Oracle® Enterprise Manager Cloud Control Getting Started with Application Management

Pack for Siebel



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ORACLE

Oracle Enterprise Manager Cloud Control Getting Started with Application Management Pack for Siebel, 13c Release 5

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Preface

This document provides a brief introduction to the Siebel Management Pack, and describes the value-added features this pack offers. This document also lists the metrics collected for Siebel targets, and describes some troubleshooting tips you can use to resolve monitoring issues.

This Preface contains the following topics:

- Audience
- Documentation Accessibility
- Related Resources
- Conventions

Audience

This book is intended for users of the Oracle Application Management Pack for Siebel (referred to as Siebel Plug-in) to manage Siebel Customer Relationship Management (CRM) applications.

Documentation Accessibility

For information about Oracle's commitment to accessibility, visit the Oracle Accessibility Program website at http://www.oracle.com/pls/topic/lookup? ctx=acc&id=docacc.

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Related Resources

For more information, see the following documents:

- Enterprise Manager Cloud Control Quick Start Guide
- Enterprise Manager Concepts Guide
- Siebel 8 System Monitoring and Diagnostic Guide (on the Siebel 8 bookshelf)
- Enterprise Manager Cloud Control Installation Guide
- Enterprise Manager Advanced Configuration



You can access these documents from the Oracle Technology Network:

https://docs.oracle.com/en/enterprise-manager/

Conventions

The following text conventions are used in this document:

Convention Meaning		
boldface	Boldface type indicates graphical user interface elements associated with an action, or terms defined in text or the glossary.	
italic	Italic type indicates book titles, emphasis, or placeholder variables for which you supply particular values.	
monospace	Monospace type indicates commands within a paragraph, URLs, code in examples, text that appears on the screen, or text that you enter.	



1 Introduction

This chapter provides introductory information about the Oracle Application Management Pack for Siebel, including Siebel targets added to Enterprise Manager.

Functional Overview of Siebel

Oracle Application Management Pack for Siebel (referred to as Siebel Plug-in) is an integrated solution for managing the entire Siebel Enterprise. It leverages the capabilities of Oracle Enterprise Manager Cloud Control in configuration management, application performance management, automation, and service-level management to help you achieve the high level of performance and availability your Siebel CRM applications require.

With the Siebel Plug-in, you can:

- Manage multiple Siebel environments from a single console.
- Monitor the health and capacity utilization of your Siebel server environment, the hosts for these servers, and the Server Components deployed within the Siebel Application Servers.
- Track configuration changes you have made to Siebel Application Servers and Server Component parameters.
- Monitor actual end-user response time as well as response time from synthetic service test transactions.
- Diagnose performance and availability problems through performance analysis.
- Model, monitor, and report on the service level your Siebel CRM applications deliver.
- Monitor Event Logs.

Siebel-specific Targets

Table 1-1 shows the Siebel targets added to Enterprise Manager in order to facilitate the management of Siebel CRM applications. These targets model the entities within a Siebel environment so they can be managed within Enterprise Manager.

Most of these targets have a direct one-to-one mapping with their counterparts in Siebel. Some are created to facilitate specific management capabilities within Enterprise Manager.

Table 1-1 Siebel-specific Targets

Enterprise Manager Target	Siebel Entity	Purpose
Siebel Enterprise	Siebel Enterprise	Representation of a Siebel enterprise providing access to metrics and associated Siebel servers.



Enterprise Manager Target	Siebel Entity	Purpose
Siebel Server	Siebel Application Server	Representation of a Siebel server providing access to related metrics and configuration information, and associated Siebel components.
Siebel Component Group	Siebel Component Group	Representation of a Siebel component group providing access to metrics and associated Siebel components.
Siebel Component	Siebel Component	Representation of Siebel components providing access to component metrics and configuration information.
Siebel Key Components	-	Representation of all the Siebel components providing mandatory functionality for the proper function of a Siebel server.
Siebel Functional Components	-	Representation of all the Siebel components providing functionality that multiple components can use (for example, Workflow).
Siebel Database Repository	Siebel Database	Representation of a Siebel database providing access to Siebel business metrics.
Siebel Gateway Server	Siebel Gateway Server	Representation of a Siebel gateway server.
Siebel Application Service (HI)	Employee-facing Siebel Applications (high interactivity)	Aggregated service providing information about all the Siebel high interactivity applications.
Siebel Application Service (SI)	Customer-facing Siebel Applications (standard interactivity)	Aggregated Service, providing information about all the Siebel standard interactivity applications.
Siebel Workflow	-	Representation of Siebel Workflow target providing access to workflow processes and component groups.

Table 1-1 (Cont.) Siebel-specific Targets

2 Performing Installation and Upgrades

This chapter provides preliminary advisory information and procedures for the following topics:

- Prerequisites for Setting Up Siebel in Enterprise Manager
- Setting Up Siebel in Enterprise Manager
- Enabling Automation

Prerequisites for Setting Up Siebel in Enterprise Manager

Note the following system requirements before installing a Siebel Enterprise in Enterprise Manager:

- The Siebel Plug-in is supported on the same platforms that support the Siebel software. Currently, the Siebel Plug-in is supported with Siebel 7.7, Siebel 7.8, and all later versions. To learn about the Siebel system requirements, see the Certifications tab in My Oracle Support (MOS).
- The beacons for driving service test transactions against employee-facing (high interactivity) Siebel CRM applications must run on Microsoft Windows-based computers. These beacons rely on Microsoft Internet Explorer for driving transactions to Siebel.
- You must use Microsoft Internet Explorer to connect to Enterprise Manager when recording or updating a service test. This is a requirement whether the test is for customer-facing (high interactivity) or employee-facing (standard interactivity) Siebel applications.

Setting Up Siebel in Enterprise Manager

Before you start monitoring Oracle Application Management Pack for Siebel in Enterprise Manger, you must perform the following tasks to install a Siebel enterprise:

1. Install Enterprise Manager Cloud Control.

The information required to perform these steps is available in the *Enterprise Manager Cloud Control Basic Installation Guide*.

- 2. Deploy the Siebel plug-in on OMS as follows:
 - a. From the Cloud Control Setup menu, select Extensibility , then Plug-ins.

The Plug-ins page appears.

- b. Select Oracle Siebel in the Plug-ins table.
- c. Click Deploy On, then select Management Servers.
- 3. Install an Agent on each of the hosts.

Install an Agent in each of the hosts where the Siebel Gateway Server, Siebel Web Server, Siebel Application Server, Siebel Report Server, Siebel Chart Server,



Siebel Search Server, and the Siebel Database run. Also, you should install an Agent on each of the systems where you plan to deploy your Service Test Beacons if these systems differ from the Siebel server hosts.

The information required to perform these steps is available in the *Enterprise Manager Cloud Control Installation Guide*.

If you want to monitor additional software, such as LDAP and e-mail servers that you use with Siebel, and you have the proper license for monitoring these targets, install the Agent on these hosts as well.

4. Deploy the Siebel plug-ins to each of the Management Agents installed in the previous step.

Beacon plug-ins are to be deployed only on the Management Agents on which beacons are to be created to run service tests.

5. Set the Preferred Credentials for all the hosts where the Management Agents are installed. This enables Enterprise Manager to execute commands on the computers hosting the Siebel Application Servers.



Starting with 13c Release 1, preferred credentials can be set at Siebel Enterprise level to have the same credentials for all the Siebel Servers under it.

To set the Preferred Credentials:

- a. From the Setup menu, select Security, and then select Preferred Credentials.
- **b.** On the Preferred Credentials page, select **Siebel Server** as the Target Type from the table, and click **Manage Preferred Credentials**.

Note:

Select **Siebel Enterprise** as the Target Type to set the preferred credentials at the enterprise level.

- c. On the Host Preferred Credentials page, in the Default Preferred Credentials section, select the Credential Set from the table, and click Set.
- 6. *(optional)* Enable automation.

To create Enterprise manager beacons for Siebel High Interactivity applications, the Siebel components to be monitored must be configured to provide Automation support.

Enabling Automation describes how to enable automation support.

7. (optional) Enable SARM.

To monitor user performance, you must manually enable Siebel Application Response Measurement (SARM). To enable SARM for specific components, access srvrmgr and execute the following commands:



```
change param SARMLevel=2 for comp [component_name]
change param SARMBufferSize=5000000 for comp [component_name]
change param SARMFileSize=15000000 for comp [component_name]
change param SARMPeriod=3 for comp [component_name]
```

Note:

If you want to enable SARM for multiple components, you must execute this sequence of commands for each of the components.

8. *(optional)* To monitor end-user performance using the Service Level Management feature, configure your environment for Siebel deployments on Microsoft Windows.

To enable the beacon to monitor High Interactivity (HI) applications:

- a. From the Microsoft Windows Beacon system, click Start, then Control Panel.
- b. Double-click Administrative Tools, then double-click Services.
- c. Scroll down to the Enterprise Manager Agent service. Typically, this Agent is named Oracleagent13c1Agent.
- d. Double-click the service entry.
- e. On the Log On tab, select the Allow service to interact with desktop option.
- f. Click **OK** to save your changes.

Also, you must configure an operating system user account on Enterprise Manager. Enterprise Manager uses this user account to grant sufficient permission to the Windows operating system user on the Beacon system. For Management Agents located on Windows-based computers, this user account needs one, special Windows permission that is not granted by default. To grant this permission:

- a. From the Microsoft Windows Beacon system, click Start, then Control Panel.
- b. Double-click Administrative Tools, then double-click Local Security Policy.
- c. Under Security Settings in the left pane, expand Local Policies, then doubleclick User Rights Assignment.
- d. Double-click the Log on as a batch job entry.
- e. Click the **Add User or Group** button, then enter the Windows operating system user name or a group containing this user.
- f. Click **OK**, then click **Apply** and **OK** on the next dialog box to save your changes.
- 9. (optional) Enable timed statistics.

If you want to monitor a variety of available Siebel performance metrics through Enterprise Manger, run the following srvrmgr command for each of the components:

change param TimedStats=true for component [component_name]

10. *(optional)* To monitor end-user performance using the Service Level Management feature, manually access all applications before recording a new transaction.

Before recording a new transaction, you need to manually access all applications and manually satisfy all pop-up windows' requests. If you do not perform this task,



the pop-up windows interfere and interrupt your recording session. This step must be done once on each system where a beacon is going to be deployed, and this is most applicable for HI applications.

Additionally, while recording a new transaction, the URL must include SWECmd=AutoOn. This setting allows Enterprise Manager to interact with the Siebel test automation framework.

11. (optional) Access HI applications from the beacon's computer.

HI applications need to be accessed once from the beacon computer before discovering the Siebel HI Applications in Enterprise Manager.

Enabling Automation

The following sections describes how to enable options for Siebel versions 7.7, 7.8, and 8.0. This section contains the following:

- Enabling Automation for Siebel Versions 7.7 and 7.8
- Enabling Automation for Siebel Version 8.x

Enabling Automation for Siebel Versions 7.7 and 7.8

To enable Automation support, access a server-side configuration file (for example, uagent.cfg for Call Center), search for the EnableAutomation variable, and change its value to TRUE.

- 1. Access a server-side configuration file, such as uagent.cfg for Call Center.
- 2. Search for the EnableAutomation variable and change its value to TRUE.

If the variable definition does not exist, locate the [SWE] section in the configuration file and add the following line:

EnableAutomation = TRUE

3. Save the changed configuration file and restart the Siebel server.

Enabling Automation for Siebel Version 8.x

To enable Automation support, do the following:

1. Execute the following srvrmgr command for all High Interactivity components you plan to monitor through Enterprise Manager beacons:

change parameter EnableAutomation=True for server server_name comp comp_name

2. After applying the command for all desired components, restart the Siebel server.



3 Configuring Siebel Enterprise Targets

This chapter provides information on the following topics:

- Prerequisites for Adding a Siebel Enterprise or Target
- Adding a Siebel Enterprise
- Discovery Process of the Siebel Enterprise in Enterprise Manager
- Updating the Siebel Enterprise
- Updating the Siebel Servers
- Siebel Compliance Standards
- Adding Non-Siebel Targets to an Existing Siebel Enterprise Target
- Defining Manually Added Non-Siebel Targets as Critical Targets for a Service
- Removing Servers or Components From an Existing Enterprise
- Patching Siebel Targets
- User Roles and Privileges

Prerequisites for Adding a Siebel Enterprise or Target

Ensure the following prerequisites are met before adding a Siebel enterprise or a Siebel target:

- The Management Agent should be installed in the Gateway target host, and it's status should be "up" and running.
- The Management Agent user should have read access to the siebel files, siebns.dat, and siebenv.sh.
- In case the gateway install location will not be provided as an input during discovery, the Management Agent should have read access to vpd.properties file.
- The Management Agent user should have execute permission to the srvrmgr utility (to validate that the provided srvrmgr credentials are correct).
- For complex networks, wherein the Siebel host name is different when compared to the host name discovered in Enterprise Manager, the user has to add mapping entries in the siebelserverconfig.xml file. This file is located in <agentinstalldir>/siebelserverconfig directory of the gateway host.

Adding a Siebel Enterprise

Siebel Enterprise enables administrators to logically organize distributed targets for efficient and effective management and monitoring.

To add a Siebel Enterprise to Cloud Control for monitoring, perform the following steps:



- 1. From the Targets menu, select Siebel.
- 2. On the Siebel page, select the Enterprises tab, then click Add.

The Add Siebel Enterprise page appears, as shown in Figure 3-1.

3. Enter the details and credentials. You can also select **Auto Start Mode** to discover only those components for which the start mode is set as 'auto'. Selecting this option will ignore all the components for which the start mode is set as 'manual'.

Note:

For typical installations, the gateway server port is 2320.

- 4. After entering the credentials, you can either choose to continue with adding the enterprise by clicking **Add Enterprise**, or perform the **Discovery Precheck**.
- 5. To perform the Precheck, click **Discovery Precheck**.

Clicking Discovery Precheck opens the Discovery Precheck wizard, which displays whether the Precheck was performed successfully. Click **Close** to proceed to the **Precheck Details** page.

Discovery Precheck performs the following checks, the detailed results of which are displayed on the Precheck Details page.

- Gateway Check
- Discovery Check
- Server Manager Check
- Server Check
- Enterprise Check
- Host Check

After reviewing the details on the Precheck Results page, click **Proceed to Discovery.** You can proceed with the discovery only if the Precheck is successful.

If the Precheck fails, check all the credentials provided, and if the Enterprise already exists in the Enterprise Manager Repository.

The progress page notifies you when the Siebel Enterprise and its associated targets are created.



Note:

The discovery will fail if there is a mismatch in the host name of the Siebel server and the host name discovered in Enterprise Manager (EM).

There is a possibility of a mismatch in complex Siebel network configurations such as virtual host or cluster Siebel servers/gateways, where the Siebel host mentioned in Siebel configuration does not match with the host monitored in EM. In such cases, the siebelserverconfig.xml file provides mapping between these hosts.

The siebelserverconfig.xml file should be used to add mapping host entries for discovery. The file can be found in <agent_inst>/ sieblserverconfig directory. The siebelserverconfig directory is not available in a fresh plug-in deployment. It will be created after the first siebel target discovery. Thereby, Siebel servers with mismatched hosts will not be discovered in the first discovery attempt.

Figure 3-1 Add Siebel Enterprise Page

el										Page Refr	s
iebel	Enterprise									Discovery Precheck	
n (Typic	Enterprise, specify the paramete ally vpd.properties is found at win targets. This data is stored as M	dir/vpd.properties on \	Vindows and at /var/adm/siebel	l/vpd.properties on other pla	platforms), Gatew	way Server instal	all directory needs t	to be specified. Agen	ts use the Siebel Ente	rprise credentials (user nar	
	* Gateway Server Host		Q								
	* Gateway Server Port	2320									
(ateway Server Install Directory										
	Siebel Enterprise Name										
	* Siebel Enterprise User Name										
	* Siebel Enterprise Password										
	* Database User Name										
	* Database Password										
r compo	nents only in start Mode "auto"										
ded Inf	rastructure Targets										
the Extend	ed Infrastructure targets which ar	re part of this Siebel E	nterprise. Enterprise Manager c	checks the status of Siebel a	el and Extended Ir	Infrastructure tar	rgets when perform	ning Root Cause An	alysis.		
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ame	Туре	Status									
xtended Infi	astructure targets are currently ad	dded.									

Discovery Process of the Siebel Enterprise in Enterprise Manager

This section explains how the Siebel Enterprise is discovered by Enterprise Manager. The steps below show the process followed for the discovery.

- **1.** The user enters information on the Discovery screen.
- 2. OMS connects to the agent running on the gateway host which internally calls the perl file (siebelDiscovery.pl) located in empa discovery plug-in.
- 3. The siebelDiscovery.pl file executes a Java command to populate the list of targets.



- 4. The Java code parses the Siebel files and generates the target list.
- 5. The list of targets are sent to the OMS.
- 6. The OMS parses the list of targets and performs a set of validations.
- 7. The targets are created in the OMS repository.
- 8. These targets are sent to the Management Agent for monitoring.

Note:

The discovery will fail if there is a mismatch in the host name of the Siebel server and the host name discovered in Enterprise Manager (EM).

There is a possibility of a mismatch in complex Siebel network configurations such as virtual host or cluster Siebel servers/gateways, where the Siebel host mentioned in Siebel configuration does not match with the host monitored in EM. In such cases, the siebelserverconfig.xml file provides mapping between these hosts.

The siebelserverconfig.xml file should be used to add mapping host entries for discovery. The file can be found in <agent_inst>/ sieblserverconfig directory. The siebelserverconfig directory is not available in a fresh plug-in deployment. It will be created after the first siebel target discovery. Thereby, Siebel servers with mismatched hosts will not be discovered in the first discovery attempt.

Updating the Siebel Enterprise

After you add or remove Siebel servers or server components from your Siebel Enterprise, you must update the Enterprise, and check the relations between the Siebel Enterprise and Enterprise Manager targets.

Perform the following steps to update the Enterprise:

- 1. From the Targets menu of the Enterprise Manager Console, select Siebel.
- 2. Click on the Siebel enterprise you want to update.
- 3. On the Siebel Enterprise Home page, in the General section, click **Update** Enterprise.

Clicking Update Enterprise gives you the following options:

- **Update Enterprise,** which updates all components in an enterprise, whether components are in manual start mode, or start 'auto' mode.
- Update Enterprise with Components in Start Mode 'Auto', which updates only those components in an enterprise which are in start 'auto' mode.

The Siebel Enterprise Home page appears, as shown in Figure 3-2.

4. Review the report that is displayed, and click **Close.**

Clicking Close opens the **Configuration Change Report** page, with the details on the report of the relations between Siebel Enterprise and Enterprise Manager targets.



5. After reviewing the report, click **Update** to update the Enterprise. If the report displays errors, click Cancel.

el Enterprise 🔻										Page Refreshed Jul 9, 3	015 10:39:39 AM G
Charts Extended Infrastructure Targets S	erver C	omponents Diagnostics Eve	ent Log								
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Application Services 0 📌 Add Service	s		Summary			Target	Severity	Status	Escalation Level	Туре	Time Since Last Update
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le Home of the Associated				achable is cleared. The current sta	itus of the target is	۲	8	New	-	Incident	0 days 1 hours
sociated Siebel Repository Not Found	-	=	The current	status of the target is Down		۲	•	New	-	Incident	0 days 1 hours
		_	The Siebel	enterprise defined in Enterprise Ma	anager is out of sy	۲	▲	New	-	Incident	2 days 3 hours
Last Updated NA 🌽 Update	Enterpri	se 🔻	Task Utilizat	tion is 100%, crossed warning (80) or critical (90) thr	۲	8	New	-	Incident	2 days 3 hours
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Figure 3-2 Siebel Enterprise Home Page

Updating the Siebel Servers

To synchronize the topology for Siebel Servers, perform the following steps:

- 1. From the Targets menu, select Siebel.
- 2. Click the Siebel server target, and on the Siebel Server home page, in the General section, click Update Server.

Clicking Update Server gives you the following options:

- Update Server, which updates all components in a server, whether components are in manual start mode, or start 'auto' mode.
- Update Server with Components in Start Mode "Auto" which updates only • those components in a server which are in start 'auto' mode.

The Siebel Server Home page appears, as shown in Figure 3-3.

3. Review the report that is displayed, and click Close.



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Enterprise siebel_sic Upda	e Server Shutdown Server te Server te Server with components in start mo	Incidents Category All		●2				Escalation			lime Since
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Install Location /export/home/sblqa1/		The current status of the targ	get is Dow	m	۲	•	New	-	Inciden	t () days 1 hours
Associated Oracle Home BIT_SES_22314_1_	dologiess waterache.com	Task Utilization is 100%, cro	ssed wan	ning (80) or critical (90) thresh	۲	8	New	-	Inciden	t s	2 days 3 hours
		Task Utilization is 100%, cro	ssed wan	ning (80) or critical (90) thresh	۲	8	New		Inciden	t a	2 days 3 hours
ile System Usage Details		Columns Hidden 14								Updated in	the last 31 day
Directory	Usage (%)										
/export/home/sblqa1/23044/fs	50.0%										
/export/home/sblga1/23044/ses/siebsrvr/enterpr	ise 50.0%										
ierver Components iew - II Pause ID Resume ID Star Component Name	t 🔲 Stop		Status	Component Group				Running Tasks	Running MTS	Max MTS	Tim
BusIntBatchMgr_EALels0Geex_sinhelysla0Gee	ave conclusions4331		+	EA_sk0kmgdisbslgsk06ced	issidventrunge	4331		0	1	1	20 days, 5 h
BusintMar EAL electronic statistic statistic	eule 10 h:4331		+	EA_stablicesgalabelgctatGoes	secondector	n#331		0	1	1	20 days, 5 h.

Figure 3-3 Siebel Server Home Page

Siebel Compliance Standards

To associate Siebel Compliance Standards, follow these steps:

- 1. From the Siebel Enterprise Home page, select **Siebel Enterprise**, then select **Compliance**, and select **Standard Associations**.
- 2. On the Standard Associations page, click Edit Association Settings.
- 3. On the Target Compliance Standard Association page, click Add.
- 4. On the Compliance Standards window, select the compliance standard to be associated, and click **OK**.

To check the rules associated, follow these steps:

- 1. From the Siebel Enterprise Home page, select **Siebel Enterprise**, then select **Compliance**, and select **Results**.
- 2. On the Compliance Results page, check the rules associated under the compliance standards.

Adding Non-Siebel Targets to an Existing Siebel Enterprise Target

To add Siebel targets to a Siebel Enterprise target, you can use the **Update Now** functionality available on the Siebel Enterprise home page.

To add a non-Siebel target to a Siebel Enterprise target:

- 1. Go to Oracle Software Downloads: https://www.oracle.com/downloads/.
- 2. Download the appropriate third party plug-in, and create the respective target in Enterprise Manager.
- 3. From the Targets menu of the Cloud Control console, select Siebel.
- 4. In the Enterprises tab, click the name of the Siebel Enterprise target to which you want to add the non-Siebel target.



- 5. Select the Extended Infrastructure Targets tab, then click Add.
- 6. Search for and select the required non-Siebel target, then click Select.

Defining Manually Added Non-Siebel Targets as Critical Targets for a Service

After manually adding non-Siebel targets to an enterprise, if you want to make these targets available to the Root Cause Analysis functionality available in Enterprise Manager, you need to tag these targets as Key Components.

Perform the following steps to make your non-Siebel target a critical target for any Siebel application service:

- 1. From the Targets menu of the Cloud Control console, select Siebel.
- 2. Select Services.
- 3. Click the name of the Siebel application service that the required non-Siebel target is added to.

The Siebel Application Service home page appears.

- 4. From the Siebel Application Service menu, select Administration, then select System Configuration.
- 5. In the Key Component column, select the required non-Siebel target. Click OK.

Removing Servers or Components From an Existing Enterprise

After creating a Siebel Enterprise target, you can manually remove individual servers or components from the enterprise. However, this deletes the respective target information from the Enterprise Manager repository.

After this entry is deleted, Enterprise Manager does not monitor this target anymore. If you perform a manual resynchronization for this enterprise, Enterprise Manager includes the component in the new system topology.

The two possible paths for manually removing components from an existing enterprise are:

- From the All Targets page, move your mouse over the server or component you want to delete, right-click, select **Target Setup** from the menu, then **Remove Target.**
- From the Siebel home page, select the **Enterprise** tab, and then select the enterprise you want to remove. Select the radio button next to the enterprise name, then click the **Remove** button.

This option removes the Siebel server, targets, and all the enterprise components.

Patching Siebel Targets

This section describes how to patch Siebel targets in Cloud Control using patch plans. It consists of the following sections:



- Prerequisites for Patching Siebel Targets
- Procedure for Patching Siebel Targets

Note:

Only Siebel Server and Siebel Gateway Server targets are supported for patching in Cloud Control.

Prerequisites for Patching Siebel Targets

Ensure that you meet the following prerequisites:

- The Siebel Server and the Siebel Gateway Server targets that you want to patch are discovered in Cloud Control.
- You must have the 13.2.1.0 Enterprise Manager for Oracle Siebel plug-in deployed in your system.

For information on how to deploy a new plug-in or upgrade an existing plug-in, see Managing Plug-Ins in *Oracle Enterprise Manager Cloud Control Administrator's Guide*.

Procedure for Patching Siebel Targets

Follow these steps to patch your Siebel Server and Siebel Gateway Server targets:

- 1. Create a patch plan and add the patches that you want to apply on your Siebel Server and Siebel Gateway Server targets.
- 2. Analyze and deploy the patch plan that you created.

For information, see Patching Oracle Siebel Targets in Oracle Enterprise Manager Lifecycle Management Administrator's Guide.

User Roles and Privileges

The recommended privileges for the Agent user on the Siebel hosts are:

- Read permissions for the following files:
 - all the Siebel files
 - vpd.properties
 - siebenv.sh (in non windows env)
 - siebns.dat
- Should be a part of the Siebel group
- Execute permissions for the following:
 - The server manager command. For example:

```
/bin/sh -c ". $siebel_location/siebenv.sh;
exec $siebel_location/bin/srvrmgr -g <gateway_name> -e
<enterprise_name> -s <server_name> -u <user_id> -p <password>"
```



- The odbcsql command from the server host. For example:

```
/bin/sh -c ". $siebel_location/siebenv.sh;
exec $siebel_location/bin/odbcsql /s <server_name> /u <user_id> /p
<password>"
```

To understand the roles and privileges for an OEM user, see Oracle Enterprise Manager Cloud Control Security Guide.

The out-of-the-box Enterprise Manager roles to manage plug-ins are:

- EM_PLUGIN_OMS_ADMIN: Enables you to manage the lifecycle of plug-ins on Management Server instances.
- EM_PLUGIN_AGENT_ADMIN: Enables you to manage the lifecycle of plug-ins on Management Agents.
- EM_PLUGIN_USER: Enables you to view the plug-in lifecycle console.



4 Creating Siebel Service Targets

This chapter provides procedures for the following topics:

- Creating Siebel Application Services
- Adding a Siebel Service for a Siebel Application
- Removing a Siebel Service from a Siebel Hierarchy

Creating Siebel Application Services

To create Siebel application services, perform the following steps:

- 1. From the Targets menu of the Enterprise Manager Console, select Siebel.
- 2. Click the Services tab, and then click Add.

The Create Siebel Application Services page appears, as shown in Figure 4-1.

- 3. In the Test Credentials section, specify the Siebel service test credentials.
- 4. Click Add on the Webserver Hosts tab, to add Webserver hosts.
- 5. Click Add on the **Beacons** tab, to add existing beacons.

You can define the beacons that will monitor this service hierarchy by clicking the check boxes located in the **Key Beacons** column. Additionally, you can create, add, or delete beacons by using the **Add, Create,** and **Delete** buttons.

6. Click Add.

The progress page notifies you when the Siebel application services are created.

Figure 4-1 Create Siebel Application Services Page

Siebel			Page Refreshed Jul 9, 20	15 10:49:0	5 AM UTC	¢
Create Siebel Application Services Use this page to discover all the deployed Siebel applications and	nd create corres	sponding Siebel app	ication services in Enterprise Manager	Add	Cancel]^
Test Credentials						
Test credentials will be used to create the service tests which in	turn will be mor	nitored by the beacor	is. These credentials can be changed at later point of time using Monitoring Configuration page in the respective test home page.			
Siebel Enterprise Name Siebel_sicoscou bs or ge common	11 -					
* Test User Name						
* Test Password						
Test Password						
Webserver Hosts						
Specify the hosts that run the webservers in which the Siebel We	eb Server Exten:	sion (SWSE) plugins	are installed.			
💠 Add 🛛 💥 Delete						=
Name	Status	Install Location				
No Webserver hosts are currently selected.						
Beacon This table lists the beacons already defined in Enterprise Mange Add % Delete	er. Remove the I	peacons you do not v	vant to use for monitoring this Slebel application services. The beacons marked as Key Beacons are the ones used to determine service availability.			
Name	Status	Key Beacon				
EM Management Beacon	+	1				
Service Dashboard						Ŧ



Adding a Siebel Service for a Siebel Application

Before proceeding, note the following advisory information:

- If the application you are recording uses ActiveX objects, pre-load the objects into your Internet Explorer browsers. To do this, log into the application, then log out of the application before starting your recording. You need to do this for each desktop where you want to record, as well as each beacon that is to monitor the transaction you are recording.
- For High Interactive (HI) applications, you must use Internet Explorer and perform the recording of the transactions in the Windows environment.

To add a Siebel service for a Siebel application, perform the following steps:

- 1. From the Targets menu of the Cloud Control console, select Siebel.
- 2. Select Services.
- 3. For **Siebel Service Type**, select the type of the Siebel service that you want to add, and for **Siebel Enterprise**, select the Siebel Enterprise to which you want to add the Siebel service.
- 4. Click Create.

The Configuration Wizard appears and leads you through the configuration steps.

To make the newly added service visible at the Siebel tab:

- 1. Select the Targets menu, and then select Siebel
- 2. From the Services tab, select Application Services.
- 3. Select the appropriate aggregate service and click **Configure**.
- 4. From the **Subservices** section of the page, click **Add**, and select the newly added service.

The newly added service is visible on the **Siebel** home page.

Removing a Siebel Service from a Siebel Hierarchy

To remove a Siebel service from an existing Siebel hierarchy:

- 1. From the Targets menu, select Siebel.
- 2. From the **Services** tab, Select the Siebel service you want to remove and click **Remove**.

The Siebel service is now removed.



5 About Siebel Transactions

This chapter provides procedures for the following topics:

- Typical Siebel Transactions
- Recording Transactions and Testing Availability and Performance
- Adding a Siebel HI Test with Transaction Groups to an Existing Service
- Using OATS to Record and Playback Siebel Transactions

Typical Siebel Transactions

A Siebel transaction is a series of user actions on a Siebel application. In Enterprise Manager, each user action is referred to as a **step.** Each step can contain multiple related steps.

A typical Siebel transaction might consist of the following steps:

- 1. Open a browser and enter the URL for the service you want to access.
- 2. Click the Sign In link. The Sign In page is displayed.
- 3. Enter a user name and password, and click OK.

At this point the application performs a series of actions that range from authenticating your credentials to verifying the privileges you have.

The application displays the functionality available for you.

4. Log out.

Note:

Enterprise Manager Cloud Control creates a test named "Login Test" after the service discovery is complete. By default, this default test is designed to use siebel as the operating system username and siebel as password. If you do not have an account with siebel and siebel as the credentials on the beacon host, create the account. Alternatively, edit the default test to set credentials that match with an existing account on the beacon host.

If the operating system credentials provided are incorrect, the test appears in a pending state.



Recording Transactions and Testing Availability and Performance

You can record the steps of a particular transaction and store them in the repository. You can then run them to test the availability and performance of your Siebel application.

For example, you can create a transaction using the preceding steps and call it Typical Login. You can then program the appropriate components to run the transaction automatically. The beacon, a component of the Agent, acts as a client robot and is used to run your recorded transactions at predefined time intervals from strategic locations across your Wide Area Network (WAN).

Beacons are not installed automatically on the Management Agents; they have to be created. For monitoring Siebel High Interactive Applications, the administrator needs to create a beacon on an Oracle Windows Agent.

The availability and performance data that beacons collect during service tests include whether a test is successful and the application is available, and the response time of application screens during a given service test.

Adding a Siebel HI Test with Transaction Groups to an Existing Service

Before proceeding, ensure that you have already added the Siebel service using the instructions in Adding a Siebel Service for a Siebel Application.

Besides recording the steps of a transaction, you can also group them to create a separate, logical entity. If you do not group the steps, Enterprise Manager groups them automatically under the "Generic" category.

To record transactions with groups, follow these steps:

- 1. In Enterprise Manager Cloud Control, click Targets, then click Siebel.
- 2. On the Siebel page, from the View list, select **Application Service.** Enterprise Manager lists all the Siebel services being monitored.
- Click the name of a Siebel Call Center Service, Siebel Sales Service, or a Siebel Marketing Service. Enterprise Manager displays the Home page of the selected service.
- 4. Click the Monitoring Configuration tab.
- 5. On the Monitoring Configuration page, click Service Tests and Beacons.

The Service Tests and Beacons page is displayed, as shown in Figure 5-1.



Figure 5-1 Service Tests and Beacons Page

Siebel	Sales Service 🔻					
	s Service: Siebel Sales Enterprise_siebel Tests and Beacons	oracle.com > Service Tests and Beacon	s			
	service tests and beacons to monitor the availab	aility and performance of your service.				
ervice	Tests					
	ed service tests are run by the beacons shown be					
Verify S	Service Test Enable Disable Remove View Edit	Test Type ATS Transaction 🔽 Add				
Select	Service Test	Test Type	Enabled	Status	Changes Pendi	Key Service Test
۲	Login Test	Siebel Transaction	Yes	×	No	
eacons						
pecify th	e beacons that will execute the service tests.					
Remo	e Edit Add					
Select	Name	Version	Op	erating System	Status	Key Beacon
۲	EM Management Beacon	13.1.0.0.0	Lin	ux	1	
0	mySiebelBeacon	13.1.0.0.0	Lin	ux	1	¥
	mytestBeacon	13.1.0.0.0	Lin		1	

- 6. In the Service Tests section on the Service Tests and Beacons page, from the **Test Type** list, select **ATS Transaction** and click **Add**.
- 7. On the Create Service Test page, enter a name and description for the service test, and specify the collection frequency of the test run (in minutes).

Figure 5-2 Create Service Test Page

Siebel Universal Agent_siebel_		
Siebel Call Center Service •		
Sebel Call Center Service: Siebel Universal Agen > Si Create Service Test	Service Tests and Beacons > Create Service Test	
Define a service test to monitor the availability of this service. Based on the test type ye	you select, a set of relevant metrics are collected.	
Test Type ATS Transaction	Description demo_atstest	
"Name demo_atstest		
* Collection Frequency (minutes) 5		
ATS Zip Archive		
From Local Machine Select Download		
Script Bundle atts1_with_databanks.zp File size (tyrtes) 93069 File upded time 2015-11:13 01:34:16.544 Collection Granularity Transaction		
Input options for databank variables Use recorded values Use values from EM Test property Loop through all databank records		
∀ Script Info		
Step Info [1] Orade Secure Enterprise Search [2] Orade Secure Enterprise Search [3] No Title [4] No Title		
Modules oracle.oats.scripting.modules.utilities;version=2.4.0 oracle.oats.scripting.modules.http:version=2.4.0 oracle.oats.scripting.modules.basic;version=2.4.0		
Version 9.1.0		
> Advanced Properties		
Collected Metrics		
Response metrics vary by test type. The following reprove metrics are calculated for the Status for (m) from Total Time (m) Total Time (m) Forms Statum (m) (m) Forms Status (m) (m) (m) Forms Status (m) (m) (m) Forms (m) (m) (m) (m) Forms (m) (m) (m) (m) (m) Forms (m) (m) (m) (m) (m) (m) Forms (m)	fina kadi ngeo.	

- 8. In the ATS Zip Archive section select **From Local Machine** in the drop-down box and click **Select.**
- 9. Navigate to the ATS test file in your system and add the file for the service test.
- 10. In the Variables section, select the variable option for the service test.
- **11.** Enter details in the Script Info section as necessary and click **Verify Service Test.** The test results are displayed in the Results table.
- 12. Click Continue.
- **13.** In the Service Tests and Beacon page, from the Service Test section, select the new service test and click **Enable** to enable the service test.

The status of the service test is displayed in the table.



Using OATS to Record and Playback Siebel Transactions

For details on how to create ATS load testing scripts, see Oracle Functional Testing OpenScript User's Guide.

For other important reference links, see the following:

- To record an ATS test using Open Script, see the video at https:// apexapps.oracle.com/pls/apex/f? p=44785:24:0:::24:P24_CONTENT_ID,P24_PROD_SECTION_GRP_ID,P24_PREV_PAGE :8391,,1.
- To upload the ATS test .zip file in EM to create a Service test for a siebel service, see the video at - https://apexapps.oracle.com/pls/apex/f? p=44785:24:0:::24:P24_CONTENT_ID,P24_PROD_SECTION_GRP_ID,P24_PREV_PAGE :8392,,1.
- To create the Service Level Agreement based on usage metrics, see the video at https://apexapps.oracle.com/pls/apex/f? p=44785:24:0:::24:P24_CONTENT_ID,P24_PROD_SECTION_GRP_ID,P24_PREV_PAGE :8393,,1.



6 Siebel Performance Diagnostics

This chapter provides procedures for the following topics:

- Features of Siebel Diagnostics
- Types of Diagnostic Reports
- Prerequisites for Diagnostic Reports
- Creating Diagnostic Reports
- Viewing Server Performance Reports
- Viewing User Performance Reports

Features of Siebel Diagnostics

Siebel Performance Diagnostics provide the following features:

- Server Performance Analysis Enables you to diagnose and identify Siebel Server performance issues, one server at a time, by providing access to response time, CPU usage, and memory data for selected server components. You can create and generate reports for analysis.
- User Performance Analysis Enables you to diagnose and identify user session performance issues for requests that a specific user initiates.

You can create and generate reports for server and user performance for analysis.

Types of Diagnostic Reports

You can create a Server Performance report or User Performance report to analyze the performance of the server and components, and of individual users.

A Server Performance report enables you to analyze the performance of one or all Siebel components of a server, and provides information of requests in terms of response time, CPU time, and memory consumption for each request. A User Performance report enables you to analyze the performance for sessions of a specific user, provides details on the response time, and permits drill-downs into individual user requests.

A scenario for each report is provided below, which helps you understand when you want to create and analyze reports.

Server Performance Report Scenario

Consider a situation where the general performance of the entire application is slow. To remedy this, the administrator must first enable SARM for all the components running on a given server. Next, the administrator logs in to Enterprise Manager and uses the Diagnostics Reports page to analyze the collected SARM data on this server and/or components to identify the performance bottleneck.



User Performance Report Scenario

Consider a situation where users report performance issues with their application sessions. To remedy this situation, the administrator must first enable SARM for the component. Next, the administrator logs in to Enterprise Manager and uses the Diagnostics Reports page to analyze the collected SARM data for a particular user to identify the performance bottleneck.

Prerequisites for Diagnostic Reports

To monitor Siebel performance, you need to manually enable Siebel Application Response Measurement (SARM). For information on enabling SARM manually, see the prerequisites section in Performing Installation and Upgrades.

You then have to configure the SARM logging parameters and enable SARM for individual Siebel components from the Diagnostic Configuration page in Enterprise Manager. See the Table 6-1 for descriptions of the parameters for SARM configuration and diagnostic report generation.

Note:

Ensure that the preferred credentials for the host target, and the Server Manager credentials for all the Siebel Servers that are a part of the Enterprise are set.

To set the preferred host credentials, follow these steps:

- 1. From the Setup menu, select Security, then select Preferred Credentials.
- 2. On the Preferred Credentials page, select **Host** for **Target Type**, then click **Manage Preferred Credentials**.
- On the Host Preferred Credentials page, in the Default Preferred Credentials section, select the credential set from the table, then click Set. Select the required named credential, or create a new named credential. Click Save.

To set the Server Manager credentials, follow these steps:

- 1. From the Setup menu, select Security, then select Preferred Credentials.
- 2. On the Preferred Credentials page, select **Siebel Server** for **Target Type**, then click **Manage Preferred Credentials**.

Note: Starting with 13c Release 1, preferred credentials can be set at Siebel Enterprise level to have the same credentials for all the Siebel Servers under it. To set the preferred credentials at the Siebel Enterprise level, select **Siebel Enterprise** for **Target Type.**

3. On the Siebel Server Preferred Credentials page, in the Default Preferred Credentials section, select the credential set from the table, then click Set. Select the required named credential, or create a new named credential. Click Save.



Parameter	Description
SARM Status	Indicates if the Siebel component should be enabled or disabled.
Level	Displays the level of logging information required for SARM configuration. The values are:
	 OFF - 0: select this level if you do not want a log.
	 Monitoring - 1: select this level for general performance monitoring. At this level, SARM collects information such as process and component boundaries, third-party software calls, database measurements, workflow execution, and script performance.
	 Diagnostics - 2: select this level for problem diagnostics. This level captures the information at level 1 as well as detailed information such as steps of workflow execution, construction of large objects, reading of large files, and crossing significant architectural areas.
logdir	When creating the Siebel Diagnostics Performance Report in Enterprise Manager, the *.sarm files are located in the logdir location. If the Siebel logdir parameter is null, the log location defaults to:
	<siebel_root>/siebsrvr/log</siebel_root>
	If this is not the valid location, and for example, the following location is desired
	<siebel_root>/siebsrvr/enterprises/<enterprise_name>/ <siebel_server_name>/log</siebel_server_name></enterprise_name></siebel_root>
	either define the logdir parameter at the Siebel side or update the Monitoring Configuration at the Siebel Server Home Page > Related Links - Monitoring Configuration filesystem:logdir parameter.
File Max Number	Indicates the maximum number of SARM files to be maintained for each Siebel component. When all files are full (that is, all files reach the size specified as File Size), the file that was created first is removed and is replaced by a new file. The range must be between 1 and 256. The default value is 4.
Buffer Size (KB)	Indicates the memory available to cache SARM data by the Siebel processes (that is, the internal buffer to be used by the SARM logger). The default buffer size is 5,000,000 bytes.
	Note: Increasing the buffer size increases memory consumption, but may decrease I/O activity, as buffer flushes are minimized.
File Size (KB)	Indicates the maximum size of an individual SARM file. Upon reaching the specified file size, SARM creates a new file and starts storing data in the new file. The default size is 5,000,000 bytes (5 MB), and there is no upper limit to the file size.
Interval (min)	Specifies the maximum amount of time, in minutes, between writing the SARM buffer to the disk. For environments with minimal activity, this parameter determines the frequency to write files to the disk. The value should be between 1 and 30 (minutes). The default value is 3.

Table 6-1 SARM Parameters

Note:

The configuration of the SARM parameters depends on the diagnostic requirements. The more disk space made available for SARM logging (determined by **File Max Count** and **File Size**), the further back in time you can generate data for your reports.



After setting the SARM parameters, you can enable the diagnostic configuration for Siebel components by selecting the **Component Selection** option in the Enable/ Disable SARM Diagnostics section of the Diagnostic Configuration page.

Creating Diagnostic Reports

Diagnostic reports help you analyze how user requests have been processed, and also analyze how servers have performed requests. You can create Server Performance and User Performance reports. A Server Performance report enables you to analyze the performance of a server and provides information of requests in terms of response time and CPU usage time for each request. While creating such a report, you can select the Siebel Server for which you want the performance report. A User Performance report enables you to analyze the performance of a user and provides details on the response time for various requests by the user. To create a User Performance report or Server Performance Report:

- 1. From the Targets menu, select Siebel.
- 2. From the Siebel Enterprise Home page, click the Diagnostics tab.

Figure 6-1 displays the Diagnostics Reports Page.

Figure 6-1 Diagnostics Reports Page

the shirth and a constant of the shirth	\$				auto Refresh Off
Slebel Enterprise 🔻					Page Refreshed Aug 20, 2015 11:56:08 AM GMT
me Charts Extended Infrastructure Target	s Server Components Diagnostics Event Log	3			
ebel diagnostic reports provide a way to monito	r and diagnose performance issues in a Siebel depic	oyment through the use of SARM ins'	trumentation. This page allows to create, delete, a	and view Server and User perform:	ance reports for this Slebel enterprise.
Search Criteria					
Report Type All	Start Date				
Report Name	End Date				
Search					
iew 👻 📑 Create Report 💥 Delete Re	sport				
		Status	Report Creation Time	Report Owner	Report Parameters
Name	Туре				
Name USER_PERF_15-08-20_02:52	Type User Performance	Available	Aug 20, 2015 2:52:44 AM PDT	BSWARANA	Start Date = Aug 10, 2015 02:52:23 End Date = Aug 20, 2015 02:52:23 Version = 8.22 User Name = SADMN

3. Click Create Report.

Clicking on Create Report opens the Create Report Wizard. Figure 6-2 displays the Create Report wizard, which enables you to create a Server Performance or User Performance report.

 Select the report type, Server Performance Report or User Performance Report, specify values for the fields, and click OK.

There is also the option of scheduling reports for a later time or later date.





Create Repor	rt	×
one or more Sieb	er Performance or User Performance diagnostic reports involves log file processing o bel server machines. A smaller time window and a smaller sub set of components (if educe the performance overhead of generating this report.	
* Report Ty	rpe Server Performance 💌 * Start Date 7/12/2015 8:03:56 AM ট	
* Report Nar	me SRVR_PERF_15-07-1 * End Date 7/13/2015 8:03:56 AM to	
Job Schedule	e	
Start 🍥 In	mmediately 💿 Later 🔯 (UTC+00:00) UTC	
Repeat Do n	not repeat 🔹	
Grace 🔲 D Period _{within}	hours of the scheduled start of the scheduled start	t
Duration (©) Indef	finitely For For Until	
Siebel Serve	rs	
* Siebel Server	sto05eeeautikbrut_enk08cbbatasionablistadim:4331 💌	
Siebel Components	All	•
	OK Cano	el:

Viewing Server Performance Reports

Server Performance reports enable you to analyze different servers and server components, one server at a time. The following sections describe how to use Server Performance reports to monitor, analyze, and diagnose server and server component data.

Server Performance Report <Report Name> Page

To view this page (shown in Figure 6-3), from the Diagnostics Reports page, click the name of the Server Performance report you want to view.



siebel_std00mm.us.d	oracle.com 🛛									🖥 attetitekongongatura
Slebel Enterprise •										
sebel_shiftrmt.us.orade.com > S Server Performance Report	Sebel Enterprise: siebel_shift rt: SRVR_PERF_15-0	8-20_02:36								Compare
Report Parameters										
Name		Value								
Siebel Server		server3_siebel_fkif&waitus.or	ade.com							
Start Date		Aug 10, 2015 02:36:22								
End Date		Aug 20, 2015 02:36:22								
Response Time Distribution (Response Time Distribution (ms) by R						ribution (ms) by Requests tion (ms) by Requests				
3.0 ~ 5.0 8 2.0 - 3.0 20 1.0 - 2.0 19 0.5 - 1.0 <= 0.25 0 500 Numl <= 0.25		200 2.000 2.500	30~50		<= 0.05	1,000 2,000 3 Number of Server R <=0.05	3,939	5,000		
Total Response Time Distribu	ution by Area				Total CRII Tim	e Distribution by Area				
Total Response Time Distribution by A					Total CPU Time Di					
39		■ m=0.4(1.23),649) ■ coc(1.6.1×0) ■ cos(4)				33X 33N 33X)		1N=5A(0) 1CBC(0) SR2(0)	
Area / Sub Area Details										
Expand All Collapse All										
				aponse Time (ms)			Ulsage (ms)			
Area / Sub Area		Number of times invoked	Average	Total	Max	Average	Total	Max		Average Memory Usage (Bytes)
V Area										
V HIGS		11780	104	1231649		0	0			0

Figure 6-3 Server Performance Report - Example 1

This page contains the following information:

- Report Parameters Displays report parameters for the server and the value for each.
- SARM Response Time Displays the response time to process requests measured through the Siebel Application Response Measurement (SARM) facility. SARM is a mechanism for capturing performance data of Siebel Applications at key locations within the Siebel Server infrastructure. See the System Monitoring and Diagnostic Guide included in the Siebel documentation for details.

This chart helps you understand the response time to process requests by the Siebel server. The information is displayed in a histogram. Basically, the chart displays buckets in a time range and displays the requests processed for each bucket. You can click the bucket to drill down and view more details from the Server Performance <Report Name> <Bucket> page.

Note:

When you click one of the two most expensive buckets (that is, the buckets with the most expensive requests in terms of Response Time or CPU Time consumption), the page is displayed instantly as the data is pre-fetched. When you click other buckets, the same page is displayed, but only after the job to retrieve SARM data from the log files is completed.

- CPU Time Displays the CPU time consumed by requests measured through the SARM network. This helps you understand the CPU time consumed to process requests by the Siebel server. The information is displayed in a histogram. The chart displays buckets in a time range and displays the requests processed for each bucket. You can click the bucket to drill down and view more details from the Server Performance - <Report Name> <Bucket> page.
- Area / Sub Area Distribution Displays performance details for areas or subareas of the Siebel server. SARM functions based on points or areas where



performance information is generated; for example, the start and end of each database operation. Area specifies the broad area or software layer where a request is processed. For example:

- DBC (Database Connector): This database layer tracks the percentage of time for requests in database processing.
- INFRA (Infrastructure Area): This infrastructure area handles all functions related to networking, memory management, and so on.
- SWE (Siebel Web Engine): This area is active when actual Web pages are built; for example, during assembly of HTML output.
- OBJMGR (Object Manager): This layer handles object relational mapping, and is where most of the actual application code is executed.
- **SARM**: This is the performance diagnostics area.

Also, each of these areas has certain sub-areas; for example, DBC_EXECUTE, DBC_FETCH, and others in the DBC area that permit tracking of performance data at a higher level of granularity.

Server Performance Report <Report Name> <Bucket> Page

To view this page (shown in Figure 6-4), from the Server Performance Report <Report Name> Page, click a bucket in the SARM Response Time or CPU Time page.

Figure 6-4 Server Performance Report - Example 2

iebel_slu00mm.us.oracl	le.com @			🗒 electratyrosee
Siebel Enterprise				
ebel_statuttitus.orade.com > SRVR_PE erver Performance Report: SR	ERF_15-08-20_02:36 > Siebel Enterprise: siebel_1:01			
teport Parameters				
Name		Value		
Siebel Server		server3_siebel_ix001111us.orade.com		
Start Date		Aug 10, 2015 02:36:22		
End Date		Aug 20, 2015 02:36:22		
Response Time Interval		2.0 To 3.0 (ms)		
tequest Summary				
SADM ID	Start Tima	Total Damonea Time (mr)	Total CPU (mr)	
	Start Time The Aven 19 19:40:00 PDT 2015	Total Response Time (ms)	Total CPU (ms)	Previous 1-10 of 20 v Nex Total Memory (Bytes)
3213.2019.293674	Tue Aug 18 18:40:00 PDT 2015	2.872	0.0	Total Memory (Bytes) D
3213.2019.293674 3216.2019.294022	Tue Aug 18 18:40:00 PDT 2015 Tue Aug 18 18:50:00 PDT 2015	2.872 2.68	0.0	Total Memory (Bytes)
3213.2019.293674 3216.2019.294022 3339.2019.306857	Tue Aug 18 18:40:00 PDT 2015	2.872	0.0	0
3213.2019.293674 3216.2019.294022 3339.2019.306857 3579.2019.331781	Tue Aug 18 18:40:00 PDT 2015 Tue Aug 18 18:50:00 PDT 2015 Wed Aug 19 01:00:01 PDT 2015	2.872 2.68 2.676	0.0 0.0 0.0	Total Menory (ByNes) 0 0 0
3213.2019.293674 3216.2019.294022 3339.2019.306857 3579.2019.331781 3296.2019.302333	Tue Aug 18 18:40:00 POT 2015 Tue Aug 18 18:50:00 POT 2015 Wed Aug 19 01:00:01 POT 2015 Wed Aug 19 11:00:02 POT 2015	2.872 2.68 2.676 2.099	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	Total Memory (Bytes) 0 0 0 0
3213.2019.293674 3216.2019.294022 3339.2019.306857 3579.2019.331781 2926.2019.30233 3303.2019.302991	Tue Aug 18 18:40:00 POT 2015 Tue Aug 18 18:50:00 POT 2015 Wed Aug 19 01:00:01 POT 2015 Wed Aug 19 11:00:02 POT 2015 Tue Aug 18 22:50:01 POT 2015	2.872 2.68 2.676 2.099 2.66	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	Total Memory (Dytes) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
2213.2019.293674 2216.2019.294022 3339.2019.306857 1579.2019.31781 3296.2019.302333 3330.3019.302391 3399.2019.308904	Tue Aug 18 18-60:00 POT 2015 Tue Aug 18 18:60:00 POT 2015 Week Aug 19 61:00:00 FOT 2015 Week Aug 19 10:00:01 POT 2015 Tue Aug 18 22:50:01 POT 2015 Tue Aug 18 22:50:01 POT 2015	2.872 2.68 2.0% 2.09 2.09 2.66 2.67	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	Tote Memory (Brytes)
2213.2019.293674 2216.2019.294922 3339.2019.306857 3559.2019.30287 2296.2019.30233 3333.2019.302991 3333.2019.3049111	The Aug 18 14-96:00 POT 2015 The Aug 18 14-96:00 POT 2015 Weel Aug 18 10 10:00 2017 2015 Weel Aug 18 20:000 2177 2015 The Aug 18 22:000 1177 2015 The Aug 18 22:000 1177 2015 Week Aug 19 20:2000 1177 2015	2872 2.6 2.676 2.676 2.69 2.69 2.67 2.67	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	Total Memory (b)tec) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
SAM ID 211. 2019. 200674 2126. 2019. 2019674 2126. 2019. 2949022 2019. 2019. 200957 2019. 2019. 2019 2019. 2019. 2019. 2019. 2019. 2019. 2019.	Tue Aug 18 18:40:00 POT 2015 Tue Aug 18 18:00(0) POT 2015 Wiel Aug 19 18:00(0) POT 2015 Wiel Aug 19 20:00(0) POT 2015 Tue Aug 19 20:20(0) POT 2015 Tue Aug 18 20:00(0) POT 2015 Wiel Aug 19 20:00(0) POT 2015 Tue Aug 18 20:00(0) POT 2015	2,872 2,88 2,676 2,069 2,66 2,677 2,497 2,497 2,699	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	Tote Memory (Bytes) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

This page contains the following information:

- **Report Parameters** Displays the report parameters for the server and the value for each.
- Request Summary Displays the summary of requests the Siebel server processes as measured by the Siebel Application Response Measurement (SARM) network. Click SARM ID in this page to drill down and view details of the percentage of resource consumed in each of the layers involved in processing a request. Enterprise Manager displays the Server Performance Report <Report Name> <Request ID > page.



Server Performance Report <Report Name> <Request ID> Page

To view this page (shown in Figure 6-5), click SARM ID in the Request Summary section of the Server Performance Report <Report Name> <Bucket> page. You can use this page to view details about SARM requests serviced by the server.



siebel_sinfitut.us.oracl	e.com 🛛					6:0010056:0000000	
Siebel Enterprise •							
sebel_sintimut.us.orade.com > SRVR_PE Server Performance Report: SRV	RF_15-08-20_02:36 > Response Bucket: 2.0 - 3.0 (sec) > Stebel Enterprise VR_PERF_15-08-20_02:36	esiebel_draffiniikus.orade.com					
Report Parameters							
Name	Value						
Siebel Server	server3_siebel_uk@Ritatt.us.orade.com	server3_siebel_ukn8timt.us.orade.com					
Start Date	Aug 10, 2015 02:36:22	Aug 10, 2015 02:96:22					
End Date	Aug 20, 2015 02:36:22	Aug 20, 2015 02:36:22					
Response Time Interval	2.0 To 3.0 (ms)	2.0 To 3.0 (ms)					
SARM File	/pratich/work/stebel/siebsrv/(enterprises/siebel/server3/log/A_e5erviceOb/Mg_enu_T201508120027_P002019_H0022.sam						
SARM ID	3579.2019.331781						
Total Response Time Distribution b	ov Area (ms)	Total CPU Distribution by Area (ms)		Total Memory Distribution by Area (Bytes)			
Total Response Time Distribution by Area (ms	INFRA 2.059 0.0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5	INFRA Total CPU Distribution by Area (ms)	0 0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.2	Total Memory Distribution by Ar	INFRA 0 es (Bytes) 0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1	0 1.2	
Area / Sub Area Details							
Area / Sub Area Details Expand Al Collapse Al							
Expand Al Collapse All		Number of times invoked	Total Response Time (ms)	CPU Usage (ms)	Memory Usage (Bytes)	Instance Name	
Expand Al Collapse All V Area		Number of times invoked	Total Response Time (ms)	CPU Usage (ms)	Memory Usage (Bytes)	Instance Name	
Expand Al Collapse All		Number of times invoked	Total Response Time (ms)		Memory Usage (Bytes)	Instance Name	
Expand All Collapse All		Number of times invoked	Total Response Time (ms)	CPU Usage (ms)	Memory Usage (Bytes)		
Expand Al Collapse All V Area V INFRA							
Expand AI Collapse All V Area V INFRA INFRA_ENTRY		1	2.059	0.0	0		
Expand Al Collepse All V Area V INFRA INFRA INFRA INFRA INFRA CACHESTATS		1	2.059	0.0	0		
Expand Al Collapse All V Area V INFRA INFRA_ENTRY INFRA_CACHESTATS V DBC		1 4	2.059 0.0	0.0	0		
Expand Al Collepse Al V Area V DIRRA DIRRA_ENTRY DIRRA_CACHESTATS V OBC OBC_FREPARE		1 4 8	2.059 0.0 0.0	0.0	0	Instance Name SADMD	

The details displayed in this page are:

- Report Parameters Displays the report parameters for the server and the value for each.
- Total Response Time Distribution by Area Displays the response time by area measured by the SARM framework. This helps you understand the response time taken by each area of the Siebel server to process requests.
- **Total Memory Distribution by Area** Displays the memory distribution by area measured by the SARM framework. This helps you understand the memory distribution among various areas of the Siebel server while processing requests.
- Total CPU Distribution by Area Displays the CPU distribution by area measured by the SARM framework. You can analyze the CPU time taken by each area of the Siebel server.
- Area / Sub Area Distribution Section Displays performance details for areas or sub-areas of the Siebel server. SARM functions based on points or areas where performance information is generated; for example, the start and end of each database operation. Area specifies the broad area or software layer where a request is processed.

Viewing User Performance Reports

User Performance reports enable you to analyze the performance for sessions of a specific user, providing details on the response time and allowing drill-downs into individual user requests. The following sections describe how to use the User Performance reports to monitor, analyze, and diagnose user data.



User Performance Report <Report Name> Page

To view this page (shown in Figure 6-6), from the Diagnostics Reports page, click the name of the User Performance report you want to view.

Figure 6-6 User Performance Report - Example 1

siebel_sid00mmtus.oracle.com @	🗓 entretationerenation
(iii) Siebel Enterprise 🔻	
sebel_sizesmitus.orade.com > SebelEnterprise:sebel_shiftimutus.orade.com User Performance Report: USER_PERF_15-08-20_02:52	
Report Parameters	
Name	lue
User Name	DMN
Start Date	ig 10, 2015 02:52:23
End Date	y 20, 2015 02:52:23
Response Time for SADMIN (ms)	Server Response Time for SADMIN (ms)
Server Requests	Number of Server Requests
Server Requests	
1,600	5.0~10.0 1
1,400	3.0 ~ 5.0 28
1,200	2.0 ~ 3.0 39
1,000	1.0 ~ 2.0 58
800	0.5 ~ 1.0 1,966
600	0.25 ~ 0.5 41
400	<= 0.25 6,364
1:50 6 12 AM 6 12 PM 6 12 AM Aug 18, 2015 19 20	0 2,000 4,000 5,000 8,000 Number 05 Server Requests
Server Requests	Califier of Server requests <=0.25 0.25 0.5 0.5 0.10 1.0 -2.0 2.0 -3.0 3.0 -5.0 5.0 -10.0
	~~~~~~ ~~~ ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~

This page contains the following information:

- Reports Parameters Displays report parameters for the user and the value for each.
- **Response Time for 'User'** Displays the response time to process the user's requests measured through the Siebel Application Response Measurement (SARM) network. This helps you understand the response time to process requests by the user. It provides a trend and overview of the response time for the selected user and the specified time; that is, the chart displays requests from oldest to the most recent from right to left.
- Histograms of Server Response Time for 'User' Displays the server response time to process the user's requests. This chart helps you understand the response time to process user requests by the Siebel server. The information is displayed in a histogram. Basically, the chart displays buckets in a time range and displays the requests processed for each bucket. You can click the bucket to drill down and view more details from the User Performance <Report Name> <Bucket> page.

### User Performance Report <Report Name> <Bucket> Page

To view this page (shown in Figure 6-7), from the User Performance Report <Report Name> Page, click a bucket in the Histograms of Server Response Time for 'User' chart in the User Performance Report <Report Name> page.



iebel_closen.us.oracle.	com 0			🔳 anterneterationale
Siebel Enterprise 🔻				
ebel_stdBoott.us.oracle.com > USER_PERF_ ser Performance Report: USER_F	15-08-20_02:52 > Siebel Enterprise: siebel_similitatituus.orade.com PERF_15-08-20_02:52			
Report Parameters				
Name		Value		
User Name		SADMIN		
tart Date		Aug 10, 2015 02:52:23		
ind Date		Aug 20, 2015 02:52:23		
tesponse Time Interval		3.0 To 5.0 (ms)		
tequest Summary				
				Previous 1-10 of 28 💌 Next
SARM ID	Start Time	Total Response Time (ms)	Total CPU (ms)	Total Memory (Bytes)
	Start Time Wed Aug 19 12:10:02 PDT 2015	Total Response Time (ms) 3.989	Total CPU (ms) 0.0	
2701.28737.1516367				Total Memory (Bytes)
2701.28737.1516367 2811.28737.1530950	Wed Aug 19 12:10:02 PDT 2015	3.989	0.0	Total Memory (Bytes) 0
2701.28737.1516367 2811.28737.1530950 2851.28737.1535627	Wed Aug 19 12:10:02 PDT 2015 Wed Aug 19 17:40:02 PDT 2015	3.989 3.452	0.0	Total Memory (Bytes) 0 0
SARM ID 1270 1, 28737. 1516367 1281 1, 28737. 1530950 1285 1, 28737. 1535627 1226, 2019. 29006 12945. 28737. 1547303	Wed Aug 19 12: 10:02 POT 2015 Wed Aug 19 17:40:02 POT 2015 Wed Aug 19 19:40:03 POT 2015	3.989 3.452 3.327	0.0 0.0 0.0	Total Hemory (Bytes) 0 0 0
2701.28737.1516367 2811.28737.1530950 2851.28737.1535627 226.2019.295066 2945.28737.1547303	Wed Aug 19 12: 80:02 PDT 2015 Wed Aug 19 17:46:02 PDT 2015 Wed Aug 19 15:46:03 PDT 2015 Tue Aug 18 15:40:03 PDT 2015	3.689 3.452 3.327 3.015	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	Total Henry (Bytes) 0 0 0 0 0
2701.28737.1516367 2811.28737.1530950 2851.28737.1535627 226.2019.295066 2494.28737.1547303 229.2019.295411	Wed Aug 19 12: 10:02 P07 2015           Wed Aug 10 17:+0:02 P07 2015           Wed Aug 19 10:+0:03 P07 2015           Tue Aug 18 10:50:03 P07 2015           The Aug 20 00:20:03 P07 2015	3,569 3,452 3,327 3,015 3,528	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	Total Henry (Bytes) 0 0 0 0 0
2701.28737.1516367 2811.28737.1530950 2851.28737.1535627 226.2019.295066	Wed Aug 15 12: 80:02 POT 2015 Wed Aug 15 12: 90:02 POT 2015 Wed Aug 15 29: 90:02 POT 2015 The Aug 15 29: 90:02 POT 2015 The Aug 20 90:00:03 POT 2015 The Aug 20 90:00:00:07 2015	3.689 3.452 3.327 3.015 3.515 3.561	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	Total Memory (Bytes) 0 0 0 0 0
2701,28737,1516367 2811,28737,1530950 2851,28737,1535627 226,2019,295066 2945,28737,1547303 229,2019,2595411 2901,28737,1542098	Wed Aug 19 12: 20:00/2017 2015 Wed Aug 19 13: 04:02/2017 2015 Wed Aug 19 19: 04:003/2017 2015 Thur Aug 19 19: 04:003 2017 2015 Thur Aug 20 00:00:0017 2015 Thur Aug 20 00:00:0017 2015 Wed Aug 19 22: 00:00:77 2015	3.009 3.402 3.327 3.535 3.536 3.061 3.797	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	Total Memory (Bytes) 0 0 0 0 0

### Figure 6-7 User Performance Report - Example 2

This page contains the following information:

- **Report Parameters** Displays the report parameters for the user and the value for each.
- Request Summary Displays the summary of user requests as measured by the Siebel Application Response Measurement (SARM) network. Click the SARM ID to drill down and view details of the percentage of resource consumed in each of the layers involved in processing a request. Enterprise Manager displays the User Performance Report <Report Name> <Request ID > page.

### User Performance Report <Report Name> <Request ID> Page

To view this page (shown in Figure 6-8), click **SARM ID** in the Request Summary section of the User Performance Report <Report Name> <Bucket> page. You can use this page to view details about SARM requests serviced by the user.

#### siebel_clo00mmt.us.oracle.com @ Siebel Enterprise • sebel_utrammaus.orade.com > USER_PERF_15-08-20_02:52 > Response Budset: 3.0 - 5.0 (sec) > Siebel Enterprise: siebel_m User Performance Report: USER_PERF_15-08-20_02:52 _ Name Viser Perfo Name User Name Start Date End Date Response Tim SARM File SARM ID Value SADMIN Aug 10, 2015 02:52:23 Aug 20, 2015 02:52:23 3.0 To 5.0 (ms) 12851.28737.1535623 Total Response Time Distribution by Area (ms rotal CPU Distribution by Area (n ory Distribution by Area (Byt DBC DBC DBC 0.002 INFRA 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 Area / Sub Area Details Expand All Collapse All ⊽ INFRA INFRA ENTRI 3.322 0.0 INFRA_CACHESTATS V DB 0.0 0.0 0.002 DBC_FETO DBC_PREPA DBC_EXEO 0.0

### Figure 6-8 User Performance Report - Example 3

The details displayed in this page are:



- **Report Parameters** Displays the report parameters for the server and the value for each.
- Total Response Time Distribution by Area Displays the response time by area measured by the SARM framework. This helps you understand the response time taken by each area of the Siebel server to process user requests.
- **Total Memory Distribution by Area** Displays the memory distribution by area measured by the SARM framework. The chart displays the memory distribution among various areas of the Siebel server while processing user requests.
- Total CPU Distribution by Area Displays the CPU distribution by area measured by the SARM framework. The chart displays the CPU time taken by each area of the Siebel server to process user requests.
- Area / Sub Area Distribution Section Displays performance details for areas or sub areas of the Siebel server. SARM functions based on points or areas where performance information is generated; for example, the start and end of each database operation. Area specifies the broad area or software layer where a request is processed.



# 7 Using Siebel Workflow

This chapter provides introductory information about the Siebel Workflow tool, and also explains how to discover and monitor Siebel Workflow targets. The following topics are covered in this chapter.

- About Siebel Workflow
- Discovering and Monitoring Siebel Workflow Targets in Cloud Control

### About Siebel Workflow

Siebel Workflow is an interactive software tool that enables an organization to automate handling of workflow processes. Workflow uses as its basic model the same processes that organizations use in their sales, marketing, and service departments that determine business workflow. You can use Siebel workflow to promote consistency and adherence to processes through the automatic enforcement of business policies and procedures.

Workflow is comprised of two key constructs:

- Workflow Policies, which trigger actions
- Workflow Processes, which define everything from guided user interface navigation to integration business flows

The engine is comprised of the following six server components. The first three handle Workflow Policies, and the last three handle Workflow Processes:

- Generate Triggers (GenTrig) Generates triggers on the database, which initiate actions when a condition specified through a Workflow Policy is met. GenTrig is run as a batch job after Workflow Policies are updated.
- Workflow Monitoring Agent (WorkMon) Executes Workflow policies.
   Workflow Monitor Agent monitors Workflow Policies and executes actions after the policy conditions are met.
- Workflow Action Agent Processes requests logged in the action request table (S_ESCL_ACTN_REQ) for a policy group and invokes all actions linked with the Workflow Policy being processed.
- Workflow Process Manager Acts as an interpreter to execute workflow processes.
- Workflow Process Batch Manager Version of Workflow Process Manager that initiates Workflow Processes in batch mode.
- Workflow Recovery Manager Polls the Workflow engine to check workflow instances running on the server. The Workflow Recovery Manager recovers crashed instances and resumes instances that have been waiting beyond a due date.



# Discovering and Monitoring Siebel Workflow Targets in Cloud Control

The Siebel Workflow target is automatically discovered when the Siebel Enterprise is discovered and added to Cloud Control for monitoring. Siebel Workflow is shown as a link in the General section of the Siebel Enterprise Home page in Cloud Control. You can click the link to monitor the health of the Siebel Workflow target and also view details about its processes and component groups.

### Note:

If you attempt to discover Siebel Enterprise in Cloud Control when the Siebel Workflow component group is disabled in the Siebel configuration, the discovery happens successfully, but the Siebel Enterprise Home page does not show the Siebel Workflow target link in the General section.

If you enable the Siebel Workflow component group later in the Siebel configuration and want to add it to Cloud Control for monitoring, on the Siebel Enterprise Home page of Cloud Control from the General section, click **Update Enterprise**. The page refreshes and shows the link for the Siebel Workflow target. You can click it to navigate to the Siebel Workflow Home page and monitor its processes and component groups.

After the Siebel Workflow target is discovered, you can monitor its availability status, view the processing rate of workflow process and policy instances, view alerts generated, and monitor its processes and components groups. You can also access the All Metrics page of this target to view a list of metrics collected for it.

Figure 7-1 shows the Siebel Workflow page.

### Figure 7-1 Siebel Workflow Page

Siebel WorkFlow					🗎 uktivas-asessaata
(i) Slebel Workflow ▼					
Siebel Workflow: WorkFlow_siebelsus.oracle.com					ug 20, 2015 5:42:35 PH IST Refresh
Nome Workflow Processes Workflow Component Groups				Page Kerreshed A	ug 20, 2015 5142.35 PH 151 Kerresn
General	Process Instances	Policy Instances			
Entrops sed influence and con     Entrops if all influence and con     Entrops if all influence     Entrops influence     Entrops influence     Entrops influence     Entrops     Ent	10 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.0 3.08 Aug 19, 200	4 5 6 15 <del>w</del> Waiting Policy Instances		
Incidents					
Severity Message			Created At	Last Updated At	Escalation Level
Terget is down; 2 members are down: Workflow_perver1_piebel_pic0 inqrus.oracle.com, Workflow_perver2_piebel_pic0 inqrus.oracle.com			Aug 20, 2015 3:52:40 PM	Aug 20, 2015 3:52:40 PM	
Home Workflow Processes Workflow Component Groups					



# 8 Using Event Logs

This chapter provides a procedure for viewing event logs to help you analyze the events triggered or tasks performed within a user session. Using Enterprise Manager, you can view event logs for the following possibilities:

- Selected server or for all servers
- · Selected component or for all components
- Particular period
- Particular user, OS ID, or task ID

### **Viewing Event Logs**

To view event logs, follow these steps:

- 1. From the Targets menu, select Siebel.
- 2. On the Siebel page, click the name of the Siebel Enterprise being monitored. Enterprise Manager displays the Siebel Enterprise Home page.
- 3. Click the Event Log tab to search and view event logs, as shown in Figure 8-1.

Username is a mandatory field. If your search query is going to result in a large number of rows, you can specify a smaller time window. To limit the results, you can also specify OS PID or Task ID, although these are not mandatory fields.

4. On the Event Log page, select the row with the log file name to view the Log Details section. To view the entire log, select View Log for Log Level in the Log Details section. To view only the errors in the log, select Error for Log Level. To view only the errors and warnings in the log, select Warning for Log Level.

If the log file is larger than 500 KB, only the last 500 KB of content is shown. For example, if the file is 700 KB, only the last 500 KB of content is shown, while the first 200 KB are not shown. To view the complete file, navigate to the directory where the file resides and access the contents from that location.



### Figure 8-1 Event Log Search Page

iebel Enterprise	•									10 I I	age Retrested Aug 20, 2	1015 12:13:02 PM	GMT
ne Charts	Extended Infrastructure Targets Server Comp	sonents Diagn	ostics Event Log										
	analyze the events triggered or tasks performe	d within a user se	ession. You can view e	vent logs for a selected server	or for all servers, for a	selected compor	ent or for all compor	tents, for a particular	r period, for a particular user, OS ID, or	task ID.			
A Search Cr						Tas							
Server s	erver1_slebel_01000000 us.oracle.com	* Start Date	Aug 10, 2015 17:13	0 Username	SADMIN	145	5						
Component A		* End Date	Aug 20, 2015 17:43	S OS PID									
Intere UTC													
- more ore	occarry												
6	io Reset												
iew 🔻													
Task ID						User ID	Thread ID	Process ID	Start Date	End Date	Component	Server	
6291857						SADMN	1467698064	412	Thu Aug 20 17:40:39 IST 2015	Thu Aug 20 17:40:41 IST 2015	FSMStvr	server1	
6291857												server1	
6291857 6291856						SADMIN	1467698064	412	Thu Aug 20 17:40:39 IST 2015	Thu Aug 20 17:40:41 IST 2015	FSMStvr		
6291857 6291856						SADMIN SADMIN	1467698064 1467169680	412 412	Thu Aug 20 17:40:39 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015	Thu Aug 20 17:40.41 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17:40.33 IST 2015	FSMSrvr FSMSrvr	server1	
6291857 6291856 6291855 13631567						SADMN SADMN SADMN	1467698054 1467169680 1468754832	412 412 412	Thu Aug 20 17:40:39 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015	Thu Aug 20 17:40.41 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17:40.33 IST 2015	FSMSrvr FSMSrvr FSMSrvr	server1 server1	
6291857 6291856 6291855 13631567 7340128						SADMN SADMN SADMN SADMN	14676980064 1467159680 1468754832 1791495056	412 412 412 31070	Thu Aug 20 17:40:39 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:32 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:32 IST 2015	Thu Aug 20 17:40:41 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015	FSMSrvr FSMSrvr FSMSrvr eServiceObjMgr	server1 server1 server1	
6291857 6291855 6291855 13631867 7340128 7340129						SADMN SADMN SADMN SADMN SADMN	14676980984 1467159680 1468754832 1791495056 1466112912	412 412 412 31070 30882	Thu Aug 20 17:40:39 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:32 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:32 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:32 IST 2015	Thu Aug 20 17:40:41 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17:40:32 IST 2015	FSMStvr FSMStvr FSMStvr eServiceObjMgr FSMStvr	server1 server1 server1 server1	
6291857 6291856 6291855						SADMN SADMN SADMN SADMN SADMN SADMN	1467690064 1467169680 1468754832 1791495056 1466112912 1468641296	412 412 412 31070 30882 30882	Thu Aug 20 17:40:39 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:32 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:32 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:32 IST 2015	Thu Aug 20 17:40:41 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:32 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:32 IST 2015	FSMStvr FSMStvr FSMStvr eServiceObjMgr FSMStvr FSMStvr	server1 server1 server1 server1 server1	
6291857 6291856 6291855 13631667 7340128 7340129 7340127 12583294						SADMN SADMN SADMN SADMN SADMN SADMN SADMN	1467698064           1467169680           1468754832           1791495056           1468112912           1468641296           1465584528	412 412 412 31070 30882 30882 30882	Thu Aug 20 17:40:39 (ST 2015)           Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 (ST 2015)           Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 (ST 2015)           Thu Aug 20 17:40:32 (ST 2015)           Thu Aug 20 17:40:31 (ST 2015)	Thu Aug 20 17:40:41 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:33 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:32 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17:40:32 IST 2015	FSMStvr FSMStvr FSMStvr eSeniceObjMgr FSMStvr FSMStvr FSMStvr	server1 server1 server1 server1 server1 server1	
6291857 6291856 6291855 13631567 7340128 7340129 7340127						SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN	1467698064           1467169680           1468754832           1791495056           1468112912           1468641296           1465584528           1700768656	412 412 31070 30882 30882 30882 601	Thu Aug 20 17.40.30 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17.40.33 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17.40.33 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17.40.33 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17.40.32 IST 2015           Thu Aug 20 17.40.31 IST 2015	Thu Aug 20 17 40.41 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.33 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.33 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.33 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.32 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.32 187 2015	FSMStvr FSMStvr FSMStvr eSeniceObjMgr FSMStvr FSMStvr FSMStvr eSeniceObjMgr	server1 server1 server1 server1 server1 server1	
6291857 6291856 6291855 13631867 7340128 7340129 7340127 12583294 7340125						SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN	1467690064 1467169680 1468754632 1791495056 1466112312 1468641296 1465584528 1700768656 1464527760	412 412 412 31070 30882 30882 30882 601 30882	Thu Aug 20 17.40.39 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.33 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 77.40.33 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.32 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.32 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.32 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.33 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.31 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.31 IST 2015	Thu Aug 20 17 40.41 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.33 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.33 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.33 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.32 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.32 187 2015	FSMSvr FSMSvr FSMSvr eSeniceObjMgr FSMSvr FSMSvr FSMSvr FSMSvr	server1 server1 server1 server1 server1 server1 server1 server1	
6291857 6291856 6201855 13631667 7340128 7340128 7340127 12583294 7340125 13631564						SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN	1467690064 1467169680 1468754632 1791495056 1466112312 1468641296 1465584528 1700768656 1464527760	412 412 412 31070 30882 30882 30882 601 30882	Thu Aug 20 17.40.39 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.33 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 77.40.33 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.32 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.32 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.32 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.33 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.31 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.31 IST 2015	Thu Aug 20 17 40.41 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.33 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.33 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.33 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.32 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.32 187 2015	FSMSvr FSMSvr FSMSvr eSeniceObjMgr FSMSvr FSMSvr FSMSvr FSMSvr	server1 server1 server1 server1 server1 server1 server1 server1	
6291857 6291856 6291855 13631667 7340128 7340128 7340129 7340127 12583294 7340125 13631584						SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN	1467690064 1467169680 1468754632 1791495056 1466112312 1468641296 1465584528 1700768656 1464527760	412 412 412 31070 30882 30882 30882 601 30882	Thu Aug 20 17.40.39 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.33 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 77.40.33 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.32 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.32 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.32 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.33 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.31 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.31 IST 2015	Thu Aug 20 17 40.41 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.33 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.33 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.33 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.32 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.32 187 2015	FSMSvr FSMSvr FSMSvr eSeniceObjMgr FSMSvr FSMSvr FSMSvr FSMSvr	server1 server1 server1 server1 server1 server1 server1 server1	
6291857 6291856 6291855 13631867 7340128 7340129 7340127 12583294 7340125	Tank ID 6221857		Process ID 412		File Narr	SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN SADMIN	1467060094 1467169680 1468754812 1791480056 1466112912 1469642986 146584528 1700768656 1464227780 1789905608	412 412 412 31070 30882 30882 30882 601 30882	Thu Aug 20 17.40.39 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.33 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 77.40.33 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.32 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.32 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.32 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.33 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.31 IST 2015 Thu Aug 20 17.40.31 IST 2015	Thu Aug 20 17 40.41 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.33 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.33 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.33 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.32 187 2015 Thu Aug 20 17 40.32 187 2015	FSMSvr FSMSvr FSMSvr eSeniceObjMgr FSMSvr FSMSvr FSMSvr FSMSvr	server1 server1 server1 server1 server1 server1 server1 server1	



## 9 Siebel Metrics

This chapter provides descriptions for all Siebel metric categories, and provides tables that list and describe associated metrics for each category.

Siebel metrics consist of the following categories:

- Siebel Component Metrics
- Siebel Component Group Target Metrics
- Siebel Gateway Target Metrics
- Siebel Server Target Metrics
- Siebel Workflow Target Metrics

### **Siebel Component Metrics**

Table 9-1 provides details about the Siebel component metrics.

Table 9-1 Siebel Component Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action	Data Source
Average Object Manager Response Time (in milliseconds)	This metric shows the average (mean) time required to process a request sent to the Object Manager. It corresponds to the responsiveness of the interactive user sessions. This metric is primarily useful for establishing long-term performance trends and capacity planning. If application performance is deteriorating, the metric value rises.	Average Object Manager Response Time = Total Object Manager Response Time of all requests on all Object Manager sessions / Total number of requests of all Object Manager sessions
	Since response time can be affected by factors such as the efficiency of the code, efficiency of your application configuration, server CPU and memory capacity, end-user behavior and data volume, you need to first identify the root cause of slower response time before taking any action. See the <i>Siebel Performance Tuning Guide</i> for more information.	
Average Connect Time for Object Manager Sessions (in seconds)	In establishing an interactive session with Object Manager, Object Manager needs to perform many tasks such as authentication, initialization, and allocating the necessary resources. The time required to perform all these activities is the connect time. The Average Connect Time for Object Manager sessions is the average amount of time required to establish a connection to a particular Object Manager since the startup of the component. This metric is primarily useful for evaluating connection performance overtime.	Average Connect Time = Total Connect Time / Total Number of Connections



Metric	Description and User Action	Data Source
Average Number of Requests Per Object Manager Session	Users can perform multiple actions, such as querying records, updating records, and clicking a button to issue a command in a single session. Each of these actions corresponds to one or more requests sent from the user's browser to the Object Manager. The Average Number of Requests for each Object Manager session is the average (mean) number of requests sent to Object Manager in all the Object Manager sessions recorded after the Siebel Enterprise startup. This metric is intended for informational purposes only. You can use it to track the usage pattern of your users to determine how much processing load they generate in a session. The information is especially useful over a period of time. When you combine the long-term trending of this metric with Total Object Manager sessions, you can determine whether the processing load is increasing or decreasing over time. The information can then be used in making capacity planning decisions.	Average Number of Requests per Object Manager = Total Number of Requests of all Object Manager sessions / Number of Object Manager sessions
Average Size of Reply Messages (in bytes)	This metric shows the size of the response to user- submitted requests to Object Manager. A greater size indicates more data is being passed. This metric is intended primarily for establishing long- term performance trends. If the metric trends up, it shows more data is being passed, which can be caused by factors such as increasing data volume, users issuing queries that return more data, and application configuration changes. You must identify the root cause to address the trend. See the <i>Siebel</i> <i>Performance Tuning Guide</i> for more information.	This metric is computed by dividing the Total Size of all reply messages from all requests after the startup of the Object Manager by the number of requests.
Average Size of Request Messages (in bytes)	This metric shows the size of the request to user- submitted requests to Object Manager. A greater size indicates more data is being passed in submitting the request. This metric is intended primarily for establishing long- term performance trends. If the metric trends up, it shows that more data is being passed, which can be caused by factors such as application configuration changes. You must identify the root cause to address the trend. See the <i>Siebel Performance Tuning Guide</i> for more information.	This metric is computed by dividing the Total Size of all request messages from all requests since the startup of the Object Manager by the number of requests.

 Table 9-1
 (Cont.) Siebel Component Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action	Data Source
CPU Usage	This metric shows the amount of CPU time consumed by this Siebel component. CPU data originates from two different sources: OS level (process-based statistics gathered by the Oracle Agent) and Srvrmgr statistics. This metric is intended primarily for establishing long- term performance trends. If the value of this metric increases over time, it shows that more intensive processing is occurring on the application server for this component. The change may be caused by application configuration changes or changes to the underlying Siebel software. You need to identify the	This metric is calculated by adding the CPU time of all component tasks for the component after the Siebel Server start up.
	root cause to address the trend. See the <i>Siebel</i> <i>Performance Tuning Guide</i> for more information.	
Max. MTS	This metric sets the maximum number of multi- threaded shells. You should review the Running MTS Processes metric periodically to learn about the level of running processes. If the number of MTS running is often close to exceeding the limit set through Max MTS, consider increasing the Max MTS value. On the other hand, if the number of MTS is always a fraction of the limit, consider lowering Max MTS.	The metric is set on the Siebel Component.
Number Component Process Failures	This metric provides the count of component tasks that exited with errors. Component Tasks exit with errors for many reasons, ranging from not having the correct business data to work with to failure in the software. If the number of such failures increases dramatically, you must examine what is wrong. Start by examining the Alert log and the Siebel Server Manager to find out the Tasks that exited with errors.	Component Tasks that exited with errors are counted.
Run State	This metric shows the current status of the component. If a component is down or disabled when it is not supposed to be, you should try to restart it or enable it using Siebel Server Manager. Also examine the component log file for information on why the component is not working.	The value of this metric is updated at each sampling period.
Running MTS Processes	This metric shows the number of running multi- threaded shell (MTS) processes. This metric is intended for informational purposes and can be used for long-term trending to analyze the component usage. If the number of MTS processes trends upward, it indicates increased usage of the component. Tuning or capacity adjustment may be required.	The value of this metric is queried from the Siebel Server at each sampling period.
Start Time	This metric is intended for informational purposes, and can be used during diagnostics to determine when the component was started.	The start time of the component. This metric is collected from the Siebel Server during each sampling period. It typically does not change unless the component is restarted.

Table 9-1	(Cont.)	Siebel	Component	Metrics
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Metric	Description and User Action	Data Source
Current Tasks	This metric shows the current number of running tasks for the component. Since the maximum number of tasks is limited by MaxTasks, this parameter indirectly indicates the number of remaining tasks. If the number of tasks becomes too high relative to MaxTasks, you may need to determine if there are runaway tasks or whether MaxTasks is set too low.	The value of Current Tasks is updated for each sampling period by querying the Siebel Server.
Max Tasks	This metric determines the maximum number of tasks that can be run for a Siebel Server Component. If the current number of running tasks equals Max Tasks, no new tasks can be spawned. For Interactive Object Managers, it means that no new users can log on. It is very important to make sure that Max Tasks is set to a level higher than the expected maximum number of tasks to be run at a given time. See the <i>Siebel</i> <i>System Administration Guide</i> for more information.	This mertric is set using Siebel Server Manager.
	You should review the Current Tasks metric periodically to learn about the level of task usage. If the number of tasks running is often close to exceeding the limit set by Max Tasks, consider increasing the Max Tasks value. On the other hand, if the number of tasks is always a fraction of the limit, consider lowering Max Tasks.	
Average Time for SQL Execute Operations (in seconds)	This metric shows the average (mean) amount of time the database requires to process the SQL statement after the statement is parsed. The metric is only applicable to older Siebel components such as EIM, and does not show the time required to process Object Manager requests.	This metric is computed by dividing the total time for SQL execution from all requests since the startup of the component by the number of requests.
	This metric is intended primarily for establishing long-term performance trends. If the value of this metric increases over time, it shows that SQL statements involving more complex operations are being executed, or the database has become less efficient at processing requests. These can be caused by changes to the application, increasing data volume, or tuning changes to the database. You must identify the root cause to address the trend. See the <i>Siebel Performance Tuning Guide</i> for more information.	

### Table 9-1 (Cont.) Siebel Component Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action	Data Source
Average Time for SQL Parse Operations (in seconds)	This metric shows the average (mean) amount of time the database requires to parse the SQL statements being passed to it. The metric is only applicable to older Siebel components such as EIM, and does not show the time required to process Object Manager requests. This metric is intended primarily for establishing long- term performance trends. If the value of this metric	This metric is computed by dividing the total time for parsing SQL statements from all requests for this component since the startup of the Siebel Server by the number of requests.
	increases over time, it shows that SQL statements have become more complex. Since Siebel generates all SQL statements dynamically, the change could be caused by changes to the underlying Siebel product, to the complexity of the business components, or query specifications you defined. You must identify the root cause to address the trend. See the <i>Siebel</i> <i>Performance Tuning Guide</i> for more information.	
Total Number of SQL Execute Operations	This metric shows the total number of SQL statements executed. The number is aggregated from completed component tasks; that is, it does not reflect SQL statements executed by currently active sessions.	This metric is intended primarily for establishing long-term performance trends. If the value of this metric increases over time, it shows increased access to the database, which may necessitate tuning or capacity adjustments.
Total Number of SQL Fetch Operations	This metric shows the total number of SQL fetch operations for the component.	This metric is queried from the Siebel Server at each sampling period.
Total Number of SQL Parse Operations	This metric shows the total number of SQL statements parsed. The metric is only applicable to older Siebel components such as EIM, and does not show the time required to process Object Manager requests. It is used in computing the Average time for SQL Parse operations.	This metric is queried from the Siebel Server at each sampling period.
	This metric is intended primarily for establishing long- term performance trends. If the value of this metric increases over time, it shows increased access to the database, which may necessitate tuning or capacity adjustment.	
Average CPU Time	Average CPU Time shows the average (mean) amount of time consumed to process a request. A higher CPU Time indicates more CPU-intensive processing.	This metric is computed by dividing the Total CPU Time of all requests after the component startup by the Total Number of Requests after the
	This metric is primarily useful in establishing long- term performance trends and capacity planning. If the metric trend is up, this indicates more CPU-intensive processing. You may need to add more processing capacity or tune the application configuration if this situation continues.	component startup.Average CPU Time = Total CPU Time / Number of Requests.

 Table 9-1
 (Cont.) Siebel Component Metrics



Metric	Description and User Action	Data Source
Average Response Time	The Average Response Time shows the average (mean) time required to respond to an end-user action. It corresponds to the responsiveness of the interactive user sessions during a measurement period. This metric is useful for short term monitoring as well establishing long-term performance trends. If application performance is deteriorating, the metric value increases.	This metric is computed via SARM data, as opposed to Server Component metrics.Average Response Time = Total Response Time all requests / Total number of requests during a measurement period.
	Since response time can be affected by factors such as the efficiency of the code, efficiency of your application configuration, server CPU and memory capacity, end-user behavior, and data volume, you need to first identify the root cause of slower response time before taking any action. See the <i>Siebel Performance Tuning Guide</i> for more information.	
Memory Usage	Memory usage measures the total amount of memory consumed by the running tasks of the component. This metric is intended primarily for informational purposes, especially in diagnosing memory-related problems. Constantly increasing memory usage may indicate a memory leak.	Memory consumption for all component processes is retrieved from the operating system.
Number of Requests	This metric indicates the total number of requests submitted to the component since the start-up of the Siebel Server. This metric is used as the denominator in calculating many other summary metrics.	The value of Number of Requests is updated for each sampling period by querying the Siebel Server.
	The value is intended for informational purposes and can be used for long-term trending to analyze the usage of the component. If the number of requests trends up, it indicates increased usage of the component. Tuning or capacity adjustment may be required.	
Status	This metric shows the current status of the component. It is the binary representation of the component's availability: 1 = Available, and 0 = Down. If a component is down or disabled when it is not supposed to be, you need to attempt to restart it or enable it using Siebel Server Manager. Also, you can review the component log file for information on why the component is not working.	The value of this metric is updated at each sampling period.
Total CPU Time	This metric shows the aggregated CPU time used by all tasks completed for this component since the component was started. This metric is intended only for informational use. In most cases, the current CPU consumption and trends in CPU consumption are more informative. These can be checked with the CPU Usage metric.	This metric is collected from the Siebel server.
Total Response Time	This metric shows the total response time for the component.	This metric is derived from the srvrmgr statistics.

### Table 9-1 (Cont.) Siebel Component Metrics



Metric	Description and User Action	Data Source
Process ID	The Siebel Server runs as a system service that monitors and controls the state of every Siebel Server component operating on that Siebel Server. Each Siebel Server is an instantiation of the Siebel Server System Service within the current Siebel Enterprise Server. The Siebel Server runs as a Windows service in a Windows environment and a daemon process in a UNIX environment. The system process associated with the Siebel Server is siebsvc.exe on Windows and siebsvc on UNIX. Each running Siebel Server has a corresponding Siebel Server system process. This is known as the Process ID.	This metric is derived from the siebsvc and siebsvc.exe statistics.

### Table 9-1 (Cont.) Siebel Component Metrics

### Siebel Component Group Target Metrics

Table 9-2 provides details about the Siebel component group target metrics.

Table 9-2	Siebel Component Group Target Metrics

Metric	Description and User Action	Data Source
Start Time	This metric shows the start time of the component. This metric is intended for informational purposes, and can be used during diagnostics to determine when the component was started.	This metric is collected from the Siebel Server during each sampling period. It typically does not change unless the component is restarted.
Status	This metric shows the current status of the component. It is the string representation of the state, such as Running, Online, and Shutdown. If a component is down or disabled when it is not supposed to be, you need to attempt to restart it or enable it using Siebel Server Manager. Also, you can review the component log file for information on why the component is not working.	The value of this metric is updated at each sampling period, and it is retrieved using srvrmgr.

### Siebel Gateway Target Metrics

Table 9-3 provides details about the Siebel Gateway target metrics.

Metric	Description and User Action	Data Source
Response	This metric shows the response time of the Siebel Gateway.	Retrieved using srvrmgr.
Status	This metric shows the current status of the Siebel Gateway target.	Retrieved using srvrmgr.

### Table 9-3 Siebel Gateway Target Metrics



### Siebel Server Target Metrics

Table 9-4 provides details about the Siebel Server target metrics.

Table 9-4	Siebel	Server	Target	Metrics
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Metric	Description and User Action	Data Source
File System Usage (%)	This metric shows the percentage of disk space used for the selected file system. The file systems covered are the Siebel installation directory, Siebel log directory, and Siebel file system used to share documents across Siebel servers. If one of the file systems is close to being exhausted (for example, 95% fill level), the administrator should consider cleaning up the respective file system or adding additional disk space.	File system monitoring
File System Usage (KB)	This metric shows the absolute amount of disk space used for the selected file system. The file systems covered are the Siebel installation directory, Siebel log directory, and Siebel file system used to share documents across Siebel servers.	File system monitoring
Average Connect Time for Object Manager Sessions (in seconds)	In establishing an interactive session with Object Manager, it needs to perform many tasks such as authentication, initialization, and allocating the necessary resources. The time the Object Manager requires to perform all these activities is the connect time. The Average Connect Time for Object Manager sessions is the average amount of time necessary to establish a connection to a particular Object Manager after starting the component. Metrics from all active object managers running inside a Siebel server are aggregated to the Siebel server level to provide this metric. This metric is primarily useful for evaluating connection performance overtime.	Average Connect Time = Total Connect Time / Total Number of Connections

Metric	Description and User Action	Data Source
Average Number of Requests Per Object Manager Session	Users can perform multiple actions, such as querying records, updating records, and clicking a button to issue a command in a single session. Each of these actions corresponds to one or more requests sent from the user's browser to the Object Manager. The Average Number of Requests for each Object Manager session is the average (mean) number of requests sent to the Object Manager in all the Object Manager sessions recorded after starting the Siebel Enterprise. Metrics from all active object managers running inside a Siebel server are aggregated to the Siebel server level to provide this metric. This metric is only intended for informational purposes. You can use it to track the usage pattern of your users to see how much processing load they generate in a session. The information is especially useful over time. When you combine the long-term trending of this metric with the Total Object Manager session, you can see whether the processing load is increasing or decreasing over time. The information can then be used in making capacity planning decisions.	Average Number of Requests per Object Manager = Total Number of Requests of all Object Manager sessions / Number of Object Manager sessions
Average Object Manager Response Time (in milliseconds)	This metric shows the average (mean) time necessary to process a request sent to the Object Manager. It corresponds to the responsiveness of the interactive user sessions. Metrics from all active object managers running inside a Siebel server are aggregated to the Siebel server level to provide this metric. This metric is primarily useful for establishing long- term performance trends and capacity planning. If application performance is deteriorating, the metric value increases. Since response time can be affected by factors such as efficiency of code, efficiency of your application configuration, server CPU and memory capacity, end-user behavior and data volume, you first need to identify the root cause for slower response time before taking any action. See the <i>Siebel Performance Tuning Guide</i> for more information.	Average Object Manager Response Time = Total Object Manager Response Time of all requests on all Object Manager sessions of this server / Total number of Requests of all Object Manager sessions

 Table 9-4
 (Cont.) Siebel Server Target Metrics



Metric	Description and User Action	Data Source
Average Size of Reply Messages (in bytes)	This metric shows the size of the response sent from user-submitted requests to Object Manager. A large size indicates that a large amount is being passed. Metrics from all active object managers running inside a Siebel server are aggregated to the Siebel server level to provide this metric.	This metric is computed by dividing the Total Size of all reply messages from all requests since the startup of the server by the number of requests.
	This metric is intended for establishing long-term performance trends. If this metric trends upward, it shows that a large amount of data is being passed, which can be caused by factors such as increasing data volume, users issuing queries that return more data, and application configuration changes. You need to identify the root cause of the problem to address this trend.	
Average Size of Request Messages (in bytes)	This metric shows the size of the request to user- submitted requests to Object Manager. A greater size indicates that more data is being passed while submitting the request. Metrics from all active object managers running inside a Siebel server are aggregated to the Siebel server level to provide this metric.	This metric is computed by dividing the Total Size of all request messages of all requests since the startup of the server by the number of requests.
	This metric is intended primarily for establishing long-term performance trends. If the metric trends upward, it shows that more data is being passed, which can be caused by factors such as application configuration changes. You need to identify the root cause to address the trend. See the <i>Siebel</i> <i>Performance Tuning Guide</i> for more information.	
Average Time for SQL Execute Operations (in seconds)	This metric shows the average (mean) amount of time the database requires to process the SQL statement after the statement is parsed. The metric is only applicable to older Siebel components such as EIM, and does not show the time required to process Object Manager requests. Metrics from all active object managers running inside a Siebel server are aggregated to the Siebel server level to provide this metric.	This metric is computed by dividing the total time for SQL execution from all requests after starting the server by the number of requests.
	This metric is intended primarily for establishing long-term performance trends. If the value of this metric increases over time, this shows that SQL statements involving more complex operations are being executed, or the database has become less efficient at processing requests. These can be caused by changes to the application, increasing data volume, or tuning changes to the database. You need to identify the root cause to address the trend. See the <i>Siebel Performance Tuning Guide</i> for more information.	

 Table 9-4
 (Cont.) Siebel Server Target Metrics



Metric	Description and User Action	Data Source
Average Time for SQL Fetch Operations (in seconds)	This metric shows the average (mean) amount of time the database requires to fetch records by an SQL statement after the statement is parsed. The metric is only applicable to older Siebel components such as EIM, and does not show the time required to process Object Manager requests. Metrics from all active object managers running inside a Siebel server are aggregated to the Siebel server level to provide this metric. This metric is intended primarily for establishing long-term performance trends. If the value of this metric increases over time, this shows that SQL statements involving more complex operations are being executed, or the database has become less efficient at processing requests. These can be caused by changes to the application, increasing data volume, or tuning changes to the database. You need to identify the root cause to address the trend. See the <i>Siebel Performance Tuning Guide</i> for more information.	This metric is computed by dividing the total time for SQL execution from all requests since the startup of the server by the number of requests.
Average Time for SQL Parse Operations (in seconds)	This metric shows the average (mean) amount of time the database requires to parse the SQL statements being passed to it. The metric is only applicable to older Siebel components such as EIM, and does not show the time required to process Object Manager requests. This metric is intended primarily for establishing long term performance trends. If the value of this metric increases over time, it shows that SQL statements have become more complex. Since Siebel generates all SQL statements dynamically, the change could be caused by changes to the underlying Siebel product, changes to the complexity of the business components, or query specifications you defined. You need to identify the root cause to address the trend. See the <i>Siebel Performance Tuning Guide</i> for more information.	This metric is computed by dividing the total time for parsing SQL statements from all requests for this component since the startup of the Siebel Server by the number of requests.
CPU Usage	This metric shows the amount of CPU time this Siebel component consumed. This metric is intended primarily for establishing long-term performance trends. If the value of this metric increases over time, it shows that more intensive processing is occurring on the application server for this component. The change may be caused by application configuration changes or changes to the underlying Siebel software. You need to identify the root cause to address the trend. See the <i>Siebel Performance</i> <i>Tuning Guide</i> for more information.	The metric is computed by adding up the CPU time of all component tasks for the component since the startup of the Siebel Server.

 Table 9-4
 (Cont.) Siebel Server Target Metrics



Metric	Description and User Action	Data Source
File System Free Space (KB)	This metric shows the absolute amount of free disk space currently available in the selected file system. The file systems covered are the Siebel installation directory, the Siebel log directory, and the Siebel file system used to share documents across Siebel servers. If the absolute amount of free disk space becomes very small (for example, less than 500 MB), there is a risk that the file system will fill up quickly, which would affect availability of the Siebel server. If this value becomes too low, the file system must be cleaned, or additional disk space needs to be added.	File system monitoring
Memory Usage	Memory usage measures the total amount of memory consumed by the processes running as part of the Siebel server. The metric is primarily intended for informational purposes, especially in diagnosing memory-related problems. Constantly increasing memory usage may indicate a memory leak.	Memory consumption for all Siebel server processes is retrieved from the operating system.
Number Component Process Failures	This metric provides the count of component tasks that exited with errors. Component Tasks exit with errors for many reasons, ranging from not having the correct business data to work with to failure in the software. If the number of such failures increases dramatically, something is definitely wrong and should be examined. A good place to start would be to examine the Alert log and the Siebel Server Manager to find out which Tasks exited with errors.	Component Tasks that exited with errors are counted.
Number Component Process Restarts	This metric provides the count of component tasks that exited with errors. Component tasks exit with errors for many reasons, ranging from not having the correct business data to work with, to failure in the software. If the number of such failures increases dramatically, something is definitely wrong and should be examined. A good place to start would be to examine the Alert log and the Siebel Server Manager to find out which tasks exited with errors.	Component Tasks that exited with errors are counted.
Number of Retries Due to DB Connection Loss	When the Siebel Server loses connection to the database, it attempts to retry the operation before stopping and reporting the problem. This metric shows the number of retries. If the number of retries rises dramatically, this indicates problems with the database or the network, and the administrator should examine these components to determine why they are dropping database connections.	Not available
Number of Retries Due to Deadlock Rollbacks	When the Siebel Server loses connection to the database, it attempts to retry the operation before giving up and reporting the problem. This metric records the number of retry attempts. If the number of retries increases dramatically, this indicates problems with the database or the network, and the administrator should examine these components to determine why they are dropping database connections.	Not available

 Table 9-4
 (Cont.) Siebel Server Target Metrics



Metric	Description and User Action	Data Source
Number of Times All Retries are Exhausted	This metric counts the number of retry failures; that is, the number of times the Siebel Server stops the attempts of communicating with the database. A database administrator should be called to find out why the Siebel Server cannot communicate with the database.	Not available
Start Time	This metric shows the start time of the Siebel server.	Retrieved by srvrmgr from the running Siebel server.
Status	This metric shows the current status of the Siebel server (that is, whether it is available or down). If the status of a Siebel server is shown as unavailable, the administrator should check the reason of the failure and attempt to start the Siebel server again.	The status of a Siebel server is determined by running the srvrmgr command line utility.
Available Disk space (KB)	This metric shows the absolute amount of disk space available in the selected file system. The file systems covered are the Siebel installation directory, the Siebel log directory, and the Siebel file system used to share documents across Siebel servers.	File system monitoring
Total CPU Time for Component Tasks (in seconds)	The total CPU time in seconds for component tasks.	Not available
Total Number of Level 0 and 1 Errors	This metric counts the number of fatal errors and regular errors on the Siebel Server. There are always a small number of errors on the Siebel Server. However, if the count develops an upside trend, the administrators should check the alert and error logs.	Not available
Log Tracking Metric	This metric is used to send alert notifications to on- call administrators when specific patterns are found in the middleware-related log files.	Not available

Table 9-4	(Cont.)	<b>Siebel Server</b>	<b>Target Metrics</b>
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### Siebel Workflow Target Metrics

Table 9-5 provides details about the Siebel Workflow target metrics.

Table 9-5	Siebel Workflow Ta	get Metrics
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Metric	Description
Total Number of Completed Process Instances in Past 1 Hour	This metric shows the total number of workflow process instances that completed in the past hour. The collection frequency is every 15 minutes.
Total Number of Workflow Policy Instances in Waiting State	This metric shows the total number of workflow policy instances waiting in a queue. The collection frequency is every 15 minutes.



Metric	Description
Total Number of Workflow Process Instances in Waiting State	This metric shows the total number of workflow process instances waiting in a queue. The collection frequency is every 15 minutes.
Number of Monitored Process Instances Failed State	This metric shows the number of workflow process instances that failed. The collection frequency is every 15 minutes.
Number of Monitored Process Instances in Waiting State	This metric shows the total number of workflow process instances waiting in a queue. The collection frequency is every 15 minutes.

### Table 9-5 (Cont.) Siebel Workflow Target Metrics

# 10 Troubleshooting

This chapter describes the following common problems you can encounter when monitoring and managing Siebel Enterprises with the Siebel Plug-in:

- Failure to Discover a Siebel Enterprise
- Certain Metrics are Not Collected
- Business Metrics Are Not Collected
- All SarmQuery Metrics are '0'
- Siebel File System Metrics Are Not Collected
- Status of Certain Components in Enterprise Manager Differs from Status of Same Components in Server Manager
- Beacon Does Not Correctly Report Status of HI Applications
- Siebel Enterprise Discovery Does Not Yield Results
- Siebel Enterprise Discovery Fails With Internal Error
- Siebel Application Discovery Does Not Yield Results
- Siebel Service Status Issues
- Sarm Metrics and Performance Diagnostics Issues

### See Also:

Topic 1074241.1 in My Oracle Support for other information not discussed in this section:

https://support.oracle.com

### Failure to Discover a Siebel Enterprise

### Problem

The Siebel Enterprise discovery fails and, consequently, Enterprise Manager does not create the corresponding Siebel Enterprise targets.

### **Possible Cause**

The Siebel gateway details you provided are invalid or the Management Agent does not have the required permissions on the gateway machine to read configuration files.

### Solution

Ensure that the Discovery PreCheck is completed successfully. If there are errors, check the enterprise name. Ensure that the configuration files, and the Siebel Targets



exist in the correct locations. Also ensure that the discovery of the Gateway Server is performed successfully.

#### **Possible Cause**

(Unix only) — The specified port number is incorrect.

### Solution

Make sure that the specified port number in the discovery pages matches the port number configured for your gateway server.

### Certain Metrics are Not Collected

#### Problem

Although the Siebel Enterprise discovery functioned as expected, some metrics are collected, but other metrics are not.

### **Possible Cause**

The user name and password credentials provided for this particular Siebel Enterprise user are incorrect. Because these credentials are required to retrieve many of the Siebel performance metrics, the incorrect credentials prevent the system from collecting these metrics.

### Solution

Go to the Siebel tab, remove the enterprise, and repeat the discovery process.

#### **Possible Cause**

The Agent uses credentials that do not grant access to the Siebel installation directory or to run the Siebel utilities.

### Solution

Make sure that the Enterprise Manager Agent uses credentials that allow access to the Siebel installation directory and have sufficient privileges to run Siebel utilities, such as srvrmgr and query.

### **Possible Cause**

For 10.2.0.3 Agents, the SiebelClasspathFix.bat or siebelClasspathFix.sh file is not executed (prerequisite).

### Solution

These files must be executed so that jmxri.jar and empaAgent.jar entries are added to *\$AGENT_HOME*/sysman/config/classpath.lst file. After executing the respective script, the Agent must be restarted.

This is applicable only for 10gR3.

### **Business Metrics Are Not Collected**

### Problem

Business metrics are not collected.



### **Possible Cause**

The database password is not defined.

### Solution

Go to the Siebel Database Repository target home page of the corresponding Siebel Enterprise target and click **Monitoring Configuration** in the **Related Links** section of the page. Enter the appropriate values in the **Siebel Database User Name** and **Password** fields.

### **Possible Cause**

(Unix only) — Oracle environment variables were not added to the siebenv.sh file of the Siebel server used to execute the SQL statements that retrieve business metrics from the Siebel database.

### Solution

Add the appropriate Oracle environment variables to the siebenv.sh file.

### All SarmQuery Metrics are '0'

### Problem

All SarmQuery Metrics are '0'.

### **Possible Cause**

You are using a Siebel version older than Siebel 8.0 and sarmquery was not copied to the *\$ORACLE_HOME/bin* directory of each of the Agents running on the Siebel server host.

#### Solution

Download **sarmquery** from My Oracle Support and copy the related files to the bin directory of the Enterprise Manager Agent.

#### **Possible Cause**

SARM has to be enabled by using srvrmgr to allow SARM performance metrics to be collected. If SARM parameters are not configured for your Siebel components, no SARM data is generated.

### Solution

Follow the instructions in the step 7 (Enable SARM) of the Prerequisites for Setting Up Siebel in Enterprise Manager.

### Siebel File System Metrics Are Not Collected

#### Problem

Siebel file system metrics are not collected.

#### **Possible Cause**

If a Siebel file system is defined to be accessible exclusively by a group of operating system users and the Agent does not belong this group of users, the Agent is not able to retrieve information about this file system.



### Solution

Make sure that the Enterprise Manager Agent can access all Siebel file systems (log directory, installation directory, and Siebel file system directory) and has at least read access to the Siebel file system.

### Status of Certain Components in Enterprise Manager Differs from Status of Same Components in Server Manager

### Problem

The status of components shown in Enterprise Manager differs from the status or performance numbers available through srvrmgr.

### **Possible Cause**

Enterprise Manager collects Siebel metrics only at certain intervals (regular metrics every 15 minutes, and availability information every 5 minutes). Therefore, information visible in the Enterprise Manager user interface can be out of sync with srvmgr for up to 15 minutes.

### Workaround

If you are interested in monitoring a certain metric in real-time mode for a certain period of time, go to the **All Metrics** page for a given Siebel target, navigate to the desired metric, and change it to **Realtime** mode.

In this mode, collection occurs more frequently and you can follow statistics more closely.

### Solution

You can change the collection frequency for individual metrics. If you want the availability metrics to be collected more often, you can change the collection frequency for your key Siebel components.

### Beacon Does Not Correctly Report Status of HI Applications

### Problem

The beacon does not report correctly the status of HI Applications.

### **Troubleshooting Tip**

To better troubleshoot this error, view the error entries in the log error file. If your environment is not configured to generate an error file, you can do so by defining the following variables:

HISIEBEL_DEBUG_LOG-the log file name including the full path HISIEBEL_LOG_LEVEL-set the log level to DEBUG or ERROR

It is recommended to have at least one beacon system for each Siebel version.

### **Possible Cause**



When a single beacon accesses two or more different Siebel environments, the recording or playback of a transaction can only be accomplished for the last Siebel environment that was accessed.

For example, if a given beacon accesses a Siebel 7.0 environment and later attempts to access a Siebel 7.7 environment, this beacon cannot revert to a Siebel 7.0 environment to play back or record a new transaction. This happens because each Siebel version registers a different CAB (Siebel) file in the client host, and only the last registered file is active.

### Solution

On the Internet Explorer browser, delete the CAB files of the environment you do not want to use. To delete CAB files on Internet Explorer:

1. Open Internet Explorer, navigate to the **Tools** menu, and select **Internet Options**.

The Internet Options window appears.

2. Navigate to the **Temporary Internet Files** section of the window, and click **Settings**.

The Settings window appears.

3. Click View Objects.

The Downloaded Program Files window appears.

4. Delete the unnecessary CAB files.

### **Possible Cause**

When consecutive record or playback sessions are in progress, the "Session already in progress" page appears and the recording session is terminated. This error is caused by a limitation in the Siebel CAS layer.

### Solution

Use the timeout parameter to limit the amount of time a given service test can run and allow a long length of time between tests so the processes do not interfere with each other.

For example, you might want to set up a test to run every 13 minutes for 1 minute, and another test to run every 17 minutes for 1 minute.

### **Possible Cause**

The Agent-side components for HI Applications have not been installed properly.

### Solution

Verify the proper installation of these components by doing the following:

- 1. Check that the emIEClient.exe and emIElib.dll files are present in the Agent bin directory.
- 2. Type **regedit** to open the registry and search for emIElib.dll; it should point to the location under the Agent bin directory. This indicates that the dll has been properly registered as part of the installation.

### Siebel Enterprise Discovery Does Not Yield Results

### Problem



Siebel Enterprise Discovery does not yield any results.

### Possible Cause

The discovery process depends on the vpd.properties file.

### Windows:

C:\WINDOWS\vpd.properties

Unix:

\var\adm\siebel\vpd.properties

Discovery cannot function properly if the file does not exist or is corrupted.

### Solution

Check why vpd.properties does not exist. Attempting to use a backup copy of the vpd.properties file should be located in the same directory. Alternatively, create a dummy version of the file.

### **Possible Cause**

The vpd.properties file is written by multiple installers. If there is an installer problem, the information required to locate the Siebel Gateway server installation may not be in the file any longer, causing the discovery process to fail.

### Solution

Manually create an entry that allows the discovery process to find the Siebel Gateway server installation.

### **Possible Cause**

If the enterprise name specified on the Add Siebel Enterprise page does not match the names of Siebel Enterprises maintained through the specified Siebel Gateway server, discovery does not yield any results.

### Solution

Check the enterprise name again.

### **Possible Cause**

On Unix systems, changing the port number of the Siebel Gateway service is a supported configuration option. If an incorrect port number is specified on the discovery screen, the gateway server installation is not recognized during the discovery process.

### Solution

Check the gateway port number again.

### **Possible Cause**

If Siebel server names contain hyphens, these Siebel servers are not recognized during the discovery process, as server names with hyphens are not supported in the Siebel product. See documentation on naming conventions on the Siebel Support Web.

### Solution



Reinstall the Siebel servers.

### Siebel Enterprise Discovery Fails With Internal Error

### Problem

Siebel Enterprise Discovery fails with an internal error.

#### **Possible Cause**

For the Siebel Enterprise discovery to function, Agents must be installed on all of the Siebel servers belonging to the specified Siebel Enterprise. (The concept is that all parts of the Siebel Enterprise should be monitored, which is possible only with an Agent on each of the Siebel server systems.)

### Solution

Ensure that you install an Agent on each of the Siebel server systems. Agents should be associated with the OMS from which the discovery is initiated.

### Siebel Application Discovery Does Not Yield Results

### Problem

The Siebel Enterprise Web service discovery does not yield any results or fails due to an error.

### **Possible Cause**

The discovery process depends on the vpd.properties files.

Windows:

C:\WINDOWS\vpd.properties

Unix:

\var\adm\siebel\vpd.properties

Discovery cannot function properly if the file does not exist or is corrupted.

### Solution

Check why the vpd.properties file does not exist. Attempting to use a backup copy of the vpd.properties file should be located in the same directory. Alternatively, create a dummy version of the file.

#### **Possible Cause**

The vpd.properties file is written by multiple installers. If there is an installer problem, the information required to locate the Siebel Web server extension installation may not be in the file any longer. This causes the discovery process to fail.

#### Solution

Manually create an entry that allows the discovery process to find the Siebel Gateway server installation.



### Siebel Service Status Issues

### Problem

The status of Siebel HI services/applications (for example, Call Center) is shown as down.

### **Possible Cause**

The service tests for Siebel High Interactivity applications (for example, Call Center or sales) use Siebel test automation functionality to allow simulation of certain keyboard and mouse events. To enable test automation, the parameter TestAutomation must be enabled for the respective components.

### Solution

To allow monitoring of the Call Center application (example), the srvrmgr command shown below must be executed, and the component or Siebel server need to be restarted after to activate the parameter change. See Enabling Automation for details.

### **Possible Cause**

If an incorrect Siebel user/password combination was specified on the Add Enterprise page, discovery functions as expected, but collection of metrics through srvrmgr is not possible.

### Solution

- 1. Start the Services control application and browse to the Enterprise Manager Agent service. Typically, this Agent is named Oracleagent10gagent.
- 2. Double-click the service entry.
- 3. On the Log On tab, select the Allow service to interact with the desktop option.
- 4. Click **OK** to save your changes.

### **Possible Cause**

The beacon has to be deployed to a Windows host, where Internet Explorer is available and has been successfully used to connect to a Siebel HI application. If Internet Explorer cannot be located, the service is shown as unavailable.

#### Solution

Deploy the beacon to a Windows system with an existing and working Internet Explorer installation.

### Sarm Metrics and Performance Diagnostics Issues

### Problem

SARM metrics are not available for components, or Diagnostic reports show 'No Data'.

#### **Possible Cause**

For Siebel 7.8, the sarmquery utility is not packaged as part of the Siebel product. To gather SARM metrics, the SARM utility must be copied to the Agent installation directory, specifically into the 'bin' sub-directory. If the sarmquery utility is not available or sufficient access rights are not granted, SARM metrics cannot be gathered.



### Solution

Copy the sarmquery utility and related DLLs to the <agent dir>/agent10g/bin directory and/or check access rights for the utility and the DLLs.

