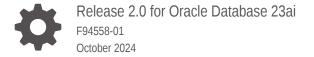
# Oracle® Machine Learning for R Licensing Information User Manual





Oracle Machine Learning for R Licensing Information User Manual, Release 2.0 for Oracle Database 23ai

F94558-01

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# Contents

		_	
D	$r \alpha$	t 🔿	ce
		$\boldsymbol{\alpha}$	

Audience		iv
Related Docume	ents	iv
Documentation A	Accessibility	iv
Licensing In	ıformation	
1.1 Third-Part	y Notices and Licenses	1-1
1.1.1 Lice	nsing for Open Source R	1-2
1.1.1.1	GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE Version 2.1	1-3
1.1.1.2	GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE Version 2	1-9
1.1.1.3	GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE Version 3	1-14
1.1.1.4	Code derived from software contributed to Berkeley by Guido van Rossum	1-32
1.1.1.5	FIG: Facility for Interactive Generation of figures	1-32
1.1.1.6	unzip.h IO for uncompress .zip files using zlib	1-33
1.1.1.7	MIT LICENSE	1-33
1.1.1.8	BSD 2-clause or 3-clause	1-73
1.1.2 Lice	nsing for Oracle R Distribution	1-92
1.1.3 Lice	nsing for ROracle Version - 1.4.1	1-92
1.1.3.1	GNU Lesser General Public License Version 2.1	1-92
1.1.4 Othe	er Open Source or Other Separately Licensed Software	1-101
1.1.5 Third	d-Party Licensing Component for OML4R Release 2.0 (23ai)	1-175



## **Preface**

This document contains licensing information for Oracle Machine Learning for R (OML4R) Release 1.5.1.

- Audience
- Related Documents
- Documentation Accessibility

## **Audience**

This document is intended for anyone who uses Oracle Machine Learning for R.

## **Related Documents**

The Oracle Machine Learning for R documentation set includes the following:

- Oracle Machine Learning for R Release Notes
- · Oracle Machine Learning for R Installation and Administration Guide
- Oracle Machine Learning for R User's Guide

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1

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R was initially written by Robert Gentleman and Ross Ihaka of the Statistics Department of the University of Auckland.

Since mid-1997 there has been a core group with write access to the R source, currently consisting of:

**Douglas Bates** 

John Chambers

Peter Dalgaard

Seth Falcon

Robert Gentleman

Kurt Hornik

Stefano lacus

Ross Ihaka

Friedrich Leisch

**Uwe Ligges** 

Thomas Lumley

Martin Maechler

**Duncan Murdoch** 

Paul Murrell

Martyn Plummer

**Brian Ripley** 

Deepayan Sarkar

**Duncan Temple Lang** 

Luke Tierney

Simon Urbanek

plus Heiner Schwarte up to October 1999 and Guido Masarotto up to June 2003.

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\* Thanks to Frank J. T. Wojcik for helping with the documentation.

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Version 1.01e, February 12th, 2005

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lazyeval:

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will



operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

- c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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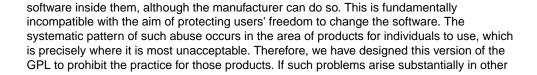
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