot MPS-B to disable the root login.
		Switch to root user.
		\$ su – root
		Password:
		Reboot the server:
		\$ reboot
		Wait til the reboot gets completed.
29.	MPS A: Enable PDBA proxy and VIP features.	If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes, in the step 14 of 0, then execute Procedure A.20 to enable Epap PDBA Proxy and VIP Features. Otherwise, skip this step.
30.	MPS A: Check services	\$ epapdb -c queryservers
	for query server.	If query server is not configured i.e. INFO: No Query Server Configured, then skip this step otherwise Execute 6 to restart MYSQL service for PDB on query server.
31.	MPS A:	Perform following steps to disable unsecure algorithm for ssh:
	Update ssh_config to disable MD5 and	1. \$ grep "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96," /etc/ssh/ssh_config
	MAC algorithm for security	If output contains "MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96", execute the below steps 2 and 3. Else go to step 4.
		2. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/ssh_config
		3. \$ sudo sed -i -e '/MACs hmac-md5,hmac-md5-96,hmac-sha1-96/d'
		/etc/ssh/ssh_config
		4.\$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/ssh_config
		4. \$ grep "MACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512" /etc/ssh/sshd_config
		If no output is displayed for above command continue to next command in step 5 and 6 else skip these steps
		5. \$ sudo rcstool co /etc/ssh/sshd_config

32.	Update the httpd.conf file to disable the Cache control no-store policy.	6. \$ sudo sed -i '\$ a \\tMACs hmac-sha2-256,hmac-sha2-512' /etc/ssh/sshd_config 7. \$ sudo rcstool ci /etc/ssh/sshd_config 8. \$ sudo systemctl restart sshd Perform the following steps to disable Cache control no-store policy: 1. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf If the output contains "Header set Cache-Control no-store", Execute the below steps. If no output is displayed for the above command, skip the steps mentioned below. 2. \$ sudo sed -i '/Cache-Control no-store/c\#Header set Cache-Control no-store' /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf 3. \$ grep "Header set Cache-Control no-store" /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf The output should be "#Header set Cache-Control no-store" showing that the line has been commented. 4. \$ sudo systemctl restart httpd
33.	MPS A: If HTTP was enabled for EPAP GUI before upgrade, follow this step otherwise skip it.	 If HTTP was enabled before upgrade, follow below mentioned steps. Open EPAP GUI in HTTPS mode. Navigate to User Administration tab on GUI -> HTTP(S) support -> Change Configuration. Disable HTTP mode, if it shows HTTP mode as enabled. Enable the HTTP mode again as shown in image below. The HTTP mode should get enabled successfully. Now you can open the EPAP GUI in HTTP mode.



Procedure 20 Run RTDB Converter

Procedure 20: Run RTDB Converter

S	This procedure runs	RTDB converter to update rtdb database as per new schema. This procedure
T	should not be run o	on PDBonly setup.
E		
P	Check off (1) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
	**Note: This step ca	an be run simultaneously on MPS A and MPS B
1.	MPS A and B: Log in to	<hostname> console login: epapdev</hostname>
	the server as the user "epapdev".	password: <password></password>
2.	MPS A and B: Switch	[epapdev@Ithaca-a ~]\$ su -
	to root user.	Password: <password></password>
3.	MPS A and B: Start EPAP Services	<pre>\$ systemctl start Epap ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~</pre>
		"EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617"
		EPAP application start Successful.
4.	MPS A and B: Run	\$ cd /usr/TKLC/epap/bin
	RTDB converter script	
	Note: RTDB	If system is in compact architecture as noted in step 10 of 0 run below
	softwares need to be	command:
	running on MPS A & B in order to run the	\$./ rtdbEpap164CompactToCompactConvertTool
	converter.	If system is in extreme as noted in step 10 of 0 architecture run below
	converter.	command:
		\$./ rtdbEpap164ExtremeToExtremeConvertTool
		y , read paper verticine round conservation.
		Many informational Messages will be displayed on screen. If this script fails
		contact My Oracle Support.
5.	Reboot Eagle	Perform the steps in Procedure 21 on the Eagle STP connected to the EPAP
	cards.	servers to reload SM cards.
6	D 1 :	
6.	Procedure is complete	Procedure is complete.
7.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:
		\$ date

Procedure 21 Reboot EAGLE Cards

Procedure 21: Reboot EAGLE Cards

This procedure rel	poots EAGLE cards to reload new RTDB.
Check off $()$ each steach step number.	rep as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under
IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
EAGLE: reboot all SM cards to reload new RTDB.	Note: Before rebooting EAGLE cards, check whether the EPAP software is running or not. If EPAP software is not running then start it manually by below commands. Execute the below steps on EPAP: \$ systemctl status Epap Start the EPAP software, if the above command shows that software is not running. If service EPAP shows that software is running, there is no need to run next command.
	\$ systemctl start Epap ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started.
	Login onto the connected EAGLE.
	Reboot 1 SM card on the EAGLE and verify that it comes back to an IS-NR/Active state.
	Then boot the rest of the EAGLE SM cards over 4 batches (booting 1/4 of the cards at a single time).
Procedure is complete	Procedure is complete.
Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date
	3 date

Procedure 22 Accept Upgrade

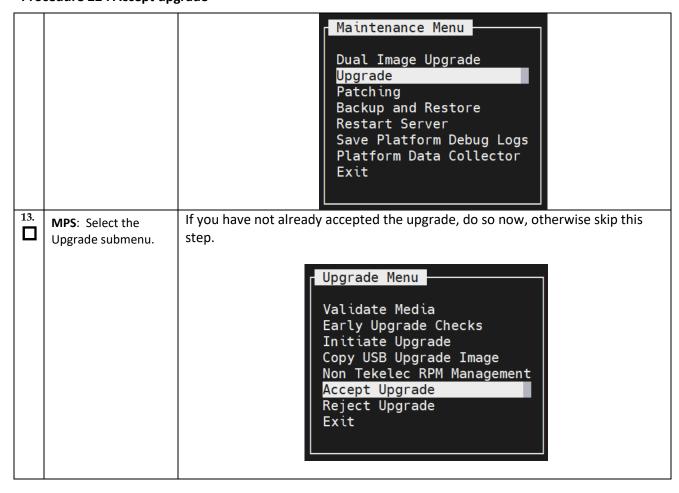
Note: If the upgrade is accepted, Backout cannot be performed.

Procedure 22 : Accept upgrade

S T	This procedure accept the upgrade to perform the upgrade process.	
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
8.	MPS: Login as admusr.	Login as admusr if not already loged in. <hostname> login: admusr Password: Note: The console logon may preced by many lines of reboot output.</hostname>
9.	MPS: Verify if alarmMgr process running.	\$ sudo ls /var/run/alarmMgr If the file exists, proceed to the next step. If the file does not exist, contact Oracle Customer Service.
10.	MPS: Execute the platcfg menu.	\$ sudo su – platcfg
11.	MPS: Select the Maintenance submenu.	The platcfg Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Network Configuration Security Remote Consoles Exit
12.	MPS: Select the Upgrade submenu.	Select the Upgrade menu and press [ENTER] .

Note: If the upgrade is accepted, Backout cannot be performed.

Procedure 22 : Accept upgrade



Note: If the upgrade is accepted, Backout cannot be performed.

Procedure 22 : Accept upgrade

		Setting POST_UPGRADE_ACTION to ACCEPT in upgrade info. Cleaning backout directory. Clearing Upgrade Accept/Reject alarm. Cleaning message from MOTD. No patch pending alarm on server so no MOTD update. Cleaning up RPM config backup files Checking / Checking /usr Checking /var Checking /var/TKLC Checking /var/TKLC Checking /var/TKLC/epap/rt Checking /var/TKLC/epap/free Starting cleanup of RCS repository. INFO: Removing '/etc/my.cnf.d/client.cnf' from RCS repository INFO: Removing '/etc/pam.d/system-auth' from RCS repository INFO: Removing '/etc/pam.d/password-auth' from RCS repository PRESS ANY KEY TO RETURN TO THE PLATCFG MENU. Note: If you still observe the accept upgrade message even after the disks get mirrored properly after accepting the upgrade for the first time, follow the steps mentioned in APPENDIX A.30 to remove the false accept upgrade alarm from the system.
14. 15.	Procedure is complete Note down the timestamp in log.	Procedure is complete. Run the following command:
		\$ date

Procedure 23 Keys exchange between active and standby PDB

Procedure 23: Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB

T		inge the keys between active and remote PDB.	
	Check off (√) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
Р	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .		
	Login to Active AP as the user ev".	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A of active PDB EPAP: <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>	
PDB er	: Verify that htry are It in _hosts file.	Execute following command to verify that pdb entry present in known_hosts file: \$ cat .ssh/known_hosts If entry is present skip next step	
3. NADC A.			
\square IVIPS A:	Exchange the	Execute the following command on Active PDB:	
keys fro	om Active PDB	\$ ssh epapdev@ <remote ip="" pdb=""></remote>	
		Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? <yes></yes>	
		Password:	
		Charachat, fan nafanana.	
		<pre>Snapshot for reference: [epapdev@Recife-A ~]\$ ssh epapdev@10.75.141.104</pre>	
		FIPS integrity verification test failed.	
		The authenticity of host '10.75.141.104	
		_	
		(10.75.141.104)' can't be established.	
		RSA key fingerprint is d4:d5:94:c6:57:1a:30:25:bc:b0:67:f9:f7:07:c6:68.	
		Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)?	
		yes	
		Warning: Permanently added '10.75.141.104' (RSA) to	
		the list of known hosts.	
		epapdev@10.75.141.104's password:	
4. MPS A:	Login to	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A of standby PDB EPAP:	
	PDB EPAP as		
the user	"epapdev".	<hostname> console login: epapdev</hostname>	
		password: <password></password>	
5. NADC. F		Repeat the step 2 and step3 to exchange the keys from standby PDB as well.	
🗂 IVIPS: E.	xchange the	Repeat the step 2 and steps to exchange the keys from standay r DD as well.	
- Keys III	om Standby		
PDB			
6. Proced		Procedure is complete.	
Comple	ete		

Procedure 23: Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB

7.	Note down the	Run the following command:
ш	timestamp in log.	
		\$ date

THIS COMPLETES THE UPGRADE

8 SOFTWARE RECOVERY PROCEDURES

Execute this section only if there is a problem and it is desired to revert back to the pre-upgrade version	nc
of the software.	

8.1 Backout Setup

The reason to execute a backout has a direct impact on any backout preparation that must be done. Since the reason cannot be known ahead of time, no definitive procedure can be written.

My Oracle Support personnel will have to have login access to the affected MPS server, probe the server for the root cause of the problem, and execute whatever setup or cleanup is necessary in order to prepare the MPS server for backout.

8.2 Perform Backout

No matter the initial cause of the upgrade problem, once all necessary corrective steps have been taken to prepare for the backout, then the following procedure can be executed to perform a backout. Refer to section 2.2 and section 2.4 for the Backout process overview.

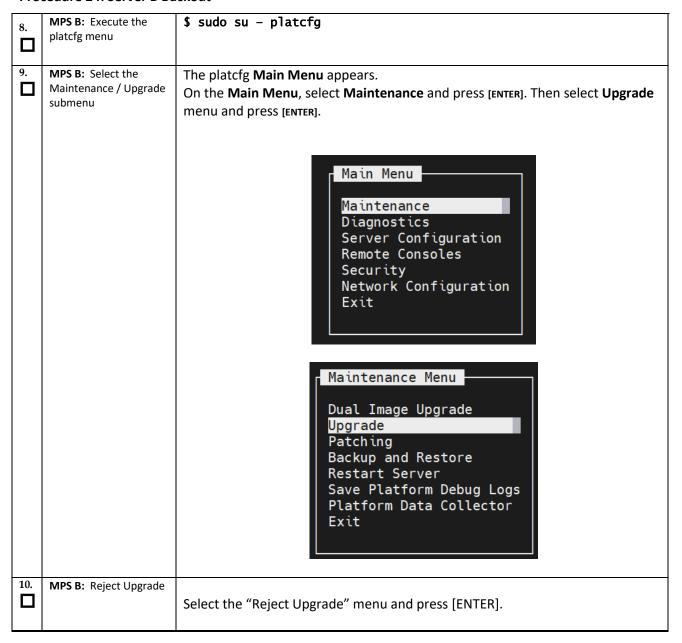
S T	This procedure pro	vides instructions to perform backout on MPS B server.	
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	Note: Execute this procedure if only MPS B has been upgraded successfully and MPS A is still at the		
	pre-upgrade release. Note: If the upgrade has been accepted, this procedure cannot be executed.		
	Note. If the appraise has been accepted, this procedure cannot be executed.		
1.	Terminate all previous connections (ssh).	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.	
		For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the	
		serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A	
		cards adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx	
		Skip to step 5, if connected through serial console.	
2.	Create a terminal window and establish a	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect	
	connection by logging	directly into MPS A.	
	into MPS A.	# ssh admusr@ <mps a=""></mps>	
	Log in to MPS A.	Password: <password></password>	
3.	MPS A: Verify that the state of PDBA	# sudo su – epapconfig	
	Proxy Feature is No.	Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.	
		/usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.	
	Note: Skip this step for Non-Prov and		
	PDBonly EPAP.		
	·		

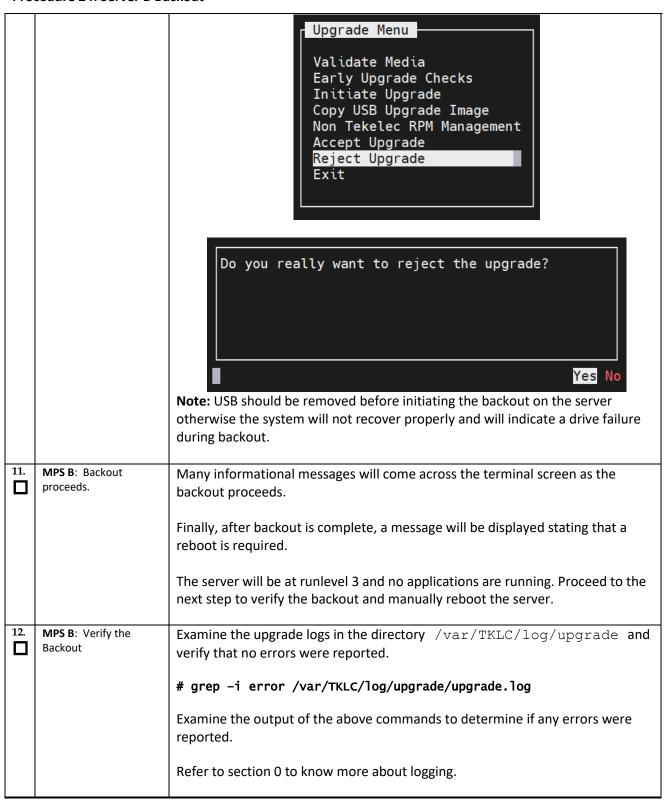
```
/----EPAP Configuration Menu-----\
| 1 | Display Configuration |
  2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu |
  3 | Set Time Zone
    4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys
  5 | Change Password
| 6 | Platform Menu
  ---|-------|
 7 | Configure NTP Server
   ---|-------|
| 8 | PDB Configuration Menu
| 10 | SNMP Configuration
|----|
| 11 | Configure Alarm Feed
| 12 | Configure Query Server
| 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed |
| 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community |
|----|
| 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery
Enter Choice: 1
EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115
EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116
Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0
Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1
EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address
EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address
Backup Prov Network Netmask
Backup Prov Network Netmask
Backup Prov Network Default Router
EPAP A Sync Network Address
EPAP B Sync Network Address

= 192.100.01.1

= Not configured
Not configured
= Not configured
= 192.168.2.100
                                           = Not configured
= Not configured
= 192.168.2.100
EPAP B Sync Network Address
                                            = 192.168.2.200
EPAP A Main DSM Network Address
EPAP B Main DSM Network Address
EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address
                                             = 192.168.120.100
                                            = 192.168.120.200
= 192.168.121.100
= 192.168.121.200
EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address
EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address
EPAP A HTTP Port
EPAP B HTTP Port
                                             = 80
                                              = 80
EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port
                                              = 8001
EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port
                                              = 8001
EPAP A Banner Connection Port
EPAP B Banner Connection Port
                                             = 8473
                                              = 8473
```

4.	MPS A: Clear PDB replication logs	EPAP A Static NAT Address
5.	MPS A: Start screen session	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B. \$ screen -L
	MPS A: Connect to the console of MPS B.	Execute the following command on E5-APP-B: \$ sudo minicom mate If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.24
6.	MPS B: Login prompt is displayed.	<pre><hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>
7.	MPS B: Log in to the server as user "admusr".	If not already logged-in, then log in. <hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>





13.	MPS B: Verify the Backout.	If the backout was <i>not</i> successful and errors were recorded in the logs, then contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section for further instructions. If the backout <i>was</i> successful, then continue with the following step.
14.	MPS B: Reboot the MPS.	Perform the following commands to reboot the MPS: # sudo init 6
15.	MPS B: Reboot completed.	After the reboot, the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below. ###################################
16. 17.	MPS B: Verify Health of MPS B. MPS B: Sync the time on both MPS A and MPS B.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B. Sync the time on both MPS A and B if it is different. Login to MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password> Check date time on MPS A using following command: \$ date Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018 Login to MPS B: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password> Check date time on MPS B using following command:</password></hostname></password></hostname>

Procedure 24: Server B Backout

		\$ date
		Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018
		If both are not same then set the date time value on MPS B same as of MPS A.
		Use following command:
		First switch user to root:
		\$ su – root
		Password:
		Execute command to set date on MPS B as bellow:
		# date -s <data-time a="" mps="" of=""></data-time>
		[
		[root@Natal-B ~] # date -s "Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018" Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018
		[root@Natal-B ~]#
		Done.
18.	MPS B: Clear MySQL	Execute the following command to check for MySQL replication error:
	replication error banner	\$ manageBannerInfo -1
	message, if any	
		Examine the output of the above command to determine if any errors were
		reported related to MySQL replication such as:
		MySQL data replication error detected; Attempting to restart
		Attempt to restart MySQL replication failed
		Execute the following command to copy the EuiDB database from B server to A
		server to clear any of the above observed MySQL replication error.
		Note: This utility should be executed only with epapdev user.
		\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/resetReplication
		Resetting MySql Replication
		This script will fix EuiDB replication by copying the
		database from
		one side of the pair to the other side and then
		resetting the MySql
		replication pointers.
		Are you sure you want to reset replication? (y/n) y
		Which side do you want to copy FROM? (A/B) [B]: B
		Copy the EuiDB from B to A? (y/n) y
		Removing the index and info files from EPAP A Replication files successfully removed from the mate
		server.
		SCT VCT •

Procedure 24: Server B Backout

	110000010 2 11001701 2 2001000		
		Connecting to local DB	
		Connecting to mate DB	
		Copying EuiDB to mate	
		Stopping local slave	
		Stopping mate slave	
		Resetting local master	
		Resetting mate master	
		Resetting local slave	
		Resetting mate slave	
		Starting local slave	
		Starting mate slave	
		Resetting MySql Replication Completed	
		If there is a failure in resetReplication, execute following commands:	
		<pre>\$ mysql -uroot -p<mysql_root_password> -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@localhost"</mysql_root_password></pre>	
		<pre>\$ mysql -uroot -p<mysql_root_password> -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@mate"</mysql_root_password></pre>	
		Execute the following command to verify that the banner messages related to the replication error are cleared after some time.	
		# manageBannerInfo -1	
19.	MPS B: Verify Health of	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.	
	MPS B	If backout of major upgrade was performed, the syscheck utility will report the "300000000000000 – Server Internal Disk Error" alarm as the disk mirroring is	
		in progress.	
		The alarm will be cleared after the completion of disk mirroring.	
		May also report the following:	
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 Platform Health Check Failure	
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code.	
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::300000000000000000000000000000000000	
		Default Route Network Error	
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at	
		fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged!	
20.	Reconnect console cable.	On E5-APP-B card, reconnect the console cable between the serial port labeled	
		'S0' on E5-APP-B B card's adapter and the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-	
		B A card's adapter. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx	
		D A card's adapter. Cable part Humbers - 050-1220-XX	
21.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.	
		This procedure is complete.	

Procedure 24: Server B Backout

22.	l	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date

The application should now be running at the original software release level

Procedure 25 Backout both Server A and B

S T	This procedure provides instructions to perform backout on both MPS A and MPS B servers.		
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	Note: Execute this procedure only if both MPS A and MPS B have been upgraded or partially upgraded and you wish to backout both servers to the previous version.		
	Note: If the upgrade has been accepted, this procedure cannot be performed.		
	Note: Database chan procedure	ges post upgrade and before backout might be lost after performing backout	
1.	Terminate all previous connections (ssh).	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.	
		For connecting the E5-APP-B A card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B B card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected	
		at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B B	
		card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx	
		Skip to step 6, if connected through serial console.	
2.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS A – from MPS B", connect directly into MPS B.	
	into MPS B.		
	Log into MPS B.	# ssh admusr@ <mps b=""> Password: <password></password></mps>	
3.	MPS B: Start screen	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session	
_	session.	to MPS A.	
		\$ screen -L	
	MPS B: Connect to the console of MPS A.	Execute the following command on E5-APP-B:	

4.	MPS A: Login prompt is displayed.	\$ sudo minicom mate If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.24. <hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname>
5.	MPS A: Log in to the server as user "admusr".	Log in as 'admusr' <hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>
6.	MPS A: Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is No. Note: Skip this step for Non-Prov and PDBonly EPAP.	<pre># sudo su - epapconfig Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.</pre>

```
/----EPAP Configuration Menu-----\
| 1 | Display Configuration |
  2 | Configure Network Interfaces Menu |
  3 | Set Time Zone
    4 | Exchange Secure Shell Keys
   5 | Change Password
  6 | Platform Menu
   ---|-------|
  7 | Configure NTP Server
   ---|-------|
| 8 | PDB Configuration Menu
| 10 | SNMP Configuration
|----|
| 11 | Configure Alarm Feed
| 12 | Configure Query Server
| 13 | Configure Query Server Alarm Feed |
| 14 | Configure SNMP Agent Community |
|----|
| 15 | Mate Disaster Recovery
Enter Choice: 1
EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115
EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116
Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0
Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1
EPAP A Sync Network Default Router = 192.100.01.1

EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured  

Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured  

Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured  

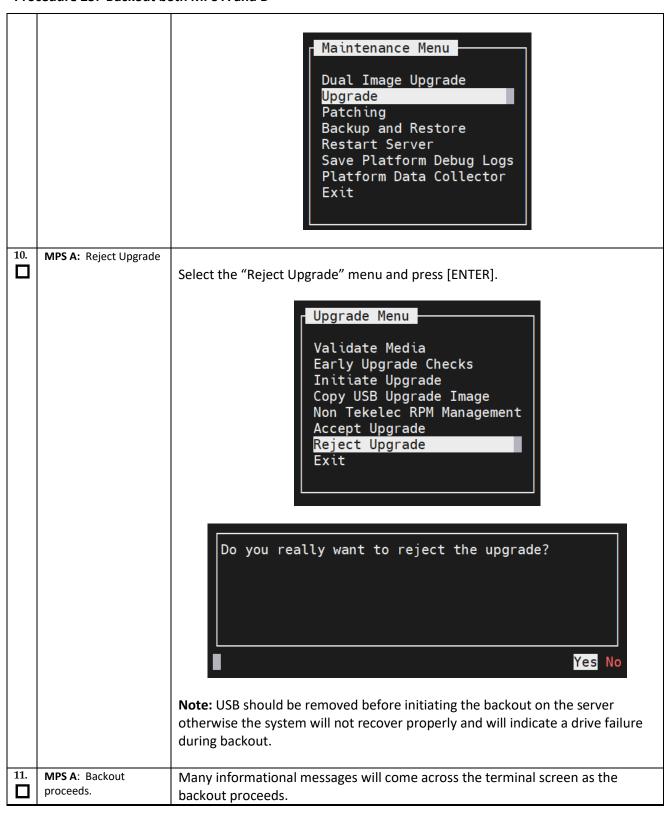
EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.100  

EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200
EPAP B Sync Network Address
                                           = 192.168.2.200
EPAP A Main DSM Network Address
EPAP B Main DSM Network Address
EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address
                                             = 192.168.120.100
                                           = 192.168.120.200
= 192.168.121.100
= 192.168.121.200
EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address
EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address
EPAP A HTTP Port
EPAP B HTTP Port
                                             = 80
                                             = 80
EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port
                                             = 8001
EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port
                                             = 8001
EPAP A Banner Connection Port
EPAP B Banner Connection Port
                                             = 8473
                                             = 8473
```

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		EPAP A Static NAT Address	= Not configured
		EPAP B Static NAT Address PDBI Port	= Not configured = 5873
		Remote MPS A Static NAT Address	= Not configured
		Remote MPS A HTTP Port	= 80
		Remote MPS A Static NAT Address Remote MPS A HTTP Port Local Provisioning VIP	= 192.168.15.152
		Remote Provisioning VIP	= 192.168.15.172
		Local PDBA Address	= 192.168.15.115
		Remote PDBA Address	= 192.168.16.115
		Remote PDBA B Address Time Zone	= 192.168.16.116 = America/New_York
		PDB Database	= Exists
		Preferred PDB	= Standby
		Allow updates from alternate PDB	= Yes
		Auto DB Recovery Enabled	= Yes
		PDBA Proxy Enabled	= Yes
		If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Exec	
		Active and Standby for dual PDBA setup to	disable EPAP VIP and PDBA proxy
		features.	. ,
		1.00.001	
		Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, ther	n proceed with the next step.
7.	MDC A		
	MPS A:	If PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes then Exec	ute Procedure A.26 to clear
ш	Clear PDB replication		ate 1 1000 date 7 1120 to 0.001
	logs	replication logs	
		Otherwise, if PDBA Proxy Enabled = No, ther	n skip this step.
		•	·
8.	MPS A: Execute the	\$ sudo su – platcfg	
	platcfg menu		
_ —			
9.	MPS A: Select the	The platefa Main Manu appears	
	Maintenance / Upgrade	The platcfg Main Menu appears.	
ш	submenu	On the Main Menu , select Maintenance and	press [ENTER]. Then select Upgrade
	Submenu	menu and press [ENTER].	
		·	
		Main Menu	
		ria tii rieliu	
		Maintenance	
		Diagnostics	
		Server Config	uration
		Remote Consol	
		Security	
		Network Confi	guration
		Exit	

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B



Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		Finally, after backout is complete, a message will be displayed stating that a reboot is required. The server will be at runlevel 3 and no applications are running. Proceed to the next step to verify the backout and manually reboot the server.
12.	MPS A: Verify the Backout.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors were reported. # grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log # grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/ugwrap.log Examine the output of the above commands to determine if any errors were
		Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging.
13.	MPS A: Verify the Backout.	If the backout was not successful and errors were recorded in the logs, then contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section for further instructions. If the backout was successful, then enter continue with the following steps:
14.	MPS A: Reboot the MPS.	Perform this step only on a backout of an incremental upgrade. Perform the following commands to reboot the MPS: # init 6
15.	MPS A: Backout completed.	After the reboot, the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below.

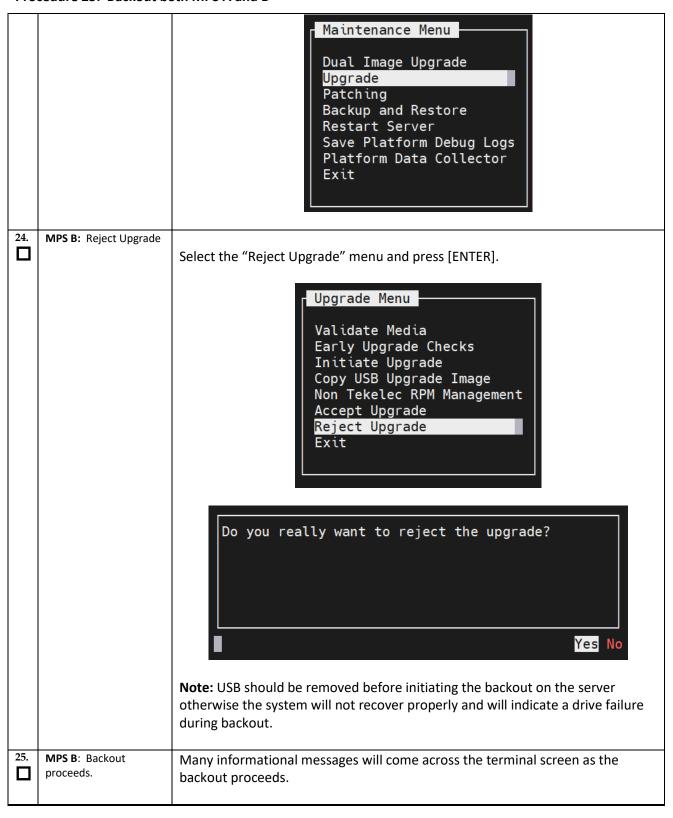
Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		######################################
		1464603884: Upstart Job tpdProvd: started ####################################
		1464603885: Upstart Job TKLCsnmp-subagent: started ####################################
		1464603886: Upstart Job ntdMgr: started ####################################
		Oracle Linux Server release 6.7 Kernel 2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prere17.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 devloan-01 login:
16.	MPS A: Verify Health of MPS A.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A
		The syscheck utility may report the "50000000000000 - Server Application
		Process Error" for PDBA, if the pdba software is not running.
		May also report following error: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000000000000000000000000000000
		Failure
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code.
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::300000000000000000 Server Default Route Network Error
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at
		fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged!
17.	Terminate all previous connections (ssh).	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port.
		For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the
		serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected
		at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A cards adapter and use it for serial access.
		Skip to step 21, if connected through serial console.
18.	Create a terminal window and establish a	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect
	connection by logging	directly into MPS A.
	into MPS A.	# ssh epapdev@ <mps a=""></mps>
	Log into MPS A.	Password: <password></password>

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

19.	MPS A: Start screen session.	Execute the following commands to start screen and establish a console session to MPS B. \$ screen -L
	MPS A: Connect to the console of MPS B.	Execute the following command on E5-APP-B: \$ sudo minicom mate If above command fails then refer to Procedure A.24.
20.	MPS B: Login prompt is displayed.	<pre><hostname> console login: Note: Hit enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>
21.	MPS B: Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
22.	MPS B: Execute the platcfg menu	\$ sudo su - platcfg
23.	MPS B: Select the Maintenance / Upgrade submenu	The platcfg Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Then select Upgrade menu and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Remote Consoles Security Network Configuration Exit

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B



Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

		Finally, after backout is complete, a message will be displayed stating that a reboot is required.
		The server will be at runlevel 3 and no applications are running. Proceed to the next step to verify the backout and manually reboot the server.
26.	MPS B: Verify the Backout.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors were reported.
		<pre># grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log # grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/ugwrap.log</pre>
		Examine the output of the above commands to determine if any errors were reported.
		Refer to section 3.7 to know more about logging.
27.	MPS B: Verify the Backout.	If the backout was <i>not</i> successful and errors were recorded in the logs, then contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section for further instructions.
		If the backout was successful, then enter continue with the following steps:
28.	MPS B: Reboot the MPS.	Perform the following commands to reboot the MPS:
		\$ init 6
29.	MPS B: Login to MPS B.	After the reboot, the screen will display the login prompt, as shown in the example below.
		1464603884: Upstart Job syscheck: started ####################################
		1464603884: Upstart Job tpdProvd: started ####################################
		1464603885: Upstart Job TKLCsnmp-subagent: started ####################################
		1464603886: Upstart Job ntdMgr: started ####################################
		Oracle Linux Server release 6.7 Kernel 2.6.32-573.18.1.el6prerel7.0.3.0.0_86.44.0.x86_64 on an x86_64 devloan-01 login:

31.	Create a terminal window and establish a connection by logging into MPS A. Log into MPS A MPS A: Rejoin previous screen session on MPS B	In a newly created terminal window labeled "MPS B – from MPS A", connect directly into MPS A. # ssh epapdev@ <mps a=""> Password: <password> Execute the following command to disconnect and then rejoin previous screen session: \$ screen -dr</password></mps>
32.	MPS B: Sync the time on both MPS A and MPS B.	Sync the time on both MPS A and B if it is different. Login to MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password> Check date time on MPS A using following command: \$ date Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018 Login to MPS B: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password> Check date time on MPS B using following command: \$ date Sat Jul 7 01:35:18 EDT 2018 If both are not same then set the date time value on MPS B same as of MPS A. Use following command: First switch user to root: \$ su - root Password: Execute command to set date on MPS B as bellow: # date -s <data-time a="" mps="" of=""> [root@Natal-B ~] # date -s "Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018" Sat Jul 7 02:05:41 EDT 2018 [root@Natal-B ~] #</data-time></password></hostname></password></hostname>
		Done.

33.	MPS B: Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
34.	MPS B: Clear MySQL replication error banner message, if any	Execute the following command to check for MySQL replication error: \$ manageBannerInfo -1
		Examine the output of the above command to determine if any errors were reported related to MySQL replication such as:
		MySQL data replication error detected; Attempting to restart Attempt to restart MySQL replication failed
		Execute the following command to copy the EuiDB database from B server to A server to clear any of the above observed MySQL replication error.
		Note: This utility should be executed only with epapdev user
		\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/resetReplication Resetting MySql Replication This script will fix EuiDB replication by copying the database from one side of the pair to the other side and then resetting the MySql replication pointers. Are you sure you want to reset replication? (y/n) y Which side do you want to copy FROM? (A/B) [B]: B Copy the EuiDB from B to A? (y/n) y Removing the index and info files from EPAP A Replication files successfully removed from the mate server. Connecting to local DB Connecting to mate DB Copying EuiDB to mate Stopping local slave Stopping mate slave Resetting local master Resetting local master Resetting mate master Resetting mate slave Starting local slave Starting local slave Starting local slave Starting mate slave Resetting mate slave Resetting mate slave Resetting MySql Replication Completed If there is a failure in resetReplication, execute following commands: \$ mysql -uroot -p <mysql_root_password> -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@localhost IDENTIFIED by '<password>'" \$ mysql -uroot -p<mysql_root_password> -e "GRANT ALL ON EuiDB.* to elapdev@mate IDENTIFIED by '<password> '" Execute the following command to verify that the banner messages related to the replication error are cleared after some time. \$ manageBannerInfo -l</password></mysql_root_password></password></mysql_root_password>

Procedure 25: Backout both MPS A and B

35.	MPS B: Verify Health of MPS B	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS B to verify the health of MPS B.
36.	MPS A: Check if RTDB and PDBA databases are synchronized update this	Execute the following command to check the RTDB and PDB database levels: \$ sudo dbstattoo1 The outlook may look like:
	Note: Skip this step	DBSTATTOOL Platform=EPAP
	for PDBonly setup.	
	ioi i Doin, octupi	pdb level = 1
		rtdb_pdb_birthdate = 1399621904 (Fri May 9 03:51:44 2014) rtdb_begin_dsm_level = 1
		rtdb_end_dsm_level = 1 rtdb_dsm_birthdate = 1400784912 (Thu May 22 14:55:12 2014) rtdb_dsm_status = 1
		rtdb_load_state = 0 EAGLE_fmt_pdb_birthdate = 2152386348 (EAGLE format - be careful!) EAGLE_fmt_rtdb_pdb_birthdate = 1981720860 (EAGLE format - be careful!) EAGLE fmt_rtdb_dsm_birthdate = 4003650604 (EAGLE format - be careful!)
		<pre>pdba_last_upd_ipaddr</pre>
		dbstattool_pad3 = 0
		dbstattool_pad4 = 0 dbstattool_timestamp = 0 (Wed_Dec_31_19:00:00_1969)
37.	Reboot EAGLE Cards.	Note down the RTDB and PDBA database levels. If they are not the same prior to backout, an RTDB reload from PDBA must be performed after backout! If the DB levels on EPAP and EAGLE matches and there is no alarm on EAGLE related to "RTDB reload is required", go to step 37.
		Reboot 1 SM card on the EAGLE and verify that it comes back to an IS-NR/Active state.
		If this is a Non-Provisionable EPAP, boot the rest of the EAGLE SM cards over 4 batches (booting 1/4 of the cards at a single time).
		If this is a Provisionable(mixed EPAP or PDBonly) EPAP, and the second MPS A on which backout has been executed, reboot the rest of the cards on both local and remote sides over 4 batches (booting 1/4 of the cards at a single time).
38.	Procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.
39.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date
		7 8800

Procedure 26 Stop the Pdba software

Procedure 26: Stop the PDBA Software

S T		o the PDBA software before major upgrade. completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
E	` _		
P	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE</u>		
#	ASSISTANCE.		
	•	rmed, then execute this procedure ONLY after backout on all MPS servers in the s. Otherwise, skip this procedure until all MPS servers have been backed out.	
1.	MPS A: Log in to the		
	server as user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>	
2.	MPS A: Verify Health of MPS A.	If not done already, execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A.	
		Expect that the syscheck utility will report the 'Server Application Process Error'	
		alarm for the fact that the PDBA software is not running. Besides the PDBA not	
		running alarm, verify that no other abnormalities are noted.	
		May also report following error:	
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000040000 Platform Health Check Failure	
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code.	
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::300000000000000000000000000000000000	
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at	
		fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged!	
3.	MPS A: Verify that Pdba software running	Execute the command below to find if the pdba is running or not:	
	or not.	\$ ps -aef grep pdba grep -v "grep"	
		If the output contains an entry for the pdba, as shown below, then move to the next step.	
		[epapdev@MPS A ~]\$ ps -eaf grep "pdba" grep -v "grep" epapdev 14165 11068 0 02:59 ? 00:00:07 /opt/TKLCappl/bin/pdba	

Procedure 26: Stop the PDBA Software

4.	MPS A: Turn off the PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flag to stop provisioning during upgrade.	Otherwise, skip the next step as Pdba software already stopped. Execute the command below to find the current status of PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flag. [epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ uiEdit grep -i PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED
	Note: This step must be performed in case of upgrade	Skip this step if output of the above command is "PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to "OFF".
	and PDBA software needs to be	Turn off the PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flag by running below command if output of previous command is blank or not set to "OFF"
	restarted, for this change to take effect.	[epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED OFF "PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to "OFF"
5.	MPS A: Stop the Pdba software.	Run the following command:
		[epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ service Pdba stop
		~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~
		PDBA application stopped.
6.	MPS A: Verify that Pdba software running or not	Repeat above step 3.
7.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.
8.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date

Procedure 27 Restart PDBA Software (Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade)

When upgrade is initiated on the first MPS-B, the PDBA software process is stopped on the MPS-A servers configured as **Provisionable**(mixed-EPAP or PDBonly). The PDBA software is intentionally left stopped, and so the operator performing the upgrade must restart the PDBA software after all MPS servers in a set of EPAP systems have been upgraded.

WARNING: If a backout of the MPS A and B units is conducted sometime after an upgrade has successfully completed and after Provisioning has been re-enabled, then the only method of PDB restoration is from backup file. In this case, any new data provisioned since the successful completion of the upgrade will be lost and will need to be re-provisioned.

Procedure 27: Restart the PDBA Software Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade

S T E	This procedure rest completed.	arts the PDBA software after upgrade of all associated MPS systems has been
P	Check off ($$) each step as it is	completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
#	IF THIS PROCEDU ASSISTANCE.	TRE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE</u>
		rmed, then execute this procedure ONLY after backout on all MPS servers in the s. Otherwise, skip this procedure until all MPS servers have been backed out.
1.	Local MPS A: Log in to the server as user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
2.	Local MPS A: Verify Health of MPS A.	If not done already, execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A.
		Expect that the syscheck utility will report the 'Server Application Process Error' alarm for the fact that the PDBA software is not running. Besides the PDBA not running alarm, verify that no other abnormalities are noted. May also report following error: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000000000000000000000000000000
3.	MPS A: Turn on the PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_	Execute the command below to find the current status of PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flag.
	ALLOWED flag to enable PDB to accept updates	
	from remote PDBI.	[epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ uiEdit grep -i PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED
	Note: This step	Turn on the PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED flag. Skip this step if output of the above command is "PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to "ON" or no output is
	must be performed in case of upgrade	displayed
	and PDBA software needs to be	[epapdev@Natal-A ~]\$ uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED ON
	restarted, for this change to take effect.	"PDBA_REMOTE_PDBI_ALLOWED" is set to "ON"

Procedure 27: Restart the PDBA Software Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade

4.	Move back the pdba binary from pdba_stopped to pdba	[root@Quito-a bin]# mv pdba_stopped pdba [root@Quito-a bin]#
5.	Local MPS A: Restart the PDBA software.	Execute the command below to find if the pdba is running or not:
	On the menu, click	\$ ps -aef grep pdba grep -v "grep"
	PDBA->Process Control->Start PDBA software	If the output contains an entry for the pdba, as shown below, then skip to the next step.
		[epapdev@MPS A ~]\$ ps -aef grep pdba grep -v "grep" epapdev 23890 10248 0 Apr07 ? 00:01:18 /opt/TKLCappl/bin/pdba
		Otherwise, Login to EPAP GUI by uiadmin user and start PDBA software.
		A
		Are you sure you want to start the PDBA software?
		Start PDBA Software Tue June 20 2017 06:42:43 EDT
		Copyright © 2000, 2017, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
6.	Local MPS A : Verify PDBA is running.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A Verify that syscheck does <i>not</i> show that the PDBA is <i>not</i> running. May also report following error:
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000000000000000000000000000000
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code.
7.	Remote MPS A: Log in to	
	the server as user "epapdev".	<pre><hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
8.	Remote MPS A: Verify Health of MPS A.	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A.
		Expect that the syscheck utility will alarm the fact that the PDBA software is not running. This will appear as a "500000000000000 Server Application Process Error" alarm. Besides the PDBA not running alarm, verify that no other abnormalities are noted. May also report following error:
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000000000000000000000000000000
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code.

Procedure 27: Restart the PDBA Software Post-Backout and Post-Upgrade

		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::300000000000000000000000000000000000
		Route Network Error
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at
		fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged!
9.	Remote MPS A: Restart	Frequency the common and help in the fined if the maller is any main any mate.
<u></u>	the PDBA software.	Execute the command below to find if the pdba is running or not:
_	On the menu, click	\$ ps -aef grep pdba grep -v "grep"
	PDBA->Process Control->Start PDBA software	If the output contains an entry for the pdba, as shown below, then skip to the next step.
	1 DB/(30)tware	epapdev 23890 10248 0 Apr07 ? 00:01:18 /opt/TKLCappl/bin/pdba
		Otherwise, Login to EPAP GUI by uiadmin user and start PDBA software.
		<u>A</u> Start
		Are you sure you want to start the PDBA software?
		Start PDBA Software Tue June 20 2017 06:42:43 EDT
		Copyright © 2000, 2017, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
10.	Remote MPS A: Verify	Execute Procedure A.1 on MPS A to verify the health of MPS A. Verify that syscheck
	PDBA is running.	does <i>not</i> show that the PDBA is <i>not</i> running.
		May also report following error:
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000000000000000000000000000000
		Failure
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::300000000000000000000000000000000000
		Route Network Error
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at
		fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged
11.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.
12.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date
		ן שׁ שמנכ

THIS COMPLETES THE BACKOUT

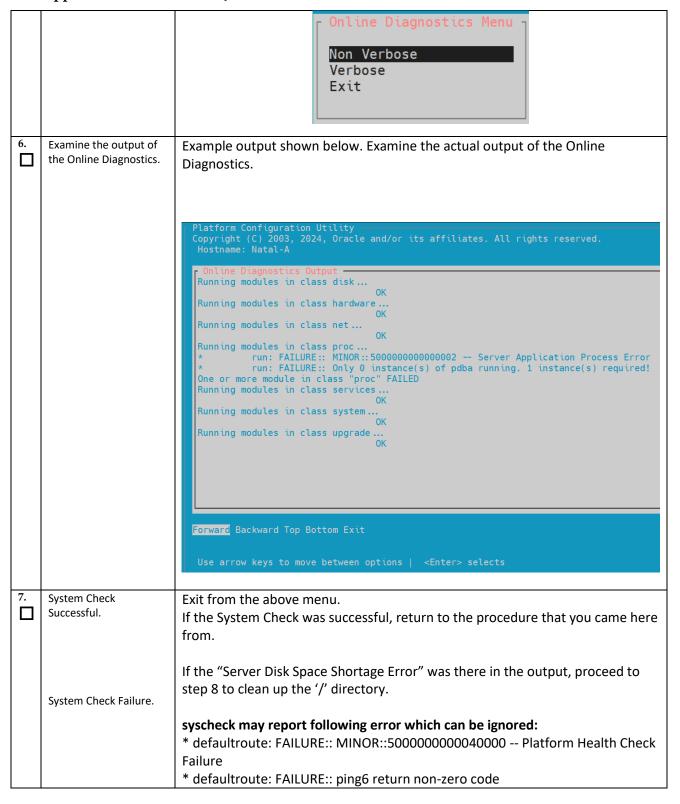
APPENDIX A GENERIC PROCEDURES

Procedure A.1 Perform System Health Check

Appendix A.1 Perform System Health Check

S T	This procedure perfo	rms a system health check on any MPS server.
E	Check off ($$) each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .
1.	Log in as the admusr user.	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
2.	Execute the platcfg menu.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
3.	Select the Diagnostics submenu.	The platefg Main Menu appears. On the Main Menu, select Diagnostics and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Security Remote Consoles Network Configuration Exit
4.	Select the Online Diagnostics submenu.	Select the Online Diagnostics submenu and press [ENTER]. Online Diagnostics Network Diagnostics View Upgrade Logs Alarm Manager Platform Revision Exit •
5.	Select the Non- Verbose option.	Select the Non-Verbose option and press [ENTER].

Appendix A.1 Perform System Health Check



Appendix A.1 Perform System Health Check

8.	Server clean-up to create space.	* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::300000000000000000000000000000000000
		[root@Quito-a core]# df -h /var/TKLC Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc 7.8G 2.3G 5.1G 31% /var/TKLC
		Verify that there is at least 600M in the Avail column. If not, clean up files until there is space available. CAUTION: Make sure you know what files you can remove safely before cleaning up. It is recommended that you only clean up files in the /var/TKLC/upgrade directory as this is a platform owned directory that should only contain ISO images. This directory should not be expected to contain
		<pre>images for any length of time as they can get purged. Also, execute the following command to check space in '/lib/module' directory. \$ df -h /lib/modules [root@Quito-a core]# df -h /lib/modules Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on</pre>
9.	Procedure complete.	/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_usr 7.8G 4.7G 2.8G 64% /usr [root@Quito-a core]# Verify that the Use% column does not exceed the value 80%. Return to the procedure that you came here from.
10.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.2 Validate Upgrade Media

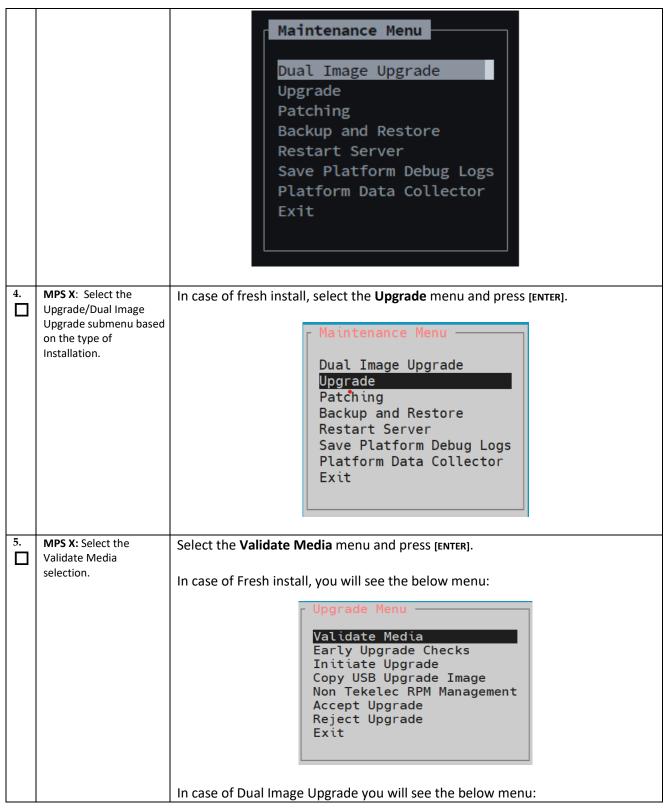
This procedure is used to execute a validation of the Upgrade Media (typically an ISO image) separately from executing an upgrade. The upgrade process automatically validates the upgrade media. However, sometime the user may wish to perform just a validation before proceeding with upgrade, thus the reason for this separate process.

Validation could be performed on MPS A or B, however, this procedure specifies MPS X for simplicity.

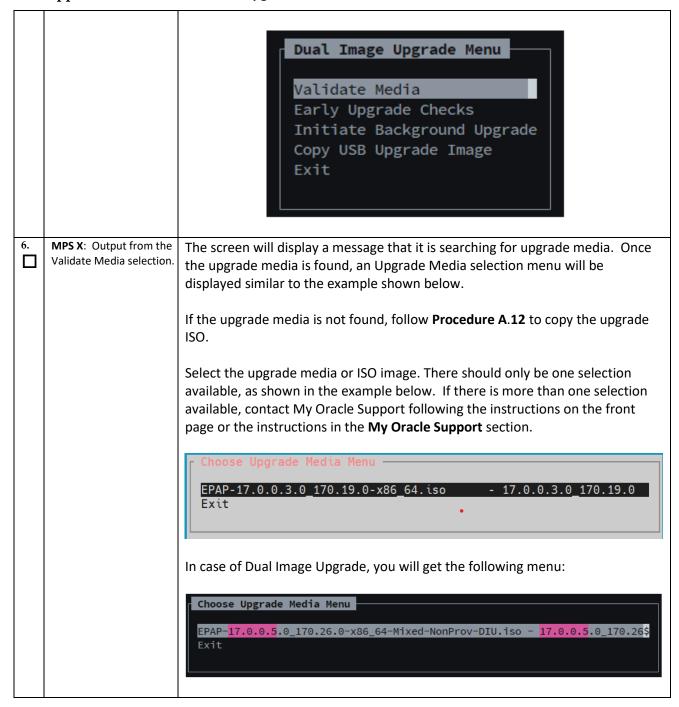
Appendix A.2 Validate the Upgrade Media

S T E P #	server. This procedu user has an EPAP Upg	des instructions to perform a validation of the upgrade media on the MPS X re assumes that the E5-APP-B card IPM procedure has been executed and the grade ISO image available. completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. TRE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE
1.	MPS X: If necessary, log in to the server as the user "admusr".	If not already logged in to the MPS server, then login as user "admusr". <hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	MPS X: Execute the platcfg menu.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
3.	MPS X: Select the Maintenance submenu.	The platefg Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Security Remote Consoles Network Configuration Exit In case of Dual Image Upgrade, Select the Dual Image upgrade menu and press [ENTER]

Appendix A.2 Validate the Upgrade Media



Appendix A.2 Validate the Upgrade Media



Appendix A.2 Validate the Upgrade Media

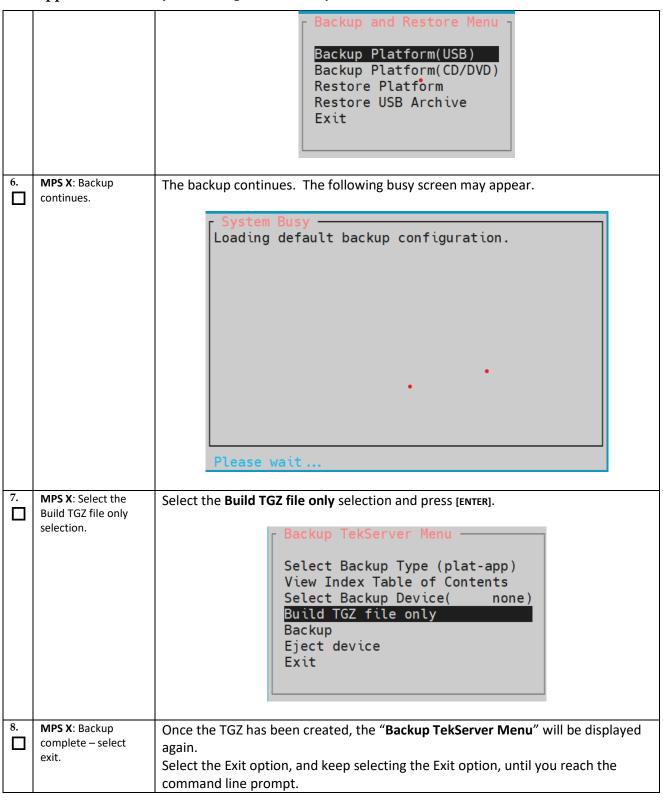
7.	MPS X: View the	The results of the validation will be displayed, similar to the example below.
	Validation results.	
	Validation results.	Validating cdrom *********************************
8.	MPS X: Select the Exit	Select the Exit option, and keep selecting the Exit option, until you reach the
	option.	command line prompt or you return to another menu that you wish to use.
		Choose Upgrade Media Menu
		EPAP-17.0.0.3.0_170.19.0-x86_64.iso - 17.0.0.3.0_170.19.0 Exit
9.	MPS X: Procedure complete.	Media Validation is complete. Return to the procedure that you came here from.
10.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date
		y 4400

Procedure A.3 System Configuration Backup

Appendix A.3 System Configuration Backup

S	This procedure pe	erforms configuration backup on an MPS Server.
T	Check off (1) each ste	ep as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
E P	Check on (v) each ste	ep as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
#	IF THIS PROCEDUR	E FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .
1.	MPS X: If necessary,	If not already logged in to the MPS server, then login as user "admusr".
	log in to the server as the user "epapdev".	hantungung anna 1. Industria
		<pre><hostname> console login: admusr password: <password></password></hostname></pre>
2.	MPS X: Execute the platcfg menu.	\$ sudo su - platcfg
ш	placeig menu.	Sudo su - pracery
3.	MPS X: Select the	The platcfg Main Menu appears.
ш	Maintenance submenu.	On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER].
	Submenu.	M - C - M
		Main Menu ————
		Maintenance
		Diagnostics
		Server Configuration Security
		Remote Consoles
		Network Configuration
		Exit
4	MADC V. Calaattle	
4. П	MPS X: Select the Backup Platform	Select the Backup and Restore menu and press [ENTER].
	submenu.	•
		┌ Maintenance Menu ────
		Dual Twage Unggade
		Dual Image Upgrade Upgrade
		Patching
		Backup and Restore Restart Server
		Save Platform Debug Logs
		Platform Data Collector
		Exit
5.	MPS X: Select the	Select the Backup Platform (USB) submenu and press [ENTER].
	Backup Platform submenu.	

Appendix A.3 System Configuration Backup



Appendix A.3 System Configuration Backup

9.	MPS X: Transfer the backup file.	The backup file is in the /var/TKLC/bkp directory and will have a name like <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz</hostname>
		Execute the following command to view the backup file: \$ 1s -1 /var/TKLC/bkp [admusr@Recife-a bkp] \$ 1s -1 /var/TKLC/bkp/ total 5836
		-rw-rw 1 root sys 5972128 Sep 11 09:04 Recife-a-plat-app-201809110904.tgz
10.	MPS X: Transfer file to remote machine.	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the ISO to a remote, customer-provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect.
		\$ cd /var/TKLC/bkp
		\$ sftp <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> Connecting to <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> The authenticity of host '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA) to the list of known hosts.</ip></ip></ip></ip>
		<pre>root@<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password: sftp> cd <target directory=""></target></ip></pre>
		sftp> put <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz Uploading <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz to <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz to <hostname>-plat-app-[date][time].tgz sftp> bye</hostname></hostname></hostname></hostname>
		If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command:
		<pre>\$ sudo chmod 667 /var/TKLC/bkp/<tgz file=""> \$ su - epapdev \$ scp /var/TKLC/bkp/<tgz file=""> epapdev@remoteIP:<remote ip="" path=""></remote></tgz></tgz></pre>
11.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
12.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.4 Execute parse9Dig script

Appendix A.4 Execute parse9Dig script

S	This procedure performs the Execution of parse9Dig script.
T	
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .
1.	MPS A: Login as the user "epapdev" on standalone PDB.	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	MPS A: Check if "parse9Dig" script is present on setup.	Check whether "parse9Dig" script is present on setup or not. Execute following command: \$ Is -Irt /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig [epapdev@Natal-a-PDBonly ~]\$ ls -lrt /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig -rwxr-xr-x 1 epapdev epap 12162 Oct 10 16:23 /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig If output is same as above then proceed to step 4 otherwise proceed with following step.
3.	MPS A: Execute the "parse9Dig" script on standalone PDB.	Note: Stop the Pdba software before executing this script. Execute the "parse9Dig" script and examine the result. \$/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all u [epapdev@Osorna-1B-PDBonly config]\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig all u This utility will retrieve all digits for DB and parse them into 9Dig entries. ***********************************
4.	MPS A: Procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.
5.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:

\$ date

Procedure A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

Appendix A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

S T	This procedure incre	ease rtVolume size for Non-prov.
E P	`	is it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. AILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE .
#		mixed EPAP and standalone EPAP.
1.	MPS A: Log in to the server.	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	MPS A: Execute "rtdir_300gb" script for E5-APP-B cards with 300GB drive	If EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 300GB drive modules, execute this step. If instead, EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 480GB drive modules, skip this step and go to step 3.
	modules.	Download the rtdir_300gb script zip file from My Oracle Support(MOS) (https://support.oracle.com). The zip file is available on MOS under Oracle Communications EAGLE Application Processor 16.3.0.0.0.
		Place the zip file in the /tmp directory. Unzip the file: \$ unzip <zip file="" from="" mos="" name=""> \$ cat Readme.txt</zip>
		Follow the directions in the Readme.txt file.
		Execute the following script: \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/rtdir_300gb
		Warning: This utility would increase rtVolume for non-prov setup and this action is irreversible.
		Are you sure you want to continue?[Yes/No]: Yes
		INFO: Increasing rt volume size for Non-provisionable EPAP. Please wait INFO: db space increased on 'A'. INFO: Stopping Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done.
		INFO: Starting Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done. INFO: Successfully configured Non-provisionable EPAP.

Appendix A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

	Following array related to MyJSAM table shall be observed on CI Justile
	Following error related to MyISAM table shall be observed on CLI while
	executing rtdir script:
	myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MyI' e2fsck 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvreduce invocation. Parent PID 253006: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25350: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25359: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25410: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25410: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI' . FIPS integrity verification test failed. FIPS integrity verification test failed. FIPS integrity verification test failed. THIS MAY DESTROY YOUR DATA (filesystem etc.). Skip step 3 and continue with step 4.
3. MPS A: Execute "rtdir" script for E5-APP-B cards with 480GB drive modules.	If EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 300GB drive modules, do not execute this step. Instead, execute step 2. If EPAP is running on an E5-APP-B card with 480GB drive modules, execute this step. Execute the following script: \$ sudo /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/rtdir Warning: This utility would increase rtVolume for non-prov setup and this action is irreversible. Are you sure you want to continue?[Yes/No]: Yes INFO: Increasing rt volume size for Non-provisionable EPAP. Please wait INFO: db space increased on 'A'. INFO: Stopping Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done. INFO: Starting Epap, mysqlapp and mysqlpdb services Done. INFO: Successfully configured Non-provisionable EPAP.

Appendix A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

		Following error related to MyISAM table shall be observed on CLI while
		,
		executing rtdir script:
		myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/columns_priv.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql/db.MYI' e2fsck 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvreduce invocation. Parent PID 25006: sh resize2fs 1.43-WIP (20-Jun-2013) File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25359: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25359: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on vgdisplay invocation. Parent PID 25410: sh File descriptor 7 (socket:[102707]) leaked on lvextend invocation. Parent PID 25416: sh myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/alarmInfo.MYI' myisamchk: error: 140 when opening MyISAM-table '/var/TKLC/epap/db/appconfig/EuiDB/bannerinfo.MYI' FIPS integrity verification test failed. FIPS integrity verification test failed. FIPS integrity verification test failed WARNING: Reducing active logical volume to 8.00 GiB.
		.WARNING: Reducing active logical volume to 8.00 GiB. THIS MAY DESTROY YOUR DATA (filesystem etc.).
4.	MPS A: Verify rtVolume size using command "df -h".	[epapdev@Arica-1A ~]\$ df -h Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on /dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_root
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-plat_var_tklc
		3.9G 1.8G 1.9G 49% /var/TKLC /dev/mapper/vgroot-db
		5.8G 4.3G 1.2G 79% /var/TKLC/epap/db /dev/mapper/vgroot-free
		320G 5.3G 298G 2% /var/TKLC/epap/free
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-logs 20G 89M 19G 1% /var/TKLC/epap/logs
		/dev/mapper/vgroot-rt 82G 3.3G 75G 5% /var/TKLC/epap/rt
		Vgroot-rt size should be greater than 80G.

Appendix A.5 Increase rtVolume size for Non-prov

5.	MPS B: Execute "rtdir" or "rtdir_300gb" script.	After successfully converted rtVolume size on MPS A, repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 on MPS B.	
6.	MPS B: Procedure	This procedure is completed.	İ
ш	completed.		i
7.	Note down the timestamp	Run the following command:	i
	in log.	_	ì
		\$ date	i

Procedure A.6 PDB Backup

Appendix A.6 PDB Backup

S T E P #	This procedure performs a PDB backup on the EPAP server configured as a Provisionable (mixed-EPAP or PDBonly) node. This procedure should only be performed on the active PDBA. Note: Only one PDB Backup is allowed, to be stored. In case another backup is required, workaround is to setup the remote transfer of the existing pdb backup and then delete it. Check off $()$ each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
1.	MPS A: Log in to the server.	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE. If not already logged-in, then login at MPS A: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password></password></hostname>
2.	Run syscheck.	Execute the following Command: \$ syscheck Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000000000000000000000000000000
3.	Verify the System Check executed successfully. In particular, verify that the PDBA process is running by noting that	Running modules in class disk Running modules in class net Running modules in class proc OK OK OK OK

Appendix A.6 PDB Backup

		Dunning modules in class system			
	syscheck does not generate an alarm against the PDBA process.	Running modules in class system OK Running modules in class hardware OK			
	process.	The log is available at:>/var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log			
		If the syscheck utility reports the "50000000000000 – Server Application Process Error" alarm, restart the PDBA and execute syscheck again. The above alarm should be removed. If the above alarm is not removed, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section			
4.	System Check Verifies that PDBA is running.	If the syscheck does not report any errors, proceed to the next step. Otherwise, if any other failures were detected by System Check, contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions in the My Oracle Support section. Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000000000000000000000000000000			
5.	Log into epapconfig.	fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged \$ su - admusr			
		\$ sudo su — epapconfig			
		Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.			
6.	Main menu is displayed.	Menu for mixed-EPAP:			
	Select Platform Menu.	/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\			
		/\ 1 Display Configuration			
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu			
		5 Change Password			
		6 Platform Menu			
		 11 Configure Alarm Feed			
	I	II Contrigute Ataliii recu			

Appendix A.6 PDB Backup

		 13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed				
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community				
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery				
		e Exit				
		\/				
		Enter Choice: 6				
7.	Platform menu is displayed. Select PDB	Menu for standard EPAP designation:				
	Backup.	/EPAP Platform Menu-\				
		1 Initiate Upgrade				
		 2 Reboot MPS				
		4 RTDB Backup 				
		5 PDB Backup 				
		e Exit /				
		Enter Choice: 5				
		Menu for PDB-only designation:				
		/EPAP Platform Menu-\				
		/\ 1 Initiate Upgrade				
		\/				
		Enter Choice: 4				
8.	Menu will prompt for a	Are you sure you want to backup the PDB to				
Ш	"yes" to continue. Enter a Y .	/var/TKLC/epap/free/pdbBackup_DBExpPdbOnly_20180613055813_DBBirthd ate_20180613072847GMT_DBLevel_6507_v7.50.bkp.tar.gz? [N]:				
9.	While the backup is	Suggestfully started backup of DDB				
	begin performed, the following output will be Successfully started backup of PDB. Status will be displayed on the GUI banner.					
	displayed to the screen. Note: Only one PDB	Press return to continue				
	Backup is allowed, to be	Note: If following error is displayed instead of success, then you				
	stored.	need to delete all pdbBackup from free directory in order to				
		schedule new pdbBackup.				
		E1058: An internal error in the EPAP occurred: pdbBackup already exists in free directory.				

Appendix A.6 PDB Backup

		Press return to continue
10.	Exit this menu and return to the login prompt.	Enter Choice: e Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.
11.	Monitor GUI banner.	Monitor the GUI banner. When the backup has completed successfully, continue to the next step.
12.	Use SFTP to transfer the backup file to a remote customer provided computer.	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the PDB backup file to a remote, customer-provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect. \$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
		<pre>\$ sftp <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> Connecting to <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> The authenticity of host '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:lb:ca:fd:ld:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA) to the list of known hosts. root@<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password: sftp> cd <target directory=""> sftp> put pdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806_DBBirthdate_ 20140530144717GMT_DBLevel_<dblevel>.bkp.tar.gz Uploading pdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806_DBBirthdate_ 20140530144717GMT_DBLevel_<dblevel>.bkp.tar.gz to pdbBackup_<hostname>_ 20140530151806_DBBirthdate_20140530144717GMT_DBLevel_<dblevel>.bkptar.gz sftp> bye If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command \$ su - epapdev \$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/<pdb backup="" file=""> epapdev@mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free/</pdb></dblevel></hostname></dblevel></hostname></dblevel></hostname></target></ip></ip></ip></ip></ip></pre>
13.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
14.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.7 RTDB Backup

Note: Skip this procedure for PDBonly setup.

Appendix A.7 RTDB Backup

S	This procedure perf	is procedure performs an RTDB backup on the EPAP server.				
T E	Check off (√) each step a	as it is co	is it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE F	AILS, CO	AILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .			
1.	MPS: Log in to the server.	<hostr< th=""><th colspan="4">If not already logged-in, then login to the MPS server. <hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname></th></hostr<>	If not already logged-in, then login to the MPS server. <hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname>			
2.	Enter the epapconfig menu.	Execut	e the following command:			
		\$ sudo	o su – epapconfig			
		Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.				
3.	Main menu is displayed.					
	Select Platform Menu.		EPAP Configuration Menu\			
		,	/\ 1 Display Configuration			
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu				
		3 Set Time Zone				
		4	Exchange Secure Shell Keys			
		1 5	Change Password			
		1 6	Platform Menu			
		7	Configure NTP Server			
		8	Security			
		9 SNMP Configuration				
		10 Configure Alarm Feed				
		11	Configure SNMP Agent Community			
		1 12	Mate Disaster Recovery			
		l e	Exit			
		\	/			

Appendix A.7 RTDB Backup

		Enter Choice: 6			
4.	Platform menu is				
	displayed. Select RTDB	/EPAP Platform Menu-\ /\			
	Backup.	1 Initiate Upgrade			
		2 Reboot MPS			
		4 RTDB Backup			
		Enter Choice: 4			
5.	The Application software must be stopped.	If the EPAP application software is running, you will be prompted to stop the software for the RTDB backup. Select with a "Y".			
		EPAP software is running. Stop it? [N]: Y			
6.	Menu will prompt for a "yes" to continue. Enter a Y.	Are you sure you want to backup the PDB to /var/TKLC/epap/free/rtdbBackup_Recife-A_20140530151806.tar.gz? [N]:			
7.	While the backup is begin performed, the following output will be	Successfully started backup of RTDB. Status will be displayed on the GUI banner.			
	displayed to the screen.	Press return to continue			
8.	Exit this menu and	Enter Choice: e			
	return to the login prompt. Continue	Enter Choice: e			
	exiting until you get to the login prompt.	Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain enabled.			
9.	Monitor GUI banner.	Monitor the GUI banner. When the backup has completed successfully,			
		continue to the next step.			
		Note: On performing RTDB backup following two error were observed in cgi.dbg file although rtdb			
		backup is getting completed			
		ERROR: Invalid numbr of argument. Number of argument must be 3 to update RTDB backup DB level properly in pdb.			
		Error: Couldn't able to run the script on Remote Prov with IP (0.0.0.0) having procRc = 255, signal = 0, core = 0.			

Appendix A.7 RTDB Backup

10.	Restart the EPAP Software.	Restart the EPAP application software.		
		\$ sudo /etc/init.d/Epap start		
11.	Use SFTP to transfer the backup file to a remote customer provided computer.	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the RTDB backup file to a remote, customer-provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect.		
		\$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free		
		\$ sftp <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> Connecting to <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""> The authenticity of host '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't be established. DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added '<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA) to the list of known hosts. root@<ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password: sftp> cd <target directory=""> sftp> put rtdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.tar.gz Uploading rtdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.tar.gz to rtdbBackup_<hostname>_20140530151806.tar.gz sftp> bye</hostname></hostname></hostname></target></ip></ip></ip></ip></ip>		
		If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command \$ su - epapdev		
		<pre>\$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/<rtdb backup="" file=""> epapdev@mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free</rtdb></pre>		
12.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.		
13.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date		

Procedure A.8 EuiDB Backup

Appendix A.8 EuiDB Backup

S	This procedure performs a backup of the User database on the MPS server.
T	
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE .
#	IF THIS I ROCEDURE PAILS, CONTACT MT ORACLE SOLTONT AND ASK FOR <u>OF GRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .

Appendix A.8 EuiDB Backup

1.	MPS A: Log in to the server as user "admusr".	<pre><hostname> console login: admusr Password: <password></password></hostname></pre>					
2.	Enter the epapconfig menu.	Execut	e the following Command:				
	menu.	\$ sude	o su – epapconfig				
		/usr/	ng: Smartmatch is experimental at FKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 90	04.			
3.	Master menu is		-EPAP Configuration Menu\				
П	displayed. Select Platform Menu.	1	Display Configuration				
		2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu 				
		3	 Set Time Zone				
		4	Exchange Secure Shell Keys				
		5	 Change Password				
		6	 Platform Menu				
		7	 Configure NTP Server				
8 PDB Configu 		1 8	 PDB Configuration Menu	i			
		 Security					
		10	 SNMP Configuration				
		11	 Configure Alarm Feed 				
		12	 Configure Query Server				
		13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed				
		1 14	Configure SNMP Agent Community				
			Mate Disaster Recovery 				
		e	Exit				
Enter Choice: 6 4. Platform menu is		EPAP Platform Menu-\					
Ц	displayed. Select MySQL Backup.	/	\				
			Initiate Upgrade				
			Reboot MPS 				
			MySQL Backup 				

Appendix A.8 EuiDB Backup

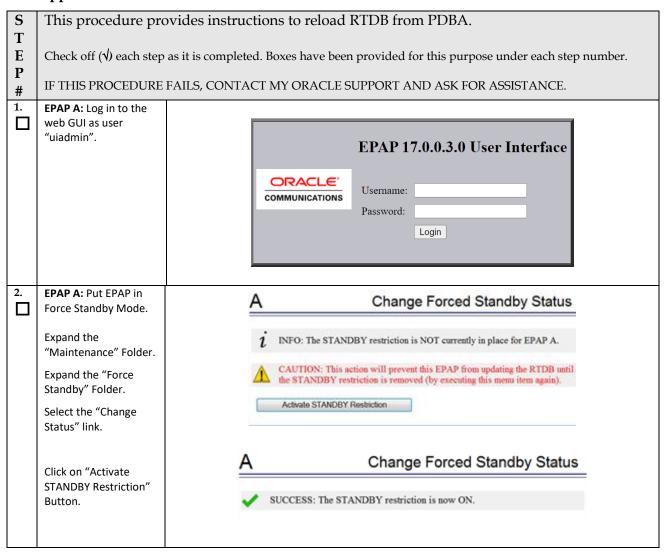
		4 RTDB Backup		
		[[
		5 PDB Backup		
		e Exit		
		\/		
		Enter Choice: 3		
_				
	You will then be	Are you sure you want to backup the MySQL database on MPS A? [N]:		
	prompted to verify that you want to			
	backup the MySQL			
	Database.			
	Type "Y" and press	Press Y		
	enter.			
	While the backup is	NPDB Backed up Successfully to /var/TKLC/appl/free/ <file name=""></file>		
	begin performed, the following output will	NI DB Bucked up successfully to / var/ tkee/ apply free/ <free <="" fame="" th=""></free>		
	be displayed to the			
	screen.			
	Exit this menu and	Enter Choice: e		
	return to the Unix login			
	prompt. Continue exiting until you get to	Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain		
	the Unix login prompt.	enabled.		
	Use SFTP to transfer	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the NPDB backup file to a remote, customer-		
	the backup file to a remote customer	provided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to		
	provided computer.	connect.		
		\$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free		
		\$ sftp <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""></ip>		
		Connecting to <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote=""></ip>		
		The authenticity of host ' <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' can't</ip>		
		be established.		
		DSA key fingerprint is 58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24.		
		Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes		
		Warning: Permanently added ' <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">' (DSA)</ip>		
		to the list of known hosts. root@ <ip address="" computer="" of="" remote="">'s password:</ip>		
		sftp> cd <target directory=""></target>		
		sftp> put npdbBackup_ <hostname>_20140530151806.sql.gz</hostname>		
		Uploading npdbBackup_ <hostname>_20140530151806.sql.gz to</hostname>		
		npdbBackup_ <hostname>_20140530151806.sql.gz</hostname>		
		sftp> bye		
		<u>.</u>		
	ļ	If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist transfer the		
		If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer the backup file to the mate using the following command		

Appendix A.8 EuiDB Backup

		<pre>\$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/<npdb backup="" file=""> epapdev @mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free</npdb></pre>
10.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
11.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.9 RTDB Reload from PDBA

Appendix A.9 RTDB Reload from PDBA



Appendix A.9 RTDB Reload from PDBA

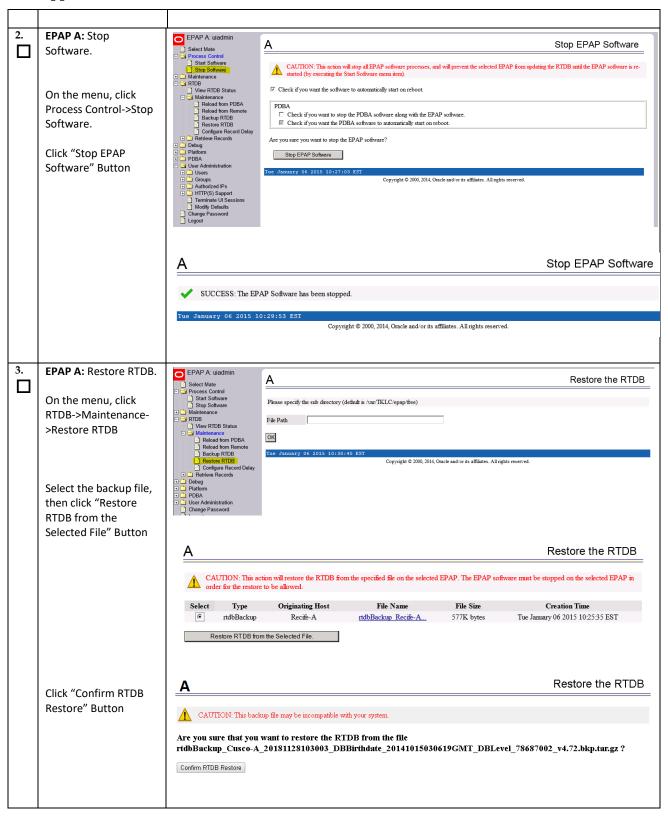
3.	EPAP A: Reload RTDB from PDBA.	A Reload RTDB from PDBA
_	Expand the "RTDB" Folder. Expand the "Maintenance" Folder. Select the "Reload from PDBA" link. Click on the "Reload" Button. Observe the "SUCCESS" Status.	CAUTION: This action will cause the selected RTDB to be completely reloaded from the PDBA. Once the action is started, the RTDB will be unusable until the reload is completed. It is necessary for this EPAP to be in Forced Standby mode to ensure that it will not attempt to become ACTIVE while the reload is in progress. Continue with the reload only if you are sure. Reload Reload RTDB from PDBA SUCCESS: The reload has been initiated. You can check its progress by viewing the RTDB status. Also, an informational message has been added to the Banner. The message will be cleared when the reload is complete.
4.	EPAP A: Wait for completion. Observe the GUI informational message and wait for the RTDB Reload completion message before proceeding.	
5.	EPAP A: Remove EPAP from Force Standby Mode. Expand the "Maintenance" Folder. Expand the "Force Standby" Folder. Select the "Change Status" link.	Change Forced Standby Status INFO: The STANDBY restriction is currently in place for EPAP A. CAUTION: This action will allow this EPAP to resume updating the RTDB. Remove STANDBY Restriction

Appendix A.9 RTDB Reload from PDBA

	Click on "Remove STANDBY Restriction"	A		Change	e Forced Standby Status
	Button.	✓ succ	CESS: The ST	ANDBY restricti	ion is now OFF.
6.	EPAP A: Verify RTDB status.	Α			View RTDB Status
	Expand the "RTDB" Folder.			Local RTI	DB Status
		DB Status:	Coherent	Audit Enabled:	
	Select the "View RTDB Status" link.	RTDB Level:	1	RTDB Birthday:	05/22/2014 14:57:49 GMT
		PDB Level	: 1	•	05/09/2014 07:51:44 GMT
		Counts:			s=0, NEs=1, ASDs=0
		Tables: DB Size:	IMSI=0, DN	=0, IMEI=0, ASI MinDsmSz:	D=0 0 MB (0)
		Reload:	None	WIIIDSIIISZ.	0 IVIB (0)
			d from PDI egged in cફ	3A completed	d banner message will not be observed letetion of RTDB Reload from PDBA is ync is observed
7.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.			
8.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following \$ date	command	:	

Procedure A.10 RTDB Restore

S	This procedure provides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file.	
T E P #	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	EPAP A: Log in to the web GUI as user "uiadmin".	



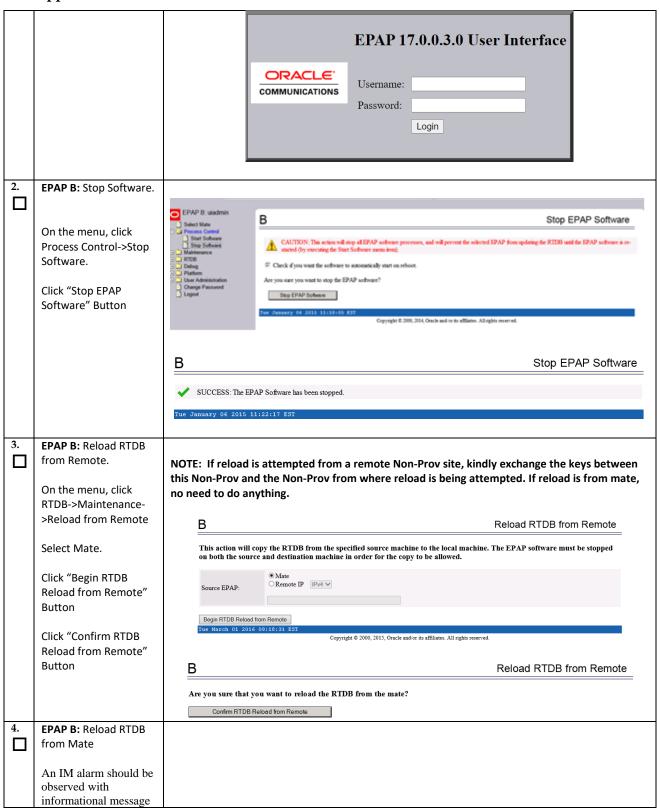
		NOTE: Caution message regarding "incompatible file" is displayed in above
		snapshot as the backup file is taken on RTDB version 4 and is being restored on RTDB version 5.
		Restore successfully started:
		A Restore the RTDB
		SUCCESS: Successfully started restore of RTDB from file rtdbBackup_Floater- 03_20170510021047_v4.72.bkp.tar.gz . Restore status will be displayed on Banner message window.
		Wed June 13 2018 16:38:09 EDT Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
4.	EPAP A: Make EPAP down.	Conferming that Restore RTDB in progress:
	An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that restore RTDB is in progress.	A Informational Messages
		Informational Messages
		Restore RTDB in progress
	An IM alarm should be	Wed June 13 2018 16:39:09 EDT
	observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that restore RTDB completed successfully.	Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
	Click "Confirm RTDB Restore" Button	

		Conferming that Restore RTDB is completed successfully:
		A Informational Messages
		Informational Messages Restore RTDB completed successfully
		Fri June 15 2018 00:30:27 EDT Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
5.	EPAP A: RTDB converter is started. An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that RTDB Conversion in	This step is performed only to support EAGLE release 46.7.0.0.0 (On the setup where DB Architecture is eXtreme):
	progress.	A Informational Messages
	An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that RTDB Conversion completed successfully.	Informational Messages RTDB Conversion in progress Wed June 13 2018 16:55:42 EDT Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

		A Informational Messages
		Informational Messages RTDB conversion completed successfully
		Fri June 15 2018 00:37:57 EDT Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
		Note: On performing RTDB Restore following two error were observed in cgi.dbg file although rtdb
		restore is getting completed
		ERROR: Invalid numbr of argument. Number of argument must be 3 to update RTDB backup DB level properly in pdb.
		Error: Couldn't able to run the script on Remote Prov with IP (0.0.0.0) having procRc = 255, signal = 0, core = 0.
6.	Dracadura complete	Debugg to the grant division that you care have from
о. П	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
7.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

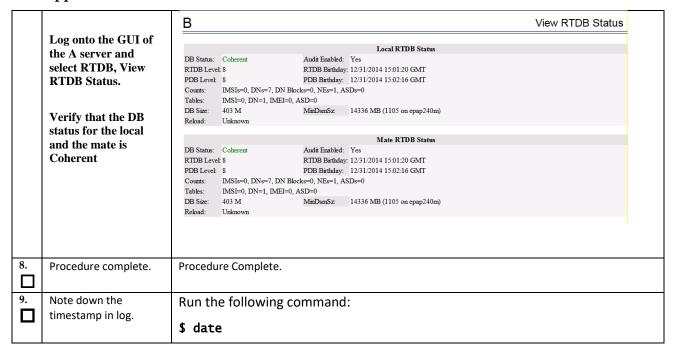
Procedure A.11 RTDB Reload from Remote

S	This procedure provide	des instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file.
T		
E	Check off ($$) each step as i	it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.	
1.	EPAP B: Log in to the web GUI as user "uiadmin".	



	EDAD CITI	
	on EPAP GUI confirming the start of the reload process	B Informational Messages
	An informational alarm should be displayed with informational message when the reload is complete	Informational Messages Reload RTDB from mate in progress Tue June 12 2018 18:57:47 EDT
		Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
		B Informational Messages
		Informational Messages
		Reload RTDB from mate completed successfully
		21010 II u 2122 2 2 111 111110 0 0 111 p 1010 u 0 0 1010 0 1112
		Tue June 12 2018 19:01:21 EDT
		Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
5.		
ў. П	MPS A and B: Restart the GUI	
	Server process.	
	·	Login to EPAP cli as root user:
		Login: root
		Password: <root_password></root_password>
		Run following commands to restart GUI server process
		\$ pkill gs
6.	MPS A and B: Start the Epap software on EPAP A and B.	Execute the following command on EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Servers:
		<pre>\$ [epapdev@Manaus-a ~]\$ Service Epap start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~</pre>

	EPAP application started.
	\$ \$ [epapdev@Manaus-a ~]\$ ssh mate
	\$ [epapdev@Manaus-b~]\$ Service Epap start
	~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started.
	El Al application started.
	\$ [epapdev@Manaus-b ~]\$ exit
	logout
	Execute the following command on EPAP 17.0 to start EPAP Services:
	[epapdev@Manaus-a logs]# systemctl start Epap
	[epapdev@Manaus-a ~]\$ ssh mate
	======================================
	This system has been upgraded but the upgrade has not yet
	been accepted or rejected. Please accept or reject the
	upgrade soon.
	upgrade soon.
	upgrade soon.
	upgrade soon. ========== Last login: Fri Jan 20 03:50:19 2023
	upgrade soon.
	upgrade soon.
	upgrade soon. ===================================



Procedure A.12 ISO Image download from Oracle Software Delivery Cloud

This procedure defines the step to download the ISO from OSDC and copy to the test server at specific path.

Appendix A.12 ISO Image download from OSDC

S	This procedure pro	vides instructions to download an ISO image from OSDC and copy to the
T	required server.	
E P	Check off ($$) each step a	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR UPGRADE ASSISTANCE.
1.	MPS X: Log in to the	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr
	server as the "admusr"	password: <admusr_password></admusr_password>
	user.	. –
2.	MPS X: Run syscheck to make sure there is no	Execute the following command: \$ sudo syscheck
	error.	The output should look like:
		[admusr@hostname ~]\$ syscheck
		Running modules in class disk
		OK .
		Running modules in class hardware
		OK

Appendix A.12 ISO Image download from OSDC

		Running modules in class net OK
		Running modules in class proc
		OK Running modules in class system
		OK Running modules in class upgrade
		OK
		LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log
		Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::300000000000000000000000000000000000
3.	MPS X: Verify ISO image doesn't already exist.	Execute the following command to perform directory listing: \$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade
		The output should look like as follows (There is no ISO is present in following example):
		[admusr@Osorna-B-PDBonly ~]\$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade/ total 12
		drwxrwxr-x. 3 root admgrp 4096 Feb 19 21:43 . dr-xr-xr-x. 22 root root 4096 Jun 15 2018
		If an ISO image exists, remove it by executing the following command:
		<pre>\$ rm -f /var/TKLC/upgrade/<iso image=""></iso></pre>
4.	Download the ISO image from OSDC.	Download the ISO image from OSDC(Oracle Software Delivery Cloud).
5.	Copy the ISO from source path to destination path.	NOTE: Skip this step if same ISO is already present on destination folder.
		Copy the ISO image from source path to destination path using scp/ftp command.

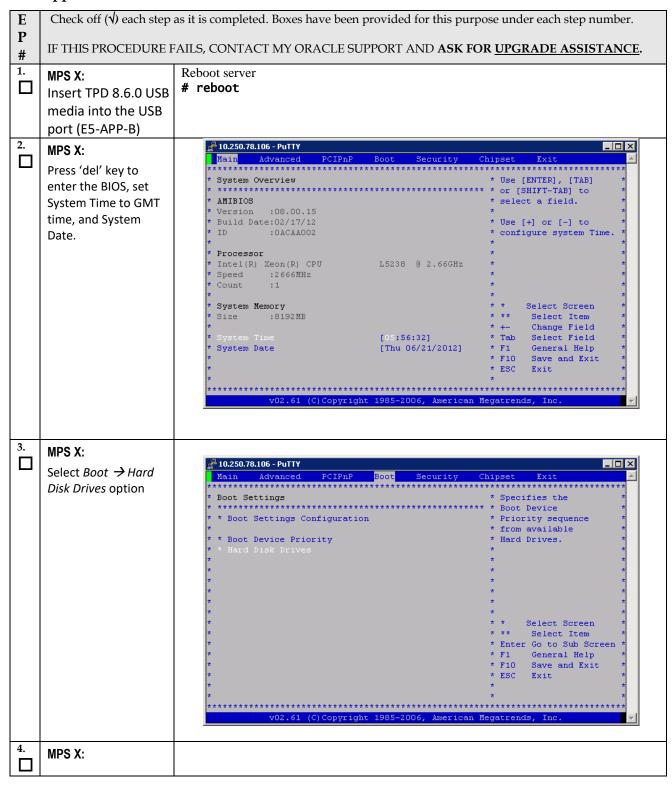
Appendix A.12 ISO Image download from OSDC

		Execute the following command on destination server:
		\$ sudo scp <source_username>@<source_server_ip>:/<source_path>/xyz.iso /var/TKLC/upgrade</source_path></source_server_ip></source_username>
		Password: <enter source="" userpassword=""></enter>
		OR,
		Execute the following command on source server:
		<pre>\$ scp /<source_path>/<xyz.iso> admusr@<destination_server_ip>:/var/TKLC/upgrade</destination_server_ip></xyz.iso></source_path></pre>
		Password: <enter admusr="" password=""></enter>
6.	MPS X: Verify ISO image copied on destination path.	Execute the following command to perform directory listing: \$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade
		The output should look like:
		[admusr@hostname ~]\$ ls -alrt /var/TKLC/upgrade
		total 1599016
		-rr 1 root root 925388800 Aug 23 02:15 EPAP- 16.3.0.0.0_163.12.0-x86_64.iso
		dr-xr-xr-x. 22 root root 4096 Aug 23 02:31
		drwxrwxr-x. 3 root admgrp 4096 Sep 11 04:38 .
		Repeat this procedure from step 1 if EPAP ISO file is not as expected.
7.	MPS X: Validate ISO file.	Validate ISO file using Procedure A.2.
8.	Procedure complete.	This procedure is complete.
9.	Note down the	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date

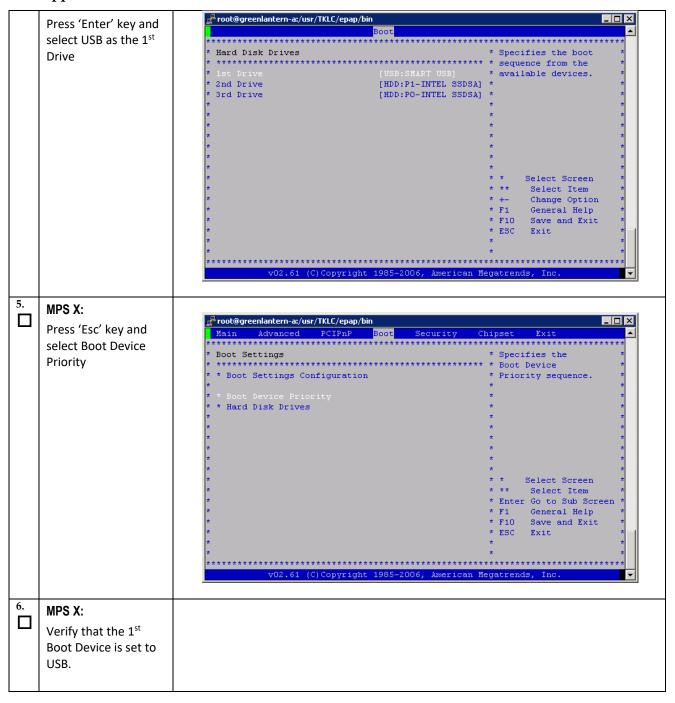
Procedure A.13 IPM MPS Server with TPD 8.6.0

Note: Both the MPS-A and MPS-B servers can be IPM'ed at the same time.

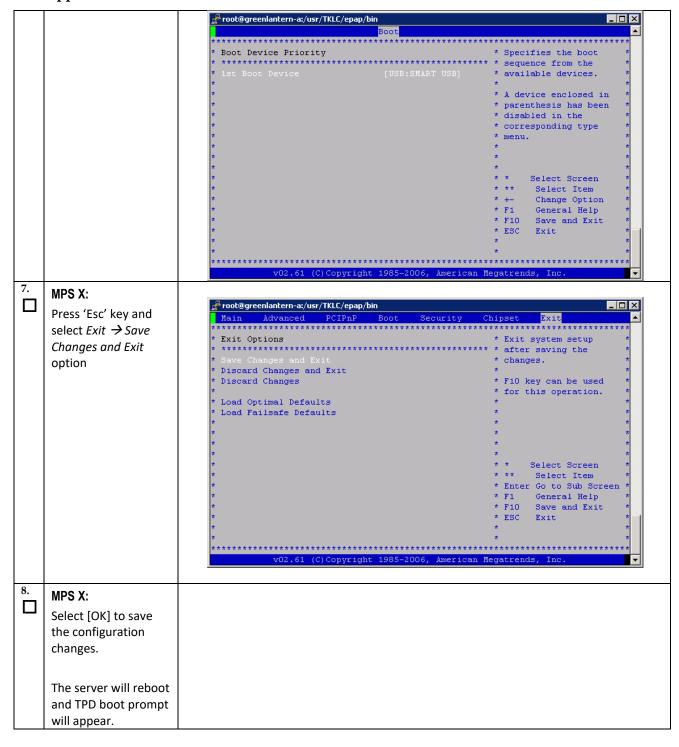
S	This procedure will IPM the E5-APP-B Server.
T	



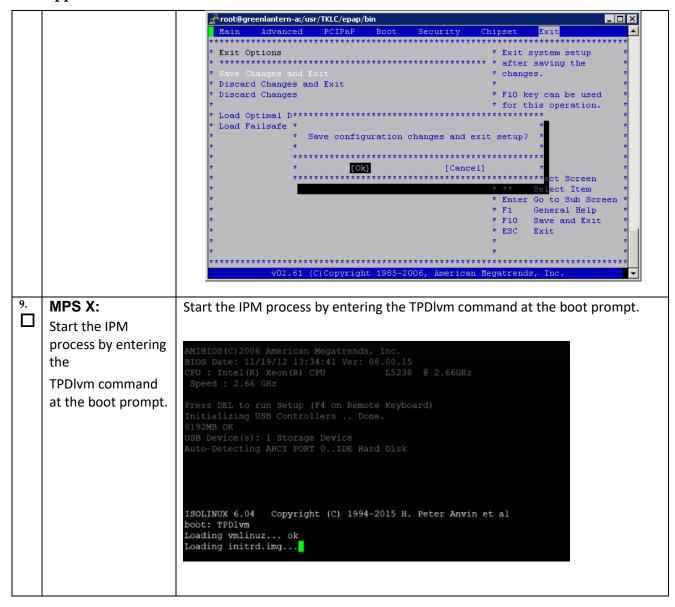
Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0



Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0



Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0



		If the following errors are observed while running the "TPDIvm" command, perform the "TPDIvm scrub": There is a problem with your existing storage configuration or your initial settings, for example a kickstart file. You must resolve this before the installation can proceed. There is a shell available for use which you can access by pressing ctrl-alt-f1 and then ctrl-b 2. Once you have resolved the issue, you can retry the storage scan. If you do not fix it, you will have to exit the installer. Duplicate UUID '00015466-01' found for devices: 'sdc1' and 'sda1' This is usually caused by cloning the device image resulting in duplication of the UUID value, which should be unique. In that case you can either disconnect one of the devices or reformat it. Press ENTER to exit: [[[11~^B^B^B^B^B^B^B^B^A^B^A^A^A^A^A^A^A^A^A^
10.	MPS X: After a few seconds, additional messages will begin scrolling by on the screen as the Linux kernel boots, and then the drive formatting and file system creation steps will begin.	CentOS-4 i386 Released via the GPL Formatting Formatting / file system Z3x (Tab>/ <alt-tab> between elements (Space) selects (F12) next screen</alt-tab>
11.	MPS X:	

Once the drive formatting and file system creation steps are complete, the screen at right will appear indicating that the package installation step is about to begin.



12.

MPS X:

After a few minutes, you will see a screen similar to that at right, showing the status of the package installation step. For each package, there will be a status bar at the top indicating how much of the package has been installed, with a cumulative status bar at the bottom indicating how many packages remain. In the middle, you will see text statistics indicating the total number of packages, the number of packages installed, the number remaining, and current and projected time estimates.

Package Installation | 58%

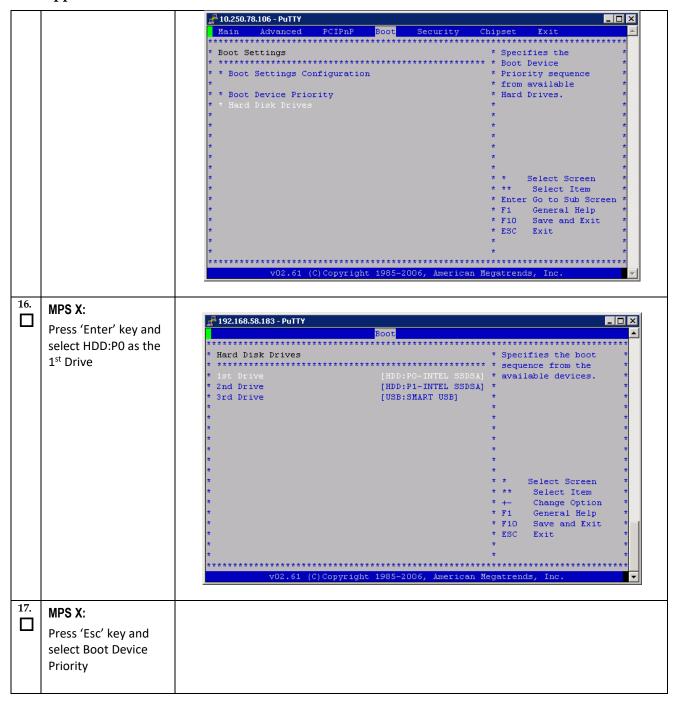
Packages completed: 549 of 818

Installing selinux-policy-TPD-1.4.0-7.3.0.0.0_88.26.0.noarch (900 KB)

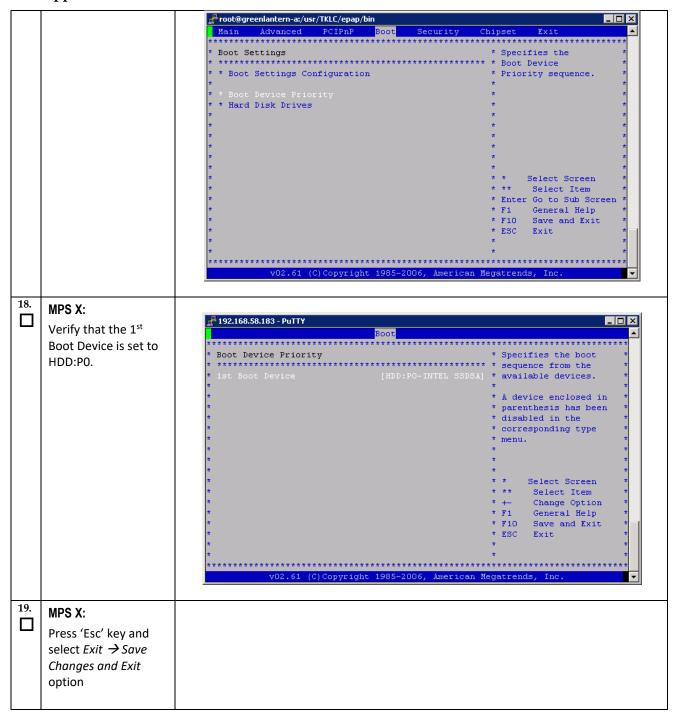
Tekelec SELinux policy modules.

13.		
	MPS X:	
	Once all the packages	MPOINT: Media already mounted.
	have been	DEV: /dev/sdc
		MPOINT:
	successfully installed,	Media already mounted.
	the screen at right	DEV: /dev/sdc MPOINT:
	will appear letting	Media already mounted.
	you know the	DEV: /dev/sdc
	installation process is	MPOINT:
	complete.	Pulling ISO Metadata file from: /run/install/repo//.isometadata
		Copying ISO metadata file to system DIR: /mnt/sysimage/var/TKLC/log/ipm
		Copying ISO metadata file to prodinfo
		DIR: /mnt/sysimage/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/prodinfo
		Changing default target to application target
		Revoke root ssh access Installation complete
	On E5-APP-B server	Installation complete
	remove the	Use of this product is subject to the license agreement found at:
	installation media	/usr/share/oraclelinux-release/EULA
	(USB) and press	Installation complete Press EMTED to swit.
	<enter> to reboot</enter>	Installation complete. Press ENTER to quit:
	the system and	·
	continue with the	
	next step.	
14.	MPS X:	₽ 10.250.78.106 - PuTTY
	I MISO X:	10.230.70.100 - Putt
		Main Advanced PCIPnP Boot Security Chipset Exit
	Press 'del' key to	Main Advanced PCIPnP Boot Security Chipset Exit
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set	Main Advanced PCIPnP Boot Security Chipset Exit ***********************************
	Press 'del' key to	Main Advanced PCIPnP Boot Security Chipset Exit ***********************************
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set	Main Advanced PCIPnP Boot Security Chipset Exit ***********************************
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time	Main Advanced PCIPnP Boot Security Chipset Exit ***********************************
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System	Main Advanced PCIPnP Boot Security Chipset Exit ***********************************
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System	Main
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System	Main Advanced PCIPnP Boot Security Chipset Exit ***********************************
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System	Main
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System	Main
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System	Main
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System	Main
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System	Main
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System	Main
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System	Main
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System	Main
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System	Main
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System Date.	Main
15.	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System	Main
	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System Date.	Main
15.	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System Date. MPS X: Select Boot → Hard	Main
15.	Press 'del' key to enter the BIOS, set correct System Time in GMT and System Date.	Main

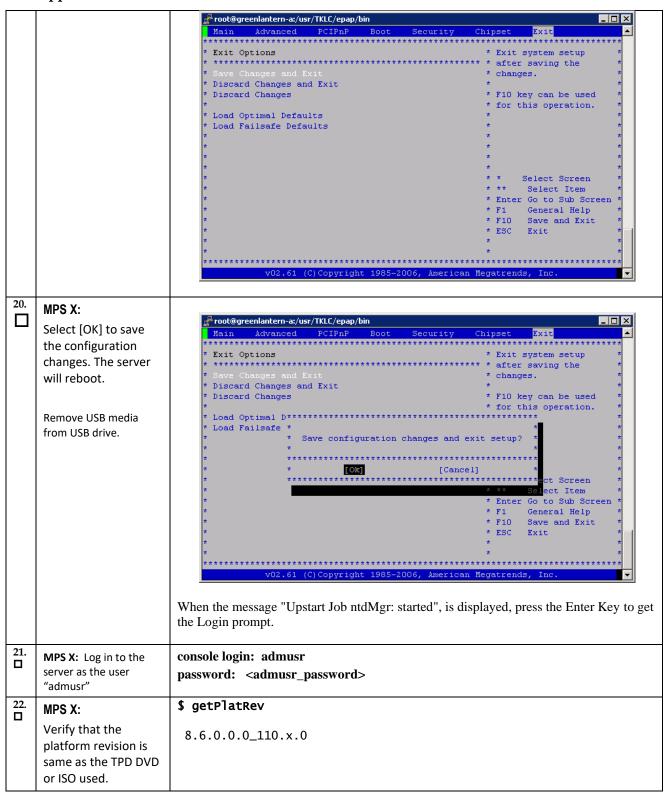
Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0



Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0



Appendix A.13 IPM with TPD 8.6.0



23.	MPS X:	\$ date -u
	Verify the system date.	Wed Mar 21 11:04:54 UTC 2018
		Verify that the output time matches the time set in step 14. If mismatch is found, then Refer to My Oracle Support sectionfor instructions on accessing My Oracle Support.
24.	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
25.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

Note: All the networks (Prov, GUI and OAM) should be in different subnets. The networks can be a mix of IPv4 and IPv6 IPs.

Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

S T	This procedure will configure the standalone PDB in segmented configuration.	
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
1.	MPS A: Log on Server A.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: <i>password</i>
2.	MPS A: Switch user to epapconfig.	<pre>\$ sudo su - epapconfig Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.</pre>
3.	MPS A: A note of caution appears. Press Return to continue.	Caution: This is the first login of the text user interface. Press return to continue
4.	MPS A: Upon pressing Return you can now abort or proceed with the initial configuration. To continue with the configuration, enter Y.	Are you sure you wish to continue? [N]:Y

Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

5.	MPS A: Enter the System Number and Network Configuration Type as "Segmented".	Building the initial database on side A. Stopping local slave No preexisting EuiDB database was detected. Set EPAP System Number: <enter here="" number="" system="" the=""> Enter the Network Configuration Type (1 for Single, 2 for Segmented): 2</enter>
6.	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 2, Configure Network Interfaces Menu.	/EPAP Configuration Menu
7.	MPS A: The Configure Network Interfaces Menu is displayed. Select choice 1, Configure Provisioning Network.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\ /\ 1 Configure Provisioning Network

Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network 5 Configure Static NAT Addresses e Exit	
e Exit \	 -
e Exit	/
Enter Choice: 1	,
Note: Enter choice "1" 1 IPv4 Configuration	
Otherwise, enter choice 2 IPv6 Configuration "2" for IPv6	
configuration.	
Enter Choice:	
Example output Standalone PDB in IPv4 configuration:	
EPAP A provisioning network IP Address: 192.168.61.35 EPAP provisioning network netmask: 255.255.255.0 EPAP provisioning network default router: 192.168.61.250	
Select choice e to exit to the "Configure Network Interfaces" menu.	
8. MPS A: The Configure /Configure Network Interfaces Menu\	
Network Interfaces Menu is displayed. 1 Configure Provisioning Network	\ I
Select choice 2,	
3 Configure Operations and Maintenance Network	
4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network	
5 Configure Static NAT Addresses	
\	·/
Enter Choice: 2	
/Configure GUI Network-\	
Note: Enter choice "1" 1 IPv4 Configuration	
Otherwise, enter choice 2 IPv6 Configuration	
"2" for IPv6 configuration. e Exit	
Enter Choice: 1	
Example output Standalone PDB in IPv4 configuration:	

Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

		EPAP A GUI network IP Address: 192.168.59.27 EPAP GUI network netmask: 255.255.255.0 EPAP GUI network route: 192.168.59.250 Select choice e to exit to the "Configure Network Interfaces" menu.
9.	MPS A: The Configure Network Interfaces Menu is displayed. Select choice 3, Configure Operations and Maintenance Network.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu 1
	Note: Enter choice "1" for IPv4 configuration. Otherwise, enter choice "2" for IPv6 configuration.	Enter Choice: 3 /Configure Operations and Maintenance Network-\ /
10.	MPS A: Select choice e to exit from the epapconfig menu.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu

Appendix A.14 Standalone PDB Segmented Configuration

		/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		/\ 1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 2
		Enter Choice: e Note: If this menu is not exited properly, then the SSH login with root shall remain
		enabled.
11.	MPS A: Procedure is complete.	Procedure is complete.
12.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date

Procedure A.15 Password change for EPAP System Users

Appendix A.15 Password change for EPAP System Users

S T	This procedure will change the password for the EPAP System User(s).		
E P	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
1.	MPS A: Log on Server A with the EPAP System User for which the password is to be changed. [hostname]: <epap system="" user=""> password: <epapdev password=""></epapdev></epap>		
2.	MPS A: Change Password for an EPAP system user	<pre>Execute the command to change to password of an existing EPAP user. \$ passwd Changing password for user <epap system="" user="">. Changing password for <epap system="" user="">. (current) UNIX password: <enter current="" here="" password="" the=""> New password: <enter here="" new="" password="" the=""> Retype new password: <retype here="" new="" password="" the=""> passwd: all authentication tokens updated successfully. Note: The Linux "passwd" command used to change the password of Linux users, follows the Linux PAM rules. Refer to the Linux manual for the PAM rules. # man pam_cracklib</retype></enter></enter></epap></epap></pre>	
		Repeat steps 1 and 2 on MPS B also. Note: The new password on MPS A and B should be same.	
4.	WPS A: Procedure This procedure is complete.		
5.	5. Note down the Run the following command:		

Procedure A.16 E5-APP-B Halt/Shutdown

Appendix A.16 E5-APP-B Halt/Shutdown

S	This procedure will halt the E5-APP-B hardrware.		
T			
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .	
1.	ESAFFE Calu. Since the 1 On the All 1 D calu, since the Ejector switch (4) up to the UNLOCKED position.		
	Caution: If the Ejector switch goes from locked to unlocked and the E5-A card is in service, the card will halt.		
2.	_ ESAPPB Card. Worldon White lost the Lost in Disject States Led to go from billiking rea to a steady		
3.	E5APPB Card: Lever Release	Grasp the upper and lower card Inject/Eject (I/E) lever release (3) just underneath the I/E lever, and press it to meet the I/E lever. This is the mechanical interlock for the card. Refer to Figure 7.	
4.	ESAPPB Card. Pull out Writing the 1/2 interlock and level, pair the level's (2) awa		
5.	ESAPPE Card: Since the Nemove the ES Air Beard from the EAGLE Shell.		
6.	MPS A: Procedure Complete This procedure is complete.		
7.	7. Note down the Run the following command:		

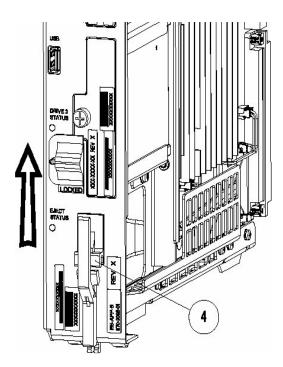


Figure 6: Slide the Ejector Switch

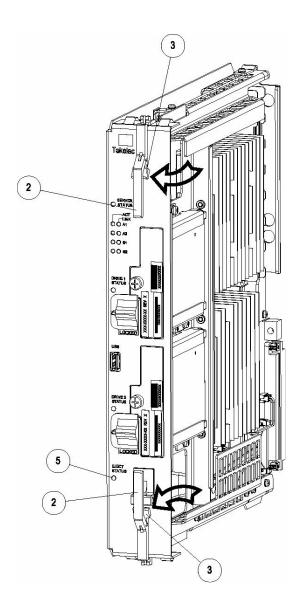


Figure 7: Release Lever

Procedure A.17 Procedure to Configure EPAP switch ports and EAGLE SM cards to support 1G EPAP-to-Eagle RTDB download speed

Note: This needs to be done in coordination with the EAGLE team.

Appendix A.17 Procedure to Configure EPAP switch ports and EAGLE SM cards to support 1G EPAP-to-Eagle RTDB download speed

S	This procedure will configure EPAP Switch ports and Eagle SM cards to support 1G EPAP-to-EAGLE download speed.		
E			
Р	Note: Estimated time of completion is 20 minutes.		
#			
1.	E5-APP-B A/B: Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to 1000 Mbps.	Follow 0 to Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to 1000 Mbps	
2.	EAGLE: Configure Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP to Auto-negotiate.	Eagle Command to configure an Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP: CHG-IP-LNK:LOC= <sm card="" location="">:PORT=<port>:IPADDR=<ip address="">:SUBMASK=<subnet mask="">:MCAST=YES:AUTO=YES</subnet></ip></port></sm>	
3.	EAGLE: Verify the auto negotiation status of the Ethernet ports on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP. Make sure the ports are getting autonegotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Eagle Command to verify auto negotiation status of an Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP: PASS: LOC= <sm card="" location="">:CMD="NETSTAT -I" Please go through the "Identifying the Ethernet port status on SM cards using "NETSTAT -I" display" section below. If ports on SM cards are getting auto-negotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex correctly, then stop here. Otherwise continue with next step.</sm>	
4.	E5-APP-B A/B: Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to autonegotiate.	Follow 0 to Configure the SM ports on EPAP switch to 'auto'.	
5.	EAGLE: Verify the auto negotiation status of a Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP. Make sure the ports are getting autonegotiated to 1000Mbps/Full Duplex.	Eagle Command to verify auto negotiation status of an Ethernet port on EAGLE SM cards that connects to EPAP: PASS: LOC= <sm card="" location="">:CMD="NETSTAT -I" Please go through the "Identifying the Ethernet port status on SM cards using "NETSTAT -I" display" section below</sm>	
6.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:	
		\$ date	

<u>Identifying the Ethernet port status on SM cards using "NETSTAT -I" display:</u>

```
SM8G-B card running SCCPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 3) = ExAP Port B
SM8G-B card running SCCPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 3) = ExAP Port B
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1307
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:43:49 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST SST AST 1307 140-029-000 DSM SCCPHC IS-ANR MPS Unavl ----
      ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
      BLMCAP GPL version = 140-029-000
                   = Conn
      IMT BUS A
      IMT BUS B
                            = Disc
      CLOCK A
                           = Fault
                           = Active
      CLOCK B
      CLOCK I = IGHT

MBD BIP STATUS = Valid

MOTHER BOARD ID = SMXG B

TO STATUS = Valid
      DBD TYPE
                           = None
      DBD MEMORY SIZE = 8192M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION = 9
BIOS VERSION = 0ABSV01
PSOC VERSION = 0.1
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 34C ( 94F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 34C ( 94F) [17-05-04 15:49]
      SCCP % OCCUP
      SCCP SM DATA TYPE = DN
      APPLICATION SERVICING
                                           MFC
           SNM
                  REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          INM REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
MTP3 REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
SFLOG REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
      IPLNK STATUS
                                      STATUS PST
DOWN OOS-MT
DOWN OOS-MT
           IPLNK IPADDR
              192.168.120.21
                   192.168.121.21
      DSM IP CONNECTION
          PORT PST
                                    SST
                 OOS-MT
                                   Unavail
           В
                                   Unavail
    Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1307:cmd="netstat -i"
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:44:26 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
```

```
-> tklc ifShow
lo (unit number 0):
     Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET UP
     Type: SOFTWARE LOOPBACK
     inet: 127.0.0.1
    Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
    0 packets received; 1 packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
    0 multicast packets sent
     0 input errors; 0 output errors
    O collisions; O dropped
    0 output queue drops
DPLend (unit number 0):
    Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00:00
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
    0 octets received
    0 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 non-unicast packets received
    0 non-unicast packets sent
    0 incoming packets discarded
    0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
    0 collisions; 0 dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 2):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
    PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    inet: 192.168.\overline{1}20.21
    Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
    Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
    250214 octets received
    122200 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
    0 multicast packets sent
    2075 broadcast packets received
    940 broadcast packets sent
    0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
    0 incoming errors
    0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
     0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 3):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
```

```
PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
         Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
         inet: 192.168.121.21
         Broadcast address: 192.168.121.255
         Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
         Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
         248920 octets received
         121290 octets sent
         0 unicast packets received
         0 unicast packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
         2062 broadcast packets received
          933 broadcast packets sent
         0 incoming packets discarded
         0 outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
         0 outgoing errors
          0 unknown protos
          O collisions; O dropped
         0 output queue drops
    value = 26 = 0x1a
;
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:44:36 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    NETSTAT command complete
SM8G-B card running SCCP64:
gei (unit number 4) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 5) = ExAP Port B
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1307
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:00:01 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0

        CARD
        VERSION
        TYPE
        GPL
        PST
        SST
        AST

        1307
        140-029-000
        DSM
        SCCP64
        IS-ANR
        MPS Unavl
        -----

    1307 140-029-000 DSM
      ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
      BLDC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A
                            = Conn
      IMT BUS B
                           = Disc
      CLOCK A
                           = Fault
      CLOCK B
                           = Active
      CLOCK I
                            = Idle
                           = IQI
= Valid
      MBD BIP STATUS
                           = SMXG B
      MOTHER BOARD ID
                           = Valid
      DBD STATUS
      DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 8192M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION = 9
BIOS VERSION = 0ABSV01
```

```
= 0.1
      PSOC VERSION
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 34C ( 94F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 34C ( 94F) [17-05-04 15:49]
      SCCP % OCCUP
                          = 0%
      SCCP SM DATA TYPE = DN
      APPLICATION SERVICING
                                        MFC
                 REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          SNM
          INM REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
MTP3 REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
SFLOG REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
      IPLNK STATUS
                                               PST
          IPLNK IPADDR
                                    STATUS
                                  DOWN OOS-MT
DOWN OOS-MT
              192.168.120.21
                 192.168.121.21
      DSM IP CONNECTION
                                 SST
          PORT PST
               OOS-MT Unavail
OOS-MT Unavail
          A
   Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1307:cmd="netstat -i"
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:00:14 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
    shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
    -> tklc ifShow
    lo0 Link type:Local loopback Queue:none
        inet 127.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 automatic
        inet6 unicast ::1 prefixlen 128
        UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
        MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:1
        RX packets:761 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:761 mcast:3 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:85k TX bytes:85k
                Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2 Queue:none
    gei4
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
        inet 192.168.120.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.120.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d2%gei4 prefixlen 64 automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
        MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:2
        RX packets:791 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:386 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
        RX bytes:92k TX bytes:48k
                Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3 Queue:none
    aei5
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
        inet 192.168.121.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.121.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d3%gei5 prefixlen 64 automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
        MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:3
        RX packets:783 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
```

```
TX packets:386 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:91k TX bytes:48k
    gei (unit number 4):
        PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    gei (unit number 5):
        PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    value = 1 = 0x1
SM8G-B card running ENUMHC/DEIRHC/SIPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port
gei (unit number 3) = Signaling Port
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:06 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST SST AST 1317 140-029-000 DSM ENUMHC IS-ANR MPS Unavl ----
     ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
     BLMCAP GPL version = 140-029-000
     IMT BUS A = Conn
                        = Disc
     IMT BUS B
     CLOCK A
                         = Fault
                        = Active
     CLOCK B
     CLOCK I

MBD BIP STATUS = Valid

MOTHER BOARD ID = SMXG B

DRD STATUS = Valid
     CLOCK I
                        = Idle
     DBD STATUS
     DBD TYPE
                        = None
     DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 8192M
     HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
     FPGA VERSION = 9
     BIOS VERSION = 0ABSV01
PSOC VERSION = 0.1
     CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 34C ( 94F)
     PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 34C (94F) [17-05-02 09:31]
     ENUM SM DATA TYPE = DN
     IPLNK STATUS
               IPADDR STATUS
192.168.120.13 UP
10.75.49.21 UP
         IPLNK IPADDR
                                             PST
                                   UP
         Α
                                              IS-NR
                                             IS-NR
                                   ----
                D
            SST
OOS-MT
Unavail
OOS-MA
UNA
ONNECTION
      DSM IP CONNECTION
         PORT PST
         A
      ENUM CONNECTION STATUS
        CNAME
                            PROT STATUS
   Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
Command Accepted - Processing
```

```
eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:46 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
Command entered at terminal #13.
eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:46 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
PASS: Command sent to card
eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:46 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
SDS Shell Output
-> tklc ifShow
lo (unit number 0):
     Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET UP
     Type: SOFTWARE LOOPBACK
    inet: 127.0.0.\overline{1}
    Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
    O packets received; 1 packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
    0 multicast packets sent
    0 input errors; 0 output errors
     O collisions; O dropped
    0 output queue drops
DPLend (unit number 0):
    Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
    0 octets received
    0 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 non-unicast packets received
    0 non-unicast packets sent
    0 incoming packets discarded
    0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
    0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
    0 collisions; 0 dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 2):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET_UP
    PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    inet: 192.168.120.13
    Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
    Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
    16128 octets received
    102048 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
     0 unicast packets sent
     0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
```

```
252 broadcast packets received
         786 broadcast packets sent
         0 incoming packets discarded
         O outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
         0 outgoing errors
         0 unknown protos
         O collisions; O dropped
         0 output queue drops
    gei (unit number 3):
         Flags: (0x70043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
         PHY Flags: (0x12012) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
         Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
         inet: 10.75.49.21
         Broadcast address: 10.75.49.255
         Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
         Ethernet address is 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3
         Metric is 0
        Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
         0 octets received
         128 octets sent
         0 unicast packets received
         0 unicast packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
         0 broadcast packets received
         2 broadcast packets sent
         0 incoming packets discarded
         0 outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
         0 outgoing errors
         0 unknown protos
         O collisions; O dropped
         0 output queue drops
    value = 26 = 0x1a
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:56 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:46:56 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    NETSTAT command complete
SM8G-B card running ENUM64/DEIR64/SIP64:
gei (unit number 4) = ExAP Port
gei (unit number 5) = Signaling Port
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:23:31 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
                                                            SST AST MPS Unavl ----
   CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST
1317 140-029-000 DSM ENUM64 IS-ANR
     ALARM STATUS = ** 0080 Shelf FAN bit is OFF
```

```
BLDC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
     IMT BUS A = Conn
     IMT BUS B
                        = Disc
     CLOCK A
                        = Fault
= Active
     CLOCK B
                        = Idle
     CLOCK T
     MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SMXG B
     DBD STATUS
                        = Valid
     DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 8192M
     HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
     FPGA VERSION = 9
     BIOS VERSION = 0ABSV01
PSOC VERSION = 0.1
     CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 34C ( 94F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 34C ( 94F) [17-05-02 09:31]
ENUM SM DATA TYPE = DN
     IPLNK STATUS
                                  STATUS PST
         IPLNK IPADDR
             192.168.120.13
10.75.49.21
                                   UP
                                               IS-NR
                                             IS-NR
                                   UP
         С
                _____
      DSM IP CONNECTION
         PORT PST
                                SST
             OOS-MT
OOS-MA
          Α
                               Ueq
     ENUM CONNECTION STATUS
                            PROT STATUS
        CNAME
   Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:23:59 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
    shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
    -> tklc_ifShow
    lo0 Link type:Local loopback Queue:none
       inet 127.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255.255
       inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 automatic
       inet6 unicast :: 1 prefixlen 128
       UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:1
       RX packets:885990 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:885990 mcast:3 errors:0
       collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:99M TX bytes:99M
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d2 Queue:none
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
       inet 192.168.120.13 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.120.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d2%gei4 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:2
       RX packets:35807 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:877952 mcast:12 errors:0
```

```
collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:2148k TX bytes:110M
                Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:00:17:0e:b7:d3 Queue:none
   gei5
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM
       inet 10.75.49.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.75.49.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::200:17ff:fe0e:b7d3%gei5 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:3
        RX packets:526 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
        TX packets:7 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:57k TX bytes:510
    gei (unit number 4):
        PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    gei (unit number 5):
        PHY Flags: (0x12012) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    value = 1 = 0x1
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:24:09 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:24:09 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   NETSTAT command complete
SLIC card running SCCPHC:
gei (unit number 2) is ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 0) is ExAP Port B
> REPT-STAT-CARD:MODE=FULL:LOC=1307
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:10:21 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST SST 1307 140-029-000 SLIC SCCPHC IS-ANR Stan
                                                                      AST
                                                             Standby
                                                                         98%
                        = ** 0080 Shelf FAN bit is OFF
     ALARM STATUS
     BLSLC32 GPL version = 140-029-000
     IMT BUS A = Conn
     IMT BUS B
                         = Disc
     CLOCK A
                         = Fault
     CLOCK B
                         = Active
                         = Idle
     CLOCK I
     MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SLIC
     DBD STATUS
                          = Valid
     DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 16384M
     HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
     FPGA VERSION = 9400036
     BIOS VERSION = 0ACFP00
PSOC VERSION = 1.0
     CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 40C (104F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 40C (104F) [17-05-04 15:05]
```

```
= 0%
      SCCP % OCCUP
      SCCP SM DATA TYPE = DN
      APPLICATION SERVICING
                                            MFC
                                                         MEC
          SNM REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
INM REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
MTP3 REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
SFLOG REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
      IPLNK STATUS
              NK IPADDR STATUS
192.168.120.21 DOWN
192.168.121.21 DOWN
          IPLNK IPADDR
                                                   OOS-MT
                                                  OOS-MT
      DSM IP CONNECTION
                          SST
Unavail
Unavail
           PORT PST
                  OOS-MT
           Α
                  OOS-MT
    Command Completed.
> PASS:LOC=1307:CMD="NETSTAT -I"
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:10:27 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
    -> tklc ifShow
    lo (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET UP
         Type: SOFTWARE LOOPBACK
         inet: 127.0.0.1
         Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
         O packets received; 1 packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
          0 input errors; 0 output errors
         O collisions; O dropped
         0 output queue drops
    DPLend (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
         Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
         Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00:00
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
         0 octets received
         0 octets sent
         0 unicast packets received
         0 unicast packets sent
         0 non-unicast packets received
         0 non-unicast packets sent
         0 incoming packets discarded
          0 outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
         0 outgoing errors
          0 unknown protos
          O collisions; O dropped
         0 output queue drops
    gei (unit number 2):
          Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
```

```
PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
         Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
         inet: 192.168.120.21
         Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
         Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
         Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2
         Metric is 0
        Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
         0 octets received
         2014 octets sent
         0 unicast packets received
         0 unicast packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
         0 broadcast packets received
         16 broadcast packets sent
         0 incoming packets discarded
         0 outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
         0 outgoing errors
         0 unknown protos
         O collisions; O dropped
        0 output queue drops
    gei (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
         Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
         inet: 192.168.121.21
         Broadcast address: 192.168.121.255
         Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
         Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0
         Metric is 0
        Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
         0 octets received
         1884 octets sent
         0 unicast packets received
         0 unicast packets sent
         0 multicast packets received
         0 multicast packets sent
         0 broadcast packets received
         15 broadcast packets sent
         0 incoming packets discarded
         0 outgoing packets discarded
         0 incoming errors
         0 outgoing errors
         0 unknown protos
         O collisions; O dropped
         0 output queue drops
    value = 26 = 0x1a
    eagle1 17-05-04 15:10:37 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   NETSTAT command complete
SLIC card running SCCP64:
```

```
gei (unit number 0) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port B
> REPT-STAT-CARD:MODE=FULL:LOC=1307
    eagle1 17-05-04 14:55:03 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST
1307 140-029-000 SLIC SCCP64 IS-ANR
                                                                     AST
    1307 140-029-000 SLIC
                                  SCCP64
                                                              MPS Unavl ----
     ALARM STATUS = ** 0080 Shelf FAN bit is OFF
      BLSLC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A
                          = Conn
     IMT BUS B
                          = Disc
      CLOCK A
                          = Fault
      CLOCK B
                          = Active
      CLOCK I
                          = Idle
     MBD BIP STATUS = Valid
MOTHER BOARD ID = SLIC
      DBD STATUS
                         = Valid
      DBD TYPE
                         = None
                        = 16384M
      DBD MEMORY SIZE
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION = 9400036
      BIOS VERSION = 0ACFP00
PSOC VERSION = 1.0
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 36C (97F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 38C (101F) [17-05-04 14:47]
      SCCP % OCCUP
                          = 0%
      SCCP SM DATA TYPE = DN
      APPLICATION SERVICING
                                        MFC
          SNM REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
INM REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
MTP3 REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
          SFLOG REQ STATUS = 24 hr: ---, 5 min: ---
      IPLNK STATUS
              NK IPADDR STATUS
192.168.120.21 DOWN
192.168.121.21 DOWN
          IPLNK IPADDR
                                               PST
                                               OOS-MT
          Α
      DSM IP CONNECTION
          PORT PST
                                 SST
                OOS-MT Unavail
          A
          В
    Command Completed.
> PASS:LOC=1307:CMD="NETSTAT -I"
Command Accepted - Processing
    eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:03 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS:LOC=1307:CMD="NETSTAT -I"
   Command entered at terminal #11.
    eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:03 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS: Command sent to card
    eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:03 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
```

```
shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
    -> tklc ifShow
    lo0 Link type:Local loopback Queue:none
        inet 127.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 automatic
        inet6 unicast :: 1 prefixlen 128
       UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:1
       RX packets:2213 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:2213 mcast:3 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:247k TX bytes:247k
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0 Queue:none
   gei0
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
        inet 192.168.120.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.120.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d0%gei0 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:2
        RX packets:695 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:634 mcast:12 errors:0
       collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:74k TX bytes:79k
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2 Queue:none
    aei2
        capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
        inet 192.168.121.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.121.255
        inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d2%gei2 prefixlen 64 automatic
        UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:3
        RX packets:702 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:639 mcast:6 errors:0
        collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:75k TX bytes:80k
    gei (unit number 0):
         PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    gei (unit number 2):
        PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    value = 1 = 0x1
    eagle1 17-05-04 14:56:13 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   NETSTAT command complete
SLIC card running ENUMHC/DEIRHC/SIPHC:
gei (unit number 2) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 0) = Signaling Port #1
gei (unit number 3) = Signaling Port #2
gei (unit number 1) = ExAP Port B
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:35 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
```

```
CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST
1317 140-029-000 SLIC ENUMHC IS-ANR
                                                                  SST
                                                                              AST
                                                                MPS Unavl ----
      ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
      BLSLC32 GPL version = 140-029-000
      IMT BUS A = Conn
IMT BUS B = Disc
      IMT BUS B
      CLOCK A
                           = Fault
      CLOCK B
                           = Active
      CLOCK I
                           = Idle
      MOTHER BOARD ID = SLIC
DBD STATUS = Valid
DBD TYPE
      DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 16384M
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
      FPGA VERSION = 9400036
BIOS VERSION = 0ACFP00
      BIOS VERSION
      PSOC VERSION = 1.0
      CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 43C (110F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 43C (110F) [17-05-04 17:27]
ENUM SM DATA TYPE = DN
      IPLNK STATUS
                 IPADDR STATUS PST
192.168.120.13 UP IS-NR
10.75.49.21 DOWN OOS-MT
10.75.50.21 UP IS-NR
192.168.121.13 UP IS-NR
          IPLNK IPADDR
           С
           D
      DSM IP CONNECTION
                                   SST
          PORT PST
                OOS-MT Unavail
    Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
Command Accepted - Processing
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:52 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
    Command entered at terminal #13.
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:52 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    PASS: Command sent to card
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:34:52 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    SDS Shell Output
    -> tklc ifShow
    lo (unit number 0):
         Flags: (0x48049) UP LOOPBACK MULTICAST TRAILERS ARP RUNNING INET UP
         Type: SOFTWARE LOOPBACK
         inet: 127.0.0.1
         Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xff000000
         Metric is 0
         Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1536
          O packets received; 1 packets sent
```

```
0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
     0 input errors; 0 output errors
     O collisions; O dropped
     0 output queue drops
DPLend (unit number 0):
    Flags: (0x20043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING
    Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
    Ethernet address is 00:00:00:00:00:00
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 485
    0 octets received
    0 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 non-unicast packets received
    0 non-unicast packets sent
    0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
    0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 2):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET_UP
     PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    inet: 192.168.120.13
    Broadcast address: 192.168.120.255
    Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
    13736 octets received
    16118 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
    0 multicast packets sent
    128 broadcast packets received
    125 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
    0 outgoing packets discarded
    0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 0):
    Flags: (0x70043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
    PHY Flags: (0x2012) DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
     inet: 10.75.49.21
    Broadcast address: 10.75.49.255
    Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
     0 octets received
     0 octets sent
```

```
0 unicast packets received
     0 unicast packets sent
     0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
     0 broadcast packets received
     0 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     0 collisions; 0 dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 3):
     Flags: (0x70043) UP BROADCAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
     PHY Flags: (0x12012) 100MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET CSMACD
    inet: 10.75.50.21
    Broadcast address: 10.75.50.255
    Netmask 0xff000000 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d3
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
    25708 octets received
    128 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
    0 multicast packets received
    0 multicast packets sent
    214 broadcast packets received
     2 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
    0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
     O collisions; O dropped
    0 output queue drops
gei (unit number 1):
     Flags: (0x78043) UP BROADCAST MULTICAST ARP RUNNING INET UP
    PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
    Type: ETHERNET_CSMACD
     inet: 192.168.121.13
    Broadcast address: 192.168.121.255
    Netmask 0xffffff00 Subnetmask 0xffffff00
    Ethernet address is 00:10:e0:bb:26:d1
    Metric is 0
    Maximum Transfer Unit size is 1500
    13544 octets received
    16118 octets sent
    0 unicast packets received
    0 unicast packets sent
     0 multicast packets received
     0 multicast packets sent
    125 broadcast packets received
    125 broadcast packets sent
     0 incoming packets discarded
     0 outgoing packets discarded
     0 incoming errors
     0 outgoing errors
     0 unknown protos
```

```
O collisions; O dropped
         0 output queue drops
    value = 26 = 0x1a
;
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:35:02 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    eagle1 17-05-04 17:35:02 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    NETSTAT command complete
SLIC card running DEIR64/ENUM64/SIP64:
gei (unit number 0) = ExAP Port A
gei (unit number 2) = Signaling Port #1
gei (unit number 1) = Signaling Port #2
gei (unit number 3) = ExAP Port B
> rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
Command Accepted - Processing
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:20:40 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    rept-stat-card:mode=full:loc=1317
    Command entered at terminal #13.
    eagle1 17-05-04 16:20:40 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
    CARD VERSION TYPE GPL PST
                                                     SST
MPS Unavl ----
                                                            SST
    1317 140-029-000 SLIC
                                 ENUM64
                                            IS-ANR
     ALARM STATUS = No Alarms.
      BLSLC64 GPL version = 140-029-000
                         = Conn
     IMT BUS A
     IMT BUS B
                         = Disc
     CLOCK A
                         = Fault
     CLOCK B
                          = Active
      CLOCK I
                          = Idle
                         = Valid
     MBD BIP STATUS
     MOTHER BOARD ID = SLIC
     DBD STATUS
                         = Valid
      DBD TYPE = None
DBD MEMORY SIZE = 16384M
     DBD TYPE
      HW VERIFICATION CODE= ----
     FPGA VERSION = 9400036
      BIOS VERSION
                         = 0ACFP00
      PSOC VERSION = 1.0
     CURRENT TEMPERATURE = 40C (104F)
PEAK TEMPERATURE: = 42C (108F)
ENUM SM DATA TYPE = DN
                                          [17-05-04 15:51]
      IPLNK STATUS
              IK IPADDR STATUS
192.168.120.13 UP
10.75.49.21 DOWN
10.75.50.21 DOWN
192.168.121.13 UP
          IPLNK IPADDR
                                              PST
                                              IS-NR
                                            OOS-MT
OOS-MT
IS-NR
          C
```

```
DSM IP CONNECTION
                               SST
         PORT PST
                             Unavail
                OOS-MT
         Α
               OOS-MT
                              Unavail
   Command Completed.
> pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
Command Accepted - Processing
   eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:06 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   pass:loc=1317:cmd="netstat -i"
   Command entered at terminal #13.
   eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:06 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   PASS: Command sent to card
   eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:06 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
   SDS Shell Output
   shellLib: unknown LED mode vi.
   -> tklc ifShow
   lo0 Link type:Local loopback Queue:none
       inet 127.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255
       inet6 unicast fe80::1%lo0 prefixlen 64 automatic
       inet6 unicast :: 1 prefixlen 128
       UP RUNNING LOOPBACK MULTICAST NOARP ALLMULTI
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:1
       RX packets:1487 mcast:3 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:1487 mcast:3 errors:0
       collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:165k TX bytes:165k
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d0 Queue:none
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
       inet 192.168.120.13 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.120.255
       inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d0%gei0 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:2
       RX packets:929 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:745 mcast:6 errors:0
       collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:101k TX bytes:93k
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d2 Queue:none
   gei2
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN MTU VLAN TXHWTAG VLAN RXHWTAG
       inet 10.75.49.21 mask 255.255.25.0 broadcast 10.75.49.255
       inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d2%gei2 prefixlen 64 automatic
       UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
       MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:3
       RX packets:37 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
       TX packets:7 mcast:6 errors:0
       collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
       RX bytes:4596 TX bytes:510
               Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d1 Queue:none
   gei1
       capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN_MTU VLAN_TXHWTAG VLAN_RXHWTAG
```

```
inet 10.75.50.21 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.75.50.255
    inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d1%gei1 prefixlen 64 tentative automatic
   UP SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
   MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:4
   RX packets:0 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
   TX packets:0 mcast:0 errors:0
   collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
   RX bytes:0 TX bytes:0
           Link type:Ethernet HWaddr 00:10:e0:bb:26:d3 Queue:none
gei3
   capabilities: TXCSUM TX6CSUM VLAN_MTU VLAN_TXHWTAG VLAN_RXHWTAG
    inet 192.168.121.13 mask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.121.255
    inet6 unicast fe80::210:e0ff:febb:26d3%gei3 prefixlen 64 automatic
   UP RUNNING SIMPLEX BROADCAST MULTICAST
   MTU:1500 metric:1 VR:0 ifindex:5
   RX packets:921 mcast:0 errors:0 dropped:0
   TX packets:745 mcast:6 errors:0
   collisions:0 unsupported proto:0
   RX bytes:101k TX bytes:93k
gei (unit number 0):
    PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
gei (unit number 2):
    PHY Flags: (0x12012) 100MB FDX DIX
gei (unit number 1):
    PHY Flags: (0x2012) DIX
gei (unit number 3):
    PHY Flags: (0x12114) AUTONEG 1000MB FDX DIX
value = 1 = 0x1
eagle1 17-05-04 16:25:16 MST EAGLE 46.5.0.0.0-70.29.0
NETSTAT command complete
```

Procedure A.18 Upgrade SSL certificate from SHA-1 to SHA-512

Appendix A.18 Upgrade SSL certificate from SHA-1 to SHA-512

S	This procedure upgrade SSL certificate from SHA-1 to SHA-512.			
T	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
E P				
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FA	S PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .		
1.	MPS: Log in to the server.	If not already logged-in, then login at MPS: <hostname> console login: epapdev Password: <password> Change to root user. \$ su - root</password></hostname>		
2.	Verify SSL certificate	To verify SSL certificate execute the following command:		
		<pre># /usr/bin/openssl x509 -in /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt -text - noout grep "Signature Algorithm" Signature Algorithm: sha512WithRSAEncryption Signature Algorithm: sha512WithRSAEncryption If signature algorithm is SHA 512 skip this procedure, otherwise proceed with the following step.</pre>		
3.	Find the IP for which the certificate has been generated in server.crt	<pre># openssl verify /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt: CN = 10.248.11.14 error 18 at 0 depth lookup:self signed certificate OK</pre>		
4.	Upgrade to SHA-512 in server.crt	Note: The IP Address to be used in the below command is the IP displayed in the output of step 3.		
		To upgrade SHA-1 to SHA-512 execute the following command:		
		<pre># /usr/bin/openssl req -x509 -sha512 -nodes -days 4015 -subj "/CN=<ip addr="">" -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.key - out /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.crt</ip></pre>		
		Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key		
		+++		
		writing new private key to		
		'/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server.key'		
5.	Find the IP for which the certificate has been generated in server_dual.crt	# openssl verify /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.crt /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.crt: CN = 10.248.11.14 error 18 at 0 depth lookup:self signed certificate ox		

6.	Upgrade to SHA-512 in server_dual.crt	Note: The IP Address to be used in the below command is the IP displayed in the output of step 5. To upgrade SHA-1 to SHA-512 execute the following command: # /usr/bin/openssl req -x509 -sha512 -nodes -days 4015 -subj "/CN= <ip addr="">" -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.key - out /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.crt Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key+++ writing new private key to '/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/ssl/server_dual.key'</ip>
7.	Restart httpd service	Restart httpd service to reflect IP correctly. Use following command to restart httpd service: \$ systemctl restart httpd [root@Natal-A ~]
8.	Exit from root user	Exit from root user. Use following command: \$ exit
9.	Procedure Complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
10.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.19 Disable Epap VIP And Deactivate PDBA Proxy Feature

If PDBA Proxy feature is NOT enabled and VIP is NOT configured, this procedure can be skipped.

Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!!!

Appendix A.19 Disable Epap VIP And Deactivate PDBA Proxy Feature

S T	This procedure outlines the steps to disable the PDBA proxy feature.
Ė	

P #	Estimated time: 5 minutes	
1.	MPS A: Choose option "8" to display "PDB Configuration Menu.	MPS Side A: /EPAP Configuration Menu
2.	MPS A: Choose option "6" to "Change PDBA Proxy State".	MPS Side A: /Configure PDB Menu 1
3.	MPS A: Enter "Y" to stop PDBA / EPAP software and disable PDBA Proxy.	PDBA PROXY is currently ENABLED. Do you want to DISABLE PDBA Proxy? [N]: Y

4		MPS Side A:	
4.	MPS A:	MF3 STUE A.	
	Enter "1" to "Display	,	,
	Configuration"	/EPAP Configuration Menu	
		1 Display Configuration	
		2 Configure Network Interface	
		3 Set Time Zone	
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys	
		5 Change Password	i
		6 Platform Menu	i
		7 Configure NTP Server	i
		8 PDB Configuration Menu	i
		9 Security	i
		10 SNMP Configuration	i
		11 Configure Alarm Feed	i
		12 Configure Query Server	
		13 Configure Query Server Alar	
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Commun	ity
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery	
		`	/
		Enter Choice: 1	
5.		MPS Side A:	
٦	MPS A:		
-	Verify that the state of	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address 192.168.61.115	5 =
	PDBA Proxy Feature is	EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address	5 =
	No.	192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netmask	=
		255.255.255.0	
		Provisioning Network Default Router 192.168.61.1	=
		EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address	N - 4-
			= NOT
		configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address	
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address configured	= Not
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address configured Backup Prov Network Netmask configured	
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address configured Backup Prov Network Netmask configured Backup Prov Network Default Router	= Not
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address configured Backup Prov Network Netmask configured Backup Prov Network Default Router configured EPAP A Sync Network Address	= Not = Not
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address configured Backup Prov Network Netmask configured Backup Prov Network Default Router configured EPAP A Sync Network Address 192.168.2.100	<pre>= Not = Not = Not =</pre>
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address configured Backup Prov Network Netmask configured Backup Prov Network Default Router configured EPAP A Sync Network Address 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address 192.168.2.200	= Not = Not = Not
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address configured Backup Prov Network Netmask configured Backup Prov Network Default Router configured EPAP A Sync Network Address 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address	<pre>= Not = Not = Not =</pre>
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address configured Backup Prov Network Netmask configured Backup Prov Network Default Router configured EPAP A Sync Network Address 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address	= Not = Not = Not =
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address configured Backup Prov Network Netmask configured Backup Prov Network Default Router configured EPAP A Sync Network Address 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address 192.168.120.200	= Not = Not = Not = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address configured Backup Prov Network Netmask configured Backup Prov Network Default Router configured EPAP A Sync Network Address 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address 192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address 192.168.121.100	= Not = Not = Not = = =
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address configured Backup Prov Network Netmask configured Backup Prov Network Default Router configured EPAP A Sync Network Address 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address 192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address 192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address	= Not = Not = Not = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address configured Backup Prov Network Netmask configured Backup Prov Network Default Router configured EPAP A Sync Network Address 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address 192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address 192.168.121.100	= Not = Not = Not = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address configured Backup Prov Network Netmask configured Backup Prov Network Default Router configured EPAP A Sync Network Address 192.168.2.100 EPAP B Sync Network Address 192.168.2.200 EPAP A Main DSM Network Address 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address 192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address 192.168.121.100 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address 192.168.121.200	= Not = Not = Not = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =

EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port	= 8001
EPAP A Banner Connection Port	= 8473
EPAP B Banner Connection Port	= 8473
EPAP A Static NAT Address	= Not
configured	
EPAP B Static NAT Address	= Not
configured	
PDBI Port	= 5873
Remote MPS A Static NAT Address	= Not
configured	
Remote MPS A HTTP Port	= 80
Local Provisioning VIP	=
192.168.15.152	
Remote Provisioning VIP	=
192.168.15.172	
Local PDBA Address	=
192.168.15.115	
Remote PDBA Address	=
192.168.16.115	
Remote PDBA B Address	=
192.168.16.116	
Time Zone	=
America/New_York	
PDB Database	= Exists
Preferred PDB	= Standby
Allow updates from alternate PDB	= Yes
Auto DB Recovery Enabled	= Yes
PDBA Proxy Enabled	→ No
27	
Press return to continue	

6.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Choose option "2" to enter	/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\
	the "Configure Network Interfaces Menu".	1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery
		 e Exit
		Enter Choice: 2

7.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Choose option "7" to enter	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
	the "Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses Menu".	1 Configure Provisioning Network
	VII Addresses Wella .	2 Configure Sync Network
		3 Configure DSM Network
		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		5 Configure Forwarded Ports
		6 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		7 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 7
8.	MPS A: Remove the local provisioning VIP and remote provisioning VIP, by entering 0.0.0.0.	Verifying root connectivity with mate EPAP local provisioning Virtual IP Address [192.168.15.152]: 0.0.0.0 EPAP remote provisioning Virtual IP Address [192.168.15.172]: 0.0.0.0
9.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Choose option "e" to exit.	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
		1 Configure Provisioning Network
		2 Configure Sync Network
		3 Configure DSM Network
		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		5 Configure Forwarded Ports
		6 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		7 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: e

10.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:	
	Choose option "1" to		
	"Display Configuration.	/EPAP Configuration Menu	
	and the second second	1 Display Configuration	
		2 Configure Network Interface	
		3 Set Time Zone	
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys	
		5 Change Password	
		6 Platform Menu 	
		 8 PDB Configuration Menu	i
		9 Security	
			i
		11 Configure Alarm Feed	
		12 Configure Query Server	
		13 Configure Query Server Alar	m Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Commun	ity
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery	
		e Exit	i
		Enter Choice: 1	
11.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:	
	Verify VIP addresses are set	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address	5 =
	to 0.0.0.0 .	192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address	
		192.168.61.116	, –
		Provisioning Network Netmask	=
		Provisioning Network Default Router	=
		192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address	= Not
		configured	
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address configured	= Not
		Backup Prov Network Netmask configured	= Not
		Backup Prov Network Default Router	= Not
		configured EPAP A Sync Network Address	=
		192.168.2.100	
		EPAP B Sync Network Address 192.168.2.200	=
		EPAP A Main DSM Network Address	=
		192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address	=
		192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address	=
		192.168.121.100	_
		EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address 192.168.121.200	=
		EPAP A HTTP Port	= 80
		EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP SUExec Port	= 80 = 8001
		EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT	= 8001 = 8001
		EPAP A Banner Connection Port	= 8473
		EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP A Static NAT Address	= 8473 = Not
		configured	

EPAP B Static NAT Address	= Not
configured	
	= 5873
	= Not
	- 140 c
	= 80
Remote MPS A HITP POIL	
Local Provisioning VIP	= 0.0.0.0
Remote Provisioning VIP	= 0.0.0.0
	=
	=
192.168.16.115	
Remote PDBA B Address	=
192.168.16.116	
Time Zone	=
	= Exists
	= Standby
Allow updates from afternate PDB	
	= Yes
PDBA Proxy Enabled	= No
Press return to continue	
	configured PDBI Port Remote MPS A Static NAT Address configured Remote MPS A HTTP Port Local Provisioning VIP Remote Provisioning VIP Local PDBA Address 192.168.15.115 Remote PDBA Address 192.168.16.115 Remote PDBA B Address 192.168.16.116 Time Zone America/New_York PDB Database Preferred PDB Allow updates from alternate PDB Auto DB Recovery Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled

12.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:		
	Choose "e" to exit.			
		/EPAP Configuration Menu\		
		1	Display Configuration	
		2	 Configure Network Interfaces Menu	
		3	Set Time Zone	
		4		
		5	Change Password	
		6		
		7	 Configure NTP Server	
		8	PDB Configuration Menu	
		9	 Security	
		10	SNMP Configuration	
		11	Configure Alarm Feed	
		12	Configure Query Server	
		13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed	
		1 14	Configure SNMP Agent Community	
			Mate Disaster Recovery	
			Exit	
		\		
		Enter (Choice: e	
13.	Return to the procedure that yo	Lou came here from.		
	-			
14.	Note down the timestamp in	Run the	e following command:	
-	log.	\$ date		

Procedure A.20 Enable EPAP PDBA Proxy and EPAP VIP Optional Features

Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!!!

Appendix A.20 Enable EPAP PDBA Proxy and EPAP VIP Optional Feature

S T	This procedure outlines the steps for provisioning the PDBA proxy VIP.					
E P	Estimated time: 10 minutes					
#		Login: epapdev				
1.	MPS A:	Password: <epapdev_password></epapdev_password>				
	Login as					
	epapdev to 1A					
	server.	\$ sysshoots				
2.	MPS A:	\$ syscheck Running modules in class hardware				
	Perform	OK Running modules in class proc				
	"syscheck" on	OK				
	the 1A server.	Running modules in class net OK				
		Running modules in class disk				
		OK Running modules in class services				
		OΚ				
		Running modules in class system OK				
		LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log				
		Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored:				
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000040000 Platform				
		Health Check Failure				
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code				
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::300000000000000000000000000000000000				
		Server Default Route Network Error				
		* defaultroute: FAILURE:: The IPv6 default route at				
		fe80::f64e:5ff:fe49:9b7f cannot be pinged				
	MPS A:	\$ssh mate				
3.	SSH to EPAP 1B.					
-		\$ syscheck				
4.	MPS B:	Running modules in class hardware				
	Perform "syscheck" on the	Running modules in class proc				
	1B.	OK Running modules in class net				
		Running modules in class disk				
		OK Running modules in class services				
		OK Running modules in class system OK				
		LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log				
L	l	1				

5.	MPS B: Exit back to the 1A server	Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::5000000000040000 Platform Health Check Failure * defaultroute: FAILURE:: ping6 return non-zero code * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MAJOR::300000000000000000000000000000000000				
6.	MPS A: Log into epapconfig	<pre>\$su - epapconfig Password: Warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.</pre>				
7.	MPS A: Choose option "1" to display Configuration.	MPS Side A: /EPAP Configuration Menu 1 Display Configuration 2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu 3 Set Time Zone 4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys 5 Change Password 6 Platform Menu 7 Configure NTP Server 8 PDB Configuration Menu 9 Security 10 SNMP Configuration 11 Configure Alarm Feed 12 Configure Query Server 13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed 14 Configure SNMP Agent Community 15 Mate Disaster Recovery e Exit Enter Choice: 1				
8.	MPS A:	MPS Side A: EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116				

		Drovisioning Notwork Notwork	_ 255 255 255 0
	Verify that the	Provisioning Network Netmask Provisioning Network Default Router	= 255.255.255.0 = 192.168.61.1
	VIP is not	EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address	= Not configured
		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address	= Not configured
	configured.	Backup Prov Network Netmask	= Not configured
		Backup Prov Network Default Router	= Not configured
		EPAP A Sync Network Address	= 192.168.2.100
		EPAP B Sync Network Address	= 192.168.2.200
		EPAP B Sýnc Network Address EPAP A Main DSM Network Address EPAP B Main DSM Network Address	= 192.168.120.100
		EPAP B Main DSM Network Address	= 192.168.120.200
		EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address	= 192.168.121.100
		EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address	= 192.168.121.200
		EPAP A HTTP Port	= 80
		EPAP B HTTP Port	= 80
		EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port	= 8001
		EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port	= 8001
		EPAP A Banner Connection Port	= 84/3
		EPAP B Banner Connection Port	= 84/3
		EPAP A BACKUP DSM Network Address EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP A Banner Connection Port EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP A Static NAT Address EPAP B Static NAT Address PDBI Port	= Not configured
		PDBI Port	= Not configured = 5873
		Remote MPS A Static NAT Address	= 3673 = Not configured
		Remote MPS A HITP Port	= 80
		Local Provisioning VIP	= Not configured
		Remote Provisioning VIP	= Not configured
		Local PDBA Address	= 192.168.61.115
		Remote PDBA Address	= 192.168.61.181
		Remote PDBA B Address	= 192.168.61.182
		Time Zone	= America/New_York
		PDB_Database	= Exists
		Preferred PDB	= Standby
		PDB Database Preferred PDB Allow updates from alternate PDB Auto DB Recovery Enabled	= Yes
			. 00
		PDBA Proxy Enabled	= No
		Press return to continue	
		MPS Side A:	
9.	MPS A:	THIS STAC AT	
	Choose option		
	"2" to enter the		
	"Configure		
	Network		
	Interfaces Menu".		
	interfaces Menu .		

	Г	FRAD Configuration No.
		/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\
		1
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		 11 Configure Alarm Feed
		 12 Configure Query Server
		Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		Configure SNMP Agent Community
		\/
		Enter Choice: 2 MPS Side A:
10.	MPS A:	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
	Choose option "6" to enter the	/\ 1 Configure Provisioning Network
	"Configure	
	Provisioning VIP Addresses	2 Configure Sync Network
	Menu".	3
		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		5 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		6 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses
		e Exit /
		Enter Choice: 6
11.	MPS A:	Verifying root connectivity with mate EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y
	Enter "Y" to stop	EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: Y EPAP local provisioning Virtual IP Address [0.0.0.0]:
	PDBA / EPAP software then	192.168.15.152 EPAP remote provisioning Virtual IP Address [0.0.0.0]:
	enter VIP address	192.168.15.172
	for the local and	
	remote PDBA	

12.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
12.	Choose option	/Configure Network Interfaces Menu\
	"e" to exit.	1 Configure Provisioning Network
		2 Configure Sync Network
		3 Configure DSM Network
		4 Configure Backup Provisioning Network
		5 Configure Static NAT Addresses
		6 Configure Provisioning VIP Addresses
		e Exit
		\/ Enter Choice: e
13.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Choose option "1" to "Display Configuration.	
	Comiguration.	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery
		e Exit /
		Enter Choice: 1
14.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Verify VIP addresses	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured

		EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address Backup Prov Network Netmask Backup Prov Network Default Router EPAP A Sync Network Address EPAP B Sync Network Address EPAP A Main DSM Network Address EPAP B Main DSM Network Address EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address EPAP B HTTP Port EPAP A HTTP Port EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP B HTTP SUEXEC PORT EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP B Banner Connection Port EPAP B Static NAT Address EPAP B Static NAT Address EPAP B Static NAT Address PDBI PORT Remote MPS A Static NAT Address Remote MPS A HTTP PORT Local Provisioning VIP Local Provisioning VIP Local PDBA Address Remote PDBA Address Remote PDBA B Address Time Zone PDB Database Preferred PDB Allow updates from alternate PDB Auto DB Recovery Enabled PDBA Proxy Enabled PRESS Return to Continue	= Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = 192.168.2.100 = 192.168.120.100 = 192.168.120.200 = 192.168.121.100 = 192.168.121.200 = 80 = 80 = 8001 = 8001 = 8473 = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = Not configured = 5873 = Not configured = 80 = 192.168.15.152 = 192.168.15.115 = 192.168.16.115 = 192.168.16.116 = America/New_York = Exists = Standby = Yes = Yes = No
		Press return to continue	
15.	MPS A:		
	Choose "e" to exit		

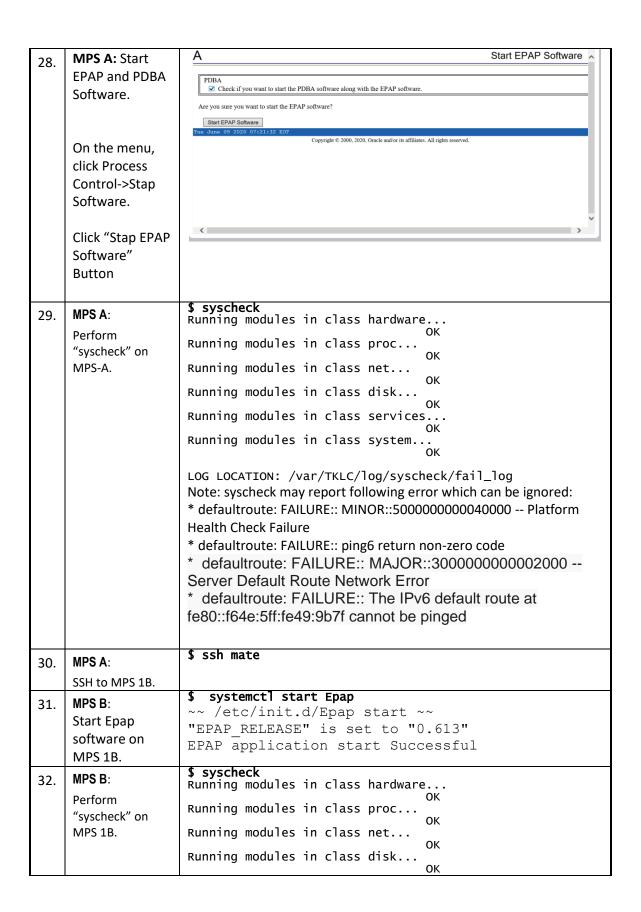
		/,	EPAP Configuration Menu\
		/ 1	Display Configuration
		2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3	Set Time Zone
		 4	Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5	Change Password
			Platform Menu
		7	Configure NTP Server
		8	PDB Configuration Menu
		9	Security
		10	SNMP Configuration
			Configure Alarm Feed
		12	Configure Query Server
		13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14	Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15	Mate Disaster Recovery
			Exit
		,	Chaire.
16.	MPS A:	\$ ping	Choice: e <local vip=""></local>
10.	Verify that you	\$ ping	<pre><remote vip=""></remote></pre>
	can ping both VIP		
17.	addresses. MPS A:	\$ su -	- epapconfig
1/.	Log into	Warnin	ng: Smartmatch is experimental at KLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
	epapconfig	/usr/T	KLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
18. 1	MPS A:		
8	Enter "1" to "Display		
	Configuration"		

```
----EPAP Configuration Menu------
                             1
                               | Display Configuration
                             2
                                 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
                             3
                                  Set Time Zone
                             4
                                  Exchange Secure Shell Keys
                             5
                                  Change Password
                             6
                                  Platform Menu
                            7
                                  Configure NTP Server
                             8
                                  PDB Configuration Menu
                             9
                                  Security
                           10
                                  SNMP Configuration
                                 Configure Alarm Feed
                           12
                                  Configure Query Server
                           13
                                 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
                                 Configure SNMP Agent Community
                           14
                           15
                               | Mate Disaster Recovery
                             e | Exit
                         Enter Choice: 1
                         MPS Side A:
     MPS A:
19.
                         EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115
      Verify that the
                         EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116
Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0
Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1
      state of PDBA
      Proxy Feature is
                         EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured
EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured
Backup Prov Network Netwask = Not configured
      No.
                                                                       = Not configured
= 192.168.2.100
= 192.168.2.200
= 192.168.120.100
                         Backup Prov Network Default Router
EPAP A Sync Network Address
                         EPAP B Sync Network Address
                         EPAP A Main DSM Network Address
                         EPAP B Main DSM Network Address
                                                                        = 192.168.120.200
                         EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address
EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address
                                                                         = 192.168.121.100
                                                                         = 192.168.121.200
                         EPAP A HTTP Port
EPAP B HTTP Port
                                                                         = 80
                                                                         = 80
                         EPAP A HTTP SuExec Port
                                                                         = 8001
                         EPAP B HTTP SuExec Port
                                                                         = 8001
                         EPAP A Banner Connection Port
                                                                         = 8473
                                                                        = 8473
                         EPAP B Banner Connection Port
                         EPAP A Static NAT Address
                                                                         = Not configured
                         EPAP B Static NAT Address
                                                                         = Not configured
                                                                         = 5873
                         PDBI Port
                         Remote MPS A Static NAT Address
                                                                         = Not configured
                         Remote MPS A HTTP Port
                                                                         = 80
                         Local Provisioning VIP
                                                                         = Not configured
                                                                        = Not configured
= 192.168.61.115
                         Remote Provisioning VIP
                         Local PDBA Address
                                                                         = 192.168.61.181
                         Remote PDBA Address
                         Remote PDBA B Address
                                                                         = 192.168.61.182
                         Time Zone
                                                                         = America/New_York
```

		PDB Database
		Preferred PDB = Standby
		Allow updates from alternate PDB = Yes Auto DB Recovery Enabled = Yes
		Auto DB Recovery Enabled = Yes PDBA Proxy Enabled = No
		Press return to continue
20.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
20.	MPS A: Choose option "8" to display "PDB Configuration Menu	/EPAP Configuration Menu
21.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Choose option	/Configure PDB Menu\
	"6" to "Change	/\ 1 Configure PDB Network
	PDBA Proxy State".	2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change MPS Provisionable State
		4 Create PDB
		 5 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		 e Exit \/
		Enter Choice: 6

22.	MPS A: Enter "Y" to stop PDBA / EPAP software and enable PDBA Proxy.	EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: Y PDBA PROXY is currently DISABLED. Do you want to ENABLE PDBA Proxy? [N]: Y
23.	MPS A: Enter "e" to exit	MPS Side A: /Configure PDB Menu 1 Configure PDB Network
24.	MPS A: Enter "1" to "Display Configuration"	Enter Choice: e
25.	MPS A: Verify that the state of PDBA Proxy Feature is Yes.	EPAP A Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.115 EPAP B Provisioning Network IP Address = 192.168.61.116 Provisioning Network Netmask = 255.255.255.0 Provisioning Network Default Router = 192.168.61.1 EPAP A Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured EPAP B Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured Backup Prov Network IP Address = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Netmask = Not configured Backup Prov Network Address = 192.168.2.100 EPAP A Sync Network Address = 192.168.2.200 EPAP B Sync Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.100 EPAP B Main DSM Network Address = 192.168.120.200 EPAP A Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200 EPAP B Backup DSM Network Address = 192.168.121.200 EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP A HTTP Port = 80 EPAP A Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP B Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP B Banner Connection Port = 8473 EPAP B Static NAT Address = Not configured EPAP B BANNER STATIC NAT Address = Not configured EPAP B STATIC NAT Address = Not configured EPAP B BANNER STATIC NAT Address = Not configured EPAP B BANNER STATIC NAT Address = Not configured EPAP B BANNER STATIC NAT Address = Not configured EPAP B BANNER STATIC NAT Address = Not configured EPAP B BANNER STATIC NAT Address = Not configured EPAP B STATIC NAT Addre

		Time Zone = America/New_York PDB Database = Exists Preferred PDB = Standby Allow updates from alternate PDB = Yes Auto DB Recovery Enabled = Yes PDBA Proxy Enabled = Yes
26.	MPS A:	MPS Side A:
	Enter "e" to exit	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
		/\ 1 Display Configuration
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		6 Platform Menu
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		 9 Security
		 10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 Mate Disaster Recovery
		e Exit /
		,
27.	MPS A:	Enter Choice: e
27.	EPAP A: Log in to the web GUI as user "uiadmin".	User name: uiadmin Password:



		Running modules in class services OK Running modules in class system OK LOG LOCATION: /var/TKLC/log/syscheck/fail_log Note: syscheck may report following error which can be ignored: * defaultroute: FAILURE:: MINOR::500000000000000000000000000000000000
33.	Return to the proce	dure that you came here from.
34.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.21 Configure DSM Min Mem Size

S	This procedure configures DSM Min Mem Size on standalone PDB server.		
T	Check off (√)each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
E P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT Error! Reference source not found. AND ASK FOR INSTALL ASSISTANCE.		
1.	Standalone PDB :	Login: epapdev Password: <epapdev_password></epapdev_password>	
	Login as epapdev to standalone PDB server.		
2.	Execute getDsmMinMemSize.pl	Go to the bin directory to execute the getDsmMinMemSize.pl perl script	
		\$ cd /usr/TKLC/epap/bin	
		Execute getDsmMinMemSize.pl script	
		\$./getDsmMinMemSize.pl	
3.	Restart the pdb Software.	<pre>\$ systemctl stop Pdba ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~</pre>	
		PDBA application stopped.	
		\$ systemctl start Pdba	

		~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application started. \$ systemct1 Pdba status
4.	Verify that the uiEdit "DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE" variable is added and updated correctly.	\$ uiEdit grep DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE "DSM_MIN_MEM_SIZE" is set to "12046"
5.	Procedure Complete	Procedure is complete.
6.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.22 Restart Mysql service for PDB on Query Server

endix A. 22 Restart MySQL service for PDB on Query Server

NOTE: The MySQL services should be started as non-root admin user only.

This procedure restarts the	This procedure restarts the MySQL service for PDB on Query Server.		
Check off (1) each step as it is	Check off ($$)each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, ASSISTANCE.	CONTACT Error! Reference source not found. AND ASK FOR <u>INSTALL</u>		
Login to EAGLE QS as QS	login: <admin_user></admin_user>		
admin.	Password: <admin_password></admin_password>		
Start the mysqlpdb service.	\$ sudo systemctl stop mysqld		
	·		
	·		
	Waiting for mysqlpdb to stop		
Verify that mysqlpdb service is	\$ sudo systemctl start mysqld		
running.	Waiting for mysqlpdb to start done		
Start the mysqlpdb	\$sudo systemctl start mysqld		
service.	PID:8841 mysqlpdb is running.		
Procedure Complete	Procedure is complete.		

endix A. 22 Restart MySQL service for PDB on Query Server

NOTE: The MySQL services should be started as non-root admin user only.

Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:	
10g.	\$ date	

Procedure A.23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

Appendix A. 23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

S	This procedure extract parse9Dig script file from EPAP 16.3 ISO.	
Т	Check off ($$)each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
E P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT Error! Reference source not found. AND ASK FOR INSTALL ASSISTANCE.	
1.	MPS A: Login as admusr.	login: <admin_user> Password: <admin_password></admin_password></admin_user>
2.	MPS A: Copy ISO on MPS A.	Perform Procedure in Procedure A.12 or copy EPAP 17.0 ISO to /var/TKLC/upgrade directory.
3.	MPS A: Switch to root user.	\$ su - root Password:
4.	MPS A: Create directory using mkdir.	Create /mnt/iso directory using following command: # mkdir /mnt/iso
5.	MPS A: Mount ISO on above path	<pre>Mount ISO on above created path. # mount -o loop <16.3.a.0.0-b.b.b ISO with full path which is copied in step 2> <full 4="" created="" directory="" in="" of="" path="" step=""> As follows: # mount -o loop /var/TKLC/upgrade/EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso /mnt/iso/</full></pre>

Appendix A. 23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

6.	MPS A: Extract TKLCepap rpm from the ISO.	Copy TKLCepap rpm at /tmp directory. # cp <directory 4="" created="" in="" step="">/Packages/<tklcepap 2="" copied="" in="" is="" rpm,="" same="" step="" the="" version="" which=""> /tmp As follows: # cp /mnt/iso/Packages/TKLCepap-163.0.8- 16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0.x86_64.rpm /tmp/</tklcepap></directory>
7.	MPS A: Change directory to /tmp.	Change directory to /tmp using following command: # cd /tmp
8.	MPS A: Extract parse9Dig script file from rpm.	Extract desired file parse9Dig from rpm: # rpm2cpio <tklcepap 6="" extracted="" in="" rpm="" step=""> cpio -idmv <parse9dig> As follows: # rpm2cpio TKLCepap-163.0.8-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0.x86_64.rpm cpio -idmv ./usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig [root@Natal-A tmp]</parse9dig></tklcepap>
9.	MPS A: Copy extracted parse9Dig at desired path.	Copy extracted parse9Dig file at path: /usr/TKLC/epap/config Use following path: # cp /tmp/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig /usr/TKLC/epap/config
10.	MPS A: Change the permission of parse9Dig file as required.	Change mode of file parse9Dig to 755 and ownership to epapdev:epap. Use following command: # cd /usr/TKLC/epap/config # chmod 755 parse9Dig # chown epapdev:epap parse9Dig List the file and check the permissions. It should be same as follows: # Il parse9Dig [root@Natal-A config] # 11 parse9Dig -rwxr-xr-x 1 epapdev epap 12162 Jul 9 21:39 parse9Dig

Appendix A. 23 Get parse9Dig file from EPAP 16.3 ISO

11.	MPS A: Snapshot of all above executed commands to extract parse9Dig file.	Verify that all steps executed successfully as follows: [rostBNatal-A -]# mkdir /mmt/iso [rostBNatal-A -]# mbunt -o loop /var/TRLC/EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso /mnt/iso/ [var/TRLC/EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso /mnt/iso/ [rostBNatal-A -]# mbunt -o loop /var/TRLC/EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso /mnt/iso/ [rostBNatal-A -]# mdir /mmt/iso [rostBNatal-A -]# mkdir /mnt/iso [rostBNatal-A -]# mbunt -o loop /var/TRLC/upgrade/EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso /mnt/iso/ [rostBNatal-A -]# mount -o loop /var/TRLC/upgrade/EPAP-16.3.0.0.0_163.8.0-x86_64.iso /mnt/iso/ [rostBNatal-A -]# [rostBNatal-A
12.	MPS A: Remove all temporary files from /tmp directory.	Remove parse9Dig file and TKLCepap rpm from /tmp directory. Execute following command on CLI: # rm -f /tmp/usr/TKLC/epap/config/parse9Dig # rm -f /tmp/TKLCepap-163.0.12-16.3.0.0.0_163.12.0.x86_64.rpm
13.	MPS A: Umount the mounted ISO.	Umount the ISO which was mounted in step 5. Execute below command: # umount /mnt/iso/
14.	MPS A: Remove ISO directory.	Remove directory /mnt/iso. Execute below command: # rmdir /mnt/iso/
15.	Procedure Complete	Procedure is complete.
16.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.24 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

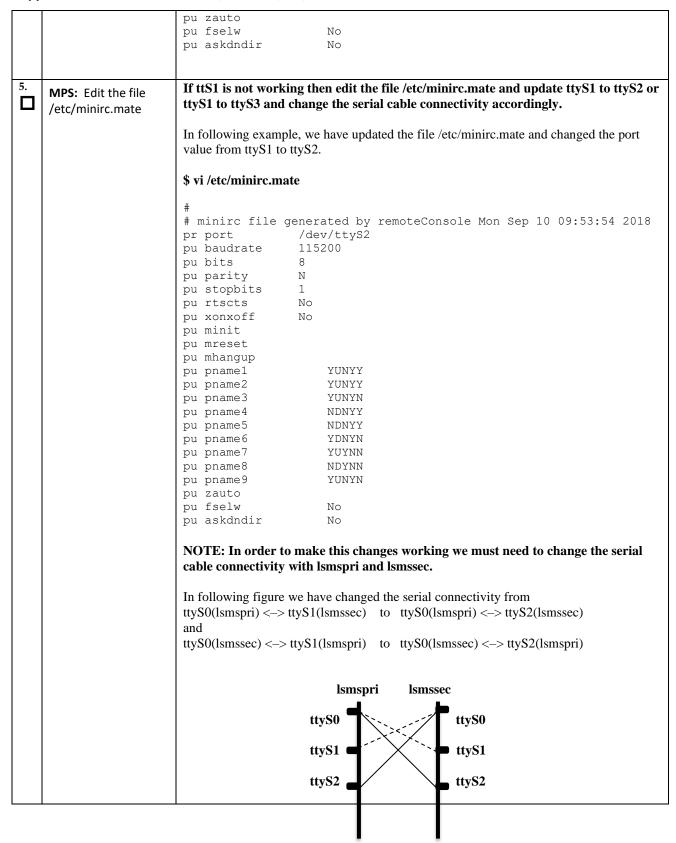
NOTE: This procedure is needed in following cases:

- 1. If "minicom mate" fails due to data curroption or some body deleted the file /etc/minirc.mate. Or,
- 2. If ttyS1 is not working, then edit the file /etc/minirc.mate to use ttyS3 or ttyS4.

Appendix A. 24 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

S	This procedure will	add/edit the file /etc/minirc.mate.
T E	Check off (√) each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE I	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR <u>UPGRADE ASSISTANCE</u> .
1.	MPS: Log on Server.	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
2.	MPS: Switch user to root.	\$ su - root Password:
3.	MPS: Verify that the file present on server.	Verify that the file /etc/minirc.mate is present on server: Execute the following command:
	The present on server.	\$ ls -l /etc/minirc.mate
		[root@Recife-a ~] # ls -l /etc/minirc.mate -rw-r 1 root root 658 Sep 7 03:35 /etc/minirc.mate
		Move to step 5 if output is same as above otherwise continue to next step.
4.	BADC: Custos the Sile	Create the file /etc/minirc.mate using vi editor as follows:
	MPS: Cretae the file using vi editor.	\$ vi /etc/minirc.mate
		Add following lines in file /etc/minirc.mate and save the file:
		#
		<pre># minirc file generated by remoteConsole Mon Sep 10 09:53:54 2018 pr port /dev/ttyS1</pre>
		pu baudrate 115200
		pu bits 8 pu parity N
		pu stopbits 1
		pu rtscts No pu xonxoff No
		pu minit
		pu mreset
		pu mhangup pu pname1 YUNYY
		pu pname2 YUNYY
		pu pname3 YUNYN pu pname4 NDNYY
		pu pname5 NDNYY
		pu pname6 YDNYN
		pu pname7 YUYNN pu pname8 NDYNN
		pu pname9 YUNYN

Appendix A. 24 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file



Appendix A. 24 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

		ttyS3 ttyS3
		Here, broken line showing the old connectivity and bold line for the new connecrtivity.
6.	MPS: Run "minicom	Run the following command:
	mate" on the server.	\$minicom mate
		It should be successfully switched to mate server.
7.	MPS: Procedure completed	This procedure is complete.
8.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command:
	timestamp in log.	\$ date

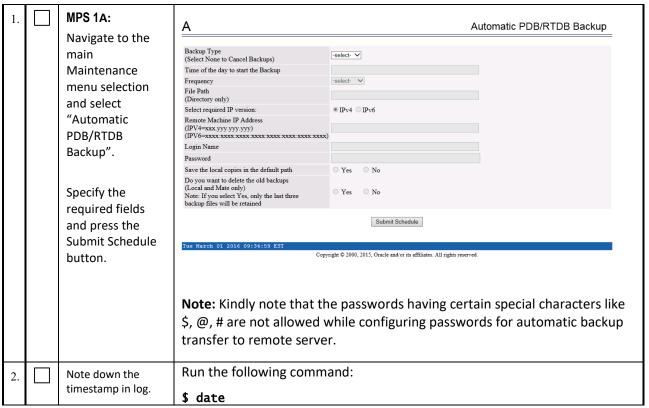
Procedure A.25 Configure the Auto Backup

This procedure configures auto backup for PDB and RTDB on all the Non-PROVs that are homed to the PDBA.

EPAP software on all Non-PROVs homed to the PDBA should be running for successful auto RTDB backup on the Non-PROVs.

Appendix A.25 Configure the Auto Backup

S		This procedure enables the auto backup feature for the Provisioning Database.
E	1A	Estimated time: 5 minutes
#		



This procedure is complete!

Procedure A.26 STOP ACTIVE PDBA AND VERIFY REPL LOGS

This procedure shall be executed on Active PDBA (2A). If REPL log in not empty, part of the procedure will be executed in Standby PDBA (1A) as well.

Appendix A.26 Procedure to add/edit the /etc/minirc.mate file

P		
#		
1.	MPS 2A:	NOTE:
	Stop the Customer	Contact customer provisioning and verify provisioning has been deactivated.
	provisioning in to	
	the active PDB.	
2.	MPS 2A: Log on	[hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password
	Server.	password. password
3.	MPS 2A: Switch user	\$ su - root Password:
	to root.	

4.	MPS 2A: Stop the	·
	PDBA process	~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop
		~~ PDBA application
		stopped.
5.	MPS 2A: Stop the	# service Epap stop
	EPAP process	~~ /etc/init.d/Epap stop ~~
		EPAP application stopped.
6.	MPS 2A: Clear the	\$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock <
	REPL logs	/usr/TKLC/epap/config/pdb_repl.sql
		Enter password: <mysql_root_password></mysql_root_password>
7.	MPS 2A: Login to	\$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock pdb
	the mysql database	Enter password: <mysql_root_password></mysql_root_password>
_	and verify that there	On the MySQL prompt, execute the following commands:
	are no updates to	mysql> select * from
	be sent to the	replLog; Empty set (0.00 sec)
	standby PDB.	mysql> select * from
	If any REPL log	requests;
	exists, follow steps 8	Empty set (0.00 sec)
	to 12. Otherwise	mysql> quit
	jump to step 13	Bye
8.	MPS 1A: Start the	# service Pdba start~~
	PDBA and EPAP at	/etc/init.d/Pdba start
_	the Standby site	~~ PDBA application
	(1A)	started.
	,	
		# service Epap start ~~
		/etc/init.d/Epap start
		~~ EPAP application
		started.
		Note: Skip the following step on Standalone PDB
		# ssh mate "service Epap start"
		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~
		EPAP application started.
9.	MPS 2A:	# service Pdba start ~~
	Start the PDBA at	/etc/init.d/Pdba start
	the	~~ PDBA application
	Active site (2A)	started.
	1.00170 3100 (211)	# service Epap start ~~
		/etc/init.d/Epap start
		~~ EPAP application
		started.
		Note : Skip the following step on Standalone PDB
		# ssh mate "service Epap start"

		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ EPAP application started.
10.	Wait a minute for the updates to sync between Active and Standby PDBA. Check in intervals of 1 minute till all updates are sent from Active PDBA to Standby PDBA. Move to next stepONLY after checking that output of replLog and requests tables shows "Empty set".	\$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock pdb Enter password: <mysql_root_password> On the MySQL prompt, execute the following commands: mysql> select * from replLog; Empty set (0.00 sec) mysql> select * from requests; Empty set (0.00 sec) mysql> quit Bye</mysql_root_password>
11.	MPS 2A: Stop the PDBA and EPAP processes.	# service Pdba stop ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped. # service Epap stop
		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap stop ~~ EPAP application stopped.
12.	MPS 1A: Stop the PDBA and EPAP processes.	# service Pdba stop ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~ PDBA application stopped. # service Epap stop ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap stop ~~ EPAP application stopped.

13.	MPS 2A:	\$ exit
	Exit as root user	
14.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.27 PDB Backup before upgrade

S T	This procedure will perf	form pdb Backup
E		
P #	Estimated time of comp	pletion: 5 minutes.
	Check off (\square) each ste number.	ep as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL,	CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.
	PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: St	andalone PDB, Mixed EPAP
1	Login to MPS A via root user	login: <root_user></root_user>
		Password: <admin_password></admin_password>
_		
2	Stop PDB software	[root@Salta-a logs]# service Pdba stop
		~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba stop ~~
ш		PDBA application stopped.
		Change the directory to free, to generate the mysqldump in free directory.
		# cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
3	Generate mysqldump of	[root@Manaus-A free]# mysqldump -uroot -p <mysql password="" root=""> pdb -S</mysql>
	PDB database:	/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock > mysqldump_filename.sql &
ш	Execute the following	, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,,,
	command to create	Example:
	mysql dump od PDB to	[root@Devloan01 ~]# mysqldump -uroot -p <mysql_root_password> pdb -S</mysql_root_password>
	restore later after the	/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock >
	upgrade.	mysqldump_Devloan01_01133307182024.sql&
		[1] 29910
	Note:	[root@Devloan01 ~]# mysqldump: [Warning] Using a password on the command line
	mysqldump_filename	interface can be insecure.
_	can be anything	

		/ /
	мрs x: Transfer file to	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the file to a remote, customer-provided
	remote machine	computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you want to continue to connect.
		\$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
		\$ sftp admusr@10.75.141.58
		Connecting to 10.75.141.58
		FIPS integrity verification test failed.
		The authenticity of host '10.75.141.58 (10.75.141.58)' can't be established.
		RSA key fingerprint is 16:cf:0f:bb:cd:c3:45:8c:bf:5f:02:2b:96:4f:d1:61.
		Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
		Warning: Permanently added '10.75.141.58' (RSA) to the list of known hosts.
		admusr@10.75.141.58's password:
		sftp> put mysqldump_Recife_01133307182024.sql
		Uploading mysqldump_Recife_01133307182024.sql to
		/var/TKLC/elap/free/epap_spare_card_backup/mysqldump_Recife_011333071820
		24.sql
		mysqldump_Recife_01133307182024.sql
		100% 30GB 76.0MB/s 06:45
		sftp> bye
		If there is no customer provided remote computer for backups, transfer the backup
		file to the mate using the following command:
		\$ sudo chmod 667 /var/TKLC/epap/free/bkp.tar.gz
		\$ su — epapdev
		\$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/ mysqldump_Devloan01_01133307182024.sql
		epapdev@remoteIP: <remote path="" server=""></remote>
3	This procedure is	
	complete.	This procedure is complete.
╽╚		
-		1

Procedure A.28 Clear replication logs

S	This procedure will clear the replication logs for the Standalone PDBA and Mixed EPAP
Т	
E	Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!!!

Р	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes.			
#	Check off (\square) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR <u>MIGRATION</u> <u>ASSISTANCE</u> .			
	PROCEDURE APP	LICABLE TO: Dual PDB and Dual Mixed EPAP		
1	Active PDB: Switch from root to the epapdev user. Note:Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding.	# su - epapdev		
	Active PDB: Login to the mysql database and determine the size of replLogs. Enter password once requested.	\$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock pdb Enter password: <password> Reading table information for completion of table column names You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with; or \g. Your MySQL connection id is 108 Server version: 5.0.37-community-log MySQL Community Edition (GPL) Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the buffer. mysql> select count(*) from replLog; ++ count(*) ++ row in set (0.11 sec) mysql> select count(*) from requests; +</password>		
		++ 1 row in set (0.06 sec) mysql> quit Bye \$		

3	Active PDB :	\$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock <
	Clear the REPL logs.	/usr/TKLC/epap/config/pdb_repl.sql
4 🗍	Enter password once requested. Active PDB:	Enter password: <password> \$ mysql -u root -p -S/var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock pdb Enter password: <password> Reading table information for completion of table column names You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with; or \g. Your MySQL connection id is 108 Server version: 5.0.37-community-log MySQL Community Edition (GPL) Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the buffer. mysql> select count(*) from replLog; Empty set (0.00 sec) mysql> select count(*) from requests; Empty set (0.00 sec) mysql> quit Bye</password></password>
5	Active PDB EPAP A:	\$ exit
	Switch from epapdev	
	to root user.	
6	Standby PDB	Repeat all above steps on standby PDB as well.
7	This procedure is	
	complete.	This procedure is complete.

Procedure A.29 Remove remote PDBA IP

S T	This procedure will delete the remote PDBA IP Address
E	Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!

P	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes.				
#	Check off () each stan as it	Thack off () each stan as it is completed. Boyes have been provided for this purpose under each stan number.			
	Check off (1) each step as it	Check off (\Box) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.			
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL,	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR <u>MIGRATION</u> <u>ASSISTANCE</u> .			
	PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Sta	andalone PDBA and Mixed EPAP			
1	Login to post uson first	/EPAP Configuration Menu\			
_	Login to root user first and then switch to	//\			
	epapconfig and select				
	option 8				
	Note: Ensure the	3 Set Time Zone			
	provisioning activity has been halted before	4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys			
	proceeding	5 Change Password 			
	•	6 Platform Menu 			
		7 Configure NTP Server			
		8 PDB Configuration Menu 			
		9 Security			
		10 SNMP Configuration			
		11 Configure Alarm Feed			
		12 Configure Query Server			
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed			
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community			
		15 DB Architecture Menu			
		e Exit			
		·			
2	Select option 1	Enter Choice: 8			
		/Configure PDB Menu\			
		1 Configure PDB Network			
		 2 Configure PDB Capacity			
		 3 Create PDB			
		ii			
		4 Change Auto DB Recovery State 			
		e Exit			
		Enter Choice: 1			

3	Damassa the servete DDDA	
3	Remove the remote PDBA	/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\
	IP by entering 0.0.0.0.	/\
		1 IPv4 Configuration
		1 2 I Dy6 Configuration
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 1
		This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currentl The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:
	The EPAP	/EPAP Configuration Menu\
	Configuration Menu is	/\
	displayed. Enter	1 Display Configuration
	choice e, Exit.	
		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5 Change Password
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		' '
		15 DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: e

4	This procedure is	
	complete.	This procedure is complete.

Procedure A.30 Reset RTDB Homing Policy to remote PDBA

In case of Prov upgrade (Mixed EPAP/PDBonly) with Live provisioning, the homing of all Non-Prov sites needs to be taken care of as below:

- a. Non-Prov sites: Change the RDTB homing to "Configure Active RTDB Homing" and select the active PDBA site, if RTDB homing is anything other than active PDBA. Refer to Procedure A.30.
- b. Prov Sites: On Both PDBA sites, RTDB homing policy should be set to its local PDBA. Refer to Procedure A.44.

Note: Change the RTDB homing on all Non-Provs. Stop the EPAP Softwares on both EPAP A and B servers.

- c. There is no need to stop provisioning.
- d. After the RTDB Homing changes, EPAP software will be started and within a few minutes, RTDBs will catch up with the PDBA level.
- e. The only side effect of this activity is that Eagle will not get live updates for around 10 minutes. As soon as EPAP software is started after the procedure, the provisioning data will be transmitted to the Eagle immediately.

S	This procedur	e will reset the RDTB homing policy for the Non-Prov Nodes		
E P #	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes.			
	Check off (□)	each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
	SHOULD THIS PRO	CEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR <u>MIGRATION</u> <u>ASSISTANCE</u> .		
	PROCEDURE APPLI	EDURE APPLICABLE TO: Non-Provisionable EPAPs		
1	MPS A: Switch to	# su - epapconfig		
		<pre>warning: Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.</pre>		

	epapconfig menu		
2	Select option 8 from epapconfig	/	EPAP Configuration Menu\
	menu	1	Display Configuration
		2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3	Set Time Zone
		4	Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5	Change Password
		6	Platform Menu
		7	Configure NTP Server
		8	PDB Configuration Menu
		9	Security
		10	
			Configure Alarm Feed
			Configure SNMP Agent Community
			Mate Disaster Recovery
		14	DB Architecture Menu
			Exit
		Enter	Choice: 8

3	Select option 2 to enter RTDB homing menu	/Configure PDB Menu\
		1 Configure PDB Network
		2 RTDB Homing Menu
		3 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 2
4	Read the Note in the beginning of the section and decide your homing policy.	/RTDB Homing Menu
5	MPS A and MPS B:	Start Epap and Pdba software to reflect the changes. Use the following command to start Epap:

	Ctant Francis	For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1, Execute the following command to start PDBA and EPAP
		Softwares:
		\$ service Epap Start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful.
		\$ service Pdba start ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~ PDBA application start Successful.
		For EPAP 17.0, Execute the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Softwares:
		\$ systemctl start Epap
		\$ systemctl start Pdba
6	This	
	procedure	This procedure is complete.
	is	
	complete.	

Procedure A.31 Change MySql engine schema

Note: This procedure is need not to be implemented if migrating from 17.0.0.x.

	S T	This procedure will Char	nge MySql engine schema.	
	E			
	Р			
	#	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes.		
		Check off (\square) each stenumber.	p as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step	
		SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, (CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR <u>MIGRATION</u> <u>ASSISTANCE</u> .	
		PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Sta	andalone PDB, Mixed and Non-Provisionable EPAP	
Ī	1	Login to epap via epapdev	# su – epapdev	
		user on server being upgraded		
		Note: In case of Mixed or Non-Prov EPAP execute this procedure needs to be executed on MPS A & B		

2	Navigate to path	[root@Manaus-a /]# cd /var/TKLC/epap/free/
	/var/TKLC/epap/free	[root@Manaus-a free]#
change the EuiDB engine using alter_Table.pl script Note: Download the alter_table.pl script from OSDC to free directory on EPAP and change its permission to 755. Also change its ownership to epapdev:epap change the EuiDB [epapdev@Manaus-A free]\$ chown epapdev:epap alter_table.pl [epapdev@Manaus-A free]\$ chown epapdev:epap alter_table.pl [epapdev@Manaus-A free]\$./alter_Table.pl Success.		alter_table.pl [epapdev@Manaus-A free]\$ chmod 755 alter_table.pl [epapdev@Manaus-A free]\$./alter_Table.pl
4	Charles and the	[
	Check the update by logging into EuiDB:	[epapdev@Manaus-A free]\$ mysql -uroot -p <mysql_root_password> mysql> use EuiDB; Reading table information for completion of table and column names You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A mysql> show table status\G; ***********************************</mysql_root_password>
5	This procedure is	
	complete.	This procedure is complete.

Procedure A.32 Post upgrade EuiDB database restore

S	This procedure verifies that EuiDB is restored successfully		
T			
E	Check off (\checkmark) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P			
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR Migration ASSISTANCE.		

1.	Login to EPAP server via epapdev user	console login: epapdev password: <password></password>
2.	Change the Euidb backup file	[epapdev@Manaus-A ~]\$ chmod 644
	permission to 644.	npdbBackup_Manaus-A_20220718183527.sql.gz
3.	Restore EuiDB Database	[epapdev@Manaus-A ~]\$ /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/restore_npdb.pl /var/TKLC/epap/free/npdbBackup_Manaus-A_20220718183527.sql.gz Restoring up the NPDB NPDB Restored up Successfully. [epapdev@Manaus-A ~]\$
4.	Procedure Complete.	This procedure is complete.

Procedure A.33 Post upgrade PDB database restore

S T	This procedure verifies that PDB is restored successfully		
E P	Check off (\vee) each step as it is c	ompleted. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, C	ONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR Migration ASSISTANCE .	
1.	Log in to EPAP server via root user	<pre>console login:root password: <password></password></pre>	
2.	If upgrading from EPAP 17.0.0.x to EPAP 17.0.0.6, perform this step. Else, continue from step 3.	Perform Procedure A.52 to restore the PDB database. If Procedure A.52 is performed, this procedure (A.33) ends here.	
3.	Change the permission of mysqldump file to 666. Execute the command.	# chmod 666 mysqldump_Recife_01133307182024.sql	
4.	Execute the following command to restore myqldump.	To monitor time as well as progress while restoring the db please use the below command only. This is supported only for EPAP version 17.0.0.5.0 and beyond:	

pv mysqldump_backupfile.sql | mysql -uroot -p <MySQL_root_password> pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock && echo "Restore complete" In case you don't want to monitor the progress use the following: # mysql -uroot -p<MySQL_root_password> pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock < mysqldump_backupfile.sql & Example: [root@Recife-A free]# mysql -uroot -p <MySQL_root_password> pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock < mysqldump_Recife_01133307182024.sql [1] 853397 To run PDB Restore Monitor.h script, follow the below steps. This is supported till EPAP version 17.0.0.4.0. 1. Download the Restore_Monitor.zip provided with the build. 2. Copy the zip in free, unzip the folder and set the permissions. \$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free \$ unzip Restore Monitor.zip \$ chmod 777 Restore Monitor.sh 3. Run the script in background mode. \$./Restore_Monitor.sh & 4. This script will log the progress in the file /var/TKLC/epap/free/Restore_Monitor.log . Execute the following The below commands will add IsbIset column in dn_bl and dnB_bl table of PDB commands to add the database. Isblset parameter in dn bl and dnB bl tables in pdb. # mysql -u root -p pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock -e 'ALTER TABLE dn_bl ADD lsblset int' Note: This # mysql -u root -p pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock -e 'ALTER TABLE step applicable only in case user dnB bl ADD lsblset int' is migrating from 16.3 release regardless of DB Example: architecture [root@Devloan01 ~]# mysql -u root -p pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock -e 'ALTER TABLE dn bl ADD lsblset int' Enter password:

[root@Devloan01 ~]# mysql -u root -p pdb -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock -e 'ALTER TABLE dnB_bl ADD lsblset int' Enter password: [root@Devloan01 ~]#	
--	--

Note: If one site is already upgraded to EPAP 17.0, then follow Appendix A.43 to restore the PDB.

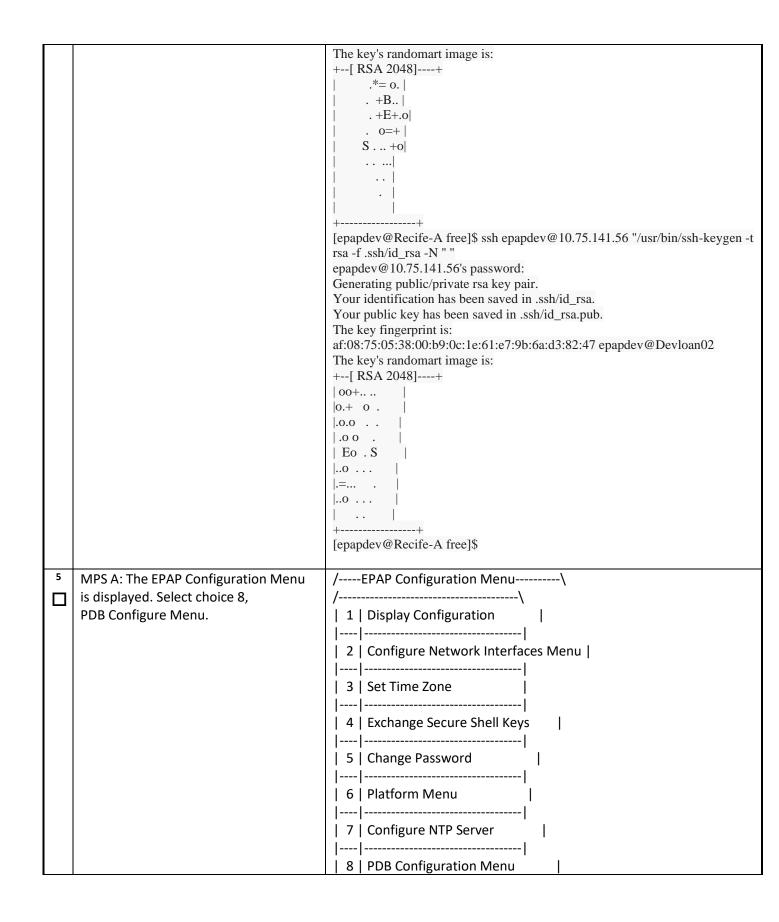
Procedure A.34 Add Remote PDBA IP Address

S	This procedure will add	remote PDI	BA IP address
E	Ensure the provisioning activity has been halted before proceeding!!!		
Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes.			inutes.
	Check off (0) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each number.		
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.		
	PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Standalone PDB and Mixed EPAP		
1	Login to epapconfig on PDB server being upgraded and select option 8	Warning: ; /usr/TKLC	Smartmatch is experimental at /plat/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
		/	EPAP Configuration Menu\
			Display Configuration
			Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3	Set Time Zone
			Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		j 5 j	Change Password
		1 6 1	Platform Menu
		i 7 i	Configure NTP Server
			PDB Configuration Menu
			Security
			SNMP Configuration
			Configure Alarm Feed
		12	Configure Query Server
		13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14	Configure SNMP Agent Community
			DB Architecture Menu
		e	Exit
		Enter	Choice: 8

2	Select option 1	111 Jul 10 John 101 101 10.	
		/Configure PDB Menu\	
		1 Configure PDB Network	
		2 Configure PDB Capacity	
		3 Create PDB	
		4 Change Auto DB Recovery State	
		e Exit	
		Enter Choice: 1	
3	Add the remote PDBA IP by entering <remote b="" pdba<=""></remote>	MPS Side A: hostname: Salta-a hostid: 4b0a4a8d	
Ш	IP>	Platform Version: 6.1.4-7.8.1.0.0_89.13.0 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.1-17.0.0.0.0_170.1.0	
		Fri Jul 22 08:06:26 EDT 2022	
		/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\	
		/\	
		1 IPv4 Configuration 	
		2 IPv6 Configuration 	
		e Exit	
		\/	
		Enter Choice: 1	
		This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is	
		currently set to 10.75.141.74 The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to	
		0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000	
		EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y	
		The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.74.	
		EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.75	
	Remote PDB	Repeat all the above steps on the remote PDB.	
5	This procedure is		
	complete.	This procedure is complete.	

Procedure A.35 Keys exchange between active PDB and standby PDB

S T	This procedure Exchange the keys between active and remote PDB.	
Е		
P	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes.	
#		
	Check off (\square) each step as it is complete number.	Leted. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TEC	HNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR <u>MIGRATION</u> <u>ASSISTANCE</u> .
	PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Dual Mixed or Dual PDBo	only server
1	For key exchange on Standby PDB on	Follow step 3 to step 16
	17.0 release and Active PDB on 16.3.1/16.4.1 release	
2	For key exchange between Active PDB	Follow step 17 to end
	on 17.0 release and Standby also on release 17.0	
3	MPS A: Login to PDB EPAP server on	If not already logged-in, then login at PDB EPAP:
	release 17.0 as the user "epapdev"	console
		login: epapdev
		password:
4	Execute the following procedure on EPAP 17.0:	In case of PDBonly server, run below command: Here, remotepdb_IP is EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 machine Ip.
	Note: Generating RSA keys first with servers installed on older release	# ssh epapdev@remotepdb_IP ''/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N
	16.3.1/16.4.1	In case of mixed server, run below command:
		Here, remotepdb_EPAPA_IP and remotepdb_EPAPB_IP are EPAP
	Also, Generate RSA key with both	16.3.1/16.4.1, A and B machine Ips.
	sides in case of mixed epap	# ssh epapdev@remotepdb_EPAPA_IP ''/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id rsa -N '' ''
		# ssh epapdev@remotepdb_EPAPB_IP ''/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N '' ''
		Example:
		Recife is EPAP 17 server and 10.75.141.55 and 10.75.141.56 are EPAP A and B machines of the other mixed server which is on EPAP 16.3.1.
		[epapdev@Recife-A free]\$ ssh epapdev@10.75.141.55 "/usr/bin/ssh-keygen -t rsa -f .ssh/id_rsa -N " "
		epapdev@10.75.141.55's password:
		Generating public/private rsa key pair. Your identification has been saved in .ssh/id rsa.
		Your public key has been saved in .ssh/id_rsa.pub.
		The key fingerprint is:
		47:54:4c:74:96:f2:e9:31:1f:b1:a8:5f:81:64:36:f0 epapdev@Devloan01



		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 8
6	MPS A: The Configure PDB Menu is	/Configure PDB Menu\
lп	displayed. Select choice 1.	/\
	,	1 Configure PDB Network
		2 Create PDB
		3 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		e Exit
		\/
	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Enter Choice: 1 PDB Network Configuration Menu for standalone PDB:
7	MPS A: The PDB Network Configuration Menu is displayed.	TO RECITOR CONTINUE TO TENTATOR FUEL
╽╙	Select choice 1.	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-B-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d
		Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.5.0.0.0_100.8.1
	Provide remote PDBA IP address.	Software Version: EPAP 170.0.6- 17.0.0.0_170.6.0
		Mon Nov 14 18:11:45 EST 2022
		/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /\
		1 IPv4 Configuration
		2 IPv6 Configuration
		 e Exit
	<u> </u>	li i

\-----/ Enter Choice: 1 This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currently set to 10.75.141.33 The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000 The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.33. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.32 The server does not know of 10.75.141.32. Will just exchange host keys for the name given! Password of epapdev: The server does not know of 10.75.141.32. Will just exchange host keys for the name given! ssh is working correctly. Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.32 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.32 PDB Network Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP: MPS Side A: hostname: Recife-A hostid: 4b0a3d8d Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.9.0.1.0_130.6.0 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.26-17.0.0.4.0_170.25.0 Sun Jun 24 10:44:43 EDT 2018 /----PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ .----\ 1 | IPv4 Configuration ---|-------| 2 | IPv6 Configuration ---e | Exit Enter Choice: 1 Verifying connectivity with mate... This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currently set to 10.75.141.61 The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000 EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.61. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.55 EPAP remote PDBA B machine IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.56 The server does not know of 10.75.141.55. Will just exchange host keys for the name given! Password of epapdev: The server does not know of 10.75.141.55. Will just exchange host keys for the name given!

	T	
		ssh is working correctly. Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.55 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.55 Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.55 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.55 Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.61 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.61
8	Exit from epapconfig menu	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-B-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.5.0.0.0_100.8.1 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.6-17.0.0.0.0_170.6.0 Mon Nov 14 18:12:34 EST 2022 /PDB Network Configuration Menu-\
		/\ 1 IPv4 Configuration 2 IPv6 Configuration e Exit \
		Enter Choice: e
9	MPS A: Login to PDB EPAP server on release 16.4.1/16.3.1 as the user "epapdev"	If not already logged-in, then login at PDB EPAP: Console login: epapdev password:
10	Execute the following command on PDB on 16.3.1/16.4.1 server to update the epapui.pl:	[epapdev@EPAP ~]\$ sed -i 's/my \$command=\$SSH_SCRIPT . " \$remotePdba";/my \$command=\$SSH_SCRIPT . "key=id_rsa.pub \$remotePdba";/g' /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/epapui.pl
	sed -i 's/my \$command=\$SSH_SCRIPT . " \$remotePdba";/my \$command=\$SSH_SCRIPT . " key=id_rsa.pub \$remotePdba";/g' /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/epapui.pl	
11	Execute the following command to verify the mentioned in above command:	# grep "\\$command=\\$SSH_SCRIPT" /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/epapui.pl
	grep "\\$command=\\$SSH_SCRIPT" /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/epapui.p	\$command=\$SSH_SCRIPT. ' mate'; my \$command=\$SSH_SCRIPT . "key=id_rsa.pub \$remotePdba";
12	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 8,PDB Configure Menu.	/EPAP Configuration Menu\ /\ 1 Display Configuration
	•	•

		2 Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3 Set Time Zone
		7 Configure NTP Server
		8 PDB Configuration Menu
		9 Security
		10 SNMP Configuration
		11 Configure Alarm Feed
		12 Configure Query Server
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 8
13	MPS A: The Configure PDB Menu is	/Configure PDB Menu\
	displayed. Select choice 1.	/\ 1 Configure PDB Network
		2 Create PDB
		e Exit \/
		Enter Choice: 1

14	MPS A: The PDB Network	PDB Network Configuration Menu for Standalone PDB:
	Configuration Menu is displayed.	
	Select choice 1.	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-A-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a208d
		Platform Version: 6.1.4-7.8.1.0.0_89.13.0
		Software Version: EPAP 164.0.15- 16.4.1.0.0_164.16.0
		Mon Nov 14 18:47:04 EST 2022
		/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /\
		1 IPv4 Configuration
		2 IPv6 Configuration
		 e Fvit
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 1
		This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4
		address is currently set to 10.75.141.32
		The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to
		0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000
		EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y
		The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.32.
		EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [10.75.141.33]:
		Password of epapdev:
		ssh is working correctly.
		Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.33
		PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.33
		PDB Network Configuration Menu for Mixed EPAP:
		MPS Side A: hostname: Devloan01 hostid: 4b0a378d
		Platform Version: 6.1.4-7.6.0.0.0_88.54.0
		Software Version: EPAP 163.0.14-16.3.0.0.0_163.14.0 Thu Jul 18 07:37:47 EDT 2024
		/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\
		1 IPv4 Configuration
		 2 IPv6 Configuration
		2 11 vo Configuration
		e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 1
		Verifying connectivity with mate

		PDBA application start Successful. For EPAP 17.0, Execute the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Softwares: \$ systemctl start Epap
		<pre>\$ service Epap Start ~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful. \$ service Pdba start ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~</pre>
	MPS A: Start Epap and Pdba software on Active PDBA Site.	Start Epap and Pdba software to reflect the changes. Use the following command to start Epap: For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1, Execute the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Softwares:
15	Exit from epapconfig menu	EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.55. EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.61 EPAP remote PDBA B machine IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.62 Password of epapdev: ssh is working correctly. Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.61 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.61 Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.61 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.61 Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.55 PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.55 MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-A-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a208d Platform Version: 6.1.4-7.8.1.0.0_89.13.0 Software Version: EPAP 164.0.15-16.4.1.0.0_164.16.0 Mon Nov 14 18:48:19 EST 2022 /PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ 1 IPv4 Configuration
		This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currently set to 10.75.141.55 The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:

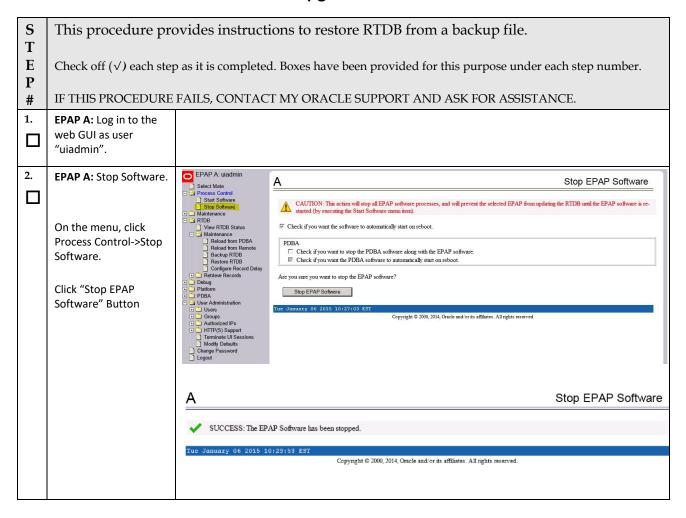
19	MPS A: The Configure PDB Menu is displayed. Select choice 1.	/Configure PDB Menu\ /\ 1 Configure PDB Network 2 Create PDB 3 Change Auto DB Recovery State e Exit
20	MPS A: The PDB Network	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-B-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d
	Configuration Menu is displayed.	Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.5.0.0.0_100.8.1
	Select choice 1.	Software Version: EPAP 170.0.6-17.0.0.0.0_170.6.0
	Provide remote PDBA IP address.	Mon Nov 14 18:11:45 EST 2022
		/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\
		/\
		1 IPv4 Configuration
		 2 IPv6 Configuration
		e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 1
		This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 address is currently set to 10.75.141.33
		The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to
		0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000
		The EPAP local PDBA IP Address is 10.75.141.33.
		EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [10.75.141.32.]: <pre></pre>
		Will just exchange host keys for the name given!
		Password of epapdev:
		The server does not know of 10.75.141.32.
		Will just exchange host keys for the name given!
		ssh is working correctly. Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.32
		PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.32

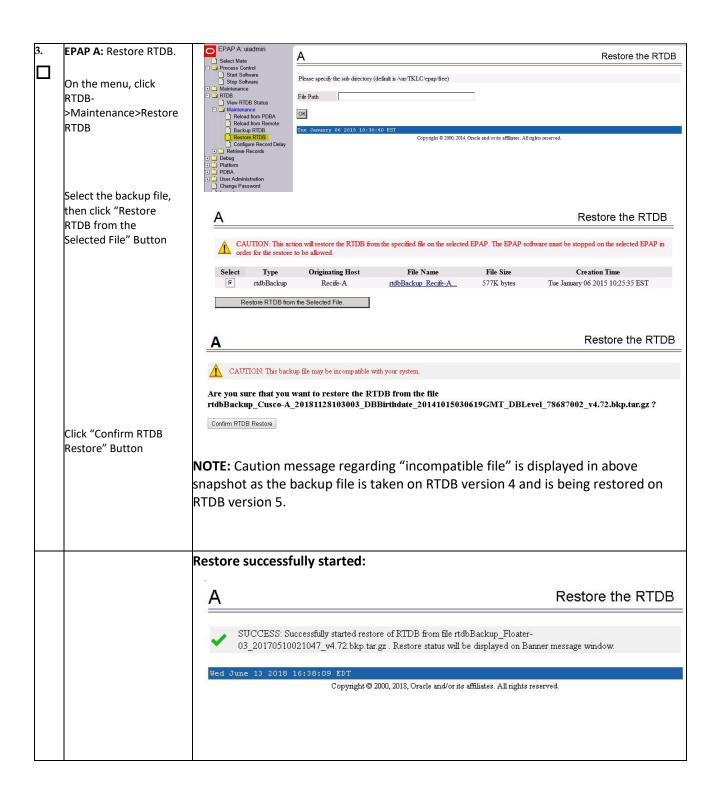
21	Exit from epapconfig menu	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-A-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d
22	MPS A: Login to Active PDB EPAP server which is already on release 17.0 as the user "epapdev"	If not already logged-in, then login at PDB EPAP: console login: epapdev password:
23	MPS A: The EPAP Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 8,PDB Configure Menu.	

	-	-
		13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
		14 Configure SNMP Agent Community
		15 DB Architecture Menu
		e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 8
24	MPS A: The Configure PDB Menu is	/Configure PDB Menu\
	displayed. Select choice 1.	/\ 1 Configure PDB Network
		2 Create PDB
		3 Change Auto DB Recovery State
		e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 1
25	MPS A: The PDB Network	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-A-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d
	Configuration Menu is displayed. Select choice 1.	Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.5.0.0.0_100.8.1 Software Version: EPAP 170.0.6-17.0.0.0.0_170.6.0
	Scient choice 1.	Mon Nov 14 18:11:45 EST 2022
	Provide remote PDBA IP address.	
		/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\ /\
		1 IPv4 Configuration
		2 IPv6 Configuration
		e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: 1
		This MPS is configured to be provisionable. The EPAP local PDBA IPv4
		address is currently set to 10.75.141.32
		The EPAP local PDBA IPv6 address is currently set to
		0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000 The EPAP local PDBA IPv4 Address is 10.75.141.32.
		EPAP remote PDBA IP Address [0.0.0.0]: 10.75.141.32
		The server does not know of 10.75.141.33

		Luma i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
		Will just exchange host keys for the name given!
		Password of epapdev:
		The server does not know of 10.75.141.33.
		Will just exchange host keys for the name given!
		ssh is working correctly.
		Attempting to give PDB privileges to: 10.75.141.33
		PDB privileges have been set for 10.75.141.33
		bb privileges have been set for 10.75.141.55
26		
26	Exit from epapconfig menu	MPS Side A: hostname: Tacna-B-PDBonly hostid: 4b0a218d
		Platform Version: 7.0.1-8.5.0.0.0_100.8.1
		Software Version: EPAP 170.0.6-17.0.0.0.0_170.6.0
		Mon Nov 14 18:12:34 EST 2022
		/PDB Network Configuration Menu-\
		/\
		1 IPv4 Configuration
		l' '
		2 IPv6 Configuration
		e Exit
		\/
		Enter Choice: e
27	MPS A: Start Epap and Pdba software on	Start Epap and Pdba software to reflect the changes.
	Active PDBA Site.	Use the following command to start Epap:
	, touve i BB, toke.	For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1, Execute the following command to
		start PDBA and EPAP Softwares:
		\$ service Epap Start
		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617"
		"EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617"
		EPAP application start Successful.
		\$ service Pdba start ~~ /etc/init.d/Pdba start ~~
		PDBA application start Successful.
		For EPAP 17.0, Execute the following command to start PDBA
		and EPAP Softwares:
		\$ systemctl start Epap
		J Systemetr Start Epap
		\$ systemet] stant Ddba
		\$ systemctl start Pdba
28	This procedure is somethin	
1_	This procedure is complete.	This was a down in a consulate
ΙП		This procedure is complete.
1 —		

Procedure A.36: RTDB restore after Upgrade





EPAP A: Make EPAP Conferming that Restore RTDB in progress: down. Informational Messages An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI Informational Messages confirming that restore RTDB is in progress. Restore RTDB in progress Wed June 13 2018 16:39:09 EDT Copyright @ 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. An IM alarm should be observed with informational message on EPAP GUI confirming that restore RTDB completed successfully. Confirming that Restore RTDB is completed successfully: Click "Confirm RTDB Restore" Button Informational Messages Informational Messages Restore RTDB completed successfully Fri June 15 2018 00:30:27 EDT Copyright @ 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

5.	on EPAP GUI confirming that RTDB Conversion	This step is perf	formed only to support EAGLE release 46.7.0.0.0 (On the setup	
completed successfully.		where DB Archi	where DB Architecture is eXtreme):	
		Α	Informational Messages	
			Informational Messages RTDB Conversion in progress	
		Wed June 13	2018 16:55:42 EDT	
			ght © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.	
		A	Informational Messages	
			Informational Messages	
			RTDB conversion completed successfully	
		Fri June 15	2018 00:37:57 EDT	
		Соруп	ght © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.	

6	Procedure complete.	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
[<u> </u>

Procedure A.37: Resolve the false accept upgrade alarm situation

S T E P #	Check off ($$) each step as it is complete IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONT	se accept upgrade alarm situation from the system. ed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number. ACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
1.	Blankout the /etc/motd file	>/etc/motd
2.	Add an entry "export POST_UPGRADE_ACTION=ACCEP T" in the upgrade info file.	echo "export POST_UPGRADE_ACTION=ACCEPT" >> /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.info

3.	Clear the false alarm "TKSPLATMI33"	
_		You will see the following alarm in alarmStatus.
		a. alarmMgralarmStatus
		[One output example below:]
		SEQ: 7 UPTIME: 356 BIRTH: 1524100682 TYPE: SET
		ALARM:
		TKSPLATMI33 tpdServerUpgradePendingAccept 1.3.6.1.
		4.1.323.5.3.18.3.1.3.33 3253
		2 Processing Error Configuration Error
		b. To clear the alarm, run the following command:
		alarmMgrclear TKSPLATMI33

Procedure A.38 Conversion from mixed EPAP to StandalonePDB+Non-Prov EPAP

Note: A new card would be needed for this conversion. The conversion can be done through various way where one of them is described below.

Assuming, there is a mixed EPAP on 16.3.1/16.4.1 release.

Execute the below mentioned steps to perform this conversion

On Mixed EPAP:

a. Perform Full Upgrade from existing release EPAP 16.3.1 or 16.4.1 to target release of EPAP 17.0 Refer to section 3.4.1, Execute Procedures 1, 2, 3, 4, 14, A.31, 15, 16.

b. Convert Prov (mixed EPAP) to Non-Prov EPAP by fresh installing the setup as Non-Prov Node

Note: Option to convert Mixed setup to Non-Prov setup via epapconfig menu is obsoleted.

Refer to section 3.4.1, Execute procedure A.13, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 4, 20, 13, A.32, A.36, A.11, 25, 22.

On PDBonly (fresh installation on new card):

c. Install EPAP 17.0 ISO on new card.

Refer to <u>section 3.3.2</u> to perform installation.

d. Restore PDB backup

Refer to section 3.4.4, Execute procedures A.33, 27.

Attach this PDBonly with Non-Prov EPAP (converted in step b) and any Non-Prov EPAP connected with Mixed setup

Procedure A.39 Take snapshot of uiEdit parameters

T		ovides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file.
	Check off (√) each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
1. E	EPAP A: Log in to the EPAP A server as user "root" and take a snapshot of EuiDB variables.	[root@Quito-a ~]# uiEdit "DB_ARCHITECTURE" is set to "COMPACT" "LNP_ENABLED" is set to "FALSE" "NETWORK_CONFIGURATION_TYPE" is set to "SINGLE" "EPAP_A_GS_BANNER_PORT" is set to "8473" "PDBA_STATS_ENABLED" is set to "OFF" "EPAP_DATA_SPLIT" is set to "OFF" "max_passwd_age" is set to "180" "new_user_default_groups" is set to "readonly" "max_concurrent_user_logins" is set to "1" "max_concurrent_logins" is set to "20" "PROVISIONABLE_MPS" is set to "YES" "PDBA_LOCAL_NAME_V6" is set to "0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000" "passwd_expiry_warn_days" is set to "7" "HTTP_ENABLED" is set to "No" "SNMP_ALARM_FEED" is set to "ON" "session_idle_timeout" is set to "10" "EPAP_A_STANDBY" is set to "FALSE" "EPAP_BINLOGS_THRESHOLD" is set to "80" "SLOG_CAPACITY_ALARMS_ENABLED" is set to "TRUE" "EPAP_A_NAME" is set to "Quito-a" "MAX_RECORD_DELAY" is set to "15"

```
"PDBA IMSI PREFIX" is set to ""
"EPAP A MAINT DEBUG LEVEL" is set to "0"
"SELF HEAL DN FEATURE" is set to "OFF"
"logon_msg" is set to "NOTICE: This is a private computer system.
Unauthorized access or use may lead to prosecution."
"EPAP_QS_ALARMS_ENABLED" is set to "ON"
"PDB_RTDB_SYNC" is set to "NO"
"PROVISIONING_NETWORK_NETMASK" is set to "255.255.255.0"
"EPAP_A_SLOG" is set to "YES"
"PDBA_ERROR_LOG_DEBUG_LEVEL" is set to "20"
"EPAP A SIMPLEX MODE" is set to "FALSE"
"EPAP_A_PROV_NETWORK_IP_ADDRESS" is set to "10.75.141.73"
"EPAP_IP_VERSION" is set to "IPv4"
"SYSTEM_NUMBER" is set to "ES06032023"
"EPAP STATUS A" is set to "NONE"
"euidb version" is set to "3"
"PDB_CAP_LIMIT_ENABLED" is set to "OFF"
"EPAP_A_HTTP_PORT" is set to "80"
"UI_IP_AUTHORIZATION_ENABLED" is set to "FALSE"
"PDBA MAX COMMAND RECORDS" is set to "1000000"
"EPAP_A_SUEXEC_HTTP_PORT" is set to "8001"
"apache_403_error_message" is set to "NOTICE: This workstation is not
authorized to access the GUI."
"min passwd len" is set to "8"
"max_account_inactivity" is set to "0"
"EAGLE_ALARM_FEED" is set to "OFF"
"PDBA_GPORT_INSTALLED" is set to "FALSE"
"EPAP RELEASE" is set to "0.0.0"
"PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "0.0.0.0"
"PDBA_DEBUG_LOG_DEBUG_LEVEL" is set to "20"
"EPAP_A_SUEXEC_HTTPS_PORT" is set to "8002"
"EPAP_QS_THRESHOLD" is set to "200"
"EPAP_A_HSAUDIT" is set to "ON"
"EPAP A HTTPS PORT" is set to "443"
"PDBA_DN_PREFIX" is set to ""
"EPAP_A_PROV_NETWORK_IP_ADDRESS_V6" is set to ""
"PDBA_GFLEX_INSTALLED" is set to "FALSE"
"PROVISIONING_NETWORK_PREFIX_V6" is set to ""
"passwd reuse limit" is set to "5"
"PDBI_PORT" is set to "5873"
"apache_403_error_message_default" is set to "NOTICE: This workstation is
not authorized to access the GUI."
"PDBA_INP_INSTALLED" is set to "FALSE"
"HTTPS_ENABLED" is set to "Yes"
"PROVISIONING_NETWORK_DEFAULT_ROUTER" is set to "10.75.141.1"
"RTDB_HOMING_POLICY" is set to "PDBA_LOCAL_NAME"
```

		"PDBA_MAX_COMMAND_DELAY" is set to "-1" "PDBA_LOCAL_NAME" is set to "10.75.141.73" "PDBA_COMMAND_LOG_DEBUG_LEVEL" is set to "20" "max_failed_logins" is set to "3" "PDB_SUB_CAPACITY" is set to "528000000" [root@Quito-a ~]#
2.	Copy the uiEdit command output in notepad and save on your machine or backup server for future reference	uiEdit command output is saved for fututr reference.
3.	This procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.

Procedure A.40 Save the EPAP 16.3/16.4 additional configurations

S T	This procedure pro	ovides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file.
E	Check off (√) each step	as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P		
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
1.	Login to epapconfig	EPAP configuration menu for PDBonly server:
	menu and Enter	
	choice 7, Configure	
	NTP Server Menu	

/EPAP Configuration Menu		
1 Display Configuration	/	
3 Set Time Zone	1	
3 Set Time Zone		
4 Exchange Secure Shell Keys		Set Time Zone
5 Change Password		Exchange Secure Shell Keys
6 Platform Menu		Change Password
7 Configure NTP Server 8 PDB Configuration Menu 9 Security 10 SNMP Configuration 11 Configure Alarm Feed 12 Configure Query Server 13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed 14 Configure SNMP Agent Community 15 DB Architecture Menu e Exit Enter Choice: [6	Platform Menu
8 PDB Configuration Menu 	7	Configure NTP Server
9 Security		PDB Configuration Menu
10 SNMP Configuration	j 9	Security
11 Configure Alarm Feed	1 10	SNMP Configuration
12 Configure Query Server	11	Configure Alarm Feed
13 Configure Query Server Alarm Feed	12	Configure Query Server
14 Configure SNMP Agent Community 15 DB Architecture Menu e Exit	13	Configure Query Server Alarm Feed
15 DB Architecture Menu 	14	Configure SNMP Agent Community
e Exit Choice:		DB Architecture Menu
Enter Choice:	l e	Exit
EPAP configuration menu for Mixed EPAP:	`	
	EPAP co	onfiguration menu for Mixed EPAP:

		/	EPAP Configuration Menu\
		1	Display Configuration
		2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3	Set Time Zone
			Exchange Secure Shell Keys
			Platform Menu
			Configure NTP Server
			PDB Configuration Menu
		j 9	Security
			SNMP Configuration
		11	Configure Alarm Feed
		12	Configure SNMP Agent Community
		13	Mate Disaster Recovery
			DB Architecture Menu
			Exit
		(
2.	MPS A: The EPAP		
	Configure NTP	/	EPAP Configure NTP Server Menu-\ \
	Server Menu is	1	Display External NTP Server
	displayed. Enter choice 1, Display	2	Add External NTP Server
	External NTP Server and save the details	3	Remove External NTP Server
	for later use		 Exit
		Enter	Choice: 1
			ever1 10.75.124.247
		_	return to continue
		гтезз	recurn to continue

	3.	Login to EPAP GUI	A Automatic PDB/RTDB Backup
		via uiadmin user	
		MPS 1A: Navigate	Backup Type (Select None to Cancel Backups)
		to the main	Time of the day to start the Backup 04:00
		Maintenance menu	Frequency 1 Day V
		selection and select	riie rain
		"Automatic	Select required IP version: © IPv4 ○ IPv6
		PDB/RTDB Backup"	Remote Machine IP Address (IPv4=xxx.yyy,yyy,yy)
			(IPv6-xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
		and note down the	Login Name Password
		configuration	Save the local copies in the default path Yes No
		details	Do you want to delete the old RTDB backups
			(Non-Provisionable only) Note: I. If you select Yes, only the last three
			RTDB backup files will be retained. 2. Automatic PDB Backup will be failed,
ŀ	4.		Part Lie
		Navigate to the	A Configure File Transfer
		main Maintenance	
		menu selection and	Select required IP version:
		select "Configure File Transfer" and	Remote system IP address: 10.75.141.80
		note down the	Remote system user name: epapdev
		configuration	Remote system password:
		details	Remote system sftp location: //var/TKLC/epap/free
			File export to remote system:
			Submit data
			Submit data
			Tue March 07 2023 04:12:29 EST Copyright © 2000, 2019, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
	5.	Navigate to the	A Schedule
		main Maintenance	
		menu selection and	Existing Tasks
		select "EPAP	Type ID Schedule Action Params C
		Schedule task" and	EXAPCORE PIC minutely,5 /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/pdbilmportCheck
		note down the	EXAPCORE EFTP minutely,5 /usr/TKLC/epap/bin/eirSftp.pl EXAPCORE PBL minutely,10 /usr/TKLC/appl/bin/pruneBinaryLogs
		configuration	EXAPCORE PDSH minutely,5 /usr/TKLC/appl/bin/pdbiSsh.pl
		_	EXAPCORE MONBAN hourly,1,15 /usr/TKLC/appl/bin/monitorBanner.pl
		details	EXAPCORE RTDBCS minutely,15 /usr/TKLC/appl/bin/getRTDBClientStatus.pl
			Scheduling Options
			Type: ID:
			Action:
			Params:
			Repeat period: O Minutely O Hourly Daily O Weekly O Monthly O Yearly
			Every 1 $day(s)$ at $00 \checkmark$: $00 \checkmark$
			Comment:
			Add Modify Delete

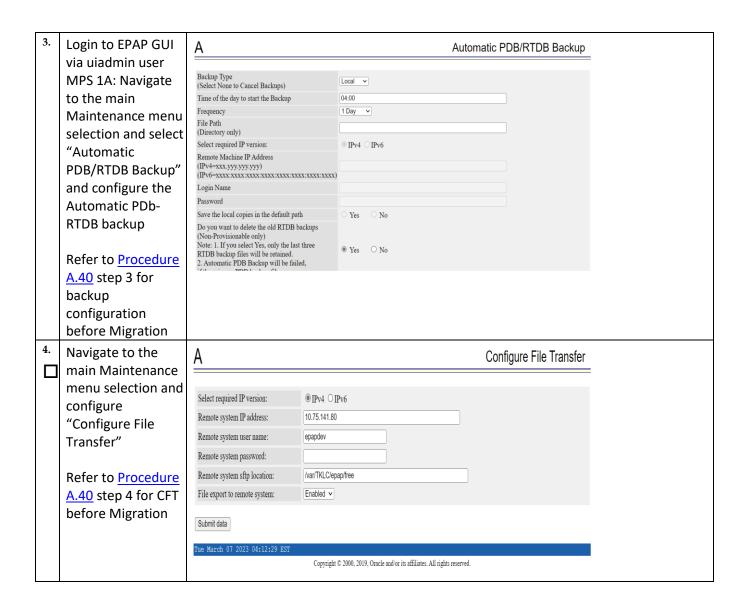
	Navigate to the user administration	Α	View HTTP(S)
	menu and select		
	"HTTP(s) Support",	HTTP Enabled:	No
	click view	HTTPS Enabled:	Yes
	configuration and	Tue March 07 2023 04:15:58 EST	
	note down the		Copyright © 2000, 2019, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
	configuration details		
7.	This procedure is		
	complete.	This procedure is complete.	

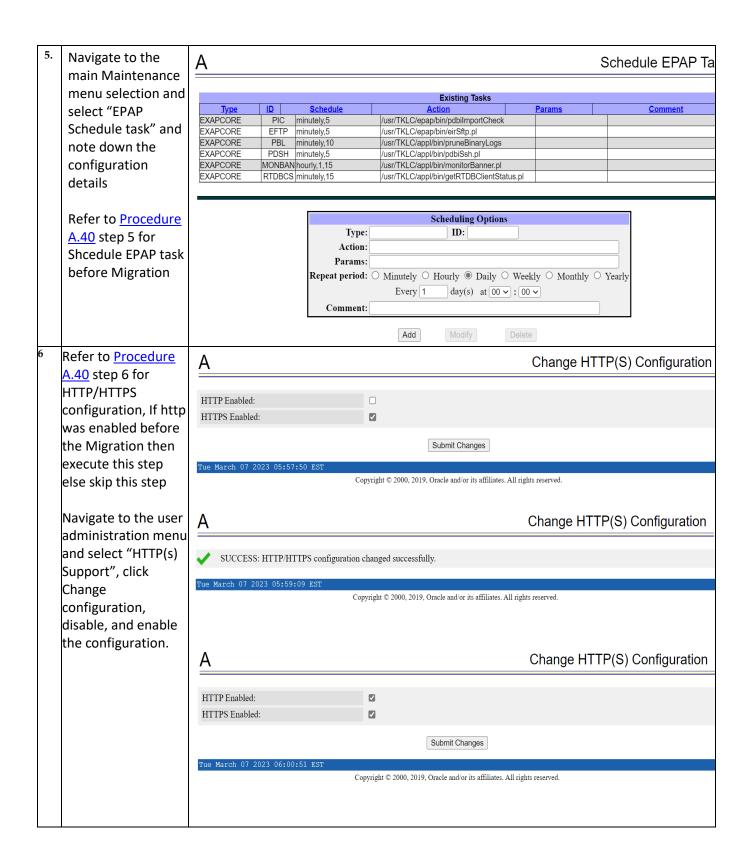
Procedure A.41 Reconfigure Additional EPAP configurations

S	This procedure pro	ovides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file.
T E	Check off (\checkmark) each step	o as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
P		
#	IF THIS PROCEDURE	FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.
1.	Login to epapconfig	EPAP configuration menu for PDBonly server:
	menu and Enter	
	choice 7, Configure	
	NTP Server Menu	

/ FD	AP Configuration Menu\
/	\
1 Di	splay Configuration
	nfigure Network Interfaces Menu
3 Se	t Time Zone
4 Ex	change Secure Shell Keys
5 Ch	ange Password
6 Pl	atform Menu
1 1	nfigure NTP Server
	B Configuration Menu
9 Se	curity
10 SN	MP Configuration
11 Co	nfigure Alarm Feed
12 Co	nfigure Query Server
13 Co	nfigure Query Server Alarm Feed
The second secon	nfigure SNMP Agent Community
	Architecture Menu
e Ex	
	_
Enter Cho	ice: 📗

		/	EPAP Configuration Menu\
		1	Display Configuration
		2	Configure Network Interfaces Menu
		3	Set Time Zone
			Exchange Secure Shell Keys
		5	Change Password
			 Platform Menu
		7	Configure NTP Server
		8	PDB Configuration Menu
		9	Security
		10	SNMP Configuration
		111	Configure Alarm Feed
		12	Configure SNMP Agent Community
			Mate Disaster Recovery
		14	DB Architecture Menu
		e	 Exit
		\	
2.	MPS A: The EPAP Configure NTP		Add External NTP Server Menu-\
	Server Menu is	1 1	IPv4 Configuration
	displayed. Enter choice 2, Add		IPv6 Configuration
	External NTP Server	e	 Exit
	Refer to <u>Procedure</u>	Enter	Choice: 1
	A.40 step 2 for NTP configuration before Migration		ou sure you wish to add new NTP Server? [N]: Y erver IP Address: 10.75.124.247





	A Change HTTP(S) Configuration
	✓ SUCCESS: HTTP/HTTPS configuration changed successfully.
	Tue March 07 2023 05:59:09 EST Copyright © 2000, 2019, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
This procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.

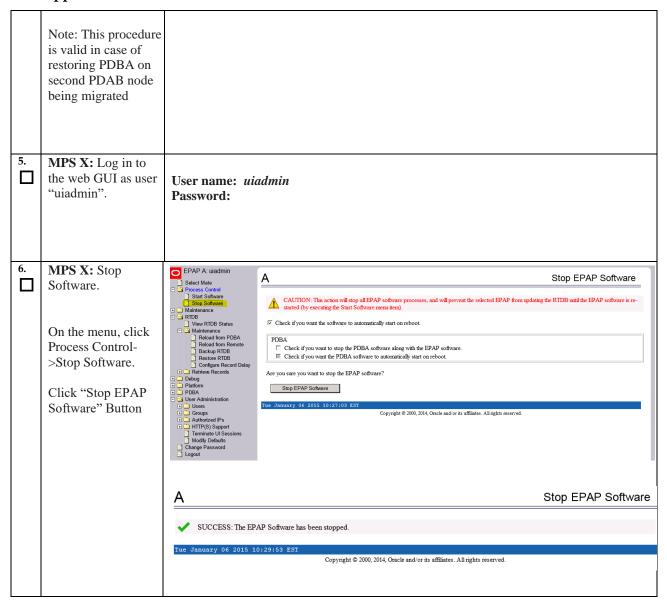
Procedure A.42 Compare EuiDB parameters

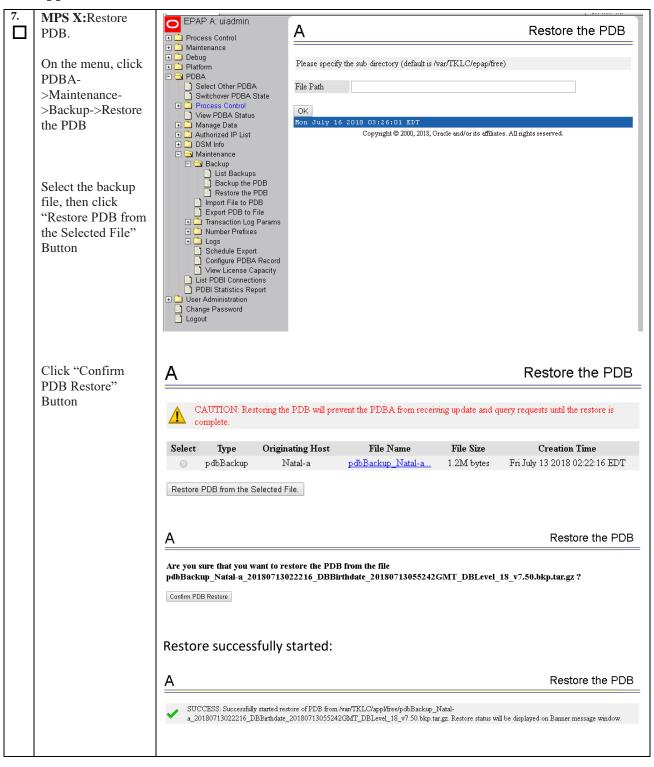
S	This procedure pro	ovides instructions to restore RTDB from a backup file.	
T E	Check off (\checkmark) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.		
1.	Compare the EuiDB parameters before and after Migration		
2.	This procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.	

Procedure A.43 PDB Restore

S	This procedure provides instructions to restore PDB from a backup file.		
T E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORT AND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.		
1.	MPS X: Log in to the CLI as user "admusr".	If not already logged in, then login as 'admusr': [hostname] consolelogin: admusr password: password	
2.	MPS X: Switch to epapdev user.	\$ sudo su - epapdev	

3.	MPS X: Backup file should be readable	Check mode and ownership of PDB backup tar file. It should be as follows:
	for epapdev user	<pre>[epapdev@DBExp-VM77 free]\$ 11 pdbBackup_Natal- a_20180713022216_DBBirthdate_20180713055242GMT_DBLevel_18_v7.50.bk p.tar.gz -rw-rw-rw- 1 epapdev epap 1182165 Jul 16 03:32 pdbBackup_Natal- a_20180713022216_DBBirthdate_20180713055242GMT_DBLevel_18_v7.50.bk p.tar.gz</pre>
		If permission and ownership of tar file is not same as above then use following command: Change mode of tar file:
		\$ chmod 666 <pdb backup="" file="" tar=""></pdb>
4.	Check following uiEdit variable:	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit grep PDBA_REMOTE_NAME "PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "10.75.141.75"
	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit grep PDBA_REMOTE_N AME	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_NAME 0.0.0.0 "PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "0.0.0.0"
	"PDBA_REMOTE_ NAME" is set to "10.75.141.75"	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit grep PDBA_REMOTE_NAME "PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "0.0.0.0"
	If Remote IP is assigned, then change it to 0.0.0.0 using the following command:	
	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_N AME 0.0.0.0 "PDBA_REMOTE_ NAME" is set to "0.0.0.0"	
	Again check the uiEdit variable value:	
	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit grep PDBA_REMOTE_N AME "PDBA_REMOTE_ NAME" is set to "0.0.0.0"	





8.	MPS X: An IM alarm should be	Confirming that Restore PDB in progress:
-	observed with	
	informational message on EPAP	Informational Messages
		- Informational wicosages
	GUI confirming that restore PDB is in	
	progress.	Informational Messages
		Restore PDB in progress
		. 0
		Tue July 17 2018 02:31:52 EDT
	An IM alarm should	Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
	be observed with	orpying. So zood, zoro, Oravio alim or ito aliminot. 112 inglisto root.
	informational message on EPAP	
	GUI confirming that	
	restore PDB	
	completed successfully.	
	Successiany.	Confirming that Restore PDB is completed successfully:
		· ,
		Informational Messages
		T., C.,
		Informational Messages
		Restore PDB completed successfully
		The Table 47 0040 00:00:54 FPT
		Tue July 17 2018 02:38:51 EDT
		Copyright © 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
9.	Procedure	Return to the procedure that you came here from.
	complete.	
10.	Re-Assign the	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit PDBA_REMOTE_NAME 10.75.141.75
	remote PDBA	"PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "10.75.141.75"
	name using the	
	following	
	command:	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit grep PDBA_REMOTE_NAME
		"PDBA_REMOTE_NAME" is set to "10.75.141.75" [root@Salta-A ~]#
	[root@Salta-A ~]#	[1001@Balla-A ~]#
	uiEdit grep PDBA_REMOTE_N	
	AME	

	"PDBA_REMOTE_ NAME" is set to "10.75.141.75"	
	Again grep the uiEidt variable name using the following command:	
	[root@Salta-A ~]# uiEdit grep PDBA_REMOTE_ NAME	
11.	Move the pdba binary file on Mixed and PDBonly server.	[root@Quito-a bin]# mv pdba pdba_stopped [root@Quito-a bin]#
	Note: This step is valid in case only when user is performing migration.	
12.	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date

Procedure A.44 RTDB Homing Policy to self PDBA

S	This procedure will reset the RDTB homing policy for the Non-Prov Nodes
E	
P #	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes.
	Check off (\square) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDURE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR <u>MIGRATION</u> <u>ASSISTANCE</u> .
	PROCEDURE APPLICABLE TO: Non-Provisionable EPAPs

Select	1	MPS A: Switch to epapconfig menu		epapconfig Smartmatch is experimental at /usr/TKLC/plat	/lib/Security/User.pm line 904.
Enter Choice: 8	2	option 8 from epapconfig	/ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 10 11 12 13 14 e	Display Configuration Configure Network Interfaces Menu Set Time Zone Exchange Secure Shell Keys Change Password Platform Menu Configure NTP Server PDB Configuration Menu Security SNMP Configuration Configure Alarm Feed Configure SNMP Agent Community Mate Disaster Recovery DB Architecture Menu Exit	

3	Select option 2 to	/Configure PDB Menu\
╙	enter	/\ 1 Configure PDB Network
	RTDB	
	homing menu	
		e Exit
		Enter Choice: 2
4	Read the	For Mixed EPAP :
	Note in the	/ PTDP Homing Monu
	beginning of the	/RTDB Homing Menu\ /\
	section	1 Configure Specific RTDB Homing
	and decide your	 2 Configure Active RTDB Homing
	homing	
	policy.	3 Configure Standby RTDB Homing
		e Exit
		\/ Enter Choice: 1
		EPAP software and PDBA are running. Stop them? [N]: Y
		EPAP software is running on mate MPS. Stop it? [N]: Y
		There are two configured PDBs for this MPS: 1. 10.75.141.101 (local)
		2. 10.75.141.32
		Select the preferred PDB from which to receive updates [1]: 1
		Select the preferred PDB from which to receive apadies [1]. 1
		The RTDB Homing policy is set to 'specific' and will prefer
		updates from 10.75.141.101
		Press return to continue
5	MPS A and	Start Epap and Pdba software to reflect the changes.
	MPS B:	Use the following command to start Epap:
	Start Epap software.	For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1, Execute the following command to start PDBA and EPAP Softwares:
	SULLWAIE.	\$ service Epap Start
		~~ /etc/init.d/Epap start ~~ "EPAP_RELEASE" is set to "0.617" EPAP application start Successful.
		EFAF APPLICACION STALE SUCCESSIUL.
		\$ service Pdba start

Softwares:
-

Procedure A.45 Backout of MPS A and MPS B in Mixed and Non-Prov

S T	This procedure w	rill backout the MPS A and MPS B in Mixed and Non-Prov Site
E		
P #	Estimated time of	of completion: 900 minutes.
	Check off (□) ea	ch step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDU	IRE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR MIGRATION ASSISTANCE.
	PROCEDURE APPLICAB	LE TO: Non-Provisionable EPAPs
1	Re-Install the	Refer to EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Install/Upgrade document
	Mixed or	
	Non-Porv	
	Node on	
	EPAP	
_	16.3.1/16.4.1	
2	Restore the	Refer to Section 3.4.2, step 6
	EuiDB, RTDB on Non-Prov	
	EPAPs from	
	the backup	
	taken before	
	performing	
	migration on	
	Non-Prov	
	Nodes	

3	Restore the	For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Backup files:
	EuiDB and	
	PDB on	Refer to section 3.4.1, step 6 in case of Single Mixed or section 3.4.3, step 6 in case of Dual Mixed
	Mixed EPAPs	T D
		To Restore EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Backup files:
		Refer to <u>Procedure A.32</u> for EuiDB Restore and <u>Procedure A. 10</u> for RTDB Restore.
4	This	
	procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.

Procedure A.46 Backout of PDBonly site

S	This procedure w	ill backout the PDBonly site	
E			
P	Estimated time of completion: 5 minutes		
	Check off (□) ea	ch step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.	
	SHOULD THIS PROCEDU	IRE FAIL, CONTACT TEKELEC TECHNICAL SERVICES AND ASK FOR <u>MIGRATION</u> <u>ASSISTANCE</u> .	
	PROCEDURE APPLICABI	LE TO: Non-Provisionable EPAPs	
1	Re-Install the	Refer to EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Install/Upgrade document	
	PDBonly site		
	on		
	16.3.1/16.4.1		
2	Restore the	Refer to Section 3.4.4 step 6 in case or standalone PDB site or section 3.4.5 step 6 in case of dual	
	EuiDB, PDB	PDBonly sites.	
	on PDBonly		
	site from the		
	backup taken		
	before		
	performaning migration on		
	Non-Prov		
	Nodes		
3	Restore the	For EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Backup files :	
	EuiDB and		
	PDB on	Refer to Section 3.4.4 step 6 in case of Single Mixed or section 3.4.3 step 6 in case of Dual Mixed	
	PDBonly site		
		To Restore EPAP 16.3.1/16.4.1 Backup files :	

		Refer <u>Procedure A.32</u> for EuiDB Restore and <u>Procedure A.43</u> for PDB Restore.
4	This procedure is complete.	This procedure is complete.

Procedure A.47 Dual Image Upgrade Procedure

Note: Ensure that the Legacy Upgrade before DIU is accepted, otherwise it might give an error while initiating background upgrade in DIU.

S. No	Steps	This procedure performs Dual Image Upgrade on the server. Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose beside each step number. If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support and ask for ASSISTANCE.
1	MPS X: Login prompt is displayed.	<pre><hostname> console login: Note: Press enter if no login prompt is displayed.</hostname></pre>
2	MPS X: Log in as "root" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: root password: password
3	MPS X: Copy DIU ISO	Perform the procedure in Procedure A.12 or copy EPAP DIU ISO to /var/TKLC/upgrade directory. Make sure that only the DIU iso and patch is present in the directory.
4	Create a terminal window log in MPS X.	If not already connected, connect to the E5-APP-B card via the serial port. For connecting the E5-APP-B B card, disconnect the console cable from the serial port on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter. The cable should be disconnected at the point where it connects to the serial port labeled 'S1' on the E5-APP-B A card's adapter and use it for serial access. Cable part numbers - 830-1220-xx
5	MPS X: Unallocate	Note: NTP must be configured before starting DIU.

some memory for the backout LVs.

NOTE: All custom files, scripts, folders need to be migrated to remote server before the DIU process is started. These need to be restored back to their place after the DIU process is completed.

echo "SPLIT_MIRROR=1" >
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf && cat
/usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf

Is -ltr /var/TKLC/epap/free/

If you find the following folder:

drwxr-xr-x 2 epapdev epap 4096 Jan 3 00:51 comcol

Run the following commands, otherwise ignore them:

systemctl stop TKLCharsync
mv /var/TKLC/epap/free/comcol /var/TKLC/epap/logs/

Run the following commands one by one in the same sequence as listed. The following table lists the commands with the expected outputs.

Note: The primary objective of running the following commands is to create 30G unallocated memory for the backup LVs to be created during DIU. Thus, after running the lvremove command, when you check for vgs we, look at the Vfree category and then subtract 30 from that to find out the space to be mentioned in lvcreate command. For example, in the following commands, vgs have 234G after the lvremove command. This means that the lvcreate command will have 234-30=204G as the parameter. Thus, after creating the new lv, the unallocated memory is 30G (required by DIU).

In case of Mixed/PDBonly setup, run the following commands:

In case of NonProvisionable Setupsetup, run the following commands:

[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop Epap

[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop Pdba

[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop mysqld@pdb

[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop mysqld@app

[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop Epap

[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop mysqld@app

[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# systemctl stop crond

Note: Check whether all the services just stopped are actually stopped or not using the command: systemctl status <service_name>

[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# umount /var/TKLC/epap/free

[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# lvremove /dev/mapper/vgroot-free Do you really want to remove active logical volume vgroot/free? [y/n]: y Logical volume "free" successfully removed.

[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree vgroot 1 9 0 wz--n- <446.41g 234.00g

[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# lvcreate --yes --size 204G --name free vgroot Wiping ext4 signature on /dev/vgroot/free.
Logical volume "free" created.

[2180.800550] EXT4-fs (dm-9): VFS: Can't find ext4 filesystem

[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mkfs.ext4 /dev/mapper/vgroot-free mke2fs 1.45.6 (20-Mar-2020)
Discarding device blocks: done

Creating filesystem with 53477376 4k blocks and 13369344 inodes

Filesystem UUID: e84718ac-157e-4fa9-8261-19c1fb8c6121

Superblock backups stored on blocks:

32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 294912, 819200, 884736, 1605632, 2654208, 4096000, 7962624, 11239424, 20480000, 23887872

Allocating group tables: done Writing inode tables: done

Creating journal (262144 blocks): done

Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done

[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# mount /dev/mapper/vgroot-free /var/TKLC/epap/free

[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# chown epapdev:epap /var/TKLC/epap/free

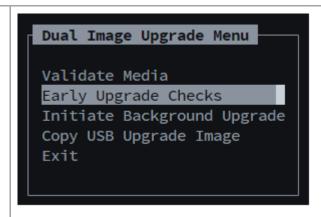
[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree vgroot 1 10 0 wz--n- <446.41g 30.00g

If you had the comcol folder then run the below commands to restore the comcol in free directory:

mv /var/TKLC/epap/logs/comcol /var/TKLC/epap/free/

[root@Osorna-A upgrade]# vgs

		VG #PV #LV #SN Attr VSize VFree
		vgroot 1 10 0 wzn- <446.41g 30.00g
6	MPS X: Start platcfg utility.	\$ su – platcfg
7	MPS X: Navigate to the Upgrade menu. **NOTE**: Make sure to select Dual Image Upgrade only.	The platcfg Main Menu appears. 1. On the Main Menu, select Maintenance and press [ENTER]. Main Menu Maintenance Diagnostics Server Configuration Remote Consoles Security Exit Exit Select the Dual Image Upgrade menu and press [ENTER]. Maintenance Menu Dual Image Upgrade Upgrade Patching Backup and Restore Restart Server Save Platform Debug Logs Platform Data Collector Exit Exit ENTER].
8.	MPS X: Validate ISO file.	Validate ISO file using Procedure A.2 .
9.	MPS X: Select Early Upgrade Checks	Select the "Early Upgrade Checks" menu to verify that the system is ready for upgrade.



If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to the NTP related alarms, then ignore the NTP alarms using the following commands:

- Exit the platcfg menu.
- Change to root user using the "su –" command.
- vim /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/upgrade/upgrade.conf
- Edit the following line to include the NTP related alarms.
 - o EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2
 - Add the following alarm code to ignore Storage Capacity Problem: TKSPLATMA5
 - Add the following line for the RAID related alarms:
- o EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMA2

For example – To allowlist the NTP alarm "tpdNTPDaemonNotSynchronizedWarning" which has the alarm code TKLCPLATMI10, the above mentioned line should be edited as EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMI10

Note: There should not be any space between two alarms i.e. between TKSPLATMI2 and TKSPLATMI10

If the Early Upgrade Checks fail due to "Server Default Route Network Error", then this alarm shall be allowlisted in upgrade.conf file. To allowlist this alarm which has the alarm code TKSPLATMA14, the above mentioned line should be edited as

EARLY_CHECK_ALARM_WHITELIST=TKSPLATMA2,TKSPLATMI2,TKSPLATMA5,TKSPLATMI10, TKSPLATMA14,TKSPLATMA28

Note: Please note that TKSPLATMA5, TKSPLATMA2, TKSPLATMI2 should always be whitelisted.

10 MPS X:

Navigate to the Initiate
Upgrade menu

Select the **Initiate Background Upgrade** menu and press **[ENTER]**.

Validate Media
Early Upgrade Checks
Initiate Background Upgrade
Copy USB Upgrade Image
Exit

9 MPS X: Select the Upgrade Media.

The screen displays a message that it is searching for upgrade media. When the upgrade media is found, an **Upgrade Media selection menu** appears similar as shown in the example below.

Select the desired upgrade media and press [ENTER].

```
EPAP-17.0.0.2.0_170.16.0-x86_64-DIU.iso - 17.0.0.2.0_170.16.0

Exit
```

In case there is a failure in the installation process, then run the following command to verify whether the raid is synced or not:

• lsblk

```
Raid in sync example
                                            Raid not in sync example
                                             [root@Natal-A upgrade]# lsblk
[root@Recife-A upgrade]# lsblk
                                                        MAJ:MIN RM SIZE RO TYPE
NAME
                  MAJ:MIN RM SIZE RO
                                            NAME
TYPE MOUNTPOINT
                                            MOUNTPOINT
                8:0 0 447.1G 0 disk
sda
                                            sda
                                                      8:0 1 28.9G 0 disk
-sda1
                 8:1 0 512M 0 part
                                             `-sda1
                                                        8:1 1 28.9G 0 part
`-sda2
                 8:2 0 446.5G 0 part
                                            sdb
                                                      8:16 0 894.3G 0 disk
                                            -sdb1
                  9:1 0 446.4G 0 raid1
                                                       8:17 0 512M 0 part
  |-vgroot-plat_root 253:0 0 4G 0 lvm /
                                             `-sdb2
                                                        8:18 0 893.7G 0 part
  |-vgroot-plat_swap 253:1 0 2G 0 lvm
                                             `-md1
                                                        9:1 0 893.5G 0 raid1
[SWAP]
                                             |-vgroot-plat_root 253:0 0 2G 0 lvm /
 -vgroot-plat_usr
                    253:2 0 10G 0 lvm
                                             -vgroot-plat_swap 253:1 0 2G 0 lvm
/usr
                                             [SWAP]
  |-vgroot-plat_var_tklc 253:3 0
                                             -vgroot-plat_usr 253:2 0 8G 0 lvm /usr
                               8G 0 lvm
/var/TKLC
                                             |-vgroot-plat_var_tklc 253:3 0 8G 0 lvm
                    253:4 0 1G 0 lvm
                                            /var/TKLC
  -vgroot-plat_tmp
/tmp
```

```
|-vgroot-plat_var
                    253:5 0 2G 0 lvm
/var
  |-vgroot-logs
                  253:6 0 20G 0 lvm
/var/TKLC/epap/logs
                  253:7 0 191.8G 0 lvm
  -vgroot-db
/var/TKLC/epap/db
  `-vgroot-free
                   253:8 0 207.7G 0 lvm
/var/TKLC/epap/free
                8:16 1 28.9G 0 disk
sdb
-sdb1
                 8:17 1 2.8G 0 part
`-sdb2
                 8:18 1 9.8M 0 part
sdc
                8:32 0 447.1G 0 disk
-sdc1
                 8:33 0 512M 0 part
                 8:34 0 446.5G 0 part
-sdc2
 `-md1
                  9:1 0 446.4G 0 raid1
  |-vgroot-plat_root 253:0 0
                              4G 0 lvm /
  -vgroot-plat_swap 253:1 0
                              2G 0 lvm
[SWAP]
  |-vgroot-plat_usr
                    253:2 0 10G 0 lvm
  |-vgroot-plat_var_tklc 253:3 0
                                8G 0 lvm
/var/TKLC
  -vgroot-plat_tmp
                     253:4 0
                               1G 0 lvm
/tmp
                    253:5 0 2G 0 lvm
  -vgroot-plat_var
  |-vgroot-logs
                  253:6 0 20G 0 lvm
/var/TKLC/epap/logs
  |-vgroot-db
                  253:7 0 191.8G 0 lvm
/var/TKLC/epap/db
  `-vgroot-free
                   253:8 0 207.7G 0 lvm
/var/TKLC/epap/free
```

```
-vgroot-plat_tmp 253:4 0 1G 0 lvm
/tmp
|-vgroot-plat_var 253:5 0 2G 0 lvm /var
              253:6 0 68G 0 lvm
 -vgroot-rt
/var/TKLC/epap/rt
               253:7 0 20G 0 lvm
-vgroot-logs
/var/TKLC/epap/logs
              253:8 0 289.2G 0 lvm
-vgroot-db
/var/TKLC/epap/db
 `-vgroot-free 253:9 0 204G 0 lvm
/var/TKLC/epap/free
sdc
         8:32 0 894.3G 0 disk
-sdc1
           8:33 0 512M 0 part
`-sdc2
           8:34 0 893.7G 0 part
```

If the raid is not in sync, then run the following command:

mdadm --add /dev/md1 /dev/sdX2 where sdX can be any of sda, sdb, or sdc according to LV configurations. This can be verified using lsblk. In the above example, sdc is being used as it is a harddisk partition whereas sda is a USB drive.

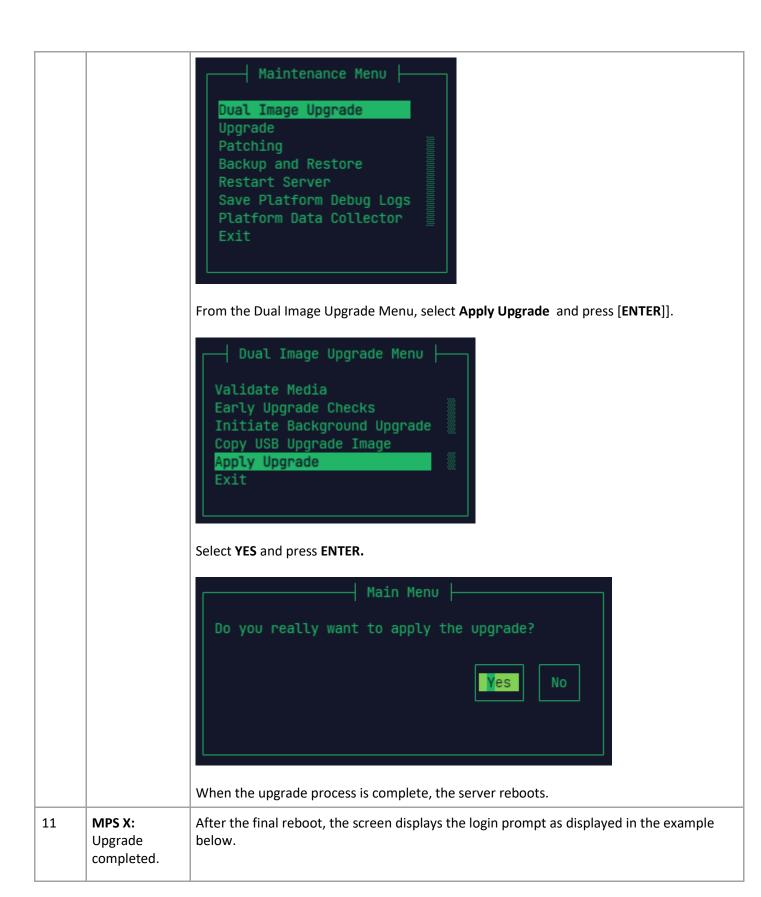
The following command can be used to check the status of the sync after running the above command.

[root@Arica-A upgrade]# cat /proc/mdstat

Personalities: [raid1]

md1: active raid1 sdb[3] sda2[2]

468091904 blocks super 1.2 [2/1] [U] [===>......] recovery = 19.1% (89824128/468091904) finish=81.5min speed=77331K/sec bitmap: 4/4 pages [16KB], 65536KB chunk unused devices: <none> 10 MPS X: Many informational messages appear on the terminal screen as the upgrade proceeds. After the background upgrade is done, the system will return to this screen. Upgrade proceeds. Apply Upgrade. Hostname: Floater01 ⊢ Choose Upgrade Media Menu ⊢ EPAP-<mark>17.0.0.2</mark>.0_170.16.0-x86_64-DIU.iso - <mark>17.0.0.2</mark>.0_170.16.0 After this, select [EXIT] and press [ENTER]. From the Dual image Upgrade Menu, select [EXIT] and press [ENTER]. Dual Image Upgrade Menu Validate Media Early Upgrade Checks Initiate Background Upgrade Copy USB Upgrade Image Exit From the maintenance menu, select **Dual Image Upgrade** and then Press **Enter.**



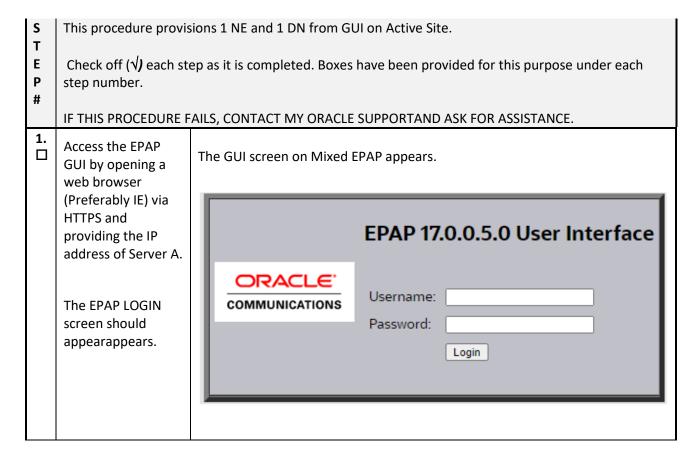
		[543.047224] diUpgrade[11034]: Creating alarm script: /tmp/OUTopYCjjI
		[550.076687] diUpgrade[11034]: ####################################
		[570.018490] completeTasks[21254]: RESULT: SUCCESS [570.018566] completeTasks[21254]: CHECKPOINTS [570.018643] completeTasks[21254]:
		[570.018957] completeTasks[21254]:
		Oracle Linux Server 8.8 Kernel 4.18.0-477.21.1.el8_8.x86_64 on an x86_64 Floater01 login:
		Make sure to verify that the state is transitioned from "Applying upgrade" to "Upgrade Applied" and we get Completed Result: SUCCESS.
12	MPS X: log in as "root" user.	[hostname] consolelogin: root password: password
13	MPS X: Check the Upgrade log.	Examine the upgrade logs in the directory /var/TKLC/log/upgrade and verify that no errors and warnings were reported.
		\$ grep –i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log
		Check the output of the upgrade log. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix E, if the output contains any error except the following:
		[root@Salta-B core]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1673985608::ERROR: run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2 is not recognized as a systemd410ystem service! 1673985608::ERROR: Could not stop run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2! 1673985608::ERROR: service_conf reconfig failed!

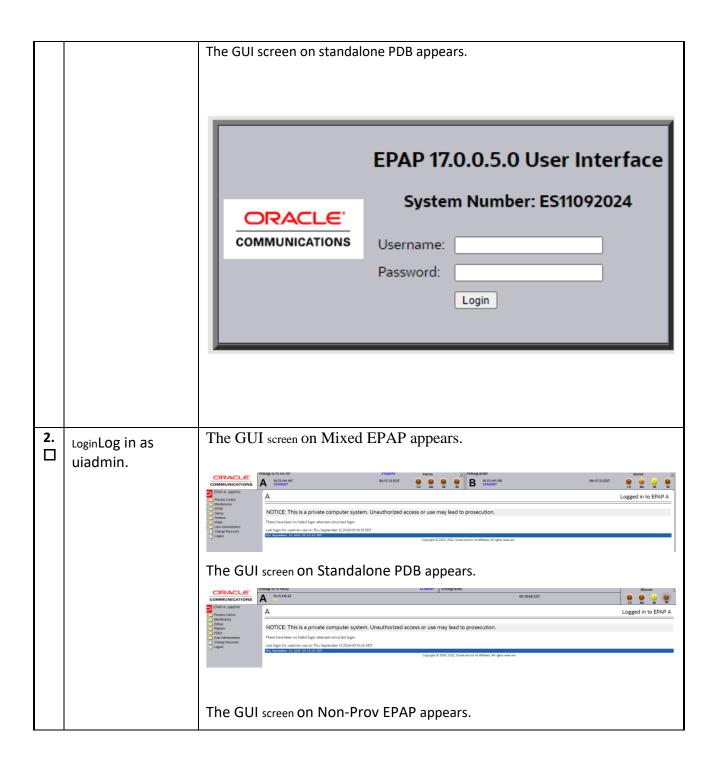
1726140936::ERROR: SEQ: 83 UPTIME: 12737 BIRTH: 1726139350 TYPE: SET ALARM: TKSPLATMI2|tpdApplicationProcessError|1.3.6.1.4.1.323.5.3.18.3.1.3.2|32501|Processing Error | Software Program Error | HOST-RESOURCES-MIB::hrSWRunName:1.3.6.1.2.1.25.4.2.1.2:OCTET_STRING:eaglelog \$ grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log Examine the output of the above command to determine if any warnings were reported. Contact My Oracle Support following the instructions on the front page or the instructions on the Appendix E, if the output contains any warnings beside the following: [root@Salta-B core]# grep -i error /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1673985608::ERROR: run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2 is not recognized as a systemd411ystem service! 1673985608::ERROR: Could not stop run-r1841b65093e14801be5696ea62d92ac2! 1673985608::ERROR: service_conf reconfig failed! [root@Salta-B core]# grep -i warning /var/TKLC/log/upgrade/upgrade.log 1673985030::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/"/var/TKLC/epap/db".". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/"/var/TKLC/epap/logs".". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/"/var/TKLC/epap/free".". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/"/var/TKLC/epap/db".". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/"/var/TKLC/epap/logs".". 1673985031::* write: WARNING:: Could not find configured path "/"/var/TKLC/epap/free".". 1673985033::useradd: warning: the home directory already exists. 1673985476::2023-01-17T19:57:57.683121Z 0 [Warning] [MY-013746] [Server] A deprecated TLS version TLSv1 is enabled for channel mysql main 1673985478::2023-01-17T19:57:57.683144Z 0 [Warning] [MY-013746] [Server] A deprecated TLS version TLSv1.1 is enabled for channel mysql main 1673985478::2023-01-17T19:57:57.808924Z 6 [Warning] [MY-010453] [Server] root@localhost is created with an empty password! Please consider switching off the --initialize-insecure option. 1673985551::WARNING: A new file was added to xml alarm files.....reparsing xml... 1673985551::WARNING: FILE: /usr/TKLC/plat/etc/alarms/alarms_mps.xml 1673985571::TKLCepap-HA group root} does not existexi-t - using root 1726141389::WARNING: Hostname not changed because it is the same. 14 MPS X: Check Run the command from the admusr user: that the [root@Floater04 ~]\$ /var/TKLC/backout/diUpgrade ---status upgrade

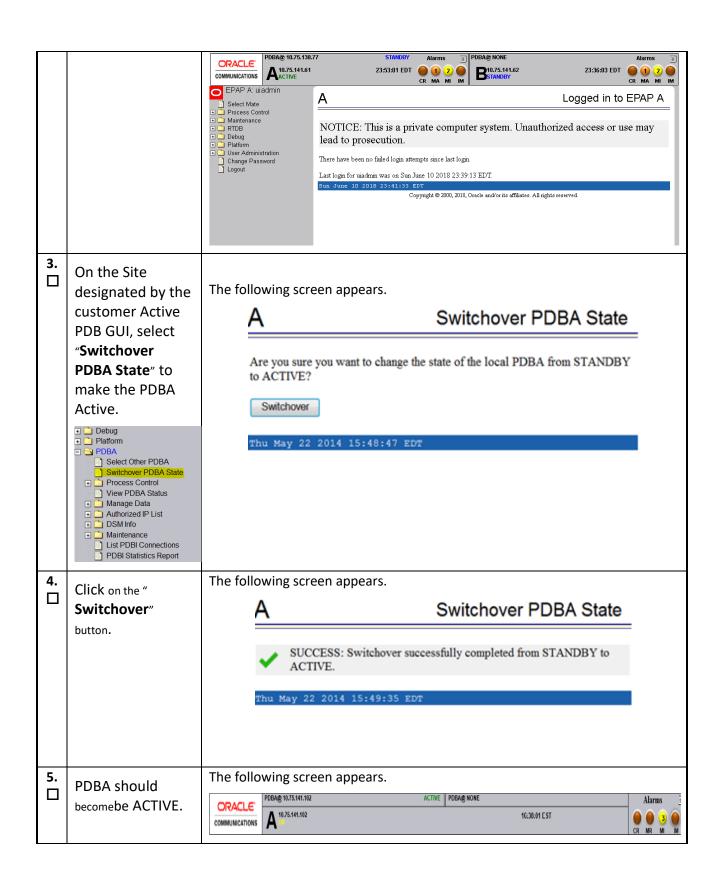
	completed successfully.		
15	MPS X: Check that the	Verify that the following output is displayed. following the instructions on the front page of	·
	upgrade completed successfully.	[root@Floater04 ~]# /var/TKLC State: Upgrade Applied Status Messages: - Performing early ch - Downloading upgrade - Verifying image - Performing image pr - Configuring images - Identifying resourc - Reserving image sto - Installing image - Verifying configura - Performing image po - Image install compl - Validating image pr - Performing image pr - Applying image - Performing configur - Performing configur - Performing image po - Image Apply Complet	necks data re-install res rage ration sanity rete re-apply re-apply ration export
16	MPS X : Syscheck	Run the following commands for unmasking	and starting the Epap and Pdba status:
	reconfiguration	In case of Mixed/PDBonly setup run the following commands: [root@Osorna-A ~]# systemctl restart Epap [root@Osorna-A ~]# systemctl restart Pdba	In case of NonProvisionable Setup, run the following commands: [root@Osorna-A ~]# systemctl restart Epap
		If you have the comcol folder, then run the following systemctl restart TKLCha TKLChars systemctl restart runGsConn	

		Run the following command for reconfiguration of syscheck: \$ syscheckreconfig
17	MPS X : Reboot after installation	Reboot the system after the "Apply Complete Process" to finally finish the installation. \$ reboot
18	MPS X: Install Complete.	Install Procedure is complete. The installation procedure is complete. If there are any issues in the upgrade, check Procedure A.49 Dual Image Upgrade Known Issues Fix.
19	Note down the timestamp in log.	Run the following command: \$ date
		b.

Procedure A.48 Switchover PDBA state







Procedure A.49 Dual Image Upgrade Known Issues Fix

1. Title: Stuck in the boot menu with multiple boot options.

Fix: If you are stuck in the boot menu while rebooting during Apply Upgrade, select the default option. An example of the default option to be selected is given below:

```
Oracle Linux Server 8 (5.15.0-209.161.7.el8uek.x86_64)

Oracle Linux Server (4.18.0-553.16.1.el8_10.x86_64) 8.10

Oracle Linux Server 8 (0-rescue-c651157eee214c9dbded006a90a81656)

Use the ^ and v keys to change the selection.

Press 'e' to edit the selected item, or 'c' for a command prompt.
```

If you are stuck in the boot menu while rejecting the upgrade, please select the "**split-mirror-backout**" option. An Example is given below:

Oracle Linux Server (4.18.0-477.21.1.el8_8.x86_64) 8.8 split-mirror-backout

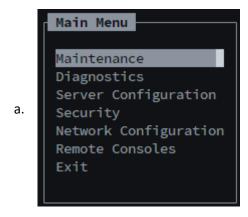
2. Core Files Alarm on the upgraded setup

Fix: It is a known alarm that originates in case of Dual Image Upgrade. To get rid of this alarm, run these commands on the setup that is having those alarms:

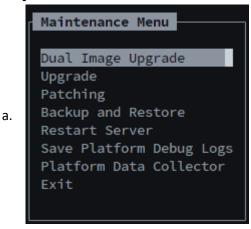
[root@Osorna-A ~]# rm -rf /var/TKLC/core/*

Procedure A.50 Accept/Reject the Dual Image Upgrade

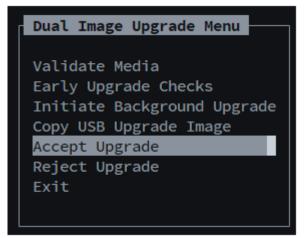
1	Accept/Reject the DIU	Follow the below steps to Accept/Reject the DIU upgrade. Log in to the setup with the root user.
	upgrade	 Run the following command: a. [root@Floater04~]# su - platcfg
		Select the Maintenance option and press [ENTER].



3. From the maintenace menu, select the **Dual Image Upgrade** option and press **[ENTER].**



4. From the dual image upgrade menu, select the **Accept** or **Reject** option and press **Enter**.



a.

3. The following logs will appear on the screen (in case of Accept). /mnt/upgrade/images/plat_var.tar.gz /mnt/upgrade/images/plat_var_tklc.tar.gz Performing image post-accept Running postAccept() for DIUpgrade::Policy::P31EPAPSsl upgrade policy...
Running postAccept() for DIUpgrade::Policy::P31EPAPSsl upgrade policy...
Running postAccept() for DIUpgrade::Policy::P32EPAPSyscheck upgrade policy...
Running postAccept() for DIUpgrade::Policy::P33EPAPMycnf upgrade policy... Creating alarm script: /tmp/xtVsQSxvFJ Re-adding secondary drive to the raid mirror. Disabling service rebootcheck... Transitioning from 'Accepting Upgrade' to 'No Upgrade Available' Cleaning backout directory. PRESS ANY KEY TO RETURN TO THE PLATCEG MENU. Message The accept has completed. Press any key to continue... *Note Revert back This is the process to revert the unmounted space that was taken while doing the DIU procedure. the space taken during DIU **Note**: This should only be done after accepting the DIU upgrade. Procedure: Run the following command:

lvextend -L +26G /dev/vgroot/free; resize2fs

/dev/vgroot/free

Procedure A.51 MySQL RPM Upgrade Procedure

Note:

- 1) This procedure is only applicable if upgrading from EPAP 17.0.0.x to 17.0.0.6 via migration.
- 2) The EPAP GUI will not be accessible after this procedure.

S.	Steps	This procedure performs MySQL RPM Upgrade on the server.
No.		Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose beside each step number.
		If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support and ask for
		ASSISTANCE.
1	MPS X: Login prompt is displayed.	<hostname> console login:</hostname>
		Note: Press enter if no login prompt is displayed.
2	MPS X: Log in as epapdev	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev
	user and switch to root user.	password: password
		epapdev@Ithaca-a ~]\$ su -
		Password:password
3	MPS X: Copy Mysql 8.4.0	After copying mysql rpms run below command to check if they are
	RPMS from mysql_rpms directory of	present in free directory.
	Mysql_Upgrade_Rpms.zip into free directory via	[root@Salta-a ~]# /var/TKLC/epap/free
	epapdev user	-rwxr-x 1 epapdev epap 4098340 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-
		commercial-backup-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm
		-rwxr-x 1 epapdev epap 13434336 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-
		commercial-client-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm
		-rwxr-x 1 epapdev epap 3991796 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-
		commercial-client-plugins-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm
		-rwxr-x 1 epapdev epap 709260 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-commercial-
		common-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm -rwxr-x 1 epapdev epap 23103448 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-
		commercial-devel-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm
		-rwxr-x 1 epapdev epap 2350976 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-
		commercial-icu-data-files-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm
		-rwxr-x 1 epapdev epap 1542176 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-
		commercial-libs-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm
		-rwxr-x 1 epapdev epap 62328968 Jan 27 09:05 mysql-
		commercial-server-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64.rpm

4	MPS X: Copy install_mysql.sh from scripts directory of Mysql_Upgrade_Rpms.zip into free directory via epapdev user	After copying install_mysql.sh to free directory, move to free directory. [root@Salta-a ~]# cd /var/TKLC/epap/free Change permissions of the script: [root@Salta-a free]# chown epapdev:epap install_mysql.sh [root@Salta-a free]# chmod 755 install_mysql.sh
5	MPS X: Run install_mysql.sh	Performing installation of mysql commercial version 8.4.0 Verifying

Preparing... [100%] Updating / installing... 1:mysql-commercial-client-8.4.0-1.1############################# [50%] Cleaning up / removing... 2:mysgl-commercial-client-8.0.35-1.########## [100%] Verifying... [100%] Preparing... [100%] Updating / installing... 1:mysql-commercial-devel-8.4.0-1.1.########### [50%] Cleaning up / removing... 2:mysgl-commercial-devel-8.0.35-1.1########################## [100%] Verifying... [100%] Preparing... [100%] Updating / installing... 1:mysql-commercial-common-8.4.0-1.1######################## [50%] Cleaning up / removing... 2:mysql-commercial-common-8.0.35-1.########## [100%] Verifying... [100%] Preparing... [100%] Updating / installing... 1:mysql-commercial-libs-8.4.0-1.1.e####################### [50%] Cleaning up / removing... 2:mysql-commercial-libs-8.0.35-1.1.########################### [100%] Verifying... [100%] Preparing... [100%] Updating / installing... 1:mysql-commercial-backup-8.4.0-1.1########################### [50%] Cleaning up / removing...

		2:musal commercial backup 9.0.25
		2:mysql-commercial-backup-8.0.35-
		1.####################################
		Verifying ##################################
		[100%]
		Preparing ##################################
		[100%]
		Updating / installing
		1:mysql-commercial-client-plugins-
		8############################ [50%]
		Cleaning up / removing
		2:mysql-commercial-client-plugins-
		8############################ [100%]
		Verifying ##################################
		[100%]
		Preparing ##################################
		[100%]
		Updating / installing
		1:mysql-commercial-server-8.4.0-
		1.1####################### [50%]
		Cleaning up / removing
		2:mysgl-commercial-server-8.0.35-
		1.####################### [100%]
6	MPS X:	[root@Salta-a free]# rpm -qa grep -i mysql
	Check if Mysql RPM's	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	upgraded or not.	mysql-common-8.0.36-1.module+el8.9.0+90153+70413b10.x86_64
	100	mysql-commercial-devel-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64
	Note: Versions of mysql-	mysql-commercial-common-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64
	common and perl-DBD	perl-DBD-mysql-5.002P-17.0.0.3.0_170.17.0.x86_64
	packages may vary	mysql-commercial-client-plugins-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86 64
	depending upon EPAP	mysql-commercial-backup-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86 64
	version you are	mysql-commercial-icu-data-files-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86_64
	migrating from.	mysql-commercial-server-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86 64
		mysql-commercial-client-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86 64
		mysql-commercial-libs-8.4.0-1.1.el8.x86 64
7	MPS X:	After copying update_plugin.sh to free directory,
'	Copy update_plugin.sh	The copying apace_piagin.sit to free directory,
	from scripts directory of	Change permissions of the script:
	Mysql_Upgrade_Rpms.zip	[root@Salta-a free]# chown epapdev:epap update_plugin.sh
	into free directory via	[100t@3aita-a 11ee]# tilowii epapuev.epap upuate_piugiii.sii
	epapdev user	[root@Salta-a free]# chmod 755 update_plugin.sh
	ehahnes asei	[100t@3aita-a 11ee]# tillilou 755 upuate_piugiii.sii
8	MPS X:	[root@Salta-a free]# ./update_plugin.sh
	Run update_plugin.sh	France and a meety of absence brokening
	apaace_piagiii.3ii	Login to mysql and check plugin of mysql users
		Login to mysqi and thetek piagin of mysqi asers

		[root@Salta-a free]# mysql -uroot -p <mysql_root_password> -S /var/TKLC/epap/db/pdb/mysql.sock mysql: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can be insecure. Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with; or \g. Your MySQL connection id is 9 Server version: 8.4.0-commercial MySQL Enterprise Server - Commercial Copyright (c) 2000, 2024, Oracle and/or its affiliates. Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.</mysql_root_password>
		Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement. mysql> select user,plugin,host from mysql.user; +
		multi_admin caching_sha2_password localhost mysql.infoschema caching_sha2_password localhost mysql.session caching_sha2_password localhost mysql.sys caching_sha2_password localhost pdbSelect caching_sha2_password localhost pdba caching_sha2_password localhost root caching_sha2_password localhost statuser caching_sha2_password localhost pdba caching_sha2_password mate pdba caching_sha2_password mate root caching_sha2_password salta-a hodbSelect caching_sha2_password salta-a
9	MPS X:	11 rows in set (0.00 sec) mysql> exit After copying pdbBackup.sh to free directory,
	Copy pdbBackup.sh from scripts directory of Mysql_Upgrade_Rpms.zip into free directory via epapdev user (edited)	Change permissions of the script: [root@Salta-a free]# chown epapdev:epap pdbBackup.sh [root@Salta-a free]# chmod 755 pdbBackup.sh
	MPS X: Run pdbBackup.sh script	[root@Salta-a free]# ./pdbBackup.sh

		The script ends with below logs at the end.
		 backup logs>
		ibbackup completed OK!
		pdbBackup_Donut-A_1738050432.tar.gz has been created
11	MPS X:	Using SFTP (secure-FTP), transfer the PDB backup file to a remote,
	Transfer the backup	customerprovided computer. Enter "yes" when prompted if you
	created in above step to	want to continue to connect.
	remote machine.	\$ cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
		\$ sftp <ip address="" machine="" of="" remote=""></ip>
		Connecting to The authenticity of host " can't be established.
		DSA key fingerprint is
		58:a5:7e:1b:ca:fd:1d:fa:99:f2:01:16:79:d8:b4:24.
		Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
		Warning: Permanently added ' (DSA) to the list of known hosts.
		root@ <ip address="" machine="" of="" remote="">'s password:</ip>
		sftp> cd <target directory=""></target>
		sftp> put pdbBackup_Donut-A_1738050432.tar.gz
		Uploading pdbBackup_Donut-A_1738050432.tar.gz to
		pdbBackup_Donut-A_1738050432.tar.gz
		sftp> bye
		If no customer provided remote computer for backups exist, transfer
		the backup file to the mate using the following command
		\$ su – epapdev
		\$ scp /var/TKLC/epap/free/ <pdb backup="" file=""></pdb>
		epapdev@mate:/var/TKLC/epap/free/

Procedure A.52 Post MySQL RPM upgrade PDB Restore Procedure

Note: This procedure is only applicable if upgrading from EPAP 17.0.0.x to 17.0.0.6 via migration.

C 5:	CI	This would be a face product of the control of the
S.No	Steps	This procedure performs Restoration of PDB created by MySQL
		RPM Upgrade Procedure on the server.
		Check off (✓) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been
		provided for this purpose beside each step number.
		If this procedure fails, contact My Oracle Support and ask for
		ASSISTANCE.
1	MPS X: Login	<hostname> console login:</hostname>
	prompt is	
	displayed.	Note: Press enter if no login prompt is displayed.
2	MPS X: Log in as	[hostname] consolelogin: epapdev
	<mark>epapdev user</mark>	password: password
	<mark>and switch to</mark>	[epapdev@Ithaca-a ~]\$ su -
	<mark>root user.</mark>	Password:password
3	MPS X:	After copying PDB backup to free directory,
	Copy the PDB	Change Permissions of PDB Backup:
	Backup file to	[root@Salta-a ~]# cd /var/TKLC/epap/free
	free directory.	
		[root@Salta-a free]# chown epapdev:epap pdbBackup_Salta-
		a_1737987790.tar.gz
		root@Salta-a free]# chmod 755 pdbBackup_Salta-a_1737987790.tar.gz
4	MPS X:	[root@Donut-A free]# /usr/TKLC/epap/config/restore_pdbforce
	Restoring the	Tue Jan 28 08:58:03 EST 2025
	PDB	This script will replace the existing PDB with one provided from a
		backup and copy the restored backup to the remote.
		Are you sure you want to do continue? (y/n) y
		Enter the name of the backup tar.gz file.
		/var/TKLC/epap/free/pdbBackup_Donut-A_1738050432.tar.gz
		localIp = 10.75.141.119
		localName=Donut-A
		remoteIp = 0.0.0.0

No remote site

WARNING: If this backup is from EPAP 16.1 or earlier release please use option --force7

Are you sure this backup is taken on EPAP 16.2 release? (y/n)y Do you want to restore Stats database? (y/n) y

Running with force option! Skip disk space check..

remoteBIp = 0.0.0.0

There is no remote B PDB

Unzipping backup file. This may take a while..

Running with force option! Skip compatibility check..

Stopping local PDBA

Stopping local PDB mysql daemon

No need to create backup directory..

Running ibbackup tool to restore DBWe trust you have received the usual lecture from the local System

Administrator. It usually boils down to these three things: #1) Respect the privacy of others.

#2) Think before you type.

#3) With great power comes great responsibility.[sudo] password for mysql:

mysql:
.....<Restore Logs>.....

Restore completed successfully. Wed Jan 29 02:37:23 EST 2025 [root@Donut-A free]#

APPENDIX B INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM

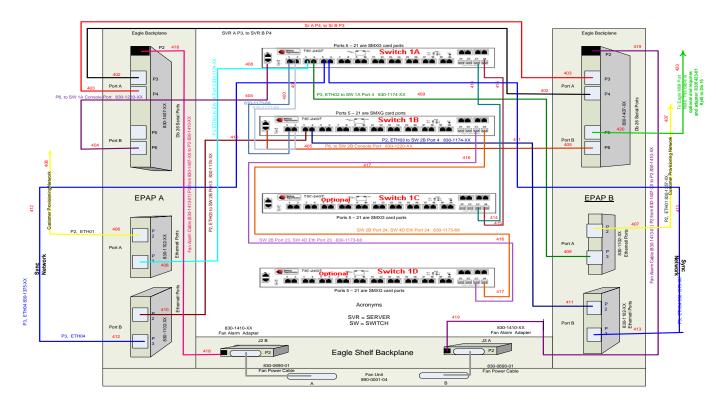


Figure 8: Interconnectivity Diagram for Sync Network Redundancy (Eth04 used for Sync Network)

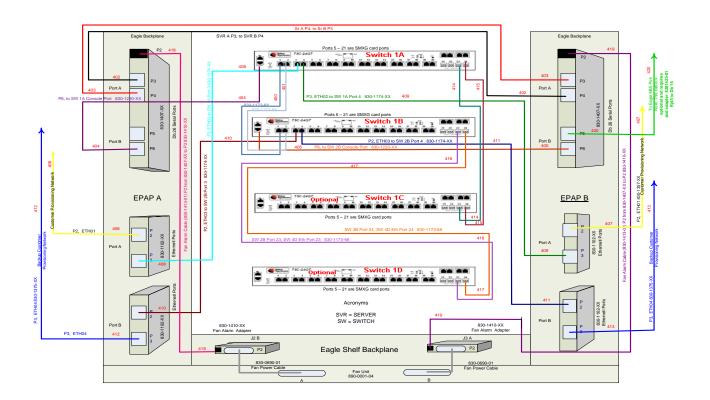


Figure 9: Default Interconnectivity Diagram (Eth04 used for Backup Provisioning Network)

APPENDIX C TELCO TO CISCO SWITCH REPLACEMENT

SWITCH REPLACEMENT

This procedure is for replacing the Telco switch with the Cisco switch.

Check off ($\sqrt{}$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.

IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.

The following tools are required to perform this procedure:

- Grounding Strap (Wrist or Heel)
- #2 Phillips Screwdriver
- #3 Phillips Screwdriver
- 1/4" Nut Driver or Socket
- 5/16" Nut Driver or Socket
- Wire Cutter (to cut Tie-wraps)
- Diagonal Cutter (to cut Tie-wraps)
- Multi Meter
- Tie Wraps
- Electrical Tape
- Cable Tags / Marker (to label all cables)

other switch locations.

1.	Disable and disconnec t switch power	 a. At the fuse panel, locate the fuse positions for the switch being removed. To power down the Switch, remove the fuses for both A and B feeds. b. Once the switch is off, unscrew and remove the terminal-block insulator covers from both terminals blocks A and B. c. With covers removed, using a Multi Meter, ensure that there is no power. d. Ensure that the power leads are marked -48V & RTN. e. With the cables marked, one at a time, remove the power cable and tape the terminal ring. Repeat these steps until all power connections are removed.
		Cable-tie
		Note: This procedure will reference replacing the Switch #1 location (top). Same procedure for

Hex nut, Flat washer, and External tooth washer.

a. Remove the Switch Ground Wire from the grounding point, by loosening and removing

Disconne

ct ground

cable b. Leave Ground Wire dangling. Do not disconnect ground wire attached to cabinet/frame. from switch Note: Hardware removed, nut and washers are NOT required on replacement switch. Disconne Make sure that all the cables are labeled and are in the correct position that they are ct Front terminated at. If not, ensure to mark or label before starting any removal. **ENET** Disconnect the Console and Ethernet cables from Telco switch being replaced. Leave the and cables dangling. Console (Optional) If cable management tie-rod is mounted to the switch being replaced, it may be Cables necessary to cut or remove the cable-ties, holding the cables from the Tie-rod. Tie Cable-tie Ethernet cable Console cable Remove Remove the four (4) PAN head screws (Two (2) on either side of the switch). If there is no the support under the switch, take care to support the switchwhile removing the screws.

Remove the Switch from the Eagle rack.

reattachment when the replacement Switch is installed.

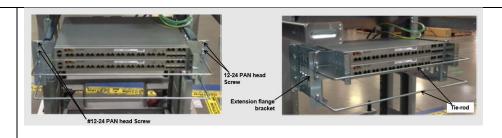
Keep the screws safely set aside. Required for mounting the new switch.

Note: If Tie-rod is attached via the screws being removed, then the Tie-rod needs to be set aside for

Switch

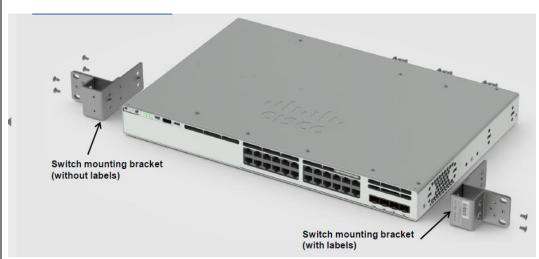
replaced

being



5. Assemble the replaceme nt Cisco Switch

Attach the mounting brackets with Cisco switch assembly.



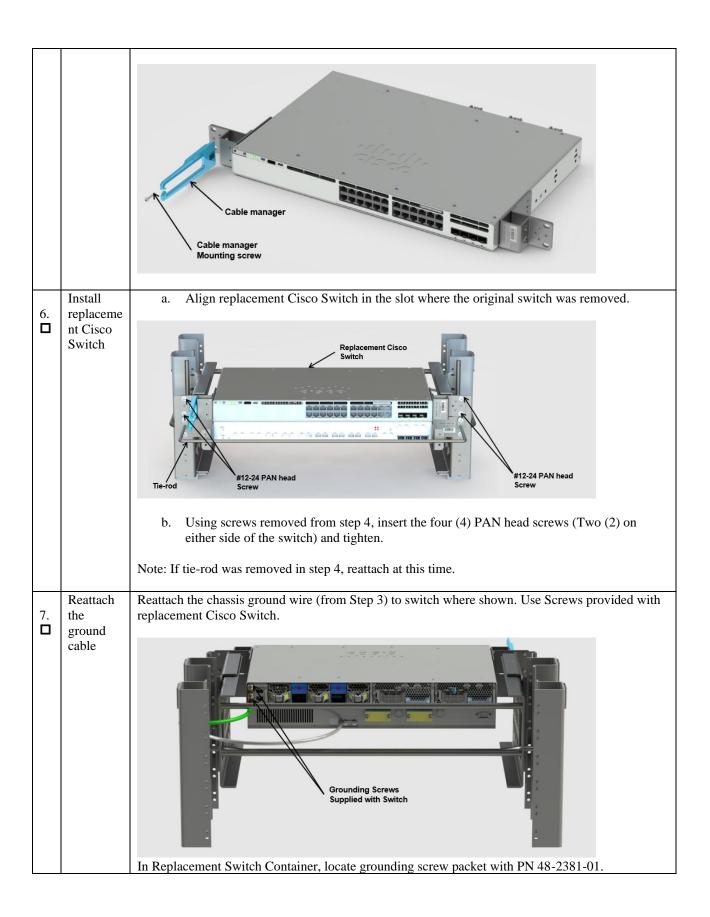
- a. Locate the supplied mounting brackets and screws from the Switch package.
- b. Align the mounting bracket to the switch using four mounting holes.

Note: Bracket with labels to be mounted on the right side of the switch.

c. Insert four screws, supplied with each switch, and tighten.



- d. Repeat the steps b and c for the other side of the switch.
- e. Attach optional Cable Manager.
 - I. Locate Cable Manager and Screw from replacement Switch packaging.
 - II. Attach the Cable Manager to the rack mounting bracket using the supplied screw.

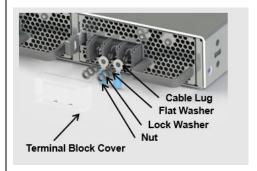




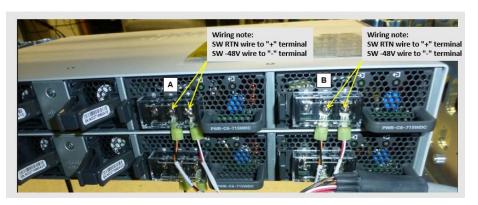
8. Connect
power to
the
replaceme
nt Cisco

Switch

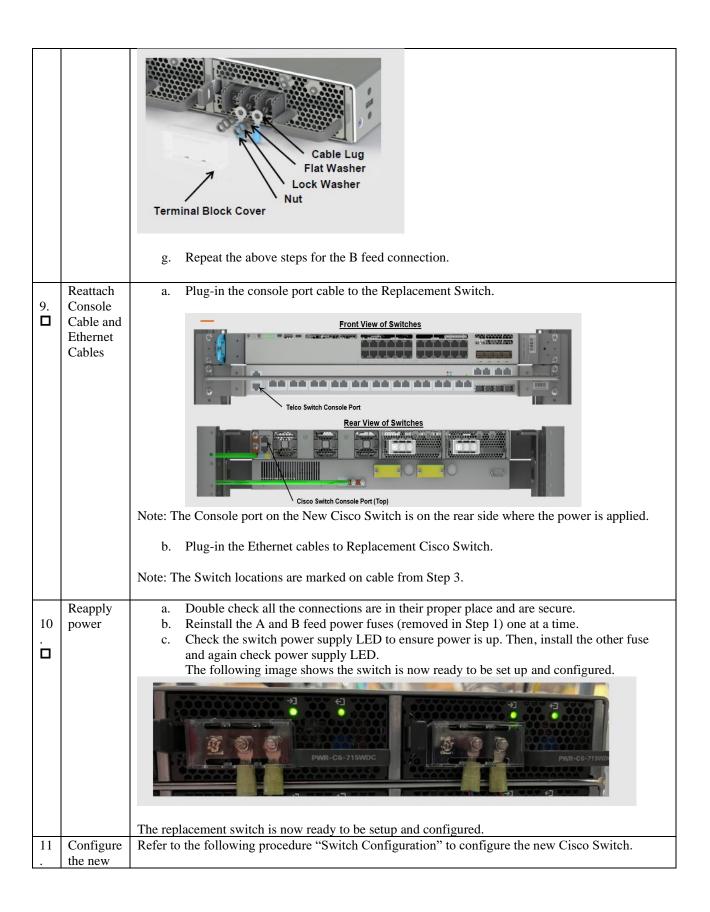
a. Remove terminal block cover.



- b. Remove Nuts and Washers from studs on A feed terminal block.
- c. Install the lugs from the power cable (A) to switch terminal block A.
- d. Secure the nuts after inserting flat washer and lock washer on top of the cable lug.
- e. Ensure connections to terminal block are as follows: <u>SW RTN wire to "+" terminal</u>, <u>SW 48V wire to "-" terminal</u>



f. Reattach protective cover.



Cisco	
Switch	
5 WILLII	

	This presenting Configurate the Cises Cuitabes on a Installed FE ADD D FDAD Convey Dair		
S T	This procedure Configures the Cisco Switches on a Installed E5-APP-B EPAP Server Pair.		
E	Check off ($$) each step as it is completed. Boxes have been provided for this purpose under each step number.		
P #	IF THIS PROCEDURE FAILS, CONTACT MY ORACLE SUPPORTAND ASK FOR ASSISTANCE.		
1.	Make the cross-over cable connections.	NOTE: THIS IS IMPORTANT	
		CONNECT the cross-over cable from Port 1 of Switch1A to Port 1 of Switch1B .	
		DISCONNECT the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B .	
		Similarly while Configuring Switch1C and Switch1D Disconnect the cable from port 24 and connect back post configuration done.	
		Please make a note that the switch configuration should only be attempted by a skilled technician and not all.	
		All uplinks should be removed while switch configuration.	
		There should not be any loop in the switches during their configuration.	
		Switch1B must be configured first.	
2.	Do minicom to enter the cisco switch console. Command – "minicom switch1A" for the console cable connected to MPS-A and for console cable connected to MPS-B use "minicom switch1B".	[root@Donut-B epapall]# [root@Donut-B epapall]# minicom switch1B	
3.	MPS X: Do not enter in the initial config dialog	Autoinstall will terminate if any input is detected on console	
	in the freshly connected cisco switch.	System Configuration Dialog	
	Switch.	Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no]:no	

4.	MPS X: Enter an Enable secret key :- "OracleSwitchC1"	The enable secret is a password used to protect access to privileged EXEC and configuration modes. This password, after entered, becomes encrypted in the configuration.
5.	MPS X: Press 2 and enter	The following configuration command script was created:
		enable secret 9 \$9\$TsBinkhqCyICKE\$.kVHrY3IJTaqJEb.T9yJjjjmzcRSu426mSirX4U3a1k ! end
		[0] Go to the IOS command prompt without saving this config.[1] Return back to the setup without saving this config.[2] Save this configuration to nvram and exit.Enter your selection [2]: 2
6.	MPS X: Initial configuration building	Building configuration [OK]
	done.	Use the enabled mode 'configure' command to modify this configuration.
		Press RETURN to get started!
7.	MPS X: Write "enable" and password set in	Switch>enable
	step 3 which is "OracleSwitchC1"	Password:
8.	MPS X: Once the switch is enabled to	Switch>enable
	take configuration >	Password: Password:
	sign changes to the # sign	Switch#

9.	MPS X: Write	switch# configure terminal		
	command –			
	"Configure terminal"	Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.		
		switch(config)#		
10.	MPS X: Here are the attached configs to be used for Eth04 used for Backup Provisioning Network	CiscoSwitch1C.txt CiscoSwitch1B.txt CiscoSwitch1A.txt CiscoSwitch1D.txt		
11. MPS X: Here are the attached configs to be used for EPAP Sync Network Redundancy (Eth04 used for Sync Network). CiscoSwitch1C.sync.t CiscoSwitch1B.sync.tx CiscoSwitch1A.sync.t CiscoSwitch1A.syn		CiscoSwitch1C.sync.t CiscoSwitch1B.sync.tx CiscoSwitch1A.sync.t CiscoSwitch1D.sync.t xt t xt		
12.	MPS X: Open the attached config in notepad for the switch we want to configure.	Open in notepad and press Ctrl+A and then Ctrl+C		
13.	MPS X: Paste all the	Switch# configure terminal		
	copied config to the	Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.		
	switch. Shown example for Switch1A.	Switch(config)#hostname switch1A		
	evaluble for SwitchTA	switch1A(config)#enable secret EnAbLe		
		switch1A(config)#		
		<pre>switch1A(config)#\$estamps log datetime msec localtime show- timezone</pre>		
		switch1A(config)#no service pad		
		switch1A(config)#service timestamps debug uptime		
		switch1A(config)#service timestamps log uptime		
switch1A(config)#service password-encrypt switch1A(config)#no logging console		switch1A(config)#service password-encryption		
		switch1A(config)#no logging console		
		switch1A(config)#logging on		
		switch1A(config)#logging trap errors		
		switch1A(config)#logging facility local6		
switch1A(config)#line console 0		switch1A(config)#line console 0		

```
switch1A(config-line)#length 0
switch1A(config-line)#exit
switch1A(config)#
switch1A(config)#clock timezone gmt-5 -5 00
switch1A(config)#
switch1A(config)#
switch1A(config)#vlan 1
switch1A(config-vlan)# name default
switch1A(config-vlan)# exit
switch1A(config)#
switch1A(config)#vlan 2
switch1A(config-vlan)# name dsm-a
switch1A(config-vlan)# exit
switch1A(config)#interface vlan 1
switch1A(config-if)#ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#exit
switch1A(config)#
switch1A(config)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/1
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 1 mode on
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 1
switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch B
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/2
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 1 mode on
switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch B
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/3
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
```

```
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EPAP_A DSM A
switch1A(config-if)# flowcontrol receive on
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/4
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EPAP_B DSM A
switch1A(config-if)# flowcontrol receive on
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/5
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/6
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/7
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
```

```
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/8
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/9
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/10
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/11
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/12
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
```

```
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/13
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/14
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/15
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/16
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
```

```
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/17
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/18
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/19
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/20
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/21
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
```

```
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/22
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode access
switch1A(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2
switch1A(config-if)# description EAGLE_A_port
switch1A(config-if)# duplex full
switch1A(config-if)#speed 1000
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/23
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 2 mode on
Creating a port-channel interface Port-channel 2
switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch C
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#interface gigabitEthernet1/0/24
switch1A(config-if)# switchport mode trunk
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 1
switch1A(config-if)#switchport trunk allowed vlan add 2
switch1A(config-if)# channel-group 2 mode on
switch1A(config-if)# description Link_to_Switch C
switch1A(config-if)#shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#no shutdown
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#
switch1A(config-if)#no ip http server
switch1A(config)#
switch1A(config)#no cdp run
```

Sw	Switch Configuration			
	_	switch1A(config)#		
		switch1A(config)#line con 0		
		switch1A(config-line)# password <switch console="" password=""></switch>		
		switch1A(config-line)# login		
		switch1A(config-line)#line vty 0 4		
		switch1A(config-line)#transport input telnet ssh		
		switch1A(config-line)#password <switch console="" password=""></switch>		
		switch1A(config-line)# login		
		switch1A(config-line)#line vty 5 15		
		switch1A(config-line)#transport input telnet ssh		
		switch1A(config-line)#password <switch console="" password=""></switch>		
		switch1A(config-line)# login		
		switch1A(config-line)#		
		switch1A(config-line)#		
		switch1A(config-line)#ntp server 192.168.2.100		
		switch1A(config)#		
		switch1A(config)#logging host 192.168.2.100		
		switch1A(config)#		
		switch1A(config)#end		
		switch1A#		
14.	MPS X: Similarly need to configure all other connected cisco switches.	Used the config attached in step 10. And repeat steps 2-12, Make sure to select the exact same config from the 10^{th} step , as per the switch location.		
15.	Connect the cross-over cable from Port 2 of Switch1A to Port 2 of Switch1B.	1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19 21 23 14 16 18 20 22 24 14 16 18 20 22 24 15 16 18 20 22 24 16 18 10 12 16 16 18 20 22 24 16 18 10 12 16 16 18 20 22 24 16 18 10 12 16 16 18 20 22 24 16 18 10 12 16 18 20 22 24 16 18 10 12 16 16 18 20 22 24 16 18 10 12 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16		
16.	Ping to Confirm	Ping from all the newly connected switches to the mentioned IP address		
	connectivity.	(192.168.2.1, 192.168.2.2, 192.168.2.3, 192.168.2.4, 192.168.2.100,		
	Note: Ip address	192.168.2.200), till you see an 100% success rate.		
	192.168.2.1 associated with Switch1A , ip	switch1D#ping 192.168.2.1		
	address 192.168.2.2	Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.1, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec:		
	associated with	Press Esc for break		
	Switch1B, ip address 192.168.2.3 with	11111		
	Switch1C and ip	Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms		
	address 192.168.2.4	switch1D#ping 192.168.2.2		
	with Switch1D.	Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.2, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec:		

311	Switch Configuration			
		Press Esc for break !!!!!		
		Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.3		
		Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.3, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break		
		!!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.4		
		Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.4, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!!		
		Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.100		
		Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.100, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break !!!!!		
		Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/1/5 ms switch1D#ping 192.168.2.200		
		Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echoes to 192.168.2.200, timeout 2 sec, delay 0 sec: Press Esc for break		
		!!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms switch1D#		
17.	Procedure complete.	Procedure is complete.		

APPENDIX D SWOPS SIGN OFF.

Discrepancy List

Disciplination and the second				
Date	Test Case	Description of Failures and/or Issues. Any CSR's / RMA's issued during Acceptance. Discrepancy	Resolution and SWOPS Engineer Responsible	Resolution Date:

APPENDIX E CUSTOMER SIGN OFF

Sign-Off Record

*** Please review this entire document. ***

This is to certify that all steps required for the upgrade successfully completed without failure.

Sign your name, showing approval of this procedure, and email this page and the above completed Table to Oracle, email: upgrades@tekelec.com.

Customer: Company Name:	Date:
Site: Location:	
Customer :(Print)	Phone:
	Fax:
Charle Dates	Consolation Date:
Start Date:	Completion Date:
This procedure has been approved by the undersigned. approved by both Oracle and the customer representat customer for their records. The SWOPS supervisor will future reference.	tive. A copy of this page should be given to the
Oracle Signature:	Date:
Customer Signature:	_ Date:

APPENDIX F MAJOR CHANGES IN EPAP 17.0

In EPAP Release 17.0, live provisioning is supported for upgrade of DUAL PDB site that is where Active and Standby PDB are present in the form of PDBonly EPAP or Mixed-EPAP.

Note: In case of Dual PDBonly when Standby PDBA is successfully upgraded, connected and in sync with all the other nodes, perform switcover between Active Pdba and Standby Pdba.

Following steps will be taken to support live provisioning:

- 1. Bring both PDBonly/Mixed-EPPAP to same label, Check all counts (DN/IMSI/NE ...) are same. Stop provisioning briefly for 5 minutes to achieve the same.
- 2. Truncate the replLog and requests table. For more information, see step 6 of section A.26.
- 3. On the Active side keep the remote PDBA as it is i.e. Active PDBA has a remote PDBA. This will make sure replLog and request tables keeps updated when live provisioning will happen in the Active site during Standby side upgrade.
- 4. On the Standby side, make the remote PDBA as 0.0.0.0 i.e. Standby site does not have an Active PDBA. This is the site that will be upgraded.
- 5. Home the Non-PROVs to the Active PDBA.
- 6. Home the RTDB on Mixed EPAP towards its local PDBA **Note**: This step is not valid for Non-Prov and PDBonly sites.
- 7. Upgrade the Standby PDBA from 16.3/16.4 to 17.0
- 8. After the upgrade of Standby PDB is complete, change the remote PDBA address of Standby from 0.0.0.0 to the IP of Active PDBA. Start PDBA.
- 9. See that Standby PDBA syncs all the data from Active PDBA that was provisioned during upgrade.

Note: This Appendix is for reference only. Details mentioned in this Appendix are applied in <u>section 3.4.3</u> and <u>section 3.4.5</u>.