Oracle Warehouse Management Cloud

Integration API Guide

Release 22C

Oracle Warehouse Management Cloud Integration API Guide

Release 22C

F56224-01

Copyright © 2022, Oracle and/or its affiliates.

Author: Oracle WMS Cloud Product Team

This software and related documentation are provided under a license agreement containing restrictions on use and disclosure and are protected by intellectual property laws. Except as expressly permitted in your license agreement or allowed by law, you may not use, copy, reproduce, translate, broadcast, modify, license, transmit, distribute, exhibit, perform, publish, or display any part, in any form, or by any means. Reverse engineering, disassembly, or decompilation of this software, unless required by law for interoperability, is prohibited.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice and is not warranted to be error-free. If you find any errors, please report them to us in writing.

If this is software, software documentation, data (as defined in the Federal Acquisition Regulation), or related documentation that is delivered to the U.S. Government or anyone licensing it on behalf of the U.S. Government, then the following notice is applicable:

U.S. GOVERNMENT END USERS: Oracle programs (including any operating system, integrated software, any programs embedded, installed, or activated on delivered hardware, and modifications of such programs) and Oracle computer documentation or other Oracle data delivered to or accessed by U.S. Government end users are "commercial computer software," "commercial computer software documentation," or "limited rights data" pursuant to the applicable Federal Acquisition Regulation and agency-specific supplemental regulations. As such, the use, reproduction, duplication, release, display, disclosure, modification, preparation of derivative works, and/or adaptation of i) Oracle programs (including any operating system, integrated software, any programs embedded, installed, or activated on delivered hardware, and modifications of such programs), ii) Oracle computer documentation and/or iii) other Oracle data, is subject to the rights and limitations specified in the license contained in the applicable contract. The terms governing the U.S. Government's use of Oracle cloud services are defined by the applicable contract for such services. No other rights are granted to the U.S. Government.

This software or hardware is developed for general use in a variety of information management applications. It is not developed or intended for use in any inherently dangerous applications, including applications that may create a risk of personal injury. If you use this software or hardware in dangerous applications, then you shall be responsible to take all appropriate fail-safe, backup, redundancy, and other measures to ensure its safe use. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates disclaim any liability for any damages caused by use of this software or hardware in dangerous applications.

Oracle®, Java, and MySQL are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Intel and Intel Inside are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation. All SPARC trademarks are used under license and are trademarks or registered trademarks of SPARC International, Inc. AMD, Epyc, and the AMD logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices. UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group.

This software or hardware and documentation may provide access to or information about content, products, and services from third parties. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates are not responsible for and expressly disclaim all warranties of any kind with respect to third-party content, products, and services unless otherwise set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle. Oracle Corporation and its affiliates will not be responsible for any loss, costs, or damages incurred due to your access to or use of third-party content, products, or services, except as set forth in an applicable agreement between you and Oracle.

Contents

	Get Help	i
7	Integration with Cloud WMC	7
_	Integration with Cloud WMS	3
	Integration with Cloud WMS	3
	Automation and Operations	5
	Parcel Carrier Integration	5
	Setup and Transactional Data	6
3	WMS Web Service APIs	9
	WMS Web Service APIs	9
	Deprecation of Legacy APIs	11
	Run Stage Interface	12
	Update OBLPN Tracking Number	12
	Run MHE Stage Interface	14
	Init Stage Interface	14
	Assign OBLPN to Load	16
	Create LPN	17
	Update Output Interface	19
	Induct LPN	20
	Divert Confirm	23
	Load LPN	26
	Entity Update API	28
	From MHE Distribution Pack	34
	From MHE Distribution Short	39
	Update Carrier LPN Label	43
4	Technical Notes	45
	Technical Notes	45
	API Introduction	45
	API Request	45
	API Response	46



Web Services and REST Overview	46
Oracle WMS Cloud Request Example (key-value pairs)	48
How to Get Started with Oracle WMS Cloud Web Services	52



Get Help

There are a number of ways to learn more about your product and interact with Oracle and other users.

Get Help in the Applications

Access the online help from the user drop-down menu in the Warehouse Management application.

Get Support

You can get support at My Oracle Support. For accessible support, visit Oracle Accessiblity Learning and Support.

Get Training

Increase your knowledge of Oracle Cloud by taking courses at Oracle University.

Join Our Community

Use *Cloud Customer Connect* to get information from industry experts at Oracle and in the partner community. You can join forums to connect with other customers, post questions, and watch events.

Learn About Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the *Oracle Accessibility Program*. (if videos) Videos included in this guide are provided as a media alternative for text-based topics also available in this guide.

Share Your Feedback

We welcome your feedback about Oracle Warehouse Managment. If you need clarification, or find an error, you can direct your questions via a service request to *My Oracle Support*.





2 Integration with Cloud WMS

Integration with Cloud WMS

Oracle Fusion Cloud Warehouse Management supports integration for the following categories:

Automation and Operations

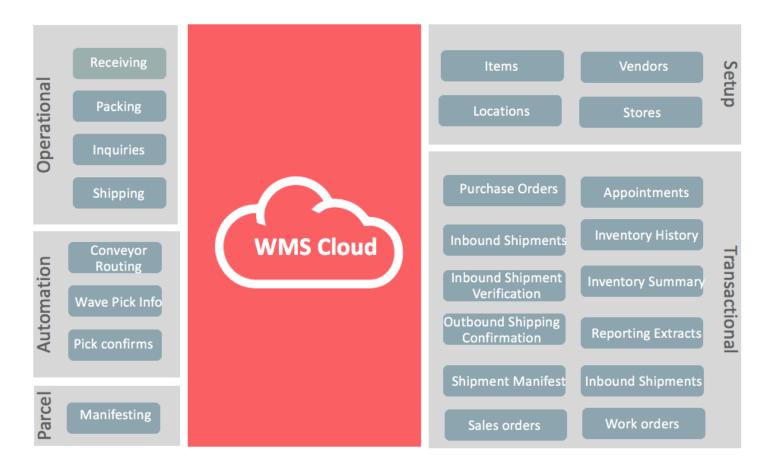
Parcel Carrier Integration

Setup and Transactional Data

Key Interfaces

The following flow describes the integration touchpoints:





Communication and Data

There are two main data formats supported by Oracle Warehouse Management (WMS) Cloud via interfaces and APIs:

- XML
- · Delimited flat data

There are two main forms of communication protocols supported by Oracle WMS Cloud for integration with external systems:

- REST Web Service over HTTPS
- Secure FTP (SFTP) using an external SFTP site

Typically, the delimited flat data format is used over SFTP although it is also supported via certain WebServices. WebServices generally support an XML payload along with the delimited flat data format.

For Parcel integration, connection to external SOAP APIs is supported.



Note: WMS Cloud does not host SFTP sites. They must be hosted externally per the customers choice. WMS Cloud can transfer files to and from the external site.

Automation and Operations

A set of web service APIs are provided to handle the following:

- Integration with automated systems whether MHE or Voice
- To perform WMS operations that is invoked externally

Automation

Oracle WMS Cloud supported integration with MHE in two ways:

- Pre-built integrations with few MHE Vendors and for predefined flows.
- Standard Oracle WMS Cloud APIs

As of version 8.0.0 (2017), the prebuilt interfaces are supported, but will not be enhanced in the future. Standard Oracle WMS Cloud APIs will be enhanced to support all MHE operations. Unless explicitly noted, all incoming automation interfaces are only available via REST Webservices and not via SFTP/files.

Please see the WMS Web Service APIs for details.

Parcel Carrier Integration

Oracle WMS Cloud supports integration with several parcel carriers via multiple mechanisms:

- Integration with FedEx via Web Services provided by FedEx
- Integration with UPS via Web Services provided by UPS
- Integration with UPS, DHL GlobalMail via ConnectShip Web Services

For direct integration with FedEx and UPS, customers need to have an account with the carrier and obtain credentials to access the carrier web services from the Carrier. The customer then setups the Oracle WMS Cloud application with these credentials.

ConnectShip works similarly except that it is a third party that facilitates shipping via multiple carriers. Customers have to setup an account with Connectship in addition to the parcel carrier they wish to use.

As of version 20B, the above integrations will continue to be supported and enhanced.

Note: For more detailed information about parcel carriers, go to the *Oracle WMS Cloud Information Center*. From the top of the page, click on the **Documentation** tab at the top, then click the link under **Current Documentation** and refer to the **Parcel Carrier Integration Guide**.



Setup and Transactional Data

This section refers to list of setup and transactional entities that must be integrated with ERP or other 'host' systems in order to get data in and out of the WMS. Please refer to the *Interface Specfications* excel document for all the entity definitions and fields. The document is modeled towards the delimited file structure, however all the fields are the same as those used in the XML via Web Services. Refer to the XSD's for the XML schema definitions.

Note: To access the latest XSD's, go to the *Oracle WMS Cloud Information Center* From the top of the page, click on the **Documentation** tab at the top, then click the link under **Current Documentation**.

There are three different ways to upload these entities into WMS:

Upload excel or flat file via the Input Interface Screen in the application.

Note: To access the latest Interface Specifications, go to the *Oracle WMS Cloud Information Center* From the top of the page, click on the **Documentation** tab at the top, then click the link under **Current Documentation**.

- Oracle WMS Cloud provides excel templates and flat file format definitions.
- Use web services with XML payload to load the data.
- For XML, XSD schema definitions and sample XMLs are available
- Send flat files to the SFTP site (externally hosted site)

Touch point	Description
Items	Master item (SKU) definitions
Item barcode	Vendor barcodes
Item facility	Facility specific item properties
Item pre pack	Predefined kit definitions
Cubiscan	Item dimensional information
Vendors Vendor definitions	
Store Destination stores for shipping	
Location	Warehouse (DC) location defintions (bins)
Site Facility stype of site. Used when shipping to a generic site or to model individual cur	
Shipto Company	Destination companies
Asset	Assets such as high value pallets, totes used in a warehouse
Consolidation location map Mapping stores and locations for store distribution configuration LPN Location lock Locate LPNs and lock. Used in initial data setup in combination with IB Shipment interface Planned OB Load Load planning for Orders from a TMS	



Touch point	Description
Users	User definitions
Routes	Static routes definition
Price labels	Pricing information for Items
Purchase Orders	Purchase order transactional data
IB Shipments	Shipments of incoming inventory that may or may not be tied to PO's
IB Shipment serial nbr	Serial number information in IB Shipments
Appointments	Appointments for inbound loads
Orders	Sales orders (shipping requests)
Order instructions	Order picking/packing instructions
Work order	Work orders
Point of sale	Store POS update

Touch Point	Description	
IB Shipment verification	Confirmation of received inventory	
Inventory History	All WMS activities	
Outbound Load shipment	Outbound shipment confirmation for LTL/TL	
Parcel Manifest	Shipping confirmation for parcel	
Inventory summary	Summary of all inventory	
Wave Pick Info	Wave data to send to MHE or other systems	





3 WMS Web Service APIs

WMS Web Service APIs

Oracle WMS Cloud provides REST based Web Service APIs to perform various operations within the WMS. The currently available APIs are focused primarily towards data integration for getting data in and out of the application. A few additional APIs are available for key WMS operations. See the Technical Notes section for a detailed description of how Oracle WMS Cloud API request headers must be structured. The section also has some background information on APIs and Web Services in general. You can use the Chrome plugin Postman to try out accessing Oracle WMS Cloud web services. Make sure that the user you use has the permission listed below.

Authentication and Authorization

In order to access an endpoint, the request must contain, using BasicAuth, a valid WMS username and password. Within the WMS, the user must have the WMS permission "can_run_ws_stage_interface". The user must also have eligibility to any facility/company combinations represented in the data.

Response Structure

Oracle WMS Cloud API's respond with the following XML response (sample):

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<root>
    <success>True</success>
    <response>
    <message>Process stage item submitted for file group 41415472</message>
    <errors/>
    <data/>
    </response>
</root>
```

Oracle WMS Cloud API's Error respond with the following XML response (sample) depending upon specific conditions in the message.

Note: Earlier, the below listed API's returned HTTP status, **200 - OK** regardless of the success or failure of the API call. If API encountered an error condition, then the API returned 200-OK response with response body having **Success tag as "False"**. From 21D onwards, all the API's listed in the table are updated to return the HTTPS status, **400-Validation Error**, with response body having **Success tag as "False"**. This changes is implemented to align with Rest API Web Service principles.

The following is a list of commonly used response status codes:



Status Code	Status Message	HTTP Method	Description
200	Ok	HEAD, GET, POST	GET - The request was successful. HEAD - The resource exists. POST - Resource exists and/or has been modified.
201	Created	POST	Resource successfully created.
204	No Content	POST	The request was successful, but no content is being returned in the response body.
304	Not Modified	HEAD	The resource has not been updated since the target date-time.
400	Bad Request	HEAD, GET, POST	Invalid data or request structure.
401	Unauthorized	HEAD, GET, POST	Invalid login credentials.
403	Forbidden	HEAD, GET, POST	User lacks permission.
404	Not Found	HEAD, GET, POST	The resource does not exist.
405	Method Not Allowed	-	HTTP method is not supported for the requested resource.
409	Conflict	HEAD, GET, POST	Record Changed - The resource was modified by a concurrent operation before the request could be fulfilled. Try again.
500	Server Error	HEAD, GET, POST	An unhandled error occurred or the application was unable to formulate a valid response. Please contact support and provide any returned error information.

API	Description	Category	Initial Supported Version
Run Stage Interface	Trigger validation & processing of data already in stage tables.	Setup and transactional data	6.1
Update OBLPN Tracking Number	Update tracking number and other OBLPN parcel stats.	Automation & Operations	6.1
Run MHE Stage Interface	Invoke an MHE interface to process data in MHE stage tables	Automation & Operations	6.2
Init Stage Interface	Main API for input data integration. Pass data in to validate and process	Setup and transactional data	6.4.0
Assign OBLPN to Load	Assign OBLPN to Load	Automation & Operations	7.0.0
Create LPN	API to create a single SKU IBLPN and associated inventory.	Automation & Operations	7.0.1



API	Description	Category	Initial Supported Version
Update Output Interface	Set status and error message if any on a transmitted output interface	Setup and transactional data	8.0.0
Induct LPN	Induct LPN into MHE	Automation & Operations	8.0.0
Divert Confirm	LPN Divert confirmation from MHE	Automation & Operations	8.0.0
Load LPN	Load LPN	Automation & Operations	8.0.2
Entity Update API	Updates certain attributes of an entity	Setup and transactional data	8.0.2
From MHE Distribution Pack	From MHE Distribution Pack	Automation & Operations	8.0.2
From MHE Distribution Short	From MHE Distribution Short	Automation & Operations	8.0.2
Update Carrier LPN Label	Update Carrier LPN Label	Setup and transactional data	8.0.2

Deprecation of Legacy APIs

Warehouse Management Cloud is deprecating several legacy APIs that no longer comply with the overall strategy to develop REST APIs. The newer APIs ("Igfapi") provide improved functionality, structuring, stability, and scalability, and all customers must migrate to the newer, equivalent APIs. The time frame for deprecation is 22B, at which point the URLs that specify these APIs will no longer be accessible.

The legacy APIs to be deprecated are listed in the following table along with the equivalent Igfapi that you should migrate to. Only these legacy API's are being retired. Those not on the list will continue to be available for now, though they will eventually be retired as well, with sufficient notice.

API Name	Old API (to be deprecated)	New API (Igfapi equivalents)
Get Entity	GET wms/api/entity/ <entity name="">/</entity>	GET wms/lgfapi/v10/entity/ <e< th=""></e<>
Get Entity Status	POST wms/api/get_status/ <entity name="">/</entity>	GET wms/lgfapi/v10/entity/ <e< th=""></e<>
Get Extended Property	GET wms/api/extended_property/ <entity name="">/</entity>	GET wms/lgfapi/v10/entity/ <e< th=""></e<>
Get Seq Number	POST wms/api/get_next_numbers/	POST wms/lgfapi/v10/entity/s
Lock/Unlock LPN	POST wms/api/lock_unlock_lpn/	POST wms/lgfapi/v10/entity/o
Pick Confirm	POST wms/api/pick_confirm/	POST wms/lgfapi/v10/pick_pa
Receive LPN	POST wms/api/receive_lpn/	POST wms/lgfapi/v10/entity/i
Ship OBLPN	POST wms/api/ship_oblpn/	POST wms/lgfapi/v10/entity/o



	API Name	Old API (to be deprecated)	New API (Igfapi equivalents)
	Update Active Inventory	PATCH wms/api/entity/active_inventory/ <key>/</key>	POST wms/lgfapi/v10/entity/le
	Update OBLPN Dimensions	POST wms/api/update_oblpn_dims/	PATCH wms/lgfapi/v10/entity/

Run Stage Interface

Example URL: "xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com/env_name/wms/api/run_stage_interface/"

Initial WMS Version: 6.1

Overview

API to run the data import process for a stage table. It works on data already in the staging table. To load and process data, please use the InitStageInterfaceAPI.

- If no file_group_nbr is supplied, then the interface is run for every record in status Ready for the Company/ Facility.
- If file_group_nbr is supplied, then all records for that group in status Ready for the Company/Facility are processed. Note that not all interfaces support the use of file_group_nbr.

Note: This API is not meant to upload data and process. It's only meant to process data that has been loaded through other means. For uploading and processing data, please refer to the "Init Stage Interface" API.

Update OBLPN Tracking Number

URL: "xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com/env_name/wms/api/update_oblpn_tracking_nbr/"

Initial WMS Version: 6.1

Overview

API to update an OBLPN's tracking number and optionally weight and/or ship via.

If a Carrier LPN record for the OBLPN does not exist, the API will attempt to create it. The ship via from the allocated order will be used if one is not supplied in the arguments.

Requirements

- 1. The LPN must exist for the facility/company provided
- 2. The LPN must be of type outbound
- 3. The LPN status cannot be CANCELLED
- **4.** The ship via must exist for the same company as the LPN



Request Arguments

Argument Name	Function	Required	Data Type
company_code	WMS Company Code	X	string
facility_code	WMS Facility Code	X	string
oblpn_nbr	Container number to be updated	X	string
tracking_nbr	Carrier tracking number	X	string
ship_via_code	Updated ship via		string
weight	Updated weight		decimal
rate	Update rate		string
master_tracking_nbr	2nd tracking number		string
estimated_delivery_time	Estimated delivery date (yyyymmdd)		string
dry_ice_weight	Updated Dry Ice Weight		decimal
label	Image of label		Base64.PDF
carrier_webservice_label_type	Webservice label type		string

Note:

- Since version 9.0.0, new company parameter max_allowed_wt_vol_dim_decimal_scale controls the decimal precision for the following fields: weight and dry_ice_weight
- The precision of rate is set at 2

Carrier Webservice Label Type

The "carrier_webservice_label_type" parameter allows you to specity the web service label type that will be uploaded. This field accepts the following values:

- ZPL
- PDF
- IMAGE

For example: If you are uploading the ZPL code for the Carrier LPN Label, then the label type should be set to ZPL.

If the label is sent without sending the label type, the existing API behavior is unchanged. However, if the label type is sent without the label, the API will send an error with the message "label type without label is disallowed."



Run MHE Stage Interface

URL: "xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com/env_name/wms/api/run_mhe_stage_interface/"

Initial WMS Version: 6.2

API to run the data import process for a staged MHE data or to run a custom MHE function.

Requires Celery to be enabled as all messages are run asynchronously by default.

Request Arguments

Argument Name	Function	Required	Data Type
entity	Interface name	Х	string
company_code	WMS Company Code	X	string
facility_code	WMS Facility Code	X	string
mhe_vendor_code	MHE Vendor	X	string
python_function	Name of custom MHE function to be run. Required if entity is 'custom'.		string

Supported Entities

Entity Value	Interface Name	Initial WMS Version
from_mhe_lpn_diverts	LPN Divert Confirmation	6.2
custom	Custom MHE Function	6.2

Init Stage Interface

Example URL: "xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com/env_name/wms/api/init_stage_interface/"

Overview

API to insert data into stage table(s) and run the interface to process the data.

Note: This is the API to be used by external systems to exchange setup and transactional data with the WMS.

All information regarding the interface entity and file groupings are within the XML in the <Header> tag.

This API supports XML format for all supported entities and flat format for a subset.



Request Arguments

Argument Name	Function	Required	Default Value	Data Type	Initial Supported Version
xml_data	XML to be processed	С		string	-
async	Run stage table entity asynchronously		True	boolean	-
validate_xml	Throws hard error on XML structure or data issues		False	boolean	7.0.1
flat_data	Pipe-delimited data to be processed	С	п	string	8.0.0
entity	Type of flat data being interfaced. Only used in conjunction with flat_data.	С	n	string	8.0.0

Assumptions

- Either xml_data or flat_data must be passed not both.
- "async" is applicable for both XML and flat for the processing of stage data

Flat File Data

- Mimics the same process as if you had uploaded it via Input Interface UI
- API keys 'flat_data' and 'entity' are required
- Only entities "item" and "order" are currently supported
- Supported Entity Formats
- order Hierarchical format only (ORR)
- item One Line format only (ITM)
- File group number format: _API_{username}_yyyymmddHHMMSSfffffff
- Where ffffff is micro-seconds
- Example: _API_mrafalko_20161209112224184531

Supported Entities

Name	Entity	Version
Vendor	vendor	7.0.0
Appointment	appointment	7.0.0
Item	item	7.0.0



Name	Entity	Version
Item Barcode	item_barcode	7.0.0
Site	site	7.0.0
Store	store	7.0.0
Purchase Order	purchase_order	7.0.0
IB Shipment	ib_shipment	7.0.0
Order	order	7.0.0
Work Order	work_order	7.0.0
Planned OB Load	planned_ob_load	7.0.2
Item Prepack	item_prepack	7.0.3
Consolidation Location	consolidation_location_config	8.0.0
IB Shipment Serial Number	ib_shipment_serial_nbr	8.0.0
Item Facility	item_facility	8.0.0
Order Instructions	order_instructions	8.0.0
Literals	literals	18C
Outbound Load	Outbound_load	18C

Assign OBLPN to Load

URL: "xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com/%3cenv_name%3e/%3cwms%3e/%3capi%3e/%3cassign_oblpn_to_load%3e/" Initial WMS Version 7.0.0

Overview

API to assign OBLPN(s) to a new or existing Load.

Assumptions

- 1. If load does not exist, a new one will be created
- 2. If the load exists in status Shipped or Cancelled, the load will be reused
- 3. If the load exists in greater than Created status, but less than Shipped status, an error will be thrown
- **4.** Supports bulk mode if more than one OBLPN given in "oblpn_nbr" parameter, separated by character defined in "delimiter" parameter



- 5. OBLPN must be less than Loaded status
- **6.** If you have the "reassign_load_flg" parameter set to True, then this will not apply as the LPN will be unloaded first.

Request Arguments

Parameter	Description	Initial Version	Required	Data Type	Default
oblpn_nbr	Delimited list of OBLPN numbers	-	Х	string	
company_code	WMS company code	-		string	User's default context
facility_code	WMS facility code	-		string	User's default context
trailer_nbr	Trailer updated on the load	-		string	nıı
carrier_code	Carrier updated on the load	-		string	
reassign_load_flg	Reassign the OBLPN to new load, if already assigned to different load	-		boolean	True
require_specific_ oblpn_status	Validate OBLPN has matching status (Default is Packed)	-		integer	80
delimiter	Character used to separate oblpn_nbr list	-		string	I
load_nbr	Load OBLPN(s) will be assigned to	-	Х	string	

Note: Since version 9.0.0, new company parameter max_allowed_wt_vol_dim_decimal_scale controls the decimal precision for the following weight fields: oblpn_weight.

Create LPN

URL: "xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com/env_name/wms/api/create_lpn/"

Initial WMS Version: 7.0.1

Overview

API to create a single SKU IBLPN and associated inventory.



Can also be used to cross-dock the IBLPN to an OBLPN for a given destination facility.

Assumptions

- 1. The inventory is created out of thin air it is not taken from some location in thewarehouse
- 2. The container created is an IBLPN
- 3. If cross-dock mode then final container will be an OBLPN of same number
- **4.** Appropriate inventory history records arewritten
- **5.** Inventory attributes are not currently withinscope

Parameter	Description	Initial Supported Version	Required	Data Type	Default
lpn_nbr		-	Х	string	
qty		-	Х	integer	
company_code	WMS company code	-		string	User's default context

Parameter	Description	Initial Supported Version	Required	Data Type	Default
facility_code	WMS facility code	-		string	User's default context
item_barcode		-	С	string	
item_alternate_code		-	С	string	
batch_number		-	С	string	""
expiry_date	YYYYMMDD	-	С	date	
xdock_lpn_flg	Create container then cross-dock?	-		boolean	True
order_type	Cross-dock only: xdock order type	-	С	string	1111
dest_facility_code	Cross-dock only: xdock destination facility	-	С	string	
drop_locn_barcode	Cross-dock only: Location of final OBLPN	-		string	1111
lpn_weight	Created IBLPN's weight	-		decimal	""
lock_code	If provided, container will be given lock once created or cross- docked	-		string	***



Additional Notes

- item_barcode or item_alternate_code must be provided. If both are given, item_barcode is evaluated first.
- When xdock_lpn_flg is True:
 - order_type is required
 - dest_facility_code is required
- drop_locn_barcode is of type DROP or STAGING
- If the item characteristics require batch number, then batch_number is required
- If the item metrics require an expiration date, then expiry_date is required, except if you've provided an existing batch number that already has an expiry date. The expiry of an existing batch is preserved, even if expiry_date is given.
- expiry_date is in the format YYYYMMDD
- expiry_date cannot be in the past
- Since version 9.0.0, the company parameter max_allowed_qty_decimal_scale controls the decimal precision for the following quantity fields: qty
- Since version 9.0.0, the company parameter max_allowed_wt_vol_dim_decimal_scale controls the decimal precision for the following weight fields: lpn_weigh

Update Output Interface

URL: "xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com/env_name/wms/api/update_output_interface/"

Initial WMS Version: 8.0.0

Overview

API for external systems to update an output interface record.

This is typically used for external systems to communicate failure and an error message so that it's visible to user in the UI.

Also allows triggering resend of an existing file.

Request Arguments

Argument Name	Function	Required	Default Value	Data Type
filename	Output filename	х		string
facility_code	Output record's facility		User's default facility	string
company_code	Output record's company		User's default company	string
interface_type_code	Interface type		un	string
cust_intf_code	Custom interface identifier		un	string



Argument Name	Function	Required	Default Value	Data Type
status_id	Desired status of output record	С		integer
message	Message of output record	С		string
run_output_interface_flg	Trigger file resend flag		False	boolean

Note:

- status_id, message, or both are required
- company_code, facility_code, interface_type_code, and cust_intf_code are used to identify a unique record
- Valid statuses: Ready (10), Processed (90), Failed (99), Cancelled (101)
- If the status is set to Read (10) and no message is provided, any existing message is cleared
- run_output_interface_flg is only valid for records in status Ready (10)
- This mimics the same functionality as pressing the "Resend" button in Output Interface UI

Induct LPN

URL: "xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com/env_name/wms/api/induct_lpn/"

Initial WMS Version: 8.0.0

Overview

Gives the ability for automated systems (MHE) to induct an LPN to a Drop location tied to an MHE conveyor system.

This will trigger the MHE Route Config rules to generate an appropriate Route Instruction message in Output Interface.

The logic mimics that of RF Induct LPN transaction.

Request Arguments

Argument Name	Function	Required	Default Value	Data Type
xml_data	Required data in XML format	С		string



Argument Name	Function	Required	Default Value	Data Type
flat_data	Required data in delimited format	С		string

Note: Either xml_data or flat_data must be provided.

Data Format

Field Name	Function	Required	Data Type
facility_code	Container's facility		string
company_code	Container's company		string
lpn_nbr	Container to be inducted	Х	string
induct_location	Barcode of induction location	X	string



Note:

- Flat (pipe-delimited) data is valid when using flat_data input argument
- Data must follow the order specified above in the format: facility_code|company_code|lpn_nbr|induct_location
- Multiple containers are separated by a new line
- XML data is valid when use xml_data input argument
- SEE EXAMPLE BELOW
- The "Header" section may be omitted it is not used at this time
- If facility_code and/or company_code are not provided, the requesting user's default context is used
- The user must be eligible for all facility/company combinations
- The LPN can be Inbound or Outbound
- The induct_location must be of type DROP with an MHE Conveyor system configured
- The base induction logic is used (same as RF Induct LPN):
- An MHE Message must be active for "LPN ROUTE" for the MHE system
- Valid container statuses for induct are controlled via Facility Parm "ALLOWED_LPN_STATUSES_TO_MHE_INDUCT"

Example XML <LgfData> <Header> <DocumentVersion>20B</DocumentVersion> <OriginSystem>Host <ClientEnvCode>wmsdev</ClientEnvCode> <ParentCompanyCode>*</ParentCompanyCode> <Entity>route_instruction</Entity> <TimeStamp>2019-01-25T12:34:56</TimeStamp> <MessageId>1234567890</messageId> </Header> <ListOfInductedLpns> <lpn induct> <facility_code>FAC001</facility_code> <company code>COM001 <lpn nbr>LPN12345</lpn nbr> <induct location>LOCN1234</induct location> </lpn induct>



<lpn_induct>
<facility_code>FAC001</facility_code>
<company_code>COM002</company_code>
<lpn_nbr>LPN45678</lpn_nbr>
<induct_location>LOCN5678</induct_location>
</lpn_induct>
</ListOfInductedLpns>
</LigfData>

Divert Confirm

URL: "xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com/env_name/wms/api/divert_confirm/"

Initial WMS Version: 8.0.0

Overview

Gives the ability for automated systems (MHE) to confirm that an LPN was diverted or located.

This will trigger the update of the LPN's location as well as possibly completing any putaway allocations.

Request Arguments

Argument Name	Function	Required	Default Value	Data Type
xml_data	Required data in XML format	С		string
flat_data	Required data in delimited format	С		string



Note: Either xml_data or flat_data must be provided.

Data Format

Field Name	Function	Required	Data Type
facility_code	Container's facility		string
company_code	Container's company		string
mhe_system_code	MHE system code that did the divert	х	string
lpn_nbr	Container that was diverted/ putaway	х	string
divert_lane	The divert lane pushed down	С	string
dest_locn_brcd	Barcode of specific location	С	String
pallet_nbr	Pallet that was diverted/putaway	-	String



Note:

- Flat (pipe-delimited) data is valid when using flat_data input argument
- Data must follow the order specified above in the format: facility_code|company_code|mhe_system_code| lpn_nbr|divert_lane|dest_locn_brcd
- Multiple containers are separated by a new line
- XML data is valid when use xml_data input argument

See exmaple below:

The "Header" section may be omitted - it is not used at this time

- If facility_code and/or company_code are not provided, the requesting user's default context is used
- The user must be eligible for all facility/company combinations
- · The LPN can be Inbound or Outbound
- divert_lane or dest_locn_brcd must be provided
- When divert_lane is provided:
- System will locate LPN to Drop location in the given facility with the corresponding divert lane configured
- When dest_locn_brcd is provided:
- · Locate the LPN to the specific location provided

If IBL PN:

- Cannot locate to a Consolidation location
- Cannot locate to a Drop location used for IB Sort
- Must be located to a VAS location if LPN requires VAS
- Must be located to a QC location if LPN requires QC
- If putaway allocation exist
- LPN cannot have a Prevent Putaway lock
- If dest_locn_brcd matches the directed location, putaway will be completed
- If dest_locn_brcd does not match the directed location, putaway allocations will be deallocated
- Putaway allocations must be for a single location
- If OBLPN:
- Cannot locate to Active or Reserve
- Must be in status In-Picking, Picked, In-Packing, or Packed



```
Example XML
<LqfData>
 <Header>
 <DocumentVersion>20B
 <OriginSystem>Host
 <ClientEnvCode>wms6head</ClientEnvCode>
 <ParentCompanyCode>*</ParentCompanyCode>
 <Entity>divert confirmation</Entity>
 <TimeStamp>2019-01-25T12:34:56</TimeStamp>
 <MessageId>1234567890/MessageId>
 </Header>
 <ListOfDivertConfirmations>
 <divert confirmation>
 <facility_code>FAC001</facility_code>
 <company code>COM001</company code>
 <mhe system code>CONVYR001</mhe system code>
 <lpn nbr>LPN12345</lpn nbr>
 <divert lane>DIVERT001</divert lane>
 <dest_locn_brcd></dest_locn_brcd>
 </divert confirmation>
 <divert confirmation>
 <facility_code>FAC001</facility_code>
 <company_code>COM002</company_code>
 <mhe system code>CONVYR002</mhe system code>
 <lpn nbr>LPN12345</lpn nbr>
 <divert lane></divert lane>
 <dest locn brcd>LOCN1234</dest locn brcd>
 </divert confirmation>
 </ListOfDivertConfirmations>
</LgfData>
```

Load LPN

URL: "xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com/env_name/wms/api/assign_and_load_oblpn/"

Initial WMS Version: 8.0.2

Method: POST

Overview

API to perform loading of outbound LPNs or Pallet

API can also be used to assign LPN's to load and also perform loading

Assumptions

- 1. If OBLPN is not assigned to a load then it must be assigned to a load before loading
- 2. If OBLPN is already assigned to a load and load Nbr passed is different from the already assigned load then system will assign it to a different load and perform loading.
- 3. OBLPN being loaded must belong to an eligible facility and company for the WMS user who is invoking the API
- 4. OBLPN Weight cannot be negative.
- 5. API will not support Load by Order Flow.
- **6.** If LPN is associated with a Pallet and API is invoked for the LPN, we do not auto load all the other LPN's on the pallet.
- 7. If Weight is passed when a Pallet number is passed then weight is ignored.



Request Arguments

Parameter	Description	Initial Supported Version	Required	Data Type	Default
oblpn_nbr	Required if pallet number is not provided.	-	С	string	
pallet_nbr	Required if outbound LPN number is not provided.	-	С	string	
company_code	WMS facility code	-	X	string	If facility code is not provided then users default facility will be considered
company_code	WMS company code	-	X	string	If company code is not provided then users default facility will be considered
load_nbr	outbound load number against which the lpn or pallet needs to be assigned and loaded.	-	X	string	
trailer_nbr	Used to search load number for assignment based on trailer number passed.	-	X	string	
dock_door_nbr	Used to search load number for assignment based on trailer number passed.	-	X	string	
oblpn_weight	Using the API outbound LPN's weight can also be updated	-	X	decimal	

Important Validations:

- Outbound LPN passed should not be less than Packed status.
- If OBLPN is in loaded or Shipped or delivered status then API responds with an error message.



- If neither Load Nbr, Dock or Trailer Nbr are passed and appropriate load number to assign is not found API responds with error.
- If OBLPN number passed is in Packed Status and is also marked for Audit company parameter, "ALLOW_LOAD_SHIP_WITH_AUDIT_PENDING" if set to "No" then API responds with appropriate error.
- While performing Loading of Pallet, if some of the LPN's are not eligible for loading, then loading of pallet fails, Error response will be for the first LPN which encountered error.
- Checks based on lock code assigned to outbound LPN and also stop ship flag on the order will be considered before performing loading.
- If the OB LPN is associated with Order whose stop ship flag is set to true, API responds with appropriate error.
- If instead of OBLPN Nbr, Pallet Nbr is passed as input pallet number passed should be valid for user's eligible facility and company.
- Outbound LPN's associated with the pallet should be in packed status. If any of the outbound LPN's fails validations, API responds with appropriate error.
- If neither Load Nbr, Dock and Trailer number is not provided, and oblpn_number or pallet_number is not already assigned to a load, respond with error.

Additional Pointers:

- If outbound LPN is not assigned to the load, API also assigns appropriate load based on the load number passed or load number determined from the trailer passed or load determined from the dock door.
- If outbound LPN is already assigned to a load, it's not mandatory to send load_number or trailer number or dock door number exclusively, LPN will be loaded against the already assigned load.
- Load number provided in the API will be used to assign and load the LPN/pallet, even if the LPN/Pallet is assigned to a different load.
- Load number determined from the trailer number or dock door is used to assign and load the LPN/pallet, even
 if the LPN/Pallet is assigned to a different load.
- If Pallet or OBLPN is successfully loaded then return a success message "Pallet/OBLPN <Pallet/OBLPN Nbr> successfully loaded".
- If Pallet or OBLPN is successfully loaded then all the OBLPN's must be set to loaded status
- If all OBLPNs for an order are loaded then order is also updated to loaded status.
- If the OBLPN Weight is sent (i.e non blank) then the weight of the OBLPN must be updated.
- If Load Nbr, Dock and Trailer all three are passed then Load Nbr provided in the API takes the precedence for assigning the oblpn/pallet to the load and perform loading.
- If trailer and dock door number is provided, precedence will be given to the load associated to the trailer for assigning the oblpn/pallet to the load and perform loading.
- If trailer number is only provided, WMS will search for an open load for the trailer number for assigning and loading the outbound LPN's or pallet.
- If dock door is only provided, WMS will search for open load for the dock door for assigning and loading the outbound LPN's or pallet.

Entity Update API

URL: "xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com/env name/wms/api/entity/entity name/key/sequence number/"



Method:PATCH

Initial WMS Version: 8.0.2

Overview

API is used for updating certain attributes of an entity. Sometimes the clients would want to update certain fields of an entity like stop ship flag on the order. Entity Update API provides for an ability to modify certain fields on the requested entity.

- Entity name should be provided as part of the URL. URL should also contain the key against which the specific attributes needs to be updated.
- Sequence number key will be required if the updates are being done for supported detail tables.
- API will respond with a success or error message.
- Not all entities are supported, supported entities are mentioned below.
- If facility code and company code is provided search for the entity key is done for the specific facility code
 and company code. If facility code and company code is not provided then entity key is searched across for
 the default facility and company for the API invoked users and also the user's eligible facility and company
 combination.

Assumptions:

If the fields provided for update in xml_data is not supported API will respond with an error.

Supported Entities for Entity Update

Entity	Usage				
order_hdr	Refer to the following section for additional details and columns exposed. For example, to update order related fields: https://// <xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com>//<env_name>/wms/api/entity>/order/order001/ xml_data needs to be specified which encapsulates the attributes to be updated. Below mentioned are the arguments that needs to be passed for updating order when the entity passed is Order.</env_name></xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com>				
	Parameter Name	Required	Default Value	Data Type	Comments
	company_code	Optional		string	WMS Company Code, if not specified, API invoked users eligible companies will be evaluated
	facility_code	Optional		string	User eligible facility code, if not specified, API invoked users eligible companies will be evaluated.



Entity	Usage						
	Parameter Name	Required	Default Value	Data Type	Comments		
	xml_data	X			Fields to be updated with specific values for the corresponding entity.		
	Refer the below section for additional details and columns exposed. Example to update purchase order dtl related fields						
purchase_order_dtl	https://// <xxx.wms. POTST001/1 (will up https:////<xxx.wms.< td=""><td>date columns for par</td><td>ticular sequence nur</td><td>nber passed).</td><td></td></xxx.wms.<></xxx.wms. 	date columns for par	ticular sequence nur	nber passed).			
	POTST001/0 (will update all columns on the purchase order detail). https://// <xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com>//<env_name>/wms/api/entity>/purchase_order_dtl/POTST001/ (will update all columns on the purchase order detail). xml_data needs to be specified which encapsulates the attributes to be updated. Below mentioned section provides details about the arguments.</env_name></xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com>						
	Parameter Name	Required	Default Value	Data Type	Comments		
	company_code	Optional		string	WMS Company Code, if not specified, API invoked users eligible companies will be evaluated		
	facility_code	Optional		string	User eligible facility code, if not specified, API invoked users eligible companies will be evaluated.		
	xml_data	X			Fields to be updated with specific values for the corresponding entity.		



Entity	Usage
active_inventory	Refer the below section for additional details and columns exposed.
	 Example to update active_inventory with item not tracking batch numbers, expiry date or any of the attributes(a-g) and quantity down adjusted by 2.
	<pre>PATCH wms/api/entity/active_inventory/<location_barcode>/? reason_code=value&item_code=value&adjustment_qty= -2</location_barcode></pre>
	 Example to update active_inventory with item is tracking batch number only and not tracking expiry date or any of the attributes (a-g) and quantity increased by 2.
	 PATCH wms/api/entity/active_inventory/<location_barcode>/?reason_code=value&item_ code=value&adjustment_qty= 2&batch_number=value</location_barcode>
	PATCH wms/api/entity/active_inventory/ <location_barcode>/?reason_code=value&item_ alternate_code=value&adjustment_qty= 2&invn_attr_a=value (This will try to search for inventory in specified location for item passed in item_alternate_code argument with attribute_a value passed in the API and rest of the other fields with blank.</location_barcode>
	Below mentioned section provides details about the arguments to be passed when Entity is active_
	inventory.

Parameter	Required	Data Type	Default	Comments
location	X	string		Location barcode - Passed in URL
reason_code	X	string		Reason Code provided will be updated on the corresponding inventory history record generated
facility_code		string	User's default facility	User eligible facility code
company_code		string	User's default company	User eligible company code
item_code	С	string		Only one of item_ code or item alternate code or item barcode is required
item_alternate_ code	С	string		Only one of item_ code or item alternate code or item barcode is required
item_barcode	С	string		Only one of item_ code or item alternate code or



Entity	Usage				
	Parameter	Required	Data Type	Default	Comments
					item barcode is required
	adjustment_qty	С	numeric		Non-zero value. Only one of adjustment qty or actual_qty needs to be provided.
	actual_qty	С	numeric		Non-zero value. Only one of adjustment qty or actual_qty needs to be provided.
	batch_number		string		New or existing batch tied to the inventory. If item is tracking batch number, batch_number argument needs to be passed.
	expiry_date	С	date		Required if a new batch is being created and item is tracking expiration date
	invn_attr_a		string		Used to filter target inventory for update.
	invn_attr_b		string		Used to filter target inventory for update.
	invn_attr_c		string		Used to filter target inventory for update.
	invn_attr_d		string		Used to filter target inventory for update.
	invn_attr_e		string		Used to filter target inventory for update.



Entity	Usage					
	Parameter	Required	Data Type	Default	Comments	
	invn_attr_f		string		Used to filter target inventory for update.	
	invn_attr_g		string		Used to filter target inventory for update.	
	If the corresponding system does create a be passed.					

Order

The following table describes the fields to be passed in xml_data argument:

Order

Field	Supported Version
stop_ship_flg	8.0.2 (can pass value of true or false)
cust_field_1	8.0.2
cust_field_2	8.0.2
cust_field_3	8.0.2
cust_field_4	8.0.2
cust_field_5	8.0.2
cust_long_text_1	8.0.2
cust_long_text_2	8.0.2
cust_long_text_3	8.0.2
cust_short_text_1	8.0.2
cust_short_text_2	8.0.2
cust_short_text_3	8.0.2
cust_short_text_4	8.0.2
cust_short_text_5	8.0.2
cust_short_text_6	8.0.2



Field	Supported Version
cust_short_text_7	8.0.2
cust_short_text_8	8.0.2
cust_short_text_9	8.0.2
cust_short_text_10	8.0.2
cust_short_text_11	8.0.2
cust_short_text_12	8.0.2

purchase_order_dtl

Below mentioned describes the fields to be passed in xml_data argument:

Purchase Order Detail

Field	Supported Version
cust_field_1	8.0.2
cust_field_2	8.0.2
cust_field_3	8.0.2
cust_field_4	8.0.2
cust_field_5	8.0.2
stop_recv_flg	8.0.2 (can pass value of true or false)

From MHE Distribution Pack

URL: "xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com/env_name/wms/api/from_mhe_distribution_pack/"

Initial WMS Version: 8.0.2

Method: POST

Overview

Rest API to perform packing updates when MHE System is performing distribution and packing of inducted inventory.

New API which provides information related to the outbound LPN's packed by Tilt Tray Sorter or Put to Light System or Distribution Sorter. Once outbound LPN is completely packed MHE system makes an API call to perform packing updates for LPN distributed.



Request Arguments

Argument Name	Function	Required	Default Value	Data Type
xml_data	Required data in XML format	С		string

- API can be invoked by sending xml_data
- API can be invoked with packing information for one for more outbound LPNs.

Data Format

Below mentioned section describes the data elements that needs to be passed in the xml_data. Information for one or more outbound LPN's to be packed can be sent xml data.

Data Format

Field Name	Function	Required	Data Type	Default
facility_code	If facility code is not sent all relevant allocations to be packed will be searched for all eligible facilities for the API invoked user. If facility code is sent allocations to be packed will be searched for the specific facility passed.		string	Users default facility
company_code	If company code is not sent all relevant allocations to be packed will be searched for all eligible companies for the API invoked user defined in WMS. If company code is sent allocations to be packed will be searched for the specific company.		string	Users default company
mhe_system_code	MHE System code which has performed the packing	R	string	
ob_lpn_nbr	outbound LPN number which is created and packed as part of distribution	R	string	
destination_facility_code	WCS system needs to send the destination facility code	R	string	



Field Name	Function	Required	Data Type	Default
	information associated with the outbound LPN packed			
pallet_nbr	WCS can send the pallet number if outbound LPN is palletized post packing. Field is not mandatory. If pallet number is specified, routing will not be performed even if induction location is provided.		string	
current_location	WCS can send the barcode of the location where the packed outbound LPN is currently located.		string	
induction_location	Once outbound LPN is packed, if the outbound LPN is to be routed, corresponding induction location barcode can be provided. If valid induction location barcode is provided (location with mhe system of type conveyor) then WMS will try to determine the appropriate divert. Induction Location shared should be of type "Drop".		string	
distro_control_number		R	string	
wave_number			string	
ib_lpn_nbr	Specifies the inbound LPN number from which the corresponding item is packed in the outbound LPN. This field will be required for consuming the pending distribution allocations.	R	string	
item_alternate_code	Alternate Code of the sku to be distributed. Either send the item alternate code or associated item parts or item_barcode	С	string	



Field Name	Function	Required	Data Type	Default
item_part_a		С	string	
item_part_b		С	string	
item_part_c		С	string	
item_part_d		С	string	
item_part_e		С	string	
item_part_f		С	string	
item_barcode	WCS can send the specific item_alternate_code or the corresponding item parts or the item_barcode. Item_barcode if sent will be matched with the corresponding barcode of the item or from a corresponding alternate item barcode list.	C	string	
batch_number	WCS can send the batch number corresponding to the item to be packed.	R	string	
expiry_date	WCS can send the expiry date for the item to be packed Format : YYYYMMDD000000		date	
invn_attr_a	WCS can send the inventory attribute_a value corresponding to the item to be packed from inbound LPN		string	
invn_attr_b	WCS can send the inventory attribute_b value corresponding to the item to be packed from inbound LPN		string	



Field Name	Function	Required	Data Type	Default
invn_attr_c	WCS can send the inventory attribute_c value corresponding to the item to be packed from inbound LPN		string	
invn_attr_d	WCS can send the inventory attribute_d value corresponding to the item to be packed from inbound LPN		string	
invn_attr_e	WCS can send the inventory attribute_e value corresponding to the item to be packed from inbound LPN		string	
invn_attr_f	WCS can send the inventory attribute_f value corresponding to the item to be packed from inbound LPN		string	
invn_attr_g	WCS can send the inventory attribute_g value corresponding to the item packed in the outbound LPN		string	
allocation_uom	Depicts the UOM in which the corresponding inventory is allocated. Valid Values to be passed are UNITS, PACKS, CASES		string	
uom_qty	WCS can send the inventory attribute_f value corresponding to the item packed in the outbound LPN		decimal	
packed_qty	WCS can send the inventory attribute_g value corresponding to the item packed in the outbound LPN	R	decimal	



Assumptions

- If the individual records do fail for any business validations system, the respective errors can be seen in the application.
- API does not perform incremental packing updates, once the message is received, outbound LPN shared in the API will be updated to packed status.

Additional Pointers

- Outbound LPN number passed as part of API will be updated to packed status upon successful processing of a record.
- One outbound LPN can be packed from multiple inbound LPN's, in which case the xml will contain information
 of all inbound LPN's which got distributed into the corresponding outbound LPN.
- API can be used to pass induction location so that packed outbound LPN information sent from WCS can be subjected for route instruction message generation.
- Once API is invoked and appropriate outstanding allocations determined for the inbound LPN passed, corresponding packed qty shall be reduced from the inbound LPN.
- Relevant Order updates and container detail packed inventory history records shall be written.
- Since version 9.0.0, new company parameter max_allowed_qty_decimal_scale controls the decimal precision for the following fields: uom_qty and packed_qty

From MHE Distribution Short

URL: "xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com/env_name/wms/api/from_mhe_distribution_short/"

Initial WMS Version: 8.0.2

Method: POST

Overview

Rest API to perform shorting updates when MHE System is performing distribution and packing of inducted inventory.

This will trigger the update of WMS to perform shorting related updates.

Request Arguments

Argument Name	Function	Required	Default Value	Data Type
xml_data	Required data in XML format	С		string
flat_data	Required data in delimited format	С		string

- Either xml_data or flat_data must be provided.
- API can be invoked with shorting information for one for more inbound LPN/sku combination. Xml or flat file data shared through API can contain multiple inbound lpn/sku combination for performing shorting updates.



Data Format

Field Name	Function	Required	Data Type	Default
facility_code	If facility code is not sent all relevant allocations to short will be searched for all eligible facility for the API invoked user defined in WMS. If facility code is sent allocations to be shorted will be searched for the specific facility passed.		string	Users default facility
company_code	If company code is not sent all relevant allocations to short will be searched for all eligible companies for the API invoked user defined in WMS. If company code is sent allocations to be shorted will be searched for the specific company.		string	Users default company
mhe_system_code	MHE System code where inventory short was observed	R	string	
ib_lpn_nbr	Inbound LPN number against which the shorting updated has to be performed.	R	string	
destination_facility_code	WCS system to share the destination facility code information for which the short needs to be performed.	R	string	
item_alternate_code	Alternate Code of the sku to be distributed. Either send the item alternate code or associated item parts or item_barcode	С	string	
item_part_a		С	string	
item_part_b		С	string	



Field Name	Function	Required	Data Type	Default
item_part_c		С	string	
item_part_d		С	string	
item_part_e		С	string	
item_part_f		С	string	
item_barcode	WCS can send the specific item_ alternate_code or the corresponding item parts or the item_barcode. Item_barcode if sent will be matched with the corresponding barcode of the item or from a corresponding vendor barcode list.	C	string	
short_qty	If sent the short qty cannot be greater than the outstanding allocation for inbound LPN /sku combination. If the short quantity is NOT sent, the system will generate an error and no updates will take place.	R	decimal	
distro_control_number	WCS system can send the distro control number corresponding to the ib_lpn/sku combination for which shorting needs to be performed.		string	
reason_code	Reason_code for performing shorting. Should correspond to a valid reason code in the system		string	



Field Name	Function	Required	Data Type	Default
batch_number	WCS can send the batch number corresponding to the item to be shorted		string	
expiry_date	WCS can send the expiry date for the item to be shorted Format : YYYYMMDD000000		date	
invn_attr_a	WCS can send the inventory attribute_a value corresponding to the item to be shorted from inbound LPN		string	
invn_attr_b	WCS can send the inventory attribute_b value corresponding to the item to be shorted from inbound LPN		string	
invn_attr_c	WCS can send the inventory attribute_c value corresponding to the item to be shorted from inbound LPN		string	
invn_attr_d	WCS can send the inventory attribute_d value corresponding to the item packed in the outbound LPN		string	
invn_attr_e	WCS can send the inventory attribute_e value corresponding to the item packed in the outbound LPN		string	
invn_attr_f	WCS can send the inventory attribute_f value corresponding to the item packed in the outbound LPN		string	
invn_attr_g	WCS can send the inventory attribute_g value corresponding to the item packed in the outbound LPN		string	



Field Name	Function	Required	Data Type	Default
wave_number			string	

Assumptions

- If multiple records are shared in single API call, response is sent back to the caller once the API request is made and response is not sent back for every error occurrence.
- Deferred shorting updates is not possible through the API, once the relevant shorting record passes validations, appropriate qty will be reduced from the inbound LPN.

Additional Pointers

- User needs to be eligible for facility and company code passed.
- Inbound Ipn number passed should be present in the system for performing shorting and should have relevant outstanding distribution allocations.
- mhe_system code shared should be a valid code configured in WMS.
- Destination facility code should be present in the system and open allocations needs to be present for the
 destination facility code shorted.
- Item information shared by sending item_alternate_code/item parts or item_barcode should correspond to a valid item for the company code shared or users eligible company list.
- Open allocation for Inbound LPN shared must be associated with the mhe_system_code shared and also the item and associated parts like batch number/expiry date and inventory attributes.
- short_qty passed should not be greater than the pending allocations determined for lpn/item and associated parts.
- Once the relevant record passes the validations
- order gty will be reduced depending upon the order type flag.
- Shorting related updates and relevant inventory history record will be written.
- Since version 9.0.0, new company parameter max_allowed_qty_decimal_scale controls the decimal precision for the following fields: short_qty

Update Carrier LPN Label

URL: "xxx.wms.ocs.oraclecloud.com/env_name/wms/api/update_carrier_lpn_label/"

Method: POST

Initial WMS Version: 8.0.2

Overview

API to update the carrier LPN Label image.

Assumptions

Label is a required argument for Update Carrier LPN Labe API



- · Label is a base64.pdf type
- Carrier_webservice label type would support image or pdf.
- User will be able to send info 1 LPN at a time.

Request Arguments

Arguments	Function	Required	Default Value	Data Type
facility_code	Corresponds to a valid facility code		User default	string
company_code	Corresponds to a valid company code		User default	string
oblpn_nbr	LPN number being routed	х		string
label	Carrier LPN Label Image	х		string
carrier_webservice_label_ type	Webservice label type			string

Carrier Webservice Label Type Parameter

The "carrier_webservice_label_type" parameter allows you to specify the web service label type that will be uploaded. This field accepts the following values:

- ZPL
- PDF
- IMAGE

For example: If you are uploading the ZPL code for the Carrier LPN Label, then the label type should be set to ZPL.

Note: If the label is sent without sending the label type, the label type defaults to zpl. You should be sure to match the label and the label type, since these values are not validated against each other. The label is a required field (mandatory).



4 Technical Notes

Technical Notes

This section lists necessary technical information and consist following topics:

API Introduction

API Request

API Response

Web Services and REST Overview

Oracle WMS Cloud Request Example (key-value pairs)

How to Get Started with Oracle WMS Cloud Web Services

API Introduction

An Application Programming Interface (API) is a tool used by applications to provide external applications or users to grant access to specific features of the application. Typically, this involves the passing of some argument data to a web URL (also known as an Endpoint) that has access to the API. For example, within Oracle WMS Cloud application there is an API for invoking the input data processing (init stage interface). In order to accomplish this, the API needs to know things like company, facility, the interface name, and other key pieces of information to execute correctly. Our API's allow the application to expose discrete pieces of functionality to other applications or users in a controlled manner without the need to give access to the entire system and without requiring the user interface to be used.

API Request

Each API is given a specific URL hosted as part of the WMS application. The APIs use HTTPS protocol to receive requests and return a response in much the same way that submitting a form on a website works within a browser. When the "form" is submitted, a call to a URL is made over HTTPS, which has the ability to transmit this data within the request. The data can then be extracted from the received request within the WMS application and used to run the API.

Requirements:

- Must be of type POST
- The Content-Type should be "application/x-www-form-urlencoded"
- This allows the data to be sent in key-value pairs
- Any non-ASCII data must be URL encoded to ensure data integrity
- See https://www.w3schools.com/tags/ref_urlencode.asp
- Any URL reserved characters (; /?: @ = &) in the data must also be properly encoded to ensure data integrity



- The key-value pairs are represented in the request in the format myurl.com?key1=value1&key2=value2...
- If the reserved characters are not encoded in the data itself, they can be misunderstood to have special meaning and cause data corruption when parsing the request.

API Response

Once the API has completed (successfully or not) within the WMS application, an HTTP response is sent back to the requester. WMS APIs will always return a response. This is similar in the way in which a webpage is returned to a requesting user's browser. However, instead of webpage data, all Oracle WMS Cloud APIs are designed to give a standardized response.

Web Services and REST Overview

This section is intended to give a high level overview of web services, how they work, and how customers use them. Web services are a common method by which machines are able to passing data, files, or invoking a process over the internet using the HTTP protocol. The two main flavors of web services are SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol) and REST (Representational State Transfer). This section will focus primarily on REST (a service based on REST is called a RESTful service) as it's the web service method used by Oracle WMS Cloud.

Objective of Web Services

- The main object of web services is to provide a window to a resource on a server
- A resource can be a document, picture, video, web page, API, or anything that can be represented in a computer system

Why REST Web Services?

RESTful services are lightweight, maintainable, and scaleable (all important things for a cloud application)

How Do Web Services Utilize HTTP?

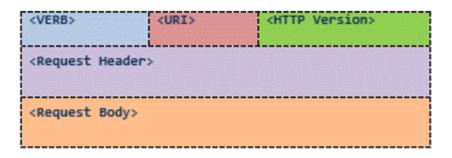
- HTTP is the underlying protocol used by web services
- This is the same protocol you just used to request this web page (a resource!) in your browser
- HTTP provides mechanisms to handle the requests and responses to RESTful services
- This includes transferring data and/or files
- The Client/Service/Server Relationship
- A client is the system connecting to and making a request to a service hosted on a server
- The server processes the request, returns a response to the client, and closes the connection

HTTP Messages

- Clients and services talk to each other via messages
- HTTP messages follow a request and response cycle; each request by the client requires a response from the server
- It's possible to not get a response from the server. That typically means there was an issue with the server's execution of the request.



- Requests to a service and responses from a service are both structured messages
- The actual message is just a series of lines of plain text (see Request Example below)



An HTTP request is really nothing more than several lines of text that tell a client about the request it needs to execute.

Here we will discuss the components of a request and then walk through an example using the Google Chrome extension, POSTman.

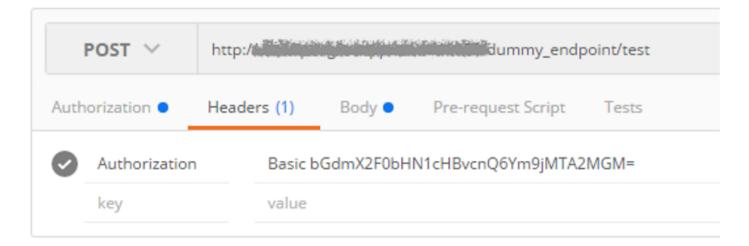
- Verb
- An HTTP method that defines the action of the request
- Examples: GET, POST, PUT, DELETE, ...
- · WMS primarily requires clients to POST to our resources
- Some clients and Jitterbit may utilize GET
- URI (Uniform Resource Identifier)
- A URI is a resource on a server that can be accessed by a service
- The most common form of URI is a URL (Uniform Resource Locator)
- A URL specifies both the primary access mechanism and network location
- In simple terms a URL identifies the network and location of the resource being accessed
- Example: http://example.org/wiki/Main_Page
- This URL refers to the resource /wiki/Main_Page that is obtained via HTTP from a network whose domain name is example.org
- HTTP Version
- Current version is "HTTP v1.1"
- Request Header
- · Contains request metadata in a collection of key-value pairs
- In general, this is information about the request, the requesting client, authorization, and the format of any data in the request body
- The most important header keys for WMS's purposes are:
- Authorization An encrypted username/password combination that may be required to access the service
- Content-Type Defines the format and possibly the encoding (charset) of the data in the request body for POST requests
- The format is known as a MIME Type
- Important POST MIME Types:



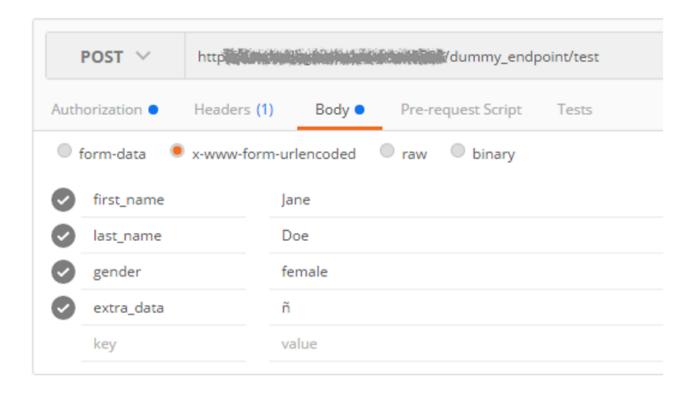
- application/x-www-form-urlencoded
- Alphanumeric data is encoded (convert legal non-ASCII characters to a representation using allowed characters) and sent in key-value pairs in the request body
- Any illegal characters, like ñ, are encoded to an ASCII hex representation like "%XX" and then decoded back after transmission
- Example: If you have one field "Name" with a value of "Mary" and another field "Gender" set to "Male", it would be represented as: Name=Mary&Gender=Male
- multipart/form-data
- The data is sent in key-value pairs in the request body in multiple parts
- Typically used for transmitting files (binary data)
- · Good for transmitting large amounts of data
- application/xml
- The content of the request body is XML
- Request Body
- The actual content (data) of the message
- Format (and possibly encoding) is determined by the Content-Type header
- Key-value pairs are represented in the format: key1=value1&key2=value2&key3=value3...
- key/value are separated by "="
- pairs are separated by "&"
- However, if for example the Content-Type is set to "application/xml" there would be no key-value pairs, just an XML message

Oracle WMS Cloud Request Example (key-value pairs)

Using the POSTman Google Chrome extension, here's a sample HTTP request:







You can see from the screenshots that we have:

- 1. A request verb of POST
- 2. A URI (URL) of http://xxxxxxxxxxxxx/dummy_endpoint/test
- 3. An Authorization header (I had put in a username/password and POSTman encrypted it for me)
- **4.** A Content-Type header of "application/x-www-form-urlencoded", which tells us that the data in the request body will be key-value pairs:
 - **a.** Even though you don't see this explicitly in the headers screenshot above, it will be present in the actual request shown below
- **5.** 4-data keys with corresponding values in the request body: first_name, last_name, gender, and extra_data

When we convert this request from the POSTman UI to HTTP:





This is the request information that is actually transmitted!

- 1. It tells HTTP that we want to POST a request to the host xxxxxxxxxxx for resource /dummy_endpoint/test using HTTP version 1.1
- **2.** It also shows that we have the request headers Authorization, Cache-Control, Postman-Token, and Content-Type:
 - a. You don't need to worry about Cache-Control or Postman-Token
- 3. It is shows the request body data as key-value pairs represented in the format discussed
 - a. This is expected since the Content-Type is set to "x-www-form-urlencoded"
- **4.** Finally, we can see that it encoded the illegal ñ character to "%C3%B1" for transmission
 - a. %C3%B1 is the UTF-8 representation of ñ

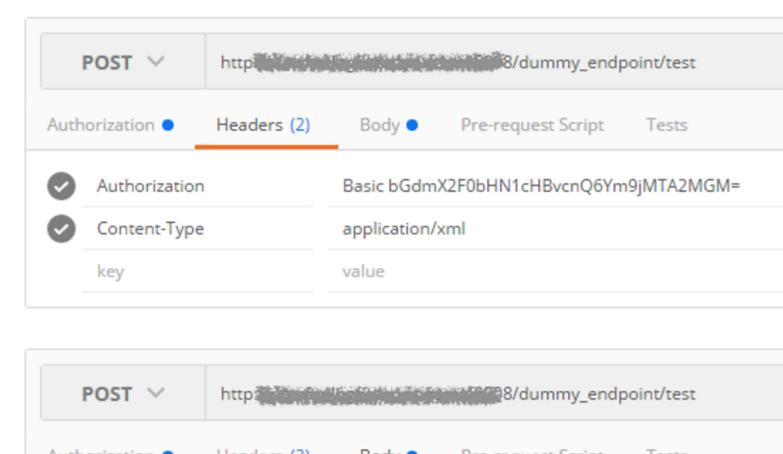
Request Example (XML)

In this example, we will have the same setup as the previous one except that instead of key-value data, we will be sending the XML message:

```
<Person>
  <firstName>Jane</firstName>
  <LastName>Doe</LastName>
  <Gender>female</Gender>
  <ExtraData>ñ</ExtraData>
</Person>
```

Using the POSTman Google Chrome extension, the following HTTP request was created:





```
Pre-request Script
Authorization •
                   Headers (2)
                                   Body •
                                                                   Tests
               x-www-form-urlencoded
form-data
                                                       binary
                                              raw
                                                                 XML (application/xm
      <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
      <Person>
  3
        <FirstName>Jane</FirstName>
  4
        <LastName>Doe</LastName>
  5
        <Gender>female</Gender>
  6
        <ExtraData>ñ</ExtraData>
      </Person>
```

You can see from the screenshots that we have:

- 1. A request verb of POST
- 2. A URI (URL) of http://xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx/dummy_endpoint/test
- **3.** An Authorization header (I had put in a username/password and POSTman encrypted it for me)
- 4. A Content-Type header of "application/xml", which tells us that the data in the request body will be XML



5. An XML message in the request body

When we convert this request from the POSTman UI to HTTP:

- 1. It tells HTTP that we want to POST a request to the host xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx for resource /dummy_endpoint/test using HTTP version 1.1
- **2.** It also shows that we have the request headers Authorization, Cache-Control, Postman-Token, and Content-Type:
 - a. You don't need to worry about Cache-Control or Postman-Token
- 3. It is shows the request body XML data:
 - a. The XML has been encoded for transmission since characters like "<" and ">" are illegal for HTTP

Notice that the data is the same as before, just represented in an XML format that was made up for this example.

This is done to show that the same data can be passed via many different methods and formats using web services.

What's most important is that the two communicating system agree on these details up front so that each system knows what to expect.

How to Get Started with Oracle WMS Cloud Web Services

This section describes the basic steps necessary to get setup so as to use Oracle WMS Cloud Web Services:

- Login to a Cloud WMS environment with an ADMIN Role user
- Open the Group Configuration screen and create a group with no UI or RF menus
- · In the entry field at the top start typing in Group
- Select the group, click the permissions button and in the drilldown screen, select can_run_ws_stage_interface permission and save it
- Open the users screen and copy your user (using the duplicate button which is the button next to the one with the plus sign on the right) and make the following change before saving it:
- Change the Login
- Change the Role from ADMIN to Employee
- · Enter a Password and note it down
- · Change the employee number
- Change the first and last name
- Use Postman to create a request using the technical notes section and try to post using this new userid and password
- Use asynch=True so that you will get any functional validation errors back
- Open the relevant screen (such as Purchase Order if you're uploading PO's) to check if it loaded
- If not, open the input interface screen and select purchase order to see if there are any errors listed

