Machine Learning Process



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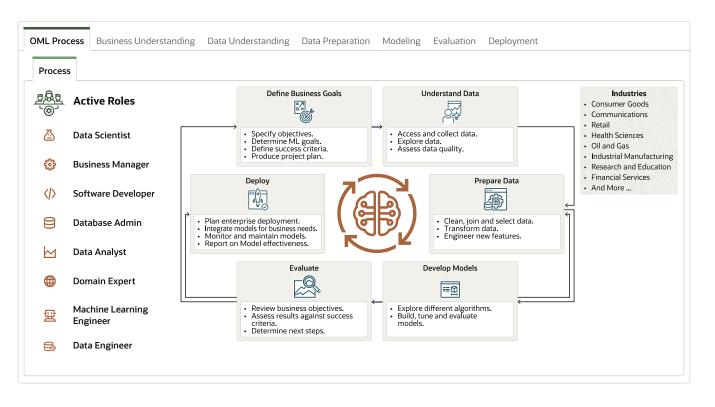
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#### Oracle Machine Learning Process



Welcome to the Machine Learning poster. This poster will walk you through the cross-industry standard process for data mining (CRISP-DM), which is a widely adopted process to guide the implementation of machine learning projects. The poster also depicts how the Oracle Machine Learning products help at each step of the process as well as the primary actors involved at each step.

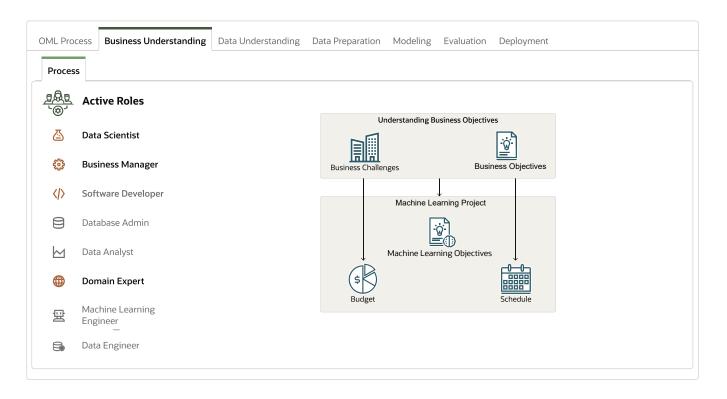
In the poster we show CRISP-DM as a linearly progressing process, however, in practice this is rarely the case. At many steps, based on the output, you may need to revert to the preceding step or steps.

For instance, during modelling, you may find that the model is not performing well on test data but does well on the training data, which could be because of model overfitting. This may necessitate reverting to the data preparation step for either better feature selection or to increase the size of training data set. It could also mean needing to supplement with additional data (predictors), do additional feature engineering, or explore data quality issues.

This poster depicts:

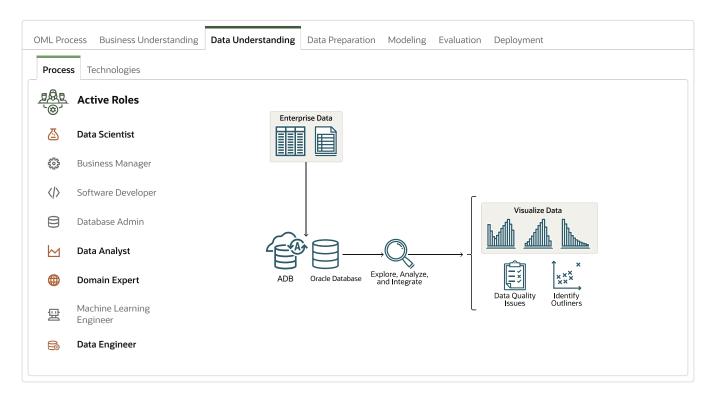
- CRISP-DM process steps for machine learning projects
- Oracle Machine Learning technologies that apply to a step
- Roles involved in each step

#### **Business Understanding Process**



A machine learning project, like any other technology implementation project, is triggered by business needs of the enterprise. Business leaders within an enterprise determine the business challenges and define business-level goals, objectives, and requirements the project must address. In a consultative process, a data scientist then analyzes the business requirements and objectives, and translates these into machine learning objectives. A budget and schedule is typically also put in place.

## Data Understanding Process

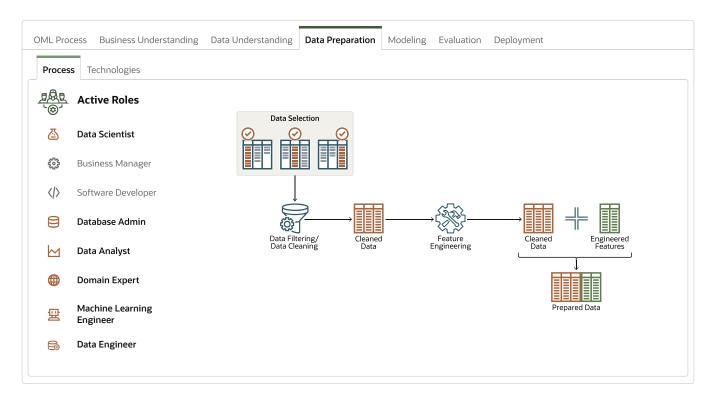


Once the machine learning objectives are defined, you acquire, integrate and analyze the business data. Data may exist in many places. Ideally, most data resides conveniently in Oracle Database, Oracle Database Cloud Service, or Oracle Autonomous Database (ADB). Other data may reside in Cloud Storage, flat files, or other repositories. Oracle can provide access to such data so that it can be explored, integrated, and analyzed through Oracle Database.

# Data Understanding Technologies

<u>&amp; p</u> ©'	Active Roles		Autonomous Database	Database Cloud Service	On-Premises Database	Additional Oracle Stack Too <ul> <li>Oracle Analytics Cloud</li> <li>OCI Data Catalog</li> </ul>
⊉	Data Scientist	OML for SQL				
202 202	Business Manager	SCI.				
< >	Software Developer	OML for R	11	11	11	
9	Database Admin				$\checkmark$	
	Data Analyst	OML for Python	11		11	
•	Domain Expert	Python			$\checkmark$	
_	Machine Learning	Data Miner	. //	11	11	
田	Engineer		$\mathbf{V}$		$\checkmark$	
60	Data Engineer	OML Notebooks	11			
		EB				

## Data Preparation Process

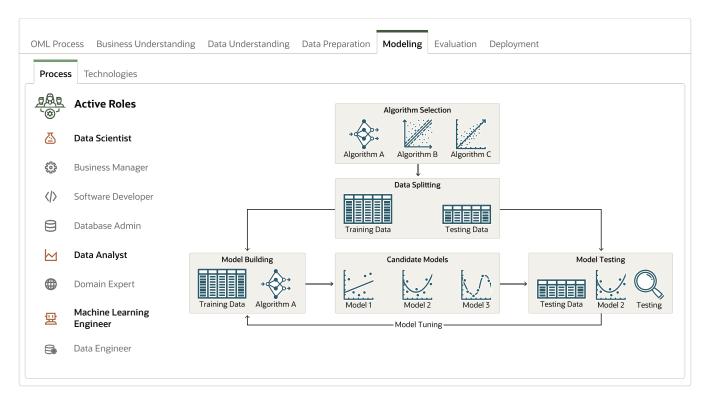


Data preparation is the step that follows understanding and analyzing the data. In this step, you use the outcome of the previous step to fill in any gaps in the data. If the data contains outlier values, you may want to treat or remove those, and you may want to exclude attributes (a.k.a. features or predictors) that are not significant. It is likely that new attributes need to be engineered, such as computing a person's age from their date of birth.

# Data Preparation Technologies

oces	s Technologies		Autonomous Database	Database Cloud Service	On-Premises Database	Additional Oracle Stack Tool
<u>9</u> 7 97	Active Roles					<ul><li>Oracle Analytics Cloud</li><li>Oracle Data Integrator</li></ul>
<u>گ</u>	Data Scientist	OML for SQL				
	Business Manager	(FP)		$\mathbf{V}$	$\mathbf{V}$	
< >	Software Developer	OML for R				
9	Database Admin	OML for Python	~	•	*	
⊻	Data Analyst	Python				
	Domain Expert	Data Miner				
聖	Machine Learning Engineer					
B	Data Engineer	OML Notebooks				

#### Modeling Process

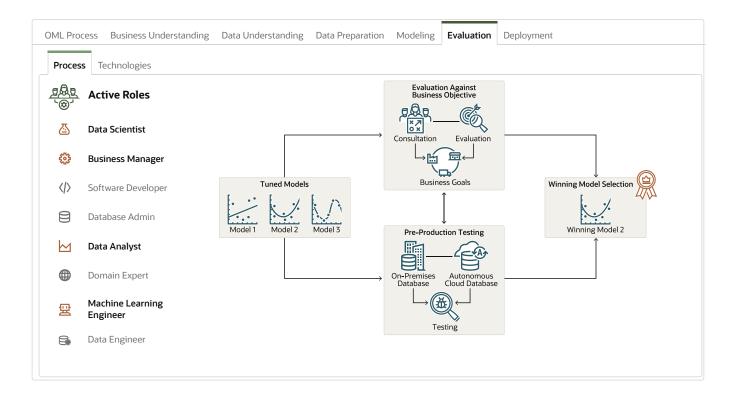


After the data has been prepared, it is ready for the next step, modeling. In this step, one or more algorithms are used to build models that reflect the patterns extracted from the data according to each algorithm's behavior. Each algorithm has various settings, or hyperparameters, that affect algorithm performance and resulting model quality. In the case of supervised learning, where there are known outcomes by which the algorithm determines patterns, data scientists will assess the accuracy of the competing algorithms using a variety of evaluation metrics. In the case of unsupervised learning, where there is not a known outcome, patterns are discovered and various techniques may be applied to compare and select useful models.

# Modeling Technologies

<u>&amp;</u> ©	Active Roles		Autonomous Database	Database Cloud Service	On-Premises Database	<ul><li>Additional Oracle Stack Tool</li><li>Oracle Analytics Cloud</li><li>Oracle Data Integrator</li></ul>
⊉	Data Scientist	OML for SQL			61	
503 503	Business Manager					
< >	Software Developer	OML for R	11	11	11	
8	Database Admin					
	Data Analyst	OML for Python	11	//	11	
	Domain Expert				$\checkmark$	
_	Machine Learning	Data Miner	11	11	11	
田	Engineer	(E)			$\checkmark$	
5	Data Engineer	OML Notebooks	1,			
		ep				
		OML AutoML UI	11			
		(C)				

#### **Evaluation Process**

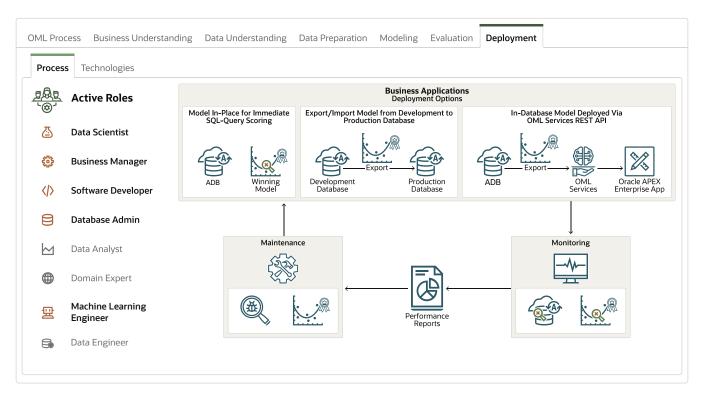


## Evaluation Technologies

A-			Autonomous Database	Database Cloud Service	On-Premises Database	Additional Oracle Stack Tool
<u>&amp; p</u> ©'	Active Roles		Autonomous Database			None
₫	Data Scientist	OML for SQL				
¢	Business Manager					
< >	Software Developer	OML for R	. //			
8	Database Admin			$\mathbf{V}$	$\bigvee$	
	Data Analyst	OML for Python	. //	. //	. //	
	Domain Expert	(HP)	$\mathbf{V}$		$\mathbf{V}$	
安	Machine Learning Engineer	Data Miner				
5	Data Engineer	OML Notebooks	1,			
		E S				
		OML AutoML UI	. //			
		E				

The modeling step may generate multiple machine learning models that address the business objectives and success criteria posed at the beginning of the project. However, some of these models may do better than others. In the evaluation step of the CRISP-DM process you zero in on the model of choice by evaluating it against the business objectives. In addition, in this step, you typically also test the overall solution in a pre-production environment.

## Deployment Process



Deployment is the last stage of the CRISP-DM process. At this stage, you operationalize the machine learning solution by deploying it in a production environment.

Deployment can take on many forms. The most common is to take a predictive model and score data, either in batch or interactively through an application or dashboard. While some uses require only the prediction, others may also require prediction details, i.e., what factors contributed to the prediction. In other cases, the model itself contains information that can be surfaced to end users, e.g., overall important factors (feature coefficients) that determine predictions, rules of a decision tree that identify customer segments, cluster centroid definitions that represent each cluster, or rules from market basket analysis describing which items are frequently purchased together.

Deployment may involve using a specific model produced from an earlier phase, or may include the automatic rebuilding of models either on a set schedule or triggered when model monitoring determines that predictions are losing accuracy.

Note: The deployment mechanisms are applicable to Oracle Database, Database Cloud Service (DBCS), and Oracle Autonomous Database or ADB. The graphic uses ADB as an example.

# Deployment Technologies

	Active Roles		Autonomous Database	Database Cloud Service	On-Premises Database	Additional Oracle Stack Tool <ul> <li>Oracle Analytics Cloud</li> </ul>
۵ ۵	Data Scientist					
¢	Business Manager	OML for SQL			$\checkmark$	
<b>&lt;</b>  >	Software Developer	OML for R	. //	11		
8	Database Admin	(F)	$\mathbf{V}$	$\mathbf{V}$	$\bigvee$	
	Data Analyst	OML for Python				
	Domain Expert	Data Miner	•	•	•	
妿	Machine Learning Engineer					
5	Data Engineer	OML Notebooks				
		OML AutoML UI				
		OML Services				
		Oracle APEX				