Oracle® Communications DSR or SDS NOAM Failover





Oracle Communications DSR or SDS NOAM Failover, Release 9.2.0.0.0

G44046-01

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Preface

- Documentation Accessibility
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The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

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- 1. Select 2 for New Service Request.
- 2. Select **3** for Hardware, Networking and Solaris Operating System Support.
- 3. Select one of the following options:
 - For Technical issues such as creating a new Service Request (SR), select 1.
 - For Non-technical issues such as registration or assistance with My Oracle Support, select **2**.

What's New in This Guide

This section introduces the documentation updates for Release 9.2.0.0.0.

Release 9.2.0.0.0, G44046-01, September 2025

There are no updates for the release.

Acronyms

The following table provides information about the acronyms used in this document.

Table Acronyms

Acronym	Meaning
CLI	Command Line Interface
DR	Disaster Recovery
DSR	Diameter Signaling Router
GUI	Graphical User Interface
NE	Network Element
NOAM (or NOAMP)	Network Operations, Administration, Maintenance and Provisioning
SDS	Subscriber Database Server
VIP	Virtual IP
XMI	External Management Interface

Introduction

Although each Product maintains individual Disaster Recovery Procedures, the steps required to manually transfer functionality between a Primary and a Secondary NOAM NE is currently common to all Oracle COMCOL based products matching a 3-tier topology with an installed DR NOAM. Therefore, the intent of this document is to function as a single reference supporting both the DSR and SDS.

Currently, the DSR and SDS Disaster Recovery procedures assume that the Primary NOAM is network isolated as a perquisite to Failover. It is important to note here that the reason for network isolation is not relevant to these procedures (i.e. the loss of the NOAM NE's default router, a site power outage or the site being underwater due to flooding all look the same to the rest of the topology).

It should also be noted that this document goes a step further than just addressing Disaster Recovery procedures in that it also offers the methodology required to perform a "graceful" Failover where the Primary NOAM is not network isolated and no outage scenario exist.

1.1 References

Following are the reference documents:

- 3-Tier NOAM Failover, MO008266
- DSR Disaster Recovery User's Guide
- SDS Disaster Recovery User's Guide

1.2 Required Materials

No physical materials are required for this procedure. However, the user must have access to an "Administrator" level account in the NOAM GUI and "root" access to both the Primary and Disaster Recovery servers CLI.

1.3 How to Use This Document

To effectively use this document, consider the following:

- 1. Before beginning a procedure, completely read the instructional text (it will appear immediately after the Section heading for each procedure) and all associated procedural Warnings or Notes.
- 2. Before performing a step within a procedure, completely read the information in left and right columns including any step-specific Warnings or Notes.

If a procedural step fails to run successfully, **STOP** and contact My Oracle Support (MOS) for assistance before attempting to continue. Refer to My Oracle Support, for more information on contacting Oracle Customer Service.





Read <u>DSR or SDS NOAM Failover Process Flow Chart</u> section before attempting any procedures in this document.

DSR or SDS NOAM Failover Process Flow Chart

This document supports NOAM Failover for DSR/SDS 8.6.0.0.0 releases only, which is COMCOL 7.5.

The below flowchart is intended to act as the core procedure for DSR/SDS NOAM Failover.

- The user should perform all the procedures in this document as subroutines in a program (always returning to the flowchart after performing a called out procedure).
- After completing a "called out" procedure, never continue on to the next procedure unless directed to do so based on the logic trail followed from the flowchart in Figure 2-1.
- The user should understand that any NOAM NE may function as the "Primary" or the
 "Secondary" (Disaster Recovery mode). Do not confuse site names or designations with
 the actual functional state of the NOAM NE. Just because "DRNO" may be part of a NOAM
 server's hostname does not mean that server is currently running in Disaster Recovery
 mode, which is secondary mode.
- Before starting this procedure, it is recommended for the user to print out <u>Figure 2-1</u> and write in the Primary (Site_1) and Disaster Recovery (Site_2) site names in the space provided (see detailed description in <u>Figure 2-1</u> Legend).

NOAM Failover DSR / SDS DSR/SDS NOAM Failover **Process Flowchart** Figure 1. Promote DR_NOAM to "Primary" (Outage). Site_2 Procedure 6 Is the Primary_NOAM network isolated? Export Alarms
Site_1
Procedure 1 Outage Graceful Site_1 Disable Global Provisioning.
Site_1
Procedure 2 Repoint Provisioning clients to "Promoted" NOAM VIP. Perform Database Backup Monitor Network isolated NOAM site until network access Demote
Primary_NOAM to
"Secondary".
Site_1
Procedure 4 Disable Global Provisioning.
Site_2
Procedure 2 is restored. Site_1 Promote DR NOAM to "Primary" (Graceful). Site_2 Procedure 5 Demote "promoted" NOAM back to Monitor Alarm clearing thru "Primary" NOAM "Secondary". Site_2 Procedure 4 GUI Procedure 8 Promote "original" Primary_NOAM back to "Primary". Site_1 Procedure 5 Enable Global Provisioning. Site_2 Procedure 7 Repoint Provisioning Provisioning. clients to urrent Prima NOAM VIP. Allow "promoted" Product? SDS -NOAM site to remain DSR Monitor Alarm clearing thru "Primary" NOAM Failover Complete Procedure 8 Legend: Site designated as the Primary NOAM NE at the start of Failover (i.e. running in "Primary" mode). Site designated as the Disaster Recovery (DR) NOAM NE at the start of Failover (i.e. running in "Secondary" mode). Site_2 DR_NOAM Site_1 = Primary_NOAM = (Site Name)

(Site Name)

Figure 2-1 DSR or SDS NOAM Failover Process

Site_2 = DR_NOAM =_

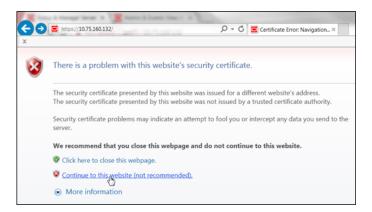
Pre-Failover Procedures

3.1 Exporting Alarms

Perform the following steps on Primary NOAM VIP to export alarms at the Primary Active NOAM.

Launch an HTML5 compliant browser and connect to the XMI Virtual IP address (VIP) assigned to Primary Active NOAM site.
 If a Certificate Error is received, click on Continue to this website (not recommended) link.

Figure 3-1 Certificate Error



The login screen appears.

2. Log in to the GUI using a User account with Administrator privileges.

Figure 3-2 Login Screen

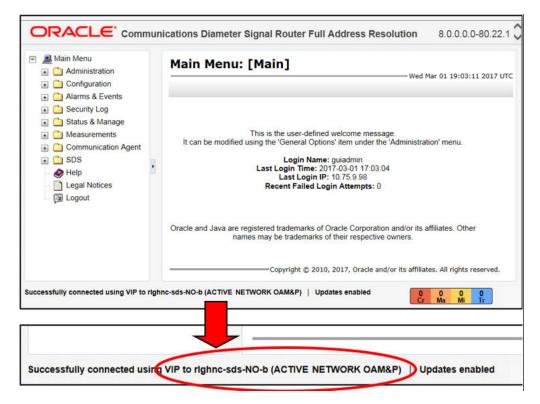




The **Product Main Menu** appears.

Verify that the message shown at the bottom of the panel indicates that the browser is using the "VIP" to connect to the ACTIVE NETWORK OAM&P.

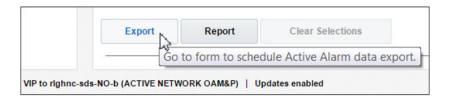
Figure 3-3 Main Menu



Navigate to Main Menu, then Alarm & Events, and then to View Active.



5. Select the **Export** dialogue button from the bottom left corner of the screen.

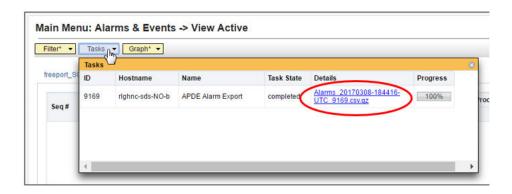


6. Click **Ok** displayed at the bottom of the screen.





The name of the exported Alarms CSV file appears in the banner under **Tasks** at the top of the right panel.



(i) Note

Depending on the product version, the user may have to click **Tasks** in the banner in order to see the output dialogue box.

7. Record the filename of Alarms CSV file generated in the space provided on the right.

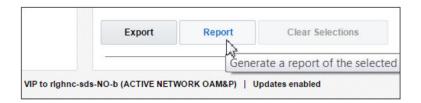
Example: Alarms_<yyyymmdd> - <hhmmss> - <TimeZone>_<Task_ID>.csv.gz

(i) Note

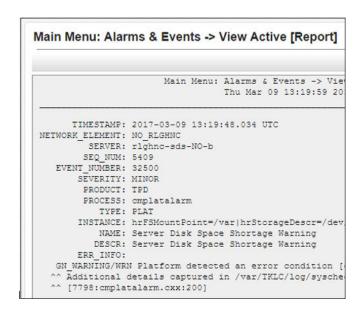
Depending on the product version, the file suffix may vary (csv, csv.gz, so on).

8. Click **Report** at the bottom of the screen.





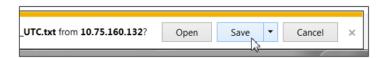
An Alarms & Events Report is generated in the right panel displaying all the Active alarms.



Click Save.

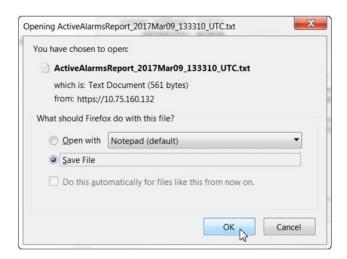


Depending on the web browser, a **Save**.



10. If the pop-up box appears, click Save or Save File.





 Select a directory on the local disk drive to store the Active Alarms & Events Report file and click Save.

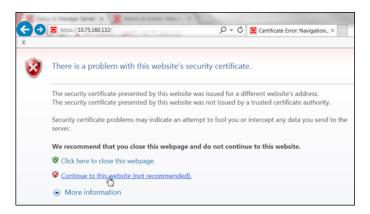


3.2 Disable Global Provisioning or PDB Relay Verification

Perform the following steps on **Primary NOAM VIP** to disable global provisioning at the **Primary NOAM GUI**.

Launch an HTML5 compliant browser and connect to the XMI Virtual IP address (VIP) assigned to Primary Active NOAM site.
 If a Certificate Error is received, click on Continue to this website (not recommended) link.

Figure 3-4 Certificate Error



The login screen appears.

2. Log in to the GUI using a User account with Administrator privileges.



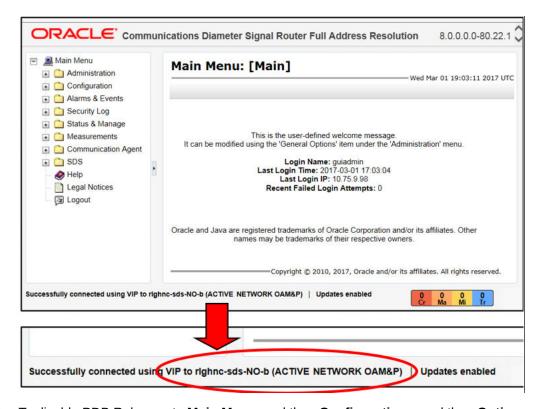
Figure 3-5 Login Screen



The Product Main Menu appears.

Verify if the message shown at the bottom of the panel indicates that the browser is using VIP to connect to the ACTIVE NETWORK OAM&P.

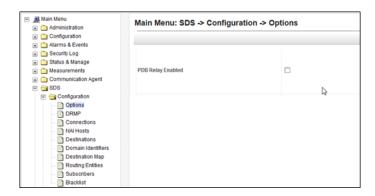
Figure 3-6 Main Menu



 To disable PDB Relay, go to Main Menu, and then Configurations, and then Options. Then, uncheck PDB Relay Enabled.



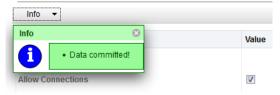
Figure 3-7 Main Menu - Options



Click Apply.

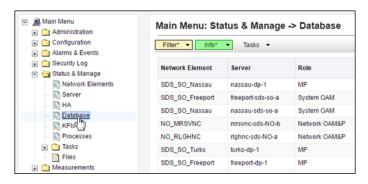
The following confirmation message appears.





5. Go to Main Menu, and then Status & Manage, and then Database.

Figure 3-8 Main Menu - Database



6. Select the **Disable Provisioning** dialogue button at the bottom of the right panel.



Click **OK** on the pop-up confirmation dialogue box.





A Warning banner message appears indicating that "Global Provisioning has been manually disabled".



(i) Note

- Event(s) 10008 appearing at this time can be ignored.
- For DSR systems, return to NOAM Failover Process Flowchart for next steps.
- 7. For SDS systems only, continue with the next steps in this procedure:
 - a. Access the command prompt (CLI).
 - b. Log in to the server as the admusr user.

```
rlghnc-sds-NO-b login: admusr
Password: <admusr_password>
```

Note

The password will not appear on the screen when you type the characters.

The following output appears as the server returns to a command prompt.

*** TRUNCATED OUTPUT ***

```
RUNID=00
```

VPATH=/var/TKLC/rundb:/usr/TKLC/appworks:/usr/TKLC/awpcommon:/usr/TKLC/
comagent-gui:/usr/TKLC/comagent-gui:/usr/TKLC/comagent:/usr/TKLC/sds
PRODPATH=/opt/comcol/prod
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]\$

c. Confirm that you are connected to the **Primary Active NOAM** Server which is indicated as **VIP Active**.

```
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ hostname
rlghnc-sds-NO-b
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ ha.mystate -i | grep VIP
```



```
VIP Act/Act rlghnc-sds-NO-b 0 0302:235736.946 [admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```

d. Verify the value for pdbRelayEnabled.

```
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ iqt -zhp -fvalue ProvOptions where
"var='pdbRelayEnabled'"
TRUE
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```

(i) Note

- If the value is false, then this procedure has been completed. Hence, return to figure 1 for next steps.
- If the value is true, then continue with further steps of this procedure.
- e. Retrieve the pdbRelay timestamp.

```
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ iqt -zhp -fvalue ProvOptions where
"var='pdbRelayMsgLogTimeStamp'"
1524776142883
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```

Record the value for the **pdbRelay timestamp** retrieved in the previous step.

pdbRelayMsgLogTimeStamp:

(i) Note

Wait for 30 seconds before executing the next step.

f. Retrieve the pdbRelay timestamp again.

```
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ iqt -zhp -fvalue ProvOptions where
"var='pdbRelayMsgLogTimeStamp'"
1524776142883
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```

Record the value for the **pdbRelay timestamp** retrieved in the previous step.

pdbRelayMsqLoqTimeStamp:



Note

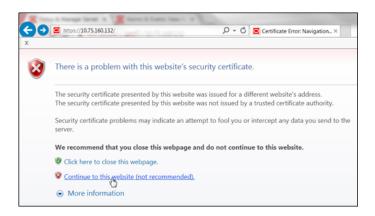
- Ensure that the time stamps recorded in last two steps are an exact match.
- If the values do not match, repeat the last two steps.
- Do not return to <u>NOAM Failover Process Flowchart</u> until both the time stamps recorded match.

3.3 Database Backup

Perform the following steps at the Primary Active NOAM VIP, to perform database backup.

Launch an HTML5 compliant browser and connect to the XMI Virtual IP address (VIP) assigned to Primary Active NOAM site.
 If a Certificate Error is received, click on Continue to this website (not recommended) link.

Figure 3-9 Certificate Error



The login screen appears.

2. Log in to the GUI using a user account with administrator privileges.

Figure 3-10 Login Screen

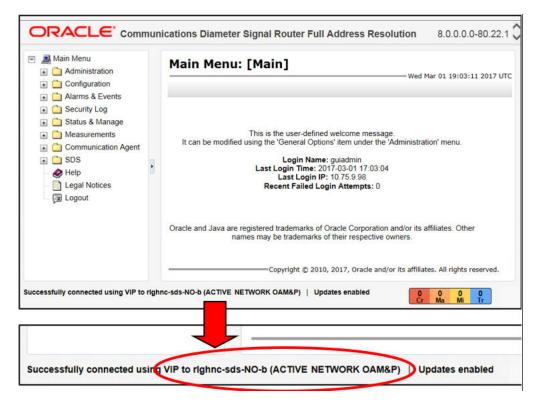




The Product Main Menu appears.

 Verify if the message shown across the bottom of the panel indicates that the browser is using the VIP to connect to the Active NOAM server (hostname) on the ACTIVE NETWORK OAM&P NE.

Figure 3-11 Main Menu



4. Go to Main Menu, and then Status & Manage. Manage, and then select Database.

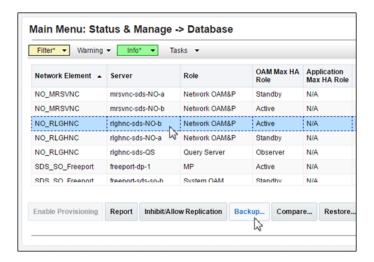
Figure 3-12 Database



Select the row containing the hostname of the Active NOAM server (previously identified in Step 3 of this procedure). Then, click Backup.



Figure 3-13 Database Backup



The **Database [Backup]** screen appears.

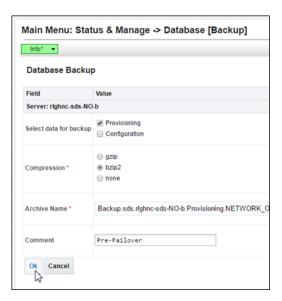
Figure 3-14 Database [Backup]



- **6.** For SDS Systems only, perform the following steps:
 - Uncheck the Configuration checkbox, so that only the Provisioning checkbox is selected.
 - **b.** Enter a comment to reflect the reason for the manual backup in the **comment** field.
 - c. Click Ok.

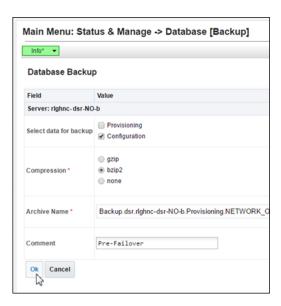


Figure 3-15 Database [Backup] - SDS Systems Only



- **7.** For DSR Systems only, perform the following steps:
 - **a.** The **Provisioning** checkbox cannot be selected on DSR. Ensure that the **Configuration** checkbox is selected.
 - b. Enter a comment to reflect the reason for the manual backup in the **comment** field.
 - c. Click Ok.

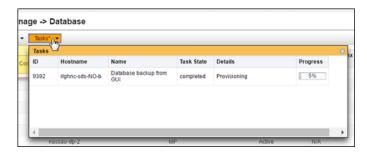
Figure 3-16 Database [Backup] - DSR Systems Only



8. Click on **Tasks** tab to verify that a new Database backup from GUI task has been created.

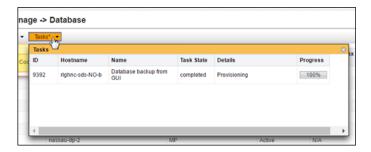


Figure 3-17 Database Task



9. Use the **Tasks** tab to monitor the status in the **Progress** column until it shows 100%.

Figure 3-18 Database Task Progress



i Note

- Depending on the release version, the User may have to periodically click the **Status & Manage**, under **Database** menu option in order for the information on the **Tasks** tab to refresh and show real-time status.
- This procedure has been completed. Return to <u>Figure 2-1</u>.

Failover Procedures

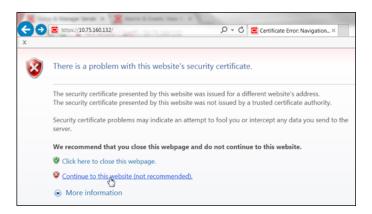
4.1 Demoting the Active NOAM from Primary to Secondary

Perform the following steps on **Primary NOAM VIP** to stop the Application Software on **Primary and DR NOAM**.

 Launch an HTML5 compliant browser and connect to the XMI Virtual IP address (VIP) assigned to Primary Active NOAM site.

If a Certificate Error is received, click on Continue to this website (not recommended) link.

Figure 4-1 Certificate Error



The login screen appears.

2. Log in to the GUI using a User account with Administrator privileges.

Figure 4-2 Login Screen

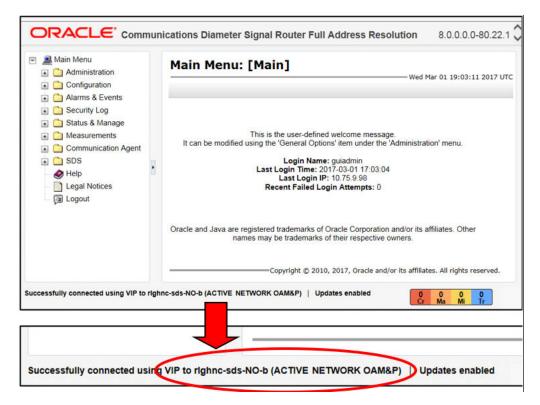




The **Product Main Menu** appears.

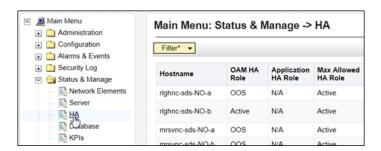
Verify that the message shown at the bottom of the panel indicates that the browser is using the VIP to connect to the ACTIVE NETWORK OAM&P.

Figure 4-3 Main Menu



Go to Main Menu, and then Status & Manage. Then, select HA.

Figure 4-4 Main Menu - HA



Use the Server hostname shown in the bottom banner for the ACTIVE NETWORK OAM&P to identify the current Primary NOAM site.

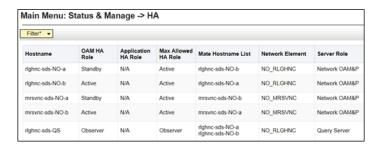






The server **hostname** of the **ACTIVE NETWORK OAM&P** identifies the current Primary NOAM site. For example, rlghnc.

As the Primary NOAM site is identified, next identify the Primary Active, Primary Standby, Secondary Active (DR) and Secondary Standby NOAM Servers.



Note

Active or Standby states for each NOAM server must be recorded as it is critical that the SW on each server be stopped in the exact order specified in Steps 8 - 12 of this procedure.

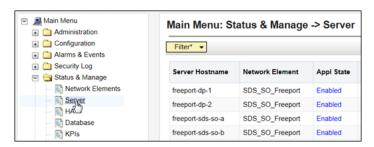
Record the hostnames of the Active/Standby NOAM servers at the Primary and Secondary (DR) NOAM sites in the space provided.

```
Site_1 = Primary_NOAM (Active) = _______
Site_1 = Primary_NOAM (Standby) = ______

Site_2 = DR_NOAM (Active) = ______
Site_2 = DR_NOAM (Standby) = _______
```

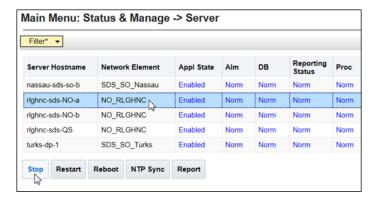
Go to Main Menu, and then Status & Manage. Manage, and then select Server.

Figure 4-5 Main Menu - Server



- 9. Based on the information recorded in Step 6 of this procedure, perform the following steps on the Primary NOAM Standby server:
 - a. Select the server in the right panel.
 - b. Click Stop.





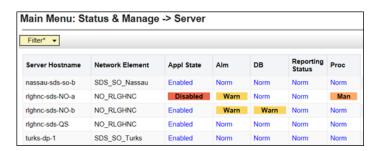
c. Click **OK** in the pop-up confirmation box.



(i) Note

Alarms begin to generate at this time including but not limited to **Event ID(s)**: **10008**, **10075** & **31201**.

 After the screen refreshes, verify that the server now shows an Appl State value of Disabled and a Proc value of Man.



(i) Note

Although the screen automatically refreshes after several seconds, the user may refresh it immediately if desired by re-selecting the left menu option for the **Main Menu: Status & Manage**, and then **Server**.



(i) Note

- To stop the SW on the Primary NOAM Active server, refer to Steps 8 9 of this Procedure for the Primary NOAM "Active" Server.
- To stop the SW on the DR NOAM Standby Server, refer to Steps 8 9 of this Procedure for the **DR NOAM Standby** Server.
- To stop the SW on the DR NOAM Active server, refer to Steps 8 9 of this Procedure for the **DR NOAM Active** server.
- 11. Access the command prompt (CLI) and log in to the server as the admusr user.

```
rlghnc-sds-NO-b login: admusr
Password: <admusr_password>
```



(i) Note

The password does not appear on the screen as you type the characters.

Output received is similar to that shown below, as the server returns to a command prompt.

*** TRUNCATED OUTPUT ***

```
PRODPATH=
RELEASE=8.6.0
RUNID=00
VPATH=/var/TKLC/rundb:/usr/TKLC/appworks:/usr/TKLC/awpcommon:/usr/TKLC/
comagent-gui:/usr/TKLC/comagent-gui:/usr/TKLC/comagent:/usr/TKLC/sds
PRODPATH=/opt/comcol/prod
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```

12. Confirm that you are connected to the **Primary Active NOAM** server by verifying that the server hostname matches the entry showing VIP Act/Act.

```
[admusr@rlqhnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ hostname
rlahnc-sds-NO-b
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ ha.mystate -i | grep VIP
                VIP Act/Act rlghnc-sds-NO-b
                                                       0
0302:235736.946
[admusr@rlqhnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```

13. Verify that the current value for **myClusterRole** is **Primary**.

```
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ top.myrole
myNodeId=A0907.121
myParentClusters=( )
myClusterRole=Primary
myRecognizedPrimary=A0907
myRecognizedSecondary=A1103
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```



14. Set the value for myClusterRole to Secondary.

```
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ top.setSecondary
- Using my cluster: A0907
- New Secondary Timestamp: 03/03/17 00:19:07.181
- Updating To A0907.060: rlghnc-sds-NO-a
- Updating To A0907.113: rlghnc-sds-QS
- Updating To A0907.121: rlghnc-sds-NO-b
- Updating To A1103.165: mrsvnc-sds-NO-b
- Updating To A1103.223: mrsvnc-sds-NO-a
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```

15. Verify that the value for myClusterRole is now Secondary.

```
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ top.myrole
myNodeId=A0907.121
myParentClusters=( )
myClusterRole=Secondary
myRecognizedPrimary=A0907
myRecognizedSecondary=Unknown
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```

16. Verify the current PID for the **apwSoapServer** process.

17. Restart the apwSoapServer process.

```
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ sudo pm.kill apwSoapServer [admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```

18. Verify that the PID for the **apwSoapServer** process has changed from the previous value shown in the previous step of this procedure.

```
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ pl |grep Server
A 951908 apwSoapServer Up 03/02 23:52:31 3 !CMNOSIGCHK=1
apwSoapServer
[admusr@rlghnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```

Note

Post completion of this procedure, return to <u>Figure 2-1</u>.

4.2 Promoting the DR NOAM from Secondary to Primary



4.2.1 Promoting the DR NOAM from Secondary to Primary (Graceful)

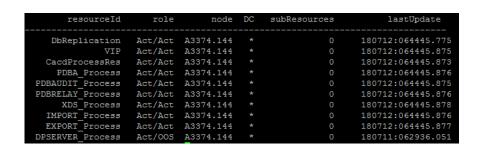
Perform the following steps in DR NOAM to promote the DR NOAM from Secondary to Primary.

 Establish an SSH session to the SDS/DSR DR NOAM XMI IP address, access the command prompt (CLI) and log in to the server as admusr user.

```
msvnc-sds-NO-b login: admusr
Password: <admusr password>
```

2. To check NOAM Status of the server, run the following command on the Active NOAM.

```
$ ha.mystate
[admusr@msvnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ ha.mystate
```



3. Verify that the current value for myClusterRole is Secondary.

```
[admusr@mrsvnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ top.myrole
myNodeId=A1103.165
myParentClusters=( )
myClusterRole=Secondary
myRecognizedPrimary=A1103
myRecognizedSecondary=Unknown
[admusr@mrsvnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```

4. Set the value for myClusterRole to Primary.

```
[admusr@mrsvnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ top.setPrimary
- Using my cluster: A1103
- New Primary Timestamp: 03/03/17 00:50:40.986
- Updating To A0907.060: rlghnc-sds-NO-a
- Updating To A0907.113: rlghnc-sds-QS
- Updating To A0907.121: rlghnc-sds-NO-b
- Updating To A1103.165: mrsvnc-sds-NO-b
- Updating To A1103.223: mrsvnc-sds-NO-a
[admusr@mrsvnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```

5. Verify that the value for **myClusterRole** is now **Primary**.

```
[admusr@mrsvnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ top.myrole
myNodeId=A1103.165
myParentClusters=( )
```



myClusterRole=Primary
myRecognizedPrimary=A1103
myRecognizedSecondary=A0907
[admusr@mrsvnc-sds-NO-b ~]\$

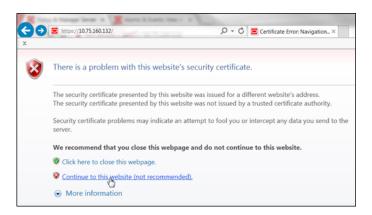
(i) Note

Perform the next steps in New Primary NOAM VIP (former DR).

6. Launch an HTML5 compliant browser and connect to the XMI Virtual IP address (VIP) assigned to **Primary Active NOAM** site.

If a Certificate Error is received, click on Continue to this website (not recommended) link.

Figure 4-6 Certificate Error



The login screen appears.

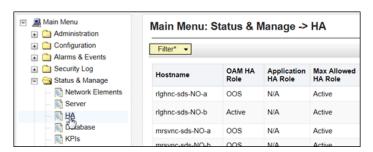
7. Log in to the GUI using a user account with administrator privileges.



8. Go to Main Menu, and then Status & Manage, and then HA.



Figure 4-7 Main Menu - HA



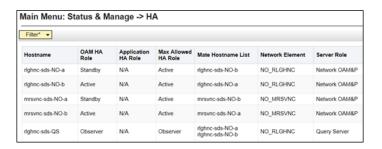
Use the Server hostname shown in the bottom banner for the ACTIVE NETWORK OAM&P to identify the current Primary NOAM site.



Note

The server **hostname** of the **ACTIVE NETWORK OAM&P** identifies the current **Primary** NOAM site. For example, mrsvnc.

Now that we know which NOAM site is Primary, identify the **Primary Active**, **Primary Standby**, **Secondary Active** (**DR**), and **Secondary Standby** NOAM Servers.



(i) Note

Do not skip the following step.

Active/Standby states for each NOAM server must be recorded as it is Critical that the SW on each server be restarted in the exact order specified in Steps **12** and **13** of this procedure.

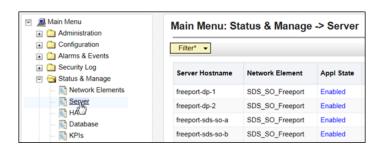
 Based on the information identified in the previous step, record the hostnames of the Primary Active, Primary Standby, Secondary Active (DR), and Secondary Standby NOAM Servers.

```
Site_1 = Primary_NOAM (Active) = ______
Site_1 = Primary_NOAM (Standby) = ______
```



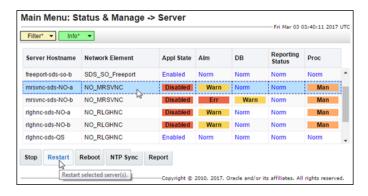
```
Site_2 = DR_NOAM (Active) = ______
Site_2 = DR_NOAM (Standby) = _____
```

11. Go to Main Menu, and then Status & Manage, and then Server.



Based on the information recorded in **Step 10** of this procedure, perform the below substeps on the newly promoted **Primary NOAM Active** Server (Site 2).

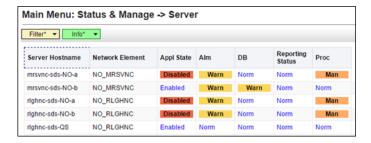
12. Select the Server in the right panel (highlight will occur) and click **Restart** in the right panel.



Click **OK** in the pop-up confirmation box.



13. After the screen refresh, verify that the server now shows an **Appl State** value of **Enabled** and a Proc value of **Norm**.





Note

- Restart the SW on the Primary NOAM Standby Server, by repeating Steps
 12 13 of this Procedure for the Primary NOAM Standby Server.
- Restart the SW on the DR NOAM Standby Server, by repeating Steps 12 13 of this Procedure for the DR NOAM Standby Server.
- Restart the SW on the DR NOAM Active Server, by repeating Steps 12 13
 of this Procedure for the DR NOAM Active Server.
- For SDS systems, this procedure is completed. Return to <u>NOAM Failover</u> <u>Process Flowchart</u> for next steps.
- For DSR systems only, perform the next steps in this procedure.
- **14.** Identify the **clusterId** values for the myRecognizedPrimary and the myRecognizedSecondary. For example, Axxxx.

```
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$ top.myrole
myNodeId=A0568.058
myParentClusters=( )
myClusterRole=Primary
myRecognizedPrimary=A0568
myRecognizedSecondary=A1667
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$
```

15. Record the **clusterId** values for the myRecognizedPrimary and the myRecognizedSecondary in the space provided.

```
myRecognizedPrimary (clusterId) = ______
myRecognizedSecondary (clusterId) = _____
```

16. Identify which A-Level **clusterId** (for example, Axxxx) is located in the **HaClusterResourceCfg** table.

```
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$ iqt -p HaClusterResourceCfg cluster resource optional
A0568 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C0804 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C1223 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C2346 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C3147 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C3316 DSROAM_Proc Yes
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$
```

17. If the A-Level clusterId located in the HaClusterResourceCfg table is the myRecognizedPrimary value recorded in Step 15 of this procedure, delete the entry.

For example:

```
$ irem HaClusterResourceCfg where
"cluster='<myRecognizedPrimary_clusterId>'"
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$ irem HaClusterResourceCfg where
"cluster='A0568'" === deleted 1 records ===
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$
```



If the A-Level **clusterId** is not located there, then continue to the next step.

18. Add an entry to the **HaClusterResourceCfg** table for the myRecognizedSecondary value recorded in Step 15 of this procedure.

For example:

```
$ echo "<myRecognizedSecondary_clusterId>|DSROAM_Proc|Yes" | iload -ha -
xun -fcluster -fresource -foptional HaClusterResourceCfg
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$ echo "A1667|DSROAM_Proc|Yes" | iload -ha -
xun -fcluster -fresource -foptional HaClusterResourceCfg
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$
```

19. Verify that the **HaClusterResourceCfg** table now displays an entry for the myRecognizedSecondary value recorded in Step 15 of this procedure.

```
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$ iqt -p HaClusterResourceCfg cluster resource optional
A1667 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C0804 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C1223 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C2346 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C3147 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C3316 DSROAM_Proc Yes
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$
```

① Note

Once this procedure is completed, return to Figure 2-1.

4.2.2 Promoting the DR NOAM from Secondary to Primary (Outage)

Perform the following steps in DR NOAM to promote the DR NOAM from Secondary to Primary:

 Establish an SSH session to the SDS/DSR DR NOAM XMI IP address, access the command prompt (CLI) and log in to the server as admusr user.

```
msvnc-sds-NO-b login: admusr
Password: <admusr_password>
```

2. To check NOAM Status of the server, run the following command on the Active NOAM.

```
$ ha.mystate
[admusr@msvnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ ha.mystate
```



resourceId	role	node	DC	subResources	lastUpdate
DbReplication	Act/Act	A3374.144			180712:064445.775
VIP	Act/Act	A3374.144			180712:064445.875
CacdProcessRes	Act/Act	A3374.144			180712:064445.873
PDBA Process	Act/Act	A3374.144			180712:064445.876
PDBAUDIT Process	Act/Act	A3374.144			180712:064445.875
PDBRELAY Process	Act/Act	A3374.144			180712:064445.876
XDS Process	Act/Act	A3374.144			180712:064445.878
IMPORT Process	Act/Act	A3374.144			180712:064445.876
EXPORT Process	Act/Act	A3374.144			180712:064445.877
DPSERVER_Process	Act/00S	A3374.144			180711:062936.051

Verify that the current value for myClusterRole is Secondary.

```
[admusr@mrsvnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ top.myrole
myNodeId=A1103.165
myParentClusters=( A0907 )
myClusterRole=Secondary
myRecognizedPrimary=A0907
myRecognizedSecondary=A1103
[admusr@mrsvnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```

4. Using the clusterId of the myRecognizedPrimary from the previous step, set the clusterId to Secondary.

```
[admusr@mrsvnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ top.setSecondary A0907
- New Secondary Timestamp: 03/03/17 18:28:48.318
- Updating To A0907.060: rlghnc-sds-NO-asetSecondaryTo(A0907) returned
proxy error=28
SOAP 1.2 fault SOAP-ENV: Receiver [no subcode]
"Connection timed out"Detail: connect failed in tcp_connect()
- Updating To A0907.113: rlghnc-sds-QSsetSecondaryTo(A0907) returned proxy
error=28
SOAP 1.2 fault SOAP-ENV: Receiver [no subcode]
"Connection timed out"Detail: connect failed in tcp_connect()
- Updating To A0907.121: rlghnc-sds-NO-bsetSecondaryTo(A0907) returned
proxy error=28
SOAP 1.2 fault SOAP-ENV: Receiver [no subcode]
"Connection timed out "Detail: connect failed in tcp_connect()
- Updating To A1103.165: mrsvnc-sds-NO-b- Updating To A1103.223: mrsvnc-
sds-NO-a
[admusr@mrsvnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```

(i) Note

The **connection timeouts** to the **Primary NOAM NE** are expected when that NE is network isolated.

Under these circumstances, the user should allow several minutes (\approx 7) for this command to complete.



5. Set the value for myClusterRole to Primary.

```
[admusr@mrsvnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ top.setPrimary
- Using my cluster: A1103
- New Primary Timestamp: 03/03/17 18:35:26.279
- Updating To A0907.060: rlghnc-sds-NO-asetPrimaryTo(A1103) returned proxy
error=28
SOAP 1.2 fault SOAP-ENV: Receiver [no subcode]
"Connection timed out"
Detail: connect failed in tcp_connect()
- Updating To A0907.113: rlghnc-sds-QSsetPrimaryTo(A1103) returned proxy
SOAP 1.2 fault SOAP-ENV: Receiver [no subcode]
"Connection timed out"
Detail: connect failed in tcp connect()
- Updating To A0907.121: rlghnc-sds-NO-bsetPrimaryTo(A1103) returned proxy
error=28
SOAP 1.2 fault SOAP-ENV: Receiver [no subcode]
"Connection timed out"
Detail: connect failed in tcp connect()
- Updating To Al103.165: mrsvnc-sds-NO-b
- Updating To Al103.223: mrsvnc-sds-NO-a
[admusr@mrsvnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```

Note

The **connection timeouts** to the **Primary NOAM NE** (shown in the output to the right) are expected when that NE is network isolated.

Under these circumstances, the user should allow several minutes (\approx 7) for this command to complete.

6. Verify that the value for **myClusterRole** is now set to **Primary**.

```
[admusr@mrsvnc-sds-NO-b ~]$ top.myrole
myNodeId=A1103.165
myParentClusters=( )
myClusterRole=Primary
myRecognizedPrimary=A1103
myRecognizedSecondary=A0907
[admusr@mrsvnc-sds-NO-b ~]$
```

Note

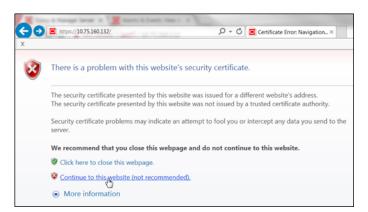
Perform the next steps on the **New Primary NOAM VIP (former DR)**.

Launch an HTML5 compliant browser and connect to the XMI Virtual IP address (VIP) assigned to Primary Active NOAM site.

If a Certificate Error is received, click on **Continue to this website (not recommended)**



Figure 4-8 Certificate Error



The login screen appears.

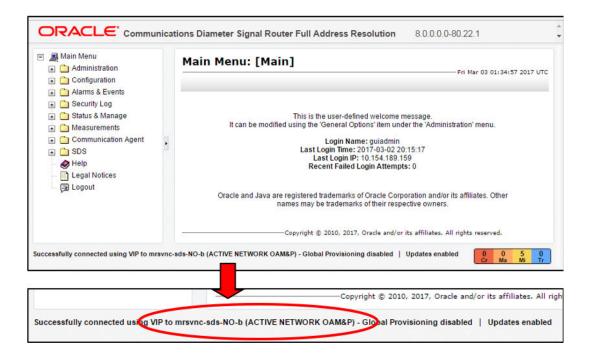
8. Log in to the GUI using a user account with administrator privileges.



The Product Main Menu appears.

9. Verify that the message shown across the bottom of the panel indicates that the browser is using the VIP to connect to the ACTIVE NETWORK OAM&P.





10. Go to Main Menu, and then Administration, and then General Options.



11. Verify the value for **Durability Administrative State**.

If performing this procedure in response to a network isolated Primary NOAM (outage), modify the **Durability Administrative State** value to **1** (if necessary).

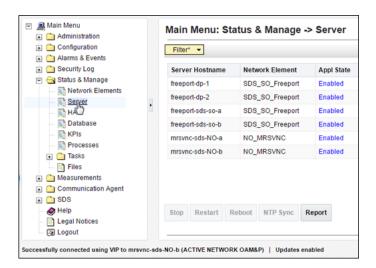


Click OK.





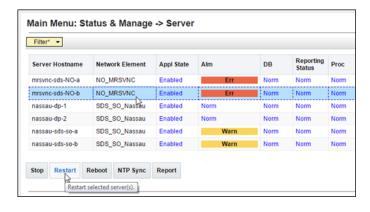
12. Go to Main Menu, and then Status & Manage, and then Server and identify the hostname of the Primary Active NOAM server from the banner message at the bottom of the browser window.



Note

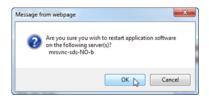
Based on the information recorded in this step, perform the next steps on the newly promoted **Primary NOAM Active Server (Site_2)**.

13. Select the Server Hostname (highlighted once selected) and click Restart.



Click **Ok**, in the pop-up confirmation box.





Note

- For SDS systems, this procedure is completed. Return to <u>NOAM Failover</u> Process Flowchart for next steps.
- For DSR systems only, perform the next steps in this procedure on the New Primary NOAM VIP (former DR).
- **14.** Identify the **clusterId** values for the **myRecognizedPrimary** and the **myRecognizedSecondary**. For example, Axxxx.

```
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$ top.myrole
myNodeId=A0568.058
myParentClusters=( )
myClusterRole=Primary
myRecognizedPrimary=A0568
myRecognizedSecondary=A1667
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$
```

15. Record the **clusterId** values for the myRecognizedPrimary and the myRecognizedSecondary in the space provided.

```
myRecognizedPrimary (clusterId) = ______
myRecognizedSecondary (clusterId) = _____
```

16. Identify which A-Level **clusterId** (example, Axxxx) is located in the **HaClusterResourceCfg** table.

```
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$ iqt -p HaClusterResourceCfg
cluster resource optional
A0568 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C0804 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C1223 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C2346 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C3147 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C3316 DSROAM_Proc Yes
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$
```

17. If the A-Level clusterId located in the HaClusterResourceCfg table is the myRecognizedPrimary value recorded in next step of this procedure, delete the entry.

For example:

```
$ irem HaClusterResourceCfg where
"cluster='<myRecognizedPrimary_clusterId>'"
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$ irem HaClusterResourceCfg where
"cluster='A0568'"
```



```
=== deleted 1 records ===
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$
```

If the A-Level **clusterId** is not located in the table, continue to the next step.

18. Add an entry to the **HaClusterResourceCfg** table for the **myRecognizedSecondary** value recorded in Step 18 of this procedure.

For example:

```
$ echo "<myRecognizedSecondary_clusterId>|DSROAM_Proc|Yes" | iload -ha -
xun -fcluster -fresource -foptional HaClusterResourceCfg
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$ echo "A1667|DSROAM_Proc|Yes" | iload -ha -
xun -fcluster -fresource -foptional HaClusterResourceCfg
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$
```

19. Verify if the **HaClusterResourceCfg** table now displays an entry for the myRecognizedSecondary value recorded in Step 18 of this procedure.

```
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$ iqt -p HaClusterResourceCfg cluster resource optional
A1667 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C0804 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C1223 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C2346 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C3147 DSROAM_Proc Yes
C3316 DSROAM_Proc Yes
[admusr@dominica-dr-noam-b ~]$
```

Note

Once this Procedure is completed, return to Figure 2-1.

4.3 Enabling Global Provisioning

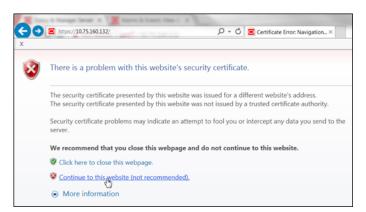
Perform the following steps on **Primary NOAM VIP** to enable Global Provisioning at the newly promoted Primary NOAM GUI.

 Launch an HTML5 compliant browser and connect to the XMI Virtual IP address (VIP) assigned to Primary Active NOAM site.

If a Certificate Error is received, click on **Continue to this website (not recommended)** link.



Figure 4-9 Certificate Error



The login screen appears.

2. Log in to the GUI using a user account with administrator privileges.

Figure 4-10 Login Screen

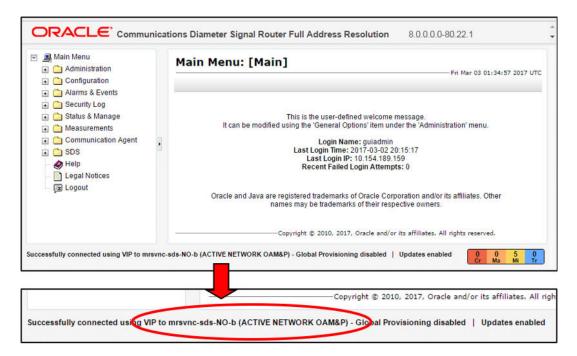


The **Product Main Menu** appears.

3. Verify that the message shown across the bottom of the panel indicates that the browser is using the VIP to connect to the ACTIVE NETWORK OAM&P.



Figure 4-11 Main Menu



4. Go to Main Menu, and then Status & Manage. Then, select Database.

Figure 4-12 Main Menu - Database



5. Select **Enable Provisioning** at the bottom of the right panel.



Click **OK** on the pop-up confirmation box.

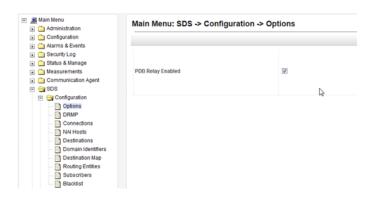




6. Verify that the dialogue button located at the bottom of the right panel changes text to **Disable Provisioning**.



To enable PDB Relay, go to Main Menu, then Configurations, and then Options. Then, check the PDB Relay Enabled option box.



Click Apply.



The following confirmation message is displayed.

Main Menu: SDS -> Configuration -> Options





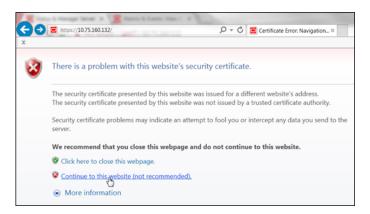
Post completion of this procedure, return to Figure 2-1.

Verifying Alarm Status (After Failover)

Perform the following steps in **New Primary NOAM VIP (former DR)** to verify alarms status at the Primary Active NOAM.

- Launch an HTML5 compliant browser and connect to the XMI Virtual IP address (VIP) assigned to Primary Active NOAM site.
- If a Certificate Error is received, click on Continue to this website (not recommended) link.

Figure 5-1 Certificate Error



The login screen appears.

3. Log in to the GUI using a user account with administrator privileges.

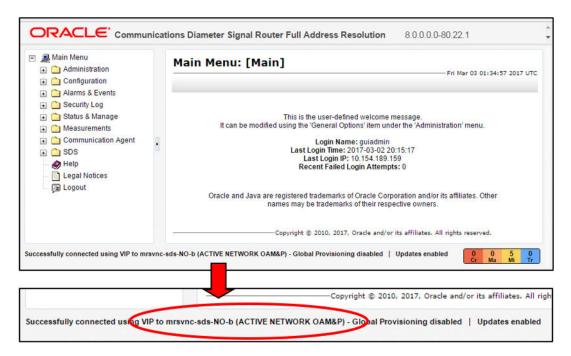


The **Product Main Menu** appears.

4. Verify that the message shown across the bottom of the panel indicates that the browser is using the **VIP** to connect to the **ACTIVE NETWORK OAM&P**.



Figure 5-2 Product Main Menu



5. Go to Main Menu, and then Alarm & Events. Then, select View Active.

Figure 5-3 View Active



The current list of Active Alarms appears.

Figure 5-4 Active Alarms

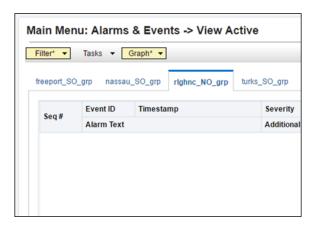




① Note

Alarms visible at this time may include but are not limited to **Event ID(s): 31106, 31107, 31114, 31233 & 31283**.

6. Monitor the current list of Active alarms until all alarms associated with the Failover have cleared.



(i) Note

The user should allow at least 15 minutes for resulting alarms to clear before attempting any troubleshooting activities.

(i) Note

- Contact My Oracle Support (MOS) for assistance with any reoccurring alarms or alarms which fail to clear within a 15 minute timeframe.
- Refer to My Oracle Support (MOS), for more information on contacting Oracle Customer Service.
- If alarms fail to clear that are related to features that use SSH key exchange
 based file transfer and the user wishes to re-enable them prior to performing a
 Failover back to the original Primary or Secondary states, then the feature may be
 reconfigured using the product feature's initial configuration procedures.
 Partial list of features that use SSH key exchange based file transfer:
 - SDS: provimport, provexport, APDE
 - HLRR: PDE, APDE
 - DSR: APDE
- This procedure has been completed. Return to Figure 2-1.

Backout Procedures

This section provides instructions on reversing Primary or Secondary NOAM Failover (Backout).

The user should recognize that the Primary or Secondary NOAM states are now reversed from what they were prior to the previous implementation of this procedure.

Insert the **Site_1** and **Site_2** names in the bottom of <u>Figure 2-1</u> figure. According to the real-time state (primary or secondary) for each NOAM site and follow the Flowchart.