

# Oracle® Cloud

## Using the Oracle Autonomous Data

## Warehouse Adapter with Oracle Integration 3



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# Preface

This guide describes how to configure this adapter as a connection in an integration in Oracle Integration.



## Note:

The use of this adapter may differ depending on the features you have, or whether your instance was provisioned using Standard or Enterprise edition. These differences are noted throughout this guide.

## Topics:

- [Audience](#)
- [Documentation Accessibility](#)
- [Diversity and Inclusion](#)
- [Related Resources](#)
- [Conventions](#)

## Audience

This guide is intended for developers who want to use this adapter in integrations in Oracle Integration.

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We are also mindful of the necessity to maintain compatibility with our customers' existing technologies and the need to ensure continuity of service as Oracle's offerings and industry standards evolve. Because of these technical constraints, our effort to remove insensitive terms is ongoing and will take time and external cooperation.

## Related Resources

See these Oracle resources:

- Oracle Cloud at <http://cloud.oracle.com>
- *Using Integrations in Oracle Integration 3*
- *Using the Oracle Mapper with Oracle Integration 3*
- Oracle Integration documentation on the Oracle Help Center.

## Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
<b>boldface</b>	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
<i>italic</i>	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.

# 1

## Understand the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter

Review the following conceptual topics to learn about the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter and how to use it as a connection in integrations in Oracle Integration. A typical workflow of adapter and integration tasks is also provided.

### Topics

- [Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter Capabilities](#)
- [Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter Restrictions](#)
- [What Application Version Is Supported?](#)
- [Workflow to Create and Add an Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter Connection to an Integration](#)

## Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter Capabilities

The Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter enables you to integrate the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse database with Oracle Integration through use of direct connectivity. Use the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter to execute SQL queries or stored procedures in the Oracle database. For example, quotes in Oracle CPQ Cloud can be created as `Orders` in the on-premises Oracle database by sending SQL statements or stored procedures using the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter.

The Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter provides the following benefits:

- Support for using direct connectivity to connect to the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse database in place of using the on-premises connectivity agent.
- Support for polling new and updated records for processing in the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter with or without use of the connectivity agent. See [Perform Inbound Polling Without the Connectivity Agent](#).  
The Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter supports distributed polling and multithreading. Distributed polling helps eliminate duplicate polling of the same records while multithreading provides optimum performance.
- Support for connecting to private resources that are in your virtual cloud network (VCN) with a private endpoint. See [Connect to Private Resources in Provisioning and Administering Oracle Integration 3](#) and [Configure the Endpoint Access Type](#). This type of connection does not use the connectivity agent.
- Support for integrating an Autonomous Transaction Processing database with an Oracle Cloud Infrastructure private endpoint. Integration is achieved with a wallet-based connection that uses the connectivity agent. See [Configure Connection Security](#).
- Support for creating integrations with Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse.
- Support for the bulk data import operation. This feature is supported for the following scenarios:

- When using direct connectivity (that is, without use of the connectivity agent)
- When using the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse - Shared (ADW-S) database
- With the comma-separated value (CSV) data format only.

A typical bulk data import use case with the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter consists of getting a data file from an FTP server or application (such as an HCM payroll system), placing the file in an object storage bucket, and placing the file contents into an Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse - Shared (ADW-S) database. The file can be in a format expected by the database (for example, a CSV file) or in a format that the database is not expecting (for example, XML or JSON). In this case, Oracle Integration is used to translate the format into a CSV format that the database expects.

- Support for invocation of stored procedures in the Oracle database.
- Support for non-JDBC (PL/SQL record and PL/SQL table) datatypes in outbound invocations of stored procedures.
- Support for execution of DML statements and SQL queries: *Select*, *Insert*, *Update*, and *Delete*.

Select the **Run a SQL Statement** option on the Basic Info page of the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard to execute simple SQL queries. For complex SQL queries, use stored procedures by selecting the **Invoke a Stored Procedure** option on the Basic Info page of the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard. Stored procedures can reduce the complexity of a SQL query.

- Support for updating or inserting multiple records in a single request.
- Support for performing a *SELECT* operation against database tables.
- Support for the operations on a table feature, which enables you to model SQL statements with the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard. The operation on a table feature also supports multiple records in a single request.

The Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter is one of many predefined adapters included with Oracle Integration. You can configure the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter as an invoke connection in an integration in Oracle Integration.

## Cloud Database Connectivity Support

This table describes cloud database connectivity support in Oracle Integration. Review these capabilities and use the adapter (Oracle Autonomous Transaction Processing Adapter, Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter, or Oracle Database Cloud Service Adapter) appropriate to your environment.



Database	Direct Connectivity with Wallet	Connectivity Agent with Username Token Policy	Connectivity Agent with Wallet
Autonomous Database - Shared  (Oracle Autonomous Transaction Processing - Shared, Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse - Shared)	Supported	Not supported	Supported
Private Endpoint for Autonomous Database - Shared  (Oracle Autonomous Transaction Processing - Shared Private Endpoint, Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse - Shared Private Endpoint)	Not supported	Not supported because Oracle Autonomous Transaction Processing - Shared supports only wallets	Supported
Autonomous Database - Dedicated  (Oracle Autonomous Transaction Processing - Dedicated, Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse - Dedicated)	Not supported	Supported	Supported
Autonomous Database - Dedicated  (Oracle Autonomous Transaction Processing - Dedicated Private Endpoint, Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse - Dedicated Private Endpoint)	Not supported	Supported	Supported
Oracle Database Cloud Service	Supported	Supported	Supported
Oracle Cloud Infrastructure - Bare Metal and Virtual Machine Database Systems  (Oracle Database Cloud Service Private Endpoint)	Not supported	Supported	Supported

See [Overview of Autonomous Databases](#) and [Bare Metal and Virtual Machine DB Systems](#).

# Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter Restrictions

Note the following Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter restrictions in Oracle Integration.

- Overloaded procedures are not supported.
- Automatic metadata refresh is not supported. Any modifications to stored procedures or tables used in the invoke or trigger connection must be re-imported or redone in the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard for the changes to be reflected.
- The database password length cannot exceed 20 characters.
- Database schema names with hyphens (-) are not supported.
- All integrations that include stored procedure, PureSQL, or operation on table database operations must finish within 240 seconds. Otherwise, the query times out and a `Limit Exceeded` error occurs.
- Access to object storage is a requirement for using the bulk data import operation. Oracle Integration for SaaS consists of a subscription-based account dedicated to Oracle Integration, and does not include services such as object storage. You must obtain a separate trial account to provision object storage for use with the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter.
- The PL/SQL boolean type is not supported as an IN/OUT parameter in a stored procedure. However, you can create a wrapper stored procedure that converts PL/SQL boolean to an integer and use those wrapper stored procedures in Oracle Integration.
- The Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter uses JDBC drivers to interact with the database and is restricted by JDBC driver constraints. Therefore, nested PL/SQL types ( for example, `RECORD` types inside a `TABLE` type) are not supported as IN/OUT parameters in a stored procedure. However, you can define `OBJECT` types inside the `TABLE` type.
- Cross schema stored procedures are not allowed in cases where Oracle Integration must generate the wrappers.

 **Note:**

There are overall service limits with Oracle Integration. A service limit is the quota or allowance set on a resource. See [Service Limits](#).

## What Application Version Is Supported?

For information about which application version is supported by this adapter, see the [Connectivity Certification Matrix](#).

## Workflow to Create and Add an Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter Connection to an Integration

You follow a very simple workflow to create a connection with an adapter and include the connection in an integration in Oracle Integration.

This table lists the workflow steps for both adapter tasks and overall integration tasks, and provides links to instructions for each step.

Step	Description	More Information
1	Access Oracle Integration.	Go to <a href="https://instance_URL/ic/home">https://instance_URL/ic/home</a> .
2	Create the adapter connections for the applications you want to integrate. The connections can be reused in multiple integrations and are typically created by the administrator.	<a href="#">Create an Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter Connection</a>
3	Create the integration. When you do this, you add trigger (source) and invoke (target) connections to the integration.	Create Integrations in <i>Using Integrations in Oracle Integration 3</i> and <a href="#">Add the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter Connection to an Integration</a>
4	Map data between the trigger connection data structure and the invoke connection data structure.	Map Data in <i>Using Integrations in Oracle Integration 3</i>
5	(Optional) Create lookups that map the different values used by those applications to identify the same type of object (such as gender codes or country codes).	Manage Lookups in <i>Using Integrations in Oracle Integration 3</i>
6	Activate the integration.	Activate Integrations in <i>Using Integrations in Oracle Integration 3</i>
7	Monitor the integration on the dashboard.	Monitor Integrations in <i>Using Integrations in Oracle Integration 3</i>
8	Track payload fields in messages during runtime.	Assign Business Identifiers for Tracking Fields in Messages and Manage Business Identifiers for Tracking Fields in Messages in <i>Using Integrations in Oracle Integration 3</i>
9	Manage errors at the integration level, connection level, or specific integration instance level.	Manage Errors in <i>Using Integrations in Oracle Integration 3</i>

# 2

## Create an Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter Connection

A connection is based on an adapter. You define connections to the specific cloud applications that you want to integrate. The following topics describe how to define connections.

### Topics

- [Prerequisites for Creating a Connection](#)
- [Create a Connection](#)

## Prerequisites for Creating a Connection

Satisfy the following prerequisites specific to your environment to create a connection with the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter.

- [Download the Client Credentials Wallet](#)
- [Know Database Instance Details](#)
- [Complete Bulk Data Import Operation Prerequisites](#)

### Download the Client Credentials Wallet

Download the client credentials wallet from the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse instance. See [Download Client Credentials \(Wallets\)](#) in *Using Oracle Autonomous Database Serverless*.

### Know Database Instance Details

1. Ensure that the target database is accessible.
2. Ensure that you have write permissions to the database.
3. Ensure that you have the required permissions to run stored procedures and SQL statements.
4. Know the database service name.
5. Know the database service username and password for connecting to the database.

### Complete Bulk Data Import Operation Prerequisites

If you want to use the bulk data import operation, you must configure the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter to use the JDBC With OCI Signature security policy on the Connections page. Before you can successfully configure this security policy on the Connections page, you must complete the following prerequisites.

- Create an object storage bucket in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure and obtain the OCID value of the compartment in which you create the storage bucket. You need this value when configuring the security policy on the Connections page.

You specify the OCID of the object storage user on the Connections page when configuring the JDBC With OCI Signature security policy. This user should have the `manage bucket` and `manage object` privileges. Set the following policies to manage privileges on the bucket and object in the object storage:

```
Allow group group_name to manage buckets in compartment  
compartment_name
```

```
Allow group group_name to manage objects in compartment  
compartment_name
```

See [How Policies Work](#) and [Policy Reference](#).

- Obtain the tenancy OCID and user OCID details in the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Console. You need these values when configuring the security policy on the Connections page. When you sign up for Oracle Cloud Infrastructure, Oracle creates a tenancy for your company, which is a secure and isolated partition within Oracle Cloud Infrastructure where you can create, organize, and administer your cloud resources.
  1. Sign in to the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Console.
  2. Open the navigation menu and click **Governance & Administration**. Under **Account Management**, click **Tenancy Details**.
  3. In the **Tenancy Information** section, click **Show** to display the **OCID** tenancy value.
  4. Copy the value. You need this value when configuring the security policy on the Connections page.
  5. Click the **Profile** icon and select **User Settings**.

 **Note:**

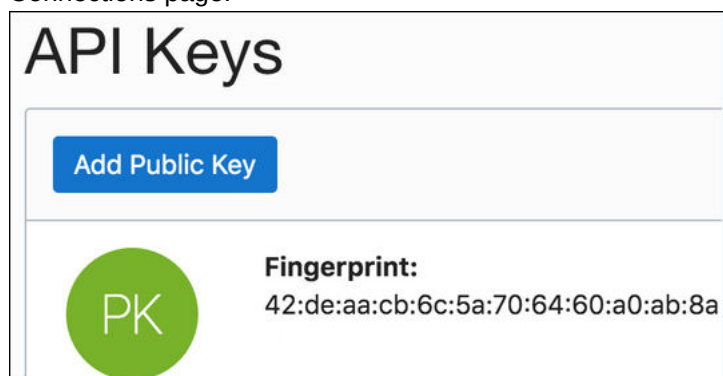
You can also open the navigation menu and click **Identity & Security**. Under **Identity**, click **Users** to access the user profile.

6. Click **Show** to display the **OCID** user value.
  7. Copy the value.
- Create an API signing key. You then specify the signing key in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure.
    1. Sign in to the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Console.
    2. Open the navigation menu and click **Identity & Security**. Under **Identity**, click **Users**.
    3. On the Users page, click the link of the user name to use.
    4. Under **Resources**, click **API Keys**, then click **Add API Key**.

 **Note:**

Only a private key *without* a pass phrase/password is supported.

5. In the Add API Key dialog, select **Paste Public Key** and enter the contents of the public key you created, then click **Add**.
6. Copy the finger print value generated by Oracle Cloud Infrastructure. You need this value when configuring the JDBC With OCI Signature security policy on the Connections page.



## Create a Connection

Before you can build an integration, you must create the connections to the applications with which you want to share data.

To create a connection in Oracle Integration:

1. In the navigation pane, click **Design**, then **Connections**.
2. Click **Create**.

### Note:

You can also create a connection in the integration canvas. See Define Inbound Triggers and Outbound Invokes.

3. In the Create connection panel, select the adapter to use for this connection. To find the adapter, scroll through the list, or enter a partial or full name in the **Search** field.
4. Enter the information that describes this connection.

Element	Description
<b>Name</b>	Enter a meaningful name to help others find your connection when they begin to create their own integrations.
<b>Identifier</b>	Automatically displays the name in capital letters that you entered in the <b>Name</b> field. If you modify the identifier name, don't include blank spaces (for example, SALES OPPORTUNITY).

Element	Description
<b>Role</b>	<p>Select the role (direction) in which to use this connection (trigger, invoke, or both). Only the roles supported by the adapter are displayed for selection. When you select a role, only the connection properties and security policies appropriate to that role are displayed on the Connections page. If you select an adapter that supports both invoke and trigger, but select only one of those roles, you'll get an error when you try to drag the adapter into the section you didn't select.</p> <p>For example, assume you configure a connection for the Oracle Service Cloud (RightNow) Adapter as only an <b>invoke</b>. Dragging the adapter to a <b>trigger</b> section in the integration produces an error.</p>
<b>Keywords</b>	Enter optional keywords (tags). You can search on the connection keywords on the Connections page.
<b>Description</b>	Enter an optional description of the connection.
<b>Share with other projects</b>	<p><b>Note:</b> This field only appears if you are creating a connection in a project.</p> <p>Select to make this connection publicly available in other projects. Connection sharing eliminates the need to create and maintain separate connections in different projects.</p> <p>When you configure an adapter connection in a different project, the <b>Use a shared connection</b> field is displayed at the top of the Connections page. If the connection you are configuring matches the same type and role as the publicly available connection, you can select that connection to reference (inherit) its resources.</p> <p>See Add and Share a Connection Across a Project.</p>

5. Click **Create**.

Your connection is created. You're now ready to configure the connection properties, security policies, and (for some connections) access type.

## Configure Connection Properties

Enter connection information so your application can process requests.

1. Go to the **Properties** section.
2. If configuring the connection to use direct connectivity (that is, you are *not* using the connectivity agent):
  - a. In the **Host** field, specify the host.
  - b. In the **Service Name** field, specify the database service name. It is recommended that you use the `low` profile as the database service name. The database service name is *not* the same as the database service username that you specify in the **Security** section.

 **Note:**

The service name must be the same as the one in the `tnsnames.ora` file in the wallet. However, if you receive an error when testing the connection, it may be because the name is too long. See [Service Name Specified on the Connections Page is Too Long](#).

3. If configuring the connection to use the connectivity agent:
  - a. In the **Host** field, specify the host.
  - b. In the **Port** field, specify the SQL\*Net port.
  - c. In the **SID** field, specify the database SID.
  - d. In the **Service Name** field, specify the database service name. It is recommended that you use the `low` profile as the database service name. The database service name is *not* the same as the database service username that you specify in the **Security** section.

 **Note:**

You must specify *either* a SID or service name value. Do not specify values for both fields.

## Configure Connection Security

Configure security for your Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter connection by selecting the security policy and security token.

1. Go to the **Security** section.
2. Select the security policy.
3. If you select **JDBC Basic Authentication**:

 **Note:**

Using the Username Password Token security policy, you can create and successfully test the connection to the database without the connectivity agent if the database is present in the same private network as the Oracle Integration instance. If the database is not in the same private network, it is not recommended that you connect without the connectivity agent because the connection won't be secure.

- Enter the database service username and password to connect to the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse database. The database service username is the schema username for the user to log in to the database. The database service username is *not* the same as the database service name that you specify in the **Connection Properties** section.
4. If you select **JDBC Over SSL**:



 **Note:**

The Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter can connect through the connectivity agent when using the wallet. It can be used as a trigger connection only if the connectivity agent is used in the connection. However, all operations that you select on the Basic Info page such as **Run a SQL Statement**, **Invoke a Stored Procedure**, and **Perform an Operation On a table** are supported when configuring the adapter to use direct connectivity (without the connectivity agent).

- a. In the **Wallet** field, select the check box, then click **Upload** to upload the wallet file.
  - b. Enter the wallet password.
  - c. Enter the database service username and password to connect to the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse database. The database service username is the schema username for the user to log in to the database. The database service username is *not* the same as the database service name that you specify in the **Connection Properties** section.
5. If you select **JDBC With OCI Signature**:

 **Note:**

This option is required to use the bulk data import operation and is only supported when using direct connectivity (that is, you are *not* using the connectivity agent).

- a. In the **Wallet** field, select the check box, then click **Upload** to upload the wallet file.
- b. Enter the wallet password.
- c. Enter the database service username and password to connect to the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse - Shared (ADW-S) database. The database service username is the schema username for the user to log in to the database. The database service username is *not* the same as the database service name that you specify in the **Connection Properties** section.
- d. In the **Object Storage Region** field, specify the region in which your object storage is located (for example, `us-ashburn-1`).
- e. In the **Object Storage Tenancy OCID** field, specify the value you copied from the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Console (for example, `ocid1.tenancy.oc1.alphanumeric.value`). See [Prerequisites for Creating a Connection](#).
- f. In the **Object Storage Compartment OCID** field, specify the value you copied from the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Console (for example, `ocid1.compartment.oc1.alphanumeric.value`).
- g. In the **Object Storage User OCID** field, specify the value you copied from the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Console (for example, `ocid1.user.oc1.alphanumeric.value`).

- h. In the **Private Key** field, click **Upload** to select the key you created. Ensure that the key is in RSA (PKCS1) format.

 **Note:**

Only a private key *without* a pass phrase/password is supported.

- i. In the **Finger Print** field, enter the finger print that was generated when you created the key in the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Console.

## Configure the Endpoint Access Type

Configure access to your endpoint. Depending on the capabilities of the adapter you are configuring, options may appear to configure access to the public internet, to a private endpoint, or to an on-premises service hosted behind a fire wall.

- [Select the Endpoint Access Type](#)
- [Ensure Private Endpoint Configuration is Successful](#)

### Select the Endpoint Access Type

Select the option for accessing your endpoint.

Option	This Option Appears If Your Adapter Supports ...
<b>Public gateway</b>	Connections to endpoints using the public internet.
<b>Private endpoint</b>	Connections to endpoints using a private virtual cloud network (VCN). <b>Note:</b> To connect to private endpoints, you must complete prerequisite tasks in the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Console. Failure to do so results in errors when testing the connection. See <i>Connect to Private Resources in Provisioning and Administering Oracle Integration 3</i> and <i>Troubleshoot Private Endpoints in Using Integrations in Oracle Integration 3</i> .
<b>Connectivity agent</b>	Connections to on-premises endpoints through the connectivity agent. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Click <b>Associate agent group</b>. The Associate agent group panel appears.</li> <li>2. Select the agent group, and click <b>Use</b>.</li> </ol> To configure an agent group, you must download and install the on-premises connectivity agent. See <i>Download and Run the Connectivity Agent Installer and About Creating Hybrid Integrations Using Oracle Integration in Using Integrations in Oracle Integration 3</i> .

### Ensure Private Endpoint Configuration is Successful

- To connect to private endpoints, you must complete prerequisite tasks in the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Console. Failure to do so results in errors when testing the

connection. See Connect to Private Resources in *Provisioning and Administering Oracle Integration 3*.

- When configuring an adapter on the Connections page to connect to endpoints using a private network, specify the fully-qualified domain name (FQDN) and *not* the IP address. If you enter an IP address, validation fails when you click **Test**.
- IPSec tunneling and FastConnect are not supported for use with private endpoints.

## Test the Connection

Test your connection to ensure that it's configured successfully.

1. In the page title bar, click **Test**. What happens next depends on whether your adapter connection uses a Web Services Description Language (WSDL) file. Only some adapter connections use WSDLs.

If Your Connection...	Then...
Doesn't use a WSDL	The test starts automatically and validates the inputs you provided for the connection.
Uses a WSDL	<p>A dialog prompts you to select the type of connection testing to perform:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Validate and Test:</b> Performs a full validation of the WSDL, including processing of the imported schemas and WSDLs. Complete validation can take several minutes depending on the number of imported schemas and WSDLs. No requests are sent to the operations exposed in the WSDL.</li> <li>• <b>Test:</b> Connects to the WSDL URL and performs a syntax check on the WSDL. No requests are sent to the operations exposed in the WSDL.</li> </ul>

2. Wait for a message about the results of the connection test.
  - If the test was successful, then the connection is configured properly.
  - If the test failed, then edit the configuration details you entered. Check for typos and verify URLs and credentials. Continue to test until the connection is successful.
  - If using the JDBC With OCI Signature security policy, compartment ID verification doesn't occur during the connection test. The Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard handles verification and authorization issues with the compartment OCID.
3. When complete, click **Save**.

# 3

## Add the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter Connection to an Integration

When you drag the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter into the trigger or invoke area of an integration, the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard is invoked. This wizard guides you through configuration of the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter endpoint properties.

The following sections describe the wizard pages that guide you through configuration of the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter as a trigger or invoke in an integration.

### Topics

- [Basic Information Page](#)
- [Trigger Polling Page](#)
- [Invoke Stored Procedure Page](#)
- [Invoke SQL Statement Page](#)
- [Table Operation Page](#)
- [Operations on Table Page](#)
- [Invoke Bulk Load from Object Storage Page](#)
- [Summary Page](#)

## Basic Information Page

Specify a name, description, and operation type on the Basic Info page of each trigger and invoke connection in your integration.

Element	Description
<b>What do you want to call your endpoint?</b>	<p>Identifies the connection with a meaningful name that defines the purpose of connection. For example, <code>CreateEmployeeInDB</code> for a database connection that adds new employee data. The name can include English alphabetic characters, numbers, underscores, and dashes. The name cannot include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Blank spaces (for example, <code>My DB Connection</code>)</li><li>• Special characters (for example, <code>#;83&amp;</code> or <code>right)now4</code>)</li><li>• Multibyte characters</li></ul>

Element	Description
What operation do you want to perform?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Invoke a Stored Procedure</b> — Select to run a stored procedure on the database.</li> <li>• <b>Run a SQL Statement</b> — Select to run a SQL query on the database.</li> <li>• <b>Perform an Operation On a Table</b> — Select to perform one of the following operations on a table. You can update or insert multiple records in a single request. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>Insert</b></li> <li>– <b>Update</b></li> <li>– <b>Insert or Update (Merge)</b></li> <li>– <b>Select</b></li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Perform Bulk Data Import Operation</b> — Select to perform one of the following bulk data import operations on a table. This option is only displayed if you configured the <b>JDBC With OCI Signature</b> security policy and are using direct connectivity (that is, the connection is <i>not</i> configured to use the connectivity agent). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>Perform Bulk Load:</b> Loads a file into the object storage bucket and puts it into the specified database table.</li> <li>– <b>Fetch Load Status:</b> Fetches the status of a bulk data import operation (either completed, failed, or in progress).</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><b>Notes</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When operations in a SQL statement such as Update, Concat, and Merge accept values for the inbound invocation of an integration, they do not work. For example, the following query does not work:</li> </ul> <pre>select concat(empname, 'ss') from DB_AQ where empno=#empno</pre> <pre>select empno from DB_AQ where empname=concat(#empname, 'YY')</pre> <p>As a workaround, handle these scenarios during payload mapping. For example, perform a concatenation during mapping of the payload. The final output can then be passed as input to the SQL query.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>IN/BETWEEN</b> operators are not supported with bind parameters. Use greater than (&gt;) and less than (&lt;) operators instead.</li> </ul>

## Trigger Polling Page

Select the root database table for the service query.

### Topics

- [Polling Page](#)
- [Manage Tables Page](#)

- [Relations Page](#)
- [Polling Strategy and Options Page](#)

## Polling Page

The following table describes the key information on the Polling page.

Element	Description
<b>Import Tables</b>	Imports tables and the root database table for the service query. A maximum of five tables can be imported.
<b>Remove Tables</b>	Removes the selected table from the service query tables list.
<b>Review and Manage relationships reachable from the root database table.</b>	Appears after importing tables. Select <b>Edit</b> to open the Relations page where you can view, create, and remove relationships between tables.
<b>Review and verify the attributes created from the imported tables and relationships.</b>	Appears after importing tables. Select <b>Edit</b> to open the Attributes Filtering page where you can review, verify, select or deselect the attributes in the object model created from the imported tables and the defined relationships.
<b>Polling Strategy and Options</b>	Appears after importing tables. Select <b>Edit</b> to open the Polling Strategy and Options page where you can define the polling strategy and specify polling options.

## Manage Tables Page

The following table describes the key information on the Manage Tables page. The Manage Tables page appears when you select **Import Tables** on the Polling page.

Element	Description
<b>Schema</b>	Select the schema for the tables and views you are importing. Special characters (for example, #) are not supported in schema names. See <a href="#">Special Characters are Not Supported in Schema Names</a> .
<b>Table Type</b>	The type of the table to which the schema or view is applied. The list allows these selections: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All — selects all available tables and views.</li> <li>• Materialized View — selects materialized views.</li> <li>• Materialized View Log — selects materialized view logs.</li> <li>• Synonym — selects the alias for the schema object.</li> <li>• Table — selects tables.</li> <li>• View — selects views.</li> </ul>
<b>Table Name</b>	Specify the table name. Table names are case sensitive.
<b>Search</b>	Click to search for the specified table.
<b>Available Tables</b>	Lists the tables that meet the selection criteria.
<b>Selected Tables</b>	Lists your table selection.
<b>Primary Keys</b>	Appears when you select tables without a primary key defined. Selects the virtual primary key for the table. <p><b>Note:</b> Having the primary key at the database level is the best practice.</p>

## Relations Page

The following table describes the key information on the Relations page. The Relations page appears when you select **Edit** for the Review and Manage relationships reachable from the root database table option on the Polling page.

Element	Description
<b>Create New</b>	Opens the Create Relation page with these options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parent Table — selects the parent table for the relationship between tables.</li> <li>• Child Table — selects the child table for the relationship between tables.</li> <li>• Relationship — defines the relationship between the parent and child tables.</li> <li>• Attribute Name — Applies attributes to the table relationship.</li> <li>• Mapping — Displays the mapping for the table relationship.</li> </ul>
<b>Detach</b>	Opens the Relationships list in a new window.

## Polling Strategy and Options Page

The following table describes the key information on the Polling Strategy and Options page. The Polling Strategy and Options page appears when you select **Edit** for Polling Strategy and Options on the Polling page.

Element	Description
<b>Logical Delete Field</b>	Selects a field in the root database table. To allow the selection, polling must be enabled in the Status column.
<b>Read Value</b>	Identifies the value that is used to indicate a row has been read. For example, PROCESSED. Surrounding quotes are not required.
<b>Unread Value</b>	Indicates the rows to process. Only rows with Logical Delete Field and column values that match the Unread Value are read.
<b>Rejected Value</b>	Set to <b>REJECTED</b> . If the incoming message is greater than the 10 MB threshold size, that particular record is updated to <b>REJECTED</b> instead of <b>READ</b> . If the outbound operation returns a response greater than the 10 MB threshold size, the response message is ignored and a fault response is sent to the calling client.
<b>Polling Frequency (Sec)</b>	Specifies the polling frequency (in seconds) for new records or events.

## Invoke Stored Procedure Page

Enter the invoke stored procedure values. The Invoke a Stored Procedure page appears when you select **Invoke a Stored Procedure** as the operation to perform on the Basic Info page.

You can specify the following values on the Invoke a Stored Procedure page.

- Select the database schema that includes the data you want to query (for example, you want to query details about an employee based on their employee ID).
- Select a stored procedure or package from the list that is displayed after you select the database schema.

 **Note:**

- Stored procedures return binary large objects (for example, BLOB database data types) as base64Binary types in XML. Depending upon the use cases, these can be decoded during transformation using inbuilt functions such as decodeBase64 or can be passed as-is for downstream processing.
- Adapter input/output parameters are defined based on the stored procedure IN/OUT parameters. The IN parameter corresponds to the request and the OUT parameter is translated as the response. Procedures without parameters are not listed in the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard for database versions 18c and above. You can pass a dummy parameter or create a wrapper procedure with a dummy parameter to list it in the wizard.
- Stored procedures that contain Boolean or %rowtype as IN/OUT parameters are not supported. You can create wrappers on top of these stored procedures to use them.

Element	Description
<b>Select Schema</b>	Select a database schema from the list. This action refreshes the page to display fields for selecting a package or procedure to invoke. Special characters (for example, #) are not supported in schema names. See <a href="#">Special Characters are Not Supported in Schema Names</a> .
<b>Select Package</b>	Select the database package. This action refreshes the page to display the procedures available for the package. When importing a predefined integration package containing PLS or SQL stored procedures, the wrapper package is not recreated in the target database. To add the wrapper package, confirm JPublisher is installed on the target database and define the original stored procedure. After confirming JPublisher is installed and the stored procedure is defined, open the PL/SQL Wrapper utility and execute the add scripts command to add the scripts included in the exported inventory archives (IAR) file.
<b>Select Procedure</b>	Displays the in (inbound), out (outbound), and in/out (inbound/outbound) parameters for the selected package.
<b>Arguments</b>	Display the in, out, and in/out parameters that are passed with this procedure.



## Invoke SQL Statement Page

Enter the SQL statement values. The Run a SQL Statement page appears when **Run a SQL Statement** is selected as the operation to perform on the Basic Info page. You can specify the following values on the Run a SQL Statement page.

### Note:

- Do not use schema/database names in SQL queries. Configure the details in the connection. For example:

```
Update HR.employee set HR.employee.first_name = 'Name'
where HR.employee.employee_id='1'
```

can be changed to a simple query, such as:

```
Update employee set first_name = 'Name' where
employee_id='1'
```

where `HR` is used in the connection details. This restricts a user with specific privileges to a particular schema/database.

- When configuring the adapter as an invoke connection, ensure that proper spaces are provided between key words for a pure SQL statement. For example, the following statement fails during integration activation because there is no blank space between `VALUES` and `(#`.

```
INSERT INTO table_name VALUES (#EMPNO, #EMPNAME)
```

Add a blank space between `VALUES` and `(#`, and the statement is successfully processed.

```
INSERT INTO table_name VALUES (#EMPNO, #EMPNAME)
```

- When configuring the adapter as an invoke connection, define all bind parameters in the same order and define the parameters that takes absolute values at the end.

```
INSERT INTO table_name (EMPNO, EMPNAME, EMPUUID, EMPPHONE,
EMPHIREDATE) VALUES (#EMPNO,
#EMPNAME, Sys_guid(), NULL, SYSDATE)
```

Element	Description
SQL Query	Identifies the SQL query.
Validate SQL Query	Validates the SQL query syntax.

Element	Description
<b>Status</b>	Displays the SQL query syntax validation status. When syntax validation is successful, the message <code>Success!</code> appears.

## Table Operation Page

You can update or insert multiple records in a single request.

### Note:

When you change the structure of a table (for example, you add or delete a column), you must re-import the table by doing a re-edit in the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard. Go to the Import Tables page and re-import the same table, then click **OK** > **Next** > **Done** to complete the wizard. Only then are the table changes reflected in the integration.

### Topics:

- [Relationships Page](#)
- [Create Relationship Page](#)
- [Attribute Filtering Page](#)
- [Operations on Table Page](#)

## Import Tables Page

Filter and select the tables to import based on the selected schema. These tables are used to generate a SQL statement based on the operation selected.

You can import the following number of tables:

- A maximum of three tables for insert, update, and insert or update actions
- A maximum of five tables for the select - operation on table feature
- A maximum of five tables for the polling feature

Element	Description
<b>Schema</b>	Select the schema to use. The page is refreshed to display the tables available for selection.
<b>Name Filter</b>	Filter the display of tables.
<b>Available</b>	Select the tables on which to insert or update records.
<b>Selected</b>	Displays the selected tables.

## Relationships Page

Review the relationships between the selected tables and optionally create, remove, or rename relationships. These relationships are used in the insert or update SQL statements.

Element	Description
<b>Relationships Table</b>	Displays the relationships defined on the root database table and any related tables (one-to-one or one-to-many).
<b>Create</b>	Click to create new relationships.
<b>Remove</b>	Click to remove a selected relationship.
<b>Rename</b>	Click to rename a selected relationship.

## Create Relationship Page

Specify the parent and child relationships to use in the SQL statement.

Element	Description
<b>Parent Table</b>	Select the parent table.
<b>Child Table</b>	Select the child table.
<b>Mapping Type</b>	Select the mapping type (one-to-many, one-to-one, or one-to-one with the foreign key on the child table). For example, if you selected <b>Employees</b> as the parent table and <b>Departments</b> as the child table, the following options are displayed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Employees has a 1:1 Relationship with Departments</b></li> <li>• <b>Employees has a 1:1 Relationship with Departments (Foreign Key on Child table)</b></li> <li>• <b>Employees has a 1:M Relationship with Departments</b></li> </ul>
<b>Parent and Child Table</b>	Associate the foreign key fields to the primary key fields.
<b>Relationship Name</b>	Optionally name the relationship (a default name is generated).

## Attribute Filtering Page

Filter out the attributes to exclude.

Element	Description
<b>Attributes Tree</b>	Deselect any attributes to exclude from the database query. You cannot exclude primary key attributes.

## Advanced Options Page

Provide additional advanced options such as sequencing. This is only valid for the insert and merge operations.

Element	Description
<b>Table</b>	Displays the selected table.
<b>Sequence</b>	Specify that the primary key is assigned from a sequence on any insert. Click <b>Search</b> and select a sequence from the list.  The adapter generates sequence numbers in a batch of 50. Configure sequences in increments of 50. This issue only applies to the Oracle Database Adapter.

## Operations on Table Page

Select the database tables. To use the bulk extract feature, you must choose the **SELECT** operation from the **Perform an Operation On a Table** list on the Basic Info page.

### Operations on Table Page

Element	Description
<b>Schema</b>	Select the database schema that includes the tables to process.
<b>Table Name</b>	Enter a filter with which to search the schema (for example, %TAB to search for tables with TAB in the name).
<b>Table Type</b>	Specify the table type filter to get a subset of the appropriate database objects, then click <b>Search</b> . <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>ALL</b></li> <li>• <b>TABLE</b></li> <li>• <b>VIEW</b></li> </ul>
<b>Filter By</b>	Enter the initial letters to filter the display of table names.
<b>Table Names</b>	Select the tables to import. <b>Note:</b> It is recommended that you to import the tables together for the adapter to automatically recognize the relationship. If you import the tables separately, you must explicitly create the table relationship.
<b>Import Tables</b>	Click to import the tables. The page is refreshed for you to select the parent database table.
<b>Select the parent database table</b>	Select the parent (root) table from the list. If using multiple related tables, this is the top-level parent table in the relationship. After making your selection, the page is refreshed for you to view and edit the table relationships.
<b>Add    Remove Tables</b>	Click to add more tables or remove tables no longer in use.
<b>Review and manage parent database table relationships</b>	Click <b>Edit</b> to view and edit the table relationships. The relationships automatically identified by the adapter are displayed. See <a href="#">Review and manage parent database table relationships Option</a> .

Element	Description
<b>Review and filter columns from selected database tables</b>	Click <b>Edit</b> to view and edit the table attributes. You can deselect any attributes to exclude from the database queries. Primary key attributes cannot be excluded. See <a href="#">Review and filter columns from selected database tables Option</a> .
<b>Review and edit SQL query</b>	Click <b>Edit</b> to view and edit the default SQL query. See <a href="#">Review and edit SQL query Option</a> . <b>Note:</b> This field is available for a <code>Select</code> operation on the table.

### Review and manage parent database table relationships Option

**Table 3-1 - Review and manage parent database table relationships Option**

Element	Description
<b>Create New Relations</b>	Click to create a new relationship. View the existing parent and child table relations automatically created by the adapter.

### Review and filter columns from selected database tables Option

**Table 3-2 - Review and filter columns from selected database tables Option**

Element	Description
<b>Attributes Tree</b>	View and deselect attributes automatically created by the adapter.

### Review and edit SQL query Option



**Note:**

This is only applicable for a `Select` operation on a table.

**Table 3-3 - Review and edit SQL query Option**

Element	Description
<b>SQL Edit</b>	Click to manually edit the query in the <b>SQL Query</b> field. Use this field to add any necessary arguments or parameters.
<b>Maximum Number of Records to be fetched</b>	Select the number of records to fetch with this SQL query.

## Invoke Bulk Load from Object Storage Page

Specify the details for performing a bulk data import operation.

Element	Description
<b>Select Bucket</b>	<p>Select the object storage bucket in which to place or delete the file. The object storage buckets available for selection are located in the compartment that you specified on the Connections page when creating the connection.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If you don't have the privilege to access the buckets, a <code>User is Not authorized</code> message is shown on the screen and no other options are listed.</p>
<b>Delete file from object storage after operation completion</b>	<p>Select to delete the file from the object storage bucket. Otherwise, the file remains in the bucket.</p>
<b>Review and specify the copy_data format options</b>	<p>Click <b>Edit</b> to <i>optionally</i> specify the file format options. If not specified here or sent in the mapper, all default options are used. The following options are displayed by default.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Delimiter:</b> Select the field delimiter used in the file. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <b>Pipe</b></li> <li>– <b>Single space</b></li> <li>– <b>Comma</b></li> <li>– <b>Semicolon</b></li> <li>– <b>Tab</b></li> <li>– <b>Other</b> (Select to display a field for entering a custom delimiter.)</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Record Delimiter:</b> Select the record delimiter used in the file. A new line value is the default value.</li> <li>• <b>Skip Headers:</b> Specify the number of rows to skip at the top of the file (if any).</li> <li>• <b>Show Advanced Options:</b> Click to optionally specify advanced formatting options for the file. If no formatting options are specified, the default settings are used. If you want to specify an option that is not available in the wizard, you can send the format options as a JSON string in the mapper as follows. <pre> {"delimiter" : "\" \"", "quote" : "\"^\"", "ignoremissingcolumns" : "true", "dateFormat" : "YYYY-MM-DD-HH24-MI-SS", "blankasnull" : "true"}' </pre> </li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> For special character usage in the JSON string, when the format options are sent in the mapper, the options provided in the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard are overridden. In this case, the format options sent in the mapper are only considered. It is recommended that you select only one way of providing the format options (either from the wizard or through the mapper). If both are provided, the options in the mapper are only considered. When complete, click <b>OK</b> to return to the Bulk Load from Object Storage page.</p>
<b>Select Schema</b>	<p>Select the database table schema.</p>
<b>Select Table</b>	<p>Select the database table in which to write the file data. Based on your selection, all the fields in that table are displayed for selection.</p>

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Element	Description
<b>Table Columns</b>	<p>Displays the columns (fields) in the table.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> When selecting the fields in the table, select all the fields in the order of the incoming data. If none of the fields are selected, a default value is considered that takes into account that the data fields are in the same order as the table fields. Table column names with special characters such as spaces or a # are not supported.</p> <p>For example, assume the CSV file was formatted as follows:</p> <pre>booker12 123 Rachel Johnson gray07 234 Laura Johnson1 johnson81 345 Craig Johnson2 jenkins46 456 Mary Johnson</pre> <p>As an example, you may select to move the following table columns to the <b>Re-order columns as per input data</b> list to match the order of the CSV file:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>USERNAME</b></li><li>• <b>IDENTIFIER</b></li><li>• <b>FIRSTNAME</b></li><li>• <b>LASTNAME</b></li></ul>

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## Summary Page

You can review the specified adapter configuration values on the Summary page.

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Element	Description
<b>Summary</b>	<p>Displays a summary of the configuration values you defined on previous pages of the wizard.</p> <p>The information that is displayed can vary by adapter. For some adapters, the selected business objects and operation name are displayed. For adapters for which a generated XSD file is provided, click the XSD link to view a read-only version of the file.</p> <p>To return to a previous page to update any values, click the appropriate tab in the left panel or click <b>Go back</b>.</p> <p>To cancel your configuration details, click <b>Cancel</b>.</p>

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# 4

## Implement Common Patterns Using the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter

You can use the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter to implement the following common patterns.

### Topics:

- [Perform Inbound Polling Without the Connectivity Agent](#)
- [Methods for Connecting Oracle Integration to an Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Instance with the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter](#)
- [Define a Select Operation on Database Tables](#)

## Perform Inbound Polling Without the Connectivity Agent

You can perform inbound polling without the connectivity agent. You can create new connections or update existing connections to bypass the connectivity agent. Depending on your database or messaging service location, you can use the public internet or a private endpoint for polling. If you want, you can continue to use the connectivity agent for inbound polling.

Perform the following steps to create a new connection or update an existing connection to bypass the connectivity agent.

1. Go to the **Access type** section of the Connections page.

**Access type**

**Public gateway**  
Connect to endpoints using the internet.

**Private endpoint**  
Connect to endpoints using your private network.

**Connectivity agent**  
Connect to on-premises endpoints through the agent.

2. Select an option based on the location of your database or messaging service.
  - If the database or messaging service to access is in a private network, select **Private endpoint** to poll without the connectivity agent. This selection requires that you first configure private endpoint support in the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure. See [Connect to Private Resources in Provisioning and Administering Oracle Integration 3](#).
  - If the database or messaging service to access is public, select **Public gateway** to poll without the connectivity agent. Private endpoint configuration is not required in these scenarios and the adapter polls directly without the connectivity agent.
3. Deactivate and then reactivate the integration.



 **Note:**

After completing these steps, the connectivity agent is no longer used for inbound polling. However, it still continues to run. If you no longer need to use the connectivity agent, you can manually stop it.

## Methods for Connecting Oracle Integration to an Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Instance with the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter

Connectivity from Oracle Integration to an Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse database instance using the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter can be accomplished through the following methods.

- **Connectivity agent:** Use this approach when the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse database instance is not publicly accessible and resides within a private subnet in your Virtual Cloud Network (VCN). With this topology, the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter cannot directly access the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse database instance. The connectivity agent must be deployed in your network to allow the connectivity agent access to the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse database instance.
- **Direct connectivity:** Use this approach when the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse database instance is directly accessible from Oracle Integration. In this case, the connectivity agent is not necessary. However, Oracle strongly recommends using Transport Level Security (TLS ) for the communication between Oracle Integration and the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse database instance to ensure the data being transmitted is encrypted in motion.

## Define a Select Operation on Database Tables

You can define a `SELECT` operation to perform against database tables. This section provides a high level overview of creating an integration in which an Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter is configured as an invoke connection to retrieve table records from the Oracle Database.

To define a `SELECT` operation on database tables:

1. Configure SOAP Adapter and Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter connections.
2. Select **App Driven Orchestration** in the Create Integration - Select a Style dialog.
3. Add and configure the SOAP Adapter as a trigger connection in the integration.  
The SOAP Adapter is configured to accept an input and return the response received from the invoke connection.
4. Add the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter as an invoke connection in the integration.

This invokes the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard.

5. On the Basic Info page, select **Perform an Operation On a Table** as the type of operation to perform and **Select** as the operation to perform on the table.
6. On the Operate On Table page, specify the schema and tables to import, and click **Import Tables**. For this example, the following values are specified.
  - **Schema:** HR
  - **Table Type:** TABLE
  - **Table Name:** %TAB
  - **Selected Tables:** **EMPLOYEE\_TAB** and **DEPARTMENT\_TAB**. The tables are imported together for the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter to recognize the relation between the tables.

The page is refreshed for you to select the parent (root) database table.

7. Select the parent table (for this example, **DEPARTMENT\_TAB** is selected).

This page enables you to:

  - View the automatically created table relationships and create new ones.
  - View and deselect attributes.
  - View and edit the automatically created SQL query.
8. If you want to edit the automatically created SQL query, click **Edit** in the **Review and edit SQL Query** section.
9. Use this field to add any necessary arguments or parameters.
10. Click **Continue**.
11. View your selections on the Summary page. Links to the tables you selected to import and SQL query you specified are provided.
12. Click **Done** to exit the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard.
13. Complete the integration by performing mapping and tracking tasks.
14. Activate the integration.
15. Copy the link to invoke the integration from under the **How to Run** link.
16. Invoke the integration from a tool such as the SOAP UI.
17. Review the values returned by the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter.

# 5

## Troubleshoot the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter

Review the following topics to learn about troubleshooting issues with the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse Adapter.

### Topics:

- [Service Name Specified on the Connections Page is Too Long](#)
- [Special Characters are Not Supported in Schema Names](#)

Additional integration troubleshooting information is provided. See [Troubleshoot Oracle Integration in \*Using Integrations in Oracle Integration 3\*](#) and the [Oracle Integration Troubleshooting page](#) on the Oracle Help Center.

### Service Name Specified on the Connections Page is Too Long

The service name that you specify in the **Service Name** field on the Connections page is provided in the `tnsnames.ora` file included in the wallet ZIP file downloaded from the Oracle Autonomous Data Warehouse database. If the service name is too long, you receive the following error when testing the connection:

```
Unable to test connection "MYATP". [Cause: CLOUD-0005]
CLOUD-0005 : Unable to establish connection. Please check connection
parameters
Network Adapter could not establish the connection. Please check the wallet
credentials
and ensure database is reachable.
```

Perform the following steps to resolve this error.

1. Ensure that the correct service name is provided.
2. Pick the name from the name-value pair. The `tnsnames.ora` file includes a list of service names.
3. Ensure that the database is reachable. Try connecting from any other SQL client to confirm.
4. Ensure that the correct wallet credentials are provided.

### Special Characters are Not Supported in Schema Names

If you use schema names with special characters such as #, integration activation fails. For stored procedures, the schema derives the names of the types in the XSD. If the type name contains #, the XSD has problems with the name. Use a schema name that does not contain any special characters.