Oracle® Communications Convergent Charging Controller

Short Message Peer-to-Peer Protocol (SMPP) Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement

Release 6.0.1

April 2017

Copyright

Copyright © 2017, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

This software and related documentation are provided under a license agreement containing restrictions on use and disclosure and are protected by intellectual property laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce, translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute, exhibit, perform, publish, or display any part, in any form, or by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or decompilation of this software, unless required by law for interoperability, is prohibited.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice and is not warranted to be errorfree. If you find any errors, please report them to us in writing.

If this is software or related documentation that is delivered to the U.S. Government or anyone licensing it on behalf of the U.S. Government, then the following notice is applicable:

U.S. GOVERNMENT END USERS: Oracle programs, including any operating system, integrated software, any programs installed on the hardware, and/or documentation, delivered to U.S. Government end users are "commercial computer software" pursuant to the applicable Federal Acquisition Regulation and agency-specific supplemental regulations. As such, use, duplication, disclosure, modification, and adaptation of the programs, including any operating system, integrated software, any programs installed on the hardware, and/or documentation, shall be subject to license terms and license restrictions applicable to the programs. No other rights are granted to the U.S. Government.

This software or hardware is developed for general use in a variety of information management applications. It is not developed or intended for use in any inherently dangerous applications, including applications that may create a risk of personal injury. If you use this software or hardware in dangerous applications, then you shall be responsible to take all appropriate fail-safe, backup, redundancy, and other measures to ensure its safe use. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates disclaim any liability for any damages caused by use of this software or hardware in dangerous applications.

Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Intel and Intel Xeon are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation. All SPARC trademarks are used under license and are trademarks or registered trademarks of SPARC International, Inc. AMD, Opteron, the AMD logo, and the AMD Opteron logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices. UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group.

This software or hardware and documentation may provide access to or information about content, products, and services from third parties. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates are not responsible for and expressly disclaim all warranties of any kind with respect to third-party content, products, and services unless otherwise set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates will not be responsible for any loss, costs, or damages incurred due to your access to or use of third-party content, products, or services, except as set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle.

Contents

About This Document	v
Document Conventions	vi

Chapter 1

Messaging Manager and SMPP Document Versions1

Overview	1
Messaging Manager	1
SMPP	2
•	

Chapter 2

Overview	3
References to The Specification	3
Specification Clauses 2.1 and 2.2	3
Session States (2.3)	4
Operation Matrix (2.4)	4
PDU Sequencing (2.6)	8
Session Timers (2.7)	8
Error Handling (2.8).	9
Flow Control and Congestion Avoidance (2.9)	10
Session Security and Encryption (2.10)	10
Forward and Backward Compatibility (2.11)	11

Chapter 3

Compliance Statements For SMPP Parameter and PDU Format (3) 13

Overview	13
Parameter Type Definitions (3.1)	13
General PDU Format (3.2)	13

Chapter 4

43
35
27
20
23
17

About This Document

Scope

This document describes the extent to which Messaging Manager conforms to the Short Message Peerto-Peer Protocol Specification.

Audience

This document is intended to be read by Oracle staff. It has been prepared on the assumption that the reader is familiar with Messaging Manager as well as short message peer-to-peer protocols.

Document Conventions

Typographical Conventions

The following terms and typographical conventions are used in the Oracle Communications Convergent Charging Controller documentation.

Formatting Convention	Type of Information	
Special Bold	Items you must select, such as names of tabs.	
	Names of database tables and fields.	
Italics	Name of a document, chapter, topic or other publication.	
	Emphasis within text.	
Button	The name of a button to click or a key to press.	
	Example: To close the window, either click Close, or press Esc.	
Кеу+Кеу	Key combinations for which the user must press and hold down one	
Monospace	Examples of code or standard output.	
Monospace Bold	Text that you must enter.	
variable	Used to indicate variables or text that should be replaced with an actual value.	
menu option > menu option >	Used to indicate the cascading menu option to be selected.	
	Example: Operator Functions > Report Functions	
hypertext link	Used to indicate a hypertext link.	

Specialized terms and acronyms are defined in the glossary at the end of this guide.

Chapter 1

Messaging Manager and SMPP Document Versions

Overview

Introduction

This chapter defines the version of the Messaging Manager implementation and the SMPP document against which it is compared.

In this chapter

This chapter contains the following topics.

Messaging Manager	. 1
SMPP	2

Messaging Manager

Messaging Manager implementation

- Target platform\
 - Platform SPARC Solaris
 - OS SunOs 5.9
 - Oracle 9.2.05
- Build environment
 - Compiler GNU GCC 3.2.3
 - Binutils GNU binutils 2.1.4
 - bison 1.35
 - flex 2.5.4
- Oracle packages
 - Full installation of:
 - SLEE 3.2.0
 - HssSclf 3.4.27
 - Plus the following SLC packages:
 - smsScp 3.0.0
 - acsScp 2.4.0
 - beApiScp 2.2.0.5
 - acsCbScp 2.2.0.6
 - Plus the following SMS packages:
 - smsSms 3.0.0
 - acsSms 2.4.0
 - beApiSms 2.2.0.5
 - acsCbSms 2.2.0.6

SMPP

SMPP document

This statement of compliance refers to SMS Forum document entitled:

Short Message Peer-to-Peer Protocol Specification Version 5.0

For the purpose of this document, *Short Message Peer-to-Peer Protocol Specification Version 5.0* will be referred to as *The Specification*.

Chapter 2

Compliance Statements For SMPP Sessions (2)

Overview

Introduction

This chapter states the compliance of Messaging Manager with clauses of Section 2 of *The Specification*.

In this chapter

This chapter contains the following topics.

References to The Specification	. 3
Specification Clauses 2.1 and 2.2	. 3
Session States (2.3)	.4
Operation Matrix (2.4)	.4
PDU Sequencing (2.6)	. 8
Session Timers (2.7)	. 8
Error Handling (2.8).	. 9
Flow Control and Congestion Avoidance (2.9)	10
Session Security and Encryption (2.10)	10
Forward and Backward Compatibility (2.11)	11

References to The Specification

Convention

As a cross reference, the clause number of *The Specification* is included in brackets at the end of each compliance statement title.

Specification Clauses 2.1 and 2.2

Application Layer Communication (2.1)

For TCP/IP connections, Messaging Manager complies.

For X.25 connections, Messaging Manager does not comply.

Messaging Manager does not support X.25.

Establishing a SMPP Session (2.2)

For TCP/IP connections, Messaging Manager complies.

For X.25 connections, Messaging Manager does not comply.

For SMPP, Messaging Manager can be configured to use any port including IANA standard port 2775.

X.25 is not supported by Messaging Manager.

Session States (2.3)

Open (2.3.1)

For TCP/IP connections, Messaging Manager complies. For X.25 connections, Messaging Manager does not comply.

Bound_TX (2.3.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

Bound_RX (2.3.3)

Messaging Manager complies.

Bound_TRX (2.3.4)

Messaging Manager complies.

Unbound (2.3.5)

Messaging Manager complies.

Closed (2.3.6)

Messaging Manager complies.

Outbound (2.3.7)

Messaging Manager complies. Messaging Manager can ignore outbind requests to a port if the port is configured not to receive.

Operation Matrix (2.4)

Relevance

The following compliance statements refer to Table 2-1 Operation Matrix of The Specification.

alert_notification

Messaging Manager complies.

Messaging Manager does not construct these messages but does relay them.

bind_receiver

Messaging Manager complies.

bind_receiver_ resp

bind_transceiver

Messaging Manager complies.

bind_transceiver_resp

Messaging Manager complies.

bind_transmitter

Messaging Manager complies.

bind_transmitter_resp

Messaging Manager complies.

broadcast_sm

Messaging Manager does not comply.

Code exists to decode the incoming broadcast message but ProtocolHandler::stateBound() does not consider this possibility and returns genericNack.

Messaging Manager does not construct this message.

broadcast_sm_ resp

Messaging Manager does not comply.

Code exists to decode the incoming broadcast message but ProtocolHandler::stateBound() does not consider this possibility and returns genericNack.

Messaging Manager does not construct this message.

cancel_broadcast_sm

Messaging Manager does not comply.

Code exists to decode the incoming broadcast message but ProtocolHandler::stateBound() does not consider this possibility and returns genericNack.

Messaging Manager does not construct this message.

cancel_broadcast_sm_resp

Messaging Manager does not comply.

Code exists to decode the incoming broadcast message but ProtocolHandler::stateBound() does not consider this possibility and returns genericNack.

Messaging Manager does not construct this message.

cancel_sm

Messaging Manager complies.

Messaging Manager does not construct these messages but, if in a bound state, sends on received cancel messages. These messages are sent straight to the outgoing ProtocolHandler, bypassing ACS and xmsTrigger.

cancel_sm_resp

Messaging Manager complies.

- Messaging Manager sends received cancel response messages if in a bound state.
- These messages are sent straight to the outgoing ProtocolHandler, bypassing ACS and xmsTrigger.
- Messaging Manager only constructs these messages to reply to the cancel_sm if it is unable to forward the cancel_sm.

data_sm

Messaging Manager complies.

data_sm_resp

Messaging Manager complies.

deliver_sm

Messaging Manager complies.

deliver_sm_resp

Messaging Manager complies.

enquire_link

Messaging Manager complies.

enquire_link_resp

Messaging Manager complies.

generic_nack

Messaging Manager complies.

outbind

Messaging Manager complies.

query_broadcast_sm

Messaging Manager does not comply.

- Code exists to decode the incoming broadcast message, but ProtocolHandler::stateBound() does not consider this possibility and returns a genericNack.
- Messaging Manager does not construct this type of message.

query_broadcast_sm_resp

Messaging Manager does not comply.

- Code exists to decode the incoming broadcast message, but ProtocolHandler::stateBound() does not consider this possibility and returns a genericNack.
- Messaging Manager does not construct this type of message.

query_sm

Messaging Manager complies.

- Messaging Manager does not construct these messages.
- Messaging Manager relays received query messages if in a bound state. These messages are sent straight to the outgoing ProtocolHandler, bypassing ACS and smsTrigger.

query_sm_resp

Messaging Manager complies.

- Messaging Manager relays received query messages if in a bound state. These messages are sent straight to the outgoing ProtocolHandler, bypassing ACS and smsTrigger.
- Messaging Manager only constructs these messages to reply to a query_sm if it is unable to forward the query_sm.

replace_sm

Messaging Manager complies.

- Messaging Manager does not construct these messages.
- Messaging Manager relays received replace messages if in a bound state. These messages are sent straight to the outgoing ProtocolHandler, bypassing ACS and smsTrigger.

replace_sm_resp

Messaging Manager complies.

- Messaging Manager relays received replace response messages if in a bound state. These messages are sent straight to the outgoing ProtocolHandler, bypassing ACS and smsTrigger.
- Messaging Manager only constructs these messages to reply to a replace_sm if it is unable to forward the replace_sm.

submit_multi

Messaging Manager complies.

submit_multi _ resp

Messaging Manager complies.

submit_sm

Messaging Manager complies.

submit_sm_resp

Messaging Manager complies.

unbind

unbind_resp

Messaging Manager complies.

PDU Sequencing (2.6)

The PDU Sequence Number (2.6.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

Messaging Manager follows the recommended practice of monotonically increasing a sequence number that starts at 1. The number will clock-over at 2^{31} -1.

Why use Monotonically Increasing Sequence numbers? (2.6.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

Sequence Numbers Across Sessions (2.6.3)

Messaging Manager complies.

Each Messaging Manager SMPP connection maintains its own sequence number.

Synchronous Vs. Asynchronous (2.6.4)

Messaging Manager complies.

Why Asynchronous? (2.6.5)

Messaging Manager complies.

Session Timers (2.7)

Relevance

The following compliance statements refer to Table 2-2 SMPP Session Timers of The Specification.

Session Init Timer

Messaging Manager does not comply.

The timer value is the configured outgoingTimeout value. However, when a TCP/IP outbind connection has been established and the ESME is waiting for the outbound message, Messaging Manager obtains a timer value from the idleTimeout configuration option.

Enquire Link Timer

Messaging Manager complies.

The timer value is obtained from the heartbeatTimeout value.

Inactivity Timer

Messaging Manager complies.

• The timer value is obtained from the heartbeatTimeout value.

• The timer value expires in all states but the expiry handling code checks the current state before taking action.

Response Timer

Messaging Manager complies.

The timer value is the configured outgoingTimeout value.

Error Handling (2.8)

Handling Connection Failure (2.8.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

- After a failed SMSC connection attempt, the IP plugin tries every 10 seconds to reconnect.
- If an established connection is lost, reconnection attempts are only made if the connection is to an SMSC.
- Section 2.8.1 recommends retry for outbinds, but this is not performed by Messaging Manager itself.

Operation Failure (2.8.2)

The following six statements refer to the bulleted list in The Standard.

The PDU is unrecognised

Messaging Manager complies.

If a command ID cannot be determined, a genericNack is returned with ESME_RINVCMDID set.

The PDU is malformed

Messaging Manager complies.

- If a command ID cannot be determined, a genericNack is returned with ESME_RINVCMDID set.
- If the section length of a PDU is the reason for the command ID not being determined, ESME_RINVCMDLEN is returned in a genericNack.
- See also command_status, error_status_code (4.7.6) (on page 29).

Invalid Field Length

Messaging Manager does not comply.

The type of message returned is a genericNack with ESME_RINVCMDID. This is not a response of the appropriate type.

The PDU data is unexpected and deemed invalid

Messaging Manager complies.

Messaging Manager does not need to consider any message data as invalid.

The PDU is not allowed in the current session state

Where the received message does not have an appropriate response message type, genericNack is used.

The ESME or MC is restricting the use of certain PDUs or features

Messaging Manager complies.

Messaging Manager does not restrict the use of certain PDUs.

Flow Control and Congestion Avoidance (2.9)

Compliance statement

Messaging Manager does not comply.

- Messages that are unaltered by Messaging Manager and leave via the originating plugin will pass on any encoded congestion_state TLV correctly. However, all Messaging Manager constructed messages, and messages arriving from other plugins will not add a congestion_state TLV to a response.
- To become fully compliant, the GenericSM class:
 - needs to be extended to include a representation of the congestion_state TLV, and
 - needs to populate the TLV from the GenericSM in the outgoing plugin.

Some method of determining Messaging Manager's own congestion state (and populating GenericSM with it) would also be desirable.

Session Security and Encryption (2.10)

Leased Lines (2.10.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

The privacy of the network where Messaging Manager is deployed is obviously not determined by Messaging Manager itself.

Secure Transport Layer (2.10.2)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

- The SMPP plugin uses cmn::Socket for its connections. cmn::Socket does not support SSL.
- To become compliant:
 - SSL support needs to be added to the socket class, and
 - configuration for the SSL connection needs to be added to the plugin.

Secure VPN (2.10.3)

Messaging Manager complies.

For this type of encryption, there are no demands placed on either the ESME or MC.

Secure Tunnel (2.10.4)

Messaging Manager complies.

For this type of encryption, there are no demands placed on either the ESME or MC.

Forward and Backward Compatibility (2.11)

General

Messaging Manager complies with clause 2.11.

With bind requests, Messaging Manager sets interface_version to either the ASP's version or the version in Messaging Manager's **eserv.config**, whichever is the smaller. Only 0x34 and 0x50 are considered valid values.

Forward Compatibility (2.11.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

If a message leaves by the plugin that received it, unrecognised TLVs are inserted into the outgoing message.

Backward Compatibility (2.11.2)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

- Messaging Manager does not correctly support connections to an ESME or MC that only supports SMPP version 3.3 or earlier.
- In several places Messaging Manager adds TLVs to messages which may be SMPP version 3.3.
- No check on the messageld size is made, so it is possible to send a messageld greater than 8 octets in size.

Compliance Statements For SMPP Parameter and PDU Format (3)

Overview

Introduction

This chapter states the compliance of Messaging Manager with clauses of Section 3 of *The Specification*.

In this chapter

 This chapter contains the following topics.

 Parameter Type Definitions (3.1)

 General PDU Format (3.2)

 13

Parameter Type Definitions (3.1)

SMPP PDU Parameter Types (Table 3-1)

Messaging Manager complies.

NULL Settings (3.1.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

SMPP Parameter Field Size Notation (3.1.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

General PDU Format (3.2)

SMPP PDU Format (Table 3-4)

Messaging Manager complies.

PDU Format (3.2.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

Command_length (3.2.1.1)

Command_id (3.2.1.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

Command_status (3.2.1.3)

Messaging Manager complies.

Responses will not include a message body if the command status is non-zero.

Sequence_number (3.2.1.4)

Messaging Manager complies.

Standard Parameters (3.2.1.5)

Messaging Manager complies.

TLV Parameters (3.2.1.6)

Messaging Manager complies.

Note that for mandatory TLVs, Messaging Manager expects the order to be the same as that specified in *The Standard*.

A sample PDU (3.2.2)

Compliance Statements For SMPP PDU Definitions (4)

Overview

Introduction

This chapter states the compliance of Messaging Manager with clauses of Section 4 of *The Specification*.

In this chapter

This chapter contains the following topics.

Session Management Operations (4.1)	. 15
Message Submission Operations (4.2)	. 17
Message Delivery Operations (4.3)	. 23
Message Broadcast Operations (4.4)	. 25
Ancillary Submission Operations (4.5)	. 26
Ancillary Broadcast Operations (4.6)	. 27
PDU Field Definitions (4.7)	. 28
PDU TLV Definitions (4.8).	. 35

Session Management Operations (4.1)

General

When specified, no limits are enforced for the parameters described in this section. However limits exist in the Messaging Manager database and the Routing Scheme subsystem which will limit the size of the specific parameter being passed on to the SMPP interface:

- The database and routing scheme limit the password to 50 and 51 characters respectively.
- The database and routingScheme limit the system_id to 15 and 16 characters respectively.

Bind Operation (4.1.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

bind_transmitter Syntax (4.1.1.1)

- No limit is placed on the length of a C-Octet string.
- If configured incorrectly, Messaging Manager creates bind operations with passwords longer than nine characters.

bind_transmitter_resp Syntax (4.1.1.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

- The maximum of 16 characters for system_id is not enforced.
- sc_interface_version is not used.

bind_receiver Syntax (4.1.1.3)

Messaging Manager complies.

The maximum of 16 characters for system_id is not enforced.

bind_receiver_ resp Syntax (4.1.1.4)

Messaging Manager complies.

- The maximum of 16 characters for system_id is not enforced.
- sc_interface_version is not used.

bind_transceiver Syntax (4.1.1.5)

Messaging Manager complies.

The maximum number of characters is not enforced for the variable length fields.

bind_transceiver_resp Syntax (4.1.1.6)

Messaging Manager complies.

- The maximum number of characters is not enforced for the variable length fields.
- sc_interface_version is not used.

outbind Syntax (4.1.1.7)

Messaging Manager complies.

The maximum number of characters is not enforced for the variable length fields.

unbind Syntax (4.1.1.8)

Messaging Manager complies.

unbind_resp Syntax (4.1.1.9)

Messaging Manager complies.

Enquire Link Operation (4.1.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

Messaging Manager takes any message type as a valid response.

enquire_link Syntax (4.1.2.1)

enquire_link_resp Syntax (4.1.2.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

Alert Notification Operation (4.1.3)

Messaging Manager complies.

Messaging Manager does not construct these messages. It forwards them from the sender to the receiver.

alert_notification Syntax (4.1.3.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

Messaging Manager can decode and encode these messages correctly, but does not create them. In its current form, if Messaging Manager were to create an alert_notification message, the Address size maximum would not be enforced.

Generic NACK Operation (4.1.4)

Messaging Manager complies.

generic_nack Syntax (4.1.4.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

Message Submission Operations (4.2)

submit_sm Syntax (4.2.1.1)

- Messaging Manager does not check for exceeding the maximum length of the variable length fields.
- The SMPP submit_sm message is stored as a GenericSM object. The GenericSM class is subclassed from the GenericMessage parent class with message type set to Submit.
- The mapping from SMPP to GenericSM is described for each parameter as follows.
 - service_type is set to null for outgoing messages. For incoming messages service_type is used to set the teleservice and allowAlternateDelivery via the teleserviceRoutingMap.
 - source_addr_ton, source_addr_npi, source_addr is stored as the GenericMessage::OriginatingAddress in GenericSM.
 - dest_addr_ton, dest_addr_npi, dest_addr is stored as the GenericMessage::DestinationAddress in GenericSM.
 - esm_class is not stored as one field in submit_sm, but individual bits are set/read from many fields. The esm_class is stored in multiple fields in the GenericMessage/GenericSM:

SMPP esm_class bits	GenericSM fields
0x3c (Message Type: Bits 2-5)	Determines how the message type is set. See <i>MC Delivery Receipt</i> (4.3.5.1) (on page 24), <i>Intermediate Notification</i> (4.3.5.2) (on page 24), <i>SME Delivery Acknowledgement</i> (4.3.5.3) (on page 25), <i>SME Manual/User Acknowledgement</i> (4.3.5.4) (on page 25) and <i>Conversation Abort</i> (4.3.5.5) (on page 25) for information on delivery receipt handling.
0x40 (GSM Specific: UDHI Bit)	Used to determine the presence of a userDataHeader (GenericSM:: userDataHeaderPresent).

SMPP esm_class bits	GenericSM fields
0x03 (Messaging Mode: Bits 1-0)	GenericSM::singleShot (0x01 => true, all others => false).
0x80 (GSM Specific: Reply	ProvideReplyPath (direct copy)
Path Bit)	GenericMessage::allowAlternateDelivery (false for non zero).

- protocol_id is stored in GenericSM::protocolldentifier.
- priority_flag is stored in GenericMessage::priorityIndicator (0 => PriorityNormal, 1=> PriorityInteractive).
- schedule_delivery_time is not stored in GenericSM. Therefore only maintained if the message exits Messaging Manager via the incoming plugin and is not modified.
- validity_period qos_time_to_live is ignored by Messaging Manager when creating GenericSM. The validity period is converted to the GenericSM::ValidityPeriod class and stored in GenericSM::validityPeriod.
- registered_delivery is stored in GenericSM::statusReportRequest for non-deliver_sm messages. deliver_sm requests with registered_delivery are ignored and not stored in GenericSM::statusReportRequest. Messaging Manager outbound messages have registeredDelivery updated to reflect the statusReportRequest field of GenericSM.

GenericSM::statusReportRequest	Effect on registeredDelivery
xmsRequested, bothRequested	Set bit 0 to 1 and bit 1 to 0.
SmeRequested	Set to 1 if registeredDelivery is 0.
NotRequired	Set to 0.

- replace_if_present_flag is not stored in GenericSM.
- data_coding is generally stored in GenericSM as GenericSM::desiredAlphabet and also in several other fields for GSM data coding values. DataCodingElement structure is used as an intermediary in the mapping of data_coding to and from GenericSM parameters. The SMPP data_coding value is mapped and stored in one or more of the following parameters of the GenericSM:
 - desiredAlphabet
 - messageClass only for GSM MC data_coding values.
 - mwg (MessageWaitingGroup) only for GSM MWI data_coding values.
 - mwi (messageWaitingIndicator) only for GSM MWI data_coding values.
 - mwt (MessageWaitingType) only for GSM MWI data_coding values.

See data_coding (4.7.7) (on page 31) for additional details.

- sm_default_msg_id is not stored in GenericSM.
- sm_length is not stored in GenericSM. Instead the field is generated on outgoing messages from the userData.
- short_message The message_payload TLV is read by Messaging Manager with priority over the short_message field. If no message_payload is present, the short_message field is stored in GenericSM::userData. Outgoing messages have short_message set to the userData (with no message_payload TLV present) if less than 255 in size, otherwise it is set in the message_payload TLV.
- message_submission TLVs are considered in section Message Submission Request TLVs (4.2.4) (on page 19).

submit_sm_resp Syntax (4.2.1.2)

- Messaging Manager does not check for exceeding the maximum length of the variable length fields.
- Messaging Manager stores the message as a GenericSMResult.
- message_id is stored as GenericSMResult::deliverReceiptId.

• message_submission response TLVs are considered in section Message Submission Response TLVs (4.2.5) (on page 21).

data_sm Syntax (4.2.2.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

- Messaging Manager does not check for exceeding the maximum length of the variable length fields. The fields are used in the same way as submit_sm to construct an Messaging Manager GenericSM.
- The GenericMessage message type is set to MT_Submit if the message comes from an SME, or MT_Deliver if the message comes from an SMSC.

data_sm_resp Syntax (4.2.2.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

- Messaging Manager does not check for exceeding the maximum length of the variable length fields.
- The fields are used in the same way as submit_sm_resp to construct an Messaging Manager GenericSMResult.

submit_multi Syntax (4.2.3.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

- submit_multi messages are processed internally in Messaging Manager by creating a GenericSM for each terminating address. The handling of each field is thus the same as for submit_sm, with the exception of destinationAddress.
- The GenericMessage message type is set to Submit.
- Distribution Lists are recognised but not supported. ESME_RCNTSUBDL, "Cannot Submit to Distribution List", is returned.
- Although individual GenericSM components may be modified by Messaging Manager, these changes are not incorporated into the submit_multi forwarded to the SMSC, as any choice would be arbitrary. The forwarded submit_multi is derived from the originating message.

submit_multi_ resp Syntax (4.2.3.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

Messaging Manager does not check for exceeding the maximum length of the variable length fields. The fields are used in the same way as submit_sm_resp to construct a Messaging Manager GenericSMResult. The GenericSMResult has no knowledge of the unsuccess_sme structure, as it deals with only a single message. The SMPP plugin does, however, create the unsuccess_sme from the individual submit_sm_resps.

Message Submission Request TLVs (4.2.4)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

The following table sets out the way Messaging Manager manages each of the TLVs listed in Table 4-20 of *The Specification*. A TLV stated as being ignored by Messaging Manager can still be passed on if the message is unchanged and the message uses the same outgoing and incoming plugin.

TLV Name	Messaging Manager treatment
alert_on_msg_delivery	Ignored
billing_identification	Ignored

TLV Name	Messaging Manager treatment	
callback_num	Ignored	
callback_num_atag	Ignored	
callback_num_pres_ind	Ignored	
dest_addr_np_country	Ignored	
dest_addr_np_information	Ignored	
dest_addr_np_resolution	Ignored	
dest_addr_subunit	Stored in GenericSM::messageClass. Present in outgoing messages if value is not GenericSM::MessageClassNone.	
dest_bearer_type	Ignored	
dest_network_id	Ignored	
dest_network_type	Stored in GenericMessage::messageProtocol.	
dest_node_id	Ignored	
dest_subaddress	Ignored	
dest_telematics_id	Ignored	
dest_port	Ignored	
display_time	Ignored	
its_reply_type	Ignored	
its_session_info	Ignored	
language_indicator	Ignored	
message_payload	Used to create the GenericSM::userData. Present on outgoing messages when userData > 255 characters.	
more_messages_to_send	Ignored	
ms_msg_wait_facilities	Stored in GenericSM::mwt (MessageWaitingType) and GenericSM::mwi (MessageWaitingIndicator).	
ms_validity	Stored in GenericSM::mwg (MessageWaitingGroup). Only value 0 (Store Indefinitely) will be correctly saved. Other values will be treated as GenericSM::MessageWaitingGroupDiscard. Outgoing messages will contain values 0 (Store Indefinitely) or 3 (Display Only) only.	
number_of_messages	Ignored	
payload_type	Ignored	
privacy_indicator	Ignored	
qos_time_to_live	Ignored	
sar_msg_ref_num	Stored in GenericSM::segmentReference. Outgoing messages will either have this reference in the userDataHeader or this TLV (depending on if the message was modified by MMX).	
sar_segment_seqnum	Stored in GenericSM::segmentNumber. Outgoing messages will either have this reference in the userDataHeader or this TLV (depending on if the message was modified by Messaging Manager).	
sar_total_segments	Stored in GenericSM::segmentCount. Outgoing messages will either have this reference in the userDataHeader or this TLV (depending on if the message was modified by Messaging Manager).	
set_dpf	Ignored	
sms_signal	Ignored	

TLV Name	Messaging Manager treatment
source_addr_subunit	Ignored
source_bearer_type	Ignored
source_network_id	Used to set the GenericSM::sourceLocationInformation, which is triggered to ACS as the location number.
source_network_type	Ignored
source_node_id	Ignored
source_port	Ignored
source_subaddress	Ignored
source_telematics_id	Ignored
user_message_reference	Stored in GenericSM::messageReference. Present in outgoing messages if value grater than zero.
user_response_code	Ignored
ussd_service_op	Ignored

Message Submission Response TLVs (4.2.5)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

A TLV stated as being ignored by Messaging Manager can still be passed on if the message is unchanged and the message uses the same outgoing and incoming plugin.

The following table sets out the way Messaging Manager manages each of the TLVs listed in Table 4-21 of *The Specification*.

TLV Name	Messaging Manager treatment
additional_status_info_text	Ignored
delivery_failure_reason	Ignored
dpf_result	Ignored
network_error_code	Ignored

Source and Destination Addressing (4.2.6)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

- Messaging Manager does not consider that the source_addr may be NULL. The originating address
 is populated by the source fields, regardless of their values.
- Messaging Manager complies partially in that it understands the TON, NPI and address fields of a mobile number.

International and National Format (4.2.6.1.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

Alphanumeric Format (4.2.6.1.2)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

• The AMC part of Messaging Manager does not comply because ACS is triggered by BcdDigits which cannot handle alphabetical characters.

• Messaging Manager complies if a message does not trigger a call-plan.

NPI (4.2.6.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

Messaging Manager also handles an NPI of 13 to represent PC:SSN. This value should only be used for SCCP level addresses.

ESME Addresses (4.2.6.3)

Compliance statements are made under the following headings:

- Service Short Code
- International Number, and
- NULL Address.

These headings correspond to the bullet list in clause 4.2.6.3 of The Specification.

Service Short Code

Messaging Manager complies.

International Number

Messaging Manager complies.

NULL Address

Messaging Manager does not comply.

Messaging Manager cannot substitute a default source address into the GenericSM. A non-NULL address is required for a delivery receipt to be sent. This could be implemented in the future with a simple change to the originating plugin.

Message Replace operation in submit_sm (4.2.7)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

The replace_if_present flag is ignored by Messaging Manager, and not placed in outgoing messages (unless the message is unaltered and goes out the incoming plugin). The service_type field is also not preserved by Messaging Manager. replace_sm messages are forwarded on, so this is the only way to send a message replace through Messaging Manager.

Message Length (4.2.8)

Messaging Manager complies.

Messaging Manager can handle up to 255 characters in short_message. Messages that are too long will be placed in the message_payload TLV. Messaging Manager does not consider the possibility of the MC only having space for 140 octets (that is, the 255 limit is hard-coded).

Registered (4.2.9.1)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

See submit_sm Syntax (4.2.1.1) (on page 17).

Scheduled (4.2.9.2)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

The scheduled_delivery_value is ignored in constructing a GenericSM. However, Messaging Manager is capable of detecting the presence of the scheduled_delivery_value and such messages will be FDAbarred internally so that these messages, where appropriate, will be sent to an alternative Message Centre for proper handling at the scheduled delivery time.

Pre-defined (4.2.9.3)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

The sm_default_msg_id is not stored in the GenericSM class. Messaging Manager does not examine this value on incoming messages either.

Message Modes (4.2.10)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

The esm_class value is not directly stored in GenericSM. See the following four compliance statements for more detail.

Default Message Mode (4.2.10.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

If the incoming message has bits 0 and 1 set to zero, so will the outgoing message.

Store and Forward Message Mode (4.2.10.2)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

This part of the esm_class is reconstructed as 00 (default message mode) if the outgoing message is changed and is not singleShot.

Datagram Message Mode (4.2.10.3)

Messaging Manager complies.

The singleShot variable in GenericSM correctly captures this behaviour. Note that the delivery receipt may still be requested via the registered_delivery field.

Transaction Message Mode (4.2.10.4)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

Messaging Manager does not set bit 1 to 1 for an altered message. Note that an SMPP Transaction mode message which came into Messaging Manager has allowAlternateDelivery set to false, so we will go out the same plugin, and the outgoing message will be Transaction mode, provided the singleShot nature was not changed by Messaging Manager.

Message Delivery Operations (4.3)

deliver_sm Syntax (4.3.1.1)

- A deliver_sm is handled similarly to a submit_sm. See *submit_sm Syntax (4.2.1.1)* (on page 17) for detailed handling of each message tag.
- genericMessage's message type is set to Deliver unless the deliver_sm contains a delivery receipt. See *MC Delivery Receipt (4.3.5.1)* on this page, *Intermediate Notification (4.3.5.2)* on this page, *SME Delivery Acknowledgement (4.3.5.3)* (on page 25), *SME Manual/User Acknowledgement (4.3.5.4)* (on page 25) and *Conversation Abort (4.3.5.5)* (on page 25).

deliver_sm_resp Syntax (4.3.1.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

- A deliver_sm is handled similarly to a submit_sm. The main difference is that the GenericMessage::messageType is changed to MT_Notify for a Status Report.
- See *submit_sm_resp Syntax (4.2.1.2)* (on page 18) for a detailed description of the handling of each message tag.

data_sm Operation (4.3.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

See *data_sm Syntax (4.2.2.1)* (on page 19) and *data_sm_resp Syntax (4.2.2.2)* (on page 19) for more information.

Message Delivery Request TLVs (4.3.3)

TLVs not covered in *Message Submission Request TLVs (4.2.4)* (on page 19) and *Message Submission Response TLVs (4.2.5)* (on page 21) are listed in the following table.

TLV Name	Messaging Manager treatment
message_state	Stored in GenericSM::deliverySucceeded (as equal to DELIVERED or not). This field is set to false if the TLV is not present.
receipted_message_id	Stored in GenericSM::deliveryReceiptId. This field is set to blank if the TLV is not present.

Message Delivery Response TLVs (4.3.4)

For compliance statements see Message Submission Response TLVs (4.2.5) (on page 21).

MC Delivery Receipt (4.3.5.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

- message_state and receipted_message_id are observed, but the network_error_id field is ignored by Messaging Manager.
- The GenericMessage's message type is set to Notify and message contents set to Delivery Receipt.

Intermediate Notification (4.3.5.2)

- If the MC passes Messaging Manager one of these messages, it will pass it on (setting allowAlternateDelivery to false). Of the fields listed as important, only network_error_id is ignored by Messaging Manager.
- The GenericMessage's message type is set to Notify and message contents set to Delivery Receipt.

SME Delivery Acknowledge-ment (4.3.5.3)

Messaging Manager complies.

- If the MC passes Messaging Manager one of these messages, it will pass it on (setting allowAlternateDelivery to false).
- The GenericMessage's message type is set to Notify and message contents set to Delivery Receipt.

SME Manual/User Acknowledge-ment (4.3.5.4)

Messaging Manager complies.

If the MC passes Messaging Manager one of these messages, it will pass it on (setting allowAlternateDelivery to false).

The GenericMessage's message type is set to Notify and message contents set to Delivery Receipt.

Conversation Abort (4.3.5.5)

Messaging Manager complies.

If the MC passes Messaging Manager one of these messages, Messaging Manager will pass it on.

Message Broadcast Operations (4.4)

broadcast_sm Operation (4.4.1)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

Messaging Manager responds to broadcast_sm messages with a genericNack.

broadcast_sm Syntax (4.4.1.1)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

- Messaging Manager does not attempt to construct a GenericMessage. Messaging Manager does not attempt to handle individual fields or interpreted them.
- Messaging Manager can construct a fully compliant internal representation of a broadcast_sm, but it cannot translate this object to GenericMessage.

broadcast_sm_ resp Syntax (4.4.1.2)

Messaging Manager does not comply. See *broadcast_sm Operation (4.4.1)*, above.

Broadcast Request Optional TLVs (4.4.2)

Messaging Manager does not comply. See *broadcast_sm Operation (4.4.1)*, above.

Broadcast Response Optional TLVs (4.4.3)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

See broadcast_sm Operation (4.4.1), above.

Message Replacement with broadcast_sm (4.4.4)

Messaging Manager does not comply. See *broadcast_sm Operation (4.4.1)*, above.

Ancillary Submission Operations (4.5)

cancel_sm Operation (4.5.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

cancel_sm operations are sent straight to the outgoing protocolHandler, never entering xmsTrigger or ACS. Thus, the message passed on is an exact copy of the incoming message.

cancel_sm Syntax (4.5.1.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

The incoming message is copied to the outgoing message, so Messaging Manager is compliant, assuming that the message originator is compliant.

cancel_sm_resp Syntax (4.5.1.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

See cancel_sm Syntax (4.5.1.1) (on page 26).

query_sm Operation (4.5.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

query_sm operations are sent straight to the outgoing protocolHandler, never entering xmsTrigger or ACS. Thus, the message passed on is an exact copy of the incoming message.

query_sm Syntax (4.5.2.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

The incoming message is copied to the outgoing message, so Messaging Manager is compliant, assuming that the message originator is compliant.

query_sm_resp Syntax (4.5.2.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

See query_sm Syntax (4.5.2.1) (on page 26).

replace_sm Operation (4.5.3)

Messaging Manager complies.

replace_sm operations are sent straight to the outgoing protocolHandler, never entering xmsTrigger or ACS. Thus, the message passed on is an exact copy of the incoming message.

replace_sm Syntax (4.5.3.1)

The incoming message is copied to the outgoing message, so Messaging Manager is compliant, assuming that the message originator is compliant.

replace_sm_resp Syntax (4.5.3.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

See replace_sm Syntax (4.5.3.1) (on page 26).

Message Replacement TLVs (4.5.3.3)

Messaging Manager complies. See *replace_sm Syntax (4.5.3.1)* (on page 26).

Ancillary Broadcast Operations (4.6)

query_broadcast_sm Operation (4.6.1)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

Messaging Manager responds to query_broadcast_sm messages with a genericNack.

query_broadcast_sm Syntax (4.6.1.1)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

- Messaging Manager does not attempt to construct a GenericMessage. Messaging Manager does not attempt to handle individual fields nor does it interpret them.
- Messaging Manager can construct a fully compliant internal representation of a query_broadcast_sm, but it cannot translate the representation to a GenericMessage.

Query Broadcast Request Optional TLVs (4.6.1.2)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

See query_broadcast_sm Operation (4.6.1) in this topic.

query_broadcast_sm_resp Syntax (4.6.1.3)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

See query_broadcast_sm Operation (4.6.1) in this topic.

Query Broadcast Response Optional TLVs (4.6.1.4)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

See query_broadcast_sm Operation (4.6.1) in this topic.

cancel_broadcast_sm Operation (4.6.2)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

• Messaging Manager does not attempt to construct a GenericMessage. Messaging Manager does not attempt to handle individual fields nor does it interpret them.

• Messaging Manager can construct a fully compliant internal representation of a cancel_broadcast_sm, but it cannot translate the representation to a GenericMessage.

cancel_broadcast_sm Syntax (4.6.2.1)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

See cancel_broadcast_sm Operation (4.6.2) in this topic.

Cancel Broadcast Optional TLVs (4.6.2.2)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

See cancel_broadcast_sm Operation (4.6.2) in this topic.

cancel_broadcast_sm_resp Syntax (4.6.2.3)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

See cancel_broadcast_sm Operation (4.6.2) in this topic.

PDU Field Definitions (4.7)

addr_ton, source_addr_ton, dest_addr_ton, esme_addr_ton (4.7.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

addr_npi, source_addr_npi, dest_addr_npi, esme_addr_npi (4.7.2)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

The values for Internet (IP) and WAP Client Id are not considered. Messaging Manager also has an extra value of 13 for point codes.

address_range (4.7.3)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

address_range is always NULL in messages constructed by Messaging Manager. The value of the field is ignored in interpreting messages received by Messaging Manager.

UNIX Regular Expressions (4.7.3.1)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

Not relevant as the address_range is never used by Messaging Manager. See *address_range (4.7.3)* (on page 28).

command_length (4.7.4)

Messaging Manager complies.

command_id (4.7.5)

command_status, error_status_ code (4.7.6)

Messaging Manager complies.

- All values are correct.
- Errors not explicitly mentioned as transientFailures are treated as permanentFailures.
- If a message is throttled by Messaging Manager, a status code determined by the throttledCommandStatus configuration parameter will be returned. This defaults to ESME_RTHROTTLED.
- "Not used" implies that incoming messages are not checked for the associated error.
- For the Reject action, Messaging Manager can be configured to return any SMPP error_code. To do this Messaging Manager uses a configured mapping from ACS CS1ReleaseCause. If configured by the user, all cause codes are treated as "Compliant in outbound direction".

Command status name Usage compliance ESME ROK Messaging Manager complies. Treated as GenericSMResult::resultSuccess. ESME RINVMSGLEN Messaging Manager complies. Messaging Manager complies. ESME RINVCMDLEN ESME RINVCMDID Messaging Manager complies. ESME RINVBNDSTS Messaging Manager complies. Receipt is treated as a GenericSMResult::resultTransientFailure. ESME RALYBND Messaging Manager complies. ESME RINVPRTFLG Not used. ESME_RINVREGDLVFLG Not used. ESME RSYSERR Messaging Manager complies. In the message outbound direction, receipt is treated as a GenericSMResult::resultTransient-Failure. In the message inbound direction, an abort result type (GenericSMResult::resultAbort) will cause this code to be sent. ESME RINVSRCADR Not used ESME RINVDSTADR Not used Not used ESME RINVMSGID Messaging Manager complies. ESME RBINDFAIL ESME_RINVPASWD Not used Not used ESME RINVSYSID ESME RCANCELFAIL Messaging Manager complies. Messaging Manager complies. ESME_RREPLACEFAIL ESME RMSGQFUL Messaging Manager complies. Messaging Manager is configured with maxConcurrentTransactions. When this is exceeded, MSGQFUL is replied to the sender. Receipt of a MSGQFUL is treated as an GenericSMResult::resultTransient-Failure

Default "Not Used" cause code values are shown in the following table.

Command status name	Usage compliance
ESME_RINVSERTYP	Not used
ESME_RINVNUMDESTS	Not used
ESME_RINVDLNAME	Not used
ESME_RINVDESTFLAG	Not used
ESME_RINVSUBREP	Not used
ESME_RINVESMCLASS	Not used
ESME_RCNTSUBDL	Messaging Manager complies.
ESME_RSUBMITFAIL	Not used
ESME_RINVSRCTON	Not used
ESME_RINVSRCNPI	Not used
ESME_RINVDSTTON	Not used
ESME_RINVDSTNPI	Not used
ESME_RINVSYSTYP	Not used
ESME_RINVREPFLAG	Not used
ESME_RINVNUMMSGS	Not used
ESME_RTHROTTLED	Messaging Manager complies.
	The throttling response code can be changed via the eserv.config default smpp parameter 'throttledCommandStatus'.
ESME_RINVSCHED	Not used
ESME_RINVEXPIRY	Not used
ESME_RINVDFTMSGID	Not used
ESME_RX_T_APPN	Treated as a GenericSMResult::resultTransient-Failure. TransientFailures are mapped to this value. Also used for duplicate sequence numbers and failure to send a message to transaction or to construct a transaction object.
ESME_RX_P_APPN	PermanentFailures are mapped to this.
ESME_RX_R_APPN	Treated as a GenericSMResult::resultTransientFailure.
ESME_RQUERYFAIL	Messaging Manager complies.
ESME_RINVTLVSTREAM	Not used
ESME_RTLVNOTALLWD	Not used
ESME_RINVTLVLEN	Not used
ESME_RMISSINGTLV	Messaging Manager complies.
ESME_RINVTLVVAL	Not used
ESME_RDELIVERYFAILURE	Not used
ESME_RUNKNOWNERR	Messaging Manager complies.
	Receipt is treated as a GenericSMResult::resultTransient- Failure.
ESME_RSERTYPUNAUTH	Receipt is treated as a GenericSMResult::resultTransient- Failure.
ESME_RPROHIBITED	Not used.
ESME_RSERTYPUNAVAIL	Not used
ESME_RSERTYPDENIED	Not used
ESME_RINVDCS	Not used

30 Short Message Peer-to-Peer Protocol (SMPP) Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement

Command status name	Usage compliance
ESME_RINVSRCADDRSUBUNIT	Not used
ESME_RINVDSTADDRSUBUNIT	Not used
ESME_RINVBCASTFREQINT	Not used
ESME_RINVBCASTALIAS_NAME	Not used
ESME_RINVBCASTAREAFMT	Not used
ESME_RINVNUMBCAST_AREAS	Not used
ESME_RINVBCASTCNTTYPE	Not used
ESME_RINVBCASTMSGCLASS	Not used
ESME_RBCASTFAIL	Not used
ESME_RBCASTQUERYFAIL	Not used
ESME_RBCASTCANCELFAIL	Not used
ESME_RINVBCAST_REP	Not used
ESME_RINVBCASTSRVGRP	Not used
ESME_RINVBCASTCHANIND	Not used

data_coding (4.7.7)

Messaging Manager complies.

See submit_sm Syntax (4.2.1.1) (on page 17).

- Generally, data_coding is stored in GenericSM::desiredAlphabet, but depending on its value (for GSM MWI and GSM MC values), data_coding may also be stored in:
 - GenericSM::mwi (message waiting indicator)
 - GenericSM::mwg (message waiting group)
 - GenericSM::mwt (message waiting type)
 - GenericSM::messageClass
- Except for GenericSM::desiredAlphabet, the presence of SMPP's optional parameters such as
 - TLV ms_validity,
 - TLV ms_msg_wait_facilities, and
 - TLV dest_addr_subunit

will override the GenericSM mwi, mwg, mwt and/or messageClass parameters described above.

- In Messaging Manager, data_coding is mapped to and from a dataCodingElement structure. Messaging Manager uses inboundDataCodingMap and outboundDataCodingMap of the SMPP Plugin. The dataCodingElement:
 - is used to populate the GenericSM parameters described above for the inbound case, and
 - is populated from the GenericSM parameters described above for the outbound case.

destination_addr (4.7.8)

Messaging Manager complies.

dest_flag (4.7.9)

Messaging Manager complies.

Messaging Manager does not support distribution lists themselves.

dl_name (4.7.10)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

esme_addr (4.7.11)

Messaging Manager complies.

esm_class (4.7.12)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

- Set Reply Path Bit (Bit 7) is stored in GenericSM::provideReplyPath.
- UDHI Bit (Bit 6) is recognised but not stored in GenericSM. It is used to stop alternate delivery of concatenated messages when no UDHI is present. Messaging Manager will not use esm_class to carry segmentation information if it is carried in TLVs.
- Bit 4 (Conversation Abort and manual/user ack) is ignored by Messaging Manager.
- See submit_sm Syntax (4.2.1.1) (on page 17).

interface_version (4.7.13)

Messaging Manager complies.

message_id (4.7.14)

MMC complies.

message_state (4.7.15)

Messaging Manager complies.

Query messages are not interpreted by Messaging Manager, simply passed on, so Messaging Manager does not react to or alter this field.

no_unsuccess (4.7.16)

Messaging Manager complies.

number_of_dests (4.7.17)

Messaging Manager complies.

password (4.7.18)

Messaging Manager complies.

priority_flag (4.7.19)

Messaging Manager complies.

• Stored in GenericMessage:: priorityIndicator.

• Messaging Manager uses the IS-95/ANSI-41 compliant priority mapping. The mapping from these values to ANSI-136 is described below (converting from left to right).

ANSI-136	ANSI-41	ANSI-136
Bulk	Normal	Normal
Normal	Interactive	Urgent
Urgent	Urgent	Urgent
Very urgent	Emergency	Very urgent

protocol_id (4.7.20)

Messaging Manager complies.

Value is stored in GenericSM::protocolldentifier.

registered_ delivery (4.7.21)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

Bits 0 and 1 are altered. All other bits are left alone. Outgoing messages have the same pattern. Messaging Manager does not compliantly set bit 1. See *submit_sm Syntax (4.2.1.1)* (on page 17).

replace_if_ present_flag (4.7.22)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

Value is not stored in GenericSM, so is essentially ignored by Messaging Manager, unless the message is copied to the outgoing plugin unaltered.

scheduled_delivery_time (4.7.23.1)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

scheduled_delivery_time is not stored in GenericSM and is ignored by Messaging Manager, unless scheduled_delivery_time is copied to the outgoing plugin unaltered. However, for cases where FDA may be relevant for the message, Messaging Manager recognises the presence of scheduled_delivery_time, bypasses FDA and passes scheduled_delivery_time to the SMSC for proper handling at the correct scheduled delivery time.

validity_period (4.7.23.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

final_date (4.7.23.3)

Messaging Manager complies.

Only used for queries not deciphered by Messaging Manager.

Absolute Time Format (4.7.23.4)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

• Tens of seconds are ignored by Messaging Manager.

• Messaging Manager stores absolute time internally as seconds since midnight UTC on 1 January 1970.

Relative Time Format (4.7.23.5)

Messaging Manager complies.

Messaging Manager stores relative time internally as a number of seconds to offset.

sequence_number (4.7.24)

Messaging Manager complies.

service_type (4.7.25)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

- For outgoing messages that are altered or generated, service_type is set to null.
- For incoming messages:
 - service_type is used to set the teleservice and allowAlternateDelivery via the teleserviceRoutingMap.
 - Implicit association of a function from a service type such as "replace if present" is not supported.

short_message (4.7.26)

Messaging Manager complies.

sm_default_msg_id (4.7.27)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

sm_default_msg_id is not stored in GenericSM. Messaging Manager ignores sm_default_msg_id unless it is copied, unmodified, to the outgoing plugin.

sm_length (4.7.28)

Messaging Manager complies.

This value is not stored internally in Messaging Manager, but calculated from the current message length. The value is correctly set to 0 if a message_payload TLV is being used.

source_addr (4.7.29)

Messaging Manager complies.

Stored in the originatingAddress field of GenericMessage. A value of NULL is not supported by Messaging Manager.

system_id (4.7.30)

Messaging Manager complies.

system_type (4.7.31)

Messaging Manager complies.

Set from the configuration option "systemType".

PDU TLV Definitions (4.8)

Position of TLVs in SMPP messages (4.8)

Messaging Manager complies.

TLV Tag (4.8.1)

Messaging Manager complies.

Messaging Manager uses some TLV tag values internally, mainly for holding values from the EmiProtocolHandler. These TLV values are listed in the following table.

Tag Name	Tag Value
vmsc_address	0x3680
num_septets	0x3681
tdma_priority	0x3682
message_modified	0x3683

TLV Length (4.8.2)

Messaging Manager complies.

TLV Value (4.8.3)

Messaging Manager complies.

TLV Definitions (4.8.4)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

Where a TLV definition is stated as "ignored" by Messaging Manager, the TLV will only be compliant if the message exits via the originating plugin. In this case unaltered TLVs will be preserved into the outgoing message.

additional_status_info_text (4.8.4.1)

Ignored

alert_on_ message_delivery (4.8.4.2)

Ignored

billing_ identification (4.8.4.3)

Chapter 4

broadcast_area_identifier, failed_broadcast_area_identifier (4.8.4.4)

Ignored

Broadcast Area Format types (4.8.4.4.1)

Ignored

broadcast_area_ success (4.8.4.5)

Ignored

broadcast_ content_type_info (4.8.4.6)

Ignored

broadcast_ channel_indicator (4.8.4.7)

Ignored

broadcast_ content_type (4.8.4.8)

Ignored

broadcast_end_ time (4.8.4.9)

Ignored

broadcast_error_status (4.8.4.10)

Ignored

broadcast_frequency_interval (4.8.4.11)

Ignored

broadcast_ message_class (4.8.4.12)

broadcast_rep_ num (4.8.4.13)

Ignored

broadcast_ service_group (4.8.4.14)

Ignored

callback_num (4.8.4.15)

Ignored

callback_num_ atag (4.8.4.16)

Ignored

callback_num_ pres_ind (4.8.4.17)

Ignored

congestion_state (4.8.4.18)

Ignored

delivery_failure_ reason (4.8.4.19)

Ignored

dest_addr_np_ country (4.8.4.20)

Ignored

dest_addr_np_ information (4.8.4.21)

Ignored

dest_addr_np_ resolution (4.8.4.22)

dest_addr_ subunit (4.8.4.23)

Messaging Manager complies. Stored in GenericSM::messageClass.

dest_bearer_type (4.8.4.24)

Ignored

dest_network_id (4.8.4.25)

Ignored

dest_network_ type (4.8.4.26)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

Stored in GenericMessage::messageProtocol. Only the following values will be stored:

- 0x02 ANSI-136/TDMA
- 0x03 IS-95/CDMA
- Other values treated as GenericSM::UNKNOWN message protocol.

dest_node_id (4.8.4.27)

Ignored

dest_subaddress (4.8.4.28)

Ignored

dest_telematics_ id (4.8.4.29)

Ignored

dest_port (4.8.4.30)

Ignored

display_time (4.8.4.31)

Ignored

dpf_result (4.8.4.32)

its_reply_type (4.8.4.33)

Ignored

its_session_info (4.8.4.34)

Ignored

language_indicator (4.8.4.35)

Ignored

message_payload (4.8.4.36)

Messaging Manager complies.

Only used if message_size exceeds 255 characters.

message_state (4.8.4.37)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

Stored (as a bool) in GenericSM::deliverySucceeded. This field is set to true if the state is DELIVERED, and false for all other values or if the TLV is not present. Outgoing messages originating from other protocols will have a value of UNKNOWN.

For delivery receipts, the message_state may be set to DELIVERED or UNDELIVERED depending on the value of GenericSM::deliverySucceeded.

more_messages_to_send (4.8.4.38)

Ignored

ms_availability_ status (4.8.4.39)

Ignored

ms_msg_wait_ facilities (4.8.4.40)

Messaging Manager complies.

Stored in GenericSM::mwi (MessageWaitingIndicator) and GenericSM::mwt (MessageWaitingType).

ms_validity (4.8.4.41)

Messaging Manager does not comply.

- Stored in GenericSM:mwg (messageWaitingGroup).
- Messaging Manager complies for value 0 (Store Indefinitely).
- Value 3 (Display Only) used only for outbound messages.

Chapter 4

network_error_ code (4.8.4.42)

Ignored

number_of_ messages (4.8.4.43)

Ignored

payload_type (4.8.4.44)

Ignored

privacy_indicator (4.8.4.45)

Ignored

qos_time_to_live (4.8.4.46)

Ignored

receipted_ message_id (4.8.4.47)

Messaging Manager complies. Stored in GenericSM::deliveryReceiptId. Set to blank if not present.

sar_msg_ref_num (4.8.4.48)

Messaging Manager complies. Stored in GenericSM::segmentReference.

sar_segment_ seqnum (4.8.4.49)

Messaging Manager complies. Stored in GenericSM::segmentNumber.

sar_total_ segments (4.8.4.50)

Messaging Manager complies. Stored in GenericSM::segmentCount.

sc_interface_ version (4.8.4.51)

Ignored

set_dpf (4.8.4.52)

sms_signal (4.8.4.53)

Ignored

source_addr_subunit (4.8.4.54)

Ignored

source_bearer_ type (4.8.4.55)

Ignored

source_network_ id (4.8.4.56)

Messaging Manager complies.

- Stored in GenericSM::sourceLocationInformation, and triggered to ACS as location number.
- Only compatible with ESME Operator encoding.

source_network_ type (4.8.4.57)

Ignored

source_node_id (4.8.4.58)

Ignored

source_port (4.8.4.59)

Ignored

source_subaddress (4.8.4.60)

Ignored

source_telematics_id (4.8.4.61)

Ignored

user_message_ reference (4.8.4.62)

Messaging Manager complies.

Stored in GenericSM::messageReference. Placed in outgoing messages if messageReference is greater than zero.

Chapter 4

user_response_ code (4.8.4.63)

Ignored

ussd_service_ op (4.8.4.64)

Glossary of Terms

AAA

Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting. Specified in Diameter RFC 3588.

ACS

Advanced Control Services configuration platform.

AMC

The Advanced Message Control component of Messaging Manager. It provides:

- Real time billing interaction
- Customized Service Control
- SMS "service plan" capability
- Enhanced service support

Note: Also known as "SMS Director".

ASP

- Application Service Provider, or
- Application Server Process. An IP based instance of an AS. An ASP implements a SCTP connection between 2 platforms.

CC

Country Code. Prefix identifying the country for a numeric international address.

CDMA

Code Division Multiple Access is a method for describing physical radio channels. Data intended for a specific channel is modulated with that channel's code. These are typically pseudo-random in nature, and possess favourable correlation properties to ensure physical channels are not confused with one another.

Connection

Transport level link between two peers, providing for multiple sessions.

Convergent

Also "convergent billing". Describes the scenario where post-paid and pre-paid calls are handed by the same service platform and the same billing system. Under strict converged billing, post-paid subscribers are essentially treated as "limited credit pre-paid".

Diameter

A feature rich AAA protocol. Utilises SCTP and TCP transports.

DTMF

Dual Tone Multi-Frequency - system used by touch tone telephones where one high and one low frequency, or tone, is assigned to each touch tone button on the phone.

FDA

First Delivery Attempt - the delivery of a short message directly to the SME rather than relaying it through the MC.

GSM

Global System for Mobile communication.

It is a second generation cellular telecommunication system. Unlike first generation systems, GSM is digital and thus introduced greater enhancements such as security, capacity, quality and the ability to support integrated services.

IN

Intelligent Network

IP

1) Internet Protocol

2) Intelligent Peripheral - This is a node in an Intelligent Network containing a Specialized Resource Function (SRF).

ISUP

ISDN User Part - part of the SS7 protocol layer and used in the setting up, management, and release of trunks that carry voice and data between calling and called parties.

MC

Message Centre. Also known as SMSC.

Messaging Manager

The Messaging Manager service and the Short Message Service components of Oracle Communications Convergent Charging Controller product. Component acronym is MM (formerly MMX).

MM

Messaging Manager. Formerly MMX, see also *XMS* (on page 47) and *Messaging Manager* (on page 44).

MS

Mobile Station

МΤ

Mobile Terminated

MTP

Message Transfer Part (part of the SS7 protocol stack).

NPI

Number Plan Indicator

Octet

Byte - 8 bits.

PC

Point Code. The Point Code is the address of a switching point.

Peer

Remote machine, which for our purposes is capable of acting as a Diameter agent.

SCCP

Signalling Connection Control Part (part of the SS7 protocol stack).

SCTP

Stream Control Transmission Protocol. A transport-layer protocol analogous to the TCP or User Datagram Protocol (UDP). SCTP provides some similar services as TCP (reliable, in-sequence transport of messages with congestion control) but adds high availability.

Session

Diameter exchange relating to a particular user or subscriber access to a provided service (for example, a telephone call).

SLC

Service Logic Controller (formerly UAS).

SLEE

Service Logic Execution Environment

SME

Short Message Entity - This is an entity which may send or receive short messages. It may be located in a fixed network, a mobile, or an SMSC.

SMPP

Short Message Peer-to-Peer protocol

SMS

Depending on context, can be:

• Service Management System hardware platform

- Short Message Service
- Service Management System platform
- Convergent Charging Controller Service Management System application

SMSC

Short Message Service Centre stores and forwards a short message to the indicated destination subscriber number.

SRF

Specialized Resource Function – This is a node on an IN which can connect to both the SSP and the SLC and delivers additional special resources into the call, mostly related to voice data, for example play voice announcements or collect DTMF tones from the user. Can be present on an SSP or an Intelligent Peripheral (IP).

SS7

A Common Channel Signalling system is used in many modern telecoms networks that provides a suite of protocols which enables circuit and non-circuit related information to be routed about and between networks. The main protocols include MTP, SCCP and ISUP.

SSL

Secure Sockets Layer protocol

SSN

Subsystem Number. An integer identifying applications on the SCCP layer.

For values, refer to 3GPP TS 23.003.

SSP

Service Switching Point

TCP

Transmission Control Protocol. This is a reliable octet streaming protocol used by the majority of applications on the Internet. It provides a connection-oriented, full-duplex, point to point service between hosts.

TDMA

Time Division Multiple Access - a communications technique that uses a common channel for communications among multiple users by allocating each a unique time slot.

TLV

Tag-Length-Value. Optional parameters introduced in the SMPP protocol since version 3.4.

WAP

Wireless Application Protocol. A standard designed to allow the content of the Internet to be viewed on the screen of a mobile device such as mobile phones, personal organisers and pagers. It also overcomes the processing limitation of such devices. The information and services available are stripped down to their basic text format.

XMS

Three letter code used to designate some components and path locations used by the Oracle Communications Convergent Charging Controller *Messaging Manager* (on page 44) service and the Short Message Service. The published code is *MM* (on page 44) (formerly MMX).

Index

Α

A sample PDU (3.2.2) • 14 AAA • 43 About This Document • v Absolute Time Format (4.7.23.4) • 33 ACS • 43 additional status info text (4.8.4.1) • 35 addr npi, source addr npi, dest addr npi, esme addr npi (4.7.2) • 28 addr ton, source addr ton, dest addr ton, esme addr ton (4.7.1) • 28 address range (4.7.3) • 28 Alert Notification Operation (4.1.3) • 17 alert notification • 4 alert notification Syntax (4.1.3.1) • 17 alert on message delivery (4.8.4.2) • 35 Alphanumeric Format (4.2.6.1.2) • 21 AMC • 43 Ancillary Broadcast Operations (4.6) • 27 Ancillary Submission Operations (4.5) • 26 Application Layer Communication (2.1) • 3 ASP • 43 Audience • v

В

Backward Compatibility (2.11.2) • 11 billing identification (4.8.4.3) • 35 Bind Operation (4.1.1) • 15 bind receiver • 4 bind receiver Syntax (4.1.1.3) • 16 bind receiver resp • 4 bind receiver resp Syntax (4.1.1.4) • 16 bind transceiver • 5 bind transceiver Syntax (4.1.1.5) • 16 bind transceiver resp • 5 bind transceiver resp Syntax (4.1.1.6) • 16 bind transmitter • 5 bind transmitter Syntax (4.1.1.1) • 15 bind transmitter resp • 5 bind transmitter resp Syntax (4.1.1.2) • 16 Bound RX (2.3.3) • 4 Bound_TRX (2.3.4) • 4 Bound_TX (2.3.2) • 4 Broadcast Area Format types (4.8.4.4.1) • 36 Broadcast Request Optional TLVs (4.4.2) • 25 Broadcast Response Optional TLVs (4.4.3) • 25 broadcast channel indicator (4.8.4.7) • 36 broadcast content type (4.8.4.8) • 36 broadcast content type info (4.8.4.6) • 36 broadcast frequency interval (4.8.4.11) • 36 broadcast_message_class (4.8.4.12) • 36 broadcast service group (4.8.4.14) • 37 broadcast_area_ identifier, failed_broadcast_area_identifier (4.8.4.4) • 36 broadcast_area_ success (4.8.4.5) • 36 broadcast_end_ time (4.8.4.9) • 36 broadcast_error_status (4.8.4.10) • 36 broadcast_rep_ num (4.8.4.13) • 37 broadcast_sm • 5 broadcast_sm Operation (4.4.1) • 25 broadcast_sm Syntax (4.4.1.1) • 25 broadcast_sm_ resp • 5 broadcast_sm_ resp \$ 5

С

callback num (4.8.4.15) • 37 callback num atag (4.8.4.16) • 37 callback num pres ind (4.8.4.17) • 37 Cancel Broadcast Optional TLVs (4.6.2.2) • 28 cancel broadcast sm · 5 cancel broadcast sm Operation (4.6.2) • 27 cancel broadcast sm Syntax (4.6.2.1) • 28 cancel broadcast sm resp • 5 cancel broadcast sm resp Syntax (4.6.2.3) • 28 cancel sm • 5 cancel sm Operation (4.5.1) • 26 cancel sm Syntax (4.5.1.1) • 26 cancel sm resp • 6 cancel sm resp Syntax (4.5.1.2) • 26 $CC \cdot 4\overline{3}$ CDMA • 43 Closed (2.3.6) • 4 Command id (3.2.1.2) • 14 command id (4.7.5) • 28 Command length (3.2.1.1) • 13 command length (4.7.4) • 28 Command status (3.2.1.3) • 14 command status, error status code (4.7.6) • 9, 29 Compliance statement • 10 **Compliance Statements For SMPP Parameter** and PDU Format (3) • 13 Compliance Statements For SMPP PDU Definitions (4) • 15 **Compliance Statements For SMPP Sessions** $(2) \cdot 3$ congestion state (4.8.4.18) • 37 Connection • 43 Convention • 3 Convergent • 43 Conversation Abort (4.3.5.5) • 17, 24, 25 Copyright • ii

D

data_coding (4.7.7) • 18, 31 data_sm • 6 data_sm Operation (4.3.2) • 24 data_sm Syntax (4.2.2.1) • 19, 24 data_sm_resp • 6 data_sm_resp Syntax (4.2.2.2) • 19, 24 Datagram Message Mode (4.2.10.3) • 23 Default Message Mode (4.2.10.1) • 23 deliver sm • 6 deliver sm Svntax (4.3.1.1) • 23 deliver sm resp • 6 deliver sm resp Syntax (4.3.1.2) • 24 delivery failure reason (4.8.4.19) • 37 dest addr subunit (4.8.4.23) • 38 dest addr np country (4.8.4.20) • 37 dest_addr_np_ information (4.8.4.21) • 37 dest addr np resolution (4.8.4.22) • 37 dest bearer type (4.8.4.24) • 38 dest_flag (4.7.9) • 31 dest network type (4.8.4.26) • 38 dest network id (4.8.4.25) • 38 dest node id (4.8.4.27) • 38 dest port (4.8.4.30) • 38 dest subaddress (4.8.4.28) • 38 dest telematics id (4.8.4.29) • 38 destination addr (4.7.8) • 31 Diameter • 43 display time (4.8.4.31) • 38 dl name (4.7.10) • 32 Document Conventions • vi dpf result (4.8.4.32) • 38 **DTMF** • 44

Ε

Enquire Link Operation (4.1.2) • 16 Enquire Link Timer • 8 enquire_link • 6 enquire_link Syntax (4.1.2.1) • 16 enquire_link_resp • 6 enquire_link_resp Syntax (4.1.2.2) • 17 Error Handling (2.8) • 9 esm_class (4.7.12) • 32 ESME Addresses (4.2.6.3) • 22 esme_addr (4.7.11) • 32 Establishing a SMPP Session (2.2) • 3

F

FDA • 44 final_date (4.7.23.3) • 33 Flow Control and Congestion Avoidance (2.9) • 10 Forward and Backward Compatibility (2.11) • 11 Forward Compatibility (2.11.1) • 11

G

General • 11, 15 General PDU Format (3.2) • 13 Generic NACK Operation (4.1.4) • 17 generic_nack • 6 generic_nack Syntax (4.1.4.1) • 17 GSM • 44

Н

Handling Connection Failure (2.8.1) • 9

I

IN • 44 Inactivity Timer • 8 interface_version (4.7.13) • 32 Intermediate Notification (4.3.5.2) • 17, 24 International and National Format (4.2.6.1.1) • 21 International Number • 22 Invalid Field Length • 9 IP • 44 ISUP • 44 ISUP • 44 its_reply_type (4.8.4.33) • 39 its_session_info (4.8.4.34) • 39

L

language_indicator (4.8.4.35) • 39 Leased Lines (2.10.1) • 10

Μ

MC • 44 MC Delivery Receipt (4.3.5.1) • 24 Message Broadcast Operations (4.4) • 25 Message Delivery Operations (4.3) • 23 Message Delivery Request TLVs (4.3.3) • 24 Message Delivery Response TLVs (4.3.4) • 24 Message Length (4.2.8) • 22 Message Modes (4.2.10) • 23 Message Replace operation in submit sm (4.2.7) • 22 Message Replacement TLVs (4.5.3.3) • 27 Message Replacement with broadcast sm (4.4.4) • 26 Message Submission Operations (4.2) • 17 Message Submission Request TLVs (4.2.4) • 18, 19, 24 Message Submission Response TLVs (4.2.5) • 19, 21, 24 message id (4.7.14) • 32 message payload (4.8.4.36) • 39 message state (4.7.15) • 32 message state (4.8.4.37) • 39 Messaging Manager • 1, 44, 47 Messaging Manager and SMPP Document Versions • 1 Messaging Manager implementation • 1 MM • 44, 47 more_messages to send (4.8.4.38) • 39 MS•44 ms availability status (4.8.4.39) • 39 ms msg wait facilities (4.8.4.40) • 39 ms validity (4.8.4.41) • 39 MT • 44 MTP • 45

Ν

network_error_ code (4.8.4.42) • 40 no_unsuccess (4.7.16) • 32 NPI • 45 NPI (4.2.6.2) • 22 NULL Address • 22 NULL Settings (3.1.1) • 13 number_of_messages (4.8.4.43) • 40 number_of_dests (4.7.17) • 32

0

Octet • 45 Open (2.3.1) • 4 Operation Failure (2.8.2) • 9 Operation Matrix (2.4) • 4 outbind • 6 outbind Syntax (4.1.1.7) • 16 Outbound (2.3.7) • 4 Overview • 1, 3, 13, 15

Ρ

Parameter Type Definitions $(3.1) \cdot 13$ password $(4.7.18) \cdot 32$ payload_type $(4.8.4.44) \cdot 40$ PC $\cdot 45$ PDU Field Definitions $(4.7) \cdot 28$ PDU Format $(3.2.1) \cdot 13$ PDU Sequencing $(2.6) \cdot 8$ PDU TLV Definitions $(4.8) \cdot 35$ Peer $\cdot 45$ Position of TLVs in SMPP messages $(4.8) \cdot 35$ Pre-defined $(4.2.9.3) \cdot 23$ priority_flag $(4.7.19) \cdot 32$ privacy_indicator $(4.8.4.45) \cdot 40$ protocol_id $(4.7.20) \cdot 33$

Q

qos_time_to_live (4.8.4.46) • 40 Query Broadcast Request Optional TLVs (4.6.1.2) • 27 Query Broadcast Response Optional TLVs (4.6.1.4) • 27 query_broadcast_sm • 6 query_broadcast_sm Operation (4.6.1) • 27 query_broadcast_sm Syntax (4.6.1.1) • 27 query_broadcast_sm_resp • 6 query_broadcast_sm_resp Syntax (4.6.1.3) • 27 query_sm • 7 query_sm Operation (4.5.2) • 26 query_sm_resp • 7 query_sm_resp Syntax (4.5.2.2) • 26

R

receipted_message_id (4.8.4.47) • 40 References to The Specification • 3 Registered (4.2.9.1) • 22 registered_delivery (4.7.21) • 33 Relative Time Format (4.7.23.5) • 34 Relevance • 4, 8 replace_if_ present_flag (4.7.22) • 33 replace_sm • 7 replace_sm Operation (4.5.3) • 26 replace_sm Syntax (4.5.3.1) • 26, 27 replace_sm_resp • 7 replace_sm_resp Syntax (4.5.3.2) • 27 Response Timer • 9

S

sar msg ref num (4.8.4.48) • 40 sar segment segnum (4.8.4.49) • 40 sar total segments (4.8.4.50) • 40 sc interface version (4.8.4.51) • 40 SCCP • 45 Scheduled (4.2.9.2) • 23 scheduled delivery time (4.7.23.1) • 33 Scope • v SCTP • 45 Secure Transport Laver (2.10.2) • 10 Secure Tunnel (2.10.4) • 10 Secure VPN (2.10.3) • 10 Sequence Numbers Across Sessions (2.6.3) • 8 Sequence number (3.2.1.4) • 14 sequence number (4.7.24) • 34 Service Short Code • 22 service type (4.7.25) • 34 Session • 45 Session Init Timer • 8 Session Management Operations (4.1) • 15 Session Security and Encryption (2.10) • 10 Session States (2.3) • 4 Session Timers (2.7) • 8 set dpf (4.8.4.52) • 40 short message (4.7.26) • 34 SLC • 45 **SLEE • 45** sm_default_msg_id (4.7.27) • 34 sm length (4.7.28) • 34 SME • 45 SME Delivery Acknowledge-ment (4.3.5.3) • 17, 24, 25 SME Manual/User Acknowledge-ment (4.3.5.4) • 17, 24, 25 SMPP • 2, 45 SMPP document • 2 SMPP Parameter Field Size Notation (3.1.2) • 13 SMPP PDU Format (Table 3-4) • 13 SMPP PDU Parameter Types (Table 3-1) • 13 SMS • 45 sms_signal (4.8.4.53) • 41 SMSC • 46 Source and Destination Addressing (4.2.6) • 21

source subaddress (4.8.4.60) • 41 source telematics id (4.8.4.61) • 41 source addr (4.7.29) • 34 source addr subunit (4.8.4.54) • 41 source bearer type $(4.8.4.55) \cdot 41$ source network id (4.8.4.56) • 41 source_network_ type (4.8.4.57) • 41 source_node_id (4.8.4.58) • 41 source port (4.8.4.59) • 41 Specification Clauses 2.1 and 2.2 • 3 SRF • 46 SS7 • 46 SSL • 46 SSN • 46 SSP • 46 Standard Parameters (3.2.1.5) • 14 Store and Forward Message Mode (4.2.10.2) • 23 submit multi • 7 submit multi resp • 7 submit multi Syntax (4.2.3.1) • 19 submit_multi_ resp Syntax (4.2.3.2) • 19 submit sm • 7 submit sm Syntax (4.2.1.1) • 17, 22, 24, 31, 32, 33 submit sm resp • 7 submit sm resp Syntax (4.2.1.2) • 18, 24 Synchronous Vs. Asynchronous (2.6.4) • 8 system id (4.7.30) • 34 system type (4.7.31) • 34

т

TDMA • 46 The ESME or MC is restricting the use of certain PDUs or features • 10 The PDU data is unexpected and deemed invalid • 9 The PDU is malformed • 9 The PDU is not allowed in the current session state • 9 The PDU is unrecognised • 9 The PDU Sequence Number (2.6.1) • 8 TLV • 46 TLV Definitions (4.8.4) • 35 TLV Length (4.8.2) • 35 TLV Parameters (3.2.1.6) • 14 TLV Tag (4.8.1) • 35 TLV Value (4.8.3) • 35 Transaction Message Mode (4.2.10.4) • 23 Typographical Conventions • vi

TCP • 46

Unbound (2.3.5) • 4 UNIX Regular Expressions (4.7.3.1) • 28 user message reference (4.8.4.62) • 41 user response code $(4.8.4.63) \cdot 42$ ussd_service_ op (4.8.4.64) • 42

V

validity period (4.7.23.2) • 33

W

WAP • 46 Why Asynchronous? (2.6.5) • 8 Why use Monotonically Increasing Sequence numbers? (2.6.2) • 8

Х

XMS • 44, 47