Oracle® Cloud Using the MySQL Adapter with Oracle Integration Generation 2





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Preface

This guide describes how to configure this adapter as a connection in an integration in Oracle Integration.



The use of this adapter may differ depending on the features you have, or whether your instance was provisioned using Standard or Enterprise edition. These differences are noted throughout this guide.

Topics:

- Audience
- Documentation Accessibility
- Diversity and Inclusion
- Related Resources
- Conventions

Audience

This guide is intended for developers who want to use this adapter in integrations in Oracle Integration.

Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=docacc.

Access to Oracle Support

Oracle customers that have purchased support have access to electronic support through My Oracle Support. For information, visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=info Or visit http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup?ctx=acc&id=trs if you are hearing impaired.

Diversity and Inclusion

Oracle is fully committed to diversity and inclusion. Oracle respects and values having a diverse workforce that increases thought leadership and innovation. As part of our initiative to build a more inclusive culture that positively impacts our employees, customers, and



partners, we are working to remove insensitive terms from our products and documentation. We are also mindful of the necessity to maintain compatibility with our customers' existing technologies and the need to ensure continuity of service as Oracle's offerings and industry standards evolve. Because of these technical constraints, our effort to remove insensitive terms is ongoing and will take time and external cooperation.

Related Resources

See these Oracle resources:

- Oracle Cloud
 - http://cloud.oracle.com
- Using Integrations in Oracle Integration Generation 2
- Using the Oracle Mapper with Oracle Integration Generation 2

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention	Meaning
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.



1

Understand the MySQL Adapter

Review the following conceptual topics to learn about the MySQL Adapter and how to use it as a connection in integrations in Oracle Integration. A typical workflow of adapter and integration tasks is also provided.

Topics:

- MySQL Adapter Capabilities
- MySQL Adapter Restrictions
- What Application Version Is Supported?
- About MySQL Adapter Use Cases
- Workflow to Create and Add a MySQL Adapter Connection in an Integration

MySQL Adapter Capabilities

The MySQL Adapter enables you to integrate the MySQL database residing behind the firewall of your on-premises environment with Oracle Integration through use of the on-premises connectivity agent. Use the MySQL Adapter to poll for new and updated records for processing in Oracle Integration. For example, any new record added to the <code>Employee</code> table in your MySQL database can be synchronized with Oracle HCM Cloud using Oracle Integration. In addition, use the MySQL Adapter to execute SQL queries or stored procedures in the MySQL database. For example, quotes in Oracle CPQ Cloud can be created as <code>Orders</code> in the on-premises MySQL database by sending SQL statements or stored procedures using the MySQL Adapter.

The MySQL Adapter provides the following capabilities:

- Support for invocation of stored procedures in the MySQL database.
- Support for execution of DML statements and SQL queries: Select, Insert, Update, and Delete.

Select the **Run a SQL Statement** option on the Basic Info page of the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard to execute simple SQL queries. For complex SQL queries, use stored procedures by selecting the **Invoke a Stored Procedure** option on the Basic Info page of the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard. Stored procedures can reduce the complexity of a SQL query.

- Support for generating XSD from PureSQL. This feature generates an XSD from a PureSQL statement provided by dynamically querying on the table.
- Support for polling new and updated records for processing in the MySQL database. The MySQL Adapter supports distributed polling. Distributed polling helps eliminate duplicate polling of the same records.
- Support for performing a SELECT operation against database tables.
- Support for bulk data import and extract by choosing the SELECT operation from the Perform an Operation On a Table list on the Basic Info page.



- Support for a logical delete polling strategy. This strategy involves updating a special field on each row once it is processed.
- Support for processing message payloads up to 10 MB in size. In the case of
 polling, you must set the Rejected Value property to REJECTED on the Polling
 Strategy and Options page. If the incoming message is greater than the 10 MB
 threshold size, that particular record is updated to REJECTED instead of READ. If
 the outbound operation returns a response greater than the 10 MB threshold size,
 the response message is ignored and a fault response is sent to the calling client.



In Java, Unicode characters are represented as 2 bytes.

The MySQL Adapter is one of many predefined adapters included with Oracle Integration. You can configure the MySQL Adapter as an invoke connection in an integration in Oracle Integration.

Supported Data Types for SQL Stored Procedures

The MySQL Adapter supports the following data types for SQL stored procedures.

SQL Data Type	XML Schema Type	
BINARY	base64Binary	
BLOB		
LONGBLOB		
MEDIUMBLOB		
TINYBLOB		
VARBINARY		
BOOLEAN	boolean	
CHAR	string	
LONGTEXT		
MEDIUMTEXT		
TEXT		
TINYTEXT		
VARCHAR		
DATE	dateTime	
DATETIME		
TIMESTAMP		
DECIMAL	decimal	
NUMERIC		
REAL		
DOUBLE	double	
FLOAT	float	
TINYINT	byte	
TINYINT UNSIGNED	unsigned_byte	
SMALLINT	short	



SQL Data Type	XML Schema Type
SMALLINT UNSIGNED	unsigned_short
INTEGER	int
INT	
MEDIUMINT	
INTEGER UNSIGNED	unsigned_int
INT UNSIGNED	
MEDIUMINT UNSIGNED	
BIGINT	long
BIGINT UNSIGNED	unsigned_long

MySQL Adapter Restrictions

Note the following MySQL Adapter restrictions.

- The MySQL Adapter can only be used with the on-premises connectivity agent.
- The database password length cannot exceed 20 characters.
- Database schema names with hyphens (-) are not supported.
- The MySQL Adapter supports processing message payloads up to 10 MB in size. In the case of polling, you must set the Rejected Value property to REJECTED on the Polling Strategy and Options page. If the incoming message is greater then the 10 MB threshold size, that particular record is updated to REJECTED instead of READ. If the outbound operation returns a response greater than the 10 MB threshold size, the response message is ignored and a fault response is sent to the calling client.
- All integrations that include stored procedure, PureSQL, or operation on table database operations must finish within 240 seconds. Otherwise, the query times out and a Limit Exceeded error occurs.



There are overall service limits for Oracle Integration. A service limit is the quota or allowance set on a resource. See Service Limits.

What Application Version Is Supported?

For information about which application version is supported by this adapter, see the Connectivity Certification Matrix.

See Connectivity Certification Matrix.

About MySQL Adapter Use Cases

The MySQL Adapter can be used in scenarios such as the following:



You can create an integration that includes a SOAP Adapter connection on the trigger (inbound) side and a MySQL Adapter on the invoke (outbound) side. For example, when configuring the invoke MySQL Adapter, you can select a stored procedure that enables you to pass an employee ID as an inbound parameter from the SOAP Adapter to an on-premises MySQL database to retrieve additional information about the employee (first name, last name, email ID, and so on).

Workflow to Create and Add a MySQL Adapter Connection in an Integration

You follow a very simple workflow to create a connection with an adapter and include the connection in an integration in Oracle Integration.

Step	Description	More Information
1	Create the adapter connections for the applications you want to integrate. The connections can be reused in multiple integrations and are typically created by the administrator.	Create a MySQL Adapter Connection
2	Create the integration. When you do this, you add trigger and invoke connections to the integration.	Create Integrations and Add the MySQL Adapter Connection to an Integration
3	Map data between the trigger connection data structure and the invoke connection data structure.	Map Data in Using Integrations in Oracle Integration Generation 2
4	(Optional) Create lookups that map the different values used by those applications to identify the same type of object (such as gender codes or country codes).	Manage Lookups in Using Integrations in Oracle Integration Generation 2
5	Activate the integration.	Manage Integrations in Using Integrations in Oracle Integration Generation 2
6	Monitor the integration on the dashboard.	Monitor Integrations in Using Integrations in Oracle Integration Generation 2
7	Track payload fields in messages during runtime.	Assign Business Identifiers for Tracking Fields in Messages and Manage Business Identifiers for Tracking Fields in Messages in <i>Using Integrations in</i> <i>Oracle Integration Generation 2</i>
8	Manage errors at the integration level, connection level, or specific integration instance level.	Manage Errors in Using Integrations in Oracle Integration Generation 2



Create a MySQL Adapter Connection

A connection is based on an adapter. You define connections to the specific cloud applications that you want to integrate.

Topics:

- Prerequisites for Creating a Connection
- Create a Connection

Prerequisites for Creating a Connection

You must satisfy the following prerequisites to create a connection with the MySQL Adapter:

- Ensure that you have write permissions on the database.
- Ensure that you have the required permissions to run stored procedures and packages and SQL statements against the MySQL Database.
- Know the database hostname or IP address and the port number.
- Know the database name.
- Know the username and password for connecting to the database.
- Download the mysql-connector-java-commercial-5.1.22-bin.jar or the relevant
 mysql-connector JAR based on your MySQL database version to the host on which the
 connectivity agent is installed.

For example, perform the following steps if mysql-connector-java-commercial-5.1.22-bin.jar is the JAR required for your environment.

- 1. Download the mysql-connector-java-commercial-5.1.22-bin.jar from the MySQL Database site. Check the Oracle Integration Adapters Certification matrix to identify the certified versions of the MySQL Database.
- 2. Copy the JAR file to agenthome/thirdparty/lib.
- 3. Restart the connectivity agent.

If you do not download and install this JAR file, you receive a Check agent status error when testing the connection on the Connections page in Oracle Integration.

Create a Connection

Before you can build an integration, you have to create the connections to the applications with which you want to share data.

To create a connection in Oracle Integration:

- 1. In the left navigation pane, click **Home** > **Integrations** > **Connections**.
- 2. Click Create.



Note:

You can also create a connection in the integration canvas of:

- An orchestrated integration (See Define Inbound Triggers and Outbound Invokes.)
- A basic routing integration (See Add a Trigger (Source) Connection.)
- In the Create Connection Select Adapter dialog, select the adapter to use for this connection. To find the adapter, scroll through the list, or enter a partial or full name in the **Search** field and click

Q

Search.

- 4. In the Create Connection dialog, enter the information that describes this connection.
 - a. Enter a meaningful name to help others find your connection when they begin to create their own integrations. The name you enter is automatically added in capital letters to the **Identifier** field. If you modify the identifier name, don't include blank spaces (for example, SALES OPPORTUNITY).
 - **b.** Enter optional keywords (tags). You can search on the connection keywords on the Connections page.
 - c. Select the role (direction) in which to use this connection (trigger, invoke, or both). Only the roles supported by the adapter are displayed for selection. When you select a role, only the connection properties and security policies appropriate to that role are displayed on the Connections page. If you select an adapter that supports both invoke and trigger, but select only one of those roles, you'll get an error when you try to drag the adapter into the section you didn't select. For example, let's say you configure a connection for the Oracle Service Cloud (RightNow) Adapter as only an invoke. Dragging the adapter to a trigger section in the integration produces an error.
 - d. Enter an optional description of the connection.
- 5. Click Create.

Your connection is created. You're now ready to configure the connection details, such as connection properties, security policies, connection login credentials, and (for certain connections) agent group.

Configure Connection Properties

Enter connection information so your application can process requests.

- 1. Go to the Connection Properties section.
- 2. Enter the host name or IP address of the database server.
- 3. Enter the database server port number.
- 4. Enter the database name.

By default, the MySQL client establishes secure connections with the SSL-enabled MySQL servers. There is currently no support for SSL-encrypted network connections in the MySQL Adapter. As a workaround, you can use a new or



additional parameter in the **Database Name** field to connect with SSL-enabled MySQL servers.

MySQL Version	Recommended Parameter
8.0.12 and earlier	<pre>useSSL=false For example, test?useSSL=false, where:</pre>
	 test is the database name
	? is a required character
	 useSSL=false is the parameter setting
8.0.13 and later	sslMode=DISABLED
	For example, test?sslMode=DISABLED,
	where:
	 test is the database name
	? is a required character
	 sslMode=DISABLED is the parameter setting

Configure Connection Security

Configure security for your MySQL Adapter connection by selecting the security policy and security token.

1. Go to the **Security** section.

The **Security Policy** field displays **Username Password Token**. This value cannot be changed.

2. Complete the Username, Password, and Confirm Password fields.

Configure an Agent Group

Configure an agent group for accessing the service hosted on your premises behind the fire wall.

1. Click Configure Agents.

The Select an Agent Group page appears.

- 2. Click the name of the agent group.
- 3. Click Use.

To configure an agent group, you must download and install the on-premises connectivity agent. See Download and Run the Connectivity Agent Installer and About Connectivity Agents and Integrations Between On-Premises Applications and Oracle Integration in *Using Integrations in Oracle Integration Generation 2*.

Test the Connection

Test your connection to ensure that it's configured successfully.

 In the page title bar, click **Test**. What happens next depends on whether your adapter connection uses a Web Services Description Language (WSDL) file. Only some adapter connections use WSDLs.



If Your Connection	Then	
Doesn't use a WSDL	The test starts automatically and validates the inputs you provided for the connection.	
Uses a WSDL	A dialog prompts you to select the type of connection testing to perform: Validate and Test: Performs a full validation of the WSDL, including processing of the imported schemas and WSDLs. Complete validation can take several minutes depending on the number of imported schemas and WSDLs. No requests are sent to the operations exposed in the WSDL. Test: Connects to the WSDL URL and performs a syntax check on the WSDL. No requests are sent to the operations exposed in the WSDL.	

- 2. Wait for a message about the results of the connection test.
 - If the test was successful, then the connection is configured properly.
 - If the test failed, then edit the configuration details you entered. Check for typos, verify URLs and credentials, and download the diagnostic logs for additional details. Continue to test until the connection is successful.
- 3. When complete, click Save.



3

Add the MySQL Adapter Connection to an Integration

When you drag the MySQL Adapter into the trigger or invoke area of an integration, the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard appears. This wizard guides you through the configuration of the MySQL Adapter endpoint properties.

These topics describe the wizard pages that guide you through configuration of the MySQL Adapter as a trigger or invoke in an integration.

Topics:

- Basic Information Page
- Invoke a Stored Procedure Properties
- Invoke SQL Statement Properties
- Trigger Polling Properties
- Summary Page

Basic Information Page

You can enter a name and description on the Basic Info page of each trigger and invoke adapter in your integration.

Element	Description
What do you want to call your endpoint?	Provide a meaningful name so that others can understand the connection. For example, if you are creating a database connection for adding new employee data, you may want to name it CreateEmployeeInDB. You can include English alphabetic characters, numbers, underscores, and dashes in the name. You cannot include the following: Blank spaces (for example, My DB Connection) Special characters (for example, #;83& or righ(t) now4) Multibyte characters



Element	Description
What operation do you want to perform?	 Select the type of operation for this connection to perform: Invoke a Stored Procedure: Select to invoke a stored procedure in the database. Run a SQL Statement: Select to run a SQL query against the database.
	 Perform an Operation On a Table — Select to perform one of the following operations on a table. You can update or insert multiple records in a single request.
	 Insert Update Insert or Update (Merge) Select
	Note : When operations in a SQL statement such as Update, Concat, and Merge accept values for the inbound invocation of an integration, they do not work. For example, the following query does not work:
	<pre>select concat(empname, 'ss') from DB_AQ where empno=#empno</pre>
	<pre>select empno from DB_AQ where empname=concat(#empname, 'YY')</pre>
	As a workaround, handle these scenarios during payload mapping. For example, perform a concatenation during mapping of the payload. The final output can then be passed as input to the SQL query.

Invoke a Stored Procedure Properties

Enter the MySQL Adapter invoke stored procedure parameters. The Invoke a Stored Procedure page is the wizard page that is displayed if you selected Invoke a Stored Procedure as the operation type on the Basic Info page.

Note:

- Stored procedures return binary large objects (for example, BLOB database data types) as base64Binary types in XML. Depending upon the use cases, these can be decoded during transformation using inbuilt functions such as decodeBase64 or can be passed as-is for downstream processing.
- Adapter input/output parameters are defined based on the stored procedure IN/OUT parameters. The IN parameter corresponds to the request and the OUT parameter is translated as the response.



Element	Description
Select Schema	Select a database schema from the list that includes the data you want to query (for example, you want to query details about an employee based on their employee ID). This action refreshes the page to display fields for selecting a package or procedure to invoke.
Select Package	Select the database package.
Select Procedure	Select the stored procedure. The page is refreshed to display the in (inbound), out (outbound), and in/out (inbound/outbound) parameters available with this procedure.
Arguments	Display the in, out, and in/out parameters that are passed with this procedure.

Invoke SQL Statement Properties

Enter the SQL statement parameters. The Create a SQL Statement page is the wizard page that is displayed if you selected Run a SQL Statement as the operation type on the Basic Info page.

Note:

• Do not use schema/database names in SQL queries. Configure the details in the connection. For example:

```
Update HR.employee set HR.employee.first_name = 'Name' where
HR.employee.employee id='1'
```

can be changed to a simple query, such as:

```
Update employee set first name = 'Name' where employee id='1'
```

where ${\tt HR}$ is used in the connection details. This restricts a user with specific privileges to a particular schema/database.

 When configuring the adapter as an invoke connection, ensure that proper spaces are provided between key words for a pure SQL statement. For example, the following statement fails during integration activation because there is no blank space between VALUES and (#.

```
INSERT INTO table name VALUES(#EMPNO, #EMPNAME)
```

Add a blank space between VALUES and (#, and the statement is successfully processed.

```
INSERT INTO table name VALUES (#EMPNO, #EMPNAME)
```



Element	Description
SQL Query	Enter a SQL query.
Status	Display the results of the SQL query validation. The Status field displays Success! when a query is successfully validated.

Trigger Polling Properties

Import the tables and select the root database table for the service query.



No order is maintained while polling records.

Topics

- Trigger Polling Page
- Trigger Manage Tables Page
- Trigger Relations Page
- · Trigger Polling Strategy and Options Page

Trigger Polling Page

The following table describes the key information on the trigger Polling page.

Element	Description
Import Tables	Imports tables and the root database table for the service query.
Remove Tables	Removes tables. Select Remove Tables , clear the checkbox to the right of the table you want to remove, and click Ok . You cannot remove the root database table.
Review and Manage relationships reachable from the root database table.	Appears after importing tables. Select Edit to open the Relations page where you can view, create, and remove relationships between tables.
Review and verify the attributes created from the imported tables and relationships.	Appears after importing tables. Select Edit to open the Attributes Filtering page where you can review, verify, select or deselect the attributes in the object model created from the imported tables and the defined relationships.
Polling Strategy and Options	Appears after importing tables. Select Edit to open the Polling Strategy and Options page where you can define the polling strategy and specify polling options.



Trigger Manage Tables Page

The following table describes the key information on the trigger Manage Tables page. The trigger Manage Tables page appears when you select **Import Tables** on the adapter trigger Poll for a New or Changed Records page.

Element	Description	
Schema	Selects the schema for the tables and views you are importing.	
Table Type	The type of the table to which the schema or view is applied. The list allows these selections:	
	 All — selects all available tables and views. 	
	 Materialized View — selects materialized views. 	
	 Materialized View Log — selects materialized view logs. 	
	 Synonym — selects the alias for the schema object. 	
	 Table — selects tables. 	
	 View — selects views. 	
Table Name	Specify the table name. Table names are case sensitive.	
Search	Click to search for the specified table.	
Available Tables	Lists the tables that meet the selection criteria.	
Selected Tables	Lists your table selection.	
Primary Keys	Appears when you select tables without a primary key defined. Selects the virtual primary key for the table.	
	Note : Having the primary key at the database level is the best practice.	

Trigger Relations Page

The following table describes the key information on the trigger Relations page. The trigger Relations page appears when you select **Edit** for the Review and Manage relationships reachable from the root database table option on the adapter trigger Poll for a New or Changed Records page.

Element	Description	
Create New	Opens the Create Relation page with these options:	
	 Parent Table — selects the parent table for the relationship between tables. 	
	 Child Table — selects the child table for the relationship between tables. 	
	 Relationship — defines the relationship between the parent and child tables. 	
	 Attribute Name — Applies attributes to the table relationship. 	
	 Mapping — Displays the mapping for the table relationship. 	
Detach	Opens the Relationships list in a new window.	



Trigger Polling Strategy and Options Page

The following table describes the key information on the trigger Polling Strategy and Options page. The trigger Polling Strategy and Options page appears when you select **Edit** for Polling Strategy and Options on the adapter trigger Poll for a New or Changed Records page.

Element	Description
Logical Delete Field	Selects a field in the root database table. To allow the selection, polling must be enabled in the Status column.
Read Value	Identifies the value that is used to indicate a row has been read. For example, PROCESSED. Surrounding quotes are not required.
Unread Value	Indicates the rows to process. Only rows with Logical Delete Field and column values that match the Unread Value are read.
Polling Frequency (Sec)	Specifies the polling frequency (in seconds) for new records or events.
Rejected Value	Set to REJECTED . If the incoming message is greater than the 10 MB threshold size, that particular record is updated to REJECTED instead of READ . If the outbound operation returns a response greater than the 10 MB threshold size, the response message is ignored and a fault response is sent to the calling client.
Advanced Options	Click Edit to access the Batch Size field to specify the number of table rows to process during a single transaction. The default value is 10 .

Table Operation Page

You can update or insert multiple records in a single request.



When you change the structure of a table (for example, you add or delete a column), you must re-import the table by doing a re-edit in the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard. Go to the Import Tables page and re-import the same table, then click $\mathbf{OK} > \mathbf{Next} > \mathbf{Done}$ to complete the wizard. Only then are the table changes reflected in the integration.

Topics:

- Import Tables Page
- · Relationships Page
- Create Relationship Page
- Attribute Filtering Page



Import Tables Page

Filter and select the tables to import based on the selected schema. These tables are used to generate a SQL statement based on the operation selected.

You can import the following number of tables:

- · A maximum of three tables for insert, update, and insert or update actions
- A maximum of five tables for the select operation on table feature
- · A maximum of five tables for the polling feature

Element	Description	
Schema	Select the schema to use. The page is refreshed to display the tables available for selection.	
Name Filter	Filter the display of tables.	
Available	Select the tables on which to insert or update records.	
Selected	Displays the selected tables.	

Relationships Page

Review the relationships between the selected tables and optionally create, remove, or rename relationships. These relationships are used in the insert or update SQL statements.

Element	Description	
Relationships Table	Displays the relationships defined on the root database table and any related tables (one-to-one or one-to-many).	
Create	Click to create new relationships.	
Remove	Click to remove a selected relationship.	
Rename	Click to rename a selected relationship.	

Create Relationship Page

Specify the parent and child relationships to use in the SQL statement.

Element	Description
Parent Table	Select the parent table.
Child Table	Select the child table.
Mapping Type	Select the mapping type (one-to-many, one-to-one, or one-to-one with the foreign key on the child table). For example, if you selected Employees as the parent table and Departments as the child table, the following options are displayed: • Employees has a 1:1 Relationship with Departments • Employees has a 1:1 Relationship with Departments (Foreign Key on Child table) • Employees has a 1:M Relationship with Departments



Element	Description	
Parent and Child Table	Associate the foreign key fields to the primary key fields.	
Relationship Name	Optionally name the relationship (a default name is generated).	

Attribute Filtering Page

Filter out the attributes to exclude.

Element	Description	
Attributes Tree	Deselect any attributes to exclude from the database query. You cannot exclude primary key attributes.	

Operations on Table Page

Select the database tables. To use the bulk extract feature, you must choose the **SELECT** operation from the **Perform an Operation On a Table** list on the Basic Info page.

Operations on Table Page

Element	Description	
Schema	Select the database schema that includes the tables to process.	
Table Name	Enter a filter with which to search the schema (for example, %TAB to search for tables with TAB in the name).	
Table Type	Specify the table type filter to get a subset of the appropriate database objects, then click Search .	
	ALLTABLEVIEW	
Filter By	Enter the initial letters to filter the display of table names.	
Table Names	Select the tables to import.	
	Note : It is recommended that you to import the tables together for the adapter to automatically recognize the relationship. If you import the tables separately, you must explicitly create the table relationship.	
Import Tables	Click to import the tables. The page is refreshed for you to select the parent database table.	
Select the parent database table	Select the parent (root) table from the list. If using multiple related tables, this is the top-level parent table in the relationship. After making your selection, the page is refreshed for you to view and edit the table relationships.	
Add Remove Tables	Click to add more tables or remove tables no longer in use.	



Element	Description
Review and manage parent database table relationships	Click Edit to view and edit the table relationships. The relationships automatically identified by the adapter are displayed. See Review and manage parent database table relationships Option.
Review and filter columns from selected database tables	Click Edit to view and edit the table attributes. You can deselect any attributes to exclude from the database queries. Primary key attributes cannot be excluded. See Review and filter columns from selected database tables Option.
Review and edit SQL query	Click Edit to view and edit the default SQL query. See Review and edit SQL query Option.
	Note : This field is available for a Select operation on the table.

Review and manage parent database table relationships Option

Table 3-1 - Review and manage parent database table relationships Option

Element	Description
Create New	Click to create a new relationship.
Relations	View the existing parent and child table relations automatically created by the adapter.

Review and filter columns from selected database tables Option

Table 3-2 - Review and filter columns from selected database tables Option

Element	Description
Attributes Tree	View and deselect attributes automatically created by the adapter.

Review and edit SQL query Option



This is only applicable for a Select operation on a table.

Table 3-3 - Review and edit SQL query Option

Element	Description
SQL Edit	Click to manually edit the query in the SQL Query field.



Table 3-3 (Cont.) - Review and edit SQL query Option

Element	Description
Edit using Expression Builder	Click to edit the query in the Expression Builder.
	 Add New: Click to add new criteria to the SQL query.
	1. Click Add New.
	 In the First Argument field, click Edit, and select the argument to add (for example, deptno).
	 In the Operator field, select the operator to use for the comparison from the dropdown list (for example, =).
	 In the Second Argument field, select the option to use: Literal: Click to specify a value. If selected, you are prompted to select the data type (for example, integer) and specify the value. Parameter: Click to specify a bind parameter. Query Key: Click to run the comparison against another column in the table.
	New criteria is appended to the SQL query with a WHERE clause. If you add subsequent SQL queries, they are appended to the SQL query with an AND clause Add Nested: Click to add nested criteria to the SQL query. Edit: Click the edit the SQL criteria you specified. Remove: Click the edit the SQL criteria you
	specified.
	Click to edit the query with the Expression Builder.
Maximum Number of Records to be fetched	Select the number of records to fetch with this SQL query.



Summary Page

You can review the specified adapter configuration values on the Summary page.

Element	Description
Summary	Displays a summary of the configuration values you defined on previous pages of the wizard.
	The information that is displayed can vary by adapter. For some adapters, the selected business objects and operation name are displayed. For adapters for which a generated XSD file is provided, click the XSD link to view a read-only version of the file.
	To return to a previous page to update any values, click the appropriate tab in the left panel or click Back .
	To cancel your configuration details, click Cancel.



4

Implement Common Patterns Using the MySQL Adapter

You can use the MySQL Adapter to implement common patterns.

Topics:

Define a Select Operation on Database Tables

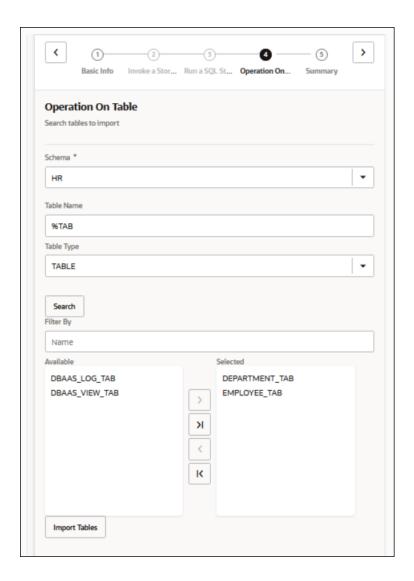
Define a Select Operation on Database Tables

You can define a SELECT operation to perform against database tables. This section provides a high level overview of creating an integration in which a MySQL Adapter is configured as an invoke connection to retrieve table records from the MySQL.

To define a SELECT operation on database tables:

- 1. Configure SOAP Adapter and MySQL Adapter connections.
- 2. Select **App driven orchestration** in the Create integration dialog.
- 3. Add and configure the SOAP Adapter as a trigger connection in the integration.
 - The SOAP Adapter is configured to accept an input and return the response received from the invoke connection.
- 4. Add the MySQL Adapter as an invoke connection in the integration.
 - This invokes the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard.
- 5. On the Basic Info page, select **Perform an Operation On a Table** as the type of operation to perform and **Select** as the operation to perform on the table.
- 6. On the Operation On Table page, specify the schema and tables to import, and click **Import Tables**. For this example, the following values are specified.
 - Schema: HR
 - Table Type: TABLE
 - Table Name: %TAB
 - Selected Tables: EMPLOYEE_TAB and DEPARTMENT_TAB. The tables are imported together for the MySQL Adapter to recognize the relation between the tables.

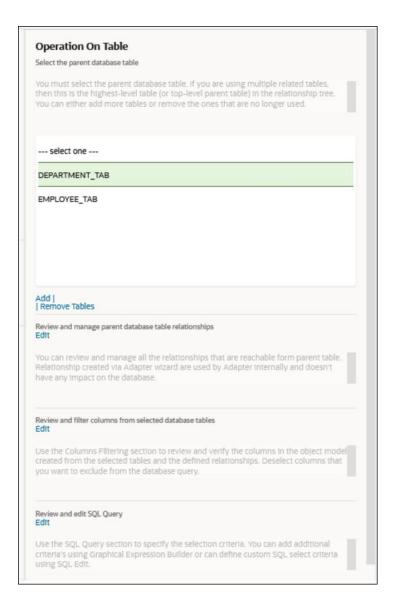




The page is refreshed for you to select the parent (root) database table.

- 7. Select the parent table (for this example, **DEPARTMENT_TAB** is selected). This page enables you to:
 - View the automatically created table relationships and create new ones.
 - · View and deselect attributes.
 - · View and edit the automatically created SQL query.





- 8. View your selections on the Summary page.
- 9. Click **Done** to exit the Adapter Endpoint Configuration Wizard.
- **10.** Complete the integration by performing mapping and tracking tasks.
- 11. Activate the integration.
- 12. Copy the link to invoke the integration from under the **How to Run** link.
- 13. Invoke the integration from a tool such as the SOAP UI.
- 14. Review the values returned by the MySQL Adapter.



5

Troubleshoot the MySQL Adapter

Review the following topics to learn about troubleshooting issues with the MySQL Adapter.

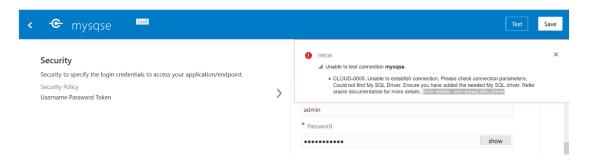
Topics:

Troubleshoot a Connection Test Error

Additional integration troubleshooting information is provided. See Troubleshoot Oracle Integration in *Using Integrations in Oracle Integration Generation 2* and the Oracle Integration Troubleshooting page on the Oracle Help Center.

Troubleshoot a Connection Test Error

You can receive the following error when testing the MySQL Adapter connection on the Connections page.



If you receive this error, ensure that you perform the following prerequisite steps:

- 1. Download the mysql-connector-java-commercial-5.1.22-bin.jar driver file from the MySQL Database site.
- 2. Copy the driver file to the agenthome/thirdparty/lib directory of the instance on which the connectivity agent is installed.
- 3. Restart the connectivity agent.

See Prerequisites for Creating a Connection.