### Oracle® Communications Network Charging and Control

Subscriber Event Service User's and Technical Guide

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# **About This Document**

#### Scope

The scope of this document includes all functionality a user must know in order to effectively install and operate the Subscriber Event Service application. It does not include detailed design of the service.

#### Audience

This guide is written primarily for Subscriber Event Service administrators. However, the overview sections of the document are useful to anyone requiring an introduction.

#### Prerequisites

A solid understanding of UNIX and a familiarity with IN concepts are an essential prerequisite for safely using the information contained in this technical guide. Attempting to install, remove, configure or otherwise alter the described system without the appropriate background skills, could cause damage to the system; including temporary or permanent incorrect operation, loss of service, and may render your system beyond recovery.

Although it is not a prerequisite to using this guide, familiarity with the target platform would be an advantage. See also the relevant standards, for example, Q713.

This manual describes system tasks that should only be carried out by suitably trained operators.

#### **Related Documents**

The following documents are related to this document:

- Service Management System Technical Guide
- Control Plan Editor User's Guide
- Service Logic Execution Environment Technical Guide

# **Document Conventions**

#### **Typographical Conventions**

The following terms and typographical conventions are used in the Oracle Communications Network Charging and Control (NCC) documentation.

Formatting Convention	Type of Information	
Special Bold	Items you must select, such as names of tabs.	
	Names of database tables and fields.	
Italics	Name of a document, chapter, topic or other publication.	
	Emphasis within text.	
Button	The name of a button to click or a key to press.	
	Example: To close the window, either click Close, or press Esc.	
Key+Key	Key combinations for which the user must press and hold down one key and then press another.	
	Example: Ctrl+P or Alt+F4.	
Monospace	Examples of code or standard output.	
Monospace Bold	Text that you must enter.	
variable	Used to indicate variables or text that should be replaced with an actual value.	
menu option > menu option >	Used to indicate the cascading menu option to be selected.	
	Example: Operator Functions > Report Functions	
hypertext link	Used to indicate a hypertext link.	

Specialized terms and acronyms are defined in the glossary at the end of this guide.

# Chapter 1 System Overview

# Overview

#### Introduction

This chapter explains what the Subscriber Event Service is and how it works.

#### In this chapter

This chapter contains the following topics.

# **Subscriber Event Service**

#### Introduction

The Subscriber Event Service (SES) enables a service provider to send text messages to roaming subscribers (both their own and foreign subscribers) when they roam in and out of their network.

For example, a network operator may wish to greet all in-bound roamers with a "Welcome to our network", or "Thank you for using our network" message to all out-roaming subscribers.

Messages can be used to convey anything the network operator wants, for instance, advising of cheap rates at certain times of day.

#### In-Roaming diagram

This diagram shows the sequence of network activities that occur when a subscriber enters your network.



#### **Out-Roaming diagram**

This diagram shows the sequence of network activities that occur when a subscriber leaves your network.



#### **Network diagram**



This diagram shows how the NCC SLC receives notification that a subscriber is roaming.

#### Message rules

The messages can be configured as priority or non-priority. When selecting messages to send, all the priority messages are selected before any non-priority messages. The number of messages to select and send is configurable.

Messages can also be configured as general (they can be sent to any subscriber), or non-general (they can only be sent to specific subscribers, based on country code (MCC) and network code (MNC) of the subscriber).

#### **Example scenarios**

In this example the messages available have been configured as priority or non priority messages for country/ network code as follows:

Priority Messages	Country - network code	Non Priority Messages	Country - network code
Welcome from 123	123 - 98	Free texting	531 - 01
Welcome from 531	531 - 01	Cheap text day	any
Cut rate calls	123 - 98	Extra minutes	any
Flybys	any	Easy top up	any
Secure PIN	any	Cheaper text	any
Outages	any	Local weather	any
Upgrade deals	any		

The inbound general messages set up using the Inbound General Messages (on page 21) tab are:

Priority Messages	Non Priority Messages
Flybys	Cheap text day
Secure PIN	Extra minutes

The inbound network specific messages set up using the Inbound Messages (on page 23) tab are:

Priority Messages	Non Priority Messages
Welcome from 123	Free texting
Welcome from 531	

The outbound general messages set up using the Outbound General Messages (on page 25) tab are:

Priority Messages	Non Priority Messages
Flybys	Easy top up
Secure PIN	Cheaper text
Outages	Local weather
Upgrade deals	

The outbound network specific messages set up using the Outbound Messages (on page 28) tab are:

Priority Messages	Non Priority Messages
Cut rate calls	Free texting

Note: The same messages can be used in any of the inbound/ outbound lists.

The maximum number of inbound messages has been configured at four.

The maximum number of outbound messages has been configured at five.

The days since contact is configured at two days.

#### Example in-roaming control plan

Here is the example in-roaming control plan used in scenarios 1 and 2.



For more information about:

- Control plans, see CPE User's Guide
- SES feature nodes, see Feature Nodes Reference Guide

#### Scenario 1

A roaming subscriber enters the network from a non specific country and network. The message selection in the control plan is based on latest available.

Step	Action
1	SES is triggered by the network.
2	The control plan using the In-Roamer Contact Check and In-Roamer Messages Selection feature nodes is executed.
3	<ul> <li>If, within the configured two days, the subscriber:</li> <li>Has been contacted, the 'Contacted' branch on the In-Roamer Contact Check feature node is taken and the subscriber gets no messages.</li> <li>Has not been contacted, the 'Not Contacted' exit is taken.</li> </ul>

Step	Action					
4	Two lis messa In-Roa In this	Two lists of messages (priority and non priority) are created from the inbound general messages list, based on the maximum number of messages to be sent, specified in the in-Roamer Messages Selection feature node, and the priority assigned to the message. In this example the list consists of the messages: • Flybys (priority general message)				
Secure PIN (priority general message)						
	•	Cheap text day (non priority message)				
	•	Extra minutes (non priority message).				

5 The messages are sent to the subscriber.

#### Scenario 2

5

A roaming subscriber enters the network from country code 531 and network code 01. The message selection in the control plan is based on latest available.

Step	Action					
1	SES is triggered by the network.					
2	The control plan using the In-Roamer Contact Check and In-Roamer Messages Selection feature nodes is executed.					
3	<ul> <li>If, within the configured two days, the subscriber:</li> <li>Has been contacted, the 'Contacted' branch on the In-Roamer Contact Check feature node is taken and the subscriber gets no messages.</li> <li>Has not been contacted, the 'Not Contacted' exit is taken.</li> </ul>					
4	Two lists of messages (priority and non priority) are created from both the inbound messages and inbound general messages lists, based on the maximum number of messages to be sent, specified in the In-Roamer Messages Selection feature node, and the priority assigned to the message. In this example the list consists of the messages: • Welcome from 531 (priority specific 531 country message) • Flybys (priority general message)					

- Secure PIN (priority general message)
- Free texting (non priority specific 531 country message)
- The messages are sent to the subscriber.

#### Example out-roaming control plan

Here is the example control plan used in scenarios 3, 4, and 5.



For more information about:

- Control plans, see CPE User's Guide
- SES feature nodes, see Feature Nodes Reference Guide

#### Scenario 3

A roaming subscriber leaves the network to a specific country (531) and network (01). The message selection in the control plan is based on latest available.

Step	Action
1	SES is triggered by the network.
2	The control plan using the Out-Roamer Contact Check and Out-Roamer Messages Selection feature nodes is executed.
3	<ul> <li>If the subscriber:</li> <li>Has been contacted within the configured two days, the 'Contacted' branch on the Out-Roamer Contact Check feature node is taken and the subscriber gets no messages.</li> </ul>

Step	Action
	<ul> <li>Has opted out, the 'Opted Out' exit is taken and the subscriber gets no messages.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Has not been contacted within the configured two days, the 'Not Contacted' exit is taken.</li> </ul>
4	Two lists of messages (priority and non priority) are created from both the outbound messages and outbound general messages lists, based on the maximum number of messages to be sent, specified in the Out-Roamer Messages Selection feature node, and the priority assigned to the message. In this example the list consists of the messages: Cut rate calls (priority specific 531 country message) Flybys (priority general message) Secure PIN (priority general message) Outages (priority general message) Upgrade deals (priority general message). Note: The message limit stops any of the general non priority messages being sent.
5	The messages are sent to the subscriber.

#### Scenario 4

A roaming subscriber leaves the network to a country and network not specified in SES. The message selection in the control plan is based on latest available.

Step	Action					
1	SES is triggered by the network.					
2	The control plan using the Out-Roamer Contact Check and Out-Roamer Messages Selection feature nodes is executed.					
3	<ul> <li>If the subscriber: <ul> <li>Has been contacted within the configured two days, the 'Contacted' branch on the Out-Roamer Contact Check feature node is taken and the subscriber gets no messages.</li> <li>Has opted out, the 'Opted Out' exit is taken and the subscriber gets no messages.</li> <li>Has not been contacted within the configured two days, the 'Not Contacted' exit is taken.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
4	<ul> <li>Two lists of messages (priority and non priority) are created from the outbound general messages list, based on the maximum number of messages to be sent, specified in the Out-Roamer Messages Selection feature node, and the priority assigned to the message. In this example the list consists of the messages: <ul> <li>Flybys (priority general message)</li> <li>Secure PIN (priority general message)</li> <li>Outages (priority general message)</li> <li>Upgrade deals (priority general message)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
5	The messages are sent to the subscriber.					

#### Scenario 5

A roaming subscriber leaves the network to a specific country (531) and network (01). The message selection in the control plan is based on random.

Step	Action					
1	SES is triggered by the network.					
2	The control plan using the Out-Roamer Contact Check and Out-Roamer Messages Selection feature nodes is executed.					
3	<ul> <li>If the subscriber:         <ul> <li>has been contacted within the configured two days, the 'Contacted' branch on the Out-Roamer Contact Check feature node is taken and the subscriber gets no messages.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Has opted out, the 'Opted Out' exit is taken and the subscriber gets no messages.</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Has not been contacted within the configured two days, the 'Not Contacted' exit is taken.</li> </ul>					
4	Two lists of messages (priority and non priority) are created from both the outbound messages and outbound general messages lists, based on the maximum number of messages to be sent, specified in the Out-Roamer Messages Selection feature node, and the priority assigned to the message.					
5	<ul> <li>A selection is made randomly from the priority lists until the message count is reached or the list is exhausted.</li> <li>In this case a random selection creates a list like: <ul> <li>Cut rate calls (priority specific 531 country message)</li> <li>Flybys (priority general message)</li> <li>Secure PIN (priority general message)</li> <li>Outages (priority general message)</li> <li>Upgrade deals (priority general message)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
	<b>Note:</b> The message limit for this example stops any of the non priority messages being sent.					
6	<ul> <li>A further selection is made randomly from the non priority lists until the message count is reached or the list is exhausted.</li> <li>In this example the final list could consist of messages: <ul> <li>Free texting (non priority specific 531 country message)</li> <li>Easy top up (non priority general message)</li> <li>Cheaper text (non priority general message)</li> <li>Local weather (non priority general message)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
7	The messages are sent to the subscriber.					

#### Architectural diagram

Here is a diagram of the Subscriber Event Service architecture.



#### SES configuration diagram

This diagram shows the three configuration areas to fully enable SES.

**Note:** The Trigger Rules used depend on the contents of the databaseLogin parameter. If present and has a value, the SES trigger rules from the eserv.config are used, if missing or empty, the SES Configuration rules on the Trigger Rules (on page 30) tab are used.



# Chapter 2 Getting Started

# Overview

#### Introduction

This chapter explains how to access the Subscriber Event Service configuration screens.

#### In this chapter

# Accessing Subscriber Event Service Configuration

#### **Accessing SMS**

To access Service Management System, launch the application using the Webstart icon of the SMS machine that SES has been installed on.

For more information, see SMS User's Guide.

After a short while the login screen appears.

#### **SMS Login screen**

Here is an example of the SMS Login screen.

O SMS Login	
	RACLE
СОМ	MUNICATIONS
Net	work Charging
1401	and
	Control
User Name	
Password	
Copyright © 1998	- 2010 Oracle, All rights reserved,
Oracle is a registered traden	nark of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates.
Other names may be	trademarks of their respective owners
_	
	OK Cancel

#### Logging into SMS

Follow these steps to log into SMS.

Step	Action					
1	In the User Name field, type your username.					
2	In the <b>Password</b> field, type your password.					
	Notes:					
	Passwords are case sensitive.					
	• You have three attempts to enter a correct username and password before the User ID is locked. If this happens, you must see your System Administrator to re-activate it.					
3	Click <b>OK</b> .					

Result: You see the Service Management System main screen.

#### Accessing SES

Follow these steps to access the SES configuration screens.

Step	Action
1	Select the Services > SES Service menu options.



Result: You see the SES Configuration screen, defaulting to the Trigger Rules tab.

#### **General screen information**

The contents of screen records can be sorted by single clicking the column heading to sort by.

The status bar at the bottom of the screen shows update details for the row selected.

#### Example:

🗟 SU - SES Configuration									
<u>N</u> ew	<u>E</u> dit <u>D</u> e	elete [	<u>R</u> efresh	lose					Help
	Trigger Rules								
Event Class	Event Type	Service Key	Country Code	Network C	MSISDN	Enabled	Last Updated	Ву	
CAMEL Mobili	Location Upd 9	)	531	001		4	22/08/2012 03	SU	^
CAMEL Mobili	Location Upd 9	)	123	98		- √	22/08/2012 03	SU	
									✓

Chapter 3

# **SES Configuration Screens**

# Overview

#### Introduction

This chapter explains the functions of each SES configuration screen.

The topics are presented in the recommended sequence of configuration.

#### In this chapter

This chapter contains the following topics.

Messages	'
Inbound General Messages	
Inbound Messages	3
Outbound General Messages	;
Outbound Messages	3
Trigger Rules	)
Contact History	ŀ

# Messages

#### Introduction

This tab is enables you to configure all the messages available within SES, including their availability dates and whether they are priority or not. You must add messages using this tab first, so that they will be available on the other message tabs.

There are two types of messages that a handset roaming into or out of the network can receive:

- General messages: those that can be sent to any handset
- Messages: those that can be sent to country and network specific handsets

#### Messages tab

Here is an example of the Messages tab.

SU - SES Configuration					
New Edit Delete		<u>R</u> efresh Close			Help
		Messages			
Name	Priority	Active	Expiry	Last Updated By	
Cheap text day				22/08/2012 02:5 SU	~
Cheaper text				22/08/2012 02:5 SU	
Cut rate calls	4			22/08/2012 02:5 SU	
Easy top up				22/08/2012 02:5 SU	
Extra minutes				22/08/2012 02:5 SU	
Local weather				22/08/2012 02:5 SU	
Secure PIN	1			22/08/2012 02:5 SU	
Welcome to 531	√			22/08/2012 02:4 SU	
					~
(ID 1) was last updated by SU at 2	2/08/201	2 02:48:44 using terminal	0101872	54079	
()					

#### Messages tab columns

This table describes the content of each column.

Field	Description	
Name	A user friendly message name.	
Priority	Indicates if this message is priority or not priority.	
	<b>Note:</b> Priority messages are always looked at first to fulfill the number to send parameter, see Inbound/Outbound Roaming Messages.	
Active	When the message was (will be) available for selection.	
Expiry	When the message was (will be) unavailable for selection.	
Last Updated	Date and time stamp for the last update to this message.	
Ву	Username of user that made the last update.	

**Note:** The Activity, Expiry and Last Updated times are in relation to the time zone configured for SMS. (See *Service Management System Technical Guide*).

#### Adding new messages

Follow these steps to add new messages.

Step	Action
1	Select the <b>Messages</b> tab.

01	A. C	
Step	Action	
	Result: The current messages are listed.	
2	Click New	
	Result: The New Message screen appears.	
	🛫 New Message	
	Name:	
	Priority:	
	Active: Thurst und	
	2006 May 7 1 at 23 hours 7	
	Expiry: Expires on:	
	2006 May 1 at 23 hours 7	
	Text:	
	Help Cancel Dave	
3	Enter a message <b>Name</b> . This name should be meaningful and descriptive for example "Free texting".	a user, for
4	Select the <b>Priority</b> check box, if required, to make this a priority message. Th will be selected before non-priority messages.	is means it
5	То:	
	<ul> <li>Set an availability date and time for this message, select the Active c</li> <li>Result: The Wait until date and time boxes become available. Enter or se relevant values.</li> </ul>	heck box. lect the
	• Make the message available immediately, deselect the Active check	box.
6	То:	
	<ul> <li>Set an expiry date and time for this message, select the Expiry check Result: The Expires on date and time boxes become available. Enter or s relevant values.</li> </ul>	t box. elect the
	<ul> <li>Make the message never expire, deselect the Expiry check box. It can later if required.</li> </ul>	an be edited
7	Enter the text of the message that will be sent to a subscriber.	
	Tip: The maximum message length is 120 ASCII characters.	
	Result: The Save button becomes available.	
8	Click Save.	

#### **Editing messages**

Follow these steps to edit messages.

Step	Action			
1	Select the <b>Messages</b> tab.           Result:         The current messages are listed.			
2	In the table	e, select the message to edit.		
3	Click Edit.			
	Result: The	e Edit Message screen appears.		
	🕌 Edit Me	ssage		
	Name:	Welcome to 531		
	Priority:			
	Active:	Wait until:		
		2012 🗘 August 🖌 22 🗘 at 2 🗘 hours 55 🗘		
	Expiry:	Expires on:		
		2012 (\$) August 22 (\$) at 2 (\$) hours 55 (\$)		
	Text:	Welcome to our network		
		Help Cancel Save		

- 4 Make the required changes to the fields, as described in *Adding new messages* (on page 18).
- 5 Click Save.

#### **Deleting messages**

Follow these steps to delete messages.

Step	Action
1	Select the Messages tab.
	Result: The current messages are listed.
2	In the table, select the message to delete.
	Warning: You should only delete messages that have expired.
	Expired messages are automatically deleted by <i>dbCleanup</i> (on page 58) after a configured number of days.
3	Click Delete
	Result: The Delete Message confirmation screen appears.
4	Click Delete.

# **Inbound General Messages**

#### Introduction

This tab allows you to set up the available messages that can be sent to any subscriber inbound to the network, as against messages that are matched on country and network codes.

#### **Inbound General Messages tab**

Here is an example of the Inbound General Messages tab.

🕌 SU - SES Configuration			
<u>N</u> ew <u>E</u> dit <u>D</u> e	lete <u>R</u> efresh C	ose	Help
Inbound General Messages	;		
Message	Last Updated	Ву	
Cheap text day	22/08/2012 03:02:22	SU	<u>^</u>
Easy top up	22/08/2012 03:03:36	SU	
Extra minutes	22/08/2012 03:03:15	SU	
Secure PIN	22/08/2012 03:03:23	SU	
			~
(ID 1) was last updated by SU	at 22/08/2012 03:02:22 usin	g terminal 010187254079	

#### Inbound general messages tab columns

This table describes the content of each column.

Field	Description
Message	The message name.
Last Updated	Date and time stamp for the last update to this message (SMS time zone value).
Ву	Username of user that made the last update.

#### Adding new inbound general messages

Follow these steps to add new inbound general messages.

Step	Action
1	Select the Inbound General Messages tab.

Step	Action
	Result: The current inbound general messages are listed.
2	Click New
	Result: The New Inbound General Message screen appears.
	Message:     Cheap text day       Help     Cancel
3	Select the required Message from the drop down list.
	Tip: This is the list of messages maintained on the Messages tab (on page 17).
4	Click Save.

#### Editing inbound general messages

Follow these steps to change an existing inbound general message.

Step	Action		
1	Select the Inbound General Messages tab.		
	Result: The current inbound general messages are listed.		
2	In the table, select the message to edit.		
3	Click Edit		
	Result: The Edit Inbound General Message screen appears.		
Secure PIN			

- 4 Select the required **Message** from the drop down list.
- 5 Click Save.

#### **Deleting inbound general messages**

Follow these steps to delete inbound general messages.

Step	Action
1	Select the Inbound General Messages tab.
	Result: The current inbound general messages are listed.
2	In the table, select the message to delete.
3	Click Delete
	Result: The Delete Inbound General Message screen appears.
4	Click Delete.

# **Inbound Messages**

#### Introduction

This tab allows you to set up the available messages that can be sent to a subscriber inbound to the network from a specific country and network, as against general messages that are not matched on country and network codes.

#### **Inbound Messages tab**

Here is an example of the Inbound Messages tab.

New Edit Delete Refresh Close			
			Help
	I	nbound Messages	
Country Network Message	Last Updated	Ву	
123 98 Cheaper text	22/08/2012 03:09:58	SU	~
531 01 Cheaper text	22/08/2012 03:10:32	SU	
531 01 Welcome to 531	22/08/2012 03:11:02	SU	
531 123 Cheap text day	22/08/2012 03:01:38	SU	

#### Inbound messages tab columns

This table describes the content of each column.

Field	Description
Country	The country code the subscriber has just roamed from.
Network	The network the subscriber has just roamed from.
Message	The message name.
Last Updated	Date and time stamp for the last update to this message (SMS time zone value).
Ву	Username of user that made the last update.

#### Adding new inbound messages

Follow these steps to add new inbound messages.

Step Action	
1 Select the Inbound Messages tab.	
Result: The current inbound messages are listed.	
2 Click New	
Result: The New Inbound Network Specific Message screen appears.	
New Inbound Network Specific Message	
Country Code:	
Network Code:	
Message: Cheap text day	
Note: The correct number of leading toroc	
must be included in the network code.	
Help Cancel Save	
3 Enter the <b>Country Code</b> (MCC) to associate with the message.	
4 Enter the <b>Network Code</b> (MNC) to associate with the message.	
Warning: You must input the code with the correct number of leading zeroes, for	example
01 (2-digit MNC), or 123 (3 digit MNC)	
Result: The Save button becomes available.	
5 Select the <b>Message</b> to associate with the Country and Network Code from the dro list.	p down
Tip: This is the list of messages maintained on the Messages tab (on page 17).	
6 Click <b>Save</b> .	
Note: For a list of MCC and MNC, refer to ITU E.212 ("Land Mobile Numbering Plan") docur	nentation.

#### Editing inbound messages

Follow these steps to edit an existing inbound message.

Step	Action
1	Select the Inbound Messages tab.
	Result: The current inbound messages are listed.
2	In the table, select the Inbound Message to edit.
3	Click Edit
	Result: The Edit Inbound Network Specific Message screen appears.

Step	Action			
	🕌 Edit Inbound	Network Specific Mes	. 🗙	
	Country Code: Network Code:	531		
	Message:	Cheaper text		
	Note: The corre must be includ	ect number of leading zero led in the network code. elp Cancel <u>S</u> ave	s	
4	Make the requir (on page 24).	ed changes to the fie	elds, a	as described in <i>Adding new inbound messages</i>
5	Click Save.			

#### **Deleting inbound messages**

Follow these steps to delete inbound messages.

Step	Action
1	Select the Inbound Messages tab.
	Result: The current inbound messages are listed.
2	In the table, select the inbound message to delete.
3	Click Delete
	Result: The Delete Inbound Network Specific Message confirmation screen appears.
4	Click Delete.

# **Outbound General Messages**

#### Introduction

This tab lists the available messages that can be sent to any subscriber out bound from the network, as against messages that are matched on country and network codes.

#### **Outbound General Messages tab**

Here is an example of the Outbound General Messages tab.

🙆 SU - SES Configuration			
New Edit Delete	e <u>R</u> efresh Close		Help
		Outbound General Messages	
Message	Last Updated	Ву	
Cheap text day	22/08/2012 03:17:48	SU	<u>^</u>
Cheaper text	22/08/2012 03:17:52	SU	
Cut rate calls	22/08/2012 03:17:57	SU	
Easy top up	22/08/2012 03:18:07	SU	
Local weather	22/08/2012 03:18:32	SU	
Secure PIN	22/08/2012 03:18:39	SU	
(ID 1) was last undated by 21 st 1	22/00/2012 02:17:40 using termine	010107254070	<u>×</u>
(ID-1) was last updated by SO at .	22/06/2012 03.17.48 using termina	1010107234079	

#### Outbound general messages tab columns

This table describes the content of each column.

Field	Description
Message	The message name.
Last Updated	Date and time stamp for the last update to this message (SMS time zone value).
Ву	Username of user that made the last update.

#### Adding new outbound general messages

Follow these steps to add new outbound general messages.

Step	Action
1	Select the Outbound General Messages tab.
	Result: The current outbound general messages are listed.
2	Click New
	Result: The New Outbound General Message screen appears.

Step	Action
	New Outbound General Message 🔀
	Message: Cheap text day
	Help Cancel Save
3	Select the Message from the drop down list.
	Tip: This is the list of messages maintained on the Messages tab (on page 17).
1	The default is the first message in the list.
т	

#### Editing outbound general messages

Step	Action			
1	Select the Outbound General Messages tab.			
	Result: The current outbound general messages are listed.			
2	In the table, select the message you want to edit.			
3	Click Edit			
	Result: The Edit Outbound General Message screen appears.			
	🕌 Edit Outbound General 🔀			
	Message: Cut rate calls			
	Help Cancel Save			

Follow these steps to change an outbound general message.

- 4 Select the **Message** from the drop down list.
- 5 Click Save.

#### Deleting outbound general messages

Follow these steps to delete outbound general messages.

# **Outbound Messages**

#### Introduction

This tab lists the available messages that can be sent to any subscriber out bound from the network to a specific country and network, as against general messages that are not matched on country and network codes.

#### **Outbound Messages tab**

Here is an example of the Outbound Messages tab.

🕌 SU - SES	Configuration				
<u>N</u> ew	Edit	<u>D</u> elete <u>R</u> efresh Close			Help
		Outbound Messages			
Country	Network	Message	Last Updated	Ву	
123	098	Cheap text day	22/08/2012 03:25:07	SU	~
123	098	Cut rate calls	22/08/2012 03:25:27	SU	
531	001	Cheap text day	22/08/2012 03:25:41	SU	
531	001	Cut rate calls	22/08/2012 03:25:54	SU	
					<u>~</u>
(ID 1) was la	st updated by SU	J at 22/08/2012 03:25:07 using terminal	010187254079		

#### Outbound messages tab columns

This table describes the content of each column.

Field	Description
Country	The country code the subscriber is roaming to.
Network	The network the subscriber is roaming to.
Message	The message name.
Last Updated	Date and time stamp for the last update to this message (SMS time zone value).
Ву	Username of user that made the last update.

#### Adding new outbound messages

Follow these steps to add new outbound messages.

Step	Action				
1	Select the <b>Outbound Messages</b> tab. <b>Result:</b> The current outbound messages are listed.				
2	Click New				
	Result: The New Outbound Network Specific Message screen appears.				
	Mobile Country Code:   Mobile Network Code:   Message:   Cheap text day     Help   Cancel     Save				
3	Enter the <b>Mobile Country Code</b> (MCC) to associate with the message.				
4	Enter the <b>Mobile Network Code</b> (MNC) to associate with the message.				
	Result: The Save button becomes available.				
5	Select the <b>Message</b> to associate with the Country and Network Code from the drop down list.				

**Tip:** This is the list of messages maintained on the **Messages** *tab* (on page 17).

6 Click Save.

**Note:** For a list of MCC and MNC, refer to ITU E.212 ("Land Mobile Numbering Plan") documentation.

#### **Editing outbound messages**

Follow these steps to edit an outbound message.

Step	Action
1	Select the <b>Outbound Messages</b> tab.
	Result: The current outbound messages are listed.
2	In the table, select the Outbound Message to edit.
3	Click Edit
	Result: The Edit Outbound Network Specific Message screen appears.

Step	Action		
	📓 Edit Outbound Network Specific 🗙		
	Mobile Country Code:	123	
	Mobile Network Code:	98	
	Message:	Cheap text day 💌	
	<u>H</u> elp	Cancel Save	

4 Make the required changes to the fields, as described in *Adding new outbound messages* (on page 29).

5 Click Save.

#### **Deleting outbound messages**

Follow these steps to delete outbound messages.

Step	Action
1	Select the Outbound Messages tab.
	Result: The current outbound messages are listed.
2	In the table, select the outbound message to delete.
3	Click Delete
	Result: The Delete Outbound Network Specific Message confirmation screen appears.
4	Click Delete.

# **Trigger Rules**

#### Introduction

This tab enables you to define the rules for what to trigger on receipt of MAP Mobility Notification messages. You can select control plans to be run which can send text messages. For example, sending welcome and farewell messages in response to IMSI attach and detach messages.

There are two sets of trigger rules that may be established. The rule set used depends on the contents of the databaseLogin parameter in the sesTrigger (on page 44) section of the eserv.config file. If the parameter is:

- Missing or empty, the Trigger Rules tab set is used
- Otherwise the rules in the configuration file are used
### **Trigger Rules tab**

Here is an example of the Trigger Rules tab.

SU - SES Configuration						
New	Refresh C	lose				Help
Trigger Rules						
Event Class Event Type Service Key	Country Code	Network C	MSISDN	Enabled	Last Updated B	у
CAMEL Mobili Location Upd 9	531	001		4	22/08/2012 03 SU	
CAMEL Mobili Location Upd 9	123	98		√	22/08/2012 03 5U	
						~

### Trigger rules tab columns

This table describes the content of each column.

Field	Description
Event Class	The basic type of event. Currently just CAMEL Mobility Management is supported.
Event Type	The exact type of message.
Service Key	This is a parameter of the CAMEL Mobility Management event that allows different services to be treated differently.
Country Code	The MCC the subscriber is roaming to or from.
	<b>Note:</b> For a list of MCC, refer to ITU E.212 ("Land Mobile Numbering Plan") documentation.
Network Code	The home network (MNC) for the subscriber.
	The Country Code and Network Code are both used as prefixes in the IMSI and CAMEL Mobility Management events. These two codes identify the subscriber home network.
	<b>Note:</b> For a list of MNC, refer to ITU E.212 ("Land Mobile Numbering Plan") documentation.

Field	Description
MSISDN	Mobile Station ISDN number.
Enabled	This rule is active indicator (selected = active),
Last Updated	Date and time stamp for the last update to this message (SMS time zone value).
Ву	Username of user that made the last update.

Not visible on this tab, but required when adding or editing a trigger rule.

Field	Description
Service Provider	The telco providing the SES service/ACS customer.
Control Plan	The control plan to execute once a trigger match has occurred.

#### Adding new trigger rules

Follow these steps to add new trigger rules.

Step	Action
1	Select the Trigger Rules tab.
	Result: The Trigger Rules are listed.
2	Click New
	Provide The New Trigger Dule organ encore

**Result:** The New Trigger Rule screen appears.

**Tip:** A blank field results in a match against everything for that field and is therefore optional.

鮝 New Trigger Rule		×
Event Class:	CAMEL Mobility Management	
Event Type:	any	
Service Key:		
Country Code:		
Network Code:		
MSISDN:		
Enabled:		
Service Provider:		
Control Plan:	▼ 2	
	Please press ENTER after keying service provider or control plan names. This will cause the value entered to be retrieved and validated. You can search in either field by entering partial names.	
	Help Cancel Save	

3 Select the **Event Class** from the drop down.

Step	Action
	Warning: This field is mandatory.
4	<ul> <li>Select the Event Type from the drop down list.</li> <li>Can be one of: <ul> <li>Any</li> <li>Location update in the same VLR service area</li> <li>Location update to another VLR service area</li> <li>IMSI attach</li> <li>MS initiated IMSI detach (explicit detach)</li> <li>Network initiated IMSI detach (implicit detach)</li> <li>Subscriber Busy</li> <li>Subscriber Idle</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	Warning: This field is mandatory.
5 6 7 8 9 10	<ul> <li>Enter the Service Key if required.</li> <li>Enter the Country Code (MCC) if required.</li> <li>Enter the Network Code (MNC) if required.</li> <li>Enter the MSISDN if required.</li> <li>Select the Enabled check box to make this trigger available.</li> <li>Perform one of the following: <ul> <li>Select the Service Provider from the drop down list, or, if the list is blank</li> <li>Enter the initial digits and press Enter to search and validate the entry. If you leave the field blank and press Enter the drop down list will be populated with all</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	available Service Providers. <b>Result</b> : The Service Provider value is validated and selected as valid and the control plan drop down list is populated.
	Warning: This field is mandatory.
12	<ul> <li>Perform one of the following: <ul> <li>Select the Control Plan from the drop down list</li> <li>Enter the initial digits and press Enter to search and validate the entry</li> </ul> </li> <li>Result: The control plan value is validated and ticked as valid, and the Save button becomes available.</li> <li>Warning: This field is mandatory.</li> </ul>
13	Click Save.
Note: For a	a list of MCC and MNC, refer to ITU E.212 ("Land Mobile Numbering Plan") documentation.
Editing t	rigger rules
Follow the	se steps to edit trigger rules.

Step	Action
1	Select the Trigger Rules tab.
	Result: The Trigger Rules are listed.
2	In the table, select the Trigger Rule to edit.
3	Click Edit

tep	Action		
	Result: The Edit	Trigger Rule screen appears.	
	🛓 Edit Trigger Ru	le 🛛 🔀	
	Event Class:	CAMEL Mobility Management	
	Event Type:	Location Update in other VLR	
	Service Key:	9	
	Country Code:	531	
	Network Code:	001	
	MSISDN:		
	Enabled:		
	Service Provider:	boss 🗸 🗸	
	Control Plan:	SES2	
		Please press ENTER after keying service provider or control plan names. This will cause the value entered to be retrieved and validated. You can search in either field by entering partial names.	
		Help Cancel Save	

- 3 Make the required changes to the fields, as described in *Adding new trigger rules* (on page 32).
- 4 Click Save.

#### **Deleting trigger rules**

Follow these steps to delete trigger rules.

Step	Action
1	Select the Trigger Rules tab.
	Result: The Trigger Rules are listed.
2	In the table, select the trigger rule to delete.
3	Click Delete
	Result: The Delete Trigger Rule confirmation screen appears.
4	Click Delete.

# **Contact History**

#### Introduction

This tab enables you to view the roaming subscriber's history of messages sent. The available history is governed by the number of days history messages are kept in the database (defined in dbCleanup (on page 58) configuration).

The contact history is added to every time a message is successfully sent to an in-roaming or outroaming subscriber. Population of history will be performed by an external application, for example, Deliver SM.

#### **Contact History tab**

Here is an example of the Contact History tab.

**Tip:** This tab is empty until a search for the contents is started. See *Viewing contact history* (on page 36).

SU - SES Configuration	elete <u>R</u> efresh (	Close		ſ	Contact History
	IMSI MSISDN			Search	
MSISDN IMSI	Application	Tag	Timestamp	Last Updated	Ву

#### **Contact tab columns**

This table describes the contents of each column.

Field	Description
MSISDN	Mobile Station ISDN number.
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity.
Application	When present, configuration information from the application which populated the contact history, for example. Deliver SM feature node.
Тад	All messages sent are tagged by the sending feature node. These tags are internal, auto generated and informative only.
Timestamp	Time message sent to the subscriber (SMS time zone value).
Last Updated	Date message sent to the subscriber (SMS time zone value).
Ву	Username or application name that made the last update.

#### Viewing contact history

Follow these steps to view the contact history for a subscriber.

Step	Action
1	Select the Contact History tab.
	Result: The contact history screen shows with unpopulated columns.
2	Type either the IMSI or the MSISDN (both is not allowed) of the subscriber to view the history of.
	Tip: In either case, just the leading digits may be entered to broaden the search results.
	Result: The Search button becomes available.

#### 3 Click Search.

Result: The search results for the requested IMSI or MSISDN are displayed in the grid.

∯ SU - SES Configuration							
New	Edit Delete	Refresh	Close			Help	P
Т	rigger Rules	1	Messages	1	Inbound Messa	aes	
Inbound G	eneral Messages	Outbound N	Messages	Outbound General I	Messages	Contact History	
	IMSI 3 MSISDN Search						
MSISDN	IMSI	Application	Tag	Timestamp	Last Updated	By	
51089202	345554354	СРМарр	530:1	01/Jan/1970 00:0	12/Apr/2006 02:3	OPS\$SMF_OPER	
51089202	345554354	СРМарр	530:1	12/Apr/2006 02:3	12/Apr/2006 02:3	OPS\$SMF_OPER	
51089201	345554354		530:1	01/Jan/1970 00:0	12/Apr/2006 00:5	OPS\$SMF_OPER	
(GUID 51089202	2-1970010100000-	01) was written by	OPS\$SME OPE	7 on 12/Apr/2006 at 02	235:27 using term	inal REPLIC	V

4

To view the actual message text, select the message row and click **Edit...**. **Result:** The message details are displayed.

🌺 Contact Histor	у	×
MSISDN:	12345678	
IMS:	5300° 031	
Application:	СРМарр3	
Message Tag:		
Timestamp:	10/May/2006 16:49:36	
Text:	Welcome to our network	
	1	
	Help Close	

Step	Action
5	Click <b>Close</b> to exit.

Chapter 4

# **Using SES Feature Nodes**

### Overview

#### Introduction

This chapter explains how SES uses ACS. This includes details on the SES specific feature nodes that are used in the ACS Control Plan Editor (CPE). These check subscribers on entering or leaving a network using SES and determine whether to send them messages and if so, determine the number of messages to be sent.

For an overview of ACS and the ACS Control Plan Editor, see the relevant ACS or CPE user's guides.

#### In this chapter

This chapter contains the following topics.

Example Control Plan - In-Roamer	39
Example Control Plan - Out-Roamer	40

## **Example Control Plan - In-Roamer**

#### In-roaming control plan process

This example shows how the SES in-roaming feature nodes can be used in a control plan. For this example the In-Roamer Contact Check feature node has been configured at two days, and the In-Roamer Messages Selection feature node has been configured at two messages.

The following list of actions typify the sequence of in-roaming events.

- 1 A roaming subscriber enters the network and the network triggers SES.
- 2 The subscriber details match the configuration requirements from the Trigger Rules.
- **3** The example control plan is invoked.
- 4 The In-Roamer Contact Check (sesInRCC) feature node determines if this subscriber has been sent messages within the contact period of 2 days.
- 5 If there has been contact within the contact period, the control plan exits.
- 6 The In-Roamer Messages Selection (sesInRMS) feature node checks for messages (up to the configured total) to send.
- 7 If there were no messages found to send, the control plan exits.
- 8 A node that sends short messages (Notification) attempts to send the messages.

#### In-roaming control plan

Here is an example in-roaming control plan.



# **Example Control Plan - Out-Roamer**

#### **Out-roaming control plan process**

This example shows how the out-roaming feature nodes can be used in a control plan. For this example the Out-Roamer Contact Check feature node has been configured at two days, and the Out-Roamer Messages Selection node has been configured at two messages.

The following list of actions typify the sequence of out-roaming events.

- 1 A roaming subscriber leaves the network and the network triggers SES.
- 2 The subscriber details match the configuration requirements from the Trigger Rules.
- 3 The example control plan is invoked.
- 4 The Out-Roamer Contact Check feature node determines if this subscriber has been sent messages within the contact period of 2 days (sesOutRCC).
- 5 If the subscriber has opted out of receiving messages, the control plan exits (this could be other control plan features) (End).
- 6 If there has been contact within the contact period, the control plan exits (this could be other control plan features) (End).

- 7 The Out-Roamer Messages Selection feature node (sesOutRMS) checks for messages (up to the configured total) to send.
- 8 If there were no messages found to send, the control plan exits (this could be other control plan features) (End).
- **9** A feature node that sends short messages (Notification) attempts to send the messages (followed by other control plan features).

#### **Out-roaming control plan**

Here is an example out-roaming control plan.



# Chapter 5 Configuration

### Overview

#### Introduction

This chapter explains the Subscriber Event Service configuration requirements.

#### In this chapter

This chapter contains the following topics.

eserv.config Configuration	. 43
sesTrigger	.44
macroNodes	. 55
dbCleanup	. 58
serviceLibrary	. 59
SLEE.cfg Configuration	. 59
acs.conf Configuration	. 60

### eserv.config Configuration

#### Introduction

The eserv.config file is a shared configuration file, from which many Oracle Communications Network Charging and Control (NCC) applications read their configuration. Each NCC machine (SMS, SLC, and VWS) has its own version of this configuration file, containing configuration relevant to that machine. The eserv.config file contains different sections; each application reads the sections of the file that contains data relevant to it.

The eserv.config file is located in the /IN/service\_packages/ directory.

The **eserv.config** file format uses hierarchical groupings, and most applications make use of this to divide the options into logical groupings.

#### **Configuration File Format**

To organize the configuration data within the **eserv.config** file, some sections are nested within other sections. Configuration details are opened and closed using either { } or [ ].

- Groups of parameters are enclosed with curly brackets { }
- An array of parameters is enclosed in square brackets []
- Comments are prefaced with a # at the beginning of the line

To list things within a group or an array, elements must be separated by at least one comma or at least one line break. Any of the following formats can be used, as in this example:

```
{ name="route6", id = 3, prefixes = [ "00000148", "0000473"] }
{ name="route7", id = 4, prefixes = [ "000001049" ] }
```

```
{ name="route6"
```

or

```
id = 3
        prefixes = [
             "00000148"
             "0000473"
         ]
     }
      name="route7"
     {
        id = 4
        prefixes = [
             "000001049"
         1
    }
or
     { name="route6"
        id = 3
        prefixes = [ "00000148", "0000473" ]
     }
     { name="route7", id = 4
        prefixes = [ "000001049" ]
    }
```

#### eserv.config Files Delivered

Most applications come with an example eserv.config configuration in a file called eserv.config.example in the root of the application directory, for example, /IN/service\_packages/eserv.config.example.

#### **Editing the File**

Open the configuration file on your system using a standard text editor. Do not use text editors, such as Microsoft Word, that attach control characters. These can be, for example, Microsoft DOS or Windows line termination characters (for example, ^M), which are not visible to the user, at the end of each row. This causes file errors when the application tries to read the configuration file.

Always keep a backup of your file before making any changes to it. This ensures you have a working copy to which you can return.

#### Loading eserv.config Changes

If you change the configuration file, you must restart the appropriate parts of the service to enable the new options to take effect.

#### Restarting

The following processes are restarted after configuration changes as indicated.

Process	Restart Action
sesTrigger	Sighup of sesTrigger or restart of the SLEE.
macronodes	Sighup of slee_acs or restart of the SLEE.

# sesTrigger

#### sesTrigger configuration

Here is a high level view of the Subscriber Event Service (SES) trigger section of the eserv.config.

SES = { sesTrigger = {

```
maxOutstanding = 0
databaseLogin = "SCP/SCP"
reloadInterval = 600
pollTime = 20000
adapters = {
   xml subscriber = {
       rejectLevel = 300
        rejectLevelReportPeriod = 6
        performanceReportPeriod = 10
        function ="sesLoadAdapter"
        timeout = 5
        called_party_noa = 0
        serviceKey = 120
        balance service key = 130 #
        redeem_service_key = 422 #
        balance_type_index = -1 \# old value 0
        balance amount index = -1
           redeem type index = -1
           redeem amount index = 0
          faked call party = "0"
          listen port = 1888
          connection_timeout = 60
           #remote hosts = [ "10.21.120.235" ]
           log = true
        # getSubscriberBalance
            balance fields = [
             {
                   name = "Active End" # the XML field name
                   type = "date"
                   announcementId = 2
                       \# >= 0 = variable part ID
                       # the position of the value in the INAP Play
           Announcement
                       # < 0 = use variable announcement ID
                  required = false
                  # required means the parameter is required to produce the
           XML response
                   # if the parameter is missing the XML message will fail
            }
             {
                   name = "Grace End"
                   type = "date"
                   announcementId = 3
                      \# >= 0 = variable part ID
                       # the position of the value in the INAP Play
           Announcement
                       # < 0 = use variable announcement ID
                   required = false
                  # if true and can not extract value the xml request will
           be failed
             }
         ]
        # VoucherRedeem
           redeem fields = [
            {
                 name = "New Balance" # the XML field name
                 type = "int"
                 announcementId = 1
```

```
\# >= 0 = variable part ID
                          # the position of the value in the INAP Play Announcement
                          # < 0 = use variable announcement ID</pre>
                          required = false
                          # if true and can not extract value the xml request will be
                    failed
                     }
                     {
                          name = "Active End" # the XML field name
                          type = "date"
                          announcementId = 2
                          \# >= 0 = variable part ID
                          # the position of the value in the INAP Play Announcement
                          # < 0 = use variable announcement ID
                          required = false
                          # if true and can not extract value the xml request will be
                    failed
                     }
                     {
                          name = "Grace End"
                          type = "date"
                          announcementId = 3
                          # >= 0 = variable part ID
                          # the position of the value in the INAP Play Announcement
                          # < 0 = use variable announcement ID
                          required = false
                          # if true and can not extract value the xml request will be
                    failed
                     }
                ]
            }# End of xml_subscriber
        }# End of adapters
    }
        # End of sesTrigger section.
} # End of SES section.
```

#### sesTrigger parameters

SES trigger application accepts the following trigger parameters.

adapters

Syntax:	<pre>adapters = {adapter1_name} {adapter2_name}</pre>
Description:	The adapters section specifies the adapter(s) required for SES to work.
Туре:	String
Optionality:	Mandatory.
Allowed:	Must be the default string.
Default:	<ul><li>notemm, and/or</li><li>xml_subscriber</li></ul>
Notes:	See the relevant adapter parameter lists below.
Example:	<pre>adapters = {     notemm = {         library = "libsesNoteMM.so"         function ="sesLoadAdapter"         timeout = 5         serviceKey = 120     } }</pre>
	<pre>xml_subscriber = {     library = "libeaxXmlSubscriber.so"</pre>

```
function ="sesLoadAdapter"
        timeout = 5
        serviceKey = 511
        balance_service_key = 511
        voucher_service_key = 512
        balance_type_index = 0
        balance amount index = 1
        redeem_type_index = 0
        redeem_amount_index = 1
        faked_call_party = "0"
        listen_port = 8088
        remote_hosts = [ "host1.xyz.com", "host2.xyz.com" ]
        connection timeout = 60
        log = true
    }
}
```

databaseLogin

Syntax:	databaseLogin = <"user/password">
Description:	Identifies where to get the trigger rules from.
Туре:	String
Optionality:	Optional; if missing the default is used.
Allowed:	Any valid user and password combination string.
Default:	"SCP/SCP"
Notes:	Setting databaseLogin to empty means use the trigger rules below instead of loading them from the database.
Example:	databaseLogin = ""

#### maxOutstanding

Syntax:	<pre>maxOutstanding = num</pre>
Description:	Maximum number of transactions to ACS that may be outstanding at any time.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Optional; if missing the default is used.
Allowed:	Any positive decimal integer, including 0.
Default:	0
Notes:	0 means no limit. If this limit is reached, any new requests will be rejected.
Example:	maxOutstanding = 0

#### pollTime

Syntax:	pollTime = <i>msecs</i>
Description:	PollTime for TCP/IP sockets in micro-seconds.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Optional, if missing the default is used.
Allowed:	Any positive decimal integer
Default:	100000 (micro seconds)
Notes:	
Example:	pollTime = 20000

# reloadInterval

Chapter 5

Syntax:	reloadInterval = <i>seconds</i>
Description:	How often to reload configuration (including database), in seconds.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Optional; if missing the default is used.
Allowed:	Any positive decimal integer, including 0.
Default:	0
Notes:	0 means never. In any case, we always reload on getting a SIGHUP.
Example:	reloadInterval = 0

#### notemm adapter parameters

These are the configuration parameters specific to the notemm adapter.

#### function

Syntax:	<pre>function = "name"</pre>
Description:	The entry point to this shared library.
Туре:	string
Optionality:	Mandatory
Allowed:	Must be "sesLoadAdapter"
Example:	<pre>function = "sesLoadAdapter"</pre>

#### library

Syntax:	library = "name"
Description:	The shared library to load.
Туре:	String
Optionality:	Mandatory
Allowed:	Any valid library name.
Default:	"libeaxXmlSubscriber.so"
Notes:	
Example:	library = "libeaxXmlSubscriber.so"

#### serviceKey

Syntax:	serviceKey = <i>skey</i>
Description:	Service key for this adapter. This is the serviceKey used for triggering to ACS.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Optional; if missing the default is used.
Allowed:	Any valid service key.
Default:	511
Notes:	
Example:	serviceKey = 511
timeout	
Syntax:	timeout = seconds
Description:	Timeout, in seconds, on transactions.
Туре:	Positive integer

Optionality:	Mandatory
Allowed:	Any positive number, including 0
Default:	0
Note:	0 means no timeout.
	This timeout should be set to a higher than a retry timeout parameter, if it exists, of any node, used in conjunction with this service, that sends a short message. This will prevent SES trigger from timing out before all messages are successfully sent.
Example:	timeout = 5

#### xml\_subscriber adapter parameters

These are the configuration parameters specific to the xml\_subscriber adapter.

```
balance_amount_index
```

Syntax:	<pre>balance_amount_index = value</pre>
Description:	Where to extract subscriber amount information from the PlayAnnouncement.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Optional (default used if not set).
Allowed:	-1 means to use the fixed announcements
	0 or greater is the (0-based) index
Default:	1
Notes:	
Example:	<pre>balance_amount_index = 1</pre>
balance_servi	ce_key
Syntax:	<pre>balance_service_key = skey</pre>
Description:	The service key for get-balance triggering to ACS.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Optional (default used if not set).
Allowed:	Any valid service key.
Default:	511
Notes:	
Example:	balance_service_key = 511
balance_type_	_index
Syntax:	balance_type_index = <i>value</i>
Description:	Where to extract subscriber balance unit information from the PlayAnnouncement.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Optional (default used if not set).
Allowed:	-1 means to use the fixed announcements
	0 or greater is the (0-based) index
Default:	0
Notes:	
Example:	<pre>balance_type_index = 0</pre>

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#### called\_party\_noa

Syntax:	called_party_noa = <i>noa</i>
Description:	The called party nature of address configured.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Optional (default used if not set).
Allowed:	
Default:	0
Notes:	
Example:	called_party_noa = 0

#### connection\_timeout

Syntax:	<pre>connection_timeout = seconds</pre>
Description:	Idle timeout on HTTP connections, in seconds.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality: Allowed:	<ul><li>Optional (default used if not set).</li><li>0 means no timeout</li><li>Any positive integer</li></ul>
Default:	0
Notes:	
Example:	$connection_timeout = 60$

#### faked\_call\_party

Syntax:	<pre>faked_call_party = "value"</pre>
Description:	Number to add to the IDP as "called party", seeing as how we don't have one. Some service loaders need this.
Туре:	Numerical string
Optionality:	Mandatory
Allowed:	
Default:	"0"
Notes:	
Example:	<pre>faked_call_party = "0"</pre>
function	
Syntax:	<pre>function = "name"</pre>
Description:	The entry point to this shared library.
Туре:	string
Optionality:	Mandatory
Allowed:	Must be "sesLoadAdapter"
Example:	<pre>function = "sesLoadAdapter"</pre>
library	
Syntax:	library = "name"
Description:	The shared library to load.
Туре:	String
Optionality:	Mandatory

Allowed:	Any valid library name.
Default:	No default
Notes:	
Example:	<pre>library = "libeaxXmlSubscriber.so"</pre>

#### listen\_port

Syntax:	listen_port = port
Description:	Port to listen on.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Optional (default used if not set).
Allowed:	Any valid port number.
Default:	8088
Notes:	
Example:	listen_port = 8088
log	
Syntax:	log = true false
Description:	Whether or not to log individual requests.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Mandatory
Allowed:	true, false
Default:	true
Notes:	
Example:	log = true

#### performanceReportPeriod

Syntax:	<pre>performanceReportPeriod = seconds</pre>
Description:	Defines the period (in seconds) after which a performance report will be generated.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Optional (default used if not set).
Allowed:	
Default:	0 - no report will be generated
Notes:	<ul> <li>The reporting time is aligned with the system clock, NOT the application start time.</li> </ul>
	• The first performance report after SLEE startup may differ to that which is configured for the performanceReportPeriod, depending on when the SLEE was started within the clock aligned performance period.
Example:	<pre>performanceReportPeriod = 10</pre>
redeem_amoun	t_index
Syntax:	redeem_amount_index = <i>value</i>

Symax.	redeem_amount_index - value
Description:	Where to extract voucher redeem unit information from the PlayAnnouncement.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Optional (default used if not set).

#### Chapter 5

Allowed:	Any positive decimal integer, including 0.
Default:	1
Notes:	
Example:	<pre>redeem_amount_index = 1</pre>
redeem_type_i	index
Syntax:	<pre>redeem_type_index = value</pre>
Description:	Where to extract voucher redeem unit information from the PlayAnnouncement.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Optional, if missing the default is used.
Allowed:	Any positive decimal integer, including 0.
Default:	0
Notes:	
Example:	<pre>redeem_type_index = 0</pre>
rejectLevel	
Syntax:	rejectLevel = num
Description:	Determines the maximum number of new connections allowed per second. sesTrigger rejects any new connection that comes in over and above what is configured.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Optional (default used if not set).
Allowed:	
Default:	0 - no traffic limit
Notes:	Any negative number is treated as 0, that is, no limit set.
Example:	rejectLevel = 300
rejectLevelRe	eportPeriod
Syntax:	rejectLevelReportPeriod = <i>seconds</i>
Description:	Defines the period (in seconds) after which a reject report will be generated.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Optional (default used if not set).
Allowed:	
Default: Notes:	<ul> <li>0 - no report will be generated</li> <li>The reporting time is aligned with the system clock, NOT the application start time.</li> <li>The first performance report after SLEE startup may differ to that which is configured for the rejectLevelReportPeriod, depending on when the SLEE was started within the clock aligned performance period.</li> </ul>
Example:	rejectLevelReportPeriod = 10
remote_hosts	
Syntax:	<pre>remote_hosts = ["host1", "host2,, "hostn"]</pre>
Description:	List of remote hosts to allow connections from.
Туре:	Array of strings
Optionality:	Optional (default used if not set).

Allowed:	Any valid host names.
Default:	[] (empty)
Notes:	Empty means to allow connections from any hosts.
Example:	<pre>remote_hosts = [ "host1.xyz.com", "host2.xyz.com" ]</pre>

serviceKey

Syntax:	serviceKey = <i>skey</i>
Description:	Service key for this adapter. This is the serviceKey used for triggering to ACS.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Optional; if missing the default is used.
Allowed:	Any valid service key.
Default:	511
Notes:	
Example:	serviceKey = 511
timeout	
Syntax:	timeout = seconds
Description:	Timeout, in seconds, on transactions.
Туре:	Positive integer
Optionality:	Mandatory
Allowed:	Any positive number, including 0
Default:	0
Note:	0 means no timeout.
	This timeout should be set to a higher than a retry timeout parameter, if it exists, of any node, used in conjunction with this service, that sends a short message. This will prevent SES trigger from timing out before all messages are successfully sent.
Example:	timeout = 5

#### voucher\_service\_key

Syntax:	<pre>voucher_service_key = skey</pre>
Description:	The service key for voucher-redeem triggering to ACS.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Optional (default used if not set).
Allowed:	Any valid service key.
Default:	512
Notes:	
Example:	<pre>voucher_service_key = 512</pre>

#### rules parameters

The trigger rules provide match information in order to determine the control plan to use.

Matching is done on:

- event\_class, and
- event\_type, then if needed

• msisdn (treated as a prefix).

SES trigger application accepts the following rules parameters.

Note: The rules config is only used if databaseLogin is present and empty above; otherwise the database is used.

enabled

Syntax:	enabled =	true false
Description:		
Туре:	Boolean	
Optionality:	Mandatory	
Allowed:	true, false	
Default:	none	
Notes:		
Example:	enabled =	true

#### event\_class

Syntax:	<pre>event_class = class</pre>
Description:	The event class to match against for control plan triggering
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Mandatory
Allowed:	Any valid event class.
Default:	none
Notes:	Used in conjunction with event_type and msisdn.
Example:	event_class = 4

#### event\_type

Syntax:	event_type = type	
Description:	The event type to match against for control plan triggering.	
Туре:	Integer	
Optionality:	Mandatory	
Allowed:	• 1 (subscriber balance)	
	• 2 (voucher redeem)	
Default:	none	
Notes:	Used in conjunction with event_class and msisdn	
Example:	event_type = 1	
msisdn		
Syntax:	msisdn = value	
Description:	The subscriber key to match against for control plan triggering.	
Туре:	Integer	
Optionality:	Optional	
Allowed:	Any valid subscriber number or part number representing the start or number prefix of the subscriber.	
Default:	none	
Notes:	Used in conjunction with the event_class and event_type parameters when there are different triggers required that are based on subscriber number.	

Example:	msisdn = "1234"
pin	
Syntax:	nin = "value"
Description:	Override for the generated PIN if wanted
Type	string
Ontionality:	Ontional
Allowed:	
Default:	none
Notes:	This is only used with the SES service loader.
Example:	pin = "xmlsubbal"
plan	
Syntax:	plan = "name"
Description:	The control plan to trigger to if the event class, event type and (when used) the msisdn are matched against.
Туре:	String
Optionality:	Mandatory
Allowed:	Any valid control plan name.
Default:	none
Notes:	The control plan must have already been cleanly compiled and saved.
	This is only used with the SES service loader.
Example:	plan = "LEralph"
provider	
Syntax:	provider = "id"
Description:	The ID of the service provider.
Туре:	String
Optionality:	Mandatory
Allowed:	Any valid service provider ID.
Default:	none
Notes:	This is only used with the SES service loader.
Example:	provider = "su"

### macroNodes

#### macroNodes configuration

Here is an example of the Subscriber Event Service SES.macroNodes section of the eserv.config.

```
}
inRoamerMessagesSelection = {
    generalMessageCache = {
        flushPeriodSeconds = 300
    }
    outRoamerMessagesSelection = {
        generalMessageCache = {
            flushPeriodSeconds = 300
        }
    }
    # end of macroNodes
}
```

#### macroNodes parameters

macroNodes accepts the following parameters.

#### outRoamerContactCheck parameters

The contact check parameters are held within the <code>optOutProfile</code> parameter set. There can be as many <code>optOutProfile</code> parameter sets as required. Any out-roamer subscribers matching this parameter will be ne sent any messages.

block

Syntax:	block = value
Description:	The profile block to use. This is where the flag is stored.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Mandatory
Allowed:	Numbers 1 to 16 depending on which of the following is required.
	1 VPN Network
	2 VPN Station
	3 Customer
	4 Call Plan
	5 Global
	6 CLI Subscriber
	7 Service Number
	8 Application Specific 1/CCS Account Reference
	9 Application Specific 2
	10 Application Specific 3
	11 Application Specific 4
	12 Application Specific 5
	13 Application Specific 6
	14 Application Specific 7
	15 Application Specific 8
	16 Any Valid
Default:	8
Notes:	For a full description of profile blocks, refer to CPE User's Guide.
Example:	block = 8
tag	
Syntax:	tag = value
Description:	The tag in this profile where the opted out flag is stored.

Туре:	Hex value
Optionality:	Mandatory
Allowed:	Hex value of any valid tag.
Default:	0x500050
Notes:	This should be the same one as used by the PI for your installation.
	For a full description of profile tags, refer to the CPE User's Guide.
Example:	tag = 0x500050

#### inRoamerMessagesSelection parameters

This parameter signals how often to update the in-roamer messages cache.

flushPeriodSeconds

Syntax:	flushPeriodSeconds = <i>seconds</i>
Description:	How often to reload the general message cache.
Туре:	Integer
Optionality:	Mandatory
Allowed:	
Default:	300
Notes:	
Example:	flushPeriodSeconds = 300

#### generalMessageCache

Syntax:	<pre>generalMessageCache = {parameter}</pre>
Description:	The general message cache parameters.
Туре:	List of parameters.
Optionality:	Mandatory
Allowed:	
Default:	
Notes:	
Example:	<pre>generalMessageCache = {     flushPeriodseconds = 300 }</pre>

#### outRoamerMessagesSelection parameters

This parameter signals how often to update the out-roamer messages cache.

#### flushPeriodSeconds

Syntax:	<pre>flushPeriodSeconds = seconds</pre>	
Description:	How often to reload the general message cache.	
Туре:	Integer	
Optionality:	Mandatory	
Allowed:		
Default:	300	
Notes:		
Example:	flushPeriodSeconds = 300	

```
Chapter 5
```

```
generalMessageCache
```

Syntax:	<pre>generalMessageCache = {parameter}</pre>
Description:	The general message cache parameters.
Туре:	List of parameters.
Optionality:	Mandatory
Allowed:	
Default:	
Notes:	
Example:	<pre>generalMessageCache = {    flushPeriodseconds = 300 }</pre>

# dbCleanup

#### Introduction

dbCleanup removes messages and old contact information from the database on a regular basis. Refer to *dbCleanup* (on page 61) for more information. The frequency is provided through these parameters.

### dbCleanup configuration

Here is an example of the Subscriber Event Service SES.dbCleanup section of the eserv.config.

```
SES = {
    dbCleanup = {
        user = "ses_admin"
        password = "ses_admin"
        hour = 0
        contactHistoryDays = 7
        messagesDays = 10
    } # end of dbCleanup
```

}

#### dbCleanup parameters

dbCleanup accepts the following parameters.

```
contactHistoryDays
```

How long to keep SES contact history information for after the text message is sent.

Default:	7
Allowed:	Integer number of days.
Note:	This parameter is mandatory.
hour	
The hour in which	to run the clean up.
Default:	0
Allowed:	<ul> <li>0 to 23 to indicate what hour to start in, for example:</li> <li>0 for between midnight and 1am</li> <li>14 for between 2pm and 3pm</li> </ul>

Note: This parameter is mandatory.

messagesDaysHow long to keep SES messages after they have expired.Default:10Allowed:Integer number of days.Note:This parameter is mandatory.

password

The password of the	he authorized user.
Default:	ses_admin
Allowed:	ses_admin
Note:	This parameter is mandatory

user

The authorized identification that can perform the removal activities.Default:ses\_adminAllowed:ses\_adminNote:This parameter is mandatory.

## serviceLibrary

#### serviceLibrary configuration

Here is an example of the Subscriber Event Service SES.serviceLibrary section of the eserv.config.

```
SES = {
    serviceLibrary = {
        loadAccountReferenceProfile = true
    }
```

}

#### serviceLibrary parameters

serviceLibrary accepts the following parameter.

loadAccountReferenceProfile Whether to load the profile from the CCS\_ACCT\_REFERENCE table, based on the MSISDN. Default: true Allowed: true, false Note: Optional

# **SLEE.cfg Configuration**

#### Lines inserted

The installation of SES inserts the following lines into the installed SLEE.cfg file.

INTERFACE=sesIf sesTrigger.sh /IN/service\_packages/SES/bin EVENT # Added by sesScp SERVICEKEY=INTEGER 1111 sesIf # Added by sesScp <<< servicekey for the sesTrigger</pre> SERVICEKEY=INTEGER 1121 SES # Added by sesScp <<< servicekey for talking to the SES service loaded by slee\_acs SERVICE=SES 1 slee\_acs SES # Added by sesScp <<< defining the SES service in slee\_acs</pre>

Note: The SERVICEKEY lines will need to be modified on most sites.

# acs.conf Configuration

#### Lines inserted

The installation of SES inserts the following lines into the installed acs.conf file.

MacroNodePluginFile libsesMacroNodes.so # Added by sesScp ServiceEntry (SES,libsesService.so) # Added by sesScp

Chapter 6

# **Background Processes**

### Overview

#### Introduction

This chapter explains the SES background processes.

#### In this chapter

This chapter contains the following topics.

dbCleanup	61
Statistics	61
Replication	62

# dbCleanup

#### Introduction

This SMS process is responsible for cleaning up the contact history so that it does not get too big. The amount of contact history it keeps is configurable. See *dbCleanup* (on page 58) for details. It is run from the inittab on non-clustered machines and it is a cluster service on clustered SMSs.

#### Stopping and starting the process

Enter the following commands to stop the process:

```
1. cd /opt/ESERVsesDbCleanup/util
```

```
2. ./stopsesDbCleanup -h logical_hostname
```

```
    scstat | grep sesDbCleanup-harg
No records should be returned.
```

# **Statistics**

#### Introduction

An existing statistics system provides functions for the collection of basic statistical events. This is provided in the NCC SMS application and provisioned at installation. Statistics can be viewed using the SMS application (**Operator Functions > Stats Viewer** menu options), see *Service Management System Technical Guide*.

Below are tables describing each statistic type and event type.

#### Statistic types collected

The following statistic types are available for collection. Each statistic event (see *statistic events collected* below) has these six statistics collected.

Statistic Type	Description
statistic_event_FAILED	Triggered to ACS and received a failure response.
statistic_event_REJECTED	Did not successfully trigger to ACS.
statistic_event_SUCCESS	Triggered to ACS and received a success response.
statistic_event_THROTTLED	Rejected due to too many outstanding transactions.
statistic_event_TIMEOUT	Triggered to ACS and never heard back.
statistic_event_TOTAL	Total of all the above events.

#### Statistic events collected

The following statistic events are available for collection.

Note: Each of these events can have up to six statistics collected.

Statistic Event	Description
NOTEMM_LOC_UP_SAME_VLR_StatisticType	Location update in the same VLR service area.
NOTEMM_LOC_UP_OTHER_VLR_StatisticType	Location update to another VLR service area.
NOTEMM_IMSI_ATTACH_StatisticType	IMSI attach.
NOTEMM_MS_IMSI_DETACH_StatisticType	MS initiated IMSI detach (explicit detach).
NOTEMM_NET_IMSI_DETACH_StatisticType	Network initiated IMSI detach (implicit detach).
NOTEMM_ROUTE_UP_SAME_SGSN_StatisticT ype	Routing area update in the same SGSN service area.
NOTEMM_SGSN_UP_NEW_SGSN_StatisticTyp e	Routing area update to another SGSN service area.
NOTEMM_SGSN_DISCONNECT_StatisticType	Routing area update to other SGSN disconnect by detach.
NOTEMM_GPRS_ATTACH_StatisticType	GPRS attach.
NOTEMM_MS_GPRS_DETACH_StatisticType	MS initiated GPRS detach.
NOTEMM_NET_GPRS_DETACH_StatisticType	Network initiated GPRS detach.
NOTEMM_NET_XFER_MS_UNREACH_Statistic Type	Network initiated transfer to the "not reachable for paging" state.

#### Examples:

NOTEMM\_LOC\_UP\_SAME\_VLR\_FAILED NOTEMM\_LOC\_UP\_SAME\_VLR\_REJECTED NOTEMM\_LOC\_UP\_SAME\_VLR\_SUCCESS

## Replication

#### Introduction

This topic explains the replication system used for SES. Replication is the system which transfers data between nodes in the IN installation.

#### **Replicating SES tables**

Follow these steps to replicate the SES tables.

#### Step Action

1

Select the **Operator Functions > Node Management** menu options from the Service Management System main screen.

≜ SU	- Service Ma	anagement System		_ 🗆 X
File	Services	Operator Functions Help	)	
		Node Management	Ctrl+N	
		User Management	Ctrl+U	
		Change Password	Ctrl+P	
		Report Functions	Ctrl+R	
		Alarm Management	Ctrl+L	
		Statistics Management	Ctrl+S	
		Statistics Viewer	Ctrl+V	-
	F	Replication Check	Ctrl+C	
			V	1
	0		· ·	
	G	LOBA	A L	

Result: The Node Management screen opens.

2 Select the Table Replication tab.

Result: The top level table types are shown.

- 3 Scroll down the left hand panel until the Ses\_Service type is in view.
- 4 Expand the Ses\_Service type.

**Result:** The tables for replication are shown.



Select and drag each of the SES Service tables you wish to replicate from the left panel to each of the configured SLC nodes in the Allocated Replication Groups panel.

#### Example:

CCS_SM_WALLET_NAMES_SCP CCS_TARIFF_PLAN_SELECTOR_SCP CCS_WALLET_TYPE_SCP SMF_STDEF_Acs_Service SMF_STDEF_Ccs_Service SMF_STDEF_E2BE SMF_STDEF_SCP_SYSTEM SMF_STDEF_SLEE_PROC_MAN SMF_STDEF_SYSTEM SES_CONTACT_HISTORY SES_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_MESSAGE	llocated Replication Groups
CCS_TARIFF_PLAN_SELECTOR_SCP CCS_WALLET_TYPE_SCP SMF_STDEF_Acs_Service SMF_STDEF_Ccs_Service SMF_STDEF_E2BE SMF_STDEF_SCP_SYSTEM SMF_STDEF_SLEE_PROC_MAN SMF_STDEF_SYSTEM SES_CONTACT_HISTORY SES_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_MESSAGE	CCS_SM_WALLET_NAMES_SCP
<ul> <li>CCS_WALLET_TYPE_SCP</li> <li>SMF_STDEF_Acs_Service</li> <li>SMF_STDEF_Ccs_Service</li> <li>SMF_STDEF_E2BE</li> <li>SMF_STDEF_SCP_SYSTEM</li> <li>SMF_STDEF_SLEE_PROC_MAN</li> <li>SMF_STDEF_SYSTEM</li> <li>SES_CONTACT_HISTORY</li> <li>SES_INBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE</li> <li>SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE</li> <li>SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE</li> <li>SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE</li> <li>SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE</li> <li>SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE</li> </ul>	-CCS_TARIFF_PLAN_SELECTOR_SCP
SMF_STDEF_Acs_Service SMF_STDEF_Ccs_Service SMF_STDEF_C2BE SMF_STDEF_SAE SMF_STDEF_SCP_SYSTEM SMF_STDEF_SLEE_PROC_MAN SMF_STDEF_SYSTEM SES_CONTACT_HISTORY SES_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_MESSAGE	-CCS_WALLET_TYPE_SCP
SMF_STDEF_Ccs_Service SMF_STDEF_E2BE SMF_STDEF_Mmx_Service SMF_STDEF_SCP_SYSTEM SMF_STDEF_SLEE_PROC_MAN SMF_STDEF_SYSTEM SES_CONTACT_HISTORY SES_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_MESSAGE	-SMF_STDEF_Acs_Service
SMF_STDEF_E2BE SMF_STDEF_Mmx_Service SMF_STDEF_SCP_SYSTEM SMF_STDEF_SLEE_PROC_MAN SMF_STDEF_SYSTEM SES_CONTACT_HISTORY SES_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_MESSAGE	-SMF_STDEF_Ccs_Service
SMF_STDEF_Mmx_Service SMF_STDEF_SCP_SYSTEM SMF_STDEF_SLEE_PROC_MAN SMF_STDEF_SYSTEM SES_CONTACT_HISTORY SES_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_MESSAGE	-SMF_STDEF_E2BE
-SMF_STDEF_SCP_SYSTEM -SMF_STDEF_SLEE_PROC_MAN -SMF_STDEF_SYSTEM -SES_CONTACT_HISTORY -SES_MESSAGE -SES_INBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE -SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE -SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE -SES_INBOUND_MESSAGE	-SMF_STDEF_Mmx_Service
-SMF_STDEF_SLEE_PROC_MAN -SMF_STDEF_SYSTEM -SES_CONTACT_HISTORY -SES_MESSAGE -SES_INBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE -SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE -SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE -SES_INBOUND_MESSAGE	-SMF_STDEF_SCP_SYSTEM
-SMF_STDEF_SYSTEM -SES_CONTACT_HISTORY -SES_MESSAGE -SES_INBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE -SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE -SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE -SES_INBOUND_MESSAGE	-SMF_STDEF_SLEE_PROC_MAN
SES_CONTACT_HISTORY SES_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_MESSAGE	-SMF_STDEF_SYSTEM
SES_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_MESSAGE	-SES_CONTACT_HISTORY
SES_INBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_TRIGGER_RULES SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_MESSAGE	-SES_MESSAGE
SES_TRIGGER_RULES SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_MESSAGE	
SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE SES_INBOUND_MESSAGE	SES_TRIGGER_RULES
SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE	-SES_OUTBOUND_MESSAGE
SES_INBOUND_MESSAGE	-SES_OUTBOUND_GENERAL_MESSAGE

Tip: You must select SES\_MESSAGE, before you can select the other message tables.

#### Click Save.

6

**Result:** The replication is saved and the Save Complete confirmation displays.

🚔 Save Complete	×
Replication configuration saved. To activate it you must create the config	juration file
<u>OK</u>	

7 Click **OK**.

Step	Action
8	Click Create Config File.
	<b>Result:</b> A new config file is created and pushed out to the relevant nodes enabling the replicated tables to be used, and the confirmation is displayed.
	Replication Confi X File Generated and Copied OK
9	Click <b>OK</b> .
10	Click Close.

**Note:** For more information on replication, refer to Service Management System Technical Guide.
Chapter 7

# **About Installation and Removal**

# Overview

#### Introduction

This chapter provides information about the installed components for the Oracle Communications Network Charging and Control (NCC) application described in this guide. It also lists the files installed by the application that you can check for, to ensure that the application installed successfully.

#### In this Chapter

# Installation and Removal Overview

# Introduction

For information about the following requirements and tasks, see Installation Guide:

- NCC system requirements
- Pre-installation tasks
- Installing and removing NCC packages

# **SES** packages

An installation of Subscriber Event Service includes the following packages, on the:

- SMS:
  - sesSms
  - sesCluster (for clustered SMS
- SLC:
  - sesScp

# **Glossary of Terms**

# ACS

Advanced Control Services configuration platform.

#### ANI

Automatic Number Identification - Term used in the USA by long-distance carriers for CLI.

#### CAMEL

Customized Applications for Mobile network Enhanced Logic

This is a 3GPP (Third Generation Partnership Project) initiative to extend traditional IN services found in fixed networks into mobile networks. The architecture is similar to that of traditional IN, in that the control functions and switching functions are remote. Unlike the fixed IN environment, in mobile networks the subscriber may roam into another PLMN (Public Land Mobile Network), consequently the controlling function must interact with a switching function in a foreign network. CAMEL specifies the agreed information flows that may be passed between these networks.

#### СС

Country Code. Prefix identifying the country for a numeric international address.

# CCS

1) Charging Control Services component.

2) Common Channel Signalling. A signalling system used in telephone networks that separates signalling information from user data.

# CLI

Calling Line Identification - the telephone number of the caller. Also referred to as ANI.

#### CPE

Control Plan Editor (previously Call Plan Editor) - software used to define the logic and data associated with a call -for example, "if the subscriber calls 0800 *nnnnnn* from a phone at location *xxx* then put the call through to *bb bbb bbbb*".

#### DP

**Detection Point** 

#### DTMF

Dual Tone Multi-Frequency - system used by touch tone telephones where one high and one low frequency, or tone, is assigned to each touch tone button on the phone.

#### FDA

First Delivery Attempt - the delivery of a short message directly to the SME rather than relaying it through the MC.

# GPRS

General Packet Radio Service - employed to connect mobile cellular users to PDN (Public Data Network- for example the Internet).

#### GSM

Global System for Mobile communication.

It is a second generation cellular telecommunication system. Unlike first generation systems, GSM is digital and thus introduced greater enhancements such as security, capacity, quality and the ability to support integrated services.

#### GUI

Graphical User Interface

#### HLR

The Home Location Register is a database within the HPLMN (Home Public Land Mobile Network). It provides routing information for MT calls and SMS. It is also responsible for the maintenance of user subscription information. This is distributed to the relevant VLR, or SGSN (Serving GPRS Support Node) through the attach process and mobility management procedures such as Location Area and Routing Area updates.

#### HPLMN

Home PLMN

# HTTP

Hypertext Transport Protocol is the standard protocol for the carriage of data around the Internet.

#### IDP

INAP message: Initial DP (Initial Detection Point)

#### IMSI

International Mobile Subscriber Identifier. A unique identifier allocated to each mobile subscriber in a GSM and UMTS network. It consists of a MCC (Mobile Country Code), a MNC (Mobile Network Code) and a MSIN (Mobile Station Identification Number).

The IMSI is returned by the HLR query (SRI-SM) when doing FDA. This tells the MSC exactly who the subscriber is that the message is to be sent to.

#### IN

Intelligent Network

#### INAP

Intelligent Network Application Part - a protocol offering real time communication between IN elements.

# **Initial DP**

Initial Detection Point - INAP Operation. This is the operation that is sent when the switch reaches a trigger detection point.

### In-Roamer

A roaming subscriber entering a mobile phone network.

#### IP

1) Internet Protocol

2) Intelligent Peripheral - This is a node in an Intelligent Network containing a Specialized Resource Function (SRF).

#### ISDN

Integrated Services Digital Network - set of protocols for connecting ISDN stations.

#### ITU

International Telecommunication Union

#### MAP

Mobile Application Part - a protocol which enables real time communication between nodes in a mobile cellular network. A typical usage of the protocol would be for the transfer of location information from the VLR to the HLR.

#### MC

Message Centre. Also known as SMSC.

#### MCC

Mobile Country Code. In the location information context, this is padded to three digits with leading zeros. Refer to ITU E.212 ("Land Mobile Numbering Plan") documentation for a list of codes.

# MNC

Mobile Network Code. The part of an international address following the mobile country code (MCC), or at the start of a national format address. This specifies the mobile network code, that is, the operator owning the address. In the location information context, this is padded to two digits with a leading zero. Refer to ITU E.212 ("Land Mobile Numbering Plan") documentation for a list of codes.

#### MS

Mobile Station

#### MSC

Mobile Switching Centre. Also known as a switch.

#### MSIN

Mobile Station Identification Number.

#### MSISDN

Mobile Station ISDN number. Uniquely defines the mobile station as an ISDN terminal. It consists of three parts; the country code (CC), the national destination code (NDC) and the subscriber number (SN).

# МΤ

Mobile Terminated

### **Out-Roamer**

A roaming subscriber leaving their mobile phone network.

# ΡI

Provisioning Interface - used for bulk database updates/configuration instead of GUI based configuration.

# PIN

Personal Identification Number

# PLMN

Public Land Mobile Network

# SCP

Service Control Point. Also known as SLC.

# **Service Provider**

See Telco.

# SES

Subscriber Event Service is an application that enables a service provider to send text messages to roaming subscribers (both their own and foreign subscribers) when they roam in and out of their network.

# SGSN

Serving GPRS Support Node

# SLC

Service Logic Controller (formerly UAS).

# SLEE

Service Logic Execution Environment

# SME

Short Message Entity - This is an entity which may send or receive short messages. It may be located in a fixed network, a mobile, or an SMSC.

# SMS

Depending on context, can be:

• Service Management System hardware platform

- Short Message Service
- Service Management System platform
- NCC Service Management System application

#### SN

Service Number

#### SRF

Specialized Resource Function – This is a node on an IN which can connect to both the SSP and the SLC and delivers additional special resources into the call, mostly related to voice data, for example play voice announcements or collect DTMF tones from the user. Can be present on an SSP or an Intelligent Peripheral (IP).

#### SRI

Send Routing Information - This process is used on a GSM network to interrogate the HLR for subscriber routing information.

#### SSP

Service Switching Point

#### System Administrator

The person(s) responsible for the overall set-up and maintenance of the IN.

#### ТСР

Transmission Control Protocol. This is a reliable octet streaming protocol used by the majority of applications on the Internet. It provides a connection-oriented, full-duplex, point to point service between hosts.

#### Telco

Telecommunications Provider. This is the company that provides the telephone service to customers.

#### **Telecommunications Provider**

See Telco.

#### VLR

Visitor Location Register - contains all subscriber data required for call handling and mobility management for mobile subscribers currently located in the area controlled by the VLR.

#### VPN

The Virtual Private Network product is an enhanced services capability enabling private network facilities across a public telephony network.

#### **VWS**

Oracle Voucher and Wallet Server (formerly UBE).

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